# **SPEED S.E.J.A. #802**

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# SUMMARY OF NEW AND POLICY UPDATES

2:20	<u>District Board Meetings</u> – Policy updated for clarity
4:170	Safety - Policy updated
5:90	<u>Abused and Neglected Child Reporting</u> – Optional sentence added to policy
5:100	Staff Development Program - Policy updated
6:50	School Wellness – Policy updated
7:100	Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations - Policy updated
6:140	Education of Homeless Children - Policy edited for clarity
7:130	Student Rights and Responsibilities - Policy amended
7:140	Search and Seizure - Policy amended
7:290	Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention - New Policy
7:340	Student Records - Policy updated for clarity
8:30	<u>Visitors to and Conduct on School Property</u> – Policy updated

January, 2016

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# DRAFT UPDATE

SPEED - SEJA #802

2:200

### **District Boards**

#### **Types of Meetings**

#### General

For all meetings of the Governing Board or Operating Committee and its committees, the Superintendent or designee shall satisfy all notice and posting requirements contained herein as well as in the Open Meetings Act. This shall include mailing meeting notifications to news media that have officially requested them and to others as approved by the Board. Unless otherwise specified, all meetings are held in the District's main office. Board policy 2:220, *Board Meeting Procedure*, governs meeting quorum requirements.

The Superintendent is designated on behalf of the Board the Operating Committee and each of their committees to receive the training on compliance with the Open Meetings Act that is required by Section 1.05(a) of that Act. The Superintendent may identify other employees to receive the training. In addition, Eeach Board member must complete a course of training on the Open Meetings Act as required by Section 1.05(b) or (c) of that Act.

#### Regular Meetings

#### Governing Board

The Governing Board shall hold a minimum of four (4) scheduled meetings in each year; one in July, one in August, one in January and one in March. The Superintendent shall prepare and make available the calendar of regular Board meetings. The regular meeting calendar may be changed with 10 days' notice in accordance with State law.

#### Operating Committee

The Operating Committee shall hold a minimum of six (6) scheduled meetings in each fiscal year. They shall meet at least thirty (30) days prior to the July Governing Board meeting and no less than once in each sixty (60) days thereafter.

A meeting agenda shall be posted at the District's main office at least 48 hours before all Governing Board of Operating Committee meetings.

#### Closed Meetings

The Board and Board committees may meet in a closed meeting to consider the following subjects:

- 1. The appointment, employment, compensation, discipline, performance, or dismissal of specific employees of the public body or legal counsel for the public body, including hearing testimony on a complaint lodged against an employee of the public body or against legal counsel for the public body to determine its validity. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(1).
- Collective negotiating matters between the public body and its employees or their representatives, or deliberations concerning salary schedules for one or more classes of employees. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(2).
- 3. The selection of a person to fill a public office, as defined in the Open Meetings Act, including a vacancy in a public office, when the public body is given power to appoint under law or ordinance, or the discipline, performance or removal of the occupant of a public office,

Comment [AKL1]: Added for clarity. Issue 90, October 2015

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when the public body is given power to remove the occupant under law or ordinance. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(3).

- 4. Evidence or testimony presented in open hearing, or in closed hearing where specifically authorized by law, to a quasi-adjudicative body, as defined in the Open Meetings Act, provided that the body prepares and makes available for public inspection a written decision setting forth its determinative reasoning. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(4).
- The purchase or lease of real property for the use of the public body, including meetings held for the purpose of discussing whether a particular parcel should be acquired.
   ILCS 120/2(c)(5).
- 6. The setting of a price for sale or lease of property owned by the public body. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(6).
- 7. The sale or purchase of securities, investments, or investment contracts. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(7).
- 8. Security procedures, school building safety and security, and the use of personnel and equipment to respond to an actual, a threatened, or a reasonably potential danger to the safety of employees, students, staff, the public, or public property. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(8), amended by P.A. 99-235, eff. 1-1-16.
- 9. Student disciplinary cases. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(9).
- 10. The placement of individual students in special education programs and other matters relating to individual students. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(10).
- 11. Litigation, when an action against, affecting or on behalf of the particular public body has been filed and is pending before a court or administrative tribunal, or when the public body finds that an action is probable or imminent, in which case the basis for the finding shall be recorded and entered into the minutes of the closed meeting. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(11).
- 12. The establishment of reserves or settlement of claims as provided in the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, if otherwise the disposition of a claim or potential claim might be prejudiced, or the review or discussion of claims, loss or risk management information, records, data, advice or communications from or with respect to any insurer of the public body or any intergovernmental risk management association or self insurance pool of which the public body is a member. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(12).
- 13. Self-evaluation, practices and procedures or professional ethics, when meeting with a representative of a statewide association of which the public body is a member. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(16).
- 14. Discussion of minutes of meetings lawfully closed under the Open Meetings Act, whether for purposes of approval by the body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the minutes as mandated by Section 2.06. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(21).
- 15. Meetings between internal or external auditors and governmental audit committees, finance committees, and their equivalents, when the discussion involves internal control weaknesses, identification of potential fraud risk areas, known or suspected frauds, and fraud interviews conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America. 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(29).

The Governing Board or Operating Committee may hold a closed meeting, or close a portion of a meeting, by a majority vote of a quorum, taken at an open meeting. The vote of each member present, and the reason for the closed meeting, will be publicly disclosed at the time of the meeting and clearly stated in the motion and the meeting minutes.

Comment [AKL2]: The policy is updated in response to 5 ILCS 120/2(c)(8), amended by P.A 99-235, eff. 1-1-2016

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A single motion calling for a series of closed meetings may be adopted when such meetings will involve the same particular matters and are scheduled to be held within 3 months of the vote.

No final action will be taken at a closed meeting.

#### Reconvened or Rescheduled Meetings

A meeting may be rescheduled or reconvened. Public notice of a rescheduled or reconvened meeting shall be given in the same manner as that for a special meeting, except that no public notice is required when the original meeting is open to the public and: (1) is to be reconvened within 24 hours, or (2) an announcement of the time and place of the reconvened meeting was made at the original meeting and there is no change in the agenda.

#### Special Meetings

Special meetings may be called by the President of the Governing Board or by written petition of four (4) or more Governing Board members by giving notice thereof, in writing, stating the time, place, and purpose of the meeting to remaining Board members by mail at least 48 hours before the meeting, or by personal service at least 24 hours before the meeting.

Public notice of a special meeting is given by posting a notice at the District's main office at least 48 hours before the meeting and by notifying the news media that have filed a written request for notice. A meeting agenda shall accompany the notice.

All matters discussed by the Board at any special meeting must be related to a subject on the meeting agenda.

