AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL UPDATE SERVICE

Fall 2023 UPDATE

INSTRUCTION SHEET

NOTE: This packet includes only those policy manual pages that have been revised, deleted or newly established. Full text pages are included and are to be substituted as indicated below.

For ease of School Boards, AASB has identified those portions of the Update that require formal Board action in order to implement the policy changes. This is indicated by a "Yes" or "No." A "No" is used if changes have been made only to an AR or an Exhibit, or if policy changes are limited to explanatory notes, legal reference or cross-reference updates, or minor grammatical or stylistic changes that have not changed the policy meaning.

FORMAL ADOPTION REPLACE/ADD REQUIRED

DESCRIPTION

ARTICLE 5, Series 5000 = Students and Noninstructional Operations

AR 3310	No	This update adds additional best practices for purchasing requisitions and purchase orders, specifically addressing best value conditions and records procedures.
BP 3311	Yes	This update includes a list of items that are exempt from normal purchasing procedures. Items on this list may be removed (and be subject to normal purchasing procedures) at a Board's discretion.
BP 3312	Yes	This update includes a provision that states an agreement or a contract may not be enforced by a district unless it was validly entered into under District policy. It also requires that the Superintendent or designee sign all contract entered into by the District.
BP 3270	Yes	This update provides that surplus equipment purchased with a federal fund in the amount of \$5,000 or greater must be disposed of in accordance with federal Uniform Administrative Requirements.

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FORMAL ADOPTION REQUIRED

DESCRIPTION

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BP/AR 5124.1	Yes	*New Board Policy and Administrative Regulation*
ARTICLE 6, Series	6000 – Instruction	This new board policy and administrative regulation address family engagement and efforts districts should take to coordinate with parents. The policy and regulation are broad based and may be edited based on specific district need.
BP 5131.9	Yes	This update is a substantial revision to the model academic honesty policy, incorporating modern best practices and addressing the use of artificial intelligence programs.
AR 5131.9	No	*New Administrative Regulation* This new regulation further expands on the revised academic honesty policy. It includes definitions, provides examples of academic dishonesty, applies investigation roles, and further addresses artificial intelligence use.
AR 5040	No	This update removes references to exhibits that are not attached to the AR.
BR/AR 5141.43	Yes	*New Board Policy and Administrative Regulation* This policy establishes a model investigative policy for professional boundaries violations. It does not supersede current investigatory procedures, but provides best practices when conducting investigations under various existing policies. The new AR further develops best practices for conducting investigations set forth in the model investigations policy.

REPLACE/ADD	FORMAL ADOPTION REQUIRE	V
BP 6010	No	This update removes a reference to a withdrawn state regulation that required districts to set target graduation and attendance rates.
BP 6112	Yes	This updates includes a new provision that requires a kindergarten day in session to include at least two hours of instruction.
BP 6147	Yes	*New Policy* This policy implements the reading intervention plans required by the new Alaska Reads Act. It addresses what must be included in the intervention program, individual reading plans, notification requirements, and progression goals.
BP 6148	Yes	*New Policy* This policy implement the early education grant program under the Alaska Reads Act. It sets forth the compliance requirements for a district that opts for an early education grant under the Alaska Reads Act.

ARTICLE 9, Series 9000 - Bylaws of the Board

BB 9200	Yes	This bylaw adds further clarity to how complaints brought to the board should be addressed, and requires board approval for legal opinions.



P.O. Box 800, Craig, Alaska 99921 www.craigschools.com Phone (907) 826.3274 FAX (907) 826.3322 Chris Reitan, Superintendent
David Harris, Elem./MS Principal
Betty Hall, HS Principal
Christina Woodward, PACE Principal

PUBLIC NOTICE

Monday 11/20/2023

Superintendent's Office - CES

Zoom Video Conferencing Meeting

https://craigschools.zoom.us/j/7289917333?pwd=WkNaWGd4S1IPV0JIWEJITmx3VXd0Zz09

5:30 PM

The policy committee will be meeting to review recommended updates from AASB. Staff, parents and community members are welcome to attend. The following policies will be reviewed.

Section 3000 - Business and Non-Instructional Operations

Sale and Disposal of Books, Equipment and Supplies	BP 3270
Bids	BP 3311
Contracts	BP 3312
Purchasing Procedures	AR 3310

Section 5000 - Students

Student Nutrition	AR 5040
Family Engagement	BP/AR 5124.1
Academic Honesty	BP/AR 5131.9
Uniform Investigations	BP/AR 5141.43

Section 6000 - Instruction

Goals and Objectives	BP 6010
School Day	BP 6112
Alaska Reads Act Intervention Programs	BP 6147
Early Education Programs	BP 6148

Section 9000 - Bylaws of the Board

Board Members	BB 9200
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Business and Non-instructional Operations

SALE AND DISPOSAL OF BOOKS, EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES (Personal Property)

BP 3270

Note: Borough and city districts should check city and borough ordinances for requirements, if any, regarding sale of equipment.

The School Board recognizes that the district may own personal property which is unusable, obsolete, or no longer needed by the district and that the disposal of such property may be in the best interests of the district.

The Superintendent or designee shall identify to the School Board all inventoried personal property not needed by the district, together with the estimated value and recommended disposition. With School Board approval, the Superintendent or designee shall arrange for the sale or disposal of district personal property in accordance with state and federal law.

Disposal of items with an estimated value of less than \$5,000 will be left to the discretion of the Superintendent or designee.

(cf. 3440- Inventories)

Adopted AASB 5/2022

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The Superintendent or designee shall identify to the School Board all inventoried personal property not needed by the district, together with the estimated value and recommended disposition. With School Board approval, the Superintendent or designee shall arrange for the sale or disposal of district personal property in accordance with state and federal law.

Surplus equipment \$5000 or greater, purchased with Federal Fund must comply with Uniform Administrative Requirements - 2 CFR 200.313.

Disposal of items with an estimated value of less than \$5,000 will be left to the discretion of the Superintendent or designee.

(cf. 3440- Inventories)

Revised 9/2023

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Business and Noninstructional Operations

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(cf. 3440- Inventories)

Revised +0/202+9/2023

BIDS BP 3311(a)

The district shall purchase equipment, supplies and services on a competitive bidding basis when required by law and whenever it appears to be in the best interest of the district to do so. The Superintendent or designee shall establish procedures to implement these requirements. Prior to any purchase, the District should review the federal funding award or grant to determine if it requires compliance with OMB's procurement procedures.

Purchases Made Under Federal OMB Funding Awards

All bids under federal awards must be made in accordance with the standards set forth in 2 CFR 200.320, set forth below. One of the following five methods of procurement shall be used for each purchase under a federal award:

- 1. Micro-purchases: Less than \$3,000 (\$2,000 for purchases subject to the Davis-Bacon Act)
 - a. No competitive quotes required
 - b. Purchases should be spread among qualified suppliers
- 2. Small Purchases: Between \$3,000 and \$150,000
 - a. Rate quotes must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources
 - b. Quotes can be obtained from suppliers or from public websites
- 3. Sealed bids: Purchases more than \$150,000
 - a. Two or more qualified bidders are required
 - b. Bids must be publicly advertised and solicited from adequate suppliers
 - c. Lowest bidder for the fixed price contract with specific requirements shall be awarded the contract
- 4. Competitive Proposals: Purchases more than \$150,000
 - a. A written policy must be adopted for conducting technical evaluations of reviewing proposals and selecting the recipient
- 5. Sole Source: Purchases of any amount that meet one of the following four requirements
 - a. Good/service is only available from a single source
 - b. Only one source can provide the good/service in the time frame required
 - c. Written pre-approval from the Federal awarding agency
 - d. Competition is deemed inadequate, after solicitation attempts through one of the other methods

To ensure that good value is received for funds expended, specifications shall be carefully designed and shall describe in detail the quality, delivery and service required.

BIDS (continued) BP 3311(b)

Minority Bidding

When procuring contracts under federal awards set forth in 2 CFR 200.320, the District must take affirmative steps to utilize minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms when possible. Affirmative steps must include:

- (1) Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;
- (2) Assuring that small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;
- (3) Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
- (4) Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
- (5) Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such organizations as the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and
- (6) Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this section.

Exemptions

The following items are exempted from formal purchasing procedures:

- A. Instructional materials for which purchasing guidelines have been established by School Board Policy in BP 6161.1(a); or
- B. In-service presenters, speakers, or curriculum, instruction, or staff development experts selected for particular and unique expertise; or
- C. Professional or consultant services such as medical, legal, negotiation, technical, or educational, not including architectural/engineering design services; or
- D. Professional or consultant services (such as property and casualty insurance) purchased jointly with Local, State, or Federal agencies; or
- E. Public services, utilities or energy-related expenses, site licenses, upgrades, maintenance contracts, and specialized services, software, or equipment where no competition exists (single source) or the District has established a need for standardization of equipment, supplies, or services; or
- F. Emergency supplies or supplies and equipment that augment previously purchased items of a similar nature whereby the District would incur substantial costs to switch products or product lines; or
- G. Purchases involving replacement of equipment where similar equipment is being traded in; or
- H. Purchases involving items regulated by Fair Trade Statutes; or

BIDS (continued)

BP 3311(c)

I. Purchases made through cooperative purchasing agreements, existing Federal/State or inter-district contracts including GSA pricing; or when cooperatively bidding with other public agencies; or

- J. Contracts or purchases when time is of the essence for reasons of health or safety, or to comply with legal requirements in a timely manner.
- K. Proprietary (sole-source) items or services or items that are only available from a single source.

