GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

## **AUDIT REPORT**

## GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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## GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

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#### GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

#### **ORGANIZATION**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Wendy Bremner Chairperson Stephen Conway Vice-Chairperson Velden Calica Trustee Jess Edwards Trustee James Evans Trustee Brian Gallup Trustee James Running Fisher Trustee Kristy Lynn Bullshoe Trustee

#### **DISTRICT OFFICIALS**

Stacy EdwardsBusiness ManagerCorrina Guardipee-HallDistrict SuperintendentDarryl OmsbergCounty SuperintendentTerryl MattCounty Attorney

The following discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance provides an overview of the government's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position changed by \$6,926,692 is an increase of 14.7%.
- During the year, our school had expenses that were \$5,687,610 less than the \$37,224,169 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- The general fund traditionally expends the entire budget every year.
- There were not any budget variances to note.

#### USING THIS AUDIT REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the government as a whole and present a longer-term view of the finances. For governmental activities, fund statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as, what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the government's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Government-wide financial statements

One of the most important questions asked about the school's finances is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows report information about the government as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements included all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the net position and changes in them. You can think of net position-the difference between assets and liabilities-as one way to measure the school's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the economy, enrollment and changes in the State's funding of educational costs to assess the overall health.

#### Fund Financial statements

The financial statements are further broken down into proprietary and fiduciary funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law. Also, the school establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to meet legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money. We utilize the following funds:

Governmental Activities – Basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance programs. The purchasing fund and self-insurance fund can be found here.

Proprietary (business-type) fund. This fund is used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the school. These funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. We exclude these activities from the other financial statements because we cannot use these assets to finance our operations. We are responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The Day care/pre-school program is listed here.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In our case, assets have increased as of June 30, 2016. This is a net change of 8% - substantially stable.

<b>Net Position:</b>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		Inc (Dec)
Current and other assets	\$	25,675,112	\$	28,816,314		
Bond Issuance		174,120		149,246		
Capital assets		47,844,192		50,898,789		
<b>Total assets</b>	\$	73,693,424	\$_	80,248,020	<b>\$</b> _	6,554,596
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>	\$	1,788,904	\$	3,633,599	\$	1,844,695
Other liabilities		1,510,185		1,539,645		
Non-current liabilities	_	25,107,975	_	27,671,961		
Total liabilities	\$	26,618,160	\$_	29,211,606	\$	2,593,446
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>	\$	1,752,248	\$	618,606	\$	(1,133,642)
Net position:						
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	40,889,192	\$	44,543,789		
Restricted for capital		809,872		1,512,475		
Restricted for debt		280,471		109,034		
Restricted for special		5,060,283		1,851,859		
Unrestricted		72,102	_	6.034.250		
	\$	47,111,920	<b>\$</b> _	54,051,407	<b>\$</b> _	6,939,487

The reason only the totals are compared is because the way to report assets has changed. The board recently adopted a policy to prioritize and categorize the cash. The capital assets has an increase of 4%, which is mainly due to the purchase of several new buses and the construction projects. The increase to the non-current liabilities is largely due to the net pension liability. The unrestricted net position has increased by \$5,949,353.

The following table shows the change in net position by breaking out the expenses by function and breaking out the revenue by source of income. In a traditional accounting spreadsheet, you might see the expenses delineated by department or by type of expenditure such as salary, overhead etc. In school accounting the delineation is by student, administration, food services, etc. and the terms used are function and program.

<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	Inc (Dec)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 36,356	\$ 107,791	\$ 71,435
Operating grants and contributions	6,704,106	6,931,659	227,557
General Revenues	<b>.</b>	<b>* * * *</b> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
District Levy	\$ 1,894,951	\$ 2,385,060	\$ 490,109
State/county equalization	5,649,825	7,154,814	1,504,989
State guaranteed tax base subsidy (GTB)	3,966,674	4,025,346	58,672
Other State revenue	1,618,914	732,872	(886,042)
Investment Earnings	149,836	121,765	(28,071)
Miscellaneous (other revenue)	143,223	490,910	347,687
State Entitlement (block grants)	347,534	347,533	(1)
State technology	13,236	13,762	526
County retirement	1,755,501	2,269,672	514,171
Federal Impact Aid	10,868,335	12,597,937	1,729,602
Insurance Recovery			
<b>Total Revenues:</b>	\$ <u>33,148,491</u>	\$ <u>37,224,169</u>	\$ <u>4,075,678</u>
Program Expenses			
Instructional – regular	\$ 12,974,004	\$ 12,924,834	\$ (49,170)
Instructional – special education	1,799,301	1,870,685	71,384
Instructional – vocational education	343,892	216,958	(126,934)
Supporting services – operations & maint	2,713,378	2,915,322	201,944
Supporting services – general	2,404,796	2,480,169	75,373
Supporting services – central	-	-	-
Supporting services – Ed media services	2,007,861	2,396,643	388,782
Administration – general	1,602,340	1,728,795	126,455
Administration – school	1,894,636	1,766,002	(128,634)
Administration – business	655,981	607,996	(47,985)
Student transportation	1,534,172	1,663,087	128,915
Extracurricular	688,710	834,611	145,901
School Food	1,320,329	1,685,152	364,823
Community Services	15,003	105,018	90,015
Debt service expense-principal	_	_	_
Debt service expense-interest	278,733	271,281	(7,452)
Other current charges	-	-	-
Enterprise services	40,838	21,312	(19,526)
Total Expenses	\$ <u>30,273,974</u>	\$ <u>31,536,559</u>	\$ 1,262,585
<b>r</b>	\$ 2,874,517	\$ 5,687,610	\$ 2,813,093

The noticeable difference here is that we had more revenue (10.9%) and we increased spending by about (4%). Overall, the revenues have increased; however, the spending has increased as well.

#### **FUND FINANCIALS**

The District's General Fund for both the elementary and high school are used for the salaries and benefits for the certified staff and a small portion is used for some administrative and classified staff. We had an 8% increase in the elementary revenue and a 8% increase in the high school revenue. This is due to an increase in the enrollment of students. The Transportation Fund is used strictly to transport students from home to school and school to home. There was no increase or decrease in these funds. The Bus Deprecation Fund indicates an increase in elementary revenue of 44% and the high school had an increase of 41%. The District did a budget amendment for school safety and transferred \$101,250 from the elementary and \$33,750 from the high school Bus Depreciation funds to the Building Reserve funds. There were no new buses purchased. The Interlocal Fund was set up the year before last. It was for the construction of the new vo-tech, locker room, wrestling room, and south bleachers at the high school. This project has been complete. There was also a playground project at the Browning Elementary that was completed.

#### **BUDGETARY VARIATIONS**

The audit is expected to show any significant budgetary variations for the fund in general. There were not any significant reports.

#### THE GOVERNMENT'S FUTURE

The Browning Board of Trustees recognizes the need to maintain the facilities, while balancing the increasing costs of meeting the needs of our students. This audit reflects that philosophy by maintaining a positive balance in the balance sheet. The Board of Trustees is also pursuing possible solutions to better utilize the space available for a safe learning environment.

In the year to come we have to be diligent in our work to keep sequestration off the table. We won one small battle and the funding has been restored to almost what it was in 2014, but during this unstable time in federal funding, we must stay diligent and watch expenditures so we can fund the district when the funding is short.

The continued pressure to meet test score requirements, drop-out rate reductions and attendance requirements poses great challenges to the schools in Montana. The Browning schools will continue to strive for excellence regardless of what funding changes come their way. The changes brought forth in the 2016 legislature will provide further challenges in reporting.

#### **Contact Information**

If you have any questions about this report, or if you would like further information, please contact the Browning School District Administration Office, located at 129 1<sup>st</sup> Ave SE, or at PO Box 610 Browning, MT 59417. Please also feel free to call Superintendent John Rouse or Director of Finance Stacy Edwards at 406-338-2715.

## Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South – P.O. Box 1957 Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Browning Public Schools Glacier County Browning, Montana

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Opinion Unit

As explained in note 2 to the financial statements, management has not been able to balance cash for the payroll and claims clearing funds to the Glacier County Treasurer reported cash in those funds for a difference of \$651,224 in which the Glacier County is reporting more cash than the District.

#### **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Opinion Unit" paragraph, the financial statements of the referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Aggregate Opinion Unit of Browning Public School, Glacier County, Montana, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 14, the previously issued financial statements of the governmental activities and internal service fund have been restated for the correction of a material misstatement in the respective period totaling \$1,167,919 related to unrecorded accounts receivable. This restatement did not affect our opinion as it was determined to be appropriate.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits other than pensions, schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedules of contributions on pages 2 through 5, 51 through 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues and expenditures for the extracurricular fund, the schedule of enrollment, the balance sheets and the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general and impact aid funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S., *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of revenues and expenditures for the extracurricular fund, the schedule of enrollment and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues and expenditures for the extracurricular fund, the schedule of enrollment and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The balance sheets and the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the general and impact aid funds, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financials statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Denning, Downey and associates, CPA's, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2018, on our consideration of the Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

March 26, 2018

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	_	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	25,458,827	\$	-	\$	25,458,827
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		1,431,892		<del>-</del>		1,431,892
Accounts receivable - net		1,236,506		9,860		1,246,366
Due from other governments		679,229				679,229
Total current assets	\$_	28,806,454	\$_	9,860	\$	28,816,314
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	383,671	\$	-	\$	383,671
Capital assets - land		839,008		-		839,008
Capital assets - depreciable, net		50,059,781		-		50,059,781
Bond issuance costs	_	149,246	_			149,246
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	51,431,706	\$	<u> </u>	\$	51,431,706
Total assets	\$	80,238,160	\$	9,860	\$	80,248,020
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	3,633,599	\$	_	\$	3,633,599
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,633,599	\$	_	\$	3,633,599
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	83,871,759	\$	9,860	\$	83,881,619
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$	616,425	\$	-	\$	616,425
Current portion of long-term capital liabilities		625,000		-		625,000
Current portion of compensated absences payable	_	298,220				298,220
Total current liabilities	\$_	1,539,645	\$_		\$	1,539,645
Noncurrent liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities	\$	137,946	\$	-	\$	137,946
Noncurrent portion of long-term capital liabilities		5,730,000		-		5,730,000
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		273,094		-		273,094
Net pension liability	_	21,530,921				21,530,921
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	27,671,961	\$_		\$	27,671,961
Total liabilities	\$_	29,211,606	\$_		\$	29,211,606
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	\$	618,606	\$	<u> </u>	\$	618,606
Total Deferred Inflows of resources	\$	618,606	\$	<u> </u>	\$	618,606
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	44,543,789	\$	_	\$	44,543,789
Restricted for capital projects		1,512,475		-		1,512,475
Restricted for debt service		109,034		-		109,034
Restricted for special projects		1,851,859		-		1,851,859
Unrestricted		6,024,390		9,860		6,034,250
Total net position	\$	54,041,547	\$	9,860	\$	54,051,407
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$	83,871,759	\$	9,860	\$	83,881,619
	~ <b>=</b>	33,011,137	- ~ -	2,000	_	55,551,017

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

				Program Revenues			-	Primary Government								
				Progr	am I		-	Prir								
						Operating				Business-						
				Charges for		Grants and		Governmental		type						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		<u>Services</u>		Contributions		Activities		Activities	<b>Total</b>					
Primary government:																
Governmental activities:																
Instructional - regular	\$	12,924,834	\$	-	\$	2,089,475	\$	(10,835,359) 5	\$	- \$	(10,835,359)					
Instructional - special education		1,870,685		_		844,148		(1,026,537)		_	(1,026,537)					
Instructional - vocational education		216,958		_		74,623		(142,335)		_	(142,335)					
Supporting services - operations & maintenance		2,915,322		17,970		, 1,025		(2,897,352)		_	(2,897,352)					
Supporting services - general		2,480,169				718,548		(1,761,621)		_	(1,761,621)					
Supporting services - educational media services		2,396,643		_		1,248,924		(1,147,719)		_	(1,147,719)					
Administration - general		1,728,795		_		49,667		(1,679,128)		-	(1,679,128)					
Administration - school		1,766,002		-		49,007		(1,766,002)		-	(1,766,002)					
		607,996		-		-				-						
Administration - business		,		-		412.074		(607,996)		-	(607,996)					
Student transportation		1,663,087		-		413,874		(1,249,213)		-	(1,249,213)					
Extracurricular		834,611		-		-		(834,611)		-	(834,611)					
School food		1,685,152		89,821		1,492,400		(102,931)		-	(102,931)					
Community services		105,018		-		-		(105,018)		-	(105,018)					
Debt service expense - interest		271,281		-		-		(271,281)		-	(271,281)					
Enterprise services		21,312	_					(21,312)	_	<u> </u>	(21,312)					
Total governmental activities	\$	31,487,865	\$	107,791	\$	6,931,659	\$	(24,448,415)	\$	\$	(24,448,415)					
Business-type activities:																
Day Care	\$	48,694	¢	45.049	¢		•		¢	(2.646) \$	(3,646)					
•	\$	48,694		45,048 45,048			э \$		<b>Д</b> —	(3,646) \$ (3,646)	(3,646)					
Total business-type activities	Ф.	46,094	- Þ	45,046	<b>-</b> •		. э		• —	(3,040) \$	(5,040)					
Total primary government	\$	31,536,559	\$	152,839	\$	6,931,659	\$	(24,448,415)	\$ _	(3,646) \$	(24,452,061)					
				General Revenues:												
				Property taxes for general	purp	oses	\$	2,385,060	\$	- \$	2,385,060					
						tricted to specific programs		7,154,814		_	7,154,814					
				State/County equalization		t8		4,025,346		_	4,025,346					
				Other state grants				732,872		_	732,872					
				Investment earnings				121,054		711	121,765					
				Miscellaneous (other rever	1110)			490,910		-	490,910					
				State entitlement (block gr		<b>)</b>		347,533		-	347,533					
				State technology	ants)	,		13.762		-	13,762					
				County retirement				2,269,672		-	2,269,672					
										-	, ,					
				Federal impact aid			_	12,597,937	_		12,597,937					
				Total general revenues, spec	ial it	tems and transfers	\$_	30,138,960	_	711 \$	30,139,671					
				Change in net position			\$ _	5,690,545	\$ <u> </u>	(2,935) \$	5,687,610					
				Net position - beginning			\$	47,111,920	\$	12,795 \$	47,124,715					
				Restatements				1,239,082		-	1,239,082					
				Net position - beginning - re	state	ed	\$	48,351,002	\$ _	12,795 \$	48,363,797					
				Net position - end			\$	54,041,547	\$ _	9,860 \$	54,051,407					

