Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards

High School Data Science

2020

Arkansas Computer Science Standards for High School Data Science

Introduction

The Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative standards for high school courses are designed to provide understandings of concepts in computer science that are necessary for students to function in an ever-changing technological world. Through these standards, students will explore, apply, and move toward mastery in skills and concepts related to Computational Thinking and Problem Solving; Data, Information, and Security; Algorithms and Programs; Computers and Communications; and Professionalism and Impacts of Computing. These standards help students learn to accomplish tasks and solve problems independently and collaboratively. These standards give students the tools and skills needed to be successful in college and careers including computer science, computing, and other fields.

State developed pathways within the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative all begin with common year-one standards which allow for consistency across the state and all schools. These common standards address the basic knowledge and skills needed for any student entering a technology-based field.

The course standards have been grouped into one-credit (typically yearly) standards to afford the classroom educator additional flexibility in their curriculum choices; however, the course codes remain based on one-half credit (typically semester). Each state-developed pathway will have three credits (six pathway specific course codes) worth of Computer Science Flex Credit (465XXX) course codes.

The Arkansas State Board of Education (SBE) does not place any prerequisites on the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative high school courses, but allows for schools to place students in any of the courses based on ability and desire. The Arkansas Department of Education (ADE) recommends that districts develop and formally adopt a written policy outlining placement protocols. Evaluation tools and placement criteria will be the responsibility of the local districts.

The SBE and ADE authorize schools to enroll students across levels in the same sections of the master schedule (a.k.a. stacking) as long as the number of students does not exceed Standards of Accreditation maximums and/or ratios and the school can reasonably assure a high-quality educational experience for all students within that section.

Implementation of the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Data Science begins during the 2021-2022 school year.

Course Titles: Data Science

Course/Unit Credit: 0.5 credit per listed course code

	Data Science Level 1 / Level 2 - Year 1	Data Science Level 3 / Level 4 - Year 2	Data Science Advanced - Year 3
Data Science	465710 / 465720	465730 / 465740	465750 / 465760

Teacher Licensure: Please refer to the Course Code Management System (https://adedata.arkansas.gov/ccms/) for the most current licensure codes.

Grades: 9-12

Prerequisites: There are no ADE established course prerequisites for any of the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative high school

courses; it is up to the local district to determine placement based on student ability.

Computer Science and Computing Practices

Students exhibit proficiency in computer science and computing through:

Communication - Students effectively communicate, using accurate and appropriate terminology, when explaining the task completion or problem solving strategies used. They recognize that creating good documentation is an ongoing and important part of the communication process.

Collaboration - Students productively work with others while ensuring multiple voices are heard and considered. They understand that diverse thoughts may lead to creative solutions and that some problems may be best solved collaboratively.

Storytelling - Students creatively combine multimedia tools, such as graphics, animations, and videos with research, writing, and oral presentations to create ethical, data-driven stories.

Professionalism - Students embrace professionalism by demonstrating skills and behaviors necessary for success in technical careers.

Ethics and Impact - Students comprehend the ramifications of actions prior to taking them. They are aware of their own digital and cyber presence and its impact on other individuals and society.

Inclusion - Students encourage diversity in the field of computer science and computing regardless of race, ethnicity, gender, or other differences.

Learning by Failure - Students reflect upon and critique their work while embracing a willingness to seek feedback and constructive instruction from teachers and peers. They utilize the feedback to continually improve current projects, educational experiences, knowledge, and confidence.

Perseverance - Students expect difficulties and persist in overcoming challenges that occur when completing tasks. They recognize making and correcting mistakes is necessary for the learning process while problem solving.

Understanding - Students recognize patterns, utilize tools, and apply problem solving strategies to build understanding, find solutions, and successfully deliver high-quality work.

Patterns - Students understand and utilize the logical structure of information through identifying patterns and creating conceptual models. They decompose complex problems into simpler modules and patterns.

Problem Solving - Students exhibit proficiency through the process of identifying and systematically solving problems. They recognize problem solving is an ongoing process.

Research - Students purposefully gather information and seek to expand their knowledge through various methods and mediums. They embrace the practice of gaining knowledge to develop novel approaches for solving problems and addressing issues they have not previously encountered, in addition to merely searching for answers.

Tools - Students evaluate and select tools to be used when completing tasks and solving problems. They understand that appropriate tools may include, but are not limited to, their mind, pencil and paper, manipulatives, software applications, programming languages, or appropriate computing devices.

Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Data Science

Strand	Content Cluster
Computational	Thinking and Problem Solving
	Students will analyze and utilize problem-solving strategies.
	2. Students will analyze and utilize connections between concepts of mathematics and computer science.
Data, Informati	on, and Security
	3. Students will analyze and utilize data through the use of computing devices.
	4. Students will analyze and utilize concepts of cybersecurity.
Algorithms and	Programs
	5. Students will create, evaluate, and modify algorithms.
	6. Students will create programs to solve problems.
Computers and	Communications
	7. Students will analyze the utilization of computers within industry.
	8. Students will analyze communication methods and systems used to transmit information among computing devices.
	9. Students will utilize appropriate hardware and software.
Professionalisr	n and Impacts of Computing
	10. Students will analyze the impacts of technology and professionalism within the computing community.
	11. Students will demonstrate understanding of storytelling with data and appropriately communicate about technical information.

Understanding the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards Documents:

- This Arkansas Department of Education curriculum standards document is intended to assist in district curriculum development, unit design, and to provide a uniform, comprehensive guide for instruction.
- The goal for each student is proficiency in all academic standards for the course/year in which the student is enrolled.
- The Practice Standards are intended to be habits of mind for all students and were written broadly in order to apply to all grades/levels. The Practice Standards are not content standards and are not intended to be formally assessed.
- Notes (NOTE:) and examples given (e.g.,) found within the document are not mandated by the Arkansas State Board of Education, but are provided for clarification of the standards by the Arkansas Department of Education and/or the standards drafting committee. The notes and examples given are subject to change as understandings of the standards evolve.
- Within the high school documents, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Year Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSPG.Y1.2.3" would be Computer Science Programming Year 1 Content Cluster 2 Standard 3.
- Within the Coding Block document, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSCB.1.2" would be Coding Block, Content Cluster 1, Standard 2.
- Within the K-8 Computer Science Standards documents, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Grade Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSK8.G1.2.3" would be K-8, Grade 1, Content Cluster 2, Standard 3
- Ancillary documents and supporting information may be released to assist in further understanding of the standards with possible classroom implementation strategies included.

"Research" and Learning

The Arkansas Department of Education Office of Computer Science recognizes that the use of the term "research" as an action verb within academic standards is not mainstream, though not unheard of, and exists as a measurable objective within other Arkansas K-12 academic standards. The members of the internal team, composed of the State Director of Computer Science and nine state-wide Computer Science Specialists, discussed this at length amongst ourselves and with many committee members. While there existed varying opinions for various reasons, the internal team opted to keep "research" as an action verb within the standards for the following reasons:

- 1. The internal team believes that this use of "research" and the skill-building activities students will undertake while performing said research will produce students that have a skillset which industry representatives have identified as missing from workers entering technical job fields.
- 2. As the field of Computer Science and Computing is ever changing and growing, professionals and students within this field must conduct informal research on an almost daily basis to maintain relevant knowledge and skills.
- 3. The use of "research" within this document does not determine classroom implementation; however, it is used to indicate that the student should take individual and active efforts to seek out knowledge to develop novel approaches for solving problems and addressing issues they have not previously encountered, in addition to merely searching for answers.
- 4. The use of "research" should not infer that a student should be required to do an extensive qualitative or quantitative research project from the use of "research" anywhere in this document; however, a more formal research project is not prohibited if the teacher feels it is appropriate.



Strand: Computational Thinking and Problem Solving **Content Cluster 1:** Students will analyze and utilize problem-solving strategies.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y2.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y3.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve level-appropriate problems including problems not previously encountered
pattern recognition. NOTE CSDS Y2-Y3:	ational thinking include, but are not limited to, abstractio	
CSDS.Y1.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y2.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity CSDS Y2: Demonstrate an understanding of various level-appropriate, real-world systems and data to be appropriately represented or modeled	CSDS.Y3.1.2 Utilize fundamental knowledge of real-world systems and data to demonstrate appropriate model selection
NOTE: Representations may include, but are not limited to,	backlog, decision matrix, design brief, documentation, fa	ault tree analysis, flowchart, pseudocode, and sprints.
CSDS.Y1.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y2.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y3.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity
NOTE: Collaborative methods may include, but are not limit	ed to, distributive (divide and conquer), paired programm	ning, and redundant parallel.
CSDS.Y1.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software	CSDS.Y2.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software	CSDS.Y3.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software

