

Expulsion**

A principal, after reviewing available information, may recommend to the superintendent that a student be expelled. Expulsion of a student shall not extend beyond one calendar year.

No student may be expelled without a hearing unless the student's parents, or the student if 18 years of age, waive the right to a hearing, either in writing or by failure to appear at a scheduled hearing. By waiving the right to a hearing, the student and parent agree to abide by the findings of a hearings officer.

When an expulsion hearing is not waived, the following procedure is required:

1. Notice will be given to the student and the parent by personal service¹ or by certified mail² at least five days prior to the scheduled hearing. Notice shall include:
 - a. The specific charge or charges;
 - b. The conduct constituting the alleged violation, including the nature of the evidence of the violation and reason for expulsion;
 - c. A recommendation for expulsion;
 - d. The student's right to a hearing;
 - e. When and where the hearing will take place; and
 - f. The right to representation.
2. The Board may expel, or may delegate the authority to decide on an expulsion to the superintendent or superintendent's designee, who may also act as the hearings officer. The district may contract with an individual who is not employed by the district to serve as the hearings officer. The hearings officer designated by the Board will conduct the hearing and will not be associated with the initial actions of the building administrators;
3. Expulsion hearings will be conducted in private and will not be open to the general public unless the student or the students' parents request an open session;
4. In case the parent or student has difficulty understanding the English language or has other serious communication disabilities, the district will provide a translator;
5. The student shall be permitted to have representation present at the hearing to advise and to present arguments. The representation may be an attorney and/or parent. The district's attorney may be present;
6. The student shall be afforded the right to present his/her version of the events underlying the expulsion recommendation and to introduce evidence by testimony, writings or other exhibits;

¹The person serving the notice shall file a return of service. (OAR 581-021-0070)

²When "certified mail is given to a parent of a suspended student, the notice shall be placed in the mail at least five days before the date of the hearing." (OAR 581-021-0070)

7. The student shall be permitted to be present and to hear the evidence presented by the district;
8. The hearings officer or the student may record the hearing;
9. Strict rules of evidence shall not apply to the proceedings. However, this shall not limit the hearings officer's control of the hearing;
10. If the Board is conducting the expulsion hearing, the Board may designate the Board chair or a third party as the hearings officer. The hearings officer will determine the facts of each case on the evidence presented at the hearing. Evidence may include the relevant past history and student education records. The hearings officer will provide to the Board, findings as to the facts, the recommended decision and whether or not the student has committed the alleged conduct. This will include the hearings officer's recommended decision on disciplinary action, if any, including the duration of any expulsion. This material will be available in identical form to the Board, the student if age 18 or over and the students' parents at the same time. Following the review by the Board of the hearings officer's recommendation, the Board will make the final decision regarding the expulsion;
11. If the Board has delegated authority to the superintendent or designee to act as the hearings officer, the superintendent may designate him or herself, or a third party, as the hearings officer. The hearings officer's decision is final. However, a decision of the hearings officer may be appealed by the parent or the student if age 18 or over to the Board for review. If the decision of the hearings officer is appealed to the Board for review, the findings as to the facts and the hearings officer's decision will be submitted to the Board, and will be available in identical form to the Board, the student and the students' parents at the same time. At its next regular or special meeting the Board will review the hearings officer's decision and will affirm, modify or reverse the decision;
12. A Board review of the hearings officer's decision will be conducted in executive session unless the student or the student's parent requests a public hearing. If an executive session is held by the Board or a private hearing held by the hearings officer, the following will not be made public:
 - a. The name of the minor student;
 - b. The issues involved, including a student's confidential medical record and that student's educational program;
 - c. The discussion;
 - d. The vote of Board members, which may be taken in executive session when considering an expulsion.

