Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
ATTN	(NOTE)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
AF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
С	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
CCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CHE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CJA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СК	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКА	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКС	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CMD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CS	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
CSA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CSA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CSB	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CSC	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CV	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DBE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DC	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DGC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DIA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DLB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DMA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DP	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DP	(LOCAL)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
EEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EFA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EFB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
EHBC	(LOCAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
EHBCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBCA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EHBG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBK	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDF	(LEGAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
EI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIC	(LOCAL)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
EIE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
F	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
FA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
FD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FED	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAC	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
FM	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FO	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FODA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

### **Denton ISD**

### ATTN(NOTE) GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS UPDATE

### Please note:

Changes at Update 122 are based almost exclusively on legislation from the 88th Regular Legislative Session.

Unless otherwise noted, references to legislative bills throughout these explanatory notes refer to Senate Bills (SB) or House Bills (HB) from the 88th Regular Legislative Session. All referenced bills have already gone into effect unless otherwise noted.

Each regular legislative session, legislation is passed that makes nonsubstantive additions, revisions, or corrections to existing statutes. HB 4595 was passed for this purpose in the 88th Regular Legislative Session. Minor nonsubstantive changes throughout Update 122 result from HB 4595 and are not otherwise mentioned in the explanatory notes.

For more information about the bills mentioned throughout and other changes from the 88th Legislative Session, download the free <u>2023 Legislative Summary for TASB Members</u> PDF from the TASB store.

The *Local Policy Overview* for Update 122, available with your Update 122 materials under <u>Local Manual</u> <u>Updates</u> on Policy Online<sup>®</sup> (TASB login required), provides a general, high-level overview of the changes to the local policies included in the update. Legal policies provide the legal framework for key areas of district operations and are not adopted by the board.

Changes to the policy manual based on bills from the special called sessions will be included in Update 123.

### AF(LEGAL) INNOVATION DISTRICTS

New and amended Administrative Code rules, effective June 20, 2023, revise the process and timeline for renewing an innovation plan. (See pages 5-6.)

### AIB(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: PERFORMANCE REPORTING

Provisions regarding remote instruction expired on September 1, 2023, and have been removed from this legal policy.

### BBB(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: ELECTIONS

This legal policy has been updated to increase the population threshold for certain districts to conduct elections jointly with a hospital district. (HB 4559)

### BBBA(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

HB 1217 repeals Election Code provisions creating different requirements for days and hours of early voting at temporary branch polling places in counties with a population under 100,000. The same requirements now apply regardless of county size.

### BBBB(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

HB 2559 adds retired justices of the peace, the comptroller of public accounts, and former comptrollers to the list of persons authorized to administer an oath in Texas. Because this legal policy includes only the four broadest categories of authorized persons, it has been amended to include retired justices of the peace. (See Oath of Office on page 4.)

### **Denton ISD**

### BBBC(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CAMPAIGN FINANCE

HB 2626 requires all districts, regardless of size, to post campaign finance reports filed with the district on the district website not later than the 10th business day after receipt. Certain address information may be removed before posting, and the reports must remain accessible on the website for five years.

### BBC(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: VACANCIES AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

SB 232 implements automatic removal from office for certain criminal offenses. If a board member is removed, the board must fill the vacancy at the first regular meeting following the removal. (See page. 4.)

HB 17 makes nonsubstantive changes to existing law regarding removal of a board member by written petition and trial. (See page 3.)

### BBD(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

The attorney general (AG) may require board members to complete Public Information Act (PIA) training if the AG determines the district has failed to comply with a requirement of the PIA (see page 1). (HB 3033)

# BBI(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

The Note at the beginning of this policy has been updated to include a reference to CQC(LEGAL), where provisions from SB 1893 regarding prohibited applications on district-owned devices have been added.

### BE(LEGAL) BOARD MEETINGS

HB 3440 requires all districts to post both the notice *and* agenda for a board meeting on the district website under the Open Meetings Act. (See Internet Posting — Notice on page 4.) The bill repeals the previous provision that tied the requirement to post the agenda to the size of a municipality in the district.

### C(LEGAL) BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

The Section C table of contents has been revised to rename CKA as Safety Program/Risk Management: Safety and Security Audits and Monitoring. Provisions regarding asbestos management have been moved to a new code CSC, Facility Standards: Asbestos Management.

### CCA(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: BOND ISSUES

For bonds authorized at an election after September 1, 2023, HB 3 allows the use of bond proceeds to pay for compliance with school safety and security requirements for school facilities. If TEA finds that the district is not in compliance, the district must use bond proceeds to achieve compliance before using the proceeds for other purposes. (See page 3.)

#### CDA(LEGAL) OTHER REVENUES: INVESTMENTS

SB 1246 amends the Public Funds Investment Act to authorize districts to invest in repurchase agreements through a joint account.

#### CDB(LEGAL) OTHER REVENUES: SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

HB 2518 requires a public property lease between a district and another person to include terms requiring the person to include payment and performance bond requirements in any construction contract the person enters related to the leased property. In addition, the person must provide notice of commencement to the district at least 90 days before any construction begins. (See pages 3-4.)

### **Explanatory Notes**

### TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 122

### Denton ISD

# CHE(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION: VENDOR DISCLOSURES AND CONTRACTS

HB 1817 specifies the circumstances under which a district contract is voidable for the vendor's failure to provide the required disclosure of interested parties. (See page 2.)

A provision has been added from HB 900 prohibiting the purchase of library material from vendors included on a list created by TEA. Other provisions of HB 900 are set out in EFB(LEGAL). (See page 10.)

### CJA(LEGAL) CONTRACTED SERVICES: CRIMINAL HISTORY

HB 4123 makes significant changes to the laws regarding criminal history record information (CHRI) reviews by the district and "qualified school contractors," as defined in the bill, and repeals provisions relating to CHRI reviews for certain public works contractors. The bill creates a single statutory approach to CHRI reviews for contractors and their employees.

### CK(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

Several legislative changes affect this legal policy on safety programs and risk management:

- HB 3 requires sheriffs in counties with a population of less than 350,000 to conduct semiannual meetings to discuss issues related to school safety.
- HB 1905 allows districts to make school safety training courses, including active shooter training courses, available at no cost to employees of private schools or child-care facilities in the district.
- SB 29 prohibits districts from implementing mandates related to COVID-19.

To better present legislative changes related to school safety and make the associated policies easier to use, provisions in this policy related to safety and security audits have been relocated to CKA(LEGAL).

#### CKA(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SAFETY AND SECURITY AUDITS AND MONITORING

To better present legislative changes related to school safety and make the associated policies easier to use, this legal policy has been renamed Safety and Security Audits and Monitoring, and provisions regarding asbestos management have been relocated to CSC(LEGAL) in the policy series related to facility standards. Provisions regarding safety and security audits have been moved from CK(LEGAL) and amended by HB 3.

Other revisions from HB 3 include new provisions related to the following:

- Monitoring by TEA of district implementation and operation of safety and security requirements through a new office of school safety and security
- Vulnerability assessments by TEA
- Intruder detection audits by regional school safety review teams
- Assignment of a conservator by the commissioner if a district fails to comply with specified safety and security requirements

### CKC(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: EMERGENCY PLANS

Numerous legislative changes affect this legal policy on emergency plans.

Under HB 3, a district must:

 Adopt a policy for providing notice regarding violent activity at a district campus or facility or at a district-sponsored activity. (See page 1.) [TEA issued a <u>To the Administrator Addressed letter</u> to provide

### Explanatory Notes

## TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 122

### **Denton ISD**

guidance to educational leaders on September 7, 2023, with <u>Guidance on Model Standards for</u> <u>Parental Notification</u> that can be used to develop administrative procedures.]

- Provide the Department of Public Safety (DPS) and local law enforcement with emergency response maps and an opportunity to conduct a walk-through using the maps. (See page 1.)
- Follow TEA guidelines in adopting and implementing the district's multihazard emergency operations plan (EOP) to ensure the safety of students and personnel with disabilities or impairments in a disaster or emergency. TEA must develop the guidelines. (See page 3.)
- Submit its multihazard EOP no later than the 30th day after the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) requests it. HB 3 modifies the timelines related to submitting the plan and correcting any deficiencies. (See page 5.)
- Provide information from DPS and TxSSC regarding safe storage of firearms to parents. (See pages 6-7.) [TxSSC released <u>information</u> on September 1, 2023.]

Provisions have been added to this policy from the Texas Disaster Act regarding confidentiality of certain types of information the district may have related to safety and disaster response. (See pages 7-8.)

### CKE(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

Several revisions to this legal policy on security personnel result from HB 3.

- The board must determine the appropriate number of armed security officers for each campus. The board must ensure that at least one armed security officer, as defined by the bill, is present during regular school hours at each campus or claim a good cause exception due to availability of funding or qualified personnel. A board that claims a good cause exception must develop an alternative standard. (See page 1.)
- The board's options as to who may be hired for security purposes are expanded. (See pages 1-2.)
- Security personnel are no longer required to be commissioned peace officers to carry weapons, but a person permitted to carry a firearm on campus may not perform certain law enforcement duties, except in an emergency, unless they are commissioned peace officers. (See page 5.)

HB 3 and SB 999 modify requirements related to active shooter response training. (See page 3.)

HB 1133 allows peace officers providing volunteer security services at school events to wear their uniforms under certain circumstances. (See pages 3-4.)

For more information, see TASB Legal Services' School Law eSource article "<u>Armed Security Officer Re-</u> <u>quirement in House Bill 3 (2023)</u>."

### CKEA(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

This legal policy has been updated to include existing provisions regarding the circumstances under which a body-worn camera recording may be released. (See page 5.)

### CKEB(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: SCHOOL MARSHALS

HB 3623 allows a district to enter into a memorandum of understanding with another district, open-enrollment charter school, or private school to share a school marshal on the other school's campus for certain events. (See page 4.)

### CKEC(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS

HB 3 implements requirements for a memorandum of understanding for the provision of school resource officers.

### **Denton ISD**

### CLA(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: SECURITY

SB 2069 revises the requirements for schools to post human trafficking signs. The signs must now be posted in a conspicuous place reasonably likely to be viewed by employees and visitors.

#### CLE(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: FLAG DISPLAYS

HB 2012 allows a classroom teacher to display the national motto in a classroom if the poster or framed copy meets existing requirements.

# CMD(LEGAL) EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING

HB 1605 makes numerous changes to this legal policy on instructional materials care and accounting, including revisions to permitted expenditures, requisition procedures, requirements related to open education resources (OER), and certification. In addition, districts may be entitled to additional state aid for certain instructional materials.

Administrative code provisions have been deleted to the extent they are superseded by new laws.

### CNA(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

Duplicative information regarding the transportation of students to accelerated instruction programs has been replaced with a reference on page 7 to EHBCA for more information.

### CNC(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

HB 2190 changes all references in state law from "accident" to "collision."

# CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

The list of required internet postings has been updated to include:

- Campaign finance filings at item 18 (HB 2626)
- Item 46 regarding annual reports on measurable outcomes for dropout recovery education programs (SB 1647)

A district may now either post online or provide physical copies of the report on library materials (see item 4 at Optional Internet Postings). (HB 900)

#### CQB(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

SB 768 shortens the deadline to notify the attorney general of a system security breach from 60 to 30 days and requires the notice to be submitted electronically. (See page 4.)

SB 271 creates additional notification requirements for "security incidents" as defined in the bill. (See page 6.)

#### CQB(LOCAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

Based on the new notification requirements imposed by SB 271, the security breach notification provisions have been revised to include security incidents.

### **Denton ISD**

### CQC(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: EQUIPMENT

HB 18 amends requirements related to transferring data processing equipment or electronic devices to students. Beginning with the 2023-24 school year, in addition to existing requirements, districts must adopt rules establishing programs that promote parents as partners in cybersecurity and online safety and install filters to block pornographic or obscene materials or applications. TEA must adopt standards for permissible devices and applications used by a district. If necessary, Policy Service will recommend policy revisions following publication of the TEA standards.

SB 1893 requires the district to adopt a policy prohibiting the installation or use of a "covered application," as defined in the bill, on any device owned or leased by the district. (See page 3.) The Department of Information Resources (DIR) and the Department of Public Safety (DPS) must develop a model policy for districts to use in developing the required policy, and the district must adopt the required policy no later than 60 days after the model is released. Policy Service will recommend local policy revisions, as appropriate, following publication of the DIR/DPS model policy.

### CS(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS

For clarity and ease of use, this legal policy on Facility Standards has been divided into four codes:

- CS: Facility Standards
- CSA: Safety and Security
- CSB: Gas and Pipelines
- CSC: Asbestos Management

CS includes the existing school facility standards that apply to all district capital improvement projects. Accessibility standards as well as provisions related to portable buildings and outdoor lighting also remain in this policy code.

### CSA(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS: SAFETY AND SECURITY

This new policy code regarding safety and security includes existing provisions moved from CS(LEGAL) as well as the commissioner's new school safety rules for facilities, effective May 31, 2023.

HB 3 implements additional safety and security requirements for facilities.

SB 838 requires a district to provide each classroom with silent panic alert technology that allows immediate contact with emergency services and law enforcement. This applies beginning with the 2025-26 school year. (See page 9.)

### CSA(LOCAL) FACILITY STANDARDS: SAFETY AND SECURITY

This new local policy on facility safety and security includes recommended provisions addressing audits of building access control to comply with the commissioner's new school safety rules for facilities, effective May 31, 2023.

### CSB(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS: SAFETY AND SECURITY

To present legal requirements more clearly, this new legal policy regarding gas and pipelines includes existing provisions moved from CS(LEGAL).

#### CSC(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS: ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT

To present legal requirements more clearly, existing provisions related to asbestos management have been moved from CKA(LEGAL) to this new policy code.

### **Denton ISD**

### CV(LEGAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION

This legal policy regarding facilities construction includes several revisions:

- HB 679 prohibits requiring a specified experience modifier in construction contracts or solicitations. (See pages 5-6.)
- HB 3485 allows vendors and subcontractors to elect not to proceed with additional work without a properly executed change order. (See page 8.)
- HB 2518 adds the failure to include required lease terms to the circumstances under which a district may be liable for failure to obtain a payment bond. (See page 13.)
- HB 2965 prohibits the waiver of Government Code Chapter 2272 regarding construction liability claims. (See page 20.)

### DBAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: PRE-EMPLOYMENT REVIEWS

Changes to the laws regarding the use, confidentiality, and destruction of criminal history record information (CHRI) are from HB 4123. (See pages 4-5.) Other revisions are to better reflect statutory sources.

### DBE(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: NEPOTISM

HB 1789 provides an exception to the nepotism prohibition for hiring bus drivers if the board approves the employment. (See page 4.)

### DC(LOCAL) EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

HB 1789 creates a nepotism exception for hiring bus drivers, regardless of county population, if the *board* approves employment. We recommend adding a note referring to DBE(LEGAL) (concerning nepotism) to this policy that delegates hiring authority for noncontractual employees to the superintendent as a reminder of the special requirements related to this nepotism exception for bus drivers.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 122</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

**Please note:** A minor revision was made at Employment of Contractual Personnel to clarify the hiring authority delegated to the superintendent. Please call your policy consultant with any questions.

### DEAA(LEGAL) COMPENSATION PLAN: INCENTIVES AND STIPENDS

For at least two school years, a district must assign a mentor teacher to a teacher who has been issued a temporary certificate for military service members and first responders to teach career and technology education (see page 5). (HB 621)

### DEC(LEGAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: LEAVES AND ABSENCES

Two bills impact leave requirements for district police officers and emergency personnel.

- HB 1486 adds full-time telecommunicators authorized under the Occupations Code to those entitled to paid mental health leave after experiencing a traumatic event in the scope of employment. (See page 6.)
- HB 471 requires a district to extend a leave of absence to a police officer or emergency medical services personnel for an illness or injury related to the person's line of duty. (See pages 6-7.)

### **Denton ISD**

### DF(LEGAL) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

HB 4520 adds conviction of or placement on deferred adjudication community supervision for sale, distribution, or display of harmful material to a minor as a basis for mandatory termination. (See page 2.)

### DG(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

Revisions to this legal policy incorporate recent state and federal legislative changes.

- HB 1605 prohibits a district from penalizing a teacher for failure to follow the pacing of instructional materials for a subject in the required curriculum. A classroom teacher is also immune from disciplinary proceedings for violating certain state and federal laws if the teacher used only approved and adopted instructional material and delivered the instruction with fidelity. (See pages 4-5.)
- The federal Providing Urgent Maternal Protections (PUMP) for Nursing Mothers Act, effective December 29, 2022, repealed and replaced prior law requiring breaks for employees to express breast milk. The provisions are not limited to nonexempt employees. (See pages 6-7.)

### DGC(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES: IMMUNITY

HB 2059 adds local behavioral health authorities to the list of providers of mental health first aid training who receive immunity when assisting an individual experiencing a mental health crisis. (See page 4.)

### DH(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

HB 4520 adds Penal Code 43.24 (sale, distribution, or display of harmful material to minor) to the qualifying felonies that render a person ineligible for a TRS service retirement annuity if convicted. (See item 4 on page 2.)

### DI(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE WELFARE

HB 915 requires a district to post information for reporting workplace violence to the Department of Public Safety.

Other changes are to improve online accessibility of the policy.

### DIA(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

Revisions to this legal policy incorporate recent state and federal legislative changes.

- HB 567 provides that the prohibition against racial discrimination includes discrimination based on an employee's hair texture or protective hairstyle commonly or historically associated with race. A district commits an unlawful employment practice if it adopts a dress or grooming policy that discriminates against such hair texture or protective hairstyle. (See page 4.)
- The federal Pregnant Workers Fairness Act, effective June 27, 2023, requires employers to provide reasonable accommodations to the known limitations related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of a qualified employee. (See pages 9-11.)

Additional changes have been made to include citations to Administrative Code provisions and update other citations.

### DL(LEGAL) WORK LOAD

HB 1605 allows supplemental agreements between a district and a classroom teacher related to lesson planning or selecting instructional material during planning and preparation time. This applies beginning with the 2024-25 school year.

### **Denton ISD**

### DLB(LEGAL) WORK LOAD: REQUIRED PLANS AND REPORTS

HB 1605 allows a unit or weekly lesson plan included in instructional material adopted by the board to satisfy a requirement to prepare such a plan. (See item 6 at Restrictions on Written Reports.)

### DMA(LEGAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Several legislative changes impact this legal policy on staff development.

- A district may satisfy a requirement to implement a program related to substance abuse and prevention and intervention by providing instruction related to fentanyl abuse prevention and drug poisoning awareness (see page 4). (HB 3908)
- A district must require all district employees who regularly interact with students to complete an evidence-based mental health training program (see pages 5-6). (HB 3)
- An athletic trainer who serves as a member of a district's concussion oversight team must take a course that meets the requirements set by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) (see page 9). (HB 2495)

Other revisions have been made to clarify the training requirements for other employees related to concussions.

### DP(LEGAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

Revisions to this legal policy include new Administrative Code provisions, effective May 21, 2023, regarding school counselors, including requirements that they track time spent on various work duties and that the district assess its compliance with its counselor policy. (See pages 5-6.)

The policy also includes provisions from SB 763 authorizing a district to employ or accept as a volunteer a chaplain to provide support, services, and programs for students as assigned by the board. (See pages 8-9.)

### DP(LOCAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

SB 763 authorizes districts to employ chaplains or accept chaplains as volunteers to provide support, services, and programs for students as assigned by the board. These provisions apply beginning with the 2023-24 school year. While your district currently may allow chaplains along with other visitors or volunteers on campus, SB 763 requires each board to take a record vote not later than six months after the effective date, September 1, 2023, on whether to adopt a policy authorizing a campus to employ or accept as a volunteer a chaplain. To facilitate this record vote, TASB Policy Service sent a draft resolution with the <u>2023 Post-Legislative Policy Changes Policy Alert</u>, available in the Policy Online® Governance and Management Library (TASB login required), for consideration by the board between September 1, 2023, and March 1, 2024. If the board approves the option to adopt a policy consultant a copy of the resolution for TASB to update the district's DP(LOCAL) policy to reflect the board's decision. If the board would prefer only to accept chaplains as volunteers like other district or campus volunteers, contact your policy consultant for assistance with language at GKG(LOCAL).

### EEB(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS: CLASS SIZE

HB 2729 requires a district or an entity with which a district contracts to provide a prekindergarten program to attempt to maintain an average ratio of at least one *qualified*, rather than certified, teacher or aide for each 11 students. (See High-Quality Prekindergarten Program on page 1.)

### Denton ISD

### EF(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

This legal policy includes the following revisions from HB 1605:

- Changes to timelines and other requirements related to parental review of tests and instructional materials
- New requirements pertaining to district instructional material review on request of a parent or group of parents

The district must adopt a process for a parent to request a district instructional material review. TEA must adopt standards for a district to use in this review. Policy Service will recommend local policy revisions following publication of the TEA standards.

Provisions related to parental rights regarding consent to surveys and information collection have been relocated to new policy FA(LEGAL), dedicated to parental rights.

### EFA(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Numerous revisions throughout this legal policy on instructional materials are the result of HB 1605.

- Expanded definition of "instructional materials"
- Revised provisions regarding the SBOE's review, selection, and approval or rejection of instructional materials
- New provisions related to TEA's instructional materials website and other support for districts
- New and revised provisions pertaining to open education resource (OER) instructional material

### EFB(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES: LIBRARY MATERIALS

HB 900 required revisions throughout this legal policy on library materials.

- A district must adhere to the standards for library collection development adopted by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission (TSLAC) with approval of the SBOE. TSLAC must develop standards by January 1, 2024; Policy Service will recommend local policy revisions following publication of the standards.
- Written parental consent is required before a student may check out library material rated by a vendor as "sexually relevant."
- A district must conduct a biennial review of library contents and post a report not later than January 1 of every odd-numbered year.
- Library material vendors may not sell library materials unless they have issued ratings regarding sexually explicit and sexually relevant material previously sold to the district. No sexually explicit material may be sold and any in use must be recalled. Vendors must submit a list to TEA of rated materials sold and in use, and TEA must post the list online.

# EHAA(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

HB 1605 requires districts, when adopting instructional materials, to ensure sufficient time for teachers to teach and students to learn the essential knowledge and skills for the subject and grade level. (See Scope and Sequence and Instructional Materials on page 3.)

HB 3908 expands the scope of instruction regarding the dangers of opioids about which the school health advisory council (SHAC) must make recommendations. (See item 7 on page 7.)

### **Explanatory Notes**

### TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 122

**Denton ISD** 

### EHAB(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY)

HB 1605 prohibits any instruction that incorporates three-cueing in the required phonics curriculum.

# EHAC(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (SECONDARY)

Several bills impact this legal policy on required secondary instruction.

- SB 2124 requires districts to develop an advanced mathematics program and automatically enroll certain sixth grade students unless the student's parent opts out. (See page 3.)
- HB 3908 requires a district to provide annual instruction regarding fentanyl abuse prevention and drug poisoning awareness to students in grades 6 through 12. (See page 7-8.)
- HB 4375 requires a district to provide instruction in using an automated external defibrillator (AED) to students in grades 7 through 12 and allows a district to accept donations to provide such instruction. (See pages 8-9.)

A reference to policy EHBAD has been added on page 9 for more information on new notice requirements regarding the driving with disability program from SB 2304.

### EHB(LEGAL) CURRICULUM DESIGN: SPECIAL PROGRAMS

HB 3928 impacts this legal policy on special programs as follows:

- Further outlines the district's obligations when a student is suspected of having dyslexia or a related disorder (See pages 1-2.)
- Requires the board to adopt a local policy requiring the district to comply with all SBOE and commissioner rules, standards, and guidance related to implementing the program to test students for dyslexia and related disorders (See pages 2-3.)
- Requires the multidisciplinary evaluation team to include a dyslexia specialist when determining a student's eligibility for special education services (See page 3.)
- Implements requirements for progress reports for students receiving dyslexia services (See page 5.)
- Specifies required qualifications for providers of dyslexia instruction (See pages 5-6.)

### EHB(LOCAL) CURRICULUM DESIGN: SPECIAL PROGRAMS

New provisions are recommended to comply with HB 3928, which requires the board to adopt and implement a policy requiring the district to comply with all rules and standards adopted by the SBOE and guidance published by the commissioner to implement the program to test students for dyslexia and related disorders.

# EHBAA(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: IDENTIFICATION, EVALUATION, AND ELIGIBILITY

This policy on identification, evaluation, and eligibility has been updated to include a reference on page 5 to policy EHB for more information on special education of students with dyslexia and related disorders.

# EHBAB(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

Changes reflect revised Administrative Code provisions regarding the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, effective July 18, 2023. The revisions include requirements related to students new to a

## **Explanatory Notes**

## TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 122

### **Denton ISD**

district (see pages 4-6), including students who register in the summer, and requirements related to interpretation to ensure parent participation and understanding (see Collaborative Process on page 11).

### EHBAD(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: TRANSITION SERVICES

SB 2304 requires a district to provide information regarding the Texas Driving with Disability Program to specified students. (See pages 3-4.)

# EHBC(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS

The requirements for dropout recovery education programs are revised and supplemented by SB 1647. New provisions, beginning on page 6, address who can operate a program, when a district administrator or counselor may refer a student to a program, and reporting requirements.

# EHBC(LOCAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS

This local policy containing provisions on accelerated instruction has been moved to EHBCA(LOCAL) (see below) to align with the legal policy created at that code in Update 121.

#### EHBCA(LEGAL) COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS: ACCELERATED INSTRUCTION

HB 1416 impacts this legal policy on accelerated instruction in numerous ways, including the following:

- Implements exceptions to accelerated instruction for certain students (See pages 1-2.)
- Modifies requirements for supplemental instruction, including requirements regarding the hours of instruction and the instructional group size (See page 3.)
- Provides parents an option to modify or remove a requirement for supplemental instruction for students who failed to perform satisfactorily on certain assessment instruments (See page 4.)
- Excepts a district from the requirement to provide transportation for students to accelerated instruction programs if the district does not operate or contract for a transportation system
- Expands the requirements to provide notice to parents and requires TEA to develop a <u>model notice</u> [TEA released <u>information</u> on July 13, 2023.]
- Requires a district to develop an accelerated education plan for a student who does not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument for two or more school years in the same subject (See pages 6-7.)
- Requires the district to make a good faith attempt to provide a parent conference for a student with an accelerated education plan
- Adds circumstances under which the commissioner may waive a district's accelerated instruction requirements (See pages 8-9.)
- Repeals several provisions, including provisions related to accelerated learning committees
- Amends the ARD committee meeting requirements

### EHBCA(LOCAL) COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS: ACCELERATED INSTRUCTION

This local policy has been recoded from EHBC(LOCAL) to align with EHBCA(LEGAL) created in Update 121. HB 1416 made several changes to the requirements for accelerated instruction. Recommended

### **Denton ISD**

changes to this local policy reflect that a parent's ability to request a particular teacher after a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment is no longer limited to students in grades 3, 5, and 8. Other changes delete references to the accelerated learning committee, which has been eliminated. A district now must develop an accelerated learning plan for certain students, and parents still may file a complaint about the plan in accordance with FNG.

### EHBG(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: PREKINDERGARTEN

HB 2729 makes several changes related to prekindergarten programs:

- Expands teacher qualifications (See page 5.)
- Requires a district or an entity with which a district contracts to provide a prekindergarten program to attempt to maintain an average ratio of at least one *qualified*, rather than certified, teacher or aide for each 11 students (See page 6.)
- Prescribes new supervisor requirements for entities with which a district contracts to provide a prekindergarten program (See page 6.)

### EHBK(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL INITIATIVES

HB 3991 designates the first Friday in April as Texas Fruit and Vegetable Day and requires appropriate instruction. (See page 4.)

HB 3908 requires the governor to designate Fentanyl Poisoning Awareness Week, which may include age-appropriate instruction. (See page 7.)

### EHDD(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

HB 8 implements the Financial Aid for Swift Transfer (FAST) program to allow certain students to enroll at no cost in a dual credit course. A district must provide notice to parents about the program and determine student eligibility. (See pages 7-8.)

# EHDE(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: DISTANCE LEARNING

Provisions related to attendance calculation for off campus electronic instruction expired on September 1, 2023, and have been removed from this legal policy.

# EHDF(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: LOCAL REMOTE LEARNING PROGRAM

Provisions related to local remote learning programs expired on September 1, 2023. This legal policy has been deleted in its entirety.

### EI(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

Changes reflect new Administrative Code provisions regarding the academic achievement record of a student who earns a diploma for completing the Texas First Early High School Completion Program, effective June 15, 2023. (See page 4.)

# EIA(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADING/PROGRESS REPORTS TO PARENTS

This policy on grading/progress reports to parents has been updated to include a reference on page 2 to policy EHB for more information on progress reports for students receiving dyslexia instruction.

### **Denton ISD**

### EIC(LOCAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: CLASS RANKING

HB 3803 permits parents to elect to have their student repeat a high school course in which the student was enrolled during the previous school year unless the district determines the student has met all requirements for graduation. Absent local policy, TEA guidance provides that the original passing grade must be retained.

Contact your policy consultant for assistance with policy language that reflects the district's option regarding the use of grades from retaken courses in the calculation of class rank and on the transcript.

### EIE(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: RETENTION AND PROMOTION

HB 3803 permits a parent to elect for a student to repeat the grade in which the student was enrolled in the previous school year up to grade 8. In addition, a parent may elect for a student to repeat a course taken for high school credit in the previous school year unless the district determines the student has met all requirements for graduation. (See page 1.)

### EIF(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADUATION

Provisions related to diplomas for certain students who entered ninth grade before the 2011-12 school year expired on September 1, 2023, and have been removed from this legal policy.

SB 2294 requires a district to allow a student to graduate and receive a diploma under the Texas First Early High School Completion Program if the student satisfies other requirements. (See page 7.)

### EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

This legal policy has been updated to include legislative changes regarding state assessments.

- In establishing the district's calendar and the dates for the administration of state assessment instruments, the board may consider religious holy days or periods of observance likely to be observed by students during the period for administering those instruments (see page 5). (HB 1883)
- A district may administer a state assessment instrument in paper format to up to three percent of students upon request of a student's parent, guardian, or teacher (see pages 6-7). (HB 1225)

### F(LEGAL) STUDENTS

The Section F table of contents has been revised to add the new code FA, Parent Rights and Responsibilities. We have also added for future expansion a new code addressing identification of students at FI.

#### FA(LEGAL) PARENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Many of the legal provisions regarding parent rights have been moved to this new policy code so that information is available in a single location. In addition, this policy catalogs the other policy codes that address specific parents' rights throughout the policy manual.

#### FD(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS

SB 1008 extends the deadline for an active-duty military parent to provide proof of residence in the district from 10 to 90 days after arrival. (See pages 3-4.)

HB 3 requires a parent enrolling a child or the district the child most recently attended to provide the new district a copy of the child's disciplinary record and any threat assessment involving the child's behavior. (See page 8.)

### **Denton ISD**

### FDA(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

HB 3 requires a transfer student's district of residence to provide the receiving district with the student's disciplinary record and any threat assessment involving the student's behavior. (See page 1.)

HB 1959 and HB 2892 require the board to grant the request of a peace officer who is a parent of a student or a servicemember who is a parent of a student to transfer the student to another campus or to another district under an agreement between the districts under Education Code 25.035. (See pages 2-3.)

#### FDB(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

A reference to information regarding intradistrict transfers requested by a parent who is a servicemember or peace officer has been added to page 3 of this legal policy. The referenced information is located in FDA(LEGAL).

### FEA(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

HB 1212 prohibits a district from requiring documentation from a clergy member or other religious leader and requires the district to accept a note from a parent when excusing a student's absence to observe a religious holy day. (See page 4.)

SB 68 allows a district to excuse a student from attending school for career investigation days to visit a professional's workplace during the student's junior and senior years to determine the student's interest in a career in the professional's field. (See page 6.)

HB 4559 increases the population threshold for constitutional county courts in certain counties to be designated as truancy courts. (See page 8.)

### FEA(LOCAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

SB 68 allows a district to excuse a student from attending school for career investigation days to visit a professional's workplace during the student's junior and senior years to determine the student's interest in a career in the professional's field. Districts that choose to excuse students for absences to visit a professional's workplace to explore a career in that professional's field must adopt a policy to determine when an absence will be excused for this purpose and a procedure to verify the visit. A new provision offered for the board's consideration at Career Investigation permits such absences for the maximum amount allowed in law — up to two days during a student's junior year and up to two days during the student's senior year. Contact your policy consultant for revisions if the district will allow fewer excused absences or will not allow any excused absences for this purpose.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 122</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

### FEB(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

References regarding funding for courses taken with the Texas Virtual School Network have been updated.

### FEC(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT

Provisions allowing a district to adopt a policy to exempt students from the 90 percent rule for courses offered under a local remote learning program exception expired on September 1, 2023, and have been removed from this legal policy.

### **Denton ISD**

### FED(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT

HB 3917 allows a parent against whom a complaint for contributing to nonattendance has been filed to enter a written agreement to complete counseling, training, or another program designated by the district. (See page 10.)

### FFAC(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: MEDICAL TREATMENT

SB 629 requires a district to adopt a policy regarding maintenance, administration, and disposal of opioid antagonists at each campus that serves students in grades 6 through 12; a district may adopt a policy at campuses serving students in grades below 6. Provisions have been added beginning on page 4 regarding reporting, training, immunity, and other topics.

General provisions related to the administration of opioid antagonists have been deleted in light of the new requirements.

SB 294 revises provisions related to a district's option to adopt a policy regarding maintenance, administration, and disposal of medication for respiratory distress. A district that adopts a policy must require each campus to have at least one authorized and trained person present during regular school hours. Provisions have been added beginning on page 11 regarding required referrals after medication is administered, training, reporting, parental notice of the policy, and other topics.

Also under SB 294, a district that implements a policy for the maintenance, administration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors must give notice *of the policy* to parents before the policy is implemented or before the start of each school year. (See page 10.)

Finally, SB 294 prohibits disciplinary action against an employee or volunteer who refuses to administer or receive training to administer epinephrine auto-injectors or medication for respiratory distress in accordance with board policy. (See pages 13-14.)

### FFAC(LOCAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: MEDICAL TREATMENT

Recommended revisions to this policy are based on SB 629, which requires a district to adopt a policy regarding maintenance, administration, and disposal of opioid antagonists at each campus that serves students in grades 6 through 12. Contact the district's policy consultant if your district will implement this policy at campuses serving students in grades below 6.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 122</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

### FFAF(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: CARE PLANS

SB 1506 requires a student's seizure management and treatment plan to be on a form adopted by TEA. TEA must adopt the form by December 1, 2023, and post the form on the TEA website. (See page 5.)

### FFB(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CRISIS INTERVENTION

The required policies and procedures for the district's threat assessment and safe and supportive school team are changed as follows (see pages 1-2):

- Under HB 3, the policy must require each campus to establish a procedure for students to report concerning behavior by another student.
- SB 1720 requires the policy to allow employees who report a potential threat to elect to keep their identities confidential.

### Denton ISD

Before the threat assessment and safe and supportive school team may conduct a threat assessment, HB 473 requires the team to notify a student's parent regarding the assessment. The team must also notify the parent of its findings and conclusions after the assessment.

HB 3 also requires that materials and information from a threat assessment be maintained in the student's school record until the student's 24th birthday.

### FFB(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CRISIS INTERVENTION

Recommended revisions to this local policy on crisis intervention include the following:

- In accordance with HB 3, provisions have been added at Student Reports to require each campus to establish a clear procedure for students to report concerning behavior by another student.
- Revisions at Employee Confidentiality are based on SB 1720 and allow employees who report a potential threat to elect to keep their identities confidential.

### FFBA(LEGAL) CRISIS INTERVENTION: TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

This policy on trauma-informed care has been updated to include a reference to policy DMA for more information on mental health training for district employees.

### FFEA(LEGAL) COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH: COUNSELING

HB 1605 clarifies that materials required to be made available for parent review are those that are not available digitally through an instructional materials parent portal. (See page 1.)

HB 4363 requires that notice be given to students, teachers, counselors, and parents of Future Texas Teachers Scholarship programs. (See page 3.)

### FFG(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

HB 63 prohibits the Department of Family and Protective Services from taking anonymous reports of abuse or neglect. Revisions have been made to the required contents of a report, including the name and contact information of the person making the report. (See page 3.) Other provisions have been rearranged for clarity.

### FL(LEGAL) STUDENT RECORDS

Information regarding enrollment records has been deleted from this policy to avoid unnecessary duplication of the same information in policy FD. A reference to that policy has been added on page 4.

The following provisions have been relocated to new policy FA(LEGAL) dedicated to parental rights:

- Parental rights regarding consent to surveys and information collection.
- Parental consent requirements related to videotaping or recording students.

### FL(LOCAL) STUDENT RECORDS

HB 1416 repeals provisions related to accelerated learning committees. The references to the accelerated learning committee have been replaced with references to the accelerated education plan that now must be created for certain students who fail to perform satisfactorily on state assessments.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 122</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

### **Denton ISD**

### FM(LEGAL) STUDENT ACTIVITIES

HB 1002 allows a licensed chiropractor or physical therapist to serve on the concussion oversight team if the person meets the training requirements. (See pages 4-5.) This bill also allows a physical therapist to remove a student from practice or competition if the physical therapist believes the student has sustained a concussion. (See page 5.)

HB 2484 requires a district to provide a peace officer, SRO, administrator, or security personnel at an athletic event on district property to ensure the safety of an official of the activity under certain circumstances. (See page 8.) This bill also requires a district to prohibit a spectator from attending athletic activities for at least a year if the spectator causes bodily injury to an official because of the official's actions. (See page 18.)

HB 59 implements new requirements for organized water activities including parental affirmation of whether a child can swim and provision of flotation devices for children who cannot swim. (See pages 9-10.)

HB 699 requires UIL, in assigning league classification, to use the same student enrollment calculation formula for a school that allows homeschooled students to participate in UIL activities as for one that does not. (See pages 15-16.)

HB 3708 provides an allotment of \$1,500 for each UIL activity in which a district allows a homeschooled student to participate. (See page 16.)

An existing provision that a nurse or health-care professional who is not in compliance with training requirements may not serve on a concussion oversight team has been relocated from GKG. (See page 5.)

### FNCA(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: DRESS CODE

HB 567 prohibits a student dress or grooming policy, including an extracurricular dress code, that discriminates against a hair texture or protective hairstyle commonly or historically associated with race. In light of this new Education Code provision, citations to older caselaw have been deleted.

### FNCC(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

SB 1900 expands the offense of coercing, inducing, or soliciting membership in a criminal street gang to include a foreign terrorist organization. (See page 1.)

SB 37 allows a report of hazing to be made to a peace officer or law enforcement agency. Provisions regarding immunity for reporting hazing have been added to this legal policy. (See page 2.)

### FNCD(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: TOBACCO USE AND POSSESSION

This legal policy on tobacco use and possession has been updated to include a reference to policy FOC regarding the new disciplinary consequences for conduct involving e-cigarettes.

### FNCF(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: ALCOHOL AND DRUG USE

This legal policy has been updated on page 1 to increase the population threshold for certain districts to petition for an alcohol-free zone. (HB 4559)

### FNCG(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: WEAPONS

HB 114 clarifies that the procedural requirements of Education Code 37.009(a) regarding conference and mitigating factors apply to expulsion. (See Possession of Weapons on page 1.)

### Explanatory Notes

### TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 122

### **Denton ISD**

# FNG(LEGAL) STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

Provisions outlining parental rights have been relocated to new policy FA(LEGAL) dedicated to parent rights.

### FO(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE

A district peace officer or security personnel may not restrain or use a chemical irritant or Taser on a student in fifth grade or below unless the student poses a serious risk of harm (see page 6). (SB 133)

### FOC(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

Several bills impact this legal policy regarding placement in a DAEP.

- HB 114:
- Clarifies that the procedural requirements of Education Code 37.009(a) regarding conference and mitigating factors apply to placement in a DAEP (see page 1).
- Requires DAEP placement for certain conduct involving e-cigarettes (see item 5 on page 2).
- Allows placement in in-school suspension of students who engaged in certain conduct when DAEP is at capacity (see page 9).
- HB 2187 expands the Title V felony offense of abandoning or endangering a child to include elderly or disabled individuals. (See item 25 on page 4.)
- HB 3928 requires the district, upon placement of a student in DAEP, to provide information to the parent about the process to request an evaluation of the student for special education services. (See page 8.)

#### FOCA(LEGAL) PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING: DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

HB 114 allows a program of educational and support services to be provided to a student and the student's parents when a DAEP offense involves e-cigarettes. (See page 5.)

HB 3928 requires the personalized transition plan for a student exiting a DAEP to include the provision of information to the parent about the process to request an evaluation of the student for special education services. (See pages 6-7.)

### FOD(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: EXPULSION

HB 114 clarifies that the procedural requirements of Education Code 37.009(a) regarding conference and mitigating factors apply to expulsion. For ease of reference, content related to pre-placement proceedings has been duplicated in this policy. (See page 6.)

This legal policy also has been updated to increase the population threshold for certain counties considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less for purposes of JJAEP requirements (see page 10). (HB 4559)

### Explanatory Notes

### TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 122

### **Denton ISD**

#### FODA(LEGAL) EXPULSION: JUVENILE JUSTICE ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM

This legal policy has been updated to increase population thresholds for certain counties considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less for purposes of JJAEP requirements. (See pages 1-2.) (HB 4559)

# GBA(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM: ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

Several legislative changes affect this legal policy on access to public information.

- HB 1161 adds victims of child abduction to those covered by the address confidentiality program. (See page 10.)
- HB 3130 restricts the release of information about certain persons who hold or apply for a license issued by the district. (See page 12.)
- HB 4123 prohibits the release of criminal history record information (CHRI) obtained from the FBI and limits the release of CHRI obtained from other Texas criminal justice agencies. (See page 12.)
- HB 3033 provides that the litigation exception to disclosure does not apply to election information in the possession of the entity that administers elections. (See page 16.)
- HB 30 and HB 3033 address the release of information related to certain arrests and crimes. (See page 17.)

### GBAA(LEGAL) ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Numerous revisions throughout this legal policy on requests for information are the result of HB 3033, including the following:

- The attorney general (AG) may require board members and the officer for public information to complete Public Information Act (PIA) training if the AG determines the district has failed to comply with a requirement of the PIA. (See page 4.)
- "Business day" is defined. A board may designate 10 nonbusiness days each calendar year. (See page 7.)
- With limited exceptions, a district must submit a request for an AG decision through the AG's electronic filing system. (See page 14.)
- A district must take certain actions as soon as practicable after receiving an AG decision. (See pages 20-21.)
- A district may request photo identification from a requestor to establish the requestor has not exceeded a personnel time limit and concealed the requestor's identity. A requestor may decline to provide identification and pay a charge for exceeding the time limit. (See page 30.)

The list of state and national holidays has been added on page 8.

### GC(LEGAL) PUBLIC NOTICES

This legal policy has been updated to increase the population threshold for the selection of the newspaper for publication of notice in certain counties (see page 2). (HB 4559)

### **Denton ISD**

### GKA(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

HB 1760 modifies the Penal Code regarding places where weapons are prohibited to require that grounds on which a school-sponsored activity is occurring be owned by and under the control of a school. (See page 7.)

### GKC(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: VISITORS

HB 3 allows a district to eject a person on district property who fails or refuses to provide identification on request if the person reasonably appears to have no legitimate reason to be on district property.

### GKG(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: SCHOOL VOLUNTEER PROGRAM

HB 4123 allows a district to obtain criminal history record information (CHRI) from the Department of Public Safety, in addition to other agencies, about a volunteer who is excepted from the required CHRI check but subject to a discretionary check by the district. (See page 2.)

Provisions related to the concussion oversight team have been relocated to FM(LEGAL).

# GRAC(LEGAL) STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES: JUVENILE SERVICE PROVIDERS

HB 446 changed terminology used in statutes to refer to intellectual disability. (See item 8 on page 2.)

# GRB(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES: INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

This policy has been updated to increase the population threshold for municipalities to contract with one or more school districts to provide school crossing guards. (HB 4559)

Definitions	"District-level committee" means the committee established under Education Code 11.251, or a comparable committee if the district is exempted (or has exempted itself) from this provision.
	"Innovation plan committee" means a committee appointed by the board of trustees to develop the innovation plan in accordance with statutory requirements. The district-level committee may also serve in this role.
	"Public hearing" means an open meeting held by the board of trustees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the proposed plan and designation and provides the opportunity for the public to give opinions and comments on the proposed actions.
	"Public meeting" means an open meeting held by the board of trustees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the proposed plan and designation.
	"Unacceptable academic performance rating" means a rating of Im- provement Required or Unacceptable Performance or as otherwise indicated in the applicable year's academic accountability manual.
	"Unacceptable financial accountability rating" means a Financial In- tegrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) rating of Substandard Achievement as indicated in the applicable year's financial ac- countability system manual.
	19 TAC 102.1301
District of Innovation	A district is eligible for designation as a district of innovation if the district's final and most recent performance rating under Education Code 39.054 reflects at least acceptable performance.
	A board may not vote on the final approval of the innovation plan if the district is assigned either a final or preliminary rating below ac- ceptable performance. In the event the preliminary rating is changed, the board may then vote to become an innovation dis- trict.
	Consideration of designation as a district of innovation may be initi- ated by a resolution adopted by the board or a petition signed by a majority of the members of the district-level committee [see BQA].
	Education Code 12A.001; 19 TAC 102.1303
Public Hearing	After adopting a resolution or receiving a petition for consideration as a district of innovation, a board shall hold a public hearing as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days, to consider whether the district should develop a local innovation plan for the designa- tion of the district as a district of innovation.

	At the conclusion of the public hearing or within 30 days after con- clusion of the public hearing, the board may decline to pursue des- ignation of the district as a district of innovation or appoint a com- mittee to develop a local innovation plan.			
		board may outline the parameters around which the innovation committee may develop the plan.		
	Education Code 12A.002; 19 TAC 102.1305			
		cal innovation plan meeting all legal requirements must be de- ped for a district before the district may be designated as a dis- of innovation.		
		local innovation plan must provide for a comprehensive educa- al program for the district, which program may include:		
	1.	Innovative curriculum, instructional methods, and provisions regarding community participation, campus governance, and parental involvement;		
	2.	Modifications to the school day or year [see EB, EC];		
	3.	Provisions regarding the district budget and sustainable pro- gram funding;		
	4.	Accountability and assessment measures that exceed the re- quirements of state and federal law; and		
	5.	Any other innovations prescribed by the board of trustees.		
	tion trict	plan must also identify requirements imposed by the Educa- Code that inhibit the goals of the plan and from which the dis- should be exempted on adoption of the plan, subject to Educa- Code 12A.004. [See Exceptions, below]		
	from miss	commissioner of education shall maintain a list of provisions which designated districts of innovation are exempt. The com- sioner shall notify the legislature of each provision from which ricts enrolling a majority of students in this state are exempt.		
	Education Code 12A.003, .004(b); 19 TAC 102.1305(d)			
Prohibited Exemptions	A local innovation plan may not provide for the exemption of a dis- trict designated as a district of innovation from the provisions listed in Education Code 12A.004 and 19 Administrative Code 102.1309. <i>Education Code 12A.004; 19 TAC 102.1309</i>			
		nnovation district may not be exempted from the following sec- s of the Education Code and the rules adopted thereunder:		

- A state or federal requirement, imposed by statute or rule, applicable to an open-enrollment charter school operating under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D, including, but not limited to, the requirements listed in Education Code 12.104(b), and:
  - a. Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter B;
  - b. Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter A, sections 25.001, .002, .0021, .0031, and .004;
  - c. Education Code Chapter 28, sections 28.002, .0021, .0023, .005, .0051, .006, .016, .0211, .0213, .0217, .025, .0254, .02541, .0255, .0258, .0259, and .026;
  - d. Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter G;
  - e. Education Code Chapter 30, Subchapter A;
  - f. Education Code 30.104;
  - g. Education Code Chapter 34;
  - h. Education Code Chapter 37, sections 37.005, .006(I), .007(e), .011, .012, .013, and .020;
  - i. Education Code Chapter 39; and
  - j. Education Code Chapter 39A.
- Education Code Chapter 11, Subchapters A, C, D, and E, except that a district may be exempt from Education Code 11.1511(b)(5) and (14) and 11.162;
- 3. Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter C;
- 4. Education Code Chapter 12A;
- 5. Education Code Chapter 13;
- Education Code Chapter 44, sections 44.0011, .002, .003, .004, .0041, .005, .0051, .006, .007, .0071, .008, .009, .011, .0312, .032, .051, .052, .053, and .054;
- 7. Education Code Chapter 45, sections 45.003, .0031, .005, .105, .106, .202, and .203;
- 8. Education Code Chapter 46;
- 9. Education Code Chapter 48; and
- 10. Education Code Chapter 49.

		addition to the prohibited exemptions specified above, an inno- on district may not be exempted from:
	1.	A requirement of a grant or other state program in which the district voluntarily participates;
	2.	Duties that the statute applies to the execution of that power if a district chooses to implement an authorized power that is optional under the terms of the statute;
	3.	A requirement of a grant or other state program authorized in the Education Code that would otherwise entitle the district to participation in that program; and
	4.	Requirements imposed by provisions outside the Education Code, including requirements under Government Code Chapter 822.
	19	TAC 102.1309; Education Code 12A.004
Adoption of Local Innovation Plan		e board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innovation n unless:
	1.	The final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district's website for at least 30 days;
	2.	The board has notified the commissioner of the board's inten- tion to vote on adoption of the proposed plan; and
	3.	The district-level committee [see BQA] has held a public meeting to consider the final version of the proposed plan and has approved the plan by a majority vote of the committee members. The public meeting may occur at any time, includ- ing up to or on the same date at which the board intends to vote on final adoption of the proposed plan.
		e board may adopt a proposed local innovation plan by an affir- tive vote of two-thirds of the membership of the board.
	a di long dan quir	adoption of a local innovation plan, the district is designated as istrict of innovation for the term specified in the plan, but no ger than five calendar years, and shall begin operation in accor- ice with the plan. In addition, the district is exempt from state re- rements identified under Education Code 12A.003(b)(2). [See cal Innovation Plan, above]
	alor	e district shall notify the commissioner of approval of the plan ng with a list of approved exemptions by completing the ency's form provided at 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(d).
		istrict's exemption under the plan includes any subsequent endment or redesignation of an identified state requirement, un-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	4 of 8

	less the subsequent amendment or redesignation specifically ap- plies to an innovation district.
	The district shall ensure that a copy of the plan is posted on the district's website in accordance with Education Code 12A.0071, for the term of the designation as an innovation district.
	Education Code 12A.005; 19 TAC 102.1307
Notice to TEA	Not later than the 15th day after the date on which the board final- izes a local innovation plan either through adoption, amendment, or renewal, the district shall provide a link to the local innovation plan as posted on the district's website to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). TEA shall promptly post the current local innovation plan on the agency's website. <i>19 TAC 102.1307(g); Education Code 12A.0071(b)</i>
Term	The term of a district's designation as a district of innovation may not exceed five years and is effective upon district approval and notification of the plan to the TEA. A district may only have one in- novation plan at any given time. <i>Education Code 12A.006; 19 TAC</i> <i>102.1311</i>
Amendment, Rescission, or Renewal of Local	A local innovation plan may be amended, rescinded, or renewed if the action is approved by a vote of the district-level committee [see BQA] and a two-thirds majority vote of the board.
Innovation Plan	An amendment to an approved plan does not change the date of the term of designation as an innovation district. Exemptions that were already formally approved are not required to be reviewed.
	A district must notify TEA within five business days of rescission and provide a date at which time it will be in compliance with all sections of the Education Code, but no later than the start of the following school year.
	During renewal, all sections of the plan and exemptions shall be re- viewed, and the district must follow all components outlined in 19 Administrative Code 102.1307 relating to Adoption of Local Innova- tion Plans, except that a district is not required to notify the com- missioner of the board's intention to vote on the adoption of the proposed plan.
	The district shall notify the commissioner of any actions taken along with the associated exemptions and local approval dates.
	A district must meet eligibility requirements under 19 Administrative Code 102.1303 in order to renew an innovation plan.
	Education Code 12A.007; 19 TAC 102.1313

Renewal Timeline	In the event that a district fails to renew a plan prior to the expira- tion of its term, a district may renew the plan in the six months sub- sequent to the plan's date of expiration in order to maintain a con- tinuous designation as a district of innovation.
	The term of a renewed plan, subject to 19 Administrative Code 102.1311, may not begin prior to the date on which the board votes to adopt the renewed plan, unless the plan is adopted during the six months subsequent to the plan's date of expiration.
	If a plan is renewed during the timeline described in this provision, the renewed plan will have a term not to exceed five calendar years, beginning on the date of expiration of the prior term.
	If a plan is renewed during the timeline described in this provision and changes are made to the plan during the renewal process, those changes will be in effect from the date of adoption of the re- newed plan through the expiration date of the renewed plan, un- less amended, rescinded, or terminated.
	If changes are made to the plan during the renewal process, the district shall mark the changes with the date of the vote to renew the plan in order to denote the earliest date those changes may take effect.
	A district whose plan is not renewed during the timeline described in this provision shall comply with all previously adopted exemp- tions immediately upon expiration of the plan and begin the adop- tion process over again in its entirety should the district wish to pur- sue designation as a district of innovation in the future.
	19 TAC 102.1313(a)(3)(B)
Website Posting	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of the district's current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's internet website. <i>Education Code 12A.0071(a); 19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>
	The district's innovation plan must be clearly posted on the dis- trict's website for the term of the designation as an innovation dis- trict. <i>19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>
Criminal History Background Checks	A prohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (district employee and volunteer criminal history records), applies to the same extent to a district of innovation or other charter entity.
	The failure of a district of innovation to provide information required under Education Code 22.0832 (National Criminal History Record

	Emp	mation Review of Certain Open-Enrollment Charter School loyees) may result in termination of the district's designation district of innovation.			
	Education Code 22.0815(b)-(c)				
Termination by Commissioner Discretionary	The commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district receives for two consecutive school years:				
Termination	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;			
	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or			
	3.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054 for one of the school years and an unac- ceptable financial accountability rating under Education Code 39.082 for the other school year.			
	The commissioner may permit the district to amend the local inno- vation plan to address concerns specified by the commissioner in lieu of terminating the district's designation.				
	Education Code 12A.008(a)-(b); 19 TAC 102.1315(a)(1)-(a)(2)				
	The commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district fails to comply with the duty to dis- charge or refuse to hire:				
	1.	Certain employees or applicants for employment under Edu- cation Code 12.1059;			
	2.	Certain employees or applicants convicted of certain offenses under Education Code 22.085; or			
	3.	Certain employees or applicants not eligible for employment in public schools under Education Code 22.092.			
	19 7 DF]	AC 102.1315(a)(3); Education Code 12A.008(b-1) [See DBAA,			
Mandatory Termination	The commissioner shall terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district receives for three consecutive school years:				
	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;			
	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or			

3. Any combination of one or more unacceptable ratings Education Code 39.054 and one or more unacceptable ratings under Education Code 39.082.

Education Code 12A.008(c); 19 TAC 102.1315(b)

No Appeal The commissioner's decision to terminate a district's designation as a district of innovation is final and may not be appealed. *Education Code 12A.008(d); 19 TAC 102.1315(d)* 

Denton ISD 061901			
ACCOUNTABILITY AIB PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LEGAL)			
District Annual Report	The board shall publish an annual report describing the educa- tional performance of the district and of each campus in the district that includes uniform student performance and descriptive informa- tion as determined under rules adopted by the commissioner of ed- ucation. <i>Education Code</i> 39.306(a)		
Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR)	(TEA Acad to in trict state the c and expla	performance report provided by the Texas Education Agency A) under Education Code 39.306 shall be termed the Texas demic Performance Report (TAPR). The intent of the TAPR is form the public about the educational performance of the dis- and of each campus in the district in relation to the district, the e, and a comparable group of schools. The TAPR will present campus performance information as well as the student, staff, financial information required by statute. It will also include any anations and additional information deemed appropriate to the ht of the report.	
	The district may not alter the report provided by TEA. However, the district may concurrently provide additional information to the public that supplements or explains information in the TAPR.		
	19 T	AC 61.1022(a)-(b), (e); Education Code 39.306(d)	
Other Annual	The	annual report must also include:	
Report Information	1.	Campus performance objectives established under Education Code 11.253 and the progress of each campus toward those objectives, which shall be available to the public;	
	2.	Information indicating the district's accreditation status and identifying each district campus awarded a distinction designation or considered an unacceptable campus under Education Code Chapter 39A;	
	3.	The district's current special education compliance status with the agency;	
	4.	A statement of the number, rate, and type of violent or crimi- nal incidents that occurred on each district campus, to the ex- tent permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Pri- vacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g);	
	5.	Information concerning school violence prevention and vio- lence intervention policies and procedures that the district is using to protect students;	
	6.	The findings that result from evaluations conducted under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);	

### ACCOUNTABILITY PERFORMANCE REPORTING

- 7. Information received under Education Code 51.403(e) for each high school campus in the district, presented in a form determined by the commissioner; and
- 8. Progress of the district and each campus in the district toward meeting the goals set in the district's early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans [see EA].

### Education Code 39.306(a)

The report must include a statement of the amount, if any, of the district's unencumbered surplus fund balance as of the last day of the preceding fiscal year and the percentage of the preceding year's budget that the surplus represents. *Education Code* 39.306(g)

The report must also include the number of school counselors providing counseling services at each campus. *Education Code 39.306(d-1)* 

The report may include the following information:

- 1. Student information, including total enrollment, enrollment by ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and grade groupings and retention rates;
- 2. Financial information, including revenues and expenditures;
- 3. Staff information, including number and type of staff by sex, ethnicity, years of experience, and highest degree held; teacher and administrator salaries; and teacher turnover;
- Program information, including student enrollment by program, teachers by program, and instructional operating expenditures by program; and
- 5. The number of students placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) under Education Code Chapter 37.

Education Code 39.306(e)

Supplemental information to be included in the reports shall be determined by the board. *Education Code* 39.306(b)

Public Hearing The board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the report. The board shall give notice of the hearing to property owners in the district and parents of and other persons standing in parental relation to a district student. The notice of hearing must include notice to a newspaper of general circulation in the district and notice to electronic media serving the district. *Education Code 39.306(c)* 

## ACCOUNTABILITY PERFORMANCE REPORTING

	A board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the TAPR within 90 days after the report is received from TEA. The hearing may take place during a regularly scheduled or special meeting of the board. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(c)</i>
Publication	The TAPR must be published within two weeks after the public hearing, in the same format as it was received from TEA. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(d)</i>
	The board shall disseminate the report by posting it on the district website and in public places, such as each school office, local businesses, and public libraries. <i>Education Code</i> 39.306(c); 19 <i>TAC</i> 61.1022(f)
Report Uses	The information in the annual report shall be a primary considera- tion in district and campus planning. It shall also be a primary con- sideration of the board in the evaluation of the performance of the superintendent, and of the superintendent in the evaluation of the performance of campus principals. <i>Education Code</i> 39.307
Campus Performance Report	Each school year, TEA shall prepare and distribute to each district a report card for each campus. The campus report card distributed by TEA shall be termed the "school" report card (SRC). The intent of the SRC is to inform each student's parents or guardians about the school's performance and characteristics. The SRC will present the student, staff, financial, and performance information required by statute, as well as any explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to the intent of the report.
Distribution	The district must disseminate each SRC within six weeks after the SRC is received from TEA. The school may not alter the report provided by TEA; however, it may concurrently provide additional information to the parents or guardians that supplements or explains information in the SRC.
	The SRC must be distributed to the parent, guardian, conservator, or other person having lawful control of each student at the cam- pus. On written request, a district shall provide a copy of the SRC to any other party.
	The campus administration may provide the SRC in the same manner it would normally transmit official communications to par- ents and guardians, such as including the SRC in a weekly folder sent home with each student, mailing it to the student's residence, providing it at a teacher-parent conference, enclosing it with the student report card, or sending it via electronic mail.
	Education Code 39.305: 19 TAC 61.1021

Education Code 39.305; 19 TAC 61.1021

Website Notices	Not later than the 10th day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district that maintains an internet website shall make the following information available:			
	1.	The information in the most recent campus report card for each campus in the district;		
	2.	The information contained in the most recent performance report for the district;		
	3.	The most recent accreditation status and performance rating of the district; and		
	4.	A definition and explanation of each accreditation status, based on commissioner rule.		
	Education Code 39.362			
Student Performance Report	belo nece ble, the e	n year, TEA shall report to a district whether each student fell w, met, or exceeded the necessary target for improvement essary to be prepared to perform satisfactorily on, as applica- the grade five assessments, the grade eight assessments, and end-of-course assessments required for graduation. <i>Education</i> e 39.034, .302		
Notice to Parents	impr dent stud distr cess men asse	district a student attends shall provide a record of the annual ovement information from TEA in a written notice to the stu- 's parent or other person standing in parental relationship. If a ent failed to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment, the ict shall include in the notice specific information relating to ac- to online educational resources at the appropriate assess- t instrument content level, including educational resources and essment instrument questions and released answers. <i>Educa- Code 39.303</i>		
Notice to Teachers and Students		strict shall prepare a report of the annual improvement informa- and provide the report at the beginning of the school year to:		
	1.	Each teacher for all students, including incoming students, who took a state assessment; and		
	2.	All students who were provided instruction by that teacher in the subject for which the assessment instrument was administered.		
	rily c	report shall indicate whether the student performed satisfacto- or, if the student did not perform satisfactorily, whether the stu- met the standard for annual improvement.		
	Edu	cation Code 39.304		

Quality of Learning Indicators	The commissioner shall also adopt indicators of the quality of learning for the purpose of preparing performance reports. Performance on the indicators shall be evaluated in the same manner provided for evaluation of the achievement indicators under Education Code 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, AIA].			
	The quality of learning indicators must include:			
	1.	The percentage of graduating students who meet the course requirements for the foundation high school program, the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school program, and each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1) [see EIF];		
	2.	The results of the SAT, ACT, and certified workforce training programs;		
	3.	For students who have failed to satisfy the state standard on an assessment, the performance of those students on subse- quent assessments, aggregated by grade level and subject area;		
	4.	For each campus, the number of students, disaggregated by major student subpopulations, who take courses under the foundation high school program and take additional courses to earn an endorsement, disaggregated by type of endorse- ment;		
	5.	The percentage of students, aggregated by grade level, pro- vided accelerated instruction under Education Code 28.0211 [see EHBC] after unsatisfactory performance on a state as- sessment; the results of assessment instruments adminis- tered under the accelerated instruction program; the subject of the assessment instrument on which each student failed to perform satisfactorily under each performance standard; and the performance of those students in the subsequent school year on the state assessments;		
	6.	The percentage of students of limited English proficiency ex- empted from the administration of an assessment;		
	7.	The percentage of students in a special education program assessed through alternative assessment instruments;		
	8.	The percentage of students who satisfy the college readiness measure;		
	9	The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency		

 The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency for students of limited English proficiency;

	10.	The percentage of students who are not educationally disad- vantaged;
	11.	The percentage of students who enroll and begin instruction at an institution of higher education in the school year follow- ing high school graduation; and
	12.	The percentage of students who successfully complete the first year of instruction at an institution of higher education without needing a developmental education course.
	Educ	cation Code 39.301(a)-(c)
Results Driven Accountability (RDA)	Resure repo tions man of str spor	cordance with Education Code 7.028(a), the purpose of the ults Driven Accountability (RDA) framework is to evaluate and rt annually on the performance of districts for certain popula- of students included in selected program areas. The perfor- ce of a district is included on the RDA report through indicators udent performance and program effectiveness and corre- iding performance levels established by the commissioner. <i>19</i> <i>97.1005; Education Code 7.028(a)</i>
Federal Report Card	an a	strict that receives Title I funding shall prepare and disseminate nnual federal report card that includes information on the dis- as a whole and each school within the district.
Implementation	The federal report card shall be concise; presented in an under- standable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable, in a language that parents can understand; and accessible to the pub- lic, which shall include placing the report card on the district's web- site. If the district does not operate a website, the information in the report card must be provided to the public in another manner deter- mined by the district.	
Minimum Requirements	annu	federal report card shall include the information required in the ial state report card described at 20 U.S.C. $6311(h)(1)(C)$ , as ied to the district and each school served by the district, includ-
	1.	In the case of the district, information that shows how stu- dents served by the district achieved on state academic as- sessments compared to students in the state as a whole;
	2.	In the case of a school, information that shows how the school's students' achievement on state academic assessments compared to students served by the district and the state as a whole; and
	3.	Any other information that the district determines is appropri- ate and will best provide parents, students, and other mem-

	bers of the public with information regarding the progress of each public school served by the district, whether or not such information is included in the annual state report card.			
	20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2)			
District Data on Academic Achievement	On request by the board, TEA shall create a website that members of the board may use to review campus and district academic achievement data. The website must also be made available to campuses in a similar manner that access is provided to the board.			
	The website must:			
	<ol> <li>Include district information, disaggregated by campus, grade, sex, race, academic quarter or semester, as applicable, and school year, regarding the following:</li> </ol>			
	a. Student academic achievement and growth;			
	b. Teacher and student attendance; and			
	c. Student discipline records; and			
	2. Be updated at least once each quarter of the school year.			
	The commissioner shall provide information that permits a board member to compare the district's academic performance with the academic performance of other districts of similar size and racial and economic demographics.			
	A district must provide requested information to the commissioner for the creation of the website. Confidential information received by the commissioner remains confidential. The commissioner shall design the website to ensure that public information is made avail- able to the public, and information submitted by districts noted as confidential is not made available to the public.			
	A request for public information under this provision shall be sub- mitted to the district that provides the agency with the information. TEA may not release information submitted by a district that is noted as confidential information.			

Education Code 11.1516

BOARD MEMBERS
ELECTIONS

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]
Membership		rd consists of the number of members that the district had ember 1, 1995. <i>Education Code 11.051(b)</i>
Increase in Membership	the mem bership r adopting	that has three or five members may by resolution increase bership to seven. A board that votes to increase its mem- nust consider whether the district would benefit from also a single-member election system under Education Code See Single-Member Districts, below.]
	second r the resol number (	tion increasing the number of trustees takes effect with the regular election of trustees that occurs after the adoption of ution. The resolution must provide for a transition in the of trustees so that when the transition is complete, trustees red as provided by Education Code 11.059 (terms).
	Educatio	on Code 11.051(c)
Terms	A trustee	e of a district serves a term of three or four years.
	The term	s for trustees with three-year terms shall be held annually. Is of one-third of the trustees, or as near to one-third as , expire each year.
	The term	s for trustees with four-year terms shall be held biennially. Is of one-half of the trustees, or as near to one-half as pos- pire every two years.
	Board po pire.	blicy must state the schedule on which specific terms ex-
	Educatio	n Code 11.059
	Note:	For website posting requirements regarding trustee infor- mation, see CQA.
Uniform Election Dates	of the fol	neral or special election of board members shall be on one lowing dates: e first Saturday in May.

#### BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS

	2.	The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.			
	Elec	Election Code 41.001(a)			
Joint Elections	A di	A district trustee election shall be held on the same date as:			
Required	1.	The election for the members of the governing body of a mu- nicipality located in the district;			
	2.	The general election for state and county officers, which is held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002;			
	3.	The election for the members of the governing body of a hos- pital district, if the school district:			
		<ul> <li>Is wholly or partly located in a county with a population of less than 50,000 that is adjacent to a county with a population of more than three million; and</li> </ul>			
		b. Held its election for board members jointly with the elec- tion for the members of the governing body of the hospi- tal district before May 2007; or			
	4.	The election for the members of the governing board of a public junior college district in which the school district is wholly or partly located.			
	Elections held on the same date as provided above shall be held as a joint election under Election Code Chapter 271, and the voters shall be served by common polling places consistent with Election Code 271.003(b).				
	Education Code 11.0581(a)-(c)				
	A board may enter into an agreement with another political subdivi- sion holding an election on the same day in all or part of the same county to hold the elections jointly. The terms of a joint election agreement must be stated in an order, resolution, or other official action adopted by the board. <i>Election Code 271.002</i>				
Methods of Election — Options At Large	In a district in which the positions of trustees are not designated by number or in which the trustees are not elected from single-member trustee districts, the candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall fill the positions the terms of which are normally expiring. <i>Education Code 11.057(b)</i>				
Position or Place	distr for t	positions on the board shall be designated by number in any ict in which the board by resolution orders that all candidates rustee be voted on and elected separately for positions on the rd and that all candidates be designated on the official ballot			

Denton ISD 061901			
BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS	BBB (LEGAL)		
	according to the number of the positions for which they seek elec- tion.		
	Not later than the 60th day before the date of an election, the board must make the resolution and number the positions on the board in the order in which the terms of office expire. Once a board has ordered the election of trustees by numbered positions, neither the board nor their successors may rescind the action.		
	Education Code 11.058(c)-(f)		
Single-Member Districts On Board's Motion	Except as provided below, the board, on its own motion, may order that trustees of the district are to be elected from single-member districts or that not fewer than 70 percent of the members of the board are to be elected from single-member districts with the re- maining board members to be elected from the district at large.		
	If a majority of the area of a district is located in a county with a population of less than 10,000, a board, on its own motion, may order that trustees of the district are to be elected from single-member districts or that not fewer than 50 percent of the members of the board are to be elected from single-member districts with the remaining board members to be elected from the district at large.		
	Before adopting an order, a board must:		
	<ol> <li>Hold a public hearing at which registered voters of a district are given an opportunity to comment on whether or not they favor the election of trustees in the manner proposed by the board; and</li> </ol>		
	2. Publish notice of the hearing in a newspaper that has general circulation in the district, not later than the seventh day before the date of the hearing.		
	An order adopted by the board must be entered not later than the 120th day before the date of the first election at which all or some of the trustees are elected from single-member districts authorized by the order.		
	Education Code 11.052(a)-(d)		
By Voter Petition	If at least 15 percent or 15,000 of the registered voters of the dis- trict, whichever is less, sign and present to the board a petition re- questing submission to the voters of the proposition that trustees be elected in a specific manner, which must be generally described on the petition and which must be a manner of election the board could have ordered on its own motion, the board shall order that the appropriate proposition be placed on the ballot at the first regu- lar election of trustees held after the 120th day after the date the		

BOARD MEMBERS	BB
ELECTIONS	(LEGAL
	petition is submitted to the board. The proposition must specify the number of trustees to be elected from single-member districts. Be- ginning with the first regular election of trustees held after an elec- tion at which a majority of the registered voters voting approve the proposition, trustees shall be elected in the manner prescribed by the approved proposition. <i>Education Code 11.052(e)</i>
Board Member Districts	If single-member districts are adopted or approved by either method described above, the board shall divide the district into the appropriate number of trustee districts, based on the number of members that are to be elected from single-member districts, and shall number each trustee district. The trustee districts must be compact and contiguous and must be as nearly as practicable of equal population. In a district with 150,000 or more students in average daily attendance, the boundary of a trustee district shall not cross a county election precinct boundary except at a point at which the district boundary crosses the county election precinct boundary. Trustee districts must be drawn not later than the 90th day before the date of the first election of trustees from those districts. <i>Education Code 11.052(f)</i>
Residency for First Election	Residents of each trustee district are entitled to elect one trustee to the board. A trustee elected to represent a trustee district at the first election of members must be a resident of the district the trustee represents not later than the 90th day after the date election returns are canvassed, or the 60th day after the date of a final judgment in an election contest filed concerning that trustee district. A trustee vacates the office if the trustee fails to move into the district the trustee represents within the time provided. [For more information on residency, see BBA and BBC.] <i>Education Code</i> $11.052(g)$
Number and Term	At the first election at which some or all of the trustees are elected from single-member trustee districts and after each redistricting, al positions on a board shall be filled. The trustees then elected shall draw lots for staggered terms as provided by Education Code 11.059 (terms). <i>Education Code 11.052(h)</i>
Redistricting	Not later than the 90th day before the date of the first regular board election at which trustees may officially recognize and act on the last preceding federal census, a board shall redivide a district into the appropriate number of trustee districts if the census data indi- cates that the population of the most populous district exceeds the population of the least populous district by more than 10 percent. Redivision of a district shall be in the manner provided above at Board Member Districts. <i>Education Code 11.052(i)</i>
Phase-in Option	The board of a district that adopts a redistricting plan may provide for the trustees in office when the plan is adopted or the district is
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS	BBB (LEGAL)
	redistricted to serve for the remainder of their terms in accordance with this provision. The trustee district and any at-large positions provided by the district's plan shall be filled as the staggered terms of trustees then in office expire. Not later than the 90th day before the date of the first election from trustee districts and after each re- districting, a board shall determine the order in which the positions will be filled. <i>Education Code 11.053</i>
Boundary Change Notice	A district that changes its boundaries or the boundaries of districts used to elect members to the board shall not later than the 30th day after the date the change is adopted:
	<ol> <li>Notify the voter registrar of the county in which the area sub- ject to the boundary change is located of the adopted bound- ary change; and</li> </ol>
	2. Provide the voter registrar with a map of an adopted boundary change in a format that is compatible with the mapping format used by the registrar's office.
	Election Code 42.0615
Methods of Voting — Options Plurality	Except as otherwise provided at Majority, below, to be elected to a public office, a candidate elected at large, at large by position, or by single-member districts must receive more votes than any other candidate for the office. <i>Education Code 11.057(a), (b); Election Code 2.001</i>
Cumulative	The board of a district that elects its trustees at large or at large by position may order that elections for trustees be held using the cu- mulative voting procedure.
	If a board adopts an order requiring the use of cumulative voting, only the board member positions that were scheduled to be filled at the election are filled through the use of cumulative voting.
	At an election at which more than one board member position is to be filled, all of the positions that are to be filled at the election shall be voted on as one race by all the voters of a district. Each voter is entitled to cast a number of votes equal to the number of positions to be filled at the election.
	A voter may cast one or more of the specified number of votes for any one or more candidates in any combination. Only whole votes may be cast and counted. If a voter casts more than the number of votes to which the voter is entitled in the election, none of the voter's votes may be counted in that election. If a voter casts fewer votes than entitled, all of the voter's votes are counted in that elec- tion.

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEMBERS ELECTIONS	BBB (LEGAL)
	The candidates who are elected are those, in the number to be elected, receiving the highest number of votes.
	A district that adopts an order requiring the use of cumulative vot- ing may not elect its members by position as provided by Educa- tion Code 11.058.
	Education Code 11.054
Majority	The board of a district in which the positions of trustees are desig- nated by number or in which the trustees are elected from single- member districts may provide by resolution, not later than the 180th day before the date of an election, that a candidate must re- ceive a majority of the votes cast for a position or in a trustee dis- trict, as applicable, to be elected.
	The resolution is effective until rescinded by a subsequent resolu- tion adopted not later than the 180th day before the date of the first election to which the rescission applies.

Education Code 11.057(c)

	Note	e: If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, applicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]		
Notice of Polling Place	nam	written notice of a polling place location must state the building e, if any, and the street address, including the suite or room ber, if any, of the polling place. <i>Election Code 1.021</i>		
Election Order	The board shall order an election. An election to be held on a form election date shall be ordered not later than the 78th day fore election day. <i>Election Code 3.004, .005</i>			
	Eacl	n election order must state:		
	1.	The date of the election;		
	2.	The offices or measures to be voted on;		
	3.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;		
	4.	The location of the main early voting polling place;		
	5.	The dates and hours for early voting; and		
	6.	The dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early vot- ing.		
	Election Code 3.006, 83.010, 85.004, .007			
	ing t tion elec	bard shall preserve the election order for the period for preserv- he precinct election records. The date and nature of each elec- shall be entered in the official records of the board. For an tion on a measure, the entry must include a description of the sure. <i>Election Code 3.008</i>		
Failure to Order an Election		ure to order a general election does not affect the validity of the tion. <i>Election Code 3.007</i>		
Election Notice	Noti	ce of the election must state:		
Contents	1.	The nature and date of the election;		
	2.	The location of each polling place;		

	3.	The hours the polls will be open;			
	4.	The internet website of the authority conducting the election;			
	5.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;			
	6.	The location of the main early voting polling place; and			
	7.	The dates and hours for early voting, including the dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early voting.			
	Election Code 4.004(a), 83.010, 85.004, .007				
Notice of Special Election	fillec	The notice of a special election must also state each office to be filled or the proposition stating each measure to be voted on. <i>Election Code 4.004(b)</i>			
Publication	Notice of the election shall be published at least once, not earlier than the 30th day or later than the 10th day before election day, in a newspaper published within the district's boundaries or in a newspaper of general circulation in the district if none is published within the district's boundaries. The board shall retain a copy of the published notice that contains the name of the newspaper and the date of publication. <i>Election Code</i> $4.003(a)(1)$ , (c), $.005(a)$				
Posting	day elec Vote polli tains letin a co of th notic cont shal plac the l	ddition to the notice described above, not later than the 21st before election day, a county shall post a copy of a notice of tion provided to the county [see Notice to County Clerk and er Registrar, below], which must include the location of each ng place, on the county's internet website, if the county main- s a website. A district may post a copy of the notice on the bul- board used for posting notices of the meetings of the board. If nunty does not maintain a website, the district shall post a copy the notice of the election on the bulletin board used for posting ce of meetings of the board. The notice must remain posted inuously through election day. The person posting the notice I make a record at the time of posting stating the date and e of posting. The person shall sign the record and deliver it to board after the last posting is made. <i>Election Code 4.003(b)</i> , 5(b)			
		ve on the internet website of the district. <i>Election Code</i>			

85.007(d)

	Note:	For additional website posting requirements regarding the date and location of the next election, see CQA.		
Notice to County Clerk and Voter Registrar	of each county ir before e tion, incl ternet w	rd shall deliver notice of the election, including the location polling place, to the county clerk and voter registrar of each n which the district is located not later than the 60th day lection day. The county clerk shall post notice of the elec- uding the location of each polling place, on the county's in- ebsite, if the county maintains a website, as provided by Code 4.003(b). <i>Election Code 4.008(a)</i> [See Posting,		
Notice to Election Judge	after the shall del	Not later than the 15th day before election day or the seventh day after the date the election is ordered, whichever is later, the board shall deliver to the presiding judge of each election precinct in which the election is to be held in the district a written notice of:		
	1. The	e nature and date of the election;		
	2. The jud	e location of the polling place for the precinct served by the ge;		
	3. The	e hours that the polls will be open;		
		e judge's duty to hold the election in the precinct specified the notice; and		
		e maximum number of clerks that the judge may appoint the election.		
	Election	Code 4.007		
Failure to Give Notice of Election		o give notice of a general election does not affect the valid- e election. <i>Election Code 4.006</i>		
Internet Posting	an electi	than the 21st day before election day, a district that holds on and maintains an internet website shall post on the ternet website for the district:		
	1. The	e date of the next election;		
	2. The	e location of each polling place;		
	3. Ea	ch candidate for an elected office on the ballot; and		
	4. Ea	ch measure on the ballot.		
	Election	Code 4.009(b)		

Filing Information Notice to Candidates	A district shall post notice of the dates of the filing period in a public place in a building in which the district has an office not later than the 30th day before the first day on which a candidate may file an application for a place on the ballot. A district shall designate an email address in the notice for the purpose of filing an application for a place on the ballot under Election Code 143.004, below. <i>Election Code 141.040</i>			
	Note	For additional website posting requirements regarding the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA.		
Application	appl appl throu scar thori	To be entitled to a place on the ballot, a candidate must make an application for a place on the ballot. An application, other than an application required to be accompanied by fee, may be filed through email transmission of the completed application in a scanned format to the email address designated by the filing authority in the notice required under Election Code 141.040, above. <i>Election Code 143.004</i>		
	A ca	ndidate application for a place on the ballot must:		
	1.	Be in writing;		
	2.	Be signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- ister an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the date that the candidate swears to the application;		
	3.	Be timely filed with the appropriate authority; and		
	4.	Include all statutorily required information.		
	Elec	tion Code 141.031, .039		
Deadline		pplication for a place on the ballot may not be filed earlier than 30th day before the date of the filing deadline.		
	An application must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 78th da before the date of the election for an election to be held on a uniform election date.			
	Edu	cation Code 11.055(a); Election Code 144.005(a), (d)		
Death of Candidate		candidate dies on or before the deadline for filing an application place on the ballot:		
	1.	The authority responsible for preparing the ballots may choose to omit the candidate from the ballot; and		
	2.	If the authority omits the candidate's name under item 1, the filing deadline for an application for a place on the ballot for		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	4 of 12		

#### ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

	the office sought by the candidate is extended until the fifth day after the filing deadline.			
	Election Code 145.098(b)			
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 74th day before election day for an election to be held on a uniform election date. <i>Education Code 11.056(b); Election Code 146.054</i>			
Special Election	An application for a place on a special election ballot may not be filed before the election is ordered.			
	An application must be filed not later than:			
	1. 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day before election day if election day is on or after the 70th day after the election is ordered; or			
	2. 5:00 p.m. of the 40th day before election day if election day is on or after the 46th day and before the 70th day after the date the election is ordered.			
Exception	For a special election to be held on the date of the general election for state and county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Mon- day in November in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002), the day of the filing deadline is 6:00 p.m. of the 75th day before election day.			
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy for a special election must be filed not later than the filing deadline.			
	Election Code 201.054			
Delivery or Submission of Documents	When the Election Code provides for the delivery, submission, or filing of an application, notice, report, or other document or paper with an authority having administrative responsibility under that code, a delivery, submission, or filing with an employee of the dis- trict at the district's usual place for conducting official business con- stitutes filing with the district. The district may accept the document or paper at a place other than the district's usual place for conduct- ing official business.			
	A delivery, submission, or filing of a document or paper under the Election Code may be made by personal delivery, mail, telepho facsimile machine, email, or any other method of transmission.			

Election Code 1.007

Election of Unopposed Candidate Certification of Unopposed Status	The authority responsible for having the official ballot prepared shall certify in writing that a candidate is unopposed for election to an office if, were the election held, only the votes cast for that can- didate in the election for that office may be counted. The certifica- tion shall be delivered to the board as soon as possible after the fil- ing deadlines for placement on the ballot and list of write-in candidates.			
	A certification may be made following the filing of a withdrawal re- quest by a candidate after the deadline prescribed by Election Code 145.092 if:			
	1. The withdrawal request is valid except for the untimely filing	<b>g</b> ;		
	2. Ballots have not been prepared; and			
	3. The other conditions for certification are met.			
	A certification under these circumstances shall be delivered to th board as soon as possible.	ıe		
	Election Code 2.052			
Special Election	For purposes of these provisions, a special election of a district is considered to be a separate election with a separate ballot from a general election for board members or another special election of the district held at the same time. <i>Election Code 2.051(a)</i>			
Single-Member Districts	In the case of an election in which any members of the board are elected from single-member districts, these provisions apply to the election in a particular single-member district if each candidate for an office that is to appear on the ballot in that single-member district is unopposed and no opposed at-large race is to appear on the ballot. These provisions apply to an unopposed at-large race in such an election regardless of whether an opposed race is to appear on the ballot in a particular territorial unit. <i>Election Code</i> 2.051(b)			
Action on Certification	On receipt of the certification, the board by order or ordinance sh declare each unopposed candidate elected to office. If a declara- tion is made, the election is not held.			
	If no election is to be held on election day by the district, a copy of the order or ordinance shall be posted on election day at each polling place used or that would have been used in the election.			
	The ballots used at a separate election held at the same time as an election that would have been held if the candidates were not de- clared elected shall include the offices and names of the candi- dates declared elected listed separately after the measures or con- tested races in the separate election under the heading			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 6 of 1				

	"Unopposed Candidates Declared Elected." The candidates shall be grouped in the same relative order prescribed for the ballot ge erally. No votes are cast in connection with the unopposed candi- dates.				
	Ele	Election Code 2.053			
	-		BB regarding issuance of a certificate of election to an un- candidate declared elected and qualification for office.]		
Ballot		e ballo apter :	ot shall be prepared in accordance with Election Code 52.		
Drawing	The district shall conduct a drawing to determine the order of the candidates' names in an election at which the names of more than one candidate for the same office are to appear on the ballot. The district shall post in the district's office a notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing. The notice must remain posted continuously for 72 hours immediately preceding the scheduled time of the drawing. The district shall provide notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing to each candidate by:				
	1.	Writ	tten notice:		
		a.	Mailed to the address stated on the candidate's applica- tion for a place on the ballot, not later than the fourth day before the date of the drawing; or		
		b.	Provided at the time the candidate files an application with the district;		
	2.		ephone, if a telephone number is provided on the candi- e's application for a place on the ballot; or		
	3.		ail, if an email address is provided on the candidate's ap- ation for a place on the ballot.		
	Each candidate affected by a drawing is entitled to be present or have a representative present at the drawing.				
		<i>Code 52.093094</i> [See BBBB regarding ballot order in a ection or election to resolve a tie.]			
	Ballots for an election by position must clearly show the pos which each person is a candidate. A board shall arrange by names of the candidates for each position. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.058(g)</i>				
Election Services Contract	may	y cont	nty election officer, as defined by Election Code 31.091(1), tract with the board of a district situated wholly or partly in ty served by the officer to perform election services, as		

	•	vided by Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter D, in any one nore elections ordered by the board.		
	If requested to do so by a district, the county elections administr tor, as defined under Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B, shall enter into a contract to furnish the election services reques in accordance with a cost schedule agreed on by the contracting parties. A county elections administrator is not required to enter into a contract to furnish elections services for an election held of the first Saturday in May in an even-numbered year.			
	Elec	ction Code 31.092, .093, 41.001(d)		
Election Judges and Clerks	and an e of cl The	written order, a board shall appoint a presiding election judge an alternate presiding judge for each election precinct in which election is held. A board shall prescribe the maximum number erks that each presiding judge may appoint for each election. judges and clerks shall be selected and serve in accordance Election Code Chapter 32. <i>Election Code 32.001(a), .008,</i>		
Confidentiality	An email address or personal phone number of an election judge or clerk collected or maintained by the authority conducting the election is confidential and does not constitute public information for purposes of Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).			
Exception	An email address or phone number of an election judge or clerk shall be made available on request to:			
	1.	Any entity eligible to submit lists of election judges or clerks for that election; or		
	2.	The state executive committee of a political party with a county chair eligible to submit lists of election judges or clerks for that election.		
	Election Code 32.076			
Polling Places	A board shall designate polling places for election day and early voting. Each polling place shall be accessible to and usable by the elderly and persons with physical disabilities. <i>Election Code 43.004, .034, Ch. 85 (early voting by personal appearance)</i>			
	In an election held on the November uniform election date, a dis- trict shall use the regular county election precincts. The district shall designate as the polling places for the election the regular county polling places in the county election precincts that contain territory from the district. <i>Election Code 42.002(a)(5), .0621,</i> <i>43.004(b)</i>			

Denton ISD 061901					
ELECTIONS B CONDUCTING ELECTIONS (LEC					
Electioneering	A person commits an offense if, during the voting period and within 100 feet of an outside door through which a voter may enter the building in which a polling place is located, the person loiters or electioneers for or against any candidate, measure, or political party.				
	A district that owns or controls a public building being used as a polling place or early voting polling place may not, at any time dur- ing the voting period or early voting period, as applicable, prohibit electioneering on the building's premises outside of the area de- scribed above, but may enact reasonable regulations concerning the time, place, and manner of electioneering.				
Definitions	"Electioneering" includes the posting, use, or distribution of political signs or literature. The term does not include the distribution of a notice of a party convention authorized under Election Code 172.1114.				
	"Voting period" means the period beginning when the polls open for voting and ending when the polls close or the last voter has voted, whichever is later.				
	"Early voting period" means the period prescribed by Election Code 85.001.				
	Election Code 61.003, 85.036				
Early Voting	In each election, early voting shall be conducted by personal appearance at an early voting polling place and by mail, in accordance with Election Code Title 7, Chapters 81-114. <i>Election Code 81.001</i>				
November Early Voting Polling Places	In an election on the November uniform election date in which the district is not holding a joint election with a county and has not exe- cuted a contract with a county elections officer under which the dis- trict and the county share early voting polling places, the district:				
	<ol> <li>Shall designate as an early voting polling place for the elec- tion an eligible county polling place located in the district; and</li> </ol>				
	2. May not designate as an early voting polling place a location other than an eligible county polling place unless each eligible county polling place located in the district is designated as an early voting polling place by the district.				
	"Eligible county polling place" means an early voting polling place established by a county.				
	Election Code 85.010(a), (a-1), (b)				

Denton ISD 061901			
ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTI	ONS BBBA (LEGAL)		
Temporary Branch Days and Hours	Early voting by personal appearance at each temporary branch polling place shall be conducted on the days that voting is required to be conducted at the main early voting polling place under Elec- tion Code 85.005 and remain open for at least:		
	1. Eight hours each day; or		
	2. Three hours each day if the city or county clerk does not serve as the early voting clerk for the territory holding the election and the territory has fewer than 1,000 registered voters.		
	The authority authorized under Election Code 85.006 to order early voting on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner pre- scribed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.		
	Election Code 85.064		
Records Branch Daily Register	The early voting clerk shall provide, in a downloadable database format, a current copy of the register for posting on the internet website of the district, if the district maintains a website, each day early voting is conducted. At a minimum, the voter registration number for each voter listed in the register must be posted. <i>Election Code 85.072</i>		
Early Voting Rosters	The early voting clerk shall maintain for each election a roster list- ing each person who votes an early voting ballot by personal ap- pearance and a roster listing each person to whom an early voting ballot to be voted by mail is sent. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by personal appearance shall be made available for public inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day after the date the information is en- tered on the roster. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by mail shall be made available for pub- lic inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day following the day the early voting clerk receives any ballot voted by mail.		
	The information must be made available:		
	1. For an election in which the county clerk is the early voting clerk:		
	a. On the publicly accessible internet website of the county; or		

		b.	If the county does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of meetings of the commis- sioners court; or	
	2.	For	an election not described by item 1:	
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the district; or	
		b.	If the district does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of board meetings.	
	Elec	lection Code 87.121(a), (g)-(i)		
Conducting Elections		Elections shall be conducted in accordance with Election Code Ti- tle 6, Chapters 61-68.		
Bilingual Materials Spanish	situa the to th reco	ated v inhab ne mo ognize	election materials shall be used in each election precinct wholly or partly in a county in which five percent or more of itants are persons of Spanish origin or descent according ist recent federal decennial census that may be officially ed or acted upon by the state or political subdivisions. Code 272.002	
Other Languages	elec distr mar in S	tion r rict sh	ector of the census determines that a district must provide naterials in a language other than English or Spanish, the nall provide election materials in that language in the same on which the district would be required to provide materials h, to the extent applicable. <i>Election Code 272.011; 52</i> 0503	
Voting Systems		-	system shall be adopted and utilized in accordance with Code Title 8.	
Accessible Voting Stations	one tion ame U.S and 210 sequence	votin Act c endme .C. Se the re 81(a) uent a ans fo	s provided below, each polling place must provide at least g station that complies with Section 504 of the Rehabilita- f 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) and its subsequent ents, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 ection 12131 et seq.) and its subsequent amendments, equirements for accessibility under 52 U.S.C. Section (3) [formerly 42 U.S.C. Section 15481(a)(3)] and its sub- amendments, and that provides a practical and effective r voters with physical disabilities to cast a secret ballot. <i>Code 61.012</i>	
Electronic Voting System Exceptions	with lot, a ity u	anot a dist nder	ection other than an election of a district that is held jointly her election in which a federal office appears on the bal- rict is not required to meet the requirements for accessibil- Election Code 61.012(a)(1)(C) if the district is located in a at meets certain population and other requirements set	

ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS BBBA (LEGAL)

forth in Election Code 61.013(a). A district that intends to use this provision to provide fewer voting stations that meet the requirements for accessibility than required must provide notice under Election Code 61.013(d). *Election Code 61.013* 

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]		
Tie Votes		ction requiring a plurality, if two or more candidates for the		
Second Election	same office tie for the number of votes required to be elected, a second election to fill the office shall be held in accordance with the deadlines and other requirements of Election Code 2.002.			
Other Options		candidates may agree to cast lots to resolve the tie. The		
Casting Lots	agreement must be filed with the board. The board president shall supervise the casting of lots.			
Withdrawal	A tying candidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board a signed and acknowledged written statement of withdrawal. On receipt of the statement, the remaining candidate is the winner, and a second election or casting of lots is not held.			
Automatic Recount	If the tie is not resolved by casting lots or withdrawal, an automatic recount shall be conducted under Election Code Chapter 216 be- fore the second election is held. If the recount resolves the tie, the second election is not held.			
	lots not la second e election r	ount does not resolve the tie, the tied candidates may cast ater than the day before the date the board must order the lection under Election Code 2.002(b) or withdraw from the not later than 5:00 p.m. of the day after the date the auto- ount is held.		
	Election	Code 2.002		
Runoff Election	In a district in which trustees are elected by majority vote under Ed- ucation Code 11.057(c) [see BBB], if no candidate for a particular office receives the vote necessary to be elected, a runoff election for that office is required. <i>Election Code 2.021 et seq.</i>			
	be condu does not mine the lots. A type president the state count is o	didates in a runoff election tie, an automatic recount shall octed under Election Code Chapter 216. If the recount resolve the tie, the tied candidates shall cast lots to deter- winner. The board president shall supervise the casting of ng candidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board a signed and sworn to written statement of withdrawal. If ment of withdrawal is received before the automatic re- conducted, the remaining candidate is the winner, and the c recount is not conducted. If the statement of withdrawal		

Denton ISD 061901		
ELECTIONS BB POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES (LEG		
	is received not later than 5:00 p.m. the day after the date t matic recount is conducted, the remaining candidate is the and a casting of lots is not held. <i>Election Code 2.028</i>	
Ballot Order	The order of the candidates' names on the ballot of any rerunoff election or election held to resolve a tie vote shall be ative order of names on the original election ballot. <i>Electio</i> 2.002(d), 52.094(a)	e the rel-
Recounts	The district shall conduct an authorized recount in accorda Election Code Title 13. <i>Election Code 211.001</i>	ance with
	A candidate in a board election may obtain an initial recourrelection if the difference in the number of votes received b candidate and any candidate for the office who is shown b election returns to be elected, tied, or entitled to a place or ballot, if applicable, is less than 10 percent of that candidate ber of votes, or the total number of votes received by all can for the office is less than 1,000. <i>Election Code 212.022</i>	y the y the n a runoff te's num-
	A ground for obtaining an initial recount is not required to or initial recount of electronic voting system results. A candid obtain an initial recount of electronic voting system results election only if the candidate is shown by the election return be elected. <i>Election Code 212.0241</i>	ate may in an
	An initial recount may not be conducted unless an authorized didate submits a petition for the recount to the presiding of the local canvassing authority in accordance with Election Chapter 212, Subchapter B, accompanied by a deposit to the costs of the recount in accordance with Subchapter E. <i>Code 212.025, .026, .111</i>	ficer of Code cover
Effect of Petition	The submission of a recount petition before a board completeness does not delay the canvass for the office involved recount. The board shall make a notation on the tabulation office involved in a recount. The submission of a recount pedelays the issuance of a certificate of election and qualificat the office involved in the recount pending completion of the count. A candidate may not qualify for an office involved in count before completion of the recount. This provision does fect a candidate who has received a certificate of election qualified for office before the submission of a recount petitivolving the office. <i>Election Code 212.033, .0331</i>	I in the of any petition ation for e re- of a re- es not af- and
Canvass Returns General Rule	Except as provided below, a board shall convene to conducate cal canvass at the time set by the presiding officer not late the 11th day after election day and not earlier than the late	r than
	1. The third day after election day;	

	2.	The date on which the early voting ballot board has veri and counted all provisional ballots, if a provisional ballot been cast in the election; or			
	3.	The date on which all timely received ballots cast from a dresses outside of the United States are counted, if a babe voted by mail in the election was provided to a perso side of the United States.	allot to		
	Ele	ction Code 67.003(b)			
November Election — Even-Numbered Years	and ven time	an election held on the date of the general election for sta I county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Monday in other in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002 e for the canvass may be set not later than the 14th day a ction day. <i>Election Code 65.051(a-1), 67.003(c)</i>	n No- 2), the		
Quorum for Canvass		Two members of a board constitute a quorum for purposes of can- vassing an election.			
	pre boa	he time set for convening the board for the local canvass, siding officer shall deliver the sealed precinct returns to th ard. The board shall open the returns for each precinct and s them as provided by Election Code 67.004.	е		
Minutes	the	e presiding officer shall note the completion of the canvass minutes or in the recording required by the Open Meeting overnment Code 551.021). [See BE]			
	Ele	ction Code 67.004(a), (g)			
Internet Posting of Election Results		istrict that holds an election and maintains an internet web Il post on its public internet website:	osite		
	1.	The results of each election;			
	2.	The total number of votes cast;			
	3.	The total number of votes cast for each candidate or for against each measure;	or		
	4.	The total number of votes cast by personal appearance election day;	on		
	5.	The total number of votes cast by personal appearance mail during the early voting period; and	or		
	6.	The total number of counted and uncounted provisional lots cast.	bal-		
	The	e information described above must be:			
	1.	Posted as soon as practicable after the election; and			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023		3 of 5		

	2.	Accessible without having to make more than two selections or view more than two network locations after accessing the internet website home page of the district.		
	Elec	ction Code 65.016(b), (c)		
Qualifying for Office Certificate of Election	After the completion of a canvass, the presiding officer shall pre- pare a certificate of election for each candidate who is elected to an office for which the official result is determined by the board's canvass. A certificate of election must contain:			
	1.	The candidate's name;		
	2.	The office to which the candidate is elected;		
	3.	A statement of election to an unexpired term, if applicable;		
	4.	The date of the election;		
	5.	The signature of the officer preparing the certificate; and		
	6.	Any seal used by the officer preparing the certificate to au- thenticate documents that the officer executes or certifies.		
	The authority preparing a certificate of election shall promptly de- liver it to the person for whom it is prepared, subject to the submis- sion of a recount petition. [See Effect of Petition, above]			
	A certificate of election may not be issued to a person who has been declared ineligible to be elected to the office.			
	Election Code 67.016			
Certificate for Unopposed Candidate	A certificate of election shall be issued to each unopposed candi- date declared elected in the same manner and at the same time as provided for a candidate elected at the election. The candidate must qualify for the office in the same manner as provided for a candidate elected at the election. <i>Election Code 2.053(e)</i> [See BBBA regarding the election of an unopposed candidate.]			
Officer's Statement	All elected and appointed board members, before taking the oath or affirmation of office and entering upon the duties of office, shall sign the required officer's statement. The statement shall be retained with the official records of the office. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(b), (c)</i>			
Oath of Office	All elected and appointed trustees, before they enter upon the du- ties of the office, shall take the official oath or affirmation of office. Newly elected trustees shall file their official oaths with the board president. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(a); Education Code</i> <i>11.061(a)</i>			

		The oath may be administered and a certificate of the fact given by the individuals listed at Government Code 602.002, including:		
	1.	A judge, retired judge, or clerk of a municipal court.		
	2.	A judge, retired judge, senior judge, clerk, or commissioner of a court of record.		
	3.	A justice of the peace, retired justice of the peace, or clerk of a justice court.		
	4.	A notary public.		
	Go	v't Code 602.002		
Election Records	Except as otherwise provided by the Election Code, a district shall preserve the precinct election records distributed to it for at least 22 months after election day. <i>Election Code 66.058(a)</i> [See CPC]			
Destruction of Records	After expiration of the prescribed period for preserving election records under the Election Code, the records may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of unless, at the expiration of the preservation period, an election contest or a criminal investigation or proceeding connected with the election is pending. In that case, the records shall be preserved until the contest, investigation, or proceeding is completed and the judgment, if any, becomes final. <i>Election Code 1.013</i>			

Denton ISD 061901			
ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN FINANCE	BBBC (LEGAL	-	
Campaign Treasurer Appointment	Each candidate shall appoint a campaign treasurer as provided by Election Code, Chapter 252. An individual may appoint himself or herself as campaign treasurer. <i>Election Code 252.001, .004</i>		
Contents	A campaign treasurer appointment by a candidate must be in writing and include:		
	1. The campaign treasurer's name, residence or business street address, and telephone number;	t	
	2. The name of the person making the appointment;		
	3. The candidate's telephone number; and		
	<ol> <li>A statement, signed by the candidate, that the candidate is aware of the nepotism law. [See DBE]</li> </ol>		
	Election Code 252.002, .0032		
Filing Authority	A candidate for a school board must file the campaign treasurer appointment and all required financial statements with the clerk or secretary of the board or, if the district has no clerk or secretary, with the board's presiding officer. <i>Election Code 252.005(3)</i>		
	A specific-purpose committee for supporting or opposing a candi- date for the board must file its campaign treasurer appointment with the same authority. <i>Election Code 251.001(13), 252.006</i>		
	A specific-purpose committee for supporting or opposing a mea- sure must file its campaign treasurer appointment with the secre- tary of the board or, if the district has no secretary, with the board's presiding officer. <i>Election Code 252.007(3)</i>	3	
Period of Effectiveness	A campaign treasurer appointment takes effect at the time it is filed and continues in effect until terminated. <i>Election Code</i> 252.011	ł	
Termination of Appointment Removal	A campaign treasurer may be removed at any time by the appoint- ing authority by filing the written appointment of a successor in the same manner as the original appointment. The appointment of a successor terminates the appointment of the campaign treasurer who is removed. <i>Election Code</i> 252.012		
Board Action	A board by order may adopt a process by which the clerk or secre- tary, as applicable, of the district may terminate the campaign trea- surer appointment of an inactive candidate or political committee that is required to file a campaign treasurer appointment with the clerk or secretary.		
	The order must:		
	1. Define "inactive candidate or political committee" for purposes of terminating the campaign treasurer appointment; and	S	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23 1 of 3	3	

# ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN FINANCE

	2.	Require written notice to the affected candidate or committee of the proposed termination; the date, time, and place of the meeting at which the board will consider the proposed termi- nation; and the effect of termination of the campaign treasurer appointment.	
		purposes of this section, a candidate or political committee is tive if the candidate or committee:	
	1.	Has never filed or has ceased to file reports under Election Code Chapter 254 (Political Reporting);	
	2.	In the case of a candidate, has not been elected to an office for which a candidate is required to file a campaign treasurer appointment with the board; and	
	3.	Has not filed a final report under Election Code 254.065 or 254.125, or a dissolution report under Election Code 254.126 or 254.159.	
	Before the clerk or secretary of the district may terminate a cam- paign treasurer appointment, the board must consider the pro- posed termination in a regularly scheduled open meeting.		
	The termination of a campaign treasurer appointment under this section takes effect on the 30th day after the date of the meeting at which the board votes to terminate the appointment. Following that meeting, the clerk or secretary of the district shall promptly notify the affected candidate or political committee that the appointment has been terminated. The notice must state the effective date of the termination.		
	Elec	ction Code 252.0131	
Contributions and Expenditures	mak paig	andidate may not knowingly accept a campaign contribution or a compaign expenditure at a time when a cam- In treasurer appointment for the candidate is not in effect. <i>Elec-</i> <i>Code 253.031(a)</i>	
Recordkeeping	repo sary	h candidate and each officeholder shall maintain a record of all ortable activity. The record must contain the information neces- of for filing the reports required by Election Code Chapter 254. Interface code 254.001	
Reporting <i>Candidates and</i> <i>Officeholders</i>	thor	orts by candidates and officeholders shall be filed with the au- ity with whom the campaign treasurer appointment is required e filed. <i>Election Code 254.066, .097</i> [See Filing Authority, ve]	

Denton ISD 061901	
ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN FINANCE	BBBC (LEGAL)
Specific-Purpose Committee	Except as provided below at Bonds, reports by a specific-purpose committee shall be filed with the authority with whom the political committee's campaign treasurer appointment is required to be filed.
Bonds	A specific-purpose committee created to support or oppose a mea- sure on the issuance of bonds by a district shall file reports with the Ethics Commission.
	Election Code 254.130
Internet Posting	The clerk or secretary of the board or, if the board does not have a clerk or secretary, the board's presiding officer shall make a report filed with the district by a candidate, officeholder, or specific-purpose committee under Election Code Chapter 254, Subchapter B (Political Reporting Generally) available to the public on the district's internet website not later than the 10th business day after the date the report is received.
	Internet access to these reports is in addition to the public's access to the information through other electronic or print distribution of the information.
	Before making a report available on the internet as required above, the district may remove each portion, other than city, state, and zip code, of the address of a person listed as having made a political contribution to the person filing the report. The address information removed must remain available on the report maintained in the dis- trict's office.
	A report made available on an internet website must be accessible on that website until the fifth anniversary of the date the report is first made available.
	Electronic report data saved in a temporary storage location of the district for later retrieval and editing before the report is filed is confidential and may not be disclosed. After the report is filed with the district, the information disclosed in the filed report is public information to the extent provided by Election Code Title 15 (Regulating Political Funds and Campaigns).
	Election Code 254.0401(b), (d), (e-1), (g), (h)

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]
Resignation	and signe	ective, a board member's resignation must be in writing ed by the board member and delivered to the presiding of- board. A board may not refuse to accept a resignation. Code 201.001
Effective Date	immediat resignatio	I member submits a resignation, whether to be effective ely or at a future date, a vacancy occurs on the date the on is accepted by the board or on the eighth day after the s receipt by the board, whichever is earlier. <i>Election Code</i>
Holdover Doctrine	fices unti Until the by a succ the duties nepotism the appoi 17; Atty.	officers shall continue to perform the duties of their of- I their successors shall be duly qualified (i.e., sworn in). vacancy created by a board member's resignation is filled cessor, the board member continues to serve and have is and powers of office and continues to be subject to the provisions. A holdover board member may not vote on intment of his or her successor. <i>Tex. Const., Art. XVI, Sec.</i> <i>Gen. Ops. JM-636 (1987), O-6259 (1945)</i> [See DBE for prmation on nepotism]
Residency	remain a board me fice. <i>Tex.</i> 779 ( <i>Tex</i>	elected or appointed to serve as a board member must resident of the district throughout the term of office. A ember who ceases to reside in the district vacates the of- <i>Const., Art. XVI, Sec. 14; <u>Prince v. Inman</u>, 280 S.W.2d . Civ. App.—Beaumont 1955, no writ); <u>Whitmarsh v. Buck-</u> S.W.2d 298 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston 1959, no writ) [See</i>
Single-Member District		vacates the office if the trustee ceases to reside in the e trustee represents. <i>Education Code 11.052(g)</i>
Filling a Vacancy	may fill th or may of year rem be filled r	ncy occurs on the board, the remaining board members ne vacancy by appointment until the next trustee election, rder a special election to fill the vacancy. If more than one ains in the term of the position vacated, the vacancy shall not later than the 180th day after the date the vacancy oc- ucation Code 11.060

#### BOARD MEMBERS VACANCIES AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

Appointment	To be eligible to be appointed to a board, a person must have the qualifications set forth at Election Code 141.001(a). <i>Election Code 141.001(a)</i> [See BBA]		
Special Election	A special election to fill a vacancy shall be conducted in the same manner as the district's general election. <i>Education Code 11.060(c)</i>		
	An election to fill a vacancy shall be to fill the unexpired term only. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec.</i> 27		
Date of Election	A special election to fill a vacancy shall be held on an authorized uniform election date occurring within the required period after the vacancy occurs. If no uniform election date affords enough time to hold the election in the manner required by law, the election shall be held on the first authorized uniform election date occurring after the expiration of the period. <i>Election Code</i> 41.001(a), .004(a); Atty. <i>Gen. Op. KP-102 (2016)</i> [See BBB]		
Ordering Election	If a vacancy is to be filled by special election, the election shall be ordered as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. <i>Election Code 201.051(a)</i>		
	Except as otherwise provided by the Election Code, a special election to fill a vacancy shall be held on the first authorized uniform election date occurring on or after the 46th day after the date the election is ordered. <i>Election Code 201.052(a)</i>		
	If the special election is to be held on the date of the general elec- tion for state and county officers, the election shall be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day. The general election for state and county officers is the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in even-numbered years. <i>Election Code 41.002</i> , 201.051		
Officer's Statement and Oath	For requirements regarding the officer's statement and oath of or fice, see BBBB(LEGAL).		
Former Board Member Employment	A trustee may not accept employment with the district until the fi anniversary of the date the trustee's membership on a board energy <i>Education Code 11.063</i>		
Involuntary Removal from Office Quo Warranto	On his or her own motion or at the request of an individual, the at- torney general or the county or district attorney may petition the district court for leave to file an information in the nature of quo warranto. An action in the nature of quo warranto is available if:		
	<ol> <li>A person usurps, intrudes into, or unlawfully holds or exe- cutes an office; or</li> </ol>		

#### BOARD MEMBERS VACANCIES AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

	2.	•	ublic officer does an act or allows an act that by law ses forfeiture of office.			
		If the person against whom the information is filed is found guilty as charged, the court:				
	1.		all enter judgment removing the person from the office and the costs of prosecution; and			
	2.	-	y fine the person for usurping, intruding into, or unlawfully ding and executing the office.			
	Civ.	Prac	c. & Rem. Code 66.001003			
Removal by Petition and Trial	a w the may six is n	ritten board / be f montl	eding for the removal of a board member is begun by filing petition for removal in district court of the county in which d member resides. A petition for removal of board member iled by any resident of the state who has lived for at least is in the county in which the petition is to be filed and who rrently under indictment in the county. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> <i>(b)</i>			
Reasons for	A b	oard	member may be removed from office for:			
Removal	1.	"Inc	competency," which means:			
		a.	Gross ignorance of official duties;			
		b.	Gross carelessness in the discharge of those duties; or			
		C.	Unfitness or inability to promptly and properly discharge official duties because of a serious physical or mental defect that did not exist at the time of election.			
	2.	hav with The neg	icial misconduct," which means intentional, unlawful be- ior relating to official duties by a board member entrusted the administration of justice or the execution of the law. term includes an intentional or corrupt failure, refusal, or lect of a board member to perform a duty imposed on the rd member by law.			
	3.	bev bev	xication on or off duty caused by drinking an alcoholic erage, but not if it was caused by drinking an alcoholic erage on the direction and prescription of a licensed sician.			
	4.	mis	nviction of a board member by a jury for any felony or for demeanor official misconduct. The conviction of a public cer by a petit jury for any felony or for a misdemeanor in-			

#### BOARD MEMBERS VACANCIES AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

volving official misconduct operates as an immediate removal from office of that officer.

Tex. Const., Art. V, Sec. 24; Local Gov't Code 87.011, .012(14), .013, .031

Removal for Certain	"Qualifying offense" means a criminal offense involving:			
Criminal Offenses <i>Qualifying</i> <i>Offense</i>	1.	Bribery;		
	2.	Theft of public money;		
	3.	Perjury;		
	4.	Coercion of public servant or voter;		
	5.	Tampering with governmental record;		
	6.	Misuse of official information;		
	7.	Abuse of official capacity; or		
	8.	Conspiracy or the attempt to commit any of the offenses de- scribed by this provision.		
Automatic Removal	A person who holds an elected or appointed office of a district is automatically removed from and vacates the office on the earlier of the date the person:			
	1.	Enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a qualifying of- fense;		
	2.	Receives deferred adjudication for a qualifying offense; or		
	3.	Is convicted of a qualifying offense.		
Filling Vacancy Upon Removal	the	e board shall fill the vacancy in the manner provided by law at first regularly scheduled meeting following the date a board mber is removed from office.		
	Loc	al Gov't Code 180.010(a), (b), (c)(2)		
Removal for Purchasing Violations	See tion	e CH for information regarding removal for purchasing viola- s.		
Temporary Replacement of Board Member on Military Active Duty	Uni vate repl or a	oard member who enters active duty in the armed forces of the ted States as a result of being called to duty, drafted, or acti- ed does not vacate the office held, but the board may appoint a lacement to serve as a temporary board member if the elected appointed board member will be on active duty for longer than days.		

#### BOARD MEMBERS VACANCIES AND REMOVAL FROM OFFICE

The board member who is temporarily replaced may recommend to the board the name of a person to temporarily fill the office. The board shall appoint the temporary board member to begin service on the date specified in writing by the board member being temporarily replaced as the date the board member will enter active military service.

A temporary board member has all the powers, privileges, and duties of the office as the board member who is temporarily replaced. A temporary board member shall perform the duties of office for the shorter period of:

- 1. The term of the active military service of the board member who is temporarily replaced; or
- 2. The term of office of the board member who is temporarily replaced.

"Armed forces of the United States" means the United States Army, the United States Navy, the United States Air Force, the United States Marine Corps, the United States Coast Guard, any reserve or auxiliary component of any of those services, or the National Guard.

Tex. Const., Art. XVI, Sec. 72

Denton ISD 061901		
BOARD MEMBERSBBETRAINING AND ORIENTATION(LEGAL		
Open Meetings Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its members under Government Code Chapter 551 (Open Meet- ings Act).	
	The attorney general may provide the training and may also ap- prove other acceptable sources of training.	
	The board shall maintain and make available for public inspection the record of its members' completion of the training. The failure of one or more members of the board to complete the training does not affect the validity of an action taken by the board.	
	Gov't Code 551.005	
Public Information Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its officers and employees under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act [PIA]). A board member may designate a public information coordinator to satisfy the training for the board member if the public information coordinator is primarily responsi- ble for administering the responsibilities of the board member or board under the PIA. The attorney general may require a board member to complete the course of training if the attorney general determines that the district has failed to comply with a requirement of the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.012(b), (b-1), (c)</i> [See GBAA regarding public information coordinator training.]	
SBOE-Required Training	A trustee must complete any training required by the State Board of Education (SBOE). <i>Education Code 11.159</i>	
	The SBOE's framework for governance leadership [see BBD(EX-HIBIT)] shall be distributed annually by the board president to all current board members and the superintendent. <i>19 TAC 61.1(a)</i>	
	The continuing education required under Education Code 11.159 applies to each member of the board. To the extent possible, an entire board shall participate in continuing education programs together. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b), (i)</i>	
	No continuing education shall take place during a board meeting unless that meeting is called expressly for the delivery of board member continuing education. Continuing education may take place prior to or after a legally called board meeting in accordance with Government Code 551.001(4) (definition of "meeting"). 19 TAC 61.1(e)	

	A regional education service center (ESC) board member continu- ing education program shall be open to any interested person, in- cluding a current or prospective board member. A district is not re- sponsible for any costs associated with individuals who are not current board members. <i>19 TAC 61.1(f)</i>
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend those board-superintendent teams that complete at least eight hours of the continuing educa- tion specified at Team Building and Additional Continuing Educa- tion, below, as an entire board-superintendent team.
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend board-superintendent teams that effectively implement the commissioner of education's trustee improvement and evaluation tool developed under Education Code 11.182 [see BG] or any other tool approved by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 61.1(k), (l)
Verification	For each training described below, the provider of continuing edu- cation shall provide verification of completion of board member continuing education to the individual participant and to the partici- pant's school district. The verification must include the provider's authorization or registration number. <i>19 TAC 61.1(h)</i>
Reporting	At the last regular board meeting before an election of trustees, the board president shall announce the name of each board member who has completed the required continuing education, who has exceeded the required hours of continuing education, and who is deficient in meeting the required continuing education as of the anniversary of the date of each board member's election or appointment to the board or two-year anniversary of his or her previous training, as applicable. The announcement shall state that completing the required continuing education is a basic obligation and expectation of any board member under SBOE rule. The minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees must reflect whether each trustee has met or is deficient in meeting the training required for the trustee as of the first anniversary of the date of the trustee's election or appointment or two-year anniversary of his or her previous training, as applicable. The president shall cause the minutes to reflect the announcement and, if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in training as of the anniversary of his or her joining the board, the district shall post the minutes on the district's internet website within 10 business days of the meeting and maintain the posting until the trustee meets the requirements. <i>19 TAC 61.1(j); Education Code 11.159(b)</i>
Local District Orientation	Each board member shall complete a local district orientation ses- sion. The purpose of the local orientation is to familiarize new

board members with local board policies and procedures and district goals and priorities.

A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.

The orientation shall:

- 1. Be at least three hours in length.
- 2. Address local district practices in the following, in addition to topics chosen by the local district:
  - a. Curriculum and instruction;
  - b. Business and finance operations;
  - c. District operations;
  - d. Superintendent evaluation; and
  - e. Board member roles and responsibilities.

Each board member should be made aware of the continuing education requirements of 19 Administrative Code 61.1 and those of the following:

- 1. Open meetings act in Government Code 551.005 [see Open Meetings Act Training above];
- 2. Public information act in Government Code 552.012 [see Public Information Act Training above]; and
- 3. Cybersecurity in Government Code 2054.5191 [see CQB].

The orientation shall be open to any board member who chooses to attend.

19 TAC 61.1(b)(1)

Education Code Orientation Each board member shall complete a basic orientation to the Education Code and relevant legal obligations. The orientation shall have special, but not exclusive, emphasis on statutory provisions related to governing Texas school districts.

> A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.

	The orientation shall be at least three hours in length. Topics include, but not be limited to, Education Code Chapter 26 (Pa Rights and Responsibilities) and Education Code 28.004 (Loc School Health Advisory Council and Health Education Instruct	rental al
	The orientation shall:	
	1. Be provided by an ESC.	
	2. Be open to any board member who chooses to attend.	
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instru- tion, provided that the training incorporates interactive activitie that assess learning and provide feedback to the learner and an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.	es
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(2)	
Legislative Update	After each session of the Texas Legislature, including each resession and called session related to education, each board research ber shall complete an update to the basic orientation to the Education Code.	nem-
	The update session shall be of sufficient length to familiarize members with major changes in statute and other relevant leg developments related to school governance.	
	The update shall be provided by an ESC or a registered provi [see Registered Provider, below].	der
	A board member who has attended an ESC basic orientation sion described at Education Code Orientation, above, that inc rated the most recent legislative changes is not required to at an update.	orpo-
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instru- tion, provided that the training is designed and offered by a re- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess I ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportu- for interaction with the instructor.	egis- earn-
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(3)	
Team Building	The entire board shall participate with their superintendent in team-building session.	а
	The purpose of the team-building session is to enhance the e tiveness of the board-superintendent team and to assess the tinuing education needs of the board-superintendent team.	
	The session shall be held annually and shall be at least three hours in length.	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	4 of 9

	The session shall include a review of the roles, rights, and respon- sibilities of the board as outlined in the framework for governance leadership. [See BBD(EXHIBIT)] The assessment of needs shall be based on the framework for governance leadership and shall be used to plan continuing education activities for the year for the gov- ernance leadership team.
	The team-building session shall be provided by an ESC or a regis- tered provider [see Registered Provider and Authorized Provider, below].
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(4)
Additional Continuing Education (Based on Assessed Needs)	In addition to the continuing education requirements set out above, each board member shall complete additional continuing education based on the framework for governance leadership. [See BBD(EX- HIBIT)]
	The purpose of continuing education is to address the continuing education needs referenced at Team Building above.
	The continuing education shall be completed annually.
	At least 50 percent of the continuing education shall be designed and delivered by persons not employed or affiliated with the board member's school district. No more than one hour of the required continuing education that is delivered by the district may use self- instructional materials.
	The continuing education shall be provided by an ESC or a regis- tered provider [see Registered Provider, below].
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training is designed and offered by a regis- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learn- ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.
First Year	In a board member's first year of service, he or she shall complete at least 10 hours of continuing education in fulfillment of assessed needs.
Subsequent Years	Following a board member's first year of service, he or she shall complete at least five hours of continuing education annually in ful-fillment of assessed needs.
Board President	A board president shall complete continuing education related to leadership duties of a board president as some portion of the an- nual requirement.
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(5)

Denton	ISD
061901	

Evaluating Student Academic Performance	Each board member shall complete continuing education on evalu- ating student academic performance and setting individual campus goals for early childhood literacy and mathematics and college, ca- reer, and military readiness.				
	mar that	ice is is de	ose of the training on evaluating student academic perfor- to provide research-based information to board members signed to support the oversight role of the board of putlined in Education Code 11.1515. [See BAA]		
	pus care	goals er, a	ose of the continuing education on setting individual cam- s for early childhood literacy and mathematics and college, nd military readiness is to facilitate boards meeting the re- its of Education Code 11.185 and 11.186.		
	yeai app yeai	r befo ointeo r prec	ate for school board may complete the training up to one ore he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or d board member who did not complete this training in the ceding his or her election or appointment must complete org within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.		
			nuing education shall be completed every two years and at least three hours in length.		
		conti inimu	nuing education required by this provision shall include, at m:		
	1.		ruction in school board behaviors correlated with improved lent outcomes with emphasis on:		
		a.	Setting specific, quantifiable student outcome goals; and		
		b.	Adopting plans to improve early literacy and numeracy and college, career, and military readiness for applicable student groups evaluated in the Closing the Gaps do- main of the state accountability system established un- der Education Code Chapter 39;		
	2.		ruction in progress monitoring practices to improve stu- t outcomes; and		
	3.	Ess mer	ruction in state accountability with emphasis on the Texas ential Knowledge and Skills, state assessment instru- its administered under Education Code Chapter 39, and state accountability system established under Chapter 39.		
			nuing education shall be provided by an authorized [see Authorized Provider, below].		

If the training is attended by an entire board and its superintendent, includes a review of local school district data on student achieve-

	Build oblig Eval	t, and otherwise meets the requirements described at Team ding above, the training may serve to meet a board member's gation to complete training described at Team Building and at luating Student Academic Performance, above, as long as the ing complies with the Open Meetings Act.	
	19 7	FAC 61.1(b)(6)	
Identifying and Reporting Abuse	Each board member shall complete continuing education on identi- fying and reporting potential victims of sexual abuse, human traf- ficking, and other maltreatment of children in accordance with Edu- cation Code 11.159(c)(2).		
	year appo year	Indidate for school board may complete the training up to one before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or binted board member who did not complete this training in the preceding his or her election or appointment must complete training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.	
		training shall be completed every two years and shall be at t one hour in length.	
	of E Cod	training must familiarize board members with the requirements ducation Code 38.004 and 38.0041, and 19 Administrative e 61.1051 (relating to Reporting Child Abuse or Neglect, In- ing Trafficking of a Child).	
	The training required by this provision shall include, at a minimum:		
	1.	Instruction in best practices of identifying potential victims of child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children;	
	2.	Instruction in legal requirements to report potential victims of child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children; and	
	3.	Instruction in resources and organizations that help support victims and prevent child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children.	
	The training sessions shall be provided by a registered provider [see Registered Provider, below].		
	desi activ	training may be completed online, provided that the training is gned and offered by a registered provider, incorporates inter- ve activities that assess learning and provide feedback to the ner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.	
	19 7	TAC 61.1(b)(7)	

BBD (LEGAL)

School Safety	The SBOE shall require a trustee to complete training on school safety. <i>Education Code 11.159(b-1)</i>
	The continuing education required under Education Code 11.159(b-1) applies to each member of an independent school district board of trustees.
	Each member shall complete the training on school safety adopted by the SBOE. The training requirement shall be fulfilled by com- pleting the online course adopted by the SBOE and made available by the commissioner of education. The training shall be completed every two years.
	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed trustee who did not complete the training in the year pre- ceding his or her election or appointment must complete the train- ing within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.
	A district shall maintain verification of completion for each trustee.
	19 TAC 61.3
Training Provider Registered Provider	For the purposes of 19 Administrative Code 61.1, a registered provider has demonstrated proficiency in the content required for a specific training. A private or professional organization, school district, government agency, college/university, or private consultant shall register with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) to provide the board member continuing education required by 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(3), (5), and (7) [see Legislative Update, Additional Continuing Education, and Identifying and Reporting Abuse, above].
	A district that provides continuing education exclusively for its own board members is not required to register under 19 Administrative Code $61.1(c)(1)$ -(2).
	19 TAC 61.1(c)
Authorized Provider	An authorized provider meets all the requirements of a registered provider and has demonstrated proficiency in the content required by 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6). Proficiency may be demonstrated in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 61.1(d).
	A private or professional organization, school district, government agency, college/university, or private consultant may be authorized by TEA to provide the board member training required in 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6).

An ESC shall be authorized by TEA to provide the board member training required in 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6).

19 TAC 61.1(d)

[See above for 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) on Team Building and (b)(6) on Evaluating Student Academic Performance.]

*Note:* For cybersecurity training requirements, see CQB(LEGAL).

#### BOARD MEMBERS TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

BBI (LEGAL)

	Note	<ul> <li>For employee and student use of district technology re- sources, see CQ.</li> </ul>
		For prohibited applications on district-owned devices, see CQC.
Public Information on Private Device		rent or former board member or employee of a district who tains public information on a privately owned device shall:
		Forward or transfer the public information to the district or a district server to be preserved as provided by Government Code 552.004(a); or
		Preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the privately owned device for the time de- scribed under Government Code 552.004(a).
	Gov't	<i>Code 552.004(b)</i> [See GB]
Online Message Board	bers a has s ation	nmunication or exchange of information between board mem- about public business or public policy over which the board upervision or control does not constitute a meeting or deliber- for purposes of Government Code Chapter 551 (Open Meet- Act) if:
	1.	The communication is in writing;
		The writing is posted to an online message board or similar internet application that is viewable and searchable by the public; and
		The communication is displayed in real time and displayed on the online message board or similar internet application for no less than 30 days after the communication is first posted.
	ilar in above must on the	ard may have no more than one online message board or sim- ternet application to be used for the purposes described e. The online message board or similar internet application be owned or controlled by the board, prominently displayed e district's primary internet web page, and no more than one away from the district's primary internet web page.
	be us have In the line n	online message board or similar internet application may only sed by members of the board or district staff members who received specific authorization from a member of the board. e event that a staff member posts a communication to the on- nessage board or similar internet application, the name and ti- the staff member must be posted along with the communica-

If a board removes from the online message board or similar internet application a communication that has been posted for at least 30 days, the board shall maintain the posting for a period of six years. This communication is public information and must be disclosed in accordance with Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).

The board may not vote or take any action that is required to be taken at a meeting under the Open Meetings Act by posting a communication to the online message board or similar internet application. In no event shall a communication or posting to the online message board or similar internet application be construed to be an action of the board.

Gov't Code 551.006

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)
Majority Vote	The board may act only by majority vote of the members present at a meeting held in compliance with Government Code Chapter 551 (Open Meetings Act), at which a quorum of the board is present and voting. A majority vote is generally determined from a majority of those present and voting, excluding abstentions, assuming a quorum is present. <i>Education Code 11.051(a-1); Atty. Gen. Op.</i> <i>GA-689 (2009)</i>
No Secret Ballot	No vote shall be taken by secret ballot. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JH-1163</i> (1978)
<b>Definitions</b> Deliberation	"Deliberation" means a verbal or written exchange between a quo- rum of a board, or between a quorum of a board and another per- son, concerning an issue within the jurisdiction of the board. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code</i> 551.001(2)
Meeting	"Meeting" means:
	<ol> <li>A deliberation between a quorum of a board, or between a quorum of the board and another person, during which public business or public policy over which the board has supervi- sion or control is discussed or considered, or during which the board takes formal action; or</li> </ol>
	2. Except as otherwise provided below, a gathering:
	a. That is conducted by the board or for which the board is responsible;
	b. At which a quorum of members of the board is present;
	c. That has been called by the board; and
	d. At which board members receive information from, give information to, ask questions of, or receive questions from any third person, including an employee of the dis- trict, about the public business or public policy over which the board has supervision or control.
	Gov't Code 551.001(4)
Exceptions to Meeting Social Function, Convention, or Candidate Event	The term does not include the gathering of a quorum of a board at a social function unrelated to the public business that is conducted by the board, the attendance by a quorum of a board at a regional, state, or national convention or workshop, ceremonial event, or press conference, or the attendance by a quorum of a board at a candidate forum, appearance, or debate to inform the electorate, if formal action is not taken and any discussion of public business is incidental to the social function, convention, workshop, ceremonial event, press conference, forum, appearance, or debate. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 551.001(4)</i>

Denton ISD 061901			
BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)		
Legislative Committee or Agency Meeting	The attendance by a quorum of a board at a meeting of a commit- tee or agency of the legislature is not considered to be a meeting of the board if the deliberations at the meeting by the board mem- bers consist only of publicly testifying, publicly commenting, and publicly responding to a question asked by a member of the leg- islative committee or agency. <i>Gov't Code 551.0035(b)</i>		
Online Message Board	For information on communications posted to an online message board, see BBI.		
Quorum	"Quorum" means a majority of the number of members fixed by statute. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(6); 311.013(b)</i>		
Disaster Exception	Notwithstanding any other law, a quorum is not required for the board to act if:		
	<ol> <li>The district's jurisdiction is wholly or partly located in the area of a disaster declared by the president of the United States or the governor; and</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>A majority of the members of the board are unable to be present at a board meeting as a result of the disaster.</li> </ol>		
	Gov't Code 418.1102		
Recording	"Recording" means a tangible medium on which audio or a combi- nation of audio and video is recorded, including a disc, tape, wire, film, electronic storage drive, or other medium now existing or later developed. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(7)</i>		
Prohibited Series of	A board member commits an offense if the member:		
Communications	<ol> <li>Knowingly engages in at least one communication among a series of communications that each occur outside of a meet- ing authorized by the Open Meetings Act and that concern an issue within the jurisdiction of the board in which the members engaging in the individual communications constitute fewer than a quorum of members but the members engaging in the series of communications constitute a quorum of members; and</li> </ol>		
	2. Knew at the time the member engaged in the communication that the series of communications:		
	a. Involved or would involve a quorum; and		
	<ul> <li>Would constitute a deliberation once a quorum of mem- bers engaged in the series of communications.</li> </ul>		
	Gov't Code 551.143		

Denton ISD 061901				
BOARD MEETINGS		BE (LEGAL)		
Superintendent Participation	present a board on	d shall provide the superintendent an opportunity to t a meeting an oral or written recommendation to the any item that is voted on by the board at the meeting. <i>Ed-</i> ode 11.051(a-1)		
Access to Board Meetings Open to Public	to the put	Every regular, special, or called meeting of a board shall be open to the public, except as provided by the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 551.002</i> [See BEC for exceptions for closed meetings.]		
Parental Access	board, ot	is entitled to complete access to any meeting of the ner than a closed meeting held in compliance with Gov- Code Chapter 551, Subchapters D and E. <i>Education</i> 007(a)		
Exclusion of Witnesses	hearing d	hat is investigating a matter may exclude a witness from a uring the examination of another witness in the investiga- <i>'t Code 551.084</i>		
Location	A board r the distric	nust hold each public meeting within the boundaries of t, except:		
	1. As r	equired by law; or		
	gove 205	old a joint meeting with another district or with another ernmental entity, as defined by Government Code 1.041, if the boundaries of the governmental entity are in le or in part within the boundaries of the district.		
	Education	n Code 26.007(b)		
Required Meeting Records Minutes or Recording	each ope each deli	hall prepare and keep minutes or make a recording of n meeting. The minutes must state the subject matter of peration and indicate each vote, order, decision, or other ten. <i>Gov't Code 551.021</i>		
Board Member Attendance	ular or sp	tes, certified agenda, or recording, as applicable, of a reg- ecial meeting of the board must reflect each member's at- at or absence from the meeting. <i>Education Code</i>		
Availability	and shall	tes and recordings of an open meeting are public records be available for public inspection and copying on request perintendent or designee. <i>Gov't Code 551.022; Education</i> 0621		
	Note:	For website posting requirements regarding the record of a board meeting, see CQA.		
Notice Required		hall give written notice of the date, hour, place, and sub- ch meeting held by the board. <i>Gov't Code 551.041</i>		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2 UPDATE 122 BE(LEGAL)-P	023	3 of 13		

Denton ISD 061901		
BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)	
Continued Meeting	Government Code 551.041, above, does not require a board that recesses an open meeting to the following regular business day to post notice of the continued meeting if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumvent the Open Meetings Act. If an open meeting is continued to the following regular business day and, on that following day, the board continues the meeting to another day, the board must give the required written notice of the meeting continued to that other day. <i>Gov't Code 551.0411(a)</i>	
Inquiry During Meeting	If, at a meeting of a board, a member of the public or of the board inquires about a subject for which notice has not been given, the notice provisions do not apply to a statement of specific factual information given in response to the inquiry or a recitation of existing policy in response to the inquiry. Any deliberation of or decision about the subject of the inquiry shall be limited to a proposal to place the subject on the agenda for a subsequent meeting. <i>Gov't Code 551.042</i>	
Time and Accessibility of Notice	The notice of a meeting of a board must be posted in a place read ily accessible to the general public at all times for at least 72 hours before the scheduled time of the meeting, except as provided at Emergency Meeting or Emergency Addition to Agenda, below. A district shall post notice of each meeting on a bulletin board at a place convenient to the public in the central administrative office of the district. <i>Gov't Code 551.043(a), .051</i>	
	If a district is required to post notice of a meeting on the internet:	
	<ol> <li>The district satisfies the requirement that the notice must be posted in a place readily accessible to the general public at all times by making a good-faith attempt to continuously post the notice on the internet during the prescribed period;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>The district must still comply with any duty imposed by the Open Meetings Act to physically post the notice at a particular location; and</li> </ol>	
	3. If the district makes a good-faith attempt to continuously post the notice on the internet during the prescribed period, the no- tice physically posted must be readily accessible to the gen- eral public during normal business hours.	
	Gov't Code 551.043(b)	
Internet Posting — Notice	If a district maintains an internet website, in addition to the other place at which notice or an agenda of a meeting is required to be posted, a board must also concurrently post notice of a meeting and the agenda for the meeting on the internet website.	

Denton ISD 061901			
BOARD MEETINGS		B (LEGA)	BE L)
	boar com	validity of a posted notice of a meeting or an agenda by a d subject to these provisions that made a good-faith attempt t bly with these requirements is not affected by a failure to com hat is due to a technical problem beyond the control of the dis	-
	Gov	t Code 551.056	
	[See	CQA for other website posting requirements.]	
Specificity of Agenda/Notice	publ any publ <u>dep.</u> <u>Sch.</u>	das for all meetings must be sufficiently specific to inform the c of the subjects to be discussed at the meeting, setting out special matters to be considered or any matter in which the c has a particular interest. <u>Cox Enterprises, Inc. v. Austin In-</u> <u>Sch. Dist.</u> , 706 S.W.2d 956 (Tex. 1986); <u>Point Isabel Indep.</u> <u>Dist. v. Hinojosa</u> , 797 S.W.2d 176 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christ , writ denied); Atty. Gen. Op. JH-1045 (1977)	
Emergency Meeting or Emergency Addition to Agenda	notic or ur delik nece has 551,	emergency or when there is an urgent public necessity, the e of a meeting to deliberate or take action on the emergency gent public necessity, or the supplemental notice to add the eration or taking of action on the emergency or urgent public ssity as an item to the agenda for a meeting for which notice been posted in accordance with Government Code Chapter Subchapter C, is sufficient if the notice or supplemental notic sted for at least one hour before the meeting is convened.	æ
	A board may not deliberate or take action on a matter at a meeting for which notice or supplemental notice is posted as described above other than:		
	1.	A matter directly related to responding to the emergency or urgent public necessity identified in the notice or supplemen- tal notice of the meeting; or	
	2.	An agenda item listed on a notice of the meeting before the supplemental notice was posted.	
	An emergency or urgent public necessity exists only if immediate action is required of a board because of:		
	1.	An imminent threat to public health and safety, including a threat described in item 2, below, if imminent; or	
	2.	A reasonably unforeseeable situation, including:	
		<ul> <li>Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rair or snow storm;</li> </ul>	٦,
		<ul> <li>Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of communication facilities;</li> </ul>	
	000		10

	C	Epidemic; or		
	d	Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threatened act of lawlessness or violence.		
		ard shall clearly identify the emergency or urgent public ne- in the notice of an emergency meeting or supplemental no-		
	The sudden relocation of a large number of residents from the area of a declared disaster to a district's jurisdiction is considered a rea- sonably unforeseeable situation for a reasonable period immedi- ately following the relocation.			
	Gov't (	Code 551.045		
Catastrophe	A board that is prevented from convening an open meeting that was otherwise properly posted under Government Code 551.041 because of a catastrophe may convene the meeting in a conve- nient location within 72 hours pursuant to Government Code 551.045 if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumvent the Open Meetings Act. If the board is unable to convene the open meeting within those 72 hours, the board may subsequently con- vene the meeting only if the board gives the required written notice of the meeting.			
		rophe" means a condition or occurrence that interferes ally with the ability of a board to conduct a meeting, includ-		
		re, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or now storm;		
		ower failure, transportation failure, or interruption of commu- cation facilities;		
	3. E	pidemic; or		
		ot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threat- ned act of lawlessness or violence.		
	Gov't (	Code 551.0411(b), (c)		
Special Notice to News Media	A district shall provide special notice of each meeting to any news media that has requested special notice and agreed to reimburse the district for the cost of providing the special notice. The notice shall be by telephone, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail. <i>Gov't Code 551.052</i>			
	meetin	ard president or board member who calls an emergency g or adds an emergency item to the agenda of a board g shall notify the news media of the emergency meeting or		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	6 of 13		

Denton ISD 061901

	emergency item. The president or member is required to notify only those members of the news media that have previously filed a request containing all pertinent information for the special notice and agreed to reimburse the board for the cost of providing the special notice. The president or member shall give the notice by telephone, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail at least one hour before the meeting is convened. <i>Gov't Code 551.047</i>
Meeting by Telephone Conference Call	A board may hold a meeting by telephone conference call only if an emergency or public necessity exists within the meaning of Government Code 551.045 and the convening at one location of a quorum of the board is difficult or impossible, or if the meeting is held by an advisory board.
Technical Requirements and Recording	Each part of the telephone conference call meeting that is required to be open to the public shall be audible to the public at the loca- tion specified in the notice of the meeting as the location of the meeting and shall be recorded. The recording shall be made avail- able to the public.
	The location designated in the notice as the location of the meeting shall provide two-way communication during the entire telephone conference call meeting and the identification of each party to the telephone conference shall be clearly stated prior to speaking.
Notice of Location	The telephone conference call meeting is subject to the notice re- quirements applicable to other meetings. The notice must specify as the location of the meeting the location where meetings of the board are usually held.
	Gov't Code 551.125
Meeting by Videoconference	"Videoconference call" or "videoconference" means a communica- tion conducted between two or more persons in which one or more of the participants communicate with the other participants through audio and video signals transmitted over a telephone network, a data network, or the internet. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(8); 1 TAC</i> <i>209.1(5)</i>
	A board member or district employee may participate remotely in a board meeting by means of a videoconference call if the video and audio feed of the board member's or employee's participation, as applicable, is broadcast live at the meeting and complies with the provisions below. A board member who participates by videocon- ference call shall be counted as present at the meeting for all pur- poses. A board member who participates in a meeting by video conference call shall be considered absent from any portion of the meeting during which audio or video communication with the mem- ber is lost or disconnected. The board may continue the meeting

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)
	only if a quorum remains present at the meeting location or, if applicable, continues to participate in a meeting conducted as specified at Multiple Counties, below. <i>Gov't Code 551.127(a-1)-(a-3)</i>
Quorum in One Location	A meeting may be held by videoconference call only if a quorum of the board is physically present at one location of the meeting, ex- cept as provided at Multiple Counties, below.
Multiple Counties	A meeting of a board of a district that extends into three or more counties may be held by videoconference call only if the board member presiding over the meeting is physically present at one lo- cation of the meeting that is open to the public during the open por- tions of the meeting.
Additional Notice Requirements	A meeting held by videoconference call is subject to the notice re- quirements applicable to other meetings in addition to the notice requirements applicable to meetings by videoconference call.
	The notice of a meeting to be held by videoconference call must specify as a location of the meeting the location where a quorum of the board will be physically present and specify the intent to have a quorum present at that location, except that the notice of a meeting held by videoconference call described above at Multiple Counties must specify as a location of the meeting the location where the board member presiding over the meeting will be physically present and specify the intent to have that member present at that location.
	Gov't Code 551.127(b)-(e)
Quality of Audio and Video Signals	Each portion of a meeting held by videoconference call that is required to be open to the public shall be visible and audible to the public at the location specified in the notice. If a problem occurs that causes a meeting to no longer be visible and audible to the public at that location, the meeting must be recessed until the problem is resolved. If the problem is not resolved in six hours or less, the meeting must be adjourned.
	The location specified in the notice, and each remote location from which a member of the board participates, shall have two-way au- dio and video communication with each other location during the entire meeting. The face of each participant in the videoconference call, while that participant is speaking, shall be clearly visible, and the voice audible, to each other participant and, during the open portion of the meeting, to the members of the public in attendance at the physical location described by the notice and at any other lo- cation of the meeting that is open to the public.
	The quality of the audio and video signals perceptible at each loca- tion of the meeting must meet or exceed minimum standards spec-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023 8 of 13

	ified by the Department of Information Resources (DIR). The audio and video signals perceptible by members of the public at the loca- tion of the meeting described by the notice and at each remote lo- cation from which a member participates must be of sufficient qual- ity so that members of the public at each location can observe the demeanor and hear the voice of each participant in the open por- tion of the meeting.
	Gov't Code 551.127(f), (h)-(j)
Minimum Standards	No requirements found in subchapter B of 1 Administrative Code Chapter 209 (minimum standards for meetings held by videocon- ference by governmental bodies) shall be interpreted to overrule any section of the Open Meetings Act or any rules adopted or opin- ions issued by the Office of the Attorney General interpreting the Open Meetings Act. <i>1 TAC 209.4</i>
	Boards conducting open or closed meetings by videoconference call shall review and consider any applicable guidelines promulgated by DIR. <i>1 TAC 209.5(b)</i>
Computer-Based Videoconferencing Applications	"Computer-based videoconferencing application" means a com- mercially available application designed to facilitate videoconfer- encing between a personal computer to another personal computer or mobile device either one-to-one or in a group environment. <i>1</i> <i>TAC 209.1(1)</i>
	All computer-based videoconferencing applications shall employ a minimum bandwidth transmission speed and/or adequate data compression algorithm to produce a sufficient quality for audio and video such that audio volume and clarity and video clarity are sufficient to hear and view all speaking participants on the videoconference clearly.
	Computer-based videoconferencing applications may specify unique minimum requirements for computer central processing units, memory, and video capability to run the computer-based videoconferencing application. A board shall comply with these minimum requirements.
	If the videoconference call hosts a public audience at a location or locations specified by the official notice of the open meeting posted in compliance with Open Meetings Act requirements, then the dis- trict shall establish a minimum of one host computer at the loca- tion(s) that will run the computer-based videoconferencing applica- tion. This host computer shall then be connected to:
	1. Either a separate video monitor of size proportional to the room and clearly visible to all in the room or multiple video

	monitors so that all attendees may clearly view the video stream; and		
	<ol> <li>External speakers of suitable volume and sound quality suc that all meeting attendees at the host location may clearly hear the meeting.</li> </ol>	ch	
	Any personal computer used by a board member for the purpose of videoconferencing for an open meeting subject to the Open Meetings Act shall contain a camera and speakers of sufficient quality to permit all meeting attendees to see the individual who using the personal computer and for the individual to hear all speaking attendees.		
	1 TAC 209.10		
Dedicated Video Room Environments	If a board uses a dedicated video room environment (DVRE) for dedicated camera and speaker equipment but is using a computer- based videoconferencing application that is not part of a propri- etary DVRE setup, then the district must comply with all minimum standards for computer-based application software, above, and is not subject to the DIR requirements for a DVRE. <i>1 TAC 209.11(e)</i>		
	<i>Note:</i> The minimum standards for videoconference meetings hosted between dedicated video room environments a outlined in 1 Administrative Code 209.1 and 209.11.		
Security Requirements	Each board subject to the Open Meetings Act shall review and comply with any additional internal security requirements of their district that may apply to a meeting held by videoconference. <i>1 TAC 209.12(a)</i>		
Recording	The board shall make at least an audio recording of the meeting. The recording shall be made available to the public.		
Remote Participation by the Public	Without regard to whether a member of the board is participating in a meeting from a remote location by videoconference call, a board may allow a member of the public to testify at a meeting from a re- mote location by videoconference call.		
	Gov't Code 551.127(g), (k)		
Internet Broadcast	Except as provided by Government Code 551.128(b-1), below, a subject to the requirements at Video and Audio Recording of Me ing, below, a board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet.	et-	
	Except as provided by Government Code 551.128(b-2) [see Exist- ing Website, below], a board that broadcasts a meeting over the in- ternet shall establish an internet site and provide access to the		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23 10 of	13	

Denton	ISD
061901	

Denton ISD 061901		
BOARD MEETINGS		BE (LEGAL)
	site the s post unc tice on t	st from that site. The board shall provide on the internet same notice of the meeting that the board is required to ler Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C. The no- he internet must be posted within the time required for notice under Subchapter C.
	Gov't Co	ode 551.128(b), (c)
	Note:	The provisions at Video and Audio Recording of Meeting apply to a board for a district that has a student enroll- ment of 10,000 or more.
Video and Audio	A board	shall:
Recording of Meeting Required Recording	1. Ma ead	ke a video and audio recording of reasonable quality of ch:
	a.	Regularly scheduled open meeting that is not a work session or a special called meeting; and
	b.	Open meeting that is a work session or special called meeting at which the board votes on any matter or al- lows public comment or testimony [see BED for require- ments regarding public testimony]; and
		ke available an archived copy of the video and audio ording of each meeting described in item 1.
Internet Posting —	A board	shall:
Recordings	pro	ke the archived recording of each meeting to which these visions apply available on the internet not later than seven /s after the date the recording was made; and
	tha	intain the archived recording on the internet for not less n two years after the date the recording was first made ailable.
Existing Website	existing or social separate	may make available the required archived recording on an internet site, including a publicly accessible video-sharing networking site. The board is not required to establish a e internet site and provide access to archived recordings of s from that site.
District Website	A district that maintains an internet site shall make available on	

District Website A district that maintains an internet site shall make available on that site, in a conspicuous manner, the archived recording of each meeting or an accessible link to the archived recording of each such meeting.

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LEGAL)
Exemption	A board is exempt from the internet posting requirements if the board's failure to make the required recording of a meeting avail- able is the result of a catastrophe, as defined by Government Code 551.0411 [see Catastrophe, above], or a technical breakdown. Fol- lowing a catastrophe or breakdown, a board must make all reason- able efforts to make the required recording available in a timely manner.
Television Broadcast	A board may broadcast a regularly scheduled open meeting on television.
	Gov't Code 551.128(b-1)-(b-6)
Recording by Attendee	A person in attendance may record all or any part of an open meet- ing of a board by means of a recorder, video camera, or other means of aural or visual reproduction. A board may adopt reason- able rules to maintain order at a meeting, including rules relating to the location of recording equipment and the manner in which the recording is conducted. A rule adopted under this provision may not prevent or unreasonably impair a person from exercising a right granted under this provision. <i>Gov't Code 551.023</i>
Attorney Consultation	A board may use a telephone conference call, videoconference call, or communications over the internet to conduct a public con- sultation with its attorney in an open meeting of the board or a pri- vate consultation with its attorney in a closed meeting of the board. [See BEC]
	Each part of a public consultation by a board with its attorney in an open meeting must be audible to the public at the location specified in the notice of the meeting as the location of the meeting.
	These provisions do not authorize the members of a board to con- duct a meeting of the board by telephone conference call, video conference call, or communications over the internet; or create an exception to the application of Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter F (meetings using telephone, videoconference, or in- ternet).
Exception	These provisions do not apply to a consultation with an attorney who is an employee of a district. An attorney who receives com- pensation for legal services performed, from which employment taxes are deducted by the district, is an employee of the district.
	Gov't Code 551.129
Persons with Hearing Impairments	In a proceeding before a board in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a party are to be determined by the board after an ad- judicative hearing, the board shall supply for a party who is deaf or

Denton ISD 061901

### **BOARD MEETINGS**

hearing impaired an interpreter who has qualifications approved by the Texas Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing.

"Deaf or hearing impaired" means having a hearing impairment, regardless of the existence of a speech impairment, that inhibits comprehension of an examination or proceeding, or communication with others.

Gov't Code 558.001, .003

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CA	FISCAL MANAGEMENT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES		
CAA	Financial Ethics		
CB	STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES		
CBA	State		
CBB	Federal		
CC	LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES		
CCA	Bond Issues		
CCB	Time Warrants		
CCC	Certificates of Indebtedness		
CCD	Recreational Facilities Bonds		
CCE	Athletic Stadium Authority		
CCF	Loans and Notes		
CCG	Ad Valorem Taxes		
CCGA	Exemptions and Payments		
CCGB	Economic Development		
CCH	Appraisal District		
CD	OTHER REVENUES		
CDA	Investments		
CDB	Sale, Lease, or Exchange of School-Owned Property		
CDBA	Revenue Bonds from Proceeds		
CDC	Gifts and Solicitations		
CDD	Rentals and Service Charges		
CDE	Shop Sales		
CDF	Royalties		
CDG	Gate Receipts, Concessions		
CDH	Public and Private Facilities		
CE	ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET		
CEA	Financial Exigency		
CF	ACCOUNTING		
CFA	Financial Reports and Statements		
CFB	Inventories		
CFC	Audits		
CFD	Activity Funds Management		
CFE	Payroll Procedures		
CFEA	Salary Deductions and Reductions		
CFF	Checking Accounts		
CFG	Cash in School Buildings		
CG	BONDED EMPLOYEES AND OFFICERS		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 UPDATE 122			

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CH	PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION		
CHB	Petty Cash Account		
CHD	Purchasing Procedures		
CHE	Vendor Disclosures and Contracts		
CHF	Payment Procedures		
CHG	Real Property and Improvements		
CHH	Financing Personal Property Purchases		
CI	SCHOOL PROPERTIES DISPOSAL		
CJA	CONTRACTED SERVICES Criminal History		
CK	SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT		
CKA	Safety and Security Audits and Monitoring		
CKB	Accident Prevention and Reports		
CKC	Emergency Plans		
CKD	Emergency Medical Equipment and Procedures		
CKE	Security Personnel		
CKEA	Commissioned Peace Officers		
CKEB	School Marshals		
CKEC	School Resource Officers		
CKED	Other Security Arrangements		
CL	BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT		
CLA	Security		
CLB	Maintenance		
CLC	Traffic and Parking Controls		
CLD	Records and Reports		
CLE	Flag Displays		
CM	EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT		
CMA	Receiving and Warehousing		
CMB	Authorized Uses of Equipment and Supplies		
CMD	Instructional Materials Care and Accounting		
CN	TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT		
CNA	Student Transportation		
CNB	District Vehicles		
CNBA	Bus Maintenance		
CNC	Transportation Safety		
CO	FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT		
COA	Procurement		
COB	Free and Reduced-Price Meals		
COC	Vending Machines		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023			

UPDATE 122 C(LEGAL)-P **Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CP	OFFICE MANAGEMENT
CPA	Office Communications
CPAA	Printing and Duplicating
CPAB	Mail and Delivery
CPAC	Telephone
CPC	Records Management
CQ	TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES
CQA	District, Campus, and Classroom Websites
CQB	Cybersecurity
CQC	Equipment
CR	INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT
CRA	Property Insurance
CRB	Liability Insurance
CRD	Health and Life Insurance
CRE	Workers' Compensation
CRF	Unemployment Insurance
CRG	Deferred Compensation and Annuities
CS	FACILITY STANDARDS
CSA	Safety and Security
CSB	Gas and Pipelines
CSC	Asbestos Management
СТ	FACILITIES PLANNING
CV	FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION
CVA	Competitive Bidding
CVB	Competitive Sealed Proposals
CVC	Construction Manager-Agent
CVD	Construction Manager-at-Risk
CVE	Design-Build
CVF	Job Order Contracts
CW	NAMING FACILITIES
СХ	CONTRACTS FOR FACILITIES
CY	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Denton ISD 061901

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

Table of Contents	Bonds and Bond Taxes	2
	Limitation	2
	Use of Proceeds for Utilities	2
	Use of Proceeds for Safety	3
	State Facilities Funding	3
	Investment of Bond Proceeds	4
	Unspent Bond Proceeds	4
	Capital Appreciation Bonds	4
	Limitation on Issuance	4
	Limitation on Use of Proceeds	6
	Total Amount of Capital Appreciation Bonds	6
	Extension	6
	Bond Elections	6
	Call for Election	7
	Election Order	7
	Election Notice	8
	Propositions	8
	Voter Information	10
	Electioneering and Political Advertising	11
	50 Cent Test for New Debt	11
	Future Taxable Value	12
	Attorney General Review and Approval	12
	Refunding Bonds	12
	Instructional Facilities Allotment for Refunding Bonds	13
	Authorized Unissued Bonds	13
	Bond Guarantee Program	13
	Eligibility	13
	Application	13
	Credit Enhancement Program	14
	Eligibility	14
	Application	15
	Authority to Contract for Services	15
	Federal Securities Law	16
	Disclosure Obligations for Bond and Other Debt Offerings	16
	Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds	16
	Liability under Federal Securities Law	16

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

Bonds and Bond Taxes	The board may issue bonds for:			
Taxes	1.	The construction, acquisition, and equipment of school build- ings in the district;		
	2.	The acquisition of property or the refinancing of property un- der a contract entered under the Public Property Finance Act (Local Government Code, Chapter 271, Subchapter A), re- gardless of whether payment obligations under the contract are due in the current year or a future year;		
	3.	The purchase of the necessary sites for school buildings;		
	4.	The purchase of new school buses;		
	5.	The retrofitting of school buses with emergency, safety, or se- curity equipment; and		
	6.	The purchase or retrofitting of vehicles to be used for emer- gency, safety, or security purposes.		
	The board may levy, pledge, assess, and collect annual ad val- orem taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds as or before the principal and interest become due, subject to the provisions at Bond Elections, below.			
	Education Code 45.001(a)			
	All bonds shall be issued in accordance with the Public Security Procedures Act. <i>Gov't Code, Ch. 1201</i>			
Limitation	A district may not issue general obligation bonds to purchase, im- prove, or construct one or more improvements to real property, to purchase one or more items of personal property, or to do both, if the weighted average maturity of the issue of bonds exceeds 120 percent of the reasonably expected weighted average economic life of the improvements and personal property financed with the is- sue of bonds. <i>Gov't Code 1253.002</i>			
Use of Proceeds for Utilities	tion char amo stall of a ter, may	The proceeds of bonds issued by school districts for the construc- tion and equipment of school buildings in the district and the pur- chase of the necessary sites for school buildings may be used, among other things, to pay the cost of acquiring, laying, and in- stalling pipes or lines to connect with the water, sewer, or gas lines of a municipality or private utility company, whether or not the wa- ter, sewer, or gas lines adjoin the school, so that the school district may provide its public school buildings the water, sewer, or gas services. <i>Education Code 45.101</i>		

Denton ISD 061901				
LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES C BOND ISSUES (LEG				
Use of Proceeds for Safety	The proceeds of bonds issued by a school district for the construc- tion and equipment of school buildings in the district and the pur- chase of the necessary sites for school buildings may be used to pay the costs associated with complying with school safety and se- curity requirements for school facilities in accordance with Educa- tion Code 37.351. [See CKA]			
	A district that has been determined by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) to not be in compliance with safety and security re- quirements must use the proceeds of bonds described above to achieve compliance with applicable safety and security require- ments in accordance with Education Code 37.351 before the dis- trict may use those proceeds for any other authorized purpose.			
	Education Code 45.1011			
State Facilities Funding Instructional Facilities Allotment	"Instructional facility" means real property, an improvement to real property, or a necessary fixture of an improvement to real property that is used predominantly for teaching the required curriculum. <i>Education Code 46.001</i>			
	Under the Instructional Facilities Allotment, Education Code Chap- ter 46, Subchapter A, for each year, except as provided by Educa- tion Code 46.005 (limitation on the guaranteed amount) and 46.006 (shortage or excess of appropriated funds), a district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and local funds for each cent of tax effort, up to the statutory maximum in Educa- tion Code 46.003(b), to pay the principal of and interest on eligible bonds issued to construct, acquire, renovate or improve an instruc- tional facility. <i>Education Code 46.003(a)</i> [See 19 Administrative Code 61.1032 for commissioner's rules related to the instructional facilities allotment.]			
Existing Debt Allotment	A district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and local funds for each cent of tax effort to pay the principal and interest on eligible bonds under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter B. Bonds are eligible to be paid with state and local funds under Subchapter B if the district made payments on the bonds during the final school year of the preceding state fiscal biennium or taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on the bonds were included in a district's audited debt service collections for that school year, and the district does not receive state assistance under the Instructional Facilities Allotment for payment of the principal and interest on the bonds. <i>Education Code</i> 46.032(a), .033 [See 19 Administrative Code 61.1035 for commissioner's rules related to the existing debt allotment.]			

	Note:		For information on the new instructional facility allotment, see CBA.		
Investment of Bond Proceeds		-	requirements regarding investment of bond proceeds, (LEGAL).		
Unspent Bond Proceeds		strict ds on	may use unspent proceeds of issued general obligation ly:		
	1.	For rize	the specific purposes for which the bonds were autho- d;		
	2.	To r	etire the bonds; or		
	3.		a purpose other than the specific purposes for which the ds were authorized if:		
		a.	The specific purposes are accomplished or abandoned; and		
		b.	The board at a public meeting held only for the purpose of considering the use of the unspent bond proceeds ap- proves in separate votes the use of the proceeds for:		
			(1) A purpose other than to retire the bonds; and		
			(2) The purpose specified at the time the vote is taken.		
	In addition to other requirements, notice of a public meeting held under this provision must include a statement that the board will consider the use of unspent bond proceeds for a purpose other than the specific purposes for which the bonds were authorized. A public meeting held under this provision must provide the public an opportunity to address the board on the question of using the un- spent bond proceeds for a purpose other than the specific pur- poses for which the bonds were authorized.				
	Edu	catio	n Code 45.1105		
Capital Appreciation Bonds	tion date	bond e of de	oses of the following policy provisions, a "capital apprecia- i" is a bond that accrues and compounds interest from its elivery, the interest on which by its terms is payable only turity or prior redemption.		
Limitation on Issuance			district may not issue capital appreciation bonds that are by ad valorem taxes unless:		
	1.		bonds have a scheduled maturity date that is not later 20 years after the date of issuance;		

- 2. The board has received a written estimate of the cost of the issuance, including:
  - a. The amount of principal and interest to be paid until maturity;
  - b. The amount of fees to be paid to outside vendors, including vendors who sell products to be financed by the bond issuance;
  - c. The amount of fees to be paid to each financing team member; and
  - d. The projected tax impact of the bonds and the assumptions on which the calculation of the projected tax impact is based;
- 3. The board has determined in writing whether any personal or financial relationship exists between the members of the board and any financial advisor, bond counsel, bond under-writer, or other professional associated with the bond issuance and submitted the determination to the Ethics Commission; and
- 4. The board posts prominently on the district's internet website and enters in the minutes of the board:
  - a. The total amount of the proposed bonds;
  - b. The length of maturity of the proposed bonds;
  - c. The projects to be financed with bond proceeds;
  - d. The intended use of bond proceeds not spent after completion of the projects identified;
  - e. The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded indebtedness at the time of the election on the bonds, including the amount of principal and interest to be paid on existing bond indebtedness until maturity;
  - f. The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded indebtedness, including the amount of principal and interest to be paid until maturity; and
  - g. The information received at item 2 above and determined under item 3 above.

The board shall regularly update the debt information posted on the district's internet website under item 4.f above to ensure that the information is current and accurate.

