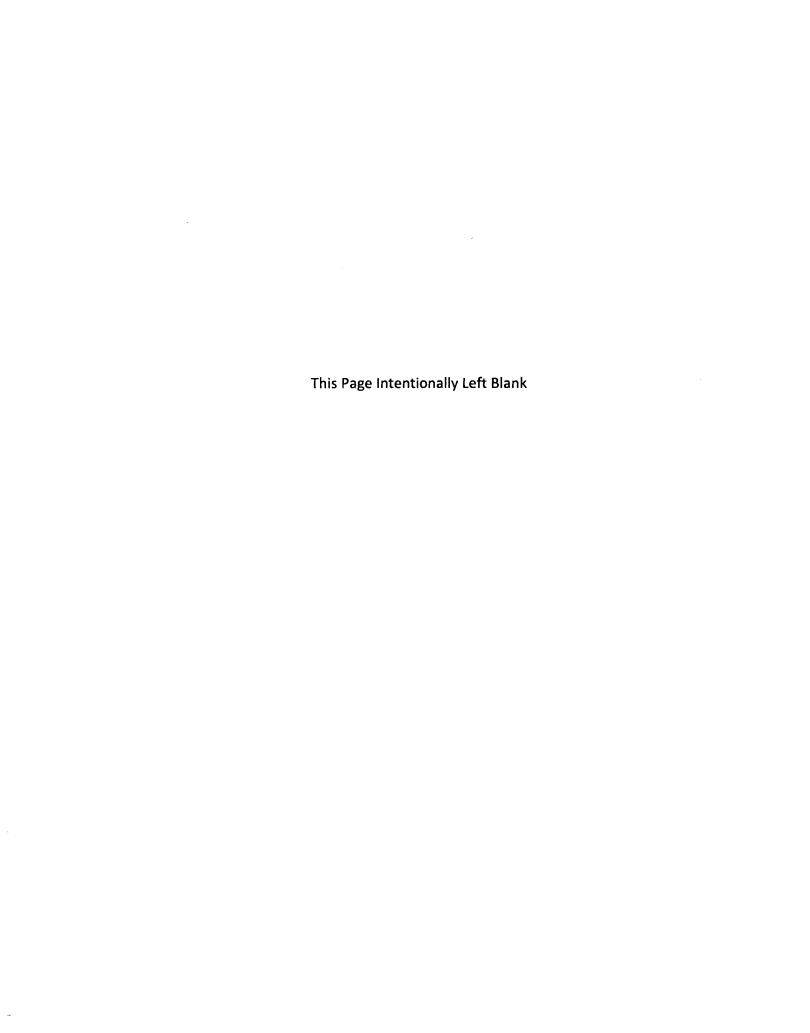


CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 28JT MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

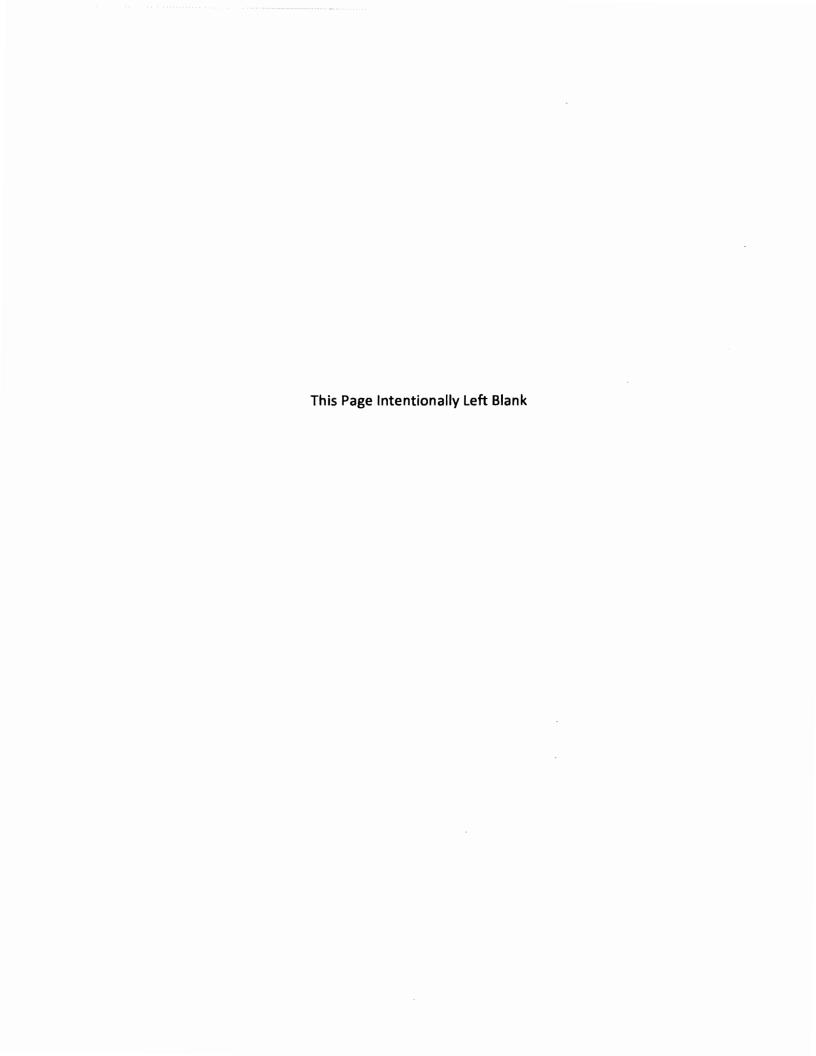
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 28JT MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT #28Jt MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON 18135 SE Brooklyn Portland, Oregon 97236

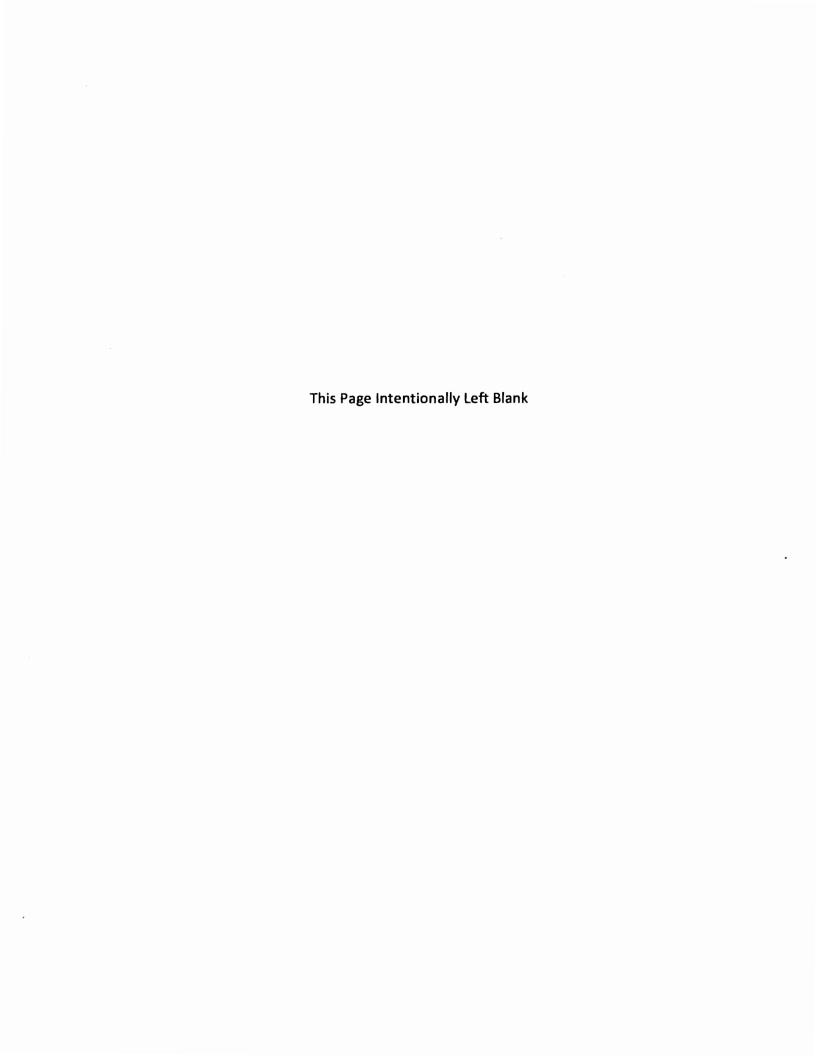
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by the

Business Office staff

Paul Southerton, Director of Business and Finance
Betty LaGrow, Budget Analyst
Kalden Delek, Accountant



CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 28JT MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

