Non-Academic Data Update

2022-2023 1st Semester



Student Data Sources

Attendance Data:

PowerSchool

Behavior Data:

PowerSchool

SWIS / BIFs

mySAEBRS

Framework and Approach

MICIP

(Michigan Integrated Continuous Improvement Process)



Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

(MTSS)

Core Components:

- High-Quality, Differentiated Classroom Instruction
- System-wide Approach
- Integrated Data System
- Culturally Responsive Positive Behavior Intervention & Support (CRPBIS)

Proactive Support

Intentional and ongoing support for all students:

- Social Emotional Learning
- PBIS Lessons
- Mental Health Teams
- Counselor Accessibility with Self-Referral Process for Students and Parents

Proactive Supports

- Problem Solving Meetings
- Staff Visibility
- Grade Level Teaming
- Strategic Scheduling
- Freshmen Connect
- Peer Mentoring

Supportive Measures

- Conversation and Dialog "Seek to Understand Approach"
- Restorative Meetings
- Partnerships with Families
- Student Behavior Specialist (K-8)
- Social Workers and Counselors
- Individual Behavior Improvement Plans
- Functional Behavior Assessments (FBAs)
- Social contracts with individual students

Supportive Measures

- Partnership with Outside Organizations
 - Handle with Care
 - Okay-2-Say
 - Wrap Around Services (ICHD)
 - TIPS Program (ICHD)
- Student-Centered Groups (Need Based)
 - Anxiety Group
 - Ele's Place
 - Prizm Club
 - United and Social Progress
 - Links
 - And Many more

Attendance Data

Attendance -Analysis and Takeaways

Summary of Data

- Data indicates proportional averages relating to absences by ethnicity and gender
- Reflect our values of building relationships, equity-focus, establishing trust so students desire to be a part of the learning environment

Reflection for Equity

- Differentiate supports for students based on individual needs. (EP Goal 5)
- Interrogate our environment, data & practices. Identify who is benefiting from the ways in which we do things, as well as who is missing from the conversations. (EP Goals 6 & 8)

Attendance - Average Daily Attendance

Grade	2018–2019	2021–2022	2022–2023
Level	(Pre-COVID- Full Year)	(Full Year)	(1st Semester)
K-4	89.9% (1704 total students)	92.2% (1673 total students)	92.1% (1744 total students)
5-8	90.6%	94.1%	94.2%
	(1424 total students)	(1316 total students)	(1427 total students)
9-12	89.7% (1406 total students)	95.2% (1433 total students)	94.9% (1466 total students)

K-4 Absence Data - by Sub-Group

(Data indicates the percentage of students within an identified sub-group that were absent out of all absences for 1st semester of the 2022-2023 school year at the specific level.)

K-4 Attendance Data (1744 total students)										
Subgroup Categories for Total Population		nder ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)							
	М	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian		
% of total population	52.0%	48.0%	8.6%	27.6%	5.7%	57.0%	1.0%	0.1%		
% absent within subgroup of the total population	53.6%	47.4%	9%	27.3%	6.1%	56.5%	1.2%	0.1%		

5-8 Absence Data - by Sub-Group

(Data indicates the percentage of students within an identified sub-group that were absent out of all absences for 1st semester of the 2022-2023 school year at the specific level.)

	5-8 Attendance Data (1427 total students)										
Subgroup Categories for Total Population		nder ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)								
	М	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian			
% of total population	51.7%	48.8%	10.5%	25.1%	5.4%	58.2%	0.3%	0.5%			
% absent within subgroup of the total population	51.7%	48.4%	10.6%	21.9%	6.5%	60.2%	0.5%	0.6%			

9-12 Absence Data - by Sub-Group

(Data indicates the percentage of students within an identified sub-group that were absent out of all absences for 1st semester of the 2022-2023 school year at the specific level.)

