DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Denton Independent School District	<u>Denton</u>	061-901
Name of School District	County	Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached	annual financial reports of the ab	ove-named school district were
	11 10 1	1.7 00 0010
reviewed and (check one) approved	disapproved for the year end	ed June 30, 2018, at a meeting
of the Board of Trustees of such school distric	et on the day of November.	. 2018.
		, =
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board President

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Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Denton Independent School District Denton, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Denton Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Denton Independent School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 11 and 27 to the financial statements, in the current fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance prescribed by GASB Statement No. 75 for its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan – a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit OPEB plan that has a special funding situation. Because GASB Statement No. 75 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, significant information has been added to the Government-Wide Statements. Exhibit A-1 discloses the District's Net OPEB Liability and deferred resource outflows and deferred resource inflows related to the District's OPEB plan. Exhibit B-1 discloses the adjustment to the District's Beginning Net Positions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 7 through 14 and the Teacher Retirement System schedules on pages 70 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Denton Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2018 on our consideration of Denton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Denton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

November 13, 2018

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Denton Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2018. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 5, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of Denton Independent School District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year resulting in a negative net position of \$74,073,701.
- The District's total net position increased by \$48,502,526 during the current fiscal year from the result of current year operations. However, total net position decreased by \$159,534,466 due to new standards that required recording of the District's proportionate share of the Teacher Retirement System's net OPEB liability.
- As of the close of the current fiscal period, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$253,863,270. Over 27% of this total amount (\$70,243,747) is unassigned and available for use within the District's commitments and assignment policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal period, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund of \$70,243,747 was 27.16% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17 through 19). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 20) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District. The District has no component units for which it is financially accountable.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 33) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The section labeled Single Audit Section contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 17. Its primary purpose is to show whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- · Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The District charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides in the child nutrition program and in its athletic stadium concessions activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The fund financial statements begin on page 20 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's nearterm financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains thirty-two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 25 of this report.
- **Proprietary funds.** The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs and the print shop.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position that can be found on page 32. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis presents both current and prior year data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased from \$36,958,239 at June 30, 2017 to a \$74,073,701 deficit at June 30, 2018. Unrestricted net position — the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements — was a deficit of \$128,220,610 at June 30, 2018. The increase in governmental activities net position from current operations was \$48,502,526 but net position decreased \$159,534,466 due to new standards that required recording of the District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability. The current year operating increase was the result of several factors. First, the District's revenues exceeded expenditures by \$50,148,317 (as adjusted for the effects of capital outlay and debt service principal payments.) However, the District recorded depreciation expense, which is a non-cash expense that reduces the carrying value of District assets, in the amount of \$35,804,072. Also, various adjustments totaling \$34,158,281 were posted to revenues and expenses to account for prepaid expenses, interest accruals and tax revenues earned during the period under the full accrual method of accounting.

In 2018, net position of our business-type activities increased by \$1,933,396 from the results of current year operations but decreased \$8,093,056 due to new standards that required recording of the District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability. The business-type activities represent significant services to the community through the Child Nutrition program and the athletic stadium concession activities.

Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental		Busin	ess-type	Total		
	Acti	vities	Act	ivities			
	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	
Current and other assets	\$ 358,747,242	\$ 302,003,892	\$ 3,389,832	\$ 3,699,431	\$ 362,137,074	\$ 305,703,323	
Capital assets	722,558,557	750,477,125	653,907	555,080	723,212,464	751,032,205	
Total assets	1,081,305,799	1,052,481,017	4,043,739	4,254,511	1,085,349,538	1,056,735,528	
Deferred outflows of resources	97,507,498	92,216,705	1,548,199	1,516,239	99,055,697	93,732,944	
Total assets and deferred outflows	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
of resources	1,178,813,297	1,144,697,722	5,591,938	5,770,750	1,184,405,235	1,150,468,472	
Long-term liabilities	1,075,987,588	1,110,327,878	3,035,337	7,364,108	1,079,022,925	1,117,691,986	
Other liabilities	55,729,051	53,777,020	585,420	324,840	56,314,471	54,101,860	
Total liabilities	1,131,716,639	1,164,104,898	3,620,757	7,688,948	1,135,337,396	1,171,793,846	
Deferred inflows of resources	10,138,419	54,666,525	502,909	2,773,190	10,641,328	57,439,715	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
of resources	1,141,855,058	1,218,771,423	4,123,666	10,462,138	1,145,978,724	1,229,233,561	
Net Position:							
Net investments in capital assets	(16,839,370)	(10,138,170)	653,907	555,080	(16,185,463)	(9,583,090)	
Restricted	63,937,456	64,285,079	-	,	63,937,456	64,285,079	
Unrestricted	(10,139,847)	(128,220,610)	814,365	(5,246,468)	(9,325,482)	(133,467,078)	
Total Net Position	\$ 36,958,239	\$ (74,073,701)	\$ 1,468,272	\$ (4,691,388)	\$ 38,426,511	\$ (78,765,089)	

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Govern		Busine		Total		
	Activ			vities			
n	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:	ф 2.000.04 7	d 0.010.634	# n #0F 00F	ф 4 DOD 40Г	ф <i>па</i> ягога	d 40.040.40¢	
Charges for services	\$ 3,990,947	\$ 8,918,631	\$ 3,785,007	\$ 4,293,495	\$ 7,775,954	\$ 13,212,126	
Operating grants & contributions General Revenues:	40,446,361	(10,976,837)	6,985,196	7,504,468	47,431,557	(3,472,369)	
Maintenance & operations taxes	149,513,725	170,646,472			149,513,725	170,646,472	
Debt service taxes	71,769,075	77,152,046	-	_	71,769,075	77,152,046	
State aid - formula grants	68,177,794	69,183,586		-	68,177,794	69,183,586	
Grants and contributions	1,685,243	2,375,127		-	1,685,243	2,375,127	
Interest earnings	1,948,489	3,939,413	5,588	13,119	1,954,077	3,952,532	
Miscellaneous	219,225	249,530	•	-	219,225	249,530	
Total Revenue	337,750,859	321,487,968	10,775,791	11,811,082	348,526,650	333,299,050	
		- · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			
Expenses:							
Instruction, curriculum & media services	190,046,959	154,138,426	i.	-	190,046,959	154,138,426	
Instructional & school leadership	18,527,501	15,304,670	-	-	18,527,501	15,304,670	
Student support services	24,236,170	17,312,852	-	-	24,236,170	17,312,852	
Food services	242,248	254,236	10,832,909	9,724,186	11,075,157	9,978,422	
Cocurricular activities	7,851,159	6,127,163	77,914	153,500	7,929,073	6,280,663	
General administration	7,820,126	7,313,243	-	-	7,820,126	7,313,243	
Plant maintenance, security and data processing	38,540,000	35,902,186	-	-	38,540,000	35,902,186	
Community services	2,328,665	2,122,048	-	_	2,328,665	2,122,048	
Debt services	73,046,623	32,632,325	-	-	73,046,623	32,632,325	
Intergovernmental charges	1,748,491	1,878,293	-	w	1,748,491	1,878,293	
Total Expenses	364,387,942	272,985,442	10,910,823	9,877,686	375,298,765	282,863,128	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position before transfers and special items	(26,637,083)	48,502,526	(135,032)	1,933,396	(26,772,115)	50,435,922	
Transfers in (out)	(13,318)	-	13,318	•	•	. •	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(26,650,401)	48,502,526	(121,714)	1,933,396	(26,772,115)	50,435,922	
Net Position - beginning of year	63,608,640	36,958,239	1,589,986	1,468,272	65,198,626	38,426,511	
Prior period adjustment		(159,534,466)		(8,093,056)		(167,627,522)	
Net Position - end of year	\$ 36,958,239	\$ (74,073,701)	\$ 1,468,272	\$ (4,691,388)	\$ 38,426,511	\$ (78,765,089)	

Implementation of GASB 75 was effective at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. Changes for revenues and expenses in the prior fiscal year relating to the implementation have not been calculated and are not available for comparison.

The dramatic change in operating grants and contributions activity from year to year of \$50,903,926 is reflective of a negative adjustment brought about by the implementation of the new OPEB standards promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and significant changes in the benefits provided by the TRS retiree healthcare plan (TRS-Care). The reduction in plan benefits resulted in a sizeable decrease in the District's Net OPEB Liability and a resulting negative OPEB expense in accordance with newly implemented accounting standards. Under these standards, the District is required to report what is essentially both negative on-behalf expenses and negative on-behalf revenues for the portion of the reduction in the OPEB liability that is the responsibility of the State, or \$49,114,708.

- The Board of Trustees increased the maintenance and operation property tax rate from \$1.04 to \$1.06 for the fiscal year 2017-2018 as a result of voters approving a tax ratification election. The debt service rate was decreased to \$0.48. The total tax rate necessary to fund the 2017-2018 budget remained at \$1.54.
- The District continues to experience an increase in property values over the prior year. The actual increase in certified and under review values for 2017 was \$1.762.711.922 or 13.82%.
- The District has worked with Texas Association of School Boards (TASB) over the past few years to examine pay equity for employees and to determine if pay practices were internally fair and externally competitive. Several adjustments were implemented each year since the 2013-2014 school year. The 2017-2018 Salary Compensation Plan included \$5,938,677 in pay increases and adjustments. Also included in the 2017-2018 budget were salaries for Rodriguez Middle School in the amount of \$3,872,500.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal period was \$272,985,442. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 18 and 19, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$247,798,518 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$8,918,631) or by State equalization funding (\$69,183,586).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$253,863,270 a decrease of \$55,534,201 from the prior year. Approximately 38 percent of this total amount (\$96,549,606) constitutes committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable or restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already restricted to pay debt service (\$62,887,911), or for capital projects (\$94,024,912), or already spent on prepaid items (\$252,573), inventories (\$147,268) or endowment principal (\$1,000).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$70,243,747, while the total fund balance was \$91,425,945. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 27.16 percent of the total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 35.35 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$7,390,269 during the current fiscal year, compared to a \$2,295,373 increase in the previous year. Key factors related to this change are as follows:

• A \$21,276,368 increase in property tax revenues combined with a \$992,700 decrease in state per capita and foundation revenue contributed to a \$24,168,652 overall increase in total revenues. Expenditures increased \$17,721,074 or 7.35% with increases in most functional categories.

• \$349,241 of general fund monies were transferred to the capital projects fund to set aside for future capital replacement needs, compared to \$825,218 transferred in the previous year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$62,894,210, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was \$242,585, compared to a \$4,991,004 decrease in the previous year. Tax revenues were \$5,480,654 higher than the previous year and debt service expenditures were \$8,676,160 lower. However, the District financed a \$17,700,000 bond defeasement out of fund balance reserves.

Other changes in fund balances should also be noted. The fund balance in the capital projects fund decreased by \$63,281,945 due primarily to \$64,765,159 spent on construction-related costs. Although these and other capital expenditures reduce available fund balances, they create new assets for the District as reported in the Statement of Net Position and discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in June, 2017). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The principal amendment in this case was an increase in the anticipated amount of State funding to be received. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$91,425,945 reported on page 20 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$79,132,265 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 28. This is principally due to cost savings in all functional expenditure categories.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2018, the District had \$750,477,125 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$27,918,548, or 3.86 percent, above last year.

This fiscal year's major additions included:

Continuing construction costs on a new support services building, paid for	\$10,333,512
with proceeds of general obligation bonds issued in a prior year.	
Continuing construction costs on a new middle school, paid for	3,568,719
with proceeds of general obligation bonds issued in a prior year.	
Continuing construction costs on renovations and additions to an existing	18,678,992
high school, paid for with proceeds of general obligation bonds	
Totaling	\$32,581,223

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$843,156,552 in bonds outstanding (including accreted interest on bonds) versus \$885,993,259 last year-a decrease of 4.84 percent. No new debt was incurred during the fiscal period. The District's underlying rating for unlimited tax bonds is "AA" by S&P, and "AA-" by Fitch but is considered AAA as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$1,596,606,798, which is significantly in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

Other obligations include accrued vacation benefits and special termination benefits. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Board of Trustees of the Denton Independent School District adopted a total tax rate of \$1.54 per \$100 of assessed value for 2018-2019. The M & O tax rate will remain at \$1.06 and the debt service tax rate will remain at \$0.48 for a total rate of \$1.54. The District's certified values increased \$1,598,078,097 or 11.01% for 2018.

State funding for 2018-2019 is projected to be \$64,839,023 or 24.57% of the total budget compared to \$80,308,247 or 31.32% for 2017-2018.

During the 2012-2013 school year the District worked with TASB to examine pay equity for employees and to determine if pay practices were internally fair and externally competitive. Several adjustments have been implemented since the 2013-2014 school year. The 2018-2019 budget includes \$4,500,000 for the Salary Compensation Plan.

