Update 121



(LOCAL) Policy Comparisons

These documents are generated by an automated process that compares the updated policy to the current policy as found in TASB records.

In this packet, you will find:

- Policies being recommended for revision (annotated)
- New policies (not annotated)
- Policies recommended for deletion (annotated in PDF; not shown in Word)

Annotations are shown as follows:

- Deletions are in a red strike-through font: deleted text.
- Additions are in a blue, bold font: new text.
- Blocks of text that were moved without changes are shown in green, with double underline and double strike-through formatting to distinguish the text's new placement from its original location: moved text becomes moved text.
- Revision bars appear in the right margin to show sections with changes.

Note: While the annotation software competently identifies simple changes, large or complicated changes—as in an extensive rewrite—may be more difficult to follow. In addition, TASB's recent changes to the policy templates to facilitate accessibility sometimes make formatting changes appear tracked, even though the text remains the same.

For further assistance in understanding policy changes, please refer to the explanatory notes in your Localized Policy Manual update packet or contact your policy consultant.

Contact:	School Districts and Education Service Centers	Community Colleges
	policy.service@tasb.org	colleges@tasb.org
	800.580.7529	800.580.1488

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
AC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
С	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
СВВ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFB	(REGULATION)	Review regulation	Revise as necessary
СН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LOCAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
CKEA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CMD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
со	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CRF	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CSA	(LEGAL)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
CVA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CVB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
E	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
EF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
EHBAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBCA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EHBH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBJ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
ÉI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FD	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFI	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
G	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
GB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

AC(LEGAL) GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES

This legal policy has been revised to include additional Education Code provisions related to ways in which a district's geographic boundaries may change, such as by detachment, annexation, consolidation, and abolition.

AF(LEGAL) INNOVATION DISTRICTS

Amended Administrative Code rules, effective October 25, 2022, revised the list of Education Code sections and administrative rules from which a district of innovation may not be exempted. Changes include a requirement to provide TEA a link to the local innovation plan posted on the district's website. Previously, the rule required the district to provide TEA with a copy of the local innovation plan.

AIE(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: INVESTIGATIONS

Changes reflect revised Administrative Code provisions regarding compliance investigations by TEA, effective October 26, 2022. Other changes are to better reflect legal sources.

BBBA(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

Provisions regarding confidentiality of the email address and personal phone number of an election judge or clerk have been moved from GBA(LEGAL) to this code addressing elections.

BQ(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

An existing requirement to include the district's bullying prevention policy and procedures in the district improvement plan has been added to this policy.

C(LEGAL) BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

The C section table of contents has been revised to add the new code CKED, Security Personnel: Other Security Arrangements. We have also added for future expansion new codes addressing facility standards at CSA (Safety and Security) and CSB (Gas and Pipelines).

CBB(LEGAL) STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES: FEDERAL

Revisions are to better reflect legal sources.

CCA(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: BOND ISSUES

Citations have been updated to reflect the repeal and replacement of an Administrative Code provision regarding the bond guarantee program, effective March 1, 2023. References to Administrative Code provisions regarding the instructional facilities allotment and existing debt allotment have been clarified.

CCGA(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

This policy has been revised to reflect the increased homestead exemption of \$40,000 approved by voters on May 7, 2022.

CCGB(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

We have added a note regarding the expiration of the Texas Economic Development Act on December 31, 2022, and the continued application of the law to limitations on appraised value in existence at that time.

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

CFB(LOCAL) ACCOUNTING: INVENTORIES

Revisions regarding the capitalization threshold are based on amended guidance from GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1, Question 5.1, regarding the capitalization of assets with individual acquisition costs below the threshold if the assets in the aggregate are significant. The amended guidance applies to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

CFB(REGULATION) ACCOUNTING: INVENTORIES

Our records indicate that you have a regulation at this code that you may need to review and revise in light of the changes in this update. Please advise us:

- If this regulation is obsolete and should be deleted from your localized policy manual; or
- If you have revisions that you wish to submit for editorial and legal review and incorporation into your localized policy manual.

CH(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

We have replaced the citation to a repealed Administrative Code rule regarding purchases of automated information systems with a citation to a new rule effective December 19, 2022.

CKE(LOCAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

To better align the district's legal and local policies, provisions addressing commissioned peace officers have been relocated to CKEA(LOCAL).

CKEA(LOCAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

Provisions addressing commissioned peace officers have been relocated to this code from CKE(LOCAL). Please review the provisions for accuracy. If revisions are needed regarding other security personnel or if the district's police department has a body-worn camera program or considers one in the future, please contact your policy consultant.

CL(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT

We have replaced the citation to repealed Administrative Code provisions regarding public pool sanitation and safety with a citation to new provisions effective January 1, 2023.

CLA(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: SECURITY

New Administrative Code rules, effective February 2, 2023, have been added to address required warning signs regarding human trafficking.

CLB(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: MAINTENANCE

Changes reflect revisions to Administrative Code rules regarding integrated pest management, effective January 16, 2023.

CLB(LOCAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: MAINTENANCE

Administrative Code rules regarding integrated pest management (IPM) were amended to include districtowned residential property among the district facilities subject to the IPM requirements. Although the changes to the rules add "residential property" to the buildings and grounds subject to IPM requirements, it is our understanding from the Texas Department of Agriculture that this inclusion is intended to apply only to district-owned residential property that is primarily used as student housing. As requested by TDA,

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Brownsville ISD

revisions include such residential property among the district facilities subject to the district's IPM program.

CMD(LEGAL) EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING

An Administrative Code provision, effective June 7, 2022, has been added regarding purchasing technological equipment with the instructional materials and technology allotment.

CNC(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

Provisions have been added regarding the use of school bus warning signals.

CO(LEGAL) FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

New Administrative Code provisions were adopted regarding appeals related to federal food and nutrition programs administered by the Texas Department of Agriculture. A reference to these provisions, effective November 27, 2022, has been added.

CQ(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

A reference to Administrative Code provisions regarding management of electronic transactions and signed records has been clarified.

CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

The link to the Texas Department of State Health Services Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies has been updated.

CRF(LOCAL) INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT: UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

There are no significant revisions to the text on reasonable assurance; however, the policy template has been updated to accommodate the new adoption date function in Policy Online[®]. This policy is being issued at no charge to the district.

CSA(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS: SAFETY AND SECURITY

The Commissioner of Education proposed new School Safety Requirements in the Commissioner's Rules Concerning School Facilities in November 2022. The public comment period closed December 12, 2022, but the rules are not yet finalized. The proposed rules require local policy provisions. Policy Service will include legal provisions in this new policy code and provide local policy provisions for consideration following publication of the final rules.

CVA(LOCAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION: COMPETITIVE BIDDING

Policy BJA(LOCAL) authorizes the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees of the district as permitted by law; thus, it is not necessary to include a reference to the superintendent's designee at Specifications. In addition, the policy template has been updated to accommodate the new adoption date function in Policy Online[®]. This policy is being issued at no charge to the district.

CVB(LOCAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION: COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS

As noted above, policy BJA(LOCAL) authorizes the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees of the district as permitted by law; thus, it is not necessary to include a reference to the super-

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intendent's designee at Specifications. In addition, the policy template has been updated to accommodate the new adoption date function in Policy Online[®]. This policy is being issued at no charge to the district.

DBAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: PRE-EMPLOYMENT REVIEWS

Changes have been made to better reflect legal sources and to delete obsolete provisions.

DEA(LOCAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: COMPENSATION PLAN

To eliminate the possibility of confusion about the frequency of pay, we recommend replacing *bimonthly* with the more specific and widely used *semi-monthly*. Other revisions are recommended for policy style and to clarify the circumstances under which certain employees will receive premium pay during an emergency closing for a disaster.

If the district no longer wants to provide premium pay for nonexempt employees who are required to work during an emergency closing for a disaster, please contact your policy consultant for appropriate revisions to this policy.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 121</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

DEAB(LEGAL) COMPENSATION PLAN: WAGE AND HOUR LAWS

Changes have been made to better reflect legal sources.

E(LEGAL) INSTRUCTION

The E section table of contents has been updated to add the new code EHBCA, which includes provisions addressing accelerated instruction previously located at EHBC. The subtitle for policy EHBC has been changed to Compensatory Services and Intensive Programs.

EF(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

Legal definitions of "harmful materials" and "obscene" have been added for ease of access.

EHAD(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

A reference to Administrative Code provisions has been added regarding driver education safety program requirements.

EHBAB(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

Changes reflect revised Administrative Code provisions regarding students who are homeless or in substitute care, effective January 1, 2023.

EHBAF(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: VIDEO/AUDIO MONITORING

Revisions reflect amended Administrative Code provisions, effective January 22, 2023, pertaining to filing certain documents electronically.

EHBC(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS

Update 121 includes a reorganization of the information regarding compensatory, intensive, and accelerated instructional services. Provisions addressing accelerated instruction have been moved to the new

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code EHBCA. The remaining provisions at this code, now subtitled Compensatory Services and Intensive Programs, have been reordered and adjusted for clarity.

EHBCA(LEGAL) COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS: ACCELERATED INSTRUCTION

This new policy addressing accelerated instruction comprises provisions moved from EHBC(LEGAL). For clarity, we have reordered and adjusted the material.

EHBH(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: OTHER SPECIAL POPULATIONS

An amended Administrative Code provision, effective January 18, 2023, has been added pertaining to regional day school programs for the deaf.

EHBI(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: ADULT AND COMMUNITY EDUCATION

Changes reflect revisions to Administrative Code provisions, effective November 24, 2022, regarding essential program components of adult education programs.

EHBJ(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: INNOVATIVE AND MAGNET PROGRAMS

Changes include a new Administrative Code provision, effective February 26, 2023, regarding requests for approval of an innovative course by the State Board of Education.

EI(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

This legal policy has been revised to replace a repealed Administrative Code rule with a new rule, effective January 1, 2023, related to awarding credit to students who are homeless or in substitute care for coursework completed prior to the student enrolling in or transferring to the district. Other changes are to better reflect legal sources.

EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

Duplicative text regarding students who fail to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument has been deleted and replaced with a note pointing to EHBC and EHBCA.

FD(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS

The policy has been updated to delete an Administrative Code rule repealed by the State Board of Education, effective March 9, 2023.

FD(LOCAL) ADMISSIONS

Recommended revisions to this policy at Transition Assistance reflect the repeal and replacement of an Administrative Code provision regarding awarding credit to a student who is homeless or in substitute care. Under the new rule, a district must adopt a policy to ensure credit has been awarded appropriately prior to enrollment. Other changes provide greater flexibility for the district with regard to requiring proof of residency by removing specific requirements and referring to administrative regulations.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 121</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

FDA(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

This policy has been reorganized for clarity. Other changes are to better match statutory wording. Notes have been added to more clearly indicate the application of certain provisions.

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FDC(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: HOMELESS STUDENTS

A note has been added to clarify that information regarding support services for students experiencing homelessness, including provisions regarding district liaisons and transition services, is located at FFC.

FEA(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

This legal policy has been updated to remove provisions of Administrative Code rules repealed by the State Board of Education, effective March 9, 2023. A note has been added referring to the *Student Atten- dance Accounting Handbook* for additional guidance.

FEB(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

This legal policy has been updated to remove provisions of Administrative Code rules repealed by the State Board of Education, effective March 9, 2023. We have also added a note referring to the *Student Attendance Accounting Handbook* for additional guidance, as well as existing statutory provisions for completeness and clarification.

FFAF(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: CARE PLANS

Links to the Texas Department of State Health Services' guidance for the care of students with diabetes and of students with food allergies have been updated.

FFC(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES

Revisions throughout this policy reflect amended Administrative Code provisions, effective January 1, 2023, regarding transition assistance for students experiencing homelessness or in substitute care.

FFI(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

A note has been added with a link to the Minimum Standards for Bullying Prevention finalized by TEA on January 31, 2023.

FFI(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

The <u>Minimum Standards for Bullying Prevention</u>, completed by TEA on January 31, 2023, include a requirement for policy provisions on reporting bullying incidents. Existing policy language addresses reporting by students and staff. The enclosed revisions are recommended to address the new minimum standards.

FL(LEGAL) STUDENT RECORDS

Provisions at Access, Disclosure, and Amendment, beginning on page 4, have been revised and reorganized for clarity and to better reflect legal sources. The definition of eligible student has been added. Additional reporting requirements under the National School Lunch Act or the Child Nutrition Act have also been added. A note has been added at the beginning of the policy to clarify that information regarding juvenile law enforcement records is located in GBA.

G(LEGAL) COMMUNITY AND GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

The G section table of contents has been revised to reflect the correct subtitle for GBA, Access to Public Information.

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

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GB(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

Update 121 includes a reorganization of the public information policies in the GB series. As part of the reorganization, we have deleted provisions that are duplicated at other policy codes and adjusted provisions for clarity and to better match statutory wording.

GBA(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM: ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

As part of the reorganization of the public information policies, we have made the following changes:

- Deleted provisions that are duplicated at other policy codes and added cross-references, if necessary, to improve usability.
- Moved provisions regarding confidentiality based on statutes outside the Public Information Act (Government Code Chapter 552) to the policy code addressing the specific topic.
- Reordered and adjusted provisions for clarity and to better match statutory wording.

GBAA(LEGAL) ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

As part of the reorganization of the GB series, we have made the following changes:

- Deleted provisions that are duplicated at other policy codes and added cross-references, if necessary.
- Reordered and adjusted provisions for clarity and to better match statutory wording.

GRA(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES: STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES

This policy has been revised to include an Education Code provision prohibiting citation of a student alleged to have committed a school offense. Family Code definitions have also been added to support existing content regarding students taken into custody.

Update 121 Local Policies Comparison

ACCOUNTING INVENTORIES

Capitalization Threshold The capitalization threshold for purposes of classifying individual capital assets shall be \$5,000\$5,000.

The Superintendent shall determine the capitalization threshold for a group of assets, the individual cost of which does not exceed the capitalization threshold above but for which the cost in the aggregate is significant.

ADOPTED Adopted

CFB

(LOCAL)

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

CKE (LOCAL)

District Police Department	To ensure sufficient security and protection of students, staff, and property, the Board authorizes the formation of a District police de- partment and shall employ and commission police officers.
Supervisory Authority	The chief of police shall be accountable to and shall report to the Superintendent. In accordance with law, the Superintendent shall not delegate this supervisory responsibility.
Jurisdiction	The jurisdiction of police officers shall include all territory within District boundaries, as well as all real and personal property out- side the boundaries of the District that is owned, leased, or rented by the District, or is otherwise under the District's control.
Police Authority	Police officers employed by the District shall have all the powers, privileges, and immunities of police officers on or off duty within the jurisdiction of the District. Subject to limitations in law, District po- lice officers shall have the authority to:
	 Protect the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the District and protect the property of the District.
	 Enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county ordinances, and state laws, and investigate violations of law as needed. In doing so, District police officers may serve search warrants in connection with District-related investigations in compliance with the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.
	 Arrest suspects consistent with state and federal statutory and constitutional standards governing arrests, including ar- rests without warrant, for offenses that occur in the officer's presence or under the other rules set out in the Texas Code o Criminal Procedure.
	 Coordinate and cooperate with commissioned officers of all other law enforcement agencies in the enforcement of this policy as necessary.
	 Enforce District policies, rules, and regulations on District property, in school zones, at bus stops, or at District functions
	 Investigate violations of District policy, rules, and regulations as requested by the Superintendent and participate in hear- ings concerning alleged violations.
	 Carry weapons as directed by the chief of police and ap- proved by the Superintendent.
	8. Carry out all other duties as directed by the chief of police or Superintendent.
	District police officers shall not be assigned routine classroom dis- cipline or administrative tasks.

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

CKE
(LOCAL)
1

Tomporary Assignmont	District police officers shall enforce all laws, including municipal or- dinances, county ordinances, and state laws within another law en- forcement agency's jurisdiction while temporarily assigned to the other agency.
Limitations on Nonschool Employment	No officer commissioned under this policy shall provide law en- forcement or security services for an outside employer without prior written approval from the chief of police and Superintendent.
Relationship with Outside Agencies	The District's police department and the law enforcement agencies with which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a memo- randum of understanding that outlines reasonable communication and coordination efforts among the department and the agencies. The chief of police and the Superintendent shall review the memo- randum of understanding at least once every year. The memoran- dum of understanding shall be approved by the Board.
Video Monitoring	If available, video equipment shall be used on a District police car for safety purposes whenever the flashing lights on the car are in use.
Access to Recordings	Recordings shall be considered law enforcement records, shall re- main in the custody of the chief of police, and shall be maintained as required by the department regulations manual and law. A par- ent or student who wishes to view a video recording in response to disciplinary action taken against the student may request such ac- cess under the procedures set out by law. [See FL(LEGAL)]
Training	All District officers shall receive at least the minimum amount of ed- ucation and training required by law.
Department Regulations Manual	To carry out the provisions in this policy, the police department shall compile and maintain a manual that describes and sets forth operational procedures, rules, and regulations pertaining to the ad- ministration of police services. The chief of police and the Superin- tendent shall review the manual annually and make any appropri- ate revisions.
Racial Profiling	The chief of police shall develop and implement regulations to en- sure compliance with state law regarding racial profiling. Police of- ficers employed by the District shall not initiate any law enforce- ment action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin.
Use of Force	The use of force, including deadly force, shall be authorized only when reasonable and necessary, as outlined in the department regulations-manual.
High-Spood Pursuit	Officers shall not engage in high-speed chases in a motor vehicle when the immediate danger to the public or the officer created by

DATE ISSUED: 11/22/2019 UPDATE 114 CKE(LOCAL)-A

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

CKE (LOCAL)

the pursuit exceeds the immediate or potential danger presented by the offenders remaining at large. Guidelines for high-speed pursuits shall be addressed in the department regulations manual.

Complaints

Complaints against a District police officer shall be in writing on a form provided by the District and shall be signed by the person making the complaint. In accordance with law, the District shall provide to the police officer a copy of the complaint. [See Complaints Against Peace Officers at CKEA(LEGAL)]

Appeals regarding this complaint process shall be filed in accordance with DGBA, FNG, or GF, as appropriate.

SECURITY PERSONNEL COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

District Police Department	To ensure sufficient security and protection of students, staff, and property, the Board authorizes the formation of a District police department and shall employ and commission police officers.		
Supervisory Authority	The chief of police shall be accountable to and shall report to the Superintendent. In accordance with law, the Superintendent shall not delegate this supervisory responsibility.		
Jurisdiction	Disti side	The jurisdiction of police officers shall include all territory within District boundaries, as well as all real and personal property out- side the boundaries of the District that is owned, leased, or rented by the District, or is otherwise under the District's control.	
Police Authority	Police officers employed by the District shall have all the powers, privileges, and immunities of police officers on or off duty within the jurisdiction of the District. Subject to limitations in law, District po- lice officers shall have the authority to:		
	1.	Protect the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the District and protect the property of the District.	
	2.	Enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county ordi- nances, and state laws, and investigate violations of law as needed. In doing so, District police officers may serve search warrants in connection with District-related investigations in compliance with the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.	
	3.	Arrest suspects consistent with state and federal statutory and constitutional standards governing arrests, including ar- rests without warrant, for offenses that occur in the officer's presence or under the other rules set out in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.	
	4.	Coordinate and cooperate with commissioned officers of all other law enforcement agencies in the enforcement of this policy as necessary.	
	5.	Enforce District policies, rules, and regulations on District property, in school zones, at bus stops, or at District functions.	
	6.	Investigate violations of District policy, rules, and regulations as requested by the Superintendent and participate in hear- ings concerning alleged violations.	
	7.	Carry weapons as directed by the chief of police and ap- proved by the Superintendent.	
	8.	Carry out all other duties as directed by the chief of police or Superintendent.	

Adopted:

CKEA(LOCAL)-D

SECURITY PERSONNEL COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

	District police officers shall not be assigned routine classroom of cipline or administrative tasks.	dis-
Temporary Assignment	District police officers shall enforce all laws, including municipal dinances, county ordinances, and state laws within another law forcement agency's jurisdiction while temporarily assigned to the other agency.	ı en-
Limitations on Nonschool Employment	No officer commissioned under this policy shall provide law en- forcement or security services for an outside employer without written approval from the chief of police and Superintendent.	
Relationship with Outside Agencies	The District's police department and the law enforcement agen with which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a mem randum of understanding that outlines reasonable communicat and coordination efforts among the department and the agencie The chief of police and the Superintendent shall review the men randum of understanding at least once every year. The memora dum of understanding shall be approved by the Board.	io- ion es. mo-
Video Monitoring	If available, video equipment shall be used on a District police of for safety purposes whenever the flashing lights on the car are use.	
Access to Recordings	Recordings shall be considered law enforcement records, shall main in the custody of the chief of police, and shall be maintain as required by the department regulations manual and law. A po- ent or student who wishes to view a video recording in response disciplinary action taken against the student may request such cess under the procedures set out by law. [See FL(LEGAL)]	ied ar- ie to
Training	All District officers shall receive at least the minimum amount or ucation and training required by law.	f ed-
Department Regulations Manual	To carry out the provisions in this policy, the police department shall compile and maintain a manual that describes and sets for operational procedures, rules, and regulations pertaining to the ministration of police services. The chief of police and the Super tendent shall review the manual annually and make any appropriate revisions.	e ad- erin-
Racial Profiling	The chief of police shall develop and implement regulations to a sure compliance with state law regarding racial profiling. Police ficers employed by the District shall not initiate any law enforce ment action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin.	e of-
Use of Force	The use of force, including deadly force, shall be authorized on when reasonable and necessary, as outlined in the department regulations manual.	
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SECURITY PERSONNEL COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

CKEA (LOCAL)

High-Speed
PursuitOfficers shall not engage in high-speed chases in a motor vehicle
when the immediate danger to the public or the officer created by
the pursuit exceeds the immediate or potential danger presented
by the offenders remaining at large. Guidelines for high-speed pur-
suits shall be addressed in the department regulations manual.ComplaintsComplaints against a District police officer shall be in writing on a
form provided by the District and shall be signed by the person
making the complaint. In accordance with law, the District shall pro-

vide to the police officer a copy of the complaint.

Appeals regarding this complaint process shall be filed in accordance with DGBA, FNG, or GF, as appropriate.

Adopted:

BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE

Integrated Pest Management Program	The District is committed to following integrated pest management (IPM) guidelines as required by Chapter 1951 of the Occupations Code and Title 4, Chapter 7 of the Administrative Code in all pest control activities that take place on District property.
Definition	IPM is a pest management strategy that relies on accurate identifi- cation and scientific knowledge of target pests, reliable monitoring methods to assess pest presence, preventative measures to limit pest problems, and thresholds to determine when corrective con- trol measures are needed. Under IPM, whenever economical and practical, multiple control tactics shall be used to achieve the best control of pests. These tactics shall possibly include, but are not limited to, the judicious use of pesticides.
Standards	The District's IPM program shall govern the District's use of pesti- cides, herbicides, and other chemical agents for the purpose of controlling pests, rodents, insects, and weeds in and around Dis- trict facilities, including residential property primarily used as stu- dent housing.
IPM Coordinator	The Superintendent shall designate the IPM coordinator(s), who shall be registered with the Texas Department of Agriculture. The IPM coordinator(s) shall receive training in accordance with law and shall provide training to District employees, as necessary.
Application Time Frame	The IPM coordinator(s), in addition to the responsibilities set out in CLB(LEGAL), shall coordinate with appropriate District administra- tors or other designated and trained employees regarding pesticide or herbicide applications in accordance with law. The IPM coordi- nator(s) shall determine when an emergency situation exists and an exception to the 48-hour notice requirement may be made.
No Unauthorized Application	If the IPM coordinator is a licensed applicator, the IPM coordinator may apply pesticides in accordance with law. No other employee or other person or entity shall be permitted to apply a pesticide or herbicide at a District facility, including residential property primarily used as student housing, without the prior approval of the IPM co- ordinator and other than in the manner prescribed by law and the District's IPM program.

INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

CRF (LOCAL)

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Reasonable Assurance The District shall issue letters of reasonable assurance, as appropriate, to employees in positions requiring less than 12 months of service whose services are anticipated to be needed at the beginning of the following school year. [See DCD and DCE]

ADOPTED Adopted.

FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMPETITIVE BIDDING

Specifications	The Superintendent-or-designee shall ensure that detailed specifi- cations are prepared for any construction project for which compet- itive bids are sought.
Bid Process	All bids shall be submitted in sealed envelopes, plainly marked with the name of the bid and the time of the bid opening. Bids shall be opened at the time specified. All interested parties shall be invited to attend the bid opening. Any bid may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time for opening. Bids received after the specified time shall not be considered.
Safety Record	If the District considers the safety record of bidders in determining to whom to award a contract, the safety record shall be defined as a bidder's OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) inspection logs for the last three years, a loss analysis from the bidder's insurance carrier, and a loss history covering all lines of in- surance coverage carried by the bidder.

FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS

Specifications	The Superintendent or designee shall prepare a request for pro- posals for any construction project for which competitive sealed proposals are sought.
Process	All proposals shall be submitted in sealed envelopes, plainly marked with the name of the proposal and the time of the deadline for submission. Proposals shall be opened at the time specified. All offerors shall be invited to attend the proposal opening. Changes in the content of a proposal, and in prices, may be negotiated after proposals are opened.
Withdrawal and Late Proposals	Any proposal may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time for opening. Proposals received after the specified time shall not be considered.
Proposal Acceptance	The District may reject any and all proposals.
Safety Record	If the safety record of offerors is considered in selecting a proposal, the record shall be defined as an offeror's OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration) inspection logs for the last three years, a loss analysis from the offeror's insurance carrier, and a loss history covering all lines of insurance coverage carried by the offeror.

DATE ISSUED: 9/17/19975/16/2023 ADOPTED:Adopted: UPDATE **57121** CVB(LOCAL)-A

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

	The Superintendent shall recommend an annual compensation plan for all District employees. The compensation plan may include wage and salary structures, stipends, benefits, and incentives. [See also DEAA] The recommended plan shall support District goals for hiring and retaining highly qualified employees. The Board shall review and approve the compensation plan to be used by the District. The Board shall also determine the total compensa- tion package for the Superintendent. [See BJ series]
Objectives	The objectives for developing and administering the compensation plans shall be to:
	 Stay competitive with appropriate labor markets for the vari- ous categories of personnel;
	 Recognize the levels of skill, effort, and responsibility required of different jobs;
	3. Reward continued length of service to the District; and
	4. Be fiscally controlled and cost effective.
Pay Administration	The Superintendent shall implement the compensation plan and establish procedures for plan administration consistent with the budget. The Superintendent or designee shall classifyclassification of each job title within the compensation plan shall be based on the qualifications, duties, and market value of the position.
Annualized Salary	The District shall pay all salaried employees over 12 months in equal monthly or bimonthlysemi-monthly installments, regardless of the number of months employed during the school year. Salaried employees hired during the school year shall be paid in accord- ance with administrative regulations.
Pay Increases	The Superintendent shall recommend to the Board an amount for employee pay increases as part of the annual budget. The Super- intendent or designee shall determine Any pay adjustments for indi- vidual employees, shall be determined within the approved budget following established procedures.
Mid-YoarMidyear Pay Increases Contract Employees	A contract employee's pay may be increased after performance on the contract has begun only if authorized by the compensation plan of the District or there is a change in the employee's job assign- ment or duties during the term of the contract that warrants addi- tional compensation. Any such changes in pay that do not conform with the compensation plan shall require Board approval. [See DEA(LEGAL) for provisions on pay increases and public hearing requirements].]

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

Noncontract Employees	The Superintendent may grant a pay increase to a noncontract em- ployee after duties have begun because of a change in the em- ployee's job assignment or to address pay equity. The Superinten- dent shall report any such pay increases to the Board at the next regular meeting.
Pay During Closing	If the Board chooses to pay employees during an emergency clo- sure for which the workdays are not scheduled to be made up at a later date, then that authorization shall be by resolution or other Board action and shall reflect the purpose served by the expendi- ture. [See EB for the authority to close schools].]
Premium Pay During Disasters	Nonexempt employees who are required to work during to mitigate the reason for an emergency closing for a disaster, as declared by a federal, state, or local official or the Board, shall be paid at the rate of one and one-half times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked up to 40 hours per week. All other nonexempt employees who are required to work during an emergency closing shall be paid their regular rate of pay.
	Overtime for time worked over 40 hours in a week shall be calcu- lated and paid according to law. [See DEAB] The Superintendent

lated and paid according to law. [See DEAB] The Superintendent or designee-shall approve payments and ensure that accurate time records are kept of actual hours worked during emergency closings.

ADOPTED:Adopted

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(LOCAL)

Brownsville ISD 031901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LOCAL)
Persons Age 21 and Over	The District shall admit persons who are at least age 21 and under age 26 for the purpose of completing the requirements for a high school diploma.
Registration Forms	The student's parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful control shall annually complete registration forms. A student who has reached age 18 shall be permitted to complete these forms.
Proof of Residency	At the time of initial registration and on an annual basis thereafterIn accordance with administrative regulations, the parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student under order of a court shall present proof of residency-in accordance with admin- istrative regulations developed by the Superintendent. The District may investigate stated residency as necessary.
Minor Living Apart Person Standing in Parental Relation	A minor student residing in the District but whose parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control under a court order does not reside in the District shall present a power of attorney or an author- ization agreement as provided in Chapter 34 of the Family Code assigning responsibility for the student in all school-related matters to an adult resident of the District.
Misconduct	A minor student living apart who has engaged in misconduct that results in any of the consequences found in Education Code 25.001(d) shall not be permitted to attend a District school.
Exceptions	Based on an individual student's circumstance, the Superintendent shall have authority to grant exceptions to the requirement for a power of attorney or authorization agreement and to the exclusion for misconduct.
Extracurricular Activities	The Superintendent shall determine whether a minor student living apart is present in the District for the primary purpose of participating in extracurricular activities.
Nonresident Student in Grandparent's After-School Care	The parent and grandparent of a nonresident student requesting admission under Education Code 25.001(b)(9) shall provide to the Superintendent the required information on the grandparent's resi- dency and complete a form provided by the District describing the extent of after-school care to be provided by the grandparent.
	The Superintendent shall have authority to approve or deny such admissions requests in accordance with criteria approved by the Board.
"Accredited" Defined	For the purposes of this policy, "accredited" shall be defined as ac- creditation by TEA, an equivalent agency from another state, or an accrediting association recognized by the commissioner of educa- tion.

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ADMISSIONS

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	Grade-Level Placement Accredited Schools	The parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of a student enrolling in a District school from an accredited public, pri- vate, or parochial school shall provide evidence of the prior school ng outside the District. The student shall be placed initially at the grade level reached elsewhere, pending observation by the class- room teacher, guidance personnel, and the principal. On the basis of these observations and results of tests that may be administered by appropriate District personnel, the principal shall determine the final grade placement.	ol- s ed
Nonaccredited Schools		A student enrolling in a District school from a nonaccredited public private, or parochial school, including a homeschool, shall be placed initially at the discretion of the principal, pending observa- tion by classroom teachers, guidance personnel, and the principal Criteria for placement may include:	
		 Scores on achievement tests, which may be administered by appropriate District personnel. 	1
		2. Recommendation of the sending school.	
		3. Prior academic record.	
		 Chronological age and social and emotional development of the student. 	
		5. Other criteria deemed appropriate by the principal.	
	Transfer of Credit Accredited Texas Public Schools	Credit toward state graduation requirements earned in an accred- ted public school district in Texas shall be transferable and recog- nized by the District.	
	Other Accredited or Nonaccredited Schools	Before recognizing credit in a course earned in an accredited non- public school, an accredited school outside of Texas, or a nonac- credited school, appropriate personnel shall evaluate a student's records and transcript. The District may require the student to demonstrate mastery of the content or use alternative methods to verify course content for the award of credit.	
	Transition Assistance	In accordance with law, when a student who is identified as home- less or in substitute care enrolls in the District, the District shall as sess the student's available records and other relevant information to determine transfer of ensure credit, including proportionate credit, is awarded appropriately for all subjects and courses taken prior to enrollment.	s-
		[See EI]	
	Withdrawal		

ADOPTED:Adopted:

ADMISSIONS

FD (LOCAL)

A parent or guardian wishing to withdraw a minor student shall present a signed statement that includes the reason for the withdrawal. A student who is 18 or older may submit a withdrawal statement without a parent's or guardian's signature.

[For District withdrawal of students no longer in attendance, see FEA(LOCAL).]

DATE ISSUED: 7/9/20205/16/2023 UPDATE 115121 FD(LOCAL)-B ADOPTED Adopted

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

Note: This policy addresses bullying of District students. For purposes of this policy, the term bullying includes cyberbullying. For provisions regarding discrimination and harassment involving District students, see FFH. Note that FFI shall be used in conjunction with FFH for certain prohibited conduct. For reporting requirements related to child abuse and neglect, see FFG. **Bullying Prohibited** The District prohibits bullying, including cyberbullying, as defined by state law. Retaliation against anyone involved in the complaint process is a violation of District policy and is prohibited. Examples Bullying of a student could occur by physical contact or through electronic means and may include hazing, threats, taunting, teasing, confinement, assault, demands for money, destruction of property, theft of valued possessions, name calling, rumor spreading, or ostracism. **Minimum Standards** In accordance with law, the Superintendent shall develop administrative procedures to ensure that minimum standards for bullying prevention are implemented. Retaliation The District prohibits retaliation by a student or District employee against any person who in good faith makes a report of bullying, serves as a witness, or participates in an investigation. Examples Examples of retaliation may include threats, rumor spreading, ostracism, assault, destruction of property, unjustified punishments, or unwarranted grade reductions. Unlawful retaliation does not include petty slights or annoyances. **False Claim** A student who intentionally makes a false claim, offers false statements, or refuses to cooperate with a District investigation regarding bullying shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action. **Timely Reporting** Reports of bullying shall be made as soon as possible after the alleged act or knowledge of the alleged act. A failure to immediately report may impair the District's ability to investigate and address the prohibited conduct. Reporting To obtain assistance and intervention, any student who believes **Procedures** that he or she has experienced bullying or believes that another student has experienced bullying should immediately report the al-Student Report leged acts to a teacher, school counselor, principal, or other District employee. The Superintendent shall develop procedures allowing a student to anonymously report an alleged incident of bullying.

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

Employee Report Any District employee who suspects or receives notice that a student or group of students has or may have experienced bullying shall immediately notify the principal or designee. Report Format A report may be made orally or in writing. The principal or designee shall reduce any oral reports to written form. Periodic Monitoring The Superintendent shall periodically monitor the reported counts of bullying incidents, and that declines in the count may represent not only improvements in the campus culture because bullying declines but also declines in the campus culture because of a decline in openness to report incidents. When an allegation of bullying is reported, the principal or de-Notice of Report signee shall notify a parent of the alleged victim on or before the third business day after the incident is reported. The principal or designee shall also notify a parent of the student alleged to have engaged in the conduct within a reasonable amount of time after the incident is reported. **Prohibited Conduct** The principal or designee shall determine whether the allegations in the report, if proven, would constitute prohibited conduct as defined by policy FFH, including dating violence and harassment or discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, gender, national origin, or disability. If so, the District shall proceed under policy FFH. If the allegations could constitute both prohibited conduct and bullying, the investigation under FFH shall include a determination on each type of conduct. Investigation of The principal or designee shall conduct an appropriate investiga-Report tion based on the allegations in the report. The principal or designee shall promptly take interim action calculated to prevent bullying during the course of an investigation, if appropriate. **Concluding the** Absent extenuating circumstances, the investigation should be Investigation completed within ten District business days from the date of the initial report alleging bullying; however, the principal or designee shall take additional time if necessary to complete a thorough investigation. The principal or designee shall prepare a final, written report of the investigation. The report shall include a determination of whether

bullying occurred, and if so, whether the victim used reasonable self-defense. A copy of the report shall be sent to the Superintendent or designee.

Notice to Parents If an incident of bullying is confirmed, the principal or designee shall promptly notify the parents of the victim and of the student who engaged in bullying.

FFI (LOCAL)

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

District Action Bullying	If the results of an investigation indicate that bullying occurred, the District shall promptly respond by taking appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the District's Student Code of Conduct and may take corrective action reasonably calculated to address the conduct. The District may notify law enforcement in certain cir- cumstances.
Discipline	A student who is a victim of bullying and who used reasonable self- defense in response to the bullying shall not be subject to discipli- nary action.
	The discipline of a student with a disability is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Student Code of Conduct.
Corrective Action	Examples of corrective action may include a training program for the individuals involved in the complaint, a comprehensive educa- tion program for the school community, follow-up inquiries to deter- mine whether any new incidents or any instances of retaliation have occurred, involving parents and students in efforts to identify problems and improve the school climate, increasing staff monitor- ing of areas where bullying has occurred, and reaffirming the Dis- trict's policy against bullying.
Transfers	The principal or designee shall refer to FDB for transfer provisions.
Counseling	The principal or designee shall notify the victim, the student who engaged in bullying, and any students who witnessed the bullying of available counseling options.
Improper Conduct	If the investigation reveals improper conduct that did not rise to the level of prohibited conduct or bullying, the District may take action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct or any other ap- propriate corrective action.
Confidentiality	To the greatest extent possible, the District shall respect the pri- vacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed, and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation.
Appeal	A student who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the investigation may appeal through FNG(LOCAL), beginning at the appropriate level.
Records Retention	Retention of records shall be in accordance with CPC(LOCAL).
Access to Policy and Procedures	This policy and any accompanying procedures shall be distributed annually in the employee and student handbooks. Copies of the policy and procedures shall be posted on the District's website, to the extent practicable, and shall be readily available at each cam- pus and the District's administrative offices.

Update 121

Combined Legal and Local Policies

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
AC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
С	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
CBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFB	(REGULATION)	Review regulation	Revise as necessary
СН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LOCAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
CKEA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CMD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
со	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CRF	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CSA	(LEGAL)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
CVA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CVB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
E	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
EF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
EHBAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBCA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EHBH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBJ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FD	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFI	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
G	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
GB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Explanatory Notes TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

AC(LEGAL) GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES

This legal policy has been revised to include additional Education Code provisions related to ways in which a district's geographic boundaries may change, such as by detachment, annexation, consolidation, and abolition.

AF(LEGAL) INNOVATION DISTRICTS

Amended Administrative Code rules, effective October 25, 2022, revised the list of Education Code sections and administrative rules from which a district of innovation may not be exempted. Changes include a requirement to provide TEA a link to the local innovation plan posted on the district's website. Previously, the rule required the district to provide TEA with a copy of the local innovation plan.

AIE(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: INVESTIGATIONS

Changes reflect revised Administrative Code provisions regarding compliance investigations by TEA, effective October 26, 2022. Other changes are to better reflect legal sources.

BBBA(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

Provisions regarding confidentiality of the email address and personal phone number of an election judge or clerk have been moved from GBA(LEGAL) to this code addressing elections.

BQ(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

An existing requirement to include the district's bullying prevention policy and procedures in the district improvement plan has been added to this policy.

C(LEGAL) BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

The C section table of contents has been revised to add the new code CKED, Security Personnel: Other Security Arrangements. We have also added for future expansion new codes addressing facility standards at CSA (Safety and Security) and CSB (Gas and Pipelines).

CBB(LEGAL) STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES: FEDERAL

Revisions are to better reflect legal sources.

CCA(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: BOND ISSUES

Citations have been updated to reflect the repeal and replacement of an Administrative Code provision regarding the bond guarantee program, effective March 1, 2023. References to Administrative Code provisions regarding the instructional facilities allotment and existing debt allotment have been clarified.

CCGA(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

This policy has been revised to reflect the increased homestead exemption of \$40,000 approved by voters on May 7, 2022.

CCGB(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

We have added a note regarding the expiration of the Texas Economic Development Act on December 31, 2022, and the continued application of the law to limitations on appraised value in existence at that time.

Explanatory Notes TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 121

Brownsville ISD

CFB(LOCAL) ACCOUNTING: INVENTORIES

Revisions regarding the capitalization threshold are based on amended guidance from *GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1*, Question 5.1, regarding the capitalization of assets with individual acquisition costs below the threshold if the assets in the aggregate are significant. The amended guidance applies to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

CFB(REGULATION) ACCOUNTING: INVENTORIES

Our records indicate that you have a regulation at this code that you may need to review and revise in light of the changes in this update. Please advise us:

- If this regulation is obsolete and should be deleted from your localized policy manual; or
- If you have revisions that you wish to submit for editorial and legal review and incorporation into your localized policy manual.

CH(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

We have replaced the citation to a repealed Administrative Code rule regarding purchases of automated information systems with a citation to a new rule effective December 19, 2022.

CKE(LOCAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

To better align the district's legal and local policies, provisions addressing commissioned peace officers have been relocated to CKEA(LOCAL).

CKEA(LOCAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

Provisions addressing commissioned peace officers have been relocated to this code from CKE(LOCAL). Please review the provisions for accuracy. If revisions are needed regarding other security personnel or if the district's police department has a body-worn camera program or considers one in the future, please contact your policy consultant.

CL(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT

We have replaced the citation to repealed Administrative Code provisions regarding public pool sanitation and safety with a citation to new provisions effective January 1, 2023.

CLA(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: SECURITY

New Administrative Code rules, effective February 2, 2023, have been added to address required warning signs regarding human trafficking.

CLB(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: MAINTENANCE

Changes reflect revisions to Administrative Code rules regarding integrated pest management, effective January 16, 2023.

CLB(LOCAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: MAINTENANCE

Administrative Code rules regarding integrated pest management (IPM) were amended to include districtowned residential property among the district facilities subject to the IPM requirements. Although the changes to the rules add "residential property" to the buildings and grounds subject to IPM requirements, it is our understanding from the Texas Department of Agriculture that this inclusion is intended to apply only to district-owned residential property that is primarily used as student housing. As requested by TDA,

Brownsville ISD

revisions include such residential property among the district facilities subject to the district's IPM program.

CMD(LEGAL) EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING

An Administrative Code provision, effective June 7, 2022, has been added regarding purchasing technological equipment with the instructional materials and technology allotment.

CNC(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

Provisions have been added regarding the use of school bus warning signals.

CO(LEGAL) FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

New Administrative Code provisions were adopted regarding appeals related to federal food and nutrition programs administered by the Texas Department of Agriculture. A reference to these provisions, effective November 27, 2022, has been added.

CQ(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

A reference to Administrative Code provisions regarding management of electronic transactions and signed records has been clarified.

CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

The link to the Texas Department of State Health Services Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies has been updated.

CRF(LOCAL) INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT: UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

There are no significant revisions to the text on reasonable assurance; however, the policy template has been updated to accommodate the new adoption date function in Policy Online[®]. This policy is being issued at no charge to the district.

CSA(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS: SAFETY AND SECURITY

The Commissioner of Education proposed new School Safety Requirements in the Commissioner's Rules Concerning School Facilities in November 2022. The public comment period closed December 12, 2022, but the rules are not yet finalized. The proposed rules require local policy provisions. Policy Service will include legal provisions in this new policy code and provide local policy provisions for consideration following publication of the final rules.

CVA(LOCAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION: COMPETITIVE BIDDING

Policy BJA(LOCAL) authorizes the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees of the district as permitted by law; thus, it is not necessary to include a reference to the superintendent's designee at Specifications. In addition, the policy template has been updated to accommodate the new adoption date function in Policy Online[®]. This policy is being issued at no charge to the district.

CVB(LOCAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION: COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS

As noted above, policy BJA(LOCAL) authorizes the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees of the district as permitted by law; thus, it is not necessary to include a reference to the super-

Brownsville ISD

intendent's designee at Specifications. In addition, the policy template has been updated to accommodate the new adoption date function in Policy Online[®]. This policy is being issued at no charge to the district.

DBAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: PRE-EMPLOYMENT REVIEWS

Changes have been made to better reflect legal sources and to delete obsolete provisions.

DEA(LOCAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: COMPENSATION PLAN

To eliminate the possibility of confusion about the frequency of pay, we recommend replacing *bimonthly* with the more specific and widely used *semi-monthly*. Other revisions are recommended for policy style and to clarify the circumstances under which certain employees will receive premium pay during an emergency closing for a disaster.

If the district no longer wants to provide premium pay for nonexempt employees who are required to work during an emergency closing for a disaster, please contact your policy consultant for appropriate revisions to this policy.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 121</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

DEAB(LEGAL) COMPENSATION PLAN: WAGE AND HOUR LAWS

Changes have been made to better reflect legal sources.

E(LEGAL) INSTRUCTION

The E section table of contents has been updated to add the new code EHBCA, which includes provisions addressing accelerated instruction previously located at EHBC. The subtitle for policy EHBC has been changed to Compensatory Services and Intensive Programs.

EF(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

Legal definitions of "harmful materials" and "obscene" have been added for ease of access.

EHAD(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

A reference to Administrative Code provisions has been added regarding driver education safety program requirements.

EHBAB(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

Changes reflect revised Administrative Code provisions regarding students who are homeless or in substitute care, effective January 1, 2023.

EHBAF(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: VIDEO/AUDIO MONITORING

Revisions reflect amended Administrative Code provisions, effective January 22, 2023, pertaining to filing certain documents electronically.

EHBC(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS

Update 121 includes a reorganization of the information regarding compensatory, intensive, and accelerated instructional services. Provisions addressing accelerated instruction have been moved to the new

Brownsville ISD

code EHBCA. The remaining provisions at this code, now subtitled Compensatory Services and Intensive Programs, have been reordered and adjusted for clarity.

EHBCA(LEGAL) COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS: ACCELERATED INSTRUCTION

This new policy addressing accelerated instruction comprises provisions moved from EHBC(LEGAL). For clarity, we have reordered and adjusted the material.

EHBH(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: OTHER SPECIAL POPULATIONS

An amended Administrative Code provision, effective January 18, 2023, has been added pertaining to regional day school programs for the deaf.

EHBI(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: ADULT AND COMMUNITY EDUCATION

Changes reflect revisions to Administrative Code provisions, effective November 24, 2022, regarding essential program components of adult education programs.

EHBJ(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: INNOVATIVE AND MAGNET PROGRAMS

Changes include a new Administrative Code provision, effective February 26, 2023, regarding requests for approval of an innovative course by the State Board of Education.

EI(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

This legal policy has been revised to replace a repealed Administrative Code rule with a new rule, effective January 1, 2023, related to awarding credit to students who are homeless or in substitute care for coursework completed prior to the student enrolling in or transferring to the district. Other changes are to better reflect legal sources.

EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

Duplicative text regarding students who fail to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument has been deleted and replaced with a note pointing to EHBC and EHBCA.

FD(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS

The policy has been updated to delete an Administrative Code rule repealed by the State Board of Education, effective March 9, 2023.

FD(LOCAL) ADMISSIONS

Recommended revisions to this policy at Transition Assistance reflect the repeal and replacement of an Administrative Code provision regarding awarding credit to a student who is homeless or in substitute care. Under the new rule, a district must adopt a policy to ensure credit has been awarded appropriately prior to enrollment. Other changes provide greater flexibility for the district with regard to requiring proof of residency by removing specific requirements and referring to administrative regulations.

The <u>Legal Issues in Update 121</u> memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy's topic.

FDA(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

This policy has been reorganized for clarity. Other changes are to better match statutory wording. Notes have been added to more clearly indicate the application of certain provisions.

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FDC(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: HOMELESS STUDENTS

A note has been added to clarify that information regarding support services for students experiencing homelessness, including provisions regarding district liaisons and transition services, is located at FFC.

FEA(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

This legal policy has been updated to remove provisions of Administrative Code rules repealed by the State Board of Education, effective March 9, 2023. A note has been added referring to the *Student Atten- dance Accounting Handbook* for additional guidance.

FEB(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

This legal policy has been updated to remove provisions of Administrative Code rules repealed by the State Board of Education, effective March 9, 2023. We have also added a note referring to the *Student Attendance Accounting Handbook* for additional guidance, as well as existing statutory provisions for completeness and clarification.

FFAF(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: CARE PLANS

Links to the Texas Department of State Health Services' guidance for the care of students with diabetes and of students with food allergies have been updated.

FFC(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES

Revisions throughout this policy reflect amended Administrative Code provisions, effective January 1, 2023, regarding transition assistance for students experiencing homelessness or in substitute care.

FFI(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

A note has been added with a link to the <u>Minimum Standards for Bullying Prevention</u> finalized by TEA on January 31, 2023.

FFI(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

The <u>Minimum Standards for Bullying Prevention</u>, completed by TEA on January 31, 2023, include a requirement for policy provisions on reporting bullying incidents. Existing policy language addresses reporting by students and staff. The enclosed revisions are recommended to address the new minimum standards.

FL(LEGAL) STUDENT RECORDS

Provisions at Access, Disclosure, and Amendment, beginning on page 4, have been revised and reorganized for clarity and to better reflect legal sources. The definition of eligible student has been added. Additional reporting requirements under the National School Lunch Act or the Child Nutrition Act have also been added. A note has been added at the beginning of the policy to clarify that information regarding juvenile law enforcement records is located in GBA.

G(LEGAL) COMMUNITY AND GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

The G section table of contents has been revised to reflect the correct subtitle for GBA, Access to Public Information.

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GB(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

Update 121 includes a reorganization of the public information policies in the GB series. As part of the reorganization, we have deleted provisions that are duplicated at other policy codes and adjusted provisions for clarity and to better match statutory wording.

GBA(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM: ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

As part of the reorganization of the public information policies, we have made the following changes:

- Deleted provisions that are duplicated at other policy codes and added cross-references, if necessary, to improve usability.
- Moved provisions regarding confidentiality based on statutes outside the Public Information Act (Government Code Chapter 552) to the policy code addressing the specific topic.
- Reordered and adjusted provisions for clarity and to better match statutory wording.

GBAA(LEGAL) ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

As part of the reorganization of the GB series, we have made the following changes:

- Deleted provisions that are duplicated at other policy codes and added cross-references, if necessary.
- Reordered and adjusted provisions for clarity and to better match statutory wording.

GRA(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES: STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES

This policy has been revised to include an Education Code provision prohibiting citation of a student alleged to have committed a school offense. Family Code definitions have also been added to support existing content regarding students taken into custody.

GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES

AC	
(LEGAL)	

Boundary Descriptions and Maps	A district shall file with the Texas Education Agency (TEA):				
	1.	A complete and legally sufficient description of the boundaries of the district.			
	2.	A map of the district that is:			
		a. Drawn to the county general highway maps produced by the Texas Department of Transportation or a similar map of sufficient detail to display the names of visible fea- tures that the boundaries follow or to which the bound- aries are in close proximity; and			
		b. An accurate and legible representation of the boundaries in relationship to other features on the map.			
	3.	A list of voting precincts within the district, separately listing those precincts wholly within the district and those precincts only partly within the district.			
	the	strict shall amend the information and maps on file with TEA if boundaries of the district change or if any other change makes information on file incomplete or inaccurate.			
	Edu	cation Code 13.010			
Changes in Boundaries	Any change in the boundaries of a district is not effective unle approved by a majority of the board if the board's approval is quired under Education Code Chapter 13. <i>Education Code</i> 1.				
Minor Boundary Adjustments		o contiguous districts may adjust their common boundary by eement if, at the time the agreement is executed:			
	1.	No child who resides in the territory that is transferred from one jurisdiction to the other is enrolled in a school of the dis- trict from which the territory is transferred; and			
	2.	The taxable value of the territory that is transferred from one jurisdiction to the other does not exceed one-tenth of one percent of the total taxable value of all property in the district from which the territory is transferred. "Taxable value" is defined at Government Code 403.302.			
	Education Code 13.231				
Notice of Boundary Change To Voter Registrar	use	strict that changes its boundaries or the boundaries of districts d to elect members to the board shall not later than the 30th after the date the change is adopted:			
	1.	Notify the voter registrar of the county in which the area sub- ject to the boundary change is located of the adopted bound- ary change; and			
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GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES

	2. Provide the voter registrar with a map of an adopted boundary change in a format that is compatible with the mapping format used by the registrar's office.
	Election Code 42.0615
To County Appraiser	A district shall notify the appraisal office of any boundary changes within 30 days after the date of the change. <i>Tax Code 6.07</i>
Detachment and Annexation	In accordance with Education Code 13.051, territory may be de- tached from a district and annexed to another district that is con- tiguous to the detached territory. A petition requesting the detach- ment and annexation must be presented to the board of the district from which the territory is to be detached and to the board of the district to which the territory is to be annexed. Each board to which a petition is required to be presented must conduct a hearing and adopt a resolution for the annexation to be effective. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 13.051(a)
	Immediately following receipt of the petition as required by this section, each affected board shall give notice of the contemplated change by publishing and posting a notice in the manner required for an election order under Education Code 13.003. The notice must specify the place and date at which a hearing on the matter shall be held. Unless the districts hold a joint hearing, the districts must hold hearings on separate dates. At each hearing, affected persons are entitled to an opportunity to be heard. <i>Education Code</i> $13.051(g)$
	For more information about detachment and annexation, see Edu- cation Code Chapter 13, Subchapter B (Detachment and Annexa- tion).
Detachment and Creation	A new district may be created by detaching territory from an exist- ing district or existing contiguous districts and establishing a new district. A district created under Education Code Chapter 13, Sub- chapter C has all the rights and privileges of other independent school districts. <i>Education Code 13.101</i>
	For more information about the creation of the district by detach- ment, including the requirement to hold an election, see Education Code Chapter 13, Subchapter C (Creation of District by Detach- ment).
Consolidation	By the procedure provided by Education Code Chapter 13, Sub- chapter D, two or more districts may consolidate into a single dis- trict. The consolidated district may include area in more than one county. <i>Education Code 13.151</i>

GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES

For more information about the consolidation of two or more dis-
tricts, including election requirements, see Education Code Chap-
ter 13, Subchapter D (Consolidation).

Abolition Abolition of an independent school district is initiated by a petition requesting an election on the question. The petition must be signed by a majority of the board of the district to be abolished and must be presented to the county judge of each county in which part of the independent school district is situated. *Education Code 13.202*

For more information about the abolition of the district, including election requirements, see Education Code Chapter 13, Subchapter E (Abolition).

Definitions	"District-level committee" means the committee established under Education Code 11.251, or a comparable committee if the district is exempted (or has exempted itself) from this provision.
	"Innovation plan committee" means a committee appointed by the board of trustees to develop the innovation plan in accordance with statutory requirements. The district-level committee may also serve in this role.
	"Public hearing" means an open meeting held by the board of trustees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the proposed plan and designation and provides the opportunity for the public to give opinions and comments on the proposed actions.
	"Public meeting" means an open meeting held by the board of trustees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the proposed plan and designation.
	"Unacceptable academic performance rating" means a rating of Im- provement Required or Unacceptable Performance or as otherwise indicated in the applicable year's academic accountability manual.
	"Unacceptable financial accountability rating" means a Financial In- tegrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) rating of Substandard Achievement as indicated in the applicable year's financial ac- countability system manual.
	19 TAC 102.1301
District of Innovation	A district is eligible for designation as a district of innovation if the district's most recent performance rating under Education Code 39.054 reflects at least acceptable performance.
	A board may not vote on the final approval of the innovation plan if the district is assigned either a final or preliminary rating below ac- ceptable performance. In the event the preliminary rating is changed, the board may then vote to become an innovation dis- trict.
	Consideration of designation as a district of innovation may be initi- ated by a resolution adopted by the board or a petition signed by a majority of the members of the district-level committee [see BQA].
	Education Code 12A.001; 19 TAC 102.1303
Public Hearing	After adopting a resolution or receiving a petition for consideration as a district of innovation, a board shall hold a public hearing as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days, to consider whether the district should develop a local innovation plan for the designa- tion of the district as a district of innovation.

	clus igna	ne conclusion of the public hearing or within 30 days after con- ion of the public hearing, the board may decline to pursue des- tion of the district as a district of innovation or appoint a com- ee to develop a local innovation plan.
		board may outline the parameters around which the innovation committee may develop the plan.
	Edu	cation Code 12A.002; 19 TAC 102.1305
Local Innovation Plan	velo	cal innovation plan meeting all legal requirements must be de- ped for a district before the district may be designated as a dis- of innovation.
		local innovation plan must provide for a comprehensive educa- al program for the district, which program may include:
	1.	Innovative curriculum, instructional methods, and provisions regarding community participation, campus governance, and parental involvement;
	2.	Modifications to the school day or year [see EB, EC];
	3.	Provisions regarding the district budget and sustainable pro- gram funding;
	4.	Accountability and assessment measures that exceed the re- quirements of state and federal law; and
	5.	Any other innovations prescribed by the board of trustees.
	tion trict	plan must also identify requirements imposed by the Educa- Code that inhibit the goals of the plan and from which the dis- should be exempted on adoption of the plan, subject to Educa- Code 12A.004. [See Exceptions, below]
	from mise	commissioner of education shall maintain a list of provisions which designated districts of innovation are exempt. The com- sioner shall notify the legislature of each provision from which ricts enrolling a majority of students in this state are exempt.
	Edu	cation Code 12A.003, .004(b); 19 TAC 102.1305(d)
Prohibited Exemptions	trict in E	cal innovation plan may not provide for the exemption of a dis- designated as a district of innovation from the provisions listed ducation Code 12A.004 and 19 Administrative Code 102.1309. <i>cation Code 12A.004; 19 TAC 102.1309</i>
		nnovation district may not be exempted from the following sec- s of the Education Code and the rules adopted thereunder:

- A state or federal requirement, imposed by statute or rule, applicable to an open-enrollment charter school operating under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D, including, but not limited to, the requirements listed in Education Code 12.104(b), and:
 - a. Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter B;
 - b. Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter A, sections 25.001, .002, .0021, .0031, and .004;
 - c. Education Code Chapter 28, sections 28.002, .0021, .0023, .005, .0051, .006, .016, .0211, .0213, .0217, .025, .0254, .02541, .0255, .0258, .0259, and .026;
 - d. Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter G;
 - e. Education Code Chapter 30, Subchapter A;
 - f. Education Code 30.104;
 - g. Education Code Chapter 34;
 - h. Education Code Chapter 37, sections 37.005, .006(I), .007(e), .011, .012, .013, and .020;
 - i. Education Code Chapter 39; and
 - j. Education Code Chapter 39A.
- Education Code Chapter 11, Subchapters A, C, D, and E, except that a district may be exempt from Education Code 11.1511(b)(5) and (14) and 11.162;
- 3. Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter C;
- 4. Education Code Chapter 12A;
- 5. Education Code Chapter 13;
- Education Code Chapter 44, sections 44.0011, .002, .003, .004, .0041, .005, .0051, .006, .007, .0071, .008, .009, .011, .0312, .032, .051, .052, .053, and .054;
- 7. Education Code Chapter 45, sections 45.003, .0031, .005, .105, .106, .202, and .203;
- 8. Education Code Chapter 46;
- 9. Education Code Chapter 48; and
- 10. Education Code Chapter 49.

		ddition to the prohibited exemptions specified above, an inno- on district may not be exempted from:
	1.	A requirement of a grant or other state program in which the district voluntarily participates;
	2.	Duties that the statute applies to the execution of that power if a district chooses to implement an authorized power that is optional under the terms of the statute;
	3.	A requirement of a grant or other state program authorized in the Education Code that would otherwise entitle the district to participation in that program; and
	4.	Requirements imposed by provisions outside the Education Code, including requirements under Government Code Chapter 822.
	19	TAC 102.1309; Education Code 12A.004
Adoption of Local Innovation Plan		e board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innovation n unless:
	1.	The final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district's website for at least 30 days;
	2.	The board has notified the commissioner of the board's inten- tion to vote on adoption of the proposed plan; and
	3.	The district-level committee [see BQA] has held a public meeting to consider the final version of the proposed plan and has approved the plan by a majority vote of the committee members. The public meeting may occur at any time, includ- ing up to or on the same date at which the board intends to vote on final adoption of the proposed plan.
		e board may adopt a proposed local innovation plan by an affir- tive vote of two-thirds of the membership of the board.
	a di long dan quir	adoption of a local innovation plan, the district is designated as strict of innovation for the term specified in the plan, but no ger than five calendar years, and shall begin operation in accor- ice with the plan. In addition, the district is exempt from state re- rements identified under Education Code 12A.003(b)(2). [See al Innovation Plan, above]
	alor	e district shall notify the commissioner of approval of the planing with a list of approved exemptions by completing the ency's form provided at 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(d).
		istrict's exemption under the plan includes any subsequent endment or redesignation of an identified state requirement, un-
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INNOVATION DISTRICTS AF (LEGAL)		
	less the subsequent amendment or redesignation specifically ap- plies to an innovation district.	
	The district shall ensure that a copy of the plan is posted on the district's website in accordance with Education Code 12A.0071, for the term of the designation as an innovation district.	
	Education Code 12A.005; 19 TAC 102.1307	
Notice to TEA	Not later than the 15th day after the date on which the board final- izes a local innovation plan either through adoption, amendment, or renewal, the district shall provide a link to the local innovation plan as posted on the district's website to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). TEA shall promptly post the current local innovation plan on the agency's website. <i>19 TAC 102.1307(g); Education Code 12A.0071(b)</i>	
Term	The term of a district's designation as a district of innovation may not exceed five years and is effective upon district approval and notification of the plan to the TEA. A district may only have one in- novation plan at any given time. <i>Education Code 12A.006; 19 TAC</i> <i>102.1311</i>	
Amendment, Rescission, or Renewal of Local Innovation Plan	A local innovation plan may be amended, rescinded, or renewed if the action is approved by a vote of the district-level committee [see BQA] and a two-thirds majority vote of the board of trustees.	
	An amendment to an approved plan does not change the date of the term of designation as an innovation district. Exemptions that were already formally approved are not required to be reviewed.	
	A district must notify TEA within five business days of rescission and provide a date at which time it will be in compliance with all sections of the Education Code, but no later than the start of the following school year.	
	During renewal, all sections of the plan and exemptions shall be re- viewed, and the district must follow all components outlined in 19 Administrative Code 102.1307 relating to Adoption of Local Innova- tion Plans.	
	The district shall notify the commissioner of any actions taken along with the associated exemptions and local approval dates.	
	Education Code 12A.007; 19 TAC 102.1313	
Website Posting	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of the district's current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's internet website. <i>Education Code 12A.0071(a); 19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>	

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INNOVATION DISTRIC	TS	AF (LEGAL)		
	trict	e district's innovation plan must be clearly posted on the dis- 's website for the term of the designation as an innovation dis- . 19 TAC 102.1307(f)		
Criminal History Background Checks	Coc crin	rohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education de Chapter 22, Subchapter C (district employee and volunteer ninal history records), applies to the same extent to a district of ovation or other charter entity.		
	und Info Em	The failure of a district of innovation to provide information required under Education Code 22.0832 (National Criminal History Record Information Review of Certain Open-Enrollment Charter School Employees) may result in termination of the district's designation as a district of innovation.		
	Edı	ıcation Code 22.0815(b)–(c)		
Termination by Commissioner Discretionary Termination		e commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- of innovation if the district receives for two consecutive school rs:		
	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;		
	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or		
	3.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054 for one of the school years and an unac- ceptable financial accountability rating under Education Code 39.082 for the other school year.		
	vati	e commissioner may permit the district to amend the local inno- on plan to address concerns specified by the commissioner in of terminating the district's designation.		
	Edı	ıcation Code 12A.008(a)–(b); 19 TAC 102.1315(a)(1)–(a)(2)		
	trict	e commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- of innovation if the district fails to comply with the duty to dis- rge or refuse to hire:		
	1.	Certain employees or applicants for employment under Edu- cation Code 12.1059;		
	2.	Certain employees or applicants convicted of certain offenses under Education Code 22.085; or		
	3.	Certain employees or applicants not eligible for employment in public schools under Education Code 22.092.		

INNOVATION DISTRICT	S AF (LEGAL)	
	<i>19 TAC 102.1315(a)(3); Education Code 12A.008(b-1)</i> [See DBAA, DF]	
Mandatory Termination	The commissioner shall terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district receives for three consecutive school years:	
	1. A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;	
	2. A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or	
	3. Any combination of one or more unacceptable ratings Educa- tion Code 39.054 and one or more unacceptable ratings un- der Education Code 39.082.	
	Education Code 12A.008(c); 19 TAC 102.1315(b)	
No Appeal	The commissioner's decision to terminate a district's designation as a district of innovation is final and may not be appealed. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 12A.008(d); 19 TAC 102.1315(d)</i>	

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS		AIE (LEGAL)
Special	The	commissioner may authorize a special investigation:
Investigations	1.	When excessive numbers of absences of students eligible to be tested on state assessment instruments are determined;
	2.	When excessive numbers of allowable exemptions from the required state assessment are determined;
	3.	In response to complaints to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) of alleged violations of civil rights or other requirements imposed on the state by federal law or court order;
	4.	In response to established compliance reviews of the district's financial accounting practices and state and federal reporting requirements;
	5.	When extraordinary numbers of student placements in disci- plinary alternative education programs, other than placements under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007, are determined;
	6.	In response to an allegation involving a conflict between members of the board or between the board and the district administration if it appears that the conflict involves a violation of a role or duty of the board members or the administration clearly defined by the Education Code. If TEA's findings indi- cate the board has observed a lawfully adopted policy, TEA may not substitute its judgment for that of the board;
	7.	When excessive numbers of students in special education programs are assessed through modified assessment instruments;
	8.	In response to an allegation regarding, or an analysis using a statistical method result indicating, a possible violation of an assessment instrument security procedure;
	9.	When a significant pattern of decreased academic perfor- mance has developed as a result of the promotion in the pre- ceding two school years of students who did not perform sat- isfactorily on the state assessments;
	10.	When excessive numbers of students eligible to enroll fail to complete an Algebra II course or any other advanced course as determined by the commissioner;
	11.	When resource allocation practices indicate a potential for significant improvement in resource allocation;
	12.	When a disproportionate number of students of a particular demographic group is graduating with a particular endorse- ment;

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS		AIE (LEGAL)		
		en an excessive number of students is graduating with a icular endorsement;		
	requ an e	en a school district for any reason fails to produce, at the uest of TEA, evidence or an investigation report relating to educator who is under investigation by the State Board for cator Certification;		
	ticul awa	en ten percent or more of the students graduating in a par- ar school year from a particular high school campus are irded a diploma based on the determination of an individ- graduation committee under Education Code 28.0258;		
	data requ is us scho	esponse to a complaint with respect to alleged inaccurate a that is reported through PEIMS or through other reports uired by state or federal law or rule or court order and that sed by TEA to make a determination relating to public col accountability, including accreditation, under Educa- Code Chapter 39;		
	cerr	esponse to repeated complaints submitted to TEA con- ning imposition of excessive paperwork requirements on sroom teachers; or		
	18. Ast	he commissioner otherwise determines necessary.		
	Education Code 39.003(a), (c)			
	TEA shall adopt written procedures for conducting special accredi- tation investigations, including procedures that allow TEA to obtain information from district employees in a manner that prevents a district or campus from screening the information. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.004(a)</i>			
-	Note:	The procedures for conducting a special investigation, holding a hearing following an investigation, the process for commissioner determinations, and judicial appeal are described in Education Code 39.004–.007.		
· · · ·	Based or may:	the results of a special investigation, the commissioner		

- 1. Take appropriate action under Education Code Chapter 39A, [see AIC];
- 2. Lower the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's performance rating; or

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS			AIE (LEGAL)	
	3.	Tak	e action under both items 1 and 2 above.	
	Edι	ucatio	n Code 39.003(d)	
	At any time before issuing a report with the TEA's final findin commissioner may defer taking the above action until:		•	
	1.	has gatio	erson who is a third party, selected by the commissioner, reviewed programs or other subjects of a special investi- on and submitted a report identifying problems and posing solutions;	
	2.		strict completes a corrective action plan developed by the missioner; or	
	3.	The	completion of actions under both items 1 and 2 above.	
	Education Code 39.003(e)			
	Based on the results of an action taken above, the commissioner may decline to take the deferred action. <i>Education Code 39.003(f)</i>			
	Note:		The procedures for an informal review or hearing follow- ing an investigation are described in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 157, Subchapter EE.	
Monitoring Reviews	con pro	nplian	ance with Education Code 7.028(a), TEA may monitor ce with requirements applicable to a process or program by a district, campus, or program, only as necessary to	
	1.	Con	npliance with federal law and regulations;	
	2.		ncial accountability, including compliance with grant re- ements;	
	3.	Data	a integrity for purposes of:	
		a.	The Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS); and	
		b.	Accountability under Education Code Chapter 39 and 39A; and	
	4.	Qua	lification for funding under Education Code Chapter 48.	
		nplies	d has primary responsibility for ensuring that the district with all applicable requirements of state educational pro-	
	Edı	ucatio	n Code 7.028	

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS	AIE (LEGAL)		
Compliance Monitoring Activities	Districts are subject to general supervision and monitoring activi- ties for compliance with state law and federal regulation and revie of program implementation and effectiveness within certain speci populations of students.		
	Activities may include:		
	 Random, targeted, or cyclical reviews authorized under Edu- cation Code 39.056 (monitoring reviews), conducted remotely or on-site to identify problems implementing state and federal requirements and to provide support for development of rea- sonable and appropriate strategies to address identified prob- lems; and/or 		
	 Intensive or special investigative remote or on-site reviews authorized under Education Code 39.057 (redesignated to Education Code 39.003, special investigations). 		
	Activities described in item 1, above, are applicable for compliance with requirements for reading diagnosis in Education Code 28.006 [see EKC] and dyslexia and related disorders in Education Code 38.003 and 19 Administrative Code 74.28 [see EHB].		
	19 TAC 97.1071(a)–(b)		
Notice	TEA shall give written notice to the superintendent and the board of trustees of any impending monitoring review. <i>Education Code</i> 39.056(d)		
Conducting the Review	A monitoring review may include desk reviews and on-site visits, including random on-site visits. In conducting a monitoring review, TEA may obtain information from administrators, other district employees, parents of students enrolled in the district, and other persons as necessary. <i>Education Code</i> 39.056(c), (g)		
Converting to a Special Investigation	The commissioner may at any time convert a monitoring review to a special investigation under Education Code 39.003, provided the commissioner promptly notifies the district of the conversion. <i>Education Code 39.056(h)</i>		
Improvements	TEA shall report in writing to the superintendent and president of the board and shall make recommendations concerning any necessary improvements or sources of aid such as regional education service centers. A district that takes action with regard to the recommendations provided by TEA shall make a reasonable effort to seek assistance from a third party in developing an action plan to improve district performance using improvement techniques that are goal-oriented and research-based. <i>Education Code 39.056(e)–(f)</i>		

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS	AIE (LEGAL)
Appeals	A decision by the commissioner under Education Code Chapter 39 or 39A is final and may not be appealed unless an applicable provision of Chapter 39 or 39A provides otherwise. <i>Education Code 39A.906</i> [See AIC]
Compliance Investigation	A compliance investigation is an investigation by TEA of a state education grant recipient to determine compliance with the statutory or rule requirements of a state education program. A compliance investigation is not a special accreditation investigation subject to Education Code 39.003 and 39.004 (above). <i>19 TAC</i> $102.1401(a)(1)$

	Note	e: If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, applicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]	
Notice of Polling Place	nam	written notice of a polling place location must state the building e, if any, and the street address, including the suite or room ber, if any, of the polling place. <i>Election Code 1.021</i>	
Election Order	The board shall order an election. An election to be held on a use form election date shall be ordered not later than the 78th day fore election day. <i>Election Code 3.004, .005</i>		
	Eacl	n election order must state:	
	1.	The date of the election;	
	2.	The offices or measures to be voted on;	
	3.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;	
	4.	The location of the main early voting polling place;	
	5.	The dates and hours for early voting; and	
	6.	The dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early vot- ing.	
	Elec	tion Code 3.006, 83.010, 85.004, .007	
	ing t tion elec	bard shall preserve the election order for the period for preserv- he precinct election records. The date and nature of each elec- shall be entered in the official records of the board. For an tion on a measure, the entry must include a description of the sure. <i>Election Code 3.008</i>	
Failure to Order an Election		ure to order a general election does not affect the validity of the tion. <i>Election Code 3.007</i>	
Election Notice	Noti	ce of the election must state:	
Contents	1.	The nature and date of the election;	
	2.	The location of each polling place;	

ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

	3.	The hours the polls will be open;		
	4.	The internet website of the authority conducting the election;		
	5.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;		
	6.	The location of the main early voting polling place; and		
	7.	The dates and hours for early voting, including the dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early voting.		
	Ele	ction Code 4.004(a), 83.010, 85.004, .007		
Notice of Special Election	fille	e notice of a special election must also state each office to be d or the proposition stating each measure to be voted on. <i>Elec- Code 4.004(b)</i>		
Publication	thai a nev nev with pub	Notice of the election shall be published at least once, not earlier than the 30th day or later than the tenth day before election day, in a newspaper published within the district's boundaries or in a newspaper of general circulation in the district if none is published within the district's boundaries. The board shall retain a copy of the published notice that contains the name of the newspaper and the date of publication. <i>Election Code</i> $4.003(a)(1)$, (c), $.005(a)$		
Posting	day elect Vot poll tain letin a co of ti con sha plac the .00	addition to the notice described above, not later than the 21st before election day, a county shall post a copy of a notice of ction provided to the county [see Notice to County Clerk and er Registrar, below], which must include the location of each ing place, on the county's internet website, if the county main- is a website. A district may post a copy of the notice on the bul- n board used for posting notices of the meetings of the board. If punty does not maintain a website, the district shall post a copy he notice of the election on the bulletin board used for posting ice of meetings of the board. The notice must remain posted tinuously through election day. The person posting the notice all make a record at the time of posting stating the date and ce of posting. The person shall sign the record and deliver it to board after the last posting is made. <i>Election Code 4.003(b)</i> , 5(b) istrict that maintains a website must post the notice described		
		ove on the internet website of the district. <i>Election Code</i>		

85.007(d)

	Note	•: For additional website posting requirements regarding the date and location of the next election, see CQA.	
Notice to County Clerk and Voter Registrar	The board shall deliver notice of the election, including the location of each polling place, to the county clerk and voter registrar of each county in which the district is located not later than the 60th day before election day. The county clerk shall post notice of the election, including the location of each polling place, on the county's internet website, if the county maintains a website, as provided by Election Code 4.003(b). <i>Election Code 4.008(a)</i> [See Posting, above]		
Notice to Election Judge	Not later than the 15th day before election day or the seventh day after the date the election is ordered, whichever is later, the board shall deliver to the presiding judge of each election precinct in which the election is to be held in the district a written notice of:		
	1.	The nature and date of the election;	
	2.	The location of the polling place for the precinct served by the judge;	
	3.	The hours that the polls will be open;	
	4.	The judge's duty to hold the election in the precinct specified by the notice; and	
	5.	The maximum number of clerks that the judge may appoint for the election.	
	Elec	tion Code 4.007	
Failure to Give Notice of Election	Failure to give notice of a general election does not affect the valid- ity of the election. <i>Election Code 4.006</i>		
Internet Posting	Not later than the 21st day before election day, a district that an election and maintains an internet website shall post on th public internet website for the district:		
	1.	The date of the next election;	
	2.	The location of each polling place;	
	3.	Each candidate for an elected office on the ballot; and	
	4.	Each measure on the ballot.	
	Election Code 4.009(b)		

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ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIC	ONS	BBBA (LEGAL)		
Filing Information Notice to Candidates	A district shall post notice of the dates of the filing period in a public place in a building in which the district has an office not later than the 30th day before the first day on which a candidate may file an application for a place on the ballot. A district shall designate an email address in the notice for the purpose of filing an application for a place on the ballot under Election Code 143.004, below. <i>Election Code 141.040</i>			
	Note	For additional website posting requirements regarding the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA.		
Application	appl appl throu scar thori	e entitled to a place on the ballot, a candidate must make an ication for a place on the ballot. An application, other than an ication required to be accompanied by fee, may be filed ugh email transmission of the completed application in a aned format to the email address designated by the filing auty in the notice required under Election Code 141.040, above. <i>tion Code 143.004</i>		
	A ca	ndidate application for a place on the ballot must:		
	1.	Be in writing;		
	2.	Be signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- ister an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the date that the candidate swears to the application;		
	3.	Be timely filed with the appropriate authority; and		
	4.	Include all statutorily required information.		
	Elec	tion Code 141.031, .039		
Deadline	An application for a place on the ballot may not be filed earlier than the 30th day before the date of the filing deadline.			
	An application must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 78th day before the date of the election for an election to be held on a uniform election date.			
	Edu	cation Code 11.055(a); Election Code 144.005(a), (d)		
Death of Candidate	If a candidate dies on or before the deadline for filing an applicat for a place on the ballot:			
	1.	The authority responsible for preparing the ballots may choose to omit the candidate from the ballot; and		
	2.	If the authority omits the candidate's name under item 1, the filing deadline for an application for a place on the ballot for		
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	the office sought by day after the filing of	the candidate is extended until the fifth leadline.	
	Election Code 145.098(l	b)	
Write-in Candidate	o.m. of the 74th day befo	candidacy must be filed not later than 5:00 ore election day for an election to be held te. <i>Education Code 11.056(b); Election</i>	
Special Election	An application for a plac iled before the election	e on a special election ballot may not be s ordered.	
	An application must be f	iled not later than:	
		nd day before election day if election day is day after the election is ordered; or	
	•	th day before election day if election day is day and before the 70th day after the date red.	
Exception	or state and county offic lay in November in even	be held on the date of the general election ers (the first Tuesday after the first Mon- n-numbered years under Election Code ling deadline is 6:00 p.m. of the 75th day	
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy for a special election must be filed not later than the filing deadline.		
	Election Code 201.054		
Delivery or Submission of Documents	When the Election Code provides for the delivery, submission, or filing of an application, notice, report, or other document or paper with an authority having administrative responsibility under that code, a delivery, submission, or filing with an employee of the dis- trict at the district's usual place for conducting official business con- stitutes filing with the district. The district may accept the document or paper at a place other than the district's usual place for conduct- ing official business.		
	Election Code may be m	or filing of a document or paper under the ade by personal delivery, mail, telephonic l, or any other method of transmission.	
	Election Code 1 007		

Election Code 1.007

Election of Unopposed Candidate Certification of Unopposed Status	The authority responsible for having the official ballot prepared shall certify in writing that a candidate is unopposed for election to an office if, were the election held, only the votes cast for that can- didate in the election for that office may be counted. The certifica- tion shall be delivered to the board as soon as possible after the fil- ing deadlines for placement on the ballot and list of write-in candidates.			
	A certification may be made following the filing of a withdrawal re- quest by a candidate after the deadline prescribed by Election Code 145.092 if:			
	. The withdrawal request is valid except for the un	timely filing;		
	. Ballots have not been prepared; and			
	. The other conditions for certification are met.			
	certification under these circumstances shall be deli oard as soon as possible.	vered to the		
	Election Code 2.052			
Special Election	For purposes of these provisions, a special election of a district is considered to be a separate election with a separate ballot from a general election for board members or another special election of the district held at the same time. <i>Election Code 2.051(a)</i>			
Single-Member Districts	In the case of an election in which any members of the board are elected from single-member districts, these provisions apply to the election in a particular single-member district if each candidate for an office that is to appear on the ballot in that single-member district is unopposed and no opposed at-large race is to appear on the ballot. These provisions apply to an unopposed at-large race in such an election regardless of whether an opposed race is to appear on the ballot in a particular territorial unit. <i>Election Code</i> 2.051(b)			
Action on Certification	On receipt of the certification, the board by order or ordinance shall declare each unopposed candidate elected to office. If a declaration is made, the election is not held.			
	If no election is to be held on election day by the district, a copy of the order or ordinance shall be posted on election day at each polling place used or that would have been used in the election.			
	The ballots used at a separate election held at the same time as an election that would have been held if the candidates were not de- clared elected shall include the offices and names of the candi- dates declared elected listed separately after the measures or con- tested races in the separate election under the heading			
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	"Unopposed Candidates Declared Elected." The candidates shall be grouped in the same relative order prescribed for the ballot gen- erally. No votes are cast in connection with the unopposed candi- dates.				
	Ele	ction	Code 2.053		
	-	[See BBBB regarding issuance of a certificate of election to an opposed candidate declared elected and qualification for office.			
Ballot		ballo apter s	ot shall be prepared in accordance with Election Code 52.		
Drawing	The district shall conduct a drawing to determine the order of the candidates' names in an election at which the names of more than one candidate for the same office are to appear on the ballot. The district shall post in the district's office a notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing. The notice must remain posted continuously for 72 hours immediately preceding the scheduled time of the drawing. The district shall provide notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing to each candidate by:				
	1.	Writ	tten notice:		
		a.	Mailed to the address stated on the candidate's applica- tion for a place on the ballot, not later than the fourth day before the date of the drawing; or		
		b.	Provided at the time the candidate files an application with the district;		
	2.		ephone, if a telephone number is provided on the candi- e's application for a place on the ballot; or		
	3.		ail, if an email address is provided on the candidate's ap- ation for a place on the ballot.		
	Each candidate affected by a drawing is entitled to be present or have a representative present at the drawing.				
	<i>Election Code 52.093–.094</i> [See BBBB regarding ballot order in runoff election or election to resolve a tie.]				
	whi nan	ch ea	or an election by position must clearly show the position for ch person is a candidate. A board shall arrange by lot the f the candidates for each position. <i>Education Code</i>		
Election Services Contract	The county election officer, as defined by Election Code 31.091(1), may contract with the board of a district situated wholly or partly in the county served by the officer to perform election services, as				

	provided by Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter D, in any one or more elections ordered by the board.	;			
	If requested to do so by a district, the county elections administra- tor, as defined under Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B, shall enter into a contract to furnish the election services request in accordance with a cost schedule agreed on by the contracting parties. A county elections administrator is not required to enter into a contract to furnish elections services for an election held or the first Saturday in May in an even-numbered year.	ed			
	Election Code 31.092, .093, 41.001(d)				
Election Judges and Clerks	By written order, a board shall appoint a presiding election judge and an alternate presiding judge for each election precinct in which an election is held. A board shall prescribe the maximum number of clerks that each presiding judge may appoint for each election. The judges and clerks shall be selected and serve in accordance with Election Code Chapter 32. <i>Election Code 32.001(a), .008, .033</i>				
Confidentiality	An email address or personal phone number of an election judge or clerk collected or maintained by the authority conducting the election is confidential and does not constitute public information for purposes of Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).				
Exception	An email address or phone number of an election judge or clerk shall be made available on request to:				
	 Any entity eligible to submit lists of election judges or clerks for that election; or 				
	 The state executive committee of a political party with a county chair eligible to submit lists of election judges or cler for that election. 	ks			
	Election Code 32.076				
Polling Places	A board shall designate polling places for election day and early voting. Each polling place shall be accessible to and usable by the elderly and persons with physical disabilities. <i>Election Code</i> 43.004, .034, Ch. 85 (early voting by personal appearance)				
	In an election held on the November uniform election date, a dis- trict shall use the regular county election precincts. The district shall designate as the polling places for the election the regular county polling places in the county election precincts that contain territory from the district. <i>Election Code 42.002(a)(5), .0621,</i> <i>43.004(b)</i>				

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ELECTIONS BI CONDUCTING ELECTIONS (LEG					
Electioneering	A person commits an offense if, during the voting period and within 100 feet of an outside door through which a voter may enter the building in which a polling place is located, the person loiters or electioneers for or against any candidate, measure, or political party.				
	A district that owns or controls a public building being used as a polling place or early voting polling place may not, at any time dur- ing the voting period or early voting period, as applicable, prohibit electioneering on the building's premises outside of the area de- scribed above, but may enact reasonable regulations concerning the time, place, and manner of electioneering.				
Definitions	"Electioneering" includes the posting, use, or distribution of political signs or literature. The term does not include the distribution of a notice of a party convention authorized under Election Code 172.1114.				
	"Voting period" means the period beginning when the polls open for voting and ending when the polls close or the last voter has voted, whichever is later.				
	"Early voting period" means the period prescribed by Election Code 85.001.				
	Election Code 61.003, 85.036				
Early Voting	In each election, early voting shall be conducted by personal appearance at an early voting polling place and by mail, in accordance with Election Code Title 7, Chapters 81–114. <i>Election Code 81.001</i>				
November Early Voting Polling Places	In an election on the November uniform election date in which the district is not holding a joint election with a county and has not exe- cuted a contract with a county elections officer under which the dis- trict and the county share early voting polling places, the district:				
	 Shall designate as an early voting polling place for the elec- tion an eligible county polling place located in the district; and 				
	2. May not designate as an early voting polling place a location other than an eligible county polling place unless each eligible county polling place located in the district is designated as an early voting polling place by the district.				
	"Eligible county polling place" means an early voting polling place established by a county.				
	Election Code 85.010(a), (a-1), (b)				

Temporary Branch Days and Hours <i>County With</i> 100,000 or More	Election Code 85.064 applies only to an election in which the terri- tory served by the early voting clerk is situated in a county with a population of 100,000 or more. In an election in which the territory served by the clerk is situated in more than one county, that sec- tion applies if the sum of the populations of the counties is 100,000 or more.			
	Early voting by personal appearance at each temporary branch polling place shall be conducted on the days that voting is required to be conducted at the main early voting polling place under Elec- tion Code 85.005 and remain open for at least:			
	1. Eight hours each day; or			
	2. Three hours each day if the city or county clerk does not serve as the early voting clerk for the territory holding the election and the territory has fewer than 1,000 registered voters.			
	The authority authorized under Election Code 85.006 to order early voting on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner pre- scribed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.			
	Election Code 85.064			
County With Less Than 100,000	Election Code 85.065 applies only to an election in which the terri- tory served by the early voting clerk is situated in a county with a population under 100,000. In an election in which the territory served by the clerk is situated in more than one county, this section applies if the sum of the populations of the counties is under 100,000.			
	Except as provided below, voting at a temporary branch polling place may be conducted on any days and during any hours of the period for early voting by personal appearance, as determined by the authority establishing the branch. The authority authorized un- der Election Code 85.006 to order early voting on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner prescribed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.			
	Voting at a temporary branch polling place must be conducted on at least two consecutive business days and for at least eight con- secutive hours on each of those days.			

