ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Original:
Amended:

School Business Services Division 217/785-8779

CERTIFICATE OF TAX LEVY

A copy of this Certificate of Tax Levy shall be filed with the County Clerk of each county in which the school district is located on or before the last Tuesday of December.

On or before t	ine last Tuesua	ly of December.				•		
District Name	intrint			District Numb		County	Cook	
Oak Park D	ISTRICT				097		Cook	
Amount of Levy								
Educational		\$ 41,	971,791	Fire Preventi	on & Safety *	\$		
Operations & Maintenance \$ 3,282,723			Tort Immunit	y :	\$			
Transportation \$ 1,275,230			275,230	Special Educ	ation	\$	<u> </u>	
Working Cash \$				Leasing	;	\$		
Municipal Ret	tirement	\$ 1,	149,995	Other	:	\$		
Social Security		\$ <u>1,149,995</u>		Other	:	\$		
				Total Levy	;	\$ 48,829,	734	
						Conservation, Disal	bled Accessibility, School Security,	
Note: Any dist		side. adopt a levy must con a the Truth in Taxation		and Specified	Repair Purposes.			
We hereby	certify that	we require:						
	the sum of	41,971,791	dollars to be	levied as a special	tax for educational p	urposes: and		
	the sum of	3,282,723	_	•	tax for operations an	•	purposes; and	
the sum of 1,275,230 dollars to be levied as a special tax for transportation purposes; and								
the sum of 0 dollars to be levied as a special tax for a working cash fund; and								
the sum of 1,149,995 dollars to be levied as a special tax for municipal retirement purposes; and							es; and	
	the sum of 1,149,995 dollars to be levied as a special tax for social security purposes; and							
the sum of dollars to be levied as a special tax for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation,								
	disabled accessibility, school security and specified repair purposes; and							
	the sum of	0	_dollars to be	levied as a special	tax for tort immunity	purposes; and		
	the sum of	0	dollars to be	levied as a special	I tax for special educa	ition purposes;	and	
	the sum of	0	dollars to be	levied as a special	I tax for leasing of edu	ucational facilitie	es	
			•	••	, and temporary reloc	ation expense p	•	
	the sum of	0	_	levied as a special			; and	
	the sum of	0		levied as a special	tax for			
	on the taxab	le property of ou	r school distric	t for the year	·			
Signed this	13th	day ofDecembe	≥r 20)11 .				
(President)								
						•		
				(Clerk	or Secretary of the Scho	ol Board of Said	School District)	
When any school	al is authorized to	issue bands the sch	ool board shall file	a cortified copy of the re	esolution in the office of the	county clark of and	h county in which the district is	
							s set forth in the certified copy	
			ssue. Therefore to	avoid a possible duplic	ation of tax levies, the scho	ol board should not	include a levy for bonds and	
interest in the dis	strict's annual tax	levy.						
Number of b	ond issues o	f said school d	istrict that hav	e not been paid i	n full	3 .		
			(Detach and R	eturn to School Distr	ict)			
This is to a	partify that the	Cartificate of Ta	v Levy for Sch	ool Dietrict No			County,	
, <u> </u>							County,	
Illinois, on the equalized assesed value of all taxable property of said school district for the year,								
was filed in the office of the County Clerk of this County on, In addition to an extension of taxes authorized by levies made by the Board of Education (Directors), an additional extension(s)								
In addition	to an extension	on of taxes author	rized by levies	made by the Boa	rd of Education (Direc	tors), an additio	onal extension(s)	
will be made	, as authorized	d by resolution(s)	on file in this	office, to provide fu	ınds to retire bonds a	nd pay interest	thereon.	
The total levy, as provided in the original resolution(s), for said purposes for the year , is \$								
				_	/0:	t f.O	143	
(Signature of County Clerk)							erk)	
		(Date)	_	-		(County)		
	,	,				. 97		

EXPLANATION

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for educational purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for operations and maintenance purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for transportation purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax known as a Working Cash Fund Tax upon all the taxable property of the district, annually (Section 20-3 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for municipal retirement purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other school taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/7-171).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for social security (includes Medicare only) purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/21-110, 21-110.1).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax upon all the taxable property of the district at the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the purposes of professional surveys, alterations, and reconstruction for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes upon meeting certain statutory conditions (Section 17-2.11 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax upon all the taxable property within the district for tort immunity purposes in a sum sufficient to pay the costs of purchasing such insurance or sufficient to pay any tort judgment, settlement, or insurance imposed upon it under the Local Government and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act including liabilities under the Workers' Compensation Act, Occupational Diseases Act, or the Unemployment Insurance Act 745 ILCS 10/9-107 and Section 17-2.5 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy, with voter approval, a tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue within the district for capital improvement purposes (which levy is in addition to that for building purposes) and such funds are to be levied, accumulated, and spent only in accordance with Section 17-2.3 of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, by proper resolution, may levy an annual tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for special education purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b and Section 17-2.2a of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, with voter approval, may levy a tax annually, for summer school purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2.1 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, levy an annual tax upon the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for a period of not more than five years for area vocational education building purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b of the School Code, upon the condition that there are not sufficient funds available in the operations and maintenance fund of the district to pay the cost thereof. Such tax shall not be levied without the prior approval of the State Superintendent of Education and prior approval by a majority of the electors voting upon the proposition at a general or special election (Section 17-2.4 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy an annual tax not to exceed 0.05% upon the taxable property, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, for the purposes of leasing educational facilities or computer technology or both, and for temporary relocation expense (Section 17-2.2c of the School Code).

The school board of any school district, upon determining that a surplus of funds is available, shall adopt a resolution or ordinance reducing the tax levy of such district for the year for which the resolution or ordinance is adopted. The district shall certify the action to the county clerk who shall abate the levy in accordance with the provision of the ordinance (35 ILCS 200/18-20).

The Truth in Taxation Law affects all units of local government, school districts, and community colleges, including home rule units, who are authorized to levy property taxes. For the requirements of the law, refer to 35 ILCS 200/18-55 et seq.