The main focus for the 2018-2019 budget was the projected increase in student enrollment of 2.31% while maintaining current programs. Denton ISD will receive approximately \$15,469,224 less in state funding for 2018-2019 than in the prior year's adopted budget. Property tax collections are expected to increase by \$20,231,478.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for funds the District receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Denton Independent School District, 1307 North Locust, Denton, Texas 76201, (940) 369-0000.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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3

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

u		
1	2	

			1	Pri	mary Government		3
Data					Business		
Contro	1		Governmental		Туре		
Codes			Activities		Activities		Total
ASSET	rs						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	270,647,382	\$	3,544,235	\$	274,191,617
1220	Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)		4,049,894		-		4,049,894
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(196,756)				(196,756)
1240	Due from Other Governments		26,920,787		6,469		26,927,256
1260	Internal Balances		(14,067)		14,067		-
1290	Other Receivables, net		136,987		3,651		140,638
1300	Inventories		158,067		131,009		289,076
1410	Prepayments		287,370		-		287,370
	Capital Assets:						
1510	Land		67,205,006				67,205,006
1520	Buildings, Net		642,571,015		-		642,571,015
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		10,284,988		555,080		10,840,068
1580	Construction in Progress		30,416,116		-		30,416,116
1990	Other Assets		14,230		•		14,230
1000	Total Assets	_	1,052,481,019		4,254,511		1,056,735,530
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-			
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		62,327,828		-		62,327,828
1705	Deferred Resource Outflow Related to TRS Pension		28,563,745		1,449,016		30,012,761
1706	Deferred Resource Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		1,325,132		67,223		1,392,355
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		92,216,705		1,516,239		93,732,944
LIARI	ILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable		10,561,003		47,532		10,608,535
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		2,187,778		47,332		2,187,778
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		26,505,188		56,121		26,561,309
2180	Due to Other Governments		496		50,121		496
2200	Accrued Expenses		13,956,809				13,956,809
2300	Unearned Revenue		565,748		221,187		786,935
2500	Noncurrent Liabilities		303,740		221,107		700,222
2501	Due Within One Year		36,598,424				36,598,424
2502	Due in More Than One Year		928,564,394		7,364,108		935,928,502
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		54,287,425		7,304,100		54,287,425
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		90,877,635		-		90,877,635
2000	Total Liabilities	-	1,164,104,900		7,688,948		1,171,793,848
	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	1,101,101,500		7,000,510		1,171,773,010
			20.014.006		1 000 405		20.040.501
2603	Deferred Resource Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		38,014,286		1,928,435		39,942,721
2605	Deferred Resource Inflow Related to TRS Pension	_	16,652,239		844,755		17,496,994
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	54,666,525	-	2,773,190	_	57,439,715
	POSITION						
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		(10,138,170)		555,080		(9,583,090)
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		62,887,911		_		62,887,911
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities		1,397,168		- -		1,397,168
3900	Unrestricted		(128,220,610)		(5,246,468)		(133,467,078)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	(74,073,701)	\$	(4,691,388)	\$	(78,765,089)
5000		₩	(/7,0/3,/01)	Ψ	(7,071,300)	Ψ	(10,100,009)

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CINE I.	EAK ENDED JUI	NE	30, 2018		Progran	ı Rev	enues
			1		3		4
							Operating
					Charges for		Grants and
			Expenses		Services	(Contributions
	ď	h	145 200 020	th.	507.07(Ф	(10 = 00 0 0 0 0
	Ţ.	þ		ф	507,976	\$	(12,788,965)
					-		(299,986)
					-		1,013,048
					-		(153,381)
					-		(1,976,806)
					-		1,005,033
							5,363
					4,721,227		(383,373)
					•		1,225,332
					_		53,919
					530,952		(135,947)
					-		233,430
					438,740		(203,668)
							306
					-		(170,329)
					2,719,736		(51,502)
					-		1,590,390
					•		-
					-		60,299
			474,000		-		-
	_		1,404,293		_		-
			272,985,442		8,918,631		(10,976,837)
h .			9,724,186		4,164,315		7,504,468
	_		153,500		129,180		
	_		9,877,686		4,293,495		7,504,468
	9	\$	282,863,128	\$	13,212,126	\$	(3,472,369)
Data	Ganaral Payanya			 			
		·3.					
		ovec	Laviad for Gan	oral D	neposas		
			•		•		
				i SCI Y	100		
				cted			
				owa			
		_		ite Re	venue		
TR				110	, 01110		
	Cha	noe	in Net Positio	ın			
		-					
		_	_	11. 6	SACD TEL		
			=	oy C	149B \2		
NE	Net PositionEn	ding	3				
	Data Control Codes MT DT SF GC IE MI	Data Control Codes Taxes: MT Property T DT Property T SF State Aid - Forr GC Grants and Con IE Investment Ear MI Miscellaneous I TR Total General Reve CN Cha NB Net Position - Bo PA Prior Period Adj	Data Control Codes Taxes: MT Property Taxes DT Property Taxes SF State Aid - Formula GC Grants and Contrib IE Investment Earning MI Miscellaneous Loca TR Total General Revenues CN Change NB Net Position - Begin PA Prior Period Adjustn	\$ 145,390,038 4,119,719 4,628,669 2,989,248 12,315,422 10,930,736 513,851 1,864,404 4,003,861 254,236 6,127,163 7,313,243 24,353,517 1,031,602 5,805,429 2,122,048 28,241,492 4,390,833 4,711,638 474,000 1,404,293 272,985,442 In 9,724,186 153,500 9,877,686 \$ 282,863,128 Data Control Codes Taxes: MT Property Taxes, Levied for Gen Property Taxes, Levied for Deb SF State Aid - Formula Grants GC Taxes: MT Property Taxes, Levied for Deb SF State Aid - Formula Grants GC Grants and Contributions not Restri Investment Earnings MI Miscellaneous Local and Intermedia TR Total General Revenues CN Change in Net Position NB Net Position - Beginning PA Prior Period Adjustment "Required	\$ 145,390,038 \$ 4,119,719	Program 1 3 Charges for Services State Aid - Formula Grants Charges for Services State Aid - Formula Grants Codes MT DT ST State Aid - Formula Grants Codes MT DT ST State Aid - Formula Grants Codes MT DT ST State Aid - Formula Grants Codes MT Codes Grants and Contributions not Restricted Investment Earnings MI Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue CN Change in Net Position Cha	Sample Program Revolution Program Revolution Program Revolution Program Revolution Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for General Revenue Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Property Taxes, L

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	6	7		8
	v	Primary Government		U
	Governmental	Business Type		
	Activities	Activities		Total
\$	(157,671,027)	\$ -	\$	(157,671,027)
	(4,419,705)	•		(4,419,705)
	(3,615,621)	=		(3,615,621)
	(3,142,629)	-		(3,142,629)
	(14,292,228)	-		(14,292,228)
	(9,925,703)	-		(9,925,703)
	(508,488)			(508,488)
	2,473,450	-		2,473,450
	(2,778,529)	•		(2,778,529)
	(200,317) (5,732,158)	<u>.</u>		(200,317) (5,732,158)
	(7,079,813)	_		(7,079,813)
	(24,118,445)	_		(24,118,445)
	(1,031,296)	_		(1,031,296)
	(5,975,758)			(5,975,758)
	546,186	_		546,186
	(26,651,102)	-		(26,651,102)
	(4,390,833)	_		(4,390,833)
	(4,651,339)			(4,651,339)
	(474,000)	-		(474,000)
	(1,404,293)			(1,404,293)
	(275,043,648)	₩		(275,043,648)
	_	1,944,597		1,944,597
	_	(24,320)		(24,320)
		1,920,277		1,920,277
_	(077,040,640)			(050 100 051)
	(275,043,648)	1,920,277		(273,123,371)
	170,646,472	-		170,646,472
	77,152,046	-		77,152,046
	69,183,586	₩		69,183,586
	2,375,127	-		2,375,127
	3,939,413	13,119		3,952,532
	249,530	<u> </u>		249,530
	323,546,174	13,119		323,559,293
	48,502,526	1,933,396		50,435,922
	36,958,239	1,468,272		38,426,511
	(159,534,466)	(8,093,056)	_	(167,627,522)
\$	(74,073,701)	\$ (4,691,388)	\$	(78,765,089)
===			=	

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

Codes			General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
ASSETS					
1110 Cash and C 1220 Property To 1230 Allowance 1240 Receivable 1260 Due from C 1290 Other Receivable 1300 Inventories 1410 Prepayment 1900 Other Asse	ts	\$	97,869,720 2,778,915 (132,874) 23,471,299 93,498 127,303 147,268 206,081	1,270,979 (63,882) - - - - - 6,299	1,156′ - 7,055
1000 Total Asset	S	\$	124,561,210	\$ 63,845,234	\$ 104,269,154
2160 Accrued W 2170 Due to Oth	ductions and Withholdings Payable ages Payable er Funds er Governments	\$	3,904,308 2,187,778 25,052,507 18,399 -	\$ 53,945 - - - - -	\$ 6,170,575 - - - - -
2000 Total Liabi	lities	•	31,162,992	53,945	6,170,575
2601 Unavailab	FLOWS OF RESOURCES role Revenue - Property Taxes red Inflows of Resources		1,972,273 1,972,273	897,079 897,079	· •
FUND BALANO					
Nonspendab 3410 Inventori 3425 Endowm 3430 Prepaid I	ole Fund Balance: es ent Principal tems		147,268 - 206,081	- - 6,299	- - 7,055
3470 Capital A 3480 Retireme	und Balance: Acquisition and Contractural Obligation nt of Long-Term Debt Fund Balance:		-	62,887,911	94,024,912
3545 Other Co	mmitted Fund Balance		-	-	
3590 Other As	ind Balance: signed Fund Balance d Fund Balance		20,828,849 70,243,747	- -	4,066,612
3000 Total Fund	Balances		91,425,945	62,894,210	98,098,579
4000 Total Liab	ilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	124,561,210	\$ 63,845,234	\$ 104,269,154

	Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	439,695	\$	265,202,196 4,049,894 (196,756)
	3,449,488 4,211		26,920,787 97,709
	700		129,159
	4,370		151,638
	65,538 14,230		284,973 14,230
\$	3,978,232	\$	296,653,830
Ψ	3,770,232	=	270,033,030
\$	423,560	\$	10,552,388 2,187,778
	1,450,515		26,503,022
	93,377		111,776
	496 565,748		496 565,748
		-	
	2,533,696		39,921,208
	_		2,869,352
	H		2,869,352
	<u>-</u>		147,268
	1,000		1,000
	33,138		252,573
	_		94,024,912
	-		62,887,911
	1,397,168		1,397,168
	13,230		24,908,691
	-		70,243,747
	1,444,536		253,863,270
\$	3,978,232	\$	296,653,830

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EXHIBIT C-2

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	253,863,270
1 Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are not included in the fund financial statements.		4,360,270
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		1,080,682,310
3 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(330,205,185)
4 Bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.		(799,994,104)
5 Bond premiums and discounts are not recognized in the fund financial statements.		(121,047,598)
6 Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.		(12,866,020)
7 Property tax revenue reported as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements was recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.		2,869,352
8 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$54,287,425, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$16,652,239, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$28,563,745. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$42,375,919.		(42,375,919)
9 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$90,877,635, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$38,014,286, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$1,325,132. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$127,566,789.		(127,566,789)
10 Accrued vacation benefits and special termination benefits have not been recorded in th fund financial statements.	e	(958,668)
11 Deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements.		62,327,828
12 Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds has not been recorded in the fund financial statements.		(43,162,448)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(74,073,701)

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

5700	REVENUES:		Fund	Fund		Projects
5700			-			
5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	177,895,545 81,829,362	\$ 77,871,457 1,230,476	\$	1,774,906
5900	Federal Program Revenues		6,600,853	u		<u>-</u>
5020	Total Revenues		266,325,760	79,101,933		1,774,906
	EXPENDITURES:					
Cu	rrent:					
0011	Instruction		161,571,851	-		10,819
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		4,343,336	-		
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		4,341,920	-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		3,274,590	-		-
0023	School Leadership		14,507,240	-		
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		10,155,787	**		-
0032	Social Work Services		527,553	-		
0033	Health Services		2,574,448			-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		6,623,445	-		-
0035	Food Services Extracurricular Activities		200,317	•		-
0036	General Administration		6,749,806	-		-
0041 0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		7,354,133 24,720,212	-		-
0051	Security and Monitoring Services		1,031,296	_		-
0052	Data Processing Services		5,186,937	_		630,114
0061	Community Services		2,160,592	_		050,114
	bt Service:		2,100,072			
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		_	21,593,645		_
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt			38,966,559		_
0072	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		_	422,144		**
	pital Outlay:			·,- · ·		
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		1,401,742	*		64,765,159
	ergovernmental:		1,101,712			01,700,100
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		474,000	_		_
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		1,404,293	-		
	Total Expenditures		258,603,498	60,982,348		65,406,092
6030	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	- <u> </u>		pe		
1100	Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		7,722,262	18,119,585		(63,631,186)
7012	Sale of Real and Personal Property		10 450			
7912 7915	Transfers In		18,450 1,921	-		349,241
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(349,241)	-		349,241
8949	Other (Uses)		(349,241)	(17,877,000)		-
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(328,870)	(17,877,000)		349,241
7080	• , ,		(328,870)	(17,877,000)		349,241
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:					
8913	Extraordinary Item - (Use)		(3,123)	p		ч
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		7,390,269	242,585		(63,281,945)
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	· <u></u>	84,035,676	62,651,625	_	161,380,524
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	91,425,945	\$ 62,894,210	\$	98,098,579