When applicable, prior to any purchase, the District should review the federal funding award or grant to determine if it requires compliance with Uniform Guidance OMB's procurement procedures.

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest) (cf. 4030 - Nondiscrimination in Employment) (e. 3310 - Purchasing Procedures, Procurement)

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES

14.14.060 Relationship between borough school district and borough

14.14.060(h) Procurement of supplies and equipment

14.14.065 Relationship between city school district and city

14.03.085 Procurement preference for recycled Alaska products

29.71.050 Procurement preferences for recycled Alaska products

35.15 Construction Procedures

36.15.020 Use of local agricultural and fisheries products required in purchases with state money

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

4 AAC 27.085 Competitive pupil transportation proposals

4 AAC 31.080 Construction and acquisition of public school facilities

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

2 C.F.R. 200.317-326, Procurement Standards

FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH SCHOOL DISTRICT v. BOWERS, 851 P.2d 56 (Alaska 1992)

Revised 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Business and Noninstructional Operations

BIDS BP 3311(a)

The district shall purchase equipment, supplies and services on a competitive bidding basis when required by law and whenever it appears to be in the best interest of the district to do so. The Superintendent or designee shall establish procedures to implement these requirements. Prior to any purchase, the District should review the federal funding award or grant to determine if it requires compliance with OMB's procurement procedures.

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WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Business and Noninstructional Operations

BIDS (continued)

BP 3311(b)

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- (3) Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
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- D. Professional or consultant services (such as property and casualty insurance) purchased jointly with Local, State, or Federal agencies; or
- E. Public services, utilities or energy-related expenses, site licenses, upgrades, maintenance contracts, and specialized services, software, or equipment where no competition exists (single source) or the District has established a need for standardization of equipment, supplies, or services; or
- F. Emergency supplies or supplies and equipment that augment previously purchased items of a similar nature whereby the District would incur substantial costs to switch products or product lines; or
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WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee:

DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Business and Noninstructional Operations

BIDS (continued)

BP 3311(c)

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- J. Contracts or purchases when time is of the essence for reasons of health or safety, or to comply with legal requirements in a timely manner.
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When applicable, prior to any purchase, the District should review the federal funding award or grant to determine if it requires compliance with Uniform Guidance OMB's procurement procedures.

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FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH SCHOOL DISTRICT v. BOWERS, 851 P.2d 56 (Alaska 1992)

Revised 3/20189/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

CONTRACTS

The Superintendent or designee may enter into contracts on behalf of the district. All contracts over \$20,000 must be approved or ratified by the School Board.

(cf. 3300 - Expenditures/Expending Authority)

Contracts between the district and outside agencies shall conform to standards required by law and shall be prepared under the direction of the Superintendent or designee. Contracts, where appropriate, shall be submitted to the legal advisor of the district for review and approval.

The district shall not enter into any contract with a person, agency, or organization if it has knowledge that such person, agency or organization discriminates on the basis of race, color, creed, sex, religion, ancestry, national origin, age or non-job-related handicap or disability, either in employment practices or in the provision of benefits or services to students or employees.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

Legal Reference:

<u>ALASKA STATUTES</u>

14.08.101 Powers

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

4 AAC 27.085 Competitive pupil transportation proposals

4 AAC 27.100 Contractor's duties

4 AAC 31.065 Selection of designers and construction managers

4 AAC 31.080 Construction and acquisition of public school facilities

Added 2/11 Revised 11/2014 Reviewed 2/2021 Reviewed 11/2023

CRAIG CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT POLICY MANUAL 6/96

CONTRACTS BP 3312

The Superintendent or designee may enter into contracts on behalf of the district. All contracts must be approved or ratified by the School Board.

(cf. 3300 - Expenditures/Expending Authority)

Contracts between the district and outside agencies shall conform to standards required by law and shall be prepared under the direction of the Superintendent or designee. Contracts, where appropriate, shall be submitted to the legal advisor of the district for review and approval.

A contract for professional and technical services or other purchases services or any amendment to a professional and technical services or other purchased services contract may not be enforced against the District unless its terms have been approved in accordance with Board Policy and Administrative Regulations and unless the contract or amendment(s) to the contract has been verified in writing that there are sufficient funds for the term of the contract.

All contracts, leases, and agreements shall be signed by the Superintendent or designee. The District shall execute all contracts, leases, and agreements.

The district shall not enter into any contract with a person, agency, or organization if it has knowledge that such person, agency or organization discriminates on the basis of race, color, creed, sex, religion, ancestry, national origin, age or non job-related handicap or disability, either in employment practices or in the provision of benefits or services to students or employees.

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CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

2 C.F.R. 200.317-326. Procurement Standards

Revised 9/2023

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED Business and Noninstructional Operations

CONTRACTS BP 3312

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WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED Business and Noninstructional Operations

Revised 3/179/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

PURCHASING PROCEDURES

Note: The following sample regulation may be revised or deleted as needed.

Purchasing Requisitions/Purchase Orders

- 1. Insofar as possible, goods and services purchased will meet the needs of the person or department ordering them at the lowest price consistent with standard purchasing practice. Maintenance costs, replacement costs, and trade-in values shall be considered when determining the most economical purchase price.
- 2. Requisitions for budgeted items shall originate from personnel directly responsible for their use. All requisitions shall be given proper review for approval or disapproval by the appropriate administrative personnel.
- 3. Every transaction between a buyer and seller involving the transfer of property, equipment, services, or supplies shall be made by purchase order, formal contract or credit card.
- 4. Purchase orders and other purchase obligations shall be signed by the Superintendent or designee.
- 5. The business office or other appropriate administrative entity shall verify the availability of funds and prepare purchase order to commit the expenditures.
- 6. Goods and services purchased shall be obtained at the best value consistent with standard purchasing practice. Best value shall be based on the total life cycle cost of the item; which can include an assessment of the functionality of the item and can use cost/benefit analysis to determine the best combinations of quality, service, time and cost considerations over the useful life of the item as well as possible trade-in values for items being replaced.
- 7. Insofar as possible, goods and services purchased will meet the needs of the person or department ordering them at the lowest price consistent with standard purchasing practice. Vendor responsiveness, maintenance costs, replacement costs, and trade-in values shall be considered when determining the most economical purchase price.
- 8. The District will maintain all records pertaining to the procurement of supplies, equipment, and services.
- 9. The District shall develop and maintain a log of contracts awarded for supplies, services and professional services together with any amendments to the contracts that include the rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price. The District may

PURCHASING PROCEDURES

AR 3310(b)

join with other units of government in cooperative procurement ventures where the best interest of the district shall be served.

- 10. The District shall compile and maintain, to the extent practicable, bidder and vendor lists for supplies, services and professional services utilized by the district.
- 11. All procurement transactions should provide full and open competition when in the best interest of the District. The District will adopt standard specifications for supplies and services wherever practicable. The standard specifications adopted by the district shall be based, insofar as possible, upon those proposed by the requesting person or department, modified as necessary to maximize clarity, uniformity, and open competition, while effectively meeting the requirements of the requesting department or individual as well as the efficient operation of the district.

Quantity Purchasing

Quantity buying shall be effected whenever practicable and feasible in order to achieve an economy of scale in accordance with the total needs of the school district.

Revised 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

AR 3310

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WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED Business and Noninstructional Operations

PURCHASING PROCEDURES

AR 3310(b)

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Revised 3/20179/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92 Students AR 5040 (a)

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

NUTRITION

Schools will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate, as much as possible, the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.

Schools will limit food and beverage marketing to the promotion of foods and beverages that meet nutrition standards established by this administrative regulation.

Schools will not use foods or beverages as rewards for academic performance or good behavior.

Schools will not withhold food or beverages as a punishment.

Traditional cultural foods may be exempted from the food standards described below for educational and/or special school events.

Food and beverages (including but not limited to vending, concessions, a la carte, student stores, parties and fundraising), served from one-half hour before the start of the school day until one-half hour after the end of the school day, must meet the following food and beverage nutrition standards:

Beverage Standards:

Water approved for sale is:

1. Plain or carbonated water that does not contain added sweeteners (natural or artificial, including sucralose and aspartame); vitamins; caffeine; or herbal supplements. Water may be sold in any size.

Juice or juice/water blends approved for sale are:

1. 100% fruit or vegetable juice, or juice/water blends, plain or carbonated that do not add sweeteners (natural or artificial); caffeine; or herbal supplements. Maximum size allowed for sale is 12 oz.

