

## 417 CHEMICAL USE AND ABUSE

### I. PURPOSE

The school board of Independent Public School District No. 182, Crosby-Ironton School District recognizes that chemical use and abuse constitutes a grave threat to the physical and mental well-being of students and employees and significantly impedes the learning process. Chemical use and abuse also creates significant problems for society in general. The school board believes that the public school has a role in education, intervention, and prevention of chemical use and abuse. The purpose of this policy is to assist the School District in its goal to prevent chemical use and abuse by providing procedures for education and intervention.

### II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. Use ~~or possession~~ of controlled substances, toxic substances, ~~medical cannabis~~, and alcohol ~~before, during, or after school hours, at school or in any other school location~~, is prohibited in the school setting in accordance with Crosby-Ironton School District policies with respect to a Drug-Free Workplace/Drug-Free School.
- B. ~~It is the policy of~~ The Crosby-Ironton School District ~~shall develop, implement, and evaluate comprehensive programs and activities that foster safe, healthy, supportive, and drug-free environments that support student academic achievement.~~ ~~to provide an instructional program in every elementary and secondary school in chemical abuse and the prevention of chemical dependency.~~
- C. The Crosby-Ironton School District shall establish and maintain in every school a chemical abuse preassessment team. The team is responsible for addressing reports of chemical abuse problems and making recommendations for appropriate responses to the individual reported cases.
- D. ~~The superintendent, with the advice of the school board, shall be responsible for establishing a school and community advisory team to address chemical abuse problems in the district.~~
- D E. The Crosby-Ironton School District shall establish ~~a drug-free awareness program for its employees.~~ ~~and maintain a program to educate and assist employees, students and others in understanding this policy and the goals of achieving drug-free schools and workplaces.~~

~~*[Note: Comprehensive drug prevention programs are required to be adopted and carried out by school districts pursuant to the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994. In addition, school districts are required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 to establish drug-free awareness programs for school district employees. Further, state law authorizes school districts to provide instructional programs in chemical abuse and the prevention of chemical dependency.]*~~

***[Note: School districts are required to establish a drug-free awareness program for school district employees pursuant to the Drug-Free Workplace Act. In addition, state law requires that the written districtwide school discipline policy must include procedures for detecting and addressing chemical abuse problems of a student while on the school premises. Further, school districts are required to develop, implement, and evaluate comprehensive programs and activities that foster safe, healthy, supportive, and drug-free environments that support student academic achievement if receiving funding under the federal Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants law.]***

### III. DEFINITIONS

- A. “Chemical abuse” as applied to students, means use of any psychoactive or mood-altering chemical substance, without compelling medical reason, in a manner that induces mental, emotional, or physical impairment and causes socially dysfunctional or socially disordering behavior, to the extent that the minor’s student’s normal function in academic, school, or social activities is chronically impaired.
- B. “Chemicals” includes but is not limited to alcohol, toxic substances, and controlled substances as defined in the school district’s Drug-Free Workplace/Drug-Free School policy.  
“Controlled substances,” as applied to the chemical abuse assessment of students, means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of Minnesota Statutes section 152.02 and “marijuana” as defined in Minnesota Statutes section 152.01, subdivision 9 but not distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, intoxicating liquors or tobacco. As otherwise defined in this policy, “controlled substances” include narcotic drugs, hallucinogenic drugs, amphetamines, barbiturates, marijuana, anabolic steroids, or any other controlled substance as defined in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 United States Code section 812, including analogues and look-alike drugs.
- C. “Use” includes to sell, buy manufacture, distribute, dispense, use, or be under the influence of alcohol and/or controlled substances, whether or not for the purpose of receiving remuneration.  
“Drug prevention” means prevention, early intervention, rehabilitation referral, recovery support services, or education related to the illegal use of drugs, such as raising awareness about the consequences of drug use that are evidence based.

- D. ~~“School location” includes any school building or on any school premises; on any school-owned vehicle or in any other school-approved vehicle used to transport students to and from school or school activities; off school property at any school-sponsored or school-approved activity, event, or function, such as a field trip or athletic event, where students are under the jurisdiction of the school district; or during any period of time such employee is supervising students on behalf of the school district or otherwise engaged in school district business.~~  
“Teacher” means all persons employed in a public school or education district or by a service cooperative as members of the instructional, supervisory, and support staff including superintendents, principals, supervisors, secondary vocational and other classroom teachers, librarians, counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audio-visual directors and coordinators, recreation personnel, media generalists, media supervisors, and speech therapists.

