

August 6, 2024

To: Board of Education

From: Dr. Elizabeth Grant, Superintendent
Dr. Tiffany Hall, Executive Director of Teaching and Learning
Dr. Sandra Buendia, Executive Director of Educational Equity & Student Support

Subject: Board Goals and Metrics

In order to support the board in choosing goals and metrics for the coming years, the team is providing information on the three goals you've discussed so far—literacy, chronic absenteeism, and college and career pathways.

In the last board session, there were requests for additional information, particularly on literacy. Dr. Hall is presenting suggested metrics of success and providing data, overall and disaggregated, showing the current state of literacy performance in relation to the suggested goals. Dr. Buendia has pulled together information on chronic absenteeism nationally, along with overall data and disaggregated data on SLCS student absenteeism. Dr. Grant is presenting information on college and career pathways along with suggested goals.

Over the last years, the board has concentrated resources and attention on two goals. The board may choose again to establish two goals or may instead move forward with three goals for the coming years.

We hope this information is of help and look forward to the conversation.

Attachment: Board Goals Presentation PowerPoint



Board Goals Discussion

August 6, 2024



Literacy

Dr. Tiffany Hall, T&L Executive Director

Dr. Chelsea Malouf, ELA and ALS Director

Jeffery Lutz, Data Analysis Specialist



What do students need?

- Phonological Awareness
- Phonics
- Fluency
- Vocabulary
- Comprehension
- Stamina

95% Group

Wonders

Discipline-specific reading

The Science of Reading
LETRS



Suggested Literacy Goal

- By 2029, 70% of students will demonstrate reading proficiency as measured with:
 - Acadience Reading K-3
 - NWEA MAP 4-12



Suggested Literacy Goal

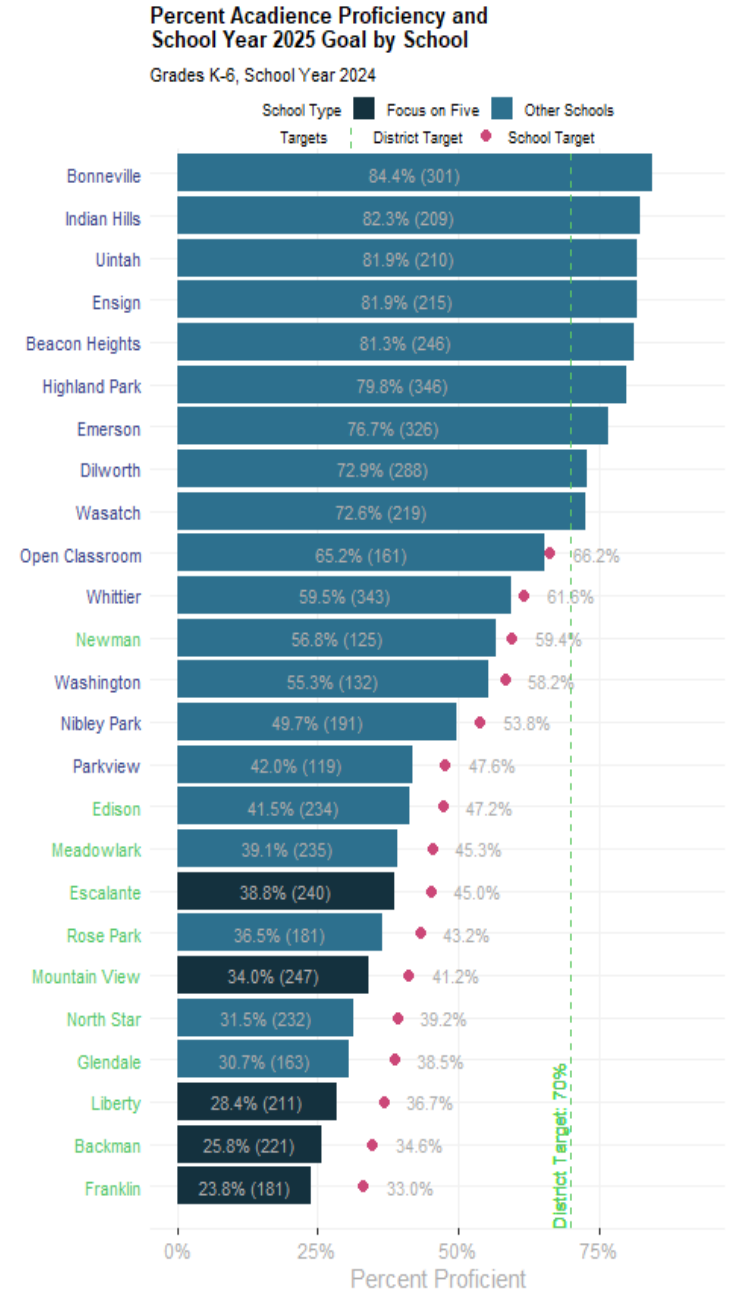
Focus on Five: Backman, Franklin, Escalante, Liberty,
Mountain View