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		General	Elementary Transportation	Elementary Bus Depreciation		Elementary Miscellaneous Programs	High School Transportation	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					_	<u> </u>			
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	22,114,118	\$ 219,070 \$	517,939	\$	(523,795) \$	84,755 \$	1,718,433 \$	24,130,520
Taxes and assessments receivable, net		651,061	257,235	150,451		-	175,935	197,210	1,431,892
Due from other governments		-			_	659,585		19,644	679,229
Total current assets	\$	22,765,179	\$ 476,305 \$	668,390	\$	135,790 \$	260,690 \$	1,935,287 \$	26,241,641
Noncurrent assets:			_			_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Restricted cash and investments	\$	383,671	\$ \$	-	\$_	- \$	\$	\$	383,671
Total noncurrent assets	\$	383,671	\$ - \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	383,671
Total assets	\$	23,148,850	\$ 476,305 \$	668,390	\$	135,790 \$	260,690 \$	1,935,287 \$	26,625,312
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,148,850	\$ 476,305 \$	668,390	\$	135,790 \$	260,690 \$	1,935,287 \$	26,625,312
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	25,675	\$ 500 \$	-	\$	2,310 \$	284 \$	- \$	28,769
Total liabilities	\$	25,675	\$ 500 \$	-	\$	2,310 \$	284 \$	- \$	28,769
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	651,061	\$ 257,235 \$	150,451	\$	- \$	175,935 \$	197,210 \$	1,431,892
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	651,061	\$ 257,235 \$	150,451	\$	- \$	175,935 \$	197,210 \$	1,431,892
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted	\$	_	\$ 218,570 \$	517,939	\$	133,480 \$	84,471 \$	1,744,039 \$	2,698,499
Assigned		37,949	-	_		-	-	-	37,949
Unassigned fund balance		22,434,165	-	-		-	-	(5,962)	22,428,203
Total fund balance	\$	22,472,114	\$ 218,570 \$	517,939	\$	133,480 \$	84,471 \$	1,738,077 \$	25,164,651
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND	· —	, ,	 		· -		·		
BALANCES	\$	23,148,850	\$ 476,305 \$	668,390	\$_	135,790 \$	260,690 \$	1,935,287 \$	26,625,312

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	25,164,651
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		50,898,789
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.		1,431,892
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		(7,064,260)
Proportionate share of ending collective net pension liability		(21,530,921)
Deferred outlows related to net pension liability		3,633,599
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability		(618,606)
Bond issuance costs  Total net position - governmental activities	<b>\$</b>	149,246 54,041,547

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General		Elementary Transportation		Elementary Bus Depreciation	Elementary Miscellaneous Programs		High School Transportation		Other Governmental Funds	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES		_	•	_	-	-			_		
Local revenue	\$ 1,041,034	\$	308,448	\$	336,946	\$	72,017 \$	274,204	\$	724,302 \$	2,756,951
County revenue	-		133,204		-		-	73,733		2,269,672	2,476,609
State revenue	12,033,191		166,380		-		206,012	104,309		101,044	12,610,936
Federal revenue	12,597,937		-		-		4,082,995			1,586,343	18,267,275
Total revenues	\$ 25,672,162	\$	608,032	\$	336,946	\$	4,361,024 \$	452,246	\$	4,681,361 \$	 36,111,771
EXPENDITURES											
Instructional - regular	\$ 8,865,636	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,101,719 \$	-	\$	1,068,170 \$	12,035,525
Instructional - special education	1,354,266		-		-		274,207	-		242,212	1,870,685
Instructional - vocational education	189,705		-		-		-	-		27,253	216,958
Supporting services - operations & maintenance	2,618,846		-		-		-	-		258,448	2,877,294
Supporting services - general	1,557,182		-		-		706,529	-		216,458	2,480,169
Supporting services - educational media services	990,788		-		-		1,256,589	-		149,266	2,396,643
Administration - general	913,695		-		-		50,995	-		64,241	1,028,931
Administration - school	1,568,456		-		-		1,830	-		195,716	1,766,002
Administration - business	466,673		-		-		-	-		141,323	607,996
Student transportation	182,375		603,391		3,652		-	398,185		122,279	1,309,882
Extracurricular	777,300		-		-		-	-		45,594	822,894
School food	7,125		-		-		-	-		1,667,002	1,674,127
Community services	100,937		-		-		4,081	-		-	105,018
Debt service expense - principal	-		-		-		-	-		600,000	600,000
Debt service expense - interest	-		-		-		-	-		271,281	271,281
Capital outlay	1,307,937		-		-		36,724	-		3,174,015	4,518,676
Enterprise services	 -	_	-	_	-		-		_	21,312	21,312
Total expenditures	\$ 20,900,921			\$	- ,	\$	4,432,674 \$	398,185	_	8,264,570 \$	 34,603,393
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 4,771,241	. \$ _	4,641	\$_	333,294	\$ -	(71,650) \$	54,061	\$_	(3,583,209) \$	 1,508,378
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Proceeds from compensation of loss on fixed assets	\$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	353,794 \$	353,794
Transfers in	75,670		-		-		-	-		392,025	467,695
Transfers out	 (257,025)	_	-	_	(101,250)		-			(109,420)	(467,695)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (181,355)	\$	-	\$	(101,250)	\$	- \$		\$	636,399 \$	353,794
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 4,589,886	\$	4,641	\$	232,044	\$	(71,650) \$	54,061	\$	(2,946,810) \$	 1,862,172
Fund balances - beginning	\$ 17,861,521	\$	188,961	\$	285,895	\$	208,431 \$	13,832	\$	4,672,676 \$	23,231,316
Restatements	 20,707		24,968				(3,301)	16,578		12,211	 71,163
Fund balances - beginning, restated	\$ 17,882,228	\$	213,929	\$	285,895	\$	205,130 \$	30,410	\$	4,684,887 \$	23,302,479
Fund balance - ending	\$ 22,472,114	\$	218,570	\$	517,939	\$	133,480 \$	84,471	\$_	1,738,077 \$	 25,164,651

# Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures. and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,862,172
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
- Capital assets purchased - Depreciation expense	4,518,676 (1,464,079)
The change in compensated absences is shown as an expense in the Statement of Activities	(151,273)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position:	
- Long-term debt principal payments	600,000
Termination benefits are shown as an expense in the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance:	
- Post-employment benefits other than retirement liability	(20,678)
Internal service funds are used by management to chare the costs of certain activities, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with the governmental activities of the Government-Wide Statement of Activities net of the amounts allocated to business-type activities and	
depreciation expense.	543,029
Pension expense related to the net pension liability is shown as an expense on the Statement of	
Activites and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	(885,273)
State aid revenue related to the net pension liability is shown as a revenue on the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance	712,845
Amortization of bond issuance costs is shown as an expense on the Statement of Activities and not reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	(24,874)
Change in net position - Statement of Activities	\$ 5,690,545

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

			s-Type erprise Funds
	Non-major Enterprise	EII	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	1,328,307
Accounts receivable - net	9,860		1,236,506
Total assets	\$ 9,860	\$	2,564,813
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	-	\$	587,656
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$	587,656
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted	\$ 9,860	\$	1,977,157
Total net position	\$ 9,860	\$	1,977,157
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 9,860	\$	2,564,813

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Business-T	ype	Activities -
		Enterp	rise	Funds
	-			Internal
		Non-major		Service
		Enterprise		Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	•	-		
Charges for services	\$	45,048	\$	5,067,741
Total operating revenues	\$	45,048	\$	5,067,741
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	\$	6,123	\$	46,500
Employee benefits		37,293		30,370
Supplies		2,938		-
Other purchased services		2,340		4,447,831
Total operating expenses	\$ -	48,694	\$	4,524,701
Operating income (loss)	\$ .	(3,646)	\$	543,040
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest revenue	\$	711	\$	(11)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	\$ -	711	\$	(11)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$ -	(2,935)	\$	543,029
Change in net position		(2,935)	\$	543,029
Net Position - Beginning of the year	\$	12,795	\$	266,209
Restatements		-		1,167,919
Net Position - Beginning of the year - Restated	•	12,795	\$	1,434,128
Net Position - End of the year	\$	9,860	\$	1,977,157

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

<b>Business - Type Activities -</b>
Enterprise Funds

		e Funds	
		Non- Major Enterprise	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from providing services	\$	47,983 \$	4,999,154
Cash payments to suppliers		(2,938)	-
Cash payments for professional services		(2,340)	(4,572,317)
Cash payments to employees	_	(43,416)	(76,870)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	(711) \$	349,967
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments	\$	711 \$	(11)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$_	711 \$	(11)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	349,956
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning		<u>-</u>	978,351
Cash and cash equivalents at end	\$	\$	1,328,307
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided			
(used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,646) \$	543,040
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Change in accounts receivable		2,935	(68,587)
Change in accounts payable		<del>-</del> .	(124,486)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	(711) \$	349,967

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

		Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
ASSETS	<del>-</del>			
Cash and short-term investments	\$	351,183	\$	2,563,738
Total assets	\$	351,183	\$	2,563,738
LIABILITIES	_		_	
Warrants payable	\$	-	\$	571,615
Accounts payable		12,866		151,233
Due to others		-		1,840,890
Total liabilities	\$	12,866	\$	2,563,738
NET POSITION				
Assets held in trust	\$_	338,317		

### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Student activities \$	241,773
Other revenue from local sources	50,100
Total contributions \$	291,873
Investment earnings \$	517
Total additions \$	292,390
DEDUCTIONS	
Student activities \$	242,844
Student scholarships	8,200
Total deductions \$	251,044
Change in net position \$	41,346
Net Position - Beginning of the year \$	296,971
Net Position - End of the year \$	338,317

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The School District complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

In determining the financial reporting entity, the District complies with the provisions of GASB statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, and includes all component units of which the District appointed a voting majority of the component units' board; the District is either able to impose its' will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden relationship exists. In addition, the District complies with GASB statement No. 39 *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units* which relates to organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the District.

#### Primary Government

The District was established under Montana law to provide elementary and secondary educational services to residents of the District. The District actually consists of two legally separate districts. The Elementary District provides education from kindergarten through the eighth grade and the High School District provides education from grades nine through twelve. Based on the criteria for determining the reporting District (separate legal District and financial or fiscal dependency on other governments) the District is a primary government as defined by GASB Cod. Sec. 2100 and has no component units.

Separate accounting records must be maintained for each District because of differences in funding and legal requirements. However, both districts are managed as a single system by a central board of trustees, elected in district-wide elections, and by a central administration appointed by and responsible to the Board. These financial statements present, as a single reporting District, all activities over which the Board of Trustees exercises responsibility.

#### Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements:**

#### Basis of Presentation

The Government-wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole and its component units. They include all funds of the reporting District except fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

June 30, 2017

Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Eliminations have been made in the consolidation of business type activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. The District does not charge indirect expenses to programs or functions. The types of transactions reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity and 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all property taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB 34 in regards to inter-fund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The District generally applies restricted resources to expenses incurred before using unrestricted resources when both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

#### Basis of Presentation

Fund financial statements of the reporting District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Funds are organized into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

June 30, 2017

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. Each major fund is displayed in a separate column in the governmental funds statements. All of the remaining funds are aggregated and reported in a single column as non-major funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets combined with deferred outflows of resources, liabilities combined with deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets combined with deferred outflows of resources, liabilities combined with deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise funds are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

#### **Governmental Funds:**

#### Modified Accrual

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

The District defined the length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements to be upon receipt. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds and proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for current services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

June 30, 2017

#### Major Funds:

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - This is the District's primary operating fund and it accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Elementary Transportation Fund — Authorized by Section 20-10-143, MCA, for the purpose of financing the maintenance and operation of district owned school buses, contracts with private carriers for school bus service, individual transportation contracts, and any amount necessary for the purchase, rental, or insurance of yellow school buses or operation of the transportation program. The fund may be used only to support costs of home-to-school transportation.

Elementary Bus Depreciation Fund – The Bus Depreciation Fund is authorized by Section 20-10-147, MCA, for the purpose of financing the replacement of buses and two-way radio equipment owned by a school district.

Elementary Miscellaneous Programs Fund – Authorized by Section 20-9-507, MCA, for the purpose of accounting for local, state or federal grants and reimbursements. Donations and expendable trusts for scholarships or other purposes that support district programs are deposited in this fund.

High School Transportation Fund – Authorized by Section 20-10-143, MCA, for the purpose of financing the maintenance and operation of district owned school buses, contracts with private carriers for school bus service, individual transportation contracts, and any amount necessary for the purchase, rental, or insurance of yellow school buses or operation of the transportation program. The fund may be used only to support costs of home-to-school transportation.

#### **Proprietary Funds:**

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds.

June 30, 2017

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connections with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Internal Service Funds:**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies for the government on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District maintains two internal service funds. One fund is a self-insurance health insurance fund which provides medical coverage to the District employees. The other is a purchasing fund. Internal service funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the basis used for the government-wide financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the same time the liability is incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. All assets, and liabilities are recorded in the internal service fund financial statements.

#### Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting (except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans and certain postemployment healthcare plans). The required financial statements are a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The fiduciary funds are:

Private-purpose Trust Funds – To report all other trust arrangements under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District has a Student Extracurricular Activities Fund described further below and a Scholarship Endowment Fund providing scholarships for graduates of Browning High School to attend college.

Agency Funds – To report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). This fund primarily consists of assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other local governmental entities and the District's claims and payroll clearing funds.

June 30, 2017

Student Extracurricular Activities Fund – The Student Extracurricular Activities Fund is authorized by Section 20-9-504, MCA, to account for various student activities, such as athletics, clubs, classes, student government organizations, student publications and other such activities. Separate fund accounts within the Extracurricular Fund are maintained to account for these various activities. Unlike other district funds, the money for these activities may be maintained in bank accounts outside the control of the County Treasurer. The fund is administered by school district administrators, faculty members, and student organizations under the guidelines and policies established by the Board of Trustees and in accordance with the "Student Activity Fund Accounting" guidelines. Required guidelines are available from the Montana Association of School Business Officials (MASBO) or from OPI.