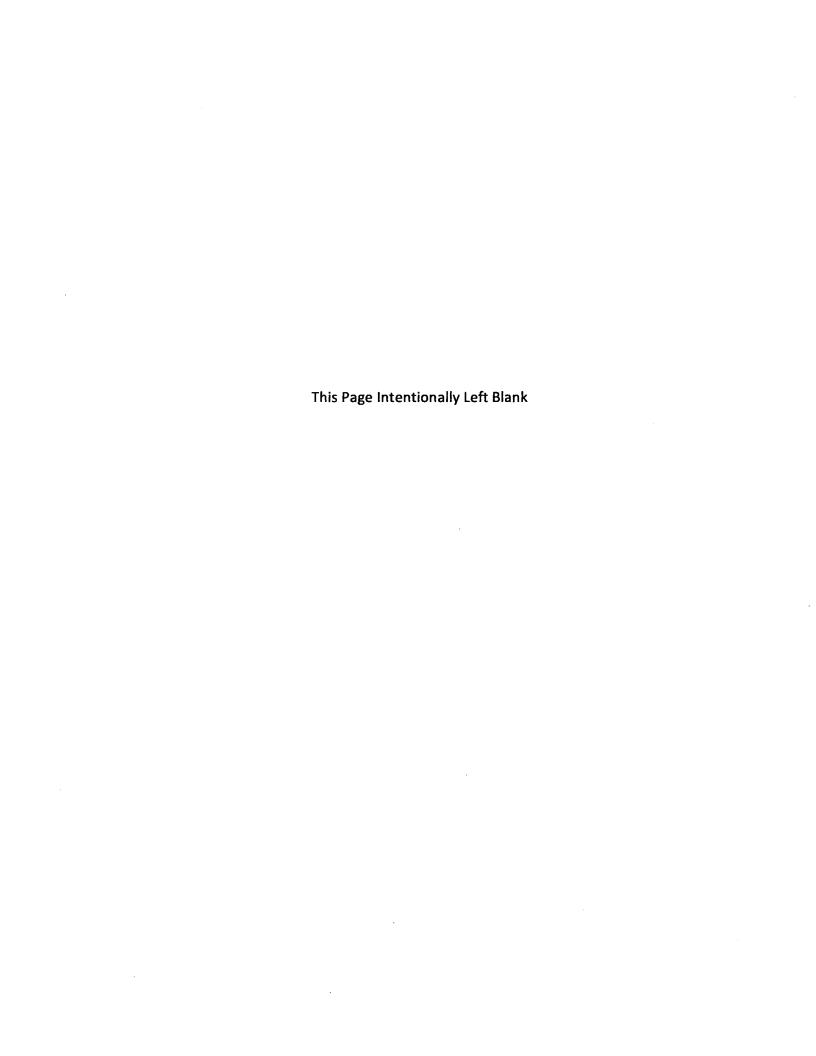
2023-24 FINANCIAL REPORT

POSITION	BOARD OF EDUCATION	TERM EXPIRES
1	David Linn	June 30, 2025
2	Ronald "Jess" Hardin	June 30, 2027
3	Claudia Andrews	June 30, 2025
4	Melissa Standley	June 30, 2027
5	Rose Solowski, Chair	June 30, 2027
6	Roger Gregory	June 30, 2025
7	Pam Shields, Vice Chair	June 30, 2025

Board members receive mail at the District Office address listed below:

ADMINISTRATION

James Owens, Superintendent of Schools
Paul Southerton, Director of Business and Operations (Registered Agent)
Tina Caverhill, Accounting Supervisor
18135 SE Brooklyn
Portland, OR 97236



CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 28JT

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18135 SE Brooklyn ST Portland, OR 97236-1049 Telephone (503) 760-7990 FAX (503) 762-3689

December 21, 2024

To the community of Centennial School District 28J, Multnomah County, Oregon, and to the Members of the Board of Education:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Centennial School District 28J for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, together with the audit opinions of our auditors in accordance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, Sections 297.405 to 297.555 and 297.990, known as the Municipal Audit Law, there is submitted herewith the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Centennial School District #28Jt, Multnomah County, Oregon for the year ended June 30, 2024.

This report was prepared by the School District's business office. The responsibility for the completeness and fairness of the data presented and all accompanying disclosures rests with the School District.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the District's management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report and its data is complete and reliable in all material respects, includes all funds and financial transactions, and is presented fairly to disclose the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the District at June 30, 2024 and for the year then ended.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

THE DISTRICT

Centennial School District #28Jt was formed in 1976 following a successful vote for the unification of two elementary districts and one of the high schools in a union high school district. The date of the election creating the new Administrative School District was September 21, 1976. The Districts continued to operate through June 30, 1977, as separate entities.

The purpose of unification was to provide increased instructional services to the students through more efficient management of available resources. All significant activities and organizations for which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been included in the combined financial statements.

The District, a fiscally independent entity, is organized with a seven-member elected Board of Directors; eight elected local school committees and a board appointed budget committee. In 2023-2024 the management staff consisted of 1 superintendent, 1 assistant superintendent, 5 directors and a total of 30 principals, vice-principals and supervisors. The Board of Directors hires all management and licensed teaching staff members. The District also employs 345 teachers and 249 support staff that include instructional assistants, secretaries, clerks, bus drivers, cooks, custodians, maintenance workers and various other professional and technical staff.

The District is located in Multnomah and Clackamas Counties, Oregon, and is split by the city boundaries of Portland and Gresham. The District encompasses approximately 21 square miles of land. Instructional services are provided for students in kindergarten through grade 12.

Enrollment for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

ENROLLMENT AND FACILITIES

Centennial School District	No. of schools	Avg. Daily Membership
Grades K-5	6	2,346.11
Grades 6-8	2	1,322.85
Grades 9-12	1	1,649.19
Total in District	9	5,318.15
Alternative & Outside Placement		
Grades K-5		10.03
Grades 6-8		17.52
Grades 9 12		111.03
Total outside District		138.58
Total District	9	5,456.73

The District is currently experiencing a mild decrease in enrollment.

School Year	Average Daily Membership	
23-24	5,457	
22-23	5,429	
21-22	5,484	
20-21	5,687	
19-20	6,007	
18-19	6,036	
17-18	6,085	
16-17	6,171	
15-16	6,222	
14-15	6,019	

ECONOMIC STATUS AND OUTLOOK

Currently, the Oregon Office of Economic Analysis (OEA) Oregon's economic outlook for the next few years shows moderate growth, driven by strong sectors like technology, healthcare, and professional services, while more cyclical industries such as retail and manufacturing may face challenges.

The outlook for Southeast Portland, and Centennial specifically, reflects both growth and challenges, particularly in housing and employment. The southern area of the School District is expected to continue experiencing strong demand for housing, driven by population growth, and its appeal to young professionals and families. However, families in the District face significant affordability issues, as rising home prices and rents outpace income growth, pushing some residents to look for more affordable options further out of the city.

2025-2026 will be the first year of a new funding biennium in the State which means the State School Fund (SSF), Oregon School Districts primary source of funding for ongoing operations, has not been agreed to or finalized in the State.

A State School Fund funding level of \$10.2 billion was approved for the previous biennium, 2023-2025 which was more than a billion dollars short of what the States Quality Education Model (QEM) has determined is required to provide the needed education services to all of Oregon Students. While there are signs that the State legislature is considering updating its model for determining the level of funding school districts need to maintain current service levels (CSL), there is concern that even an updated model will not keep up with rising labor costs, increase cost to the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) and employee benefit cost increases, resulting in a larger gap between what is provided and what is truly needed to provide Oregon children with a quality education.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Centennial School District has emphasized a conservative long-term financial plan that stresses stability of programs we provide to students and patrons. Stability is achieved through the following actions:

- maintain adequate financial controls and reserves to absorb economic downturns, state revenue-sharing cuts and other revenue shortfalls;
- react swiftly and appropriately to economic downturns, state revenue-sharing cuts and revenue shortfalls;
- prudent use of accumulated reserves when needed to provide stability of core programs and legally required activities.

This long-term financial plan is endorsed by the Board of Directors and the appointed budget committee. The financial plan is also supported by the District's administrative team, who develops the proposed budget.

MISSION STATEMENT AND PRIORITIES

Centennial School District believes in the capability of every child. The District's mission statement is: "Collaborating in Community - Cultivation Equity - Inspiring Excellence"

The board adopted the 2024-2025 district priorities for The District's Strategic Plan – Roadmap '27:

- Culturally Responsive Student-Centered Teaching & Learning.
- Healthy Culture & Environment.
- Professional Learning, Growth & Wellness
- Comprehensive Systems of Excellence

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Accounting Policies:

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough hereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue and proceeds from sale of property are not considered available and, therefore, are not recognized until received.

Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, interfund transactions, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized as expenditures because they will be liquidated with expendable financial resources.

The assets and liabilities of the agency funds are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds consist of the student body accounts controlled by each school and the Deferred Compensation Plan controlled by the District.

The financial transactions for the proprietary fund type are recorded on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded at the time they are earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting as utilized by Centennial School District #28Jt are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Accounting Controls:

The accounting system incorporates reasonable safeguards for the assets of the District and the reliability of the financial records. Internal controls are designed to provide an adequate safeguard of District assets recognizing that the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits derived.

The management system recognizes the significance of internal controls that are incorporated in the accounting system. We believe that the internal accounting controls adequately safeguard the assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of all financial transactions.

Budgetary Control:

The District prepares an annual budget for all funds to control the fiscal operations for one year. Oregon Local Budget Law (ORS 294.305 to 294.565) requires the appointment of a budget committee

to review and approve the budget. The budget committee consists of the seven members of the Board of Directors and seven electors of the district who are appointed by the Board of Directors. The administration proposes a budget to the budget committee; the budget committee may modify or approve the proposed budget.

A summary of the approved budget, together with a notice of public hearing, is published in a newspaper having general circulation in the District. A public hearing is held to receive comments from the public concerning the approved budget. The Board of Directors adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and levies taxes after the public hearing and before the beginning of the year for which the budget has been prepared.

Budget expenditures are appropriated annually at the following legal level of control for each fund: Instruction, Support Services, Community Services, Facilities Acquisition and Construction, Debt Service and Transfers, Operating Contingencies.

Independent Audit:

The provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes, Section 297.405 to 297.555 and 297.990 (known as the "Municipal Audit Law"), require that an independent audit be made of all district funds and account groups within six months following the close of a fiscal year. The firm of Pauly, Rogers, and Co., P.C., who are selected by the Board of Directors, have completed their examination of the District's funds and account groups and, accordingly, have included their opinion in the financial section of this report.