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ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTIO	ONS		BBBA (LEGAL)		
			dules for conducting voting are not required to be uniform e temporary branch polling places.		
	Elec	tion (Code 85.065		
Records Branch Daily Register	form webs early num	at, a site o v voti ber fo	voting clerk shall provide, in a downloadable database current copy of the register for posting on the internet of the district, if the district maintains a website, each day ng is conducted. At a minimum, the voter registration or each voter listed in the register must be posted. <i>Elec-</i> e 85.072		
Early Voting Rosters	The early voting clerk shall maintain for each election a roster list- ing each person who votes an early voting ballot by personal ap- pearance and a roster listing each person to whom an early voting ballot to be voted by mail is sent. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by personal appearance shall be made available for public inspection as provided below no later than 11 a.m. on the day after the date the information is en- tered on the roster. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by mail shall be made available for pu lic inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day following the day the early voting clerk receives any ballot voted b mail.				
	The information must be made available:				
	1.	For cler	an election in which the county clerk is the early voting		
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the county; or		
		b.	If the county does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of meetings of the commis- sioners court; or		
	2.	For	an election not described by item 1:		
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the district; or		
		b.	If the district does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of board meetings.		
	Elec	tion (Code 87.121(a), (g)–(i)		
Conducting Elections	Elections shall be conducted in accordance with Election Code Ti- tle 6, Chapters 61–68.				

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ELECTIONS B CONDUCTING ELECTIONS (LEC		
Bilingual Materials Spanish	Bilingual election materials shall be used in each election precinct situated wholly or partly in a county in which five percent or more of the inhabitants are persons of Spanish origin or descent according to the most recent federal decennial census that may be officially recognized or acted upon by the state or political subdivisions. <i>Election Code 272.002</i>	
Other Languages	If the director of the census determines that a district must provide election materials in a language other than English or Spanish, the district shall provide election materials in that language in the same manner in which the district would be required to provide materials in Spanish, to the extent applicable. <i>Election Code 272.011; 52 U.S.C. 10503</i>	
Voting Systems	A voting system shall be adopted and utilized in accordance with Election Code Title 8.	
Accessible Voting Stations	Except as provided below, each polling place must provide at least one voting station that complies with Section 504 of the Rehabilita- tion Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) and its subsequent amendments, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. Section 12131 et seq.) and its subsequent amendments, and the requirements for accessibility under 52 U.S.C. Section 21081(a)(3) [formerly 42 U.S.C. Section 15481(a)(3)] and its sub- sequent amendments, and that provides a practical and effective means for voters with physical disabilities to cast a secret ballot. <i>Election Code 61.012</i>	
Electronic Voting System Exceptions	For an election other than an election of a district that is held jointly with another election in which a federal office appears on the ballot, a district is not required to meet the requirements for accessibility under Election Code $61.012(a)(1)(C)$ if the district is located in a county that meets certain population and other requirements set forth in Election Code $61.013(a)$. A district that intends to use this provision to provide fewer voting stations that meet the requirements for accessibility than required must provide notice under Election Code $61.013(d)$. <i>Election Code</i> 61.013	

Planning and Decision-Making Process	A board shall adopt a policy to establish a district- and campus- level planning and decision-making process that will involve the professional staff of a district, parents of students enrolled in a dis- trict, business representatives, and community members in estab- lishing and reviewing the district's and campuses' educational plans, goals, performance objectives, and major classroom instruc- tional programs. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>		
	The	planning and decision-making requirements do not:	
	1.	Prohibit a board from conducting meetings with teachers or groups of teachers other than the district-level committee meetings.	
	2.	Prohibit a board from establishing policies providing avenues for input from others, including students or paraprofessional staff, in district- or campus-level planning and decision mak- ing.	
	3.	Limit or affect the power of a board to govern the public schools.	
	4.	Create a new cause of action or require collective bargaining.	
	Education Code 11.251(g)		
Evaluation	of th and leve tive	east every two years, a district shall evaluate the effectiveness ne district's decision-making and planning policies, procedures, staff development activities related to district- and campus- el decision making and planning to ensure that they are effec- ly structured to positively impact student performance. <i>Educa- Code 11.252(d)</i>	
Administrative Procedure	to c peri con area	bard shall ensure that an administrative procedure is provided learly define the respective roles and responsibilities of the su- ntendent, central office staff, principals, teachers, district-level mittee members, and campus-level committee members in the as of planning, budgeting, curriculum, staffing patterns, staff de- opment, and school organization.	
	mał min spo	bard shall ensure that the district-level planning and decision- king committee will be actively involved in establishing the ad- istrative procedure that defines the respective roles and re- nsibilities pertaining to planning and decision making at the rict and campus levels.	
	Edu	cation Code 11.251(d)	
Federal Requirements	requ	district policy must provide that all pertinent federal planning uirements are addressed through the district- and campus-level uning process. <i>Education Code 11.251(f)</i>	
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Required Plans	mer ann den	oard shall ensure that a district improvement plan and improve- nt plans for each campus are developed, reviewed, and revised ually for the purpose of improving the performance of all stu- ts. A board shall annually approve district and campus perfor- nce objectives and shall ensure that the district and campus ns:
	1.	Are mutually supportive to accomplish the identified objec- tives; and
	2.	At a minimum, support the state goals and objectives under Education Code Chapter 4.
	Edu	ucation Code 11.251(a)
Shared Services Arrangement for DAEP Services	cipli resp mer perf	ch district participating in a shared services arrangement for dis- inary alternative education program (DAEP) services shall be consible for ensuring that the board-approved district improve- nt plan and the improvement plans for each campus include the formance of the DAEP student group for the respective district. e identified objectives for the improvement plans shall include:
	1.	Student groups served, including overrepresentation of stu- dents from economically disadvantaged families, with ethnic and racial representations, with a disability who receive spe- cial education services, or receiving limited English profi- ciency/English learner services;
	2.	Attendance rates;
	3.	Pre- and post-assessment results;
	4.	Dropout rates;
	5.	Graduation rates; and
	6.	Recidivism rates.
	19	TAC 103.1201(b) [See FOCA]
District Improvement Plan	eva by t mitt dist mar resp	istrict shall have a district improvement plan that is developed, luated, and revised annually, in accordance with district policy, he superintendent with the assistance of the district-level com- ee. The purpose of the district improvement plan is to guide rict and campus staff in the improvement of student perfor- nce for all student groups in order to attain state standards in pect to the achievement indicators. <i>Education Code 11.252(a)</i> e AIA]
Availability to TEA		istrict's plan for the improvement of student performance is not I with the Texas Education Agency (TEA), but the district must

		e the 52(b)	•	available to TEA on request. Education Code	
Required	The district improvement plan must include provisions for:				
Provisions	1.	on th sure grou socie prog	ne ac s of p ps se oecor rams	hensive needs assessment addressing performance hievement indicators, and other appropriate mea- berformance, that are disaggregated by all student erved by a district, including categories of ethnicity, nomic status, sex, and populations served by special , including students in special education programs ucation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.	
	2.	achi stud Cod dent	evem ents i e Cha perfo	ble district performance objectives for all appropriate ent indicators for all student populations, including in special education programs under Education apter 29, Subchapter A, and other measures of stu- ormance that may be identified through the compre- needs assessment.	
	3.	Stra clud	-	s for improvement of student performance that in-	
		a.		uctional methods for addressing the needs of stu- groups not achieving their full potential.	
		b.		ence-based practices that address the needs of stu- s for special programs, including:	
			(1)	Suicide prevention programs, in accordance with Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter G, which include a parental or guardian notification proce- dure [see FFEB];	
			(2)	Conflict resolution programs;	
			(3)	Violence prevention programs; and	
			(4)	Dyslexia treatment programs.	
		C.	Drop	pout reduction.	
		d.		gration of technology in instructional and administra- programs.	
		e.	terve	tive behavior interventions and support, including in- entions and support that integrate best practices on -informed and trauma-informed care.	
		_			

f. Staff development for professional staff of a district.

		g.	Career education to assist students in developing the knowledge, skills, and competencies necessary for a broad range of career opportunities.
		h.	Accelerated education.
		i.	Implementation of a comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005. [See FFEA]
	4.	junio teacl	regies for providing to elementary school, middle school, r high school, and high school students, those students' hers and school counselors, and those students' parents mation about:
		а.	Higher education admissions and financial aid opportuni- ties, including state financial aid opportunities such as the TEXAS grant program and the Teach for Texas grant program.
		b.	The need for students to make informed curriculum choices to be prepared for success beyond high school.
		C.	Sources of information on higher education admissions and financial aid.
	5.	Reso	purces needed to implement identified strategies.
	6.	Staff strate	responsible for ensuring the accomplishment of each egy.
	7.		lines for ongoing monitoring of the implementation of improvement strategy.
	8.	whet	native evaluation criteria for determining periodically ther strategies are resulting in intended improvement of ent performance.
	9.		policy under Education Code 38.0041 addressing sexual e and other maltreatment of children. [See FFG]
	10.		trauma-informed care policy required under Education e 38.036. [See FFBA]
	Edu	cation	Code 11.252(a)
Law Enforcement Duties	cers	, and	nforcement duties of peace officers, school resource offi- security personnel must be included in the district im- t plan. <i>Education Code 37.081(d)(1)</i> [See CKE]
Discipline Management	gran	n to b	shall adopt and implement a discipline management pro- e included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education</i> 083(a) [See FNC]

Bullying Prevention The policy and any necessary procedures adopted under Education Code 37.0832(d)(2) [See FFI] Mental Health, Substance Abuse, and Suicide The practices and procedures developed under Education Code 38.351(i) or (i-1) (mental health promotion and intervention, sub- stance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide prevention) must be included in the district improvement plan. Education Code 38.351(k)(2) [See FFEB] Campus-Level Plan Each school year, the principal of each school campus, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, shall develop, review, and revise the campus improvement plan for the purpose of im- proving student performance for all student populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, with respect to the student achievement indicators and any other appropriate performance measures for special needs populations. Education Code 11.253(c) Each campus improvement plan must: 1. Assess the academic achievement for each student in the school using the achievement indicator system. 2. Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. 3. Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student. 4. Determine the resources needed to implement the plan. 5. Identify staff needed to implement the plan. 6. Set timelines for reaching the goals.		Dating Violence	inclu	strict shall adopt and implement a dating violence policy to be ded in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code 37.0831</i> FFH]
Substance Abuse, and Suicide38.351(i) or (i-1) (mental health promotion and intervention, sub- stance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide prevention) must be included in the district improvement plan. Education Code 38.351(k)(2) [See FFEB]Campus-Level PlanEach school year, the principal of each school campus, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, shall develop, review, and revise the campus improvement plan for the purpose of im- proving student performance for all student populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, with respect to the student achievement indicators and any other appropriate performance measures for special needs populations. Education Code 11.253(c)Each campus improvement plan must:1.Assess the academic achievement indicator system.2.Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.3.3.1.4.Determine the resources needed to implement the plan.5.5.6.6.7.7.8.			tion	Code 37.083(c) (concerning bullying) must be included in the
 assistance of the campus-level committee, shall develop, review, and revise the campus improvement plan for the purpose of improving student performance for all student populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, with respect to the student achievement indicators and any other appropriate performance measures for special needs populations. <i>Education Code 11.253(c)</i> Each campus improvement plan must: Assess the academic achievement for each student in the school using the achievement indicator system. Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student. Determine the resources needed to implement the plan. Identify staff needed to implement the plan. Set timelines for reaching the goals. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 		Substance Abuse, and	38.3 stan must	51(i) or (i-1) (mental health promotion and intervention, sub- ce abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide prevention) t be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i>
 Assess the academic achievement for each student in the school using the achievement indicator system. Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student. Determine the resources needed to implement the plan. Identify staff needed to implement the plan. Set timelines for reaching the goals. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 	Carr	npus-Level Plan	assis and prov stude Chap indic	stance of the campus-level committee, shall develop, review, revise the campus improvement plan for the purpose of im- ing student performance for all student populations, including ents in special education programs under Education Code pter 29, Subchapter A, with respect to the student achievement ators and any other appropriate performance measures for
 school using the achievement indicator system. Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student. Determine the resources needed to implement the plan. Identify staff needed to implement the plan. Set timelines for reaching the goals. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			Each	n campus improvement plan must:
 achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. 3. Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student. 4. Determine the resources needed to implement the plan. 5. Identify staff needed to implement the plan. 6. Set timelines for reaching the goals. 7. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. 8. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. 9. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			1.	
 Determine the resources needed to implement the plan. Identify staff needed to implement the plan. Set timelines for reaching the goals. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			2.	achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education
 Identify staff needed to implement the plan. Set timelines for reaching the goals. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			3.	Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student.
 6. Set timelines for reaching the goals. 7. Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. 8. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. 9. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			4.	Determine the resources needed to implement the plan.
 Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			5.	Identify staff needed to implement the plan.
 cally to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement. 8. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus. 9. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at 			6.	Set timelines for reaching the goals.
vention on campus. 9. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at			7.	cally to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improve-
			8.	•
			9.	

- 10. If the campus is an elementary, middle, or junior high school, set goals and objectives for the coordinated health program at the campus based on:
 - a. Student fitness assessment data, including any data from research-based assessments such as the school health index assessment and planning tool created by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;
 - b. Student academic performance data;
 - c. Student attendance rates;
 - d. The percentage of students who are educationally disadvantaged;
 - e. The use and success of any method to ensure that students participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity; and
 - f. Any other indicator recommended by the local school health advisory council.

Education Code 11.253(d)

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CA	FISCAL MANAGEMENT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
CAA	Financial Ethics
CB	STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES
CBA	State
CBB	Federal
CC	LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES
CCA	Bond Issues
CCB	Time Warrants
CCC	Certificates of Indebtedness
CCD	Recreational Facilities Bonds
CCE	Athletic Stadium Authority
CCF	Loans and Notes
CCG	Ad Valorem Taxes
CCGA	Exemptions and Payments
CCGB	Economic Development
CCH	Appraisal District
CD	OTHER REVENUES
CDA	Investments
CDB	Sale, Lease, or Exchange of School-Owned Property
CDBA	Revenue Bonds from Proceeds
CDC	Gifts and Solicitations
CDD	Rentals and Service Charges
CDE	Shop Sales
CDF	Royalties
CDG	Gate Receipts, Concessions
CDH	Public and Private Facilities
CE	ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET
CEA	Financial Exigency
CF	ACCOUNTING
CFA	Financial Reports and Statements
CFB	Inventories
CFC	Audits
CFD	Activity Funds Management
CFE	Payroll Procedures
CFEA	Salary Deductions and Reductions
CFF	Checking Accounts
CFG	Cash in School Buildings
CG	BONDED EMPLOYEES AND OFFICERS
DATE ISSUED: 5	5/16/2023

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CH	PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION
CHB	Petty Cash Account
CHD	Purchasing Procedures
CHE	Vendor Disclosures and Contracts
CHF	Payment Procedures
CHG	Real Property and Improvements
CHH	Financing Personal Property Purchases
CI	SCHOOL PROPERTIES DISPOSAL
CJ	CONTRACTED SERVICES
CJA	Criminal History
CK	SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT
CKA	Inspections
CKB	Accident Prevention and Reports
CKC	Emergency Plans
CKD	Emergency Medical Equipment and Procedures
CKE	Security Personnel
CKEA	Commissioned Peace Officers
CKEB	School Marshals
CKEC	School Resource Officers
CKED	Other Security Arrangements
CL	BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT
CLA	Security
CLB	Maintenance
CLC	Traffic and Parking Controls
CLD	Records and Reports
CLE	Flag Displays
CM	EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT
CMA	Receiving and Warehousing
CMB	Authorized Uses of Equipment and Supplies
CMD	Instructional Materials Care and Accounting
CN	TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT
CNA	Student Transportation
CNB	District Vehicles
CNBA	Bus Maintenance
CNC	Transportation Safety
CO	FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT
COA	Procurement
COB	Free and Reduced-Price Meals
COC	Vending Machines
DATE ISSUED: 5	/16/2023

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CP	OFFICE MANAGEMENT
CPA	Office Communications
CPAA	Printing and Duplicating
CPAB	Mail and Delivery
CPAC	Telephone
CPC	Records Management
CQ	TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES
CQA	District, Campus, and Classroom Websites
CQB	Cybersecurity
CQC	Equipment
CR	INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT
CRA	Property Insurance
CRB	Liability Insurance
CRD	Health and Life Insurance
CRE	Workers' Compensation
CRF	Unemployment Insurance
CRG	Deferred Compensation and Annuities
CS	FACILITY STANDARDS
CSA	Safety and Security
CSB	Gas and Pipelines
СТ	FACILITIES PLANNING
CV	FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION
CVA	Competitive Bidding
CVB	Competitive Sealed Proposals
CVC	Construction Manager-Agent
CVD	Construction Manager-at-Risk
CVE	Design-Build
CVF	Job Order Contracts
CW	NAMING FACILITIES
СХ	CONTRACTS FOR FACILITIES
CY	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

	with a fee cluding p buildings nor, shall eral finar	as Education Agency (TEA) may enter into an agreement deral agency concerning a project related to education, in- rovision of school lunches and construction of school . TEA, or another state agency designated by the gover- coordinate the actions of a district participating in a fed- icial assistance program. <i>Education Code 7.021(b), (c);</i> <i>de 742.003</i>			
Retirement and Insurance Contributions	Act, Insu money pr source sl ployee's state con	e Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Benefits rance Code Chapter 1575, a district that applies for rovided by the United States or a privately sponsored hall, if any of the money will pay part or all of an active em- salary, also apply for any legally available money to pay tributions required by Insurance Code Chapter 1575, Sub- E. Insurance Code 1575.252			
		Such district must comply with the requirements of Insurance Code Chapter 1575, Subchapter F. <i>Insurance Code 1575.252(2)–.257</i>			
	Under the Teacher Retirement System, Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C, if a district applies for money provided by the United States, an agency of the United States, or a privately sponsored source, and if any of the money will pay part or all of an em- ployee's salary, the district shall apply for any legally available money to pay state contributions required by Government Code 825.404 or 830.201. <i>Gov't Code 825.406(a)</i>				
	Such dist	trict must comply with the requirements of Government 5.406.			
Block Grant Funds	used as f dence to manner s block gra meeting of hearing in clearly no	ct receives more than \$5,000 in block grant funds to be the district determines is appropriate, it shall provide evi- TEA that a public meeting or hearing was held in a timely solely to seek public comment on the needs or uses of int funds received by the district. The board may hold this or hearing in conjunction with another board meeting or f the meeting or hearing to consider block grant funds is oted in an announcement of the other meeting or hearing. <i>de 2105.058</i>			
Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR)	Note:	For information regarding procurement under state law, see the CH policy series regarding Purchasing and Ac- quisition and the CV series regarding Facilities Construc- tion.			
-		For additional legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procurement, see COA.			

	Regulatio	neans the Education Department General Administrative ns (34 C.F.R. 75, 76, 77, 79, 81, 82, 84, 86, 97, 98, and <i>.F.R. 77.1(c)</i>			
Uniform Guidance (2 C.F.R. 200)	ment and Guidance Thus, 2 C the OMB	The Department of Education (ED) adopts the Office of Manage- ment and Budget (OMB) Guidance in 2 C.F.R. Part 200 Uniform Guidance, except for 2 C.F.R. 200.102(a) and 2 C.F.R. 200.207(a). Thus, 2 C.F.R. Chapter XXXIV, Part 3474 gives regulatory effect to the OMB guidance and supplements the guidance as needed for the ED. <i>2 C.F.R.</i> 3474.1			
	ments, co to non-feo	orm Guidance establishes uniform administrative require- ost principles, and audit requirements for federal awards deral entities, including school districts, as described in 2 0.101 (Applicability). 2 C.F.R.200.100(a)(1)			
	Note:	For more information on EDGAR, the Uniform Guidance, and the federal regulations that apply to federal educa- tion grant awards, visit TEA's <u>EDGAR Materials and Re-</u> <u>sources</u> ¹ and the ED's <u>EDGAR website</u> ² and <u>Uniform</u> <u>Guidance website</u> . ³			
General Compliance		is responsible for complying with all requirements of the vard. 2 C.F.R. 200.300(b)			
	cates a re indicates	ut 2 C.F.R. Part 200 when the word "must" is used it indi- equirement. Whereas, use of the word "should" or "may" a best practice or recommended approach rather than a ent and permits discretion. $2 C.F.R. 200.101(b)(1)$			
<i>Disclosures</i> Conflicts	the federa TEA) in a	must disclose in writing any potential conflict of interest to al awarding agency (e.g., ED) or pass-through entity (e.g., ccordance with applicable federal awarding agency pol- <i>.R. 200.112</i>			
Crimes	awarding criminal la tially affec sures can	must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the federal agency or pass-through entity all violations of federal aw involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations poten- cting the federal award. Failure to make required disclo- result in any of the remedies described in 2 C.F.R. Remedies for Noncompliance). <i>2 C.F.R. 200.113</i>			
Procurement Standards District Procedures	dures, con and the si erty or se	ct must have and use documented procurement proce- nsistent with state, local, and tribal laws and regulations tandards of 2 C.F.R. 200.318, for the acquisition of prop- rvices required under a federal award or subaward. The documented procurement procedures [see Competition,			

	below] must conform to the procurement standards identified in 2 C.F.R. 200.317 through 200.327.
Oversight	The district must maintain oversight to ensure that contractors per- form in accordance with the terms, conditions, and specifications of their contracts or purchase orders.
Conflicts of Interest	The district must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees en- gaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts. No employee, officer, or agent may participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a federal award if he or she has a real or apparent conflict of interest. A conflict of interest would arise when the employee, officer, or agent, any member of his or her immediate family, his or her partner, or an organization that employs or is about to employ any of these parties, has a financial or other interest in or a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract. The officers, employees, and agents of the district may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontracts. However, districts may set standards for situations in which the financial interest is not substantial or the gift is an unsolicited item of nominal value. The standards of conduct must provide for disciplinary actions to be applied for violations of such standards by officers, employees, or agents of the district. [See BBFA, CAA(LO-CAL), CB(LOCAL), DBD]
Records	The district must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of procurement. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price. [See Pre-procurement Review and Contract Cost and Price, below]
	2 C.F.R. 200.318(a), (b), (c)(1), (i)
	[See 2 C.F.R. 200.334 for record retention requirements.]
inancial Ianagement	The district's financial management systems, including records documenting compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award, must be sufficient to permit the preparation of reports required by general and program-specific terms and conditions; and the tracing of funds to a level of expenditures adequate to establish that such funds have been used according to the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award. [See also 2 C.F.R. 200.450

(Lobbying)]

The district's financial management system must comply with 2 C.F.R. 200.302(b). [See also 2 C.F.R. 200.334 (Retention requirements for records), .335 (Requests for transfer of records), .336 (Methods for collection, transmission and storage of information), and .337 (Access to records)]

2 C.F.R. 200.302

Internal Controls The district must:

- 1. Establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the district is managing the award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- 2. Comply with the U.S. Constitution, federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award.
- 3. Evaluate and monitor the district's compliance with statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of federal awards.
- 4. Take prompt action when instances of noncompliance are identified including noncompliance identified in audit findings.
- 5. Take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other information the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity designates as sensitive or the district considers sensitive consistent with applicable federal, state, local, and tribal laws regarding privacy and responsibility over confidentiality.

2 C.F.R. 200.303

"Internal controls" for districts means processes designed and implemented by districts to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories:

- 1. Effectiveness and efficiency of operations;
- 2. Reliability of reporting for internal and external use; and
- 3. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

2 C.F.R. 200.1

Informal Procurement Methods	methods of procurement used for the acquisition of property or services required under a federal award or sub-award. <i>2 C.F. R. 200.320</i> When the value of the procurement for property or services under a federal award does not exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in 2 C.F.R. 200.1, or a lower threshold established
	vices required under a federal award or sub-award. 2 C.F. R.
Procurement Methods	The district must have and use documented procurement proce- dures, consistent with the standards of 2 C.F.R. 200.320 and 200.317 (Procurements by states), 200.318 (General procurement standards), and 200.319 (Competition) for any of the following
	2 C.F.R. 200.319
	Noncompetitive procurements can only be awarded in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.320(c).
	The district must ensure that all prequalified lists of persons, firms, or products which are used in acquiring goods and services are current and include enough qualified sources to ensure maximum open and free competition. Also, the district must not preclude po- tential bidders from qualifying during the solicitation period.
	The district must have written procedures for procurement transac- tions. These procedures must ensure that all solicitations meet the requirements of 2 C.F.R. 200.319(d). [See Procurement Stan- dards, above]
	The district must conduct procurements in a manner that prohibits the use of statutorily or administratively imposed state, local, or tribal geographical preferences in the evaluation of bids or propos- als, except in those cases where applicable federal statutes ex- pressly mandate or encourage geographic preference. Nothing in this provision preempts state licensing laws. When contracting for architectural and engineering services, geographic location may be a selection criterion provided its application leaves an appropriate number of qualified firms, given the nature and size of the project, to compete for the contract.
	In order to ensure objective contractor performance and eliminate unfair competitive advantage, contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or invitations for bids or requests for proposals must be excluded from competing for such procurements.
Competition	All procurement transactions for the acquisition of property or ser- vices required under a federal award must be conducted in a man- ner providing full and open competition consistent with the stan- dards of 2 C.F.R. 200.319 and 200.320 (Methods of procurement to be followed).

	by a district, formal procurement methods are not required. The district may use informal procurement methods to expedite the completion of its transactions and minimize the associated admin- istrative burden and cost. The informal methods used for procure- ment of property or services at or below the simplified acquisition threshold include:
Micro- Purchases— Definitions	"Micro-purchase" means a purchase of supplies or services, the aggregate amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold. Micro-purchases comprise a subset of a district's small purchases as defined in 2 C.F.R. 200.320.
	"Micro-purchase threshold" means the dollar amount at or below which a district may purchase property or services using micro-pur- chase procedures. Generally, the micro-purchase threshold for procurement activities administered under federal awards is not to exceed the amount set by the Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) at 48 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart 2.1 [see below], unless a higher threshold is requested by the district and approved by the cog- nizant agency for indirect costs.
	2 C.F.R. 200.1
	Micro-purchase threshold means \$10,000, except as provided by 48 C.F.R. 2.101. 48 C.F.R. 2.101
Micro- Purchase Distribution	The acquisition of supplies or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold. [See the definition of "micro-purchase" above.] To the maximum extent practicable, the district should distribute micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers. $2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(i)$
Micro- Purchase Awards	Micro-purchases may be awarded without soliciting competitive price or rate quotations if the district considers the price to be reasonable based on research, experience, purchase history or other information and documents it files accordingly. Purchase cards can be used for micro-purchases if procedures are documented and approved by the district. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(ii)</i>
Micro- Purchase Thresholds	The district is responsible for determining and documenting an appropriate micro-purchase threshold based on internal controls, an evaluation of risk, and its documented procurement procedures. The micro-purchase threshold used by the district must be authorized or not prohibited under state, local, or tribal laws or regulations. Districts may establish a threshold higher than the federal threshold established in the FAR in accordance with 2 C.F.R. $200.320(a)(1)(iv)$ and (v). 2 C.F.R. $200.320(a)(1)(iii)$
	Districts may establish a threshold higher than the micro-purchase threshold identified in the FAR in accordance with the requirements
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	\$50 be r acc cluc	C.F.R. 200.320. The district may self-certify a threshold up to ,000 on an annual basis and must maintain documentation to nade available to the federal awarding agency and auditors in ordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.334. The self-certification must inle a justification, clear identification of the threshold, and suping documentation of any of the following:
	1.	A qualification as a low-risk auditee, in accordance with the criteria in 2 C.F.R. 200.520 for the most recent audit.
	2.	An annual internal institutional risk assessment to identify, mitigate, and manage financial risks; or,
	3.	For public institutions, a higher threshold consistent with state law.
	2 C	.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(iv)
	by t a re 200 cha	ro-purchase thresholds higher than \$50,000 must be approved he cognizant agency for indirect costs. The district must submit quest with the requirements included in 2 C.F.R. .320(a)(1)(iv). The increased threshold is valid until there is a nge in status in which the justification was approved. 2 C.F.R. .320(a)(1)(v)
Small Purchases— Procedures	amo doe cha tain	acquisition of property or services, the aggregate dollar bunt of which is higher than the micro-purchase threshold but s not exceed the simplified acquisition threshold. If small pur- se procedures are used, price or rate quotations must be ob- ed from an adequate number of qualified sources as deter- ed appropriate by the district. 2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(2)(i)
Small Purchases— Simplified Acquisition Thresholds	white cha to e tion acti 48 (ble bas mer can (48 old.	nplified acquisition threshold" means the dollar amount below ch a district may purchase property or services using small pur- se methods. Districts adopt small purchase procedures in order xpedite the purchase of items at or below the simplified acquisi- threshold. The simplified acquisition threshold for procurement vities administered under federal awards is set by the FAR at C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart 2.1 [see below]. The district is responsi- for determining an appropriate simplified acquisition threshold ed on internal controls, an evaluation of risk, and its docu- nted procurement procedures. However, in no circumstances this threshold exceed the dollar value established in the FAR C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart 2.1) for the simplified acquisition thresh- Recipients should determine if local government laws on pur- sing apply. 2 C.F.R. 200.1, .320(a)(2)(ii)
		plified acquisition threshold means \$250,000, except as pro- ed by 48 C.F.R. 2.101. <i>48 C.F.R. 2.101</i>

Formal Procurement Methods	a fee tion proc requ meth proc 200 for p sitio	en the value of the procurement for property or services under deral financial assistance award exceeds the simplified acquisi- threshold, or a lower threshold established by a district, formal curement methods are required. Formal procurement methods uire following documented procedures. Formal procurement hods also require public advertising unless a non-competitive curement can be used in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.319 or .320(c). The following formal methods of procurement are used procurement of property or services above the simplified acqui- n threshold or a value below the simplified acquisition thresh- the district determines to be appropriate:			
Sealed Bids	A procurement method in which bids are publicly solicited and a firm fixed-price contract (lump sum or unit price) is awarded to the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming with all the material terms and conditions of the invitation for bids, is the lowest in price. The sealed bids method is the preferred method for procuring construction, if the conditions [<i>sic</i>].				
		rder for sealed bidding to be feasible, the following conditions uld be present:			
	1.	A complete, adequate, and realistic specification or purchase description is available;			
	2.	Two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete effectively for the business; and			
	3.	The procurement lends itself to a firm fixed price contract and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the basis of price.			
	lf se	aled bids are used, the following requirements apply:			
	1.	Bids must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources, providing them sufficient response time prior to the date set for opening the bids, for local governments, the invi- tation for bids must be publicly advertised;			
	2.	The invitation for bids, which will include any specifications and pertinent attachments, must define the items or services in order for the bidder to properly respond;			
	3.	All bids will be opened at the time and place prescribed in the invitation for bids, and for local governments, the bids must be opened publicly;			
	4.	A firm fixed price contract award will be made in writing to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder. Where specified in bidding documents, factors such as discounts, transportation			

		cost, and life cycle costs must be considered in determin which bid is lowest. Payment discounts will only be used determine the low bid when prior experience indicates the such discounts are usually taken advantage of; and	to
	5.	Any or all bids may be rejected if there is a sound documented reason.	
	2 C.	F.R. 200.320(b)(1)	
Proposals	burs whe	rocurement method in which either a fixed price or cost-re- sement type contract is awarded. Proposals are generally in conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bids y are awarded in accordance with the following requireme	used S.
	1.	Requests for proposals must be publicized and identify a evaluation factors and their relative importance. Proposa must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified o ors. Any response to publicized requests for proposals n be considered to the maximum extent practical;	als offer-
	2.	The district must have a written method for conducting te cal evaluations of the proposals received and making se tions;	
	3.	Contracts must be awarded to the responsible offeror wh proposal is most advantageous to the district, with price other factors considered; and	
	4.	The district may use competitive proposal procedures for qualifications-based procurement of architectural/engine (A/E) professional services whereby offeror's qualification are evaluated and the most qualified offeror is selected, ject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation. method, where price is not used as a selection factor, can only be used in procurement of A/E professional services cannot be used to purchase other types of services thou A/E firms are a potential source to perform the proposed fort.	ering ns sub- The n s. It gh
	2 C.	F.R. 200.320(b)(2)	
Noncompetitive Procurement	mer	re are specific circumstances in which noncompetitive pro at can be used. Noncompetitive procurement can only be rded if one or more of the following circumstances apply:	cure-
	1.	The acquisition of property or services, the aggregate do amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase th old;	
	2.	The item is available only from a single source;	
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	3.	The public exigency or emergency for the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from publicizing a competitive solicita- tion;
	4.	The federal awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes a noncompetitive procurement in response to a written request from the district; or
	5.	After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is deter- mined inadequate.
	2 C	.F.R. 200.320(c)
Cooperative Purchasing	effo fede and whe goo doo serv	foster greater economy and efficiency, and in accordance with orts to promote cost-effective use of shared services across the eral government, the district is encouraged to enter into state I local intergovernmental agreements or inter-entity agreements are appropriate for procurement or use of common or shared ods and services. Competition requirements will be met with sumented procurement actions using strategic sourcing, shared vices, and other similar procurement arrangements. <i>2 C.F.R.</i> <i>0.318(e)</i>
Minority, Small, and Women's Businesses	min	e district must take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that ority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor sur- s area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps must in- de:
	1.	Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;
	2.	Assuring that small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;
	3.	Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enter-prises;
	4.	Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement per- mits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
	5.	Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such or- ganizations as the Small Business Administration and the Mi- nority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and

6. Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in items 1 through 5 above.

2 C.F.R. 200.321

Domestic As appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, the district should, to the greatest extent practicable under a federal award, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products). The requirements of 2 C.F.R. 200.322 must be included in all subawards including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under this award.

For purposes of this provision:

- 1. "Produced in the United States" means, for iron and steel products, that all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States.
- 2. "Manufactured products" means items and construction materials composed in whole or in part of non-ferrous metals such as aluminum; plastics and polymer-based products such as polyvinyl chloride pipe; aggregates such as concrete; glass, including optical fiber; and lumber.

2 C.F.R. 200.322

Pre-procurement	The district must make available upon request, for the federal
Review	awarding agency or pass-through entity pre-procurement review,
	procurement documents, such as requests for proposals or invita-
	tions for bids, or independent cost estimates, when:

- 1. The district's procurement procedures or operation fails to comply with the procurement standards in 2 C.F.R. Part 200;
- 2. The procurement is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and is to be awarded without competition or only one bid or offer is received in response to a solicitation;
- 3. The procurement, which is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, specifies a "brand name" product;
- 4. The proposed contract is more than the simplified acquisition threshold and is to be awarded to other than the apparent low bidder under a sealed bid procurement; or

	A proposed contract modification changes the scope of a con- tract or increases the contract amount by more than the sim- plified acquisition threshold.
	C.F.R. 200.325(b)
Contract Cost and Price	he district must perform a cost or price analysis in connection with very procurement action in excess of the simplified acquisition preshold including contract modifications. The method and degree of analysis is dependent on the facts surrounding the particular rocurement situation, but as a starting point, the district must hake independent estimates before receiving bids or proposals.
	he district must negotiate profit as a separate element of the price or each contract in which there is no price competition and in all ases where cost analysis is performed. To establish a fair and easonable profit, consideration must be given to the complexity of he work to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the con- actor's investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its ecord of past performance, and industry profit rates in the sur- bunding geographical area for similar work.
	osts or prices based on estimated costs for contracts under the deral award are allowable only to the extent that costs incurred or ost estimates included in negotiated prices would be allowable for he district under 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Subpart E. The district may efference its own cost principles that comply with the federal cost rinciples.
	he cost plus a percentage of cost and percentage of construction ost methods of contracting must not be used.
	C.F.R. 200.324
Contract Provisions	he district's contracts must contain the applicable provisions de- cribed in appendix II to 2 C.F.R. Part 200. 2 C.F.R. 200.327
Suspension and Debarment	istricts are subject to the non-procurement debarment and sus- ension regulations at 2 C.F.R. Part 180. These regulations restrict wards, subawards, and contracts with certain parties that are de- arred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for par- cipation in federal assistance programs or activities. <i>2 C.F.R.</i> <i>00.214</i>
Remedies for Noncompliance	a district fails to comply with the U.S. Constitution, federal atutes, regulations, or the terms and conditions of a federal ward, the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may impose additional conditions, as described in 2 C.F.R. 200.208 (Spe- fic Conditions). If the federal awarding agency or pass-through ntity determines that noncompliance cannot be remedied by im-

	thro	ing additional conditions, the federal awarding agency or pass- ugh entity may take one or more of the following actions, as ropriate in the circumstances:		
	1.	Temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency by the district or more severe enforcement ac- tion by the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.		
	2.	Disallow (that is, deny both use of funds and any applicable matching credit for) all or part of the cost of the activity or action not in compliance.		
	3.	Wholly or partly suspend or terminate the federal award.		
	4.	Initiate suspension or debarment proceedings as authorized under 2 C.F.R. Part 180 and federal awarding agency regula- tions (or in the case of a pass-through entity, recommend such a proceeding be initiated by a federal awarding agency).		
	5.	Withhold further federal awards for the project or program.		
	6.	Take other remedies that may be legally available.		
	2 C.	F.R. 200.339		
Travel Costs	Travel costs are the expenses for transportation, lodging, subsis- tence, and related items incurred by employees who are in travel status on official business of the district. Such costs may be charged on an actual cost basis, on a per diem or mileage basis in lieu of actual costs incurred, or on a combination of the two, pro- vided the method used is applied to an entire trip and not to se- lected days of the trip, and results in charges consistent with those normally allowed in like circumstances in the district's non-federally funded activities and in accordance with the district's written travel reimbursement policies.			
	trav 570 or b his o	the absence of an acceptable, written district policy regarding el costs, the rates and amounts established under 5 U.S.C. 1-11 (Travel and Subsistence Expenses; Mileage Allowances), y the administrator of general services, or by the president (or or her designee) pursuant to any provisions of such subchapter at apply to travel under federal awards [48 C.F.R. 31.205– a)].		
	2 C.	.F.R. 200.475(a), (d)		
Property Standards Federally Owned Property	ernr fede	e to federally owned property remains vested in the federal gov- ment. The district must submit annually an inventory listing of erally owned property in its custody to the federal awarding ncy. Upon completion of the federal award or when the prop-		

erty is no longer needed, the district must report the property to the federal awarding agency for further federal agency utilization.

Exempt property means property acquired under a federal award where the federal awarding agency has chosen to vest title to the property to the district without further responsibility to the federal government, based upon the explicit terms and conditions of the federal award. The federal awarding agency may exercise this option when statutory authority exists. Absent statutory authority and specific terms and conditions of the federal award, title to exempt property acquired under the federal award remains with the federal government.

2 C.F.R. 200.312(a), (c)

Property Trust Relationship Real property, equipment, and intangible property that are acquired or improved with a federal award must be held in trust by the district as trustee for the beneficiaries of the project or program under which the property was acquired or improved. The federal awarding agency may require the district to record liens or other appropriate notices of record to indicate that personal or real property has been acquired or improved with a federal award and that use and disposition conditions apply to the property. *2 C.F.R. 200.316*

Real Property Subject to the requirements and conditions set forth in 2 C.F.R. 200.311, title to real property acquired or improved under a federal award will vest upon acquisition in the district.

Except as otherwise provided by federal statutes or by the federal awarding agency, real property will be used for the originally authorized purpose as long as needed for that purpose, during which time the district must not dispose of or encumber its title or other interests.

When real property is no longer needed for the originally authorized purpose, the district must obtain disposition instructions from the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. The instructions must provide for one of the following alternatives:

- 1. Retain title after compensating the federal awarding agency an amount determined under 2 C.F.R. 200.311(c)(1).
- 2. Sell the property and compensate the federal awarding agency an amount determined under 2 C.F.R. 200.311(c)(2).
- 3. Transfer title to the federal awarding agency or to a third party designated/approved by the federal awarding agency. The district is entitled to be paid an amount calculated by applying the district's percentage of participation in the purchase of the

real property (and cost of any improvements) to the current fair market value of the property.

2 C.F.R. 200.311

Equipment <i>Title and Use</i>	Subject to the requirements and conditions set forth in 2 C.F.R. 200.313, title to equipment acquired under a federal award will vest upon acquisition in the district. Unless a statute specifically authorizes the federal agency to vest title in the district without further responsibility to the federal government, and the federal agency elects to do so, the title must be a conditional title. Title must vest in the district subject to the following conditions:			
	 Use the equipment for the authorized purposes of the project during the period of performance, or until the property is no longer needed for the purposes of the project. 			
	 Not encumber the property without approval of the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. 			
	3. Use and dispose of the property in accordance with the provisions below.			
	Equipment must be used by the district in the program or project for which it was acquired in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.313(c).			
	Procedures for managing equipment (including replacement equip- ment), whether acquired in whole or in part under a federal award, until disposition takes place will, as a minimum, meet the require- ments of 2 C.F.R. 200.313(d).			
Disposition	If the district is authorized or required to sell the property, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.			
	When original or replacement equipment acquired under a federal award is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal awarding agency, except as otherwise provided in federal statutes, regulations, or federal awarding agency disposition instructions, the district must request disposition instructions from the federal awarding agency if required by the terms and conditions of the fed- eral award. Disposition of the equipment will be made as pre- scribed in 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e), in accordance with federal award- ing agency disposition instructions.			
	2 C.F.R. 200.313			
Supplies	Title to supplies will vest in the district upon acquisition. If there is a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 in total aggregate value upon termination or completion of the project or pro-			

	gram and the supplies are not needed for any other federal award, the district must retain the supplies for use on other activities or sell them, but must, in either case, compensate the federal government for its share. The amount of compensation must be computed in the same manner as for equipment under 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e)(2). 2 C.F.R. 200.314(a)
Intangible Property	Title to intangible property acquired under a federal award vests upon acquisition in the district. The district must use that property for the originally authorized purpose, and must not encumber the property without approval of the federal awarding agency. When no longer needed for the originally authorized purpose, disposition of the intangible property must occur in accordance with the provisions in 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e). <i>2 C.F.R. 200.315(a)</i>
Foreign Telecommunications Equipment	Recipients and subrecipients are prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds in violation of 2 C.F.R. 200.216(a).
Direct Grant Programs	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 75 apply to each direct grant pro- gram of the ED. 34 C.F.R. 75.1
State-Administered Programs	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 76 apply to each state-adminis- tered program of the ED. 34 C.F.R. 76.1
General Education Provision Act	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 81 govern the enforcement of le- gal requirements under applicable programs administered by the ED and implement Part E of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA). <i>34 C.F.R. 81.1</i>
	¹ TEA EDGAR Materials and Resources: https://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Grants/EDGAR_Materials_and Resources/

² ED EDGAR website:

https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/reg/edgarReg/edgar.html

³ ED Uniform Guidance website:

https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/uniform-guidance/index.html

Brownsville ISD 031901

Bonds and Bond	The board may issue bonds for:				
Taxes	1.	The construction, acquisition, and equipment of school build- ings in the district;			
	2.	The acquisition of property or the refinancing of property un- der a contract entered under the Public Property Finance Act (Local Government Code, Chapter 271, Subchapter A), re- gardless of whether payment obligations under the contract are due in the current year or a future year;			
	3.	The purchase of the necessary sites for school buildings;			
	4.	The purchase of new school buses;			
	5.	The retrofitting of school buses with emergency, safety, or se- curity equipment; and			
	6.	The purchase or retrofitting of vehicles to be used for emer- gency, safety, or security purposes.			
	The board may levy, pledge, assess, and collect annual ad val- orem taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds as or before the principal and interest become due, subject to the provisions at Bond Elections, below.				
	Education Code 45.001(a)				
		oonds shall be issued in accordance with the Public Security cedures Act. <i>Gov't Code, Ch. 1201</i>			
Limitation	A district may not issue general obligation bonds to purchase, im prove, or construct one or more improvements to real property, to purchase one or more items of personal property, or to do both, i the weighted average maturity of the issue of bonds exceeds 120 percent of the reasonably expected weighted average economic life of the improvements and personal property financed with the sue of bonds. <i>Gov't Code 1253.002</i>				
Use of Proceeds for Utilities	tion chas amo stall of a ter, may	proceeds of bonds issued by school districts for the construc- and equipment of school buildings in the district and the pur- se of the necessary sites for school buildings may be used, ong other things, to pay the cost of acquiring, laying, and in- ing pipes or lines to connect with the water, sewer, or gas lines municipality or private utility company, whether or not the wa- sewer, or gas lines adjoin the school, so that the school district provide its public school buildings the water, sewer, or gas rices. <i>Education Code 45.101</i>			

Brownsville ISD 031901						
LOCAL REVENUE SOU BOND ISSUES	IRCE	S	CCA (LEGAL)			
State Facilities Funding Instructional Facilities	"Instructional facility" means real property, an improvement to real property, or a necessary fixture of an improvement to real property that is used predominantly for teaching the required curriculum. <i>Education Code 46.001</i>					
Allotment	Under the Instructional Facilities Allotment, Education Code Chap- ter 46, Subchapter A, for each year, except as provided by Educa- tion Code 46.005 (limitation on the guaranteed amount) and 46.006 (shortage or excess of appropriated funds), a district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and local funds for each cent of tax effort, up to the statutory maximum in Educa- tion Code 46.003(b), to pay the principal of and interest on eligible bonds issued to construct, acquire, renovate or improve an instruc- tional facility. <i>Education Code 46.003(a)</i> [See 19 Administrative Code 61.1032 for commissioner's rules related to the instructional facilities allotment.]					
Existing Debt Allotment	A district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and local funds for each cent of tax effort to pay the principal and interest on eligible bonds under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter B. Bonds are eligible to be paid with state and local funds under Subchapter B if the district made payments on the bonds during the final school year of the preceding state fiscal biennium or taxes levied to pay the principal and interest on the bonds were included in a district's audited debt service collections for that school year, and the district does not receive state assistance under the Instructional Facilities Allotment for payment of the principal and interest on the bonds. <i>Education Code 46.032(a), .033</i> [See 19 Administrative Code 61.1035 for commissioner's rules related to the existing debt allotment.]					
	Not	te:	For information on the new instructional facility allotment, see CBA.			
Investment of Bond Proceeds		-	requirements regarding investment of bond proceeds, (LEGAL).			
Unspent Bond Proceeds	A district r bonds onl		may use unspent proceeds of issued general obligation ly:			
	1. For t rized		the specific purposes for which the bonds were autho- d;			
	2.	To r	etire the bonds; or			
	3.		a purpose other than the specific purposes for which the ds were authorized if:			
		a.	The specific purposes are accomplished or abandoned; and			
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		b.	The board at a public meeting held only for the purpose of considering the use of the unspent bond proceeds ap- proves in separate votes the use of the proceeds for:	
			(1) A purpose other than to retire the bonds; and	
			(2) The purpose specified at the time the vote is taken.	
	und con thar pub opp spe	er this sider n the s lic me ortun nt boi	ion to other requirements, notice of a public meeting held his provision must include a statement that the board will r the use of unspent bond proceeds for a purpose other e specific purposes for which the bonds were authorized. A heeting held under this provision must provide the public an nity to address the board on the question of using the un- ond proceeds for a purpose other than the specific pur- or which the bonds were authorized.	
	Edu	icatio	on Code 45.1105	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	For purposes of the following policy provisions, a "capital apprecia- tion bond" is a bond that accrues and compounds interest from its date of delivery, the interest on which by its terms is payable only upon maturity or prior redemption.			
Limitation on Issuance		A school district may not issue capital appreciation bonds that are secured by ad valorem taxes unless:		
	1.		e bonds have a scheduled maturity date that is not later an 20 years after the date of issuance;	
	2.	The board has received a written estimate of the cost of t issuance, including:		
		a.	The amount of principal and interest to be paid until ma- turity;	
		b.	The amount of fees to be paid to outside vendors, in- cluding vendors who sell products to be financed by the bond issuance;	
		C.	The amount of fees to be paid to each financing team member; and	
		d.	The projected tax impact of the bonds and the assump- tions on which the calculation of the projected tax impact is based;	
	3.	fina boa write sua	e board has determined in writing whether any personal or ancial relationship exists between the members of the ard and any financial advisor, bond counsel, bond under- iter, or other professional associated with the bond is- ance and submitted the determination to the Ethics Com- ssion; and	

	4.	The board posts prominently on the district's internet website and enters in the minutes of the board:			
		a.	The total amount of the proposed bonds;		
		b.	The length of maturity of the proposed bonds;		
		C.	The projects to be financed with bond proceeds;		
		d.	The intended use of bond proceeds not spent after com- pletion of the projects identified;		
		e.	The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded in- debtedness at the time of the election on the bonds, in- cluding the amount of principal and interest to be paid on existing bond indebtedness until maturity;		
		f.	The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded in- debtedness, including the amount of principal and inter- est to be paid until maturity; and		
		g.	The information received at item 2 above and deter- mined under item 3 above.		
	the c	listric	d shall regularly update the debt information posted on t's internet website under item 4.f above to ensure that nation is current and accurate.		
Limitation on Use of Proceeds	the f	ital appreciation bond proceeds may not be used to purchase following items, unless an item has an expected useful life that eeds the bond's maturity date:			
	1.	Items more regularly considered maintenance items, including replacement HVAC units, upgraded plumbing, or similar items; or			
	2.	Tran	sportation-related items, including buses.		
Unspent Proceeds	Capital appreciation bond proceeds unspent after completion of the project identified as the proceeds' intended use may be used only for a use identified on the district's website as required above, unless another use is approved by the voters of the district at an election held for that purpose.				
Total Amount of Capital Appreciation Bonds	The total amount of capital appreciation bonds may not exceed 25 percent of the district's total outstanding bonded indebtedness at the time of the issuance, including the amount of principal and interest to be paid on the outstanding bonds until maturity.				
Extension	prec	istrict may not extend the maturity date of an issued capital ap- ciation bond, including through the issuance of refunding bonds t extend the maturity date, unless:			

	1.	The extension of the maturity date will decrease the total amount of projected principal and interest to maturity; or				
	2.	The maximum legally allowable tax rate for indebtedness has been adopted and TEA certifies in writing that the solvency of the permanent school fund's bond guarantee program would be threatened without the extension.				
	Go	Gov't Code 1201.0245				
	app Cha	e foregoing provisions of Government Code 1201.0245 do not by to the issuance of refunding bonds under Government Code apter 1207 or capital appreciation bonds for the purpose of fi- incing transportation projects. <i>Gov't Code 1201.0245(j)</i>				
Bond Elections	thor an o acc tion der eleo on,	Bonds may not be issued and taxes may not be levied unless au- thorized by a majority of the qualified voters of the district, voting at an election held for such purpose, at the expense of the district, in accordance with the Election Code, except as provided by Educa- tion Code 45.003. The election shall be called by resolution or or- der of the board. The resolution or order must state the date of the election, the proposition or propositions to be submitted and voted on, the polling place or places, and any other matters considered necessary or advisable by the board. <i>Education Code 45.003(a)</i>				
		Each special election in this state shall be held on one of the fol- lowing dates:				
	1.	The first Saturday in May; or				
	2.	The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.				
	Ele	Election Code 41.001(a) [See BBB]				
Call for Election	sha	an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election Il be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day. <i>ction Code 3.005</i> [See BBBA]				
Election Order	[see	In addition to other legal requirements regarding the election order [see BBBA(LEGAL)], the document ordering an election to authorize a district to issue debt obligations must distinctly state:				
	1.	The proposition language that will appear on the ballot;				
	2.	The purpose for which the bonds are to be authorized;				
	3.	The principal amount of the bonds to be authorized;				
	4.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds may be imposed;				

	5.	The estimated tax rate if the bonds are authorized or the max- imum interest rate of the bonds or any series of the bonds, based on the market conditions at the time of the election or- der;			
	6.	The maximum maturity date of the bonds to be authorized or that the bonds may be issued to mature over a specified num- ber of years not to exceed the maximum number of years au- thorized by law;			
	7.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding principal of the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered;			
		The aggregate amount of the outstanding interest on the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to variable rate debt obligations; and			
	9.	The district's ad valorem debt service tax rate at the time the election is ordered, expressed as an amount per \$100 valuation of taxable property.			
	Election Code 3.009(b)				
Posting	The	The election order must be posted:			
	1.	On election day and during early voting by personal appear- ance, in a prominent location at each polling place;			
	2.	Not later than the 21st day before the election in three public places in the boundaries of the district; and			
	3.	During the 21 days before the election, on the district's inter- net website, prominently and together with the notice of the election, the contents of the proposition, and any sample bal- lot prepared for the election, if the district maintains an inter- net website.			
	Eleo	ction Code 4.003(f) [See Voter Information, below]			
Election Notice	The notice of election must comply with Election Code Chapter 4. [For specific requirements regarding contents of the election no- tice, see BBBA(LEGAL).]				
Publication and Posting	with	notice of election must be published and posted in accordance Election Code requirements. [For specific requirements re- ding publication and posting, see BBBA(LEGAL).]			
Notice to Election Officials	Notice must be given to the county clerk, voter registrar, and election judge in accordance with Election Code Chapter 4. [For specific requirements, see BBBA(LEGAL).]				

Propositions	A proposition submitted to authorize the issuance of bonds must include the question of whether the board may levy, pledge, as- sess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes, on all taxable property in the district, either:			
	1.	Sufficient, without limits as to rate or amount, to pay the prin- cipal of and interest on said bonds; or		
	2.	Sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds, provided that the annual aggregate bond taxes in the district may never be more than the rate stated in the proposition.		
	The ballot proposition must include the following statement: "THIS IS A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE."			
	Education Code 45.003(b), (b-1)			
	A district that submits to the voters a proposition for the approval of the issuance of debt obligations shall prescribe the wording of the proposition that is to appear on the ballot in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Chapter 1251, Subchapter B. <i>Election Code</i> $52.072(f)$			
	The district shall assign a letter to each measure on the ballot that corresponds to its order on the ballot. Each proposition on the ballot must identify the name of the authority ordering the election on the measure. <i>Election Code 52.095</i>			
Ballot Contents	The ballot for a measure seeking voter approval of the issuance of debt obligations by a district shall specifically state:			
	1.	A plain language description of the single specific purposes for which the debt obligations are to be authorized;		
	2.	The total principal amount of the debt obligations to be autho- rized; and		
	3.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the debt obligations will be imposed.		
	Each single specific purpose for which debt obligations requiring voter approval are to be issued must be printed on the ballot as a separate proposition. A proposition may include as a specific pur- pose one or more structures or improvements serving the substan- tially same purpose and may include related improvements and equipment necessary to accomplish the specific purpose.			
	Gov't Code 1251.052(a)–(a-1)			
Exception	Notwithstanding the requirements at Ballot Contents, above, the question of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for the con- struction, acquisition, and equipment of school buildings in the dis-			
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	ess a si	trict, the purchase of new school buses, and the purchase of nec- essary sites for school buildings may be submitted to the voters in a single ballot proposition, except that bonds for each of the follow- ing purposes must be stated in a separate proposition:				
	1.	The	e construction, acquisition, or equipment of:			
		a.	A stadium with seating capacity for more than 1,000 spectators;			
		b.	A natatorium;			
		C.	Another recreational facility other than a gymnasium, playground, or play area;			
		d.	A performing arts facility;			
		e.	Housing for teachers as determined by the district to be necessary to have a sufficient number of teachers for the district; and			
	2.	equ	acquisition or update of technology equipment, other than ipment used for school security purposes or technology astructure integral to the construction of a facility.			
	buil lot a buil con prop sue buil	The question of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for a building described by items 1a–e above must be printed on the ballot as a separate ballot proposition regardless of whether that building is proposed as part of the same complex or building that contains traditional classroom facilities. Each separate ballot proposition must state the principal amount of the bonds to be issued that constitutes the cost for construction of that portion of the building or complex attributable to the building described by items 1a–e above or to the traditional classroom facilities, as applicable.				
	Edu	Education Code 45.003(g)–(h)				
Definition	mer taxe nate	"Debt obligation" means a public security, as defined by Govern- ment Code 1201.002, secured by and payable from ad valorem taxes. The term does not include public securities that are desig- nated as self-supporting by the political subdivision issuing the se- curities. <i>Gov't Code 1251.051(1)</i>				
Voter Information	ado forn	A district with at least 250 registered voters on the date the board adopts the debt obligation election order must prepare a voter information document for each proposition to be voted on at the election.				
Posting Requirements	The district shall post the voter information document in the same manner as a debt obligation election order is required to be posted under Election Code 4.003(f) [see Posting, above] and may include					

	the voter information document in the debt obligation election or- der.						
	A district that maintains an internet website shall provide the infor- mation described at Contents, below, on its website in an easily ac- cessible manner beginning not later than the 21st day before elec- tion day and ending on the day after the date of the debt obligation election.						
Contents	The voter information document must distinctly state:						
	1. The language that will appear on the ballot;						
	2.	The following information formatted as a table:					
		a.	The	principal of the debt obligations to be authorized;			
		b.	The estimated interest for the debt obligations to be au- thorized;				
		C.	to pa	estimated combined principal and interest required ay on time and in full the debt obligations to be au- zed; and			
		d.	As of the date the district adopts the debt obligation elec- tion order:				
			(1)	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations of the district;			
			(2)	The estimated remaining interest on all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations; and			
			(3)	The estimated combined principal and interest re- quired to pay on time and in full all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations;			
	3.	3. The estimated maximum annual increase in the among taxes that would be imposed on a residence homest district with an appraised value of \$100,000 to repay obligations to be authorized, if approved, based upo sumptions made by the board; and					
	4.	Any		information that the board considers relevant or			

Assumptions	jor a	The board shall identify in the voter information document the ma- jor assumptions made in connection with the statement required by item 3 above, including:			
	1.	The amortization of the district's debt obligations, including outstanding debt obligations and the proposed debt obliga-tions;			
	2.	Changes in estimated future appraised values within the dis- trict; and			
	3.	The assumed interest rate on the proposed debt obligations.			
	Gov	't Code 1251.052(b)–(d)			
Electioneering and Political Advertising		additional information and prohibitions related to electioneering political advertising, see BBBD(LEGAL).			
50 Cent Test for New Debt	Before issuing bonds, a district must demonstrate to the attorney general that, with respect to the proposed issuance, the district has a projected ability to pay the principal of and interest on the proposed bonds and all previously issued bonds, other than bonds authorized to be issued at an election held on or before April 1, 1991, and issued before September 1, 1992, from a tax at a rate not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of valuation (the "50 Cent Test").				
	Test trict, und	strict may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent t by using the most recent taxable value of property in the dis- combined with state assistance to which the district is entitled er Education Code Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used he payment of bonds.			
Future Taxable Value	A district may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent Test by using a projected future taxable value of property in the district anticipated for the earlier of the tax year five years after the current tax year or the tax year in which the final payment is due for the bonds submitted to the attorney general, combined with state assistance to which the district is entitled under Education Code Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used for the payment of bonds.				
	the tified expe	district must submit to the attorney general a certification of district's projected taxable value prepared by a registered, cer- d professional appraiser who has demonstrated professional erience in projecting taxable values or who can obtain any nec- ary assistance from an experienced person.			
	sign	certification of a district's projected taxable value must be ed by the superintendent. The attorney general must base a ermination of whether a district has complied with the 50 Cent			

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

	Tool	on a taxable value that is equal to 90 percent of the value cer-		
	tified.			
	Education Code 45.0031			
Attorney General Review and Approval	suar rity a Cod 53.1	ess exempt under Government Code 1202.007, before the is- nce of a public security, the issuer shall submit the public secu- and the record of proceedings to the attorney general. <i>Gov't</i> <i>e</i> 1202.003(a); see, e.g., 1 TAC 53.3 (Content of Transcripts), 6 (Submission and Approval of Transcripts), and 53.61 nool District Tax Bond Elections)		
Refunding Bonds	tricť tere: refu	bard may refund or refinance all or any part of any of the dis- s outstanding bonds and matured or unmatured but unpaid in- st on those bonds payable from ad valorem taxes by issuing anding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. <i>Education Code</i> 104; Gov't Code Ch. 1207		
Instructional Facilities Allotment		strict may use state funds received under Education Code pter 46 to pay principal of and interest on refunding bonds that:		
for Refunding Bonds	1.	Are issued to refund bonds eligible under Education Code 46.003;		
	2.	Do not have a final maturity date later than the final maturity date of the bonds being refunded;		
	3.	May not be called for redemption earlier than the earliest call date of all bonds being refunded; and		
	4.	Result in a present value savings as defined in Education Code 46.007(4).		
	Edu	cation Code 46.007		
Authorized Unissued Bonds	that abar unis the o the a erec and the s nally favo pose sue,	district has authorized school bonds for a specific purpose and purpose has been accomplished by other means or has been ndoned and all or a portion of the authorized bonds remains sued, a board may order an election [see BBBA] to submit to qualified voters of the district the proposition of whether or not authorized but unissued bonds may be issued, sold, and deliv- for other and different purposes specified in the election order notice. The election shall be ordered, held, and conducted in same form and manner as that at which the bonds were origi- authorized. If a majority of those voting at the election vote in r of the sale and delivery of the unissued bonds for the pur- es specified in the election order and notice, the board may is- sell, and deliver the bonds and use the proceeds for the pur- es authorized at the election. <i>Education Code 45.110</i>		

Brownsville ISD 031901		
LOCAL REVENUE SOU BOND ISSUES	IRCE	S CCA (LEGAL)
Bond Guarantee Program Eligibility	Gua usir pro ter	istrict seeking guarantee of eligible bonds under the Bond arantee Program shall apply to the commissioner of education ng a form adopted by the commissioner. To be eligible for ap- val, district bonds must be issued under Education Code Chap- 45, Subchapter A, or under Government Code Chapter 1207. <i>Jucation Code 45.054, .055(a); 19 TAC 33.6(b)(5)</i>
Application	An	application must include:
	1.	The name of the district and the principal amount of the bonds to be issued;
	2.	The name and address of the district's paying agent, which means the financial institution designated by a district as its agent for payment of principal and interest on guaranteed bonds; and
	3.	The maturity schedule, estimated interest rate, and date of the bonds.
	Edι	ucation Code 45.051(2), .055
	Sta	application must be accompanied by a fee set by rule of the te Board of Education. <i>Education Code 45.055(c); 19 TAC 6(f)(1)</i>
	gua funo mat	approval by the commissioner, bonds issued by a district are irranteed by the corpus and income of the permanent school d. The guarantee remains in effect until the date those bonds ture or are defeased in accordance with state law. <i>Education</i> <i>de 45.052</i>
	rea gen a su the	district does not receive approval for the guarantee or for any son does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney leral within the specified time period, the district may reapply in ubsequent month. Applications that were denied approval for guarantee will not be retained for consideration in subsequent https. 19 TAC 33.6(f)(5)
	of p	istrict may not represent bonds as guaranteed for the purpose pricing or marketing the bonds before the date of the letter grant- approval for the guarantee. 19 TAC $33.6(g)(4)(D)$
Credit Enhancement Program	mai cati bon Gua Sch	district's application for guarantee of district bonds by the per- nent school fund is rejected, the district may apply under Edu- on Code Chapter 45, Subchapter I for credit enhancement of ads described by Education Code 45.054 (eligibility for the Bond arantee Program) by money appropriated for the Foundation nool Program, other than money that is appropriated to districts wifically:

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

	1.	As required under the Texas Constitution; or		
	2.	For assistance in paying debt service.		
		credit enhancement remains in effect until the date the bonds ure or are defeased in accordance with state law.		
	Edu	cation Code 45.252		
Eligibility	To t mer	be eligible for approval by the commissioner for credit enhance- nt:		
	1.	Bonds must be issued in the manner provided by Education Code 45.054;		
	2.	Payments of all of the principal of the bonds must be sched- uled during the first six months of the state fiscal year;		
	3.	The district's lowest credit rating from any credit rating agency may not be the same as or higher than that of the School District Bond Enhancement Program;		
	4.	The bonded debt for which the credit enhancement is sought must be structured so that no single annual debt service pay- ment exceeds two times the quotient produced by dividing the total proposed annual debt service, as defined in 19 Adminis- trative Code 61.1038(b)(10), for the term of the bonds by the number of years in the amortization schedule; and		
	5.	The district must agree in its application that the total annual debt service on bonds approved for the credit enhancement will be paid on or before August 15 of each state fiscal year.		
	Edu	cation Code 45.254; 19 TAC 61.1038(f)		
Application	to th	strict seeking credit enhancement of eligible bonds shall apply ne commissioner using a form adopted by the commissioner for purpose. The application must:		
	1.	Include the information required by Education Code 45.055(b), at Bond Guarantee Program—Application, above; and		
	2.	Be accompanied by a fee set by the State Board of Educa- tion. 19 TAC 61.1038(d)(1)		
	Education Code 45.255			
	enh	district may not submit an application for a guarantee or credit ancement before the successful passage of an authorizing position.		

CCA (LEGAL)

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

	If a district does not receive a credit enhancement or for any reason does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney general within the specified time period, the district may reapply in a subsequent month. Applications that were denied a credit enhancement will not be retained for consideration in subsequent months. A district may not represent the bonds as approved for credit enhancement for the purposes of pricing or marketing the bonds before the date of the letter granting approval for the credit enhancement. 19 TAC 61.1038(e)(1), (8), (10)
Authority to Contract for Services	An issuer has exclusive authority to select, contract with, and de- termine the basis for compensation of a person to provide legal and other services as may be determined by the issuer to be nec- essary in connection with the issuer's issuance of public securities or administration of its affairs that pertain to the issuance of public securities. The selection of legal counsel shall be made in accor- dance with the provisions of Government Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter A, applicable to the selection by a governmental entity of a provider of professional engineering services. <i>Government Code 1201.027(a)</i> [See CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee con- tracts for legal services and Government Code 2254.102(e) for ad- ditional requirements.]
Federal Securities Law Disclosure Obligations for Bond and Other Debt Offerings	Prior to publicly offering bonds, a school district must prepare and deliver to an underwriter an official statement containing the terms of the bond offering, a description of the district itself, financial and operating data of the district, and any other information that may be material to an investor interested in purchasing the district's bonds or otherwise required by Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) (SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)). <i>17 C.F.R. 240.15c2-12</i> [See Note, below]
Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds	Except for exempt offerings, SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) requires under- writers to obtain a continuing disclosure agreement (CDA) from the district when the district issues bonds. A CDA obligates the district to prepare and file continuing disclosures of financial information and operating data annually after the bonds are issued. A CDA also requires filing notice regarding the occurrence of events listed under SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) within 10 business days fol- lowing the occurrence of any such event. <i>17 C.F.R. 240.15c2-12</i> [See Note, below]
Liability under Federal Securities Law	School districts, board members, and certain employees of the dis- trict are subject to liability under the antifraud provisions of the fed- eral securities laws contained in Section 17(a) of the Securities Act
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LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 of the SEC. The antifraud provisions generally prohibit false or misleading statements made in connection with the offer or sale of a district's bonds (or the omission of material facts from such statements), including the official statement itself and any other statement reasonably expected to reach bond investors (disclosures). *SEC Exchange Act Release No. 33741 (Mar. 9, 1994)*

The antifraud provisions also apply to a district's continuing disclosure obligations under SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) after a district's bonds are issued. [See Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds, above] SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012) (the "SEC 2012 Report") at pg. 29

Note: In preparing an official statement, a district may reasonably rely on the advice of outside professionals who are also subject to the antifraud provisions, but a district is primarily liable for the content of its official statement and other disclosures. *SEC Exchange Act Release No.* 36761 (Jan. 24, 1996)

A district may engage qualified consultants, including qualified disclosure or securities counsel and a financial adviser, to assist with preparing an official statement and other primary disclosures relating to a bond offering. Creation of internal procedures may help to insulate a district against criticism or liability under federal securities laws.

Districts may also engage disclosure counsel and/or other professionals to assist with secondary disclosure, including advice and assistance ensuring that (1) reporting requirements imposed by a CDA are satisfied and (2) information disclosed in periodic and occasional reports is accurate and complete.

Internal procedures may provide for (1) appointment of, and disclosure training for, district officials and employees who will be part of the financing team, (2) a procedure of accountability for review of the disclosures, and (3) ensuring that any procedures established are in fact followed.

[See SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012)]

AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

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AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

		For more information on property tax exemptions, see the Texas Comptroller's <u>Property Tax Exemptions</u> ¹ web-site.
Exemptions Homestead <i>Mandatory</i>	\$40,000 of stead, as of the exemp tion Code	entitled to exemption from taxation by a district of the appraised value of the adult's residence home- defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), except that only \$5,000 of tion applies to an entity operating under former Educa- Chapters 17, 18, 25, 26, 27, or 28, as those chapters ex- ay 1, 1995, as permitted by Education Code 11.301. <i>Tax</i> 3(b)
Persons 65 or Older or Disabled	abled, as o tled to an e	to the mandatory exemption above, an adult who is dis- defined by Tax Code 11.13(m)(1), or 65 or older is enti- exemption of \$10,000 of the appraised value of the indi- sidence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.13(c)</i>
Tax Limitation	tax it impo years of ag ual who is first tax ye	hay not increase the total annual amount of ad valorem ses on the residence homestead of an individual 65 ge or older, or on the residence homestead of an individ- disabled, above the amount of the tax it imposed in the ar in which the individual qualified that residence home- in applicable exemption. <i>Tax Code 11.26(a)</i>
Improvements	the individuation of the enhancement of the enhance	dual subject to a tax limitation makes improvements to ual's residence homestead, other than improvements re- omply with governmental requirements or repairs, the y increase the tax on the homestead in the first year the e homestead is increased on the appraisal roll because ancement of value by the improvements. A limitation es to the increased amount of tax until more improve- ny, are made. <i>Tax Code 11.26(b)</i>
Exception	provement is a replac habitable of For purpos structure w structure is footage of structure a occurred of quality cor	ement to property that would otherwise constitute an im- discussed above is not treated as an improvement if it ement structure for a structure that was rendered unin- or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage. Sees of appraising the property in the tax year in which the yould have constituted an improvement, the replacement is considered to be an improvement only if the square the replacement structure exceeds that of the replaced is that structure existed before the casualty or damage or the exterior of the replacement structure is of higher instruction and composition than that of the replaced <i>Tax Code 11.26(o)</i>

Brownsville ISD 031901		
AD VALOREM TAXES CC EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS (LEG		
Portability of Tax Limitation	If an individual who receives a tax limitation, including a sur- spouse, discussed below, subsequently qualifies a different dence homestead for the same exemption, a district may n pose ad valorem taxes on the subsequently qualified home a year in an amount that exceeds the amount of taxes calcu- accordance with Tax Code 11.26(g). <i>Tax Code 11.26(g)</i>	t resi- ot im- estead in
Surviving Spouse	If an individual who qualifies for the exemption at Persons 6 Older or Disabled, above, dies, the surviving spouse of the ual is entitled to the limitation applicable to the residence ho stead of the individual if the surviving spouse is 55 years of older when the individual dies, and the residence homestea individual is the residence homestead of the surviving spou the date that the individual dies and remains the residence stead of the surviving spouse. <i>Tax Code 11.26(i)</i>	individ- ome- f age or ad of the use on
<i>Local Options</i> All Taxpayers	In addition to other exemptions in Tax Code 11.13, an indiventiated to an exemption from taxation by a district of a perform of the appraised value of the individual's residence homest the exemption is adopted by the board before July 1 in the provided by law for official action by the board. If the percentiset by the district produces an exemption in a tax year of let $5,000$ when applied to a particular residence homestead, vidual is entitled to an exemption of $5,000$ of the appraised The percentage adopted by the district may not exceed 20 Tax Code 11.13(n)	centage read if manner ntage ess than the indi- d value.
Disabled or 65 or Older	An individual who is disabled or 65 or older is entitled to an tion from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is ad either by the board or by a favorable vote of a majority of the fied voters of the district at an election called by the board, board shall call the election on the petition of at least 20 pe the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding e of the district.	value of lopted ne quali- and the crcent of
Amount	The amount of an exemption adopted as provided at Disab 65 or Older is \$3,000 of the appraised value of the residence homestead unless a larger amount is specified by the board board authorizes the exemption or the petition for the election exemption is authorized through an election. Once authorize exemption adopted may be repealed or decreased or incre- amount by the board or by the petition and election proceder the case of a decrease, the amount of the exemption may re- reduced to less than \$3,000 of the market value.	ce d if the ion if the zed, an ased in ure. In

Tax Code 11.13(d)–(f)

AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

Continuation of Exemption during Construction	If a qualified residential structure for which the owner receives a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13 is rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, the owner may continue to receive the exemption for the structure and the land and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the structure while the owner constructs a replacement qualified residential structure on the land in accordance with Tax Code 11.135. <i>Tax Code 11.135(a), .26(n); 34 TAC 9.416</i>
Surviving Spouse of First Responder	The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally in- jured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse is an eligible survivor for pur- poses of Government Code Chapter 615 as determined by the Em- ployees Retirement System of Texas and has not remarried since the first responder's death. <i>Tax Code 11.134</i>
Veteran Exemptions 100 Percent Disabled	A disabled veteran who has been awarded by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or its successor 100 percent disability compen- sation due to a service-connected disability and a rating of 100 per- cent disabled or of individual unemployability is entitled to an ex- emption from taxation of the total appraised value of the veteran's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.131(b)</i>
Partially Disabled with Donated Residence	A disabled veteran who has a disability rating of less than 100 per- cent is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of the disabled veteran's residence homestead equal to the disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated to the disabled veteran by a charitable or- ganization at no cost to the disabled veteran, or at some cost to the disabled veteran in the form of a cash payment, a mortgage, or both in an aggregate amount that is not more than 50 percent of the good faith estimate of the market value of the residence home- stead made by the charitable organization as of the date of the do- nation. <i>Tax Code 11.132(b)</i>
Surviving Spouse of Veteran	The surviving spouse of a disabled veteran, as defined by Tax Code 11.22(h)(3), is entitled to the same exemption from taxation of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption ap- plied or would have applied if it had been in effect on the date of death if:
	1. The surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the disabled veteran; and

AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

	 The property was the residence homestead of the surviving spouse when the disabled veteran died and remains the resi- dence homestead of the surviving spouse.
	Tax Code 11.131(c), .132(c)
Surviving Spouse of Individual Killed in Action	The surviving spouse of a member of the armed services of the United States who is killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the member of the armed services. <i>Tax Code 11.133(b)</i>
	Tex. Const. Art. VIII, Sec. 1-b (Residence Homestead Tax Exemp- tions and Limitations)
Disabled Veteran	A disabled veteran is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a portion of the assessed value of a property the veteran owns and designates under Tax Code 11.22(f). <i>Tax Code 11.22</i>
Exemption for Subsequent Residence	The surviving spouse of a first responder, disabled veteran, or armed services member killed in action who receives an exemption for a residence homestead is entitled to receive an exemption from taxation of a different property that the surviving spouse subsequently qualifies as the surviving spouse's residence homestead in an amount equal to the dollar amount of the exemption from taxation of the first property for which the surviving spouse received the exemption in the last year in which the surviving spouse received that exemption if the surviving spouse has not remarried. <i>Tax Code</i> $11.131(d)$, $.132(d)$, $.133(c)$, $.134(d)$
Temporary Exemption for Property Damaged by Disaster	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of qualified property, as defined by Tax Code 11.35(a), that the person owns in an amount determined by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 11.35(h). <i>Tax Code 11.35(b)</i>
	A person who qualifies for an exemption under this provision must apply for the exemption not later than the 105th day after the date the governor declares the area in which the person's qualified property is located to be a disaster area. <i>Tax Code 11.43(s)</i>
	"Damage" means physical damage. Tax Code 11.35(a)(1)
Optional Exemptions	Among others, a board may grant additional tax exemptions in ac- cordance with applicable law for:
	 Residential property owned by the United States or an agency of the United States and used to provide transitional housing for the indigent under a program operated or directed by the

AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Tax Code 11.111 2. Land and housing units on the land owned by a community land trust. Tax Code 11,1827 3. Certain historic structures or archeological sites and the land necessary to access and use the structure or archeological site. The board may not repeal or reduce the amount of an exemption for a property that otherwise qualifies for the exemption unless the property owner consents to the repeal or reduction or the district provides written notice of the repeal or reduction to the owner not later than five years before the date the board repeals or reduces the exemption. Tax Code 11.24 4. Property on which approved water conservation initiatives, desalination projects, or brush control initiatives have been implemented. Tax Code 11.32 If a district adopts, amends, or repeals an exemption that the district by law has the option to adopt or not, the district shall notify the appraisal office of its action and of the terms of the exemption within 30 days after the date of its action. Tax Code 6.08 Goods-in-Transit A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the appraised value of that portion of the person's property that consists of Exemption goods-in-transit, as defined in Tax Code 11.253(a)(2). Tax Code 11.253(b) [For information on the board's option in a district located in a disaster area to extend the date by which goods-in-transit must be transported, see Tax Code 11.253(I).] Option to Tax A board, by official action, may provide for the taxation of goods-intransit exempt under Tax Code 11.253(b) and not exempt under other law. The official action to tax the goods-in-transit must be taken before January 1 of the first tax year in which the board proposes to tax goods-in-transit. Before acting to tax the exempt property, a board must conduct a public hearing as required by Texas Constitution Article VIII, Section 1-n(d). If the board provides for the taxation of the goods-in-transit as provided by this provision, the exemption stated above does not apply to that district. The goodsin-transit remain subject to taxation by the district until the board, by official action, rescinds or repeals its previous action to tax goods-in-transit, or otherwise determines that the exemption will apply to that district. Notwithstanding official action that was taken before October 1, 2011, to tax goods-in-transit, a district may not tax such goods-in-

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	transit in a tax year that begins on or after January 1, 2012, the board takes official action on or after October 1, 2011, t vide for the taxation of the goods-in-transit.	
Exception	If a board, before October 1, 2011, took action to provide for taxation of goods-in-transit and pledged the taxes imposed goods-in-transit for the payment of a debt of the district, the tax officials may continue to impose the taxes against the g transit until the debt is discharged, if cessation of the impose would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt created.	on the district oods-in- ition
	Tax Code 11.253(j)–(j-2)	
Payment Options Discounts	The board may adopt, by official action, one or both of the options below. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	liscount
Option 1	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply regard the date on which the district mails its tax bills:	less of
	1. Three percent if the tax is paid in October or earlier.	
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid in November.	
	3. One percent if the tax is paid in December.	
	Tax Code 31.05(b)	
	This discount does not apply to taxes that are calculated to for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>	o late
Option 2	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply when t trict mails its tax bills after September 30:	he dis-
	 Three percent if the tax is paid before or during the ne calendar month following the date on which the tax bil mailed. 	
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid during the second full ca month following the date on which the tax bills were m	
	3. One percent if the tax is paid during the third full calen month following the date on which the tax bills were m	
	<i>Tax Code 31.05(c)</i>	
Both Options	If a board adopts both discounts, the discounts described a 1 apply unless the tax bills for the district are mailed after S ber 30, in which case only the discounts described at Optio ply. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	eptem-

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Rescission	The board may rescind a discount lawfully adopted by the The rescission of a discount takes effect in the tax year fol the year in which the discount is rescinded. <i>Tax Code 31.0</i>	lowing
Split Payments	The board of a district that collects its own taxes may prov official action, that a person who pays one-half of the distri- taxes before December 1 may pay the remaining one-half taxes without penalty or interest at any time before July 1 of lowing year.	ct's of the
	If a board contracts with the appraisal district for collection the split-payment option does not apply to taxes collected appraisal district unless approved by resolution adopted by jority of the governing bodies of the taxing units whose tax appraisal district collects and filed with the secretary of the praisal district board of directors. The split-payment option revoked in the same manner as provided for adoption.	by the y a ma- es the e ap-
	Tax Code 31.03	
	This payment option does not apply to taxes that are calculate for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>	lated too
In Certain Counties	The board of a district located in a county having a popular not less than 285,000 and not more than 300,000 that bord county having a population of 3.3 million or more and the 0 Mexico that has its taxes collected by another taxing unit to adopted the split-payment option may provide, by official a that the split-payment option does not apply to the district's collected by the other taxing unit. <i>Tax Code 31.03(d)</i>	ders a Gulf of hat has iction,
Installment Payments <i>Certain</i> <i>Homesteads</i>	An individual who is disabled or at least 65 years of age ar fied for a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13(c), dividual who is a disabled veteran or the unmarried survivi spouse of a disabled veteran and qualified for an exemption Tax Code 11.132 or 11.22, may pay district taxes imposed person's residence homestead property in four equal insta- without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates s Tax Code 31.031. <i>Tax Code 31.031</i>	or an in- ng on under I on the Ilments
Disaster or Emergency Area Property	A person may pay district taxes imposed on certain proper person owns in four equal installments without penalty or i paid in accordance with Tax Code 31.032.	•
Damaged — Automatic	This provision applies to real and tangible personal proper scribed in Tax Code 31.032(a) and taxes that are imposed property by a district before the first anniversary of the disa emergency.	on the
	Tax Code 31.032	

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Property Not Damaged — Board Option	The board may authorize a person to pay district taxes imposed on certain property that the person owns in installments. If the board adopts the installment-payment option under this provision, Tax Code 31.032(b), (b-1), (c), and (d) apply to the payment by a person of district taxes imposed on property that the person owns in the same manner as those subsections apply to the payment of taxes imposed on property to which Tax Code 31.032 applies.
	This provision applies to real and tangible personal property de- scribed in Tax Code 31.033(b) and taxes that are imposed on the property by a district before the first anniversary of the disaster or emergency.
	Tax Code 31.033; 34 TAC 9.3061(b), (c)
Definitions	"Disaster" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 418.004.
	"Emergency" means a state of emergency proclaimed by the gov- ernor under Government Code 433.001.
	Tax Code 31.032(g), .033(a); 34 TAC 9.3061(a)
Services in Lieu of Paying Taxes	The board by resolution may permit certain individuals or business entities to perform certain services for the district in lieu of paying the district property taxes. While performing services for a district, the individual is not an employee of the district and is not entitled to any benefit, including workers' compensation coverage, that the district provides to its employees. <i>Tax Code 31.035, .036, .037</i>
Persons 65 and Over	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.035, the board by or- der or resolution may permit an individual who is at least 65 years of age to perform service for the district in lieu of paying taxes im- posed by a district on property owned by the individual and occu- pied as the individual's residence homestead. Property owners performing services for a district under this provision may only sup- plement or complement the regular personnel of the district. A dis- trict may not reduce the number of persons the district employs or reduce the number of hours to be worked by employees of the dis- trict because the district permits property owners to perform ser- vices for the district under this provision. <i>Tax Code 31.035(a), (g)</i>
Teaching Services	An individual is qualified to perform teaching services for a district under the provisions below only if the individual holds a baccalau- reate or more advanced degree in a field related to each course to be taught and:
	 Is certified as a classroom teacher under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or

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		Obtains a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055.			
	Tax Code 31.036(h), .037(i)				
By Individual	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.036, the board by res- olution may permit qualified individuals to perform teaching ser- vices for the district at a junior high school or high school of the dis- trict in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property owned and occupied by the individual as a residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 31.036</i>				
By Employee of Business Entity	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.037, a board b lution may authorize a corporation or other business entity mit a qualified individual employed by the business entity to form teaching services in a high school or a junior high sch the district in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on erty owned by the business entity. <i>Tax Code 31.037</i>				
Delinquent Taxes Delinquency Date	Except as provided by Tax Code 31.02(b) (payment by certain eli- gible persons on active duty in the armed forces), 31.03 (split pay- ments), and 31.04 (postponement of delinquency date based on mailing date of tax bills), taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. <i>Tax Code 31.02</i>				
	Note:	Delinquent taxes incur penalties and accrue interest in accordance with Tax Code 33.01, subject to any waiver by the board pursuant to Tax Code 33.011.			
Delinquent Tax Collection	distric comp pensa delinc [See 0	and may contract with any competent attorney to represent the et to enforce the collection of delinquent taxes. The attorney's ensation is set in the contract, but the total amount of com- ation provided may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of juent tax, penalty, and interest collected. <i>Tax Code 6.30(c)</i> CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal ser- and Government Code 2254.102(e) for additional require- s.]			
Additional Penalties	The board may provide, by official action, that taxes that become delinquent at a certain time incur an additional penalty to defray costs of collection if the board has contracted with an attorney as provided above. <i>Tax Code 33.07, .08</i>				

¹ Texas Comptroller Property Tax Exemptions website: <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/exemptions/</u>

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Tax Increment Financing Act Board of Directors	Except as provided at Large Municipality below, each distr levies taxes on real property in a reinvestment zone design a county or municipality in accordance with the Tax Increm nancing Act, Tax Code Chapter 311, may appoint one mer the reinvestment zone board of directors if the district has proved the payment of all or part of the tax increment prod the district into the tax increment fund for the zone. A distri waive its right to appoint a director. <i>Tax Code 311.009(a)</i> ,	nated by nent Fi- mber of ap- uced by ict may			
Large Municipality	In a reinvestment zone designated by a municipality which wholly or partially located in a county with a population of I 1.8 million in which the principal municipality has a populat 1.1 million or more, each taxing unit that approves the pay all or part of its tax increment into the tax increment fund is to appoint a number of members to the board in proportion taxing unit's pro rata share of the total anticipated tax incre- be deposited into the tax increment fund during the term of zone. <i>Tax Code 311.0091(a)–(c)</i>	ess than tion of ment of s entitled to the ement to			
Tax Increments <i>Amount</i>	The amount of a district's tax increment for a year is the ar property taxes levied and assessed by the district for that y the captured appraised value of real property taxable by th and located in a reinvestment zone or the amount of proper levied and collected by the district for that year on the capt praised value of real property taxable by the district and loc a reinvestment zone. The board of the district shall determ which of the methods is used to calculate the amount of th trict's tax increment.	year on he district erty taxes cured ap- cated in ine			
"Captured Appraised Value"	The captured appraised value of real property taxable by a for a year is the total taxable value of all real property taxa the district and located in a reinvestment zone for that year tax increment base of the district.	ble by			
"Tax Increment Base"	The tax increment base of a district is the total taxable valureal property taxable by the district and located in a reinvest zone for the year in which the zone was designated under Code Chapter 311.	stment			
	Tax Code 311.012				
Collection and Deposit	Each district that taxes real property located in a reinvestme zone shall provide for the collection of its taxes in the zone any other property taxed by the district. Each district shall the tax increment fund for the zone an amount equal to the crement produced by the district, less the sum of:	e as for pay into			
	1. Property taxes produced from the tax increments that contract executed before the designation of the area	-			
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reinvestment zone, required to be paid by the district to another political subdivision; and

 A portion, not to exceed 15 percent, of the tax increment produced by the district as provided by the reinvestment zone financing plan or a larger portion as provided at Agreement Required below.

