# RESPONSE FORM PRESS PLUS ISSUE 83, October 2013

Return to The Illinois Association of School Boards Anna Lovern, Director of Policy Services Fax: 217-528-2831 OR Email: alovern@iasb.com

District Name	Meridian CUSD #223
Date of Adoption*	
*If date of adoption is	different for any of the policies listed below please note

Policy Code	P	olicy Title	Adopted as presented By IASB	Adopted with District edits (enclosed)	Suggested Update/Option/ New policy/ Rewritten policy not adopted
3:60	Administrative Responsibilities of the Building Principal  Update 1  Update 2  Update 3				
			XX		
			XX XX		
	Option	For Single Administrator Districts	7171		
4:100	Insurance Management				
	For <b>High School and Unit districts</b> that qualify for an exemption from the mandatory insurance coverage – no change to policy is necessary. Check final column.				
	For Elementary Districts that do not wish to provide non-mandated insurance coverage, no change to policy in necessary. Check final column.				
	Option A	For Elementary Districts that wish to provide non-mandated insurance coverage.			
	Option B	For Unit Districts that wish to provide non-mandated insurance to K-8 students.			
5:50	Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace; Tobacco Prohibition				
	Update 1		XX		
	Update 2		XX		
	Update 3		XX		
5:90	Abused and Neglected Child Reporting REWRITTEN				
	Option A	For Elementary Districts Only			
	Option B	Include DCFS report contents			
	Option C	For Cook County Districts Only			
5:100	Staff Development Program		XX		

	REWRITTEN			
5:120	Ethics and Con	duct	XX	
5:200	Terms and Conditions of Employment and Dismissal		XX	
6:60	Curriculum Content		XX	
6:250	Community Resource Persons and Volunteers		XX	
6:310	Credit for Alternative Courses and Programs, and Course Substitutions		XX	
7:185	Teen Dating Violence Prohibited		XX	
	Option	To broaden the applicable ages – see footnote #3.		
7:300	Extracurricular	Athletics	XX	
8:30	Visitors to and Conduct on School Property			
	Update 1		XX	
	Update 2		XX	
	Option	Firearm Concealed Carry Act exception	NO	
	Update 3		XX	

Other District Materials Enclosed	Yes	No
Changes to other district policies (show edits)		
Newly adopted district policies* (Microsoft Word copy sent via e-mail)		
New Collective Bargaining Agreement(s) (Electronic copy preferred)		
Response Form for 5-Year Review Policies		

<sup>\*</sup>Please note: While we are happy to add to your policy manual any unique district policies provided by your district from whatever source, we are not able to provide suggested updates to those policies. Your district will be responsible for forwarding any necessary updates along with your response to PRESS Plus Issues. Because certain policy numbers are used for IASB sample policies, districts should use numbers ending in 2, 4, 6, or 8 for locally developed policies on topics not covered by IASB sample policies.

After the Board has taken action on the suggested policy changes, administrators should consult the Update Memo, included in the packet, for suggested changes to administrative procedures and forms accessible via PRESS Online.

CONTACT PERSON:	Dr. Robert Willis		
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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

3:60

### **General School Administration**

### Administrative Responsibility of the Building Principal

The School Board, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent, employs Building Principals as the chief administrators and instructional leaders of their assigned schools, and may employ Assistant Principals. The primary responsibility of a Building Principal is the improvement of instruction. Each Building Principal shall perform all duties as described in the School Code State law as well as such other duties as specified in his or her employment agreement or as agreed upon by the Building Principal and Superintendent.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and maintain a principal and assistant principal evaluation plan that complies with Section 24A 15 of the School Code. Using that plan, the Superintendent or designee shall evaluate each Building Principal and Assistant Principal. The Superintendent or designee may conduct additional evaluations.

#### The plan shall provide that the evaluation of a Building Principal and Assistant Principal:

- Be performed by the Superintendent or designee, an individual appointed by the Board who holds a registered Type 75 State administrative certificate, or the Building Principal for an Assistant Principal;
- 2 Re in writing
- Take place by March 1 of each year for a Building Principal and Assistant Principal on a single-year
  contract and by March 1 of the final year of a contract for a Building Principal and Assistant Principal
  on a multi-year contract:
- Include a description of the Building Principal's and Assistant Principal's duties and responsibilities and the standards to which the Building Principal and Assistant Principal is expected to conform;
- Consider the Building Principal's and Assistant Principal's specific duties, responsibilities, management, and competence as a Building Principal and Assistant Principal;
- Specify the Building Principal's and Assistant Principal's strengths and weaknesses, with supporting reasons:
- Align with research-based standards established by administrative rule;
- On and after September 1, 2012 provide for the use of data and indicators on student growth as a significant factor in rating performance; and
- Provide that one copy of the evaluation must be included in the Building Principal's and Assistant
  Principal's personnel file and one copy of the evaluation must be given to the Building Principal and
  Assistant Principal.

The School Board and each Building Principal and Assistant Principal shall enter into an employment agreement that conforms to Board policy and State law. The terms of an individual employment contract, when in conflict with this policy, will control.

Each Building Principal and Assistant Principal shall complete State law requirements to be a prequalified evaluator before conducting an evaluation of a teacher or assistant principal.

The Superintendent or designee shall implement an evaluation plan for Principals and Assistant Principals that complies with Section 24A-15 of the School Code and relevant Illinois State Board of Education rules. Using that plan, the Superintendent or designee shall evaluate each Building Principal and Assistant Principal. The Superintendent or designee may conduct additional evaluations.

#### Comment [AKL1]:

Update 1. The policy's first sentence is amended to recognize that assistant principals may be employed. NOTE - Delete "Assistant Principal" throughout if the district does not employ Assistant Principals. Issue 83, October 2013

#### Comment [AKL2]:

Update 2. All districts should now have an evaluation plan for principals and assistant principals in place. The language was updated to remove the "shall develop" language. We also deleted the optional provision containing an evaluation plan's mandatory components as they are not required to be in policy.

Issue 83, October 2013

### Comment [AKL3]:

Update 3. Restates State law (105 ILCS 5/24A-3; 23 III.Admin.Code Part 50, Subpart E, Training for Evaluators). 105 ILCS 5/24A-5 permits a first-year principal to evaluate a teacher; however, a new 2-year evaluation plan must be established for any tenured teacher who is evaluated by a first-year principal (105 ILCS 5/24A-5, amended by P.A. 98-470).

Issue 83, October 2013

**Comment [AKL4]:** Required by state law. **OPTION** – Add this option if appropriate after "or designee":

"or, in the absence of the Superintendent or his or her designee, an individual appointed by the Board who holds a registered Type 75 State administrative certificate."

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LEGAL REF.: 10 ILCS 5/4-6.2.

 $105 \; ILCS \; 5/2 - 3.53a, \; 5/10 - 20.14, \; 5/10 - 21.4a, \; 10 - 23.8a, \; 10 - 23.8b, \; and \; 5/24A - 15.$ 

105 ILCS 127/.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 35.

CROSS REF.: 3:50 (Administrative Personnel Other Than the Superintendent), 5:250 (Leave of

Absence)

ADOPTED: November 15, 2012

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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

4:100

### **Operational Services**

#### **Insurance Management**

The Superintendent shall recommend and maintain all insurance programs that provide the broadest and most complete coverage available at the most economical cost, consistent with sound insurance principles.

The insurance program shall include each of the following:

- 1. Liability coverage to insure against any loss or liability of the School District and the listed individuals against civil rights damage claims and suits, constitutional rights damage claims and suits, and death and bodily injury and property damage claims and suits, including defense costs, when damages are sought for negligent or wrongful acts allegedly committed in the scope of employment or under the Board's direction or related to any mentoring services provided to the District's certified staff members; Board members; employees; volunteer personnel authorized by 105 ILCS 5/10-22.34, 5/10-22.34a, and 5/10-22.34b; mentors of certified staff members authorized in 105 ILCS 5/21A-5 et seq. (new teacher), 105 ILCS 5/2-3.53a (new principal), and 2-3.53b (new superintendents); and student teachers.
- Catastrophic accident insurance at the mandated benefit level for student athletes in grades 9
  through 12 who sustain an accidental injury while participating in school-sponsored or
  school-supervised interscholastic athletic events sanctioned by the Illinois High School
  Association that results in medical expenses in excess of \$50,000.
- 2.3. Comprehensive property insurance covering a broad range of causes of loss involving building and personal property. The coverage amount shall normally be for the replacement cost or the insurable value.
- 3.4. Workers' Compensation to protect individual employees against financial loss in case of a work-related injury, certain types of disease, or death incurred in an employee-related situation.