Denton ISD 061901				
LOCAL REVENUE SOU BOND ISSUES	RCES	CCA (LEGAL)		
Limitation on Use of Proceeds	the f	ital appreciation bond proceeds may not be used to purchase ollowing items, unless an item has an expected useful life that eeds the bond's maturity date:		
	1.	Items more regularly considered maintenance items, including replacement HVAC units, upgraded plumbing, or similar items; or		
	2.	Transportation-related items, including buses.		
Unspent Proceeds	Capital appreciation bond proceeds unspent after completion of the project identified as the proceeds' intended use may be used only for a use identified on the district's website as required above, unless another use is approved by the voters of the district at an election held for that purpose.			
Total Amount of Capital Appreciation Bonds	The total amount of capital appreciation bonds may not exceed 25 percent of the district's total outstanding bonded indebtedness at the time of the issuance, including the amount of principal and interest to be paid on the outstanding bonds until maturity.			
Extension	A district may not extend the maturity date of an issued capital preciation bond, including through the issuance of refunding that extend the maturity date, unless:			
	1.	The extension of the maturity date will decrease the total amount of projected principal and interest to maturity; or		
	2.	The maximum legally allowable tax rate for indebtedness has been adopted and TEA certifies in writing that the solvency of the permanent school fund's bond guarantee program would be threatened without the extension.		
	Gov	't Code 1201.0245		
	appl Cha	foregoing provisions of Government Code 1201.0245 do not y to the issuance of refunding bonds under Government Code pter 1207 or capital appreciation bonds for the purpose of fi- cing transportation projects. <i>Gov't Code 1201.0245(j)</i>		
Bond Elections	thori an e acco tion der o elect on, t	ds may not be issued and taxes may not be levied unless au- zed by a majority of the qualified voters of the district, voting at lection held for such purpose, at the expense of the district, in ordance with the Election Code, except as provided by Educa- Code 45.003. The election shall be called by resolution or or- of the board. The resolution or order must state the date of the tion, the proposition or propositions to be submitted and voted he polling place or places, and any other matters considered essary or advisable by the board. <i>Education Code 45.003(a)</i>		

		Each special election in this state shall be held on one of the fol- lowing dates:		
	1.	The first Saturday in May; or		
	2.	The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.		
	Elec	ction Code 41.001(a) [See BBB]		
Call for Election	sha	an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election Il be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day. ction Code 3.005 [See BBBA]		
Election Order	[see	ddition to other legal requirements regarding the election order BBBA(LEGAL)], the document ordering an election to autho- a district to issue debt obligations must distinctly state:		
	1.	The proposition language that will appear on the ballot;		
	2.	The purpose for which the bonds are to be authorized;		
	3.	The principal amount of the bonds to be authorized;		
	4.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds may be imposed;		
	5.	The estimated tax rate if the bonds are authorized or the max- imum interest rate of the bonds or any series of the bonds, based on the market conditions at the time of the election or- der;		
	6.	The maximum maturity date of the bonds to be authorized or that the bonds may be issued to mature over a specified num- ber of years not to exceed the maximum number of years au- thorized by law;		
	7.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding principal of the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered;		
	8.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding interest on the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to variable rate debt obligations; and		
	9.	The district's ad valorem debt service tax rate at the time the election is ordered, expressed as an amount per \$100 valuation of taxable property.		
	Elec	ction Code 3.009(b)		

Posting	The election order must be posted:					
FOSUNG						
	<ol> <li>On election day and during early voting by personal appear- ance, in a prominent location at each polling place;</li> </ol>					
	2. Not later than the 21st day before the election in three public places in the boundaries of the district; and					
	3. During the 21 days before the election, on the district's inter- net website, prominently and together with the notice of the election, the contents of the proposition, and any sample bal- lot prepared for the election, if the district maintains an inter- net website.					
	Election Code 4.003(f) [See Voter Information, below]					
Election Notice	The notice of election must comply with Election Code Chapter 4. [For specific requirements regarding contents of the election no- tice, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Publication and Posting	The notice of election must be published and posted in accordance with Election Code requirements. [For specific requirements regarding publication and posting, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Notice to Election Officials	Notice must be given to the county clerk, voter registrar, and elec- tion judge in accordance with Election Code Chapter 4. [For spe- cific requirements, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Propositions	A proposition submitted to authorize the issuance of bonds must include the question of whether the board may levy, pledge, as- sess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes, on all taxable property in the district, either:					
	<ol> <li>Sufficient, without limits as to rate or amount, to pay the prin- cipal of and interest on said bonds; or</li> </ol>					
	<ol> <li>Sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds, provided that the annual aggregate bond taxes in the district may never be more than the rate stated in the proposition.</li> </ol>					
	The ballot proposition must include the following statement: "THIS IS A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE."					
	Education Code 45.003(b), (b-1)					
	A district that submits to the voters a proposition for the approval of the issuance of debt obligations shall prescribe the wording of the proposition that is to appear on the ballot in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Chapter 1251, Subchapter B. <i>Election Code 52.072(f)</i>					

	corr lot r	espor nust i	ct shall assign a letter to each measure on the ballot that nds to its order on the ballot. Each proposition on the bal- dentify the name of the authority ordering the election on ure. <i>Election Code 52.095</i>		
Ballot Contents	The ballot for a measure seeking voter approval of the issuance of debt obligations by a district shall specifically state:				
	1.		ain language description of the single specific purposes which the debt obligations are to be authorized;		
	2.		total principal amount of the debt obligations to be autho- d; and		
	3.		t taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the tobligations will be imposed.		
	vote sepa pose tially	er app arate e one y sam	gle specific purpose for which debt obligations requiring roval are to be issued must be printed on the ballot as a proposition. A proposition may include as a specific pur- or more structures or improvements serving the substan- e purpose and may include related improvements and at necessary to accomplish the specific purpose.		
	Gov	r't Co	de 1251.052(a)-(a-1)		
que stru trict ess a si		Notwithstanding the requirements at Ballot Contents, above, the question of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for the con- struction, acquisition, and equipment of school buildings in the dis- trict, the purchase of new school buses, and the purchase of nec- essary sites for school buildings may be submitted to the voters in a single ballot proposition, except that bonds for each of the follow- ing purposes must be stated in a separate proposition:			
	1.	The	construction, acquisition, or equipment of:		
		a.	A stadium with seating capacity for more than 1,000 spectators;		
		b.	A natatorium;		
		C.	Another recreational facility other than a gymnasium, playground, or play area;		
		d.	A performing arts facility;		
		e.	Housing for teachers as determined by the district to be necessary to have a sufficient number of teachers for the district; and		

	eq	acquisition or update of technology equipment, other than uipment used for school security purposes or technology rastructure integral to the construction of a facility.				
	building lot as a building contain proposi sued th building	estion of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for a described by items 1a-e above must be printed on the bal- separate ballot proposition regardless of whether that is proposed as part of the same complex or building that is traditional classroom facilities. Each separate ballot tion must state the principal amount of the bonds to be is- at constitutes the cost for construction of that portion of the or complex attributable to the building described by items ove or to the traditional classroom facilities, as applicable.				
	Educati	on Code 45.003(g)-(h)				
Definition	ment Co taxes. T nated a	bligation" means a public security, as defined by Govern- ode 1201.002, secured by and payable from ad valorem The term does not include public securities that are desig- s self-supporting by the political subdivision issuing the se- <i>Gov't Code 1251.051(1)</i>				
Voter Information	adopts	A district with at least 250 registered voters on the date the board adopts the debt obligation election order must prepare a voter in- formation document for each proposition to be voted on at the elec- tion.				
Posting Requirements	manner under E	trict shall post the voter information document in the same as a debt obligation election order is required to be posted election Code 4.003(f) [see Posting, above] and may include or information document in the debt obligation election or-				
	mation cessible	t that maintains an internet website shall provide the infor- described at Contents, below, on its website in an easily ac- emanner beginning not later than the 21st day before elec- and ending on the day after the date of the debt obligation				
Contents	The vot	er information document must distinctly state:				
	1. Th	e language that will appear on the ballot;				
	2. Th	e following information formatted as a table:				
	a.	The principal of the debt obligations to be authorized;				
	b.	The estimated interest for the debt obligations to be au- thorized;				

		C.	The	estimated combined principal and interest required
				ay on time and in full the debt obligations to be au- zed; and
		d.		f the date the district adopts the debt obligation elec- order:
			(1)	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations of the district;
			(2)	The estimated remaining interest on all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations; and
			(3)	The estimated combined principal and interest re- quired to pay on time and in full all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations;
	3.	taxes distri oblig	s that ict wit ation	ated maximum annual increase in the amount of would be imposed on a residence homestead in the h an appraised value of \$100,000 to repay the debt s to be authorized, if approved, based upon as- s made by the board; and
	4.	•	essary	information that the board considers relevant or to explain the information required by these provi-
Assumptions	jor a	ssum	ption	I identify in the voter information document the ma- s made in connection with the statement required by ncluding:
	1.		tandir	tization of the district's debt obligations, including ng debt obligations and the proposed debt obliga-
	2.	Char trict;	•	in estimated future appraised values within the dis-
	3.	The	assur	med interest rate on the proposed debt obligations.
	Gov	't Coa	le 12	51.052(b)-(d)
Electioneering and Political Advertising				nformation and prohibitions related to electioneering vertising, see BBBD(LEGAL).
50 Cent Test for New Debt	gene	eral th	at, w	bonds, a district must demonstrate to the attorney ith respect to the proposed issuance, the district has lity to pay the principal of and interest on the pro-
DATE 1991 100 11/21/20	122			11 of 17

	posed bonds and all previously issued bonds, other than bonds au- thorized to be issued at an election held on or before April 1, 1991, and issued before September 1, 1992, from a tax at a rate not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of valuation (the "50 Cent Test").
	A district may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent Test by using the most recent taxable value of property in the dis- trict, combined with state assistance to which the district is entitled under Education Code Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used for the payment of bonds.
Future Taxable Value	A district may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent Test by using a projected future taxable value of property in the district anticipated for the earlier of the tax year five years after the current tax year or the tax year in which the final payment is due for the bonds submitted to the attorney general, combined with state assistance to which the district is entitled under Education Code Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used for the payment of bonds.
	The district must submit to the attorney general a certification of the district's projected taxable value prepared by a registered, cer- tified professional appraiser who has demonstrated professional experience in projecting taxable values or who can obtain any nec- essary assistance from an experienced person.
	The certification of a district's projected taxable value must be signed by the superintendent. The attorney general must base a determination of whether a district has complied with the 50 Cent Test on a taxable value that is equal to 90 percent of the value cer- tified.
	Education Code 45.0031
Attorney General Review and Approval	Unless exempt under Government Code 1202.007, before the is- suance of a public security, the issuer shall submit the public secu- rity and the record of proceedings to the attorney general. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 1202.003(a);</i> see, e.g., 1 TAC 53.3 (Content of Transcripts), 53.16 (Submission and Approval of Transcripts), and 53.61 (School District Tax Bond Elections)
Refunding Bonds	A board may refund or refinance all or any part of any of the dis- trict's outstanding bonds and matured or unmatured but unpaid in- terest on those bonds payable from ad valorem taxes by issuing refunding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. <i>Education Code</i> <i>45.004; Gov't Code Ch. 1207</i>

Instructional Facilities Allotment for Refunding Bonds	A district may use state funds received under Education Code Chapter 46 to pay principal of and interest on refunding bonds that:				
	1.	Are issued to refund bonds eligible under Education Code 46.003;			
	2.	Do not have a final maturity date later than the final maturity date of the bonds being refunded;			
	3.	May not be called for redemption earlier than the earliest call date of all bonds being refunded; and			
	4.	Result in a present value savings as defined in Education Code 46.007(4).			
	Edu	cation Code 46.007			
Authorized Unissued Bonds	that abar unis the o the a erec and the s nally favo pose sue,	district has authorized school bonds for a specific purpose and purpose has been accomplished by other means or has been ndoned and all or a portion of the authorized bonds remains sued, a board may order an election [see BBBA] to submit to qualified voters of the district the proposition of whether or not authorized but unissued bonds may be issued, sold, and deliv- for other and different purposes specified in the election order notice. The election shall be ordered, held, and conducted in same form and manner as that at which the bonds were origi- authorized. If a majority of those voting at the election vote in r of the sale and delivery of the unissued bonds for the pur- es specified in the election order and notice, the board may is- sell, and deliver the bonds and use the proceeds for the pur- tes authorized at the election. <i>Education Code 45.110</i>			
Bond Guarantee Program Eligibility	Gua usin prov ter 4	strict seeking guarantee of eligible bonds under the Bond rantee Program shall apply to the commissioner of education g a form adopted by the commissioner. To be eligible for ap- ral, district bonds must be issued under Education Code Chap- to 5, Subchapter A, or under Government Code Chapter 1207. <i>cation Code 45.054, .055(a); 19 TAC 33.6(b)(5)</i>			
Application	An a	application must include:			
	1.	The name of the district and the principal amount of the bonds to be issued;			
	2.	The name and address of the district's paying agent, which means the financial institution designated by a district as its agent for payment of principal and interest on guaranteed bonds; and			

	3.	The maturity schedule, estimated interest rate, and date of the bonds.						
	Edι	Education Code 45.051(2), .055						
	Sta	An application must be accompanied by a fee set by rule of the State Board of Education. <i>Education Code 45.055(c); 19 TAC 33.6(f)(1)</i>						
	gua funo mat	On approval by the commissioner, bonds issued by a district are guaranteed by the corpus and income of the permanent school fund. The guarantee remains in effect until the date those bonds mature or are defeased in accordance with state law. <i>Education Code 45.052</i>						
	reas gen a su the	district does not receive approval for the guarantee or for any son does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney eral within the specified time period, the district may reapply in ubsequent month. Applications that were denied approval for guarantee will not be retained for consideration in subsequent https. <i>19 TAC 33.6(f)(5)</i>						
	of p	strict may not represent bonds as guaranteed for the purpose ricing or marketing the bonds before the date of the letter grant-approval for the guarantee. <i>19 TAC 33.6(g)(4)(D)</i>						
Credit Enhancement Program	mar cati bon Gua Sch	district's application for guarantee of district bonds by the per- nent school fund is rejected, the district may apply under Edu- on Code Chapter 45, Subchapter I for credit enhancement of ds described by Education Code 45.054 (eligibility for the Bond arantee Program) by money appropriated for the Foundation ool Program, other than money that is appropriated to districts cifically:						
	1.	As required under the Texas Constitution; or						
	2.	For assistance in paying debt service.						
		credit enhancement remains in effect until the date the bonds ure or are defeased in accordance with state law.						
	Education Code 45.252							
Eligibility		To be eligible for approval by the commissioner for credit enhan ment:						
	1.	Bonds must be issued in the manner provided by Education Code 45.054;						
	2.	Payments of all of the principal of the bonds must be sched- uled during the first six months of the state fiscal year;						

	3.	The district's lowest credit rating from any credit rating agency may not be the same as or higher than that of the School Dis- trict Bond Enhancement Program;			
	4.	The bonded debt for which the credit enhancement is sought must be structured so that no single annual debt service pay- ment exceeds two times the quotient produced by dividing the total proposed annual debt service, as defined in 19 Adminis- trative Code 61.1038(b)(10), for the term of the bonds by the number of years in the amortization schedule; and			
	5.	The district must agree in its application that the total annual debt service on bonds approved for the credit enhancement will be paid on or before August 15 of each state fiscal year.			
	Edu	cation Code 45.254; 19 TAC 61.1038(f)			
Application	to th	strict seeking credit enhancement of eligible bonds shall apply ne commissioner using a form adopted by the commissioner for purpose. The application must:			
	1.	Include the information required by Education Code 45.055(b), at Bond Guarantee Program—Application, above; and			
	2.	Be accompanied by a fee set by the State Board of Educa- tion. 19 TAC 61.1038(d)(1)			
	Edu	cation Code 45.255			
	enh	district may not submit an application for a guarantee or credit ancement before the successful passage of an authorizing position.			
	If a district does not receive a credit enhancement or for any rea- son does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney gen- eral within the specified time period, the district may reapply in a subsequent month. Applications that were denied a credit en- hancement will not be retained for consideration in subsequent months.				
	han	strict may not represent the bonds as approved for credit en- cement for the purposes of pricing or marketing the bonds be- the date of the letter granting approval for the credit enhance- nt.			
	19 1	TAC 61.1038(e)(1), (8), (10)			
Authority to Contract for Services	term	ssuer has exclusive authority to select, contract with, and de- nine the basis for compensation of a person to provide legal other services as may be determined by the issuer to be nec-			
	123	15 of 17			

	essary in connection with the issuer's issuance of public securities or administration of its affairs that pertain to the issuance of public securities. The selection of legal counsel shall be made in accor- dance with the provisions of Government Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter A, applicable to the selection by a governmental entity of a provider of professional engineering services. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>1201.027(a)</i> [See CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal services and Government Code 2254.102(e) for additional requirements.]
Federal Securities Law Disclosure Obligations for Bond and Other Debt Offerings	Prior to publicly offering bonds, a school district must prepare and deliver to an underwriter an official statement containing the terms of the bond offering, a description of the district itself, financial and operating data of the district, and any other information that may be material to an investor interested in purchasing the district's bonds or otherwise required by Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) (SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)). <i>17 C.F.R. 240.15c2-12</i> [See Note, below]
Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds	Except for exempt offerings, SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) requires under- writers to obtain a continuing disclosure agreement (CDA) from the district when the district issues bonds. A CDA obligates the district to prepare and file continuing disclosures of financial information and operating data annually after the bonds are issued. A CDA also requires filing notice regarding the occurrence of events listed under SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) within 10 business days fol- lowing the occurrence of any such event. <i>17 C.F.R. 240.15c2-12</i> [See Note, below]
Liability under Federal Securities Law	School districts, board members, and certain employees of the dis- trict are subject to liability under the antifraud provisions of the fed- eral securities laws contained in Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), Section 10(b) of the Securities Ex- change Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 of the SEC. The antifraud provisions generally prohibit false or mislead- ing statements made in connection with the offer or sale of a dis- trict's bonds (or the omission of material facts from such state- ments), including the official statement itself and any other statement reasonably expected to reach bond investors (disclo- sures). SEC Exchange Act Release No. 33741 (Mar. 9, 1994)
	The antifraud provisions also apply to a district's continuing disclo- sure obligations under SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) after a district's bonds are issued. [See Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds, above] <i>SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012)</i>

(the "SEC 2012 Report") at pg. 29

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

*Note:* In preparing an official statement, a district may reasonably rely on the advice of outside professionals who are also subject to the antifraud provisions, but a district is primarily liable for the content of its official statement and other disclosures. *SEC Exchange Act Release No.* 36761 (Jan. 24, 1996)

A district may engage qualified consultants, including qualified disclosure or securities counsel and a financial adviser, to assist with preparing an official statement and other primary disclosures relating to a bond offering. Creation of internal procedures may help to insulate a district against criticism or liability under federal securities laws.

Districts may also engage disclosure counsel and/or other professionals to assist with secondary disclosure, including advice and assistance ensuring that (1) reporting requirements imposed by a CDA are satisfied and (2) information disclosed in periodic and occasional reports is accurate and complete.

Internal procedures may provide for (1) appointment of, and disclosure training for, district officials and employees who will be part of the financing team, (2) a procedure of accountability for review of the disclosures, and (3) ensuring that any procedures established are in fact followed.

[See SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012)]

OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

Table of Contents	Definitions	3
	Bond Proceeds	3
	Investment Pool	3
	Pooled Fund Group	3
	Separately Invested Asset	3
	Pledged Revenue	3
	Joint Account	3
	Repurchase Agreement	3
	Hedging	4
	Corporate Bond	4
	Written Policies	4
	Annual Review	5
	Annual Audit	5
	Investment Strategies	5
	Investment Officer	6
	Investment Training	6
	Standard of Care	7
	Selection of Broker	9
	Bond Proceeds	9
	Authorized Investments	9
	Investment Management Firm	9
	Obligations of Governmental Entities	10
	Certificates of Deposit and Share Certificates	12
	Repurchase Agreements	13
	Securities Lending Program	13
	Banker's Acceptances	
		14
	Banker's Acceptances	14 15
	Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper	14 15 15
	Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper Mutual Funds	14 15 15 16
	Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper Mutual Funds Guaranteed Investment Contracts	14 15 15 16 17
	Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper Mutual Funds Guaranteed Investment Contracts Investment Pools	14 15 15 16 17 17
	Banker's Acceptances Commercial Paper Mutual Funds Guaranteed Investment Contracts Investment Pools Corporate Bonds	14 15 16 17 17 17 18

OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

CDA (LEGAL)

Sellers of Investments19	
Business Organization	20
Donations	20
Electronic Funds Transfer	20

	CDA (LEGAL)			
Fun Sub	nvestments made by a district shall comply with the Public ds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256, chapter A) and all federal, state, and local statutes, rules, or llations. <i>Gov't Code 2256.026</i>			
note	nd proceeds" means the proceeds from the sale of bonds, es, and other obligations issued by a district, and reserves and Is maintained by a district for debt service purposes.			
ernr that	estment pool" means an entity created under the Texas Gov- nent Code to invest public funds jointly on behalf of the entities participate in the pool and whose investment objectives in or- of priority are preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, and d.			
"Pooled fund group" means an internally created fund of a district in which one or more institutional accounts of a district are in- vested.				
	parately invested asset" means an account or fund of a district is not invested in a pooled fund group.			
Gov't Code 2256.002(1), (6), (9), (12)				
	dged revenue" means money pledged to the payment of or as urity for:			
1.	Bonds or other indebtedness issued by a district;			
2.	Obligations under a lease, installment sale, or other agree- ment of a district; or			
3.	Certificates of participation in a debt or obligation described by item 1 or 2.			
Gov	't Code 2256.0208(a)			
and	nt account" means an account maintained by a custodian bank established on behalf of two or more parties to engage in ag- gate repurchase agreement transactions.			
hold dese ernr 2250 func func agre	burchase agreement" means a simultaneous agreement to buy, for a specified time, and sell back at a future date obligations, cribed by Government Code 2256.009(a)(1) (obligations of gov- nental entities) or 2256.013 (commercial paper) or if applicable, 6.0204 (corporate bonds), at a market value at the time the is are disbursed of not less than the principal amount of the is disbursed. The term includes a direct security repurchase elsement and a reverse security repurchase agreement. <i>I't Code 2256.011(b)</i>			
	Fun Sub regu "Bor note funce" "Inverse funce" "Inverse funce" "Pool in we we set "Pool in we we set "Pool in we we set "Sept that <i>Gov</i> " "Ple secu 1. 2. 3. <i>Gov</i> "Join and grege" "Repholo desce errnr 2250 funce agree			

Denton ISD 061901		
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)
Hedging	price into duce	dging" means acting to protect against economic loss due to e fluctuation of a commodity or related investment by entering an offsetting position or using a financial agreement or pro- er price agreement in a correlated security, index, or other modity.
Eligible Entity	"Elig	pible entity" means a political subdivision that has:
	1.	A principal amount of at least \$250 million in outstanding long-term indebtedness, long-term indebtedness proposed to be issued, or a combination of outstanding long-term indebt- edness and long-term indebtedness proposed to be issued; and
	2.	Outstanding long-term indebtedness that is rated in one of the four highest rating categories for long-term debt instruments by a nationally recognized rating agency for municipal securi- ties, without regard to the effect of any credit agreement or other form of credit enhancement entered into in connection with the obligation.
Eligible Project		gible project" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 1.001 (issuance of obligations for certain public improvements).
	Gov	't Code 2256.0207(a)
Corporate Bond	by a equi term resu entit debt	rporate bond" means a senior secured debt obligation issued a domestic business entity and rated not lower than "AA-" or the ivalent by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. The does not include a debt obligation that, on conversion, would alt in the holder becoming a stockholder or shareholder in the ty, or any affiliate or subsidiary of the entity, that issued the t obligation, or is an unsecured debt obligation. <i>Gov't Code</i> 6.0204(a)
Written Policies	appi its fu prim dres	board shall adopt by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution, as ropriate, a written investment policy regarding the investment of unds and funds under its control. The investment policies must harily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and must ad- is investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality capability of investment management. The policies must in- e:
	1.	A list of the types of authorized investments in which the dis- trict's funds may be invested;
	2.	The maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual in- vestment owned by the district;

### OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

	3.	For pooled fund groups, the maximum dollar-weighted aver- age maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date of the portfolio;			
	4.	Methods to monitor the market price of investments acquired with public funds;			
	5.	A requirement for settlement of all transactions, except invest- ment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus pay- ment basis; and			
	6.	Procedures to monitor rating changes in investments acquired with public funds and the liquidation of such investments con- sistent with the provisions of Government Code 2256.021 [see Loss of Required Rating, below].			
	Gov	Gov't Code 2256.005(a), (b)			
Annual Review	gies mer viev the to e	e board shall review its investment policy and investment strate- s not less than annually. The board shall adopt a written instru- nt by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution stating that it has re- wed the investment policy and investment strategies and that written instrument so adopted shall record any changes made ither the investment policy or investment strategies. <i>Gov't Code</i> 56.005(e)			
Annual Audit	on i mei	istrict shall perform a compliance audit of management controls nvestments and adherence to the district's established invest- nt policies. The compliance audit shall be performed in conjunc- with the annual financial audit. <i>Gov't Code 2256.005(m)</i>			
Investment Strategies	As an integral part of the investment policy, the board shall add separate written investment strategy for each of the funds or g of funds under the board's control. Each investment strategy n describe the investment objectives for the particular fund using following priorities in order of importance:				
	1.	Understanding of the suitability of the investment to the finan- cial requirements of the district;			
	2.	Preservation and safety of principal;			
	3.	Liquidity;			
	4.	Marketability of the investment if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity;			
	5.	Diversification of the investment portfolio; and			
	6.	Yield.			
	Gov	/'t Code 2256.005(d)			

Denton ISD 061901	
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS	CDA (LEGAL)
Investment Officer	A district shall designate by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution, as appropriate, one or more officers or employees as investment officer(s) to be responsible for the investment of its funds consistent with the investment policy adopted by the board. If the board has contracted with another investing entity to invest its funds, the investment officer of the other investing entity is considered to be the investment officer of the contracting board's district. In the administration of the duties of an investment officer, the person designated as investment officer shall exercise the judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a prudent person would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, but the board retains the ultimate responsibility as fiduciaries of the assets of the district. Unless authorized by law, a person may not deposit, withdraw, transfer, or manage in any other manner the funds of the district. Authority granted to a person to invest the district's funds is effective until rescinded by the district or until termination of the person's employment by a district, or for an investment management firm, until the expiration of the contract with the district. <i>Gov't Code 2256.005(f)</i>
	A district or investment officer may use the district's employees or the services of a contractor of the district to aid the investment offi- cer in the execution of the officer's duties under Government Code Chapter 2256. <i>Gov't Code 2256.003(c)</i>
Investment Training	Investment training must include education in investment controls, security risks, strategy risks, market risks, diversification of investment portfolio, and compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act. <i>Gov't Code 2256.008(c)</i>
Initial	Within 12 months after taking office or assuming duties, the trea- surer, the chief financial officer if the treasurer is not the chief fi- nancial officer, and the investment officer of a district shall attend at least one training session from an independent source approved by the board or a designated investment committee advising the in- vestment officer. This initial training must contain at least 10 hours of instruction relating to their respective responsibilities under the Public Funds Investment Act. <i>Gov't Code 2256.008(a)</i>
Ongoing	The treasurer, or the chief financial officer if the treasurer is not the chief financial officer, and the investment officer of a district shall attend an investment training session not less than once in a two- year period that begins on the first day of the district's fiscal year and consists of the two consecutive fiscal years after that date, and receive not less than eight hours of instruction relating to invest- ment responsibilities under the Public Funds Investment Act from an independent source approved by the board or by a designated

Denton ISD 061901			
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)	
		stment committee advising the investment officer. <i>Gov't Code</i> 6.008(a-1)	
Exception		ongoing training requirement does not apply to the treasurer, f financial officer, or investment officer of a district if:	
	1.	The district does not invest district funds or only deposits those funds in interest-bearing deposit accounts or certificates of deposit as authorized by Government Code 2256.010; and	
	2.	The treasurer, chief financial officer, or investment officer an- nually submits to the agency a sworn affidavit identifying the applicable criteria under item 1 that apply to the district.	
	Gov	't Code 2256.008(g)	
Standard of Care	Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under prevail- ing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intel- ligence would exercise in the management of the person's own af- fairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived. Investment of funds shall be governed by the following objectives, in order of priority:		
	1.	Preservation and safety of principal;	
	2.	Liquidity; and	
	3.	Yield.	
	den	etermining whether an investment officer has exercised pru- ce with respect to an investment decision, the following shall be in into consideration:	
	1.	The investment of all funds, or funds under the district's con- trol, over which the officer had responsibility rather than the prudence of a single investment; and	
	2.	Whether the investment decision was consistent with the dis- trict's written investment policy.	
	Gov	't Code 2256.006	
Personal Interest	ship mer that lated term to a cer's	strict investment officer who has a personal business relation- with a business organization offering to engage in an invest- at transaction with the district shall file a statement disclosing personal business interest. An investment officer who is re- d within the second degree by affinity or consanguinity, as de- nined by Government Code Chapter 573 (nepotism prohibition), n individual seeking to sell an investment to the investment offi- s district shall file a statement disclosing that relationship. A re- ed statement must be filed with the board and with the Texas	

### OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

Ethics Commission. For purposes of this policy, an investment officer has a personal business relationship with a business organization if:

- 1. The investment officer owns 10 percent or more of the voting stock or shares of the business organization or owns \$5,000 or more of the fair market value of the business organization;
- 2. Funds received by the investment officer from the business organization exceed 10 percent of the investment officer's gross income for the previous year; or
- 3. The investment officer has acquired from the business organization during the previous year investments with a book value of \$2,500 or more for the personal account of the investment officer.

Gov't Code 2256.005(i)

- *Quarterly Reports* Not less than quarterly, the investment officer shall prepare and submit to the board a written report of investment transactions for all funds covered by the Public Funds Investment Act for the preceding reporting period. This report shall be presented not less than quarterly to the board and the superintendent within a reasonable time after the end of the period. The report must:
  - 1. Describe in detail the investment position of the district on the date of the report;
  - Be prepared jointly and signed by all district investment officers;
  - 3. Contain a summary statement of each pooled fund group that states the:
    - a. Beginning market value for the reporting period;
    - b. Ending market value for the period; and
    - c. Fully accrued interest for the reporting period;
  - State the book value and market value of each separately invested asset at the end of the reporting period by the type of asset and fund type invested;
  - 5. State the maturity date of each separately invested asset that has a maturity date;
  - 6. State the account or fund or pooled group fund in the district for which each individual investment was acquired; and

Denton ISD 061901	
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS	CDA (LEGAL)
	<ol> <li>State the compliance of the investment portfolio of the district as it relates to the investment strategy expressed in the dis- trict's investment policy and relevant provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act.</li> </ol>
	If a district invests in other than money market mutual funds, in- vestment pools or accounts offered by its depository bank in the form of certificates of deposit, or money market accounts or similar accounts, the reports prepared by the investment officers shall be formally reviewed at least annually by an independent auditor, and the result of the review shall be reported to the board by that audi- tor.
	Gov't Code 2256.023
Selection of Broker	The board or the designated investment committee shall, at least annually, review, revise, and adopt a list of qualified brokers that are authorized to engage in investment transactions with a district. <i>Gov't Code 2256.025</i>
Bond Proceeds	The investment officer of a district may invest bond proceeds or pledged revenue only to the extent permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act, in accordance with:
	<ol> <li>Statutory provisions governing the debt issuance or the agreement, as applicable; and</li> </ol>
	2. The district's investment policy regarding the debt issuance or the agreement, as applicable.
	Gov't Code 2256.0208(b)
Authorized Investments	A board may purchase, sell, and invest its funds and funds under its control in investments described below, in compliance with its adopted investment policies and according to the standard of care set out in this policy. <i>Gov't Code 2256.003(a)</i>
	The board may specify in its investment policy that any authorized investment is not suitable. Gov't Code 2256.005(j)
Investment Management Firm	In the exercise of these powers, the board may contract with an in- vestment management firm registered under the Investment Advis- ers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.) or with the State Securities Board to provide for the investment and management of its public funds or other funds under its control. A contract made under this authority may not be for a term longer than two years. A renewal or extension of the contract must be made by the board by order, ordinance, or resolution.
	A district that contracts with an investment management firm may authorize the firm to invest the district's public funds or other funds
	000

## OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

		er the district's control in repurchase agreements as provided Government Code 2256.011 using a joint account.
	chas	nvestment management firm responsible for managing a repur- se agreement transaction using a joint account on behalf of a ict must ensure that:
	1.	Accounting and control procedures are implemented to docu- ment the district's aggregate daily investment and pro rata share in the joint account;
	2.	Each party participating in the joint account retains the sole rights of ownership to the party's pro rata share of assets in- vested in the joint account, including investment earnings on those assets; and
	3.	Policies and procedures are implemented to prevent a party participating in the joint account from using any part of a balance of the joint account that is credited to another party.
	Gov	't Code 2256.003(b), .011(f), (g)
Obligations of Governmental	The	following are authorized investments:
Entities	1.	Obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks;
	2.	Direct obligations of this state or its agencies and instrumen- talities;
	3.	Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a fed- eral agency or instrumentality of the United States, the under- lying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instru- mentality of the United States;
	4.	Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are un- conditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, this state, the United States, or their re- spective agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit In- surance Corporation (FDIC) or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States;
	5.	Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other po- litical subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent;
	6.	Bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the state of Israel;

### OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

		7.	sure	rest-bearing banking deposits that are guaranteed or in- d by the FDIC or its successor, or the National Credit on Share Insurance Fund or its successor; and	
		8.		est-bearing banking deposits other than those described em 7 above if:	
			a.	The funds are invested through a broker with a main of- fice or a branch office in this state that the district selects from a list the board or designated investment committee of the district adopts as required at Selection of Broker above or a depository institution with a main office or a branch office in this state and that the district selects;	
			b.	The broker or depository institution selected as de- scribed above arranges for the deposit of the funds in the banking deposits in one or more federally insured depository institutions, regardless of where located, for the district's account;	
			C.	The full amount of the principal and accrued interest of the banking deposits is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and	
			d.	The district appoints as the district's custodian of the banking deposits issued for the district's account the depository institution selected as described above, an entity described by Government Code 2257.041(d) (custodian with which to deposit securities), or a clearing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and operating under Rule 15c3-3 (17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c3-3).	
		Gov	't Coo	de 2256.009(a)	
	Obligations	The	The following investments are not authorized:		
		1.	on tl	gations whose payment represents the coupon payments ne outstanding principal balance of the underlying mort- e-backed security collateral and pays no principal;	
		2.	casł	gations whose payment represents the principal stream of flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security col- al and bears no interest;	

3. Collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity date of greater than 10 years; and

#### OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

4.	Collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which
	is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the
	changes in a market index.

### Gov't Code 2256.009(b)

Certificates of Deposit and Share Certificates A certificate of deposit or share certificate is an authorized investment if the certificate is issued by a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and is:

- 1. Guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or its successor or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or its successor;
- 2. Secured by obligations described at Obligations of Governmental Entities, above, including mortgage backed securities directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates, but excluding those mortgage backed securities described at Unauthorized Obligations, above; or
- 3. Secured in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2257 (Public Funds Collateral Act) or in any other manner and amount provided by law for the deposits of the district.

### *Gov't* Code 2256.010(a)

In addition to the authority to invest funds in certificates of deposit under the previous section, an investment in certificates of deposit made in accordance with the following conditions is an authorized investment:

- 1. The funds are invested by the district through a broker that has its main office or a branch office in this state and is selected from a list adopted by the district as required at Selection of Broker, above or a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in this state and that is selected by the district;
- The broker or depository institution selected by the district arranges for the deposit of the funds in certificates of deposit in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wherever located, for the account of the district;
- 3. The full amount of the principal and accrued interest of each of the certificates of deposit is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and
- 4. The district appoints the depository institution selected by the district, an entity described by Government Code 2257.041(d) (custodian with which to deposit securities), or a clearing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Com-

Denton ISD 061901				
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)		
		mission and operating pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 (17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c3-3) as custodian for the district with respect to the certificates of de- posit issued for the account of the district.		
	Goi	Gov't Code 2256.010(b)		
	cate	The district's investment policies may provide that bids for certificates of deposit be solicited orally, in writing, electronically, or in any combination of those methods. <i>Gov't Code 2256.005(c)</i>		
Repurchase Agreements		A fully collateralized repurchase agreement is an authorized invest- ment if it:		
	1.	Has a defined termination date;		
	2.	Is secured by a combination of cash and obligations de- scribed by Government Code 2256.009(a)(1) (obligations of governmental entities) or 2256.013 (commercial paper) or if applicable, 2256.0204 (corporate bonds);		
	3.	Requires the securities being purchased by the district or cash held by the district to be pledged to the district either di- rectly or through a joint account approved by the district, held in the district's name either directly or through a joint account approved by the district, and deposited at the time the invest- ment is made with the district or a third party selected and ap- proved by the district; and		
	4.	Is placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve or a financial institution doing business in Texas.		
	The term of any reverse security repurchase agreement may not exceed 90 days after the date the reverse security repurchase agreement is delivered. Money received by a district under the terms of a reverse security repurchase agreement shall be used to acquire additional authorized investments, but the term of the au- thorized investments acquired must mature not later than the expi- ration date stated in the reverse security repurchase agreement.			
	Government Code 1371.059(c) (validity and incontestability of obli- gations for certain public improvements) applies to the execution of a repurchase agreement by a district.			
	Gov't Code 2256.011(a), (c), (d), (e)			
Securities Lending	A se	ecurities lending program is an authorized investment if:		
Program	1.	The value of securities loaned is not less than 100 percent collateralized, including accrued income;		

### OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

- 2. A loan allows for termination at any time;
- 3. A loan is secured by:
  - a. Pledged securities described at Obligations of Governmental Entities, above;
  - Pledged irrevocable letters of credit issued by a bank that is organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any other state, and continuously rated by at least one nationally recognized investment rating firm at not less than A or its equivalent; or
  - c. Cash invested in accordance with Government Code 2256.009 (obligations of governmental entities), 2256.013 (commercial paper), 2256.014 (mutual funds), or 2256.016 (investment pools);
- 4. The terms of a loan require that the securities being held as collateral be pledged to the district, held in the district's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the district or with a third party selected by or approved by the district; and
- 5. A loan is placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by 5 C.F.R. Section 6801.102(f), as that regulation existed on September 1, 2003, or a financial institution doing business in this state.

An agreement to lend securities under a securities lending program must have a term of one year or less.

#### *Gov't* Code 2256.0115

Banker's Acceptances

A banker's acceptance is an authorized investment if it:

- 1. Has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of issuance;
- 2. Will be, in accordance with its terms, liquidated in full at maturity;
- 3. Is eligible for collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank; and
- 4. Is accepted by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state, if the short-term obligations of the bank, or of a bank holding company of which the bank is the largest subsidiary, are rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or

Denton ISD 061901 OTHER REVENUES CDA INVESTMENTS (LEGAL) an equivalent rating by at least on nationally recognized credit rating agency. Gov't Code 2256.012 **Commercial Paper** Commercial paper is an authorized investment if it has a stated maturity of 365 days or fewer from the date of issuance; and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least: 1. Two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or 2. One nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States law or any state. Gov't Code 2256.013 Mutual Funds A no-load money market mutual fund is an authorized investment if the mutual fund: 1. Is registered with and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission; 2. Provides the district with a prospectus and other information required by the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) or the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.); and Complies with federal Securities and Exchange Commission 3. Rule 2a-7 (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-1 et seq.). Gov't Code 2256.014(a) In addition to the no-load money market mutual fund authorized above, a no-load mutual fund is an authorized investment if it: 1. Is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission; 2. Has an average weighted maturity of less than two years; and 3. Either has a duration of: One year or more and is invested exclusively in obligaa. tions approved by the Public Funds Investment Act, or b. Less than one year and the investment portfolio is limited to investment grade securities, excluding assetbacked securities. Gov't Code 2256.014(b)

Denton ISD 061901				
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)		
Limitations	A d	A district is not authorized to:		
	1.	Invest in the aggregate more than 15 percent of its monthly average fund balance, excluding bond proceeds and reserves and other funds held for debt service, in mutual funds de- scribed in Government Code 2256.014(b);		
	2.	Invest any portion of bond proceeds, reserves and funds held for debt service, in mutual funds described in Government Code 2256.014(b); or		
	3.	Invest its funds or funds under its control, including bond pro- ceeds and reserves and other funds held for debt service, in any one mutual fund described in Government Code 2256.014(a) or (b) in an amount that exceeds 10 percent of the total assets of the mutual fund.		
	Go	Gov't Code 2256.014(c)		
Guaranteed Investment	-	A guaranteed investment contract is an authorized investment for bond proceeds if the guaranteed investment contract:		
Contracts	1.	Has a defined termination date;		
	2.	Is secured by obligations described at Obligations of Govern- mental Entities, above, excluding those obligations described at Unauthorized Obligations, in an amount at least equal to the amount of bond proceeds invested under the contract; and		
	3.	Is pledged to the district and deposited with the district or with a third party selected and approved by the district.		
	Bond proceeds, other than bond proceeds representing reserves and funds maintained for debt service purposes, may not be in- vested in a guaranteed investment contract with a term longer than five years from the date of issuance of the bonds.			
	То	To be eligible as an authorized investment:		
	1.	The board must specifically authorize guaranteed investment contracts as eligible investments in the order, ordinance, or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds;		
	2.	The district must receive bids from at least three separate providers with no material financial interest in the bonds from which proceeds were received;		
	3.	The district must purchase the highest yielding guaranteed in- vestment contract for which a qualifying bid is received;		

# OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

	4.	The price of the guaranteed investment contract must take into account the reasonably expected drawdown schedule for the bond proceeds to be invested; and	
	5.	The provider must certify the administrative costs reasonably expected to be paid to third parties in connection with the guaranteed investment contract.	
	gati	vernment Code 1371.059(c) (validity and incontestability of obli- ions for certain public improvements) applies to the execution of uaranteed investment contract by a district.	
	Go	v't Code 2256.015	
Investment Pools	elig res	istrict may invest its funds or funds under its control through an ible investment pool if the board by rule, order, ordinance, or olution, as appropriate, authorizes the investment in the particupool. <i>Gov't Code 2256.016, .019</i>	
	dist othe othe an i auti a m met	be eligible to receive funds from and invest funds on behalf of a rict, an investment pool must furnish to the investment officer or er authorized representative of the district an offering circular or er similar disclosure instrument that contains the information scified in Government Code 2256.016(b). To maintain eligibility, investment pool must furnish to the investment officer or other horized representative investment transaction confirmations and nonthly report that contains the information specified in Govern- nt Code 2256.016(c). A district by contract may delegate to an estment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of in- tments purchased with its local funds. <i>Gov't Code 2256.016(b)</i> -	
Corporate Bonds	Coo anc that inve nal	istrict that qualifies as an issuer as defined by Government de 1371.001 [see CCF], may purchase, sell, and invest its funds I funds under its control in corporate bonds (as defined above) t, at the time of purchase, are rated by a nationally recognized estment rating firm "AA-" or the equivalent and have a stated fi- maturity that is not later than the third anniversary of the date corporate bonds were purchased.	
	A d	A district is not authorized to:	
	1.	Invest in the aggregate more than 15 percent of its monthly average fund balance, excluding bond proceeds, reserves, and other funds held for the payment of debt service, in cor- porate bonds; or	
	2.	Invest more than 25 percent of the funds invested in corpo- rate bonds in any one domestic business entity, including subsidiaries and affiliates of the entity.	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023	17 of 20	

### OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

	A district subject to these provisions may purchase, sell, and invest its funds and funds under its control in corporate bonds if the board:		
	1.	Amends its investment policy to authorize corporate bonds as an eligible investment;	
	2.	Adopts procedures to provide for monitoring rating changes in corporate bonds acquired with public funds and liquidating the investment in corporate bonds; and	
	3.	Identifies the funds eligible to be invested in corporate bonds.	
	sell later	district investment officer, acting on behalf of the district, shall corporate bonds in which the district has invested its funds not than the seventh day after the date a nationally recognized in- ment rating firm:	
	1.	Issues a release that places the corporate bonds or the do- mestic business entity that issued the corporate bonds on negative credit watch or the equivalent, if the corporate bonds are rated "AA-" or the equivalent at the time the release is is- sued; or	
	2.	Changes the rating on the corporate bonds to a rating lower than "AA-" or the equivalent.	
	Gov	't Code 2256.0204	
Hedging Transactions	The board of an eligible entity (as defined above) shall establish the entity's policy regarding hedging transactions. An eligible entity may enter into hedging transactions, including hedging contracts, and related security, credit, and insurance agreements in connec- tion with commodities used by an eligible entity in the entity's gen- eral operations, with the acquisition or construction of a capital project, or with an eligible project. A hedging transaction must com- ply with the regulations of the federal Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the federal Securities and Exchange Commis- sion.		
	gatio by a	ernment Code 1371.059(c) (validity and incontestability of obli- ons for certain public improvements) applies to the execution in eligible entity of a hedging contract and any related security, lit, or insurance agreement.	
	An eligible entity may:		
	1.	Pledge as security for and to the payment of a hedging con- tract or a security, credit, or insurance agreement any general or special revenues or funds the entity is authorized by law to pledge to the payment of any other obligation.	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	18 of 20	

Denton ISD 061901				
OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)		
		t any amount the entity receives under a hedging con- against expenses associated with a commodity pur- e.		
	agreement pense, an a	entity's cost of or payment under a hedging contract or may be considered an operation and maintenance ex- acquisition expense, or construction expense of the eli- ; or a project cost of an eligible project.		
	Gov't Code	2256.0206		
Prohibited Investments	Except as provided by Government Code 2270 (prohibited invest- ments), a district is not required to liquidate investments that were authorized investments at the time of purchase. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2256.017			
	2 2 H t	As an "investing entity" under Government Code 2270.0001(7)(A), a district must comply with Chapter 2270, including reporting requirements, regarding pro- nibited investments in scrutinized companies listed by the comptroller in accordance with Government Code 2270.0201.		
Loss of Required Rating	an authoriz not have th sures that a	ent that requires a minimum rating does not qualify as red investment during the period the investment does he minimum rating. A district shall take all prudent mea- are consistent with its investment policy to liquidate an that does not have the minimum rating. <i>Gov't Code</i>		
Sellers of Investments	business o investment of the busir transaction form accep	opy of the investment policy shall be presented to any rganization (as defined below) offering to engage in an transaction with a district. The qualified representative ness organization offering to engage in an investment with a district shall execute a written instrument in a bable to the district and the business organization sub- the effect that the business organization has:		
	1. Recei	ved and reviewed the district investment policy; and		
	mente preclu trict a	owledged that the business organization has imple- ed reasonable procedures and controls in an effort to ide investment transactions conducted between the dis- nd the organization that are not authorized by the dis- investment policy, except to the extent that this autho- on:		
		s dependent on an analysis of the makeup of the dis- rict's entire portfolio;		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023	19 of 20		

## OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

	b.	Requires an interpretation of subjective investment stan- dards; or				
	C.	Relates to investment transactions of the entity that are not made through accounts or other contractual arrange- ments over which the business organization has ac- cepted discretionary investment authority.				
	obtain an ment poli	stment officer of a district may not acquire or otherwise by authorized investment described in the district's invest- icy from a business organization that has not delivered to be the instrument required above.				
	Gov't Co	Gov't Code 2256.005(k)-(l)				
	monitorin	n this section relieves the district of the responsibility for ig investments made by the district to determine that they mpliance with the investment policy.				
Business Organization	"business managen the distric granted b	oses of the provisions at Sellers of Investments above, s organization" means an investment pool or investment nent firm under contract with a district to invest or manage ct's investment portfolio that has accepted authority by the district under the contract to exercise investment in in regard to the district's funds.				
	Gov't Co	de 2256.005(k)				
Donations	scholarsh provided unless ot	vise, or bequest made to a district to provide college hips for district graduates may be invested by the board as in Property Code 117.004 (Uniform Prudent Investor Act), herwise specifically provided by the terms of the gift, de- equest. <i>Education Code 45.107</i>				
	terms of	nts donated to a district for a particular purpose or under use specified by the donor are not subject to the require- the Public Funds Investment Act. <i>Gov't Code 2256.004(b)</i>				
Electronic Funds Transfer		may use electronic means to transfer or invest all funds or controlled by the district. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2256.051				

OTHER REVENUES
SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

	<b>Note:</b> For legal requirements applicable to the disposition of real property acquired with federal funds, see CBB.
Sale or Exchange of Real Property	The board may, by resolution, authorize the sale of any property, other than minerals, held in trust for public school purposes. The board president shall execute a deed to the purchaser reciting the board resolution authorizing the sale. A district may employ, retain, contract with, or compensate a licensed real estate broker or salesperson for assistance in the acquisition or sale of real property. <i>Education Code 11.154</i>
Publication of Notice and Bidding Requirements	Except for the types of land and interests described at Exceptions, below, before land owned by a district may be sold or exchanged for other land, notice to the general public of the offer of the land for sale or exchange must be published in a newspaper of general circulation in either the county in which the land is located or, if there is no such newspaper, in an adjoining county. The notice must include a description of the land, including its location, and the procedure by which sealed bids to purchase the land or offers to exchange the land may be submitted. The notice must be published on two separate dates and the sale or exchange may not be made until after the 14th day after the date of the second publication. Local Government Code 272.001 does not require the board to accept any bid or offer or to complete a sale or exchange. Local Gov't Code 272.001(a), (d)
Open-Enrollment Charter School Offer	The board of a district that intends to sell, lease, or allow use for a purpose other than a district purpose of an unused or underused district facility must give each open-enrollment charter school located wholly or partly within the boundaries of the district the opportunity to make an offer to purchase, lease, or use the facility, as applicable, in response to any terms established by the board, before offering the facility for sale or lease or to any other specific entity. The board is not required to accept an offer made by an open-enrollment charter school. <i>Education Code 11.1542</i>
Exceptions <i>Generally</i>	The notice and bidding requirements set out above do not apply to the types of land and real property interests described below and owned by a district. The land and those interests described below may not be conveyed, sold, or exchanged for less than the fair market value of the land or interest unless the conveyance, sale, or exchange is with one or more abutting property owners who own the underlying fee simple. The fair market value is determined by an appraisal obtained by the district that owns the land or interest. The appraisal price is conclusive of the fair market value of the land or interest. This applies to:

	1.	Narrow strips of land, or land that because of its shape, lack of access to public roads, or small area cannot be used inde- pendently under its current zoning or under applicable subdi- vision or other development control ordinances;
	2.	Streets or alleys, owned in fee or used by easement;
	3.	Land or a real property interest originally acquired for streets, rights-of-way, or easements that the district chooses to ex- change for other land to be used for streets, rights-of-way, easements, or other public purposes, including transactions partly for cash;
	4.	Land that the district wants to have developed by contract with an independent foundation;
	5.	A real property interest conveyed to a governmental entity that has the power of eminent domain; or
	6.	The land or interests described by items 1 and 2, above, may be sold to abutting property owners:
		a. In the same subdivision if the land has been subdivided; or
		b. In proportion to their abutting ownership, and the division between owners must be made in an equitable manner.
	Loc	al Gov't Code 272.001(b)-(c)
Higher Education Institutions	prov high com mot dete fect	strict may donate, exchange, convey, sell, or lease land, imvements, or any other interest in real property to an institution of the education for less than its fair market value and without aplying with the notice and bidding requirements in order to pro- e a public purpose related to higher education. The district shall the terms and conditions of the transaction so as to ef- uate and maintain the public purpose. <i>Local Gov't Code</i>
Other Political Subdivisions	with igna	strict may donate or sell for less than fair market value and out complying with the notice and bidding requirements a des- ated parcel of land or an interest in real property to another po- al subdivision if:
	1.	The land or interest will be used by the political subdivision to which it is donated or sold in carrying out a purpose that ben- efits the public interest of the donating or selling district;
	2.	The donation or sale of the land or interest is made under terms that effect and maintain the public purpose for which the donation or sale is made; and

### OTHER REVENUES SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

	3.	The title and right to possession of the land or interest revert to the donating or selling district if the acquiring political subdi- vision ceases to use the land or interest in carrying out the public purpose.
	Loca	al Gov't Code 272.001(l)
Sale of Instructional Facility Financed with State Allotment	cal f befo ler a	instructional facility financed by bonds paid with state and lo- unds under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A, is sold re the bonds are fully paid, a district shall send to the comptrol- percentage of the district's net proceeds as determined by Ed- ion Code 46.011(a). <i>Education Code 46.011</i> [See also CCA]
Lease of Public	To p	romote a public purpose of the district, a district may:
Property To a Governmental Entity	1.	Lease property owned by the district to another political subdivision or an agency of the state or federal government; or
,	2.	Make an agreement to provide office space in property owned by the district to the other political subdivision or agency.
	The	district:
	1.	Shall determine the terms of the lease or agreement so as to promote and maintain the public purpose;
	2.	May provide for the lease of the property or provision of the office space at less than fair market value; and
	3.	Is not required to comply with any competitive purchasing pro- cedure or any notice and publication requirement imposed by Local Government Code Chapter 272 or other law.
	Loc	al Gov't Code 272.005
Required Terms for All Leases		ase between a district and another person regarding public erty must contain lease terms requiring the person to:
Payment and Performance Bonds	1.	Include in each contract for the construction, alteration, or re- pair of an improvement to the leased property a condition that the contractor:
		<ul> <li>Execute a payment bond that conforms to Property Code Chapter 53, Subchapter I (Bond to Pay Lien or Claims); and</li> </ul>
		b. Execute a performance bond in an amount equal to the amount of the contract for the protection of the district and conditioned on the faithful performance of the contractor's work in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract documents; and

### OTHER REVENUES SALE, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE OF SCHOOL-OWNED PROPERTY

	2.	Provide to the district a notice of commencement at least 90 days before the date the construction, alteration, or repair of any improvement to the leased property begins.				
Notice of	A no	A notice of commencement must:				
Commencement	1.	Identify the public property where the work will be performed;				
	2.	Describe the work to be performed;				
	3.	State the total cost of the work to be performed;				
	4.	Include copies of the required performance and payment bonds; and				
	5.	Include a written acknowledgment signed by the contractor stating that copies of the required performance and payment bonds will be provided to all subcontractors not later than the fifth day after the date a subcontract is executed.				
	On or before the 10th day after the date a district receives a notic of commencement for the construction, alteration, or repair of an improvement to leased property, the district may notify the lease- holder that the construction, alteration, or repair may not proceed					
	Gov't Code 2252.909(b), (c), (d)					
	A district is not liable as a surety if a person leasing property from the district fails to submit the required notice of commencement. <i>Gov't Code 2253.027(c)</i>					
Sale or Lease of Minerals	Minerals in land belonging to a district may be sold to any person. The sale must be authorized by a resolution adopted by majority vote of the board. <i>Education Code 11.153(a)-(b)</i>					
	After the board determines that it is advisable to lease land belong- ing to the district, it shall give notice of its intention to lease the land. The notice shall be published once a week for three consecu- tive weeks in a newspaper published in the county and with gen- eral circulation in the county, and shall:					
	1.	Describe the land to be leased; and				
	2.	Designate the time and place at which the board will receive and consider bids for the lease.				
	Natu	ural Resources Code 71.005				
	may mine reso	r adoption of a resolution authorizing sale, the board president v execute an oil or gas lease or sell, exchange, and convey the erals. The mineral deed or lease must recite the approval of the blution of the board authorizing the sale. <i>Education Code</i> $153(c)$				

Donation of Former School Campus	The board may, by resolution, authorize the donation of real prop- erty and improvements formerly used as a school campus to a mu- nicipality, county, state agency, or nonprofit organization if:			
	1.	ing o tice subj	bre adopting the resolution, the board holds a public hear- concerning the donation and, in addition to any other no- required, gives notice of the hearing by publishing the ect matter, location, date, and time of the hearing in a spaper having general circulation in the territory of a dis-	
	2.	The	board determines that:	
		a.	The improvements have historical significance;	
		b.	The transfer will further the preservation of the improve- ments; and	
		C.	At the time of the transfer, the district does not need the real property or improvements for educational purposes; and	
	3.	satis	entity to whom the transfer is made has shown, to the sfaction of the board, that the entity intends to continue to the real property and improvements for public purposes.	
	the I	real p	d president shall execute a deed transferring ownership of roperty and improvements to the municipality, county, ncy, or nonprofit organization. The deed must:	
	1.	Rec	ite the resolution of a board authorizing the donation; and	
	2.	Provide that ownership of the real property and improvements revert to a district if the municipality, county, state agency, or nonprofit organization:		
		a.	Discontinues use of the real property and improvements for public purposes; or	
		b.	Executes a document that purports to convey the property.	
	Educatio		n Code 11.1541(a)-(b)	
	Note:		Regarding disposal of school buses, see CNB.	
			Regarding disposal of school-owned personal property, see CI.	

Regarding geospatial data products, see CQA.

	Note:	For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.				
Required Vendor Disclosures Disclosure of Interested Parties	A district may not enter into a contract described below with a busi- ness entity unless the business entity submits a disclosure of inter- ested parties to the district at the time the business entity submits the signed contract to the district.					
	The requi	rement above applies only to a contract of a district that:				
		uires an action or vote by the board before the contract be signed;				
	2. Has	a value of at least \$1 million; or				
		services that would require a person to register as a lob- under Government Code Chapter 305.				
	Gov't Cod	le 2252.908				
	board has ecute the board doe	t does not require an action or vote by the board if the legal authority to delegate to its staff the authority to ex- contract, the board has delegated this authority, and the sent participate in the selection of the business entity in the contract is entered into. $1 TAC 46.1(c)$				
Exclusions	The disclo	sure requirement does not apply to a contract with:				
		blicly traded business entity, including a wholly owned idiary of the entity;				
	2. An e	lectric utility, as defined by Utilities Code 31.002; or				
	3. A ga	s utility, as defined by Utilities Code 121.001.				
	Gov't Cod	le 2252.908(c)(4)-(6)				
Required Form	prescribed list of eacl business scribed by as true un	besure of interested parties must be submitted on a form d by the Texas Ethics Commission (TEC) that includes a in interested party for the contract of which the contracting entity is aware; and a written, unsworn declaration sub- or the authorized agent of the contracting business entity der penalty of perjury that is in substantially the form set vernment Code 2252.908(e)(2). <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(e);</i> 5(a)				
	parties for be printed ness entity	cation of filing and the completed disclosure of interested m generated by TEC's electronic filing application must , signed by an authorized agent of the contracting busi- y, and submitted to the district that is the party to the con- hich the form is being filed. <i>1 TAC 46.5(b)</i>				
	0000	1 - 5 4 0				

1	A district that receives a completed disclosure of interested parties form and certification of filing shall notify TEC, in an electronic for- mat prescribed by TEC, of the receipt of those documents not later than the 30th day after the date the board receives the disclosure. 1 TAC 46.5(c); Gov't Code 2252.908(f)				
Voidable	voida	ntract subject to this requirement entered into by a distric able for failure to provide the required disclosure of intere es only if:			
	1.	The district submits to the business entity written notice business entity's failure to provide the required disclosur and			
:	2.	The business entity fails to submit to the district the required disclosure on or before the 10th business day after the of the business entity receives the written notice.			
	Gov'	t Code 2252.908(f-1)			
Changes	exist	disclosure requirements do not apply to a change made ing contract, including an amendment, change order, or of a contract except as set out below.			
(	contr	disclosure requirements apply to a change made to an e ract, including an amendment, change order, or extensio ract if:	-		
	1.	A disclosure of interested parties form was not filed for t isting contract; and either the changed contract requires action or vote by the board or the value of the changed tract is at least \$1 million; or	an		
:	2.	The business entity submitted a disclosure of interested ties form to the district that is a party to the existing cont and either there is a change to the disclosure; or the cha contract requires an action or vote by the board; or the v of the changed contract is at least \$1 million greater that value of the existing contract.	ract; anged /alue		
	1 TA	C 46.4			
f	tity a boar	tract" means a contract between a board and a business t the time it is voted on by the board or at the time it bind d, whichever is earlier, and includes an amended, extend newed contract. <i>1 TAC 46.3(a)</i>	ls the		
	whic nersl	iness entity" means any entity recognized by law through h business is conducted, including a sole proprietorship, nip, or corporation. The term includes an entity through w ness is conducted with a district, regardless of whether th	part- vhich		
TE ISSUED: 11/21/202	23		2 of 10		

		is a for-profit or nonprofit entity, and does not include a govern- ntal entity or state agency. <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(a)(1); 1 TAC</i> 3(b)				
	a bu ticip con	erested party" means a person who has a controlling interest in usiness entity with whom a district contracts or who actively par- pates in facilitating the contract or negotiating the terms of the tract, including a broker, intermediary, adviser, or attorney for business entity. <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(a)(3); 1 TAC 46.3(d), (e)</i>				
	"Co	"Controlling interest" means:				
	1.	An ownership interest or participating interest in a business entity by virtue of units, percentage, shares, stock, or other- wise that exceeds 10 percent;				
	2.	Membership on the board of directors or other governing body of a business entity of which the board or other governing body is composed of not more than 10 members; or				
	3.	Service as an officer of a business entity that has four or fewer officers, or service as one of the four officers most highly compensated by a business entity that has more than four officers. This provision does not apply to an officer of a publicly held business entity or its wholly owned subsidiaries.				
	1 TAC 46.3(c)					
	"Signed" includes any symbol executed or adopted by a person with present intention to authenticate a writing, including an elec- tronic signature. <i>1 TAC 46.3(f)</i>					
	"Value" of a contract is based on the amount of consideration re- ceived or to be received by the business entity from the district un- der the contract. <i>1 TAC 46.3(g)</i>					
Conflict of Interest Questionnaire	<i>Note:</i> See BBFA for additional information applicable to disclosures under Local Government Code Chapter 176, including:					
	•	Definitions;				
	•	Conflicts disclosure statements required to be filed by certain local government officers, including vendors who are also lo- cal government officers; and				
	•	Internet posting requirements for conflicts disclosure state- ments and questionnaires.				
	<u>۸</u>	ander shall file a completed conflict of interact questionnairs if				

A vendor shall file a completed conflict of interest questionnaire if the vendor has a business relationship with the district and:

	1.	gove office	an employment or other business relationship with a local ernment officer of the district, or a family member of the er, described by Local Government Code 003(a)(2)(A);		
	2.	mem value exclu	given a local government officer of the district, or a family ber of the officer, one or more gifts with the aggregate e specified by Local Government Code 176.003(a)(2)(B), uding any gift described by Local Government Code 003(a-1); or		
	3.	Has distri	a family relationship with a local government officer of the ct.		
	Loca	al Gov	r't Code 176.006(a)		
	The completed conflict of interest questionnaire must be filed with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the later of:				
	1.	The	date that the vendor:		
		a.	Begins discussions or negotiations to enter into a con- tract with a district;		
		b.	Submits to the district an application, response to a re- quest for proposals or bids, correspondence, or another writing related to a potential contract with the district; or		
	2.	The	date the vendor becomes aware:		
		a.	Of an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer, or a family member of the officer described by Local Government Code 176.006(a);		
		b.	That the person has given one or more gifts described by Local Government Code 176.006(a); or		
		C.	Of a family relationship with a local government officer.		
	Loca	al Gov	r't Code 176.006(a-1)		
Electronic Filing	ing s	ignat	rements of Local Government Code Chapter 176, includ- ure requirements, may be satisfied by electronic filing in a oved by the TEC. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.008</i>		
Updating Incomplete or Inaccurate Questionnaires	A vendor shall file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor becomes aware of an event that would make a statement in the questionnaire incomplete or inaccurate. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.006(d)</i>				

	Validity of Contract	The validity of a contract between a vendor and the district is not affected solely because the vendor fails to comply with these requirements. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.006(i)</i>			
	Violations	A vendor commits an offense if the vendor is required to file a con- flict of interest questionnaire under Local Government Code 176.003 and either:			
		1.	Knowingly fails to file the required questionnaire with the ap- propriate records administrator not later than 5:00 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor be- comes aware of the facts that require the filing of the ques- tionnaire; or		
		2.	Knowingly fails to file an updated questionnaire with the appropriate records administrator not later than 5:00 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor becomes aware of an event that would make a statement in a questionnaire previously filed by the vendor incomplete or inaccurate.		
	It is an exception to the application of this provision that the vendor filed the required questionnaire not later than the seventh business day after the date the vendor received notice from the district of the alleged violation.				
	A board may, at its discretion, declare a contract void if the board determines that a vendor failed to file a conflict of interest question- naire required by Local Government Code 176.006.				
		Loca	al Gov't Code 176.013(b), (e), (g)		
Required Contract Provisions Boycott Prohibitions Israel	A district may not enter into a contract with a company for goods and services unless the contract contains a written verification from the company that it does not boycott Israel and will not during the term of the contract.				
		The	requirement above applies only to a contract that:		
		1.	Is between a district and a company with 10 or more full-time employees; and		
		2.	Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is to be paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.		
		Gov't Code 2271.002			
		"Boy 808.	cott Israel" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 001.		

CHE

(LEGAL)

	"Company" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 808.001, except that the term does not include a sole proprietor- ship.				
	Gov't Code 2271.001(1), (2)				
Energy Companies	A district may not enter into a contract with a company for goods or services unless the contract contains a written verification from the company that it does not boycott energy companies and will not boycott energy companies during the term of the contract.				
	The requirement above applies only to a contract that:				
	<ol> <li>Is between a district and a company with 10 or more full-time employees; and</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is to be paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.</li> </ol>				
	The requirement above does not apply to a district that determines the requirements are inconsistent with the district's constitutional or statutory duties related to the issuance, incurrence, or manage- ment of debt obligations or the deposit, custody, management, bor- rowing, or investment of funds.				
	Gov't Code 2274.002				
	"Boycott energy company" has the meaning assigned by Govern- ment Code 808.001.				
	"Company" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 809.001, except that the term does not include a sole proprietor- ship.				
	Gov't Code 2274.001(1), (2)				
No Discrimination Against Firearm and Ammunition Industries	A district may not enter into a contract with a company for the pur- chase of goods or services unless the contract contains a written verification from the company that it does not have a practice, pol- icy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and will not discriminate during the term of the contract against a firearm entity or firearm trade associ- ation.				
	The requirement above applies only to a contract that:				
	<ol> <li>Is between a district and a company with at least 10 full-time employees; and</li> </ol>				
	2. Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.				

	with	a so	irement above does not apply to a district that contracts le-source provider or does not receive bids from a com- t is able to provide the required written verification.			
	Gov't Code 2274.002					
	[Foi	defir	nitions, see Government Code 2274.001.]			
Retention of	These provisions apply to a contract that:					
Contracting Information Application	1.		a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds he purchase of goods or services by the district; or			
Αρριιζαιίοπ	2.	for t	ults in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds he purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal r of the district.			
	awa kno Cha trac unle take mer	ard the wingl pter ting litess the en ade nts of	may not accept a bid for a contract described above or e contract to an entity that the board has determined has y or intentionally failed to comply with Government Code 552, Subchapter J (Additional Provisions Relating to Con- nformation) in a previous bid or contract described above e board determines and documents that the entity has equate steps to ensure future compliance with the require- that subchapter. [For additional information and require- ee GBA and GBAA.]			
Requirements	A co	ontrad	ct described above must require a contracting entity to:			
	1.	prov	serve all contracting information related to the contract as vided by the records retention requirements applicable to district for the duration of the contract;			
	2.	late	mptly provide to the district any contracting information re- d to the contract that is in the custody or possession of the ty on request of the district; and			
	3.	On	completion of the contract, either:			
		а.	Provide at no cost to the district all contracting informa- tion related to the contract that is in the custody or pos- session of the entity; or			
		b.	Preserve the contracting information related to the con- tract as provided by the records retention requirements applicable to the district.			
Bid and Contract Language	scri mer mer	bed a nt: "Th nt Coo	s described at Exception, below, a bid for a contract de- bove and the contract must include the following state- ne requirements of Subchapter J, Chapter 552, Govern- de, may apply to this (include "bid" or "contract" as e) and the contractor or vendor agrees that the contract			
	าวว		7 of 10			

	can be terminated if the contractor or vendor knowingly or inten- tionally fails to comply with a requirement of that subchapter."		
Notice of Noncompliance	A board that is the party to a contract described above shall pro- vide notice to the entity that is a party to the contract if the entity fails to comply with a requirement of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J applicable to the entity. The notice must:		
	1. Be in writing;		
	2. State the requirement that the entity has violated; and		
	3. Unless the exception described below applies, advise the en- tity that the board may terminate the contract without further obligation to the entity if the entity does not cure the violation on or before the 10th business day after the date the board provides the notice.		
Contract Termination	Except as provided below, a governmental body may terminate a contract described above if:		
	<ol> <li>The board provides the required notice to the entity that is party to the contract;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The contracting entity does not cure the violation in the pre- scribed period;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The board determines that the contracting entity has inten- tionally or knowingly failed to comply with a requirement of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J; and</li> </ol>		
	4. The board determines that the entity has not taken adequate steps to ensure future compliance with the requirements of that subchapter.		
	An entity has taken adequate steps to ensure future compliance with Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J if:		
	<ol> <li>The entity produces contracting information requested by the board that is in the custody or possession of the entity not later than the 10th business day after the date the board makes the request; and</li> </ol>		
	2. The entity establishes a records management program to en- able the entity to comply with Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J.		
Exception	A board may not terminate a contract under these provisions if the contract is related to the purchase or underwriting of a public security, the contract is or may be used as collateral on a loan, or the contract's proceeds are used to pay debt service of a public security or loan.		

Gov't Code 552.371(a), .372-.374 [See GBA]

Prohibitions		erson, including a board, may not include a provision in a con-			
Entertainment Event Contracts	for i erw or e con void	tract related to a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid for in whole or in part with public funds that prohibits or would oth- erwise prevent the disclosure of information relating to the receipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a board for the event. A contract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is void. <i>Gov't Code 552.104(c)</i> [See GBA for information related to competition or bidding.]			
Taxpayer Resource Transactions	an a	A district may not enter into a taxpayer resource transaction with an abortion provider or an affiliate of an abortion provider. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 2273.003(a)</i>			
	don tran prov or le	"Taxpayer resource transaction" means a sale, purchase, lease, donation of money, goods, services, or real property, or any other transaction between a governmental entity and a private entity that provides to the private entity something of value derived from state or local tax revenue, regardless of whether the governmental entity receives something of value in return.			
	pers one chis	"Affiliate" means a person or entity who enters into with another person or entity a legal relationship created or governed by at least one written instrument, including a certificate of formation, a fran- chise agreement, standards of affiliation, bylaws, or a license, that demonstrates:			
	1.	Common ownership, management, or control between the parties to the relationship;			
	2.	A franchise granted by the person or entity to the affiliate; or			
	3.	The granting or extension of a license or other agreement au- thorizing the affiliate to use the other person's or entity's brand name, trademark, service mark, or other registered identification mark.			
	Gov	Gov't Code 2273.001(3), (5)			
Lobbying Restriction — Tobacco Education	A district receiving funds or grants from the Permanent Fun Health and Tobacco Education and Enforcement may not funds to pay:				
Grant Funds	1.	Lobbying expenses incurred by the district;			
	2.	A person or entity that is required to register with the Texas Ethics Commission under Government Code Chapter 305 (Registration of Lobbyists);			

		3.	Any partner, employee, employer, relative, contractor, consul- tant, or related entity of a person or entity described by item 2; or
		4.	A person or entity who has been hired to represent associa- tions or other entities for the purpose of affecting the outcome of legislation, agency rules, ordinances, or other government policies.
		Goi	/'t Code 403.1067(a)
Contracts with Listed Companies	pan mer nies Gov tion with	istrict may not enter into a governmental contract with a com- y identified on a list prepared and maintained under Govern- nt Code 806.051 (now Government Code 2270.0201) (compa- s with business operations in Sudan), 807.051 (now vernment Code 2270.0102) (companies with business opera- s in Iran), and 2252.153 (companies known to have contracts or provide supplies or services to foreign terrorist organiza- ). <i>Gov't Code 2252.152</i>	
		mei or a equ	overnmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- ntal entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or ipment. The term includes a contract to obtain professional ser- es subject to Government Code 2254. <i>Gov't Code 2252.151(3)</i>
	Certain Library Material Vendors	ven	istrict may not purchase library material from a library material dor on the list created by the Texas Education Agency under ucation Code 35.003(c). [See EFB] <i>Education Code 35.003(d)</i>

Denton	ISD
061901	

CONTRACTED SERVICES CRIMINAL HISTORY

Contractor's Notification of Felony Conviction	A person or business entity that enters into a contract with a district must give advance notice to the district if the person or an owner or operator of the business entity has been convicted of a felony. A district may terminate a contract with a person or business entity if the district determines that the person or business entity failed to give such notice or misrepresented the conduct resulting in the conviction. The district must compensate the person or business entity for services performed before the termination of the contract. <i>Education Code</i> 44.034				
National Criminal History Record	"Contracting entity" means an entity that contracts directly with a district to provide services to the district.				
Information (NCHRI) Reviews Definitions	"Public works contractor" means an entity that contracts directly or subcontracts with an entity that contracts with a district, to provide services to the district.				
	"Qualified school contractor" means an entity that:				
	1.	Contracts or subcontracts to provide services to a district; and			
	2.	Is determined eligible by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) to obtain criminal history record information under the National Child Protection Act of 1993 (34 U.S.C. Section 40101 et seq.) for an employee, applicant for employment, or volunteer of the qualified school contractor.			
	"Subcontracting entity" means an entity that contracts with another entity that is not a district to provide services to a district.				
	Education Code 22.0834(p); Gov't Code 411.12505(a)				
	"Continuing duties related to contracted services" are work duties that are performed pursuant to a contract to provide services to a district on a regular, repeated basis rather than infrequently or one-time only. <i>19 TAC 153.1101(2)</i>				
	"Direct contact with students" is the contact that results from activi- ties that provide substantial opportunity for verbal or physical inter- action with students that is not supervised by a certified educator or other professional district employee. Contact with students that results from services that do not provide substantial opportunity for unsupervised interaction with a student or students, such as ad- dressing an assembly, officiating a sports contest, or judging an extracurricular event, is not, by itself, direct contact with students. However, direct contact with students does result from any activity that provides substantial opportunity for unsupervised contact with students, which might include, without limitation, the provision of coaching, tutoring, or other services to students. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>153.1101(7)</i>				

Denton ISD 061901

## CONTRACTED SERVICES CRIMINAL HISTORY

Contractors with Continuing Duties and Direct Contact with Students	These requirements apply to a person who is not an applicant for or holder of a certificate under Education Code Chapter 21, Sub- chapter B (Certified Educators), and who is offered employment by an entity or a subcontractor of an entity that contracts with a district if:				
	1.		employee or applicant has or will have continuing duties ted to the contracted services; and		
	2.		employee or applicant has or will have direct contact with ents.		
	Education Code 22.0834(a)				
	ria c effo that	lo not rt to e deter	acting or subcontracting entity determines that these crite- apply to an employee, the entity shall make a reasonable ensure that the conditions or precautions that resulted in mination continue to exist throughout the time that the d services are provided. <i>Education Code 22.0834(I)</i>		
Exception — Public Works Contractors	These requirements do not apply to an employee or applicant of a public works contractor if:				
	1.	or re	public work does not involve the construction, alteration, epair of an instructional facility as defined by Education e 46.001;		
	2.	tiona vice	public work that involves construction of a new instruc- al facility, the person's duties related to the contracted ser- s will be completed not later than the seventh day before first date the facility will be used for instructional purposes;		
	3.	For	a public work that involves an existing instructional facility:		
		a.	The public work area contains sanitary facilities and is separated from all areas used by students by a secure barrier fence that is not less than six feet in height; and		
		b.	The contracting entity adopts a policy prohibiting em- ployees, including subcontracting entity employees, from interacting with students or entering areas used by stu- dents, informs employees of the policy, and enforces the policy at the public work area.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 22.0834(a-1)		
Qualified School Contractors	tion: qual	s, abo lified :	tracting entity is a qualified school contractor [see Defini- ove], a person must submit to a NCHRI review by the school contractor before being employed or serving in a described above.		

Denton ISD 061901			
CONTRACTED SERVICESCJACRIMINAL HISTORY(LEGAL)			
Subcontracting Entities	A qualified school contractor acting as a contracting entity shall re- quire that any of its subcontracting entities obtain all criminal his- tory record information (CHRI) that relates to an employee if the subcontracting entity is also a qualified school contractor.		
	A qualified school contractor shall require that any of its subcon- tracting entities that are not qualified school contractors comply with the requirements at Other Contractors, below.		
	Education Code 22.0834(b), (d-1), (d-2)		
Other Contractors	If the contracting entity or subcontracting entity is not a qualified school contractor, a person must submit to a NCHRI review by the district. <i>Education Code 22.0834(b-1)</i>		
	The requirements for qualified school contractors and subcontract- ing entities, above, do not apply to a qualified school contractor if a district obtains the CHRI of a person through the criminal history clearinghouse. <i>Education Code 22.0834(e)</i>		
DPS Criminal History Clearinghouse	Before or immediately after employing or securing the services of a person, the qualified school contractor or district shall send or ensure that the person sends to DPS information that is required by DPS for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs. DPS obtains the person's NCHRI and reports the results through the criminal history clearinghouse as provided by Government Code 411.0845.		
	A qualified school contractor or a district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person through the criminal history clearinghouse.		
	Education Code 22.0834(c), (d)		
Emergency	In the event of an emergency, a district may allow a person to whom these requirements apply to enter district property if the person is accompanied by a district employee. A district may adopt rules regarding an emergency situation under this provision. <i>Education Code 22.0834(f)</i>		
Criminal History Record Information	A district or qualified school contractor may obtain from any law en- forcement or criminal justice agency all CHRI that relates to a per- son. <i>Education Code 22.0834(h)</i>		
Certification to District	A qualified school contractor shall certify to the district or shared services arrangement that the entity has received all CHRI relating to a person who is employed by or under a current offer of employment by the qualified school contractor. <i>Education Code</i> $22.0834(q)$		

Denton ISD 061901	
CONTRACTED SERVIO CRIMINAL HISTORY	ES CJA (LEGAL)
Disqualifying Conviction	A district, qualified school contractor, contracting entity, or subcon- tracting entity may not permit a person to provide services at a school if the employee has been convicted of a felony or misde- meanor offense that would prevent a person from being employed under Education Code 22.085(a). <i>Education Code 22.0834(o)</i>
District Responsibility to Ensure Compliance	A district may not allow a person who is an employee of or appli- cant for employment by a qualified school contractor or an entity that contracts with the district to serve at the district if the district obtains information showing a disqualifying conviction through a CHRI review concerning the employee or applicant. A district must ensure that an entity that the district contracts with for services has obtained all required CHRI. <i>Education Code 22.085(c)</i>
	<b>Note:</b> See DBAA for definitions and provisions regarding confidentiality, unauthorized disclosure, destruction, consumer credit reports, records retention, and criminal history record checks of employees.
Contractors Providing Transportation Services	Except as provided below at Commercial Transportation Company, a district that contracts with a person for transportation services shall obtain from any law enforcement or criminal justice agency all CHRI that relates to a person employed by the person as a bus driver or a person the person intends to employ as a bus driver. A person who contracts with a district to provide transportation ser- vices shall submit to the district the name and other identification data required to obtain the CHRI of such persons. If a district ob- tains information that such a person has been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, the district shall inform the chief personnel officer of the person with whom the district has contracted, and the person may not employ that person to drive a bus on which students are transported without the permission of the board of the district. <i>Education Code 22.084(a)-(b)</i>
Commercial Transportation Company	A commercial transportation company that contracts with a district to provide transportation services may obtain from any law en- forcement or criminal justice agency all CHRI that relates to a per- son employed by the company as a bus driver, bus monitor, or bus aide, or a person the company intends to employ in one of these positions. If the company obtains information that a person em- ployed or to be employed has been convicted of a felony or a mis- demeanor involving moral turpitude, the company may not employ that person to drive or to serve as a bus monitor or bus aide on a bus on which students are transported without the permission of the board of the district. If a commercial transportation company obtains CHRI, a district is not required to do the same. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 22.084(c)-(d)</i>

Denton ISD 061901

CONTRACTED SERVICES CRIMINAL HISTORY CJA (LEGAL)

Authority to Obtain CHRI	A district or an entity that contracts to provide services to a district is entitled to obtain CHRI that the district or entity is required or au- thorized to obtain under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C, that relates to a person who is:		
	1.	An employee of or an applicant for employment with a public or commercial transportation company that contracts with the district to provide transportation services if the employee drives or the applicant will drive a bus in which students are transported or is employed or is seeking employment as a bus monitor or bus aide on a bus in which students are trans- ported;	
	2.	An employee of or applicant for employment by an entity that contracts to provide services to a district or shared services arrangement as provided by Education Code 22.0834, above;	
	3.	An employee of or applicant for employment by a subcontrac- tor of an entity that contracts to provide services to a district or shared services arrangement as provided by Education Code 22.0834, above; or	
	4.	A tutor who provides services on behalf of a service provider that offers accelerated or supplemental instruction under Edu- cation Code 28.0211.	
	Gov	't Code 411.097(a)	

Safety and Security Committee Responsibilities	In accordance with guidelines established by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC), each district shall establish a school safety and security committee. The committee shall:			
	1.	Participate on behalf of the district in developing and imple- menting emergency plans consistent with the district multihaz- ard emergency operations plan to ensure that the plans re- flect specific campus, facility, or support services needs;		
	2.	Periodically provide recommendations to the board and dis- trict administrators regarding updating the district multihazard emergency operations plan [see CKC] in accordance with best practices identified by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), the TxSSC, or a person included in the registry of per- sons providing school safety or security consulting services established by the TxSSC;		
	3.	Provide the district with any campus, facility, or support ser- vices information required in connection with a safety and se- curity audit, a safety and security audit report, or another re- port required to be submitted by the district to the TxSSC;		
	4.	Review each report required to be submitted by the district to the TxSSC to ensure that the report contains accurate and complete information regarding each campus, facility, or sup- port service in accordance with criteria established by the center; and		
	5.	Consult with local law enforcement agencies on methods to increase law enforcement presence near district campuses.		
Membership	The	committee, to the greatest extent practicable, must include:		
	1.	One or more representatives of an office of emergency man- agement of a county or city in which the district is located;		
	2.	One or more representatives of the local police department or sheriff's office;		
	3.	One or more representatives of the district's police depart- ment, if applicable;		
	4.	The president of the board;		
	5.	A member of the board other than the president;		
	6.	The superintendent;		
	7.	One or more designees of the superintendent, one of whom must be a classroom teacher in the district;		

	8.	If the district partners with an open-enrollment charter school		
		to provide instruction to students, a member of the open-en- rollment charter school's governing body or a designee of the governing body; and		
	9.	Two parents or guardians of students enrolled in the district.		
Meetings	Except as otherwise provided for year-round schools, the commit- tee shall meet at least once during each academic semester and at least once during the summer. A committee established by a dis- trict that operates schools on a year-round system or in accor- dance with another alternative schedule shall meet at least three times during each calendar year, with an interval of at least two months between each meeting.			
	Mee that	committee is subject to Government Code Chapter 551 (Open etings Act) and may meet in executive session as provided by chapter. Notice of a committee meeting must be posted in the le manner as notice of a board meeting. [See BE]		
	Edu	cation Code 37.109		
Sheriff-Led School Safety Meetings	The sheriff of a county with a total population of less than 350,000 in which a public school is located shall call and conduct semian- nual meetings to discuss:			
	1.	School safety;		
	2.	Coordinated law enforcement response to school violence in- cidents;		
	3.	Law enforcement agency capabilities;		
	4.	Available resources;		
	5.	Emergency radio interoperability;		
	6.	Chain of command planning; and		
	7.	Other related subjects proposed by a person in attendance at the meeting.		
	mor sem scho	sheriff of a county to which this requirement applies in which e than one public school is located is only required to hold one iannual meeting. This requirement does not require public cols located within the same county to adopt the same school ity policies.		
	The	following persons shall attend the meeting:		
	1.	The sheriff or the sheriff's designee;		

	2.	The police chief of a municipal police department in the county or the police chief's designee;
	3.	Each elected constable in the county or the constable's de- signees;
	4.	Each police chief of a school district's police department or school district security coordinator from each school district located in the county;
	5.	A representative of DPS assigned to the county;
	6.	A representative of each other state agency with commis- sioned peace officers assigned to the county;
	7.	A person appointed to a command staff position at an emer- gency medical service in the county;
	8.	A person appointed to a command staff position at a munici- pal emergency medical service in the county;
	9.	A person appointed to a command staff position at a fire de- partment in the county;
	10.	The superintendent or the superintendent's designee of each school district located in the county;
	11.	The person who serves the function of superintendent, or that person's designee, in each open-enrollment charter school lo- cated in the county; and
	12.	Any other person the sheriff considers appropriate.
		sheriff shall invite any federal law enforcement official serving the county to attend the meeting.
	repo the s mak not i that	soon as practicable after the meeting, the sheriff shall submit a bot to the TxSSC identifying the attendees of the meeting and subjects discussed. The TxSSC shall maintain the report and the it publicly available on its internet website. The TxSSC may make publicly available and shall redact any parts of a report it determines may expose a safety vulnerability of a school dis- facility.
	Edu	cation Code 85.024
Agreements	muti and men	h district that enters into a memorandum of understanding or ual aid agreement addressing issues that affect school safety security shall, at the TxSSC's request, provide a copy of the norandum or agreement. A copy of a memorandum of under- iding or mutual aid agreement provided to the TxSSC under

	this provision is confidential and not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552. <i>Education Code 37.2121(d), (d-1)</i>		
Sharing School Safety Training with Private Providers	"Accredited private school" means a private school accredited by an organization recognized by the Texas Private School Accredita- tion Commission or TEA.		
	"Child-care facility" has the meaning assigned by Human Re- sources Code 42.002.		
	"Organization providing out-of-school-time care" includes a faith- based organization, a before-school or after-school program, a summer camp, a Texas 4-H or other agricultural program, and a youth sports organization.		
	From money available for the purpose, a district may make avail- able at no cost school safety training courses, including active shooter training courses, approved under Education Code 25.0815 [see EB] and determined to be appropriate by the district's school safety and security committee, to employees of accredited private schools located in the district or child-care facilities or other organi- zations providing out-of-school-time care to children younger than 18 years of age who reside in the district.		
	Education Code 37.119		
Prohibited Coronavirus Preventative Measures	"COVID-19" means the 2019 novel coronavirus disease and any variants of the disease.		
	A district may not implement, order, or otherwise impose a man- date requiring:		
	<ol> <li>A person to wear a face mask or other face covering to pre- vent the spread of COVID-19;</li> </ol>		
	2. A person to be vaccinated against COVID-19; or		
	<ol> <li>The closure of a public school to prevent the spread of COVID-19.</li> </ol>		
	Health and Safety Code 81B.001004		

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SAFETY AND SECURITY AUDITS AND MONITORING

Safety and Security Audit	At least once every three years, each district shall conduct a safety and security audit of the district's facilities. A district, or a person in- cluded in the registry of persons providing school safety or security consulting services established by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) who is engaged by the district to conduct a safety and se- curity audit, shall follow safety and security audit procedures devel- oped by the TxSSC in coordination with the commissioner of edu- cation.
	A district must confirm that a person is included in the registry be- fore the district may engage the person to provide school safety or security consulting services to the district.
	In a district's safety and security audit, the district must certify that the district used the funds provided through the school safety allot- ment only for the purposes provided by Education Code 48.115.
	A district shall report the results of the safety and security audit to the board and, in the manner required by the TxSSC, to the TxSSC. The report provided to the TxSSC must be signed by the board and the superintendent.
	Education Code 37.108(b), (b-1), (c), 37.2091(b-1)
	In addition to a review of a district's multihazard emergency opera- tions plan under Education Code 37.2071 [see CKC], the TxSSC may require a district to submit its plan for immediate review if the district's audit results indicate that the district is not complying with applicable standards. <i>Education Code 37.207(c)</i>
Failure to Report Audit Results	If a district fails to report the results of its audit, the TxSSC shall provide the district with written notice that the district has failed to report its audit results and must immediately report the results to the center.
	If three months after the date of the initial notification the district has still not reported the results of its audit to the TxSSC, the TxSSC shall notify the Texas Education Agency (TEA) and the dis- trict of the district's requirement to conduct a public hearing under Education Code 37.1081. [See CKC]
	Education Code 37.207(d)-(e)
Disclosure	Except as provided by Education Code 37.108(c-2) [see CKC], any document or information collected, developed, or produced during a safety and security audit is not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Education Code 37.108(c-1)</i>

Denton ISD 061901			
SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENTCKASAFETY AND SECURITY AUDITS AND MONITORING(LEGAL)			
TEA Monitoring of Safety and Security Requirements	TEA shall monitor the implementation and operation of re- ments related to school district safety and security, includ school district multihazard emergency operations plans [s and safety and security audits [see above].	ing	
Office of School Safety and Security	TEA shall establish an office of school safety and security dinate monitoring and, in coordination with the TxSSC and local law enforcement agencies, provide technical assista school districts to support the implementation and operation safety and security requirements.	d relevant nce to	
Vulnerability Assessments	As part of the technical assistance, TEA shall conduct a d vulnerability assessment of each school district on a rand once every four years.		
	On completion of a vulnerability assessment TEA shall protect the superintendent and school safety and security commit CK] for the applicable school district a report on the result assessment that includes recommendations and required tive actions to address any deficiencies in campus securit fied by the agency.	ttee [see s of the correc-	
District Information and Records	TEA may require a school district to submit information ne for it to monitor the implementation and operation of school safety and security requirements, including notice of an eve quiring a district's emergency response including the disco firearm on a campus and information regarding the district sponse and use of emergency operations procedures dur an event.	ol district vent re- overy of a t's re-	
	TEA may review school district records as necessary to e compliance with Education Code Subchapter D (Protectio Building and Grounds) and Subchapter G (Texas School Center).	n of	
	Any document or information collected, identified, develop produced relating to the monitoring of school district safet curity requirements is confidential under Government Coc 418.177 and 418.181 (Texas Disaster Act), and not subje closure under Government Code Chapter 552.	y and se- le	
	Education Code 37.1083		
Intruder Detection Audits	TEA's office of school safety and security shall establish a safety review team in each region served by a regional ec service center, which shall annually conduct on-site gener truder detection audits of school district campuses in the figion.	lucation ral in-	

### SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SAFETY AND SECURITY AUDITS AND MONITORING

Notice to Superintendent	mus beir	onducting an intruder detection audit, a safety review team at notify the superintendent of the district in which the campus ng audited is located not later than the seventh day before the e of a scheduled audit.		
Report	the the resu corr	On completion of the audit, a safety review team must provide to the superintendent and school safety and security committee for the school district in which the campus is located a report on the results of the audit that includes recommendations and required corrective actions to address any deficiencies in campus security identified by the team.		
		A report produced by a safety review team is confidential and not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552.		
	Edu	Education Code 37.1084		
Assignment of Conservator for		The commissioner may assign a conservator under Education Code Chapter 39A if a school district fails to:		
Noncompliance	1.	Submit to any required monitoring, assessment, or audit un- der Education Code 37.1083 or 37.1084 [see above];		
	2.	Comply with applicable safety and security requirements; or		
	3.	Address in a reasonable time period, as determined by com- missioner rule, issues raised by TEA's monitoring, assess- ment, or audit of the district under Education Code 37.1083 or 37.1084.		
	tor u ure trict Sec	A conservator may exercise the powers and duties of a conserva- tor under Education Code 39A.003 [see AIC] only to correct a fail- ure identified above. TEA may not assign a conservator for a dis- trict's failure to comply with Education Code 37.0814 (Armed Security Officer Required) or a good cause exception claimed un- der that section. [See CKE]		

Education Code 37.1085

Denton ISD 061901			
SAFETY PROGRAM/RI EMERGENCY PLANS	SK M	ANAGEMENT CKC (LEGAL)	
Notice of Bomb Threat or Terroristic Threat	a ca sha pare to e	strict that receives a bomb threat or terroristic threat relating to impus or other district facility at which students are present Il provide notification of the threat as soon as possible to the ent or guardian of or other person standing in parental relation ach student who is assigned to the campus or who regularly s the facility, as applicable. <i>Education Code 37.113</i>	
Notice Regarding Violent Activity	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop model standards for providing notice regarding violent activity that has occurred or is being investigated at a district campus or other district facility or at a district-sponsored activity to parents, guardians, and other per- sons standing in parental relation to students who are assigned to the campus, regularly use the facility, or are attending the activity, as applicable. A district shall adopt a policy for providing this notice in a manner that meets TEA standards. <i>Education Code</i> 37.1131		
Emergency Response Map and Walk-Through	A district shall provide to the Department of Public Safety (DPS) and all appropriate local law enforcement agencies and emergency first responders:		
	1.	An accurate map of each district campus and school building that is developed and documented in accordance with the standards described by Education Code 37.351 related to de- veloping site and floor plans, access control, and exterior door numbering; and	
	2.	An opportunity to conduct a walk-through of each district cam- pus and school building using the map.	
	Edι	cation Code 37.117	
Emergency Operations Plan	Each district shall adopt and implement a multihazard emergency operations plan for use in the district's facilities. The plan must ad- dress prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recov- ery as defined by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) in con- junction with the governor's office of homeland security and the commissioner. The plan must provide for:		
	1.	Training in responding to an emergency for district employ- ees, including substitute teachers;	
	2.	Measures to ensure district employees, including substitute teachers, have classroom access to a telephone, including a cellular telephone, or another electronic communication de- vice allowing for immediate contact with district emergency services or emergency services agencies, law enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire departments;	

- 3. Measures to ensure district communications technology and infrastructure are adequate to allow for communication during an emergency;
- Mandatory school drills and exercises, including drills required under Education Code 37.114 (emergency evacuations), to prepare district students and employees for responding to an emergency [see CKB];
- Measures to ensure coordination with the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) and local emergency management agencies, law enforcement, health departments, and fire departments in the event of an emergency;
- 6. The implementation of a required safety and security audit [see CKA]; and
- 7. Any other requirements established by the TxSSC in consultation with TEA and relevant local law enforcement agencies.

## Education Code 37.108(a)

A district shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan:

- 1. A chain of command that designates the individual responsible for making final decisions during a disaster or emergency situation and identifies other individuals responsible for making those decisions if the designated person is unavailable;
- Provisions that address physical and psychological safety for responding to a natural disaster, active shooter, and any other dangerous scenario identified for purposes of these provisions by TEA or TxSSC;
- 3. Provisions for ensuring the safety of students in portable buildings;
- Provisions for ensuring that students and district personnel with disabilities are provided equal access to safety during a disaster or emergency situation;
- 5. Provisions for providing immediate notification to parents, guardians, and other persons standing in parental relation in circumstances involving a significant threat to the health or safety of students, including identification of the individual with responsibility for overseeing the notification;
- 6. Provisions for supporting the psychological safety of students, district personnel, and the community during the response

and recovery phase following a disaster or emergency situation that:

- a. Are aligned with best practice-based programs and research-based practices recommended under Education Code 38.351;
- Include strategies for ensuring any required professional development training for suicide prevention and grief-informed and trauma-informed care is provided to appropriate school personnel;
- c. Include training on integrating psychological safety and suicide prevention strategies into the district's plan, such as psychological first aid for schools training, from an approved list of recommended training established by the commissioner and TxSSC for:
  - Members of the district's school safety and security committee [see CK];
  - (2) District school counselors and mental health professionals; and
  - (3) Educators and other district personnel as determined by the district;
- d. Include strategies and procedures for integrating and supporting physical and psychological safety that align with the provisions described by item 2, above; and
- e. Implement trauma-informed policies;
- 7. A policy for providing a substitute teacher access to school campus buildings and materials necessary for the substitute teacher to carry out the duties of a district employee during an emergency or a mandatory emergency drill;
- 8. The name of each individual on the district's school safety and security committee and the date of each committee meeting during the preceding year [see CK]; and
- 9. Certification that the district is in compliance with Education Code 37.117 [see Emergency Response Map, above].

## Education Code 37.108(f)

Guidelines for Individuals with Disabilities or Impairments TEA shall establish guidelines for the provisions in a district's multihazard emergency operations plan to ensure the safety of students and district personnel with disabilities or impairments during a disaster or emergency situation. A district must follow the guidelines

		blished by TEA in adopting and implementing the district's mul- zard emergency operations plan. <i>Education Code</i> 37.1086	
Active Shooter Emergency	a po may	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan licy for responding to an active shooter emergency. The district use any available community resources in developing the pol- Education Code 37.108(g)	
Train Derailment	a po A di cate poin any	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan blicy for responding to a train derailment near a district school. strict is only required to adopt the policy if a district facility is lo- d within 1,000 yards of a railroad track, as measured from any t on the school's real property boundary line. A district may use available community resources in developing the policy. <i>Edu- on Code 37.108(d)</i>	
Polling Place Security	a po der cons the c able This tain pers distr fect for u	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan blicy for district property selected for use as a polling place un- Election Code 43.031. In developing the policy, the board may sult with the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over district property selected as a polling place regarding reason- security accommodations that may be made to the property. requirement may not be interpreted to require the board to ob- or contract for the presence of law enforcement or security connel for the purpose of securing a polling place located on ict property. Failure to comply with this subsection does not af- the requirement of the board to make a school facility available use as a polling place under Election Code 43.031. <i>Education</i> <i>e 37.108(e)</i> [See GKD]	
Disclosure	A document relating to a district's multihazard emergency opera- tions plan is subject to disclosure if the document enables a person to:		
	1.	Verify that the district has established a plan and determine the agencies involved in the development of the plan and the agencies coordinating with the district to respond to an emer- gency, including TDSHS, local emergency services agencies, law enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire de- partments;	
	2.	Verify that the district's plan was reviewed within the last 12 months and determine the specific review dates;	
	3.	Verify that the plan addresses the five phases of emergency management listed above at Emergency Operations Plan;	
	4.	Verify that district employees have been trained to respond to an emergency and determine the types of training, the num-	

		ber of employees trained, and the person conducting the training;
	5.	Verify that each campus in the district has conducted manda- tory emergency drills and exercises in accordance with the plan and determine the frequency of the drills;
	6.	Verify that the district has established a plan for responding to a train derailment if required [see Train Derailment, above];
	7.	Verify that the district has completed a safety and security au- dit and determine the date the audit was conducted, the per- son conducting the audit, and the date the district presented the results of the audit to the board [see CKA];
	8.	Verify that the district has addressed any recommendations by the board for improvement of the plan and determine the district's progress within the last 12 months; and
	9.	Verify that the district has established a visitor policy and identify the provisions governing access to a district building or other district property.
	Edu	cation Code 37.108(c-2)
	-	e GRC for emergency management training requirements and ponse to requests from other governmental entities for mutual
Plan Review	the que	strict shall submit its multihazard emergency operations plan to TxSSC not later than the 30th day after the date the TxSSC rests the submission and in accordance with the review cycle deped under Education Code 37.2071(a).
	duri tion:	document or information collected, developed, or produced ng the review and verification of multihazard emergency opera- s plans is not subject to disclosure under Government Code pter 552 (Public Information Act).
Failure to Submit Plan	plan that shal mus com auth	district fails to submit its multihazard emergency operations to the TxSSC for review following a notification by the TxSSC the district has failed to submit the district's plan, the TxSSC I provide the district with written notice stating that the district thold a public hearing as outlined at Public Hearing on Non- pliance, below. The notice must state that the commissioner is norized to appoint a conservator under Education Code 082.
Notice of Plan Deficiencies	erat	TxSSC shall review each district's multihazard emergency op- ions plan and verify the plan meets the requirements or provide district with written notice describing the plan's deficiencies, in-
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	5 of 8

	stati	ing specific recommendations to correct the deficiencies, and that the district must correct the deficiencies in its plan both the revised plan to the TxSSC.		
	tions	TxSSC may approve a district multihazard emergency op s plan that has deficiencies if the district submits a revised the center determines will correct the deficiencies.		
Failure to Correct Deficiencies	cies cies that	e month after the date of initial notification of a plan's defi- outlined above a district has not corrected the plan deficie , the TxSSC shall provide written notice to the district and the district has not complied with the requirements and m ply immediately.	en- TEA	
	after notio	district still has not corrected the plan deficiencies three m the date of initial notification, the TxSSC shall provide wr ce to the district stating that the district must hold a public as outlined at Public Hearing on Noncompliance, below.	itten	
	Edu	Education Code 37.2071		
Public Hearing on Noncompliance	If the board receives notice of noncompliance under Education Code 37.207(e) [see CKA], 37.2071(d) [see Failure to Submit Plan, above] or 37.2071(g) [see Failure to Correct Deficiencies, above], the board shall hold a public hearing to notify the public of:			
	1.	The district's failure to submit or correct deficiencies in a tihazard emergency operations plan or report the results safety and security audit to the TxSSC as required by law	of a	
	2.	The dates during which the district has not been in comp ance; and	li-	
	3.	The names of each member of the board and the superindent serving in that capacity during the dates the district not in compliance. The district shall provide this informativity writing to each person at the hearing.	was	
	The board shall give members of the public a reasonable opportu- nity to appear before the board and to speak on the issue of the district's failure to submit or correct deficiencies in a multihazard emergency operations plan or report the results of a safety and se curity audit during a hearing held under this provision. A district re quired to hold a public hearing shall provide written confirmation to the TxSSC that the district held the hearing.		ne ird d se- ct re-	
	Edu	cation Code 37.1081		
Safe Firearm Storage	infor	TxSSC, in collaboration with DPS, shall provide to each d mation and other resources regarding the safe storage of rms for distribution by the district including information on		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023		6 of 8		

### SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY PLANS

	offense of making a firearm accessible to a child under Penal Code 46.13 and ways in which parents and guardians can effectively prevent children from accessing firearms.				
	A district shall provide the information and other resources to the parent or guardian of each student enrolled in the district or school.				
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.222		
Confidential Information under the Texas Disaster Act	bled ing,	, or n detec	on is confidential if the information is collected, assem- naintained by or for a district for the purpose of prevent- cting, responding to, or investigating an act of terrorism or iminal activity and:		
Emergency Response Provider Information	1.	spor	ates to the staffing requirements of an emergency re- nse provider, including a law enforcement agency, a fire- ing agency, or an emergency services agency;		
	2.	Rela	ites to a tactical plan of the provider; or		
	3.	bers	sists of a list or compilation of pager or telephone num- , including mobile and cellular telephone numbers, of the ider.		
	Gov	't Coo	de 418.176		
Risk or Vulnerability	Info	Information is confidential if the information:			
Assessment	1.	the p	ollected, assembled, or maintained by or for a district for ourpose of preventing, detecting, or investigating an act of orism or related criminal activity; and		
	2.	men of pe	ates to an assessment by or for a district, or an assess- t that is maintained by a district, of the risk or vulnerability ersons or property, including critical infrastructure, to an of terrorism or related criminal activity.		
	Gov't Code 418.177				
	Information, other than financial information, in the possession of a district is confidential if the information:				
	1.	ls pa	art of a report to an agency of the United States;		
	2.	Rela	tes to an act of terrorism or related criminal activity; and		
	3.	ls sp	pecifically required to be kept confidential:		
		a.	Under the Public Information Act, Government Code 552.101, because of a federal statute or regulation;		
		b.	To participate in a state-federal information sharing agreement; or		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23		7 of 8		

#### SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY PLANS

C.	To obtain	federal	fundina.
•••	10 00 001	1000	ran an igi

Security Systems Financial information in the possession of a district that relates to the expenditure of funds by a district for a security system is public information that is not excepted from required disclosure under the Public Information Act. [See GBA]

Information, including access codes and passwords, in the possession of a district that relates to the specifications, operating procedures, or location of a security system used to protect public or private property from an act of terrorism or related criminal activity is confidential.

Gov't Code 418.182

Disaster Disclosure At any time during a state of disaster, the superintendent may vol-Exception At any time during a state of disaster, the superintendent may voluntarily disclose or otherwise make available all or part of the information that is confidential under Government Code 418.175-.182 to another person or another entity if the superintendent believes that the other person or entity has a legitimate need for the information. The disclosure or making available of confidential information under this provision does not waive or affect the confidentiality of the information. *Gov't Code 418.183(b), (e)* 

Armed Security Officer Required	The board shall determine the appropriate number of armed secu- rity officers for each district campus. The board must ensure that at least one armed security officer is present during regular school hours at each district campus.				
	For this purpose, a security officer must be:				
	1.	A sc	hool district peace officer;		
	2.	A sc	hool resource officer; or		
	3.		mmissioned peace officer employed as security person- Inder Education Code 37.081.		
Good Cause Exception	may due	clain to the	rd is unable to comply with this requirement, the board a good cause exception if the district's noncompliance is availability of funding or personnel who qualify to serve rity officer.		
Alternative Standard	A board that claims a good cause exception must develop an alter- native standard with which the district is able to comply, which may include providing a person to act as a security officer who is:				
	1.	A sc	hool marshal; or		
	2.		hool district employee or a person with whom the district racts who:		
		a.	Has completed school safety training provided by a qual- ified handgun instructor certified in school safety under Government Code 411.1901; and		
		b.	Carries a handgun on school premises in accordance with written regulations or written authorization of the district under Penal Code 46.03(a)(1)(A).		
Documentation	The board must develop and maintain documentation of the dis- trict's implementation of and compliance with this requirement, in- cluding documentation related to a good cause exception and shall, if requested by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), provide that documentation in the manner prescribed by TEA.				
	Education Code 37.0814				
School District Peace Officers, School Resource Officers, and Security Personnel		•	out Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter C (Law and e board may:		
	1.	ing v sion the L	loy or contract with security personnel, including contract- vith a licensed security services contractor for the provi- of a commissioned security officer who has completed Level II or III training course required by the Department ublic Safety;		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23		1 of 5		

	2. Enter into a memorandum of understanding with a local law enforcement agency or a county or municipality that is the employing political subdivision of commissioned peace officers for the provision of school resource officers; and
	3. Commission peace officers.
Jurisdiction	The jurisdiction of a peace officer, a school resource officer, or se- curity personnel shall be determined by the board and may include all territory in the boundaries of the district and all property outside the boundaries of the district that is owned, leased, or rented by or otherwise under the control of the district and the board that em- ploy or contract with, as applicable, the peace officer or security personnel or that enter into a memorandum of understanding for the provision of a school resource officer.
	Education Code 37.081(a), (a-1)
Duties	The board shall determine the law enforcement duties of peace of- ficers, school resource officers, and security personnel. The duties must be included in:
	1. The district improvement plan under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ];
	<ol> <li>The student code of conduct adopted under Education Code 37.001 [see FO];</li> </ol>
	3. Any memorandum of understanding providing for a school re- source officer; and
	4. Any other campus or district document describing the role of peace officers, school resource officers, or security personnel in the district.
	A district peace officer, a school resource officer, and security per- sonnel shall perform law enforcement duties for the school district that must include protecting the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the peace officer, resource officer, or security personnel; and the property of the school district.
	In determining the law enforcement duties, the board shall coordi- nate with district campus behavior coordinators and other district employees to ensure that district peace officers, school resource officers, and security personnel are tasked only with duties related to law enforcement intervention and not tasked with behavioral or administrative duties better addressed by other district employees.
	Education Code 37.081(d), (d-1), (d-4)

Prohibited Duties	A district may not assign or require as duties of a district peace offi- cer, a school resource officer, or security personnel:			
	1. Routine student discipline or school administrative tasks; or			
	2. Contact with students unrelated to the law enforcement duties of the peace officer, resource officer, or security personnel.			
	This provision does not prohibit a district peace officer, a school re- source officer, or security personnel from informal contact with a student unrelated to:			
	1. The assigned duties of the officer or security personnel; or			
	2. An incident involving student behavior or law enforcement.			
	Education Code 37.081(d-2), (d-3)			
Refusal or Removal from District Property	A school resource officer or district peace officer may refuse to al- low a person to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control in accordance with Education Code 37.105. <i>Education Code 37.105(a); 19 TAC 103.1207</i> [See GKA]			
Active Shooter Response Training	A district peace officer or school resource officer shall complete an active shooter response training program approved by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE) at least once in each four-year period.			
	A district that commissions a school district peace officer or at which a school resource officer provides law enforcement shall adopt a policy requiring the officer to complete the education and training program required by Occupations Code 1701.263.			
	A district may not contract for the provision of active shooter re- sponse training unless the training provider is certified under Occu- pations Code 1701.2515 to provide the training.			
	Education Code 37.0812			
School-Based Law Enforcement Proficiency	School district peace officers or school resource officers providing law enforcement services at a district must obtain a school-based law enforcement proficiency certificate within 180 days of the offi- cer's commission or placement in the district or campus of the dis- trict. <i>37 TAC 218.3(d)(5); Occupations Code 1701.263(b)</i>			
Officer Providing Volunteer Security Services	A peace officer providing volunteer security services on premises where an event sponsored or sanctioned by a public primary or secondary school is taking place may:			
	<ol> <li>With the consent of the head of the employing or appointing law enforcement agency, wear the uniform of the agency; or</li> </ol>			

	2.	Wear another uniform or badge that gives the person the appearance of being a peace officer.	
	Осс	upations Code 1702.333(d)	
Immunity from Liability	"Retired peace officer" has the meaning assigned by Occupations Code 1701.3161.		
	"See	curity personnel" includes:	
	1.	A school district peace officer;	
	2.	A school marshal;	
	3.	A school resource officer; and	
	4.	A retired peace officer who has been hired by a district to pro- vide security services or volunteers to provide security ser- vices to the district.	
	any safe	strict is immune from liability for any damages resulting from reasonable action taken by security personnel to maintain the ety of the campus, including action relating to possession or use firearm.	
	age ploy	strict is immune from liability as provided above for any dam- s resulting from any reasonable action taken by a district em- ree who has written permission from the board to carry a arm on campus.	
	bility by t	security personnel employed by a district is immune from lia- / for any damages resulting from any reasonable action taken he security personnel to maintain the safety of the campus, in- ling action relating to possession or use of a firearm.	
	to a gove grea	statutory immunity provided by these provisions is in addition nd does not preempt the common law doctrine of official and ernmental immunity. To the extent that another statute provides ater immunity to a district than these provisions, that statute vails.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.087	
Notice of Exposure to Communicable Disease	para offic sure ees qua late	strict that employs emergency medical service employees, amedics, firefighters, law enforcement officers or correctional sers must post the required notice regarding work-related expo- e to communicable disease in its workplace to inform employ- about Health and Safety Code requirements which may affect lifying for workers' compensation benefits following a work-re- d exposure to a reportable communicable disease. <i>28 TAC</i> .108	

Authorized Handguns	Under Education Code 11.151(b), a board may promulgate written regulations and authorization as provided by Penal Code 46.03(a)(1) (exception to places where weapons are prohibited). <i>Atty. Gen. Op. GA-1051 (2014)</i>
Role of Persons Carrying a Firearm	A person permitted to carry a firearm on the campus of a school district may not perform the routine law enforcement duties of a peace officer, including making arrests, unless the duty is performed in response to an emergency that poses a threat of death or serious bodily injury to a student, school district employee, or other individual at the district campus.
	This prohibition does not apply to a commissioned peace officer who is assigned law enforcement duties that are included in cam- pus and district documents describing the role of peace officers in the district as required by Education Code 37.081(d) [see Duties, above].
	This prohibition does not apply to a commissioned peace officer who is assigned law enforcement duties that are included in cam- pus and district documents describing the role of peace officers in the district as required by Education Code 37.081(d) [see Duties,

Education Code 37.089

	Note	<i>:</i> For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including district peace officers, see CKE.			
		For information on mental health leave, quarantine leave, and line of duty leave for peace officers, see DEC.			
Powers and Duties Code of Criminal Procedure	mum	Any peace officer commissioned by the board must meet all mini- mum standards for peace officers established by the Texas Com- mission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>			
		ers commissioned by a board are peace officers. <i>Code of inal Procedure 2.12(8)</i>			
	office	he duty of every peace officer to preserve the peace within the er's jurisdiction. To effect this purpose, the officer shall use all Il means. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13(a)</i>			
		peace officer shall perform the duties listed in Code of Crimi- procedure 2.13.			
Determined by the Board	A district peace officer shall perform law enforcement duties for the district as determined by the board. <i>Education Code 37.081(d), (d-1)</i> [See CKE(LEGAL)]				
	The board may authorize any officer commissioned by the board to enforce rules adopted by the board. Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D (protection of buildings and grounds) is not intended to restrict the authority of each district to adopt and enforce appro- priate rules for the orderly conduct of the district in carrying out its purposes and objectives or the right of separate jurisdiction relating to the conduct of its students and personnel. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.103</i>				
		peace officer's jurisdiction, a peace officer commissioned by oard:			
	1.	Has the powers, privileges, and immunities of peace officers;			
		May enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county ordinances, and state laws;			
		May take a child into custody in accordance with Family Code Chapter 52 [see GRA] or Code of Criminal Procedure 45.058; and			
		May dispose of cases in accordance with Family Code 52.03 or 52.031.			
	Educ	ation Code 37.081(b); Family Code 52.01(a)(3)			

Confirmation Form	sign	head of a law enforcement agency or the agency head's de- ee shall review and sign each confirmation form required under upations Code 1701.451 before submission to TCOLE. The		
		b. Except as provided below, obtained and reviewed as re- lated to the person, as applicable, the information listed in Occupations Code 1701.451(a)(3)(B).		
Requirements		<ul> <li>Contacted each entity or individual necessary to obtain the information required to be reviewed under Occupa- tions Code 1701.451; and</li> </ul>		
	3.	Submit to TCOLE confirmation that the agency, to the best of the agency's ability before hiring the person:		
	2.	Request from TCOLE and any other applicable person infor- mation required to be reviewed under Occupations Code 1701.451; and		
	1.	Obtain the person's written consent for the agency to review the information required to be reviewed under Occupations Code 1701.451;		
Preemployment Procedures and Reporting Requirements	Before a law enforcement agency may hire a person licensed un- der Occupations Code 1701 (law enforcement officers), the agency must, on a form and in the manner prescribed by the TCOLE:			
Oath and Bond	sha cute with fairl	eace officer assigned to duty and commissioned by a board I take and file the oath required of peace officers and shall exe- and file a bond in the sum of \$1,000, payable to the board, two or more sureties, conditioned that the peace officer will y, impartially, and faithfully perform all the duties that may be aired of the peace officer by law. <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>		
Chief of Police	able Dist lice	chief of police of a district police department shall be account- to the superintendent and shall report to the superintendent. rict police officers shall be supervised by the district chief of po- or the chief's designee and shall be licensed by TCOLE. <i>Edu-</i> <i>on Code</i> 37.081( <i>f</i> )		
	•	cation Code 37.081(c), (e)		
	forc sion	strict peace officer may provide assistance to another law en- ement agency. A district may contract with a political subdivi- for the jurisdiction of a district peace officer to include all terri- in the jurisdiction of the political subdivision.		
	The board shall determine the scope of the on-duty and off-duty law enforcement activities of district peace officers. A district must authorize in writing any off-duty law enforcement activities per- formed by a district peace officer.			

	failure of an agency head or the agency head's designee to comply with this subsection constitutes grounds for suspension of the agency head's license under Occupations Code 1701.501.
	The confirmation form submitted to TCOLE is not confidential and is subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).
Exception	If an entity or individual contacted for information required to be re- viewed under Occupations Code 1701.451 refused to provide the information or did not respond to the request for information, the confirmation submitted to TCOLE must document the manner of the request and the refusal or lack of response.
Duty to Provide Information	If a law enforcement agency receives from a law enforcement agency a request for information under Occupations Code 1701.451 and the person's consent on the forms and in the man- ner prescribed by TCOLE, the agency shall provide the information to the requesting agency.
	Occupations Code 1701.451
Separation Report	When a person licensed by TCOLE separates from an agency, the agency shall, within 7 business days:
	1. Submit a separation report (Form F5) to TCOLE; and
	2. Provide a copy to the licensee in a manner prescribed by Oc- cupations Code 1701.452 (Employment Termination Report).
	37 TAC 217.7(b)
	An agency must retain records kept under 37 Administrative Code 217.7 while the person is appointed and for a minimum of five years after the licensee's separation date with that agency. The records must be maintained under the control of the agency head or designee in a format readily accessible to TCOLE. <i>37 TAC 217.7(d)</i>
Memoranda of Understanding	A district police department and the law enforcement agencies with which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a memorandum of understanding that outlines reasonable communication and co-ordination efforts between the department and the agencies. <i>Education Code 37.081(g)</i>
Use of Force/Duty to Render Aid	Not later than the 180th day after the date TCOLE provides the model policies described by Occupations Code 1701.269(b), each law enforcement agency in this state shall adopt a policy on the topics described by that subsection. A law enforcement agency may adopt the model policies developed by TCOLE under that subsection. <i>Occupations Code 1701.270</i>
	subsection. Occupations Code 1701.270

Drones		prone" means an unmanned aircraft, watercraft, or ground vehicle a robotic device that:			
	1.	Is controlled remotely by a human operator; or			
	2.	Operates autonomously through computer software or other programming.			
		Each law enforcement agency that uses or intends to use a drone for law enforcement purposes shall:			
	1.	Adopt a written policy regarding the agency's use of force by means of a drone, before the agency first uses a drone, and update the policy as necessary; and			
	2.	Not later than January 1 of each even-numbered year, submit the policy to TCOLE in the manner prescribed by TCOLE.			
	Coc	le of Criminal Procedure 2.33			
	[For additional information on unmanned aircraft systems, see GKA.]				
Body-Worn Camera Programs	For the purpose of this provision, "body-worn camera" means a recording device that is capable of recording, or transmitting to be recorded remotely, video or audio; and worn on the person of a peace officer, which includes being attached to the officer's clothing or worn as glasses.				
	A law enforcement agency that operates a body-worn camera pro- gram shall adopt a policy for the use of body-worn cameras that must ensure that a body-worn camera is activated only for a law enforcement purpose and must include guidelines and provisions required by Occupations Code 1701.655(b).				
	•	blicy may not require a peace officer to keep a body-worn cam- activated for the entire period of the officer's shift.			
	A policy must require a peace officer who is equipped with a body- worn camera and actively participating in an investigation to keep the camera activated for the entirety of the officer's active participa- tion in the investigation unless the camera has been deactivated in compliance with that policy.				
	era who who	bre a law enforcement agency may operate a body-worn cam- program, the agency must provide training to peace officers will wear the body-worn cameras and any other personnel will come into contact with video and audio data obtained from use of body-worn cameras.			
	Occ	cupations Code 1701.651(1), .655, .656			

Prohibited Release of Recording	A law enforcement agency may not release any portion of a recording made in a private space, or of a recording involving the investigation of conduct that constitutes a misdemeanor punishable by fine only and does not result in arrest, without written authorization from the person who is the subject of that portion of the recording or, if the person is deceased, from the person's authorized representative.			
	A recording is confidential and excepted from the requirements of the Public Information Act if the recording was:			
	<ol> <li>Not required to be made under Occupations Code Subchap- ter N or another law or under a policy adopted by the law en- forcement agency; and</li> </ol>			
	2. Does not relate to a law enforcement purpose.			
	"Private space" means a location in which a person has a reason- able expectation of privacy, including a person's home.			
	Occupations Code 1701.651(1), .661(f), (h)			
Motor Vehicle Stops	A peace officer who stops a motor vehicle for an alleged violation of a law or ordinance shall report to the law enforcement agency that employs the officer information relating to the stop, including the information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.133.			
	The chief administrator of a law enforcement agency is responsible for auditing these reports to ensure that the race or ethnicity of the person operating the motor vehicle is being reported.			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.133			
	A law enforcement agency shall compile and analyze the informa- tion contained in each report received by the agency. Not later than March 1 of each year, each law enforcement agency shall submit a report containing the incident-based data compiled during the pre- vious calendar year to TCOLE. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.134</i>			
Civil Penalty	If the chief administrator of a local law enforcement agency inten- tionally fails to submit the incident-based data as required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.134, the department is liable to the state for a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each viola- tion. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1385(a)</i>			
Racial Profiling	A peace officer may not engage in racial profiling. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.131</i>			
	Each law enforcement agency that employs peace officers who make traffic stops in the routine performance of the officer's official duties shall adopt a detailed written policy on racial profiling that			

		plies with Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b). <i>Code of Crimi-</i> Procedure 2.132	
Mental Health Crisis or Substance Abuse Issue	A law enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to divert a person suffering a mental health crisis or suffering from the effects of substance abuse to a proper treatment center in the agency's ju- risdiction if:		
	1.	There is an available and appropriate treatment center in the agency's jurisdiction to which the agency may divert the person;	
	2.	It is reasonable to divert the person;	
	3.	The offense that the person is accused of is a misdemeanor, other than a misdemeanor involving violence; and	
	4.	The mental health crisis or substance abuse issue is suspected to be the reason the person committed the alleged of- fense.	
		requirement does not apply to a person who is accused of ified offenses involving intoxication.	
	Code	e of Criminal Procedure 16.23	
Administration of Epinephrine	auto epine Chap FFA	v enforcement agency may acquire and possess epinephrine -injectors and a peace officer may possess and administer an ephrine auto-injector in accordance with Occupations Code oter 1701, Subchapter O. <i>Occupations Code 1701.702(a)</i> [See C regarding district maintenance and administration of epi- arine auto-injectors.]	
Officer-Involved Injury or Death		cer-involved injury or death" means an incident during which a e officer discharges a firearm causing injury or death to an- r.	
	jury ( volve troni	ater than the 30th day after the date of an officer-involved in- or death, the law enforcement agency employing an officer in- ed in the incident must complete and submit a written or elec- c report to the office of the attorney general. The report must de all information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 9(b).	
	Code	e of Criminal Procedure 2.139	
	incid duty, caus	ater than the 30th day after the date of the occurrence of an ent in which, while a peace officer is performing an official a person who is not a peace officer discharges a firearm and es injury or death to the officer, the law enforcement agency loying the injured or deceased officer at the time of the incident	

	must complete and submit a written or electronic report to the of- fice of the attorney general. The report must include all information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1395(a). <i>Code of Crimi- nal Procedure 2.1395(b)</i>
Failure to Report	A law enforcement agency that fails to submit the required report on or before the seventh day after the date the agency received notice of failure to report from the office of the attorney general, is liable for a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000 for each day after the seventh day that the agency fails to submit the report. Begin- ning on the day after the date of receiving notice of failure to report, a law enforcement agency that, in the five-year period preceding the date the agency received the notice, has been liable for a civil penalty is liable for a civil penalty for each day the agency fails to submit the required report in the amount of \$10,000 for the first day and \$1,000 for each additional day that the agency fails to submit the report. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13951(b), (c)</i>
Complaints Against Peace Officers	To be considered by the head of the district's police department, a complaint against a district peace officer must be in writing and signed by the person making the complaint. A copy of the complaint shall be given to the officer within a reasonable time after it is filed. Disciplinary action may not be taken against the officer unless a copy of the signed complaint is given to the officer. The officer may not be indefinitely suspended or terminated based on the subject matter of the complaint unless the complaint is investigated and there is evidence to prove the allegation of misconduct. <i>Gov't Code 614.021023; Colorado County v. Staff, 510 S.W.3d 435 (Tex. 2017); Atty. Gen. Op. GA-251 (2004)</i>
	On the commencement of an investigation by a law enforcement agency of a complaint by an individual who believes that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual in which a video or audio recording of the occurrence on which the complaint is based was made, the agency shall promptly provide a copy of the recording to the peace officer who is the subject of the complaint on written request by the officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b)(3), (f)</i>
	[See DGBA, FNG, and GF for appeals.]
Legal Representation	A district shall provide a district employee who is a peace officer with legal counsel without cost to the employee to defend the em- ployee against a suit for damages by a party other than a govern- mental entity if legal counsel is requested by the employee, and the suit involves an official act of the employee within the scope of the employee's authority.

CKEA (LEGAL)

To defend the employee against the suit, the district may provide counsel already employed by it or may employ private counsel.

An employee may recover from a district that fails to provide counsel as required the reasonable attorney's fees incurred in defending the suit if the trier of fact finds that the fees were incurred in defending a suit covered by these provisions and the employee is without fault or that the employee acted with a reasonable good faith belief that the employee's actions were proper.

Local Gov't Code 180.002(b)-(d)

Denton ISD 061901

SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL MARSHALS

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including school marshals, see CKE.		
Board Authority		oard may appoint one or more school marshals for each us. <i>Education Code 37.0811(a)</i>		
Definition	schoo cense duties	bol marshal is a person who is appointed to serve as a I marshal by the board under Education Code 37.0811, is li- d under Occupations Code 1701.260, and has powers and described by Code of Criminal Procedure Article 2.127. <i>Oc-</i> <i>tions Code 1701.001(8)</i>		
Eligibility	plicant for ap	oard may select for appointment as a school marshal an ap- t who is an employee of the district and certified as eligible pointment under Occupations Code 1701.260. <i>Education</i> <i>37.0811(b)</i>		
	To be shall:	eligible for appointment as a school marshal, an applicant		
		Successfully complete all prerequisite Texas Commission on . .aw Enforcement (TCOLE) training;		
	2. F	Pass the state licensing exam;		
		Be employed and appointed by an authorized school district; and		
		Neet all statutory requirements, including psychological fit- ness.		
	37 TA	C 227.3(a); Code of Criminal Procedure 2.127(d)		
	A school marshal training program is open to any employee of a district who holds a license to carry a handgun issued under Government Code Chapter 411, Subchapter H. 37 TAC 227.5(a)			
	TCOLE shall license an eligible person who:			
		Completes required training to the satisfaction of TCOLE staff; and		
	S	s psychologically fit to carry out the duties of a school mar- shal as indicated by the results of the psychological examina- ion administered under Occupations Code 1701.260(d).		
	Occup	pations Code 1701.260(f)		
Reimbursement for Training	paid b	oard may, but shall not be required to, reimburse the amount y the applicant to participate in the training program under pations Code 1701.260. <i>Education Code 37.0811(b)</i>		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	123	1 of 4		

SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL MARSHALS

District Responsibilities	A district shall:			
	1.	Submit and receive approval for an application to appoint a person as a school marshal;		
	2.	Upon authorization, notify TCOLE using approved format prior to appointment;		
	3.	Report to TCOLE, within seven days, when a person previ- ously authorized to act as a school marshal is no longer em- ployed with the district;		
	4.	Report to TCOLE, within seven days, when a person previously authorized to act as a school marshal is no longer authorized to do so by the district, TCOLE standards, another state agency, or under other law; and		
	5.	Immediately report to the commission a school marshal's vio- lation of any commission standard, including the discharge of a firearm carried under the authorization of these provisions outside of a training environment.		
	For five years, the district must retain documentation that the dis- trict has met all requirements under law in a format readily accessi- ble to TCOLE. This requirement does not relieve a district from re- taining all other relevant records not otherwise listed.			
	37 TAC 227.1			
Powers and Duties	A school marshal may make arrests and exercise all authority given to peace officers under the Code of Criminal Procedure, subject to written regulations adopted by the board.			
	A school marshal may only act as necessary to prevent or abate the commission of an offense that threatens serious bodily injury or death of students, faculty, or visitors on school premises.			
	A school marshal may not issue a traffic citation for a violation of the Transportation Code.			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.127			
Reporting Requirements	Once appointed, a school marshal shall:			
Requirements	1.	Immediately report to TCOLE and the district any circum- stance which would render them unauthorized to act as a school marshal by virtue of their employment with the district, failure to meet the standards of TCOLE, another state agency, or under law;		
	2.	Immediately report to TCOLE any violation of applicable TCOLE standards, including any discharge of a firearm car-		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	2 of 4		

SECURITY PERSONNEL CI SCHOOL MARSHALS (LEC			
		ried under the authorization of these provisions outside of training environment; and	
	3.	Comply with all requirements under law, including Education Code 37.0811.	
	37	TAC 227.3(b)	
Handgun Possession		chool marshal may carry a concealed handgun or possess a dgun on the physical premises of a school, but only:	
	1.	In the manner provided by written regulations adopted by the board; and	
	2.	At a specific school as specified by the board.	
Accessing Handgun	rize	chool marshal may use a handgun the school marshal is autho- d to carry or possess only under circumstances that would jus- the use of deadly force under Penal Code 9.32 or 9.33.	
Board Regulations	A board's written regulations must provide that a school marshal may carry a concealed handgun on the school marshal's person or possess the handgun on the physical premises of a school in a locked and secured safe or other locked and secured location.		
	pos	written regulations must also require that a handgun carried or sessed by a school marshal may be loaded only with frangible ammunition approved for that purpose by TCOLE.	
Inactive Status	A di on:	strict employee's status as a school marshal becomes inactive	
	1.	Expiration of the employee's school marshal license under Occupations Code 1701.260;	
	2.	Suspension or revocation of the employee's license to carry a handgun;	
	3.	Termination of the employee's employment with the district; or	
	4.	Notice from the board that the employee's services as school marshal are no longer required.	
	Edι	cation Code 37.0811(c)-(f)	
Identity Confidential	The identity of a school marshal is confidential and is not subject to a request under the Public Information Act, except that the per- son's name, date of birth, and handgun license number, and the address of the person's place of employment must be provided by TCOLE to:		
	1.	The director of the Department of Public Safety;	

# SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL MARSHALS

	2.	The district;
	3.	The chief law enforcement officer of the local municipal law enforcement agency if the person is employed at a campus of a district located within a municipality;
	4.	The sheriff of the county if the person is employed at a cam- pus of a district that is not located within a municipality; and
	5.	The chief administrator of any school district-commissioned peace officer, if the person is employed at a district that has commissioned peace officers.
	writi tice poin	parent or guardian of a student enrolled at a school inquires in ng, the district shall provide the parent or guardian written no- indicating whether any employee of the school is currently ap- ted as a school marshal. The notice may not disclose informa- that is confidential.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0811(g), (h); Occupations Code 1701.260(j)
No State Benefits	by tl	chool marshal is not entitled to state benefits normally provided ne state to a peace officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure</i> 27(c)
Memorandum of Understanding to Share Marshal	othe der may scho othe ranc writt Pos writt 46.0 prer	strict may enter into a memorandum of understanding with an- er district, open-enrollment charter school, or private school un- which a school marshal appointed to a campus of the district temporarily act as a school marshal at a campus of the other bol for the duration of an event occurring at the campus of the er school at which both schools are participating. The memo- dum of understanding must comply with the requirements for en regulations under Education Code 37.0811 [see Handgun session, above] and may be used to satisfy the requirement for en regulations or written authorization under Penal Code O(a)(1) to allow that school marshal to carry a firearm on the nises of the school at which the event occurs. <i>Education Code</i> O(313)

### SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including school resource officers, see CKE.		
Definition	A school resource officer is a peace officer who is assigned by the officer's employing political subdivision to provide a police pres- ence at a public school, safety or drug education to students of a public school, other similar services. The term does not include a peace officer who provides law enforcement at:			
	1. A pu	blic school only for extracurricular activities; or		
	2. A pu	blic school event only for extracurricular activities.		
	Occupatio	ons Code 1701.601		
License Required	school mu	officer who is a visiting school resource officer in a public ust be licensed as provided by Occupations Code Chap- Occupations Code 1701.602		
Memorandum of Understanding Required	source of	andum of understanding for the provision of school re- ficers must be in the form of an interlocal contract under ent Code Chapter 791 (Interlocal Cooperation Act).		
Cost Allocation	allocation the distric pality, as local law ble, to rec	orandum of understanding must use a proportionate cost methodology to address any costs or fees incurred by t or the local law enforcement agency, county, or munici- applicable. The cost allocation methodology may allow a enforcement agency, county, or municipality, as applica- coup direct costs incurred as a result of the contract but illow the agency, county, or municipality to profit under act.		
Funding	provision eral, state	that enters into a memorandum of understanding for the of school resource officers may seek funding from fed- e, and private sources to support the cost of providing source officers.		
	Education	n Code 37.081(a-2), (a-3), (a-4)		
Firearms Accident Prevention Program	elementar vide instru	officer who is a visiting school resource officer in a public ry school shall at least once each school year offer to pro- uction to students in a firearms accident prevention pro- determined by the district.		
	message, may inclu	s accident prevention program must include the safety "Stop! Don't Touch. Leave the Area. Tell an Adult.", and de instructional materials from the National Rifle Associa- e Eagle Gun Safe Program, including animated videos ty books.		
	Occupatio	ons Code 1701.603		

# BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT SECURITY

	Note:	For information regarding the district's ability to request identification, refuse entry, or eject persons from district property, see GKA and GKC.		
Safety Rules	employ carry o Building ing rule	ard may adopt rules for the safety and welfare of students, rees, and property and other rules it considers necessary to ut Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D (Protection of gs and Grounds) and the governance of the district, includ- es providing for the operation and parking of vehicles on property. <i>Education Code 37.102(a)</i> [See also CLC]		
Human Trafficking Warning Signs	of the i Code 2	ublic primary or secondary school shall post warning signs ncreased penalties for trafficking of persons under Penal 20A.02(b-1)(2) in a conspicuous place reasonably likely to be by all school employees and visitors.		
	Each w	Each warning sign must:		
		clude a description of the provisions of Penal Code 0A.02(b-1), including the penalties for violating the section;		
	2. Be	e written in English and Spanish; and		
	3. Be	e at least 8.5 by 11 inches in size.		
	Educat	ion Code 37.086		

## BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT FLAG DISPLAYS

On all regular school days, every public school shall fly the United States and Texas flags. *Education Code 1.003* 

The board shall require that the United States and Texas flags be prominently displayed in accordance with 4 U.S.C. Sections 5-10 and Government Code Chapter 3100 in each campus classroom to which a student is assigned at the time the pledges of allegiance to those flags are recited. [See EC] A district is not required to spend federal, state, or local district funds to acquire flags under this provision. A district may raise money or accept gifts, grants, and donations to acquire flags. *Education Code 25.082(b-1)* 

National Motto A public school must display in a conspicuous place in each building of the school a durable poster or framed copy of the United States national motto, "In God We Trust," if the poster or framed copy meets the requirements below and is donated for display at the school or purchased from private donations and made available to the school.

A poster or framed copy of the national motto described above:

- 1. Must contain a representation of the United States flag centered under the national motto and a representation of the state flag; and
- 2. May not depict any words, images, or other information other than the representations listed in item 1.

A public school may accept and use private donations for the purposes of this provision.

A classroom teacher at a public elementary or secondary school may not be prohibited from displaying in a classroom a poster or framed copy of the national motto that meets the requirements above.

Education Code 1.004

	<i>Note:</i> For provisions regarding selection and adoption of in- structional materials, see EFA.	
Instructional Materials and Technology	Instructional materials selected for use in the public schools shall be furnished without cost to the students attending those schools. Except as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may not charge a student for instructional material or technological equipment purchased by the district with the district's technology and instructional materials allotment. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>	
	Each instructional material, including electronic instructional mate- rial only to the extent of any applicable licensing agreement, pur- chased as provided by Education Code Chapter 31 for a district is the property of the district. <i>Education Code 31.102(a)-(b)</i>	
Allotment	A district is entitled to an allotment each biennium from the state in structional materials and technology fund for each student enrolled in the district on a date during the last year of the preceding biennium specified by the commissioner of education. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the allotment per student each biennium on the basis of the amount of money available in the state instructional materials and technology fund to fund the allotment. The allotment shall be transferred from the state instructional materials and technology fund to the district's in structional materials and technology account as provided by Education Code 31.0212. Education Code 31.0211(a)	d I-
	The commissioner shall, as early as practicable during each bien- nium, notify each district of the estimated amount to which the dis- trict will be entitled during the next fiscal biennium. <i>Education Cod</i> <i>31.0215(a)</i>	-
Additional State Aid State-Approved Instructional Materials	For each student enrolled in the district, a school district is entitled to additional state aid for each school year in an amount equal to \$40, or a greater amount provided by appropriation, to procure in- structional material that has been reviewed by the Texas Educatio Agency (TEA); placed on the State Board of Education (SBOE) lis of approved instructional materials; designated by the SBOE as being included or capable of being included in an instructional ma- terials parent portal; and acquired from a publisher, manufacturer, or other entity that has not been found to violate Education Code 31.151. Education Code 48.307(a)	- on st
Open Education Resource (OER) Instructional Materials	Subject to Education Code 31.0751 (OER transition plan), a district is entitled to additional state aid for each school year in an amount not to exceed \$20 for each student for the costs incurred or for which the district is obligated to pay during the school year in whice the aid is provided for the printing and shipping of OER instruc-	nt
	10 A - F	· •

		al material made available under Education Code Chapter 31, chapter B-1. <i>Education Code 48.308(a)</i>		
Allotment Adjustment <i>Change in</i> <i>Enrollment</i>	that distr num decr video for w ques num will b	later than May 31 of each school year, a district may request the commissioner adjust the number of students for which the rict is entitled to receive an allotment on the grounds that the aber of students attending school in the district will increase or rease during the school year for which the allotment is pro- d. The commissioner may also adjust the number of students which a district is entitled to receive an allotment, without a re- st by the district, if the commissioner determines a different aber of students is a more accurate reflection of students who be attending school in the district. The commissioner's determi- tion is final. <i>Education Code 31.0211(e)</i>		
High Enrollment Growth	and	n year the commissioner shall adjust the instructional materials technology allotment of districts experiencing high enrollment <i>u</i> th. <i>Education Code 31.0214(a)</i>		
Permitted	The	allotment funds may be used to purchase or pay for:		
Expenditures	1.	Instructional materials, regardless of whether the instructional materials are on the list of approved instructional materials maintained by the SBOE under Education Code 31.022;		
	2.	Consumable instructional materials;		
	3.	Instructional materials for use in bilingual education classes, as provided by Education Code 31.029;		
	4.	Instructional materials for use in college preparatory courses under Education Code 28.014, as provided by Education Code 31.031;		
	5.	Supplemental instructional materials;		
	6.	OER instructional materials, as provided by Education Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B-1;		
	7.	Instructional materials and technological equipment under any continuing contracts of the district in effect on September 1, 2011;		
	8.	Technological equipment necessary to support the use of any instructional materials purchased with an allotment under this provision;		
	9.	Inventory software or systems for storing, managing, and ac- cessing instructional materials and analyzing the usage and effectiveness of instructional materials;		

	10.	Services, equipment, and technology infrastructure necessary to ensure internet connectivity and adequate bandwidth;
	11.	Training educational personnel directly involved in student learning in the appropriate use of instructional materials and for providing for access to technological equipment for in- structional use;
	12.	Training personnel in the electronic administration of assessment instruments;
	13.	The salary and other expenses of an employee who provides technical support for the use of technological equipment directly involved in student learning; and
	14.	Costs associated with distance learning, including services, equipment, and technology such as Wi-Fi, internet access hotspots, wireless network service, broadband service, and other services and technological equipment necessary to fa- cilitate internet access.
	teria caus subr	allotment funds may not be used to purchase instructional ma- I that contains obscene or harmful content or would otherwise se the district to which the funds were allotted to be unable to mit the certification required under Education Code 011(a)(1)(B) [see Certification of Instructional Materials, be-
	Edu	cation Code 31.0211(c), (f)
Technological	In pı	urchasing technological equipment, a district shall:
Equipment	1.	Secure technological solutions that meet the varying and unique needs of students and teachers in the district; and
	2.	Consider both the long-term cost of ownership of the techno- logical equipment and flexibility for innovation.
	Edu	cation Code 31.0211(d)
Instructional Materials and Technology Account	tech nium acco teria	commissioner shall maintain an instructional materials and nology account for each district. In the first year of each bien- n, the commissioner shall deposit the district's allotment in the punt. The commissioner shall pay the cost of instructional ma- ls requisitioned by a district under Education Code 31.103 us- funds from the district's instructional materials and technology punt.
	ogy	ey deposited in a district's instructional materials and technol- account during each state fiscal biennium remains in the ac- nt and available for use by the district for the entire biennium.

	At the end of each biennium, a district with unused money in the district's account may carry forward any remaining balance to the next biennium.
	A district shall provide to TEA the title and publication information for any instructional materials requisitioned or purchased by the district with the district's instructional materials and technology al- lotment.
	Education Code 31.0212(a)-(d)
Purchasing Method	A district is not required to use a method provided by Education Code 44.031(a) to purchase instructional materials that have been reviewed by TEA and included on the list of approved instructional materials maintained by the SBOE. <i>Education Code 31.102(d)</i>
Requisitions, Use, and Distribution	The board may delegate to an employee the authority to requisi- tion, distribute, and manage the inventory of instructional materials, consistent with Education Code Chapter 31 and rules adopted un-
Delegation of Authority	der that chapter. Education Code 31.104(a)
Local Funds	A district may use local funds to purchase any instructional materi- als in addition to those selected under Education Code Chapter 31. <i>Education Code 31.106</i>
Online Requisition Program	A district shall make a requisition for instructional materials using the online requisition program maintained by the commissioner. A district may requisition instructional materials for grades above the grade level in which a student is enrolled. <i>Education Code</i> 31.103(b)-(c)
Distribution	The board shall distribute printed instructional materials to students in the manner that the board determines is most effective and economical. <i>Education Code 31.102(c)</i>
OER Instructional Materials	A district may adopt OER instructional material at any time. Except as otherwise provided by the Education Code, the commissioner may not require a district to adopt or use an OER instructional ma- terial. A district may not be charged for a cost associated with the selection of an OER instructional material, except for the cost of printing copies of the material. <i>Education Code 31.073(a), (c)-(d)</i>
OER Transition Plan	To qualify for additional state aid under Education Code 48.308 the board must adopt an OER instructional material transition plan to assist classroom teachers in the district who will be using an OER instructional material in a specific subject or grade level for which the teacher has not previously used an OER instructional material.

	The plan must ensure that OER instructional materials are used in a manner that maintains the instructional flexibility of a classroom teacher to address the needs of each student.				
	A district that participates in the program developed and main- tained by TEA under Education Code 31.0752 is not required to adopt a transition plan under this provision.				
	Education Code 31.0751				
TEA Assistance Program	TEA shall develop and maintain a program to assist school districts in adopting and using OER instructional material. Education Code 31.0752				
Requisition	A district that selects OER instructional material shall requisition a sufficient number of printed copies for use by students unable to access the instructional material electronically unless the district provides to each student:				
	1. Electronic access to the instructional material at no cost to the student; or				
	2. Printed copies of the portion of the instructional material that will be used in the course.				
	Education Code 31.103(d)				
Parent Portal	An entity that hosts an instructional materials parent portal must comply with requests regarding parental access to the portal made by a district in compliance with Education Code 31.154 or Education Code 26.006 [see EFA]. <i>Education Code 31.154(e)</i>				
	[For more information regarding the requirements for certain enti- ties that supply instructional materials to host a parent portal, see Education Code 31.154.]				
Bilingual Instructional Materials	A district shall purchase with its allotment or otherwise acquire in- structional materials for use in bilingual education classes. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 31.029</i>				
Certification of Instructional Materials	Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall submit to the SBOE and commissioner certification that the district:				
	<ol> <li>For each subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, other than physical education, and each grade level:</li> </ol>				
	<ul> <li>Provides each student with instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for that subject and grade level; and</li> </ul>				

		b. In the provision of instructional materials, the district pro- tects students from obscene or harmful content as nec- essary for compliance with the Children's Internet Pro- tection Act (Pub. L. No. 106-554) [see CQ], Education Code 28.0022 [see EMB], Penal Code 43.22, and any other law or regulation that protects students from ob- scene or harmful content [see EF]; and			
	2.	The district used money allocated to the district or school un- der the instructional materials and technology allotment only for purposes allowed under Education Code 31.0211.			
	To determine whether each student has instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills, a district may consider:				
	1.	Instructional materials adopted by the SBOE;			
	2.	Instructional materials developed, purchased, or otherwise acquired by the district; and			
	3.	OER instructional materials and other electronic instructional materials included in the repository under Education Code 31.0722.			
	Education Code 31.1011				
Annual Report	instr scho	h district shall annually report to TEA information regarding the ructional materials used by the district during the previous pol year, including the cost of each material. <i>Education Code</i> 1012			
Ownership	Except as otherwise provided, a student must return all in tional materials to the teacher at the end of the school yea when the student withdraws from school. At the end of the year for which OER instructional material that a district do tend to use for another student is distributed, the printed of the OER instructional material becomes the property of the to whom it is distributed.				
	This provision does not apply to an electronic copy of OER instruc- tional material.				
	Education Code 31.104(c), (g)-(h)				
Responsibility for Instructional Materials and Equipment	all ir in ar turn nolo	h student or the student's parent or guardian is responsible for instructional material and technological equipment not returned in acceptable condition by the student. A student who fails to re- in an acceptable condition all instructional materials and tech- ogical equipment forfeits the right to free instructional materials technological equipment until all instructional materials and			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	6 of 8			

	technological equipment previously issued but not returned in an acceptable condition are paid for by the student, parent, or guardian.				
	As provided by board policy, a district may waive or reduce the payment required if the student is from a low-income family. [See FP] The district shall allow the student to use instructional materials and technological equipment at school during each school day.				
	in a stuc uati diple acce	If instructional materials or technological equipment is not returned in an acceptable condition or paid for, a district may withhold the student's records. A district may not prevent the student from grad- uating, participating in a graduation ceremony, or receiving a diploma. [See FL and GBA regarding student and parental right to access records; and FD, FFAB, and FL regarding a district's duties to provide records to another district]			
	The board may not require an employee of the district who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equipment that is stolen, misplaced, or not returned by a student. [See DG]				
	These provisions do not apply to an electronic copy of OER in- structional material.				
	Edu	Education Code 31.104(d), (e), (h) [See also EF]			
Acceptable Condition	Printed instructional materials are considered to be in acceptable condition if:				
	1.	The cover, binding, pages, spine, and all integral component of the instructional materials are wholly intact and the instruc tional materials are fully usable by students; and			
	2.	No component of the instructional materials is soiled, torn, or damaged (whether intentionally or by lack of appropriate care) to the extent that any portion of the content is too disfigured or obscured to be fully accessible to other students.			
	Electronic instructional materials are considered to be in accept- able condition if:				
	1.	All components or applications that are a part of the electronic instructional materials are returned;			
	2.	The electronic materials perform as they did when they were new;			
	3.	The electronic instructional materials do not contain computer code (e.g., bug, virus, worm, or similar malicious software) that has been designed to self-replicate, damage, change, or			

		otherwise hinder the performance of any computer's memory, file system, or software; and			
	4.	The electronic instructional materials have not been installed with plug-ins, snap-ins, or add-ins without the prior approval of the district.			
	Technological equipment is considered to be in acceptable control tion if:				
	1.	The equipment is returned with the software and hardware in their original condition unless the district authorized changes; and			
	2.	The physical condition of the equipment is fully usable as it was originally intended to be used.			
	19	19 TAC 66.1310			
Lost or Damaged Instructional Materials	A district may order replacements for instructional materials that have been lost or damaged directly from the publisher of the in- structional materials or any source for a printed copy of OER in- structional material. <i>Education Code 31.104(b)</i>				
Sale or Disposal	The board shall determine how the district will dispose of discontin- ued printed instructional materials, electronic instructional materi- als, and technological equipment.				
Sale	The board may sell printed instructional materials on the date the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public schools by the SBOE or the commissioner. The board may also sell electronic instructional materials and technological equipment owned by the district.				
Use of Proceeds	cha	Any funds received by a district from a sale must be used to pur- chase instructional materials and technological equipment allowed under Education Code 31.0211.			
Disposal	date sch mat son trict	e board may dispose of printed instructional material before the e the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public ools by the SBOE if the board determines that the instructional erial is not needed by the district and the board does not rea- ably expect that the instructional material will be needed. A dis- must notify the commissioner of any instructional material the rict disposes of under this provision.			

Education Code 31.105

# TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

Definitions	For	For purposes of this policy:			
	1.	"Bus" means a motor vehicle used to transport persons and designed to accommodate more than 10 passengers, includ- ing the operator.			
	2.	"Passenger car" means a motor vehicle, other than a motor- cycle, used to transport persons and designed to accommo- date 10 or fewer passengers, including the operator.			
	3.	"Passenger van" means a motor vehicle, other than a motor- cycle or passenger car, used to transport persons and de- signed to transport 15 or fewer passengers, including the driver.			
	4.	"School activity bus" means a bus designed to accommodate more than 15 passengers, including the operator, that is owned, operated, rented, or leased by a district and is used to transport public school students on a school-related activity trip, other than on routes to and from school. The term does not include a chartered bus, a bus operated by a mass transit authority, a school bus, or a multifunction school activity bus.			
	5.	"School bus" means a motor vehicle that was manufactured in compliance with the federal motor vehicle safety standards for school buses in effect on the date of manufacture and that is used to transport preprimary, primary, or secondary students on a route to and from school or on a school-related activity trip other than on routes to and from school. The term does not include a school-chartered bus or a bus operated by a mass transit authority.			
		"Motor bus" means a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver.			
	Education Code 34.003(d), (e); Transp. Code 541.201(3)(A), (12), (15), (16)				
Authority		A board may establish and operate an economical public school transportation system:			
	1.	In the district;			
	2.	Outside the district, if the district enters into an interlocal con- tract as provided by Government Code Chapter 791; or			
	3.	Outside the district if students enrolled in the district reside outside the district and the district:			
		a. Has an active policy adopted by the board that prohibits screening transfer students who reside outside the dis-			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 CNA(LEGAL)-P	023	1 of 8			

# TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

		trict based on the student's academic performance, dis ciplinary history, or attendance record, regardless of ar relevant district or innovation plan adopted by the board or authorization to screen transfer students under any other authority; and			
	b.	Cer	ifies that the district has:		
		(1)	An overall performance rating of C or higher under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year or the most recent school year in which a per- formance rating was assigned;		
		(2)	An overall accountability score of 70 or higher for the preceding school year or the most recent school year in which a performance rating was as- signed as calculated by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) for purposes of determining the dis- trict's overall performance rating under Education Code 39.054; and		
		(3)	The same or better overall performance rating un- der Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year or the most recent school year in which a performance rating was assigned as the district from which the district will transport students under these provisions.		
	site inforr	natio	make publicly available on the district's internet web- n regarding the district's compliance with the require- em 3 above.		
	from oper	rating efficie	le 34.007 may not be construed to prohibit a board a transportation system in another district to ensure ent routes for transporting students who reside in the ict.		
	Education Code 34.007(a), (a-1), (c)				
Transportation Allotment for Eligible Students	Each district operating a regular transportation system is entitled to an allotment based on a rate per mile per regular eligible student set by the legislature in the General Appropriations Act. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 48.151(c)</i>				
	"Regular eligible student" means a student who resides two or more miles from the student's campus of regular attendance, m sured along the shortest route that may be traveled on public roads, and who is not classified as a student eligible for special ucation services; or is a homeless child or youth, as defined by U.S.C. 11434a. <i>Education Code 48.151(b)(1)</i>				

# TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

	The commissioner of education may not reduce the allotment be- cause a district provides transportation for an eligible student to and from a child-care facility or a grandparent's residence instead of the student's residence, as authorized by Education Code 34.007 [see Designation of Child-Care Facility or Grandparent's Residence, below]. <i>Education Code 48.151(k)</i>
Authorized Uses	Funds allotted under these provisions must be used in providing transportation services. Transporting a meal or instructional materials as provided below is included in transportation services under this provision. <i>Education Code</i> 48.151(h)
Meals and Instructional Materials	For the duration of a declared disaster, a district located in an area that is wholly or partly the subject of a disaster declaration by the governor under Government Code Chapter 418 or by the president of the United States may be reimbursed on a per-mile basis for the cost of transporting a meal or instructional materials to a student's residence or to another location, designated by the district, for pickup by the student. <i>Education Code 48.151(n)</i>
Fees for Transportation	For information regarding fees a district may charge for transporta- tion, see FP(LEGAL).
Hazardous Conditions or High Risk of Violence	A district may apply for and on approval of the commissioner re- ceive an additional amount of up to 10 percent of its regular trans- portation allotment to be used for the transportation of children liv- ing within two miles of the school they attend who would be subject to hazardous traffic conditions or a high risk of violence if they walked to school. <i>Education Code 48.151(d); 19 TAC 61.1016</i>
Definitions	"Hazardous traffic condition" means an area within two miles of a campus where no walkway is provided and children must walk along or cross a freeway or expressway, an underpass, an overpass or a bridge, an uncontrolled major traffic artery, an industrial or commercial area, or another comparable condition.
	"Area presenting a high risk of violence" means an area within two miles of a campus that law enforcement records indicate presents a high incidence of violent crimes.
	19 TAC 61.1016(b)
Community Walking Transportation Programs	A district may use all or part of any additional funds received to support community walking transportation programs, including walking school bus programs, provided that the district requires each supported program to submit a financial report each semester that covers services provided by the program for the benefit of the district. <i>Education Code 48.151(d-2)</i>

# TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

Eligibility	A district or county is eligible to report hazardous area service an- nual mileage in the Foundation School Program (FSP) transporta- tion application if the district submits to the TEA a policy adopted by the board that:			
	1.	ains the specific hazardous traffic conditions or areas enting high risk for violence that apply to the district and t within two miles of its campuses; and		
	2.	tion such	district elects to implement community walking transporta- programs or innovative school safety projects, requires a district-supported community walking transportation pro- ns or innovative school safety projects to:	
		a.	Utilize trained adults with current background checks to either walk students to their home or school or to stand guard along safe routes; and	
		b.	Provide financial reports to the district each semester.	
	19 7	FAC 6	1.1016(c)	
Reporting	start vice scho vice high the o force	t of th milea ool/sc s repo risk o expla emen	is required to submit a hazardous area policy prior to the e school year and to report annual hazardous area ser- age by August 1 of each school year on the home-to- hool-to-home section of the FSP transportation route ser- ort. Districts requesting funds for an area presenting a of violence must provide to TEA, contemporaneously with nation required at Eligibility above, consolidated law en- t records that document violent crimes identified by re- gencies within the relevant jurisdiction. <i>19 TAC 61.1016(d)</i>	
Career and Technology Program	from to an prog prov appr stud reer num ricul	n one nothe gram ( ved po roved lents ( and f iber o ar tra	of transporting career and technology education students campus to another inside a district, from a sending district r secondary public school for a career and technology or an area career and technology school or to an ap- ostsecondary institution under a contract for instruction by TEA, or from a district campus to a location at which are provided work-based learning under the district's ca- technology program shall be reimbursed based on the f actual miles traveled times the district's official extracur- vel per mile rate as set by the board and approved by <i>incation Code 48.151(f)</i>	
Dual Credit Students	tran a ca tutio	sporti impus on for	shall be reimbursed on a per-mile basis for the cost of ng a dual credit student to another campus in the district, in another district, or a postsecondary educational insti- purposes of attending the course, if the course is not at the student's campus. <i>Education Code 48.151(m)</i>	

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENTCNASTUDENT TRANSPORTATION(LEGAL)			
Bus Drivers	In establishing and operating the transportation system, the board shall employ bus drivers certified in accordance with standards and qualifications adopted by the Department of Public Safety. <i>Educa-tion Code</i> 34.007(b)(1)		
Bus Operation	A person may not operate a school bus if:		
	1. The door of the school bus is open; or		
	2. The number of passengers on the bus is greater than t manufacturer's design capacity for the bus.	he	
	An operator of a school bus, while operating the bus, shall p a passenger from:	rohibit	
	1. Standing in the bus; or		
	2. Sitting on the floor of the bus or in any location that is r signed as a seat.	ot de-	
	Transp. Code 545.426		
Transporting Students to School	School buses or mass transit authority buses shall be used for the transportation of students to and from schools on routes having 10 or more students. Passenger cars may be used on routes having fewer than 10 students. <i>Education Code 34.003(a)</i>		
Bus Passes or Cards	A school district may use the state transportation allotment to pro- vide a bus pass or card for another transportation system to each student who is eligible to use the regular transportation system of the district but for whom the regular transportation system of the district is not a feasible method of providing transportation. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 48.151(l)</i>		
Designation of Child-Care Facility or Grandparent's Residence	On determining eligibility for transportation services, the board shall allow a parent to designate one of the following locations in- stead of the child's residence as the regular location for purposes of obtaining transportation under the system to and from the child's school, if the location is an approved stop on an approved route:		
	<ol> <li>A child-care facility as defined by Human Resources C 42.002 below; or</li> </ol>	ode	
	2. The residence of a grandparent of the child.		
	Education Code 34.007(b)(2)		
	"Child-care facility" means a facility licensed, certified, or reg by the Department of Family and Protective Services to prov sessment, care, training, education, custody, treatment, or s sion for a child who is not related by blood, marriage, or ado to the owner or operator of the facility for all or part of the 24	vide as- supervi- ption	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	123	5 of 8	

#### TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

day, whether or not the facility is operated for profit or charges for the services it offers. *Human Resources Code* 42.002(3)

Transportation of Homeless Students As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, a district shall adopt policies and practices to ensure that transportation is provided, at the request of the parent or guardian (or in the case of an unaccompanied youth, at the request of the homeless liaison [see FFC]) to and from the school of origin, as follows:

- 1. If the child continues to live in the area served by the district in which the school of origin is located, the district of origin will provide the child's transportation to and from the school of origin.
- 2. If the child's living arrangements in the area served by the district of origin terminate and the child, though continuing his or her education in the school of origin, begins living in an area served by another district, the district of origin and the district in which the child is living shall agree upon a method to apportion the responsibility and costs for providing the child with transportation to and from the school of origin. If the districts are unable to agree, the responsibility and costs shall be shared equally.

42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(1)(J)(iii)(I), (II) [See FDC]

A district receiving Title 1, Part A funds must collaborate with the state or local child welfare agency to develop and implement clear written procedures governing how transportation to maintain children in foster care in their school of origin when in their best interest will be provided, arranged, and funded for the duration of the time in foster care. These procedures shall:

- Ensure that children in foster care needing transportation to the school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a cost-effective manner and in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 675(4)(A); and
- 2. Ensure that, if there are additional costs incurred in providing transportation to maintain children in foster care in their schools of origin, the district will provide transportation to the school of origin if:
  - a. The local child welfare agency agrees to reimburse the district for the cost of such transportation;
  - b. The district agrees to pay the cost of transportation; or

Transportation of Students in Foster Care

### TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

		C.	The district and the local welfare agency agree to share the cost of such transportation.		
	20	J.S.C	. 6312(c)(5) [See FD]		
School Activities	When transporting students in connection with school activities other than on routes to and from school:				
	1.		y school buses or motor buses may be used to transport or more students; and		
	2.		senger cars or passenger vans may be used to transport er than 15 students.		
	Edι	catio	n Code 34.003(b)		
	are sure cap	used e that acity	umstances in which passenger cars or passenger vans to transport students, the operator of the vehicle shall en- the number of passengers does not exceed the designed of the vehicle and that each passenger is secured by a It. <i>Education Code 34.003(c)</i>		
Accelerated Instruction Programs			information regarding transportation of students to accel- struction programs, see EHBCA.		
Transportation Company or System	tran	sport rict's	may contract with a mass transit authority, commercial ation company, or juvenile board for all or any part of a public school transportation if the authority, company, or		
	1.	quir	uires its school bus drivers to have the qualifications re- ed by and to be certified in accordance with standards es- ished by the Department of Public Safety; and		
	2.	in tr safe	s only those school buses or mass transit authority buses ansporting 15 or more students that meet or exceed ety standards for school buses established under Educa- Code 34.002.		
	tran fron	sport 1 scho	ransit authority contracting under this provision for daily ation of pre-primary, primary, secondary students to or ool shall conduct, in a manner and on a schedule ap- y the board, the following education programs:		
	1.		ogram to inform the public that public school students will iding on the authority's or company's buses;		
	2.	the	ogram to educate drivers of the buses to be used under contract of the special needs and problems of public coll students riding on the buses; and		

# TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

3. A program to educate public school students on bus riding safety and any special considerations arising from the use of the authority's or company's buses.

A board may supplement the state transportation cost allotment with local funds necessary to provide complete transportation services.

### Education Code 34.008

[For provisions pertaining to criminal history record information on contractors providing transportation services, see CJA(LEGAL).]