Milk approved for sale are:

- 1. 2%, 1% or fat free (skim) milk. Maximum size allowed for sale is 16 oz.
- 2. Enriched rice, nut or soy milk (may be "lowfat"). Maximum size allowed for sale is 16 oz.

Students AR 5040 (b)

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

(a) Rice, soy or nut milks must be enriched with calcium, per 8 oz. serving, to at least 30% of the Daily Value set by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

3. Flavored milk may contain no more than 55 grams of sugar total per 16 oz. (27 grams of sugar per 8 oz.) including both naturally-occurring and added sweetener. Maximum size allowed for sale is 16 oz.

Sports Drinks approved for sale are:

1. Beverages that contain less than 30 grams of sugar per 16 oz. serving. Maximum size allowed for sale is 16 oz.

Milkshakes and smoothies will follow the Food Standards listed below.

Other Beverages are not approved for sale.

Food Standards:

- 1. Have 30% or less of total calories from fat (excluding fat that occurs naturally in tofu, nuts, nut butters, seeds, eggs, legumes, fruits and vegetables, cream cheese, low-fat salad dressings, cheese and butter);
- 2. Have 10% or less of total calories from saturated plus *trans* fat (excluding fat that occurs naturally in tofu, nuts, nut butters, seeds, eggs, legumes, fruits and vegetables, cream cheese, low-fat salad dressings, cheese and butter);
- 3. Have no more than 35% total sugar by weight including naturally occurring and added sugars (except for sugars that occur naturally in a dairy product, fruit or vegetables);
- 4. Be limited to the following maximum portion sizes:
 - a. One and one-quarter ounces for chips, crackers, popcorn, cereal, or jerky;
 - b. Two and one-half ounces for trail mix, nuts, seeds or dried fruit;
 - c. Two ounces for cookies or cereal bars;
 - d. Three ounces for bakery items;
 - e. Three fluid ounces for frozen desserts, including, but not limited to, ice cream;
 - f. Eight ounces for non-frozen yogurt.

Exceptions to these administrative regulations for food and beverage may be made for individual products which have sufficient nutritional value to offset sugar or fat content, or other requirements, or to prohibit the sale of individual products which are deemed inappropriate for sale to students despite meeting these guidelines. Nutritional information, along with samples of the product in question (when possible) shall be provided to the superintendent's designee in charge of nutrition services for approval before products are placed in schools.

Students AR 5040 (c)

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

Physical Activity Opportunities

Schools shall strive to allow students the opportunity for moderate physical activity each day to include time before, during, and after school.

Schools will encourage students to walk or bike to school where feasible as a way to promote physical activity.

Schools will discourage extended periods of inactivity.

Physical Education

The district will aim to provide all students in grades K-12, including students with disabilities, special health-care needs, and in alternative educational settings, with quality daily physical education or its equivalent of 90 minutes/week (Elementary) and 250 minutes/week (Secondary) for the entire school year.

Recess

All elementary students shall have at least 40 minutes a day of supervised recess, preferably outdoors as weather permits, during which students are encouraged to participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity with space and equipment to support that.

Other

Teachers and other school and community personnel will not use physical activity (e.g. running laps, pushups) as punishment during the school day.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Schools should provide, at a minimum, one indoor and one outdoor physical activity facility for community, student and school staff use.

Schools are encouraged to negotiate mutually acceptable, fiscally responsible arrangements with community agencies and organizations to keep school spaces and facilities available to students, staff, and community members before, during, and after the school day, on weekends, and during school vacations.

(cf. 1330 - Community use of school facilities)

Revised 10/11 Reviewed 2/2015 Reviewed 10/2021 Reviewed 11/2023

PLANNING AND PERIODIC REVIEW; REPORTING

The superintendent or designee will provide an annual report to the School Board detailing progress toward reaching nutrition and physical activity goals and compliance with all physical education, physical activity and nutrition policies. Barriers to compliance, where and when they are encountered will be detailed in the annual report. A brief description of planning processes, including entities engaged in planning, will also be provided at that time.

NUTRITION

Schools will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate, as much as possible, the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.

Traditional cultural foods may be exempted from the nutritional requirements when offered free of charge and for educational purposes. Traditional cultural foods offered for sale or as a part of the school breakfast or lunch program must meet nutritional requirements.

Nutrition Guidelines:

All foods and beverages provided through the National School Lunch or School Breakfast Programs shall meet nutritional requirements of the National School Lunch Act. To the extent practicable, all schools in the district will participate in available federal school meal programs.

All other foods and beverages made available on school campus (including, but not limited to vending, franchise vendors, concessions, a la carte, student stores, classroom parties and fundraising) during the school day, between the hours of 12:00 AM and 30 minutes after the conclusion of the instructional day, shall meet nutritional requirements of the National School Lunch Act, Nutrition Standards for All Foods Sold in Schools, also known as Smart Snacks in School. For the purpose of this policy, the school campus is defined as all property under the jurisdiction of the school district that is accessible to students.

Nutrition and Dining Environment Goals

(a) Schools shall provide enough space and serving areas to ensure all students have access to school meals with minimum wait time.

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

AR 5040 (b)

- (b) Schools shall encourage and facilitate access to handwashing before and after meals.
- (c) Schools shall provide adequate time for students to enjoy eating healthy foods with friends in school; a minimum of 20 minutes of eating time, after being served, for lunch and 10 minutes for breakfast.
- (d) The school district shall work to provide opportunities for on-going professional training and development for food service staff and teachers in the areas of nutrition and physical education.
- (e) The district supports and encourages the creation of school gardens and integrated food system education that provides hands-on learning experiences linking the cafeteria with the classroom and core curriculum, such as math, science and language arts.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Note: While federal law does not require the language in the following sections on Physical Education and Physical Activity, Districts *must* have physical activity goals. The following optional language meets those requirements.

Student achievement shall be assessed based on physical education standards, and a written physical education grade shall be reported for students according to the grading schedule of the district. A fitness assessment shall be performed using a valid and reliable tool and used to track student progress. Physical education classes shall have a pupil-teacher ratio comparable to that in the core classes. Waivers, exemptions, substitutions, and/or pass-fail options for physical education are discouraged. Accommodations will be made for those with medical, cultural, or religious considerations. To the extent practicable:

- (a) Physical education shall be taught by a certified/endorsed physical education teacher.
- (b) Physical education teachers shall receive annual professional development specific to physical education content.
- (c) Physical education equipment shall be age- appropriate, inviting, and available in sufficient quantities for all students to be able to participate. Equipment shall be inspected regularly for safety and replaced when needed.
- (d) At least 50% of physical education class time should be spent in moderate to vigorous physical activity.

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

AR 5040 (c)

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

Schools shall strive to allow students the opportunity for moderate physical activity each day to include time before, during, and after school.

Physical Activity Goals

The primary goals for physical activity are to: build knowledge and skills through physical education (PE) programs that enable all students to participate in a variety of lifetime physical activities; promote safe and appropriate physical activity opportunities for all students; increase the amount of movement for students throughout the school day, while decreasing sedentary time; and promote a physically active lifestyle for all community members, including students, staff, and families. To the extent practicable:

- (a) Schools shall encourage families to support their children's participation in physical activity, to be physically active role models, and to include physical activity in family events.
- (b) Schools shall provide adequate training to enable teachers, and other school staff to promote enjoyable, lifelong physical activity among students.
- (c) Schools shall encourage, promote and conduct physical activities that involve families, students, school staff and the community, including safe walking or biking to school.

OTHER SCHOOL-BASED ACTIVITIES

The primary goal for other school-based activities is to create a total school environment that is conducive to student well-being. This includes, but is not limited to the following:

Communication Goals

- (a) The school district shall encourage and provide opportunities for parents, staff, teachers, school administrators, students, nutrition service professionals and community members to serve as role models in practicing healthy eating and being physically active, both in the school environment and at home.
- (b) The district, to the extent possible, shall provide information and outreach materials about community food programs and other Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) programs such as Food Stamps, the Child Nutrition Program, and Women, Infants and Children (WIC) to students and parents.

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STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

AR 5040 (d)

(c) Schools shall seek to limit commercial influence and exposure to advertising as it relates to nutrition, wellness and physical activity, consistent with Board policy and federal regulation.

Revised 9/2023

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

AR 5040 (a)

PLANNING AND PERIODIC REVIEW; REPORTING

The superintendent or designee will provide an annual report to the School Board detailing progress toward reaching nutrition and physical activity goals and compliance with all physical education, physical activity and nutrition policies. Barriers to compliance, where and when they are encountered will be detailed in the annual report. A brief description of planning processes, including entities engaged in planning, will also be provided at that time.

NUTRITION

Schools will provide students with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; will accommodate, as much as possible, the religious, ethnic, and cultural diversity of the student body in meal planning; and will provide clean, safe and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.

Traditional cultural foods may be exempted from the nutritional requirements when offered free of charge and for educational purposes. Traditional cultural foods offered for sale or as a part of the school breakfast or lunch program must meet nutritional requirements.

See Exhibit 3 for more information on traditional cultural foods in schools.