## Student Insurance

The Board shall annually designate a company to offer student accident insurance coverage. The Board does not endorse the plan nor recommend that parents/guardians secure the coverage, and any contract is between the parents/guardians and the company. Students participating in athletics, cheerleading, or pompons must have school accident insurance unless the parents/guardians state in writing that the student is covered under a family health insurance plan.

Comment [AKL1]: New legislation requires each school district having grades 9 through 12 to maintain catastrophic insurance coverage for student athletes participating in interscholastic athletic events sanctioned by IHSA. The minimum level of coverage must provide aggregate benefit levels of \$3 million or 5 years, whichever comes first, for injuries with total medical expenses exceeding \$50,000. The law authorizes IHSA to promulgate a plan of coverage under a group policy that provides the necessary coverage. If a district opts out of IHSA's group policy, it must offer alternative coverage and submit to IHSA a certificate from the provider stating that the insurance complies with the plan of coverage approved by IHSA.

NOTE: This item should not be adopted if the district: (1) does not maintain grades 9-12, or (2) qualifies for an exemption from the mandatory coverage (contact IHSA or the board attorney for information about claiming an exemption).

OPTIONS A and B. A district maintaining grades K-8 may, but is not required to, provide accident and/or health insurance on a group or individual basis for students injured while participating in any school-sponsored athletic activity. If so, the following may be added to item #2 (for unit districts) or may replace item #2 (for elementary districts): "Accident and/or health insurance on a group or individual basis for students in grades kindergarten through 8 participating in any school-sponsored athletic activity." If item #2 is deleted and the option is not used, the board should omit the citation to catastrophic accident insurance (5/22-15) in the legal

NOTE: Elementary districts that do not want option A should not adopt this policy update. Issue 83, October 2013

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Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, P. L. 99-272,  $\P$  1001, 100 Stat. 222, 4980B(f) of the I.R.S. Code, 42 U.S.C. \$300bb-1  $\underline{et}$  seq. 105 II.CS 5/10-20.20, 5/10-22.3, 5/10-22.3b, 5/10-22.3f, 5/10-22.34, 5/10-22.34a,  $\underline{end}$  5/10-22.34b,  $\underline{and}$  LEGAL REF.:

215 ILCS 5/. 750 ILCS 75/. 820 ILCS 305/.

ADOPTED: February 28, 2013

4:100 Page 2 of 2



# REWRITTEN

Meridian Community Unit School District #223

5:50

### **General Personnel**

### Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace; Tobacco Prohibition

All District workplaces are drug- and alcohol-free workplaces. All employees are prohibited from engaging in any of the following activities while on District premises or while performing work for the District:

- Unlawful manufacture, dispensing, distribution, possession, or use, or being under the influence of a controlled substance.
- 2. Distribution, consumption, use, possession, or being under the influence of alcohol. an alcoholic beverage.
- 3. Possession or use of medical cannabis.

For purposes of this policy a controlled substance means a substance that is:

- 1. Not legally obtainable,
- 2. Being used in a manner different than prescribed,
- 3. Legally obtainable, but has not been legally obtained, or
- 4. Referenced in federal or State controlled substance acts.

As a condition of employment, each employee shall:

- 1. Abide by the terms of the Board policy respecting a drug- and alcohol-free workplace; and
- 2. Notify his or her supervisor of his or her conviction under any criminal drug statute for a violation occurring on the District premises or while performing work for the District, no later than 5 calendar days after such a conviction.

Unless otherwise prohibited by this policy, prescription and over-the-counter medications are not prohibited when taken in standard dosages and/or according to prescriptions from the employee's licensed health care provider, provided that an employee's work performance is not impaired.

To make employees aware of the dangers of drug and alcohol abuse, the Superintendent or designee shall perform each of the following:

- 1. Provide each employee with a copy of this policy.
- 2. Post notice of this policy in a place where other information for employees is posted.
- 3. Make available materials from local, State, and national anti-drug and alcohol-abuse organizations.
- 4. Enlist the aid of community and State agencies with drug and alcohol informational and rehabilitation programs to provide information to District employees.`
- 5. Establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about:
  - a. The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace,
  - Available drug and alcohol counseling, rehabilitation, re-entry, and any employee assistance programs, and

**Comment [AKL1]:** Rewritten and retitled to include prohibition of the use of tobacco products and to clarify language throughout.

### Issue 81, March 2013

### Comment [AKL2]:

**UPDATE 1.** Prohibiting *being under the influence* is not required by the State and federal Drug-Free Workplace Acts.

## Issue 83, October 2013

### Comment [AKL3]:

UPDATE 2. To legally use medical cannabis, an individual must first become a registered qualifying patient. The use of cannabis by a registered qualifying patient is permitted only in accordance with the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program (Medical Cannabis Act) (410 ILCS 130/, added by P.A. 98-122, eff. 1-1-14). There are many situations in which no one, even a registered qualifying patient, may possess or use cannabis, including in a school bus or on the grounds of any preschool, or primary or secondary school (410 ILCS 130/30(a)(2) & (3).

### Comment [AKL4]:

Issue 83, October 2013

UPDATE 3. This optional paragraph is not addressed in State or federal drug-free workplace acts. An employer should generally not ask an employee about his or her use of medication. See rules implementing the Americans with Disabilities Act, 29 C.F.R. §1630.14. Consult the board attorney if an employee is suspected of working while impaired.

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5:50

c. The penalties that the District may impose upon employees for violations of this policy.

### Tobacco Prohibition

All employees are covered by the conduct prohibitions contained in policy 8:30, *Visitors to and Conduct on School Property*. The prohibition on the use of tobacco products applies both (1) when an employee is on school property, and (2) while an employee is performing work for the District at a school event regardless of the event's location. *Tobacco* shall have the meaning provided in section 10-20.5b of the School Code.

### District Action Upon Violation of Policy

An employee who violates this policy may be subject to disciplinary action, including termination. Alternatively, the School Board may require an employee to successfully complete an appropriate drug- or alcohol-abuse rehabilitation program.

The Board shall take disciplinary action with respect to an employee convicted of a drug offense in the workplace within 30 days after receiving notice of the conviction.

Should District employees be engaged in the performance of work under a federal contract or grant, or under a State contract or grant of \$5,000 or more, the Superintendent shall notify the appropriate State or federal agency from which the District receives contract or grant monies of the employee's conviction within 10 days after receiving notice of the conviction.

LEGAL REF.: Americans With Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §12114.

Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program, 410 ILCS 130/.

Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. §812; 21 C.F.R. §1308.11-1308.15.

Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. §701 et seq.

Safe and Drug-Free School and Communities Act of 1994, 20 U.S.C. §7101 et seq.

Drug-Free Workplace Act, 30 ILCS 580/.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.5b.

CROSS REF.: 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property)

ADOPTED:

Compare to current district policy 5:50, or consider adding to your manual if it is not now included.

### REWRITTEN

The language in this policy is amended to reflect new public acts and is reorganized for easier use. See the Update Memo for a more detailed explanation of the changes. Footnotes will be removed when the update is processed.

October 2013 5:90

# **General Personnel**

# Abused and Neglected Child Reporting 1

Any District employee who suspects or receives knowledge that a student may be an abused or neglected child or, for a student aged 18 through 21, an abused or neglected individual with a disability2, shall: (1) immediately report or cause a report to be made to the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) on its Child Abuse Hotline 800/25-ABUSE or 217/524-2606, and (2) follow directions given by DCFS concerning filing a written report within 48 hours with the nearest DCFS field office. 3 The employee shall also promptly notify the Superintendent or Building Principal that a report has been made. 4

The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted.

1 State or federal law controls this policy's content. The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA) requires school personnel to make an immediate report or cause a report to be made to DCFS; it states that they "may also notify the person in charge of [the] school," (325 ILCS 5/4). If the report involves a *disabled adult student*, employees should expect DCFS to instruct them to call the Ill. Dept. of Human Services Office (DHS) office of the Inspector General's statewide 24 hour toll-free telephone number at 1-800-843-6154 (325 ILCS 5/4.4a and 20 ILCS 1305/1-17(b). Reports involving a disabled adult student may be made directly to DHS; however, for simplicity, and to preserve a superintendent's duty to disclose certain reports involving an employee or former district employee (see discussion in f/n 10 below) and the immunity for such disclosures, the sample policy directs the initial phone call involving a disabled adult student to DCFS.

