Grade Level(s): Click here to enter text.
Informal Observation Dates (below)
Click here to enter a date.

#### KEY: U=Unsatisfactory (1 point); B=Basic (2 points); P=Proficient (3 points); E=Exemplary (4 points)

It is the belief of the Craig City School District that evaluation can be an effective tool to improve of performance. It is the goal of this evaluation to effect change in the direction of continually increasing professional excellence. The Marzano Model domains and methodology are utilized as the foundation of this evaluation tool. CCSD utilized the work from the Washington Office of Public Instruction as a foundation for the CCSD Standard Certified Teacher Evaluation Self-Assessment. Documents for Revised Marzano Framework (NASOT) can be accessed at the following link: <a href="https://www.k12.wa.us/educator-support/teacherprincipal-evaluation-program/frameworks-and-rubrics/marzano%E2%80%99s-teacher-evaluation-model">https://www.k12.wa.us/educator-support/teacherprincipal-evaluation-program/frameworks-and-rubrics/marzano%E2%80%99s-teacher-evaluation-model</a>

A teacher, in partnership with the evaluating administrator, must provide evidence and/or artifacts for all elements within a component not already observed by the evaluating administrator in order for any component to possibly be rated exemplary. Without evidence and/or artifacts for all of a component's elements, the highest rating a teacher can receive in each component is proficient. Having evidence and/or artifacts is no guarantee of an exemplary component rating.

Criterion Ratings:

- **Exemplary:** A teacher should receive a Criterion rating of Exemplary if at least two of the components are rated Exemplary, with the remaining components rated now lower than Proficient.
- **Proficient:** A teacher should receive a Criterion rating of Proficient if no more than one component is rated Basic, with the remaining components rated Proficient or Exemplary.
- **Basic:** A teacher should receive a Criterion rating of Basic if the teacher received no Unsatisfactory component ratings and two or more Basic component ratings.
- **Unsatisfactory:** A teacher should receive a Criterion rating of Unsatisfactory if any one component is rated Unsatisfactory.

Criterion 1: Centering instruction on high expectations for student achievement U B P				E
Component 1.1: Providing clear learning goals and scales (rubrics)				
Possible Teacher Evidence:				
<ul> <li>Has a learning goal posted so that all students can see it</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Ensures that the learning target/goal is a clear statement of knowledge or skill as assignment</li> </ul>	soppose	d to an a	activity c	r
<ul> <li>Makes reference to the learning target/goal throughout the lesson</li> </ul>				
Has a scale or rubric that relates to the learning goal posted so that all students of	can see i	t		
<ul> <li>Makes reference to the scale or rubric throughout the lesson</li> </ul>				

Possible Student Evidence:

- Can explain the learning target for that day's lesson
- Can explain the relationship of the daily target to the long-term learning goal (grade-level standard)
- Can explain how the current activities relate to the learning target/goal
- Can explain the meaning of the levels of the performance articulated in the scale or rubric
- Can explain how they will achieve the learning target/goal

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
When the strategy is called	The teacher provides a	The teacher provides a	The teacher adapts or
for the teacher does not	stated learning target	clearly stated learning	creates new strategies to
use it or the teacher uses	(daily) and/or learning goal	target (daily) and/or	meet specific needs of
the strategy incorrectly or	(longer term) but the	learning goal (longer term).	students for whom the
with parts missing.	learning goal is not	The learning goal is	typical application of
	accompanied by a scale or	accompanied by a scale or	strategies does not
	rubric that describes levels	rubric that describes levels	produce the desired effect.
	of performance.	of performance.	
		Additionally, the teacher	
		monitors students'	
		understanding of the	
		learning target/goal and	
		the levels of performance.	