#### IV. STUDENTS

##### A. ~~Instruction.~~

1. ~~Every school shall provide an instructional program in chemical abuse and the prevention of chemical dependency. The school district may involve parents, students, health care professionals, state department staff, and members of the community in developing the curriculum.~~

*[Note: The Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 requires school districts to adopt and carry out a comprehensive drug and violence prevention program with funds received. Since a comprehensive drug prevention program is required and a school district is specifically authorized by state law to provide instructional programs in chemical abuse and the prevention of chemical dependency, this should be a component of each school district's mandatory program. In addition, the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act specifies additional items which may be included as part of the mandatory comprehensive drug prevention program. The suggested items relating to student instruction or training are detailed in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 through 6, below and a school district may wish to adopt one or all of the listed components as part of its mandatory program.]*

2. ~~Each school shall have age-appropriate, developmentally based activities that:~~
- ~~a. address the consequences of violence and the illegal use of drugs, as appropriate;~~
  - ~~b. promote a sense of individual responsibility;~~
  - ~~c. teach students that most people do not illegally use drugs;~~

- ~~\_\_\_\_\_ d. \_\_\_\_\_ teach students to recognize social and peer pressure to use drugs  
\_\_\_\_\_ illegally and the skills for resisting illegal drug use;~~
- ~~\_\_\_\_\_ e. \_\_\_\_\_ teach students about the dangers of emerging drugs;  
\_\_\_\_\_~~
- ~~\_\_\_\_\_ f. \_\_\_\_\_ engage students in the learning process; and  
  
g. \_\_\_\_\_ incorporate activities in secondary schools that reinforce prevention  
activities implemented in elementary schools.~~
- ~~3. \_\_\_\_\_ Each school shall have activities that involve families, community sectors  
(which may include appropriately trained seniors), and a variety of drug and  
violence prevention providers in setting clear expectations against violence  
and illegal use of drugs and appropriate consequences for violence and  
illegal use of drugs~~
- ~~4. \_\_\_\_\_ Each school shall disseminate drug and violence prevention information  
within the school and to the community.~~
- ~~5. \_\_\_\_\_ Each school shall have professional development and training for, and  
involvement of, school personnel, student services personnel, parents, and  
interested community members in prevention, education, early  
identification and intervention, mentoring, or rehabilitation referral, as  
related to drug and violence prevention.~~
- ~~6. \_\_\_\_\_ Each school shall have drug and violence prevention activities that may  
include the following:
  - ~~a. \_\_\_\_\_ Community wide planning and organizing activities to reduce  
violence and illegal drug use, which may include gang activity  
prevention.~~
  - ~~b. \_\_\_\_\_ The hiring and mandatory training, based on scientific research, of  
school security personnel who interact with students in support of  
youth drug and violence prevention activities under this policy that  
are implemented in the school.~~
  - ~~c. \_\_\_\_\_ Conflict resolution programs, including peer mediation programs  
that educate and train peer mediators and a designated faculty  
supervisor, and youth anti-crime and anti-drug councils and  
activities.~~
  - ~~d. \_\_\_\_\_ Counseling, mentoring, referral services, and other student  
assistance practices and programs, including assistance provided by  
qualified school-based mental health services providers and the  
training of teachers by school-based mental health services  
providers in appropriate identification and intervention techniques~~~~

for students at risk of violent behavior and illegal use of drugs.

- e. ~~Programs that encourage students to seek advice from, and to confide in, a trusted adult regarding concerns about violence and illegal drug use.~~

**A. Districtwide School Discipline Policy**

Procedures for detecting and addressing chemical abuse problems of a student while on school premises are included in the districtwide school student discipline policy.

**B. Programs and Activities**

1. The school district shall develop, implement, and evaluate comprehensive programs and activities that foster safe, healthy, supportive, and drug-free environments that support student academic achievements. The programs and activities may include, among other programs and activities, drug prevention activities and programs that may be evidence based, including programs to educate students against the use of alcohol, tobacco, marijuana, smokeless tobacco products, and electronic cigarettes.
2. As part of its drug-free programs, the school district may implement the drug abuse resistance education program (DARE) that enables peace officers to undergo the training to teach a curriculum on drug abuse resistance in schools.