		Total
	Other	Governmental
	Funds	Funds
Φ	2 407 700 4	
\$	3,487,509 \$	261,029,417
	3,160,197	86,220,035
	13,858,371	20,459,224
	20,506,077	367,708,676
	13,185,488	174,768,158
	159,229	4,502,565
	2,359,819	6,701,739
	384,895	3,659,485
	167,523	14,674,763
	2,964,250	13,120,037
	102,089	629,642
	4,214	2,578,662
	101,954	6,725,399
	53,919	254,236
	622,005	7,371,811
	11,761	7,365,894
	52,966	24,773,178
	306	1,031,602
	-	5,817,051
	158,549	2,319,141
	-	21,593,645
	-	38,966,559
	-	422,144
	60,299	66,227,200
	-	474,000
	-	1,404,293
	20,389,266	405,381,204
	116,811	(37,672,528)
		18,450
	_	351,162
	(1,921)	(351,162)
	(-,,,,)	(17,877,000)
	(1.001)	
	(1,921)	(17,858,550)
		(3,123)
	114,890	(55,534,201)
	1,329,646	309,397,471
\$	1,444,536 \$	253,863,270

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (55,534,201)
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.	63,722,620
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.	(35,804,072)
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	442,364
Revenues from property taxes are deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectable amounts, in the government-wide financial statements.	(176,633)
Current year amortization of the premium/discount on bonds payable is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	6,739,641
Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	3,543,062
The net profit of internal service funds is not included in the fund financial statements but is reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.	477,171
Current year principal payments on bonds payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	39,293,645
Current year net decreases in accrued vacation benefit obligations and special termination benefit obligations are shown as expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	57,421
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$5,295,019. Contributions made before the measurement but during the 2018 FY were also de-expended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability for the District. This also caused an increase in the net position in the amount of \$928,805. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$8,481,304, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The impact of all of these is to decrease net position by \$2,257,480.	(2,257,480)

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2017 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$1,377,409. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year, which was a \$30,590,268 benefit and also caused an increase in net position. The impact of both of these is to increase net position by \$31,967,677.

31,967,677

Current year amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred loss in the government-wide financial statements.

(3,968,689)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 48,502,526

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Data	1						ctual Amounts FAAP BASIS)		riance With nal Budget	
Codes	Control		Budgeted Amounts			(-	,	Positive or		
Codes			Original		Final			(Negative)	
	REVENUES:									
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	171,811,049	\$	176,244,519	\$	177,895,545	\$	1,651,026	
5800	State Program Revenues		80,308,247		80,784,122		81,829,362		1,045,240	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		4,290,000		6,138,913		6,600,853		461,940	
5020	Total Revenues		256,409,296		263,167,555		266,325,760		3,158,205	
	EXPENDITURES:	-								
	urrent:		150045050		164060000		121 881 081			
0011	Instruction		158,345,858		164,263,233		161,571,851		2,691,382	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		4,265,052		4,399,787		4,343,336		56,451	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		3,857,073		4,863,808		4,341,920		521,888	
0021	Instructional Leadership		2,368,797		3,356,457		3,274,590		81,867	
0023	School Leadership		13,795,278		14,530,577		14,507,240		23,337	
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		10,414,073		10,266,436		10,155,787		110,649	
0032	Social Work Services		442,228		536,615		527,553		9,062	
0033	Health Services		2,680,440		2,617,183		2,574,448		42,735	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		6,163,795		8,070,568		6,623,445		1,447,123	
0035	Food Services		205,512		207,836		200,317		7,519	
0036	Extracurricular Activities		7,766,073		7,342,943		6,749,806		593,137	
0041	General Administration		6,359,182		7,712,634		7,354,133		358,501	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		27,120,734		26,774,718		24,720,212		2,054,506	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,016,170		1,124,832		1,031,296		93,536	
0053	Data Processing Services	•	4,704,886		5,184,505		5,186,937		(2,432)	
0061	Community Services		4,080,271		2,924,274		2,160,592		763,682	
C	apital Outlay:									
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		1,080,000		1,684,274		1,401,742		282,532	
	tergovernmental:		15 6 100		4=4 000					
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		426,400		474,000		474,000		-	
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		28,500		<u>-</u>		- -		-	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		1,288,974		1,404,293		1,404,293		**	
6030	Total Expenditures		256,409,296		267,738,973		258,603,498		9,135,475	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		(4,571,418)		7,722,262		12,293,680	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				10.450		10.450			
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property	-	-		18,450		18,450		-	
7915	Transfers In		-		1,921		1,921			
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		-		(349,241)	. —	(349,241)		H	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(328,870)	. —	(328,870)			
8913	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS: Extraordinary Item - (Use)		_		(3,123)		(3,123)			
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances				(4,903,411)		7,390,269		12,293,680	
0100	-		84,035,676		84,035,676		7,390,209 84,035,676		14,473,000	
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	04,033,070	-	04,033,070		04,033,070	•		
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	84,035,676	\$	79,132,265	\$	91,425,945	\$	12,293,680	

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	<u></u>	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	National Breakfast & Lunch Program		Stadium Concessions		Total Enterprise Funds		Total Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS								
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Other Receivables Inventories Prepayments	\$	3,457,640 6,469 18,399 3,651 131,009	\$ 86	5,595 - - - - -	\$	3,544,235 6,469 18,399 3,651 131,009	\$	5,445,186 - - 7,828 6,429 2,397
Total Current Assets		3,617,168	86	,595		3,703,763		5,461,840
Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Furniture and Equipment Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment		4,295,288 (3,740,208)		7,223		4,322,511 (3,767,431)		8,756 (8,756)
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	555,080				555,080		-
Total Assets		4,172,248	86	5,595		4,258,843		5,461,840
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Resource Outflow Related to TRS OPEB Deferred Resource Outflow Related to TRS Pension		67,223 1,449,016		-		67,223 1,449,016		-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,516,239		-		1,516,239		
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenues	_	47,532 56,121 4,332 - 221,187		-		47,532 56,121 4,332 - 221,187		8,615 2,166 - 1,090,789
Total Current Liabilities		329,172		-		329,172		1,101,570
NonCurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,753,958 4,610,150 7,364,108		-	_	2,753,958 4,610,150 7,364,108		-
	_	7 (02 200			-	7 (02 200		1 101 570
Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Resource Inflow Related to TRS OPEB Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		7,693,280 1,928,435 844,755		- -		7,693,280 1,928,435 844,755		1,101,570
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	2,773,190		-	_	2,773,190	_	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Lineartricted Net Position		555,080	0	-		555,080		4 260 270
Unrestricted Net Position	_	(5,333,063)		6,595	.	(5,246,468)		4,360,270
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(4,777,983)	\$ 80	5,595	\$	(4,691,388)	<u>\$</u>	4,360,270

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business-	Governmental Activities -			
	National Breakfast & Lunch Program	Stadium Concessions		Total Enterprise Funds	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:					-
Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$ 4,098,609 65,706	\$	129,180	\$ 4,227,789 65,706	\$ 1,327,372
Total Operating Revenues	4,164,315		129,180	4,293,495	1,327,372
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Payroll Costs Professional and Contracted Services Supplies and Materials	3,376,302 88,262 6,040,601		59,975 415 91,453	3,436,277 88,677 6,132,054	199,599 257,404 80,855
Other Operating Costs Depreciation Expense	46,314 172,707		1,657	47,971 172,707	370,959
Total Operating Expenses	9,724,186		153,500	9,877,686	908,817
Operating Income (Loss)	(5,559,871)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(24,320)	(5,584,191)	418,555
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Donated Commodities (USDA) Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments	1,424,334 5,112,327 967,807 13,119		- - -	1,424,334 5,112,327 967,807 13,119	- - - 58,615
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	7,517,587	***************************************	<u>:</u>	7,517,587	58,615
Change in Net Position Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	1,957,716 1,357,357		(24,320) 110,915	1,933,396 1,468,272	477,170 3,883,100
Prior Period Adj. "Required by GASB 75"	(8,093,056)		-	(8,093,056)	
Total Net Position June 30 (Ending)	\$(4,777,983)	\$	86,595	\$(4,691,388)	\$ 4,360,270

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities						Governmental Activities -	
			Stadium oncessions	Total Enterprise Funds		Se	Total Internal rvice Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash Received from District Cash Received from Charges and Fees Cash Payments for Payroll Costs Cash Payments for Purchased Services Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials Cash Payments for Other Expenses Cash Payments for Claims Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating		4,162,986 (3,371,156) (88,262) (6,136,656) (46,314)	\$	129,180 (59,975) (415) (91,453) (1,657)	\$	4,292,166 (3,431,131) (88,677) (6,228,109) (47,971)	\$	1,050,104 275,229 (197,463) (245,892) (80,855) (102,690) (541,285)
Activities (Osed for) Operating		(5,479,402)		(24,320)		(5,503,722)		157,148
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash Received from Federal Programs		7,504,468		<u>-</u>		7,504,468		ine
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities Purchase of Capital Assets Change in Pension Liability Accounts Change in OPEB Liability Accounts Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related Financing Activities		(73,880) 159,650 (1,621,694) (1,535,924)		- - -	,	(73,880) 159,650 (1,621,694) (1,535,924)		- - -
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments		13,119		<u>-</u>		13,119		58,615
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		502,261 2,955,379		(24,320) 110,915		477,941 3,066,294		215,763 5,229,423
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	3,457,640	\$	86,595	\$	3,544,235	\$	5,445,186
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss): Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activiti		(5,559,871)	\$	(24,320)	\$	(5,584,191)	\$	418,555
Depreciation Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:		172,707		-		172,707		-
Decrease (increase) in Receivables Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments Decrease (increase) in Due from Other Gov. Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses Increase (decrease) in Due to/from Other Funds		655 176,951 (1,984) (101,874) 5,146 - (7,280) (163,852)		- - - - - -		655 176,951 (1,984) (101,874) 5,146 - (7,280) (163,852)		(7,718) 10,711 - (50,868) 2,136 (221,347) 5,679
Increase (decrease) in Unearned Revenues Net Cash Provided by (Used for)			•		-			

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,016,617
Total Assets	\$ 1,016,617
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 4,249
Accrued Wages Payable	512
Due to Student Groups	1,011,856
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,016,617

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Denton Independent School District's (the "District") combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees are elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the district. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basis financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Denton Independent School District has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- 2. Enterprise Fund The District utilizes enterprise funds to account for the Districts' activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities. The District uses this fund to account for its food service operations and for its athletic stadium concessions, because these programs are self-supporting and do not require subsidies from the general fund.
- 3. Internal Service Funds The District utilizes Internal Service Funds to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services. The District has internal service funds for its health and workers compensation self-insurance plans in addition to its print shop.

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

- 4. Permanent Fund The District utilizes a permanent fund to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes to support the District's programs. The District uses this fund to account for the Lewis Price Memorial Fund, the earnings on which are to be used for playground equipment.
- 5. Agency Funds These custodial funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

The enterprise funds and internal service funds are proprietary fund types. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting", all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments or earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements (unless they conflict with GASB guidance). The District has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 90 day availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund. The special revenue funds and the Capital Projects Fund adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	June 30, 2018 <u>Fund Balance</u>
Appropriated Budget Funds	\$ -0
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	_1,430,306
All Special Revenue Funds	<u>\$1,430,306</u>

E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

F. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District in the current fiscal year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the amount of prepayments has been recognized as nonspendable fund balance to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

G. INVENTORIES

The consumption method is used to account for inventories of food products, school supplies and athletic equipment. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. In the General Fund, reported inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve indicating that they are unavailable as current expendable financial resources.

H. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances" and "internal advances".

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings Furniture and Equipment 20-40 Years 5-10 Years

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within one year or less.

L. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred inflows, deferred outflows and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciations, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

M. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that quality for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for refunding - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at June 30, 2018 was \$62,327,828.