Component 1.2: Understanding students' interests an	nd backgr	rounds			

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Has side discussions with students about events in their lives
- Has discussions with students about topics in which they are interested
- Builds student interests into lessons
- Routinely helps students connect with their current expertise and competency, particularly as unique to their racial, gender, or linguistic identity
- Designs learning experiences that compel students to draw from their social and cultural backgrounds

Possible Student Evidence:

- Describe the teacher as someone who knows them and/or is interested in them
- Respond when the teacher demonstrated understanding of their interests and background
- Say they feel accepted
- Participates willingly in team-building activities

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
When the strategy is called	The teacher minimally uses	The teacher uses students'	The teacher adapts or
for the teacher does not	students' interests and	interests and background	creates new strategies to
use it or the teacher uses	background during	during interactions with	meet specific needs of
the strategy incorrectly or	interactions with students.	students and monitors the	students for whom the
with parts missing.		sense of community in the	typical application of
		classroom.	strategies does not
			produce the desired effect.

Possible Teacher Evidence:						
•	s regarding academic and pers	•				
	onversations with students that	at are not related to academic	S			
	lents when appropriate					
<ul> <li>Displays sensitivity to</li> </ul>		_				
	r own cultural values and persond different from them	onal racial/gender identity sha	pes thei	r intera	ctions w	ith
Possible Student Evidence:						
• Describe teacher as s	omeone who values and respe	cts them				
Respond to teachers' verbal interactions						
Respond to teachers'						
Demonstrate a strong	g sense of belonging					
Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemp	olary – 4	ļ	
AND A THE CONTRACT OF A DESCRIPTION	<b>T</b> E <b>E E E E E E E E E </b>					
When the strategy is called	The teacher minimally uses	The teacher uses verbal	The te	acher a	dapts or	
for the teacher does not	verbal and nonverbal	and nonverbal behaviors	create	s new s	trategies	s to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and	create meet s	s new s specific	trategies needs of	to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with	create meet s studer	s new s specific nts for w	trategies needs of vhom the	to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to	create meet s studer typical	s new s specific nts for w l applica	trategies needs of vhom the ation of	to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of vhom the ation of	e to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
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for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems and monitors the	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems and monitors the quality of relationships in	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems and monitors the	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems.	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems and monitors the quality of relationships in	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
for the teacher does not use it or the teacher uses the strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	verbal and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems.	and nonverbal behaviors that indicate value and respect for students, with particular attention to reluctant learners and students who are regularly marginalized or underserved by school systems and monitors the quality of relationships in	create meet s studer typical strateg	s new s specific nts for w l applica gies doe	trategies needs of whom the ation of es not	e to
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<ul> <li>Previews new content by activating students' prior knowledge</li> <li>Organizes content into small chunks appropriate for students</li> <li>Provides guidance as to which information is most important</li> <li>Has students interact about each chunk of content</li> <li>Asks inferential or elaborative questions</li> <li>Has students create graphic organizers representing content</li> </ul> Possible Student Evidence: <ul> <li>Can describe what they already know about the new topic</li> <li>Can describe what they already know about the new topic</li> <li>Can describe which information is most important</li> <li>Asks clarifying questions as information is presented in chunks</li> <li>Generate inferences about the content</li> <li>Accurately summarize the content using graphic organizers</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 Basic – 2 Proficient – 3 Exemplary – 4 The teacher does not employs strategies designed to preview and introduce new knowledge in digestible chunks OR does so with significant errors or omissions. The teacher to which strategies have their desired effect. Which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways. Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small	Criterion 2: Demonstrating E	ffective Teaching Practices		U	В	Р	E
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to preview and introduce new knowledge in digestible chunks OR does so with significant errors or omissions. Preview and introduce new knowledge in digestible chunks BUT does not monitor extent to which strategies have their desired effect. Which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways. Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small methods and introduce new knowledge in digestible chunks and introduce new knowledge in digestible chunks AND monitors the chunks AND monitors the strategies have their desired effect, which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic ways.							
new knowledge in digestible chunks OR does so with significant errors or omissions.knowledge in digestible chunks BUT does not monitor extent to which strategies have their desired effect.knowledge in digestible chunks AND monitors the extent to which strategies have their desired effect, which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways.students for whom the typical application of strategies does not produce the desired effect.Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into smallImage: Component content into smallImage: Component content into small			-			-	
digestible chunks OR does so with significant errors or omissions.chunks BUT does not monitor extent to which strategies have their desired effect.chunks AND monitors the extent to which strategies have their desired effect, which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways.typical application of strategies does not produce the desired effect.Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into smallChunks AND monitors the extent to which strategies have their desired effect, which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways.typical application of strategies does not produce the desired effect.					•		
so with significant errors or omissions. Monitor extent to which strategies have their desired effect, desired effect. Which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways. Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small strategies is the teacher breaks content into small is the te							e
omissions.       strategies have their desired effect.       have their desired effect, which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways.       produce the desired effect.         Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small       Vertical information and summarizing it in linguistic       Vertical information and summarizing it in linguistic				1			
desired effect. which includes elaborating on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways. Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small	_		-		-		
on critical information and summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways.         Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small	omissions.	<u> </u>	· · · ·	proc	luce the c	lesired e	ffect.
summarizing it in linguistic and nonlinguistic ways.         Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small		desired effect.	-				
and nonlinguistic ways.         Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small							
Component 2.2: Based on student needs, the teacher breaks content into small							
					1	1	
chunks (i.e. diagetible bitsel of information that can be easily pressed by students							
chunks (i.e., digestible bites) of information that can be easily processed by students.	chunks (i.e., digestible bites) of Possible Teacher Evidence:	of information that can be eas	sily processed by students.				