Abuse and neglect are defined in 325 ILCS 5/3 and, for disabled adult students in 20 ILCS 1305/1-17(b) and 20 ILCS 2435/15. Abuse may be generally understood as any physical or mental injury or sexual abuse inflicted on a child or disabled adult student other than by accidental means or creation of a risk of such injury or abuse by a person who is responsible for the child's or disabled adult student's welfare. Neglect may be generally understood as abandoning a child or disabled adult student or failing to provide the proper support, education, medical, or remedial care required by law by one who is responsible for the child's or disabled adult student's welfare.

Any person required by law to report abuse and neglect who willfully fails to report is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. A teaching certificate may be suspended for willful failure to report suspected child abuse or neglect as required by law (105 ILCS 5/21B-75 and 20 ILCS 1305/1-17(k)(1).

District employees who make a report in good faith receive immunity, except in cases of willful or wanton misconduct. See 325 ILCS 5/4 and 9. Further, for the purpose of any proceedings, civil or criminal, good faith of the person making the report is presumed. <u>Id</u>.

2 State child and disabled adult protection laws define the same class of individuals differently, but with the same goal: to protect a disabled adult student, not living in a DCFS licensed facility, who is still finishing school with an Individual Education Plan (IEP). The Ill. Dept. of Human Services Act, 20 ILCS 1305/1-17(b) defines "adult student with a disability" as an adult student, age 18 through 21, inclusive (through the day before the student's 22<sup>nd</sup> birthday), with an IEP other than a resident of a facility licensed by DCFS. This statutory definition is the basis for this sample policy's language. For purposes of the discussions in f/ns 1 & 10, the term "adult student with a disability" is shortened to disabled adult student.

For elementary districts, delete the following phrase from the first sentence: "or, for a student aged 18 through 21, an abused or neglected individual with a disability, ."

3 325 ILCS5/7. For a board that wants to include what a DCFS report should contain, an optional sentence follows:

- The report shall include, if known:

  1. The name and address of the child, parent/guardian names, or other persons having custody;
  - 2. The child's age;
  - 3. The child's condition, including any evidence of previous injuries or disabilities; and
  - 4. Any other information that the reporter believes may be helpful to DCFS for its investigation.

4 The sample policy makes the report to the superintendent or building principal mandatory to keep the administration informed. The administration may not force the staff member to change or modify his or her report.

Option A. – For elementary districts.

Option B. – Add items to include in a DCFS report.

5:90 Page 1 of 4

Any District employee who discovers child pornography on electronic and information technology equipment shall immediately report it to local law enforcement, the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children's CyberTipline 800/843-5678, or online at <a href="https://www.cybertipline.com">www.cybertipline.com</a>. The Superintendent or Building Principal shall also be promptly notified of the discovery and that a report has been made. 5

Any District employee who observes any act of hazing that does bodily harm to a student must report that act to the Building Principal, Superintendent, or designee who will investigate and take appropriate action. If the hazing results in death or great bodily harm, the employee must first make the report to law enforcement and then to the Superintendent or Building Principal. Hazing is defined as any intentional, knowing, or reckless act directed to or required of a student for the purpose of being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any group, organization, club, or athletic team whose members are or include other students. 6

### Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA), School Code, and Erin's Law Training

The Superintendent or designee shall provide staff development opportunities for District employees in the detection, reporting, and prevention of child abuse and neglect. 7

### All District employees shall:

- 1. Before beginning employment, sign the *Acknowledgement of Mandated Reporter Status* form provided by DCFS. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that the signed forms are retained.
- 2. Complete mandated reporter training as required by law within one year of initial employment and at least every 5 years after that date. 8

### The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted.

5 The Reporting Act requires an electronic and information technology equipment worker or the worker's employer to report a discovery of child pornography depicted on an item of electronic and information technology equipment (325 ILCS 5/4.5). Consult the board attorney to determine whether any district employees fit the definition of an *electronic and information technology worker*, i.e., are "persons who in the scope and course of their employment or business install, repair, or otherwise service electronic and information technology equipment for a fee."

The paragraph exceeds the newly added requirements by requiring *all* district employees to report a discovery of child pornography on electronic and information technology equipment. This furthers the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children's public policy goal of "empowering the public to take immediate and direct action to enforce a zero tolerance policy regarding child sexual exploitation."

Similar to school personnel who are mandated reporters, electronic and information technology equipment workers and their employers have broad immunities from criminal, civil, or administrative liabilities when they report a discovery of child pornography as required under 325 ILCS 5/4.5, except for willful or wanton misconduct (e.g. knowingly filing a false report). Failure to report a discovery of child pornography is a business offense subject to a fine of \$1001.

6 720 ILCS 5/12C-50.1(b), added by P.A. 98-393, creates a duty for *school officials* to report hazing. The term *school official* includes all school employees and volunteer coaches (<u>Id.</u>). The duty to report hazing is triggered only when the district employee was fulfilling his or her responsibilities as a school official and observed hazing which results in bodily harm (<u>Id.</u>). A report must be made to *supervising educational authorities*, which is not defined in the Act (<u>Id.</u>). Common sense, however, would require the individual witnessing hazing to report it to the building principal or superintendent. Failure to report hazing is a Class B misdemeanor. Failure to report hazing that resulted in death or great bodily harm is a Class A misdemeanor (<u>Id.</u>). 7:190-AP1, *Student Handbook - Hazing Prohibited*, uses the same definition of *hazing*; this definition is based on 720 ILCS 720 ILCS 5/12C-50.

7 While it is unclear whether this is a duty or power, 105 ILCS 5/10-23.12 authorizes boards "[t]o provide staff development for local school site personnel who work with pupils in grades kindergarten through 8, in the detection, reporting and prevention of child abuse and neglect."

The drill during such training should be: "If in question, report."

**8** The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA), 325 ILCS 5/4, amended by P.A. 98-408, also requires staff members, within one year of employment, to complete training from a provider or agency with expertise in recognizing and reporting child abuse. This training must be completed again at least every 5 years. This ANCRA training requirement addresses only new employees to a district. It is silent about how to manage individuals who were employed by a district before 7-1-2014.

The Superintendent will encourage all District educators to complete continuing professional development that addresses the traits and identifiers that may be evident in students who are victims of child sexual abuse, including recognizing and reporting child abuse and providing appropriate follow-up and care for abused students as they return to the classroom setting. 9

### Special Superintendent Responsibilities

The Superintendent shall execute the requirements in Board policy 5:150, *Personnel Records*, whenever another school district requests a reference concerning an applicant who is or was a District employee and was the subject of a report made by a District employee to DCFS. 10

The Superintendent shall notify the State Superintendent and the Regional Superintendent in writing when he or she has reasonable cause to believe that a certificate holder was dismissed or resigned from the District as a result of an act that made a child an abused or neglected child. 11 The Superintendent must make the report within 30 days of the dismissal or resignation and mail a copy of the notification to the certificate holder. 12

### Special School Board Member Responsibilities

Each individual Board member must, if an allegation is raised to the member during an open or closed Board meeting that a student is an abused child as defined in the Act, direct or cause the Board

To reduce liability and align with best practices, ANCRA training for existing district employees appears prudent; however, consult the board attorney about:

Given the public policy behind the recent amendments to 325 ILCS 5/4, a reasonable interpretation of the law is that the superintendent's duty to disclose now involves DHS reports concerning adult students with disabilities. However, with no mechanism requiring DHS to report back to the superintendent a *non-substantiated report* (DHS version of a DCFS *unfounded* report), a superintendent's duty to disclose cannot end. Consult the board attorney about managing the duty to disclose reports that involve disabled adult students when DCFS redirects the reporter to DHS. For more information, see policy 5:150, *Personnel Records*.

Whether mandating existing employees to participate in ANCRA training is an item on which collective bargaining may be required. Any policy that impacts upon wages hours, and terms and conditions of employment, is subject to collective bargaining upon request by the employee representative, even if the policy involves an inherent managerial right.

<sup>2.</sup> How to comply with both the new ANCRA training requirements and whether compliance with them would also satisfy the School Code's more limited district-provided training requirement discussed in f/n 7 above.