This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.1.5 Describe and demonstrate various sampling techniques (e.g. clustered, random, stratified sampling) and identify the advantages and disadvantages of each	CSDS.Y3.1.5 Apply the concepts of the experimental design process and procedures, with an emphasis on proper question development, to test hypothesis on a data set of level-appropriate complexity

Strand: Computational Thinking and Problem Solving

Content Cluster 2: Students will analyze and utilize connections between concepts of mathematics and computer science.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.2.1 Interpret relational and logical expressions of level-appropriate complexity using comparison and Boolean operators	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Boolean operators include AND, OR, NOT, and XOR Comparison operators may include, but are not limite		
CSDS.Y1.2.2 Classify the types of information that can be stored as variables and analyze the appropriateness of each (e.g., Booleans, characters, integers, floating points, strings)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y1.2.3 Analyze how computer science concepts relate to the field of mathematics	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Concepts may include, but are not limited to, differen minimum, mode, and range.	t division methods (e.g., integer, long, modular), rando	om number generation, domain, maximum, mean,
CSDS.Y1.2.4 Discuss and apply concepts of abstraction	CSDS.Y2.2.4 Analyze and utilize concepts of abstraction as modeling and abstraction as encapsulation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Abstraction is the process of reducing information an hiding the details).	d detail to facilitate focus on relevant concepts and fur	nctionality (displaying only essential information while
CSDS.Y1.2.5 Perform operations of level-appropriate complexity with binary, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers	CSDS.Y2.2.5 Perform operations of level-appropriate complexity with binary, octal, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Operations may include, but are not limited to, addition	on, subtraction, multiplication, division, and conversion).

CSDS.Y1.2.6 Demonstrate operator precedence in expressions and statements	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
and statements		

NOTE:

Operators include, but are not limited to, addition, subtraction, division, modulus division, concatenation, square root, and exponentiation. Operator precedence may include, but is not limited to, inside-out, order of operations, and the understanding that the assignment statement of "x = 1" is not the same as "1 = x."

Strand: Data, Information, and Security

Content Cluster 3: Students will analyze and utilize data through the use of computing devices.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.3.1 Define, store, access, and manipulate level-appropriate data (e.g., primitive, linear)	CSDS.Y2.3.1 Create programs to store, access, and manipulate level-appropriate data (e.g., structured data, objects)	CSDS.Y3.3.1 Utilize various programs to store, access, and manipulate level-appropriate data
	CSDS Y2: Manipulating data must include, but is not limited to, transforming qualitative information by substitution of quantitative data for structured and unstructured data	

NOTE:

Primitive data may include, but is not limited to, Boolean, character, double, float, and integer.

Linear data may include, but is not limited to, arrays, lists, strings, and vectors.

Structured data may include, but is not limited to, arrays, classes, linked lists, maps, multidimensional arrays, and structs.

Objects may include, but are not limited to, constructors, data members, and methods.

Defining, storing, and accessing may include, but are not limited to, type declaration, variables, and modifiers (e.g., final, pass-by-value, pass-by-reference parameters, private, protected, public).

Manipulating data may include, but is not limited to, arranging (e.g., queuing, stacking), bit manipulation, casting, rearranging, and sorting.

CSDS.Y1.3.2 Define and discuss different examples of level-appropriate quantitative and qualitative data	CSDS.Y2.3.2 Define and discuss different examples of level-appropriate quantitative and qualitative data CSDS Y2: Describe the differences between interval, nominal, ordinal, and ratio data and classify data appropriately	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.3.3 Research, discuss, and create level-appropriate programs to model and simulate probabilistic and real-world scenarios CSDS Y2: Research, discuss, and create level-appropriate data sets to model basic concepts of statistical inference	CSDS.Y3.3.3 Research, discuss, and create level-appropriate data sets to model basic concepts of statistical inference and implement a simulation based on machine learning and other artificial intelligence (AI) techniques