Deferred outflows of resources for pension - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 6.7 years.

A deferred outflow for pension expense results from payments made to the TRS pension plan by the District after the plan's measurement date. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position for deferred pension expenses at June 30, 2018 was \$30,012,761.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 8.6 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position for deferred OPEB expense at June 30, 2018 was \$1,392,355.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2018 was \$2,869,352.

Deferred inflows of resources for pension - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These amounts will be amortized over a closed five year period. In fiscal year 2018, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the statement of net position in the amount of \$17,496,994.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (8.6 years for the 2017 measurement year). In fiscal year 2018, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the statement of net position in the amount of \$39,942,721.

O. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2018, the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

P. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW STANDARD

In the current fiscal year the District implemented the following new standard:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions ("GASB 75") establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. The Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Statement 75 requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB liabilities. Among the new note disclosures is a description of the effect on the reported OPEB liability of using a discount rate and a healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point higher and one percentage point lower than assumed by the government. The new RSI includes a schedule showing the causes of increases and decreases in the OPEB liability and a schedule comparing a government's actual OPEB contributions to its contribution requirements.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" which provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified prepaid items and inventories as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash and has classified the Lewis Price Memorial Fund principal as being nonspendable as these funds are contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects fund resources are to be used for future construction and renovation projects and are restricted through bond orders and constitutional law.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of June 30, 2018 for campus activities.

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes but it has also delegated authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent and the Assistant Superintendent of Administrative Services. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has assigned fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2018 for several purposes as detailed below.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

During the current fiscal period, the Board of Trustees adopted a fund balance policy that expresses an intent to maintain a level of assigned and unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 25 percent of the fund's operating expenditures.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 20 and 21) and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$70,243,747 at June 30, 2018. Deferred expenditures (prepaid items) of \$206,081 and inventories of \$147,268 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The District has assigned general fund fund balance resources for the following purposes as of June 30, 2018:

Extended School Day program	\$	4,817,573
Non-bond new campus startup		162,057
Transportation		1,878,081
Per pupil campus allotment		1,857,191
Local grant funds		1,588,730
Career and Technology program		505,023
Bilingual program		13,602
Fine Arts program		84,240
Major maintenance projects		2,312,878
Technology		5,233,351
Athletics		1,863,338
Vehicles/buses/equipment	_	512,785
	\$2	20,828 <u>,849</u>

Other Major Funds

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$62,887,911at June 30, 2018 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt. Deferred expenditures (prepaid items) of \$6,299 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The Capital Projects Fund has restricted funds of \$94,024,912 at June 30, 2018 consisting of unspent bond funds and \$4,066,612 of non-bond funds assigned for future capital replacement projects. Deferred expenditures (prepaid items) of \$7,055 are considered nonspendable fund balance.

Other Funds

The fund balance of \$1,430,306 of the Campus Activity Fund (a special revenue fund) is shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities. The Lewis Trust Memorial Fund permanent endowment fund principal of \$1,000 is shown as nonspendable at June 30, 2018, while the accumulated unspent earnings of \$13,230 are shown as assigned fund balance.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's deposits checking accounts and interest-bearing savings accounts was \$9,339,814 and the bank balance was \$9,943,753. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

a. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2018, the District's cash balances totaled \$9,943,753. This entire amount was either secured by a letter of credit held by the District's financial institution's agent in the District's name or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, the District held all of its investments in three public funds investment pools (TexPool, Lone Star and TexStar). Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for TexPool and TexStar at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's), and the credit quality rating for Lone Star was AAAf (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the TexPool, TexStar, and Lone Star investments is less than 60 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2018, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interiocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at June 30, 2018, are shown below:

	Carrying	Fair
Name	Amount	<u>Value</u>
TexPool	\$ 67,953,818	\$ 67,953,818
TexStar	98,711,391	98,711,391
Lone Star	99,217,024	99,217,024
Total	<u>\$265,882,233</u>	\$265,882,233

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investment in Texpool, TexStar and Lone Star (statewide 2a7-like external investment pools) are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance July 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirement/ Adjustments	Balance
Governmental Activities:	July 1	Completions	Adjustinents	June 30
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ 51.396.865	ሰ 1 ፎ 0 0 0 1 4 1	\$ -	e (7.205.00)
Land	Ψ 01,050,000	\$ 15,808,141	*	\$ 67,205,006
Construction in Progress	46,620,431	23,038,451	(39,242,766)	<u>30,416,116</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	98,017,296	<u>38,846,592</u>	(39,242,766)	97,621,122
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	871,206,923	62,226,523	-	933,433,446
Furniture and Equipment	48,696,461	<u>1,892,271</u>	(960,990)	49,627,742
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>919,903,384</u>	64,118,794	(960,990)	983,061,188
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(257,409,212)	(33,453,219)		(290,862,431)
Furniture and Equipment	(37,952,891)	(2,350,853)	960,990	(39,342,754)
Total accumulated depreciation	(295,362,103)	(35,804,072)	960,990	(330,205,185)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	624,541,281	28,314,722	_	652,856,003
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 722,558,577</u>	<u>\$ 67,161,314</u>	<u>\$ (39,242,766)</u>	<u>\$ 750,477,125</u>
Business-type activities:				
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 4,248,631	\$ 73,880	\$ -	\$ 4,322,511
	***************************************		Ψ	
Totals at historic cost	4,248,631	73,880		4,322,511
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(a #0.1 #0.1)	(4-0-0-)		(0.0000.101)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,594,724)	(172,707)		(3,767,431)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,594,724)	(172,707)	-	(3,767,431)
Business-type activities capital assets net	<u>\$ 653,907</u>	<u>\$ (98,827)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 555,080

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$25,233,230
Instructional Resources & Media Services	599,232
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	807,137
Instructional Leadership	480,922
School Leadership	2,226,526
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	2,001,754
Social Work Services	91,067
Health Services	392,570
Student (Pupil) Transportation	819,819
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	697,046
General Administration	957,995
Plant Maintenance and Operations	781,044
Data Processing Services	463,608
Community Services	252,122
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	\$35,804,072
Business-type activities:	
Food Services	\$ 172,707
Stadium Concessions	_
Total depreciation expense Business-type activities	\$ 172,707

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds, capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds, compensated absences, interest rate swap agreements, and special termination benefits. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities. No long-term debt exists in the District's business-type activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amount Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding	g Additions	Refunded/ Retired	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/18	Due Within One Year
Bonded Indebtedness:			*	•			
2001 Bldg/Refunding	3.64-4.40%	60,920,000 \$	13,115,000	\$ - :	\$ 1,675,000	\$ 11,440,000	\$ 1,725,000
2002 Bldg/Ref CAB	3.58-5.88%	69,195,675	708,645	-	708,645	-	_
2005A Building	Variable	46,500,000	44,740,000	-	1,840,000	42,900,000	1,890,000
2006B Building	Variable	30,000,000	30,000,000	-	_	30,000,000	-
2007 Building	4.00-5.00%	39,365,000	890,000	_	890,000	_	-
2008 Building	3.375-5.0%	158,215,000	2,180,000	-	2,180,000		-
2009 Refunding	4.00-5.25%	31,875,000	10,570,000	-	1,705,000	8,865,000	4,235,000
2011 Refunding	2.00-5.00%	24,325,000	14,375,000	~	2,660,000	11,715,000	2,765,000
2012A Building	Variable	40,000,000	25,560,000	-	17,700,000	7,860,000	-
2012B Refunding	2.00-5.00%	57,210,000	55,935,000	-	320,000	55,615,000	560,000
2012C Refunding	2.00-2.50%	24,875,000	15,840,000	-	3,145,000	12,695,000	3,235,000
2012D Refunding	2.00-5.00%	40,030,000	39,205,000	-	-	39,205,000	-
2013 Building	2.00%	44,300,000	31,980,000	-	-	31,980,000	-
2014A Building	1.25-5.00%	75,055,000	71,870,000	-	3,160,000	68,710,000	1,145,000
2014B Building	2.00%	69,075,000	69,075,000	-	-	69,075,000	•
2014C Refunding	2.00-5.00%	14,435,000	14,130,000	-	2,390,000	11,740,000	2,465,000
2015 Refunding	3.00-5.00%	118,775,000	117,480,000	_	-	117,480,000	3,670,000
2015A Building	2.00-5.00%	164,580,000	163,380,000	_	920,000	162,460,000	3,530,000
2016 Refunding	2.00-5.00%	117,200,000	116,705,000	-	-	116,705,000	50A
2016 Refunding CAB	1.47-2.24%	1,549,104 _	1,549,104			1,549,104	
Total Bonded Ind	lebtedness	-	839,287,749		39,293,645	799,994,104	25,220,000
Accreted Interest	4.10-5.20%		46,705,510	1,183,293	4,726,355	43,162,448	4,406,984
Premiums on Bond Issu	uance		127,787,239	-	6,739,641	121,047,598	6,739,641
Accrued Vacation Bene	efits		990,031	212,617	257,182	945,466	225,000
Special Termination Be			26,058		12,856	13,202	6,799
Total Other Obligat			175,508,838	1,395,910	11,736,034	<u>165,168,714</u>	11,378,424
Total Obligations of	f District	<u>\$1</u>	,014,796,587	\$ 1,395,910	5 51,029,679	<u>\$ 965,162,818</u>	\$36,598,424

The 2016 bond series includes outstanding capital appreciation bonds in the principal amount of \$1,549,104. The bonds mature variously beginning in 2018 through 2031. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15, even though the interest is not paid until maturity.

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2018.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

2005 Swap Agreements

As a means to reduce its borrowing cost in comparison to the issuance of traditional fixed rate bonds at the time of issuance, on January 27, 2005 the District entered into an interest rate swap transaction pursuant to agreements (the "2005 Swap Agreements") with Bear Stearns Financial Products Inc. ("BSFP") and UBS AG ("UBS"), each in an original notional amount of \$23,250,000, in order to synthetically fix the interest obligation on the District's \$46,500,000 Variable Rate Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2005-A (the "Series 2005-A Bonds"). Subsequent to entering into the 2005 Swap Agreements, JPMorgan Chase & Co. purchased and merged with BSFP and as result JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMCB") has been substituted for BSFP as a swap counterparty for the 2005 Swap Agreements.

Under the 2005 Swap Agreements, the District is obligated to make payments to JPMCB and UBS calculated on a notional amount that is equal to the scheduled outstanding principal amount of the Series 2005-A Bonds at a fixed rate of 3.42% per annum and JPMCB and UBS are each obligated to make floating rate payments to the District calculated on a notional amount that is equal to the scheduled outstanding principal amount of the Series 2005-A Bonds at a rate equal to 67% of the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for U.S. deposits. The Series 2005-A Bonds and the 2005 Swap Agreements have a stated final maturity date of August 1, 2035.

As of June 30, 2018, the debt service requirements of the Series 2005-A Bonds were as follows. As interest rates change in the future, the differences between the floating rates payable to the District under the 2005 Swap Agreements and the actual interest rates payable by the District on the Series 2005-A Bonds will vary.

Year Ended			Total
<u>June 30</u>	Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Requirements</u>
2019	\$ 1,890,000	\$ 1,833,433	\$ 3,723,433
2020	1,950,000	1,749,530	3,699,530
2021	2,000,000	1,663,222	3,663,222
2022	1,880,000	1,578,444	3,458,444
2023	1,950,000	1,494,758	3,444,758
2024-2028	10,980,000	6,097,898	17,077,898
2029-2033	13,070,000	3,477,428	16,547,428
2034-2036	9,180,000	612,674	9,792,674
Totals	<u>\$ 42,900,000</u>	<u>\$ 18,507,387</u>	<u>\$ 61,407,387</u>

Note: Interest was calculated at a rate, representing the sum of: (a) the actual fixed payment swap rate of 3.420% pursuant to the 2005 Swap Agreements; (b) the estimated cost of the liquidity facility for the Series 2005-A Bonds (0.550%); (c) the estimated cost of remarketing the Series 2005-A Bonds (0.050%); and (d) 0.350% per year to offset the potential differences between the floating rates payable to the District under the 2005 Swap Agreements and the actual interest rates payable by the District on the Series 2005-A Bonds.

2006 Swap Agreement

As a means to reduce its borrowing cost in comparison to the issuance of traditional fixed rate bonds at the time of issuance, on June 29, 2006 the District entered into an interest rate swap transaction pursuant to an agreement (the "2006 Swap Agreement") with Bear Stearns Financial Products Inc. ("BSFP"), in an original notional amount of \$30,000,000, in order to synthetically fix the interest obligation on the District's \$30,000,000 Variable Rate Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2006-B (the "Series 2006-B Bonds"). Subsequent to entering into the 2006 Swap Agreement, JPMorgan Chase & Co. purchased and merged with BSFP and as a result JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPMCB") has been substituted for BSFP as swap counterparty for the 2006 Swap Agreement.

