Non-Academic Data Update

2021-2022



Framework and Approach

MICIP

(Michigan Integrated Continuous Improvement Process)



Multi-Tiered Systems of Support

Core Components:

- High-Quality, Differentiated
 Classroom Instruction
- System-wide Approach
- Integrated Data System
- Culturally Responsive Positive Behavior Intervention & Support (CRPBIS)

(MTSS)

Proactive Support

Intentional and ongoing support for all students:

- Social Emotional Learning
- PBIS Lessons
- Mental Health Teams
- Counselor Accessibility with Self-Referral Process for Students and Parents

Proactive Supports

- Problem Solving Meetings
- Staff Visibility
- Grade Level Teaming
- Strategic Scheduling
- Freshmen Connect
- Peer Mentoring

Supportive Measures

- Conversation and Dialog -"Seek to Understand Approach"
- Restorative Meetings
- Partnerships with Families
- Student Behavior Specialist (K-8)
- Social Workers and Counselors
- Individual Behavior Plans
- Functional Behavior Assessments (FBAs)
- Social Contracts with individual students

Supportive Measures

- Partnership with Outside Organizations
 - o Handle with Care
 - Okay-2-Say
 - Wrap Around Services (ICHD)
 - o TIPS (ICHD)
- Student Centered Groups (Need Based)
 - Anxiety Group
 - Ele's Place
 - o Prizm Club
 - United and Social Progress
 - Links
 - And Many more

Student Data Sources

Attendance Data:

PowerSchool

Behavior Data:

PowerSchool

SWIS / BIFs

mySAEBRS

Attendance Data

Attendance - Average Daily Attendance

Grade Level	2018–2019 (Pre-COVID)	2021-2022
K-4	89.9% (1704 total students)	92.2% (1673 total students)
5-8	90.6% (1424 total students)	94.1% (1316 total students)
9-12	89.7% (1406 total students)	95.2% (1433 total students)

K-4 Absence Data - by Sub-Group

(Data indicates the percentage of students within an identified sub-group that were absent out of all absences for the 2021-2022 school year at the specific level.)

K-4 Attendance Data

(1673 total students)

	nder ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)								
M	F	African American/ Black (8.9%)	erican/ (28.2%) (5 lack		White (59.5%)	American Indian (1.0%)	Native Hawaiian (0.3%)			
53.4%	46.4%	9.1%	27.7%	5.8%	56.3%	0.9%	0.3%			

5-8 Absence Data - by Sub-Group

(Data indicates the percentage of students within an identified sub-group that were absent out of all absences for the 2021-2022 school year at the specific level.)

5-8 Attendance Data

(1316 total students)

	nder ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)							
M	F	African Asian American/ (25.6%) Black (10.4%)		Hispanic (4.6%)	White (61.9%)	American Indian (0.2%)	Native Hawaiian (0.3%)		
51.7%	48.3%	10.9%	20.5%	6.4%	61.9%	0.2%	0.1%		

9-12 Absence Data - by Sub-Group

(Data indicates the percentage of students within an identified sub-group that were absent out of all absences for the 2021-2022 school year at the specific level.)

9-12 Attendance Data

(1433 total students)

	nder ical Sex)	Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)							
M	F	African American/ Black (9.4%)	American/ (25.1%) (5 Black		White (60.2%)	American Indian (0.6%)	Native Hawaiian (0.3%)		
47.4%	52.6%	11.1%	20.3%	7%	60.3%	1%	.3%		

Attendance -Analysis and Takeaways

Summary of Data

- Increased average daily attendance at every level post-Covid
- Data indicates proportional averages relating to absences by ethnicity
- Absences based on gender are split fairly even and do not demonstrate significant outliers

Reflection for Equity

- Differentiate supports for students based on individual needs. (EP Goal 5)
- Interrogate our data & practices. Identify who is benefiting from the ways in which we do things, as well as who is missing from the conversations. (EP Goals 6 & 8)

Behavior Data

EVERY BEHAVIOR IS A FORM OF COMMUNICATION.