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Stops at strategic points in verbal presentation to have students summarize, make connections, and generate questions to share their thinking, compare their thinking, and repair any misunderstandings
- Pauses at key junctures while showing a video to have students summarize, make connections, and generate questions to share their thinking, compare their thinking, and repair any misunderstandings
- Stops at strategic points while providing a demonstration to have students summarize, make connections, and generate questions to share their thinking, compare their thinking, and repair any misunderstandings
- Stops at strategic points while students are reading information or stories orally as a class to have students summarize, make connections, and generate questions to share their thinking, compare their thinking, and repair any misunderstandings
- Breaks content into comprehensible chunks ordered by daily segments
- Maximizes student processing of content by breaking lectures into 10-minute-or-less segments with processing time for students to summarize, make connections, and generate questions to share their thinking, compare their thinking, and repair any misunderstandings

Possible Student Evidence:

- Can explain why the teacher is stopping at various points during demonstrations or during presentations
- Appear to know what is expected of them when the teacher stops at strategic points
- Process with classmates

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
When the strategy is called for the teacher does not use it, or the teacher uses strategy incorrectly or with parts missing.	The teacher breaks input experiences into small chunks based on student needs BUT does not monitor the extent to which chunks are appropriate to students; level of knowledge.	The teacher breaks input experiences into small chunks based on student needs and monitors the extent to which chunks are appropriate.	The teacher adapts and creates new strategies for unique student needs and situations.

Component 2.3: The teacher engages students in activities that help them record their understanding of new content in linguistic ways and/or represent the content in nonlinguistic ways.

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Asks students to summarize the information they have learned
- Asks students to generate notes that identify critical information in the content
- Asks students to create nonlinguistic representations for new content
- Has students interact with each chunk of content
- Asks inferential or elaborative questions
- Has students summarize content
- Has students create graphic organizers representing content graphic organizers, pictures, pictographs, flow charts
- Asks students to create mnemonics that organize content

Possible Student Evidence:

- Include critical content in their summaries and notes
- Include critical content or demonstrate understanding in their nonlinguistic representations
- Can explain main points of the lesson

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
When the strategy is called	The teacher engages	The teacher engages	The teacher adapts and
for the teacher does not	students in activities that	students in activities that	creates new strategies for
use it, or the teacher uses	help them record their	help them record their	unique student needs and
strategy incorrectly or with	understanding of new	understanding of new	situations.
parts missing.	content in linguistic ways	content in linguistic ways	
	and/or in nonlinguistic	and/or in nonlinguistic	
	ways BUT does not	ways and monitors the	
	monitor the extent to	extent to which this	
	which these activities	enhances students'	
	enhance students'	understanding.	
	understanding.		