#### NOTE 2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Cash Composition**

The District's cash, except for the Student Extracurricular Fund (an expendable trust), the Internal Service Fund – Self Insurance, and the High School Impact Aid Revenue Refunding Bond Account and Debt Service Reserve Account, is held by the County Treasurer and pooled with other County cash. School District cash which is not necessary for short-term obligations, the District participates in a County-wide investment program whereby all available cash is invested by the County Treasurer in pooled investments. Interest earned on the pooled investments is distributed to each contributing District and fund on a pro rata basis. The County's investment portfolio as of June 30, 2017, consisted of repurchase agreements, U.S Government Bonds and money market accounts. Interest earned on pooled investments is distributed to each contributing entity and fund on a pro rata basis. The County's investment pool is not rated.

The District cash in the clearing accounts (Claims and Payroll) did not balance to the Glacier County Treasurer balance. See finding 2017-002 for further details.

The School District does not own specific identifiable investment securities in the pool; therefore, is not subject to categorization. Information regarding investment risk, collateral, security, and fair values for Glacier County deposits and investments is available from Glacier County Treasurer's office, 512 East Main Street, Cut Bank, MT 5942. Fair value approximates carrying value for investments as of June 30, 2017.

Authorized investments allowed by Section 20-9-213, MCA, include savings or time deposits in a state or national bank, building or loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC or NCUA located in the state; repurchase agreements; and the State Unified Investment Program. Further, Section 7-6-202, MCA, authorizes investments in U.S. government treasury bills, notes, bonds, U.S. Treasury obligations, treasury receipts, general obligations of certain agencies of the United States, and U.S. government security money market fund if the fund meets certain conditions.

June 30, 2017

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents include all cash and investments.

#### **Deposits**

The District's deposit bank balance for student activity at year end was \$255,273 of which the \$250,000 insured by FDIC, and the remaining amount of \$5,273 uninsured and uncollateralized. The book balance was \$243,019.

The District's deposit bank balance and book balance for self- insurance at year end was \$903,006. FDIC insurance was \$416,476 and the remaining balance was uninsured and not have additional collateral from pledged securities. Reference audit comment at 2017-007.

The District had investment at U.S. Bank in the First American Treasury Obligation Fund for the Impact Aid Refunding Revenue Bond and Debt Service Reserve totaling \$383,671. The book balance was the same amount.

#### Deposit Security

Section 7-6-207, MCA, states (1) The local governing body may require security only for that portion of the deposits which is not guaranteed or insured according to law and, as to such unguaranteed or uninsured portion, to the extent of:

- (a) 50% of such deposits if the institution in which the deposit is made has a net worth of total assets ratio of 6% or more; or
- (b) 100% if the institution in which the deposit is made has a net worth of total assets ratio of less than 6%.

The amount of collateral held for the District deposits at June 30, 2017, equaled or exceeded the amount required by State statutes.

#### NOTE 3. RESTRICTED CASH/INVESTMENTS

The following restricted cash/investments were held by the District as of June 30, 2017. These amounts are reported within the cash/investment account on the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

<u>Description</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Amount</u>
Debt Service Reserve- Refunding Bond	\$	157,055
Bond Payment- Refunding Impact Aid		226,616
Total	\$	383,671

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 4. **RECEIVABLES**

An allowance for uncollectible accounts was not maintained for real and personal property taxes receivable. The direct write-off method is used for these accounts.

Property tax levies are set in August, after the County Assessor delivers the taxable valuation information to the County, in connection with the budget process, and are based on taxable values listed as of January 1 for all property located in the District. Taxable values are established by the Montana Department of Revenue, and a revaluation of all property is required to be completed on a periodic basis. Taxable value is defined by Montana statute as a fixed percentage of market value.

Real property taxes are generally billed in October and are payable 50% by November 30 and 50% by May 31. After these dates, taxes become delinquent and become a lien on the property. Personal property is assessed and personal property taxes are billed throughout the year, with a significant portion generally billed in May, June, and July. Personal property taxes are based on levies set during the prior August. These taxes become delinquent 30 days after billing.

Taxes that become delinquent are charged interest at the rate of 5/6 of 1% a month plus a penalty of 2%. Real property on which taxes remain delinquent and unpaid may be sold at tax sales. In the case of personal property, the property is to be seized and sold after the taxes become delinquent.

#### NOTE 5. **INVENTORIES**

The costs of inventories are recorded as an expenditure when purchased.

#### NOTE 6. **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The District's assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair market value when received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

> **Buildings** 75 years 20 - 75 years **Improvements** Equipment 5 - 15 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with Statement No. 34, the District has included the value of all infrastructure into the 2017 Basic Financial Statements.

June 30, 2017

A summary of changes in governmental capital assets was as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance
		July 1, 2016		<b>Additions</b>	June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$_	839,008	\$_	- \$	839,008
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	839,008	\$	- \$	839,008
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	\$	48,407,611	\$	3,588,840 \$	51,996,451
Improvements other than buildings		4,123,228		819,576	4,942,804
Machinery and equipment		8,728,580	_	110,260	8,838,840
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$	61,259,419	\$	4,518,676 \$	65,778,095
Less: accumulated depreciation	\$_	(14,254,235)	\$_	(1,464,079) \$	(15,718,314)
Total	\$_	47,844,192	\$_	3,054,597 \$	50,898,789
			_		

Governmental capital assets depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction \$	350,240
Transportation	353,205
Administration	699,864
Food Service	11,025
Maintenance	38,028
Extracurricular	11,717
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,464,079

#### **Internal Service Funds:**

	Balance July 1, 2016	Balance June 30, 2017
Other capital assets:		<u> </u>
Machinery and equipment	\$ 184,967 \$	184,967
Total other capital assets at historical cost	\$ 184,967 \$	184,967
Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ (184,967) \$	(184,967)
Total	\$ - \$	

#### NOTE 7. **DEFERRED INFLOWS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS**

Balances of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported in a statement of net position are aggregations of different types of deferred amounts. Further information regarding these amounts can be found in Note 11.

## June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 8. LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

In the governmental-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond issuance costs, bond discounts or premiums are amortized over the life of the bond.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

Changes in Long-Term Debt Liabilities - During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

#### Governmental Activities:

Balance					Balance	Due Within
July 1, 2016		<b>Additions</b>		<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2017	One Year
\$ 5,385,000	\$	-	\$	(390,000) \$	4,995,000 \$	410,000
1,570,000		-		(210,000)	1,360,000	215,000
420,041		151,273		-	571,314	298,220
18,380,156		3,150,765		-	21,530,921	-
117,268	_	20,678	_		137,946_	
\$ 25,872,465	\$	3,322,716	\$	(600,000) \$	28,595,181 \$	923,220
\$	July 1, 2016 \$ 5,385,000 1,570,000 420,041 18,380,156 117,268	July 1, 2016 \$ 5,385,000 \$ 1,570,000 420,041 18,380,156 117,268	July 1, 2016       Additions         \$ 5,385,000       \$ -         1,570,000       -         420,041       151,273         18,380,156       3,150,765         117,268       20,678	July 1, 2016     Additions       \$ 5,385,000     \$ - \$       1,570,000     - 420,041       18,380,156     3,150,765       117,268     20,678	July 1, 2016         Additions         Deletions           \$ 5,385,000         \$ -         \$ (390,000) \$           1,570,000         -         (210,000)           420,041         151,273         -           18,380,156         3,150,765         -           117,268         20,678         -	July 1, 2016         Additions         Deletions         June 30, 2017           \$ 5,385,000         \$ -         \$ (390,000) \$         4,995,000 \$           1,570,000         -         (210,000)         1,360,000           420,041         151,273         -         571,314           18,380,156         3,150,765         -         21,530,921           117,268         20,678         -         137,946

<sup>\*</sup>See Note 11

In prior years the general fund was used to liquidate compensated absences and claims and judgments.

General Obligation Bonds - The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Origination Date	Interest Rate	Term	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Annual Payment	Balance June 30, 2017
Elementary 2007 GO	12/12/07	4.25-4.375%	20 yrs	$1\overline{2/1/2}7$	\$ 5,000,000	varies	\$ 2,990,000
Bonds High School 2007 GO Bonds A	12/12/07	4.25-4.375%	20 yrs	12/1/27	3,350,000	varies	2,005,000
GO Bolids A					\$ <u>3,850,000</u>		\$ <u>4,995,000</u>

Reported in the governmental activities.

<sup>\*\*</sup>See Note 9

## June 30, 2017

Annual requirement to amortize debt:

For Fiscal			
Year Ended	<b>Principal</b>		<u>Interest</u>
2018	\$ 410,000	\$	214,712
2019	425,000		197,288
2020	445,000		179,224
2021	465,000		160,312
2022	485,000		140,550
2023	510,000		119,938
2024	525,000		98,262
2025	550,000		75,688
2027	575,000		51,626
2027	 605,000	_	26,468
Total	\$ 4,995,000	\$	1,264,068

#### **Impact Aid Revenue Bonds**

	Origination	Interest		Maturity	Principal	Annual	Balance
<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Date</u>	Rate	<u>Term</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<b>Payment</b>	June 30, 2017
High School Impact Aid Refunding Bond 2015	4/29/15	2.00%	5 yrs	10/1/22	\$ <u>1,570,000</u>	Varies	\$ <u>1,360,000</u>

Reported in governmental activities

#### Annual requirement to amortize debt:

For Fiscal			
Year Ended		<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>
2018	\$	215,000	\$ 27,200
2019		215,000	22,900
2020		225,000	18,600
2021		230,000	14,100
2022		235,000	9,500
2023		240,000	4,800
Total	\$	1,360,000	\$ 97,100
	-		 

### June 30, 2017

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid for time off earned for time during employment, such as earned vacation and sick leave. Non-teaching District employees earn vacation leave ranging from fifteen to twenty-four days per year depending on the employee's years of service. Vacation leave may be accumulated not to exceed two times the maximum number of days earned annually. Sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month for non-teaching employees. Upon retirement or termination, employees are paid for 100% of unused vacation leave and 25% of unused sick leave. Upon termination, all payments are made at the employee's current rate of pay.

Each teacher is awarded ten days annually of sick leave. Unused sick leave may accumulate to 100 days. Tenured teachers are paid \$80 per day of unused sick leave upon separation from the District.

The liability associated with governmental fund-type employees is reported in the governmental-type activities.

#### NOTE 9. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. The healthcare plan provides for, and Montana State Law (2-18-704) requires local governments to allow employees with at least 5 years of service and who are at least age 50 along with surviving spouses and dependents to stay on the government's health care plan as long as they pay the same premium. Since retirees are usually older than the average age of the plan participants they receive a benefit of lower insurance rates. This benefit is reported as the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability. The above described OPEB plan does not provide a stand-alone financial report.

Funding Policy. The government pays OPEB liability costs on a pay-as-you-go basis. A trust fund for future liabilities has not been established.

Funding Status and funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$	179,972
Actuarial value of plan assets		
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ <u></u>	179,972
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	14,297,165
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		1.3%

June 30, 2017

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The government's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameter of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years. The following table shows the components of the government's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the government's net OPEB obligation.

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 20,678
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	 _
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 20,678
Contributions made	 
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 20,678
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 117,268
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 137,946

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used:

Actuarial cost method	Unit Credit Cost Method

Discount rate (average anticipated rate) 4.25% Average salary increase (Consumer Price Index) 2.50%

Health care cost rate trend (Federal Office of the Actuary)

		Prescription		
Plan Year	<u>Medical</u>	<u>Drugs</u>	<u>Dental</u>	<u>Vision</u>
2017	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%
2018	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
2019	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
2020	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
2021+	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%

June 30, 2017

#### NOTE 10. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

#### **Interfund Transfers**

The following is an analysis of operating transfers in and out during Fiscal Year 2017:

<u>Purpose</u>	Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u> </u>	Amount
Payment for debt service	High School Debt Service-	High School Impact Aid * –	\$	257,025
principal and interest	Non Major Governmental	Major Governmental		
Safety transfer	Elementary Building Reserve-	Elementary Bus Depreciation-		101,250
	Non Major Governmental	Major Governmental		
Residual equity transfer	General–Major Governmental	Elementary Lease-Rental		75,670
		Agreement-Non Major		
		Governmental		
Safety transfer	High School Building	High School Bus Depreciation-	_	33,750
	Reserve-Non Major	Non Major Governmental		
	Governmental			
			\$	467,695

<sup>\*</sup>The Impact Aid funds are reported with the General fund in accordance with GASB 54

#### **NOTE 11. NET PENSION LIABILITY**

#### **Plan Descriptions**

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) is a mandatory-participation multiple-employer costsharing defined-benefit public pension plan that provides retirement services to individuals employed as teachers, administrators, and in other professional and skilled positions employed in public education in Montana.

The TRS Board is the governing body of the System and the TRS staff administers the system in conformity with the laws set forth in Title 19, chapter 20 of the Montana Code Annotated, and administrative rules set forth in Title 2, chapter 44 of the Administrative Rules of Montana. Additional information pertaining to membership, benefit structure, and prior years' actuarial valuations, as well as links to applicable statutes and administrative rules, may be obtained by visiting the TRS web site at trs.mt.gov.

#### PERS

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (PERS) administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, costsharing plan established July 1, 1945, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, Montana Code Annotated (MCA). This plan provides retirement benefits to covered employees of the State, local governments, certain employees of the Montana University System, and school districts.

June 30, 2017

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the *defined contribution* and *defined benefit* retirement plans. For members that choose to join the PERS-DCRP, a percentage of the employer contributions will be used to pay down the liability of the PERS-DBRP. All new members from the universities also have third option to join the university system's Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and highest average compensation. Member rights are vested after five years of service.