Prior to expulsion, the district must propose alternative programs of instruction or instruction combined with counseling to a student subject to expulsion for reasons other than a weapons policy violation. The district must document to the parent of the student that proposals of alternative education programs have been made.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660](#)

[ORS 332.061](#)
[ORS 336.615 to -336.665](#)
[ORS 339.115](#)
[ORS 339.240](#)
[ORS 339.250](#)
[OAR 581-021-0050 to -0075](#)

Oregon School Boards Association Selected Sample Policy

Code: JGE
Adopted:

Expulsion**

A principal, after reviewing available information, may recommend to the superintendent that a student be expelled. Expulsion of a student shall not extend beyond one calendar year.

No student may be expelled without a hearing unless the student's parents, or the student if 18 years of age, waive the right to a hearing, either in writing or by failure to appear at a scheduled hearing. By waiving the right to a hearing, the student and parent agree to abide by the findings of a hearings officer.

When an expulsion hearing is not waived, the following procedure is required:

1. Notice will be given to the student and the parent by personal service¹ or by certified mail² at least [five] days prior to the scheduled hearing. Notice ~~will~~**shall** include:
 - a. The specific charge or charges;
 - b. The conduct constituting the alleged violation, including the nature of the evidence of the violation **and reason for expulsion**;
 - c. A recommendation for expulsion;
 - d. The student's right to a hearing;
 - e. When and where the hearing will take place; and
 - f. The right to representation.
2. The **Board may expel, or may delegate the authority to decide on an expulsion to the superintendent or superintendent's designee, will who may also act as the** hearings officer. The district may contract with an individual who is not employed by the district to serve as the hearings officer. The hearings officer **designated by the Board** will conduct the hearing and will not be associated with the initial actions of the building administrators;
3. **Expulsion hearings will be conducted in private and will not be open to the general public unless the student or the students' parents request an open session;**
4. ~~3-~~In case the parent or student has difficulty understanding the English language or has other serious communication disabilities, the district will provide a translator;
5. ~~4-~~The student ~~will~~**shall** be permitted to have a representative~~ion~~ present at the hearing to advise and to present arguments. The representative~~ion~~ may be an attorney **and/or** parent. The district's attorney may be present;

¹The person serving the notice shall file a return of service. (OAR 581-021-0070)

²When "certified mail is given to a parent of a suspended student, the notice shall be placed in the mail at least five days before the date of the hearing." (OAR 581-021-0070)

6. 5. The student will shall be afforded the right to present his/her version of the charges events underlying the expulsion recommendation and to introduce evidence by testimony, writings or other exhibits;
7. 6. The student will shall be permitted to be present and to hear the evidence presented by the district;
8. The hearings officer or the student may record the hearing;
9. Strict rules of evidence shall not apply to the proceedings. However, this shall not limit the hearings officer's control of the hearing;
10. 7. If the Board is conducting the expulsion hearing, the Board may designate the Board chair or a third party as the hearings officer. The hearings officer will determine the facts of each case on the evidence presented at the hearing. Evidence may include the relevant past history and student education records. The hearings officer will provide to the Board, Findings of as to the facts, as to the recommended decision and whether or not the student has committed the alleged conduct will be submitted to the Board, along with the. This will include the hearings officer's recommended decision on disciplinary action, if any, including the duration of any expulsion. This decision material will be available in identical form to the Board, the student if age 18 or over and the students' parents at the same time. Following the review by the Board of the hearings officer's recommendation, the Board will make the final decision regarding the expulsion;
8. The hearings officer or the student may make a record of the hearing;
11. 9. If the Board has delegated authority to the superintendent [or designee] to act as the hearings officer, the superintendent may designate him or herself, or a third party, as the hearings officer. The hearings officer's decision is final; However, this a decision of the hearings officer may be appealed by the parent or the student if age 18 or over to the Board for review. If the decision of the hearings officer is appealed to the Board for review, the findings as to the facts and the hearings officer's decision will be submitted to the Board, and will be available in identical form to the Board, the student and the students' parents at the same time. At its next regular or special meeting the Board will review the hearings officer's decision and will affirm, modify or reverse the decision. Parents of students who wish to appeal the hearings officer's decision will have the opportunity to be heard at the time the Board reviews the decision;
12. 10. Expulsion hearings will be conducted in private and A Board review of the hearings officer's decision will be conducted in executive session unless the student or the student's parent requests a public hearing. If an executive session is held by the Board or a private hearing held by the hearings officer, the following will not be made public:
 - a. The name of the minor student;
 - b. The issues involved, including a student's confidential medical record and that student's educational program;
 - c. The discussion;
 - d. The vote of Board members, which may be taken in executive session when considering an expulsion.