Under the 2006 Swap Agreement, the District is obligated to make payments to JPMCB calculated on a notional amount equal to the scheduled outstanding principal amount of the Series 2006-B Bonds at a fixed rate of 4.077% per annum, and JPMCB is obligated to make floating rate payments to the District calculated on a notional amount this is equal to the scheduled outstanding principal amount of the Series 2006-B Bonds at a rate equal to equal to 62.5% of the 10-year constant maturity swap rate (a reported market fixed rate at which 10-year interest rate swaps for a one-month U.S. dollar LIBOR rate are entered into from time to time). The Series 2006-B Bonds and the 2006 Swap Agreement have a stated final maturity date of August 1, 2035.

As of June 30, 2018, the debt service requirements of the Series 2006-B Bonds were as follows. As interest rates change in the future, the differences between the floating rates payable to the District under the 2006 Swap Agreement and the actual interest rates payable by the District on the Series 2006-B Bonds will vary.

Year Ended			Total
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Requirements</u>
2019	\$ -	\$ 1,571,100	\$ 1,571,100
2020	-	1,571,100	1,571,100
2021	-	1,571,100	1,571,100
2022	•	1,571,100	1,571,100
2023	-	1,571,100	1,571,100
2024-2028	3,855,000	7,236,879	11,091,879
2029-2033	5,895,000	5,784,397	11,679,397
2034-2036	20,250,000	1,880,869	22,130,869
Totals	<u>\$ 30,000,000</u>	\$ 22,757,645	\$ 52,757,645

Note: Interest was calculated at a rate, representing the sum of: (a) the actual fixed payment swap rate of 4.077% pursuant to the 2006 Swap Agreement; (b) the estimated cost of the liquidity facility for the Series 2006-B Bonds (0.250%); (c) the estimated cost of remarketing the Series 2006-B Bonds (0.060%); and (d) 0.700% per year to offset the potential differences between the floating rates payable to the District under the 2006 Swap Agreement and the actual interest rates payable by the District on the Series 2006-B Bonds.

Other Information Common To Both The 2005 And 2006 Swap Agreements

Arrangements made in respect of the 2005 Swap Agreements and 2006 Swap Agreement (collectively, the "Swap Agreements") do not alter the District's obligation to pay principal of and interest on the Series 2005-A Bonds and Series 2006-B Bonds. The Swap Agreements do not provide a source of security or other credit for the Series 2005-A Bonds and Series 2006-B Bonds. The District's obligations under the Swap Agreements are secured by a levy of an annual ad valorem tax on parity with the District's obligation to pay principal and interest on the Series 2005-A Bonds and Series 2006-B Bonds.

As of June 30, 2018, the District was not exposed to credit risk with JPMCB and UBS on the 2005 Swap Agreements as such agreements had a negative fair value of \$5,752,822. The District was not exposed to credit risk with JPMCB on the 2006 Swap Agreement as such agreement had a negative fair value of \$7,429,888. Collectively, as of June 30, 2018, the Swap Agreements had a net negative fair value of \$13,182,710.

As of June 30, 2018, JPMCB was rated "Aa3," "A+" and "AA" by Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"), Standard & Poor's ("S&P") and Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"), respectively, while UBS was rated "Aa3," "A+" and "AA-" by Moody's, S&P and Fitch, respectively.

The Swap Agreements are subject to mandatory redemption in the event of default or as follows:

2005 and 2006 Swap Agreement with JPMCB: If the ratings assigned to the District's unenhanced long-term debt obligations are withdrawn or reduced to "BBB" by S&P, "BBB" by Fitch or "Ba1" by Moody's (if Moody's, S&P and Fitch assign ratings to the District's unenhanced long-term debt obligations) or "BBB+" by S&P or Fitch (if Moody's does not assign ratings to the District's unenhanced long-term debt obligations), or if the ratings assigned to JPMCB's unenhanced long-term debt obligations are withdrawn or reduced to "BBB" by S&P or "Baa2" by Moody's.

2005 Swap Agreement with UBS: If the ratings assigned to either the District's or UBS's unenhanced long-term debt obligations are withdrawn or reduced to "BBB+" by S&P or "BBB+" by Fitch.

The Swap Agreements are also subject to optional termination by the District at any time over the term of the Swap Agreements at the then prevailing market value. JPMCB and UBS do not have the elective right to optionally terminate the Swap Agreements.

NOTE 6. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (excluding maturities on the 2005-A issue and 2006-B issue, which are reflected in Note 5 above):

Year Ended			Total
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Requirements
2019	\$ 31,190,000	\$ 30,284,086	\$ 61,474,086
2020	24,340,000	29,926,696	54,266,696
2021	19,563,016	34,450,014	54,013,030
2022	24,022,371	30,370,650	54,393,021
2023	14,713,434	39,901,063	54,614,497
2024-2028	108,100,283	160,866,549	268,966,832
2029-2033	172,260,000	95,981,659	268,241,659
2034-2038	140,795,000	58,568,075	199,363,075
2039-2043	128,225,000	28,678,125	156,901,125
2044-2046	63,885,000	4,035,625	67,920,625
	<u>\$727,094,104</u>	<u>\$513,060,542</u>	<u>\$1,240,154,646</u>

NOTE 7. DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

In February, 2018 the District defeased \$17,700,000 of the Series 2012-A building bonds using cash reserves from the debt service fund. The District placed the funds in an irrevocable escrow account with a trust agent to ensure payment of debt service on the defeased bonds.

In prior years, the District issued refunding bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service savings. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from those earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues. On June 30, 2018, \$179,220,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

NOTE 8. SPECIAL TERMINATION BENEFITS

During the year ended August 31, 1997, the District adopted a Voluntary Exit Program for the purpose of rewarding eligible employees with compensation upon their voluntary leave from employment with the District, without regard to having reached the retirement provisions of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

From 1997 through 2001, any employee with a minimum of 25 years experience, at least 15 years of which had been with the District and at least the immediately preceding 5 years, was eligible to receive upon voluntary leave from employment a percentage of the employee's base salary, ranging from 50% to 100%, payable annually over a four-year period. During the year ended August 31, 2000, the District approved guidelines to phase out the program.

From 1999 through 2017, 119 employees elected participation in the program. The District's liability for these special termination benefits is considered a long-term liability and is recorded in the Statement of Net Position at the present value at June 30, 2018 of all future periodic payments to be made to the 6 former employees currently in the program.

A summary of the future payments that the District is obligated to make under this program is as follows:

Year Ended	Total
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2019	\$ 6,799
2020	6,799
Total	<u>\$ 13,598</u>
Present Value	<u>\$ 13,202</u>

NOTE 9. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

On resignation, retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays any accrued, unused vacation leave in a lump cash payment to such employee or his/her estate. The District's liability is considered a long-term liability and is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as a long-term debt payable.

A summary of changes in the accumulated vacation leave liability is as follows:

Balance, July 1, 2017	\$	990,031
Additions – New Entrants and		
Salary Increments		212,617
Deductions – Payments to Participants		(257, 182)
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$_	945,466

On retirement of an employee, the District pays to the employee lump cash payment equal to one-tenth of the employee's annual salary, if the employee has accumulated a minimum amount of unused sick leave. It is impractical to estimate the amount of future liability because of uncertainty of the number of such employees who will remain with the District until retirement. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The District's policy is to recognize the cost of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

NOTE 10. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code which established an appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State of Texas. Denton Central Appraisal District (DCAD) is responsible for the appraisal of property for all taxing units in Denton County, including the District. Under the terms of a contract for appraisal services, the District paid DCAD \$1,404,293 in fiscal year 2018 for appraising property.

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2017-18 fiscal year was based was \$15,966,067,987. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2018, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.06 and \$0.48 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.54 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2018 were 99.19% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of June 30, 2018, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$1,972,273 and \$897,079 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

NOTE 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Denton Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr_2016.pdf; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015 as discussed in Note 1 of the TRS 2014 CAFR. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2017 and 2018.

Contribution Ra	<u>tes</u>	
	2017	2018
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Denton ISD FY2018 Employer Contribution	ons	\$ 6,223,824
Denton ISD FY2018 Member Contribution	ıs	\$ 15,197,324
Denton ISD 2017 NECE On-Behalf Contri	butions	\$ 9,073,005

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

• When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.50% to 9.50%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.50%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2017 are summarized below:

		n	Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Return	Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Return*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	. 13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectation			2.2%
Alpha	<u>0%</u>		1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between
Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2017 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	(8.0%)	Discount Rate
	(7.0%)		(9.0%)
Denton ISD's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability:	\$ 96,160,462	\$ 57,041,383	\$ 24,468,349

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2018, Denton Independent School District reported a liability of \$57,041,383 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Denton Independent School District. The amount recognized by Denton Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Denton Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 57,041,383
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	88,702,720
Total	<u>\$145,744,103</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 thru August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.1783958534%, an increase of 4.96% from its proportionate share of 0.1699625968 % at August 31, 2016.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the current measurement period:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, Denton Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$6,765,891 and revenue of \$6,765,891 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2018, Denton Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

•	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 834,541	\$ 3,076,167
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,598,326	1,487,481
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	8,772,302	12,929,354
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	12,512,573	3,992
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	5,295,019	-
Total	\$30,012,761	\$17,496,994

\$5,295,019 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2018	\$ 1,048,760
2019	4,689,859
2020	768,995
2021	(298,598)
2022	740,031
Thereafter	271,701

NOTE 12. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2017 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$43,885,784,621
Less: plan fiduciary net position	399,535,986
Net OPEB liability	\$43,486,248,635
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	0.91%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage, with 20 to 29 years of service for the basic plan and the two optional plans.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates Effective Sept. 1, 2016 - Dec. 31, 2017						
TRS-Care 1 TRS-Care 2 TRS-Care 3						
		<u>Basic Plan</u>		<u>Optional Plan</u>		Optional Plan
Retiree*	\$	0	\$	70	\$	100
Retiree and Spouse		20		175		255
Retiree* and Children		41		132		
Retiree and Family		61		237		182
Surviving Children only		28		62		337 82

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.0% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.00%	1.25%
Employers	0.55%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.00%	1.25%
Denton ISD FY18 Employer Contributions	\$1,	558,100
Denton ISD FY18 Member Contributions	\$1,	282,898
Denton ISD 2017 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$1	,754,769

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$15.6 million in fiscal year 2017 and \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. House Bill 21 was passed in special session and provided a supplemental appropriation in the amount of \$212 million in fiscal year 2018.

The District's proportionate of share of the \$212,000,000 received during the District's 2018 fiscal year is reported in the fund level financial statements as an on-behalf contribution as required by GASB 85 and GASB 24.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including mortality, and most of the economic assumptions are identical to those which were adopted by the Board in 2015 and are based on the 2014 actuarial experience study of TRS.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2015 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination
Rates of Disability Incidence

General Inflation
Wage Inflation
Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation

Discount Rate

Aging Factors

Expenses

August 31, 2017

Individual Entry Age Normal

2.50%

3.42%

Based on specific plan experience

Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs

Payroll Growth Rate

Projected Salary Increases

Healthcare Trend Rates

Election Rates

2.50%

3.50% to 9.50%

4.50% to 12.00%

Normal Retirement: 70%

participation prior to age 65

and 75% participation after age 65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.42% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of .44 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of currentplan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2017.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.42%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.42%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.42%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.42%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$112,699,278	\$95,487,785	\$81,653,630

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB			
Liability:	\$79,503,130	\$95,487,785	\$116,461,679

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$95,487,785 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 95,487,785
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	146,774,672
Total	\$242.262.457

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 thru August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.2195815632% which was the same proportion measured as of August 31, 2016.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- 1. Significant plan changes were adopted during fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates.
- 2. The August 31, 2016 valuation had assumed that the savings related to the Medicare Part D reimbursements would phase out by 2022. This assumption was removed for the August 31, 2017 valuation. Although there is uncertainty regarding these federal subsidies, the new assumption better reflects the current substantive plan. This change was unrelated to the plan amendment, and its impact included assumption change in the reconciliation of the total OPEB liability. This change significantly lowered the OPEB liability.
- 3. The discount rate changed from 2.98 percent as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long term rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

The significant changes to the plan benefits and assumptions noted above lowered the OPEB liability related to TRS-Care plan as a whole by \$33.3 billion. As a result, the District's proportional share of the net OPEB liability decreased by \$73,091,076. Because the decrease in the liability was the result of changes to plan benefits, a majority of the decrease has been recognized immediately in the District's financial statements. As a result, the District recognized a total proportional share of negative OPEB expense of \$82,704,079. A portion of this negative expense represents the State's on behalf share of this activity which is offset by what the Governmental Accounting Standards Board refers to as a negative revenue in the amount of \$49,114,708.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,754,769 and revenue of \$1,754,769 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 1,993,380
Changes in actuarial assumptions	-	37,949,341
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	14,505	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	441	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	1,377,409	-
Total	\$1,392,355	\$39,942,721

The net amounts of the employer's balance of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	OPEB Expense Amount
2019	\$ (5,268,516)
2020	(5,268,516)
2021	(5,268,516)
2022	(5,268,516)
2023	(5,272,142)
Thereafter	(13,581,569)

NOTE 13. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Plan Description. Denton Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees authority to establish and amend the basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.0% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2017 and 2016. For fiscal year 2018, contribution rates were 1.25% for the State of Texas, 0.65% for active employees and 0.75% for school districts. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For the years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, the State's contributions to the TRS-Care were \$2,467,098, \$1,414,503, and \$1,127,075, respectively, the active member contributions were \$1,282,891, \$919,427, and \$732,599, respectively, and the school district's contribution were \$1,480,259, \$777,977, and \$619,891, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$688,577.