	practicing and deepening less	,0,1,5		
Possible Teacher Evidence:				
	re engaging in practicing or de			
•		ate level for guided practice an		
		er increasing levels of complex	-	
	•	similarities and differences in		
<ul> <li>Provides activities that require students to critique or analyze validity of information</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Asks inferential or ela</li> </ul>	borative questions			
ossible Student Evidence:				
<ul> <li>Increase the accuracy</li> </ul>	and fluency with which they	perform skills and processes		
• Can describe what the	ey now see differently about c	content previously addressed		
Can describe how iter	ns are the same and different			
• Can explain why infor	mation is or is not logical/valio	d		
	-			
Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4	
The teacher does not	The teacher employs	The teacher employs	The teacher adapts and	
employ strategies designed	strategies designed to	strategies designed to	creates new strategies to	
to practice skills and	practice skills and	practice skills and	meet the specific needs of	
processes and critically	processes and critically	processes and critically	students for who the	
analyza information OP	analyze information BUT	analyze information AND	typical application of	
analyze information OR	,			
•	does not monitor the	monitors the extent to	strategies does not	
does so with significant		monitors the extent to which strategies have their	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the		u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which includes developing	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which includes developing fluency with skills and	strategies does not produce the desired effect	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which includes developing fluency with skills and processes, determining	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which includes developing fluency with skills and processes, determining similarities and differences	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
does so with significant	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which includes developing fluency with skills and processes, determining similarities and differences between important information, and	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	
analyze information OR does so with significant errors or omissions.	does not monitor the extent to which strategies	which strategies have their desired effect, which includes developing fluency with skills and processes, determining similarities and differences between important	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	

# Component 2.5: Noticing when students are not engaged

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Scans room to determine the level of student engagement
- Intentionally works to learn the common actions or conditions that make students feel unsafe, and acts accordingly based on the students' definitions of what feels uncomfortable or threatening (even if these are not familiar to the teacher)
- Actively reframes student nonengagement as an opportunity for improving teacher-student relationships
- If students are not engaged, employs one or more strategies to re-engage students, such as (not limited to): academic games, questioning techniques with high response rates, physical movement, friendly controversy

Possible Student Evidence:

- Students visibly adjust their level of engagement based on teacher actions
- Students describe the class as interesting
- Students attend to appropriate activities throughout the class

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
The teacher does not	The teacher monitors	The teacher monitors	The teacher adapts and
monitor student	student engagement and	student engagement and	creates new strategies to
engagement and apply re-	applies re-engagement	applies re-engagement	meet the specific needs of
engagement strategies as	strategies as necessary	strategies as necessary	students for who the
necessary OR does so with	BUT does not monitor the	AND monitors the extent	typical application of
significant errors or	extent to which strategies	to which strategies have	strategies does not
omissions.	have their desired effect	their desired effect, which	produce the desired effect.
		include enhanced energy	
		and engagement and	
		enhance student	
		participation in questioning	
		activities and activities	
		designed to analyze and	
		review information.	

Component 2.6: Using and applying academic vocabulary

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Intentionally selects limited strategic academic vocabulary and includes in in instructional lessons
- Repeats academic vocabulary throughout learning and activities
- Draws upon nonstandard English and students' home languages as assets for acquiring and understanding academic vocabulary

Possible Student Evidence:

- Maintains a vocabulary notebook
- Uses academic vocabulary correctly in the current setting and across disciplines
- Refers to and uses previous academic vocabulary
- Response to Signal Word with corresponding synonym and action
- Uses vocabulary in student and teacher led conversations

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
The teacher does not	The teacher identifies	The teacher identifies	The teacher adapts and
identify important	important academic	important academic	creates new strategies to
academic vocabulary	vocabulary specific to the	vocabulary specific to the	meet the specific needs of
specific to the lesson or	lesson and makes students	lesson and makes students	students for who the
does so in a manner that	aware of the meaning of	aware of the meaning of	typical application of
does not reflect the critical	these terms BUT does not	these terms. Additionally,	strategies does not
content.	monitor the extent to	the teacher monitors the	produce the desired effect.
	which students have	extent to which students	
	internalize the meaning of	have internalized the	
	these terms using their	meaning of these terms	
	own background	using their own	
	knowledge.	background knowledge.	