NOTE: Probabilistic scenarios may include, but are not limited to, flipping a coin, random walkers, and rolling dice. Real-world scenarios may include, but are not limited to, city population and predator-prey.				
CSDS.Y1.3.4	CSDS.Y2.3.4	CSDS.Y3.3.4		
Analyze, utilize, and visually represent level-appropriate data	Analyze, utilize, and visually represent level-appropriate static and dynamic data	Summarize and visualize data of level-appropriate complexity using 2D and 3D representations		
	CSDS Y2:			
	Manage, summarize, and visualize data using the			
	Python programming language and an appropriate integrated development environment (IDE) (e.g.,			
	Jupyter Notebook)			
NOTE:				
Visual representation tools may include, but are not limited to, analytics reports, graphical representations, programming language libraries, and spreadsheets. Dynamic data may include, but is not limited to, network traffic, real-time weather data, sensor statuses, stock market valuations, and system status.				
CSDS.Y1.3.5 Perform level-appropriate data analysis using	CSDS.Y2.3.5 Perform level-appropriate data analysis using	CSDS.Y3.3.5 Perform multivariate data analysis using computing		
computing tools	computing tools	tools		
	CSDS Y2:			
	Perform correlation coefficient, line of best fit, and			
	regression analysis using computing tools			
NOTE: Analysis may include, but is not limited to, maximum values, mean values, minimum values, ranges, and string comparisons.				
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.3.6	CSDS.Y3.3.6		
	Define and discuss sensitivity analysis of bivariate, nominal, and ordinal models	Define and discuss sensitivity analysis of multivariate models		
This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	CSDS.Y3.3.7		
		Demonstrate understanding of confounding factors and how variables interact with each other independently and how variables overlap		

Strand: Data, Information, and Security

Content Cluster 4: Students will analyze and utilize concepts of cybersecurity.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced	
CSDS.Y1.4.1 Identify the five pillars of cybersecurity and evaluate the relevance of each pillar to computer science concepts	CSDS.Y2.4.1 Apply the five pillars of cybersecurity as applicable to level-appropriate computer science concepts	CSDS.Y3.4.1 Apply the five pillars of cybersecurity as applicable to level-appropriate data science concepts	
NOTE: Additional concepts and key terms of the five pillars of cybersecurity (confidentiality, integrity, availability, non-repudiation, and authentication) may include, but are not limited to, access control paradigms, accountability, authorization, least-privilege, and need-to-know.			
CSDS.Y1.4.2 Research and describe different roles within the hacking community (e.g., white hat, black hat, gray hat hacking), including positive and negative motivations, significant impacts, and social	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	

NOTE:

stereotypes

White hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, bug bounty programs and contracted penetration testing. A significant impact example may include, but is not limited to, Charlie Miller's compromisation of Fiat Chrysler vehicles.

Black hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, the unauthorized processes of accessing systems to destroy, compromise, or steal data and deny access to services or systems. A significant impact example may include, but is not limited to, Behzad Mesri's alleged theft of data from Home Box Office (HBO) and subsequent ransom demands.

Gray hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, unauthorized processes of accessing systems to report, correct, and draw attention to security vulnerabilities. A significant example of gray hat hacking is intentionally not included; students and teachers are encouraged to explore and discuss the nuances of "right versus wrong" and motivations within this community, including nation-state actions.

		Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
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NOTE:

Common hardware attacks may include, but are not limited to, clones, hardware trojans, and side-channel attacks.

Common software attacks may include, but are not limited to, buffer overflows, deployment errors, software bugs, and Structured Query Language (SQL) and command injection.

Common network attacks may include, but are not limited to, man-in-the-middle attacks, packet sniffing, protocol abuse, and spoofing of media access control (MAC) or internet protocol (IP) addresses.

CSDS.Y1.4.4	Continuation of this standard is not specifically	Continuation of this standard is not specifically
Explain implications related to identification and responsible reporting of a vulnerability versus exploitation	included or excluded	included or excluded



Strand: Algorithms and Programs **Content Cluster 5:** Students will create, evaluate, and modify algorithms.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that use iteration, selection, and sequence	CSDS.Y2.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that use iteration, recursion, selection, and sequence	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y1.5.2 Illustrate the flow of execution of algorithms in level-appropriate programs including branching and looping	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Illustrations may include, but are not limited to, flowcharts and pseudocode.		
CSDS.Y1.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student-created and non-student-created algorithms	CSDS.Y2.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student-created and non-student-created algorithms including classic search and sort algorithms	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Evaluation tools may include, but are not limited to, a code review and test cases. Qualities may include, but are not limited to, correctness, efficiency, exception handling, input/data/model validation, portability, readability, scalability, and usability.		
CSDS.Y1.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	CSDS.Y2.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