Behavior Responses and Alternatives to Suspension

- Restorative Practices
- Progressive Discipline
- ISS instead of OSS Sustained support at school from staff
- Natural Consequences / Community Service Projects
- Reduction of consequence with willingness to participate in educational programming (CMH)

7 Factors to Consider Before Resorting to Suspension or Expulsion

Student's Age

- How old is the student in question?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

2. Disciplinary History

- What is this student's disciplinary history?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

3. Disability

- Does the student in question have a disability?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

4. Seriousness of Behavior

- What was the seriousness of this student's behavior?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

7 Factors to Consider Before Resorting to Suspension or Expulsion

5. Safety Risk

- Did the student pose a safety risk to others?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

6. Use of Restorative Practice

- Have restorative practices already been used as a means of intervention in this student's disciplinary history?
- Does this influence the level of intervention necessary to address this behavior?

7. Level of Intervention

 Would a lesser intervention than suspension or expulsion appropriately address this behavior in question?

Behavior Overview

Data Collection

- Documentation Opportunity to Establish Patterns
- Communication Tool
- Information to Drive Supportive Responses
 - Connect students with resources
 - Group Sessions
 - Goal Setting
 - Reteaching of Expectations
 - o Restorative Conversations

Behavior - Suspensions

(3 or more days of Out of School Suspension for a single student)

Grade Level	2021-2022
K-4	<1% (4 of 1673 total students)
5-8	<1% (8 of 1316 total students)
9-12	1.3% (18 of 1433 total students)

Behavior Trends

Most Frequent Behaviors (Based on K-12 Suspension Data)

- Disruptive Behavior
- Physical Aggression/Fighting
- Illegal Substances

K-4 Suspension Data - by Sub-Group

(3 or more days of suspension for a single student)

K-4 Suspension Data

(4 of 1673 total students)

Gender (Biological Sex) Ethnicity (as reported in PowerSchool)								Special	Economically
M	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian	Ed.	Disadvantaged
3	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	2	2

5-8 Suspension Data - by Sub-Group

(3 or more days of suspension for a single student)

5-8 Suspension Data

(8 of 1316 total students)

	Gender (Biological Sex) (as reported in PowerSchool)							Special	Economically
M	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian	Ed.	Disadvantaged
5	3	3	1	0	4	0	0	5	3

9-12 Suspension Data - by Sub-Group

(3 or more days of suspension for a single student)

9-12 Suspension Data

(18 of 1433 total students)

	Gender Ethnicity Biological Sex) (as reported in PowerSchool)							Special	Economically
M	F	African American/ Black	Asian	Hispanic	White	American Indian	Native Hawaiian	Ed.	Disadvantaged
13	5	4	1	1	11	1	0	8	12

Behavior -Analysis and Takeaways

Impact of Pandemic

- Limited opportunity to engage in "typical" school experiences
 less connections to school
- Reduced social interactions
- Impact of decreased mental stamina from ½ days back to full days of instruction
- Gaps in student learning create an overwhelmed feeling which results in behaviors

Behavior -Analysis and Takeaways

Summary of Data

- In comparison to overall enrollments, suspension is used minimally at all levels in response to student behaviors
- Data indicates that suspensions occurs more frequently for our males, students within Special Education, and our economically disadvantaged population

Reflection for Equity

- Differentiate supports for students based on individual needs. (EP Goal 5)
- Interrogate our data & practices. Identify who is benefiting from the ways in which we do things, as well as who is missing from the conversations. (EP Goals 6 & 8)

Behavior Action Steps

Identify the "WHY"

- Seek to Understand
- Goal of Reteaching
- Support for Growth

Respond to the Need

- Student-centered approach
- Culturally Responsive Positive Behavior Interventions & Support (CRPBIS)
- Support from Ingham ISD
- Behavior Tiered Fidelity Inventory (TFI)
- Building consistency across all schools processes, practices, definitions
- Identifying professional training needs active supervision for lunch personnel

"The goal of behavior support is not 'perfect children.' Rather the goal should be creating the perfect environment for enhancing growth."



-Randy Sprick