#### **Emergency Meetings**

Public notice of emergency meetings shall be given as soon as practical, but in any event, before the meeting to news media that have filed a written request for notice.

#### Posting on the District Website

In addition to the other notices specified in this policy, the Superintendent or designee shall post the following on the District website: (1) the annual schedule of regular meetings, which shall remain posted until a new schedule of regular meetings is approved; (2) a public notice of all Governing Board and Operating Committee meetings; and (3) the agenda for each meeting which shall remain posted until the meeting is concluded.

LEGAL REF.:

5 ILCS 120/, Open Meeting Act.

5 ILCS 140/, Freedom of Information Act.

105 ILCS 5/10-6 and 5/10-16.

CROSS REF.

2:10 (Governance), 2:150 (Committees), 2:220 (Board Meeting Procedure), 2:230 (Public Participation at Board Meetings and Petitions to the Board), 6:235

(Access to Electronic Networks)

ADOPTED:

January 31, 2013

SPEED - SEJA #802

4:170

### **Operational Services**

#### Safety

#### Safety Program

All District operations, including the education program, shall be conducted in a manner that will promote the safety of everyone on District property or at a District event.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement a comprehensive safety and crisis plan incorporating both avoidance and management guidelines. The comprehensive safety and crisis plan shall specifically include provisions for: injury prevention; bomb threats, weapons, and explosives on campus; school safety drill program, tornado protection; instruction in safe bus riding practices, emergency aid; post-crisis management; and responding to medical emergencies at an indoor and outdoor physical fitness facility. The term "physical fitness facility" excludes any activity or program organized by a private or not-for-profit organization and organized and supervised by a person or persons other than the employees of the school. During each academic year, each school building that houses school children must conduct a minimum of:

1. Three school evacuation drills,

2. One bus evacuation drill,

3. One severe weather and shelter-in-place drill, and

4. One law enforcement drill.

The law enforcement drill must be conducted according to the District's comprehensive safety and crisis plan, with the participation of the appropriate law enforcement agency. This drill may be conducted on days and times that students are not present in the building.

In the event of an emergency that threatens the safety of any person or property, students and staff are encouraged to use any available cellular telephone.

The Superintendent or designee shall implement the Movable Soccer Goal Safety Act in accordance with the guidance published by the Illinois Department of Public Health. Implementation of the Act shall be directed toward improving the safety of moveable soccer goals by requiring that they be properly anchored.

### Convicted Child Sex Offender and Notification Laws

State law prohibits a child sex offender from being present on school property or loitering within 500 feet of school property when persons under the age of 18 are present, unless the offender meets either of the following two exceptions:

- 1. The offender is a parent/guardian of a student attending the school and has notified the Building Principal of his or her presence at the school for the purpose of: (i) attending a conference with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion; or
- 2. The offender received permission to be present from the Governing Board, Superintendent, or Superintendent's designee. If permission is granted, the Superintendent or Board President shall provide the details of the offender's upcoming visit to the Building Principal.

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In all cases, the Superintendent, or designee who is a certified employee, shall supervise a child sex offender whenever the offender is in a child's vicinity.

If a student is a sex offender, the Superintendent or designee shall develop guidelines for managing his or her presence in school.

The Superintendent shall develop procedures for the distribution and use of information from law enforcement officials under the Sex Offender Community Notification Law and the Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Community Notification Law. The Superintendent or designee shall serve as the District contact person for purposes of these laws. The Superintendent and Building Principal shall manage a process for schools to notify the parents/guardians during school registration that information about sex offenders is available to the public as provided in the Sex Offender Community Notification Law. This notification must occur during school registration and at other times as the Superintendent or Building Principal determines advisable.

All contracts with the School District that may involve an employee or agent of the contractor having any contact, direct or indirect, with a student, shall contain the following:

The contractor shall not send to any school building or school property any employee or agent who would be prohibited from being employed by the District due to a conviction of a crime listed in 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9, amended by P.A.s 97-248 and 97-607, or who is listed in the Illinois Sex Offender Registry or the Illinois Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry. The contractor shall make every employee who will be sent to any school building or school property available to the District for the purpose of submitting to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check pursuant to 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9. The check shall occur before any employee or agent is sent to any school building or school property. The contractor will reimburse the District for the costs of the checks. The District must also provide a copy of the report to the individual employee, but is not authorized to release it to the contractor. Additionally, at least quarterly, the contractor shall check if an employee or agent is listed on the Illinois Sex Offender Registry or the Illinois Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registry.

If the District receives information that concerns the record of conviction as a sex offender of any employee of a District contractor, the District will provide the information to another school, school district, community college district, or private school that requests it.

#### Student Insurance

The Board shall annually designate a company to offer student accident insurance coverage. The Board does not endorse the plan nor recommend that parents/guardians secure the coverage, and any contract is between the parents/guardians and the company. Students participating in athletics, cheerleading, or pompons must have school accident insurance unless the parents/guardians state in writing that the student is covered under a family health insurance plan.

#### Carbon Monoxide Alarms

The Director or designee shall implement a plan with the District's local fire officials to:

- Determine which school buildings to equip with approved carbon monoxide alarms or carbon monoxide detectors,
- Locate the required carbon monoxide alarms or carbon monoxide detectors within 20 feet of a carbon monoxide emitting device, and

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Comment [AKL1]: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.56, added by P.A. 99-470, eff. 1-1-16. Carbon monoxide detector and detector mean a device having a sensor that responds to carbon monoxide gas and that is connected to an alarm control unit and approved in accordance with rules adopted by the Ill. State Fire Marshal. Approved carbon monoxide alarm or alarm means a carbon monoxide alarm that complies with all the requirements of the rules and regulations of the Ill. State Fire Marshal, bears the label of a nationally recognized testing laboratory, and complies with the most recent standards of the Underwriters Laboratories or the Canadian Standard Association (430 ILCS 135/5). Consult both the board attorney and the local fire officials about whether a school building is exempt from this law. Remove this subhead if the board attorney determines that every building across the entire school district is exempt. The law applies to school buildings that have or are close to any sources of carbon monoxide; however, it does not specifically define what that means, 430 ILCS 135/20 defines exemptions for residential units and may provide guidance on the exemption for schools. The law also fails to define carbon monoxide emitting device, which triggers the placement point in a school building for a carbon monoxide alarm or carbon monoxide detector.

 Incorporate carbon monoxide alarm or detector activation procedures into each school building that requires a carbon monoxide alarm or detector. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure each school building annually reviews these procedures.

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### **Emergency Closing**

The Superintendent is authorized to close the schools in the event of hazardous weather or other emergencies that threaten the safety of students, staff members, or school property.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.2, 5/10-20.56, 5/18-12, 5/18-12.5, and 128/.