#### **Summary of Benefits**

#### **TRS**

Through June 30, 2013, all members enrolled in TRS participated in a single-tiered plan ("Tier One"). Employees with a minimum of 25 years of service or who have reached age 60 with 5 years of service are eligible to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to creditable service years divided by 60 times the average final compensation. Final compensation is the average of the highest three consecutive years of earned compensation. Benefits fully vest after 5 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Beginning July 1, 2013, new members in TRS participate in a second benefit tier ("Tier Two"), which differs from Tier One as follows:

- Tier Two uses a 5-year average final compensation (as opposed to 3-year AFC in Tier One)
- Tier Two provides for unreduced service retirement benefits at age 60 with 5 years of creditable service or at age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service (rather than at age 60 with 5 years of service or at any age with creditable service in 25 years in Tier One)
- Tier Two provides for early retirement benefits with 5 years of creditable service at age 55 (rather than age 50 in Tier One)
- Tier Two has a one percent higher normal employee contribution rate (though a temporary 1% supplemental employee contribution rate is also now currently in place for Tier One members), and
- Tier Two provides for an enhanced benefit calculation 1.85% x AFC x years of creditable service for members retiring with at least 30 years of creditable service and at least 60 years of age (rather than 1.6667 x AFC x years of creditable service).

#### OTES TO THE FINANCIA

June 30, 2017

A guaranteed annual benefit adjustment (GABA) is payable on January 1st of each calendar year for each retiree who has received at least 36 monthly retirement benefit payments prior to that date. The GABA for Tier One members is 1.5% of the benefit payable as of January 1st. For Tier Two members the GABA each year may vary from 0.5% to 1.5% based on the retirement system's funding status and the period required to amortize any unfunded accrued actuarial liability as determined in the prior actuarial valuation.

#### **PERS**

Member's highest average compensation (HAC)

Hired prior to July 1, 2011 - highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months; Hired on or after July 1, 2011 - highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months; Hired on or after July 1, 2013 - 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest average compensation.

#### Eligibility for benefit

Service retirement:

Hired prior to July 1, 2011: Age 60, 5 years of membership service;

Age 65, regardless of membership service; or Any age, 30 years of membership

service.

Hired on or after July 1, 2011: Age 65, 5 years of membership service;

Age 70, regardless of membership service.

Early retirement, actuarially reduced:

Hired prior to July 1, 2011: Age 50, 5 years of membership service; or

Any age, 25 years of membership service.

Hired on or after July 1, 2011: Age 55, 5 years of membership service.

#### Vesting

5 years of membership service

Member's highest average compensation (HAC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011- highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months;
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011-highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months;

#### Compensation Cap

• Hired on or after July 1, 2013-110% annual cap on compensation considered as a part of a member's highest average compensation.

### BROWNING PUBLIC SCHOOLS GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

#### Monthly benefit formula

Members hired prior to July 1, 2011:

- Less than 25 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit:
- 25 years of membership service or more: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:

- Less than 10 years of membership service: 1.5% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service: 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;
- 30 years or more of membership service: 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

#### **Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)**

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3.0% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
  - 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
  - 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
  - 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

#### **Overview of Contributions**

#### **TRS**

The System receives a portion of the total required statutory contributions directly from the State for all employers. The employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity in TRS. The System receives 2.49% of reportable compensation from the State's general fund for School Districts and Other Employers. The System also receives 0.11% of reportable compensation from the State's general fund for all TRS Employers including State Agency and University System Employers. Finally, the State is also required to contribute \$25 million in perpetuity payable July 1st of each year.

June 30, 2017

MCA 19-20-605 requires each employer to contribute 9.85% of total compensation paid to all re- employed TRS retirees employed in a TRS reportable position. Pursuant to MCA 19-20-609, this amount shall increase by 1.00% for fiscal year 2014 and increase by 0.10% each fiscal year through 2024 until the total employer contribution is equal to 11.85% of re-employed retiree compensation.

#### **PERS**

- 1. Rates are specified by state law for periodic employer and employee contributions.
  - a. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers;
  - b. The State legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates to the plan.

#### 2. Member contributions to the system:

- a. Plan members are required to contribute 7.90% of member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers.
- b. The 7.90% member contributions is temporary and will be decreased to 6.9% on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contribution rates.

#### 3. Employer contributions to the system:

- a. Local government entities are required to contribution 8.17% of members' compensation.
- b. School district employers contributed 7.90% of members' compensation.
- c. Effective July 1, 2014, following the 2013 Legislative session, PERS-employer contributions increase an additional 0.1% a year and will continue over 10 years through 2024. The additional employer contributions including the 0.27% added in 2007 and 2009, will terminate on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below the 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contributions rates.
- d. Effective July 1, 2013, employers are required to make contributions on working retirees' compensation. Member contributions for working retirees are not required.

June 30, 2017

e. The Plan Choice Rate (PCR), that directed a portion of employer contributions for DC members to the PERS defined benefit plan, are included in the employers reporting. The PCR was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions previously directed to the PCR are now directed to member accounts.

#### 4. Non Employer Contributions

#### a. Special Funding

- i. The State contributes 0.1% of members' compensation on behalf of local government entities.
- ii. The State contributes 0.37% of members' compensation on behalf of school district entities.

#### b. Not Special Funding

i. The State contributes a portion of Coal Severance Tax income and earnings from the Coal Severance Tax fund.

#### **Stand-Alone Statements**

TRS' stand-alone financial statements, actuarial valuations and experience studies can be found online at https://trs.mt.gov/TrsInfo/NewsAnnualReports

The PERS's financial statements of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/index.shtml.

#### **Net Pension Liability (NPL)**

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, employers are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with their participation in the Montana Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). Statement 68 became effective June 30, 2015 and includes requirements to record and report their proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability (NPL), Pension Expense, Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of resources associated with pensions. In accordance with Statement 68, the System has a special funding situation in which the State of Montana is legally responsible for making contributions directly to TRS and PERS that are used to provide pension benefits to the retired members. Due to the existence of a special funding situation, employers are also required to report the portion of the State of Montana's proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability that is associated with the employer.

June 30, 2017

The State of Montana also has a funding situation that is not Special Funding whereby the State General Fund provides contributions from the Coal Severance Tax and interest to PERS. All employers are required to report the portion of Coal Tax Severance Tax and interest attributable to the employer. The following table displays the amounts and the percentages of Net Pension Liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 (reporting dates).

	TRS NPL as of 6/30/17	TRS NPL as of 6/30/16	Percent of Collective NPL	PERS NPL as of 6/30/17	PERS NPL as of 6/30/16	Percent of Collective NPL	Total NPL as of 6/30/17	Total NPL as of 6/30/16	Total Percent of Collective NPL
Employer Proportionate Share	\$ 16,735,998	\$ 14,313,175	0.9161% \$	4,794,923 \$	4,066,981	0.2815% \$	21,530,921 \$	18,380,156	1.1976%
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with Employer	10,905,771	9,588,336	0.5970%	224,094	191,107	0.0132%	11,129,865	9,779,443	0.6102%
Total	\$ 27,641,769	\$ 23,901,511	1.5131% \$	5,019,017 \$	4,258,088	0.2947% \$	32,660,786 \$	28,159,599	1.8078%

At June 30, 2017, the employer recorded a liability of \$21,530,921 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016 for TRS, and actuarial valuation and roll forward procedures to update to June 30, 2016 for PERS. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions received by TRS and PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of TRS and PERS participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the employer's proportion was 1.1976 percent.

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods: The following changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the Total Pension Liability have been made since the previous measurement date for TRS.

- Correctly reflect the proportion of members that are assumed to take a refund of contributions upon termination and appropriately reflect the three-year COLA deferral period for Tier 2 Members.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the fact that vested terminations are only covered by the \$500 death benefit for the one year following their termination and, once again when the terminated member commences their deferred retirement annuity (they are not covered during the deferral period). Additionally, only the portions of the terminated members that are assumed to "retain membership in the System" are covered by the \$500 death benefit after termination.

June 30, 2017

There were no changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the Total Pension Liability for PERS.

Changes in benefit terms: There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in proportionate share: Between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date there were some changes in proportion that may have an effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

#### Pension Expense as of 6/30/17

	_	TRS	PERS	Total
Employer Proportionate Share	\$	1,276,434 \$	304,113 \$	1,580,547
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated with the Employer		610,058	102,787	712,845
Total	\$	1,886,492 \$	406,900 \$	2,293,392

At June 30, 2017, the employer recognized a Pension Expense of \$2,293,392 for its proportionate share of the pension expense. The employer also recognized grant revenue of \$712,845 for the support provided by the State of Montana for its proportionate share of the pension expense that is associated with the employer.

#### **Recognition of Beginning Deferred Outflow**

At June 30, 2017, the employer recognized a beginning deferred outflow of resources for the employer's FY 2016 contributions of \$1,354,682.

#### **Deferred Inflows and Outflows**

At June 30, 2017, the employer reported its proportionate share of TRS and PERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS and PERS from the following sources:

#### June 30, 2017

	TRS	TRS	PERS	PERS	Total	Total
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 89,484 \$	35,576 \$			115,356 \$	51,447
Changes in actuarial assumptions	106,504	105,191	-	-	106,504	105,191
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,077,721	-	451,107	-	1,528,828	-
Difference between actual and expected contributions	476,889	370,031	-	91,937	476,889	461,968
Contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date - FY 2017 Contributions	1,113,323	-	292,699	-	1,406,022	-
Total	\$ 2,863,921 \$	510,798 \$	769,678 \$	107,808 \$	3,633,599 \$	618,606

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

TRS: Year ended June 30:		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Amount recognized in Pension Expense as an increase or (decrease) to Pension Expense
2018	\$	402,468 \$	248,880 \$	153,588
2019	\$	229,917 \$	226,134 \$	3,783
2020	\$	731,349 \$	35,783 \$	695,566
2021	\$	386,863 \$	- \$	386,863
2022	\$	- \$	- \$	-
Thereafter	\$	- \$	- \$	-
PERS: Year ended June 30:		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	Amount recognized in Pension Expense as an increase or
		Resources	Resources	(decrease) to Pension Expense
2017	\$	Resources - \$	- \$	*
2017 2018	\$ \$			(decrease) to Pension Expense
	-	- \$		(decrease) to Pension Expense 21,840
2018	\$	- \$ - \$		(decrease) to Pension Expense 21,840 21,840
2018 2019	\$	- \$ - \$		(decrease) to Pension Expense 21,840 21,840 256,347

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

TRS

The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2016, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2016. There were several significant assumptions and other inputs used to measure the total pension liability. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated May 1, 2014. Among those assumptions were the following:

• Total Wage Increases\*

4% - 8.51% for Non-University

Members and 5.00% for University Members

• Investment Return

7.75%

• Price Inflation

3.25%

- Postretirement Benefit Increases
  - Tier One Members: If the retiree has received benefits for at least 3 years, the retirement allowance will be increased by 1.5% on January 1st.
  - Tier Two Members, the retirement allowance will be increased by an amount equal to or greater than 0.5% but no more than 1.5% if the most recent actuarial valuation shows the System to be at least 90% funded and the provisions of the increase is not projected to cause the funded ratio to be less than 85%.
- Mortality among contributing members, service retired members, and beneficiaries
  - For Males: 1992 Base Rates from the RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and 1992 Base Rates from the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back four years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.
  - For Females: 1992 Base Rates from the RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and 1992 Base Rates from the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back two years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.
- Mortality among disabled members
  - For Males: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Males, set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.
  - For Females: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Females, set forward five years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>Total Wage Increases include 4.00% general wage increase.

### BROWNING PUBLIC SCHOOLS GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

#### **PERS**

The Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, with update procedures to roll forward the TPL to June 30, 2016. There were several significant assumptions and other inputs used to measure the Total Pension Liability. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated June 2010 for the six-year period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2009. Among those assumptions were the following:

•	General Wage Growth*	4.00%
•	*includes Inflation at	3.00%
•	Merit Increases	0% to 6%
•	Investment Return (net of admin expense)	7.75%
•	Admin Expense as a % of Payroll	0.27%
•	Postretirement Benefit Increases	

#### Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment(GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage each January, Inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- o 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- o 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2014
- o Member hired on or after July 1, 2013:
  - 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
  - 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
  - 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.
- Mortality assumptions among contributing members, terminated vested members, service retired members and beneficiaries based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2015 with scale AA.
- Mortality assumptions among Disabled Retirees are based on RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Tables with no projections. No future mortality improvement is assumed.

#### **Discount Rate**

#### TRS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities will be made based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Montana Code Annotated. In addition to the contributions the State general fund will contribute \$25 million annually to the System payable July 1st of each year. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2122. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. No municipal bond rate was incorporated in the discount rate.

June 30, 2017

#### **PERS**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities will be made based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Montana Code Annotated. The State contributes 0.1% of salaries for local governments and 0.37% for school districts. In addition, the State contributes coal severance tax and interest money from the general fund. The interest is contributed monthly and the severance tax is contributed quarterly. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2117. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability. No municipal bond rate was incorporated in the discount rate.

#### **Target Allocations**

**TRS** 

			Long-Term
			<b>Expected Portfolio</b>
	Target Asset	Real Rate of Return	Real Rate of
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Arithmetic Basis	Return*
<b>Broad US Equity</b>	36.00%	4.80%	1.73%
<b>Broad International</b>			
Equity	18.00%	6.05%	1.09%
Private Equity	12.00%	8.50%	1.02%
Intermediate Bonds	23.40%	1.50%	0.35%
Core Real Estate	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
High Yield Bonds	2.60%	3.25%	0.08%
Non-Core Real Estate	4.00%	7.50%	0.30%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		4.75%
		Inflation	3.25%
		Expected arithmetic	8.00%
		nominal return	

T - .. - T- ....

<sup>\*</sup>The long-term expected nominal rate of return above of 8.00% differs from the total TRS long-term rate of return assumption of 7.75%. The assumed rate is comprised of a 3.25% inflation rate and a real long-term expected rate of return of 4.50%.

June 30, 2017

The assumed long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every four years for the System. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2009 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated May 1, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, is summarized in the above table.