Tax Code 311.013(a)–(b)

Notwithstanding any termination of the reinvestment zone and unless otherwise specified by an agreement between the district and the municipality or county that created the zone, a district shall make the required payment not later than the 90th day after the later of the delinquency date for district property taxes or the date the municipality or county that created the zone submits to the district an invoice specifying the tax increment produced by the district and the amount the district is required to pay into the tax increment fund for the zone. A district is not required to pay into a tax increment fund the applicable portion of a tax increment attributable to delinquent taxes until those taxes are collected. *Tax Code* 311.013(c), (i)

A district whose taxable value is reduced under Government Code 403.302(d)(4) (determination of district property values by the comptroller) shall pay into the tax increment fund, in addition to the amount otherwise required to be paid, an amount equal to the amount by which the amount of taxes the district would have been required to pay into the fund in the current year if the district levied taxes at the rate the district levied in 2005 exceeds the amount the district is otherwise required to pay into the fund in the year of the reduction. This additional amount may not exceed the amount the district receives in state aid for the current tax year under Education Code 48.253 (additional state aid for tax increment financing payments). The district shall pay the additional amount after the district receives the state aid to which the district is entitled for the current tax year under Education Code 48.253. *Tax Code* 311.013(n)

Agreement Required A district is not required to pay into the tax increment fund any of its tax increment produced from property located in a reinvestment zone designated under Tax Code 311.005(a) or in an area added to a reinvestment zone under Tax Code 311.007 unless the district enters into an agreement to do so with the governing body of the municipality or county that designated the zone. Tax Code 311.013(f)

A district that participates in a zone is not required to increase the percentage or amount of the tax increment to be contributed by the

			ecause of an amendment to the project plan or reinvest- e financing plan for the zone unless the board by official		
	action approves the amendment. <i>Tax Code 311.011(g)</i>				
	A district is not required to pay into the tax increment fund any of its tax increment produced from property located in an area adde to the reinvestment zone under Tax Code 311.007(a) or (b) unles the board enters into an agreement to do so with the governing body of the municipality or county that created the zone. Tax Code 311.013(k)				
	If the governing body of the municipality or county that designated a reinvestment zone extends the term of all or a portion of the zone, a district is not required to participate in the zone or portion of the zone for the extended term unless the district enters into a written agreement to do so. <i>Tax Code 311.007(c)</i>				
	Notwithstanding the designation of a later termination date under Tax Code 311.017(a), a district that taxes real property located in the reinvestment zone is not required to pay any of its tax incre- ment into the tax increment fund for the zone after the termination date designated in the ordinance or order creating the zone unless the board enters into an agreement to do so with the governing body of the municipality or county that created the zone. <i>Tax Cod</i> <i>311.017(a-1)</i>				
Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act	On or after September 1, 2001, a school district may not enter a tax abatement agreement under Tax Code Chapter 312. <i>Tax</i> <i>Code 312.002(f)</i>				
Reinvestment Zone for Chapter 313	Notwithstanding any other provision of Tax Code Chapter 312 to the contrary, the board, in the manner required for official action and for purposes of Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B or C [see Texas Economic Development Act below], may designate an area entirely within the territory of the district as a reinvestment zone if the board finds that, as a result of the designation and the granting of a limitation on appraised value, for property located in the reinvestment zone, the designation is reasonably likely to:				
	1.		tribute to the expansion of primary employment in the vestment zone; or		
	2.	Attra	act major investment in the reinvestment zone that would:		
		a.	Be a benefit to property in the reinvestment zone and to the district; and		
		b.	Contribute to the economic development of the region of this state in which the district is located.		

	court of e that has vestment	rd may seek the recommendation of the commissioners each county and the governing body of each municipality territory in the district before designating an area as a rein- t zone. e 312.0025		
Texas Economic Development Act	Note:	The Texas Economic Development Act, Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapters B and C, expired on December 31, 2022. <i>Tax Code 313.007</i>		
		A limitation on appraised value approved before the ex- piration continues in effect according to the law as it ex- isted immediately before its expiration, and the law is continued in effect for purposes of the limitation on ap- praised value. <i>Tax Code 313.171</i>		
	Chapter tion guid	nenting the Texas Economic Development Act, Tax Code 313, districts should strictly interpret the criteria and selec- elines provided by Chapter 313 and approve only those ons for an ad valorem tax benefit that:		
	1. Enh	ance the local community;		
	2. Imp	rove the local public education system;		
	3. Cre	ate high-paying jobs; and		
	4. Adv	ance the economic development goals of Texas.		
	Tax Cod	e 313.004(3)		
Definitions Agreement	the appro ministrati appraise orem pro	ent" means the written agreement between the board and oved applicant on the form adopted by reference in 34 Ad- ive Code 9.1052 (Forms) to implement a limitation on the d value for district maintenance and operations ad val- perty tax purposes on an entity's qualified property, re- v Tax Code 313.027(d).		
Agreement Holder	-	ent holder" means an entity that has executed an agree- n a district.		
Applicant	praised v property	nt" means an entity that has applied for a limitation on ap- value for district maintenance and operations ad valorem tax purposes on the entity's property, as provided by Tax apter 313.		
Application	for distric	ion" means an application for limitation of appraised value of maintenance and operations ad valorem property tax s on an entity's qualified property on the form adopted by		

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	atta the	ched purpc	e in 34 Administrative Code 9.1052 (Forms), the schedules thereto, and the documentation submitted by an entity for ose of obtaining an agreement for a limitation on appraised m a district.
Application Review Start Date	date has com	e on w subm ptroll	on review start date" means the later date of either the which the district issues its written notice that an applicant nitted a completed application or the date on which the er issues its written notice that an applicant has submitted ted application.
Completed Application	num Adm App	iber a ninistr raise	ed application" means an application in the form and and containing all the information required pursuant to 34 rative Code 9.1053 (Entity Requesting Agreement to Limit d Value), that has been determined by the district and the er to include all minimum requirements for consideration.
Entity	"Entity" means any entity upon which a tax is imposed by Tax Code 171.001, including a combined group as defined by Tax Code 171.0001(7) or members of a combined group, provided, however, an entity does not include a sole proprietorship, partner- ship, or limited liability partnership.		
	34 7	TAC 9	9.1051(1), (2), (3), (7), (10), (12), (20)
Qualified	"Qua	alified	l investment" means:
Investment	1.	state on c	gible personal property that is first placed in service in this e during the applicable qualifying time period that begins or after January 1, 2002, without regard to whether the perty is affixed to or incorporated into real property, and is:
		a.	Described as Section 1245 property by Section 1245(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
		b.	Used in connection with the manufacturing, processing, or fabrication in a cleanroom environment of a semicon- ductor product, without regard to whether the property is actually located in the cleanroom environment, including integrated systems, fixtures, and piping; all property nec- essary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity, or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances; and production equipment and machinery, moveable cleanroom partitions, and cleanroom lighting;
		C.	Used in connection with the operation of a nuclear elec- tric power generation facility, including property, includ- ing pressure vessels, pumps, turbines, generators, and

			condensers, used to produce nuclear electric power; and property and systems necessary to control radioactive contamination;			
		d.	Used in connection with operating an integrated gasifica- tion combined cycle electric generation facility, including property used to produce electric power by means of a combined combustion turbine and steam turbine applica- tion using synthetic gas or another product produced by the gasification of coal or another carbon-based feed- stock; or property used in handling materials to be used as feedstock for gasification or used in the gasification process to produce synthetic gas or another carbon- based feedstock for use in the production of electric power in the manner described herein;			
		e.	Used in connection with operating an advanced clean energy project, as defined by Health and Safety Code 382.003; or			
	2.	buil fyin that	uilding or a permanent, nonremovable component of a ding that is built or constructed during the applicable quali- g time period that begins on or after January 1, 2002, and houses tangible personal property described by items e above.			
	Tax	x Cod	(Code 313.021(1)			
Qualified	"Qı	"Qualified property" means:				
Property	1.	Lan	nd:			
		a.	That is located in an area designated as a reinvestment zone under Tax Code Chapter 311 or 312 or as an enterprise zone under Government Code Chapter 2303;			
		b.	On which a person proposes to construct a new building or erect or affix a new improvement that does not exist before the date the person submits a complete applica- tion for a limitation on appraised value under Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B;			
		C.	That is not subject to a tax abatement agreement en- tered into by a district under Tax Code Chapter 312; and			
		d.	On which, in connection with the new building or new im- provement described by item 1b above, the owner or lessee of, or the holder of another possessory interest in,			

the land proposes to:

			(1)	Make a qualified investment in an amount equal to at least the minimum amount required by Tax Code 313.023; and
			(2)	Create at least 25 new qualifying jobs, except as provided at Exception below;
	2.			building or other new improvement described by above; and
	3.	Tan	gible	personal property:
		a.		t is not subject to a tax abatement agreement en- d into by a district under Tax Code Chapter 312;
		b.		which a sales and use tax refund is not claimed un- Tax Code 151.3186; and
		C.	151 new the the is lo sary	ept for new equipment described in Tax Code .318(q) or (q-1), that is first placed in service in the v building, in the newly expanded building, or in or on new improvement described by item 1b above, or on land on which that new building or new improvement ocated, if the personal property is ancillary and neces- v to the business conducted in that new building or in on that new improvement.
				.021(2); see also 34 TAC 9.1051(16) (additional re- r "Qualified Property")
Exception	to c	ertain	rura	of Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter C, applicable I districts, a property owner is required to create at ying jobs. <i>Tax Code 313.051(b)</i>
Qualifying Job	"Qu	alifyir	ng job	" means a permanent full-time job that:
	1.	Req	luires	at least 1,600 hours of work a year;
	2.		ot tra nis sta	nsferred from one area in this state to another area ate;
	3.	ls n	ot cre	eated to replace a previous employee;
	4.	nes othe the	s offe er cha plan,	ed by a group health benefit plan for which the busi- ers to pay at least 80 percent of the premiums or arges assessed for employee-only coverage under regardless of whether an employee may voluntarily e coverage; and
	5.	•		east 110 percent of the county average weekly wage facturing jobs in the county where the job is located.

Tax Code 313.021(3); 34 TAC 9.1051(30)

		Cha of n crea age	be eligible for a limitation on appraised value under Tax Code opter 313, the property owner must create the required number ew qualifying jobs and the average weekly wage for all jobs ated that are not qualifying jobs must exceed the county aver- weekly wage for all jobs in the county where the jobs are lo- ed. <i>Tax Code 313.024(d)</i>
	Waiver of New Jobs Creation Requirement	the mer the num the	withstanding any other provision of Tax Code Chapter 313 to contrary, the board may waive the new jobs creation require- nt and approve an application if the board makes a finding that jobs creation requirement exceeds the industry standard for the nber of employees reasonably necessary for the operation of facility of the property owner that is described in the applica- . <i>Tax Code 313.025(f-1)</i>
	Qualifying Time	"Qu	alifying time period" means:
		1.	The period that begins on the date that a person's application for a limitation on appraised value under Tax Code Chapter 313 is approved by the board and ends on December 31 of the second tax year that begins after that date, except as pro- vided by items 2 and 3 below or Tax Code 313.027(h);
		2.	In connection with a nuclear electric power generation facility, the first seven tax years that begin on or after the third an- niversary of the date the district approves the property owner's application for a limitation on appraised value, unless a shorter time period is agreed to by the board and the prop- erty owner; or
		3.	In connection with an advanced clean energy project, the first five tax years that begin on or after the third anniversary of the date the district approves the property owner's application for a limitation on appraised value, unless a shorter time pe- riod is agreed to by the board and the property owner.
		Tax	Code 313.021(4)
	Substantive Document	data tially tion mer valu not valu eva	bstantive document" means a document or other information or a in electronic media determined by the comptroller to substan- y involve or include information or data significant to an applica- , the evaluation or consideration of an application, or the agree- nt or implementation of an agreement for limitation of appraised the pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313. The term includes, but is limited to, any application requesting a limitation on appraised the and any amendments or supplements, any economic impact luation made in connection with an application, any agreement ween applicant and the district and any subsequent amend-

	ments or assignments, any district written finding or report filed with the comptroller as required under 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F; and any completed annual eligibility re- port (Form 50-772A) submitted to the comptroller. The term shall not include any employee names or other personal identifying in- formation that is submitted to the comptroller. Positions can be de- scribed by job type, category, or general title. <i>34 TAC 9.1051(19)</i>
School District Categories	For purposes of determining the required minimum amount of a qualified investment and the minimum amount of a limitation on appraised value, districts to which Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B applies are categorized according to the taxable value of property in the district for the preceding tax year under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M (comptroller's study of school district property values), as set out in Tax Code 313.022. <i>Tax Code 313.022(b); 34 TAC 9.1058(d)</i>
	For purposes of determining the required minimum amount of a qualified investment and the minimum amount of a limitation on appraised value, districts to which Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter C applies are categorized according to the taxable value of industrial property in the district for the preceding tax year under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M (comptroller's study of school district property values), as set out in Tax Code 313.052. <i>Tax Code 313.052; 34 TAC 9.1058(d)</i>
Minimum Amounts of Qualified Investment	For each category of district established by Tax Code 313.022, the minimum amount of a qualified investment is set out in Tax Code 313.023. <i>Tax Code 313.023</i>
	For each category of district established by Tax Code 313.052, the minimum amount of a qualified investment is set out in Tax Code 313.053. <i>Tax Code 313.053</i>
Eligibility	Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapters B and C apply only to prop- erty owned by an entity subject to franchise tax (Tax Code Chapter 171). To be eligible for a limitation on appraised value, the entity must use the property for a purpose stated in Tax Code 313.024.
Exception for Wind-Powered Energy Device	An owner of a parcel of land that is located wholly or partly in a reinvestment zone, a new building constructed on the parcel of land, a new improvement erected or affixed on the parcel of land, or tangible personal property placed in service in the building or improvement or on the parcel of land may not receive a limitation on appraised value for the parcel of land, building, improvement, or tangible personal property under an agreement under Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B that is entered into on or after September 1, 2017, if, on or after that date, a wind-powered energy device is installed or constructed on the same parcel of land at a location

	tion of w	is within 25 nautical miles of the boundaries of a military avia- facility located in this state. This prohibition applies regardless thether the wind-powered energy device is installed or con- cted at a location that is in the reinvestment zone.					
	Tax Code 313.024						
Application for Limitation on Appraised Value	The owner or lessee of, or the holder of another possessory inter est in, any qualified property may apply to the board for a limitatic on the appraised value of the person's qualified property for distri maintenance and operations ad valorem tax purposes. An applica- tion must be made on the form prescribed by the comptroller, mu include the information required by the comptroller, and must be accompanied by:						
	1.	The application fee established by the board;					
	2.	Information sufficient to show that the real and personal prop- erty identified in the application as qualified property meets the applicable criteria established by Tax Code 313.021(2); and					
	3.	Any information required by the comptroller for the purposes of Tax Code 313.026 (economic impact evaluation).					
	Tax Code 313.025(a)						
Required Contents and Format	set t vide	ompleted application shall consist of, at a minimum, the items forth in 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(a)(1) and shall be pro- ed in the formats specified in 34 Administrative Code 053(a)(2).					
Optional	An applicant may include in an application:						
Requests	1.	A request that the district waive the applicable requirement to create new jobs. In order for a completed application to include a job waiver request, the applicant shall submit the information specified in 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(b)(1); or					
	2.	A request to begin the qualifying time period on a date that is after the date that the application is approved. In order for a completed application to include a qualifying time period de- ferral request, the applicant shall submit the information spec- ified in 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(b)(2).					
	34 TAC 9.1053(a), (b)						
Changes	prov an a	ne request of the district or the comptroller, or with the prior ap- val of the district and the comptroller, the applicant may submit application amendment or application supplement at any time r the submission of the initial application. In order to be consid-					

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ered as part of the application, the application amendment or supplement shall:

- 1. Be submitted in the same form or schedule and manner as the information was initially submitted or should have been initially submitted;
- Include a date for the submission and a sequential number identifying the number of submissions made by the applicant;
- Have the signature of the authorized representative(s) by which the applicant confirms and attests to the truth and accuracy of the information submitted in the application amendment or supplement, as applicable, to the best knowledge and belief of the applicant and its representative(s); and
- 4. Be submitted before the 120th day after the application was accepted by the district or within another time period as provided in writing by the comptroller.

34 TAC 9.1053(c)

If a district receives an amended application or a supplemental application from an applicant after the district has prepared or sent written notice that the applicant has submitted a completed application, the district shall either:

- 1. Reject the amended application, supplemental application, or application, in whole or in part, and discontinue consideration of any submission by the applicant;
- 2. With the written concurrence of the comptroller, consider the completed application, as amended or supplemented, before the 151st day from the application review start date; or
- 3. Review the documents submitted by the applicant, issue an amended written notice of a completed application, and present the amended application to the board in the manner and time period authorized by 34 Administrative Code 9.1054(c)(5).

34 TAC 9.1054(e) [See Acting on Completed Application, below]

Confidential Business Information Information provided to a district in connection with an application for a limitation on appraised value that describes the specific processes or business activities to be conducted or the specific tangible personal property to be located on real property covered by the application shall be segregated in the application from other information in the application and is confidential and not subject to public disclosure unless the board approves the application. Other information in the custody of a district or the comptroller in

	connection with the application, including information related to the economic impact of a project or the essential elements of eligibility under Tax Code Chapter 313, such as the nature and amount of the projected investment, employment, wages, and benefits, may not be considered confidential business information if the board agrees to consider the application. Information in the custody of a district or the comptroller if the board approves the application is not confidential under this provision. <i>Tax Code 313.028; 34 TAC 9.1055(a)(1)–(4)</i>					
	ame that not	At the time that the applicant submits its application, application amendment, or application supplement, the applicant may request that all or parts of such document not be posted on the internet and not otherwise be publicly released. In order to make such request, the applicant shall:				
	1.	Sub	mit a written request that:			
		a.	Specifically lists each document or portion of document and each entry in any form prescribed by the comptroller that the applicant contends is confidential; and			
		b.	Identifies specific detailed reasons stating why the appli- cant believes each item listed should be considered con- fidential and identifies any relevant legal authority in sup- port of the request;			
	2.	fron plica	regate the documents which are subject to the request in the other documents submitted with the application, ap- ation amendment, or application supplement that are not ject to the request; and			
	3.	Adequately designate the documents subject to the req as "confidential."				
	34	TAC S	9.1053(e)			
Action on Application <i>Initial Review</i>	sub pos plica dist ditic revi	mit to ed ag ant su rict sh on, the sion o	even days of receipt of each document, the district shall the comptroller a copy of the application and the pro- preement between the applicant and the district. If the ap- ubmits an economic analysis of the proposed project, the nall submit a copy of the analysis to the comptroller. In ad- e district shall submit to the comptroller any subsequent of or amendment to any of those documents within seven ecceipt. <i>Tax Code 313.025(a-1); 34 TAC 9.1054(b)</i>			
Acting on Completed Application	If the board by official action elects to consider an application and determines that the application received is a completed application, the district shall:					

- 1. Provide written notice to the applicant and to the comptroller, with a copy to the appraisal district, that the district has received and will be considering a completed application. The notice shall include:
 - a. The date on which the application was received;
 - b. The date on which the board elected to consider the application; and
 - c. The date on which the district determined that applicant has submitted a completed application;
- 2. At the time the district provides notice of a completed application, deliver to the comptroller:
 - a. A copy of the completed application including all material required by 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(a), and if applicable (b), (Entity Requesting Agreement to Limit Appraised Value); and
 - b. A request to the comptroller to provide an economic impact evaluation;
- If the district maintains a generally accessible internet web site, provide a clear and conspicuous link on its web site to the internet web site maintained by the comptroller where substantive documents for the value limitation application for such district are posted;
- 4. On request of the comptroller, provide such written documents containing information requested by the comptroller as necessary for the consideration of a limitation on appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313 within 20 days of the date of the request.

34 TAC 9.1054(c)(1)-(4)

Economic Impact Evaluation and Certification The board is not required to consider an application for a limitation on appraised value. If the board elects to consider an application, the board shall deliver a copy of the application to the comptroller and request that the comptroller conduct an economic impact evaluation of the proposed investment. The comptroller shall conduct or contract with a third person to conduct the economic impact evaluation, which shall be completed and provided to the board, along with the comptroller's certificate or written explanation of the decision not to issue a certificate, as soon as practicable but not later than the 90th day after the date the comptroller receives the application. The board shall provide to the comptroller or to a third person contracted by the comptroller to conduct the economic im-

	pact evaluation any requested information. The board shall provide a copy of the economic impact evaluation to the applicant on request. <i>Tax Code 313.025(b); 34 TAC 9.1055(d)</i>
	Supplemental application information, amended application infor- mation, and additional information requested by the comptroller shall be promptly forwarded to the comptroller within 20 days of the date of the request. On request of the district or applicant, the comptroller may extend the deadline for providing additional infor- mation for a period of not more than ten working days. <i>34 TAC</i> 9.1055(b)(1)(A)-(B)
	After receiving a copy of the application, the comptroller shall de- termine whether the property meets the requirements for eligibility for a limitation on appraised value. The comptroller shall notify the board of the comptroller's determination and provide the applicant an opportunity for a hearing before the determination becomes fi- nal. If the comptroller's determination becomes final, the comptrol- ler is not required to provide an economic impact evaluation of the application or to submit a certificate for a limitation on appraised value of the property or a written explanation of the decision not to issue a certificate, and the board may not grant the application. <i>Tax Code 313.025(h), (i); 34 TAC 9.1055(b)(3), (c), (d), .1056</i>
Effect on Instructional Facilities	The comptroller shall promptly deliver a copy of the application to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). TEA shall determine the effect that the applicant's proposal will have on the number or size of the district's instructional facilities and submit a written report containing TEA's determination to the district. The board shall provide any requested information to TEA. Not later than the 45th day after the date TEA receives the application, TEA shall make the required determination and submit the written report to the board. <i>Tax Code</i> 313.025(b-1)
Fees	The board by official action shall establish reasonable nonrefund- able application fees to be paid by property owners who apply to the district for a limitation on the appraised value of the person's property. The amount of an application fee must be reasonable and may not exceed the estimated cost to the district of processing and acting on an application, including any cost to the district asso- ciated with the required economic impact evaluation. <i>Tax Code</i> <i>313.031(b); 34 TAC 9.1054(a)</i>
	The total fee shall be paid at the time the application is submitted to the district. Any fees not accompanying the original application shall be considered supplemental payments. <i>34 TAC 9.1054(a)</i>

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	the		ptroller may charge the applicant a fee sufficient of providing the economic impact evaluation. <i>Ta</i> b)		
Supplemental Payments	whice distri- exco yea riod riod the exp item	ch the rict or eeds r in av that and perso ires.	and the district may not enter into an agreement e person agrees to provide supplemental payment any other entity on behalf of a district in an amount an amount equal to the greater of \$100 per stude verage daily attendance or \$50,000 per year, or f exceeds the period beginning with the qualifying ending December 31 of the third tax year after the on's eligibility for a limitation under Tax Code Cha This limit does not apply to amounts described be Contents, Required and item 1 at Contents, Opti 3.027(<i>i</i>)	its to a unt that ent per for a pe- time pe- e date upter 313 elow at	
Approval	The board shall approve or disapprove an application not later than the 150th day after the date the application is filed, unless the eco- nomic impact evaluation has not been received or an extension is agreed to by the board and the applicant. <i>Tax Code 313.025(b)</i>				
	The board may extend the time period to approve a completed ap- plication required only if:				
	1.	Eith	er:		
		a.	An economic impact analysis has not been sub the district by the comptroller; or	mitted to	
		b.	By agreement with the applicant; and		
	2.		ce of the extension is provided to the comptroller en days of the decision to provide the extension.	[.] within	
	34 TAC 9.1054(d)				
	Before approving or disapproving an application that the board elects to consider, the board must make a written finding as to any criteria considered by the comptroller in conducting the economic impact evaluation under Tax Code 313.026. The board shall de- liver a copy of those findings to the applicant.				
	the app pers	inforn licant son's	d may approve an application only if the board fir nation in the application is true and correct, finds is eligible for the limitation on the appraised valu qualified property, and determines that granting t in the best interest of the district and this state.	that the le of the	

The board may not approve an application unless the comptroller submits to the board a certificate for a limitation on appraised value of the property.

Tax Code 313.025(d-1), (e), (f)

When presented a completed application for which the comptroller has submitted a certificate for a limitation, the board shall either:

- 1. By majority vote adopt a written resolution approving the application which shall include:
 - a. Written findings:
 - As to each criterion listed in 34 Administrative Code 9.1055(d)(3)(B)–(D) (Comptroller Application Review and Agreement to Limit Appraised Value);
 - As to the criteria required by Tax Code 313.025(f-1) (waiver of new jobs creation requirement) if applicable;
 - (3) That the information in the application is true and correct; and
 - (4) That the applicant is eligible for the limitation on the appraised value of the entity's qualified property;
 - b. A determination that granting the application is in the best interest of the district and this state; and
 - c. Designate and direct a representative of the board to execute the agreement for property tax limitation presented by the approved applicant that complies with 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F and Tax Code Chapter 313;
- 2. By majority vote disapprove the application; or
- 3. Take no official action and the application shall be considered disapproved on the 151st day after the application review start date.

34 TAC 9.1054(c)(5), (f)

In determining whether to approve an application, the board is entitled to request and receive assistance from the comptroller, the Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office, the Texas Workforce Investment Council, and the Texas Workforce Commission. The Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office or its successor may recommend that a district approve an application under Tax Code Chapter 313. In determining whether to approve

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	by f	application, the board shall consider any recommendation made the Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office or its accessor. <i>Tax Code 313.025(c), (g)</i>			
Continued Eligibility		In order to obtain and continue to receive a limitation on appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313, an applicant shall:			
	1.	Have a completed application approved by the board in com- pliance with 34 Administrative Code 9.1054(f) (School District Application Review and Agreement to Limit Appraised Value);			
	2.	At least 30 days prior to the meeting at which the board is scheduled to consider the application, provide to the district and the comptroller a Texas Economic Development Act Agreement, as specified in 34 Administrative Code 9.1052(a)(6) [now 9.1052(a)(4)], with terms acceptable to the applicant;			
	3.	If the applicant includes a combined group or members of the combined group, have the agreement executed by the autho- rized representative of each member of the combined group that owns a direct interest in property subject to the proposed agreement by which such members are jointly and severally liable for the performance of the stipulations, provisions, terms, and conditions of the agreement;			
	4.	Comply with all stipulations, provisions, terms, and conditions of the agreement for a limitation on appraised value executed with the district, 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchap- ter F, and Tax Code Chapter 313;			
	5.	Be and remain in good standing under the laws of this state and maintain legal status as an entity;			
	6.	Owe no delinquent taxes to the state;			
	7.	Maintain eligibility for limitation on appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313;			
	8.	Provide to the district, the comptroller, and the appraisal dis- trict any change to information provided in the application, in- cluding but not limited to changes of the authorized represen- tative(s); changes to the location and contact information for the approved applicant including all members of the combined group participating in the limitation agreement; and copies of any valid assignments of the agreement and contact informa- tion for authorized representative(s) of any assignees; and			

9. Within 30 days after filing a completed application with the district, provide the comptroller with estimates of the gross tax

	benefit resulting from the requested limitation on appraised value for school district maintenance and operations ad val- orem tax and future revenues from the qualified property.					
	34 TAC 9.1053(f)					
Agreement	No later than 20 business days after receiving an agreement for limitation on appraised value acceptable to an applicant, the comptroller:					
	 Shall review the agreement for compliance with Tax Code Chapter 313 and the applicable rules (34 Administrative Code 9.1051–.1060), and consistency with the application submit- ted to the comptroller and as amended or supplemented; 					
	2. May amend or withdraw the comptroller certificate for a limita- tion if the comptroller determines that the agreement as sub- mitted by the applicant does not comply with Tax Code Chap- ter 313 or the applicable rules or that the agreement contains provisions that are not consistent with or represents informa- tion significantly different from that presented in the applica- tion as submitted to the comptroller; and					
	3. Provide written notification to the district of the actions taken.					
	34 TAC 9.1055(e)					
	The board and the property owner shall enter into a written agree- ment for the implementation of the limitation on appraised value on the owner's qualified property. <i>Tax Code 313.027(d); 34 TAC</i> <i>9.1054(g), .1060</i>					
Limitation on Appraised Value	If the person's application is approved by the board, the appraised value for district maintenance and operations ad valorem tax pur- poses of the person's qualified property as described in the agree- ment between the person and the district may not exceed the lesser of:					
	1. The market value of the property; or					
	2. Subject to the minimum limitation amount below, the amount agreed to by the board.					
Minimum Limitation	The amount agreed to by the board must be an amount in accor- dance with Tax Code 313.027(b), according to the category to which the district belongs. [See School District Categories, above] A district, regardless of category, may agree to a greater amount.					
	Tax Code 313.027(a), (b), (c)					
	For a district to which Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter C applies, the amount agreed to by the board must be an amount in ac-					
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	cordance with Tax Code 313.054, according to the category to which the district belongs. [See School District Categories, above] A district, regardless of category, may agree to a greater amount. <i>Tax Code 313.054</i>					
<i>Contents</i> Required	The agreement must:					
	1. Provide that the limitation applies for a period of ten years;					
	 Specify the beginning date of the limitation, which must be January 1 of the first tax year that begins after the application date, the qualifying time period, or the date commercial oper- ations begin at the site of the project; 					
	3. Describe with specificity the qualified investment that the person will make on or in connection with the person's qualified property that is subject to the limitation; other property of the person that is not specifically described in the agreement is not subject to the limitation unless the board, by official action provides that the other property is subject to the limitation;					
	4. Incorporate each relevant provision of Tax Code Chapter 313 Subchapter B, and, to the extent necessary, include provi- sions for the protection of future district revenues through the adjustment of the minimum valuations, the payment of rev- enue offsets, and other mechanisms agreed to by the prop- erty owner and the district;	-				
	 Require the property owner to maintain a viable presence in the district for at least five years after the date the limitation on appraised value of the owner's property expires; 					
	 Provide for the termination of the agreement, the recapture of ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of the agreement if the owner of the property fails to comply with the terms of the agreement, and payment of a penalty or interest, or both, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue; 					
	7. Specify the ad valorem tax years covered by the agreement;					
	8. Be in a form approved by the comptroller; and					
	9. Disclose any consideration promised in conjunction with the application and the limitation.					
	Tax Code 313.027(a-1), (e), (f), (j)					
Optional	The agreement may:					
	1. Provide that the property owner will protect the district in the event the district incurs extraordinary education-related expenses related to the project that are not directly funded in					

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state aid formulas, including expenses for the purchase of portable classrooms and the hiring of additional personnel to accommodate a temporary increase in student enrollment attributable to the project.

- 2. Specify any conditions the occurrence of which will require the district and the property owner to renegotiate all or any part of the agreement.
- 3. Provide for a deferral of the date on which the qualifying time period for the project is to commence or, subsequent to the date the agreement is entered into, be amended to provide for such a deferral. The agreement may not provide for the deferral of the date on which the qualifying time period is to commence to a date later than January 1 of the fourth tax year that begins after the date the application is approved except that if the agreement is one of a series of agreements related to the same project, the agreement may provide for the deferral of the date on which the qualifying time period is to commence to a date not later than January 1 of the sixth tax year that begins after the date the application is approved.

Tax Code 313.027(f), (h)

If an agreement for limitation on appraised value includes a provision in which the qualifying time period starts more than one year after the date that the application is approved, no earlier than 180 days and no later than 90 days prior to the start of the deferred qualifying time period:

- 1. The district shall provide the comptroller:
 - a. Copies of any documents or other information received from the applicant; and
 - b. After reviewing documents and information provided by the applicant, either:
 - (1) A written acknowledgment of receiving the application amendment or supplement; or
 - (2) A statement that no such amendment or supplement has been submitted; and
- 2. If the comptroller provides:
 - a. A comptroller certificate for a limitation with conditions different from the existing agreement, the board shall hold a meeting and determine whether to amend the agreement to include the conditions required by the comptroller or terminate the agreement; or

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	 A written explanation of the comptroller's decision not to re-issue a certificate, the district shall terminate the agreement.
	34 TAC 9.1054(h), .1055(g)
Compliance and Enforcement	The district shall provide to the comptroller any documents that reasonably appear to be substantive documents, and, within seven days of executing the agreement, a copy of the executed agree- ment and any attachments thereto. The district shall provide a copy of the executed agreement to the appraisal district.
	The district shall comply with and enforce the stipulations, provi- sions, terms, and conditions of the agreement for limitation of the appraised value, 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F, and Tax Code Chapter 313. To determine and obtain compliance with each agreement, for each calendar year during the term of the agreement the district shall require the approved applicant to sub- mit:
	 Either the information necessary to complete the annual eligi- bility report, or a completed annual eligibility report;
	 A completed job creation compliance report (Form 50-825); and
	Any information required by the state auditor office or its de- signee.
	34 TAC 9.1054(i)
Disclosure of Appraised Value Limitation Information	If a district maintains a generally accessible internet website, the district shall maintain a link on its internet website to the area of the comptroller's internet website where information on each of the district's agreements to limit appraised value is maintained. <i>Tax Code</i> 313.0265(c)
Accessibility of Documents	Any documents submitted in an electronic format (including searchable pdfs) to the comptroller must comply with the accessibility standards and specifications described in 1 Administrative Code Chapters 206 and 213. <i>34 TAC 9.1055(a)(5)</i>

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ACCOUNTING INVENTORIES	CFB (LOCAL)
Capitalization Threshold	The capitalization threshold for purposes of classifying individual capital assets shall be \$5,000.
	The Superintendent shall determine the capitalization threshold for a group of assets, the individual cost of which does not exceed the capitalization threshold above but for which the cost in the aggre- gate is significant.

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	Note:	For legal requirements applicable to purchases with federal funds, see CBB.
		For required vendor disclosures and contract provisions, including prohibitions, see CHE.
		For provisions pertaining to criminal history record infor- mation on contractors, see CJA.
		For legal requirements related to energy savings perfor- mance contracts, see CL.
		For information on procuring school buses, see CNB.
		For legal requirements applicable to school nutrition pro- curement, including produce, with federal funds, see COA.
		For information regarding construction of school facili- ties, see CV series.
Board Authority		d may adopt rules and procedures for the acquisition of d services. <i>Education Code 44.031(d)</i>
Delegation of Authority	action aut chapter B	d may, as appropriate, delegate its authority regarding an thorized or required by Education Code Chapter 44, Sub- , to be taken by a district to a designated person, repre- or committee.
	tion autho	d may not delegate the authority to act regarding an ac- prized or required to be taken by the board by Education apter 44, Subchapter B.
Disaster Delegation	event of a district, th nated per struction, tion Code construction	anding any other provision of the Education Code, in the a catastrophe, emergency, or natural disaster affecting a e board may delegate to the superintendent or desig- son the authority to contract for the replacement, con- or repair of school equipment or facilities under Educa- Chapter 44, Subchapter B if emergency replacement, on, or repair is necessary for the health and safety of dis- ents and staff.
	Educatior	n Code 44.0312
Purchases Valued at or Above \$50,000 Methods	all district contracts \$50,000 c be made	s provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, contracts for the purchase of goods and services, except for the purchase of produce or vehicle fuel, valued at or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period, shall by the method, of the following methods, that provides value for a district:

	1.	Competitive bidding for services other than construction ser- vices.
	2.	Competitive sealed proposals for services other than con- struction services.
	3.	A request for proposals for services other than construction services.
	4.	An interlocal contract.
	5.	A method provided by Government Code Chapter 2269 for construction services [see CV series];
	6.	The reverse auction procedure as defined by Government Code 2155.062(d).
	7.	The formation of a political subdivision corporation under Lo- cal Government Code 304.001 (purchase of electricity).
	Edι	ucation Code 44.031(a)
<i>Exceptions</i> Emergency Damage or Destruction	per of a era lay wou othe or r faci	chool equipment, a school facility, or a part of a school facility or sonal property is destroyed or severely damaged or, as a result in unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, undergoes major op- tional or structural failure, and the board determines that the de- posed by the methods provided for in Education Code 44.031 and prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or er essential school activities, then contracts for the replacement epair of the equipment, school facility, or the part of the school lity may be made by methods other than those required by Edu- on Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(h)</i>
Sole Source	ma	hout complying with Education Code 44.031(a) above, a district y purchase an item that is available from only one source, in- ding:
	1.	An item for which competition is precluded because of the ex- istence of a patent, copyright, secret process, or monopoly.
	2.	A film, manuscript, or book.
	3.	A utility service, including electricity, gas, or water.
	4.	A captive replacement part or component for equipment.
	equ	e exceptions above do not apply to mainframe data-processing ipment and peripheral attachments with a single-item purchase in excess of \$15,000.
	Edu	ucation Code 44.031(j)–(k)

Competitive Bidding	Except to the extent prohibited by other law and to the extent con- sistent with Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, a district may use competitive bidding to select a vendor as authorized by Education Code 44.031(a)(1).
	A district shall award a competitively bid contract at the bid amount to the bidder offering the best value for the district. In determining the best value for the district, the district is not restricted to consid- ering price alone but may consider any other factors stated in the selection criteria. The selection criteria may include the factors listed in Education Code 44.031(b) [see Contract Selection Fac- tors, below].
	Except as provided below, Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter B (Competitive Bidding on Certain Public Works Con- tracts) does not apply to a competitive bidding process under this policy.
	Local Government Code Sections 271.026 (Opening of Bids), 271.027(a) (Award of Contract), and 271.0275 (Safety Record of Bidder Considered) apply to a competitive bidding process under Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. [See CVA for these re- quirements.]
	Education Code 44.0351
	[For information on additional competitive procedures under the Public Property Finance Act, see CHH.]
Competitive Sealed Proposals	In selecting a vendor through competitive sealed proposals as au- thorized by Education Code 44.031(a)(2), a district shall follow the procedures prescribed below.
Request for Proposals	The district shall prepare a request for competitive sealed propos- als that includes information that vendors may require to respond to the request. The district shall state in the request for proposals the selection criteria that will be used in selecting the successful of- feror.
Opening Proposals	The district shall receive, publicly open, and read aloud the names of the offerors and, if any are required to be stated, all prices stated in each proposal. Not later than the 45th day after the date on which the proposals are opened, the district shall evaluate and rank each proposal submitted in relation to the published selection criteria.
Selection	The district shall select the offeror that offers the best value for the district based on the published selection criteria and on its ranking evaluation. The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract with the selected offeror. The district may discuss with the selected

	cha neg trict and	ror options for a scope or time modification and any price nge associated with the modification. If the district is unable to otiate a satisfactory contract with the selected offeror, the dis- shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations with that offeror proceed to the next offeror in the order of the selection ranking I a contract is reached or all proposals are rejected.
	stric	etermining the best value for the district, the district is not re- cted to considering price alone but may consider any other fac- stated in the selection criteria.
	Edu	ication Code 44.0352
Interlocal Contracts	Gov trict eral inte with tion 791 the	erlocal contract" means a contract or agreement made under vernment Code Chapter 791 (Interlocal Cooperation Act). A dis- may contract or agree with another local government or a fed- ly recognized Indian tribe, as listed by the U.S. secretary of the rior under 25 U.S.C. 479a-1, whose reservation is located in the boundaries of this state to perform governmental func- s and services in accordance with Government Code Chapter . A district may agree with another local government and with state or a state agency, including the comptroller, to purchase ds and services. <i>Gov't Code 791.003(2), .011(a), .025(a)</i>
	An i	interlocal contract must:
	1.	Be authorized by the governing body of each party to the con- tract;
	2.	State the purpose, terms, rights, and duties of the contracting parties; and
	3.	Specify that each party paying for the performance of govern- mental functions or services must make those payments from current revenues available to the paying party.
	corr forn Not	interlocal contractual payment must be in an amount that fairly appensates the performing party for the services or functions per- ned under the contract. An interlocal contract may be renewed. withstanding item 2 above, an interlocal contract may have a cified term of years.
	Gov	r't Code 791.011(d)–(f), (i)
	non mor stat serv	strict may agree with another local government, including a profit corporation that is created and operated to provide one or re governmental functions and services, or with the state or a e agency, including the comptroller, to purchase goods and any vices reasonably required for the installation, operation, or ntenance of the goods. This provision does not apply to ser-
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		s provided by firefighters, police officers, or emergency medical connel. <i>Gov't Code 791.025(b)</i>
	Cod for t	strict that purchases goods and services under Government e 791.025 satisfies the requirement to seek competitive bids he purchase of the goods and services. <i>Gov't Code</i> 025(c); Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)
Reverse Auction	the proc	strict that uses the reverse auction procedure must include in procedure a notice provision and other provisions necessary to luce a method of purchasing that is advantageous to the disand fair to vendors. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.906(b)</i>
	"Rev	verse auction procedure" means:
	1.	A real-time bidding process usually lasting less than one hour and taking place at a previously scheduled time and internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or ser- vices; or
	2.	A bidding process usually lasting less than two weeks and taking place during a previously scheduled period and at a previously scheduled internet location, in which multiple sup- pliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or services.
	Gov	't Code 2155.062(d)
Site-Based Purchasing	dent site- ter F sion the c joint purc cam not i gate	burchase is made at the campus level in a district with a stu- enrollment of 180,000 or more that has formally adopted a based decision-making plan under Education Code Subchap- F, Chapter 11 [see BQ series], that delegates purchasing deci- s to the campus level, Education Code 44.031 applies only to campus and does not require the district to aggregate and ly award purchasing contracts. A district that adopts site-based chasing under this provision shall adopt a policy to ensure that pus purchases achieve the best value to the district and are ntended or used to avoid the requirement that a district aggre- purchases under Education Code 44.031(a). Education Code 031(m)
Contract Selection Factors		ept as provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, etermining to whom to award a contract, the district shall con- r:
	1.	The purchase price.
	2.	The reputation of the vendor and of the vendor's goods or services.

- 3. The quality of the vendor's goods or services.
- 4. The extent to which the goods or services meet the district's needs.
- 5. The vendor's past relationship with the district.
- 6. The impact on the ability of the district to comply with laws and rules relating to historically underutilized businesses.
- 7. The total long-term cost to the district to acquire the vendor's goods or services.
- 8. For a contract for goods and services, other than goods and services related to telecommunications and information services, building construction and maintenance, or instructional materials, whether the vendor or the vendor's ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state or employs at least 500 persons in this state.
- 9. Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids or proposals.

Education Code 44.031(b)

In awarding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education Code 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office located in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may consider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner provided by Local Government Code 271.9051. This provision does not apply to the purchase of telecommunications services or information services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. Section 153. *Education Code 44.031(b-1)*

The factors listed above are the only criteria that may be considered by a district in its decision to award a contract. <u>R.G.V. Vending v. Weslaco Indep. Sch. Dist.</u>, 995 S.W.2d 897 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1999, no pet.)

PreferencesA district that purchases agricultural products shall give preferenceAgricultural
ProductsA district that purchases agricultural products shall give preferenceto those produced, processed, or grown in Texas if the cost to the
district is equal and the quality is equal. If agricultural products pro-
duced, processed, or grown in Texas are not equal in cost and
quality to other products, the district shall give preference to agri-
cultural products produced, processed, or grown in other states of
the United States, if the cost and quality of the U.S. and foreign
products are equal.

"Agricultural products" includes textiles and other similar products.

	"Processed" means canning, freezing, drying, juicing, preserving, or any other act that changes the form of a good from its natural state to another form.
	A district may not adopt product purchasing specifications that un- necessarily exclude agricultural products produced, processed, or grown in Texas.
Vegetation for Landscaping	A district that purchases vegetation for landscaping purposes, in- cluding plants, shall give preference to Texas vegetation if the cost to the district is equal and the quality is equal.
	Education Code 44.042
	[For legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procurement, including produce and agricultural products, with federal funds, see COA.]
Recycled Products	A district shall give preference in purchasing to products made of recycled materials if the products meet applicable specifications as to quantity and quality and the average price of the product is not more than ten percent greater than the price of comparable nonrecycled products. Preferences will be applied in accordance with state procurement statutes and rules. <i>30 TAC 328.203</i>
	Subchapter K of 30 Administrative Code (Governmental Entity Re- cycling and Purchasing of Recycled Materials) does not apply to a district with a student enrollment of less than 10,000 students. <i>30</i> <i>TAC 328.204(a)</i>
	A district regularly shall review and revise its procurement proce- dures and specifications for the purchase of goods, supplies, equipment, and materials in order to:
	1. Eliminate procedures and specifications that explicitly discrim- inate against products made of recycled materials;
	 Encourage the use of products made of recycled materials; and
	 Ensure to the maximum extent economically feasible that the district purchases products that may be recycled when they have served their intended use.
	In developing new procedures and specifications, the district shall encourage the use of recycled products and products that may be recycled or reused.
	Health and Safety Code 361.426(b)–(c)

Bidder's Place of Business	In awarding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education Code 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office lo- cated in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may consider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner pro- vided by Local Government Code Section 271.9051. This provision does not apply to the purchase of telecommunications services or information services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. 153. <i>Education Code 44.031(b-1)</i>
Notice Publication	Notice of the time by when and place where the bids or proposals, or the responses to a request for qualifications, will be received and opened shall be published in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located, once a week for at least two weeks before the deadline for receiving bids, proposals, or responses to a request for qualifications. If there is not a newspaper in that county, the advertising shall be published in a newspaper in the county nearest the county seat of the county in which a district's central administrative office is located. In a two-step procurement process, the time and place where the second-step bids, proposals, or responses will be received are not required to be published separately. <i>Education Code 44.031(g)</i>
Electronic Bids or Proposals	A district may receive bids or proposals under Education Code Chapter 44 through electronic transmission if the board adopts rules to ensure the identification, security, and confidentiality of electronic bids or proposals and to ensure that the electronic bids or proposals remain effectively unopened until the proper time.
	Notwithstanding any other provision of Education Code Chapter 44, an electronic bid or proposal is not required to be sealed. A provision of Education Code Chapter 44 that applies to a sealed bid or proposal applies to a bid or proposal received through electronic transmission in accordance with the rules adopted by the board.
	Education Code 44.0313
Right to Work	While a district is engaged in procuring goods and services or awarding a contract, or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work or public improvement, a district:
	1. May not consider whether a vendor is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and
	2. Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to any organization.

Education Code 44.043

Brownsville ISD 031901		
PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION		
Contract with Person Indebted to District	The board by resolution may establish regulations permitting the district to refuse to enter into a contract or other transaction with a person indebted to the district. It is not a violation of Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B (Purchases; Contracts) for a district, under regulations adopted under this provision, to refuse to award a contract to or enter into a transaction with an apparent low bidder or successful proposer that is indebted to the district.	
	"Person" includes an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, and any other entity that proposes or otherwise seeks to enter into a contract or other transaction with the district requiring approval by the board.	
	Education Code 44.044	
Out-of-State Bidders	A district may not award a governmental contract to a nonresident bidder unless the nonresident underbids the lowest bid submitted by a responsible resident bidder by an amount that is not less than the greater of the amount by which a resident bidder would be re- quired to underbid the nonresident bidder to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which the nonresident's principal place of business is located, or the state in which a majority of the manufac- turing relating to the contract will be performed. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>2252.002</i>	
	This requirement does not apply to a contract involving federal funds. A district shall use the information published by the comptroller under Government Code 2252.003 (Publication of Other State's Laws on Contracts) to evaluate the bid of a nonresident bidder. A district may rely on information published under Government Code 2252.003 to meet the requirements of Government Code 2252.002. <i>Gov't Code 2252.003–.004</i>	
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity, including a public school district, for general con- struction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment.	
	"Resident bidder" refers to a person whose principal place of busi- ness is in this state, including a contractor whose ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state.	
	Gov't Code 2252.001	
Professional Services	Education Code 44.031 does not apply to a contract for profes- sional services rendered, including the services of an architect, at- torney, certified public accountant, engineer, or fiscal agent. A dis- trict may, at its option, contract for professional services rendered	

	prov Proe	a financial consultant or a technology consultant in the manner vided by Government Code 2254.003 (Professional Services curement Act) (see below), in lieu of the methods provided by ication Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(f)</i>	
Professional Services Procurement Act <i>Selection</i>	grou vice for t sis o serv	A district may not select a provider of professional services or a group or association of providers or award a contract for the services on the basis of competitive bids submitted for the contract or for the services, but shall make the selection and award on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications to perform the services and for a fair and reasonable price. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2254.003(a)	
Definition	"Pro	ofessional services" means services:	
	1.	Within the scope of the practice, as defined by state law, of accounting, architecture, landscape architecture, land survey- ing, medicine, optometry, professional engineering, real es- tate appraising, professional nursing, or forensic science;	
	2.	Provided in connection with the professional employment or practice of a person who is licensed or registered as a certi- fied public accountant, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor, physician, optometrist, professional engineer, state- certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser, registered nurse, or a forensic analyst or forensic science expert; or	
	3.	Provided by a person lawfully engaged in interior design, re- gardless of whether the person is registered as an interior de- signer under Occupations Code Chapter 1053.	
	Gov	't Code 2254.002	
	serv cian	r specific information on procuring architectural or engineering vices, see CV. For information on procuring services of physi- ns, optometrists, and registered nurses under certain circum- nces, see Government Code 2254.008.]	
Contingent Fee Contract for Legal Services	which ting the cont mer ing	ntingent fee contract" means a contract for legal services under ch the amount or the payment of the fee for the services is con- ent in whole or in part on the outcome of the matter for which services were obtained. The term includes an amendment to a tract for legal services described by this provision if the amend- nt changes the scope of representation or may result in the fil- of an action or the amending of a petition in an existing action. <i>i't Code 2254.101(2)</i>	
		vernment Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter C provides the man- in which and the situations under which a district may compen-	

sate a public contractor under a contingent fee for legal services.
That subchapter does not apply to a contract for legal services:

- 1. Provided to a district under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M; or
- Entered into by a district for the collection of an obligation, as defined by Government Code 2107.001, that is delinquent [see CCGA(LEGAL) regarding delinquent tax collection] or for services under Government Code 1201.027 [see CCA(LE-GAL) regarding issuance of public securities], except that Government Code sections 2254.1032, 2254.1034, 2254.1036, and 2254.1037 do apply to the contract.

Gov't Code 2254.102

A district may select an attorney or law firm to award a contingent fee contract only in accordance with Government Code 2254.003(a) (Professional Services Procurement Act) [see Selection, above] and Government Code 2254.1032.

In procuring legal services under a contingent fee contract, a district shall:

- 1. Select a well-qualified attorney or law firm on the basis of demonstrated competence, qualifications, and experience in the requested services; and
- 2. Attempt to negotiate a contract with that attorney or law firm for a fair and reasonable price.

Gov't Code 2254.1032

Specific Purchases Computers A district may acquire computers and computer-related equipment, including computer software, through the Department of Information Resources (DIR) under contracts entered into in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2054 or 2157. *Education Code* 44.031(*i*)

Automated Information System A district may purchase an automated information system using the purchasing method described by Government Code 2157.068 for commodity items or a purchasing method designated by the comptroller to obtain the best value for the state, including a request for offers method. A district that purchases an item using a method described above satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the item. *Gov't Code 2157.006; 34 TAC 20.222* [See 1 Administrative Code Chapter 212 for rules related to purchases of commodity items.]

Brownsville ISD 031901							
PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION							
Automated External Defibrillators	tor ens	A district that purchases or leases an automated external defibrilla- tor (AED), as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001, shall ensure that the AED meets standards established by the federal Food and Drug Administration. <i>Education Code 44.047(a)</i>					
Insurance	fess of t	A contract for the purchase of insurance is not a contract for pro- fessional services. A district must award such a contract using one of the methods in Education Code 44.031. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. DM-418</i> (1996)					
Multiyear Contracts	thai Coc a di ver whi	A district may execute an insurance contract for a period longer than 12 months, if the contract complies with Local Government Code 271.903(a) [see Commitment of Current Revenue, below]. If a district executes a multiyear insurance contract, it need not ad- vertise for insurance vendors until the 12-month period during which the district will be executing a new insurance contract. <i>Atty.</i> <i>Gen. Op. DM-418</i> (1996)					
Other Purchasing Methods State Purchasing	per	The comptroller shall establish a program by which the comptroller performs purchasing services for local governments. The services must include:					
Program	1.	The extension of state contract prices to participating local governments when the comptroller considers it feasible.					
	2.	Solicitation of bids on items desired by local governments if the solicitation is considered feasible by the comptroller and is desired by the local government.					
	3.	Provision of information and technical assistance to local gov- ernments about the purchasing program.					
	The comptroller may charge a participating local government amount not to exceed the actual costs incurred by the compt in providing purchasing services to the local government und program.						
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.082					
District Participation	ticip filin que bas	A district may participate in the purchasing program, including par- ticipation in purchases that use the reverse auction procedure, by filing with the comptroller a resolution adopted by the board re- questing that the district be allowed to participate on a voluntary basis, and to the extent the comptroller deems feasible, and stating that the district will:					
	1.	Designate an official to act for the district in all matters relat- ing to the program, including the purchase of items from the vendor under any contract, and that the board will direct the decisions of the representative;					
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- 2. Be responsible for:
 - a. Submitting requisitions to the comptroller under any contract; or
 - b. Electronically sending purchase orders directly to vendors, or complying with procedures governing a reverse auction purchase, and electronically sending to the comptroller reports on actual purchases made under this provision that provide the information and are sent at the times required by the comptroller;
- 3. Be responsible for making payment directly to the vendor;
- 4. Be responsible for the vendor's compliance with all conditions of delivery and quality of the purchased item.

A district that purchases an item under a state contract or under a reverse auction procedure, sponsored by the comptroller satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the item.

Local Gov't Code 271.083

Multiple Award Contract Schedule The comptroller shall develop a schedule of multiple award contracts that have been previously awarded using a competitive process by the federal government or any other governmental entity in any state. *Gov't Code 2155.502(a)*

> A district may purchase goods or services directly from a vendor under a contract listed on a schedule developed under Government Code Chapter 2155, Subchapter I. A district contracting for the purchase of an automated information system under a contract listed on a schedule shall comply with Government Code 2157.068(e-1) (Purchase of Information Technology Commodity Items) [see Automated Information System, above]. A purchase authorized by this provision satisfies any requirement of state law relating to competitive bids or proposals.

> The price listed for a good or service under a multiple award contract is a maximum price. A district may negotiate a lower price for goods or services under a contract listed on a schedule developed under Government Code Chapter 2155, Subchapter I.

Gov't Code 2155.504

CooperativeA district may participate in a cooperative purchasing program with
another local government of this state or another state or with a lo-
cal cooperative organization of this state or another state. A district
that is participating in a cooperative purchasing program may sign

an agreement with another participating local government or a lo- cal cooperative organization stating that the district will:				
1.	Designate a person to act under the direction of, or on behalf of, the district in all matters relating to the program;			
2.	Make payments to another participating local government or local cooperative organization or directly to a vendor under a contract made under these provisions, as provided in the agreement between the participating local governments or be- tween a local government and a local cooperative organiza- tion; and			
3.	Be responsible for the vendor's compliance relating to the quality of items and terms of delivery, to the extent provided in the agreement between the participating local governments or between a local government and a local cooperative organi- zation.			
A district that purchases goods or services under these provisions satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the goods or services.				
Local Gov't Code 271.102; Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)				
or m und erat chas mer	strict that enters into a purchasing contract valued at \$25,000 nore under Education Code 44.031(a)(5) (interlocal contract), er Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter F (coop- ive purchasing program), or under any other cooperative pur- sing program authorized for school districts by law shall docu- at a contract-related fee, including a management fee, paid by the district and the purpose of each fee under the contract.			
mus ope age	amount, purpose, and disposition of any fee described above at be presented in a written report and submitted annually in an n meeting of the board. The written report must appear as an nda item. The commissioner of education may audit the written ort.			
Edu	cation Code 44.0331			
prop expi cont app cont cont	contract for the acquisition, including lease, of real or personal perty retains to the board the continuing right to terminate at the ration of each budget period during the term of the contract, is ditioned on a best efforts attempt by the board to obtain and ropriate funds for payment of the contract, or contains both the tinuing right to terminate and the best efforts conditions, the tract is a commitment of a district's current revenue only. <i>Local i</i> 't <i>Code 271.903</i>			
	 cal of 1. 2. 3. A di satis for t <i>Loca</i> A di or munde erat chas oper erat chas			

Change Orders	For provisions regarding change orders, see CV.
Criminal Offenses	An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the person with criminal negligence makes or authorizes separate, sequential, or component purchases to avoid the requirements of Education Code 44.031(a) or (b). An offense under this provision is a Class B misdemeanor and is an offense involving moral turpi- tude.
	"Component purchases" means purchases of the component parts of an item that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase. "Separate purchases" means purchases, made sep- arately, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase. "Sequential purchases" means purchases, made over a period, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase.
	Education Code 44.032(a)–(b)
	An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the person with criminal negligence violates Education Code 44.031(a) or (b) other than by conduct described by Education Code 44.032(b). An offense under this provision is a Class B mis- demeanor and is an offense involving moral turpitude. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 44.032(c)</i>
	An officer or employee of a district commits an offense if the officer or employee knowingly violates Education Code 44.031, other than by conduct described by Education Code 44.032(b) or (c). An of- fense under this provision is a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 44.032(d)</i>
Removal from Office	The final conviction of a person other than a trustee of a district for an offense under Education Code 44.032(b) or (c) above results in the immediate removal from office or employment of that person. A trustee who is convicted of an offense under Education Code 44.032 is considered to have committed official misconduct for pur- poses of Local Government Code Chapter 87, and is subject to re- moval as provided by that chapter and Texas Constitution Article V, Section 24. For four years after the date of the final conviction, the removed person is ineligible to be a candidate for or to be ap- pointed or elected to a public office in Texas, is ineligible to be em- ployed by or act as an agent for the state or a political subdivision of the state, and is ineligible to receive any compensation through a contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state. <i>Edu- cation Code 44.032(e)</i>
Injunction	A court may enjoin performance of a contract made in violation of Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. A county attorney, dis-
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trict attorney, criminal district attorney, citizen of the county in which the district is located, or any interested party may bring an action for an injunction. A party who prevails in an action brought under this provision is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as approved by the court. *Education Code 44.032(f)*

SECURITY PERSONNEL COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

District Police Department	prop	To ensure sufficient security and protection of students, staff, and property, the Board authorizes the formation of a District police department and shall employ and commission police officers.					
Supervisory Authority	Sup	The chief of police shall be accountable to and shall report to the Superintendent. In accordance with law, the Superintendent shall not delegate this supervisory responsibility.					
Jurisdiction	Dist side	jurisdiction of police officers shall include all territory within rict boundaries, as well as all real and personal property out- the boundaries of the District that is owned, leased, or rented he District, or is otherwise under the District's control.					
Police Authority	priv juris	ce officers employed by the District shall have all the powers, ileges, and immunities of police officers on or off duty within the adiction of the District. Subject to limitations in law, District po- officers shall have the authority to:					
	1.	Protect the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the District and protect the property of the District.					
	2.	Enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county ordi- nances, and state laws, and investigate violations of law as needed. In doing so, District police officers may serve search warrants in connection with District-related investigations in compliance with the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.					
	3.	Arrest suspects consistent with state and federal statutory and constitutional standards governing arrests, including ar- rests without warrant, for offenses that occur in the officer's presence or under the other rules set out in the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.					
	4.	Coordinate and cooperate with commissioned officers of all other law enforcement agencies in the enforcement of this policy as necessary.					
	5.	Enforce District policies, rules, and regulations on District property, in school zones, at bus stops, or at District func- tions.					
	6.	Investigate violations of District policy, rules, and regulations as requested by the Superintendent and participate in hear- ings concerning alleged violations.					
	7.	Carry weapons as directed by the chief of police and approved by the Superintendent.					
	8.	Carry out all other duties as directed by the chief of police or Superintendent.					

Adopted:

SECURITY PERSONNEL COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

	District police officers shall not be assigned routine classroom dis- cipline or administrative tasks.
Temporary Assignment	District police officers shall enforce all laws, including municipal or- dinances, county ordinances, and state laws within another law en- forcement agency's jurisdiction while temporarily assigned to the other agency.
Limitations on Nonschool Employment	No officer commissioned under this policy shall provide law en- forcement or security services for an outside employer without prior written approval from the chief of police and Superintendent.
Relationship with Outside Agencies	The District's police department and the law enforcement agencies with which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a memo- randum of understanding that outlines reasonable communication and coordination efforts among the department and the agencies. The chief of police and the Superintendent shall review the memo- randum of understanding at least once every year. The memoran- dum of understanding shall be approved by the Board.
Video Monitoring	If available, video equipment shall be used on a District police car for safety purposes whenever the flashing lights on the car are in use.
Access to Recordings	Recordings shall be considered law enforcement records, shall re- main in the custody of the chief of police, and shall be maintained as required by the department regulations manual and law. A par- ent or student who wishes to view a video recording in response to disciplinary action taken against the student may request such ac- cess under the procedures set out by law. [See FL(LEGAL)]
Training	All District officers shall receive at least the minimum amount of ed- ucation and training required by law.
Department Regulations Manual	To carry out the provisions in this policy, the police department shall compile and maintain a manual that describes and sets forth operational procedures, rules, and regulations pertaining to the ad- ministration of police services. The chief of police and the Superin- tendent shall review the manual annually and make any appropri- ate revisions.
Racial Profiling	The chief of police shall develop and implement regulations to en- sure compliance with state law regarding racial profiling. Police offi- cers employed by the District shall not initiate any law enforcement action based on an individual's race, ethnicity, or national origin.
Use of Force	The use of force, including deadly force, shall be authorized only when reasonable and necessary, as outlined in the department regulations manual.

Adopted:

Brownsville ISD 031901		
SECURITY PERSONNE COMMISSIONED PEAC		CKEA (LOCAL)
High-Speed Pursuit	Officers shall not engage in high-speed chases in a motor when the immediate danger to the public or the officer cre the pursuit exceeds the immediate or potential danger pre by the offenders remaining at large. Guidelines for high-sp suits shall be addressed in the department regulations ma	ated by sented beed pur-
Complaints	Complaints against a District police officer shall be in writin form provided by the District and shall be signed by the per making the complaint. In accordance with law, the District provide to the police officer a copy of the complaint.	erson
	Appeals regarding this complaint process shall be filed in a dance with DGBA, FNG, or GF, as appropriate.	accor-

BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT

Reduction of Energy Consumption	dist the fisc	The board shall establish a long-range energy plan to reduce the district's annual electric consumption by five percent beginning with the 2008 state fiscal year and consume electricity in subsequent fiscal years in accordance with the district's energy plan. The plan must include:				
	1.	Strategies for achieving energy efficiency that:				
		a. Result in net savings for the district; or				
		b. Can be achieved without financial cost to the district; and				
	2.	For each strategy identified above, the initial, short-term capi- tal costs and lifetime costs and savings that may result from implementation of the strategy.				
		rategy for achieving energy efficiency includes facility design construction.				
	In determining whether a strategy may result in financial cost to the district, the board shall consider the total net costs and savings that may occur over the seven-year period following implementation of the strategy.					
	The board may submit the plan to the State Energy Conservation Office for the purposes of determining whether funds available through loan programs administered by the office or tax incentives administered by the state or federal government are available to the district. The board may not disallow any proper allocation of in- centives.					
	Education Code 44.902					
Energy Savings Performance	"Energy savings performance contract" has the meaning assigned by Local Government Code 302.001.					
Contracts	Each energy or water conservation measure must comply with current local, state, and federal construction, plumbing, and environ- mental codes and regulations. An energy savings performance contract may not include improvements or equipment that allow of cause water from any condensing, cooling, or industrial process of any system of nonpotable usage over which the public water sup- ply system officials do not have sanitary control, to be returned to the potable water supply.					
	The board may enter into energy savings performance contracts only with persons who are experienced in the design, implementa- tion, and installation of the energy or water conservation measures addressed by the contract.					

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Government Code Chapter 2269 (Contracting and Delivery Proce-
dures for Construction Projects) does not apply to energy savings
performance contracts.

Performance Bond Before entering an energy savings performance contract, the board shall require the provider of the energy or water conservation measures to file with the board a payment and performance bond relating to the installation of the measures in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2253 (Public Work Performance and Payment Bonds). The board may also require a separate bond to cover the value of the guaranteed savings on the contract.

Financing An energy savings performance contract may be financed:

- 1. Under a lease/purchase contract that has a term not to exceed 20 years from the final date of installation and that meets federal tax requirements for tax-free municipal leasing or long-term financing.
- 2. With the proceeds of bonds.
- 3. Under a contract with the provider of the energy or water conservation measures that has a term not to exceed the lesser of 20 years from the final date of installation or the average useful life of the energy or water conservation or usage measures.

Notwithstanding other law, the board may use any available money to pay the provider of the energy or water conservation measures under these provisions, and the board is not required to pay for such costs solely out of the savings realized by the district under an energy savings performance contract. The board may contract with the provider to perform work that is related to, connected with, or otherwise ancillary to the measures identified in the scope of an energy savings performance contract.

An energy savings performance contract shall contain provisions requiring the provider of the energy or water conservation measures to guarantee the amount of the savings to be realized by the district under the contract. If the term of an energy savings performance contract exceeds one year, the district's contractual obligations in any one year during the term of the contract beginning after the final date of installation may not exceed the total energy, water, wastewater, and operating cost savings, including electrical, gas, water, wastewater, or other utility cost savings and operating cost savings resulting from the measures as determined by the district, divided by the number of years in the contract term.

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Contract Procurement	the mer [See	An energy savings performance contract shall be let according to the procedures established for professional services by Govern- ment Code 2254.004 (the Professional Services Procurement Act). [See CH] Notice of the request for qualifications shall be published in the manner provided for competitive bidding.					
Cost Savings Review	boa revie of th not input and if ap gine any the	Before entering into an energy savings performance contract, the board must require that the cost savings projected by an offeror be reviewed by a licensed professional engineer who has a minimum of three years of experience in energy calculation and review, is not an officer or employee of an offeror for the contract under review, and is not otherwise associated with the contract. In conducting the review, the engineer shall focus primarily on the proposed improvements from an engineering perspective, the methodology and calculations related to cost savings, increases in revenue, and, if applicable, efficiency or accuracy of metering equipment. An engineer who reviews a contract shall maintain the confidentiality of any proprietary information the engineer acquires while reviewing the contract. Occupations Code 1001.053 and 1001.407 (Texas Engineering Practice Act) apply to work performed under the contract.					
	Edu	Education Code 44.901					
Recycling Program	A di	A district shall:					
	1.	Establish a program for the separation and collection cyclable materials generated by the district's operated by the district's operated by the district operated by the di					
	2.	Provide procedures for collecting and storing recycl rials, containers for recyclable materials, and proce- making contractual or other arrangements with buye cyclable materials.	dures for				
	3.	Evaluate the amount of recyclable material recycled ify the recycling program as necessary to ensure th clable materials are effectively and practicably recycled	at all recy-				
	4.	Establish educational and incentive programs to en maximum employee participation.	courage				
	Health and Safety Code 361.425; 30 TAC 328.202						
Exemptions	These provisions do not apply to a school district with a student en- rollment of less than 10,000 students.						
	prog	strict may exclude one or more recyclable materials f gram if the Texas Commission on Environmental Qua EQ) finds that:					

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	1.	A recycling program for a recyclable material is not available through their solid waste provider; or
	2.	The inclusion of a recyclable material would create a hard- ship.
		strict may request additional consideration from TCEQ if com- nce with these provisions would create a hardship.
	30 7	AC 328.204
Definitions		dship" means a circumstance that causes unreasonable bur- on the governmental entity.
	opei ing a	cyclable material" means a material generated by the entity's rations, including aluminum, steel containers, aseptic packag- and polycoated paperboard cartons, high-grade office paper, corrugated cardboard.
	30 7	AC 328.201(2), (3)
Pools Generally	Hea	required public pool sanitation and safety standards, see Ith and Safety Code 341.064 and .0645 and 25 Administrative e 265.181–.198.
Drains	darc mea	h public pool and spa shall comply with the drain cover stan- ls found at 15 U.S.C. Section 8003. "Public pool and spa" ins a swimming pool or spa that is open to the public generally, ther for a fee or free of charge. <i>15 U.S.C. 8003</i>

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BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT CLA SECURITY (LEGAL)							
Safety Rules	emp carry Build ing r	The board may adopt rules for the safety and welfare of students, employees, and property and other rules it considers necessary to carry out Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D (Protection of Buildings and Grounds) and the governance of the district, including rules providing for the operation and parking of vehicles on school property. <i>Education Code 37.102(a)</i> [See also CLC]					
Identification and Right to Reject	Identification may be required of any person on school property. A school administrator, school resource officer, or district peace officer may refuse to allow a person to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control in accordance with Education Code 37.105. <i>Education Code 37.105(a), (b)</i> [See GKA]						
Human Trafficking Warning Signs	traffi		of pe	nall post warning signs of the increased pen ersons under Penal Code 20A.02(b-1)(2) at s:			
	1.	 Parallel to and along the exterior boundaries of the so premises; 					
	2.	At each roadway or way of access to the premises;					
	3.	For premises not fenced, at least every five hundred fee along the exterior boundaries of the premises; At each entrance to the premises and building; and					
	4.						
	5.	At conspicuous places reasonably likely to be viewed by a persons entering the premises.					
	Education Code 37.086(b); 19 TAC 61.1053(b)						
	Each warning sign must:						
	1.	der F offer gree Crim or les	Penal nse ur puni inal u ss tha	the offense of trafficking in persons as prov Code 20A.02(a). The sign must emphasize nder Penal Code 20A.02, is a felony of the shable by imprisonment in the Texas Depar Justice for life or for a term of not more than an 25 years if it is shown on the trial of the o ctor committed the offense in a location tha	e that an first de- rtment of 99 years offense		
		a.	a. On the premises of or within 1,000 feet of the premises of a school; or				
		b.	On p	premises or within 1,000 feet of premises wi	here:		
			(1)	An official school function was taking place	e; or		
			(2)	An event sponsored or sanctioned by the I Interscholastic League was taking place;	Jniversity		

BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT SECURITY

- 2. Be written in English and Spanish;
- 3. Be at least 8.5 by 11 inches in size; and
- 4. Be properly maintained to ensure readability and protection from the elements for outdoor signs.

Education Code 37.086(c); 19 TAC 61.1053(c)

"School" means a public or private primary or secondary school. "Premises" means real property and all buildings and appurtenances pertaining to the real property. *Education Code* 37.086(a); 19 TAC 61.1053(a); Health and Safety Code 481.134

Buildings	A school building must be located on grounds that are well-drained and maintained in a sanitary condition. A school building must be properly ventilated and provided with an adequate supply of drink- ing water, an approved sewage disposal system, handwashing fa- cilities, a heating system, and lighting facilities that conform to es- tablished standards of good public health engineering practices.				
Lunchrooms	A school lunchroom must comply with state food and drug regula- tions.				
Custodial Services	A school building and its appurtenances shall be maintained in a sanitary manner. A full-time building custodian or janitor shall know the fundamentals of safety and school sanitation.				
	Health and Safety Code 341.065				
Structural Pest Control	A district may obtain pest control services for school buildings only by:				
	1.	Contracting with a person who holds a license to perform the services; or			
	2.	Requiring a district employee who is licensed as a certified noncommercial applicator or technician to perform the services.			
	Occupations Code 1951.459				
Integrated Pest Management Program	Each district shall establish, implement, and maintain an integrated pest management (IPM) program. An IPM program is a regular set of procedures for preventing and managing pest problems using an integrated pest management strategy. The school district is responsible for each IPM coordinator's compliance with the regulations in 4 Administrative Code 7.201–.205 (Division 7). <i>Occupations Code 1951.212; 4 TAC 7.201</i>				
Definitions	"Integrated pest management" means a pest management strategy that relies on multiple pest control tactics, including the judicious use of pesticides, informed by accurate identification and scientific knowledge of pests, reliable monitoring methods to assess pest presence, preventative measures to avoid pest infestations, and thresholds to determine when corrective control measures are needed. <i>4 TAC 7.114(13)</i>				
	to be tranc	a of common access" means an area that an individual is likely e present in or at on a regular basis, such as a building en- ceway, mailboxes, laundry rooms, beverage machines, build- bulletin boards, hallways, etc. <i>4 TAC 7.114(3)</i>			

IPM Program Requirements	The IPM program shall contain these essential elements:					
	1.	mer pesi	pard-approved IPM policy, stating the district's commit- nt to follow integrated pest management guidelines in all t control activities that take place on district property. The policy statement shall include:			
		a.	A definition of IPM consistent with this section;			
		b.	A reference to Texas laws and rules governing pesticide use and IPM in public schools;			
		C.	Information about who can apply pesticides on school district property; and			
		d.	Information about designating, registering, and required training for the district's IPM coordinator. The superintendent and IPM coordinator shall maintain a copy of the policy.			
	2.	A monitoring program to determine when pests are present and when pest problems are severe enough to justify correc- tive action;				
	3.	The preferential use of lower risk pesticides and the use of non-chemical management strategies to control pests, ro- dents, insects, and weeds;				
	4.	A system for keeping records of facility inspection reports, pest-related work orders, pest control service reports, pesti- cide applications, and pesticide complaints;				
	5.	A plan for educating and informing district employees about their roles in the IPM program; and				
	6.		ten guidelines that identify thresholds for when pest con- actions are justified.			
	4 TAC 7.201(1)					
IPM Coordinator	the tend mus new e-m that spo the nato	distric dent o st repo /ly ap ail ad appo nsible IPM p ors re	erintendent shall appoint an IPM coordinator to implement ct's IPM program. Not later than 90 days after the superin- lesignates or replaces an IPM coordinator, the district ort to the Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA) the pointed coordinator's name, address, telephone number, dress and the effective date of the appointment. A district bints more than one IPM coordinator shall designate a re- e IPM coordinator who will have overall responsibility for program and provide oversight of subordinate IPM coordi- garding IPM program decisions. When a district removes oordinator, the departing IPM coordinator, superintendent,			

	ten (tor f	uperintendent's designee must notify TDA of the removal within days in writing. A district may not be without an IPM coordinator more than 30 days. <i>Occupations Code 1951.212(e); 4 TAC 01(2)</i>			
Training	The	IPM coordinator shall:			
	1.	Successfully complete a TDA-approved IPM coordinator train- ing course within six months of appointment; and			
	2.	Obtain at least six hours of TDA-approved IPM continuing ed- ucation units every three years in accordance with the re- quirements of 4 Administrative Code 7.202.			
	Occ	Occupations Code 1951.212(f); 4 TAC 7.202			
Duties		In addition to implementing the district's IPM program, the IPM co- ordinator shall oversee and be responsible for:			
	1.	Coordination of pest management personnel, ensuring that all school employees who perform pest control, including those employees authorized to perform incidental use applications, have the necessary training, are equipped with the appropri- ate personal protective equipment, and have the necessary li- censes for their pest management responsibilities;			
	2.	Ensuring that all IPM program records, including incidental use training records, pest-related work orders, pest control service reports, pesticide applications, and pesticide com- plaints are maintained for a period of two years and are made available to a TDA inspector upon request;			
	3.	Working with district administrators to ensure that all pest control proposal specifications for outside contractors are compatible with IPM principles, and that contractors work un- der the guidelines of the district's IPM policy;			
	4.	Ensuring that all pesticides used on district property are in compliance with the district's IPM program and that current pesticide labels and safety data sheets (SDS) are available for interested individuals upon request;			
	5.	Overseeing and implementing that portion of the plan that en- sures that district administrators and relevant district person- nel are provided opportunities to be informed and educated about their roles in the IPM program, reporting, and notifica- tion procedures;			
	6.	Ensuring that pesticide applications, including the approval of emergency applications at buildings and on district grounds, are conducted in accordance with Division 7; and			
	22	0.40			

	7.	Maintaining a current copy of the school district's IPM policy and making it available to a TDA inspector upon request.	
	4 T,	AC 7.202(d)	
Licensed Applicator	A district that engages in pest control activities must employ or contract with a licensed applicator, who may, if an employee, also serve as the IPM coordinator. <i>4 TAC 7.201(3)</i>		
	The certified commercial or noncommercial certified applicator or li censed technician shall:		
	1.	Apply only United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) labeled pesticides, appropriate for the target pest, except as provided in Division 7;	
	2.	Provide the structural pest management needs of the district by following the district's IPM program and these regulations;	
	3.	Obtain written approval from the IPM coordinator for the use of pesticides in accordance with Division 7;	
	4.	Handle and forward to the IPM coordinator records of IPM ac- tivities, any complaints relating to pest problems, and pesti- cide use;	
	5.	Ensure that pesticide use records are forwarded to the IPM coordinator within two business days or in a time frame as agreed to by the IPM coordinator;	
	6.	Consult with the IPM coordinator concerning the use of con- trol measures in buildings and grounds, including residential properties; and	
	7.	Ensure that all pest control activities are consistent with the district's IPM program and IPM policy.	
	4 T,	AC 7.203	
Notice	A district shall prior to or by the first week of school attendance, en- sure that a procedure is in place to provide prior notification of pes- ticide applications in accordance with 4 Administrative Code Chap- ter 7. Individuals who request in writing to be notified of pesticide applications may be notified by telephonic, written, or electronic methods. <i>4 TAC 7.201(4)</i>		
	The chief administrator, IPM coordinator, or building manager munotify individuals who work in a district building of an indoor pest control treatment by:		
	1.	Posting the sign made available by the certified applicator or technician in an area of common access that the individuals	
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		are likely to check on a regular basis at least 48 hours before each planned treatment; and			
	2.	Making available, on request, the consumer information sheet made available by the certified applicator or technician.			
	Oce	cupations Code 1951.455(a); 4 TAC 7.146(c), .147(e), .148(b)			
	the tha tha not ma or e cati	Chief administrators or the IPM coordinators of schools must notify the parents or guardians of children attending the facility in writing that pesticides are periodically applied indoors and outdoors, and that information on the times and types of applications and prior notification is available upon request. Such notification must be made at the time of the students' registration. Telephonic, written, or electronic notification of planned applications will meet the notifi- cation requirements. <i>4 TAC 7.148(c); Occupations Code</i> <i>1951.455(b)</i> [See FD]			
Emergency Exception	.14 stat quii sun The rec time with def is li	e pre-notification requirements of 4 Administrative Code 7.146– 8 are waived if the customer and certified applicator sign a tement attesting to the fact that an emergency exists which re- res immediate treatment. If such an emergency exists, the con- ner information sheet must be made available by the licensee. e statement must be kept on file with the pest control use ords. If the customer is not available to sign a statement at the e of treatment, that shall be recorded in the use records along in the customer's name and telephone number. An emergency is ined as an imminent hazard to health. An emergency treatment mited to the localized area of the emergency. <i>4 TAC 7.147(g)</i> , 8(d)			
Pesticide Use	and exe and dist	pesticides used by districts must be registered with the EPA I the TDA, with the exception of those pesticides that have been empted from registration by the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, I Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), Section 25(b). All pesticides used by cricts must also bear a label as required by FIFRA and Chapter of the Texas Agriculture Code. Pesticide use must also meet following requirements:			
	1.	Pest control signs shall be posted at least 48 hours prior to a pesticide application inside district buildings, including residential properties, as provided for under 4 Administrative Code 7.148.			
	2.	For outdoor applications made on district grounds, including residential properties, the treated area must be identified at all entry points with a sign, or must be secured using a locking device, a fence or other practical barrier such as commercially available barrier caution tape, or periodically monitored to			

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keep students out of the treated area until the allowed reentry time.