210 ILCS 74/, Physical Fitness Facility Medical Emergency Preparedness Act.

CROSS REF.:

5:30 (Hiring Process and Criteria), 6:250 (Community Resource Persons and

Volunteers), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School

Property)

ADOPTED:

August 29, 2013

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# DRAFT UPDATE

SPEED - SEJA #802

5:90

### **General Personnel**

#### Abused and Neglected Child Reporting

Any District employee who suspects or receives knowledge that a student may be an abused or neglected child or, for a student aged 18 through 21, an abused or neglected individual with a disability, shall: (1) immediately report or cause a report to be made to the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) on its Child Abuse Hotline 800/25-ABUSE or 217/524-2606, and (2) follow directions given by DCFS concerning filing a written report within 48 hours with the nearest DCFS field office

The report shall include, if known:

- 1. The name and address of the child, parent/guardian names, or other persons having custody;
- 2. The child's age:
- 3. The child's condition, including any evidence of previous injuries or disabilities; and
- 4. Any other information that the reporter believes may be helpful to DCFS for its investigation.

The employee shall also promptly notify the Director or Building Principal that a report has been made. The Director or Building Principal shall immediately coordinate any necessary notifications to the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) with DCFS, the applicable school resource officer (SRO), and/or local law enforcement.

Any District employee who discovers child pornography on electronic and information technology equipment shall immediately report it to local law enforcement, the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children's CyberTipline 800/843-5678, or online at <a href="https://www.cybertipline.com">www.cybertipline.com</a>. The Director or Building Principal shall also be promptly notified of the discovery and that a report has been made.

Any District employee who observes any act of hazing that does bodily harm to a student must report that act to the Building Principal, Director, or designee who will investigate and take appropriate action. If the hazing results in death or great bodily harm, the employee must first make the report to law enforcement and then to the Superintendent or Building Principal. Hazing is defined as any intentional, knowing, or reckless act directed to or required of a student for the purpose of being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any group, organization, club, or athletic team whose members are or include other students.

### Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA), School Code, and Erin's Law Training

The Director or designee shall provide staff development opportunities for District employees in the detection, reporting, and prevention of child abuse and neglect.

All District employees shall:

- Before beginning employment, sign the Acknowledgement of Mandated Reporter Status form
  provided by DCFS. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the signed forms are
  retained.
- 2. Complete mandated reporter training as required by law within one year of initial employment and at least every 5 years after that date.

The Director will encourage all District educators to complete continuing professional development that addresses the traits and identifiers that may be evident in students who are victims of child sexual abuse, including recognizing and reporting child abuse and providing appropriate follow-up and care for abused students as they return to the classroom setting.

Comment [AKL1]: This sentence is optional. The sample policy makes coordination with DCFS, the SRO, and local law enforcement a step in the process of reporting, so the local agencies and school district are better able to prevent and manage the risks school officials and parents/guardians face when a DCFS report has been made, e.g., situations where parents/guardians, upon learning a DCFS report has been made involving their child(ren), commit an act of self-harm in response to the information.

Issue 90, October 2015

Student + Stock handbooks

### Special Director Responsibilities

The Director shall execute the requirements in Board policy 5:150, *Personnel Records*, whenever another school district requests a reference concerning an applicant who is or was a District employee and was the subject of a report made by a District employee to DCFS.

The Director shall notify the State Superintendent and the Regional Superintendent in writing when he or she has reasonable cause to believe that a certificate license holder was dismissed or resigned from the District as a result of an act that made a child an abused or neglected child. The Superintendent must make the report within 30 days of the dismissal or resignation and mail a copy of the notification to the certificate license holder.

#### Special Board Member Responsibilities

Each individual Board member must, if an allegation is raised to the member during an open or closed Board meeting that a student is an abused child as defined in the Act, direct or cause the Board to direct the Director or other equivalent school administrator to comply with the Act's requirements concerning the reporting of child abuse.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-21.9.

20 ILCS 1305/1-1 et seq.

20 ILCS 2435/. 325 ILCS 5/.

720 ILCS 5/12C-50.1.

CROSS REF.:

2:20 (Powers and Duties of the School Board), 5:20 (Workplace Harassment Prohibited), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:120 (Ethics and Conduct), 5:150 (Personnel Records), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:250 (Community Resource Persons and Volunteers), 7:20 (Harassment of

Students Prohibited), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews)

ADOPTED:

February 19, 2014

OPTION C. – Cook County districts St.

Comment [AKL2]: "Certificate" is changed to "license" throughout.
Issue 90, October 2015

SPEED - SEJA #802

5:100

### **General Personnel**

#### Staff Development Program

The Director of designee shall implement a staff development program. The goal of such program shall be to update and improve the skills and knowledge of staff members in order to achieve and maintain a high level of job performance and satisfaction. Additionally, the development program for eertificated licensed staff members shall be designed to effectuate the District and School Improvement Plans so that student learning objectives meet or exceed goals established by the District and State.

The staff development program shall provide, at a minimum, at least once every 2 years, the inservice training of certificated-licensed school personnel and administrators on current best practices regarding the identification and treatment of attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, the application of non-aversive behavioral interventions in the school environment, and the use of psychotropic or psychostimulant medication for school-age children.

The staff development program shall provide, at a minimum, once every 2 years, the in-service training of all District staff on educator ethics, teacher-student conduct, and school employee-student

In addition, the staff development program shall include each of the following:

- 1. At least, once every 2 years, training of all District staff by a person with expertise on anaphylactic reactions and management.
- 2. At least every 2 years, an in-service to train school personnel, at a minimum, to understand, provide information and referrals, and address issues pertaining to youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence.
- 3. Training that, at a minimum, provides District staff with a basic knowledge of matters relating to acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) and the availability of appropriate sources of counseling and referral.
- Training for school personnel who work with students in grades 7 through 12 to identify the warning signs of mental illness and suicidal behavior in adolescents and teens along with appropriate intervention and referral techniques.
- Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA), School Code, and Erin's Law Training as follows:
  - Staff development for local school site personnel who work with students in grades kindergarten through 8, in the detection, reporting and prevention of child abuse and neglect (see policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting).
  - Within one year of employment, each staff member must complete mandated reporter training from a provider or agency with expertise in recognizing and reporting child abuse. Mandated reporter training must be completed again at least every 5 years (see policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting).
  - Informing educators about the recommendation in the Erin's Law Taskforce Report requesting them to attend continuing professional development programs that address the prevention and identification of child sexual abuse (see policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting).
- 6. Education for staff instructing students in grades 7 through 12, concerning teen dating violence as recommended by the District's Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students or Complaint Manager.

Comment [AKL1]: "Certificated" is changed to "licensed" throughout.