	9–12 Attendance Data (1466 total students)										
Subgroup Categories for Total Population		nder ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)								
	М	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian			
% of total population	50.1%	49.9%	10.0%	24.6%	5.1%	59.6%	0.5%	0.3%			
% absent within subgroup of the total population	47.3%	52.7%	10.7%	21.4%	6.9%	60.2%	0.5%	0.3%			

Behavior Data

EVERY **BEHAVIOR ISA** FORM OF **COMMUNICATION.**

Behavior

Responses and Alternatives to Suspension

- Restorative Practices
- Progressive Discipline
- ISS instead of OSS Sustained support at school from staff
- Natural Consequences / Community Service Projects
- Reduction of consequence with willingness to participate in educational programming (CMH)

7 Factors to Consider Before Resorting to Suspension or Expulsion

1. Student's Age

- How old is the student in question?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

2. Disciplinary History

- What is this student's disciplinary history?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

3. Disability

- Does the student in question have a disability?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

4. Seriousness of Behavior

- What was the seriousness of this student's behavior?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

7 Factors to Consider Before Resorting to Suspension or Expulsion

5. Safety Risk

- Did the student pose a safety risk to others?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

6. Use of Restorative Practice

- Have restorative practices already been used as a means of intervention in this student's disciplinary history?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

7. Level of Intervention

 Would a lesser intervention than suspension or expulsion appropriately address this behavior in question?

Behavior Overview

Data Collection

- Documentation Opportunity to Establish Patterns
- Communication Tool
- Information to Drive Supportive Responses
 - Connect students with resources
 - Group Sessions
 - Goal Setting
 - Reteaching of Expectations
 - Restorative Conversations
 - Environment Interrogation

Behavior - Suspensions

(3 or more days of Out of School Suspension for a single student)

Grade Level	2021–2022 (Full Year)	Grade Level	2022–2023 (1st Semester)
K-4	< 1% (4 of 1673 total students)	K-4	0% (o of 1744 total students)
5-8	< 1% (8 of 1316 total students)	5-8	<1% (3 of 1427 total students)
9-12	1.3% (18 of 1433 total students)	9-12	1.0% (15 of 1466 total students)

K-4 Suspension Data – by Sub–Group (3 or more days of suspension for a single student)

K-4 Suspension Data

(o of 1744 total students)

	n der ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)							Economically
М	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian	Special Ed.	Disadvantaged
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Behavior Trends

Most Frequent Behavior(s) (Based on K-12 Suspension Data)

2021–2022 (Full Year)

Disruptive Behavior (15/32)

> Aggression/ Fighting (6/32)

Illegal Substances/ Alcohol Use (6/32) **2022–2023** (1st Semester)

Illegal Substances/ Alcohol Use (11/17)

> Aggression/ Fighting (2/17)

5-8 Suspension Data – by Sub–Group (3 or more days of suspension for a single student)

5-8 Suspension Data

(3 of 1427 total students)

Gender (Biological Sex)			(as	Special	Economically				
М	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian	Ed.	Disadvantaged
3	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	2
100%		33%		33%	33%			67%	67%

9–12 Suspension Data – by Sub–Group (3 or more days of suspension for a single student)

	9–12 Suspension Data (15 of 1433 total students)										
	GenderEthnicity(Biological Sex)(as reported in PowerSchool)						Special	Economically			
М	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian	Ed.	Disadvantaged		
7	8	4	0	3	8	0	0	7	12		
47%	53%	27%		20%	53%			47%	80%		

Behavior – Analysis and Takeaways

Summary of Data

 In comparison to overall enrollments, suspension is used minimally at all levels in response to student behaviors

Reflection for Equity

- Differentiate supports for students based on individual needs. (EP Goal 5)
- Interrogate our environment, data & practices. Identify who is benefiting from the ways in which we do things, as well as who is missing from the conversations. (EP Goals 6 & 8)

Behavior -Analysis and Takeaways

Celebrations

- Low behavior numbers/ suspensions at all levels
- Data shows little to no disproportionality, but does highlight areas for additional reflective practices
- Addition of Social Workers and SSAs have allowed for effective proactive measures and opportunity to successfully address and respond to minor incidents before becoming major situations

Behavior -Analysis and Takeaways

Opportunities

- Ongoing review of data at buildings and the district level
- Focus on keeping students in school for access to what they need
- Analysis to inform for what we can do better

Behavior Action Steps

Identify the "WHY"

- Seek to Understand
- Goal of Reteaching
- Support for Growth

Respond to the Need

- Student-centered approach AND environment centered approach (balance)
- Culturally Responsive Positive Behavior Interventions & Support (CRPBIS)
- Support from Ingham ISD
- Behavior Tiered Fidelity Inventory (TFI)
- Building consistency across all schools processes, practices, definitions
- Identifying professional training needs active supervision for lunch personnel

"The goal of behavior support is not 'perfect children.' Rather the goal should be creating the perfect environment for



enhancing growth." -Randy Sprick