#### Component 2.7: Designing instruction aligned to assessment

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Designs instructional activities and assignments that are designed to help students learn the content that will be assessed
- Modifies instruction based on assessment results
- Differentiates instruction and assessments to meet students' individual learning needs
- Assessments are aligned with daily instruction and student practice

Possible Student Evidence:

- Know what to expect on assessments
- Can explain different strategies that the teacher uses to assess them
- Can explain why they were assigned a specific grade on an assessment
- Can explain what they need to learn next to improve their performance on assessments

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4
The teacher does not	The teacher designs	The teacher designs	The teacher adapts and
design instruction with	instruction with	instruction with	creates new strategies to
clear alignment to learning	assessments aligned to	assessments aligned to	meet the specific needs of
targets (daily) and/or	learning target (daily)	clearly stated learning	students for who the
learning goals (longer	and/or learning goal	target (daily) and/or	typical application of
term).	(longer term) but does not	learning goal (longer term).	strategies does not
	adapt those assessments	Those assessments are	produce the desired effect.
	to meet student learning	adapted to meet student	
	needs.	learning needs.	

**Evidence and/or Artifacts for Criterion 2 Elements:** 

**Comments:** 

Total Rating for Domain 2: U=1 B=2 (see page 1 of "Teacher Eval Procedures" doc for establishing Domain rating)

8=2 P=3 E=4

[Type here]

to address those needs.	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	and developing strategies	U	В	Р	E
	affolding of information withi	n a lesson				
Possible Teacher Evidence:						
<ul> <li>Content is organized</li> </ul>	to build upon previous inform	ation and knowledge				
<ul> <li>Presentation of content</li> </ul>	ent is logical and progresses fro	om simple to complex				
<ul> <li>Where appropriate, p units</li> </ul>	presentation of content is integ	grated with other content area	as, othe	r lessons	s, and/or	othe
• Plans articulate poter	ntial confusions that students i	may experience				
Plans illustrate how le	earning will move from an und	erstanding of foundational co	ntent to	applica	tion of	
information in auther	ntic ways					
• Plans incorporate stu	dent choice and initiative					
• Plans provide for exte	ension of learning					
Plans integrate Englis	h Language Development with	any content area				
Possible Student Evidence:						
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> </ul>	onale for how the content is or	rganized				
	onale for how the content is or onale for the sequence of instr	-				
Can describe the ratio		uction				
<ul><li>Can describe the ratio</li><li>Can describe how cor</li></ul>	onale for the sequence of instr	uction sons, units, or other content	nd trans	fer of co	ntent	
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> </ul>	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less	uction sons, units, or other content oward deep understanding ar	nd trans	fer of co	ntent	
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> </ul>	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t	uction sons, units, or other content oward deep understanding ar	id trans	fer of co	ntent	
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how lea</li> </ul>	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended	uction sons, units, or other content oward deep understanding ar ake initiative				
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how leas</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended Basic – 2	uction sons, units, or other content oward deep understanding ar ake initiative <b>Proficient – 3</b>	Exem	plary – 4	l	
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how leas</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended <b>Basic – 2</b> The teacher organizes	uction sons, units, or other content oward deep understanding ar ake initiative <b>Proficient – 3</b> The teacher organizes	<b>Exem</b> The te	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is	l a recog	
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how leas</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended Basic – 2 The teacher organizes lessons within a unit so	Arrowski sons, units, or other content oward deep understanding ar ake initiative Proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that	<b>Exem</b> The te leade	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help	l a recog ing othe	rs
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how leas</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this activity, or the teacher	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended <b>Basic – 2</b> The teacher organizes lessons within a unit so that students move from	A proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that each new piece of	<b>Exem</b> The te leade scaffo	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help ild lesso	I a recog ing othe ns and u	rs nits
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how lea</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this activity, or the teacher attempts to perform this	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended Basic – 2 The teacher organizes lessons within a unit so that students move from surface to deeper	Proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that each new piece of information clearly builds	<b>Exem</b> The te leade scaffe that p	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help Id lessor	a recog ing othe ns and u toward a	rs nits a
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how lea</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this activity, or the teacher attempts to perform this activity but does not	onale for the sequence of instr ntent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress t dents will make choices and ta rning will be extended Basic – 2 The teacher organizes lessons within a unit so that students move from surface to deeper understanding of content	Proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that each new piece of information clearly builds on the previous piece, and	Exem The te leade scaffo that p deep	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help old lesson orogress understa	a recog ing othe ns and u toward a anding a	rs nits a
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how lea</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this activity, or the teacher attempts to perform this activity but does not actually complete or follow	bonale for the sequence of instruction of the sequence of instruction of the sequence of instruction of the second	Proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that each new piece of information clearly builds on the previous piece, and students move from	Exem The te leade scaffo that p deep	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help Id lessor	a recog ing othe ns and u toward a anding a	rs nits a
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how lea</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this activity, or the teacher attempts to perform this activity but does not actually complete or follow through with these	bonale for the sequence of instruction tent is related to previous less sons within the unit progress to dents will make choices and tarning will be extended Basic – 2 The teacher organizes lessons within a unit so that students move from surface to deeper understanding of content but does not require students to apply the	Proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that each new piece of information clearly builds on the previous piece, and students move from understanding to applying	Exem The te leade scaffo that p deep	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help old lesson orogress understa	a recog ing othe ns and u toward a anding a	rs nits a
<ul> <li>Can describe the ratio</li> <li>Can describe how cor</li> <li>Can describe how less</li> <li>Can describe how stu</li> <li>Can describe how lea</li> </ul> Unsatisfactory – 1 The teacher makes no attempt to perform this activity, or the teacher attempts to perform this activity but does not actually complete or follow	bonale for the sequence of instruction of the sequence of instruction of the sequence of instruction of the second	Proficient – 3 The teacher organizes content in such a way that each new piece of information clearly builds on the previous piece, and students move from	Exem The te leade scaffo that p deep	<b>plary – 4</b> eacher is r in help old lesson orogress understa	a recog ing othe ns and u toward a anding a	rs nits a