Issue 90, October 2015

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- 7. Ongoing professional development for teachers, administrators, school resource officers, and staff regarding the adverse consequences of school exclusion and justice-system involvement, effective classroom management strategies, culturally responsive discipline, and developmentally appropriate disciplinary methods that promote positive and healthy school
- Annual continuing education and/or training opportunities (professional standards) for school nutrition program directors, managers, and staff. Each school food authority's director shall document compliance with this requirement by the end of each school year and maintain documentation for a three year period
- All high school coaching personnel, including the head and assistant coaches, and athletic directors must obtain online concussion certification by completing online concussion awareness training in accordance with 105 ILCS 25/1.15. Coaching personnel and athletic directors hired before 8-18-2014 must be certified by 8-19-2015; if hired on or after 8-19-2014, they must be certified before their position's start date.
- 10. The following individuals must complete concussion training as specified in the Youth Sports Concussion Safety Act: coaches and assistant coaches (whether volunteer or employee) of an interscholastic athletic activity; nurses serving on the Concussion Oversight Team; athletic trainers; game officials of an interscholastic athletic activity; and physicians serving on the Concussion Oversight Team. Individuals covered by this training mandate must initially complete the training by 9-1-2016

The Director shall develop protocols for administering youth suicide awareness and prevention education to staff consistent with Board policy 7:290, Suicide and Depression Awareness and

An opportunity shall be provided for all staff members to acquire, develop, and maintain the knowledge and skills necessary to properly administer life-saving techniques and first aid, including the Heimlich maneuver, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, in accordance with a nationally recognized certifying organization. Physical fitness facilities' staff must be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and use of an automated external defibrillator.

LEGAL REF.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.602, 5/10-22.6(c-5). 5/10-22.39, 5/22-80(h). 5/10-23.12, 5/24-5,

and 25/1.15 and 110/3.

325 ILCS 5/4, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

745 ILCS 49/, Good Samaritan Act.

7 C.F.R. Part 210.

23 Ill. Admin Code Part 525.

CROSS REF .:

3:40 (Director), 3:50 (Administrative Personnel Other Than the Director), 4:160 (Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds), 5:20 (Workplace Harassment Prohibited), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 5:120 (Ethics and Conduct), 5:250 (Leaves of Absence), 6:15 (School Accountability), 6:20 (School Year Calendar and Day), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:285 (Food Allergy Management Program), 7:290 (Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention), 7:305

(Student Athlete Concussions and Head Injuries)

ADPOPTED:

February 19, 2014

Comment [AKL2]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/10-22.6(c-5), amended by P.A. 99-456, eff. 9-15-2016. School board members are also included. Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL3]: 7 C.F.R. Part 210. Section 210.2 defines school nutrition program directors, managers, and staff. 7 C.F.R. §§210.15(b)(8) (recordkeeping requirements) and 210.30(a), (c), (d), and (e) (professional standards requirements), and 210.30(g)(requiring school food authority directors to keep records). Food service funds may be used for reasonable, allocable, and necessary training costs (7 C.F.R. §210.30(g)). Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL4]: 1. Required by 105 ILCS 25/1.15.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL5]: 1.105 ILCS 5/22-80(h), added by P.A. 99-245, and possibly amended by SB219 (if approved by the House and signed by the Governor, SB219 will extend the effective date to the 2016-2017 school year).

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL6]: Added in response to 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163, amended by P.A. 99-443. Issue 90, October 2015

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# DRAFT UPDATE

SPEED - SEJA #802

6:50

### Instruction

### School Wellness

Student wellness, including good nutrition and physical activity, shall be promoted in the District's educational program, school activities, and meal programs. This policy shall be interpreted consistently with Section 204 of the Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004 and the Healthy Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 (HHFKA). The Superintendent or designee will ensure each school building complies with this policy.

#### Goals for Nutrition Education and Nutrition Promotion

The goals for addressing nutrition education and nutrition promotion include the following:

- Schools will support and promote good-sound nutrition for students.
- Schools will foster the positive relationship between good-sound nutrition, physical activity, and the capacity of students to develop and learn.
- Nutrition education will be part of the District's comprehensive health education curriculum. See Board policy 6:60, *Curriculum Content*.

#### Goals for Physical Activity

The goals for addressing physical activity include the following:

- Schools will support and promote an active lifestyle for students.
- Physical education will be taught in all grades and shall include a developmentally planned
  and sequential curriculum that fosters the development of movement skills, enhances healthrelated fitness, increases students' knowledge, offers direct opportunities to learn how to
  work cooperatively in a group setting, and encourages healthy habits and attitudes for a
  healthy lifestyle.
- During the school day, all students will be required to engage in a daily physical education course, unless otherwise exempted.
- The curriculum will be consistent with and incorporate relevant Illinois Learning Standards for Physical Development and Health as established by the Illinois State Board of Education.

#### Nutrition Guidelines for Foods Available in Schools-During the School Day

Students will be offered and schools will promote nutritious food and beverage choices consistent with the current Dietary Guidelines for Americans and Food Guidance System published jointly by the U.S. Departments of Health and Human Services and the Department of Agriculture (USDA). In addition, in order to promote student health and reduce childhood obesity, the Superintendent or designee shall control food sales that compete with the District's non-profit food service in compliance with the Child Nutrition Act. Food service rules shall restrict the sale of competitive foods of minimal nutritional value, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture USDA, in the food service areas during themeal periods and comply with all applicable rules of the Illinois State Board of Education-ISBE rules.

#### Exempted Fundraising Day (EFD) Requests

All food and beverages sold to students on the school campuses of participating schools during the school day must comply with the "general nutrition standards for competitive foods" specified in federal law, unless the Director or designee in a participating school has granted an exempted fundraising day (EFD). To request an EFD and learn more about the District's related procedure(s), contact the Director or designee. The District's procedures are subject to change. The number of EFDs is set by ISBE rule.

Comment [AKL1]: The policy is updated in response to 23 III.Admin. Code§305(c), and response to ISBE Learning Standards Goal 20. For more information see the box "6:50, School Wellness: Background" in the Issue 90 Update Memo.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [APowell2]: For a definition of competitive foods, see 4:120-AP, Food Services: Competitive Foods; Exemptions.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [APowell3]: Required by 23 Ill Admin Code §30515(c)(2) and 79 Fed Reg 10693. For a list of the number of available EFDs and a more detailed sample step-by-step procedure to request them, see 4:120-AP, Food Services: Competitive Foods; Exemptions.

#### Guidelines for Reimbursable School Meals

Reimbursable school meals served shall meet, at a minimum, the nutrition requirements and regulations for the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program.