- Goal: By 2029, no schools will be identified by the state as low-performing schools under the description in SB127.



Progress to 70% Proficiency

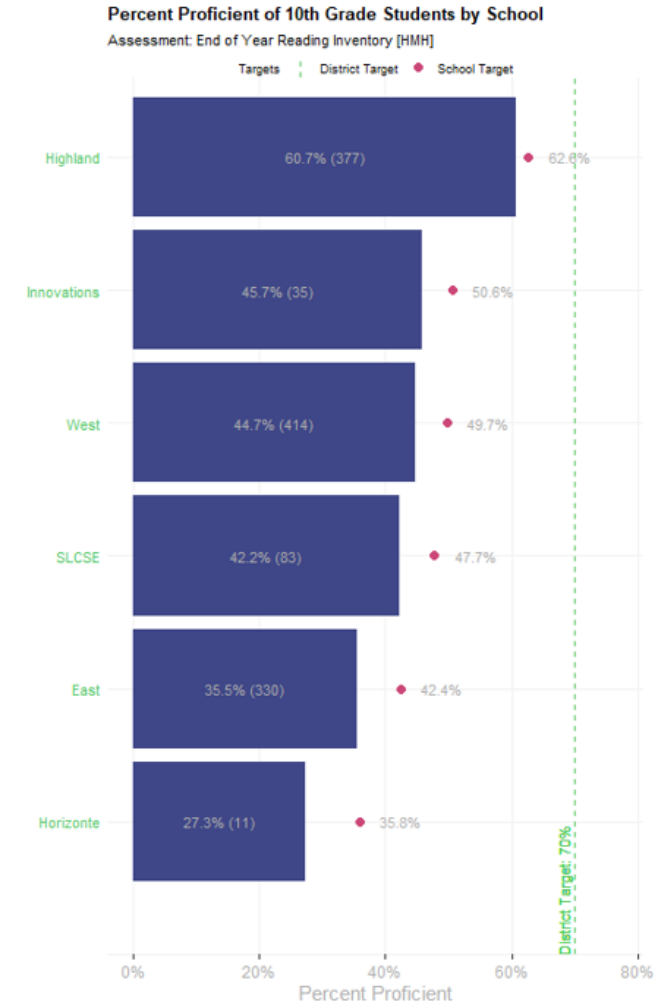
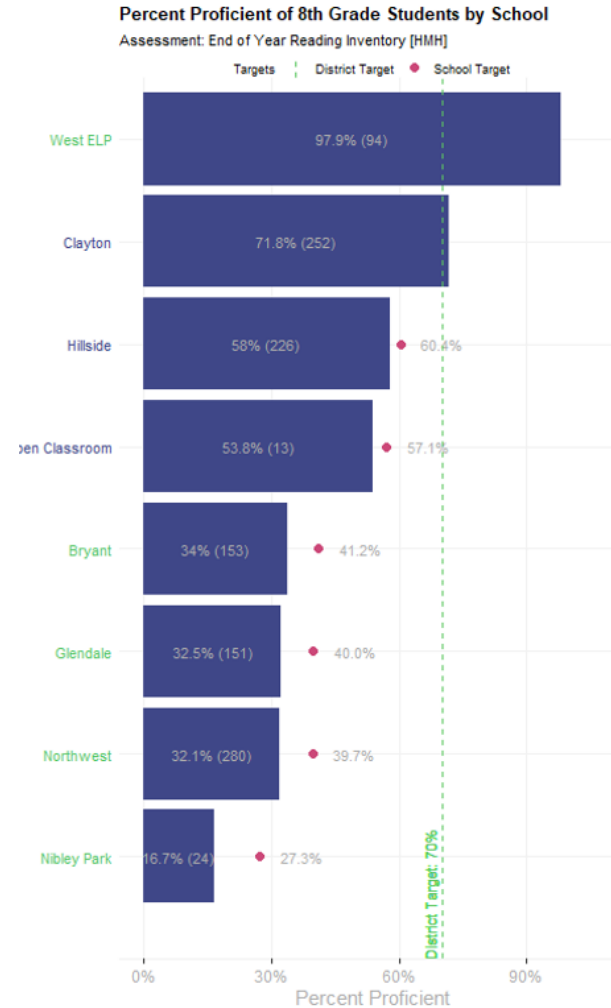
- District overview by elementary school
- All students and grades