Component 3.2: Planning and preparing for the needs of all students

Possible Teacher Evidence:

- Uses differentiation
- Uses data for flexible grouping
- Implements a variety of classroom interventions or knows when to move students to the next level of intervention
- Identifies the accommodations/adaptations that must be made for individual ELL students or groups within a lesson and/or unit of instruction
- Has plans that have been adapted or modified appropriately according to the language needs of the student
- Accommodations and adaptation are visible throughout the classroom and units of instruction
- Is aware of the purpose for the intervention
- Designs learning experiences which transfer cognitive load and control of students
- Can describe opportunities to be culturally responsive within the planning and implementation

Possible Student Evidence:

- Shows evidence of growth
- Is aware of available resources and accesses them appropriately
- Active participation of second language learners in all classroom activities
- Equitable opportunities for demonstration of mastery of knowledge
- Feels like a valued contributing member of the class

Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exemplary – 4	
The teacher does not know	The teacher identifies	The teacher identifies and	The teacher is recognized	
or understand the	interventions that meet	effectively employs	as a leader in helping	
intervention system or	the needs of specific sub-	interventions that meet	others employ	
does not use the	populations (e.g., ELL,	the needs of specific sub-	interventions that meet	
intervention system to	special education, and	populations (e.g., ELL,	the needs of specific sub-	
address student needs.	students who come from	special education, and	populations (e.g., ELL,	
	environments that offer	students who come from	special education, and	
	little support for learning)	environments that offer	students who come from	
	but does not ensure that	little support for learning).	environments that offer	
	all identified students are		little support for learning).	
	adequately served by the			
	interventions.			
Evidence and/or Artifacts for Criterion 3 Elements:				
Comments:				

Total Rating for Domain 3: U=1 (see page 1 of "Teacher Eval Procedures" doc for establishing Domain rating)

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B=2 P=3
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E=4