NOTE 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Advances to	Advances from
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund:		
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 93,377	\$ -
Enterprise Fund	121	18,399
Special Revenue Fund:		
General Fund	-	93,377
Enterprise Fund	4,211	-
Enterprise Fund:		
General Fund	18,399	121
Special Revenue Fund		4,211
TOTAL	<u>\$116,108</u>	<u>\$116,108</u>

Interfunds transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following individual amounts:

	Transfers to	Transfers from
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund:		
Capital Projects Fund	\$349,241	\$ -
Special Revenue Fund	-	1,921
Capital Projects Fund:		
General Fund		349,241
Special Revenue Fund:		
General Fund	1,921	
TOTAL	<u>\$351,162</u>	<u>\$351,162</u>

The purpose of the \$349,241 transfer was to transfer local funds from the general fund to the capital projects fund to set them aside for future capital replacements needs. The purpose of the \$1,921 transfer is to transfer a portion of the aquatic program loss to the campus activity fund.

NOTE 15. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended June 30, 2018, employees of Denton Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$260 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a self-funded plan.

NOTE 16. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Property	<u>Other</u>	Due From		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Taxes</u>	Governments	Other Funds	<u>Other</u>	Receivables
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$2,778,915	\$23,471,299	\$ 93,498	\$127,303	\$26,471,015
Debt Service Fund	1,270,979	-	-	-	1,270,979
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	1,156	1,156
Special Revenue Fund		<u>3,449,488</u>	<u>4,211</u>	700	3,454,399
Total - Governmental Activities	<u>\$4,049,894</u>	<u>\$26,920,787</u>	<u>\$ 97,709</u>	\$129,159	\$31,197,549
Amounts not scheduled for	<u>\$ 196,756</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 196,756
collection during the					
subsequent year					
Business-type Activities:					
Enterprise Fund	\$ -	\$ 6,469	\$ 18,399	\$ 3,651	\$ 28,519
Internal Service Fund		-		7,828	7,828
Total Business-type Activities	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 6,469	\$ 18,399	\$ 11,479	<u>\$ 36,347</u>

Payables at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Accounts	Salaries and Benefits	<u>Due To</u> <u>Other</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Payables</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$ 3,904,308	\$27,240,285	\$ 18,399	\$ -	\$31,162,992
Debt Service Fund	53,945	-	-	-	53,945
Capital Projects Fund	6,170,575	-	-	-	6,170,575
Special Revenue Funds	423,560	1,450,515	93,377	-	1,967,452
Total-Governmental Activities	\$10,552,388	\$28,690,800	\$ 111,776	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$39,354,964</u>
Amounts not scheduled for payment during the subsequent year	\$	\$ -	\$	\$	\$
Business-type Activities:					
Enterprise Fund	\$ 47,536	\$ 56,121	\$ 4,332	\$ -	\$ 107,989
Internal Service Fund	8,615	2,166		1,090,789	1,101,570
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 56,151	\$ 58,287	<u>\$ 4,332</u>	\$1,090,789	<u>\$ 1,209,559</u>

NOTE 17. SELF-INSURED WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The District has also established a self-funding Workers' Compensation program. Texas Association of School Boards (TASB) through an actuarial review of the self-insurance program, projected an estimated outstanding loss of \$1,090,789 as of June 30, 2018. Claims administration is provided by TASB.

The accrued liability for Workers' Compensation self-insurance of \$1,090,789 includes incurred but not reported claims. This liability reported in the fund at June 30, 2018, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is a probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the liability does not result necessarily in an exact amount. The liability booked was the present value of the estimate of the actuary. Aggregate stop-loss coverage for 2018 was \$500,000.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal 2017 and 2018 are represented below:

	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2018
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Incurred claims (including IBNR'S) Claim payments	\$1,223,675 839,538 	\$1,312,136 511,098
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	<u>\$1,312,136</u>	<u>\$1,090,789</u>

NOTE 18. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2018, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State Grants &	Federal	Local	
Fund	Entitlements	Grants	Governments	Total
General	\$23,218,288	\$ 206,200	\$ 46,811	\$23,471,299
Special Revenue	19,795	3,101,566	328,127	3,449,488
Total	\$23,238,083	\$3,307,766	\$374,938	\$26,920,787

NOTE 19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposed regulations on tax-exempt bond issues. Governmental bonds issued after August 31, 1986 are subject to the rebate provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. The rebate applies to earnings from bond issue proceeds investments which exceed bond issue stated interest rates. The exact amount of liability, if any, is not known until as long as five years from the bond issuance date. At June 30, 2018, the estimated rebate liability on outstanding bond series was \$47,483.

NOTE 20. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is a party to various legal actions none of which is believed by administration to have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Minimum foundation funding received from the Agency is based primarily upon information concerning average daily attendance at the District's schools which is compiled by the District and supplied to the Agency. Federal funding for Food Services under child nutrition programs is based primarily upon the number and type of meals served and on user charges as reported to the USDA. Federal and state funding received related to various grant programs are based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made in compliance with program guidelines to the grantor agencies.

The programs are governed by various statutory rules and regulations of the grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, that the District has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of funding monies may be required. In the opinion of the District's administration, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and, accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

The Denton Central Appraisal District is a defendant in various lawsuits involving the property values assigned to property located within the District's boundaries on which the District assesses property taxes. The District could be required to refund property taxes paid on values which were greater than the ultimate final assessed valuation assigned by the court. Such lawsuits could continue several years into the future.

NOTE 21. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	l Total
Property Taxes	\$169,718,903	\$ -	\$76,885,515	\$ -	\$246,604,418
Investment Income	1,457,398		648,494	1,774,906	3,880,798
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	1,033,285	<u>-</u>	337,448	-	1,370,733
Co-curricular student activities	530,952	2,268,113	_	-	2,799,065
Tuition and fees	3,227,712	849,786	-	~	4,077,498
Gifts and bequests	1,257,483	368,802	•	-	1,626,285
Facilities rentals	331,777	-	_		331,777
Insurance recovery	106,963	800	_	-	107,763
Other	231,072				231,072
Total	\$177,895,545	<u>\$3,487,501</u>	\$77,871,457	\$1,774,906	\$261,029,409

NOTE 22. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Enterprise	
	<u>Fund</u>	Revenue Fund	Fund	<u>Total</u>
Lunchroom Receipts	\$ -	\$ -	\$179,147	\$179,147
Food Commodities	-	-	42,040	42,040
State Textbook Fund	-	58,340	-	58,340
A.I.RDLL	-	13,879	-	13,879
Summer School LEP	_	14,684	_	14,684
Teacher Induction & Mentoring	_	507	-	507
Advanced Placement Incentives	-	139,258	-	139,258
Deaf Ed Mgmt Board		332,808	-	332,808
Summer Feeding Program		6,272		6,272
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$565,748</u>	\$221,187	\$786,935

NOTE 23. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

	CFDA		Total Grant
Program or Source	<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>	or Entitlement
General Fund:			
Medicaid Reimbursement	N/A	\$4,851,187	\$4,851,187
Junior ROTC	12.000	268,120	268,120
Indirect Costs	N/A	721,419	721,419
Impact Aid	12.106	359,914	359,914
Federal Excise Tax Rebate	N/A	400,213	400,213
Total for General Fund		\$6,600,853	\$6,600,853

NOTE 24. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS BY FUNCTION

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for the Governmental fund types to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in one functional category in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 25. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides a regional day school for the deaf to various member districts. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts and the State provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in Special Revenue Funds No. 315, 316, 317, 340, 435 and 446 and such activities have been accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide.

In a manner similar to that described above, the District is also the fiscal agent for an adult education SSA accounted for in Special Revenue Fund No. 309, a vocational education SSA accounted for in Special Revenue Fund No. 331, and a TANF SSA accounted for in Special Revenue Fund No. 312.

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for juvenile justice alternative education services with ten other school districts. Although the District contributes to the shared services arrangement based on its participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Denton ISD. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District had no students in the program for whom it was required to make contributions.

NOTE 26. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In August, 2018 the District sold \$400,125,000 school building bonds that generated \$442,430,000 in proceeds that will be used for facility construction and renovations.

NOTE 27. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In fiscal year 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). As a result the beginning net position of the District's governmental activities has been restated on the Statement of Activities to reflect the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources relating to TRS-Care contributions made after the prior measurement date of the plan. The following illustrates the effect of the prior period adjustment:

Beginning Net Position – As Originally Presented	\$ 36,958,239
Restatement due to:	
Net OPEB liability (measurement date as of	
August 31, 2016)	(160,439,874)
Deferred Outflows:	
District contributions made to TRS during the fiscal year	905,408
Beginning Net Position (Deficit) – As Restated	\$(122,576,227)

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017	Pl	FY 2017 an Year 2016	P	FY 2016 lan Year 2015]	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.178395853%		0.169962597%		0.1691892%		0.1151618%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	57,041,383	\$	64,226,338	\$	59,806,130	\$	30,761,310
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		88,702,720		103,415,412		97,157,049		83,661,060
Total	\$	145,744,103	\$	167,641,750	\$	156,963,179	\$	114,422,370
District's Covered Payroll	\$	187,413,154	\$	174,953,893	\$	163,821,034	\$	154,554,318
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		30.44%		36.71%		36.51%		19.92%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for Year 2017, August 31, 2015 for Year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only four years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018

	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 6,223,824 \$	5,786,378 \$	5,322,188 \$	4,666,408
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(6,223,824)	(5,786,378)	(5,322,188)	(4,666,408)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0- \$	-0- \$	-0- \$	-0-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 197,367,842 \$	185,528,986 \$	173,396,127 \$	163,129,441
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.15%	3.12%	3.07%	2.86%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only four years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_Pla	FY 2018 an Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Post Employment Benefits		0.219581563%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Post Employment Benefit Liability (Asset)	\$	95,487,785
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Post Employment Benefit Liability (Asset) associated with the District		146,774,672
Total	\$	242,262,457
District's Covered Payroll	\$	187,413,154
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		50.95%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the year for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Market and State of the State o	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	1,558,100
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(1,558,100)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-0-
District's Covered Payroll	\$	197,367,842
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year..