#### **PERS**

		Real Rate of Return	Long-Term
	Target Asset	Arithmetic	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	<u>Basis</u>	Rate of Return
Cash Equivalents	2.60%	4.00%	0.10%
Domestic Equity	36.00%	4.55%	1.64%
Foreign Equity	18.00%	6.35%	1.14%
Fixed Income	23.40%	1.00%	0.23%
Private Equity	12.00%	7.75%	0.93%
Real Estate	8.00%	4.00%	<u>0.32</u> %
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>4.37</u> %
	Inflation		3.00%
	Portfolio Return		7.37%
	Expectation		

June 30, 2017

The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the System. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2003 through 2009, is outlined in a report dated June 2010, which is located on the MPERA website. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by considering information from various sources, including historical rates of return, rate of return assumptions adopted by similar public sector systems, and by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the table above.

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

		1.0% Decrease		Current		1.0% Increase	
	_	-6.75%	_	Discount Rate	_	-8.75%	
TRS	\$	22,455,062	\$	16,735,998	\$	11,921,179	
PERS	\$	6,957,787	\$	4,794,923	\$	2,931,828	

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate, the above table presents the Net Pension Liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.75%) or 1.00% higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### TRS

The Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. For the purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same accrual basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. TRS adheres to all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements.

June 30, 2017

#### PERS

MPERA prepared financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the NPL; Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and Additions to or Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### NOTE 12. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Governmental Fund equity is classified as fund balance. Browning Public Schools categorizes fund balance of the governmental funds into the following categories:

<u>Restricted</u> - constraint is externally imposed by a third party, State Constitution, or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u> – negative bund balance in all funds, or fund balance with no constraints in the General Fund.

<u>Assigned</u> – constraint is internally imposed by the body or official authorized to assign amounts for a specific purpose.

The government considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

The government considers that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### BROWNING PUBLIC SCHOOLS GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2017

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

<u>Fund</u>	<b>Amount</b>	Purpose of Restriction
Elementary Transportation	\$ 218,570	Student transportation services
Elementary Bus Depreciation	517,939	Bus replacement
Elementary Miscellaneous Programs	133,480	Third party grantor restrictions
High School Transportation	84,471	Student transportation services
All other aggregate:	257,388	Employee benefits
	114,983	Bus replacement
	87,147	School food services
	162,504	Third party grantor restrictions
	37,418	Adult education
	119,262	Student instructional services
	267,502	Operations and maintenance
	653,237	Capital projects
	44,598	Future technology upgrades
	\$ <u>2,698,499</u>	

#### **Other Significant Commitments**

Encumbrances

<u>Fund</u>	A	mount of
	<u>En</u>	cumbrance
General	\$	37,949

#### NOTE 13. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

Fund Name	Ar	<u>nount</u>	Reason for Deficit	How Deficit will be
				<u>eliminated</u>
Elementary Debt	\$	3,712	Deficit cash balance	
Service				With tax collections
High School Debt		2,250	Deficit cash balance	
Service				With tax collections
	\$	5,962		

#### NOTE 14. RESTATEMENTS

During the current fiscal year, the following adjustments relating to prior years' transactions were made to fund balance and net position.

<u>Fund</u>	Amo	<u>ount</u>	Reason for Adjustment
General	\$	20,707	To recognize revenues in correct period
Elementary Transportation		24,968	To recognize revenues in correct period
Elementary School Food Services		(1,076)	To recognize expenditures in correct
			period
Elementary Miscellaneous Programs		(3,301)	To recognize expenditures in correct
			period

#### June 30, 2017

Elementary Interlocal/Multidistrict	13,287	To recognize revenues in correct period
High School Transportation	16,578	To recognize revenues in correct period
Self-Insurance	1,167,919	To recognize unrecorded receivable
		from the prior year

\$<u>1,239,082</u>

#### NOTE 15. SERVICES PROVIDED BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

#### **County Provided Services**

The District is provided various financial services by Glacier County. The County also serves as cashier and treasurer for the District for tax and assessment collections and other revenues received by the County which are subject to distribution to the various taxing jurisdictions located in the County. The collections made by the County on behalf of the District are accounted for in an agency fund in the District's name and are periodically remitted to the District by the County Treasurer. No service charges have been recorded by the District or the County.

#### NOTE 16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District faces considerable number of risks of loss, including (a) damage to and loss of property and contents, (b) employee torts, (c) professional liability, i.e., errors and omissions, (d) environmental damage, (e) workers' compensation, i.e., employee injuries, and (f) medical insurance costs of employees. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **Insurance Polices:**

Commercial policies transferring all risks of loss, except for relatively small deductible amounts are purchased for property and content damage, employee torts, and professional liability. Employee medical insurance is provided for by a commercial carrier. And, given the lack of coverage available, the District has no coverage for potential losses from environmental damages.

#### **Insurance Pools:**

The Montana Schools Group Insurance Authority (MSGIA) was created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act by execution of an Interlocal Agreement creating the MSGIA. The MSGIA is responsible for paying all workers' compensation claims of the member school districts. Each member of the MSGIA is jointly and severally liable for the full amount of any and all known or unknown claims of each member arising during the member's participation in the program. The MSGIA purchases workers' compensation reinsurance to provide statutory excess limits. The MSGIA contracts with Montana School Boards Association (MTSBA) to provide third party administrative services to the program. The MTSBA provides general program management, claim management, and risk management services to its program members.

June 30, 2017

The Montana School Unemployment Insurance Program (MSUIP) was created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act by execution of an Interlocal Agreement creating the MSUIP. The MSUIP is responsible for paying all unemployment insurance claims of the member school districts. Each member of the MSUIP is jointly and severally liable for the full amount of any and all known or unknown claims of each member arising during the member's participation in the program.

The MSUIP contracts with Montana School Boards Association (MTSBA) to provide third party administrative services to the program. The MTSBA provides general program management and technical services to its program members.

Separate audited financial statements are available from Montana Schools Group Insurance Authority for MSGIA and MSUIP.

#### Self-Insurance

The District provides medical insurance coverage for its employees via a partially self-insured plan administered by Peak 1 Administration. It provides medical, dental and vision benefits and is operated as an Internal Service Fund. Rates are determined in consultation with the broker, Payne West Insurance, based on past claim experience plus and administrative fee. The rates include a premium for a commercial "stop-loss" policy for when claims, in total, exceeds \$75,000 in covered charges during a year. A reconciliation of claims payable follows:

Claims payable, June 30, 2016	\$	712,142
Claims incurred		4,643,464
Claims paid		(4,767,950)
Claims payable, June 30, 2017	\$_	587,656

#### NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District completed the playground construction project in the fall of 2017. The costs to complete the project totaled \$1,129,123. These costs were mostly made up of the construction of the playground itself with the contractor Swank Enterprises totaling \$1,082,000, and remaining being the installation of a fence totaling \$47,123.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

	_			G	ene	ral	
	_	BUDGET	ED AM	IOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL
	_	ORIGINAL		<b>FINAL</b>		BASIS) See Note A	<b>BUDGET</b>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):							
Local revenue	\$	857,347	\$	857,347	\$	888,474	\$ 31,127
State revenue	_	12,019,222		12,019,222		12,019,093	(129)
Amounts available for appropriation	\$	12,876,569	\$	12,876,569	\$	12,907,567	\$ 30,998
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):							
Instructional - regular	\$	8,737,060	\$	8,737,060	\$	8,806,486	\$ (69,426)
Instructional - special education		1,279,771		1,279,771		1,321,500	(41,729)
Instructional - vocational education		173,780		173,780		186,362	(12,582)
Supporting services - operations & maintenance		66,183		66,183		71,977	(5,794)
Supporting services - general		1,465,465		1,465,465		1,404,319	61,146
Supporting services - educational media services		513,519		513,519		432,994	80,525
Administration - general		112,908		112,908		114,557	(1,649)
Administration - school		438,158		438,158		446,269	(8,111)
Extracurricular		89,725		89,725		92,105	(2,380)
Total charges to appropriations	\$	12,876,569	\$	12,876,569	\$	12,876,569	\$ 
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	-	\$	75,670	\$ 75,670
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,670	\$ 75,670
Net change in fund balance					\$	106,668	
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	461,323	
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	567,991	

_			Elementary	/ Tra	ansportation		
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY		VARIANCE WITH FINAL
_	ORIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS) See Note A		BUDGET
\$	299,287	\$	299,287	\$	308,448	\$	9,161
	156,288		156,288		133,204		(23,084)
	189,464		189,464		166,380		(23,084)
_	-	_	-				
\$	645,039	\$	645,039	\$	608,032	\$	(37,007)
\$	695,000	\$	695,000	\$	604,803	\$	90,197
\$	695,000	\$	695,000	\$	604,803	\$	90,197
				\$	3,229		
				\$	190,274		
					24,968		
				\$	215,242		
				\$	218,471		
	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 299,287 156,288 189,464 \$ 645,039	ORIGINAL         \$ 299,287 \$ 156,288 189,464 \$ 189,464 \$ \$ 645,039 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 645,039 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 695,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	BUDGETED AMOUNTS           ORIGINAL         FINAL           \$ 299,287         \$ 299,287           \$ 156,288         \$ 156,288           \$ 189,464         \$ 189,464           \$ 645,039         \$ 645,039           \$ 695,000         \$ 695,000	BUDGETED AMOUNTS           ORIGINAL         FINAL           \$ 299,287         \$ 299,287         \$ 156,288           \$ 156,288         \$ 156,288         \$ 189,464           \$ 645,039         \$ 645,039         \$ 645,039           \$ 695,000         \$ 695,000         \$ 695,000           \$ 695,000         \$ 695,000         \$ \$	BUDGETED AMOUNTS   BUDGETARY	BUDGETED AMOUNTS   CBUDGETARY

				Elementary	Bus	Depreciation	
	_	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY	VARIANCE WITH FINAL
		<b>ORIGINAL</b>		<u>FINAL</u>		BASIS) See Note A	<b>BUDGET</b>
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):							
Local revenue	\$	331,485	\$	331,485	\$	336,946	\$ 5,461
Amounts available for appropriation	\$	331,485	\$	331,485	\$	336,946	\$ 5,461
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):							
Student transportation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,652	\$ (3,652)
Capital outlay		617,380		617,380		-	617,380
Total charges to appropriations	\$	617,380	\$	617,380	\$	3,652	\$ 613,728
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(101,250)	\$ (101,250)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(101,250)	\$ (101,250)
Net change in fund balance					\$	232,044	
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	285,895	
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	517,939	

		High School Transportation											
	_	BUDGET! ORIGINAL	ED AM	IOUNTS FINAL		ACTUAL AMOUNTS (BUDGETARY BASIS) See Note A		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET					
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):													
Local revenue	\$	268,994	\$	268,994	\$	274,204	\$	5,210					
County revenue		90,131		90,131		73,733		(16,398)					
State revenue	_	120,707		120,707		104,309		(16,398)					
Amounts available for appropriation	\$	479,832	\$	479,832	\$	452,246	\$	(27,586)					
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):													
Student transportation	\$	480,000	\$	480,000	\$	399,126	\$	80,874					
Total charges to appropriations	\$ _	480,000	\$	480,000	\$	399,126	\$	80,874					
Net change in fund balance					\$	53,120							
Fund balance - beginning of the year					\$	13,832							
Restatements						16,578							
Fund balance - beginning of the year - restated					\$	30,410							
Fund balance - end of the year					\$	83,530							

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation

 $Note \ A \ - \ Explanation \ of \ differences \ between \ budgetary \ inflows \ and \ outflows \ and \ GAAP \ Revenues \ and \ Expenditures$ 

		General		Elementary Transportation		Elementary Bus Depreciation		High School Transportation
Sources/Inflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from	\$	12.007.577	Ф.		ф.	•	•	
the budgetary comparison schedule  Combined funds (GASBS 54) revenues	Э	12,907,567 12,764,595	\$	608,032	Э	336,946	Ф	452,246
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,								
expenditures and changes in fund balances-governmental funds.	\$	25,672,162	\$	608,032	\$	336,946	\$	452,246
Uses/Outflows of resources  Actual amounts (Budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	12,876,569	\$	604,803	\$	3,652	\$	399,126
Combined funds (GASBS 54) expenditures		8,005,430		-		-		-
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received is reported in the year the order is placed for <i>budgetary</i> purposes, but in the year the supplies are received for <i>financial reporting</i> purposes.  - Encumbrances reported at the end of the year		(6,129)		(1,412)		-		(941)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	20,875,870	\$	603,391	\$	3,652	\$	398,185

### Note B The Elementary Miscellaneous Programs Fund is a major special revenue fund in which a legally adopted budget is not required.

#### **Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana**

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Actuarial		UAAL as a				
				Accrued	U	Infunded			Percentage	
	Act	uarial	Lia	Liability (AAL)		AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered	
Actuarial	Value	of Assets	Unit Cı	redit Cost Method	(	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
Valuation Date	(	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/(c)	
July 1, 2012	\$	-	\$	356,703	\$	356,703	0%	\$ 14,866,162	2.4%	
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$	196,905	\$	196,905	0%	\$ 14,297,165	1.4%	

#### Changes in plan provisions

Assumption changes account for factors such as updated trend, changes in plan participation, and revised actural assumptions adopted by PERS and TRS.

#### Browning Public School, Glacier County, Montana Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	TRS 2017		TRS 2016		TRS 2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.9161%		0.8712%		0.9068%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Employer State of Montana's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated	\$ 16,735,998	\$	14,313,175	\$	13,953,893
with the Employer	\$ 10,905,771	\$	9,588,336	\$	9,559,086
Total	\$ 27,641,769	-	23,901,511		23,512,979
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 11,891,476	\$	11,118,964	\$	11,435,163
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	140.74% 66.69%		128.73% 69.30%		122.03% 70.36%
	PERS 2017		PERS 2016	2	ERS 015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Employer State of Montana's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 0.2815% 4,794,923	\$ 4	0.2909%,066,981 \$		75,758

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

224,094

137.56%

74.71%

\$ 5,019,017

\$ 3,485,681

191,107

115.85%

78.40%

\$ 4,258,088

\$ 3,510,507

\$ 167,155

\$ 3,742,913

\$ 2,730,175

111.22%

79.87%

associated with the Employer

Employer's covered payroll

of its covered payroll

Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Total

#### Browning Public School, Glacier County, Montana Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

TRS

8.47%

TRS

8.12%

TRS

8.02%

		2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	1,113,323	\$ 1,070,508	\$ 983,124
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$	1,113,323	\$ 1,070,508	\$ 983,124
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$	12,549,504	\$ 11,891,476	\$ 11,118,964
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.87%	9.00%	8.84%
	<del>-</del>	PERS 2017	PERS 2016	 PERS 2015
Contractually required contributions		\$ 292,699		\$ 
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		\$ 292,699	\$ 8 283,092	\$ 281,366
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll		\$ 3,455,714	\$ 3,485,681	\$ 3,510,507

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

#### **Teachers' Retirement System of Montana (TRS)**

#### Changes of Benefit Terms:

The following changes to the plan provisions were made as identified:

The 2013 Montana Legislature passed HB 377 which provides additional revenue and created a two tier benefit structure. A Tier One Member is a person who first became a member before July 1, 2013 and has not withdrawn their member's account balance. A Tier Two Member is a person who first becomes a member on or after July 1, 2013 or after withdrawing their member's account balance, becomes a member again on or after July 1, 2013.