Progress to 70% Proficiency

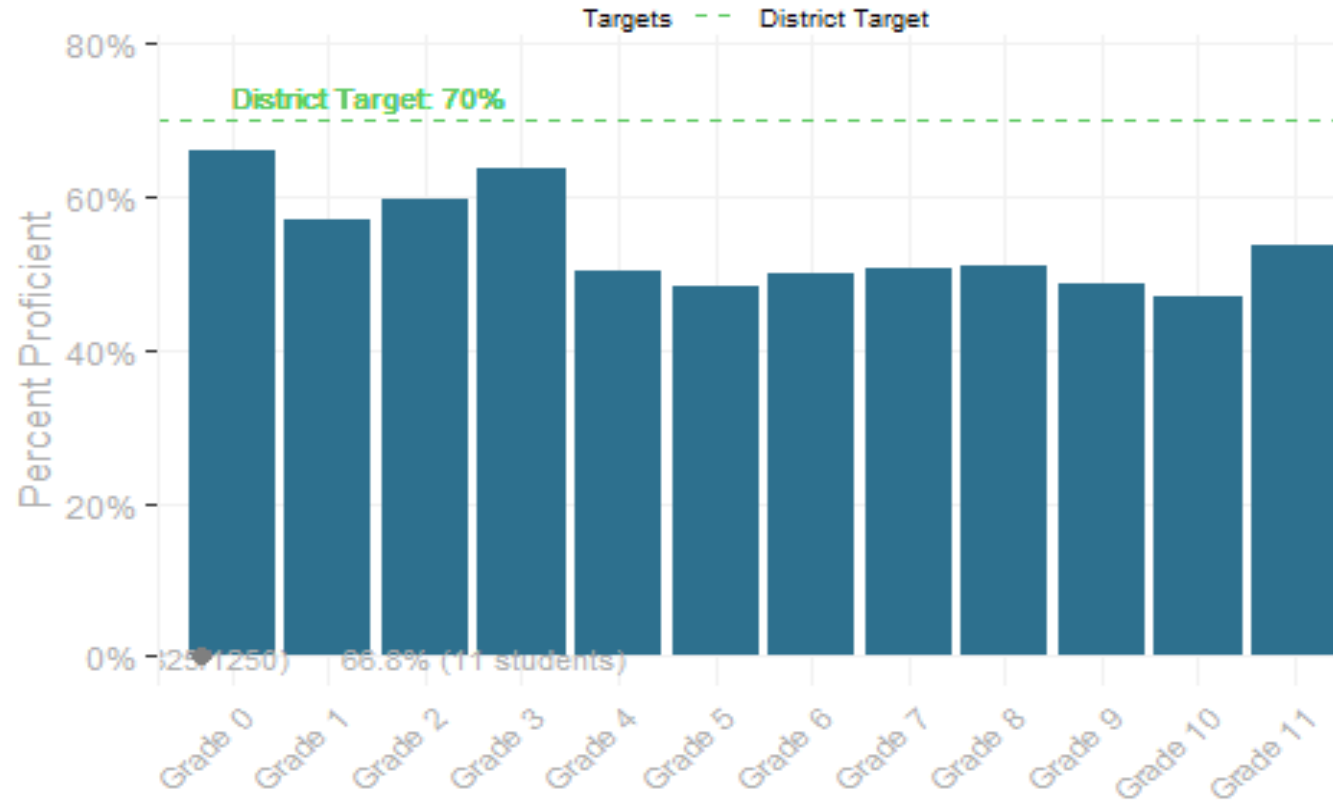
- District overview by secondary school
- Grade 8
- Grade 10