- 3. Pesticides used on district property shall be mixed outside of student occupied areas of buildings and grounds.
- 4. The use of non-pesticide control measures, non-pesticide monitoring tools and mechanical devices, such as glue boards and traps as permitted in accordance with Division 7, are exempt from posting requirements. The use of non-pesticide tools and devices by unlicensed district personnel, for monitoring purposes, shall be permitted. Monitoring by unlicensed district personnel shall be done only as directed, under the supervision of the IPM coordinator.
- 5. Pesticide applications shall not be made to outdoor school grounds if such an application will expose students to physical drift of pesticide spray particles. Reasonable preventative measures shall be taken to avoid the potential of drift to oc-cur.
- Districts are allowed to apply the pesticides to control pests, rodents, insects, and weeds at school buildings, grounds, or other facilities in accordance with the approval for use and restrictions listed for each category detailed in 4 Administrative Code 7.204(6).

4 TAC 7.204

- Incidental Use The Incidental Use For Schools Fact Sheet must contain the text specified in 4 Administrative Code 7.205 and must be provided during pesticide instruction and training by the IPM coordinator to each district employee whose primary duty is not pest control, and whose work may include tasks subject to the exception. The IPM coordinator must keep records of all the training conducted annually. Pest control use records for all incidental pesticide use application, including the reason for application and justification for emergency, must be maintained by the IPM coordinator for two years. *4 TAC 7.205*
- Inspections School districts will be inspected at least once every five years. TDA may waive these requirements due to TDA staff availability, budgetary constraints, inspection trends, or operational efficiencies. School districts demonstrating a lack of compliance with TDA rules may be inspected more frequently based on risk using the following elements of consideration: prior violations, prior inspection results, and prior complaints. *4 TAC 7.149*

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BUILDINGS, GROUNDS MAINTENANCE	S, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT	CLB (LOCAL)
Integrated Pest Management Program	The District is committed to following integrated pest man (IPM) guidelines as required by Chapter 1951 of the Occu Code and Title 4, Chapter 7 of the Administrative Code in control activities that take place on District property.	upations
Definition	IPM is a pest management strategy that relies on accurat cation and scientific knowledge of target pests, reliable m methods to assess pest presence, preventative measures pest problems, and thresholds to determine when correct trol measures are needed. Under IPM, whenever econom practical, multiple control tactics shall be used to achieve control of pests. These tactics shall include, but are not lin the judicious use of pesticides.	onitoring s to limit ive con- nical and the best
Standards	The District's IPM program shall govern the District's use cides, herbicides, and other chemical agents for the purper controlling pests, rodents, insects, and weeds in and arout trict facilities, including residential property primarily used dent housing.	ose of Ind Dis-
IPM Coordinator	The Superintendent shall designate the IPM coordinator(s shall be registered with the Texas Department of Agriculto IPM coordinator(s) shall receive training in accordance wi and shall provide training to District employees, as neces	ure. The th law
Application Time Frame	The IPM coordinator(s), in addition to the responsibilities CLB(LEGAL), shall coordinate with appropriate District ac tors or other designated and trained employees regarding or herbicide applications in accordance with law. The IPM nator(s) shall determine when an emergency situation exist an exception to the 48-hour notice requirement may be m	dministra- g pesticide l coordi- ists and
No Unauthorized Application	If the IPM coordinator is a licensed applicator, the IPM co- may apply pesticides in accordance with law. No other en- or other person or entity shall be permitted to apply a pes- herbicide at a District facility, including residential property used as student housing, without the prior approval of the ordinator and other than in the manner prescribed by law District's IPM program.	nployee ticide or y primarily e IPM co-

	Note:	For provisions regarding selection and adoption of in- structional materials, see EFA.
Instructional Materials and Technology	be furnis Except a not char equipme	onal materials selected for use in the public schools shall shed without cost to the students attending those schools. as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may ge a student for instructional material or technological ent purchased by the district with the district's technology ructional materials allotment. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
	rial only chased	structional material, including electronic instructional mate- to the extent of any applicable licensing agreement, pur- as provided by Education Code Chapter 31 for a district is erty of the district. <i>Education Code 31.102(a)–(b)</i>
Allotment	struction in the dia nium sp sioner s each bie the state lotment. tional m struction	t is entitled to an allotment each biennium from the state in- nal materials and technology fund for each student enrolled strict on a date during the last year of the preceding bien- ecified by the commissioner of education. The commis- hall determine the amount of the allotment per student ennium on the basis of the amount of money available in a instructional materials and technology fund to fund the al- The allotment shall be transferred from the state instruc- aterials and technology fund to the district's in- nal materials and technology account as provided by on Code 31.0212. <i>Education Code 31.0211(a)</i>
	nium, no	nmissioner shall, as early as practicable during each bien- otify each district of the estimated amount to which the dis- be entitled during the next fiscal biennium. <i>Education Code</i> <i>(a)</i>
No Appeal		ount of the allotment determined by the commissioner is fi- may not be appealed. <i>19 TAC 66.1307(d)</i>
Delayed Publisher Payment Option	material The tota may not	t may requisition and receive state-adopted instructional s before allotment funds for those materials are available. I cost of delayed-payment-option materials requisitioned exceed 80 percent of the district's expected allotment for sequent biennium.
	der this a district paymen	district submits a requisition for instructional materials un- provision, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) will expend it's existing allotment balance before applying the delayed t option. TEA will make payment for any remaining balance trict's order as the allotment funds become available and

	will prioritize payment for requisitions under this provision over re- imbursement of purchases made directly by a district.
	19 TAC 66.1312(a)–(e)
	The commissioner shall ensure that publishers of instructional ma- terials are informed of any potential delay in payment and that pay- ment is subject to the availability of appropriated funds. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 31.0215(d)</i>
	Publishers may decline orders for which payments could be de- layed. A publisher's decision to decline an order shall affect all of that publisher's orders for which payments could be delayed. Pub- lishers may not selectively decline individual orders or orders from individual districts. <i>19 TAC 66.1312(f); Education Code 31.0215(d)</i>
	Government Code Chapter 2251 (payments for goods and services) does not apply to requisitions under this provision. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 31.0215(e); 19 TAC 66.1312(g)</i>
Allotment Adjustment <i>Change in</i> <i>Enrollment</i>	Not later than May 31 of each school year, a district may request that the commissioner adjust the number of students for which the district is entitled to receive an allotment on the grounds that the number of students attending school in the district will increase or decrease during the school year for which the allotment is provided. The commissioner may also adjust the number of students for which a district is entitled to receive an allotment, without a request by the district, if the commissioner determines a different number of students is a more accurate reflection of students who will be attending school in the district. The commissioner's determination is final. <i>Education Code 31.0211(e)</i>
High Enrollment Growth	Each year the commissioner shall adjust the instructional materials and technology allotment of districts experiencing high enrollment growth. <i>Education Code 31.0214(a)</i>
	High-enrollment growth adjustments will be based on the differ- ence between the district's percentage of enrollment growth and that of the state. Enrollment growth calculations will be determined each fiscal year based on fall Texas Student Data Systems Public Education Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) enroll- ment data. The amount of the adjustment determined by the com- missioner is final and may not be appealed.
	If sufficient funds are available, high-enrollment growth adjust- ments will be granted once each fiscal year. Notwithstanding this, a district that experiences an unexpected growth:

	1.	Of at least two percent due to a natural or man-made disaster or catastrophic event may apply for additional allotment fund- ing at any time during a fiscal year.
	2.	In its bilingual population of at least ten percent in any school year may apply for additional bilingual allotment funding at any time during a fiscal year.
	Any fund	additional funding will be dependent on the availability of ls.
	seco	per-student high-enrollment growth adjustment granted in the ond year of a biennium shall not exceed one-half of the per-stu- t amount established as the biennial allotment.
	19 T	FAC 66.1309
Permitted Expenditures		h district's allotment funds must be expended according to the wing priorities established in Education Code 31.0211:
	1.	First, instructional materials necessary to permit the district to certify that the district has instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills of the required curriculum, other than physical education, for each grade level as required by Education Code 28.002; and
	2.	Then, any other instructional materials or allowed technologi- cal equipment.
		ntaining the priorities above, the allotment funds may be used ay for:
	1.	Instructional materials on the list adopted by the commis- sioner under Education Code 31.0231;
	2.	Instructional materials on the list adopted by the State Board of Education (SBOE) under Education Code 31.024;
	3.	Non-adopted instructional materials;
	4.	Consumable instructional materials;
	5.	Instructional materials for use in bilingual education classes, as provided by Education Code 31.029;
	6.	Versions of non-adopted instructional materials that are fully accessible to students with disabilities;
	7.	Instructional materials for use in college preparatory courses under Education Code 28.014, as provided by Education Code 31.031;
	6.	as provided by Education Code 31.029; Versions of non-adopted instructional materials that are fu accessible to students with disabilities; Instructional materials for use in college preparatory cours under Education Code 28.014, as provided by Education

8.	Supplemental instructional materials, as provided by Educa- tion Code 31.035;
9.	State-developed open-source instructional materials, as pro- vided by Education Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B-1;
10.	Instructional materials and technological equipment under any continuing contracts of the district in effect on September 1, 2011;
11.	Activities related to the local review and adoption of instruc- tional materials;
12.	Technological equipment that contributes to student learning, including equipment that supports the use of instructional materials;
13.	Training educational personnel directly involved in student learning in the appropriate use of instructional materials;
14.	Providing access to technological equipment for instructional use;
15.	The salary and other expenses of an employee who provides technical support for the use of technological equipment directly involved in student learning;
16.	Inventory software or systems for storing, managing, and ac- cessing instructional materials;
17.	Software for analyzing the use and effectiveness of instruc- tional materials;
18.	Services, equipment, and technology infrastructure necessary to ensure internet connectivity and adequate bandwidth;
19.	Costs associated with distance learning, including services, equipment, and technology such as Wi-Fi, internet access hotspots, wireless network service, broadband service, and other services and technological equipment to ensure internet access; and
20.	Training for personnel in the electronic administration of as- sessment instruments.
The	allotment funds may not be used to pay for:
1.	Services for installation;

2. The physical conduit that transmits data such as cabling and wiring or electricity, except to the extent allotment funds are

		necessary to pay for allowable expenses under items 18 and 19, above;	
	3.	Office and school supplies;	
	4.	Items that are not directly related to student instruction such as furniture, athletic equipment, extension cords, temporary contractors, or video surveillance equipment;	
	5.	Travel expenses; or	
	6.	Equipment used for moving or storing instructional materials.	
	19 1	TAC 66.1307(e)–(g); Education Code 31.0211(c)	
Technological	In p	urchasing technological equipment, a district shall:	
Equipment	1.	Secure technological solutions that meet the varying and unique needs of students and teachers in the district; and	
	2.	Consider both the long-term cost of ownership of the techno- logical equipment and flexibility for innovation.	
	19 TAC 66.1307(I); Education Code 31.0211(d-1)		
Certification of Allotment	tricť	strict shall annually certify to the commissioner that the dis- 's allotment has been used only for permitted expenses. <i>Edu-</i> on Code 31.0213	
Instructional Materials and Technology Account	The commissioner shall maintain an instructional materials and technology account for each district. In the first year of each biennium, the commissioner shall deposit the district's allotment in the account. The commissioner shall pay the cost of instructional materials requisitioned by a district under Education Code 31.103 using funds from the district's instructional materials and technology account.		
	A district may also use funds in the district's account to purchase electronic instructional materials or technological equipment. The district shall submit to the commissioner a request for funds for this purpose from the district's account in accordance with the commis- sioner's rules.		
	Money deposited in a district's instructional materials and technol- ogy account during each state fiscal biennium remains in the ac- count and available for use by the district for the entire biennium. At the end of each biennium, a district with unused money in the district's account may carry forward any remaining balance to the next biennium.		

Education Code 31.0212

Access to Allotment	The allotment for each biennium will be made available for district use through the state's online instructional material ordering sys- tem as early as possible in the fiscal year preceding the beginning of the biennium for which the funds have been appropriated. A dis- trict may access its allotment for any upcoming school year upon completion of:		
	1.	Sub	mission to the commissioner certification that:
		a.	The district has instructional materials that cover all the required Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS), except those for physical education, as required by Education Code 31.004 [see Certification of Instructional Materials, below]; and
		b.	The district has used its allotment for only allowable ex- penditures [see Permitted Expenditures and Certification of Allotment Use, above]; and
	2.		paration by TEA of the state ordering system for the new pool year with the new allotment amounts.
	func	ds by	npletion of these requirements, a district may access its correctly providing all information required in the state or- stem.
	19	ТАС в	66.1307(h)—(j)
Online Requisition System	dist	ricts t	missioner shall maintain an online requisition system for o requisition instructional materials to be purchased with ct's allotment. <i>Education Code 31.101(f)</i>
Delegation of Authority	tion con	, distr sister	d may delegate to an employee the authority to requisi- ibute, and manage the inventory of instructional materials, at with Education Code Chapter 31 and rules adopted un- chapter. <i>Education Code 31.104(a)</i>
Local Funds	als i	in ado	may use local funds to purchase any instructional materi- dition to those selected under Education Code Chapter 31. <i>n Code 31.106</i>
Requisitions, Use, and Distribution	the dist tion	online rict m al ma	shall make a requisition for instructional materials using e requisition program maintained by the commissioner. A ay requisition instructional materials on the SBOE instruc- terials list for grades above the grade level in which a stu- nrolled. <i>Education Code 31.103(b)–(c)</i>
Distribution	in th	ne ma	d shall distribute printed instructional materials to students nner that the board determines is most effective and eco- <i>Education Code 31.102(c)</i>

Brownsville ISD 031901			
EQUIPMENT AND SUPP INSTRUCTIONAL MATE		S MANAGEMENT S CARE AND ACCOUNTING	CMD (LEGAL)
Supplemental Instructional Materials	A district may requisition supplemental instructional material adopted by the SBOE but not on the instructional material list adopted under Education Code 31.023 only if the district requisi- tions the supplemental instructional material along with other sup- plemental instructional materials or instructional materials on the list adopted under Education Code 31.023 that in combination cover each element of the essential knowledge and skills for the course for which the district is requisitioning the supplemental in- structional materials. <i>Education Code 31.035(d)</i>		list equisi- ner sup- on the tion for the
Availability of Open Education Resource Instructional Materials	rial stuc	strict that selects open education resource instructiona shall requisition a sufficient number of printed copies for lents unable to access the instructional material electro ess the district provides to each student:	or use by
	1.	Electronic access to the instructional material at no constudent; or	ost to the
	2.	Printed copies of the portion of the instructional mate will be used in the course.	rial that
	Edu	cation Code 31.103(d)	
Employee Training	The board shall require the employee responsible for ordering in- structional materials to complete TEA-developed training in the us of the allotment and the use of the instructional materials ordering system known as EMAT. Training shall be completed prior to or- dering instructional materials for the first time and again each time the district is notified by TEA that the training has been updated. The district shall maintain documentation of the completion of the required training. <i>19 TAC 66.107(d)</i>		n the use ordering to or- ach time dated.
Special Instructional Materials	stuc Coc dist stru and	aws and rules applying to instructional materials provid lents with no disabilities that are not in conflict with Edu le 31.028 or 19 Administrative Code 66.1311 shall app ribution and control of special instructional materials. S ctional materials include braille, large-print, and audio l any other formats designed specifically to provide equ s to students with disabilities.	ucation ly to the pecial in- books

Requisitions for special instructional materials shall be based on actual student enrollment but may include up to two copies per student if necessary to meet individual need.

Special instructional materials are the property of the state. A district is responsible for replacing or reimbursing the state for lost, stolen, or damaged special instructional materials.

Brownsville ISD 031901				
EQUIPMENT AND SUP		S MANAGEMENT LS CARE AND ACCOUNTING	CMD (LEGAL)	
For Teachers	disa nish loar	Adopted instructional materials needed by a teacher with a print disability to carry out his or her instructional duties shall be fur- nished in the required format without cost. The materials are to be loaned to the district as long as needed and are to be returned to the state when they are no longer needed.		
For Parents	que cos afte dist files forb spe hav	opted instructional materials in a specialized format the sted by a parent with a print disability shall be furnish to by the state. Requests for electronic files shall be fill or the parent signs and TEA receives a statement, three rict, promising that the parent will safeguard the secu s and observe all current copyright laws, including tho id reproduction of the files and their transfer to other cialized instructional material formats and electronic f e been provided must be returned to the local school end of the school year.	ed without ed by TEA bugh the rity of the se that parties. All iles that	
	19	TAC 66.1311(a)–(d), (h), (j)		
Bilingual Instructional Materials	stru con gua fron	istrict shall purchase with its allotment or otherwise ac ctional materials for use in bilingual education classe missioner shall determine the amount of the allotmer I education based on TSDS PEIMS bilingual enrollment the fall collection of the school year preceding the find h biennium. <i>Education Code 31.029; 19 TAC 66.130</i>	s. The nt for bilin- ent data rst year of	
Certification of Instructional Materials	Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall su the SBOE and commissioner certification that for each subju- the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, othe physical education, and each grade level, the district provid student with instructional materials that cover all elements of essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for the ject and grade level. The certification shall be submitted in a approved by the commissioner and can be based on both s adopted and non-state-adopted materials.		ubject in ther than vides each s of the that sub- in a format	
	cov	determine whether each student has instructional material er all elements of the essential knowledge and skills, and consider:		
	1.	Instructional materials adopted by the SBOE;		
	2.	Materials adopted or purchased by the commission Education Code 31.0231 or Education Code Chapter chapter B-1;		
	3.	Open education resource instructional materials sub eligible institutions and adopted by the SBOE;	omitted by	

	4.	Open education resource instructional materials made avail- able by other public schools;	
	5.	Instructional materials developed or purchased by the district; and	
	6.	Open education resource instructional materials and other electronic instructional materials included in the repository under Education Code 31.083.	
	sion ful c der t	n district shall certify, in a format approved by the commis- er, that the district protects against access to obscene or harm- ontent in compliance with the requirements for certification un- the Children's Internet Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B) (C). [See CQ]	
	The mee	certifications shall be ratified by the board in a public, noticed ting.	
	Edu	cation Code 31.004; 19 TAC 66.105	
Ownership	tiona whe year distr print	ept as otherwise provided, a student must return all instruc- al materials to the teacher at the end of the school year or in the student withdraws from school. At the end of the school for which open education resource instructional material that a ict does not intend to use for another student is distributed, the ed copy of the open education resource instructional material omes the property of the student to whom it is distributed.	
		provision does not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- resource instructional material.	
	Edu	cation Code 31.104(c), (g)–(h); 19 TAC 66.107(b)	
Responsibility for Instructional Materials and Equipment	Each student or the student's parent or guardian is responsible for all instructional material and technological equipment not returned in an acceptable condition by the student. A student who fails to r turn in an acceptable condition all instructional materials and tech nological equipment forfeits the right to free instructional materials and technological equipment until all instructional materials and technological equipment previously issued but not returned in an acceptable condition are paid for by the student, parent, or guardian.		
	payr FP]	rovided by board policy, a district may waive or reduce the nent required if the student is from a low-income family. [See The district shall allow the student to use instructional materi- and technological equipment at school during each school day.	
		structional materials or technological equipment is not returned acceptable condition or paid for, a district may withhold the	
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	student's records. A district may not prevent the student from grad- uating, participating in a graduation ceremony, or receiving a diploma. [See FL and GBA regarding student and parental right to access records; and FD, FFAB, and FL regarding a district's duties to provide records to another district]				
	The board may not require an employee of the district who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equipment that is stolen, misplaced, or not returned by a student. [See DG]				
	These provisions do not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- tion resource instructional material.				
	<i>Education Code</i> 31.104(d), (e), (h); 19 TAC 66.107(c) [See also EF]				
Acceptable Condition	Printed instructional materials are considered to be in acceptable condition if:				
	1. The cover, binding, pages, spine, and all integral components of the instructional materials are wholly intact and the instruc- tional materials are fully usable by students; and				
	 No component of the instructional materials is soiled, torn, or damaged (whether intentionally or by lack of appropriate care) to the extent that any portion of the content is too disfigured or obscured to be fully accessible to other students. 				
	Electronic instructional materials are considered to be in accept- able condition if:				
	 All components or applications that are a part of the electronic instructional materials are returned; 				
	The electronic materials perform as they did when they were new;				
	3. The electronic instructional materials do not contain computer code (e.g., bug, virus, worm, or similar malicious software) that has been designed to self-replicate, damage, change, or otherwise hinder the performance of any computer's memory, file system, or software; and				
	 The electronic instructional materials have not been installed with plug-ins, snap-ins, or add-ins without the prior approval of the district. 				
	Technological equipment is considered to be in acceptable condi- tion if:				

	 The equipment is returned with the software and hardware in their original condition unless the district authorized changes; and
	2. The physical condition of the equipment is fully usable as it was originally intended to be used.
	19 TAC 66.1310
Lost or Damaged Instructional Materials	A district may order replacements for instructional materials that have been lost or damaged directly from the publisher of the in- structional materials or any source for a printed copy of open edu- cation resource instructional material. <i>Education Code 31.104</i>
Sale or Disposal	The board shall determine how the district will dispose of discontin- ued printed instructional materials, electronic instructional materi- als, and technological equipment.
Sale	The board may sell printed instructional materials on the date the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public schools by the SBOE or the commissioner. The board may also sell electronic instructional materials and technological equipment owned by the district.
Use of Proceeds	Any funds received by a district from a sale must be used to pur- chase instructional materials and technological equipment allowed under Education Code 31.0211.
Disposal	The board may dispose of printed instructional material before the date the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public schools by the SBOE if the board determines that the instructional material is not needed by the district and the board does not reasonably expect that the instructional material will be needed. A district must notify the commissioner of any instructional material the district disposes of under this provision.
	Education Code 31.105
Annual Inventory	A district shall conduct an annual physical inventory of all currently adopted instructional materials that have been requisitioned by and delivered to the district. The results of the inventory shall be recorded in the district's files. <i>19 TAC 66.107(a)</i>
Local Handling Expenses	School districts shall not be reimbursed from state funds for expenses incurred in local handling of instructional materials. <i>19 TAC</i> 66.104(d)

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				CNC (LEGAL)
Safety Standards	A district shall meet or exceed the safety standards for school buses established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS), with the advice of the Texas Education Agency (TEA). A district that fails or refuses to meet these safety standards for school buses is ineligible to share in the transportation allotment until the first anniversary of the date the district begins complying with the safety standards. <i>Education Code 34.002; Transp. Code 547.102; 37 TAC 14.51–.52</i>			
Student Safety Prohibitions			may not require or allow a child to stand on a monger van. <i>Education Code 34.004</i>	ving bus
			tor of a school bus, while operating the bus, shal ger from:	l prohibit
	1.	Star	nding in the bus; or	
	2.	Sitti	ng:	
		a.	On the floor of the bus, or	
		b.	In any location on the bus that is not designed a	as a seat.
	Trar	nsp. (Code 545.426	
Seat Belts Required on Buses	scho tract shal	ool ad ted fo I be e	cluding a school bus, a school activity bus, multif ctivity bus, or school-chartered bus, operated by or use by a district for the transportation of school equipped with a three-point seat belt for each pase the operator. This requirement does not apply to	or con- Ichildren ssenger,
	1.		us purchased by a school district that is a model 7 or earlier; or	year
	2.		us purchased by a school district that is a model a solution of the board:	year
		a.	Determines that the district's budget does not p district to purchase a bus that is equipped with quired seat belts; and	
		b.	Votes to approve that determination in a public	meeting.
	Tran	nsp. (Code 547.701(e)	
Student Requirement	tract equi distr	ed fo pped ict m	shall require a student riding a bus operated by or operation by the district to wear a seat belt if th with seat belts for all passengers on the bus. A ay implement a disciplinary policy to enforce the s by students. <i>Education Code 34.013</i>	e bus is school

TRANSPORTATION MA			NT	CNC (LEGAL)
Donations	poir for a	nt sea a dist	shall consider any offer made by a person to dor at belts or money for the purchase of three-point rict's school buses. A board may accept or declin adequate consideration.	seat belts
	belt sch of th sigr	s or r ool bi ne bu	may acknowledge a person who donates three-p noney for the purchase of three-point seat belts us by displaying a small, discreet sign on the sid s recognizing the person who made the donation not serve as an advertisement for the person w tion.	for a e or back າ. The
	Edı	icatio	n Code 34.014	
Use of Warning Signals	peri sha on t	mit st II acti he bu	school bus is being stopped or is stopped on a h udents to board or exit the bus, the operator of th vate all flashing warning signal lights and other e us designed to warn other drivers that the bus is r unload children.	he bus equipment
	abo		n may not operate a light or other equipment des accept when a school bus is being stopped or is sign by to:	
	1.	Per	mit a student to board or exit the bus; or	
	2.	Dist	tribute to a student or the parent or guardian of a	student:
		a.	Food; or	
		b.	Technological equipment for use by the studer cational purposes.	it for edu-
	Tra	nsp. (Code 547.701(c), (c-1)	
Wireless Communication Devices General Rule	wire mes	eless ssage	tor commits an offense if the operator uses a po communication device to read, write, or send an while operating a motor vehicle unless the vehi <i>Transp. Code 545.4251(b)</i>	electronic
School Property	ope proj serv	rating perty /ed b	ator may not use a wireless communication devices a motor vehicle within a school crossing zone of of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high y a school crossing zone, during the time a redu effect for the school crossing zone, unless:	or on the gh school
	1.	The	e vehicle is stopped; or	
	2.	The dev	wireless communication device is used with a hice.	ands-free

Transp. Code 545.4252

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

	oper on th to an comp as a	perator may not use a wireless communication device while ating a school bus or passenger bus with a minor passenger bus unless the bus is stopped. This provision does not apply a operator of a school bus or passenger bus using a wireless munication device in the performance of the operator's duties bus driver and in a manner similar to using a two-way radio. <i>sp. Code 545.425(c), (e-1)</i>	
Definitions	attac gard mun less hanc com	ids-free device" means speakerphone capability, a telephone chment, or another function or other piece of equipment, re- less of whether permanently installed in or on a wireless com- ication device or in a motor vehicle, that allows use of the wire- communication device without use of either of the operator's ds, except to activate or deactivate a function of the wireless munication device or hands-free device. The term includes e-operated technology and a push-to-talk function. <i>Transp.</i> e 545.425(a)(1)	
	a wir	ctronic message" means data that is read from or entered into reless communication device for the purpose of communicating another person. <i>Transp. Code</i> 545.4251(a)(1)	
Disruption of Transportation	inter porta erate a vel miso that,	person other than a primary or secondary grade student who ationally disrupts, prevents, or interferes with the lawful trans- ation of students to and from school on a vehicle owned or op- ed by a district or to or from activities sponsored by a school on hicle owned and/or operated by a district shall be guilty of a lemeanor. It is an exception to the application of the offense at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the on was younger than 12 years of age. <i>Education Code 37.126</i>	
Exhibition of Firearm	For information regarding offenses pertaining to firearms on buses, see GKA(LEGAL).		
Accident Reports Notice to DPS	rectly trict	strict shall provide DPS written notification of any accident di- y or indirectly involving a school bus operated by or for the dis- that bears advertising or another paid announcement. <i>37 TAC</i> <i>5(a)(2)</i>	
		ce must be received not more than five days from the date of accident and shall include the following:	
	1.	The name and address of the owner of the school bus;	
	2.	The name and driver's license number of the school bus oper- ator;	
	3.	The date of the accident;	
	4.	The city or county where the accident occurred; and	

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

5. The investigating police agency.

37 TAC 14.65(c)

Notices to DPS may be delivered by facsimile, electronic mail, or mailed to School Bus Transportation, Texas Department of Public Safety, P.O. Box 4087, Austin, TX 78773-0525. *37 TAC 14.65(d)*

- Notice to TEA A district shall report annually to TEA the number of accidents in which its buses were involved in the past year in a manner prescribed by the commissioner of education. A district shall file the annual report to TEA only in the period beginning July 1 and ending July 31 and shall include the following information in the report:
 - 1. The total number of bus accidents;
 - 2. The date each accident occurred;
 - 3. The type of bus, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 61.1028(a), involved in each accident;
 - 4. Whether the bus involved in each accident was equipped with seat belts and, if so, the type of seat belts;
 - 5. The number of students and adults involved in each accident;
 - 6. The number and types of injuries that were sustained by the bus passengers in each accident; and
 - 7. Whether the injured passengers in each accident were wearing seat belts at the time of the accident and, if so, the type of seat belts.

A school district shall report a bus accident involving a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus if:

- 1. The bus is owned, leased, contracted, or chartered by a school district and was transporting school district personnel, students, or a combination of personnel and students; or
- 2. The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor with no passengers on board and the accident involved a collision with a pedestrian.
- *Exceptions* A school district shall not report a bus accident involving a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus if:
 - 1. The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor, the accident

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

occurred when no passenger other than the school district's driver or bus contractor's driver was on board the bus, and the accident did not involve a collision with a pedestrian; or

2. The accident involved a bus chartered by a school district for a school activity trip and no school district personnel or students were on board the bus at the time of the accident.

A school district shall not report an accident that occurred in a vehicle that is owned, contracted, or chartered by a school district and is not a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus.

Education Code 34.015(b); 19 TAC 61.1028(b)

Texas Department of Agriculture Authority	The Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA) administers federal and state nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) under 42 U.S.C. Section 1751 et seq., and the School Breakfast Program (SBP) under 42 U.S.C. Section 1773. <i>Agriculture Code 12.0025</i>		
	Note:	Regulations applicable to federal nutrition programs are found at the following:	
		7 C.F.R. 210: National School Lunch Program	
		7 C.F.R. 215: Special Milk Program for Children	
		7 C.F.R. 220: School Breakfast Program	
		7 C.F.R. 225: Summer Food Service Program	
		7 C.F.R. 245: Free and Reduced Price Eligibility	
Program Compliance	the appl pliance f	all require that school food authorities (SFAs) comply with icable provisions 7 C.F.R. Part 210. TDA shall ensure com- through audits, administrative reviews, technical assis- raining guidance materials or by other means. 7 C.F.R. a)(3)	
	[For the	definition of "school food authority," see COA(LEGAL).]	
Administrative Review	in the N Summe	Ist conduct administrative reviews of all SFAs participating SLP (including the Afterschool Snacks and the Seamless r Option) and SBP at least once during a 3-year review cy- vided that each SFA is reviewed at least once every 4	
	on-site e grams. both crit 210.18(g includes	strative reviews" means the comprehensive off-site and/or evaluation of all SFAs participating in the specified pro- The term administrative review is used to reflect a review of ical and general areas in accordance with 7 C.F.R. g) and (h), as applicable for each reviewed program, and other areas of program operations determined by TDA to rtant to program performance.	
	7 C.F.R.	. 210.18	
Appeals	tered by grams a	related to the federal food and nutrition programs adminis- TDA and any actions affecting participation in such pro- re governed by 4 Administrative Code, Chapter 26, Sub- E. <i>4 TAC 26.200–.207</i>	

	Note:	For recordkeeping and retention information, see TDA's <u>Food and Nutrition Division Administrator's Reference</u> <u>Manual,</u> ¹ Section 30, <i>Records Retention</i> .
School Nutrition Professional Standards	plement	hat operates the NSLP or the SBP must establish and improfessional standards for school nutrition program, managers, and staff. 7 C.F.R. 210.30(a)
Minimum Standards for Program Directors	gram dire new and training/e	A must ensure that all newly hired school nutrition pro- ectors meet minimum hiring standards and ensure that all existing directors have completed the minimum annual education requirements for school nutrition program direc- et forth in 7 C.F.R. 210.30. 7 C.F.R. 210.30(b)
	Note:	All school nutrition program directors hired on or after July 1, 2015, must meet the required minimum educa- tional requirements based on student enrollment. See Summary of School Nutrition Program Director Profes- sional Standards by Local Educational Agency Size chart, 7 C.F.R. 210.30(b)(2).
Exempt Fundraisers	beverage C.F.R. P day, for u provided may be s	that participate in the NSLP or SBP may sell food and es that do not meet nutritional standards outlined in 7 arts 210 and 220 as part of a fundraiser, during the school up to six days per school year on each school campus, that no specially exempted fundraiser foods or beverages sold in competition with school meals in the food service ng the meal service. <i>4 TAC 26.2</i>
Definitions		day" means the midnight before, to 30 minutes after the e official school day.
		campus" means all areas of the property under the juris- the school that are accessible to students during the ay.
	4 TAC 26	5.1
Unpaid Meal Charges State Law	card or a shall ado	d of a district that allows students to use a prepaid meal ccount to purchase meals served at schools in the district pt a grace period policy regarding the use of the cards or . The policy:
	exh	at allow a student whose meal card or account balance is austed or insufficient to continue, for a period determined he board, to purchase meals by:

		a.	Accumulating a negative balance on the student's card or account; or
		b.	Otherwise receiving an extension of credit from the dis- trict;
	2.	stan	t require the district to notify the parent of or person ding in parental relation to the student that the student's I card or account balance is exhausted;
	3.	•	not permit the district to charge a fee or interest in con- ion with meals purchased under item 1, above; and
	4.	acco	permit the district to set a schedule for repayment on the bunt balance as part of the notice to the parent or person ding in parental relation to the student.
	Edu	catior	n Code 33.908
Federal Law	An S	SFA o	perating a NSLP and/or SBP must:
	1.	in or the i cost	e a written and clearly communicated meal charge policy der to ensure a consistent and transparent approach to ssue of how students who pay the full or reduced price of a reimbursable meal are impacted by having insuffi- t funds on hand or in their account to purchase a meal.
	2.		ude policies regarding the collection of delinquent meal ge debt in the written meal charge policy.
	3.	at th	ure that the policy is provided in writing to all households e start of each school year and to households that trans- o the school during the school year.
	4.	resp vice mea lies	vide the meal charge policy to all school or SFA-level staff onsible for policy enforcement, including school food ser- professionals responsible for collecting payment for Is at the point of service, staff involved in notifying fami- of low or negative balances, and staff involved in enforc- any other aspects of the meal charge policy.
			from USDA Memo SP 46-2016, <u>Unpaid Meal Charges:</u> <u>al Charge Policies</u> ² (July 8, 2016)
Lauren's Law	tion ent o	Code or gra	may not adopt any rule, policy, or program under Educa- 28.002(a), (k), (l), (l-1), or (l-2) that would prohibit a par- indparent of a student from providing any food product of t's or grandparent's choice to:
	1.		dren in the classroom of the child on the occasion of the I's birthday; or

2. Children at a school-designated function.

Education Code 28.002(I-3)(2)

Donation of Food A district may allow a campus to elect to donate food to a nonprofit organization through a person who is directly and officially affiliated with the campus, including a teacher or counselor, or through a parent of a student enrolled at the campus. The donated food may be received, stored, and distributed on the campus. Food donated by the campus may include:

- 1. Surplus food prepared for breakfast, lunch, or dinner meals or snacks served from the campus cafeteria, subject to any applicable local, state, and federal requirements; or
- 2. Food donated to the campus as the result of a food drive or similar event.

The type of food donated under item 1 above may include:

- 1. Packaged unserved food that is packaged on the campus of a district and has not been removed from the campus cafeteria;
- 2. Packaged served food if the packaging and food are in good condition;
- 3. Whole, uncut produce; and
- 4. Wrapped raw unserved produce.

Food that by law must be maintained at a certain temperature for safety may not be donated unless the campus has maintained the food at the required temperature.

Food donated under these provisions to a nonprofit may be distributed at the campus at any time. Campus employees may assist in preparing and distributing the food as volunteers of the nonprofit organization.

Under this program, a district may adopt a policy under which the district provides food at no cost to a student for breakfast, lunch, or dinner meals or a snack if the student is unable to purchase such meals or snack.

Education Code 33.907

¹ TDA's Food and Nutrition Division Administrator's Reference Manual: <u>https://squaremeals.org/Programs/NationalSchoolLunchProgram/Polic-yARM.aspx</u>

² USDA Memo *Unpaid Meal Charges: Local Meal Charge Policies:* <u>https://fns-prod.azureedge.us/sites/default/files/cn/SP46-2016os.pdf</u>

Brownsville ISD 031901				
TECHNOLOGY RESOU	RCE	S CQ (LEGAL)		
Next Generation Technology	nex tech	A district, in the administration of the district, shall consider using next generation technologies, including cryptocurrency, blockchain technology, robotic process automation, and artificial intelligence. <i>Gov't Code 2054.601</i>		
Children's Internet Protection Act		rmful to minors" means any picture, image, graphic image file, ther visual depiction that:		
Definitions Harmful to Minors	1.	Taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion;		
	2.	Depicts, describes, or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simu- lated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and		
	3.	Taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.		
	47 (U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(G); 20 U.S.C. 7131(e)(6)		
Technology Protection Measure	bloo cati	chnology protection measure" means a specific technology that cks or filters internet access to the material covered by a certifion described at Certifications to the FCC, below, to which such ification relates. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(7)(l)$		
Universal Service Discounts (E-Rate)	An elementary or secondary school having computers with internet access may not receive universal service discount rates unless the district submits to the FCC the certifications described below at Certifications to the FCC and a certification that an internet safety policy has been adopted and implemented as described at Internet Safety Policy, below, and ensures the use of computers with internet access in accordance with the certifications. <i>47 U.S.C.</i> $254(h)(5)(A)$; <i>47 C.F.R.</i> 54.520			
<i>Certifications to the FCC</i>	con mea with ceiv the ceiv	strict that receives discounts for internet access and internal nections services under the federal universal service support chanism for schools must make certifications in accordance 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c) each funding year. A district that only re- ves discounts for telecommunications services is not subject to certification requirements, but must indicate that it only re- ves discounts for telecommunications services. 47 C.F.R. 520(b)		
With Respect to Minors		ertification under 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B) is a certification that district is:		
	1.	Enforcing a policy of internet safety for minors that includes monitoring their online activities and the operation of a tech-		

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

		nology protection measure with respect to any of its comput- ers with internet access that protects against access through such computers to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors;
	2.	Enforcing the operation of such technology protection mea- sure during any use of such computers by minors; and
	3.	Educating minors, as part of its internet safety policy, about appropriate online behavior, including interacting with other individuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms and cyberbullying awareness and response.
	47	U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)
With Respect to Adults		ertification under 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C) is a certification that district is:
	1.	Enforcing a policy of internet safety that includes the opera- tion of a technology protection measure with respect to any of its computers with internet access that protects against ac- cess through such computers to visual depictions that are ob- scene or child pornography; and
	2.	Enforcing the operation of such technology protection mea- sure during any use of such computers.
	47	U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)
Disabling for Adults	trict an a	administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by the distance may disable the technology protection measure during use by adult to enable access for bona fide research or other lawful pose. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(5)(D)$
Internet Safety Policy		istrict shall adopt and implement an internet safety policy that Iresses:
	1.	Access by minors to inappropriate matter on the internet and the World Wide Web;
	2.	The safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communica-tions;
	3.	Unauthorized access, including "hacking," and other unlawful activities by minors online;
	4.	Unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal identification information regarding minors; and

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

	 Measures designed to restrict minors' access to materials harmful to minors. 					
	47 U.S.C. 254(I); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)(ii)					
Public Hearing	A district shall provide reasonable public notice and hold at least one public hearing or meeting to address the proposed internet safety policy. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(5)(A)(iii), (l)(1)(B)$					
Inappropriate for Minors	A determination regarding what matter is inappropriate for minors shall be made by the board or designee. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(I)(2)</i>					
Noncompliance	A district that knowingly fails to submit required certifications shall not be eligible for discount services under the federal universal ser- vice support mechanism for schools until such certifications are submitted.					
	A district that knowingly fails to ensure the use of computers in ac- cordance with the required certifications must reimburse any funds and discounts received under the federal universal service support mechanism for schools for the period in which there was noncom- pliance.					
	47 C.F.R. 54.520(d), (e); 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(F)					
ESEA Funding	No federal funds made available under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA for an elementary or secondary school that does not receive universal service discount rates may be used to purchase computers used to access the internet, or to pay for direct costs associated with accessing the internet unless a district:					
	 Has in place a policy of internet safety for minors that includes the operation of a technology protection measure that pro- tects against access to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors; and enforces the op- eration of the technology protection measure during any use by minors of its computers with internet access; and 					
	2. Has in place a policy of internet safety that includes the oper- ation of a technology protection measure that protects against access to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornog- raphy; and enforces the operation of the technology protec- tion measure during any use of its computers with internet ac- cess.					
	An administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by the dis- trict may disable the technology protection measure to enable ac- cess for bona fide research or other lawful purposes.					

Brownsville ISD 031901

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

Certification to U.S. Department	A district shall certify its compliance with these requirements during each annual program application cycle under the ESEA.				
of Education	20 U.S.C. 7131				
Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (UETA)	The UETA (Business and Commerce Code Chapter 322) applies to electronic records and electronic signatures relating to a transaction. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.003(a)</i>				
	The UETA applies only to transactions between parties each of which has agreed to conduct transactions by electronic means. The UETA does not require a record or signature to be created, generated, sent, communicated, received, stored, or otherwise processed or used by electronic means or in electronic form. A party that agrees to conduct a transaction by electronic means may refuse to conduct other transactions by electronic means. This right may not be waived by agreement. <i>Business and Commerce Code</i> $322.005(a)-(c)$				
	Except as otherwise provided in Business and Commerce Code 322.012(f), the UETA does not require a district to use or permit the use of electronic records or electronic signatures. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.017(c)</i>				
Records Retention	If a law requires that a record be retained, the requirement is satis- fied by retaining an electronic record of the information in the record which:				
	 Accurately reflects the information set forth in the record after it was first generated in its final form as an electronic record or otherwise; and 				
	2. Remains accessible for later reference.				
	A record retained as an electronic record in accordance with the provisions above satisfies a law requiring a person to retain a record for evidentiary, audit, or like purposes, unless a law enacted after January 1, 2002, specifically prohibits the use of an electronic record for the specified purpose.				
	Business and Commerce Code 322.012(a), (f)				
	[For more information on records management, see CPC.]				
Definitions	"Electronic record" means a record created, generated, sent, com- municated, received, or stored by electronic means.				
	"Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and exe- cuted or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.				

Brownsville ISD 031901	
TECHNOLOGY RESO	URCES CQ (LEGAL)
	"Transaction" means an action or set of actions occurring between two or more persons relating to the conduct of business, commer- cial, or governmental affairs.
	Business and Commerce Code 322.002(7), (8), (15)
Digital Signature	A digital signature may be used to authenticate a written electronic communication sent to a district if it complies with rules adopted by the board. Before adopting the rules, the board shall consider the rules adopted by the Department of Information Resources (DIR) and, to the extent possible and practicable, make the board's rules consistent with DIR rules. <i>Gov't Code 2054.060(b)</i> [See 1 Administrative Code Chapter 203 for DIR rules related to management of electronic transactions and signed records.]
	"Digital signature" means an electronic identifier intended by the person using it to have the same force and effect as the use of a manual signature. <i>Gov't Code 2054.060(e)(1)</i>
Interception of Communications	For information on the unlawful interception, use, or disclosure of communications, see the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (18 USC 2510–2523 [federal wiretap act] and 2701–2713 [Stored Communications Act]) and Penal Code 16.02 (state wiretap law) and 16.04 (Unlawful Access to Stored Communications).

Information Required on Website	A district that at any time on or after January 1, 2019, maintained a publicly accessible internet website shall post on a publicly accessible website the following information:				
	1.	The district's contact information, including a mailing address, telephone number, and email address;			
	2.	Each member of the board;			
	3.	The date and location of the next election for board members [see BB series];			
	4.	The requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, which shall be continuously posted for at least one year before the election day for the office [see BB series];			
	5.	Each notice of a meeting of the board under Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C [see BE]; and			
	6.	Each record of a meeting of the board under Government Code 551.021 [see BE].			
	less	ms 5 and 6 above do not apply to a district with a population of s than 5,000 in the district's boundaries and located in a county h a population of less than 25,000.			
	Gov	Gov't Code 2051.201			
	Note	e: See GBA regarding the confidentiality of certain board member information.			
Trustee Information	Each district that maintains an internet website shall post on the website the name, email address, and term of office, including the date the term began and the date the term expires, of each member of the district's board of trustees. If a district does not maintain an internet website, the district shall submit the information required above to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). On receipt of the district's information, TEA shall post the information on TEA's internet website.				
	Each time there is a change in the membership of a district's board, the district shall update the information required above a as applicable post the updated information on the district's inter website or submit the updated information to TEA for posting or TEA's internet website.				

Education Code 11.1518

	Note	E: The following is an index of website posting require- ments that are addressed in the legal reference material of the policy manual. The list is not all-inclusive. The list does not address postings that are required in response to a specific incident or postings required under special circumstances.		
Other Required Internet Postings	The following posting requirements apply to a district that main- tains an internet website:			
	1.	A board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innova- tion plan unless the final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district website for at least 30 days, un- der Education Code 12A.005(a)(1) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(a)(1). [See AF]		
	2.	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of its current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's website, under Education Code 12A.0071(a) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1305(e), .1307(f). [See AF]		
	3.	Not later than 30 days after an accreditation status of accred- ited-warned, accredited-probation, or not accredited-revoked is assigned, a district must post notice on the home page of its website with a link to the required notification under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1055(f), and maintain this until the dis- trict is assigned the accredited status. [See AIA]		
	4.	A district with a local accountability system must produce a campus scorecard and make available on the district website an explanation of the methodology used to assign local accountability performance ratings, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1003(g). [See AIA]		
	5.	A board shall disseminate its Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) by posting it on the district website under 19 Administrative Code 61.1022(f). [See AIB]		
	6.	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district shall make available each campus report card, the district's performance report, the district's ac- creditation status and performance rating, and a definition and explanation of each accreditation status, under Education Code 39.362. [See AIB]		

- A district shall post its annual federal report card under 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2). [See AIB]
- A district or campus assigned a rating of D that qualifies under Education Code 39.0543(b) must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a local improvement plan 15 days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(b)(3)(A)(ii). [See AIC]
- A campus intervention team must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a targeted improvement plan 15 days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(e)(3)(A)(ii) and Education Code 39A.056. [See AIC]
- 10. A district shall post a targeted improvement plan for a campus assigned an unacceptable performance rating on its website before the board hearing on the plan under Education Code 39A.057(b). [See AIC]
- 11. A district shall notify stakeholders of their ability to review the completed campus turnaround plan and post the completed plan on the district website at least 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board of trustees, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1064(e). [See AIC]
- 12. A district shall post an election notice required under Election Code 85.007. [See BBBA]
- A district shall post election information under Election Code 4.009. [See BBBA]
- 14. Each day early voting is conducted, the district shall post the branch daily register under Election Code 85.072. [See BBBA]
- 15. A district shall post early voting rosters under Election Code 87.121. [See BBBA]
- 16. A district shall post election results under Election Code 65.016. [See BBBB]
- 17. A district shall post the minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in meeting the trustee's training requirement, under Education Code 11.159(b) and 19 Administrative Code 61.1(j). [See BBD]
- 18. A district that is located wholly or partly in a municipality with a population of more than 500,000 and with a student enroll-

	ment of more than 15,000 shall post a report filed pursuant to Election Code Chapter 254 by a board member, a candidate for membership on the board, or a specific-purpose commit- tee for supporting, opposing, or assisting a candidate or mem- ber of a board under Election Code 254.04011. [See BBBC]
19.	A district shall provide access to the conflicts disclosure state- ments and questionnaires under Local Government Code 176.009. [See BBFA, CHE]
20.	A district shall post the statements regarding activities to support and promote student health under Education Code 28.004. [See BDF]
21.	A district must post notice of school health advisory council (SHAC) meetings under Education Code 28.004(d-1). [See BDF]
22.	A district must post the minutes and audio or video recording of each SHAC meeting under Education Code 28.004(d-2). [See BDF]
23.	A board must post notice of a board meeting and, if the dis- trict contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more, the board must also post the agenda for a board meet- ing under Government Code 551.056. [See BE]
24.	A district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or more shall post the archived recording, or a link thereto, of its meetings under Government Code 551.128(b-1). [See BE]
25.	A district conducting a bond election shall post the election or- der, the election notice, the contents of the proposition, and any sample ballot under Election Code 4.003(f). [See CCA]
26.	A district conducting a bond election shall post the voter infor- mation document beginning not later than the 21st day before election day and ending on the day after the election, under Government Code 1251.052(d). [See CCA]
27.	A district issuing capital appreciation bonds shall post the in- formation required by Government Code 1201.0245. [See CCA]
28.	Not later than 30 days before the date of an election to approve a tax rate, a district must post the results of an efficiency audit under Education Code 11.184. [See CCG]
29.	A district shall include on the home page of its website the prescribed statement if the district increases the amount of

taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures under Tax Code 26.05(b). [See CCG]

- 30. A district shall maintain a link to the area of the comptroller's website where information on each of the district's agreements to limit appraised value, if any, is maintained, under Tax Code 313.0265(c). [See CCGB]
- 31. A district shall post a summary of its proposed budget concurrently with publication of the proposed budget under Education Code 44.0041. [See CE]
- 32. In the format prescribed by the comptroller, a district shall post or cause to be posted tax rate and budget information under Tax Code 26.18. [See CE]
- 33. A district shall maintain its adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted, under Education Code 44.0051. [See CE]
- 34. A district shall continuously post its contact information and Annual Local Debt Report under Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.1–.6 on its website until the district posts the next annual report, or, as an alternative, the district may continually maintain a link to the comptroller's website where the district's financial information may be viewed. [See CFA]
- 35. Prior to conducting an active threat exercise, a district must provide adequate notice of the exercise through multiple distribution networks, including the district's website, under 19 Administrative Code 103.1211(b)(1). [See CKB]
- 36. A district must make available information regarding its compliance with requirements related to the transportation of students enrolled in the district who reside outside the district, under Education Code 34.007. [See CNA]
- 37. A district that does not participate in the uniform group health insurance program (TRS ActiveCare) shall post its comparability report, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, under Education Code 22.004(d). [See CRD]
- A district that is a service provider seeking to limit liability under the Digital Millennium Copyright Act must post information regarding its designated agent under 17 U.S.C. 512(c)(2). [See CY]

39.	A district shall post its employment policy and any regulations referenced under Education Code 11.1513(a). [See DC]
40.	A district shall post the board's employment policies under Education Code 21.204(d). [See DCB]
41.	The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early childhood literacy and mathematics plans that set specific annual goals under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
42.	The board shall post on the district's website and on the web- site, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress to- ward the goals set under the early childhood literacy and mathematics plans under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
43.	The board shall post on the district's website and on the web- site, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress to- ward the goals set under the college, career, and military readiness plans under Education Code 11.186. [See EA]
44.	A district shall post curriculum materials used in the district's human sexuality instruction or instruction relating to the pre- vention of child abuse, family violence, dating violence, and sex trafficking, if the materials are in the public domain, under Education Code 28.004(j). [See EHAA]
45.	A district shall post the transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their par- ents in order to provide information on statewide services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system, under Education Code 29.0112. [See EHBAD]
46.	A district shall make available on the district or campus web- site by November 1 of each school year a family engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintaining high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes to- ward education, under 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(e). [See EHBG]
47.	Annually, a district shall post any agreement between the dis- trict and a public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit program, under Education Code 28.009(b-2). [See EHDD]
10	A district shall publish information from TEA under Education

48. A district shall publish information from TEA under Education Code 28.02121 explaining the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement and each endorsement. [See EIF]

- 49. A district shall post the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered, under Education Code 29.916. [See EK]
- 50. A district that receives funds under Title 1, Part A shall post on its website and the website of each campus for each grade served, information on each assessment required by the state to comply with 20 U.S.C. 6311, other assessments required by the state, and assessments required district-wide, under 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(2)(B). [See EKB]
- 51. A district shall post information regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are homeless, under Education Code 33.906. [See FDC]
- 52. A district shall prominently post information about required and recommended immunizations and procedures for claiming an exemption from immunization requirements under Education Code 38.019. [See FFAB]
- 53. Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at</u> <u>Risk for Anaphylaxis¹ on the district's website with instructions</u> for obtaining access to the complete guidelines document, under Education Code 38.0151. [See FFAF]
- 54. A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and policy on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b). [See FFH]
- 55. A district must make all materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process publicly available on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D). [See FFH]
- 56. To the extent practicable, a district must post the procedure for reporting bullying established by the district's bullying policy, under Education Code 37.0832(e). [See FFI]
- 57. A district shall post on its website, for each district campus, the email address and dedicated phone number of the campus behavior coordinator under Education Code 26.015. [See FO]
- 58. If the board designates a method for making a written request for public information, other than mail, email, or hand-delivery, the board must include a statement that a request may be made by that method on its website under Government Code

		552.234(b) unless the statement is on the sign required by Government Code 552.205. [See GBAA]
	59.	A board that allows requestors to use the public information request form created by the attorney general must post the form on the district website under Government Code 552.235. [See GBAA]
	60.	A district shall post on its website and each campus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding the district's ability to refuse entry or eject certain persons under Education Code 37.105 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1207(g), including the appeal process. [See GKA]
Optional Internet Postings	A di tion	istrict that maintains an internet website has the following op- s:
	1.	A board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet, under Government Code 551.128. [See BE]
	2.	A district may publish the superintendent's employment con- tract on the district's website instead of publishing it in the an- nual financial management report under 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(q)(3)(B)(i). [See CFA]
	3.	Notice of a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required may be provided by posting the position on the dis- trict's internet website, rather than on a bulletin board, under Education Code 11.1513. [See DC]
	4.	A district may place on its internet website a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice regarding special education and related services, under 34 C.F.R. 300.504(b). [See EHBAE]
	5.	A district may provide the annual notice to the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of sub- sidies for certain exam fees and the availability and enroll- ment qualifications for programs under which a student may earn college credit and career and technology education pro- grams or other work-based education programs in the district, under Education Code 28.010. [See EHDD]
	6.	A board may post a mailing address and email address desig- nated for receiving written requests for public information on its website under Government Code 552.234(d). [See GBAA]
Geospatial Data Products		ospatial data product" means a document, computer file, or in- et website that contains geospatial data; a map; or information

	about a service involving geospatial data or a map. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2051.101(1)			
Notice	A district shall include a notice on each geospatial data product that:			
	1.	Is created or hosted by the district;		
	2.	Appears to represent property boundaries; and		
	3.	Was not produced using information from an on-the-ground survey conducted by or under the supervision of a registered professional land surveyor or land surveyor authorized to per- form surveys under laws in effect when the survey was con- ducted.		
	The notice must be in substantially the following form: "This p uct is for informational purposes and may not have been pre- for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purpose does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents the approximate relative location of property boundaries."			
	The notice may include language further defining the limits of liabil- ity of a geospatial data product producer; apply to a geospatial data product that contains more than one map; or for a notice that applies to a geospatial data product that is or is on an internet web site, be included on a separate page that requires the person ac- cessing the website to agree to the terms of the notice before ac- cessing the geospatial data product.			
	Gov	't Code 2051.102		
Exemption		strict is not required to include the notice on a geospatial data duct that:		
	1.	Does not contain a legal description, a property boundary monument, or the distance and direction of a property line;		
	2.	Is prepared only for use as evidence in a legal proceeding;		
	3.	Is filed with the clerk of any court; or		
	4.	Is filed with the county clerk.		
	Gov	't Code 2051.103		
	for A	SHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at Risk maphylaxis:		

https://www.dshs.texas.gov/sites/default/files/schoolhealth/pdf/FI-NAL%20Guidelines%20for%20Food%20Allergies%203.2023.pdf

INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

CRF (LOCAL)

Reasonable	The District shall issue letters of reasonable assurance, as appro-
Assurance	priate, to employees in positions requiring less than 12 months of
	service whose services are anticipated to be needed at the begin- ning of the following school year. [See DCD and DCE]

Brownsville ISD 031901		
FACILITIES CONSTRUCTIONCNCOMPETITIVE BIDDING(LOCA)		
Specifications	The Superintendent shall ensure that detailed specifications are prepared for any construction project for which competitive bids sought.	
Bid Process	All bids shall be submitted in sealed envelopes, plainly marked the name of the bid and the time of the bid opening. Bids shall be opened at the time specified. All interested parties shall be invit to attend the bid opening. Any bid may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time for opening. Bids received after the specified time shall not be considered.	be ed e
Safety Record	If the District considers the safety record of bidders in determine to whom to award a contract, the safety record shall be defined a bidder's OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration inspection logs for the last three years, a loss analysis from the bidder's insurance carrier, and a loss history covering all lines of surance coverage carried by the bidder.	as on)

Brownsville ISD 031901		
FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS (I		
Specifications	The Superintendent shall prepare a request for proposals construction project for which competitive sealed proposa sought.	-
Process	All proposals shall be submitted in sealed envelopes, plai marked with the name of the proposal and the time of the for submission. Proposals shall be opened at the time spe offerors shall be invited to attend the proposal opening. C the content of a proposal, and in prices, may be negotiate proposals are opened.	e deadline ecified. All Changes in
Withdrawal and Late Proposals	Any proposal may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled tin opening. Proposals received after the specified time shall considered.	
Proposal Acceptance	The District may reject any and all proposals.	
Safety Record	If the safety record of offerors is considered in selecting a the record shall be defined as an offeror's OSHA (Occupa Safety and Health Administration) inspection logs for the years, a loss analysis from the offeror's insurance carrier, loss history covering all lines of insurance coverage carrier offeror.	ational last three , and a

Criminal History Reviews Definitions	"Criminal history clearinghouse" (clearinghouse) means the elec- tronic clearinghouse and subscription service established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) to provide criminal history record information to persons entitled to receive that information and to provide updates to such information. A person who is the subject of the criminal history record information requested must consent to the release of the information. <i>Gov't Code 411.0845(a)</i> , (<i>h</i>)				
	lecte iden men	minal history record information" (CHRI) means information col- ed about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of tifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indict- its, information, and other formal criminal charges and their dis- tions. <i>Gov't Code 411.082(2)</i>			
	"National criminal history record information" (NCHRI) means criminal history record information obtained from DPS under Government Code Chapter 411, Subchapter F, and the Federal Bureau Investigation (FBI) under Government Code 411.087. <i>Education Code 22.081(2)</i>				
	plete paris rizeo	quest for CHRI" is the processing and entry of a person's com- e set of fingerprints in DPS's tenprint database and the com- son of those prints to DPS's latent print database and if autho- d the entry into FBI's tenprint and comparison to the FBI's ent print database. <i>37 TAC 27.172</i>			
Participation in the	The	purpose of the clearinghouse is to:			
Criminal History Clearinghouse	1.	Provide authorized entities with the Texas and FBI fingerprint- based criminal history results.			
	2.	Provide authorized entities with subscription and notification service to disseminate updated criminal history information.			
	Districts shall only submit a request for CHRI on a person wh authorized the access of their information.				
	Districts may subscribe to a person in the clearinghouse, if the en- tity has the authority to view the record. Entities shall unsubscribe from a person when it no longer has authority to view a record.				
	Districts shall validate their subscriptions in accordance with DPS policies. "Validation" is a process whereby the subscriber reviews a subscription to determine whether they are still authorized to receive CHRI on that individual and updates the subscription accordingly. Validations are required on a yearly basis.				
		ricts shall maintain compliance with the FBI Criminal Justice In- nation Services Security Policy. Districts shall allow DPS and			

	the FBI to conduct audits of their clearinghouse accounts to pre- vent any unauthorized access, use, or dissemination of the infor- mation.				
	37 TAC 27.171, .172(8), .174				
Certified Persons	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall review the NCHRI of a person who is an applicant for or holder of a certificate and who is employed by or is an applicant for employment by a district. <i>Education Code 22.0831(c)</i>				
Noncertified Employees <i>Applicability</i>	This section applies to a person who is not an applicant for or holder of a certificate from SBEC and who, on or after January 1, 2008, is offered employment by:				
	1. A district; or				
	 A shared services arrangement, if the employee's or appli- cant's duties are or will be performed on school property or at another location where students are regularly present. 				
	[For noncertified employees of a district or shared services ar- rangement hired before January 1, 2008, see All Other Employees, below.]				
Information to DPS and TEA	Before or immediately after employing or securing the services of a person subject to this section, a district shall send or ensure that the person sends to DPS information that DPS requires for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.				
	A district shall provide the Texas Education Agency (TEA) with the name of a person to whom this section applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI of the person and notify the district if the person may not be hired or must be discharged under Education Code 22.085.				
Employment Pending Review	After the required information is submitted, the person may begin employment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of that person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a determination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ployment.				
Criminal History	A district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person subject to this section through the clearinghouse and shall subscribe to the CHRI of that person. A district may require the person to pay any fees related to obtaining the CHRI.				
	Education Code 22.0833; 19 TAC 153.1109(d)				
Districts of Innovation	A prohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (Criminal History Records) on an				

	open-enrollment charter school applies to the same extent to a dis-				
	trict of innovation or other charter entity.				
	The failure of a district of innovation to provide information required under Education Code 22.0832 may result in termination of the dis- trict 's designation as a district of innovation. [See AF]				
	Education Code 22.0815				
Substitute Teachers	This section applies to a person who is a substitute teacher for a district or shared services arrangement.				
Applicability	For purposes of the CHRI review requirements, a "substitute teacher" is a teacher who is on call or on a list of approved substitutes to replace a regular teacher and has no regular or guaranteed hours. A substitute teacher may be certified or noncertified.				
Information to DPS and TEA	A district shall send or ensure that a person to whom this section applies sends to DPS information required for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.				
	A district shall provide TEA with the name of a person to whom this section applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI and certification records of the person and notify the district if the person:				
	 May not be hired or must be discharged as provided by Edu- cation Code 22.085; or 				
	 May not be employed as a substitute teacher because the person's educator certification has been revoked or is sus- pended. 				
Employment Pending Review	After the required information is submitted, the person may begin employment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of that person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a determination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ployment.				
Criminal History	A district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person to whom this section applies through the clearinghouse. A district may require the person to pay any fees related to obtaining the CHRI.				
	Education Code 22.0836; 19 TAC 153.1101(5), .1111(d)				
Student Teachers Applicability	This section applies to a person participating in an internship con- sisting of student teaching to receive a teaching certificate.				
Criminal History	A student teacher may not perform any student teaching until:				
	1. The student teacher has provided to a district a driver's li- cense or another form of identification containing the person's				

	photograph issued by an entity of the United States govern- ment; and		
	 The district has obtained from DPS all CHRI that relates to a student teacher. A district may also obtain CHRI relating to a student teacher from any other law enforcement agency, criminal justice agency, or private consumer reporting agency. A district may require a student teacher to pay any costs re- lated to obtaining the CHRI. 		
	Education Code 22.0835		
Coordination of Efforts	TEA, SBEC, a district, and a shared services arrangement may co- ordinate as necessary to ensure that criminal history reviews au- thorized or required under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchap- ter C are not unnecessarily duplicated. <i>Education Code 22.0833(h)</i>		
All Other Employees	A district shall obtain CHRI that relates to a person who is not sub- ject to an NCHRI review under Education Code Chapter 21, Sub- chapter C and who is an employee of:		
	1. The district; or		
	 A shared services arrangement, if the employee's duties are performed on school property or at another location where students are regularly present. 		
	A district may obtain the CHRI from:		
	1. DPS;		
	2. A law enforcement or criminal justice agency; or		
	 A private consumer reporting agency [see Consumer Credit Reports, below]. 		
	Education Code 22.083(a), (a-1); Gov't Code 411.097		
	Note: For criminal history record provisions regarding volun- teers, see GKG. For provisions on employees of entities that contract with a district, see CJA.		
Confidentiality of Record	CHRI that a district obtains from DPS, including any identification information that could reveal the identity of a person about whom CHRI is requested and information that directly or indirectly indi- cates or implies involvement of a person in the criminal justice sys- tem:		
	1. Is for the exclusive use of the district; and		

	2.	May be disclosed or used by the district only if, and only to the extent, disclosure is authorized or directed by a statute, rule, or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.				
	For purposes of these confidentiality provisions, "criminal history record" information does not refer to any specific document provided by DPS, but to the information contained, wholly or partly, in a document's original form or any subsequent form or use.					
	A district or an individual may not confirm the existence or nor tence of CHRI to any person who is not eligible to receive the mation.					
	Gov	Gov't Code 411.084				
	forn is th The	CHRI obtained by a district, in the original form or any subsequent form, may not be released to any person except the individual who is the subject of the information, TEA, or SBEC, or by court order. The CHRI is not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).				
	An employee of a district may request from the district a copy of any CHRI related to that employee that the district has obtained from DPS. The district may charge a fee to provide the information, not to exceed the actual cost of copying the CHRI.					
	Goi	r't Code 411.097(d), (f)				
Destruction of CHRI	A d	istrict shall destroy CHRI obtained from DPS on the earlier of:				
	1.	The date the information is used for the authorized purpose; or				
	2.	The first anniversary of the date the information was originally obtained.				
	Gov	/'t Code 411.097(d)(3)				
Confidentiality of Information Obtained from Applicant or	ord nun	A district may not release information collected about a person in order to obtain CHRI, including the person's name, address, phone number, social security number, driver's license number, other identification number, and fingerprint records, except:				
Employee	1.	To comply with Government Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records);				
	2.	By court order; or				
	3.	With the consent of the person who is the subject of the infor- mation.				

	In addition, the information is not subject to disclosure under Gov- ernment Code Chapter 552.					
	The district shall destroy the information not later than the first an- niversary of the date the information is received.					
	Edι	icatio	n Code 22.08391			
Unauthorized Disclosure of CHRI	A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person knowingly or intentionally:					
	1.	tion	ains CHRI in an unauthorized manner, uses the informa- for an unauthorized purpose, or discloses the information person who is not entitled to the information; or			
	2.		ates a DPS rule adopted under Government Code Chap- 111, Subchapter F.			
	Аp	A person commits a second degree felony if the person:				
	1.		ains, uses, or discloses CHRI for remuneration or for the mise of remuneration; or			
	2.	-	ploys another person to obtain, use, or disclose CHRI for uneration or for the promise of remuneration.			
	Gov't Code 411.085					
Refusal to Hire Convicted Applicants	for	emplo	shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applicant oyment if the district obtains information through a CHRI at the employee or applicant has been:			
	1.	sup	nvicted of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- der under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or			
	2.	Cor	ivicted of:			
		a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or			
		b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.			
Exception			, a district is not required to refuse to hire an applicant if on committed an offense under Title 5, Penal Code and:			
	1.		date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and			

	2. The applicant for employment satisfied all terms of the court order entered on conviction.
Certification to Commissioner	Each school year, the superintendent shall certify to the commis- sioner that the district has complied with the above provisions.
Sanctions	SBEC may impose a sanction on an educator who does not refuse to hire an applicant for employment if the educator knew that the applicant had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inap- propriate relationship with a minor in accordance with Education Code 21.009(e), or knew or should have known, through a CHRI review, that the applicant has been convicted of or placed on de- ferred adjudication community supervision for an offense described above.
	SBEC may impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely or inaccurately certified to the commissioner that the district had complied with Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Commissioner, above]
Termination for Failure to Disclose	A district may discharge an employee if the district obtains informa- tion of the employee's conviction of a felony or misdemeanor in- volving moral turpitude that the employee did not disclose to SBEC or to the district. An employee so discharged is considered to have been discharged for misconduct for the purposes of Labor Code 207.044 (unemployment compensation).
	Education Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14) [See DF]
Pre-employment Affidavit	An applicant for a certified or licensed position [see Professional Personnel at DBA(LEGAL)] with a school district, including a district of innovation, must submit, using a form adopted by TEA, a pre-employment affidavit disclosing whether the applicant has ever been charged with, adjudicated for, or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor.
	An applicant who answers affirmatively concerning an inappropri- ate relationship with a minor must disclose in the affidavit all rele- vant facts pertaining to the charge, adjudication, or conviction, in- cluding, for a charge, whether the charge was determined to be true or false.
	An applicant is not precluded from being employed based on a dis- closed charge if the district determines based on the information disclosed in the affidavit that the charge was false.
	A determination that an employee failed to disclose required infor- mation is grounds for termination of employment.

	dete ploy 21.0 adju	EC may revoke the certificate of an administrator if the board ermines it is reasonable to believe that the administrator em- red an applicant for a position described by Education Code 003(a) or (b) despite being aware that the applicant had been idicated for or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship a minor.
	Edu	cation Code 21.009
Do Not Hire Registry	requ	A shall develop and maintain an internet portal through which uired reports may be confidentially and securely filed and TEA kes available:
	1.	The registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed in public schools; and
	2.	Information indicating that a person is under investigation.
	Edu	cation Code 22.095
	regi trict cha	A shall maintain and make available through its internet portal a stry of persons who are not eligible to be employed by a dis- , district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other rter entity, regional education service center, or shared services ngement.
	othe serv	strict, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, er charter entity, regional education service center, or shared vices arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person of on the registry.
	The	registry must list:
	1.	An employee of an open enrollment charter school deter- mined by TEA under Education Code 22.0832 as a person who would not be eligible for educator certification based on their NCHRI;
	2.	A noncertified person determined by TEA to be not eligible for employment based on the person's CHRI, as provided by Ed- ucation Code 22.0833 [see DBAA];
	3.	A person who is not eligible for employment based on CHRI received by TEA under Education Code 21.058(b) indicating that a certified employee is required to register as a sex of-fender;
	4	A person whose certification or permit is revoked by SBEC on

4. A person whose certification or permit is revoked by SBEC on a finding that the person engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 21.006(b)(2)(A) or (A-1) [see DHB]; and

	5.	A noncertified person who is determined by the commissioner under Education Code 22.094 to have engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 22.093(c)(1)(A) or (B) [see DHC].
	Edu	cation Code 22.092
Commercial Driver License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse	tains cont tors trolle vehi way coho	U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates and main- s a national clearinghouse for records relating to alcohol and rolled substances testing of commercial motor vehicle opera- in order to improve compliance with DOT's alcohol and con- ed substances testing program applicable to commercial motor cle operators [see DHE] and to enhance the safety of road- s by reducing accidents and injuries involving the misuse of al- ol or use of controlled substances by operators of commercial or vehicles. <i>49 U.S.C. 31306a</i>
Pre-employment Query Required	and sens of th	strict must not employ a driver subject to controlled substances alcohol testing under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 to perform a safety- sitive function without first conducting a pre-employment query e federal Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse to obtain informa- about the driver's previous test results.
Annual Query Required	Clea ees C.F.	strict must conduct a query of the federal Drug and Alcohol aringhouse at least once per year for information for all employ- subject to controlled substance and alcohol testing under 49 R. Part 382 to determine whether information exists about e employees.
Prohibition	hire a Cl	strict may not allow a driver the district employs or intends to or use to perform any safety-sensitive function if the results of earinghouse query demonstrate that the driver has a prohibited result.
Recordkeeping Required		strict must retain for three years a record of each query and all rmation received in response to each query made under this ion.
	49 C	C.F.R. 382.701
Consumer Credit Reports Definitions	cisic	verse action" includes a denial of employment or any other de- on for employment purposes that adversely affects any current rospective employee.
	porti	nsumer report" includes any information from a consumer re- ing agency that is used or expected to be used as a factor in blishing the person's eligibility for employment.
		nsumer reporting agency" is an agency that, for monetary fees, s, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly assembles or

	evaluates consumer credit information or other information on con- sumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports to third par- ties.	
	"Employment purposes" when used in connection with a consumer report means a report used for the purpose of evaluating a person for employment, promotion, reassignment, or retention as an em- ployee.	
	15 U.S.C. 1681a	
Obtaining Reports	A district may not procure a consumer report for employment purposes unless:	
	1. The district has provided the applicant or employee a written disclosure that a consumer report may be obtained for employment purposes; and	
	2. The applicant or employee has authorized in writing the pro- curement of the consumer report.	
Adverse Action	Before taking any adverse action based on the consumer report, a district shall provide the applicant or employee a copy of the consumer report and a written description of the person's rights under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as prescribed by the Federal Trade Commission.	
	15 U.S.C. 1681b(b)(2)	
Disposal of Records	A district must properly dispose of a consumer report by taking rea- sonable measures to protect against unauthorized access to or use of the information.	
	"Dispose" includes discarding or abandoning the consumer report, or selling, donating, or transferring any medium, including com- puter equipment, upon which the consumer report is stored.	
	Examples of reasonable measures include:	
	1. Burning, pulverizing, or shredding papers containing a con- sumer report so the information cannot practicably be read or reconstructed;	
	2. Destroying or erasing electronic media containing a consumer report so that the information cannot practicably be read or re-constructed; or	
	3. After due diligence, entering into and monitoring compliance with a contract with another party engaged in the business of record destruction to dispose of the consumer report.	
	16 C.F.R. 682.3	

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

	The Superintendent shall recommend an annual compensation plan for all District employees. The compensation plan may include wage and salary structures, stipends, benefits, and incentives. [See also DEAA] The recommended plan shall support District goals for hiring and retaining highly qualified employees. The Board shall review and approve the compensation plan to be used by the District. The Board shall also determine the total compensa- tion package for the Superintendent. [See BJ series]		
Objectives	The objectives for developing and administering the compensation plans shall be to:		
	 Stay competitive with appropriate labor markets for the vari- ous categories of personnel; 		
	2. Recognize the levels of skill, effort, and responsibility required of different jobs;		
	3. Reward continued length of service to the District; and		
	4. Be fiscally controlled and cost effective.		
Pay Administration	The Superintendent shall implement the compensation plan and establish procedures for plan administration consistent with the budget. The classification of each job title within the compensation plan shall be based on the qualifications, duties, and market value of the position.		
Annualized Salary	The District shall pay all salaried employees over 12 months in equal monthly or semi-monthly installments, regardless of the num- ber of months employed during the school year. Salaried employ- ees hired during the school year shall be paid in accordance with administrative regulations.		
Pay Increases	The Superintendent shall recommend to the Board an amount for employee pay increases as part of the annual budget. Any pay ad- justments for individual employees shall be determined within the approved budget following established procedures.		
<i>Midyear Pay</i> <i>Increases</i> Contract Employees	A contract employee's pay may be increased after performance on the contract has begun only if authorized by the compensation plan of the District or there is a change in the employee's job assign- ment or duties during the term of the contract that warrants addi- tional compensation. Any such changes in pay that do not conform with the compensation plan shall require Board approval. [See DEA(LEGAL) for provisions on pay increases and public hearing requirements.]		

Adopted:

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COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN (DEA (LOCAL)
Noncontract Employees	The Superintendent may grant a pay increase to a nonco ployee after duties have begun because of a change in the ployee's job assignment or to address pay equity. The Su dent shall report any such pay increases to the Board at the regular meeting.	ne em- uperinten-
Pay During Closing	If the Board chooses to pay employees during an emerge sure for which the workdays are not scheduled to be mad later date, then that authorization shall be by resolution o Board action and shall reflect the purpose served by the ture. [See EB for the authority to close schools.]	le up at a r other
Premium Pay During Disasters	Nonexempt employees who are required to work to mitigate reason for an emergency closing shall be paid at the rate and one-half times their regular rate of pay for all hours we to 40 hours per week. All other nonexempt employees where quired to work during an emergency closing shall be paid ular rate of pay.	of one vorked up no are re-
	Overtime for time worked over 40 hours in a week shall b lated and paid according to law. [See DEAB] The Superir shall approve payments and ensure that accurate time re kept of actual hours worked during emergency closings.	ntendent

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COMPENSATION PLANDEWAGE AND HOUR LAWS(LEG		
Fair Labor Standards Act Minimum Wage and Overtime	Unless an exemption applies, a district shall pay each of it ployees not less than minimum wage for all hours worked <i>U.S.C. 206(a)(1)</i>	
	Unless an exemption applies, a district shall pay an emploiess than one and one-half times the employee's regular r pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 in any workweek. <i>29 U.S.C. 207(a)(1); 29 C.F.R. pt. 778</i>	ate of
Breaks for Nonexempt Employees	Rest periods of up to 20 minutes must be counted as hour worked. Coffee breaks or time for snacks are rest periods meal periods. 29 C.F.R. 785.18	
	Bona fide meal periods of 30 minutes or more are not cound hours worked if the employee is completely relieved from employee is not relieved from duty if the employee is required perform any duties, whether active or inactive, while eating ample, an office employee who is required to eat at his or is working while eating. It is not necessary that an employ permitted to leave the premises if the employee is otherwing pletely freed from duties during the meal period. 29 C.F.R.	duty. The ired to g. For ex- her desk ee be se com-
Compensatory Time <i>Accrual</i>	Nonexempt employees may receive, in lieu of overtime co tion, compensatory time off at a rate of not less than one a half hours for each hour of overtime work, pursuant to an ment or understanding arrived at between the employer at employee before the performance of the work. Such agree understanding may be informal, such as when an employee overtime knowing that the employer rewards overtime with pensatory time.	and one- agree- nd ement or ee works
	An employee may accrue not more than 240 hours of com satory time. If the employee's overtime work included a pu- safety activity, an emergency response activity, or a sease tivity, the employee may accrue not more than 480 hours pensatory time. After the employee has reached these lim employee shall be paid overtime compensation for addition time work.	iblic onal ac- of com- its, the
Payment for Accrued Time	Compensation paid to an employee for accrued compensation shall be paid at the regular rate earned by the employee a of payment. An employee who has accrued compensatory shall be paid for any unused compensatory time upon sep from employment at the rates set forth at 29 U.S.C. 207(or	t the time time off aration
Use	An employee who has requested the use of compensatory shall be permitted to use such time within a reasonable per making the request if the use of the compensatory time do unduly disrupt the operations of the district.	eriod after

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COMPENSATION PLANDEWAGE AND HOUR LAWS(LEG)		
		Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) does not prohibit a district non-pelling the use of accrued compensatory time.
	(200	J.S.C. 207(o); <u>Christensen v. Harris Cnty.</u> , 529 U.S. 576 00); <u>Houston Police Officers' Union v. City of Houston</u> , 330 F.3d (5th Cir. 2003)
Exempt Employees	emp	minimum wage and overtime provisions do not apply to any ployee employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or ressional capacity. 29 U.S.C. 213(a)(1)
Academic Administrators		term "employee employed in a bona fide administrative capac- includes an employee:
	1.	Compensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not less than \$684 per week, exclusive of board, lodging, or other fa- cilities; or on a salary basis which is at least equal to the en- trance salary for teachers in the district by which employed; and
	2.	Whose primary duty is performing administrative functions di- rectly related to academic instruction or training in a district or department or subdivision thereof.
	insti tion the trati Job	rforming administrative functions directly related to academic ruction or training" means work related to the academic opera- s and functions in a school rather than to administration along lines of general business operations. Such academic adminis- ve functions include operations directly in the field of education. s relating to areas outside the educational field are not within definition of academic administration.
	Emp	ployees engaged in academic administrative functions include:
	1.	The superintendent or other head of an elementary or sec- ondary school system, and any assistants, responsible for ad- ministration of such matters as curriculum, quality and meth- ods of instructing, measuring and testing the learning potential and achievement of students, establishing and main- taining academic and grading standards, and other aspects of the teaching program;
	2.	The principal and any vice principals responsible for the oper- ation of an elementary or secondary school;
	3.	Academic counselors who perform work such as administer- ing school testing programs, assisting students with academic problems and advising students concerning degree require- ments; and
	4.	Other employees with similar responsibilities.
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COMPENSATION PLAN WAGE AND HOUR LAWS

	Jobs relating to building management and maintenance, jobs relat- ing to the health of the students, and academic staff such as social workers, psychologists, lunchroom managers, or dietitians do not perform academic administrative functions, although such employ- ees may qualify for another exemption.
	29 C.F.R. 541.204
Salary Basis	To qualify as an exempt executive, administrative, or professional employee, the employee must be compensated on a salary basis, unless the employee is a teacher. Subject to the exceptions listed in the rule, an employee must receive the full salary for any week in which the employee performs any work, without regard to the number of days or hours worked. A district that makes improper deductions from salary shall lose the exemption if the facts demonstrate that the district did not intend to pay exempt employees on a salary basis. <i>29 C.F.R. 541.600, .602(a), .603</i>
Partial-Day Deductions	A district employee who otherwise meets the salary basis require- ments shall not be disqualified from exemption on the basis that the employee is paid according to a pay system established by statute, ordinance, or regulation, or by a policy or practice estab- lished pursuant to principles of public accountability, under which the employee accrues personal leave and sick leave and which re- quires the employee's pay to be reduced or the employee to be placed on leave without pay for absences for personal reasons or because of illness or injury of less than one workday when accrued leave is not used by an employee because:
	 Permission for its use has not been sought or has been sought and denied;
	2. Accrued leave has been exhausted; or
	3. The employee chooses to use leave without pay.
	Deductions from the pay of a district employee for absences due to a budget-required furlough shall not disqualify the employee from being paid on a salary basis except in the workweek in which the furlough occurs and for which the employee's pay is accordingly reduced.
	29 C.F.R. 541.710
Safe Harbor Policy	If a district has a clearly communicated policy that prohibits im- proper pay deductions and includes a complaint mechanism, reim- burses employees for any improper deductions, and makes a good faith commitment to comply in the future, the district will not lose the exemption unless the district willfully violates the policy by con-

the exemption unless the district willfully violates the policy by con-

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COMPENSATION PLAN WAGE AND HOUR LAWS

tinuing to make improper deductions after receiving employee complaints.