Nutrition Guidelines:

All foods and beverages provided through the National School Lunch or School Breakfast Programs shall meet nutritional requirements of the National School Lunch Act. To the extent practicable, all schools in the district will participate in available federal school meal programs.

All other foods and beverages made available on school campus (including, but not limited to vending, franchise vendors, concessions, a la carte, student stores, classroom parties and fundraising) during the school day, between the hours of 12:00 AM and 30 minutes after the conclusion of the instructional day, shall meet nutritional requirements of the National School Lunch Act, Nutrition Standards for All Foods Sold in Schools, also known as Smart Snacks in School. For the purpose of this policy, the school campus is defined as all property under the jurisdiction of the school district that is accessible to students.

Note: See Exhibit 2 for more information on these federal regulations.

Nutrition and Dining Environment Goals

(a) Schools shall provide enough space and serving areas to ensure all students have access to school meals with minimum wait time.

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

AR 5040 (b)

- (b) Schools shall encourage and facilitate access to handwashing before and after meals.
- (c) Schools shall provide adequate time for students to enjoy eating healthy foods with friends in school; a minimum of 20 minutes of eating time, after being served, for lunch and 10 minutes for breakfast.
- (d) The school district shall work to provide opportunities for on-going professional training and development for food service staff and teachers in the areas of nutrition and physical education.
- (e) The district supports and encourages the creation of school gardens and integrated food system education that provides hands-on learning experiences linking the cafeteria with the classroom and core curriculum, such as math, science and language arts.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Note: While federal law does not require the language in the following sections on Physical Education and Physical Activity, Districts *must* have physical activity goals. The following optional language meets those requirements.

Student achievement shall be assessed based on physical education standards, and a written physical education grade shall be reported for students according to the grading schedule of the district. A fitness assessment shall be performed using a valid and reliable tool and used to track student progress. Physical education classes shall have a pupil-teacher ratio comparable to that in the core classes. Waivers, exemptions, substitutions, and/or pass-fail options for physical education are discouraged. Accommodations will be made for those with medical, cultural, or religious considerations. To the extent practicable:

- (a) Physical education shall be taught by a certified/endorsed physical education teacher.
- (b) Physical education teachers shall receive annual professional development specific to physical education content.
- (c) Physical education equipment shall be age- appropriate, inviting, and available in sufficient quantities for all students to be able to participate. Equipment shall be inspected regularly for safety and replaced when needed.
- (d) At least 50% of physical education class time should be spent in moderate to vigorous physical activity.

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

AR 5040 (c)

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

Schools shall strive to allow students the opportunity for moderate physical activity each day to include time before, during, and after school.

Physical Activity Goals

The primary goals for physical activity are to: build knowledge and skills through physical education (PE) programs that enable all students to participate in a variety of lifetime physical activities; promote safe and appropriate physical activity opportunities for all students; increase the amount of movement for students throughout the school day, while decreasing sedentary time; and promote a physically active lifestyle for all community members, including students, staff, and families. To the extent practicable:

- (a) Schools shall encourage families to support their children's participation in physical activity, to be physically active role models, and to include physical activity in family events.
- (b) Schools shall provide adequate training to enable teachers, and other school staff to promote enjoyable, lifelong physical activity among students.
- (c) Schools shall encourage, promote and conduct physical activities that involve families, students, school staff and the community, including safe walking or biking to school.

OTHER SCHOOL-BASED ACTIVITIES

The primary goal for other school-based activities is to create a total school environment that is conducive to student well-being. This includes, but is not limited to the following:

Communication Goals

- (a) The school district shall encourage and provide opportunities for parents, staff, teachers, school administrators, students, nutrition service professionals and community members to serve as role models in practicing healthy eating and being physically active, both in the school environment and at home.
- (b) The district, to the extent possible, shall provide information and outreach materials about community food programs and other Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) programs such as Food Stamps, the Child Nutrition Program, and Women, Infants and Children (WIC) to students and parents.

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Students

STUDENT NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY (continued)

AR 5040 (d)

(c) Schools shall seek to limit commercial influence and exposure to advertising as it relates to nutrition, wellness and physical activity, consistent with Board policy and federal regulation.

Revised 4/20149/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

Note: This is not a required policy and may updated at the discretion of the Board.

The Board recognizes families provide early and ongoing education to their children, and a strong collaboration between families and schools will ensure students continue to receive the supports they need to thrive and be prepared in school and beyond. The board also believes that partnerships with parents, guardians, and families are an important part of the educational program. Current research indicates a home to school partnership and greater involvement on the part of parents and families in the education of their children generally result in higher achievement scores, improved student behavior and reduced absenteeism. All parents, guardians, family members and foster caregivers have clear and active roles to contribute to the education of their children or foster children. All students can be successful when schools and families partner in children's education.

The District is committed to promoting family engagement as an integral part of the educational experience. Through family engagement we will:

- 1. Establish a welcoming and inclusive environment that actively encourages family involvement in their child's education.
- 2. Foster effective communication and collaboration between families, schools, and the community to support student success.
- 3. Provide resources, training, and opportunities for families to enhance their capacity to support their child's learning and well-being.
- 4. Provide resources, training, and opportunities for school staff to enhance their capacity to engage in meaningful partnerships with families.
- 5. Recognize and respect the diverse cultures, backgrounds, and perspectives of all families in our district.

By implementing this Family Engagement Policy, the District aims to strengthen the partnership between parents, guardians, families, schools, and the community, ultimately enhancing student achievement and fostering a supportive educational environment.

In addition, building administrators/designees of schools receiving Title I funds will jointly develop with and distribute to parents of children participating in Title I programs a written parent and family involvement policy and guidelines that increases family interest in partnership and involvement. The requirements of the policy and guidelines are consistent with Federal and State law.

(cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

Created 9/2023

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED Students

FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

BP 5124.1

Note: This is not a required policy and may updated at the discretion of the Board.

The Board recognizes families provide early and ongoing education to their children, and a strong collaboration between families and schools will ensure students continue to receive the supports they need to thrive and be prepared in school and beyond. The board also believes that partnerships with parents, guardians, and families are an important part of the educational program. Current research indicates a home to school partnership and greater involvement on the part of parents and families in the education of their children generally result in higher achievement scores, improved student behavior and reduced absenteeism. All parents, guardians, family members and foster caregivers have clear and active roles to contribute to the education of their children or foster children. All students can be successful when schools and families partner in children's education.

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(cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

Created 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL

FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

Note: This is not a required administrative regulation and may be updated at the discretion of the Board.

The administration may train, support, and improve school and family partnership by integrating some of the following approaches:

Welcome and Inclusive Environment

- 1. Creating a welcoming and inclusive environment for parents, guardians, and families by providing clear and accessible information about school policies, programs, and activities;
- 2. supporting meaningful two-way communication between school and home that welcomes families into the school and learning environment;
- 3. hosting orientation events, open houses, and parent-teacher conferences to foster connections between parents, guardians, and families;
- 4. respecting and welcoming parents, guardians, and family members as partners in decisions affecting children and families, as well as visitors to the schools;
- 5. encouraging parents, guardians, and family members to be in the schools and help co-lead school-related activities;
- 6. encouraging school administrators to set expectations and create a climate conducive to parent, guardian, and family participation;

Communication and Collaboration

- 7. communicating with parents, guardians, and family members about Board policies and regulations, as well as how to navigate to them;
- 8. establishing multiple channels of communication to facilitate regular and meaningful dialogue between parents, guardians, families, and school staff, including newsletters, emails, school websites, social media, and other appropriate platforms;
- 9. providing parents, guardians, and families with timely and relevant information about their child's academic progress, attendance, and behavior. Progress reports, report cards, and parent teacher conferences will be utilized to maintain ongoing communication;
- 10. engaging in meaningful parent-teacher conferences to discuss student progress toward meeting academic content standards and other family learning goals, individual instructional needs and student welfare issues;
- 11. providing opportunities for parents, guardians, and families to engage in decision making processes, such as through family surveys, focus groups, and participation in school improvement planning will be provided;
- 12. expanding parent, guardian, and family involvement in decision-making through parent groups and Board and school advisory committees;

- 13. creating meaningful roles for parents, guardian, and family members to play in supporting, reinforcing, and assisting student learning;
- 14. promoting parent, guardian, family involvement in their child's learning through the provision of tools, strategies, and resources that families can use at home.
- 15. providing opportunities for parent, guardian, and family input in school programs and curriculum;
- 16. promoting the creation of authentic opportunities for families to support one another in school and with parenting that integrate the diverse knowledge, learning styles, and cultural backgrounds within the school community;
- 17. offering workshops, training sessions, and resources to support parents, guardians, and families in understanding the curriculum, effective parenting practices, and strategies to support their child's learning and well-being.
- 18. Collaborating with community organizations and agencies will be encouraged to provide additional support and resources for parents, guardians, and families, such as workshops on health and wellness, financial literacy, and college and career readiness.