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- 1. Significant plan changes were adopted during fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates.
- 2. The August 31, 2016 valuation had assumed that the savings related to the Medicare Part D reimbursements would phase out by 2022. This assumption was removed for the August 31, 2017 valuation. Although there is uncertainty regarding these federal subsidies, the new assumption better reflects the current substantive plan. This change was unrelated to the plan amendment, and its impact included assumption change in the reconciliation of the total OPEB liability. This change significantly lowered the OPEB liability.
- 3. The discount rate changed from 2.98 percent as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017. This change lowered the total OPEB liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

Data Contro Codes	1		hild Care		Head	т	TOTAL	TT	
	I	÷-			Ticau	1	ESEA I, A	IDEA - Part	
Codes		De	velopment		Start	I	mproving		Formula
		Bl	ock Grant			Ba	sic Program		
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(19,107)	\$	(128,436)	\$	(294,934)	\$	(530,589)
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		73,804		320,219		707,764		1,174,483
1260	Due from Other Funds		_		-		-		-
1290	Other Receivables				-		-		700
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		
1410	Prepayments		-		-		15,235		5,977
1900	Other Assets		-		-				
1000	Total Assets	\$	54,697	\$	191,783	\$	428,065	\$	650,571
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	41,200	\$	3,723	\$	91,237	\$	18,487
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		12,204		175,965		318,086		593,751
2170	Due to Other Funds		797		12,095		18,742		38,333
2180	Due to Other Governments		496		´ -				´ <u>-</u>
2300	Unearned Revenues				_		-		_
2000	Total Liabilities		54,697	_	191,783		428,065		650,571
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
3425	Endowment Principal				-		_		
3430	Prepaid Items				_		_		-
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		_		_		_		_
3545	Assigned Fund Balance:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		_		_		w		_
3000	Total Fund Balances		•		-		-		L
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	54,697	\$	191,783	\$	428,065	\$	650,571

225 A - Part B reschool	242 Summer Feeding Program	Tra	255 SEA II,A aining and ecruiting	Eng	263 itle III, A glish Lang. cquisition	Co	265 itle IV, B ommunity Learning	Me Admi	272 edicaid in. Claim MAC	A.	281 I.RDLL	288 Summer School LEP
\$ 4,219 6,174	\$ (42,093) 51,282	\$	(76,902) 159,659	\$	(35,091) 88,830	\$	(27,493) 27,493	\$	-	\$	13,879	\$ 15,964 -
_	4,211		-		-		-		-		~	-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-	
-	4,370						-		-		-	••
-	-		1,498		165		-		-		-	-
 -	 						-	•	**			 54
\$ 10,393	\$ 17,770	\$	84,255	\$	53,904	\$	_	\$	-	\$	13,879	\$ 15,964
\$ 175	\$ 	\$	47,788	\$	346	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _
9,216	11,498		35,092		51,761		_		-		-	1,280
1,002	-		1,375		1,797		-		_		-	-
-	-		-		-		-		-		•	-
 -	 6,272	_	-						_		13,879	 14,684
 10,393	 17,770		84,255		53,904		No.		-		13,879	 15,964
-	-				-		-		-		_	-
-	-		•		-		-		-		-	-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
 -	 		_		•		_		-		u	 est .
 ba	 		-				-		500		<u> </u>	 -
\$ 10,393	\$ 17,770	\$	84,255	\$	53,904	\$		\$	_	\$	13,879	\$ 15,964

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

Data Contro Codes		289 ESEA Title IV Part A		309 SSA Adult Basic Education		312 SSA - TANF Family Assistance		315 SSA IDEA, Part B Discretionary	
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (12,617)	\$	(257,631)	\$	(11,731)	\$	(19,276)	
1240	Receivables from Other Governments	12,617		380,407		11,769		30,594	
1260	Due from Other Funds	-		-		-			
1290	Other Receivables	-		-				-	
1300	Inventories	_		-		-		-	
1410	Prepayments	-		-		-			
1900	Other Assets	- ,		-		-		-	
1000	Total Assets	\$ -	\$	122,776	\$	38	\$	11,318	
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	\$	90,069	\$	-	\$	_	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	-		32,655		35		10,545	
2170	Due to Other Funds			52		3		773	
2180	Due to Other Governments	-		-		_		-	
2300	Unearned Revenues	-		-		-		-	
2000	Total Liabilities	 -	_	122,776	_	38		11,318	
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
3425	Endowment Principal	_				_		_	
3430	Prepaid Items			_		_		_	
5450	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	_							
3343	Assigned Fund Balance:	_		-		-		-	
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance	_				_		_	
3000	Total Fund Balances	 -	_		_	-			
3000	Total Fund Dalatices	 	_					-	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ **	\$	122,776	\$	38	\$	11,318	

& T	331 A - Career Cechnical - sic Grant	De	340 - IDEA C af - Early ervention		385 Visually Impaired SSVI	P	397 Advanced Placement ncentives	Т	410 State extbook Fund	Te Induc	425 acher stion and atoring	Exc	426 Educator cellence ard Grant		429 Pre-K Grant
\$	(17,454)	\$	(2,234)	\$	(11,528)	\$	139,258	\$	75,360	\$	507	\$		\$	
	53,537		2,234		11,528		-		-		-		700		_
			-		-		-		-		-		-		10
	-				-		-		•,		-		-		-
	-		-		-				-		-		-		-
	5,925		-		-		-		-				-		-
			M		-		H								_
\$	42,008	\$		\$	-	\$	139,258	\$	75,360	\$	507	\$	700	\$	-
\$	22,609	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17,020	\$	_	\$	_	\$	**
•	18,781	·	_	-			_	•	_	•	_	•	700	•	_
	618		_		page 1		_		_		_				_
	_		-		_		_		-		_		-		_
	-		_		-		139,258		58,340		507		-		
	42,008		_				139,258		75,360		507		700		-
	-		-		_		-		_		_		_		_
					-										
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
			-		~		-		-		-		-		-
	-		140		-		54		~		14				pa .
\$	42,008	\$	bal	\$	-	\$	139,258	\$	75,360	\$	507	\$	700	\$	-

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

461	446	435		431			
Campus	Deaf Ed	SSA		A - ABE	SSA		Data
Activity	Mgmt	gional Day	Re	cational	Edu		Contro
Funds	Board	 hool - Deaf	Sch	hnology	Tecl		Codes
						ASSETS	
26 \$ 1,479,644	397,026	\$ (193,797)	\$	(5,249)	\$	Cash and Cash Equivalents	1110
00 -	98,400	229,727		8,267		Receivables from Other Governments	1240
	-	-				Due from Other Funds	1260
	-	_		-		Other Receivables	1290
		•		-		Inventories	1300
00 33,138	3,600	•		-		Prepayments	1410
	-	-		-		Other Assets	1900
\$ 1,512,782	499,026	\$ 35,930	\$	3,018	\$	Total Assets	1000
						LIABILITIES	
48 \$ 79,868	5,448	\$ 2,572	\$	3,018	\$	Accounts Payable	2110
	144,418	31,920		· -		Accrued Wages Payable	2160
52 -	16,352	1,438		-		Due to Other Funds	2170
	-	_		-		Due to Other Governments	2180
08 -	332,808	BM		=		Unearned Revenues	2300
26 82,476	499,026	 35,930		3,018		Total Liabilities	2000
						FUND BALANCES	
						Nonspendable Fund Balance:	
		-		_		Endowment Principal	3425
- 33,138	_	_		_		Prepaid Items	3430
						Committed Fund Balance:	
- 1,397,168	_	_		_		Other Committed Fund Balance	3545
1,057,100						Assigned Fund Balance:	20.10
	_	_		_		Other Assigned Fund Balance	3590
- 1,430,306	ы	 -	_	-		Total Fund Balances	3000
26 \$ 1,512,782	499,026	\$ 35,930	\$	3,018	\$	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	4000
26 \$	499,026	\$ 35,930	\$	3,018	\$	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	4000

	Total		479		Total
•	Nonmajor	P	'ermanent]	Nonmajor
	Special		Fund	Go	overnmental
Re	venue Funds				Funds
\$	439,695	\$	-	\$	439,695
	3,449,488		-		3,449,488
	4,211		-		4,211
	700		-		700
	4,370		M		4,370
	65,538		₹		65,538
	19		14,230		14,230
\$	3,964,002	\$	14,230	\$	3,978,232
-		-		-	
\$	423,560	\$	-	\$	423,560
	1,450,515		-		1,450,515
	93,377		-		93,377
	496		-		496
	565,748		~		565,748
-	2,533,696		_		2,533,696
	-		1,000		1,000
	33,138		-		33,138
	1,397,168		-		1,397,168
	_		13,230		13,230
-	1,430,306		14,230		1,444,536
\$	3,964,002	\$	14,230	\$	3,978,232
Ψ	3,207,002	Ψ	17,20	Ψ	2,710,434

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

De	velopment	205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	224 IDEA - Part B Formula
\$	- \$	- \$	- :	
	219,840	1,306,914	3,096,109	5,273,760
	219,840	1,306,914	3,096,109	5,273,760
	172,967	1,067,201	2,059,380	1,917,231
		•		
		73,766		401,040
	42,302	24.040		177,027 951
	<u>-</u>	•		2,772,226
	-			2,772,420
	-	,203	-	3,795
	-	-	_	-
	-	_		_
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	•	-	-	-
	-	24.046	11# 004	1 400
		34,046	117,086	1,490
				_
	210.940	1 206 014	2 006 100	5,273,760
	219,840	1,300,914	3,090,109	J,273,700
	- .	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
	<u>.</u>		-	-
			•	-
\$	- \$	- \$		\$ -
	Der Blo	Child Care Development Block Grant \$ - \$ 219,840 219,840 172,967 4,571 42,302	Child Care Development Start Block Grant \$ - \$ - \$ 219,840 1,306,914 219,840 1,306,914 172,967 1,067,201 - 4,571 73,766 42,302 - 34,949 - 1,669 - 95,283	Child Care Development Block Grant Head Start ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 219,840 1,306,914 3,096,109 172,967 1,067,201 2,059,380 13,576 - 13,576 4,571 73,766 760,624 42,302 - 14,212 - 34,949 52,163 - 1,669 72,262 - 95,283 6,806

	225 A - Part B eschool	242 Summer Feeding Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	265 Title IV, B Community Learning	272 Medicaid Admin, Claim MAC	281 A.I.RDLL	288 Summer School LEP
\$	- \$	25 5	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-
	55,050	- 53,894	542,173	383,693	101,954	33,681	- 1,247	3,017
	55,050	53,919	542,173	383,693	101,954		1,247	3,017
	55,050		44,633	56,245	-	-	1,007	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	•	492,787	326,172	-	-	240	1,382
	-	-	2,892	1.07/	-	2,018	-	1 404
	-	-	1,861	1,276	-	31,663	-	1,484
	-	-	-	-	-	31,003	=	-
	_	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	151
	_	_	_	_	101,954		-	131
	-	53,919	_	-	-			
	-	-	_		-	-	_	
	-	-	-	-	_	~	•	-
		-	-	-	-		-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	•	La	-	•	-	•	•
	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
	55,050	53,919	542,173	383,693	101,954	33,681	1,247	3,017
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-			•	-	No.	_	-	<u>-</u>
	-	-	-			-	-	-
	-		-	-	-			
\$	- \$	- ;	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Data		289 ESEA		309 SSA	312 SSA - TANF	315 SSA
Control		Title IV		Adult Basic	Family	IDEA, Part B
Codes		Part A		Education	Assistance	Discretionary
REVENUES:						
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	•	\$	- !	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	Ψ	_	Ψ	<u>-</u> `	-	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		12,353		2,271,607	172,508	81,409
5020 Total Revenues		12,353		2,271,607	172,508	81,409
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
0011 Instruction		-		2,143,038	161,476	81,409
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-		-	-	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		12,353		88,628	-	22
0021 Instructional Leadership		-		27,407	11,032	100
0023 School Leadership		-		-	ь	
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		-		-	-	-
0032 Social Work Services		-		-	-	ECH.
0033 Health Services		-		-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-		-	-	-
0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities						
0030 Extracumental Activities 0041 General Administration		-		-	-	es 16
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		_		12,534	-	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		_		,	**	**
0061 Community Services		-		_	-	-
Capital Outlay:						
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		=	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures		12,353		2,271,607	172,508	81,409
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		*		-	_	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		-		_	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		-		-	_	_
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	**	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -

331 SSA - Career & Technical - Basic Grant	340 SSA - IDEA C Deaf - Early Intervention	385 Visually Impaired SSVI	397 Advanced Placement Incentives	410 State Textbook Fund	425 Teacher Induction and Mentoring	426 TX Educator Excellence Award Grant	429 Pre-K Grant
\$ -	\$ - \$	11,528	- \$ 4,560	1,278 1,822,683	164	\$ - \$ 2,100	141,818
246,928		11,528	4,560	1,823,961	164	2,100	141,818
88,952	2,234	11,528	4,560	1,809,976	· -	-	141,818
68,397 3,149		-	-	13,985	164 - -	2,100	-
86,430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	·	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- -	-
-	- -	-	#	700 200	- -	.	on M
-	-	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	-	-
-	- 	- -	-	-	-		-
246,928	3 2,234	11,528	4,560	1,823,961	164	2,100	141,818
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-		-	•	-		-	-
-	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	-	_	<u>-</u>
\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ 5	-

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Data Control Codes]	431 SSA - ABE Educational Technology	435 SSA Regional Day School - Deaf	446 Deaf Ed Mgmt Board	461 Campus Activity Funds
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	- 684,042 -	\$ - \$ 493,302	848,483 \$	2,637,715
5020 Total Revenues		684,042	493,302	848,483	2,637,715
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		588,518	475,122	800,669	1,502,474
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-		-	145,489
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		42,629	-	1,096	70,049
0021 Instructional Leadership		39,958	18,180	46,718	_
0023 School Leadership		-	-	-	74,839
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		-	•	-	
0032 Social Work Services		-	-	-	~
0033 Health Services		-	-	-	268
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-	-	
0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	<u>-</u>		622,005
0041 General Administration		_	_	_	11,761
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		12,937	_		27,495
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		,		-	306
0061 Community Services		_	-	-	5,927
Capital Outlay:					
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-	_	=	60,299
6030 Total Expenditures		684,042	493,302	848,483	2,520,912
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	,	-	-	-	116,803
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 8911 Transfers Out (Use)		-	<u>.</u>	-	(1,921)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	_	-	114,882
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		-	_	-	1,315,424
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ - \$	- \$	1,430,306