Strand: Algorithms and Programs **Content Cluster 6:** Students will create programs to solve problems.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.6.1 Create programs using procedures to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y2.6.1 Create programs to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSDS.Y3.6.1 Create level-appropriate scripts and macros to manipulate level-appropriate data
NOTE: "Procedures" is considered interchangeable with "fur Problems may include, but are not limited to, encodir solving classic computer science tasks such as The	ng, encryption, finding minimum/maximum values, ident	tifying prime numbers, searching and sorting, and
CSDS.Y1.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace)	CSDS.Y2.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y1.6.3 Determine the scope and state of variables declared in procedures and control structures over time	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: "Procedures" is considered interchangeable with "fur	ctions" for meeting this standard.	
CSDS.Y1.6.4 Create programs of level-appropriate complexity that read from standard input, write to standard output, read from a file, write to a file, and append to a file	CSDS.Y2.6.4 Create programs that read from, write to, and append to a file of level-appropriate complexity that includes structured data	CSDS.Y3.6.4 Create programs that allow for the transfer of data amongst different data collection and analysis systems (e.g., bridge software, extract/transform/load (ETL))
Standard input and output on mobile application devi Standard input and output on robots may include, bu Structured data refers to any representation of data v	ay include, but are not limited to, a keyboard and terming ces may include, but are not limited to, touchscreen and tare not limited to, sensors and servos. which can be interpreted by an external or separate control location (JSON), Extensible Markup Language (XML), a	d speakers. nputing system including, but not limited to,
CSDS.Y1.6.5 Use a systematic approach to detect logic, runtime, and syntax errors within a program	CSDS.Y2.6.5 Use a systematic approach to detect logic, runtime, and syntax errors within a program	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 7: Students will analyze the utilization of computers within industry.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.7.1 Identify hardware and software specific to carrying out the mission of regional industries	CSDS.Y2.7.1 Utilize hardware and/or software to solve level-appropriate industry-based problems CSDS Y2: Identify hardware and software utilized for the storage and manipulation of large data sets	CSDS.Y3.7.1 Utilize hardware and/or software to manipulate, analyze, and represent level-appropriate data and information
CSDS.Y1.7.2 Research advancing and emerging technologies (e.g., artificially intelligent agents, blockchain, extended reality, Internet of Things (IoT), machine learning, robotics)	CSDS.Y2.7.2 Research the impact of advancing and emerging technologies on the field of data science	CSDS.Y3.7.2 Demonstrate the use of an advancing and emerging technology to analyze, manipulate, and represent level-appropriate data and information

Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 8: Students will analyze communication methods and systems used to transmit information among computing devices.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.8.1 Utilize the command line to accomplish common network troubleshooting tasks at an introductory level	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
address information using an external service (e.g., if	, but are not limited to, viewing internal IP address info fconfig.me, myip.com, whatsmyip.com); validating cor eroute); and releasing and renewing IP addresses (e	mmunication with a remote system (e.g., ping); tracing
CSDS.Y1.8.2 Research and describe common networking concepts at an introductory level	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
topologies; the role of a MAC address; local versus p addressing schemes; role of Domain Name System (ublic IP and how they are assigned; Internet Protocol DNS); the hierarchical nature of networks; purpose of firewalls; network access roles (e.g., employee versus)	is guest, staff versus student); role of internet service
CSDS.Y1.8.3 Research and describe modems, network interface cards, routers (e.g., consumer, industrial), switches, and wireless access points, and identify their purposes within a network	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y1.8.4 Describe the importance of creating and using common rules for communication and the utilization of common network protocols including the relationship between client and server	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

NOTE:

Discussions of common rules for communications may include, but are not limited to, the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Model and packet communication. Common network protocols may include, but are not limited to, DNS, Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)/ Secure Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTPS), Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)/Post Office Protocol (POP)/Internet Message Access Protocol (IMAP), and Telnet/Secure Shell (SSH).

Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 9: Students will utilize appropriate hardware and software.

Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y2.9.2 Use collaboration tools and version control systems in a group software project of appropriate complexity	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded CSDS.Y2.9.2 Use collaboration tools and version control systems in a group software project of appropriate complexity Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded Continuation of this standard is not specifically

NOTE:

Hardware components include, but are not limited to, central processing units (CPU), chassis, cooling components, graphics cards, input/output devices, memory, motherboards, power supplies, and storage devices.

