

OSBA Model Sample Policy

Code: GCBDD/GDBDD

Adopted:

Sick Time *

{The recommendation for highly recommended comes from the requirement for schools to implement a sick time policy (ORS 653.606) and provide notice to employees of sick time policies and procedures. Many districts bargain aspects of this leave; policy language should not conflict with language in collective bargaining agreements.}

“Employee” means an individual who renders personal services at a fixed rate to the district if the district either pays or agrees to pay for personal services or permits the individual to perform personal services. The definition does not include volunteers or independent contractors.

Employees qualify to begin earning and accruing sick time on the first day of employment with the district and are eligible to use sick time beginning on the 91st calendar day of employment with the district and may use sick time as it is accrued.

The district employs ^{1} 10 or more employees and therefore shall allow an eligible employee to access up to 40 hours of paid sick time per year. Paid sick time shall accrue at the rate of at least one hour of paid sick time for every 30 hours the employee works, or 1-1/3 hours for every 40 hours the employee works.

OR

The employee may carry up to 40 hours of unused sick time from one year to the subsequent year. ^{2} An employee is limited to using no more than 40 hours of sick time in a year.

Sick time shall be taken in hourly increments and may be used for the employee’s or a family member’s³ mental or physical illness, injury or health condition, need for medical diagnosis, care or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition or need for preventive care, or for reasons consistent with qualifying Family Medical Leave (FMLA), Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance (PFMLI) or Oregon Family Leave (OFLA). Sick time may also be used in the event of a public health emergency or for leave to address domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, bias, or stalking under ORS 659A.272. When sick time is used to care for, or to deal with the death of, an individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with the district employee is the equivalent of a family relationship, the district requires an attestation form signed and submitted by the employee.

The use of sick time may not lead to, or result in, an adverse employment action against the employee.

¹ {If the district is located in a city with a population exceeding 500,000, the threshold is whether the district employs at least six employees working anywhere in this state.}

² {If the district chooses to limit the accrual or usage, the district must choose language in the bracketed sentence and keep this sentence in policy. The application of these limits need not be applied to employers with less than 10 employees and who front-load at least 40 hours of unpaid sick time or unpaid time off at the beginning of each year used to calculate the accrual and usage of sick time or time off. (ORS 653.606 (1)(d))}

³ “Family member” is defined in OAR 839-007-0000.

The district reserves the right, after three consecutive ~~scheduled workdays~~ absences, to require verification or certification in accordance with law of the need for the sick time, including a medical verification or certification⁴ paid for by the district. If an employee fails to provide verification or certification or fails to provide other evidence as required by the district, the employee shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

When the reason for sick time is consistent with FMLA, PFMLI or OFLA leave, sick time leave and qualifying FMLA, PFMLI or OFLA leave may run concurrently.

When the reason for sick time is consistent with ORS 332.507, sick time leave and leave pursuant to ORS 332.507 may run concurrently.

If the reason for sick time is a foreseeable absence, the district requires an employee to provide advance notice of the intention to use sick time ^{⁵} within 10 days ~~prior to when~~ of when the requested sick time is to begin or as soon as otherwise practicable. When an employee uses sick time for a foreseeable absence, the employee shall take reasonable effort to schedule the sick time in a manner that does not unduly disrupt the operations of the district (e.g., grading deadlines, inservice training, mandatory meetings). The district may discipline an employee if the employee fails to make a reasonable effort to schedule leave in a manner that does not unduly disrupt the operations of the district.

If the reason for sick time is unforeseeable, such as an emergency, accident or sudden illness, the employee shall notify the district at least 24 hours in advance as soon as practicable.

The district may discipline an employee for violating workplace policies and procedures if the employee fails to provide notice as required.

The district shall establish a standard process to track the eligibility for sick time of a substitute.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.507](#)
[ORS 342.545](#)

[ORS 342.610](#)
[ORS 653.601 - 653.661](#)

[ORS 659A.150 - 659A.186](#)
[OAR 839-007-0020 - 0065](#)

Americans with Disabilities Act/Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2023); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2023).

Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601-2654 (2018); Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 C.F.R. Part 825 (2023).

⁴ In the case of need for leave under ORS 659A.272, the district may not require the verification or certification to explain the nature of the illness or details related to the domestic violence, sexual assault, harassment, bias, or stalking, which necessitates the use of sick time.

⁵ {ORS 653.621(3): "...not to exceed 10 days"}