Criterion 4: Professional Res	ponsibilities		U	В	Р	E
Component 4.1: Engaging in	positive interactions with par	rents and the school				
community about courses, pr	ograms, and school events					
Possible Teacher Evidence:						
<ul> <li>Utilizes the appropria</li> </ul>	te means of communication					
• Present to, works wit	h, or speaks to the school boar	d, ad hoc committees, PTSA, ı	nedia, a	advisory	groups,	etc.
• Fosters partnerships	with families/school/communi	ty				
• Encourages parent ar	d community involvement in o	classroom and school activities	5			
Accesses available ex	pertise and resources to suppo	ort students' learning needs				
	with appropriate school perso		oact stu	dent lea	rning	
Seeks community cor	nections and support in order	to facilitate productive, two-	vay, cla	ssroom-	to-home	è
communications						
• Seeks to learn familie	s' past experiences with schoo	l systems				
Possible Student Evidence:						
• When asked, are awa	re that teachers actively comn	nunicate with their parents				
	re that teachers are active in t					
Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exem	plary – 4	1	
The teacher makes no	The teacher attempts to	The teacher communicates		• •	a recog	nized
attempt to perform this	communicate and	and collaborates with	leader in helping others			
activity, or the teacher	collaborate with	parents/guardians and	communicate and			
attempts to perform this	parents/guardians and	school/community	collaborate with			
activity but does not	school/community	regarding courses,	parents/guardians and			d
actually complete or follow	regarding courses,	programs and school	school/community			
through with these	programs, and school events	events relevant to the	regarding courses,			
attempts.	relevant to the students' but	students' in a timely and	programs and school			
	does not necessarily do so in	professional manner.	events relevant to the			•
	a timely of clear manner.	mely or clear manner. students.				
Component 4.2: Promoting <b>p</b>	positive interactions with colle	agues				
Possible Teacher Evidence:		-				
<ul> <li>Is punctual</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Is prepared for meeti</li> </ul>	ngs					
<ul> <li>Works to resolve cont</li> </ul>	flicts					
<ul> <li>Respectfully addresse</li> </ul>	es others					
Assists in the effective	e functioning of a team/group					
		1				
Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	-	plary – 4		
The teacher makes little or	The teacher attempts to	The teacher follows			onsisten	•
no attempt to follow	follow established norms	established norms and	models established no		orms	
established norms or	or commitments but does	collective commitments,	and collective			
collective commitments.	not comply with all norms	contributing to the overall	commitments. The			
The teacher's behavior	and collective	effectiveness of the team.			cognize	
may be obstructing the	commitments.		1		itating th	
functioning of the					n resolvi	ng
team/group.				ct for ef	rective	
			i Tuncti	oning.		

Component 4 3: Participation	g in district and school initiati	Wes					
Possible Teacher Evidence:							
-		priate to support students and	lamme	25			
Serves on school and							
	evelopment opportunities						
	ool and district improvement g	-					
Keeps track of specific	situations in which they have	participated in school or distr	rict initi	atives			
<ul> <li>Can describe and show</li> </ul>	w evidence of his/her participa	ation in district and school init	iatives				
Unsatisfactory – 1	Basic – 2	Proficient – 3	Exem	plary – 4	Ļ		
The teacher makes no	The teacher is aware of the	The teacher actively	The te	eacher is	a recog	nized	
attempt to perform this	district and school	participates in district and	leade	r in help	ing othe	rs be	
activity, or the teacher	initiatives but does not	school initiatives at a level	aware	e of and	participa	ate in	
attempts to perform this	participate at a level	consistent with their		ct and sc			
activity but does not	consistent with their	talents and availability.	initiat	ives.	, 		
actually complete or follow	talents and availability.						
through with these							
attempts.							
Evidence and/or Artifacts for	Criterion 4 Elements:						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Comments:							
	T	otal Rating for Domain 4:	U=1	B=2	P=3	E=4	
(see page 1 of "Teacher E	val Procedures" doc for est						
		<u> </u>					
Educator Comments:							
Administrator Comments:							
Overall Score (Add all Component points & then divide by 15):/15 =%							
Final Designation: (circle) Unsatisfactory = ANY Domain Basic or below and Overall Score is <50% Basic = ANY Domain Basic or below and Overall Score is >=50%							
		Domains Prof or higher and				5%	
		Domains Prof or higher and					
Statement: A formal conference		(date) wit				strator.	
I understand that I have five workdays to study and prepare a response that will be attached to this evaluation prior to							
I understand that I have five wo	orkdays to study and prepare a	i response that will be attache	α το τηι	s evalua	tion prio	110	
I understand that I have five we being sent to Human Resources							

Educator's signature:	Date:	
Administrator's signature:	Date:	

[Type here]