The second tier benefit structure for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 is summarized below.

- (1) **Final Average Compensation**: average of earned compensation paid in five consecutive
- years of full-time service that yields the highest average
- (2) **Service Retirement:** Eligible to receive a service retirement benefit if the member has been credited with at least five full years of creditable service and has attained the age of 60; or has been credited with 30 or more years of full-time or part-time creditable service and has attained age 55
- (3) **Early Retirement**: Eligible to receive an early retirement allowance if a member is not eligible for service retirement but has at least five years of creditable service and attained age 55
- (4) **Professional Retirement Option**: if the member has been credited with 30 or more years of service and has attained the age of 60 they are eligible for an enhanced allowance equal to 1.85% of average final compensation times all service at retirement. Otherwise, the multiplier used to calculate the retirement allowance will be equal to 1.67%
- (5) **Annual Contribution**: 8.15% of member's earned compensation
- (6) **Supplemental Contribution Rate**: On or after July 1, 2023, the TRS Board may require a supplemental contribution up to 0.5% if the following three conditions are met:
  - a. The average funded ratio of the System based on the last three annual actuarial valuations is equal to or less than 80%; and
  - b. The period necessary to amortize all liabilities of the System based on the latest annual actuarial valuation is greater than 20 years; and
  - c. A State or employer contribution rate increase or a flat dollar contribution to the Retirement System Trust fund has been enacted that is equivalent to or greater than the supplemental contribution rate imposed by the TRS Board.

(7) **Disability Retirement:** A member will not be eligible for a disability retirement if the member is or will be eligible for a service retirement on the date of termination

#### (8) Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA):

a. If the most recent actuarial valuation shows that Retirement System liabilities are at least 90% funded and the provision of the increase is not projected to cause the System's liabilities to be less than 85% funded, the GABA may increase from the 0.5% floor up to 1.5%, as set by the Board.

HB 377 increased revenue from the members, employers and the State as follows:

- Annual State contribution equal to \$25 million paid to the System in monthly installments.
- One-time contribution payable to the Retirement System by the trustees of a school district maintaining a retirement fund. The one-time contribution to the Retirement System shall be the amount earmarked as an operating reserve in excess of 20% of the adopted retirement fund budget for the fiscal year 2013. The amount received was \$22 million in FY 2014.
- 1% supplemental employer contribution. This will increase the current employer rates:
  - o School Districts contributions will increase from 7.47% to 8.47%
  - The Montana University System and State Agencies will increase from 9.85% to10.85%.
  - The supplemental employer contribution will increase by 0.1% each fiscal year for fiscal year 2014 thru fiscal year 2024. Fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2024 the total supplemental employer contribution will be equal to 2%.
- Members hired prior to July 1, 2013 (Tier 1) under HB 377 are required to contribute a supplemental contribution equal to an additional 1% of the member's earned compensation.
- Each employer is required to contribute 9.85% of total compensation paid to all reemployed TRS retirees employed in a TRS reportable position to the System.

#### Changes in actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2016:

- The normal cost method has been updated to align the calculation of the projected compensation and the total present value of plan benefits so that the normal cost rate reflects the most appropriate allocation of plan costs over future compensation.
  - The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2015:
- Correctly reflect the proportion of members that are assumed to take a refund of contributions upon termination and appropriately reflect the three-year COLA deferral period for Tier 2 Members.

- The 0.63% load applied to the projected retirement benefits of the university members "to account for larger than average annual compensation increases observed in the years immediately preceding retirement" is not applied to benefits expected to be paid to university members on account of death, disability and termination (prior to retirement eligibility.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the assumed rate of retirement for university members at age 60 is 8.50% as stated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the fact that vested terminations are only covered by the \$500 death benefit for the one year following their termination and, once again when the terminated member commences their deferred retirement annuity (they are not covered during the deferral period). Additionally, only the portion of the terminated members that are assumed to "retain membership in the System" are covered by the \$500 death benefit after termination.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2014:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%
- Investment return assumption was changed from net of investment and administrative expenses to net of investment expenses only.
- Mortality among contributing members, service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:

For Males: RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back four years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

For Females: RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back two years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

• Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:

For Males: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Males, set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

For Females: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Females, set forward five years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

#### Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, open

Remaining amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.25 percent

Salary increase 4.00 to 8.51 percent, including inflation for Non-

University Members and 5.00% for University

Members;

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, and including inflation

#### **Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)**

#### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

#### 2013 Legislative Changes:

House Bill 454 - Permanent Injunction Limits Application of the GABA Reduction passed under HB 454

#### Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) - for PERS

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of all other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3.0% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007 and before July 1, 2013
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013
  - a. 1.5% each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
  - b. 1.5% reduced by 0.1% for each 2.0% PERS is funded below 90%; and,
  - c. 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

#### 2015 Legislative Changes:

General Revisions - House Bill 101, effective January 1, 2016

#### **Second Retirement Benefit** - for PERS

- 1) Applies to PERS members who return to active service on or after January 1, 2016. Members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment, and accumulate less than 2 years of service credit before retiring again:
  - refund of member's contributions from second employment plus regular interest (currently 0.25%);
  - no service credit for second employment;
  - start same benefit amount the month following termination; and

- GABA starts again the January immediately following second retirement.
- 2) For members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate two or more years of service credit before retiring again:
  - member receives a recalculated retirement benefit based on laws in effect at second retirement; and,
  - GABA starts the January after receiving recalculated benefit for 12 months.
- 3) For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate less than 5 years of service credit before retiring again:
  - refund of member's contributions from second employment plus regular interest (currently 0.25%);
  - no service credit for second employment;
  - start same benefit amount the month following termination; and,
  - GABA starts again the January immediately following second retirement.
- 4) For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate five or more years of service credit before retiring again:
  - member receives same retirement benefit as prior to return to service;
  - member receives second retirement benefit for second period of service based on laws in effect at second retirement; and
  - GABA starts on both benefits in January after member receives original and new benefit for 12 months.

#### Revise DC Funding Laws - House Bill 107, effective July 1, 2015

#### Employer Contributions and the Defined Contribution Plan – for PERS and MUS-RP

The PCR was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions of 2.37%, .47%, and the 1.0% increase previously directed to the PCR are now directed to the Defined Contribution or MUS-RP member's account.

#### **Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

#### Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following addition was adopted in 2014 based on implementation of GASB Statement 68:

Admin Expense as % of Payroll 0.27%

There were no changes following the 2013 Economic Experience study.

The following Actuarial Assumptions were adopted from the June 2010 Experience Study:

General Wage Growth\* 4.00%
\*Includes inflation at 3.00%
Merit increase 0% to 6.0%

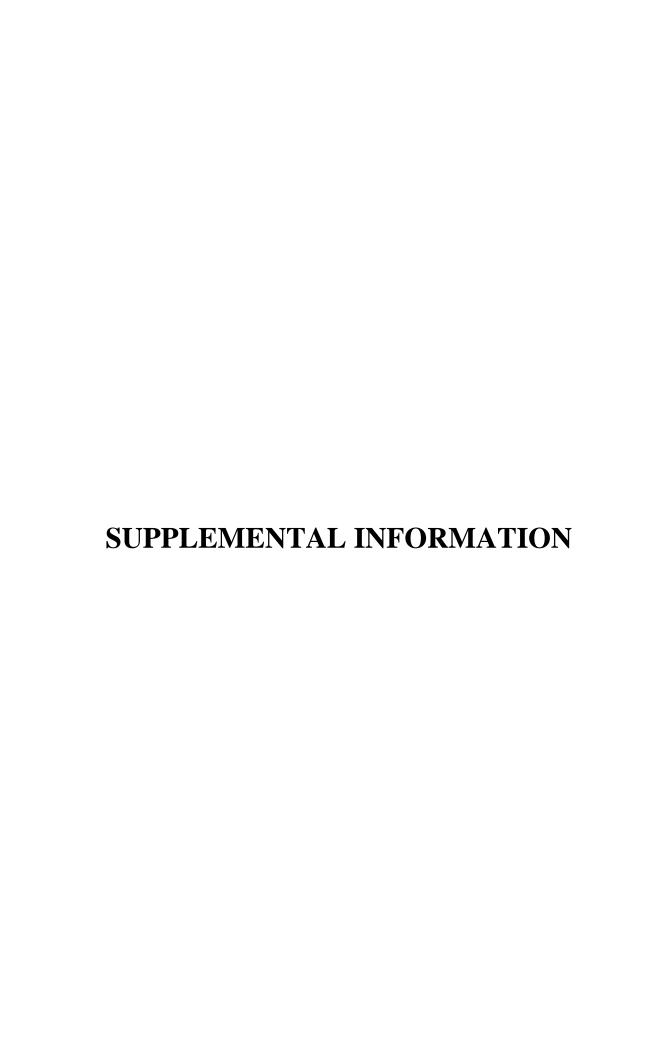
Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, and including inflation

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed mark

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, open



#### **Browning Public Schools** Glacier County, Montana SCHEDULE OF ENROLLMENT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Fall Enrollment - October, 2016

Elementary School District	FALL		
	Per Enrollment	Audit Per	
	Reports	<b>District Records</b>	<b>Difference</b>
Kindergarten Full	216	216	0
Grades 1-6	962	962	0
Grades 7-8	318	318	0
Total Elementary	1.496	1.496	0

#### Part-time Students

		Per Enrollme	ent Reports		Audit per District Records						
Grade	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr			
Kinder - Full	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Kinder - Part	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	0		
1-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

**High School District** 

FALL

	Per Enrollment	Audit Per	
	Reports	<b>District Records</b>	<b>Difference</b>
Grades 9-12	586	584	-2
19 year-olds	9	9	0

#### Part-time Students

		Per Enrollme	ent Reports		Audit per District Records			Difference	
Grade	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	
9-12	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	3	0

#### **Spring Enrollment - February, 2017**

Elementary School District	SPRING		
-	Per Enrollment	Audit Per	
	Reports	<b>District Records</b>	<b>Difference</b>
Kindergarten - Full	205	205	0
Grades 1-6	940	940	0
Grades 7-8	304	304	0
Total Elementary	1,449	1,449	0

#### Part-time Students

		Per Enrollme	ent Reports		Audit per District Records			Difference	
Grade	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	
Kinder - Full	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kinder - Part	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	0
1-6	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
7-8	0	0	7	1	0	0	7	1	0

**High School District** SPRING

	Per Enrollment	Audit Per	
	Reports	<b>District Records</b>	<b>Difference</b>
Grades 9-12	550	550	0
19 year-olds	4	4	0

#### Part-time Students

		Per Enrollme	ent Reports		Audit per District Records				Difference
Grade	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	< 181 hrs/yr	181-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	
9-12	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	12	0

#### Browning Public Schools Glacier County, Montana

#### EXTRACURRICULAR FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - ALL FUNDS ACCOUNTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Beg	ginning					Transfers		Ending
	Ba	lance	 Revenues	E	expenditures	<u>.</u>	In(Out)	_	Balance
FUND ACCOUNT									
Elementary - 4 Year Old	\$	419	\$ 993	\$	1,581	\$	169	\$	-
Elementary - Activities Babb		3,019	7,276		8,853		-		1,442
Elementary - Activities Browning		2,282	10,512		7,754		-		5,040
Elementary - Activities First Grade		1,119	2,204		2,328		-		995
Elementary - Activities Kindergarten Bergan		3,697	2,388		6,005		270		349
Elementary - American Indian Business Leader		1,452	1		-		-		1,453
Elementary - Athletic Events Napi		-	-		150		-		(150)
Elementary - Chess Club Napi		300	-		-		-		300
Elementary - Culture Club Browning Elementary (Formerly Drum Club)		523	-		-		-		523
Elementary - Culture Club Napi		238	-		-		-		238
Elementary - KW/Vina Library		1,926	2,786		2,108		(439)		2,166
Elementary - Library Club Browning		319	_		_		-		319
Elementary - Napi Activities		599	_		-		-		599
Elementary - Santa Store		1,999	93		-		-		2,092
High School - Academic Challenge		797	1		_		(2,055)		(1,257)
High School - Activities Browning		4,019	4,482		3,102		-		5,399
High School - After Prom		687	2,416		3,127		(1,000)		(1,025)
High School - Aises Browning		27	300		836		-		(508)
High School - American Indian Business Leader		5,688	-		-		_		5,688
High School - Art Browning		1,808	1		_		_		1,809
High School - Athletic Events Browning	\$	31,548	60,433		78,951		_		63,030
High School - Attendance Awards	,	2,161	1		70,731		_		2,162
High School - Avid C/O 2013		674	_		_		_		674
High School - Avid C/O 2014		1,424	1				_		1,425
High School - Blackfeet Academy Yearbook Club		522	1		_		_		523
High School - Blackfeet Academy Tearbook Clab  High School - Blackfeet Academy Activities		1,029	1		263		_		766
High School - Booster Club		-	1		203		_		1
High School - Business Professionals of America		70	-		_		_		70
High School - B-You		974	1		_		_		975
High School - C/O 2012		580	-		-		-		580
<del>-</del>		1,292	1		_		-		
High School - C/O 2013		6,861	4		1		-		1,293
High School - C/O 2014									6,863
High School - C/O 2015		663	-		-		-		663
High School - C/O 2016		686	-		-		-		686
High School - C/O 2017		1,204	-		-		-		1,204
High School - C/O 2018		2,689	-		1 215		2.055		2,689
High School - C/O 2019		977	150		1,215		2,055		1,817
High School - C/O 2020		1.502	150		150		-		1.004
High School - Chorus		1,502	521		129		100		1,894
High School - Close-Up Project		989	59,483		46,699		120		13,893
High School - College Club		284	-		-		-		284
High School - Concessions		35,353	2		1		-		35,355
High School - Drama Club Browning		4,845	3		1		-		4,847
High School - Drug Free Activities		4,734	1		-		-		4,735
High School - Eagle Claw Society		167	5		2		-		170
High School - ETAKASI Yearbook		9,109	-		-		-		9,109
High School - ETUMOE		1,096	-		-		-		1,096
High School - Explore America		46	17,901		18,971		(563)		(1,587)
High School - FCCLA		49	-		-		-		49
High School - FFA		1,714	2		264		-		1,452