#### Monitoring

The Superintendent or designee shall <u>annually</u> provide <u>periodic</u>-implementation data and/or reports to the Board concerning this policy's implementation sufficient to allow the Board to monitor and adjust the policy. This report must include without limitation each of the following:

- An assessment of the District's implementation of the policy
- The extent to which schools in the District are in compliance with the policy
- The extent to which the policy compares to model local school wellness policies
- A description of the progress made in attaining the goals of the policy

#### Community Input

The Superintendent or designee will <u>actively</u> invite suggestions and comments concerning the development, implementation, and improvement of the school wellness policy from parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the school board, school administrators, and community.

LEGAL REF.:

Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization Act of 2004, PL 108-265, Sec. 204.

Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. §1771 et seq.

National School Lunch Act, 42 U.S.C. §1758.

Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010, 42 U.S.C. §1758b, PL 111-296.

42 U.S.C. §1779, as implemented by 7 C.F.R. §210.11.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.139.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 305, Food Program.

ISBE's "School Wellness Policy" Goal, adopted Oct. 2007.

CROSS REF.:

4:120 (Food Services), 5:100 (Staff Development Program)

ADOPTED:

March 29, 2012

SKRIKE

# DRAFT UPDATE

SPEED - SEJA #802

7:100

### **Students**

#### Health, Eye, and Dental Examinations; Immunizations; and Exclusion of Students

It is the responsibility of the district of residency to ensure that their students receiving services from SPEED in the District of residency are in compliance with State rules and regulations regarding health examinations and immunizations.

For students attending SPEED-operated schools:

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) shall present proof that the student received a health examination, with proof of the immunizations against, and screenings for, preventable communicable diseases, as required by the Illinois Department of Public Health, within one year prior to:

- 1. Entering kindergarten or the first grade;
- 2. Entering the sixth and ninth grades; and
- 3. Enrolling in an Illinois school, regardless of the student's grade (including nursery school, special education, Head Start programs operated by elementary or secondary schools, and students transferring into Illinois from out-of-state or out-of-country).

Proof of immunization against meningococcal disease is required from students in grades 6 and 12, beginning with the 2015-2016 school year.

As required by State law:

- The required health examinations must be performed by a physician licensed to practice
  medicine in all of its branches, an advanced practice nurse who has a written collaborative
  agreement with a collaborating physician authorizing the advanced practice nurse to perform
  health examinations, or a physician assistant who has been delegated the performance of
  health examinations by a supervising physician.
- A diabetes screening must be included as a required part of each health examination; diabetes testing is not required.
- Before admission and in conjunction with required physical examinations, parents/guardians
  of children between the ages of 6-months-one and 6-seven years must provide a statement
  from a physician that their child was "risk-assessed" or screened for lead poisoning.
- 4. The Department of Public Health will provide all female students entering sixth grade and their parents/guardians information about the link between human papilloma virus (HPV) and cervical cancer and the availability of the HPV vaccine.

Unless an exemption or extension applies, the failure to comply with the above requirements by October 15 of the current school year will result in the student's exclusion from school until the required health forms are presented to the District. New students who register after October 15 of the current school year shall have 30 days following registration to comply with the health examination and immunization regulations. If a medical reason prevents a student from receiving a required immunization by October 15, the student must present, by October 15, an immunization schedule and a statement of the medical reasons causing the delay. The schedule and statement of medical reasons must be signed by the physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or local health department responsible for administering the immunizations.

New Count per Entantes

Comment [AKL1]: Policy is amended in response to 410 ILCS 315/1.10, amended by P.A. 98-480.

Issue 90, October 201:

8KP, 14

# *DRAFT UPDATE*

A student transferring from out-of-state who does not have the required proof of immunizations by October 15 may attend classes only if he or she has proof that an appointment for the required vaccinations is scheduled with a party authorized to submit proof of the required vaccinations. If the required proof of vaccination is not submitted within 30 days after the student is permitted to attend classes, the student may no longer attend classes until proof of the vaccinations is properly submitted.

#### Eye Examination

Parents/guardians are encouraged to have their children undergo an eye examination whenever health examinations are required.

Parents/guardians of students entering kindergarten or an Illinois school for the first time shall present proof before October 15 of the current school year that the student received an eye examination within one year prior to entry of kindergarten or the school. A physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed optometrist must perform the required eye examination.

If a student fails to present proof by October 15, the school may hold the student's report card until the student presents proof: (1) of a completed eye examination, or (2) that an eye examination will take place within 60 days after October 15. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that parents/guardians are notified of this eye examination requirement in compliance with the rules of the Department of Public Health. Schools shall not exclude a student from attending school due to failure to obtain an eye examination.

#### **Dental Examination**

All children in kindergarten and the second and sixth grades must present proof of having been examined by a licensed dentist before May 15 of the current school year in accordance with rules adopted by the Illinois Department of Public Health.

If a child in the second or sixth grade fails to present proof by May 15, the school may hold the child's report card until the child presents proof: (1) of a completed dental examination, or (2) that a dental examination will take place within 60 days after May 15. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that parents/guardians are notified of this dental examination requirement at least 60 days before May 15 of each school year.

In accordance with rules adopted by the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH), a student will be exempted from this policy's requirements for:

- Religious or medical grounds, if the student's parents/guardians present the IDPH's
  Certificate of Religious Exemption form to the Superintendent or designee. When a signed
  statement explaining the objection; Certificate of Religious Exemption form is presented, the
  Superintendent or designee shall immediately inform the parents/guardians of exclusion
  procedures pursuant to Board policy 7:280, Communicable and Chronic Infectious Disease
  and State rules if there is an outbreak of one or more diseases from which the student is not
  protected;
- Health examination or immunization requirements on medical grounds if a physician provides written verification;
- Eye examination requirement if the student's parents/guardians show an undue burden or lack
  or access to a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches who provides eye
  examinations or a licensed optometrist; or
- Dental examination requirement if the student's parents/guardians show an undue burden or a lack of access to a dentist.

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Comment [AKL2]: Policy is amended in response to 105 ILCS 5/27-8.1(1:10) and (8), changed by P.A. 99-249, and 77 Ill.Admin.Code 8665 51.

The Certificate of Religious Exemption form is available on ISBE's website at:

www.isbe.net/research/pdfs/immun-exam-gdlns-religious-exempt.odf

### Homeless Child

Any homeless child shall be immediately admitted, even if the child or child's parent/guardian is unable to produce immunization and health records normally required for enrollment. School Board policy 6:140, *Education of Homeless Children*, governs the enrollment of homeless children.

LEGAL REF.:

McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. §11431  $\underline{et}$   $\underline{seq}$ . 105 ILCS 5/27-8.1 and 45/1-20.

105 ILCS 5/27-8.1 and 45/1-2 410 ILCS 45/7.1 and 315/2e. 23 Ill.Admin.Code §1:530. 77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 665. 77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 690. 77 Ill.Admin.Code Part 695.