The best evidence of a clearly communicated policy is a written policy that was distributed to employees before the improper pay deductions by, for example, providing a copy of the policy to employees upon hire, publishing the policy in an employee handbook, or publishing the policy on a district's intranet.

29 C.F.R. 541.603(d)

Teachers The term "employee employed in a bona fide professional capacity" includes any employee with a primary duty of teaching, tutoring, instructing, or lecturing in the activity of imparting knowledge and who is employed and engaged in this activity as a teacher in an elementary or secondary school system by which the employee is employed. The salary basis requirements do not apply to teaching professionals.

Exempt teachers include:

- 1. Regular academic teachers;
- 2. Teachers of kindergarten or nursery school pupils;
- 3. Teachers of gifted or disabled children;
- 4. Teachers of skilled and semi-skilled trades and occupations;
- 5. Teachers engaged in automobile driving instruction;
- 6. Home economics teachers; and
- 7. Vocal or instrumental music instructors.

Those faculty members who are engaged as teachers but also spend a considerable amount of their time in extracurricular activities such as coaching athletic teams or acting as moderators or advisors in such areas as drama, speech, debate, or journalism are engaged in teaching. Such activities are a recognized part of the schools' responsibility in contributing to the educational development of the student.

The possession of an elementary or secondary teacher's certificate provides a clear means of identifying the individuals contemplated as being within the scope of the exemption for teaching professionals. Teachers who possess a teaching certificate qualify for the exemption regardless of the terminology (e.g., permanent, conditional, standard, provisional, temporary, emergency, or unlimited) used by the state to refer to different kinds of certificates. However, a teacher who is not certified may be considered for

Brownsville ISD 031901		
COMPENSATION PLAN WAGE AND HOUR LAW		DEAB (LEGAL)
	exemption, provided that such individual is employed as a by the employing school or school system.	a teacher
	29 C.F.R. 541.303	
Wage and Hour Records	A district shall maintain and preserve payroll or other reconnected nonexempt employees containing the information require regulations under the FLSA. 29 C.F.R. 516.2(a)	
Payday Law Exemption	The Texas Payday Law does not apply to the state or a p subdivision. <i>Labor Code 61.003</i>	olitical

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION E: INSTRUCTION

EA	INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
EB	SCHOOL YEAR
EC	SCHOOL DAY
ED	ORGANIZATION OF INSTRUCTION
EE EEA EEB EEC EED EEH EEJ EEL EEM EEP	INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS Grouping for Instruction Class Size Scheduling for Instruction Student Schedules Homebound Instruction Individualized Learning Contracts with Outside Agencies Juvenile Residential Facilities Lesson Plans
EF EFA EFB	INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES Instructional Materials Library Materials
EH EHA EHAA EHAA EHAD EHAD EHBA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAF EHBAF EHBC EHBCA EHBCA EHBCA EHBCA EHBCA EHBC	CURRICULUM DESIGN Basic Instructional Program Required Instruction (All Levels) Required Instruction (Elementary) Required Instruction (Secondary) Elective Instruction Special Programs Special Education Identification, Evaluation, and Eligibility ARD Committee and Individualized Education Program Students in Non-District Placement Transition Services Procedural Requirements Video/Audio Monitoring Gifted and Talented Students Compensatory Services and Intensive Programs Accelerated Instruction Federal Title I Bilingual Education/ESL Career and Technical Education Prekindergarten

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION E: INSTRUCTION

EHBH EHBI EHBJ EHBK EHBL EHBM EHBN EHD EHDA EHDA EHDB EHDC EHDD EHDD EHDE EHDF	Other Special Populations Adult and Community Education Innovative and Magnet Programs Other Instructional Initiatives High School Equivalency Travel Study Honors Alternative Methods for Earning Credit Summer School Credit by Examination with Prior Instruction Credit by Examination with Orior Instruction College Course Work/Dual Credit Distance Learning Local Remote Learning Program
EI	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT
EIA	Grading/Progress Reports to Parents
EIAA	Examinations
EIAB	Makeup Work
EIB	Homework
EIC	Class Ranking
EID	Honor Rolls
EIE	Retention and Promotion
EIF	Graduation
EK	TESTING PROGRAMS
EKB	State Assessment
EKBA	English Learners/Emergent Bilingual Students
EKC	Reading Assessment
EKD	Mathematics Assessment
EL	CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS
ELA	Partnership Charters
EM	MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES
EMA	Academic Freedom
EMB	Teaching About Controversial Issues
EMD	Ceremonies and Observances
EMG	Non-Service Animals
EMI	Study of Religion

Brownsville ISD 031901				
INSTRUCTIONAL RESC	URC	ES EF (LEGAL)		
School Library	of its	strict possesses significant discretion to determine the content s school libraries. A district must, however, exercise its discre- in a manner consistent with the First Amendment.		
Removal of Library Materials	book mov acce mov	lents' First Amendment rights are implicated by the removal of ks from the shelves of a school library. A district shall not re- e materials from a library for the purpose of denying students ess to ideas with which the district disagrees. A district may re- e materials because they are pervasively vulgar or based by upon the educational suitability of the books in question.		
	<u>Bd. of Educ. v. Pico</u> , 457 U.S. 853 (1982)			
Instructional Materials	Instructional materials selected for use in the public schools shall be furnished without cost to students attending those schools. Ex- cept as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may not charge a student for instructional material or technological equip- ment purchased by the district with the district's technology and in- structional materials allotment [see CMD]. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>			
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to:			
	1.	Review all teaching materials, instructional materials, includ- ing while the child is participating in virtual or remote learning, and other teaching aids used in the classroom of the parent's child;		
	2.	Review each test administered to the child after the test is administered; and		
	3.	Observe virtual instruction while the parent's child is partici- pating in virtual or remote learning to the same extent the par- ent would be entitled to observe in-person instruction of the child.		
	A district shall make teaching materials and tests readily available for parental review and may specify reasonable hours for such review.			
Taking Home Materials	A student's parent is entitled to request that a district allow the stu- dent to take home any instructional materials used by the student. Subject to the availability of the instructional materials, a district or school shall honor the request. A student who takes home instruc- tional materials must return the instructional materials to school at the beginning of the next school day if requested to do so by the student's teacher.			
Students Without Reliable Access to Technology	A district must provide the instructional materials to the student in printed format if the student does not have reliable access to tech- nology at the student's home. This requirement does not require a			

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

	dist this	would not otherwise pu	bies of instructional materials that the rchase. A district may comply with he student a printout of the relevant lls.		
Learning Management System or Online Portal	A district that uses a learning management system or any online learning portal to assign, distribute, present, or make available in- structional materials as defined by Education Code 31.002 [see EFA] to students shall provide login credentials to the system or portal to each student's parent.				
	Edu	Education Code 26.006			
Harmful Materials	"Harmful material" means material whose dominant theme taken as a whole:				
	1.	Appeals to the prurient interest of a minor, in sex, nudity, or excretion;			
	2.	• • •	evailing standards in the adult com- espect to what is suitable for minors;		
	3.	utterly without redeemi	ng social value for minors.		
	Penal Code 43.24(a)				
Obscene	"Obscene" means material or a performance:				
	1.	. The average person, applying contemporary community stan- dards, would find that taken as a whole appeals to the pruri- ent interest in sex;			
	2.	epicts or describes			
		mate sexual acts, no	epresentations or descriptions of ulti- ormal or perverted, actual or simu- ual intercourse, sodomy, and sexual		
		masturbation, excre lewd exhibition of th tals in a state of sex male genitals in a di	epresentations or descriptions of tory functions, sadism, masochism, e genitals, the male or female geni- ual stimulation or arousal, covered scernibly turgid state or a device de- d as useful primarily for stimulation I organs; and		
	3.	aken as a whole, lacks s sientific value	serious literary, artistic, political, and		

scientific value.

Penal Code 43.21(1)

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

Information Collection and Access U.S. ED–Funded Surveys (PPRA) <i>Consent</i> <i>Required</i>	dent part vey, topic sent nor),	Under the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA), no stu- dent shall be required, as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. Department of Education (ED), to submit to a sur- vey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning the topics listed at Protected Information, below, without the prior con- sent of the student (if the student is an adult or emancipated mi- nor), or, in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232h(b)</i>		
Parental Inspection	All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material, that will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED shall be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the children. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232h(a)</i>			
Information Collection Funded by Other Sources <i>Policies</i>	Except as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b) [see U.S. ED Funded Surveys, above], as a condition of receiving funds for a program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED, a district shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1), regarding the following:			
	1.	The parent's right to inspect a survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed by a school to the student and any applicable procedures for granting a re- quest by a parent for reasonable access to such survey within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.		
	2.	A district's arrangements to protect student privacy in the event a survey containing one or more of the items listed un- der Protected Information, below, is administered or distrib- uted to a student.		
	3.	The parent's right to inspect any instructional material used in the educational curriculum for the student and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to instructional material within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.		
	4.	The administration of physical examinations or screenings that a district may administer to the student.		
	5.	The collection, disclosure, or use of personal information col- lected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. This provision does not apply to use of per- sonal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for or to students or educational institu- tions, such as recruiters, book clubs, curriculum and instruc-		

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

		tional materials used by schools, sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-re- lated activities, or student recognition programs.		
	6.	The parent's right to inspect any instrument used in collection of personal information in item 5 above, before the instrument is administered and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to such instrument within a reasonable period of time after the request is re- ceived.		
	dist qui	A district need not develop and adopt new policies if TEA or the district had in place, on January 8, 2002, policies covering the requirements of 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1). [See CRD, FFAA, FL, and FNG]		
Parental Notification	tinu enr	A district shall provide for reasonable notice of the adoption or con- tinued use of such policies directly to the parents of the students enrolled in schools served by the district. At a minimum, a district shall:		
	1.	Provide notice at least annually, at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable time after any substantive change in the policies; and		
	2.	Offer an opportunity for the parent to opt the student out of participation in an activity described below.		
	ally ma low	listrict shall directly notify the parent of a student, at least annu- at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approxi- te dates during the school year when activities, described be- at are scheduled or expected to be scheduled. The following ivities require notification under this section:		
	1.	Activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of per- sonal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information.		
	2.	The administration of any survey containing one or more items described at Protected Information, below.		
	3.	Any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screen- ing that is required as a condition of attendance, administered and scheduled by the school in advance, and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student or of other students.		
	20	U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1)–(4) [See FFAA]		

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

Protected	Protected information addressed by 20 U.S.C. 1232h includes:			
Information				
	1.	Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.		
	2.	Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.		
	3.	Sex behavior and attitudes.		
	4.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.		
	5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships.		
	6.	Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers.		
	7.	Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.		
	8.	Income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assis- tance under such program).		
	20	U.S.C. 1232h(b), (c)(1)(B)		
"Personal Information" Defined	The term "personal information" means individually identifiable in- formation, including a student's:			
	1.	First and last name;		
	2.	Home or physical address, including street name and city or town;		
	3.	Telephone number; or		
	4.	Social security identification number.		
	20	U.S.C. 1232h(c)(6)(E)		

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

Driver Education	A school district shall consider offering a driver education and traffic safety course during each school year. If the district offers the course, the district may:			
	1.	Conduct the course and charge a fee for the course in the amount determined by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) to be comparable to the fee charged by a driver education provider that holds a license under Education Code Chapter 1001; or		
	2.	Contract with a driver education provider that holds a license under Education Code Chapter 1001 to conduct the course.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.902(c)		
	-	more information regarding driver education safety program irements, see 16 Administrative Code Chapter 84.]		
Life Skills Programs	A district may provide an integrated program of educational and support services for students who are pregnant or who are parents. If a district provides such a program, the program shall include all of the following:			
	1.	Individual counseling, peer counseling, and self-help pro- grams.		
	2.	Career counseling and job readiness training.		
	3.	Day care for the students' children on the campus or at a day care facility in close proximity to the campus.		
	4.	Transportation for children of students to and from the cam- pus or day care facility.		
	5.	Transportation for students, as appropriate, to and from the campus or day care facility.		
	6.	Instruction related to knowledge and skills in child develop- ment, parenting, and home and family living.		
	7.	Assistance to students in the program in obtaining available services from government agencies or community service or- ganizations, including prenatal and postnatal health and nutri- tion programs.		
	supp	strict shall solicit recommendations for obtaining community port for the students and their children in the life skills rams.		

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

			may operate a shared services arrangement program to a life skills program for student parents.				
	Edu	Education Code 29.085 [See EHBC and FNE]					
School-Based Savings Program	A district may establish a school-based savings program to facili- tate increased awareness of the importance of saving for higher education and facilitate personal financial literacy instruction. A dis- trict may offer the program in conjunction with a personal financial literacy course under Education Code 28.0021 [see EHAC].						
			-based savings program may, through partnerships with ate institutions, promote:				
	1.		neral savings, by offering savings accounts or certificates eposit through partner financial institutions; or				
	2.	part mar	rings dedicated for higher education, by offering through oner institutions the following accounts or bonds the pri- ry purpose of which must be to pay expenses associated higher education:				
		a.	An account authorized under Section 529, Internal Rev- enue Code of 1986;				
		b.	A Coverdell education savings account established un- der 26 U.S.C. Section 530;				
		C.	A certificate of deposit;				
		d.	A savings account; and				
		e.	A Series I savings bond.				
	A di	district establishing a program:					
	1.		Il seek to establish partnerships with appropriate institu- s that are able to offer an account or bond above; and				
	2.	ners	y seek to establish partnerships with public sector part- s, private businesses, nonprofit organizations, and philan- pic organizations in the community.				
	A pa	artnei	rship established between a district and:				
	1.	or tl hav	appropriate institution may allow a student in the program ne student and an adult in the student's family jointly to e an opportunity to establish an account or purchase a d; and				
	2.		appropriate institution, public sector partner, private busi- s, or nonprofit or philanthropic organization may provide:				

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

	a.	A structure for the management of the program; and
	b.	Incentives that encourage contribution to a school-based account or purchase of a bond, including incentives that provide matching funds or seed funding.
	Educatio	n Code 28.0024
Local Credit Courses		may offer courses for local credit in addition to those in red curriculum. The State Board of Education shall:
		flexible in approving a course for credit for high school duation; and
		prove courses in cybersecurity for credit for high school duation.
	Educatio	n Code 28.002(f) [See EIF]
Apprenticeships	ticeship credentia without c	may offer a course or other activity, including an appren- or training hours needed to obtain an industry-recognized al or certificate, that is approved by the board for credit obtaining State Board of Education approval if the district e requirements in Education Code 28.002(g-1) and (g-2).
	veloped ternships section.	shall annually report to TEA the names of the locally de- courses, programs, institutions of higher education, and in- s in which the district's students have enrolled under this TEA shall make information provided under this section to other districts.
	Educatio	n Code 28.002(g-1)–(g-2); 19 TAC 74.11(n)
Cybersecurity	the boar proval if higher e	may offer a course in cybersecurity that is approved by d for credit without obtaining State Board of Education ap- the district partners with a public or private institution of ducation that offers an undergraduate degree program in curity to develop and provide the course. <i>Education Code</i> (-3)
	courses educatio rized abo	shall annually report to TEA the names of cybersecurity approved by the board for credit and institutions of higher n in which the district's students have enrolled as autho- ove. TEA shall make information provided under this sec- lable to other districts. <i>19 TAC 74.11(o)</i>

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SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI∖	/IDU/	LIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)
Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee	(ARE each cond prog	D) coi i stud lucteo ram (rict must establish an admission, review, and disr mmittee for each eligible student with a disability ent for whom a full individual and initial evaluatio d. The ARD committee is the individualized educa IEP) team defined in federal law and regulations, 34 C.F.R. 300.321.	and for n is ation
	team whic	is re h the	ct is responsible for all of the functions for which t sponsible under federal law and regulations and ARD committee is responsible under state law, i nsibilities listed at 19 Administrative Code 89.105	for ncluding
	19 T.	AC 8	9.1050(a); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(a), .321(a)	
Committee Members			shall ensure that each ARD committee meeting ir following:	ncludes
	1.	The	parents of a student with a disability;	
	2.	stud	ast one regular education teacher of the student ent is, or may be, participating in the regular educ conment);	•
	3.		ast one special education teacher or, if appropria one special education provider of the student;	ite, at
	4.	A re	presentative of the district who:	
		a.	Is qualified to provide or supervise the provision cially designed instruction to meet the unique ne students with disabilities;	•
		b.	Is knowledgeable about the general education c lum; and	urricu-
		C.	Is knowledgeable about the availability of resour the district;	ces of
	5.		r individuals who have knowledge or special exp ing the student at the discretion of the district or t	
	6.	of ev	ndividual who can interpret the instructional implic raluation results, who may be a member of the Al e described in items 2–5;	
	7.	The	student, if appropriate;	
	8.	a tea	a student who is suspected to be deaf or hard of a student who is certified in the education of students or hard of hearing;	

	9.	For a student with a suspected or documented visual impair- ment, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments;			
	10.	For a student with suspected or documented deaf-blindness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with vis- ual impairments and a teacher who is certified in the educa- tion of students who are deaf or hard of hearing;			
	11.	For a student with limited English proficiency, a member of the language-proficiency assessment committee (LPAC), who may also be a member as described at items 2 or 3;			
	12.	A representative of any participating agency likely to be re- sponsible for providing transition services for a student, as ap propriate, and with the consent of the student's parents or a student who has reached the age of majority; and			
	13.	When considering initial or continued placement of a student in a career and technical education program, a representative from career and technical education, preferably the teacher.			
	part	special education teacher or special education provider that icipates in the ARD committee meeting must be appropriately ified or licensed as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.18 and 300.156.			
		19 TAC 75.1023(d)(1), 89.1050(c); 20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.321;			
	A district member of the ARD committee shall not be required to at- tend an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent and the dis- trict agree in writing that the attendance is not necessary because the member's area of the curriculum or related services is not be- ing modified or discussed during the meeting.				
	atte invo curr disti to th	strict member of the ARD committee may be excused from nding an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting loves a modification to or discussion of the member's area of iculum or related services if the parent, in writing, and the rict consent to the excusal and the member submits, in writing, he parent and the ARD committee, input into the development he IEP before the meeting.			
	20 (J.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.321(e)			
Regular Education Teacher	tead	n ARD committee is required to include a regular education cher, the regular education teacher must, to the extent practica- be a teacher who is responsible for implementing a portion of			

the child's IEP. Education Code 29.005(a)

Parent Involvement	A district shall take steps to ensure that one or both parents of a student with a disability are present at each ARD committee meeting or are afforded an opportunity to participate, including:			
	1. Notifying the parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend (the notice shall include the purpose, time, and location of the meeting, who will be in attendance, that persons with knowledge or special expertise may be invited by either the parent or the district, and that the Part C service coordinator or other representatives of the Part C system may be invited to the initial meeting for a child previously served under a Part C early childhood intervention program); and			
	 Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place. 			
	If the purpose of the meeting is to consider transition services, the notice must also indicate this purpose, indicate that the district will invite the student, and identify any other agency that will be invited to send a representative.			
	34 C.F.R. 300.322(a)–(b); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)			
Alternative Means of Meeting Participation	If neither parent can attend an ARD meeting, the district must allow other methods of participation, such as through telephone calls or video conferencing. 20 U.S.C. 1414(f); 34 C.F.R. 300.322(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)			
	An ARD meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance if a district is unable to convince the parents that they should at- tend, but the district shall have a record of its attempts to arrange a mutually agreed on time and place, such as detailed records of telephone calls, correspondence, or visits made or attempted and the results of any of those actions. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.322(d)</i>			
Meetings	A district shall initiate and conduct ARD committee meetings for the purpose of developing, reviewing, and revising the IEP of a child with a disability. The committee shall review each child's IEP periodically, and, if appropriate, revise the IEP. A meeting must be held for this purpose at least once a year. The ARD committee must also determine the child's placement once a year.			
	A "meeting" does not include informal or unscheduled conversa- tions involving district personnel and conversations on issues such as teaching methodology, lesson plans, or coordination of service provisions if those issues are not addressed in the child's IEP. A "meeting" also does not include preparatory activities that district			

Brownsville ISD 031901		
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)
	personnel engage in to develop a proposal or response to proposal that will be discussed at a later meeting.	a parent
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(b)(1), .324(b), (c .501(b)(3))(1),
<i>Meeting at</i> Parent's Request	Upon receipt of a written request for an ARD committee m from a parent, the school district must schedule and conver meeting in accordance with the procedures in 19 Administ Code 89.1050(d) or within five school days, provide the par written notice explaining why the district refuses to conver meeting. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(e)</i>	ene a trative arent with
Written Notice	If a parent is unable to speak English, a district must provi parent with a written notice regarding the ARD committee required under 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) (notice poses of scheduling) or (e)(2) (notice explaining why the of fuses to convene a meeting) in the parent's native language less it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the parent's native language is not a written language, the school district must steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by oth means to the parent in his or her native language or other communication so that the parent understands the conten notice. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(f)</i>	meeting for pur- listrict re- ge, un- st take her mode of
Transfer Students In-State Transfers	When a student transfers to a new district within the state same school year and the parents verify that the student we ceiving special education services in the previous district of previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new school must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) regar provision of special education services. The timeline for co the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e)(1) or (2) school days from the date the student is verified as being eligible for special education services.	vas re- or the student district rding the ompleting t) is 30
Transfers from Another State	When a student transfers from a district in another state in same school year and the parents verify that the student we ceiving special education services in the previous district of previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new district meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f) regarding the sion of special education services. If the new district determents are evaluation is necessary, the evaluation is consider individual and initial evaluation and must be completed with timelines established by 19 Administrative Code 89.1011((e)). The timeline for completing the requirements in 34 C.F. 300.323(f)(2), if appropriate, is 30 calendar days from the the completion of the evaluation report. If the school district	was re- br the student must the provi- mines red a full thin the c) and F.R. date of

mines that an evaluation is not necessary, the timeline for completing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2) is 30 school days from the date the student is verified as being a student eligible for special education services.

A student with a disability who has an IEP in place from a previous in- or out-of-state district and who enrolls in a new district during the summer is not considered a transfer student for the purposes of this provision or for 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) or (f). For these students, the new district must implement the IEP from the previous district in full on the first day of class of the new school year or must convene an ARD committee meeting during the summer to revise the student's IEP for implementation on the first day of class of the new school year.

19 TAC 89.1050(j)

Transfer of Records The district in which the child enrolls shall take reasonable steps to promptly obtain the child's records, including the IEP and supporting documents and any other records relating to the provision of special education or related services to the child, from the previous district.

The previous district shall take reasonable steps to promptly respond to the request from the new district and must furnish the new school district with a copy of the student's records, including the student's special education records, not later than the tenth working day after the date a request for the information is received by the previous school district.

20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(g); 19 TAC 89.1050(j)(3)

Students Who Are
Homeless or in
Substitute CareWhen a student who is homeless or in substitute care transfers into
a district after being referred by a previous district for a special ed-
ucation evaluation, the receiving district must accept the referral
and ensure that any written report of a full individual and initial
evaluation is completed in accordance with the timelines estab-
lished in 19 Administrative Code 89.1011 (relating to Full and Indi-
vidual Initial Evaluation).

When a student who is homeless or in substitute care is eligible for special education and transfers into a new district during the school year, the receiving district must ensure that it meets the student transfer requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(j) (relating to the Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee).

19 TAC 89.1615

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SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI\	IDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)
Military Dependents	stud not p ensu	strict shall initially provide comparable services to a mi ent with disabilities based on his or her current IEP. The preclude the district from performing subsequent evalu are appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education C</i> 002 art. V, C [See FDD]	nis does ations to
Individualized Education Program		strict shall develop, review, and revise an IEP for each a disability. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(
	for e	e beginning of each school year, a district shall have i ach child with a disability in its jurisdiction, an IEP. 20 4(d)(2)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(a)	
	men sion	term "individualized education program" means a writh t for each student with a disability that documents the s of the ARD committee with respect to issues discuss a committee meeting and includes:	deci-
	1.	A statement of the student's present levels of acaden achievement and functional performance;	nic
	2.	A statement of measurable annual goals, including a and functional goals;	cademic
	3.	A description of how the student's progress toward th goals will be measured and when periodic reports on progress of the student will be provided;	
	4.	A statement of the specific special education and relavices and supplementary aids and services, based or reviewed research to the extent practicable, to be protthe student;	n peer-
	5.	A statement of the program modifications or supports school personnel that will be provided for the student	
	6.	An explanation of the extent, if any, to which the stud not participate with nondisabled students in the regula and in extracurricular and nonacademic activities;	
	7.	The projected dates for initiation of services and mod and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration services and modifications;	
	8.	A statement of any individual appropriate and allowal commodations that are necessary to measure the ac achievement and functional performance of the stude state or district-wide assessments;	ademic
	9.	If the ARD committee determines that the student mu an alternative assessment instead of a particular regu	

	or district-wide assessment, a statement of why the student cannot participate in the regular assessment and why the par- ticular assessment selected is appropriate for the student;
10.	If the ARD committee determines that a student is in need of extended school year (ESY) services, identification of the goals and objectives that will be addressed during ESY services;
11.	Beginning not later than when a student reaches 14 years of age and updated annually thereafter, the ARD committee's consideration and decisions regarding the transition issues under 19 Administrative Code 89.1055(h) [see EHBAD];
12.	Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student is 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the ARD committee, and updated annually thereafter, a statement of appropriate measurable postsecondary goals and transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals [see EHBAD];
13.	Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches

- 13. Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches the age of 17, a statement that the student has been informed of the rights that will transfer to the student upon reaching the age of majority;
- 14. The date of the meeting;
- 15. The name, position, and signature of each member participating in the meeting; and
- 16. An indication of whether the child's parents, the adult student, if applicable, and the administrator agreed or disagreed with the decisions of the ARD committee.

20 U.S.C. 1414(d); 34 C.F.R. 300.320; Education Code 29.005(b-1), .011; 19 TAC 89.1055

The written statement of a student's IEP may be required to include only information included in the model form developed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) under Education Code 29.0051(a) and posted on the TEA website. A district may use the model form to comply with the requirements for an IEP under 20 U.S.C. 1414(d). *Education Code 29.005(f)*, .0051

IEP Supplement For each child who was enrolled in a district's special education program during the 2019–20 school year or the 2020–21 school year, the district shall prepare a supplement to be included with the written statement of the IEP. For more information about the required supplement, see Education Code 29.0052 and the commis-

	sioner rules, when adopted. This requirement expires Septem- ber 1, 2023. <i>Education Code 29.0052</i>				
Supplemental Special Education Services	The ARD committee of a student approved for participation in the supplemental special education services and instructional materials program shall provide to the student's parent at an ARD committee meeting for the student:				
	 Information regarding the types of supplemental special edu- cation services available under the program and provided by agency-approved providers for which an account maintained under Education Code 29.042(b) for the student may be used; and 				
	2. Instructions regarding accessing the account.				
	The supplemental special education services and instructional ma- terials program (SSES) expires September 1, 2024.				
	Education Code 29.048				
	A district shall notify parents and guardians of students served by special education of the SSES program and how to apply.				
	A student's ARD committee may not consider a student's current or anticipated eligibility for any supplemental special education in- structional materials or services that may be provided under the SSES program when developing or revising a student's IEP, when determining a student's educational setting, or in the provision of a free appropriate public education.				
	19 TAC 102.1601(i)-(j)				
Behavioral Intervention Plan	The ARD committee may determine that a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan is appropriate for a student for whom the committee has developed an IEP. <i>Education Code 29.005(g)</i>				
	If the committee makes that determination, the behavior improve- ment plan or behavioral intervention plan shall be included as part of the student's IEP and provided to each teacher with responsibil- ity for educating the student.				
	If a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan is included as part of a student's IEP, the ARD committee shall re- view the plan at least annually, and more frequently if appropriate, to address:				
	 Changes in a student's circumstances that may impact the student's behavior, such as: 				

	a.	The placement of the student in a different educational setting;		
	b.	An increase or persistence in disciplinary actions taken regarding the student for similar types of behavioral incidents;		
	C.	A pattern of unexcused absences; or		
	d.	An unauthorized, unsupervised departure from an edu- cational setting; or		
	2. The	e safety of the student or others.		
	19 TAC	89.1055(g); Education Code 29.005(h)		
Translation of IEP into Native Language	If the parent is unable to speak English and Spanish is the parent's native language, a district shall provide a written or audiotaped copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish. If the parent's native language is other than Spanish or English, a district shall make a good faith effort to provide a written or audiotaped copy of the student's IEP translated into the parent's native language. <i>Education Code 29.005(d)</i>			
	parent's IEP in E written fo compara	n copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or the native language means that all of the text in the student's nglish is accurately translated into the target language in orm. The IEP translated into the target language must be a able rendition of the IEP in English and not a partial transla- ummary of the IEP in English.		
	the pare student's and reco providing meeting as the a translatio	o recording of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or ent's native language means that all of the content in the s IEP in English is orally translated into the target language orded with an audio device. A district is not prohibited from g the parent with an audio recording of an ARD committee at which the parent was assisted by an interpreter as long udio recording provided to the parent contains an oral on into the target language of all of the content in the stu- EP in English.		
	must tak or by oth	ent's native language is not a written language, the district the steps to ensure that the student's IEP is translated orally ther means to the parent in his or her native language or bode of communication.		
	copy of t meets th	4 C.F.R. 300.322(f), a district must give a parent a written the student's IEP at no cost to the parent. A school district his requirement by providing a parent with a written copy of ent's IEP in English or by providing a parent with a written		

translation of the student's IEP in the parent's native language as provided above.

19 TAC 89.1050(i)

Autism/Pervasive
Developmental
DisorderFor students with autism/pervasive developmental disorders, the
following strategies shall be considered by the ARD committee,
based on peer-reviewed, research-based educational
programming practices to the extent practicable and, when
needed, addressed in the IEP:

- 1. Extended educational programming;
- 2. Daily schedules reflecting minimal unstructured time and active engagement in learning activities;
- In-home training and community-based training or viable alternatives that assist the student with the acquisition of social/behavioral skills;
- 4. Positive behavior support strategies based on relevant information;
- Beginning at any age, futures planning for integrated living, work, community, and educational environments that considers skills necessary to function in current and postsecondary environments;
- 6. Parent/family training and support, provided by qualified personnel with experience in Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD);
- Suitable staff-to-student ratio appropriate to identified activities and as needed to achieve social/behavioral progress based on the student's developmental and learning level (acquisition, fluency, maintenance, generalization) that encourages work towards individual independence;
- Communication interventions, including language forms and functions that enhance effective communication across settings;
- 9. Social skills supports and strategies based on social skills assessment/curriculum and provided across settings;
- 10. Professional educator/staff support; and
- 11. Teaching strategies based on peer-reviewed, research-based practices for students with ASD.

If the ARD committee determines that services are not needed in one or more of the areas in 1–11 above, the IEP shall include a

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		ement reflecting that decision and the basis upon whice mination was made.	ch the
	19	ГАС 89.1055(e)—(f)	
Visual Impairment	ual uca	district provides special education services to student impairments, it shall have written procedures as requi tion Code 30.002(c)(10) (staff access to resources). <i>1</i> 1075(b)	red in Ed-
Collaborative Process	part Dec of th ARI	nembers of the ARD committee shall have the opport icipate in a collaborative manner in developing the IEI isions of the ARD committee concerning the required the IEP shall be made by mutual agreement, if possible D committee may agree to an annual IEP or an IEP of ation.	elements e. The
Ten-Day Recess	not opp The mus agre ven	en mutual agreement about all required elements of th achieved, the parent who disagrees must be offered a ortunity to recess and reconvene the ARD committee period of time for reconvening the ARD committee m at not exceed ten school days, unless the parties mutu ee otherwise. The ARD committee must schedule the ed meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place. unity to recess and reconvene is not required when:	a single meeting. eeting ally recon-
	1.	The student's presence on campus represents a dar physical harm to the student or others;	nger of
	2.	The student has committed an expellable offense; or	ſ
	3.	The student has committed an offense that may lead ment in a disciplinary alternative education program. FOF]	•
	ces	se requirements do not prohibit the ARD committee fr sing an ARD committee meeting for reasons other tha to reach mutual agreement about all required elemen	n the fail-
	tern and	ing the recess, the ARD committee members must co atives, gather additional data, prepare further docume /or obtain additional resource persons who may assisting the ARD committee to reach mutual agreement.	entation,
Failure to Reach Agreement	read dete	recess is implemented and the ARD committee still ca ch mutual agreement, a district shall implement the IE ermined to be appropriate for the student. Each memb D committee who disagrees with the IEP developed by	P it has er of the

	com IEP.	mittee is entitled to include a statement of disagreement in the		
	the men ope	e IEP is not developed by agreement, the written statement of program must include the basis of the disagreement. Each nber of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP devel- d by the committee is entitled to include a statement of dis- ement in the written statement of the program.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.005(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(g)		
Modification of Existing IEP	mitte	nges to the IEP may be made either by the entire ARD com- ee or by amending the IEP by agreement, rather than redrafting entire IEP.		
	trict mak	r the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent and dis- may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purposes of sing changes to the IEP and instead may develop a written doc- ent to amend or modify the child's current IEP.		
	-	n request, a parent shall be provided with a revised copy of the with amendments incorporated.		
	of re	he extent possible, a district shall encourage the consolidation eevaluation meetings for the child and other ARD meetings for child.		
	20 L	J.S.C. 1414(d)(3)(D)–(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.324(a)(4)–(6)		
Teacher Access to IEP	tion the spoi port	h district must ensure that each teacher who provides instruc- to a student with a disability has access to relevant sections of student's current IEP, is informed of the teacher's specific re- nsibilities related to implementation of the IEP, and has an op- unity to request assistance regarding implementation of the lent's IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1075(c)</i>		
Teacher Request to Review IEP		h district shall develop a process to be used by a teacher who ructs a student with a disability in a regular classroom setting:		
	1.	To request a review of the student's IEP;		
	2.	To provide input in the development of the student's IEP;		
	3.	That provides for a timely district response to the teacher's re- quest; and		
	4.	That provides for notification to the student's parent or legal guardian of that response.		
	Education Code 29.001(11); 19 TAC 89.1075(d)			

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Parental Consent Not Required	An employee of a district is not required to obtain the consen child's parent before the employee may make a videotape of child or authorize the recording of a child's voice if the videota voice recording is to be used for a purpose related to the pro of student safety under Education Code 29.022. <i>Education C</i> 26.009(b)	a ape or motion
Video Surveillance of Special Education Settings	In order to promote student safety, on receipt of an authorize ten request, a district shall provide equipment, including a vic camera, to the campus in the district specified in the request.	deo
Classroom or Other Setting	A campus that receives equipment shall place, operate, and tain one or more video cameras in self-contained classrooms other special education settings in which a majority of the stu in regular attendance are provided special education and rela services and are assigned to one or more self-contained class rooms or other special education settings for at least 50 perce the instructional day, provided that:	and Idents ated SS-
	 A campus that receives equipment as a result of the receives a parent or staff member is required to place equipment only in classrooms or settings in which the parent's child regular attendance or to which the staff member is assign as applicable; and 	ient d is in
	2. A campus that receives equipment as a result of the receives a board of trustees, principal, or assistant principal is quired to place equipment only in classrooms or settings tified by the requestor, if the requestor limits the request specific classrooms or settings subject to Education Coe 29.022.	s re- s iden- t to
	Education Code 29.022(a)	
Definitions	"Incident" means an event or circumstance that:	
Incident	 Involves alleged "abuse" or "neglect," as described in Fa Code 261.001, of a student by a staff member of the dis alleged "physical abuse" or "sexual abuse," as describe Family Code 261.410, of a student by another student; 	strict or d in
	 Allegedly occurred in a self-contained classroom or othe cial education setting in which video surveillance under cation Code 29.022 and 19 Administrative Code 103.13 conducted. 	Edu-
Other Special Education Setting	"Other special education setting" means a classroom on a se campus (i.e., a campus that serves only students who receive cial education and related services) of a district—including a attached to the classroom or setting used for time-out—in wh	e spe- room

	edu leas lowi	ority of the students in regular attendance are provided sp cation and related services, are assigned to the setting fo it 50 percent of the instructional day, and have one of the ng instructional arrangements/settings described in the st ndance accounting handbook:	r at fol-
	1.	Residential care and treatment facility—separate campu	ıs; or
	2.	Off home campus—separate campus.	
Parent	who or m tings tion or o olde eral has	rent" means a person described in Education Code 26.00 se child receives special education and related services in nore self-contained classrooms or other special education s. "Parent" also means a student who receives special ed and related services in one or more self-contained classr ther special education settings and who is 18 years of age or or whose disabilities of minority have been removed for purposes under Family Code, Chapter 31, unless the stu been determined to be incompetent or the student's right e been otherwise restricted by a court order.	n one set- uca- ooms e or gen- dent
School Business Day		nool business day" means a day that campus or district ad tive offices are open.	dmin-
Self-contained Classroom	"Self-contained classroom" means a classroom on a regular can pus (i.e., a campus that serves students in general education an students in special education), including a room attached to the classroom used for time-out, but not including a classroom that i resource room instructional arrangement under Education Code 48.102, in which a majority of the students in regular attendance are provided special education and related services for at least 8 percent of the instructional day and have one of the following in- structional arrangements/settings described in the student atten- dance accounting handbook:		and he at is a ode nce st 50 in-
	1.	Self-contained (mild/moderate/severe) regular campus;	
	2.	Full-time early childhood (preschool program for children disabilities) special education setting;	n with
	3.	Residential care and treatment facility—self-contained (mild/moderate/severe) regular campus;	
	4.	Residential care and treatment facility—full-time early ch hood special education setting;	nild-
	5.	Off home campus—self-contained (mild/moderate/sever regular campus; or	re)
	6.	Off home campus—full-time early childhood special edu setting.	cation
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Staff Member	para worl	"Staff member" means a teacher, a related service provider, a paraprofessional, a counselor, or an educational aide assigned to work in the self-contained classroom or other special education setting.	
Time-out	"Tin	ne-out" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0021.	
Video Camera		eo camera" means a video surveillance camera with audio ording capabilities.	
Video Equipment	tech vide mini tech	eo equipment" means one or more video cameras and any nology and equipment needed to place, operate, and maintain to cameras as required by Education Code 29.022 and 19 Ad- strative Code 103.1301. "Video equipment" also means any nology and equipment needed to store and access video ordings as required.	
	19 1	TAC 103.1301(b); Education Code 29.022	
Administrative Coordinator	istra prov	h district shall designate an administrator at the primary admin- tive office of the district with responsibility for coordinating the vision of equipment to schools and campuses. <i>Education Code</i> 022(a-2)	
Authorized Requestors	The following people may request in writing that equipment be vided to a campus at which one or more children receive special education services in a qualifying classroom or setting:		
	1.	A parent of a child who receives special education services for the campus at which the child receives those services;	
	2.	The board of trustees for one or more specified campuses;	
	3.	The principal or assistant principal for their campus; and	
	4.	A staff member assigned to work with one or more children receiving special education services for the campus at which the staff member works.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.022(a-1)	
Processing the	A written request must be submitted and acted on as follows:		
Request	1.	A parent, staff member, or assistant principal must submit a request to the principal or the principal's designee of the campus addressed in the request, and the principal or designee must provide a copy of the request to the district's designated administrator;	
	2.	A principal must submit a request by the principal to the dis- trict's designated administrator; and	

	3. A board of trustees must submit a request to the district's des- ignated administrator, and the administrator must provide a copy of the request to the principal or the principal's designee of the campus addressed in the request.
	A campus shall operate and maintain the camera in the classroom or setting as long as the classroom or setting continues to satisfy these requirements, for the remainder of the school year in which the campus received the request, unless the requestor withdraws the request in writing.
	Education Code 29.022(a-3)–(b)
Video Camera	The video cameras must be capable of:
Coverage	 Covering all areas of the classroom or setting, including a room attached to the classroom or setting used for time-out; and
	 Recording audio from all areas of the classroom or setting, in- cluding a room attached to the classroom or setting used for time-out.
	The inside of a bathroom or any area in the classroom or other special education setting in which a student's clothes are changed may not be visually monitored, except for incidental coverage of a minor portion of a bathroom or changing area because of the lay-out of the classroom or setting.
	Education Code 29.022(c)–(c-1)
Written Notice	Before a campus activates a video camera in a classroom or spe- cial education setting, the campus shall provide written notice of the placement to all campus staff and to the parents of each stu- dent attending class or engaging in school activities in the class- room or setting.
	If for any reason a campus will discontinue operation of a video camera during a school year, not later than the fifth school day be- fore the date the operation of the video camera will be discontin- ued, the campus must notify the parents of each student in regular attendance in the classroom or setting that operation of the video camera will not continue unless requested by a person eligible to make a request. Not later than the tenth school day before the end of each school year, the campus must notify the parents of each student in regular attendance in the classroom or setting that oper- ation of the video camera will not continue during the following

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		ool year unless a person eligible to make a request for the next ool year submits a new request.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.022(b), (d)	
Retention Period	-	strict shall retain video recorded from a video camera for at t three months after the date the video was recorded.	
	era, the min an a the	person requests to view a video recording from a video cam- a district must retain the recording from the date of receipt of request until the person has viewed the recording and a deter- ation has been made as to whether the recording documents alleged incident. If the recording documents an alleged incident, district or campus shall retain the recording until the alleged in- ent has been resolved, including the exhaustion of all appeals.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.022(e)–(e-1)	
Gifts, Grants, and Donations	A district may solicit and accept gifts, grants, and donations from any person to implement the requirements of Education Code 29.022 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1301. A district is not per- mitted to use Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, funds or state special education funds to implement these require- ments. <i>19 TAC 103.1301(d)</i>		
No Waiver of Immunity	The	requirements described by Education Code 29.022 do not:	
	1.	Waive any immunity from liability of a district, or of district officers or employees; or	
	2.	Create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or employees.	
No Monitoring	A di	strict may not:	
	1.	Allow regular or continual monitoring of video recorded under Education Code 29.022; or	
	2.	Use video for teacher evaluation or for any other purpose other than the promotion of safety of students receiving special education services.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.022(g)–(h)	
Confidentiality	den	A video recording of a student made under this provision is confi- dential and may not be released or viewed except as provided be- low.	
Limited Release	A di	strict shall release a recording for viewing by:	

	1.	An employee who is involved in an alleged incident that is documented by the recording and has been reported to the district, on request of the employee;
	2.	A parent of a student who is involved in an alleged incident that is documented by the recording and has been reported to the district or campus, on request of the parent;
	3.	Appropriate Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) personnel as part of an investigation of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect of a child under Family Code 261.406;
	4.	A peace officer, a school nurse, a district administrator trained in de-escalation and restraint techniques as provided by com- missioners rule, or a human resources staff member desig- nated by the board in response to a report of an alleged inci- dent or an investigation of district personnel or a report of alleged abuse committed by a student; or
	5.	Appropriate agency or State Board for Educator Certification personnel or agents as part of an investigation.
	stall tenti	ontractor or employee performing job duties relating to the in- ation, operation, or maintenance of video equipment or the re- ion of video recordings who incidentally views a video record- does not violate these confidentiality provisions.
	Edu	cation Code 29.022(i)–(i-1); 19 TAC 103.1301(h)–(i)
Duty to Report	ing a ble a pers and loca port	person described by item 4 or 5, above, views a video record- and has cause to believe that the recording documents possi- abuse or neglect of a child under Family Code Chapter 261, the son must submit a report to the Texas Department of Family Protective Services or other authority in accordance with the I policy adopted under 19 Administrative Code 61.1051 (Re- ing Child Abuse and Neglect) and Family Code Chapter 261 FFG].
	19 7	AC 103.1301(j); Education Code 29.022(j)
Use in Disciplinary Actions Against District Personnel	ing a cam appr the Act sible stud	person described by items 3, 4, or 5, above, views the record- and believes that it documents a possible violation of district or pus policy, the person may allow access to the recording to ropriate legal and human resources personnel of the district to extent not limited by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy (FERPA) or other law. A recording believed to document a pos- e violation of district policy relating to the neglect or abuse of a ent may be used in a disciplinary action against district person- and must be released in a legal proceeding at the request of a

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	reco distr relea the o	ent of the student involved in the incident documented by the ording. A recording believed to document a possible violation of rict policy relating to the neglect or abuse of a student must be ased for viewing by the district employee who is the subject of disciplinary action at the request of the employee. <i>19 TAC</i> . <i>1301(k)</i>
Federal Law / FERPA	(diso stud othe and	Administrative Code 103.1301(j) (child abuse reporting) and (k) ciplinary actions against personnel) do not limit the access of a lent's parent to a record regarding the student under FERPA or er law. To the extent any provisions in Education Code 29.022 19 Administrative Code 103.1301 conflict with FERPA or other eral law, federal law prevails. <i>19 TAC 103.1301(l)</i>
District Policy	erat 29.0	strict must adopt written policies relating to the placement, op- ion, and maintenance of video cameras under Education Code 022 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1301. At a minimum, the cies must include:
	1.	A statement that video surveillance is for the purpose of pro- moting student safety in certain self-contained classrooms and other special education settings;
	2.	Information on how a person may appeal an action by the dis- trict that the person believes to be in violation of this section or a policy adopted in accordance with this section, including the appeal and expedited review processes under 19 Admin- istrative Code 103.1303 (Commissioner's Review of Actions Concerning Video Cameras in Special Education Settings) and the appeals process under Education Code 7.057;
	3.	A requirement that the district provide a response to a request made under this section not later than the seventh school business day after receipt of the request by the person to whom it must be submitted under Education Code 29.022(a- 3) (at Limited Release, above) that authorizes the request or states the reason for denying the request;
	4.	Except as provided by item 6 of this provision, a requirement that a campus begin operation of a video camera in compli- ance with this provision not later than the 45th school busi- ness day, or the first school day after the 45th school busi- ness day if that day is not a school day, after the request is authorized unless the Texas Education Agency (TEA) grants an extension of time;
	5.	A provision permitting the parent of a student whose admis- sion, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee has determined that the student's placement for the following school year will

be in a classroom or other special education setting in which
a video camera may be placed under this section to make a
request for the video camera by the later of:

- a. The date on which the current school year ends; or
- b. The tenth school business day after the date of the placement determination by the ARD committee;
- 6. A requirement that, if a request is made by a parent in compliance with item 5 of this provision, unless TEA grants an extension of time, a campus begins operation of a video camera in compliance with this provision not later than the later of:
 - a. The tenth school day of the fall semester; or
 - b. The 45th school business day, or the first school day after the 45th school business day if that day is not a school day, after the date the request is made;
- 7. The procedures for requesting video surveillance and the procedures for responding to a request for video surveillance;
- 8. The procedures for providing advanced written notice to the campus staff and the parents of the students assigned to a self-contained classroom or other special education setting that video and audio surveillance will be conducted or cease in the classroom or setting, including procedures for notice, in compliance with Education Code 29.022(b), of the opportunity to request continued video and audio surveillance if video and audio surveillance will otherwise cease;
- 9. A requirement that video cameras be operated at all times during the instructional day when one or more students are present in a self-contained classroom or other special education setting in which video cameras are placed;
- 10. A statement regarding the personnel who will have access to video equipment or video recordings for purposes of operating and maintaining the equipment or recordings;
- 11. A requirement that a campus continue to operate and maintain any video camera placed in a self-contained classroom or other special education setting for as long as the classroom or setting continues to satisfy the requirements in Education Code 29.022(a), for the remainder of the school year in which the campus received the request, unless the requester withdraws the request in writing;
- 12. A requirement that video cameras placed in a self-contained classroom or other special education setting be capable of

recording video and audio of all areas of the classroom or setting, except that no visual monitoring of bathrooms and areas in which a student's clothes are changed may occur. Incidental visual coverage of the inside of a bathroom or any area of the classroom or other special education setting in which a student's clothes are changed is permitted only to the extent that such coverage is the result of the layout of the classroom or setting. Audio recording of the inside of a bathroom or any area of the classroom or other special education setting in which a student's clothes are changed is required;

- 13. A statement that video recordings must be retained for at least three months after the date the video was recorded and that video recordings will be maintained in accordance with the requirements of Education Code 29.022(e-1), when applicable;
- 14. A statement that the regular or continual monitoring of video is prohibited and that video recordings must not be used for teacher evaluation or monitoring or for any purpose other than the promotion of student safety;
- 15. At the district's discretion, a requirement that campuses post a notice at the entrance of any self-contained classroom or other special education setting in which video cameras are placed stating that video and audio surveillance are conducted in the classroom or setting;
- 16. The procedures for reporting an allegation to the district that an incident occurred in a self-contained classroom or other special education setting in which video surveillance under Education Code 29.022 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1301 is conducted;
- 17. The local grievance procedures for filing a complaint alleging violations of Education Code 29.022, and/or 19 Administrative Code 103.1301; and
- A statement that video recordings made under Education Code 29.022 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1301 are confidential and a description of the limited circumstances under which the recordings may be viewed.

19 TAC 103.1301(g)

Governmental Record	A video recording under this section is a governmental record only for purposes of Penal Code 37.10.
Operation of	These provisions apply to the placement, operation, and mainte-
Camera	nance of a video camera in a self-contained classroom or other

	special education setting during the regular school year and ex- tended school year services.
	A video camera placed under this section is not required to be in operation for the time during which students are not present in the classroom or other special education setting.
	Education Code 29.022(s)–(t)
Exclusions	A district is not required to provide video equipment to a campus of another district or charter school or to a nonpublic school. <i>19 TAC 103.1301(c)</i>
Dispute Resolution	The special education dispute resolution procedures in 34 Code of Federal Regulations 300.151–.153 and 300.504–.515 do not apply to complaints alleging that a district has failed to comply with Education Code 29.022 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1301. Complaints alleging violations of those sections must be addressed through the district's local grievance procedures or other dispute resolution channels. <i>19 TAC 103.1301(e)</i>
Denial of Request	The following standards and procedures apply to a denial of a re- quest for placement of a video camera under Education Code 29.022(a), or to the denial of a request to release a video or to view a video made under Education Code 29.022(i) or (I)(2).
Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies	Once a request for placement of a video camera or a request to re- lease a video is administratively denied, the requester must ex- haust administrative remedies through the district's grievance process even if the requester opts for the expedited review process. However, a district, parent, staff member, or administrator may request an expedited review even before the local remedies are exhausted.
	After local remedies are exhausted by filing a grievance with the board and obtaining a board determination, the requester may appeal the denial to the commissioner of education under Education Code 7.057 by filing a petition for review.
Proper Request	In a case where there is a denial of a request for the placement of a video camera, the commissioner will determine whether the per- son requesting placement is a person allowed to request place- ment under Education Code 29.022(a-1) (see Limited Release, above) and whether the requester made a proper request under Education Code 29.022(a-3) (see Processing the Request, above).
Cost	The commissioner will not consider the cost to the district of in- stalling cameras or releasing video.

Brownsville ISD 031901 SPECIAL EDUCATION EHBAF **VIDEO/AUDIO MONITORING** (LEGAL) Release In a case where there is a denial of a request to release a video, Determination the commissioner will determine whether the requester is a person allowed to receive a video under Education Code 29.022(i) (described at Limited Release, above). Timelines for The following timelines are established for filing a petition for re-Petition for view: Review 1. A petition for review shall be filed with the commissioner within ten calendar days of the decision of the board denving the request being first communicated to the requester or requester's counsel, whichever occurs first. The petition for review shall be made in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 157.1073(c) (hearings brought under Education Code 7.057) and may include a request for expedited review. 2. The district's answer and local record shall comply with 19 Administrative Code 157.1052(b) and (c) and 19 Administrative Code 157.1073(d) and shall be filed with the commissioner within ten calendar days of the district receiving notification from the commissioner of the appeal. 3. The procedures specified in 19 Administrative Code 157.1059; .1061; and .1073(e)–(h), (j), and (k) apply to a case brought to the commissioner under this section. Expedited A request for expedited review is governed by the following. Review The expedited review process is designed to allow a re-1. quester to promptly receive a preliminary judgment from the commissioner as to a decision to deny a request for the installation of cameras or a decision to deny a request to release a video while at the same time respecting the school grievance process. The expedited review process does not apply to a request to only view a video. Invoking the expedited review process results in a prompt initial determination. However, the final commissioner's determination is to be based on a substantial evidence review of the district's grievance record. This allows for a full record to be developed at the district level and does not require the requester and the district to make an evidentiary record before TEA in Austin, Texas. Because the requirements of Education Code 7.057 are met when the board's decision is heard by the commissioner, an appeal to district court is allowed under Education Code 7.057(d). Education Code 29.022 does not by itself allow an appeal to district court.

2. A district, parent, staff member, or administrator may request an expedited review. Any request for an expedited review

shall include the names, telephone numbers, and addresses of all interested parties to the request. "Interested parties" are all persons who brought the grievance, all persons who have testified or provided written statements as part of the grievance process, and the district. The request for expedited review shall specify whether the district denied a request for the placement of a video camera or the district denied a request to release a video and briefly describe why that decision is either correct or incorrect.

- 3. A request for expedited review shall be filed with the commissioner no earlier than 14 business days after a request for placement of a video camera or a request to release a video is administratively denied under Education Code 29.022(i) or (I)(2) (see Limited Release and Process, above), and no later than the fifth business day after a board resolves a grievance as to a request for placement of a video camera or a request to release a video. A request for expedited review shall be filed with the commissioner electronically as provided on TEA's Division of Hearings and Appeals website or by U.S. Mail, facsimile, hand-delivery, or by a commercial delivery service.
- 4. Whenever an interested party files a document with the commissioner, with the exception of the request for expedited review, the interested party shall send the same document to all other interested parties by the same method that the document was sent to the commissioner. Hand-delivery of the document by the next day may be substituted for service by facsimile delivery.
- 5. If a request for expedited review is timely filed, the commissioner will establish a briefing schedule and will send to all interested parties a notice that an expedited review has been filed, which will include relevant statutes and rules. Any interested party who knows of any additional interested parties who have not been notified will promptly inform the commissioner in writing.
- 6. All briefing shall clearly state the facts relied upon. Documents relevant to the issues presented may be attached to a brief. All briefing shall provide the reasons why the commissioner should or should not grant the request for expedited review. Citations to statutes, rules, commissioner decisions, and case law are important to identify the legal basis for the claims made.

	7.	All interested parties who are in favor of granting the request for expedited review shall file briefing at the time specified for the requester of the expedited review.	
	8.	All interested parties who are opposed to granting the request for expedited review shall file briefing at the same time.	
	9.	Briefing is not limited to the issues specifically raised in the pleadings in the case. However, no new arguments may be raised in the reply briefs. Reply briefs may contain new cita- tions to the record and legal authority as to issues previously raised.	
	10.	A preliminary judgment shall be issued based on the briefing of the interested parties. The preliminary judgment will be sent to the requestor, the district, and all interested parties. If it is determined that a district is not likely to prevail on the is- sue of a request for the placement of video cameras or the is- sue of a request to view a video under full review, the district will fully comply with Education Code 29.022.	
	11.	After a preliminary judgment is made, a final judgment will be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in 19 Administrative Code 103.1303(b)(1)–(5) (the Denial of Request Review process).	
	19	TAC 103.1303(b)	
Extension of Time	A request by a district for an extension of time to begin the opera- tion of a video camera under Education Code 29.022 shall be made and decided using the following procedures.		
Request	Any request by a district for an extension of time to begin the oper- ation of a video camera shall be filed with the commissioner prior to the 45th school business day after a request to begin operating a video camera is received. However, a district should request an extension of time as soon as it determines that an extension of time should be filed.		
	can The mad the for que dres add "Yo	equest for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video hera shall specify why an extension of time should be granted. a request shall include affidavits supporting any factual claims de in the request and reference any legal authority as to why request should be granted. The request may include a request expedited review. The request shall name the individual who re- sted the installation of cameras and provide the individual's ad- ss and telephone number. Immediately following the individual's ress and telephone number there shall appear in bold type: u have been identified as the individual who requested the op- tion of a video camera that is the subject of this request to the	

	commissioner of education to extend the statutory timeline. You may, but are not required to, participate in the proceedings before the commissioner concerning the school district's request for an extension of time. It is entirely up to you whether and to what extent you wish to participate in these proceedings. The procedures governing these proceedings are found at 19 Texas Administrative Code 103.1303(c) and Texas Education Code 29.022."
	A request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera shall list the names, telephone numbers, and addresses of all interested parties to the request. All interested parties include all parents of students in the classroom or other special education set- ting for which a video camera has been requested and all staff who provided services in a classroom for which a video camera has been requested.
Filing Documents	All documents in a case shall be filed with the Division of Hearings and Appeals, Texas Education Agency, 1701 N. Congress Ave., Austin, Texas 78701, facsimile number (512) 475-3662. Docu- ments shall be filed electronically as provided on the division's website or by mail, delivery, or facsimile. All documents must be actually received by the Division of Hearings and Appeals by the date specified in this section. The mailbox rule does not apply to fil- ings in a case filed under this subsection. Electronic filing is strongly encouraged.
	All filings in a case shall be sent to the district, the individual who initially requested the installation of the cameras, and all interested parties who have filed a request to receive documents filed in the case by the same method as the request is filed with the commis- sioner. Due to the requirements of FERPA, the names, telephone numbers, and addresses of parents and other publicly identifiable student information may not be given to the interested parties. The copies of the filings sent to interested parties shall be redacted to remove all personally identifiable student information.
Filing Responses	Any response to a request for an extension of time to begin the op- eration of a video camera shall be filed with the commissioner by an interested party within ten calendar days of the filing of the re- quest. If no response to the request is timely filed, the commis- sioner shall issue a final decision within 20 calendar days of the fil- ing of the request.
	A response to a request for an extension of time to begin the oper- ation of a video camera shall specify why an extension of time should or should not be granted. The response shall include affi- davits concerning any factual claims made in the request and refer- ence any legal authority as to why the request should or should not

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be granted. The response may include a request for expedited review.

Expedited A request for expedited review must be filed with the commissioner Review within ten calendar days of the filing of the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera. If a request for expedited review is made, all interested parties shall be notified that they have been identified as interested parties in the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera. In particular, the interested parties will be informed that it is their choice whether to participate in the proceedings before the commissioner, that it is entirely up to them to determine to what extent they wish to participate in the proceedings, that the procedures governing these proceedings are found in 19 Administrative Code 103.1303 and Education Code 29.022, and that upon their written request filed with the commissioner they will be sent all filings in this case.

> If a request for an expedited review is not made, the commissioner shall issue a final decision within 45 calendar days of the filing of the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera, unless the commissioner determines that an evidentiary hearing would be helpful in deciding the issues raised. If the commissioner decides to hold an evidentiary hearing, the commissioner shall establish the timelines and procedures to be used. Whether to conduct the hearing by telephone or other electronic methods will be considered.

> If a request for expedited review is made, the following procedures shall be followed:

- 1. Any reply by the district to any response to the request shall be filed with the commissioner within 25 calendar days of the filing of the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera.
- 2. A preliminary judgment shall be made by the commissioner within 35 calendar days of the filing of the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera.
- Any interested party or the district may file objections to the preliminary judgment within 40 calendar days of the filing of the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera.
- 4. Any reply to an objection to a preliminary judgment must be filed within 45 calendar days of the filing of a request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera.

- 5. The commissioner shall issue a final decision within 55 calendar days of the filing of the request for an extension of time to begin the operation of a video camera, unless the commissioner determines that an evidentiary hearing would be helpful in deciding the issues raised. If the commissioner decides to hold an evidentiary hearing, the commissioner shall establish the timelines and procedures to be used. Whether to conduct the hearing by telephone or other electronic methods will be considered.
- *Commissioner Consideration* In making either a preliminary judgment or a final judgment under this subsection, the commissioner will consider whether granting the requested extension is reasonable considering all factors, including contracting statutes, architectural and structural issues, and the difference in costs to the district if a moderate extension of time is granted.
- *No Appeal* A commissioner's final decision under this provision is not subject to appeal.

19 TAC 103.1303(c)

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SER	VICE	S ANI	D INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)
Designing and Implementing Services	asse plen struc the s	essme nent a ctiona stude	shall use student performance data from state bate ant instruments and achievement tests to design appropriate compensatory, intensive, or accelerat I services for students in the district's schools that ints to perform at grade level at the conclusion of school term. <i>Education Code 29.081(a)</i>	and im- ed in- at enable
			CA for information regarding acceleration instructed learning committees.]	tion and
Intensive Program of Instruction State Assessments	who men fifth	does It or is schoo	shall offer an intensive program of instruction to a not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment not likely to receive a high school diploma befor of year following the student's enrollment in grade ed by the district.	instru- e the
	The	progr	am shall be designed to:	
	1.	Enal	ple the student to:	
		a.	To the extent practicable, perform at the student level at the conclusion of the next regular schoo	-
		b.	Attain a standard of annual growth specified by and reported by the district to TEA; and	a district
	2.	•	plicable, carry out the purposes of Education Cod 211. [See EIE]	le
Students Receiving Special Education Services	satis ucat	sfacto ion C	dent in a special education program who does no rily on an assessment instrument administered u ode 39.023(a), (b), or (c), the student's admission dismissal committee shall design the program to	nder Ed- n, re-
	1.	the b	ble the student to attain a standard of annual grou basis of the student's individualized education pro); and	
	2.		plicable, carry out the purposes of Education Coc 211. [See EIE]	le
Use of State Funds	tens struc	ive pr	shall use funds appropriated by the legislature for ogram of instruction to plan and implement inten and other activities aimed at helping a student sa local high school graduation requirements.	sive in-
No Cause of Action	prog	ram o	s determination of the appropriateness of an inter of instruction for a student is final and does not cr action.	
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.0213	

Brownsville ISD 031901			
SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SER	VICE	S AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)
Compensatory Education Allotment Census Block	in a port enro	a schedule determined by the commissioner of education ccordance with Education Code 48.104, each district sh to the agency the census block group in which each st colled in the district who is educationally disadvantaged r incation Code 48.104(i)	all re- udent
Use		east 55 percent of the district's compensatory education at be used to:	funds
	1.	Fund supplemental programs and services, including provided by an instructional coach, designed to elimin disparity in performance on assessment instruments a tered under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter parity in the rates of high school completion between:	ate any Idminis-
		a. Students who are educationally disadvantaged a dents who are not educationally disadvantaged;	
		 Students at risk of dropping out of school, as def low, and all other students; or 	ned be-
	2.	Support a program eligible under Title I of the Elemen Secondary Education Act of 1965 [see AID], and its su quent amendments, and by federal regulations implen that Act.	ubse-
	Edu	cation Code 48.104(k)	
Dropout Prevention Strategies	sior mar cati	strict with a high dropout rate, as determined by the corner, shall submit a plan to the commissioner describing to nner in which the district intends to use its compensator on allotment for developing and implementing research- tegies for dropout prevention.	he y edu-
	sch	strict shall submit the plan not later than December 1 of ool year preceding the school year in which the district v e the compensatory education allotment to which the pl s.	will re-
	dist	strict may not spend or obligate more than 25 percent or rict's compensatory education allotment unless the com ner approves the plan.	
	A di	strict's plan shall:	
	1.	Design a dropout recovery plan that includes career a nology education courses or technology applications of that lead to industry or career certification;	

	2.	strat	grate into the dropout recovery plan research-based tegies to assist students in becoming able academically to sue postsecondary education, including:
		a.	High-quality, college readiness instruction with strong academic and social supports;
		b.	Secondary to postsecondary bridging that builds college readiness skills, provides a plan for college completion, and ensures transition counseling; and
		C.	Information concerning appropriate supports available in the first year of postsecondary enrollment to ensure postsecondary persistence and success, to the extent funds are available for the purpose; and
	3.	inclu	n to offer advanced academic and transition opportunities, uding dual credit courses and college preparatory courses, n as advanced placement courses.
	acco		may enter into a partnership with a public junior college in ce with Education Code 29.402 [see GNC] in order to ful-
	•		ram designed to fulfill a plan must comply with the re- ts of Education Code 29.081(e) and (f).
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.918
Reporting	the s School to st Cod Guid for p	state ool Pl anda e 109 de). C progra	shall report financial information relating to expenditure of compensatory education allotment under the Foundation rogram to the Texas Education Agency (TEA), according rds for financial accounting provided in 19 Administrative 0.41 (relating to <i>Financial Accountability System Resource</i> costs charged to state compensatory education shall be ams and services that supplement the regular education <i>19 TAC 109.25(a)</i>
	attril are sum tain cost also iden lishe	buted identi mary docu s anc mair tifical ed in l	shall ensure that supplemental direct costs and personnel to compensatory education and accelerated instruction fied in district and/or campus improvement plans at the level for financial units or campuses. A district shall main- mentation that supports the attribution of supplemental d personnel to compensatory education. A district must nation sufficient documentation supporting the appropriate tion of students in at-risk situations, under criteria estab- Education Code 29.081 [see At-Risk Student, below]. <i>19</i> <i>25(b)</i>

Brownsville ISD 031901				
SPECIAL PROGRAMS		ES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)	
Educationally Disadvantaged Students Student Eligibility	cou sua req	To be considered educationally disadvantaged in order to be counted to generate the compensatory education allotment pur- suant to Education Code 48.104, a student must meet the income requirements for eligibility under the National School Lunch Pro- gram (NSLP), authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.		
	of r	tricts may use the following approved methods for the eceiving the compensatory education allotment pursuation Code 48.104:	• •	
	1.	Parent certification, where the parent or guardian as meeting the income requirements for eligibility;	serts	
	2.	Direct certification, where the process by which eligi dren are certified for free meals without the need for hold application based on household participation in more federal assistance programs; or	a house-	
	3.	Direct verification, where public records are used to student's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals w cation of student eligibility is required.		
	19	TAC 61.1027(a)		
Virtual School Network	clai sta var enh net	tricts must request prior approval from the commission m students receiving a full-time virtual education throut the virtual school network in their counts of educational staged students. The request must include a plan deta nanced services to be delivered to full-time state virtual work students and submitted in a manner and with a c ecified by the commissioner. <i>19 TAC 61.1027(b)(3)(B)</i>	ugh the ly disad- iling the I school	
At-Risk Student		udent at risk of dropping out of school" includes each s o is under 26 years of age and who:	student	
	1.	Except as provided by TEA rule or if retained in pre- garten under Education Code 28.02124 [see EIE], w advanced from one grade level to the next for one o school years, unless the student did not advance fro prekindergarten or kindergarten to the next grade le as a result of the request of the student's parent;	vas not r more om	
	2.	If the student is in grades 7–12, did not maintain an equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more su the foundation curriculum during a semester in the p	bjects in	

equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding or current school year, or is not maintaining such an average in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the current semester;

- 3. Did not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument and who has not in the previous or current school year subsequently performed on that instrument or another appropriate instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of the level of satisfactory performance on that instrument;
- If the student is in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or grades 1–3, did not perform satisfactorily on a readiness test or assessment instrument administered during the current school year;
- 5. Is pregnant or is a parent;
- 6. Has been placed in a DAEP in accordance with Education Code 37.006 during the preceding or current school year;
- Has been expelled in accordance with Education Code 37.007 during the preceding or current school year;
- 8. Is currently on parole, probation, deferred prosecution, or other conditional release;
- Was previously reported through the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out of school;
- 10. Is an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Section 29.052;
- 11. Is in the custody or care of the Department of Family and Protective Services or has, during the current school year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer of the juvenile court, or law enforcement official;
- 12. Is homeless [see FD];
- 13. Resided in the preceding school year or resides in the current school year in a residential placement facility in a district, including a detention facility, substance abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, halfway house, cottage home operation, specialized child-care home, or general residential operation;
- 14. Has been incarcerated, or has a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the student, in a penal institution as defined by Penal Code 1.07; or
- 15. Is enrolled in a district or a campus that is designated as a dropout recovery school under Education Code 39.0548.

Education Code 29.081(d)(1)

Brownsville ISD 031901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SEF	RVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)
	Regardless of the student's age, a student who participal adult education program provided under the adult high so ter school program is considered a "student at risk of dro of high school." <i>Education Code</i> 29.081(d)(2)	chool char-
Local Eligibility Criteria	In addition to students described above, a student who sa cal eligibility criteria adopted by a board may receive com education services. The number of students receiving se der local eligibility criteria during a school year may not e percent of the number of students described above who services from the district during the preceding school year <i>tion Code 29.081(g)</i>	npensatory rvices un- xceed ten received
Dropout Recovery Education Programs	A district may use a private or public community-based d covery education program to provide alternative education grams for students at risk of dropping out of school. The may be offered at a campus or through the use of an onli gram that leads to a high school diploma and prepares th to enter the workforce. A campus-based dropout recovery tion program must meet the criteria set forth at Education 29.081(e-1)(1)–(5). An online dropout recovery education must meet the criteria set forth at Education (8).	n pro- program ne pro- le student y educa- l Code l program
	Students in attendance at a dropout recovery education p shall be included in a district's average daily attendance t purposes.	•
	Education Code 29.081(e)–(f)	
Communities in Schools	An elementary or secondary school receiving funding unc cation Code 33.156 shall participate in the Communities (CIS) program if the number of students enrolled in the se are at risk of dropping out of school is equal to at least te of the number of students in average daily attendance at school, as determined by TEA. <i>Education Code 33.157</i>	in Schools chool who n percent
Optional Extended Year Program	A district may set aside an amount from the district's comeducation allotment or may apply to the agency for fundir extended year program. <i>Education Code 29.082(a); 19 T 105.1001</i>	ng of an
Optional Flexible Year Program	A district may provide an optional flexible year program (students who did not or are not likely to perform success state assessment instruments or who would not otherwis moted to the next grade level. <i>Education Code 29.0821;</i> 129.1029	fully on e be pro-

Brownsville ISD 031901			
SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SEF	RVICE	S AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)
Optional Flexible School Day Program	арр	withstanding Education Code 25.081 or 25.082, a dist ly to the commissioner to provide a flexible school day SDP) for students who:	•
	1.	Have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping school as defined by Education Code 29.081;	g out of
	2.	Attend a campus that is implementing an innovative of the campus or an early college high school under approved by the commissioner; or	-
	3.	As a result of attendance requirements under Educa 25.092, will be denied credit for one or more classes the students have been enrolled.	
	Edι	ication Code 29.0822	
		istrict may apply to the commissioner to provide an Ol dents, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 129	
	OF: con plyi	oard must approve the application. The board must in SDP as an item on the regular agenda for a board me npliance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027(h)(2) to ng to operate an OFSDP. The application shall include nation described in 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.	eting in before ap- e the in-
	19	TAC 129.1027(c)	
Tutorial Services	trict gra lent	istrict may provide tutorial services at district schools. provides tutorial services, it shall require a student wild de in a subject for a reporting period is lower than the of 70 on a scale of 100 to attend tutorials. [See EC for as on loss of class time.]	hose equiva-
	den	istrict may provide transportation services to accomments who are required to attend tutorials and who are eli ular transportation.	
	Edι	ucation Code 29.084	
Basic Skills Programs	pro ficie gra	istrict may apply to the commissioner for funding of bag grams for students in grade 9 who are at risk of not ea ent credit or who have not earned sufficient credit to a de 10 and who fail to meet minimum skills levels estab commissioner.	arning suf- dvance to
		h the consent of a student's parent or guardian, a distign a student to the basic skills program.	rict may

A basic skills program may not exceed 210 instructional days and must meet the requirements set forth at Education Code 29.086.

Education Code 29.086(a)

After-School and Summer Intensive Mathematics and Science Programs A district may provide an intensive after-school program or an intensive program during the period that school is recessed for the summer to provide mathematics and science instruction to:

- 1. Students who are not performing at grade level in mathematics or science to assist those students in performing at grade level;
- Students who are not performing successfully in a mathematics course or science course to assist those students in successfully completing the course; or
- 3. Other students as determined by the district.

Before providing a program, a board must adopt a policy for:

- 1. Determining student eligibility for participating in the program that:
 - a. Prescribes the grade level or course a student must be enrolled in to be eligible; and
 - b. Provides for considering teacher recommendations in determining eligibility;
- 2. Ensuring that parents of or persons standing in parental relation to eligible students are provided notice of the program;
- 3. Ensuring that eligible students are encouraged to attend the program;
- Ensuring that the program is offered at one or more locations in the district that are easily accessible to eligible students; and
- 5. Measuring student progress on completion of the program.

Education Code 29.088, .090; 19 TAC 102.1041

Mentoring ServicesA district may provide a mentoring services program to students at
risk of dropping out of school. A board may arrange for any public
or nonprofit community-based organization to come to the district's
schools and implement the program.

A board shall obtain the consent of a student's parent or guardian before allowing the student to participate in the program.

Education Code 29.089

Brownsville ISD 031901				
SPECIAL PROGRAMS COMPENSATORY SERV	VICES	S ANI	D INTENSIVE PROGRAMS	EHBC (LEGAL)
Accelerated Reading Instruction Program	gram cienc grad sults ties.	n that cies t e wh [see	shall implement an accelerated reading instructio provides reading instruction that addresses read o each student in kindergarten, first grade, or sec o is determined, on the basis of reading instrume EKC], to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading of district shall determine the form, content, and timi am.	ing defi- cond nt re- difficul-
	tion f	to ea EKC	shall provide additional reading instruction and in ch student given the seventh grade reading asses], as appropriate to improve the student's reading ant areas identified through the assessment instru	ssment I skills in
	Educ	catior	n Code 28.006(g), (g-1)	
College Preparatory Courses	catio	n to o tics a	rict shall partner with at least one institution of hig develop and provide courses in college preparato nd English language arts. The courses must be c	ory math-
	1.	For	students at the 12th grade level whose performar	ice on:
		a.	An end-of-course assessment instrument require Education Code 39.023(c) does not meet college ness standards; or	
		b.	Coursework, a college entrance examination, or sessment instrument designated under Educatio 51.334 [Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessme cates that the student is not ready to perform en college coursework; and	on Code ent] indi-
	2.	To p ses.	repare students for success in entry-level college	e cour-
	ing t prov	he co ided ⁻	must be provided on the campus of the high scho purse or through distance learning or as an online through an institution of higher education with wh rtners.	course
Faculty	priat distri	e fac ict pa	te faculty of each high school offering courses ar ulty of each institution of higher education with wh rtners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensur rse is aligned with college readiness expectations	nich the e that
Notice		ent's	rict shall provide a notice to each eligible student parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enro	
Credit Earned			who successfully completes an English language ay use the credit earned toward satisfying the adv	
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	English language arts curriculum requirement for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A stu- dent who successfully completes a mathematics course may use the credit earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced mathematics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 after completion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(2).
Dual Credit	A course may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- tution of higher education with which a district partners. [See EHDD]
Instructional Materials	Each district, in consultation with each institution of higher educa- tion with which the district partners, shall develop or purchase in- structional materials for a course consistent with Education Code Chapter 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- sources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.
	Education Code 28.014
End-of-Course Exam	A student enrolled in a college preparatory mathematics or English language arts course under Education Code 28.014 who satisfies the TSI college readiness benchmarks on an assessment instru- ment administered at the end of the course satisfies the require- ments concerning and is exempt from the administration of the Al- gebra I or the English I and English II end-of-course assessment instruments, as applicable, as prescribed by Education Code 39.023(c) [see EKB], even if the student did not perform satisfacto- rily on a previous administration of the applicable end-of-course as- sessment instrument. A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the assessment instrument may retake that assessment instru- ment or may take the appropriate end-of-course assessment in- strument. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(<i>a</i> -1)

Accelerated Instruction in Grades 3–8	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state as- sessment instrument in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade [see EKB], the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area during the subsequent summer or school year and either:				
	1.	Allow the student to be assigned a classroom teacher who is certified as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under the local optional teacher designation system [see DEAA] for the subsequent school year in the applicable subject area; or			
	2.	Provide the student supplemental instruction under Education Code 28.0211(a-4) [see below].			
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(a-1)			
Participation Requirements	Supplemental accelerated instruction may require a student to par- ticipate before or after normal school hours and may include partic- ipation at times of the year outside normal school operations. 19 TAC 104.1001(c)				
	stud in th	oviding accelerated instruction, a district may not remove a ent, except under circumstances for which a student enrolled e same grade level who is not receiving accelerated instruction ld be removed, from:			
	1.	Instruction in the foundation curriculum and enrichment cur- riculum adopted under Education Code 28.002 [see EHA se- ries] for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; or			
	2.	Recess or other physical activity that is available to other stu- dents enrolled in the same grade level.			
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(a-3)			
	mati ricul sis c heal stan taini cide educ	foundation curriculum includes English language arts, mathe- cs, science, and social studies. Courses in the enrichment cur- um include languages other than English; health, with empha- on physical health, proper nutrition, and exercise; mental th, including instruction about mental health conditions, sub- ce abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and main- ng positive relationships, and responsible decision making; sui- prevention; physical education; fine arts; career and technical cation; technology applications; religious literature; and per- al financial literacy.			
	the s	e event that a school week is three or less instructional days, school is exempt from meeting the requirement of meeting e per week for supplemental accelerated instruction. [See Sup-			

Instruction

Certain Funding

COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMS ACCELERATED INSTRUCTION

plemental Instruction Requirements for Certain Funding, item 3, below.]