#### Browning Public Schools Glacier County, Montana

#### EXTRACURRICULAR FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - ALL FUNDS ACCOUNTS- continued

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Beginning Balance	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers In(Out)	Ending Balance
FUND ACCOUNT	Bunnee	<u>rte venues</u>	Zapendikures	<u> </u>	Биштес
High School - Graduation "Everyone's a Winner"	3,355	17,434	14,314	1,000	7,475
High School - Health Occupation Student	490	4,104	3,202	563	1,954
High School - Human Rights	-	1,799	-	-	1,799
High School - International Club	382	9,875	7,954	-	2,303
High School - Jazz Band	1,155	-	50	-	1,105
High School - Jobs for Montana Graduates	574	183	-	-	757
High School - Library Clubing Browning	105	3,025	2,693	-	437
High School - National Honor Society Browning	216	-	-	-	216
High School - Native Players	14	-	-	-	14
High School - New Year's Eve	2,363	-	-	-	2,363
High School - Outdoor Leadership	177	-	-	-	177
High School - Pep Club	869	6,525	8,892	-	(1,498)
High School - R.I.F.	1.061	1	-	-	1
High School - Random Acts of Kindness	1,061	1	1.660	-	1,062
High School - Rodeo Browning	4,629	2,074	1,660	-	5,043
High School - Shop	811	501	2,150	-	(838)
High School - Spanish Club	2,372	705	-	(190)	2,372
High School - Speech & Debate	3,414 3,056	785 38	400 1,002	(180)	3,619
High School - Spirit of the Buffalo Dance Troop	3,428	1,002		-	2,091
High School - Student Advisory Board Browning High School - Toy Drive	3,426	960	1,939 788	-	2,491 172
High School - Volley Club	-	8,221	4,592	-	3,630
High School - Weight Lifters	3,750	2	1	_	3,751
Middle School - Activities Browning	3,730	104	267		215
Middle School - Aises Science	88	630	207	_	718
Middle School - Art Browning	543	-	_	_	543
Middle School - Athletic Events Browning	1,417	7,053	5,869	_	2,600
Middle School - Avid	9,627	5,180	4,576	60	10,290
Middle School - Band	1,111	1	-	_	1,112
Middle School - Browning Culinary Club	52	-	-	-	52
Middle School - Browning Culture Club	125	-	-	-	125
Middle School - Browning Drama Club	70	-	-	-	70
Middle School - Industrial Arts Middle	634	-	-	-	634
Middle School - I-TA-MA-PI-(WA)	441	-	-	-	441
Middle School - JR Academy	9	-	-	-	9
Middle School - Leather Club	38	309	-	-	347
Middle School - National Honor Society Browning	301	-	-	-	301
Middle School - Odyssey of the Mind Browning	92	-	-	-	92
Middle School - Rodeo Browning	158	-	-	-	158
Middle School - Spirit	206	-	-	-	206
Middle School - Student Advisory Board Browning	1,062	1	-	-	1,063
Middle School - Student Needs	782	-	-	-	782
Middle School - Yearbook Club	574	_	_		574
Total	\$ 244,089	\$ 241,766	\$ 242,838	S <u> </u>	243,018

#### Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Balance Sheet General Funds June 30, 2017

				High		
		Elementary		School		
		General		General		Total
ASSETS	_					
Current assets						
Cash and investments	\$	404,038	\$	163,953	\$	567,991
Taxes and assessments receivable, net	_	487,174		163,887		651,061
Total assets	\$	891,212	\$	327,840	\$	1,219,052
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows - taxes receivable	\$_	487,174	\$	163,887	\$	651,061
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	487,174	\$	163,887	\$	651,061
FUND BALANCE						
Unassigned		404,038	_	163,953		567,991
Total fund balance	\$	404,038	\$	163,953	\$	567,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					-	
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	891,212	\$	327,840	\$	1,219,052

# Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Balance Sheet Impact Aid Funds June 30, 2017

		Elementary High School Impact Aid Impact Aid			Total	
ASSETS	-	-		-	_	
Current assets						
Cash and investments	\$	15,155,168	\$	5,918,412	\$	21,073,580
Total current assets	\$	15,155,168	\$	5,918,412	\$	21,073,580
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	383,671	\$	383,671
Total noncurrent assets	\$	-	\$	383,671	\$	383,671
Total assets	\$	15,155,168	\$	6,302,083	\$	21,457,251
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	15,961	\$	9,714	\$	25,675
Total current liabilities	\$	15,961	\$	9,714	\$	25,675
Total liabilities	\$	15,961	\$	9,714	\$	25,675
FUND BALANCE						
Assigned	\$	35,234	\$	2,715	\$	37,949
Unassigned		15,103,973		6,289,654		21,393,627
Total fund balance	\$	15,139,207	\$	6,292,369	\$	21,431,576
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED	-					
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	15,155,168	\$	6,302,083	\$	21,457,251

# Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Funds

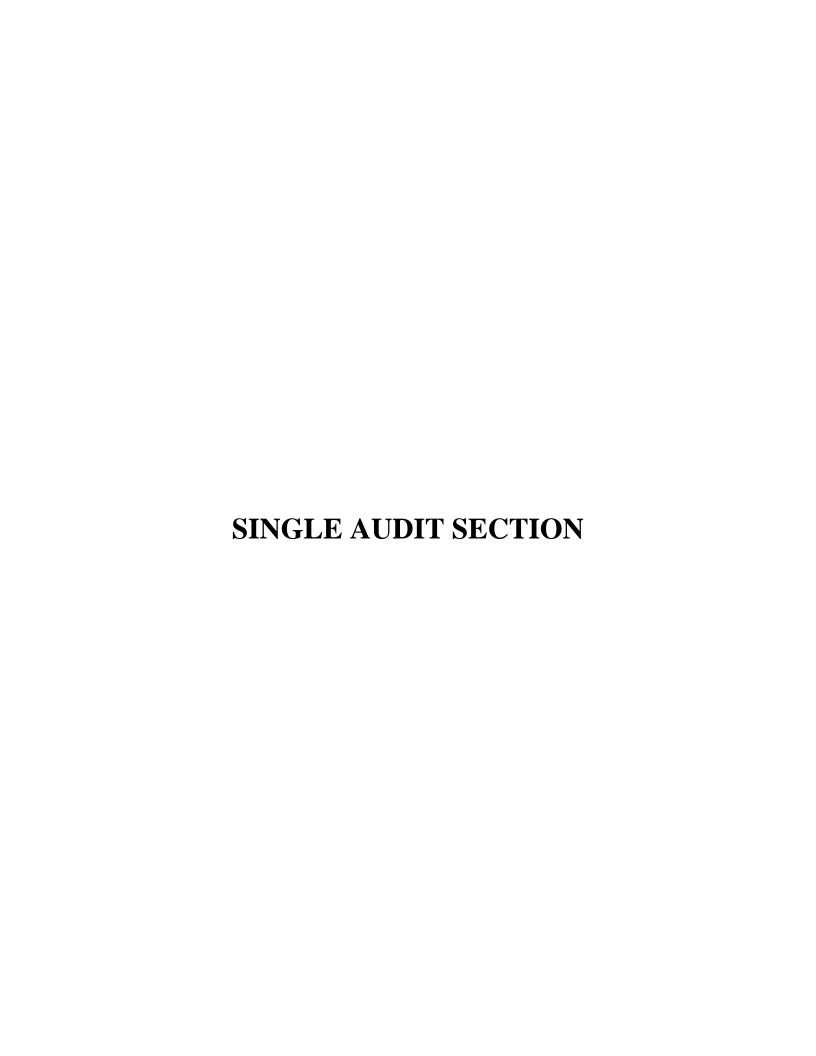
# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Elementary General	High School General		Total
REVENUES	_			_	
Local revenue	\$	677,194	\$ 211,279	\$	888,473
State revenue		8,450,552	3,568,541		12,019,093
Total revenues	\$	9,127,746	\$ 3,779,820	\$	12,907,566
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional - regular	\$	6,001,131	\$ 2,072,306	\$	8,073,437
Instructional - special education		1,041,895	279,605		1,321,500
Instructional - vocational education		20,661	165,701		186,362
Supporting services - operations & maintenance		786,615	18,410		805,025
Supporting services - general		834,442	569,876		1,404,318
Supporting services - educational media services		299,646	133,348		432,994
Administration - general		-	114,557		114,557
Administration - school		116,028	330,241		446,269
Extracurricular	_	-	92,105		92,105
Total expenditures	\$	9,100,418	\$ 3,776,149	\$	12,876,567
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	27,328	\$ 3,671	\$	30,999
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	\$	75,670	\$ -	\$	75,670
Transfers out			 _		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_	75,670	\$ 	- \$ -	75,670
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	102,998	\$ 3,671	_ \$ _	106,669
Fund balances - beginning	\$	301,040	\$ 160,282	\$	461,322
Restatements	_	-	 -		
Fund balances - beginning - restated	\$_	301,040	\$ 160,282	\$_	461,322
Fund balances - ending	\$	404,038	\$ 163,953	\$	567,991

# Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Impact Aid Funds

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Elementary Impact Aid	High School Impact Aid	Total
REVENUES			
Local revenue	\$ 86,953	\$ 56,951 \$	143,904
Federal revenue	9,004,083	3,593,854	12,597,937
Total revenues	\$ 9,091,036	\$ 3,650,805 \$	12,741,841
EXPENDITURES			
Instructional - regular	\$ 632,199	\$ \$160,000 \$	792,199
Instructional - special education	31,669	\$1,097	32,766
Instructional - vocational education	-	\$3,343	3,343
Supporting services - operations & maintenance	1,179,155	\$634,666	1,813,821
Supporting services - general	124,805	\$28,059	152,864
Supporting services - educational media services	428,059	\$129,735	557,794
Administration - general	594,112	\$205,026	799,138
Administration - school	1,061,595	\$60,592	1,122,187
Administration - business	350,038	\$116,635	466,673
Student transportation	129,242	\$53,133	182,375
Extracurricular	216,963	\$468,232	685,195
School food	5,344	\$1,781	7,125
Community services	97,006	\$3,931	100,937
Capital outlay	875,873	\$432,064	1,307,937
Total expenditures	\$ 5,726,060	\$ 2,298,294 \$	8,024,354
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 3,364,976	\$ 1,352,511 \$	4,717,487
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out	\$ -	\$ (257,025) \$	(257,025)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 	\$ (257,025) \$	(257,025)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 3,364,976	\$ 1,095,486 \$	4,460,462
Fund balances - beginning	\$ 11,759,129	\$ 5,191,276 \$	16,950,405
Restatements	15,828	4,879	20,707
Fund balances - beginning - restated	\$ 11,774,957	\$ 5,196,155 \$	16,971,112
Fund balances - ending	\$ 15,139,933	\$ 6,291,641 \$	21,431,574



# Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cluster Title/Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor /Program	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures
- Charles I and a charles in one of the control of	Number		
Child Nutrition Cluster			
United States Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Montana Office of Public Instruction			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 426,703
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	977,115
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	125,762
<b>Total United States Department of Agriculture</b>			\$ 1,529,580
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$ 1,529,580
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) - Cluster			
Department of Education			
Passed through Montana Office of Public Instruction			
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	1804007716	\$ 68,533
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	1804007717	354,085
Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	1804007917	15,530
Total Department of Education			\$ 438,148
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			\$ 438,148
Other Programs			
Department of Education			
Passed through Montana Office of Public Instruction			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1804003116	\$ 4,924
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1804003117	46,444
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1804003716	134,804
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1804003317	198,758
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1804013318	35,867
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	1804003216	407,353
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.101	1080403217	1,175,549
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	55,126
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	1804005717	3,995
Twenty-First Centruy Community Learning Centers	84.287	1804001716	2,195
Twenty-First Centruy Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A	49,645
English Languge Acquistion State Grants	84.365	1804004117	154
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher			
Quality State Grants)	84.367	1804001416	51,426
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher			
Quality State Grants)	84.367	10804001417	202,717
Striving Readers/Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371	1804003516	123,072
Preschool Development Grants	84.419	1804001617	180,653
Direct			
Impact Aid	84.041	N/A	8,262,455
Indian Education_Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060	N/A	443,387
Passed through Office of the Commissioner of Higher Education			
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	N/A	292
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	P334S1100014-15	9,842
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	P334S1100014-16	212,572
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	1804018417	1,237
Total Department of Education			\$11,602,467

# Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Cluster Title/Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor /Program	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	E	Federal xpenditures
Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through Montana Office of Public Instruction				
Substance Abuse and mental Health Services_Projects of Regional and				
National Significance	93.243	1804003816	\$	85,083
Substance Abuse and mental Health Services_Projects of Regional and				
National Significance	93.243	1804003817		363,669
Total Department of Health and Human Services			<b>\$</b> _	448,752
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed through Montana Office of Public Instruction				
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	\$	6,942
Fressh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	N/A		54,997
<b>Total United States Department of Agriculture</b>			\$	61,939
Total Other Programs			\$ <u> </u>	12,113,158
Total Federal Financial Assitance			\$ _	14,080,886

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

# **BROWNING PUBLIC SCHOOLS**

#### GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in preparation of the basic financial statements.

Value of Federal Awards Expended in the form of Noncash Assistance

• Food Commodities the value equals the fair value at the time of the receipt \$100,748

The District has elected to not use the de minimis indirect cost rate.

# Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South – P.O. Box 1957 Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Browning Public Schools Glacier County Browning, Montana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Browning Public School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2018. Our report modifies an opinion on financial statements of the aggregate remaining fund information because of management not being able to balance cash for the payroll and claims clearing funds to Glacier County Treasurer as described in 2017-002.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Browning Public School, Glacier County, Montana's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Browning Public School's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses as identified as items 2017-001 and 2017-002.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies as identified as items 2017-003, 2017-004, and 2017-005.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Browning Public Schools' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards* and which are described below as items 2017-006 and 2017-007.

# **Browning Public Schools' Response to Findings**

Denning, Downey and associates, CPA's, P.C.

Browning Public Schools' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the Corrective Action Plan. Browning Public Schools' response was not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 26, 2018

# Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South, P.O. Box 1957, Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Browning Public Schools Glacier County Browning, Montana

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Browning Public Schools' major federal programs for the Year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S., *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of District's compliance.

# **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Browning Public Schools, Glacier County, Montana is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 26, 2018

Denning, Downey and associates, CPA's, P.C.

#### **BROWNING PUBLIC SCHOOLS**

# GLACIER COUNTY, MONTANA

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### **Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results**

# **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued *Modified* 

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes

Significant deficiency(s) identified

not considered to be material weaknesses Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted? Yes

# Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(s) identified None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) No

# **Identification of major programs:**

<u>CFDA Number</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>

84.041 Impact Aid

84.027, 84.173 Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs: \$\frac{750,000}{}

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

# **Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

# 2017-001 Financial Reporting

#### **Condition:**

The District has several financial reporting and classification deficiencies outlined below:

- (1) Unreported due from other government receivables and revenues posted to accounting system in the Elementary Miscellaneous Programs and All Other Aggregate Funds.
- (2) Unreported proceeds from insurance and expenditures due to misclassification of restatement Elementary Building Fund.
- (3) Misclassified operations and maintenance payroll costs in General Fund.
- (4) Overstated warrants payable in Payroll Clearing Fund
- (5) The Retiree/Cobra Agency Fund cash and warrants payables were overstated.
- (6) Unreported accounts receivables and revenues in Self Insurance and Daycare Funds.

#### **Context:**

- (1) The auditor completed an inspection of the year-end adjustments made by the District and noted a journal that had been posted to the accounting system, but not reported on the District's Trustee's Financial Statements.
- (2) The auditor completed an analysis of the District's reported restatements to determine if they were properly reported.
- (3) The auditor noted a significant change the operation and maintenance expenditures while completing risk assessment of financials, and upon further analysis of the change noted a journal voucher that was posted incorrectly.
- (4) The auditor compared the outstanding warrant list to the warrants payable reported by the District
- (5) The auditor analyzed the payables cash and warrants payables of the Retiree/Cobra Fund to address prior year audit finding.
- (6) The auditor traced outstanding payroll liabilities to support and noted there were liabilities outstanding that were to be paid to the District's Self Insurance Fund, and the auditor complete analysis of subsequent revenues in Daycare Fund.

#### Criteria:

- (1) through (4) internal controls procedures should be in place to ensure the amounts reported in the Trustees' Financial Summary Agree to the underlying accounting records and subsidiary records, and adequate research be completed on negative expenditure accounts prior to posting correcting journal adjustments.
- (5) The Retiree/Cobra Fund is an agency fund to show the collections of the receipts from outside sources for the health insurance provided by the District through self-insurance. As the funds are received, the monies should be transferred into the self-insurance fund where the required premiums are paid.
- (6) Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that revenues be recognized when the services have been rendered under the full accrual basis of accounting.

#### Effect:

The District had the following financial reporting and classification errors:

- 1) The due from other government receivables and federal revenues are understated \$628,360 and \$19,644 in the Elementary Miscellaneous Programs Fund and All Other Aggregate -Governmental Funds. This has been corrected for the audit, and the financial statements determined to be fairly stated.
- (2) The restatements are overstated \$312,408, proceeds from insurance other financing sources and expenditures understated \$353,794 and \$41,386 in the All Other Aggregate Governmental Funds. This has been corrected for the audit, and the financial statements determined to be fairly stated.
- (3) The instructional-regular expenditures are overstated and the operations and maintenance expenditures were understated by \$729,531 in the General Fund. This has been corrected for the audit, and the financial statements determined to be fairly stated.
- (4) The warrants payable are overstated and the due to others understated by \$1,840,890 in the Agency Funds. This has been corrected for the audit, and the financial statements determined to be fairly stated.
- (5) The Agency Fund cash and payables are overstated \$151,233 and the Internal Service Fund cash and Restatement understated \$151,233.
- (6) The accounts receivable and revenues are understated \$9,860 in the Non-Major Enterprise Fund, and the accounts receivable, restatement, and revenues understated \$1,236,506, \$1,167,919, and \$68,587 in the Internal Service Fund. This has been corrected for the audit, and the financial statements determined to be fairly stated.

#### Cause:

- (1) through (4) the District's year-end control procedures are not adequate in ensuring the Trustees' Financial Summary is complete and accurate.
- (5) The District made correction from prior year in recording retiree payments to self-insurance fund, but did not transfer the remaining cash balance left over from the prior year.
- (6) The does not have closing procedure to review the subsequent revenues received in the Daycare and Self-Insurance Fund to determine if receivable balances exist.

#### **Recommendation:**

- (1) through (4) The District should review the financial statement process and implement policies and procedures to add checks and balances to ensure the District is following the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and required accounting principles surrounding financial reporting.
- (5) the District should clear out the remaining cash in the Retiree/Cobra fund and move to Self-Insurance fund.
- (6) The District should implement policies and procedures to review subsequent revenues in the Daycare and Self Insurance Fund to determine if revenues were earned in the fiscal year the District is reporting on.

# 2017-002 Cash Reconciliation (Repeat finding 2016-001, 2015-001, 2014-003)

#### **Condition:**

Per review of the cash reconciliation procedures, we noted the Claims and payroll clearing funds were not reconciled with the County, resulting in County reports showing materially different cash balances for Payroll and Claims funds than that reported by the District.

#### **Context:**

We compared year-end cash balances to the June Glacier County Treasurer's reports and noted material variances in the Payroll and Claims funds. We also compared the cash balances to the outstanding warrant listings, noting the outstanding listings were materially less than the cash balance of the funds at the county level.

#### Criteria:

Cash should be reconciled with the County reports on the individual fund level with any discrepancies noted and the County notified of the errors.

#### **Effect:**

Individual funds cash balances were reconciled with the County report noting a difference of \$651,224 with the County showing more cash than the District accounting records. In addition, the outstanding warrant report provided by the county did not agree to the cash in the fund at the county level and did not agree to the outstanding warrant report on the District's accounting system.

#### Cause:

Inadequate internal controls over cash reconciliations and reporting related to the claims and payroll funds.

#### **Recommendation:**

The District should determine the differences in cash to the county and the differences in outstanding warrant listings between the district and the county.

# **Example 2017-003** Food Service Inventory (Repeat finding 2016-003, 2015-006, 2014-006)

# **Condition:**

Warehouse inventory is counted approximately every 3 months. In addition, purchase and usage reports are obtained throughout the year. However, purchase and usage data is not compiled throughout the year for comparison with the inventory count.

#### **Context:**

We inquired about the inventory process with the Food Service Director and determined they are not maintaining a perpetual inventory system.

#### **Criteria:**

Internal control procedures should include an inventory of all food supplies on hand. An inventory tracking system should be implemented and physical counts compared to the inventory records periodically. Inventory shrinkage should be followed up to determine the reason for the discrepancy.

#### **Effect:**

A lack of controls which increases the risk of misappropriation of assets.

#### Cause:

Adequate controls have not been established.

#### **Recommendation:**

The District should implement a procedure for compiling purchase and usage data throughout the year for inventory items. This compilation should then be used in conjunction with the inventory counts to determine and follow up on any inventory shrinkage.

# 2017-004 Student Activity Receipting (Repeat finding 2016-004, 2015-007, 2014-001)

# **Condition:**

We noted the following weaknesses in internal controls over receipting:

- (1) All fundraisers did not include supporting documentation
- (2) Beginning cash was not signed for concession tills or gate boxes.
- (3) Deposits were not made timely
- (4) Gate ticket sales did not always include supporting beginning and ending tickets, and/or only included beginning ticket number.

#### **Context:**

To test internal controls over receipting we judgmentally selected a month of receipts to review. Through this selection we noted internal control weaknesses.

#### **Criteria:**

Internal control procedures for receipting should include support for all receipts to ensure all monies collected are receipted and timely depositing of all monies received.

#### Effect:

Internal control weaknesses exist with student activity receipting.

#### Cause:

Internal control procedures related to student activities were not established.

#### **Recommendation:**

The District should implement internal control procedures to ensure appropriate documentation for all receipts.

#### **2017-005 Enrollment**

#### **Condition:**

The underlying attendance records did not agree to the enrollment counts (Maefairs) reported to the Office of Public Instruction(OPI) in the Fall Count during fiscal year 2017. The High School 10<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> grade counts were overstated 1 student for a total of 2 overstatements in the High School.

#### **Context:**

We compared the attendance register from the District's Infinite Campus system to the enrollment counts reported to OPI.

#### **Criteria:**

Adequate internal controls should be in place to accurately report enrollment counts and ensure the underlying attendance records agree to the reported counts.

#### **Effect:**

The District did not report accurate counts to the Office of Public Instruction based on the underlying attendance.

#### Cause:

The District does not have adequate controls in place to ensure the proper counts are reported accurately based on the underlying attendance records.

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend the District implement controls to ensure the enrollment counts are accurate and the underlying attendance records agree to the amount reported.

#### 2017-006 Compliance with GASB 45- OPEB

#### **Condition:**

A current actuarial valuation was not done for fiscal year 2017.

#### Criteria:

GASB 45 – Accounting and financial reporting by employers for postemployment benefits other than pensions. For financial reporting purposes, an actuarial valuation is required at least biennially for OPEB plans with a total membership (including employees in active service, terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them, and retired employees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits) of 200 or more, or at least triennially for plans with a total membership of fewer than 200.

#### **Context:**

In determining the reasonableness of the OPEB liability we found there to be no current GASB 45 actuarial valuation for the district.

#### **Effect:**

The district is not in compliance with GASB 45.

#### Cause:

An actuarial valuation for OPEB was not completed for fiscal year 2017.

#### **Recommendation:**

Adhere to GASB 45, now GASB 75 for fiscal year 2018 and beyond. Complete actuarial valuation when it is required to avoid possible over or understatement of OPEB liability in the financial statements.

# 2017-007 <u>Pledged Securities</u>

#### **Condition:**

The District has inadequate levels of pledged securities for deposits at U.S. Bank in the amount of \$310,100.

#### Criteria:

MCA 7-6-207. Deposit Security. (1) local governing body may require security only for that portion of the deposits that is not guaranteed or insured according to law and, as to the unguaranteed or uninsured portion, to the extent of: (a) 50% of the deposits if the institution in which the deposit is made has a net worth to total assets ratio of 6% or more.

#### **Context:**

In scheduling cash and investments held outside the county we also test to determine deposit security of those accounts. We found there to be insufficient pledged securities for those cash and investment accounts held at US Bank.

# **Effect:**

The District is not in compliance with MCA 7-6-207.

#### Cause:

The District did not cover their deposits through pledged security agreement with U.S. Bank.

#### **Recommendation:**

The District should obtain appropriate coverage for deposits to comply with MCA 7-6-207.

# **Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs reported.

# Denning, Downey & Associates, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

1740 U.S. Hwy 93 South, P.O. Box 1957, Kalispell, MT 59903-1957

# REPORT ON PRIOR AUDIT REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS

To the Board of Trustees Browning Public Schools Glacier County Browning, Montana

The prior audit report contained eight recommendations. The action taken on each recommendation is as follows:

Recommendation	Action Taken
Cash reconciliation	Repeated
Credit Card Documentation	Implemented
Food Service Inventory	Repeated
Student Activity Receipting	Repeated
Trustee's Financial Summary Reporting Errors	Repeated

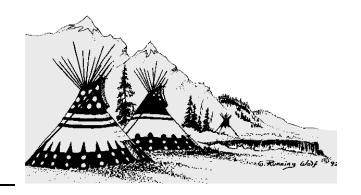
Denning, Downey and associates, CPA's, P.C.

March 26, 2018

# **Browning Public Schools**

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<u>Completion Date of Corrective Action Plan</u>: December 31, 2018

# **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN**

FINDING 2017-001: Financial Reporting

<u>Response</u>: We have discussed having the auditor assist with the year-end close out. With the auditor's help, we can eliminate any further unreported, misclassified, overstatements, etc.

FINDING 2017-002: Cash Reconciliation (Repeat finding 2016-001, 2015-001, 2014-003)

<u>Response</u>: We currently have a consultant working on reconciling the two clearing funds. By the year-end, the funds should be reconciled.

FINDING 2017-003: Food Service Inventory (Repeat finding 2016-003, 2015-006, 2014-006)

<u>Response</u>: The Food Service has created a position as a warehouse clerk. This position has a high turnover rate and we are hoping to have an inventory system in place for the new fiscal year.

FINDING 2017-004: Student Activity Receipting (Repeat finding 2016-004, 2015-007, 2014-001)

<u>Response</u>: 1.) We will work on getting supporting documentation for all fundraisers. 2.) The count sheet for the tills and the gates are currently being signed off on for the starting cash. 3.) Deposits are currently being made weekly or bi-weekly. 4.) Gates sales do currently have the stubs attached to the count sheets.

FINDING 2017-005: Enrollment

<u>Response</u>: We have had turnover in this position a couple times within the past year. We are hoping to secure a candidate who will be long term and will keep the student data information accurately.

FINDING 2017-006: Compliance with GASB 45 - OPEB

Response: We have contacted Actuaries Northwest and they will assist with this valuation.

FINDING 2017-007: Pledged Securities

<u>Response</u>: We have been in contact with our health insurance broker regarding the securities and they have in turn notified the plan administrator that pledged securities are needed for the account.

# **STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

FINDING 2016-001: Cash reconciliation

Response: Remains a finding.

FINDING 2016-002: Credit Card Documentation

Response: Cleared of finding.

FINDING 2016-003: Food Service Inventory

Response: Remains a finding.

FINDING 2016-004: Student activity receipting

Response: Remains a finding.

FINDING 2017-005: Trustees Financial Summary Report Errors

Response: Cleared of finding.