Awards:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Centennial School District #28Jt for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This was the twenty eighth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

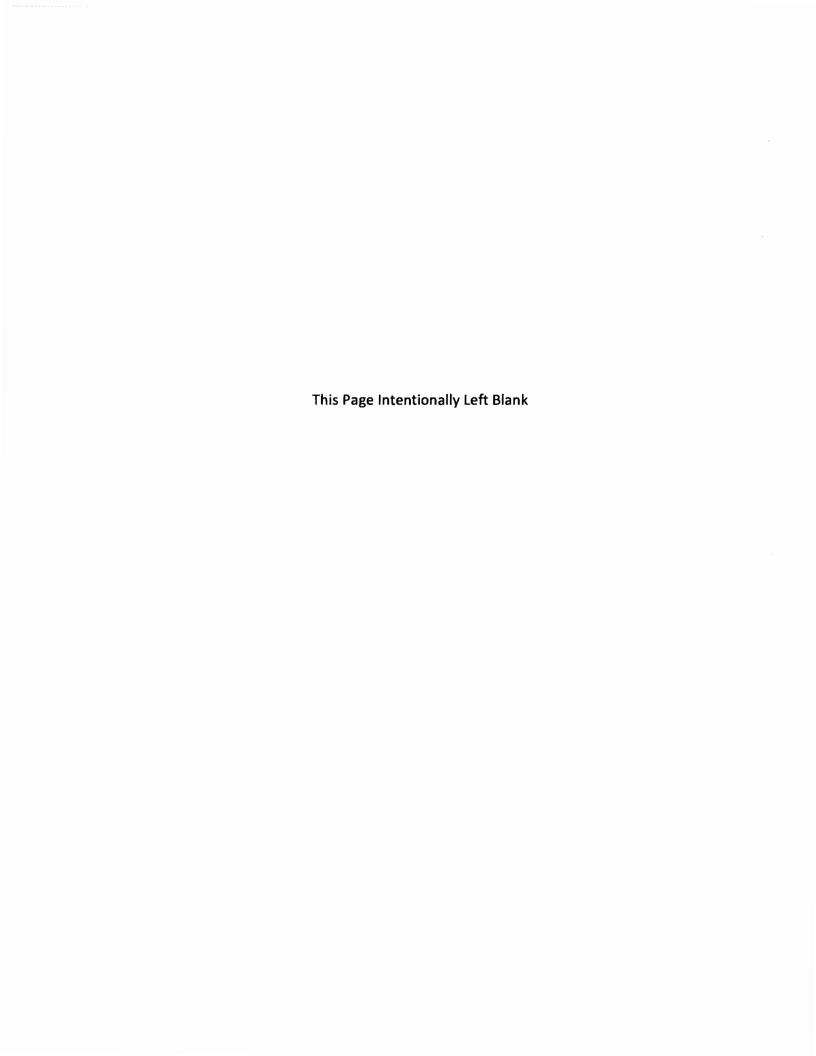
Acknowledgments

We wish to express our appreciation to the entire business office staff for their efforts and contributions to this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. We would also like to thank the members of the Board of Directors for their continued support and dedication to the financial operations of the District.

Respectfully submitted,

James Owens, Superintendent of Schools

Paul Southerton, Director of Business and Operations





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

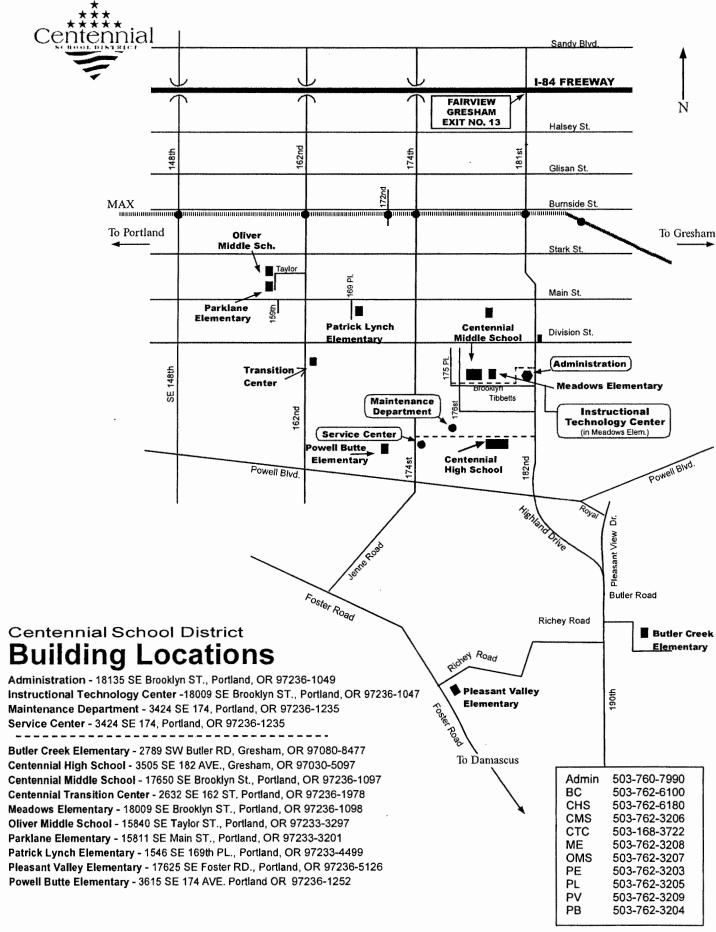
Centennial School District No. 28JT Oregon

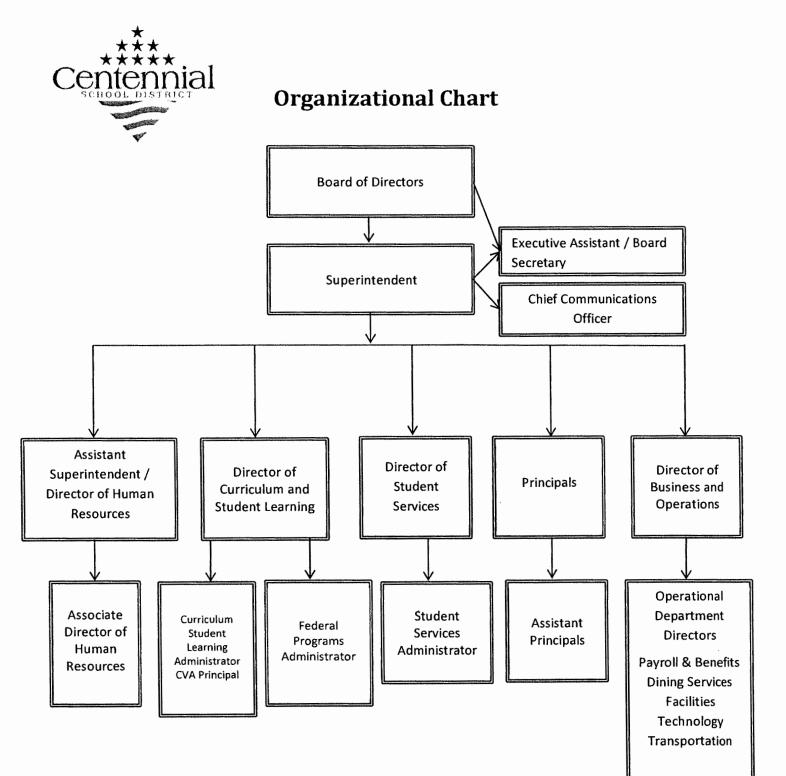
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

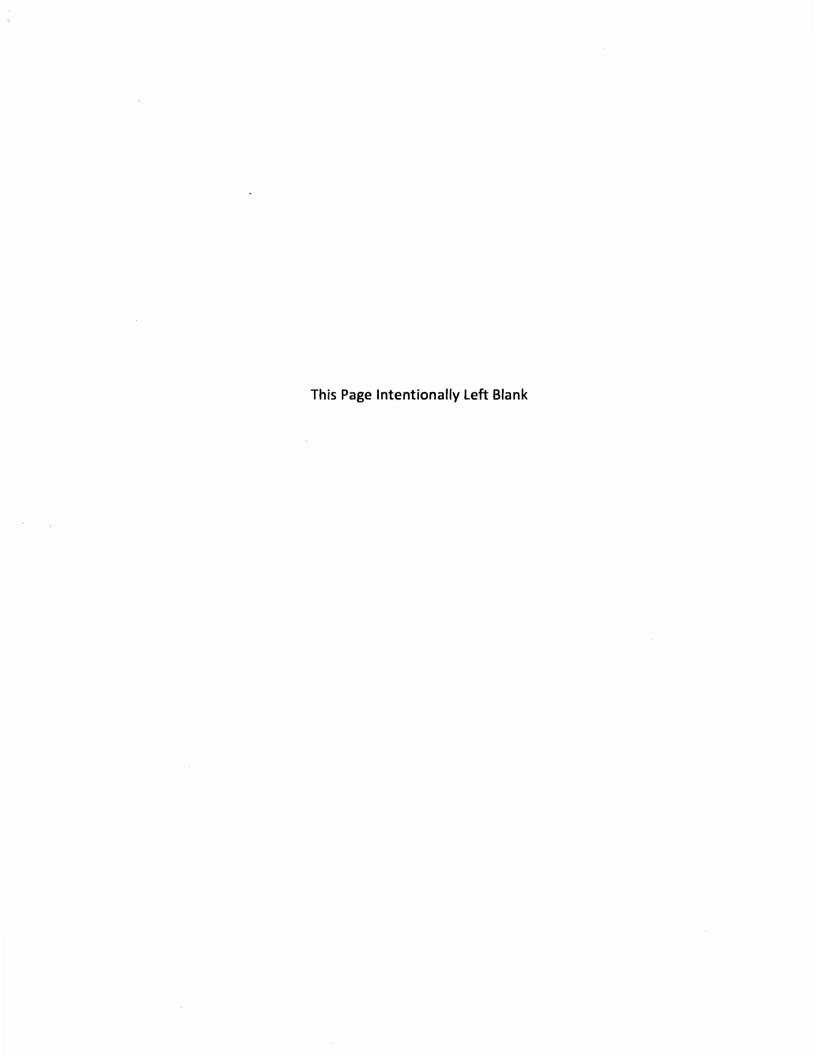
June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

October 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Centennial School District No. 28Jt Multnomah County, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Centennial School District No. 28Jt (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Centennial School District No. 28Jt and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of the system of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the basic financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the basic financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the basic financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's system of internal control in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's system of internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information presented as required supplementary information, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information, as listed in the table of contents, and the introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our reports dated October 31, 2024 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the reports are to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated October 31, 2024, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

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CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of Centennial School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our Transmittal letter, which can be found on pages i-v of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the government-wide statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2024 by \$5.8 million of this amount, \$19.7 million represents the District's investment in capital assets, \$1.6 million is restricted for debt service, \$192 thousand for Food Service, and \$43 thousand for Scholarships. The District's unrestricted net position improved by \$2.1 million.
- The District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$36.5 million, a decrease of \$9.2 million in comparison with the prior year. The decrease was largely due to planned expenses in the Capital Projects Fund. \$20.3 million, approximately 56 percent of the ending fund balance, is available for the ensuing fiscal year at the discretion of the Board of Directors. At the end of the fiscal year, \$18 million was assigned for the beginning balance of the 2024-2025 school year. The unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2.3 million, or 3 percent of the 2023-2024 total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total debt decreased by \$1.2 million, (1.6 percent) during the 2023-2024 fiscal year due to a decrease in Long-Term Installment contracts and principal payments on the 2020 General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