<sup>9</sup> Erin's Law Taskforce Final Report, authorized by 105 ILCS 5/22-65, repealed upon submission of the Report at: www.isbe.state.il.us/reports/erins-law-final0512.pdf.

<sup>10</sup> The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA), 325 ILCS 5/4, requires a superintendent, upon being requested for a reference concerning an employee or former employee, to disclose to the requesting school district the fact that a district employee has made a report involving the conduct of the applicant or caused a report to be made to DCFS. When a report involves a disabled adult student, DCFS must instruct mandated reporters making these reports to call the Ill. Dept. Human Services' Office of the Inspector General's statewide 24 hour toll-free telephone number: 1-800-368-1463 (325 ILCS 5/4.4a) to make a report under the Ill. Dept. of Human Services (DHS) Act (20 ILCS 1305/).

The DHS Act, 20 ILCS 1305/1-17, then requires a determination of whether a report involving a disabled adult student should be investigated under it or the Abuse of Adults with Disabilities Intervention Act, 20 ILCS 2435. Neither the DHS Act nor the Abuse of Adults with Disabilities Intervention Act outlines a duty for the superintendent, upon being requested for a reference concerning an employee or former employee, to disclose to the requesting school district the fact that a district employee has made a report involving the conduct of the applicant or caused a report to be made to DHS involving an adult student with a disability.

OPTION C. – Cook County districts

<sup>11</sup> Alternative for districts in suburban Cook County: replace "Regional Superintendent" with "appropriate Intermediate Educational Service Center." P.A. 96-893 abolished the Regional Office of Education for Suburban Cook County and transferred its duties and powers to Intermediate Service Centers.

<sup>12 105</sup> ILCS 5/10-21.9(e-5) requires these notifications and provides superintendents immunity from any liability, whether civil or criminal or that otherwise might result by complying with the statute.

to direct the Superintendent or other equivalent school administrator to comply with the Act's requirements concerning the reporting of child abuse. 13

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-21.9.

20 ILCS 1305/1-1 et seq.

20 ILCS 2435/. 325 ILCS 5/.

720 ILCS 5/12C-50.1.

CROSS REF.: 2:20 (Powers and Duties of the School Board), 5:20 (Workplace Harassment

Prohibited), 5:100 (Staff Development Program), 5:120 (Ethics and Conduct), 5:150 (Personnel Records), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:250 (Community Resource Persons and Volunteers), 7:20 (Harassment of

Students Prohibited), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews)

ADOPTED:

Compare to current District policy 5:90 or consider adding the policy to your manual if it is not now included.

The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted.

<sup>13 325</sup> ILCS 5/4. This statute makes board members mandatory child abuse reporters "to the extent required in accordance with other provisions of this section expressly concerning the duty of school board members to report suspected child abuse." Thus, a board member's duty is "to direct the superintendent or other equivalent school administrator to comply with the Act's requirements concerning the reporting of child abuse" whenever an "allegation is raised to a school board member during the course of an open or closed school board meeting that a child who is enrolled in the school district of which he or she is a board member is an abused child." Of course, any board member with reason to doubt that a report was or will be made should directly contact DCFS.

# REWRITTEN

October 2013 5:100

### **General Personnel**

### **Staff Development Program**

The Superintendent or designee shall implement a staff development program. The goal of such program shall be to update and improve the skills and knowledge of staff members in order to achieve and maintain a high level of job performance and satisfaction. Additionally, the development program for certificated staff members shall be designed to effectuate the District and School Improvement Plans so that student learning objectives meet or exceed goals established by the District and State.

The staff development program shall provide, at a minimum, at least once every 2 years, the inservice training of certificated school personnel and administrators on current best practices regarding the identification and treatment of attention deficit disorder and attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, the application of non-aversive behavioral interventions in the school environment, and the use of psychotropic or psychostimulant medication for school-age children.

The staff development program shall provide, at a minimum, once every 2 years, the in-service training of all District staff on educator ethics, teacher-student conduct, and school employee-student conduct.

In addition, the staff development program shall include each of the following:

- 1. At least, once every 2 years, training of all District staff by a person with expertise on anaphylactic reactions and management.
- 2. At least every 2 years, an in-service to train school personnel, at a minimum, to understand, provide information and referrals, and address issues pertaining to youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence.
- 3. Training that, at a minimum, provides District staff with a basic knowledge of matters relating to acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) and the availability of appropriate sources of counseling and referral.
- 4. Training for school personnel who work with students in grades 7 through 12 to identify the warning signs of mental illness and suicidal behavior in adolescents and teens along with appropriate intervention and referral techniques.
- 5. Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (ANCRA), School Code, and *Erin's Law* Training as follows:
  - a. Staff development for local school site personnel who work with students in grades kindergarten through 8, in the detection, reporting and prevention of child abuse and neglect (see policy 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*).
  - b. Within one year of employment, each staff member must complete mandated reporter training from a provider or agency with expertise in recognizing and reporting child abuse. Mandated reporter training must be completed again at least every 5 years (see policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting).
  - c. Informing educators about the recommendation in the *Erin's Law* Taskforce Report requesting them to attend continuing professional development programs that address the prevention and identification of child sexual abuse (see policy 5:90, *Abused and Neglected Child Reporting*).
- Education for staff instructing students in grades 7 through 12, concerning teen dating violence as recommended by the District's Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students or Complaint Manager.

Comment [AKL1]: Policy is rewritten to provide a more accessible list of in-service and trainings that the School Code requires districts to provide, and to add new training requirements. (See numbers 4, 5, and 6.)

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An opportunity shall be provided for all staff members to acquire, develop, and maintain the knowledge and skills necessary to properly administer life-saving techniques and first aid, including the Heimlich maneuver, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, in accordance with a nationally recognized certifying organization. Physical fitness facilities' staff must be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and use of an automated external defibrillator.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.60, 5/10-22.39, 5/10-23.12, 5/24-5, and 110/3.

325 ILCS 5/4, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

745 ILCS 49/, Good Samaritan Act.

CROSS REF.: 3:40 (Superintendent), 3:50 (Administrative Personnel Other Than the

Superintendent), 4:160 (Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds), 5:20 (Workplace Harassment Prohibited), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 5:120 (Ethics and Conduct), 5:250 (Leaves of Absence), 6:15 (School Accountability), 6:20 (School Year Calendar and Day), 6:160 (English Language Learners), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:180 (Preventing Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:285 (Food Allergy Management Program), 7:290 (Suicide Awareness and Prevention Program), 7:305 (Student Athlete

Concussions and Head Injuries)

### ADPOPTED:

Compare to current District policy 5:90 or consider adding the policy to your manual if it is not now included.

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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

5:120

### **General Personnel**

### **Ethics and Conduct**

All District employees are expected to maintain high standards in their school relationships, to demonstrate integrity and honesty, to be considerate and cooperative, and to maintain professional and appropriate relationships with students, parents, staff members, and others. In addition, the *Code of Ethics for Illinois Educators*, adopted by the Illinois State Board of Education, is incorporated by reference into this policy. The Superintendent or designee shall identify appropriate employee conduct standards and provide them to staff members. Any employee who sexually harasses a student or otherwise violates an employee conduct standard will be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal.

The following employees must file a "Statement of Economic Interests" as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act:

- 1. Superintendent;
- 2. Building Principal;
- 3. Head of any department;
- 4. Any employee responsible for negotiating contracts, including collective bargaining agreement, in the amount of \$1,000 or greater;
- 5. Hearing officer;
- 6. Any employee having supervisory authority for 20 or more employees; and
- Any employee in a position that requires an administrative or a chief school business official endorsement.

### Ethics and Gift Ban

School Board policy 2:105, *Ethics and Gift Ban*, applies to all District employees. Students shall not be used in any manner for promoting a political candidate or issue.

### Outside Employment and Conflict of Interest

No District employee shall be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, work, or business of the District, or in the sale of any article by or to the District, except when the employee is the author or developer of instructional materials listed with the State Board of Education and adopted for use by the School Board. An employee having an interest in instructional materials must file an annual statement with the Board Secretary.

For the purpose of acquiring profit or personal gain, no employee shall act as an agent of the District nor shall an employee act as an agent of any business in any transaction with the District.

Employees shall not engage in any other employment or in any private business during regular working hours or at such other times as are necessary to fulfill appropriate assigned duties.

Comment [AKL1]: Boards are not required to include ISBE's Code of Ethics for Illinois Educators in a board policy. Incorporating it by reference into a policy demonstrates a board's commitment to the Code's principles and may allow a board to enforce the Code independently from any action taken by the State Superintendent.