CROSS REF.:

6:140 (Education of Homeless Children), 7:280 (Communicable and Chronic

Infectious Disease)

ADOPTED:

January 29, 2015

841114

# DRAFT UPDATE

SPEED - SEJA #802

7:130

### **Students**

### Student Rights and Responsibilities

All students are entitled to enjoy the rights protected by the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions and laws for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting. These rights include the right to voluntarily engage in individually initiated, non-disruptive prayer that, consistent with the Free Exercise and Establishment Clauses of the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions, is not sponsored, promoted, or endorsed in any manner by the school or any school employee. Students should exercise these rights reasonably and avoid violating the rights of others. Students who violate the rights of others or violate District policies or rules will be subject to disciplinary measures.

Students may, during the school day, during noninstructional time, voluntarily engage in individually or collectively initiated, non-disruptive prayer or religious-based meetings that, consistent with the Free Exercise and Establishment Clauses of the U.S. and Illinois Constitutions, are not sponsored, promoted, or endorsed in any manner by the school or any school employee. *Noninstructional time* means time set aside by a school before actual classroom instruction begins or after actual classroom instruction ends.

LEGAL REF.:

20 U.S.C. §7904

105 ILCS 20/5.

Tinker v. Des Moines Independent School District, 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969).

CROSS REF.:

7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:160

(Student Appearance), 7:190 (Student Discipline)

ADOPTED:

September 3, 2009

Comment [AKL1]: Policy is amended in response to 105 ILCS 20/5, amended by P.A. 99-410. The statute provides these examples of religious-based meetings: prayer groups, B I B L E (Basic Instruction Before Leaving Earth) clubs, and meet at the flagpole for prayer days.

SPEED - SEJA #802

7:140

### **Students**

#### Search and Seizure

In order to maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities are authorized to conduct reasonable searches of school property and equipment, as well as of students and their personal effects. "School authorities" includes school liaison police officers.

#### School Property and Equipment as well as Personal Effects Left There by Students

School authorities may inspect and search school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school (such as, lockers, desks, and parking lots), as well as personal effects left there by a student, without notice to or the consent of the student. Students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places or areas or in their personal effects left there. This paragraph applies to student vehicles parked on school property. In addition, Building Principals shall require each high school student, in return for the privilege of parking on school property, to consent in writing to school searches of his or her vehicle, and personal effects therein, without notice and without suspicion of wrongdoing.

The Superintendent may request the assistance of law enforcement officials to conduct inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs.

#### Students

School authorities may search a student and/or the student's personal effects in the student's possession (such as, purses, wallets, knapsacks, book bags, lunch boxes, etc.) when there is a reasonable ground for suspecting that the search will produce evidence the particular student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's student conduct rules. The search itself must be conducted in a manner that is reasonably related to its objective and not excessively intrusive in light of the student's age and sex, and the nature of the infraction.

When feasible, the search should be conducted as follows:

- 1. Outside the view of others, including students,
- 2. In the presence of a school administrator or adult witness, and
- 3. By a certificated employee or liaison police officer of the same sex as the student.

Immediately following a search, a written report shall be made by the school authority who conducted the search, and given to the Superintendent.

#### Seizure of Property

If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized and impounded by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. When appropriate, such evidence may be transferred to law enforcement authorities.

#### Notification Regarding Student Accounts or Profiles on Social Networking Websites

State law-requires the District to—The Director or designee shall notify students and their parents/guardians that of each of the following in accordance with the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/2:

Comment [AKL1]: Policy is amended in response to the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/15, amended by P A. 99-460. This law prohibits school officials from requiring or requesting a student to provide a password or other related account information. It requires districts to provide parents/guardians with notice of the law. The notification must be published in the school's disciplinary rules, policies, or handbook, or communicated by similar means. For sample handbook language, see the Illinois Principals Association Online Model Student Handbook (MSF) at:

www.liprineipals.org/resources/model-student-handbook

8KR 14

# DRAFT UPDATE

- School officials may not require a student or his or her parent/guardian to provide a
  password or other related account information to gain access to the student's account or
  profile on a social networking website. This request may be made only if there is reasonable
  cause to believe that the student's account contains evidence that he or she violated a school
  disciplinary rule or Board policy.
- 2. School officials may conduct an investigation or require a student to cooperate in an investigation if there is specific information about activity on the student's account on a social networking website that violates a school disciplinary rule or policy. In the course of an investigation, the student may be required to share the content that is reported in order to allow school officials to make a factual determination.

LEGAL REF.:

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 5/10-22.10a.

Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/.

Cornfield v. Consolidated High School Dist. No. 230, 991 F.2d 1316 (7th Cir.,

1993).

People v. Dilworth, 661 N.E.2d 310 (Ill., 1996), cert. denied, 116 S.Ct. 1692

(1996).

People v. Pruitt, 662 N.E. 2d 540 (Ill.App.1, 1996), app. denied, 667 N.E. 2d 1061

(Ill.App.1, 1996).

T.L.O. v. New Jersey, 105 S.Ct. 733 (1985).

Vernonia School Dist. 47J v. Acton, 115 S.Ct. 2386 (1995).

Safford Unified School Dist. No. 1 v. Redding, 129 S. Ct. 2633 (2009).

CROSS REF.:

7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:150 (Agency and Police

Interviews), 7:190 (Student Discipline)

ADOPTED:

August 28, 2014

Comment [APowell2]: As permitted by the Act, the policy authorizes school officials to require a student to share the content of a social networking website in certain limited situations.

Issue 90, October 2015

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# NEW TO DISTRICT

7:290

## **Students**

### Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention

Youth suicide impacts the safety of the school environment. It also affects the school community, diminishing the ability of surviving students to learn and the school's ability to educate. Suicide and depression awareness and prevention are important Board goals.

### Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program

The Director or designee shall develop, implement, and maintain a suicide and depression awareness and prevention program (Program) that advances the Board's goals of increasing awareness and prevention of depression and suicide. This program must be consistent with the requirements of Ann Marie's Law listed below; each listed requirement, 1-6, corresponds with the list of required policy components in the School Code Section 5/2-3,163(c)(2)-(7). The Program shall include:

- Protocols for administering youth suicide awareness and prevention education to students and staff.
  - a. For students, implementation will incorporate Board policy 6:60, Curriculum Content, which implements 105 ILCS 5,2-3,139 and 105 ILCS 5/27-7 (requiring education for students to develop a sound mind and a healthy body).
  - b. For staff, implementation will incorporate Board policy 5:100, Staff Development, and teacher's institutes under 105 ILCS 5/3-14.8 (requiring coverage of the warning signs of suicidal behavior).
- 2. Procedures for methods of suicide prevention with the goal of early identification and referral of students possibly at risk of suicide
  - a. For students in grades 7 through 12, implementation shall incorporate the training required by 105 ILCS 5/10-22.39 for school guidance counselors, teachers, school social workers, and other school personnel who work with students to identify the warning signs of suicidal behavior in adolescents and teens along with appropriate intervention and referral techniques, including methods of prevention, procedures for early identification, and referral of students at risk of suicide.
  - b. For all students, implementation shall incorporate Illinois State Board of Education (ISBE)-recommended guidelines and educational materials for staff training and professional development, along with ISBE-recommended resources for students containing age-appropriate educational materials on youth suicide and awareness, if available pursuant to Ann Marie's Law on ISBE's website.
- 3. Methods of intervention, including procedures that address an emotional or mental health safety plan for use during the school day and at school-sponsored events for a student identified as being at increased risk of suicide. Implementation will incorporate paragraph number 2, above, along with
  - a. Board policy 6:65, Student Social and Emotional Development, implementing the goals and benchmarks of the III. Learning Standards and 405 ILCS 49/15(b) (requiring student social and emotional development in the Cooperative's educational program);
  - Board policy 6:270, Guidance and Counseling Program, implementing guidance and counseling program(s) for students, and 105 ILCS 5/10-22.24a and 22.24b, which allow a qualified guidance specialist or any licensed staff member to provide school counseling services.

Comment [AKL1]: A suicide awareness and prevention policy is required by Ann Marie's Law, 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163(c), amended by P.A.

This policy is renamed and rewritten to comply with the statutory requirements.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL2]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163(c)(2), amended by P.A. 99-443. It requires the policy to include protocols for administering youth suicide awareness and prevention education to staff and students.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL3]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163(c)(3), amended by P.A. 99-443. This policy adds with the goal of and possibly to modify the statute's use of "at risk of suicide." With the goal of acknowledges that identifying every student at risk of suicide is impossible. Possibly is added to inform the public that these identifications are not definitive. School staff members are not licensed medical professionals who are fully trained to make definitive determinations about whether a student is at risk of suicide, and parents/guardians should not take any referral under this requirement as such.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL4]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163(c)(4), amended by P.A. 99-443. For further discussion of 105 ILCS 5/10-22.24b, amended by P.A. 99-276, see f/n 2 in policy 6:270, Guidance and Counseling Program. This policy adds "for use during the school day and at school-sponsored events" to inform the public about the limitations concerning what schools can realistically provide students and their parent(s)/guardian(s).

- c. Board policy 7:250, Student Support Services, implementing the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/ (requiring protocols for responding to students with social, emotional, or mental health issues that impact learning ability); and
- d. State and/or federal resources that address emotional or mental health safety plans for students who are at a potentially increased risk for suicide, if available on the ISBE's website pursuant to Ann Marie's Law.
- Methods of responding to a student or staff suicide or suicide attempt. Implementation of this requirement shall incorporate building-level Student Support Committee(s) established through Board policy 7:250, Student Support Services.
- Reporting procedures. Implementation of this requirement shall incorporate Board policy 6:270, Guidance and Counseling Program, and Board policy 7:250, Student Support Services, in addition to other State and/or federal resources that address reporting procedures.
- 6. A process to incorporate ISBE-recommend resources on youth suicide awareness and prevention programs, including current contact information for such programs in the Cooperative's Suicide and Depression Awareness and Prevention Program.

#### Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Planning Committee

The Director or designee shall attempt to develop a relationship between the Cooperative and the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Planning Committee, the Illinois Suicide Prevention Coalition Alliance, and/or a community mental health agency. The purpose of the relationship is to discuss how to incorporate the goals and objectives of the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan into the Cooperative's Suicide Prevention and Depression Awareness Program.

#### Monitoring

The Board will review and update this policy pursuant to Ann Marie's Law and Board policy 2:240, Board Policy Development.

### Information to Staff, Parents/Guardians, and Students

The Director shall inform each school district employee about this policy and ensure its posting on the Cooperative's website. The Director or designee shall provide a copy of this policy to the parent or legal guardian of each student enrolled in the Cooperative.

#### Implementation

This policy shall be implemented in a manner consistent with State and federal laws, including the Children's Mental Health Act of 2003, 405 ILCS 49/, Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Confidentiality Act, 740 ILCS 110/, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 42 U.S.C. §12101 et seq.

The Cooperative, Board, and its staff are protected from liability by the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act. Services provided pursuant to this policy: (1) do not replace the care of a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches or a licensed medical practitioner or professional trained in suicide prevention, assessments and counseling services, (2) are strictly limited to the available resources within the Cooperative, (3) do not extend beyond the school day and/or school-sponsored events, and (4) cannot guarantee or ensure the safety of a student or the student body.

Comment [AKL5]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163(c)(5), amended by P.A. 99-443. See 7:250-AP2, Protocol for Responding to Students with Social, Emotional, or Mental Health Problems for information about building-level Student Support Committees.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL6]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3 163(c)(6), amended by P.A. 99-443.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL7]: Required by 105
ILCS 5/2-3.163(c)(6), amended by

P.A. 99-443. Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL8]: Optional. At the time of publication, the status of the Illinois Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan was unclear in light of Ann Marie's Law. However, the plan may be found at:

www.idph.state.il.us/about/chronic/Su icide Prevention Plan Jan-08.pdf. Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL9]: Required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.163(c)(6), amended by P.A. 99-443.

Issue 90, October 2015

Comment [AKL10]: Consult the board attorney for guidance concerning liability in this area. Except for cases of willful and wanton conduct, the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act likely protects districts from liability for failure to properly identify and/or respond to a student's mental health issue that results in suicide.

For more information, consult the footnotes located at PRESS online.

Issue 90, October 2015

LEGAL REF.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.163, 5/14-1.01 et seq., 5/14-7.02, and 5/14-7.02b. 745 ILCS 10/.

CROSS REF.:

2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:270 (Guidance and Counseling Program), 7:180 (Prevention of and Response to Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:250 (Student Support Services)

ADOPTED:

SKR-14

# DRAFT UPDATE

SPEED - SEJA #802

7:340

### **Students**

#### **Student Records**

School student records are confidential. Information from them shall not be released other than as provided by law. A school student record is any writing or other recorded information concerning a student and by which a student may be identified individually that is maintained by a school or at its direction by a school employee, regardless of how or where the information is stored, except as provided in State or federal law.