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENTCNCTRANSPORTATION SAFETY(LEGAL)				
Safety Standards	A district shall meet or exceed the safety standards for school buses established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS), with the advice of the Texas Education Agency (TEA). A district that fails or refuses to meet these safety standards for school buses is ineligible to share in the transportation allotment until the first anniversary of the date the district begins complying with the safety standards. <i>Education Code 34.002; Transp. Code 547.102; 37 TAC 14.5152</i>			
Student Safety Prohibitions	•	not require or allow a child to stand on a mo /an. <i>Education Code 34.004</i>	oving bus	
	n operator of passenger fr	a school bus, while operating the bus, sha om:	ll prohibit	
	. Standing	in the bus; or		
	. Sitting:			
	a. On t	he floor of the bus, or		
	b. In a	ny location on the bus that is not designed	as a seat.	
	Transp. Code	545.426		
Seat Belts Required on Buses	A bus, including a school bus, a school activity bus, multifunction school activity bus, or school-chartered bus, operated by or con- tracted for use by a district for the transportation of schoolchildren shall be equipped with a three-point seat belt for each passenger, including the operator. This requirement does not apply to:			
	. A bus pu 2017 or e	rchased by a school district that is a model earlier; or	year	
		rchased by a school district that is a model ater if the board:	year	
	distr	ermines that the district's budget does not p ict to purchase a bus that is equipped with ed seat belts; and		
	b. Vote	es to approve that determination in a public	meeting.	
	Transp. Code	547.701(e)		
Student Requirement	racted for ope equipped with listrict may im	require a student riding a bus operated by ration by the district to wear a seat belt if th seat belts for all passengers on the bus. A plement a disciplinary policy to enforce the tudents. <i>Education Code 34.013</i>	ne bus is school	

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY (			CNC (LEGAL)			
Donations	poir for a	nt sea	nate three- seat belts ne the of-			
	belt sch of tl sigr	s or n ool bu ne bu	may acknowledge a person who donates three-p noney for the purchase of three-point seat belts f us by displaying a small, discreet sign on the side s recognizing the person who made the donation not serve as an advertisement for the person who tion.	for a e or back າ. The		
	Edι	icatio	n Code 34.014			
Use of Warning Signals	per sha on f	When a school bus is being stopped or is stopped on a highway to permit students to board or exit the bus, the operator of the bus shall activate all flashing warning signal lights and other equipment on the bus designed to warn other drivers that the bus is stopping to load or unload children.				
	A person may not operate a light or other equipment described above except when a school bus is being stopped or is stopped on a highway to:					
	1.	Per	mit a student to board or exit the bus; or			
	2.	Dist	ribute to a student or the parent or guardian of a	student:		
		a.	Food; or			
		b.	Technological equipment for use by the studen cational purposes.	it for edu-		
	Tra	nsp. (	Code 547.701(c), (c-1)			
Wireless Communication Devices General Rule	wire mes	eless ssage	tor commits an offense if the operator uses a po communication device to read, write, or send an while operating a motor vehicle unless the vehic <i>Transp. Code 545.4251(b)</i>	electronic		
School Property	ope proj serv	rating perty /ed by	tor may not use a wireless communication device a motor vehicle within a school crossing zone of of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high y a school crossing zone, during the time a reduce effect for the school crossing zone, unless:	or on the gh school		
	1.	The	vehicle is stopped; or			
	2.	The dev	wireless communication device is used with a h ice.	ands-free		

Transp. Code 545.4252

## TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

	oper on th to ar com as a	perator may not use a wireless communication device while ating a school bus or passenger bus with a minor passenger bus unless the bus is stopped. This provision does not apply n operator of a school bus or passenger bus using a wireless munication device in the performance of the operator's duties bus driver and in a manner similar to using a two-way radio. <i>asp. Code 545.425(c), (e-1)</i>
Definitions	attac gard mun less hanc com voice	inds-free device" means speakerphone capability, a telephone chment, or another function or other piece of equipment, re- less of whether permanently installed in or on a wireless com- ication device or in a motor vehicle, that allows use of the wire- communication device without use of either of the operator's ds, except to activate or deactivate a function of the wireless munication device or hands-free device. The term includes e-operated technology and a push-to-talk function. <i>Transp.</i> e 545.425(a)(1)
	a wi	ctronic message" means data that is read from or entered into reless communication device for the purpose of communicating another person. <i>Transp. Code</i> 545.4251(a)(1)
Disruption of Transportation	inter porta erate a ve miso that,	person other than a primary or secondary grade student who ntionally disrupts, prevents, or interferes with the lawful trans- ation of students to and from school on a vehicle owned or op- ed by a district or to or from activities sponsored by a school on hicle owned and/or operated by a district shall be guilty of a lemeanor. It is an exception to the application of the offense at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the on was younger than 12 years of age. <i>Education Code 37.126</i>
Exhibition of Firearm		nformation regarding offenses pertaining to firearms on buses, GKA(LEGAL).
Collision Reports Notice to DPS	rectl trict	strict shall provide DPS written notification of any collision di- y or indirectly involving a school bus operated by or for the dis- that bears advertising or another paid announcement. <i>37 TAC</i> <i>5(a)(2)</i>
		ce must be received not more than five days from the date of collision and shall include the following:
	1.	The name and address of the owner of the school bus;
	2.	The name and driver's license number of the school bus oper- ator;
	3.	The date of the collision;
	4.	The city or county where the collision occurred; and

#### TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

5. The investigating police agency.

37 TAC 14.65(c)

Notices to DPS may be delivered by facsimile, electronic mail, or mailed to School Bus Transportation, Texas Department of Public Safety, P.O. Box 4087, Austin, TX 78773-0525. *37 TAC 14.65(d)* 

- Notice to TEA A district shall report annually to TEA the number of collisions in which its buses were involved in the past year in a manner prescribed by the commissioner of education. A district shall file the annual report to TEA only in the period beginning July 1 and ending July 31 and shall include the following information in the report:
  - 1. The total number of bus collisions;
  - 2. The date each collision occurred;
  - 3. The type of bus, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 61.1028(a), involved in each collision;
  - 4. Whether the bus involved in each collision was equipped with seat belts and, if so, the type of seat belts;
  - 5. The number of students and adults involved in each collision;
  - 6. The number and types of injuries that were sustained by the bus passengers in each collision; and
  - 7. Whether the injured passengers in each collision were wearing seat belts at the time of the collision and, if so, the type of seat belts.

A school district shall report a bus collision involving a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus if:

- 1. The bus is owned, leased, contracted, or chartered by a school district and was transporting school district personnel, students, or a combination of personnel and students; or
- 2. The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor with no passengers on board and the collision involved a collision with a pedestrian.
- *Exceptions* A school district shall not report a bus collision involving a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus if:
  - 1. The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor, the collision

#### TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

occurred when no passenger other than the school district's driver or bus contractor's driver was on board the bus, and the collision did not involve a collision with a pedestrian; or

2. The collision involved a bus chartered by a school district for a school activity trip and no school district personnel or students were on board the bus at the time of the collision.

A school district shall not report a collision that occurred in a vehicle that is owned, contracted, or chartered by a school district and is not a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus.

Education Code 34.015(b); 19 TAC 61.1028(b)

Information Required on Website	publi	strict that at any time on or after January 1, 2019, maintained a icly accessible internet website shall post on a publicly acceswebsite the following information:			
	1.	The district's contact information, including a mailing address, telephone number, and email address;			
	2.	Each member of the board;			
	3.	The date and location of the next election for board members [see BB series];			
	4.	The requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, which shall be continuously posted for at least one year before the election day for the office [see BB series];			
	5.	Each notice of a meeting of the board under Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C [see BE]; and			
	6.	Each record of a meeting of the board under Government Code 551.021 [see BE].			
	Items 5 and 6 above do not apply to a district with a population of less than 5,000 in the district's boundaries and located in a county with a population of less than 25,000.				
	Gov't Code 2051.201				
	Note	e: See GBA regarding the confidentiality of certain board member information.			
Trustee Information	Each district that maintains an internet website shall post on the website the name, email address, and term of office, including date the term began and the date the term expires, of each me ber of the district's board of trustees. If a district does not main an internet website, the district shall submit the information re- quired above to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). On receip the district's information, TEA shall post the information on TEA internet website.				
	boar as aj webs	n time there is a change in the membership of a district's d, the district shall update the information required above and, pplicable post the updated information on the district's internet site or submit the updated information to TEA for posting on so internet website.			

Education Code 11.1518

	Note	e: The following is an index of website posting require- ments that are addressed in the legal reference material of the policy manual. The list is not all-inclusive. The list does not address postings that are required in response to a specific incident or postings required under special circumstances.			
Other Required Internet Postings	The following posting requirements apply to a district that main- tains an internet website:				
	1.	A board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innova- tion plan unless the final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district website for at least 30 days, un- der Education Code 12A.005(a)(1) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(a)(1). [See AF]			
	2.	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of its current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's website, under Education Code 12A.0071(a) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1305(e), .1307(f). [See AF]			
	3.	Not later than 30 days after an accreditation status of accred- ited-warned, accredited-probation, or not accredited-revoked is assigned, a district must post notice on the home page of its website with a link to the required notification under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1055(f), and maintain this until the dis- trict is assigned the accredited status. [See AIA]			
	4.	A district with a local accountability system must produce a campus scorecard and make available on the district website an explanation of the methodology used to assign local accountability performance ratings, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1003(g). [See AIA]			
	5.	A board shall disseminate its Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) by posting it on the district website under 19 Administrative Code 61.1022(f). [See AIB]			
	6.	Not later than the 10th day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district shall make available each campus report card, the district's performance report, the district's ac- creditation status and performance rating, and a definition and explanation of each accreditation status, under Education Code 39.362. [See AIB]			
	7.	A district shall post its annual federal report card under 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2). [See AIB]			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	2 of 9			

CQA (LEGAL)

8.	A district or campus assigned a rating of D that qualifies un- der Education Code 39.0543(b) must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a local improvement plan 15 days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(b)(3)(A)(ii). [See AIC]
9.	A campus intervention team must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a targeted improvement plan 15 days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(e)(3)(A)(ii) and Education Code 39A.056. [See AIC]
10.	A district shall post a targeted improvement plan for a campus assigned an unacceptable performance rating on its website before the board hearing on the plan under Education Code 39A.057(b). [See AIC]
11.	A district shall notify stakeholders of their ability to review the completed campus turnaround plan and post the completed plan on the district website at least 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board of trustees, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1064(e). [See AIC]
12.	A district shall post an election notice required under Election Code 85.007. [See BBBA]
13.	A district shall post election information under Election Code 4.009. [See BBBA]
14.	Each day early voting is conducted, the district shall post the branch daily register under Election Code 85.072. [See BBBA]
15.	A district shall post early voting rosters under Election Code 87.121. [See BBBA]
16.	A district shall post election results under Election Code 65.016. [See BBBB]
17.	A district shall post the minutes of the last regular board meet- ing held before an election of trustees if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in meeting the trustee's training re- quirement, under Education Code 11.159(b) and 19 Adminis- trative Code 61.1(j). [See BBD]
18.	A district shall post a report filed with the district by a candi- date, board member, or specific-purpose committee pursuant

- 19. A district shall provide access to the conflicts disclosure statements and questionnaires under Local Government Code 176.009. [See BBFA, CHE]
- 20. A district shall post the statements regarding activities to support and promote student health under Education Code 28.004. [See BDF]
- A district must post notice of school health advisory council (SHAC) meetings under Education Code 28.004(d-1). [See BDF]
- A district must post the minutes and audio or video recording of each SHAC meeting under Education Code 28.004(d-2). [See BDF]
- 23. A board must post notice of a board meeting and, if the district contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more, the board must also post the agenda for a board meeting under Government Code 551.056. [See BE]
- 24. A district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or more shall post the archived recording, or a link thereto, of its meetings under Government Code 551.128(b-1). [See BE]
- 25. A district conducting a bond election shall post the election order, the election notice, the contents of the proposition, and any sample ballot under Election Code 4.003(f). [See CCA]
- 26. A district conducting a bond election shall post the voter information document beginning not later than the 21st day before election day and ending on the day after the election, under Government Code 1251.052(d). [See CCA]
- 27. A district issuing capital appreciation bonds shall post the information required by Government Code 1201.0245. [See CCA]
- 28. Not later than 30 days before the date of an election to approve a tax rate, a district must post the results of an efficiency audit under Education Code 11.184. [See CCG]
- 29. A district shall include on the home page of its website the prescribed statement if the district increases the amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures under Tax Code 26.05(b). [See CCG]
- 30. A district shall maintain a link to the area of the comptroller's website where information on each of the district's agreements to limit appraised value, if any, is maintained, under Tax Code 313.0265(c). [See CCGB]

31.	A district shall post a summary of its proposed budget concur- rently with publication of the proposed budget under Educa- tion Code 44.0041. [See CE]
32.	In the format prescribed by the comptroller, a district shall post or cause to be posted tax rate and budget information under Tax Code 26.18. [See CE]
33.	A district shall maintain its adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted, under Education Code 44.0051. [See CE]
34.	A district shall continuously post its contact information and Annual Local Debt Report under Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.16 on its website until the district posts the next annual report, or, as an alterna- tive, the district may continually maintain a link to the comp- troller's website where the district's financial information may be viewed. [See CFA]
35.	Prior to conducting an active threat exercise, a district must provide adequate notice of the exercise through multiple dis- tribution networks, including the district's website, under 19 Administrative Code 103.1211(b)(1). [See CKB]
36.	A district must make available information regarding its com- pliance with requirements related to the transportation of stu- dents enrolled in the district who reside outside the district, under Education Code 34.007. [See CNA]
37.	A district that does not participate in the uniform group health insurance program (TRS ActiveCare) shall post its compara- bility report, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, under Education Code 22.004(d). [See CRD]

- A district that is a service provider seeking to limit liability under the Digital Millennium Copyright Act must post information regarding its designated agent under 17 U.S.C. 512(c)(2). [See CY]
- 39. A district shall post its employment policy and any regulations referenced under Education Code 11.1513(a). [See DC]
- 40. A district shall post the board's employment policies under Education Code 21.204(d). [See DCB]
- 41. The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early childhood literacy and mathematics plans that set specific annual goals under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]

- 42. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the early childhood literacy and mathematics plans under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
- 43. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the college, career, and military readiness plans under Education Code 11.186. [See EA]
- 44. A district shall post curriculum materials used in the district's human sexuality instruction or instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, if the materials are in the public domain, under Education Code 28.004(j). [See EHAA]
- 45. A district shall post the transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their parents in order to provide information on statewide services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system, under Education Code 29.0112. [See EHBAD]
- 46. Each year, a district shall post a report on measurable outcomes for each dropout recovery education program offered by the district, under Education Code 29.081(e-6). [See EHBC]
- 47. A district shall make available on the district or campus website by November 1 of each school year a family engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintaining high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes toward education, under 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(e). [See EHBG]
- 48. Annually, a district shall post any agreement between the district and a public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit program, under Education Code 28.009(b-2). [See EHDD]
- 49. A district shall publish information from TEA under Education Code 28.02121 explaining the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement and each endorsement. [See EIF]
- 50. A district shall post the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered, under Education Code 29.916. [See EK]
- 51. A district that receives funds under Title 1, Part A shall post on its website and the website of each campus for each grade served, information on each assessment required by the state

to comply with 20 U.S.C. 6311, other assessments required by the state, and assessments required district-wide, under 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(2)(B). [See EKB]

- 52. A district shall post information regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are homeless, under Education Code 33.906. [See FDC]
- 53. A district shall prominently post information about required and recommended immunizations and procedures for claiming an exemption from immunization requirements under Education Code 38.019. [See FFAB]
- 54. Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at</u> <u>Risk for Anaphylaxis<sup>1</sup> on the district's website with instructions</u> for obtaining access to the complete guidelines document, under Education Code 38.0151. [See FFAF]
- 55. A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and policy on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b). [See FFH]
- 56. A district must make all materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process publicly available on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D). [See FFH]
- 57. To the extent practicable, a district must post the procedure for reporting bullying established by the district's bullying policy, under Education Code 37.0832(e). [See FFI]
- 58. A district shall post on its website, for each district campus, the email address and dedicated phone number of the campus behavior coordinator under Education Code 26.015. [See FO]
- 59. If the board designates a method for making a written request for public information, other than mail, email, or hand-delivery, the board must include a statement that a request may be made by that method on its website under Government Code 552.234(b) unless the statement is on the sign required by Government Code 552.205. [See GBAA]
- 60. A board that allows requestors to use the public information request form created by the attorney general must post the form on the district website under Government Code 552.235. [See GBAA]

	61.	A district shall post on its website and each campus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding the district's ability to refuse entry or eject certain persons under Education Code 37.105 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1207(g), including the appeal process. [See GKA]
Optional Internet Postings	A dis tions	strict that maintains an internet website has the following op- ::
	1.	A board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet, under Government Code 551.128. [See BE]
	2.	A district may publish the superintendent's employment con- tract on the district's website instead of publishing it in the an- nual financial management report under 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(q)(3)(B)(i). [See CFA]
	3.	Notice of a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required may be provided by posting the position on the dis- trict's internet website, rather than on a bulletin board, under Education Code 11.1513. [See DC]
	4.	A district shall either post online or provide physical copies of the report on library materials under Education Code 35.006. [See EFB]
	5.	A district may place on its internet website a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice regarding special education and related services, under 34 C.F.R. 300.504(b). [See EHBAE]
	6.	A district may provide the annual notice to the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of sub- sidies for certain exam fees and the availability and enroll- ment qualifications for programs under which a student may earn college credit and career and technology education pro- grams or other work-based education programs in the district, under Education Code 28.010. [See EHDD]
	7.	A board may post a mailing address and email address desig- nated for receiving written requests for public information on its website under Government Code 552.234(d). [See GBAA]
Geospatial Data Products	terne abou	ospatial data product" means a document, computer file, or in- et website that contains geospatial data; a map; or information at a service involving geospatial data or a map. <i>Gov't Code</i> 1.101(1)
Notice	A dis that:	strict shall include a notice on each geospatial data product

	1. Is created or hosted by the district;				
	2. Appears to represent property boundaries; and				
	3. Was not produced using information from an on-the-ground survey conducted by or under the supervision of a registered professional land surveyor or land surveyor authorized to perform surveys under laws in effect when the survey was conducted.				
	The notice must be in substantially the following form: "This prod- uct is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries."				
	The notice may include language further defining the limits of liabil- ity of a geospatial data product producer; apply to a geospatial data product that contains more than one map; or for a notice that applies to a geospatial data product that is or is on an internet web- site, be included on a separate page that requires the person ac- cessing the website to agree to the terms of the notice before ac- cessing the geospatial data product.				
	Gov't Code 2051.102				
Exemption	A district is not required to include the notice on a geospatial data product that:				
	1. Does not contain a legal description, a property boundary monument, or the distance and direction of a property line;				
	2. Is prepared only for use as evidence in a legal proceeding;				
	3. Is filed with the clerk of any court; or				
	4. Is filed with the county clerk.				
	Gov't Code 2051.103				
	<sup>1</sup> TDSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at Risk				

for Anaphylaxis: https://www.dshs.texas.gov/sites/default/files/schoolhealth/pdf/FI-NAL%20Guidelines%20for%20Food%20Allergies%203.2023.pdf

Cybersecurity	Eac	h district shall adopt a cybersecurity policy to:	
Policy	1.	Secure district cyberinfrastructure against cyber attacks and other cybersecurity incidents; and	
	2.	Determine cybersecurity risk and implement mitigation plan- ning.	
	A district's cybersecurity policy may not conflict with the informat security standards for institutions of higher education adopted by the Department of Information Resources (DIR) under Governme Code Chapters 2054 and 2059.		
Cybersecurity Coordinator	serv	superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator to we as a liaison between the district and the Texas Education ncy (TEA) in cybersecurity matters.	
Cyber Attack or Cybersecurity Incident	istei der	strict shall report to TEA or, if applicable, the entity that admin- rs the system established by TEA in coordination with DIR un- Education Code 11.175(g), any cyber attack or other cyberse-	
Report to TEA	con	ty incident against the district's cyberinfrastructure that stitutes a breach of system security as soon as practicable after discovery of the attack or incident.	
Report to Parent	pare rolle	district's cybersecurity coordinator shall provide notice to a ent of or person standing in parental relation to a student en- ed in the district of an attack or incident for which a report is re- ed to TEA involving the student's information.	
Definitions		each of system security" means an incident in which student in-	
Breach of System Security	by s	nation that is sensitive, protected, or confidential, as provided state or federal law, is stolen or copied, transmitted, viewed, or d by a person unauthorized to engage in that action.	
Cyber Attack		ber attack" means an attempt to damage, disrupt, or gain unau- ized access to a computer, computer network, or computer em.	
Cybersecurity	com	bersecurity" means the measures taken to protect a computer, nputer network, or computer system against unauthorized use ccess.	
	Education Code 11.175(a)-(f)		
Training	At le	east once each year, a district shall:	
Requirements	1.	Identify district employees and elected and appointed board members who have access to a district computer system or database and use a computer to perform at least 25 percent of the employee's or board member's required duties; and	

	2.	Require the employees and board members identified under item 1 to complete a cybersecurity training program certified under Government Code 2054.519 (state-certified cybersecu- rity training programs).			
	Gov't Code 2054.5191(a-1)				
	tricť secu ploy com with	withstanding Government Code 2054.5191 above, only the dis- s cybersecurity coordinator is required to complete the cyber- urity training on an annual basis. Any other school district em- ee required to complete the cybersecurity training shall splete the training as determined by the district, in consultation the district's cybersecurity coordinator. <i>Education Code</i> 175(h-1)			
Denial of Access	trict' item non	board or the board's designee may deny access to the dis- s computer system or database to an individual described by 1 above who the board or the board's designee determines is compliant with the requirements of item 2. <i>Gov't Code</i> 4.5191(a-2)			
Exceptions		requirements above do not apply to employees and board nbers who have been:			
	1.	Granted military leave;			
	2.	Granted leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.);			
	3.	Granted leave related to a sickness or disability covered by workers' compensation benefits, if that employee no longer has access to the district's database and systems;			
	4.	Granted any other type of extended leave or authorization to work from an alternative work site if that employee no longer has access to the district's database and systems; or			
	5.	Denied access to a district's computer system or database by the board or the board's designee for noncompliance with the requirements of item 2 at Training, Requirements, above.			
	Gov	't Code 2054.5191(f)			
Program	curit	board may select the most appropriate state-certified cyberse- ty training program for employees and board members of the rict to complete. The board shall:			
	1.	Verify and report on the completion of a cybersecurity training program by district employees and board members to the DIR; and			

	2.	Require periodic audits to ensure compliance with these pro- visions.
	Gov	r't Code 2054.5191(b)
Security Breach Notification To Individuals	inclu syst brea was thor able date cep nec	strict that owns, licenses, or maintains computerized data that udes sensitive personal information shall disclose any breach of em security, after discovering or receiving notification of the ach, to any individual whose sensitive personal information , or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unau- ized person. The disclosure shall be made without unreason- e delay and in each case not later than the 60th day after the e on which the district determines that the breach occurred, ex- t as provided at Criminal Investigation Exception, below, or as essary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the sonable integrity of the data system.
Resident of Other State	son is a com the	e individual whose sensitive personal information was or is rea- ably believed to have been acquired by an unauthorized person resident of a state that requires a person that owns or licenses aputerized data to provide notice of a breach of system security, notice of the breach of system security required under Notice, bw, may be provided under that state's law or under Notice, be-
To the Owner or License Holder	pers owr sec pers	strict that maintains computerized data that includes sensitive sonal information not owned by the district shall notify the er or license holder of the information of any breach of system urity immediately after discovering the breach, if the sensitive sonal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, urited by an unauthorized person.
Notice		strict may give the required notice to individuals or the owner or nse holder by providing:
	1.	Written notice at the last known address of the individual;
	2.	Electronic notice, if the notice is provided in accordance with 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 (electronic records and signatures); or
	3.	If the district demonstrates that the cost of providing notice would exceed \$250,000, the number of affected persons ex- ceeds 500,000, or the district does not have sufficient contact information, by:
		<ul> <li>Electronic mail, if the district has electronic mail ad- dresses for the affected persons;</li> </ul>

	b.	Conspicuous posting of the notice on the district's web- site; or
	С.	Notice published in or broadcast on major statewide me- dia.
Information Security Policy	an inforn sonal inf tice desc	that maintains its own notification procedures as part of nation security policy for the treatment of sensitive per- ormation that complies with the timing requirements for no- cribed above complies with the notice requirements if the otifies affected persons in accordance with that policy.
To the Attorney General	breach o attorney than the that the l dents of using a f	that is required to disclose or provide notification of a of system security under these provisions shall notify the general of that breach as soon as practicable and not later 30th day after the date on which the district determines breach occurred if the breach involves at least 250 resi- this state. The notification must be submitted electronically form accessed through the attorney general's internet web- must include:
	bre	etailed description of the nature and circumstances of the ach or the use of sensitive personal information acquired a result of the breach;
		e number of residents of this state affected by the breach he time of notification;
	clos	e number of affected residents that have been sent a dis- sure of the breach by mail or other direct method of com- nication at the time of notification;
	4. The	e measures taken by the district regarding the breach;
	-	r measures the district intends to take regarding the ach after the notification described at Notice, above; and
		ormation regarding whether law enforcement is engaged in estigating the breach.
To a Consumer Reporting Agency	sons of a each cor that mair ing, distr	ct is required to notify at one time more than 10,000 per- a breach of system security, the district shall also notify nsumer reporting agency, as defined by 15 U.S.C. 1681a, ntains files on consumers on a nationwide basis, of the tim- ibution, and content of the notices. The district shall pro- notice without unreasonable delay.
Criminal Investigation Exception	the owne agency t	may delay providing the required notice to individuals or er or license holder at the request of a law enforcement hat determines that the notification will impede a criminal ation. The notification shall be made as soon as the law en-
	0000	1 of 9

# TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CYBERSECURITY

CQB (LEGAL)

			nt agency determines that the notification will not compro- investigation.
		iness .010	and Commerce Code 521.053; Local Gov't Code
Definitions		purpo s app	oses of security breach notifications, the following defini- ly:
Breach of System Security	com or ir son data tion the secu	nputer ntegrif , inclu a has of se perso urity u rmatio	of system security" means unauthorized acquisition of rized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, ty of sensitive personal information maintained by a per- uding data that is encrypted if the person accessing the the key required to decrypt the data. Good faith acquisi- ensitive personal information by an employee or agent of on for the purposes of the person is not a breach of system unless the person uses or discloses the sensitive personal on in an unauthorized manner. <i>Business and Commerce</i> 1.053(a)
Sensitive	"Se	nsitive	e personal information" means:
Personal Information	1.	bina	ndividual's first name or first initial and last name in com- ation with any one or more of the following items, if the ne and the items are not encrypted:
		a.	Social security number;
		b.	Driver's license number or government-issued identifica- tion number; or
		C.	Account number or credit or debit card number in combi- nation with any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's fi- nancial account; or
	2.	Info	rmation that identifies an individual and relates to:
		a.	The physical or mental health or condition of the individ- ual;
		b.	The provision of health care to the individual; or
		C.	Payment for the provision of health-care to the individ- ual.
	info	rmatio	e personal information" does not include publicly available on that is lawfully made available to the public from the overnment or a state or local government.
	Bus	iness	and Commerce Code 521.002(a)(2), (b)

Security Incident Notification	"Security incident" means a breach or suspected breach of system security as defined by Business and Commerce Code 521.053, above, and the introduction of ransomware, as defined by Penal Code 33.023 into a computer, computer network, or computer sys- tem.			
	"Sensitive personal information" has the meaning assigned by Business and Commerce Code 521.002, above.			
	A district that owns, licenses, or maintains computerized data that includes sensitive personal information, confidential information, or information the disclosure of which is regulated by law shall, in the event of a security incident:			
	(	Comply with the notification requirements of Business and Commerce Code 521.053 [see Security Breach Notification, above];		
		Not later than 48 hours after the discovery of the security inci- dent, notify:		
	á	a. DIR, including the chief information security officer; or		
	t	<ul> <li>If the security incident involves election data, the secre- tary of state; and</li> </ul>		
		Comply with all DIR rules relating to reporting security inci- dents.		
	tion, c notify tails o	ter than the 10th business day after the date of the eradica- closure, and recovery from a security incident, a district shall DIR, including the chief information security officer, of the de- f the security incident and include in the notification an analy- the cause of the security incident.		
	Gov't	Code 2054.603		
Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act	protect other indica rity In	rict may, for a cybersecurity purpose and consistent with the ction of classified information, share with, or receive from, any non-federal entity or the federal government a cyber threat tor or defensive measure in accordance with the Cybersecuformation Sharing Act, 6 U.S.C. Subchapter I (sections 1501- . 6 U.S.C. 1503(c)		
Removal of Personal		rict sharing a cyber threat indicator pursuant to these provi- shall, prior to sharing:		
Information	r	Review such indicator to assess whether it contains any infor- mation not directly related to a cybersecurity threat that the district knows at the time of sharing to be personal information		

	of a specific individual or information that identifies a specific individual and remove such information; or
	2. Implement and utilize a technical capability configured to re- move any information not directly related to a cybersecurity threat that the district knows at the time of sharing to be per- sonal information of a specific individual or information that identifies a specific individual.
	6 U.S.C. 1503(d)(2)
Definitions	For purposes of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act, the fol- lowing definitions apply:
Cybersecurity Purpose	"Cybersecurity purpose" means the purpose of protecting an infor- mation system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system from a cybersecurity threat or se- curity vulnerability. 6 U.S.C. 1501(4)
Cybersecurity Threat	"Cybersecurity threat" means an action, not protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, on or through an in- formation system that may result in an unauthorized effort to ad- versely impact the security, availability, confidentiality, or integrity of an information system or information that is stored on, pro- cessed by, or transiting an information system. The term does not include any action that solely involves a violation of a consumer term of service or a consumer licensing agreement. 6 U.S.C. 1501(5)
Cyber Threat Indicator	"Cyber threat indicator" means information that is necessary to de- scribe or identify:
	<ol> <li>Malicious reconnaissance, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(12), including anomalous patterns of communications that appear to be transmitted for the purpose of gathering technical infor- mation related to a cybersecurity threat or security vulnerabil- ity;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>A method of defeating a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>A security vulnerability, including anomalous activity that ap- pears to indicate the existence of a security vulnerability;</li> </ol>
	4. A method of causing a user with legitimate access to an infor- mation system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system to unwittingly enable the defeat of a security control or exploitation of a security vulner- ability;

	<ol> <li>Malicious cyber command and control, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(11);</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>The actual or potential harm caused by an incident, including a description of the information exfiltrated as a result of a par- ticular cybersecurity threat;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Any other attribute of a cybersecurity threat, if disclosure of such attribute is not otherwise prohibited by law; or</li> </ol>
	8. Any combination thereof.
	6 U.S.C. 1501(6)
Defensive Measure	"Defensive measure" means an action, device, procedure, signa- ture, technique, or other measure applied to an information system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an infor- mation system that detects, prevents, or mitigates a known or sus- pected cybersecurity threat or security vulnerability. The term does not include a measure that destroys, renders unusable, provides unauthorized access to, or substantially harms an information sys- tem or information stored on, processed by, or transiting such infor- mation system not owned by the private entity operating the mea- sure or another entity that is authorized to provide consent and has provided consent to that private entity for operation of such mea- sure. $6 U.S.C. 1501(7)$
Information System	"Information system" has the meaning given the term in 44 U.S.C. 3502 and includes industrial control systems, such as supervisory control and data acquisition systems, distributed control systems, and programmable logic controllers. <i>6 U.S.C. 1501(9)</i>
Security Control	"Security control" means the management, operational, and techni- cal controls used to protect against an unauthorized effort to ad- versely affect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of an in- formation system or its information. <i>6 U.S.C. 1501(16)</i>
Security Vulnerability	"Security vulnerability" means any attribute of hardware, software, process, or procedure that could enable or facilitate the defeat of a security control. 6 U.S.C. 1501(17)

Plan	trict sec	District shall develop a cybersecurity plan to secure the Dis- 's cyberinfrastructure against a cyberattack or any other cyber- urity incidents, determine cybersecurity risk, and implement ap- priate mitigation planning.	
Coordinator	The Superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator. The cybersecurity coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the District and the Texas Education Agency in cybersecurity mat- ters.		
Training	The	Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to:	
	1.	Determine the cybersecurity training program to be used in the District;	
	2.	Verify and report compliance with training requirements in ac- cordance with guidance from the Department of Information Resources; and	
	3.	Remove access to the District's computer systems and data- bases for noncompliance with training requirements as appro- priate.	
		District shall complete periodic audits to ensure compliance the cybersecurity training requirements.	
Security Breach Notifications	curi clos dan	on discovering or receiving notification of a breach of system se- ty or a security incident, as defined by law, the District shall dis- se the breach or incident to affected persons or entities in accor- ce with the time frames established by law. The District shall e notice by using one or more of the following methods:	
	1.	Written notice.	
	2.	Email, if the District has email addresses for the affected per- sons.	
	3.	Conspicuous posting on the District's websites.	
	4.	Publication through broadcast media.	
		District shall disclose a breach or incident involving sensitive, ected, or confidential student information as required by law.	

# TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES EQUIPMENT

	Not	e: For information on purchasing technological equipment with the instructional materials and technology allotment, see CMD.			
Technology Lending Program Grant	in th	strict may apply to the commissioner of education to participate te technology lending grant program established under Educa- Code 32.301. <i>Education Code 32.301(b)</i>			
	cal f nolc	strict may use a grant awarded under this program or other lo- funds to purchase, maintain, and insure equipment for a tech- ogy lending program. Equipment purchased by a district with a nt is the property of the district. <i>Education Code 32.303</i>			
Transfer of Equipment to Students	relat	ta processing" means information technology equipment and ted services designed for the automated storage, manipulation, retrieval of data by electronic or mechanical means.			
Definitions	"Electronic device" means a device that is capable of connecting to a cellular network or the internet, including a computer, smart- phone, or tablet.				
	vent	ernet filter" means a software application that is capable of pre- ting an electronic device from accessing certain websites or laying certain online material.			
	Edu	cation Code 32.101; Gov't Code 2054.003(3)			
Transfers	A di	strict may transfer to a student enrolled in the district:			
	1.	Any data processing equipment donated to the district, includ- ing equipment donated by a private donor, or a state eleemosynary institution or state agency under Government Code 2175.905 [see Fees, below];			
	2.	Any equipment purchased by the district, to the extent consis- tent with the provisions at Use of Public Funds, below; and			
	3.	Any surplus or salvage equipment owned by the district.			
	Edu	cation Code 32.102(a)			
		bre transferring data processing equipment or an electronic de- to a student, a district must:			
	1.	Adopt rules governing transfers, including provisions for tech- nical assistance to the student by the district;			
	2.	Determine that the transfer serves a public purpose and ben- efits the district;			

# TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES EQUIPMENT

	3.	Remove from the equipment any offensive, confidential, or proprietary information, as determined by the district;
	4.	Adopt rules establishing programs promoting parents as part- ners in cybersecurity and online safety that involve parents in students' use of transferred equipment or electronic devices; and
	5.	For the transfer of an electronic device to be used for an edu- cational purpose, install an internet filter that blocks and pro- hibits pornographic or obscene materials or applications, in- cluding from unsolicited pop-ups, installations, and downloads.
	Edu	cation Code 32.104
Donations	A dis	strict may accept:
	1.	Donations of data processing equipment for transfer under these provisions; and
	2.	Gifts, grants, or donations of money or services to purchase, refurbish, or repair data processing equipment.
	Edu	cation Code 32.102(b)
Fees	educ burs	ate eleemosynary institution or institution or agency of higher cation or other state agency may not collect a fee or other reim- ement from a district for surplus or salvage data processing pment transferred to the district. <i>Gov't Code 2175.905(c)</i>
Use of Public Funds	A dis	strict may spend public funds to:
	1.	Purchase, refurbish, or repair any data processing equipment transferred to a student; and
	2.	Store, transport, or transfer data processing equipment under these provisions.
	Edu	cation Code 32.105
Eligibility	these acce trict.	Ident is eligible to receive data processing equipment under e provisions only if the student does not otherwise have home ess to data processing equipment, as determined by the dis- A district shall give preference to educationally disadvantaged ents. <i>Education Code 32.103</i>
Return of Equipment	equi	ept as provided below, a student who receives data processing pment from a district under these provisions shall return the pment to the district not later than the earliest of:
	1.	Five years after the date the student receives the equipment;

# TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES EQUIPMENT

	2. The date the student graduates;
	3. The date the student transfers to another district; or
	4. The date the student withdraws from school.
	The requirements above do not apply if, at the time the student is required to return the equipment, the district determines that the equipment has no marketable value.
	Education Code 32.106
Prohibited Applications on District-Owned Devices	"Covered application" means the social media service TikTok or any successor application or service developed or provided by ByteDance Limited or an entity owned by ByteDance Limited, or a social media application or service specified by proclamation of the governor to pose a risk to the state. <i>Gov't Code 620.001(1)</i> , .005.
	A district shall adopt a policy prohibiting the installation or use of a covered application on any device owned or leased by the district and requiring the removal of covered applications from those devices. The Department of Information Resources and the Department of Public Safety shall jointly develop a model policy for districts to use in developing the required policy. <i>Gov't Code 620.003</i>
	The district's policy may provide for the installation and use of a covered application to the extent necessary for providing law enforcement or developing or implementing information security measures. A policy allowing the installation and use of a covered application must require the use of measures to mitigate risks posed to

the state during the use of the covered application and the docu-

mentation of those measures. Gov't Code 620.004

Table of Contents	State Standards for Construction on or After November 1, 2021	2
	Applicability	2
	Definitions	3
	Implementation	3
	Educational Adequacy	4
	Administration	6
	Certification of Compliance with Standards	7
	Instructional Facility Space Standards	7
	Construction Quality Standards	8
	Safety and Security Standards	8
	State Standards for Construction Before November 1, 2021.	.10
	Definitions and Procedures	.10
	Certification of Design and Construction	.10
	Construction Quality	.11
	Fire Escapes	.11
	Accessibility	.11
	Review of Plans	.12
	Notice	.13
	Relocatable Educational Facility	.13
	Outdoor Lighting	.13
	Exceptions	.13

	Note:	For information regarding construction of school facili- ties, see CV series.
		In addition to the facility standards contained in this pol- icy, additional requirements are set out in 19 Administra- tive Code 61.1036 and 61.1040.
	quacy o	facilities must meet the commissioner's standards for ade- f school facilities to be eligible to be financed with state or c funds. <i>Education Code 46.008</i>
State Standards for Construction on or After November 1, 2021 Applicability	Code 6 <sup>2</sup> improve	ool facilities standards established in 19 Administrative 1.1040 ("section 61.1040") shall apply to all district capital ment projects as follows, regardless of the type of school or the type of construction delivery method used by the dis-
	ing wit	district capital improvement project of any type or size relat- to a school facility subject to section 61.1040 must comply h applicable requirements established in section .1040(d), (e), (f), (j), and (k).
	str list the mu	project for new construction or major renovation at an in- uctional facility must comply with the requirements estab- ned in section 61.1040(d), (e), (f), (g), (j), and (k) and one of e methods required to demonstrate compliance with mini- um space requirements established in section 61.1040(h) d (i).
	CO	project for minor renovation at an instructional facility must mply with applicable requirements established in section .1040(d)(1), (e), (f), (j), and (k).
	ova fac coi	project for new construction, major renovation, or minor ren- ation at a specialized instructional facility, noninstructional cility, or noninstructional specialized assembly facility must mply with applicable requirements established in section .1040(d)(1), (e), (f), (j), and (k).
	wo fro for ma	project for major renovation that includes minor scopes of ork in an area of a school facility that is separate and distinct m the project scope of the major renovation may be per- med as a part of a construction services contract for the ajor renovation without the minor scope of work becoming bject to the standards in section 61.1040(g), (h), or (i) if: The minor scopes of work would not, on a stand-alone
		basis, be considered a major renovation project; and

	<ul> <li>The cost of the minor scopes of work is included in the total cost of the project construction budget to determine the appropriate scope of work to be included in the project, as specified in section 61.1040(k)(1)(B).</li> </ul>	
	19 TAC 61.1040(b)(1)	
Definitions	The words and terms used in section 61.1040 shall have the meanings set out in section 61.1040(a).	
Capital Improvement Project	Any school facility project consisting of new construction, major renovation, or minor renovation for which construction services are procured under Government Code Chapter 2269, in accordance with Education Code 44.031(a)(5). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(a)(4)</i> [See CV]	
Implementation	The school facilities standards established in section 61.1040 shall apply to a capital improvement project for which at least one of the following has occurred on or after November 1, 2021:	
	<ol> <li>A board adopts a fiscal year maintenance and operations budget where a capital improvement project title and a design or design and construction budget are delineated;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>A board calls a bond election where one or more capital im- provement project titles and design or design and construc- tion budgets are delineated; or</li> </ol>	
	3. A new contract or amendment to an existing contract for ar- chitectural services for new construction or a major renovation project or a contract for engineering services for a major reno- vation or minor renovation has been agreed to and signed and dated by both parties to the agreement.	
	19 TAC 61.1040(c)(1)	
	A district shall consider implementing the safety and security stan- dards under section $61.1040(k)$ for any safety and security up- grades to an existing instructional facility that does not require compliance with section $61.1040$ . <i>19 TAC</i> $61.1040(c)(4)$	
Option for Actions Taken Before November 1, 2021	A board may elect to treat a capital improvement project, for which an action listed above was taken prior to November 1, 2021, under standards established in 19 Administrative Code 61.1036, below, or under the standards established in section 61.1040. If an elec- tion to comply with section 61.1040 is made by a board, the district and architect may mutually agree that the contract for design ser- vices may be adjusted and then must signify in writing that the project will become subject to the facilities standards established in section 61.1040 through an affirmative indication on the required certification form for the project or through some other written doc-	

	tion	ument or addendum to the contract signifying election under sec- tion 61.1040 and any modifications to the contract terms agreed to by the parties.			
	still	If a board makes an election to comply with section 61.1036, it may still elect to comply with section 61.1040(k) (safety and security standards).			
	19 7	FAC 61.1040(c)(2)-(3)			
Educational Adequacy <i>Long-Range</i> Facility Plan		strict shall ensure that a capital improvement project subject to tion 61.1040 complies with the requirements and standards as ws.			
Elements	mer date	The long-range facility plan shall include all of the following ele- ments that apply to the facility and project and must also be up- dated prior to commencement of construction to include the access control document required in section 61.1040(k)(1)(B):			
	1.	Existing and proposed instructional programs at the project campus, including special education, dual language, course offerings, and partnerships;			
	2.	The age and condition of all buildings and systems at the project campus;			
	3.	History of completed capital improvement projects at the facil- ity;			
	4.	Site evaluation of the project campus, including, but not lim- ited to, overall site; shape; useable land; suitability for in- tended use as well as planned improvements; adequate ve- hicular, pedestrian, and emergency access; queueing; parking; and site amenities;			
	5.	The district's educational specifications;			
	6.	The district's enrollment projections, maximum student enroll- ment of the facility, and the facility's maximum instructional capacity, if applicable; and			
	7.	The noncompliance, partial compliance, or full compliance with each of the safety and security standards required in section 61.1040(k).			
Process	side	process of developing the long-range facility plan shall con- r input from teachers, students, parents, taxpayers, and other rict stakeholders.			
Compliance		The requirement for a long-range facility plan is met when a district completes the long-range facility plan, presents it to the board, and			

	makes it available to the prime design professional for a capital im- provement project. The long-range facility plan expires after five years from the date of the final plan presented to the board and must be updated prior to commencement of a subsequent capital improvement project. A long-range facility plan developed as part of a district-wide long-range facilities plan may be used to satisfy this requirement.			
	19	TAC 61.1040(d)(1)		
Educational Specifications	rend	A district shall ensure that a project for new construction and major renovation subject to section 61.1040 complies with the requirements and standards as follows.		
Elements	dist	Educational specifications are a written document prepared by the district and approved by the board and shall include all of the fol- lowing:		
	1.	The district mission, vision, goals, and pedagogy;		
	2.	Preliminary details related to facility type, grades served, and maximum student enrollment;		
	3.	Pertinent provisions of the multi-hazard emergency opera- tions plan that may inform the functionality of the built environ- ment, including how the district complies with Education Code 37.108 [see CKC];		
	4.	A written statement that includes:		
		<ul> <li>Inclusive design goals and considerations supported by the district; and</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>How inclusive design should be addressed in new and renovated facility designs;</li> </ul>		
	5.	Minimum total square footage required to comply with the quantitative method of compliance; and		
	6.	Innovative teaching or operational practices intended for im- plementation at the instructional facility that may lead to the use of the qualitative method of compliance.		
Schedule	type ova tion rate spe	An educational specification shall be created for each campus type. If the design and construction of a new campus or major ren- ovation of an existing campus differs substantially from an educa- tional specification that exists for the same campus type, a sepa- rate educational specification must be developed. Educational specifications shall be initiated upon the first proposed project of its type and must be completed prior to initiating the planning or pro-		

061901		
FACILITY STANDARDS	CS (LEGAL)	
	gramming phase of a project. Each educational specification must be updated after five years from the date of approval.	
Compliance	The requirement for educational specifications is met when a dis- trict delivers the approved document to the architect.	
	19 TAC 61.1040(d)(2)	
Exceptions	A district is exempt from the requirements of section 61.1040(d) (Educational Adequacy):	
	<ol> <li>If a school facility experiences catastrophic damage and the board approves a capital improvement project in accordance with Education Code 44.0312(c) (delegation of contracting au- thority); or</li> </ol>	
	2. In a situation deemed urgent by action of the board that war- rants immediate action because, if left unresolved, it would impair the conduct of classes.	
	19 TAC 61.1040(d)(3)	
Administration	Section 61.1040(e) establishes standards for the administration and procurements of design professional services and other pro- fessional services and for the administration of competitive bids and contracting requirements for construction services. A district shall comply with requirements in section 61.1040(e) and with all applicable requirements, restrictions, and responsibilities estab- lished in state law, administrative code, or by a local authority hav- ing jurisdiction.	
	A district shall comply with the administrative and procedural re- quirements established in section 61.1040(e) and with the stan- dards established in section 61.1040(j) to promote construction quality and best value for a capital improvement project subject to section 61.1040.	
	A standard in section 61.1040 that incorporates by reference a key statutory provision or administrative rule is established as a compli- ance requirement for a district seeking to procure, obtain a compet- itive bid, or administer a contract for construction services, con- struction-related services, design professional services, or any other professional service required for a capital improvement project. The requirements establish a method by which a district shall demonstrate compliance with the requirements in section 61.1040(e) and with the construction quality standards and con- struction code requirements in section 61.1040(j). Any express ref- erence to, or omission of, an applicable statutory provision in sec- tion 61.1040(e) may not be construed to diminish, alter, or abate a	

	provision of law applicable to a district or to a district capital im- provement project subject to section 61.1040.
	19 TAC 61.1040(e)(1)
District Requirements	In addition to the provisions below, district requirements and re- sponsibilities are set out in section 61.1040(e)(2).
and Responsibilities Procurement Transparency	In accordance with Education Code 46.003(g), the board and voters of a district shall determine district needs concerning construction, acquisition, renovation, or improvement to instructional facilities. District funding is entrusted to the district by the taxpayers, and a district must ensure procurement processes and procedures are transparent and provide the best value to the district by complying with applicable laws governing procurement of professional design services and construction services [see CV] and with the standards established in section 61.1040(e)(2)(A)
Superintendent's Duties	In accordance with Education Code 11.201, a superintendent shall oversee and ensure compliance with the standards for school facilities established in section 61.1040 and shall ensure board consideration for any action specified as being required to be made by the board, whether by statute, board rule, or other applicable requirement. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(e)(2)(B)</i>
Requirements for Other Services	Requirements for construction services, design professional services, and third-party consultants are set out in section 61.1040(e)(3)-(5).
Contract Compliance and Quality Control	A district shall ensure that services sought by or provided to the district for a school facility capital improvement project, including, but not limited to, professional design services, construction services, construction administration services, third-party inspection services, third-party testing services, or third-party code compliance services, are provided through a project-specific written agreement that meets the requirements of section 61.1040(e)(6). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(e)(6)</i>
Certification of Compliance with Standards	A district, design professional, contractor, and prime subcontractors, if applicable, shall certify compliance with all applicable standards required in section $61.1040(d)$ , (g)-(k) as required by section $61.1040(f)$ . <i>19 TAC <math>61.1040(f)(1)</math></i>
Instructional Facility Space Standards	Standards for space for instructional facilities are set out in section 61.1040(g).
Board Approval of Compliance	A board shall approve compliance with the quantitative method of compliance for instructional facility space requirements under section 61.1040(h) or the qualitative method of compliance for instruc-

	tional facility space requirements under section 61.1040(i) before the commencement of design development for a capital improve- ment project for an instructional facility. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(h), (i)</i>
	A district may use the qualitative method of compliance for a capi- tal improvement project only if the board has prior documented ap- proval of one or more instructional or operational practices for the proposed project that distributes or manages student capacity in an innovative or nontraditional manner. Prior to approving the qualita- tive method of compliance, all instructional and operational prac- tices applicable to the proposed project must have been docu- mented and approved by the board to demonstrate compliance with the requirements in section 61.1040(i). <i>19 TAC 61.1040(i)</i>
Construction Quality Standards	A capital improvement project for a school facility must reasonably comply with the following construction code requirements.
Construction Code Requirements	Projects located outside of a municipal jurisdiction in the unincor- porated area of a county must reasonably comply with the require- ments of section 61.1040(j)(1)(A).
	Projects located inside of a municipal jurisdiction must reasonably comply with the requirements of section 61.1040(j)(1)(B).
	19 TAC 61.1040(j)(1)
Third-Party Code Compliance Requirement	District responsibilities and other requirements related to third-party code compliance are set out in section 61.1040(j)(2).
Safety and Security Standards Requirements for All Instructional	A capital improvement project of a district must include campus- wide implementation of the provisions of section $61.1040(k)(1)$ re- lated to communications infrastructure and access control. 19 TAC 61.1040(k)(1)
Facilities	A district shall develop a document that designates each exterior door of each instructional facility campus-wide as either primary, secondary, or nondesignated entrances and shall ensure that the documented designation of all exterior doors becomes part of the long-range facility plan prior to commencement of construction of a capital improvement project. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(k)(1)(B)</i>
Additional Standards Based on Budget	A district shall approve a project construction budget for a capital improvement project at completion of the design development phase of the project and prior to commencement of the construction documents phase. The project construction budget approved by the district shall determine how many of the additional safety and security standards established in section 61.1040(k)(3) are required for the project. A district shall designate in writing which of the additional safety and security standards established in section

	pro sior tion faci pha sha cilit all d	1040(k)(3) have been approved by the board for a capital im- vement project and shall provide to the prime design profes- nal and each design professional of record written documenta- of the approved safety and security standards for the proposed lity prior to commencement of the construction documents ase of a capital improvement project. The following standards ill apply to a capital improvement project for an instructional fa- y until all instructional facilities campus-wide fully comply with of the additional safety and security standards specified in sec- 061.1040(k).
	1.	If a project construction budget is \$1 million to \$5 million, the facility is required to comply with at least one additional safety and security standard specified in section 61.1040(k)(3).
	2.	If a project construction budget is \$5 million to \$10 million, the facility is required to comply with at least two additional safety and security standards specified in section 61.1040(k)(3).
	3.	If a project construction budget is over \$10 million, the facility is required to comply with all of the additional safety and se- curity standards specified in section 61.1040(k)(3).
	4.	For a capital improvement project that includes new construc- tion, the new construction of an instructional facility is required to comply with all three of the additional safety and security standards specified in section $61.1040(k)(3)$ .
	19	TAC 61.1040(k)(2)
Exceptions		istrict may opt out of the requirements specified in section 1040(k)(2) if:
	1.	The facility is scheduled to, according to the long-range facili- ties plan, cease operations as an instructional facility within three years of the project; and
	2.	The five-year long-range facility plan clearly states that, prior to the end date of the plan, the facility will be compliant with at least two additional safety and security standards if ceasing operation does not occur or operation resumes. The long- range facility plan must specify which two additional safety and security standards will be implemented.
	19	TAC 61.1040(k)(4)
Public Disclosure	ope pro	oard shall ensure information or documents collected, devel- ed, or produced by the district as part of a capital improvement ject are reviewed to ensure that any project-specific safety and urity information is adjusted for disclosure if necessary to ac-

	commodate the requirement for a district to use protections provided in Education Code 37.108, which directs the district to protect sensitive information, while also providing general information to the public indicating district compliance commitments made in accordance with section $61.1040(k)$ . <i>19 TAC <math>61.1040(k)(5)</math></i> [See CKC]		
State Standards for Construction Before November 1, 2021	The requirements for school facility standards set out in 19 Admin- istrative Code 61.1036 ("section 61.1036") shall apply to projects for new construction or major space renovations if:		
	<ol> <li>A board adopts a fiscal year maintenance and operations budget where a capital improvement project title and a design or design and construction budget are delineated;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>A board calls a bond election where one or more capital im- provement project titles as well as design or design and con- struction budgets are delineated; or</li> </ol>		
	3. A new contract or amendment to an existing contract for ar- chitectural services for new construction or a major renovation for a school facility project has been agreed to, and signed and dated by both parties to the agreement after January 1, 2004, and before November 1, 2021.		
	19 TAC 61.1036(b)		
Definitions and Procedures	The words, terms, and procedures used in section 61.1036 shall have the meanings set out in section 61.1036(a) unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.		
Certification of Design and Construction	In section 61.1036, "certify" indicates that the architect or engineer has reviewed the standards contained in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 61 and used the best professional judgment and reason- able care consistent with the practice of architecture or engineering in the state of Texas in executing the construction documents. The architect or engineer also certifies that these documents conform to the provisions of section 61.1036, except as indicated on the certification.		
	The district shall notify and obligate the architect or engineer to provide the required certification. The architect's or engineer's signature and seal on the construction documents shall certify compliance. To ensure that facilities have been designed and constructed according to the provisions of section 61.1036, each involved party shall execute responsibilities as set forth in section 61.1036(c)(3).		
	19 TAC 61 1036(c)		

19 TAC 61.1036(c)

Construction Quality Districts with Building Codes	A district located in an area that has adopted local construction codes shall comply with section 61.1036(f)(1).		
Districts without Building Codes	A district located in an area that has not adopted local building codes shall comply with section 61.1036(f)(2).		
International Energy Conservation Code	he International Energy Conservation Code as it existed on May 2015, is adopted as the energy code for use in this state for all commercial construction. <i>Health and Safety Code 388.003(b); 34</i> AC 19.53(b)		
	ecause a public school building is not a residen ithin the scope of "commercial" construction for ternational Energy Conservation Code and like ealth and Safety Code Chapter 388. <i>Atty. Gen.</i> 1017)	purposes of the ly for purposes of	
Portable, Modular Buildings	ny portable, modular building capable of being urchased or leased for use as a school facility b hether that building is manufactured off-site or te, must comply with all provisions of section 67 1.1036(a)(11), (f)(3)	by a district, constructed on-	
Fire Escapes	chool buildings of at least two stories shall be e scapes as required by law. <i>Health and Safety C</i> 35, .036		
Accessibility	No qualified individual with a disability shall, because a district cilities are inaccessible to or unusable by individuals with disabilities, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits the services, programs, and activities of a district or be subject discrimination. 42 U.S.C. 12132; 28 C.F.R. 35.149; 29 U.S.C. 34 C.F.R. 104.21		
	district shall operate each program, service, or hen viewed in its entirety, it is readily accessible dividuals with disabilities. A district is not requir sisting facility or every part of a facility accessible individuals with disabilities.	e to and usable by red to make each	
	district may comply with these requirements by	/:	
	Redesigning or acquisitioning equipment.		
	Reassigning classes or other services to ac	cessible buildings.	
	Assigning aides to qualified individuals with	disabilities.	
	Home visits.		
	Delivery of services at alternate accessible	sites.	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20		11 of 13	

- 6. Alteration of existing facilities.
- 7. Constructing new facilities that comply with 34 C.F.R. 104.23 and 28 C.F.R. 35.151.
- 8. Any other methods that result in making services, programs, and activities accessible to individuals with disabilities.

A district is not required to make structural changes in existing facilities when other methods will achieve compliance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act and its implementing regulation. In choosing among available alternatives for meeting these requirements, a district shall give priority to methods that offer services, programs, and activities to qualified individuals with disabilities in the most integrated setting appropriate.

#### 28 C.F.R. 35.150; 34 C.F.R. 104.22

Review of Plans All plans and specifications for construction or for the substantial renovation or modification of a building or facility must be submitted to the Department of Licensing and Regulation for review and approval if the estimated construction cost is at least \$50,000. The architect, interior designer, landscape architect, or engineer who has overall responsibility for the design of a constructed or reconstructed building or facility shall submit the plans and specifications required. A district as owner of the building or facility may not allow an application to be filed with a local governmental entity for a building construction permit related to the plans and specifications or allow construction, renovation, or modification of the building or facility to begin before the date the plans and specifications are submitted to the Department. On application to a local governmental entity for a building construction permit, the district as owner shall submit to the entity proof that the plans and specifications have been submitted to the Department under Government Code Chapter 469 (Elimination of Architectural Barriers).

> A district, as owner of a building or facility described above is responsible for having the building or facility inspected for compliance with the standards and specifications adopted by the Commission of Licensing and Regulation under Government Code Chapter 469 not later than the first anniversary of the date that the construction or substantial renovation or modification of the building or facility is completed. The inspection must be performed by the Department, an entity with which the Commission contracts, or a person who holds a certificate of registration under Government Code Chapter 469, Subchapter E.

Gov't Code 469.101, .102(a), (c), .105

Denton ISD 061901		
FACILITY STANDARDS		CS (LEGAL)
Notice	teres ing, vice	strict shall adopt and implement procedures to ensure that in- sted persons, including persons with impaired vision or hear- can obtain information as to the existence and location of ser- s, activities, and facilities that are accessible to and usable by cons with disabilities. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.22(f)</i>
Relocatable Educational Facility	In this section, "relocatable educational facility" means a portable, modular building capable of being relocated, regardless of whether the facility is built at the installation site, that is used primarily as an educational facility for teaching the curriculum required under Edu- cation Code 28.002.	
	after	locatable educational facility that is purchased or leased on or January 1, 2010, must comply with all provisions applicable to strialized buildings under Occupations Code Chapter 1202.
	Occ	upations Code 1202.004
Outdoor Lighting	An outdoor lighting fixture may be installed, replaced, maintained, or operated using state funds only if it meets standards for state- funded outdoor lighting fixtures in Health and Safety Code Chapter 425.	
Exceptions	The ply i	standards for state-funded outdoor lighting fixtures do not ap- f:
	1.	A federal law, rule, or regulation preempts state law;
	2.	The fixture is used on a temporary basis:
	3.	Because emergency personnel temporarily require additional illumination for emergency procedures;
	4.	For nighttime work;
	5.	Special events or circumstances require additional illumina- tion;
	6.	The fixture is used solely to enhance the aesthetic beauty of an object; or
	7.	A compelling safety interest cannot be addressed by another method.
	inclu strue mus	cial events or situations that may require additional illumination ude sporting events and illumination of monuments, historic ctures, or flags. Illumination for special events or situations t be installed to shield the outdoor lighting fixtures from direct and to minimize upward lighting and light pollution.
	Hea	Ith and Safety Code 425.002

Denton ISD 061901			
FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURIT		CSA (LEGAL)	
Safety and Security Requirements for Facilities Facilities Standards Compliance	sch erat der	strict must ensure that each district facility complies with each ool facilities standard, including performance standards and op- ional requirements, related to safety and security adopted un- Education Code 7.061 (Facilities Standards) or provided by er law or agency rule.	
	imp facil exc Exc Age	strict must develop and maintain documentation of the district's lementation of and compliance with school safety and security lities standards for each district facility, including a good cause eption claimed under Education Code 37.353 [see Good Cause eption, below], and shall, if requested by the Texas Education ency (TEA), provide that documentation in the manner pre- bed by TEA.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.351	
Good Cause Exception	If a district is unable to bring a district facility into compliance with a school facilities standard related to safety and security, the district may claim a good cause exception from the requirement to comply with that standard, including for a reason related to:		
	1.	The age, physical design, or location of the noncompliant fa- cility;	
	2.	The projected remaining use or functional life of the noncom- pliant facility;	
	3.	Availability of funding; or	
	4.	Supply chain obstacles.	
	tern	strict that claims a good cause exception must develop an al- ative performance standard with which the district is able to aply.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.353	
Confidentiality	proc und Act)	document or information collected, identified, developed, or duced relating to a safety or security requirement is confidential er Government Code 418.177 and 418.181 (Texas Disaster and not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chap- 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Education Code</i> 37.355.	
Commissioner's School Safety Rules	The following words and terms when used in 19 Administrative Code 61.1031 shall have the following meanings:		
for Instructional Facilities Definitions	revi clos	ively monitored" means supervised by an adult who can visibly ew visitors prior to entrance, who can take immediate action to e and/or lock the door, and whose duties allow for sufficient at- ion to monitoring.	

"Exterior secured area" means an area fully enclosed by a fence and/or wall that:

- 1. If enclosed by a fence or wall, utilizes a fence or wall at least 6 feet high with design features that prevent it from being easily scalable, such as stone, wrought iron, chain link with slats or wind screen, or chain link topped with an anti-scaling device, or utilizes a fence or wall at least 8 feet high;
- 2. Is well maintained; and
- 3. If gated, features locked gates with emergency egress hardware and has features to prevent opening from the exterior without a key or combination mechanism.

"Instructional facility" has the meaning assigned in Education Code 46.001, and includes any real property, an improvement to real property, or a necessary fixture of an improvement to real property that is used predominantly for teaching curriculum under Education Code 28.002. An instructional facility does not include real property, improvements to real property, or necessary fixtures of an improvement to real property that are part of a federal, state, or private correctional facility or facility of an institution of higher education, medical provider, or other provider of professional or so-cial services over which a school system has no control.

"Modular, portable building" means:

- 1. An industrialized building as defined by Occupations Code 1202.002 and 1202.003;
- 2. Any relocatable educational facility as defined by Occupations Code 1202.004, regardless of the location of construction of the facility; or
- 3. Any other manufactured or site-built building that is capable of being relocated and is used as a school facility.

"Primary entrance" means:

- 1. The main entrance to an instructional facility that is closest to or directly connected to the reception area; or
- 2. Any exterior door the school system intends to allow visitors to use to enter the facility during school hours either through policy or practice.

"School system" means a public independent school district or public open-enrollment charter school.

		cure vestibule" means a secured space with two or more sets loors and an office sign-in area where all but the exterior doors II:
	1.	Remain closed, latched, and locked;
	2.	Comply with 19 Administrative Code 61.1031(c)(3)(B) (exterior door construction); and
	3.	Only open once the visitor has been visually verified.
	19	TAC 61.1031(a)
Safety and Security Standards	sch sch leas ciliti to c	e provisions of 19 Administrative Code 61.1031 apply to all ool instructional facilities owned, operated, or leased by a ool system, regardless of the date of construction or date of se. The provisions ensure that all school system instructional fa- ies have access points that are secured by design, maintained operate as intended, and appropriately monitored. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>1031(b)</i>
	star	chool system shall implement the following safety and security ndards compliance requirements to all school instructional facili- owned, operated, or leased by the school system.
Doors, Entrances, and Windows	All instructional facilities campus-wide, including modular buildings, must include the addition of graphically represe pha-numerical characters on both the interior and exterior exterior door location. The characters may be installed or or on at least one door at locations where more than one leads from the exterior to the same room inside the facilit the wall immediately adjacent to or above the door location acters shall comply with the International Fire Code Section The primary entrance of an instructional facility shall alwa first in the entire sequence and is the only door location t not require numbering. The numbering sequence shall be wise and may be sequenced for the entire campus or for cility individually. The door-numbering process must com any and all accessibility requirements related to signage.	
	Unl	ess a secure vestibule is present, a primary entrance shall:
	1.	Meet all standards for exterior doors;
	2.	Include a means to allow an individual located within the building to visually identify an individual seeking to enter the primary entrance when the entrance is closed and locked, in- cluding, but not limited to, windows, camera systems, and/or intercoms;

CSA (LEGAL)

- 3. Feature a physical barrier that prevents unassisted access to the facility by a visitor; and
- 4. Feature a location for a visitor check-in and check-out process.

All exterior doors shall:

- 1. Be, by default, set to a closed, latched, and locked status, except that:
  - a. A door may be unlocked if it is actively monitored or within an exterior secured area; and
  - b. For the purposes of ventilation, a school system may designate in writing as part of its multihazard emergency operations plan specific exterior doors that are allowed to remain open for specified periods of time if explicitly authorized by the school safety and security committee when a quorum of members are present, and only if it is actively monitored or within an exterior secured area;
- Be constructed, both for the door and door frame and their components, of materials and in a manner that make them resistant to entry by intruders. Unless inside an exterior secured area, doors constructed of glass or containing glass shall be constructed or modified such that the glass cannot be easily broken and allow an intruder to open or otherwise enter through the door (for example, using forced entry-resistant film);
- 3. Include:
  - a. A mechanism that fully closes and engages locking hardware automatically after entry or egress without manual intervention, regardless of air pressure within or outside of the facility; and
  - b. A mechanism that allows the door to be opened from the inside when locked to allow for emergency egress while remaining locked; and
- 4. If keyed for re-entry, be capable of being unlocked with a single (or a small set of) master key(s), whether physical key, punch code, or key-fob or similar electronic key device.

Except when inside an exterior secured area, classrooms with exterior entry doors shall include a means to allow an individual located in the classroom to visually identify an individual seeking to enter the classroom when the door is closed and locked, including, but not limited to, windows, camera systems, and/or intercoms.

FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY

	adja if bro the o	icent i oken, door f	hen inside an exterior secured area, all windows that are to an exterior door and that are of a size and position that, would easily permit an individual to reach in and open from the inside shall be constructed or modified such that cannot be easily broken.			
	dow mits fied intru	s nea entry such der to	hen inside an exterior secured area, all ground-level win- in exterior doors that are of a size and position that per- if from the exterior if broken shall be constructed or modi- that the glass cannot be easily broken and allow an o enter through the window frame (for example, using try-resistant film).			
	tiona from ope	If designed to be opened, all ground-level windows shall have func- tional locking mechanisms that allow for the windows to be locked from the inside and, if large enough for an individual to enter when opened or if adjacent to a door, be closed and locked when staff are not present.				
	Roof access doors should default to a locked, latched, and closed position when not actively in use and be lockable from the interior.					
	All facilities must include one or more distinctive, exterior secure master key box(es) designed to permit emergency access to both law enforcement agencies and emergency responder agencies from the exterior (for example, a Knox box) at a location desig- nated by the local authorities with applicable jurisdiction or provide all local law enforcement electronic or physical master key access to the building(s).					
Communications	A communications infrastructure shall be implemented that must					
Infrastructure	1.	eme	ure equipment is in place such that law enforcement and rgency responder two-way radios can function within t portions of the building(s); and			
	2.	tem, othe	ide a panic alert button, duress, or equivalent alarm sys- via standalone hardware, software, or integrated into r telecommunications devices or online applications, that ides the following functionality:			
		a.	An alert must be capable of being triggered by campus staff, including temporary or substitute staff, from an integrated or enabled device.			
		b.	An alert must be triggered automatically in the event a district employee makes a 9-1-1 call using the hardware or integrated telecommunications devices from any location within the school system.			

FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY (LEGAL) With any alert generated, the location of where the alert C. originated shall be included. The alert must notify a set of designated school adminisd. trators as needed to provide confirmation of response. and, if confirmed, notice must be issued to the 9-1-1 center of an emergency situation requiring a law enforcement and/or emergency response and must include the location of where the alert originated. A notice can simultaneously be issued to all school staff of the need to follow appropriate emergency procedures. For any exterior doors that feature electronic locking e. mechanisms that allow for remote locking, the alert system will trigger those doors to automatically lock. Compliance with In implementing these requirements, school systems shall comply 9-1-1 Rules and with state and federal Kari's Laws and federal RAY BAUM's Act Regulations and corresponding rules and regulations pertaining to 9-1-1 service for school telephone systems, including a multi-line telephone system. 19 TAC 61.1031(c) Operating A school system shall implement the following. Requirements 1. Access control. The board shall adopt a policy requiring the following continued auditing of building access: Conduct at least weekly inspections during school hours a. of all exterior doors of all instructional facilities to certify that all doors are, by default, set to a closed, latched, and locked status and cannot be opened from the outside without a key as required above; b. Report the findings of weekly inspections to the school system's safety and security committee and ensure the results are kept for review as part of the safety and security audit; Report the findings of weekly inspections to the principal C. or leader of the instructional facility to ensure awareness of any deficiencies identified and who must take action to reduce the likelihood of similar deficiencies in the future: and d. Include a provision in the school system's applicable policy stating that nothing in a school system's access con-

trol procedures will be interpreted as discouraging parents, once properly verified as authorized campus

CSA

FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY

visitors, from visiting campuses they are authorized to visit.

- 2. Exterior and interior door numbering site plan.
  - a. A school system must develop and maintain an accurate site layout and exterior and interior door designation document for each instructional facility school systemwide that identifies all exterior and interior doors in the instructional facility and depicts all exterior doors on a floor plan with an alpha-numeric designation, in accordance with the door numbering specifications established above.
  - b. Copies of exterior and interior door numbering site plans shall be readily available in each campus main office.
  - c. Electronic copies of exterior and interior door numbering site plans shall be supplied to the local 9-1-1 administrative entity so that the site plans can be made available to emergency responders by 9-1-1 dispatchers.
  - d. The site layout and exterior and interior door designation document should be oriented in a manner that depicts true north.
- 3. Maintenance.
  - a. A school system shall perform at least twice-yearly maintenance checks to ensure the facility components function as required. At a minimum, maintenance checks shall ensure the following:
    - (1) Instructional facility exterior doors function properly, including meeting the requirements above;
    - (2) The locking mechanism for any ground-level windows that can be opened function properly;
    - (3) Any perimeter barriers and related gates function properly;
    - (4) All panic alert or similar emergency notification systems in classrooms and campus central offices function properly, which includes at least verification from multiple campus staff and classroom locations that a notification can be issued and received by the appropriately designated personnel, that the alert is successfully broadcast to all campus staff and to appropriate law enforcement and emergency responders, and that a potential threat observed on

FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY

video triggers an alert from video surveillance monitoring systems;

- (5) All school telephone systems and communications infrastructure provide accurate location information when a 9-1-1 call is made in accordance with state and federal laws and rules and when an alert is triggered;
- (6) All exterior master key boxes function properly and the keys they contain function properly;
- (7) Law enforcement and emergency responder twoway radios operate effectively within each instructional facility; and
- (8) Two-way radios used by school system peace officers, school resource officers, or school marshals properly communicate with local law enforcement and emergency response services.
- b. A school system shall ensure procedures are in place to require that staff who become aware of a facility component functionality deficiency that would be identified during the twice-yearly maintenance review immediately report the deficiency to the school system's administration, regardless of the status of the twice-yearly maintenance review.
- c. A school system shall promptly remedy any deficiencies discovered as a consequence of maintenance checks.

19 TAC 61.1031(d)

Compliance With<br/>Standards forIn implementing the requirements of 19 Administrative Code<br/>61.1031, school systems shall comply with the provisions of 19 Ad-<br/>ministrative Code 61.1040(j). [See CS]

To the extent that any provisions of 19 Administrative Code 61.1031 conflict with rules adopted in Chapter 61, Subchapter CC, (relating to Commissioner's Rules Concerning School Facilities), including terms defined or standards established, the provisions of 19 Administrative Code 61.1031 prevail.

In implementing these requirements, school systems shall comply with the standards adopted under Government Code 469.052 (Elimination of Architectural Barriers).

19 TAC 61.1031(e), (f), (g)

Denton ISD 061901		
FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURIT	Y (L	CSA EGAL)
Records Control Schedule	In implementing these requirements, school systems must at three-year records control schedule that complies with the mi mum requirements established by the Texas State Library an chives Commission schedule, record series item number 5.4 as referenced in Government Code 441.169 and Local Gover ment Code 203.041. <i>19 TAC 61.1031 (h)</i> [See CPC]	ini- nd Ar- .017,
Certification	All requirements above shall be implemented during the 2022 school year and thereafter. Annually, a school system shall c compliance with those requirements as part of ongoing secur dits under Education Code 37.108(b); maintain the certification cally; and report as required by the Texas School Safety Cen Any and all noncompliance shall be reported to the school system's safety and security committee, the school system's boa and the Texas School Safety Center, as required by Education Code 37.108(c). [See CKA]	ertify rity au- on lo- nter. /s- ard,
Provisional Certification	A school system may provisionally certify compliance of a fac component that is not in compliance if:	cility
	<ol> <li>The school system has taken the necessary steps to ini an upgrade of the facility component to ensure complian and</li> </ol>	
	2. For the 2023-24 school year, the contractor or supplier l been procured and has provided a time frame when the grade will be completed.	
	TEA may modify rule requirements or grant provisional certifi for individual site needs as determined by TEA.	cation
	Rules related to provisional certification expire August 31, 20	24.
	19 TAC 61.1031(i), (j)	
Silent Panic Alert Technology	Beginning with the 2025-26 school year, a district shall provide each classroom in the district with silent panic alert technologicallows for immediate contact with district emergency services agencies, law enforcement agencies, here departments, and fire departments.	gy that s and
	Silent panic alert technology provided by a district does not s the requirement under Education Code 37.108(a)(2) [see CK the district to ensure employees have classroom access to a phone or another electronic communication device.	C] for
	To comply, a district may use funds provided to the district th the school safety allotment or other available funds and may the district's customary procurement process.	-
	Education Code 37.117	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 CSA(LEGAL)-P	23	9 of 10

Denton ISD 061901		
FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY	Y	CSA (LEGAL)
Security Criteria	majo tiona	strict that constructs a new instructional facility or conducts a or renovation of an existing instructional facility using Instruc- al Facilities Allotment funds shall consider, in the design of the uctional facility, appropriate security criteria. <i>Education Code</i> 081
Playgrounds	Publ	ic funds may not be used to purchase or install:
	1.	Playground equipment that:
		a. Does not comply with each applicable provision of ASTM Standard F1487-07ae1, "Consumer Safety Performance Specification for Playground Equipment for Public Use," published by ASTM International; or
		b. Has a horizontal bare metal platform or a bare metal step or slide, unless the bare metal is shielded from direct sun by a covering provided with the equipment or by a shaded area in the location where the equipment is installed;
	2.	Surfacing for the area under and around playground equip- ment if the surfacing will not comply with each applicable pro- vision of ASTM Standard F2223-04e1, "Standard Guide for ASTM Standards on Playground Surfacing," published by ASTM International.
Exception	surfathe e	ic funds may be used to maintain playground equipment or acing that was purchased before September 1, 2009, even if equipment or surfacing does not comply with the applicable iffications described above.
	Hea	th and Safety Code 756.061

Denton	ISD
061901	

Building Access Control	instructional facilities d ors are, by default, set	control shall include weekly inspections uring school hours to certify all exterior to closed, latched, and locked status and ne outside without a key.
	e Superintendent shall ections are:	ensure that the findings of the weekly in-
	Reported to the Dist	rict safety and security committee; and
	-	pus principal or lead administrator of the o ensure awareness of any deficiencies
	The campus principal or lead administrator shall assign appropriate staff to take action to reduce the likelihood of similar deficiencies in the future.	
	The results of the weekly reports shall be kept for review as part of the required safety and security audit.	
	eted as discouraging pa	ess control procedures shall not be inter- arents or guardians who have been prop- l visitors from visiting their student's cam-

Denton ISD 061901				
FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY	Y	(	CSB (LEGAL)	
Natural Gas Piping Pressure Testing	A district shall perform biennial pressure tests on the natural gas piping system in a school facility before the beginning of the school year. A district with more than one facility may perform the testing on a two-year cycle under which the district pressure tests the nat- ural gas piping system in approximately one-half of the facilities each year. If a district operates the facilities on a year-round calen- dar, the pressure test in each of those facilities must be conducted and reported not later than July 1 of the year in which the pressure test is performed.			
	A natural gas piping pressure test performed under a municipal code in compliance with Railroad Commission rules shall satisfy the pressure testing requirements.			
	Utilit	ies Code 121.502; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(1), (4)		
Requirements of Test	natu least by th tem sure Com shall	strict shall perform the pressure test to determine wheth ral gas piping downstream of a district facility's meter h is normal operating pressure over a specified period det be Railroad Commission. During the pressure test, each supply inlet and outlet in the facility must be closed. Th test shall be performed by a person authorized under I mission rules. At a district's request, the Railroad Com assist the district in developing a procedure for conduc <i>Utilities Code 121.503; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(2), (3)</i>	olds at ermined n sys- e pres- Railroad mission	
Notice	supp othe ing s	strict shall provide written notice to the district's natural lier specifying the date and result of each pressure tes r inspection. The supplier shall develop procedures for such written notice from the district. <i>Utilities Code 121.5</i> AC 8.230(b)(1)	t or receiv-	
Termination of	A su	pplier shall terminate service to a district facility if:		
Service	1.	The supplier receives official notification from the firm vidual conducting the test of a hazardous natural gas I in the facility piping system; or		
	2.	A test or other inspection is not performed as required		
	Utilities Code 121.505(a)			
		pplier shall develop procedures for terminating service ct if the supplier:	to a	
	1.	Receives notification of a hazardous natural gas leak i school facility piping system; or	n the	

Denton ISD 061901		
FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURIT		CSB EGAL)
	2. Does not receive written notification from the district specing the completion date and results of the testing.	ecify-
	16 TAC 8.230(b)(2)	
Reporting Leaks	An identified natural gas leakage in a district facility must be ported to the board. The firm or individual conducting the nat gas piping pressure test shall immediately report any hazard natural gas leak in a district facility to the board and the natur supplier. <i>Utilities Code 121.506; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(6)</i>	ural ous
LP-Gas Systems Testing	At least biennially, a district shall perform leakage tests on the gas piping system in each district facility before the beginning the school year. The district may perform the leakage tests of two-year cycle under which the tests are performed for the L piping systems of approximately half of the facilities each year district operates one or more district facilities on a year-round endar, the leakage test in each of those facilities must be con ducted and reported not later than July 1 of the year in which test is performed.	g of P-gas ar. If a d cal- n- i the
	A test performed under a municipal code satisfies the testing quirements.	re-
	Natural Resources Code 113.352; 16 TAC 9.41	
Requirements of Test	A district shall perform the leakage test to determine whether LP-gas piping system holds at least the amount of pressure a fied by the Railroad Commission. The leakage test must be of ducted in accordance with Railroad Commission rules at 16 <i>J</i> istrative Code 9.41. The leakage test shall be conducted by a person authorized under Railroad Commission rules. At a dis request, the Railroad Commission shall assist the district in p ing for the certification of a district employee to conduct the to and in developing a procedure for conducting the test. <i>Nature</i> <i>sources Code 113.353; 16 TAC 9.41(b)-(d)</i>	speci- con- Admin- a strict's provid- est
Notice	Before the introduction of any LP-gas into the LP-gas piping tem, a district shall provide verification to its supplier that the has been tested.	
Documentation	A district shall retain documentation specifying the date and a sult of each leakage test or other inspection of each LP-gas p system until at least the fifth anniversary of the date the test other inspection was performed. The Railroad Commission n view a district's documentation of each leakage test or other spection conducted by the district.	piping or nay re-
	Natural Resources Code 113.354; 16 TAC 9.41(b)(3)-(4)	

FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURIT		CSB (LEGAL)		
Termination of Service	A su	pplier shall terminate service to a district facility if:		
	1.	The supplier receives official notification from the district or the person conducting the test that there is leakage in a school LP-gas system;		
	2.	The leakage test performed on a school LP-gas system was not performed as required; or		
	3.	The supplier has not received a copy of the required form from the district verifying that the LP-gas system has been tested in accordance with 16 Administrative Code 9.41.		
	Natu	ıral Resources Code 113.355; 16 TAC 9.41(e)		
Reporting Leaks	be re affee mad test. que	dentified school LP-gas leakage in a school district facility shall eported to the board. The district shall immediately remove the cted school district facility from LP-gas service until repairs are e and it passes a subsequent school LP-gas system leakage If a district employee performs the initial test, then the subse- nt test may not be performed by a district employee. <i>Natural</i> <i>ources Code 113.356; 16 TAC 9.41(b)(2)</i>		
Definitions	"School district facility" means each building or structure operated by a school district and equipped with a school LP-gas system in which students receive instruction or participate in school spon- sored extracurricular activities, excluding maintenance or bus facili- ties, vehicle fueling facilities, administrative offices, and similar fa- cilities not regularly used by students.			
	"School LP-gas system" means all piping, fittings, valves, regula- tors, appliance connectors, equipment, and connections supplying fuel gas from the outlet of the shutoff valve at each LP-gas storage container or upstream of each meter to the shutoff valve(s) on each appliance in a school district facility.			
	16 TAC 9.41(a)(3)-(4)			
Intrastate Pipeline Emergency Response Plan	The Railroad Commission shall require the owner or operator of each intrastate hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide pipeline facility, any part of which is located within 1,000 feet of a public school building containing classrooms, or within 1,000 feet of another pub- lic school facility where students congregate, to:			
	1.	On written request from a district, provide in writing the follow- ing parts of a pipeline emergency response plan that are rele- vant to the school:		
		a. A description and map of the pipeline facilities that are within 1,000 feet of the school building or facility;		

FACILITY STANDARDS SAFETY AND SECURITY

- b. A list of any product transported in the segment of the pipeline that is within 1,000 feet of the school facility;
- c. The designated emergency number for the pipeline facility operator;
- d. Information on the state's excavation one-call system; and
- e. Information on how to recognize, report, and respond to a product release; and
- 2. Mail a copy of the requested items by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the superintendent of the district in which the school building or facility is located.

A pipeline operator or the operator's representative shall appear at a regularly scheduled board meeting to explain the above items if requested by the board or district.

The Railroad Commission may not require the release of parts of an emergency response plan that include security sensitive information, including maps or data. Security sensitive information shall be made available for review by but not provided to the board.

Natural Resources Code 117.012(k)-(m); 16 TAC 8.315

Denton ISD 061901			
FACILITY STANDARDS ASBESTOS MANAGEMI	ENT	CS (LEGA	
Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act	The rules adopted under the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Re- sponse Act (AHERA) (15 U.S.C. 2641-2656) require a district to identify asbestos-containing material (ACM) in schools by visually inspecting school buildings for such materials, sampling such ma- terials if they are not assumed to be ACM, and having samples an- alyzed by appropriate techniques; submit management plans; and implement the plans in a timely fashion. Districts are required to use persons who have been accredited to conduct inspections, reinspections, develop management plans, or perform response actions. The rule includes recordkeeping requirements.		า-
Delegation		icts may contractually delegate their duties, but they remain onsible for the proper performance of those duties.	
	40 C	C.F.R. 763.80(a)	
Duties	A dis	strict shall:	
	1.	Ensure that the activities of any persons who perform inspections, reinspections, and periodic surveillance, develop and update management plans, and develop and implement response actions, including operations and maintenance, are carried out in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.8099 and appendices (Subpart E).	
	2.	Ensure that all custodial and maintenance employees are properly trained as required by Subpart E and other applica- ble federal and/or state regulations (e.g., the Occupational Safety and Health Administration asbestos standard for con- struction, the Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] worker protection rule, or applicable state regulations).	
	3.	Ensure that workers and building occupants, or their legal guardians, are informed at least once each school year about inspections, response actions, and post-response action ac- tivities, including periodic reinspection and surveillance activi- ties that are planned or in progress.	
	4.	Ensure that short-term workers (e.g., telephone repair work- ers, utility workers, or exterminators) who may come in con- tact with asbestos in a school are informed of the locations o asbestos-containing building material (ACBM) and suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM.	of
	5.	Ensure that warning labels are posted in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.95 [see Warning Labels, below].	1
	6.	Ensure that management plans are available for inspection, and notification of such availability has been provided as specified in the management plan under 40 C.F.R. 763.93(g)	).

FACILITY STANDARDS ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT CSC (LEGAL)

7. Designate a person to ensure that requirements under 40 C.F.R. 763.84 are properly implemented and ensure that the designated person receives adequate training to perform duties assigned. 8. Consider whether any conflict of interest may arise from the interrelationship among accredited asbestos personnel and whether that should influence the selection of accredited personnel to perform activities under Subpart E. 40 C.F.R. 763.84 Management Plan Each district shall develop an asbestos management plan for each school, including all buildings that they lease, own, or otherwise use as school buildings, and submit the plan to the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS). Each district shall maintain and update its management plan to keep it current with ongoing operations and maintenance, periodic surveillance, inspection, reinspection, and response action activities. All provisions required to be included in the management plan shall be retained as part of the management plan, as well as any information that has been revised to bring the plan up-to-date. 40 C.F.R. 763.93(a), (d) The management plan shall be developed by an accredited management planner and shall include: 1. A list of the name and address of each school building and whether it contains friable ACBM, nonfriable ACBM, and friable and nonfriable suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM. 2. Specific information for each inspection conducted before December 14, 1987. Specific information for each inspection and reinspection con-3. ducted under 40 C.F.R. 763.85. 4. The name, address, and telephone number of the person designated under 40 C.F.R. 763.84 to ensure that the duties of the district are carried out, and the course name, and dates and hours of training taken by that person to carry out the duties. 5. The recommendations made to the district regarding response actions, under 40 C.F.R. 763.88(d), the name, signature, state of accreditation of each person making the recommendations, and if applicable, his or her accreditation number. A detailed description of preventive measures and response 6. actions to be taken, including methods to be used, for any fri-

#### FACILITY STANDARDS ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT

		able ACBM, the locations where such measures and action will be taken, reasons for selecting the response action or preventive measure, and a schedule for beginning and com- pleting each preventive measure and response action.
	7.	With respect to the persons who inspected for ACBM and who will design or carry out response actions, except for oper- ations and maintenance, a statement regarding the person's accreditation.
	8.	A detailed description in the form of a blueprint, diagram, or in writing of any ACBM or suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM that remains in the school once response actions are undertaken pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 763.90. This description shall be updated as response actions are completed.
	9.	A plan for reinspection under 40 C.F.R. 763.85, a plan for op- erations and maintenance activities under 40 C.F.R. 763.91, a plan for periodic surveillance under 40 C.F.R. 763.92, a de- scription of the management planner's recommendation re- garding additional cleaning under 40 C.F.R. 763.91(c)(2) as part of an operation's maintenance program, and the district's response to that recommendation.
	10.	A description of steps taken to inform workers and building occupants, or their legal guardians, about inspections, rein- spections, response actions, and post-response action activi- ties, including periodic reinspection and surveillance activities that are planned or in progress.
	11.	An evaluation of the resources needed to complete response actions successfully and carry out reinspection, operations and maintenance activities, periodic surveillance, and training.
	12.	With respect to each consultant who contributed to the man- agement plan, the name of the consultant and a statement re- garding the person's accreditation.
		C.F.R. 763.93(e); Occupations Code 1954.101 (License Re- ed for Certain Activities)
Plan Availability	distr man for in inclu tives	In submission of a management plan to TDSHS for review, a rict shall keep a copy of the plan in its administrative office. The hagement plans shall be available, without cost or restriction, inspection by representatives of EPA and the state, the public, uding teachers, other school personnel and their representa- s, and parents. The district may charge a reasonable cost to the copies of management plans.

#### FACILITY STANDARDS ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT

	Each school shall maintain in its administrative office a complete, updated copy of the management plan for that school. Manage- ment plans shall also be available for inspection, without cost or re- striction, to workers before work begins in any area of a school building. The school shall make management plans available for inspection to representatives of EPA and the state, the public, in- cluding parents, teachers, and other school personnel and their representatives, within five working days after receiving a request for inspection. The school may charge a reasonable cost to make copies of the management plan.
Notice of Availability	Upon submission of its management plan to TDSHS and at least once each school year, a district shall notify in writing parent, teacher, and employee organizations of the availability of the man- agement plans and shall include in the management plan a de- scription of the steps taken to notify such organizations, and a dated copy of the notification.
	40 C.F.R. 763.93(g)
Inspections	Each building leased or acquired to be used as a school building shall be inspected in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.85(a)(3) and (4) prior to use as a school building. In the event that emergency use of an uninspected building as a school building is necessitated, such buildings shall be inspected within 30 days after commencement of such use. At least once every three years after a management plan is in effect, each district shall conduct a reinspection of all friable and nonfriable known or assumed ACBM in each school building. For each inspection and reinspection, the district shall have an accredited inspector provide a written assessment of all friable known or assumed ACBM in the school building. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.85, .88
Response Actions	The district shall select and implement in a timely manner the appropriate response actions in 40 C.F.R. 763.90 consistent with the assessment. The response actions selected shall be sufficient to protect human health and the environment. The district may then select, from the response actions that protect human health and the environment, that action which is the least burdensome method. <i>40 C.F.R. 763.90(a)</i>
Periodic Surveillance	At least once every six months after the management plan is in effect, each district shall conduct periodic surveillance in each building that it leases, owns, or otherwise uses as a school building that contains ACBM or is assumed to contain ACBM. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.92(b)

Denton ISD 061901		
FACILITY STANDARDS ASBESTOS MANAGEM	ENT	CSC (LEGAL)
Operations and Maintenance Training	The district shall ensure, prior to the implementation of operand maintenance provisions of the management plan, that members of the maintenance and custodial staff who may a building that contains ACBM receive awareness training least two hours, whether or not they are required to work w ACBM. New custodial and maintenance employees shall be trained within 60 days after commencement of employmer ing shall include information specified in 40 C.F.R. 763.92((v)). The district shall ensure that all members of its maintenance of ACBM shall receive training described above 14 hours of additional training that includes information specified in 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)(2)(i)-(iv). 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)	all work in of at vith be t. Train- (a)(1)(i)- nance It in the ve and
Warning Labels	The district shall attach a warning label immediately adjace any friable and nonfriable ACBM and suspected ACBM as to be ACM located in routine maintenance areas at each s building. This shall include friable ACBM that was respond a means other than removal and ACBM for which no response tion was carried out. All labels shall be prominently display readily visible locations and shall remain posted until the A that is labeled is removed. The warning label shall read, in which is readily visible because of large size or bright color lows: CAUTION: ASBESTOS. HAZARDOUS. DO NOT DIS WITHOUT PROPER TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT. 40 C. 763.95	sumed chool ed to by onse ac- red in CBM print r, as fol- STURB
Texas Asbestos Health Protection Act	Texas Asbestos Health Protection rules are found in 25 Active Code Chapter 296.	dminis-
	The executive commissioner of the Health and Human Set Commission adopts by reference and enforces, except as wise provided in this paragraph, 40 C.F.R. Part 763, Subp. (relating to Asbestos-Containing Materials in Schools) ado der AHERA. The executive commissioner does not adopt pendix C (relating to Asbestos Model Accreditation Plan), EPA's recommended project monitor accreditation categor Asbestos Model Accreditation Plan. <i>25 TAC 296.2</i>	other- art E, pted un- from Ap- the
	For purposes of enforcing the federal regulations adopted ment AHERA, 25 Administrative Code Chapter 296 applies tricts. <i>25 TAC 296.1(b)(4), .21(51)</i>	
	A district must ensure compliance with AHERA for all school der its administrative control. A TDSHS representative may any regulated school building to inspect and investigate co to determine compliance in accordance with Occupations 1954.060, Texas Health and Safety Code 12.018, and 25 trative Code 296.271(c) (relating to Inspections and Invest	y enter onditions Code Adminis-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 CSC(LEGAL)-P	23	5 of 6

FACILITY STANDARDS ASBESTOS MANAGEN		CS (LEGA
	TDSHS may take enforcement action as describ trative Code Chapter 296, Subchapter Q (relatin for violations of AHERA. <i>25 TAC 296.4</i>	
Asbestos- Related Activity	An "asbestos-related activity" means the remova or enclosure of asbestos; the performance of an the development of an asbestos management p tion; the collection or analysis of an asbestos sa mance of another activity for which a license is r cupations Code Chapter 1954 (the Texas Asbes Protection Act). Occupations Code 1954.002, .1 quired for Certain Activities)	asbestos survey lan or response a mple; or the perfo equired under Oc stos Health
	The public building owner or the owner's delega gage persons licensed as required in 25 Administ Chapter 296 to perform any asbestos-related ac 296.21(74), .211(a)	strative Code
	<i>Note:</i> For public building owner responsibilit management, see 25 Administrative 0	
Notice of Certain Activities	A person engaged in removing asbestos from or enclosing asbestos in a public building shall not ing at least 10 days before the date the person k encapsulation, or enclosure project according to person may give the required notice orally if the lation, or enclosure project is of an emergency n <i>Code 1954.252</i>	fy TDSHS in writ- begins the remova applicable laws. removal, encaps
	TDSHS must be notified of any demolition of a p whether or not asbestos has been identified. TD fied of any asbestos abatement within a public b must be submitted as required in 25 Administrat	SHS must be not ouilding. Notification
Responsibility	It is the responsibility of the public building owner agent (such as a licensed asbestos abatement of bestos consultant, or demolition contractor) to se to TDSHS for each project. When the task to not the building owner's delegation and the name of agent must be specified on the notification form. owner and the delegated agent are responsible and timeliness of the notification and one or both violation for failing to accurately and timely notify project.	contractor, as- ubmit a notificatio tify is delegated, the delegated The building for the accuracy n may be found in
	25 TAC 296.251(a)(1), (b)(1)	
Records	Recordkeeping requirements are set out in 40 C	.F.R. 763.94.

Denton ISD 061901

Table of Contents	Definition	3
	Board Authority	3
	Delegation of Authority	3
	Contracts Valued at or Above \$50,000	4
	Exceptions	4
	Notice Publication	4
	Contract Selection Criteria	5
	Experience Modifier	5
	Using Method Other Than Competitive Bidding	6
	Determine Best Value	6
	Publish Criteria	6
	Make Evaluations Public	6
	Submission	6
	Documents Related to Evaluation and Ranking	6
	Uniform General Conditions for Contracts	7
	Right to Work	7
	Collective Bargaining	7
	Out-of-State Bidders	7
	Change Orders	7
	Unsigned Change Orders	8
	Inspection, Verification, and Testing	8
	Impact Fees	9
	Design Professionals	9
	Architects and Engineers	9
	Procuring Architectural or Engineering Services	11
	Contracts for Engineering or Architectural Services	12
	Payment and Performance Bonds	13
	Failure to Obtain Payment Bond	13
	Bond for Insured Loss	14
	Prevailing Wage on Public Works	14
	Enforcement	15
	Retainage and Reimbursement	16
	Penalty for Noncompliance	16
	Criminal Offense	16

Required Workers' Compensation Coverage	16
Exception	
Definitions	18
Criminal Offenses	18
Enforcement Actions	18
Defects in Facilities	18
Attorney Fees	20
Construction Liability Claims	20

	Note:	For information on the new instructional facilities allot- ment, see CBA.
		For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.
		For information on procuring goods and services under Education Code Chapter 44, see CH.
		For required vendor disclosures and contract provisions, including prohibitions, see CHE.
		For provisions pertaining to criminal history record infor- mation on contractors, see CJA(LEGAL).
		For legal requirements related to energy savings perfor- mance contracts, see CL.
		For facility standards, see CS.
Definition	or repairir	ork contract" means a contract for constructing, altering, ag a public building or carrying out or completing any pub- Sov't Code 2253.001(4)
Board Authority		may adopt rules as necessary to implement Government apter 2269. <i>Gov't Code 2269.051; 19 TAC</i>
Delegation of Authority	Chapter 2 ter 2269 te	a may delegate its authority under Government Code 269 regarding an action authorized or required by Chap- o a designated representative, committee, or other per- t Code 2269.053(a)
	delegation or in the re	ct shall provide notice of the delegation, the limits of the n, and the name or title of each designated person by rule equest for bids, proposals, or qualifications or in an ador the request. <i>Gov't Code 2269.053(b); Education Code</i>
	evaluation vices othe	ict fails to provide that notice, a ranking, selection, or n of bids, proposals, or qualifications for construction ser- er than by the board in an open public meeting is advisory cation Code $44.0312(a)$ ; 19 TAC $61.1040(e)(2)(E)$
	level of de when proc	tendent shall ensure that a requirement to specify the elegation of authority is included in the bid specifications curing construction services to select a contractor, in acwith Education Code 44.0312. <i>19 TAC 61.1040(e)(2)(F)</i>

			nation regarding delegation in the event of a catastrophe, cy, or natural disaster, see CH.]	
Contracts Valued at or Above \$50,000	Except as provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, all district contracts for the purchase of goods and services valued at \$50,000 or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period shall be made by the method, of the following methods, that provides the best value for a district [see also CH]:			
	1.	An ir	nterlocal contract. <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(4)</i> [See CH]	
	2.		ethod provided by Government Code Chapter 2269 for struction services. <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(5)</i>	
		a.	Competitive bidding. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. C</i> [See CVA]	
		b.	Competitive sealed proposals. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch.</i> <i>D</i> [See CVB]	
		C.	Construction manager-agent method. <i>Gov't Code 2269</i> <i>Subch. E</i> [See CVC]	
		d.	Construction manager-at-risk method. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269 Subch. F [See CVD]	
		e.	Design-build method. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. G</i> [See CVE]	
		f.	Job order contracting. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. I</i> [See CVF]	
	3.		reverse auction procedure as defined by Government e 2155.062(d). <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(6)</i> [See CH]	
	Edu	cation	n Code 44.031(a); Gov't Code Ch. 2269	
Exceptions Emergency Damage or Destruction	facili resu	ity, or It of a	nation on procurement options when school equipment, a personal property is destroyed or severely damaged as a in unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, under Educa- 44.031, see CH.	
Contracts Requiring a Bond	relat Gov Bon sign	ed to ernme ds, be ed by	auction procedure may not be used to obtain services a public work contract for which a bond is required under ent Code 2253.021 [see Payment and Performance elow]. "Reverse auction procedure" has the meaning as- Government Code 2155.062 or a procedure similar to ribed by Section 2155.062. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(h)</i>	
Notice Publication			hall advertise or publish notice of requests for bids, pro- qualifications in a manner prescribed by law.	

	Gove and ceive	a contract entered into by a board under a method provided by ernment Code 2269, the board shall publish notice of the time place the bid or proposal or request for qualifications will be re- ed and opened in a manner prescribed by law.				
		Gov't Code 2269.052(a)-(b)				
	[See	e CH for additional notice publication requirements.]				
Contract Selection Criteria	In determining the award of a contract under Government Code Chapter 2269, the district shall consider and apply:					
	1.	Any existing laws, including any criteria, related to historically underutilized businesses; and				
	2.	Any existing laws, rules, or applicable municipal charters, in- cluding laws applicable to local governments, related to the use of women, minority, small, or disadvantaged businesses.				
	In de	In determining the award of a contract, the district may consider:				
	1.	The price.				
	2.	The offeror's experience and reputation.				
	3.	The quality of the offeror's goods or services.				
	4.	The impact on the ability of the district to comply with rules re- lating to historically underutilized businesses.				
	5.	The offeror's safety record.				
	6.	The offeror's proposed personnel.				
	7.	Whether the offeror's financial capability is appropriate to the size and scope of the project.				
	8.	Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids, proposals, or qualifications.				
	Gov't Code 2269.055					
Experience Modifier	"Cor	ntract" means a contract awarded by a district that is:				
Definitions	1.	A construction contract, as defined by Business and Com- merce Code 272.0001; or				
	2.	A contract for constructing, altering, or repairing a public building or carrying out or completing any public work.				
	catio	ntract solicitation" means a request for bids, proposals, qualifi- ons, offers, or other responses from potential contractors under ntract.				

	"Experience modifier" means a factor expressed as a value that:				
	<ol> <li>Is assigned to an employer seeking to purchase a workers' compensation insurance policy in this state;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Affects the premium amount for the policy; and</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Allects the premium amount for the policy, and</li> <li>Is based on the employer's past loss experience.</li> </ol>				
Voidable Contract Provisions	An offer to contract or a contract solicitation may not require a specified experience modifier in order to accept the offer or respond to the contract solicitation.				
	A contract or an agreement collateral to or affecting a contract may not require the contractor to have a specified experience modifier.				
	A contract solicitation, an offer, a contract, or an agreement collat- eral to or affecting a contract that violates these requirements is voidable as against public policy.				
	Gov't Code 2252.909				
Using Method Other Than Competitive Bidding Determine Best Value	The board that considers a construction contract using a method authorized by Government Code Chapter 2269 other than competi- tive bidding must, before advertising, determine which method pro- vides the best value for the district.				
Publish Criteria	The district shall base its selection among offerors on applicable criteria listed for the particular method used. The district shall pub- lish in the request for proposals or qualifications:				
	1. The criteria that will be used to evaluate the offerors;				
	2. The applicable weighted value for each criterion; and				
	3. A detailed methodology for scoring each criterion.				
Make Evaluations Public	The district shall document the basis of its selection and shall make the evaluations public not later than the seventh day after the date the contract is awarded.				
	Gov't Code 2269.056				
Submission	A person who submits a bid, proposal, or qualification to a govern- mental entity shall seal it before delivery. <i>Gov't Code 2269.059</i>				
Documents Related to Evaluation and Ranking	An offeror who submits a bid, proposal, or response to a request for qualifications for a construction contract under Government Code Chapter 2269 may, after the contract is awarded, make a re- quest in writing to the district to provide documents related to the evaluation of the offeror's submission.				

	distr eval	later than the 30th day after the date a request is made, the ict shall deliver to the offeror the documents relating to the uation of the submission including, if applicable, its ranking of submission.
	Gov	't Code 2269.060
Uniform General Conditions for Contracts	Texa scho	r reviewing the uniform general conditions adopted by the as Facilities Commission under Government Code 2166.302, a bol district may adopt uniform general conditions to be incorpo- d in all district building construction contracts. <i>Education Code</i> 135
Right to Work	tract	e engaged in procuring goods or services, awarding a con- , or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work ublic improvement under Government Code Chapter 2269, a ict:
	1.	May not consider whether a person is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and
	2.	Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to an organization.
	Gov	't Code 2269.054
Collective Bargaining		strict awarding a public work contract funded with state money, iding the issuance of debt guaranteed by the state, may not:
	1.	Prohibit, require, discourage, or encourage a person bidding on the public work contract, including a contractor or subcon- tractor, from entering into or adhering to an agreement with a collective bargaining organization relating to the project; or
	2.	Discriminate against a person described by item 1 based on the person's involvement in the agreement, including the per- son's status or lack of status as a party to the agreement or willingness or refusal to enter into the agreement.
	Gov	't Code 2269.0541(a)
Out-of-State Bidders	For	legal requirements regarding out-of-state bidders, see CH.
Change Orders	man crea men orde	change in plans or specifications is necessary after the perfor- ce of a contract is begun or if it is necessary to decrease or in- se the quantity of work to be performed or of materials, equip- t, or supplies to be furnished, the district may approve change ers making the changes. The district may grant general author- o an administrative official to approve the change orders.

	char for tl	total contract price may not be increased because of the nges unless additional money for increased costs is approved hat purpose from available money or is provided for by the au- ization of the issuance of time warrants.			
	A contract with an original contract price of \$1 million or more may not be increased by more than 25 percent. If a change order for a contract with an original contract price of less than \$1 million in- creases the contract amount to \$1 million or more, the total of the subsequent change orders may not increase the revised contract amount by more than 25 percent of the original contract price.				
	Education Code 44.0411				
Unsigned Change Orders		endor may elect not to proceed with additional work directed by strict under a public work contract if:			
	1.	The vendor has not received a written, fully executed change order for the district-directed additional work; and			
	2.	The aggregate actual or anticipated value of the additional work under the vendor's contract terms plus any previous dis- trict-directed additional work for which the vendor has not re- ceived a written, fully executed change order exceeds 10 per- cent of the vendor's original public work contract amount.			
	A subcontractor may elect not to proceed with additional work di- rected by a vendor under a subcontract if:				
	1.	The subcontractor has not received a written, fully executed change order for the district-directed additional work from the vendor; and			
	2.	The aggregate actual or anticipated value of the additional work under the subcontractor's subcontract terms plus any previous district-directed additional work for which the sub- contractor has not received a written, fully executed change order exceeds 10 percent of the subcontractor's subcontract amount.			
	tiona	endor or subcontractor who elects not to proceed with addi- al work is not responsible for damages associated with the tion not to proceed.			
	Gov	't Code 2251.0521			
Inspection, Verification, and Testing	desi struc and	pendently of the contractor, construction manager-at-risk, or gn-build firm, a district shall provide or contract for the con- ction materials engineering, testing, and inspection services the verification testing services necessary for acceptance of facility by the district. The district shall select the services for			

		t contracts in accordance with Government Code 2254.004.
	Note:	For additional requirements related to code compliance, including fees and contracts, see 19 Administrative Code 61.1040(e)(5).
Impact Fees	Goverr payme sion the board o	ct is not required to pay impact fees imposed under Local iment Code Chapter 395 unless the board consents to the nt of the fees by entering a contract with the political subdivi- at imposes the fees. The contract may contain terms the considers advisable to provide for the payment of the fees. <i>Gov't Code 395.022</i>
Design Professionals	design contrac coordir fession	ct shall designate one design professional to be the prime professional for a capital improvement project and shall stually engage the prime design professional to review and nate the design of the project, allowing the prime design pro- al to rely on and contract for other design professionals appropriate. 19 TAC 61.1040(a)(4), (e)(4)(D)
	gaged sign pr profess lection [See P	ct shall require any design professional contractually en- to procure professional design services from any other de- ofessional as a subconsultant to select and subcontract the sional design services based on the qualification-based se- process established in Government Code Chapter 2254. rocuring Architectural or Engineering Services, below] 19 1.1040(e)(5)(B)
Architects and Engineers	der Go	nitect or engineer required to be selected or designated un- vernment Code Chapter 2269 has full responsibility for com- with Occupations Code Chapter 1051 or 1001, as applica-
	employ gineer as prov	elected or designated architect or engineer is not a full-time ree of the district, the district shall select the architect or en- on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications rided by Government Code 2254.004 [see Procuring Profes- Services, below].
	Gov't C	Code 2269.057
Registered Architect		nitectural plan or specification for any of the following may bared only by an architect:
		new building having construction costs exceeding \$100,000 at is to be:
	a.	Constructed and owned by a district; and
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 CV(LEGAL)-P	)23	9 of 20

- b. Used for education, assembly, or office occupancy; or
- An alteration or addition having construction costs exceeding \$50,000 that:
  - a. Is to be made to an existing building that:
    - (1) Is owned by a district; and
    - (2) Is or will be used for education, assembly, or office occupancy; and
  - b. Requires the removal, relocation, or addition of a wall or partition or the alteration or addition of an exit.

This provision does not prohibit an owner of a building from contracting with an architect or engineer as the prime design professional for a building construction, alteration, or addition project. Designation as the prime design professional does not expand the scope of practice of an architect or engineer beyond the scope of practice that the architect or engineer is authorized to practice under Occupations Code Chapter 1001 or 1051.

Occupations Code 1051.703; 22 TAC 1.212

RegisteredA district may not construct a public work involving engineering inEngineerwhich the public health, welfare, or safety is involved, unless:

- 1. The engineering plans, specifications, and estimates have been prepared by an engineer; and
- 2. The engineering construction is to be performed under the direct supervision of an engineer.

Occupations Code 1001.407

The following work is exempt from Occupations Code Chapter 1001 (Texas Engineering Practice Act):

- 1. A public work that involves electrical or mechanical engineering, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$8,000 or less; or
- 2. A public work that does not involve electrical or mechanical engineering, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$20,000 or less.

Occupations Code 1001.053

Certification for Purchases Through Purchasing Cooperatives	A district may not enter into a contract to purchase construction-re- lated goods or services through a purchasing cooperative under Government Code Chapter 791 in an amount greater than \$50,000 unless a person designated by the district certifies in writing that:				
	1.	The project for which the construction-related goods or ser- vices are being procured does not require the preparation of plans and specifications under Occupation Code Chapter 1001 or 1051; or			
	2.	The plans and specifications required under Occupation Code Chapters 1001 and 1051 have been prepared.			
	"Purchasing cooperative" means a group purchasing organization that governmental entities join as members and the managing en- tity of which receives fees from members or vendors.				
		<i>'t Code 791.011(j)</i> [See CH for more information on interlocal racts and purchasing cooperatives.]			
Procuring Architectural or Engineering Services	Education Code 44.031 does not apply to a contract for profes- sional services rendered, including the services of an architect. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code 44.031(f)</i> [See CH for information on the Professional Services Procurement Act generally.]				
	In procuring architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall:				
	1.	First select the most highly qualified provider on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications; and			
	2.	Then attempt to negotiate with that provider a contract at a fair and reasonable price.			
	If a satisfactory contract cannot be negotiated with the most highly qualified provider of architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall formally end negotiations with that provider, select the next most highly qualified provider, and attempt to negotiate a contract with that provider at a fair and reasonable price. The district shall continue this process to select and negoti- ate with providers until a contract is entered into.				
	Gov't Code 2254.004				
	tive	nterlocal contract between a district and a purchasing coopera- may not be used to purchase engineering or architectural ser- s. <i>Gov't Code</i> 791.011(h)			

Denton ISD 061901

Contracts for Engineering or Architectural Services Indemnification	A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a con- tract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or registered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must indemnify or hold harmless the district against liability for damage, other than liability for damage to the extent that the damage is caused by or results from an act of negligence, intentional tort, intellectual property infringement, or failure to pay a subcontractor or supplier committed by the indemn- itor or the indemnitor's agent, consultant under contract, or another entity over which the indemnitor exercises control.
Duty to Defend	Except as provided below, a covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for engineering or architectural ser- vices to which a district is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or regis- tered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must defend a party, including a third party, against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence of, fault of, or breach of contract by the district, the district's agent, the district's employee, or other entity, excluding the engineer or architect or that person's agent, employee, or subconsultant, over which the district exercises con- trol. A covenant or promise may provide for the reimbursement of a district's reasonable attorney's fees in proportion to the engineer's or architect's liability.
District as Additional Insured	A district may require in a contract for engineering or architectural services to which the district is a party that the engineer or archi- tect name the district as an additional insured under the engineer's or architect's general liability insurance policy and provide any de- fense provided by the policy.
Standard of Care	A contract for engineering or architectural services to which a dis- trict is a party must require a licensed engineer or registered archi- tect to perform services:
	<ol> <li>With the professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent engineers or architects practicing under the same or similar circumstances and professional license; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>As expeditiously as is prudent considering the ordinary pro- fessional skill and care of a competent engineer or architect.</li> </ol>
	In a contract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party, a provision establishing a different standard of care than a standard described above is void and unenforceable. If a contract contains a void and unenforceable provision, the standard of care described above applies.

	Nothing in these provisions prohibits a district in a contract for engi- neering or architectural services to which the district is a party from including and enforcing conditions that relate to the scope, fees, and schedule of a project in the contract.			
	Local Gov't Code 271.904			
Payment and Performance Bonds	A district that makes a public work contract with a prime contractor shall require the contractor, before beginning the work, to execute to the district:			
	<ol> <li>A performance bond if the contract is in excess of \$100,000; and</li> </ol>			
	2. A payment bond if the contract is in excess of \$25,000.			
	A bond required by this provision must be executed by a corporate surety in accordance with Insurance Code Article 7.19-1 (now Insurance Code 3503.001005). A bond for a public work contract with a district must be payable to and its form must be approved by the awarding board.			
	Gov't Code 2253.021(a), (d)-(e)			
	The performance bond is solely for the protection of the district awarding the public work contract, in the amount of the contract, and conditioned on the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract documents. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(b)</i>			
	The payment bond is solely for the protection and use of payment bond beneficiaries who have a direct contractual relationship with the prime contractor or a subcontractor to supply public work labor or material, and in the amount of the contract. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2253.021(c)			
Failure to Obtain Payment Bond	If a district fails to obtain from a prime contractor a payment bond as required above or fails to include in a lease the lease terms re- quired by Government Code 2252.909 [see CDB]:			
	<ol> <li>The district is subject to the same liability that a surety would have if the surety had issued a payment bond and if the dis- trict had obtained the bond; and</li> </ol>			
	2. A payment bond beneficiary is entitled to a lien on money due to the prime contractor in the same manner and to the same extent as if the public work contract were subject to Property Code Chapter 53, Subchapter J (Lien on Money Due Public Works Contractor).			
	Gov't Code 2253 027(a)			

Gov't Code 2253.027(a)

Bond for Insured Loss	A district shall ensure that an insurance company that is fulfilling its obligation under a contract of insurance by arranging for the replacement of a loss, rather than by making a cash payment directly to the district, furnishes or has furnished by a contractor:				
	1.	A performance bond as described above for the benefit of a district; and			
	2.	A payment bond, as described above for the benefit of the beneficiaries described above.			
	If the payment bond is not furnished, the district is subject to the same liability that a surety would have if the surety had issued the payment bond and the district had required the bond to be provided.				
	The bonds required to be furnished by the provisions above shall be furnished before the contractor begins work. It is an implied obli- gation under a contract of insurance for the insurance company to furnish these bonds.				
Exception to Bond Requirement	is co	These provisions do not apply to a district when a surety company is complying with an obligation under a bond that had been issued for the benefit of the district.			
	Gov't Code 2253.022				
Prevailing Wage on	"Worker" includes a laborer or mechanic. Gov't Code 2258.001(3)				
Public Works	A worker employed on a public work by or on behalf of a district shall be paid:				
	1.	Not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the work is performed; and			
	2.	Not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for legal holiday and overtime work.			
	The requirements above do not apply to maintenance work. A worker is employed on a public work for purposes of this provision if the worker is employed by a contractor or subcontractor in the execution of a contract for public work with a district.				
	Gov't Code 2258.021				
	For a contract for a public work awarded by a district, the board shall determine the general prevailing rate of per diem wages in the district for each craft or type of worker needed to execute the contract and the prevailing rate for legal holiday and overtime work by:				

	1.	Conducting a survey of the wages received by classes of workers employed on projects of a character similar to the contract work in the district in which the public work is to be performed; or		
	2.	Using the prevailing wage rate as determined by the U.S. Department of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. Section 276a et seq.), and its subsequent amendments.		
	The board shall determine the general prevailing rate of per diem wages as a sum certain, expressed in dollars and cents. A board shall specify in the call for bids for the contract and in the contract itself the wage rates determined under these provisions. The board's determination of the general prevailing rates of per diem wages is final.			
	Gov	't Code 2258.022(a), (c)-(e)		
	Government Code 2258.022(b) applies to a public work located in a county bordering the United Mexican States or in a county adja cent to a county bordering the United Mexican States. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2258.022(b)			
Enforcement	A board awarding a contract, and an agent or officer of the board, shall:			
	1.	Take cognizance of complaints of all violations of Government Code Chapter 2258 committed in the execution of the con- tract; and		
	2.	Withhold money forfeited or required to be withheld under Government Code Chapter 2258 from the payments to the contractor under the contract, except that the board may not withhold money from other than the final payment without a determination by the board that there is good cause to believe that the contractor has violated Government Code Chapter 2258.		
	On receipt of information, including a complaint by a worker, con- cerning an alleged violation of Government Code 2258.023 [see Penalty for Noncompliance, below] by a contractor or subcontrac- tor, a board shall make an initial determination as to whether goo cause exists to believe that the violation occurred. A board must make its determination before the 31st day after the date the boa receives the information. A board shall notify in writing the contra- tor or subcontractor and any affected worker of its initial determin- tion.			
	~			

Gov't Code 2258.051-.052(a)-(c)

Retainage and Reimbursement	A board shall retain any amount due under the contract pending a final determination of the violation. <i>Gov't Code 2258.052(d)</i>		
	Note:	Arbitration of unresolved issues is governed by ment Code 2258.053055.	Govern-
	Chapter the work rate paid worker v vided in or ordina	shall use any amounts retained under Governmer 2258 to pay the worker the difference between the er received in wages for labor on the public work I by the contractor or subcontractor and the amoun yould have received at the general prevailing rate the arbitrator's award. The board may adopt rules ances relating to the manner in which the reimburs fov't Code 2258.056(a)-(b)	e amount at the nt the as pro- , orders,
Penalty for Noncompliance	tractor o mined u ecution o this prov is made part of th ulated in this pena violate th mine the as requi collected	tractor who is awarded a contract by a district or a f the contractor shall pay not less than the rates dender these provisions to a worker employed by it is of the contract. A contractor or subcontractor who ision shall pay to the district on whose behalf the \$60 for each worker employed for each calendar the day that the worker is paid less than the wage r the contract. A board awarding a contract shall sp alty in the contract. A contractor or subcontractor of the section if a board awarding a contract does not prevailing wage rates and specify the rates in the red by these provisions. The board shall use any r d under this provision to offset the costs incurred in ion of Government Code Chapter 2258. <i>Gov't Con</i> 3	eter- n the ex- violates contract day or rates stip- pecify does not t deter- e contract money n the ad-
Criminal Offense	if the pe	er, agent, or representative of a district commits ar rson willfully violates or does not comply with a pronent Code 2258. <i>Gov't Code 2258.058(a)</i>	
Required Workers' Compensation Coverage	to be pro specifies quires co pensatio	t shall ensure a contract for construction services boured by a method in Government Code Chapter to the contractor's responsibilities for site safety and compliance with the requirement to provide workers in insurance in accordance with Labor Code 406.0 TAC 61.1040(e)(3)(D)	2269 d re- s' com-
	require t vides wo ployee o contract	t that enters into a building or construction contract he contractor to certify in writing that the contractor orkers' compensation insurance coverage for each of the contractor employed on the public project. Each or shall provide such a certificate relating to cover contractor's employees to the general contractor, v	or pro- i em- ach sub- age of
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2 UPDATE 122 CV(LEGAL)-P	2023		16 of 20

provide the subcontractor's certificate to the district. *Labor Code* 406.096(a)-(b)

A district that enters into a building or construction contract on a project shall:

- 1. Include in the bid specifications all the duties and responsibilities of contractors pertaining to required workers' compensation coverage, using the language required by 28 Administrative Code 110.110(c)(7).
- As part of the contract, using the language required by 28 Administrative Code 110.110(c)(7), require the contractor to perform the duties and responsibilities pertaining to required workers' compensation coverage as set out in 28 Administrative Code 110.110(d).
- 3. Obtain from the contractor a certificate of coverage for each person providing services on the project, prior to that person beginning work on the project.
- 4. Obtain from the contractor a new certificate of coverage showing extension of coverage:
  - a. Before the end of the current coverage period, if the contractor's current certificate shows that the coverage period ends during the duration of the project; and
  - b. No later than seven days after the expiration of the coverage for each other person providing services on the project whose current certificate shows that the coverage period ends during the duration of the project.
- 5. Retain certificates of coverage on file for the duration of the project and for three years thereafter.
- 6. Provide a copy of the certificate of coverage to the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation upon request and to any person entitled to a copy by law.
- 7. Use the language contained in 28 Administrative Code 110.110(c)(7) for bid specifications and contracts, without any additional words or changes, except those required to accommodate the specific document in which they are contained or to impose stricter standards of documentation.

28 TAC 110.110(c)

Exception This coverage requirement does not apply to sole proprietors, partners, and corporate officers who meet the requirements of Labor

	Code 406.097(c), and who are explicitly excluded from coverage in accordance with Labor Code 406.097(a). 28 TAC 110.110(i)
Definitions	"Persons providing services on the project" includes all persons or entities performing all or part of the services the contractor has un- dertaken to perform on the project, regardless of whether that per- son contracted directly with the contractor and regardless of whether that person has employees. This includes but is not limited to independent contractors, subcontractors, leasing companies, motor carriers, owner-operators, employees of any such entity, or employees of any entity furnishing persons to perform services on the project. "Services" includes but is not limited to providing, haul- ing, or delivering equipment or materials, or providing labor, trans- portation, or other service related to a project. "Services" does not include activities unrelated to the project, such as food/beverage vendors, office supply deliveries, and delivery of portable toilets. 28 TAC 110.110(a)(7)
	"Project" includes the provision of all services related to a building or construction contract for a district. 28 TAC 110.110(a)(8)
Criminal Offenses	For information on criminal offenses for violations of Education Code 44.031, see CH.
Enforcement Actions	Government Code Chapter 2269 may be enforced through an ac- tion for declaratory or injunctive relief filed not later than the 15th day after the date on which the contract is awarded. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269.452
Defects in Facilities	A district that brings an action for recovery of damages for the de- fective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of a dis- trict facility financed by bonds shall provide the commissioner with written notice of the action by registered or certified mail, return re- ceipt requested, not later than the 30th day after the date the ac- tion is filed. If the district fails to comply with this provision, the court or an arbitrator or other adjudicating authority shall dismiss the action without prejudice. The dismissal of an action under this provision extends the statute of limitations on the action for a pe- riod of 90 days.
	The notice must include a copy of the petition and an itemized list of the defects in the design, construction, renovation, or improve- ment for which the district is seeking damages under the action.
	In an action involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A (Instructional Facilities Allotment), the commissioner may join in the action on behalf of the state to pro- tect the state's share in the action.

A district that brings an action under these provisions shall use the net proceeds from the action for:

- 1. The repair of the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the facility on which the action is brought, including the repair of any ancillary damage to furniture and fixtures;
- 2. The replacement of the facility on which the action is brought;
- The reimbursement of the district for a repair or replacement; or
- 4. Any other purpose with written approval from the commissioner.

Education Code 46.008 applies to the repair. A district shall provide to the commissioner an itemized accounting of any repairs made.

The state's share resulting from an action brought under these provisions involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the school district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A is state property. The district shall send to the comptroller any portion of the state's share not used by the district to repair the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the instructional facility on which the action is brought or to replace the facility. Education Code 48.272 applies to the state's share.

Definitions "Net proceeds" means the difference between the amount recovered by or on behalf of a school district in an action, by settlement or otherwise, and the legal fees and litigation costs incurred by the district in prosecuting the action.

> "State's share" means an amount equal to the district's net proceeds from the recovery multiplied by a percentage determined by dividing the amount of state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A used to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued in connection with the instructional facility that is the subject of the action by the total amount of principal and interest paid on the bonds as of the date of the judgment or settlement.

#### Education Code 44.151

Attorney General If the attorney general believes that a district has violated or is vio-Enforcement If the attorney general believes that a district has violated or is violating Education Code 44.151(d), (e), or (f) (use of proceeds, accounting, and the state's share), the attorney general may, after providing at least two weeks' notice to the district, bring an action

	on behalf of the state to enjoin the district from violating those sec- tions.		
	In such an action, the attorney general may request and the court may order any other appropriate relief that is in the public interest, including payment of:		
	<ol> <li>A civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each violation;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The attorney general's reasonable costs for investigating and prosecuting the violation; or</li> </ol>		
	3. If applicable, the amount of the state's share.		
	Education Code 44.152(a)-(b)		
Attorney Fees	A governmental contract may not provide for the award of attor- ney's fees to a district in a dispute in which the district prevails un- less the contract provides for the award of attorney's fees to each other party to the contract if that party prevails in the dispute.		
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment.		
	Gov't Code 2252.904		
Construction Liability Claims	To assert a claim against a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional for damages arising from damage to or loss of real or personal property caused by an alleged construction defect in an improvement to real property that is a public building or public work in which the district has an interest, the district must comply with Government Code Chapter 2272, which may not be waived. A purported waiver of Chapter 2272 is void. <i>Gov't Code 2272.002(a)</i> , .0025		

Criminal History Reviews Definitions	"Criminal history clearinghouse" (clearinghouse) means the elec- tronic clearinghouse and subscription service established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) to provide criminal history record information (CHRI) to persons entitled to receive that infor- mation and to provide updates to such information. A person who is the subject of the CHRI requested must consent to the release of the information. <i>Gov't Code 411.0845(a), (h)</i>				
	"Criminal history record information" means information collected about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of identifi- able descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, information, and other formal criminal charges and their disposi- tions. <i>Gov't Code 411.082(2)</i>				
	"National criminal history record information" (NCHRI) means CHRI obtained from DPS under Government Code Chapter 411, Sub- chapter F, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) under Government Code 411.087. <i>Education Code 22.081(2)</i>				
	"Request for CHRI" is the processing and entry of a person's com- plete set of fingerprints in DPS's tenprint database and the com- parison of those prints to DPS's latent print database and if autho- rized the entry into FBI's tenprint and comparison to the FBI's latent print database. <i>37 TAC 27.172</i>				
Participation in the	The purpose of the clearinghouse is to:				
Criminal History Clearinghouse	1.	Provide authorized entities with the Texas and FBI fingerprint- based criminal history results.			
	2.	Provide authorized entities with subscription and notification service to disseminate updated criminal history information.			
		icts shall only submit a request for CHRI on a person who has orized the access of their information.			
	Districts may subscribe to a person in the clearinghouse, if the en- tity has the authority to view the record. Entities shall unsubscribe from a person when it no longer has authority to view a record.				
	Districts shall validate their subscriptions in accordance with DPS policies. "Validation" is a process whereby the subscriber reviews a subscription to determine whether they are still authorized to receive CHRI on that individual and updates the subscription accordingly. Validations are required on a yearly basis.				
	form	ricts shall maintain compliance with the FBI Criminal Justice In- ation Services Security Policy. Districts shall allow DPS and FBI to conduct audits of their clearinghouse accounts to pre-			

	vent any unauthorized access, use, or dissemination of the infor- mation.
	37 TAC 27.171, .172(8), .174
Districts of Innovation	A prohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (Criminal History Records) on an open-enrollment charter school applies to the same extent to a dis- trict of innovation or other charter entity.
	The failure of a district of innovation to provide information required under Education Code 22.0832 may result in termination of the dis- trict 's designation as a district of innovation. [See AF]
	Education Code 22.0815
Certified Educators	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall review the NCHRI of a person who is an applicant for or holder of a certificate and who is employed by or is an applicant for employment by a district. <i>Education Code 22.0831(c)</i>
Noncertified Employees <i>Applicability</i>	A person who is not an applicant for or holder of a certificate from SBEC and who was offered employment by a district on or after January 1, 2008, must submit to a NCHRI review before being employed. <i>Education Code 22.08339(a), (b)</i>
	[For noncertified employees of a district or shared services ar- rangement hired before January 1, 2008, see All Other Employees, below.]
Information to DPS and TEA	Before or immediately after employing or securing the services of a noncertified employee, a district shall send or ensure that the person sends to DPS information that DPS requires for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.
	A district shall provide the Texas Education Agency (TEA) with the name of a noncertified employee. TEA shall examine the CHRI of the person and notify the district if the person may not be hired or must be discharged under Education Code 22.085.
	Education Code 22.0833(c), (g)
Employment Pending Review	After the required information is submitted, the person may begin employment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of that person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a determination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ployment. <i>19 TAC 153.1109(d)(2)</i>
Clearinghouse	A district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a noncertified em- ployee through the clearinghouse and shall subscribe to the CHRI

	of that person. A district may require the person to pay any fees r lated to obtaining the CHRI. <i>Education Code 22.0833(e), (f)</i>			
Substitute Teachers	For purposes of the CHRI review requirements, a "substitute teacher" is a teacher who is on call or on a list of approved substi- tutes to replace a regular teacher and has no regular or guaran- teed hours. A substitute teacher may be certified or noncertified.			
Information to DPS and TEA	DPS	A district shall send or ensure that a substitute teacher sends to DPS information required for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.		
	secti	strict shall provide TEA with the name of a person to whom this on applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI and certification rds of the person and notify the district if the person:		
	1.	May not be hired or must be discharged as provided by Edu- cation Code 22.085; or		
	2.	May not be employed as a substitute teacher because the person's educator certification has been revoked or is suspended.		
Employment Pending Review	After the required information is submitted, the person may begin employment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of that person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a determination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ployment.			
Clearinghouse	A district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person to whom this section applies through the clearinghouse. A district may require the person to pay any fees related to obtaining the CHRI.			
	Educ	cation Code 22.0836; 19 TAC 153.1101(5), .1111(d)		
Student Teachers	A district shall obtain from DPS and may obtain from any or enforcement or criminal justice agency or a private consum porting agency, all CHRI that relates to a person participati internship consisting of student teaching to receive a teach tificate.			
	A pe	rson may not perform any student teaching until:		
	1.	The person provides to the district a driver's license or an- other form of identification containing the person's photograph issued by an entity of the United States government; and		
	2.	The district obtains CHRI, as described above.		

	A district may require a student teacher to pay any costs related to obtaining the CHRI.				
	Education Code 22.0835(a), (c), (d), (g)				
All Other Employees	A district shall obtain CHRI that relates to an employee who is not subject to an NCHRI review from:				
	1. DPS	;			
	2. A lav	w enforcement or criminal justice agency; or			
		vate consumer reporting agency [see Consumer Credit orts, below].			
	Education	n Code 22.083(a), (a-1)			
	Note:	For criminal history record provisions regarding volun- teers, see GKG. For provisions on employees of entities that contract with a district, see CJA.			
Confidentiality of CHRI	informatio	a district obtains from DPS, including any identification on that could reveal the identity of a person about whom equested and information that directly or indirectly indi- mplies involvement of a person in the criminal justice sys-			
	1. Is fo	r the exclusive use of the district; and			
	the e	be disclosed or used by the district only if, and only to extent, disclosure is authorized or directed by a statute, or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.			
	For purposes of these confidentiality provisions, "criminal history record" information does not refer to any specific document provided by DPS, but to the information contained, wholly or partly, in a document's original form or any subsequent form or use.				
	A district or an individual may not confirm the existence or nonexistence of CHRI to any person who is not eligible to receive the information.				
	NCHRI obtained from the FBI may be released or disclosed only to a governmental entity or as authorized by federal law and regula- tions, federal executive orders, and federal policy.				
	Gov't Coo	le 411.084			
Unauthorized Disclosure of CHRI	A person or intentic	commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person knowingly nally:			

	1.	Obtains CHRI in an unauthorized manner, uses the informa- tion for an unauthorized purpose, or discloses the information to a person who is not entitled to the information; or			
	2.	Violates a DPS rule adopted under Government Code Chap- ter 411, Subchapter F.			
	A person commits a second degree felony if the person:				
	1.	Obtains, uses, or discloses CHRI for remuneration or for the promise of remuneration; or			
	2.	Employs another person to obtain, use, or disclose CHRI for remuneration or for the promise of remuneration.			
	Gov	't Code 411.085			
	A district may not release or disclose to any person CHRI obtained from the FBI. CHRI obtained by a district, in the original form or any subsequent form, may not be released to any person except the individual who is the subject of the information, TEA, or SBEC, or by court order. The CHRI is not subject to disclosure under Gov- ernment Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).				
	An employee of a district may request from the district a copy of any CHRI related to that employee that the district has obtained from DPS. The district may charge a fee to provide the information, not to exceed the actual cost of copying the CHRI.				
	A district is not prohibited from disclosing CHRI obtained from DPS in a criminal proceeding or in a hearing conducted by TEA or SBEC.				
	Gov't Code 411.097(d), (f), (g)				
	shal 411.	strict or an entity that contracts to provide services to a district, destroy CHRI that is obtained under Government Code 097 after the information is used for its authorized purpose. <i>'t Code 411.097(h)</i>			
Confidentiality of Information Obtained from Applicant or	A district may not release information collected about a person order to obtain CHRI, including the person's name, address, p number, social security number, driver's license number, other identification number, and fingerprint records, except:				
Employee	1.	To comply with Government Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records);			
	2.	By court order; or			
	3.	With the consent of the person who is the subject of the infor- mation.			
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/202	23	5 of 1			

	In addition, the information is not subject to disclosure under Gov- ernment Code Chapter 552.				
	The district shall destroy the information not later than the first an- niversary of the date the information is received.				
	Educa	atior	n Code 22.08391		
Refusal to Hire Convicted Applicants	A district shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applicant for employment if the district obtains information through a CHRI review that the employee or applicant has been:				
	;	supe	victed of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- er under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or		
	2.	Con	victed of:		
	i	a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or		
	I	b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.		
Exception			a district is not required to refuse to hire an applicant if n committed an offense under Title 5, Penal Code and:		
			date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and		
			applicant for employment satisfied all terms of the court or entered on conviction.		
Certification to Commissioner	Each school year, the superintendent shall certify to the commis- sioner that the district has complied with the above provisions.				
Sanctions	SBEC may impose a sanction on an educator who does not refuse to hire an applicant for employment if the educator knew that the applicant had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inap- propriate relationship with a minor in accordance with Education Code 21.009(e), or knew or should have known, through a CHRI review, that the applicant has been convicted of or placed on de- ferred adjudication community supervision for an offense described above.				
	inacc	urate with	ay impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely or ely certified to the commissioner that the district had com- Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Commis- bove]		

Termination for Failure to Disclose	A district may discharge an employee if the district obtains informa- tion of the employee's conviction of a felony or misdemeanor in- volving moral turpitude that the employee did not disclose to SBEC or to the district. An employee so discharged is considered to have been discharged for misconduct for the purposes of Labor Code 207.044 (unemployment compensation).			
	Education Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14) [See DF]			
Pre-employment Affidavit	An applicant for a certified or licensed position [see Professional Personnel at DBA(LEGAL)] with a school district, including a district of innovation, must submit, using a form adopted by TEA, a pre-employment affidavit disclosing whether the applicant has ever been charged with, adjudicated for, or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor.			
	An applicant who answers affirmatively concerning an inappropri- ate relationship with a minor must disclose in the affidavit all rele- vant facts pertaining to the charge, adjudication, or conviction, in- cluding, for a charge, whether the charge was determined to be true or false.			
	An applicant is not precluded from being employed based on a dis- closed charge if the district determines based on the information disclosed in the affidavit that the charge was false.			
	A determination that an employee failed to disclose required infor- mation is grounds for termination of employment.			
	SBEC may revoke the certificate of an administrator if the board determines it is reasonable to believe that the administrator employed an applicant for a position described by Education Code 21.003(a) or (b) despite being aware that the applicant had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor.			
	Education Code 21.009			
Do Not Hire Registry	TEA shall develop and maintain an internet portal through which required reports may be confidentially and securely filed and TEA makes available:			
	1. The registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed in public schools; and			
	2. Information indicating that a person is under investigation.			
	Education Code 22.095			
	TEA shall maintain and make available through its internet portal a registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed by a dis-			

trict, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other charter entity, regional education service center, or shared services arrangement.

A district, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other charter entity, regional education service center, or shared services arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person listed on the registry.

The registry must list:

- 1. An employee of an open enrollment charter school determined by TEA under Education Code 22.0832 as a person who would not be eligible for educator certification based on their NCHRI;
- A noncertified person determined by TEA to be not eligible for employment based on the person's CHRI, as provided by Education Code 22.0833 [see DBAA];
- A person who is not eligible for employment based on CHRI received by TEA under Education Code 21.058(b) indicating that a certified employee is required to register as a sex offender;
- 4. A person whose certification or permit is revoked by SBEC on a finding that the person engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 21.006(b)(2)(A) or (A-1) [see DHB]; and
- A noncertified person who is determined by the commissioner under Education Code 22.094 to have engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 22.093(c)(1)(A) or (B) [see DHC].

### Education Code 22.092

Commercial Driver License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates and maintains a national clearinghouse for records relating to alcohol and controlled substances testing of commercial motor vehicle operators in order to improve compliance with DOT's alcohol and controlled substances testing program applicable to commercial motor vehicle operators [see DHE] and to enhance the safety of roadways by reducing accidents and injuries involving the misuse of alcohol or use of controlled substances by operators of commercial motor vehicles. *49 U.S.C. 31306a* 

Pre-employment Query Required A district must not employ a driver subject to controlled substances and alcohol testing under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 to perform a safetysensitive function without first conducting a pre-employment query

	of the federal Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse to obtain informa- tion about the driver's previous test results.		
Annual Query Required	A district must conduct a query of the federal Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse at least once per year for information for all employ- ees subject to controlled substance and alcohol testing under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 to determine whether information exists about those employees.		
Prohibition	A district may not allow a driver the district employs or intends to hire or use to perform any safety-sensitive function if the results of a Clearinghouse query demonstrate that the driver has a prohibited test result.		
Recordkeeping Required	A district must retain for three years a record of each query and all information received in response to each query made under this section.		
	49 C.F.R. 382.701		
Consumer Credit Reports Definitions	"Adverse action" includes a denial of employment or any other de- cision for employment purposes that adversely affects any current or prospective employee.		
	"Consumer report" includes any information from a consumer re- porting agency that is used or expected to be used as a factor in establishing the person's eligibility for employment.		
	"Consumer reporting agency" is an agency that, for monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly assembles or evaluates consumer credit information or other information on con- sumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports to third par- ties.		
	"Employment purposes" when used in connection with a consumer report means a report used for the purpose of evaluating a person for employment, promotion, reassignment, or retention as an em- ployee.		
	15 U.S.C. 1681a		
Obtaining Reports	A district may not procure a consumer report for employment pur- poses unless:		
	<ol> <li>The district has provided the applicant or employee a written disclosure that a consumer report may be obtained for em- ployment purposes; and</li> </ol>		
	2. The applicant or employee has authorized in writing the pro- curement of the consumer report.		

Adverse Action	distr sum the F	Before taking any adverse action based on the consumer report, a district shall provide the applicant or employee a copy of the consumer report and a written description of the person's rights under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as prescribed by the Federal Trade Commission.		
	15 L	J.S.C. 1681b(b)(2)		
Disposal of Records	A district must properly dispose of a consumer report by taking rea- sonable measures to protect against unauthorized access to or use of the information.			
	"Dispose" includes discarding or abandoning the consumer report, or selling, donating, or transferring any medium, including com- puter equipment, upon which the consumer report is stored.			
	Examples of reasonable measures include:			
	1.	Burning, pulverizing, or shredding papers containing a con- sumer report so the information cannot practicably be read or reconstructed;		
	2.	Destroying or erasing electronic media containing a consumer report so that the information cannot practicably be read or reconstructed; or		
	3.	After due diligence, entering into and monitoring compliance with a contract with another party engaged in the business of record destruction to dispose of the consumer report.		
	16 (	CER 682 3		

16 C.F.R. 682.3

Definition	In this policy, the term "appoint" includes appointing, confirming the appointment of, and voting to appoint or confirm the appointment of a person.			
Nepotism Prohibited	Except as provided by this policy, a public official may not appoint a person to a position that is to be directly or indirectly compen- sated from public funds or fees of office if:			
	1.	The person is related to the public official by consanguinity (blood) within the third degree or by affinity (marriage) within the second degree [see Consanguinity and Affinity, below]; or		
	2.	The public official holds the appointment or confirmation au- thority as a member of a local board and the person is related to another member of the board by blood or marriage within a prohibited degree.		
	Gov	't Code 573.002, .041; Atty. Gen. Op. JC-184 (2000)		
Independent Contractor	emp	nepotism law governs the hiring of an individual, whether the ployee is hired as an individual or an independent contractor. Gen. Op. DM-76 (1992)		
Superintendent Counties with Population 35,000 or More	In a district located wholly in, or whose largest part is located in, a county with a population of 35,000 or more, if, under the employment policy [see DC], a board delegates to the superintendent the final authority to select district personnel:			
	1.	The superintendent is a public official for purposes of the nepotism prohibitions only with respect to a decision made under that delegation of authority; and		
	2.	Each member of the board remains subject to the nepotism prohibitions with respect to all district employees.		
	For purposes of this provision, a person hired by a district before September 1, 2007, is considered to have been in continuous em- ployment [see Continuous Employment, below] and is not prohib- ited from continuing employment with the district subject to the ab- stention requirements.			
	Edu	cation Code 11.1513(f)-(h)		
Counties with Population Less Than 35,000	cou has pers	district located wholly in, or whose largest part is located in, a nty with a population of less than 35,000, to the extent a board delegated final hiring authority to a superintendent to select sonnel [see DC], the superintendent is a "public official" for pur- es of the nepotism laws. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. GA-123 (2003)</i> [See FB]		

Compensation of Prohibited Employee	A public official may not approve an account or draw or authorize the drawing of a warrant or order to pay the compensation of an in- eligible person if the official knows the person is ineligible. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 573.083</i>			
Consanguinity	Two persons are related to each other by consanguinity (blood) if one is a descendant of the other or if they share a common ances- tor. An adopted child is considered to be a child of the adoptive parents for this purpose. <i>Gov't Code</i> 573.022			
	An individual's relatives within the third degree by consanguinity are the individual's:			
	1.	Parent or child (first degree);		
	2.	Brother, sister, grandparent, or grandchild (second degree); and		
	3.	Great-grandparent, great-grandchild, aunt or uncle (who is a sibling of a parent of the person), nephew or niece (who is a child of a brother or sister of the person) (third degree).		
	Gov	't Code 573.023(c)		
Half-Blood Relatives	bloo withi	e is no distinction under the nepotism statute between half- d and full-blood relations. Thus, half-blood relationships fall n the same degree as those of the full blood. <i>Atty. Gen. Op.</i> 20-30 (1990)		
Affinity	are r	persons are related to each other by affinity (marriage) if they married to each other or if the spouse of one of the persons is ed by consanguinity to the other person.		
	The ending of a marriage by divorce or the death of a spouse ends relationships by affinity created by that marriage unless a child of the marriage is living, in which case the marriage is considered to continue as long as a child of that marriage lives. This provision applies to a school board member or officer of a school district only until the youngest child of the marriage reaches the age of 21 years.			
	Gov't Code 573.024			
	affini the c amp gree	sband and wife are related to each other in the first degree by ity. For other relationships, the degree of affinity is the same as degree of the underlying relationship by consanguinity. For ex- le, if two persons are related to each other in the second de- by consanguinity, the spouse of one of the persons is related e other person in the second degree by affinity.		
	A pe	rson's relatives within the second degree by affinity are:		

	1.	The person's spouse;		
	2.	Anyone related by consanguinity to the person's spouse within the first or second degree; and		
	3.	The spouse of anyone related to the person by consanguinit within the first or second degree.	ty	
	Goı	't Code 573.025		
Effect of Board Member Resignation	fice Unt by a the deg XVI	bublic officers shall continue to perform the duties of their of- s until their successors shall be duly qualified, i.e., sworn in. if the vacancy created by a board member's resignation is fille a successor, the board member continues to serve and have duties and powers of office, and a relative within a prohibited ree of relationship is barred from employment. <i>Tex. Const., A.</i> , <i>Sec. 17; Atty. Gen. Ops. JM-636 (1987), DM-2 (1991), O-</i> <i>9 (1945)</i>		
Exceptions		nepotism prohibitions do not apply to the appointment of a pe		
Continuous Employment ("Grandfather Clause")	atel who	to a position if the person is employed in the position immedi- y before the election or appointment of the public official to om the person is related in a prohibited degree and that prior ployment is continuous for at least:	-	
	1.	Thirty days, if the public official is appointed; or		
	2.	Six months, if the public official is elected.		
	Gov	r't Code 573.062(a)		
Retirees	A teacher who has retired from a full-time, certified teacher position has broken his or her employment with a district and does not qual- ify for the continuous-employment exception to the nepotism laws. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JC-442 (2001)</i>			
	ity c fina	purposes of calculating the appropriate date for the applicabil of the continuous-employment exception, a superintendent wit authority to select personnel is an appointed public official. Gen. Op. GA-177 (2004)		
Abstention	pub gree poir stat app	n employee continues in a position under this exception, the lic official to whom the employee is related in a prohibited de- e may not participate in any deliberation or voting on the ap- ntment, reappointment, employment, reemployment, change in us, compensation, or dismissal of the employee, if the action lies only to the employee and is not taken regarding a bona fil as or category of employees. <i>Gov't Code 573.062(b)</i>	n	
	tion	hange in status" includes a reassignment within an organiza- , whether or not a change in salary level accompanies the rea ment. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JC-193 (2000)</i>		
	100	0	£ 4	

	For an action to be "taken with respect to a bona fide category of employees," the officeholder's action must be based on objective criteria, which do not allow for the preference or discretion of the officeholder. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. DM-46 (1991)</i>			
Substitute Teacher	The nepotism prohibitions do not apply to appointment or employ- ment of a substitute teacher. <i>Gov't Code</i> 573.061			
Bus Driver		nepotism prohibitions do not apply to an appointment or em- ment of a bus driver if:		
	1.	The district is located wholly in a county with a population of less than 35,000;		
	2.	The district is located in more than one county and the county in which the largest part of the district is located has a popula- tion of less than 35,000; or		
	3.	The board approves the appointment or employment.		
	Gov	't Code 573.061(4)		
Trading	A public official may not appoint a person to a position in which the person's services are under the public official's direction or control and that is to be compensated directly or indirectly from public funds or fees of office if:			
	1.	The person is related to another public official within the pro- hibited degree; and		
	2.	The appointment would be carried out in whole or in partial consideration for the other public official's appointing a person who is related to the first public official within a prohibited degree.		
	Gov	't Code 573.044		
Federal Funds	fund ply ir	rules against nepotism apply to employees paid with public s, regardless of the source of those funds. Thus, the rules ap- n the case of a teacher paid with funds from a federal grant. <i>Gen. L.A. No. 80 (1974)</i>		
Penalties		ndividual who violates the nepotism prohibitions shall be re- ed from his or her position. <i>Gov't Code</i> 573.081, .082		
	tism stent	ndividual who violates Government Code 573.041 [see Nepo- Prohibited], 573.062(b) [see Continuous Employment and Ab- tion], or 573.083 [see Compensation of Prohibited Employee] mits an offense involving official misconduct. <i>Gov't Code</i> 084		

Denton ISD 061901			
COMPENSATION PLAN INCENTIVES AND STIP		S DEAA (LEGAL)	
Incentive Grants — Contract Provision	A district shall provide in employment contracts that qualifying em- ployees may receive an incentive payment under an awards pro- gram established under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter O (Educator Excellence Award Program and Educator Excellence Innovation Program) if the district participates in the program. A district shall indicate that any incentive payment distributed is con- sidered a payment for performance and not an entitlement as part of an employee's salary. <i>Education Code 21.415</i>		
Educator Excellence Innovation Program	The Educator Excellence Innovation Program (EEIP) is a grant program under which a district may receive a competitive grant for the purposes of systematically transforming educator quality and effectiveness. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) will give priority to districts that receive Title I funding and have at a majority of dis- trict campuses a student enrollment that is at least 50 percent edu- cationally disadvantaged.		
Eligibility	A di	strict is eligible to apply for EEIP grant funds if the district:	
	1.	Completes and submits a Notice of Intent to Apply to TEA by the date established by the commissioner of education;	
	2.	Complies with all assurances in the Notice of Intent to Apply and grant application;	
	3.	Participates in the required technical assistance activities es- tablished by the commissioner, including establishing leader- ship teams, master teachers, mentor teachers, and instruc- tional coaches and developing career pathways;	
	4.	Agrees to participate for four years; and	
	5.	Complies with any other activities set forth in the program re- quirements.	
	by th lines The	eligible district must submit an application in a form prescribed ne commissioner. Each eligible applicant must meet all dead- s, requirements, and assurances specified in the application. commissioner may waive any eligibility requirements as speci- in 19 Administrative Code 102.1073.	
Local Plan	An eligible district that intends to participate in the EEIP shall sub- mit a local educator excellence innovation plan to TEA. A local ed- ucator excellence innovation plan must address the elements at 19 Administrative Code 102.1073(e)(2).		
	(LO	strict must act pursuant to its local board policy [see DEAA CAL)] for submitting a local educator excellence innovation and grant application to TEA. A local decision to approve and	

submit a plan and grant application may not be appeale	d to the
commissioner.	

A district may renew its local educator excellence innovation plan for three consecutive school years without resubmitting a full grant application to TEA. With TEA approval, a district may amend its local plan in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1073(c) and (h) for each school year the district receives a program grant.

- Use of Grant Funds A district may use grant funds only to carry out purposes of the program as described at Education Code 21.7011, in accordance with the district's local plan, which may include the following specific methods or procedures:
  - 1. Implementation and administration of a high-quality mentoring program for teachers in the first three years of classroom teaching using mentors who meet the qualifications prescribed by Education Code 21.458 [see Mentor Teachers, below];
  - 2. Implementation of a teacher evaluation system using multiple measures that include:
    - a. The results of classroom observation, which may include student comments;
    - b. The degree of student educational growth and learning; and
    - c. The results of teacher self-evaluation;
  - 3. To the extent permitted under Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter C, restructuring of the school day or school year to provide for embedded and collaborative learning communities for the purpose of professional development [see EC];
  - 4. Establishment of an alternative teacher compensation or retention system; and
  - 5. Implementation of incentives designed to reduce teacher turnover.
- Waiver Request A district may apply to the commissioner in writing for a waiver to exempt the district or one or more district campuses from one or more of the statutory sections listed at Education Code 21.7061(a).

The application for the waiver must demonstrate:

1. Why waiving the identified section of the Education Code is necessary to carry out the purposes of the program;

	2.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the mem- bers of the board;
	3.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the educa- tors employed at each campus for which the waiver is sought; and
	4.	Evidence that the voting occurred during the school year and in a manner that ensured that all educators entitled to vote had a reasonable opportunity to participate in the voting.
		ner the board nor the superintendent may compel a waiver of s under Education Code 21.7061.
	subr whe pires pose	later than April 1 of the year in which the waiver application is nitted, the commissioner shall notify the district in writing ther the application has been granted or denied. A waiver ex- s when the waiver is no longer necessary to carry out the pur- es of the program, in accordance with the district's local educa- xcellence innovation plan.
	Edu	cation Code Ch. 21, Subch. O; 19 TAC 102.1073
Local Optional Teacher Designation System	plary sults	strict may designate a classroom teacher as a master, exem- y, or recognized teacher for a five-year period based on the re- from single year or multiyear appraisals [see DNA]. <i>Education</i> e 21.3521(a)
Commissioner's Rules		commissioner's rules specify the requirements for districts to ement local teacher designation systems, including:
	1.	Teacher eligibility;
	2.	Application procedures and approval process;
	3.	System expansion, spending modifications, and changes;
	4.	Monitoring and annual program submission of approved local designation systems;
	5.	Continuing approval and renewal; and
	6.	Funding.
	19 T	AC 150.1012
Standards		commissioner's rules establish performance and validity stan- s for each local optional teacher designation system that:
	1.	Must provide a mathematical possibility that all teachers eligible for a designation may earn the designation; and

	adopt	not require a district to use an assessment instrument red under Education Code 39.023 to evaluate teacher rmance.		
	Education Code 21.3521(b); 19 TAC 150.1014			
	sued by the may be de	m teacher that holds a National Board Certification is- e National Board for Professional Teaching Standards signated as recognized in accordance with the commis- les for eligibility. <i>Education Code 21.3521(c); 19 TAC</i>		
Assistance	that reques designation	develop and provide technical assistance for districts st assistance in implementing a local optional teacher n system, including assistance in prioritizing high needs . Education Code 21.3521(e)		
No Property Right	signed und teacher de tion was is does not a	has no vested property right in a teacher designation as- ler a local optional teacher designation system. A signation is void in the determination that the designa- sued improperly, and the Administrative Procedure Act pply to the voiding of a local optional teacher designa- ation Code 21.3521(f)		
Teacher Incentive Allotment	tion, a dist	lassroom teacher with a local optional teacher designa- rict is entitled to an allotment, adjusted by high needs actors, as determined under Education Code 48.112.		
	A district s	hall annually certify that:		
	1. Funds	s received were used as follows:		
	t	At least 90 percent was used for the compensation of teachers employed at the campus at which the teacher for whom the district received the allotment is employed; and		
	l	Any other funds were used for costs associated with im- plementing the local optional teacher designation sys- tem, including efforts to support teachers in obtaining designations; and		
		listrict prioritized high needs campuses in the district in funds.		
	Education	Code 48.112(c), (i)		
Evaluations	the local of centive allo	periodically conduct evaluations of the effectiveness of otional teacher designation systems and the teacher in- otment and report the results of the evaluations to the . A district that has implemented a local optional teacher		

Denton ISD 061901					
COMPENSATION PLAN		S DEAA (LEGAL)			
	allo	ignation system or received funds under the teacher incentive tment shall participate in the evaluations. <i>Education Code</i> 3521(g)			
Mentor Teachers	who or g	A district may assign a mentor teacher to each classroom teacher who has less than two years of teaching experience in the subject or grade level to which the teacher is assigned. A teacher assigned as a mentor must:			
	1.	To the extent practicable, teach in the same school;			
	2.	To the extent practicable, teach the same subject or grade level, as applicable; and			
	3.	Meet the qualifications prescribed by commissioner's rules.			
	Edι	ication Code 21.458(a)			
Commissioner's Rules	The commissioner's rules for receiving funds under the mentor pro- gram allotment specify the requirements for districts to implement a mentor training program, including:				
	1.	Program requirements related to mentor selection, mentor as- signment, training, roles and responsibilities, and meetings;			
	2.	An application approval process;			
	3.	Ongoing verification of compliance with program require- ments;			
	4.	Allowable expenditures; and			
	5.	Program review through periodic reports.			
	19	TAC 153.1011			
Assignment of Mentor	To be assigned as a mentor, a teacher must agree to serve as a mentor teacher for at least one school year. The assignment must begin not later than the 30th day of employment of the classroom teacher to whom the mentor teacher is assigned. A district must agree to assign a mentor to a new classroom teacher for at least two school years.				
	A school district shall assign a mentor teacher to a classroom teacher who has been issued a temporary certificate to teach career and technology education under Education Code 21.0444 for at least two school years.				
	Edι	ucation Code 21.458(a-1), (a-2)			
Requirements for Mentor	The	e commissioner's rules must require that a mentor teacher:			

	1.	Complete a research-based mentor and induction training program approved by the commissioner;		
	2.	Complete a mentor training program provided by the district, which the district may allow to be satisfied by completing the commissioner's research-based mentor and induction training program above;		
	3.	Have at least three complete years of teaching experience with a superior record of assisting students, as a whole, in achieving improvement in student performance; and		
	4.	Demonstrate interpersonal skills, instructional effectiveness, and leadership skills.		
	Edu	cation Code 21.458(b)		
Training	men ees roon base distr men begi men scho	strict must provide the training program described above to not teachers and any appropriate district and campus employ- who work with the classroom teacher or supervise the class- in teacher. A district may allow the commissioner's research- ed mentor and induction training program to qualify for the rict's required training. The training must be completed by the other teacher and the district and campus employees before the inning of the school year. A district shall also provide supple- tal training to mentor teachers and employees during the pol year. The training must include content related to best men- hip practices. <i>Education Code 21.458(b-1)</i>		
Mentoring Sessions	sign vatio of th	entor teacher must meet with each classroom teacher as- ed to the mentor not less than 12 hours each semester. Obser- ons of the mentor by the classroom teacher being mentored or le classroom teacher being mentored by the mentor may count ard the 12 hours of meeting time required for the semester.		
	Unless the district has created a mentoring curriculum as provided below, the mentoring sessions must address the following topics:			
	1.	Orientation to the context, policies, and practices of the school district;		
	2.	Data-driven instructional practices;		
	3.	Specific instructional coaching cycles, including coaching re- garding conferences between parents and the classroom teacher;		
	4.	Professional development; and		
	5.	Professional expectations.		

	dres	ject to approval by TEA, in determining the topics to be ad- ssed in the mentoring sessions, a school district may create an ropriate curriculum that meets the district needs.
	A di	strict must:
	1.	Designate a specific time during the regularly contracted school day for meetings between mentor teachers and class-room teachers assigned to a mentor; and
	2.	Schedule release time or a reduced teaching load for mentor teachers and classroom teachers under this section to facili- tate mentoring activities, including classroom observations or participation in supportive coaching.
	Edu	cation Code 21.458(f), (f-1)
Allotment	tled stipe	chool district that has implemented a mentoring program is enti- to an allotment to fund the mentoring program and provide ends for mentor teachers under a formula adopted by the com- sioner.
	Fun	ding may be used only for providing:
	1.	Mentor teacher stipends;
	2.	Scheduled release time for mentor teachers and the class- room teachers to whom they are assigned for meeting and engaging in mentoring activities; and
	3.	Mentoring support through providers of mentor training.
	Edu	cation Code 48.114
Achievement Academy Stipends	mat whe sala	ipend received by a teacher who attends a literacy or mathe- ics achievement academy is not considered in determining other a district is paying the teacher the minimum monthly iry under Education Code 21.402. <i>Education Code 21.4552(d)</i> , 53( <i>d</i> )
	post Edu disti mor	ipend received by a school counselor or teacher who attends a tsecondary education and career counseling academy under cation Code 33.009 is not considered in determining whether a rict is paying the school counselor or teacher the minimum on the school counselor of the cation Code 21.402. Education Code $209(h)$
Autism Training	a te serv cide	strict may provide a salary incentive or similar compensation to acher who completes training provided by a regional education vice center (ESC) relating to autism. A school district that de- s to provide an incentive or compensation shall adopt a policy nplement this section. <i>Education Code 21.465</i>
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	7 of 8

Denton ISD 061901		
COMPENSATION F		DEAA (LEGAL)
Retirement Incentives	A district may not offer or provide a financial or other in an employee to encourage the employee to retire from Retirement System of Texas. <i>Education Code 22.007</i>	
Attendance Supplement	A district shall not deny an educator a salary bonus or pensation given in whole or in part on the basis of educ dance because of the educator's absence from school vance of a religious holy day observed by a religion wh of worship are exempt from property taxation under Ta	cator atten- for obser- ose places

11.20. Education Code 21.406

State LeaveA district shall provide employees with five days per year of stateState Personal Leavepersonal leave, with no limit on accumulation and no restrictions transfer among districts. A district may provide additional personal	
leave beyond this minimum.	on
A board may adopt a policy governing an employee's use of stat personal leave, except that the policy may not restrict the purpos for which the leave may be used.	
Education Code 22.003(a)	
State Sick Leave (Accumulated Prior to 1995) District employees retain any sick leave accumulated as state m mum sick leave under former Section 13.904(a) of the Education Code. Accumulated state sick leave shall be used only for the fo lowing:	
1. Illness of the employee.	
2. Illness of a member of the employee's immediate family.	
3. Family emergency.	
4. Death in the employee's immediate family.	
5. During military leave [see Use During Military Leave, below	].
Acts of the 74th Legislative Session, Senate Bill 1, Sec. 66	
Former Education Service Center EmployeesA district shall accept the sick leave accrued by an employee where was formerly employed by a regional education service center (ESC), not to exceed five days per year for each year of employ- ment. Education Code 8.007	
Order of Use A board's policy governing an employee's use of state personal leave may not restrict the order in which an employee may use state personal leave and any additional personal leave provided the school district.	by
An employee who retains any state sick leave is entitled to use t state sick leave, state personal leave, or local personal leave in	
any order to the extent that the leave the employee uses is appr priate to the purpose of the leave.	

Denton ISD 061901			
COMPENSATION AND LEAVES AND ABSENCI		DEC GAL)	
Use During Military Leave	An employee with available personal leave is entitled to use the leave for compensation during a term of active military service. "Personal leave" includes personal or sick leave available under former law or provided by local policy. <i>Education Code 22.003(d), (e)</i> [See DECB]		
Temporary Disability	Each full-time educator shall be given a leave of absence for tem- porary disability at any time the educator's condition interferes with the performance of regular duties. The contract or employment of the educator may not be terminated while the educator is on a leave of absence for temporary disability. For purposes of tempo- rary disability leave, pregnancy is considered a temporary disabil- ity.		
At Employee's Request	A request for a leave of absence for temporary disability must be made to a superintendent. The request must:	е	
	<ol> <li>Be accompanied by a physician's statement confirming ina ity to work;</li> </ol>	abil-	
	2. State the date requested by the educator for the leave to b gin; and	e-	
	3. State the probable date of return as certified by the physici	ian.	
By Board Authority	A board may adopt a policy providing for placing an educator on leave of absence for temporary disability if, in the board's judgment in consultation with a physician who has performed a thorough medical examination of the educator, the educator's condition inter- feres with the performance of regular duties. The educator shall have the right to present to the board testimony or other informa- tion relevant to the educator's fitness to continue in the perfor- mance of regular duties. [See DBB]		
Return to Active Duty <i>Notice</i>	The educator shall notify the superintendent of a desire to return active duty no later than the 30th day before the expected date return. The notice must be accompanied by a physician's state- ment indicating the educator's physical fitness for the resumptio of regular duties.	of	
Placement	An educator returning to active duty after a leave of absence for temporary disability is entitled to an assignment at the school where the educator formerly taught, subject to the availability of appropriate teaching position. In any event, the educator shall b placed on active duty no later than the beginning of the next sch year. A principal at another campus voluntarily may approve the appointment of an employee who wishes to return from leave of absence. However, if no other principal approves the assignment by the beginning of the next school year, a district must place the	<sup>r</sup> an be nool e f nt	

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITSDILEAVES AND ABSENCES(LEGA)		
	employee at the school at which the employee formerly taught or was assigned.	
Length of Absence	A superintendent shall grant the length of leave of absence for temporary disability as required by the individual educator. A board may establish a maximum length for a leave of absence for tempo- rary disability, but the maximum length may not be less than 180 calendar days.	
	Education Code 21.409; Atty. Gen. Op. DM-177 (1992); Atty. Gen. Op. H-352 (1974)	
Sick Leave Different from Temporary Disability Leave	An employee's entitlement to sick leave is unaffected by any con- current eligibility for a leave of absence for temporary disability. The two types of leave are different, and each must be granted by its own terms. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. H-352 (1974)</i>	
Assault Leave	In addition to all other days of leave, a district employee who is physically assaulted during the performance of regular duties is en- titled to the number of days of leave necessary to recuperate from physical injuries sustained as a result of the assault. The leave shall be paid as set forth below at Coordination with Workers' Compensation Benefits.	
	A district employee is physically assaulted if the person engaging in the conduct causing injury to the employee:	
	1. Could be prosecuted for assault; or	
	<ol> <li>Could not be prosecuted for assault only because the per- son's age or mental capacity makes the person a nonrespon- sible person for purposes of criminal liability.</li> </ol>	
Notice of Rights	Any informational handbook a district provides to employees in an electronic or paper form or makes available by posting on the district's website must include notification of an employee's rights regarding assault leave, in the relevant section of the handbook. Any form used by a district through which an employee may request personal leave must include assault leave as an option.	
Assignment to Assault Leave	At the request of an employee, a district must immediately assign the employee to assault leave. Days of assault leave may not be deducted from accrued personal leave. Assault leave may not ex- tend more than two years beyond the date of the assault. Following an investigation of the claim, a district may change the assault leave status and charge the leave against the employee's accrued personal leave or against the employee's pay if insufficient accrued personal leave is available.	