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Incorporated

by reference: 5:120-E (Exhibit - Code of Ethics for Illinois Educators)

LEGAL REF.: U.S. Constitution, First Amendment.

5 ILCS 420/4A-101 and 430/.

50 ILCS 135/.

105 ILCS 5/10-22.39, 5/22-5, and 5/24-22.

775 ILCS 5/5A-102.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 22, Code of Ethics for Illinois Educators. Pickering v. Board of Township H.S. Dist. 205, 391 U.S. 563 (1968).

Garcetti v. Ceballos, 547 U.S. 410 (2006).

CROSS REF.: 2:105 (Ethics and Gift Ban); 5:100 (Staff Development Program)

ADOPTED: April 12, 2012

Comment [AKL2]: NOTE: The designation "Incorporated by Reference" is added to a policy when a statute includes mandatory procedural requirements. The district should either access PRESS Online for IASB's sample procedure, or develop its own.

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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

5:200

### **Professional Personnel**

### Terms and Conditions of Employment and Dismissal

The School Board delegates authority and responsibility to the Superintendent to manage the terms and conditions for the employment of professional personnel. The Superintendent shall act reasonably and comply with State and federal law as well as any applicable collective bargaining agreement in effect. The Superintendent is responsible for making dismissal recommendations to the Board consistent with the Board's goal of having a highly qualified, high performing staff.

<u>Duty-Free Lunch, School Year and Day, Salary, Assignments and Transfers, Dismissal, Evaluation,</u> Work Calendar

Please refer to the following current agreement:

"Contractual Agreement between Board of Education of Community Unit School District No. 223, Ogle and Winnebago Counties, Illinois and The Stillman Valley Education Association."

#### Nursing Mothers

The District accommodates employees who are nursing mothers according to provisions in the Nursing Mothers in the Workplace Act .

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-19, 5/18-8, 5/22.4, 5/24-16.5, 5/24-2, 5/24-8, 5/24-9, 5/24-11, 5/24-

12, 5/24-21, 5/24A-1 through 24A-20.

820 ILCS 260/1 et seq.

23 Ill.Admin.Code Parts 50 (Evaluation of Certified Employees) and 51 (Dismissal

of Tenured Teachers).

Cleveland Board of Education v. Loudermill, 105 S.Ct. 1487(1985).

CROSS REF.: 5:290 (Employment Termination and Suspensions), 6:20 (School Year Calendar

and Day)

ADOPTED: November 15, 2012

Comment [AKL1]: Legal references are updated.
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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

6:60

### <u>Instruction</u>

### **Curriculum Content**

The curriculum shall contain instruction on subjects required by State statute or regulation as follows:

- 1. In kindergarten through grade 8, subjects include: (a) language arts, (b) reading, (c) other communication skills, (d) science, (e) mathematics, (f) social studies, (g) art, (h) music, and (i) drug and substance abuse prevention. A reading opportunity of 60 minutes per day will be promoted for all students in kindergarten through grade 3 whose reading levels are one grade level or more lower than their current grade level.
- 2. In grades 9 through 12, subjects include: (a) language arts, (b) writing intensive course, (c) science, (d) mathematics, (e) social studies including U.S. history, (f) foreign language, (g) music, (h) art, (i) driver and safety education, and (j) vocational education.
  - Students otherwise eligible to take a driver education course must receive a passing grade in at least 14 courses during the previous 2 semesters before enrolling in the course. The Superintendent or designee may waive this requirement if he or she believes a waiver to be in the student's best interest. The course shall include classroom instruction on distracted driving as a major traffic safety issue. Automobile safety instruction covering traffic regulations and highway safety must include instruction on the consequences of alcohol consumption and the operation of a motor vehicle. The eligibility requirements contained in State law for the receipt of a certificate of completion from the Secretary of State shall be provided to students in writing at the time of their registration.
- 3. In grades 7 through 12, as well as in interscholastic athletic programs, steroid abuse prevention must be taught.
- 4. In kindergarten through grade 12, provided it can be funded by private grants or the federal government, violence prevention and conflict resolution must be stressed, including: (a) causes of conflict, (b) consequences of violent behavior, (c) non-violent resolution, and (d) relationships between drugs, alcohol, and violence.
- 5. In grades kindergarten through 12, age-appropriate Internet safety must be taught, the scope of which shall be determined by the Superintendent or designee. The curriculum must incorporate policy 6:235, *Access to Electronic Networks* and, at a minimum, include: (a) education about appropriate online behavior, (b) interacting with other individuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms, and (c) cyberbullying awareness and response.
- 6. In all grades, character education must be taught including respect, responsibility, fairness, caring, trustworthiness, and citizenship in order to raise students' honesty, kindness, justice, discipline, respect for others, and moral courage.
- 7. In all schools, citizenship values must be taught, including: (a) patriotism, (b) principles of freedom, justice, and equality offered by the republic, (c) proper use and display of the American flag, (d) the Pledge of Allegiance, and (e) the voting process.
- 8. In all grades, physical education must be taught including a developmentally planned and sequential curriculum that fosters the development of movement skills, enhances health-

6:60 Page 1 of 3

related fitness, increases students' knowledge, offers direct opportunities to learn how to work cooperatively in a group setting, and encourages healthy habits and attitudes for a healthy lifestyle. Unless otherwise exempted, all students are required to engage daily during the school day, except on block scheduled days for those schools in block scheduling, in a physical education course. For exemptions and substitutions, see policies 6:310, Credit for Alternative Courses and Programs, and Course Substitution, and 7:260, Exemption from Physical Activity.

- 9. In all schools, health education must be stressed, including: (a) proper nutrition, (b) physical fitness, (c) components necessary to develop a sound mind in a healthy body, and (d) dangers and avoidance of abduction, and (e) age-appropriate sexual abuse and assault awareness and prevention education in all grades. The Superintendent shall implement a comprehensive health education program in accordance with State law.
- 10. In all schools, career/vocational education must be taught, including: (a) the importance of work, (b) the development of basic skills to enter the world of work and/or continue formal education, (c) good work habits and values, (d) the relationship between learning and work, and (e) if possible, a student work program that provides the student with work experience as an extension of the regular classroom. A career awareness and exploration program must be available at all grade levels.
- 11. In grades 9 through 12, consumer education must be taught, including: financial literacy; installment purchasing; budgeting, savings, and investing; banking; simple contracts; income taxes; personal insurance policies; the comparison of prices; homeownership; and the roles of consumers interacting with agriculture, business, labor unions, and government in formulating and achieving the goals of the mixed free enterprise system.
- 12. In all schools, conservation of natural resources must be taught, including: (a) home ecology, (b) endangered species, (c) threats to the environment, and (d) the importance of the environment to life as we know it.
- 13. In all schools, United States history must be taught, including: (a) the principles of representative government, (b) the Constitutions of the U.S. and Illinois, (c) the role of the U.S. in world affairs, (d) the role of labor unions, and (e) the role and contributions of ethnic groups, including but not limited to, the African Americans, Albanians, Asian Americans, Bohemians, Czechs, French, Germans, Hispanics (including the events related to the forceful removal and illegal deportation of Mexican-American U.S. citizens during the Great Depression), Hungarians, Irish, Italians, Lithuanians, Polish, Russians, Scots, and Slovakians in the history of this country and State.
  - In addition, all schools shall hold an educational program on the United States Constitution on Constitution Day, each September 17, commemorating the September 17, 1787 signing of the Constitution. However, when September 17 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, Constitution Day shall be held during the preceding or following week.
- 14. In grade 7 and all high school courses concerning U.S. history or a combination of U.S. history and American government, students must view a Congressional Medal of Honor film made by the Congressional Medal of Honor Foundation, provided there is no cost for the film.
- 15. In all schools, the curriculum includes a unit of instruction on the Holocaust and crimes of genocide, including Nazi atrocities of 1933-1945, Armenian Genocide, the Famine-Genocide in Ukraine, and more recent atrocities in Cambodia, Bosnia, Rwanda, and Sudan.