State and federal law grants students and parents/guardians certain rights, including the right to inspect, copy, and challenge school student records. The information contained in school student records shall be kept current, accurate, clear, and relevant. All information maintained concerning a student receiving special education services shall be directly related to the provision of services to that child. The District may release directory information as permitted by law, but a parent/guardian shall have the right to object to the release of information regarding his or her child. However, the District will comply with an *ex parte* court order requiring it to permit the U.S. Attorney General or designee to have access to a student's school records without notice to, or the consent of, the student's parent/guardian. Upon request, the District discloses school student records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student has enrolled or intends to enroll, as well as to any person as specifically required by State or federal law.

The Superintendent shall fully implement this policy and designate an *official records custodian* for each school who shall maintain and protect the confidentiality of school student records, inform staff members of this policy, and inform students and their parents/guardians of their rights regarding school student records.

LEGAL REF.:

Chicago Tribune Co. v. Chicago Bd. of Ed., 773 N.E.2d 674 (Ill.App.1, 2002).

Owasso I.S.D. No. I-011 v. Falvo, 122 S.Ct. 934 (2002).

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. §1232g; 34 C.F.R. Part 99. Children's Privacy Protection and Parental Empowerment Act, 325 ILCS 17/.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.21b, 20.37, 20.40, 5/14-1.01 et seq., and 10/.

50 ILCS 205/7. 750 ILCS 5/602.11.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 226 and 375.

CROSS REF.:

5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:130 (Responsibilities Concerning Internal

Information), 7:15 (Student and Family Privacy Rights), 7:50 (School

Admissions/Eligibility for Services), 7:220 (Bus Conduct)

ADOPTED:

February 19, 2014

Comment [AKL1]: Provision is added for clarity. Issue 90, October 2015

8:30

### Community Relations

#### Visitors to and Conduct on School Property

The following definitions apply to this policy:

**School property** - District and school buildings, grounds, and parking areas; vehicles used for school purposes; and any location used for a School Board meeting, school athletic event, or other school-sponsored event.

Visitor - Any person other than an enrolled student or District employee.

All visitors to school property are required to report to the Building Principal's office and receive permission to remain on school property. All visitors must sign a visitors' log, show identification, and wear a visitor's badge. When leaving the school, visitors must return their badge. On those occasions when large groups of parents and friends are invited onto school property, visitors are not required to sign in but must follow school officials' instructions. Persons on school property without permission will be directed to leave and may be subject to criminal prosecution.

Except as provided in the next paragraph, any person wishing to confer with a staff member should contact that staff member by telephone or email to make an appointment. Conferences with teachers are held, to the extent possible, outside school hours or during the teacher's conference/preparation period.

Requests to access a school building, facility, and/or educational program, or to interview personnel or a student for purposes of assessing the student's special education needs, should be made at the appropriate building. Access shall be facilitated according to guidelines from the Superintendent or designee.

The District expects mutual respect, civility, and orderly conduct among all people on school property or at a school event. No person on school property or at a school event (including visitors, students, and employees) shall perform any of the following acts:

- Strike, injure, threaten, harass, or intimidate a staff member, a Board member, sports official or coach, or any other person;
- 2. Behave in an unsportsmanlike manner, or use vulgar or obscene language;
- 3. Unless specifically permitted by State law, possess a weapon, any object that can reasonably be considered a weapon or looks like a weapon, or any dangerous device.
- 4. Damage or threaten to damage another's property;
- 5. Damage or deface school property;
- 6. Violate any Illinois law, or town or county ordinance;
- Smoke or otherwise use tobacco products;
- Distribute, Consume, use, possess, distribute, or be under the influence of an alcoholic beverage
  or illegal drug; be present when the person's alcohol or illegal drug consumption is detectible,
  regardless of when and/ or where the use occurred.

String

Comment [AKL1]: The policy text addressing prohibited conduct is amended to align with recent updates to in 5:50, Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace; Tobacco Prohibition. For more information, see footnote 2 of policy 5:50. This statement must be consistent with employee working conditions.

- Impede, delay, disrupt, or otherwise interfere with any school activity or function (including using cellular phones in a disruptive manner);
- Enter upon any portion of school premises at any time for purposes other than those that are lawful and authorized by the Board;
- 11. Operate a motor vehicle: (a) in a risky manner, (b) in excess of 20 miles per hour, or (c) in violation of an authorized District employee's directive;
- 12. Engage in any risky behavior, including roller-blading, roller-skating, or skateboarding;
- Violate other District policies or regulations, or a directive from an authorized security officer or District employee; or
- Engage in any conduct that interferes with, disrupts, or adversely affects the District or a School function.

### Convicted Child Sex Offender

State law prohibits a child sex offender from being present on school property or loitering within 500 feet of school property when persons under the age of 18 are present, unless the offender meets either of the following two exceptions:

- 1. The offender is a parent/guardian of a student attending the school and has notified the Building Principal of his or her presence at the school for the purpose of: (i) attending a conference with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion; or
- 2. The offender received permission to be present from the Governing Board, Superintendent, or Superintendent's designee. If permission is granted, the Superintendent or Board President shall provide the details of the offender's upcoming visit to the Building Principal.

In all cases, the Superintendent, or designee who is a certified employee, shall supervise a child sex offender whenever the offender is in a child's vicinity.

#### Exclusive Bargaining Representative Agent

Authorized agents of an exclusive bargaining representative, upon notifying the Building Principal's office, may meet with a school employee (or group of employees) in the school building during free-times of such employees.

#### Enforcement

Any staff member may request identification from any person on school property; refusal to provide such information is a criminal act. The Building Principal or designee shall seek the immediate removal of any person who refuses to provide requested identification.

Any person who engages in conduct prohibited by this policy may be ejected from school property. The person is also subject to being denied admission to school events or meetings for up to one calendar year.

#### Procedures to Deny Future Admission to School Events or Meetings

Before any person may be denied admission to school events or meetings as provided in this policy, the person has a right to a hearing before the Board. The Superintendent may refuse the person admission pending such hearing. The Superintendent or designee must provide the person with a

8:30 Page 2 of 3

hearing notice, delivered or sent by certified mail with return receipt requested, at least 10 days before the Board hearing date. The hearing notice must contain:

- 1. The date, time, and place of the Board hearing,
- 2. A description of the prohibited conduct,
- 3. The proposed time period that admission to school events will be denied, and
- 4. Instructions on how to waive a hearing.

LEGAL REF

Nuding v. Cerro Gordo Community Unit School Dist., 730 N.E.2d 96 (Ill.App.4,

2000).

Pro-Children Act of 1994, 20 U.S.C. §7181 et seq. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.5b, 5/24-24, and 5/24-25.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program.

430 ILCS 66/, Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3.

CROSS REF.:

4:170 (Safety), 5:50 (Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace; Tobacco Prohibition), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:250 (Community Resource

Persons and Volunteers), 7:190 (Student Discipline), 8:20 (Community Use of

School Facilities)

ADOPTED:

February 19, 2014