<u>The Statement of Net Position</u>. The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District at year end. Net assets are what remain after the liabilities have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

<u>The Statement of Activities</u>. The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed over the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing

of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown in one category:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>. Most of the District's basic functions are shown here, such as regular and special education, dining services, pupil transportation, administration, and facilities acquisition and construction. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes, Oregon's State School Support Fund, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains thirteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, grants fund, board reserve fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as Supplemental Information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3-6 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The District maintains one proprietary fund type, an internal service fund. An internal service fund is an accounting mechanism used to accumulate and allocate risk management costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service fund to account for insurance claims below the District's deductible limits, uninsured unemployment payments and insurance premiums.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 7-9 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The District maintains one fiduciary fund, a pension trust fund is used to report resources held in trust for retirees and beneficiaries covered by the District early retirement plan.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 12-47 of this report.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required Information can be found on pages 48-53 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the supplementary information on pensions and other post-employment benefits on pages 54-55 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$5.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Centennial School District's Net Position (in thousands)

Governmental Activities		
2024		
Current and other assets	\$	52,568
Capital assets		96,692
Total assets		149,260
Pension Related Deferrals		25,211
Total assets and Pension Related Deferrals		174,472
Current liabilities		13,396
Non-Current Liabilities		151,427
Total liabilities		164,823
Pension Related Deferrals		15,403
Total liabilities and Pension Related Deferrals		180,226
Net position:		0
Net investment in Capital Assets		19,743
Restricted for Debt Service		1,583
Restricted for Food Service		193
Restricted for Scholarships		43
OPEB Asset – RHIA		1,284
Unrestricted		(28,600)
Total net Position	\$	(5,754)

Traditionally the largest portion of the District's net position is Capital Assets (\$96.7 million in 2023-2024) which reflects the District's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, buses, equipment and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. Capital Assets increase by \$7.9 million this year reflecting the planned improvements and investments provided by the 2020 Capital Improvement Bonds.

The District uses these capital assets to provide instruction and related supporting services to the students enrolled in the schools. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

As of June 30, 2024, the district's net position was a deficit. The General Fund ending balance of \$20.3 million of which \$18 million is assigned for the beginning balance of the 2024-2025 school year. These funds may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligation to its students, patrons and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the District as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The District's overall net position improved by \$1.9 million from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this improvement are discussed in the following section for governmental activities.

Governmental Activities: During the current fiscal year, the District's net position for governmental activities improved by \$1.9 million. The key elements of the change in the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

- The growth in Capital Assets referenced previously.
- A substantial reduction in pension related deferrals (from \$27.2 million to \$15.4 million)
- Expenses related to instructional activities were \$1.7 million or 3 percent lower than budgeted. This decrease was due largely to lower than anticipated payroll costs due to tight labor market conditions resulting in unfilled positions.
- Expenses related to pupil transportation were \$405 thousand or 10 percent lower than budgeted. This decrease was due largely to lower than anticipated payroll costs due to tight labor market conditions resulting in consolidating transportation routes and operating fewer buses.

Centennial School District's Net Position (in thousands)				
	Governmental Activities		Increase (Decrease) from	
	2024	2023	Fiscal 2023	
Current and other assets	\$ 52,568	\$ 62,987	\$ (10,419)	
Capital assets	96,692	88,847	7,845	
Total assets	149,260	151,834	(2,574)	
Pension Related Deferrals	25,211	26,159	(948)	
Total assets and Pension Related Deferrals	174,472	177,993	(3,521)	
Current liabilities	13,396	13,888	(492)	
Non-Current Liabilities	151,427	144,593	6,834	
Total liabilities	164,823	158,481	6,342	
Pension Related Deferrals	15,403	27,199	(11,796)	
Total liabilities and Pension Related Deferrals	180,226	185,680	(5,454)	
Net position:				
Net investment in Capital Assets	19,743	19,243	500	
Restricted for Debt Service	1,583	1,592	(9)	
Restricted for Food Service	193	1,012	(819)	
Restricted for Scholarships	43	43	0	
OPEB Asset – RHIA	1,284	1,147	137	
Unrestricted	(28,600)	(30,725)	2,125	
Total net Position	\$ (5,754)	\$ (7,688)	\$ 1,934	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's board of directors.

On June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36.5 million, a decrease of \$9.2 million in comparison with the prior year. The decrease was largely due to planned expenses in the Capital Projects Fund. The General Fund ending balance is \$20.3 million of which \$18 million is assigned for the planned beginning fund balance of the 2024-2025 school year and \$2.3 million is unassigned. The remainder of the combined ending fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is (1) restricted for particular purposes; debt service obligations (\$1,583,332), (2) committed for Capital Projects (\$5,625,118), Board Reserve Fund (\$5,930,203) and other dedicated funds (\$2,855,746).

General Fund: The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the fiscal year, the assigned and unassigned total general fund balance was \$20.3 million. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance, assigned fund balance and total

fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 3 percent of total general fund expenditures, assigned or committed fund balance represents approximately 23.5 percent of total general fund expenditures and total fund balance represents approximately 26.5 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$58.2 thousand during the current fiscal year. The decrease was planned for, as reflected in the adopted budget for the year. In recent years, due to staffing shortages and cost savings, the District ending fund balance has grown above our target range (and policy requirements of 5% - 15% of the general fund) to more than 25%. Accordingly, the District has adopted a gradual spend down plan that will return the ending fund balance to within the target range.

Debt Service Fund: The Debt Service Fund had a \$8,235 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year, ending at \$1,583,332 all of which is legally restricted for the payment of debt service. The decrease in fund balance was due to an adjustment of levy rates based on scheduled debt payments.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year no adjustments were made to the budget.

Final budget compared to actual results. The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

Revenue source	Estimated Revenue	Actual Revenue	<u>Difference</u>
Property Taxes- Current	\$15,501,665	\$15,810,455	\$308,790
School Support Fund	\$55,602,868	\$55,265,145	(\$337,723)
Common School Fund	\$600,000	\$786,916	\$186,916
Expense Activity	Estimated Expense	Actual Expense	<u>Difference</u>
Instruction	\$47,519,319	\$47,060,647	(\$458,672)
Support Services	\$29,260,774	\$29,247,308	(\$13,466)
Pupil Transportation	\$4,004,005	\$3,598,982	(\$405,023)

Property tax collections exceeded estimates due to higher assessed valuations of real property (capped at 3% annually by statute), and an increase in new home construction which increased the overall total number and value of properties in the District. The State School Support revenue varied from estimate by -.6% due to lower enrollment than what was forecasted. The Common School Fund revenue was higher by 187 thousand dollars due to the amount of funds available from the State of Oregon to be distributed to schools was greater than was forecasted.

Expenses related to instructional activities were lower than estimates by \$458 thousand, Support Service activities were lower than estimates by \$13 thousand and expenses related pupil transportation were lower than estimates by \$405 thousand. Expenses were slightly lower across the board from forecast due to continued tight labor market conditions resulting in an inability to fill all budgeted positions and lower than anticipated fill rate for substitutes. These conditions are not expected to continue in future years.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, amounts to \$96,336,607 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, school buses, equipment and infrastructure. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 8%.

Centennial School District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)				
Governmental Activities				
	2024 2023			
Land and land improvements	\$8,202,451	\$8,202,451		
Building and building improvements	\$61,627,306	\$20,071,697		
Construction in Progress	\$8,425,135	\$47,780,719		
Equipment and vehicles	\$18,081,715	\$12,348,595		
Total	\$96,336,607	\$88,403,462		

Major capital asset events in the fiscal period included the Capital construction activities related to the 2020 Capital Improvement Bond and Board Reserve Account for one-time capital expenditures. Construction included capital maintenance improvements, security enhancements, building four (4) new 7000 square foot gymnasiums at four (4) elementary schools in the District, and improvements to the High School Athletic Complex.

Additional information of the District's capital assets can be found in Note 9 on page 38 of this report.

Long-term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$63.1 million. Of this amount, \$62 million is debt backed by General Obligation and \$1.1 million is in the form of capital leases implemented for the acquisition of School buses and Chromebook laptops for Students.

Centennial School District's Outstanding Debt (net of depreciation)			
Governmental Activities			
	2024	2023	
General obligation bonds	\$62,010,000	\$62,815,000	
Full Faith and & Credit Obligations	\$0	\$0	
Long-Term Installment Contracts	\$1,088,396	\$1,412,779	
Total \$63,098,396 \$64,22			

The District's total debt decreased by \$1.1 million (1.6 percent) during the current fiscal year due to principal payments on long-term installment contracts and General Obligation bonds.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7.95 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$279 million, which is significantly in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in note 14 on page 41 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The following economic factors currently affect the District and were considered in developing the 2024-2025 fiscal year budget:

- The most significant economic factor for the District is the State of Oregon's State School Fund.
 For the year ended June 30, 2024, the State School Fund General Support provided 74 percent of the District's program resources. The State School Fund is set on a biennial basis in Oregon and is established for the 2024-2025 academic year.
- Assessed values for property taxes have increased 3% in the 2023-2024 fiscal year and are capped by statute, although new developments in the District increased the overall rate of increase to around 7 percent this fiscal year. Growth is anticipated to be stable next fiscal year.
 Property tax revenue is forecasted at 4.9 percent in the 2024-2025 fiscal year.
- Salaries and benefits costs will increase by approximately 5 percent in 2024-2025.
- District enrollment has decreased moderately in recent years, due largely to the effects of COVID-19, the relocation of students out of district, homeschooling, and other impacts but has leveled out and is forecasted to remain stable or slightly increase as new developments come online in the District.
- The District has appropriated \$2.3 million for unassigned fund balance in the 2024-2025 fiscal year budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's Director of Business and Operations at 18135 SE Brooklyn St. Portland, OR 97236.

CENTENNIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 28Jt MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OREGON

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Julie 30, 2024		
ASSETS:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	46,530,524
Property Taxes and Other Receivables	·	3,730,930
Supply Inventories		114,309
Equity Interest in CAL		909,016
OPEB Asset - RHIA		1,283,712
Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		79,709,021
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		16,627,586
Subscription Asset, net of amortization		697
Right-to-use Asset, net of amortization		355,181
Total Assets		149,260,976
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension Related Deferrals - PERS		23,726,437
OPEB Related Deferrals - RHIA		10,963
OPEB Related Deferrals - Stipends		126,364
OPEB Related Deferrals - Health Insurance		1,347,680
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	-	25,211,444
TOTAL ASSETS AND PENSION RELATED DEFERRALS	-	174,472,420
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable		3,734,021
Accrued Payroll, Taxes, and Employee Withholdings Advances Received in Excess of		6,649,600
Expenditures/Expenses		2,850,938
Interest Payable		161,110
Non-Current Liablities:		
Long-Term Obligations Due Within One Year		1,489,948
Compensated Absences Due Within One Year		153,207
Long-Term Lease Liability Due Within One Year		88,345
Long-Term Obligations Due in More Than One Year		77,875,972
Long-Term Lease Liability Due in More Than One Year		295,198
Net Pension Liability - PERS		68,222,559
Total OPEB Liability - Stipends		543,418
Total OPEB Liability - Health Insurance		2,758,926
Total Liabilities	-	164,823,242
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Pension Related Deferrals - PERS		14,447,963
OPEB Related Deferrals - RHIA		94,501
OPEB Related Deferrals - Stipends		20,011
OPEB Related Deferrals - Health Insurance		840,482
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		15,402,957
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PENSION RELATED DEFERRALS	-	180,226,199
NET POSITION:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		19,743,050
Restricted for:		
Debt Service		1,583,332
Food Services		192,922
Scholarships		43,528
OPEB Asset - RHIA		1,283,712
Unrestricted	No. of Section 1	(28,600,323
Total Net Position	\$	(5,753,779

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				PROGRAM REVENUES				
FUNCTIONS		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		PERATING RANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
Instruction	\$	57,148,938	\$	687,829	\$	4,585,547	\$	(51,875,562)
Support Services		41,368,578		-		8,248,750		(33,119,828)
Community Services		4,763,581		1,607,800		973,743		(2,182,038)
Building Acquisition & Development		1,713,025		-		-		(1,713,025)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		3,221,385		-		•	******	(3,221,385)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	108,215,507	\$	2,295,629	\$	13,808,040	-	(92,111,838)
	G			d for General Pur	•			16,022,199
		• •		d for Debt Service		5		3,659,022
		Grants and Contr Federal State Revenue Other Interme Interest and Inves	e Sharin diate an	g d Local Sources	зресто	; Programs:		2,228,317 65,545,787 4,179,779 2,392,243
	Т	otal General Reve	nues					94,027,347
	C	changes in Net Po	sition					1,915,509
	١	let Position - Begir	nning, as	s restated				(7,669,288)
	١	let Position - Endir	ng				\$	(5,753,779)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

400570		GENERAL FUND		GRANTS FUND		BOARD RESERVE FUND
ASSETS:	_		_		_	
Cash and Investments	\$	27,702,335	\$	1,823,126	\$	6,013,571
Receivables:						
Taxes		470,976		-		3,269
Accounts		90,868		1,862,888		-
Total Assets	\$	28,264,179	\$	3,686,014	\$	6,016,840
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	940,270	\$	920,808	\$	86,637
Payroll Liabilities		6,649,600		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		2,765,206		
Total Liabilities		7,589,870		3,686,014		86,637
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		370,929		-		-
Fund Balances: Restricted: Debt Service						
Food Services		-		-		-
		-		-		-
Scholarships		-		-		-
Committed:						
Athletic Facilities		-		-		-
Classroom Improvement		-		-		-
Board Reserve		-		-		5,930,203
Energy Conservation		-		-		-
Transportation		-		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-
Technology Replacement		-		-		-
Student Activity		•		-		-
Assigned		18,000,000		-		-
Unassigned		2,303,380	****	-		-
Total Fund Balances		20,303,380	•	-		5,930,203
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	28,264,179	\$	3,686,014	\$	6,016,840

 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL		TOTALS
\$ 3,619,220	\$	6,821,558	\$	45,979,810
 - 734,884		112,410 430,975		586,655 3,119,615
\$ 4,354,104	\$	7,364,943	\$	49,686,080
\$ 777,038 -	\$	466,489 -	\$	3,191,242 6,649,600
-		85,732		2,850,938
 777,038		552,221		12,691,780
 		89,142	***************************************	460,071
- - -		1,583,332 192,922 43,528		1,583,332 192,922 43,528
- -		46,841 701,955		46,841 701,955
- - - 2 577 066		- 247,113 645,375		5,930,203 247,113 645,375
3,577,066 -		2,048,052 750,569		5,625,118 750,569
-		463,893 -		463,893 18,000,000
 -		-		2,303,380
 3,577,066		6,723,580		36,534,229
\$ 4,354,104	\$	7,364,943	\$	49,686,080

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

June 30, 2024	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 36,534,229
The net pension asset (liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and	
the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries.	
Net Pension Liability (PERS)	(68,222,559)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(,,,
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	
Deferred Outflow (PERS) \$ 23,726,437	
Deferred Outflow (OPEB, RHIA) 10,963	
Deferred Outflow (OPEB, Stipends) 126,364	
Deferred Outflow (OPEB, Health Insurance) 1,347,680	- 25,211,444
Deferred Inflow (PERS) (14,447,963)	
Deferred Inflow (OPEB, RHIA) (94,501)	
Deferred Inflow (OPEB, Stipends) (20,011)	
Deferred Inflow (OPEB, Health Insurance) (840,482)	
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, vehicles and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.	(15,402,957)
Net Capital Assets	96,336,607
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in government activities in the Statement of Net Position.	32,595
Equity interest in the Center for Advanced Learning (CAL) is not reported in the governmental funds.	909,016
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	
Long-Term Liabilities	
Long Term Debt (79,365,920))
Interest Payable (161,110))
Total OPEB Asset (RHIA) 1,283,712	
Total OPEB Liability (Health Insurance) (2,758,926))
Total OPEB Liability (Stipends) (543,418))
Accrued Compensated Absences (153,207)	
	(81,698,869)
Inventory is recorded in the fund financial statements as an expenditure in the governmental fund statements.	114,309
Unearned revenue related to property taxes	460,071
Right-to-use assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	
Right-to-use, Net	355,878
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statements of Net Position.	
Lease Payable	(383,543)
Net Position	\$ (5,753,779)



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	GENERAL		GRANTS
	 FUND		FUND
REVENUES:			
From Local Sources:			
Property Taxes	\$ 15,946,172	\$	-
Other Tax Related	-		-
Earnings on Investments	1,203,825		-
Fees and Charges	743,222		
Miscellaneous	812,077		170,678
Intermediate Sources	-		-
State Aid	58,125,820		5,983,044
Federal Aid	 104,677		12,968,479
Total Revenues	 76,935,793		19,122,201
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Instruction	47,038,901		6,752,612
Support Services	28,638,756		7,600,661
Enterprise and Community Services	112,180		197,595
Facilities Acquisition	-		25,000
Capital Outlay	630,298		4,546,333
Debt Service:	,		.,,
Principal	194,258		_
Interest	7,626		-
	 .,020		
Total Expenditures	 76,622,019		19,122,201
Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	313,774		-
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):			
Transfers In	-		-
Transfers Out	 (372,000)		_
Total Other Firencies Courses (Uses)	(070,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	 (372,000)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(58,226)		-
Fund Balance - Beginning (restated)	 20,361,606	Management and a	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 20,303,380	\$	-

RES	ARD ERVE JND	PR	APITAL OJECTS FUND		OTHER ERNMENTAL	No. of Contract of	TOTALS
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,659,022	\$	19,605,194
	-		-		413,419		413,419
	313,094		629,788		217,934		2,364,641
	-		-		-		743,222
	-		144,152		2,350,464		3,477,371
	16,332		-		287,566		303,898
	-		734,884		1,436,923		66,280,671
	-		-		2,228,317		15,301,473
	329,426		1,508,824		10,593,645	-	108,489,889
	_		-		480,129		54,271,642
	_		41,709		4,179		36,285,305
	_		~ 1,700		4,170,994		4,480,769
	115,723		1,483,516		88,786		1,713,025
2	2,172,013		7,407,065		1,749,204		16,504,913
	_		_		1,230,496		1,424,754
	-		-		3,025,298		3,032,924
	2,287,736		8,932,290		10,749,086		117,713,332
(1,958,310)		(7,423,466)		(155,441)		(9,223,443)
	72,000		-		300,000		372,000 (372,000)
	72,000		-		300,000		
(1,886,310)		(7,423,466)		144,559		(9,223,443)
	7,816,513		11,000,532		6,579,021		45,757,672
\$	5,930,203	\$	3,577,066	\$	6,723,580	\$	36,534,229

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (9,223,443)
The PERS pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits.	
Repayment of bond principal, capital leases, vacation payable and post retirement obligations is a expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Ne Position. Additions to bond principal, capital leases, vacation payable and post retirement obligations is a expense for the Statement of Net Position but not the governmental funds.	et
Long-Term Debt Principal Reduction \$ 1,129,383	
Change in Accrued Compensated Absences (4,482 Amortization of Bond Premium 109,279	
	1,234,180
Capital Outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay.	
Capital Asset Additions 9,363,809	
Depreciation Expense (1,430,664	
	7,933,145
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governments funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	e
Inventory in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because inventory is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is purchased, and thus requires the use current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, inventory is recognized when actually used.	of
An internal service fund is used to account for the cost and administration by the District for property an liability insurance premium, workers compensation premiums and unemployment benefits and related deductibles. The principal funding source is charges to other funds. This amount is the net income of the fund for the year.	d
Center for Advanced Learning (CAL) activity is not reported in the governmental funds.	(8,391)
Change in net OPEB (Stipends) activity that is not reported in the governmental funds.	45,271
Change in net OPEB (Health Insurance) activity that is not reported in the governmental funds.	261,284
Change in net OPEB (RHIA) activity that is not reported in the governmental funds.	(84,601)
Property tax revenue in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds. In the governmental funds, which are on the modified accrual basis, the District recognizes at unearned revenue for all property taxes levied but not received, however in the Statement of Activities, there is no unearned revenue and the full property tax receivable is accrued.	n
Payment on Lease Liability decreases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Payments on lease and subscription liability	75,639
Amoritzation Expense increases the expenses on the Statement of Activities.	
Amortization Expense	(87,687)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,915,509