School Staff Capacity

- 19. support meaningful roles for school staff in supporting and reinforcing meaningful partnerships with families;
- 20, supporting appropriate professional development opportunities that enable staff members to build stronger relationships and increase the effectiveness of school staff working on parent, guardian, and family involvement strategies;

Cultural Responsiveness

- 21. Striving to create an inclusive environment that celebrates and honors the cultural backgrounds, languages, and traditions of all families.
- 22. actively seeking input from parents, guardians, and families to inform culturally responsive teaching practices and curriculum development.
- 23. developing methods to accommodate and support parent, guardian, and family involvement for parents with special needs such as Special Education.
- 24. developing methods to accommodate and support parent, guardian, and family involvement for parents who are English Language Learners.
- 25. assessing the effectiveness of family and school partnership, including previously underserved parents, guardians, and families with special needs.

Monitoring and Evaluation

The effectiveness of this Family Engagement Policy will be periodically assessed and reviewed by the district. Feedback from parents, guardians, families, staff, and community members will be sought to identify areas of improvement and make necessary revisions to the policy.

FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

AR 5124.1

Note: This is not a required administrative regulation and may updated at the discretion of the Board.

The administration may train, support, and improve school and family partnership by integrating some of the following approaches:

Welcome and Inclusive Environment

- 1. Creating a welcoming and inclusive environment for parents, guardians, and families by providing clear and accessible information about school policies, programs, and activities:
- 2. supporting meaningful two-way communication between school and home that welcomes families into the school and learning environment;
- 3. hosting orientation events, open houses, and parent-teacher conferences to foster connections between parents, guardians, and families;
- 4. respecting and welcoming parents, guardians, and family members as partners in decisions affecting children and families, as well as visitors to the schools;
- 5. encouraging parents, guardians, and family members to be in the schools and help co-lead school-related activities;
- 6. encouraging school administrators to set expectations and create a climate conducive to parent, guardian, and family participation;

Communication and Collaboration

- 7. communicating with parents, guardians, and family members about Board policies and regulations, as well as how to navigate to them;
- 8. establishing multiple channels of communication to facilitate regular and meaningful dialogue between parents, guardians, families, and school staff, including newsletters, emails, school websites, social media, and other appropriate platforms;
- providing parents, guardians, and families with timely and relevant information about their child's academic progress, attendance, and behavior. Progress reports, report cards, and parent teacher conferences will be utilized to maintain ongoing communication;
- 10. engaging in meaningful parent-teacher conferences to discuss student progress toward meeting academic content standards and other family learning goals, individual instructional needs and student welfare issues;
- 11. providing opportunities for parents, guardians, and families to engage in decision making processes, such as through family surveys, focus groups, and participation in school improvement planning will be provided;
- 12. expanding parent, guardian, and family involvement in decision-making through parent groups and Board and school advisory committees;

Capacity Building

- 13. creating meaningful roles for parents, guardian, and family members to play in supporting, reinforcing, and assisting student learning;
- 14. promoting parent, guardian, family involvement in their child's learning through the provision of tools, strategies, and resources that families can use at home.
- 15. providing opportunities for parent, guardian, and family input in school programs and curriculum;
- 16. promoting the creation of authentic opportunities for families to support one another in school and with parenting that integrate the diverse knowledge, learning styles, and cultural backgrounds within the school community;
- 17. offering workshops, training sessions, and resources to support parents, guardians, and families in understanding the curriculum, effective parenting practices, and strategies to support their child's learning and well-being.
- 18. Collaborating with community organizations and agencies will be encouraged to provide additional support and resources for parents, guardians, and families, such as workshops on health and wellness, financial literacy, and college and career readiness.

School Staff Capacity

- 19. support meaningful roles for school staff in supporting and reinforcing meaningful partnerships with families;
- 20. supporting appropriate professional development opportunities that enable staff members to build stronger relationships and increase the effectiveness of school staff working on parent, guardian, and family involvement strategies;

Cultural Responsiveness

- 21. Striving to create an inclusive environment that celebrates and honors the cultural backgrounds, languages, and traditions of all families.
- 22. actively seeking input from parents, guardians, and families to inform culturally responsive teaching practices and curriculum development.
- 23. developing methods to accommodate and support parent, guardian, and family involvement for parents with special needs such as Special Education.
- 24. developing methods to accommodate and support parent, guardian, and family involvement for parents who are English Language Learners.
- 25. assessing the effectiveness of family and school partnership, including previously underserved parents, guardians, and families with special needs.

Monitoring and Evaluation

The effectiveness of this Family Engagement Policy will be periodically assessed and reviewed by the district. Feedback from parents, guardians, families, staff, and community members will be sought to identify areas of improvement and make necessary revisions to the policy.

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee
DISCARD WHEN FINISHED
Students

Revised 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

Students BP 5131.9

ACADEMIC HONESTY

The School Board believes that personal integrity is basic to all solid achievement. Students will reach their full potential only by being honest with themselves and with others.

The Board expects students to respect the educational purpose underlying all school activities. All students need to prove to themselves that they can do successful work as a result of their own efforts. The Board expects that students will not cheat, lie or plagiarize.

Each school shall provide an environment that encourages honesty. Students must know that their teachers will not ignore or condone cheating and that anyone discovered cheating will be penalized.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Added 10/96 Reviewed 04/2015 Reviewed 12/2021 Reviewed 11/2023

ACADEMIC HONESTY

BP 5131.9

Note: This optional policy may be revised or deleted as desired.

Academic honesty and personal integrity are foundational components of a student's education in both the process of learning, and individual character development.

The Board expects that students will be truthful in all academic endeavors, and likewise, experience the requisite honor of proving their capabilities to themselves and the world.

The learning community of students, parents/guardians, staff and administrators shall be responsible for creating and maintaining a positive school climate that encourages honesty.

The Board expects that students will not cheat, lie, plagiarize, or commit other acts of academic dishonesty. Students found to have committed an act of academic dishonesty shall be subject to district and school sanctions.

The Board recognizes that the advancement and availability of artificial intelligence/generative technology (AI/GT), means the learning community is very likely to utilize this new technology. Such use must meet the requirements of academic honesty and yet allow for its application as a new tool for instruction, critical thinking, exploration, and development of original thought and material. It is expected and required that use of AI/GT will be appropriately referenced and noted.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Revised 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Students

ACADEMIC HONESTY

BP 5131.9

Note: This optional policy may be revised or deleted as desired.

The School Board believes that personal integrity is basic to all solid achievement. Students will reach their full potential only by being honest with themselves and with others.

Academic honesty and personal integrity are foundational components of a student's education in both the process of learning, and individual character development.

The Board expects that will be truthful in all academic endeavors, and likewise, experience the requisite honor of proving their capabilities to themselves and the world, students to respect the educational purpose underlying all school activities. All students need to prove to themselves that they can do successful work as a result of their own efforts.

The learning community of students, parents/guardians, staff and administrators shall be responsible for creating and maintaining a positive school climate that encourages honesty.

The Board expects that students will not cheat, lie, or plagiarize, or commit other acts of academic dishonesty. Students found to have committed an act of academic dishonesty shall be subject to district and school sanctions.

The Board recognizes that the advancement and availability of artificial intelligence/generative technology (AI/GT), means the learning community is very likely to utilize this new technology. Such use must meet the requirements of academic honesty and yet allow for its application as a new tool for instruction, critical thinking, exploration, and development of original thought and material. It is expected and required that use of AI/GT will be appropriately referenced and noted.

Each school shall provide an environment that encourages honesty. Students must know that their teachers will not ignore or condone cheating and that anyone discovered cheating will be penalized.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Revised 9/2023

Note: This optional regulation may be revised or deleted as desired.

Our learning community believes that the school should maintain a climate in which honesty, integrity, and respect for self and others are highly valued. Cheating is an obstacle to achieving these goals. In any of its forms, and for whatever reason, cheating undermines the value of education. We believe in the importance of learning and personal progress, and to impress upon students that one's best efforts are always required in order to achieve one's greatest potential.

The advancement and availability of artificial intelligence/generative technology (AI/GT), means the learning community is very likely to utilize this new technology. Such use must meet the requirements of academic honesty and yet allow for its application as a new tool for instruction, critical thinking, exploration, and development of original thought and material. It is expected and required that use of AI/GT will be appropriately referenced and noted.

"Cheating is an obstacle to achieving these goals. Many factors lead to cheating, however, no reason makes cheating acceptable. In any of its forms, and for whatever reason cheating denies the value of education." - Visalia Unified

Definition of Academic Dishonesty:

Academic dishonesty includes but is not limited to cheating, plagiarism, falsifying records, using unauthorized materials or tools, and other forms of academic misconduct.

Responsibilities of Students:

Students are responsible for maintaining academic honesty in all aspects of their academic work. They must complete their own work without assistance unless otherwise directed by the teacher. They must also credit all sources used in their work, including written and online sources, and must not submit work that has been previously submitted for another course, unless expressly allowed by the teacher.

Responsibilities of Staff:

District administrative and teaching staff are responsible for educating students about academic honesty and for creating an environment that promotes academic integrity. They must clearly communicate expectations for assignments and assessments, and take steps to detect and deter academic dishonesty.