Comment [AKL1]: Policy is updated with a reference to child sexual abuse and assault prevention education (Erin's Law 105 ILCS 5/22-65, added by P.A. 96-1524 and 105 ILCS 110/3, amended by P.A. 97-1147). P.A. 97-1147 requires age-appropriate education for all grades (formerly only secondary schools) about child sexual abuse and assault prevention. Erin's Law requires school boards to have a policy that addresses education about and prevention of child sexual abuse. See 7:185, Teen Dating Violence Prohibited for the required "teen dating violence policy." Issue 83, October 2013

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- 16. In all schools, the curriculum includes a unit of instruction on the history, struggles, and contributions of women.
- 17. In all schools, the curriculum includes a unit of instruction on Black History, including the history of the African slave trade, slavery in America, and the vestiges of slavery in this country, as well as the struggles and contributions of African-Americans.
- 18. In all schools offering a secondary agricultural education program, courses as required by 105 ILCS 5/2-3.80.
- 19. In all schools, instruction during courses as determined by the Superintendent or designee on disability history, awareness, and the disability rights movement.

LEGAL REF .: 5 ILCS 465/3 and 465/3a.

20 ILCS 2605/2605-480.

105 ILCS 5/2-3.80(e) and (f), 5/27-3, 5/27-3.5, 5/27-5, 5/27-6, 5/27-7, 5/27-12, 5/27-12.1, 5/27-13.1, 5/27-13.2, 5/27-20.3, 5/27-20.4, 5/27-20.5, 5/27-21, 5/27-22, 5/27-23.3, 5/27-23.4, 5/27-23.7, 5/27-23.8, 5/27-24.2, 435/, and 110/3.

625 ILCS 5/6-408.5.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.420, 1.430, and 1.440.

Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-447, Section 111 of

Division J.

Protecting Children in the 21st Century Act, Pub. L. No. 110-385, Title II, 122 stat. 4096 (2008).

47 C.F.R. §54.520.

CROSS REF .: 6:20 (School Year Calendar and Day), 6:40 (Curriculum Development), 6:70

(Teaching About Religions), 6:235 (Access to Electronic Networks), 7:185 (Teen <u>Dating Violence Prohibited</u>), 7:190 (Student Discipline); 7:260 (Exemption from

Physical Activity)

ADOPTED: February 28, 2013

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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

6:250

### <u>Instruction</u>

### **Community Resource Persons and Volunteers**

The School Board encourages the use of resource persons and volunteers to: (1) increase students' educational attainment, (2) provide enrichment experiences for students, (3) increase the effective utilization of staff time and skills, (4) give more individual attention to students, and (5) promote greater community involvement.

Resource persons and volunteers may be used:

- 1. For non-teaching duties not requiring instructional judgment or evaluation of students;
- 2. For supervising study halls, long distance teaching reception areas used incident to instructional programs transmitted by electronic media (such as computers, video, and audio), detention and discipline areas, and school-sponsored extracurricular activities;
- 3. To assist with academic programs under a certificated teacher's immediate supervision;
- 4. As a guest lecturer or resource person under a certificated teacher's direction and with the administration's approval; or
- 5. As supervisors, chaperones, or sponsors for non-academic school activities.

The Superintendent shall establish procedures for securing and screening resource persons and volunteers. A person who is a "sex offender," as defined by the Sex Offender Registration Act, or a "violent offender against youth," as defined in the Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Registration Act, is prohibited from being a resource person or volunteer. All volunteer coaches must comply with the requirement to report hazing in policy 5:90, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-22.34, 5/10-22.34a, and 5/10-22.34b.

720 ILCS 5/12C-50.1.

730 ILCS 152/101 et seq. and 154/75-105.

CROSS REF.: 4:170 (Safety), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 5:280 (Duties and

Qualifications), 8:30 (Visitors to and Conduct on School Property), 8:95

(Parental Involvement)

ADOPTED: October 22, 2009

Comment [AKL1]: Required by 720 ILCS 5/12C-50.1, added by P.A. 98-393. See policy 5:90 for more information. Issue 83, October 2013

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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

6:310

### Instruction

### Credit for Alternative Courses and Programs, and Course Substitutions

### Distance Learning Courses, Including Virtual or Online Courses

A student enrolled in a distance learning course, including a virtual or online course, may receive high school credit for work completed, provided:

- 1. The course is offered by an institution approved by the Superintendent or designee;
- 2. The Building Principal approves the course in advance.

Students may be limited as to the number of distance learning courses that apply toward high school credit. Grades earned in approved distance learning courses count toward a student's grade point average, class rank, and eligibility for athletic and extra-curricular activities. The District may pay the fee for expelled students who are permitted to take virtual or online courses in alternative settings.

### **Exchange Programs**

An exchange student will be granted a diploma if he or she completes the criteria for graduation established by the State of Illinois and the School Board. The Board may grant a certificate of attendance to exchange students.

District students will receive high school credit for foreign exchange courses that meet the criteria established in the curriculum and that are approved by the Building Principal. International study course work not meeting District requirements may be placed in the student's permanent record and recorded as an international study experience.

### Summer School and Independent Study

A student will receive high school credit for successfully completing: (1) any course given by an institution accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, and (2) independent study in a curriculum area not offered by the District, provided the student obtains the consent of a supervising teacher as well as the Building Principal.

### College Courses

A student who successfully completes community college courses may receive high school credit, provided:

- The course is approved in advance by the student's guidance counselor and the High School Principal; and
- 2. The student assumes responsibility for all fees.

The Superintendent or designee will report Alternative Course utilization to the School Board.

### **Dual Credit Courses**

A student who successfully completes a dual credit course may receive credit at both the college and high school level.

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#### Foreign Language Courses

A student will receive high school credit by studying foreign language in an approved ethnic school program, provided such program meets the minimum standards established by the State Board of Education.

The amount of credit will be based on foreign language proficiency achieved. The Building Principal may require a student seeking foreign language credit to successfully complete a foreign language proficiency examination.

#### Military Service

The Board may accept military service experience as credit toward graduation, provided the student making the request has a recommendation from the U.S. Commission of Accreditation of Service Experiences. The student seeking credit shall supply any documents or transcripts necessary to support the request.

### Youth Apprenticeship Vocational Education Program (Tech Prep)

Students participating in the Youth Apprenticeship Vocational Education Program (Tech Prep) may earn credit toward graduation for work-related training received at manufacturing facilities or agencies.

### Vocational Academy

Students enrolled in the Vocational Academy earn credit toward graduation as provided in the Academy's design.

### Substitutions for Physical Education, Adapted Physical Education and Other Required Courses

A student in grades 9-12 may satisfy one or more high school courses (including physical education) or graduation requirements by successfully completing related vocational or technical education courses if:

- The Building Principal approves the substitution and the vocational or technical education course is completely described in curriculum material along with its relationship to the required course; and
- 2. The student's parent/guardian request and approve the substitution in writing on forms provided by the District.

A student in grades 9-12, unless otherwise stated, may submit a written request to the Building Principal to be excused from physical education courses for the reasons stated below. The Superintendent or designee shall maintain records showing that the criteria set forth in this policy were applied to the student's individual circumstances.

- 1. Enrollment in a marching band program for credit;
- 2. Enrollment in Reserve Officer's Training Corps (ROTC) program sponsored by the District;
- 3. Ongoing participation in an interscholastic athletic program (student must be in the 11th or 12th grade);
- 4. Enrollment in academic classes that are required for admission to an institution of higher learning (student must be in the 11th or 12th grade); or

A student requiring adapted physical education must receive that service in accordance with the student's Individualized Educational Program/Plan (IEP).

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A student in grades 3-12 who is eligible for special education may be excused from physical education courses if when:

- 1. The student's parent/guardian agrees that the student must utilize the time set aside for physical education to receive special education support and services, or
- The student's individualized education program team determines that the student must utilize the time set aside for physical education to receive special education support and services.
- He or she is in grades 3-12, and his or her IEP requires that special education support and services be provided during physical education time, and the student's parent/guardian agrees or the IEP team makes the determination;
- 3.2. He or she has an IEP and is participating in an adaptive athletic program outside of the school setting, and the parent/guardian documents the student's participation as required by the Superintendent or designee.

The agreement or determination must be made a part of the individualized education program. A student requiring adapted physical education must receive that service in accordance with the student's individualized education program.

High School Athletics

Student and parent/guardian will meet with school officials to initiate the process to re-establish eligibility. This meeting will include a review of why the student was not able to meet the eligibility standard during the second semester of the school year. This meeting will also include commitments that the student will make to meet eligibility standards. The students and parent will also be required to fill out and sign off on an eligibility re-instatement sheet.