Progress to 70% by Grade Level

Percent of Students Proficient on 2024 End of Year Reading Assessment
School Year 2025 Goal by Grade
Grades K - 12, School Year 2024

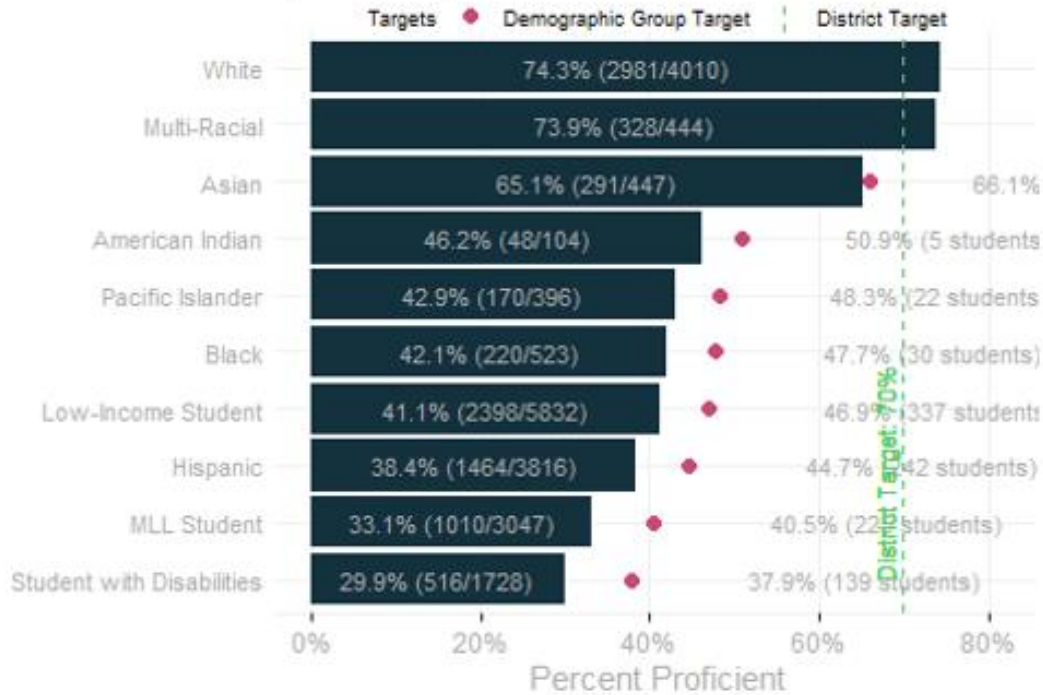




Progress to 70% Proficiency Disaggregated

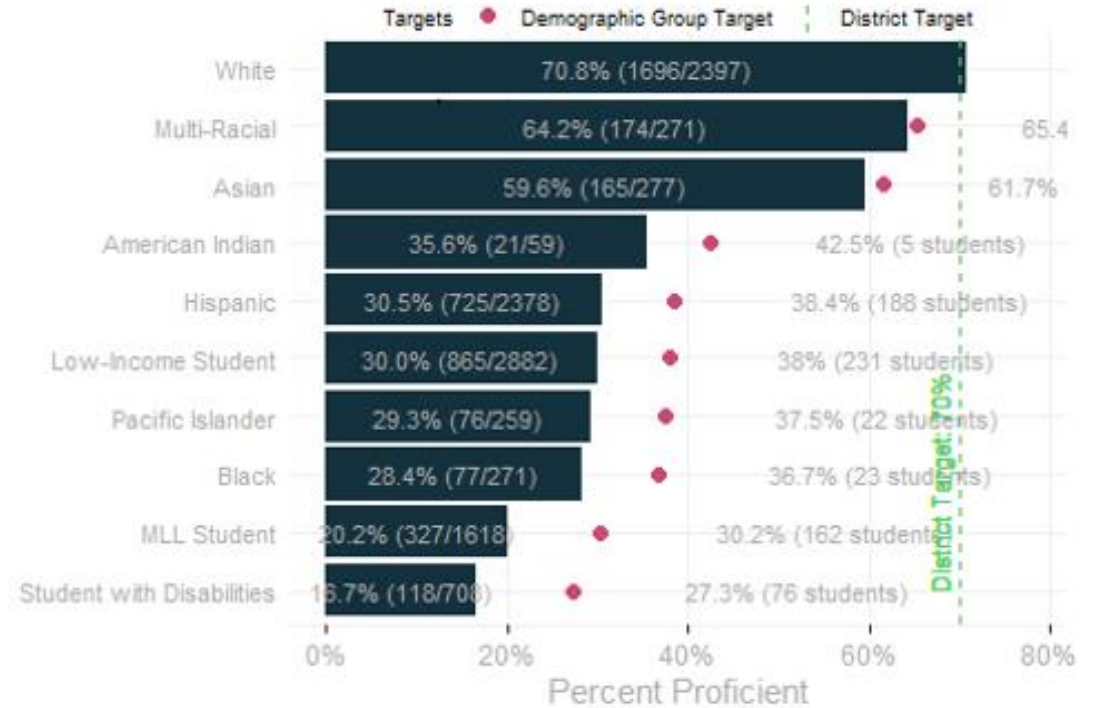
Percent Proficient by Demographic Group On End of Year Reading Assessment in 2024