Consequences for Academic Dishonesty:

Academic dishonesty will not be tolerated and may result in disciplinary action, including but not limited to a lower grade on an assignment, a failing grade for the course, suspension, or expulsion. Repeat offenders may face more severe consequences.

Reporting Academic Dishonesty:

Students, teachers, and other members of the school community have a responsibility to report

incidents of academic dishonesty. Reports should be made to the teacher, a school administrator, or the district superintendent.

Educational Opportunities:

The district will provide educational opportunities to help students and staff understand the importance of academic honesty and develop the skills needed to avoid academic dishonesty. These opportunities may include workshops, seminars, and other educational resources.

In summary, academic honesty is a fundamental value of education and is critical for maintaining the integrity of the learning process. The district expects all students and staff to maintain academic honesty in all aspects of their academic work, and will take steps to detect and deter academic dishonesty. By following these guidelines, students and staff can contribute to a culture of academic integrity and ensure that the value of education is upheld.

Expanded Definitions

Deriving its root from the word honor, honesty is refraining from lying, cheating; being truthful, trustworthy or upright, sincere, straightforward and fair. The honest person is respected as one who is truthful and trustworthy. They are viewed as being of high moral character or integrity, and honor.

Cheating is defined as obtaining or providing any help on an assignment or test where the intent was that the student complete the assignment or test by himself/herself. The teacher's professional judgment will determine whether cheating has occurred. Students shall not give the instructor cause to consider their actions dishonest.

The following should be considered a sample list of types of cheating that may occur. It is not intended to be all inclusive or comprehensive.

- 1. Looking at someone else's paper during a test or quiz.
- 2. Unauthorized talking with another student during a test or quiz.
- 3. Using any unauthorized "cheat notes."
- 4. Allowing someone to see or use one's own or another's paper during a test or on any individual assignment.
- 5. Copying work assigned to be done independently or allowing someone else to copy one's own or another's work. Because individual teachers hold different expectations with regard to homework, it is up to the teacher to clarify their expectations to the students regarding individual assignments.
- 6. Copying sentences, phrases, or passages from an uncited source while writing a paper or doing research.
- 7. Giving or receiving any test information.

ACADEMIC HONESTY

AR 5131.9(c)

- 8. Submitting individual projects or assignments not wholly one's own, with or without the permission of the author. This may also include AI generated information and content downloaded from the internet without citing its source.
- 9. Fabrication or altering any information or lab data.

Tenets of our Academic Honesty Policy

To be considered when evaluating potential student infractions of the Academic Honesty Policy we strive to:

- Regard each student as an individual, deserving individual attention, consideration and respect.
- Consider the facts fully and carefully before resolving any case.
- Speak candidly and honestly to each student.
- Hold each student to a high standard of behavior, both to protect the integrity of our learning community, and to promote student moral development.
- Recognize the reality of human fallibility, as well as the stresses associated with life, and to demonstrate compassion, understanding, and a sense of humor.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Created 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Students

ACADEMIC HONESTY

BP 5131.9

Note: This optional policy may be revised or deleted as desired.

The School Board believes that personal integrity is basic to all solid achievement. Students will reach their full potential only by being honest with themselves and with others.

Academic honesty and personal integrity are foundational components of a student's education in both the process of learning, and individual character development.

The Board expects that will be truthful in all academic endeavors, and likewise, experience the requisite honor of proving their capabilities to themselves and the world. students to respect the educational purpose underlying all school activities. All students need to prove to themselves that they can do successful work as a result of their own efforts.

The learning community of students, parents/guardians, staff and administrators shall be responsible for creating and maintaining a positive school climate that encourages honesty.

The Board expects that students will not cheat, lie, or plagiarize, or commit other acts of academic dishonesty. Students found to have committed an act of academic dishonesty shall be subject to district and school sanctions.

The Board recognizes that the advancement and availability of artificial intelligence/generative technology (AI/GT), means the learning community is very likely to utilize this new technology. Such use must meet the requirements of academic honesty and yet allow for its application as a new tool for instruction, critical thinking, exploration, and development of original thought and material. It is expected and required that use of AI/GT will be appropriately referenced and noted.

Each school shall provide an environment that encourages honesty. Students must know that their teachers will not ignore or condone cheating and that anyone discovered cheating will be penalized.

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

Revised 9/2023

UNIFORM INVESTIGATIONS

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance and procedures for conducting fair, thorough, and consistent investigations within the District. This policy is designed to ensure the safety, well-being, and rights of all students, staff, and stakeholders involved in the investigative process. It aims to foster a safe and inclusive learning environment where concerns and allegations are taken seriously, investigated promptly, and resolved appropriately.

By implementing the Administrative Regulation associated with this uniform investigation policy, the district is committed to maintaining a safe, respectful, and inclusive learning environment for all. Through fair and thorough investigations, we strive to address concerns, promote accountability, and protect the rights and well-being of our students and staff.

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(cf. 5141.42 – Professional Boundaries of Staff with Students
(cf. 1312 – Public Complaints Concerning the Schools
(cf. 1312.3 – Public Complaints Concerning Discrimination
(cf. 4118 – Certificated Personnel – Suspension/Disciplinary Action
(cf. 4119.11 – All Personnel – Sexual Harassment
(cf. 4144/4244/4344 – Complaints
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This policy is designed to supplement and reinforce the mandatory reporting requirements of AS 47.17, the reporting requirements of AS 14.33.210, and the concepts of Professional Boundaries of Staff with Students. This policy is not designed to replace or impact investigations conducted by the Professional Teaching Practices Commission pursuant to AS 14.20.

The associated Administrative Regulation has been developed to assist school administrators when it is necessary to investigate complaints or allegations of misconduct against school staff, including volunteers. These investigations are referred to as administrative investigations.

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES

AS 14.20 Teacher and School Personnel
AS 40.25 Public Record Disclosure
AS 47.17 Child Protection
AS 14.33.210 Reporting of Incidents of Harassment, Intimidation, or Bullying

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

4 AAC 12.210 Reporting Instances of Prohibited Sexual Conduct 4 AAC 12.220 Failure to Report Instances of Prohibited Sexual Conduct 20 AAC 10.020(b)(4)(A) Code of Ethics and Teaching Standards 20 AAC 10.020(b)(4)(B) Code of Ethics and Teaching Standards

Created 9/2023

UNIFORM INVESTIGATIONS

BP 5141.43(a)

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Created 9/2023

It is essential to select an investigator free from any personal, professional, or financial conflicts of interest. The investigator must have the skills, knowledge, experience, and time to conduct an appropriate investigation. The investigator should be objective, thorough, ethical, professional, and capable as a writer.

The goal of an administrative investigation is to gather all reasonably available information involving the complaint or allegation. The information gathered must be analyzed to determine whether the complaint or allegation is factual.

If an investigation of allegations is determined to be warranted, then the investigating school administrator must determine what laws, regulations, and/or policies apply to the allegations. It is critical for the investigating school administrator to consult with District legal counsel at this stage. The result of an administrative investigation may be reduced to a comprehensive report of investigation which compiles all relevant statements and evidence obtained through the investigation.

School administrators need to be aware of employees' right to the presence of a union representative during investigatory meetings which could reasonably result in discipline of the employee. These are referred to as Weingarten rights. School administrators should refer to collective bargaining agreements for further details on employees' rights to representation during investigatory meetings.

- 1. Investigators must be impartial and have the ability to act independently. Investigators should also have the knowledge, skills, and experience to conduct an investigation.
- 2. An investigation should be conducted and completed in a timely manner, based upon the nature of the investigation.
- 3. An administrative investigation should be confidential and exempt from disclosure under the Public Records Act, AS 40.25.
- 4. School administrators should take steps to ensure the safety of students upon receipt of a complaint, including the potential removal of any school-based contact between student(s) and suspected employee(s).
- 5. Interviews should be conducted in a private setting. Interview questions should be planned in advance, but the interview should allow for a natural flow and follow up on areas. It is critical to allow the interviewee to fully understand and to fully answer questions, as well as offer additional information outside the scope of the interview questions.
- 6. If the interviews are being recorded, the interviewee should be properly advised. If the interviews are not being recorded, the interviewees should disclose whether or not they are recording the interview. If the interviews are not being recorded, the information provided by witnesses should be documented by the investigator.
- 7. Interviews should start with rapport building. Accusatory and intimidating tones should be avoided.
- 8. It is critical not to cut off witnesses. Silence between questions usually results in additional information.
- 9. At the close of interviews, ask variations of "is there anything else I have not asked you which you believe would be relevant to this investigation?"