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2024

100570	· 	overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Fund
ASSETS:		
Current: Cash and Investments	\$	550,714
Accounts Receivable	Ψ 	24,660
Total Assets	***************************************	575,374
LIABILITIES:		
Current:		
Accounts Payable		542,779
Total Liabilities		542,779
NET POSITION:		
Unrestricted		32,595
Total Net Position	\$	32,595

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Occupations Development	Ad	rernmental ctivities - internal vice Fund
Operating Revenues:	_	4 070 000
Services Provided Other Funds	\$	1,076,362
Receipts from Other Sources		36,816
Total Operating Revenues		1,113,178
Operating Expenses:		
Costs of Services		2,557,776
		_,
Total Operating Expenses		2,557,776
Operating Income (loss)	((1,444,598)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Investment Earnings		27,602
Insurance Recovery		432,711
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		460,313
,		
Change in Net Position		(984,285)
g		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net Position - Beginning		1,016,880
The Control of the Co		, ,
Net Position - Ending	\$	32,595

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash Flow From Operating Activities:	
Receipts from Other Funds	\$ 1,051,813
Receipts from Other Sources	36,816
Payments to Vendors	(2,023,962)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(935,333)
Cash Flow From Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Insurance Recovery	432,711
Net Cash Used by Non-Capital Financing Activities	432,711
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:	
Interest on Investments	27,602
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	27,602
Net Gash Fronted by investing Netvines	Water Control of the
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(475,020)
Cash Balance - Beginning	1,025,734
Cash Balance - Ending	\$ 550,714
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income	\$ (1,444,598)
Adjustment to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities:	
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(24,549)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	533,814
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (935,333)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2024

	PENSIO	N TRUST FUND
		EARLY FIREMENT FUND
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	.	860,181
Total Assets		860,181
NET POSITION: Restricted for Pensions	\$	860,181

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	PENSION TRUST FUND
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions: Services Provided Other Funds	\$ 693,373
Total Additions	693,373
DEDUCTIONS:	
Support Services	263,582
Total Deductions	263,582
Change in Net Position	429,791
Net Position - Beginning	430,390
Net Position - Ending	\$ 860,181

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Centennial School District No. 28Jt (the District) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Board of Directors. Administration officials are approved by the Board. The daily functioning of the District is under the supervision of the Superintendent-Clerk. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all activities have been included in these basic financial statements.

The District qualifies as a primary government since it has a separately elected governing body, is a legally separate entity, and is fiscally independent. There are various governmental agencies and special service districts which provide services within the District's boundaries. However, the District is not financially accountable for any of these entities, and therefore in conformance with GASB 61, none of them are considered component units or included in these basic financial statements.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the governmental financial activities of the overall District, except fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed primarily through property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues.

All direct expenses are reported by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation as this would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental funds are used to account for general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, which is 60 days. Property tax revenue and proceeds from sale of property are not considered available (except as noted below) and, therefore, are not recognized until received. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, interfund transactions, and certain compensated absences, pension costs, OPEB expenses, and claims and judgments which are recognized as expenditures when they are paid.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest, state, county and local shared revenue and federal and state grants. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year-end. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

There are the following major governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for the financial operations not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes and distributions from the State of Oregon. Expenditures in the fund are made for instructional purposes and related support services.

GRANTS FUND

This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures of grants restricted for specific educational projects. Principal revenue sources are federal and state grants.

BOARD RESERVE FUND

This fund accounts for revenue from the sale of surplus property and heavy equipment rental tax to be used for programs and activities as designated by the School Board.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for the capital expenditures for District facilities. Principal revenue sources are proceeds from debt issuance.

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Other Governmental Funds account for the aggregate of all non-major governmental funds.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The internal service fund accounts for the revenue and expenses of the self-insurance fund. This fund accounts for the cost and administration for property and liability insurance premiums, workers compensation premiums, and unemployment benefits and related deductibles. The principal source of revenue is charges to other funds for risk management services provided and all other revenues are considered non-operating.

Additionally, the following fund types are reported:

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

These funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus.

EARLY RETIREMENT FUND

This pension trust fund was established to account for charges on all subject salaries for the purpose of funding early retirement obligations and other post-employment health benefits and the related expenditures.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

PROPERTY TAXES

Uncollected real and personal property taxes are reflected on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet as receivables. Uncollected taxes are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic distributions of collections to entities levying taxes. Property taxes become a lien against the property when levied on July 1 of each year and are payable in three installments due on November 15, February 15 and May 15. Property tax collections are distributed monthly except for November, when such distributions are made weekly.

GRANTS

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Cash received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures is recorded as a liability in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position.

SUPPLY INVENTORIES

School operating supplies, maintenance supplies, and food and other cafeteria supplies are stated at average invoice cost. Commodities purchased from the United States Department of Agriculture in the Food Service Fund are included in the inventories at USDA wholesale value. Inventory is accounted for based on the consumption method in the government-wide financial statements and on the purchase method in the governmental fund statements. Under the consumption method inventory is recorded when purchased and expenditures/expenses are recorded when inventory items are used. Donated commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures. The amount of unused donated commodities at the date of these financial statements is considered by management to be immaterial for reporting purposes.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements

10 to 50 years

Vehicles and Equipment

5 to 30 years

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the policy to permit employees to accrue unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since there is no policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued in the government-wide statements and considered due within one year since the District has adopted a use it or lose it policy. Employees have to use the accrued vacation by December 31st or they lose the accrued time. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements. The entire amount of accrued compensated absences is considered current.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

LEASE/SUBSCRIPTION ASSETS & LIABILITIES

Leases & Subscriptions are reported in the government-wide financial statements in the Statement of Net Position.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources. At June 30, 2024 there were deferred outflows representing PERS pension, OPEB RHIA, OPEB Stipends, and OPEB health insurance related deferrals reported in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2024 there were deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds balance sheet representing unavailable revenue from property tax. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. At June 30, 2024, there were also deferred inflows reported in the Statement of Net Position representing PERS pension, OPEB RHIA, OPEB Stipends, and OPEB health insurance related deferrals.

FUND BALANCE

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions, is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in a spendable form.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use or modification of committed funds would be approved by resolution of the governing body.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources
 for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can
 be stipulated by the governing body, superintendent, or director of business services. The board sets
 these funds aside as the beginning fund balance for the adopted 2023-24 budget.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. The General Fund is the
 only fund that reports a positive unassigned find balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not
 appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other
 than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are
 restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned
 fund balance in that fund.

There were no nonspendable fund balances at June 30, 2024.

The governing body has not established a policy on the order in which unrestricted resources are to be used when these amounts are available for expenditure. As a result of this, the default approach assumes that committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then the unassigned amounts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

NET POSITION

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories.

Net investment in capital assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

FAIR VALUE INPUTS AND METHODOLOGIES AND HIERARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

For details on LGIP investments, see note 4.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each fund type except the Student Body Fund, on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by Oregon Local Budget Law.

The budgeting process begins by appointing Budget Committee members in early fall. Budget recommendations are developed by management through spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June, and the hearing is held in June. The budget is adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy is declared no later than June 30. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the major function level (instruction, support services, community services, debt service, contingency, and transfers) for each fund. Expenditure appropriations may not legally be over expended, except in the case of grant receipts which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of the fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board of Directors at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of the fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels). Such transfers require approval by the Board.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements include the original and final budget amounts. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2024.

3. BUDGET/GAAP REPORTING DIFFERENCES

Financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance/net position are reported on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The budgetary basis (modified accrual) of accounting differs from generally accepted accounting principles. The budgetary statements provided as part of required supplementary information and supplementary information elsewhere in this report are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The budgetary basis of accounting is substantially the same as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except capital outlay expenditures, including items below the capitalization level, are budgeted by major function in governmental fund types and expensed when purchased; depreciation and amortization are not recorded. Taxes receivable are not recorded as revenue until collected, inventories are budgeted as expenditures when purchased and debt, compensated absences, pension costs are not recorded as an expense until paid, and OPEB liabilities are expensed as paid instead of when incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Statutes authorize investing in bankers' acceptances, time certificates of deposit, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, Local Government Investment Pools and fixed or variable life insurance or annuity contracts for funding the deferred compensation plan.

Deposits

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury. The total bank balance per the bank statements as of June 30, 2024 was \$15,751,398, of which \$284,166 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP).

A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds except the agency funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as Cash and Investments or amounts of Interfund Payables. In addition, cash is separately held by some of the funds.

Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. There is no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, none of the bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2024 (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions:		Reported as:	
Demand Deposits	16,503,466	Governmental Activities	\$ 45,979,810
Investments	 30,887,239	Internal Service	550,714
		Fiduciary Funds	 860,181
	\$ 47,390,705		\$ 47,390,705

INVESTMENTS

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund's compliance with all portfolio guidelines can be found in their annual report when issued. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 99.96% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. The District booked a fair market value loss of \$137,838, for the difference between the pool fair market value and the book value. The audited financial reports of the Oregon Short Term Fund can be found here:

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx If the link has expired, please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

At year-end, the investment balances were as follows:

		Investment Maturities (in months)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 3	3-18		18	8-59
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 30,886,057	\$ 30,886,057	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of Deposit	1,182	1,182		-		-
Total	\$ 30,887,239	\$ 30,887,239	\$	_	\$	_

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments that have a maturity date beyond three months.

Credit Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statues do not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2024, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in these instruments.

5. ACCOUNTS/GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Special revenue fund grants receivable are comprised of claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and state grant programs. Other accounts receivable are mostly comprised of money due from the County. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded because all receivables are considered by management to be collectible.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

If the link is expired, please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension** (Chapter 238). The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
 - A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
 - iii. Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
 - iv. Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

- b. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB). The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. **Pension Benefits**. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
- iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2023. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$10,425,432, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition, approximately \$243,647 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the District in fiscal 2024.