By Student Groups for Grades K-6



Percent Proficient by Demographic Group On End of Year Reading Assessment in 2024

By Student Groups for Grades 7-12





Attendance

Dr. Sandra Buendia, EESS Executive Director



National chronic absenteeism data

- National data from the U.S. Department of Education indicates a substantial increase in chronic absenteeism post COVID-19.
- A student is considered chronically absent if they miss 10% or more of the academic year for any reason.
- Nationally, chronic absenteeism increased to 14.7 million students in 2020-21 from 8 million pre-COVID-19.
- Chronic absenteeism results in loss of instructional time and social development opportunities.
- Any amount of missed instructional time contributes to lower academic achievement and has an adverse impact on student well-being.

Source: [Attendance Works, 2022](#)



Chronic absenteeism data—aggregate level

School Year	% of students identified as chronically absent	# of students identified as chronically absent	Total Student Enrollment
2019-2020	5.90%	1220	20679
2020-2021	16%	2954	18462
2021-2022	30%	5316	17721
2022-2023	29%	5119	17651
2023-2024	28%	4933	17618



Chronic absenteeism data by subgroup

School Year 2023-2024	% of students identified as chronically absent	# of students identified as chronically absent	Total # of students in the subgroup	Total Student Enrollment
Asian	20%	201	996	17,618
Black or African American	29%	344	1181	
American Indian or Alaska Native	44%	109	246	
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	46%	491	1078	
White	17%	1489	8579	
Hispanic/Latino	36%	3181	8942	
Multi-race	25%	266	1058	
English Learners	29.11%	1360	4673	
Special Education (Resource)	33.14%	769	2321	



Current activities and accomplishments to date

Current activities

- The SLCSD Attendance Handbook (“handbook”): Tiered interventions, communication protocols, district-level interventions, and resources

Accomplishments

- Explored research-based initiatives that effectively address chronic absenteeism
- Conducted focus groups with to seek feedback on the handbook
- Collaborated with other departments on the development of the handbook



Suggested Attendance Goal

Salt Lake City School District Board of Education Attendance Goal

To promote student academic achievement and support their successful pathway to career and life, the Salt Lake City School District will increase student attendance by implementing interventions, such as those in the SLCSD Attendance Handbook, districtwide.

- The SLCSD Attendance Handbook provides tiered interventions to address absenteeism at every level of concern and severity.
- The SLCSD Attendance Handbook has been designed to engage families as equal partners with schools in addressing absenteeism.
- Chronic absenteeism will be reduced by at least 2% points per year, reducing the current rate of 28% to 18% by academic year 2029-2030.