UNIFORM INVESTIGATIONS

- 10. Interviewees should be encouraged to report any retaliation and/or any attempts to influence witnesses.
- 11. Interviewees should be advised the investigation, including the interview and the interview questions are confidential and should remain so.
- 12. Interviewees should be provided with contact information of the investigator to provide additional information and/or to report any retaliation.
- 13. Investigators must analyze interviews for credibility, or determining whether witnesses were believable. Investigators should consider whether a witness was motivated to lie, has a history of lying, or showed signs of lying. Investigators should also consider if there is evidence that corroborates witness statements.
- 14. Investigators should collect, analyze, document and secure physical and digital evidence. For example, class schedules, seating charts, attendance records, student disciplinary records, personnel records, social media posts, digital images and/or video, emails, text messages, and any other reliable evidence.
- 15. Investigators must then reach a conclusion, and document that conclusion in a written report. The investigation report should include the allegations, the investigation plan, list of evidence collected, factual findings, and recommendations, if requested.
- 16. The applicable standard of proof for the investigation is an issue that should be discussed with the District's attorney. Depending on the nature of the allegations, the standard of proof could be substantial evidence or preponderance of evidence.
- 17. The investigation report is confidential and should not be shared with the public. School administrators should develop a communications plan following the conclusion of the investigation.

Created 9/2023

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Students

UNIFORM INVESTIGATIONS

AR 5141.43(a)

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UNIFORM INVESTIGATIONS

AR 5141.43(b)

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Created 9/2023

Note: The following policy may be revised to reflect a local school board's goals and objectives for student achievement. Effective 2014, if a school or subgroup does not meet the four-year or five-year graduation rate, it may qualify for an alternative graduation rate. If 10 or fewer students, after approved adjustments, enrolled in the ninth grade four or five years earlier, then the target graduation rates are satisfied if all but one of those students graduate. The subgroups are identified at 4 AAC 06.830 as follows: 1) students with limited English proficiency; 2) students with disabilities; 3) economically disadvantaged students; 4) African-Americans; 5) Alaska Native and American Indians; 6) students of two or more races; 7) Asians or Pacific Islanders; 8) Hispanics; and 9) whites.

Student Achievement

The School Board recognizes that the key work of school boards is to establish and promote a clear vision of student achievement as the top priority of the district. Student achievement will be defined by the district and include but not be limited to, assessment results, student attendance and drop-out rates, graduation rates, and percentages of students earning certificates of completion and diplomas.

The School Board recognizes that student achievement cannot occur if students do not regularly attend school. For this reason, the School Board sets a target date of ____[insert year] to achieve an attendance rate of 95% or better for the district's schools and its students.

Graduation represents the culmination of a student's achievement in the district. The School Board believes that all student have the potential to graduate. The Board sets a target date of ____ [insert year] to achieve a graduation rate of 90% or better for the district's schools and its students.

The superintendent will ensure development and implementation of a comprehensive, collaborative planning process that engages the school community in the district's continuous student achievement improvement program efforts to achieve the district's vision and mission.

The district's program will be consistent with the Alaska Department of Education and Early Development requirements for content standards and high school graduation.

The School Board will, in striving for continuous improvement of student achievement, annually review district and individual school data on student achievement, prioritize, allocate and realign resources as necessary.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations as needed to implement this policy.

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(cf. 0100 – Philosophy)
(cf. 0210 – Goals for Student Learning)
(cf. 0500 – Review and Evaluation)
(cf. 5000 – Concepts and Roles)
(cf. 6000 – Concepts and Roles)
(cf. 9000 – Role of School Board and Members)
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Legal Reference (see next page):

Instruction

Legal Reference:

<u>ALASKA STATUTES</u>
14.03.075 College and career readiness assessment; retroactive issuance of diploma

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

4AAC 04.140 Content standards

4 AAC 06.825 Graduation and attendance rates

Revised 9/2023

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Instruction

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

BP 6010(a)

Note: The following policy may be revised to reflect a local school board's goals and objectives for student achievement. However, Alaska regulation 4 AAC 06.825 requires school districts to set target dates for a graduation rate of 90% or better, and an attendance rate of 95% or better. Effective 2014, if a school or subgroup does not meet the four-year or five-year graduation rate, it may qualify for an alternative graduation rate. If 10 or fewer students, after approved adjustments, enrolled in the ninth grade four or five years earlier, then the target graduation rates are satisfied if all but one of those students graduate. The subgroups are identified at 4 AAC 06.830 as follows: 1) students with limited English proficiency; 2) students with disabilities; 3) economically disadvantaged students; 4) African-Americans; 5) Alaska Native and American Indians; 6) students of two or more races; 7) Asians or Pacific Islanders; 8) Hispanics; and 9) whites.

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(cf. 0100 – Philosophy)

(cf. 0210 - Goals for Student Learning)

(cf. 0500 - Review and Evaluation)

(cf. 5000 - Concepts and Roles)

(cf. 6000 - Concepts and Roles)

(cf. 9000 - Role of School Board and Members)

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Instruction

Legal Reference (see next page):

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES (continued)

BP 6010(b)

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES
14.03.075 College and career readiness assessment; retroactive issuance of diploma

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

4AAC 04.140 Content standards

4 AAC 06.825 Graduation and attendance rates

Revised 3/20169/2023

BP 6112

SCHOOL DAY

The Superintendent shall fix the length of the school day subject to the provisions of law and negotiated agreements.

The school day shall be arranged and scheduled by the administration so as to offer the greatest return educationally for the time spent, within the limitations of school facilities and requirements of state law and regulations.

Legal Reference:

<u>ALASKA STATUTES</u>
14.03.40 Day in session

Reviewed 12/2019 Reviewed 5/22 Reviewed 11/2023 SCHOOL DAY BP 6112

Note: Pursuant to AS 14.03.040, the school board may approve Saturday as a day in session. The following sample policy may be revised or deleted to reflect district philosophy and needs.

The School Board shall fix the length of the school day subject to the provisions of law.

The school day shall be arranged and scheduled by the administration so as to offer the greatest return educationally for the time spent, within the limitations of school facilities and requirements of state law and regulations.

A school that offers kindergarten shall provide a kindergarten day in session that consists of at least two hours of instructional time. A kindergarten student who attends school for less than four hours per day, exclusive of intermissions, will be counted for funding purposes under 4 AAC 09.040, Counting of correspondence students and part-time public school students.

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES
14.03.40 Day in session

ALASKA REGULATIONS
4 AAC 05.100 Kindergarten day in session
4 AAC 09.040 Counting of correspondence students and part-time public school students

Revised 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Students

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Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES
14.03.40 Day in session

ALASKA REGULATIONS

4 AAC 05.100 Kindergarten day in session

4 AAC 09.040 Counting of correspondence students and part-time public school students

Revised 9/2023

ALASKA READS ACT INTERVENTION PROGRAMS

Note: The purpose of this policy is to implement the intervention programs set forth in the Alaska Reads Act, HB 114.

The Superintendent shall coordinate the establishment of a District-wide reading intervention program in accordance with AS 14.30.765. The services provided under this program must, to the extent practicable:

- 1. Be provided by a district reading teacher, or paraprofessional under the supervision of a reading teacher, to all students in grades kindergarten through three who are determined to have a reading deficiency based on the statewide screening tool provided by the Department.
- 2. Provide explicit and systematic instruction in phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary development, reading fluency, oral language skills, and reading comprehension, as necessary.
- 3. Use evidence-based reading intervention methods that have shown proven results in accelerating student reading achievement within a single school year.
- 4. Include instruction with detailed explanations, extensive opportunities for guided practice, and opportunities for error correction and feedback.
- 5. Incorporate daily targeted small group reading instruction based on student needs, either in person or online.
- 6. Monitor the reading progress of each student's reading skills throughout the school year and adjust instruction according to student needs.
- 7. Be implemented during regular school hours through any available method, including in person or through online delivery by teachers or specialty reading coaches.
- 8. Be implemented outside of regular school hours, as directed in the student's individual reading improvement plan, for a student who scores at the lowest achievement level on the statewide screening tool.
- 9. Be reviewed based on a department-approved response to intervention or multi-tiered system support models, addressing additional support and services needed to remedy identified needs.
- 10. Support reading intervention at home by parents or guardians by offering a list of adult literacy resources and organizations, providing opportunities for parent or guardian participation in training workshops, and encouraging regular parent or guardian-guided home reading activities.

Individual Reading Improvement Plans

The District shall provide each student in grades kindergarten through three who is determined to have a reading deficiency based on the statewide screening tool an individual reading improvement plan. This plan must be in accordance with the provisions set forth in AS 14.30.765(b).

Notice Requirements

If at any time during the school year a student in grades kindergarten through three demonstrates a reading deficiency, a District representative shall notify the student's parent or guardian. This notification must be not later 15 days after identification of the reading deficiency and include the information described in AS 14.30.765(c).

Instruction

Progression

Students identified with a reading deficiency shall progress through grades as set forth under AS 14.30.765(d) - (m).

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES

AS 14.30.760 Statewide screening and support

AS 14.30.765 Reading intervention services and strategies; progression

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

- 4 AAC 06.400 Statewide literacy screening and support
- 4 AAC 06.405 Reading intervention services and strategies
- 4 AAC 06.410 Individual reading improvement plan
- 4 AAC 06.415 Student Progression
- 4 AAC 06.490 Definitions

Created 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

ALASKA READS ACT INTERVENTION PROGRAMS

BP 6147

Note: The purpose of this policy is to implement the intervention programs set forth in the Alaska Reads Act, HB 114.