**C B. Reports of Use, Possession or Transfer of Alcohol or a Controlled Substance Chemical Use and Abuse.**

1. ~~In the event that a school district employee knows that a student is abusing, possessing, transferring, distributing or selling chemicals in a school location:~~
  - a. ~~The employee shall immediately either take the student to an administrator or notify an appropriate administrator of the observation and continue to observe the student until the administrator arrives.~~
  - b. ~~The administrator will notify the student's parents. If there is a medical emergency, the administrator will notify the school nurse and/or outside medical personnel as appropriate.~~
  - c. ~~The administrator will notify law enforcement officials, the student's counselor, and the chemical preassessment team.~~

- d. ~~The administrator and/or law enforcement officials will confiscate the chemicals and/or conduct a search of the student's person, effects, locker, vehicle, or areas within the student's control. Searches by school district officials shall be in accordance with school board policies regarding search and seizure.~~
  - e. ~~The school district will take appropriate disciplinary action in compliance with the student discipline code. Such discipline may include immediate suspension, initiation of expulsion proceedings, and/or referral to a detoxification center or medical center.~~
2. ~~If a school district employee has reason to believe that a student is abusing, possessing, transferring, distributing or selling chemicals:~~
- a. ~~The employee shall notify the building administrator or a member of the preassessment team and shall describe the basis for the suspicion. The building administrator and/or team will determine what action should be taken. Action may include conducting an investigation, gathering data, scheduling a conference with the student or parents, or providing a meeting between a single member of the team and the student to discuss the behaviors that have been reported and attempting to ascertain facts regarding chemical abuse.~~
  - b. ~~The team may determine there is no chemical abuse. If the team determines there is chemical abuse, the team will select an appropriate course of action, which may include referral to a school counselor; referral to a treatment program; referral for screening, assessment, and treatment planning; participation in support groups; or other appropriate measures.~~
1. A teacher in a nonpublic school participating in a school district chemical use program, or a public school teacher, who knows or has reason to believe that a student is using, possessing, or transferring alcohol or a controlled substance while on the school premises or involved in school-related activities, shall immediately notify the school's chemical abuse preassessment team, or staff member assigned duties similar to those of such a team, of this information.

***[Note: School districts are not required to participate in a chemical abuse program or establish a chemical abuse preassessment team pursuant to state law. Schools are required to have procedures for detecting student chemical abuse and can obtain federal funding if they establish drug prevention, detection, intervention, and recovery support services. Thus, it is recommended that schools establish these programs and activities. For those schools that do not establish a chemical abuse preassessment team, those obligations could be assigned to a specified staff member such a school counselor or administrator.]***

2. Students involved in the abuse, possession, transfer, distribution or sale of chemicals shall be suspended in compliance with the student discipline policy and the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §121A.40-121A.56, and proposed for expulsion.
3. Searches by school district officials in connection with the abuse, possession, transfer, distribution or sale of chemicals will be conducted in accordance with school board policies related to search and seizure.
4. Nothing in paragraph IV.B.1. prevents a teacher or any other school employee from reporting to a law enforcement agency any violation of law occurring on school premises or at school sponsored events.

**D C.** Preassessment Team.

1. Every school shall have a chemical abuse preassessment team designated by the superintendent or designee. The team will be composed of classroom teachers, administrators, and ~~other appropriate professional staff~~ to the extent they exist in each **the** school, ~~such as the~~ school nurse, school counselor or psychologist, social worker, chemical abuse specialist, ~~or others~~ and other appropriate professional staff. **For schools that do not have a chemical abuse program and team, the superintendent or designee will assign these duties to a designated school district employee**
2. The team is responsible for addressing reports of chemical abuse problems and making recommendations for appropriate responses to the individual reported cases.
3. Within forty-five (45) days after receiving an individual reported case, the team shall make a determination whether to provide the student and, in the case of a minor, the student's parents with information about school and community services in connection with chemical abuse.

**ED.** Data Practices.

1. Student data may be disclosed without consent in health and safety emergencies pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 13.32 and applicable federal law and regulations.
2. Destruction of Records
  - a. If the preassessment team decides not to provide a student and, in the case of a minor, the student's parents with information about school or community services in connection with chemical abuse, records created or maintained by the team about the student shall

be destroyed not later than six (6) months after the determination is made.

- b. If the team decides to provide the student and, in the case of a minor or a dependent student, the student's parents with such information about school or community services in connection with chemical abuse, records created or maintained by the team about the student shall be destroyed not later than six (6) months after the student is no longer enrolled in the district.
- c. Destruction of records identifying individual students This section shall be governed by paragraph IV.E.2. destruction of records notwithstanding provisions of the Records Management Act, Minn. Stat. § 138.163 (Preservation and Disposal of Public Records).