19 TAC 104.1001(c)

ARD Committee For a student served by special education who does not perform Determination satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(a) [see EKB], the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee must determine the manner in which the student will engage in supplemental accelerated instruction. ARD committees must consider the individual needs of a student with a disability when determining the manner in which supplemental accelerated instruction is to be provided to the student. If supplemental accelerated instruction is to be provided to the student, the supplemental accelerated instruction must meet the requirements outlined in this subsection unless the ARD committee specifically determines that some or all of the requirements for supplemental accelerated instruction would deny the student access to a FAPE. 19 TAC 104.1001(b)(3) Supplemental If a district receives funding under Education Code 29.0881, the

Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Requirements for Act, 2021 (Div. M, Pub. L. No. 116-260), or the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Pub. L. No. 117-2), then supplemental instruction provided by a district must:

- 1. Include targeted instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for the applicable grade levels and subject area;
- 2. Be provided in addition to instruction normally provided to students in the grade level in which the student is enrolled;
- 3. Be provided for no less than 30 total hours during the subsequent summer or school year and, unless the instruction is provided fully during summer, include instruction no less than once per week during the school year;
- 4. Be designed to assist the student in achieving satisfactory performance in the applicable grade level and subject area;
- 5. Include effective instructional materials designed for supplemental instruction;
- 6. Be provided to a student individually or in a group of no more than three students, unless the parent or guardian of each student in the group authorizes a larger group;
- 7. Be provided by a person with training in the applicable instructional materials for the supplemental instruction and under the oversight of the district; and

	8.	To the extent possible, be provided by one person for the en- tirety of the student's supplemental instruction period.		
	Edι	ıcation Code 28.0211(a-4)		
Supplemental Accelerated Instruction Requirements	limit for t by a the of th prov vidu	pplemental accelerated instruction shall be based on, but not ted to, targeted instruction in the essential knowledge and skills the applicable grade levels and subject areas and be provided a person with training in the applicable instructional materials for supplemental accelerated instruction and under the oversight he school district. Supplemental accelerated instruction shall be vided as outlined in items 2–5 and 8 (above), to a student indi- ually or in a group of no more than three students, unless the ent or guardian of each student in the group authorizes a larger up. <i>19 TAC 104.1001(d)</i>		
Transportation	prog the	istrict shall provide students required to attend the accelerated grams described above with transportation to those programs if programs occur outside of regular school hours. <i>Education de 28.0211(j)</i>		
Notice to Parents of Performance and Accelerated Instruction	the the prov und	enever a district is required to notify a parent or guardian about requirements related to promotion and accelerated instruction, district shall make a good-faith effort to ensure that the notice is vided either in person or by regular mail, is clear and easy to erstand, and is written in English or in the parent or guardian's ve language. <i>Education Code 28.0211(h)</i>		
Assessments Not Required	fifth cati	ication Code 28.0211 does not require the administration of a or eighth grade assessment instrument in a subject under Edu- on Code 39.023(a) to a student enrolled in the fifth or eighth de, as applicable, if the student:		
	1.	Is enrolled in a course in the subject intended for students above the student's grade level and will be administered an assessment instrument adopted or developed under Educa- tion Code 39.023(a) [see EKB] that aligns with the curriculum for the course in which the student is enrolled; or		
	2.	Is enrolled in a course in the subject for which the student will receive high school academic credit and will be administered an end-of-course (EOC) assessment instrument [see EKB] for the course.		
	Notwithstanding any other provision of Education Code 28.0211, the student may not be denied promotion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument not required to be administered to the student, nor may a student in grade 5 or grade 8 be denied promotion to the next grade on the basis of fail-			

	ure to perform satisfactorily on a reading or mathematics assess- ment instrument intended for use above the student's grade level.
	Education Code 28.0211(o)–(p)
Accelerated Instruction After EOC Assessments	A district shall provide accelerated instruction to an enrolled stu- dent who has taken an EOC assessment instrument and has not performed satisfactorily or who is at risk of dropping out of school.
	A district shall offer before the next scheduled administration of the assessment instrument, without cost to the student, additional accelerated instruction to each student in any subject in which the student failed to perform satisfactorily on an end-of-course assessment instrument required for graduation.
	A district that is required to provide accelerated instruction must separately budget sufficient funds for that purpose. [See CE]
	A district shall evaluate the effectiveness of accelerated instruction programs and annually hold a public hearing to consider the results.
	Education Code 29.081(b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-3), 39.025(b-1)
	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assess- ment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c), the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area.
	Accelerated instruction may require participation of the student be- fore or after normal school hours and may include participation at times of the year outside normal school operations and must com- ply with the requirements for accelerated instruction provided un- der Education Code 28.0211 [see above].
	Education Code 28.0217
Effectiveness	A district shall evaluate and document the effectiveness of the ac- celerated instruction in reducing any disparity in performance on state assessment instruments or disparity in the rates of high school completion between students at risk of dropping out of school and all other district students. <i>Education Code 29.081(c)</i>
No Available Test Score	The superintendent of each district shall establish procedures to ensure that each eligible student who is absent or does not receive a test score for any test administration shall receive appropriate supplemental accelerated instruction as warranted on an individual student basis.19 TAC 104.1001(b)(4)

Accelerated Learning Committee	A district shall establish an accelerated learning committee for each student who does not perform satisfactorily on the following state assessment instruments [see EKB]:		
	1. The third grade mathematics or reading assessment;		
	2. The fifth grade mathematics or reading assessment; or		
	3. The eighth grade mathematics or reading assessment.		
	Education Code 28.0211(a)		
Composition	The accelerated learning committee shall be composed of the prin- cipal or the principal's designee, the student's parent or guardian, and the teacher of the subject of an assessment instrument on which the student failed to perform satisfactorily. The district shall notify the parent or guardian of the time and place for convening the accelerated learning committee and the purpose of the commit- tee. <i>Education Code 28.0211(c)</i>		
	If a student is changing campuses, the committee must include the receiving principal or designee, the sending principal or designee, the receiving content teacher or designee, and the sending content teacher or designee. <i>19 TAC 104.1001(e)(1)</i>		
Educational Plan	An accelerated learning committee shall, not later than the start of the subsequent school year, develop an educational plan for the student that provides the necessary accelerated instruction to en- able the student to perform at the appropriate grade level by the conclusion of the school year. The educational plan must be docu- mented in writing, and a copy must be provided to the student's parent or guardian.		
	During the school year, the student shall be monitored to ensure that the student is progressing in accordance with the educational plan. The district shall administer to the student the assessment in- strument for the grade level in which the student is placed at the time the district regularly administers the assessment instruments for that school year.		
	The board shall adopt a policy consistent with the grievance proce- dure adopted under Education Code 26.011 [see FNG] to allow a parent to contest the content or implementation of an educational plan.		
	Education Code 28.0211(f)–(f-3)		
Failure in a Subsequent School Year	If a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment fails in the subsequent school year to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument in the same subject, the superintendent, or the superintendent's		

	designee, shall meet with the student's accelerated learning mittee to:	
	. Identify the reason the student did not perform satisfactorily and	,
	2. Determine, in order to ensure the student performs satisfact rily on the assessment instrument at the next administration the assessment instrument, whether the educational plan de veloped for the student must be modified to provide the nec essary accelerated instruction for that student and any addi- tional resources are required for that student.	n of e- ⊱
	The superintendent's designee may be an employee of a regional education service center and may not be a person who served on the student's accelerated learning committee.	
	Education Code 28.0211(f-4)–(f-5)	
ARD Determination for Grades 3, 5, and 8	The ARD committee of a student who does not perform satisfactorially on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment nust meet to determine the manner in which the student will part pate in an accelerated instruction program. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(i)	
<i>Students Who Meet Criteria for the Alternative Assessment</i>	The ARD committee must serve as the accelerated learning committee for students who meet the criteria for participation in alternative assessment instruments under Education Code 39.023(b) [see KB], who do not perform satisfactorily on a mathematics or reacing assessment instrument in grade 3, 5, or 8. The ARD committee nust determine the manner in which the student will participate in supplemental accelerated instruction; however, the requirements or supplemental accelerated instruction described by 19 Administrative Code 104.1001(b) do not apply.	na- ee d- ee n
ARD Committee Responsibilities	In serving as the accelerated learning committee for a student served by special education, the ARD committee must meet and levelop a plan [see Education Plan, above] to determine the man ser in which the student will participate in supplemental acceler- ted instruction, and this meeting must include the required mem sers of a properly constituted ARD committee [see EHBAB].	n-
	When the ARD committee for a student served by special educa- tion serves as the accelerated learning committee, efforts must b aken to ensure parental participation as specified within the re- juirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) and 34 Code o rederal Regulations 300.322 [see EHBAB].	e
	The ARD committee, serving as the accelerated learning commit	-

Brownsville ISD 031901			
COMPENSATORY SERVICES AND INTENSIVE PROGRAMSEHBCAACCELERATED INSTRUCTION(LEGAL			
	instruction in writing and a copy must be provided to the s parent or guardian. This documentation may either be inc ARD deliberations or as a supplemental attachment to the dent's individualized education program.	luded in	
Dispute Resolution	A parent or guardian of a student served by special educa use a dispute resolution mechanism specified in 19 Admin Code 89.1150 [see EHBAE] to resolve any dispute betwe parent and a public education agency relating to the ident evaluation, or educational placement of or the provision of appropriate public education (FAPE) to a student with a d a parent or guardian of a student served by special educat not agree with the decision of the ARD committee serving accelerated learning committee regarding supplemental a ated instruction, the parent or guardian may follow the dis- grievance policy [see FNG].	nistrative en the ification, f a free isability. If ation does as the acceler-	
	19 TAC 104.1001(f)		
Parent Request	Each district shall establish a process allowing for the par guardian of a student who fails to perform satisfactorily or fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment to make quest for district consideration that the student be assigned particular classroom teacher in the applicable subject area subsequent school year, if more than one classroom teac available. <i>Education Code 28.0211(a-5); 19 TAC 104.100</i>	n a third, e a re- ed to a a for the her is	
Classroom Assignment	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth eighth grade math or reading assessment and is promote next grade level must be assigned in the subsequent sche in each subject in which the student failed to perform satis on the applicable assessment instrument to an appropriat fied teacher who meets all state and federal qualifications that subject and grade.	d to the ool year sfactorily ely certi-	
	In a manner consistent with federal law and notwithstandi other law, the commissioner may waive the requirement r the assignment of a student to an appropriately certified c teacher on the request of a district.	egarding	
	Education Code 29 0211(n) (n 1)		

Education Code 28.0211(n)–(n-1)

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS OTHER SPECIAL POPI	EHB JLATIONS (LEGA			
	Students who are deaf or hard of hearing must have an education in which their unique communication mode is respected, used, an developed to an appropriate level of proficiency. <i>Education Code</i> 29.303			
Personnel	A student who is deaf or hard of hearing must have an education which teachers, psychologists, speech therapists, progress asses sors, administrators, and others involved in education understand the unique nature of deafness and the hard-of-hearing condition. A teacher of deaf or hard-of-hearing students either must be profi- cient in appropriate language modes or use an interpreter certified in appropriate language modes if certification is available. Regular and special personnel who work with students who are deaf or hard of hearing must be adequately prepared to provide educa- tional instruction and services to those students.	s- A d		
	The district shall employ or provide access to appropriate qualified staff with proficient communications skills, consistent with creden- tialing requirements, to fulfill the responsibilities of the district and shall make positive efforts to employ qualified individuals with dis- abilities.	-		
	Education Code 29.304			
Involvement of Others	Students who are deaf or hard of hearing must have an education in which parents or legal guardians and advocates for parents or legal guardians are involved in determining the extent, content, ar purpose of programs. Other individuals may be involved at the dis cretion of parents or legal guardians or the district. <i>Education Cod</i> 29.306	nd S-		
	Students who are deaf or hard of hearing shall be given the opportunity to be exposed to deaf or hard-of-hearing role models. <i>Eduction Code</i> 29.307			
Advisory Committee	If the district has students who are deaf or hard of hearing, it shall include in its local special education advisory committee persons who are deaf or hard of hearing and parents or students who are deaf or hard of hearing, if practicable. <i>Education Code 29.309</i>	ĺ		
Assessment	The district shall not discriminate on the basis of race, culture, or sex when selecting and administering procedures and materials for assessment and placement of students who are deaf or hard of hearing. <i>Education Code 29.310(a)</i>	or		
Placement	A single assessment instrument may not be the sole criterion for determining the placement of a student who is deaf or hard of hearing. <i>Education Code 29.310(b)</i>			
	Procedures and materials for the assessment and placement of a student who is deaf or hard of hearing shall be in the student's preferred mode of communication. All other procedures and materials	e-		
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SPECIAL PROGRAMS OTHER SPECIAL POPU	EHI JLATIONS (LEGA		
	used with any student who is deaf or hard of hearing and who ha limited English proficiency shall be in the student's preferred mod of communication. <i>Education Code 29.310(c)</i>		
Deaf or Hard-of- Hearing Programs	Programs for students who are deaf or hard of hearing must be or ordinated with other public and private agencies, including agen- cies operating early childhood intervention programs, preschools agencies operating child development programs, nonpublic non- sectarian schools, agencies operating regional occupational cen- ters and programs, and the Texas School for the Deaf. The pro- grams must also be coordinated with postsecondary and adult programs for persons who are deaf or hard of hearing. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 29.311</i>	- -	
Counseling	Appropriate psychological counseling services for a student who deaf or hard of hearing shall be made available at the student's school site in the student's primary mode of communication. Ap- propriate auditory systems shall be used with students who are hard of hearing, if required by the admission, review, and dismiss (ARD) committee. <i>Education Code 29.312</i>		
Evaluation	The district must provide continuous evaluation of the effectivener of programs for students who are deaf or hard of hearing. If pract cable, the evaluations shall follow program excellence indicators established by TEA. <i>Education Code 29.313</i>	ti-	
Transition to Regular Class	In addition to satisfying requirements under state and federal law for vocational training, the district shall develop and implement a transition plan for transition of students who are deaf or hard of hearing into a regular class program if the students are to be tran ferred from a special class or center or from a nonpublic, nonsec tarian school into a regular class for any part of the school day. The transition plan must provide for activities to integrate the stu- dents into the regular education program and to support the transition of the students from the special education program into the regular education program. <i>Education Code 29.314</i>	1S- - -	
Regional Day School Programs for the Deaf	In accordance with Education Code 30.081 through 30.087, a district shall have access to regional day school programs for the dependent by districts at sites previously established by the State Board of Education. Any student who is deaf or hard of hearing with a disability that severely impairs processing linguistic information through hearing, even with recommended amplification, and that adversely affects educational performance shall be eligible for consideration for the Regional Day School Program for the Deaf, subject to the ARD committee recommendations. <i>19 TAC 89.108</i>	eaf a- or	

Brownsville ISD 031901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADULT AND COMMUNITY EDUCATION		EHBI (LEGAL)
Adult Education	A district must provide an adult education program desig meet the education and training needs of adults to the ex- sible using available public and private resources. Bilingu- tion must be used to instruct students who do not functio torily in English whenever it is appropriate for those stude optimum development. <i>Labor Code 315.003</i>	ktent pos- ual educa- n satisfac-
Essential Program Components	An Adult Education and Literacy (AEL) grant recipient sh that essential program components are provided as outli grant application for statewide AEL funds, which include ponents described by 40 Administrative Code 805.4. 40	ned in the the com-
Staff Qualifications	AEL instructional aides, administrative, data entry, procto and staff providing support or employment services to stu shall have at least a high school diploma or a high school lency certificate. AEL directors, supervisors, and staff that program assessment services and/or overall program ac ity, and instructors in the content areas of reading, writing matics, and English language acquisition, including subs shall possess at least a bachelor's degree.	udents Il equiva- at oversee countabil- g, mathe-
	Requests for exemptions for staff qualification requireme vidual cases may be submitted to the Texas Workforce C sion for approval. The exemption shall include a justificat ing extenuating circumstances and shall be submitted an approved prior to an individual being placed in the position tion.	Commis- tion outlin- id
Professional Development	The district shall comply with the program requirements f sional development in accordance with 40 Administrative 805.21.	
	Records of staff qualifications and professional developm be maintained by each grant recipient and shall be availa monitoring.	
	40 TAC 805.21	
Tuition and Fees	Tuition and fees shall not be charged unless a district is a authorized to do so. Funds generated by tuition and fees used for the AEL instructional programs and must be exp fore federal and state grant funds, in accordance with 2 (Federal Regulations 200.305(b)(5). <i>40 TAC 805.45</i>	shall be bended be-
Reimbursement for Community Education	If a board elects to provide community education for all a groups, it may be eligible for reimbursement for the costs program. In order to receive reimbursement, it must subr plication in accordance with TEA rules and reimburseme made to the extent authorized.	of the nit an ap-

SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADULT AND COMMUNITY EDUCATION

EHBI (LEGAL)

Conditions A district will receive such reimbursement only if it has achieved the level of community services prescribed by TEA in the current or preceding year.

Education Code 29.256

SPECIAL PROGRAMS INNOVATIVE AND MAGNET PROGRAMS

Innovative Courses	A district may offer innovative courses to enable students to master knowledge, skills, and competencies not included in the essential knowledge and skills of the required curriculum. Applications shall not be approved if the proposed course significantly duplicates the content of a Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS)-based course or can reasonably be taught within an existing TEKS-based course.
	To request approval for an innovative course from the State Board of Education or the commissioner, a district or organization must submit a request for approval at least six months before planned implementation. The request must address the elements listed at 19 Administrative Code $74.27(a)(4)$.
	To request approval from the commissioner for a career and tech- nical education innovative course, the applying school district or or- ganization must submit with its request for approval evidence that the course is aligned with state and/or regional labor market data.
	To request approval of a new innovative course, the applying dis- trict or organization must submit with its request for approval evi- dence that the course has been successfully piloted in its entirety in at least one school in the state of Texas.
	With the approval of the board, a district may offer, without modifi- cations, any state-approved innovative course.
	19 TAC 74.27(a)(3)–(7)
Magnet Schools or Programs	A district may operate a magnet program, academy, or other inno- vative program to serve student populations with specialized inter- ests and aptitudes. <i>19 TAC 74.22(b)</i>

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ACADEMIC ACHIEVEN	IENT (LEG	EI GAL)
Award of Credit	The award of credit for a course affirms that a student has satisfied torily met state and local requirements. Any course for which creatis awarded must be provided according to 19 TAC 74.26(a)(1) a (a)(2) [see FDA]. 19 TAC 74.26(a)	edit
Early Award of Credit	A district may offer courses designated for grades 9–12 in earlied grade levels. A course must be considered completed and credit must be awarded if the student has demonstrated achievement meeting the standard requirements of the course, including demonstrated proficiency in the subject matter, regardless of the time to student received instruction in the course or the grade level at which proficiency was attained. The academic achievement received (transcript) shall reflect that students have satisfactorily complet courses at earlier grade levels from grades 9–12 and have been awarded state graduation credits. <i>19 TAC 74.26(b)</i>	it by non- the ord ted
Partial Award	In accordance with a district's local policy, a student who is able successfully complete only half of a course can be awarded cre proportionately. <i>19 TAC 74.26(d)</i>	
	A district shall award credit proportionately to a student who is homeless or in substitute care who successfully completes only half of a course. <i>19 TAC 74.26(e)</i>	
Attendance for Credit or Final Grade	Unless credit is awarded by the attendance committee or regain in accordance with a principal's plan [see FEC], a student in any grade level from kindergarten through grade 12 may not be give credit or a final grade for a class unless the student is in atten- dance for at least 90 percent of the days the class is offered. Ec cation Code 25.092	y en
Homeless or Substitute Care	A district shall adopt a local policy to ensure credit, including proportionate credit, has been awarded appropriately to a student wis homeless or in substitute care for coursework completed prior the student enrolling in or transferring to the district in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.26 (Award of Credit).	who r to
	A district must ensure that student records or transcripts provide by the previous district or charter school are evaluated promptly and are complete, accurate, and up to date.	
	The receiving district must develop, maintain, and regularly upd local records and documentation, including transcripts if applica for a student who is homeless or in substitute care.	
	A district must ensure that the records or transcripts of a studen who is homeless or in substitute care and transferring from out of state, out of country, or a Texas nonpublic school are evaluated and the award of credit is determined in a timely manner, as re- quired by 19 Administrative Code 74.26(a)(2). [See FDA]	of I
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ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

A district must award credit proportionately to a student who is homeless or in substitute care who successfully completes only half of a course. Districts must evaluate the student record upon a student's enrollment and ensure that proportionate credit has been awarded appropriately.

If a district determines that there are courses in which a student was enrolled but for which the student has not earned credit, the district may use a variety of methods to determine whether the student may be eligible for full or proportionate credit for coursework completed. The award of credit must be based on demonstrated proficiency in all state and local requirements for a course in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.26.

A district must provide opportunities for a student who is homeless or in substitute care who enrolls in the district after the start of the school year to be administered credit by examination at any point during the school year, as required by 19 Administrative Code 74.24 (Credit by Examination) [see EHDB and EHDC].

Districts must:

- Develop processes for students who have credit deficits or incomplete coursework that would impede on-time promotion or graduation to earn credit and implement appropriate academic interventions to address any credit deficiencies identified;
- Develop and administer a personal graduation plan in accordance with Education Code 28.0212 (see EIF) for each student in junior high or middle school who is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade 9, as determined by the district, or does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument;
- 3. Review personal graduation plan options with each student entering grade 9 and with that student's parent or guardian as required by Education Code 28.02121 [see EIF]. Before the conclusion of the school year, the student and the student's parent or guardian must confirm and sign a personal graduation plan for the student;
- 4. Ensure that school staff actively engage with the student and the student's parent or guardian, as applicable, to develop a plan to recover credits if the student has credit deficits or incomplete coursework that would impede on-time promotion or graduation; and

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

	tł	comply with Education Code 28.025(i) [see EIF], concerning ne award of diplomas for students who are homeless or in ubstitute care who are in grade 11 or 12.		
	19 TAC 89.1607			
	homel	formation on transition assistance for students who are ess or in substitute care, including enrollment and placement cation programs and courses, see FFC.]		
Graduation Requirements	the stu based Credit ited sc	for courses for high school graduation may be earned only if ident received a grade equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100, upon the essential knowledge and skills of each course. earned toward state graduation requirements in an accred- hool district shall be transferable and must be accepted by her school district in the state. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1), (c)</i>		
Academic Achievement Record	a distri form th	ing guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, ict shall use an academic achievement record (transcript) nat includes student demographics, school data, student and the record of courses and credits earned.		
	acade	cademic achievement record (transcript) shall serve as the mic record for each student and shall be maintained perma- by a district.		
	•	edit earned by a student must be recorded on the academic ement record (transcript), regardless of when the credit was d.		
	of-cou 39.023	ent's performance on a state assessment, including an end- rse assessment instrument required under Education Code B(c) [see EKB], must be included in the student's academic ement record (transcript).		
	ring to quests	s of the record shall be made available to students transfer- another district. A district shall respond promptly to all re- for student records from receiving districts. [See also FD, and FL]		
	Educa	tion Code 28.025(e), 39.023(c-5); 19 TAC 74.5(b)–(d)		
Transcript Seals	have a	nts who complete high school graduation requirements shall attached to the academic achievement record (transcript) a approved by the State Board of Education. <i>19 TAC 74.5(e)</i>		
Endorsement	have t	nts who complete the requirements for an endorsement shall he endorsement clearly indicated on the academic achieve- ecord (transcript).		

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Performance Acknowledgment	Students who earn a performance acknowledgment shall have the performance acknowledgment clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).		
Distinguished Level of Achievement	Students who earn the distinguished level of achievement shall have the distinguished level of achievement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).		
Speech Requirements	Students who demonstrate proficiency in speech as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.11 shall have completion of the speech re- quirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).		
CPR	Students who complete the required instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.38 in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12 shall have completion of the CPR instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).		
Proper Interaction with Peace Officers	Students who complete the required instruction on proper interac- tion with peace officers shall have completion of the instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript). A district shall clearly indicate on the academic achievement record the year in which the instruction was provided to the student.		
Languages Other Than English	Students who satisfy a language other than English graduation credit requirement by successfully completing a dual language immersion program at an elementary school in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12 shall have the credit clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).		
FAFSA/TASFA Completion	A student who completes and submits a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA) or submits the Texas Education Agency-approved opt-out form shall have the completion of the financial aid application requirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record.		
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.5(f)–(m), .11(b), .39(e)		
Notation on Transcript or Diploma	A district shall ensure that each student's official transcript or diploma indicates whether the student has completed or is on schedule to complete:		
	1. The recommended or advanced high school curriculum; or		
	 For a district that is covered by Education Code 56.304(f)(1) (unavailability of courses), the required portion of the recom- mended or advanced high school curriculum offered at the district's high school. 		

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The district must include this information on the student's transcript not later than the end of the student's junior year.

Education Code 56.308

Certificate of Coursework Completion A student who completes all graduation requirements except for required end-of-course assessment instruments may be issued a certificate of coursework completion. The academic achievement record (transcript) shall include a notation of the date a certificate of completion was issued to the student. *19 TAC 74.5(n)* [See FMH for participation in the graduation ceremony.]

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TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

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State Assessment of Academic Skills	Every student receiving instruction in the essential knowledge and skills shall take the appropriate criterion-referenced assessments, as required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B [see Testing in Grades 3–8, below]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a), (c), (f); 19 TAC 101.5</i>
	A student may not receive a high school diploma until the student has performed satisfactorily on end-of-course (EOC) assessment instruments [see End-of-Course Assessments, below]. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(a); 19 TAC 101.4001
Emergent Bilingual Students	In grades 3–12, an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B, shall participate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner rules at 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. <i>Education Code 39.023(I), (m)</i> [See EKBA]
Special Education	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop or adopt appro- priate criterion-referenced alternative assessment instruments to be administered to each student in a special education program for whom a state assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023(a), even with allowable accommodations, would not provide an appropriate measure of student achievement, as deter- mined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, including assessment instruments approved by the commissioner of education that measure growth. The assessment instruments developed or adopted, including the assessment in- struments approved by the commissioner, must, to the extent al- lowed under federal law, provide a district with options for the as- sessment of students.
	TEA may not adopt a performance standard that indicates that a student's performance on the alternate assessment does not meet standards if the lowest level of the assessment accurately represents the student's developmental level as determined by the student's ARD committee.
	The student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allow- able modification is necessary in administering to the student a re- quired EOC assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), and whether the student is required to achieve satisfac- tory performance on an EOC assessment instrument to receive a high school diploma.
	Education Code 39.023(b)–(c), .025(a-4)
Military Dependents	If the student is a military dependent, the district shall incorporate procedures to accept:

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	1.	Exit or EOC exams required for graduation from the sending state;		
	2.	National norm-referenced achievement tests; or		
	3.	Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for gradua- tion in the receiving state.		
	In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a military dependent transferring in his or her senior year, then Education Code 162.002 article VII, section C, shall apply.			
Substitute Passing Standard	nation mitti subs erwi only first lic s send Eac Tex dura	commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more onal norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- ing a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a stitute for achieving a score on an assessment instrument oth- ise required for graduation. The passing standard is available of a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a pub- chool in this state at or above the grade 10 level after an ab- ce of at least two years from the public schools of this state. h passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a as public high school remains applicable to the student for the ation of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any sequent revision of the standard.		
	Edu	cation Code 162.002 art. VII [See EIF]		
Administration	by T tenc	strict shall follow the test administration procedures established TEA in the applicable test administration materials. A superin- tent shall be responsible for administering tests. <i>19 TAC</i> .25, .27		
Schedule	com and Lea any Thu	commissioner shall specify the schedule for testing that is in apliance with Education Code 39.023(c-3) and supports reliable valid assessments. Participation in University Interscholastic gue (UIL) area, regional, or state competitions is prohibited on days on which testing is scheduled between Monday and rsday of the school week in which the primary administration of essment instruments occurs.		
	tion	commissioner may provide alternate dates for the administra- of tests required for a high school diploma to students who are ratory children and who are out of the state.		
	19 1	TAC 101.25		
		request by a district, the commissioner may allow the district to ninister an assessment instrument on the first instructional day		

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	instr	week if administering the assessment instrument on another uctional day would result in a significant administrative burden to specific local conditions. <i>Education Code</i> 39.023(c-3)		
Alternate Test Dates	The commissioner shall consider requests from districts or cam- puses for alternate test dates on a case-by-case basis. Alternate test dates will only be allowed if the campus or district is closed on the day on which testing is scheduled or if there is an exceptional circumstance, defined below, that may affect a district's or cam- pus's ability to administer an assessment or the students' perfor- mance on the assessment.			
	"Exc	eptional circumstances" include:		
	1.	Inclement weather or natural disasters that would cause a dis- trict or campus to be closed or that would cause a small per- centage of students to be in attendance on the day testing is scheduled;		
	2.	Health epidemics that result in a large number of students be- ing absent on the day of testing;		
	3.	Death of a student or school official that may impact student performance; and		
	4.	Sudden emergencies that occur on the day of testing or shortly before testing that may inhibit students from complet- ing the assessments, such as a fire on campus, a bomb threat, an extended power outage, or a water main break.		
	If an alternate test date for primary test administration is approved, the commissioner may prohibit a district or campus from participat- ing in UIL competition on the new test date if that is determined to be in the best interest of the district, campus, and students.			
	19 TAC 101.5003			
Test Administration Training	The commissioner may require training for district employees in- volved in the administration of the assessment instruments. The commissioner may only require for the employee at each district campus who oversees the administration of the assessment instru- ments to annually receive the training. The district employee who oversees test administration on a district campus may, with discre- tion, require other district employees involved in the administration of assessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> 39.0304(a), (b-1)-(b-2)			
Notice to Parents and Students	A superintendent shall be responsible for the following in order to provide timely and full notification of graduation requirements:			

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	1.	Notifying each student and his or her parent or guardian in writing no later than the beginning of the student's seventh-grade year of the testing requirements for graduation;		
	2.	Notifying each student in grades 7–12 new to the district and his or her parent or guardian in writing of the testing require- ments for graduation; and		
	3.	Notifying each student who shall take the tests required for graduation and his or her parent or guardian, as well as out- of-school individuals, of the dates, times, and locations of testing.		
	19 TAC 101.3012			
Testing in Grades 3–8	Except as provided below, all students, other than students who are assessed under Education Code 39.023(b) (alternative assessment instrument) or 39.023(I) (emergent bilingual students) or exempted under Education Code 39.027, shall be assessed in:			
	1.	Mathematics, annually in grades 3–8;		
	2.	Reading, annually in grades 3–8;		
	3.	Social studies in grade 8;		
	4.	Science in grades 5 and 8; and		
	5.	Any other subject and grade required by federal law.		
	Education Code 39.023(a)			
Exception	For purposes of federal accountability, a student shall not be ad- ministered a grade-level assessment if the student:			
	1.	Is enrolled in a course or subject intended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered a grade-level assessment instrument developed under the list above that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area; or		
	2.	Is enrolled in a course for high school credit in a subject in- tended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered an EOC assessment instrument that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area.		
	acce on s mer	For purposes of federal accountability, a grade 3–8 student who is accelerated in mathematics, reading/language arts, or science and on schedule to complete the high school end-of-course assess- ments in that same content area prior to high school shall be as- sessed at least once in high school with the ACT or the SAT.		
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	A student is only eligible to take an assessment instrument in- tended for use above the student's enrolled grade if the student is on schedule to complete instruction in the entire curriculum for that subject during the semester the assessment is administered.	t
	A student in grade 5 or 8 described above may not be denied pro- motion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an as- sessment instrument not required to be administered to the stu- dent.	
	Education Code 28.0211(o)–(p), 39.023(a-2); 19 TAC 101.3011(a)(1)–(4)	
Kindergarten Assessment	An assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023 may not be administered to a kindergarten student except for the purpose of determining whether the student is entitled to the benefit of the Foundation School Program [see FD]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a- 16)</i>	
Prekindergarten Assessment	Performance on an assessment instrument administered to stu- dents in prekindergarten may not be considered for any purpose related to Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0237</i>	
Accommodations	Testing accommodations are permitted for any student unless they would make a particular test invalid. Decisions regarding testing accommodations shall take into consideration the needs of the stu- dent and the accommodations the student routinely receives in classroom instruction. Permissible testing accommodations shall be described in the appropriate test administration materials.	
	The committee established by a board to determine the placement of students with dyslexia or related disorders shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering an assessment to such a student.	2
	A student's ARD committee shall determine the allowable accom- modations and shall document them in the student's individualized education program (IEP). [See Special Education, above]	
	19 TAC 101.3013; Education Code 39.023(a)–(c), (n); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)(6)	
End-of-Course Assessments	Beginning with students first enrolled in grade 9 in the 2011–12 school year, a student enrolled in a course for which an EOC assessment exists as required by Education 39.023(c) shall take the appropriate assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(a)</i>	
	TEA shall adopt EOC assessment instruments for secondary-level courses in Algebra I, biology, English I, English II, and United	
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	States history. The Algebra I EOC assessment instrument must be administered with the aid of technology but may include one or more parts that prohibit the use of technology. The English I and English II EOC assessment instruments must each assess essen- tial knowledge and skills in both reading and writing and must pro- vide a single score. A district shall comply with State Board of Edu- cation rules regarding administration of the assessment instruments listed in this provision.					
	If a student is in a special education program, the student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student an assessment instrument required under this provision.					
	Education Code 39.023(c)					
Students Enrolled Below High School Level	Beginning in the 2011–12 school year, a student in grade 8 or lower who takes a high school course for credit is required to take the applicable EOC assessment. The EOC assessment result shall be applied toward the student's assessment graduation require- ments, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3021(d)</i>					
Assessment Requirements for Graduation	A student must meet satisfactory performance on an EOC assess- ment listed in Education Code 39.023(c) in order to be eligible to receive a Texas diploma, except as described below at Exceptions Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment, Individual Graduation Commit- tee, and Special Education.					
	The standard in place when a student first takes an EOC assess- ment is the standard that will be maintained throughout the stu- dent's school career.					
<i>Exceptions</i> English I or English II	A student who was administered separate reading and writing EOC assessments under Education Code 39.023(c), for the English I or English II course has met that course's assessment graduation requirement if the student has:					
	 Achieved satisfactory performance on either the reading or writing EOC assessment for that course; 					
	2. Met at least the minimum score on the other EOC assessment for that course; and					
	3. Achieved an overall scale score of 3750 or greater when the scale scores for reading and writing are combined for that course.					

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	dent	eptions related to English I also apply to emergent bilingual stu- s who meet the criteria in 19 Administrative Code 101.1007. e EKBA]		
	19 T	AC 101.3022(a)–(c)		
Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment	sess the c stude cour minis	student earned high school credit for a course with an EOC as- sment prior to enrollment in a Texas public school district and credit has been accepted by a Texas public school district, or a ent completed a course for Texas high school credit in a se with an EOC assessment prior to the 2011–12 spring ad- stration, the student is not required to take the corresponding c assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(e)</i>		
Substitute Assessments	The commissioner adopts certain assessments as subsisted sessments that a student may use in place of a correspondence of a subsisted sessment to meet the student's assessment grading quirements. A satisfactory score on an approved assessible used in place of only one specific EOC assessment, provided by 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d)(1) (stude qualifies for use of the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) as tute assessment and is enrolled in certain college prepared courses).			
	men	udent at any grade level is eligible to use a substitute assess- t as provided in the commissioner's chart at 19 Administrative e 101.4002(b) if the student:		
	1.	Was administered an approved substitute assessment for an equivalent course in which the student was enrolled;		
	2.	Received a satisfactory score on the substitute assessment as determined by the commissioner and provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b); and		
	3.	Using a Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA) or a Texas Success Initiative Assessment, Version 2.0 (TSIA2) also meets the additional criteria of 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d).		
TSI Additional Criteria	A student must meet the criteria established in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d) in order to qualify to use TSIA or TSIA2 as a substitute assessment.			
Accountability Testing	A student electing to substitute an assessment for graduation pur- poses must still take the corresponding EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c) at least once for accountability purposes. If a student sits for an EOC assessment, a district may not void or invalidate the test in lieu of a substitute assessment.			

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	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any versions of these tests) as indicated in the chart in 19 Administrative Code 101.4003(b) must take the appropriate EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c). How- ever, a student who does not receive a passing score on the EOC assessment and retakes a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any ver- sions of these tests) is eligible to meet the requirements specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(c).
	19 TAC 101.4002
Verification of Results	An eligible student is responsible for providing a district an official copy of the student's scores from the substitute assessment.
	Upon receipt of official results of an approved substitute assess- ment, a district must:
	1. Verify the student's score on the substitute assessment; and
	 Determine whether the student met the performance standard required to qualify for a public high school diploma in Texas as established by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 101.4005
Satisfactory Performance	A student is required to achieve a scale score that indicates satis- factory performance, as determined by the commissioner on each EOC assessment instrument administered to the student. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code</i> 39.025(a)
Individual Graduation Committee	A student in grade 11 or 12 who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Educa- tion Code 39.025 for not more than two courses may qualify to graduate on the basis of a review by an individual graduation com- mittee (IGC). [See EIF] <i>Education Code 28.0258, 39.025(a-5)</i>
	A student may not graduate under an IGC if the student did not take each required EOC assessment or an approved substitute as- sessment for each course in which the student was enrolled in a Texas public school for which there is an EOC assessment. A dis- trict shall determine whether the student took each required EOC assessment or an approved substitute assessment. For purposes of this provision only, a student who does not make an attempt to take all required EOC assessments may not qualify to graduate by means of an individual graduation committee.
	Notwithstanding any action taken by a student's individual gradua- tion committee, a district must provide a student an opportunity to retake an EOC assessment under Education Code 39.023(c) if the student has not previously achieved satisfactory performance on

Brownsville ISD 031901 **TESTING PROGRAMS EKB** STATE ASSESSMENT (LEGAL) an assessment for that course. A student is not required to retake a course in order to be administered a retest of an EOC assessment. 19 TAC 101.3022(e)(1), (3) For provisions related to an IGC and emergent bilingual students, see EKBA. Special Education A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258. As provided in 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (Graduation Requirements) and 19 Administrative Code 101.3023 (Participation and Graduation Assessment Requirements for Students Receiving Special Education Services), a student's ARD committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment to graduate. [See EIF] A student dismissed from a special education program who achieved satisfactory performance on an alternate EOC assessment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to take and achieve satisfactory performance on the general EOC assessment to graduate. A student who took an EOC assessment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to retake and achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assessment if the student's ARD committee determined that the student was not required to achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assessment to graduate. A student dismissed from a special education program must achieve satisfactory performance on any remaining EOC assessments that the student is required to take. If the student fails to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the remaining EOC assessments, the student is eligible for IGC review under Education Code 28.0258 and is subject to the IGC provisions above. [See Individual Graduation Committee, above] 19 TAC 101.3022(f) For more information on graduation requirements for special education students, see EIF. An EOC assessment administered under Education Code Credit by Examination 39.023(c) cannot be used for purposes of credit by examination under 19 Administrative Code 74.24. [See EHDB, EHDC] 19 TAC 101.3021(c) Additional State TEA may adopt EOC assessment instruments for courses not Assessments listed in statute, as described above. A student's performance on these EOC assessment instruments is not subject to the perfor-

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	mance requirements established for the statutory assessments. <i>Education Code</i> 39.023(c-2)	
Retakes	Each time an EOC assessment instrument is administered, a stu- dent who failed to achieve a score requirement may retake the as- sessment instrument. [See Satisfactory Performance, above]	
	A student is not required to retake a course as a condition of retak- ing an EOC assessment instrument.	•
	If a student failed a course but achieved satisfactory performance on the applicable EOC assessment, that student is not required to retake the assessment if the student is required to retake the course.	
	Education Code 39.025(b); 19 TAC 101.3021(f), .3022(d)	
Reporting Results To the Public	Overall student performance data, aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, shall be made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled meetings of a board, after receipt from TEA. The information shall not contain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i>	
To the Board	A superintendent shall accurately report all test results with appro- priate interpretations to a board according to the schedule in the applicable test administration materials.	
To Parents, Students, and Teachers	A district shall notify each of its students, his or her parent or guardian, and his or her teacher for that subject of test results, observing confidentiality requirements stated at Confidentiality of Results, below. All test results shall be included in each student's academic achievement record and shall be furnished for each student transferring to another district or charter school or private school. The scoring contractor will provide districts with the results of the machine-scorable assessments within a 21-day period following the close of the testing window. Upon receipt of the assessment results from the test contractor, a district shall disclose a student's assessment results to a student's teacher in the same subject area as the assessment for that school year. [See BQ series, FD, and FL]	-
	19 TAC 101.3014(a)–(d)	
	TEA shall adopt a series of questions to be included in an EOC assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c) to be used for purposes of identifying students who are likely to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district shal notify a student who performs at a high level on the questions and the student's parent or guardian of the student's performance and	
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	potential to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district may not require a student to perform at a particular level on the questions to be eligible to enroll in an advanced high school course. <i>Education Code 39.0233(b)</i>				
Parents Right-to- Know Under ESEA	As a condition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), a district shall provide to each individual parent of a child who is a student in such school, with respect to such student information on the level of achievement and academic growth of the student, if applicable and available, on each of the state academic assessments required under Part A. 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(1)(B)(i)				
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to access to a copy of each state assessment instrument administered to the parent's child. This right of access does not apply, however, to those instruments or particular questions that are being field-tested by TEA. <i>Education Code 26.005, .006(a)(2), 39.023(e)</i>				
	Note: For information on instructional requirements for students who fail to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument, see EHBC and EHBCA.				
Out-of-State Transfers	A district shall accurately report to TEA whether that student trans- ferred into the district from out of state during the current school year.				
	Procedures for the reporting of out-of-state-transfer students to TEA shall be established in the applicable test administration mate- rials. A district shall follow procedures specified in those test ad- ministration materials.				
	The assessment results of the out-of-state transfer students shall be reported separately to districts from the results of the district's other students in addition to the current reporting of assessment results for all students and other student subsets.				
	19 TAC 101.3014(e)				
Security and Confidentiality	All assessment instruments included in the student assessment program are considered secure, and the contents of these tests, in- cluding student information used or obtained in their administration, are confidential.				
	Districts and campuses and the superintendent and campus principals in each district and campus shall:				
	 Implement and ensure compliance with state test administra- tion procedures and training activities; 				
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	2.	Notify TEA as soon as the district becomes aware of any leged or suspected violation of the security or confidentia tegrity of a test [see Violations, below];		
	3.	ing cord	ort all confirmed testing violations to TEA within ten work- days of the district becoming aware of the violation in ac- lance with the reporting process stipulated in the test ad- istration materials;	
	4.		ure that the only individuals with access to secure test erials are district employees who have:	
		a.	Met the requirements to participate in the student as- sessment program;	
		b.	Received training in test security and test administration procedures; and	
		C.	Signed an oath affirming they understand their obligation to maintain and preserve the security and confidentiality of all state assessments and student information, ac- knowledge their responsibility to report any suspected testing violation, and are aware of the range of penalties that may result from a violation of test security and confi- dentiality or a departure from test administration proce- dures; and	
			ure the security of the test materials as required by 19 Ad- istrative Code 101.3031(a)(2)(E).	
	19 TAC 101.3031(a)(1)–(2)			
Violations	Violations of the security and confidential integrity of a test include:			
	1.	Directly or indirectly assisting students with responses to test questions;		
	2.	Tampering with student responses;		
	3.	Falsifying holistic ratings or student responses;		
	4.	Viewing secure test content before, during, or after an admir istration unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;		
	5.	Discussing or disclosing secure test content or student re- sponses;		
	6.	Scoring students' tests, either formally or informally;		

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	7.	Duplicating, recording, or electronically capturing confidential test content unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;			
	8.	Responding to secure test questions;			
	9.	Fraudulently exempting or preventing a student from partici- pating in the administration of a required state assessment;			
	10.	Receiving or providing unallowable assistance during calibra- tion activities (e.g., taking notes, providing answer sheets, or sharing answers);			
	11.	Encouraging or assisting an individual to engage in the con- duct described above or in any other serious violation of secu- rity and confidentiality;			
	12.	Failing to report to an appropriate authority that an individual has engaged or is suspected of engaging in the above con- duct or in any other serious violation of security and confiden- tiality under this provision;			
	13.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent student cheating; and			
	14.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent alter- ation of test documents by anyone other than the student.			
Consequences	che	district determines that a student has cheated or attempted to at on a state assessment either by providing or receiving direct istance, the district shall invalidate the student's test results.			
	•	Any violation of test security or confidential integrity may result in TEA:			
	1.	Invalidating student test results;			
	2.	Referring certified educators to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) for sanctions in accordance with 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 247 (Educators' Code of Ethics) and Chapter 249 (Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Contested Cases); and			
	3.	Lowering the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's accountability rating in accordance with Education Code 39.003(d), or appointment of a monitor, conservator, or management team to the district in accordance with Educa- tion Code Chapter 39A.			
Test Administration Procedures		t administration procedures shall be delineated in the test ad- istration materials provided to districts annually. Districts must			

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	comply with all of the applicable requirements specified in the test administration materials.
	Districts shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- ceive training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary skills and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- ments in a valid, standardized, and secure manner.
Records Retention	As part of test administration procedures, the commissioner shall require districts to maintain records related to the security of assessment instruments for five years.
	19 TAC 101.3031(a)(3)–(d)
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	SBEC may take disciplinary action against a person who has violated the security or integrity of any assessment required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or has committed an act that is a departure from the test administration procedures established by the commissioner under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101.
	The superintendent and campus principal must develop proce- dures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the tests and will be responsible for notifying TEA in writing of conduct that violates the security or confidentiality of a test. Failure to report can subject the person responsible to the applicable penalties.
	19 TAC 249.15(a)–(b), (g)(8)
Minimize Disruptions	In implementing the commissioner's procedures for the administra- tion of assessment instruments adopted or developed under Edu- cation Code 39.023, including procedures designed to ensure the security of the assessment, a district shall minimize disruptions to school operations and the classroom environment. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0301(a-1)</i>
Confidentiality of Results	Individual student performance results are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See FL and GBA]

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General Eligibility	A board or its designee shall admit into the public schools of a dis- trict free of tuition all persons who are over five and younger than 21 years of age on September 1 of any school year in which ad- mission is sought, and may admit a person who is at least 21 and under 26 for the purpose of completing the requirements for a high school diploma, if any of the following conditions exist:					
Student and Parent	The	person and either parent reside in the district.				
Conservator	resi tor c	The person does not reside in the district, but one of the parents resides in the district and that parent is a joint managing conservator or the sole managing conservator or possessory conservator of the person.				
Guardian or Person Having Lawful Control	The person and his or her guardian or other person having lawful control under an order of a court reside in the district.					
Students Living Separate and Apart	The person is under the age of 18 and has established a separate residence in the district apart from his or her parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control under an order of a court and has established that the person's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of participation in extracurricular activities. A board is not required to admit such person, however, if the person has:					
	1.	Engaged in conduct that resulted in removal to a disciplinary alternative education program or expulsion within the preceding year;				
	2.	Engaged in delinquent conduct or "conduct in need of super- vision" and is on probation or other conditional release for that conduct; or				
	3.	Been convicted of a criminal offense and is on probation or other conditional release.				
	Education Code 25.001(a)–(b), (d)					
Students Who Are	The person is homeless. [See also FDC]					
Homeless	1.	"Child who is homeless," "person who is homeless," and "stu- dent who is homeless" have the meaning assigned to the term homeless children and youths under the McKinney- Vento Homeless Assistance Act.				
	2.	"Homeless children" under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, means children or youths who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence; and includes:				

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		а.	due reas cam acco	dren who are sharing the housing of other persons to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar on; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or ping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate ommodations; are living in emergency or transitional ters; or are abandoned in hospitals;	
		b.	a pu	dren who have a primary nighttime residence that is blic or private place not designed for or ordinarily I as a regular sleeping accommodation for human gs;	
		C.	abar	dren who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, ndoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train ons, or similar settings; and	
		d.	Migratory children living in circumstances described above. "Migratory child" means a child who made a qualifying move in the preceding 36 months:		
			(1)	As a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or	
			(2)	With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migra- tory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher. [See EEB]	
				e 5.001(1-a), 25.001(b)(5); 20 U.S.C. 6399; 34a(2)	
	[For information regarding the transfer of records and other transi- tion requirements for a student who is homeless, see FFC.]				
Foreign Exchange Students	The person is a foreign exchange student placed with a host fam that resides in the district by a nationally recognized foreign ex- change program, unless the district has applied for and been granted a waiver by the commissioner of education because:			the district by a nationally recognized foreign ex- m, unless the district has applied for and been	
	1.	This requirement would impose a financial or staffing har on the district;			
	2.	 The admission would diminish the district's ability to provide high-quality education services for the district's domestic stu dents; or 			
	3.	The admission would require domestic students to compet with foreign exchange students for educational resources.			
	Education Code 25.001(b)(6), (e)				

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Students in Residential Facility	The person resides at a residential facility, as defined in Education Code 5.001, located in the district. For purposes of enrollment, a person who resides in a residential facility is considered a resident of the district in which the facility is located. <i>Education Code</i> $25.001(b)(7)$, $29.012(c)$
Students Over 18	The person resides in the district and is 18 or older or the person's disabilities of minority have been removed. <i>Education Code</i> 25.001(b)(8)
Resident Grandparent	The person does not reside in the district but the grandparent of the person:
	1. Resides in the district; and
	2. Provides a substantial amount of after-school care for the per- son as determined by the board.
	Education Code 25.001(b)(9)
Residence Homestead	The person and either parent of the person reside in a residence homestead, as defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), that is located on a parcel of property any part of which is located in the district. <i>Education Code 25.001(b)(10)</i>
Proof of Eligibility	A district may require evidence that a person is eligible to attend the public schools of the district at the time it considers an applica- tion for admission of the person. A board or its designee shall es- tablish minimum proof of residency acceptable to a district. A board or its designee may make reasonable inquiries to verify a person's eligibility for admission. When admission is sought under the provi- sion at Students Living Separate and Apart above, a board shall determine whether an applicant qualifies as a resident of a district and may adopt reasonable guidelines for making that determina- tion as necessary to protect the best interest of students. <i>Educa- tion Code 25.001(c), (d)</i>
"Residence" Defined	"Residence" requires living in the district and having the present in- tention to remain there. <u>Martinez v. Bynum</u> , 461 U.S. 321 (1983)
	A district may withdraw any student who ceases to be a resident. <u>Daniels v. Morris</u> , 746 F.2d 271 (5th Cir. 1984)
Active-Duty Parent	A person whose parent or guardian is an active-duty member of the armed forces of the United States, including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces, may establish residency for purposes of eligibility of admission by providing to the district a copy of a military order requiring the parent's or guardian's transfer to a military installation in or adjacent to the dis- trict 's attendance zone. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-1)</i>

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	A person who establishes residency under Education Code 25.001(c-1) shall provide to the district proof of residence in the district's attendance zone not later than the tenth day after the arrival date specified in the military order. For purposes of this provision, "residence" includes residence in a military temporary lodging facility. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-2)</i>
Immigration Status	Denying enrollment based upon immigration status to children who are not legally admitted into the United States violates the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. <u><i>Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982)</i></u>
High School Equivalency Certificate	A student who has received a high school equivalency certificate is entitled to enroll in a public school in the same manner as any other student who has not received a high school diploma. <i>Education Code 29.087(h)</i>
Substitute for Parent or Guardian	A board by policy may allow a person showing evidence of legal responsibility for a child other than an order of a court to substitute for a guardian or other person having lawful control of the child under court order. <i>Education Code 25.001(j)</i>
Authorization Agreement	"Adult caregiver" means an adult person whom a parent has autho- rized to provide temporary care for a child under Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.0015(1)</i>
	A parent, as defined in Family Code 101.024, or both parents of a child may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult care- giver to authorize the adult caregiver to perform acts described in Family Code 34.002 in regard to the child, such as:
	 Authorizing medical, dental, psychological, or surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child, including executing any consents or authorizations for the release of information as required by law relating to the treatment or immunization;
	2. Enrolling the child in the district; and
	 Authorizing the child to participate in age-appropriate ex- tracurricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities.
	Family Code 34.002
	A parent may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult caregiver with whom a child is placed under a parental child safety placement agreement approved by the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) to allow the person to perform the acts described above with regard to the child during an investigation of

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	abuse or neglect or while the department is providing services to the parent. <i>Family Code 34.0021</i>
	The authorization agreement must conform to the requirements of Family Code Chapter 34.
	A child who is the subject of an authorization agreement is not con- sidered to be placed in foster care and the parties to the agree- ment are not subject to any law or rule governing foster care providers. <i>Family Code 34.0022(b)</i>
	An authorization agreement does not affect the rights of the child's parent or legal guardian regarding the care, custody, and control of the child, and does not mean that the adult caregiver has legal custody of the child. <i>Family Code 34.007(b)</i>
	Only one authorization agreement may be in effect for a child at any time. Execution of a subsequent authorization agreement does not by itself supersede, invalidate, or terminate a prior authoriza- tion agreement. An authorization agreement is void if it is executed while a prior authorization agreement remains in effect. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.002(d), .008(f)</i>
	An authorization agreement is for a term of six months and renews automatically for six-month terms unless an earlier expiration date is stated in the agreement, the agreement is terminated under Family Code 34.008, or a court authorizes continuation. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.0075</i>
Immunity	A person who is not a party to the authorization agreement who re- lies in good faith on the authorization agreement, without actual knowledge that the authorization agreement is void, revoked, or in- valid, is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, and is not subject to professional disciplinary action, for that reliance if the agreement is completed as required by Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.007(a)</i>
	Note: The <u>Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative</u> (PDF) ¹ is available on the DFPS website.
Temporary Authorization for Care	A person eligible to consent to treatment of a child under Family Code 32.001 or a person eligible to enter an authorization agree- ment [see Authorization Agreement, above] may seek a court order for temporary authorization for care of a child by filing a petition in the district court in the county in which the person resides if:
	 The child has resided with the person for at least the 30 days preceding the date the petition was filed; and
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	2.	The person does not have an authorization agreement or other signed, written documentation from a parent, conserva- tor, or guardian that enables the person to provide necessary care for the child.
	Far	nily Code 35.001–.002
	The	e order may authorize the petitioner to, among other things:
	1.	Consent to medical, dental, psychological, and surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child;
	2.	Enroll the child in the district; and
	3.	Authorize the child to participate in age-appropriate extracur- ricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities.
	chil tod	emporary authorization order does not affect the rights of the d's parent, conservator, or guardian regarding the care, cus- y, and control of the child, and does not establish legal custody he child. <i>Family Code 35.007(b)</i>
Immunity	der	erson who relies in good faith on a temporary authorization or- is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, or to pro- sional disciplinary action. <i>Family Code 35.007(a)</i>
Students in Foster Care	sub whi ent be	hild placed in foster care by an agency of the state or a political division shall be permitted to attend schools in the district in ch the foster parents reside free of any charge to the foster par- s or to the agency. A durational residence requirement may not used to prohibit that child from fully participating in any activity onsored by a district. <i>Education Code 25.001(f)</i>
	sch and sch sch ing higl with ten cor	tudent who was enrolled in a primary or secondary public ool before the student entered the conservatorship of DFPS who is placed at a residence outside the attendance area for a ool or outside a district is entitled to continue to attend the ool in which the student was enrolled immediately before enter- conservatorship until the student successfully completes the nest grade level offered by the school at the time of placement nout payment of tuition. The student is entitled to continue to at- d the school regardless of whether the student remains in the servatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enroll- nt in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g)</i>
	prir the	student who is in the conservatorship of DFPS is enrolled in a nary or secondary public school, other than the school in which student was enrolled at the time the student was placed in the servatorship of DFPS, the student is entitled to continue to at-

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	tend that school without payment of tuition until the student successfully completes the highest grade level offered by the school at the time of enrollment in the school, even if the child's placement is changed to a residence outside the attendance area for that school or outside the district. The student is entitled to continue to attend the school regardless of whether the student remains in the conservatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enrollment in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g-1)</i>		
	A written case plan for any child in foster care under the responsi- bility of the state must include a plan for ensuring the educational stability of the child while in foster care, including:		
	 Assurances that each placement of the child in foster care takes into account the appropriateness of the current educa- tional setting and the proximity to the school in which the child in enrolled at the time of placement; and 		
	2. An assurance that the appropriate state agency has coordi- nated with a district to ensure that the child remains in the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of each place- ment; or if remaining in that school is not in the best interests of the child, assurances by the state agency and the district to provide immediate and appropriate enrollment in a new school, with all of the educational records of the child pro- vided to the school.		
	<i>42 U.S.C. 675(1)(G), 675a</i> [See CNA]		
	[For information regarding the transfer of records and other transi- tion requirements for a student who is in substitute care, see FFC.]		
Transfers from Other States	A district shall charge tuition for a student who resides in a residen- tial facility and whose maintenance or expenses are paid in whole or in part by another state or the United States. Any such tuition charge must be submitted to the commissioner for approval. The attendance of students admitted under this provision shall not be counted for purposes of allocating state funds to a district. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 25.003</i>		
Students Holding F-1 Student Visas	If a student is required, as a condition of obtaining or holding the appropriate U.S. student visa, to pay tuition to the district that the student attends to cover the cost of the student's education provided by the district, the district shall accept tuition for the student in an amount equal to the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing the student's education for the period of the student's attendance at school in the district.		
	The commissioner shall develop guidelines for determining the amount of the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing a stu-		
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	greater guidelin a more	dent's education. A district may not accept tuition in an amount greater than the amount computed under the commissioner's guidelines unless the commissioner approves a greater amount as a more accurate reflection of the cost of education to be provided by the district.			
		endance of a student for whom a district accepts tuition is nted for purposes of allocating state funds to the district.			
	Educati	on Code 25.0031			
	Note:	Enrolling students with F-1 visas is optional. If the district is interested in enrolling students with F-1 visas, it must comply with the federal <u>Student and Exchange Visitor</u> <u>Program</u> ² (SEVP) under the Department of Homeland Security.			
Texas Juvenile Justice Department	Departr school i Any tuit district f	ol-age child of an employee of the Texas Juvenile Justice nent (TJJD) residing in an adjacent district may attend n a district free of charge to his or her parents or guardian. ion required by the admitting district shall be paid by the from which the student transfers out of any funds appropri- the TJJD facility. <i>Education Code 25.042</i>			
Enrollment	person the nam	must be enrolled by the child's parent, guardian, or other with legal control under a court order. A district shall record ne, address, and date of birth of the person enrolling the ducation Code 25.002(f)			
Legal Surname	appears able as	nt must be identified by the student's legal surname as it s on the student's birth certificate or other document suit- proof of the student's identity, or in a court order changing dent's name. <i>Education Code 25.0021</i>			
Required Documentation	child in which tl	ent or other person with legal control of a child enrolls the a public school, the parent or other person, or the district in ne child most recently attended school, shall furnish to the all of the following:			
		e child's birth certificate, or another document suitable as oof of the child's identity.			
	re	copy of the child's records from the school the child most cently attended if he or she was previously enrolled in a hool in Texas or in another state.			
		record showing that the child has the immunizations re- ired by Education Code 38.001, proof that the child is not			

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	required to be immunized, or proof that the child is entitled to provisional admission. [See FFAB]
	Education Code 25.002(a)
	A district must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the tenth working day after the date the district receives a re- quest for the information.
	A parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the 30th day after the date a child is enrolled in a public school.
	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order requests that a district transfer a child's student records, the district to which the request is made shall notify the parent or other person as soon as practicable that the parent or other person may request and receive an unofficial copy of the records for delivery in person to a school in another district.
	Education Code 25.002(a-1)
Residential Facility	Except for a juvenile pre-adjudication secure detention facility or a juvenile post-adjudication secure correctional facility, a residential facility shall provide to a district that provides educational services to a student placed in the facility any information retained by the facility relating to:
	 The student's school records, including records regarding special education eligibility or services, behavioral interven- tion plans, school-related disciplinary actions, and other docu- ments related to the student's educational needs;
	2. Any other behavioral history information regarding the student that is not confidential under another law; and
	3. The student's record of convictions or the student's probation, community supervision or parole status, as provided to the facility, if necessary to provide education services to the student.
	Education Code 29.012(f), (g)
Summer School Enrollment	A district shall permit a person who is eligible under Education Code 25.001 [see General Eligibility, above] to attend school in the district but who is not enrolled in school in the district to enroll in a district summer school course on the same basis as a district stu- dent, including satisfaction of any course eligibility requirement and payment of any fee authorized under Education Code 11.158 [see FP] that is charged in connection with the course.

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	This requirement does not apply to enrollment in a Summer Inten- sive Mathematics Instruction Program under Education Code 29.088, a Summer Intensive Science Instruction Program under Education Code 29.090, or in a similar intensive program.
	Education Code 25.008
Enrollment in Prekindergarten and Kindergarten	A parent or guardian may elect for a student to enroll in prekinder- garten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in prekindergarten during the previous school year under Education Code 29.153(b) [see EHBG] and the student has not yet enrolled in kindergarten, or enroll in kindergarten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the previous school year and has not yet enrolled in first grade. <i>Education Code 28.02124</i> [See EIE]
Food Allergy Information	On enrollment, a district shall request, by providing a form or other- wise, that a parent or other person with legal control of the child under a court order disclose whether the child has a food allergy or a severe food allergy that, in the judgment of the parent or other person with legal control, should be disclosed to the district to en- able the district to take any necessary precautions regarding the child's safety [see FB and FFAF]; and specify the food to which the child is allergic and the nature of the allergic reaction.
	The district shall maintain the confidentiality of the provided infor- mation, and may disclose the information to teachers, school coun- selors, school nurses, and other appropriate school personnel only to the extent consistent with district policy under Education Code 38.009 and permissible under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g. [See FL]
	"Severe food allergy" means a dangerous or life-threatening reac- tion of the human body to a food-borne allergen introduced by in- halation, ingestion, or skin contact that requires immediate medical attention.
	Education Code 25.0022(a)–(c)
Child in DFPS Possession	A district shall enroll a child without the required documentation if DFPS has taken possession of the child. DFPS shall ensure that the required documentation is furnished to a district not later than the 30th day after the date the child is enrolled. <i>Education Code</i> 25.002(g)
Inconsistent Documentation	If a child is enrolled under a name other than the name that ap- pears in the identifying documents or records, a district shall notify the missing children and missing persons information clearing- house of the child's name as shown on the identifying records and the name under which the child is enrolled.

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Missing Documentation	distr polic cour	ict with ce depa nty in v	ired documents and other records are not furnished to a hin 30 days after enrollment, the district shall notify the artment of the city or the sheriff's department of the which the district is located and request a determination the child has been reported as missing.
	Edu	cation	Code 25.002(b)–(c)
Parent Contact Information	The parent of a student enrolled in a district shall provide in writing to the district:		
	1.	two w	nrollment of the student in the district and not later than veeks after the beginning of each school year, the par- address, phone number, and email address; and
	2.	year,	parent's contact information changes during the school not later than two weeks after the date the information ges, the parent's updated information.
	Edu	cation	Code 26.0125
Students Under 11	On enrollment of a child under 11 years of age in a school for first time at the school, the school shall:		
	1.	•	lest from the person enrolling the child the name of each ous school attended by the child;
	2.	record vides from	test from each school identified in item 1 the school ds for the child and, if the person enrolling the child pro- scopies of previous school records, request verification the school of the child's name, address, date, and es and dates attended; and
	3.	30th 0	y the person enrolling the student that not later than the day after enrollment, or the 90th day if the child was not in the United States, the person must provide:
		а.	A certified copy of the child's birth certificate; or
		:	Other reliable proof of the child's identity and age and a signed statement explaining the person's inability to pro- duce a copy of the child's birth certificate.
	not p quire	orovide ed, the	e enrolls a child under 11 years of age in school and does e the valid prior school information or documentation re- e school shall notify the appropriate law enforcement fore the 31st day after the person fails to comply.
	Cod	e of Ci	riminal Procedure 63.019
False Information			epting a child for enrollment, a district shall inform the other person enrolling the child that presenting a false
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	document or false records in connection with enrollment is a crimi- nal offense under Penal Code 37.10 (Tampering with Governmen- tal Records) and that enrolling the child under false documents makes the person liable for tuition or other costs as provided be- low. <i>Education Code 25.002(d)</i>
	In addition to the penalty under Penal Code 37.10, a person who knowingly falsifies information on a form required for a student's enrollment in a district is liable to the district if the student is not eligible for enrollment but is enrolled on the basis of false information. For the period during which the ineligible student is enrolled, the person is liable for the maximum tuition fee a district may charge [see FDA] or the amount a district has budgeted per student as maintenance and operating expense, whichever is greater. <i>Education Code 25.001(h)</i>
	A district may include on its enrollment form notice of the legal penalties and liability for falsifying information on the form. <i>Educa-tion Code 25.001(i)</i>
Placement of Transfers Credits and Records	A district shall accept all credits earned toward state graduation re- quirements by students in accredited Texas school districts, includ- ing credits earned in accredited summer school programs. Credits earned in local credit courses may be transferred at a district's dis- cretion. Transfer students shall not be prohibited from attending school pending receipt of transcripts or academic records from the district the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1)</i>
	A district shall grant a student credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses the student successfully completes in TJJD educational programs. <i>Education Code 30.104(a)</i>
	Each district shall consider course credit earned by a student while in a juvenile justice alternative education program as credit earned in a district school. <i>Education Code 37.011(d)</i>
Nonpublic Schools	Records and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools or from out of state or out of the country (including foreign ex- change students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed promptly in appropriate classes. A district may use a wide variety of methods to verify the content of courses for which a transfer stu- dent has earned credit. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)</i>
	[For information regarding educational placement of students who are homeless or in substitute care, see FFC.]
Foundation School Program	A person is entitled to the benefits of the available school fund for a school year if:

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	1.	On September 1 of the year, the person:
		 Is at least five years of age and under 21 years of age, and has not graduated from high school;
		 Is at least 21 years of age and under 26 years of age and is admitted by a school district to complete the re- quirements for a high school diploma; or
		c. Is at least 18 years of age and under 50 years of age and is enrolled in an adult education program provided under the adult high school charter school program un- der Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter G.
	2.	The person is enrolled in prekindergarten under Education Code 29.153 [see EHBG].
	3.	The person is younger than five years of age and performs satisfactorily on the state assessment instrument adminis- tered to third graders and a district has adopted a policy to admit students younger than five years of age.
	4.	The person is enrolled in the first grade and is at least six years of age at the beginning of the current school year or has been enrolled in the first grade, or has completed kinder- garten, in the public schools of another state before transfer- ring to a Texas public school.
	Edu	cation Code 25.001(a), 48.003
Screening	The principal of each district school shall ensure that each student admitted to that school has complied with requirements for screening of special senses and communication disorders, spinal screening, and a risk assessment for Type 2 diabetes, or has submitted an affidavit of exemption. <i>Health and Safety Code 36.005, 37.002, 95.003(c)</i> [See FFAA]	
Pest Control Information	Chief administrators or the integrated pest management (IPM) co- ordinators of schools must notify the parents or guardians of chil- dren attending the facility in writing that pesticides are periodically applied indoors and outdoors, and that information on the times and types of applications and prior notification is available upon re- quest. Such notification must be made at the time of the students' registration. Telephonic, written, or electronic notification of planned applications will meet the notification requirements. <i>4 TAC</i> <i>7.148(c); Occupations Code 1951.455(b)</i> [See CLB]	

¹ Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative (PDF): <u>https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Application/Forms/showFile.aspx?NAME=26</u> <u>38.pdf</u>

ADMISSIONS

² Student and Exchange Visitor Program: <u>https://www.ice.gov/sevis</u>

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Persons Age 21 and Over	The District shall admit persons who are at least age 21 and under age 26 for the purpose of completing the requirements for a high school diploma.
Registration Forms	The student's parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful control shall annually complete registration forms. A student who has reached age 18 shall be permitted to complete these forms.
Proof of Residency	In accordance with administrative regulations, the parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student under order of a court shall present proof of residency. The District may investi- gate stated residency as necessary.
Minor Living Apart Person Standing in Parental Relation	A minor student residing in the District but whose parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control under a court order does not reside in the District shall present a power of attorney or an autho- rization agreement as provided in Chapter 34 of the Family Code assigning responsibility for the student in all school-related matters to an adult resident of the District.
Misconduct	A minor student living apart who has engaged in misconduct that results in any of the consequences found in Education Code 25.001(d) shall not be permitted to attend a District school.
Exceptions	Based on an individual student's circumstance, the Superintendent shall have authority to grant exceptions to the requirement for a power of attorney or authorization agreement and to the exclusion for misconduct.
Extracurricular Activities	The Superintendent shall determine whether a minor student living apart is present in the District for the primary purpose of participating in extracurricular activities.
Nonresident Student in Grandparent's After-School Care	The parent and grandparent of a nonresident student requesting admission under Education Code 25.001(b)(9) shall provide to the Superintendent the required information on the grandparent's resi- dency and complete a form provided by the District describing the extent of after-school care to be provided by the grandparent.
	The Superintendent shall have authority to approve or deny such admissions requests in accordance with criteria approved by the Board.
"Accredited" Defined	For the purposes of this policy, "accredited" shall be defined as ac- creditation by TEA, an equivalent agency from another state, or an accrediting association recognized by the commissioner of educa- tion.
Grade-Level Placement Accredited Schools	The parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of a student enrolling in a District school from an accredited public, private, or parochial school shall provide evidence of the prior schooling outside the District. The student shall be placed initially at the
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	grade level reached elsewhere, pending observation by the class- room teacher, guidance personnel, and the principal. On the basis of these observations and results of tests that may be administered by appropriate District personnel, the principal shall determine the final grade placement.	
Nonaccredited Schools	A student enrolling in a District school from a nonaccredited public, private, or parochial school, including a homeschool, shall be placed initially at the discretion of the principal, pending observa- tion by classroom teachers, guidance personnel, and the principal. Criteria for placement may include:	
	 Scores on achievement tests, which may be administered by appropriate District personnel. 	
	2. Recommendation of the sending school.	
	3. Prior academic record.	
	4. Chronological age and social and emotional development of the student.	
	5. Other criteria deemed appropriate by the principal.	
Transfer of Credit Accredited Texas Public Schools	Credit toward state graduation requirements earned in an accred- ited public school district in Texas shall be transferable and recog- nized by the District.	
Other Accredited or Nonaccredited Schools	Before recognizing credit in a course earned in an accredited non- public school, an accredited school outside of Texas, or a nonac- credited school, appropriate personnel shall evaluate a student's records and transcript. The District may require the student to demonstrate mastery of the content or use alternative methods to verify course content for the award of credit.	
Transition Assistance	In accordance with law, when a student who is identified as home- less or in substitute care enrolls in the District, the District shall as- sess the student's available records and other relevant information to ensure credit, including proportionate credit, is awarded appro- priately for all subjects and courses taken prior to enrollment.	
	[See EI]	
Withdrawal	A parent or guardian wishing to withdraw a minor student shall present a signed statement that includes the reason for the with- drawal. A student who is 18 or older may submit a withdrawal statement without a parent's or guardian's signature.	
	[For District withdrawal of students no longer in attendance, see FEA(LOCAL).]	

Adopted:

Brownsville ISD 031901		
ADMISSIONS FDA INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS (LEGAL		
Agreement Between Districts	The boards of two or more adjoining school districts or the of county school trustees of two or more adjoining counties by agreement and in accordance with Education Code 25.0.034, arrange for the transfer and assignment of any stude the jurisdiction of one board to that of another. In the case transfer and assignment of a student under this provision, ticipating governing boards shall also agree to the transfer school funds or other payments proportionate to the transfer tendance. <i>Education Code 25.035</i>	s may, 032– nt from of the the par- of
Initiated by Student or Parent	Any student, other than a high school graduate, who is und years of age and eligible for enrollment on September 1, m transfer to another Texas district, provided that both the re- district and the applicant's parent, guardian, or person hav ful control agree in writing to the transfer. <i>Education Code</i> [See also FD]	nay ceiving ing law-
Transfer to a District Offering In-Person Instruction	If a district provides notice to the parent or person standing parental relation to a student enrolled in the district of the or intent to offer only virtual instruction for more than one grad riod during a school year, the student may transfer for that year to another district that offers in-person instruction during school year and accepts the student's transfer.	listrict's ding pe- school
	"Virtual instruction" means instructional activities delivered dents primarily over the internet.	to stu-
	A student who transfers to another school district under thi may not be charged tuition. The student is included in the a daily attendance of the district in which the student attends	average
	Education Code 25.045	
Basis for Transfer	A board or its designee must make transfer decisions on a vidual basis and may not consider as a factor in arriving at cision regarding assignments any matter relating to the natorigin of the student or the student's ancestral language. E Code 25.032 [See FDAA]	any de- tional
Transportation	A board may establish and operate an economical public s transportation system outside the district if students enrolled district reside outside the district and the district meets the ments of Education Code 34.007(a)(3) [see CNA]. Education 34.007(a)	ed in the require-
Funding for Transfers	Upon the filing and certification of any transfer, the state per apportionment shall transfer with the student. For purposes puting state allotments to districts eligible under the Found School Program, the student's attendance prior to the date transfer shall be counted by the sending district and the student	s of com- ation e of
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ADMISSIONS FDA INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS (LEGAL)			
		ce after transfer shall be counted by the receiving district <i>n Code 25.037</i>	
Credits and Records	rolling dis from atte	arned in local credit courses may be transferred at the erstrict's discretion. Transfer students shall not be prohibite nding school pending receipt of transcripts or academic rom the district the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC</i> (1)	
Nonpublic Schools	or from c change s promptly of metho	and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools ut of state or out of the country (including foreign ex- students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed in appropriate classes. A district may use a wide variety ds to verify the content of courses for which a transfer stu earned credit. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)</i>	d
Tuition Fee for Transfer Students	district's dance ex ment ber unless a ment prio charge s	ng district may charge a tuition fee to the extent that the actual expenditure per student in average daily atten- acceeds the sum of state available school fund apportion- nefits transferred under Education Code 25.037. However tuition fee is prescribed and set out in a transfer agree- bor to its execution by the parties, no increase in tuition hall be made for the year of that transfer that exceeds the arge, if any, of the preceding school year. <i>Education Cod</i>	e
Transfers to Adjoining States	Note:	The following provision applies to a district located on the border of an adjoining state.	
	any distri homa, or tend the states, m the availa ous state district of trustees	ent who would be entitled to attend the public school of ct situated on the border of Louisiana, Arkansas, Okla- New Mexico and who may find it more convenient to at- public school in a district in one of those contiguous ay have the state and county per capita apportionment of able school funds paid to the school district of the contigu- e and may have additional tuition, if necessary, paid by the residence on such terms as may be agreed upon by the of the receiving district and the trustees of the residence Education Code 25.040	of I- e
Contracts for Education Outside Districts	Note:	The following section applies only to districts that do no offer all grades, kindergarten–grade 12.	t
	may prov at grade	that does not offer each grade, kindergarten–grade 12, vide by contract for students residing in the district who ar levels not offered by the district to be educated at those vels in one or more other districts. In each contract, the	re
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ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

	districts also shall agree to the transfer of school funds or other payments proportionate to the transfer of attendance.
Tuition	The district in which the students reside shall pay tuition to any dis- trict with which it has a contract under this section for each of its students attending school in that district at a grade level for which the district has contracted. The amount of the tuition paid may not exceed the greater of the amount provided for by Education Code 25.038 [see above], or an amount specified by commissioner rule [see below].
	A district is not required to pay tuition to any district with which it has not contracted for the attendance by any of its students at a grade level for which it has contracted under this provision with an- other district.
	A contract under this provision may not be for a period exceeding five years.
	Education Code 25.039
Definitions	"Home district" means a district of residence of a transferring stu- dent.
	"Receiving district" means a district to which a student is transfer- ring for the purpose of obtaining an education.
	"Tuition" means an amount charged to the home district by the re- ceiving district to educate the transfer student.
Tuition Allotment of the Home District	For the purposes of calculating the tuition allotment of the home district as authorized by Education Code 48.154, the amount of tu- ition that may be attributed to a home district for a transfer student in payment for that student's education may not exceed an amount per enrollee calculated for each receiving district. The calculated limit applies only to tuition paid to a receiving district for the educa- tion of a student at a grade level not offered in the home district. Tuition may be set at a rate higher than the calculated limit if both districts enter a written agreement, but the calculated tuition limit will be used in the calculation of the tuition allotment for the home district. The calculation will use the most currently available data in an ongoing school year. For purposes of this provision, the num- ber of students enrolled in a district will be appropriately adjusted to account for students ineligible for the Foundation School Pro- gram funding and those eligible for half-day attendance.
Calculated Tuition Limit	The calculated tuition limit is the sum of the excess maintenance and operations (M&O) revenue per enrollee and the excess debt

ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

revenue per enrollee, as calculated in 19 Administrative Code 61.1012(b)(2)–(3).

Notification and Appeal Process In the spring of each school year, the commissioner will provide each district with its calculated tuition limit and a worksheet with a description of the derivation process. A district may appeal to the commissioner if it can provide evidence that the use of projected student counts from the LPE in making the calculation is so inaccurate as to result in an inappropriately low authorized tuition charge and undue financial hardship. A district that used significant nontax sources to make any of its debt service payments during the base year for the computation may appeal to the commissioner to use projections of its tax collections for the year for which the tuition limit will apply. The commissioner's decision regarding an appeal is final.

19 TAC 61.1012

ADMISSIONS	
HOMELESS STUDENTS	

	Note:	For more information regarding support services for stu- dents experiencing homelessness, including provisions regarding district liaisons and transition services, see FFC.	
Children Who Are Homeless	Homele	ndition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento ss Assistance Act (McKinney-Vento Act), a district serving who are homeless shall, according to the child's best inter-	
		ntinue the child's education in the school of origin for the ration of homelessness:	
	a.	If the child's family becomes homeless between aca- demic years or during an academic year; and	
	b.	For the remainder of the academic year, if the child be- comes permanently housed during an academic year; or	
	live	roll the child in any school that nonhomeless students who e in the attendance area in which the child is actually living e eligible to attend.	
	42 U.S. less," se	<i>C. 11432(g)(3)(A)</i> [For definition of "children who are home- ee FD]	
Definitions Unaccompanied Youth		ompanied youth" includes a child who is homeless or youth be physical custody of a parent or guardian. <i>42 U.S.C.</i>	
Enrollment	"Enroll" and "enrollment" include attending classes and participat- ing fully in school activities.		
School of Origin	"School of origin" means the school that the child attended when permanently housed or the school in which the child was last en- rolled, including a preschool.		
	school o	ne child completes the final grade level served by the of origin, the term "school of origin" shall include the desig- eceiving school at the next grade level for all feeder	
	42 U.S.	C. 11432(g)(3)(l)	
School Stability	In deter trict sha	mining the best interest of a child who is homeless, a dis- II:	
		esume that keeping the child in the school of origin is in the ild's best interest, except when doing so is contrary to the	

ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENTS

FDC (LEGAL)

request of the child's parent or guardian, or (in the case of an
unaccompanied youth) the youth;

- Consider student-centered factors related to the child's best interest, including factors related to the impact of mobility on achievement, education, health, and safety of children who are homeless, giving priority to the request of the child's parent or guardian or the unaccompanied youth;
- 3. If, after conducting the best interest determination based on consideration of the presumption in item 1 above and the student-centered factors in item 2 above, the district determines that it is not in the child's best interest to attend the school of origin or the school requested by the parent or guardian or the unaccompanied youth, provide the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth with a written explanation of the reasons for its determination, in a manner and form understandable to such parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth, including information regarding the right to appeal as set forth at Enrollment Disputes, below; and
- 4. In the case of an unaccompanied youth, ensure that the homeless liaison [see FFC] assists in placement and enrollment decisions under these provisions, gives priority to the views of such unaccompanied youth, and provides the notice to such youth of the right to appeal as set forth at Enrollment Disputes, below.

42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(B)

Contact Information	A district may require the parent or guardian of a child who is homeless to submit contact information. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(H)</i>		
Immediate Enrollment	The school selected in accordance with these provisions shall im- mediately enroll a child who is homeless, even if the child:		
	1.	Is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic record, records of immunization and other required health records, proof of residency, or other document; or	
	0	Line missed employed an envelopent de adlines during any	

2. Has missed application or enrollment deadlines during any period of homelessness.

42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(C)

Enrollment Disputes If a dispute arises over eligibility, or school selection or enrollment in a school:

ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENTS

	1.	The child shall be immediately enrolled in the school in which enrollment is sought, pending final resolution of the dispute, including all available appeals;
	2.	The parent or guardian of the child or an unaccompanied youth shall be provided with a written explanation of any deci- sions related to school selection or enrollment made by the district, including the rights of the parent, guardian, or unac- companied youth to appeal such decisions.
	3.	The parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth shall be re- ferred to the homeless liaison [see FFC], who shall carry out the dispute resolution process as expeditiously as possible af- ter receiving notice of the dispute; and
	4.	In the case of an unaccompanied youth, the liaison shall en- sure that the youth is immediately enrolled in the school in which the youth seeks enrollment pending resolution of such dispute.
	42 L	J.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(E) [See FNG]
School Placement	TEA clud ensu rega	condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Act, shall submit to the U.S. Secretary of Education a plan that in- es assurances that a district will adopt policies and practices to ure that children who are homeless are not stigmatized or seg- ted on the basis of their status as homeless. <i>42 U.S.C.</i> 32(g)(1)(J)(i)
	whe	choice regarding placement shall be made regardless of ther the child lives with the parents who are homeless or has n temporarily placed elsewhere. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(F)</i>
Records Academic	The enrolling school shall immediately contact the school last at- tended by the child to obtain relevant academic and other records. 42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(C)(ii)	
Health	reco ent o less mun	e child needs to obtain immunizations or other required health rds, the enrolling school shall immediately refer the child's par- or guardian or an unaccompanied youth to the district home- liaison [see FFC] who shall assist in obtaining necessary im- izations or screenings, or immunization or other required th records. [See also FFAB] 42 U.S.C. $11432(g)(3)(C)(iii)$
Maintenance	othe guar gran so th	record ordinarily kept by a school, including immunization or r required health records, academic records, birth certificates, rdianship records, and evaluation for special services or pro- ns, regarding each child who is homeless shall be maintained hat the records involved are available, in a timely fashion, when ild enters a new school or district, and in a manner consistent

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ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENT	S	FDC (LEGAL)
		n the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 S.C. 1232g) [see FL]. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(D)</i>
Privacy	sha dee	prmation about the living situation of a child who is homeless II be treated as a student education record and shall not be med to be directory information under FERPA. [See FL] 42 S.C. $11432(g)(3)(G)$
Comparable Services	The district shall provide a child who is homeless with services tha are comparable to services offered to other students in the school in which the child is enrolled, including:	
	1.	Transportation services;
	2.	Educational services for which the child meets the eligibility criteria;
	3.	Programs in career and technical education;
	4.	Programs for gifted and talented students; and
	5.	School nutrition programs.
	42	U.S.C. 11432(g)(4)
Coordination	A d	istrict serving children who are homeless shall coordinate:
	1.	The provision of services with local social services agencies and other agencies or entities providing services to children who are homeless and their families; and
	2.	Transportation, transfer of school records, and other interdis- trict activities with other local educational agencies.
Housing Assistance	If applicable, a district shall coordinate with state and local housing agencies responsible for developing the comprehensive housing affordability strategy described in the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12705), to minimize educational disruption for children who become homeless.	
Purpose	The	e coordination shall be designed to:
	1.	Ensure that children who are homeless are promptly identified and have access to, and are in reasonable proximity to, avail- able education and related support services; and
	2.	Raise the awareness of school personnel and service providers of the effects of short-term stays in a shelter and other challenges associated with homelessness.

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ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENTS	FDC (LEGAL)		
Children who are Homeless with Disabilities	For children who are to be assisted both under the McKinney- Vento Act and under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.) or section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), a district shall coordinate provision of ser- vices under the McKinney-Vento Act with the provision of programs for children with disabilities served by that district and other in- volved local educational agencies. [See EHBA series]		
	42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(5)		
Barriers to Enrollment	A district shall review and revise any policies that may act as barriers to the identification or enrollment of children who are homeless. A district shall give consideration to issues concerning transportation, immunization, residency, birth certificates, school records and other documentation, and guardianship. A district shall give special attention to ensuring the identification, enrollment, and attendance of children who are homeless who are not currently attending school. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(7)</i>		
Website Information on Local Programs	Each campus within a district with 3,000 or more students and lo- cated in a county with a population of at least 50,000 that main- tains an internet website shall post on the campus website informa- tion regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are home- less.		
	A campus shall make a good faith effort to compile information and shall post the information compiled in a format and style that is easily understandable by students or parents, as appropriate based on the grade levels the campus offers.		
	A representative of a local program or service available to assist students who are homeless may request to have information con- cerning the program or service posted on a campus website. A campus may determine the information that is posted on its web- site and is not required to post information as requested by the rep- resentative.		
	The district is not liable for any harm to a student that results in connection with a local program or service referred to on the web- site of a campus.		
	Education Code 33.906		
	Other Related Policies:		
	AID—Federal Accountability Standards		
	 CNA—Student Transportation 		

ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENTS

- EHBD—Federal Title I Programs
- FB—Equal Educational Opportunities
- FD—Admissions
- FFAB—Immunizations
- FFC—Student Support Services
- FL—Student Records
- FP—Student Fees, Fines, and Charges

Brownsville ISD 031901					
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN	FEA DANCE (LEGAL)				
Compulsory Attendance	Students who are at least six years of age, or who have been pre- viously enrolled in first grade, and who have not yet reached their 19th birthday shall attend school for the entire period the program is offered, unless exempted as indicated below. On enrollment in prekindergarten or kindergarten, a student shall attend school. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code</i> 25.085(a)–(c)				
Voluntary Enrollment of Students 19 and Over	A person who voluntarily enrolls in school or voluntarily attends school after the person's 19th birthday shall attend school each school day for the entire period the program of instruction is of- fered. A board may adopt a policy requiring the student who is un- der 21 years of age to attend school until the end of the school year.				
	After the third unexcused absence of a person who voluntarily en- rolls, a district shall issue a warning letter to the person that states the person's enrollment may be revoked for the remainder of the school year if the person has more than five unexcused absences in a semester.				
	A district may revoke for the remainder of the school year the en- rollment of a person who has more than five unexcused absences in a semester, except a school district may not revoke the enroll- ment of a person under this provision on a day on which the per- son is physically present at school.				
	A person whose enrollment is revoked for exceeding this limit may be considered an unauthorized person on school grounds for the purposes of Education Code 37.107 regarding trespassing.				
	As an alternative to revoking a person's enrollment, a school dis- trict may impose a behavior improvement plan described by Edu- cation Code 25.0915(a-1)(1).				
	Education Code 25.085(e)–(h)				
Accelerated /	Unless specifically exempted, a student must also attend:				
Compensatory Programs	 An extended-year program for which the student is eligible that is provided by a district for students identified as likely not to be promoted to the next grade level or tutorial classes re- quired by the district under Education Code 29.084 [see EHBC]; 				
	 An accelerated reading instruction program to which the stu- dent has been assigned under Education Code 28.006(g) [see EKC]; 				
	3. An accelerated instruction program to which the student is as- signed under Education Code 28.0211 [see EIE];				
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	4.		asic skills program to which the student is assigned under cation Code 29.086 [see EHBC]; or	
	5.	A summer program provided:		
		a.	To a student placed in in-school suspension or other al- ternative setting, other than a disciplinary alternative ed- ucation program (DAEP), who has been offered the op- portunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course in which the student was en- rolled at the time of removal. <i>Education Code 37.021</i> [See FO]	
		b.	To a student removed to a DAEP who has been offered an opportunity to complete coursework before the begin- ning of the next school year. <i>Education Code 37.008(l)</i> [See FOCA]	
	Edu	catior	n Code 25.085(d)	
Additional Instructional Days	stuc add [See	Notwithstanding any other provision in Education Code 25.085, a student enrolled in a district is not required to attend school for any additional instructional days described by Education Code 48.0057 [See Incentive for Additional Instructional Days at FEB(LEGAL)]. <i>Education Code 25.085(i)</i>		
Exemptions			is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements un- llowing statutory provisions.	
Equivalency Diploma	the	stude	t is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt is at least 17 years of age and has been issued a high puivalency certificate or diploma.	
Private or Home School	the	stude	t is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt attends a private or parochial school that includes in its study of good citizenship.	
	tenc ing that tape desi mar	dance of boo appe e mon igned , matl	t in a home school shall be exempt from compulsory at- if he or she is pursuing in good faith a curriculum consist- oks, workbooks, other written materials (including those ar on an electronic screen of either a computer or video itor), or any combination of these. The curriculum shall be to meet basic education goals of reading, spelling, gram- nematics, and a study of good citizenship. <u>Tex. Educ.</u> <u>Leeper</u> , 893 S.W.2d 432 (Tex. 1994)	
Special Education— Nondistrict Placement	the prog	stude gram	is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt is eligible to participate in a district's special education under Education Code 29.003 and cannot be appropri- ved by the resident district.	