The Superintendent shall coordinate the establishment of a District-wide reading intervention program in accordance with AS 14.30.765. The services provided under this program must, to the extent practicable:

- 1. Be provided by a district reading teacher, or paraprofessional under the supervision of a reading teacher, to all students in grades kindergarten through three who are determined to have a reading deficiency based on the statewide screening tool provided by the Department.
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WORKSHI	EETS	for the	district	policy	committee
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Students					

ALASKA READS ACT INTERVENTION PROGRAMS

BP 6147(b)

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Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES

AS 14.30.760 Statewide screening and support

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ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

4 AAC 06.400 Statewide literacy screening and support

4 AAC 06.405 Reading intervention services and strategies

4 AAC 06.410 Individual reading improvement plan

4 AAC 06.415 Student Progression

4 AAC 06.490 Definitions

Created 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL

EARLY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

Note: The purpose of this policy is to implement early education programs established by the Alaska Reads Act, HB 114. Early education programs are voluntary, and grant funds can be used to either develop a Pre-K program or improve upon an existing program.

The Superintendent, in consideration of appropriate District need, may seek a grant for an early education program under AS 14.03.410 and 4 AAC 60.200. Before applying for a grant, the District shall, to avoid duplicate programs and facilitate resource sharing to improve early education within the district, consult with each local and tribal head start program within the district's boundaries. The Superintendent must ensure that the District has the resources and intent to create an early education program.

The District-wide early education program must:

- 1. Adopt an evidence-based program of learning.
- 2. Have a certificated teacher in charge of the program.
- 3. Implement the guidelines for an early education program described in the department's *State of Alaska Early Learning Guidelines* under 4 AAC 60.170.
- 4. Have a minimum day in session of two hours per day, five days per week.
- 5. Accommodate the early education needs of district children and their families, regardless of socioeconomic circumstances.

The District shall provide an annual ADM assurances report regarding its early education program in a format prescribed by the Department of Education and Early Development.

During the grant period, a school district that receives a grant award under 4 AAC 60.200 must demonstrate progress towards meeting or exceeding the standards for a high quality early education program under AS 14.07.165(a)(5) and 4 AAC 60.190 by complying with the department's grant reporting requirements and submitting a year-end report to the department.

The District's early education program must also comply with the requirements under 4 AAC 60.205.

Legal References:

ALASKA STATUTES

AS 14.03.410 Early education programs; grants

ALASKA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

- 4 AAC 60.190 High quality early education program standards
- 4 AAC 60.195 District accountability; revocation of approval of district-wide early education program
- 4 AAC 60.20 District-wide early education program grants; applications; duration; award determinations
- 4 AAC 60.205 District-wide early education program grant recipient obligations
- 4 AAC 60.210 Criteria for inclusion of district-wide early education program students within a district's ADM

Instruction

4 AAC 60.990 Definitions

Created 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL 9/92

EARLY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

BP 6148

Note: The purpose of this policy is to implement early education programs established by the Alaska Reads Act, HB 114. Early education programs are voluntary, and grant funds can be used to either develop a Pre-K program or improve upon an existing program.

The Superintendent, in consideration of appropriate District need, may seek a grant for an early education program under AS 14.03.410 and 4 AAC 60.200. Before applying for a grant, the District shall, to avoid duplicate programs and facilitate resource sharing to improve early education within the district, consult with each local and tribal head start program within the district's boundaries. The Superintendent must ensure that the District has the resources and intent to create an early education program.

The District-wide early education program must:

district's ADM

- 1. Adopt an evidence-based program of learning.
- 2. Have a certificated teacher in charge of the program.
- 3. Implement the guidelines for an early education program described in the department's State of Alaska Early Learning Guidelines under 4 AAC 60.170.
- 4. Have a minimum day in session of two hours per day, five days per week.
- 5. Accommodate the early education needs of district children and their families, regardless of socioeconomic circumstances.

The District shall provide an annual ADM assurances report regarding its early education program in a format prescribed by the Department of Education and Early Development.

During the grant period, a school district that receives a grant award under 4 AAC 60.200 must demonstrate progress towards meeting or exceeding the standards for a high quality early education program under AS 14.07.165(a)(5) and 4 AAC 60.190 by complying with the department's grant reporting requirements and submitting a year-end report to the department.

The District's early education program must also comply with the requirements under 4 AAC 60.205.

Legal Reference	<u>5′</u>
ALASK	A STATUTES
_	AS 14.03.410 Early education programs; grants
ALASK	A ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
7.00	4 AAC 60.190 High quality early education program standards
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WORKSH	EETS	for the	district	policy	committee
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EARLY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

BP 6148(b)

4 AAC 60.990 Definitions

Created 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL

9/92

BOARD MEMBERS
BB 9200(a)

Note: The following sample bylaw may be revised to reflect district philosophy and needs.

Limits of Board Members Authority

The School Board has broad but clearly limited powers. The exercise of its authority is restricted to the functions required or permitted by law, and then only when it acts in a legally constituted meeting. Board members have authority only in regularly called meetings of the Board, or when delegated specific tasks by Board action.

The Board is the unit of authority. The Board member is a part of the governing body which represents and acts for the community as a whole. Apart from the normal function as part of the unit, the Board member has no individual authority. No individual member of the Board, by virtue of holding office, shall exercise any administrative responsibility with respect to the schools; nor, as an individual, command the services of any school employee. Individually, the Board member may not commit the district to any policy, act or expenditure.

Optional:

School visits by Board members are encouraged. Principals should receive a courtesy call in advance of a visit. Board members, as with all visitors, must check in with the school office. Board members who visit schools of their own volition have no more authority than any other citizen.

(cf. 1250 - Visits to the Schools)

Note: The following is an optional process for Board members to make information requests.

Board Member Requests for Information

Board members should make informed decisions on matters before them for a vote. The Superintendent or designee is responsible for providing the Board with relevant materials to inform the Board on those matters on which it is to act. If Board members desire further information, a request for information shall be directed to the Superintendent, pursuant to the following guidelines:

- 1. Requests for simple facts. Any Board member may make a request for simple facts to the Superintendent who will forward the request to the appropriate staff member. All responses to requests for simple facts will be provided to the requesting Board member, and copied to the Board President.
- 2. Requests for reports, research, administrative studies, detailed information, or for information relating to a problem or a potential problem in the District. Some information requests require significant administrative time and explanation to provide the requested response. Individual Board members shall submit such requests to the full Board for

BOARD MEMBERS (continued)

BB 9200(b)

consideration. Upon [concurrence of the other board members/majority request of the Board], the request shall then be forwarded to the Superintendent for response.

3. Complaints regarding personnel. Board members may have their own complaints regarding District personnel or may hear such complaints from the community. These concerns should be privately communicated to the Superintendent.

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(cf. 6162.8 - Research)
(cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)
(AR 1312.1 Complaints Concerning School Personnel)
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Obligations of Members

Members of the Board must endeavor to attend all meetings, study all materials presented with the agenda prior to attending the meeting, participate in the discussion of any items which come before the Board, and vote on all motions and resolutions, abstaining only for compelling reasons. If no compelling reason requires abstention, members of the Board shall not abstain.

The Board member should not subordinate the education of children and youth to any partisan principle, group interest, or the member's own personal interest.

The Board member should be prepared and willing to devote a sufficient amount of time to the study of the problems of education in the district, the state, and the nation in order to interpret them to the people of the district.

(cf. 9230 - Meetings)

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES
14.14.140 Restrictions on employment

Adopted AASB 6/22 Revised 2/2023 Reviewed 11/2023 BOARD MEMBERS BB 9200(a)

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BOARD MEMBERS (continued)

BB 9200(b)

- 3. Complaints regarding personnel. Board members may have their own complaints regarding District personnel. These concerns should be privately communicated to the Superintendent.
- 4. When Board members receive complaints or requests for action from staff, students or members of the public, the Board members will direct the staff, students, members of the public to the appropriate complaint policy. Such information will be conveyed to the superintendent.
- 5. Requests for legal advice or opinions by a Board member that will incur a cost for the district must be approved by a majority vote of the Board before the request is made to legal counsel. Legal counsel is responsible to the Board.

(cf. 6162.8 - Research) (cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)

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(cf. 9230 - Meetings)

Legal Reference:

ALASKA STATUTES
14.14.140 Restrictions on employment

Revised 9/2023

AASB POLICY REFERENCE MANUAL

9/92

WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Bylaws of the Board **BOARD MEMBERS**

BB 9200(a)

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WORKSHEETS for the district policy committee: DISCARD WHEN FINISHED

Bylaws of the Board

BOARD MEMBERS (continued)

BB 9200(b)

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(cf. 9230 - Meetings)

Legal Reference:

<u>ALASKA STATUTES</u>

14.14.140 Restrictions on employment

Revised 4/20229/2023