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS
LEAVES AND ABSENCES

Coordination with Workers' Compensation Benefits	employee from work from temp	anding any other law, assault leave benefits due to an shall be coordinated with temporary income benefits due ers' compensation so the employee's total compensation porary income benefits and assault leave benefits will percent of the employee's weekly rate of pay.
	Education	Code 22.003(b)-(c-1)
Religious Observances	be absent and practi conduct o less applic 2(a); <u>Anso</u> <u>Pinsker v.</u>	shall reasonably accommodate an employee's request to from duty in order to participate in religious observances ces, so long as it does not cause undue hardship on the f district business. Such absence shall be without pay un- cable paid leave is available. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(j), 2000e-</i> onia Bd. of Educ. v. Philbrook, 479 U.S. 60, (1986); Joint Dist. No. 28J of Adams and Arapahoe Counties, 388 (10th Cir. 1984)
Compliance with a Subpoena	ner an em poena to a	yer may not discharge, discipline, or penalize in any man- ployee because the employee complies with a valid sub- appear in a civil, criminal, legislative, or administrative g. <i>Labor Code 52.051(a)</i>
	Note:	A Texas federal court held that by omitting any reference to governmental entities from Labor Code 52.051, the state legislature intended to exclude governmental enti- ties from the definition of "employer" contained within that section. Therefore, the statute did not waive a county's governmental immunity from liability for claims of retaliatory discharge of an employee for complying with a subpoena. <u>Alcala v. Texas Webb County</u> , 620 F. Supp. 2d 795 (S.D. Tex. 2009)
Jury Duty	because of	yee's accumulated personal leave may not be reduced of the employee's service in compliance with a summons as a juror [see DG]. <i>Education Code 22.006(c)</i>
Attendance at Truancy Hearing	ployee be	nay not terminate the employment of a permanent em- cause the employee is required under Family Code to attend a truancy court hearing. <i>Family Code 65.063</i>
Developmental Leaves of Absence	search, tra a position	hay grant a developmental leave of absence for study, re- avel, or other suitable purpose to an employee working in requiring a permanent teaching certificate who has a district at least five consecutive school years.
	year at on	mental leave of absence may be granted for one school e-half salary or for one-half of a school year at full salary e employee in the same manner, on the same schedule,

	and v duty.		the same deductions as if the employee were on full-time
	ber o empl holdi	of the loyee ing m	byee on developmental leave shall continue to be a mem- e Teacher Retirement System of Texas and shall be an e of a district for purposes of participating in programs, memberships, and receiving benefits afforded by employ- district.
	Educ	catio	n Code 21.452
Leave for Sick Foster Child		-	oyer commits an unlawful employment practice under La- , Chapter 21 if:
	1.	ploy	employer administers a leave policy under which an em- ee is entitled to personal leave to care for or otherwise st the employee's sick child; and
		ploy	leave policy does not treat in the same manner as an em- ree's biological or adopted minor child any foster child of employee who:
		a.	Resides in the same household as the employee; and
		b.	Is under the conservatorship of the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services.
	Labo	or Co	de 21.0595
Leave for Peace Officers Quarantine Leave	icy fo to qu	or pe Iarar	shall develop and implement a paid quarantine leave pol- ace officers who are employed by the district and ordered atine or isolate due to a possible or known exposure to a cable disease while on duty.
	A pai	id qu	arantine leave policy must:
	1.	Prov	vide that a peace officer on paid quarantine leave receive:
		a.	All employment benefits and compensation, including leave accrual, pension benefits, and health benefit plan benefits for the duration of the leave; and
		b.	Reimbursement for reasonable costs related to the quar- antine, including lodging, medical, and transportation; and
	2.		uire that the leave be ordered by the person's supervisor ne district's health authority.
			may not reduce a peace officer's sick leave balance, va- ave balance, holiday leave balance, or other paid leave

		nce in connection with paid quarantine leave taken in accor- ce with the district's policy.			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 180.008			
Mental Health Leave	A district shall develop and adopt a policy allowing the use of men- tal health leave by peace officers and full-time telecommunicators authorized under Occupations Code 1701.405 employed by the district who experience a traumatic event in the scope of that em- ployment.				
	The	The mental health leave policy must:			
	1.	Provide clear and objective guidelines establishing the cir- cumstances under which a peace officer or telecommunicator is granted and may use mental health leave;			
	2.	Entitle a peace officer or telecommunicator to mental health leave without a deduction in salary or other compensation;			
	3.	Enumerate the number of mental health leave days available to a peace officer or telecommunicator; and			
	4.	Detail the level of anonymity for a peace officer or telecommu- nicator who takes mental health leave.			
	serv	ental health leave policy may provide a list of mental health vices available to peace officers and telecommunicators in the a of the district.			
	Gov	't Code 614.015			
Line of Duty Illness or Injury Leave	scril	ergency medical services personnel" means a person de- bed by Health and Safety Code 773.003, who is a paid em- ree of a district.			
	offic regu polic	ice officer" means a paid employee who is full-time, holds an er license issued under Occupations Code Chapter 1701, and ularly serves in a professional law enforcement capacity in the ce department of a district. The term includes the chief of the artment.			
	Local Gov't Code 177A.001				
	vice to th com	strict shall provide to a police officer or emergency medical ser- s personnel a leave of absence for an illness or injury related he person's line of duty. The leave is with full pay for a period mensurate with the nature of the line of duty illness or injury. If essary, the district shall continue the leave for at least one r.			

At the end of the leave of absence, the board may extend the leave of absence at full or reduced pay.

If the police officer or emergency medical services personnel is temporarily disabled by a line of duty injury or illness and the leave of absence and any extension granted by the board has expired, the person may use accumulated sick leave, vacation time, and other accrued benefits before the person is placed on temporary leave.

If the leave of absence and any extension granted by the board has expired, a police officer or emergency medical services personnel who requires additional leave shall be placed on temporary leave.

### Local Gov't Code 177A.003

If able, a police officer or emergency medical services personnel may return to light duty while recovering from a temporary disability. If medically necessary, the light duty assignment may continue for at least one year.

After recovery from a temporary disability, a police officer or emergency medical services personnel shall be reinstated at the same rank and with the same seniority the person had before going on temporary leave. Another police officer or emergency medical services personnel may voluntarily do the work of the injured person until the person returns to duty.

#### Local Gov't Code 177A.004

Absence Control Uniform enforcement of a reasonable absence-control rule is not retaliatory discharge. For example, a district that terminates an employee for violating a reasonable absence-control provision cannot be liable for retaliatory discharge as long as the rule is uniformly enforced. <u>Howell v. Standard Motor Prods., Inc.</u>, No. 4:99-CV-987-E, 2001 WL 196969 (N.D. Tex. Feb. 26, 2001) (Family and Medical Leave Act case); <u>Specialty Retailers v. DeMoranville</u>, 933 S.W.2d 490 (Tex. 1996) (age discrimination case); <u>Cont'l Coffee Prods.</u> <u>Co. v. Cazarez</u>, 937 S.W.2d 444 (Tex. 1996) (workers' compensation claim); <u>Gonzalez v. El Paso Nat. Gas Co.</u>, No. EP-81-CA-323, 1986 WL 4796 (W.D. Tex. Mar. 5, 1986) (sex discrimination case)

> [Some employees may have protected status even after the expiration of all other leave. See DAA.]

	Not	e:	For a detailed treatment of termination and nonrenewal of educator contracts, see policies DFAA and DFAB (Probationary Contracts), DFBA and DFBB (Term Con- tracts), and DFCA (Continuing Contracts).
Withholding Information	to w cha con	vithho rge o tracts	pt by any district employee to encourage or coerce a child Id information from the child's parent is grounds for dis- r suspension under Education Code 21.104 (probationary s), 21.156 (continuing contracts), and 21.211 (term con- ducation Code 26.008(b)
Registry of Persons Not Eligible for Employment	othe serv liste	er cha /ices ed on	, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, arter entity, regional education service center, or shared arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person TEA's registry of persons who are not eligible to be em- See DBAA] <i>Education Code 22.092</i>
Discharge of Convicted Employees	for e histe	emplo ory re	shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applicant byment if the district obtains information through a criminal ecord information (CHRI) review that the employee or ap- as been:
	1.	sup	nvicted of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- der under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or
	2.	Con	victed of:
		a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or
		b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.
Exception			, a district is not required to discharge an employee if the ommitted an offense under Title 5, Penal Code, and:
	1.		date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and
	2.		employee satisfied all terms of the court order entered on viction.
Certification to Commissioner			ool year, a superintendent shall certify to the commis- at the district has complied with the above provisions.
Sanctions			e Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may impose a on an educator who does not discharge an employee
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023		1 of 5

	regi catio ploy pria 21.0 thro or p	stry o on Co ree ha te rela 009(e) ugh a laced	employee was employed in a public school and on the f persons who are not eligible to be employed under Edu- de 22.092 [see DBAA], if the educator knew that the em- ad been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inappro- ationship with a minor in accordance with Education Code ), or when the person knew or should have known, a CHRI review, that the employee has been convicted of on deferred adjudication community supervision for an escribed above.		
	SBEC may impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely inaccurately certified to the commissioner that the district had plied with Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Comm sioner, above]				
Termination for Failure to Disclose	info miso disc con	rmatio deme lose t sidere	may discharge an employee if the district obtains on of the employee's conviction of a felony or of a anor involving moral turpitude that the employee did not to SBEC or the district. An employee so discharged is ed to have been discharged for misconduct for purposes Code 207.044 (unemployment compensation).		
			n Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14) [See DBAA al to Hire Convicted Applicants]		
Certain Offenses Against Students Mandatory Termination	a pe catio is re Proo Title time defe Pen	erson equire cedur e 5 if t e the c erred a al Co	et receives notice that SBEC has revoked the certificate of based on conviction of or placement on deferred adjudi- mmunity supervision for an offense for which the person d to register as a sex offender under Code of Criminal e, Chapter 62; a conviction of a felony under Penal Code he victim of the offense was under 18 years of age at the offense was committed; or conviction of or placement on adjudication community supervision for an offense under de 43.24 (Sale, Distribution, or Display of Harmful Mate- nor), the district shall:		
	1.	revo plica	ediately remove the person whose certificate has been ked from campus or from an administrative office, as ap- able, to prevent the person from having any contact with a ent; and		
	2.		e person is employed under a probationary, continuing, or a contract, with the approval of the board or its designee:		
		a.	Suspend the person without pay;		
		b.	Provide the person with written notice that the person's contract is void [see Notice to Employee, below]; and		

		C.	Terminate the employment of the person as soon as practicable.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.058(a), (c)	
Discretionary Termination	und victe the abo	If a district becomes aware that a person employed by the district under a probationary, continuing, or term contract has been con- victed of or received deferred adjudication for a felony offense, and the person is not subject to the mandatory termination provision above, the district may, with the approval of the board or its de- signee:		
	1.	Sus	pend the person without pay;	
	2.		vide the person with written notice that the person's con- t is void [see Notice to Employee, below]; and	
	3.	Terr ble.	minate the employment of the person as soon as practica-	
	Education Code 21.058(c-1)			
Notice to Employee	A person's probationary, continuing, or term contract is void if, with the approval of the board or its designee, the district provides written notice to the person, under the mandatory or discretionary termination provisions above, that the person's contract is void. <i>Education Code 21.058(c-2)</i>			
No Appeal	Action taken by a district under the mandatory or discretionary ter- minations provisions above is not subject to appeal under Educa- tion Code Chapter 21 and the notice and hearing requirements of Chapter 21 do not apply to the action. <i>Education Code 21.058(e)</i>			
Invalid or Expired Certification		emplo emplo	oyee's probationary, term, or continuing contract is void if oyee:	
	1.	Doe	s not hold a valid certificate or permit issued by SBEC;	
	2.	the cate	s to fulfill the requirements necessary to renew or extend employee's temporary, probationary, or emergency certifi- e or any other certificate or permit issued under Education le Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or	
	3.	Cha DBA	s to comply with any requirement under Education Code opter 22, Subchapter C [criminal history review, see AA], if the failure results in suspension or revocation of the oloyee's certificate.	
	Education Code 21.0031(a)			
	A certificate or permit is not considered to have expired if:			

	1. The employee has completed the requirements for renewal of the certificate or permit;	:
	2. The employee submitted the request for renewal before the expiration date; and	
	3. The date the certificate or permit would have expired is before the date SBEC takes action to approve the renewal of the cer- tificate or permit.	
	Education Code 21.0031(f)	
District's Options	If a district has knowledge that an employee's contract is void un- der Education Code 21.0031(a), the district may:	
	1. Terminate the employee;	
	2. Suspend the employee with or without pay; or	
	3. Retain the employee for the remainder of the school year on an at-will employment basis in a position that does not require a contract under Education Code 21.002, at the employee's existing rate of pay or at a reduced rate.	;
	The employee is not entitled to the minimum salary prescribed by Education Code 21.402.	
	Education Code 21.0031(b)	
Exception	A district may not terminate or suspend an employee under 21.0031(b) because of the employee's lack of a valid certificate or permit, or failure to renew or extend a certificate or permit, if:	
	<ol> <li>The employee requests an extension from SBEC to renew, extend, or otherwise validate the employee's certificate or permit; and</li> </ol>	
	2. Not later than the 10th day after the date the contract is void, the employee takes necessary measures to renew, extend, or otherwise validate the employee's certificate or permit, as determined by SBEC.	
	Education Code 21.0031(b-1)	
No Appeal or Chapter 21 Hearing	A school district's decision under Education Code 21.0031(b) is not subject to appeal under Education Code Chapter 21, and the no- tice and hearing requirements of that chapter do not apply to the decision. <i>Education Code 21.0031</i>	t
Applicability	These void contract provisions do not affect the rights and reme- dies of a party in an at-will employment relationship and do not ap- ply to a certified teacher assigned to teach a subject for which the	

	teacher is not certified. <i>Education Code</i> 21.0031; <u>Nunez v. Simms</u> , 341 F.3d 385 (5th Cir. 2003)
Report to SBEC	A superintendent shall report the educator's termination to SBEC if the conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DHB]
Report to Superintendent	A principal shall report the educator's termination to the superinten- dent if the conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DP]
Falsification of Military Record	A district may discharge an employee, regardless of whether the employee is employed under an employment contract, if the district determines, based on a reasonable factual basis, that the em- ployee, in obtaining the employee's employment or any benefit re- lating to the employee's employment, falsified or otherwise misrep- resented any information regarding the employee's military record in a manner that would constitute an offense under Penal Code 32.54.
	An employment contract entered into by a district with an employee discharged by the employer under Labor Code Chapter 105 is void and unenforceable as against public policy. [See DF series]

Labor Code Ch. 105

Employee Free Speech	District employees do not shed their constitutional rights to free- dom of speech or expression at the schoolhouse gate.			
	However, neither an employee nor anyone else has an absolute constitutional right to use all parts of a school building or its imme- diate environs for unlimited expressive purposes. When a public employee makes statements pursuant to his or her official duties, the employee is not speaking as a citizen for First Amendment pur- poses, and the Constitution does not insulate the communications from employer discipline.			
	<u>Garcetti v. Ceballos</u> , 547 U.S. 410 (2006); <u>Tinker v. Des Moines In-</u> <u>dep. Cmty. Sch. Dist.</u> , 393 U.S. 503 (1969) [See also GKD]			
Whistleblower Protection	A board or its agents shall not suspend or terminate the employ- ment of, or take other adverse personnel action against, an em- ployee who in good faith reports a violation of law by a district or another public employee to an appropriate law enforcement au- thority.			
	A "report" is made to an "appropriate law enforcement authority" if the authority is a part of a state or local governmental entity or the federal government that the employee in good faith believes is au- thorized to:			
	<ol> <li>Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report; or</li> </ol>			
	2. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law.			
	Gov't Code 554.002			
	A supervisor who suspends or terminates the employment of or takes an adverse personnel action against an employee for reporting a violation of law shall be subject to civil penalties. <i>Gov't Code 554.008</i>			
Definitions	"Employee" means an employee or appointed officer who is paid to perform services for a district. It does not include independent con- tractors. <i>Gov't Code 554.001(4)</i>			
	"Law" means a state or federal statute, an ordinance of a local gov- ernmental entity, or a rule adopted under a statute or ordinance. <i>Gov't Code 554.001(1)</i>			
	A "good faith" belief that a violation of the law occurred means that:			
	1. The employee believed that the conduct reported was a viola- tion of law; and			

	2.	The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the employee's training and experience.		
	<u>Wichita County v. Hart</u> , 917 S.W.2d 779 (Tex. 1996)			
	A "good faith" belief that a law enforcement authority is an app priate one means:			
	1.	The employee believed the governmental entity was autho- rized to:		
		a. Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report, or		
		b. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law; and		
	2.	The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the employee's training and experience.		
	<u>Tex.</u>	<u>Dep't of Transp. v. Needham</u> , 82 S.W.3d 314 (Tex. 2002)		
Whistleblower Complaints	may and	mployee who alleges a violation of whistleblower protection sue a district for injunctive relief, actual damages, court costs, attorney's fees, as well as other relief specified in Government e 554.003. <i>Gov't Code 554.003</i>		
Initiate Grievance	Before suing, an employee must initiate action under a district's grievance policy or other applicable policies concerning suspension or termination of employment or adverse personnel action.			
	later sion,	employee must invoke a district's grievance procedure not than the 90th day after the date on which the alleged suspen- termination, or other adverse employment action occurred or discovered by the employee through reasonable diligence.		
Legal Action		ooard does not render a final decision before the 61st day after vance procedures are initiated, the employee may elect to:		
	1.	Exhaust a district's grievance procedures, in which case the employee must sue not later than the 30th day after the date those procedures are exhausted to obtain relief under Gov- ernment Code Chapter 554; or		
	2.	Terminate district grievance procedures and sue within the timelines established by Government Code 554.005 and 554.006.		
	<i>Gov't Code 554.005, 554.006</i> [See DGBA regarding grievance p cedures]			

Burden of Proof	proo tion of la son	of unl occu aw, in nel ac	ployee brings a lawsuit, the employee has the burden of ess the suspension, termination, or adverse personnel ac- rred within 90 days after the employee reported a violation which case the suspension, termination, or adverse per- ction is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be because the e made the report.
Affirmative Defense	wou bas den	ild ha is of t ce tha	firmative defense to a whistleblower suit that the district ve taken the action against the employee that forms the he suit based solely on information, observation, or evi- at is not related to the fact that the employee made a re- ected under the whistleblower law.
	Gov	r't Co	de 554.004
Notice of Rights	blov wor	ver pr kplac	shall inform its employees of their rights regarding whistle- rotection by posting a sign in a prominent location in the e. The design and content of the sign shall be as pre- y the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code 554.009</i>
Right to Report a Crime	any may repo witn	peac / not a orting lesse	employee may report a crime witnessed at the school to be officer with authority to investigate the crime. A district adopt a policy requiring a school employee to refrain from a crime witnessed at the school or to report a crime d at the school only to certain persons or peace officers. In Code 37.148
Protection for Reporting Child Abuse	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, dis- criminate against, or take other adverse employment action against a professional employee who in good faith:		
	1.	Rep	orts child abuse or neglect to:
		a.	The person's supervisor,
		b.	An administrator of the facility where the person is employed,
		C.	A state regulatory agency, or
		d.	A law enforcement agency; or
	2.	a go	ates or cooperates with an investigation or proceeding by overnmental entity relating to an allegation of child abuse eglect.
	"Adverse employment action" means an action that affects an em- ployee's compensation, promotion, transfer, work assignment, or performance evaluation, or any other employment action that would dissuade a reasonable employee from making or supporting a report of abuse or neglect under Family Code 261.101.		

	A person may sue for injunctive relief, damages, or both if the per- son is suspended or terminated from the person's employment; is discriminated against; or suffers any other adverse employment action.		
	A district employee who has a cause of action under the provisions at Whistleblower Protection, above, may not bring an action under Protection for Reporting Child Abuse.		
	Family Code 261.110(a)-(c), (l)		
Protection from Disciplinary Proceedings	For purposes of the following provisions, "disciplinary proceeding" means discharge or suspension of a professional employee, or termination or nonrenewal of a professional employee's term contract. [See DGC regarding immunity] <i>Education Code 22.0512(b)</i>		
Reporting Child Abuse or Maltreatment	A district employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- ing resulting from an action taken in compliance with Education Code 38.0041 [prevention of child abuse and other maltreatment, see FFG]. <i>Education Code 38.0041(g)</i>		
Use of Physical Force	A professional employee may not be subject to disciplinary pro- ceedings for the employee's use of physical force against a studen to the extent justified under Penal Code 9.62. This provision does not prohibit a district from enforcing a policy relating to corporal punishment or bringing a disciplinary proceeding against a profes- sional employee of the district who violates the district policy relat- ing to corporal punishment. <i>Education Code 22.0512(a); Tex. Atty.</i> <i>Gen. Op. GA-0202 (2004)</i>		
	Penal Code 9.62 provides that the use of force, other than deadly force, against a person is justified:		
	1. If the actor is entrusted with the care, supervision, or adminis- tration of the person for a special purpose; and		
	<ol> <li>When and to the degree the actor reasonably believes the force is necessary to further the special purpose or to main- tain discipline in a group.</li> </ol>		
	Penal Code 9.62		
Failure to Follow Scope, Sequence, and Instructional Materials	A district may not penalize a teacher who does not follow the pac- ing of recommended or designated instructional materials or the pacing of the recommended or designated scope and sequence for a subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level based on the teacher's deter- mination that the teacher's students need more or less time in a specific area to demonstrate proficiency in the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see EHAA].		

	A district may take appropriate action with respect to a teacher for conduct described above based on documented evidence of a defi- ciency in classroom instruction obtained through observation or substantiated and documented third-party information.
	Education Code 28.0027(b), (c)
	A classroom teacher employed by a district may not be subject to disciplinary proceedings for an allegation that the teacher violated Education Code 28.0022, the Establishment Clause of the First Amendment of the United States Constitution, or a related state or federal law if:
	<ol> <li>The teacher used only instructional material included on the list of approved instructional material maintained by the State Board of Education under Education Code 31.022 and adopted by the district; and</li> </ol>
	2. The allegation does not dispute that the teacher delivered in- struction from the instructional material with fidelity.
	This immunity is in addition to, and may not be construed to inter- fere with, any other immunity provided by law.
	Education Code 22.05125
Instructional Materials and Technological Equipment	A board may not require an employee who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equipment that is dam- aged, stolen, misplaced, or not returned. An employee may not waive this provision by contract or any other means.
Exception	A district may enter into a written agreement with an employee whereby the employee assumes financial responsibility for elec- tronic instructional material or technological equipment usage off school property or outside of a school-sponsored event in consid- eration for the ability of the employee to use the electronic instruc- tional material or technological equipment for personal business.
	The written agreement shall be separate from the employee's con- tract of employment, if applicable, and shall clearly inform the em- ployee of the amount of the financial responsibility and advise the employee to consider obtaining appropriate insurance. An em- ployee may not be required to enter into such an agreement as a condition of employment.
	Education Code 31.104(e); 19 TAC 66.107(c)
Controversial Topics	For any course or subject, including an innovative course, for a grade level from kindergarten through grade 12, a teacher may not be compelled to discuss a widely debated and currently controver-

	sial issue of public policy or social affairs. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0022(a)				
	Note:	For instructional requirements and prohibitions, including requirements for student discussion, see EMB.			
Jury Duty	A district may not discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or coerce any permanent employee because the employee serves as a juror or grand juror, or for the employee's attendance or sched- uled attendance in connection with the service, in any court in the United States. An employee who is discharged, threatened with discharge, intimidated, or coerced is entitled to return to the same employment that the employee held when summoned for jury or grand jury service if the employee, as soon as practical after release from jury or grand jury service, gives the employer actual no-tice that the employee intends to return. <i>Civ. Prac. &amp; Rem. Code 122.001</i>				
	A district may not discharge, discipline, reduce the salary of, or oth- erwise penalize or discriminate against a school district employee because of the employee's compliance with a summons to appear as a juror. For each regularly scheduled workday on which a non- salaried employee serves in any phase of jury service, a school district shall pay the employee the employee's normal daily com- pensation [see DEC]. <i>Education Code 22.006(a), (b)</i>				
Breaks for Nursing Mothers	express	t shall provide a reasonable break time for an employee to breast milk for the employee's nursing child for one year child's birth each time the employee has need to express			
	shielded	t shall provide a place, other than a bathroom, that is from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the which may be used by an employee to express breast milk.			
	A district shall not be required to compensate an employee receiv- ing reasonable break time for any time spent during the workday for such purpose unless otherwise required by federal or state law or municipal ordinance.				
		ne provided shall be considered hours worked if the em- s not completely relieved from duty during the entirety of k.			
	these re	t that employs less than 50 employees is not subject to quirements, if the requirements would impose an undue by causing the district significant difficulty or expense			

	when considered in relation to the size, financial resources, nature, or structure of the district.			
	This requirement does not preempt a state law or municipal ordi- nance that provides greater protections to employees.			
	29 U.S.C. 218d			
Right to Express Breast Milk	A district employee is entitled to express breast milk at the employee's workplace. <i>Gov't Code 619.002</i>			
	The district shall develop a written policy on the expression of breast milk by employees under Government Code Chapter 619. The policy must state that the district shall support the practice of expressing breast milk and make reasonable accommodations for the needs of employees who express breast milk.			
	A district shall provide a reasonable amount of break time for an employee to express breast milk each time the employee has need to express the milk. The district shall provide a place, other than a multiple user bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from in- trusion from other employees and the public where the employee can express breast milk.			
	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- erwise discriminate against, an employee because the employee has asserted the employee's rights under Government Code Chap- ter 619. Government Code Chapter 619 does not create a private or state cause of action against a district.			
	Gov't Code Ch. 619			
Charitable Contributions	A board or a district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to:			
	<ol> <li>Make a contribution to a charitable organization or in re- sponse to a fund-raiser; or</li> </ol>			
	2. Attend a meeting called for the purpose of soliciting charitable contributions.			
	A board or district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to refrain from the same acts.			
	Education Code 22.011			
Protection of Nurses	A district may not suspend, terminate, or otherwise discipline or discriminate against a nurse who refuses to engage in an act or omission relating to patient care that:			

- Would constitute grounds for reporting the nurse to the Board of Nurse Examiners under Occupations Code Chapter 301, Subchapter I;
- 2. Constitutes a minor incident, as defined at Occupations Code 301.419; or
- 3. Would violate Occupations Code Chapter 301 or a rule of the Board of Nurse Examiners, if the nurse notifies the district at the time of the refusal that this is the reason for refusing to engage in the act or omission.

Occupations Code 301.352(a)

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES IMMUNITY

Immunity from Individual Liability	The statutory immunity detailed below is in addition to and does not preempt the common law doctrine of official and governmental immunity. <i>Education Code 22.051(b)</i>			
Professional Employees	A professional employee of a district is not personally liable for any act that is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the em- ployee's position of employment and that involves the exercise of judgment or discretion, except in circumstances where, in disciplin- ing a student, the employee uses excessive force or his or her neg- ligence results in bodily injury to the student.			
	"Professional employee of a district" includes a superintendent; principal; teacher, including a substitute teacher or a teacher em- ployed by a company that contracts with a district to provide the teacher's services to the district; a supervisor; social worker; school counselor; nurse; teacher's aide; a student in an education preparation program participating in a field experience or intern- ship; a DPS-certified school bus driver, and any other person whose employment requires certification and the exercise of dis- cretion.			
Motor Vehicle Exception	Education Code 22.0511 does not apply to the operation, use, or maintenance of any motor vehicle.			
	Education Code 22.0511(a)-(b), .051; <u>Hopkins v. Spring Indep.</u> <u>Sch. Dist.</u> , 736 S.W.2d 617 (Tex. 1987); <u>Barr v. Bernhard</u> , 562 S.W.2d 844 (Tex. 1978)			
Individuals	In addition to the immunity described above [at Professional Em- ployees], and under other provisions of state law, an individual is entitled to any immunity and any other protections afforded under the Paul D. Coverdell Teacher Protection Act of 2001 (Coverdell Act). [See Teachers, below] Nothing in Education Code 22.0511(c) shall be construed to limit or abridge any immunity or protection af- forded an individual under state law. <i>Education Code 22.0511(c)</i>			
No Waiver	A district may not, by policy, contract, or administrative directive:			
	1. Require an employee to waive the employee's immunity from liability under Education Code 22.0511; or			
	2. Require an employee who acts in good faith to pay for or re- place property belonging to a student or other person that the employee possessed because of an act incident to or within the scope of employment. [See DG(LEGAL) at Instructional Materials and Technological Equipment]			

Education Code 22.0511(d)

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES IMMUNITY

Teachers (Coverdell Act)	Except as provided in 20 U.S.C. Section 7946(b), no teacher in a school shall be liable for harm caused by an act or omission of the teacher on behalf of the school if:			
	1.	The teacher was acting within the scope of the teacher's e ployment or responsibilities to a school or governmental er tity;		
	2.	fede in fui penc	actions of the teacher were carried out in conformity with ral, state, and local laws (including rules and regulations) rtherance of efforts to control, discipline, expel, or sus- a student or maintain order or control in the classroom chool;	
	3.	If appropriate or required, the teacher was properly licensed certified, or authorized by the appropriate authorities for the activities or practice involved in the state in which the harm occurred, where the activities were or practice was under- taken within the scope of the teacher's responsibilities;		
	4.	The harm was not caused by willful or criminal misconduct, gross negligence, reckless misconduct, or a conscious, fla- grant indifference to the rights or safety of the individual harmed by the teacher; and		
	5.	vehi	harm was not caused by the teacher's operating a motor cle, vessel, aircraft, or other vehicle for which the state re- es the operator or the owner of the vehicle, craft, or vessel	
		a.	Possess an operator's license; or	
		b.	Maintain insurance.	
	"Teacher" means:			
	1.	A tea	acher, instructor, principal, or administrator;	
	2.	Anot	her educational professional who works in a school;	
	3.		ndividual member of a school board (as distinct from the d); or	
	4.	•	ofessional or nonprofessional employee who works in a ol, and:	
		a.	In the employee's job, maintains discipline or ensures safety; or	

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES IMMUNITY

		<ul> <li>In an emergency, is called on to maintain discipline or ensure safety.</li> </ul>		
	20 U.	S.C. Sections 7943, 7946(a)		
Report of Drug Offenses	A teacher, administrator, or other district employee is not liable in civil damages for reporting to a school administrator or governmen- tal authority, in the exercise of professional judgment within the scope of the teacher's, administrator's, or employee's duties, a stu- dent whom the teacher suspects of using, passing, or selling, on school property any of the following substances:			
		Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined by the Texas Controlled Substances Act.		
		A dangerous drug, as defined by the Texas Dangerous Drug Act.		
		An abusable glue or aerosol paint, as defined by Health and Safety Code Chapter 485, or a volatile chemical, if the sub- stance is used or sold for the purpose of inhaling its fumes or vapors.		
		An alcoholic beverage, as defined by Section 1.04, Alcoholic Beverage Code.		
	Educ	Education Code 37.016		
Report to Local Law Enforcement	A principal or person designated by the principal is not liable in civil damages for making a good faith report to law enforcement, as required by law, of an activity specified at Education Code 37.015. <i>Education Code 37.015</i> [See GRAA]			
Child Abuse and Maltreatment	The requirements of Education Code 38.0041 [regarding preven- tion of abuse and other maltreatment of children, see FFG] are considered to involve an employee's judgment and discretion and are not considered ministerial acts for purposes of immunity from li- ability under Education Code 22.0511 [see Immunity from Individ- ual Liability, above]. <i>Education Code 38.0041</i> [See DG regarding protection from disciplinary proceedings]			
Attendance Committee Membership	A member of an attendance committee is not personally liable for any act or omission arising out of duties as a member of an atten- dance committee. <i>Education Code 25.092(c)</i>			
Administration of Medication	ability medi	trict, a board, and its employees shall be immune from civil li- y for damages or injuries resulting from the administration of cation to a student in accordance with Education Code 52. Education Code 22.052(a), (b) [See FFAC]		

Denton ISD 061901		
EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES D IMMUNITY (LEG		
Immunity for Mental Health First Aid	A person who has completed a mental health first aid training gram offered by a local mental health authority or local beh health authority and who in good faith attempts to assist an ual experiencing a mental health crisis is not liable in civil d for an act performed in attempting to assist the individual un the act is willfully or wantonly negligent. <i>Health and Safety</i> <i>1001.206.</i>	avioral individ- amages nless
Immunity for Shelter Workers	An officer or employee of a district is not civilly liable for an formed in the discharge of duty if the person is performing a ity related to sheltering or housing individuals in connection the evacuation of an area stricken or threatened by disaste <i>Code 418.006, 437.222</i>	an activ- with
Liability for Causing Exposure to Pandemic Disease	A person is not liable for injury or death caused by exposing dividual to a pandemic disease during a pandemic emerger cept as provided by Civil Practice and Remedies Code Cha 148. <i>Civ. Prac. &amp; Rem. Code 148.003(a)</i>	ncy ex-

## EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

Educator Ethics	Educators shall comply with standard practices and ethical conductors toward students, professional colleagues, school officials, parents and members of the community and shall safeguard academic freedom.		
	the a of et forci	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall provide for adoption, amendment, and enforcement of an educator's code hics [see DH(EXHIBIT)]. SBEC is solely responsible for en- ng the ethics code for purposes related to certification disci- ary proceedings.	
	Edu	cation Code 21.041(b)(8); 19 TAC 247.1(b), (c)	
Public Servants	Title minis hono	istrict employees are "public servants" and therefore subject to VIII of the Penal Code, regarding offenses against public ad- stration, including restrictions on the acceptance of illegal gifts, praria and expenses, and abuse of office. <i>Penal Code</i> $T(a)(41)$ , <i>Title VIII</i> [See DBD and BBFA]	
Electronic Communication Policy	"Electronic communication" means any communication facilitated by the use of any electronic device, including a telephone, cellular telephone, computer, computer network, personal data assistant, or pager. The term includes emails, text messages, instant mes- sages, and any communications made through a website, including a social media website or a social networking website.		
	A school district shall adopt a written policy concerning electronic communications between a school employee and a student en- rolled in the district.		
	The policy adopted under this section must:		
	1.	Include provisions designed to prevent improper electronic communications between a school employee and a student;	
	2.	Allow a school employee to elect to not disclose to students the employee's personal telephone number or email address; and	
	3.	Include provisions instructing a school employee about the proper method for notifying appropriate local administrators about an incident in which a student engages in improper communications with the school employee.	
	Education Code 38.027		
Public Information on Private Device		rrent or former board member or employee of a district who ntains public information on a privately owned device shall:	

# EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

	1.	Forward or transfer the public information to the district or a district server to be preserved as provided by Government Code 552.004(a); or			
	2.	Preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the privately owned device for the time de- scribed under 552.004(a).			
	Gov	t Code 552.004(b) [See GB]			
Loss of Retirement Annuity for Conviction of Certain Felonies	A person is not eligible to receive a service retirement annuity from the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) if the person is convicted of a qualifying felony and the victim is a student.				
	"Qualifying felony" means an offense that is punishable as a felony under the following sections of the Penal Code:				
	1.	Section 21.02 (continuous sexual abuse of young child or dis- abled individual);			
	2.	Section 21.12 (improper relationship between educator and student);			
	3.	Section 22.011 (sexual assault) or Section 22.021 (aggra- vated sexual assault); or			
	4.	Section 43.24 (sale, distribution, or display of harmful material to minor).			
	are	e term includes any federal offense that contains elements that substantially similar to the elements of a felony offense de- bed above.			
	for a ploy	Not later than the 30th day after the date of a person's conviction for a qualifying felony, the school at which the person was em- ployed shall provide written notice of the conviction to TRS. The notice must comply with rules adopted by TRS.			
	Gov	Gov't Code 824.009			
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	A district may not prohibit a school employee who holds a license to carry a handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Sub- chapter H, from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammunition in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicl in a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the district and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.				

## EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

	han	s does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a ndgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 125, Penal Code 46.03, or other law. [See GKA]		
	Edu	Education Code 37.0815		
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	prod	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off school property.		
Enforcement	A board shall ensure that district personnel enforce the policies on school property.			
	Edu	icatio	n Code 38.006(b) [See also FNCD and GKA]	
Drug and Alcohol Abuse Program	late	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i>		
Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act		A district that receives a direct federal grant must agree to provide a drug-free workplace by:		
	1.	mar a co and	lishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful nufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of ontrolled substance is prohibited in the district's workplace specifying the actions that will be taken against employ- for violations of the prohibition;	
	2.		ablishing a drug-free awareness program to inform em- vees about:	
		a.	The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;	
		b.	The district's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;	
		C.	Available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and	
		d.	The penalties that may be imposed on employees for drug abuse violations;	
	3.	the	aking it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in e performance of the grant be given a copy of the required atement;	
	4.		Notifying the employee in the required statement that as a condition of employment in the grant the employee will:	
		a.	Abide by the terms of the statement; and	
		b.	Notify the district of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than 5 days after the conviction;	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023		3 of 4	

# EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

	5.	Notifying the granting agency within 10 days after receiving notice from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of a conviction;
	6.	Imposing a sanction on, or requiring the satisfactory participa- tion in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program by, any employee who is convicted, as required by 41 U.S.C. section 8104; and
	7.	Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of the above requirements.
	41	U.S.C. 8103(a)(1)
Dietary Supplements		ept as provided at Education Code 38.011(b), a district em- /ee may not:
	1.	Knowingly sell, market, or distribute a dietary supplement that contains performance-enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's duties; or
	2.	Knowingly endorse or suggest the ingestion, intranasal appli- cation, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains per- formance-enhancing compounds by a primary or secondary student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's duties.
		employee who violates items 1 or 2, above, commits a Class C demeanor offense.
	Edι	ication Code 38.011
Low-THC Cannabis	res TH	istrict may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, olution, or other regulation that prohibits the possession of low- C cannabis, as authorized by Health and Safety Code Chapter <i>C. Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>

Denton ISD 061901	
EMPLOYEE WELFARE	DI (LEGAL)
Reporting Workplace Violence	A district shall post a notice to employees of the contact informa- tion for reporting instances of workplace violence or suspicious ac- tivity to the Department of Public Safety (DPS). The notice must be posted in a conspicuous place, in sufficient locations to be conve- nient to all employees, and in English and Spanish, as appropriate.
	The Texas Workforce Commission, in consultation with DPS, shall prescribe the form and content of the notice, which must contain the contact information for reporting instances of workplace vio- lence or suspicious activity to DPS and inform employees of the right to make a report to DPS anonymously.
	Labor Code 104A.002, .003
Hazard Communication Act	A district shall perform the following duties in compliance with the Hazard Communication Act:
Notice	A district shall post and maintain adequate notice, at locations where notices are normally posted, informing employees of their rights under the Hazard Communication Act. <i>Health and Safety</i> <i>Code 502.017(a)</i>
Education and Training	A district shall provide an education and training program for em- ployees who use or handle hazardous chemicals. "Employee" means a person who may be or may have been exposed to haz- ardous chemicals in the person's workplace under normal operat- ing conditions or foreseeable emergencies. Workers such as office workers or accountants who encounter hazardous chemicals only in nonroutine, isolated instances are not employees for purposes of these requirements. <i>Health and Safety Code 502.003(10), .009(a)</i>
	A district shall keep the written hazard communication program and a record of each training session given to employees, includ- ing the date, a roster of the employees who attended, the subjects covered in the training session, and the names of the instructors. Records shall be maintained for at least five years. <i>Health and</i> <i>Safety Code 502.009(g)</i>
Workplace Chemical List	A district shall compile and maintain a workplace chemical list that contains required information for each hazardous chemical normally present in the workplace or temporary workplace in excess of 55 gallons or 500 pounds, or as determined by the executive commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission for certain highly toxic or dangerous hazardous chemicals. The list must be readily available to employees and their representatives. All employees shall be made aware of the list before working with or in a work area containing hazardous chemicals. <i>Health and Safety Code 502.005(a), (c)</i>

Denton ISD 061901	
EMPLOYEE WELFARE	DI (LEGAL)
	The district shall update the list as necessary but at least by De- cember 31 of each year, and shall maintain the list for at least 30 years. Each workplace chemical list shall be dated and signed by the person responsible for compiling the information. <i>Health and</i> <i>Safety Code 502.005(b), (d)</i>
Safety Data Sheets	A district shall maintain a legible copy of a current manufacturer's safety data sheets (SDS) for each hazardous chemical. If the district does not have a current SDS for a hazardous chemical when the chemical is received, the district shall request an SDS in writing from the manufacturer or distributor in a timely manner or otherwise obtain a current SDS. Safety data sheets shall be readily available, on request, for review by employees or designated representatives at each workplace. <i>Health and Safety Code 502.006</i>
Protective Equipment	Employees shall be provided with appropriate personal protective equipment. <i>Health and Safety Code 502.017(b)</i>
Labeling	A label on an existing container of a hazardous chemical may not be removed or defaced unless it is illegible, inaccurate, or does not conform to the OSHA standard or other applicable labeling require- ment. Primary and secondary containers must be relabeled in ac- cordance with Health and Safety Code 502.007(a). An employee may not be required to work with a hazardous chemical from an unlabeled container except for a portable container intended for the immediate use of the employee who performs the transfer. <i>Health</i> <i>and Safety Code 502.007</i>
Pest Control Treatment Notice	The chief administrator or building manager shall notify persons who work in a district building of an indoor pest control treatment by:
	<ol> <li>Posting the sign made available by the certified applicator or technician in an area of common access that the persons are likely to check on a regular basis at least 48 hours before each planned treatment; and</li> </ol>
	2. Providing the pest control information sheet made available by the certified applicator or technician to a person working in the building on request.
	Occupations Code 1951.455; 4 TAC 7.146, .147 [See CLB]

	Note:	This policy addresses the prohibition against discrimina- tion, harassment, and retaliation with respect to compen- sation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment. For legally referenced material relating to the prohibition against discrimination in hiring and discharging employ- ees, see DAA(LEGAL). For provisions related to harassment of students, includ-
		ing the district's response to sexual harassment as de- fined by Title IX, see FFH.
Unlawful Employment Discrimination	against a	nlawful employment practice for a district to discriminate iny individual with respect to his compensation, terms, s, or privileges of employment, because of such individ-
	1. Rac	e, color, or national origin;
	2. Reli	gion;
	3. Sex	 '
	4. Age	;
	5. Disa	ability;
	6. Ger	netic information [see DAB]; or
	7. Pre	gnancy.
Federal Law		1981 of the Civil Rights Act of 1866 (Section 1981) — <i>U.S.C. 1981</i>
		of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VII) — race, color, reli- , and national origin. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.</i>
	-	rimination in Employment Act of 1967 (ADEA) — age, 29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.
		504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504) — disprograms receiving federal funds. 29 U.S.C. 794
		the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) — dis- 2 <i>U.S.C. 12101 et seq.</i>
		the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 – genetic information. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.</i>
	Pregnant 2000gg e	t Workers Fairness Act (PWFA) — pregnancy. <i>42 U.S.C.</i> et seq.

	Note:	Title VII, the ADA, GINA, and PWFA do not apply to employers unless the employer has 15 or more employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year. <i>42</i> U.S.C. 2000e(b); 42 U.S.C. 12111(5); 42 U.S.C. 2000ff(2)(B); 42 U.S.C. 2000gg(2)(B)
State Law	disabi	Commission on Human Rights Act (TCHRA) — race, color, ity, religion, sex, national origin, age, and genetic informa- abor Code 21.051, .402; 40 TAC 819.12(a)
		policy on employment of persons with disabilities. <i>Human</i> arces Code 121.003(f)
Prohibition on Retaliation	for em any ur in the inatory 2000e	ict may not discriminate against any employee or applicant ployment because the employee or applicant has opposed alawful, discriminatory employment practices or participated investigation of any complaint related to an unlawful, discrim- v employment practice. 29 U.S.C. 623(d) (ADEA); 42 U.S.C. -3(a) (Title VII); 42 U.S.C. 12203 (ADA); Labor Code 21.055; C 819.12(e)
Harassment-Free Workplace	of Title mainta sex, ra	sment on the basis of a protected characteristic is a violation e VII. A district has an affirmative duty, under Title VII, to ain a working environment free of harassment on the basis of ace, color, religion, and national origin. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e, et</i> <i>29 C.F.R. 1604.11(a), 1606.8(a)</i>
Sexual Harassment	verbal	come sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual ha- ent when:
		Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implic- ly a term or condition of an individual's employment;
	U	Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is sed as the basis for employment decisions affecting such in- ividual; or
	f	Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably inter- ering with an individual's work performance or creating an in- midating, hostile, or offensive working environment.
	of an i reque: lawful	e employment opportunities or benefits are granted because ndividual's submission to the employer's sexual advances or sts for sexual favors, the employer may be held liable for un- sex discrimination against other persons who were qualified denied that employment opportunity or benefit.
	29 C.I	F.R. 1604.11(a), (g); Labor Code 21.141
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	2 of 12

	hara ploy con take	employer commits an unlawful employment practice if sexual assment of an employee occurs and the employer or the em- ver's agents or supervisors know or should have known that the duct constituting sexual harassment was occurring; and fail to e immediate and appropriate corrective action. <i>Labor Code</i> 142; 40 TAC 819.12(k)
Same-Sex Harassment		ne-sex sexual harassment constitutes sexual harassment. cale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc., 523 U.S. 75 (1998)
Criminal Offense — Official Oppression	emp	ublic servant acting under color of the public servant's office or ployment commits an offense if the public servant intentionally jects another to sexual harassment.
	emp	ublic servant acts under color of the public servant's office or ployment if the person acts or purports to act in an official ca- ity or takes advantage of such actual or purported capacity.
	que sexi a pe	xual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, re- sts for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a ual nature, submission to which is made a term or condition of erson's exercise or enjoyment of any right, privilege, power, or nunity, either explicitly or implicitly.
	Pen	al Code 39.03(a)(3), (b), (c)
Unpaid Interns	rass sup ing	strict commits an unlawful employment practice if sexual ha- sment of an unpaid intern occurs and the district or its agents or ervisors know or should have known that the conduct constitut- sexual harassment was occurring, and fail to take immediate appropriate corrective action. <i>Labor Code 21.1065</i>
Prohibition on Use of Public Funds	sex or a	strict may not use public money to settle or otherwise pay a ual harassment claim made against a person who is an elected ppointed member of the board or an officer or employee of the rict. <i>Local Gov't Code 180.009</i>
National Origin Harassment		nic slurs and other verbal or physical conduct relating to an indi- al's national origin constitute harassment when this conduct:
	1.	Has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment;
	2.	Has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance; or
	3.	Otherwise adversely affects an individual's employment op- portunities.
	29 (	C.F.R. 1606.8(b)

Denton ISD 061901			
EMPLOYEE WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISCI	RIMIN	ATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	DIA (LEGAL)
Severe and Pervasive	sive	ssment violates Title VII if it is sufficiently severe and to alter the conditions of employment. <u>Pennsylvania S</u> 2. Suders, 542 U.S. 129 (2004)	•
	work not a word	VII does not prohibit all verbal and physical harassme place. For example, harassment between men and w utomatically unlawful sexual harassment merely beca s used have sexual content or connotations. <u>Oncale v</u> <u>her Offshore Services, Inc.</u> , 523 U.S. 75 (1998)	omen is ause the
Prevention	rassr expre inforr sue c	trict should take all steps necessary to prevent unlaw nent from occurring, such as affirmatively raising the essing strong disapproval, developing appropriate per ming employees of their right to raise and how to raise of harassment under Title VII, and developing method all concerned. 29 C.F.R. 1604.11(f)	subject, nalties, e the is-
Responsibility for Harassment by Third Parties	empl pervi unles	trict is responsible for acts of unlawful harassment by oyees and by nonemployees if the district, its agents, sory employees knew or should have known of the co so the district takes immediate and appropriate correc 29 C.F.R. 1604.11(d), (e), 1606.8(d), (e)	or its su- onduct,
		n no tangible employment action is taken, a district mobilowing affirmative defense:	ay raise
		That the district exercised reasonable care to preven promptly correct any harassing behavior; and	t and
		That the employee unreasonably failed to take advar any preventive or corrective opportunities provided by ployer or to avoid harm otherwise.	•
		ngton Indus., Inc. v. Ellerth, 524 U.S. 742 (1998); <u>Fara</u> of Boca Raton, 524 U.S. 775 (1998)	agher v.
Racial Discrimination	basis an er	prohibition against discrimination because of race or of a ce includes discrimination because of or on the mployee's hair texture or protective hairstyle common ally associated with race.	basis of
	adop agair	trict commits an unlawful employment practice if the or ts or enforces a dress or grooming policy that discrim the hair texture or protective hairstyle commonly or has associated with race.	inates
	"Prot	ective hairstyle" includes braids, locks, and twists.	
	Labo	r Code 21.1095	

EMPLOYEE WELFARE	
FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	

Religious Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of religion in- cludes all aspects of religious observances and practice, as well as religious belief, unless a district demonstrates that it is unable to reasonably accommodate an employee's or prospective em- ployee's religious observance or practice without undue hardship to the district's business. "Undue hardship" means more than a <i>de</i> <i>minimus</i> (minimal) cost. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(j); 29 C.F.R. 1605.2; La- bor Code 21.108</i>
Burden on Free Exercise	A district may not substantially burden an employee's free exercise of religion, unless the burden is in furtherance of a compelling gov- ernmental interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that interest. <i>Civ. Prac. &amp; Rem. Code 110.003</i>
Sex Discrimination Pregnancy	The prohibition against discrimination because of sex includes dis- crimination on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. A district shall treat women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions the same as other employ- ees for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of bene- fits under fringe benefit programs. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(k); 29 C.F.R.</i> <i>1604.10; Labor Code 21.106</i>
Gay and Transgender	The prohibition against discrimination because of sex includes dis- crimination on the basis of an individual being gay or transgender. <u>Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia</u> , 140 S. Ct. 1731 (2020)
Gender Stereotypes	A district may not evaluate employees by assuming or insisting that they match the stereotype associated with their group. <i>Price Wa-terhouse v. Hopkins, 490 U.S. 228 (1989)</i>
Age Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of age applies only to discrimination against an individual 40 years of age or older. <i>29 U.S.C. 631; Labor Code 21.101</i>
Bona Fide Employee Benefit Plan	A district may take an employment action on the basis of age pur- suant to a bona fide seniority system or a bona fide employee ben- efit plan. However, a bona fide employee benefit plan shall not ex- cuse the failure to hire any individual and no such benefit plan shall require or permit the involuntary retirement of any individual be- cause of age. 29 U.S.C. 623(f); Labor Code 21.102
Disability Discrimination	A district may not discriminate against a qualified individual on the basis of disability in job application procedures, hiring, advancement, or discharge of employees, compensation, job training, and other terms, conditions, and privileges of employment. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(a); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.051</i>
	In addition, each district that receives assistance under the Individ- uals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) must make positive ef- forts to employ, and advance in employment, qualified individuals
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 5 of 12

EMPLOYEE WELFARE	
FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	

DIA (LEGAL)

	with disabilities in programs assisted by the IDEA. 34 C.F.R. 300.177(b)		
Discrimination Based on Lack of Disability	The ADA and the TCHRA do not provide a basis for a claim that an individual was subject to discrimination because of the individual's lack of disability. <i>42 U.S.C. 12201(g); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.005(c)</i>		
Definition of	"Disability" means:		
Disability	<ol> <li>An actual disability: a physical or mental impairment [see defi- nition, below] that substantially limits one or more of an indi- vidual's major life activities;</li> </ol>		
	2. A record of having such an impairment; or		
	3. Being regarded as having such an impairment.		
	An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a dis- ability. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.		
"Regarded as" Having an Impairment	An individual meets the requirement of being "regarded as" having an impairment if the individual establishes that he or she has been subjected to an action prohibited by the ADA because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment whether or not the im- pairment limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity.		
Transitory and Minor	The "regarded as" prong of the definition does not apply to impair- ments that are transitory or minor. A transitory impairment is one with an actual or expected duration of six months or less. The "transitory" exception does not apply to the "actual disability" or "record of disability" prongs of the definition.		
Mitigating Measures	The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication, medical sup- plies, low-vision devices, prosthetics, hearing aids, mobility de- vices, oxygen therapy, assistive technology, or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.		
	The ameliorative effects of ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses shall be considered in determining whether an impairment substan- tially limits a major life activity. Ordinary eyeglasses and contact lenses are lenses that are intended to fully correct visual acuity or to eliminate refractive error.		
	42 U.S.C. 12102(1), (3), (4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(g), (j)(1); Labor Code 21.002, .0021		

Other Definitions	"Phy	vsical or mental impairment" means:		
Physical or Mental Impairment	1.	Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigure- ment, or anatomical loss affecting one or more body systems, such as neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, repro- ductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hemic, lymphatic, skin, and endocrine; or		
	2.	Any mental or psychological disorder, such as an intellectual disability (formerly termed "mental retardation"), organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities.		
	29 0	C.F.R. 1630.2(h)		
Major Life Activities	task reac cond	or life activities" include caring for oneself, performing manual s, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, hing, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, centrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, working.		
	func orga bow vaso duct	"Major life activities" also include the operation of major bodily functions, including functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin, normal cell growth, and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardio- vascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and repro- ductive functions. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within the body system.		
	42 L	J.S.C. 12102(2); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(i); Labor Code 21.002		
Qualified	"Qua	alified individual" means an individual who:		
Individual	1.	Satisfies the requisite skill, experience, education, and other job-related requirements of the employment position such in- dividual holds or desires; and		
	2.	With or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of such position. Consideration shall be given to a district's judgment as to what functions of a job are essential. A written job description prepared before advertising or interviewing applicants for the job is evidence of the job's essential functions.		
	42 L	J.S.C. 12111(8); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(m)		
Reasonable Accommodations	acco defir	strict is required, absent undue hardship, to make a reasonable ommodation to an otherwise qualified individual who meets the nition of disability under the "actual disability" or "record of dis- ty" prongs. A district is not required to provide a reasonable ac-		
	000	7 of 10		

	commodation to an individual who meets the definition of disability solely under the "regarded as" prong. 42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(5); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(o)(4), .9; 29 U.S.C. 794; 34 C.F.R. 104.11; Labor Code 21.128 [See DBB regarding medical examinations and inquiries under the Americans with Disabilities Act]
	"Reasonable accommodation" includes:
	<ol> <li>Making existing facilities used by employees readily accessi- ble to and usable by individuals with disabilities; and</li> </ol>
	2. Job restructuring, part-time or modified work schedules, reas- signment to a vacant position, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, appropriate adjustment or modification of examinations, training materials or policies, the provision of qualified readers or interpreters, and other similar accommo- dations for individuals with disabilities.
	42 U.S.C. 12111(9); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(0); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(b)
	"Undue hardship" means an action requiring significant difficulty or expense when considered in light of the nature and cost of the ac- commodation needed, overall financial resources of the affected facility and the district, and other factors set out in law. 42 U.S.C. 12111(10); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(p); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(c)
Discrimination Based on Relationship	A district shall not exclude or deny equal jobs or benefits to, or oth- erwise discriminate against, a qualified individual because of the known disability of an individual with whom the qualified individual is known to have a family, business, social, or other relationship or association. 42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.8; 34 C.F.R. 104.11
Illegal Drugs and Alcohol	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include any employee or applicant who is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs, when a district acts on the basis of such use.
Drug Testing	A district is not prohibited from conducting drug testing of employ- ees and applicants for the illegal use of drugs or making employ- ment decisions based on the results of such tests.
	42 U.S.C. 12114(c), (d); Labor Code 21.002(6)(A) [See DHE]
Alcohol Use	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include an individual who is an alcoholic and whose current use of alcohol prevents the employee from performing the duties of his or her job or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others. <i>42 U.S.C. 12114(a); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(C); 29 C.F.R. 1630.3(a); 28 C.F.R. 35.104; Labor Code 21.002(6)(A)</i>

Qualification Standards	It is unlawful for a district to use qualification standards, employment tests, or other selection criteria that screen out or tend to screen out an individual with a disability or a class of individuals with disabilities, on the basis of disability, unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job related for the position in question and is consistent with business necessity. 29 C.F.R. 1630.10(a)				
Direct Threat to Health or Safety	As a qualification standard, a district may require that an individual not pose a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace. "Direct threat" means a significant risk to the health or safety of the individual or others that cannot be eliminated by reasonable accommodation. <i>42 U.S.C. 12111(3); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(r); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)</i>				
Vision Standards and Tests	A district shall not use qualification standards, employment tests, or other selection criteria based on an individual's uncorrected vi- sion unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job-related for the position in ques- tion and consistent with business necessity. <i>42 U.S.C. 12113(c);</i> <i>29 C.F.R. 1630.10(b); Labor Code 21.115(b)</i>				
Communicable Diseases	A district may refuse to assign or continue to assign an individual to a job involving food handling if the individual has an infectious of communicable disease that is transmitted to others through handling of food. <i>42 U.S.C. 12113(e); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(D); 29 C.F.R. 1630.16(e); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)</i>				
Service Animals	A district that is subject to the jurisdiction of Title I of the ADA (em- ployment discrimination) or to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (employment discrimination) shall comply with the reasonable ac- commodation requirements of those laws with respect to service animals. [See Reasonable Accommodations, above]				
	A district that is not subject to either Title I or Section 504 shall comply with Title II of the ADA (discrimination by public entity). An employer that is subject to Title II shall comply with 28 C.F.R. Part 35, including the requirements relating to service animals at 28 C.F.R. 35.136 [see FBA].				
	28 C.F.R. 35.140				
Pregnant Workers Fairness	It is an unlawful employment practice for a district to:				
1 01111699	1. Not make reasonable accommodations to the known limita- tions related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of a qualified employee, unless the district can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operation of the business of the district;				

	2.	Require a qualified employee affected by pregnancy, child- birth, or related medical conditions to accept an accommoda- tion other than any reasonable accommodation arrived at through the interactive process in the Americans with Disabili- ties Act (ADA);				
	3.	Deny employment opportunities to a qualified employee if the denial is based on the need of the district to make reasonable accommodations to the known limitations related to the preg- nancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of the qualified employee;				
	4.	Require a qualified employee to take leave, whether paid or unpaid, if another reasonable accommodation can be pro- vided to the known limitations related to the pregnancy, child- birth, or related medical conditions of the qualified employee; or				
	5.	Take adverse action in terms, conditions, or privileges of em- ployment against a qualified employee on account of the em- ployee requesting or using a reasonable accommodation to the known limitations related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions of the employee.				
	42 U	42 U.S.C. 2000gg-1				
Definitions	"Known limitation" means physical or mental condition related to, affected by, or arising out of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medi- cal conditions that the employee or employee's representative has communicated to the district whether or not such condition meets the definition of disability specified in the ADA (42 U.S.C. 12102).					
	"Qualified employee" means an employee or applicant who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the employment position, except that an employee or applicant shall be considered qualified if:					
	1.	Any inability to perform an essential function is for a tempo- rary period;				
	2.	The essential function could be performed in the near future; and				
	3.	The inability to perform the essential function can be reason- ably accommodated.				
		asonable accommodation" and "undue hardship" have the nings given in the ADA and are construed as those terms are				

001901				
EMPLOYEE WELFAREDIAFREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION(LEGAL)				
	the interactive process that will be used to determine an appropri- ate reasonable accommodation.			
	42 U.S.C. 2000gg			
Title IX	No person, on the basis of sex, shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination by a district receiving federal financial assistance. <i>20 U.S.C. 1681</i> [See FB, FFH]			
Equal Pay	A district may not pay an employee at a rate less than the rate the district pays employees of the opposite sex for equal work on jobs the performance of which require equal skill, effort, or responsibility and which are performed under similar working conditions. This rule does not apply if the payment is pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or a differential based on any other factor other than sex. 29 U.S.C. 206(d) (Equal Pay Act); 34 C.F.R. 106.54 (Title IX)			
Grievance Procedures Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance and that em- ploys 15 or more persons shall adopt grievance procedures that in- corporate appropriate due process standards and that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any ac- tion prohibited by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>104.7(b), .11</i>			
ADA	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by the ADA. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107, .140</i>			
Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of employee complaints alleging any action prohibited by Title IX. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8(c); North Haven Board of Education v.</i> <u>Bell</u> , 456 U.S. 512 (1982) [For legally referenced material relating to Title IX grievance procedures, see FFH(LEGAL).]			
Compliance Coordinators Section 504	A district that employs 15 or more persons shall designate at least one person to coordinate its efforts to comply with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. The district's Section 504 notification [see DAA] shall also identify the responsible employee so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(a), .8(a)</i>			
ADA	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under the ADA, including any investigation of any complaint communicated to it alleging its noncompliance with the ADA or alleging any actions that would be prohibited by the			

EMPLOYEE WELF FREEDOM FROM	ARE DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	DIA (LEGAL)
	ADA. The district shall make available to all interested the name, office address, and telephone number of the or employees so designated. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107(a)</i>	
ADEA	A district shall designate at least one employee to coor forts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities up	

A district shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA), including investigation of any complaints that the district receives alleging any actions that are prohibited by the ADEA. A district shall notify its employees of the identity of the responsible employee by name or title, address, and telephone number. 34 C.F.R. 110.25(a), (b)

Title IX A district must designate and authorize at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX, which employee must be referred to as the "Title IX Coordinator." The district must notify applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all professional organizations holding professional agreements with the district of the name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the employee(s) so designated. *34 C.F.R. 106.8(a)* 

Denton ISD 061901	
WORK LOAD	DL (LEGAL)
Planning and Preparation	Each classroom teacher is entitled to at least 450 minutes in each two-week period for instructional preparation including parent- teacher conferences, evaluating students' work, and planning. A planning and preparation period may not be less than 45 minutes within the instructional day. During that time, a teacher may not be required to participate in any other activity. <i>Education Code 21.404</i> [See DC(LEGAL) for definition of classroom teacher]
	Planning and preparation time must occur during the time that stu- dents at the school where the teacher is located are receiving in- struction. <u>Canutillo Educators Ass'n v. Canutillo Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 042-R10-203 (April 30, 2010)
Supplemental Agreement	A district may enter into a supplemental agreement with a class- room teacher under which the teacher agrees to perform a duty re- lating to initial lesson plan design or instructional material selection that is not a duty generally anticipated to be performed during the instructional day and assigned to all classroom teachers of the same subject and grade level under those teachers' employment contracts.
	A district may not require a classroom teacher for a foundation cur- riculum course to spend planning and preparation time creating or selecting instructional materials to initially cover the applicable es- sential knowledge and skills for the course unless the teacher has entered into a supplemental agreement. A classroom teacher may choose to spend the teacher's planning and preparation time creat- ing or selecting instructional materials.
	A supplemental agreement between a district and a classroom teacher described above under which a teacher is assigned re- sponsibility for a greater number of duties unrelated to providing in- struction than other full-time teachers of the same grade level in the district must explicitly state each of the teacher's duties unre- lated to providing instruction.
	Education Code 21.4045
Duty-Free Lunch	Each classroom teacher or full-time librarian is entitled to at least a 30-minute lunch period free from all duties and responsibilities connected with the instruction and supervision of students. The implementation of this requirement may not result in a lengthened school day. <i>Education Code 21.405</i> [See DC(LEGAL) for definition of classroom teacher and DEA(LEGAL) for definition of librarian]
	Teachers may not be required to spend their 30-minute duty-free lunch break on school property. <i>Tex. Atty. Gen. Op. JM-481 (1986)</i>
Exception	If necessary because of a personnel shortage, extreme economic conditions, or unavoidable or unforeseen circumstances, a district
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2 UPDATE 122 DL(LEGAL)-P	2023 1 of 2

Denton ISD 061901

# WORK LOAD

DL (LEGAL)

may require a classroom teacher or librarian to supervise students during lunch. A classroom teacher or librarian may not be required to supervise students under this exception more than one day in any school week. *Education Code 21.405* 

In determining whether an exceptional circumstance exists, a district shall use the following guidelines:

- 1. A personnel shortage exists when, despite reasonable efforts to use nonteaching personnel or the assistance of community volunteers to supervise students during lunch, no other personnel are available.
- 2. Extreme economic conditions exist when the percentage of a local tax increase, including the cost of implementing duty-free lunch requirements, would place the district in jeopardy with respect to a potential roll-back election.
- 3. Unavoidable or unforeseen circumstances exist when, because of illness, epidemic, or natural or man-made disaster, the district is unable to find individuals to supervise students during lunch.

19 TAC 153.1001

## WORK LOAD REQUIRED PLANS AND REPORTS

Restrictions on Written Reports	A board shall limit redundant requests for information and the num- ber and length of written reports that a classroom teacher is re- quired to prepare.				
		lassroom teacher may not be required to prepare any written in- nation other than:			
	1.	Any report concerning the health, safety, or welfare of a stu- dent;			
	2.	A report of a student's grade on an assignment or examina- tion;			
	3.	A report of a student's academic progress in a class or course;			
	4.	A report of a student's grades at the end of each grade report- ing period;			
	5.	A report on instructional materials;			
	6.	A unit or weekly lesson plan that outlines, in a brief and gen- eral manner, the information to be presented during each pe- riod at the secondary level or in each subject or topic at the elementary level, unless the lesson plan is included in instruc- tional material adopted by the board;			
	7.	An attendance report;			
	8.	Any report required for accreditation review;			
	9.	Any information required by a district that relates to a com- plaint, grievance, or actual or potential litigation and that re- quires the classroom teacher's involvement; or			
	10.	Any information specifically required by law, rule, or regula- tion.			
	mat	istrict may collect essential information, in addition to the infor- tion specified above, from a classroom teacher on agreement ween the classroom teacher and the district.			
Paperwork Review	<ul> <li>A board shall review paperwork requirements imposed or room teachers and transfer to existing noninstructional st porting task that can reasonably be accomplished by that [See BAA]</li> </ul>				
	Edι	ucation Code 11.164			
	The commissioner of education may authorize spe- tion investigations in response to repeated compla imposition of excessive paperwork requirements o teachers. <i>Education Code 39.075(b-1)</i>				

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENTDMAREQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT(LEGAL)						
Staff Development Educator	The staff development provided by a district to an educator other than a principal must be conducted in accordance with standards developed by the district and designed to improve education in the district.					
Principal	gove	he staff development provided by a district to a principal shall b overned by Education Code 21.3541 and rules adopted under nat section. [See DNB]				
	Edu	catior	n Coa	le 21.451(a), (a-1)		
Professional Development Policy	train	ing cl	learin	annually review the SBEC continuing educa ghouse published under Education Code 2 ofessional development policy that must:		
	1.	-	juideo ouse	d by the recommendations for training in the ;	eclear-	
	2.			differences in the policy adopted by the dis om the recommendations in the clearinghou		
	3.			schedule of all training required for educate ool personnel at the district or school.	ors or	
pletion of		on of emen	traini t for t	of any conflict, a frequency requirement for t ing provided by statute prevails over a frequ hat training included in the professional dev	iency re-	
	Edu	catior	n Coa	le 21.4515(a), (b)		
Requirements for Training	a dis	strict r	must	aff development for educators other than pr use procedures that, to the greatest extent ning included in the staff development:		
	1.		•	tes proactive instructional planning techniqu ork that:	ues using	
		a.	Prov	vides flexibility in the ways:		
			(1)	Information is presented;		
			(2)	Students respond or demonstrate knowled skills; and	ge and	
			(3)	Students are engaged;		
		b.	Red	uces barriers in instruction;		
		C.		vides appropriate accommodations, support lenges; and	s, and	

		d.	Maintains high achievement expectations for all stu- dents, including students with disabilities and students of limited English proficiency; and
	2.		grates inclusive and evidence-based instructional prac- s for all students, including students with disabilities.
	to a	chiev	elopment shall be predominantly campus-based, related ing campus performance objectives, and developed and by the campus-level committee.
	velo	ped a	may use district-wide staff development that has been de- and approved through the district-level decision process. A and BQB, as appropriate]
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.451(a-2), (b), (c)
Optional Training	Staf	fdev	elopment may include training in:
	1.	Tec	nnology and digital learning; and
	2.	ing o	itive behavior intervention and support strategies, includ- classroom management, district discipline policies, and Student Code of Conduct.
	Tec	hnolo	gy and digital learning training must:
	1.		uss basic technology proficiency expectations and meth- to increase an educator's digital literacy; and
	2.	activ	st an educator in the use of digital technology in learning vities that improve teaching, assessment, and instructional stices.
	und	er law	elopment may include instruction as to what is permissible /, including opinions of the United States Supreme Court, prayer in public school.
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.451(d)(1), (d-3), (g)
Required Training	Staf	fdev	elopment must include training on:
	1.	Suic	ide prevention;
	2.		tegies for establishing and maintaining positive relation- s among students, including conflict resolution; and
	3.		venting, identifying, responding to, and reporting incidents ullying.
	boa	rd's p	training above must be provided in accordance with the rofessional development policy and use a best practice- ogram recommended by the Health and Human Services

3 of 10

DMA (LEGAL)

	Commission under Education Code 38.351 [see FFEB]. Required training may include two or more topics listed together.					
	Education Code 21.451(d)(3), (d-1)					
Instruction of	"Student with a disability" means a student who is:					
<i>Students with</i> <i>Disabilities</i> Definition	<ol> <li>Eligible to participate in a school district's special education program under Education Code 29.003;</li> </ol>					
Deminion	<ol> <li>Covered by Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794); or</li> </ol>					
	<ol> <li>Covered by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.).</li> </ol>					
	Education Code 21.001(3-a)					
Requirements	Staff development must include training that is evidence-based, as defined by Section 8101, Every Student Succeeds Act (20 USC 7801), and that:					
	<ol> <li>Relates to the instruction of students with disabilities, includ- ing students with disabilities who also have other intellectual or mental health conditions; and</li> </ol>					
	2. Is designed for educators who work primarily outside the area of special education.					
	A district is required to provide the training to an educator who works primarily outside the area of special education only if the ed- ucator does not possess the knowledge and skills necessary to im- plement the individualized education program developed for a stu- dent receiving instruction from the educator. A district may determine the time and place at which the training is delivered.					
	In developing or maintaining the training, a district must consult with persons with expertise in research-based practices for stu- dents with disabilities, including colleges, universities, private and nonprofit organizations, regional education service centers, quali- fied district personnel, and any other persons identified as qualified by the district, regardless of whether the training is provided at the campus or district level.					
	Education Code 21.451(d)(2), (e)-(f)					
Suicide Prevention	The required suicide prevention training may be satisfied through independent review of suicide prevention training material that complies with the guidelines developed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) and is offered online. <i>Education Code 21.451(d-2); 19 TAC 153.1013(d)</i>					

	prac that min	Suicide prevention programs on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] must include components that provide for training school counselors, teachers, nurses, ad- ministrators, and other staff, as well as law enforcement officers and social workers who regularly interact with students, to:				
	1.	Recognize students at risk of attempting suicide, including students who are or may be the victims of or who engage in bullying;				
	2.	Recognize students displaying early warning signs and a pos- sible need for early mental health or substance abuse inter- vention, which warning signs may include declining academic performance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;				
	3.	Intervene effectively with students described above by provid- ing notice and referral to a parent or guardian so appropriate action, such as seeking mental health or substance abuse services, may be taken by a parent or guardian; and				
2		Assist students in returning to school following treatment of a mental health concern or suicide attempt.				
	for t ate mer and grar	strict shall provide training described in the components above eachers, school counselors, principals, and all other appropri- personnel. A district is required to provide the training at an ele- ntary school campus only to the extent that sufficient funding programs are available. A school district may implement a pro- m on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs e FFEB] to satisfy this training requirement.				
in acco and ma		district provides the training, a district shall require completion ccordance with the district's professional development policy maintain records that include district employees who partici- ed in the training.				
	area inst	strict may satisfy a requirement to implement a program in the a of substance abuse prevention and intervention by providing ruction related to youth substance use and abuse education un- Education Code 38.040. [See EHAC]				
	Edu	cation Code 38.351(e), (g), (g-1), (h); 19 TAC 153.1013				
Staff Development Account	tion dep	strict that receives resources from the commissioner of educa- 's staff development account must pay to the commissioner for osit in the account an amount equal to one-half of the cost of resources provided to the district. <i>Education Code 21.453(c)</i>				

Child Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	A district's methods for increasing awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children [see District Improvement Plan at BQ and Sexual Abuse, Traffick- ing, and Maltreatment Policies and Programs at FFG] must include training concerning prevention techniques for and recognition of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and all other maltreatment of chil- dren, including the sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other mal- treatment of children with significant cognitive disabilities.				
	fess	e training must be provided in accordance with the district's pro- sional development policy and as part of new employee orienta- to all new employees.			
	The	e training must include:			
	1.	Factors indicating a child is at risk for sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment;			
	2.	Warning signs indicating a child may be a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment;			
	3.	Internal procedures for seeking assistance for a child who is at risk for sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment, in- cluding referral to a school counselor, a social worker, or an- other mental health professional;			
	4.	Techniques for reducing a child's risk of sexual abuse, traf- ficking, or other maltreatment; and			
	<ul> <li>5. Information on community organizations that have relevant research-based programs and that are able to provide training or other education for district staff, students, and parents.</li> <li>A district must maintain records that include staff members who participated in the training.</li> </ul>				
	To the extent that resources are not yet available from TEA or the commissioner of education, districts shall implement the policies and trainings with existing or publicly available resources. The district may also work in conjunction with a community organization to provide the training at no cost to the district.				
	Education Code 38.0041(c)-(f); 19 TAC 61.1051(d)				
Trauma-Informed Care	trau emp	istrict's efforts to increase awareness and implementation of ima-informed care must include training to new and existing ployees in accordance with the district's professional develop- nt policy. [See BQ, FFBA] <i>Education Code 38.036(c)</i>			
Mental Health		istrict shall require each district employee who regularly inter- s with students enrolled at the district to complete an evidence-			

	based mental health training program designed to provide instruc- tion to participants regarding the recognition and support of chil- dren and youth who experience a mental health or substance use issue that may pose a threat to school safety.
	A district may not require a district employee who has previously completed mental health training offered by a local mental health authority under Health and Safety Code 1001.203 to complete the required training.
	Education Code 22.904
Student Discipline	Each principal or other appropriate administrator who oversees student discipline shall, at least once every three school years, attend professional development training regarding Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter G. The professional development shall include training relating to the distinction between a discipline management technique used at the principal's discretion under Education Code 37.002(a) and the discretionary authority of a teacher to remove a disruptive student under Education Code 37.002(b) [see FOA].
	The professional development training may be provided in coordi- nation with an education service center through the use of distance learning methods, such as telecommunications networks, and us- ing available TEA resources.
	Education Code 37.0181
Test Administration	The commissioner may require training for district employees in- volved in the administration of assessment instruments. The com- missioner may only require the employee at each district campus who oversees the administration of the assessment instruments to annually receive the training. The district employee who oversees test administration on a district campus may, with discretion, re- quire other district employees involved in the administration of as- sessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0304(a), (b-1), (b-2)</i>
Cybersecurity	Employees identified by the district with access to a district com- puter system or database and who use a computer to perform at least 25 percent of the employee's required duties must complete a cybersecurity training program selected by the board. The district, in consultation with its cybersecurity coordinator, shall determine how frequently employees must complete the training. [See CQB] <i>Gov't Code 2054.5191(a-1); Education Code 11.175(h-1)</i>

**Special Programs** A district shall ensure that:

Teacher Literacy Achievement Academies (Reading Academies)	1.	Not later than the 2022-23 school year, each classroom teacher in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade and each principal at a campus with kindergarten or first, second, or third grade has attended a teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Education Code 21.4552; and
	2.	Each classroom teacher and each principal initially employed in a grade level or at a campus described above for the 2022- 23 school year or a subsequent school year has attended a teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Edu- cation Code 21.4552 by the end of the teacher's or principal's first year of placement in that grade level or campus.
	Edι	ucation Code 28.0062(a)(2)
	[Se	e EHAB for kindergarten-grade 3 reading standards.]
Gifted and Talented	A d	istrict shall ensure that:
Education	1.	Before assignment to the program for gifted students, teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of the program have a minimum of 30 hours of staff development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students, assessment of student needs, and curriculum and instruction for gifted students.
	2.	Teachers without the required training who provide instruction and services that are part of the gifted/talented program com- plete the 30-hour training requirement within one semester.
	3.	Teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of a program for gifted students receive a minimum of six hours annually of professional development in gifted education.
	4.	Administrators and counselors who have authority for pro- gram decisions have a minimum of six hours of professional development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students and program options.
	19	TAC 89.2
Elective Bible Course	Coo cial gra min con sior	eacher of an elective Bible course offered under Education de 28.011 [see EMI] must hold a certificate in language arts, so- studies, or history that qualifies the teacher to teach at the de level at which the course is offered with, where practical, a or in religious or biblical studies. The teacher must successfully nplete staff development training developed by the commis- ner for elective Bible courses. An elective Bible course may be ght only by a teacher who has successfully completed the com-

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

			's training under Education Code 21.459. <i>Education</i> 011(f)		
Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System Training	Eng distr ees onlir 21.4	lish L rict ca invol ne ca 1571(a or onl	oyee assigned to oversee the administration of the Texas anguage Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS) at a impus may, with discretion, require other district employ- ved in administering the TELPAS to complete training or libration activities described by Education Code a). An employee may not be required to complete a train- ine calibration activity in one sitting. <i>Education Code</i> <i>b)</i> , <i>(c)</i>		
Automated External Defibrillators	A district shall, in accordance with its professional development policy, make available to employees and volunteers instruction in the principles and techniques of cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED).				
	sor, leac	phys ling c	ool nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach or spon- ical education instructor, marching band director, cheer- oach, and any other employee specified by the commis- nd each student who serves as an athletic trainer, must:		
	1.	Part	icipate in the instruction; and		
	2.	the <i>l</i>	eive and maintain certification in the use of an AED from American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or milar nationally recognized association.		
	Edu	catio	n Code 22.902		
Extracurricular Activity Safety	The following persons must satisfactorily complete an extracurricu- lar activity safety training program in accordance with the district's professional development policy:				
	1.		bach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic ac- v; and		
	2.	A di	rector responsible for a school marching band.		
	The safety training program must include:				
	1.	Ame	ification of participants by the American Red Cross, the erican Heart Association, or a similar organization or by University Interscholastic League;		
	2.	Curi	rent training in:		
		a.	Emergency action planning;		
		b.	Communicating effectively with 9-1-1 emergency service operators and other emergency personnel; and		

		c. Recognizing symptoms of potentially catastrophic in- juries, including head and neck injuries, concussions, in- juries related to second impact syndrome, asthma at- tacks, heatstroke, cardiac arrest, and injuries requiring use of a defibrillator; and				
	3.	A safety drill that incorporates the training and simulates vari- ous injuries described above.				
	Edu	cation Code 33.202(b), (c); 19 TAC 76.1003				
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person employed by or volun- teering for the district who is required to receive safety training.					
	plia	ampus that is determined by a superintendent to be out of com- nce with the safety training requirements shall be subject to the ge of penalties determined by the UIL.				
	Edu	cation Code 33.206; 19 TAC 76.1003(e)				
Steroids	letic	A district shall require that each employee who serves as an ath- letic coach at or above the seventh grade level for an extracurricu- lar athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL complete:				
	1.	The educational program developed by the UIL regarding the health effects of steroids; or				
	2.	A comparable program developed by the district or a private entity with relevant expertise.				
	Edu	cation Code 33.091(c-1)				
Concussions		east once every two years, the following employees shall take a ning course from an authorized provider:				
	1.	A coach of an interscholastic athletic activity shall take a course approved by the UIL that provides for not less than two hours of training in the subject matter of concussions, including evaluation, prevention, symptoms, risks, and long-term effects.				
	2.	An athletic trainer who serves as a member of a district's con- cussion oversight team shall take a course concerning the subject matter of concussions that meets the requirements set by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR).				
	3.	A school nurse or licensed health-care professional, other than an athletic trainer, who serves as a member of a district's concussion oversight team shall take a course approved by				
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 DMA(LEGAL)-P	)23	9 of 10				

	the UIL for coaches or that meets the requirements set by TDLR for athletic trainers, or a course concerning the subject matter of concussions that has been approved for continuing education credit by the appropriate licensing authority for the profession.
	The employee must submit proof of timely completion of an ap- proved course to the superintendent or designee. A school nurse or licensed health-care professional who is not in compliance with these training requirements may not serve on a concussion over- sight team in any capacity. [See FM]
	Education Code 38.158
Seizure Recognition and Related First Aid	A school nurse employed by a district must complete a TEA-ap- proved online course of instruction for school nurses regarding managing students with seizure disorders that includes information about seizure recognition and related first aid.
	A district employee, other than a school nurse, whose duties at the school include regular contact with students must complete a TEA- approved online course of instruction for school personnel regard- ing awareness of students with seizure disorders that includes in- formation about seizure recognition and related first aid.
	Education Code 38.033(a), (b)
	[See FFAF for information about a seizure management and treat- ment plan.]

<b>Principal</b> Qualifications		oard, by local policy, shall adopt qualifications for principals. cation Code 11.202(c)			
Certification	requ	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) rules establish the requirements for receiving a principal certificate and for first-time principals in Texas. <i>19 TAC Ch. 241</i>			
Duties	The principal shall be the instructional leader of the school and shall be provided with adequate training and personnel assistance to assume that role. <i>Education Code 11.202(a)</i>				
	A pr	incipal shall:			
	1.	Approve all teacher and staff appointments for the campus. [See DK]			
	2.	Set specific education objectives for the campus, through the planning process.			
	3.	Develop budgets for the campus.			
	4.	Assume administrative responsibility and instructional leader- ship, under the supervision of the superintendent, for disci- pline at the campus.			
	5.	Assign, evaluate, and promote all personnel assigned to the campus.			
	6.	Recommend to the superintendent the termination, suspen- sion, or nonrenewal of an employee assigned to the campus.			
	7.	Perform any other duties assigned by the superintendent pur- suant to board policy.			
	8.	Regularly consult with the campus-level committee in the planning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the campus educational program. [See BQ series]			
	9.	Each school year, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, develop, review, and revise the campus improve- ment plan. [See BQ]			
	10.	For high school principals, serve, or appoint someone to serve, as deputy voter registrar for the county in which the school is located. <i>Election Code</i> 13.046; 1 TAC 81.7			
	Education Code 11.202(b), .253(c), (h) [See also DMA]				
Principal's Report to Superintendent	•	incipal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- business day after the date:			
Educators	1.	Of an educator's termination of employment or resignation fol- lowing an alleged incident of misconduct under Education Code 21.006(b); or			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	1 of 9			

	2.	The principal knew about an educator's criminal record under Education Code 21.006(b)(1).				
		<i>Education Code 21.006(b-2); 19 TAC 249.14(e)</i> [See Required Reports at DHB(LEGAL)]				
Noncertified Employees	enth	A principal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- enth business day after the date of a noncertified employee's termi- nation or resignation following allegations that the employee:				
	1.	Abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor; or				
	2.	Was involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- gaged in sexual contact with a student or minor.				
	<i>Edu</i> GAL	<i>cation Code 22.093(e)</i> [See Principal Notification at DHC(LE- .)]				
Sanctions and Administrative Penalty	mini catio	C determines whether to impose sanctions, including an ad- strative penalty, against a principal who fails to provide notifi- on to a superintendent. <i>Education Code 21.006(f), 22.093(i); 19</i> C 249.14(e), (h)				
	tor's prov mini \$10 agai	principal is required to notify a superintendent about an educa- criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct and fails to vide the notice by the required date, SBEC may impose an ad- strative penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than 000. SBEC may not renew the certification of an educator inst whom an administrative penalty is imposed until the alty is paid. <i>Education Code 21.006 (i)</i>				
Criminal Offense	crim jail f date	incipal required to notify a superintendent about an employee's inal record or alleged incident of misconduct commits a state elony if the principal fails to provide the notice by the required with intent to conceal an educator's criminal record or alleged dent of misconduct. <i>Education Code 21.006(j), 22.093(k)</i>				
School Nurse Minimum Salary Schedule	edu vice tere rules cens	purposes of the minimum salary schedule, a school nurse is an cator employed to provide full-time nursing and health-care sers and who meets all the requirements to practice as a regisd nurse (RN) pursuant to the Nursing Practice Act and the s and regulations relating to professional nurse education, lisure, and practice and has been issued a license to practice essional nursing in Texas. <i>19 TAC 153.1022(a)(1)(D)</i>				
Licensed Vocational Nurse	supe	practice of vocational nursing must be performed under the ervision of an RN, physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, or tist. <i>Occupations Code 301.353</i>				

Denton ISD 061901					
PERSONNEL POSITIONS (LI					
	-	vision is the process of directing, guiding, and influencing the me of an individual's performance of an activity. <i>22 TAC 1(2)</i>			
Nursing Peer Review Committee	under	"Nursing peer review committee" includes a committee established under the authority of the governing body of a political subdivision for the purpose of conducting peer review.			
	duct n	on shall establish a nursing peer review committee to con- ursing peer review under Occupations Code Chapter 303 hapter 301:			
		For vocational nurses, if the person regularly employs, hires, or contracts for the services of eight or more nurses; and			
	h	For professional nurses, if the person regularly employs, nires, or contracts for the services of eight or more nurses, at east four of whom are RNs.			
	der thi	A person required to establish a nursing peer review committee un- der this section may contract with another entity to conduct peer review for the person.			
	Occupations Code 303.001(4), .0015				
Certified School Counselor	Note:	Education Code 33.002 regarding certified school coun- selors applies only to school districts that apply for, re- ceive, and allocate funds under Education Code 33.002(a).			
	A district with 500 or more students enrolled in elementary school grades shall employ a certified school counselor for each elemen- tary school and at least one school counselor for each 500 elemen- tary school students [see DBA].				
	A district with fewer than 500 students enrolled in elementary school grades shall provide guidance and counseling services to elementary school students by any of the following methods:				
	1. E	Employing a part-time certified school counselor.			
		Employing a part-time teacher who is also certified as a chool counselor.			
		Entering into a shared services agreement with one or more other districts to share a certified school counselor.			
	Educa	tion Code 33.002			

	Note:		Education Code 33.006 applies to all districts that employ school counselors.
School Counselor Duties	dents to f		ary responsibility of a school counselor is to counsel stu- fully develop each student's academic, career, personal, al abilities. In addition, a school counselor shall:
	1.	preł	ticipate in planning, implementing, and evaluating a com- nensive developmental guidance program to serve all stu- ts and to address the special needs of students who are:
		a.	At risk of dropping out of school, becoming substance abusers, participating in gang activity, or committing sui- cide;
		b.	In need of modified instructional strategies; or
		C.	Gifted and talented, with emphasis on identifying and serving gifted and talented students who are education-ally disadvantaged;
	2.		sult with students' parents or guardians and make refer- as appropriate in consultation with parents or guardians;
	3.	bers	sult with school staff, parents, and other community mem- s to help them increase the effectiveness of students' edu- on and promote student success;
	4.		ordinate people and resources in the school, home, and imunity;
	5.	resu	n the assistance of school staff, interpret standardized test ults and other assessment data that help a student make cational and career plans;
	6.	to te	ver classroom guidance activities or serve as a consultant eachers conducting lessons based on the school's guid- e curriculum; and
	7.	son: clud	ve as an impartial, non-reporting resource for interper- al conflicts and discord involving two or more students, in- ling accusations of bullying under Education Code 0832.
		ndato	n item 7, above, exempts a school counselor from any ry reporting requirements imposed by other provisions of
School Counselor Policy			shall adopt a policy that requires a school counselor to least 80 percent of the school counselor's total work time

	on duties that are components of the district's comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005. [See FFEA] Time spent in administering assessment instruments or pro- viding other assistance in connection with assessment instruments, except time spent in interpreting data from assessment instru- ments, is not considered time spent on counseling.				
	Each school in the district shall implement the policy. A copy of the policy shall be maintained in the office of each school in the district and made available on request during regular school hours to district employees, parents of district students, and the public.				
Exception	If a board determines that, because of staffing needs in the district or at a school in the district, a school counselor must spend less than 80 percent of the school counselor's total work time on duties that are components of the district's comprehensive school coun- seling program, the policy shall:				
	<ol> <li>Include the reasons why the counselor needs to spend less than 80 percent of the counselor's work time on duties that are components of the counseling program;</li> </ol>				
	2. List the duties the counselor is expected to perform that are not components of the counseling program; and				
	3. Set the percentage of work time that the counselor is required to spend on components of the counseling program.				
Counselor Contracts	A district may not include a provision in an employment contract with a school counselor under Education Code Chapter 21 that conflicts with the policy or, except as provided below, has the effect of authorizing a school principal or school district superintendent to require a school counselor to generally perform duties that are not primarily related to a counseling function.				
	A district that complies with the exception above may not include a provision in an employment contract under Education Code Chap- ter 21 with an affected school counselor that has the effect of re- quiring the counselor to generally perform a duty that is not primar- ily related to a counseling function unless the duty is specified in the district's policy as required above.				
	Education Code 33.006(a)-(g)				
Tracking and Documentation	A district shall require each district school counselor to track and document, using a standardized tracking tool, as established by the district, the time spent on work duties performed by the school counselor throughout a school year. This tracking tool shall:				
	1. Include the following components:				
ΔΤΕ ISSUED: 11/21/20	123 5 of 9				

- The total work time worked by the school counselor for a. the year;
- The total time spent on the following duties that are comb. ponents of a counseling program developed under Education Code 33.005:
  - (1) Provision of a guidance curriculum;
  - (2) Responsive services for students;
  - (3) Individual planning for students; and
  - (4) System support; and
- The total time spent on duties that are not components C. of a counseling program developed under Education Code 33.005, including time spent in administering assessment instruments or providing other assistance in connection with assessment instruments (except time spent in interpreting data from assessment instruments); and
- 2. Be maintained by the district in a format that can be made available to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) upon request.

19 TAC 61.1073(b)

Annual Assessment	A district shall annually assess its compliance with its school coun- selor policy and, on request by the commissioner, provide a written copy of the assessment to TEA on or before the date specified by the commissioner.				
	The	The assessment shall include:			
	1.	Work time tracking documentation as described above for each school counselor in the district;	r		
	2.	The number of school counselors whose work was in con ance with the district's school counselor policy; and	npli-		
	3.	The number of school counselors in the district whose wo was not in compliance with the district's school counselor icy.			
	The assessment shall be maintained by the district in a format that can be made available to TEA upon request.				
	Education Code 33.006(h); 19 TAC 61.1073(c), (d)				
Nonphysician Mental Health Professional	A district may employ or contract with one or more nonphysician mental health professionals.				
	123	G	S of Q		

		nis section, "nonphysician mental health professional" means:	
	1.	A psychologist licensed to practice in this state and desig- nated as a health-service provider;	
	2.	An RN with a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nurs- ing;	
	3.	A licensed clinical social worker;	
	4.	A professional counselor licensed to practice in this state; or	
	5.	A marriage and family therapist licensed to practice in this state.	
	Education Code 38.0101		
	Not	e: For information about mental health treatment, including counseling, see FFEA.	
School Psychological Services	The Texas Behavioral Health Executive Council (TBHEC) has au- thority over the delivery of school psychological services in public schools. Recognizing the purview of the State Board of Education (SBOE) and TEA in safeguarding the rights of school children in Texas, the TBHEC adopts and enforces rules establishing multidis- ciplinary team decision making, hierarchy of supervision, regulatory provisions, and past traditions of school psychological service de- livery both nationally and in Texas. Incorporating these factors al- low for rules that reflect the occupational distinctions between the delivery of school psychological services in public schools and psy- chological services in the private sector. <i>22 TAC 465.38(a)</i>		
Licensed Specialist in School Psychology (LSSP)	Licensed specialist in school psychology (LSSP) means a person who holds a license to engage in the practice of psychology under Occupations Code 501.260. <i>Occupations Code 501.002(2)</i>		
	School psychological services may be provided in Texas public schools only by LSSPs and interns and post-doctoral fellows working towards licensure as a psychologist. 22 TAC 465.38(e)		
Scope of Practice	An LSSP is trained to address psychological and behavioral prob- lems manifested in and associated with educational systems by uti- lizing psychological concepts and methods in programs or actions that attempt to improve the learning, adjustment, and behavior of students. These activities include, but are not limited to:		
	1.	Addressing special education eligibility;	
	2.	Conducting manifestation determinations;	

### PERSONNEL POSITIONS

	3.	Assisting with the development and implementation of individ- ual educational programs (IEPs);
	4.	Conducting behavioral assessments; and
	5.	Designing and implementing behavioral interventions and supports.
	edu	e assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for acational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- es is considered the practice of school psychology.
		LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or acity outside of a public or private school.
	22	TAC 465.38(b), (c)
Standards	sch the	e delivery of school psychological services in Texas public ools shall be consistent with nationally recognized standards for practice of school psychology. <i>Occupations Code</i> 501.260(c); TAC 465.38(b)(3)
Notice of Assignment or Subcontract	cal trac into sch	LSSP who contracts with a school to provide school psychologi- services must notify the school of any intent or plan to subcon- ct or assign those services to another provider prior to entering the agreement. An LSSP shall be responsible for ensuring the ool psychological services delivered comply with TBHEC stan- ds. 22 TAC 465.38 (e)(3)
Compliance with Applicable Education Laws		SPs shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws af- ting the practice of school psychology, including, but not limited
	1.	Texas Education Code;
	2.	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g;
	3.	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.;
	4.	Texas Public Information Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 552;
	5.	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; and
	6.	Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) 42 U.S.C. 12101.
	22	TAC 465.38 (f)
School Chaplains		istrict may employ or accept as a volunteer a chaplain to pro- e support, services, and programs for students as assigned by

Denton ISD 061901

#### PERSONNEL POSITIONS

the board. A chaplain employed or volunteering is not required to be certified by SBEC.

A district that employs or accepts as a volunteer a chaplain shall ensure that the chaplain complies with the applicable requirements under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C, before the chaplain begins employment or volunteering at the district.

A district may not employ or accept as a volunteer a chaplain who has been convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication community supervision for an offense for which a defendant is required to register as a sex offender under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62.

Education Code 23.001

Denton ISD 061901

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS
CLASS SIZE

Teacher-Student Ratio	A district shall employ a sufficient number of certified teachers to maintain an average ratio of not less than one teacher for each 20 students in average daily attendance. <i>Education Code 25.111</i>		
High-Quality Prekindergarten Program	A district operating a prekindergarten program or an entity with which the district contracts to provide a prekindergarten program must attempt to maintain an average ratio in any prekindergarten program class of not less than one qualified teacher or teacher's aide for each 11 students. <i>Education Code 29.167(d)</i>		
Physical Education	A district's physical education curriculum objectives and goals shall address teacher-student ratios. [See EHAA] <i>Education Code</i> 25.114		
Prekindergarten- Grade 4	A district may not enroll more than 22 students in a class, prekindergarten through fourth grade, except as allowed by the commissioner of education. The limit on class size does not apply during:		
	1.	The last 12 weeks of the school year; or	
	2.	Any 12-week period of the school year selected by a district, if the district's average daily attendance has been adjusted due to a significant percentage of students who are migratory chil- dren under Education Code 48.005(c). A district claiming this exemption must notify the commissioner in writing not later than the 30th day after the first day of the 12-week period.	
Migratory	A "migratory child" is a child or youth who made a qualifying move:		
Definitions	1.	As a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or	
	2.	With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migratory agricul- tural worker or migratory fisher.	
	A "qualifying move" is a move due to economic necessity:		
	1.	From one residence to another residence; and	
	2.	From one school district to another school district, except in the case of a school district of more than 15,000 square miles, wherein a qualifying move is a distance of 20 miles or more to a temporary residence.	
	A "migratory agricultural worker" is an individual who made a quali- fying move in the preceding 36 months and, after doing so, en- gaged in new temporary or seasonal employment or personal sub- sistence in agriculture, which may be dairy work or the initial processing of raw agricultural products. If an individual did not en- gage in such new employment soon after a qualifying move, such individual may be considered a migratory agricultural worker if the		

# INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CLASS SIZE

		individual actively sought such new employment and has a recent history of moves for temporary or seasonal agricultural employ- ment.		
		A "migratory fisher" is an individual who made a qualifying move in the preceding 36 months and, after doing so, engaged in new tem- porary or seasonal employment or personal subsistence in fishing. If the individual did not engage in such new employment soon after the move, the individual may be considered a migratory fisher if the individual actively sought such new employment and has a recent history of moves for temporary or seasonal fishing employment.		
		Education Code 25.112(a), (b); 20 U.S.C. 6399		
	Exception to Class Size Limits	The commissioner may except a district, on application, from the class size limits above if the limit works an undue hardship on the district. An exception expires at the end of the school year for which it is granted.		
		A school district seeking an exception shall notify the commis- sioner and apply for the exception not later than the later of:		
		1. October 1; or		
		2. The 30th day after the first school day the district exceeds the limit described above.		
		Education Code 25.112(d)-(e)		
Notice to Parents		A campus or district that is granted an exception from class size limits shall provide written notice of the exception to the parent of or person standing in parental relation to each student affected by the exception. The notice must be in conspicuous bold or under- lined print and:		
		1. Specify the class for which an exception was granted;		
		2. State the number of children in the class; and		
		<ol> <li>Be included in a regular mailing or other communication from the campus or district, such as information sent home with students.</li> </ol>		
		The notice must be provided not later than the 31st day after the first day of the school year or the date the exception is granted, if the exception is granted after the beginning of the school year.		
		Education Code 25.113		

Education Code 25.113

Denton ISD 061901		
INSTRUCTIONAL RESC	OURC	ES EF (LEGAL)
School Library	of its	strict possesses significant discretion to determine the content s school libraries. A district must, however, exercise its discre- in a manner consistent with the First Amendment.
Removal of Library Materials	bool mov acce mov	dents' First Amendment rights are implicated by the removal of ks from the shelves of a school library. A district shall not re- re materials from a library for the purpose of denying students ess to ideas with which the district disagrees. A district may re- re materials because they are pervasively vulgar or based ly upon the educational suitability of the books in question.
	<u>Bd.</u>	<u>of Educ. v. Pico</u> , 457 U.S. 853 (1982)
Instructional Materials	be f cept chai mer	ructional materials selected for use in the public schools shall urnished without cost to students attending those schools. Ex- as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may not rge a student for instructional material or technological equip- at purchased by the district with the district's technology and in- ctional materials allotment [see CMD]. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
Parental Access	A pa	arent is entitled to:
	1.	Review all teaching materials, instructional materials, includ- ing while the child is participating in virtual or remote learning, and other teaching aids used in the classroom of the parent's child;
	2.	Review each test administered to the child after the test is administered; and
	3.	Observe virtual instruction while the parent's child is partici- pating in virtual or remote learning to the same extent the par- ent would be entitled to observe in-person instruction of the child.
	A district shall make tests readily available for review by parents in person and teaching materials readily available for review by par- ents both in person and, if applicable, through an instructional ma- terials portal established under Education Code 31.154 [see CMD]	
	distr	district may specify reasonable hours for in-person review. A ict may not deny a parent access to an instructional materials ent portal.
Review Period	und late	roviding access to instructional materials to a student's parent er this provision, the district shall allow access beginning not than 30 days before the school year begins and concluding earlier than 30 days after the school year ends.
		the entire period, the district shall include access to all instruc- al materials that pertain to each subject area in the grade level

### INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

	in which the student is enrolled, except for tests or exams that have not yet been administered to the student and the student's graded assignments.		
Taking Home Materials	A student's parent is entitled to request that a district allow the stu- dent to take home any instructional materials used by the student. Subject to the availability of the instructional materials, a district or school shall honor the request. A student who takes home instruc- tional materials must return the instructional materials to school at the beginning of the next school day if requested to do so by the student's teacher.		
Students Without Reliable Access to Technology	A district must provide the instructional materials to the student in printed format if the student does not have reliable access to tech- nology at the student's home. This requirement does not require a district to purchase printed copies of instructional materials that the district would not otherwise purchase. A district may comply with this requirement by providing the student a printout of the relevant electronic instructional materials.		
Learning Management System or Online Portal	A district that uses a learning management system or any online learning portal to assign, distribute, present, or make available in- structional materials as defined by Education Code 31.002 [see EFA] to students shall provide login credentials to the system or portal to each student's parent.		
	Education Code 26.006		
District Instructional Material Review	The board shall establish a process by which a parent of a student, as indicated on the student registration form at the student's cam- pus, may request an instructional material review under Education Code 31.0252 [see below] for a subject area in the grade level in which the student is enrolled.		
	The process:		
	<ol> <li>May not require more than one parent of a student to make the request;</li> </ol>		
	2. Must provide for the board to determine if the request will be granted, either originally or through an appeal process; and		
	<ol> <li>May permit the requesting parent to review the instructional material directly before the district conducts an instructional material review.</li> </ol>		
	If the parents of at least 25 percent of the students enrolled at a campus present to the board in which the campus is located a peti- tion for the board to conduct an instructional material review under Education Code 31.0252, the board shall conduct the review, un-		

## INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

	of th boai strue	the petition is presented by the parents of less than 50 percent ne students enrolled at the campus and, by a majority vote, the rd denies the request. A review shall include a review of in- ctional materials for each subject area or grade level specified ne petition.			
	area	board is not required to conduct a review for a specific subject a or grade level at a specific district campus more than once school year.			
	tiona to ai	Parental access to instructional material provided by an instruc- tional material review conducted under this provision is in addition to any other right to access instructional material granted by the Education Code or school district policy.			
	Edu	cation Code 26.0061			
	distr by a mine tiona of th	Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop standards that a rict may use to conduct a review of instructional materials used classroom teacher in a foundation curriculum course to deter- e the degree in which the material corresponds with the instruc- al materials adopted by the district and meets the level of rigor be essential knowledge and skills for the grade level in which it eing used. Education Code 31.0252			
Harmful Materials		rmful material" means material whose dominant theme taken whole:			
	1.	Appeals to the prurient interest of a minor, in sex, nudity, or excretion;			
	2.	Is patently offensive to prevailing standards in the adult com- munity as a whole with respect to what is suitable for minors; and			
	3.	Is utterly without redeeming social value for minors.			
	Pen	al Code 43.24(a)			
Obscene	"Ob	scene" means material or a performance:			
	1.	The average person, applying contemporary community stan- dards, would find that taken as a whole appeals to the pruri- ent interest in sex;			
	2.	Depicts or describes			
		a. Patently offensive representations or descriptions of ulti- mate sexual acts, normal or perverted, actual or simu- lated, including sexual intercourse, sodomy, and sexual bestiality; or			

#### INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

b. Patently offensive representations or descriptions of masturbation, excretory functions, sadism, masochism, lewd exhibition of the genitals, the male or female genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal, covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid state or a device designed and marketed as useful primarily for stimulation of the human genital organs; and
3. Taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, and scientific value.

#### Penal Code 43.21(1)

**Federally Required Parental Inspection** All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material, that will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the United States Department of Education shall be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the children. *20 U.S.C. 1232h(a)* [For more information about the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA), see FA.]

#### INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

	Note:	For provisions regarding inventory and requisition of in- structional materials, including the annual certification, see CMD.			
Definitions	"Instructional material" is defined as content that conveys the es- sential knowledge and skills of a subject in the public school cur- riculum through a medium or a combination of media for conveying information to a student.				
	The tern	n includes:			
		terial used by a teacher, including a lesson plan, answer /, grading rubric, or unit plan;			
		terial used by a principal or campus instructional leader to port instruction; and			
	ma me CD troi stu thro	terial used by a student, including a book, supplementary terials, a combination of a book, workbook, and supple- entary materials, computer software, magnetic media, DVD, p-ROM, computer courseware, online services, or an elec- nic medium, or other means of conveying information to the dent or otherwise contributing to the learning process ough electronic means, including open education resource tructional material.			
	Educatio	on Code 31.002(1-a)			
	ing, lear main or that allo ers, inclu streamir	ducation resource (OER) instructional material" is teach- ning, and research resources that reside in the public do- have been released under an intellectual property license ws for free use, reuse, modification, and sharing with oth- uding full courses, course materials, modules, textbooks, ng videos, tests, software, and any other tools, materials, or ues used to support access to knowledge. <i>Education Code</i> <i>1-b</i> )			
	necessa access t	logical equipment" is hardware, a device, or equipment ary for instructional use in the classroom, including to gain to or enhance the use of electronic instructional materials; assional use by a classroom teacher. <i>Education Code</i> 4)			
State Materials Selection and Assistance	material (TEA) ui tional ma mine tha	te Board of Education (SBOE) shall review instructional s provided to the board by the Texas Education Agency nder Education Code 31.023. Before approving instruc- aterial, the SBOE may review the material and must deter- at the material is free from factual error and suitable for the and grade level for which the material is designed, and, if			

# INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

	the material is intended to cover the foundational skills reading cur- riculum in kindergarten through third grade, does not include three- cueing, as defined by Education Code 28.0062(a-1). The SBOE shall add each approved material to a list of approved instructional materials and may add a material not approved to a list of rejected instructional materials. <i>Education Code 31.022(a)</i>
TEA Website	TEA shall develop and maintain an instructional material website to assist districts in locating and selecting instructional material. <i>Education Code 31.025(a)</i>
TEA Support	On request of a district, TEA shall provide the district assistance in evaluating, adopting, or using instructional materials.
	Except as otherwise provided, TEA may not require a district to adopt or otherwise use instructional material reviewed by TEA or included on the list of approved instructional materials maintained by the SBOE.
	Education Code 31.0251
OER Instructional Material	Except as provided by Education Code 31.0721(b), OER instruc- tional material may not be made available to students, teachers, educators, or other education professionals before being reviewed by TEA and included on the list of approved instructional materials maintained by the SBOE. <i>Education Code 31.0721(a)</i>
	Except as otherwise provided by the Education Code, the commis- sioner may not require a district to adopt or use an OER instruc- tional material. A district may adopt OER material at any time. A district may not be charged for a cost associated with the selection of an OER, except for the cost of printing copies of the material. <i>Education Code 31.073</i>
Local Selection	A board shall select instructional materials in an open meeting as required by the Texas Open Meetings Act, including public notice. <i>19 TAC 66.104(a)</i>
Special Education	Adopted instructional materials shall be supplied to a student in special education classes as appropriate to the level of the student's ability and without regard to the grade for which the instructional material is adopted or the grade in which the student is enrolled. <i>19 TAC 66.104(c)</i>
Criminal Offense	A board member, administrator, or teacher commits an offense if the person receives any commission or rebate on any instructional materials or technological equipment used in the schools with which the person is associated.

#### INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

	A board member, administrator, or teacher commits an offense if the person accepts a gift, favor, or service that:
	1. Is given to the person or the person's school;
	2. Might reasonably tend to influence the person in the selection of instructional material or technological equipment; and
	<ol> <li>Could not be lawfully purchased with state instructional mate- rials funds.</li> </ol>
	"Gift, favor, or service" does not include:
	1. Staff development, in-service, or teacher training; or
	<ol> <li>Ancillary materials, such as maps or worksheets, that convey information to the student or otherwise contribute to the learn- ing process.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 31.152
Human Sexuality Materials	Course materials relating to human sexuality, sexually transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) shall be selected by a board with the advice of the local school health advisory council (SHAC). <i>Education Code 28.004(e)</i>
	[For more information on the requirements for adopting human sexuality instructional materials, see EHAA.]

#### INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES LIBRARY MATERIALS

Standards	The School Library Programs: Standards and Guidelines for Texas are adopted by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission. The standards and guidelines are applicable to local Texas school districts. <i>13 TAC 4.1</i>		
	A district shall consider the standards in developing, implementing, or expanding library services. <i>Education Code</i> 33.021		
Collection Development	A district shall adhere to the standards for school library collection development in developing or implementing the district's library collection development policies. <i>Education Code</i> 33.021(b)-(c)		
Library Material Definitions Library Material Vendor	"Library material vendor" includes any entity that sells library mate- rial to a public primary or secondary school in this state.		
Patently Offensive	"Patently offensive" means so offensive on its face as to affront current community standards of decency.		
Sexually Explicit Material	"Sexually explicit material" means any communication, language, or material, including a written description, illustration, photo- graphic image, video image, or audio file, other than library mate- rial directly related to the curriculum required under Education Code 28.002(a) (foundation and enrichment curriculum) that de- scribes, depicts, or portrays sexual conduct, as defined by Penal Code 43.25, in a way that is patently offensive, as defined by Penal Code 43.21.		
Sexually Relevant Material	"Sexually relevant material" means any communication, language, or material, including a written description, illustration, photo- graphic image, video image, or audio file, other than library mate- rial directly related to the curriculum required under Education Code 28.002(a) (foundation and enrichment curriculum), that de- scribes, depicts, or portrays sexual conduct, as defined by Penal Code 43.25.		
	Education Code 33.021, 35.001; Penal Code 43.21(a)(1)(4)		
Procedures for Sexually Relevant Material	A district may not allow a student enrolled in the district to reserve, check out, or otherwise use outside the school library material the library material vendor has rated as sexually relevant material un-		
Parent Consent	der Education Code 35.002(a) (library vendor ratings) unless the district first obtains written consent from the student's parent or person standing in parental relation. <i>Education Code 35.004</i>		
Review and Reporting of Library	Not later than January 1 of every odd-numbered year, each district shall:		
Material	<ol> <li>Review the content of each library material in the catalog of a district library that is rated as sexually relevant material by the library material vendor;</li> </ol>		

#### INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES LIBRARY MATERIALS

	2. Determine in accordance with the district's policies regarding the approval, review, and reconsideration of school library materials whether to retain each library material reviewed; and	
	3. Either post a report in a conspicuous place on the district website or provide physical copies of the report at the central administrative building for the district.	
	The report must include the title of each library material reviewed; the district's decision regarding the library material; and the school or campus where the library material is currently located.	I
	Education Code 35.006	
Library Material Purchases Ratings	A library material vendor may not sell library materials to a district unless the vendor has issued appropriate ratings regarding sexu- ally explicit material and sexually relevant material previously sold to a district.	
Requirement	A library material vendor may not sell library material rated sexuall explicit material and shall issue a recall for all copies of library ma- terial sold to a district that is rated sexually explicit material and in active use by the district.	
	Education Code 35.002(a)-(b)	
TEA Library Material List	Not later than September 1 of each year, each library material ven dor shall submit to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) an updated list of library material rated as sexually explicit material or sexually relevant material sold by the vendor to a district during the preced- ing year and still in active use by the district. TEA shall post each submitted list in a conspicuous place on its website. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> $35.002(d)$ -(e)	l
Prohibited Vendor List	A district may not purchase library material from a library material vendor on TEA's website list of vendors who have failed to comply with Education Code 35.003(b). <i>Education Code 35.003(d)</i>	,
Liability	A district or a teacher, librarian, or other staff member employed by a district is not liable for any claim or damage resulting from a li- brary material vendor's violation of Education Code Chapter 35. <i>Education Code 35.004</i>	у
Joint Facilities	A district may enter into contracts with a county or municipality in which the district is located to provide joint library facilities. The board and the commissioner's court of the county or governing body of the municipality must conduct public hearings before enter ing into such a contract. The hearings may be held jointly. <i>Education Code</i> 33.022	

Purpose	As a condition of accreditation, a district shall provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels in the foundation and enrichment curriculum. <i>Education Code</i> 28.002(c); 19 TAC 74.1(b)				
	A district shall ensure that all children in the district participate ac- tively in a balanced curriculum designed to meet individual needs. <i>Education Code 28.002(g)</i>				
	Instruction may be provided in a variety of arrangements and set- tings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexible learning arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction for all student populations to support student attainment of course and grade-level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.2</i>				
	A primary purpose of the public school curriculum is to prepare thoughtful, informed citizens who understand the importance of pa- triotism and can function productively in a free enterprise society with appreciation for the fundamental democratic principles of our state and national heritage.				
	A district shall require the teaching of informed American patrio- tism, Texas history, and the free enterprise system in the adoption of instructional materials for kindergarten through grade 12, includ- ing the founding documents of the United States. In providing in- struction required by the State Board of Education (SBOE) under Education Code 28.002(h-1), regarding the founding documents of the United States, a district shall use those documents as part of the instructional materials for the instruction.				
	Education Code 28.002(h), (h-6)				
Required Curriculum Foundation	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer a foundation curriculum that includes:				
Curriculum	1. English language arts and reading;				
	2. Mathematics;				
	3. Science; and				
	<ol> <li>Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha- sis on the free enterprise system and its benefits.</li> </ol>				
	Education Code 28.002(a)(1); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(1)				
Enrichment Curriculum	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer an enrichment curriculum that includes:				

	1.	can	guages other than English, to the extent possible. Ameri- Sign Language is a language for these purposes and the rict may offer an elective course in the language;	
	2.	Hea	alth, with emphasis on:	
		a.	Physical health, including the importance of proper nutri- tion and exercise;	
		b.	Mental health, including instruction about mental health conditions, substance abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making; and	
		C.	Suicide prevention, including recognizing suicide-related risk factors and warning signs;	
	3.	Phy	vsical education;	
	4.	Fine	e arts;	
	5.	Car	eer and technical education;	
	6.	Тес	hnology applications;	
	7.	tam	igious literature, including the Hebrew Scriptures (Old Tes- ent) and New Testament, and its impact on history and lit- ture; and	
	8.	Per	sonal financial literacy.	
	Edu	icatio	n Code 28.002(a)(2), (e); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(2)	
Digital Citizenship	The SBOE by rule shall require each district to incorporate instruc- tion in digital citizenship into the district's curriculum, including in- formation regarding the potential criminal consequences of cyber- bullying.			
	"Cyberbullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]			
	"Digital citizenship" means the standards of appropriate, responsi- ble, and healthy online behavior, including the ability to access, an- alyze, evaluate, create, and act on all forms of digital communica- tion.			
	Education Code 28.002(z)			
Positive Character Traits	edg leas	e and st ond	are required to provide instruction in the essential knowl- d skills for positive character traits and personal skills at e in the following grade bands: kindergarten-grade 2, -5, grades 6-8, and grades 9-12.	

	Districts may provide the required instruction in a variety of ar- rangements, including through a stand-alone course or by integrat- ing the positive character traits standards in the essential knowl- edge and skills for one or more courses or subject areas at the appropriate grade levels.		
	19 TAC 120.3(a), .5(a), .7(a), .9(a)		
Local Credit	A district may offer courses for local credit, at its discretion, in addi- tion to those in the required curriculum, but it may not delete or omit instruction in the foundation and enrichment curricula speci- fied above. <i>Education Code 28.002(f); 19 TAC 74.1(b)</i>		
Local Instructional Plan	A district's local instructional plan may draw on state curriculum frameworks and program standards as appropriate. A district is encouraged to exceed minimum requirements of law and SBOE rule.		
Major Curriculum Initiatives	Before the adoption of a major curriculum initiative, including the use of a curriculum management system, a district must use a process that:		
	1. Includes teacher input;		
	<ol><li>Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the initiative; and</li></ol>		
	3. Includes a meeting of the board at which information regard- ing the initiative is presented, including the cost of the initia- tive and any alternatives that were considered; and members of the public and district employees are given the opportunity to comment regarding the initiative.		
	Education Code 28.002(g)		
Common Core State Standards	A district may not use common core state standards to comply with the requirement to provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels. A district may not be re- quired to offer any aspect of a common core state standards cur- riculum. "Common core state standards" means the national cur- riculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initiative. <i>Education Code 28.002(b-1), (b-3), (b-4)</i>		
Scope and Sequence and Instructional Materials	In adopting a recommended or designated scope and sequence or instructional materials for a subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level, a district shall ensure sufficient time is provided for teachers to teach and students to learn the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see DG]. <i>Education Code 28.0027(a)</i>		

Coordinated Health Programs	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall make available to each district one or more coordinated health programs in elementary, middle, and junior high school. Each program must provide for co-ordinating education and services related to:				
	1.	Physical health education, including programs designed to prevent obesity, cardiovascular disease, oral diseases, and Type 2 diabetes and programs designed to promote the role of proper nutrition;			
	2.	Mental health education, including education about mental health conditions, mental health well-being, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making;			
	3.	Substance abuse education, including education about alco- hol abuse, prescription drug abuse, and abuse of other con- trolled substances;			
	4.	Physical education and physical activity; and			
	5.	Parental involvement.			
	Education Code 38.013; 19 TAC 102.1031(a)				
	A district shall participate in appropriate training to implement TEA's coordinated health program and shall implement the pro- gram in each elementary, middle, and junior high school in the dis- trict. <i>Education Code 38.014</i>				
	and as a prov velo	rdinated school health programs that are developed by districts that meet TEA criteria may be approved and made available approved programs. Districts must use materials that are ven effective, such as TEA-approved textbooks or materials deped by nationally recognized and/or government-approved en- s. 19 TAC 102.1031(c)			
Physical Education	Each district shall establish specific objectives and goals th trict intends to accomplish through the physical education of lum. The physical education curriculum must be sequential opmentally appropriate, and designed, implemented, and evaluated to enable students to develop the motor, self-ma ment, and other skills, knowledge, attitudes, and confidence sary to participate in physical activity throughout life.				
	A physical education course shall:				
	1.	Offer students an opportunity to choose among many types of physical activity in which to participate;			
	2.	Offer students both cooperative and competitive games; and			

	3.	Be a	an enjoyable experience for students.	
	clas	s sha / shal	ekly basis, at least 50 percent of a physical education Il be used for actual student physical activity and the ac- I be, to the extent practicable, at a moderate or vigorous	
Student/Teacher Ratio	The objectives and goals shall include, to the extent practicable, student/teacher ratios [see EEB] that are small enough to enable the district to:			
	1.		ry out the purposes of and requirements for the physical cation curriculum; and	
	2.	Ens tion.	ure the safety of students participating in physical educa-	
	If a district establishes a student to teacher ratio greater than 45 to 1 in a physical education class, the district shall specifically identify the manner in which the safety of the students will be maintained.			
	Education Code 25.114, 28.002(d); 19 TAC 74.37			
Classification for Physical Education	A district shall classify students for physical education on the basis of health into one of the following categories:			
	1.	1. Unrestricted — not limited in activities.		
	2.		tricted — excludes the more vigorous activities. Restricted sification is of two types:	
		a.	Permanent — A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the impairment and the expectations for physical activity for the student.	
		b.	Temporary — Students may be restricted from physical activity of the physical education class. A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the temporary impairment and the expected amount of time for recovery. During recovery time, the student shall continue to learn the concepts of the lessons but shall not actively participate in the skill demonstration.	
	3.	hibit	pted and remedial — specific activities prescribed or pro- ed for students as directed by a member of the healing licensed to practice in Texas.	
	19 TAC 74.31			

School Health Advisory Council	(SH ues <i>cati</i> d	AC) to are ro on Co	shall establish a local school health advisory council to assist the district in ensuring that local community val- eflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Edu- ode 28.004(a)</i> [See BDF regarding composition of the d FFA regarding federal wellness requirements.]
Duties	The	SHA	C's duties include recommending:
	1.	The	number of hours of instruction to be provided in:
		a.	Health education in kindergarten through grade 8; and
		b.	If the district requires health education for high school graduation, health education, including physical health education and mental health education, in grades 9 through 12.
	2.	for s cono diab	cies, procedures, strategies, and curriculum appropriate specific grade levels designed to prevent physical health cerns, including obesity, cardiovascular disease, Type 2 etes, and mental health concerns, including suicide, ugh coordination of:
		a.	Health education, which must address physical health concerns and mental health concerns to ensure the inte- gration of physical health education and mental health education;
		b.	Physical education and physical activity;
		C.	Nutrition services;
		d.	Parental involvement;
		e.	Instruction on substance abuse prevention;
		f.	School health services, including mental health services;
		g.	A comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005 [see FFEA];
		h.	A safe and healthy school environment; and
		i.	School employee wellness;
	3.		ropriate grade levels and methods of instruction for hu- sexuality instruction;
	4.	by it	tegies for integrating the curriculum components specified em 2, above, with the following elements in a coordinated bol health program:

		a.	School health services, including physical health ser- vices and mental health services, if provided at a cam- pus by the district or by a third party under a contract with the district;
		b.	A comprehensive school counseling program under Edu- cation Code 33.005 [see FFEA];
		C.	A safe and healthy school environment; and
		d.	School employee wellness;
	5.	betv cies tion	asible, joint use agreements or strategies for collaboration veen the district and community organizations or agen- . Any agreement entered into based on a recommenda- of the SHAC must address liability for the district and munity organization;
	6.	Stra	tegies to increase parental awareness regarding:
		a.	Risky behaviors and early warning signs of suicide risks and behavioral health concerns, including mental health disorders and substance use disorders; and
		b.	Available community programs and services that ad- dress risky behaviors, suicide risks, and behavioral health concerns.
	7.		ropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regard- the dangers of opioids, including instruction on:
		a.	Opioid addiction and abuse, including addiction to and abuse of synthetic opioids such as fentanyl; and
		b.	Methods for administering an opioid antagonist; and
	8.	ing o ficki risk mer	ropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regard- child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex traf- ng, including likely warning signs that a child may be at for sex trafficking, provided that the local SHAC's recom- idations under this provision do not conflict with the es- tial knowledge and skills developed by the SBOE.
	Edu	Education Code 28.004(c), (n)	
Policy Recommendations	distr scho strue and tions	rict co col str ctured the h s. The	C shall consider and make policy recommendations to the oncerning the importance of daily recess for elementary udents. The SHAC must consider research regarding un- d and undirected play, academic and social development, health benefits of daily recess in making the recommenda- e SHAC shall ensure that local community values are re- any policy recommendation made to the district concern-

	ing the importance of daily recess for elementary school students. <i>Education Code 28.004(I)</i>			
	The SHAC shall make policy recommendations to the district to in- crease parental awareness of suicide-related risk factors and warn- ing signs and available community suicide prevention services. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code 28.004(o)</i>			
Complaints	A parent may use the grievance procedure at FNG concerning a complaint of a violation of Education Code 28.004. <i>Education Code</i> 28.004( <i>i</i> -1)			
Human Sexuality Instruction Definitions	"Human sexuality instruction," "instruction in human sexuality," and "instruction relating to human sexuality" include instruction in repro- ductive health.			
	"Curriculum materials" includes the curriculum, teacher training materials, and any other materials used in providing instruction.			
	Education Code 28.004(p)			
Board Selection	The board shall determine the specific content of a district's in- struction in human sexuality. <i>Education Code</i> 28.004(h)			
	The board shall select any instruction relating to human sexuality, sexually transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) with the ad- vice of the SHAC. The instruction must:			
	1. Present abstinence as the preferred choice of behavior for un- married persons of school age;			
	2. Devote more attention to abstinence than to any other behav- ior;			
	3. Emphasize that abstinence is the only method that is 100 per- cent effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, infection with HIV or AIDS, and the emotional trauma associated with adolescent sexual activity;			
	<ol> <li>Direct adolescents to a standard of behavior in which absti- nence before marriage is the most effective way to prevent pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and infection with HIV or AIDS; and</li> </ol>			
	5. Teach contraception and condom use in terms of human use reality rates instead of theoretical laboratory rates, if instruction on contraception and condoms is included in the curriculum.			
	Education Code 28.004(e)			

Notice to Parents	Before each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a parent of each student enrolled in the district of the board's decision regarding whether the district will provide human sexuality instruction to district students. If instruction will be provided, the notice must include:			
		A statement informing the parent of the human sexuality in- struction requirements under state law;		
	:	A detailed description of the content of the district's human sexuality instruction and a general schedule on which the in- struction will be provided;		
	3.	A statement of the parent's right to:		
	i	<ul> <li>At the parent's discretion, review or purchase a copy of curriculum materials as provided by Education Code 28.004(j) [see EFA];</li> </ul>		
		b. Remove the student from any part of that instruction without subjecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the dis- trict or the student's school; and		
		c. Use the grievance procedure at FNG or the appeals process under Education Code 7.057 concerning a complaint of a violation of Education Code 28.004;		
		A statement that any curriculum materials in the public do- main used for the district's human sexuality instruction must be posted on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website, and the internet website address at which the curriculum materials are located; and		
		Information describing the opportunities for parental involve- ment in the development of the curriculum to be used in hu- man sexuality instruction, including information regarding the SHAC.		
	Educ	ation Code 28.004(i)		
Parent Consent Before Instruction	a dist reque ficatio than t scribe the 14 tion b	The a student may be provided with human sexuality instruction, the trict must obtain the written consent of the student's parent. A set for written consent may not be included with any other notion or request for written consent provided to the parent, other the notice provided under Education Code 28.004(i), deed above, and must be provided to the parent not later than 4th day before the date on which the human sexuality instructioned in this paragraph expire August 1, <i>Education Code 28.004(i-2)-(i-3)</i>		

Condoms	A district may not distribute condoms in connection with instruction relating to human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(f)</i>			
Separate Classes	If a district provides human sexuality instruction, it may separate students according to sex for instructional purposes. <i>Education Code 28.004(g)</i> [See FB regarding single-sex classes under Title IX.]			
Adoption of Instructional Materials	The board shall adopt a policy establishing a process for the adop- tion of curriculum materials for the district's human sexuality in- struction. The policy must require:			
	<ol> <li>The board to adopt a resolution convening the local SHAC for the purpose of making recommendations regarding the cur- riculum materials;</li> </ol>			
	2. The local SHAC to:			
	<ul> <li>After the board's adoption of the resolution, hold at least two public meetings [see BDF] on the curriculum materi- als before adopting recommendations; and</li> </ul>			
	b. Provide the adopted recommendations to the board at a public meeting of the board; and			
	<ol> <li>The board, after receipt of the local SHAC's recommenda- tions under item 2, above, to take action on the adoption of the recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting.</li> </ol>			
	Before adopting curriculum materials for the district's human sexu- ality instruction, the board shall ensure that the curriculum materi- als are:			
	1. Based on the advice of the local SHAC;			
	2. Suitable for the subject and grade level for which the curricu- lum materials are intended; and			
	3. Reviewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level for which the curriculum materials are intended.			
	Education Code 28.004(e)-(e-1), (e-3)			
Abuse Prevention Instruction Adoption of Instructional Materials	Any course materials relating to the prevention of child abuse, fam- ily violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking shall be selected by the board with the advice of the local SHAC.			
	The board shall adopt a policy establishing a process for the adop- tion of curriculum materials for the district's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking. The policy must require:			

	1.	pur	e board to adopt a resolution convening the SHAC for the pose of making recommendations regarding the curricu- materials;		
	2.	The	e SHAC to:		
		a.	After the board's adoption of the resolution, hold at least two public meetings [see BDF] on the curriculum materi- als before adopting recommendations; and		
		b.	Provide the adopted recommendations to the board at a public meeting of the board; and		
	3.	take	e board, after receipt of the SHAC's recommendations, to e action on the adoption of the recommendations by a ord vote at a public meeting.		
Board Selection	Before adopting curriculum materials for the district's instruction re- lating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating vio- lence, and sex trafficking, the board shall ensure that the curricu- lum materials are:				
	1.	Based on the advice of the local SHAC;			
	2.		table for the subject and grade level for which the curricu- materials are intended; and		
	3.		viewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level which the curriculum materials are intended.		
	The board shall determine the specific content of the district's in- struction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, including the essential knowl- edge and skills addressing these topics developed by the SBOE.				
	Education Code 28.004(q)-(q-1), (q-3)-(q-4)				
Notice to Parents	Before each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a parent of each student enrolled in the district of the board's decision regarding whether the district will provide instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking to district students. If instruction will be provided. The notice must include:				
	1.	stat	tatement informing the parent of the requirements under the law regarding instruction relating to the prevention of d abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex traffick-		
	2.	rela	etailed description of the content of the district's instruction ting to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dat- violence, and sex trafficking;		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	-	11 of 14		

- 3. A statement of the parent's right to:
  - a. At the parent's discretion, review or purchase a copy of curriculum materials [see below at Availability of Instructional Materials];
  - b. Remove the student from any part of the district's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking without subjecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the district or the student's school; and
  - c. Use the grievance procedure at FNG or the appeals process under Education Code 7.057 concerning a complaint of a violation of Education Code 28.004;
- 4. A statement that any curriculum materials in the public domain used for the district's instruction regarding the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking must be posted on the district's internet website address at which the curriculum materials are located; and
- Information describing the opportunities for parental involvement in the development of the curriculum to be used in instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, including information regarding the local SHAC.

Parent Consent Before Instruction Before a student may be provided with instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, a district must obtain the written consent of the student's parent. A request for written consent:

- 1. May not be included with any other notification or request for written consent provided to the parent, other than the notice described above; and
- 2. Must be provided to the parent not later than the 14th day before the date on which the instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking begins.

#### Education Code 28.004(q-5)-(q-6)

Availability of Materials for Human Sexuality Instruction and Abuse Prevention Instruction

Curriculum materials proposed to be adopted for the district's human sexuality instruction or instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking must be made available as provided below, except copyrighted

materials must be provided as described by items (2)(a) or (2)(c), as applicable.

A district shall make all curriculum materials used in human sexuality instruction or instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking available by:

- 1. For curriculum materials in the public domain:
  - a. Providing a copy of the curriculum materials by mail or email to a parent of a student enrolled in the district on the parent's request; and
  - b. Posting the curriculum materials on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website; and
- 2. For copyrighted curriculum materials, allowing a parent of a student enrolled in the district to:
  - a. Review the curriculum materials at the student's campus at any time during regular business hours;
  - b. Purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher as provided by the district's purchase agreement for the curriculum materials; or
  - c. Review the curriculum materials online through a secure electronic account in a manner that prevents the curriculum materials from being copied and that otherwise complies with copyright law.

For purchase agreements entered into, amended, or renewed on or after September 1, 2021, if a district purchases from a publisher copyrighted curriculum materials for use in the district's human sexuality instruction, the district shall ensure that the purchase agreement provides for a means by which a parent of a student enrolled in the district may purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher at a price that does not exceed the price per unit paid by the district for the curriculum materials.

If a district purchases from a publisher copyrighted curriculum materials for use in the district's instruction relating to the prevention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, the district shall ensure that the purchase agreement provides for a means by which a parent of a student enrolled in the district may purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher at a price that does not exceed the price per unit paid by the district for the curriculum materials.

Education Code 28.004(e-2), (j)-(j-2), (q-2)

Character Education		A district must adopt a character education program that includes the following positive character education traits and personal skills:		
	1.	Courage;		
	2.	Trustworthiness, including honesty, reliability, punctuality, and loyalty;		
	3.	Integrity;		
	4.	Respect and courtesy;		
	5.	Responsibility, including accountability, diligence, persever- ance, self-management skills, and self-control;		
	6.	Fairness, including justice and freedom from prejudice;		
	7.	Caring, including kindness, empathy, compassion, considera- tion, patience, generosity, charity, and interpersonal skills;		
	8.	Good citizenship, including patriotism, concern for the com- mon good and the community, responsible decision-making skills, and respect for authority and the law;		
	9.	School pride; and		
	10.	Gratitude.		
	In developing or selecting a character education program under Education Code 29.906, a district shall consult with a committee selected by the district that consists of parents of district students, educators, and other members of the community, including com- munity leaders.			
	The provisions above do not require or authorize proselytizing or indoctrinating concerning any specific religious or political belief.			
	Edu	cation Code 29.906		

Denton ISD 061901		
BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMEHABREQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY)(LEGAL)		
Essential Knowledge and Skills	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 5 must prostruction in the required curriculum as specified in 19 Adm tive Code 74.1 (Essential Knowledge and Skills).	
	A district shall ensure that sufficient time is provided for te teach and students to learn English language arts, mather science, social studies, fine arts, health, physical education nology applications, and to the extent possible, languages than English.	matics, on, tech-
	19 TAC 74.2	
Daily Physical Activity	A district shall require students in kindergarten through graph participate in moderate or vigorous daily physical activity for least 30 minutes throughout the school year, as part of the physical education program or through structured activity campus's daily recess.	or at e district's
	If a district determines, for any particular grade level, that moderate or vigorous daily physical activity is impractical scheduling concerns or other factors, the district may as a native require a student in that grade level to participate in ate or vigorous physical activity for at least 135 minutes de each school week.	due to in alter- n moder-
	A district must provide an exemption for a student who is participate in the required physical activity because of illne disability.	
	Education Code 28.002(I)	
Grade 6 Fine Arts	A district that provides instruction for grade 6 in a self-con ementary class as part of elementary school shall provide tion for students in grade 6 in all of the Middle School 1 TI art, dance, music, and theatre as specified in 19 Administ Code Chapter 117. <i>Education Code 28.002(c-1); 19 TAC</i>	instruc- EKS for rative
Kindergarten- Grade 3 Reading Program	Each district shall adopt a phonics curriculum for kinderga grade 3 in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.200 phonics program that does not meet all criteria in 19 Admin Code 74.2001(b)(1) may be used by a district if the program strong evidence base and is used in conjunction with a pho program that meets all criteria. 19 TAC 74.2001; Education 28.0062(a)(1)	01. A inistrative am has a ionics
	A district shall certify to the Texas Education Agency (TEA district prioritizes placement of highly effective teachers in garten through second grade and has integrated reading is ments used to diagnose reading development and compre- to support each student in prekindergarten through third g	kinder- instru- ehension
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 2		

*ucation Code 28.0062(a)(3)* [See DMA for early literacy personnel requirements]

Three-Cueing "Three-cueing" means a method of reading instruction for identification of words by which a student is encouraged to draw on context and sentence structure to read words without sounding the words out or using a phonics-based approach.

> A district may not include any instruction that incorporates threecueing in the required phonics curriculum.

Education Code 28.0062(a-1)

	12 r and mar four	urses in the foundation and enrichment curriculum in grades 6- nust be provided in a manner that allows all grade promotion high school graduation requirements to be met in a timely oner. A district is not required to offer a specific course in the indation and enrichment curriculum except as specified in Administrative Code 74.3. <i>19 TAC 74.3(c)</i>	-	
Grades 6-8	quir latir suff lear at le thea to th dist sett lear for a	strict that offers grades 6-8 must provide instruction in the re- ed curriculum as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.1, re- ing to essential knowledge and skills. A district must ensure that icient time is provided for teachers to teach and for students to an English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, east one of the four disciplines in fine arts (art, dance, music, atre), health, physical education, technology applications, and he extent possible, languages other than English. The school rict may provide instruction in a variety of arrangements and ings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexible ning arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction all student populations to support student attainment of course grade level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.3(a)(1)</i>	e n	
Physical Activity Requirements	A district shall require students in grades 6-8 to participate in mo- erate or vigorous daily physical activity for at least 30 minutes for least four semesters during those grade levels as part of the dis- trict's physical education curriculum.			
	A district may as an alternative require a student enrolled in a grade level for which the district uses block scheduling to participate in moderate or vigorous physical activity for at least 225 minutes during each period of two school weeks.			
Exemptions	A di	strict must provide an exemption for:		
	1.	A student who is unable to participate in the required physica activity because of illness or disability; and	al	
	2.	A student who participates in an extracurricular activity with a moderate or vigorous physical activity component that is con sidered a structured activity and meets the requirements for extracurricular activity as defined at 19 Administrative Code 76.1001.		
	A district may allow an exemption for a student on a middle on nior high school campus participating in a school-related act an activity sponsored by a private league or club only if that meets each of the following requirements:			
	1.	The activity must be structured;		
	2.	The board must certify the activity; and		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 9			9	

	3.	The student must provide proof of participation in the activity.			
		A "structured activity" is an activity that meets, at a minimum, each of the following requirements:			
	1.	The activity is based on the grade appropriate movement, physical activity and health, and social development strands of the essential knowledge and skills for physical education specified in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 116; and			
	2.	The activity is organized and monitored by school personnel or by appropriately trained instructors who are part of a pro- gram that has been certified by the board.			
	Edu	ucation Code 28.002(I)-(I-1); 19 TAC 103.1003			
Fine Arts Requirement	ente one in g	e school district must ensure that, beginning with students who er grade 6 in the 2010-11 school year, each student completes e Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills-based fine arts course rade 6, grade 7, or grade 8. <i>Education Code 28.002(c-1); 19</i> <i>C 74.3(a)(2)</i>			
	opp in fi fine upc	A district shall offer and maintain evidence that students have the opportunity to take courses in at least three of the four disciplines in fine arts. The requirement to offer three of the four disciplines in fine arts may be reduced to two by the commissioner of education upon application of a school district with a total middle school enrollment of less than 250 students. <i>19 TAC 74.3(a)(3)</i>			
Instruction in High School, College, and Career Preparation	pre	ch district shall provide instruction to students in grade 7 or 8 in paring for high school, college, and a career. The instruction st include information regarding:			
	1.	The creation of a high school personal graduation plan under Education Code 28.02121;			
	2.	The distinguished level of achievement described by Educa- tion Code 28.025(b-15);			
	3.	Each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1);			
	4.	College readiness standards; and			
	5.	Potential career choices and the education needed to enter those careers.			
	in tl	istrict may provide the instruction as part of an existing course ne required curriculum; provide the instruction as part of an ex- ng career and technology course designated by the State Board			

	of Education (SBOE) as appropriate for that purpose; or establish a new elective course through which to provide the instruction.				
	Education Code 28.016				
Middle School Advanced Math Program	A district shall develop an advanced mathematics program for mid- dle school students that is designed to enable those students to enroll in Algebra I in eighth grade.				
	A district shall automatically enroll in an advanced mathematics course each sixth grade student who performed in the top 40 per- cent on the fifth grade mathematics state assessment instrument or a local measure that includes the student's fifth grade class ranking or a demonstrated proficiency in the student's fifth grade mathematics coursework.				
	The parent or guardian may opt the student out of automatic enroll- ment under this provision.				
	Education Code 28.029				
High School Courses at Earlier Grades	A district may offer courses designated for grades 9-12 in earlier grade levels. <i>19 TAC 74.26(b)</i>				
Grades 9-12 Course Offerings	A district that offers grades 9-12 shall provide instruction in the re- quired curriculum as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.1. A district shall ensure that sufficient time is provided for teachers to teach and for students to learn the subjects in the required curricu- lum. <i>19 TAC 74.3(b)(1)</i>				
	A district shall offer the courses listed below in grades 9-12 and shall maintain evidence that students have the opportunity to take these courses:				
	1. English language arts — English I, II, III, IV, and at least one additional advanced English course.				
	2. Mathematics — Algebra I, Algebra II, Geometry, Precalculus, and Mathematical Models with Applications.				
	<ol> <li>Science — Integrated Physics and Chemistry, Biology, Chem- istry, Physics, and at least two additional science courses se- lected from Aquatic Science, Astronomy, Earth and Space Science, Environmental Systems, Advanced Animal Science, Advanced Biotechnology, Advanced Plant and Soil Science, Anatomy and Physiology, Engineering Design and Problem Solving, Food Science, Forensic Science, Medical Microbiol- ogy, Pathophysiology, Scientific Research and Design, and Principles of Engineering.</li> </ol>				

- a. The requirement to offer two additional courses may be reduced to one by the commissioner upon application of a district with a total high school enrollment of less than 500 students.
- b. Science courses shall include at least 40 percent handson laboratory investigations and field work using appropriate scientific inquiry.
- 4. Social studies United States History Studies Since 1877, World History Studies, United States Government, World Geography Studies, Personal Financial Literacy, Economics with Emphasis on the Free Enterprise System and Its Benefits, and Personal Financial Literacy and Economics. The requirement to offer both Economics with Emphasis on the Free Enterprise System and Its Benefits and Personal Financial Literacy and Economics may be reduced to one by the commissioner upon application of a district with a total high school enrollment of less than 500 students.
- 5. Physical education at least two courses selected from:
  - a. Lifetime Fitness and Wellness Pursuits;
  - b. Lifetime Recreation and Outdoor Pursuits; or
  - c. Skill-Based Lifetime Activities.
- 6. Fine arts courses selected from at least two of the four fine arts areas (art, music, theatre, and dance) as follows:
  - a. Art I, II, III, IV;
  - b. Music I, II, III, IV;
  - c. Theatre I, II, III, IV; or
  - d. Dance I, II, III, IV.
- Career and technical education [see EEL] three or more career and technical education courses for four or more credits with at least one advanced course aligned with a specified number of Texas Education Agency (TEA)-designated programs of study determined by enrollment as follows:
  - a. One program of study for a district with fewer than 500 students enrolled in high school;
  - b. Two programs of study for a district with 501-1,000 students enrolled in high school;

		C.	Three programs of study for a district with 1,001-2,000 students enrolled in high school;			
		d.	Four programs of study for a district with 1,001-5,000 students enrolled in high school;			
		e.	Five programs of study for a district with 5,001-10,000 students enrolled in high school; and			
		f.	Six programs of study for a district with more than 10,000 students enrolled in high school.			
	8.		guages other than English — Levels I, II, and III or higher ne same language.			
	9.	of C	nputer science — one course selected from Fundamentals omputer Science, Computer Science I, or Advanced cement (AP) Computer Science Principles.			
	10.	Spe	ech — Communication Applications.			
	19	19 TAC 74.3(b)(2)				
	A district must provide each student the opportunity each year to select courses in which he or she intends to participate from a list that includes all courses listed above. If a district will not offer all required courses every year, but intends to offer particular courses only every other year, it must notify all enrolled students of that fact.					
	A district shall teach any course a student is specifically required to take for high school graduation at least once in any two consecutive school years. For a subject that has an end-of-course assessment, a district shall either teach the course every year or use alternate delivery systems, as described in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74, Subchapter C, to enable students to earn credit for the course and shall maintain evidence thereof.					
	19	19 TAC 74.3(b)(4)				
	cou	A district may offer additional courses from the complete list of courses approved by the SBOE to satisfy graduation requirements. <i>19 TAC 74.3(b)(3)</i>				
			may allow a student to enroll concurrently in Algebra I netry. <i>Education Code 28.025(b-6)</i>			
Personal Financial Literacy	liter usir fina	acy th ng ma ncial l	rict shall provide an elective course in personal financial nat meets the requirements for a one-half elective credit, terials approved by the SBOE. The instruction in personal literacy must include instruction on completing the appli- federal student aid provided by the Department of Edu-			

	cation. In fulfilling the requirement to provide financial literacy in- struction, a district may use an existing state, federal, private, or nonprofit program that provides students without charge the de- scribed instruction. <i>Education Code 28.0021(b)</i>
Applied Courses	A school district may offer the foundation curriculum in an applied manner. The courses delivered in an applied manner must cover the essential knowledge and skills, and the student shall be administered the applicable end-of-course assessment instrument. <i>Education Code 28.025(b-4)</i>
Research Writing Component	For students entering grade 9 beginning with the 2007-08 school year, districts must ensure that one or more courses offered in the required curriculum for the Recommended and Advanced/ Distinguished Achievement High School Programs include a research writing component. <i>19 TAC 74.3(b)(5)</i>
Parenting Awareness Program High School	A district shall use the parenting and paternity awareness program developed by the SBOE in its high school health curriculum.
Middle and Junior High School	A district may use the program in the district's middle or junior high school curriculum.
Program Requirements	Implementation of this requirement shall comply with the require- ment that the board establish a local school health advisory council to assist the district in ensuring that local community values are re- flected in the district's health education instruction.
	A district may add elements at its discretion but must include the following areas of instruction:
	1. Parenting skills and responsibilities, including child support;
	2. Relationship skills, including money management, communi- cation, and marriage preparation; and
	<ol> <li>Skills relating to the prevention of family violence, only if the district's middle, junior high, or high schools do not have a family violence program.</li> </ol>
	At the discretion of the district, a teacher may modify the sug- gested sequence and pace of the program at any grade level.
Local Programs and Materials	A district may develop or adopt research-based programs and cur- riculum materials for use in conjunction with the program devel- oped by the SBOE. The programs and curriculum materials may provide instruction in:
	1. Child development;

	2.	Parenting skills, including child abuse and neglect prevention; and		
	3.	Assertiveness skills to prevent teenage pregnancy, abusive relationships, and family violence.		
Parent Permission	with	A student under 14 years of age may not participate in the program without the permission of the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student.		
	Edι	ıcation Code 28.002(p); 19 TAC 74.35(a)		
Alcohol Awareness Instruction	seq alco	istrict shall incorporate instruction in the dangers, causes, con- uences, signs, symptoms, and treatment of binge drinking and bhol poisoning into any course meeting a requirement for a lth education credit.		
	gra higi	istrict shall choose an evidence-based alcohol awareness pro- m to use in the district's middle school, junior high school, and n school health curriculum from a list of programs approved by commissioner for this purpose.		
	pra dela that	idence-based alcohol awareness program" means a program, ctice, or strategy that has been proven to effectively prevent or ay alcohol use among students, as determined by evaluations t use valid and reliable measures and that are published in pr-reviewed journals.		
	Edι	ucation Code 28.002(r); 19 TAC 74.35(b)		
Fentanyl Abuse and Drug Poisoning Instruction	to fe	istrict shall annually provide research-based instruction related entanyl abuse prevention and drug poisoning awareness to stu- ts in grades 6 through 12.		
	The	e instruction must include:		
	1.	Suicide prevention;		
	2.	Prevention of the abuse of and addiction to fentanyl;		
	3.	Awareness of local school and community resources and any processes involved in accessing those resources; and		
	4.	Health education that includes information about substance use and abuse, including youth substance use and abuse.		
		e required instruction may be provided by an entity or an em- vee or agent of an entity that is:		
	1.	A public or private institution of higher education;		
	2.	A library;		
	103	7 of 9		

	3.	A community service organization;
	4.	A religious organization;
	5.	A local public health agency; or
	6.	An organization employing mental health professionals.
	Educ	cation Code 38.040
CPR and AED Instruction	diop terna of ar	strict shall provide instruction to students in grades 7-12 in car- ulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of an automated ex- al defibrillator (AED). The instruction may be provided as a part by course. A student shall receive the instruction at least once re graduation.
	tion t the <i>A</i> ing r genc	a instruction must include training in cardiopulmonary resuscita- techniques and the use of an AED that has been developed by American Heart Association or the American Red Cross or us- nationally recognized, evidence-based guidelines for emer- cy cardiovascular care and incorporating psychomotor skills to port the instruction.
	polic Asso emp struc AED the c by th	strict may use emergency medical technicians, paramedics, se officers, firefighters, representatives of the American Heart ociation or the American Red Cross, teachers, other school loyees, or other similarly qualified individuals to provide in- ction and training. Instruction is not required to result in CPR or certification. If instruction is intended to result in certification, course instructor must be authorized to provide the instruction he American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a ar nationally recognized association.
Waivers for Students with Disabilities	disal rega	strict may waive this requirement for a student who, due to a bility, is unable to complete the instruction. The determination rding a student's ability to complete the CPR requirement must hade by:
	1.	The student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) com- mittee if the student receives special education services un- der Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A; or
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, if the student does not receive special education services, but is covered by Section 504.
	Educ	cation Code 28.0023 (c)-(e), (g); 19 TAC 74.38
Donations	der E	strict may accept from TEA donations the agency receives un- Education Code 7.026 for use in providing instruction to stu- s in the principles and techniques of CPR and the use of an

	AED. A district may accept other donations, including donations of equipment, for use in providing CPR instruction and the use of an AED. <i>Education Code</i> 29.903
Proper Interaction with a Peace Officer	For any student entering grade 9 in the 2018-19 school year and thereafter, a district shall provide instruction in one or more cour- ses to students in grades 9-12 on proper interaction with peace of- ficers during traffic stops and other in-person encounters. The re- quired instruction may be provided as part of any course or courses and must be provided to each student at least once before graduation from high school.
	The instruction must include all the information required by 19 Ad- ministrative Code 74.39(b). A district shall use materials developed through a memorandum of understanding among the Texas Com- mission on Law Enforcement, the SBOE, and TEA. A district may tailor the instruction developed under this section as appropriate for the district's community. In tailoring the instruction, the district shall solicit input from local law enforcement agencies, driver train- ing schools, and the community.
	A district shall clearly indicate on the transcript or academic achievement record the year in which the instruction was provided to the student.
	19 TAC 74.39; Education Code 28.012
Driving With Disability Program	For information regarding the required notice for students who are receiving special education services or who are covered by Section 504, see EHBAD.

Denton ISD 061901

CURRICULUM DESIGN EHB SPECIAL PROGRAMS (LEGAL) Parental Notice of Each school year, a district shall notify a parent of each child, other Assistance for than a child enrolled in a special education program under Educa-Learning Difficulties tion Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, who receives assistance from the district for learning difficulties, including through the use of intervention strategies that the district provides that assistance to the child. The notice must: 1. Be provided when the child begins to receive the assistance for that school year; 2. Be written in English or, to the extent practicable, the parent's native language; and 3. Include: a. A reasonable description of the assistance that may be provided to the child, including any intervention strategies that may be used; Information collected regarding any intervention in the b. base tier of a multi-tiered system of supports that has previously been used with the child; C. An estimate of the duration for which the assistance, including through the use of intervention strategies, will be provided: d. The estimated time frames within which a report on the child's progress with the assistance, including any intervention strategies used, will be provided to the parent; and e. A copy of the explanation provided under Education Code 26.0081(c). [See FB] This required notice may be provided to a child's parent at a meeting of the team established for the child under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), if applicable. Education Code 26.0081(d)-(e) "Intervention strategy" means a strategy in a multi-tiered system of supports that is above the level of intervention generally used in that system with all children. The term includes response to intervention and other early intervening strategies. Education Code 26.004(a) **Dyslexia and Related** Dyslexia is an example of and meets the definition of a specific Disorders learning disability under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) [see EHBAA]. If a district suspects or has a reason to suspect that a student may have dyslexia, including after evalua-

#### CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS

tion or use of a reading diagnosis under Education Codes 28.006 [see EKC] or 38.003 [see below], and that the student may be a child with a disability under IDEA, the district must:

- Provide to the student's parent or a person standing in parental relation to the student a form developed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) explaining the rights available under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act that may be additional to the rights available under Section 504 [see FB];
- Comply with all federal and state requirements, including the <u>Dyslexia Handbook: Procedures Concerning Dyslexia and</u> <u>Related Disorders</u><sup>1</sup>, as adopted by the State Board of Education (SBOE), and its subsequent amendments, regarding any evaluation of the student; and
- 3. If the student is evaluated for dyslexia or a related disorder, also evaluate the student in any other areas in which the district suspects the student may have a disability.

# Education Code 29.0031(a)

Districts shall provide each student with dyslexia or a related disorder access to each program under which the student qualifies for services. A board must ensure that procedures for identifying a student with dyslexia or a related disorder and for providing appropriate, evidence-based instructional services to students are implemented in the district.

District procedures must be implemented according to 19 Administrative Code 74.28. Districts shall provide a copy or a link to the electronic version of the *Dyslexia Handbook: Procedures Concerning Dyslexia and Related Disorders* to parents of children suspected to have dyslexia or a related disorder.

Districts will be subject to monitoring for compliance with federal law and regulations in connection with 19 Administrative Code 74.28.

## 19 TAC 74.28(a)-(c), (l)-(m)

Policy Required In accordance with the program approved by the SBOE [see Screening, Testing, and Identification, below], the board shall provide for the treatment of any student determined to have dyslexia or a related disorder and adopt and implement a policy requiring the district to comply with all rules and standards adopted by the SBOE to implement the program, including:

CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS		EHB (LEGAL)
	1.	The <i>Dyslexia Handbook: Procedures Concerning Dyslexia</i> and Related Disorders, as adopted by the SBOE, and its sub- sequent amendments; and
	2.	Guidance published by the commissioner to assist the district in implementing the program.
	Edu	cation Code 38.003(b)
Compliance Monitoring	law 74.2 pliar rule:	ricts will be subject to monitoring for compliance with federal and regulations in connection with 19 Administrative Code 28. Districts will be subject to auditing and monitoring for com- nce with state dyslexia laws in accordance with administrative s adopted by the commissioner of education as required by Ed- tion Code 38.003(c-1). <i>19 TAC 74.28(n)</i>
Special Education Evaluation	conv and cific	multidisciplinary evaluation team and any subsequent team vened to determine a student's eligibility for special education related services must include at least one member with spe- knowledge regarding the reading process, dyslexia and re- d disorders, and dyslexia instruction. The member must:
	1.	Hold a licensed dyslexia therapist license under Occupations Code Chapter 403;
	2.	Hold the most advanced dyslexia-related certification issued by an association recognized by the SBOE, and identified in, or substantially similar to an association identified in, the pro- gram and rules adopted under Education Code 7.102 and 38.003; or
	3.	If a person qualified under item 1 or 2 is not available, meet the applicable training requirements adopted by the SBOE pursuant to Education Code 7.102 and 38.003.
	que edu the	ember of a multidisciplinary evaluation team and any subse- nt team convened to determine a student's eligibility for special cation and related services must sign a document describing member's participation in the evaluation of the student and any ilting individualized education program developed for the stu- t.
	Edu	cation Code 29.0031(b)-(c)
Screening, Testing, and Identification	teste priat The of ea	dents enrolling in public schools in Texas shall be screened or ed, as appropriate, for dyslexia and related disorders at appro- te times in accordance with a program approved by the SBOE. program must include screening at the end of the school year ach student in kindergarten and each student in the first grade. <i>cation Code 38.003(a)</i>

Denton ISD 061901

# CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS

	A process for early identification, intervention, and support for stu- dents at risk for dyslexia and related disorders must be available, as outlined in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> . A district may not use early intervention strategies, including multi-tiered systems of support, to delay or deny the provision of a full and individual evaluation to a child suspected of having a specific learning disability, including dyslexia or a related disorder.
	Screening, as described in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> , and further evaluation should only be conducted by individuals who are trained in valid, evidence-based assessments and who are trained to appropriately evaluate students for dyslexia and related disorders.
	19 TAC 74.28(d), (j)
Parent Notification	At least five school days before any identification or evaluation pro- cedure is used selectively with an individual student, a district must provide written notification of the proposed identification or evalua- tion to the student's parent or guardian or another person standing in parental relation to the student. The notice must be in English, or to the extent practicable, the individual's native language and must include the following:
	<ol> <li>A reasonable description of the evaluation procedure to be used with the individual student;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Information related to any instructional intervention or strategy used to assist the student prior to evaluation;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>An estimated time frame within which the evaluation will be completed; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Specific contact information for the campus point of contact, relevant parent training and information projects, and any other appropriate parent resources.</li> </ol>
IDEA Notice	Before a full individual and initial evaluation is conducted to deter- mine whether a student has a disability under the IDEA, a district must notify the student's parent or guardian or another person standing in parental relation to the student of its proposal to con- duct an evaluation consistent with 34 C.F.R. 300.503, provide all the information required in the above notice, and provide an oppor- tunity for written consent for the evaluation. The district must also provide a copy of the IDEA procedural safeguards notice required under 34 C.F.R. 300.504 and a copy of Section 504 information re- quired under Education Code 26.0081. [See EHBAE and FB]
Options and Services	Parents or guardians of a student with dyslexia or a related disor- der must be informed of all services and options available to the student, including general education interventions under response

Denton ISD 061901

061901			
CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS			EHB (LEGAL)
	quire	tervention and multi-tiered systems of support models ed by Education Code 26.0081(d), and options under fo including IDEA, and the Rehabilitation Act, Section 50	ederal
	19 T	AC 74.28(f)-(h)	
Parent Education	guar	strict shall provide a parent education program for pare dians of students with dyslexia and related disorders. n must include:	
	1.	Awareness and characteristics of dyslexia and related ders;	l disor-
	2.	Information on testing and diagnosis of dyslexia and r disorders;	elated
	3.	Information on effective strategies for teaching studer dyslexia and related disorders;	its with
	4.	Information on qualifications of those delivering servic students with dyslexia and related disorders;	es to
	5.	Awareness of information on accommodations and m tions, especially those allowed for standardized testin	
	6.	Information on eligibility, evaluation requests, and ser available under IDEA and Section 504 and information response to intervention process; and	
	7.	Contact information for the relevant regional and/or di specialists.	strict
	Edu	cation Code 38.003; 19 TAC 74.28(l)	
Progress Reports	a stu vide dent stud	ast once each grading period, and more often if provid ident's individualized education program, a district sha the parent of or person standing in parental relation to receiving dyslexia instruction with information regardir ent's progress as a result of the student receiving that <i>Education Code 20.0031(d)</i>	ll pro- a stu- ng the
Services	her of gran and dent ized	n school must provide each identified student access a campus to instructional programs required at Reading n, below, and to the services of a teacher trained in dys related disorders. A district may, with the approval of e 's parents or guardians, offer additional services at a c location, but centralized services shall not preclude ea from receiving services at his or her campus. <i>19 TAC</i>	Pro- slexia each stu- entral- ich stu-
Providers of Dyslexia Instruction	lated	ovider of dyslexia instruction to students with dyslexia a d disorders must be fully trained in the district's adopted ctional materials for students with dyslexia and is not re	d in-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 EHB(LEGAL)-P	23		5 of 6

001001	
CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS	EHB (LEGAL)
	to hold a certificate or permit in special education issued under Ed- ucation Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B unless the provider is em- ployed in a special education position that requires the certification.
	The completion of a literacy achievement academy under Educa- tion Code 21.4552 by an educator who participates in the evalua- tion or instruction of students with dyslexia and related disorders does not satisfy the requirements of this provision.
	Education Code 29.0032
Reading Program	A district shall purchase a reading program or develop its own reading program that is aligned with the descriptors in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> .
	Teachers who screen and treat these students must be trained in instructional strategies that use individualized, intensive, multisensory, phonetic methods and a variety of writing and spelling components described in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> . The professional development activities specified by the district- and/or campus-level committees shall include these instructional strategies.
	19 TAC 74.28(e)
Reassessment	Unless otherwise provided by law, a student determined to have dyslexia during screening or testing or accommodated because of dyslexia may not be rescreened or retested for dyslexia for the purpose of reassessing the student's need for accommodations until the district reevaluates the information obtained from previous screening or testing of the student. <i>Education Code 38.003(b-1)</i>
Audiobook Program Notification	A district shall notify the parent or guardian of each student deter- mined, on the basis of a dyslexia or related disorder screening or other basis, to have dyslexia or a related disorder, or determined, on the basis of reading instrument results, to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading difficulties of the program maintained by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission providing students with reading disabilities the ability to borrow audiobooks free of charge. The notification shall be done in accordance with the program de- veloped by the commissioner. <i>Education Code 28.006(g-2)</i>
	<sup>1</sup> Dyslexia Handbook: Procedures Concerning Dyslexia and Related Dis-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dyslexia Handbook: Procedures Concerning Dyslexia and Related Disorders: <u>https://tea.texas.gov/academics/special-student-populations/dyslexia-and-related-disorders</u>

Denton ISD 061901	
CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS	EHB (LOCAL)
Dyslexia and Related Disorders	The District shall comply with all rules and standards adopted by the State Board of Education and guidance published by the com- missioner of education to implement the program to test students for dyslexia and related disorders.
	In accordance with administrative procedures, the District shall pro- vide regular training opportunities for teachers of students with dys- lexia that include new research and practices for educating stu- dents with dyslexia.