Student will need to meet the following conditions and academic requirements to re-establish eligibility.

- a. After three week grading period, the ineligible student becomes eligible by meeting the 4.0 (C-) grade point average threshold and is not failing any courses.
- b. Student meets weekly eligibility requirements.
- c. Student meets the 4.0 (C-) grade point average threshold and is not failing any courses at each three week grading period or will become ineligible for the next three week grading period.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/2-3.44, 5/2-3.108, 5/2-3.115, 5/2-3.142, 5/10-22.43a, 5/27-6, 5/27-

22.3, and 5/27-22.05.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §§1.420(p), 1.440(j), and 4.450(c).

CROSS REF.: 6:180 (Extended Instructional Programs), 6:300 (Graduation Requirements),

6:320 (High School Credit for Proficiency), 7:260 (Exemption from Physical

Activity)

ADOPTED: April 12, 2012

**Comment [AKL1]:** The policy is updated in response to 105 ILCS 5/27-6, amended by P.A. 98-116.

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# **NEW**

All boards with students enrolled in grades 7 through 12 must have a policy on teen dating violence (105 ILCS 110/3.10, added by P.A. 98-190). This sample policy is designed to align with a district's already-existing procedures for reporting bullying and school violence. See f/n 7. Footnotes will be removed when the update is processed.

October 2013 7:185

# **Students**

# **Teen Dating Violence Prohibited 1**

Engaging in teen dating violence that takes place at school, on school property, at school-sponsored activities, or in vehicles used for school-provided transportation is prohibited. 2 For purposes of this policy, the term *teen dating violence* occurs whenever a student who is 13 to 19 years of age uses or threatens to use physical, mental, or emotional abuse to control an individual in the dating relationship; or uses or threatens to use sexual violence in the dating relationship. 3

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and maintain a program to respond to incidents of teen dating violence that: 4

- 1. Fully implements and enforces each of the following Board policies: 5
  - a. 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*. This policy prohibits any person from harassing intimidating, or bullying a student based on the student's actual or perceived characteristics of sex; sexual orientation; gender identity; and gender-related identity or expression (this policy includes more protected statuses).
  - b. 7:180, *Preventing Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment*. This policy prohibits students from engaging in bullying, intimidation, and harassment at school, school-related events

**OPTION** 

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The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted.

<sup>1</sup> All school boards with students enrolled in grades 7 through 12 must have a policy on teen dating violence (105 ILCS 110/3.10, added by P.A. 98-190). This sample policy is designed to align with a district's already-existing procedures for reporting bullying and school violence. See f/n 7. The curriculum components for teen dating violence education are listed in administrative procedure 6:60-AP, Comprehensive Health Education Program.

<sup>2 105</sup> ILCS 110/3.10(b), added by P.A. 98-190. School officials must proceed carefully before disciplining a student for out-of-school conduct. A school's authority over off-campus conduct is much more limited than incidents that occur on school grounds. However, school officials may generally: (1) remove a student from extracurricular activities when the conduct code for participation requires students to conduct themselves at all times as good citizens and exemplars of the school (see 7:240, Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities); and (2) suspend or expel a student from school attendance when the student's expression causes substantial disruption to school operations.

<sup>3 105</sup> ILCS 110/3.10(a), added by P.A. 98-190. For districts that wish to broaden the ages (e.g., perhaps include 11-12 year olds in a middle school setting), delete the following phrase from the first sentence: "who is 13 to 19 years of age". The law defines dating or dating relationship as an "ongoing social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature between two persons." The terms do not include "a casual relationship or ordinary fraternization between two persons in a business or social context."

<sup>4</sup> Required by 105 ILCS 110/3.10(b)(3), added by P.A. 98-190.

<sup>5</sup> Be sure the referenced board policies, as adopted locally, contain the language paraphrased in this policy. If not, either substitute similar language from the locally adopted board policies on the same topics, or just insert the titles from relevant locally adopted policies.

The statutory content requirements for a teen dating policy include "establish[ing] procedures for the manner in which employees of a school are to respond to incidents of teen dating violence." This policy fulfills this requirement by incorporating by reference the following administrative procedure: 7:180-AP1, *Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying and School Violence*. This means that 7:180-AP1 should be considered to be part of this policy.

and electronically. Prohibited conduct includes threats, stalking, physical violence, sexual harassment, sexual violence, theft, public humiliation, destruction of property, or retaliation for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.

- 2. Encourages anyone with information about incidents of teen dating violence to report them to any of the following individuals: 6
  - a. Any school staff member. School staff shall respond to incidents of teen dating violence by following the District's established procedures for the prevention, identification, investigation, and response to bullying and school violence. 7
  - b. The Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager identified in policy 7:20, *Harassment of Students Prohibited*. 8
- 3. Incorporates age-appropriate instruction in grades 7 through 12, in accordance with the District's comprehensive health education program in Board policy 6:60, *Curriculum Content*. This includes incorporating student social and emotional development into the District's educational program as required by State law and in alignment with Board policy 6:65, *Student Social and Emotional Development*. 9
- 4. Incorporates education for school staff, as recommended by the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager. 10
- 5. Notifies students and parents/guardians of this policy. 11

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The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted.

**<sup>6</sup>** 105 ILCS 110/3.10(b)(4), added by P.A. 98-190, requires the policy to identify by job title which school officials are responsible for receiving reports related to teen dating violence.

<sup>7</sup> Id. at f/ns 5 & 6. Sexual violence is one listed component of teen dating violence (105 ILCS 110/3.10 (a), added by P.A. 98-190). Sexual violence has also been found by the III. Gen. Assembly to be a component of bullying and school violence (105 ILCS 5/27-23.7). Thus, identifying any school staff member is consistent with 7:180-AP1, Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying and School Violence, which uses the student-friendly reporting system outlined in 7:180-AP1, E2, Be a Hero by Reporting Bullying and School Violence.

<sup>8</sup> Id. Under any reporting system, a report involving bullying and school violence that is based upon a protected status (often teen dating violence will involve conduct based upon the target's sex) must be referred to the district's Nondiscrimination Coordinator, Building Principal, Assistant Building Principal, Dean of Students, or a Complaint Manager (7:20, Harassment of Students Prohibited). Customize this list to reflect local conditions. These individuals may also take reports directly from students.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Required by 105 ILCS 110/3.10(b)(2). The curriculum-specific components for teen dating violence education are listed in administrative procedure 6:60-AP, *Comprehensive Health Education Program*.

<sup>10</sup> Id. For boards that add the optional paragraphs in policy 5:100, Staff Development, add the phrase "and policy 5:100, Staff Development."

<sup>11</sup> Required by 105 ILCS 110/3.10(b)(5). Boards must communicate this policy to students and their parents/guardians. This may be accomplished, in part, by (1) sending 7:185-E, *Memo to Parents/Guardians Regarding Teen Dating Violence*, and (2) amending the district's anti-bullying campaign statement(s), such as the following, in the student handbook and school website:

Bullying, teen dating violence, intimidation, and harassment are not acceptable in any form and will not be tolerated at school or any school-related activity. The School District will take disciplinary action against any student who participates in such conduct or who retaliates against someone for reporting incidents of bullying, teen dating violence, intimidation, or harassment.

**NOTE:** The designation "Incorporated by Reference" is added to a policy when a statute includes mandatory procedural requirements. The district should either access PRESS Online for IASB's sample procedure, or develop its own.

Incorporated by Reference:

7:180-AP1, (Prevention, Identification, Investigation, and Response to Bullying and School Violence)

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 110/3.10.

CROSS REF.: 2:240 (Board Policy Development), 5:100 (Staff Development), 5:230

(Maintaining Student Discipline), 6:60 (Curriculum Content), 6:65 (Student Social and Emotional Development), 7:20 (Harassment of Students Prohibited), 7:180 (Preventing Bullying, Intimidation, and Harassment), 7:185 (Teen Dating Violence Prohibited), 7:190 (Student Discipline), 7:220 (Bus Conduct), 7:230 (Misconduct by Students with Disabilities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants

in Extracurricular Activities)

ADOPTED:

Meridian Community Unit School District #223

7:300

### **Students**

### **Extracurricular Athletics**

Student participation in school-sponsored extracurricular athletic activities is contingent upon the following:

- 1. The student must meet the academic criteria set forth in the School Board policy on school sponsored extracurricular activities.
- 2. The parent(s)/guardian(s) must provide written permission for the student's participation, giving the District full waiver of responsibility of the risks involved.
- 3. The student must present a certificate of physical fitness issued by a licensed physician, an advanced practice nurse, or a physician assistant who assures that the student's health status allows for active athletic participation.
- 4. District students are covered by the umbrella insurance package through CLIC.
- 5. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must provide written consent to random drug and alcohol testing pursuant to the Extracurricular Drug and Alcohol Testing Program.
- 6. The student and his or her parent(s)/guardian(s) must complete forms required by the Illinois High School Association (IHSA) concerning its performance-enhancing substance testing program, implemented in accordance with State law, before the student may participate in an athletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by IHSA.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain the necessary records to ensure student compliance with this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.30, and 25/2.