Pension Asset or Liability – At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net pension liability of \$68,222,559 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was .029 percent and .028 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$2,692,355.

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2024 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 6.16%
- (2) OPSRP general services 0.9%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		 ferred Inflow f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,336,291	\$ 270,508
Changes in assumptions	6,060,489		45,187
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		1,226,239	-
Net changes in proportionate share			10,556,562
Differences between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions		2,677,986	3,575,706
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)		13,301,005	 14,447,963
District contributions subsequent to measuring date		10,425,432	-
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 23,726,437		\$ 14,447,963

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$13,301,005 and deferred inflows of resources, (\$14,447,963), net to (\$1,146,958) and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,		Amount
2025	\$	(2,202,777)
2026	,	(4,587,925)
2027		4,585,978
2028		1,036,416
2029		21,350
Thereafter		
Total	\$	(1,146,958)

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS systemwide GASB 68 reporting summary dated February 1, 2024. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

Actuarial Valuations – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2025, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

77-1	D11
Valuation date	December 31. 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Experience Study Report	2020, Published July 20, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Inflation rate	2.40 percent
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent
Discount rate	6.90 percent
Projected salary increase	3.40 percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro
	decision; blend based on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
_	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security
	Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the
	valuation.
	Active members:
1	Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data
	Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2020 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2020.

Assumed Asset Allocation:

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	20.0%	30.0%	25.0%
Public Equity	22.5%	32.5%	27.5%
Real Estate	9.0%	16.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	17.5%	27.5%	20.0%
Real Assets	2.5%	10.0%	7.5%
Diversifying Strategies	2.5%	10.0%	7.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS ACFR; p. 125)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Global Equity	27.50%	7.07%
Private Equity	25.50%	8.83%
Core Fixed Income	25.00%	4.50%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.83%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	6.02%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.51%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	6.27%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	6.48%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	4.83%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.35%

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS ACFR; p. 92)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 6.90 percent for both years for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – the following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount		1%
	Decrease	Rate		Increase
	 (5.90%)		(6.90%)	 (7.90%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 112,690,882	\$	68,222,559	\$ 31,007,335

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2023 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description:

Employees of the District are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions:

Employees of the District pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. Effective July 1, 2020, currently employed Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP members earning \$2,500 or more per month (increased to \$3,333 per month in 2022) will have a portion of their 6 percent monthly IAP contributions redirected to an Employee Pension Stability Account. The Employee Pension Stability Account will be used to pay part of the member's future benefit. Of the 6 percent monthly IAP contribution, Tier 1/Tier 2 will have 2.5 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account and OPSRP will have 0.75 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account, with the remaining going to the member's existing IAP account. Members may voluntarily choose to make additional after-tax contributions into their IAP account to make a full 6 percent contribution to the IAP. The District did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA)

Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the District currently contributes 0.53% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.45% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2024. Consistent with GASB Statement 75, the OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates as a measure of the proportionate relationship of the employer to all employers consistent with the manner in which contributions to the OPEB plan are determined. The basis for the employer's portion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. The District's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2023 and 2024 were \$1.7, \$0.9 and \$1.6, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net OPEB liability/(asset) of (\$1,283,712) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset). The OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Consistent with GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 59(a), the District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the Plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was .12 percent and .13 percent, respectively. OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$84,601.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Components of OPEB Expense/(Income):

Employer's proportionate share of collective system OPEB Expense/(Income)	\$ (148,576)
Net amortization of employer-specific deferred amounts from: - Changes in proportionate share (per paragraph 64 of GASB 75) - Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions (per paragraph 65 of GASB 75)	240,675
Employer's Total OPEB Expense/(Income)	\$ 92,099

Components of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	32,228
Changes in assumptions		-		13,841
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		3,641		-
Net changes in proportionate share		7,322		48,432
Differences between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		_		-
Subtotal - Amortized deferrals (below)		10,963		94,501
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		N/A		
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	10,963	\$	94,501

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Subtotal amounts related to OPEB as deferred outflows, \$10,963, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$94,501), net to (\$83,538) and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount
2025	\$ (88,545)
2026	(59,450)
2027	47,441
2028	17,015
2029	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (83,538)

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer report, as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023. That independently audited report was dated February 1, 2024 and can be found at:

 $\frac{https://www.oregon.gov/pers/emp/Documents/GASB/2023/Oregon\%20Public\%20Employees\%20Retirement\%20}{System\%20-\%20GASB\%2075\%20RHIA\%20-\%20YE\%206.30.2023\%20-\%20SECURED.pdf}$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Experience Study Report	2020, Published July 20, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation rate	2.40 percent
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent
Discount rate	6.90 percent
Projected salary increase	3.40 percent
Retiree healthcare	Healthy retirees: 27.5 %; Disabled retirees: 15%
participation	Treating Tetalees, 27.3 76, Disabled Tetalees, 1376
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex.
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-
	backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	Pub-2010 employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social
	Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex,
	Social Security Data scale, with job category adjustments and set-
	backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2020 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2020.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and 2022 was 6.90 percent for both years. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the RHIA plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Global Equity	27.50%	7.07%
Private Equity	25.50%	8.83%
Core Fixed Income	25.00%	4.50%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.83%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	6.02%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.51%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	6.27%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	6.48%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	4.83%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.35%

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS ACFR; p. 92)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

	1%		Discount		1% Discount		1%
	Decrease		Rate		Increase		
		(5.90%)		(6.90%)	 (7.90%)		
District's proportionate share of							
the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(1,166,897)	\$	(1,283,712)	\$ (1,383,939)		

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2023 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Two early retirement plans are maintained. The first plan provides a stipend to employees who meet certain requirements and retire from the District. The second plan provides health insurance benefits to retirees. An actuarial valuation is done for each plan. Calculations are based upon the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. Actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective and actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assets of the Pension Trust Fund may be used to pay any benefit (or refund any contribution) to any plan member or beneficiary.

As of June 30, 2024 the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Program Participants:

Active	701
Inactive	48
Total	749

Plan I Description (Stipends):

A single employer, defined benefit early retirement supplement program for certified employees was established under the terms of collective bargaining agreements. All certified employees who have worked for the District for 10 years and retire under the provisions of PERS prior to age 65 are eligible to receive stipends. There is no GAAP-basis pension plan report available for the plan.

Under terms of the collective bargaining agreement, the stipend for employees retiring after July 1, 1997 is \$562.50 per month. Subject to approval of the insurance carrier, the employee will have the option to purchase medical, dental and vision insurance through the District. Employees that retired before July 1, 1997 receive a stipend of \$350 per month plus medical, dental and vision insurance until age 65 or when eligible for Medicare, whichever occurs first. There is a service requirement of 40 hours of service per year. Participants may opt out of the service requirement in exchange for reduced stipends.

Contributions and Funding Policy:

Stipends are funded solely by the District and, consequently, no contributions by employees are required. There is no obligation to fund these benefits in advance. The District has established an Early Retirement Fiduciary Fund to solely pay the costs of premiums and stipends associated with early retirement. The amounts shown in the Pension Trust Fund have not been actuarially calculated and no future funding is guaranteed or pledged to be accounted for in this fiduciary fund.

Total OPEB Liability:

The District's total OPEB liability for Stipends of \$543,418 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The District's total OPEB liability for stipends as of the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment return assumption	The 3.93% discount rate assumption is the June 30,
(interest discount)	2024 rate in the 20-year General Obligation
	Municipal Bond Index published by Bond Buyer.
Plan participation	100% assumed will elect coverage at retirement if eligible for District paid insurance; 25% assumed if only eligible for self-pay insurance
Inflation rate	2.5% in all future years
Annual salary rate increases	3.5% for all future years
Health care premium	

Beginning in 2018, a 40% excise tax will be imposed under the Accordable Care Act on employers if the aggregate value of medical coverage exceeds a threshold limit. This excise tax is not included in the calculations because it is believed to be immaterial in regard to the OPEB plan.

Sensitivity rates:

The following presents the total Stipend Pension liability, as well as what the District's total Stipend Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point higher and lower than the current rates:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	((2.93%)		(3.93%)		(4.93%)
Total Pension Liability on June 30, 2024	\$	562,722	\$	543,418	\$	523.894

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized an OPEB income of \$47,063 related to OPEB Stipends. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Stipends from the following sources:

	_	red Ouflows Resources	 ed Inflows of esources	 Net
Change in Assumptions (Gain) Loss	\$	125,924	\$ (2,340)	\$ 123,584
Experience (Gain) Loss		440_	(17,671)	 (17,231)
Totals	\$	126,364	\$ (20,011)	\$ 106,353

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Stipends will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflow (Inflow)	
Fiscal Year Ending:	Recognize	d in OPEB Expense
2025	\$	39,145
2026		41,045
2027		25,010
2028		959
2029		194
All Subsequent Years		-
Total	\$	106,353

Funding Status and Funding Progress:

Additional information on the changes in OPEB Liability stipends can be found on page 49 of the report.

Plan II Description (Health Insurance):

As a result of collective bargaining agreements, post-employment medical benefits are offered under a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan, to all employees under various early retirement programs. Generally, participants must have worked for the District for a period of 10 to 15 years and be eligible to retire under PERS. There is no separate GAAP-basis pension plan report available for the plan.

The agreements provide that the District will pay the premiums for the retiree and his or her family under the medical and dental insurance programs. In addition, the District will pay administrators' life insurance premiums under the District's life insurance programs. The payments continue until the later of five years from the date of retirement or until the employee reaches age sixty-five.

Total OPEB Liability:

The District's total OPEB liability for Health Insurance \$2,758,926 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The District's total OPEB liability for health insurance as of the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment return assumption	The 3.93% discount rate assumption is the June 30,
(interest discount)	2024 rate in the 20-year General Obligation
	Municipal Bond Index published by Bond Buyer.
Plan participation	100% assumed will elect coverage at aretirement if eligible for District paid insurnace; 25% assumed if only eligible for self-pay insurance
Inflation rate	2.5% in all future years
Annual salary rate increases	3.5% for all future years
Health care cost trend rate	3.4% for all future years
Health care premium	

Beginning in 2018, a 40% excise tax will be imposed under the Accordable Care Act on employers if the aggregate value of medical coverage exceeds a threshold limit. This excise tax is not included in the calculations because it is believed to be immaterial in regard to the OPEB plan.