Identification Child Find	A district shall ensure that all children residing within the district who have disabilities, regardless of the severity of their disabilities, and who are in need of special education and related services are identified, located, and evaluated. This requirement applies to:		
	1.	Homeless children;	
	2.	Children who are wards of the state;	
	3.	Children attending private schools;	
	4.	Highly mobile children (including migrant children); and	
	5.	Children who are suspected of being in need of special edu- cation but who are advancing from grade to grade.	
	20 L	J.S.C. 1412(a)(3)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.111(a)(1)(i), (c)	
Private School Students	priva the p	strict shall conduct a timely and meaningful consultation with ate school representatives regarding the child find process and provision of special education and related services to children illed in private schools in the district.	
	publ child	strict shall undertake activities similar to those undertaken for ic school children and shall complete the child find process for Iren enrolled in private schools in a time period comparable to for other students attending public schools in the district.	
		<i>I.S.C. 1412(a)(10)(A)(ii)-(iv)</i> [See EHBAC regarding students in district placement.]	
Preschool Students	dren ble f	strict shall develop a system to notify district residents with chil- who are at least three and younger than six and who are eligi- or enrollment in a special education program of the availability e program. <i>Education Code</i> 29.009	
Requests and Referrals for Evaluation	appr shal	screening of a student by a teacher or specialist to determine opriate instructional strategies for curriculum implementation I not be considered to be an evaluation for eligibility for special cation and related services. 20 U.S.C. $1414(a)(1)(E)$	
	poss over pare	erral of students for a full individual and initial evaluation for sible special education services shall be a part of a district's all general education referral or screening system. Either a ent, the Texas Education Agency (TEA), another state agency, be district may initiate a request for an initial evaluation.	
District Obligation to Refer	cons as tu inter	lents experiencing difficulty in the general classroom should be sidered for all support services available to all students, such utorial; remedial; compensatory; response to evidence-based vention; and other academic or behavior support services. A ent is not required to be provided with interventions for any	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	1 of 8	

	specific length of time prior to a referral being made or a full indi- vidual and initial evaluation being conducted. If the student contin- ues to experience difficulty in the general classroom with the provi- sion of interventions, district personnel must refer the student for a full individual and initial evaluation. A referral for a full individual and initial evaluation may be initiated at any time by school person- nel, the student's parents or legal guardian, or another person in- volved in the education or care of the student.
	19 TAC 89.1011(a)
Parental Request	If a parent submits a written request to a district's director of spe- cial education services or to a district administrative employee for a full individual and initial evaluation of a student, the district shall, not later than the 15th school day after the date the district re- ceives the request:
	<ol> <li>Provide the parent with prior written notice of its proposal to conduct an evaluation consistent with 34 C.F.R. 300.503, a copy of the procedural safeguards notice required by 34 C.F.R. 300.504, and an opportunity to give written consent for the evaluation; or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Provide the parent with prior written notice of its refusal to conduct an evaluation consistent with 34 C.F.R. 300.503, and a copy of the procedural safeguards notice required by 34 C.F.R. 300.504.</li> </ol>
	19 TAC 89.1011(b); Education Code 29.004(c); 20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(1); 34 C.F.R. 300.301
Notice of Rights	A reasonable time before a district proposes or refuses to initiate the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of a student or the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) to a student, the district shall provide written notice to the student's par- ent or guardian. 20 U.S.C. 1415(b)(3); 34 C.F.R. 300.503(a) [See EHBAE]
Initial Evaluation Required	A district shall conduct a full individual and initial evaluation before the initial provision of special education and related services. 20 U.S.C. $1414(a)(1)(A)$
Consent for Initial Evaluation	Before a district conducts an initial evaluation, it shall make rea- sonable efforts to obtain informed parental consent.
	If the parent does not provide consent for an initial evaluation, or if the parent fails to respond to a request to provide consent, a dis- trict may, but is not required to, pursue the initial evaluation by uti- lizing due process procedures [see EHBAE], except to the extent inconsistent with state law relating to such parental consent.

		ental consent to initial evaluation shall not be construed as con- t for placement for special education and related services.		
	20	U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(D)(i)(I); 34 C.F.R. 300.300(b)		
Wards of the State	pare	If the child is a ward of the state and is not residing with the child's parent, a district shall make reasonable efforts to obtain the in- formed consent from the parent for an initial evaluation, unless:		
	1.	Despite reasonable efforts to do so, the district cannot dis- cover the whereabouts of the parent;		
	2.	The rights of the parent have been terminated; or		
	3.	The rights of the parent to make educational decisions have been subrogated and an individual appointed by a judge to represent the student has given consent for an initial evalua- tion.		
	20 (	U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(D)(iii); 34 C.F.R. 300.300(a)(2)		
Time Frame for Completion of		A district must complete the written report of a full individual and initial evaluation:		
Written Report	1.	Not later than the 45th school day following the date on which the district receives written consent for the evaluation from the student's parent. If a student has been absent from school during that period on three or more school days, the period must be extended by a number of school days equal to the number of school days during that period on which the stu- dent has been absent; or		
	2.	For students under five years of age by September 1 of the school year and not enrolled in public school and for students enrolled in a private or homeschool setting, not later than the 45th school day following the date on which the district receives written consent for the evaluation from the student's parent.		
	den last indi	district receives written consent for the evaluation from the stu- t's parent at least 35 but less than 45 school days before the instructional day of the school year, the written report of a full vidual and initial evaluation of a student must be provided to the dent's parent not later than June 30 of that year.		
	less sch but sch	If a district receives written consent signed by a student's parent less than 35 school days before the last instructional day of the school year or if the district receives the written consent at least 35 but less than 45 school days before the last instructional day of the school year but the student is absent from school during that pe- riod on three or more days, the report must be completed not later		

	than the 45th school day following the date the district received written consent, except that the period must be extended by a number of school days equal to the number of school days during that period on which the student has been absent.						
	A student is considered absent for the school day if the student is not in attendance at the school's official attendance taking time or at the alternate attendance taking time set for that student. A stu- dent is considered in attendance if the student is off campus partic- ipating in an activity that is approved by the school board and is under the direction of a professional staff member of the school district or an adjunct staff member who has a minimum of a bache- lor's degree and is eligible for participation in the Teacher Retire- ment System of Texas.						
	"School day" does not include a day that falls after the last instruc- tional day of the spring school term and before the first instructional day of the subsequent fall school term.						
	These time frames shall not apply if the parent repeatedly fails or refuses to produce the child for the evaluation.						
Transfer Students	A district shall ensure that evaluations of children who transfer from one district to another in the same academic year are coordinated with the children's prior and subsequent schools, as necessary and as expeditiously as possible, to ensure prompt completion of evalu- ations.						
	If a student was in the process of being evaluated for special edu- cation eligibility by a district and enrolls in another school district before the previous district completed the full individual and initial evaluation, the new district must coordinate with the previous dis- trict as necessary and as expeditiously as possible to ensure a prompt completion of the evaluation in accordance with 34 C.F.R., 300.301(d)(2) and (e) and 300.304(c)(5).						
	The timelines above do not apply in such a situation if:						
	<ol> <li>The new school district is making sufficient progress to en- sure a prompt completion of the evaluation; and</li> </ol>						
	2. The parent and the new school district agree to a specific time when the evaluation will be completed.						
	20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(C), (b)(3)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.301(c)-(e); Edu- cation Code 29.004; 19 TAC 89.1011						
Psychological Examinations	If a district determines that an additional examination or test is re- quired for the initial and individual evaluation, the district shall pro- vide the information required by Education Code 29.0041(a) and						

	shall obtain additional parental consent. If a parent does not give consent within 20 calendar days after the district provided the information, the parent's consent is considered denied.				
	The time required for a district to provide information and seek con- sent may not be counted toward the time frame for completion of an evaluation. [See Time Frame for Completion of Written Report, above]				
	Edu	cation Code 29.0041			
Eligibility and Reevaluations	A student is eligible to participate in a district's special education program if:				
	1.	The student is between the ages of 3 and 21, inclusive;			
	2.	The student has one or more of the disabilities listed in fed- eral regulations, state law, or both; and			
	3.	The student's disability(ies) prevents the student from being adequately or safely educated in the public schools without the provision of special services.			
	20 U	I.S.C. 1401(3); Education Code 29.003(b); 19 TAC 89.1035			
Disability Definitions	be a ject t 29.0 Adm minit	e eligible to receive special education services, a student must "child with a disability," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 300.8(a), sub- to the provisions of 34 C.F.R. 300.8(c), Education Code 03, and 19 Administrative Code 89.1040. The provisions in 19 inistrative Code 89.1040 specify criteria to be used in deter- ng whether a student's condition meets one or more of the def- ons in federal regulations or in state law. <i>19 TAC 89.1040</i>			
	-	more information on special education of students with dys- and related disorders, see EHB.]			
Visual and Auditory Impairments	ing s prog	lents with visual impairments or who are deaf or hard of hear- shall be eligible to participate in a district's special education ram from birth. <i>19 TAC 89.1035(b); Education Code</i> <i>02(e), .081</i>			
Determination of Initial Eligibility	evalı pare	n completion of the administration of assessments and other uation measures, a team of qualified professionals and the nt shall make the determination of whether the child has a dis- ty and of the educational needs of the child.			
		strict shall provide a copy of the evaluation report and the doc- ntation of determination of eligibility at no cost to the parent.			
	20 U	I.S.C. 1414(b)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.306(a)			

DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 UPDATE 122 EHBAA(LEGAL)-P

	The admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee must make its decisions regarding a student's initial eligibility determination and, if appropriate, individualized education program (IEP) and placement within 30 calendar days from the date of the completion of the written full individual and initial evaluation report. If the 30th day falls during the summer and school is not in session, the stu- dent's ARD committee has until the first day of classes in the fall to finalize decisions concerning the student's initial eligibility determi- nation, IEP, and placement, unless the full individual and initial evaluation indicates that the student will need extended school year (ESY) services during that summer.				
	scri the of tl an o	en a report is provided to a parent not later than June 30 as de- bed at Time Frame for Completion of Written Report, above, ARD committee must meet not later than the 15th school day he following school year to consider the evaluation. If, however, evaluation indicates that a student will need ESY services, the D committee must meet as expeditiously as possible.			
	19	TAC 89.1011(d), (e)			
Consent for Services Initial Provision of Services	A district must obtain informed consent from the parent for the ini- tial provision of special education and related services. If the par- ent of a child fails to respond to a request for, or refuses to consent to, the initial provision of services, the district:				
	1.	May not use the procedures in 34 C.F.R. part 300 subpart E (including the mediation and due process procedures) in or- der to obtain agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the child;			
	2.	Will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make FAPE available to the child for the failure to provide the services for which the district requests consent; and			
	3.	Is not required to convene an ARD meeting or develop an IEP for the child for the services.			
Revoking Consent	If, at any time after the provision of initial services, the parent of a child revokes consent in writing for the continued provision of services, the district:				
	1.	May not continue to provide services to the child, but must provide prior written notice before ceasing services;			
	2.	May not use the procedures in 34 C.F.R. part 300 subpart E in order to obtain agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the child;			

	3.	Will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make FAPE available to the child because of the failure to provide the child with further services; and
	4.	Is not required to convene an ARD meeting or develop an IEP for further provision of services.
	34 C	C.F.R. 300.300(b)
Reevaluations	if the need func	strict shall ensure that each child with a disability is reevaluated e district determines that the educational or related services ds of the child, including improved academic achievement and tional performance, warrant a reevaluation, or if the child's par- or teacher requests a reevaluation.
	Ree	valuation shall occur:
	1.	No more than once a year, unless the parent and the district agree otherwise; and
	2.	At least once every three years, unless the parent and district agree that a reevaluation is unnecessary.
	a ree need	strict shall obtain informed parental consent before conducting evaluation, except that informed parental consent is not ded if the district can demonstrate that it has taken reasonable isures to obtain consent and the child's parent has failed to re- nd.
	20 L	J.S.C. 1414(a)(2), (c)(3); 34 C.F.R. 300.303
Evaluation for Change in Eligibility	that eval grad exce eligil distr func how	strict must evaluate a child with a disability before determining the child is no longer a child with a disability. However, an uation is not required before the termination of eligibility due to luation from secondary school with a regular diploma or due to eeding the age eligibility for FAPE under state law. If a child's bility terminates under the aforementioned circumstances, a ict must provide a summary of academic achievement and tional performance, which shall include recommendations on to assist the child in meeting the child's postsecondary goals. <i>C.F.R.</i> 300.305(e); 20 U.S.C. 1414(c)(5)
	EIF] and mus and to as tion	tudents graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.170 [see must be provided with a summary of academic achievement functional performance as described above. This summary t consider, as appropriate, the views of the parent and student written recommendations from adult service agencies on how ssist the student in meeting postsecondary goals. An evalua- as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.305(e)(1), must be included as of the summary for a student graduating under 19 Administra-

SPECIAL EDUCATION
IDENTIFICATION, EVALUATION, AND ELIGIBILITY

	tive Code 89.1070(b)(3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or (C).19 TAC 89.1070(g)
Independent Evaluation	The parents have a right to obtain an independent educational evaluation of their child. If a parent requests an independent evalu- ation, a district shall provide the parents with information regarding where one can be obtained and the district's criteria for indepen- dent evaluations.
	The results of a parent-initiated independent educational evalua- tion, whether at public or private expense, must be considered by the district if it meets the district's criteria, in any decision made with respect to providing FAPE to the child.
At Public Expense	If a parent requests an independent evaluation at public expense, the district shall, without unnecessary delay, either:
	<ol> <li>File a due process complaint to request a hearing to show that its evaluation is appropriate; or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Ensure that an independent evaluation is provided at public expense, unless the district demonstrates that the evaluation obtained by the parent did not meet district criteria.</li> </ol>
At Private Expense	If a district initiates a hearing, and the final decision is that the dis- trict's evaluation is appropriate, the parent still has a right to an in- dependent evaluation, but not at public expense.
	34 C.F.R. 300.502
Prescription Medication	An employee of a district is prohibited from requiring a child to ob- tain a prescription for a substance covered under the federal Con- trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a condition of at- tending school, receiving an evaluation for special education, or receiving special education and related services.
	An employee is not prohibited from consulting or sharing class- room-based observations with parents regarding a student's aca- demic and functional performance, behavior in the classroom or school, or the need for evaluation for special education or related services.
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(25)

Denton ISD 061901					
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI\	/IDU/	ALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)	
Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee	Each district must establish an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee for each eligible student with a disability and for each student for whom a full individual and initial evaluation is conducted. The ARD committee is the individualized education program (IEP) team defined in federal law and regulations, including 34 C.F.R. 300.321.				
	team whic	n is re h the	ct is responsible for all of the functions for which tesponsible under federal law and regulations and ARD committee is responsible under state law, insibilities listed at 19 Administrative Code 89.105	for ncluding	
	19 T	AC 8	9.1050(a); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(a), .321(a)		
Committee Members	A district shall ensure that each ARD committee meeting includes all of the following:				
	1.	The	parents of a student with a disability;		
	2.	stud envi teac	east one regular education teacher of the student ent is, or may be, participating in the regular educ ronment), who must, to the extent practicable, be her who is responsible for implementing a portion ent's IEP;	cation a	
	3.		east one special education teacher or, if appropria t one special education provider of the student;	ite, at	
	4.	A re	presentative of the district who:		
		a.	Is qualified to provide or supervise the provision cially designed instruction to meet the unique ne students with disabilities;	•	
		b.	Is knowledgeable about the general education c lum; and	urricu-	
		C.	Is knowledgeable about the availability of resour the district;	ces of	
	5.		er individuals who have knowledge or special exp ling the student at the discretion of the district or t		
	6.	of ev	ndividual who can interpret the instructional implic valuation results, who may be a member of the Al ee described in items 2-5;		
	7.	The	student, if appropriate;		

- 8. For a student who is suspected to be deaf or hard of hearing, a teacher who is certified in the education of students who are deaf or hard of hearing;
- For a student with a suspected or documented visual impairment, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments;
- 10. For a student with suspected or documented deaf-blindness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments and a teacher who is certified in the education of students who are deaf or hard of hearing;
- 11. For a student with limited English proficiency, a member of the language-proficiency assessment committee (LPAC), who may also be a member as described at items 2 or 3;
- 12. A representative of any participating agency likely to be responsible for providing transition services for a student, as appropriate, and with the consent of the student's parents or a student who has reached the age of majority; and
- 13. When considering initial or continued placement of a student in a career and technical education program, a representative from career and technical education, preferably the teacher.

The special education teacher or special education provider that participates in the ARD committee meeting must be appropriately certified or licensed as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.156.

19 TAC 75.1023(d)(1), 89.1050(c); 20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.321;

A district member of the ARD committee shall not be required to attend an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent and the district agree in writing that the attendance is not necessary because the member's area of the curriculum or related services is not being modified or discussed during the meeting.

A district member of the ARD committee may be excused from attending an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting involves a modification to or discussion of the member's area of curriculum or related services if the parent, in writing, and the district consent to the excusal and the member submits, in writing, to the parent and the ARD committee, input into the development of the IEP before the meeting.

20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.321(e)

Denton ISD 061901	
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	

EHBAB
(LEGAL)

Regular Education Teacher	If an ARD committee is required to include a regular education teacher, the regular education teacher must, to the extent practicable, be a teacher who is responsible for implementing a portion of the child's IEP. <i>Education Code 29.005(a)</i>		
Parent Involvement	A district shall take steps to ensure that one or both parents of a student with a disability are present at each ARD committee meeting or are afforded an opportunity to participate, including:		
	<ol> <li>Notifying the parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend (the notice shall in- clude the purpose, time, and location of the meeting, who will be in attendance, that persons with knowledge or special ex- pertise may be invited by either the parent or the district, and that the Part C service coordinator or other representatives of the Part C system may be invited to the initial meeting for a child previously served under a Part C early childhood inter- vention program); and</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place.</li> </ol>		
	If the purpose of the meeting is to consider transition services, the notice must also indicate this purpose, indicate that the district will invite the student, and identify any other agency that will be invited to send a representative.		
	34 C.F.R. 300.322(a)-(b); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)		
Alternative Means of Meeting Participation	If neither parent can attend an ARD meeting, the district must allow other methods of participation, such as through telephone calls or video conferencing. 20 U.S.C. 1414(f); 34 C.F.R. 300.322(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)	/	
	An ARD meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance if a district is unable to convince the parents that they should at- tend, but the district shall have a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed on time and place, such as detailed records of telephone calls, correspondence, or visits made or attempted and the results of any of those actions. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.322(d)</i>		
Meetings	A district shall initiate and conduct ARD committee meetings for the purpose of developing, reviewing, and revising the IEP of a child with a disability. The committee shall review each child's IEP periodically, and, if appropriate, revise the IEP. A meeting must be held for this purpose at least once a year. The ARD committee must also determine the child's placement once a year.		
	A "meeting" does not include informal or unscheduled conversa- tions involving district personnel and conversations on issues such		
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23 3 of 13	3	

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

	as teaching methodology, lesson plans, or coordination of service provisions if those issues are not addressed in the child's IEP. A "meeting" also does not include preparatory activities that district personnel engage in to develop a proposal or response to a parent proposal that will be discussed at a later meeting.
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(b)(1), .324(b), (c)(1), .501(b)(3)
<i>Meeting at</i> Parent's Request	Upon receipt of a written request for an ARD committee meeting from a parent, the school district must schedule and convene a meeting in accordance with the procedures in 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) or within five school days, provide the parent with written notice explaining why the district refuses to convene a meeting. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(e)</i>
Written Notice	A district must provide the parent with a written notice regarding the ARD committee meeting required under 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) (notice for purposes of scheduling) or (e)(2) (no- tice explaining why the district refuses to convene a meeting) in the parent's native language, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the parent's native language is not a written language, the school district must take steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent in his or her native language or other mode of communication so that the parent understands the content of the notice. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(f)</i>
Students New to a District In-State Transfers	When a student transfers to a new district within the state in the same school year and the parents or previous district verifies that the student had an IEP that was in effect in the previous district, the new school district must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) regarding the provision of special education services. The timeline for completing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e)(1) or (2) is 20 school days from the date the student is verified as being a student eligible for special education services.
Transfers from Another State	When a student transfers from a district in another state in the same school year and the parents or previous district verifies that the student had an IEP that was in effect in the previous district, the new district must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f) regarding the provision of special education services. If the new district determines that an evaluation is necessary, the evaluation is considered a full individual and initial evaluation and must be completed within the timelines established by 19 Administrative Code 89.1011(c) and (e). The timeline for completing the requirements in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2), if appropriate, is 30 calendar days from the date of the completion of the evaluation report. If the district determines that an evaluation is not necessary, the timeline for completing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R.

SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBABARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGAL					
19 TAC 89.1050(j)(1)-(2)					
considered a transfer student for the purposes of this pro- for 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) or (f). For these students, if the in- or out-of-state district verifies before the new school y that the student had an IEP that was in effect in the prev- trict, the new district must implement the IEP from the pre- trict in full on the first day of class of the new school year convene an ARD committee meeting during the summer the student's IEP for implementation on the first day of cl new school year. If the student's eligibility for special edu related services cannot be verified before the start of the	ovision or parents or vear begins ious dis- evious dis- or must to revise lass of the lication and new				
consider revision to the student's IEP before the beginnin school year, the new district must determine whether the will agree to waive the requirement in 19 Administrative ( 89.1050(d) that the written notice of the ARD committee must be provided at least five school days before the me the parent agrees to a shorter timeframe, the new district make every reasonable effort to hold the ARD committee	ng of the parent Code meeting eting. If t must e meeting				
19 TAC 89.1050(j)(4)-(5)					
89.1050, "verify" means that the new school district has r	received a				
steps to provide, in consultation with the student's parent vices comparable to those the student received from the district if the new district has been informed by the previo	ts, ser- previous ous school				
19 TAC 89.1050(j)(6)-(7)					
student's records from the previous school district, and, i dance with Education Code 25.002, and 34 C.F.R. 300.3 previous district must furnish the new school district with	n accor- 23(g), the a copy of				
	300.323(f)(2) is 20 school days from the date the student as being a student eligible for special education services 19 TAC 89.1050(j)(1)-(2) A student who registers in a new district during the summ considered a transfer student for the purposes of this pro- for 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) or (f). For these students, if the in- or out-of-state district verifies before the new school y that the student had an IEP that was in effect in the previ- trict, the new district must implement the IEP from the pre- trict in full on the first day of class of the new school year convene an ARD committee meeting during the summer the student's IEP for implementation on the first day of cl new school year. If the student's eligibility for special edu related services cannot be verified before the start of the school year, the timelines for transfer students apply to th If the new district wishes to convene an ARD committee consider revision to the student's IEP before the beginnin school year, the new district must determine whether the will agree to waive the requirement in 19 Administrative ( 89.1050(d) that the written notice of the ARD committee must be provided at least five school days before the me the parent agrees to a shorter timeframe, the new district make every reasonable effort to hold the ARD committee prior to the first day of the new school year if the parent at the meeting time. 19 TAC 89.1050(j)(4)-(5) For purposes of the transfer provisions in 19 Administration 89.1050, "verify" means that the new school district has no copy of the student's IEP that was in effect in the previou While waiting for verification, the new district must take re- steps to provide, in consultation with the student's parent vices comparable to those the student received from the district if the new district has been informed by the previo district of the student's special education and related ser- placement.				

Denton ISD 061901			
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI	/IDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)
		rds, not later than the 10th working day after the date st for the information is received by the previous schoo	
		J.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(g); 19 TAC 050(j)(3)	ί ,
Students Who Are Homeless or in Substitute Care	a dis ucat and eval lishe	en a student who is homeless or in substitute care trans strict after being referred by a previous district for a sp ion evaluation, the receiving district must accept the re ensure that any written report of a full individual and in uation is completed in accordance with the timelines e ed in 19 Administrative Code 89.1011 (relating to Full a al Initial Evaluation).	ecial ed- eferral nitial estab-
	speo year tran	en a student who is homeless or in substitute care is e cial education and transfers into a new district during t r, the receiving district must ensure that it meets the st sfer requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(j o the Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee).	he school udent
	19 7	AC 89.1615	
Military Dependents	stud not   ensi	strict shall initially provide comparable services to a m ent with disabilities based on his or her current IEP. T preclude the district from performing subsequent evalu- ure appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education C</i> 002 art. V, C [See FDD]	his does lations to
Individualized Education Program		strict shall develop, review, and revise an IEP for each a disability. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(	
	for e	ne beginning of each school year, a district shall have each child with a disability in its jurisdiction, an IEP. <i>20</i> 4(d)(2)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(a)	
	men sion	term "individualized education program" means a writ t for each student with a disability that documents the s of the ARD committee with respect to issues discuss n committee meeting and includes:	deci-
	1.	A statement of the student's present levels of acader achievement and functional performance;	nic
	2.	A statement of measurable annual goals, including a and functional goals;	cademic
	3.	A description of how the student's progress toward the goals will be measured and when periodic reports on progress of the student will be provided;	

4.	A statement of the specific special education and related ser- vices and supplementary aids and services, based on peer- reviewed research to the extent practicable, to be provided to the student;
5.	A statement of the program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided for the student;
6.	An explanation of the extent, if any, to which the student will not participate with nondisabled students in the regular class and in extracurricular and nonacademic activities;
7.	The projected dates for initiation of services and modifications and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of these services and modifications;
8.	A statement of any individual appropriate and allowable ac- commodations that are necessary to measure the academic achievement and functional performance of the student on state or district-wide assessments;
9.	If the ARD committee determines that the student must take an alternative assessment instead of a particular regular state or district-wide assessment, a statement of why the student cannot participate in the regular assessment and why the par- ticular assessment selected is appropriate for the student;
10.	If the ARD committee determines that a student is in need of extended school year (ESY) services, identification of the goals and objectives that will be addressed during ESY services;
11.	Beginning not later than when a student reaches 14 years of age and updated annually thereafter, the ARD committee's consideration and decisions regarding the transition issues under 19 Administrative Code 89.1055(h) [see EHBAD];

- 12. Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student is 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the ARD committee, and updated annually thereafter, a statement of appropriate measurable postsecondary goals and transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals [see EHBAD];
- 13. Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches the age of 17, a statement that the student has been informed of the rights that will transfer to the student upon reaching the age of majority;
- 14. The date of the meeting;

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

	<ol> <li>The name, position, and signature of each member participat- ing in the meeting; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>An indication of whether the child's parents, the adult student, if applicable, and the administrator agreed or disagreed with the decisions of the ARD committee.</li> </ol>
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d); 34 C.F.R. 300.320; Education Code 29.005(b-1), .011; 19 TAC 89.1055
	The written statement of a student's IEP may be required to in- clude only information included in the model form developed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) under Education Code 29.0051(a) and posted on the TEA website. A district may use the model form to comply with the requirements for an IEP under 20 U.S.C. 1414(d). <i>Education Code 29.005(f), .0051</i>
IEP Supplement	For each child who was enrolled in a district's special education program during the 2019-20 school year or the 2020-21 school year, the district shall prepare a supplement to be included with the written statement of the IEP. For more information about the required supplement, see Education Code 29.0052 and the commissioner rules, when adopted. This requirement expires September 1, 2023. <i>Education Code 29.0052</i>
Supplemental Special Education Services	The ARD committee of a student approved for participation in the supplemental special education services and instructional materials program shall provide to the student's parent at an ARD committee meeting for the student:
	<ol> <li>Information regarding the types of supplemental special edu- cation services available under the program and provided by agency-approved providers for which an account maintained under Education Code 29.042(b) for the student may be used; and</li> </ol>
	2. Instructions regarding accessing the account.
	The supplemental special education services and instructional ma- terials program (SSES) expires September 1, 2024.
	Education Code 29.048
	A district shall notify parents and guardians of students served by special education of the SSES program and how to apply.
	A student's ARD committee may not consider a student's current or anticipated eligibility for any supplemental special education in- structional materials or services that may be provided under the SSES program when developing or revising a student's IEP, when

SPECIAL EDUCATION
ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

determining a student's educational setting, or in the provision of a free appropriate public education.

19 TAC 102.1601(i)-(j)

Behavioral Intervention Plan The ARD committee may determine that a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan is appropriate for a student for whom the committee has developed an IEP. *Education Code* 29.005(g)

If the committee makes that determination, the behavior improvement plan or behavioral intervention plan shall be included as part of the student's IEP and provided to each teacher with responsibility for educating the student.

If a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan is included as part of a student's IEP, the ARD committee shall review the plan at least annually, and more frequently if appropriate, to address:

- 1. Changes in a student's circumstances that may impact the student's behavior, such as:
  - a. The placement of the student in a different educational setting;
  - An increase or persistence in disciplinary actions taken regarding the student for similar types of behavioral incidents;
  - c. A pattern of unexcused absences; or
  - d. An unauthorized, unsupervised departure from an educational setting; or
- 2. The safety of the student or others.

#### 19 TAC 89.1055(g); Education Code 29.005(h)

Translation of IEP<br/>into Native<br/>LanguageIf the parent is unable to speak English and Spanish is the parent's<br/>native language, a district shall provide a written or audiotaped<br/>copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish. If the parent's<br/>native language is other than Spanish or English, a district shall<br/>make a good faith effort to provide a written or audiotaped copy of<br/>the student's IEP translated into the parent's native language.<br/>Education Code 29.005(d)

A written copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or the parent's native language means that all of the text in the student's IEP in English is accurately translated into the target language in written form. The IEP translated into the target language must be a

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

	•	able rendition of the IEP in English and not a partial transla- summary of the IEP in English.		
	the pare student and rec providir meeting as the a translat	o recording of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or ent's native language means that all of the content in the 's IEP in English is orally translated into the target language orded with an audio device. A district is not prohibited from ing the parent with an audio recording of an ARD committee g at which the parent was assisted by an interpreter as long audio recording provided to the parent contains an oral ion into the target language of all of the content in the stu- EP in English.		
	must ta or by ot	f a parent's native language is not a written language, the district must take steps to ensure that the student's IEP is translated orally or by other means to the parent in his or her native language or other mode of communication.		
	copy of meets t the stuc translat	4 C.F.R. 300.322(f), a district must give a parent a written the student's IEP at no cost to the parent. A school district his requirement by providing a parent with a written copy of lent's IEP in English or by providing a parent with a written ion of the student's IEP in the parent's native language as d above.		
	19 TAC	89.1050(i)		
Autism/Pervasive Developmental Disorder	For students with autism/pervasive developmental disorders, the following strategies shall be considered by the ARD committee, based on peer-reviewed, research-based educational programming practices to the extent practicable and, when needed, addressed in the IEP:			
	1. Ex	tended educational programming;		
		aily schedules reflecting minimal unstructured time and ac- e engagement in learning activities;		
	ter	home training and community-based training or viable al- matives that assist the student with the acquisition of so- al/behavioral skills;		
		sitive behavior support strategies based on relevant infor- ation;		
	wo	eginning at any age, futures planning for integrated living, ork, community, and educational environments that consid- s skills necessary to function in current and postsecondary vironments;		

	6.	Parent/family training and support, provided by qualified per- sonnel with experience in Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD);		
	7.	Suitable staff-to-student ratio appropriate to identified activi- ties and as needed to achieve social/behavioral progress based on the student's developmental and learning level (ac- quisition, fluency, maintenance, generalization) that encour- ages work towards individual independence;		
	8.	Communication interventions, including language forms and functions that enhance effective communication across set- tings;		
	9.	Social skills supports and strategies based on social skills as- sessment/curriculum and provided across settings;		
	10.	Professional educator/staff support; and		
	11.	Teaching strategies based on peer-reviewed, research-based practices for students with ASD.		
	one stat	If the ARD committee determines that services are not needed in one or more of the areas in 1-11 above, the IEP shall include a statement reflecting that decision and the basis upon which the determination was made.		
	19	TAC 89.1055(e)-(f)		
Visual Impairment	If a district provides special education services to students with visual impairments, it shall have written procedures as required in Education Code 30.002(c)(10) (staff access to resources). <i>19 TAC 89.1075(b)</i>			
Collaborative Process	part distr the mee dea othe requ pos	members of the ARD committee must have the opportunity to icipate in a collaborative manner in developing the IEP. The rict must take all reasonable actions necessary to ensure that parent understands the proceedings of the ARD committee eting, including arranging for an interpreter for parents who are f or hard of hearing or whose native language is a language er than English. A decision of the ARD committee concerning uired elements of the IEP must be made by mutual agreement if sible. The ARD committee may agree to an annual IEP or an of shorter duration.		
Ten-Day Recess	not opp The mus	en mutual agreement about all required elements of the IEP is achieved, the parent who disagrees must be offered a single ortunity to recess and reconvene the ARD committee meeting. period of time for reconvening the ARD committee meeting st not exceed 10 school days, unless the parties mutually agree erwise. The ARD committee must schedule the reconvened		

		meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place. The opport to recess and reconvene is not required when:		
		1.	The student's presence on campus represents a danger of physical harm to the student or others;	
		2.	The student has committed an expellable offense; or	
		3.	The student has committed an offense that may lead to place- ment in a disciplinary alternative education program. [See FOF]	
		cess	se requirements do not prohibit the ARD committee from re- sing an ARD committee meeting for reasons other than the fail- to reach mutual agreement about all required elements of an	
		tern and	ing the recess, the ARD committee members must consider al- atives, gather additional data, prepare further documentation, /or obtain additional resource persons who may assist in en- ng the ARD committee to reach mutual agreement.	
Failure to Reach Agreement		If a recess is implemented and the ARD committee still cannot reach mutual agreement, a district shall implement the IEP it has determined to be appropriate for the student. Each member of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP developed by the ARD committee is entitled to include a statement of disagreement in the IEP.		
		the mer ope	e IEP is not developed by agreement, the written statement of program must include the basis of the disagreement. Each nber of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP devel- d by the committee is entitled to include a statement of dis- ement in the written statement of the program.	
		19 1	TAC 89.1050(g); Education Code 29.005(c)	
	Modification of Existing IEP	mitte	nges to the IEP may be made either by the entire ARD com- ee or by amending the IEP by agreement, rather than redrafting entire IEP.	
		trict mak	r the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent and dis- may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purposes of sing changes to the IEP and instead may develop a written doc- ent to amend or modify the child's current IEP.	
			n request, a parent shall be provided with a revised copy of the with amendments incorporated.	

Denton ISD 061901			
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBABARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGAL			
	To the extent possible, a district shall encourage the consolidation of reevaluation meetings for the child and other ARD meetings for the child.		
	20	J.S.C. 1414(d)(3)(D)-(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.324(a)(4)-(6)	
Teacher Access to IEP	Each district must ensure that each teacher who provides instruction to a student with a disability has access to relevant sections the student's current IEP, is informed of the teacher's specific responsibilities related to implementation of the IEP, and has an opportunity to request assistance regarding implementation of the student's IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1075(c)</i>		ections of ecific re- as an op-
Teacher Request to Review IEP	Each district shall develop a process to be used by a teacher who instructs a student with a disability in a regular classroom setting:		
	1.	To request a review of the student's IEP;	
	2.	To provide input in the development of the student's	IEP;
	3.	That provides for a timely district response to the tea quest; and	acher's re-
	4.	That provides for notification to the student's parent guardian of that response.	or legal
	Edı	cation Code 29.001(11); 19 TAC 89.1075(d)	

Denton ISD 061901		
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBADTRANSITION SERVICES(LEGAL)		
Transition Services Defined	-	ansition services" means a coordinated set of activities for a disability that:
	1.	Is designed to be within a results-oriented process, that is fo- cused on improving the academic and functional achievement of the child to facilitate the child's movement from school to post-school activities, including postsecondary education, vo- cational education, integrated employment (including sup- ported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation.
	2.	Is based on the individual child's needs, taking into account the child's strengths, preferences, and interests.
	3.	Includes instruction, related services, community experiences, the development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives, and if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and functional vocational evaluation.
	20 (	U.S.C. 1401(34); 34 C.F.R. 300.43
Individual Transition Planning	sior app	later than when a student reaches 14 years of age, the admis- n, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee must consider, and if ropriate, address the following issues in the individualized edu- on program (IEP):
	1.	Appropriate student involvement in the student's transition to life outside the public school system;
	2.	If the student is younger than 18 years of age, appropriate in- volvement in the student's transition by the student's parents and other persons invited to participate by the student's par- ents or the school district in which the student is enrolled;
	3.	If the student is at least 18 years of age, involvement in the student's transition and future by the student's parents and other persons, if the parent or other person is invited to partic- ipate by the student or the school district in which the student is enrolled or has the student's consent to participate pursuant to a supported decision-making agreement under Estates Code, Chapter 1357;
	4.	Appropriate postsecondary education options, including preparation for postsecondary-level coursework;
	5.	An appropriate functional vocational evaluation;
	6.	Appropriate employment goals and objectives;
	7.	If the student is at least 18 years of age, the availability of age-appropriate instructional environments, including commu-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 4		

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION TRANSITION SERVICES

EHBAD (LEGAL)

nity settings or environments that prepare the student for postsecondary education or training, competitive integrated employment, or independent living, in coordination with the student's transition goals and objectives;

- 8. Appropriate independent living goals and objectives;
- Appropriate circumstances for facilitating a referral of a student or the student's parents to a governmental agency for services or public benefits, including a referral to a governmental agency to place the student on a waiting list for public benefits available to the student, such as a waiver program established under Section 1915(c), Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. Section 1396n(c)]; and
- 10. The use and availability of appropriate supplementary aids, services, curricula, and other opportunities to assist the student in developing decision-making skills; and supports and services to foster the student's independence and self-determination, including a supported decision-making agreement under Estates Code Chapter 1357.

In accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.320(b), beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student turns 16 years of age, or younger if determined appropriate by the ARD committee, and updated annually thereafter, the IEP must include the following:

- 1. Appropriate measurable postsecondary goals based upon age-appropriate transition assessments related to training, education, employment, and, where appropriate, independent living skills; and
- 2. The transition services, including courses of study, needed to assist the student in reaching the postsecondary goals developed under item 1.

A student's ARD committee shall annually review the issues described above and, if necessary, update the portions of the student's IEP that address those issues.

[See EHBAB regarding membership of ARD committee for transition services meetings]

20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(A)(i)(VIII), 1414(d)(6); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(b); Education Code 29.011, .0111; 19 TAC 89.1055(h)-(j)

Transition and The Texas Education Agency (TEA) is required to develop a transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their parents to provide information on statewide

UPDATE 122 EHBAD(LEGAL)-P

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION TRANSITION SERVICES

	services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system. A school district shall:				
	1.	<ol> <li>Post the transition and employment guide on the dist website if the district maintains a website;</li> </ol>			
	2.	stuc	vide written information and, if necessary, assistance t dent or parent regarding how to access the electronic v n of the guide at:		
		a.	The first meeting of the student's ARD committee at which transition is discussed; and		
		b.	The first committee meeting at which transition is dis cussed that occurs after the date on which the guide updated; and		
	3.		request, provide a printed copy of the guide to a stude arent.	nt	
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.0112(a), (e)		
Graduation	Graduation with a regular high school diploma under 19 A trative Code 89.1070(b)(1), (b)(3)(D), (f)(1), (f)(2), (f)(3) or terminates a student's eligibility for special education serv students who receive a diploma according to 19 Administ Code 89.1070(b)(2), (b)(3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), the ARD committee must determine needed educational s upon the request of the student or parent to resume servi long as the student meets the age requirements. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>89.1070(a), (j)</i> [See EHBAA]				
			on from high school with a regular diploma constitutes n placement that requires written prior notice to parent		
	A district is not required to conduct an evaluation before tion of eligibility due to graduation from secondary schoo regular high school diploma or due to exceeding the age for a FAPE under state law.				
	derr clud	nic ac le rec	shall provide the child with a summary of the child's a hievement and functional performance, which shall in- commendations on how to assist the child in meeting the ostsecondary goals.	-	
	[See EIF]				
	20 (	J.S.C	2. 1414(c)(5); 34 C.F.R. 300.102(a)(3), .305(e)(2)		
Driving with Disability Program	Disa	ability	shall provide information regarding the Texas Driving Program to students who have a health condition or c at may impede effective communication with a peace of	dis-	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 3 of			8 of 4		

SPECIAL EDUCATION TRANSITION SERVICES

EHBAD (LEGAL)

cer and who receive special education services or who are covered by Section 504 and their parents.

The information shall be provided to each student who is 16 years of age or older and annually until the earlier of the student's graduation from high school or 21st birthday.

Education Code 29.0113(a)-(b)

Denton ISD 061901					
SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SER	VICE	S ANI	D INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)	
Designing and Implementing Services	asse plen struc the s	A district shall use student performance data from state basic skills assessment instruments and achievement tests to design and implement appropriate compensatory, intensive, or accelerated instructional services for students in the district's schools that enable the students to perform at grade level at the conclusion of the next regular school term. <i>Education Code 29.081(a)</i>			
			CA for information regarding acceleration instruced learning committees.]	tion and	
Intensive Program of Instruction State Assessments	who men fifth	does t or is schoo	shall offer an intensive program of instruction to a not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment not likely to receive a high school diploma before of year following the student's enrollment in grade of by the district.	instru- e the	
	The	progr	am shall be designed to:		
	1.	Enat	ble the student to:		
		a.	To the extent practicable, perform at the student level at the conclusion of the next regular school	-	
		b.	Attain a standard of annual growth specified by a and reported by the district to the Texas Educati Agency (TEA); and		
	2.	•	plicable, carry out the purposes of Education Coc 211. [See EIE]	le	
Students Receiving Special Education Services	satis ucat	facto	lent in a special education program who does no rily on an assessment instrument administered un ode 39.023(a), (b), or (c), the student's admission dismissal committee shall design the program to	nder Ed- n, re-	
	1.	the b	ble the student to attain a standard of annual grow basis of the student's individualized education pro ); and		
	2.	•	plicable, carry out the purposes of Education Coc 211. [See EIE]	le	
Use of State Funds	tens struc	ive pr ction a	shall use funds appropriated by the legislature for ogram of instruction to plan and implement inten- and other activities aimed at helping a student sa local high school graduation requirements.	sive in-	
No Cause of Action	prog	ram o	s determination of the appropriateness of an inter of instruction for a student is final and does not cr action.		
	Edu	cation	Code 28.0213		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23			1 of 11	

Denton ISD 061901						
SPECIAL PROGRAMSEHBOCOMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS(LEGAL						
Compensatory Education Allotment Census Block	in a port enre	ccord t to the olled i	edule determined by the commissioner of educat ance with Education Code 48.104, each district s e agency the census block group in which each s n the district who is educationally disadvantaged n Code 48.104(i)	shall re- student		
Use			5 percent of the district's compensatory educatio used to:	n funds		
	1.	prov disp tere	d supplemental programs and services, including vided by an instructional coach, designed to elimi arity in performance on assessment instruments d under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter arity in the rates of high school completion betwe	nate any adminis- r B, or		
		a.	Students who are educationally disadvantaged dents who are not educationally disadvantaged			
		b.	Students at risk of dropping out of school, as de low, and all other students; or	fined be-		
	2.	Sec	port a program eligible under Title I of the Eleme ondary Education Act of 1965 [see AID], and its s nt amendments, and by federal regulations imple Act.	subse-		
	Edı	icatioi	n Code 48.104(k)			
Dropout Prevention Strategies	sior mar cati	ner, sh nner ir on alle	with a high dropout rate, as determined by the control of the submit a plan to the commissioner describing in which the district intends to use its compensate otment for developing and implementing research is for dropout prevention.	i the ory edu-		
	sch	ool ye ve the	shall submit the plan not later than December 1 or ar preceding the school year in which the district compensatory education allotment to which the p	will re-		
	A district may not spend or obligate more than 25 percent of th district's compensatory education allotment unless the commis sioner approves the plan.					
	A d	istricť	s plan shall:			
	1.	nolo	ign a dropout recovery plan that includes career gy education courses or technology applications lead to industry or career certification;			

	2.	strat	grate into the dropout recovery plan research-based regies to assist students in becoming able academically to ue postsecondary education, including:
		a.	High-quality, college readiness instruction with strong academic and social supports;
		b.	Secondary to postsecondary bridging that builds college readiness skills, provides a plan for college completion, and ensures transition counseling; and
		C.	Information concerning appropriate supports available in the first year of postsecondary enrollment to ensure postsecondary persistence and success, to the extent funds are available for the purpose; and
	3.	inclu	to offer advanced academic and transition opportunities, uding dual credit courses and college preparatory courses, as advanced placement courses.
	acco		may enter into a partnership with a public junior college in ce with Education Code 29.402 [see GNC] in order to ful-
			ram designed to fulfill a plan must comply with the re- ts of Education Code 29.081(e) and (f).
	Edu	catior	n Code 29.918
Reporting	the s Sch cour nan state	state ool Pi nting c <i>ial A</i> e com	shall report financial information relating to expenditure of compensatory education allotment under the Foundation rogram to TEA, according to standards for financial acprovided in 19 Administrative Code 109.41 (relating to <i>Ficcountability System Resource Guide</i> ). Costs charged to appensatory education shall be for programs and services lement the regular education program. <i>19 TAC 109.25(a)</i>
	attril are sum tain cost also iden lishe	buted identi mary docu s and s and main tifical ed in l	shall ensure that supplemental direct costs and personnel to compensatory education and accelerated instruction fied in district and/or campus improvement plans at the level for financial units or campuses. A district shall main- mentation that supports the attribution of supplemental personnel to compensatory education. A district must tain sufficient documentation supporting the appropriate ion of students in at-risk situations, under criteria estab- Education Code 29.081 [see At-Risk Student, below]. <i>19</i> <i>25(b)</i>

Denton ISD 061901	
SPECIAL PROGRAMS	EHBC
COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	(LEGAL)

Educationally Disadvantaged Students Student Eligibility	To be considered educationally disadvantaged in order to be counted to generate the compensatory education allotment pur- suant to Education Code 48.104, a student must meet the income requirements for eligibility under the National School Lunch Pro- gram (NSLP), authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.				
	of re	ricts may use the following approved methods for the purpose eceiving the compensatory education allotment pursuant to Ed- tion Code 48.104:			
	1.	Parent certification, where the parent or guardian asserts meeting the income requirements for eligibility;			
	2.	Direct certification, where the process by which eligible chil- dren are certified for free meals without the need for a house- hold application based on household participation in one or more federal assistance programs; or			
	3.	Direct verification, where public records are used to verify a student's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals when verification of student eligibility is required.			
	19 TAC 61.1027(a)				
Virtual School Network	clair stat van enh netv	Districts must request prior approval from the commissioner to claim students receiving a full-time virtual education through the state virtual school network in their counts of educationally disadvantaged students. The request must include a plan detailing the enhanced services to be delivered to full-time state virtual school network students and submitted in a manner and with a deadline specified by the commissioner. <i>19 TAC 61.1027(b)(3)(B)</i>			
At-Risk Student		ident at risk of dropping out of school" includes each student is under 26 years of age and who:			
	1.	Except as provided by TEA rule or if retained in prekinder- garten under Education Code 28.02124 [see EIE], was not advanced from one grade level to the next for one or more school years, unless the student did not advance from prekindergarten or kindergarten to the next grade level only as a result of the request of the student's parent;			
	2.	If the student is in grades 7-12, did not maintain an average equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding or current school year, or is not maintaining such an average in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the current semester;			

- 3. Did not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument and who has not in the previous or current school year subsequently performed on that instrument or another appropriate instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of the level of satisfactory performance on that instrument;
- If the student is in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or grades 1-3, did not perform satisfactorily on a readiness test or assessment instrument administered during the current school year;
- 5. Is pregnant or is a parent;
- 6. Has been placed in a DAEP in accordance with Education Code 37.006 during the preceding or current school year;
- Has been expelled in accordance with Education Code 37.007 during the preceding or current school year;
- 8. Is currently on parole, probation, deferred prosecution, or other conditional release;
- Was previously reported through the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out of school;
- 10. Is an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Section 29.052;
- 11. Is in the custody or care of the Department of Family and Protective Services or has, during the current school year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer of the juvenile court, or law enforcement official;
- 12. Is homeless [see FD];
- 13. Resided in the preceding school year or resides in the current school year in a residential placement facility in a district, including a detention facility, substance abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, halfway house, cottage home operation, specialized child-care home, or general residential operation;
- 14. Has been incarcerated, or has a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the student, in a penal institution as defined by Penal Code 1.07; or
- 15. Is enrolled in a district or a campus that is designated as a dropout recovery school under Education Code 39.0548.

Education Code 29.081(d)(1)

Denton ISD 061901						
SPECIAL PROGRAMSEHBCCOMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS(LEGAL)						
	Regardless of the student's age, a student who participate adult education program provided under the adult high sc ter school program is considered a "student at risk of drop of high school." <i>Education Code 29.081(d)(2)</i>	hool char-				
Local Eligibility Criteria	In addition to students described above, a student who sa cal eligibility criteria adopted by a board may receive com education services. The number of students receiving ser der local eligibility criteria during a school year may not ex percent of the number of students described above who re services from the district during the preceding school year <i>tion Code 29.081(g)</i>	pensatory vices un- cceed 10 eceived				
Dropout Recovery Education Programs	A district may use a private or public community-based dr covery education program or education management orga to provide alternative education programs for students at dropping out of school. The program may be offered in per campus, remotely, or through a hybrid of in-person and re- struction. An in-person campus-based dropout recovery ed program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Cod 29.081(e-1)(1)-(5). A remote or hybrid dropout recovery ed program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Cod 29.081(e-2)(1)-(9).	anization risk of erson at a emote in- education le ducation				
	A student who successfully completes a course offered th dropout recovery education program shall be included in a average daily attendance for funding purposes.	-				
	Education Code 29.081(e)-(e-2), (f)					
Operation	A dropout recovery education program may be operated of entity that is accredited by the agency or a regional accre- agency, must offer or provide referrals for mental health s students enrolled in the program, and may not market dire- students enrolled in a traditional education program.	diting ervices to				
	A district may operate one campus-based dropout recove tion program for all students in the district.	ry educa-				
Referral	A district administrator or school counselor may refer a study dropout recovery education program if the administrator of selor determines that enrollment in the program could prestudent from dropping out of school.	or coun-				
Required Website Report	Each year, a district shall post on the district's website a r measurable outcomes for each dropout recovery education gram offered by the district. The report must include the p age of students enrolled in the program during the precedus school year who attained each of the following outcomes:	on pro- ercent- ling				

	1.	Transfer to a traditional education program;				
	2.	Successful completion of the program;				
	3.	Dual credit; or				
	4.	A credential of value.				
	Educ	cation Code 29.081(e-3)-(e-6)				
Communities in Schools	catio (CIS are a of the	lementary or secondary school receiving funding under Edu- n Code 33.156 shall participate in the Communities in Schools ) program if the number of students enrolled in the school who at risk of dropping out of school is equal to at least 10 percent e number of students in average daily attendance at the ol, as determined by TEA. <i>Education Code 33.157</i>				
Optional Extended Year Program	educ exter	strict may set aside an amount from the district's compensatory ation allotment or may apply to the agency for funding of an inded year program. <i>Education Code 29.082(a); 19 TAC</i> 1001				
Optional Flexible Year Program	stude state mote	strict may provide an optional flexible year program (OFYP) for ents who did not or are not likely to perform successfully on assessment instruments or who would not otherwise be pro- ed to the next grade level. <i>Education Code 29.0821; 19 TAC</i> 1029				
Optional Flexible School Day Program	Notwithstanding Education Code 25.081 or 25.082, a district may apply to the commissioner to provide a flexible school day progra (OFSDP) for students who:					
	1.	Have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Education Code 29.081;				
	2.	Attend a campus that is implementing an innovative redesign of the campus or an early college high school under a plan approved by the commissioner; or				
	3.	As a result of attendance requirements under Education Code 25.092, will be denied credit for one or more classes in which the students have been enrolled.				
	Educ	cation Code 29.0822				
		strict may apply to the commissioner to provide an OFSDP for ents, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.				
	A board must approve the application. The board must include OFSDP as an item on the regular agenda for a board meeting compliance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027(h)(2) before					

Denton ISD 061901								
SPECIAL PROGRAMSEHBCCOMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS(LEGAL)								
		plying to operate an OFSDP. The application shall include the in- formation described in 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.						
	19 7	19 TAC 129.1027(c)						
Tutorial Services	trict grac lent	A district may provide tutorial services at district schools. If a dis- trict provides tutorial services, it shall require a student whose grade in a subject for a reporting period is lower than the equiva- lent of 70 on a scale of 100 to attend tutorials. [See EC for provi- sions on loss of class time.]						
	den	strict may provide transportation services to accommodate stu- ts who are required to attend tutorials and who are eligible for lar transportation.						
	Edu	cation Code 29.084						
Basic Skills Programs	prog ficie grac	strict may apply to the commissioner for funding of basic skills grams for students in grade 9 who are at risk of not earning suf- nt credit or who have not earned sufficient credit to advance to le 10 and who fail to meet minimum skills levels established by commissioner.						
	With the consent of a student's parent or guardian, a district may assign a student to the basic skills program.							
	A basic skills program may not exceed 210 instructional days and must meet the requirements set forth at Education Code 29.086.							
	Edu	cation Code 29.086(a)						
After-School and Summer Intensive Mathematics and	tens	strict may provide an intensive after-school program or an in- ive program during the period that school is recessed for the mer to provide mathematics and science instruction to:						
Science Programs	1.	Students who are not performing at grade level in mathemat- ics or science to assist those students in performing at grade level;						
	2.	Students who are not performing successfully in a mathemat- ics course or science course to assist those students in suc- cessfully completing the course; or						
	3.	Other students as determined by the district.						
	Before providing a program, a board must adopt a policy for:							
	1.	Determining student eligibility for participating in the program that:						
	a. Prescribes the grade level or course a studen enrolled in to be eligible; and							

		b.	Provides for considering teacher recommendations in determining eligibility;
	2.		ring that parents of or persons standing in parental rela- to eligible students are provided notice of the program;
	3.	Ensı prog	ring that eligible students are encouraged to attend the ram;
	4.		ring that the program is offered at one or more locations e district that are easily accessible to eligible students;
	5.	Mea	suring student progress on completion of the program.
	Educ	cation	Code 29.088, .090; 19 TAC 102.1041
Mentoring Services Program	risk ( or no	of dro onpro	may provide a mentoring services program to students at pping out of school. A board may arrange for any public fit community-based organization to come to the district's and implement the program.
			hall obtain the consent of a student's parent or guardian owing the student to participate in the program.
	Educ	cation	Code 29.089
Accelerated Reading Instruction Program	gram cienc grad sults ties.	n that cies to e who [see	shall implement an accelerated reading instruction pro- provides reading instruction that addresses reading defi- o each student in kindergarten, first grade, or second o is determined, on the basis of reading instrument re- EKC], to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading difficul- district shall determine the form, content, and timing of am.
	tion t [see	to ead EKC	shall provide additional reading instruction and interven- ch student given the seventh grade reading assessment l, as appropriate to improve the student's reading skills in nt areas identified through the assessment instrument.
	Educ	cation	Code 28.006(g), (g-1)
			nation regarding students at-risk for dyslexia or related see EHB.]
College Preparatory Courses	catio	n to o tics a	ict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- nd English language arts. The courses must be de-
	1.	For s	students at the 12th grade level whose performance on:

	а.	An end-of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readiness standards; or
	b.	Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334 [Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessment] indi- cates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level college coursework; and
	2. To p ses	prepare students for success in entry-level college cour-
	ing the co	must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- ourse or through distance learning or as an online course through an institution of higher education with which the artners.
Faculty	priate fac district pa	ate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- culty of each institution of higher education with which the artners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that rse is aligned with college readiness expectations.
Notice		rict shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a
Credit Earned	course m English la high scho dent who the credit mathema after com	t who successfully completes an English language arts ay use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced anguage arts curriculum requirement for the foundation ool program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A stu- successfully completes a mathematics course may use earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced trics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 opletion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for lation high school program under Education Code -1)(2).
Dual Credit		may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- nigher education with which a district partners. [See
Instructional Materials	tion with structiona Chapter 3 sources t	rrict, in consultation with each institution of higher educa- which the district partners, shall develop or purchase in- al materials for a course consistent with Education Code 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- hat enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on ed best practices.
	Educatio	n Code 28.014

Denton ISD 061901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SER	VICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)
End-of-Course Exam	A student enrolled in a college preparatory mathematics of language arts course under Education Code 28.014 who the TSI college readiness benchmarks on an assessment ment administered at the end of the course satisfies the re- ments concerning and is exempt from the administration of gebra I or the English I and English II end-of-course asses instruments, as applicable, as prescribed by Education Co 39.023(c) [see EKB], even if the student did not perform se rily on a previous administration of the applicable end-of- sessment instrument. A student who fails to perform satis on the assessment instrument may retake that assessme ment or may take the appropriate end-of-course assess strument. <i>Education Code 39.025(a-1)</i>	satisfies t instru- equire- of the Al- ssment ode satisfacto- course as- factorily nt instru-

	To ensure that each student achieves at least satisfactory perfor- mance on each state assessment instrument, a district shall en- sure that the district's curricular and instructional systems provide instruction to all students that is consistently aligned with the es- sential knowledge and skills for the applicable subject area and grade level; and strategically and timely addresses deficiencies in the prerequisite essential knowledge and skills for the applicable subject area and grade level. <i>Education Code 28.0211(a)</i>
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state as- sessment instrument, the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area during the subsequent summer or school year and, subject to certain exceptions, below, either:
	<ol> <li>Allow the student to be assigned a classroom teacher who is certified as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under the local optional teacher designation system [see DEAA] for the subsequent school year in the applicable subject area; or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Provide the student supplemental instruction under Education Code 28.0211(a-4) [see Supplemental Instruction Require- ments, below].</li> </ol>
	The assessments in this provision include a state assessment in- strument administered under Education Code 39.021(a) [see EKB] in third through eighth grade or an end-of-course assessment in- strument. The assessments also include a Spanish assessment for emergent bilingual students but exclude an assessment instrument developed or adopted based on alternative academic achievement standards.
	Education Code 28.0211(a-1)
Exceptions	Accelerated instruction requirements do not apply to a student who is retained at a grade level for the school year in which those re- quirements would otherwise apply.
	A district may not be required to provide supplemental instruction to a student in more than two subject areas per school year. If the district would otherwise be required to provide supplemental in- struction to a student in more than two subject areas for a school year, the district shall prioritize providing supplemental instruction to the student in mathematics and reading, or Algebra I, English I, or English II, as applicable, for that school year.
	Education Code 28.0211(a-7)-(a-8)
	A district is not required to provide accelerated instruction to a stu- dent who, instead of being administered an assessment instrument

	specified above, was administered a substitute assessment instru- ment in accordance with other law or Texas Education Agency (TEA) rule authorizing the use of the substitute assessment instru- ment for purposes of satisfying the requirements concerning the applicable assessment instrument. <i>Education Code 28.0211(a-10)</i>				
Off-Campus Arrangements	If a student who attends school in a homebound or other off-cam- pus instructional arrangement, including at a residential treatment campus or state hospital, is unable to participate in an accelerated instruction program due to the student's condition, the district may determine that the student be provided the accelerated instruction when the student attends school in an on-campus instructional set- ting. If the student's condition prevents the student from attending school in an on-campus instructional setting for the school year during which the accelerated instruction is required to be provided to the student, the district is not required to provide the accelerated instruction to the student for that school year. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(i-1)				
Participation Requirements	Supplemental accelerated instruction may require a student to par- ticipate before or after normal school hours and may include partic- ipation at times of the year outside normal school operations. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 104.1001(c)</i>				
	In providing accelerated instruction, a district may not remove a student, except under circumstances for which a student enrolled in the same grade level who is not receiving accelerated instruction would be removed, from:				
	<ol> <li>Instruction in the foundation curriculum and enrichment cur- riculum adopted under Education Code 28.002 for the grade level in which the student is enrolled [see EHA series]; or</li> </ol>				
	2. Recess or other physical activity that is available to other stu- dents enrolled in the same grade level.				
	Education Code 28.0211(a-3)				
	The foundation curriculum includes English language arts, mathe- matics, science, and social studies. Courses in the enrichment cur- riculum include languages other than English; health, with empha- sis on physical health, proper nutrition, and exercise; mental health, including instruction about mental health conditions, sub- stance abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and main- taining positive relationships, and responsible decision making; sui- cide prevention; physical education; fine arts; career and technical education; technology applications; religious literature; and per- sonal financial literacy.				

	the onc plei	school e per w	is e /eeł	at a school week is three or less instructional days, exempt from meeting the requirement of meeting < for supplemental accelerated instruction. [See Sup- ruction Requirements for Certain Funding, item 3,	
	19	TAC 10	94.1	001(c)	
Supplemental Instruction Requirements	uca Rel 116	ition Co ief Supp 6-260), c	de 4 pler or th	eives funding under Education Code 29.0881 or Ed- 48.104 [see EHBC], the Coronavirus Response and nental Appropriations Act, 2021 (Div. M, Pub. L. No. ne American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Pub. L. No. upplemental instruction provided by a district must:	
	1.			argeted instruction in the essential knowledge and the applicable grade levels and subject area;	
	2.	•		ded in addition to instruction normally provided to stu- the grade level in which the student is enrolled;	
	3.	Be pr	ovic	ded during the subsequent summer or school year:	
		a	To e	each student for no less than:	
		(	(1)	15 hours; or	
		(	(2)	30 hours for a student whose performance on the applicable assessment instrument was significantly below satisfactory, as defined by commissioner rule; and	
		i s	inclu scho sion	ess the instruction is provided fully during summer, ude instruction no less than once per week during the ool year, except as otherwise provided by commis- ner rule to account for school holidays or shortened ool weeks;	
	4.			ned to assist the student in achieving satisfactory nce in the applicable grade level and subject area;	
		Include effective instructional materials designed for supple- mental instruction;			
	6.	than f	four	ded to a student individually or in a group of no more students, unless the parent or guardian of each stu- ne group authorizes a larger group;	
	7.	struct	iona	ded by a person with training in the applicable in- al materials for the supplemental instruction and un- versight of the district; and	

	8. To the extent possible, be provided by one person for the en- tirety of the student's supplemental instruction period.
	Education Code 28.0211(a-4)
Parent Choice	A parent or guardian of a student to whom supplemental instruction will be provided and who either was administered and failed to per- form satisfactorily on an assessment instrument specified above or was administered a beginning-of-year assessment instrument aligned with the essential knowledge and skills for the applicable subject area, including a student to whom an accelerated educa- tion plan applies, may elect to modify or remove a requirement for that instruction under Education Code 28.0211(a-4) by submitting a written request to an administrator of the campus at which the stu- dent is enrolled.
	A district may not encourage or direct a parent or guardian to make an election under this provision that would allow the district to not provide supplemental instruction to the student or provide supple- mental instruction in a group larger than authorized.
	Education Code 28.0211(a-9)
Transportation	A district shall provide students required to attend the accelerated programs described above with transportation to those programs if the programs occur outside of regular school hours, unless the district does not operate, or contract or agree with another entity to operate, a transportation system. <i>Education Code 28.0211(j)</i>
Unlisted Service Provider	A district may use a service provider that is not on a list of service providers approved by TEA if the district can demonstrate to the commissioner that use of the service provider results in measurable improvement in student outcomes. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(a-12)
Optional Assessment	A school district that is required to provide to a student accelerated instruction or supplemental instruction is not required to provide additional instruction under either provision to the student based on the student's failure to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered as an optional assessment in the same subject area in which the district is required to provide the student the accelerated or supplemental instruction. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(a-13)
Notice to Parents	A district shall provide to the parent or guardian of a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument specified above notice that the student is not performing on grade level in the applicable subject area. The district must provide the notice at a parent-teacher conference or, if the district is unable to provide the notice at a parent-teacher conference, by another

	means. TEA shall develop and provide to districts a model notice in plain language for use under this provision. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(a-14)
	In each instance in which a district is specifically required to pro- vide notice or a written copy to a parent or guardian of a student, the district shall make a good faith effort to ensure that such notice or copy is provided either in person or by regular mail and that the notice or copy is clear and easy to understand and is written in English or the parent or guardian's native language. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 28.0211(h)</i>
Parent Request	A district shall establish a process allowing for the parent or guardian of a student who fails to perform satisfactorily a state as- sessment instrument under Education Code 28.0211(a-1) [see above] to make a request for district consideration that the student be assigned to a particular classroom teacher in the applicable subject area for the subsequent school year, if more than one classroom teacher is available. <i>Education Code 28.0211(a-5)</i>
Assessments Not Required	Education Code 28.0211 does not require the administration of a fifth or eighth grade assessment instrument in a subject under Education Code 39.023(a) to a student enrolled in the fifth or eighth grade, as applicable, if the student:
	<ol> <li>Is enrolled in a course in the subject intended for students above the student's grade level and will be administered an assessment instrument adopted or developed under Educa- tion Code 39.023(a) [see EKB] that aligns with the curriculum for the course in which the student is enrolled; or</li> </ol>
	2. Is enrolled in a course in the subject for which the student will receive high school academic credit and will be administered an end-of-course (EOC) assessment instrument [see EKB] for the course.
	Notwithstanding any other provision of Education Code 28.0211, the student may not be denied promotion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument not required to be administered to the student, nor may a student in grade 5 or grade 8 be denied promotion to the next grade on the basis of fail- ure to perform satisfactorily on a reading or mathematics assess- ment instrument intended for use above the student's grade level.
	Education Code 28.0211(o)-(p)
Students At Risk	A district shall provide accelerated instruction to an enrolled stu- dent who has taken an EOC assessment instrument and has not performed satisfactorily or who is at risk of dropping out of school [see EHBC].

	asso cele stuc	strict shall offer before the next scheduled administration of the essment instrument, without cost to the student, additional ac- trated instruction to each student in any subject in which the lent failed to perform satisfactorily on an end-of-course assess- t instrument required for graduation.	
		strict that is required to provide accelerated instruction must arately budget sufficient funds for that purpose. [See CE]	
		strict shall evaluate the effectiveness of accelerated instruction grams and annually hold a public hearing to consider the re-	
	Edu	cation Code 29.081(b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-3), 39.025(b-1)	
Effectiveness	cele stat sche	strict shall evaluate and document the effectiveness of the ac- rated instruction in reducing any disparity in performance on e assessment instruments or disparity in the rates of high col completion between students at risk of dropping out of col and all other district students. <i>Education Code 29.081(c)</i>	
No Available Test Score	ens a te sup	superintendent of each district shall establish procedures to ure that each eligible student who is absent or does not receive st score for any test administration shall receive appropriate plemental accelerated instruction as warranted on an individual lent basis. <i>19 TAC 104.1001(b)(4)</i>	
Accelerated Education Plan	For each student who does not perform satisfactorily on a sessment instrument specified above for two or more cons school years in the same subject area, the district the stude tends shall develop an accelerated education plan. <i>Educat Code</i> 28.0211(b)		
	sha prov den	later than the start of the subsequent school year, a district Il develop an accelerated education plan for the student that vides the necessary accelerated instruction to enable the stu- t to perform at the appropriate grade level or course by the con- ion of the school year.	
	The	plan must:	
	1.	Identify the reason the student did not perform satisfactorily on the applicable assessment instrument; and	
	2.	Require the student to be provided with no less than 30 hours, or a greater number of hours if appropriate, of supplemental instruction for each consecutive school year in which the student does not perform satisfactorily on the assessment instrument in the applicable subject area.	

	perfori cable	The plan may require that, as appropriate to ensure the student performs satisfactorily on the assessment instrument in the appli- cable subject area at the next administration of the assessment in- strument:					
		he district expand the times in which supplemental instruc- on is available to the student;					
	te	he student be assigned for the school year to a specific eacher who is better able to provide accelerated instruction; nd					
		he district provide any necessary additional resources to the tudent.					
		ccelerated education plan must be documented in writing, copy must be provided to the student's parent or guardian.					
	that th	During the school year, the student shall be monitored to ensure that the student is progressing in accordance with the accelerated education plan.					
	The board shall adopt a policy consistent with the grievance proce- dure adopted under Education Code 26.011 [see FNG] to allow a parent to contest the content or implementation of an accelerated education plan.						
	Educa	Education Code 28.0211(f)-(f-3)					
Parent Conference	guardi plies a	ict shall make a good faith attempt to provide to the parent or an of a student to whom an accelerated education plan ap- parent-teacher conference with the student's primary er at the start and end of the subsequent school year.					
	At the conference, the district shall provide the student's parent or guardian with:						
		he notice required under Education Code 28.0211(a-14); nd					
	2. A	n explanation of:					
	а	. The accelerated instruction to which the student is enti- tled under this provision, and					
	b	. The accelerated education plan that must be developed for the student and the manner in which the parent or guardian may participate in developing the plan.					
	Educo	tion Codo 28.0211(b.1)					

Education Code 28.0211(b-1)

Classroom Assignment	Except as requested under Education Code 28.0211(a-5), a stu- dent for whom an accelerated instructional plan must be developed must be assigned, in each school year and subject covered by the accelerated education plan, to an appropriately certified teacher who meets all state and federal qualifications to teach that subject and grade.
	In a manner consistent with federal law and notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may waive the requirement regarding the assignment of a student to an appropriately certified classroom teacher on the request of a district.
	Education Code 28.0211(n)-(n-1)
ARD Committee Review	The admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee of a stu- dent who does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment in- strument described above shall, at the student's next annual re- view meeting, review the student's participation and progress in, as applicable, accelerated instruction, supplemental instruction, or an accelerated education plan.
	The student's parent may request, or the district may schedule, an additional committee meeting if a committee member believes that the student's individualized education program needs to be modified based on the accelerated instruction requirements. If the district refuses to convene a committee meeting requested by the student's parent, the district shall provide the parent with written notice explaining the reason the district refuses to convene the meeting.
	Education Code 28.0211(i)
Commissioner Waiver	The commissioner may waive the requirements regarding acceler- ated instruction for a district for each school year in which at least 60 percent of the students who received accelerated instruction during the school year immediately preceding the previous school year, including at least 60 percent of students whose performance on the applicable assessment instrument was significantly below satisfactory, as defined by commissioner rule, performed satisfac- torily in the previous school year on the assessment instrument in each subject in which the student previously failed to perform satis- factorily. For purposes of determining whether a school district qualifies for a waiver, the commissioner shall:
	<ol> <li>If a student received accelerated instruction in more than one subject during the applicable school year, consider the stu- dent's performance on the assessment instrument in each subject separately from the student's performance on the as- sessment instrument for each other subject; and</li> </ol>

2. By rule provide that a district may not qualify for a waiver if students who are receiving special education services or are educationally disadvantaged are overrepresented among the students in the district who received accelerated instruction during the school year immediately preceding the previous school year and did not perform satisfactorily in the previous school year on the assessment instrument in each applicable subject.

Education Code 28.0211(q)

Denton	ISD
061901	

	Each student who has been identified as being at risk of dropping out of school, who is not performing at grade level, or who did not perform satisfactorily on a state-mandated assessment shall be provided accelerated and/or compensatory educational services.
Accelerated Instruction	The District shall provide accelerated instruction in accordance with law if a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state-man- dated assessment.
Parent Request	If a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state-mandated as- sessment, a parent's request that the student be assigned to a par- ticular teacher the following school year shall be addressed in ac- cordance with the District's administrative procedures.
Accelerated Education Plan	Appropriate District staff shall develop an accelerated education plan for a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the same state-mandated assessment for two or more consecutive years.
	A parent complaint about the content or implementation of the ac- celerated education plan shall be filed in accordance with FNG.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN			EHBG (LEGAL)
	Not	e:	Only districts that identify 15 or more eligible students are required to provide prekindergarten programs.
Tuition-Free Prekindergarten Program	mor may	e elig v offe	shall offer prekindergarten classes if it identifies 15 or gible students who are at least four years of age. A district r prekindergarten if it identifies 15 or more eligible children at least three years of age.
			may not charge tuition for a prekindergarten program nder these provisions.
Definitions	In th	nis se	ction:
	1.	"Ch	ild" includes a stepchild.
	2.	"Pa	rent" includes a stepparent.
Eligibility			eligible for enrollment in free prekindergarten if the child three years of age and:
	1.	ls u	nable to speak and comprehend the English language;
	2.	ls e	ducationally disadvantaged;
	3.	of e	omeless [see FD] regardless of the residence of the child, ither parent of the child, or of the child's guardian or other son having lawful control;
	4.	the ser\	ne child of an active duty member of the armed forces of United States, including the state military forces or a re- ve component of the armed forces, who is ordered to ac- duty by proper authority;
	5.	Stat nen	ne child of a member of the armed forces of the United tes, including the state military forces or a reserve compo- t of the armed forces, who was injured or killed while serv- on active duty;
	6.	of F hea	r ever has been in the conservatorship of the Department amily and Protective Services following an adversary ring under Family Code 262.201 or foster care in another e or territory, if the child resides in Texas; or
	7.	ls th as:	ne child of a person eligible for the Star of Texas Award
		a.	A peace officer under Government Code 3106.002;
		b.	A firefighter under Government Code 3106.003; or

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN		EHBG (LEGAL)
		n emergency medical first responder under Govern- ent Code 3106.004.
	age of three three remain	is eligible for enrollment for free prekindergarten at the and enrolls in prekindergarten class at the age of as eligible for enrollment in a prekindergarten class for a school year.
	mains eligib	is eligible for enrollment under item 4 or 5 above re- le if the child's parent leaves the armed forces, or is no tive duty, after the child begins the prekindergarten
	Education C	ode 29.153(a)-(b), (e-1), (f)
Parent Election	[see EIE], a prekinderga prekinderga described al	district's decision to convene a retention committee parent or guardian may elect for a student to enroll in rten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in rten during the previous school year under the eligibility pove and the student has not yet enrolled in kinder- repeat prekindergarten. <i>Education Code</i> (1)- $(2)$
Notice	trict with chil garten progr	all develop a system to notify the population in the dis- dren who are eligible for enrollment in a free prekinder- ram of the availability of the program. The system must ic notices issued in English and Spanish. <i>Education</i> <i>3(e)</i>
Half-Day or Full- Day	children und	garten class may be operated on a half-day basis for er four years of age and shall be operated on a full-day ldren who are at least four years of age.
Transportation	garten class	not required to provide transportation for a prekinder- . If transportation is provided, it is included for funding part of the regular transportation system.
	Education C	ode 29.153(c)
High-Quality Prekindergarten Required	must comply prekinderga	garten class for children who are least four years of age with the program standards required for high-quality rten programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- [See High-Quality Prekindergarten Program, below]
Exemption	plication of a ter E-1 for a	sioner of education shall exempt a district from the ap- all or any part of Education Code Chapter 29, Subchap- prekindergarten class for children who are at least four e, if the commissioner determines that:
		strict would be required to construct classroom facilities r to provide prekindergarten classes; or
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	2 of 9

001001				
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN		EHBG (LEGAL)		
	2.	Implementing any part of this section would result in fewer eli- gible children being enrolled in a prekindergarten class under this section.		
	licite garo coro (TE) dec	strict may not receive an exemption unless the district has so- ed proposals for partnerships with public or private entities re- ding prekindergarten classes required under this section in ac- dance with guidance provided by the Texas Education Agency A) and considered submitted proposals at a public meeting. A ision of the board regarding a partnership described by this pro- ton is final.		
	An exemption may not be granted for a period longer than three school years and may be renewed only once.			
	Education Code 29.153(c-1)-(d-2)			
Constructing, Repurposing, or Leasing a Facility	Before a district may construct, repurpose, or lease a classroom fa- cility, or issue bonds for the construction or repurposing of a class- room facility, to provide the prekindergarten classes required under Education Code 29.153, the district must solicit and consider pro- posals for partnerships to provide those classes with community- based child-care providers who:			
	1.	Are a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;		
	2.	Are nationally accredited;		
	3.	Are a Head Start program provider;		
	4.	Are a Texas School Ready! participant; or		
	5.	Meet the requirements under Education Code 29.1532.		
	Education Code 29.153(g)			
Tuition-Supported or District-Financed	A district may offer on a tuition basis or use district funds to pro- vide:			
	1.	An additional half-day of prekindergarten classes to children eligible for free prekindergarten who are under four years of age; and		
	2.	Half-day and full-day prekindergarten classes to children not eligible for free prekindergarten.		
	A district may not adopt a tuition rate that is higher than necessary to cover the added costs of the program, including any costs asso- ciated with collecting, reporting, and analyzing data under Educa-			

tion Code 29.1532(c) (PEIMS data for prekindergarten programs).

Denton ISD 061901	
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN	EHBG (LEGAL)
	A district must submit its proposed tuition rate to the commissioner for approval.
	Education Code 29.1531
Program Design	A district's prekindergarten program shall be designed to develop skills necessary for success in the regular public school curriculum, including language, mathematics, and social skills. <i>Education Code</i> 29.1532(a)
Shared Site	Before establishing a new prekindergarten program, a district shall consider the possibility of sharing use of an existing Head Start or other child-care program site as a prekindergarten site. <i>Education Code 29.1533</i>
Prekindergarten Licensing Standards	If a district contracts with a private entity to operate a prekinder- garten program, the program shall comply at a minimum with the applicable child-care licensing standards adopted by the Texas De- partment of Family and Protective Services under Human Re- sources Code 42.042 and the class size requirements for prekindergarten classes imposed under Education Code 25.112(a) [see EEB]. <i>Education Code 29.1532(b)</i>
Daily Physical Activity	A district shall require students in full-day prekindergarten to partic- ipate in moderate or vigorous daily physical activity for at least 30 minutes throughout the school year, as part of the district's physi- cal education program or through structured activity during a cam- pus's daily recess.
	To the extent practicable, a district shall require a student enrolled in prekindergarten on less than a full-day basis to participate in the same type and amount of physical activity as a student enrolled in full-day prekindergarten.
	If a district determines, for any particular grade level, that requiring moderate or vigorous daily physical activity is impractical due to scheduling concerns or other factors, the district may as an alternative require a student in that grade level to participate in moderate or vigorous physical activity for at least 135 minutes during each school week.
	A district must provide an exemption for a student who is unable to participate in the required physical activity because of illness or disability.
	Education Code 28.002(I)

Denton ISD 061901					
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN		EHBG (LEGAL)			
High-Quality Prekindergarten Program	"Program" means a high quality prekindergarten program for eligi- ble children who are at least four years of age required to be pro- vided free of tuition or fees.				
Curriculum Requirements	A district shall select and implement a curriculum for a prekinder- garten program that:				
	1.	Includes the prekindergarten guidelines established by TEA;			
	2.	Measures the progress of students in meeting the recom- mended learning outcomes; and			
	3.	Does not use national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initiative.			
	Edu	cation Code 29.164, .167(a)			
	A school district shall implement a curriculum for a high-quality prekindergarten program that addresses the 2015 Texas Prekindergarten Guidelines in the domains listed in 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(b). The district shall measure student progress and kindergarten preparation in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(c). <i>19 TAC 102.1003</i>				
Teacher Requirements	Each teacher for a prekindergarten program class must be certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B and have one of the following additional qualifications:				
	1.	An associate or baccalaureate degree in early childhood edu- cation or a related field;			
	2.	A Child Development Associate (CDA) credential or another early childhood education credential approved by TEA;			
	3.	Certification offered through a training center accredited by Association Montessori Internationale or through the Montes- sori Accreditation Council for Teacher Education;			
	4.	At least eight years' experience of teaching in a nationally ac- credited child-care program or a Texas Rising Star Program;			
	5.	A graduate or undergraduate degree in early childhood edu- cation or early childhood special education or a non-early childhood education degree with a documented minimum of 15 units of coursework in early childhood education;			
	6.	Documented completion of the Texas School Ready Training Program (TSR Comprehensive);			
	7.	Be employed as a prekindergarten teacher in a district that has met the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(d)(6); or			
	123	5 of 9			

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN			EHBG (LEGAL)				
	8.	An e	equivalent qualification.				
	A district may allow a teacher employed by the district to receive the training required to be awarded a CDA credential from a re- gional education service center. Training may not include national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Stan- dards Initiative.						
	preł in a	kinder ny pre	or an entity with which the district contracts to provide a garten program must attempt to maintain an average ratio ekindergarten program class of not less than one qualified or teacher's aide for each 11 students.				
	19 TAC 102.1003(d), (h); Education Code 29.167(b)-(d)						
Supervisor Requirements	Each teacher for a prekindergarten class provided by an entity with which a school district contracts to provide a prekindergarten pro- gram must be supervised by a person who meets the teacher re- quirements above and have one of the following qualifications:						
	1.	At least two years' experience of teaching in a nationally ac- credited child-care program or a Texas Rising Star Program and:					
		a.	A Child Development Associate (CDA) credential or an- other early childhood education credential approved by TEA; or				
		b.	Certification offered through a training center accredited by Association Montessori Internationale or through the Montessori Accreditation Council for Teacher Education; or				
	2.	A qu	alification described by provisions 1, 4, 7, or 8 above.				
	A person who supervises a prekindergarten program provided by an entity with which a district contracts for that purpose may super- vise multiple prekindergarten classrooms to:						
	1.	1. Ensure programmatic compliance; and					
	2.	Sup	port:				
		a.	Classroom instruction;				
		b.	The developmental needs of students; and				
		C.	Continuous quality improvement, including professional development.				
	Education Code 20 167/h 1) (h 2)						

Education Code 29.167(b-1)-(b-2)

Denton ISD 061901					
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN	EHBG (LEGAL)				
Family Engagement Plan	A district shall develop, implement, and make available on the dis- trict or campus website by November 1 of each school year, a fam- ily engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintain- ing high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes toward education. An effective family engagement plan creates a foundation for the collaboration of mutual partners, embraces the individuality and uniqueness of families, and promotes a culture of learning that is child centered, age appropriate, and family driven.				
	The family engagement plan shall meet the requirements of 19 Ad- ministrative Code 102.1003(e)(2).				
	19 TAC 102.1003(e); Education Code 29.168(a)				
Report and Evaluation	In a format prescribed by TEA, a district shall report information in compliance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(f).				
	A district shall:				
	<ol> <li>Select and implement appropriate methods for evaluating the district's high-quality prekindergarten program by measuring student progress; and</li> </ol>				
	2. Make data from the results of program evaluations available to parents.				
	A district may administer diagnostic assessments to students in a program class to evaluate student progress but may not administer a state standardized assessment instrument.				
	An assessment instrument administered to a prekindergarten pro- gram class must be selected from a list of appropriate prekinder- garten assessment instruments identified by the commissioner.				
	19 TAC 102.1003(f)-(g); Education Code 29.169				
Eligible Private Providers	A district that offers a high-quality prekindergarten program may enter into a contract with an eligible private provider to provide ser- vices or equipment for the program.				
	To be eligible to contract with a district to provide a program or part of a program, a private provider must be licensed by and in good standing with the Department of Family and Protective Services. A private provider is in good standing with the Department of Family and Protective Services if the department has not taken an action against the provider's license during the 24-month period preced- ing the date of a contract with a district. The private provider must also:				

#### SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN 1. Be accredited by a research-based, nationally recognized, and universally accessible accreditation system approved by the commissioner; 2. Be a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher; 3. Be a Texas School Ready! participant; 4. Have an existing partnership with a district to provide a prekindergarten program not provided under Subchapter E-1; or 5. Be accredited by an organization that is recognized by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission. A prekindergarten program provided by a private provider under Education Code 29.171 is subject to the requirements of Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter E-1 and the class size requirement for prekindergarten classes imposed by Education Code 25.112(a) [see EEB]. Education Code 29.171 Prekindergarten A district may use funds from grants administered by the commis-**Expansion Grant** sioner to expand an existing half-day prekindergarten program to a full-day basis or to implement a prekindergarten program on a campus that does not have a prekindergarten program. A district may use funds received under this program to employ teachers and other personnel for a prekindergarten program or to acquire curriculum materials or equipment, including computers, for use in prekindergarten programs. A district may use funds granted under this program in contracting with another entity, including a private entity. Education Code 29.155(a), (b), (i) **Ready to Read Grant** A district that operates a prekindergarten program is eligible to apply for a Ready to Read grant if at least 75 percent of the children enrolled in the program are low-income students, as determined by commissioner rule.

Grants shall be used to provide scientific, research-based prereading instruction for the purpose of directly improving pre-reading skills and for identifying cost-effective models for pre-reading intervention. Grants funds shall be used for:

- 1. Professional staff development in pre-reading instruction;
- 2. Pre-reading curriculum and materials;

EHBG

(LEGAL)

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN EHBG (LEGAL)

- 3. Pre-reading skills assessment materials; and
- 4. Employment of pre-reading instructors.

Education Code 29.157(b), (c)

Statewide Information Referral Network

A district shall provide the Texas Information and Referral Network with information regarding eligibility for and availability of child-care and education services for inclusion in the statewide information referral network. A district shall provide the information in a form determined by the executive commissioner of the Texas Health and Human Services Commission. *Gov't Code 531.0312* 

"Child-care and education services" includes child-care and education services provided by a district through a prekindergarten or after-school program. *Gov't Code 531.03131(a)* 

Staff of the Texas Information and Referral Network shall send an electronic mail message to each appropriate entity containing the name of and contact information for each applicant and a description of the services for which the applicant is applying.

On receipt of such an electronic mail message, a district shall contact the applicant to verify information regarding the applicant's eligibility for available child-care and education services. On certifying eligibility, a district shall match the applicant with entities providing those services in the applicant's community, including local workforce development boards, local child-care providers, or a Head Start or Early Head Start program provider.

A district shall cooperate with the Texas Information and Referral Network as necessary in the administration of this project.

Gov't Code 531.0312(c)-(e)

Mandatory Recognition Dates	A district shall regularly observe the following recognition day weeks, and months by appropriate programs, celebrations, a tivities:	
Women's Independence Day	August 26: Women's Independence Day, to commemorate the fication in 1920 of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United S Constitution, which guaranteed women the right to vote. Wom Independence Day shall be regularly observed by appropriate grams in the public schools to inspire a greater appreciation of importance of women's suffrage. <i>Gov't Code 662.051</i>	States nen's e pro-
Hydrocephalus	September: Hydrocephalus Awareness Month, to:	
Awareness Month	<ol> <li>Increase public awareness of hydrocephalus, a serious rological condition characterized by the abnormal buildu cerebrospinal fluids in the ventricles of the brain; and</li> </ol>	
	2. Encourage the development of partnerships between the eral government, health-care professionals, and patient cacy groups to advance the public's understanding of the dition, improve the diagnosis and treatment of the conditionand support research for a cure.	advo- le con-
	Hydrocephalus Awareness Month shall be regularly observed appropriate activities in public schools to increase awareness hydrocephalus.	
	Gov't Code 662.106	
Texas First Responders Day	September 11: Texas First Responders Day, in honor of the B ery, courage, and determination of Texas men and women w sist others in emergencies. Texas First Responders Day shal regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies in the public so to honor Texas first responders. A district may determine the propriate ceremonies by which Texas observes Texas First R sponders Day. <i>Gov't Code 662.050</i>	ho as- Il be chools ap-
September 11	September 11: To commemorate the events of September 17 2001, in each year that date falls on a regular school day, eac public elementary and secondary school shall provide for the servance of one minute of silence at the beginning of the first period of that day. Immediately before the required period of vance, the class instructor shall make a statement of reference the memory of individuals who died on September 11, 2001. required period of observance may be held in conjunction wit minute of silence required by Education Code 25.082. [See E <i>Education Code 25.0821</i>	ch ob- class obser- ce to The h the
Constitution Day	September 17: A district that receives federal funds for a fisca shall hold an educational program on the United States	al year
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	1 of 8

	Con (200	stitution for the students served by the district. <i>Pub. L. 108-</i> 04)	-447	
Celebrate Freedom Week	Week of September 17: Celebrate Freedom Week, to educate stu- dents about the sacrifices made for freedom in the founding of this country and the values on which this country was founded. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 29.907</i>			
Appropriate Instruction	Wee boa impo Stat	h social studies class shall include, during Celebrate Freed ek or during another full school week as determined by the rd, appropriate instruction concerning the intent, meaning, a ortance of the Declaration of Independence and the United es Constitution, including the Bill of Rights, in their historica text.	and	
	stuc subs to th Ame tion	study of the Declaration of Independence must include the ly of the relationship of the ideas expressed in that docume sequent American history, including the relationship of its id he rich diversity of our people as a nation of immigrants, the erican Revolution, the formulation of the United States Cons , and the abolitionist movement, which led to the Emancipa clamation and the women's suffrage movement.	nt to leas e stitu-	
	19 1	ГАС 74.33(a)		
Recitation	othe and den Crea Libe Righ	h district shall require that, during Celebrate Freedom Wee er prescribed week of instruction, students in grades 3-12 st recite the following text: "We hold these Truths to be self-e t, that all Men are created equal, that they are endowed by ator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are L erty, and the Pursuit of Happiness — That to secure these hts, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their of vers from the Consent of the Governed."	tudy vi- their ₋ife,	
Exception	Eac	h district shall excuse from recitation a student:		
	1.	Whose parent or guardian submits to the district a written quest that the student be excused;	re-	
	2.	Who, as determined by the district, has a conscientious of tion to the recitation; or	ojec-	
	3.	Who is the child of a representative of a foreign governme to whom the United States government extends diplomation immunity.		
	19 1	ГАС 74.33(b), .36		
American Indian Heritage Day	tura	last Friday in September is in recognition of the historic, cu I, and social contributions American Indian communities an lers have made to Texas. American Indian Heritage Day sh	d	
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	2	2 of 8	

Denton	ISD
061901	

	prog and	egularly observed by appropriate ceremonies, activities, and rams in public schools to honor American Indians in Texas to celebrate the rich traditional and contemporary American In- culture. <i>Gov't Code 662.056</i>
Father of Texas Day	Aust Texa priate mem	ember 3: Father of Texas Day, in memory of Stephen F. in, the great pioneer patriot and the real and true Father of is. Father of Texas Day shall be regularly observed by appro- e and patriotic programs in the public schools to properly com- norate the birthday of Stephen F. Austin and to inspire a ter love for this beloved state. <i>Gov't Code 662.045</i>
Sam Rayburn Day	Ame regu	ary 6: Sam Rayburn Day, in memory of that great Texas and rican statesman, Sam Rayburn. Sam Rayburn Day shall be larly observed by appropriate programs in the public schools ommemorate the birthday of Sam Rayburn. <i>Gov't Code</i> 041
State of Texas Anniversary Remembrance Day	(STA Jame of Te priate mem	uary 19: State of Texas Anniversary Remembrance Day AR Day), in honor of Texas joining the Union and the day that es Pinckney Henderson became the first governor of the state exas in 1846. STAR Day shall be regularly observed by appro- e and patriotic programs in the public schools to properly com- norate the annexation of this state and to inspire a greater ap- tiation for the history of this state. <i>Gov't Code 662.047</i>
Texas History Month	shap throu obse scho	ch: Texas History Month, in honor of those Texans who helped be the history of the state of Texas and in recognition of events ughout Texas's history. Texas History Month shall be regularly erved by appropriate celebrations and activities in public rols to promote interest in and knowledge of Texas history. <i>It Code 662.102</i>
Texas Girls in STEM Day	and	ch 1 is designated as Texas Girls in STEM Day to celebrate encourage the participation of girls in this state in fields related ience, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
	ate c	as Girls in STEM Day shall be regularly observed by appropri- ceremonies, activities, and programs in public schools, public utions of higher education, and other places to:
	1.	Encourage girls in this state to consider career fields in sci- ence, technology, engineering, and mathematics; and
	2.	Celebrate and honor the women of this state who have excelled in those fields.
	0	

Gov't Code 662.073

	In recognition of Texas Girls in STEM Day, each district may in-	
	clude throughout the month of March appropriate instruction, activi- ties, and programs to encourage and celebrate women in career fields related to science, technology, engineering, and mathemat- ics. The instruction may include programs that profile women in those fields and related fields, including finance, information tech- nology, data analytics, cybersecurity, and health-care cloud archi- tecture. <i>Education Code 29.925</i>	
Texas Fruit and Vegetable Day	The first Friday in April is designated Texas Fruit and Vegetable Day in public schools to promote awareness of the health benefits of fruits and vegetables and to encourage students to consume more fruits and vegetables during Texas Fruit and Vegetable Month. Texas Fruit and Vegetable Day shall include appropriate in- struction, as determined by the district. <i>Education Code</i> 29.9073	
Public School Paraprofessional Day	The second Wednesday in May: Public School Paraprofessional Day, in recognition of education paraprofessionals including teacher assistants, instructional aides, educational trainers, library attendants, bilingual assistants, special education associates, men- tors, and tutors. Public School Paraprofessional Day shall be regu- larly observed by appropriate ceremonies and activities in the pub- lic schools to properly recognize the paraprofessionals who have made tremendous contributions to the educational process. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code</i> 662.049	
Texas Military Heroes Day	To educate students about the sacrifices made by brave Texans who have served in the armed forces of the United States, the go ernor shall designate a day to be known as Texas Military Heroes Day in public schools.	
	Texas Military Heroes Day shall include appropriate instruction, as determined by each district. Instruction may include:	
	<ol> <li>Information about persons who have served in the armed forces of the United States and are from the community or the geographic area in which the district is located; and</li> </ol>	
	2. Participation, in person or using technology, in age-appropri- ate learning projects at battlefields and gravesites associated with a person who has served in the armed forces.	
	Education Code 29.9071	
Generation Texas Week	Each district offering middle school, junior high school, or high school grade levels shall designate one week during the school year as Generation Texas Week. During the designated week, each middle school, junior high school, and high school shall pro- vide students with comprehensive grade-appropriate information about the pursuit of higher education, including:	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023 4 of 8	

	1.	High	er education options;	
	2.		dard admission requirements for institutions of higher ed- on, including:	
		a.	Overall high school grade point average;	
		b.	Required curriculum;	
		C.	College readiness standards and expectations as deter- mined under Education Code 28.008; and	
		d.	Scores necessary on generally recognized tests or as- sessment instruments used in admissions determina- tions, including the Scholastic Assessment Test and the American College Test;	
	3.		matic admission of certain students to general academic ning institutions under Education Code 51.803 [see EIC];	
	4.	nanc	ncial aid availability and requirements, including the fi- ial aid information provided by school counselors under cation Code 33.007(b) [see FFEA].	
	shall	provi	n, each middle school, junior high school, and high school ide to students at least one public speaker to promote the e of higher education.	
	Edu	cation	Code 29.911	
Holocaust Remembrance Week	To educate students about the Holocaust and inspire in students a sense of responsibility to recognize and uphold human value and to prevent future atrocities, the governor shall designate a week to be known as Holocaust Remembrance Week in public schools.			
			Remembrance Week shall include age-appropriate in- as determined by each district. Instruction shall include:	
	1.		mation about the history of and lessons learned from the caust;	
	2.		cipation, in person or using technology, in learning ects about the Holocaust; and	
	3.		use of materials developed or approved by the Texas caust, Genocide, and Antisemitism Advisory Commis-	
	Edu	cation	Code 29.9072	

Denton ISD 061901			
SPECIAL PROGRAMSEHBROTHER INSTRUCTIONAL INITIATIVES(LEGAL)			
Optional Recognition Dates	In addition, a district may observe the following recognition weeks, or months, by appropriate celebrations and activitie	•	
Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day	Third Wednesday of September: Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day memory of the significant contributions to the Mexican Am civil rights movement of Dr. Hector P. Garcia, a distinguish physician and a recipient of the Presidential Medal of Free the founder of the American GI Forum, which promotes civ protection of Hispanic veterans and all Americans. Dr. Gar World War II hero, was awarded a Bronze Star Medal with tle stars in recognition of his meritorious service to the Uni States. Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day may be regularly observe propriate ceremonies and activities in the public schools to commemorate the importance of the contributions made b Garcia. <i>Gov't Code 662.055</i>	erican ned edom and vil rights rcia, a n six bat- ited ed by ap- o properly	
Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month	October: Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness to increase public awareness of the many achievements of with disabilities; encourage public understanding of the dis rights movement; and reaffirm the local, state, and federal ment to providing equality and inclusion for people with dis A district may elect to observe Persons with Disabilities Hi Awareness Month and determine the appropriate activities which the school observes Persons with Disabilities Histor Awareness Month. <i>Gov't Code 662.109</i>	of people sability commit- sabilities. istory and s by	
Texas Native Plant Week	Third week in October: Texas Native Plant Week, to celeb native plants of Texas. Texas Native Plant Week may be observed in public schools with programs to appreciate, ex and study Texas native plants. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.154	regularly	
Lung Cancer Awareness Month	November: Lung Cancer Awareness Month, to increase and of lung cancer and encourage funding of research and mo tive treatments. Lung Cancer Awareness Month may be re observed by appropriate activities in public schools to incr awareness of lung cancer and support for lung cancer res <i>Gov't Code 662.104</i>	ore effec- egularly ease the	
Human Trafficking Prevention Month	January: Human Trafficking Prevention Month, to increase ness of human trafficking in an effort to encourage people authorities to any suspected incidents involving human tra Human Trafficking Prevention Month may be regularly obs through appropriate activities in public schools and other p increase awareness and prevention of human trafficking. <i>Code 662.107</i>	to alert fficking. served blaces to	
Law Enforcement Appreciation Day	January 9: Law Enforcement Appreciation Day may be regolated in public schools and other places through approactivities. <i>Gov't Code 662.067</i>		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	6 of 8	

Iwo Jima Day	of th who beg serv	ruary 19: Iwo Jima Day, in memory of the heroism and courage the men and women of the armed forces of the United States participated in the successful capture of the island of Iwo Jima inning February 19, 1945. Iwo Jima Day may be regularly ob- red through appropriate activities in public schools and other es. <i>Gov't Code 662.062</i>		
Child Safety Month	as the mean of the	I: Child Safety Month, in recognition of the children of this state his state's most precious resource. Child Safety Month is ant to ensure that the children of this state grow up in a safe supportive environment by promoting their protection and care ugh increased public awareness of ways to reduce accidental by and death through the use of bicycle helmets, seat belts, ty and booster seats, and smoke alarms, and the dangers pre- ted to children by unattended and unlocked vehicles and by be- eft in closed vehicles during hot or sunny weather. Child Safety th may be regularly observed by appropriate celebrations and vities in public schools to promote the protection and care of then in this state. <i>Gov't Code 662.105</i>		
Sexual Assault Awareness Month	and Mor pub	I: Sexual Assault Awareness Month, to increase awareness prevention of sexual assault. Sexual Assault Awareness th may be regularly observed through appropriate activities in ic schools and other places to increase awareness and pre- tion of sexual assault. <i>Gov't Code 662.111</i>		
Fentanyl Poisoning Awareness Week	and nor	educate students about the dangers posed by the drug fentanyl the risks of fentanyl poisoning, including overdose, the gover- shall designate a week to be known as Fentanyl Poisoning areness Week in public schools.		
	insti	tanyl Poisoning Awareness Week may include age-appropriate ruction, including instruction on the prevention of the abuse of addiction to fentanyl, as determined by a district.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.9074		
Student Elections	An election for the participation of students in kindergarten through grade 12 may be held in conjunction with a general, special, or pri- mary election. The student election may be ordered by:			
	1.	The commissioners court, for a student election held in con- junction with an election ordered by the governor or a county authority;		
	2.	The governing body of a political subdivision, for a student election held in conjunction with an election of the political subdivision; or		

EHBK (LEGAL)

3. The county executive committee, for a student election held in conjunction with a primary election.

A student election may be held only on election day or the day before election day.

The authority ordering a student election shall specify in the order each grade that may participate in the election. A student in a specified grade may enter a precinct polling place for the purpose of casting an unofficial ballot in the student election on the same offices and measures that appear on the official ballot.

The election officers serving in the official election may not serve in the student election. The authority ordering a student election shall appoint a separate set of election officers to conduct the student election, supervise the participating students, and tabulate and report the results of that election. The authority ordering a student election shall make the results of that election available to the public but only after the polling places are closed on election day.

Expenses incurred in the conduct of a student election, including any personnel expenses, may be paid only from private grant funds or donations.

Election Code 276.007

Each school year, a district shall notify the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of:		
-  S,		
m- am		
d		
БТ		
J		
,		
jh E.		
e on )-		
or s		

	Ann (TE	ually, a district shall report to the Texas Education Agency A):
	1.	The number of students, including career and technical stu- dents, who have participated in the program and earned col- lege credit; and
	2.	The cumulative number of courses in which participating stu- dents have enrolled and college credit hours the students have earned.
		program may provide a student the opportunity to earn credit a course or activity, including an apprenticeship or training rs:
	1.	That satisfies a requirement necessary to obtain an industry- recognized credential or certificate or an associate degree, and is approved by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB); and
	2.	For which a student may earn credit concurrently toward both the student's high school diploma and postsecondary aca- demic requirements.
	A dı	ual credit course must be:
	1.	In the core curriculum of the public institution of higher educa- tion providing college credit;
	2.	A career and technical education course; or
	3.	A foreign language course.
	fere und that	requirements above do not apply to a dual credit course of- d as part of the early college education program established er Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate de- e while in high school.
		strict is not required to pay a student's tuition or other associ- l costs for taking a course under this section.
Agreements	ticul	agreement, including a memorandum of understanding or ar- lation agreement, between a school district and public institu- of higher education to provide a dual credit program must:
	1.	Include specific program goals aligned with statewide goals developed jointly by TEA and the THECB;
	2	Establish common advising strategies and terminology related

2. Establish common advising strategies and terminology related to dual credit and college readiness;

- 3. Provide for the alignment of endorsements offered by the district [see EIF] and dual credit courses offered under the agreement that apply towards those endorsements, with postsecondary pathways and credentials at the institution and industry certifications;
- Identify tools, including tools developed by TEA, THECB, or the Texas Workforce Commission, to assist school counselors, students, and families in selecting endorsements offered by the district and dual credit courses offered under the agreement;
- 5. Establish, or provide a procedure for establishing, the course credits that may be earned under the agreement, including by developing a course equivalency crosswalk or other method for equating high school courses with college courses and identifying the number of credits that may be earned for each course completed through the program;
- 6. Describe the academic supports and, if applicable, guidance that will be provided to students participating in the program;
- Establish the district's and the institution's respective roles and responsibilities in providing the program and ensuring the quality and instructional rigor of the program;
- 8. State the sources of funding for courses offered under the program, including, at a minimum, the sources of funding for tuition, transportation, and any required fees or textbooks for students participating in the program;
- Require the district and the institution to consider the use of free or low-cost open educational resources in courses offered under the program;
- Ensure the accurate and timely exchange of information necessary for an eligible student to enroll at no cost in a dual credit course as provided by Education Code 28.0095 (FAST Program);
- 11. Be posted each year on the district's and the institution's respective websites; and
- 12. Designate at least one employee of the district or institution as responsible for providing academic advising to a student who enrolls in a dual credit course under the program before the student begins the course.

Education Code 28.009; 19 TAC 4.84(c)

College-Level Courses	A board may adopt a policy that allows a student to be awarded credit toward high school graduation for completing a college-level course. The course must be provided only by an institution of higher education that is accredited by any of the following regional accrediting associations:		
	1.	Southern Association of Colleges and Schools;	
	2.	Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools;	
	3.	New England Association of Colleges and Schools;	
	4.	North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;	
	5.	Western Association of Colleges and Schools; or	
	6.	Northwest Association of Colleges and Schools.	
	tion scho cour dem	be eligible to enroll and be awarded credit toward state gradua- requirements, a student shall have the approval of the high pol principal or other school official designated by a district. The rse(s) for which credit is awarded shall provide advanced aca- ic instruction beyond or in greater depth than the essential wledge and skills for the equivalent high school course.	
	19 7	AC 74.25	
Dual Credit Programs Definitions	publ or u	purposes of the following provisions, "college" means any ic technical institute, public junior college, public senior college niversity, medical or dental unit, public state college, or other ncy of higher education as defined by Education Code 61.003.	
	stud	al credit" means the system under which an eligible high school ent enrolls in college course(s) and receives credit for the se(s) from both the college and high school.	
	19 7	AC 4.83(4), (7); Education Code 61.003(8)	
Partnership Agreements with Public Colleges	a du Cod	strict may enter into an agreement with a public college to form al credit partnership in accordance with 19 Administrative e Chapter 4, Subchapter D. <i>Education Code 130.008; 19 TAC</i> <i>4, Subch. D</i>	
Community College Jurisdiction	agre the l colle 130.	chool district that operates a high school may enter into an eement with a community college district, regardless of whether high school is located within the service area of the community ege district, to offer a course as provided by Education Code 008.	
	50.		

	1. In the core curriculum of the public junior college;
	2. A career and technical education course; or
	3. A foreign language course.
	These requirements do not apply to a course offered for joint high school and junior college credit to a student as part of the early col- lege education program established under Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program that assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate degree while in high school.
	Education Code 130.008(a-1), (a-2), (d)
Student Eligibility	A high school student is eligible to enroll in academic dual credit courses and workforce education dual credit courses as permitted by 19 Administrative Code 4.85(b).
	To be eligible for enrollment in a dual credit course offered by a public college, students must meet all the college's regular prerequisite requirements designated for that course (e.g., minimum score on a specified placement test, minimum grade in a specified previous course, etc.).
	An institution may impose additional requirements for enrollment in courses for dual credit that do not conflict with this section.
	An institution is not required, under the provisions of this section, to offer dual credit courses for high school students.
	19 TAC 4.85(b)
Faculty Selection, Supervision, and Evaluation	The college shall select, supervise, and evaluate instructors in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 4.85(e). <i>19 TAC 4.85(e)</i>
Transcript	For dual credit courses, high school as well as college credit should be transcripted immediately upon a student's completion of the performance required in the course. <i>19 TAC 4.85(h)</i>
Qualified Instructor	A course offered for joint high school and junior college credit must be taught by a qualified instructor approved or selected by the pub- lic junior college. An instructor is qualified if the instructor holds:
	<ol> <li>A doctoral or master's degree in the discipline that is the sub- ject of the course;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>A master's degree in another discipline with a concentration that required completion of a minimum of 18 graduate semes- ter hours in the discipline that is the subject of the course; or</li> </ol>

	3.	For a course that is offered in an associate degree program and that is not designed for transfer to a baccalaureate de- gree program:			
		a.	A degree described above;		
		b.	A baccalaureate degree in the discipline that is the sub- ject of the course; or		
		C.	An associate degree and demonstrated competencies in the discipline that is the subject of the course, as deter- mined by the THECB.		
	shal cour by th	l appi se at ne dis	than the 60th day after receipt, a public junior college rove or reject an application for approval to teach a a high school that is submitted by an instructor employed strict with which the junior college entered into an agree- ffer the course.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 130.008(g), (h)		
Attendance Accounting	The time during which a student attends a dual credit course, in- cluding a course provided under the college credit program, shall be counted as part of the minimum instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily at- tendance. <i>Education Code 48.005(g)</i> [See FEB]				
	gran prog purp	ns pro Iram i Ioses	missioner of education may approve instructional pro- ovided off campus by an entity other than a district as a in which participation by a student may be counted for of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education</i> 007(a)		
Reporting Off- Campus Programs	A board may adopt a policy that allows a student to participate in an off-campus instructional program. The program must be pro- vided only by an institution of higher education that is accredited b one of the regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.25 (High School Credit for College Courses).				
	To be eligible, a student must:				
	1.	Be i	n grade 11 or 12;		
	2.	quire	e demonstrated college readiness as outlined in the re- ements for participation in dual credit programs in the <i>Stu-</i> <i>t Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> ;		
	3.		t any eligibility requirements adopted by the institution of er education; and		
	4.		e the approval of the high school principal or other school ial designated by the district.		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23		6 of 11		

	The off-campus program must comply with rules adopted by the THECB in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 19, Part 1, with respect to teacher qualifications.			
	19 TAC 129.1031			
	Time that a student participates in an off-campus instructional program approved by the commissioner under Education Code 48.007(a) shall be counted as part of the minimum number of instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily attendance. <i>Education Code 48.005(h)</i>			
Dual Credit Agreement	For any dual credit partnership between a secondary school and a public college, an agreement must be approved by the governing boards or designated authorities (e.g., principal and chief academic officer) of both the school district and the public college prior to the offering of such courses.			
	Any agreement entered into or renewed between a public institu- tion of higher education and school district on or after September 1, 2019, including a memorandum of understanding or articulation agreement, must meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 4.84(c).			
	Any dual credit agreement must also address:			
	1. Eligible courses;			
	2. Student eligibility;			
	3. Location of class;			
	4. Student composition of class;			
	5. Faculty selection, supervision, and evaluation;			
	6. Course curriculum, instruction, and gathering;			
	7. Academic policies and student support services;			
	8. Transcripting of credit;			
	9. Funding; and			
	10. Defined sequences of courses, where applicable.			
	19 TAC 4.84(a)-(b)			
FAST Program Eligibility	A student is eligible to enroll at no cost in a dual credit course un- der the Financial Aid for Swift Transfer (FAST) program if the stu- dent is enrolled in high school and in a dual credit course at a par- ticipating institution of higher education and the student was			

	educationally disadvantaged at any time during the four school years preceding the student's enrollment in the dual credit course.		
	"Dual credit course" includes a course offered for joint high school and junior college credit under Education Code 130.008 or another course offered by an institution of higher education for which a high school student may earn credit toward satisfaction of:		
	1.	A requirement necessary to obtain an industry-recognized credential or certificate or an associate degree;	
	2.	A foreign language requirement at an institution of higher edu- cation;	
	3.	A requirement in the core curriculum, as that term is defined by Education Code 61.821, at an institution of higher educa- tion; or	
	4.	A requirement in a field of study curriculum developed by the coordinating board under Education Code 61.823.	
District Determination	A district shall on a high school student's enrollment in a dual credit course, determine whether the student meets the above criteria for the program and notify the institution of higher education that offers the dual credit course in which the student is enrolled of the dis- trict's determination.		
	A district may make the determination based on the district's records, TEA's records, or any other method authorized by commissioner or THECB rule. If the district bases the determination on a method other than TEA's records, the district shall report the method used and the data on which the method is based to TEA for purposes of verification.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0095(a)(3), (c), (3)	
Instructional Partnerships with	Types of instructional partnerships between a district and a c munity college district include:		
Community College Districts	1.	Award of High School Credit Only (see High School Credit- Only Courses, below).	
	2.	Award of Dual Credit (see Dual Credit Programs, above).	
	3.	Tech-Prep Programs (see Tech-Prep Programs, below).	
	4.	Remedial or Developmental Instruction for High School Grad- uates (see Remedial Programs, below).	

EHDD (LEGAL)

	<ol> <li>College Preparatory Courses for High School Students (see College Preparatory Courses, below)</li> </ol>		
	19 TAC 9.143		
Agreement	For any educational partnership between a district and a community college district, an agreement must be approved by the board or designee of both the district and the college district. The partnership agreement must address the following:		
	1. Student eligibility requirements.		
	2. Faculty qualifications.		
	3. Location and student composition of classes.		
	4. Provision of student learning and support services.		
	5. Eligible courses.		
	6. Grading criteria.		
	7. Transcripting of credit.		
	8. Funding provisions.		
	19 TAC 9.144		
High School Credit- Only Courses	A district may contract with a community college district for the college district to provide coursework necessary for students to complete high school as described in 19 Administrative Code 9.125. The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. <i>19 TAC 9.125, .143(a)</i>		
Tech-Prep Programs	A district may partner with a college district to allow for the articula- tion of high school technical courses taught by the high school to high school students for immediate high school credit and later col- lege credit, to be awarded upon enrollment of the students in the college district in an associate degree or certificate program. 19 TAC 9.143(c)		
Remedial Programs	A board may contract, as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 9.125, with the board of the community college district in which a district is located for the college district to provide remedial programs for stu- dents enrolled in a district's secondary schools in preparation for graduation from secondary school and entrance into college.		
	Community colleges may provide instruction to high school stu- dents for either remedial course work to prepare students to pass the required State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness End-of-Course (STAAR EOC) assessments or developmental course work to prepare the students to pass an assessment instru-		

	ment approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (Assessment Instruments).
	High school students who have passed all of the STAAR EOC as- sessments with the high school graduation standard may be per- mitted to enroll in state-funded developmental courses offered by a community college at the college's discretion if a need for such course work is indicated by student performance on an assess- ment instrument approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (see below).
	The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. Remedial and developmental courses may not be offered for dual credit.
	Education Code 130.090; 19 TAC 9.125, .143(d), .146
	An institution of higher education shall use the Texas Success Ini- tiative (TSI) Assessment offered by the College Board as the only THECB-approved assessment instrument. <i>19 TAC 4.56</i>
College Preparatory Courses	College preparatory courses are locally developed through a mem- orandum of understanding created between school districts and community colleges. <i>19 TAC 9.147</i>
Certain Academies	A district shall grant a student a maximum of two years' credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas—Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies (at Texas A&M University—Laredo). <i>Education Code 28.024</i>
Certain Academies Off-Campus Program Provided by an Institution of Higher Education	toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas—Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies
Off-Campus Program Provided by an Institution of Higher	toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas—Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies (at Texas A&M University—Laredo). <i>Education Code 28.024</i> The commissioner of education may approve instructional pro- grams provided off campus by an entity other than a district as a program in which participation by a student may be counted for purposes of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education</i>
Off-Campus Program Provided by an Institution of Higher Education Reporting Off-	toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas—Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies (at Texas A&M University—Laredo). <i>Education Code 28.024</i> The commissioner of education may approve instructional pro- grams provided off campus by an entity other than a district as a program in which participation by a student may be counted for purposes of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education Code 48.007(a)</i> A board may adopt a policy that allows a student to participate in an off-campus instructional program. The program must be pro- vided only by an institution of higher education that is accredited by one of the regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin-

1. Be in grade 11 or 12;

- 2. Have demonstrated college readiness as outlined in the requirements for participation in dual credit programs in the *Student Attendance Accounting Handbook*;
- 3. Meet any eligibility requirements adopted by the institution of higher education; and
- 4. Have the approval of the high school principal or other school official designated by the district.

The off-campus program must comply with rules adopted by the THECB in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 19, Part 1, with respect to teacher qualifications.

19 TAC 129.1031(a), (b), (e)

Time that a student participates in an off-campus instructional program approved by the commissioner under Education Code 48.007(a) shall be counted as part of the minimum number of instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily attendance. *Education Code* 48.005(h)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Texas Virtual School Network: <u>https://www.txvsn.org</u>

Distance Learning and Correspondence	Credit toward state graduation requirements may be granted for distance learning and correspondence courses only as follows:			
Courses	1.	The institution offering the correspondence course is The University of Texas at Austin, Texas Tech University, or another public institution of higher education approved by the commissioner of education.		
	2.	Students may earn course credit through distance learning technologies such as satellite, internet, two-way videoconfer- encing, online courses, the Texas Virtual School Network (TXVSN), and instructional television.		
	3.	The distance learning and correspondence courses must in- clude the state-required essential knowledge and skills for such a course.		
	19 TAC 74.23			
Texas Virtual School Network	The TXVSN is a state-led initiative for online learning authorized by Education Code Chapter 30A. The TXVSN is a partnership net- work administered by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in coordi- nation with regional education service centers (ESCs), Texas pub- lic school districts and charter schools, institutions of higher education, and other eligible entities.			
		TXVSN is comprised of two components—the online school S) program and the statewide course catalog.		
	19 7	AC 70.1001(4)		
Online School (OLS) Program	prog prov	ine School (OLS) program" is a full-time, virtual instructional gram that is made available through an approved course rider and is designed to serve students in grades 3-12 who are physically present at school. <i>19 TAC 70.1001(7)</i>		
		KVSN OLS may serve students in grades 3-12 but may not e students in kindergarten-grade 2.		
	A school district that operates a TXVSN OLS that serves students in full-time virtual instruction shall, prior to the start of each aca- demic year, notify TEA of grade levels to be served and the total number of students to be served during that academic year. A school district may not add grade levels after the start of the school year.			
	leve suffi tiona	KVSN OLS or a school district wishing to add additional grade Is to its online program shall certify that the OLS has courses cient to comprise a full instructional program for each addi- al grade level to be served by the OLS prior to serving that le level.		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 12				

	School districts approved to serve as TXVSN OLSs shall follow the TEA procedures related to obtaining a campus number for the vir- tual campus through which they serve their TXVSN OLS students.			
		ool districts serving as TXVSN OLSs must follow all require- nts in 19 Administrative Code 70.1011.		
	19	TAC 70.1011		
Statewide Course Catalog	stru	"Statewide course catalog" is a supplemental online high school in- structional program available through approved providers. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>70.1001(10)</i>		
Course Providers	A TXVSN course provider is an entity that provides an electronic course through the TXVSN. Course providers include TXVSN OLSs and providers in the statewide course catalog. <i>19 TAC 70.1001(8)</i>			
Electronic Course	"Ele	ectronic course" means an educational course in which:		
	1.	Instruction and content are delivered primarily over the inter- net;		
	2.	A student and teacher are in different locations for a majority of the student's instructional period;		
	3.	Most instructional activities take place in an online environ- ment;		
	4.	The online instructional activities are integral to the academic program;		
	5.	Extensive communication between a student and a teacher and among students is emphasized; and		
	6.	A student is not required to be located on the physical premises of a school district or open-enrollment charter school.		
	taug sing	electronic course is the equivalent of what would typically be ght in one semester. For example: English IA is treated as a gle electronic course and English IB is treated as a single elec- ic course.		
	Edu	ication Code 30A.001(4); 19 TAC 70.1001(1)		
OLS Eligibility	To b	be eligible to serve as a TXVSN OLS, a school district shall:		
	1.	Have a current accreditation status of Accredited under 19 Administrative Code 97.1055 (Accreditation Status);		
	2.	Be rated acceptable under Education Code 39.054;		

		3.	Be rated at the Standard Achievement level or higher under the state financial accountability rating system under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 109.1001 (Types of Financial Accountability Ratings);
		4.	Have met statutory requirements for timely submission of an- nual audit and compliance reports, Public Education Informa- tion Management System (PEIMS) reports, and timely de- posits with the Teacher Retirement System, with all records and reports reflecting satisfactory performance;
		5.	Be in good standing with other programs, grants, and projects administered through TEA; and
		6.	Have been approved to operate a TXVSN OLS as of Janu- ary 1, 2013.
		19 1	FAC 70.1009(a)
	Statewide Course Catalog Provider Eligibility	state Edu elec distr sche rolle	be eligible to serve as a course provider in the TXVSN ewide course catalog, a district must be rated acceptable under cation Code 39.054. A Texas school district may provide an tronic course through the TXVSN to a student enrolled in that rict or school, a student enrolled in another school district or pool in the state, or a student who resides in Texas who is en- ed in a school other than a public school district or charter pool. <i>19 TAC 70.1007(a)</i>
	General	TX∖	/SN course providers shall:
Requirements	1.	Provide the TXVSN receiver district in which each TXVSN student is enrolled with written notice of a student's performance in the course at least once every 12 weeks;	
		2.	Provide the TXVSN receiver district in which each TXVSN student is enrolled with written notice of a student's performance at least once every three weeks if the student's performance in the course is consistently unsatisfactory, as determined by the TXVSN course provider;
		3.	Notify students in writing upon enrollment to participate in the TXVSN course with specific dates and details regarding enrollment;
	4.	Meet all federal and state requirements for educating students with disabilities;	
		5.	Provide a contingency plan for the continuation of instruc- tional services to all TXVSN students allowing them to com- plete their TXVSN courses in the event that the contract or agreement through which the electronic courses are provided
AT	E ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	3 of 12

		are terminated or the TXVSN courses become unavailable to students;
	6.	Ensure a maximum class size limit of 40 students in a single section of a course and ensure that the class size does not exceed the maximum allowed by law, as applicable, which- ever is less; and
	7.	Meet all reporting requirements established by TXVSN central operations, including timely submission of student performance reports, course completion results, catalog data, data required to verify instructor qualifications, and all data necessary for the TXVSN Informed Choice Report required under 19 Administrative Code 70.1031 (Informed Choice Reports).
	19 1	TAC 70.1007(c)
Receiver District Requirements		strict is eligible to serve as a receiver district in the TXVSN ewide course catalog. Each TXVSN receiver district shall:
	1.	Register as a receiver district with TXVSN central operations;
	2.	Assign a qualified staff member to serve as the TXVSN coor- dinator;
	3.	Enroll a student who resides in Texas and who is enrolled in a school other than a public school district or charter school upon request by the student and/or parent or guardian; and
	4.	In accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.26 (Award of Credit), award credit to a student enrolled in the district who has successfully completed all state and local requirements and received a grade that is the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100, based upon the essential knowledge and skills for a course offered through the TXVSN statewide course catalog.
	19 1	FAC 70.1008
Courses	shal dan	electronic courses to be made available through the TXVSN Il be reviewed and approved prior to being offered in accor- ce with the course requirements at 19 Administrative Code 1005. <i>19 TAC 70.1005(a)</i>
	bee tion be c	electronic course or program that was offered or could have n offered during the 2008-09 school year under former Educa- Code 29.909, as that section existed on January 1, 2009, may offered during a subsequent school year through the TXVSN. <i>cation Code 30A.006</i>

Student Eligibility	A student is eligible to enroll in a TXVSN course only if the student		
Generally	1.	On September 1 of the school year is younger than 21 years of age or is younger than 26 years of age and entitled to the benefits of the Foundation School Program under Education Code 48.003;	
	2.	Has not graduated from high school; and	
	3.	Is otherwise eligible to enroll in a public school in this state.	
		udent is eligible to enroll full-time in courses provided through TXVSN only if:	
	1.	The student was enrolled in a public school in this state in the preceding school year;	
	2.	The student is a dependent of a member of the United States military who has been deployed or transferred to this state and was enrolled in a publicly funded school outside of this state in the preceding school year; or	
	3.	The student has been placed in substitute care in this state, regardless of whether the student was enrolled in a public school in this state in the preceding school year.	
Exception for Military Dependents	A student is eligible to enroll in one or more TXVSN courses or en- roll full-time in courses provided through the network if the student:		
Dependents	1.	Is a dependent of a member of the United States military;	
	2.	Was previously enrolled in high school in this state; and	
	3.	No longer resides in this state as a result of a military deploy- ment or transfer.	
Provisional Enrollment	roll, day not	student has not provided required evidence of eligibility to en- a TXVSN OLS may enroll a student provisionally for 10 school s and withdraw the student from the OLS if the student does provide the required evidence of eligibility within 10 school s of the provisional enrollment.	
	the will	Upon enrolling a student provisionally, the TXVSN OLS shall notify the student and the student's parents or guardians that the studen will be withdrawn if documentation is not provided within the re- quired timeframe.	
	Education Code 30A.002; 19 TAC 70.1013		
Enrolled Students	take	udent who is enrolled in the district as a full-time student may one or more electronic courses through the TXVSN. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 30A.107(b)</i>	

Unenrolled Students		A student who resides in this state but who is not enrolled in a school district or open-enrollment charter school in this state as a full-time student may, subject to Education Code 30A.155, enroll in electronic courses through the TXVSN. The student:			
	1.	May not in any semester enroll in more than two electronic courses offered through the TXVSN;			
		2.	Is not considered to be a public school student;		
		3.	Must obtain access to a course provided through the network through the school district or open-enrollment charter school attendance zone in which the student resides;		
		4.	Is not entitled to enroll in a course offered by a school district or open-enrollment charter school other than an electronic course provided through the network; and		
		5.	Is not entitled to any right, privilege, activities, or services available to a student enrolled in a public school, other than the right to receive the appropriate unit of credit for complet- ing an electronic course.		
		Edu	cation Code 30A.107(c)		
Enrollm Advanc	ement,	A student taking a course through the TXVSN statewide course catalog or a TXVSN OLS program is considered to:			
and Withdrawal	1.	Be enrolled in a TXVSN course when he or she begins receiv- ing instruction and actively engages in instructional activities in a TXVSN subject area or course;			
		2.	Have successfully completed a course if the student demon- strates academic proficiency and earns credit for the course, as determined by the TXVSN teacher; and		
		3.	Be, and must be reported as, withdrawn from the TXVSN when the student is no longer actively participating in the TXVSN course or program.		
		A student taking a course through the TXVSN statewide course catalog:			
		1.	Shall enroll in each TXVSN course through the TXVSN online registration system;		
		2.	Shall be assigned a grade by the TXVSN teacher after the drop period established by TXVSN central operations;		
		3.	May withdraw from a course taken through the TXVSN after the instructional start date without academic or financial		

		penalty within the drop period established by TXVSN central operations; and
	4.	Shall have the grade assigned by the TXVSN teacher added to the student's transcript by the student's home district.
	den	udent enrolled full time in grades 3-8 must demonstrate aca- nic proficiency sufficient to earn promotion to the next grade, as ermined by the TXVSN teacher for the educational program.
	19	TAC 70.1015
Compulsory Attendance	tend	as public school students are not required to be in physical at- dance while participating in courses through a TXVSN OLS or TXVSN course catalog.
	in g in g quir ces	ed upon successful completion of a TXVSN course for students rades 9-12 or a TXVSN OLS instructional program for students rades 3-8, students are considered to have met attendance re- ements for that course or program. A student who has suc- sfully completed the grade level or course is eligible to receive weighted funding for which the student is eligible.
	dist	audit purposes, TXVSN course providers and TXVSN receiver ricts shall maintain documentation to support the students' suc- sful completion and to support verification of compulsory atten- ce.
	has	VSN receiver district" means a Texas public school district that students enrolled in the school district who take one or more ne courses through the TXVSN statewide course catalog.
	19	TAC 70.1001(9), .1017
Local Policy	in th prov mus	strict shall adopt a written policy that provides students enrolled ne district with the opportunity to enroll in electronic courses vided through the TXVSN statewide course catalog. The policy at be consistent with the requirements regarding notice, enroll- nt requests, and students with disabilities as described below.
	eac cop	strict shall, at least once per school year, send to a parent of h district student enrolled at the middle or high school level a y of the policy. A district may send the policy with any other in- nation that the district sends to a parent.
	Edι	cation Code 30A.007; 19 TAC 70.1033
Notice	pare	ne time and in the manner that a district informs students and ents about courses that are offered in the district's traditional scroom setting, the district shall notify parents and students of

	the option to enroll in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN.			
Requests to Enroll	Except as provided below, a district may not deny the request of a parent of a full-time student to enroll the student in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN.			
	A district may deny a request to enroll a student in an electronic course if:			
	<ol> <li>A student attempts to enroll in a course load that is inconsis- tent with the student's high school graduation plan or require- ments for college admission or earning an industry certifica- tion;</li> </ol>			
	2. The student requests permission to enroll in an electronic course at a time that is not consistent with the enrollment period established by the district providing the course; or			
	3. The district offers a substantially similar course.			
	The course provider shall make all reasonable efforts to accommo- date the enrollment of a student in the course under special cir- cumstances.			
	If a parent of a student requests permission to enroll the student in a TXVSN course, a district has discretion to select a course provider approved by TEA for the course in which the student will enroll based on factors including the informed choice report re- quired by Education Code 30A.108(b).			
Appeals	A parent may appeal to the commissioner a district's decision to deny a request to enroll a student in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN. The commissioner's decision under this sub- section is final and may not be appealed.			
	Education Code 26.0031; 19 TAC 70.1008, .1035			
Students with Disabilities	For purposes of the policy, the determination of whether or not an electronic course will meet the needs of a student with a disability shall be made by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee in a manner consistent with state and federal law, including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Section 794. <i>Education Code 30A.007(b)</i>			
Required Enrollment Prohibited	A school district or open-enrollment charter school may not require a student to enroll in an electronic course. <i>Education Code</i> <i>30A.107(d)</i>			

Inducements for Enrollment Prohibited	A course provider may not promise or provide equipment of other thing of value to a student or a student's parent as an ment for the student to enroll in an electronic course offered through the TXVSN. The commissioner shall revoke approv electronic courses offered by a course provider that violates prohibition. The commissioner's action under this section is and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 30A.1052</i>	induce- d val of s this
Course Portability	A student who transfers from one educational setting to and ter beginning enrollment in an electronic course is entitled t tinue enrollment in the course. <i>Education Code 30A.1051;</i> 70.1015(d)	o con-
Student Assessment	All Texas public school students enrolled in the TXVSN are quired to take the statewide assessments as required in Ec Code 39.023 [see EKB]. The administration of the assessment strument to the student enrolled in the electronic course mu supervised by a proctor.	lucation ent in-
	A district shall report to the commissioner through the Publication Information Management System (PEIMS) the result sessment instruments administered to students enrolled in tronic course offered through the TXVSN separately from the results of assessment instruments administered to other states.	s of as- an elec- ne
	All districts participating in the TXVSN OLS program are inc in the state's academic accountability system.	cluded
	Education Code 30A.110; 19 TAC 70.1023	
Funding	A district in which a student is enrolled is entitled to funding Education Code Chapter 48 for the student's enrollment in TXVSN course in the same manner that the district is entitle funding for the student's enrollment in courses provided in a tional classroom setting, provided that the student success completes the electronic course.	a ed to a tradi-
	Funding is limited to a student's enrollment in not more that electronic courses during any school year, unless the stude enrolled in a full-time online program that was operating on January 1, 2013.	ent is
	Education Code 30A.153	
	A district may decline to pay the cost for a student of more three yearlong electronic courses, or the equivalent, during school year unless the student is enrolled in a full-time onlin gram that was operating on January 1, 2013. If the district of to pay the cost, a student is able to enroll in additional elect courses at the student's cost. <i>Education Code 26.0031(c-1)</i>	any ne pro- declines tronic
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	9 of 12

Course Cost	A district may charge the course cost for enrollment in a TXVSN course to a student who resides in this state and:		
	<ol> <li>Is enrolled in the district as a full-time student with a course load greater than that normally taken by students in the equiv- alent grade level in other school districts; or</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Elects to enroll in a TXVSN course for which the district in which the student is enrolled as a full-time student declines to pay the cost as authorized by Education Code 26.0031(c-1).</li> </ol>		
	A district may charge the course cost for enrollment in a TXVSN course during the summer.		
	A district shall charge the course cost for enrollment in a TXVSN course to a student who resides in this state and is not enrolled in a school district or open-enrollment charter school as a full-time student.		
	A TXVSN course cost may not exceed the lesser of the cost of pro- viding the course or \$400.		
	A district may decline to pay the course costs for a student who chooses to enroll in more than three year-long electronic courses, or the equivalent, during any school year. This does not limit the ability of the student to enroll in additional electronic courses of- fered through the TXVSN at the student's expense.		
	A district that is not the course provider may charge a student en- rolled in the district a nominal fee, not to exceed \$50, if the student enrolls in a TXVSN course that exceeds the course load normally taken by students in the equivalent grade level.		
	A course provider in the TXVSN statewide course catalog shall receive:		
	<ol> <li>No more than 70 percent of the catalog course cost prior to a student successfully completing the course; and</li> </ol>		
	2. The remaining 30 percent of the catalog course cost when the student successfully completes the course.		
	Education Code 30A.155(a)-(c-1); 19 TAC 70.1025		
Educators of Electronic Courses	Each instructor of an electronic course, including a dual credit course, offered through the TXVSN by a course provider must be certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B, to teach that course and grade level or meet the credentialing requirements of the institution of higher education with which they are affiliated and that is serving as a course provider.		

In addition, each instructor must successfully complete one continuing professional development course specific to online learning every three years, and:

- 1. Successfully complete a professional development course or program approved by TXVSN central operations before teaching an electronic course offered through the TXVSN; or
- Have a graduate degree in online or distance learning and have demonstrated mastery of the International Association for K-12 Learning (iNACOL) National Standards for Quality Online Teaching; or
- 3. Have two or more years of documented experience teaching online courses for students in grades 3-12 and have demonstrated mastery of the iNACOL National Standards for Quality Online Teaching.

Each instructor of an electronic course, including a dual credit course, offered through the TXVSN by a course provider must meet highly qualified teacher requirements under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as applicable.

TXVSN course providers shall affirm the preparedness of teachers of TXVSN electronic courses to teach public school-age students in a highly interactive online classroom and shall:

- 1. Maintain records documenting:
  - a. Valid Texas educator certification credentials appropriate for the instructor's TXVSN assignment;
  - b. Successful initial completion of TXVSN-approved professional development, evidence of prior online teaching, or a graduate degree in online or distance learning; and
  - c. Instructors' demonstrated mastery of the iNACOL National Standards for Quality Online Teaching prior to teaching through the TXVSN;
- 2. Conduct and maintain records for background checks;
- Maintain records of successful completion of continuing professional development;
- Maintain records documenting successful completion of TXVSN-approved professional development before the end of the school year for any instructor who is hired after the school year has begun; and

	5.	Make the records specified in this subsection available to TEA and TXVSN central operations upon request.		
	19 TAC 70.1027			
Revocation	The commissioner may revoke the right to participation in the TXVSN based on any of the following factors:			
	1.	Noncompliance with relevant state or federal laws;		
	2.	Noncompliance with requirements and assurances outlined in the contractual agreements with TXVSN central operations and/or these provisions and Education Code Chapter 30A; or		
	3.	Consistently poor student performance rates as evidenced by results on statewide student assessments, student withdrawal rates, student completion rates, successful completion rates, or campus accountability ratings.		
	19 7	AC 70.1029		
Applicability	Unless a district chooses to participate in providing an electronic course or an electronic diagnostic assessment under Education Code Chapter 30A to a student who is located on the physical premises of a school district or open-enrollment charter school, Chapter 30A does not affect the provision of a course to such a student.			
	Requirements imposed by or under Education Code Chapter 30A do not apply to a virtual course provided by a district only to district students if the course is not provided as part of the TXVSN.			

Education Code 30A.004

Denton ISD 061901	
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM	ENT EI (LEGAL)
Award of Credit	The award of credit for a course affirms that a student has satisfactorily met state and local requirements. Any course for which credit is awarded must be provided according to 19 TAC 74.26(a)(1) and (a)(2) [see FDA]. 19 TAC 74.26(a)
Early Award of Credit	A district may offer courses designated for grades 9-12 in earlier grade levels. A course must be considered completed and credit must be awarded if the student has demonstrated achievement by meeting the standard requirements of the course, including demonstrated proficiency in the subject matter, regardless of the time the student received instruction in the course or the grade level at which proficiency was attained. The academic achievement record (transcript) shall reflect that students have satisfactorily completed courses at earlier grade levels from grades 9-12 and have been awarded state graduation credits. <i>19 TAC 74.26(b)</i>
Partial Award	In accordance with a district's local policy, a student who is able to successfully complete only half of a course can be awarded credit proportionately. <i>19 TAC 74.26(d)</i>
	A district shall award credit proportionately to a student who is homeless or in substitute care who successfully completes only half of a course. <i>19 TAC 74.26(e)</i>
Attendance for Credit or Final Grade	Unless credit is awarded by the attendance committee or regained in accordance with a principal's plan [see FEC], a student in any grade level from kindergarten through grade 12 may not be given credit or a final grade for a class unless the student is in atten- dance for at least 90 percent of the days the class is offered. <i>Edu- cation Code 25.092</i>
Homeless or Substitute Care	A district shall adopt a local policy to ensure credit, including pro- portionate credit, has been awarded appropriately to a student who is homeless or in substitute care for coursework completed prior to the student enrolling in or transferring to the district in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.26 (Award of Credit).
	A district must ensure that student records or transcripts provided by the previous district or charter school are evaluated promptly and are complete, accurate, and up to date.
	The receiving district must develop, maintain, and regularly update local records and documentation, including transcripts if applicable, for a student who is homeless or in substitute care.
	A district must ensure that the records or transcripts of a student who is homeless or in substitute care and transferring from out of state, out of country, or a Texas nonpublic school are evaluated and the award of credit is determined in a timely manner, as re- quired by 19 Administrative Code 74.26(a)(2). [See FDA]
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23 1 of 5

### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

A district must award credit proportionately to a student who is homeless or in substitute care who successfully completes only half of a course. Districts must evaluate the student record upon a student's enrollment and ensure that proportionate credit has been awarded appropriately.

If a district determines that there are courses in which a student was enrolled but for which the student has not earned credit, the district may use a variety of methods to determine whether the student may be eligible for full or proportionate credit for coursework completed. The award of credit must be based on demonstrated proficiency in all state and local requirements for a course in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.26.

A district must provide opportunities for a student who is homeless or in substitute care who enrolls in the district after the start of the school year to be administered credit by examination at any point during the school year, as required by 19 Administrative Code 74.24 (Credit by Examination) [see EHDB and EHDC].

Districts must:

- Develop processes for students who have credit deficits or incomplete coursework that would impede on-time promotion or graduation to earn credit and implement appropriate academic interventions to address any credit deficiencies identified;
- Develop and administer a personal graduation plan in accordance with Education Code 28.0212 (see EIF) for each student in junior high or middle school who is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade 9, as determined by the district, or does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument;
- 3. Review personal graduation plan options with each student entering grade 9 and with that student's parent or guardian as required by Education Code 28.02121 [see EIF]. Before the conclusion of the school year, the student and the student's parent or guardian must confirm and sign a personal graduation plan for the student;
- 4. Ensure that school staff actively engage with the student and the student's parent or guardian, as applicable, to develop a plan to recover credits if the student has credit deficits or incomplete coursework that would impede on-time promotion or graduation; and

### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

	<ol> <li>Comply with Education Code 28.025(i) [see EIF], concerning the award of diplomas for students who are homeless or in substitute care who are in grade 11 or 12.</li> </ol>
	19 TAC 89.1607
	[For information on transition assistance for students who are homeless or in substitute care, including enrollment and placement in education programs and courses, see FFC.]
Graduation Requirements	Credit for courses for high school graduation may be earned only if the student received a grade equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100, based upon the essential knowledge and skills of each course. Credit earned toward state graduation requirements in an accred- ited school district shall be transferable and must be accepted by any other school district in the state. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1), (c)</i>
Academic Achievement Record	Following guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, a district shall use an academic achievement record (transcript) form that includes student demographics, school data, student data, and the record of courses and credits earned.
	The academic achievement record (transcript) shall serve as the academic record for each student and shall be maintained permanently by a district.
	Any credit earned by a student must be recorded on the academic achievement record (transcript), regardless of when the credit was earned.
	A student's performance on a state assessment, including an end- of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 39.023(c) [see EKB], must be included in the student's academic achievement record (transcript).
	Copies of the record shall be made available to students transfer- ring to another district. A district shall respond promptly to all re- quests for student records from receiving districts. [See also FD, FDA, and FL]
	Education Code 28.025(e), 39.023(c-5); 19 TAC 74.5(b)-(d)
Transcript Seals	Students who complete high school graduation requirements shall have attached to the academic achievement record (transcript) a seal approved by the State Board of Education. <i>19 TAC 74.5(e)</i>
Endorsement	Students who complete the requirements for an endorsement shall have the endorsement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).

### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

Performance Acknowledgment	Students who earn a performance acknowledgment shall have the performance acknowledgment clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Distinguished Level of Achievement	Students who earn the distinguished level of achievement shall have the distinguished level of achievement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Speech Requirements	Students who demonstrate proficiency in speech as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.11 shall have completion of the speech re- quirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
CPR	Students who complete the required instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.38 in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12 shall have completion of the CPR instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Proper Interaction with Peace Officers	Students who complete the required instruction on proper interac- tion with peace officers shall have completion of the instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript). A district shall clearly indicate on the academic achievement record the year in which the instruction was provided to the student.
Languages Other Than English	Students who satisfy a language other than English graduation credit requirement by successfully completing a dual language immersion program at an elementary school in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12 shall have the credit clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
FAFSA/TASFA Completion	A student who completes and submits a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA) or submits the Texas Education Agency-approved opt-out form shall have the completion of the financial aid application requirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record.
Texas First Early High School Completion Program	A student who earns a high school diploma by satisfying the re- quirements of the Texas First Early High School Completion Pro- gram shall have completion of the program and the distinguished level of achievement clearly indicated on the academic achieve- ment record. [See EIF]
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.5(f)-(n), .11(b), .39(e)
Notation on Transcript or Diploma	A district shall ensure that each student's official transcript or diploma indicates whether the student has completed or is on schedule to complete:
	1. The recommended or advanced high school curriculum; or

### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

	<ol> <li>For a district that is covered by Education Code 56.304(f)(1) (unavailability of courses), the required portion of the recom- mended or advanced high school curriculum offered at the district's high school.</li> </ol>
	The district must include this information on the student's transcript not later than the end of the student's junior year.
	Education Code 56.308(b)(2)
Certificate of Coursework Completion	A student who completes all graduation requirements except for re- quired end-of-course assessment instruments may be issued a certificate of coursework completion. The academic achievement record (transcript) shall include a notation of the date a certificate of completion was issued to the student. <i>19 TAC 74.5(o)</i> [See FMH for participation in the graduation ceremony.]

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADING/PROGRESS REPORTS TO PARENTS

Grading Policy	assię	strict shall adopt a grading policy, including provisions for the gnment of grades on class assignments and examinations, be- each school year. A district grading policy:			
	1. Must require a classroom teacher to assign a grade that r flects the student's relative mastery of an assignment;				
	2.	May not require a classroom teacher to assign a minimum grade for an assignment without regard to the student's quality of work; and			
	3.	May allow a student a reasonable opportunity to make up or redo a class assignment or examination for which the student received a failing grade.			
	Education Code 28.0216				
Finality of Grade	An examination or course grade issued by a classroom teacher is final and may not be changed unless the grade is arbitrary, erro- neous, or not consistent with the district grading policy applicable to the grade, as determined by the board.				
	A de	A determination by the board is not subject to appeal.			
	eligil	subsection does not prohibit an appeal related to a student's pility to participate in extracurricular activities under Education e 33.081.			
	Edu	cation Code 28.0214			
Student Election Clerks	A student who is appointed as a student election clerk under Elec- tion Code 32.0511, or as a student early voting clerk under Elec- tion Code 83.012, may apply the time served toward:				
	1.	A requirement for a school project at the discretion of the teacher who assigned the project; or			
	2.	A service requirement for participation in an advanced aca- demic course program at the discretion of the program spon- sor or a school-sponsored extracurricular activity at the dis- cretion of the school sponsor.			
	Edu	cation Code 33.092			
Progress Reports	A bo	ard shall adopt a policy that:			
	1.	Provides for a conference between parents and teachers;			
	2.	Requires a district, at least once every 12 weeks, to give writ- ten notice to a parent of a student's performance in each class or subject; and			

#### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADING/PROGRESS REPORTS TO PARENTS

	3.	Requires a district, at least once every three weeks, or during the fourth week of each nine-week grading period, to give written notice to a parent if a student's performance in a foun- dation curriculum subject [see EHAA] is consistently unsatis- factory, as determined by the district.			
		notice required by items 2 and 3 must provide for the signature e student's parent and must be returned to the district.			
	dent pare trict requ	strict that uses an electronic platform for communicating stu- grade and performance information to parents may permit a ent to sign a required notice electronically, so long as the dis- retains a record verifying the parent's acknowledgment of the irred notice. A district that accepts electronic signatures must parents the option to provide a handwritten signature.			
	"Parent" includes a guardian, conservator, or other person having lawful control of a student.				
Exceptions	The	se requirements do not apply to a student who:			
	1.	Is 18 or older and living in a different residence than the stu- dent's parents;			
	2.	Is married; or			
	3.	Has had the disabilities of minority removed for general purposes.			
	Edu	cation Code 28.022			
Dyslexia Progress Reports		information regarding required progress reports for students re- ing dyslexia instruction, see EHB.			
Notice of Performance Rating	give [see whe awa 39, 3 pus	first written notice of a student's performance that a district s during a school year under Education Code 28.022(a)(2) Progress Reports, item 2, above] must include a statement of ther the campus at which the student is enrolled has been rded a distinction designation under Education Code Chapter Subchapter G or has been identified as an unacceptable cam- under Education Code Chapter 39A, and an explanation of the rmation's significance. [See AIB] <i>Education Code 39.361</i>			
Notice of Student Performance	The district shall provide a record of the comparisons of student performance made under Education Code 39.034 and provided to the district under Education Code 39.302 in a written notice to the student's parent or other person standing in parental relationship.				
	For a student who failed to perform satisfactorily as determined under either performance standard under Education Code 39.0241 on an assessment instrument administered under Education Code				

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADING/PROGRESS REPORTS TO PARENTS EIA (LEGAL)

39.023(a), (c), or (l), the district shall include in the notice specific information relating to access to educational resources at the appropriate assessment instrument content level, including assessment instrument questions and answers released under Education Code 39.023(e).

Education Code 39.303

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT RETENTION AND PROMOTION

Student Advancement	A student may be promoted only on the basis of academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency of the subject matter of the course or grade level. [See EI]			
	In d	etermining promotion, a district shall consider:		
	1.	The recommendation of the student's teacher;		
	2.	The student's grade in each subject or course;		
	3.	The student's score on an assessment instrument adminis- tered under Education Code 39.023(a), (b), or (I), to the ex- tent applicable; and		
	4.	Any other necessary academic information, as determined by the district.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.021(a), (c)		
Advancement Requirements	quir	he start of the school year, a district shall make public the re- ements for student advancement under Education Code 021. <i>Education Code 28.021(d)</i>		
Retention After Assessment	A district is not precluded from retaining, in accordance with law or board policy, a student who performs satisfactorily or state assessment. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(g)			
Parental Option to	A parent or guardian may elect for a student to:			
Retain	1.	Repeat prekindergarten;		
	2.	Enroll in prekindergarten, if the student would have been eligi- ble to enroll in prekindergarten during the previous school year under Education Code 29.153(b) [see EHBG] and the student has not yet enrolled in kindergarten;		
	3.	Repeat kindergarten;		
	4.	Enroll in kindergarten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the previous school year and has not yet enrolled in first grade; or		
	5.	For grades 1 through 8, repeat the grade in which the student was enrolled during the previous school year.		
	For courses taken for high school credit, a parent or guardian may elect for a student to repeat any course in which the student was enrolled during the previous school year. A parent or guardian may not elect for a student to repeat a course if the district determines the student has met all of the requirements for graduation.			
	-	arent or guardian may make an election for a student in grades or for a high school course, or both.		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 3			

#### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT RETENTION AND PROMOTION

An election made by a parent or guardian shall be made in writing to a district.

Retention Committee	If a district disagrees with the election, the district must convene a retention committee and meet with the parent or guardian to discuss retention. The meeting shall be conducted in person unless an alternative means is agreeable to the parent or guardian. A student may not be retained for a grade or retake a course under this provision if the parent or guardian does not meet with the retention committee.				
	A retention committee shall be composed of:				
	1. The principal or the principal's designee;				
	2. The student's parent or guardian;				
	3. The teacher who taught the grade or course for which the par- ent wants the student retained or repeated; and				
	4. Additional teachers at the discretion of the principal, if the stu- dent will potentially repeat multiple courses.				
	A retention committee shall:				
	1. Discuss the merits of and concerns with advancement and re- tention; and				
	2. Review and consider the student's grade in each subject or course, the results of any formative or summative assessments administered to the student, and any other available academic information to determine the student's academic readiness for the next grade or a given course.				
	If established, after the parent or guardian has participated in a re- tention committee meeting, the parent or guardian shall decide whether the student should be retained or retake a grade or course. The district must abide by the decision of the parent or guardian.				
Retention Considerations	Except as provided by this provision or other law, retention of a student pursuant to a parent's or guardian's election under this provision shall be considered the same as retention of a student by a district.				
Transfer of Rights	The rights of a parent or guardian under this provision transfer to a student if the student is 18 years of age or older or has had the disabilities of a minor removed, unless the student is under a form of guardianship imposed by law or court order that continues after the student turns 18 years of age.				
	Education Code 28 02121				

Education Code 28.02124

Denton ISD 061901			
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEN RETENTION AND PRO			
Students with DyslexiaIn measuring the academic achievement or proficiency of a stu who has dyslexia, the student's potential for achievement or pro- ciency in the area must be considered. Education Code 28.021 [See policies at EHB, EKB, and FB]			
Optional Extended- Year Program	An optional extended year program may extend the day, the week, or the year to provide additional support and instruction for eligible students. The program shall be conducted beyond the required instructional days, which may include intercessions for year-round programs. <i>19 TAC 105.1001(b)</i>		
	A student is eligible for services in accordance with Education Code 29.082(a)(1)-(2). A student who does not demonstrate profi- ciency in a subject area as determined by the district is also eligible for services. 19 TAC 105.1001(c); Education Code 29.082(a)(1)-(2)		
	A student who attends at least 90 percent of the extended-year program days and who satisfies the requirements for promotion (academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency of the subject matter of the course or grade level) shall be promoted to the next grade level at the beginning of the next school year. However, if the student's parent presents a written request to the school principal asking that the student not be promoted, the principal shall hold a formal meeting with the parent, the teacher, and the school counselor, as soon as practicable after receiving such a request. During the meeting, the principal, teacher, or school counselor shall explain the possible effects of not promoting a student. If the parent withdraws the request after the meeting, the student shall be promoted, and the district shall continue to use innovative practices to ensure that the student is successful in school in succeeding school years.		
	If a district provides an extended-year program, it shall adopt a pol- icy designed to lead to immediate reduction and ultimate elimina- tion of student retention.		
	Education Code 29.082(e)-(f) [See EHBC]		

Table of Contents	High School Diploma2
	FAFSA Required2
	Individual Graduation Committee4
	Special Education6
	Posthumous Diploma6
	Diplomas for Veterans7
	Texas First Early High School Completion Program7
	Notice Upon Enrollment7
	Personal Graduation Plan8
	Junior High or Middle School PGP8
	High School PGP8
	Early Graduation9
	State Graduation Requirements10
	Students Entering Grade 910
	Students Who Entered Grade 9 Before the 2014-15 School Year
	Transfers from Out-of-State or Nonpublic Schools
	Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services 
	Modified Curriculum and Content20
	Employability and Self-Help Skills20
	Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation21
	Graduation of Military Dependents23
	Course Waiver23
	Transfers During Senior Year23
	Substitute Passing Standard23
	Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS24

EIF(LEGAL)-P

High School Diploma	A studer	nt may graduate and receive a diploma only if the student:		
	<ol> <li>Successfully completes the curriculum requirements ide by the State Board of Education (SBOE) [see State Gra tion Requirements, below], has performed satisfactorily plicable state assessments [see EKB], and complies wi financial aid application requirements in Education Cod 28.0256 [see below]; or</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Successfully completes an individualized education program (IEP) developed under Education Code 29.005. [See EHBAB]</li> </ol>			
	Educatio	on Code 28.025(c)		
	Note:	Education Code 28.0256 applies beginning with students enrolled at the 12th grade level during the 2021-22 school year.		
FAFSA Required	Before graduating from high school, each student must complete and submit a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA), except as pro- vided below.			
	A student is not required to comply with the above provision if:			
	tior per	e student's parent or other person standing in parental rela- n submits a signed form indicating that the parent or other rson authorizes the student to decline to complete and sub- the financial aid application;		
	the old	e student signs and submits the form described above on student's own behalf if the student is 18 years of age or er or the student's disabilities of minority have been re- ved for general purposes under Family Code Chapter 31;		
	ple	chool counselor authorizes the student to decline to com- te and submit the financial aid application for good cause, determined by the school counselor.		
	plied wit dent me Code 28 student manner	ool counselor notifies a district whether a student has com- h this section for purposes of determining whether the stu- ets high school graduation requirements under Education 0.025, the school counselor may only indicate whether the has complied with this section and may not indicate the in which the student complied, except as necessary for the o comply with the commissioner's rules.		
		I counselor may not indicate that a student has not com- h this section if the district fails to provide the required form		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	)23	2 of 24		

		ne student or the student's parent or other person standing in ental relation to the student.				
	Education Code 28.0256; 19 TAC 74.11(b)					
Opt-Out Form	The board shall adopt the standard opt-out form provided by the Texas Education Agency (TEA).					
	othe bilin	opt-out form shall be available in English, Spanish, and any er language spoken by a majority of the students enrolled in a gual education or special language program in the district. A rict is responsible for translations not provided by TEA.				
	decl	opt-out form must include the student's signature of intent to ine to complete a financial aid application prior to the student's cipated graduation date.				
	19 7	FAC 74.1023(c)				
Notification	A district shall provide students with the notifications regarding the financial aid application requirement, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1023(d).					
Proof of Submission	A district shall require one of the following methods of proof that a student has completed and submitted the FAFSA or TASFA.					
	For	completion and submission of the FAFSA:				
	1.	ApplyTexas Counselor Suite FAFSA data;				
	2.	Notification from the U.S. Department of Education that demonstrates a student has completed and submitted a FAFSA; or				
	3.	A local policy developed by a district for the method by which a student must provide proof that the student has completed a FAFSA.				
	A district shall develop a local policy for the method by which a student must provide proof that the student has completed a TASFA.					
	19 TAC 74.1023(e)					
Information Submission and Confidentiality	lic E later diplo com	strict shall report through the Texas Student Data System Pub- ducation Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) not r than December 1 of each school year for students awarded omas in the previous school year the number of students who upleted and submitted a financial aid application and the num- of students who submitted an exception.				
		strict shall maintain student financial aid application information urely and ensure compliance with federal law regarding the				

#### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

	Fan tion	nily Ec 1232	iality of student educational information, including the ducational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Sec- g), and any state law relating to the privacy of student in- [see FL].			
	19	TAC 7	74.1023(f)-(g)			
Individual Graduation Committee	diple (IGC	A student may receive a diploma if the person is eligible for a diploma as determined by an individual graduation committee (IGC) established under Education Code 28.0258. <i>Education Code</i> 28.025( <i>c</i> -6)				
	IGC Cod com satis	requi le 74. mitte sfacto	t receiving special education services is not subject to the irements in Education Code 28.0258 or 19 Administrative 1025. A student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) e determines whether a student is required to achieve ory performance on an end-of-course (EOC) assessment ite. <i>19 TAC 74.1025(n)</i> [See EHBAB]			
	the Edu shai grac ate.	EOC catior Il esta de yea A stu	11th or 12th grade student who has failed to comply with assessment instrument performance requirements under n Code 39.025 for not more than two courses, the district ablish an IGC at the end of or after the student's 11th ar to determine whether the student may qualify to gradu- ident may not qualify to graduate as a result of an IGC de- fore the student's 12th grade year.			
	The	The IGC shall be composed of:				
	1.	The	principal or principal's designee;			
	2.		each EOC assessment instrument on which the student d to perform satisfactorily, the teacher of the course;			
	3.		department chair or lead teacher supervising the			
	4.	As a	applicable:			
		a.	The student's parent or person standing in parental rela- tion to the student;			
		b.	A designated advocate if the parent is unable to serve; or			
		C.	The student, at the student's option, if the student is at least 18 years of age or is an emancipated minor.			
		supe mitte	rintendent shall establish procedures for convening the e.			

DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 UPDATE 122 EIF(LEGAL)-P

	The district shall provide an appropriate translator, if available, for a parent, advocate, or student who is unable to speak English.
	Education Code 28.0258(a)-(c), (c-2); 19 TAC 74.1025(b)
	A district may not establish an initial IGC for eligible students after June 10 or before the start of the next school year. Once the IGC has been established, it is the original IGC for that student.
	If a student leaves a district after an original IGC has been estab- lished and before that original IGC awards a high school diploma to the student, any other district that later enrolls the student shall re- quest information from the student's original IGC of record and shall implement the original IGC recommendations to the extent possible.
Alternate Members	In the event that the teacher identified in item 2 above is unavail- able, the principal shall designate as an alternate member of the committee a teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assess- ment on which the student failed to perform satisfactorily and who is most familiar with the student's performance in that subject area.
	In the event that the individual identified above in item 3 above is unavailable, the principal shall designate as an alternate member of the committee an experienced teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assessment on which the student failed to perform satis- factorily and who is familiar with the content of and instructional practices for the applicable course.
	In the event that the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student is unavailable to participate in the IGC, the principal shall designate an advocate with knowledge of the student to serve as an alternate member of the committee.
	19 TAC 74.1025(c), (e), (g)-(i)
Notice	A district shall ensure a good faith effort is made to timely notify the appropriate person described under item 4 above of the time and place for convening the IGC and the purpose of the committee. The notice must be provided in person or by regular mail or email; clear and easy to understand; and written in English, in Spanish, or, to the extent practicable, in the native language of the appropriate person. <i>Education Code 28.0258(d)</i>
Curriculum Requirements	To be eligible to graduate and receive a high school diploma from the IGC, a student must successfully complete the curriculum re- quirements required for high school graduation. [See State Gradu- ation Requirements, below] <i>Education Code 28.0258(e)</i>

Additional Requirements to Graduate	A student's IGC shall recommend additional requirements by which the student may qualify to graduate, including additional remedia- tion; and for each EOC assessment instrument on which the stu- dent failed to perform satisfactorily:		
		mpletion of a project related to the subject area of the that demonstrates proficiency in the subject area; or	
	area	eparation of a portfolio of work samples in the subject the course, including work samples from the course monstrate proficiency in the subject area.	
		ay submit to the IGC coursework previously completed ecommended additional requirement.	
	Education	ode 28.0258(f), (g)	
	mittee shall any other a the board. A mine that the uate and re- tee's decisi additional r dent meets tee's vote is	ng whether a student is qualified to graduate, the com- consider the criteria at Education Code 28.0258(h) and ademic information designated for consideration by fter considering the criteria, the committee may deter- e student is qualified to graduate. A student may grad- ceive a high school diploma on the basis of the commit- on only if the student successfully completes all quirements recommended by the committee, the stu- applicable curriculum requirements, and the commit- unanimous. The decision of a committee is final and appealed. <i>Education Code 28.0258(i)</i>	
Emergent Bilingual Students	For provision see EKBA.	ns related to an IGC and emergent bilingual students,	
Special Education	completes mance on a ceive a high termine if th performance 19 TAC 10	ceiving special education services who successfully ne requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- state assessment required for graduation, shall re- school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall de- e student will be required to meet satisfactory e on an assessment for purposes of graduation. .3023(a) [See Graduation of Students Receiving Spe- on Services, below, and EKB]	
Posthumous Diploma	the 2019-20 district shall dent who d year in whice ular schedu not be issue	ith students who would have graduated at the end of school year, and on request of the student's parent, a issue a high school diploma posthumously to each stu- ed while enrolled in the district at the end of the school h the student was expected to graduate under the reg- e of school attendance. The high school diploma may d before the graduation date of the class in which the enrolled at the time of death.	
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	6 of 24	

Denton	ISD
061901	

Exception	dent 6 or	strict is not required to issue a posthumous diploma if the stu- was convicted of a felony offense under Penal Code Title 5 or adjudicated as having engaged in conduct constituting a by offense under Penal Code Title 5 or 6.
	Educ	cation Code 28.0254
Diplomas for Veterans	Notwithstanding any other provision of this policy, a district n sue a high school diploma to a person who is an honorably of charged member of the armed forces of the United States; w scheduled to graduate from high school after 1940 and befor 1975 or after 1989; and left school after completing the sixth higher grade, before graduating from high school, to serve in	
	1.	World War II, the Korean War, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the Iraq War, or the war in Afghanistan; or
	2.	Any other war formally declared by the United States, military engagement authorized by the United States Congress, mili- tary engagement authorized by a United Nations Security Council resolution and funded by the United States Congress, or conflict authorized by the president of the United States un- der the War Powers Resolution of 1973, 50 U.S.C. 1541, et seq.
	Educ	cation Code 28.0251
Texas First Early High School Completion Program	A district shall allow a student to graduate and receive a high school diploma under the Texas First Early High School Comple- tion Program if, using the standards established by TEA and the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board and eligible institu- tions of higher education, the student demonstrates mastery of an early readiness for college in each of the subject areas described by the standards and in a language other than English, notwith- standing any other local or state requirements.	
		udent who earns a high school diploma through the program is idered to have earned a distinguished level of achievement.
Notice Upon Enrollment	low g and quire Early	a student's initial enrollment in high school in a grade level be- grade 12 in a district, the district shall provide to the student the student's parent or guardian information regarding the re- ements to earn a high school diploma under the Texas First / High School Completion Program and the Texas First Schol- ip Program.
	Educ	cation Code 28.0253(e)-(g); 19 TAC 21.52(a)
		notice must include information about the requirement that a ent must provide an official copy of their assessment results

#### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

and transcripts, as applicable, to receive credit for the assess-
ments and credits required to receive early graduation from the
program. 19 TAC 21.54

Personal Graduation<br/>PlanA principal of a junior high or middle school shall designate a<br/>school counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to de-<br/>velop and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each<br/>student enrolled in the junior high or middle school who:

- 1. Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument; or
- Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 9, as determined by a district.

A PGP must:

- 1. Identify educational goals for the student;
- 2. Include diagnostic information, appropriate monitoring and intervention, and other evaluation strategies;
- Include an intensive instruction program described in Education Code 28.0213 [see EHBC];
- 4. Address participation of the student's parent or guardian, including consideration of the parent's or guardian's educational expectations for the student; and
- 5. Provide innovative methods to promote the student's advancement, including flexible scheduling, alternative learning environments, online instruction, and other interventions that are proven to accelerate the learning process and have been scientifically validated to improve learning and cognitive ability.

Education Code 28.0212

Students Receiving Special Education Services	For a student receiving special education services, the student's ARD committee and the district are responsible for developing the student's PGP.
	A student's IEP developed under Education Code 29.005 may be used as the student's PGP.
	Education Code 28.0212(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(a) [See EHBAB]

High School PGP A principal of a high school shall designate a school counselor or school administrator to review PGP options with each student entering grade 9 together with that student's parent or guardian. The

	PGP options reviewed must include the distinguished level of achievement and endorsements.	
	Before the conclusion of the school year, the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian must confirm and sign a PGP for the stu- dent that identifies a course of study that:	
	<ol> <li>Promotes college and workforce readiness and career place- ment and advancement; and</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Facilitates the student's transition from secondary to postsec- ondary education.</li> </ol>	
	A district may not prevent a student and the student's parent or guardian from confirming a PGP that includes pursuit of a distin- guished level of achievement or an endorsement.	
	A student may amend the student's PGP after the initial confirma- tion of the plan. If a student amends the student's PGP, the school must send written notice to the student's parents regarding the change.	
	TEA must make available to a district information that explains the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement described by Education Code 28.025(b-15) and each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1). A district, in turn, shall publish the information from TEA on the internet website of the district and ensure that the information is available to students in grades nine and above and the parents or legal guardians of those students in the language in which the parents or legal guardians are most proficient.	
	A district is required to provide this information in the language in which the parents or legal guardians are most proficient only if at least 20 students in a grade level primarily speak that language.	
	Education Code 28.02121	
Early Graduation	A parent is entitled to request, with the expectation that the request will not be unreasonably denied, that the parent's child be permit- ted to graduate from high school earlier than the child would nor- mally graduate, if the child completes each course required for graduation. The decision of a board concerning the request is final and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 26.003(a)(3)(C), (b)</i> [See FMH, FNG]	

State Graduation Requirements	Note:	For current state graduation requirements, including those for students who entered grade 9 before the 2007- 08 school year but that are not otherwise referenced in this policy, see Education Code 28.025 and 19 Adminis- trative Code Chapter 74.
Students Entering Grade 9		eive a high school diploma, a student entering grade 9 in the 5 school year and thereafter must complete:
	19	equirements of the foundation high school program under 9 Administrative Code 74.12 [see Foundation High School rogram, below];
		esting requirements for graduation under 19 Administrative ode Chapter 101 [see EKB]; and
	by ef pl ai m in	emonstrated proficiency, in grade 8 or higher, as determined y the district, in delivering clear verbal messages; choosing fective nonverbal behaviors; listening for desired results; ap- ying valid critical-thinking and problem-solving processes; nd identifying, analyzing, developing, and evaluating com- junication skills needed for professional and social success interpersonal situations, group interactions, and personal nd professional presentations.
	riculum	ent shall enroll in the courses necessary to complete the cur- requirements for the foundation high school program and riculum requirements for at least one endorsement.
	Educat	tion Code 28.025(c); 19 TAC 74.11(a), (d)
Foundation High School Program	high so	ent must earn at least 22 credits to complete the foundation shool program and must demonstrate proficiency in the fol- core courses:
	1. E	nglish language arts — 4 credits;
	2. M	athematics — 3 credits;
	3. S	cience — 3 credits;
	4. S	ocial Studies — 3 credits;
	5. La	anguages other than English — 2 credits;
	6. P	hysical Education — 1 credit;
	7. F	ine Arts — 1 credit; and
	8. E	lective courses — 5 credits.
	19 TAC	C 74.12(a)-(b)
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023	10 of 24

Endorsements		A student shall specify in writing an endorsement the student in- tends to earn upon entering grade 9. <i>19 TAC 74.13(a)</i>			
			A student may earn any of the following endorsements:		
		1.	Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM);		
		2.	Business and industry;		
		3.	Public services;		
		4.	Arts and humanities; and		
		5.	Multidisciplinary studies.		
		den	A district must make at least one endorsement available to stu- dents. A district that offers only one endorsement curriculum must offer multidisciplinary studies.		
		the grai	To earn an endorsement a student must demonstrate proficiency in the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school pro- gram and, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.13(e), earn:		
		1.	A fourth credit in mathematics;		
		2.	An additional credit in science; and		
		3.	Two additional elective credits.		
		A course completed as part of the four courses needed to satisfy an endorsement requirement may also satisfy a requirement under the foundation high school program, including an elective require- ment. The same course may count as part of the set of four cour- ses for more than one endorsement.			
		A district shall permit a student to enroll in courses under more than one endorsement before the student's junior year and to choose, at any time, to earn an endorsement other than the en- dorsement the student previously indicated.			
		but	tudent must earn at least 26 credits to earn an endorsement, a student is not entitled to remain enrolled to earn more than credits.		
		seq req	istrict may define advanced courses and determine a coherent uence of courses for an endorsement area, provided that pre- uisites in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110-117, 127, and are followed.		

Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.13

Exception	A student may graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement if, after the student's sophomore year:		
	1.	The student and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student are advised by a school coun- selor of the specific benefits of graduating from high school with one or more endorsements; and	
	2.	The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student files with a school counselor written permission, on a form adopted by TEA, allowing the student to graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement.	
	19 7	ГАС 74.11(e)	
Distinguished Level of Achievement	cess high one	udent may earn a distinguished level of achievement by suc- sfully completing the curriculum requirements for the foundation a school program and the curriculum requirements for at least endorsement, including four credits in science and four credits hathematics, including Algebra II. <i>19 TAC 74.11(f)</i>	
Algebra II Notification	Not later than September 1 of each school year, a district shall no- tify by regular mail or email the parent of or other person standing in parental relation to each student enrolled in grade 9 or above that the student is not required to complete an Algebra II course to graduate under the foundation high school program. The notifica- tion must include information regarding the potential consequences to a student of not completing an Algebra II course, including the impact on eligibility for:		
	1.	Automatic college admission under Education Code 51.803; and	
	2.	Certain financial aid authorized under Title 3 of the Education Code.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.02123	
Prerequisites		udent may not be enrolled in a course that has a required pre- uisite unless:	
	1.	The student has completed the prerequisite course(s);	
	2.	The student has demonstrated equivalent knowledge as de- termined by the district; or	
	3.	The student was already enrolled in the course in an out-of- state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school and	

	transferred to a Texas public school prior to successfully com- pleting the course.		
	A district may award credit for a course a student completed with- out having met the prerequisites if the student completed the course in an out-of-state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school where there was not a prerequisite.		
	19 TAC 74.11(j)-(k)		
Dual Credit Courses	Courses offered for dual credit at or in conjunction with an institu- tion of higher education (IHE) that provide advanced academic in- struction beyond, or in greater depth than, the essential knowledge and skills for the equivalent high school course required for gradu- ation may satisfy graduation requirements, including requirements for required courses, advanced courses, and courses for elective credit as well as requirements for endorsements. <i>19 TAC 74.11(i)</i>		
Core Curriculum College Courses	A district shall permit a student to comply with the curriculum re- quirements under the foundation high school program by success- fully completing appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. A student who has completed the core curriculum of an IHE in accordance with Education Code 61.822, as certified by the IHE in accordance with Education Code 4.28:		
	<ol> <li>Is considered to have earned an endorsement by successfully completing the appropriate courses for that endorsement;</li> </ol>		
	2. Is considered to have earned a distinguished level of achieve- ment under the foundation high school program; and		
	3. Is entitled to receive a high school diploma.		
	19 TAC 74.11(o)		
Languages Other Than English	Students may earn credit for languages other than English in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5).		
	A student who successfully completes a dual language immersion program may satisfy one credit of the two credits required in a language other English in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5)(F).		
	19 TAC 74.12(b)(5)		
	A student who successfully completes a course in American Sign Language while in elementary school may satisfy one credit of the two credits required in a language other than English. 19 TAC $74.12(b)(5)(G)$		

Physical Education Substitutions Other Physical Activity	In accordance with local district policy, the required physical edu- cation credit may be earned through completion of any TEKS- based course that is not being used to satisfy another specific graduation requirement. [See Restrictions, below] In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:
	1. Athletics;

- 2. JROTC; and
- 3. Appropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activity programs conducted on or off campus. A district must apply to the commissioner of education for approval of such programs, which may be substituted for state graduation credit in physical education. Such approval may be granted under the following conditions:
  - a. Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, professional, supervised training. The training facility, instructors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Students dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.
  - b. Private or commercially sponsored physical activities include those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained instructors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.

In accordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one of the physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any of the following activities:

- 1. Drill team;
- 2. Marching band; and
- 3. Cheerleading.

EIF (LEGAL)

Restrictions	cluc	substitution activities permitted by local district policy must in- de at least 100 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity five-day school week.		
		No more than four substitution credits may be earned through any combination of substitutions listed above.		
Student with Disability or Illness	disa Eng cou 28.0 low isfy edu	tudent who is unable to participate in physical activity due to ability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in glish language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, or a rse that is offered for credit as provided by Education Code D02(g-1) for the required physical education credit. A credit al- ed to be substituted may not also be used by the student to sat- a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical location credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to ticipate in physical activity must be made by:		
	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;		
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or		
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.		
	Edι	ıcation Code 28.025(b-10)-(b-11); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(6)		
Community- Based Fine Arts Programs	may arts	In accordance with local district policy, the required fine arts credit may be earned through participation in a community-based fine arts program not provided by the school district in which the stu- dent is enrolled.		
	In accordance with local policy, credit may be earned through ticipation in the community-based fine arts program only if the gram meets each of the following requirements:			
	1.	The district must apply to the commissioner for approval of the community-based fine arts program;		
	2.	The board must certify that the program provides instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for fine arts as defined by 19 Administrative Code Chapter 117, Subchapter C;		

EIF (LEGAL)

	3.		district must document student completion of the ap- ed activity;	
	4.		program must be organized and monitored by appropri- trained instructors;	
	5.		fine arts program may be provided on or off a school ous and outside the regular school day; and	
	6.		ents may not be dismissed from any part of the regular ol day to participate in the community-based fine arts ram.	
	The district shall require that instructors of the community-based fine arts program provide the district, at its request, the information necessary to obtain the criminal history record information required for school personnel in accordance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 153, Subchapter DD, if the community-based program is offered on campus.			
	Edι	Education Code 28.025(b-9); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(7)(B), .1030		
Performance Acknowledgments	In accordance with the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 74.14, a student may earn a performance acknowledgment on the student's transcript for:			
	1.	Outs	tanding performance:	
		a.	In a dual credit course;	
		b.	In bilingualism and biliteracy;	
			On a College Board advanced placement test or interna- tional baccalaureate examination;	
			On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced preliminary college preparation assessment instrument used to measure a student's progress toward readiness for college and the workplace; or	
			On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced assessment instrument used by colleges and universities as part of their undergraduate admissions process; or	
	2.		ing a state-recognized or nationally or internationally rec- zed business or industry certification or license.	

Education Code 28.025(c-5); 19 TAC 74.14

#### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

EIF (LEGAL)

Students Who Entered Grade 9	All credit for graduation must be earned no later than grade 12. 19 TAC 74.61(b), .71(b)			
Before the 2014-15 School Year <i>Minimum High</i> <i>School Program</i>	A student entering grade 9 prior to the 2014-15 school year who does not choose to complete the curriculum requirements for high school graduation under the foundation high school program must enroll in the courses necessary to complete the curriculum require- ments for the Recommended High School Program or the Ad- vanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program, unless the student, the student's parent or other person standing in parental relation to the student, and a school counselor or school administrator agree in writing signed by each party that the student should be permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program, and the student:			
	1.	Is at least 16 years of age;		
	2.	Has completed two credits required for graduation in each subject of the foundation curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a)(1); or		
	3.	Has failed to be promoted to the 10th grade one or more times as determined by the school district.		
Students with Disabilities	disal	ARD committee makes decisions that place a student with a bility on a modified curriculum in a subject area, the student be automatically placed in the Minimum High School Program.		
Applicability	A student who was permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program prior to the 2009-10 school year may remain in the Minimum High School Program.			
	19 TAC 74.61(c), (d), .71(c), (d)			
Requirements	A student must earn at least 22 credits to complete the Minimum High School Program.			
	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012-13 or 2013-14 school year must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.72.			
	A student who enters grade 9 before the 2012-13 school year must meet the applicable program requirements in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74, Subchapters D-F.			
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.62, .72			
Recommended High School Program	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012-13 or 2013-14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Recommended High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in			

	•	program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.73. cation Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.63, .73		
Advanced / Distinguished Achievement High School Program	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012-13 or 2013-14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.74. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.64, .74</i>			
Substitutions	No substitutions are allowed for high school graduation require- ments in the Recommended and Advanced/Distinguished Achieve- ment High School Programs, except as provided by State Board rule. <i>19 TAC 74.63(d), .64(e), .73(d), .74(e)</i>			
AP or IB Courses	College Board advanced placement and international baccalaure- ate courses may be substituted for required courses in appropriate areas. These courses may be used as electives in all three high school graduation programs. <i>19 TAC 74.61(k)</i> , .71( <i>i</i> )			
Reading		strict may offer a maximum of 3 credits of reading for state luation elective credit for identified students if the district:		
	1.	Adopts policies to identify students in need of additional read- ing instruction;		
	2.	Has procedures that include assessment of individual student needs and ongoing evaluation of each student's progress; and		
	3.	Monitors instructional activities to ensure that student needs are addressed.		
	Reading credits may be selected from Reading I, II, or III.			
	19 T	AC 74.61(h), .71(f)		
College Courses	A student may comply with the curriculum requirements under the Minimum, Recommended, or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program for each subject of the foundation curriculum and for languages other than English by successfully completing appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. <i>19 TAC 74.61(l), .71(j)</i>			
Physical Education Substitutions	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:			
Other Physical Activity	1.	Athletics;		
,	2.	JROTC; and		

3.

ity programs conducted on or on campus. A district must ap-
ply to the commissioner for approval of such programs, which
may be substituted for state graduation credit in physical edu-
cation. Such approval may be granted under the following
conditions:

- a. Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, professional, supervised training. The training facility, instructors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Students dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.
- b. Private or commercially sponsored physical activities include those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained instructors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.

In accordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one of the physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any of the following activities:

- 1. Drill team;
- 2. Marching band; and
- 3. Cheerleading.
- Restrictions All substitution activities must include at least 100 minutes per fiveday school week of moderate to vigorous physical activity.

No more than four substitution credits may be earned through any combination of substitutions listed above.

Student with Disability or Illness

A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to disability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in English language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies for the required physical education credit. A credit allowed to be substituted may not also be used by the student to satisfy a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical education credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to participate in physical activity must be made by:

EIF (LEGAL)

	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.
Student with Physical Limitations	there phys licen tion of meno A stu cience	tudent entering grade 9 during the 2007-08 school year or eafter is unable to comply with all of the requirements for a ical education course due to a physical limitation certified by a sed medical practitioner, a modification to a physical educa- course does not prohibit the student from earning a Recom- ded or Advanced/Distinguished High School Program diploma. Ident with a physical limitation must still demonstrate profi- cy in the relevant knowledge and skills in a physical education se that do not require physical activity.
		cation Code 28.025(b-10)-(b-11); 19 TAC 74.62(b)(7), b)(7), .64(b)(7), .72(b)(6), .73(b)(6), .74(b)(6)
Transfers from Out- of-State or Nonpublic Schools	exch scho all ar cred men denc cord	of-state or out-of-country transfer students (including foreign ange students) and transfer students from Texas nonpublic ols are eligible to receive Texas diplomas but shall complete oplicable high school graduation requirements. Any course its required for graduation that are not completed before enroll- t may be satisfied through credit by examination, correspon- ce courses, distance learning, or completing the course, ac- ing to the provisions of 19 Administrative Code 74.26. <i>19 TAC</i> 1(g) [See EHDB, EHDC, EHDE, and EI]
Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services Modified Curriculum and Content	the a 19 A stitut be co	ified curriculum and modified content refer to any reduction of amount or complexity of the required knowledge and skills in dministrative Code Chapters 110-117, 126-128, and 130. Sub- tions that are specifically authorized in statute or rule must not considered modified curriculum or modified content. <i>19 TAC</i> $070(k)$
Employability and Self-Help Skills	the p	loyability and self-help skills are those skills directly related to preparation of students for employment, including general skills essary to obtain or retain employment. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(i)</i>

Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation	dem C.F ate, tion C.F long sum 89. <sup>2</sup> den grad (f)(4	students graduating must be provided with a summary of aca- nic achievement and functional performance as described in 34 .R. $300.305(e)(3)$ . This summary must consider, as appropri- the views of the parent and student and written recommenda- s from adult service agencies on how to assist the student in eting postsecondary goals. An evaluation as required by 34 .R. $300.305(e)(1)$ (evaluation to determine that the child is no ger a child with a disability), must be included as part of the mary for a student graduating under 19 Administrative Code 1070(b)(2), $(b)(3)(A)$ , $(B)$ , or $(C)$ or $(f)(4)(A)$ , $(B)$ , or $(C)$ . Stu- ts who participate in graduation ceremonies but who are not duating under subsections $(b)(2)$ , $(b)(3)(A)$ , $(B)$ , or $(C)$ or F)(A), $(B)$ , or $(C)$ and who will remain in school to complete their cation do not have to be evaluated. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(g)-(h)</i>
Students Entering Grade 9 in or After the 2014-15 School Year	afte be a	udent entering grade 9 in the 2014-15 school year and there- r who receives special education services may graduate and awarded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one ne following conditions:
	1.	The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110-117, 126-128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foun- dation high school program applicable to students in general education as well as satisfactory performance as established in Education Code Chapter 39, on the required EOC assess- ment instruments.
	2.	The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110-117, 126-128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foun- dation high school program specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.12 applicable to students in general education but the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required EOC assessment instruments is not necessary for graduation.
	3.	The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110-117, 126-128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foun- dation high school program through courses, one or more of which contain modified curriculum that is aligned to the stan- dards applicable to students in general education, as well as satisfactory performance as established in Education Code Chapter 39, on the required EOC assessment instruments,

		isfac strur also	ss the student's ARD committee has determined t story performance on the required EOC assessme ments is not necessary for graduation. The studen successfully complete the student's IEP and mee following conditions:	nt in- t must
		a.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained time employment, based on the student's abilities cal employment opportunities, in addition to mast sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to tain the employment without direct and ongoing e tional support of the local school district.	s and lo- tering main-
		b.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has demons mastery of specific employability skills and self-he skills that do not require direct ongoing education port of the local school district.	elp
		C.	The student has access to services that are not we the legal responsibility of public education or emp ment or educational options for which the student been prepared by the academic program.	oloy-
		d.	The student no longer meets age eligibility requir	ements.
	abov serv	ve, the rices ι	tudent receives a diploma under item 2 or 3(a), (b e ARD committee must determine needed educati upon the request of the student or parent to resum long as the student meets the age eligibility requir	ional le ser-
	19 7	TAC 8	9.1070(b), (j)	
Endorsements		A student who is enrolled in a special education program may earn an endorsement on the student's transcript by:		
	1.		cessfully completing, with or without modification c culum:	of the
		a.	The curriculum requirements identified by the SB the foundation high school program; and	OE for
		b.	The additional endorsement curriculum requirem prescribed by the SBOE; and	ents
	2.		cessfully completing all curriculum requirements for prsement adopted by the SBOE:	or that
		a.	Without modification of the curriculum; or	
		b.	With modification of the curriculum, provided that curriculum, as modified, is sufficiently rigorous as mined by the student's ARD committee.	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23			22 of 24

	The ARD committee of a student in a special education program shall determine whether the student is required to achieve satisfac- tory performance on an end-of-course assessment instrument to earn an endorsement on the student's transcript.
	Education Code 28.025(c-7)-(c-8), 19 TAC 89.1070(c)
<i>Students Entering Grade 9 Before the 2014- 15 School Year</i>	A student receiving special education services who entered grade 9 before the 2014-15 school year may graduate and be awarded a high school diploma under the foundation high school program in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1070.
Graduation of Military Dependents Course Waiver	District officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed by a military student in another district or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the district shall pro- vide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.
Transfers During Senior Year	Should a military student transferring at the beginning or during the student's senior year be ineligible to graduate from the district after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and receiving districts shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending district, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending district. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student.
Substitute Passing Standard	The commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more national norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- mitting a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a substitute for completing a specific course otherwise required for graduation. The passing standard is available only for a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the first time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a public school in this state at or above the 10th-grade level after an absence of at least two years from the public schools of this state. Each passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revision of the standard.

Education Code 162.002 art. VII, A, C [See FDD]

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION EIF (LEGAL)

Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS If an 11th or 12th grade student who is homeless or in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services transfers to a different school district and the student is ineligible to graduate from the district to which the student transfers, the district from which the student transferred shall award a diploma at the student's request, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the district from which the student transferred. *Education Code* 28.025(*i*)

**TESTING PROGRAMS EKB** STATE ASSESSMENT (LEGAL) **Table of Contents** Administration ......4 Test Administration Training ......6 Notice to Parents and Students ......7 Testing in Grades 3-8.....7 Kindergarten Assessment......8 Prekindergarten Assessment......8 End-of-Course Assessments ......9 Students Enrolled Below High School Level......9 Accountability Testing......10 Satisfactory Performance.....11 Individual Graduation Committee.....11 Credit by Examination.....12 Retakes 13 Reporting Results......13 Parents Right-to-Know Under ESEA ......14 Parental Access ......14 Out-of-State Transfers ......14 Security and Confidentiality .....14 

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

Confidentiality of Results	17
Minimize Disruptions	17
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	17
Records Retention	17
Test Administration Procedures	16
Consequences	16

Denton ISD 061901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
State Assessment of Academic Skills	Every student receiving instruction in the essential knowledge and skills shall take the appropriate criterion-referenced assessments, as required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B [see Testing in Grades 3-8, below]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a), (c), (f); 19 TAC 101.5</i>
	A student may not receive a high school diploma until the student has performed satisfactorily on end-of-course (EOC) assessment instruments [see End-of-Course Assessments, below]. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(a); 19 TAC 101.4001
Emergent Bilingual Students	In grades 3-12, an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B, shall participate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner rules at 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.023(I), (m)</i> [See EKBA]
Special Education	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop or adopt appro- priate criterion-referenced alternative assessment instruments to be administered to each student in a special education program for whom a state assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023(a), even with allowable accommodations, would not provide an appropriate measure of student achievement, as deter- mined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, including assessment instruments approved by the commissioner of education that measure growth. The assessment instruments developed or adopted, including the assessment in- struments approved by the commissioner, must, to the extent al- lowed under federal law, provide a district with options for the as- sessment of students.
	TEA may not adopt a performance standard that indicates that a student's performance on the alternate assessment does not meet standards if the lowest level of the assessment accurately represents the student's developmental level as determined by the student's ARD committee.
	The student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allow- able modification is necessary in administering to the student a re- quired EOC assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), and whether the student is required to achieve satisfac- tory performance on an EOC assessment instrument to receive a high school diploma.
	Education Code 39.023(b)-(c), .025(a-4)
Military Dependents	If the student is a military dependent, the district shall incorporate procedures to accept:

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	1.	Exit or EOC exams required for graduation from the sending state;
	2.	National norm-referenced achievement tests; or
	3.	Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for gradua- tion in the receiving state.
	the sen	ne event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by receiving state for a military dependent transferring in his or her ior year, then Education Code 162.002 article VII, section C, II apply.
Substitute Passing Standard	nati mitt sub erw only first lic s sen Eac Tex dura	commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more onal norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- ing a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a stitute for achieving a score on an assessment instrument oth- ise required for graduation. The passing standard is available of or a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a pub- chool in this state at or above the grade 10 level after an ab- ce of at least two years from the public schools of this state. In passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a as public high school remains applicable to the student for the ation of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any sequent revision of the standard.
	Edu	cation Code 162.002 art. VII [See EIF]
Administration	by T tenc	strict shall follow the test administration procedures established TEA in the applicable test administration materials. A superindent shall be responsible for administering tests. <i>19 TAC</i> .25, .27
Schedule	com and Lea any Thu	commissioner shall specify the schedule for testing that is in apliance with Education Code 39.023(c-3) and supports reliable valid assessments. Participation in University Interscholastic gue (UIL) area, regional, or state competitions is prohibited on days on which testing is scheduled between Monday and rsday of the school week in which the primary administration of essment instruments occurs.
	tion	commissioner may provide alternate dates for the administra- of tests required for a high school diploma to students who are ratory children and who are out of the state.
	19	TAC 101.25
		request by a district, the commissioner may allow the district to ninister an assessment instrument on the first instructional day

Denton ISD 061901		
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	instr	week if administering the assessment instrument on another ructional day would result in a significant administrative burden to specific local conditions. <i>Education Code 39.023(c-3)</i>
Religious Holy Days	of ol distr (SB0	board may consider the dates of religious holy days or periods beervance likely to be observed by the students enrolled in the ict during the period set by the State Board of Education OE) for the administration of state assessment instruments in blishing:
	1.	The district's calendar for that school year; and
	2.	The instructional days within that period on which students are administered the required assessment instruments, pro- vided that the board not exclude more than two instructional days from that period based solely on the occurrence of a sin- gle religious holy day or period of observance.
	perio	igious holy day or period of observance" means a holy day or a od of holy days observed by a religion whose places of worship Id be exempt from property taxation under Tax Code 11.20.
	shal sess obse	stablishing a school calendar under this provision, the board I provide for alternative dates for the administration of state as- sment instruments to a student who is absent from school to erve a religious holy day or period of observance on the date assessment instrument is administered.
	Edu	cation Code 39.0238
Alternate Test Dates	puse test the c circu pus'	commissioner shall consider requests from districts or cam- es for alternate test dates on a case-by-case basis. Alternate dates will only be allowed if the campus or district is closed on day on which testing is scheduled or if there is an exceptional umstance, defined below, that may affect a district's or cam- s ability to administer an assessment or the students' perfor- ice on the assessment.
	"Exc	ceptional circumstances" include:
	1.	Inclement weather or natural disasters that would cause a dis- trict or campus to be closed or that would cause a small per- centage of students to be in attendance on the day testing is scheduled;
	2.	Health epidemics that result in a large number of students be- ing absent on the day of testing;
	3.	Death of a student or school official that may impact student performance; and

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	4.	Sudden emergencies that occur on the day of testing or shortly before testing that may inhibit students from complet- ing the assessments, such as a fire on campus, a bomb threat, an extended power outage, or a water main break.
	the ing	n alternate test date for primary test administration is approved, commissioner may prohibit a district or campus from participat- in UIL competition on the new test date if that is determined to n the best interest of the district, campus, and students.
	19	TAC 101.5003
Test Administration Training	volv com cam mer ove tion of a	commissioner may require training for district employees in- red in the administration of the assessment instruments. The missioner may only require for the employee at each district upus who oversees the administration of the assessment instru- nts to annually receive the training. The district employee who resees test administration on a district campus may, with discre- , require other district employees involved in the administration ssessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> 0.304(a), $(b-1)-(b-2)$
Paper Administration	und stuc ject	strict may administer a state assessment instrument required er Education Code 39.023(a), (c), or (I) in paper format to any lent whose parent, guardian, or teacher in the applicable sub- area requests the assessment instrument be administered to student in paper format.
		equest for the administration of an assessment instrument in pa- format to a student must be submitted to the district:
	1.	For a fall administration of an assessment instrument, not later than September 15 of the school year in which the assessment instrument will be administered; and
	2.	For a spring administration of an assessment instrument, not later than December 1 of the school year in which the assessment instrument will be administered.
	an a trati num que max	number of students enrolled at a district who are administered assessment instrument in paper format for any single adminis- on under this provision may not exceed three percent of the aber of students enrolled in the district. On receipt of more re- sts for administration of an assessment instrument than the kimum number permitted, the district shall accept the requests are order received until the maximum number is reached.

Denton ISD 061901		
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	dete	limitation does not apply to a student whose ARD committee rmines that the administration of an assessment instrument in er format is a necessary modification for the student.
	Edu	cation Code 39.02342
Notice to Parents and Students		perintendent shall be responsible for the following in order to ide timely and full notification of graduation requirements:
	1.	Notifying each student and his or her parent or guardian in writing no later than the beginning of the student's seventh-grade year of the testing requirements for graduation;
	2.	Notifying each student in grades 7-12 new to the district and his or her parent or guardian in writing of the testing requirements for graduation; and
	3.	Notifying each student who shall take the tests required for graduation and his or her parent or guardian, as well as out- of-school individuals, of the dates, times, and locations of testing.
	19 7	AC 101.3012
Testing in Grades 3-8	are a men	ept as provided below, all students, other than students who assessed under Education Code 39.023(b) (alternative assess- t instrument) or 39.023(I) (emergent bilingual students) or ex- ted under Education Code 39.027, shall be assessed in:
	1.	Mathematics, annually in grades 3-8;
	2.	Reading, annually in grades 3-8;
	3.	Social studies in grade 8;
	4.	Science in grades 5 and 8; and
	5.	Any other subject and grade required by federal law.
	Edu	cation Code 39.023(a)
Exception		purposes of federal accountability, a student shall not be ad- stered a grade-level assessment if the student:
	1.	Is enrolled in a course or subject intended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered a grade-level assessment instrument developed under the list above that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area; or
	2.	Is enrolled in a course for high school credit in a subject in- tended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered an EOC assessment instrument that
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	7 of 17

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

	aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject wi same content area.	thin the
	For purposes of federal accountability, a grade 3-8 student accelerated in mathematics, reading/language arts, or scien on schedule to complete the high school end-of-course ass ments in that same content area prior to high school shall b sessed at least once in high school with the ACT or the SA	nce and ess- e as-
	A student is only eligible to take an assessment instrument tended for use above the student's enrolled grade if the stu on schedule to complete instruction in the entire curriculum subject during the semester the assessment is administered	dent is for that
	A student in grade 5 or 8 described above may not be denied motion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an sessment instrument not required to be administered to the dent.	as-
	Education Code 28.0211(o)-(p), 39.023(a-2); 19 TAC 101.3011(a)(1)-(4)	
Kindergarten Assessment	An assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023 n be administered to a kindergarten student except for the pu of determining whether the student is entitled to the benefit Foundation School Program [see FD]. <i>Education Code 39.0</i> <i>16</i> )	of the
Prekindergarten Assessment	Performance on an assessment instrument administered to dents in prekindergarten may not be considered for any pur related to Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A. <i>Education</i> <i>39.0237</i>	rpose
Accommodations	Testing accommodations are permitted for any student unle would make a particular test invalid. Decisions regarding te accommodations shall take into consideration the needs of dent and the accommodations the student routinely receive classroom instruction. Permissible testing accommodations be described in the appropriate test administration material	sting the stu- es in shall
	The committee established by a board to determine the pla of students with dyslexia or related disorders shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administ an assessment to such a student.	ne
	A student's ARD committee shall determine the allowable a modations and shall document them in the student's individ education program (IEP). [See Special Education, above]	
	19 TAC 101.3013; Education Code 39.023(a)-(c), (n); 34 C 300.320(a)(6)	.F.R.
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	8 of 17

Denton ISD 061901			
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)	
End-of-Course Assessments	scho sess	inning with students first enrolled in grade 9 in the 2011-12 bol year, a student enrolled in a course for which an EOC as- sment exists as required by Education 39.023(c) shall take the ropriate assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(a)</i>	
	cour Stat adm mor Eng tial I vide	a shall adopt EOC assessment instruments for secondary-level reses in Algebra I, biology, English I, English II, and United es history. The Algebra I EOC assessment instrument must be inistered with the aid of technology but may include one or e parts that prohibit the use of technology. The English I and lish II EOC assessment instruments must each assess essen- knowledge and skills in both reading and writing and must pro- a single score. A district shall comply with SBOE rules regard- administration of the assessment instruments listed in this rision.	
	com nec	student is in a special education program, the student's ARD mittee shall determine whether any allowable modification is essary in administering to the student an assessment instru- t required under this provision.	
	Edu	cation Code 39.023(c)	
Students Enrolled Below High School Level	who plica app as s	inning in the 2011-12 school year, a student in grade 8 or lower takes a high school course for credit is required to take the apable EOC assessment. The EOC assessment result shall be ied toward the student's assessment graduation requirements, pecified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022. <i>19 TAC 3021(d)</i>	
Assessment Requirements for Graduation	mer rece Cree	udent must meet satisfactory performance on an EOC assess- t listed in Education Code 39.023(c) in order to be eligible to vive a Texas diploma, except as described below at Exceptions, dits Earned Prior to Enrollment, Individual Graduation Commit- and Special Education.	
	mer	standard in place when a student first takes an EOC assess- t is the standard that will be maintained throughout the stu- 's school career.	
<i>Exceptions</i> English I or English II	asse Eng	udent who was administered separate reading and writing EOC essments under Education Code 39.023(c), for the English I or lish II course has met that course's assessment graduation re- ement if the student has:	
	1.	Achieved satisfactory performance on either the reading or writing EOC assessment for that course;	
	2.	Met at least the minimum score on the other EOC assessment for that course; and	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 EKB(LEGAL)-P	)23	9 of 17	

Denton ISD 061901		
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	3.	Achieved an overall scale score of 3750 or greater when the scale scores for reading and writing are combined for that course.
	den	eptions related to English I also apply to emergent bilingual stu- ts who meet the criteria in 19 Administrative Code 101.1007. e EKBA]
	19	TAC 101.3022(a)-(c)
Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment	sess the stuc cou min	student earned high school credit for a course with an EOC as- sment prior to enrollment in a Texas public school district and credit has been accepted by a Texas public school district, or a dent completed a course for Texas high school credit in a rse with an EOC assessment prior to the 2011-12 spring ad- istration, the student is not required to take the corresponding C assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(e)</i>
Substitute Assessments	sess EOC quir be u prov qua tute	commissioner adopts certain assessments as substitute as- sments that a student may use in place of a corresponding C assessment to meet the student's assessment graduation re- ements. A satisfactory score on an approved assessment may used in place of only one specific EOC assessment, except as vided by 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d)(1) (student who lifies for use of the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) as a substi- assessment and is enrolled in certain college preparatory rses).
	mer	udent at any grade level is eligible to use a substitute assess- nt as provided in the commissioner's chart at 19 Administrative le 101.4002(b) if the student:
	1.	Was administered an approved substitute assessment for an equivalent course in which the student was enrolled;
	2.	Received a satisfactory score on the substitute assessment as determined by the commissioner and provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b); and
	3.	Using a Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA) or a Texas Success Initiative Assessment, Version 2.0 (TSIA2) also meets the additional criteria of 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d).
TSI Additional Criteria	Cod	udent must meet the criteria established in 19 Administrative le 101.4002(d) in order to qualify to use TSIA or TSIA2 as a stitute assessment.
Accountability Testing		udent electing to substitute an assessment for graduation pur- es must still take the corresponding EOC assessment required

Denton ISD 061901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
	under Education Code 39.023(c) at least once for accountability purposes. If a student sits for an EOC assessment, a district may not void or invalidate the test in lieu of a substitute assessment.
	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any versions of these tests) as indicated in the chart in 19 Administrative Code 101.4003(b) must take the appropriate EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c). How- ever, a student who does not receive a passing score on the EOC assessment and retakes a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any ver- sions of these tests) is eligible to meet the requirements specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(c).
	19 TAC 101.4002
Verification of Results	An eligible student is responsible for providing a district an official copy of the student's scores from the substitute assessment.
	Upon receipt of official results of an approved substitute assess- ment, a district must:
	1. Verify the student's score on the substitute assessment; and
	2. Determine whether the student met the performance standard required to qualify for a public high school diploma in Texas as established by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 101.4005
Satisfactory Performance	A student is required to achieve a scale score that indicates satis- factory performance, as determined by the commissioner on each EOC assessment instrument administered to the student. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39.025(a)</i>
Individual Graduation Committee	A student in grade 11 or 12 who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses may qualify to graduate on the basis of a review by an individual graduation committee (IGC). [See EIF] <i>Education Code 28.0258, 39.025(a-5)</i>
	A student may not graduate under an IGC if the student did not take each required EOC assessment or an approved substitute as- sessment for each course in which the student was enrolled in a Texas public school for which there is an EOC assessment. A dis- trict shall determine whether the student took each required EOC assessment or an approved substitute assessment. For purposes of this provision only, a student who does not make an attempt to take all required EOC assessments may not qualify to graduate by means of an individual graduation committee.

TESTING PROGRAMS
STATE ASSESSMENT

	Notwithstanding any action taken by a student's individual gradua- tion committee, a district must provide a student an opportunity to retake an EOC assessment under Education Code 39.023(c) if the student has not previously achieved satisfactory performance on an assessment for that course. A student is not required to retake a course in order to be administered a retest of an EOC assess- ment.
	19 TAC 101.3022(e)(1), (3)
	For provisions related to an IGC and emergent bilingual students, see EKBA.
Special Education	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258. As provided in 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (Graduation Requirements) and 19 Administrative Code 101.3023 (Participation and Graduation Assessment Requirements for Students Receiving Special Education Services), a student's ARD committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment to graduate. [See EIF]
	A student dismissed from a special education program who achieved satisfactory performance on an alternate EOC assess- ment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to take and achieve satisfactory performance on the general EOC assessment to graduate. A student who took an EOC assessment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to re- take and achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assess- ment if the student's ARD committee determined that the student was not required to achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assessment to graduate. A student dismissed from a special edu- cation program must achieve satisfactory performance on any re- maining EOC assessments that the student is required to take. If the student fails to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the remaining EOC assessments, the student is eligible for IGC review under Education Code 28.0258 and is subject to the IGC provisions above. [See Individual Graduation Committee, above]
	19 TAC 101.3022(f)
	For more information on graduation requirements for special edu- cation students, see EIF.
Credit by Examination	An EOC assessment administered under Education Code

Credit by An EOC assessment administered under Education Code Examination 39.023(c) cannot be used for purposes of credit by examination under 19 Administrative Code 74.24. [See EHDB, EHDC] 19 TAC 101.3021(c)

Denton ISD 061901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
Additional State Assessments	TEA may adopt EOC assessment instruments for courses not listed in statute, as described above. A student's performance on these EOC assessment instruments is not subject to the performance requirements established for the statutory assessments. <i>Education Code 39.023(c-2)</i>
Retakes	Each time an EOC assessment instrument is administered, a stu- dent who failed to achieve a score requirement may retake the as- sessment instrument. [See Satisfactory Performance, above]
	A student is not required to retake a course as a condition of retak- ing an EOC assessment instrument.
	If a student failed a course but achieved satisfactory performance on the applicable EOC assessment, that student is not required to retake the assessment if the student is required to retake the course.
	Education Code 39.025(b); 19 TAC 101.3021(f), .3022(d)
<b>Reporting Results</b> To the Public	Overall student performance data, aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, shall be made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled meetings of a board, after receipt from TEA. The information shall not contain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i>
To the Board	A superintendent shall accurately report all test results with appro- priate interpretations to a board according to the schedule in the applicable test administration materials.
To Parents, Students, and Teachers	A district shall notify each of its students, his or her parent or guardian, and his or her teacher for that subject of test results, observing confidentiality requirements stated at Confidentiality of Results, below. All test results shall be included in each student's academic achievement record and shall be furnished for each student transferring to another district or charter school or private school. The scoring contractor will provide districts with the results of the machine-scorable assessments within a 21-day period following the close of the testing window. Upon receipt of the assessment results from the test contractor, a district shall disclose a student's assessment results to a student's teacher in the same subject area as the assessment for that school year. [See BQ series, FD, and FL]
	19 TAC 101.3014(a)-(d)
	TEA shall adopt a series of questions to be included in an EOC as- sessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c) to be used for purposes of identifying students who are
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 EKB(LEGAL)-P	23 13 of 17

Denton ISD 061901		
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	notify a s the stude potential may not r questions	ucceed in an advanced high school course. A district shall tudent who performs at a high level on the questions and nt's parent or guardian of the student's performance and to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district require a student to perform at a particular level on the s to be eligible to enroll in an advanced high school Education Code 39.0233(b)
Parents Right-to- Know Under ESEA	Elementa et seq.), a who is a mation or student, i	dition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the ary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. 6301 a district shall provide to each individual parent of a child student in such school, with respect to such student infor- in the level of achievement and academic growth of the f applicable and available, on each of the state academic ents required under Part A. 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(1)(B)(i)$
Parental Access	instrumer does not tions that	is entitled to access to a copy of each state assessment at administered to the parent's child. This right of access apply, however, to those instruments or particular ques- are being field-tested by TEA. <i>Education Code 26.005,</i> <i>), 39.023(e)</i>
	Note:	For information on instructional requirements for stu- dents who fail to perform satisfactorily on a state assess- ment instrument, see EHBC and EHBCA.
Out-of-State Transfers		shall accurately report to TEA whether that student trans- o the district from out of state during the current school
	TEA shal rials. A di	es for the reporting of out-of-state-transfer students to I be established in the applicable test administration mate- strict shall follow procedures specified in those test ad- on materials.
	be report other stu	ssment results of the out-of-state transfer students shall ed separately to districts from the results of the district's dents in addition to the current reporting of assessment r all students and other student subsets.
	19 TAC 1	101.3014(e)
Security and Confidentiality	program	sment instruments included in the student assessment are considered secure, and the contents of these tests, in- tudent information used or obtained in their administration, dential.
		and campuses and the superintendent and campus princi- ach district and campus shall:
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 14 of UPDATE 122 EKB(LEGAL)-P		14 of 17

TESTING PROGRAMS
STATE ASSESSMENT

EKB (LEGAL)

- 1. Implement and ensure compliance with state test administration procedures and training activities;
- Notify TEA as soon as the district becomes aware of any alleged or suspected violation of the security or confidential integrity of a test [see Violations, below];
- Report all confirmed testing violations to TEA within 10 working days of the district becoming aware of the violation in accordance with the reporting process stipulated in the test administration materials;
- 4. Ensure that the only individuals with access to secure test materials are district employees who have:
  - a. Met the requirements to participate in the student assessment program;
  - b. Received training in test security and test administration procedures; and
  - c. Signed an oath affirming they understand their obligation to maintain and preserve the security and confidentiality of all state assessments and student information, acknowledge their responsibility to report any suspected testing violation, and are aware of the range of penalties that may result from a violation of test security and confidentiality or a departure from test administration procedures; and
- 5. Ensure the security of the test materials as required by 19 Administrative Code 101.3031(a)(2)(E).

19 TAC 101.3031(a)(1)-(2)

Violations Violations of the security and confidential integrity of a test include:

- 1. Directly or indirectly assisting students with responses to test questions;
- 2. Tampering with student responses;
- 3. Falsifying holistic ratings or student responses;
- 4. Viewing secure test content before, during, or after an administration unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;
- 5. Discussing or disclosing secure test content or student responses;
- 6. Scoring students' tests, either formally or informally;

#### TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

EKB (LEGAL)

	7.	Duplicating, recording, or electronically capturing confidential test content unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;		
	8.	Responding to secure test questions;		
	9.	Fraudulently exempting or preventing a student from partici- pating in the administration of a required state assessment;		
	10.	Receiving or providing unallowable assistance during calibra- tion activities (e.g., taking notes, providing answer sheets, or sharing answers);		
	11.	Encouraging or assisting an individual to engage in the con- duct described above or in any other serious violation of secu- rity and confidentiality;		
	12.	Failing to report to an appropriate authority that an individual has engaged or is suspected of engaging in the above con- duct or in any other serious violation of security and confiden- tiality under this provision;		
	13.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent student cheating; and		
	14.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent alter- ation of test documents by anyone other than the student.		
Consequences	If a district determines that a student has cheated or attempted to cheat on a state assessment either by providing or receiving direct assistance, the district shall invalidate the student's test results.			
	•	Any violation of test security or confidential integrity may result in TEA:		
	1.	Invalidating student test results;		
	2.	Referring certified educators to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) for sanctions in accordance with 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 247 (Educators' Code of Ethics) and Chapter 249 (Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Contested Cases); and		
	3.	Lowering the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's accountability rating in accordance with Education Code 39.003(d), or appointment of a monitor, conservator, or management team to the district in accordance with Educa- tion Code Chapter 39A.		
Test Administration Procedures		t administration procedures shall be delineated in the test ad- istration materials provided to districts annually. Districts must		

Denton ISD 061901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
	comply with all of the applicable requirements specified in the test administration materials.
	Districts shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- ceive training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary skills and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- ments in a valid, standardized, and secure manner.
Records Retention	As part of test administration procedures, the commissioner shall require districts to maintain records related to the security of assessment instruments for five years.
	19 TAC 101.3031(a)(3)-(d)
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	SBEC may take disciplinary action against a person who has violated the security or integrity of any assessment required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or has committed an act that is a departure from the test administration procedures established by the commissioner under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101.
	The superintendent and campus principal must develop proce- dures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the tests and will be responsible for notifying TEA in writing of conduct that violates the security or confidentiality of a test. Failure to report can subject the person responsible to the applicable penalties.
	19 TAC 249.15(a)-(b), (g)(8)
Minimize Disruptions	In implementing the commissioner's procedures for the administra- tion of assessment instruments adopted or developed under Edu- cation Code 39.023, including procedures designed to ensure the security of the assessment, a district shall minimize disruptions to school operations and the classroom environment. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0301(a-1)</i>
Confidentiality of Results	Individual student performance results are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See FL and GBA]

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# **SECTION F: STUDENTS**

FA	PARENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES
FB	EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY
FBA	Service Animals
FC	SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AREAS
FD	ADMISSIONS
FDA	Interdistrict Transfers
FDAA	Public Education Grants
FDB	Intradistrict Transfers and Classroom Assignments
FDC	Homeless Students
FDD	Military Dependents
FDE	School Safety Transfers
FE	ATTENDANCE
FEA	Compulsory Attendance
FEB	Attendance Accounting
FEC	Attendance for Credit
FED	Attendance Enforcement
FEE	Open/Closed Campus
FEF	Released Time
FF	STUDENT WELFARE
FFAA	Wellness and Health Services
FFAB	Physical Examinations
FFAC	Immunizations
FFAD	Medical Treatment
FFAE	Communicable Diseases
FFAF	School-Based Health Centers
FFB	Care Plans
FFBA	Crisis Intervention
FFC	Trauma-Informed Care
FFD	Student Support Services
FFE	Student Insurance
FFEA	Counseling and Mental Health
FFFA	Counseling
FFFA	Mental Health
FFFB	Student Safety
FFFA	Supervision of Students
FFFD	Safety Patrols
FFFF	Bicycle/Automobile Use
FFFF	School Buses
FFF	Child Abuse and Neglect

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# **SECTION F: STUDENTS**

FFH FFI	Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation Freedom from Bullying
FG	STUDENT AWARDS AND SCHOLARSHIPS
FH	STUDENT VOLUNTEERS
FI	IDENTIFICATION OF STUDENTS
FJ	STUDENT FUNDRAISING
FL FLA	STUDENT RECORDS Confidentiality of Student Health Information
FM FMA FMB FMD FME FME FMF FMG FMH	STUDENT ACTIVITIES School-Sponsored Publications Student Government Social Events Performances Contests and Competition Travel Commencement
FN FNA FNAB FNB FNC FNCA FNCB FNCC FNCD FNCC FNCC FNCC FNCF FNCG FNCH FNCI FNCI FNCI FNC FNF FNF FNG	STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES Student Expression Distribution of Nonschool Literature Use of School Facilities for Nonschool Purposes Involvement in Decision Making Student Conduct Dress Code Care of School Property Prohibited Organizations and Hazing Tobacco Use and Possession Personal Telecommunications/Electronic Devices Alcohol and Drug Use Weapons Assaults Disruptions Married Students Pregnant Students Investigations and Searches Student and Parent Complaints/Grievances
FO FOA	STUDENT DISCIPLINE Removal by Teacher or Bus Driver
DATE ISSUED: 1	11/21/2023

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# **SECTION F: STUDENTS**

FOB	Out-of-School Suspension
FOC	Placement in a Disciplinary Alternative Education Setting
FOCA	Disciplinary Alternative Education Program Operations
FOD	Expulsion
FODA	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program
FOE	Emergency and Alternative Placement
FOF	Students with Disabilities
FP	STUDENT FEES, FINES, AND CHARGES

	<b>Note:</b> This policy encompasses many, but not all, rights held by parents of Texas public school children. Additional information regarding parent rights exists throughout the policy manual, including:	
	<ul> <li>District-level and site-based decision making at BQA and BQB</li> </ul>	
	Access to review instructional materials at the EF series	
	Requests for educational programs at EHA	
	Human sexuality instruction at EHAA	
	Special education at the EHBA series	
	Student retention at EIE	
	Homeschool rights at FD	
	Consent to medical treatment at the FFA series	
	Consent to mental health and counseling at FFEA and FFEB	
	Access to student records at FL	
	Complaints and grievances processes at FNG	
	Access to campus and campus visitor policies at GKC	
Education Code Chapter 26	Parents are partners with educators, administrators, and the board in their children's education. Parents shall be encouraged to actively participate in creating and implementing educational programs for their children. <i>Education Code 26.001(a)</i>	
	Unless otherwise provided by law, a board, an administrator, an educator, or other person may not limit parental rights. <i>Education Code 26.001(c)</i>	
"Parent" Defined	For purposes of Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental Rights), "parent" includes a person standing in parental relation, but does not include a person as to whom the parent-child relationship has been terminated or a person not entitled to possession of or ac- cess to a child under a court order. Except as provided by federal law, all rights of a parent under Education Code Title 2 and all edu- cational rights under Family Code 151.001(a)(10) shall be exer- cised by a student who is 18 years of age or older or whose dis- abilities of minority have been removed for general purposes under Family Code Chapter 31, unless the student has been determined to be incompetent or the student's rights have been otherwise re- stricted by a court order. <i>Education Code 26.002</i>	

Parental Rights	Parental rights listed in Education Code Chapter 26 are:			
	1.	Rights concerning academic programs. <i>Education Code</i> 26.003, .0061 [See EHA, EIF, FDB, and FMH]		
	2.	Access to student records. Education Code 26.004 [See FL]		
	3.	Access to state assessments. <i>Education Code 26.005</i> [See EKB]		
	4.	Access to teaching materials and test results, and observation of virtual instruction. <i>Education Code 26.006</i> [See EF and EKB]		
	5.	Access to board meetings, other than a closed meeting under the Open Meetings Act. <i>Education Code 26.007</i> [See BE and BEC]		
	6.	Right to full information concerning a student. <i>Education Code 26.008</i> [See DF, FFE, and FM]		
	7.	Right to information concerning special education and educa- tion of students with learning disabilities. <i>Education Code</i> <i>26.0081</i> [See FB]		
	8.	Requests for public information. <i>Education Code 26.0085</i> [See GBA and GBAA]		
	9.	Consent required for certain activities. <i>Education Code</i> 26.009 [See EHA, FFE, FL, FM, and FO]		
	10.	Refusal of psychiatric or psychological treatment of child as basis for report of neglect. <i>Education Code 26.0091</i> [See FFG]		
	11.	Exemption from instruction. <i>Education Code 26.010</i> [See EMB]		
Right to Attend School Activities	of a clud	ess limited by court order, a parent appointed as a conservator child has at all times the right to attend school activities, ining school lunches, performances, and field trips. <i>Family Code</i> $.073(a)(6)$		
Objection to School Assignment	The parent or person standing in parental relation to any student may object to the student's school assignment. Upon receiving a written petition to request or object to a student's assignment, a board shall follow the procedures set forth at Education Code 25.034. <i>Education Code 25.033(2), .034</i> [See FDB]			
Challenge to Education Records	port	strict shall give a parent or eligible student, on request, an op- unity for a hearing to challenge the content of the student's ed- tion records on the grounds that the information contained in		
	100	2 of 6		

	ecords is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy of the student. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.21</i> [See FL]		
tion r Code comp	trict that receives a request from a parent for public informa- elating to the parent's child shall comply with Government e Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). A district shall also oly with the deadlines and provisions set forth at Education e 26.0085. <i>Gov't Code Ch. 552; Education Code 26.0085</i> [See A]		
At the beginning of each school year, a district shall notify the par- ents of each student attending any school receiving funds under Ti- tle I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), that the parents may request, and the district will provide the parents on request (and in a timely manner), information re- garding the professional qualifications of the student's classroom teachers. 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(1)(A)$ [See DBA]			
A school that receives funds under Title I, Part A of ESEA shall provide to each individual parent of a child who is a student in such school, with respect to such student:			
	Information on the level of achievement and academic growth of the student, if applicable and available, on each of the re- quired state academic assessments [see EKB]; and		
	Timely notice that the student has been assigned, or has been taught for four or more consecutive weeks by, a teacher who does not meet applicable State certification or licensure requirements at the grade level and subject area in which the teacher has been assigned [see DBA].		
20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(1)(B)			
For information on the parent and family engagement requirements for districts receiving funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, see EHBD.			
dent s part b subm conce dent case of the 1.	er the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA), no stu- shall be required, as part of any program funded in whole or in by the United States Department of Education (U.S. ED), to nit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information erning the following topics without the prior consent of the stu- (if the student is an adult or emancipated minor), or, in the of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent e parent: Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.		
	rights A dis tion r Code GBA/ At the ents of the p gardi teach A sch provio school 1. 2. 20 U. For in for di Educ Under dent to subm conce dent to subm conce conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent to subm conce dent subm conce conconce dent co to subm conce to subm conce conce subm		

	2.	Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.	
	3.	Sex behavior and attitudes.	
	4.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.	
	5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom students have close family relationships.	
	6.	Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers.	
	7.	Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.	
	8.	Income, other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program.	
	20 L	J.S.C. 1232h(b)	
Information Collection Funded by Other Sources Policies	Except as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b) [see U.S. ED Funded Surveys, above], as a condition of receiving funds for a program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED, a district shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1), regarding the following:		
	1.	The parent's right to inspect a survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed by a school to the student and any applicable procedures for granting a re- quest by a parent for reasonable access to such survey within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.	
	2.	A district's arrangements to protect student privacy in the event a survey containing one or more of the items listed un- der U.S. ED-Funded Surveys, above, is administered or dis- tributed to a student.	
	3.	The parent's right to inspect any instructional material used in the educational curriculum for the student and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to instructional material within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.	
	4.	The administration of physical examinations or screenings that a district may administer to the student.	
	5.	The collection, disclosure, or use of personal information col- lected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. This provision does not apply to use of per-	
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	4 of 6	

		sonal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for or to students or educational institu- tions, such as recruiters, book clubs, curriculum and instru- tional materials used by schools, sale by students of produ- or services to raise funds for school-related or education-re- lated activities, or student recognition programs.	al tu- uc- ucts		
	6.	The parent's right to inspect any instrument used in collect of personal information in item 5 above, before the instrum is administered and any applicable procedures for granting request by a parent for reasonable access to such instrum within a reasonable period of time after the request is re- ceived.	nent g a		
	uca 200	strict need not develop and adopt new policies if the Texas tion Agency (TEA) or the district had in place, on January 8 2, policies covering the requirements of 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c) e CRD, FFAA, FL, and FNG]	,		
Parental Notification	A district shall provide for reasonable notice of the adoption or con- tinued use of such policies directly to the parents of the students enrolled in schools served by the district. At a minimum, a district shall:				
	1.	Provide notice at least annually, at the beginning of the so year and within a reasonable time after any substantive change in the policies; and	hool		
	2.	Offer an opportunity for the parent to opt the student out o participation in an activity described below.	of		
	A district shall directly notify the parent of a student, at least annu- ally at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approxi- mate dates during the school year when activities, described be- low, are scheduled or expected to be scheduled. The following activities require notification under this provision:				
	1.	Activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of per sonal information collected from students for the purpose marketing or for selling that information.			
	2.	The administration of any survey containing one or more items described at U.S. ED-Funded Surveys, above.			
	3.	Any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screeting that is required as a condition of attendance, administer and scheduled by the school in advance, and not necessar to protect the immediate health and safety of the student of other students.	ered ary		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	5	i of 6		

	20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1)-(4) [See FFAA]					
"Personal Information" Defined	The term "personal information" means individually identifiable in- formation, including a student's:					
	1. First and last name;					
	<ol> <li>Home or physical address, including street name and city or town;</li> </ol>					
	3. Telephone number; or					
	4. Social security identification number.					
	20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(6)(E)					
	For information about parental access to instructional materials un- der the PPRA, see FA.					
Videotapes and Recordings	A district employee must obtain the written consent of a child's par- ent before the employee may make or authorize the making of a videotape of a child or record or authorize the recording of a child's voice.					
Exceptions	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may make a videotape of a child or authorize the recording of a child's voice if the videotape or voice recording is to be used only for:					
	<ol> <li>The purposes of safety, including the maintenance of order and discipline in common areas of the school or on school buses;</li> </ol>					
	2. A purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity;					
	3. A purpose related to regular classroom instruction;					
	4. Media coverage of the school; or					
	<ol> <li>A purpose related to the promotion of student safety under Education Code 29.022.</li> </ol>					
	Education Code 26.009 [See EHA, EHBAF, FM, and FO]					

20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1)-(4) [See FFAA]

Denton ISD 061901						
ADMISSIONS		FD (LEGAL)				
General Eligibility	trict 21 y miss und	bard or its designee shall admit into the public schools of a dis- free of tuition all persons who are over five and younger than years of age on September 1 of any school year in which ad- sion is sought, and may admit a person who is at least 21 and er 26 for the purpose of completing the requirements for a high ool diploma, if any of the following conditions exist:				
Student and Parent	The	person and either parent reside in the district.				
Conservator	resi tor o	person does not reside in the district, but one of the parents des in the district and that parent is a joint managing conserva- or the sole managing conservator or possessory conservator of person.				
Guardian or Person Having Lawful Control		person and his or her guardian or other person having lawful trol under an order of a court reside in the district.				
Students Living Separate and Apart	The person is under the age of 18 and has established a separ residence in the district apart from his or her parent, guardian, o other person having lawful control under an order of a court and has established that the person's presence in the district is not the primary purpose of participation in extracurricular activities. board is not required to admit such person, however, if the person has:					
	1.	Engaged in conduct that resulted in removal to a disciplinary alternative education program or expulsion within the preceding year;				
	2.	Engaged in delinquent conduct or "conduct in need of super- vision" and is on probation or other conditional release for that conduct; or				
	3.	Been convicted of a criminal offense and is on probation or other conditional release.				
	Edu	cation Code 25.001(a)-(b), (d)				
Students Who Are	The	The person is homeless. [See also FDC]				
Homeless	1.	"Child who is homeless," "person who is homeless," and "stu- dent who is homeless" have the meaning assigned to the term homeless children and youths under the McKinney- Vento Homeless Assistance Act.				
	2.	"Homeless children" under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, means children or youths who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence; and includes:				

### ADMISSIONS

		a.	due reas cam acco	dren who are sharing the housing of other persons to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar on; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or ping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate ommodations; are living in emergency or transitional ters; or are abandoned in hospitals;
		b.	a pu	dren who have a primary nighttime residence that is blic or private place not designed for or ordinarily d as a regular sleeping accommodation for human gs;
		C.	abaı	dren who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, ndoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train ons, or similar settings; and
		d.	abov	atory children living in circumstances described /e. "Migratory child" means a child who made a ifying move in the preceding 36 months:
			(1)	As a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or
			(2)	With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migra- tory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher. [See EEB]
				le 5.001(1-a), 25.001(b)(5); 20 U.S.C. 6399; 34a(2)
	-			n regarding the transfer of records and other transi- nts for a student who is homeless, see FFC.]
Foreign Exchange Students	that char	reside nge pi	es in rogra	a foreign exchange student placed with a host family the district by a nationally recognized foreign ex- m, unless the district has applied for and been er by the commissioner of education because:
	1.		requ ne dis	irement would impose a financial or staffing hardship strict;
	2.		-qual	ssion would diminish the district's ability to provide ity education services for the district's domestic stu-
	3.			ssion would require domestic students to compete gn exchange students for educational resources.
	Edu	catior	n Coa	le 25.001(b)(6), (e)

Denton ISD 061901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LEGAL)
Students in Residential Facility	The person resides at a residential facility, as defined in Education Code 5.001, located in the district. For purposes of enrollment, a person who resides in a residential facility is considered a resident of the district in which the facility is located. <i>Education Code</i> $25.001(b)(7)$ , $29.012(c)$
Students Over 18	The person resides in the district and is 18 or older or the person's disabilities of minority have been removed. <i>Education Code</i> 25.001(b)(8)
Resident Grandparent	The person does not reside in the district but the grandparent of the person:
	1. Resides in the district; and
	2. Provides a substantial amount of after-school care for the per- son as determined by the board.
	Education Code 25.001(b)(9)
Residence Homestead	The person and either parent of the person reside in a residence homestead, as defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), that is located on a parcel of property any part of which is located in the district. <i>Education Code 25.001(b)(10)</i>
Proof of Eligibility	A district may require evidence that a person is eligible to attend the public schools of the district at the time it considers an applica- tion for admission of the person. A board or its designee shall es- tablish minimum proof of residency acceptable to a district. A board or its designee may make reasonable inquiries to verify a person's eligibility for admission. When admission is sought under the provi- sion at Students Living Separate and Apart above, a board shall determine whether an applicant qualifies as a resident of a district and may adopt reasonable guidelines for making that determina- tion as necessary to protect the best interest of students. <i>Educa- tion Code 25.001(c), (d)</i>
"Residence" Defined	"Residence" requires living in the district and having the present in- tention to remain there. <u>Martinez v. Bynum</u> , 461 U.S. 321 (1983)
	A district may withdraw any student who ceases to be a resident. Daniels v. Morris, 746 F.2d 271 (5th Cir. 1984)
Active-Duty Parent	A person whose parent or guardian is an active-duty member of the armed forces of the United States, including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces, may establish residency for purposes of eligibility of admission by providing to the district a copy of a military order requiring the parent's or guardian's transfer to a military installation in or adjacent to the dis- trict 's attendance zone. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-1)</i>

Denton ISD	
061901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LEGAL)
	A person who establishes residency under Education Code 25.001(c-1) shall provide to the district proof of residence in the district's attendance zone not later than the 90th day after the arrival date specified in the military order. For purposes of this provision, "residence" includes residence in a military temporary lodging facility. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-2)</i>
Immigration Status	Denying enrollment based upon immigration status to children who are not legally admitted into the United States violates the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. <u><i>Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982)</i></u>
High School Equivalency Certificate	A student who has received a high school equivalency certificate is entitled to enroll in a public school in the same manner as any other student who has not received a high school diploma. <i>Education Code 29.087(h)</i>
Substitute for Parent or Guardian	A board by policy may allow a person showing evidence of legal responsibility for a child other than an order of a court to substitute for a guardian or other person having lawful control of the child under court order. <i>Education Code 25.001(j)</i>
Authorization Agreement	"Adult caregiver" means an adult person whom a parent has autho- rized to provide temporary care for a child under Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.0015(1)</i>
	A parent, as defined in Family Code 101.024, or both parents of a child may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult care- giver to authorize the adult caregiver to perform acts described in Family Code 34.002 in regard to the child, such as:
	<ol> <li>Authorizing medical, dental, psychological, or surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child, including executing any consents or authorizations for the release of information as required by law relating to the treatment or immunization;</li> </ol>
	2. Enrolling the child in the district; and
	<ol> <li>Authorizing the child to participate in age-appropriate ex- tracurricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities.</li> </ol>
	Family Code 34.002
	A parent may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult caregiver with whom a child is placed under a parental child safety placement agreement approved by the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) to allow the person to perform the acts described above with regard to the child during an investigation of

Denton ISD 061901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LEGAL)
	abuse or neglect or while the department is providing services to the parent. <i>Family Code 34.0021</i>
	The authorization agreement must conform to the requirements of Family Code Chapter 34.
	A child who is the subject of an authorization agreement is not con- sidered to be placed in foster care and the parties to the agree- ment are not subject to any law or rule governing foster care providers. <i>Family Code 34.0022(b)</i>
	An authorization agreement does not affect the rights of the child's parent or legal guardian regarding the care, custody, and control of the child, and does not mean that the adult caregiver has legal custody of the child. <i>Family Code 34.007(b)</i>
	Only one authorization agreement may be in effect for a child at any time. Execution of a subsequent authorization agreement does not by itself supersede, invalidate, or terminate a prior authoriza- tion agreement. An authorization agreement is void if it is executed while a prior authorization agreement remains in effect. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.002(d), .008(f)</i>
	An authorization agreement is for a term of six months and renews automatically for six-month terms unless an earlier expiration date is stated in the agreement, the agreement is terminated under Family Code 34.008, or a court authorizes continuation. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.0075</i>
Immunity	A person who is not a party to the authorization agreement who re- lies in good faith on the authorization agreement, without actual knowledge that the authorization agreement is void, revoked, or in- valid, is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, and is not subject to professional disciplinary action, for that reliance if the agreement is completed as required by Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.007(a)</i>
	<b>Note:</b> The <u>Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative</u> (PDF) <sup>1</sup> is available on the DFPS website.
Temporary Authorization for Care	A person eligible to consent to treatment of a child under Family Code 32.001 or a person eligible to enter an authorization agree- ment [see Authorization Agreement, above] may seek a court order for temporary authorization for care of a child by filing a petition in the district court in the county in which the person resides if:
	<ol> <li>The child has resided with the person for at least the 30 days preceding the date the petition was filed; and</li> </ol>
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	2023 5 of 14

Denton ISD 061901		
ADMISSIONS		FD (LEGAL)
	2.	The person does not have an authorization agreement or other signed, written documentation from a parent, conserva- tor, or guardian that enables the person to provide necessary care for the child.
	Far	nily Code 35.001002
	The	e order may authorize the petitioner to, among other things:
	1.	Consent to medical, dental, psychological, and surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child;
	2.	Enroll the child in the district; and
	3.	Authorize the child to participate in age-appropriate extracur- ricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities.
	chil tod	emporary authorization order does not affect the rights of the d's parent, conservator, or guardian regarding the care, cus- y, and control of the child, and does not establish legal custody he child. <i>Family Code 35.007(b)</i>
Immunity	der	erson who relies in good faith on a temporary authorization or- is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, or to pro- sional disciplinary action. <i>Family Code 35.007(a)</i>
Students in Foster Care	sub whi ent be	hild placed in foster care by an agency of the state or a political odivision shall be permitted to attend schools in the district in ch the foster parents reside free of any charge to the foster par- s or to the agency. A durational residence requirement may not used to prohibit that child from fully participating in any activity onsored by a district. <i>Education Code 25.001(f)</i>
	sch and sch ing higl with ten cor	tudent who was enrolled in a primary or secondary public nool before the student entered the conservatorship of DFPS d who is placed at a residence outside the attendance area for a nool or outside a district is entitled to continue to attend the nool in which the student was enrolled immediately before enter- conservatorship until the student successfully completes the hest grade level offered by the school at the time of placement nout payment of tuition. The student is entitled to continue to at- d the school regardless of whether the student remains in the neervatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enroll- nt in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g)</i>
	prir the	student who is in the conservatorship of DFPS is enrolled in a nary or secondary public school, other than the school in which student was enrolled at the time the student was placed in the nservatorship of DFPS, the student is entitled to continue to at-

## ADMISSIONS

	tend that school without payment of tuition until the student successfully completes the highest grade level offered by the school at the time of enrollment in the school, even if the child's placement is changed to a residence outside the attendance area for that school or outside the district. The student is entitled to continue to attend the school regardless of whether the student remains in the conservatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enrollment in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g-1)</i>		
	A written case plan for any child in foster care under the responsi- bility of the state must include a plan for ensuring the educational stability of the child while in foster care, including:		
	<ol> <li>Assurances that each placement of the child in foster care takes into account the appropriateness of the current educa- tional setting and the proximity to the school in which the chil in enrolled at the time of placement; and</li> </ol>		
	2. An assurance that the appropriate state agency has coordinated with a district to ensure that the child remains in the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of each place ment; or if remaining in that school is not in the best interests of the child, assurances by the state agency and the district to provide immediate and appropriate enrollment in a new school, with all of the educational records of the child provide to the school.	5	
	42 U.S.C. 675(1)(G), 675a [See CNA]		
	[For information regarding the transfer of records and other transi- tion requirements for a student who is in substitute care, see FFC		
Transfers from Other States	A district shall charge tuition for a student who resides in a resident tial facility and whose maintenance or expenses are paid in whole or in part by another state or the United States. Any such tuition charge must be submitted to the commissioner for approval. The attendance of students admitted under this provision shall not be counted for purposes of allocating state funds to a district. <i>Educa- tion Code 25.003</i>		
Students Holding F-1 Student Visas	If a student is required, as a condition of obtaining or holding the appropriate U.S. student visa, to pay tuition to the district that the student attends to cover the cost of the student's education pro- vided by the district, the district shall accept tuition for the student in an amount equal to the full unsubsidized per capita cost of pro- viding the student's education for the period of the student's atten- dance at school in the district.		
	The commissioner shall develop guidelines for determining the amount of the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing a stu-		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 7 of 1	14	

Denton ISD 061901				
ADMISSIONS		FD (LEGAL)		
	greater guidelin	ducation. A district may not accept tuition in an amount than the amount computed under the commissioner's es unless the commissioner approves a greater amount as accurate reflection of the cost of education to be provided istrict.		
		ndance of a student for whom a district accepts tuition is need for purposes of allocating state funds to the district.		
	Educatio	on Code 25.0031		
	Note:	Enrolling students with F-1 visas is optional. If the district is interested in enrolling students with F-1 visas, it must comply with the federal <u>Student and Exchange Visitor</u> <u>Program</u> <sup>2</sup> (SEVP) under the Department of Homeland Security.		
Texas Juvenile Justice Department	Departm school ii Any tuiti district f	I-age child of an employee of the Texas Juvenile Justice nent (TJJD) residing in an adjacent district may attend n a district free of charge to his or her parents or guardian. on required by the admitting district shall be paid by the rom which the student transfers out of any funds appropri- he TJJD facility. <i>Education Code 25.042</i>		
Enrollment	person v the nam	nust be enrolled by the child's parent, guardian, or other with legal control under a court order. A district shall record e, address, and date of birth of the person enrolling the ducation Code 25.002(f)		
Legal Surname	appears able as	A student must be identified by the student's legal surname as it appears on the student's birth certificate or other document suitable as proof of the student's identity, or in a court order changing the student's name. <i>Education Code 25.0021</i>		
Required Documentation	child in a which th	ent or other person with legal control of a child enrolls the a public school, the parent or other person, or the district in the child most recently attended school, shall furnish to the all of the following:		
		e child's birth certificate, or another document suitable as of of the child's identity.		
	rec sch mc chi ing	copy of the child's records from the school the child most sently attended if he or she was previously enrolled in a nool in Texas or in another state, including for a child who est recently attended a Texas public school, a copy of the Id's disciplinary record and any threat assessment involv- the child's behavior conducted under Education Code 115 [see FFB].		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023	8 of 14		

Denton ISD 061901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LEGAL)
	<ol> <li>A record showing that the child has the immunizations re- quired by Education Code 38.001, proof that the child is not required to be immunized, or proof that the child is entitled to provisional admission. [See FFAB]</li> </ol>
	Education Code 25.002(a)
	A district must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the 10th working day after the date the district receives a re- quest for the information.
	A parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the 30th day after the date a child is enrolled in a public school.
	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order requests that a district transfer a child's student records, the district to which the request is made shall notify the parent or other person as soon as practicable that the parent or other person may request and receive an unofficial copy of the records for delivery in person to a school in another district.
	Education Code 25.002(a-1)
Residential Facility	Except for a juvenile pre-adjudication secure detention facility or a juvenile post-adjudication secure correctional facility, a residential facility shall provide to a district that provides educational services to a student placed in the facility any information retained by the facility relating to:
	<ol> <li>The student's school records, including records regarding special education eligibility or services, behavioral interven- tion plans, school-related disciplinary actions, and other docu- ments related to the student's educational needs;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Any other behavioral history information regarding the student that is not confidential under another law; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>The student's record of convictions or the student's probation, community supervision or parole status, as provided to the fa- cility, if necessary to provide education services to the stu- dent.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 29.012(f), (g)
Summer School Enrollment	A district shall permit a person who is eligible under Education Code 25.001 [see General Eligibility, above] to attend school in the district but who is not enrolled in school in the district to enroll in a district summer school course on the same basis as a district stu- dent, including satisfaction of any course eligibility requirement and

Denton ISD 061901		
ADMISSIONS	(LEG	FD GAL)
	payment of any fee authorized under Education Code 11.158 [s FP] that is charged in connection with the course.	ee
	This requirement does not apply to enrollment in a Summer Intersive Mathematics Instruction Program under Education Code 29.088, a Summer Intensive Science Instruction Program under Education Code 29.090, or in a similar intensive program.	
	Education Code 25.008	
Enrollment in Prekindergarten and Kindergarten	A parent or guardian may elect for a student to enroll in prekinder garten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in prekindergarten during the previous school year under Education Code 29.153(b) [see EHBG] and the student has not yet enrolle kindergarten, or enroll in kindergarten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the previous school year and has not yet enrolled in first grade. <i>Education Code 28.0212</i> [See EIE]	on ed in e ar
Food Allergy Information	On enrollment, a district shall request, by providing a form or oth wise, that a parent or other person with legal control of the child under a court order disclose whether the child has a food allergy a severe food allergy that, in the judgment of the parent or other person with legal control, should be disclosed to the district to e able the district to take any necessary precautions regarding the child's safety [see FB and FFAF]; and specify the food to which child is allergic and the nature of the allergic reaction.	y or r n- e
	The district shall maintain the confidentiality of the provided info mation, and may disclose the information to teachers, school co selors, school nurses, and other appropriate school personnel of to the extent consistent with district policy under Education Cod 38.009 and permissible under the Family Educational Rights an Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g. [See FL]	oun- only e
	"Severe food allergy" means a dangerous or life-threatening reation of the human body to a food-borne allergen introduced by in halation, ingestion, or skin contact that requires immediate med attention.	n-
	Education Code 25.0022(a)-(c)	
Child in DFPS Possession	A district shall enroll a child without the required documentation DFPS has taken possession of the child. DFPS shall ensure that the required documentation is furnished to a district not later that the 30th day after the date the child is enrolled. <i>Education Code</i> $25.002(g)$	at an
Inconsistent Documentation	If a child is enrolled under a name other than the name that appears in the identifying documents or records, a district shall not	tify
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 10 o	of 14

Denton ISD 061901		
ADMISSIONS		FD (LEGAL)
	hous	missing children and missing persons information clearing- se of the child's name as shown on the identifying records and name under which the child is enrolled.
Missing Documentation	distr polic cour	e required documents and other records are not furnished to a ict within 30 days after enrollment, the district shall notify the ce department of the city or the sheriff's department of the nty in which the district is located and request a determination hether the child has been reported as missing.
	Edu	cation Code 25.002(b)-(c)
Parent Contact Information		parent of a student enrolled in a district shall provide in writing e district:
	1.	On enrollment of the student in the district and not later than two weeks after the beginning of each school year, the par- ent's address, phone number, and email address; and
	2.	If the parent's contact information changes during the school year, not later than two weeks after the date the information changes, the parent's updated information.
	Edu	cation Code 26.0125
Students Under 11		enrollment of a child under 11 years of age in a school for the time at the school, the school shall:
	1.	Request from the person enrolling the child the name of each previous school attended by the child;
	2.	Request from each school identified in item 1 the school records for the child and, if the person enrolling the child provides copies of previous school records, request verification from the school of the child's name, address, date, and grades and dates attended; and
	3.	Notify the person enrolling the student that not later than the 30th day after enrollment, or the 90th day if the child was not born in the United States, the person must provide:
		a. A certified copy of the child's birth certificate; or
		b. Other reliable proof of the child's identity and age and a signed statement explaining the person's inability to pro- duce a copy of the child's birth certificate.
		person enrolls a child under 11 years of age in school and does provide the valid prior school information or documentation re-

Denton ISD 061901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LEGAL)
	quired, the school shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency before the 31st day after the person fails to comply.
	Code of Criminal Procedure 63.019
False Information	When accepting a child for enrollment, a district shall inform the parent or other person enrolling the child that presenting a false document or false records in connection with enrollment is a criminal offense under Penal Code 37.10 (Tampering with Governmental Records) and that enrolling the child under false documents makes the person liable for tuition or other costs as provided below. <i>Education Code 25.002(d)</i>
	In addition to the penalty under Penal Code 37.10, a person who knowingly falsifies information on a form required for a student's enrollment in a district is liable to the district if the student is not eligible for enrollment but is enrolled on the basis of false information. For the period during which the ineligible student is enrolled, the person is liable for the maximum tuition fee a district may charge [see FDA] or the amount a district has budgeted per student as maintenance and operating expense, whichever is greater. <i>Education Code 25.001(h)</i>
	A district may include on its enrollment form notice of the legal penalties and liability for falsifying information on the form. <i>Educa-tion Code 25.001(i)</i>
Placement of Transfers Credits and Records	A district shall accept all credits earned toward state graduation re- quirements by students in accredited Texas school districts, includ- ing credits earned in accredited summer school programs. Credits earned in local credit courses may be transferred at a district's dis- cretion. Transfer students shall not be prohibited from attending school pending receipt of transcripts or academic records from the district the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1)</i>
	A district shall grant a student credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses the student successfully completes in TJJD educational programs. <i>Education Code 30.104(a)</i>
	Each district shall consider course credit earned by a student while in a juvenile justice alternative education program as credit earned in a district school. <i>Education Code 37.011(d)</i>
Nonpublic Schools	Records and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools or from out of state or out of the country (including foreign ex- change students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed promptly in appropriate classes. A district may use a wide variety of methods to verify the content of courses for which a transfer stu- dent has earned credit. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)</i>
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 12 of 14

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS		FD (LEGAL)	
	-	r information regarding educational placement of students who homeless or in substitute care, see FFC.]	
Foundation School Program		A person is entitled to the benefits of the available school fund for a school year if:	
	1.	On September 1 of the year, the person:	
		<ul> <li>Is at least five years of age and under 21 years of age, and has not graduated from high school;</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Is at least 21 years of age and under 26 years of age and is admitted by a school district to complete the re- quirements for a high school diploma; or</li> </ul>	
		c. Is at least 18 years of age and under 50 years of age and is enrolled in an adult education program provided under the adult high school charter school program un- der Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter G.	
	2.	The person is enrolled in prekindergarten under Education Code 29.153 [see EHBG].	
	3.	The person is younger than five years of age and performs satisfactorily on the state assessment instrument adminis- tered to third graders and a district has adopted a policy to admit students younger than five years of age.	
	4.	The person is enrolled in the first grade and is at least six years of age at the beginning of the current school year or has been enrolled in the first grade, or has completed kinder- garten, in the public schools of another state before transfer- ring to a Texas public school.	
	Edu	ication Code 25.001(a), 48.003	
Screening	The principal of each district school shall ensure that each student admitted to that school has complied with requirements for screening of special senses and communication disorders, spinal screening, and a risk assessment for Type 2 diabetes, or has submitted an affidavit of exemption. <i>Health and Safety Code 36.005, 37.002, 95.003(c)</i> [See FFAA]		
Pest Control Information	Chief administrators or the integrated pest management (IPM) co- ordinators of schools must notify the parents or guardians of chil- dren attending the facility in writing that pesticides are periodically applied indoors and outdoors, and that information on the times and types of applications and prior notification is available upon re- quest. Such notification must be made at the time of the students' registration. Telephonic, written, or electronic notification of		

ADMISSIONS

FD (LEGAL)

planned applications will meet the notification requirements. 4 TAC 7.148(c); Occupations Code 1951.455(b) [See CLB]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative (PDF): <u>https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Application/Forms/showFile.aspx?NAME=26</u> 38.pdf <sup>2</sup> Student and Exchange Visitor Program: <u>https://www.ice.gov/sevis</u>

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS FDA INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS (LEGAL)			
Agreement Between Districts	The boards of two or more adjoining school districts or the boards of county school trustees of two or more adjoining counties may, by agreement and in accordance with Education Code 25.032034, arrange for the transfer and assignment of any student from the jurisdiction of one board to that of another. In the case of the transfer and assignment of a student under this provision, the participating governing boards shall also agree to the transfer of school funds or other payments proportionate to the transfer of attendance. <i>Education Code 25.035</i>		
Initiated by Student or Parent	Any student, other than a high school graduate, who is under 21 years of age and eligible for enrollment on September 1, may transfer to another Texas district, provided that both the receiving district and the applicant's parent, guardian, or person having law-ful control agree in writing to the transfer.		
Discipline and Threat Assessment Records	In the case of a transfer under this provision, a child's district of residence shall provide the receiving district with the child's disciplinary record and any threat assessment involving the child's behavior conducted under Education Code 37.115 [see FFB].		
	<i>Education Code 25.036</i> [See FD for placement of transfer stu- dents.]		
Transfer to a District Offering In-Person Instruction	If a district provides notice to the parent or person standing in parental relation to a student enrolled in the district of the district's intent to offer only virtual instruction for more than one grading pe- riod during a school year, the student may transfer for that school year to another district that offers in-person instruction during that school year and accepts the student's transfer.		
	"Virtual instruction" means instructional activities delivered to stu- dents primarily over the internet.		
	A student who transfers to another school district under this section may not be charged tuition. The student is included in the average daily attendance of the district in which the student attends school.		
	Education Code 25.045		
Basis for Transfer	A board or its designee must make transfer decisions on an indi- vidual basis and may not consider as a factor in arriving at any de- cision regarding assignments any matter relating to the national origin of the student or the student's ancestral language. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 25.032</i> [See FDAA]		
Transportation	A board may establish and operate an economical public school transportation system outside the district if students enrolled in the district reside outside the district and the district meets the require-		

Denton ISD 061901		
ADMISSIONS FE INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS (LEGA		
	ments of Education Code 34.007(a)(3) [see CNA]. <i>Education Code</i> 34.007(a)	
Funding for Transfers	Upon the filing and certification of any transfer, the state per capita apportionment shall transfer with the student. For purposes of computing state allotments to districts eligible under the Foundation School Program, the student's attendance prior to the date of transfer shall be counted by the sending district and the student's attendance after transfer shall be counted by the receiving district. <i>Education Code 25.037</i>	
Credits and Records	Credits earned in local credit courses may be transferred at the en- rolling district's discretion. Transfer students shall not be prohibited from attending school pending receipt of transcripts or academic records from the district the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC</i> 74.26(a)(1)	
Nonpublic Schools	Records and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools or from out of state or out of the country (including foreign ex- change students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed promptly in appropriate classes. A district may use a wide variety of methods to verify the content of courses for which a transfer stu- dent has earned credit. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)</i>	
Tuition Fee for Transfer Students	A receiving district may charge a tuition fee to the extent that the district's actual expenditure per student in average daily atten- dance exceeds the sum of state available school fund apportion- ment benefits transferred under Education Code 25.037. However, unless a tuition fee is prescribed and set out in a transfer agree- ment prior to its execution by the parties, no increase in tuition charge shall be made for the year of that transfer that exceeds the tuition charge, if any, of the preceding school year. <i>Education Code</i> <i>25.038</i>	
Transfer by Servicemember Request	On request of a servicemember who is a parent of or person stand- ing in parental relation to a student, the board or the board's de- signee shall transfer the student to another district campus or to another school district under an agreement under Education Code 25.035 [see Agreement Between Districts, above].	
	"Servicemember" means an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States, a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States, or the Texas National Guard.	
	A transfer under this provision must be to the campus or district, as applicable, selected by the servicemember making the request.	

Denton ISD 061901	
ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANS	FDA (LEGAL)
	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus or district under this provision.
	Education Code 25.0344
Transfer by Peace Officer Request	On request of a peace officer who is a parent of or person standing in parental relation to a student, the board or the board's designee shall transfer the student to another district campus or to another district under an agreement under Education Code 25.035.
	"Peace officer" has the meaning assigned by Occupations Code 1701.001.
	A transfer under this provision must be to the campus or school district, as applicable, selected by the peace officer making the request.
	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus or district under this provision.
	Education Code 25.0344
Transfers to Adjoining States	<i>Note:</i> The following provision applies to a district located on the border of an adjoining state.
	Any student who would be entitled to attend the public school of any district situated on the border of Louisiana, Arkansas, Okla- homa, or New Mexico and who may find it more convenient to at- tend the public school in a district in one of those contiguous states, may have the state and county per capita apportionment of the available school funds paid to the school district of the contigu- ous state and may have additional tuition, if necessary, paid by the district of residence on such terms as may be agreed upon by the trustees of the receiving district and the trustees of the residence district. <i>Education Code 25.040</i>
Contracts for Education Outside Districts	<i>Note:</i> The following section applies only to districts that do not offer all grades, kindergarten-grade 12.
	A district that does not offer each grade, kindergarten-grade 12, may provide by contract for students residing in the district who are at grade levels not offered by the district to be educated at those grade levels in one or more other districts. In each contract, the districts also shall agree to the transfer of school funds or other payments proportionate to the transfer of attendance.
Tuition	The district in which the students reside shall pay tuition to any dis- trict with which it has a contract under this section for each of its
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23 3 of 5

# ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

	students attending school in that district at a grade level for which the district has contracted. The amount of the tuition paid may not exceed the greater of the amount provided for by Education Code 25.038 [see above], or an amount specified by commissioner rule [see below].
	A district is not required to pay tuition to any district with which it has not contracted for the attendance by any of its students at a grade level for which it has contracted under this provision with an- other district.
	A contract under this provision may not be for a period exceeding five years.
	Education Code 25.039
Definitions	"Home district" means a district of residence of a transferring stu- dent.
	"Receiving district" means a district to which a student is transfer- ring for the purpose of obtaining an education.
	"Tuition" means an amount charged to the home district by the re- ceiving district to educate the transfer student.
Tuition Allotment of the Home District	For the purposes of calculating the tuition allotment of the home district as authorized by Education Code 48.154, the amount of tu- ition that may be attributed to a home district for a transfer student in payment for that student's education may not exceed an amount per enrollee calculated for each receiving district. The calculated limit applies only to tuition paid to a receiving district for the educa- tion of a student at a grade level not offered in the home district. Tuition may be set at a rate higher than the calculated limit if both districts enter a written agreement, but the calculated tuition limit will be used in the calculation of the tuition allotment for the home district. The calculation will use the most currently available data in an ongoing school year. For purposes of this provision, the num- ber of students enrolled in a district will be appropriately adjusted to account for students ineligible for the Foundation School Pro- gram funding and those eligible for half-day attendance.
Calculated Tuition Limit	The calculated tuition limit is the sum of the excess maintenance and operations (M&O) revenue per enrollee and the excess debt revenue per enrollee, as calculated in 19 Administrative Code 61.1012(b)(2)-(3).
Notification and Appeal Process	In the spring of each school year, the commissioner will provide each district with its calculated tuition limit and a worksheet with a description of the derivation process. A district may appeal to the
TE ISSUED: 11/21/20	

### ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

commissioner if it can provide evidence that the use of projected student counts from the LPE in making the calculation is so inaccurate as to result in an inappropriately low authorized tuition charge and undue financial hardship. A district that used significant nontax sources to make any of its debt service payments during the base year for the computation may appeal to the commissioner to use projections of its tax collections for the year for which the tuition limit will apply. The commissioner's decision regarding an appeal is final.

19 TAC 61.1012

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANS	SFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS	FDB (LEGAL)	
Assignments	A board or its designee may assign and transfer any student from one school facility or classroom to another facility or classroom within its jurisdiction. <i>Education Code</i> 25.031		
	A board or its designee must make the decision concerning signment or transfer of a student on an individual basis and not consider as a factor in its decision any matter relating to tional origin of the student or the student's ancestral langua ucation Code 25.032	l may the na-	
Multiple Birth Siblings	"Multiple birth sibling" means a twin, triplet, quadruplet, or c sibling resulting from a multiple birth.	other	
	"Parent" includes a person standing in parental relation.		
Placement	The parent of multiple birth siblings who are assigned to the grade level and school may request in writing, not later than 14th day after the first day of enrollment, that the school plasiblings in the same classroom or in separate classrooms.	n the	
	<ul> <li>A school shall provide the placement requested, except that a district is not required to place multiple birth siblings in separate classrooms if the request would require the district to add an additional class to the grade level of the siblings.</li> <li>The school may recommend to a parent the appropriate classroom placement and may provide professional educational advice to assist the parent with the decision.</li> <li>These provisions do not affect:</li> </ul>		
	<ol> <li>A right or obligation regarding the individual placemen sions of the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) c tee with respect to students receiving special education vices [see EHBAB]; or</li> </ol>	ommit-	
	2. The right of a district or teacher to remove a student fr classroom under Chapter 37 [see FOA].	om a	
Reassignment by Principal	At the end of the first grading period following the multiple to lings' enrollment in the school, if the principal of the school, sultation with the teacher of each classroom in which the si are placed, determines that the requested classroom place disruptive to the school, the principal may determine the ap ate classroom placement for the siblings.	in con- blings ment is	
Appeal	A parent may appeal the principal's classroom placement in manner provided by district policy. During an appeal, the si shall remain in the classroom chosen by the parent. [See F	blings	
	Education Code 25.043		

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRAN	SFEF	RS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS	FDB (LEGAL)
Placement of Older Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older who is admitted by a dis- trict to complete the requirements for a high school diploma and who has not attended school in the three preceding school years may not be placed with a student who is 18 years of age or younger in a classroom setting, a cafeteria, or another district- sanctioned school activity. This restriction does not prevent the stu- dent from attending a school-sponsored event that is open to the public as a member of the public. <i>Education Code 25.001(b-2)</i>		
Petitions and Objections		e parent or person standing in parental relation to any s / by written petition either:	student
	1.	Request the assignment or transfer of the student to nated school or to a school to be designated by the	
	2.	File objections to the assignment of the student to th to which the student has been assigned.	e school
	Edι	ıcation Code 25.033, 26.003(a)(1)	
Procedure	Upo	on receiving a written petition, a board shall proceed as	s follows:
	1.	If no hearing is requested, act on the petition not late the 30th day after the petition is submitted and notify tioner of its conclusion; or	
	2.	If a hearing is requested, designate a time and place ing a hearing not later than the 30th day after the pe submitted.	
		hearing is requested, it shall be conducted by a board nce with the following:	in com-
	1.	The petitioner may present evidence relevant to the	student.
	2.	The board may conduct investigations as to the object request, examine any student involved, and employ professional or otherwise, for the purpose of examin and investigations.	agents,
Board's Decision	boa req unle den ing	e board must grant the request made in the petition un rd determines that there is a reasonable basis for den uest. The decision of a board, with or without a hearing ess the student, or the parent, guardian, or custodian of t as next friend, files an exception to the decision as c a denial of any right of the student guaranteed under t institution.	ying the g, is final, of the stu- constitut-
	a bo	uch an exception is filed, a board may reconsider its do bard has not ruled on the exception before the 16th da date of the filing, the objection is considered overruled	ay after

### ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

	exception is overruled, an appeal of a board's decision may be filed in the district court of the county in which the board is located.			
	Education Code 25.034			
Students With a Peace Officer or Servicemember Parent	For information regarding intradistrict transfers upon request of a parent or person standing in parental relation who is a peace officer or servicemember, see FDA.			
Students Who Are Victims of Bullying	On the request of a parent or other person with authority to act on behalf of a student who is a victim of bullying, a board or its designee shall transfer the victim to:			
	1.	Another classroom at the campus to which the victim was as- signed at the time the bullying occurred; or		
	2.	A campus in the district other than the campus to which the victim was assigned at the time the bullying occurred.		
Students Who	The	board may transfer the student who engaged in bullying to:		
Engage in Bullying	1.	Another classroom at the campus to which the victim was as- signed at the time the bullying occurred; or		
	2.	A campus in the district other than the campus to which the victim was assigned at the time the bullying occurred, in consultation with a parent or other person with authority to act on behalf of the student who engaged in bullying.		
	арр	cation Code 37.004 (Placement of Students with Disabilities) lies to a transfer under this provision of a student with a disabil- who receives special education services.		
Definition	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]			
Verification	bull	bard or designee shall verify that a student has been a victim of ying before transferring the student. A board may consider past lent behavior when identifying a bully.		
	The determination by a board or designee is final and may not be appealed. The procedures set forth at Education Code 25.034 [see Petitions and Objections—Procedure, above] do not apply to a transfer under this provision.			
	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus under this provision.			

Education Code 25.0342

	Note:	For bullying rising to the level of prohibited harassment, see FFH. For all other bullying, see FFI. For transfers re- lated to sexual assault or school safety, see FDE.		
Others in Special Education Student's Household	campus dence, f district s standing the assi	ict assigns a student to a district campus other than the the student would attend based on the student's resi- for purposes of receiving special education services, the shall permit the student's parent, guardian, or other person g in parental relation to the student to obtain a transfer to gned campus for any other student residing in the house- the student receiving special education services, provided		
		e other student is entitled to attend school in the district e FD]; and		
		e appropriate grade level for the other student is offered at e campus.		
		ovision does not apply if the student receiving special edu- ervices resides in a residential facility.		
		on Code 25.034 [see Petitions and Objections—Procedure, does not apply to a transfer under this provision.		
Transportation	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus under this provision. This provision does not affect any transportation services provided by a district in accordance with other law for the student receiving special education services.			
	Educati	on Code 25.0343		
Students in Unacceptable Schools	which th public s made p	nt is eligible to attend another public school in the district in the student resides if the student is assigned to attend a chool campus assigned an unacceptable rating that is ublicly available under Education Code 39.054. <i>Education</i> <i>9.202(a)</i> [See FDAA]		
Students in Schools Identified for Support and Improvement	the Tex improve transfer	It may provide all students enrolled in a school identified by as Education Agency (TEA) for comprehensive support and ment under 20 U.S.C. $6311(c)(4)(D)(i)$ with the option to to another public school served by the district, unless such in is prohibited by state law.		
	low-inco	t shall give priority to the lowest achieving children from ome families. A student who uses the option to transfer enrolled in classes and other activities in the public school		

#### ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

to which the student transfers in the same manner as all other students at the public school.

A district shall permit a student who transfers to another school to remain in that school until the child has completed the highest grade in that school. A district may spend an amount equal to not more than five percent of its allocation under 20 U.S.C. Chapter 70, Part A, Subpart 2 (Title I basic program allocations) to pay for the provision of transportation for students who transfer under these provisions to the schools to which they transfer.

20 U.S.C. 6311(d)(1)(D)

**Note:** See FDE for the school safety transfer option in Title I programs.

**Class Changes** A parent or person standing in parental relation is entitled to reasonable access to the school principal, or to a designated administrator with authority to reassign a student, to request a change in the class or teacher to which the parent's child has been assigned, if the reassignment or change would not affect the assignment or reassignment of another student. The decision of a board regarding such a request is final and may not be appealed. *Education Code 26.002, .003(a)(2), (b)* [See FNG]

Denton ISD 061901				
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN	DANCE	FEA (LEGAL)		
Compulsory Attendance	viously 19th b is offe prekin	nts who are at least six years of age, or who have been pre- y enrolled in first grade, and who have not yet reached their birthday shall attend school for the entire period the program red, unless exempted as indicated below. On enrollment in dergarten or kindergarten, a student shall attend school. <i>Ed-</i> <i>in Code 25.085(a)-(c)</i>		
Voluntary Enrollment of Students 19 and Over	schoo schoo fered.	son who voluntarily enrolls in school or voluntarily attends I after the person's 19th birthday shall attend school each I day for the entire period the program of instruction is of- A board may adopt a policy requiring the student who is un- years of age to attend school until the end of the school		
	rolls, a the pe schoo	After the third unexcused absence of a person who voluntarily en- rolls, a district shall issue a warning letter to the person that states the person's enrollment may be revoked for the remainder of the school year if the person has more than five unexcused absences in a semester.		
	rollme in a se ment o	rict may revoke for the remainder of the school year the en- ent of a person who has more than five unexcused absences emester, except a school district may not revoke the enroll- of a person under this provision on a day on which the per- physically present at school.		
	A person whose enrollment is revoked for exceeding this limit may be considered an unauthorized person on school grounds for the purposes of Education Code 37.107 regarding trespassing.			
	As an alternative to revoking a person's enrollment, a school dis- trict may impose a behavior improvement plan described by Edu- cation Code 25.0915(a-1)(1).			
	Educa	ation Code 25.085(e)-(h)		
Accelerated /	Unless specifically exempted, a student must also attend:			
Compensatory Programs	ti te	An extended-year program for which the student is eligible hat is provided by a district for students identified as likely not o be promoted to the next grade level or tutorial classes re- quired by the district under Education Code 29.084 [see EHBC];		
	c	An accelerated reading instruction program to which the stu- lent has been assigned under Education Code 28.006(g) see EKC];		
		An accelerated instruction program to which the student is as- signed under Education Code 28.0211 [see EIE];		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	1 of 9		

UPDATE 122 FEA(LEGAL)-P

	4.		asic skills program to which the student is assigned under cation Code 29.086 [see EHBC]; or	
	5.	A summer program provided:		
		a.	To a student placed in in-school suspension or other al- ternative setting, other than a disciplinary alternative ed- ucation program (DAEP), who has been offered the op- portunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course in which the student was en- rolled at the time of removal. <i>Education Code 37.021</i> [See FO]	
		b.	To a student removed to a DAEP who has been offered an opportunity to complete coursework before the begin- ning of the next school year. <i>Education Code 37.008(I)</i> [See FOCA]	
	Edu	catio	n Code 25.085(d)	
Additional Instructional Days	stud add [See	Notwithstanding any other provision in Education Code 25.085, a student enrolled in a district is not required to attend school for any additional instructional days described by Education Code 48.0051 [See Incentive for Additional Instructional Days at FEB(LEGAL)]. <i>Education Code 25.085(i)</i>		
Exemptions			t is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements un- blowing statutory provisions.	
Equivalency Diploma	the	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 17 years of age and has been issued a high school equivalency certificate or diploma.		
Private or Home School	the	stude	t is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if ent attends a private or parochial school that includes in its study of good citizenship.	
	tenc ing that tape desi mar	lance of boo appe e mon igned , mat	t in a home school shall be exempt from compulsory at- if he or she is pursuing in good faith a curriculum consist- bks, workbooks, other written materials (including those ear on an electronic screen of either a computer or video itor), or any combination of these. The curriculum shall be to meet basic education goals of reading, spelling, gram- hematics, and a study of good citizenship. <u>Tex. Educ.</u> <u>v. Leeper</u> , 893 S.W.2d 432 (Tex. 1994)	
Special Education — Nondistrict Placement	the prog	stude gram	t is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if ent is eligible to participate in a district's special education under Education Code 29.003 and cannot be appropri- ved by the resident district.	

Denton ISD 061901			
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN	DANCE FEA (LEGAL)		
Medical Condition	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student has a temporary and remediable physical or mental condition that makes attendance infeasible and the student has a certificate from a qualified physician specifying the temporary con- dition, indicating the prescribed treatment, and covering the antici- pated period of absence for the purpose of receiving and recuper- ating from remedial treatment.		
Expulsion — No JJAEP	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is expelled in accordance with legal requirements in a district that does not participate in a mandatory juvenile justice al- ternative education program. [See FOD]		
17-Year-Old in GED Course	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 17 years old, is attending a course of instruc- tion to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, and:		
	<ol> <li>Has the permission of the student's parent or guardian to at- tend the course;</li> </ol>		
	2. Is required by court order to attend the course;		
	<ol> <li>Has established a residence separate and apart from the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student; or</li> </ol>		
	4. Is homeless.		
High School Replacement Programs	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is enrolled in the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities, Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science, or Texas Academy of International Studies.		
16-Year-Old in GED Program or Job Corps	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 16 years old and is attending a course of in- struction to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, if:		
	<ol> <li>The student is recommended to take the course by a public agency that has supervision or custody of the student under a court order; or</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The student is enrolled in a Job Corps training program under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, 29 U.S.C. 2801. [Note: The Workforce Investment Act of 1998 has been repealed.]</li> </ol>		
Other Exemption	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is specifically exempted under another law.		
	Education Code 25.086		

Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determinations	Note:		Additional information regarding attendance accounting requirements is found in the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) <u>Student Attendance and Accounting Handbook</u> . <sup>1</sup>	
	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the fol- lowing purposes, including travel for those purposes.			
	1.	Obs	erving religious holy days;	
	2.	Atte	nding a required court appearance;	
	3.	quir	earing at a governmental office to complete paperwork re- ed in connection with the student's application for United es citizenship.	
	4.	Tak	ing part in a United States naturalization oath ceremony;	
	5.	Serv or	ving as an election clerk [see Early Voting Clerks, below];	
	6.	Fam	student is in the conservatorship of the Department of hily and Protective Services (DFPS), participating, as de- hined and documented by DFPS, in an activity:	
		a.	Ordered by a court under Family Code Chapter 262 or 263, provided that it is not practicable to schedule the participation outside of school hours, or	
		b.	Required under a service plan under Family Code Chap- ter 263, Subchapter B.	
	Educ	catio	n Code 25.087(b)(1)	
Religious Holy Days	serve from note tion	e a ro a cle from verify	bases of excusing a student from attending school to ob- eligious holy day, a district may not require documentation ergy member or other religious leader and shall accept a in the student's parent or person standing in parental rela- ving the purpose of the student's absence. <i>Education</i> 087(f)	
Health-Care Appointments	rary a fessi meno appo senc day o recei	abse onal ces o ointm e of of the ive a	shall excuse a student from attending school for a tempo- ence resulting from an appointment with a health-care pro- for the student or the student's child if the student com- classes or returns to school on the same day of the ent. "Temporary absence" includes the temporary ab- a student diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder on the e student's appointment with a health-care practitioner to generally recognized service for persons with autism disorder, including applied behavioral analysis, speech	

Denton ISD 061901		
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTENI	DANCE FEA	
	therapy, and occupational therapy. <i>Education Code 25.087(b)(2)-(b-3)</i>	
Serious or Life- Threatening Illness	A district shall excuse an absence resulting from a serious or life- threatening illness or related treatment that makes the student's at tendance infeasible, if the student or the student's parent or guardian provides a certification from a physician licensed to prac- tice medicine in Texas specifying the student's illness and the an- ticipated period of the student's absence relating to the illness or related treatment. <i>Education Code 25.087(b)(3)</i>	
Higher Education Visits	A district may excuse a student from attending school to visit an in- stitution of higher education accredited by a generally recognized accrediting organization during the student's junior and senior years of high school for the purpose of determining the student's interest in attending the institution of higher education, provided that:	-
	<ol> <li>The district may not excuse for this purpose more than two days during the student's junior year and two days during the student's senior year; and</li> </ol>	
	2. The district adopts:	
	a. A policy to determine when an absence will be excused for this purpose; and	
	b. A procedure to verify the student's visit at the institution of higher education.	
	Education Code 25.087(b-2)	
Early Voting Clerks	A district may adopt a policy excusing a student from attending school for service as a student early voting clerk in an election. A district may excuse a student for serving as an election clerk [see Election Clerks, above] or early voting clerk for a maximum of two days in a school year. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-1), (e)</i>	
Military Dependents	A district shall excuse a student whose parent, stepparent, or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from continuous deployment of at least four months outside the locality where the parent, stepparent, or guardian regularly resides, to visit with the student's parent, stepparent, or guardian. A district may not excuse a student under this provision more than five days in a school year. An excused absence under this provision must be taken not earlier than the 60th day before the date of deployment or not later than the 30th day after the date of return from deployment. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-4)</i> [See FDD]	•

Denton ISD 061901			
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN	ATTENDANCE FEA COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEGAL		
Enlistment in Armed Services	A district shall excuse a student who is 17 years of age or from attending school to pursue enlistment in a branch of t armed services of the United States or the Texas National provided that:	he	
	<ol> <li>The district may not excuse for this purpose more tha days of school during the period the student is enrolle school; and</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The district verifies the student's activities related to p enlistment in a branch of the armed services or the Te tional Guard.</li> </ol>		
	A district shall adopt procedures to verify a student's activit described in these provisions.	ties as	
	Education Code 25.087(b-5), (b-6)		
Visit to a Driver's License Office	A district may excuse a student who is 15 years of age or of from attending school to visit a driver's license office to obte driver's license or learner license, provided that the district excuse more than one day of school during the period the is enrolled in high school for each of the following purposes taining a driver's license; or obtaining a learner license. The must verify the student's visit to the driver's license office in dance with procedures adopted by the district. <i>Education 2</i> 7)	ain a may not student s: ob- e district n accor-	
Career Investigation	A district may excuse a student from attending school for a career investigation day to visit a professional at the professional's work- place during the student's junior and senior years of high school for the purpose of determining the student's interest in pursuing a ca- reer in the professional's field, provided that the district may not ex- cuse for this purpose more than two days during the student's ju- nior year and two days during the student's senior year. The district must adopt a policy to determine when an absence may be ex- cused for this purpose and a procedure to verify the student's visit at the professional's workplace. <i>Education 25.087(b-8)</i>		
Taps at Military Funeral	In addition, a district may excuse a student in grades 6 through the purpose of sounding "Taps" at a military honors funding this state for a deceased veteran. <i>Education Code</i> 25.08	eral held	
No Penalty	A student whose absence is excused for a reason describe ning at Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance De tions, above, may not be penalized for that absence and sl counted as if the student attended school for purposes of c ing the average daily attendance of students in the district.	termina- hall be calculat-	

Denton ISD 061901		
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN	DANCI	E FEA (LEGAL)
Make-Up Work	work torily	student shall be allowed a reasonable time to make up school- missed on the days described above. If the student satisfac- completes the work, the days of absence shall be counted as of compulsory attendance.
	Educ	cation Code 25.087(d)
Other Excused Absences	abse pal, c	rson required to attend school may be excused for temporary ence resulting from any cause acceptable to the teacher, princi- or superintendent of the school in which the person is enrolled. <i>cation Code 25.087(a)</i>
Notices to Parents Warning Notice	of the or mo same unde	strict shall notify a student's parent in writing at the beginning e school year that, if the student is absent from school on 10 ore days or parts of days within a six-month period in the e school year, the student's parent is subject to prosecution er Education Code 25.093, and the student is subject to referral truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a).
Notice of Absences	sent	strict shall notify a student's parent if the student has been ab- from school, without excuse under Education Code 25.087, on a days or parts of days within a four-week period. The notice
	1.	Inform the parent that:
		<ul> <li>It is the parent's duty to monitor the student's school at- tendance and require the student to attend school;</li> </ul>
		b. The student is subject to truancy prevention measures under Education Code 25.0915; and
		Request a conference between school officials and the parent to discuss the absences.
	is not	fact that a parent did not receive the notices described above t a defense for the parent's failure to require a child to attend ol nor for the student's failure to attend school.
	Educ	cation Code 25.095
Non-Attendance Parent Liability	A par fense	rent or person standing in parental relation commits an of- e if:
	1.	A warning notice is issued;
		The parent with criminal negligence fails to require the child to attend school as required by law; and
		The child has absences for the amount of time specified un- der Family Code 65.003(a).

	The attendance officer [see FED] or other appropriate school offi- cial shall file a complaint against the parent in an appropriate court, as permitted under Education Code 25.093.			
Affirmative Defense — Parent	It is an affirmative defense to prosecution that one or more of the absences required to be proven was excused by a school official or should be excused by the court. A decision by the court to excuse an absence for this purpose does not affect the ability of a district to determine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.			
	Education Code 25.093			
Student Liability	A child engages in truant conduct if the child is required to attend school under the compulsory attendance laws, and fails to attend school on 10 or more days or parts of days within a six-month pe- riod in the same school year. Truant conduct may be prosecuted only as a civil case in a truancy court. <i>Family Code 65.003(a)-(b)</i>			
	"Child" means a person who is 12 years of age or older and younger than 19 years of age. <i>Family Code 65.002(1)</i>			
Truancy Courts	The following are designated as truancy courts:			
	1. The constitutional county court in a county with a population of 2.1 million or more;			
	2. Justice courts; and			
	3. Municipal courts.			
	A truancy court has exclusive original jurisdiction over cases in- volving allegations of truant conduct.			
	Family Code 65.004(a)-(b)			
Affirmative Defense —	It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of truant conduct that one or more of the absences required to be proven:			
Student	1. Have been excused by a school official or by the court;			
	2. Were involuntary; or			
	3. Were due to the child's voluntary absence from the child's home because of abuse, as defined by Family Code 261.001.			
	The affirmative defense is not available if, after deducting the ab- sences described above, there remains a sufficient number of ab- sences to constitute truant conduct.			
	In asserting an affirmative defense, the burden is on the child to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the absence has been or should be excused, was involuntary, or was due to the			

	child's voluntary absence from the child's home because of abuse, as defined by Family Code 261.001.
	A decision by the court to excuse an absence does not affect the ability of the district to determine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.
	Family Code 65.003(c)-(f)
Truancy Prevention Measures	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on three or more days or parts of days within a four-week period but does not fail to attend school for the time described below, the district shall initiate truancy prevention measures on the student. [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0915(a-4)</i>
District Complaint or Referral	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on 10 or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, a district shall within 10 school days of the student's 10th absence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a). [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0951(a)</i>
	<sup>1</sup> TEA Student Attendance Accounting Handbook: <u>https://tea.texas.gov/fi-nance-and-grants/financial-compliance/student-attendance-accounting-handbook</u>

Denton ISD 061901				
			FEA OCAL)	
	por	dents in violation of the compulsory attendance law shall red to the District attendance officer, who may institute co as provided by law.		
Excused Absences	exc quir	ddition to excused absences required by law, the District use absences for the following purposes. A student shall ed to submit verification of these absences in accordance ninistrative regulations.	be re-	
Higher Education Visits	stud	District shall excuse a student for up to two days during dent's junior year and up to two days during the student's r to visit an accredited institution of higher education.		
Career Investigation	stuo yea the	The District shall excuse a student for up to two days during the student's junior year and up to two days during the student's senior year to visit a professional's workplace for purposes of exploring the student's interest in pursuing a career in that professional's field.		
Armed Services Enlistment	to fo rela	The District shall excuse a student 17 years of age or older for up to four days during his or her enrollment in high school for activities related to pursuing enlistment in a branch of the U.S. Armed Services or Texas National Guard.		
Early Voting or Election Clerk		The District shall excuse a student for up to two days per school year to serve as an early voting or election clerk.		
Learner or Driver's License	The District shall excuse a student 15 years of age or older for one day during his or her enrollment in high school for each of the fol- lowing:			
	•	Visiting a driver's license office to obtain a learner licent	se; or	
	•	Visiting a driver's license office to obtain a driver's licen	se.	
	[Fo	extracurricular activity absences, see FM.]		
Withdrawal for Nonattendance		District may initiate withdrawal of a student under the ag for nonattendance under the following conditions:	e of	
	1.	The student has been absent 10 consecutive school da and	ys;	
	2.	Repeated efforts by the attendance officer and/or princi locate the student have been unsuccessful.	pal to	
	-	District-initiated withdrawal of students 19 or older, see A(LEGAL).]		
Students Attending Homeschools	atte	dents who are homeschooled are exempt from the component of the same extent as students enrolled in ot ate schools.	•	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 FEA(LOCAL)-A	)23	Adopted:	1 of 2	

### ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

Adequate documentation of homeschooling for withdrawal shall consist of either a statement of withdrawal in accordance with FD(LOCAL) indicating the date homeschooling began, or a signed and dated letter from a parent or guardian indicating that his or her child is being homeschooled and the date the homeschooling began.

The District may request from a parent or guardian a letter of assurance that a child is being educated using a curriculum designed to meet basic education goals of reading, spelling, grammar, mathematics, and a study of good citizenship.

Enforcing If a parent or guardian refuses to submit a requested statement or Compulsory letter, or if the District has evidence that a school-aged child is not being homeschooled within legal requirements, the District may investigate further and, if warranted, shall pursue legal action to enforce the compulsory attendance law.

## ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

	Note:	Additional information regarding attendance accounting requirements is found in the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) Student Attendance and Accounting Handbook. <sup>1</sup>
Uniform Accounting System	commis	strict shall use a uniform accounting system adopted by the sioner for the data required to be reported for the Public on Information Management System. <i>Education Code</i> b)
Student Attendance Accounting Handbook	counting maintair	nmissioner will annually establish student attendance ac- g guidelines and procedures to be used by a district to n records and make reports on student attendance and stu- rticipation in special programs.
	records ticipation lication <i>Student</i>	ndard procedures that a district must use to maintain and make reports on student attendance and student par- n in special programs are described in the official TEA pub- <i>Student Attendance Accounting Handbook.</i> A copy of the <i>Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> is available on the TEA with information related to financial compliance.
		m previous school years will continue to be subject to the attendance accounting handbook as the handbook existed years.
	19 TAC	129.1025
Incentive for Additional Instructional Days	district u	nmissioner shall adjust the average daily attendance of a under Education Code 48.005 in the manner provided by on Code 48.0051(b) if the district:
	ins coi	ovides the minimum number of minutes of operational and structional time required under Education Code 25.081 and mmissioner rules adopted under that section over at least 0 days of instruction; and
		fers an additional 30 days of half-day instruction for stu- nts enrolled in prekindergarten through fifth grade.
	Educati	on Code 48.0051(a)
Funding for Off- Campus Programs	gram wi campus group o regular time will group is	g eligibility for a student participating in an off-campus pro- Il include time instructed in the off-campus program. A may choose an alternate attendance-taking time for a f students that is scheduled to be off-campus during the attendance-taking time. The alternate attendance-taking be in effect for the period of days or weeks for which the scheduled to be off-campus during the regular atten- aking time (for example, for the semester or for the duration
		1 6 0

## ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

	of employment). This alternate attendance-taking time may not be changed once it is selected for a particular group of students. If at- tendance is taken at an off-campus location, the district must en- sure that attendance is taken in accordance with the <i>Student Atten-</i> <i>dance Accounting Handbook</i> .
	For a district to receive FSP funding for a student participating in an off-campus program, the district must have documentation of an agreement between the district and the college.
	19 TAC 129.1031(c)-(d) [See EHDD]
	[For information regarding funding for courses taken with the Texas Virtual School Network, see EHDE.]
Disasters	The commissioner may adjust the average daily attendance of a district all or part of which is located in an area declared a disaster area by the governor under Government Code Chapter 418 if the district experiences a decline in average daily attendance that is reasonably attributable to the impact of the disaster.
	The commissioner may make the adjustment under this section for the two-year period following the date of the governor's initial proclamation or executive order declaring the state of disaster.
	Education Code 48.006(a), (c)
	<sup>1</sup> TEA <i>Student Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> : <u>https://tea.texas.gov/fi-</u>

nance-and-grants/financial-compliance/student-attendance-accountinghandbook

Denton ISD 061901				
ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT FEC (LEGAL)				
Absences Considered	In order to receive credit or a final grade for a class, a student is r quired to attend class 90 percent of the days class is offered re- gardless of whether the student's absences are excused [see FE/ or unexcused. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JC-0398 (2001)</i>			
90 Percent Rule	Except as provided below, a student in any grade level from kindergarten through grade 12 shall not be given credit or a final grade for a class unless the student is in attendance 90 percent of the days the class is offered. This restriction does not affect a stu- dent's right to excused absences to observe religious holy days [see FEA] and does not apply to a student who receives credit by examination for a class as provided by Education Code 28.023. [See EHDC]			
Serious or Life- Threatening Illness Exception	A student's excused absence resulting from a serious or life-threat- ening illness or related treatment [see FEA] may not be considered in determining whether the student has satisfied the attendance re- quirement under the 90 percent rule.			
Principal's Plan	A student who is in attendance for at least 75 percent but less than 90 percent of the days a class is offered may be given credit or a fi- nal grade if the student completes a plan approved by the school's principal that provides for the student to meet the instructional re- quirements of the class. However, a student under the jurisdiction of a court in a criminal or juvenile justice proceeding may not re- ceive credit or a final grade without the consent of the judge presid- ing over the student's case.			
Extenuating Circumstances	An attendance committee may give class credit or a final grade to a student because of extenuating circumstances. A board shall es- tablish guidelines for determining what constitutes extenuating cir- cumstances.			
	A board shall adopt policies that establish alternative ways for stu- dents to make up work or regain credit or a final grade lost be- cause of absences. The alternative ways must include at least one option that does not require a student to pay a fee. The availability of such option must be substantially the same as the availability of the educational program for which a district may charge a fee. [See FP]			
Attendance Committee	A board shall appoint one or more attendance committees to hear petitions for class credit or a final grade by students who have not met the 90 percent rule and have not earned class credit or a final grade by completing a principal's plan. Classroom teachers shall comprise a majority of the attendance committee.			
Appeal	If the committee denies a student credit or a final grade, the stu- dent may appeal the decision to the board. A board's decision may			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 2				

#### ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT

FEC (LEGAL)

be appealed to the district court of the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.

Additional Duties A certified employee may not be assigned additional instructional duties as a result of the above provision outside of the regular workday unless the employee is compensated for the duties at a reasonable rate of pay.

Education Code 25.092

Denton ISD 061901					
ATTENDANCE FEI ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT (LEGAL					
District Complaint or Referral Against Student	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on 10 or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, a district shall within 10 school days of the student's 10th absence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a). [See FEA]				
Against Parent	The district may file a complaint against the student's parent in a county, justice, or municipal court for an offense of parent con- tributing to nonattendance under Education Code 25.093 if the dis- trict provides evidence of the parent's criminal negligence.				
	ent alle less	A court shall dismiss a complaint made by a district against a par- ent that does not comply with Education Code 25.0951; does not allege the elements required for the offense; is not timely filed, un- less the district delayed the referral as provided below; or is other- wise substantively defective.			
Delaying a Referral		A district may delay a referral of a student for truant conduct, or may choose to not refer a student for truant conduct, if the district			
	1.	Is applying truancy prevention measures to the stude Education Code 25.0915; and	nt under		
	2.	Determines that the truancy prevention measures are ceeding and it is in the best interest of the student that ral be delayed or not be made.			
	Edu	Education Code 25.0951			
Referral Prohibited	A district may not refer a student to truancy court if the school de- termines that the student's truancy is the result of pregnancy, being in the state foster program, homelessness, severe or life-threaten- ing illness or related treatment, or being the principal income earner for the student's family. [See Truancy Prevention Measures, below] <i>Education Code 25.0915(a-3)</i>				
Filing Requirements	Each referral to truancy court for conduct described by Family Code 65.003(a) must:				
	1.	Be accompanied by a statement from the student's so certifying that the school applied the truancy prevention sures to the student, and the measures failed to mean address the student's school attendance; and	on mea-		
	2.	Specify whether the student is eligible for or receives education services under Education Code Chapter 29 chapter A.	-		
	pros	uancy court shall dismiss a petition filed by a truant cor secutor under Family Code 65.054, if the court determin district's referral:			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/2023 1 of 10					

#### ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT

	1.	Does not comply with the requirement above;				
	2.	Does not satisfy the elements required for truant conduct;				
	3.	Is not timely filed, unless the school district delayed the refer- ral as provided above [see Delaying a Referral, above]; or				
	4.	Is otherwise substantively defective.				
	Education Code 25.0915(b), (c)					
Expunction of Records	An individual who was convicted of a truancy offense under former Education Code 25.094 or has had a complaint for a truancy of- fense dismissed is entitled to have the conviction or complaint and records relating to the conviction or complaint expunged.					
	Regardless of whether the individual has filed a petition for expunc- tion, the court in which the individual was convicted or a complaint for a truancy offense was filed shall order the conviction, com- plaints, verdicts, sentences, and other documents relating to the of- fense, including any documents in the possession of a district or law enforcement agency, to be expunged from the individual's record. After entry of the order, the individual is released from all disabilities resulting from the conviction or complaint, and the con- viction or complaint may not be shown or made known for any pur- pose.					
	Code of Crim. Proc. 45.0541					
Attendance Officer	A board may select a school attendance officer. A school atten- dance officer also may be selected by two or more boards to serve their districts jointly. <i>Education Code 25.088</i>					
	In districts where no attendance officer has been selected, the su- perintendent and the peace officers in a district shall perform the duties of attendance officer, but no additional compensation shall be paid for the services. <i>Education Code 25.090</i> [See Peace Offi- cers, below]					
Powers and Duties	An attendance officer employed by a district who is not commis- sioned as a peace officer has the following powers and duties with respect to enforcement of compulsory school attendance require- ments:					
	1.	To investigate each case of a violation of the compulsory school attendance requirements referred to the attendance of- ficer;				
	2.	To enforce compulsory school attendance requirements by applying truancy prevention measures adopted under Educa-				

## ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT

			Code 25.0915 to the student and if the measures fail to ningfully address the student's conduct:		
		a.	Referring the student to a truancy court if the student has unexcused absences for the amount of time specified under Family Code 65.003(a); and		
		b.	Filing a complaint in a county, justice, or municipal court against a parent who violates Education Code 25.093;		
	3.		nonitor school attendance compliance by each student in- igated by the officer;		
	4.	scho tion sion	naintain an investigative record on each compulsory ool attendance requirement violation and related court ac- and, at the request of a court, the board, or the commis- er, to provide a record to the individual or entity request- he record;		
	5.	dent quire a res	hake a home visit or otherwise contact the parent of a stu- who is in violation of compulsory school attendance re- ements, except that the attendance officer may not enter sidence without permission of the parent or of the owner nant of the residence; and		
	6.	tion	e request of a parent, to escort a student from any loca- to a school campus to ensure the student's compliance compulsory school attendance requirements.		
	Education Code 25.091(b)				
Peace Officers	A peace officer serving as an attendance officer has the following powers and duties concerning enforcement of compulsory school attendance requirements:				
	1.		nvestigate each case of a violation of compulsory school ndance requirements referred to the peace officer;		
	2.	To enforce compulsory school attendance requirement applying truancy prevention measures adopted under I tion Code 25.0915 to the student and if the measures f meaningfully address the student's conduct:			
		a.	Referring the student to a truancy court if the student has unexcused absences for the amount of time specified under Family Code 65.003(a); or		
		b.	Filing a complaint in a county, justice, or municipal court against a parent who violates Education Code 25.093;		
	3.	To s	erve court-ordered legal process;		

	4.			school attendance records for compliance by each vestigated by the officer;		
	5.	schoo tion ar sioner	l attend, a	in an investigative record on each compulsory endance requirement violation and related court ac- at the request of a court, the board, or the Commis- provide a record to the individual or entity request- cord; and		
	6.	dent w quiren dence require	vho i nent with ed to exc	a home visit or otherwise contact the parent of a stu- is in violation of compulsory school attendance re- s, except that a peace officer may not enter a resi- nout the permission of the parent of a student o attend school or of the tenant or owner of the resi- cept to lawfully serve court-ordered legal process on		
	A peace officer who has probable cause to believe that a child is in violation of the compulsory attendance law may take the child into custody for the purpose of returning the child to the school campus of the child to ensure the child's compliance with compulsory attendance requirements.					
	Education Code 25.091(a), (b-1)					
Truancy Prevention Measures	dres fore 65.0 duct	s stude the stu 03 and	ent c Ident I min bed	adopt truancy prevention measures designed to ad- onduct related to truancy in the school setting be- t engages in conduct described by Family Code imize the need for referrals to truancy court for con- by Family Code 65.003(a). <i>Education Code</i>		
	A district shall take one or more of the following actions as a tru- ancy prevention measure:					
	1.	Impos	e:			
		b h c	be signas r	havior improvement plan on the student that must gned by an employee of the school, that the district nade a good faith effort to have signed by the stu- and the student's parent or guardian, and that in- es:		
		(		A specific description of the behavior that is re- quired or prohibited for the student;		
		(		The period for which the plan will be effective, not to exceed 45 school days after the date the con-tract becomes effective; or		

FED (LEGAL)

		(3)	The penalties for additional absences, including ad- ditional disciplinary action or the referral of the stu- dent to a truancy court; or				
		b. Sch	ool-based community service; or				
	2.	court prog or out-of- truancy.	student to counseling, mediation, mentoring, a teen gram, community-based services, or other in-school school services aimed at addressing the student's A referral may include participation by the child's par- ardian if necessary.				
	may	A school district shall offer additional counseling to a student and may not refer the student to truancy court if the school determines that the student's truancy is the result of:					
	1.	Pregnand	cy;				
	2.	Being in t	the state foster program;				
	3.	Homeles	sness;				
	4.	Severe or life-threatening illness or related treatment; or					
	5.	Being the principal income earner for the student's family.					
	day atte 25.0	s or parts on nd school t	Is to attend school without excuse on three or more of days within a four-week period but does not fail to for the time described by Education Code e district shall initiate truancy prevention measures				
	Education Code 25.0915						
Minimum Standards	The minimum standards for the truancy prevention measures im- plemented by a district under Education Code 25.0915 include:						
	1.		g the root cause of the student's unexcused ab- nd actions to address each cause;				
	2.		ng ongoing communication with students and par- ne actions to be taken to improve attendance;				
	3.		ing reasonable timelines for completion of the tru- vention measure; and				
	4.	dismissal dance iss that the c	ing procedures to notify the admission, review, and committee or the Section 504 committee of atten- sues relating to a student with a disability and ensure committee considers whether the student's atten- sues warrant an evaluation, a reevaluation, and/or				

modifications to the student's individualized education program or Section 504 plan, as appropriate.

19 TAC 129.1043

Best Practices		A district shall consider the following best practices for truancy pre- vention measures:					
	1.	Develop an attendance policy that clearly outlines require- ments related to truancy in accordance with Education Code, Chapter 25, Subchapter C, and communicate this information to parents at the beginning of the year.					
	2.	Create a culture of attendance that includes training staff to talk with students and parents about the attendance policy and the root causes of unexcused absences.					
	3.	Create incentives for perfect attendance and improved atten- dance.					
	4.	Educate students and their families on the positive impact of school attendance on performance.					
	5.	Provide opportunities for students and parents to address causes of absence and/or truancy with district staff and link families to relevant community programs and support.					
	6.	Develop collaborative partnerships, including planning, refer- ral, and cross-training opportunities, between appropriate school staff, attendance officers, program-related liaisons, and external partners, such as court representatives, commu- nity and faith-based organizations, state or locally funded community programs for truancy intervention or prevention, and law enforcement to assist students.					
	7.	Determine root causes of unexcused absences and review campus- and district-level data on unexcused absences to identify systemic issues that affect attendance.					
	8.	Use existing school programs such as Communities in Schools, 21st Century Community Learning Centers, restora- tive discipline, and positive behavior interventions and sup- ports (PBIS) to provide students and their parents with ser- vices.					
	9.	At the beginning of each school year, conduct a needs as- sessment and identify and list, or map, services and programs					

mation available to staff, students, and parents. The information must include, but is not limited to:

- a. Services for pregnant and parenting students;
- b. Services for students experiencing homelessness;
- c. Services for students in foster care;
- d. Federal programs including, but not limited to, Title 1, Part A, of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act;
- e. State programs including, but not limited to, state compensatory education programs;
- f. Dropout prevention programs and programs for "at risk" youth;
- g. Programs that occur outside of school time;
- h. Counseling services;
- i. Tutoring programs and services available at no or low cost;
- j. Mental health services;
- k. Alcohol and substance abuse prevention and treatment programs;
- I. Mentoring programs and services;
- m. Juvenile justice services and programs;
- n. Child welfare services and programs;
- o. Other state or locally funded programs for truancy prevention and intervention; and
- p. Other supportive services that are locally available for students and families through faith-based organizations, local governments, and community-based organizations.
- 10. After identifying and listing, or mapping, services available in the district and community, school districts should target any new resources, programs, or services to gaps in services identified during the needs assessment.
- 11. School districts should ensure that personnel, including truancy prevention facilitators or juvenile case managers, attendance officers, McKinney-Vento (homeless) liaisons, foster care liaisons, Title IX coordinators, 504 coordinators, pregnancy and parenting coordinators, dropout prevention coordinators, special education staff, and other appropriate student

		services personnel, meet to contribute to the needs assess- ment, discuss opportunities to work together, and identify strategies to coordinate both internally and externally to ad- dress students' attendance barriers.				
		etermining services offered to students identified in Education le 25.091(a-3), a district shall consider:				
	1.	Offering an optional flexible school day program and evening and online alternatives;				
	2.	Working with businesses that employ students to help stu- dents coordinate job and school responsibilities; and				
	3.	Offering before school, after school, and/or Saturday preven- tion or intervention programs or services that implement best and promising practices.				
	19	TAC 129.1045				
Sanctions	uca faile Coc mea rega viev ume with sue with que acco viev que sion Edu plia	aggrieved party may file a written complaint with the Texas Ed- tion Agency (TEA) regarding an allegation that a district has ad to comply with Education Code 25.0915 or 19 Administrative le Chapter 129, Subchapter BB related to truancy prevention asures. TEA may request that a district provide documentation arding its compliance in response to a complaint. If, after a re- v of this documentation or a district's failure to provide this doc- entation, TEA determines that the district is not in compliance a preliminary report of its findings to the district in accordance a preliminary report of its findings to the district in accordance and 19 Administrative Code 157.1122 (Notice). A district may re- st in writing an informal review of TEA's preliminary report in ordance with 19 Administrative Code 157.1123 (Informal Re- v). Following the informal review, or if no informal review is re- sted by the deadline, a final report will be issued. The commis- ter of education may implement any sanction listed in incation Code 39.102(a) against a district found to be out of com- nec with Education Code 25.0915 or 19 Administrative Code apter 129, Subchapter BB. <i>19 TAC 129.1047</i>				
Truancy Prevention Facilitator or Juvenile Case Manager	case quir prev leas cuse or o	strict shall employ a truancy prevention facilitator or juvenile e manager to implement the truancy prevention measures re- ed by Education Code 25.0915 and any other effective truancy vention measures as determined by the district or campus. At annually, the truancy prevention facilitator shall meet to dis- s effective truancy prevention measures with a case manager ther individual designated by a truancy court to provide ser- es to students of the district in truancy cases.				

	nstead of employing a truancy prevention facilitator, a school dis- rict may designate an existing district employee or juvenile case manager to implement the truancy prevention measures and any other effective truancy prevention measures as determined by the district or campus.						
	Education Code 25.0915(d), (e)						
	On approval of the board, a district may employ or agree in accor- dance with Government Code Chapter 791, with any appropriate governmental entity to jointly employ or to jointly contribute to the costs of another entity employing:						
	<ol> <li>A case manager to provide services in cases involving juve- nile offenders who are before a court consistent with the court's statutory powers or referred to a court by a school ad- ministrator or designee for misconduct that would otherwise be within the court's statutory powers prior to a case being filed, with the consent of the juvenile and the juvenile's par- ents or guardians; or</li> </ol>						
	2. One or more juvenile case managers who shall assist the court in administering the court's juvenile docket and in supervising the court's orders in juvenile cases, and may provide prevention services to a child considered at risk of entering the juvenile justice system, and intervention services to juveniles engaged in misconduct before cases are filed, excluding traffic offenses.						
	A district that jointly employs a case manager in accordance with Government Code Chapter 791 employs a juvenile case manager for purposes of Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 102 and Gov- ernment Code Chapter 102.						
	Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(a), (c)						
Funding	A district may apply to the criminal justice division of the governor's office for reimbursements of the costs of employing a juvenile case manager. The district may pay the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager and the costs of training, travel, office supplies, and other necessary expenses relating to the position of the juvenile case manager from the local truancy prevention and diversion fund established under Local Government Code 134.156. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(b)</i>						
Priority	A juvenile case manager employed jointly under Government Code Chapter 791 shall give priority to cases brought under Education Codes 25.093 (parent contributing to nonattendance). <i>Code of</i> <i>Criminal Procedure 45.056(e)</i>						

Rules	ado tha of e	The board of a district that employs a juvenile case manager shall adopt and implement reasonable rules for juvenile case managers that provide a code of ethics, and for the enforcement of the code of ethics; appropriate educational preservice and in-service training standards for juvenile case managers; and training in:					
	1.	The role of the juvenile case manager;					
	2.	Case planning and management;					
	3.	Applicable procedural and substantive law;					
	4.	Courtroom proceedings and presentation;					
	5.	Services to at-risk youth under Family Code Chapter 264, Subchapter D;					
	6.	Local programs and services for juveniles and methods by which juveniles may access those programs and services; and					
	7.	Detecting and preventing abuse, exploitation, and neglect of juveniles.					
	8.	The juvenile case manager shall timely report to the judge who signed the order or judgment and, on request, to the judge assigned to the case or the presiding judge any infor- mation or recommendations relevant to assisting the judge in making decisions that are in the best interest of the child.					
	Co	Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(f)-(i)					
Parent Contributing Agreement	nor the writ	A parent against whom a complaint for parent contributing to nonattendance under Education Code 25.093 has been filed and the district at which the parent's child is enrolled may enter into a written agreement requiring the parent to complete counseling, training, or another program as designated by the district.					
	30t the cor	A parent who fulfills the terms of an agreement not later than the 30th day after the date on which the complaint was filed or within the period provided by the agreement is entitled to dismissal of the complaint in accordance with Code of Criminal Procedure article 45.0531(b). <i>Education Code 25.094</i>					

Consent to Medical Treatment	med	school in which a minor student is enrolled may consent to ical, dental, psychological, and surgical treatment of that stu- , provided all of the following conditions are met:
	1.	The person having the power to consent as otherwise pro- vided by law cannot be contacted.
	2.	Actual notice to the contrary has not been given by that person.
	3.	Written authorization to consent has been received from that person.
	Fam	ily Code 32.001(a)(4)
Form of Consent	signo tor, h	sent to medical treatment under this policy shall be in writing, ed by the school official giving consent, and given to the doc- nospital, or other medical facility that administers the treatment. consent must contain:
	1.	The name of the student.
	2.	The name of one or both parents, if known, and the name of the managing conservator or guardian of the student, if either has been appointed.
	3.	The name of the person giving consent and the person's rela- tion to the student.
	4.	A statement of the nature of the medical treatment to be given.
	5.	The date on which the treatment is to begin.
	Fam	ily Code 32.002
Minor's Consent to Treatment		nor may consent to medical, dental, psychological, and ical treatment furnished by a licensed physician or dentist if the pr:
	1.	Is 16 years of age and residing separate and apart from the minor's parents, managing conservator, or guardian, with or without the consent of the parents, conservator, or guardian and regardless of the duration of the residence, and is managing his or her own financial affairs, regardless of the source of the income;
	2.	Consents to the diagnosis and treatment of any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease required to be reported to the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS), including all reportable diseases under Health and Safety Code 81.041;

	C	s unmarried and pregnant, and consents to hospital, medical, or surgical treatment, other than abortion, related to her preg- nancy; or				
	a	Consents to examination and treatment for drug or chemical addiction, drug or chemical dependency, or any other condi- ion directly related to drug or chemical use.				
		/ Code 32.003; <u>Planned Parenthood of Cent. Mo. v. Dan-</u> 428 U.S. 52 (1976); <u>Bellotti v. Baird</u> , 443 U.S. 622 (1979)				
Administering Medication	medic	adoption of policies concerning the administration of ation to students by district employees, the district, its board, s employees are immune as described below, provided:				
	r	The district has received a written request to administer the nedication from the parent, legal guardian, or other person having legal control of the student.				
		When administering prescription medication, the medication is administered either:				
	a	<ul> <li>From a container that appears to be the original con- tainer and to be properly labeled; or</li> </ul>				
	t	b. From a properly labeled unit dosage container filled by a registered nurse or another qualified district employee, as determined by district policy, from a container that appears to be the original container and to be properly labeled.				
By Volunteer Professionals	registe board dent r	strict provides liability insurance for a licensed physician or ered nurse who provides volunteer services to the district, a may allow the physician or nurse to administer to any stu- ionprescription medication or medication currently prescribed e student by the student's personal physician.				
Immunity from Civil Liability	ability	rict, a board, and its employees shall be immune from civil li- for damages or injuries resulting from the administration of ation to a student in accordance with this policy.				
	Education Code 22.052(a), (b)					
	[See [	DG regarding protection of nurses for refusal to perform acts.]				
Self-Administration of Asthma or Anaphylaxis	minist	lent with asthma or anaphylaxis may possess and self-ad- er prescription asthma or anaphylaxis medicine while on I property or at a school-related event or activity if:				
Medicine		The medicine has been prescribed for that student as indi- cated by the prescription label on the medicine;				

	2.	othe avai scrip	er lice lable otion	ent has demonstrated to the student's physician or nsed health-care provider and the school nurse, if , the skill level necessary to self-administer the pre- medication, including the use of any device required ster the medication;		
	3.	The self-administration is done in compliance with the pre scription or written instructions from the student's physicia other licensed health-care provider; and				
	4.	A pa	A parent of the student provides to the school:			
		a.	den	ten authorization, signed by the parent, for the stu- t to self-administer the prescription medicine while on pol property or at a school-related event or activity;		
		b.		ritten statement, signed by the student's physician or er licensed health-care provider, that states:		
			(1)	That the student has asthma or anaphylaxis and is capable of self-administering the medicine;		
			(2)	The name and purpose of the medicine;		
			(3)	The prescribed dosage for the medicine;		
			(4)	The times at which or circumstances under which the medicine may be administered; and		
			(5)	The period for which the medicine is prescribed.		
	nurs	se's o	ffice,	s statement must be kept on file in the school or, if there is no school nurse, in the office of the school the student attends.		
	-	[See FFAF for care of students with diagnosed food allergies at risk for anaphylaxis.]				
No Waiver of Immunity	crea	The provisions above neither waive any liability or immunity nor create any liability for or a cause of action against a district, a board, or its employees.				
	Edu	Education Code 38.015				
Sunscreen Products	on s ove jury Dru	schoo rexpo or illr g Adn	l prop sure ness i ninist	possess and use a topical sunscreen product while berty or at a school-related event or activity to avoid to the sun and not for the medical treatment of an in- f the product is approved by the federal Food and ration for over-the-counter use. This provision does immunity from liability of a district, its board, or its		

	employees; or create any liability for or a cause of action against a district, its board, or its employees. <i>Education Code 38.021</i>				
Dietary Supplements	A district employee commits a Class C misdemeanor offense if the employee:				
	1. Knowingly sells, markets, or distributes a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties; or				
	2. Knowingly endorses or suggests the ingestion, intranasal application, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds by a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties.				
	Education Code 38.011(a), (c)				
Prescription Medication and Special Education Students	An employee of a district is prohibited from requiring a child to ob- tain a prescription for a substance covered under the federal Con- trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a condition of at- tending school, receiving an evaluation for special education, or receiving special education and related services.				
	An employee is not prohibited from consulting or sharing class- room-based observations with parents regarding a student's aca- demic and functional performance, behavior in the classroom or school, or the need for evaluation for special education or related services.				
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(25)				
	[See FFEB for information regarding psychotropic drugs and psy- chiatric evaluations]				
Low-THC Cannabis	A district may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, resolution, or other regulation that prohibits the cultivation, production, dispensing, or possession of low-THC cannabis, as authorized by the Texas Compassionate-Use Act. <i>Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>				
Dextromethorphan (Certain Cold Medication)	A district may not adopt or enforce an ordinance, order, rule, regulation, or policy that governs the sale, distribution, or possession of dextromethorphan. <i>Health and Safety Code 488.005</i>				
Maintenance and Administration of Opioid Antagonists	Each district shall adopt and implement a policy regarding the maintenance, administration, and disposal of opioid antagonists at each campus in the district that serves students in grades 6 through 12 and may adopt and implement such a policy at each				

	campus in the district, including campuses serving students in a grade level below grade 6.					
	The policy adopted must:					
	1.	Provide that school personnel and school volunteers who are authorized and trained may administer an opioid antagonist to a person who is reasonably believed to be experiencing an opioid-related drug overdose;				
	2.	Require that each school campus subject to a policy adopted under this provision have one or more school personnel mem- bers or school volunteers authorized and trained to administer an opioid antagonist present during regular school hours;				
	3.	Establish the number of opioid antagonists that must be avail- able at each campus at any given time; and				
	4.	Require that the supply of opioid antagonists at each school campus subject to a policy adopted under this provision must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to school personnel and school volunteers authorized and trained to administer an opioid antagonist.				
	Education Code 38.222(a), (c)					
Reporting Requirement	Not later than the 10th business day after the date a school per- sonnel member or school volunteer administers an opioid antag nist in accordance with the policy, the school shall report the fol- lowing information to the district, the physician or other person v prescribed the opioid antagonist, and the commissioner of state health services:					
	1.	The age of the person who received the administration of the opioid antagonist;				
	2.	Whether the person who received the administration of the opioid antagonist was a student, a school personnel member or school volunteer, or a visitor;				
	3.	The physical location where the opioid antagonist was admin- istered;				
	4.	The number of doses of opioid antagonist administered;				
	5.	The title of the person who administered the opioid antago- nist; and				
	6.	Any other information required by the commissioner of educa- tion.				
	Edu	cation Code 38.223				
		<b>F</b> (44				

Training	A district that adopts an opioid antagonist policy is responsible fo training school personnel and school volunteers in the administra- tion of an opioid antagonist.							
	Trai	Training required under this provision must:						
	1.	Inclu	Include information on:					
		a.	Recognizing the signs and symptoms of an opioid-re- lated drug overdose;					
		b.	Administering an opioid antagonist;					
		C.	Implementing emergency procedures, if necessary, after administering an opioid antagonist; and					
		d.	Properly disposing of used or expired opioid antagonists;					
	2.	-	provided in a formal training session or through online ed- ion; and					
	3.		provided in accordance with the district professional devel- ent policy [see DMA].					
	A district that adopts an opioid antagonist policy must maintain records on the training required under this provision.							
	Education Code 38.2249							
Standing Order	ity u tago	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157 may prescribe opioid an- tagonists in the name of a school district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>38.225(a)</i>						
Gifts, Grants, and Donations		A district may accept gifts, grants, donations, and federal and local funds to implement these provisions. <i>Education Code</i> 38.226						
Immunity	Edu or c	catior rimina	who in good faith takes, or fails to take, any action under a Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E-1 is immune from civil al liability or disciplinary action resulting from that action or act as described by Education Code 38.227.					
	Education Code 38.227							
Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto-	Not	e:	The following provisions apply only to a district that will adopt an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector policy.					
Injectors	A district may adopt and implement a policy regarding the mainte- nance, administration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors at each campus in the district.							

If a policy is adopted, the policy:

	<ol> <li>Must provide that school personnel and school volunteers who are authorized and trained may administer an epineph- rine auto-injector to a person who is reasonably believed to be experiencing anaphylaxis on a school campus; and</li> </ol>					
	2. May provide that school personnel and school volunteers who are authorized and trained may administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a person who is reasonably believed to be experiencing anaphylaxis at an off-campus school event or while in transit to or from a school event.					
	A district that adopts a policy must require that each campus have one or more school personnel members or school volunteers au- thorized and trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector present during all hours the campus is open.					
	The supply of epinephrine auto-injectors at each campus must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to school per- sonnel and school volunteers authorized and trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector.					
	Education Code 38.208					
Definitions All Hours the Campus Is Open	"All hours the campus is open" is defined as, at a minimum, during regular on-campus school hours, and when school personnel are physically on site for school-sponsored activities.					
Campus	A "campus" is defined as a unit of a school district that has an as- signed administrator, has enrolled students who are counted for average daily attendance, has assigned instructional staff, provides instructional services to students, has one or more grades in the range from early childhood education through grade 12 or is un- graded, and complies with relevant Texas laws.					
Unassigned Epinephrine Auto-Injector	An "unassigned epinephrine auto-injector" is an epinephrine auto- injector prescribed by an authorized health-care provider in the name of the school issued with a non-patient-specific standing del- egation order for the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector, issued by a physician or person who has been delegated prescrip- tive authority under Occupations Code Chapter 157.					
	25 TAC 37.603					
Prompt Notification	Local emergency medical services must be promptly notified by the school when an individual is suspected of experiencing anaphy- laxis and when an epinephrine auto-injector is administered. If the trained school personnel or school volunteer is the only individual available to notify emergency medical services, the trained individ-					

		should administer the unassigned epinephrine auto-inject notifying emergency medical services.	tor be-		
	pron auto	parent, legal guardian, or emergency contact must be nptly notified by the school when an unassigned epineph -injector is utilized on their child as soon as is feasible du emergency response to suspected anaphylaxis.			
	25 T	AC 37.605(e)-(f)			
Records	auto	ool records of the administration of the unassigned epine -injector and suspected anaphylaxis must be provided to nt or guardian of the recipient upon request. 25 TAC 37.	the		
Reports	sonr auto senc the e	later than the 10th business day after the date a school p nel member or school volunteer administers an epinephri -injector in accordance with district policy, the school sha d a report to the school district; the physician who prescri epinephrine auto-injector; and the commissioner of state ices.	ine all ibed		
	The	report must include the following information:			
	1.	The age of the person who received the administration epinephrine auto-injector;	of the		
	2.	Whether the person who received the administration of epinephrine auto-injector was a student, a school perso member or school volunteer, or a visitor;			
	3.	The physical location where the epinephrine auto-inject administered;	or was		
	4.	The number of doses of epinephrine auto-injector admin tered;	nis-		
	5.	The title of the person who administered the epinephrin auto-injector; and	e		
	6.	Any other information required by the commissioner of tion.	educa-		
	Education Code 38.209				
	the o	fications to the commissioner of TDSHS shall be submitt designated electronic form available on the TDSHS Scho Ith Program website. <i>25 TAC 37.608</i>			
Personnel or Volunteers	rine or so	ach campus in which a school adopts an unassigned epi auto-injector policy, the principal may assign school pers chool volunteers to be trained to administer unassigned e prine auto-injectors or seek school personnel or school v	sonnel epi-		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23		8 of 14		

teers who volunteer to be trained to administer unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors.

In order to increase the number of trained individuals in the administration of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors, schools may distribute to school personnel or school volunteers in the district, at least once per school year, a notice that includes a description of the request seeking volunteers to be trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a person believed to be experiencing anaphylaxis and a description of the training that the school personnel or school volunteers will receive in the administration of epinephrine with an auto-injector.

25 TAC 37.606(a)-(b)

Signed Statement Trained school personnel or school volunteers who administer the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector must submit a signed statement indicating that they agree to perform the service of administering an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector to a student or individual that may be experiencing anaphylaxis. *25 TAC 37.606(c)* 

Training A district that adopts an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector written policy is responsible for training school personnel and school volunteers in the administration of an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector.

Training must include information on:

- 1. Recognizing the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis;
- 2. Administering an epinephrine auto-injector;
- 3. Implementing emergency procedures, if necessary, after administering an epinephrine auto-injector; and
- 4. Properly disposing of used or expired epinephrine auto-injectors.

Training must be provided in a formal training session or through online education and must be provided in accordance with the district professional development policy [see DMA].

Education Code 38.210(a), (b)

Training must include information on properly inspecting unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors for usage and expiration. *25 TAC 37.607(1)-(2)* 

The initial training must include hands-on training with an epinephrine auto-injector trainer. The annual refresher training must include a hands-on demonstration of administration skills. The train-

	ing must also include information about promptly notifying lo emergency medical services.	ocal
	Each school campus shall maintain training records and ma available upon request a list of those school personnel or so volunteers trained and authorized to administer the unassig inephrine auto-injector on the campus.	chool
	25 TAC 37.607(3)-(6)	
Standing Orders	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157 may prescribe epi rine auto-injectors in the name of a district in accordance wi <i>Education Code 38.211(a)</i>	neph-
	A district shall obtain a prescription from an authorized heal provider each year, to stock, possess, and maintain at least unassigned adult epinephrine auto-injector pack (two doses each school campus.	one
	A school may choose to stock unassigned pediatric epineph auto-injector packs, based on the need of the school's popu	
	25 TAC 37.605(a)	
Epinephrine Coordinator	The superintendent will designate appropriate school person coordinate and manage policy implementation, including tra- school personnel, and the acquisition or purchase, usage, e- tion, and disposal of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors. Throughout the school calendar year, the designated school sonnel shall coordinate with each campus to ensure that the signed epinephrine auto-injectors are checked monthly for e- tion and usage and the findings are documented. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>37.605(b)</i>	ining of xpira- I per- e unas-
Notice to Parents	If a district implements a policy for the maintenance, admini- tion, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors, the district s provide written notice of the policy to a parent or guardian o student enrolled in the district. Notice must be provided befor policy is implemented by the district and before the start of e school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>	shall f each ore the
	A district shall provide electronic or written notice to the pare guardian of each student.	ent or
	If a district changes or discontinues the policy under this sulter, written or electronic notice detailing the change or disco tion must be provided to the parent or guardian of each stud within 15 calendar days.	ntinua-
	25 TAC 37.609	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	10 of 14

Storage	easily acc ufacturer' trator dev cates the each scho	ed epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a secure, cessible area for an emergency, in accordance with man- s guidelines. It is recommended that the school adminis- elop a map to be placed in high traffic areas that indi- location of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors on col campus. It is recommended that the map also indi- locations of the automated external defibrillator (AED). 25 05(h)
Replacement	possible,	ct shall develop a plan to replace, as soon as reasonably any unassigned epinephrine auto-injector that is used or expiration. <i>25 TAC 37.605(i)</i>
Disposal	infectious	ssigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be considered waste and shall be disposed of according to the school's ne pathogen control policy.
		nassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be disposed of to the school's medication disposal policy.
	25 TAC 3	7.605(j)-(k) [See DBB]
Gifts, Grants, and Donations		may accept gifts, grants, donations, and federal and local mplement its policy. <i>Education Code 38.213</i>
Maintenance and Administration of Medication for	Note:	The following provisions apply only to a district that will adopt a policy on medication for respiratory distress.
Respiratory Distress	nance, ac	may adopt and implement a policy regarding the mainte- Iministration, and disposal of medication for respiratory t each campus in the district. <i>Education Code 38.208(a</i> -
	and school ister med lieved to b or at a sc	is adopted, the policy must provide that school personnel of volunteers who are authorized and trained may admin- ication for respiratory distress to a person reasonably be- be experiencing respiratory distress on a school campus, hool-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school <i>Education Code 38.208(b-1)</i>
Definitions	or anothe of the Hea	on for respiratory distress" means albuterol, levalbuterol, r medication designated by the executive commissioner alth and Human Services Commission for treatment of y distress Education Code 38.208(c).
		ersonnel" means an employee of a district. The term in- member of the board.
	Educatior	n Code 38.201(3-a), (6)

Regular School Hours	Each district that adopts a policy must require that each campus have one or more school personnel or school volunteers authorized and trained to administer medication for respiratory distress present during regular school hours. <i>Education Code 38.208(d-1)</i>				
Referral Required	If medication for respiratory distress is administered to a student whose parent or guardian has not provided notification to the school that the student has been diagnosed with asthma, the school must refer the student to the student's primary care provider on the day the medication for respiratory distress is administered and inform the student's parent or guardian regarding the referral. The referral must include:				
	1. The symptoms of respiratory distress observed;				
	2. The name of the medication for respiratory distress adminis- tered to the student; and				
	3. Any patient care instructions given to the student.				
	If a student who has received medication for respiratory distress does not have a primary care provider or the parent or guardian of the student has not engaged a primary care provider for the stu- dent, the student's parent or guardian must receive information to assist the parent or guardian in selecting a primary care provider for the student.				
	Education Code 38.208(b-2)-(b-3)				
Storage	The supply of medication for respiratory distress at each campus must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to authorized school personnel and school volunteers. <i>Education Code 38.208(e-1)</i>				
Training	Each district that adopts a policy for the administration of medica- tion for respiratory distress is responsible for training school per- sonnel and school volunteers in the administration of medication for respiratory distress. The training must include information on:				
	1. Recognizing the signs and symptoms of respiratory distress;				
	2. Administering medication for respiratory distress;				
	<ol> <li>Implementing emergency procedures, if necessary, after ad- ministering medication for respiratory distress; and</li> </ol>				
	4. Proper sanitization, reuse, and disposal of medication for respiratory distress.				
	$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{f}}$				

Education Code 38.210(a-1)

	Training must be provided in a formal training session or through online education and must be provided in accordance with the dis- trict professional development policy [see DMA]. <i>Education Code</i> <i>38.210(b)</i>				
Reporting Requirement	Not later than the 10th business day after the date a school per- sonnel member or school volunteer administers medication for res- piratory distress to a person experiencing respiratory distress, the school shall report the following information to the district, the physician or other person who prescribed the medication for respi- ratory distress, and the commissioner of state health services:				
	<ol> <li>The age of the person who received the administration of the medication for respiratory distress;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Whether the person who received the administration of the medication for respiratory distress was a student, a school personnel member or school volunteer, or a visitor;</li> </ol>				
	3. The dosage of the medication for respiratory distress adminis- tered;				
	<ol> <li>The title of the person who administered the medication for respiratory distress; and</li> </ol>				
	5. Any other information required by the commissioner.				
	Education Code 38.2091				
No Negative Fiscal Impact	The policy may not require a district to purchase prescription medi- cation for respiratory distress or require any other expenditure re- lated to the maintenance or administration of medication for respi- ratory distress that would result in a negative fiscal impact on the district or school. <i>Education Code 38.208(f)</i>				
Standing Order	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157 may prescribe medica- tion for respiratory distress in the name of a school district. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 38.211(a)</i>				
Notice to Parents	If a district implements a policy for the maintenance, administra- tion, and disposal of medication for respiratory distress, the district shall provide written notice of the policy to a parent or guardian of each student enrolled in the district. Notice must be provided be- fore the policy is implemented by the district and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>				
Refusal to Administer	A school personnel member or school volunteer may not be sub- ject to any penalty or disciplinary action for refusing to administer or receive training to administer epinephrine auto-injectors or medi- cation for respiratory distress, as applicable, in accordance with a				

## WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES MEDICAL TREATMENT

policy for the maintenance and administration of epinephrine autoinjectors or a policy for medication for respiratory distress. *Education Code* 38.208(*d*-2)

Immunity from<br/>LiabilityA person who in good faith takes, or fails to take, any action related<br/>to Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, related to the main-<br/>tenance and administration of epinephrine auto-injectors and medi-<br/>cation for respiratory distress, is immune from civil or criminal liabil-<br/>ity or disciplinary action resulting from that action or failure to act<br/>as described by Education Code 38.215 and 25 Administrative<br/>Code 40.49. Education Code 38.215; 25 TAC 40.49

FFAC(LOCAL)-X

	No employee shall give any student prescription medication, non- prescription medication, herbal substances, anabolic steroids, or dietary supplements of any type, except as authorized by this or other District policy.				
Medication Provided by Parent	The Superintendent shall designate the employees who are authorized to administer medication that has been provided by a student's parent. An authorized employee is permitted to administer the following medication in accordance with administrative regulations:				
	1.	Prescription medication in accordance with legal require- ments.			
	2.	Nonprescription medication, upon a parent's written reques when properly labeled and in the original container.	st,		
	3.	Herbal substances or dietary supplements provided by the parent and only if required by the individualized education program or Section 504 plan for a student with disabilities.			
Medication Provided by District	Except as required by law and provided by this policy, the District shall not purchase medication to administer to a student.				
Athletic Program	The District shall purchase nonprescription medication that m used to prevent or treat illness or injury in the District's athletic gram. Only a licensed athletic trainer or a physician licensed t practice medicine in the state of Texas may administer this m cation and may do so only if:				
	1.	The District has prior written consent for medication to be a ministered [see Medical Treatment, below]; and	ad-		
	2.	The administration of a medication by an athletic trainer is accordance with a standing order or procedures approved a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state of Texas.			
Epinephrine	The District authorizes school personnel who have agreed in writ- ing and been adequately trained to administer an unassigned epi- nephrine auto-injector in accordance with law and this policy. Ad- ministration of epinephrine shall only be permitted when an authorized and trained individual reasonably believes a person is experiencing anaphylaxis.				
On Campus	epir	norized and trained individuals may administer an unassigne nephrine auto-injector at any time to a person experiencing a laxis on a school campus.			
		District shall ensure that at each campus a sufficient number uthorized individuals are trained to administer epinephrine s			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	)23	Adopted: 1	of 3		

	that at least one trained individual is present on campus during all hours the campus is open. In accordance with state rules, the cam- pus shall be considered open for this purpose during regular on- campus school hours and whenever school personnel are physi- cally on site for school-sponsored activities.
Off Campus	Authorized and trained individuals may administer an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector to a person experiencing anaphylaxis at an off-campus school event or while in transit to or from a school event when an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector is available.
Maintenance, Availability, and Training	The Superintendent shall develop administrative regulations desig- nating a coordinator to manage policy implementation and ad- dressing annual training of authorized individuals in accordance with law; procedures for auto-injector use; and acquisition or pur- chase, maintenance, expiration, disposal, availability of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors at each campus, at off-campus events, and while in transit to and from a school event.
Notice to Parents	In accordance with law, the District shall provide notice of the pol- icy to parents regarding the epinephrine program, including notice of any change to or discontinuation of this program.
Opioid Antagonist	This provision shall be applicable to each campus that serves students in grades 6-12.
On Campus	The District authorizes school personnel who have been ade- quately trained to administer an opioid antagonist in accordance with law and this policy. Administration of an opioid antagonist shall only be permitted when an authorized and trained individual rea- sonably believes a person is experiencing an opioid-related over- dose.
	Each applicable campus shall have at least one individual who is authorized and trained to administer an opioid antagonist present during regular school hours.
Maintenance, Availability,	Each applicable campus shall have at least two unused, unexpired opioid antagonist doses available.
Training, and Reporting	All opioid antagonists shall be stored in a secure location and shall be easily accessible by individuals who are authorized and trained to administer an opioid antagonist.
	The Superintendent shall develop administrative regulations ad- dressing acquisition, maintenance, expiration, and disposal of opi- oid antagonists in the District, as well as reporting, employee train- ing, and emergency notification requirements.
Psychotropics	Except as permitted by law, an employee shall not:

Adopted:

	1.	Recommend to a student or a parent that the student use a psychotropic drug;
	2.	Suggest a particular diagnosis; or
	3.	Exclude the student from a class or a school-related activity because of the parent's refusal to consent to psychiatric eval- uation or examination or treatment of the student.
Medical Treatment	con ger trea	tudent's parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful trol shall annually complete and sign a form that provides emer- icy information and addresses authorization regarding medical atment. A student who has reached age 18 shall be permitted to implete this form.
		e District shall seek appropriate emergency care for a student as uired or deemed necessary.

	Not	e:	See FB for the application of Section 504 of the Ref tation Act to students who qualify for individualized health plans.	abili-
Diabetes Management and Treatment Plan	while phys	e at s siciar	nt or guardian of a student who will seek care for diab school or while participating in a school activity, and th responsible for the student's diabetes treatment, sha a diabetes management and treatment plan (DMTP).	ne
Required Elements	The	DMT	P must:	
	1.	lder scho	ntify the health-care services the student may receive pol;	at
	2.		luate the student's ability to manage and level of undending of the student's diabetes; and	er-
	3.	Bes	signed by the parent or guardian and the physician.	
Submission to School		•	nt or guardian must submit the DMTP to the school, a of must review the plan:	and
	1.	Befo	ore or at the beginning of the school year;	
	2.		enrollment of the student, if the student enrolls after th inning of the school year; or	ne
	3.		soon as practicable following a diagnosis of diabetes t student.	or
	Hea	lth ar	nd Safety Code 168.002	
Individualized Health Plan	Upon receiving the student's DMTP, the school principal, or de- signee, and the school nurse, if a school nurse is assigned to the school, shall develop an individualized health plan (IHP) for the student. The IHP shall be developed in collaboration with the stu- dent's parent or guardian and, to the extent practicable, the physi- cian responsible for the student's diabetes treatment and one or more of the student's teachers.			he e tu- ysi-
	DM	ΓP, ir	t's IHP must incorporate components of the student's including the information required under Health and Sa 3.002(b) [see Required Elements, above].	ifety
	Hea	lth ar	nd Safety Code 168.001(3), .003	
Independent Monitoring and Treatment	dent	t to a	ance with the student's IHP, a school shall permit the ttend to the management and care of the student's dianich may include:	
	1.	Per	forming blood glucose level checks;	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23			1 of 6

	<ol><li>Administering insulin through the insulin delivery system the student uses;</li></ol>
	3. Treating hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia;
	<ol> <li>Possessing on the student's person at any time any supplies or equipment necessary to monitor and care for the student's diabetes; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Otherwise attending to the management and care of the stu- dent's diabetes in the classroom, in any area of the school or school grounds, or at any school-related activity.</li> </ol>
	Health and Safety Code 168.008
Required Care	Each school shall adopt a procedure to ensure that a school nurse or at least one unlicensed diabetes care assistant (UDCA) is present and available to provide the required care to a student with diabetes during the regular school day. A district may not restrict the assignment of a student with diabetes to a particular campus on the basis that the campus does not have the required UDCAs. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.007(c)-(d)</i>
	If a school nurse is assigned to a campus and the nurse is avail- able, the nurse shall perform the tasks necessary to assist a stu- dent with diabetes in accordance with the student's IHP.
School Nurse No Available	If a school nurse is not assigned to the campus or a school nurse is not available, a UDCA shall perform the tasks necessary to assist the student in accordance with the student's IHP and in compliance with any guidelines provided during UDCA training. A UDCA may perform these tasks only if the parent or guardian of the student signs an agreement that:
	1. Authorizes a UDCA to assist the student; and
	<ol> <li>States that the parent or guardian understands that a UDCA is not liable for civil damages [see Immunity from Liability, be- low].</li> </ol>
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(a)
	If a school nurse is not assigned to a campus:
	<ol> <li>A UDCA must have access to an individual with expertise in the care of persons with diabetes, such as a physician, a reg- istered nurse, a certified diabetes educator, or a licensed di- etitian; or</li> </ol>

	2.		principal must have access to the physician responsible the student's diabetes treatment.				
	Hea	Health and Safety Code 168.007(b)					
Unlicensed Diabetes Care	At each school in which a student with diabetes is enrolled, the principal, or designee, shall:						
Assistants	1.	1. Seek school employees who are not health-care profe als to serve as UDCAs and to care for students with d and					
	2.	Mał	e efforts to ensure the school has:				
		a.	At least one UDCA if a full-time nurse is assigned to the school; and				
		b.	At least three UDCAs if a full-time nurse is not assigned to the school.				
	"School employee" means a person employed by a school, a local health department that assists the school under Health and Safety Code Chapter 168 (Care of Students with Diabetes), or another en- tity with whom the school has contracted to perform its duties un- der that chapter.						
	"Unlicensed diabetes care assistant" means a school employee who has successfully completed the required training [see UDCA Training, below].						
	A school employee may not be subject to any penalty or disci- plinary action for refusing to serve as a UDCA.						
	ΑU	DCA	shall serve under the supervision of the principal.				
	Health and Safety Code 168.001(5)-(6), .003004						
UDCA Training	If a school nurse is assigned to a campus, the nurse shall coordi- nate the training of school employees acting as UDCAs. Training for UDCAs must be provided by a health-care professional with ex- pertise in the care of persons with diabetes or by a school nurse. The training must include instruction in the elements set forth at Health and Safety Code 168.005(d).						
	Training must be provided before the beginning of the school year or as soon as practicable following:						
	1.		e enrollment of a student with diabetes at a campus that viously had no students with diabetes; or				
	2.		agnosis of diabetes for a student at a campus that previ- ly had no students with diabetes.				

	The school nurse or principal shall maintain a copy of the training guidelines and any records associated with the training.			
	Health and Safety Code 168.005			
	Note:	Guidance for the care of students with diabetes is avail- able on the <u>Texas Department of State Health Services</u> (TDSHS) website. <sup>1</sup>		
Information to Employees	A district shall provide to each district employee who is responsible for providing transportation for a student with diabetes or supervis- ing a student with diabetes during an off-campus activity a one- page information sheet that:			
	1. Ide	ntifies the student who has diabetes;		
	<ol> <li>Identifies potential emergencies that may occur as a result of the student's diabetes and the appropriate responses to such emergencies; and</li> </ol>			
		ovide the telephone number of a contact person in case of emergency involving the student with diabetes.		
	Health and Safety Code 168.006			
Immunity from Liability	A school employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- ing, as defined by Education Code 22.0512(b), resulting from any action taken in compliance with Health and Safety Code Chapter 168. The requirements of Chapter 168 are considered to involve the employee's judgment and discretion and are not considered ministerial acts for purposes of immunity under Education Code 22.0511. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.009(a)</i> [See DG]			
	A school nurse is not responsible for and may not be subject to dis- ciplinary action under Occupations Code Chapter 301 for actions performed by a UDCA. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.009(b)</i>			
	A UDCA who assists a student as provided above [see Required Care, above] in compliance with the student's IHP:			
	sio	not considered to be engaging in the practice of profes- nal or vocational nursing under Occupations Code Chapter 1 or other state law; and		
	the	exempt from any applicable state law or rule that restricts activities that may be performed by a person who is not a alth-care provider.		