Brownsville ISD 031901				
ATTENDANCE FE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEGAI				
Medical Condition	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student has a temporary and remediable physical or mental condition that makes attendance infeasible and the student has a certificate from a qualified physician specifying the temporary con- dition, indicating the prescribed treatment, and covering the antici- pated period of absence for the purpose of receiving and recuper- ating from remedial treatment.			
Expulsion—No JJAEP	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is expelled in accordance with legal requirements in a district that does not participate in a mandatory juvenile justice al- ternative education program. [See FOD]			
17-Year-Old in GED Course	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 17 years old, is attending a course of instruc- tion to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, and:			
	 Has the permission of the student's parent or guardian to at- tend the course; 			
	2. Is required by court order to attend the course;			
	 Has established a residence separate and apart from the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student; or 			
	4. Is homeless.			
High School Replacement Programs	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is enrolled in the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities, Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science, or Texas Academy of International Studies.			
16-Year-Old in GED Program or Job Corps	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 16 years old and is attending a course of in- struction to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, if:			
	 The student is recommended to take the course by a public agency that has supervision or custody of the student under a court order; or 			
	 The student is enrolled in a Job Corps training program under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, 29 U.S.C. 2801. [Note: The Workforce Investment Act of 1998 has been repealed.] 			
Other Exemption	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is specifically exempted under another law.			
	Education Code 25.086			

Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determinations	Note:	Additional information regarding attendance accounting requirements is found in the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) <u>Student Attendance and Accounting Handbook</u> . ¹				
	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the fol- lowing purposes, including travel for those purposes.					
	1. Ob	oserving religious holy days;				
	2. At	ending a required court appearance;				
	qu	pearing at a governmental office to complete paperwork re- ired in connection with the student's application for United ates citizenship.				
	4. Ta	king part in a United States naturalization oath ceremony;				
	5. Se or	rving as an election clerk [see Early Voting Clerks, below];				
	Fa	a student is in the conservatorship of the Department of mily and Protective Services (DFPS), participating, as de- mined and documented by DFPS, in an activity:				
	а.	Ordered by a court under Family Code Chapter 262 or 263, provided that it is not practicable to schedule the participation outside of school hours, or				
	b.	Required under a service plan under Family Code Chap- ter 263, Subchapter B.				
	Educati	on Code 25.087(b)(1)				
Health-Care Appointments	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for a temporary absence resulting from an appointment with a health-care professional for the student or the student's child if the student commences classes or returns to school on the same day of the appointment. "Temporary absence" includes the temporary absence of a student diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder on the day of the student's appointment with a health-care practitioner to receive a generally recognized service for persons with autism spectrum disorder, including applied behavioral analysis, speech therapy, and occupational therapy. <i>Education Code 25.087(b)(2)–(b-3)</i>					
Serious or Life- Threatening Illness	threater tendanc guardia	et shall excuse an absence resulting from a serious or life- ning illness or related treatment that makes the student's at- ce infeasible, if the student or the student's parent or n provides a certification from a physician licensed to prac- dicine in Texas specifying the student's illness and the an-				

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	•	period of the student's absence relating to the illr reatment. <i>Education Code 25.087(b)(3)</i>	iess or
Higher Education Visits	A district may excuse a student from attending school to visit an stitution of higher education accredited by a generally recognized accrediting organization during the student's junior and senior years of high school for the purpose of determining the student's interest in attending the institution of higher education, provided that:		
	day	e district may not excuse for this purpose more that is during the student's junior year and two days du dent's senior year; and	
	2. The	e district adopts:	
	а.	A policy to determine when an absence will be a for this purpose; and	excused
	b.	A procedure to verify the student's visit at the in of higher education.	stitution
	Educatio	on Code 25.087(b-2)	
Early Voting Clerks	school fo district m Election	t may adopt a policy excusing a student from atter or service as a student early voting clerk in an elec- nay excuse a student for serving as an election cle Clerks, above] or early voting clerk for a maximur a school year. <i>Education Code</i> 25.087(<i>b</i> -1), (e)	ction. A erk [see
Military Dependents	A district shall excuse a student whose parent, stepparent, or lega guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from continuous deployment of at least four months outside the locality where the parent, stepparent, or guardian regularly resides, to visit with the student's parent, stepparent, or guardian. A district may not excuse a student under this provision more than five days in a school year. An excused absence under this provision must be taken not earlier than the 60th day before the date of deployment or not later than the 30th day after the date of return from deployment. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-4)</i> [See FDD]		es and ely re- s outside ilarly re- rdian. A e than s provi- e date of return
Enlistment in Armed Services	from atte	t shall excuse a student who is 17 years of age or ending school to pursue enlistment in a branch of ervices of the United States or the Texas National I that:	the
	day	e district may not excuse for this purpose more that is of school during the period the student is enrolle iool; and	

	The district verifies the student's act enlistment in a branch of the armed tional Guard.			
	district shall adopt procedures to verify escribed in these provisions.	a student's activities as		
	lucation Code 25.087(b-5), (b-6)			
Visit to a Driver's License Office	district may excuse a student who is 15 om attending school to visit a driver's lic iver's license or learner license, provide cuse more than one day of school durin enrolled in high school for each of the f ning a driver's license; or obtaining a le ust verify the student's visit to the driver ince with procedures adopted by the dis	ense office to obtain a ed that the district may not ng the period the student following purposes: ob- earner license. The district of license office in accor-		
Taps at Military Funeral	In addition, a district may excuse a student in grades 6 throu for the purpose of sounding "Taps" at a military honors funer in this state for a deceased veteran. <i>Education Code 25.087</i>			
No Penalty	student whose absence is excused for ng at Excused Absences for Compulson ns, above, may not be penalized for tha unted as if the student attended school g the average daily attendance of stude	ry Attendance Determina- at absence and shall be for purposes of calculat-		
Make-Up Work	The student shall be allowed a reasonable time to make work missed on the days described above. If the studen torily completes the work, the days of absence shall be days of compulsory attendance.			
	ducation Code 25.087(d)			
Other Excused Absences	person required to attend school may b sence resulting from any cause accept II, or superintendent of the school in wh ducation Code 25.087(a)	able to the teacher, princi-		
Notices to Parents Warning Notice	district shall notify a student's parent in the school year that, if the student is at more days or parts of days within a six me school year, the student's parent is ider Education Code 25.093, and the st a truancy court for truant conduct unde	osent from school on ten -month period in the subject to prosecution sudent is subject to referral		
Notice of Absences	district shall notify a student's parent if in nt from school, without excuse under E			

		three days or parts of days within a four-week period. The notice must:			
	1.	Info	Inform the parent that:		
		a.	It is the parent's duty to monitor the student's school at- tendance and require the student to attend school;		
		b.	The student is subject to truancy prevention measures under Education Code 25.0915; and		
	2.		uest a conference between school officials and the parent iscuss the absences.		
	The fact that a parent did not receive the notices described above is not a defense for the parent's failure to require a child to attend school nor for the student's failure to attend school.				
	Edu	catio	n Code 25.095		
Non-Attendance Parent Liability	•	A parent or person standing in parental relation commits an of- fense if:			
	1.	Aw	arning notice is issued;		
	2.		parent with criminal negligence fails to require the child to nd school as required by law; and		
	3.		child has absences for the amount of time specified un- Family Code 65.003(a).		
	The attendance officer [see FED] or other appropriate school offi- cial shall file a complaint against the parent in an appropriate court, as permitted under Education Code 25.093.				
Affirmative Defense—Parent	abso shoi an a	ences uld be absen	firmative defense to prosecution that one or more of the s required to be proven was excused by a school official or e excused by the court. A decision by the court to excuse ce for this purpose does not affect the ability of a district hine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.		
	Edu	catio	n Code 25.093		
Student Liability	scho scho riod	ool ur ool or in the	ngages in truant conduct if the child is required to attend oder the compulsory attendance laws, and fails to attend in ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month pe- e same school year. Truant conduct may be prosecuted civil case in a truancy court. <i>Family Code 65.003(a)–(b)</i>		
			eans a person who is 12 years of age or older and han 19 years of age. <i>Family Code 65.002(1)</i>		

Truancy Courts	The following are designated as truancy courts:				
	1.	The constitutional county court in a county with a population of 1.75 million or more;			
	2.	Justice courts; and			
	3.	Municipal courts.			
	A truancy court has exclusive original jurisdiction over cases in- volving allegations of truant conduct.				
	Family Code 65.004(a)–(b)				
Affirmative Defense— Student		an affirmative defense to an allegation of truant conduct that or more of the absences required to be proven:			
Student	1.	Have been excused by a school official or by the court;			
	2.	Were involuntary; or			
	3.	Were due to the child's voluntary absence from the child's home because of abuse, as defined by Family Code 261.001.			
	The affirmative defense is not available if, after deducting the ab- sences described above, there remains a sufficient number of ab- sences to constitute truant conduct.				
	In asserting an affirmative defense, the burden is on the child to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the absence has been or should be excused, was involuntary, or was due to the child's voluntary absence from the child's home because of abuse, as defined by Family Code 261.001.				
	A decision by the court to excuse an absence does not affect the ability of the district to determine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.				
	Family Code 65.003(c)–(f)				
Truancy Prevention Measures	days atter truar	student fails to attend school without excuse on three or more s or parts of days within a four-week period but does not fail to nd school for the time described below, the district shall initiate ncy prevention measures on the student. [See FED] <i>Education</i> <i>e 25.0915(a-4)</i>			
District Complaint or Referral	days year abse	student fails to attend school without excuse on ten or more or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school a district shall within ten school days of the student's tenth ence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct un- Family Code 65.003(a). [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0951(a)</i>			

ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE FEA (LEGAL)

¹ TEA *Student Attendance Accounting Handbook*: <u>https://tea.texas.gov/finance-and-grants/financial-compliance/student-attendance-accounting-handbook</u>

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

	Note:	Additional information regarding attendance accounting requirements is found in the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) Student Attendance and Accounting Handbook. ¹		
Uniform Accounting System	commis	strict shall use a uniform accounting system adopted by the sioner for the data required to be reported for the Public on Information Management System. <i>Education Code</i> b)		
Student Attendance Accounting Handbook	The commissioner will annually establish student attendance ac- counting guidelines and procedures to be used by a district to maintain records and make reports on student attendance and stu- dent participation in special programs.			
	records ticipation lication <i>Student</i>	ndard procedures that a district must use to maintain and make reports on student attendance and student par- n in special programs are described in the official TEA pub- <i>Student Attendance Accounting Handbook.</i> A copy of the <i>Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> is available on the TEA with information related to financial compliance.		
		m previous school years will continue to be subject to the attendance accounting handbook as the handbook existed years.		
	19 TAC	129.1025		
Incentive for Additional Instructional Days	district u	nmissioner shall adjust the average daily attendance of a inder Education Code 48.005 in the manner provided by on Code 48.0051(b) if the district:		
	ins coi	ovides the minimum number of minutes of operational and tructional time required under Education Code 25.081 and mmissioner rules adopted under that section over at least 0 days of instruction; and		
		fers an additional 30 days of half-day instruction for stu- nts enrolled in prekindergarten through fifth grade.		
	Educatio	on Code 48.0051(a)		
Funding for Off- Campus Programs	gram wi campus group of regular a time will group is	eligibility for a student participating in an off-campus pro- Il include time instructed in the off-campus program. A may choose an alternate attendance-taking time for a f students that is scheduled to be off-campus during the attendance-taking time. The alternate attendance-taking be in effect for the period of days or weeks for which the scheduled to be off-campus during the regular atten- aking time (for example, for the semester or for the duration		

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

	of employment). This alternate attendance-taking time may not be changed once it is selected for a particular group of students. If at- tendance is taken at an off-campus location, the district must en- sure that attendance is taken in accordance with the <i>Student Atten-</i> <i>dance Accounting Handbook</i> .
	For a district to receive FSP funding for a student participating in an off-campus program, the district must have documentation of an agreement between the district and the college.
	19 TAC 129.1031(c)–(d) [See EHDD]
	[For information regarding funding for virtual instruction and remote learning programs, see EHDE and EHDF.]
Disasters	The commissioner may adjust the average daily attendance of a district all or part of which is located in an area declared a disaster area by the governor under Government Code Chapter 418 if the district experiences a decline in average daily attendance that is reasonably attributable to the impact of the disaster.
	The commissioner may make the adjustment under this section for the two-year period following the date of the governor's initial proclamation or executive order declaring the state of disaster.
	Education Code 48.006(a), (c)
	¹ TEA <i>Student Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> : <u>https://tea.texas.gov/fi-</u>

nance-and-grants/financial-compliance/student-attendance-accountinghandbook

	Not	e:	See FB for the application of Section 504 of the Rehation Act to students who qualify for individualized health plans.	abili-	
Diabetes Management and Treatment Plan	The parent or guardian of a student who will seek care for diabetes while at school or while participating in a school activity, and the physician responsible for the student's diabetes treatment, shall develop a diabetes management and treatment plan (DMTP).			Э	
Required Elements	The	DMT	P must:		
	1.	lder scho	ntify the health-care services the student may receive a bol;	at	
	2.		luate the student's ability to manage and level of unde iding of the student's diabetes; and	r-	
	3.	Bes	signed by the parent or guardian and the physician.		
Submission to School		The parent or guardian must submit the DMTP to the school, a the school must review the plan:			
	1.	Befo	ore or at the beginning of the school year;		
	2.		enrollment of the student, if the student enrolls after the inning of the school year; or	е	
	3.		soon as practicable following a diagnosis of diabetes for student.	or	
	Hea	alth ar	nd Safety Code 168.002		
Individualized Health Plan	Upon receiving the student's DMTP, the school principal, or de- signee, and the school nurse, if a school nurse is assigned to the school, shall develop an individualized health plan (IHP) for the student. The IHP shall be developed in collaboration with the stu- dent's parent or guardian and, to the extent practicable, the physi- cian responsible for the student's diabetes treatment and one or more of the student's teachers.			ne :u- /si-	
	DM	TP, ir	t's IHP must incorporate components of the student's including the information required under Health and Saf 3.002(b) [see Required Elements, above].	ety	
	Health and Safety Code 168.001(3), .003				
Independent Monitoring and Treatment	den	t to a	lance with the student's IHP, a school shall permit the ttend to the management and care of the student's dia hich may include:		
	1.	Per	forming blood glucose level checks;		
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	 Administering insulin through the i student uses; 	nsulin delivery system the		
	3. Treating hypoglycemia and hyperg	glycemia;		
	 Possessing on the student's person or equipment necessary to monito diabetes; and 	• • • • •		
	 Otherwise attending to the manag dent's diabetes in the classroom, i school grounds, or at any school-r 	n any area of the school or		
	lealth and Safety Code 168.008			
Required Care	Each school shall adopt a procedure to ensure that a sch or at least one unlicensed diabetes care assistant (UDCA present and available to provide the required care to a st diabetes during the regular school day. A district may not the assignment of a student with diabetes to a particular on the basis that the campus does not have the required <i>Health and Safety Code 168.007(c)–(d)</i>			
	f a school nurse is assigned to a camp able, the nurse shall perform the tasks lent with diabetes in accordance with t	necessary to assist a stu-		
School Nurse Not Available	f a school nurse is not assigned to the s not available, a UDCA shall perform t assist the student in accordance with th compliance with any guidelines provide JDCA may perform these tasks only if the student signs an agreement that:	the tasks necessary to ne student's IHP and in d during UDCA training. A		
	. Authorizes a UDCA to assist the s	tudent; and		
	 States that the parent or guardian is not liable for civil damages [see low]. 			
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(a)			
	If a school nurse is not assigned to a campus:			
	A UDCA must have access to an i the care of persons with diabetes, istered nurse, a certified diabetes etitian; or	such as a physician, a reg-		

	 The principal must have access to the physician responsible for the student's diabetes treatment. 						
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(b)						
Unlicensed Diabetes Care Assistants	At each school in which a student with diabetes is enrolled, the principal, or designee, shall:						
	 Seek school employees who are not health-care profession- als to serve as UDCAs and to care for students with diabetes and 						
	2. Make efforts to ensure the school has:						
	a. At least one UDCA if a full-time nurse is assigned to the school; and						
	b. At least three UDCAs if a full-time nurse is not assigned to the school.						
	"School employee" means a person employed by a school, a local health department that assists the school under Health and Safety Code Chapter 168 (Care of Students with Diabetes), or another en- tity with whom the school has contracted to perform its duties un- der that chapter.						
	"Unlicensed diabetes care assistant" means a school employee who has successfully completed the required training [see UDCA Training, below].						
	A school employee may not be subject to any penalty or disci- plinary action for refusing to serve as a UDCA.						
	A UDCA shall serve under the supervision of the principal.						
	Health and Safety Code 168.001(5)–(6), .003–.004						
UDCA Training	If a school nurse is assigned to a campus, the nurse shall coordi- nate the training of school employees acting as UDCAs. Training for UDCAs must be provided by a health-care professional with ex- pertise in the care of persons with diabetes or by a school nurse. The training must include instruction in the elements set forth at Health and Safety Code 168.005(d).						
	Training must be provided before the beginning of the school year or as soon as practicable following:						
	 The enrollment of a student with diabetes at a campus that previously had no students with diabetes; or 						
	2. A diagnosis of diabetes for a student at a campus that previously had no students with diabetes.						

	The school nurse or principal shall maintain a copy of the training guidelines and any records associated with the training.					
	Health and Safety Code 168.005					
	Note: Guidance for the care of students with diabetes is available on the <u>Texas Department of State Health Services</u> (TDSHS) website. ¹					
Information to Employees	A district shall provide to each district employee who is responsible for providing transportation for a student with diabetes or supervis- ing a student with diabetes during an off-campus activity a one- page information sheet that:					
	1. Identifies the student who has diabetes;					
	 Identifies potential emergencies that may occur as a result of the student's diabetes and the appropriate responses to such emergencies; and 					
	 Provide the telephone number of a contact person in case of an emergency involving the student with diabetes. 					
	Health and Safety Code 168.006					
Immunity from Liability	A school employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- ing, as defined by Education Code 22.0512(b), resulting from any action taken in compliance with Health and Safety Code Chapter 168. The requirements of Chapter 168 are considered to involve the employee's judgment and discretion and are not considered ministerial acts for purposes of immunity under Education Code 22.0511. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.009(a)</i> [See DG]					
	A school nurse is not responsible for and may not be subject to dis- ciplinary action under Occupations Code Chapter 301 for actions performed by a UDCA. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.009(b)</i>					
	A UDCA who assists a student as provided above [see Required Care, above] in compliance with the student's IHP:					
	 Is not considered to be engaging in the practice of profes- sional or vocational nursing under Occupations Code Chapter 301 or other state law; and 					
	2. Is exempt from any applicable state law or rule that restricts the activities that may be performed by a person who is not a health-care provider.					

	A UDCA may exercise reasonable judgment in deciding whether to contact a health-care provider in the event of a medical emergency involving a student with diabetes.
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(e)–(f)
Students at Risk for Anaphylaxis	The board shall adopt and administer a policy for the care of stu- dents with a diagnosed food allergy at risk for anaphylaxis based on <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at Risk</u> for <u>Anaphylaxis</u> ² developed by the commissioner of state health services. A district shall annually review the policy and, as neces- sary, revise its policy for the care of students with a diagnosed food allergy at risk for anaphylaxis to ensure the policy is consistent with the most current version of the guidelines.
	This section does not waive any liability or immunity of the district or its officers or employees or create any liability for or a cause of action against the district or its officers or employees.
	Notwithstanding any other law, these provisions do not create a civil, criminal, or administrative cause of action or liability or create a standard of care, obligation, or duty that provides the basis for a cause of action.
	Education Code 38.0151(a)–(b), (d), (i)–(j)
	A district that provides for the maintenance, administration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E [see FFAC] is not required to comply with Education Code 38.0151. <i>Education Code 38.0151(f)</i>
Website Requirements	Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the guidelines on the district's website [see CQA], including instructions on ob- taining access to the complete guidelines document. The district's website must be accessible by each student enrolled in the district and a parent or guardian of each student. Any forms used by a dis- trict requesting information from a parent or guardian enrolling a child with a food allergy in the district must include information to access on the district's website a summary of the guidelines and instructions on obtaining access to the complete guidelines docu- ment. <i>Education Code</i> $38.0151(g)$
Seizure Management and Treatment Plan	The parent or guardian of a student with a seizure disorder may seek care for the student's seizures while the student is at school or participating in a school activity by submitting to the district at which the student is enrolled a copy of a seizure management and treatment plan developed by the student's parent or guardian and the physician responsible for the student's seizure treatment. The plan must be submitted to and reviewed by the district:

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	1.	Before or at the beginning of the school year;			
	2.	On enrollment of the student, if the student enrolls in the dis- trict after the beginning of the school year; or			
	3.	As soon as practicable following a diagnosis of a seizure dis- order for the student.			
Plan Requirements	A seizure management and treatment plan must:				
	1.	Identify the health-care services the student may receive at school or while participating in a school activity;			
	2.	Evaluate the student's ability to manage and level of under- standing of the student's seizures; and			
	3.	Be signed by the student's parent or guardian and the physi- cian responsible for the student's seizure treatment.			
	Education Code 38.032(a)–(b)				
Immunity	The care of a student with a seizure disorder by a district employee under a seizure management plan submitted under Education Code 38.032 is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the employee's position of employment and involves the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the employee for purposes of Education Code 22.0511, regarding immunity from liability.				
	The immunity from liability provided by Education Code 22.0511 applies to an action or failure to act by a district employee in ad- ministering a medication, assisting with self-administration, or oth- erwise providing for the care of a student under a seizure manage- ment plan submitted for the student.				
	Education Code 38.032(c)–(d)				
	[See DMA for seizure recognition and related first aid training.]				
	¹ TDSHS guidance for the care of students with diabetes: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/diabetes/diabetes-children</u> ² TDSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies at Risk				

for Anaphylaxis:

https://www.dshs.texas.gov/sites/default/files/schoolhealth/pdf/FI-NAL%20Guidelines%20for%20Food%20Allergies%203.2023.pdf

Brownsville ISD 031901			
STUDENT WELFARE FFC STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES (LEGAL)			
Liaison for Court- Related Students	A district shall appoint at least one educator, as defined by Educa- tion Code 5.001(5), to act as a liaison officer for court-related stu- dents. The liaison officer shall provide counseling and other ser- vices for court-related students and their parents to establish or reestablish normal attendance and progress in school. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 37.014</i>		
Liaison for Students Who Are Homeless	As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (McKinney-Vento Act), a district shall designate an appropriate staff person, able to carry out the re- quired duties, as the district liaison for homeless children. A district will adopt policies and practices to ensure participation by the liai- son in professional development and other technical assistance ac- tivities provided and approved by the statewide coordinator for ed- ucation of homeless children and youths. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(1)(J)</i> [See FDC for more information regarding McKinney-Vento Act re- quirements.]		
Notice	A district shall inform school personnel, service providers, and ad- vocates working with homeless families, parents and guardians of homeless children, and homeless children of the duties of the liai- son. [See FD for definition of "homeless children."]		
Duties	The	liaison shall ensure that:	
	1.	Homeless children are identified by school personnel and through outreach and coordination activities with other entities and agencies;	
	2.	Homeless children are enrolled in, and have a full and equal opportunity to succeed in, district schools;	
	3.	Homeless families and homeless children have access to and receive educational services for which they are eligible, in- cluding services through Head Start programs (including Early Head Start programs) under the Head Start Act, early inter- vention services under Part C of the Individuals with Disabili- ties Education Act, and other district preschool programs;	
	4.	Homeless families and homeless children receive referrals to health care, dental, mental health and substance abuse, housing, and other appropriate services;	
	5.	The parents or guardians of homeless children are informed of the available educational and related opportunities and are provided meaningful opportunities to participate in the educa- tion of their children;	
	6.	Public notice of the educational rights of homeless children is disseminated in locations frequented by parents or guardians	
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		scho mar	uch children, and unaccompanied youths, including ools, shelters, public libraries, and soup kitchens, in a oner and form understandable to the parents and rdians of homeless children, and unaccompanied youths;	
	7.	Enro	ollment disputes are mediated;	
	8.	com vice	parent or guardian of a homeless child, and any unac- panied youth, are fully informed of all transportation ser- s, including transportation to the school of origin, and are sted in accessing transportation to the school of enroll- it;	
	9.	Ven	ool personnel providing services under the McKinney- to Act receive professional development and other sup- ; and	
	10.	Unaccompanied youths:		
		a.	Are enrolled in school;	
		b.	Have opportunities to meet the same challenging state academic standards as the state establishes for other children; and	
		C.	Are informed of their status as independent students un- der section 480 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and that the youths may obtain assistance from the liaison to receive verification of such status for purposes of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid.	
	42 l	J.S.C	. 11432(g)(6)(A), (B)	
Determination of Homeless Status	A liaison who receives training under 42 U.S.C. $11432(f)(6)$ may affirm, without further action by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, that a child who is eligible for and participating in a district program, or the immediate family of such a child, who meets the eligibility requirements of the McKinney-Vento Act for an authorized program or service under Title IV of the Act, is eligible for such program or service. <i>42 U.S.C.</i> $11432(g)(6)(D)$			
Liaison for Children in State Conservatorship	offic a ch sub uca	er to hild in mit th tion A	rict shall appoint at least one employee to act as a liaison facilitate the enrollment in or transfer to a public school of the district who is in the conservatorship of the state and e liaison's name and contact information to the Texas Ed- gency (TEA) in a format and under the schedule deter- the commissioner of education.	

		tatin	shall provide information to the liaisons on practices for facili- ig the enrollment in or transfer to a public school of children are in the conservatorship of the state.				
		Education Code 33.904					
	nsition to Higher cation	A district, in coordination with the Department of Family and P tective Services (DFPS), shall facilitate the transition of each or enrolled in the district who is eligible for a tuition and fee waive der Education Code 54.366, and who is likely to be in the construction of DFPS on the day preceding the child's 18th birthor an institution of higher education by:					
		1.	Assisting the child with the completion of any applications for admission or financial aid;				
		2.	Arranging and accompanying the child on campus visits;				
		3.	Assisting the child in researching and applying for private or institution-sponsored scholarships;				
		4.	Identifying whether the child is a candidate for appointment to a military academy;				
		5.	Assisting the child in registering and preparing for college en- trance examinations, including, subject to the availability of funds, arranging for the payment of any examination fees by DFPS; and				
		6.	Coordinating contact between the child and a liaison desig- nated by the Higher Education Coordinating Board for stu- dents who were formerly in the conservatorship of DFPS.				
		Farr	nily Code 264.1212 [See FFEA]				
Ass Higi Stuo	nsition istance for nly Mobile dents efinitions Educational and Course Programs	prov requ gifte for e	ucational and course programs" means programs intended to vide instruction to students in conjunction with or outside of the uired curriculum, which may include, but are not limited to, ed and talented services, bilingual or special language services emergent bilingual students, career and technical education, early college high school.				
	Enrollment Conference	twee stud of er tivel and port	rollment conference" means a student-centered meeting be- en key district staff and the newly enrolled student and/or the lent's parent or guardian that occurs within the first two weeks nrollment, as soon as feasible, at a new school to collabora- y ease transitions; identify the student's academic strengths extracurricular interests; introduce school processes and op- unities for engagement; and identify any interventions and ad- nal support services (e.g., special education or Section 504				

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STUDENT WELFARE FFC STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES (LEGAL		
	services, academic and/or behavioral interventions, social an emotional needs, college and career readiness). The student tendance in the conference should be addressed on a case-b case basis.	's at-
Records	"Records" means documents in printed or electronic form that clude, but are not limited to, student transcripts; individual con- grades; academic achievement records; course credits, whet full or partial; individualized education program referrals; inter- tion data; immunizations; state assessment scores; student a dance data; disciplinary reports; graduation endorsements; sp education/Section 504 committee records; performance ackn edgements; and personal graduation plans.	urse her rven- itten- pecial
Welcome Packet	"Welcome packet" means a compilation of district and commune resources provided to new students within the first two weeks enrollment at a new school that helps to familiarize the studen the school.	sof
	19 TAC 89.1601(2), (4), (9), (11)	
Transfer of Student Records	Each district shall ensure that school records for students while identified as homeless or in substitute care are transferred to student's new school after receiving a request for records. Stu- records must be requested, sent, and received using the Tex Records Exchange (TREx) system.	the udent
	Each district is required to transfer student records within ten ing days of receipt of a request from a district to which a stud who is homeless or in substitute care enrolls, as required by cation Code 25.002(a-1) [see FD(LEGAL)]. The discretionary thority under Education Code 31.104(d) [see CMD(LEGAL)] t withhold records of a student if the student has not returned of for instructional materials or technological equipment does not empt a district from the mandatory provision to send records other public school in which the student enrolls.	ent Edu- au- co or paid ot ex-
	If a district fails to receive the required information within ten- ing days, the requesting district may report the noncompliant trict to the division responsible for TREx Support at TEA.	
	Proof of enrollment in a different district permits retroactive w drawal to the date a student enrolled in the new school. The of enrollment in the new district is considered the date of with drawal from the previous district.	date
	19 TAC 89.1603	

Systems and Procedures	A district shall develop systems to ease transition of a student who is homeless or in substitute care during the first two weeks of en-				
	rollment at a new school. These systems shall include the follow- ing:				
	1. Welcome packets containing applicable information regarding enrollment in extracurricular activities, club activities, informa- tion on fee waivers, tutoring opportunities, the student code of conduct, available student supports, and contact information for key school staff members such as principals, registrars, counselors, designated liaisons, nutrition coordinators, and transportation specialists;				
	2. Introductions for new students that maintain student privacy and confidentiality to the school environment and school pro- cesses by district faculty, campus-based student leaders, or ambassadors; and				
	3. Mechanisms to ensure that a process is in place for all stu- dents who qualify to receive nutrition benefits upon enroll- ment, as all students who are homeless or in substitute care are eligible for United States Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Programs. The process must expedite communica- tion with the district nutrition coordinator to ensure that eligible students are not charged in error or experience delays in re- ceiving these benefits.				
	19 TAC 89.1605(a)				
	A district must provide professional development opportunities and resources to support key staff members such as principals, regis- trars, counselors, designated liaisons, nutrition coordinators, and transportation specialists on local processes and procedures for fa- cilitating successful school transitions for students who are home- less or in substitute care.				
	A district must use the TREx, the Personal Identification Database (PID), or the Person Enrollment Tracking (PET) application to facili- tate records transfer and expedite coordination and communication between the sending and receiving schools. In cases where records from the student's previous school are missing or cannot be located, a district should use the Texas Student Data System (TSDS) Unique ID application to identify where the student was previously enrolled.				
	19 TAC 89.1605(c)–(d)				
Enrollment Conference	A district shall convene an enrollment conference within the first two weeks or as soon as feasible, after a student who is homeless or in substitute care enrolls at a new school. The convening of the				

FFC (LEGAL)

enrollment conference shall not delay or impede the enrollment of the student.

The student's attendance in the conference should be addressed on a case-by-case basis. The enrollment conference may be used in conjunction with an existing meeting that is designed for similar purposes for newly enrolled students.

The enrollment conference shall address the student's credit recovery, credit completion, attendance plans and trauma-informed interventions, interests and strengths, discipline or behavior concerns, previous successes, college readiness, and social and emotional supports as well as district policies relating to transfers and withdrawals and communication preferences with parents or guardians.

The enrollment conference may be comprised of:

- 1. School administrators;
- 2. McKinney-Vento or foster care liaisons;
- 3. Social workers;
- 4. Teachers;
- 5. School counselors;
- 6. Dropout prevention specialists;
- 7. Attendance/truancy officers;
- 8. The relative caregiver, foster placement caregiver, or DFPS caseworker;
- 9. The DFPS designated educational decision-maker;
- 10. The DFPS caseworker, Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) volunteer, or other volunteers, as applicable; and
- 11. A parent or guardian, unless the caseworker indicates the parent's or guardian's rights to participate have been restricted by the court.

19 TAC 89.1605(b)

Educational Placement

A district must establish procedures to receive, review, and assess student records for the initial course and educational program placement for a student who is homeless or in substitute care upon enrollment at a new school.

A district must ensure that a student who is homeless or in substitute care has the opportunity to pursue the same endorsement cat-

FFC (LEGAL)

egories, to the extent possible. If only one endorsement is offered, it must be multidisciplinary studies.

To the extent possible, a district shall ensure the continuation of a student's course and educational programs, if appropriate, from the previous district by placing the student in comparable courses and programs for which they are eligible.

A district shall promote placement in academically challenging and career preparation courses.

19 TAC 89.1609

[For award of credit for students who are homeless or in substitute care, see EI. For special education services for students who are homeless or in substitute care, see EHBAA.]

Access to Educational and Extracurricular Programs and Courses A district must develop processes to increase awareness of opportunities available to students who are homeless or in substitute care to participate in extracurricular programs, summer programs, credit transfer services, electronic courses, and after-school tutoring programs.

A district must identify and remove barriers, whenever possible, to participation by students who are homeless or in substitute care in extracurricular programs, summer programs, credit transfer services, electronic courses, and after-school tutoring programs.

Appropriate district staff must facilitate the process to complete and submit a University Interscholastic League (UIL) waiver of residence application form for a student who is homeless and plans to participate in varsity athletics.

In compliance with Education Code 25.001(f) [see FD], a durational residence requirement may not be used to prohibit a student in substitute care from fully participating in any activity sponsored by the district.

19 TAC 89.1611

Postsecondary Information for Students who are Homeless or in Substitute Care District counselors or other designated staff shall work with district McKinney-Vento and foster care liaisons to ensure that all students who are identified as homeless or in substitute care graduate with endorsements, if applicable, and have postsecondary plans identified in their personal graduation plans, to the extent required by Education Code 28.02121 [see EIF].

Districts must provide postsecondary counseling in alignment with Education Code 33.007 [see FFEA], for all students, including students who are homeless or in substitute care.

	Districts must connect students to college readiness initiatives, campus visits, and other postsecondary preparation opportunities provided by the district.
	School counselors must provide information about postsecondary education to the student and the student's parent or guardian dur- ing the first school year a student is enrolled in high school and each subsequent year throughout high school. [See FFEA]
Provisions for Students Experiencing Homelessness	McKinney-Vento liaisons must inform unaccompanied homeless youths of their status as independent students for the purpose of applying for financial aid for higher education and provide verifica- tion of such status for the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FASFA), pursuant to 42 United States Code 11432(g)(6)(A)(x)(III).
	School counselors must assist and advise students experiencing homelessness with college preparation and readiness, pursuant to 42 United States Code 11432(g)(1)(K).
	19 TAC 89.1613(a)–(b)
Provisions for Students in Substitute Care	A district shall ensure that a student in substitute care who is en- rolled in grade 11 or 12 is provided information regarding tuition and fee exemptions under Education Code 54.366, for dual-credit or other courses provided by a public institution of higher education for which a high school student may earn joint high school and col- lege credit.
	A district shall inform students in substitute care of tuition and fee exemptions under Education Code 54.367, regarding monthly payments, medical assistance benefits, and reimbursement of fees.
	A district shall ensure students in substitute care are informed that every higher education institution in Texas has a designated foster care liaison to assist students.
	Foster care liaisons are encouraged to support students in substi- tute care with linking to colleges to develop connections and facili- tate effective transitions into postsecondary education.
	Foster care liaisons, school counselors, and others must assist stu- dents with seeking and applying for all types of scholarships for which the student may qualify.
	19 TAC 89.1613(c)
Notice of Events for Students in Substitute Care	A district must provide notice in writing to the educational decision- maker and caseworker of a student who is in substitute care re- garding events that may significantly impact the education of the student. <i>19 TAC 89.1617</i>

	Eve cluc	ents that may significantly impact the education of a child in-
	1.	Requests or referrals for an evaluation under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), or special education under Education Code 29.003 [see EHBAA];
	2.	Admission, review, and dismissal committee meetings [see EHBAB];
	3.	Manifestation determination reviews required by Education Code 37.004(b) [see FOF];
	4.	Any disciplinary actions under Education Code Chapter 37 for which parental notice is required [see FO series];
	5.	Citations issued for Class C misdemeanor offenses on school property or at school-sponsored activities;
	6.	Reports of restraint and seclusion required by Education Code 37.0021 [see FO and FOF];
	7.	Use of corporal punishment as provided by Section 37.0011 [see FO]; and
	8.	Appointment of a surrogate parent for the child under Educa- tion Code 29.0151 [see EHBAE];
	Edu	ucation Code 25.007(b)(10)
Child Welfare Contact	stat the age	istrict receiving Title 1, Part A funds must collaborate with the e or local child welfare agency to designate a point of contact if child welfare agency notifies the district, in writing, that the ency has designated an employee to serve as a point of contact the district. 20 U.S.C. $6312(c)(5)(A)$
School-Community Guidance Center	A district may establish a school-community guidance center de- signed to locate and assist children with problems that interfere with their education, including juvenile offenders and children with severe behavioral problems or character disorders.	
	lice in w	ch center shall coordinate efforts of district personnel, local po- departments, school attendance officers, and probation officers vorking with students, dropouts, and parents in identifying and recting factors that adversely affect the education of the chil- n.
	Edu	ication Code 37.051
	cerr	on request from a superintendent, a governmental agency con- ned with children that has jurisdiction in a district shall cooper- with the school-community guidance center and shall designate
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	lem age cen gov	aison to work with the center in identifying and correcting prob- s affecting school-age children in the district. The governmental ncy may establish or finance a school-community guidance ter jointly with a district according to terms approved by the erning body of each participating entity. <i>Education Code 37.053</i>				
Cooperative Programs	cies	oard may develop cooperative programs with state youth agen- s for children found to have engaged in delinquent conduct. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code</i> 37.052				
Parental Notice and Access to Information	ter,	Before a student is admitted to a school-community guidance cen- ter, the administrator of the center shall notify the student's parent or guardian that the student has been assigned to attend the cen- ter.				
	The	notice must include:				
	1.	The reason the student has been assigned to the center;				
	2.	A statement that on request the parent or guardian is entitled to be fully informed in writing of any treatment method or test- ing program involving the student; and				
	3.	A statement that the parent or guardian may request to be ad- vised and to give written, signed consent for any psychologi- cal testing or treatment involving the student.				
	mer	If after notification, the parent refuses to consent to testing or treat- ment of the student, the center may not provide any further psy- chological treatment or testing.				
		arent or guardian of a student attending a center is entitled to bect:				
	1.	Any instructional or guidance material to be used by the stu- dent, including teachers' manuals, tapes, and films; and				
	2.	The results of any treatment, testing, or guidance method in- volving the student.				
	The administrator of the center may set a schedule for inspection of materials that allows reasonable access but does not interfere with the conduct of classes or business activities of the school.					
	Edι	ication Code 37.054				
Parental Involvement	repi lega spo	admitting a student to a school-community guidance center, a resentative of a district, the student, and the student's parent or al guardian shall develop an agreement that specifies the re- nsibilities of the parent and the student. The agreement must ude:				

	1.	A statement of the student's behavioral and learning objec- tives;
	2.	A requirement that the parent attend specified meetings and conferences for teacher review of the student's progress; and
	3.	The parent's acknowledgement that the parent understands and accepts the responsibilities imposed by the agreement regarding attendance at meetings and conferences and assis- tance in meeting objectives, defined by the district, to aid stu- dent remediation.
	the opare	perintendent may obtain a court order from a district court in district requiring a parent to comply with such an agreement. A ent who violates such a court order may be punished for con- pt of court.
Court Supervision	fail t cour tabli	district, the student, and the parent or guardian for any reason o reach an agreement, any party may request the juvenile t or its designee to conduct a hearing and enter an order es- shing the responsibilities and duties of each of the parties as court deems appropriate.
	Edu	cation Code 37.055–.056

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

Definitions	"Bul	"Bullying":			
Bullying	1.	Means a single significant act or a pattern of acts by one or more students directed at another student that exploits an im- balance of power and involves engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that satisfies the applicability requirements below and that:			
		a. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harm- ing a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's per- son or of damage to the student's property;			
		 Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threaten- ing, or abusive educational environment for a student; 			
		 Materially and substantially disrupts the educational process or the orderly operation of a classroom or school; or 			
		d. Infringes on the rights of the victim at school; and			
	2.	Includes cyberbullying.			
Cyberbullying	elec cellu tron plica	"Cyberbullying" means bullying that is done through the use of a electronic communication device, including through the use of a cellular or other type of telephone, a computer, a camera, elec- tronic mail, instant messaging, text messaging, a social media a plication, an internet website, or any other internet-based commu- nication tool.			
Applicability	The	se provisions apply to:			
	1.	Bullying that occurs on or is delivered to school property or to the site of a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property;			
	2.	Bullying that occurs on a publicly or privately owned school bus or vehicle being used for transportation of students to from school or a school-sponsored or school-related active and			
	3.	Cyberbullying that occurs off school property or outside of a school-sponsored or school-related activity if the cyberbully-ing:			
		a. Interferes with a student's educational opportunities; or			

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

		b.	Substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a class- room, school, or school-sponsored or school-related ac- tivity.	
Policy	The board shall adopt a policy, including any necessary proce- dures, concerning bullying that:			
	1.	Prol	nibits the bullying of a student;	
	2.	Prev that	vents and mediates bullying incidents between students	
		a.	Interfere with a student's educational opportunities; or	
		b.	Substantially disrupt the orderly operation of a class- room, school, or school-sponsored or school-related ac- tivity;	
	3.	witn	nibits retaliation against any person, including a victim, a ess, or another person, who in good faith provides infor- ion concerning an incident of bullying;	
	4.		ablishes a procedure for providing notice of an incident of ying to:	
		а.	A parent or guardian of the alleged victim on or before the third business day after the date the incident is re- ported; and	
		b.	A parent or guardian of the alleged bully within a reason- able amount of time after the incident;	
	5.		ablishes the actions a student should take to obtain assis- e and intervention in response to bullying;	
	6.		s out the available counseling options for a student who is ctim of or a witness to bullying or who engages in bullying;	
	7.	Establishes procedures for reporting an incident of bullying, including procedures for a student to anonymously report an incident of bullying, investigating a reported incident of bully- ing, and determining whether the reported incident of bullying occurred;		
	8.	who on t	nibits the imposition of a disciplinary measure on a student o, after an investigation, is found to be a victim of bullying, he basis of that student's use of reasonable self-defense esponse to the bullying;	
	9.		uires that discipline for bullying of a student with disabili- comply with applicable requirements under federal law,	

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

		uding the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 S.C. Section 1400 et seq.); and
		mplies with the minimum standards adopted by the Texas ucation Agency (TEA) for a district's policy.
	ally in the	cy and any necessary procedures must be included annu- e student and employee handbooks and in the district im- ent plan under Education Code 11.252. [See BQ]
	Note:	Minimum Standards for Bullying Prevention ¹ are avail- able on TEA's website.
Internet Posting	•	cedure for reporting bullying must be posted on a district's website to the extent practicable.
	Educatio	on Code 37.0832
	https://tea	nimum Standards for Bullying Prevention: a.texas.gov/texas-schools/health-safety-discipline/student-disci- imum-standards-for-bullying-prevention

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

	Note:	This policy addresses bullying of District students. purposes of this policy, the term bullying includes of bullying.	
		For provisions regarding discrimination and harass involving District students, see FFH. Note that FFI be used in conjunction with FFH for certain prohibit conduct. For reporting requirements related to child abuse and neglect, see FFG.	shall ted
Bullying Prohibited	by state	rict prohibits bullying, including cyberbullying, as defi aw. Retaliation against anyone involved in the comp is a violation of District policy and is prohibited.	
Examples	electronie ing, confi	of a student could occur by physical contact or throug c means and may include hazing, threats, taunting, t nement, assault, demands for money, destruction of t of valued possessions, name calling, rumor spread n.	eas- prop-
Minimum Standards	trative pr	lance with law, the Superintendent shall develop adr ocedures to ensure that minimum standards for bully on are implemented.	
Retaliation	against a	rict prohibits retaliation by a student or District emplo iny person who in good faith makes a report of bullyi s a witness, or participates in an investigation.	•
Examples	tracism, a or unwar	s of retaliation may include threats, rumor spreading assault, destruction of property, unjustified punishme ranted grade reductions. Unlawful retaliation does no ty slights or annoyances.	ents,
False Claim	ments, o	t who intentionally makes a false claim, offers false s r refuses to cooperate with a District investigation reg ng shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action.	gard-
Timely Reporting	leged act	of bullying shall be made as soon as possible after the t or knowledge of the alleged act. A failure to immedi ay impair the District's ability to investigate and addre bited conduct.	ately
Reporting Procedures Student Report	that he o student h leged act trict emp	n assistance and intervention, any student who believer r she has experienced bullying or believes that anoth has experienced bullying should immediately report t its to a teacher, school counselor, principal, or other l loyee. The Superintendent shall develop procedures student to anonymously report an alleged incident or	her he al- Dis- al-
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Brownsville ISD 031901	
STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BUL	FFI LYING (LOCAL)
Employee Report	Any District employee who suspects or receives notice that a stu- dent or group of students has or may have experienced bullying shall immediately notify the principal or designee.
Report Format	A report may be made orally or in writing. The principal or designee shall reduce any oral reports to written form.
Periodic Monitoring	The Superintendent shall periodically monitor the reported counts of bullying incidents, and that declines in the count may represent not only improvements in the campus culture because bullying de- clines but also declines in the campus culture because of a decline in openness to report incidents.
Notice of Report	When an allegation of bullying is reported, the principal or de- signee shall notify a parent of the alleged victim on or before the third business day after the incident is reported. The principal or designee shall also notify a parent of the student alleged to have engaged in the conduct within a reasonable amount of time after the incident is reported.
Prohibited Conduct	The principal or designee shall determine whether the allegations in the report, if proven, would constitute prohibited conduct as de- fined by policy FFH, including dating violence and harassment or discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, gender, na- tional origin, or disability. If so, the District shall proceed under pol- icy FFH. If the allegations could constitute both prohibited conduct and bullying, the investigation under FFH shall include a determi- nation on each type of conduct.
Investigation of Report	The principal or designee shall conduct an appropriate investiga- tion based on the allegations in the report. The principal or de- signee shall promptly take interim action calculated to prevent bul- lying during the course of an investigation, if appropriate.
Concluding the Investigation	Absent extenuating circumstances, the investigation should be completed within ten District business days from the date of the ini- tial report alleging bullying; however, the principal or designee shall take additional time if necessary to complete a thorough investiga- tion.
	The principal or designee shall prepare a final, written report of the investigation. The report shall include a determination of whether bullying occurred, and if so, whether the victim used reasonable self-defense. A copy of the report shall be sent to the Superintendent or designee.
Notice to Parents	If an incident of bullying is confirmed, the principal or designee shall promptly notify the parents of the victim and of the student who engaged in bullying.

Brownsville ISD 031901	
STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULL	.YING (LOCAL)
District Action Bullying	If the results of an investigation indicate that bullying occurred, the District shall promptly respond by taking appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the District's Student Code of Conduct and may take corrective action reasonably calculated to address the conduct. The District may notify law enforcement in certain cir- cumstances.
Discipline	A student who is a victim of bullying and who used reasonable self- defense in response to the bullying shall not be subject to disci- plinary action.
	The discipline of a student with a disability is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Student Code of Conduct.
Corrective Action	Examples of corrective action may include a training program for the individuals involved in the complaint, a comprehensive educa- tion program for the school community, follow-up inquiries to deter- mine whether any new incidents or any instances of retaliation have occurred, involving parents and students in efforts to identify problems and improve the school climate, increasing staff monitor- ing of areas where bullying has occurred, and reaffirming the Dis- trict's policy against bullying.
Transfers	The principal or designee shall refer to FDB for transfer provisions.
Counseling	The principal or designee shall notify the victim, the student who engaged in bullying, and any students who witnessed the bullying of available counseling options.
Improper Conduct	If the investigation reveals improper conduct that did not rise to the level of prohibited conduct or bullying, the District may take action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct or any other ap- propriate corrective action.
Confidentiality	To the greatest extent possible, the District shall respect the pri- vacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed, and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation.
Appeal	A student who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the investigation may appeal through FNG(LOCAL), beginning at the appropriate level.
Records Retention	Retention of records shall be in accordance with CPC(LOCAL).
Access to Policy and Procedures	This policy and any accompanying procedures shall be distributed annually in the employee and student handbooks. Copies of the policy and procedures shall be posted on the District's website, to the extent practicable, and shall be readily available at each cam- pus and the District's administrative offices.

Adopted:

Brownsville ISD 031901

STUDENT RECORDS

FL (LEGAL)

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STUDENT RECORDS FL (LEGAL) Note: For information regarding law enforcement and schools, see GRAA. For information regarding juvenile law enforcement records, see GBA. **Education Records** For the purposes of this policy, the term "education records" means those records, files, documents, and other materials that contain "Education information directly related to a student and are maintained by an Records" Defined education agency or institution or by a person acting for such agency or institution. The term "education records" does not include: Records that are created or received by a district after an indi-1. vidual is no longer a student in attendance and that are not directly related to the individual's attendance as a student. 2. Records made by district personnel that are kept in the sole possession of the maker, are used only as a personal memory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to anyone other than a temporary substitute for the maker of the record. 3. Records maintained by a law enforcement unit of a district that were created by that law enforcement unit for the purpose of law enforcement. Records on a student who is 18 years of age or older, or who 4. is attending an institution of postsecondary education, that are: Made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psya. chologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in his or her professional capacity or assisting in a paraprofessional capacity; b. Made, maintained, or used only in connection with treatment of the student: and Disclosed only to individuals providing the treatment. For C. the purpose of this definition, "treatment" does not include remedial educational activities or activities that are part of the program of instruction at the agency or institution. 5. Grades on peer-graded papers before they are collected and recorded by a teacher.

20 U.S.C. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99.3

Screening Records The principal of each school shall maintain records of screening for special senses and communication disorders, spinal screening,

Brownsville ISD 031901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LEGAL)
	and assessment for type 2 diabetes for each student in the school. Records shall be open for inspection by the state or local health department. 20 U.S.C. 1232g; Health and Safety Code 36.006, 37.003, 95.004; 25 TAC 37.145(b) [See FFAA]
Immunization Records	A district shall maintain an individual immunization record during the period of attendance for each student admitted. The records shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the Texas Education Agency or by representatives of local health depart- ments or the Texas Department of State Health Services. A district shall cooperate with other districts in transferring students' immu- nization records between other schools. Specific approval from stu- dents, parents, or guardians is not required prior to making such record transfers. <i>Education Code 38.002</i> [See FFAB]
Medical Records	The parent or guardian of a student is entitled to access to the stu- dent's medical records maintained by a district. On request of a student's parent or guardian, a district shall provide a copy of the student's medical records to the parent or guardian. A district may not impose a charge that exceeds the amount authorized by Sec- tion 552.261 of the Government Code [see GBAA]. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 38.0095</i>
Privacy Rule for Non-"Education Records"	To the extent a district is a covered entity under the Health Insur- ance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), the district must comply with the Privacy Rule, 45 C.F.R. Part 164, with respect to protected health information that is not an education record. <i>45 C.F.R. 160.103, 164.501</i> [See CRD]
Food Allergy Information	Information regarding a child's food allergy, regardless of how it is received by the school or school district, shall be retained in the child's student records but may not be placed in the health record maintained for the child by the district.
Exceptions	If the school receives documentation of a food allergy from a physi- cian, that documentation shall be placed in the health record main- tained for the child by the district.
	A registered nurse may enter appropriate notes about a child's possible food allergy in the health record maintained for the child by the district, including a notation that the child's student records indicate that a parent has notified the district of the child's possible food allergy. [See FD]
	Education Code 25.0022(d)–(f)
Assessment Instruments	The results of individual student performance on basic skills as- sessment instruments or other achievement tests administered by a district are confidential and may be made available only to the student, the student's parent or guardian, and to the school per-
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	sonnel directly involved with the student's educational program. However, overall student performance data shall be aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, and made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled board meetings. The information may not con- tain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.030(b)</i> [See EKB]			
Academic Achievement Record (Grades 9– 12)	Following guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, a district must use an academic achievement record (transcript) form that includes student demographics, school data, student data, and the record of courses and credits earned. The academic achievement record shall serve as the academic record for each student and must be maintained permanently by the district. A dis- trict must ensure that copies of the record are made available for a student transferring from one district to another. To ensure appro- priate placement of a transfer student, a district must respond promptly to each request for student records from a receiving dis- trict. <i>19 TAC 74.5(b)–(c)</i> [See EI]			
Enrollment Records	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child enrolls the child in a district school, the parent or other person, or the school district in which the child most recently attended school, shall fur- nish to the district all of the following:			
	1. The child's birth certificate, or another document suitable as proof of the child's identity as defined by the commissioner in the <i>Student Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> .			
	 A copy of the child's records from the school the child most recently attended if he or she was previously enrolled in a school in Texas or in another state. 			
	Education Code 25.002(a)			
	A district must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the tenth working day after the date the district receives a re- quest for the information.			
	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order requests that a district transfer a child's student records, the district to which the request is made shall notify the parent or other person as soon as practicable that the parent or other person may request and receive an unofficial copy of the records for delivery in person to a school in another district.			
	Education Code 25.002(a-1) [See FD]			

Brownsville ISD 031901	
STUDENT RECORDS	FL (LEGAL)
Access, Disclosure, and Amendment Definitions <i>Attendance</i>	 "Attendance" includes, but is not limited to: 1. Attendance in person or by paper correspondence, videoconference, satellite, internet, or other electronic information and telecommunications technologies for students who are not physically present in the classroom; and
Authorized Representative	 The period during which a person is working under a work- study program. "Authorized representative" means any entity or individual desig- nated by a state or local educational authority or an agency headed by an official listed in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(3) to con- duct—with respect to federal- or state-supported education pro- grams—any audit, evaluation, or any compliance or enforcement activity in connection with federal legal requirements that relate to these programs.
Biometric Record	"Biometric record" means a record of one or more measurable bio- logical or behavioral characteristics that can be used for automated recognition of an individual (e.g., fingerprints, retina and iris pat- terns, voiceprints, DNA sequence, facial characteristics, and hand- writing).
Disclosure	"Disclosure" means to permit access to or the release, transfer, or other communication of personally identifiable information con- tained in education records by any means, including oral, written, or electronic means, to any party except the party identified as the party that provided or created the record.
Education Program	"Education program" means any program that is principally en- gaged in the provision of education, including, but not limited to, early childhood education, elementary and secondary education, postsecondary education, special education, job training, career and technical education, and adult education, and any program that is administered by an educational agency or institution.
Parent	"Parent" includes a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual act- ing as a parent in the absence of a parent or guardian.
Personally Identifiable Information	 "Personally identifiable information" includes, but is not limited to: 1. The student's name; 2. The name of the student's parent or other family members; 3. The address of the student or student's family; 4. A personal identifier, such as the student's social security number, student number, or biometric record;

	5.	Other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name;		
	6.	Other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the stu- dent with reasonable certainty; or		
	7.	Information requested by a person who the district reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the educa- tion record relates.		
Record	"Record" means any information recorded in any way, including, but not limited to, handwriting, print, computer media, video or au- dio tape, film, microfilm, and microfiche.			
	34 (C.F.R. 99.3		
Signed and Dated Written	"Signed and dated written consent" may include a record and sig- nature in electronic form that:			
Consent	1.	Identifies and authenticates a particular person as the source of the electronic consent; and		
	2.	Indicates such person's approval of the information contained in the electronic consent.		
	34 (C.F.R. 99.30(d)		
Disclosure With Consent	The parent or eligible student shall provide a signed and dated written consent before a district discloses personally identifiable in- formation from a student's education records, except as provided by 34 C.F.R. 99.31. The written consent must specify the records that may be disclosed, state the purpose of the disclosure, and identify the part or class or parties to whom the disclosure may be made.			
	gible reco ble s	en a disclosure is made under written consent, if a parent or eli- e student requests, the district shall provide a copy of the ords disclosed and if the parent of a student who is not an eligi- student requests, the district shall provide the student with a y of the records disclosed.		
	34 (C.F.R. 99.30(a)–(c)		
Access by Parents	ent, is a to su	strict shall give full rights under these provisions to either par- unless the district has been provided with evidence that there court order, state statute, or legally binding document relating uch matters as divorce, separation, or custody that specifically kes these rights. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.4</i>		

	A court may order the custodian of records to delete all references
	in a child's records to the place of residence of either party ap- pointed as conservator before their release to another party ap- pointed as conservator. <i>Family Code 153.012</i>
	A parent is entitled to access to all written records of a district con- cerning the parent's child, including attendance records, test scores, grades, disciplinary records, counseling records, psycho- logical records, applications for admission, health and immuniza- tion information, teacher and school counselor evaluations, reports of behavioral patterns, and records relating to assistance provided for learning difficulties, including information collected regarding any intervention strategies used with the child.
	"Intervention strategy" means a strategy in a multi-tiered system of supports that is above the level of intervention generally used in that system with all children. The term includes response to inter- vention and other early intervening strategies.
	Education Code 26.004
	If the education records of a student contain information on more than one student, the parent or eligible student may inspect and review or be informed of only the specific information about that student. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.12(a)</i>
Access by Student	"Eligible student" means a student who has reached 18 years of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary education. <i>34 C.F.R. 99</i> .3
	When a student becomes an eligible student, the rights accorded to, and consent required of, parents under these provisions transfer from the parents to the student.
	Nothing in this provision prevents a district from disclosing educa- tion records, or personally identifiable information from education records, to a parent without prior written consent of an eligible stu- dent if the disclosure meets the conditions in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a), including if the student is a dependent for tax purposes or in the case of a health or safety emergency.
	34 C.F.R. 99.5, .31(a)(8), (a)(10), .36
Disclosure Without Consent	Personally identifiable information in education records shall not be released without the written consent of the student's parents, except to the following.
School Officials	School officials, including teachers, who have legitimate educa- tional interests.

	has erec	outso	tor, consultant, volunteer, or other party to whom a district burced institutional services or functions may be consid- hool official under this paragraph provided that the out- r:
	1.		orms an institutional service or function for which the dis- would otherwise use employees;
	2.		nder the direct control of the district with respect to the and maintenance of education records; and
	3.	the u	ubject to the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a) governing use and redisclosure of personally identifiable information education records.
	cials hav phy min fect	s obta e legit sical c istrativ ive an	must use reasonable methods to ensure that school offi- in access to only those education records in which they imate educational interests. A district that does not use or technological access controls must ensure that its ad- ve policy for controlling access to education records is ef- id that it remains in compliance with the legitimate educa- prest requirement.
	34 (C.F.R.	99.31(a)(1)
	den	ťs me	istrator, nurse, or teacher is entitled to access to a stu- edical records maintained by a district for reasons deter- district policy. <i>Education Code 38.009</i>
Officials of Other Schools	s another school or institution of the student seeks or intends ready enrolled so long as the		of educational agencies or institutions, including officials of chool or institution of postsecondary education in which nt seeks or intends to enroll, or where the student is al- olled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to nt's enrollment or transfer, provided that a district shall:
	1.	dent	e a reasonable attempt to notify the parent or eligible stu- at the last known address of the parent or eligible stu- , unless:
		a.	The disclosure is initiated by the parent or eligible stu- dent; or
		b.	The annual notification under 34 C.F.R. 99.7 includes a notice that the district forwards education records to other agencies or institutions that have requested the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for the purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer;

		2.	Give the parent or eligible student, upon request, a cop the record that was disclosed; and	by of
		3.	Give the parent or eligible student, upon request, an op nity for a hearing under 34 C.F.R. Part 99, Subpart C.	oportu-
		34 C	C.F.R. 99.31(a)(2), .34	
Authorized Governme Represent	nt	the (of th educ reco fede with	norized representatives of the officials or agencies head Comptroller General of the United States, the Attorney C ine United States, the Secretary of Education, or state an cational authorities who require access to student or oth ords necessary in connection with the audit and evaluation aral- or state-supported education programs or in connect the enforcement of or compliance with federal legal req its that relate to such programs. 34 C.F.R. 99.35(a)(1)	General d local er on of ction
		hold Righ FER that quire	strict may not refuse to report information concerning a sing an F, J, or M visa on the basis of the Family Educations and Privacy Act (FERPA) and any regulation implem RPA. A district is authorized and required to report inform would ordinarily be protected by FERPA only to the extend by 8 U.S.C. 1372, 8 C.F.R. 214.3(g), or any corresponditation. 8 C.F.R. 214.1(h); 8 U.S.C. 1372(c)(2)	ional enting nation ent re-
Financial A Personnel			sonnel involved with a student's application for, or receip cial aid. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(4)(i)</i>	ot of, fi-
Juvenile Ju Officials	ustice		e and local officials to whom such information is specific ed to be reported or disclosed by state statute if:	ally al-
		1.	The allowed reporting or disclosure concerns the juver tice system and its ability to effectively serve, prior to a cation, the student whose records are released; and	
		2.	The officials and authorities to whom such information closed certify in writing to the district that the informatic not be disclosed to any other party except as provided state law without the prior written consent of the parent student.	on will under
		34 C	C.F.R. 99.31(a)(5)(i), .38	
		shal reco	hool district superintendent or the superintendent's desild disclose information contained in a student's education ords to a juvenile service provider as required by Family 1051 [see GRAC]. <i>Education Code 37.084(a)</i>	nal
Organizati Conducting Studies		the p	anizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, distric ourpose of developing, validating, or administering predi s, administering student aid programs, and improving ins	ictive
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 tion. Such studies must be conducted in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and students by individuals other than representatives of the organization that have legitimate interests in the information. Such information must be destroyed when no longer needed for the original purposes of the studies. The district must enter into a written agreement with the organization that: Specifies the purpose, scope, and duration of the study or studies and the information to be disclosed; Requires the organization to use personally identifiable information from education records only to meet the purpose or purposes of the study as stated in the written agreement; Requires the organization to conduct the study in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and students, as defined in this part, by anyone other than representatives of the organization to destroy all personally identifiable information when the information is no longer needed for the purposes for which the study was conducted and specifies the time period in which the information to the district in accordance with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(6)(i)-(iv) Accrediting Organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(7) Health or Safety Acrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(7) Health or Safety Acrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(7) Health or Safety Acrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(7) Health or Safety Accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(7) Health or Safety Accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(7) Health or Safety Accrediting a				
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	or other individuals. If, based on the information available at the time of the determination, there is a rational basis for the determination, the United States Department of Education (U.S. ED) will not substitute its judgment for that of the district in evaluating the circumstances and making its determination.		
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(10), .36(a),(c)		
Agriculture Secretary	The Secretary of Agriculture, or authorized representative from the Food and Nutrition Service, for the purposes of conducting pro- gram monitoring, evaluations, and performance measurements of districts receiving funding or providing benefits of programs autho- rized under the National School Lunch Act or the Child Nutrition Act [see COB] for which the results will be reported in an aggre- gate form, on the conditions as follows:		
	 Any data collected under this paragraph shall be protected in a manner that will not permit the personal identification of stu- dents and their parents by other than the authorized repre- sentatives of the United Stated Secretary of Education; and 		
	 Any personally identifiable data shall be destroyed when the data are no longer needed for program monitoring, evalua- tions, and performance measurements. 		
	20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(K)		
Child Welfare Agency	An agency caseworker or other representative of a state or local child welfare agency or tribal organization, who has the right to access a student's case plan, as defined and determined by the state or tribal organization, when the agency or organization is legally responsible, in accordance with state or tribal law, for the care and protection of the student. Education records, or the personally identifiable information contained in such records, of the student shall not be disclosed by the agency or organization, except to an individual or entity engaged in addressing the student's education needs and authorized by the agency or organization to receive the disclosure. A disclosure must be consistent with state or tribal laws applicable to protecting the confidentiality of a student's education records. $20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(L)$		
Directory Information	Any person requesting directory information after a district has given public notice of that definition. [See Directory Information, below] <i>34 C.F.R. 99.37</i>		
Information Collection	Under the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA), no stu- dent shall be required, as part of any program funded in whole or in		
U.S. ED–Funded Surveys (PPRA)	part by the U.S. ED, to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning the following topics without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emanci-		
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	pated minor), or, in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent:		
	1.	Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.	
	2.	Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.	
	3.	Sex behavior and attitudes.	
	4.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.	
	5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom students have close family relationships.	
	6.	Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers.	
	7.	Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.	
	8.	Income, other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program.	
	20 L	J.S.C. 1232h(b)	
Funded by Other Sources	rece U.S. with pare	ept as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b), as a condition of iving funds from programs funded in whole or in part by the ED, a district shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation parents, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. $1232h(c)(1)$, and provide for ent notification in accordance with 20 U.S.C. $1232h(c)(2)$. 20 C. $1232h(c)(1)-(4)$ [See EF]	
Subpoenaed Records	orde pare negl Trea the o tice	strict shall release student records in compliance with a judicial er, or pursuant to any lawfully issued subpoena, except when a ent is a party to a court proceeding involving child abuse and ect (as defined in section 3 of the Child Abuse Prevention and atment Act [42 U.S.C. 5101 note]) or dependency matters, and order is issued in the context of that proceeding, additional no- to the parent by the educational agency or institution is not re- ed. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(J), (b)(2)(B)	
	der t effor poer dent	educational agency or institution may disclose information un- this section only if the agency or institution makes a reasonable t to notify the parent or eligible student of the order or sub- na in advance of compliance, so that the parent or eligible stu- are may seek protective action, unless the disclosure is in compli- e with:	

	1.	A federal grand jury subpoena and the court has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the informa- tion furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed;				
	2.	Any other subpoena issued for a law enforcement purpose and the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the ex- istence or the contents of the subpoena or the information fur- nished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed; or				
	3.	An ex parte court order obtained by the United States attor- ney general (or designee not lower than an assistant attorney general) concerning investigations or prosecutions of an of- fense listed in 18 U.S.C. 2332b(g)(5)(B) or an act of domestic or international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2331.				
	If the district initiates legal action against a parent or student, the district may disclose to the court, without a court order or sub- poena, the education records of the student that are relevant for the district to proceed with the legal action as plaintiff.					
	the poe	parent or eligible student initiates legal action against a district, district may disclose to the court, without a court order or sub- na, the student's education records that are relevant for the dis- to defend itself.				
	34 (C.F.R. 99.31(a)(9)				
Sex Offenders	A district may disclose personally identifiable information without consent if the disclosure concerns sex offenders and other individuals required to register under section 170101 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. 14071, and the information was provided to the district under 42 U.S.C. 14071 and applicable federal guidelines. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(16)					
Request Procedure	Upon request of a properly qualified individual, access to a stu- dent's education record shall be granted within a reasonable perio of time, but not more than 45 days after it has received the reques A district shall respond to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.10</i>					
Records Destruction	star	strict shall not destroy any education records if there is an out- ding request to inspect and review the records. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>O(e)</i>				
De-Identified Records	mat mat pers part	strict, or a party that has received education records or infor- ion from education records, may release the records or infor- ion without the parent's written consent after the removal of all conally identifiable information provided that the district or other y has made a reasonable determination that a student's iden- s not personally identifiable, whether through single or multiple				

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	releases, and taking into account other reasonably available infor- mation. 34 C.F.R. 99.31(b)(1)
Education Research	A district, or a party that has received education records or infor- mation from education records, may release de-identified student level data from education records for the purpose of education re- search by attaching a code to each record that may allow the recip- ient to match information received from the same source, provided that:
	 A district or other party that releases de-identified data under this section does not disclose any information about how it generates and assigns a record code, or that would allow a recipient to identify a student based on a record code;
	2. The record code is used for no purpose other than identifying a de-identified record for purposes of education research and cannot be used to ascertain personally identifiable information about a student; and
	3. The record code is not based on a student's social security number or other personal information.
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(b)(2)
Authenticating Requestors' Identities	A district must use reasonable methods to identify and authenticate the identity of parents, students, school officials, and any other parties to whom the district discloses personally identifiable information from education records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.31(c)</i>
Transfer Not Permitted	Personal information from student education records shall be transferred to a third party only on the condition that such party will not permit any other party to have access to such information with- out the written consent of the student's parent. If a third party per- mits access to information in violation of this policy or fails to de- stroy the information as required by 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(F), a district shall not permit access to information from education records to that third party for a period of not less than five years. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(4)(B); 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a)(1)
	A district shall inform a party to whom a disclosure is made of the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33, unless the disclosure is made pursuant to a court order, lawfully issued subpoena, or litigation; the disclosed information is directory information; the disclosure concerns sex offenders; or the disclosure is made to a parent of a student who is not an eligible student or to a student. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.33(<i>c</i>)–(<i>d</i>)

A district may disclose personally identifiable information with the
understanding that the party receiving the information may make
further disclosures of the information on behalf of the district if:

- 1. The disclosures meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.31; and
- The district has complied with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b) regarding the record of disclosure; or a state or local educational authority or federal official or agency listed requesting information through a subpoena or ex parte order has complied with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b)(2).

34 C.F.R. 99.33(b)

Record of Access to Student Records Each school shall maintain a record, kept with the education record of each student that indicates all individuals, agencies, or organizations that have requested or obtained access to a student's education records, as well as the names of state and local educational authorities and federal officials and agencies listed in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(3) that may make further disclosures of personally identifiable information from the student's education records without consent. A district must obtain a copy of the record of further disclosures maintained by the named authorities, officials, and agencies under 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b)(2) and make it available in response to a parent's request to review the record.

> A district must record the following information when it discloses personally identifiable information from education records under the health or safety emergency exception [see Health or Safety Emergency, above]:

- 1. The articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals that formed the basis for the disclosure; and
- 2. The parties to whom the district disclosed the information.

34 C.F.R. 99.32

The records shall include at least the name of the person or agency that made the request and the legitimate interest the person or agency had in the information. The record will be maintained as long as the district maintains the student's education record. The record of access shall be available only to parents, school officials responsible for custody of the records, and those state, local, and federal officials authorized to audit the operation of the system. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(4)(A); 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a)(2)

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	The record shall not include requests for access by, or access granted to, parents of the student or officials of a district, requests accompanied by prior written consent of the parent, requests for directory information, or a party seeking or receiving records in accordance with a subpoena or ex parte order. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.32(<i>d</i>)			
Right to Amend	The parent of a student whose records are covered by this policy may ask a district to amend the student's record if the parent be- lieves it contains information that is inaccurate, misleading, or in vi- olation of the student's right of privacy or other rights. If a district decides not to amend the education records requested, it shall in- form the parent of its decision and his or her right to a hearing to challenge the content of the student's education records. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>99.20</i>			
	If a district decides to amend the records as a result of the hearing, it shall inform the parent in writing. If, as a result of the hearing, the district decides not to amend the records, it shall inform the parent of the right to place a statement in the records commenting on the contested information and/or stating why the parent disagrees with the decision of the district. Any explanation shall be maintained with the contested part of the record for as long as the record is maintained and shall be disclosed whenever the contested portion of the record is disclosed. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.21</i>			
Fees for Copies	No fee shall be charged to search for or to retrieve the education records of a student. A fee may be charged for a copy of education records which is made for the parent or an eligible student, unless the imposition of a fee effectively prevents a parent or eligible student from exercising the right to inspect and review those records. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99.11; Education Code 26.012</i>			
Records of Students with Disabilities	A district shall permit parents to inspect and review education records collected, maintained, or used for purposes of identifying, evaluating, placing, or educating students with disabilities. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.613(a)</i>			
Access Rights	In addition to policies applicable to all student records, the follow- ing guidelines shall apply when parents of a student with disabili- ties request to review or inspect district records relating to the edu- cation of their child:			
	1. Parents may request that a representative inspect and review the records. 34 C.F.R. 300.613(b)(3)			
	2. A district shall comply with a request without unnecessary de- lay and before any meeting regarding an individualized edu- cation program (IEP) or hearing relating to the identification,			

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	evaluation, or placement of the child, and in no case longer than 45 days after the request. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.613(a)</i>				
	3. A district shall keep a record of persons obtaining access to these student records (except access by parents and authorized employees), including name, date of access, and the purpose for which the person is authorized to use the records. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.614</i>				
Record Types and Locations	A district shall provide parents on request a list of types and loca- tions of education records. 34 C.F.R. 300.616				
Parental Consent	Parental consent must be obtained before personally identifiable information is used for any purpose other than meeting a requirement under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or disclosed to anyone other than officials of agencies collecting or using this information. A district may not release information from these records without parental consent except as provided in FERPA. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.622</i>				
Confidentiality	A district shall protect the confidentiality of personally identifiable information in collection, storage, disclosure, and destruction of records. One official in a district shall assume responsibility for ensuring confidentiality of personally identifiable information. All persons collecting or using this information shall receive training or instruction concerning the legal requirements involved in handling these records. A district shall maintain for public inspection a current listing of the names and positions of employees who may have access to this information. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.623</i>				
Information Destruction	A district shall inform parents when personally identifiable informa- tion collected, maintained, or used to provide special education and related services is no longer needed to provide educational services to the student. Such information shall be destroyed at the request of the parents.				
	A permanent record of the student's name, address, phone num- ber, grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level com- pleted, and year completed may be maintained without time limita- tion.				
	34 C.F.R. 300.624				
Annual Notification of Rights	A district shall give parents of students in attendance and eligible students in attendance annual notification of their rights under FERPA.				
	The notice must inform parents or eligible students that they have the right to:				

- 1. Inspect and review the student's education records;
- 2. Seek amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes to be inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights;
- Consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that the Act and 34 C.F.R. 99.31 authorize disclosure without consent; and
- 4. File with the U.S. ED a complaint under 34 C.F.R. 99.63 and 99.64 concerning alleged failures by the district to comply with the requirements of the Act and 34 C.F.R. Part 99.

The notice must include all of the following:

- 1. The procedure for exercising the right to inspect and review education records.
- 2. The procedure for requesting amendment of records under 34 C.F.R. 99.20.
- 3. If the district has a policy of disclosing education records under 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(1), a specification of criteria for determining who constitutes a school official and what constitutes a legitimate educational interest.

A district may provide this notice by any means that are reasonably likely to inform the parents or eligible students of their rights.

A district shall effectively notify parents who are disabled and parents of students who have a primary or home language other than English.

20 U.S.C. 1232g(e); 34 C.F.R. 99.7

"Directory information" means information contained in an education record of a student that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed. Directory information includes the student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date and place of birth, dates of attendance, grade level, enrollment status, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, honors and awards received, and the most recent educational agency or institution attended. "Directory information" does not include a student's:

- 1. Social security number; or
- 2. Student identification (ID) number, unless:

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Directory Information

"Directory Information" Defined

		a. The student ID number, user ID number, or other unique personal identifier used by a student for purposes of ac- cessing or communicating in electronic systems cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity, such as a personal iden- tification number (PIN), password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user; or
	I	b. The student ID number or other unique personal identi- fier that is displayed on a student ID badge cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authen- ticate the user's identity, such as a PIN, password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user.
	34 C.	F.R. 99.3
Disclosure of Directory Information	tice to	rict may release directory information if it has given public no- parents of students in attendance and eligible students in at- nce at the district of:
		The types of personally identifiable information that it has des- gnated as directory information.
		A parent's or eligible student's right to refuse to let the district designate any or all of those types of information about the student as directory information.
	ł	The period of time within which the parent has to notify the district in writing that he or she does not want any or all of those types of information about the student designated as directory information.
Restrictions on the Right of Refusal	out of disclo identi dent i wear, that e matio	ent or eligible student may not use the right of refusal to opt directory information disclosures to prevent a district from using or requiring a student to disclose the student's name, fier, or institutional email address in a class in which the stu- s enrolled or to prevent a district from requiring a student to to display publicly, or to disclose a student ID card or badge xhibits information that may be designated as directory infor- n and that has been properly designated by the district as di- ty information in the public notice provided under this section.
Former Students	witho distric disclo	rict may disclose directory information about former students ut satisfying the public notice conditions above. However, the et must continue to honor any valid request to opt out of the usure of directory information made while a student was in at- nce unless the student rescinds the opt-out request.

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Confirmation of Identity or Records	mee stud is us	strict may not disclose or confirm directory information without ting the written consent requirements in 34 C.F.R. 99.30 if a ent's social security number or other non-directory information sed alone or combined with other data elements to identify or identify the student or the student's records.
	34 C	C.F.R. 99.3, .37
Homeless Students	treat	mation about a homeless child's living situation shall be ed as a student education record, and shall not be deemed to irectory information. 42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(G)
Directory Information Designation	tion tion infor	strict may designate as directory information any or all informa- defined as directory information by FERPA. Directory informa- under that Act that is not designated by a district as directory mation for that district is excepted from disclosure by the dis- under Government Code Chapter 552. [See GBA]
	limite stud beer	ctory information consented to by a parent for use only for a ed school-sponsored purpose, such as for a student directory, ent yearbook, or district publication, if any such purpose has n designated by a district, remains otherwise confidential and not be released under Government Code Chapter 552.
Annual Notice	stud	strict shall provide the following to the parent of each district ent, at the beginning of each school year or on enrollment of student after the beginning of the school year:
	1.	A written explanation of the provisions of FERPA regarding the release of directory information about the student; and
	2.	Written notice of the right of the parent to object to the release of directory information about the student under FERPA.
Contents	The	notice must contain:
	1.	The following statement in boldface type that is 14-point or larger: "Certain information about district students is consid- ered directory information and will be released to anyone who follows the procedures for requesting the information unless the parent or guardian objects to the release of the directory information about this student. If you do not want [insert name of district] to disclose directory information from your child's education records without your prior written consent, you must notify the district in writing by [insert date]. [Insert name of district] has designated the following information as direc- tory information: [Here the district must include any directory information it chooses to designate as directory information for the district, such as a student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, degrees, honors,
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and awards received, date and place of birth, major field of study, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent education institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, and the weight and height of members of athletic teams.]";

- 2. A form, such as a check-off list or similar mechanism, that:
 - a. Immediately follows, on the same page or the next page, the required statement; and
 - b. Allows a parent to record:
 - The parent's objection to the release of all directory information or one or more specific categories of directory information if district policy permits the parent to object to one or more specific categories of directory information;
 - (2) The parent's objection to the release of a secondary student's name, address, and telephone number to a military recruiter or institution of higher education; and
 - (3) The parent's consent to the release of one or more specific categories of directory information for a limited school-sponsored purpose if such purpose has been designated by the district and is specifically identified, such as for a student directory, student yearbook, or district publication; and
- 3. A statement that federal law requires districts receiving assistance under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to provide a military recruiter or an institution of higher education, on request, with the name, address, or telephone number of a secondary student unless the parent has advised the district that the parent does not want the student's information disclosed without the parent's prior written consent.

Education Code 26.013

Student Recruiting Information Notwithstanding the Directory Information provisions above, each district receiving assistance under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA) shall provide, on a request made by a military recruiter or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students' names, addresses, and telephone listings unless a student's parent has submitted the prior consent request below.

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Consent to Release	ondar that the lease Upon dent's witho	A student who has attained 18 years of age or a parent of a sec- ondary school student may submit a written request to a district that the student's name, address, and telephone listing not be re- leased for purposes described above without prior written consent. Upon receiving such request, a district may not release the stu- dent's name, address, and telephone listing for such purposes without the prior written consent of the parent or student. A district shall notify parents of the option to make a request.			
No Opt-In Process	Nothing in this provision shall be construed to allow a district to withhold access to a student's name, address, and telephone list- ing from a military recruiter or institution of higher education by im- plementing an opt-in process or any other process other than the written consent request process above.				
	20 U.	S.C. 7908			
	A dist	trict shall:			
	:	Provide to military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to postsecondary ed- ucational institutions or to prospective employers of those stu- dents; and			
	i 	Upon a request made by military recruiters for military recruit- ing purposes, provide access to secondary school student names, addresses, electronic mail addresses (which shall be the electronic mail addresses provided by the school, if avail- able), and telephone listings, notwithstanding directory infor- mation requirements in FERPA [see above].			
	A district shall notify parents of their right to submit a request to the district that the student's name, address, electronic mail address, and telephone listing not be released.				
	10 U.S.C. 503(c)(1)(A)–(B) [See also GKC]				
Videotapes and Recordings	A district employee must obtain the written consent of a child's par- ent before the employee may make or authorize the making of a videotape of a child or record or authorize the recording of a child's voice.				
Exceptions	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may make a videotape of a child or authorize the recording of a child's voice if the videotape or voice recording is to be used only for:				
	i	The purposes of safety, including the maintenance of order and discipline in common areas of the school or on school buses;			

- 2. A purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity;
- 3. A purpose related to regular classroom instruction;
- 4. Media coverage of the school; or
- 5. A purpose related to the promotion of student safety under Education Code 29.022.

Education Code 26.009 [See EHA, EHBAF, FM, and FO]

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION G: COMMUNITY AND GOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

GA	ACCESS TO PROGRAMS, SERVICES, AND ACTIVITIES
GB GBA GBAA GBB GBBA	PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM Access to Public Information Requests for Information School Communications Program News Media Relations
GC	PUBLIC NOTICES
GE	RELATIONS WITH PARENT ORGANIZATIONS
GF	PUBLIC COMPLAINTS
GK GKA GKB GKC GKD GKDA GKE GKF GKG	COMMUNITY RELATIONS Conduct on School Premises Advertising and Fundraising Visitors Nonschool Use of School Facilities Distribution of Nonschool Literature Business, Civic, and Youth Groups Cultural Institutions School Volunteer Program
GN GNA GNB GNC GND GNE	RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES Other Schools and Districts Regional Education Service Centers Colleges and Universities State Education Agency Education Accreditation Agencies
GR GRA GRAA GRAC GRB GRC	RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES State and Local Governmental Authorities Law Enforcement Agencies Juvenile Service Providers Interlocal Cooperation Contracts Emergency Management

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

Public Information Defined	For purposes of Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Informa- tion Act), "public information" means information that is written, pro- duced, collected, assembled, or maintained under a law or ordi- nance or in connection with the transaction of official business:				
	1.	By a board;			
	2.	For a board and the board:			
		a.	Owns the information;		
		b.	Has a right of access to the information; or		
		C.	Spends or contributes public money for the purpose of writing, producing, collecting, assembling, or maintaining the information; or		
	3.	or e	an individual officer or employee of a district in the officer's mployee's official capacity and the information pertains to ial business of the district.		
	"Official business" means any matter over which the board or dis- trict has any authority, administrative duties, or advisory duties.				
	Information is "in connection with the transaction of official busi- ness" if the information is created by, transmitted to, received by, or maintained by an officer or employee of the district in the offi- cer's or employee's official capacity, or a person or entity perform- ing official business or a governmental function on behalf of a dis- trict, and pertains to official business of the district.				
	The definition of "public information" above applies to and includes any electronic communication created, transmitted, received, or maintained on any device if the communication is in connection with the transaction of official business.				
	Gov't Code 552.002(a)–(a-2), .003(2-a)				
Forms of Public Information	The general forms in which the media containing public informatic exist include a book, paper, letter, document, email, internet post- ing, text message, instant message, other electronic communica- tion, printout, photograph, film, tape, microfiche, microfilm, photo- stat, sound recording, map, and drawing and a voice, data, or video representation held in computer memory.				
	The	a on which public information is recorded include:			
	1.	1. Paper;			
	2.	Film	;		
	3.		agnetic, optical, solid state, or other device that can store electronic signal;		

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

	4.	Таре;	
	5.	Mylar; and	
	6.	Any physical material on which information may be recorded, including linen, silk, and vellum.	
	Gov't Code 552.002(b)–(c)		
Preservation of Information	A district may determine a time for which information that is not currently in use will be preserved, subject to any applicable rule or law governing the destruction and other disposition of state and lo- cal government records or public information.		
	cal the pub	provisions of Chapter 441, Government Code and Title 6, Lo- Government Code (Local Government Records Act), governing preservation, destruction, or other disposition of records or lic information apply to records and public information held by a porary custodian.	
	Gov	<i>'t Code 552.004(a), (c)</i> [See BBI, CPC, DH]	
Temporary Custodians	who lic in offic cluc info not	mporary custodian" means an officer or employee of a district o, in the transaction of official business, creates or receives pub- nformation that the officer or employee has not provided to the er for public information or the officer's agent. The term in- les a former officer or employee who created or received public rmation in the officer's or employee's official capacity that has been provided to the officer for public information or the offi- s agent. <i>Gov't Code 552.003(7)</i>	
Ownership of Public Information	not or fo the	urrent or former board member or employee of a district does have, by virtue of the board member's or employee's position ormer position, a personal or property right to public information board member or employee created or received while acting in official capacity.	
Surrender or Return of Public Information	lic in trict info	emporary custodian with possession, custody, or control of pub- nformation shall surrender or return the information to the dis- not later than the 10th day after the date the officer for public rmation or the officer's agent requests the temporary custodian urrender or return the information.	
Disciplinary Action	mat or a	mporary custodian's failure to surrender or return public infor- ion as required is grounds for disciplinary action by the district ny other applicable penalties provided by the Public Informa- Act or other law.	
	Gov	r't Code 552.233	

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	Note:	For forms prescribed by the attorney general, see the <u>At-</u> torney General's Public Information website. ¹		
Public Information	See GB(LEGAL) for the definition of public information.			
Availability of Public Information	Public information is available to the public at a minimum during the normal business hours of a district. Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act [PIA]) does not authorize the withhold-ing of public information or limit the availability of public information to the public, except as expressly provided by the PIA. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.006, .021			
Special Rights of Access Person Whose Information the District Holds	A person or a person's authorized representative has a special right of access, beyond the right of the general public, to information held by the district that relates to the person and that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect that person's privacy interests. A district may not deny this access on the grounds that the information is considered confidential by privacy principles under the Public Information Act but may assert as grounds for denial other provisions of the PIA or other law not intended to protect the person's privacy interests. Access to inform tion under this provision shall be provided in the manner prescrib by Government Code 552.229 (consent to release) and 552.307 (timely release), below. <i>Gov't Code 552.023(a), (b), (e)</i>			
Board Members		rmation on board members' special access rights to district ion, see BBE.		
Parents	tion rela	t that receives a request from a parent for public informa- ting to the parent's child shall comply with the Public Infor- Act. <i>Education Code 26.0085(e)</i>		
	For information on parents' special access rights to their child's ed- ucation records, see FL.			
Information That Must Be Disclosed	The following categories of information are public information and not excepted from required disclosure unless made confidential un- der the Public Information Act or other law:			
	of,	completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made for, or by a board or district, except as provided in Govern- ent Code 552.108.		
		e name, sex, ethnicity, salary, title, and dates of employ- ent of each employee and officer of a district.		
		ormation in an account, voucher, or contract relating to the ceipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a board.		