23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.530(b).

CROSS REF.: 4:100 (Insurance Management), 4:170 (Safety), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-

Curricular Activities), 7:240 (Conduct Code for Participants in Extracurricular Activities), 7:330 (Student Use of Buildings - Equal Access), 7:340 (Student

Records)

ADOPTED April 12, 2012

Comment [AkL1]: Cross Reference is updated. 105 ILCS 5/22-15, amended by P.A. 98-166, requires (with limited exceptions) each school district having grades 9-12 to maintain catastrophic insurance coverage for student athletes who sustain an accidental injury while participating in interscholastic athletic events sanctioned by IHSA that results in medical expenses in excess of \$50,000. A district maintaining grades K-8 may, but is not required to, provide accident and/or health insurance on a group or individual basis for students injured while participating in any school-sponsored athletic activity. For more information, see 4:100, Insurance Management.

NOTE: Cross Reference change does not apply to elementary districts that did not adopt Option A in policy 4:100. Issue 83, October 2013

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Meridian Community Unit School District #223

8:30

### **Community Relations**

### Visitors to and Conduct on School Property

The following definitions apply to this policy:

School property - <u>District and</u> school buildings and grounds, <u>parking areas</u>; vehicles used for school purposes; and any location used for a School Board meeting, school athletic event, or other school-sponsored event.

**Visitor** - Any person other than an enrolled student or District employee.

All visitors to school property are required to report to the Building Principal's office and receive permission to remain on school property. All visitors must sign a visitors' log and wear a visitor's badge. When leaving the school, visitors must return their badge. Persons on school property without permission will be directed to leave and may be subject to criminal prosecution.

Except as provided in the next paragraph, any person wishing to confer with a staff member should contact that staff member by telephone or email to make an appointment. Conferences with teachers are held, to the extent possible, outside school hours or during the teacher's conference/preparation period.

Requests to access a school building, facility, and/or educational program, or to interview personnel or a student for purposes of assessing the student's special education needs, should be made at the appropriate building. Access shall be facilitated according to guidelines from the Superintendent or designee.

The School District expects mutual respect, civility, and orderly conduct among all people on school property or at a school event. No person on school property or at a school event (including visitors, students, and employees) shall <u>perform any of the following acts</u>:

- Strike, injure, threaten, harass, or intimidate a staff member, a Board member, sports official
  or coach, or any other person;
- 2. Behave in an unsportsmanlike manner, or use vulgar or obscene language;
- 3. <u>Unless specifically permitted by State law</u>, possess a weapon, any object that can reasonably be considered a weapon or looks like a weapon, or any dangerous device.
- 4. Damage or threaten to damage another's property;
- 5. Damage or deface school property;
- 6. Violate any Illinois law, or town or county ordinance;
- 7. Smoke or otherwise use tobacco products;
- Consume, possess, distribute, or be under the influence of <u>an</u> alcoholic <u>beverages</u> <u>beverage</u> or illegal <u>drugs</u>; drug.

**Comment [AKL1]: UPDATE 1.** Definition of "school property" is updated to include parking areas.

Issue 83, October 2013

### Comment [AKL2]:

UPDATE 2. With one exception, a license to carry a firearm does not permit an individual to carry a concealed firearm on or into any building, real property, and or parking area under the control of an elementary or secondary school, or any bus paid for in whole or part with public funds.

That exception is contained in the following optional provision:

provision:

OPTION. Replace #3 with the following: "Possess a weapon, any object that can reasonably be considered a weapon or looks like a weapon or any dangerous device; however, an individual licensed to carry a concealed firearm under the Illinois Firearm Concealed Carry Act is permitted to carry a concealed firearm within a vehicle into a parking area controlled by a school or District and may store a firearm or ammunition concealed in a case within a locked vehicle or locked container out of plain view within the vehicle in the parking area."

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#### 8.9. Use or possess medical cannabis.

- 9-10. Impede, delay, disrupt, or otherwise interfere with any school activity or function (including using cellular phones in a disruptive manner);
- 40.11.Enter upon any portion of school premises at any time for purposes other than those that are lawful and authorized by the Board;
- 41-12. Operate a motor vehicle: (a) in a risky manner, (b) in excess of 20 miles per hour, or (c) in violation of an authorized District employee's directive;
- 12.13. Engage in any risky behavior, including roller-blading, roller-skating, or skateboarding;
- 13-14. Violate other District policies or regulations, or a directive from an authorized security officer or District employee; or
- 144,15.Engage in any conduct that interferes with, disrupts, or adversely affects the District or a School function.

### Convicted Child Sex Offender

State law prohibits a child sex offender from being present on school property or loitering within 500 feet of school property when persons under the age of 18 are present, unless the offender meets either of the following two exceptions:

- 1. The offender is a parent/guardian of a student attending the school and has notified the Building Principal of his or her presence at the school for the purpose of: (i) attending a conference with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or her child such as retention and promotion; or
- 2. The offender received permission to be present from the Board, Superintendent, or Superintendent's designee. If permission is granted, the Superintendent or Board President shall provide the details of the offender's upcoming visit to the Building Principal.

In all cases, the Superintendent, or designee who is a certified employee, shall supervise a child sex offender whenever the offender is in a child's vicinity.

### Exclusive Bargaining Representative Agent

### Please refer to the following current agreement:

"Contractual Agreement between Board of Education of Community Unit School District No. 223, Ogle and Winnebago Counties, Illinois and The Stillman Valley Education Association."

### For employees not covered by this agreement:

Authorized agents of an exclusive bargaining representative, upon notifying the Building Principal's office, may meet with a school employee (or group of employees) in the school building during free-times of such employees.

### Enforcement

Any staff member may request identification from any person on school property; refusal to provide such information is a criminal act. The Building Principal or designee shall seek the immediate removal of any person who refuses to provide requested identification.

Comment [AKL3]:

UPDATE 3. To legally use medical cannabis, an individual must first become a registered qualifying patient. The use of cannabis by a registered qualifying patient is permitted only in accordance with the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program (Medical Cannabis Act) (410 ILCS 130/, added by P.A. 98-122 (eff. 1-1-14). There are many situations in which no one, even a registered qualifying patient, may possess or use cannabis, including (a) in a school bus, (b) on the grounds of any preschool or primary or secondary school, or (c) in close physical proximity to anyone under the age of 18 years of age.

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Any person who engages in conduct prohibited by this policy may be ejected from school property. The person is also subject to being denied admission to school events or meetings for up to one calendar year.

### Procedures to Deny Future Admission to School Events or Meetings

Before any person may be denied admission to school events or meetings as provided in this policy, the person has a right to a hearing before the Board. The Superintendent may refuse the person admission pending such hearing. The Superintendent or designee must provide the person with a hearing notice, delivered or sent by certified mail with return receipt requested, at least 10 days before the Board hearing date. The hearing notice must contain:

- 1. The date, time, and place of the Board hearing,
- 2. A description of the prohibited conduct,
- 3. The proposed time period that admission to school events will be denied, and
- 4. Instructions on how to waive a hearing.

LEGAL REF.: Nuding v. Cerro Gordo Community Unit School Dist., 730 N.E.2d 96 (Ill.App.4,

2000)

Pro-Children Act of 1994, 20 U.S.C. §7181 <u>et seq.</u> 105 ILCS 5/10-20.5b, 5/24-24, and 5/24-25.

410 ILCS 130/, Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Pilot Program.

430 ILCS 66/, Firearm Concealed Carry Act.

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3.

CROSS REF.: 4:170 (Safety), 6:120 (Education of Children with Disabilities), 6:250

(Community Resource Persons and Volunteers), 7:190 (Student Discipline), 8:20

(Community Use of School Facilities)

ADOPTED: April 12, 2012

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