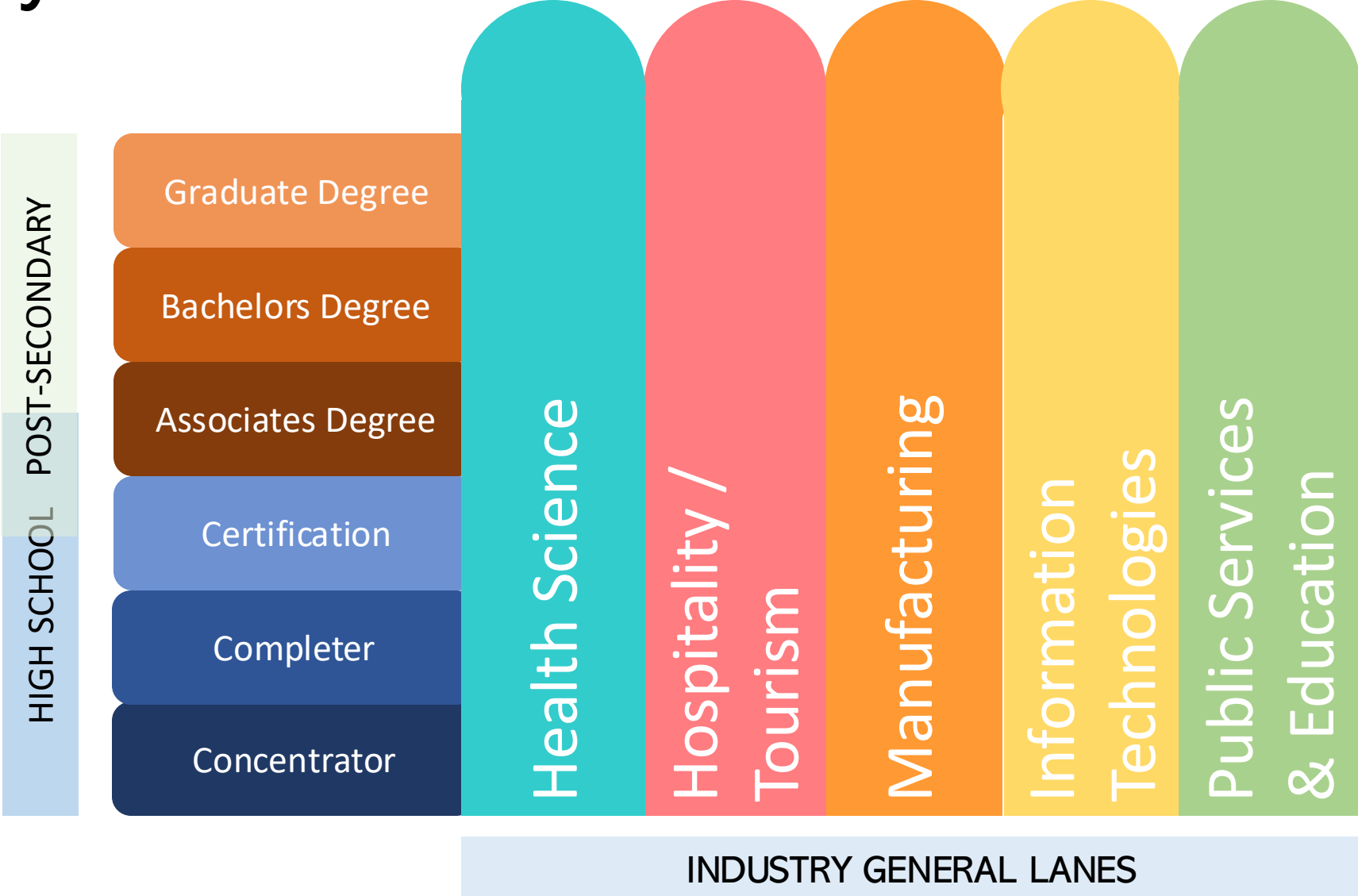


College and Career Pathways

Dr. Elizabeth Grant

SLCSD Pathway Vision

Offer students options in five high-demand pathways with multiple access points for continuing education and professional experience





Pathway Success

Given that almost half of SLCSD students do not enroll in college, it is important to look at career pathway options—

- Research has shown that students in career education programs have higher graduation rates, improved academic achievement and higher rates of employment and enrollment in community college.
- In SLCSD, pathway completers graduate high school at higher rates than non-completers.
- The most successful programs are tied to the local labor market and offer a sequence of linked classes, not “a la carte” offerings. Pathways should also link to high-wage careers in growing industries, not low-paying jobs with little future.



Pathway Goals

By 2029:

- 100% of high school students will have an articulated plan for a college and/or career pathway
- 30% of students will participate in apprenticeship or internship experiences of value
- 50% of students will be Pathway Completers (3 credits in a CTE pathway)
- 75% of students will be Pathway Concentrators (2 credits in a CTE pathway)



Discussion