**FE.** Consent.

Any minor may give effective consent for medical, mental and other health services to determine the presence of or to treat conditions associated with alcohol and other drug abuse, and the consent of no other person is required.

***[Note: State law permits schools to provide these services to minor students without the consent of a parent. If, however, a school district provides these or other services pursuant to a grant received under the Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants law, this funding could be jeopardized if the requirements of federal law, to obtain prior written, informed consent from the parent of each child who is under 18 years of age is not obtained.]***

~~F. School and Community Advisory Team.~~

~~1. The superintendent, with the advice of the school board, shall establish a school and community advisory team to address chemical abuse problems. The advisory team will be composed of representatives from the school preassessment teams to the extent possible, law enforcement agencies, county attorney's office, social service agencies, chemical abuse treatment programs, parents, and the business community.~~

~~2. The advisory team shall:~~

- ~~a. build awareness of the problem within the community, identify available treatment and counseling programs for students, and develop good working relationships and enhance communication between the schools and other community agencies; and~~
- ~~b. develop a written procedure clarifying the notification process to be used by the chemical abuse preassessment team when a student is believed to be in possession of or under the influence of alcohol or~~



a controlled substance. The procedure must include contact with the student and the student's parents or guardian in the case of a minor student.

## V. EMPLOYEES

- A. The superintendent or designee shall undertake and maintain a drug-free awareness and prevention program to inform employees, students, and others about school district shall establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about:
1. The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace. and health risks of chemical abuse in the workplace/school.
  2. The school district's drug-free workplace/drug-free school policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace.
  3. Any Available drug or alcohol counseling, treatment, rehabilitation, re-entry and/or and employee assistance programs. available to employees and/or students.
  4. The penalties that may be imposed on employee for drug abuse violations.
- B. The superintendent or designee school district shall notify any federal granting agency required to be notified under the Drug-Free Workplace Act within ten (10) days after receiving notice of a conviction of an from the employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of any for a criminal drug statute violation conviction occurring in the workplace. To facilitate the giving of such notice, any employee aware of such a conviction shall report the same to the superintendent.

*[Note: Notification to the federal granting agency within ten (10) days is required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act. 41 U.S.C. §§ 8103.]*

### **Legal References:**

Minn. Stat. § 13.32 (Educational Data)  
Minn. Stat. § 121A.25-121A.29 (Chemical Abuse)  
Minn. Stat. § 121A.40-121A.56 (Pupil Fair Dismissal Act)  
Minn. Stat. § 121A.61 (Discipline and Removal of Students from Class)  
Minn. Stat. § 124D.695 (Approved Recovery Program Funding)  
Minn. Stat. § 126C.44 (Safe Schools Levy)  
Minn. Stat. § 138.163 (Preservation and Disposal of Public Records)  
Minn. Stat. § 144.343 (Pregnancy, Venereal Disease, Alcohol or Drug Abuse, Abortion)  
Minn. Stat. § 152.01 (Definitions)  
Minn. Stat. § 152.02 (Schedules of Controlled Substances; Administration of Chapter)  
Minn. Stat. § 152.22 (Definitions; Medical Cannabis)  
Minn. Stat. § 152.23 (Limitations; Medical Cannabis)

Minn. Stat. § 299A.33 (DARE Program)  
Minn. Stat. § 466.07, subd. 1 (Indemnification Required)  
Minn. Stat. § 609.101, subd. 3(e) (Controlled Substance Offenses;  
Minimum Fines)  
20 U.S.C. § 1232g (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act)  
20 U.S.C. §§ 7101- 7165 (Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities  
Act)  
20 U.S.C. § 5812 (National Education Goals)  
20 U.S.C. § 7175 (Local Activities)  
41 U.S.C. §§ 8101-8106 (Drug-Free Workplace Act)  
34 C.F.R. Part 84 (Government-wide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace)

***Cross References:*** MSBA/MASA Model Policy 403 (Discipline, Suspension, and Dismissal  
of School District Employees)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 416 (Drug and Alcohol Testing)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 418 (Drug-Free Workplace/Drug Free School)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 419 (Tobacco-Free Environment; Possession  
and Use of Tobacco, Tobacco-Related Devices, and Electronic Delivery  
Devices; Vaping Awareness and Prevention Instruction)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 502 (Search of Student Lockers, Desks,  
Personal Possessions, and Student's Person)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 515 (Protection and Privacy of Pupil Records)  
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 527 (Student Use and Parking of Motor  
Vehicles; Patrols, Inspections, and Search)