Strand: Professionalism and Impacts of Computing

Content Cluster 10: Students will analyze the impacts of technology and professionalism within the computing community.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.10.1 Research and describe the risks and risk mitigation strategies associated with the utilization and implementation of social media and other digital technology implications	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
	entity theft, impersonation, and social engineering attac byability, legal, physical, psychological, and social acce	
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.10.2 Research and describe issues related to creating and enforcing cyber-related laws and regulations (e.g., ethical challenges, policy vacuum, privacy versus security, unintended consequences)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y1.10.3 Research and describe the potential benefits associated with the utilization and implementation of social media and other digital technologies	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Potential benefits may include, but are not limited to,	brand building, crowdsourcing, personal promotion awa	areness, and project funding.
CSDS.Y1.10.4 Research and describe the relationship between access and security (e.g., active and passive data, convenience, data mining, digital marketing, online wallets, privacy, theft of personal information)	CSDS.Y2.10.4 Identify the ethical implications encountered in the curation, management, and monetization of data (e.g., harvesting, information overload, knowledge management repositories, sharing, summarizing)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.10.5 Explain advantages and disadvantages of various software life cycle processes (e.g., Agile, spiral, waterfall)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSDS.Y1.10.6 Research the history of computing devices and their impact on society	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

CSDS.Y1.10.7 Research and identify diverse careers and career opportunities (e.g., accessibility, availability, demand) that are influenced by computer science and the technical and soft skills needed for each	CSDS.Y2.10.7 Demonstrate industry-relevant technical and soft skills	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.10.8 Research and describe data life cycle phases (e.g., archive, capture, crosswalk, maintain, publish, purge, synthesize, use) and how they affect validity and longevity of analyses	CSDS.Y3.10.8 Utilize data life cycle best practices
NOTE CSDS Y2: "Crosswalk" refers to mapping of equivalent, identical	, or similar information across two or more distinct data	a sets.
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.10.9 Identify the components of a quality professional digital portfolio	CSDS.Y3.10.9 Evaluate the quality and impact of a professional digital portfolio
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.10.10 Create and maintain a digital collection of self-created work	CSDS.Y3.10.10 Create and maintain a professional digital portfolio comprised of self-created work

Strand: Professionalism and Impacts of Computing

Content Cluster 11: Students will demonstrate understanding of storytelling with data and appropriately communicate about technical information.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSDS.Y1.11.1 Communicate basic technical information effectively to diverse audiences including, but not limited to, non-technical audience members	CSDS.Y2.11.1 Communicate, using various mediums, technical information, of level appropriate complexity, effectively to diverse audiences, including but not limited to, non-technical audience members	CSDS.Y3.11.1 Communicate, using various mediums, technical information, of level appropriate complexity, effectively to diverse audiences, including but not limited to, non-technical audience members
NOTE: Technical information may include, but is not limited t paradigms, and troubleshooting concepts.	o, collecting or collected data, computing hardware, cy	ber hygiene, networking concepts, programming
CSDS.Y1.11.2 Describe and utilize the concepts of storytelling with data	CSDS.Y2.11.2 Utilize the concepts of storytelling with data	CSDS.Y3.11.2 Utilize the concepts of storytelling with data
NOTE: Storytelling concepts may include, but are not limited to, identifying the knowledge level of the intended audience; developing a compelling narrative; creating appealing visualizations appropriate for the intended audience and that enhance the narrative; remaining objective and avoiding biases; and avoiding the censoring of data.		
CSDS.Y1.11.3 Describe the following common types of data bias:	CSDS.Y2.11.3 Identify and justify classification of biases in level-appropriate data utilization including presentations	CSDS.Y3.11.3 Utilize mitigation strategies for various biases in level-appropriate data utilization including presentations
CSDS.Y1.11.4 Compare and contrast causation and correlation	CSDS.Y2.11.4 Determine and justify causation and/or correlation using level-appropriate data	CSDS.Y3.11.4 Determine and justify causation and/or correlation using level-appropriate data
CSDS.Y1.11.5 Compare and contrast interpreting data, inferring using data, and implicating with data	CSDS.Y2.11.5 Demonstrate interpreting level-appropriate data, inferring using level-appropriate data, and implicating with level-appropriate data	CSDS.Y3.11.5 Demonstrate interpreting level-appropriate data, inferring using level-appropriate data, and implicating with level-appropriate data
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.11.6 Research and describe how data and information are used to increase both individual and collective knowledge	CSDS.Y3.11.6 Utilize data and information to increase both individual and collective knowledge

This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSDS.Y2.11.7 Explore the concept of inverse outcomes in increasing both individual and collective knowledge	CSDS.Y3.11.7 Utilize inverse outcomes to increase both individual and collective knowledge

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