- 4. The name of each official and the final record of voting on all proceedings of a board.
- 5. All working papers, research material, and information used to estimate the need or expenditure of public funds or taxes by a board, on completion of the estimate.
- 6. A description of a district's central and campus organization, including where, from whom, and how the public may obtain information, submit information or requests, and obtain decisions.
- 7. A statement of the general course and method by which a district's functions are channeled and determined, including the nature and requirements of all formal and informal policies and procedures.
- 8. A rule of procedure, a description of forms available or the places at which forms may be obtained, and instructions relating to the scope and content of all papers, reports, or examinations.
- 9. A substantive rule of general applicability adopted or issued by a board as authorized by law, and a statement of general policy or interpretation of general applicability formulated and adopted by the board.
- 10. Each amendment, revision, or repeal of the information described in items 6–9.
- 11. Final opinions and orders issued in the adjudication of cases.
- 12. A policy statement or interpretation adopted or issued by a board.
- 13. Administrative manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public.
- 14. Information regarded as open to the public under a district's policies.
- 15. Information that is in a bill for attorney's fees and that is not privileged under the attorney-client privilege.
- 16. Information that is also contained in a public court record.
- 17. A settlement agreement to which a board is a party.

Gov't Code 552.022

Contracting Information	Contracting information, as that term is defined in Government Code 552.003(1-a) [see GBAA], is public and must be released un- less excepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act. The exceptions to disclosure provided by Government Code 552.110 (trade secrets) and 552.1101 (proprietary information) do not apply to the types of contracting information listed at Govern- ment Code 552.0222(b). <i>Gov't Code 552.0222(a), (b)</i> [See GBAA for additional procedures related to contracting information.]			
Investment Information	Certain categories of information held by a district relating to its investments, as specified by Government Code 552.0225(b), are public information and not excepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code 552.0225</i>			
Confidential Information That Must Not Be Disclosed	A person commits an offense if the person distributes information considered confidential under the terms of the Public Information Act. A violation under this provision also constitutes official misconduct. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.352			
Confidential by Law	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision. <i>Gov't Code 552.101</i>			
	Note: For confidentiality and access provisions addressed by specific statutes other than Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act), see the applicable policy code.			
Privileged Attorney- Client Information	The Texas Rules of Civil Procedure and the Texas Rule of Evi- dence are "other law" within the meaning of Government Code 552.022 (allowing "other law" to make information confidential from required disclosure). A district does not forfeit the attorney-client privilege by failing to timely request an attorney general's decision, and the privilege is sufficiently compelling to rebut the presumption of public disclosure after an untimely request. <i>In re City of George- town, 53 S.W.3d 328, 336 (Tex. 2001); Paxton v. City of Dallas, 509 S.W.3d 247 (Tex. 2017)</i>			
	The attorney-client privilege does not apply if the attorney or attor- ney's representative acts in a capacity other than that of providing or facilitating professional legal services to the client. <u>Harlandale</u> <u>Indep. Sch. Dist. V. Cornyn</u> , 25 S.W.3d 328 (Tex. App.–Austin 2000, pet. Denied)			
Closed Meeting Records	The certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meeting is avail- able for public inspection only under a court order issued in litiga- tion in a district court involving an alleged violation of the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't Code</i> 551.104(c); Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)			
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PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM
ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

	[For information regarding minutes or recording of an open meet- ing, see BE.]
Student Education Records	The Public Information Act does not require the release of informa- tion contained in education records of the district, except in con- formity with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g (FERPA).
	In this provision, "student record" means information that consti- tutes education records as that term is defined by FERPA or infor- mation in a record of an applicant for admission to an educational institution, including a transfer applicant.
	Information is confidential and excepted from required disclosure if it is information in a student record at a district.
	The district is not prohibited from disclosing or providing informa- tion included in an education record if the disclosure or provision is authorized by FERPA or other federal law. In addition, a student record shall be made available on the request of district personnel, the student, the student's parents, legal guardian, or spouse, or a person conducting a child abuse investigation required by Family Code Chapter 261, Subchapter D.
	Except as provided by Government Code 552.114(e) (information in enrollment or transfer records, below), a district may redact infor- mation in a student record from information required to be dis- closed under the Public Information Act without requesting a deci- sion from the attorney general.
	Gov't Code 552.026, .114 [See FL]
Enrollment or Transfer Information	If an applicant, or a parent or legal guardian of a minor applicant, for admission to an educational institution funded wholly or partly by state revenue requests information in the record of the applicant, the district shall disclose any information that is related to the application for admission and was provided to the district by the applicant. <i>Gov't Code 552.114(e)</i>
Student Victim Information	The name of a person who is enrolled in a public or private primary or secondary school and involved in an improper relationship with an educator as provided by Penal Code $21.12(a)$ may not be re- leased to the public and is not public information subject to disclo- sure. <i>Penal Code $21.12(d)$</i>
	The name of a student or minor who is the victim of abuse or un- lawful conduct by an educator is not public information subject to disclosure. <i>Education Code 21.006(h)</i>

Juvenile Law Enforcement Records	 Except as provided by Family Code 58.008(c) (person with a determinate sentence), law enforcement records concerning a child, as defined by Family Code 51.02(2), and information concerning a child that are stored by electronic means or otherwise and from which a record could be generated may not be disclosed to the public. <i>Family Code 58.008(b)</i> Law enforcement records concerning a child may be inspected or copied by: 				
	1.	A ju	venile justice agency, as defined by Family Code 58.101;		
	2.		iminal justice agency, as defined by Government Code .082;		
	3.	The	child;		
	4.	The	child's parent or guardian; or		
	5.	The chief executive officer or the officer's designee of a pri- mary or secondary school where the child is enrolled only for the purpose of conducting a threat assessment or preparing a safety plan related to the child. [See FFB]			
	Family Code 58.008(d), (d-1)				
Exclusions	requ the und	ired opera er Co	ovisions do not apply to a record relating to a child that is or authorized to be maintained under the laws regulating ation of motor vehicles in Texas or subject to disclosure de of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62 (registered sex of- <i>Family Code 58.008(a)</i>		
Certain Personnel Note: Information		e:	For previous determinations by the attorney general al- lowing governmental bodies to withhold specific cate- gories of information in personnel records, including di- rect deposit forms; employment forms I-9, W-2, W-4; and fingerprints, without the necessity of requesting an attor- ney general decision, see Attorney General Open Records Decision (ORD) 684 (2009).		
Employee Social Security Numbers		The social security number of an employee of a district in the cus tody of the district is confidential. <i>Gov't Code 552.147(a-1)</i>			
Invasion of Privacy	a pe unw tion able as p	ersoni arran in the to th ublic	on is excepted from public disclosure if it is information in nel file, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly ted invasion of personal privacy, except that all informa- e personnel file of a district employee is to be made avail- at employee or the employee's designated representative information is made available under the Public Informa- The exception to public disclosure created by this provi-		
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	sion is in addition to any exception created by Government Code 552.024. Public access to personnel information covered by Government Code 552.024 is denied to the extent provided by that provision. <i>Gov't Code 552.102(a)</i>
Employee Birth Dates	Disclosure of employee birth dates would constitute a clearly un- warranted invasion of personal privacy, and thus such dates are excepted from disclosure under Government Code 552.102(a). <u>Texas Comptroller of Public Accts. v. Atty. Gen'l of Texas</u> , 354 S.W.3d 336 (Tex. 2010)
College Transcripts	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is a transcript from an institution of higher education maintained in the personnel file of a professional employee, except that this provision does not exempt from disclosure the degree obtained or the curriculum on a transcript in the personnel file of the employee. <i>Gov't Code 552.102(b)</i>
Evaluations	A document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- tor is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act.
	At the request of a school district, open-enrollment charter school, or private school at which a teacher or administrator has applied for employment, a district shall give the requesting district or school a document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- tor employed by the school.
	A district shall give the Texas Education Agency (TEA) a document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administrator employed by the district for purposes of an investigation conducted by TEA.
	Education Code 21.355(a), (c), (d)
Educator Certification Exam	The results of an educator certification examination are confidential and are not subject to disclosure, unless the disclosure is regard- ing notification to a parent of the assignment of an uncertified teacher to a classroom as required by Education Code 21.057. <i>Ed- ucation Code 21.048(c-1)</i>
Employee Accused of Improper Relationship with Student	A primary or secondary school may not release externally to the general public the name of an employee who is accused of com- mitting an offense under Penal Code 21.12 (improper relationship between educator and student) until the employee is indicted for the offense. The school may release the name of the accused em- ployee regardless of whether the employee has been indicted for the offense as necessary for the school to:
	1 Depart the accuration

1. Report the accusation:

			a.	To TEA, another state agency, or local law enforcement or as otherwise required by law; or		
			b.	To the school's community in accordance with the school's policies or procedures; or		
		2.	Cor	nduct an investigation of the accusation.		
		Per	nal Co	ode 21.12(d-1)		
(2	Credit Card, Debit Card, Charge Card, and Access Device	A credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number that is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a district is confidential.				
	Numbers	"Access device" means a card, plate, code, account number, per- sonal identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identi- fication number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in conjunction with another device may be used to:				
		1.	Obt	ain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or		
		2.		ate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated ely by paper instrument.		
		A district may redact credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device numbers from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. The district shall provide the information required by Government Code 552.136(e) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the at- torney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.				
		Goı	∕'t Co	de 552.136		
	Email Addresses of the Public	pur tial	pose and r	address of a member of the public that is provided for the of communicating electronically with a district is confiden- not subject to disclosure unless the member of the public vely consents to its release.		
		This	s con	fidentiality does not apply to an email address:		
		1.		vided to a district by a person who has a contractual rela- ship with the district or by the contractor's agent;		
		2.		vided to a district by a vendor who seeks to contract with district or by the vendor's agent;		
		3.	con	ntained in a response to a request for bids or proposals, tained in a response to similar invitations soliciting offers information relating to a potential contract, or provided to a		

		district in the course of negotiating the terms of a contract or potential contract;			
	4.	Provided to a district on a letterhead, coversheet, printed doc- ument, or other document made available to the public; or			
	5.	Provided to a district for the purpose of receiving orders or de- cisions from the district, or for the purpose of providing public comment on or receiving notices related to an application for a license. A "license" under this provision includes a state agency permit, certificate, approval, registration, or similar form of permission required by law.			
	A district may also disclose an email address for any reason to an- other governmental body or to a federal agency.				
	Gov't Code 552.137, 2001.003(2); Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)				
Individuals Who Inform of Legal	An informer's name or information that would substantially reveal the identity of an informer is excepted from public disclosure.				
Violations	"Informer" means a student or former student or an employee or former employee of a district who has furnished a report of another person's possible violation of criminal, civil, or regulatory law to the district or the proper regulatory enforcement authority.				
	This exception does not apply if the informer:				
	1.	If the informer is a student or former student, and the student, student's legal guardian, or student's spouse consents to disclosure of the student's name;			
	2.	If the informer is an employee or former employee who con- sents to disclosure of the employee's name; or			
	3.	The informer planned, initiated, or participated in the possible violation.			
	or p com cep erec	rmation may be made available to a law enforcement agency rosecutor for official purposes upon proper request, made in apliance with applicable law and procedure. However, this ex- tion does not impair the confidentiality of information consid- d to be confidential by law, including information excepted from closure under the Public Information Act.			

Gov't Code 552.135

Crime Victim Information <i>Address</i> <i>Confidentiality</i> <i>Program</i>	Information relating to a participant in the Address Confidentiality Program for Certain Crime Victims (including from family violence, sexual assault or abuse, stalking, or trafficking of persons under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 58, Subchapter B) is confi- dential, except as provided by Code of Criminal Procedure 58.061 and may not be disclosed under the Public Information Act. <i>Code</i> <i>of Criminal Procedure 58.060</i>		
Employee Victims	A district employee who is a victim under Code of Criminal Proce- dure Chapter 56B (Crime Victims' Compensation Act) regardless of whether the employee has filed an application for compensation may elect whether to allow public access to information held by the district that would identify or tend to identify the victim, including a photograph or other visual representation of the victim. The elec- tion must be made in writing on a form developed by the district, signed by the employee, and filed with the district before the third anniversary of the latest to occur of one of the following:		
	1. The date the crime was committed;		
	2. The date employment begins; or		
	3. The date the district develops the form and provides it to employees.		
	If the employee fails to make an election, the identifying informa- tion is excepted from disclosure until the third anniversary of the date the crime was committed. In case of disability, impairment, or other incapacity of the employee, the election may be made by the guardian of the employee or former employee.		
	Gov't Code 552.132(d)		
Victims of Certain Crimes	Information is confidential and excepted from public disclosure if the information identifies an individual as a victim of:		
	 A criminal offense specified by Government Code 552.1315(a)(1)(A) and (B), or 		
	2. Any criminal offense if the victim was younger than 18 years of age when any element of the offense was committed.		
	Notwithstanding the above, information may be disclosed:		
	1. To any victim identified by the information;		
	 To the parent or guardian of a victim described by item 2 above who is identified by the information; 		
	3. To a law enforcement agency for investigative purposes; or		

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	4. In accordance with a court order requiring the disclos	sure.		
	Gov't Code 552.1315			
Location or Layout of Shelter Centers	Information that relates to the location or physical layout of violence shelter center or victims of trafficking shelter center fidential. A district may redact this information from any in the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a from the attorney general. If a district redacts information provision, the district shall provide the information required ernment Code 552.138(e) to the requestor on a form presente attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a d from the attorney general about the matter. <i>Gov't Code 58</i> 1), (c), (d)	ter is con- formation decision under this d by Gov- cribed by ecision		
Criminal History Records	Information collected to comply with Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records), including the person's name, ad- dress, phone number, social security number, driver's license num- ber, other identification number, and fingerprint records, is confi- dential and may not be released except to comply with Subchapter C, by court order, or with the consent of the person who is the sub- ject of the information. <i>Education Code 22.08391</i>			
	Criminal history record information obtained by the district Texas Department of Public Safety may not be disclosed person except:			
	1. The person who is the subject of the information;			
	2. TEA;			
	3. The State Board for Educator Certification;			
	4. The chief personnel officer of the transportation com the information was obtained under Government Co 411.097(a)(2) with respect to a transportation compa contracts with the district to provide student transport	de any that		
	5. By court order.			
	Gov't Code 411.097(d)(1) [See CJA, DBAA, and DHB]			
Sensitive Crime Scene Image	A sensitive crime scene image in the custody of a district is confi- dential and excepted from public disclosure, regardless of the date that the image was taken or recorded. A district may not permit a person to view or copy the image unless the person is one of the individuals specified by Government Code 552.1085(d) and the district is not otherwise asserting an exception to disclosure under another provision of the Public Information Act or another law.			

Gov't Code 552.1085

GBA (LEGAL)

Computer Security Computer Networks	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information that relates to computer network security, to network security infor- mation that is restricted under Government Code 2059.055, or to the design, operation, or defense of a computer network.		
	The following information is confidential:		
	1.	A computer network vulnerability report;	
	2.	Any other assessment of the extent to which data processing operations, a computer, a computer program, network, sys- tem, or system interface, or software of a district or of a con- tractor of a district is vulnerable to unauthorized access or harm, including an assessment of the extent to which a dis- trict's or contractor's electronically stored information contain- ing sensitive or critical information is vulnerable to alteration, damage, erasure, or inappropriate use;	
	3.	A photocopy or other copy of an identification badge issued to an official or employee of a district; and	
	4.	Information directly arising from a governmental body's rou- tine efforts to prevent, detect, investigate, or mitigate a com- puter security incident, including information contained in or derived from an information security log. This does not affect the notification requirements related to a breach of system se- curity as defined by Business and Commerce Code 521.053. [See CQB]	
		A district may disclose the information to a bidder if the district determines that providing the information is necessary for the bidder to provide an accurate bid. Such a disclosure is not a voluntary disclosure for purposes of Government Code 552.007 [see Voluntary Disclosure, below].	
	Gov	r't Code 552.139	
Cybersecurity Information	A cyber threat indicator or defensive measure shared with the fed- eral government under Title 6, United States Code, shall be:		
	1.	Exempt from disclosure under federal freedom of information law and any state or local provision of public information law requiring disclosure of information or records; and	
	2.	Withheld, without discretion, from the public under federal freedom of information law and any state or local provision of public information law requiring disclosure of information or records.	
	6 U.	S.C. 1504(d)(4)(B) [See CQB]	

Texas VIRT Information	by a pler (Te:	rmation written, produced, collected, assembled, or maintained a participating district or a volunteer from the district in the im- nentation of Government Code Chapter 2054, Subchapter N-2 kas Volunteer Incident Response Team) is confidential and not ject to disclosure under the Public Information Act if the infor- ion:
	1.	Contains the contact information for a volunteer;
	2.	Identifies or provides a means of identifying a person who may, as a result of disclosure of the information, become a victim of a cybersecurity event;
	3.	Consists of a participating district's cybersecurity plans or cy- bersecurity-related practices; or
	4.	Is obtained from a participating district or from a participating district's computer system in the course of providing assistance under Subchapter N-2.
	Gov	't Code 2054.52010
Military Discharge Records	A military veteran's Department of Defense Form DD-214 or other military discharge record that first comes into the possession of a district on or after September 1, 2003, is confidential for the 75 years following the date it comes into the possession of a district. During that period, the district may only permit inspection, copying, or disclosure of the information contained in the record only in ac- cordance with Government Code 552.140 or a court order. The district is authorized to withhold a Form DD-214 or other military discharge record that is first recorded with or that otherwise first comes into the possession of the district on or after September 1, 2003, under this provision without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision. <i>Gov't Code 552.140(a), (b); Atty. Gen.</i> <i>ORD</i> 684 (2009)	
Limited Use	bod to th	strict that obtains this information from another governmental y shall limit the district's use and disclosure of the information he purpose for which the information was obtained. <i>Gov't Code</i> .140(e)
Firefighter or EMS Work Schedules	figh Hea	ork schedule or a time sheet of a firefighter or volunteer fire- ter or emergency medical services personnel as defined by of th and Safety Code 773.003 is confidential and excepted from lic disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.159</i>
Out-of-State Health- Care Provider Information	stat	rmation obtained by a district that was provided by an out-of- e health-care provider in connection with a quality manage- nt, peer review, or best practices program that the out-of-state

	health-care provider pays for is confidential and excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.162</i>			
Applicant for	The following information maintained by a district is confidential:			
Disaster Recovery Funds	 The name, social security number, house number, street name, and telephone number of an individual or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds; 			
	2. The name, tax identification number, address, and telephone number of a business entity or an owner of a business entity that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds; and			
	 Any other information the disclosure of which would identify or tend to identify a person or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds. 			
	The street name and census block group of and the amount of dis- aster recovery funds awarded to a person or household are not confidential after the date on which disaster recovery funds are awarded to the person or household.			
	Gov't Code 552.160(b), (c)			
Threat of Physical Harm	Information in the custody of a district that relates to an employee or officer of the district is excepted from public disclosure if, under the specific circumstances pertaining to the employee or officer, disclosure of the information would subject the employee or officer to a substantial threat of physical harm. <i>Gov't Code 552.152</i>			
Exceptions to Disclosure Voluntary Disclosure	The Public Information Act does not prohibit a district or its officer for public information from voluntarily making part or all of its infor- mation available to the public, unless the disclosure is expressly prohibited by law or the information is confidential under law. Infor- mation voluntarily made available as allowed under this provision must be made available to any person and cannot be withheld from further disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.007; Atty. Gen. ORD 518 (1989)</i>			
Right of Access After 75 Years	Except for social security numbers, the confidentiality provisions of the Public Information Act, or as otherwise provided by law, information that is not confidential but is excepted from required disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C, is public information and is available to the public on or after the 75th anniversary of the date the information was originally created or received by the district. This paragraph does not limit the authority of a district to establish retention periods for records under applicable law. <i>Gov't Code 552.0215</i>			
Information Relating to Litigation	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which a district is, or			

	may be, a party or to which an officer or employee of the district, as a consequence of the office or employment, is or may be a party, but only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated on the date the district's public information officer receives the request. <i>Gov't Code 552.103(a), (c)</i>
Information Related to Competition or Bidding	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the district demon- strates that the release of the information would harm its interests by providing an advantage to a competitor or bidder in a particular ongoing competitive situation or in a particular competitive situation where the district establishes the situation at issue is set to reoccur or there is a specific and demonstrable intent to enter into the com- petitive situation again in the future. Required disclosure under Government Code 552.022 does not apply to information that is excepted from required disclosure under this provision.
Parades, Concerts, and Entertainment Events	Information relating to the receipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a district for a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid for in whole or part with public funds is not excepted from public disclosure. A person, including a district, may not in- clude a provision in a contract related to an event that prohibits or would otherwise prevent the disclosure of this information. A con- tract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is void.
	Gov't Code 552.104
Certain Information on Real or Personal Property	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to the location of real or personal property for a public pur- pose prior to public announcement of the project, or information re- lating to appraisals or purchase price of real or personal property for a public purpose prior to the formal award of contracts for the property. <i>Gov't Code 552.105</i>
Drafts Involving Legislation	A draft or working paper involved in the preparation of proposed legislation is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.106</i>
Certain Legal Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is not privileged information but information that an attorney of a district is prohib- ited from disclosing because of a duty to the board under the Texas Rules of Evidence or the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Profes- sional Conduct, or information that a court order has prohibited from disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.107</i>
Certain Law Enforcement Information	Information (other than basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime) held by a law enforcement agency or prose- cutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime is excepted from public disclosure if:
	 Release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime; or
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	2.	It is information that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime only in relation to an investigation that did not result in conviction or deferred adjudication.
	mai	nternal record or notation of a law enforcement agency that is ntained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement rosecution is excepted from public disclosure if:
	1.	Release of the internal record or notation would interfere with law enforcement or prosecution; or
	2.	The internal record or notation relates to law enforcement only in relation to an investigation that did not result in convic- tion or deferred adjudication.
		't Code 552.108; <u>Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Hous-</u> 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976)
Private Correspondence of Elected Official	holo an i Coo	ate correspondence and communications of an elected office ler relating to matters the disclosure of which would constitute nvasion of privacy are excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't</i> <i>le 552.109; <u>Industrial Foundation of the South v. Texas Indus.</u> <u>. Bd.</u>, 540 S.W.2d 668 (Tex. 1976)</i>
Trade Secrets	con sure the	ept as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of tracting information), information is excepted from public disclo- e if it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that information is a trade secret, as defined by Government Code .110(a). <i>Gov't Code 552.110(b)</i>
Certain Commercial and Financial Information	con whic disc from	ept as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of tracting information), commercial or financial information for ch it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that losure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person n whom the information was obtained is excepted from public losure. <i>Gov't Code 552.110(c)</i>
Proprietary Information	con ven spot from pote den	ept as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of tracting information), information submitted to a district by a dor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in re- nse to a request for a bid, proposal, or qualification is excepted a public disclosure if the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or ential contractor demonstrates based on specific factual evice that disclosure of the information would be proprietary as cified under Government Code 552.1101(a).
	con	exception to disclosure may be asserted only by a vendor, tractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in the manner cribed by Government Code 552.305(b) for the purpose of pro-

	tecting the interests of the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor.
	A district must decline to release this information as provided by Government Code 552.305(a) to the extent necessary to allow a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor to as- sert the exception to disclosure provided by Government Code 552.1101(a) (proprietary information).
	<i>Gov't Code 552.1101</i> [See GBAA for additional procedures related to information involving proprietary interests of a vendor, contractor, or potential vendor or contractor.]
Proprietary Records and Trade Secrets in Certain Partnerships	Information in the custody of a district that relates to a proposal for a qualifying project authorized under Government Code Chapter 2267 is excepted from public disclosure if the information and records meet the criteria outlined at Government Code 552.153(b). The district is not authorized to withhold information as outlined by Government Code 552.153(c). <i>Gov't Code 552.153</i> [See CDH]
Certain Memoranda	An interagency or intra-agency memorandum or letter that would not be available by law to a party in litigation with a district is ex- cepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.111; <u>City of Garland</u> <u>v. Dallas Morning News</u>, 22 S.W.3d 351 (Tex. 2000)</i>
Audit Working Paper	An audit working paper of an auditor of a school district, including any audit relating to the criminal history background check of a public school employee, is excepted from public disclosure. If infor- mation in an audit working paper is also maintained in another record, that other record is not excepted.
	"Audit" means an audit authorized or required by a statute of Texas or the United States or a resolution or other action of a board of trustees of a school district, including an audit by the district relat- ing to the criminal history background check of a public school em- ployee, and includes an investigation.
	"Audit working paper" includes all information, documentary or oth- erwise, prepared or maintained in conducting an audit or preparing an audit report, including intra-agency and interagency communi- cations and drafts of the audit report or portions of those drafts. <i>Gov't Code 552.116</i>

Personal Information of Certain Individuals	Information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, emergency contact information, date of birth, or social se curity number of an individual to whom Government Code		
Board Members and Others	552.1175(a) applies (including a current or honorably retired p officer, commissioned security officer, elected public officer, m		
Option to Restrict Access	reve and info tion evic	s of the military, or a firefighter or volunteer firefighter), or that eals whether the individual has family members is confidential may not be disclosed to the public if the individual to whom the rmation relates chooses to restrict public access to the informa- by notifying the district on a form provided by the district with lence of the individual's status. This choice remains valid until cinded in writing by the individual.	
Redaction and Notice to Requestor	reda any Act gen dist 552 gen	ccordance with Government Code 552.1175(f), a district may act information that must be withheld under this provision from information the district discloses under the Public Information without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney eral. If a district redacts information under this provision, the rict shall provide the information required by Government Code .1175(h) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney eral. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attor- general about the matter.	
	Gov	r't Code 552.1175	
Board Member and Employee Personnel Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is informat that relates to the home address, home telephone number, e gency contact information, or social security number of the p listed at Government Code 552.117(a) or that reveals whethe person has family members. Government Code 552.117(a) is cludes the following:		
	1.	A current or former district employee or board member, ex- cept as provided by Government Code 552.024, below;	
	2.	Certain peace officers, security officers, law enforcement per- sonnel, and first responders; and	
	3.	An elected public officer, regardless of whether the officer complies with Government Code 552.024, below, or .1175, above.	
	Gov	r't Code 552.117	
Choice To Allow Access	sha cust hom sec	h current or former employee or board member of a district Il choose whether to allow public access to information in the tody of the district that relates to the person's home address, ne telephone number, emergency contact information, or social urity number, or that reveals whether the person has family mbers.	

	Each current or former employee and board member hat person's choice to the main personnel officer of the signed writing not later than the 14th day after the dat he employee begins employment with the district, the per is elected or appointed, or the former employee of service with the district.	ne district in a e on which board mem-	
	If the current or former employee or board member fails to state the person's choice within the period established by this provision the information is subject to public access.		
	A current or former employee or board member who wishes to close or open public access to the information may request in writ- ing that the main personnel officer of the district close or open ac- cess.		
	Exercising the option to close public access to protect personal in- formation does not apply to a public information request made be- fore the option was exercised.		
	Gov't Code 552.024; Atty. Gen. ORD 530 (1989)		
Redaction and Notice to Requestors	If the current or former employee or board member chooses not to allow public access to the information, the district may redact the information from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.024(c)$		
	A district that redacts or withholds information under the shall provide the information required by Government 552.024(c-2) to the requestor on a form prescribed by general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision fried general about the matter. <i>Gov't Code 552.024(c-2)</i>	Code the attorney om the attor-	
Photograph of Peace Officer	A photograph that depicts a peace officer, the release would endanger the life or physical safety of the office rom public disclosure unless:		
	. The officer is under indictment or charged with a information;	n offense by	
	 The officer is a party in a fire or police civil servic a case in arbitration; or 	e hearing or	
	 The photograph is introduced as evidence in a jucceeding. 	idicial pro-	

	If a photograph is exempt from public disclosure as described above, it may be made public only if the officer gives written con- sent.			
	Gov't Code 552.119			
Testing Items	A test item developed by an educational institution that is funded wholly or in part by state revenue or by a district is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.122</i>			
Certain Library Records	A record of a library or library system, supported in whole or in part by public funds, that identifies or serves to identify a person who requested, obtained, or used a library material or service is ex- cepted from public disclosure, unless the record is disclosed:			
	 Because the library determines that disclosure is reasonably necessary for the operation of the library and the records are not confidential under other state or federal law; 			
	2. To a person with a special right of access under Government Code 552.023; or			
	3. To a law enforcement agency or prosecutor under a court or- der or a subpoena obtained in compliance with this provision.			
	Gov't Code 552.124			
Superintendent Applicants	The name of an applicant for superintendent of a district is excepted from public disclosure, except that the board must give public notice of the name or names of the finalists being considered for that position at least 21 days before the date of the meeting at which final action or a vote is to be taken on the applicant's employment. <i>Gov't Code 552.126</i>			
Certain Motor Vehicle and	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the information re- lates to:			
Personal Identification Information	 A motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or another state or country; 			
	2. A motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state or another state or country; or			
	 A personal identification document issued by an agency of this state, another state or country, or a local agency autho- rized to issue an identification document. 			
	The motor vehicle record information described above may be re- leased only if, and in the manner, authorized by Transportation Code Chapter 730.			

	Subject to Transportation Code Chapter 730 (the Motor Vehicle Records Disclosure Act), a district may redact motor vehicle or driver license information (including a Texas driver's license number, a copy of a Texas driver's license, a Texas license plate number, the portion of a photograph that reveals a Texas license plate number, and the portion of any video depicting a discernible Texas license plate number) under this provision from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. The district shall provide the information specified at Government Code 552.130(e) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.
	Gov't Code 552.130; Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)
Economic Development Negotiations	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the information re- lates to economic development negotiations involving a board and a business prospect that the board seeks to have locate, stay, or expand in or near a district and the information relates to:
	1. A trade secret of the business prospect; or
	 Commercial or financial information for which it is demon- strated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained.
	Gov't Code 552.131(a)
	Unless and until an agreement is made with the business prospect, information about a financial or other incentive being offered to a business prospect by a board or by another person is excepted from public disclosure.
	After an agreement is made, the exception no longer applies to in- formation about a financial or other incentive being offered to the business prospect:
	1. By the board; or
	 By another person, if the financial or other incentive may di- rectly or indirectly result in the expenditure of public funds by a district or a reduction in revenue received by the district from any source.
	Gov't Code 552.131(b), (c)
Social Security Numbers of Any Living Person	Except for the social security number of a district employee in the custody of the district, the social security number of a living person is excepted from public disclosure, but is not confidential under the Public Information Act. A district may redact the social security

sure.

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

number of a living person from any information the district dis-

GBA (LEGAL)

An administering firm, carrier, or the district acting in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement system is not required to accept or comply with a request for a record or information about a record or to seek an opinion from the attorney general.

For this provision, "participant" means a member, former member, retiree, annuitant, beneficiary, or alternate payee of the retirement system, or an employee or contractor of an employer covered by the retirement system for whom records were received by the retirement system for the purpose of administering the terms of the plan, including for audit or investigative purposes.

Gov't Code 552.0038(c), (h), 825.507(g)

¹ Office of the Attorney General and the Public Information Act: <u>https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/office-attorney-general-and-public-information-act</u>

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	Note:	For forms prescribed by the attorney general, see the <u>At-</u> torney General's Public Information website. ¹		
Officer for Public Information and Required Sign Officer and Agents	The superintendent of a district is the officer for public information. Each department head is an agent of the officer for public informa- tion for purposes of complying with Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act [PIA]).			
Duties	requir	fficer is responsible for the release of public information as red by the Public Information Act. Subject to penalties pro- by the Public Information Act, the officer for public informa- hall:		
		Make public information available for public inspection and copying;		
		Carefully protect public information from deterioration, alter- ation, mutilation, loss, or unlawful removal;		
		Repair, renovate, or rebind public information when neces- sary to maintain it properly; and		
		Make reasonable efforts to obtain public information from a emporary custodian if:		
	i	a. The information has been requested from the district;		
	I	D. The officer is aware of facts sufficient to warrant a reasonable belief that the temporary custodian has possession, custody, or control of the information;		
	(c. The officer is unable to comply with the duties imposed by the Public Information Act without obtaining the infor- mation from the temporary custodian; and		
	(d. The temporary custodian has not provided the informa- tion to the officer or the officer's agent.		
	by the move	fficer is not responsible for the use made of the information e requestor or the release of the information after it is re- d from a record as a result of an update, correction, or ge of status of the person to whom the information pertains.		
	(Tex.	Code 552.201(a)–.204; <u>Keever v. Finlan</u> , 988 S.W.2d 300 App.–Dallas 1999, pet. dism'd) (a district's chief administra- fficer is the superintendent)		
Training		provision applies to an elected or appointed board member ne officer for public information.		

	one the c	n person shall complete a course of training of not less than and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of district and its board members and employees under the Public mation Act not later than the 90th day after the date:		
	1.	The board member takes the oath of office; or		
	2.	The officer for public information assumes duties as officer for public information.		
	adm form train cour ploy coor	blic information coordinator who is primarily responsible for inistering the responsibilities of the board under the Public In- ation Act and designated for board members to satisfy the ing requirement of this provision shall complete the training se regarding the responsibilities of the board and district em- ees under the PIA not later than the 90th day after the date the dinator assumes the person's duties as coordinator. [See 9, CPC(LOCAL)]		
	Designation of a public information coordinator does not relieve a board member from the duty to comply with any other requirement of the Public Information Act that applies to the board member. A district shall maintain and make available for public inspection the record of its board members' or, if applicable, the public informa- tion coordinator's completion of the training.			
	Gov't Code 552.012(a)–(c), (e)			
PIA Sign	(PIA tains sibili a co offic	officer for public information shall prominently display a sign sign) in the form prescribed by the attorney general that con- basic information about the rights of a requestor, the respon- ties of a district, and the procedures for inspecting or obtaining py of public information under the Public Information Act. The er shall display the sign at one or more places in the district's inistrative offices where it is plainly visible to:		
	1.	Members of the public who request public information in per- son; and		
	2.	Employees of the district whose duties include receiving or re- sponding to public information requests.		
	Gov	't Code 552.205(a)		
Requests for Public Information Method of	A person may make a written request for public information only by delivering the request by one of the following methods to the officer for public information or a person designated by that officer:			
Requesting Public Information	1.	United States mail;		
momauon	2.	Electronic mail;		

	3.	Hand delivery; or
	4.	Any other appropriate method approved by the district, includ- ing facsimile transmission and electronic submission through the district's website.
	the web	strict is considered to have approved another method only if district includes a statement on the PIA sign or the district's site that states a request for public information may be made hat method.
Designated Addresses to Receive Requests	mai and	strict may designate one mailing address and one electronic address for receiving written requests for public information shall provide the designated mailing address and electronic ling address to any person on request.
	add the	strict that posts a designated mailing address or electronic mail ress on the district's website or that prints those addresses on PIA sign is not required to respond to a written request for pub- nformation unless the request is received:
	1.	At one of those addresses;
	2.	By hand delivery; or
	3.	By a method described above that has been approved by the district.
	Gov	't Code 552.234(c), (d)
Optional Request Form	that	attorney general shall create a public information request form provides a requestor the option of excluding from a request in- nation that the district determines is:
	1.	Confidential; or
	2.	Subject to an exception to disclosure that the district would assert if the information were subject to the request.
		strict that allows requestors to use the attorney general's form maintains a website shall post the form on its website.
	Gov	't Code 552.235
District Response to Requests Uniform Treatment	requ occ que	officer for public information or the officer's agent shall treat all uests for information uniformly without regard to the position or upation of the requestor, the person on whose behalf the rest is made, or the status of the individual as a member of the dia. <i>Gov't Code 552.223</i>

Brownsville ISD 031901		
ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION GBAA REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (LEGAL)		
Inquiries by District	The officer for public information and the officer's agent ma make an inquiry of a requestor except to establish proper in cation or except as provided below.	
Requests to Clarify or Narrow	If what information is requested is unclear to the district, the may ask the requestor to clarify the request. If a large amo formation has been requested, the district may discuss with questor how the scope of the request might be narrowed, the district may not inquire into the purpose for which the inform will be used.	unt of in- h the re- out the
Additional Information for Vehicle Records	If the information requested relates to a motor vehicle reco officer for public information or agent may require the requ provide additional identifying information sufficient for the o agent to determine whether the requestor is eligible to rece information under Transportation Code Chapter 730. In this sion, "motor vehicle record" has the meaning assigned that Transportation Code 730.003.	estor to officer or eive the s provi-
	Gov't Code 552.222(a)–(c)	
Statement of Consequences	A written request for clarification or discussion or for addition formation, as described above, must include a statement a consequences of the failure by the requestor to timely resp the request for clarification, discussion, or additional inform <i>Gov't Code 552.222(e)</i>	is to the ond to
Requestor's Failure to Respond	If by the 61st day after the date the district sends a written for clarification or discussion or for additional information, a scribed above, the district, officer for public information, or does not receive a written response from the requestor, the lying request for public information is considered to have b withdrawn by the requestor.	as de- agent e under-
Exception to Automatic Withdrawal	Except when the requestor's information request was sent tronic mail, described below, if the requestor's information included the requestor's physical or mailing address, the re may not be considered to have been withdrawn unless the or officer for public information or agent sends the request fication or discussion or for additional information, as descri- above, to that address by certified mail.	request equest district for clari-
	If the requestor's information request was sent by electronic the request may be considered to have been withdrawn if:	c mail,
	 The district, officer for public information, or agent ser request for clarification or discussion or the written re- additional information by electronic mail to the same tronic mail address from which the original request was 	quest for elec-

		or to another electronic mail address provided by the re- questor; and
	2.	The district, officer for public information, or agent does not receive from the requestor a written response or response by electronic mail within the period described by Government Code 552.222(d).
	Gov	't Code 552.222(d), (f)–(g)
Time for Production <i>Promptly</i>	mati pers the A dis lic in	officer for public information shall promptly produce public infor- on for inspection, duplication, or both, on application by any son to the officer. "Promptly" means as soon as possible under circumstances, that is, within a reasonable time, without delay. strict may not automatically withhold for ten business days pub- iformation not excepted from disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>221(a); Atty. Gen. ORD 664 (2000)</i>
Certifications of Availability	mati the fact sona	officer for public information cannot produce the public infor- on for inspection or duplication within ten business days after date the information is requested, the officer shall certify that in writing to the requestor and set a date and hour within a rea- able time when the information will be available for inspection uplication.
	que: for p que:	e requested information is unavailable at the time of the re- st to examine because it is in storage or active use, an officer public information shall certify this fact in writing to the re- stor and set a date and hour within a reasonable time when the rmation will be available for inspection or duplication.
	Gov	't Code 552.221(c), (d)
Administrative Offices Closed	lic Ir clos mote resp have	ess the district has initiated a temporary suspension of the Pub- normation Act during a catastrophe [see below], if a district es its physical offices, but requires staff to work, including re- ely, then the district shall make a good faith effort to continue bonding to applications for public information, to the extent staff e access to public information responsive to an application e its administrative offices are closed.
	an a tion	ure to respond to requests may constitute a refusal to request attorney general's decision or a refusal to supply public informa- or information that the attorney general has determined is pub- aformation that is not excepted from disclosure.
	Gov	't Code 552.2211
Methods of Production		officer for public information complies with the requirement to nptly produce public information by:

	1.	Providing the information for inspection or duplication in the offices of a district. The Public Information Act does not authorize a requestor to remove an original copy of a public record from the office of a district;
	2.	Sending copies of the information by first class United States mail, if the requestor requests that copies be provided and pays the postage and any other applicable charges that the requestor has accrued under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter F [see Authorized Costs and Charges, below]; or
	3.	Referring a requestor to an exact internet location or uniform resource locator (URL) address on a website maintained by the district and accessible to the public if the requested infor- mation is identifiable and readily available on that website. If the person requesting the information prefers a manner other than access through the URL, the district must supply the in- formation in the manner described above at items 1 and 2.
		If the officer for public information provides by email an inter- net location or URL address as permitted by item 3, above, the email must contain a statement in a conspicuous font clearly indicating that the requestor may nonetheless access the requested information by inspection or duplication or by receipt through United States mail, as described above at items 1 and 2.
	Gov	't Code 552.221(b)–(b-2), .226
Inspection and Duplication Procedures	whic safe	strict may promulgate reasonable rules of procedure under ch public information may be inspected and copied efficiently, ely, and without delay. These rules may not be inconsistent with provision of the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code 552.230</i>
	all r	officer for public information or agent shall give the requestor easonable comfort and facility for the full exercise of the right nted by the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code 552.224</i>
Time For District to Provide Copies	info	all be a policy of a district to provide a suitable copy of public rmation within a reasonable time after the date on which the y is requested. <i>Gov't Code 552.228(a)</i>
Time for Requestor to Appear and Complete Inspection	fails on c avai chai ter f	equest is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor to inspect or duplicate the public information in district offices or before the 60th day after the date the information is made ilable or fails to pay the postage and any other applicable rges accrued under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchap- F on or before the 60th day after the date the requestor is in- ned of the charges.

	A requestor must complete the examination of the information not later than the tenth business day after the date the custodian of the information makes it available. If the requestor does not complete the examination within ten business days and does not file a re- quest for additional time under Government Code 552.225(b) (de- scribed below), the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request.				
	The officer for public information shall extend the initial examina- tion period by an additional ten business days if, within the initial period, the requestor files with the officer a written request for addi- tional time. The officer shall extend an additional examination pe- riod by another ten business days if, within the first additional pe- riod, the requestor files with the officer a written request for more additional time.				
	The time during which a person may examine information may be interrupted by the officer if the information is needed for use by the district. The period of interruption is not considered to be a part of the time during which the person may examine the information.				
	Gov't Code 552.221(e), .225				
Electronic Data	If public information exists in an electronic or magnetic medium, the requestor may request a copy in an electronic medium, such as on diskette or on magnetic tape. A district shall provide a copy in the requested medium if:				
	 The district has the technological ability to produce a copy of the information in the requested medium; 				
	The district is not required to purchase any software or hard- ware to accommodate the request; and				
	 Provision of a copy of the information in the requested medium will not violate the terms of any copyright agreement between the district and a third party. 				
	If a district is unable to comply with a request to produce a copy of information in a requested medium for any of these reasons, the district shall provide a copy in another medium that is acceptable to the requestor. A district is not required to copy information onto a diskette or other material provided by the requestor but may use district supplies.				
	Cov't Codo 552 228(b) (c)				

Gov't Code 552.228(b), (c)

Requests Requiring Programming or	A district shall provide to a requestor a written statement, de- scribed below, if the district determines:				
Data Manipulation Written Statement	1.		responding to a request for information will require pro- nming or manipulation of data; and		
Required	2.	That	:		
		a.	Compliance with the request is not feasible or will result in substantial interference with operations; or		
		b.	The information could be made available in the re- quested form only at a cost that covers the programming and manipulation of data.		
	The	The written statement shall include:			
	1.		atement that the information is not available in the re- sted form;		
	2.	A de	scription of the form in which the information is available;		
	3.		escription of any contract or services that would be re- ed to provide the information in the requested form;		
	4.	in th rules	atement of the estimated cost of providing the information e requested form, as determined in accordance with the s established by the attorney general under Government e 552.262; and		
	5.		atement of the anticipated time required to provide the in- ation in the requested form.		
Time For Programming or Manipulation Statement	20 d has give	ays a an ac s writ	shall provide the written statement to the requestor within fter the date the district receives the request. The district Iditional ten days to provide the statement if the district ten notice to the requestor, within 20 days after receiving st, that additional time is needed.		
Requestor Reply Required	On providing the written statement described above, the district does not have any further obligation to provide the information in the requested form or in the form in which it is available, unless within 30 days the requestor states in writing that the requestor:				
	1.	form writt	ts the district to provide the information in the requested according to the cost and time parameters set out in the en statement or according to other terms to which the re- stor and the district agree; or		
	2.	Wan	ts the information in the form in which it is available.		

	If a requestor does not make a timely written statement to the dis- trict, the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request for information.
Processing Procedures and Recordkeeping	The officer for public information shall establish policies that assure the expeditious and accurate processing of requests for informa- tion that require programming or manipulation of data. A district shall maintain a file containing all written statements issued con-

Gov't Code 552.231

Repetitious or Redundant Requests A district that determines a requestor has made a request for information for which the district has previously furnished or made copies available to the requestor on payment of applicable charges must respond to the request, in relation to the information for which copies have already been furnished or made available, except that:

cerning responding to requests for information that require programming or manipulation of data in a readily accessible location.

- 1. The district is not prohibited from furnishing the information or making the information available to the requestor again in accordance with the request; and
- 2. The district is not required to comply with these provisions in relation to information that the district simply furnishes or makes available to the requestor again in accordance with the request.

Gov't Code 552.232(a)

These provisions do not apply to information not previously furnished to a requestor or made copies available to the requestor on payment of applicable charges.

A request by the requestor for information for which copies have not previously been furnished or made available to the requestor, including information for which copies were not furnished or made available because the information was redacted from other information that was furnished or made available or because the information did not exist at the time of an earlier request shall be treated in the same manner as any other request for public information under the Public Information Act.

Gov't Code 552.232(d)

Certification of
PreviousA district shall certify to the requestor that copies of all or part of
the requested information were previously furnished or made avail-
able to the requestor. The certification must include:

1. A description of the information for which copies have been previously furnished or made available to the requestor;

	2.	The date the district received the requestor's original request for that information;		
	3.	The date the district previously furnished copies or made available copies of the information to the requestor;		
	4.	A certification that no subsequent additions, deletions, or corrections have been made to that information; and		
	5.	The name, title, and signature of the officer for public informa- tion or agent making the certification.		
	A ch catio	arge may not be imposed for making and finishing this certifion.		
	Gov	't Code 552.232(b), (c)		
Withholding Excepted Information Request for Attorney General Decision Required	A district that receives a written request for information that it wishes to withhold from public disclosure and that it considers to be within one of the exceptions to required disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C [see GBA] must ask for a decision from the attorney general about whether the information is within that exception if there has not been a previous determination about whether the information falls within one of the exceptions [see Request for Attorney General Decision Not Required, below]. A district may only request an attorney general decision if the district reasonably believes that the requested information is excepted from required disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(a); Atty. Gen. ORD 665 (2000)</i>			
Consequences of Missed Deadlines	vide Cod the i publ	district does not request an attorney general decision and pro- s the requestor with the information required by Government e 552.301(d) and (e-1) [see Information to Requestor, below], nformation requested in writing is presumed to be subject to ic disclosure and must be released unless there is a com- ng reason to withhold it. <i>Gov't Code 552.302</i>		
Request and Submissions to Attorney General	The district must ask for the attorney general's decision and state the exceptions that apply within a reasonable time but not later than the tenth business day after the date of receiving the written request.			
	with after	en a district requests an attorney general decision, it shall, in a reasonable time but not later than the 15th business day receiving the request for information, submit to the attorney eral all of the following:		
	1.	Written comments stating the reasons why the stated excep- tions apply that would allow the information to be withheld;		
	2.	A copy of the written request for information;		

	3.	A signed statement as to the date on which the written re- quest for information was received by the district or evidence sufficient to establish that date; and
	4.	A copy of the specific information requested, or representative samples of the information if a voluminous amount of informa- tion was requested. The district shall label the copies or rep- resentative samples to indicate which exceptions apply to which parts of the copy.
	Gov	't Code 552.301(b), (e)
Information to Requestor	the i	strict that requests an attorney general decision shall provide to requestor within a reasonable time but not later than the tenth ness day after the date of receiving the requestor's written re- st:
	1.	A written statement that the district wishes to withhold the re- quested information and has asked for a decision from the at- torney general about whether the information is within an ex- ception to public disclosure; and
	2.	A copy of the district's written communication to the attorney general asking for the decision. If a district's written communi- cation to the attorney general discloses the requested infor- mation, the district shall provide a redacted copy of that writ- ten communication.
	later ten i stan	district shall send a copy of the comments to the requestor not than the 15th business day after the district receives the writ- request. If the written comments disclose or contain the sub- ce of the information requested, the copy of the comments pro- d to the requestor shall be redacted.
	Gov	't Code 552.301(d), (e-1)
Calculating Timeliness	(Atto by L date the o	the purposes of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G orney General Decisions), if a district receives a written request Inited States mail and cannot adequately establish the actual of receipt, the request is considered to have been received by district on the third business day after the date of the postmark a properly addressed request. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(a-1)</i>
	requ give men thro	en Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G requires a lest, notice, or other document to be submitted or otherwise n to the attorney general within a specified period, the require- it is met in a timely fashion if the district submits the document ugh the attorney general's designated electronic filing system in that period. This provision does not affect the right of a dis-

	trict to submit information to the attorney general by specified methods of mail under Government Code 552.308.
	When the attorney general is required to deliver a notice, decision, or other document within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the attorney general electronically transmits the document within that period.
	For information surrendered or returned to a district by a temporary custodian, the district is considered to receive the request for that information on the date the information is surrendered or returned to the district. [See GB]
	Gov't Code 552.233(d), .309
	When Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G requires a request, notice, or other document to be submitted or otherwise given to a person within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the document is sent to the person by first class United States mail or common or contract carrier properly addressed with postage or handling charges prepaid and:
	 It bears a post office cancellation mark or a receipt mark of a common or contract carrier indicating a time within that pe- riod; or
	 The person required to submit or otherwise give the docu- ment furnishes satisfactory proof that it was deposited in the mail or with a common or contract carrier within that period.
	Gov't Code 552.308
Third Party Privacy or Property Interests	In a case in which information is requested under the Public Infor- mation Act and a person's privacy or property interests may be in- volved, including a case under Government Code 552.101 (infor- mation confidential by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary information), 552.114 (student records), 552.131 (eco- nomic development information), or 552.143 (investment informa- tion), a district may decline to release the information for the pur- pose of requesting a decision from the attorney general.
Third Party Submissions	A person whose interests may be involved as described above, or any other person, may submit in writing to the attorney general the person's reasons why the information should be withheld or re- leased. A district may, but is not required to, submit its reasons why the information should be withheld or released. The propri- etary information exception to disclosure provided by Government Code 552.1101(a) may be asserted only by a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in the manner described by

Government Code 552.305(b) for the purpose of protecting the in-

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terests of the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor.

Gov't Code 552.305(a)–(c), .1101(c)

Notice to Third Party If release of a person's proprietary information may be subject to exception under Government Code 552.101 (information confidential by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary information), 552.113 (geological or geophysical information), 552.131 (economic development information), or 552.143 (investment information), a district that requests an attorney general decision shall make a good faith attempt to notify that person of its request. The notice must:

- 1. Be in writing and sent within a reasonable time not later than the tenth business day after the district receives the request for information; and
- 2. Include:
 - a. A copy of the written request for information, if any, received by the district; and
 - b. A statement, in the form prescribed by the attorney general, that the person is entitled to submit to the attorney general, not later than the tenth business day after the person receives the notice:
 - (1) Each reason the person has as to why the information should be withheld; and
 - (2) A letter, memorandum, or brief in support of that reason.

A person who submits a letter, memorandum, or brief to the attorney general under this provision shall send a copy of that letter, memorandum, or brief to the person who requested the information from the district. If the letter, memorandum, or brief submitted to the attorney general contains the substance of the information requested, the copy of the letter, memorandum, or brief may be a redacted copy.

Gov't Code 552.305(d), (e)

Requests for Contracting Information Not Maintained by the District "Contracting information" means the following information maintained by a district or sent between a district and a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor:

1. Information in a voucher or contract relating to the receipt or expenditure of public funds by a district;

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	2.	Solicitation or bid documents relating to a contract with a dis- trict;					
	3.	Communications sent between a district and a vendor, con- tractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor during the so- licitation, evaluation, or negotiation of a contract;					
	4.	Documents, including bid tabulations, showing the criteria by which a district evaluates each vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor responding to a solicitation and, if applicable, an explanation of why the vendor or con- tractor was selected; and					
	5.	Communications and other information sent between a district and a vendor or contractor related to the performance of a fi- nal contract with the district or work performed on behalf of the district.					
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.003(1-a)					
		Government Code 552.371 applies to an entity that is not a gov- ernmental body that executes a contract with a district that:					
	1.	Has a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district; or					
	2.	Results in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal year of the district.					
	Government Code 552.371 applies to a written request for public information received by a district that is party to a contract described above for contracting information related to the contract that is in the custody or possession of the entity and not maintained by the district.						
	Gov't Code 552.371(a), (b)						
District Request to Contracting Entity	sha The thar	strict that receives a written request for contracting information II request that the entity provide the information to the district. district must send the request in writing to the party not later in the third business day after the date the district receives the ten request. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.371(c)$					
Requesting Decision About Contracting Information	whe with is co afte	strict's request for an attorney general's decision to determine ether contracting information not maintained by the district falls in an exception to disclosure under the Public Information Act onsidered timely if made not later than the 13th business day r the date the district receives the written request described ve. Gov't Code 552.371(d)(1)					

	The statement and copy described above [see Information to Requestor] is considered timely if provided to the requestor not later than the 13th business day after the date the district receives the written request. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.371(d)(2)$				
	A submission and copy described above [see Request and Sub- missions to Attorney General] is considered timely if sent not later than the 18th business day after the date the district receives the written request. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.371(<i>d</i>)(3), (4)				
	The presumption that information is subject to disclosure for failing to comply with Government Code 552.301 [see Request and Sub- missions to Attorney General, above] does not apply if a district:				
	 Complies with the requirements of Government Code 552.371(c) in a good faith effort to obtain contracting informa- tion not maintained by the district; 				
	 Is unable to meet a deadline because the contracting entity failed to provide the information to the district not later than the 13th business day after the date the district received the written request for the information; and 				
	3. Complies with all notice requirements not later than the eighth business day after the date the district receives the information from the contracting entity.				
	Gov't Code 552.371(e)				
	Nothing in Government Code 552.371 affects the deadlines or du- ties of a district related to requesting an attorney general opinion regarding contracting information the district maintains. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.371(f)</i>				
Request for Attorney General Decision Not Required <i>Previous</i> <i>Determinations</i> Same Information	A district must release the requested information and is prohibite from asking for a decision from the attorney general about wheth information requested under this chapter is within an exception of der Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C if the district has previously requested and received a determination from the torney general concerning the precise information at issue in a pending request and the attorney general or a court determined that the information is public information that is not excepted by Subchapter C. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(f)</i>				
Categories of Previously Determined Information	A district may rely on a previous determination by the attorney general regarding a specific, clearly delineated category of information if:1. The previous decision is applicable to a school district;				

		The previous decision concludes that the category of informa- tion is or is not excepted from public disclosure;			
		The elements of law, fact, and circumstances are met to support the previous decision's conclusion that the requested records and information at issue are or are not excepted from public disclosure; and			
	1	The previous decision explicitly provides that the governmen- tal body or bodies, such as the district, to which the decision applies may withhold the information without the necessity of seeking a decision from the attorney general.			
	Atty.	Gen. ORD 673 (2001)			
	A district that relies on a previous determination to withhold infor- mation from disclosure should notify the requestor in writing of the decision or ruling upon which it is relying. <i>Atty. Gen. ORD</i> 684 (2009)				
When Request Is Allowed for Previous Determination	A district may ask for another decision from the attorney general concerning the precise information that was at issue in a prior decision made by the attorney general if:				
Determination	f	A suit challenging the prior decision was timely filed against the attorney general in accordance with the Public Information Act concerning the precise information at issue;			
	f	The attorney general determines that the requestor has volun- tarily withdrawn the request for the information in writing or has abandoned the request; and			
	3.	The parties agree to dismiss the lawsuit.			
	Gov't Code 552.301(g)				
	Note.	For rules regarding the attorney general's review of redactions and electronic submissions to the attorney general, see 1 Administrative Code Chapter 63. For complete cost rules issued by the attorney general, see 1 Administrative Code Chapter 70.			
Authorized Costs and Charges Attorney General's Cost Rules	charg the ch that e exten lic infe	trict shall use the attorney general's rules to determine the les for providing copies of public information and to determine harge, deposit, or bond required for making public information exists in a paper record available for inspection, except to the t that other law provides for charges for specific kinds of pub- ormation. The charges for providing copies of public informa- nay not be excessive and may not exceed the actual cost of			

	producing the information or for making public information that ex- ists in a paper record available for inspection.
	A district may determine its own charges for providing copies of public information and its own charge, deposit, or bond for making public information that exists in a paper record available for inspec- tion. However, a district may not charge an amount that is greater than 25 percent more than the amount established by the attorney general, unless the district requests an exemption.
	Gov't Code 552.262(a); 1 TAC 70.1(b), .3, .10.
Exemption	A district may request that it be exempt from part or all of the rules adopted by the attorney general for determining charges. The request must be made in writing to the attorney general and must state the reason for the exemption. If a district receives notice from the attorney general that an exemption has been granted, the district may amend its charges according to the attorney general's determination. <i>Gov't Code 552.262(c)</i>
Multiple Requests	All requests received in one calendar day from an individual may be treated as a single request for purposes of calculating costs. A district may not combine multiple requests from separate individu- als who submit requests on behalf of an organization. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.261(e)</i>
Charges for Producing Copies	The charge for providing a copy of public information shall be an amount that reasonably includes all costs related to reproducing the information, including costs of materials, labor, and overhead.
50 Pages or Less	If a request is for 50 or fewer pages of paper records, the charge for providing the copy of the information may not include costs of materials, labor, or overhead, but shall be limited to the charge for each page of the paper record that is photocopied, unless the pages to be photocopied are located in two or more separate build- ings that are not physically connected with each other or a remote storage facility. A connection of two buildings by a covered or open sidewalk, an elevated or underground passageway, or a similar fa- cility is insufficient to cause the buildings to be considered separate buildings.
Statement of Labor Costs	If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, the requestor may require the officer for public infor- mation or agent to provide the requestor with a written statement as to the amount of time that was required to produce and provide the copy. The statement must be signed by the officer or agent, and the officer or agent's name must be typed or legibly printed be- low the signature. A charge may not be imposed for providing the written statement to the requestor.

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Accrual of Charges	Charges for providing a copy of public information are considered to accrue at the time the district advises the requestor that the copy is available on payment of the applicable charges.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.261(a)–(d)			
Deposit or Bond for Copies	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or bond for payment of anticipated costs for the preparation of a copy of public information if:				
	1.	The officer or agent has provided the requestor with the writ- ten itemized statement required by Government Code 552.2615 (itemized estimate of charges, below); and			
	2.	The charge for providing the copy is estimated by the district to exceed \$100, if the district has more than 15 full-time em- ployees, or \$50, if the district has fewer than 16 full-time em- ployees.			
	The officer or agent may not require a deposit or bond as a down payment for copies of public information that the requestor may re- quest in the future.				
	Gov't Code 552.263(a), (b)				
Effect on Timelines	For purposes of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapters F (Charges for Providing Copies of Public Information) and G (Attorney General Decisions), a request for a copy of public information is considered to have been received by the district on the date the district receives the deposit or bond for payment of anticipated costs or unpaid amounts if the officer for public information or agent requires a deposit or bond.				
	A requestor who fails to make such a deposit or post such a bond for payment of anticipated costs for the preparation of copies be- fore the tenth business day after the date the deposit or bond is re- quired is considered to have withdrawn the request for the copy of public information that precipitated the requirement of the deposit or bond.				
	Gov	't Code 552.263(e), (f)			
Modified Request	a de requ	equestor modifies a request in response to the requirement of posit or bond, the modified request is considered a separate est and is considered received on the date the district receives written modified request. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(e-1)</i>			
Unpaid Amounts	bonc in re	officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or I for payment of unpaid amounts the requestor owes a district lation to previous public information requests before preparing py of public information in response to a new request, if those			

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unpaid amounts exceed \$100. The officer for public information or
agent may not seek payment of those unpaid amounts through any
other means.

Documentation of Unpaid Amounts A district must fully document the existence and amount of those unpaid amounts or the amount of any anticipated costs before requiring a deposit or bond. The documentation is subject to required public disclosure.

Gov't Code 552.263(c), (d)

- *Pre-Payments* A district that receives a request from a requestor to produce public information for inspection or publication or to produce copies of public information in response to a requestor who, within the preceding 180 days, has accepted but failed to pay written itemized statements of estimated charges from the district as provided under Government Code 552.261(b) (statement of labor costs, above) may require the requestor to pay the estimated charges for the request before the request is fulfilled. *Gov't Code 552.2661*
- *Waivers* A district shall provide a copy of public information without charge or at a reduced charge if the district determines that waiver or reduction of the charge is in the public interest because providing the information primarily benefits the general public.

If the cost to a district of processing the collection of a charge for providing a copy of public information will exceed the amount of the charge, the district may waive the charge.

Gov't Code 552.267

District Publications Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter F (charges for providing copies of public information) does not apply to a publication that is compiled and printed by or for a district for public dissemination. If the cost of the publication is not determined by state law, a district may determine the charge for providing the publication. This provision does not prohibit the district from providing the publication free of charge if state law does not require that a certain charge be made. Gov't Code 552.270

Copies for
ParentsA district may charge a reasonable fee in accordance with the
above requirements for copies of materials provided to parents
pursuant to Education Code Chapter 26. Education Code 26.012

Charges for If the requestor does not request a copy of public information, a district may not impose a charge for making available for inspection any public information that exists in a paper record, except as set forth below.

Copy of Edited Page	If a page contains confidential information that must be edited from the record before the information can be made available for inspec- tion, the district may charge for the cost of making a photocopy of the page from which the confidential information must be edited. No charge other than the cost of the photocopy may be imposed.					
Payment, Deposit, or Bond for Inspections	The officer for public information or agent may require a requestor to pay, or to make a deposit or post a bond for the payment of, an- ticipated personnel costs for making available for inspection public information that exists in paper records if:					
	1.	The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than five years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, six or more archival boxes; and				
	2.	The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than five hours will be required to make the information avail- able for inspection.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.271(a)–(c)				
Exception for Certain Small		If a district has fewer than 16 full-time employees, the payment, deposit, or bond may be required only if:				
Districts	1.	The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than three years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, three or more archival boxes; and				
	2.	The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than two hours will be required to make the information avail- able for inspection.				
	Gov	't Code 552.271(d)				
Inspection of Electronic Records	In response to a request to inspect information that exists in an electronic medium and that is not available directly online to the re- questor, a charge may not be imposed for access to the informa- tion unless complying with the request will require programming or manipulation of data. If programming or manipulation of data is re- quired, a district shall notify the requestor before assembling the in- formation and provide the requestor with an estimate of charges that will be imposed to make the information available [see also Requests Requiring Programming or Data Manipulation, above].					
	own that elec that	blic information exists in an electronic form on a computer ed or leased by a district and if the public has direct access to computer through a computer network or other means, the tronic form of the information may be electronically copied from computer without charge if accessing the information does not ire processing, programming, or manipulation on the district-				

	owned or district-leased computer before the information is copied. If such information also requires processing, programming, or ma- nipulation before it can be electronically copied, a district may im- pose charges.		
	If information is created or kept in an electronic form, a district is encouraged to explore options to separate confidential information from public information and make the public information available to the public through electronic access through a computer network or by other means.		
	Gov't Code 552.272		
Itemized Estimate of Charges	If a request for a copy of public information will result in the imposi- tion of a charge that exceeds \$40, or a request to inspect a paper record without requesting copies will result in the imposition of a charge that exceeds \$40, a district shall provide the requestor with a written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or per- sonnel costs. If an alternative less costly method of viewing the records is available, the statement must include a notice that the requestor may contact the district regarding the alternative method. A district must inform the requestor of the responsibilities imposed on the requestor by Government Code 552.2615 and the rights granted by that section and give the requestor the information needed to respond as detailed in Government Code 552.2615(a).		
	If, after a district provides the requestor the itemized statement but before it makes the copy or the paper record available, the district determines that the estimated charges will exceed the charges de- tailed in the original itemized statement by 20 percent or more, the district shall send to the requestor an updated written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or personnel costs.		
Requestor's Response	A request for which a district is required to produce an (original or updated) itemized statement of estimated charges is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor does not respond in writing to the itemized statement by informing the district within ten business days after the date the statement is sent to the requestor that:		
	1. The requestor will accept the estimated charges;		
	2. The requestor is modifying the request in response to the itemized statement; or		
	3. The requestor has sent to the attorney general a complaint al- leging that the requestor has been overcharged for being pro- vided with a copy of the public information.		

Actual Charges	If the actual charges exceed \$40, the charges may not exceed:		
	1.	The amount estimated in the updated itemized statement; or	
	2.	If an updated itemized statement is not sent to the requestor, an amount that exceeds by 20 percent or more the amount estimated in the original itemized statement.	
No Effect on Deadlines To Request Attorney General Decision	beer spor	riginal or updated itemized statement is considered to have a sent by a district, and a requestor is considered to have re- aded to the statement, on the date that the statement or re- ase is:	
	1.	Delivered in person;	
	2.	Deposited, properly addressed, in the United States mail; or	
	3.	Transmitted by electronic mail or facsimile, provided the re- questor agrees to receive the statement by those means.	
	state time	time deadlines for providing or responding to the required ement of estimated charges do not affect the application of a deadline imposed on a district for requesting a decision by the ney general under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchap- G.	
	Gov	't Code 552.2615	
Temporary Suspension of Requirements for Districts Impacted by Catastrophe	distr such to co	requirements of the Public Information Act do not apply to a ict that is currently significantly impacted by a catastrophe that the catastrophe directly causes the inability of the district omply with the requirements of the PIA and the district com- s with requirements below to elect a suspension period.	
	feres	astrophe" means a condition or occurrence that directly inter- s with the ability of a district to comply with the requirements of PIA, including:	
	1.	Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or snow storm;	
	2.	Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of commu- nication facilities;	
	3.	Epidemic; or	
	4.	Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threat- ened act of lawlessness or violence.	
		astrophe" does not mean a period when staff is required to remotely and can access information responsive to an appli-	

	cation for information electronically, but the physical office of the governmental body is closed.		
	"Suspension period" means the period of time during which a dis- trict may suspend the applicability of the requirements of the Public Information Act.		
Initial Suspension Period	A district may suspend the applicability of the Public Information Act to the district for an initial suspension period only once for each catastrophe, which may not exceed seven consecutive days and must occur during the period that:		
	 Begins not earlier than the second day before the date the district submits notice to the attorney general; and 		
	2. Ends not later than the seventh day after the date the district submits that notice.		
Extension of Initial Suspension Period	A board may extend an initial suspension period if the board deter- mines that the district is still impacted by the catastrophe on which the initial suspension period was based. The initial suspension pe- riod may be extended one time for not more than seven consecu- tive days that begin on the day following the day the initial suspen- sion period ends.		
Maximum Suspension Period Per Catastrophe	A board that initiates an initial suspension period may not initiate another suspension period related to the same catastrophe, except for a single extension period as described above.		
	The combined suspension period for a district filing for both an ini- tial suspension period and a subsequent extension may not ex- ceed a total of 14 consecutive calendar days with respect to any single catastrophe.		
	Upon conclusion of any suspension period the district shall imme- diately resume compliance with all requirements of the Public Infor- mation Act.		
Notices to the Attorney General	A district that elects to suspend the Public Information Act must submit notice to the attorney general that the district is currently im- pacted by a catastrophe and has elected to suspend the applicabil- ity of the PIA during the initial suspension period.		
	A board that elects to extend an initial suspension period must sub- mit notice of the extension on the form prescribed by the attorney general.		
	The notices on the form prescribed by the attorney general must require the district to:		

	1.		tify and describe the catastrophe that the district is cur- ly impacted by;
	2.		e the date the initial suspension period determined by the rd begins and the date that period ends;
	3.	If the period	e board has determined to extend the initial suspension od:
		a.	State that the district continues to be impacted by the catastrophe; and
		b.	State the date the extension to the initial suspension pe- riod begins and the date the period ends; and
	4.		vide any other information the office of the attorney gen- determines necessary.
Notice to the Public	prov cess quire chaj	vide n sible f ed to oter C	that elects to suspend the Public Information Act must otice to the public of the suspension in a place readily ac- to the public and in each other location the district is re- post a notice under Government Code Chapter 551, Sub- C (Notice of Meetings). The district must maintain the the suspension during the suspension period.
Requests During Suspension Period	Notwithstanding another provision of the Public Information Act, a request for public information received by a district during a suspension period is considered to have been received by the district on the first business day after the date the suspension period ends.		
Pending Requests Tolled	date	an ir	t for public information received by a district before the nitial suspension period begins are tolled until the first day after the date the suspension period ends.
	Gov	't Co	de 552.2325(a)–(j), (l), (m)
Large or Frequent Requests Annual Limits on Personnel Time	amo duci que with year ing t A m	ount o ng pu stor, o out re ly tim he 12 onthly	may establish reasonable monthly and yearly limits on the f time that district employees are required to spend pro- ublic information for inspection or duplication by a re- per providing copies of public information to a requestor, ecovering its costs attributable to that personnel time. A ne limit may not be less than 36 hours for a requestor dur- 2-month period that corresponds to a district's fiscal year. y time limit may not be less than 15 hours for a requestor -month period.
Request by Minor	ing v Farr cum	with a nily Co ulativ	ining whether a time limit applies, any time spent comply- request submitted in the name of a minor, as defined by ode 101.003(a), is to be included in the calculation of the re amount of time spent complying with a request for pub- ation by a parent, guardian, or other person who has con-

	trol of the minor under a court order and with whom the minor re- sides, unless that parent, guardian, or other person establishes that another person submitted that request in the name of the mi- nor.
	Gov't Code 552.275(a), (b), (c)
Written Statement of Cumulative Personnel Time	If a district establishes a time limit, each time the district complies with a request for public information, the district shall provide the requestor with a written statement of the amount of personnel time spent complying with that request and the cumulative amount of time spent complying with requests for public information from that requestor during the applicable monthly or yearly period. The amount of time spent preparing the written statement may not be included in the amount of time included in the statement to the re- questor. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.275(<i>d</i>)
Written Estimate of Charges Beyond Time Limit	Subject to unpaid cost estimates for large and frequent requests, as described below, if in connection with a request for public information, the cumulative amount of personnel time spent complying with requests for public information from the same requestor equals or exceeds the district-established time limit, the district shall provide the requestor with a written estimate of the total cost, including materials, personnel time, and overhead expenses, necessary to comply with the request. The written estimate must be provided to the requestor on or before the tenth day after the date on which the public information was requested. The amount of this charge relating to the cost of locating, compiling, and producing the public information shall be established by rules prescribed by the attorney general under Government Code 552.262(a) and (b).
Additional Time	If a district provides the requestor with written notice that additional time is required to prepare the written estimate, the district must provide the written estimate as soon as practicable, but on or be- fore the tenth day after the date the district provided the notice that additional time was required.
	Gov't Code 552.275(e), (f)
Unpaid Cost Estimate	When a request is made by a requestor who has made a previous request to the district that has not been withdrawn, for which the district has located and compiled documents in response, and for which the district has issued a written estimate of charges that re- mains unpaid on the date the requestor submits the new request, the district is not required to locate, compile, produce, or provide copies of documents or prepare an estimate of charges in re- sponse to a new request until the date the requestor pays each un- paid statement issued in connection with a previous request or

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withdraws the previous request to which the statement applies. *Gov't Code* 552.275(e-1)

Production Not
Required UntilIf a district provides a requestor with the estimate of charges and
the district's time limits regarding the requestor have been ex-
ceeded, the district is not required to produce public information for
inspection or duplication or to provide copies of public information
in response to the requestor's request unless on or before the
tenth day after the date the district provided the written estimate,
the requestor submits payment of the amount stated in the written
estimate.

If the requestor fails or refuses to submit payment, the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request.

Gov't Code 552.275(g)–(h)

Exceptions The provisions above concerning requests that require large amounts of employee or personnel time do not apply if the requestor is:

- 1. An individual who, for a substantial portion of the individual's livelihood or for substantial financial gain, gathers, compiles, prepares, collects, photographs, records, writes, edits, reports, investigates, processes, or publishes news or information for and is seeking the information for:
 - a. Dissemination by a news medium or communication service provider (as defined by Government Code 552.275(m)), including:
 - An individual who supervises or assists in gathering, preparing, and disseminating the news or information; or
 - (2) An individual who is or was a journalist, scholar, or researcher employed by an institution of higher education at the time the person made the request for information; or
 - b. Creation or maintenance of an abstract plant as described by Insurance Code 2501.004.
- 2. An elected official of the United States, this state, or a political subdivision of this state.
- 3. A representative of a publicly funded legal services organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Internal Revenue Code 501(a), as amended, by being listed as an exempt entity under 501(c)(3) of that code.

Gov't Code 552.275(j)–(l)

Filing Suit to Challenge Attorney		only suit a district may file seeking to withhold information from equestor is a suit that:		
General's Decision	1.	Is filed in a Travis County district court against the attorney general in accordance with Government Code 552.325, and		
	2.	Seeks declaratory relief from compliance with a decision by the attorney general issued under Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter G.		
	The district must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the date the district receives the attorney general's decision determining that the requested information must be disclosed to the requestor. If the district does not bring suit within that period, the district shall comply with the decision of the attorney general.			
Exception for Affirmative Defenses	If the district wishes to preserve an affirmative defense for its offi- cer for public information as provided by Government Code 552.353(b)(3), the district must file suit not later than the tenth cal- endar day after receipt of the attorney general's decision.			
	Gov't Code 552.324, .353(b)(3)			
Suits Over Parent's Request	A district that seeks to withhold information from a parent who has requested public information relating to the parent's child under the Public Information Act, and that files suit as described by Govern- ment Code 552.324 to challenge a decision by the attorney gen- eral, must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the date the district receives the decision of the attorney general, unless an earlier deadline is established by the Public Information Act.			
	A court shall grant such a suit precedence over other pending mat- ters to ensure prompt resolution of the subject matter of the suit. Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not appeal the deci- sion of the court. This prohibition does not affect the right of a par- ent to appeal the decision. If a district does not bring suit within the period established, the district shall comply with the decision of the attorney general.			
	This provision does not affect the earlier deadline for purposes of Government Code 532.353(b)(3) (exception for affirmative defenses, above) for a suit brought by an officer for public information.			
	Edu	ication Code 26.0085		
	¹ Of	fice of the Attorney General and the Public Information Act:		

¹ Office of the Attorney General and the Public Information Act: <u>https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open-government/office-attorney-general-and-public-information-act</u>

	Note:	The following legal provisions address the notification quirements and right of access to students when DFP investigates reports of abuse and neglect at school. F additional legal provisions addressing reporting child abuse and neglect and investigations generally, see FFG.	S
Child Protective Investigations	vestigatic Chapter 2 ject child, place, ind the reque child abu alleged v quest on selor, atte	Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) on of a report of child abuse or neglect under Family Co 261 may include an interview and examination of the su which may be conducted at any reasonable time and cluding the child's school. A school official may not deny est of an investigator, investigating a report of suspected se or neglect, to interview, at school, a student who is a ictim. A school official may not condition granting the re- a requirement that school personnel, such as a coun- end the interview. <i>Family Code 261.302(a), (b); Atty. Ge</i> 476 (1998)	ode ib- y d an e-
	garding a Code Cha quest. Th ject to Go	that has confidential locating or identifying information family that is the subject of an investigation under Fan apter 261 shall release that information to DFPS on re- re release of information to DFPS by a person is not su overnment Code 552.352 or any other law providing liable release of confidential information. <i>Family Code</i> e)	nily b-
Special Investigations	glect in a	ot of a report of alleged or suspected child abuse or ne- public school, DFPS shall perform an investigation as by Family Code Chapter 261 and the rules adopted the	
	vestigatio	cial Investigations program (SI) of the Child Protective I ons division (CPI) of DFPS investigates allegations of neglect of a child by school personnel or volunteers in etting.	
	Family C	ode 261.406(a); 40 TAC 707.597–.625	
Definitions	cess to c caring for to school	personnel and volunteers" means persons who have ac hildren in a school setting and are providing services to the children. School personnel include but are not limi employees, contractors, school volunteers, school bus chool cafeteria staff, and school custodians.	or ted
	of an eve	etting" means the physical location of a child's school on nt sponsored or approved by the child's school, or any ation where the child is in the care, custody, or control o	
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		school personnel in their official capacity, including transp services. This does not include:				
		1.	School settings involving only children in facilities regulated by the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) when HHSC contracts with the local school district to provide education services; or			
		2.	School settings that are a part of child care operations regu- lated by the Child Care Licensing division of HHSC.			
		40	TAC 707.605(6)–(7)			
	Notice to School Personnel		Prior to conducting an investigation of school personnel or volun- teers, SI shall notify the school principal (or the principal's supervi- sor if the school principal is an alleged perpetrator) of the fact that a report has been assigned for investigation, the nature of the alle- gations contained in the report, and the date and time SI plans to visit the school campus to begin the investigation.			
			SI must also orally notify the superintendent about the investiga- tion.			
		tion	nust request that the school personnel notified of the investiga- not alert the alleged perpetrator or others regarding the report I SI has had an opportunity to interview the alleged perpetrator.			
		Fan	nily Code 261.105(d); 40 TAC 707.615			
	No Interference with Investigation	School officials or other persons related to the school setting may not interfere with an investigation of a report of child abuse or ne- glect conducted by DFPS.				
	Interviews on School Premises	Interviews and examinations in a school investigation may take place on or off the school premises, as deemed appropriate by SI, pursuant to all applicable standards. SI will notify appropriate school personnel prior to conducting an interview or visual inspec- tion on school premises.				
	Presence of School Personnel	SI may request that school personnel or volunteers not be present during the interview or visual inspection of an alleged victim, an al- leged perpetrator, an adult or child witness, or any other person who may have information relevant to the investigation if the inves- tigator determines that:				
		1.	The presence of school personnel or volunteers would com- promise the integrity of the investigation; or			
		2.	A better interview or examination of the child would result without school personnel or volunteers being present.			
		Fan	nily Code 261.303(a); 40 TAC 707.619(a)			

Report of Findings	After the completion of an investigation, SI must provide a report of the investigation, redacted to remove the identity of the reporter, to the Texas Education Agency (Director of Education Investigations) for an investigation concerning an employee of the district. On re- quest, SI shall provide a redacted copy of the report to the follow- ing:			
	1.	State Board for Educator Certification;		
	2.	The president of the school board;		
	3.	The superintendent; and		
	4.	The school principal, unless the principal is the alleged perpe- trator.		
	SI is not required to provide notice to a school official if it adminis- tratively closes a report of abuse or neglect prior to notifying school officials that DFPS received a report of abuse or neglect in the school setting.			
	Fam	nily Code 261.406(b); 40 TAC 707.623		
Prohibited Law Enforcement Citations	For this provision, a "school offense" means an offense committed by a child enrolled in a public school that is a Class C misde- meanor other than a traffic offense and that is committed on prop- erty under the control and jurisdiction of a school district. "Child" means a person who is a student and at least ten years of age and younger than 18 years of age.			
	A peace officer, law enforcement officer, or school resource officer may not issue a citation to a child who is alleged to have commit- ted a school offense. Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter E-1 (Criminal Procedure) does not prohibit a child from being taken into custody under Family Code 52.01 (described below).			
	Education Code 37.141, .143			
Students Taken into	For	the following provisions, "child" means a person who is:		
Custody	1.	Ten years of age or older and under 17 years of age, or		
	2.	Seventeen years of age or older and under 18 years of age who is alleged or found to have engaged in delinquent con- duct or conduct indicating a need for supervision as a result of acts committed before becoming 17 years of age.		
	Family Code 51.02(2)			
		ild may be taken into custody under Family Code Title 3 (Juve- Justice Code):		

- 1. Pursuant to an order of the juvenile court.
- 2. Pursuant to the laws of arrest.
- 3. By a law enforcement officer, including a school district peace officer, if there is probable cause to believe the student has engaged in a criminal violation, delinquent conduct, conduct indicating a need for supervision, or conduct that violates a condition of probation.
- 4. By a probation officer, if there is probable cause to believe the student has violated a condition of probation or a condition of release.
- 5. Pursuant to a directive to apprehend issued by a juvenile court.
- 6. By a law enforcement officer, to take the child's fingerprints or photograph, as set forth at Family Code 58.0021.

Family Code 52.01(a), 58.0021

In addition, a child may be taken into custody without a court order:

- 1. By an authorized representative of the DFPS, a law enforcement officer, or a juvenile probation officer under the conditions set out in Family Code 262.104, relating to the student's physical health or safety; or
- 2. As otherwise provided by Family Code Chapter 262 (Suit by Governmental Entity to Protect Health and Safety of Child).

Family Code Ch. 262

Students in Custody A person taking a child into custody may, if school is in session and the child is a student, bring the child to the campus to which the child is assigned if the principal, the principal's designee, or a peace officer assigned to the campus agrees to assume responsibility for the child for the remainder of the school day. *Family Code* 52.02(a)(7)