	A UDCA may exercise reasonable judgment in deciding whether to contact a health-care provider in the event of a medical emergency involving a student with diabetes.
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(e)-(f)
Students at Risk for Anaphylaxis	The board shall adopt and administer a policy for the care of stu- dents with a diagnosed food allergy at risk for anaphylaxis based on <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at Risk</u> for <u>Anaphylaxis</u> <sup>2</sup> developed by the commissioner of state health services. A district shall annually review the policy and, as neces- sary, revise its policy for the care of students with a diagnosed food allergy at risk for anaphylaxis to ensure the policy is consistent with the most current version of the guidelines.
	This section does not waive any liability or immunity of the district or its officers or employees or create any liability for or a cause of action against the district or its officers or employees.
	Notwithstanding any other law, these provisions do not create a civil, criminal, or administrative cause of action or liability or create a standard of care, obligation, or duty that provides the basis for a cause of action.
	Education Code 38.0151(a)-(b), (d), (i)-(j)
	A district that provides for the maintenance, administration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E [see FFAC] is not required to comply with Education Code 38.0151. <i>Education Code 38.0151(f)</i>
Website Requirements	Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the guidelines on the district's website [see CQA], including instructions on ob- taining access to the complete guidelines document. The district's website must be accessible by each student enrolled in the district and a parent or guardian of each student. Any forms used by a dis- trict requesting information from a parent or guardian enrolling a child with a food allergy in the district must include information to access on the district's website a summary of the guidelines and instructions on obtaining access to the complete guidelines docu- ment. <i>Education Code 38.0151(g)</i>
Seizure Management and Treatment Plan	The parent or guardian of a student with a seizure disorder may seek care for the student's seizures while the student is at school or participating in a school activity by submitting to the district at which the student is enrolled a copy of a seizure management and treatment plan developed by the student's parent or guardian and the physician responsible for the student's seizure treatment. The plan must be on a form adopted by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) and submitted to and reviewed by the district:

FFAF (LEGAL)

	1.	Before or at the beginning of the school year;		
	2.	On enrollment of the student, if the student enrolls in the dis- trict after the beginning of the school year; or		
	3.	As soon as practicable following a diagnosis of a seizure dis- order for the student.		
	Edu	ication Code 38.032(a)		
Immunity	The care of a student with a seizure disorder by a district employee under a seizure management plan submitted under Education Code 38.032 is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the employee's position of employment and involves the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the employee for purposes of Education Code 22.0511, regarding immunity from liability.			
	app min erw	immunity from liability provided by Education Code 22.0511 lies to an action or failure to act by a district employee in ad- istering a medication, assisting with self-administration, or oth- ise providing for the care of a student under a seizure manage- nt plan submitted for the student.		
	Education Code 38.032(c)-(d)			
	[See DMA for seizure recognition and related first aid training.]			
	<u>http</u> <sup>2</sup> TC	SHS guidance for the care of students with diabetes: <u>s://www.dshs.texas.gov/diabetes/diabetes-children</u> SHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at Risk Anaphylaxis:		
		s://www.dshs.texas.gov/sites/default/files/schoolhealth/pdf/Fl- %20Guidelines%20for%20Food%20Allergies%203.2023.pdf		

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION	1	FFB (LEGAL)	
Threat Assessment Definitions	"Harmful, threatening, or violent behavior" includes behavio as verbal threats, threats of self harm, bullying, cyberbullyir ing, the use or possession of a weapon, sexual assault, sex rassment, dating violence, stalking, or assault, by a student could result in:		
	1.	Specific interventions, including mental health or behavioral supports;	
	2.	In-school suspension;	
	3.	Out-of-school suspension; or	
	4.	The student's expulsion or removal to a disciplinary alterna- tive education program (DAEP) or a juvenile justice alterna- tive education program (JJAEP).	
	sch	am" means a threat assessment and safe and supportive ool team established by the board under Education Code 115.	
	Edu	ication Code 37.115(a)	
Threat Assessment Team	The board shall establish a threat assessment and safe and sup- portive school team to serve at each campus of the district and shall adopt policies and procedures for the teams.		
	and	The team is responsible for developing and implementing the safe and supportive school program in compliance with Texas Educa- tion Agency (TEA) rules at the district campus served by the team.	
	The policies and procedures adopted under Education Code 37.115 must:		
	1.	Be consistent with the model policies and procedures devel- oped by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) [see Edu- cation Code 37.220];	
	2.	Require each team to complete training provided by the TxSSC or a regional education service center (ESC) regard- ing evidence-based threat assessment programs;	
	3.	Require each team established under this section to report the required information regarding the team's activities to TEA [see Reporting to TEA, below];	
	4.	Require each district campus to establish a clear procedure for a student to report concerning behavior exhibited by an- other student for assessment by the team or other appropriate school employee; and	

### STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

	5.	Provide for:		
		a.	A district employee who reports a potential threat to a team to elect for the employee's identity to be confiden- tial and not subject to disclosure Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act), except as neces- sary for the team, the district, or law enforcement to in- vestigate the potential threat; and	
		b.	The district to maintain a record of the identity of a dis- trict employee who elects for the employee's identity to be confidential.	
Membership	The superintendent shall ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, that the members appointed to each team have expertise in counseling, behavior management, mental health and substance use, classroom instruction, special education, school administration, school safety and security, emergency management, and law enforcement. A team may serve more than one campus of a district, provided that each district campus is assigned a team.			
Oversight Committee	isting oper over man man use,	The superintendent may establish a committee, or assign to an ex- sting committee established by the district, the duty to oversee the operations of teams established for the district. A committee with oversight responsibility must include members with expertise in hu- nan resources, education, special education, counseling, behavior nanagement, school administration, mental health and substance use, school safety and security, emergency management, and law enforcement.		
Team Duties	Each	n tear	n shall:	
	1.	porti harn distr data	duct a threat assessment that includes assessing and re- ng individuals who make threats of violence or exhibit nful, threatening, or violent behavior in accordance with ict policies and procedures; and gathering and analyzing to determine the level of risk and appropriate interven- including:	
		a.	Referring a student for mental health assessment; and	
		b.	Implementing an escalation procedure, if appropriate, based on the team's assessment, in accordance with district policy;	
	2.	ogni	ride guidance to students and school employees on rec- zing harmful, threatening, or violent behavior that may a a threat to the community, school, or individual; and	

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION		FFB (LEGAL)
	3.	Support the district in implementing the district's multihazard emergency operations plan [see CKC].
Parental Participation	tear tion sess pers	bre a team may conduct a threat assessment of a student, the n must notify the parent of or person standing in parental rela- to the student regarding the assessment. In conducting the as- sment, the team shall provide an opportunity for the parent or son to participate in the assessment, either in person or re- ely, and to submit to the team information regarding the stu- t.

After completing a threat assessment of a student, the team shall provide to the parent of or person standing in parental relation to the student the team's findings and conclusions regarding the student.

Consent for A team may not provide a mental health-care service to a student Mental Healthwho is under 18 years of age unless the team obtains written con-Care Service sent from the parent of or the person standing in parental relation to the student before providing the mental health-care service. The consent must be submitted on a form developed by the district that complies with all applicable state and federal law. The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student may give consent for a student to receive ongoing services or may limit consent to one or more services provided on a single occasion.

Education Code 37.115(c)-(g)

Determination of On determination that a student or other individual poses a serious Risk risk of violence to self or others, a team shall immediately report the team's determination to the superintendent. If the individual is a student, the superintendent shall immediately attempt to inform the parent or person standing in parental relation to the student. These requirements do not prevent an employee of the school from acting immediately to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency.

> A team identifying a student at risk of suicide shall act in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program. If the student at risk of suicide also makes a threat of violence to others, the team shall conduct a threat assessment in addition to actions taken in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program.

> A team identifying a student using or possessing tobacco, drugs, or alcohol shall act in accordance with district policies and procedures related to substance use prevention and intervention.

Education Code 37.115(h)-(j)

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION			FFB (LEGAL)
Recordkeeping	ing a mair	a thre ntaine	and information provided to or produced by a team dur- at assessment of a student under this provision must be ed in the student's school record until the student's 24th <i>Education Code 37.115(j-1)</i>
	-		mation regarding the transfer of threat assessment etween school districts, see FD and FDA.]
Reporting to TEA	A team must report to TEA in accordance with TEA-developed guidelines the following information regarding the team's activities and other information for each campus the team serves:		
	1.	The	occupation of each person appointed to the team;
	2.		number of threats and description of the type of threats orted to the team;
	3.	The ing:	outcome of each assessment made by the team, includ-
		a.	Any disciplinary action taken, including a change in school placement;
		b.	Any action taken by law enforcement; or
		C.	A referral to or change in counseling, mental health, spe- cial education, or other services;
	4.	statu drop hom preg bein	total number, disaggregated by student gender, race, and us as receiving special education services, being at risk of oping out of school, being in foster care, experiencing nelessness, being a dependent of military personnel, being nant or a parent, having limited English proficiency, or g a migratory child, of, in connection with an assessment eported threat by the team:
		a.	Citations issued for Class C misdemeanor offenses;
		b.	Arrests;
		C.	Incidents of uses of restraint;
		d.	Changes in school placement, including placement in a JJAEP or DAEP;
		e.	Referrals to or changes in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
		f.	Placements in in-school suspension or out-of-school suspension and incidents of expulsion;
		g.	Unexcused absences of 15 or more days during the school year; and
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23		4 of 5

### STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

- h. Referrals to juvenile court for truancy; and
- 5. The number and percentage of school personnel trained in:
  - a. A best-practices program or research-based practice under Education Code 38.351 [see FFEB], including the number and percentage of school personnel trained in suicide prevention or grief and trauma-informed practices;
  - b. Mental health or psychological first aid for schools;
  - c. Training relating to the safe and supportive school program; or
  - d. Any other program relating to safety identified by the commissioner.

Education Code 37.115(k)

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION	FFB (LOCAL)		
Threat Assessment and Safe and Supportive Team	In compliance with law, the Superintendent shall ensure that a mul- tidisciplinary threat assessment and safe and supportive team is established to serve each campus. The Superintendent shall ap- point team members. The team shall be responsible for developing and implementing a safe and supportive school program at each campus served by the team and shall support the District in imple- menting its multi-hazard emergency operations plan.		
Training	Each team shall complete training provided by an approved provider on evidence-based threat assessment programs.		
Student Reports	Each campus shall establish a clear procedure for a student to re- port concerning behavior exhibited by another student for assess- ment by the team or other appropriate District employee.		
Employee Confidentiality	A District employee who reports a potential threat may elect for the employee's identity to remain confidential and not be subject to dis- closure under the state's public information law. The employee's identity shall only be revealed when necessary for the team, the District, or law enforcement to investigate the reported threat.		
	The District shall maintain a record of the identity of a District em- ployee who elects for the employee's identity to remain confiden- tial.		
Imminent Threats or Emergencies	A member of the team or any District employee may act immedi- ately to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency, including contacting law enforcement directly.		
Threat Assessment Process	The District shall develop procedures as recommended by the Texas School Safety Center. In accordance with those procedures, the threat assessment and safe and supportive team shall conduct threat assessments using a process that includes:		
	<ol> <li>Identifying individuals, based on referrals, tips, or observa- tions, whose behavior has raised concerns due to threats of violence or exhibition of behavior that is harmful, threatening, or violent.</li> </ol>		
	2. Conducting an individualized assessment based on reason- ably available information to determine whether the individual poses a threat of violence or poses a risk of harm to self or others and the level of risk.		
	3. Implementing appropriate intervention and monitoring strate- gies, if the team determines an individual poses a threat of harm to self or others. These strategies may include referral of a student for a mental health assessment and escalation procedures as appropriate.		

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

	For a student or other individual the team determines poses a serious risk of violence to self or others, the team shall imme- diately report to the Superintendent, who shall immediately at- tempt to contact the student's parent or guardian. Additionally, the Superintendent shall coordinate with law enforcement au- thorities as necessary and take other appropriate action in ac- cordance with the District's multihazard emergency opera- tions plan.		
	For a student the team identifies as at risk of suicide, the team shall follow the District's suicide prevention program.		
	For a student the team identifies as having a substance abuse issue, the team shall follow the District's substance abuse program.		
	For a student whose conduct may constitute a violation of the District's Student Code of Conduct, the team shall make a referral to the campus behavior coordinator or other appropriate administrator to consider disciplinary action.		
	s appropriate, the team may refer a student:		
	<ol> <li>To a local mental health authority or health-care provider for evaluation or treatment; or</li> </ol>		
	2. For a full individualized and initial evaluation for special edu- cation services.		
	The team shall not provide any mental health-care services, except as permitted by law.		
Guidance to School Community	The team shall provide guidance to students and District employ- ees on recognizing harmful, threatening, or violent behavior that may pose a threat to another person, the campus, or the commu- nity and methods to report such behavior to the team, including through anonymous reporting.		
Reports	The team shall provide reports to the Texas Education Agency as required by law.		

Denton ISD 061901				
CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAUMA-INFORMED C		FFBA (LEGAL)		
Trauma-Informed Care Policy	A district shall adopt and implement a policy requiring the integra- tion of trauma-informed practices in each school environment. A district must include the policy in the district improvement plan re- quired under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ].			
	The	e policy must address:		
	1.	Using resources developed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), methods for:		
		<ul> <li>Increasing staff and parent awareness of trauma-in- formed care; and</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Implementation of trauma-informed practices and care by district and campus staff; and</li> </ul>		
	2.	Available counseling options for students affected by trauma or grief.		
	Edu	cation Code 38.036(a)-(b)		
Training	The methods for increasing awareness and implementation of trauma-informed care must include training as provided below. The training must be provided:			
	1.	Through a program selected from the list of recommended best practice-based programs and research-based practices established under Education Code 38.351;		
	2.	In accordance with the district professional development pol- icy [see DMA]; and		
	3.	As part of any new employee orientation for all new district educators.		
	The training must address how grief and trauma affect student learning and behavior and how evidence-based, grief-informed, and trauma-informed strategies support the academic success of students affected by grief and trauma. The training may include two or more listed topics together.			
	For any training under this provision, a district shall maintain records that include district staff members who participated in the training.			
	If a district determines that the district does not have sufficient re- sources to provide the training required under this provision, the district may partner with a community mental health organization to provide training that meets the requirements at no cost to the dis- trict.			
	Edu	cation Code 38.036(c)-(d), (f)		
	[For more information on mental health training for district eme ees, see DMA.]			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	1 of 1		

# COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING

Parental Consent	A boors	I shall adopt quidalings to apsure that written concept is sh			
and Review	A board shall adopt guidelines to ensure that written consent is ob- tained from the parent, legal guardian, or other person entitled to enroll the student under Education Code 25.001(j) for the student to participate in those activities for which parental consent is re- quired. <i>Education Code 33.003</i>				
	Each school shall obtain, and keep as part of the student's perma- nent record, this written consent by the parent or legal guardian. The consent form shall include specific information on the content of the program and the types of activities in which the student will be involved.				
	Each school, before implementing a comprehensive school coun- seling program, shall annually conduct a preview of the program for parents and guardians. All materials, including curriculum to be used during the year that is not available digitally through an in- structional material parent portal under Education Code 31.154, must be available for a parent or guardian to preview during school hours. Materials or curriculum not included in the materials on an instructional materials parent portal or available on the campus for preview may not be used.				
	Educati	on Code 33.004			
Child Consent to	A child may consent to counseling for:				
Counseling	1. Su	licide prevention,			
	2. Cł	nemical addiction or dependency; or			
	3. Se	exual, physical, or emotional abuse.			
	Family Code 32.004(a)				
	[For more information about consent for mental health treatment, see FFEB.]				
Comprehensive School Counseling Program	A school counselor shall work with the school faculty and staff, stu- dents, parents, and the community to plan, implement, and evalu- ate a comprehensive school counseling program that conforms to the most recent edition of the Texas Model for Comprehensive School Counseling Programs developed by the Texas Counseling Association.				
	The school counselor shall design the developmental guidance and counseling program to include:				
	ca	guidance curriculum to help students develop their full edu- tional potential, including the student's interests and career jectives.			

## COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING

	2.	A responsive services component to intervene on behalf of any student whose immediate personal concerns or problems put the student's continued educational, career, personal, or social development at risk.			
	3.	An individual planning system to guide a student as the stu- dent plans, monitors, and manages the student's own educa- tional, career, personal, and social development.			
	4.	System support to support the efforts of teachers, staff, par- ents, and other members of the community in promoting the educational, career, personal, and social development of stu- dents.			
	Edι	Education Code 33.005			
Higher Education Counseling	sch ing sigr	ch school counselor at an elementary, middle, or junior high ool shall advise students and their parents or guardians regard- the importance of postsecondary education, coursework de- ned to prepare students for postsecondary education, and finan- aid availability and requirements.			
	aga sch to tl	ing the first school year a student is enrolled in high school, and in during each year of a student's enrollment in high school, a ool counselor shall provide information about higher education ne student and the student's parent or guardian. The informa- must cover:			
	1.	The importance of postsecondary education;			
	2.	The advantages of earning an endorsement and a perfor- mance acknowledgment and completing the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school pro- gram;			
	3.	The disadvantages of taking courses to prepare for a high school equivalency examination relative to the benefits of tak- ing courses leading to a high school diploma;			
	4.	Financial aid eligibility;			
	5.	Instruction on how to apply for federal financial aid;			
	6.	The center for financial aid information established under Ed- ucation Code 61.0776;			
	7.	The automatic admission of certain students to general aca- demic teaching institutions as provided by Education Code 51.803;			
	8.	The eligibility and academic performance requirements for the TEXAS Grant;			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023	2 of 4			

## COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING

	9.	The availability of programs in a district under which a student may earn college credit, including advanced placement pro- grams, dual credit programs, joint high school and college credit programs, and international baccalaureate programs;			
	10.	The availability of education and training vouchers and tuition and fee waivers to attend an institution of higher education as provided by Education Code 54.366 for a student who is or was previously in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services; and			
	11.	The availability of college credit awarded by institutions of higher education to veterans and military servicemembers for military experience, education, and training obtained during military service as described by the information materials de- veloped by the commissioner in cooperation with the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board under Labor Code 302.0031(h).			
	When providing information under item 10, above, the school coun- selor must report to the student and the student's parent or guardian the number of times the counselor has provided the infor- mation to the student.				
	When providing information under item 11, the school counselor must explain to any student who is enlisted or intends to enlist in the armed forces of the United States the informational materials developed under Labor Code 302.0031.				
Automatic Admission	At the beginning of grades 10 and 11, a certified school counse shall explain the requirements of automatic admission to a gene academic teaching institution to each student who has a grade point average in the top 25 percent of the student's high school class. [See EIC]				
	Education Code 33.007; 19 TAC 61.1071				
Notice of Grant Programs	In a manner that assists the district in implementing the district im- provement plan, a district shall notify students in middle school, ju- nior high school, and high school and those students' teachers, school counselors, and parents of:				
	1.	The TEXAS Grant;			
	2.	Teach for Texas Grant programs;			
	3.	Future Texas Teachers Scholarship programs;			
	4.	The eligibility requirements of each program;			

## COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING

FFEA (LEGAL)

- 5. The need for students to make informed curriculum choices to be prepared for success beyond high school; and
- 6. Sources of information on higher education admissions and financial aid.

Education Code 56.308(b)(1)

Policy and Program to Address Sexual Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	A district shall provide child abuse antivictimization programs in el- ementary and secondary schools. <i>Education Code 38.004</i>				
	A district shall adopt and implement a policy addressing sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, to be included in the district improvement plan [see BQ] and any information handbook provided to students and parents. <i>Education Code</i> 38.0041(a)				
	The policy included in any informational handbook provided to stu- dents and parents must address the following:				
	<ol> <li>Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, trafficking, and other forms of maltreatment of children, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim;</li> </ol>				
	2. Actions a child who is a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment should take to obtain assistance and intervention; and				
	<ol> <li>Available counseling options for students affected by sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment.</li> </ol>				
	19 TAC 61.1051(b)(3)				
Definitions Child Abuse or Neglect	The definition of child abuse or neglect includes the trafficking of a child in accordance with Education Code 38.004.				
Other Maltreatment	This term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code 42.002.				
Trafficking of a Child	This term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5) (6), (7), or (8).				
	19 TAC 61.1051(a)				
Duty to Report Report by Any Person	Any person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect by any person shall immediately make a report as required by law. <i>Family Code 261.101(a)</i>				
Report by Any Professional	Any professional who has reasonable cause to believe that a child has been or may be abused or neglected shall make a report as required by law. The report must be made within 48 hours after the professional first has reasonable cause to believe that the child has been or may be abused or neglected or is the victim of an offense of indecency with a child.				

	A professional may not delegate to or rely on another person to make the report.			
	A "professional" is a person who is licensed or certified by the state or who is an employee of a facility licensed, certified, or operated by the state and who, in the normal course of official duties or du- ties for which a license or certification is required, has direct con- tact with children. The term includes teachers, nurses, doctors, day-care employees, juvenile probation officers, and juvenile de- tention or correctional officers.			
	Family Code 261.101(b)			
Abuse of Persons with Disabilities	A person having cause to believe that a person with a disability is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall report the informa- tion immediately to the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS).			
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person has cause to believe that a person with a disability has been abused, ne- glected, or exploited or is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploita- tion and knowingly fails to report.			
	A person filing a report or testifying or otherwise participating in any judicial proceeding arising from a petition, report, or investiga- tion is immune from civil or criminal liability on account of his or her petition, report, testimony, or participation, unless the person acted in bad faith or with a malicious purpose.			
	Human Resources Code 48.051, .052, .054			
Adult Victims of Abuse	A person or professional shall make a report in the manner re- quired above if the person or professional has reasonable cause to believe that an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child and the person or professional determines in good faith that disclo- sure of the information is necessary to protect the health and safety of another child or an elderly person or person with a disabil- ity. <i>Family Code 261.101(b-1)</i>			
Restrictions on Reporting Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par- ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to adminis- ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusal:			
	<ol> <li>Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or</li> </ol>			

	2.		resulted in an observable and material impairment to the /th, development, or functioning of the child.	
	Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFEB]			
Contents of Report	The report should reflect the reporter's belief that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or has died of abuse or neglect. The individual making the report shall identify, if known:			
	1.	The	name and address of the child;	
	2.		name and address of the person responsible for the care, ody, or welfare of the child;	
	3.		facts that caused the individual to believe the child has abused or neglected and the source of the information;	
	4.	The	individual's name and telephone number;	
	5.	The	individual's:	
		a.	Home address; or	
		b.	If the individual is a professional as defined by Family Code 261.101(b) [see Report by Any Professional, above], the individual's business address and profes- sion; and	
	6.	•	other pertinent information concerning the alleged or sus- ed abuse or neglect.	
	Fam	nily Co	ode 261.102, .104	
Confidentiality of Report	A report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect and the identity of the person making the report is confidential and not subject to release under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act) and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with the Family Code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency. <i>Family Code 261.201(a)-(a)(1)</i>			
	tity of tial a purp	of an i and m ooses	aived in writing by the person making the report, the iden- individual making a report under this chapter is confiden- nay be disclosed only to a law enforcement officer for the of a criminal investigation of the report, or as ordered by inder Family Code 261.201. <i>Family Code 261.101(d)</i>	
Abuse and Neglect Involving School Personnel and Those Responsible for Care	If the alleged or suspected abuse or neglect involves a person re- sponsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child, the report must be made to DFPS, unless the report is made to a state agency under item 4, below, or the report involves a juvenile justice program or facility [see JJAEPS, below].			

- 1. Any local or state law enforcement agency;
- 2. DFPS, Child Protective Services (CPS) Division;
- 3. A local office of CPS, where available; or
- 4. The state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or registers the facility in which the alleged abuse or neglect occurred.

#### Family Code 261.103(a); 19 TAC 61.1051(b)(1)-(2)

"Person responsible for a child's care, custody, or welfare" means a person who traditionally is responsible for a child's care, custody, or welfare, including:

- 1. A parent, guardian, managing or possessory conservator, or foster parent of the child;
- 2. A member of the child's family or household as defined by Family Code Chapter 71;
- 3. A person with whom the child's parent cohabits;
- 4. School personnel or a volunteer at the child's school;
- 5. Personnel or a volunteer at a public or private child-care facility that provides services for the child or at a public or private residential institution or facility where the child resides; or
- 6. An employee, volunteer, or other person working under the supervision of a licensed or unlicensed child-care facility, including a family home, residential child-care facility, employer-based day-care facility, or shelter day-care facility, as those terms are defined in Human Resources Code Chapter 42.

Family Code 261.001(5)

Reporting Abuse,<br/>Neglect, orAny report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation, as those<br/>terms are defined in Family Code 261.405, in a juvenile justice<br/>program or facility shall be made to the Texas Juvenile Justice<br/>Department and a local law enforcement agency for investigation.<br/>The term "juvenile justice program" includes a juvenile justice<br/>alternative education program. Family Code 261.405(a)(4)(A), (b)

Immunity fromA person acting in good faith who reports or assists in the investi-<br/>gation of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect or who testifies<br/>or otherwise participates in a judicial proceeding arising from a re-<br/>port, petition, or investigation of alleged child abuse or neglect is

	immune from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed. <i>Family Code</i> 261.106
	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- erwise discriminate against, or take any other adverse employment action against a professional who makes a good faith report of abuse or neglect. <i>Family Code 261.110(b)</i> [See DG]
<b>Criminal Offenses</b> Failure to Report	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if he or she is required to make a report under Family Code 261.101(a) [see Duty to Re- port, above] and knowingly fails to make a report as provided by law.
	A person who is a professional commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person is required to make a report under Family Code 261.101(b) [see Duty to Report] and knowingly fails to make a re- port as provided by law. The professional commits a state jail felony if he or she intended to conceal the abuse or neglect.
	Family Code 261.109
False Report	A person commits an offense if, with the intent to deceive, the person knowingly makes a report of abuse and neglect that is false. The offense is a state jail felony, except that it is a felony of the third degree if the person has previously been convicted of the offense. <i>Family Code 261.107(a)</i>
Coercion	A public servant, including as a school administrator, who coerces another into suppressing or failing to report child abuse or neglect to a law enforcement agency commits a Class C misdemeanor of- fense. <i>Penal Code 39.06</i>
SBEC Disciplinary Action	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may take any of the actions listed in 19 Administrative Code 249.15(a) (impositions, including revocation of a certificate and administrative penalties) based on satisfactory evidence that the person has failed to report or has hindered the reporting of child abuse pursuant to Family Code 261.001, or has failed to notify the SBEC, the commissioner of education, or the school superintendent or director under the circumstances and in the manner required by Education Code 21.006, 21.0062, 22.093, and 19 Administrative Code 249.14(d)-(f). <i>19 TAC 249.15(b)(4)</i>

	Note:	The following legal provisions address child abuse and neglect investigations generally. See GRA for additional legal provisions addressing notification requirements and right of access to students when DFPS investigates re- ports of abuse and neglect at school. See 40 Administra- tive Code Chapter 707, Subchapter B for more informa- tion regarding investigations of abuse or neglect in a school setting.	
Investigations Reports to District	If DFPS initiates an investigation and determines that the abuse or neglect involves an employee of a public elementary or secondary school, and that the child is a student at the school, the department shall orally notify the superintendent of the district in which the employee is employed. <i>Family Code 261.105(d)</i>		
	On request, DFPS shall provide a copy of the completed report of its investigation to the board, the superintendent, and the school principal, unless the principal is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect. The report shall be edited to protect the identity of the person who made the report. <i>Family Code 261.406(b)</i>		
Interview of Student	The investigating agency shall be permitted to interview the child at any reasonable time and place, including at the child's school. <i>Family Code 261.302(b)</i> [See GRA]		
Interference with Investigation	A person may not interfere with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect conducted by DFPS. <i>Family Code 261.303(a)</i>		
Confidentiality	recording DFPS in is not sub be releas	raph, videotape, audiotape, or other audio or visual d, depiction, or documentation of a child that is made by the course of an inspection or investigation is confidential, oject to release under the Public Information Act, and may ed only as required by state or federal law or rules by the DFPS. <i>Human Resources Code 42.004</i>	
Reporting Policy	abuse an	shall adopt and annually review policies for reporting child d neglect. The policies shall follow the requirements of ode Chapter 261. <i>19 TAC 61.1051(b)</i>	
	tractor wh has been ten or ora To Whom by the bo	ies must require every school employee, agent, or con- no suspects a child's physical or mental health or welfare adversely affected by abuse or neglect to submit a writ- al report to at least one of the authorities listed above [see in Reported, above] within 48 hours or less, as determined ard, after learning of facts giving rise to the suspicion. 19 1051(b)(1)	

The policies must be consistent with the Family Code Chapter 261 and 40 Administrative Code Chapter 700 (CPS) regarding investigations by DFPS, including regulations governing investigation of abuse by school personnel and volunteers. [See GRA]

The policies must require a report to DFPS if the alleged abuse or neglect involves a person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child and must notify school personnel of the following:

- Penalties under Penal Code 39.06 (misuse of official information), Family Code 261.109 (failure to report), and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 249 (actions against educator's certificate) for failure to submit a required report of child abuse or neglect;
- 2. Applicable prohibitions against interference with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect, including:
  - a. Family Code 261.302 and 261.303, prohibiting school officials from denying an investigator's request to interview a student at school; and
  - b. Family Code 261.302, prohibiting school officials from requiring the presence of a parent or school administrator during an interview by an investigator.
- Immunity provisions applicable to a person who reports child abuse or neglect or otherwise assists an investigation in good faith;
- 4. Confidentiality provisions relating to a report of suspected child abuse or neglect;
- 5. Any disciplinary action that may result from noncompliance with a district's reporting policy; and
- 6. The prohibition under Education Code 26.0091 [see Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing, above].

19 TAC 61.1051(b)(2)

The policies may not require that school personnel report suspicions of child abuse or neglect to a school administrator before making a report to one of the agencies listed above.

The policies must:

- 1. Include the current toll-free number for DFPS;
- 2. Provide for cooperation with law enforcement child abuse investigations without the consent of the child's parent, if necessary, including investigations by DFPS; and

	3.	Include child abuse anti-victimization programs in elementary and secondary schools consisting of age-appropriate, re- search-based prevention designed to promote self-protection and prevent sexual abuse and trafficking.
	19	TAC 61.1051(b)(5)-(b)(8)
Annual Distribution and Staff Development	boa sch pro	policies required by these provisions and adopted by the rd shall be distributed to all personnel at the beginning of each pol year. The policies shall be addressed in staff development grams at regular intervals determined by a board. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>1051(c)</i> [See also DH and GRA]
	[For	training requirements under these provisions, see DMA.]
Required Poster	able	ng a format and language that is clear, simple, and understand- to students, each public school shall post, in English and in nish:
	1.	The current toll-free DFPS Abuse Hotline telephone number;
	2.	Instructions to call 911 for emergencies; and
	3.	Directions for accessing the DFPS <u>Texas Abuse Hotline web-</u> <u>site</u> <sup>1</sup> for more information on reporting abuse, neglect, and ex- ploitation.
	carr area info prin tion	strict shall post the information specified above at each school upus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly visible public a that is readily accessible to and widely used by students. The rmation must be on a poster (11x17 inches or larger) in large t and placed at eye-level to the student for easy viewing. Addi- ally, the current toll-free Texas Department of Family and Pro- tive Services Abuse Hotline telephone number should be in bold t.
	Edu	cation Code 38.0042; 19 TAC 61.1051(e)-(f)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Texas Abuse Hotline website: <u>https://www.txabusehotline.org/</u>

## STUDENT RECORDS

## FL (LEGAL)

Table of Contents	Education Records	2
	"Education Records" Defined	2
	Screening Records	2
	Immunization Records	3
	Medical Records	3
	Food Allergy Information	3
	Assessment Instruments	3
	Academic Achievement Record (Grades 9-12)	4
	Enrollment Records	4
	Access, Disclosure, and Amendment	4
	Definitions	4
	Disclosure With Consent	6
	Access by Parents	6
	Access by Student	7
	Disclosure Without Consent	7
	Subpoenaed Records	11
	Sex Offenders	12
	Request Procedure	12
	Records Destruction	12
	De-Identified Records	12
	Authenticating Requestors' Identities	13
	Transfer Not Permitted	13
	Record of Access to Student Records	14
	Right to Amend	14
	Fees for Copies	15
	Records of Students with Disabilities	15
	Annual Notification of Rights	16
	Directory Information	17
	"Directory Information" Defined	17
	Videotapes and Recordings	21

	Not	e:	For information regarding law enforcement and schools, see GRAA. For information regarding juvenile law enforcement records, see GBA.
Education Records "Education Records" Defined	thos info edu	se rec rmation cation	urposes of this policy, the term "education records" means ords, files, documents, and other materials that contain on directly related to a student and are maintained by an agency or institution or by a person acting for such r institution.
	The	term	"education records" does not include:
	1.	vidu	ords that are created or received by a district after an indi- al is no longer a student in attendance and that are not di- ly related to the individual's attendance as a student.
	2.	poss ory a	ords made by district personnel that are kept in the sole session of the maker, are used only as a personal mem- aid, and are not accessible or revealed to anyone other a temporary substitute for the maker of the record.
	3.	that	ords maintained by a law enforcement unit of a district were created by that law enforcement unit for the pur- e of law enforcement.
	4.		ords on a student who is 18 years of age or older, or who tending an institution of postsecondary education, that
		a.	Made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psy- chologist, or other recognized professional or parapro- fessional acting in his or her professional capacity or as- sisting in a paraprofessional capacity;
		b.	Made, maintained, or used only in connection with treat- ment of the student; and
		C.	Disclosed only to individuals providing the treatment. For the purpose of this definition, "treatment" does not in- clude remedial educational activities or activities that are part of the program of instruction at the agency or institu- tion.
	5.		des on peer-graded papers before they are collected and orded by a teacher.
	20 L	J.S.C	. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99.3
Screening Records			ipal of each school shall maintain records of screening for enses and communication disorders, spinal screening,

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LEGAL)
	and assessment for type 2 diabetes for each student in the school. Records shall be open for inspection by the state or local health department. 20 U.S.C. 1232g; Health and Safety Code 36.006, 37.003, 95.004; 25 TAC 37.145(b) [See FFAA]
Immunization Records	A district shall maintain an individual immunization record during the period of attendance for each student admitted. The records shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the Texas Education Agency or by representatives of local health depart- ments or the Texas Department of State Health Services. A district shall cooperate with other districts in transferring students' immu- nization records between other schools. Specific approval from stu- dents, parents, or guardians is not required prior to making such record transfers. <i>Education Code 38.002</i> [See FFAB]
Medical Records	The parent or guardian of a student is entitled to access to the stu- dent's medical records maintained by a district. On request of a student's parent or guardian, a district shall provide a copy of the student's medical records to the parent or guardian. A district may not impose a charge that exceeds the amount authorized by Sec- tion 552.261 of the Government Code [see GBAA]. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 38.0095</i>
Privacy Rule for Non-"Education Records"	To the extent a district is a covered entity under the Health Insur- ance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), the district must comply with the Privacy Rule, 45 C.F.R. Part 164, with respect to protected health information that is not an education record. <i>45 C.F.R. 160.103, 164.501</i> [See CRD]
Food Allergy Information	Information regarding a child's food allergy, regardless of how it is received by the school or school district, shall be retained in the child's student records but may not be placed in the health record maintained for the child by the district.
Exceptions	If the school receives documentation of a food allergy from a physi- cian, that documentation shall be placed in the health record main- tained for the child by the district.
	A registered nurse may enter appropriate notes about a child's possible food allergy in the health record maintained for the child by the district, including a notation that the child's student records indicate that a parent has notified the district of the child's possible food allergy. [See FD]
	Education Code 25.0022(d)-(f)
Assessment Instruments	The results of individual student performance on basic skills as- sessment instruments or other achievement tests administered by a district are confidential and may be made available only to the student, the student's parent or guardian, and to the school per-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	023 3 of 21

	sonnel directly involved with the student's educational program. However, overall student performance data shall be aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, and made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled board meetings. The information may not con- tain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.030(b)</i> [See EKB]
Academic Achievement Record (Grades 9-12)	Following guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, a district must use an academic achievement record (transcript) form that includes student demographics, school data, student data, and the record of courses and credits earned. The academic achievement record shall serve as the academic record for each student and must be maintained permanently by the district. A dis- trict must ensure that copies of the record are made available for a student transferring from one district to another. To ensure appro- priate placement of a transfer student, a district must respond promptly to each request for student records from a receiving dis- trict. <i>19 TAC 74.5(b)-(c)</i> [See EI]
Enrollment Records	For information on enrollment records, see FD.
Access, Disclosure,	"Attendance" includes, but is not limited to:
and Amendment Definitions <i>Attendance</i>	<ol> <li>Attendance in person or by paper correspondence, videocon- ference, satellite, internet, or other electronic information and telecommunications technologies for students who are not physically present in the classroom; and</li> </ol>
	<ol><li>The period during which a person is working under a work- study program.</li></ol>
Authorized Representative	"Authorized representative" means any entity or individual desig- nated by a state or local educational authority or an agency headed by an official listed in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(3) to con- duct—with respect to federal- or state-supported education pro- grams—any audit, evaluation, or any compliance or enforcement activity in connection with federal legal requirements that relate to these programs.
Biometric Record	"Biometric record" means a record of one or more measurable bio- logical or behavioral characteristics that can be used for automated recognition of an individual (e.g., fingerprints, retina and iris pat- terns, voiceprints, DNA sequence, facial characteristics, and hand- writing).
Disclosure	"Disclosure" means to permit access to or the release, transfer, or other communication of personally identifiable information con- tained in education records by any means, including oral, written,

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT RECORDS		FL (LEGAL)
		lectronic means, to any party except the party identified as the by that provided or created the record.
Education Program	gag earl pos and	ucation program" means any program that is principally en- ed in the provision of education, including, but not limited to, y childhood education, elementary and secondary education, tsecondary education, special education, job training, career technical education, and adult education, and any program is administered by an educational agency or institution.
Parent		rent" includes a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual act- as a parent in the absence of a parent or guardian.
Personally	"Pe	rsonally identifiable information" includes, but is not limited to:
Identifiable Information	1.	The student's name;
	2.	The name of the student's parent or other family members;
	3.	The address of the student or student's family;
	4.	A personal identifier, such as the student's social security number, student number, or biometric record;
	5.	Other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name;
	6.	Other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the stu- dent with reasonable certainty; or
	7.	Information requested by a person who the district reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the educa- tion record relates.
Record	but	cord" means any information recorded in any way, including, not limited to, handwriting, print, computer media, video or au- tape, film, microfilm, and microfiche.
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.3
Signed and Dated Written	-	ned and dated written consent" may include a record and sig- ure in electronic form that:
Consent	1.	Identifies and authenticates a particular person as the source of the electronic consent; and
	2.	Indicates such person's approval of the information contained in the electronic consent.
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.30(d)

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LEGAL)
Disclosure With Consent	The parent or eligible student shall provide a signed and dated written consent before a district discloses personally identifiable information from a student's education records, except as provided by 34 C.F.R. 99.31. The written consent must specify the records that may be disclosed, state the purpose of the disclosure, and identify the part or class or parties to whom the disclosure may be made.
	When a disclosure is made under written consent, if a parent or eli- gible student requests, the district shall provide a copy of the records disclosed and if the parent of a student who is not an eligi- ble student requests, the district shall provide the student with a copy of the records disclosed.
	34 C.F.R. 99.30(a)-(c)
Access by Parents	A district shall give full rights under these provisions to either par- ent, unless the district has been provided with evidence that there is a court order, state statute, or legally binding document relating to such matters as divorce, separation, or custody that specifically revokes these rights. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.4</i>
	A court may order the custodian of records to delete all references in a child's records to the place of residence of either party ap- pointed as conservator before their release to another party ap- pointed as conservator. <i>Family Code 153.012</i>
	A parent is entitled to access to all written records of a district con- cerning the parent's child, including attendance records, test scores, grades, disciplinary records, counseling records, psycho- logical records, applications for admission, health and immuniza- tion information, teacher and school counselor evaluations, reports of behavioral patterns, and records relating to assistance provided for learning difficulties, including information collected regarding any intervention strategies used with the child.
	"Intervention strategy" means a strategy in a multi-tiered system of supports that is above the level of intervention generally used in that system with all children. The term includes response to inter- vention and other early intervening strategies.
	Education Code 26.004
	If the education records of a student contain information on more than one student, the parent or eligible student may inspect and review or be informed of only the specific information about that student. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.12(a)

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LEGAL)
Access by Student	"Eligible student" means a student who has reached 18 years of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary education. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.</i> 3
	When a student becomes an eligible student, the rights accorded to, and consent required of, parents under these provisions transfer from the parents to the student.
	Nothing in this provision prevents a district from disclosing educa- tion records, or personally identifiable information from education records, to a parent without prior written consent of an eligible stu- dent if the disclosure meets the conditions in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a), including if the student is a dependent for tax purposes or in the case of a health or safety emergency.
	34 C.F.R. 99.5, .31(a)(8), (a)(10), .36
Disclosure Without Consent	Personally identifiable information in education records shall not be released without the written consent of the student's parents, except to the following.
School Officials	School officials, including teachers, who have legitimate educa- tional interests.
	A contractor, consultant, volunteer, or other party to whom a district has outsourced institutional services or functions may be consid- ered a school official under this paragraph provided that the out- side party:
	<ol> <li>Performs an institutional service or function for which the dis- trict would otherwise use employees;</li> </ol>
	2. Is under the direct control of the district with respect to the use and maintenance of education records; and
	3. Is subject to the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a) governing the use and redisclosure of personally identifiable information from education records.
	A district must use reasonable methods to ensure that school offi- cials obtain access to only those education records in which they have legitimate educational interests. A district that does not use physical or technological access controls must ensure that its ad- ministrative policy for controlling access to education records is ef- fective and that it remains in compliance with the legitimate educa- tional interest requirement.
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(1)

#### STUDENT RECORDS

An administrator, nurse, or teacher is entitled to access to a student's medical records maintained by a district for reasons determined by district policy. Education Code 38.009

Officials of Other Officials of educational agencies or institutions, including officials of Schools another school or institution of postsecondary education in which the student seeks or intends to enroll, or where the student is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer, provided that a district shall:

- 1. Make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent or eligible student at the last known address of the parent or eligible student. unless:
  - The disclosure is initiated by the parent or eligible stua. dent; or
  - The annual notification under 34 C.F.R. 99.7 includes a b. notice that the district forwards education records to other agencies or institutions that have requested the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for the purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer:
- 2. Give the parent or eligible student, upon request, a copy of the record that was disclosed; and
- Give the parent or eligible student, upon request, an opportu-3. nity for a hearing under 34 C.F.R. Part 99, Subpart C.

34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(2), .34

Authorized representatives of the officials or agencies headed by Government the Comptroller General of the United States, the Attorney General Representatives of the United States, the Secretary of Education, or state and local educational authorities who require access to student or other records necessary in connection with the audit and evaluation of federal- or state-supported education programs or in connection with the enforcement of or compliance with federal legal requirements that relate to such programs. 34 C.F.R. 99.35(a)(1)

> A district may not refuse to report information concerning a student holding an F, J, or M visa on the basis of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and any regulation implementing FERPA. A district is authorized and required to report information that would ordinarily be protected by FERPA only to the extent required by 8 U.S.C. 1372, 8 C.F.R. 214.3(g), or any corresponding regulation. 8 C.F.R. 214.1(h); 8 U.S.C. 1372(c)(2)

Authorized

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT RECORDS	FI (LEGAL	
Financial Aid Personnel	Personnel involved with a student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid. 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(4)(i)	
Juvenile Justice Officials	State and local officials to whom such information is specifically al- lowed to be reported or disclosed by state statute if:	
	<ol> <li>The allowed reporting or disclosure concerns the juvenile jus- tice system and its ability to effectively serve, prior to adjudi- cation, the student whose records are released; and</li> </ol>	
	2. The officials and authorities to whom such information is dis- closed certify in writing to the district that the information will not be disclosed to any other party except as provided under state law without the prior written consent of the parent of the student.	
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(5)(i), .38	
	A school district superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall disclose information contained in a student's educational records to a juvenile service provider as required by Family Code 58.0051 [see GRAC]. <i>Education Code</i> 37.084(a)	
Organizations Conducting Studies	Organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, districts for the purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive tests, administering student aid programs, and improving instruc- tion. Such studies must be conducted in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and students by individuals other than representatives of the organization that have legitimate interests in the information. Such information must be destroyed when no longer needed for the original purposes of the studies.	S
	The district must enter into a written agreement with the organiza- tion that:	
	<ol> <li>Specifies the purpose, scope, and duration of the study or studies and the information to be disclosed;</li> </ol>	
	2. Requires the organization to use personally identifiable infor- mation from education records only to meet the purpose or purposes of the study as stated in the written agreement;	
	3. Requires the organization to conduct the study in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and stu dents, as defined in this part, by anyone other than representatives of the organization with legitimate interests; and	
	4. Requires the organization to destroy all personally identifiable information when the information is no longer needed for the purposes for which the study was conducted and specifies the time period in which the information must be destroyed.	

	A district that enters into an agreement with an organization con- ducting a study may redisclose personally identifiable information from education records on behalf of educational agencies and insti- tutions that disclosed the information to the district in accordance with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33(b).
	A district is not required to initiate a study or agree with or endorse the conclusions or results of the study.
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(6)(i)-(iv)
Accrediting Organizations	Accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(7)
Health or Safety Emergency	Appropriate parties, including the student's parents, in connection with an emergency if the knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.
	In making a determination, a district may take into account the to- tality of the circumstances pertaining to a threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals. If the district determines that there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals, it may disclose information from education records to any person whose knowledge of the in- formation is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals. If, based on the information available at the time of the determination, there is a rational basis for the determi- nation, the United States Department of Education (U.S. ED) will not substitute its judgment for that of the district in evaluating the circumstances and making its determination.
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(10), .36(a),(c)
Agriculture Secretary	The Secretary of Agriculture, or authorized representative from the Food and Nutrition Service, for the purposes of conducting pro- gram monitoring, evaluations, and performance measurements of districts receiving funding or providing benefits of programs autho- rized under the National School Lunch Act or the Child Nutrition Act [see COB] for which the results will be reported in an aggre- gate form, on the conditions as follows:
	<ol> <li>Any data collected under this paragraph shall be protected in a manner that will not permit the personal identification of stu- dents and their parents by other than the authorized repre- sentatives of the United Stated Secretary of Education; and</li> </ol>

	<ol> <li>Any personally identifiable data shall be destroyed when the data are no longer needed for program monitoring, evalua- tions, and performance measurements.</li> </ol>		
	20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(K)		
Child Welfare Agency	An agency caseworker or other representative of a state or local child welfare agency or tribal organization, who has the right to access a student's case plan, as defined and determined by the state or tribal organization, when the agency or organization is legally responsible, in accordance with state or tribal law, for the care and protection of the student. Education records, or the personally identifiable information contained in such records, of the student shall not be disclosed by the agency or organization, except to an individual or entity engaged in addressing the student's education needs and authorized by the agency or organization to receive the disclosure. A disclosure must be consistent with state or tribal laws applicable to protecting the confidentiality of a student's education records. $20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(L)$		
Directory Information	Any person requesting directory information after a district has given public notice of that definition. [See Directory Information, be-low] <i>34 C.F.R. 99.37</i>		
Subpoenaed Records	A district shall release student records in compliance with a judicial order, or pursuant to any lawfully issued subpoena, except when a parent is a party to a court proceeding involving child abuse and neglect (as defined in section 3 of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act [42 U.S.C. 5101 note]) or dependency matters, and the order is issued in the context of that proceeding, additional notice to the parent by the educational agency or institution is not required. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(J), (b)(2)(B)		
	The educational agency or institution may disclose information un- der this section only if the agency or institution makes a reasonable effort to notify the parent or eligible student of the order or sub- poena in advance of compliance, so that the parent or eligible stu- dent may seek protective action, unless the disclosure is in compli- ance with:		
	<ol> <li>A federal grand jury subpoena and the court has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the informa- tion furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed;</li> </ol>		
	2. Any other subpoena issued for a law enforcement purpose and the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the ex- istence or the contents of the subpoena or the information fur- nished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed; or		

	3. An ex parte court order obtained by the United States attor- ney general (or designee not lower than an assistant attorney general) concerning investigations or prosecutions of an of- fense listed in 18 U.S.C. 2332b(g)(5)(B) or an act of domestic or international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2331.
	If the district initiates legal action against a parent or student, the district may disclose to the court, without a court order or sub- poena, the education records of the student that are relevant for the district to proceed with the legal action as plaintiff.
	If a parent or eligible student initiates legal action against a district, the district may disclose to the court, without a court order or sub- poena, the student's education records that are relevant for the dis- trict to defend itself.
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(9)
Sex Offenders	A district may disclose personally identifiable information without consent if the disclosure concerns sex offenders and other individuals required to register under section 170101 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. 14071, and the information was provided to the district under 42 U.S.C. 14071 and applicable federal guidelines. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(16)</i>
Request Procedure	Upon request of a properly qualified individual, access to a stu- dent's education record shall be granted within a reasonable period of time, but not more than 45 days after it has received the request. A district shall respond to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.10</i>
Records Destruction	A district shall not destroy any education records if there is an out- standing request to inspect and review the records. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>99.10(e)</i>
De-Identified Records	A district, or a party that has received education records or infor- mation from education records, may release the records or infor- mation without the parent's written consent after the removal of all personally identifiable information provided that the district or other party has made a reasonable determination that a student's iden- tity is not personally identifiable, whether through single or multiple releases, and taking into account other reasonably available infor- mation. 34 C.F.R. 99.31(b)(1)
Education Research	A district, or a party that has received education records or infor- mation from education records, may release de-identified student level data from education records for the purpose of education re- search by attaching a code to each record that may allow the recip- ient to match information received from the same source, provided that:
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23 12 of 21

		1.	A district or other party that releases de-identified data under this section does not disclose any information about how it generates and assigns a record code, or that would allow a recipient to identify a student based on a record code;	
		2.	The record code is used for no purpose other than identifying a de-identified record for purposes of education research and cannot be used to ascertain personally identifiable information about a student; and	
		3.	The record code is not based on a student's social security number or other personal information.	
		34 C.F.R. 99.31(b)(2)		
	Authenticating Requestors' Identities	A district must use reasonable methods to identify and authentic the identity of parents, students, school officials, and any other p ties to whom the district discloses personally identifiable informa- tion from education records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.31(c)</i>		
	Transfer Not Permitted	Personal information from student education records shall be transferred to a third party only on the condition that such party will not permit any other party to have access to such information with- out the written consent of the student's parent. If a third party per- mits access to information in violation of this policy or fails to de- stroy the information as required by 20 U.S.C. $1232g(b)(1)(F)$ , a district shall not permit access to information from education records to that third party for a period of not less than five years. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(4)(B); 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a)(1)		
		A district shall inform a party to whom a disclosure is made of the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33, unless the disclosure is made pursuant to a court order, lawfully issued subpoena, or litigation; the disclosed information is directory information; the disclosure concerns sex offenders; or the disclosure is made to a parent of a student who is not an eligible student or to a student. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.33(c)-(d)		
		A district may disclose personally identifiable information with the understanding that the party receiving the information may make further disclosures of the information on behalf of the district if:		
		1.	The disclosures meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.31; and	
		2.	The district has complied with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b) regarding the record of disclosure; or a state or local educational authority or federal official or agency listed re-	

#### STUDENT RECORDS

questing information through a subpoena or ex parte order has complied with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b)(2).

34 C.F.R. 99.33(b)

Record of Access to Student Records Each school shall maintain a record, kept with the education record of each student that indicates all individuals, agencies, or organizations that have requested or obtained access to a student's education records, as well as the names of state and local educational authorities and federal officials and agencies listed in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(3) that may make further disclosures of personally identifiable information from the student's education records without consent. A district must obtain a copy of the record of further disclosures maintained by the named authorities, officials, and agencies under 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b)(2) and make it available in response to a parent's request to review the record.

> A district must record the following information when it discloses personally identifiable information from education records under the health or safety emergency exception [see Health or Safety Emergency, above]:

- 1. The articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals that formed the basis for the disclosure; and
- 2. The parties to whom the district disclosed the information.

34 C.F.R. 99.32

The records shall include at least the name of the person or agency that made the request and the legitimate interest the person or agency had in the information. The record will be maintained as long as the district maintains the student's education record. The record of access shall be available only to parents, school officials responsible for custody of the records, and those state, local, and federal officials authorized to audit the operation of the system. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(4)(A); 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a)(2)

The record shall not include requests for access by, or access granted to, parents of the student or officials of a district, requests accompanied by prior written consent of the parent, requests for directory information, or a party seeking or receiving records in accordance with a subpoena or ex parte order. *34 C.F.R. 99.32(d)* 

Right to Amend The parent of a student whose records are covered by this policy may ask a district to amend the student's record if the parent believes it contains information that is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the student's right of privacy or other rights. If a district decides not to amend the education records requested, it shall in-

	form the parent of its decision and his or her right to a hearing to challenge the content of the student's education records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.20</i>		
	If a district decides to amend the records as a result of the hearing, it shall inform the parent in writing. If, as a result of the hearing, the district decides not to amend the records, it shall inform the parent of the right to place a statement in the records commenting on the contested information and/or stating why the parent disagrees with the decision of the district. Any explanation shall be maintained with the contested part of the record for as long as the record is maintained and shall be disclosed whenever the contested portion of the record is disclosed. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.21		
Fees for Copies	No fee shall be charged to search for or to retrieve the education records of a student. A fee may be charged for a copy of education records which is made for the parent or an eligible student, unless the imposition of a fee effectively prevents a parent or eligible student from exercising the right to inspect and review those records. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99.11; Education Code 26.012</i>		
Records of Students with Disabilities	A district shall permit parents to inspect and review education records collected, maintained, or used for purposes of identifying, evaluating, placing, or educating students with disabilities. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.613(a)</i>		
Access Rights	In addition to policies applicable to all student records, the follow- ing guidelines shall apply when parents of a student with disabili- ties request to review or inspect district records relating to the edu- cation of their child:		
	1. Parents may request that a representative inspect and review the records. 34 C.F.R. 300.613(b)(3)		
	2. A district shall comply with a request without unnecessary de- lay and before any meeting regarding an individualized edu- cation program (IEP) or hearing relating to the identification, evaluation, or placement of the child, and in no case longer than 45 days after the request. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.613(a)</i>		
	3. A district shall keep a record of persons obtaining access to these student records (except access by parents and authorized employees), including name, date of access, and the purpose for which the person is authorized to use the records. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.614</i>		
Record Types and Locations	A district shall provide parents on request a list of types and loca- tions of education records. 34 C.F.R. 300.616		

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT RECORDS	F (LEGAL		
Parental Consent	Parental consent must be obtained before personally identifiable information is used for any purpose other than meeting a requirement under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or disclosed to anyone other than officials of agencies collecting or using this information. A district may not release information from these records without parental consent except as provided in FERPA. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.622</i>	9	
Confidentiality	A district shall protect the confidentiality of personally identifiable information in collection, storage, disclosure, and destruction of records. One official in a district shall assume responsibility for ensuring confidentiality of personally identifiable information. All persons collecting or using this information shall receive training or instruction concerning the legal requirements involved in handling these records. A district shall maintain for public inspection a current listing of the names and positions of employees who may have access to this information. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.623</i>	-	
Information Destruction	A district shall inform parents when personally identifiable informa- tion collected, maintained, or used to provide special education and related services is no longer needed to provide educational services to the student. Such information shall be destroyed at the request of the parents.		
	A permanent record of the student's name, address, phone num- ber, grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level com- pleted, and year completed may be maintained without time limita- tion.		
	34 C.F.R. 300.624		
Annual Notification of Rights	A district shall give parents of students in attendance and eligible students in attendance annual notification of their rights under FERPA.		
	The notice must inform parents or eligible students that they have the right to:		
	1. Inspect and review the student's education records;		
	2. Seek amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes to be inaccurate, mislead-ing, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights;		
	3. Consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that the Act and 34 C.F.R. 99.31 authorize disclosure without consent; and		

4.	File with the U.S. ED a complaint under 34 C.F.R. 99.63 and 99.64 concerning alleged failures by the district to comply with the requirements of the Act and 34 C.F.R. Part 99.			
The notice must include all of the following:				
1.	The procedure for exercising the right to inspect and review education records.			
2.	The procedure for requesting amendment of records under 34 C.F.R. 99.20.			
3.	If the district has a policy of disclosing education records un- der 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(1), a specification of criteria for deter- mining who constitutes a school official and what constitutes a legitimate educational interest.			
A district may provide this notice by any means that are reasonably likely to inform the parents or eligible students of their rights.				
ente	istrict shall effectively notify parents who are disabled and par- s of students who have a primary or home language other than glish.			
20	U.S.C. 1232g(e); 34 C.F.R. 99.7			
"Directory information" means information contained in an educa- tion record of a student that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed. Directory information includes the student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date and place of birth, dates of atten- dance, grade level, enrollment status, participation in officially rec- ognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of ath- letic teams, honors and awards received, and the most recent educational agency or institution attended. "Directory information"				
	The 1. 2. 3. A d like A d like A d ents Eng 20 "Dir tion har incl mai dan ogn letic			

1. Social security number; or

does not include a student's:

- 2. Student identification (ID) number, unless:
  - a. The student ID number, user ID number, or other unique personal identifier used by a student for purposes of accessing or communicating in electronic systems cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity, such as a personal identification number (PIN), password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user; or

## Directory Information

"Directory Information" Defined

		b. The student ID number or other unique personal identi- fier that is displayed on a student ID badge cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authen- ticate the user's identity, such as a PIN, password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user.		
	34 C	.F.R. 99.3		
Disclosure of Directory Information	A district may release directory information if it has given public no- tice to parents of students in attendance and eligible students in at- tendance at the district of:			
	1.	The types of personally identifiable information that it has des- ignated as directory information.		
	2.	A parent's or eligible student's right to refuse to let the district designate any or all of those types of information about the student as directory information.		
	3.	The period of time within which the parent has to notify the district in writing that he or she does not want any or all of those types of information about the student designated as directory information.		
Restrictions on the Right of Refusal	out o discle ident dent wear that o matio	rent or eligible student may not use the right of refusal to opt of directory information disclosures to prevent a district from osing or requiring a student to disclose the student's name, ifier, or institutional email address in a class in which the stu- is enrolled or to prevent a district from requiring a student to r, to display publicly, or to disclose a student ID card or badge exhibits information that may be designated as directory infor- on and that has been properly designated by the district as di- arry information in the public notice provided under this section.		
Former Students	witho distri discle	trict may disclose directory information about former students but satisfying the public notice conditions above. However, the ct must continue to honor any valid request to opt out of the osure of directory information made while a student was in at- ance unless the student rescinds the opt-out request.		
Confirmation of Identity or Records	A district may not disclose or confirm directory information w meeting the written consent requirements in 34 C.F.R. 99.30 student's social security number or other non-directory infor is used alone or combined with other data elements to ident help identify the student or the student's records.			
	34 C	.F.R. 99.3, .37		

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT RECORDS		FL (LEGAL)	
Homeless Students	Information about a homeless child's living situation shall be treated as a student education record, and shall not be deemed to be directory information. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(G)</i>		
Directory Information Designation	tion tion infoi trict	strict may designate as directory information any or all informa- defined as directory information by FERPA. Directory informa- under that Act that is not designated by a district as directory mation for that district is excepted from disclosure by the dis- under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). e GBA]	
	limit stud bee	ctory information consented to by a parent for use only for a ed school-sponsored purpose, such as for a student directory, ent yearbook, or district publication, if any such purpose has n designated by a district, remains otherwise confidential and not be released under Government Code Chapter 552.	
Annual Notice	stud	strict shall provide the following to the parent of each district ent, at the beginning of each school year or on enrollment of student after the beginning of the school year:	
	1.	A written explanation of the provisions of FERPA regarding the release of directory information about the student; and	
	2.	Written notice of the right of the parent to object to the release of directory information about the student under FERPA.	
Contents	The	notice must contain:	
	1.	The following statement in boldface type that is 14-point or larger: "Certain information about district students is consid- ered directory information and will be released to anyone who follows the procedures for requesting the information unless the parent or guardian objects to the release of the directory information about this student. If you do not want [insert name of district] to disclose directory information from your child's education records without your prior written consent, you must notify the district in writing by [insert date]. [Insert name of district] has designated the following information as direc- tory information: [Here the district must include any directory information it chooses to designate as directory information for the district, such as a student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, degrees, honors, and awards received, date and place of birth, major field of study, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent educa- tion institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, and the weight and height of members of athletic teams.]";	
	2.	A form, such as a check-off list or similar mechanism, that:	

#### STUDENT RECORDS

- a. Immediately follows, on the same page or the next page, the required statement; and
- b. Allows a parent to record:
  - The parent's objection to the release of all directory information or one or more specific categories of directory information if district policy permits the parent to object to one or more specific categories of directory information;
  - (2) The parent's objection to the release of a secondary student's name, address, and telephone number to a military recruiter or institution of higher education; and
  - (3) The parent's consent to the release of one or more specific categories of directory information for a limited school-sponsored purpose if such purpose has been designated by the district and is specifically identified, such as for a student directory, student yearbook, or district publication; and
- 3. A statement that federal law requires districts receiving assistance under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to provide a military recruiter or an institution of higher education, on request, with the name, address, or telephone number of a secondary student unless the parent has advised the district that the parent does not want the student's information disclosed without the parent's prior written consent.

### Education Code 26.013

Student Notwithstanding the Directory Information provisions above, each Recruitina district receiving assistance under the Elementary and Secondary Information Education Act of 1965 (ESEA) shall provide, on a request made by a military recruiter or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students' names, addresses, and telephone listings unless a student's parent has submitted the prior consent request below. Consent to A student who has attained 18 years of age or a parent of a sec-Release ondary school student may submit a written request to a district that the student's name, address, and telephone listing not be released for purposes described above without prior written consent. Upon receiving such request, a district may not release the student's name, address, and telephone listing for such purposes without the prior written consent of the parent or student. A district shall notify parents of the option to make a request.

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LEGAL)
No Opt-In Process	Nothing in this provision shall be construed to allow a district to withhold access to a student's name, address, and telephone list- ing from a military recruiter or institution of higher education by im- plementing an opt-in process or any other process other than the written consent request process above.
	20 U.S.C. 7908
	A district shall:
	<ol> <li>Provide to military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to postsecondary ed- ucational institutions or to prospective employers of those stu- dents; and</li> </ol>
	2. Upon a request made by military recruiters for military recruit- ing purposes, provide access to secondary school student names, addresses, electronic mail addresses (which shall be the electronic mail addresses provided by the school, if avail- able), and telephone listings, notwithstanding directory infor- mation requirements in FERPA [see above].
	A district shall notify parents of their right to submit a request to the district that the student's name, address, electronic mail address, and telephone listing not be released.
	10 U.S.C. 503(c)(1)(A)-(B) [See also GKC]
Videotapes and Recordings	For information about videotaping or audio recording a child, see FA.

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT RECORDS			(Lu	FL OCAL)
Comprehensive System	syste scho proc as a a sa	em of ool pro edure llowe fe an	erintendent shall develop and maintain a comprehen f student records and reports dealing with all facets ogram operation and shall ensure through reasonables that records are accessed by authorized persons d by this policy. These data and records shall be sto d secure manner and shall be conveniently retrieval othorized school officials.	of the ble only, pred in
Cumulative Record		ce int	tive record shall be maintained for each student fror o District schools until withdrawal or graduation fron	
	be n tion taine may	nainta or wit ed for be d	rd shall move with the student from school to schoo ained at the school where currently enrolled until gra thdrawal. Records for nonenrolled students shall be the period of time required by law. No permanent re estroyed without explicit permission from the Superi e CPC]	idua- re- ecords
Custodian of Records	dent who avai addr	s. Th have lable	ipal is custodian of all records for currently enrolled e Superintendent is the custodian of records for stude withdrawn or graduated. The student handbook ma to all students and parents shall contain a listing of s of District schools, as well as the Superintendent's ress.	dents ade the
Types of Education Records			d custodian shall be responsible for the education f the District. These records may include:	
	1.		iissions data, personal and family data, including ce of date of birth.	rtifica-
	2.		ndardized test data, including intelligence, aptitude, i personality, and social adjustment ratings.	nter-
	3.		chievement records, as determined by tests, record les, and teacher evaluations.	ed
	4.	any	ocumentation regarding a student's testing history a accelerated instruction he or she has received, inclu accelerated education plan developed for the stude	uding
	5.	Неа	Ith services record, including:	
		a.	The results of any tuberculin tests required by the trict.	Dis-
		b.	The findings of screening or health appraisal progr the District conducts or provides. [See FFAA]	ams
		C.	Immunization records. [See FFAB]	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 FL(LOCAL)-A1	23		Adopted:	1 of 5

### STUDENT RECORDS

- 7. Student questionnaires.
- 8. Records of teacher, school counselor, or administrative conferences with the student or pertaining to the student.
- 9. Verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns.
- 10. Copies of correspondence with parents and others concerned with the student.
- 11. Records transferred from other districts in which the student was enrolled.
- 12. Records pertaining to participation in extracurricular activities.
- 13. Information relating to student participation in special programs.
- 14. Records of fees assessed and paid.
- 15. Records pertaining to student and parent complaints.
- 16. Other records that may contribute to an understanding of the student.
- Access by Parents The District shall make a student's records available to the student's parents, as permitted by law. The records custodian or designee shall use reasonable procedures to verify the requester's identity before disclosing student records containing personally identifiable information.

Records may be reviewed in person during regular school hours without charge upon written request to the records custodian. For in-person viewing, the records custodian or designee shall be available to explain the record and to answer questions. The confidential nature of the student's records shall be maintained at all times, and records to be viewed shall be restricted to use only in the Superintendent's, principal's, or school counselor's office, or other restricted area designated by the records custodian. The original copy of the record or any document contained in the cumulative record shall not be removed from the school.

Copies of records are available at a per copy cost, payable in advance. Copies of records must be requested in writing. Parents may be denied copies of records if they fail to follow proper procedures or pay the copying charge. If the student qualifies for free or reduced-price lunches and the parents are unable to view the records during regular school hours, upon written request of a parent, one copy of the record shall be provided at no charge.

Adopted:

Transcripts and	5. The	Investigating or evaluating programs.
	4.	Reviewing an education record to fulfill the official's profes- sional responsibility; or
	3.	Compiling statistical data;
	2.	Considering disciplinary or academic actions, the student's case, or an individualized education program for a student with disabilities;
	1.	Working with the student;
		chool official has a "legitimate educational interest" in a stu- t's records when he or she is:
		the records upon completion of the assignment.
	rule	contractors provided with student records shall follow the same s as employees concerning privacy of the records and shall re-
	5.	A person appointed to serve on a team to support the Dis- trict's safe and supportive school program.
	4.	A parent or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.
	3.	A contractor retained by a cooperative of which the District is a member or by a facility with which the District contracts for placement of students with disabilities.
	2.	An employee of a cooperative of which the District is a mem- ber or of a facility with which the District contracts for place- ment of students with disabilities.
	1.	An employee, Board member, or agent of the District, includ- ing an attorney, a consultant, a contractor, a volunteer, a school resource officer, and any outside service provider used by the District to perform institutional services.
	For	the purposes of this policy, "school officials" shall include:
Access by School Officials		chool official shall be allowed access to student records if he or has a legitimate educational interest in the records.
	und yea	arent may continue to have access to his or her child's records er specific circumstances after the student has attained 18 rs of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary educa- . [See FL(LEGAL)]
STUDENT RECORDS		FL (LOCAL)
061901		
Denton ISD		

Adopted:

# STUDENT RECORDS

	ultimate responsibility for obtaining transcripts from sending schools rests with the parent or student, if 18 or older.			
	For purposes of a student's enrollment or transfer, the District shall promptly forward in accordance with the timeline provided in law education records upon request to officials of other schools or school systems in which the student intends to enroll or enrolls. [See FD(LEGAL), Required Documentation] The District may re- turn an education record to the school identified as the source of the record.			
Records Responsibility for Students in Special Education	The executive director of special education shall be responsible for ensuring the confidentiality of any personally identifiable information in records of students in special education.			
	A current listing of names and positions of persons who have access to records of students in special education is maintained at 815 Cross Timbers Street, Denton, TX 76205.			
Procedure to Amend Records	Within 15 District business days of the record custodian's receipt of a request to amend records, the District shall notify the parents in writing of its decision on the request and, if the request is denied, of their right to a hearing. If a hearing is requested, it shall be held within 10 District business days after the request is received.			
	Parents shall be notified in advance of the date, time, and place of the hearing. An administrator who is not responsible for the con- tested records and who does not have a direct interest in the out- come of the hearing shall conduct the hearing. The parents shall be given a full and fair opportunity to present evidence and, at their own expense, may be assisted or represented at the hearing.			
	The parents shall be notified of the decision in writing within 10 District business days of the hearing. The decision shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing and shall include a summary of the evidence and reasons for the decision. If the deci- sion is to deny the request, the parents shall be informed that they have 30 District business days within which to exercise their right to place in the record a statement commenting on the contested in- formation and/or stating any reason for disagreeing with the Dis- trict's decision.			
Directory Information	Directory information for District students has been classified into two separate categories:			
	1. Items for use only for school-sponsored purposes; and			
	2. Items for all other purposes.			

Adopted:

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LOCAL)
School-Sponsored Purposes	For the following school-sponsored purposes — all school publications, activities, and announcements — directory information shall include student name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date of birth, major field of study, honors and awards received, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent educational institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, and enrollment status.
All Other Purposes	For all other purposes, directory information shall include student name.

Denton ISD 061901

# STUDENT ACTIVITIES

### FM (LEGAL)

Table of Contents	UIL Rules and District Policies	3
	Athletic Activities	3
	UIL Forms	3
	Notices	3
	Records	3
	Unsafe Practices	3
	Safety Precautions	4
	Concussions	4
	Football Helmet Safety Requirements	7
	Steroid Testing	7
	Cardiac Assessment	7
	Safety of Official	8
	Interscholastic Athletic Competition Based on Biological Sex	9
	Water Activities	9
	Definitions	9
	Parent Affirmation	9
	Flotation Device Required	9
	Failure to Comply	10
	Rodeos	10
	Educational Program	10
	Restriction on Participation	10
	Protective Gear for Bull Riding	10
	Eligibility	11
	Military Dependents	11
	Attendance and Participation	11
	SBOE Rules	11
	Extracurricular Activities	11
	Exceptions	12
	Limits on Participation and Practice	12
	Record of Absences	13
	Students Receiving Outpatient Mental Health Services	13
	Participation by Homeschooled Students	14
	Suspension from Extracurricular Activities	16
	Length of Suspension	16

Denton ISD 061901

Grade Evaluation Period	16
School Week	16
Exempt Courses	16
Students with Disabilities	17
Practice or Rehearsal	17
Reinstatement	17
Suspension for Certain Conduct Involving Extracurricular Officials	17
Spectator Suspension	18
Parental Notice and Consent	18
Anonymous Evaluations	18
Videotaping and Recording	19
Discriminatory Club	19
Special Olympics Recognition	19
Student Election Clerks	19
Before-School and After-School Programs	19

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
UIL Rules and District Policies	A student enrolled in a district or who participates in an extracurric- ular activity or a University Interscholastic League (UIL) competi- tion is subject to district policy and UIL rules regarding participation only when the student is under the direct supervision of an em- ployee of the school or district in which the student is enrolled or at any other time specified by resolution of a board. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.081(b)</i> [See FO regarding additional standards of conduct for extracurricular activities]
Athletic Activities UIL Forms	Each student participating in an extracurricular athletic activity must complete the UIL forms entitled "Preparticipation Physical Evaluation—Medical History" and "Acknowledgement of Rules." Each form must be signed by both the student and the student's parent or guardian. <i>Education Code 33.203(a)</i>
Notices	Each school that offers an extracurricular athletic activity shall:
	<ol> <li>Prominently display at its administrative offices the telephone number and electronic mail address that the commissioner of education maintains for reporting violations of Education Code Chapter 33, Subchapter F; and</li> </ol>
	2. Provide each student participant and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the text of Education Code 33.201-33.207 and a copy of the UIL's parent information manual. The document may be provided in an electronic format unless otherwise requested.
	Education Code 33.207(b), .208
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person enrolled in the district who is required to receive safety training.
	A campus that is determined by the superintendent to be out of compliance with the safety training requirements or the require- ments regarding unsafe practices and safety precautions (see be- low) shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the UIL.
	Education Code 33.206
Unsafe Practices	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity may not encourage or permit a student participant to engage in any unreasonably dangerous athletic technique that unnecessarily en- dangers the health of a student, including using a helmet or any other sports equipment as a weapon. <i>Education Code</i> 33.204

Safety Precautions	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity shall at each athletic practice or competition ensure that:			
	1. Each student participant is adequately hydrated;			
	<ol> <li>Any prescribed asthma medication for a student participant is readily available to the student;</li> </ol>			
	3. Emergency lanes providing access to the practice or competi tion area are open and clear; and			
	4. Heatstroke prevention materials are readily available.			
	If a student participating in a practice or competition becomes un- conscious during the activity, the student may not:			
	<ol> <li>Return to the activity during which the student became uncon scious; or</li> </ol>			
	2. Participate in any extracurricular athletic activity until the stu- dent receives written authorization for such participation from a physician.			
	Education Code 33.205			
Concussions	"Interscholastic athletic activity" includes practice and competition, sponsored or sanctioned by a district, including a home-rule dis- trict, or a public school, including any school for which a charter has been granted under Education Code Chapter 12, or the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.152</i>			
	"Concussion" means a complex pathophysiological process affect- ing the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the head or body, which may include temporary or prolonged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symp- toms or altered sleep patterns, and involve loss of consciousness. <i>Education Code 38.151(4)</i>			
Concussion Oversight Team	The board of a district with students enrolled who participate in an interscholastic athletic activity shall appoint or approve a concussion oversight team. <i>Education Code 38.153(a)</i>			
	Each concussion oversight team must include at least one physi- cian and, to the greatest extent practicable, considering factors in- cluding the population of the metropolitan statistical area in which the district is located, district enrollment, and the availability of and access to licensed health-care professionals in the district or char- ter school area, must also include one or more of the following: an athletic trainer, an advanced practice nurse, a neuropsychologist, or a physician assistant. If a district employs an athletic trainer, the athletic trainer must be a member of the concussion oversight			

	team. If a district employs a school nurse, the school nurse may be a member of the district concussion oversight team if requested by the school nurse.	
	A district may include a licensed chiropractor or physical therapist as a member of the district concussion oversight team, provided that the person meets the training requirements.	
	Education Code 38.154	
Training Requirements	Each member of the concussion oversight team must have had training in the evaluation, treatment, and oversight of concussions at the time of appointment or approval as a member of the team. The members also must take a training course at least once every two years and submit proof of timely completion to the superintendent or designee in accordance with Education Code $38.154(c)$ , $.158(f)$	
	A school nurse or licensed health-care professional who is not in compliance with these training requirements may not serve on a concussion oversight team in any capacity. <i>Education Code 38.158(g)</i>	
Return-to-Play Protocol	Each concussion oversight team shall establish a return-to-play protocol, based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, for a student's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition following the force or impact believed to have caused a concussion. <i>Education Code 38.153(b)</i>	
Required Annual Form	A student may not participate in an interscholastic athletic activity for a school year until both the student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have signed a form for that school year that acknowledges receiving and reading written information that explains concussion prevention, symptoms, treatment, and over- sight and that includes guidelines for safely resuming participation in an athletic activity following a concussion. The form must be ap- proved by the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.155</i>	
Removal from Play	A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletics prac- tice or competition immediately if one of the following persons be- lieves the student might have sustained a concussion during the practice or competition: a coach; a physician; a licensed health- care professional, as defined by Education Code 38.151(5); a li- censed chiropractor or physical therapist; a school nurse; or the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student. <i>Education Code 38.156</i>	
Return to Play	A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competition under Education Code 38.156 may not be permitted to	)
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 5 of 2	0

practice or compete again following the force or impact believed to have caused the concussion until:

- 1. The student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician chosen by the student or the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student;
- The student has successfully completed each requirement of the return-to-play protocol established under Education Code 38.153 necessary for the student to return to play;
- The treating physician has provided a written statement indicating that, in the physician's professional judgment, it is safe for the student to return to play; and
- 4. The student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have acknowledged that the student has completed the requirements of the return-to-play protocol necessary for the student to return to play, have provided the treating physician's written statement to the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol and the person who has supervisory responsibilities, and have signed a consent form indicating that the person signing:
  - a. Has been informed concerning and consents to the student participating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-play protocol;
  - b. Understands the risks associated with the student returning to play and will comply with any ongoing requirements in the return-to-play protocol;
  - c. Consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, of the treating physician's written statement and, if any, the return-to-play recommendations of the treating physician; and
  - d. Understands the immunity provisions under Education Code 38.159.

A coach of an interscholastic athletics team may not authorize a student's return to play.

The superintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play

061901				
STUDENT ACTIVITIES		FM (LEGAL)		
	•	ocol. The person who has supervisory responsibilities may not coach of an interscholastic athletics team.		
	Edu	cation Code 38.157		
Immunity	These provisions do not:			
	1.	Waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district officers or employees;		
	2.	Create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or employees;		
	3.	Waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151; or		
	4.	Create any cause of action or liability for a member of a con- cussion oversight team arising from the injury or death of a student participating in an interscholastic athletics practice or competition, based on service or participation on the concus- sion oversight team.		
	Edu	cation Code 38.159		
Football Helmet Safety Requirements	in th foott	strict may not use a football helmet that is 16 years old or older e district's football program. A district shall ensure that each ball helmet used in the district's football program that is 10 rs old or older is reconditioned at least once every two years.		
	enro foott	strict shall maintain and make available to parents of students illed in the district documentation indicating the age of each ball helmet used in the district's football program and the dates which each helmet is reconditioned.		
	Edu	cation Code 33.094(a)-(c)		
Steroid Testing	testi an a teste	UIL shall adopt rules for the annual administration of a steroid ng program under which high school students participating in thletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by the league are ed at multiple times throughout the year for the presence of bids [see FNF].		
	by c dent	ults of such steroid tests are confidential and, unless required ourt order, may be disclosed only to the student and the stu- 's parent and the activity directors, principal, and assistant cipals of the school attended by the student.		
	Edu	cation Code 33.091(d)-(e)		
Cardiac Assessment	rule	strict must provide a district student who is required under UIL or policy to receive a physical examination before being al- ed to participate in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	7 of 20		

by the UIL, information about sudden cardiac arrest and electrocar- diogram testing and notification of the option of the student to re- quest the administration of an electrocardiogram, in addition to the physical examination.
A student may request an electrocardiogram from any health-care professional, including a health-care professional provided through a district program, provided that the health-care professional is appropriately licensed in Texas and authorized to administer and interpret electrocardiograms under the health-care professional's scope of practice, as establish by the health-care professional's Texas licensing act.
These provisions do not create a cause of action or liability or a standard of care, obligation, or duty that provides a basis for a cause of action or liability against a health-care professional described in the provision, the UIL, a district, or a district officer or employee for:
<ol> <li>The injury or death of a student participating in or practicing for an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL based on or in connection with the administration or interpre- tation of or reliance on an electrocardiogram; or</li> </ol>
2. The content or distribution of the information required under these provisions or the failure to distribute the required information.
Education Code 33.096
A district that holds an extracurricular athletic activity or a UIL ath- letic competition on district property shall provide a peace officer, a school resource officer, an administrator, or security personnel to ensure the safety of a referee, judge, or other official of the activity or competition until the official departs district property if:
<ol> <li>A participant or spectator of the activity or competition en- gages in, attempts to engage in, or threatens violent conduct against the official or otherwise disrupts the duties or free movement of the official; or</li> </ol>
2. The district reasonably suspects that an incident described above may occur at the activity or competition.
Education Code 33.099
[For information regarding the suspension of an individual who causes bodily injury to an official, see Suspension for Certain Con- duct Involving Extracurricular Officials and Spectator Suspension, below.]

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
Interscholastic Athletic Competition Based on Biological Sex	An interscholastic athletic team sponsored or authorized by a dis- trict may not allow a student to compete in an interscholastic ath- letic competition sponsored or authorized by the district that is des- ignated for the biological sex opposite to the student's biological sex as correctly stated on the student's official birth certificate, as described below, or if the student's official birth certificate is unob- tainable, another government record.
Exception	An interscholastic athletic team sponsored or authorized by a dis- trict may allow a female student to compete in an interscholastic athletic competition that is designated for male students if a corre- sponding interscholastic athletic competition designated for female students is not offered or available.
Birth Certificate Statement	For purposes of this provision, a statement of a student's biological sex on the student's official birth certificate is considered to have correctly stated the student's biological sex only if the statement was entered at or near the time of the student's birth or modified to correct any type of scrivener or clerical error in the student's biolog- ical sex.
	Education Code 33.0834
Water Activities Definitions	"Body of water" means an artificial or natural body of water, includ- ing a swimming pool, lake, or river, typically used for recreational swimming, bathing, or play. The term does not include a wading pool.
	"Child" means an individual younger than 12 years of age.
	"Organized water activity" means an activity an organization con- ducts in which a participant will enter or travel on a body of water as part of the activity.
	"Wading pool" means a pool, including a pool that contains a public interactive water feature and fountain as defined by department rule, with a maximum water depth of not more than 18 inches.
Parent Affirmation	An organization, including a school, that authorizes a child to en- gage in an organized water activity shall require the child's parent or legal guardian to affirm in writing whether the child is able to swim or is at risk of injury or death when swimming or otherwise accessing a body of water.
Flotation Device Required	The organization shall provide to each child who is unable to swim or is at risk of injury or death when swimming or otherwise entering a body of water a properly fitted and fastened Type I, II, or III United States Coast Guard approved personal flotation device or a device the executive commissioner of Texas Health and Human Services determines is equivalent. The organization shall ensure

STUDENT	ACTIVITIES
---------	------------

	the child is wearing the personal flotation device and the device is properly fitted and fastened for the child.
	The organization is not required to provide a child with a flotation device or ensure the child is wearing the device if the child is ac- tively participating in swim instruction or a competition and the or- ganization ensures each child participating in the instruction or a competition is closely supervised during the instruction or competi- tion.
Failure to Comply	An organization that violates this provision or rules adopted under this provision is subject to disciplinary action.
	Health and Safety Code 341.0646(a)-(e)
Rodeos	This section applies only to a primary or secondary school that sponsors, promotes, or otherwise is associated with a rodeo in which children who attend the school are likely to participate.
	"Rodeo" means an exhibition or competition, without regard to whether the participants are compensated, involving activities re- lated to cowboy skills, including:
	1. Riding a horse, with or without a saddle, with the goal of re- maining on the horse while it attempts to throw off the rider;
	2. Riding a bull;
	3. Roping an animal, including roping as part of a team;
	4. Wrestling a steer; and
	5. Riding a horse in a pattern around preset barrels or other ob- stacles.
Educational Program	A primary or secondary school to which this section applies shall, before the first rodeo associated with the school in each school year, conduct a mandatory educational program on safety, includ- ing the proper use of protective gear, for children planning to par- ticipate in the rodeo, in accordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.4. The educational program may consist of an instructional video, subject to the Department of State Health Services ap- proval.
Restriction on Participation	A child may not participate in a rodeo associated with the child's school during a school year unless the child has completed the educational program not more than one year before the first day of the rodeo.
Protective Gear for Bull Riding	A child may not engage in bull riding, including engaging in bull rid- ing outside a rodeo for the purpose of practicing bull riding, unless

061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	the child is wearing a protective vest and bull riding helmet in ac- cordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.3.
	Health and Safety Code 768.001(6), .003; 25 TAC 104.24
Eligibility	A student otherwise eligible to participate in an extracurricular ac- tivity or a UIL competition is not ineligible because the student is enrolled in a course offered for joint high school and college credit, or in a course offered under a concurrent enrollment program, re- gardless of the location at which the course is provided. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 33.087
Military Dependents	The district shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified. <i>Education Code 162.002 art. VI, § B</i> [See FDD]
Attendance and Participation	The State Board of Education (SBOE) by rule shall limit participa- tion in and practice for extracurricular activities during the school day and the school week.
	The board of a district may adopt a policy establishing the number of times a student who is otherwise eligible to participate in an ex- tracurricular activity may be absent from class to participate in an extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district, UIL, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The policy must permit a student to be absent from class at least 10 times during the school year, and the policy prevails over any conflicting policy adopted by the SBOE.
	Education Code 33.081(a), .0811
SBOE Rules	The following provisions apply to any UIL activity.
	Other organizations requiring student participation that causes a student to miss a class may request sanction from a board. If sanctioned by resolution of the board, student participation in the organization's activities shall be subject to all provisions of statute and to 19 Administration Code 76.1001. If a board does not grant sanction, any absences incurred by a student while participating with that organization's activities shall be subject to the attendance provisions of the Education Code. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(f)</i> [See FEB]
Extracurricular Activities	An extracurricular activity is an activity sponsored by the UIL, a board, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The ac- tivity is not necessarily directly related to instruction of the essential knowledge and skills but may have an indirect relation to some ar- eas of the curriculum.

	forr In a	racurricular activities include, but are not limited to, public per- nances, contests, demonstrations, displays, and club activities. addition, an activity is subject to this policy if any one of the fol- ing criteria applies:
	1.	The activity is competitive;
	2.	The activity is held in conjunction with another activity that is considered extracurricular;
	3.	The activity is held off-campus, except in a case in which ade- quate facilities do not exist on campus;
	4.	The general public is invited; or
	5.	An admission is charged.
Exceptions Public Performances	who stra	tudent ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but is enrolled in a state-approved course that requires demon- ation of the mastery of the essential knowledge and skills in a blic performance, may participate in the performance if:
	1.	The general public is invited; and
	2.	The requirement for student participation in public is stated in the essential knowledge and skills of the course.
State-Approved Music Courses	who in L	tudent ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but o is enrolled in a state-approved music course that participates JIL Concert and Sight-Reading Evaluation, may perform with ensemble during the UIL evaluation performance.
	19	TAC 76.1001(a)
Limits on Participation and Practice <i>During the</i> <i>School Week</i>		itations on practice, rehearsal, and student participation during school week shall be as follows:
	1.	For any given extracurricular activity, a student may not par- ticipate in more than one activity per school week, excluding holidays, except as provided in item 2, below.
	2.	A student may also participate in a tournament or post-district contest, as well as a contest postponed by weather or public disaster that may determine advancement to a post-district level of competition.
	3.	For each extracurricular activity, a district must limit students to a maximum of eight hours of practice and rehearsal outside the school day per school week.
	4.	The commissioner recommends that districts avoid schedul- ing extracurricular activities or public performances on the day

STUDENT ACTIVITIES		FM (LEGAL)
		or evening immediately preceding the day on which the statewide student assessment program is scheduled for grades 3-11.
	19	TAC 76.1001(d); Education Code 33.081(a)
During the School Day		itations on practice and rehearsal during the school day shall as follows:
	1.	A district must limit a student to one period of practice during the regularly scheduled school day for practice of extracurric- ular activities, such as athletics, drill team, or cheerleading.
	2.	The limit in item 1 does not prohibit a student from enrolling in any state-approved class. A student who is enrolled in a state-approved class that includes essential knowledge and skills that relate to the preparation for an extracurricular activ- ity may practice that extracurricular activity for no more than one period during the school day.
	3.	A student may not be permitted to miss a scheduled aca- demic class to practice for an unrelated extracurricular activ- ity.
	4.	A district must limit extracurricular practice during the school day to ensure that class periods for extracurricular practice do not exceed the time allotted for other class periods.
	5.	Regardless of the schedule type in place (traditional or non- traditional), a school may elect to practice extracurricular ac- tivities daily, provided the total minutes allowed for the ex- tracurricular practice is not greater than 300 minutes during the school week.
	19	TAC 76.1001(e); Education Code 33.081(a)
Record of Absences	sen	istrict shall maintain an accurate record of extracurricular ab- ces for each student in the district each school year. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>1001(c)</i>
Students Receiving Outpatient Mental Health Services	in U serv or o bas serv ing vice	istrict may not adopt or enforce policies that restrict participation IIL activities by a student who receives outpatient mental health vices from a mental health facility and is enrolled in the district therwise receives public education services from a district ed solely on the student's receipt of outpatient mental health vices from a mental health facility or the student's absence dur- instructional time while receiving outpatient mental health ser- es from a mental health facility.
	pile	s from any eligibility requirement for participation in UIL activi-

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	ties other than an eligibility requirement based solely on the criteria of receipt of outpatient mental health services from a mental health facility.
	Education Code 33.0833(c)-(d)
Participation by Homeschooled Students	A public school that participates in an activity sponsored by UIL may provide a non-enrolled student, who otherwise meets UIL eli- gibility standards to represent that school in a UIL activity, with the opportunity to participate in the activity on behalf of the school in the same manner that the school provides the opportunity to partic- ipate to students enrolled in the school.
	"Non-enrolled student" means a student who receives instruction as a homeschooled student as described by Education Code 29.916(a)(1) from a nonpublic school [see EK].
Relevant Policies	A non-enrolled student who seeks to participate or participates in a UIL activity on behalf of a school is subject to the following relevant policies that apply to students enrolled in the school:
	1. Registration for UIL activities;
	2. Age eligibility;
	3. Fees;
	4. Insurance;
	5. Transportation;
	6. Physical condition;
	7. Qualifications;
	8. Responsibilities;
	9. Event schedules;
	10. Standards of behavior; and
	11. Performance.
Residency Requirements	A non-enrolled student may only participate in a UIL activity for the school in the district that the student would be eligible to attend based on the student's residential address. A non-enrolled student who seeks to participate in a UIL activity on behalf of a school shall be required to establish minimum proof of residency acceptable to the district in the same manner as an applicant to attend a school in the district under Education Code 25.001 [see FD].
Academic Requirements	The parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student is responsible for oversight of academic standards relating

	to the student's participation in a UIL activity. As a condition of eli- gibility to participate in a UIL activity during the first six weeks of a school year, a non-enrolled student must demonstrate grade-level academic proficiency on any nationally recognized, norm-refer- enced assessment instrument, such as the Iowa Test of Basic Skills, Stanford Achievement Test, California Achievement Test, or Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills. A non-enrolled student demonstrates the required academic proficiency by achieving a composite, core, or survey score that is within the average or higher than average range of scores, as established by the appli- cable testing service. A district shall accept assessment results ad- ministered or reported by a third party.
	A non-enrolled student's demonstration of academic proficiency is sufficient for the school year in which the student achieves the re- quired score and the subsequent school year.
	After the first six weeks of a school year, the parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student participating in a UIL activity on behalf of a public school must periodically, in accordance with the school's grading calendar, provide written veri- fication to the school indicating that the student is receiving a pass- ing grade in each course or subject being taught.
Previous Enrollment in Public School	A non-enrolled student is not authorized by this section to partici- pate in a UIL activity during the remainder of any school year dur- ing which the student was previously enrolled in a public school.
Prohibitions	With respect to a non-enrolled student's education program, noth- ing in these provisions shall be construed to permit an agency of this state, a public school district, or any other governmental body to exercise control, regulatory authority, or supervision over a non- enrolled student or a parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student beyond the control, regulatory authority, or supervision required to participate in a UIL activity.
	Subject only to eligibility requirements, the curriculum or assess- ment requirements, performance standards, practices, or creed of the education program provided to a non-enrolled student may not be required to be changed in order for the non-enrolled student to participate in a UIL activity. Subject only to eligibility requirements, for a non-enrolled student participating in an education program on January 1, 2021, the education program provided to that student may not be required to comply with any state law or agency rule re- lating to that education program unless the law or rule was in effect on January 1, 2021.
UIL Classification	When assigning league classification to a public school based on student enrollment, the UIL must use the same student enrollment
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/2	023 15 of 20

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	calculation formula for a school that allows a non-enrolled student to participate in a league activity as the formula used to determine the student enrollment of a school that does not allow a nonen- rolled student to participate in the league activity.
	Education Code 33.0833
Allotments	For each nonenrolled student who participates in a UIL activity for a school in a district that allows participation of nonenrolled stu- dents, the district is entitled to an annual allotment of \$1,500 per league activity in which the nonenrolled student participates. <i>Edu- cation Code 48.305</i>
Suspension from Extracurricular Activities	A student shall be suspended from participation in any extracurric- ular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district or the UIL after a grade evaluation period in which the student received a grade lower than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100 in any academic class other than a course described below at Exempt Courses.
Length of Suspension	A suspension continues for at least three school weeks and is not removed during the school year until the conditions of Reinstate- ment, described below, are met. A suspension shall not last be- yond the end of a school year.
Grade Evaluation	"Grade evaluation period" means:
Period	1. The six-week grade reporting period; or
	<ol> <li>The first six weeks of a semester and each grade reporting period thereafter, in the case of a district with a grade report- ing period longer than six weeks.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 33.081(c)

School Week The school week is defined as beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first instructional day of the calendar week and ending at the close of instruction on the last instructional day of the calendar week, excluding holidays. 19 TAC 76.1001(b)

**Exempt Courses** The suspension and reinstatement provisions of Education Code 33.081(c) and (d) do not apply to an advanced placement or international baccalaureate course, or to an honors or dual credit course in the subject areas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, economics, or a language other than English. *Education Code* 33.081(d-1)

> Honors classes for purposes of eligibility to participate in extracurricular activities are listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.30(a).

Districts may identify additional honors courses in the subject areas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies,

	or a language other than English for the purposes of extracurricular eligibility but must identify such courses before the semester in which any exemptions related to extracurricular activities occur.
	Districts are neither required to nor restricted from considering courses as honors for the purpose of grade point average calcula-tion.
	19 TAC 74.30
Students with Disabilities	In the case of a student with a disability that significantly interferes with the student's ability to meet regular academic standards, sus- pension must be based on the student's failure to meet the require- ments of the student's individualized education program (IEP). The determination of whether the disability substantially interferes with the student's ability to meet the requirements of the student's IEP must be made by the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) com- mittee.
	For the purposes of this provision, "student with a disability" means a student who is eligible for a district's special education program under Education Code 29.003(b).
	Education Code 33.081(e)
Practice or Rehearsal	A student suspended under Education Code 33.081 may practice or rehearse with other students for an extracurricular activity but may not participate in a competition or other public performance. This provision does not apply to a student prohibited from partici- pation for certain conduct involving extracurricular officials [see be- low]. <i>Education Code 33.081(f)</i>
Reinstatement	Until the suspension is removed or the school year ends, a district shall review the grades of a student at the end of each three-week period following the date on which the suspension began. At the time of a review, the suspension is removed if the student's grade in each class, other than a course described above at Exempt Courses, is equal to or greater than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100. The principal and each of the student's grades. <i>Education Code</i> 33.081( <i>d</i> )
Suspension for Certain Conduct Involving Extracurricular Officials	A student who is enrolled in a district in Texas or who participates in a UIL competition shall be prohibited from participation in any fu- ture extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district or the UIL if the state executive committee of the league deter- mines that the student intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily injury to a person serving as referee, judge, or other official of an extracurricular activity in retaliation for or as a result of

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	the person's actions taken in performing the duties of a referee, judge, or other official of the extracurricular activity.
Reinstatement After Conduct	A student prohibited from participation may submit to the UIL a re- quest that the student be permitted to participate in future extracur- ricular activities sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL. The request must be submitted at least one year after the date the student en- gaged in the conduct that resulted in the prohibition if the student was enrolled in eighth grade or below at the time of the conduct or two years after the date the student engaged in the conduct that resulted in the prohibition if the student was enrolled in a prohibition if the student or above at the time of the conduct.
	Education Code 33.081(e-1)-(e-2)
Spectator Suspension	A district shall prohibit a spectator of an extracurricular athletic ac- tivity or competition, including a parent or guardian of a student participant, from attending any future extracurricular athletic activity or competition sponsored or sanctioned by the district or the UIL if the spectator engages in conduct that intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily injury to a person serving as referee, judge, or other official of an extracurricular athletic activity or com- petition in retaliation for or as a result of the person's actions taken in performing the duties of a referee, judge, or other official of the extracurricular athletic activity or competition.
	A district may establish an appeals process by which a person may appeal the prohibition to the district and the district may determine the facts associated with the conduct for which the district imposed the prohibition.
	A prohibition imposed under this provision must be for not less than one year after the date on which the prohibition is imposed but may not exceed five years from the date on which the prohibi- tion is imposed.
	Education Code 33.081(f-1)-(f-3)
Parental Notice and Consent	A parent is entitled to full information regarding the school activities of a parent's child except as provided by Education Code 38.004 (child abuse investigations). <i>Education Code 26.008(a)</i>
Anonymous Evaluations	Anonymous evaluations of a student that determine whether the student may participate in a school-related program do not provide full information about the student's school activities. A district may by policy establish the parameters for parental contact with evaluating teachers, taking into account the type of evaluation, the information elicited in the evaluation, and scheduling and workload requirements of the teachers. <u>Byard v. Clear Creek Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , <i>Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 020-R5-1001 (June 17, 2002)</i>
	10 of 20

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
Videotaping and Recording	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may videotape the child or record the child's voice if the videotape or recording is to be used only for a purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity. <i>Educa-tion Code 26.009(b)(2)</i>
Discriminatory Club	An extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district, in- cluding an athletic event or an athletic team practice, may not take place at an athletic club located in the United States that denies any person full and equal enjoyment of equipment or facilities pro- vided by the athletic club because of the person's race, color, reli- gion, creed, national origin, or sex.
	"Athletic club" means an entity that provides sports or exercise equipment or facilities to its customers or members or to the guests of its customers or members.
	Education Code 33.082
Special Olympics Recognition	If a district allows high school students to earn a letter for aca- demic, athletic, or extracurricular achievements, the district must allow high school students to earn a letter on the basis of a stu- dent's participation in a Special Olympics event. <i>Education Code</i> 33.093
Student Election Clerks	Unless applied toward instructional requirements [see EIA], a stu- dent who is appointed as a student election clerk under Election Code 32.0511 or as a student early voting clerk under Election Code 83.012, may apply the time served toward a service require- ment for participation in a school-sponsored extracurricular activity at the discretion of the school sponsor. <i>Education Code 33.092</i>
Before-School and After-School Programs	The board may establish before-school or after-school programs for students enrolled in elementary or middle school grades. A pro- gram established under this section may operate before, after, or before and after school hours.
	A student is eligible to participate in the district's before-school or after-school program if the student is enrolled in a public or private school or resides within the boundaries of the district.
	A district shall conduct a request for proposals procurement process to enable the district to determine if contracting with a child-care facility that provides a before-school or after-school pro- gram, as defined by Human Resources Code 42.002, to provide the district's before-school or after-school program would serve the district's best interests. Following the request for proposals pro- curement process, the district may enter into a contract with a child-care facility or implement a before-school or after-school pro- gram operated by the district. If the district enters into a contract
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 19 of 20

UPDATE 122 FM(LEGAL)-P Denton ISD 061901

### STUDENT ACTIVITIES

with a child-care facility, the contract must comply with the requirements of Education Code 44.031 and may not exceed a term of three years.

The board may adopt rules in accordance with Education Code 11.165 [see BAA] to provide access to school campuses before or after school hours for the purpose of providing a before-school or after-school program.

Education Code 33.9031

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT CONDUCT DRESS CODE	FNCA (LEGAL)
Uniforms	If the board determines that requiring school uniforms would im- prove the learning environment at a school in a district, the board may adopt rules that require students at that school to wear school uniforms. Students shall wear uniforms beginning on the 90th day after the date on which the board adopts the rules.
Funding	The rules adopted by the board must designate a source of funding to be used to provide uniforms for educationally disadvantaged students.
Exemptions	A parent or guardian of a student assigned to a school where uni- forms are required may choose for the student to be exempted from the uniform requirement or for the student to be transferred to a school where uniforms are not required and at which space is available. In order to exercise one of these options, the parent or guardian must provide a written statement that states a religious or philosophical objection to the uniform requirement that the board determines is bona fide.
	Education Code 11.162
Grooming Regulations	Any student dress or grooming policy adopted by a district, includ- ing a student dress or grooming policy for any extracurricular activ- ity, may not discriminate against a hair texture or protective hair- style commonly or historically associated with race.
	"Protective hairstyle" includes braids, locks, and twists.
	Education Code 25.902

#### STUDENT CONDUCT PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

Membership and Solicitation Misdemeanor Offense	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person:			
	<ol> <li>Is a member of, pledges to become a member of, joins, or so- licits another person to join or pledge to become a member of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang; or</li> </ol>			
	2. Is not enrolled in a public school and solicits another person to attend a meeting of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang or a meeting at which membership in one of those groups is encouraged.			
	Education Code 37.121(a), (c)			
Public School Fraternity, Sorority, Secret Society, or Gang	A "public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang" means an organization composed wholly or in part of students of public primary or secondary schools that seeks to perpetuate itself by tak- ing in additional members from the students enrolled in school on the basis of the decision of its membership rather than on the free choice of a student in the school who is qualified by the rules of the school to fill the special aims of the organization. The term does not include an agency for public welfare, including Boy Scouts, Hi-Y, Girl Reserves, DeMolay, Rainbow Girls, Pan-American Clubs, scholarship societies, or other similar educational organiza- tions sponsored by state or national education authorities. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 37.121(d)</i>			
DAEP Placement	A board or an educator shall recommend placing in a disciplinary alternative education program any student who commits the of-fenses described above. <i>Education Code</i> 37.121(b)			
Criminal Offense	A person commits an offense if the person, with intent to coerce, induce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the activities of a criminal street gang or foreign terrorist organization, threatens the child or a member of the child's family with imminent bodily injury or causes the child or a member of the child's family bodily injury. <i>Penal Code</i> 71.022(a-1)			
Personal Hazing	A person commits an offense if the person:			
Offense	1. Engages in hazing.			
	2. Solicits, encourages, directs, aids, or attempts to aid another in engaging in hazing.			
	3. Has firsthand knowledge of the planning of a specific hazing incident involving a student in an educational institution, or firsthand knowledge that a specific hazing incident has oc- curred, and knowingly fails to report that knowledge to a prin-			

### STUDENT CONDUCT PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

		•	al, the superintendent or other appropriate official, a peace cer, or a law enforcement agency.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.152(a)				
Immunity for Reporting Hazing	tion, stud 37.1 be ii	any person, including an entity organized to support an organiza- on, who voluntarily reports a specific hazing incident involving a tudent in accordance with the requirements of Education Code 7.155 is immune from civil or criminal liability that might otherwise e incurred or imposed as a result of the reported hazing incident. Education Code 37.155				
Definitions Hazing	on c alon pose	"Hazing" means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act occurrin on or off the campus of an educational institution, by one person alone or acting with others, directed against a student for the pur- pose of pledging, being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any organization if the act:				
	1.	strik	ny type of physical brutality, such as whipping, beating, king, branding, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful stance on the body, or similar activity;			
	2.	mer that that	olves sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confine- nt in a small space, calisthenics, or other similar activity subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or adversely affects the mental or physical health or safety ne student;			
	3.	Involves consumption of a food, liquid, alcoholic beverage liquor, drug, or other substance, other than as described item 5, below, that subjects the student to an unreasona risk of harm or that adversely affects the mental or physic health or safety of the student;				
	4.	perf	ny activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to form a duty or task that involves a violation of the Penal le; or			
	5.		olves coercing, as defined by Penal Code 1.07, the student onsume:			
		a.	A drug; or			
		b.	An alcoholic beverage or liquor in an amount that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student is intoxicated, as defined by Penal Code 49.01.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.151(6)				
Educational Institution		"Educational institution" for purposes of this policy includes a publi high school.				

#### STUDENT CONDUCT PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

Student	"Student" means any person who:				
	1.	Is registered in or in attendance at an educational institution;			
	2.	Has been accepted for admission at the educational institu- tion where the hazing incident occurs; or			
	3.	Intends to attend an educational institution during any of its regular sessions after a period of scheduled vacation.			
Organization	tion mus tear legia	ganization" means a fraternity, sorority, association, corpora- , order, society, corps, club, or student government, a band or sical group or an academic, athletic, cheerleading, or dance m, including any group or team that participates in National Col- ate Athletic Association competition, or a service, social, or sim- group, whose members are primarily students.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.151			
Information Regarding Gang- Free Zones	carr que	uperintendent shall ensure that the student handbook for each pus includes information on gang-free zones and the consences of engaging in organized criminal activity within those es. <i>Education Code 37.110</i>			

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT CONDUCT TOBACCO USE AND PC	OSSE	SSION	FNCD (LEGAL)	
Use or Possession by Students	A board shall prohibit students from smoking, using, or possessing e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school- sanctioned activity on or off school property.			
	"E-cigarette" means an electronic cigarette or any other device simulates smoking by using a mechanical heating element, bar or electronic circuit to deliver nicotine or other substances to the dividual inhaling from the device or a consumable liquid solution other material aerosolized or vaporized during the use of an ele- tronic cigarette or other device. The term does not include a pr scription medical device unrelated to the cessation of smoking term "e-cigarette" includes:		t, battery, to the in- plution or an elec- a pre-	
	1.	A device regardless of whether it is manufactured, dis or sold as an e-cigarette, e-cigar, or e-pipe or under a product name or description; and	-	
	2.	A component, part, or accessory for the device, regar whether the component, part, or accessory is sold se from the device.		
	Health and Safety Code 161.081(1-a)			
	[For information regarding the disciplinary consequences of stu- dent e-cigarette use, see FOC.]			
Enforcement		board shall ensure that district personnel enforce the chool property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See DH and 0		

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT CONDUCT ALCOHOL AND DRUG	USE FNCF (LEGAL)			
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i>			
Alcohol-Free Zones	A board shall attempt to provide a safe alcohol-free environment to students coming to or going from school.			
Cooperative Efforts	A board may cooperate with local law enforcement officials and the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission in attempting to provide this environment and in enforcing the alcohol-free zone provisions in the Alcoholic Beverage Code.			
	Education Code 38.007(b)			
Districts in Large Municipalities	If the majority of the area of a district is located in a municipality with a population of 1.3 million or more, the board may petition the commissioners court of the county in which the district is located or the governing board of an incorporated city or town in which the district is located to adopt a 1,000-foot alcohol-free zone. <i>Educa-tion Code 38.007(b); Alcoholic Beverage Code 101.75, 109.33, .59</i>			
Criminal Offense	A person commits an offense (a Class C misdemeanor) if the per- son possesses an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sale, or distribution while:			
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a public school; or			
	<ol> <li>Entering or inside any enclosure, field, or stadium where an athletic event sponsored or participated in by a public school is being held.</li> </ol>			
	Education Code 37.122			
Drug-Free Zones	The punishment is enhanced for offenses under the Texas Con- trolled Substances Act, Health and Safety Code, Chapter 481, if the offense was committed:			
	<ol> <li>In, on, or within 1,000 feet of any real property that is owned, rented, or leased to a school district or a playground; or</li> </ol>			
	2. On a school bus.			
	Health and Safety Code 481.134(d)(1)-(2)			
Abusable Volatile Chemicals	A person commits an offense (Class B misdemeanor) if the person inhales, ingests, applies, uses, or possesses an abusable volatile chemical with intent to inhale, ingest, apply, or use the chemical in a manner:			
	<ol> <li>Contrary to directions for use, cautions, or warnings appear- ing on a label of a container of the chemical; and</li> </ol>			

## STUDENT CONDUCT ALCOHOL AND DRUG USE

	2.	Designed to affect the person's central nervous system; cre- ate or induce a condition of intoxication, hallucination, or ela- tion; or change, distort, or disturb the person's eyesight, think- ing process, balance, or coordination.						
	Hea	Ith and Safety Code 485.031(a)-(b)						
Delivery to a Minor	abu	A person commits an offense if the person knowingly delivers an abusable volatile chemical to a person who is younger than 18 years of age. <i>Health and Safety Code 485.032</i>						
Paraphernalia	A person commits an offense (Class B misdemeanor) if the person knowingly uses or possesses with intent to use inhalant parapherent nalia to inhale, ingest, or otherwise introduce into the body an abusable volatile chemical.							
	A person commits an offense (Class A misdemeanor) if the person delivers or sells, possesses with intent to deliver or sell, or manu- factures with intent to deliver or sell, inhalant paraphernalia, and at that time knows that the person who receives or is intended to re- ceive the paraphernalia intends that it be used to inhale, ingest, ap- ply, use, or otherwise introduce into the body an abusable volatile chemical.							
	Hea	Ith and Safety Code 485.033						
	Not	e: For disciplinary consequences associated with the of- fenses above, see FOC and FOD.						
Steroid Law Notice	high siun	Each school in a district in which there is a grade level of seven or higher shall post in a conspicuous location in the school gymna- sium and each other place in a building where physical education classes are conducted the following notice:						
	Anabolic steroids are for medical use only. State law prohibits pos- session, dispensing, delivery, or administering an anabolic steroid in any manner not allowed by state law. State law provides that body building, muscle enhancement, or the increase of muscle bulk or strength through the use of an anabolic steroid or human growth hormone by a person who is in good health is not a valid medical purpose. Only a medical doctor may prescribe an anabolic steroid or human growth hormone for a person. A violation of state law concerning anabolic steroids or human growth hormones is a criminal offense punishable by confinement in jail or imprisonment in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice.							

Education Code 38.008

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS	FNCG (LEGAL)
<b>Possession of Weapons</b> Expulsion Offense	A student shall be expelled from school if the student engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of unlawfully carrying weapons under Penal Code 46.02, or elements of an offense relating to prohibited weapons under Penal Code 46.05, on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property, subject to the requirements of Education Code 37.009(a) (pre-placement proceedings). <i>Education Code 37.007(a)(1)</i> [See also FOD]
Exception	A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs:
	<ol> <li>At an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; and</li> </ol>
	2. While participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organi- zation working with the department.
	This section does not authorize a student to bring a firearm on school property to participate in or prepare for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity.
	Education Code 37.007(k)
Federal Firearms Provision Expulsion Offense	In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, a district shall expel a student who brings a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. The student must be expelled from the student's regular campus for a period of at least one year, except that the superin- tendent may modify in writing the length of expulsion in the case of an individual student.
"School" Defined	For expulsion under this provision, "school" means any setting that is under the control and supervision of a district for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the district.
	20 U.S.C. 7961; Education Code 37.007(e) [See FOD]
Exception	This provision shall not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored in- side a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities ap- proved and authorized by the district and the district adopts appro- priate safeguards to ensure student safety. <i>20 U.S.C. 7961(g)</i> [See also DH and GKA]
Unlawful Carrying of	A person commits an offense if the person:
Weapons Handgun	<ol> <li>Intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his or her person a handgun;</li> </ol>
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 FNCG(LEGAL)-P	023 1 of 4

Denton ISD 061901

## STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS

	2.	<ol> <li>At the time of the offense is younger than 21 years of has been convicted of certain offenses described in Code 46.02(a); and</li> </ol>		
	3.	pers	ot on the person's own premises or premises under the son's control; or inside of or directly en route to a motor ve- e that is owned by the person or under the person's con-	
	Pen	al Co	de 46.02(a)	
Location-Restricted	A pe	erson	commits an offense if the person:	
Knife	1.		ntionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his er person a location-restricted knife;	
	2.	ls yo	ounger than 18 years of age at the time; and	
	3.	ls n	ot:	
		a.	On the person's own premises or premises under the person's control;	
		b.	Inside of or directly en route to a motor vehicle that is owned by the person or under the person's control; or	
		C.	Under the direct supervision of a parent or legal guardian of the person.	
	Pen	al Co	de 46.02(a-4)	
Additional Handgun Offenses	•		commits an offense if the person carries a handgun in vi- Penal Code 46.02(a-5)-(a-7). <i>Penal Code 46.02</i>	
Definitions <i>Firearm</i>	For purposes of state law, "handgun" means any firearm that is de- signed, made, or adapted to be fired with one hand. A "firearm" means any device designed, made, or adapted to expel a projectile through a barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance or any device readily convertible to that use. <i>Penal Code 46.01(3),(5)</i>			
Location- Restricted Knife			-restricted knife" means a knife with a blade over 5-1/2 Penal Code 46.01(6)	
Prohibited Weapons	son	inten	enal Code 46.05, a person commits an offense if the per- tionally or knowingly possesses, manufactures, trans- pairs, or sells:	
	1.	grer for t	explosive weapon (any explosive or incendiary bomb, nade, rocket, or mine that is designed, made, or adapted he purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or stantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of	

Denton ISD 061901

#### STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS

causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or terror, and includes a device designed, made, or adapted for delivery or shooting an explosive weapon). *Penal Code 46.01(2)* 

- 2. A machine gun (any firearm that is capable of shooting more than two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger). *Penal Code 46.01(9)*
- 3. A short-barrel firearm (rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 inches or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches). *Penal Code 46.01(10)*
- 4. Armor-piercing ammunition (handgun ammunition that is designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor and to be used primarily in pistols and revolvers). *Penal Code* 46.01(12)
- 5. A chemical dispensing device (a device, other than a small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection, that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of dispensing a chemical capable of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being). *Penal Code* 46.01(14)
- 6. A zip gun (a device or combination of devices that was not originally a firearm and is adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth-bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance). *Penal Code 46.01(16)*
- 7. A tire deflation device (a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires; it does not include a traffic control device that is designed to puncture one or more of a vehicle's tires when driven over in a specific direction, and has a clearly visible sign posted in close proximity to the traffic control device that prohibits entry or warns motor vehicle operators of the traffic control device). *Penal Code* 46.01(17)
- 8. An improvised explosive device (a completed and operational bomb designed to cause serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage that is fabricated in an improvised manner using nonmilitary components. It does not include unassembled components that can be legally purchased and possessed without a license, permit, or other governmental

Denton ISD 061901

STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS FNCG (LEGAL)

approval; or an exploding target that is used for firearms practice, sold in kit form, and contains the components of a binary explosive. *Penal Code 46.01(19)* 

A person does not commit an offense if an item is listed at items 1-3, above, and is registered in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record maintained by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives or otherwise not subject to that registration requirement or unless the item is classified as a curio or relic by the United States Department of Justice.

Penal Code 46.05(a)

### STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

	Note:	For provisions regarding parental rights, see FA. For provisions concerning students with disabilities, see EHBAB. For provisions concerning student discipline, see the FO series. For provisions concerning student records, see FL.
United States Constitution	the right	shall take no action abridging the freedom of speech or of the people to petition the board for redress of es. <i>U.S. Const. Amend. I, XIV</i> [See FNA]
	may hold board sits the views the basis <u>Rosenbe</u> 828 (199	nay confine its meetings to specified subject matter and nonpublic sessions to transact business. But when a s in public meetings to conduct public business and hear of citizens, it may not discriminate between speakers on of the content of their speech or the message it conveys. <i>rger v. Rector &amp; Visitors of Univ. of Virginia</i> , 515 U.S. 819, 5); <u>City of Madison v. Wis. Emp. Rel. Comm'n</u> , 429 U.S. (1976); <u>Pickering v. Bd. of Educ.</u> , 391 U.S. 563, 568
Texas Constitution	together the powe	shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble for their common good and to apply to those invested with rs of government for redress of grievances or other pur- petition, address, or remonstrance. <i>Tex. Const. Art. I,</i>
	complain consider <u>lege Edu</u>	no requirement that a board negotiate or even respond to ts. However, a board must stop, look, and listen and must the petition, address, or remonstrance. <u>Prof'l Ass'n of Col-</u> <u>cators v. El Paso County Cmty. [College] Dist.</u> , 678 4 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.)
Federal Laws Section 504	rectly, an procedur and that   plaints al	that receives federal financial assistance, directly or indi- d that employs 15 or more persons shall adopt grievance es that incorporate appropriate due process standards provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of com- eging any action prohibited by Section 504 of the Reha- Act of 1973. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(b)</i>
Americans with Disabilities Act	grievance of compla Code of F	that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and publish e procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution aints alleging any action that would be prohibited by the Federal Regulations, Title 28, Part 35 (Americans with es Act regulations). <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107</i>
Title IX	rectly, mu	that receives federal financial assistance, directly or indi- ist adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for nd equitable resolution of student complaints alleging any
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	123	1 of 4

### STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

		on prohibited by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. C.F.R. 106.8(c) [See FB and FFH]		
Complaint Procedures		oard shall provide for procedures to consider complaints that a ent's right has been denied. <i>Education Code 26.001(d)</i>		
	sha of a	bard shall adopt a grievance procedure under which the board Il address each complaint that it receives concerning a violation right guaranteed by Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental hts).		
	Coc plain in a righ doe with a su	board is not required by the provision above or Education le 11.1511(b)(13) (requiring adoption of a process to hear com- nts) to address a complaint concerning a student's participation in extracurricular activity that does not involve a violation of a t guaranteed by Education Code Chapter 26. This provision is not affect a claim brought by a parent under the Individuals Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.) or accessor federal statute addressing special education services a child with a disability.		
	Edu	cation Code 26.011		
Denial of Class Credit or Final Grade	If a student is denied credit or a final grade for a class by an atten- dance committee, the student may appeal the decision to the board. <i>Education Code 25.092(d)</i> [See FEC]			
Complaints Against Professional Employees	A person may not file suit against a professional employee of a dis- trict unless the person has exhausted the district's remedies for re- solving the complaint. <i>Education Code</i> 22.0514			
	"Professional employee of a district" includes:			
	1.	A superintendent, principal, teacher, including a substitute teacher, supervisor, social worker, school counselor, nurse, and teacher's aide employed by a district;		
	2.	A teacher employed by a company that contracts with a dis- trict to provide the teacher's services to the district;		
	3.	A student in an education preparation program participating in a field experience or internship;		
	4.	A DPS-certified school bus driver;		
	5.	A member of the board; and		
	6.	Any other person whose employment by a district requires certification and the exercise of discretion.		
	Edu	cation Code 22.051(a)		

Denton ISD 061901						
STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIESFNSTUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES(LEGA)						
Finality of Grades	final error	An examination or course grade issued by a classroom teacher is final and may not be changed unless the grade is arbitrary, erroneous, or not consistent with a district's grading policy applicable to the grade, as determined by the board.				
	does	not pro ate in ex	etermination is not subject to appeal. This prove bhibit an appeal related to a student's eligibility atracurricular activities under Education Code 3	to par-		
	Educ	ation C	code 28.0214			
Closed Meeting	A board may conduct a closed meeting on a parent or student complaint to the extent required or provided by law. <i>Gov't Code Ch. 551, Subch. D</i> [See BEC]					
Record of Proceedings	An appeal of a board's decision to the commissioner of education shall be decided based on a review of the record developed at the district level. "Record" includes, at a minimum, an audible electronic recording or written transcript of all oral testimony or argument. <i>Education Code</i> 7.057( $c$ ), ( $f$ )					
	It is a district's responsibility to make and preserve the rec the proceedings before the board. If a district fails to creat preserve the record without good cause, all substantial ev issues that require missing portions of the record for resol shall be deemed against the district. The record shall inclu			e and dence ition		
	1.	•	recording or a transcript of the hearing at the I f a tape recording is used:	ocal		
			he tape recording must be complete, audible, a ear; and	and		
		b. E	ach speaker must be clearly identified.			
	2.	All evic	lence admitted;			
	3.	All offe	rs of proof;			
		All written pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings		IS;		
			ription of matters officially noticed;			
	6.		cable, the decision of the hearing examiner;			
	7.	A tape board;	recording or transcript of the oral argument be and	fore the		
	8.	The de	cision of the board.			
	19 T.	AC 157	.1073(d)			

STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES FNG (LEGAL)

**Disruption** It is a criminal offense for a person, with intent to prevent or disrupt a lawful meeting, to substantially obstruct or interfere with the ordinary conduct of a meeting by physical action or verbal utterance and thereby curtail the exercise of others' First Amendment rights. *Penal Code 42.05; Morehead v. State, 807 S.W. 2d 577 (Tex. Crim. App. 1991)* 

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT DISCIPLINE			FO (LEGAL)
Student Code of Conduct	with	the a	d shall adopt a Student Code of Conduct for a district, advice of its district-level committee. The Student Code of must:
	1.	Cod be re tive	cify the circumstances, in accordance with Education e Chapter 37, Subchapter A, under which a student may emoved from a classroom, campus, disciplinary alterna- education program (DAEP), or vehicle owned or operated ne district.
	2.	-	cify conditions that authorize or require a principal or ar appropriate administrator to transfer a student to a EP.
	3.	as p	ine conditions under which a student may be suspended, rovided by Education Code 37.005 [see FOB], or ex- ed, as provided by Education Code 37.007 [see FOD].
	4.	deci sion prog	cify that consideration will be given, as a factor in each sion concerning suspension, removal to a DAEP, expul- , or placement in a juvenile justice alternative education gram (JJAEP), regardless of whether the decision con- is a mandatory or discretionary action, to:
		a.	Self-defense;
		b.	Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct;
		C.	A student's disciplinary history;
		d.	A disability that substantially impairs the student's ca- pacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct;
		e.	A student's status in the conservatorship of the Depart- ment of Family and Protective Services; or
		f.	A student's status as a student who is homeless.
	5.	or of 37.0	vide guidelines for setting the length of removal to a DAEP f expulsion. Except as provided by Education Code 007(e) (Gun-Free Schools Act [see FOD]), a district is not uired to specify a minimum term of removal or expulsion.
	6.	dent	ress the notification of the parent or guardian of a stu- i's violation of the Student Code of Conduct that results in pension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion.
	7.	that	nibit bullying, harassment, and making hit lists and ensure district employees enforce those prohibitions. "Bullying" the meaning provided by Education Code 37.0832. [See

FFI] "Harassment" means threatening to cause harm or bodily injury to another student, engaging in sexually intimidating conduct, causing physical damage to the property of another student, subjecting another student to physical confinement or restraint, or maliciously taking any action that substantially harms another student's physical or emotional health or safety. "Hit list" means a list of people targeted to be harmed using a firearm, as defined by Penal Code 46.01(3) [see FNCG]; a knife, as defined by Penal Code 46.01(7) (any bladed hand instrument that is capable of inflicting serious bodily injury or death by cutting or stabbing a person with the instrument); or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm.

- 8. Provide, as appropriate for students at each grade level, methods, including options, for:
  - a. Managing students in the classroom, on school grounds, and on a vehicle owned or operated by the district;
  - b. Disciplining students; and
  - c. Preventing and intervening in student discipline problems, including bullying, harassment, and making hit lists.
- 9. Include an explanation of the provisions regarding refusal of entry to or ejection from district property under Education Code 37.105 [see GKA], including the appeal process established under 37.105(h).

The methods adopted must provide that a student who is enrolled in a special education program under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, may not be disciplined for bullying, harassment, or making hit lists until an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee meeting has been held to review the conduct. [See FOF]

Education Code 37.001(a)-(b-1), (e)

Law Enforcement	The law enforcement duties of peace officers, school resource offi-
Duties	cers, and security personnel [see CKE] must be included in the
	Student Code of Conduct. Education Code 37.081(d)(2)

Changes in SCOC Once a Student Code of Conduct is promulgated, any change or amendment shall be approved by a board.

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE	FO (LEGAL)
Posting	The Student Code of Conduct must be posted and prominently dis- played at each school campus or made available for review at the office of the campus principal.
	Education Code 37.001(b-1)-(c)
Notice to Parents	Each school year, a district shall provide parents with notice of and information regarding the Student Code of Conduct. <i>Education Code</i> 37.001(d)
Noncustodial Parent	A noncustodial parent may request in writing that, for the remain- der of the school year in which the request is received, a district provide that parent with a copy of any written notification that is generally provided to a student's parent or guardian, relating to stu- dent misconduct under Education Code 37.006 or 37.007. A district may not unreasonably deny the request. Notwithstanding this re- quirement, a district shall comply with any applicable court order of which the district has knowledge. <i>Education Code 37.0091</i>
Copies to Staff	The district shall provide each teacher and administrator with a copy of Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A regarding student discipline and with a copy of the related local policy. <i>Education Code</i> 37.018
Campus Behavior Coordinator	A person at each campus must be designated to serve as the cam- pus behavior coordinator (CBC). The person may be the campus principal or any other campus administrator selected by the princi- pal.
	The CBC is primarily responsible for maintaining student discipline and the implementation of Education Code Chapter 37, Subchap- ter A.
Duties	The specific duties of the CBC may be established by campus or district policy. Unless the policy provides otherwise, duties imposed on a campus principal or other campus administrator by Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A must be performed by the CBC and a power granted to a campus principal may be exercised by the CBC.
Notice to Parents	The CBC shall promptly notify a student's parent or guardian if the student is placed into in-school or out-of-school suspension, placed in a DAEP, expelled, or placed in a JJAEP or is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer.
	A CBC must provide notice by promptly contacting the parent or guardian by telephone or in person; and making a good faith effort to provide written notice of the disciplinary action to the student, on the day the action is taken, for delivery to the student's parent or guardian.
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	3 of 10

	If a parent or guardian entitled to notice has not been reached by telephone or in person by 5 p.m. of the first business day after the day the disciplinary action is taken, a CBC shall mail written notic of the action to the parent or guardian at the parent's or guardian last known address.	e ce		
	If a CBC is unable or not available to promptly provide notice, the principal or other designee shall provide the notice.	;		
	Education Code 37.0012			
Website Requirement	A district shall post on the district's website, for each campus, the email address and dedicated telephone number of a person clear identified as:			
	1. The campus behavior coordinator; or			
	2. If the district has been designated as a district of innovation under Education Code Chapter 12A [see AF] and is exempt from the requirement to designate a campus behavior coord nator under the district's local innovation plan, a campus ad- ministrator designated as being responsible for student disc pline.	: 1i- -		
	Education Code 26.015			
No Unsupervised Setting	Except for students who are suspended or expelled, no student may be placed in an unsupervised setting as a result of conduct for which a student may be placed in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.008(h)</i>			
Continuation of Disciplinary Action	If a district takes disciplinary action against a student and the stu- dent subsequently enrolls in another district or school before the expiration of the period of disciplinary action, the district or school taking the disciplinary action shall provide to the district or school which the student enrolls, at the same time other records of the student are provided, a copy of the order of disciplinary action.	I		
	"Disciplinary action" means a suspension, expulsion, placement i an alternative education program, or other limitation in enrollment eligibility of a student.			
	"District or school" includes an independent school district, a hom rule school district, a campus or campus program charter holder, an open-enrollment charter school.			
	Education Code 37.022			
Opportunity to Complete Courses	If a student is placed in in-school suspension or other alternative setting other than a DAEP, a district shall offer the student the op portunity to complete, before the beginning of the next school year			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23 4 of	10		

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT DISCIPLINE		FO (LEGAL)		
	mov able sum	h course in which the student was enrolled at the time of re- val. A district may provide the opportunity by any method avail- e, including a correspondence course, distance learning, or immer school. <i>Education Code 37.021</i> [For DAEP notice require- nts, see FOCA.]		
Alternative Means to Receive Coursework	A district shall provide to a student during the period of the stu- dent's suspension under Education Code 37.005, regardless of whether the student is placed in in-school or out-of-school suspen- sion, an alternative means of receiving all coursework provided in the classes in the foundation curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a)(1) that the student misses as a result of the suspension. A district must provide at least one option for receiving the course- work that does not require the use of the internet. <i>Education Code</i> 37.005(e)			
Seclusion	<ul> <li>A district employee or volunteer or an independent contractor of a district may not place a student in seclusion. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0021(c)</li> <li>"Seclusion" means a behavior management technique in which a student is confined in a locked box, locked closet, or locked room that:</li> </ul>			
	1.	Is designed solely to seclude a person; and		
	2.	Contains less than 50 square feet of space.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.0021(b)(2)		
	This section and any rules or procedures adopted under this tion apply to a peace officer only if the peace officer:			
	1.	Is employed or commissioned by a school district; or		
	2.	Provides, as a school resource officer, a regular police pres- ence on a school district campus under a memorandum of un- derstanding between the district and a local law enforcement agency.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.0021(h)		
Exceptions	This	prohibition on seclusion does not apply to:		
	1.	A peace officer performing law enforcement duties; or		
	2.	An educational services provider with whom a student is placed by a judicial authority, unless the services are provided in an educational program of a school district.		

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE	FO (LEGAL)
Law Enforcement Duties	"Law enforcement duties" means activities of a peace officer relat- ing to the investigation and enforcement of state criminal laws and other duties authorized by the Code of Criminal Procedure.
	Education Code 37.0021(b)(4), (g)
	[For information on seclusion involving students in special educa- tion, see FOF.]
Officer or Security Personnel Use of Restraint or Taser	"Restraint" means the use of physical force or a mechanical device to significantly restrict the free movement of all or a portion of a student's body.
Definitions	"Taser" means a device manufactured, sold, or distributed by Taser International, Incorporated, that is intended, designed, made, or adapted to incapacitate a person by inflicting an electrical charge through the emission of a projectile or conductive stream. The term, for purposes of this provision, includes a similar device manufactured, sold, or distributed by another person.
Prohibition	A peace officer performing law enforcement duties or school secu- rity personnel performing security-related duties on school property or at a school-sponsored or school-related activity may not restrain or use a chemical irritant spray or Taser on a student enrolled in fifth grade or below unless the student poses a serious risk of harm to the student or another person.
	Education Code 37.0021(b)(1), (b)(5), (j)
	[For information on restraint involving students in special educa- tion, see FOF.]
Restraint Reports	A district shall report electronically to the Texas Education Agency (TEA), in accordance with standards provided by commissioner rule, information relating to the use of restraint by a peace officer performing law enforcement duties on school property or during a school-sponsored or school-related activity. The report must be consistent with the requirements adopted by commissioner rule for reporting the use of restraint involving students with disabilities [see FOF]. <i>Education Code 37.0021(i)</i>
Corporal Punishment	If the board adopts a policy under Education Code 37.001(a)(8) un- der which corporal punishment is permitted as a method of student discipline, a district educator may use corporal punishment to disci- pline a student unless the student's parent or guardian or other person having lawful control over the student has previously pro- vided a written, signed statement prohibiting the use of corporal punishment as a method of student discipline. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.0011(b)</i>

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE	FO (LEGAL)
Parent Statement	To prohibit the use of corporal punishment as a method of student discipline, each school year a student's parent or guardian or other person having lawful control over the student must provide a separate written, signed statement to the board in the manner established by the board. The student's parent or guardian or other person having lawful control over the student may revoke the statement provided to the board at any time during the school year by submitting a written, signed revocation to the board in the manner established by the board. <i>Education Code</i> $37.0011(c)-(d)$
Definition	"Corporal punishment" means the deliberate infliction of physical pain by hitting, paddling, spanking, slapping, or any other physical force used as a means of discipline. The term does not include physical pain caused by reasonable physical activities associated with athletic training, competition, or physical education or the use of restraint as authorized under Education Code 37.0021 [see FOF]. <i>Education Code 37.0011(a)</i>
Use of Force to Maintain Discipline	The use of force, but not deadly force, against a student is justified if the teacher or administrator is entrusted with the care, supervi- sion, or administration of the student when, and to the degree the teacher or administrator reasonably believes the force is neces- sary, to further the purpose of education or to maintain discipline in a group. <i>Penal Code 9.62</i>
Aversive Techniques	A district or district employee or volunteer or an independent con- tractor of a district may not apply an aversive technique, or by au- thorization, order, or consent, cause an aversive technique to be applied, to a student.
	"Aversive technique" means a technique or intervention that is in- tended to reduce the likelihood of a behavior reoccurring by inten- tionally inflicting on a student significant physical or emotional dis- comfort or pain. The term includes a technique or intervention that:
	<ol> <li>Is designed to or likely to cause physical pain, other than an intervention or technique permitted under Education Code 37.0011 [see Corporal Punishment, above];</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Notwithstanding the above corporal punishment provisions, is designed to or likely to cause physical pain through the use of electric shock or any procedure that involves the use of pres- sure points or joint locks;</li> </ol>
	3. Involves the directed release of a noxious, toxic, or otherwise unpleasant spray, mist, or substance near the student's face;
	<ol> <li>Denies adequate sleep, air, food, water, shelter, bedding, physical comfort, supervision, or access to a restroom facility;</li> </ol>

- Ridicules or demeans the student in a manner that adversely affects or endangers the learning or mental health of the student or constitutes verbal abuse;
- Employs a device, material, or object that simultaneously immobilizes all four extremities, including any procedure that results in such immobilization known as prone or supine floor restraint;
- 7. Impairs the student's breathing, including any procedure that involves:
  - a. Applying pressure to the student's torso or neck; or
  - b. Obstructing the student's airway, including placing an object in, on, or over the student's mouth or nose or placing a bag, cover, or mask over the student's face;
- 8. Restricts the student's circulation;
- Secures the student to a stationary object while the student is in a sitting or standing position;
- 10. Inhibits, reduces, or hinders the student's ability to communicate;
- 11. Involves the use of a chemical restraint;
- 12. Constitutes a use of timeout that precludes the student from being able to be involved in and progress appropriately in the required curriculum and, if applicable, toward the annual goals included in the student's individualized education program, including isolating the student by the use of physical barriers; or
- 13. Except as provided below, deprives the student of the use of one or more of the student's senses.

## Education Code 37.0023(a)-(b)

An aversive technique that deprives the student of the use of one or more of the student's senses may be used if the technique is executed in a manner that:

- 1. Does not cause the student discomfort or pain; or
- 2. Complies with the student's individualized education program or behavior intervention plan.

Denton ISD 061901					
STUDENT DISCIPLINE			FO (LEGAL)		
		oving	n this section may be construed to prohibit a teacher from a student from class under Education Code 37.002. [See		
	Edu	catio	n Code 37.0023(c)-(d)		
Videotapes and Recordings	pare auth reco mair	ent be norize ording ntena	employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's effore the employee may make a videotape of the child or the recording of the child's voice if the videotape or g is to be used only for purposes of safety, including the ince of order and discipline in common areas of the school tool buses. <i>Education Code 26.009(b)(1)</i>		
Teacher Documentation	cont ume on t	form f entatio	r may document any conduct by a student that does not to the Student Code of Conduct and may submit that doc- on to the principal. A district may not discipline a teacher asis of the submitted documentation. <i>Education Code</i> -1)		
<b>Reports</b> Disciplinary	For each placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP), a district shall annually report to the commissioner:				
Alternative Education Programs	1.	race	rmation identifying the student, including the student's e, sex, and date of birth, that will enable TEA to compare cement data with information collected through other re- s;		
	2.	Info	rmation indicating whether the placement was based on:		
		a.	Conduct violating the Student Code of Conduct;		
		b.	Conduct for which a student may be removed from class by a teacher [see FOA and the Student Code of Con- duct];		
		C.	Conduct for which placement in a DAEP is required [see FOC and the Student Code of Conduct]; or		
		d.	Conduct occurring while a student was enrolled in an- other district and for which placement in a DAEP is per- mitted by Education Code 37.008(j);		
	3.	the	number of full or partial days the student was assigned to program and the number of full or partial days the student nded the program; and		
	4.	guid	number of placements that were inconsistent with the lelines on length of placement in the Student Code of iduct.		
Expulsions	For sion		expulsion, a district shall annually report to the commis-		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23		9 of 10		

	1.	race	rmation identifying the student, including the student's e, sex, and date of birth, that will enable TEA to compare cement data with information collected through other re- s;
	2.	Info	rmation indicating whether the expulsion was based on:
		a.	Conduct for which expulsion is required, including infor- mation specifically indicating whether a student was ex- pelled for bringing a firearm to school; or
		b.	Conduct for which expulsion is permitted;
	3.	The	number of full or partial days the student was expelled;
	4.	Info	rmation indicating whether:
		a.	The student was placed in a JJAEP;
		b.	The student was placed in a DAEP; or
		C.	The student was not placed in a JJAEP or other alterna- tive education program; and
	5.		number of expulsions that were inconsistent with the lelines on length of expulsion in the Student Code of Con- t.
Out-of-School Suspensions			out-of-school suspension under Education Code 37.005, shall report:
	1.	race	rmation identifying the student, including the student's e, sex, and date of birth, that will enable TEA to compare cement data with information collected through other re- s;
	2.	Info	rmation indicating the basis for the suspension;
	3.	The and	number of full or partial days the student was suspended;
	4.	tent duc	number of out-of-school suspensions that were inconsis- with the guidelines included in the Student Code of Con- t under Education Code 37.001(a)(3) [see Student Code conduct, item 3, above].

Education Code 37.020

Denton ISD 061901					
STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	IPLIN	IARY	ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)	
Removal Under Student Code of Conduct	rize trans	or reo sfer a	ent Code of Conduct must specify conditions that quire a principal or other appropriate administrate student to a disciplinary alternative education pr Education Code 37.001(a)(2)	or to	
Mandatory Placement in DAEP	stud that Cod	ent e requi e 37.0	shall be removed from class and placed in a DA ngages in conduct described in Education Code res placement, subject to the requirements of Ed 009(a) [see Process for Removal and Mitigating I ducation Code 37.006	37.006 ucation	
	cono men	ernin t in a	ional factors that must be considered in each de g suspension, removal to a DAEP, expulsion, or juvenile justice alternative education program (J nd the Student Code of Conduct.]	place-	
School-Related Misconduct	A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct involving a public school that contains the elements of the offense of false alarm or report under Penal Code 42.06, or terroristic threat under Penal Code 22.07.				
	A student shall also be removed from class and placed in a DA if the student commits the following on or within 300 feet of sch property, as measured from any point on the school's real prop boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school- lated activity on or off school property:				
	1.	Eng	ages in conduct punishable as a felony.		
	2.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of as Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).	sault, un-	
	3.		s, gives, or delivers to another person or possess under the influence of:	es, uses,	
		a.	A controlled substance, as defined by the Texas trolled Substances Act, Health and Safety Code 481, or by 21 U.S.C. 801, et seq., excluding ma as defined by Health and Safety Code 481.002, tetrahydrocannabinol, as defined by Departmen lic Safety rule;	Chapter rijuana, or	
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by the Texas Dar Drug Act, Health and Safety Code Chapter 483.	•	
	4.	or de	sesses, uses, or is under the influence of, or sells elivers to another person marijuana or tetrahydro as defined above;	-	

	5.	Possesses, uses, sells, gives, or delivers to another person an e-cigarette, as defined by Health and Safety Code 161.081 [see FNCD];			
	6.	Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic bever- age, as defined by Alcoholic Beverage Code 1.04, or commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of an alcoholic beverage.			
	7.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense relating to an abusable volatile chemical under Health and Safety Code 485.031 through 485.034.			
	8.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07.			
	9.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08.			
	10.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7) against an employee of the district.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.006(a)			
Exception	Removal to a DAEP for school-related misconduct is not required if the student is expelled for the same conduct. <i>Education Code 37.006(m)</i>				
Retaliation	Except where a student engages in retaliatory acts against a dis- trict employee for which expulsion is mandatory [see FOD], a stu- dent shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the stu- dent engages in conduct on or off school property containing the elements of retaliation under Penal Code 36.06, against any school employee. <i>Education Code 37.006(b)</i>				
Conduct Unrelated to School	In addition to the circumstances listed above, a student sha moved from class and placed in a DAEP based on conduct ring off campus and while the student is not in attendance a school-sponsored or school-related activity if:				
	1.	The student receives deferred prosecution under Family Code 53.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03;			
	2.	A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delin- quent conduct under Family Code 54.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03; or			
ATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	2 of 13			

STUDENT DISCIPLINE	
PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	

	3.	the fens	e superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony of- se in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggra- ed robbery under Penal Code 29.03.		
	Ed	ucatio	n Code 37.006(c)		
Reasonable Belief	has der fori of ( que cat	letermining whether there is a reasonable belief that a student e engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense, a superinten- it or a superintendent's designee may consider all available in- nation and must consider the information furnished under Code Criminal Procedure Article 15.27 other than information re- ested under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27(k-1). Edu- tion Code 37.006(e); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a) [See AA]			
Title 5 Felonies			wing are felony offenses listed in Penal Code, Title 5, Of- gainst the Person.		
	1.	Mu	rder. <i>Penal Code 19.02</i>		
	2.	Cap	bital Murder. Penal Code 19.03		
	3.	Ma	nslaughter. Penal Code 19.04		
	4.	Crir	ninally Negligent Homicide. Penal Code 19.05		
	5.	Unl	awful Restraint, if:		
		a.	The person restrained was younger than 17 years of age; or		
		b.	The actor recklessly exposes the victim to a substantial risk of serious bodily injury; restrains an individual the actor knows is a public servant while the public servant is lawfully discharging an official duty or in retaliation or on account of an exercise of official power or performance of an official duty; or while in custody restrains any other person. <i>Penal Code 20.02</i>		
	6.	Kid	napping. Penal Code 20.03		
	7.	Agg	gravated Kidnapping. Penal Code 20.04		
	8.	Sm	uggling of Persons. <i>Penal Code 20.05</i>		
	9.	Cor	ntinuous Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.06		
	10.	Tra	fficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.02		
	11.	Cor	ntinuous Trafficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.03		

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

judge;

12.	Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Disabled Individ- ual. <i>Penal Code 21.02</i>
13.	Bestiality. <i>Penal Code 21.09</i>
14.	Indecency with a Child. Penal Code 21.11
15.	Improper Relationship between Educator and Student. <i>Penal</i> Code 21.12
16.	Invasive Visual Recording. Penal Code 21.15
17.	Unlawful Disclosure or Promotion of Intimate Visual Material. Penal Code 21.16
18.	Voyeurism, if the victim was younger than 14 years of age at the time of the offense. <i>Penal Code 21.17</i>
19.	Sexual Coercion. Penal Code 21.18
20.	Assault, if the offense is punishable as a felony. <i>Penal Code</i> 22.01
21.	Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.011
22.	Aggravated Assault. Penal Code 22.02
23.	Aggravated Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.021
24.	Injury to a Child, Elderly Individual, or Disabled Individual. <i>Pe-nal Code</i> 22.04
25.	Abandoning or Endangering a Child, Elderly Individual, or Dis- abled Individual. <i>Penal Code</i> 22.041
26.	Deadly Conduct, if the person knowingly discharges a firearm at or in the direction of one or more individuals, or at or in the direction of a habitation, building, or vehicle and is reckless as to whether the habitation, building, or vehicle is occupied. <i>Pe- nal Code 22.05</i>
27.	Terroristic Threat, if the actor threatens to commit any offense involving violence to any person or property with intent to:
	a. Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily in- jury if the actor knows the person is a peace officer or

b. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building, room, place of assembly, place to which the public has access, place of employment or occupation, aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance, or other public

			place if the prevention or interruption causes pecuniary loss of \$1,500 or more to the owner;
		C.	Cause impairment or interruption of public communica- tions, public transportation, public water, gas, or power supply or other public service;
		d.	Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
		e.	Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision. <i>Penal Code 22.07</i>
	28.		ng Suicide, if the conduct causes suicide or attempted sui- that results in serious bodily injury. <i>Penal Code 22.08</i>
	29.	Tam	pering with Consumer Product. Penal Code 22.09
	30.		assment by Persons in Certain Facilities or of Public Ser- . <i>Penal Code 22.11</i>
Sexual Assault of Another Student			shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP or ju- tice alternative education program (JJAEP) if:
	1.	was who dent	student was convicted of, received adjudication for, or placed on probation for sexual assault of another student was a young child or disabled individual while the stu- s were assigned to the same campus, regardless of ther the assault occurred on or off school property;
	2.	stud	parent of the victim of the assault has requested that the ent be transferred to a campus other than that to which victim is assigned; and
	3.		e is only one campus in a district serving the grade level nich the student is enrolled.
			<i>Code 25.0341, 37.0051(a)</i> [See FDE at Sexual Assault –Transfer of Assailant]
	of pl	acem	n imposed by Education Code Chapter 37 on the length ent in a DAEP or a JJAEP does not apply to a placement provision. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0051(b)
Permissive Removal Non-Title 5 Felony	base	ed on	may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP conduct occurring off campus and while the student is endance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity
	1.		superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief [see sonable Belief, above] that the student has engaged in

		conduct defined as a felony offense other than aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03, or those offenses listed in Penal Code Title 5 [see above at Title 5 Felonies]; and		
	2.	The continued presence of the student in the regular class- room threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.006(d)-(e)		
Bullying		udent may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the lent:		
	1.	Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;		
	2.	Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or		
	3.	Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.		
		ning in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding atimate visual material of a minor.		
<i>Definitions</i> Bullying	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]			
Intimate Visual Material	"Intimate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- tice and Remedies Code 98B.001.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.0052		
One Year After Conduct	quir whic app befo	incipal or other appropriate administrator may, but is not re- ed to, remove a student to a DAEP for off-campus conduct, for ch removal would otherwise be required, if the principal or other ropriate administrator did not have knowledge of the conduct ore the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred. <i>Edu-</i> <i>ton Code 37.006(n)</i>		
Certain Organization and Gang Membership and Solicitation	den tion tion	bard or an educator shall recommend placing in DAEP any stu- t who commits the misdemeanor offenses described in Educa- Code 37.121(a) and (c), regarding membership in or solicita- to join a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or g [see FNCC]. <i>Education Code 37.121(b)</i>		
Older Students	trict not duc	erson who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a dis- for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is eligible for placement in a DAEP if the person engages in con- t that would require or authorize such placement for a student er the age of 21. If the student engages in such conduct, the		

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	FOC CIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING (LEGAL)
	district shall revoke the student's admission. <i>Education Code</i> 25.001(b-1)
Placement of Younger Students	A student who is younger than 10 shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct for which expulsion would be required by Section 37.007. <i>Education Code 37.006(f), .007(e)</i> [See FOD]
Students Younger Than Six	Notwithstanding any other provision of the Education Code, a stu- dent who is younger than six years of age may not be removed from class and placed in a DAEP, except that a student younger than six years of age who has been expelled pursuant to the Gun Free Schools Act [see FOD] shall be provided educational services in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.006(l), .007(e)(2)</i>
Process for Removal Conference	Not later than the third class day after a student is removed by a teacher or by the school principal or other appropriate administrator, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference among the CBC or other appropriate administrator, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher removing the student from class, if any, and the student. At the conference, the student is entitled to written or oral notice of the reasons for the removal, an explanation of the basis for the removal, and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the removal. The student may not be returned to the regular class pending the conference.
Mitigating Factors	Before ordering removal, the CBC must consider whether the stu- dent acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary his- tory, and whether the student has a disability that substantially im- pairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whether the decision of the behav- ior coordinator concerns a mandatory or discretionary action.
Order	Following the conference, and whether or not each requested per- son is in attendance after valid attempts to require the person's at- tendance, the CBC, after considering any mitigating factors under Education Code 37.001(a)(4) [see FO], shall order the placement of the student for a period consistent with the Student Code of Conduct.
Appeal	If district policy allows a student to appeal to the board or the board's designee a decision of the CBC or other appropriate ad- ministrator, the decision of the board or the board's designee is fi- nal and may not be appealed.
	Education Code 37.009(a) [See Student Code of Conduct]

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT DISCIPLINEFOCPLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING(LEGAL)		
Right to Request a Special Education Evaluation	On the placement of a student in a DAEP, the district shall information to the student's parent or person standing in p relation to the student regarding the process for requesting dividual and initial evaluation of the student under Education 29.004 [see EHBAA]. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(p)	arental g a full in-
Term of Removal	The period of the placement after removal may not exceed year unless, after a review, a district determines that the s a threat to the safety of other students or to district employ <i>ucation Code 37.009(a)</i>	tudent is
	A board or designee shall set a term for a student's placer DAEP. If the period of placement is inconsistent with the g in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notice inconsistency. The period of placement in a DAEP may no one year unless, after a review, a district determines that t dent is a threat to the safety of other students or to district ees or extended placement is in the best interest of the stu <i>Education Code 37.009(d)</i>	uidelines e of the ot exceed he stu- employ-
Beyond Grading Period or 60 Days	If placement in a DAEP is to extend beyond 60 days or the the next grading period, whichever is earlier, the student's or guardian is entitled to notice of and an opportunity to pa in a proceeding before a board or designee.	parent
No Appeal	Any decision of a board or designee concerning placement 60 days or the end of the next grading period is final and c appealed.	
	Education Code 37.009(b)	
Beyond End of School Year	Before a student may be placed in a DAEP for a period that tends beyond the end of the school year, a board or desig determine that:	
	<ol> <li>The student's presence in the regular classroom prog at the student's regular campus presents a danger of harm to the student or another individual; or</li> </ol>	
	2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent mis that violates the Student Code of Conduct.	behavior
	Education Code 37.009(c)	
Order of Removal	A board or designee shall deliver to the student and the st parent or guardian a copy of the order placing the student DAEP. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009(g)	
	Not later than the second business day after the date of th moval conference, a board or designee shall deliver a cop order placing the student in a DAEP and any information r	y of the
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	023	8 of 13

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT DISCIPLIN PLACEMENT IN A DIS	E SCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
	under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the court in the county in which the juvenile resides. <i>Educat</i> 37.010(a)	•
Activities	The terms of a placement under Education Code 37.000 hibit the student from attending or participating in schoo sored or school-related activities. <i>Education Code</i> 37.000	I-spon-
	In addition to any notice required under Code of Crimina Procedure 15.27 [see GRAA], a principal or designee sh each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for instruction of a student who has engaged in conduct for DAEP placement must or may be ordered.	nall inform e direction or, the
	Each educator shall keep the information confidential from son not entitled to the information, except that the educa share the information with the student's parent or guard vided by state or federal law. An educator's certificate m pended or revoked for intentional failure to keep such in confidential.	ator may ian as pro- nay be sus-
	Education Code 37.006(o)	
DAEP at Capacity	If a DAEP is at capacity at the time a CBC is deciding pl for a student who engaged in conduct described under l Code 37.006(a)(2)(C-1) (possession or use of marijuana (possession, use, delivery of an e-cigarette), (D) (delive hol), or (E) (abuse of volatile chemical), the student sha in in-school suspension; and if a position becomes avail program before the expiration of the period of the place ferred to the program for the remainder of the period.	Education a), (C-2) ry of alco- Il be placed lable in the
	If a DAEP is at capacity at the time a CBC is deciding pl for a student who engaged in conduct described under l Code 37.007 that constitutes violent conduct, as defined missioner rule, a student who has been placed in the pr conduct described under Education Code 37.006(a)(2)(( (D), or (E) (above) may be removed from the program a in in-school suspension to make a position in the progra for the student who engaged in violent conduct. If remove the program and a position in the program becomes available fore the expiration of the period of the placement, the st be returned to the program for the remainder of the period	Education d by com- ogram for C-1), (C-2), and placed am available ved from ailable be- udent shall

Education Code 37.009(a-1)-(a-2)

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	CIPLINARY	ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
Completion of Proceedings Upon Withdrawal	in a DAE complete rolls in th may enfo placement that hono der after dent enro	ent withdraws from a district before an order for p P is entered, the principal or board, as appropria the proceedings and enter an order. If the stude e district the same or subsequent school year, the proce the order at that time except for any period of that has been served by the student in anothe pred the order. If the principal or board fails to en the student withdraws, the next district in which the olls may complete the proceedings and enter an <i>Code 37.009(i)</i>	te, may ent re-en- ne district of the r district ter an or- the stu-
Enrollment in Another District	expiration which the same tim dent enro for, or wi who will l contents formation tion, exce	ent placed in a DAEP enrolls in another district be n of the placement, a board shall provide to the of e student enrolls a copy of the placement order a e it provides other records. The district in which olls shall inform each educator who will have resp I be under the direction and supervision of an ec- nave responsibility for, the instruction of the stud of the placement order. Each educator shall kee a confidential from any person not entitled to the ept that the educator may share the information of parent or guardian as provided by state or feder	district in the stu- consibility lucator ent of the p the in- informa- with the
	The district in which the student enrolls may continue the place- ment or allow the student to attend regular classes without com- pleting the period of placement. [See FO] The district in which the student enrolls may take any of these actions if:		
	cha	student was placed in a DAEP by an open-enro rter school and the charter school provides the d y of the placement order; or	
		student was placed in a DAEP by a district in ar e and:	other
	a.	The out-of-state district provides a copy of the order; and	placement
	b.	The grounds for placement are the same as group placement in the enrolling district.	ounds for
	Educatio	n Code 37.008(j)	
Out-of-State Placement	one year Educatio riod of pla	ent was placed in a DAEP in another state for mo and the enrolling district continues the placemer in Code 37.008(j), the enrolling district shall reduc acement so that the aggregate period does not e unless the enrolling district determines that:	nt under ce the pe-

	1.	The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or
	2.	Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.
	Edu	cation Code 37.008(j-1)
Court-Ordered Placement	Unless a board and the juvenile board for the county in which a district's central administrative office is located have entered into a memorandum of understanding concerning the juvenile probation department's role in supervising and providing other support services for students in DAEP programs:	
	1.	A court may not order a student expelled under Section 37.007 to attend a school district DAEP as a condition of probation;
	2.	A court may not order a student to attend a DAEP without a district's consent, until the student has successfully completed any sentencing requirements, if the court has ordered the student to attend a DAEP as a condition of probation once during a school year and the student is referred to juvenile court again during that school year.
	Edu	cation Code 37.010(c)-(d)
School Activities	tend	court placement in a DAEP must prohibit the student from at- ing or participating in school-sponsored or school-related activ- <i>Education Code 37.010(e)</i>
Placement After Court Disposition	After the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements, including conditions of deferred prosecution or conditions required by the prosecutor or probation department, a district may not refuse to admit the student if the student meets the requirements for admission into the public schools. A district may place the student in the DAEP.	
	may supe	withstanding Education Code 37.002(d) [see FOA], the student not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose ervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. teacher may not be coerced to consent.
	Edu	cation Code 37.010(f)
Not Guilty/ Insufficient Evidence/Charges Dropped	nate the s	office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official desig- d by the juvenile board shall, within two working days, notify school district that removed a student to a DAEP under Educa- Code 37.006 if:

	1.	Prosecution of a student was refused for lack of prosecution merit or insufficient evidence, and no formal proceedings, ferred adjudication, or deferred prosecution will be initiated	, de-
	2.	A court or jury found the student not guilty or made a find the child did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct cating a need for supervision and the case was dismissed with prejudice.	t indi-
	view retur tend men class	eceipt of the notice, the superintendent or designee shall r the student's placement in the DAEP. The student may no rned to the regular classroom pending the review. The sup ent or designee shall schedule a review of the student's pl t with the student's parent or guardian not later than the th s day after the superintendent or designee receives notice office or official designated by the court.	ot be berin- lace- hird
	dent cont belie	reviewing the notice and receiving information from the si 's parent or guardian, the superintendent or designee may inue the student's placement in the DAEP if there is reaso eve that the presence of the student in the regular classroo atens the safety of other students or teachers.	/ n to
	Edu	cation Code 37.006(h); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27	(g)
Appeal After Placement Upheld	perin turne at th office by th dent conf	student or the student's parent or guardian may appeal a stendent's decision to the board. The student may not be red to the regular classroom pending the appeal. A board side next scheduled meeting, review the notice provided by the of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official design be juvenile board; receive information from the student, the is parent or guardian, and the superintendent or designed irm or reverse the superintendent's decision. The board she a record of the proceedings.	re- hall, he ated e stu- ; and
	and com	board confirms the decision, the board shall inform the stud the student's parent or guardian of the right to appeal to the missioner of education. The student may not be returned t lar classroom pending the appeal to the commissioner.	ne
	Edu	cation Code 37.006(i)-(j)	
120-Day Review of Status	dent by a case dent ward tablis	udent placed in a DAEP shall be provided a review of the s 's status, including a review of the student's academic stat board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In t of a high school student, the board's designee, with the s 's parent or guardian, shall review the student's progress t meeting high school graduation requirements and shall e sh a specific graduation plan for the student. The district is ired to provide a course in the DAEP, except as required b	tus, he stu- to- es- s not
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 FOC(LEGAL)-P	23	12	of 13

STUDENT DISCIPLINE	
PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	

	Education Code 37.008(I). [See FOCA] At the review, the student or the student's parent or guardian must be given the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular class- room or campus. The student may not be returned to the class- room of the teacher who removed the student without that teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent. <i>Education Code 37.009(e)</i>	
Additional Proceedings	If, during the term of placement, a student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. <i>Education Code 37.009(j)</i>	
Reporting	A district may include the number of students removed to a DAEP in its annual performance report. <i>Education Code 39.306(e)(5)</i> [See AIB]	
	<i>Note:</i> See FOF for provisions concerning students with disabilities.	

## PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

	A disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) is an educa- tional and self-discipline alternative instruction program, adopted by local policy, for students in elementary through high school grades who are removed from their regular classes for mandatory or discretionary disciplinary reasons and placed in a DAEP. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 103.1201(a)</i>
	[See board-adopted Student Code of Conduct for information re- garding DAEP.]
Joint/Contracted DAEP	A district may provide a DAEP jointly with one or more other dis- tricts or may contract with third parties for DAEP services. The dis- trict must require and ensure compliance with district responsibili- ties that are transferred to the third-party provider. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.008(d); 19 TAC 103.1201(d)</i>
	A DAEP may provide for a student's transfer to a different campus, a school-community guidance center, or a community-based alter- native school. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(b)
Community Organizations	A district shall cooperate with government agencies and commu- nity organizations that provide services in the district to students placed in a DAEP. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(e)
Shared Service Arrangements	A district that participates in a shared service arrangement for DAEP services shall ensure that the district improvement plan and each campus-level plan include the performance of the DAEP student group for the district in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 103.1201(b) [see BQ]. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(b)</i>
Funding	A student removed to a DAEP is counted in computing a district's average daily attendance for the student's time in actual atten- dance in the program. <i>Education Code 37.008(f)</i>
	A district shall allocate to a DAEP the same expenditure per stu- dent attending the DAEP that would be allocated to the student's school if the student were attending the student's regularly as- signed education program, including a special education program. <i>Education Code 37.008(g)</i> [See also EHBC(LEGAL), Limit on DAEP Expenditures]
Location	A DAEP shall be provided in a setting other than the student's reg- ular classroom. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(a)(1)
	A DAEP may be located on-campus or off-campus in adherence with requirements of the <i>Student Attendance Accounting Hand-</i> <i>book</i> . For reporting purposes, the DAEP shall use the county-dis- trict-campus number of the student's locally assigned campus (the campus the student would be attending if the student was not at-

FOCA (LEGAL)

37.008(a)(2)	
An off-campus DAEP is not subject to a requirement imposed the Education Code, other than a limitation on liability, a repor requirement, or a requirement imposed by Education Code C ter 37 or Chapter 39 or 39A. <i>Education Code 37.008(c)</i>	rting
An elementary school student may not be placed in a DAEP we student who is not an elementary school student. The designation of elementary and secondary is determined by adopted local icy. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(f); 19 TAC 103.1201(h)(1)	ation
Students who are assigned to the DAEP shall be separated fr students who are not assigned to the program. Notwithstandin this requirement, summer programs provided by the district m serve students assigned to a DAEP in conjunction with other dents, as determined by local policy.	ng lay
Students in the DAEP shall be separated from students in a junction in a junction program.	lve-
Education Code 37.008(a)(3), (c); 19 TAC 103.1201(f)(3), (h)	(3)
Safety A district is responsible for the safety and supervision of the s dents assigned to the DAEP; however, the immunity from the ity established in Education Code 22.0511 [see DG], shall not impacted. The DAEP staff shall be prepared and trained to re spond to health issues and emergencies.	liabil- : be
Each district shall establish a board-approved policy for discip and intervention measures to prevent and intervene against u behavior and include disciplinary actions that do not jeopardiz dents' physical health and safety, harm emotional well-being, discourage physical activity.	nsafe e stu-
19 TAC 103.1201(h)	
StaffingA DAEP shall employ only teachers who meet certification red ments under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B. The fied teacher-to-student ratio in a DAEP shall be one teacher for each 15 students in elementary through high school grades. If cation Code 37.008(a)(7); 19 TAC 103.1201(h)(1)	certi- or
Staff at each DAEP shall participate in training programs on e tion, behavior management, and safety procedures that focus positive and proactive behavior management strategies. The ing programs must also target prevention and intervention tha clude:	on train-

	1.	Training on the education and discipline of students with dis- abilities who receive special education services;			
	2.	Instruction in social skills and problem-solving skills that ad- dresses diversity, dating violence, anger management, and conflict resolution to teach students how to interact with teachers, family, peers, authority figures, and the general public; and			
	3.	Annual training on established procedures for reporting abuse, neglect, or exploitation of students.			
	19	TAC 103.1201(i)			
Entrance Procedures	for r exp con that	cedures for each DAEP shall be developed and implemented newly entering students and their parents or guardians on the ectations of the DAEP. These procedures shall include written tracts between students, parents or guardians, and the DAEP formalize expectations and establish the students' individual hs for success. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(j)</i>			
Academics	The academic mission of DAEPs shall be to enable students to perform at grade level. A DAEP shall focuses on English language arts, mathematics, science, history, and self-discipline. <i>Education Code 37.008(a)(4), (m)</i>				
	that curr den vice	istrict shall provide an academic and self-discipline program leads to graduation and includes instruction in each student's rently enrolled foundation curriculum necessary to meet the stu- t's individual graduation plan, including special education ser- es. A student's required high school personal graduation plan e EIF] may not be altered when the student is assigned to a EP.			
Opportunity to Complete Course	A district shall offer a student removed to a DAEP an opportunity complete a foundation curriculum course in which the student wa enrolled at the time of removal, before the beginning of the next school year, through any method available, including a correspon dence course, distance learning, or summer school. The district may not charge the student for a course provided under this provision.				
	Edu	ıcation Code 37.008(l); 19 TAC 103.1201(f)			
	with with tion ava	istrict shall provide the parents of a student removed to a DAEP a written notice of the district's obligation to provide the student an opportunity to complete coursework required for gradua- . The notice must include information regarding all methods ilable for completing the coursework and state that the methods available at no cost to the student. <i>Education Code 37.008(I-1)</i>			

eac	te school day for a DAEP shall be at least 240 minutes in length the day, including intermissions and recesses. <i>19 TAC</i> 13.1201(f)(2)			
stud sha	The campus of accountability for student performance must be the student's locally assigned campus, including when the district or shared services arrangement contracts with a third party for DAEP services. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(e)</i>			
		shall administer to a student placed in a DAEP program od of 90 school days or longer an assessment instrument:		
1.	Initia	ally on placement of the student in the program; and		
2.		sequently on the date of the student's departure from the gram, or as near that date as possible.		
The	asse	ssment instrument:		
1.		t be designed to assess at least a student's basic skills in ling and mathematics;		
2.	Мау	be:		
	а.	Comparable to any assessment instrument generally ad- ministered to students placed in juvenile justice alterna- tive education programs for a similar purpose; or		
	b.	Based on an appropriate alternative assessment instru- ment developed by the agency to measure student aca- demic growth; and		
3.	ls in	addition to the required state assessments [see EKB].		
Education Code 37.0082				
Released state assessments for reading and mathematics for the appropriate grade may be used. A district may apply for approval of an assessment that includes the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for reading and mathematics for the student's assigned grade. The commissioner will publish on the Texas Education Agency (TEA) website a list of assessments approved for use in each school year. A district may contact TEA to obtain accommo- dated versions of particular assessments.				
dem DAE dem mes	ic gra EP if p nic sch ster of	e level of an assessment shall be based upon the aca- ade completed prior to the student being assigned to a placement occurs in the fall or first semester of the aca- nool year. If placement occurs in the spring or second se- the academic school year, the student shall be adminis- assessment based on the current grade level.		
	<ul> <li>eacl 103.</li> <li>The stud share serv</li> <li>A di for a</li> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Edu</li> <li>Age applied and grace</li> <li>Age cacle</li> <li>Age cacle</li> <li>Age cacle</li> <li>The applied</li> <li>The a</li></ul>	each day 103.1201 The camp student's shared se services. A district for a perio 1. Initia 2. Sub prog The asse 1. Mus read 2. May a. 2. May a. 3. Is in Education Released appropria of an assi grade. Th Agency (" each schoo dated ver The grade demic gra DAEP if p demic school		

FOCA (LEGAL)

	Each district shall provide an academic report to the student's lo- cally assigned campus, which shall include the pre- and post-as- sessment results of the student's basic skills in reading and mathe matics, within 10 school days of the student completing the post- assessment.			
	Procedures for administering the pre- and post-assessment, in- cluding appropriate accommodations as needed, shall be devel- oped and implemented in accordance with local district policy.			
	A student in the district's DAEP must also be assessed under the required state assessment [see EKB].			
	19 TAC 103.1203			
Special Populations Special Education	A DAEP serving a student with a disability who receives special education services shall provide educational services that will support the student in meeting the goals identified in the individualized education program (IEP) established by a duly-constituted admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, in accordance with Education Code 37.004 and federal requirements. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(g)</i>			
Drug and Alcohol Treatment	A program of educational and support services may be provided to a student and the student's parents when the offense involves drugs, e-cigarettes, or alcohol as specified under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007. A DAEP that provides chemical dependency treatment services must be licensed under Health and Safety Code Chapter 464. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008( <i>k</i> )			
Transition to Regular Classroom	The transition services established for a student who is exiting a DAEP and returning to the student's locally assigned campus shall be implemented as required by Education Code $37.023.19$ TAC $103.1201(k)$			
Definitions	"Alternative education program" includes:			
	<ol> <li>A disciplinary alternative education program operated by a school district or open-enrollment charter school;</li> </ol>			
	2. A juvenile justice alternative education program; and			
	<ol> <li>A residential program or facility operated by or under contract with the Texas Juvenile Justice Department, a juvenile board, or any other governmental entity.</li> </ol>			
	"Licensed clinical social worker" has the meaning assigned by Oc- cupations Code 505.002.			
	Education Code 37.023(a)			

After Determination of the Release Date	· · ·				
	1.	Pro	vide written notice of that date to:		
		a.	The student's parent or a person standing in parental re- lation to the student; and		
		b.	The administrator of the campus to which the student in- tends to transition; and		
	2.	Pro	vide the campus administrator:		
		a.	An assessment of the student's academic growth while attending the alternative education program; and		
		b.	The results of any assessment instruments administered to the student.		
	Edι	icatio	n Code 37.023(b)		
Coordination After Release	leas trate roo	Not later than five instructional days after the date of a student's re- lease from an alternative education program, the campus adminis- trator shall coordinate the student's transition to a regular class- room. The coordination must include assistance and recommendations from:			
	1.	Sch	ool counselors;		
	2.	Sch	ool district peace officers;		
	3.	Sch	ool resource officers;		
	4.	Lice	ensed clinical social workers;		
	5.	Car	npus behavior coordinators;		
	6.		ssroom teachers who are or may be responsible for imple- nting the student's personalized transition plan; and		
	7.	Any	other appropriate school district personnel.		
	Edι	Education Code 37.023(c)			
Personalized Transition Plan	sitic	on pla	stance described above must include a personalized tran- n for the student developed by the campus administrator. alized transition plan:		
	1.	Mus	st include:		
		a.	Recommendations for the best educational placement of the student; and		

		b.	The provision of information to the student's parent or a person standing in parental relation to the student re- garding the process to request a full individual and initial evaluation of the student for purposes of special educa- tion services under Education Code 29.004 [see EHAA]; and
	2.	May	include:
		a.	Recommendations for counseling, behavioral manage- ment, or academic assistance for the student with a con- centration on the student's academic or career goals;
		b.	Recommendations for assistance for obtaining access to mental health services provided by the district or school, a local mental health authority, or another private or pub- lic entity; and
		C.	A regular review of the student's progress toward the student's academic or career goals.
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(d)
Parent Meeting	If practicable, the campus administrator, or the administrator's de- signee, shall meet with the student's parent or a person standing in parental relation to the student to coordinate plans for the student's transition.		
Applicability	puls		Code 37.023 applies only to a student subject to com- ttendance requirements under Education Code 25.085 ].
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(e)-(f)

Denton ISD 061901					
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION		FOD (LEGAL)			
Students Younger Than 10	shal	A student younger than 10 years of age shall not be expelled but shall be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP). <i>Education Code</i> 37.007(e)(2), (h)			
Overage Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a dis- trict for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is not eligible for placement in a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) if the person engages in conduct that would re- quire or authorize such placement for a student under the age of 21. If the student engages in such conduct, a district shall revoke the student's admission. <i>Education Code 25.001(b-1)</i>				
Mandatory Expulsion School Related	plac stud	ject to the requirements of Education Code 37.009(a) [see Pre- ement Proceedings, below], a student shall be expelled if the ent, on school property or while attending a school-sponsored chool-related activity on or off of school property:			
	1.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of unlawfully carrying weapons under Penal Code 46.02 or el- ements of an offense relating to prohibited weapons under Penal Code 46.05 [see FNCG];			
	2.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual as- sault, arson, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to com- mit murder or capital murder, indecency with a child, aggra- vated kidnapping, aggravated robbery, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide, or continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual, as those offenses are de- fined in the Penal Code; or			
	3.	Commits a drug- or alcohol-related offense described at Edu- cation Code 37.006(a)(2)(C), if that conduct is punishable as a felony.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.007(a)			
Exception		udent may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs:			
	1.	At an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; and			
	2.	While participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organi- zation working with the department.			

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)
	This section does not authorize a student to bring a firearm on school property to participate in or prepare for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity.
	Education Code 37.007(k), (l)
Retaliation	A district shall expel a student who engages in conduct that con- tains the elements of any offense listed above against any district employee or volunteer in retaliation for or as a result of the per- son's employment or association with a district, without regard to whether the conduct occurs on or off school property or while at- tending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. <i>Education Code 37.007(d)</i>
Federal Firearms Offense	In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, a district shall expel a student who brings a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. The student must be expelled from the student's regular campus for a period of at least one year, except that the superin- tendent may modify in writing the length of expulsion in the case of an individual student.
Exception	This provision shall not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored in- side a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities ap- proved and authorized by the district and the district adopts appro- priate safeguards to ensure student safety. [See also GKA].
Provision of Educational Services	A district or other local educational agency shall provide educa- tional services to an expelled student in a DAEP if the student is younger than 10 years of age on the date of expulsion. A district or other local educational agency may provide educational services to an expelled student who is 10 years of age or older in a DAEP.
	20 U.S.C. 7961; Education Code 37.007(e)
Definitions	For purposes of this provision:
School	"School" means any setting that is under the control and supervi- sion of a district for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the district. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 7961(f)
Firearm	"Firearm" means:
	<ol> <li>Any weapon (including a starter gun), which will or is de- signed to or which may readily be converted to expel a projec- tile by the action of an explosive;</li> </ol>
	2. The frame or receiver of any such weapon;
	3. Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or

	4.	Any destructive device. "Destructive device" means any ex- plosive, incendiary, or poison gas bomb, grenade, rocket hav- ing a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile hav- ing an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one- quarter ounce, mine, or device similar to any of the preceding described devices. It also means any type of weapon (other than a shotgun shell or a shotgun that is generally recognized as particularly suitable for sporting purposes) by whatever name known which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by the action of an explosive or other pro- pellant, and which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half inch in diameter; and any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into a destructive device as described in this item, and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled.		
	18	U.S.C. 921, 20 U.S.C. 7961(b)(3)		
Discretionary Expulsion Threats	volv fals	student may be expelled if the student engages in conduct in- olving a public school that contains the elements of the offense of alse alarm or report under Penal Code 42.06, or terroristic threat nder Penal Code 22.07.		
School-Related Conduct	feet sch	tudent may be expelled if the student, while on or within 300 t of school property, as measured from any point on the pool's real property boundary line, or while attending a school- ponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property:		
	1.	Sells, gives, or delivers to another person, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of any amount of:		
		<ul> <li>Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined by Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, or by 21 U.S.C. section 801 et seq.; or</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>A dangerous drug, as defined by Chapter 483, Health and Safety Code; or</li> </ul>		
		c. An alcoholic beverage, as defined by Section 1.04, Alcoholic Beverage Code.		
	2.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense relating to an abusable volatile chemical under Health and Safety Code 485.031-485.034.		
	3.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) against a school district em- ployee, or a volunteer as defined by Education Code 22.053.		

	4. Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of deadly conduct under Penal Code 22.05.				
	Education Code 37.007(b)(1)-(2)				
Conduct Within 300 Feet of School	Subject to the mandatory expulsion requirement for retaliation, a student may be expelled if the student, while within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, engages in the following conduct:				
	<ol> <li>Any conduct for which expulsion would have been mandatory under Education Code 37.007(a) [see Mandatory Expul- sion—School Related, above]; or</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Possession of a firearm, as defined by 18 U.S.C. sec. 921 [see Federal Firearm Offense, above].</li> </ol>				
	Education Code 37.007(b)(3)				
Retaliation Against School Employee or Volunteer	A student may be expelled if the student engages in an assault, under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1), on an employee or volunteer in re- taliation for or as a result of the person's employment or associa- tion with a district, without regard to whether the conduct occurs on or off school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property. <i>Education Code</i> 37.007(d)				
Conduct Against Another Student	A student may be expelled if the student engages in conduct against another student that contains the elements of the offenses of aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, arson, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to commit capital murder, or aggravated robbery, without regard to whether the con- duct occurs on or off of school property or while attending a school- sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. <i>Education Code</i> 37.007( <i>b</i> )(4)				
Bullying	A student may be removed from class and expelled if the student:				
	<ol> <li>Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;</li> </ol>				
	2. Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or				
	<ol> <li>Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.</li> </ol>				
	Nothing in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding of intimate visual material of a minor.				

<i>Definitions</i> Bullying		lying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. FFI]				
Intimate Visual Material			nate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- and Remedies Code 98B.001.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.0052			
Criminal Mischief	gag as d felo shal	A district may use its discretion to expel a student who has en- gaged in conduct that contains the elements of criminal mischief, as defined in the Penal Code, if the conduct is punishable as a felony. Regardless of whether the student is expelled, a district shall refer the student to the authorized officer of the juvenile court. <i>Education Code</i> $37.007(f)$				
Breach of Computer Security	cont	tains	may be expelled if the student engages in conduct that the elements of the offense of breach of computer secu- Penal Code 33.02 if:			
	1.	work	conduct involves accessing a computer, computer net- c, or computer system owned by or operated on behalf of hool district; and			
	2.	trict	student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes school dis- property or information; or commits a breach of any other puter, computer network, or computer system.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.007(b)(5)				
Serious Misbehavior in DAEP	misl	A student placed in a DAEP who engages in documented se misbehavior while on the DAEP campus despite documenter havioral interventions may be removed from class and expel				
	"Sei	ious	misbehavior" means:			
	1.		berate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the th or safety of others;			
	2.		rtion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by e or threat;			
	3.	Con 1.07	duct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Penal Code ; or			
	4.	Con	duct that constitutes the offense of:			
		a.	Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;			
		b.	Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;			
		C.	Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;			
		d.	Personal hazing under Education Code 37.152; or			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 FOD(LEGAL)-P	)23		5 of 11			

		e.	Harassment, under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), of a student or district employee.			
	If the student is expelled, a board or its designee shall refer the student to the authorized officer of the juvenile court for appropriate proceedings under Family Code Title 3 (Juvenile Justice Code).					
	Education Code 37.007(c), .010(b)					
Property or	A district may expel a student who attends school in the district if:					
Activities of Another District		have prop	student engages in conduct for which expulsion would been mandatory if the conduct had occurred on district erty or while attending a district-sponsored or district-re- l activity; and			
		othe	student engages in that conduct on the property of an- r district or while attending a school-sponsored or school- ed activity of another district in this state.			
	Educ	ation	Code 37.007(i)			
Pre-placement Proceedings Conference	Not later than the third class day after a student is removed by a teacher or by the school principal or other appropriate administrator, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference among the CBC or other appropriate administrator, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher removing the student from class, if any, and the student. At the conference, the student is entitled to written or oral notice of the reasons for the removal, an explanation of the basis for the removal, and an opportunity to respond to the regular class pending the conference.					
Mitigating Factors Before Ordering Removal	dent the st tory, pairs stude	acted tuder and the ent's	dering removal, the CBC must consider whether the stu- d in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time at engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary his- whether the student has a disability that substantially im- student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the conduct, regardless of whether the decision of the behav- nator concerns a mandatory or discretionary action.			
Order the Placement	son is tenda Educ	s in a ance, ation e stud	the conference, and whether or not each requested per- attendance after valid attempts to require the person's at- the CBC, after considering any mitigating factors under Code 37.001(a)(4) [see FO], shall order the placement dent for a period consistent with the Student Code of			
	Educ	ation	Code 37.009(a) [See Student Code of Conduct]			

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)
Expulsion Proceedings Due Process	Before a student may be expelled, a board or its designee shall provide the student a hearing at which the student is afforded appropriate due process as required by the federal constitution and which the student's parent or guardian is invited, in writing, to attend. <i>Education Code 37.009(f)</i>
	The minimum procedural requirements necessary to satisfy due process depend upon the circumstances and the interests of the parties involved. Federal due process requires notice and some opportunity for hearing.
Notice	The notice should contain a statement of the specific charges and grounds that, if proven, would justify expulsion. In some cases, the student should be given the names of the witnesses against him or her and an oral or written report on the facts to which each witness testifies.
Hearing	The rights of the student may properly be determined upon the hearsay evidence of school administrators who investigate disciplinary infractions.
	[See also Brewer v. Austin Indep. Sch. Dist., 779 F.2d 260 (5th Cir. 1985); Keough v. Tate Cnty. Bd. of Educ., 748 F.2d 1077 (5th Cir. 1984); McClain v. Lafayette Cnty. Sch. Bd. of Educ., 673 F.2d 106 (5th Cir. 1982); Tasby v. Estes, 643 F.2d 1103 (5th Cir. 1981); Boykins v. Fairfield Bd. of Educ., 492 F.2d 697 (5th Cir. 1974), cert. denied, 420 US 962 (1975); Dixon v. Alabama State Bd. of Educ., 294 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 930 (1961)]
Representative	At the hearing, the student is entitled to be represented by the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or another adult who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the district. If a dis- trict makes a good-faith effort to inform the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian of the time and place of the hearing, the district may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student, the student's parent or guardian, or another adult representing the stu- dent attends.
Mitigating Factors Before Ordering Expulsion	Before ordering the expulsion of a student, the board or the board's designee must consider whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whether the decision of the board concerns a mandatory or discretionary action. [See Student Code of Conduct, item 4, at FO(LE-GAL) for additional mitigating factors.]

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)	
Appeal	If the decision to expel a student is made by the board's designee, the decision may be appealed to the board. The decision of the board may be appealed by trial de novo to a district court of the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.	
	Education Code 37.009(f)	
Term of Expulsion	If the period of expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines on length of expulsion in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notice of the inconsistency.	
Beyond One Year	The period of expulsion may not exceed one year unless a district determines that:	
	<ol> <li>The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or</li> </ol>	
	2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.	
	Education Code 37.009(h)	
Notice of Expulsion Order To Parent or Guardian	A board or its designee shall deliver a copy of the order expelling the student to the student and the student's parent or guardian. Af- ter such notification, the parent or guardian shall provide adequate supervision for the student during the period of expulsion. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code</i> 37.009(g)-(h)	
To Court	Not later than the second business day after the date an expulsion hearing is held, a board or its designee shall deliver a copy of the expulsion order and any information required under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the student resides.	
	Family Code 52.04 requires the following information from a refer- ring entity that is not a law enforcement agency or has not taken the child into custody:	
	<ol> <li>All information in a district's possession pertaining to the iden- tity of the child and the child's address; the name and address of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian; the names and addresses of any witnesses; and the child's present where- abouts; and</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>A complete statement of the circumstances of the alleged delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervi- sion.</li> </ol>	
	Education Code 37.010(a); Family Code 52.04(a), .041(a)-(b)	
To Juvenile Board	In a county that operates a JJAEP [see FODA], no student shall be expelled without written notification by a board or its designee to the juvenile board's designated representative. The notification	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	8 of 11	

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)
	shall be made not later than two business days following a board's determination that the student is to be expelled. Failure to timely notify the designated representative shall result in the child's duty to continue attending a district's educational program, which shall be provided to that child until such time as the notification to the designated representative is properly made. <i>Family Code 52.041</i>
To Staff	In addition to providing any notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 [see GRA], a district shall inform each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the direction and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for, the instruction of a stu- dent who has engaged in expellable conduct.
	Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any per- son not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as pro- vided by state or federal law. An educator's certificate may be sus- pended or revoked for intentional failure to keep such information confidential.
	Education Code 37.007(g)
Completion of Proceeding Upon Withdrawal	If a student withdraws from a district before an order for expulsion is entered, the principal or board, as appropriate, may complete the proceedings and enter an order. If the student subsequently enrolls in the district during the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time except for any period of the expulsion that has been served by the student in another district that honored the order. If the principal or board fails to enter an order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings and enter an order. <i>Education Code 37.009(i)</i>
Additional Proceedings	If, during the term of expulsion, a student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. <i>Education Code 37.009(j)</i>
Appeals	A decision by a board's designee to expel a student may be appealed to the board. If the hearing is not before the board directly, the results and findings of the hearing should be presented in a report open to the student's inspection. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009(f); <u>Dixon v. Alabama State Bd. of Educ.</u> , 294 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 930 (1961)
Restrictions on Court Orders	A court may not order an expelled student to attend a regular classroom, a regular campus, or a district DAEP as a condition of probation.

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)
Exception	A court may order a student to attend a regular classroom, a regu- lar campus, or a district DAEP if the district has entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the juvenile board for the county in which the district's central administrative office is lo- cated, concerning the juvenile probation department's role in su- pervising and providing other support services for students in DAEPs.
	Education Code 37.010(c)
District Responsibility for Expelled Student Students Not Eligible for Existing JJAEP	In a county that operates a JJAEP, a district is responsible for pro- viding an immediate educational program to a student who en- gages in behavior for which expulsion is permitted but not required under Education Code 37.007, but who is not eligible for admission into the JJAEP in accordance with an MOU. [See FODA]
Contracting for Services	A district may provide the program, or the district may contract with a county juvenile board, a private provider, or one or more other school districts to provide the program.
	Education Code 37.011(I)
Certain Districts	This provision applies to a district located in a county considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less because it has a population of more than 200,000 and less than 233,500; has five or more school districts located wholly within the county's boundaries; and has located in the county a JJAEP that, on May 1, 2011, served fewer than 15 students. A qualifying district shall provide educational services to a student who is expelled from school. The district is entitled to count the student in the district's average daily attendance for purposes of receipt of state funds under the Foun- dation School Program. An educational placement under this sec- tion may include:
	1. The district's DAEP.
	2. A contracted placement with another school district, an open- enrollment charter school, an institution of higher education, an adult literacy council, or a community organization that can provide an educational program that allows the student to complete the credits required for high school graduation.
	An educational placement other than a district's DAEP is subject to the educational and certification requirements applicable to an open-enrollment charter school under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D.
	Education Code 37.011(a-3)-(a-5)

Denton ISD 061901 STUDENT DISCIPLINE FOD EXPULSION (LEGAL) Return to Class On the recommendation of the placement review committee, or on its own initiative, a district may readmit an expelled student while Early / Permissive the student is completing any court disposition requirements. Required After an expelled student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements, including conditions of a deferred prosecution, or conditions required by the prosecutor or probation department, a district may not refuse to admit the student if the student meets the requirements for admission. [See FD] A district may place the student in a DAEP. The student may not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose supervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent. Education Code 37.010(f) Expelled from If a student has been expelled from another school district, the ex-Another District pelling district shall provide to a district in which the student enrolls a copy of the expulsion order and the referral to the authorized officer of the juvenile court. A district in which the student enrolls may continue the expulsion under the terms of the order, may place the student in a DAEP for the period specified by the expulsion order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes without completing the period of expulsion. Out-of-State A district may take any of the above actions if the student was ex-Expulsion pelled by a district in another state if: The out-of-state district provides a copy of the expulsion or-1. der: and 2. The grounds for the expulsion are also grounds for expulsion in the district in which the student is enrolling. Education Code 37.010(g) If the student was expelled for more than one year and the enrolling district continues the expulsion or places the student in a DAEP, the aggregate period of expulsion or placement may not exceed one year unless the district determines that: 1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or 2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student. Education Code 37.010(g-1) Note: See FOF for provisions concerning expulsion of students with disabilities.

Denton ISD 061901					
EXPULSION JUVENILE JUSTICE AL	TERN	IATIV	E EDUCATION PROGRAM	FODA (LEGAL)	
Meetings with	A board or designee shall regularly meet with either:				
Juvenile Board	1.		juvenile board for the county in which a district's inistrative office is located; or	central	
	2.	The	juvenile board's designee.		
	The meeting shall be called by the board president and shall ad- dress supervision and rehabilitative services appropriate for ex- pelled students and students assigned to disciplinary alternative education programs (DAEPs).				
	Mat	ters fo	or discussion shall include:		
	1.	Serv	vice by probation officers at the DAEP site;		
	2.		ruitment of volunteers to serve as mentors and p g services; and	rovide tu-	
	3.	Coo	rdination with other social service agencies.		
	Education Code 37.013				
Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program	und	er the	urposes of the following provisions, only a DAEP authority of a juvenile board of a county is cons ustice alternative education program (JJAEP).		
Mandatory JJAEP	125	,000 s	nile board of a county with a population greater the shall develop a JJAEP, subject to the approval or venile Justice Department (TJJD).		
Voluntary JJAEP	The juvenile board of a county with a population of 125,000 or less may develop a JJAEP. Such a JJAEP is not required to be approved by the TJJD. Further, it is not subject to Education Code 37.011(c), (d), (f), (g), (k) or (m).				
	Education Code 37.011(a), (k), (m)				
County Population	A county with a population greater than 125,000 is considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less if:				
	1.	the 2 ente unde	county had a population of 125,000 or less accord 2000 federal census and the juvenile board of th rs into, with the approval of the TJJD, a memora erstanding (MOU) with each school district within thy that:	e county Indum of	
		a.	Outlines the responsibilities of the board and so tricts in minimizing the number of students expe out receiving alternative educational services; a	elled with-	
		b.	Includes the coordination procedures required l tion Code 37.013, above.	oy Educa-	

	2.	Has a population of 195,000 or less; is adjacent to two coun- ties, each of which has a population of more than 1.7 million; and has seven or more school districts located wholly within the county's boundaries.			
	3.	Has a population of more than 200,000 and less than 233,500; has five or more school districts located wholly within the county's boundaries; and has located in the county a JJAEP that, on May 1, 2011, served fewer than 15 students.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.011(a-1)-(a-3)			
	Not	<b>te:</b> The following provisions apply to all districts that operate JJAEPs, whether voluntary or mandatory.			
Placement of Students in JJAEP — Expelled Students	MO	expelled student shall, to the extent provided by law or by the U, immediately attend the educational program from the date of ulsion. <i>Education Code 37.010(a)</i> [See FOD]			
Court-Ordered Placement	for 0 37.0 the 22.0	student admitted under Education Code 25.001(b) is expelled conduct for which expulsion is required under Education Code 007(a), (d), or (e) or for conduct that contains the elements of offense of terroristic threat as described by Penal Code 07(c-1), (d), or (e), the juvenile court, juvenile board, or juvenile rd's designee, as appropriate, shall:			
	1.	If the student is placed on probation under Family Code 54.04, order the student to attend the JJAEP in the county in which the student resides from the date of disposition as a condition of probation, unless the child is placed in a post-ad- judication treatment facility;			
	2.	If the student is placed on deferred prosecution under Family Code 53.03 by the court, prosecutor, or probation department, require the student to immediately attend the JJAEP in the county in which the student resides for a period not to exceed six months as a condition of the deferred prosecution;			
	3.	In determining the condition of the deferred prosecution or court-ordered probation, consider the length of a district's expulsion order for the student; and			
	4.	Provide timely educational services to the student in the JJAEP in the county in which the student resides, regardless of the student's age or whether the juvenile court has jurisdiction over the student. This provision does not require that ed-			

#### EXPULSION JUVENILE JUSTICE ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM

	ucational services be provided to a student who is not entitled to admission under Education Code 25.001(b).
	Education Code 37.011(b)-(b-1)
	A student transferred to a JJAEP must participate in the program for the full period ordered by the juvenile court, unless a district agrees to accept the student before the date ordered by the juvenile court. <i>Education Code 37.011(i)</i>
Students Who Move	If a student who is ordered to attend a JJAEP moves from one county to another, the juvenile court may request the JJAEP in the county to which the student moves to provide educational services to the student in accordance with the local MOU between the district and the juvenile board in the receiving county. <i>Education Code</i> $37.011(n)$
Entry and Exit Transition Plans	For each student, the JJAEP must coordinate with the sending school district to develop a written transition plan for entrance into the JJAEP. For each student, the JJAEP must develop a written exit transition plan, provide the plan to the receiving school district, and maintain written verification that the plan was sent. The exit transition plan must include all information regarding courses in progress or completed, current grades for courses in progress, and the number of attendance days and absent days. <i>37 TAC 348.212(b)</i>
	[See FOCA for requirements regarding transition to the regular classroom.]
Funding for JJAEPs Mandatory Expulsions	Except as determined by the commissioner of education, a student served by a JJAEP on the basis of conduct for which expulsion is required under Education Code 37.007 is not eligible for Foundation School Program funding if the JJAEP receives funding from the TJJD. <i>Education Code 37.011(h)</i>
Court-Assigned Students	A district is not required to provide funding to a juvenile board for a student who is assigned by a court to a JJAEP but who has not been expelled. <i>Education Code 37.012</i>
Title 5 Felony Placements	A district shall reimburse a JJAEP in which a student is placed un- der Education Code 37.0081 [see FOE] for the actual cost incurred each day the student is enrolled in the program. For purposes of this subsection:
	<ol> <li>The actual cost incurred each day for the student is deter- mined by the juvenile board of the county operating the pro- gram; and</li> </ol>

#### EXPULSION JUVENILE JUSTICE ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM

	2. The juvenile board shall determine the actual cost each day of the program based on the board's annual audit.					
	Education Code 37.0081(g)					
Funding for Discretionary Expulsions	Subject to Education Code 37.011(n) [see Students Who Move, above], the district in which a student is enrolled on the date the student is expelled for conduct for which expulsion is permitted but not required under Education Code 37.007 shall, if the student is served by the JJAEP, provide funding to the juvenile board in an amount determined by the MOU under Education Code 37.011(k).					
	The amount of the funds transferred is determined by the portion of the school year for which the JJAEP provides educational services to a district.					
	Education Code 37.012(a)					
Arbitration of Disputes	If a district elects to contract with the juvenile board for the place- ment of students who are expelled for conduct for which expulsion is permitted but not required under Education Code 37.007, and the juvenile board and the district are unable to reach an agree- ment in the MOU, either party may request that the issues of dis- pute be referred to a binding arbitration process that uses a quali- fied alternative dispute resolution arbitrator.					
	Each party shall pay its pro rata share of the arbitration costs and shall submit its final proposal to the arbitrator. If the parties cannot agree on an arbitrator, the juvenile board shall select an arbitrator, the district shall select an arbitrator, and those two arbitrators shall select an arbitrator who shall decide the issues in dispute.					
Decision of Arbitrator	The arbitration decision is enforceable in a court in the county in which the JJAEP is located. Any decision by an arbitrator concern- ing the amount of the funding for a student who is expelled and at- tending a JJAEP must provide an amount sufficient based on oper- ation of the JJAEP. In determining the amount to be paid by a district for an expelled student enrolled in a JJAEP, the arbitrator shall consider the relevant factors, including evidence of:					
	<ol> <li>The actual average total per student expenditure in the dis- trict's DAEP;</li> </ol>					
	<ol> <li>The expected per student cost in the JJAEP as described and agreed on in the MOU and in compliance with Education Code Chapter 37; and</li> </ol>					
	<ol> <li>The costs necessary to achieve the accountability goals un- der Education Code Chapter 37.</li> </ol>					
	Education Code 37.011(p)					

Denton ISD 061901				
EXPULSION FO JUVENILE JUSTICE ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM (LEG.				
Fees	require a ing an er	Except as otherwise authorized by law [see FP], a JJAEP may no require a student, or the parent or guardian, to pay any fee, incluing an entrance or supply fee, for participating in the program. Eccetion Code 37.012(e)		
Location and Staffing	may prov	A JJAEP may be provided in a facility owned by a district. A dist may provide personnel and services for a JJAEP under a contra with the juvenile board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.011(e)		
Academic Mission of JJAEP		cally, the mission of the JJAEP shall be to enable m at grade level.	e students	
Accountability	For purposes of accountability under Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A, a student enrolled in a JJAEP is reported as if the student were enrolled at the student's assigned campus in the student's regularly assigned education program, including a special educa- tion program.			
	Educatic	n Code 37.011(h)		
Program Requirements	comply v	rograms operated under Education Code 37.011 vith the requirements found at 37 Administrative 348. 37 TAC 348.104(b)		
	Note:	The following provisions apply only to districts counties with a population greater than 125,000 not exempt from the application of the provision tailed in Education Code 37.011(a-1), (a-2), or County Population, above].	0 that are ns as de-	
Memorandum of Understanding		and the county juvenile board shall, no later that each school year, enter into a joint MOU that:	n Septem-	
		lines the responsibilities of the juvenile board con establishment and operation of a JJAEP;	ncerning	
	trict JJA	ines the amount and conditions on payments from to the juvenile board for students who are serve EP whose placement was not made on the basis on required under Education Code 37.007(a), (d),	d in the s of expul-	
	stu	ablishes that a student may be placed in the JJA dent engages in serious misbehavior, as defined on Code 37.007(c);		
	terr	ntifies and requires a timely placement and speci n of placement for expelled students for whom th received a notice under Family Code 52.041(d);	e district	

	5.	Establishes services for the transitioning of expelled students to the district before the completion of the student's place- ment in the JJAEP;
	6.	Establishes a plan that provides transportation services for students placed in the JJAEP;
	7.	Establishes the circumstances and conditions under which a juvenile may be allowed to remain in the JJAEP setting once the juvenile is no longer under juvenile court jurisdiction; and
	8.	Establishes a plan to address special education services re- quired by law.
	Edu	cation Code 37.011(k)-(m)
		memorandum of understanding must be submitted to TJJD no than October 1 of each year. <i>37 TAC 348.200(c)</i>
Placement in JJAEP	und	ry expelled student who is not detained or receiving treatment er an order of the juvenile court must be enrolled in an educa- al program. <i>Education Code 37.010(a)</i>
Operating Requirements	by tl view pose mer	JJAEP shall be subject to a written operating policy developed ne local juvenile justice board and submitted to the TJJD for re- v and comment. The JJAEP is not subject to a requirement im- ed by Education Code Title II, other than a reporting require- t or a requirement imposed by Education Code Chapters 37, for 39A. <i>Education Code 37.011(g)</i>
Student Code of Conduct	with	JJAEP shall adopt a Student Code of Conduct in accordance Education Code 37.001. <i>Education Code 37.011(c); 37 TAC</i> 224
Educational Program		JJAEP shall focus on English language arts, mathematics, sci- e, social studies, and self-discipline.
Assessment		JJAEP shall administer assessment instruments under Educa- Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B.
Equivalency	The	JJAEP shall offer a high school equivalency program.
Review of Progress	guar dem the revie tion	juvenile board or the board's designee, with the parent or rdian of each student, shall regularly review the student's aca- nic progress. In the case of a high school student, the board or board's designee, with the student's parent or guardian, shall ew the student's progress toward meeting high school gradua- requirements and shall establish a specific graduation plan for student. The program is not required to provide a course nec-

Denton ISD 061901		
EXPULSION JUVENILE JUSTICE ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM		
	essary to fulfill a student's high school graduation require other than a course specified above.	ments
	Education Code 37.011(d)	
Days and Hours	The JJAEP must operate at least seven hours per day and days per year, except that a JJAEP may apply to the TJJ waiver of the 180-day requirement. The commissioner may grant a waiver to a JJAEP for a number of days that excer highest number of instructional days waived by the comm during the same school year for a district served by the pu <i>Education Code 37.011(f)</i>	D for a ay not eds the hissioner
Performance Reports	TJJD completes a performance assessment report as rec the General Appropriations Act. At mandatory JJAEPs (i.e JJAEPs whose operation is required by law), the JJAEP a trator must provide a copy of the report to the juvenile boa the superintendent of each school district that participates JJAEP. <i>37 TAC 348.300</i>	e., adminis- ard and

Table of Contents	Public Information	3
	Availability of Public Information	3
	Special Rights of Access	3
	Information That Must Be Disclosed	3
	Contracting Information	4
	Investment Information	5
	Confidential Information That Must Not Be Disclosed	5
	Confidential by Law	5
	Privileged Attorney-Client Information	5
	Closed Meeting Records	5
	Student Education Records	6
	Juvenile Law Enforcement Records	6
	Certain Personnel Information	7
	Credit Card, Debit Card, Charge Card, and Access Device Numbers	9
	Email Addresses of the Public	9
	Individuals Who Inform of Legal Violations	10
	Crime Victim Information	10
	Location or Layout of Shelter Centers	11
	Restriction on Release of Licensee Information	12
	Criminal History Records	12
	Sensitive Crime Scene Image	12
	Computer Security	13
	Military Discharge Records	14
	Firefighter or EMS Work Schedules	14
	Out-of-State Health-Care Provider Information	14
	Applicant for Disaster Recovery Funds	15
	Threat of Physical Harm	15
	Exceptions to Disclosure	15
	Voluntary Disclosure	15
	Right of Access After 75 Years	15
	Information Relating to Litigation	15
	Information Related to Competition or Bidding	16
	Certain Information on Real or Personal Property	16

Drafts Involving Legislation16	;
Certain Legal Information	
Certain Law Enforcement Information17	
Private Correspondence of Elected Official17	,
Trade Secrets	
Certain Commercial and Financial Information18	;
Proprietary Information18	;
Proprietary Records and Trade Secrets in Certain Partnerships 	3
Certain Memoranda19	)
Audit Working Paper19	)
Personal Information of Certain Individuals	)
Photograph of Peace Officer21	
Testing Items21	
Certain Library Records21	
Superintendent Applicants21	
Certain Motor Vehicle and Personal Identification Information22	)
Economic Development Negotiations22	)
Social Security Numbers of Any Living Person23	;
Exclusions from Public Information23	;
Protected Health Information23	;
Subpoena or Discovery Request23	;
No Right of Access23	;
Commercially Available Publications23	;
Requests from Incarcerated Individuals24	ŀ
Retirement Eligibility Records24	ŀ

	Note:	For forms prescribed by the attorney general, see the <u>Attorney General's Public Information website</u> . <sup>1</sup>	
Public Information	See G	B(LEGAL) for the definition of public information.	
Availability of Public Information	Public information is available to the public at a minimum during the normal business hours of a district. Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act [PIA]) does not authorize the withhold- ing of public information or limit the availability of public information to the public, except as expressly provided by the PIA. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.006, .021		
Special Rights of Access Person Whose Information the District Holds	A person or a person's authorized representative has a special right of access, beyond the right of the general public, to information held by the district that relates to the person and that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect that person's privacy interests. A district may not deny this access on the grounds that the information is considered confidential by privacy principles under the Public Information Act but may assert as grounds for denial other provisions of the PIA or other law not intended to protect the person's privacy interests. Access to information under this provision shall be provided in the manner prescribed by Government Code 552.229 (consent to release) and 552.307 (timely release), below. <i>Gov't Code 552.023(a), (b), (e)</i>		
Board Members	For information on board members' special access rights to district information, see BBE.		
Parents	A district that receives a request from a parent for public informa- tion relating to the parent's child shall comply with the Public Infor- mation Act. <i>Education Code 26.0085(e)</i>		
	For information on parents' special access rights to their ucation records, see FL.		
Information That Must Be Disclosed	not exc	llowing categories of information are public information and cepted from required disclosure unless made confidential un- Public Information Act or other law:	
	0	completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made f, for, or by a board or district, except as provided in Govern- nent Code 552.108.	
		he name, sex, ethnicity, salary, title, and dates of employ- ient of each employee and officer of a district.	
		formation in an account, voucher, or contract relating to the eccipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a board.	

- 4. The name of each official and the final record of voting on all proceedings of a board.
- 5. All working papers, research material, and information used to estimate the need or expenditure of public funds or taxes by a board, on completion of the estimate.
- 6. A description of a district's central and campus organization, including where, from whom, and how the public may obtain information, submit information or requests, and obtain decisions.
- 7. A statement of the general course and method by which a district's functions are channeled and determined, including the nature and requirements of all formal and informal policies and procedures.
- 8. A rule of procedure, a description of forms available or the places at which forms may be obtained, and instructions relating to the scope and content of all papers, reports, or examinations.
- 9. A substantive rule of general applicability adopted or issued by a board as authorized by law, and a statement of general policy or interpretation of general applicability formulated and adopted by the board.
- 10. Each amendment, revision, or repeal of the information described in items 6-9.
- 11. Final opinions and orders issued in the adjudication of cases.
- 12. A policy statement or interpretation adopted or issued by a board.
- 13. Administrative manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public.
- 14. Information regarded as open to the public under a district's policies.
- 15. Information that is in a bill for attorney's fees and that is not privileged under the attorney-client privilege.
- 16. Information that is also contained in a public court record.
- 17. A settlement agreement to which a board is a party.

Gov't Code 552.022

Contracting Information Contracting information, as that term is defined in Government Code 552.003(1-a) [see GBAA], is public and must be released unless excepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act.

	The exceptions to disclosure provided by Government Code 552.110 (trade secrets) and 552.1101 (proprietary information) do not apply to the types of contracting information listed at Government Code 552.0222(b). <i>Gov't Code 552.0222(a), (b)</i> [See GBAA for additional procedures related to contracting information.]
Investment Information	Certain categories of information held by a district relating to its investments, as specified by Government Code 552.0225(b), are public information and not excepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code 552.0225</i>
Confidential Information That Must Not Be Disclosed	A person commits an offense if the person distributes information considered confidential under the terms of the Public Information Act. A violation under this provision also constitutes official misconduct. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.352
Confidential by Law	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision. <i>Gov't Code 552.101</i>
	<b>Note:</b> For confidentiality and access provisions addressed by specific statutes other than Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act), see the applicable policy code.
Privileged Attorney- Client Information	The Texas Rules of Civil Procedure and the Texas Rule of Evi- dence are "other law" within the meaning of Government Code 552.022 (allowing "other law" to make information confidential from required disclosure). A district does not forfeit the attorney-client privilege by failing to timely request an attorney general's decision, and the privilege is sufficiently compelling to rebut the presumption of public disclosure after an untimely request. <i>In re City of George- town, 53 S.W.3d 328, 336 (Tex. 2001); Paxton v. City of Dallas,</i> <i>509 S.W.3d 247 (Tex. 2017)</i>
	The attorney-client privilege does not apply if the attorney or attor- ney's representative acts in a capacity other than that of providing or facilitating professional legal services to the client. <u>Harlandale</u> <u>Indep. Sch. Dist. V. Cornyn</u> , 25 S.W.3d 328 (Tex. App.—Austin 2000, pet. Denied)
Closed Meeting Records	The certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meeting is avail- able for public inspection only under a court order issued in litiga- tion in a district court involving an alleged violation of the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't Code 551.104(c); Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)</i>
	[For information regarding minutes or recording of an open meet- ing, see BE.]

Student Education Records	The Public Information Act does not require the release of informa- tion contained in education records of the district, except in con- formity with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g (FERPA).			
	In this provision, "student record" means information that consti- tutes education records as that term is defined by FERPA or infor- mation in a record of an applicant for admission to an educational institution, including a transfer applicant.			
	Information is confidential and excepted from required disclosure if it is information in a student record at a district.			
	The district is not prohibited from disclosing or providing informa- tion included in an education record if the disclosure or provision is authorized by FERPA or other federal law. In addition, a student record shall be made available on the request of district personnel, the student, the student's parents, legal guardian, or spouse, or a person conducting a child abuse investigation required by Family Code Chapter 261, Subchapter D.			
	Except as provided by Government Code 552.114(e) (information in enrollment or transfer records, below), a district may redact infor- mation in a student record from information required to be dis- closed under the Public Information Act without requesting a deci- sion from the attorney general.			
	Gov't Code 552.026, .114 [See FL]			
Enrollment or Transfer Information	If an applicant, or a parent or legal guardian of a minor applicant, for admission to an educational institution funded wholly or partly by state revenue requests information in the record of the applicant, the district shall disclose any information that is related to the application for admission and was provided to the district by the applicant. <i>Gov't Code 552.114(e)</i>			
Student Victim Information	The name of a person who is enrolled in a public or private primary or secondary school and involved in an improper relationship with an educator as provided by Penal Code 21.12(a) may not be re- leased to the public and is not public information subject to disclo- sure. <i>Penal Code 21.12(d)</i>			
	The name of a student or minor who is the victim of abuse or un- lawful conduct by an educator is not public information subject to disclosure. <i>Education Code 21.006(h)</i>			
Juvenile Law Enforcement Records	Except as provided by Family Code 58.008(c) (person with a deter- minate sentence), law enforcement records concerning a child, as defined by Family Code 51.02(2), and information concerning a child that are stored by electronic means or otherwise and from			

	which a record could be generated may not be disclosed to the public. <i>Family Code 58.008(b)</i>					
	Law enforcement records concerning a child may be inspected or copied by:					
	1.	A juvenile justice agency, as defined by Family Code 58.101;				
	2.	A criminal justice agency, as defined by Government Code 411.082;				
	3.	The child;				
	4.	The child's parent or guardian; or				
	5.	The chief executive officer or the officer's designee of a pri- mary or secondary school where the child is enrolled only for the purpose of conducting a threat assessment or preparing a safety plan related to the child. [See FFB]				
	Fam	Family Code 58.008(d), (d-1)				
Exclusions	These provisions do not apply to a record relating to a child that is required or authorized to be maintained under the laws regulating the operation of motor vehicles in Texas or subject to disclosure under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62 (registered sex offenders). <i>Family Code 58.008(a)</i>					
Certain Personnel Information	Note	e: For previous determinations by the attorney general al- lowing governmental bodies to withhold specific cate- gories of information in personnel records, including di- rect deposit forms; employment forms I-9, W-2, W-4; and fingerprints, without the necessity of requesting an attor- ney general decision, see Attorney General Open Records Decision (ORD) 684 (2009).				
Employee Social Security Numbers		social security number of an employee of a district in the cus- of the district is confidential. <i>Gov't Code 552.147(a-1)</i>				
Invasion of Privacy	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information in a personnel file, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, except that all informa- tion in the personnel file of a district employee is to be made avail- able to that employee or the employee's designated representative as public information is made available under the Public Informa- tion Act. The exception to public disclosure created by this provi- sion is in addition to any exception created by Government Code 552.024. Public access to personnel information covered by Gov- ernment Code 552.024 is denied to the extent provided by that pro- vision. <i>Gov't Code 552.102(a)</i>					
DATE 19911ED: 11/21/20	งกว	7 of 24				

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM
ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

Employee Birth Dates	Disclosure of employee birth dates would constitute a clearly un- warranted invasion of personal privacy, and thus such dates are excepted from disclosure under Government Code 552.102(a). <u>Texas Comptroller of Public Accts. v. Atty. Gen'l of Texas</u> , 354 S.W.3d 336 (Tex. 2010)			
College Transcripts	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is a transcript from an institution of higher education maintained in the personnel file of a professional employee, except that this provision does not exempt from disclosure the degree obtained or the curriculum on a transcript in the personnel file of the employee. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.102(b)			
Evaluations	tor is	s con	ent evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- fidential and is not subject to disclosure under the Public on Act.	
	or p for e a do	rivate emplo ocume	uest of a school district, open-enrollment charter school, school at which a teacher or administrator has applied yment, a district shall give the requesting district or school ent evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- yed by the school.	
	eval	uating	shall give the Texas Education Agency (TEA) a document g the performance of a teacher or administrator employed strict for purposes of an investigation conducted by TEA.	
	Edu	catior	n Code 21.355(a), (c), (d)	
Educator Certification Exam	and ing i teac	are n notific her to	ts of an educator certification examination are confidential of subject to disclosure, unless the disclosure is regardation to a parent of the assignment of an uncertified b a classroom as required by Education Code 21.057. <i>Ed-code 21.048(c-1)</i>	
Employee Accused of Improper Relationship with Student	A primary or secondary school may not release externally to the general public the name of an employee who is accused of committing an offense under Penal Code 21.12 (improper relationship between educator and student) until the employee is indicted for the offense. The school may release the name of the accused employee regardless of whether the employee has been indicted for the offense as necessary for the school to:			
	1.	Rep	ort the accusation:	
		a.	To TEA, another state agency, or local law enforcement or as otherwise required by law; or	
		b.	To the school's community in accordance with the school's policies or procedures; or	

2.	Conduct an	investigation	of the	accusation.
----	------------	---------------	--------	-------------

Penal Code 21.12(d-1)

Credit Card, Debit Card, Charge Card, and Access Device Numbers	A credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number that is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a district is confidential.				
	"Access device" means a card, plate, code, account number, per- sonal identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identi- fication number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in conjunction with another device may be used to:				
	1.	Obtain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or			
	2.	Initiate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.			
	A district may redact credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device numbers from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. The district shall provide the information required by Government Code 552.136(e) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the at- torney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.				
	Gov't Code 552.136				
Email Addresses of the Public	An email address of a member of the public that is provided for the purpose of communicating electronically with a district is confiden- tial and not subject to disclosure unless the member of the public affirmatively consents to its release.				
	This confidentiality does not apply to an email address:				
	1.	Provided to a district by a person who has a contractual rela- tionship with the district or by the contractor's agent;			
	2.	Provided to a district by a vendor who seeks to contract with the district or by the vendor's agent;			
	3.	Contained in a response to a request for bids or proposals, contained in a response to similar invitations soliciting offers or information relating to a potential contract, or provided to a district in the course of negotiating the terms of a contract or potential contract;			
	4.	Provided to a district on a letterhead, coversheet, printed doc- ument, or other document made available to the public; or			

	5. Provided to a district for the purpose of receiving orders or de- cisions from the district, or for the purpose of providing public comment on or receiving notices related to an application for a license. A "license" under this provision includes a state agency permit, certificate, approval, registration, or similar form of permission required by law.	
	A district may also disclose an email address for any reason to an- other governmental body or to a federal agency.	
	Gov't Code 552.137, 2001.003(2); Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)	
Individuals Who Inform of Legal Violations	An informer's name or information that would substantially reveal the identity of an informer is excepted from public disclosure.	
	"Informer" means a student or former student or an employee or former employee of a district who has furnished a report of another person's possible violation of criminal, civil, or regulatory law to the district or the proper regulatory enforcement authority.	
	This exception does not apply if the informer:	
	<ol> <li>If the informer is a student or former student, and the student, student's legal guardian, or student's spouse consents to dis- closure of the student's name;</li> </ol>	
	<ol><li>If the informer is an employee or former employee who con- sents to disclosure of the employee's name; or</li></ol>	
	3. The informer planned, initiated, or participated in the possible violation.	
	Information may be made available to a law enforcement agency or prosecutor for official purposes upon proper request, made in compliance with applicable law and procedure. However, this ex- ception does not impair the confidentiality of information consid- ered to be confidential by law, including information excepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act.	
	Gov't Code 552.135	
Crime Victim Information <i>Address</i> <i>Confidentiality</i> <i>Program</i>	Information relating to a participant in the Address Confidentiality Program for Certain Crime Victims (including from family violence, sexual assault or abuse, stalking, child abduction, or trafficking of persons under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 58, Subchap- ter B) is confidential, except as provided by Code of Criminal Pro- cedure 58.061, and may not be disclosed under the Public Infor- mation Act. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 58.060</i>	
Employee Victims	A district employee who is a victim under Code of Criminal Proce- dure Chapter 56B (Crime Victims' Compensation Act) regardless of	

	may dist pho tion sigr	ether the employee has filed an application for compensation y elect whether to allow public access to information held by the rict that would identify or tend to identify the victim, including a tograph or other visual representation of the victim. The elec- must be made in writing on a form developed by the district, hed by the employee, and filed with the district before the third iversary of the latest to occur of one of the following:
	1.	The date the crime was committed;
	2.	The date employment begins; or
	3.	The date the district develops the form and provides it to employees.
	tion date othe	e employee fails to make an election, the identifying informa- is excepted from disclosure until the third anniversary of the e the crime was committed. In case of disability, impairment, or er incapacity of the employee, the election may be made by the rdian of the employee or former employee.
	Gov	r't Code 552.132(d)
Victims of Certain Crimes		rmation is confidential and excepted from public disclosure if information identifies an individual as a victim of:
	1.	A criminal offense specified by Government Code 552.1315(a)(1)(A) and (B), or
	2.	Any criminal offense if the victim was younger than 18 years of age when any element of the offense was committed.
	Not	withstanding the above, information may be disclosed:
	1.	To any victim identified by the information;
	2.	To the parent or guardian of a victim described by item 2 above who is identified by the information;
	3.	To a law enforcement agency for investigative purposes; or
	4.	In accordance with a court order requiring the disclosure.
	Gov	't Code 552.1315
Location or Layout of Shelter Centers	viole fide the fron prov	rmation that relates to the location or physical layout of a family ence shelter center or victims of trafficking shelter center is con- ntial. A district may redact this information from any information district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision in the attorney general. If a district redacts information under this vision, the district shall provide the information required by Gov- ment Code 552.138(e) to the requestor on a form prescribed by

	the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.		
Restriction on Release of Licensee Information	A district may not sell or otherwise release certain information listed about a person who holds, previously held, or is an applicant for a license issued by the district if the person meets the require- ments under Government Code 552.138.		
	Gov't Code 552.138(b-1), (c), (d), (f)		
Criminal History Records	Information collected to comply with Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records), including the person's name, ad- dress, phone number, social security number, driver's license num- ber, other identification number, and fingerprint records, is confi- dential and may not be released except to comply with Subchapter C, by court order, or with the consent of the person who is the sub- ject of the information. <i>Education Code 22.08391</i>		
	A district may not release or disclose to any person criminal history record information (CHRI) obtained from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.		
	CHRI obtained by the district or obtained by an entity that contracts to provide services to a district from the Texas Department of Pub- lic Safety or any other Texas criminal justice agency may not be re- leased to any person in the original form or any subsequent form except:		
	1. The individual who is the subject of the information;		
	2. TEA;		
	3. The State Board for Educator Certification;		
	<ol> <li>The chief personnel officer of the transportation company if the information was obtained under Government Code 411.097(a)(2) with respect to a transportation company that contracts with the district to provide student transportation; or</li> </ol>		
	5. By court order.		
	Gov't Code 411.097(d) [See CJA, DBAA, and DHB]		
Sensitive Crime Scene Image	A sensitive crime scene image in the custody of a district is confi- dential and excepted from public disclosure, regardless of the date that the image was taken or recorded. A district may not permit a person to view or copy the image unless the person is one of the individuals specified by Government Code 552.1085(d) and the district is not otherwise asserting an exception to disclosure under another provision of the Public Information Act or another law. <i>Gov't Code 552.1085</i>		

GBA (LEGAL)

Computer Security	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information			
Computer Networks	that relates to computer network security, to network security infor- mation that is restricted under Government Code 2059.055, or to the design, operation, or defense of a computer network.			
	The following information is confidential:			
	1.	A computer network vulnerability report;		
	2.	Any other assessment of the extent to which data processing operations, a computer, a computer program, network, sys- tem, or system interface, or software of a district or of a con- tractor of a district is vulnerable to unauthorized access or harm, including an assessment of the extent to which a dis- trict's or contractor's electronically stored information contain- ing sensitive or critical information is vulnerable to alteration, damage, erasure, or inappropriate use;		
	3.	A photocopy or other copy of an identification badge issued to an official or employee of a district; and		
	4.	Information directly arising from a governmental body's rou- tine efforts to prevent, detect, investigate, or mitigate a com- puter security incident, including information contained in or derived from an information security log. This does not affect the notification requirements related to a breach of system se- curity as defined by Business and Commerce Code 521.053. [See CQB]		
		A district may disclose the information to a bidder if the district determines that providing the information is necessary for the bidder to provide an accurate bid. Such a disclosure is not a voluntary disclosure for purposes of Government Code 552.007 [see Voluntary Disclosure, below].		
	Gov	't Code 552.139		
Cybersecurity Information	A cyber threat indicator or defensive measure shared with the fed- eral government under Title 6, United States Code, shall be:			
	1.	Exempt from disclosure under federal freedom of information law and any state or local provision of public information law requiring disclosure of information or records; and		
	2.	Withheld, without discretion, from the public under federal freedom of information law and any state or local provision of public information law requiring disclosure of information or records.		
	6 U.	S.C. 1504(d)(4)(B) [See CQB]		

Texas VIRT Information	by a plen (Tex	rmation written, produced, collected, assembled, or maintained a participating district or a volunteer from the district in the im- nentation of Government Code Chapter 2054, Subchapter N-2 (as Volunteer Incident Response Team) is confidential and not ject to disclosure under the Public Information Act if the infor- ion:
	1.	Contains the contact information for a volunteer;
	2.	Identifies or provides a means of identifying a person who may, as a result of disclosure of the information, become a victim of a cybersecurity event;
	3.	Consists of a participating district's cybersecurity plans or cy- bersecurity-related practices; or
	4.	Is obtained from a participating district or from a participating district's computer system in the course of providing assistance under Subchapter N-2.
	Gov	't Code 2054.52010
Military Discharge Records	A military veteran's Department of Defense Form DD-214 or other military discharge record that first comes into the possession of a district on or after September 1, 2003, is confidential for the 75 years following the date it comes into the possession of a district. During that period, the district may only permit inspection, copying, or disclosure of the information contained in the record only in accordance with Government Code 552.140 or a court order. The district is authorized to withhold a Form DD-214 or other military discharge record that is first recorded with or that otherwise first comes into the possession of the district on or after September 1, 2003, under this provision without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision. <i>Gov't Code 552.140(a), (b); Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)</i>	
Limited Use	bod to th	strict that obtains this information from another governmental y shall limit the district's use and disclosure of the information he purpose for which the information was obtained. <i>Gov't Code</i> .140(e)
Firefighter or EMS Work Schedules	fight Hea	ork schedule or a time sheet of a firefighter or volunteer fire- ter or emergency medical services personnel as defined by Ith and Safety Code 773.003 is confidential and excepted from lic disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.159</i>
Out-of-State Health- Care Provider Information	state	rmation obtained by a district that was provided by an out-of- e health-care provider in connection with a quality manage- nt, peer review, or best practices program that the out-of-state

	health-care provider pays for is confidential and excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.162</i>			
Applicant for Disaster Recovery Funds	The following information maintained by a district is confidential:			
	<ol> <li>The name, social security number, house number, street name, and telephone number of an individual or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds;</li> </ol>			
	2. The name, tax identification number, address, and telephone number of a business entity or an owner of a business entity that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds; and			
	<ol> <li>Any other information the disclosure of which would identify or tend to identify a person or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds.</li> </ol>			
	The street name and census block group of and the amount of dis- aster recovery funds awarded to a person or household are not confidential after the date on which disaster recovery funds are awarded to the person or household.			
	Gov't Code 552.160(b), (c)			
Threat of Physical Harm	Information in the custody of a district that relates to an employee or officer of the district is excepted from public disclosure if, under the specific circumstances pertaining to the employee or officer, disclosure of the information would subject the employee or officer to a substantial threat of physical harm. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.152			
Exceptions to Disclosure Voluntary Disclosure	The Public Information Act does not prohibit a district or its officer for public information from voluntarily making part or all of its information available to the public, unless the disclosure is expressly prohibited by law or the information is confidential under law. Information voluntarily made available as allowed under this provision must be made available to any person and cannot be withheld from further disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.007; Atty. Gen. ORD 518 (1989)</i>			
Right of Access After 75 Years	Except for social security numbers, the confidentiality provisions of the Public Information Act, or as otherwise provided by law, information that is not confidential but is excepted from required disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C, is public information and is available to the public on or after the 75th anniversary of the date the information was originally created or received by the district. This paragraph does not limit the authority of a district to establish retention periods for records under applicable law. <i>Gov't Code 552.0215</i>			
Information Relating to Litigation	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which a district is, or			

	may be, a party or to which an officer or employee of the district, as a consequence of the office or employment, is or may be a party, but only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated on the date the district's public information officer receives the request. <i>Gov't Code 552.103(a), (c)</i>
Election Information	The litigation exception to disclosure does not apply to information requested under the Public Information Act if the information relates to a general, primary, or special election and the information is in the possession of a governmental body that administers elections. <i>Gov't Code 551.103(d)</i>
Information Related to Competition or Bidding	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the district demon- strates that the release of the information would harm its interests by providing an advantage to a competitor or bidder in a particular ongoing competitive situation or in a particular competitive situation where the district establishes the situation at issue is set to reoccur or there is a specific and demonstrable intent to enter into the com- petitive situation again in the future. Required disclosure under Government Code 552.022 does not apply to information that is excepted from required disclosure under this provision.
Parades, Concerts, and Entertainment Events	Information relating to the receipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a district for a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid for in whole or part with public funds is not excepted from public disclosure. A person, including a district, may not in- clude a provision in a contract related to an event that prohibits or would otherwise prevent the disclosure of this information. A con- tract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is void.
	Gov't Code 552.104
Certain Information on Real or Personal Property	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to the location of real or personal property for a public pur- pose prior to public announcement of the project, or information re- lating to appraisals or purchase price of real or personal property for a public purpose prior to the formal award of contracts for the property. <i>Gov't Code 552.105</i>
Drafts Involving Legislation	A draft or working paper involved in the preparation of proposed legislation is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.106
Certain Legal Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is not privileged information but information that an attorney of a district is prohibited from disclosing because of a duty to the board under the Texas Rules of Evidence or the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct, or information that a court order has prohibited from disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.107</i>

GBA (LEGAL)

Certain Law Enforcement Information	Information (other than basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime) held by a law enforcement agency or prose- cutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime is excepted from public disclosure if:		
	1.	Release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime; or	
	2.	It is information that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime only in relation to an investigation that did not result in conviction or deferred adjudication.	
	An internal record or notation of a law enforcement agency that is maintained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement or prosecution is excepted from public disclosure if:		
	1.	Release of the internal record or notation would interfere with law enforcement or prosecution; or	
	2.	The internal record or notation relates to law enforcement only in relation to an investigation that did not result in convic- tion or deferred adjudication.	
Basic Information	reste tion tion pron requ	strict shall promptly release basic information about an ar- ed person, an arrest, or a crime responsive to a Public Informa- Act request unless the district seeks to withhold the informa- as provided by another provision of the PIA. The district shall nptly release the information regardless of whether the district lests an attorney general decision regarding other information ect to the request.	
Certain Crime Information	tion conv	mation that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecu- of crime only in relation to an investigation that did not result in viction or deferred adjudication is not excepted from disclosure formation, records, or notations if:	
	1.	A person who is described by or depicted in the information, record, or notation, other than a peace officer, is deceased or incapacitated; or	
	2.	Each person who is described by or depicted in the informa- tion, record, or notation, other than a person who is deceased or incapacitated, consents to the release of the information, record, or notation.	
	Gov't Code 552.108		
Private Correspondence of Elected Official	hold	ate correspondence and communications of an elected office er relating to matters the disclosure of which would constitute hvasion of privacy are excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't</i>	

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM
ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

	Code 552.109; <u>Industrial Foundation of the South v. Texas Indus.</u> <u>Acc. Bd.</u> , 540 S.W.2d 668 (Tex. 1976)
Trade Secrets	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), information is excepted from public disclosure if it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that the information is a trade secret, as defined by Government Code 552.110(a). <i>Gov't Code 552.110(b)</i>
Certain Commercial and Financial Information	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.110(c)</i>
Proprietary Information	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), information submitted to a district by a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in response to a request for a bid, proposal, or qualification is excepted from public disclosure if the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor demonstrates based on specific factual evidence that disclosure of the information would be proprietary as specified under Government Code 552.1101(a).
	This exception to disclosure may be asserted only by a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in the manner described by Government Code 552.305(b) for the purpose of protecting the interests of the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor.
	A district must decline to release this information as provided by Government Code 552.305(a) to the extent necessary to allow a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor to as- sert the exception to disclosure provided by Government Code 552.1101(a) (proprietary information).
	<i>Gov't Code 552.1101</i> [See GBAA for additional procedures related to information involving proprietary interests of a vendor, contractor, or potential vendor or contractor.]
Proprietary Records and Trade Secrets in Certain Partnerships	Information in the custody of a district that relates to a proposal for a qualifying project authorized under Government Code Chapter 2267 is excepted from public disclosure if the information and records meet the criteria outlined at Government Code 552.153(b). The district is not authorized to withhold information as outlined by Government Code 552.153(c). <i>Gov't Code 552.153</i> [See CDH]

Certain Memoranda	An interagency or intra-agency memorandum or letter that would not be available by law to a party in litigation with a district is ex- cepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.111; <u>City of Garland</u> <u>v. Dallas Morning News</u>, 22 S.W.3d 351 (Tex. 2000)</i>
Audit Working Paper	An audit working paper of an auditor of a school district, including any audit relating to the criminal history background check of a public school employee, is excepted from public disclosure. If infor- mation in an audit working paper is also maintained in another record, that other record is not excepted.
	"Audit" means an audit authorized or required by a statute of Texas or the United States or a resolution or other action of a board of trustees of a school district, including an audit by the district relat- ing to the criminal history background check of a public school em- ployee, and includes an investigation.
	"Audit working paper" includes all information, documentary or oth- erwise, prepared or maintained in conducting an audit or preparing an audit report, including intra-agency and interagency communi- cations and drafts of the audit report or portions of those drafts. <i>Gov't Code 552.116</i>
Personal Information of Certain Individuals <i>Board Members</i> <i>and Others</i> Option to Restrict Access	Information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, emergency contact information, date of birth, or social se- curity number of an individual to whom Government Code 552.1175(a) applies (including a current or honorably retired peace officer, commissioned security officer, elected public officer, mem- bers of the military, or a firefighter or volunteer firefighter), or that reveals whether the individual has family members is confidential and may not be disclosed to the public if the individual to whom the information relates chooses to restrict public access to the informa- tion by notifying the district on a form provided by the district with evidence of the individual's status. This choice remains valid until rescinded in writing by the individual.
Redaction and Notice to Requestor	In accordance with Government Code 552.1175(f), a district may redact information that must be withheld under this provision from any information the district discloses under the Public Information Act without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. If a district redacts information under this provision, the district shall provide the information required by Government Code 552.1175(h) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney ney general about the matter.

Gov't Code 552.1175

Board Member and Employee Personnel Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, emer- gency contact information, or social security number of the persons listed at Government Code 552.117(a) or that reveals whether the person has family members. Government Code 552.117(a) in- cludes the following:			
	1.	A current or former district employee or board member, ex- cept as provided by Government Code 552.024, below;		
	2.	Certain peace officers, security officers, law enforcement per- sonnel, and first responders; and		
	3.	An elected public officer, regardless of whether the officer complies with Government Code 552.024, below, or .1175, above.		
	Gov	/'t Code 552.117		
Choice To Allow Access	Each current or former employee or board member of a district shall choose whether to allow public access to information in the custody of the district that relates to the person's home address, home telephone number, emergency contact information, or social security number, or that reveals whether the person has family members.			
	that sigr the ber	ch current or former employee and board member shall state e person's choice to the main personnel officer of the district in a ned writing not later than the 14th day after the date on which employee begins employment with the district, the board mem- is elected or appointed, or the former employee or official ends vice with the district.		
	the	e current or former employee or board member fails to state person's choice within the period established by this provision, information is subject to public access.		
	clos	urrent or former employee or board member who wishes to se or open public access to the information may request in writ- that the main personnel officer of the district close or open ac- s.		
	forn	ercising the option to close public access to protect personal in- nation does not apply to a public information request made be- the option was exercised.		
	Gov	r't Code 552.024; Atty. Gen. ORD 530 (1989)		
Redaction and Notice to Requestors	allo	e current or former employee or board member chooses not to w public access to the information, the district may redact the rmation from any information the district discloses without the		

	necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. ( Code 552.024(c)	Gov't	
	A district that redacts or withholds information under this provision shall provide the information required by Government Code 552.024(c-2) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attor general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the aney general about the matter. <i>Gov't Code 552.024(c-1), (c-2)</i>	rney	
Photograph of Peace Officer	A photograph that depicts a peace officer, the release of which would endanger the life or physical safety of the officer, is excepted from public disclosure unless:		
	1. The officer is under indictment or charged with an offense information;	e by	
	2. The officer is a party in a fire or police civil service hearin a case in arbitration; or	g or	
	3. The photograph is introduced as evidence in a judicial pr ceeding.	0-	
	If a photograph is exempt from public disclosure as described above, it may be made public only if the officer gives written co sent.		
	Gov't Code 552.119		
Testing Items	A test item developed by an educational institution that is fund wholly or in part by state revenue or by a district is excepted fr public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.122		
Certain Library Records	A record of a library or library system, supported in whole or in by public funds, that identifies or serves to identify a person w requested, obtained, or used a library material or service is ex cepted from public disclosure, unless the record is disclosed:	ho	
	<ol> <li>Because the library determines that disclosure is reasonancessary for the operation of the library and the records not confidential under other state or federal law;</li> </ol>	•	
	2. To a person with a special right of access under Governr Code 552.023; or	nent	
	3. To a law enforcement agency or prosecutor under a courder or a subpoena obtained in compliance with this provi		
	Gov't Code 552.124		
Superintendent Applicants	The name of an applicant for superintendent of a district is ex- cepted from public disclosure, except that the board must give lic notice of the name or names of the finalists being considere	e pub-	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	023 21	of 24	

that position at least 21 days before the date of the meeting at which final action or a vote is to be taken on the applicant's employment. *Gov't Code 552.126* 

Certain Motor Vehicle and Personal Identification Information Information is excepted from public disclosure if the information relates to:

- 1. A motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or another state or country;
- 2. A motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state or another state or country; or
- 3. A personal identification document issued by an agency of this state, another state or country, or a local agency authorized to issue an identification document.

The motor vehicle record information described above may be released only if, and in the manner, authorized by Transportation Code Chapter 730.

Subject to Transportation Code Chapter 730 (the Motor Vehicle Records Disclosure Act), a district may redact motor vehicle or driver license information (including a Texas driver's license number, a copy of a Texas driver's license, a Texas license plate number, the portion of a photograph that reveals a Texas license plate number, and the portion of any video depicting a discernible Texas license plate number) under this provision from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. The district shall provide the information specified at Government Code 552.130(e) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.

Gov't Code 552.130; Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)

Economic Development Negotiations

Information is excepted from public disclosure if the information relates to economic development negotiations involving a board and a business prospect that the board seeks to have locate, stay, or expand in or near a district and the information relates to:

- 1. A trade secret of the business prospect; or
- 2. Commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained.

Gov't Code 552.131(a)

	Unless and until an agreement is made with the business prospect, information about a financial or other incentive being offered to a business prospect by a board or by another person is excepted from public disclosure.		
	After an agreement is made, the exception no longer applies to in- formation about a financial or other incentive being offered to the business prospect:		
	1. By the board; or		
	<ol> <li>By another person, if the financial or other incentive may di- rectly or indirectly result in the expenditure of public funds by a district or a reduction in revenue received by the district from any source.</li> </ol>		
	Gov't Code 552.131(b), (c)		
Social Security Numbers of Any Living Person	Except for the social security number of a district employee in the custody of the district, the social security number of a living person is excepted from public disclosure, but is not confidential under the Public Information Act. A district may redact the social security number of a living person from any information the district discloses to the public without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code 552.147(a), (c)</i>		
Exclusions from Public Information Protected Health Information	An individual's protected health information as defined by Health and Safety Code 181.006 is not public information and is not sub- ject to disclosure under the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.002(d)</i>		
Subpoena or Discovery Request	A subpoena duces tecum or a request for discovery that is issued in compliance with a statute or a rule of civil or criminal procedure is not considered to be a request for information under the Public Information Act. The Public Information Act does not affect the scope of civil discovery under the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, and exceptions from disclosure under the PIA do not create new privileges from discovery. <i>Gov't Code 552.005, .0055</i>		
<b>No Right of Access</b> Commercially Available Publications	A district is not required under the Public Information Act to allow the inspection of or to provide a copy of information in a commer- cial book or publication purchased or acquired by the district for re- search purposes, if the book or publication is commercially avail- able to the public. Although information in a book or publication may be made available to the public as resource material, such as a library book, a district is not required to make a copy of the infor- mation in response to a request for public information.		

Exception	The district shall allow the inspection of information in a book or publication that is made part of, incorporated into, or referred to in a rule or policy of the board or district.
	Gov't Code 552.027
Requests from Incarcerated Individuals	A district is not required to accept or comply with a request for in- formation from an individual who is imprisoned or confined in a cor- rectional facility or an agent of that individual, other than the indi- vidual's attorney when the attorney is requesting information that is subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act. This provi- sion does not prohibit a district from disclosing to an incarcerated individual or the individual's agent information held by the district that pertains to the individual. <i>Gov't Code 552.028</i>
Retirement Eligibility Records	Records, including any identifying information, of individual mem- bers, annuitants, retirees, beneficiaries, alternate payees, program participants, or persons eligible for benefits from TRS or another retirement system that are in the custody of the system or in the custody of an administering firm, a carrier, the district, or another governmental body, acting in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement system are confidential and not subject to public disclo- sure.
	An administering firm, carrier, or the district acting in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement system is not required to accept or comply with a request for a record or information about a record or to seek an opinion from the attorney general.
	For this provision, "participant" means a member, former member, retiree, annuitant, beneficiary, or alternate payee of the retirement system, or an employee or contractor of an employer covered by the retirement system for whom records were received by the retirement system for the purpose of administering the terms of the plan, including for audit or investigative purposes.
	Gov't Code 552.0038(c), (h), 825.507(g)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Office of the Attorney General and the Public Information Act: <u>https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/office-attorney-general-and-public-information-act</u>

Table of Contents	Officer for Public Information and Required Sign	3
	Officer and Agents	3
	Training After Failure to Comply	4
	PIA Sign	4
	Requests for Public Information	5
	Method of Requesting Public Information	5
	District Response to Requests	6
	Uniform Treatment	6
	Inquiries by District	6
	Statement of Consequences	6
	Time for Production	7
	Methods of Production	9
	Inspection and Duplication Procedures	10
	Requests Requiring Programming or Data Manipulation	11
	Repetitious or Redundant Requests	12
	Withholding Excepted Information	13
	Request for Attorney General Decision Required	13
	Request for Attorney General Decision Not Required	19
	Response After Attorney General Decision	20
	Authorized Costs and Charges	22
	Attorney General's Cost Rules	22
	Multiple Requests	22
	Charges for Producing Copies	22
	Charges for Inspection Without Copies	25
	Itemized Estimate of Charges	26
	Temporary Suspension of Requirements for Districts	27
	Impacted by Catastrophe	
	Initial Suspension Period	
	Extension of Initial Suspension Period	
	Maximum Suspension Period Per Catastrophe	
	Notices to the Attorney General	
	Notice to the Public	
	Requests During Suspension Period	
	Pending Requests Tolled	29

Large or Frequent Requests	30
Annual Limits on Personnel Time	30
Written Statement of Cumulative Personnel Time	30
Photo Identification	30
Written Estimate of Charges Beyond Time Limit	31
Unpaid Cost Estimate	31
Filing Suit to Challenge Attorney General's Decision	32
Exception for Affirmative Defenses	33
Suits Over Parent's Request	33

	Note:	For forms prescribed by the attorney general, see the <u>Attorney General's Public Information website</u> . <sup>1</sup>		
Officer for Public Information and Required Sign Officer and Agents	The superintendent of a district is the officer for public information. Each department head is an agent of the officer for public informa- tion for purposes of complying with Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act [PIA]).			
Duties	required	cer is responsible for the release of public information as by the Public Information Act. Subject to penalties pro- the Public Information Act, the officer for public informa- ll:		
		ke public information available for public inspection and bying;		
		refully protect public information from deterioration, alter- on, mutilation, loss, or unlawful removal;		
		pair, renovate, or rebind public information when neces- y to maintain it properly; and		
		ke reasonable efforts to obtain public information from a nporary custodian if:		
	a.	The information has been requested from the district;		
	b.	The officer is aware of facts sufficient to warrant a rea- sonable belief that the temporary custodian has posses- sion, custody, or control of the information;		
	C.	The officer is unable to comply with the duties imposed by the Public Information Act without obtaining the infor- mation from the temporary custodian; and		
	d.	The temporary custodian has not provided the informa- tion to the officer or the officer's agent.		
	by the re moved f	cer is not responsible for the use made of the information equestor or the release of the information after it is re- rom a record as a result of an update, correction, or of status of the person to whom the information pertains.		
	(Tex. Ap	ode 552.201(a)204; <u>Keever v. Finlan</u> , 988 S.W.2d 300 pp.—Dallas 1999, pet. dism'd) (a district's chief administra- er is the superintendent)		
Training	-	vision applies to an elected or appointed board member officer for public information.		

	one the o	n person shall complete a course of training of not less that and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities district and its board members and employees under the F mation Act not later than the 90th day after the date:	s of
	1.	The board member takes the oath of office; or	
	2.	The officer for public information assumes duties as offic public information.	er for
	adm form train cour ploy coor	blic information coordinator who is primarily responsible for inistering the responsibilities of the board under the Public lation Act and designated for board members to satisfy the ing requirement of this provision shall complete the training se regarding the responsibilities of the board and district e ees under the PIA not later than the 90th day after the dat dinator assumes the person's duties as coordinator. [See 9, CPC(LOCAL)]	c In- e ng em- te the
	boai	gnation of a public information coordinator does not reliev d member from the duty to comply with any other requirer e Public Information Act that applies to the board member	ment
	the I	strict shall maintain and make available for public inspection record of its board members' or, if applicable, the public in on coordinator's completion of the training.	
	Gov	't Code 552.012(a)-(c), (e)	
Training After Failure to Comply	men plete the o form writi to co torno later	attorney general may require each elected or appointed b been and the officer for public information of a district to con- e the course of training if the attorney general determines district has failed to comply with a requirement of the Public ation Act. The attorney general must notify each person in ing of the attorney general's determination and the require complete the training. A person who receives notice from the ey general under this provision must complete the training than the 60th day after the date the person receives the r <i>Gov't Code 552.012(a),(b-1)</i>	om- that ic In- n ment ne at- i not
PIA Sign	(PIA tains sibili a co offic	officer for public information shall prominently display a si sign) in the form prescribed by the attorney general that of basic information about the rights of a requestor, the res ties of a district, and the procedures for inspecting or obta py of public information under the Public Information Act. er shall display the sign at one or more places in the distri inistrative offices where it is plainly visible to:	con- pon- aining The
	1.	Members of the public who request public information in son; and	per-
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	)23	4	of 33

	2.	Employees of the district whose duties include receiving or re- sponding to public information requests.		
	Gov	't Code 552.205(a)		
Requests for Public Information Method of	A person may make a written request for public information only by delivering the request by one of the following methods to the officer for public information or a person designated by that officer:			
Requesting Public Information	1.	United States mail;		
mornation	2.	Electronic mail;		
	3.	Hand delivery; or		
	4.	Any other appropriate method approved by the district, includ- ing facsimile transmission and electronic submission through the district's website.		
	the o web	strict is considered to have approved another method only if district includes a statement on the PIA sign or the district's site that states a request for public information may be made nat method.		
Designated Addresses to Receive Requests	A district may designate one mailing address and one electronic mail address for receiving written requests for public information and shall provide the designated mailing address and electronic mailing address to any person on request.			
	addr the F	strict that posts a designated mailing address or electronic mail ress on the district's website or that prints those addresses on PIA sign is not required to respond to a written request for pub- formation unless the request is received:		
	1.	At one of those addresses;		
	2.	By hand delivery; or		
	3.	By a method described above that has been approved by the district.		
	Gov	't Code 552.234(c), (d)		
Optional Request Form	that	attorney general shall create a public information request form provides a requestor the option of excluding from a request in- ation that the district determines is:		
	1.	Confidential; or		
	2.	Subject to an exception to disclosure that the district would assert if the information were subject to the request.		

	A district that allows requestors to use the attorney general's form and maintains a website shall post the form on its website.
	Gov't Code 552.235
District Response to Requests Uniform Treatment	The officer for public information or the officer's agent shall treat all requests for information uniformly without regard to the position or occupation of the requestor, the person on whose behalf the request is made, or the status of the individual as a member of the media. <i>Gov't Code 552.223</i>
Inquiries by District	The officer for public information and the officer's agent may not make an inquiry of a requestor except to establish proper identification or except as provided below.
Requests to Clarify or Narrow	If what information is requested is unclear to the district, the district may ask the requestor to clarify the request. If a large amount of in- formation has been requested, the district may discuss with the re- questor how the scope of the request might be narrowed, but the district may not inquire into the purpose for which the information will be used.
Additional Information for Vehicle Records	If the information requested relates to a motor vehicle record, the officer for public information or agent may require the requestor to provide additional identifying information sufficient for the officer or agent to determine whether the requestor is eligible to receive the information under Transportation Code Chapter 730. In this provision, "motor vehicle record" has the meaning assigned that term by Transportation Code 730.003.
	Gov't Code 552.222(a)-(c)
Statement of Consequences	A written request for clarification or discussion or for additional in- formation, as described above, must include a statement as to the consequences of the failure by the requestor to timely respond to the request for clarification, discussion, or additional information. <i>Gov't Code 552.222(e)</i>
Requestor's Failure to Respond	If by the 61st day after the date the district sends a written request for clarification or discussion or for additional information, as de- scribed above, the district, officer for public information, or agent does not receive a written response from the requestor, the under- lying request for public information is considered to have been withdrawn by the requestor.
Exception to Automatic Withdrawal	Except when the requestor's information request was sent by elec- tronic mail, described below, if the requestor's information request included the requestor's physical or mailing address, the request may not be considered to have been withdrawn unless the district or officer for public information or agent sends the request for clari-

	fication or discussion or for additional information, as described above, to that address by certified mail.				
	If the requestor's information request was sent by electronic mail, the request may be considered to have been withdrawn if:				
	<ol> <li>The district, officer for public information, or agent sends the request for clarification or discussion or the written request for additional information by electronic mail to the same elec- tronic mail address from which the original request was sent or to another electronic mail address provided by the re- questor; and</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>The district, officer for public information, or agent does not receive from the requestor a written response or response by electronic mail within the period described by Government Code 552.222(d).</li> </ol>				
	Gov't Code 552.222(d), (f)-(g)				
Time for Production <i>Promptly</i>	An officer for public information shall promptly produce public infor- mation for inspection, duplication, or both, on application by any person to the officer. "Promptly" means as soon as possible under the circumstances, that is, within a reasonable time, without delay. A district may not automatically withhold for 10 business days pub- lic information not excepted from disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.221(a); Atty. Gen. ORD 664 (2000)</i>				
Business Day	In the Public Information Act, "business day" means a day other than a Saturday or Sunday, a national holiday, or a state holiday [see below].				
	Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, or Good Friday are not business days of a district if the officer for public information of the district observes the optional holidays.				
	The Friday before or Monday after a national or state holiday is not a business day of a district if the holiday occurs on a Saturday or Sunday and the district observes the holiday on that Friday or Mon- day.				
	The fact that an employee works from an alternative work site does not affect whether a day is considered a business day.				
Locally Designated Nonbusiness Days	A district may designate a day on which the district's administrative offices are closed or operating with minimum staffing as a nonbusi- ness day. The designation of a nonbusiness day for a district must be made by the board. A district may designate not more than 10 nonbusiness days under this subsection each calendar year.				
	Gov't Code 552.0031(a)-(c), (e)-(f), 662.003(c)				

National Holidays	A national holiday includes only the following days:			
	1.	The first day of January, "New Year's Day";		
	2.	The third Monday in January, "Martin Luther King, Jr., Day" in observance of the birthday of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.;		
	3.	The third Monday in February, "Presidents' Day";		
	4.	The last Monday in May, "Memorial Day";		
	5.	The fourth day of July, "Independence Day";		
	6.	The first Monday in September, "Labor Day";		
	7.	The 11th day of November, "Veterans Day," dedicated to the cause of world peace and to honoring the veterans of all wars in which Texans and other Americans have fought;		
	8.	The fourth Thursday in November, "Thanksgiving Day"; and		
	9.	The 25th day of December, "Christmas Day."		
State Holidays	A state holiday includes only the following days:			
	1.	The 19th day of January, "Confederate Heroes Day," in honor of Jefferson Davis, Robert E. Lee, and other Confederate heroes;		
	2.	The second day of March, "Texas Independence Day";		
	3.	The 21st day of April, "San Jacinto Day";		
	4.	The 19th day of June, "Emancipation Day in Texas," in honor of the emancipation of the slaves in Texas in 1865;		
	5.	The 27th day of August, "Lyndon Baines Johnson Day, in ob- servance of the birthday of Lyndon Baines Johnson;		
	6.	The Friday after Thanksgiving Day;		
	7.	The 24th day of December; and		
	8.	The 26th day of December.		
	Gov't Code 662.003(a)-(b)			
Certifications of Availability	mati the c fact	officer for public information cannot produce the public infor- on for inspection or duplication within 10 business days after date the information is requested, the officer shall certify that in writing to the requestor and set a date and hour within a rea- able time when the information will be available for inspection		

or duplication.

	que for p que	e requested information is unavailable at the time of the re- st to examine because it is in storage or active use, an officer public information shall certify this fact in writing to the re- stor and set a date and hour within a reasonable time when the rmation will be available for inspection or duplication.
	Gov	r't Code 552.221(c), (d)
Administrative Offices Closed	lic lr clos mot resp have	ess the district has initiated a temporary suspension of the Pub- nformation Act during a catastrophe [see below], if a district es its physical offices, but requires staff to work, including re- ely, then the district shall make a good faith effort to continue bonding to applications for public information, to the extent staff e access to public information responsive to an application e its administrative offices are closed.
	an a tion	ure to respond to requests may constitute a refusal to request attorney general's decision or a refusal to supply public informa- or information that the attorney general has determined is pub- nformation that is not excepted from disclosure.
	Gov	't Code 552.2211
Methods of Production		officer for public information complies with the requirement to nptly produce public information by:
	1.	Providing the information for inspection or duplication in the offices of a district. The Public Information Act does not authorize a requestor to remove an original copy of a public record from the office of a district;
	2.	Sending copies of the information by first class United States mail, if the requestor requests that copies be provided and pays the postage and any other applicable charges that the requestor has accrued under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter F [see Authorized Costs and Charges, below]; or
	3.	Referring a requestor to an exact internet location or uniform resource locator (URL) address on a website maintained by the district and accessible to the public if the requested infor- mation is identifiable and readily available on that website. If the person requesting the information prefers a manner other than access through the URL, the district must supply the in- formation in the manner described above at items 1 and 2.
		If the officer for public information provides by email an inter- net location or URL address as permitted by item 3, above, the email must contain a statement in a conspicuous font clearly indicating that the requestor may nonetheless access the requested information by inspection or duplication or by

	receipt through United States mail, as described above at items 1 and 2.
	Gov't Code 552.221(b)-(b-2), .226
Inspection and Duplication Procedures	A district may promulgate reasonable rules of procedure under which public information may be inspected and copied efficiently, safely, and without delay. These rules may not be inconsistent with any provision of the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code 552.230</i>
	The officer for public information or agent shall give the requestor all reasonable comfort and facility for the full exercise of the right granted by the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code 552.224</i>
Time For District to Provide Copies	It shall be a policy of a district to provide a suitable copy of public information within a reasonable time after the date on which the copy is requested. <i>Gov't Code 552.228(a)</i>
Time for Requestor to Appear and Complete Inspection	A request is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor fails to inspect or duplicate the public information in district offices on or before the 60th day after the date the information is made available or fails to pay the postage and any other applicable charges accrued under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchap- ter F on or before the 60th day after the date the requestor is in- formed of the charges.
	A requestor must complete the examination of the information not later than the 10th business day after the date the custodian of the information makes it available. If the requestor does not complete the examination within 10 business days and does not file a re- quest for additional time under Government Code 552.225(b) (de- scribed below), the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request.
	The officer for public information shall extend the initial examina- tion period by an additional 10 business days if, within the initial period, the requestor files with the officer a written request for addi- tional time. The officer shall extend an additional examination pe- riod by another 10 business days if, within the first additional pe- riod, the requestor files with the officer a written request for more additional time.
	The time during which a person may examine information may be interrupted by the officer if the information is needed for use by the district. The period of interruption is not considered to be a part of the time during which the person may examine the information.
	Gov't Code 552.221(e), .225

Electronic Data	the on o	reque disket	nformation exists in an electronic or magnetic medium, estor may request a copy in an electronic medium, such as te or on magnetic tape. A district shall provide a copy in ested medium if:				
	1.		district has the technological ability to produce a copy of information in the requested medium;				
	2.		district is not required to purchase any software or hard- e to accommodate the request; and				
	3.	mec	vision of a copy of the information in the requested lium will not violate the terms of any copyright agreement veen the district and a third party.				
	If a district is unable to comply with a request to produce a copy of information in a requested medium for any of these reasons, the district shall provide a copy in another medium that is acceptable to the requestor. A district is not required to copy information onto a diskette or other material provided by the requestor but may use district supplies.						
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.228(b), (c)					
Requests Requiring Programming or	A district shall provide to a requestor a written statement, de- scribed below, if the district determines:						
Data Manipulation Written	1.		That responding to a request for information will require pro- gramming or manipulation of data; and				
Statement Required	2.	That:					
		a.	Compliance with the request is not feasible or will result in substantial interference with operations; or				
		b.	The information could be made available in the re- quested form only at a cost that covers the programming and manipulation of data.				
	The	The written statement shall include:					
	1.	A statement that the information is not available in the r quested form;					
	2.	A de	escription of the form in which the information is available;				
	3.		escription of any contract or services that would be re- ed to provide the information in the requested form;				
	4.		atement of the estimated cost of providing the information the requested form, as determined in accordance with the				

		rules established by the attorney general under Government Code 552.262; and			
	5.	A statement of the anticipated time required to provide the in- formation in the requested form.			
Time For Programming or Manipulation Statement	20 c has give	strict shall provide the written statement to the requestor within lays after the date the district receives the request. The district an additional 10 days to provide the statement if the district as written notice to the requestor, within 20 days after receiving request, that additional time is needed.			
Requestor Reply Required	doe the	providing the written statement described above, the district s not have any further obligation to provide the information in requested form or in the form in which it is available, unless in 30 days the requestor states in writing that the requestor:			
	1.	Wants the district to provide the information in the requested form according to the cost and time parameters set out in the written statement or according to other terms to which the re- questor and the district agree; or			
	2.	Wants the information in the form in which it is available.			
	trict	requestor does not make a timely written statement to the dis- , the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request for rmation.			
Processing Procedures and Recordkeeping	the tion shal cerr	officer for public information shall establish policies that assure expeditious and accurate processing of requests for informa- that require programming or manipulation of data. A district Il maintain a file containing all written statements issued con- ning responding to requests for information that require pro- mming or manipulation of data in a readily accessible location.			
	Gov	't Code 552.231			
Repetitious or Redundant Requests	A district that determines a requestor has made a request for infor- mation for which the district has previously furnished or made copies available to the requestor on payment of applicable charges must respond to the request, in relation to the information for which copies have already been furnished or made available, except that				
	1.	The district is not prohibited from furnishing the information or making the information available to the requestor again in ac- cordance with the request; and			
	2.	The district is not required to comply with these provisions in relation to information that the district simply furnishes or makes available to the requestor again in accordance with the request.			

Gov't Code 552.232(a)

These provisions do not apply to information not previously furnished to a requestor or made copies available to the requestor on payment of applicable charges.

A request by the requestor for information for which copies have not previously been furnished or made available to the requestor, including information for which copies were not furnished or made available because the information was redacted from other information that was furnished or made available or because the information did not exist at the time of an earlier request shall be treated in the same manner as any other request for public information under the Public Information Act.

#### Gov't Code 552.232(d)

Certification of Previous Production

A district shall certify to the requestor that copies of all or part of the requested information were previously furnished or made available to the requestor. The certification must include:

- 1. A description of the information for which copies have been previously furnished or made available to the requestor;
- 2. The date the district received the requestor's original request for that information;
- 3. The date the district previously furnished copies or made available copies of the information to the requestor;
- 4. A certification that no subsequent additions, deletions, or corrections have been made to that information; and
- 5. The name, title, and signature of the officer for public information or agent making the certification.

A charge may not be imposed for making and finishing this certification.

Gov't Code 552.232(b), (c)

Withholding Excepted Information

> Request for Attorney General Decision Required

A district that receives a written request for information that it wishes to withhold from public disclosure and that it considers to be within one of the exceptions to required disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C [see GBA] must ask for a decision from the attorney general about whether the information is within that exception if there has not been a previous determination about whether the information falls within one of the exceptions [see Request for Attorney General Decision Not Required, below]. *Gov't Code 552.301(a)* 

Consequences of Missed Deadlines	If a district does not request an attorney general decision and pro- vides the requestor with the information required by Government Code 552.301(d) and (e-1) [see Information to Requestor, below], the information requested in writing is presumed to be subject to public disclosure and must be released unless there is a com- pelling reason to withhold it. <i>Gov't Code 552.302</i>				
Electronic Submission	the	istrict that requests an attorney general decision must submit request through the attorney general's designated electronic fil-system. This requirement does not apply if:			
	1.	The district has fewer than 16 full-time employees;			
	2.	The district is located in a county with a population of less than 150,000;			
	3.	The amount or format of responsive information at issue in a particular request makes use of the attorney general's elec- tronic filing system impractical or impossible; or			
	4.	The request is hand delivered to the office of the attorney general.			
	Goi	/'t Code 552.3031(a)-(b)			
Request and Submissions to Attorney General	The district must ask for the attorney general's decision and state the exceptions that apply within a reasonable time but not later than the 10th business day after the date of receiving the written request.				
	with afte	en a district requests an attorney general decision, it shall, hin a reasonable time but not later than the 15th business day er receiving the request for information, submit to the attorney heral all of the following:			
	1.	Written comments stating the reasons why the stated excep- tions apply that would allow the information to be withheld;			
	2.	A copy of the written request for information;			
	3.	A signed statement as to the date on which the written re- quest for information was received by the district or evidence sufficient to establish that date; and			
	4.	A copy of the specific information requested, or representative samples of the information if a voluminous amount of informa- tion was requested. The district shall label the copies or rep- resentative samples to indicate which exceptions apply to which parts of the copy.			
	Gov	v't Code 552.301(b), (e)			

Information to Requestor	A district that requests an attorney general decision shall provide to the requestor within a reasonable time but not later than the 10th business day after the date of receiving the requestor's written re- quest:				
	<ol> <li>A written statement that the district wishes to withhold the re- quested information and has asked for a decision from the at- torney general about whether the information is within an ex- ception to public disclosure; and</li> </ol>				
	2. A copy of the district's written communication to the attorney general asking for the decision. If a district's written communication to the attorney general discloses the requested information, the district shall provide a redacted copy of that written communication.				
	The district shall send a copy of the comments to the requestor not later than the 15th business day after the district receives the writ- ten request. If the written comments disclose or contain the sub- stance of the information requested, the copy of the comments pro- vided to the requestor shall be redacted.				
	Gov't Code 552.301(d), (e-1)				
Calculating Timeliness	For the purposes of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G (Attorney General Decisions), if a district receives a written request by United States mail and cannot adequately establish the actual date of receipt, the request is considered to have been received by the district on the third business day after the date of the postmark on a properly addressed request. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.301(a-1)				
	When Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G requires a request, notice, or other document to be submitted or otherwise given to the attorney general within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the district submits the document through the attorney general's designated electronic filing system within that period. This provision does not affect the right of a district to submit information to the attorney general by specified methods of mail under Government Code 552.308.				
	When the attorney general is required to deliver a notice, decision, or other document within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the attorney general electronically transmits the document within that period.				
	For information surrendered or returned to a district by a temporary custodian, the district is considered to receive the request for that				

	information on the date the information is surrendered or returned to the district. [See GB]					
	Gov	't Code 552.233(d), .309				
	Except as required by Government Code 552.031 (electronic emission [see above]), when the attorney general decision proceed requires a request, notice, or other document to be submitted otherwise given to a person within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the document is sent to the p son by first class United States mail or common or contract car properly addressed with postage or handling charges prepaid					
	1.	It bears a post office cancellation mark or a receipt mark of a common or contract carrier indicating a time within that period; or				
	2.	The person required to submit or otherwise give the docu- ment furnishes satisfactory proof that it was deposited in the mail or with a common or contract carrier within that period.				
	Gov	't Code 552.308				
Third Party Privacy or Property Interests	In a case in which information is requested under the Public Infor- mation Act and a person's privacy or property interests may be in- volved, including a case under Government Code 552.101 (infor- mation confidential by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary information), 552.114 (student records), 552.131 (eco- nomic development information), or 552.143 (investment informa- tion), a district may decline to release the information for the pur- pose of requesting a decision from the attorney general.					
Third Party Submissions	A person whose interests may be involved as described above, any other person, may submit in writing to the attorney general to person's reasons why the information should be withheld or re- leased. A district may, but is not required to, submit its reasons why the information should be withheld or released. The propri- etary information exception to disclosure provided by Governme Code 552.1101(a) may be asserted only by a vendor, contractor potential vendor, or potential contractor in the manner described Government Code 552.305(b) for the purpose of protecting the interests of the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor.					
	Gov't Code 552.305(a)-(c), .1101(c)					
Notice to Third Party	exce tial b	ease of a person's proprietary information may be subject to eption under Government Code 552.101 (information confiden- by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary informa- by 552.113 (geological or geophysical information), 552.131				

	(economic development information), or 552.143 (investme mation), a district that requests an attorney general decisio make a good faith attempt to notify that person of its reque notice must:				all	
	1.	. Be in writing and sent within a reasonable time not later the the 10th business day after the district receives the reques for information; and				
	2.	Inclu	ude:			
		a.		opy of the written request for information, if any, re red by the district; and	<u></u> Э-	
		b.	eral gen	tatement, in the form prescribed by the attorney go , that the person is entitled to submit to the attorn eral, not later than the 10th business day after the son receives the notice:	ey	
			(1)	Each reason the person has as to why the inform tion should be withheld; and	na-	
			(2)	A letter, memorandum, or brief in support of that reason.	t	
	ney mer fron the que	A person who submits a letter, memorandum, or brief to the attorney general under this provision shall send a copy of that letter, memorandum, or brief to the person who requested the informat from the district. If the letter, memorandum, or brief submitted to the attorney general contains the substance of the information requested, the copy of the letter, memorandum, or brief may be a redacted copy.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.305(d), (e)				
Requests for Contracting Information Not Maintained by the District	tain tor,	"Contracting information" means the following information main- tained by a district or sent between a district and a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor:				
	1.	Information in a voucher or contract relating to the receipt or expenditure of public funds by a district;				
	2.	Solicitation or bid documents relating to a contract with a di trict;				
	3.	Communications sent between a district and a vendor, con- tractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor during the s licitation, evaluation, or negotiation of a contract;				
	4.	whic	ch a c	nts, including bid tabulations, showing the criteria district evaluates each vendor, contractor, potentia or potential contractor responding to a solicitation	•	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/ UPDATE 122 GBAA(LEGAL)-P	2023			17 c	of 33	

		and, if applicable, an explanation of why the vendor or con- tractor was selected; and
	5.	Communications and other information sent between a district and a vendor or contractor related to the performance of a fi- nal contract with the district or work performed on behalf of the district.
	Gov	r't Code 552.003(1-a)
		vernment Code 552.371 applies to an entity that is not a gov- mental body that executes a contract with a district that:
	1.	Has a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district; or
	2.	Results in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal year of the district.
	info scril that	vernment Code 552.371 applies to a written request for public rmation received by a district that is party to a contract de- bed above for contracting information related to the contract is in the custody or possession of the entity and not main- ed by the district.
	Gov	r't Code 552.371(a), (b)
District Request to Contracting Entity	sha The thar	strict that receives a written request for contracting information Il request that the entity provide the information to the district. district must send the request in writing to the party not later the third business day after the date the district receives the ten request. <i>Gov't Code 552.371(c)</i>
Requesting Decision About Contracting Information	whe with is co afte	strict's request for an attorney general's decision to determine ether contracting information not maintained by the district falls in an exception to disclosure under the Public Information Act onsidered timely if made not later than the 13th business day r the date the district receives the written request described ve. Gov't Code $552.371(d)(1)$
	que thar	statement and copy described above [see Information to Restor] is considered timely if provided to the requestor not later in the 13th business day after the date the district receives the ten request. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.371(d)(2)$
	mis: thar	ubmission and copy described above [see Request and Sub- sions to Attorney General] is considered timely if sent not later in the 18th business day after the date the district receives the ten request. <i>Gov't Code 552.371(d)(3), (4)</i>

		to c	presumption that information is subject to disclosure for failing omply with Government Code 552.301 [see Request and Sub- sions to Attorney General, above] does not apply if a district:			
		1.	Complies with the requirements of Government Code 552.371(c) in a good faith effort to obtain contracting information not maintained by the district;			
		2.	Is unable to meet a deadline because the contracting entity failed to provide the information to the district not later than the 13th business day after the date the district received the written request for the information; and			
		3.	Complies with all notice requirements not later than the eighth business day after the date the district receives the information from the contracting entity.			
		Gov	r't Code 552.371(e)			
		Nothing in Government Code 552.371 affects the deadlines or du- ties of a district related to requesting an attorney general opinion regarding contracting information the district maintains. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.371(f)				
Request for Attorney General Decision Not Required <i>Previous</i> <i>Determinations</i> Same Information		A district must release the requested information and is prohibited from asking for a decision from the attorney general about whethe information requested under this chapter is within an exception un der Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C if the district has previously requested and received a determination from the a torney general concerning the precise information at issue in a pending request and the attorney general or a court determined that the information is public information that is not excepted by Subchapter C. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(f)</i>				
	Categories of Previously Determined Information	A district may rely on a previous determination by the attorney gen- eral regarding a specific, clearly delineated category of information if:				
	mornation	1.	The previous decision is applicable to a school district;			
		2.	The previous decision concludes that the category of informa- tion is or is not excepted from public disclosure;			
		3.	The elements of law, fact, and circumstances are met to sup- port the previous decision's conclusion that the requested records and information at issue are or are not excepted from public disclosure; and			
		4.	The previous decision explicitly provides that the governmen-			

4. The previous decision explicitly provides that the governmental body or bodies, such as the district, to which the decision

				ay withhold the information without the necessity of decision from the attorney general.			
	Atty	Atty. Gen. ORD 673 (2001)					
	mati	on fro sion o	om dis	elies on a previous determination to withhold infor- sclosure should notify the requestor in writing of the ng upon which it is relying. <i>Atty. Gen. ORD 684</i>			
When Request Is Allowed for Previous Determination	cond	ask for another decision from the attorney general precise information that was at issue in a prior deci- he attorney general if:					
Determination	1.	the a	attorn	Illenging the prior decision was timely filed against ey general in accordance with the Public Information erning the precise information at issue;			
	2.	The attorney general determines that the requestor has volun- tarily withdrawn the request for the information in writing or has abandoned the request; and					
	3. The parties agree to dismiss the lawsuit.						
	Gov't Code 552.301(g)						
Response After Attorney General Decision	riod	of tim	rict shall as soon as practicable but within a reasonable pe- f time after the date the attorney general issues an opinion ding information requested under the Public Information Act:				
	1.	Provide the requestor of the information an itemized estimate of charges for production of the information if the estimate is required by Government Code 552.2615;					
	2.	If the	e requ	lested information is voluminous:			
		a. Take the following actions if the district determines that is able to disclose the information in a single batch:					
			(1)	Provide a written certified notice to the requestor and the attorney general that it is impractical or im- possible for the district to produce the information within a reasonable period of time;			
			(2)	Include in the notice the date and hour that the dis- trict will disclose the information to the requestor, which may not be later than the 15th business day after the date the district provides the notice; and			
			(3)	Produce the information at the date and time in- cluded in the notice; or			

- b. Take the following actions if the district determines that it is unable to disclose the information in a single batch:
  - Provide a written certified notice to the requestor and the attorney general that it is impractical or impossible for the district to produce the information within a reasonable period of time and in a single batch;
  - (2) Include in the notice the date and hour that the district will disclose the first batch of information to the requestor, which may not be later than the 15th business day after the date the district provides the notice;
  - (3) Provide a written certified notice to the requestor and the attorney general when each subsequent batch of information is disclosed to the requestor of the date and hour that the district will disclose the next batch of information to the requestor, which may not be later than the 15th business day after the date the district provides the notice; and
  - (4) Produce the requested information at each date and time included in a notice;
- 3. Produce the information if it is required to be produced;
- 4. Notify the requestor in writing that the district is withholding the information as authorized by the opinion; or
- Notify the requestor in writing that the district has filed suit against the attorney general under Government Code 552.324 [see Filing Suit to Challenge Attorney General's Decision, below] regarding the information.

A district is presumed to have complied with the above requirements if the district takes an action regarding information that is the subject of an opinion issued by the attorney general not later than the 30th day after the date the attorney general issues the opinion.

Gov't Code 552.306(c)-(d)

*Note:* For rules regarding the attorney general's review of redactions, see 1 Administrative Code Chapter 63. For complete cost rules issued by the attorney general, see 1 Administrative Code Chapter 70.

ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION
REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Authorized Costs and Charges Attorney General's Cost Rules	A district shall use the attorney general's rules to determine the charges for providing copies of public information and to determine the charge, deposit, or bond required for making public information that exists in a paper record available for inspection, except to the extent that other law provides for charges for specific kinds of public information. The charges for providing copies of public information may not be excessive and may not exceed the actual cost of producing the information or for making public information that exists in a paper record available for inspection.
	A district may determine its own charges for providing copies of public information and its own charge, deposit, or bond for making public information that exists in a paper record available for inspec- tion. However, a district may not charge an amount that is greater than 25 percent more than the amount established by the attorney general, unless the district requests an exemption.
	Gov't Code 552.262(a); 1 TAC 70.1(b), .3, .10.
Exemption	A district may request that it be exempt from part or all of the rules adopted by the attorney general for determining charges. The re- quest must be made in writing to the attorney general and must state the reason for the exemption. If a district receives notice from the attorney general that an exemption has been granted, the dis- trict may amend its charges according to the attorney general's de- termination. <i>Gov't Code 552.262(c)</i>
Multiple Requests	All requests received in one calendar day from an individual may be treated as a single request for purposes of calculating costs. A district may not combine multiple requests from separate individu- als who submit requests on behalf of an organization. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.261(e)</i>
Charges for Producing Copies	The charge for providing a copy of public information shall be an amount that reasonably includes all costs related to reproducing the information, including costs of materials, labor, and overhead.
50 Pages or Less	If a request is for 50 or fewer pages of paper records, the charge for providing the copy of the information may not include costs of materials, labor, or overhead, but shall be limited to the charge for each page of the paper record that is photocopied, unless the pages to be photocopied are located in two or more separate build- ings that are not physically connected with each other or a remote storage facility. A connection of two buildings by a covered or open sidewalk, an elevated or underground passageway, or a similar fa- cility is insufficient to cause the buildings to be considered separate buildings.

ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION
REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Statement of Labor Costs	If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, the requestor may require the officer for public infor- mation or agent to provide the requestor with a written statement as to the amount of time that was required to produce and provide the copy. The statement must be signed by the officer or agent, and the officer or agent's name must be typed or legibly printed be- low the signature. A charge may not be imposed for providing the written statement to the requestor.			
Accrual of Charges	to ac	rges for providing a copy of public information are considered ccrue at the time the district advises the requestor that the copy vailable on payment of the applicable charges.		
	Gov't Code 552.261(a)-(d)			
Deposit or Bond for Copies	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or bond for payment of anticipated costs for the preparation of a copy of public information if:			
	1.	The officer or agent has provided the requestor with the writ- ten itemized statement required by Government Code 552.2615 (itemized estimate of charges, below); and		
	2.	The charge for providing the copy is estimated by the district to exceed \$100, if the district has more than 15 full-time employees, or \$50, if the district has fewer than 16 full-time employees.		
	payr	officer or agent may not require a deposit or bond as a down nent for copies of public information that the requestor may re- st in the future.		
	Gov't Code 552.263(a), (b)			
Effect on Timelines	For purposes of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapters F (Charges for Providing Copies of Public Information) and G (Attorney General Decisions), a request for a copy of public information is considered to have been received by the district on the date the district receives the deposit or bond for payment of anticipated costs or unpaid amounts if the officer for public information or agent requires a deposit or bond.			
	for p fore quire	questor who fails to make such a deposit or post such a bond ayment of anticipated costs for the preparation of copies be- the 10th business day after the date the deposit or bond is re- ed is considered to have withdrawn the request for the copy of ic information that precipitated the requirement of the deposit and.		
	Gov	't Code 552.263(e), (f)		

ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION
REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Modified Request	If a requestor modifies a request in response to the requirement of a deposit or bond, the modified request is considered a separate request and is considered received on the date the district receives the written modified request. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(e-1)</i>
Unpaid Amounts	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or bond for payment of unpaid amounts the requestor owes a district in relation to previous public information requests before preparing a copy of public information in response to a new request, if those unpaid amounts exceed \$100. The officer for public information or agent may not seek payment of those unpaid amounts through any other means.
Documentation of Unpaid Amounts	A district must fully document the existence and amount of those unpaid amounts or the amount of any anticipated costs before re- quiring a deposit or bond. The documentation is subject to required public disclosure.
	Gov't Code 552.263(c), (d)
Pre-Payments	A district that receives a request from a requestor to produce public information for inspection or publication or to produce copies of public information in response to a requestor who, within the pre- ceding 180 days, has accepted but failed to pay written itemized statements of estimated charges from the district as provided un- der Government Code 552.261(b) (statement of labor costs, above) may require the requestor to pay the estimated charges for the request before the request is fulfilled. <i>Gov't Code 552.2661</i>
Waivers	A district shall provide a copy of public information without charge or at a reduced charge if the district determines that waiver or re- duction of the charge is in the public interest because providing the information primarily benefits the general public.
	If the cost to a district of processing the collection of a charge for providing a copy of public information will exceed the amount of the charge, the district may waive the charge.
	Gov't Code 552.267
District Publications	Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter F (charges for provid- ing copies of public information) does not apply to a publication that is compiled and printed by or for a district for public dissemina- tion. If the cost of the publication is not determined by state law, a district may determine the charge for providing the publication. This provision does not prohibit the district from providing the publica- tion free of charge if state law does not require that a certain charge be made. <i>Gov't Code 552.270</i>

ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION	
REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION	

Copies for Parents	A district may charge a reasonable fee in accordance with the above requirements for copies of materials provided to parents pursuant to Education Code Chapter 26. <i>Education Code 26.012</i>		
Charges for Inspection Without Copies	If the requestor does not request a copy of public information, a district may not impose a charge for making available for inspection any public information that exists in a paper record, except as set forth below.		
Copy of Edited Page	If a page contains confidential information that must be edited from the record before the information can be made available for inspe- tion, the district may charge for the cost of making a photocopy of the page from which the confidential information must be edited. No charge other than the cost of the photocopy may be imposed.		
Payment, Deposit, or Bond for Inspections	The officer for public information or agent may require a requestor to pay, or to make a deposit or post a bond for the payment of, an- ticipated personnel costs for making available for inspection public information that exists in paper records if:		
	1.	The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than five years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, six or more archival boxes; and	
	2.	The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than five hours will be required to make the information avail- able for inspection.	
	Gov	't Code 552.271(a)-(c)	
Exception for Certain Small Districts		district has fewer than 16 full-time employees, the payment, de- t, or bond may be required only if:	
	1.	The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than three years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, three or more archival boxes; and	
	2.	The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than two hours will be required to make the information avail- able for inspection.	
	Gov	't Code 552.271(d)	
Inspection of Electronic Records	In response to a request to inspect information that exists in an electronic medium and that is not available directly online to the re questor, a charge may not be imposed for access to the information unless complying with the request will require programming or manipulation of data. If programming or manipulation of data is required, a district shall notify the requestor before assembling the information and provide the requestor with an estimate of charges		

	that will be imposed to make the information available [see also Requests Requiring Programming or Data Manipulation, above]. If public information exists in an electronic form on a computer owned or leased by a district and if the public has direct access to that computer through a computer network or other means, the electronic form of the information may be electronically copied from that computer without charge if accessing the information does not require processing, programming, or manipulation on the district- owned or district-leased computer before the information is copied. If such information also requires processing, programming, or ma- nipulation before it can be electronically copied, a district may im- pose charges.
	If information is created or kept in an electronic form, a district is encouraged to explore options to separate confidential information from public information and make the public information available to the public through electronic access through a computer network or by other means.
	Gov't Code 552.272
Itemized Estimate of Charges	If a request for a copy of public information will result in the imposi- tion of a charge that exceeds \$40, or a request to inspect a paper record without requesting copies will result in the imposition of a charge that exceeds \$40, a district shall provide the requestor with a written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or per- sonnel costs. If an alternative less costly method of viewing the records is available, the statement must include a notice that the requestor may contact the district regarding the alternative method. A district must inform the requestor of the responsibilities imposed on the requestor by Government Code 552.2615 and the rights granted by that section and give the requestor the information needed to respond as detailed in Government Code 552.2615(a).
	If, after a district provides the requestor the itemized statement but before it makes the copy or the paper record available, the district determines that the estimated charges will exceed the charges de- tailed in the original itemized statement by 20 percent or more, the district shall send to the requestor an updated written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or personnel costs.
Requestor's Response	A request for which a district is required to produce an (original or updated) itemized statement of estimated charges is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor does not respond in writing to the itemized statement by informing the district within 10 business days after the date the statement is sent to the requestor that:

GBAA(LEGAL)-P

	1.	The requestor will accept the estimated charges;		
	2.	The requestor is modifying the request in response to the itemized statement; or	!	
	3.	The requestor has sent to the attorney general a complain leging that the requestor has been overcharged for being vided with a copy of the public information.		
Actual Charges	If the actual charges exceed \$40, the charges may not exceed:			
	1.	The amount estimated in the updated itemized statement	; or	
	2.	If an updated itemized statement is not sent to the reques an amount that exceeds by 20 percent or more the amoun estimated in the original itemized statement.		
No Effect on Deadlines To Request Attorney General Decision	An original or updated itemized statement is considered to have been sent by a district, and a requestor is considered to have re- sponded to the statement, on the date that the statement or re- sponse is:			
	1.	Delivered in person;		
	2.	Deposited, properly addressed, in the United States mail;	or	
	3.	Transmitted by electronic mail or facsimile, provided the r questor agrees to receive the statement by those means.		
	The time deadlines for providing or responding to the required statement of estimated charges do not affect the application of a time deadline imposed on a district for requesting a decision by the attorney general under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G.			
	Gov't Code 552.2615			
Temporary Suspension of Requirements for Districts Impacted by Catastrophe	The requirements of the Public Information Act do not apply to a district that is currently significantly impacted by a catastrophe such that the catastrophe directly causes the inability of the district to comply with the requirements of the PIA and the district complies with requirements below to elect a suspension period.			
	feres	astrophe" means a condition or occurrence that directly int with the ability of a district to comply with the requirement PIA, including:		
	1.	Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, snow storm;	or	
	2.	Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of com nication facilities;	າmu-	
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	23	27	of 33	

	3. Epidemic; or			
	4. Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threat- ened act of lawlessness or violence.			
	"Catastrophe" does not mean a period when staff is required to work remotely and can access information responsive to an appli- cation for information electronically, but the physical office of the governmental body is closed.			
	"Suspension period" means the period of time during which a dis- trict may suspend the applicability of the requirements of the Public Information Act.			
Initial Suspension Period	A district may suspend the applicability of the Public Information Act to the district for an initial suspension period only once for each catastrophe, which may not exceed seven consecutive days and must occur during the period that:			
	<ol> <li>Begins not earlier than the second day before the date the district submits notice to the attorney general; and</li> </ol>			
	2. Ends not later than the seventh day after the date the district submits that notice.			
Extension of Initial Suspension Period	A board may extend an initial suspension period if the board deter- mines that the district is still impacted by the catastrophe on which the initial suspension period was based. The initial suspension pe- riod may be extended one time for not more than seven consecu- tive days that begin on the day following the day the initial suspen- sion period ends.			
Maximum Suspension Period Per Catastrophe	A board that initiates an initial suspension period may not initiate another suspension period related to the same catastrophe, except for a single extension period as described above.			
	The combined suspension period for a district filing for both an ini- tial suspension period and a subsequent extension may not ex- ceed a total of 14 consecutive calendar days with respect to any single catastrophe.			
	Upon conclusion of any suspension period the district shall imme- diately resume compliance with all requirements of the Public Infor- mation Act.			
Notices to the Attorney General	A district that elects to suspend the Public Information Act must submit notice to the attorney general that the district is currently im- pacted by a catastrophe and has elected to suspend the applicabil- ity of the PIA during the initial suspension period.			

	A board that elects to extend an initial suspension period must sub- mit notice of the extension on the form prescribed by the attorney general.		
	The notices on the form prescribed by the attorney general must require the district to:		
		Identify and describe the catastrophe that the district is cur- rently impacted by;	
		State the date the initial suspension period determined by the board begins and the date that period ends;	
		If the board has determined to extend the initial suspension period:	
		<ul> <li>State that the district continues to be impacted by the catastrophe; and</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>State the date the extension to the initial suspension pe- riod begins and the date the period ends; and</li> </ul>	
		Provide any other information the office of the attorney gen- eral determines necessary.	
Notice to the Public	provi cessi quire chap	trict that elects to suspend the Public Information Act must de notice to the public of the suspension in a place readily ac- ible to the public and in each other location the district is re- d to post a notice under Government Code Chapter 551, Sub- ter C (Notice of Meetings). The district must maintain the e of the suspension during the suspension period.	
Requests During Suspension Period	Notwithstanding another provision of the Public Information Act, a request for public information received by a district during a suspension period is considered to have been received by the district on the first business day after the date the suspension period ends.		
Pending Requests Tolled	A request for public information received by a district before the date an initial suspension period begins are tolled until the first business day after the date the suspension period ends.		
	Gov'i	t Code 552.2325(a)-(j), (l), (m)	
Large or Frequent Requests Annual Limits on Personnel Time	A district may establish reasonable monthly and yearly limits on the amount of time that district employees are required to spend pro- ducing public information for inspection or duplication by a re- questor, or providing copies of public information to a requestor, without recovering its costs attributable to that personnel time. A yearly time limit may not be less than 36 hours for a requestor dur- ing the 12-month period that corresponds to a district's fiscal year.		

ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION
REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

A monthly time limit may not be less than 15 hours for a requestor for a one-month period.

Request by Minor In determining whether a time limit applies, any time spent complying with a request submitted in the name of a minor, as defined by Family Code 101.003(a), is to be included in the calculation of the cumulative amount of time spent complying with a request for public information by a parent, guardian, or other person who has control of the minor under a court order and with whom the minor resides, unless that parent, guardian, or other person establishes that another person submitted that request in the name of the minor.

Gov't Code 552.275(a), (b), (c)

Written Statement of Cumulative Personnel Time If a district establishes a time limit, each time the district complies with a request for public information, the district shall provide the requestor with a written statement of the amount of personnel time spent complying with that request and the cumulative amount of time spent complying with requests for public information from that requestor during the applicable monthly or yearly period. The amount of time spent preparing the written statement may not be included in the amount of time included in the statement to the requestor unless the requestor's time limit for the period has been exceeded. *Gov't Code 552.275(d)* 

Photo Identification A district may request photo identification from a requestor for the sole purpose of establishing that the requestor has not exceeded a limit established by the district and concealed the requestor's identity.

StatementA request for photo identification must include a written estimate of<br/>charges applicable to the requestor who has exceeded a limit es-<br/>tablished by the district and a statement that describes each spe-<br/>cific reason why the request for photo identification may apply to<br/>the requestor.

**Proof or Payment** The district shall accept as proof of a requestor's identification physical presentment of photo identification or an image of the photo identification that is transmitted electronically or through the mail. A requestor from whom a district has requested photo identification may decline to provide identification and obtain the requested information by paying the charge assessed in the written estimate.

Gov't Code 552.275(n)-(o)

Written Estimate of Charges Beyond Time Limit	Subject to unpaid cost estimates for large and frequent requests, as described below, if in connection with a request for public information, the cumulative amount of personnel time spent complying with requests for public information from the same requestor equals or exceeds the district-established time limit, the district shall provide the requestor with a written estimate of the total cost, including materials, personnel time, and overhead expenses, necessary to comply with the request. The written estimate must be provided to the requestor on or before the 10th day after the date on which the public information was requested. The amount of this charge relating to the cost of locating, compiling, and producing the public information shall be established by rules prescribed by the attorney general under Government Code 552.262(a) and (b).
Additional Time	If a district provides the requestor with written notice that additional time is required to prepare the written estimate, the district must provide the written estimate as soon as practicable, but on or before the 10th day after the date the district provided the notice that additional time was required.
	Gov't Code 552.275(e), (f)
Unpaid Cost Estimate	When a request is made by a requestor who has made a previous request to the district that has not been withdrawn, for which the district has located and compiled documents in response, and for which the district has issued a written estimate of charges that remains unpaid on the date the requestor submits the new request, the district is not required to locate, compile, produce, or provide copies of documents or prepare an estimate of charges in response to a new request until the date the requestor pays each unpaid statement issued in connection with a previous request or withdraws the previous request to which the statement applies. <i>Gov't Code 552.275(e-1)</i>
Production Not Required Until Payment	If a district provides a requestor with a written estimate of charges or a written statement regarding photo identification and the dis- trict's time limits regarding the requestor have been exceeded, the district is not required to produce public information for inspection or duplication or to provide copies of public information in response to the requestor's request unless on or before the 10th day after the date the district provided the written estimate, the requestor submits payment of the amount stated in the written estimate or provides identification.
	If the requestor fails or refuses to provide identification or submit payment, the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the re- quest.
	Gov't Code 552.275(g)-(h)
	04 -6 00

			GBAA (LEGAL)		
Exceptions	The provisions above concerning requests that require large amounts of employee or personnel time do not apply if the re- questor is:				
	1.	liveli prep ports	hood ares s, inv	dual who, for a substantial portion of the indiv d or for substantial financial gain, gathers, cor , collects, photographs, records, writes, edits vestigates, processes, or publishes news or in nd is seeking the information for:	npiles, , re-
		a.	vice	semination by a news medium or communica e provider (as defined by Government Code .275(m)), including:	tion ser-
			(1)	An individual who supervises or assists in g ing, preparing, and disseminating the news mation; or	
			(2)	An individual who is or was a journalist, sch researcher employed by an institution of hig ucation at the time the person made the rec information; or	her ed-
		b.		ation or maintenance of an abstract plant as obed by Insurance Code 2501.004.	de-
	2.			ed official of the United States, this state, or a on of this state.	political
	3.	tion f Reve	that i enue	entative of a publicly funded legal services or is exempt from federal income taxation under code 501(a), as amended, by being listed a ity under 501(c)(3) of that code.	Internal
	Goi	/'t Cod	le 55	52.275(j)-(l)	
No Inspections for Others Until Payment	der on I the	Gover behalf limit h	rnme of ar as pa	ho has exceeded a limit established by a dist ent Code 552.275 may not inspect public infor nother requestor unless the requestor who ex aid each statement issued by the district unde e 552.175(e). <i>Gov't Code 552.271(e)</i>	rmation ceeded
Filing Suit to Challenge Attorney		-		a district may file seeking to withhold informat a suit that:	ion from
General's Decision	1.			a Travis County district court against the atton n accordance with Government Code 552.32	•
	2.	the a	attorr	eclaratory relief from compliance with a decisi ney general issued under Government Code ochapter G.	

	The district must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the date the district receives the attorney general's decision determining that the requested information must be disclosed to the requestor. If the district does not bring suit within that period, the district shall comply with the decision of the attorney general.
Exception for Affirmative Defenses	If the district wishes to preserve an affirmative defense for its offi- cer for public information as provided by Government Code 552.353(b)(3), the district must file suit not later than the 10th cal- endar day after receipt of the attorney general's decision.
	Gov't Code 552.324, .353(b)(3)
Suits Over Parent's Request	A district that seeks to withhold information from a parent who has requested public information relating to the parent's child under the Public Information Act, and that files suit as described by Govern- ment Code 552.324 to challenge a decision by the attorney gen- eral, must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the date the district receives the decision of the attorney general, unless an earlier deadline is established by the Public Information Act.
	A court shall grant such a suit precedence over other pending mat- ters to ensure prompt resolution of the subject matter of the suit. Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not appeal the deci- sion of the court. This prohibition does not affect the right of a par- ent to appeal the decision. If a district does not bring suit within the period established, the district shall comply with the decision of the attorney general.
	This provision does not affect the earlier deadline for purposes of Government Code 532.353(b)(3) (exception for affirmative defenses, above) for a suit brought by an officer for public information.
	Education Code 26.0085

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Office of the Attorney General and the Public Information Act: <u>https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/office-attorney-general-and-public-information-act</u>

Denton ISD 061901	
PUBLIC NOTICES	GC (LEGAL)
	To the extent a law requiring or authorizing the publication of a no- tice in a newspaper by a district or its representative does not specify the manner of publication, including the number of times that the notice is required to be published and the period during which the notice is required to be published, the district shall follow Government Code Chapter 2051, Subchapter C. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>2051.042</i>
Definitions	"Governmental representative" includes an officer, employee, or agent of a district.
	"Notice" means any matter, including a proclamation or advertise- ment, required or authorized by law to be published in a newspa- per by a district or representative.
	Gov't Code 2051.041
Time of Publication	A notice must be published in a newspaper issued at least one day before the occurrence of the event to which the notice refers. <i>Gov't Code 2051.050</i>
	Unless notice is posted on the door of the county courthouse under Government Code 2051.048(d), a notice shall be published in at least one issue of a newspaper. <i>Gov't Code 2051.043</i>
Selection of Newspaper	A district or representative required to publish a notice in a news- paper shall, in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2051, Subchapter C, select one or more newspapers to publish the no- tice. <i>Gov't Code 2051.049</i>
	Except as provided at Government Code 2051.0441, the newspa- per in which a notice is published must:
	<ol> <li>Devote not less than 25 percent of its total column lineage to general interest items;</li> </ol>
	2. Be published at least once each week;
	<ol> <li>Be entered as second-class postal matter in the county where published; and</li> </ol>
	4. Have been published regularly and continuously for at least 12 months before the governmental entity or representative publishes notice. A weekly newspaper has been published regularly and continuously if the newspaper omits not more than two issues in the 12-month period.
	Gov't Code 2051 044

Gov't Code 2051.044

Denton ISD 061901				
PUBLIC NOTICES		GC (LEGAL)		
Selection of Newspaper in Certain Counties	leas or ( cou	notice is to be published in: (a) a county with a population of at st 30,000 and not more than 42,000, that borders the Red River; b) a county that does not have a newspaper published in the nty that meets the requirements at Government Code st.044, the newspaper in which the notice is published must:		
	1.	Devote not less than 20 percent of its total column lineage to general interest items;		
	2.	Be published at least once each week;		
	3.	Be entered as a periodical postal matter in the county where published or have a mailed or delivered circulation of at least 51 percent of the residences in the county where published; and		
	4.	Have been published regularly and continuously for at least 12 months before publication of the notice. A weekly newspa- per has been published regularly and continuously if the newspaper omits not more than two issues in the 12-month period.		
	Goi	v't Code 2051.0441		
Rate for Publication	dist The	otice shall be published in a newspaper that is published in the rict and that will publish the notice at or below the legal rate. legal rate for publication of a notice in a newspaper is the vspaper's lowest published rate for classified advertising.		
	If no newspaper published in the district will publish the notice at or below the legal rate, the district shall publish the notice in a news- paper that is published in the county in which the district is located and will charge the legal rate or a lower rate.			
	cate sha	o newspaper published in the county in which the district is lo- ed will publish the notice at or below the legal rate, the district Il post the notice at the door of the county courthouse of the inty in which the district is located.		
	Go	/t Code 2051 045 048		

Gov't Code 2051.045, .048

Table of Contents	Applicability of Criminal Laws	2
	Trespass	2
	Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	2
	Vehicles on School Property	3
	Disruption of Lawful Assembly	3
	Free Speech	ļ
	Disruption of Classes	Ļ
	Disruption of Transportation	ŀ
	Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	5
	Smoking in Buildings	5
	Alcohol	5
	Intoxicants	5
	Fireworks	5
	Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	5
	Possession of Weapons7	7
	"Premises" Defined	7
	Notice to Public	7
	Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	3
	Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	3
	Exhibition of Firearm	)
	Trespass — Concealed Carry of Handgun	)
	Notice / Sign — Concealed Carry of Handgun	)
	Exception10	)
	Unauthorized Notice10	)
	Trespass — Open Carry of Handgun10	)
	Notice / Sign — Open Carry of Handgun10	)
	Exception11	I
	Unmanned Aircraft Systems11	I
	Federal Law11	I
	State Law13	3

Applicability of Criminal Laws	The criminal laws of the state apply to the areas under the control and jurisdiction of the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.101		
Trespass	An unauthorized person who trespasses on the grounds of a school district commits a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education Code 37.107</i>		
Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	A school administrator, school resource officer, or school district peace officer may refuse to allow persons to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control if the person re- fuses to leave peaceably on request and:		
	1. The	e person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or	
		e person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a ool setting and:	
	a.	The administrator, resource officer, or peace officer is- sues a verbal warning to the person that the person's behavior is inappropriate and may result in the person's refusal of entry or ejection; and	
	b.	The person persists in that behavior.	
	Identifica district's	tion may be required of any person on property under the control.	
	A district shall maintain a record of each verbal warning issued, in- cluding the name of the person to whom the warning was issued and the date of issuance. At the time a person is refused entry to or ejected from a school district's property, the district shall provide to the person written in- formation explaining the appeal process.		
	fused en the parer participa tee or in	nt or guardian of a child enrolled in a school district is re- try to the district's property, the district shall accommodate nt or guardian to ensure that the parent or guardian may te in the child's admission, review, and dismissal commit- the child's team established under Section 504, Rehabili- t of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), in accordance with fed-	
	The term of a person's refusal of entry to or ejection from a school district's property under this section may not exceed two years. A district shall post on the district's website and each district campus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding these provisions, including the appeal process.		
		rd shall adopt a policy that uses the district's existing griev- cess [see FNG, GF] to permit a person refused entry to or	

	fusa ing day	cted from property controlled by the district to appeal such re- al of entry or ejection. The policy must permit a person appeal- under this section to address the board in person within 90 s of the commencement of the appeal, unless the appeal is nted before the board considers the appeal.	
	is fi	e board's decision to grant or deny an appeal under this section nal and may only be further appealed under the applicable pro- ons of Texas Education Code 7.057.	
	Edı	ication Code 37.105; 19 TAC 103.1207	
	-	r information on visitor requirements, including requesting iden- ation, see GKC.]	
Vehicles on School Property	hicl any cati	oard may bar or suspend a person from driving or parking a ve- e on any school property as a result of the person's violation of rule or regulation promulgated by the board or set forth in Edu- on Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D. [See CLC] <i>Education</i> <i>de 37.106</i>	
Disruption of Lawful Assembly	A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person, alone or in concert with others, intentionally engages in disruptive activity on the campus or property of a public school. Disruptive activity means:		
	1.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of persons in an exit, entrance, or hallway of any building without the authorization of the administration of the school;	
	2.	Seizing control of any building or portion of a building to inter- fere with any administrative, educational, research, or other authorized activity;	
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent by force or violence or the threat of violence any lawful assembly authorized by the school administration so that a person attempting to partici- pate in the assembly is unable to participate due to the use of force or violence or due to a reasonable fear that force or vio- lence is likely to occur;	
	4.	Disrupting by force or violence or the threat of force or vio- lence a lawful assembly in progress; or	
	5.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of any person at an exit or entrance to the campus or property or preventing or at- tempting to prevent by force or violence or by threats thereof the ingress or egress of any person to or from the property or campus without the authorization of the administration of the school.	
	000	0 -640	

Free Speech	free	s provision shall not be construed to infringe upon any right of speech or expression guaranteed by the constitutions of the red States or the state of Texas.					
	Edu	Education Code 37.123					
Disruption of Classes	A person, other than a primary or secondary grade student en- rolled in the school, commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person, on school property or on public property within 500 feet of school property, alone or in concert with others, intentionally disrupts the conduct of classes or other school activities. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of age.						
	Disr clud	rupting the conduct of classes or other school activities in- les:					
	1.	Emitting noise of an intensity that prevents or hinders class- room instruction.					
	2.	Enticing or attempting to entice a student away from a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.					
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent a student from attending a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.					
	4.	Entering a classroom without the consent of either the princi- pal or the teacher and, through either acts of misconduct or use of loud or profane language, disrupting class activities.					
	"School property" includes a public school campus or school grounds on which a public school is located, and any grounds or buildings used by a school for an assembly or other school-sponsored activity.						
	"Public property" includes a street, highway, alley, public park, or sidewalk.						
	Education Code 37.124						
Disruption of Transportation	mits prev and a ve the in th	erson, other than a primary or secondary grade student, com- a a Class C misdemeanor if the person intentionally disrupts, vents, or interferes with the lawful transportation of students to from school, or to or from activities sponsored by a school, on ehicle owned and/or operated by a district. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged he prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of . <i>Education Code 37.126</i>					

Denton ISD 061901					
COMMUNITY RELATIONSGKACONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES(LEGAL)					
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off school property. School personnel shall enforce these policies on school property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See FNCD for the definition of e-cigarette.]				
Smoking in Buildings	A district shall not permit smoking within any provision of routine or regular kindergarten, ondary education or library services to childr tine health care or day care or early childhoo Start) services to children or for the use of early such services. 20 U.S.C. 6083; 20 U.S.C. 72	elementary, or sec- ren; or regular or rou- od development (Head mployees who provide			
Criminal Penalty	A person commits an offense if the person is burning tobacco product, smokes tobacco, c rette in a facility of a public school.	-			
Defense	It is a defense to prosecution that a district d nently displayed a reasonably sized notice th ited by state law in such place and that an or a fine not to exceed \$500.	nat smoking is prohib-			
Facilities for Extinguishment	A district shall be equipped with facilities for smoking materials.	extinguishment of			
	Penal Code 48.01(a)-(c)				
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic be lated or school-sanctioned activities on or of <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i> [See FNCF regarding	f school property. Edu-			
Intoxicants	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor i an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sa while:				
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a pul	olic school; or			
	<ol> <li>Entering or inside any enclosure, field, athletic event sponsored or participated is being held.</li> </ol>	•			
	Education Code 37.122 [See also FNCF]				
Fireworks	A person may not explode or ignite fireworks school unless the person receives authoriza school. <i>Occupations Code 2154.251(a)(1)</i>	-			
Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	It is unlawful for any individual knowingly to place that the individual knows, or has reasonable, is a school zone.				

"School zone" means in, or on the grounds of, a school; or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of a school.

This prohibition does not apply to the possession of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the state, and the law of the state requires that, before an individual obtains such a license, the law enforcement authorities of the state verify that the individual is qualified under law to receive the license;
- 3. That is not loaded and in a locked container, or a locked firearms rack that is on a motor vehicle;
- 4. By an individual for use in a program approved by a school in the school zone;
- 5. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual;
- 6. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; or
- 7. That is unloaded and is possessed by an individual while traversing school premises for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting, if the entry on school premises is authorized by school authorities.

It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge or attempt to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school zone.

This prohibition does not apply to the discharge of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. As part of a program approved by a school in the school zone, by an individual who is participating in the program;
- 3. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in a school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual; or
- 4. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity.

18 U.S.C. 921(a)(25), .922(q)

Possession of Weapons	46.1 knov	ess entitled to a defense or otherwise excepted by Penal Code 5, a person commits an offense if the person intentionally, wingly, or recklessly possesses or goes with a firearm, location- ricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon [see FNCG]:		
	1.	On the premises of a school, on any grounds or building owned by and under the control of a school and on which an activity sponsored by the school is being conducted, or in a passenger transportation vehicle of a school, unless pursuant to written regulations or written authorization of the school;		
	2.	On the premises of a polling place on the day of an election or while early voting is in progress;		
	3.	On the premises where a high school, collegiate, or profes- sional sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place, unless the person is a participant in the event and a firearm, location-restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon is used in the event;		
	4.	In the room or rooms where a meeting of a governmental en- tity is held, if the meeting is an open meeting subject to the OMA, and the entity provided required notice of the meeting.		
	It is not a defense to prosecution that the person possessed a handgun and was licensed to carry a handgun.			
	Penal Code 46.03(a)(1), (2), (8), (14), (f)			
"Premises" Defined	tion drive	mises," for purposes of this policy, means a building or a por- of a building. The term does not include any public or private eway, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage, ther parking area. <i>Penal Code 46.03(c)(4)</i>		
Notice to Public	proh erty,	strict may provide notice that firearms and other weapons are hibited under Penal Code 46.03 on the premises or other prop- as applicable, by posting a sign at each entrance to the nises or other property that:		
	1.	Includes language that is identical to or substantially similar to the following: "Pursuant to Section 46.03, Penal Code (places weapons prohibited), a person may not carry a firearm or other weapon on this property";		
	2.	Includes the language described above in both English and Spanish;		
	3.	Appears in contrasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height; and		

	<ol> <li>Is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.</li> </ol>
	Without a sign described above posted prominently at each en- trance to the premises or other property, as applicable, a person can assert a defense to prosecution for unlawfully carrying a hand- gun if the person personally received notice that carrying a firearm was prohibited and promptly departed from the premises or other property.
	Penal Code 46.15(m)-(o)
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	A district may not prohibit a person who holds a license to carry a handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H, from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammuni- tion in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a park- ing lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the dis- trict, and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.
	This does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a handgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 37.125, Penal Code 46.03, or other law.
	Education Code 37.0815
Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	A district is not liable in a civil action arising from the discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H.
	The discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, is outside the course and scope of the individual's duties as volunteer emer- gency services personnel.
	The district does not waive immunity from suit or liability under the Texas Tort Claims Act or any other law.
	"Volunteer emergency services personnel" includes a volunteer firefighter, an emergency medical services volunteer as defined by Health and Safety Code 773.003, and any individual who, as a vol- unteer, provides services for the benefit of the general public dur- ing emergency situations. The term does not include a peace offi- cer or reserve law enforcement officer, as those terms are defined

	by Occupations Code 1701.001, who is performing law enforce- ment duties.				
	Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 112.001; Penal Code 46.01(18)				
Exhibition of Firearm	A person commits a third degree felony if, in a manner intended to cause alarm or personal injury to another person or to damage school property, the person intentionally:				
	1. Ex	whibits or uses a firearm:			
	a.	In or on any property, including a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area, that is owned by a private or public school; or			
	b.	On a school bus being used to transport children to and from school-sponsored activities;			
	SC	rreatens to exhibit or use a firearm in or on property de- ribed above or on a bus and was in possession of or had mediate access to the firearm.			
	to exhib	on commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person threatens bit or use a firearm, but was not in possession of or did not nmediate access to the firearm.			
	Educati	ion Code 37.125			
Trespass —	A licens	se holder commits an offense if the license holder:			
Concealed Carry of Handgun		arries a concealed handgun on the property of another with- it effective consent; and			
		eceived notice that entry on the property by a license holder th a concealed handgun was forbidden.			
	An offense under Penal Code 30.06 is a Class C misdemeanor, except that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the property, the license holder was personally given the notice that entry or remaining on the property with a concealed handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to depart.				
Notice / Sign — Concealed Carry of Handgun	For purposes of Penal Code 30.06, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written communication.				
	"Written communication" means:				
	ca	card or other document on which is written language identi- I to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.06, Penal Code espass by license holder with a concealed handgun), a per-			

		son licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this property with a concealed handgun"; or	
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.	
Exception	the by a cen	an exception to Penal Code 30.06 that the property on which license holder carries a concealed handgun is owned or leased a district and is not a premises or other place on which the li- se holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal de 46.03.	
	Per	nal Code 30.06 [See also FNCG]	
Unauthorized Notice	the Coc who Coc prei cen prei	istrict may not take any action, including an action consisting of provision of notice, by a communication described by Penal de 30.06 or 30.07 that states or implies that a license holder o is carrying a handgun under the authority of Government de Chapter 411 is prohibited from entering or remaining on a mises or other place owned or leased by the district unless li- se holders are prohibited from carrying a handgun on the mises or other place by Penal Code 46.03 or other law. <i>Gov't</i> <i>de 411.209</i>	
Trespass — Open Carry of Handgun		older of a license to openly carry a handgun commits an of- se if the license holder:	
	1.	Openly carries a handgun on property of another without ef- fective consent; and	
	2.	Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder openly carrying a handgun was forbidden.	
Notice / Sign — Open Carry of Handgun	owr the	purposes of Penal Code 30.07, a person receives notice if the ner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for owner provides notice to the person by oral or written commu- ation.	
	"Written communication means":		
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.07, Penal Code (trespass by license holder with an openly carried handgun), a person licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Govern- ment Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this prop- erty with a handgun that is carried openly"; or	

	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public at each entrance to the property.		
	exce the oral	offense under Penal Code 30.07 is a Class C misdemeanor, ept that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering property, the license holder was personally given the notice by communication that entry or remaining on the property with an nly carried handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to art.		
Exception	the by a whic	an exception to Penal Code 30.07 that the property on which icense holder openly carries the handgun is owned or leased governmental entity and is not a premises or other place on the license holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun er Penal Code 46.03.		
	Pen	al Code 30.07		
Unmanned Aircraft Systems	Not	e: For provisions applicable to the use of drones for law en- forcement purposes, see CKEA		
Federal Law		The U.S. Government has exclusive sovereignty of airspace of the United States. <i>49 U.S.C. 40103</i>		
Small Unmanned Aircraft	"Small unmanned aircraft" means an unmanned aircraft weighing less than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on board or otherwise attached to the aircraft.			
Small Unmanned Aircraft System	"Small unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- manned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- cation links and the components that control the small unmanned aircraft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the small unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.			
	14 (	C.F.R. 1.1, 107.3		
Operation of Small UAS	UAS	registration, airman certification, and operation of civil small S within the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part does not apply to the following:		
	1.	Air carrier operations;		
	2.	Any aircraft subject to the provisions of 14 C.F.R. Part 101;		
	3.	Any operation that a remote pilot in command elects to con- duct pursuant to an exemption issued under 49 U.S.C. 44807, unless otherwise specified in the exemption; or		
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122 GKA(LEGAL)-P	)23	11 of 13		

	4.	Any operation that a person elects to conduct under 14 C.F.R. Part 91 with a small UAS that has been issued an airworthi- ness certificate.			
	14 (	14 C.F.R. 107.1			
Exception for Limited Recreational Operation	cert istra	A person may operate a small unmanned aircraft without specific certification or operating authority from the Federal Aviation Admin- istration (FAA) if the operation adheres to all of the following limita- tions:			
	1.	The aircraft is flown strictly for recreational purposes.			
	2.	The aircraft is operated in accordance with or within the pro- gramming of a community-based organization's set of safety guidelines that are developed in coordination with the FAA.			
	3.	The aircraft is flown within the visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft or a visual observer co-located and in di- rect communication with the operator.			
	4.	The aircraft is operated in a manner that does not interfere with and gives way to any manned aircraft.			
	5.	In Class B, Class C, or Class D airspace or within the lateral boundaries of the surface area of Class E airspace desig- nated for an airport, the operator obtains prior authorization from the administrator of the FAA or designee before operat- ing and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibi- tions.			
	6.	In Class G airspace, the aircraft is flown from the surface to not more than 400 feet above ground level and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibitions.			
	7.	The operator has passed an aeronautical knowledge and safety test and maintains proof of test passage to be made available to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.			
	8.	The aircraft is registered and marked in accordance with 49 U.S.C. Chapter 441 and proof of registration is made avail- able to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.			
	49 (	49 U.S.C. 44809(a)			
State Law Regulation Limited	enfo the	A political subdivision, including a school district, may not adopt or enforce any ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding the operation of an unmanned aircraft. An ordinance, order, or other similar measure that violates this provision is void and unen-			

forceable. Gov't Code 423.009(b), (d)

Exception	A political subdivision may adopt and enforce an ordinance, order or other similar measure regarding:				
	1.	1. The use of an unmanned aircraft during a special			
	2.	The	e political subdivision's use of an unmanned aircraft; or		
3		The use of an unmanned aircraft near a facility or infrastruc- ture owned by the political subdivision, if the political subdivi- sion:			
		a.	Applies for and receives authorization from the Federal Aviation Administration to adopt the regulation; and		
		b.	After providing reasonable notice, holds a public hearing on the political subdivision's intent to apply for the autho- rization.		
	"Special event" means a festival, celebration, or other gathering that involves the reservation and temporary use of all or a portion of a public park, road, or other property of a political subdivision; and entertainment, the sale of merchandise, food, or beverages, or mass participation in a sports event; and requires a significant use or coordination of a political subdivision's services.				
	Gov't Code 423.009(a)(2), (c)				
st		It is lawful to capture an image using an unmanned aircraft in this state for the reasons listed in Government Code 423.002, including:			
	1.		the consent of the individual who owns or lawfully occu- the real property captured in the image; or		
	2.	publ elect	n a height no more than eight feet above ground level in a ic place, if the image was captured without using any tronic, mechanical, or other means to amplify the image and normal human perception.		

Gov't Code 423.002(a)

Denton ISD 061901			
COMMUNITY RELATIC	ONS GKC (LEGAL)		
Identification	A district may require a person who enters property under the dis trict's control to display the person's driver's license or another form of identification containing the person's photograph issued b a governmental entity or, if applicable, the person's district em- ployee or student identification card.		
	The person must provide the identification on request.		
	A district may eject a person from district property if the person re- fuses or fails to provide on request identification and it reasonably appears that the person has no legitimate reason to be on district property.		
	Education Code 38.022(a), (a-1)		
	[For information on ejection for other conduct on school premises, see GKA.]		
Visitor Database	A district may establish an electronic database for the purpose of storing information concerning visitors to district campuses. Infor- mation stored in the electronic database may be used only for the purpose of school district security and may not be sold or other- wise disseminated to a third party for any purpose.		
Sex Offenders	A district may verify whether a visitor to a district campus is a sex offender registered with the computerized central database main- tained by the Department of Public Safety as provided by Code of Criminal Procedure 62.005 or any other database accessible by the district.		
	A board shall adopt a policy regarding the action to be taken by the administration of a school campus when a visitor is identified as a sex offender.		
	Education Code 38.022(b)-(d)		
Notice of Entry onto School Premises	"Premises" means a building or portion of a building and the grounds on which the building is located, including any public or private driveway, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, or parking garage on the grounds.		
	"School" means a private or public elementary or secondary school or a day-care center.		
	A registered sex offender who enters the premises of any school in Texas during the standard operating hours of the school shall im- mediately notify the administrative office of the school of the per- son's presence on the premises of the school and the person's reg- istration status. The office may provide a chaperon to accompany the person while the person is on the premises of the school.		

# COMMUNITY RELATIONS VISITORS

	These requirements do not apply to:				
	1. A student enrolled at the school;				
	2. A student from another school participating at an event at the school; or				
	3. A person who has entered into a written agreement with the school that exempts the person from these requirements.				
	Code of Crim. Proc. 62.065; Health and Safety Code 481.134				
Ordinances in General-Law Municipalities	"Child safety zone" means premises where children commonly gather. The term includes a school, day-care facility, playground, public or private youth center, public swimming pool, video arcade facility, or other facility that regularly holds events primarily for chil- dren.				
	"Playground," "premises," "school," "video arcade facility," and "youth center" have the meanings assigned by Health and Safety Code 481.134.				
	"Registered sex offender" means an individual who is required to register as a sex offender under Code of Criminal Procedure, Chapter 62.				
	To provide for the public safety, the governing body of a general- law municipality by ordinance may restrict a registered sex of- fender from going in, on, or within a specified distance of a child safety zone in the municipality.				
	It is an affirmative defense to prosecution of an offense under the ordinance that the registered sex offender was in, on, or within a specified distance of a child safety zone for a legitimate purpose, including transportation of a child that the registered sex offender is legally permitted to be with, transportation to and from work, and other work-related purposes.				
	The ordinance may establish a distance requirement at any dis- tance of not more than 1,000 feet.				
	The ordinance shall establish procedures for a registered sex of- fender to apply for an exemption from the ordinance.				
	The ordinance must exempt a registered sex offender who estab- lished residency in a residence located within the specified dis- tance of a child safety zone before the date the ordinance is adopted. The exemption must apply only to areas necessary for the registered sex offender to have access to and to live in the resi-				

Denton ISD 061901	
COMMUNITY RELATION	NS GKC (LEGAL)
	dence, and the period the registered sex offender maintains residency in the residence.
	Local Gov't Code 341.906
Military Recruiters' Access to Students	Each district receiving assistance under the ESEA shall provide military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to institutions of higher education or to prospective employers of those students. 20 U.S.C. $7908(a)(3)$
Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery Test	Each school year each school district shall provide students in grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) test and consult with a military recruiter. [See EK] <i>Education Code 29.9015</i>

# COMMUNITY RELATIONS SCHOOL VOLUNTEER PROGRAM

	A district shall develop a volunteer program. In developing the pro- gram, a district shall consider volunteers a resource that requires advance planning and preparation for effective use. If practicable, a district shall include volunteers in addition to paid staff in plan- ning the implementation of the program. <i>Gov't Code 2109.003</i>			
Program	A vo	olunteer program shall include:		
Requirements and Guidelines	1.	An effective training program for paid staff and prospective volunteers.		
	2.	The use of paid staff to plan and implement the volunteer pro- gram.		
	3.	An evaluation mechanism to assess the performance of vol- unteers, the cooperation of paid staff with the volunteers, and the overall volunteer program.		
	4.	Follow-up studies to ensure the effectiveness of the program.		
	Gov't Code 2109.004(a)			
	A volunteer program may:			
	1.	Establish a program to reimburse volunteers for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of volunteer services.		
	2.	Establish an insurance program to protect volunteers in the performance of volunteer services.		
	3.	Cooperate with private organizations that provide services similar to those provided by a district.		
	4.	Purchase engraved certificates, plaques, pins, and/or other awards of a similar nature that do not exceed \$75 per person in value to recognize special achievement and outstanding service of volunteers.		
	Gov't Code 2109.004(b)			
Criminal History Record	A district or shared services arrangement shall obtain from t Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS) and may obtain from other law enforcement or criminal justice agency or a private that is a consumer reporting agency governed by the Fair C Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. Section 1681 et seq.), all criminal record information (CHRI) that relates to a volunteer or pers has indicated, in writing, an intention to serve as a volunteer the district or shared services arrangement. <i>Education Code</i> 22.0835(a)			

# COMMUNITY RELATIONS SCHOOL VOLUNTEER PROGRAM

	The prospective volunteer must provide the district a driver's li- cense or another form of identification containing the person's pho- tograph issued by an entity of the United States government. <i>Edu- cation Code 22.0835(c)</i>				
	A person may not perform any volunteer duties until these require- ments have been satisfied. <i>Education Code 22.0835(d)</i>				
Exception	A district is not required to obtain all CHRI that relates to a person who volunteers or is applying to volunteer with a district or shared services arrangement if the person:				
	<ol> <li>Is the parent, guardian, or grandparent of a child who is en- rolled in the district for which the person volunteers or is ap- plying to volunteer;</li> </ol>				
	2. Will be accompanied by a district employee while on a school campus; or				
	3. Is volunteering for a single event on the school campus.				
	A district may obtain from DPS or any law enforcement or criminal justice agency all CHRI that relates to a person to whom this exception applies.				
	Education Code 22.0835(e)-(f)				
Costs	A district may require a volunteer or volunteer applicant to pay any costs related to obtaining CHRI. <i>Education Code 22.0835(g)</i>				
	[See DBAA(LEGAL) for definitions and provisions regarding confi- dentiality, records retention, and criminal history record checks of employees.]				
<b>Immunity</b> Generally	A volunteer who is serving as a direct service volunteer in a district is immune from civil liability to the same extent as a district em- ployee under Education Code 22.0511. However, this section of law does not limit the liability of a person for intentional misconduc or gross negligence.				
	A "volunteer" is a person rendering services for or on behalf of a district on district premises or at a school-sponsored or school-re- lated activity on or off school property who does not receive com- pensation in excess of reimbursement for expenses.				
	Education Code 22.053				
Extracurricular Activities	A person who volunteers to assist with an extracurricular activity is not liable for civil damages arising out of an act or omission relating to the requirements under Education Code 33.205 regarding safety precautions [see FM(LEGAL)] unless the act or omission is willfully or wantonly negligent. <i>Education Code 33.211</i>				
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20 UPDATE 122	23 2 of 3				

### COMMUNITY RELATIONS SCHOOL VOLUNTEER PROGRAM

Physical Examinations	Subject to Civil Practice and Remedies Code 91.003 (liability insur- ance requirements), a health-care practitioner who, without com- pensation or expectation of compensation, conducts a physical ex- amination or medical screening for the purpose of determining the physical health and fitness of the patient to participate in a school- sponsored extracurricular or sporting activity is immune from civil li- ability for any act or omission resulting in the death of or injury to the patient if:				
	1.	The health care practitioner was acting in good faith and the course and scope of the health-care practitioner's du			
	2.	The health-care practitioner commits the act or omission in the course of conducting the physical examination or medical screening of the patient;			
	3.		services provided to the patient are within the scope of license of the health-care practitioner; and		
	4.	amii	ore the health-care practitioner conducts the physical ex- nation or medical screening, the patient signs a written ement that acknowledges:		
		a.	That the health-care practitioner is conducting a physical examination or medical screening that is not administered for or in expectation of compensation; and		
		b.	The limitations on the recovery of damages from the health-care practitioner in connection with the physical examination or medical screening being performed.		
		If the patient is a minor or is otherwise legally incompetent, the patient's parent, managing conservator, legal guardian, or other person with legal responsibility for the care of the pa- tient must sign the written statement.			
	Civ. Pra		z. & Rem. Code 91.002		
Immunity for Shelter Workers	disc shel	harge Itering	volunteer is not civilly liable for an act performed in the e of duty if the person is performing an activity related to g or housing individuals in connection with the evacuation a stricken or threatened by disaster. <i>Gov't Code 418.006</i>		

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES JUVENILE SERVICE PROVIDERS

FERPA Provisions	A district may disclose personally identifiable information from an education record of a student without the consent required by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. 1232g) [see FL] if:				
	<ol> <li>The disclosure is to state and local officials or auth whom this information is specifically allowed to be disclosed, pursuant to state statute adopted after 19, 1974; and</li> </ol>		d or		
	2.	The state statute concerns the juvenile justice system and system's ability to effectively serve, prior to adjudication, the student whose records are released.			
	The officials and authorities to whom the records are disclosed must certify in writing to the district that the information will not be disclosed to any other party, except as provided under state law, without the prior written consent of the parent of the student.				
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(5) , 99.38				
Juvenile Service Provider	A superintendent or designee shall disclose information in a stu- dent's educational records to a juvenile service provider as re- quired by Family Code 58.0051.				
	A district is not required or authorized to release student-level infor- mation except in conformity with FERPA. [See FL]				
	Education Code 37.084				
Definitions	For purposes of the following provisions, "educational records" means records in the possession of a district that contain information relating to a student, including information relating to the student's identity, special needs, educational accommodations, assessment or diagnostic test results, attendance records, disciplinary records, medical records, and psychological diagnoses.				
	"Juvenile service provider" means a governmental entity that pro- vides juvenile justice or prevention, medical, educational, or other support services to a juvenile. The term includes:				
	1.	A state or local juvenile justice agency as defined by Fami Code 58.101;	ly		
	2.	Health and human services agencies, as defined by Gover ment Code 531.001 and the Health and Human Services Commission;	rn-		
	3.	The Department of Public Safety;			
	4.	The Texas Education Agency;			
DATE ISSUED: 11/21/20	23	1	of 4		

#### STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES JUVENILE SERVICE PROVIDERS

	5.	An independent school district;				
	6.	A juvenile justice alternative education program;				
	7.	A charter school:				
	8.	A local mental health authority or local intellectual and devel- opmental disability authority;				
	9.	A court with jurisdiction over juveniles;				
	10.	A district attorney's office;				
	11.	A county attorney's office; and				
	12.	A children's advocacy center established under Family Code 264.402.				
	"Student" means a person who is registered or in attendance at a primary or secondary educational institution and is younger than 18 years of age.					
	Family Code 58.0051(a)					
Disclosure of Educational Records	At the request of a juvenile service provider, a district shall disclose to the service provider confidential information in a student's edu- cational records if the student has been taken into custody under Family Code 52.01 [see GRA] or referred to a juvenile court for al- legedly engaging in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision. The district shall comply with the request re- gardless of whether other state law makes the information confi- dential.					
	If a district discloses confidential information to a juvenile service provider, the district may not destroy a record of the disclosed in- formation before the seventh anniversary of the date the informa- tion is disclosed.					
	Family Code 58.0051(b)-(d)					
Certification from Requestor	tion agre anot dent the j	juvenile service provider that receives the confidential informa- from the district shall certify in writing that the provider has eed not to disclose the information to a third party, other than ther juvenile service provider. The provider shall use the confi- ial information only to verify the identity of a student involved in uvenile justice system and to provide delinquency prevention eatment services to the student. <i>Family Code 58.0051(e)</i>				
Internal Protocol and Memorandum of Understanding	A district may establish an internal protocol for sharing information with other juvenile service providers as necessary to efficiently and promptly disclose and accept the information. The protocol may specify the types of information that may be shared under Family					
	22	2 of 4				

# STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES JUVENILE SERVICE PROVIDERS

	Code 58.0051 without violating federal law, including any federal funding requirements.							
	othe the c 58.0 proto	r juve listric 051 r ocol c	may enter into a memorandum of understanding with an- nile service provider to share information according to t's protocols. A district shall comply with Family Code egardless of whether the district establishes an internal or enters into a memorandum of understanding, unless be would violate federal law.					
	Family Code 58.0051(f)							
Confidentiality of Information	Family Code 58.0051 does not affect the confidential status of the information being shared. The information may be released to a third party only as directed by a court order or as otherwise authorized by law. Personally identifiable information disclosed to a juvenile service provider under this section is not subject to disclosure to a third party under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Family Code 58.0051(g)</i>							
Fee	secti for th	ion sh ne pro	service provider that requests information under this nall pay a fee to the district in the same amounts charged ovision of public information under Government Code 52 [see GBAA], unless:					
	1.	dum vide	provider and the district have entered into a memoran- of understanding that prohibits the payment of a fee, pro- s for the waiver of a fee; or provides an alternate method sessing a fee;					
	2.	The	district waives the payment of the fee; or					
	3.	Disc	losure of the information is required by other law.					
	Family Code 58.0051(g)							
Juvenile Justice Information System	Juvenile justice agencies in a county or region of Texas may jointly create and maintain a local juvenile justice information system in accordance with Family Code Chapter 58, Subchapter D. A local juvenile justice information system shall include each public school district in the county. <i>Family Code 58.303, .305</i>							
	Districts that are served by a local juvenile justice information sys- tem shall have Level 1 Access. Level 1 Access is information that relates to a child:							
	1.	Who	:					
		a.	A school official has reasonable grounds to believe has committed an offense for which a report is required un- der Education Code 37.015; or					

# STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES JUVENILE SERVICE PROVIDERS

- b. Has been expelled, the expulsion of which is required to be reported under Family Code 52.041; and
- 2. Who has not been charged with a fineable only offense, a status offense, or delinquent conduct.

#### Family Code 58.306

Information that is part of a local juvenile justice information system is not public information and may not be released, except as authorized by law. *Family Code 58.307* 

RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

General Authority	A district may contract with another local government or a federally recognized Indian tribe that is located in Texas. A party to an inter- local contract may contract with a state agency or similar agency of another state.				
	An interlocal contract may:				
	1.	Study the feasibility of the performance of a governmental function or service by interlocal contract; or			
	2.	Provide a governmental function or service that each party to the contract is authorized to perform individually.			
	An interlocal contract shall comply with the requirements at Gov- ernment Code Chapter 791. [See CH for interlocal purchasing con- tracts]				
	Gov	't Code 791.011			
Health-Care and Hospital Services	A district may contract with another local government authorized to provide health-care and hospital services to provide those services for the district's officers and employees and their dependents. <i>Gov't Code</i> 791.030				
	hosp ploy	ospital district may contract with a school district included in the bital district to provide nursing services and assistance to em- ees or students of the district. <i>Health and Safety Code</i> .0465			
Transportation System	tran: an ir	bard may establish and operate an economical public school sportation system outside the district if the district enters into Interlocal contract as provided by Government Code Chapter Education Code 34.007(a)			
School Crossing Guards	tract guai ing g	unicipality with a population greater than 1.3 million may con- t with one or more school districts to provide school crossing rds. Under such a contract, a district may provide school cross- guard services to areas of the municipality that are not part of district. <i>Local Gov't Code 343.011, .012</i>			
State Hospital for Accountability Purposes	hosp stud trict strue Cod Cod	emorandum of understanding between a district and a state bital under which the district provides educational services to a ent who resides in the state hospital must provide that the dis- include the performance of the student on an assessment in- ment or other achievement indicator adopted under Education e 39.053 or a reporting indicator adopted under Education e 39.301 in determining the performance of the district. <i>Educa- Code</i> 39.0552			

RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

#### **Intergovernmental Support Agreements** A district may enter into an intergovernmental support agreement with a branch of the armed forces of the United States under the National Defense Authorization Act (10 U.S.C. Section 2679) to provide installation-support services to a military installation located in this state. *Gov't Code 793.002*

"Installation-support services" means those services, supplies, resources, and support typically provided by a local government for its own needs and without regard to whether such services, supplies, resources, and support are provided to its residents generally, except that the term does not include security guard or firefighting functions. 10 U.S.C. 2679(f)(1)