Prior to expulsion, the district must propose alternative programs of instruction or instruction combined with counseling to a student subject to expulsion for reasons other than a weapons policy violation. The district must document to the parent of the student that proposals of alternative education programs have been made.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 192.660](#)
[ORS 332.061](#)
[ORS 336.615 to -336.665](#)

[ORS 339.115](#)
[ORS 339.240](#)
[ORS 339.250](#)

[OAR 581-021-0050 to -0075](#)
~~[OAR 581-021-0070](#)~~
~~[OAR 581-021-0071](#)~~

Pendleton School District 16R

Code: JGE
Adopted: 10/10/95
Readopted: 7/12/10; 12/12/11
Orig. Code(s): JGE

Expulsion**

A principal, after reviewing available information, may recommend to the superintendent that a student be expelled. Expulsion of a student shall not extend beyond one calendar year.

No student may be expelled without a hearing unless the student's parents, or the student, if 18 years of age, waive the right to a hearing, either in writing or by failure to appear at a scheduled hearing. By waiving the right to a hearing, the student and parent or guardian agree to abide by the findings of a hearings officer.

When an expulsion hearing is not waived, the following procedure is required:

Notice will be given to the student and the parent by personal service or by certified mail at least (five) days prior to the scheduled hearing. Notice will include: (1) the specific charge or charges; (2) the conduct constituting the alleged violation, including the nature of the evidence of the violation; (3) a recommendation for expulsion; (4) the student's right to a hearing; (5) when and where the hearing will take place; and (6) the right to representation.

The superintendent or designee will act as hearings officer. The district may contract with an individual who is not employed by the district to serve as the hearings officer. The hearings officer will conduct the hearing and will not be associated with the initial actions of the building administrators.

In case the parent or student have difficulty understanding the English language or have other serious communication disabilities, the district will provide a translator.

The student will be permitted to have a representative present at the hearing to advise and to present arguments. The representative may be an attorney or parent. The district's attorney may be present.

The student will be afforded the right to present his/her version of the charges and to introduce evidence by testimony, writings or other exhibits.

The student will be permitted to be present and to hear the evidence presented by the district.

The hearings officer will determine the facts of each case on the evidence presented at the hearing. Evidence may include the relevant past history and student education records. Findings of fact as to whether the student has committed the alleged conduct will be submitted to the Board, along with the officer's decision on disciplinary action, if any, including the duration of any expulsion. This decision will be available in identical form to the Board, the student and the student's parents or guardians at the same time.

The hearings officer or the student may make a record of the hearing.

The hearings officer's decision is final. However, this decision may be appealed to the Board. At its next regular or special meeting the Board will review the hearings officer's decision and will affirm, modify or reverse the decision. Parents of students who wish to appeal the hearings officer's decision will have the opportunity to be heard at the time the Board reviews the decision.

Expulsion hearings will be conducted in private and Board review of the hearings officer's decision will be conducted in executive session unless the student or the student's parent requests a public hearing. If an executive session is held by the Board or a private hearing by the hearings officer, the following will not be made public:

1. The name of the minor student;
2. The issue involved;
3. The discussion;
4. The vote of Board members, which may be taken in executive session.

Prior to expulsion, the district must propose alternative programs of instruction or instruction combined with counseling to a student expelled for reasons other than a weapons policy violation. Alternative education is at district discretion if there is a weapons policy violation. The district must document to the parent or guardian of the student that proposals of alternative programs have been made.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 192.660
ORS 332.061
ORS 336.615 - 336.665
ORS 339.115
ORS 339.240
ORS 339.250
ORS 339.260

OAR 581-021-0050
OAR 581-021-0070
OAR 581-021-0071

Cross Reference(s):

JG - Student Discipline