Total	479	Total
Nonmajor	Permanent	Nonmajor
Special	Fund	Governmental
Revenue Funds		Funds
\$ 3,487,501 \$	8	\$ 3,487,509
3,160,197	_	3,160,197
13,858,371	-	13,858,371
20,506,069	8	20,506,077
13,185,488	-	13,185,488
159,229	-	159,229
2,359,819	**	2,359,819
384,895	-	384,895
167,523	-	167,523
2,964,250	-	2,964,250
102,089	-	102,089
4,214	-	4,214
101,954	-	101,954
53,919 622,005	-	53,919 622,005
11,761	-	11,761
52,966		52,966
306	_	306
158,549	-	158,549
60,299	-	60,299
20,389,266	-	20,389,266
116,803	8	116,811
(1,921)	-	(1,921)
114,882	8	114,890
1,315,424	14,222	1,329,646
\$ 1,430,306 \$	14,230	\$ 1,444,536

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		• .						
		752		753		771		
				Workers]	Healthcare		Total
	Pr	int Shop	Ċc	mpensation		Trust		Internal
		·		F		Fund	Se	rvice Funds
ASSETS								,
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	106,112	\$	3,523,800	\$	1,815,274	\$	5,445,186
Other Receivables		-		7,828		-		7,828
Inventories		6,429		_		-		6,429
Prepayments				2,188		209		2,397
Total Current Assets		112,541		3,533,816		1,815,483		5,461,840
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital Assets:								
Furniture and Equipment		8,756		-		-		8,756
Depreciation on Furniture and Equipment		(8,756)		-		-		(8,756)
Total Noncurrent Assets		_	_	-		-		-
Total Assets		112,541		3,533,816		1,815,483		5,461,840
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		8,615		-				8,615
Accrued Wages Payable		2,166				_		2,166
Accrued Expenses		-		1,090,789				1,090,789
Total Liabilities		10,781		1,090,789		-		1,101,570
NET POSITION	,							
Unrestricted Net Position		101,760		2,443,027		1,815,483		4,360,270
Total Net Position	\$	101,760	\$	2,443,027	\$	1,815,483	\$	4,360,270
			_		-			

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		752	753 Workers	771 Healthcare		Total
	P	rint Shop	Compensation		Trust	Internal
					Fund	Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	275,119	\$ 1,012,791	\$	39,462	\$ 1,327,372
Total Operating Revenues		275,119	1,012,791		39,462	1,327,372
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Payroll Costs		139,049	60,550		-	199,599
Professional and Contracted Services		136,186	57,600		63,618	257,404
Supplies and Materials		63,108	10,500		7,247	80,855
Other Operating Costs		-	361,770		9,189	370,959
Total Operating Expenses	,	338,343	490,420		80,054	908,817
Operating Income (Loss)		(63,224)	522,371		(40,592)	418,555
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments		<u> </u>	35,172		23,443	58,615
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			35,172		23,443	58,615
Change in Net Position		(63,224)	557,543		(17,149)	477,170
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)		164,984	1,885,484		1,832,632	3,883,100
Total Net Position June 30 (Ending)	\$	101,760	\$ 2,443,027	\$	1,815,483	\$ 4,360,270

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Pı	752 Fint Shop	753 Workers Compensation		ŀ	771 Healthcare Trust		Total Internal
						Fund	Se	rvice Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash Received from District	\$	-	\$	1,004,963	\$	45,141	\$	1,050,104
Cash Received from Charges and Fees		275,229		- (60 550)		-		275,229
Cash Payments for Payroll Costs		(136,913)		(60,550)		(74.000)		(197,463)
Cash Payments for Purchased Services		(137,086)		(57,600)		(51,206)		(245,892)
Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials		(63,108)		(10,500)		(7,247)		(80,855)
Cash Payments for Other Expenses		-		(92,313)		(10,377)		(102,690)
Cash Payments for Claims				(541,285)		-		(541,285)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating		(61,878)		242,715		(23,689)		157,148
Activities		(01,070)	_	242,713		(23,009)		137,140
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Interest and Dividends on Investments		-		35,172		23,443		58,615
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(61,878)		277,887		(246)		215,763
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		167,990		3,245,913		1,815,520		5,229,423
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	106,112	\$	3,523,800	\$	1,815,274	\$	5,445,186
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:								
Operating Income (Loss):	\$	(63,224)	\$	522,371	\$	(40,592)	\$	418,555
operating meonic (Loss).	Ψ	(00,221)	Ψ	022,071	Ψ	(10,002)	Ψ	7.0,000
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current								
Assets and Liabilities:								
Decrease (increase) in Receivables		110		(7,828)		-		(7,718)
Decrease (increase) in Inv./Prepayments		(1,701)		-		12,412		10,711
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		801		(50,481)		(1,188)		(50,868)
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		2,136		-		-		2,136
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses		-		(221,347)		-		(221,347)
Increase (decrease) in Due to/from Other Funds		-		-		5,679		5,679
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)			_			/a.a. ra=:		
Operating Activities	\$	(61,878)	\$	242,715	\$	(23,689)	\$	157,148

REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	(1) (2)							
Last 10 Years	Tax 1	Tax Rates						
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purposes					
009 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various					
010	1.040000	0.450000	9,549,766,309					
011	1.040000	0.490000	9,760,324,966					
012	1.040000	0.490000	9,701,066,797					
013	1.040000	0.490000	10,115,153,791					
014	1.040000	0.490000	10,594,446,862					
015	1.040000	0.500000	11,823,268,442					
016	1.040000	0.500000	12,712,090,714					
017	1.040000	0.500000	14,245,317,208					
018 (School year under audit)	1.060000	0.480000	15,966,067,987					
000 TOTALS								

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2017	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2018
\$ 223,407	\$ -	\$ 14,389	\$ 4,961	\$	(20,094)	\$ 183,963
66,662	-	4,707	2,037		723	60,641
66,338	-	14,637	6,896		965	45,770
110,512	-	79,413	37,416		57,562	51,245
125,607	-	211,116	99,468		298,299	113,322
282,228	-	216,100	101,816		192,442	156,754
420,024	-	240,992	115,861		321,163	384,334
585,405	-	237,988	114,417		226,988	459,988
1,837,248	-	489,111	235,149		(511,772)	601,216
-	245,877,447	167,868,749	76,016,037		-	1,992,661
\$ 3,717,431	\$ 245,877,447	\$ 169,377,202	\$ 76,734,058	\$	566,276	\$ 4,049,894

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Data Contr	Control		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		ctual Amounts BAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Code	S		Original		Final			(Negative)		
5700	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3,684,000	\$	4,048,782	\$	4,098,609	\$	49,827	
5800	State Program Revenues		60,000		60,000		65,706		5,706	
5020	Total Revenues		3,744,000		4,108,782		4,164,315	•	55,533	
	EXPENDITURES:									
0035	Food Services		11,090,822		11,455,604		9,724,186		1,731,418	
6030	Total Expenditures		11,090,822		11,455,604		9,724,186		1,731,418	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(7,346,822)		(7,346,822)		(5,559,871)		1,786,951	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
7952	National School Breakfast Program		1,497,500		1,497,500		1,424,334		(73,166)	
7953	National School Lunch Program		5,082,000		5,082,000		5,112,327		30,327	
7954	Donated Commodities (USDA)		766,072		766,072		967,807		201,735	
7955	Investment Income		1,250		1,250		13,119		11,869	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,346,822		7,346,822		7,517,587		170,765	
1200	Change in Net Position		-		-		1,957,716		1,957,716	
0100	Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)		1,357,357		1,357,357		1,357,357		•	
.3000	Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$	1,357,357	\$	1,357,357	\$	3,315,073	\$	1,957,716	

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Control		Budgeted	ounts	-	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Code	SS .		Original		Final				(Negative)	
	REVENUES:	ф	WC 102 100	ф	55 0// 51/	ф	77 OF1 AF7	ф	604.041	
5700 5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	76,193,180 1,279,717	\$	77,266,516 1,643,218	5	77,871,457 1,230,476	\$	604,941 (412,742)	
5020	Total Revenues		77,472,897		78,909,734	-	79,101,933		192,199	
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:									
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		38,705,645		21,593,645		21,593,645			
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		38,996,559		38,966,559		38,966,559		105 614	
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		527,758		527,758		422,144		105,614	
6030	Total Expenditures	_	78,229,962		61,087,962	_	60,982,348		105,614	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(757,065)		17,821,772		18,119,585		297,813	
8949	Other (Uses)		_		(17,877,000)		(17,877,000)		-	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(757,065)		(55,228)		242,585		297,813	
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		62,651,625		62,651,625		62,651,625			
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	61,894,560	\$	62,596,397	\$	62,894,210	\$	297,813	

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Denton Independent School District Denton, Texas 76201

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Denton Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Denton Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated November 13, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hembius, Ecolop, Newton, Town Leur

Denton, Texas

November 13, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Denton Independent School District Denton, Texas 76201

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Denton Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Denton Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Denton Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Denton Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Denton Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Denton Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Denton Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Denton Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Denton Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Denton Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hembin, Easter, Deaton, Tom + Sony

Denton, Texas

November 13, 2018

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- 4. Internal controls over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?: No
- 7. Major programs include:

CFDA 93.575 Pre-K Partnership Planning Grant CFDA 84.010A ESEA, Title I CFDA 84.002A SSA-Adult Education (ABE)

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None

III. Other Findings

None

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

None

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE YEAR END	······································		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Direct Programs			
ROTC	12.000	01-061901	\$ 268,120
Total Direct Programs			268,120
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			268,120
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Programs			
Impact Aid - P.L. 81.874 (Note A)	84,041	01-061901	359,914
Total Direct Programs			359,914
Passed through American Institute of Research			
Descrubiendo La Lectura (DLL)	84.365	R305A160060	1,247
Total Passed through American Institute of Research			1,247
Passed through Texas Workforce Commission			
SSA - Adult Education (ABE) - Federal	84.002A	0416AEL004	1,090,194
SSA - Adult Education (ABE) - Federal	84.002A	0416AELB04	1,222,507
Total CFDA Number 84.002A			2,312,701
SSA - Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0416AEL004	110,175
SSA - Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0416AELB04	65,693
Total CFDA Number 93.558			175,868
Total Passed through Texas Workforce Commission			2,488,569
Passed Through State Department of Education			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	17610101061901	27,410
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	18610101061901	2,820,787
ESEA, Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 ESEA, Title I, Part D, Subpart 2	84.010A 84.010A	17610103061901 18610103061901	2,253 160,237
ESEA, Title I, School Improvement	84.010A	18610123061901	151,532
Total CFDA Number 84.010A			3,162,219
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	176600010619016600	86,152
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	186600010619016600	5,275,166
*SSA - IDEA - Part B, Discretionary Deaf	84.027	186600110619016673	83,151
Total CFDA Number 84.027			5,444,469
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	186610010619016610	56,217
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			5,500,686
SSA - Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	17420006061901	19,158
SSA - Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	18420006061901	227,770
Total CFDA Number 84.048			246,928
SSA - IDEA, Part C - Early Intervention (Deaf)	84.181A	1839110106190139111	2,234
Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent. Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.287 84.365A	186950167110013 18671001061901	101,954 389,178
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instr	84.367A	17694501061901	9,177
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instr	84.367A	18694501061901	544,402
Total CFDA Number 84.367A			553,579
ESEA, Title IV, Part A	84.424A	18680101061901	12,617
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69551702	3,017
Pre-K Partnership Planning Grant Total Passed Through State Department of Education	93,575	173921017110011	223,072
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			10,195,484

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			13,045,214
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Direct Programs			
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	01-061901	33,681
Head Start	93.600	06CH7130-04-01	1,306,914
Total Direct Programs			1,340,595
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES		1,340,595
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401701	1,424,334
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71301701	5,612,327
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	71301701	967,807
Total CFDA Number 10.555	÷		6,580,134
*Summer Feeding Program - Cash Assistance	10.559	TX061-1801	47,946
*Non Cash Assistance - Summer Feeding Program	10.559	TX061-1801	5,948
Total CFDA Number 10.559			53,894
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			8,058,362
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture	e		8,058,362
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			8,058,362
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 22,712,291

DENTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

- The District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System
 Resource Guide. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for,
 specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a
 Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified
 project periods.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and Agency Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- 3. The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2018, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are not significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purposes of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. During the current year, the District received the following funds which are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$22,712,291
Federal Excise Tax Rebate 400,213
Medicaid Reimbursement (SHARS) 4,851,188

Federal Revenues per Financial Statements \$27,963,692