Sensitivity rates:

The following presents the total OPEB liability and Health Care Cost Trend Rates of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point higher and lower than the current rates:

	Current					
	1% Decrease	te 1% Increase				
	(2.93%)	(3.93%)	(4.93%)			
Total OPEB Liability on June 30, 2024	\$ 2,891,416	\$ 2,758,926	\$ 2,632,886			

Health Care Trend Sensitivity Analysis

				Current			
	Health Care						
	_19	% Decrease	T	rend Rates	1	% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability on June 30, 2024	\$	2,609,710	\$	2,758,926	\$	2,925,089	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized an OPEB income of \$224,282 related to OPEB Health Insurance. At June 30, 2024, actuarial calculations reported no deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Health Insurance. At June 30, 2024 the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Health Insurance from the following sources:

	rred Ouflows Resources	red Inflows of Resources	Net		
Experience (Gain) Loss Change in Assumptions (Gain) Loss	\$ 1,069,648 278,032	\$ (139,409) (701,073)	\$	930,239 (423,041)	
Totals	\$ 1,347,680	\$ (840,482)	\$	507,198	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Health Insurance will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflow (Inflow)						
Fiscal Year Ending:	Recognized in OPEB Expense						
2025		27,507					
2026		27,507					
2027		27,507					
2028		27,507					
2029		90,613					
All Subsequent Years		306,557					
Total	\$	507,198					

Funding Status and Funding Progress:

Additional information on the changes in OPEB Liability – Health Insurance can be found on page 50 of the report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Balance				Balance	
	July 1, 2023	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2024	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 8,202,451	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,202,451	
Construction in Progress	47,780,719	(39,355,584)	_	-	8,425,135	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	55,983,170	(39,355,584)	-	-	16,627,586	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Buildings and Improvements	49,907,923	39,355,584	3,439,419	-	92,702,926	
Equipment and Vehicles	19,233,016	-	5,924,390	-	25,157,406	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	69,140,939	39,355,584	9,363,809	-	117,860,332	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for						
Buildings and Improvements	29,836,226	-	1,239,394	-	31,075,620	
Equipment and Vehicles	6,884,421	-	191,270		7,075,691	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	36,720,647	_	1,430,664	-	38,151,311	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	32,420,292	-	7,933,145	-	79,709,021	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 88,403,462				\$ 96,336,607	

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following programs:

Instruction	\$ 812,103
Support Services	551,512
Community Services	67,049
Total	\$ 1,430,664

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the District for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the District.

11. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The voters of the State of Oregon approved ballot Measure 5, a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations, in November, 1990. School operations include community colleges, local school districts and education service districts.

The limitation provides that property taxes for school operations are limited to \$5.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The result of this initiative has been that school districts have become more dependent upon state funding and less dependent upon property tax revenues as their major source of operating revenue.

The voters of the State of Oregon passed ballot Measure 50 in May, 1997 to further reduce property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit. The District's permanent operating property tax rate was fixed at \$4.7448 per thousand of assessed value.

Measure 50 reduced the amount of operating property tax revenues available for its 1998-1999 fiscal year, and thereafter. This reduction was accomplished by rolling assessed property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10%, and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The Measure also sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues, and requires the State of Oregon to minimize the impact of the tax cuts to school districts. The ultimate impact as a result of this measure has been greater reliance on state funding and less reliance on local funding.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Substantially all amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

A substantial portion of operating funding is received from the State of Oregon. State funding is determined through state wide revenue projections that are paid to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the state school fund revenue formula. Since these projections and pupil counts fluctuate they can cause either increases or decreases in revenue. Due to these future uncertainties at the state level, the future effect on the operations cannot be determined.

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused substantial disruption to business and local governments due to mandated and voluntary suspension of operations and stay at home orders. There is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the outbreak and the long-term impact to the overall economy. The ultimate impact on the District's finances is not determinable.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Activity for compensated absences, all of which are considered due within one year, for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

Balance at July 1, 2023	\$ 148,725
Additions	153,207
Deletions	 (148,725)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 153,207

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in and balances of long-term obligations are comprised of the following:

	Ju	Balance ily 1, 2023	Adjustments Additions Reductions		Balance June 30, 2024		Due Within One Year				
Governmental Activities:											
General Obligation Bonds	\$	62,815,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	805,000	\$	62,010,000	\$	960,000
Direct Borrowings:											
Long-Term Installment Contracts		1,412,779			 		324,383		1,088,396		323,519
Total Long Term Obligations	\$	64,227,779	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1	,129,383	\$	63,098,396	\$	1,283,519
Premium on GO Bonds		16,376,803			 -		109,279		16,267,524		206,429
Grand Total	\$	80,604,582	\$		\$ -	\$ 1	,238,662	\$	79,365,920	\$	1,489,948

The future debt service requirements are as follows:

Amounts Payable in	General	Long-Term	
Fiscal Year	Obligation	Installment	
Ending June 30,	Bonds	Contracts	Total
2025	960,000	323,519	1,283,519
2026	1,115,000	160,752	1,275,752
2027	1,260,000	139,434	1,399,434
2028	510,000	87,914	597,914
2029	625,000	90,358	715,358
2030-2034	5,105,000	286,419	5,391,419
2035-2039	9,320,000	-	9,320,000
2040-2044	14,665,000	_	14,665,000
2045-2049	22,715,000	-	22,715,000
2050	5,735,000	-	5,735,000
Total	\$ 62,010,000	\$ 1,088,396	63,098,396

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following general obligation debt issue is outstanding at June 30, 2024:

Issue	Original Amount	Remaining Interest Rates	Principal Maturity Date	Balance at June 30, 2024
9/16/2020	\$ 65,000,000	2-5	6/15/2050	\$62,010,000
Total				\$62,010,000

There are nine long-term installment contracts. The terms of those contracts are as follows:

Contract	Year Issued	Annual Payment	Interest Rate	Balance at June 30, 2024
Copier	2019	Varies	12.00%	\$ -
Copier Upgrade	2019	Varies	5.06%	-
Chromebook 3	2020	Varies	3.97%	50,843
Chromebook 4	2021	Varies	3.90%	36,351
Bus Purchase Loan	2022	Varies	2.5-4.5%	714,420
Blue Bird Bus Loan	2017	Varies	3.55%	156,174
Mercedes Bus	2018	Varies	2.4-4.5%	80,477
Mercedes Bus	2020	Varies	3.47%	50,131
Total				\$ 1,088,396

In September 2020, the District issued a voter-approved \$65,000,000 in general obligation bonds to fund school facility capital projects. Interest payments are made semiannually in December and June beginning in December 2020, with principal payments made annually in June beginning in 2021. Interest rates vary between 2.00-5.00%, with the final payment due in June 2050. There are no significant default clauses requiring disclosure under GASB 88.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which commercial insurance is purchased. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three fiscal years.

A Self Insurance Fund (internal service fund in basic financial statements) is maintained to cover any claims not covered by commercial insurance such as unemployment claims. Workers compensation and property/liability insurance premiums are also accumulated in this fund. The Self Insurance Fund (proprietary fund) recognized the following amounts of revenues from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2024:

General Fund \$ 1,076,362

16. JOINT VENTURE

An intergovernmental property agreement was entered into to build and operate a Center for Advanced Learning (CAL), a charter school. However, payment and ownership will be shared with the following Districts along with their share of ownership: Reynolds School District No. 7, 19.305%; Centennial School District no. 28J, 16.369%; Mt. Hood Community College, 15.058%; and Gresham-Barlow School District No. 10J, 49.268%. The equity interest in CAL at June 30, 2024 was \$909,016.

The Center for Advanced Learning issues a publicly available financial report which may be obtained by writing: Administrator, The Center for Advanced Learning, 1484 NW Civic Drive, Gresham, OR 97030.

17. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Amounts are comprised of the following:

		Interfund Transfers				
	Tra	ansfers In	Tra	nsfers Out		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	372,000		
Board Reserve Fund		72,000		-		
Other Governmental Funds		300,000		-		
Total	\$	372,000	\$	372,000		

Internal transfers are to close two nonmajor governmental funds and the board reserve fund and move their remaining balances to the General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. LEASE LIABILITY

For the year ended 6/30/2024, the basic financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On 07/01/2021, the District entered into a 48-month lease as Lessee for the use of Copier - Rental. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$22,624. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$6,117. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$526. The lease has an interest rate of 5.6900%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$22,624 with accumulated amortization of \$16,968 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 03/25/2022, the District entered into a 60-month lease as Lessee for the use of Copier - Replacements. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$32,368. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$18,368. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$623. The lease has an interest rate of 5.9896%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$32,368 with accumulated amortization of \$14,674 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 07/13/2021, the District entered into a 60-month lease as Lessee for the use of Copy Machines. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$34,005. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$14,469. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$631. The lease has an interest rate of 4.4928%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$34,005 with accumulated amortization of \$20,176 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2021, the District entered into a 95-month lease as Lessee for the use of Bieker Commercial lease. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$512,036. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$344,589. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$5,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0830%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$512,036 with accumulated amortization of \$194,034 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found on page 44.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. LEASE LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

Total Lease Liability

	Outstanding 7/1/2023			Issued			tured and		Outstanding 6/30/2024	Due Within One Year		
Equipment												
DeLage Copier Rental	\$	11,897	\$		-	\$	5,780	\$	6,117	\$	6,117	
DeLage Landen Copier Replacements		24,536			-		6,168		18,368		6,548	
DeLage 2021		21,231			_		6,762		14,469		7,072	
Equipment Subtotal		57,664	-		_		18,710	38,954		19,73		
Building												
Bieker Commercial Lease		401,518			_		56,929		344,589		68,608	
Building Subtotal		401,518			_		56,929		344,589		68,608	
Total Lease Liability	\$ 459,182 \$				_	\$	75,639	\$	383,543	\$	88,345	

Principal Interest to Maturity

Governmental Activities Equipment

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Princ	ipal Payments	Interest	Payments
2025		19,737		1,618
2026		14,347		700
2027		4,870		110
2028		-		-
Thereafter		-		-
	\$	38,954	\$	2,428

Principal Interest to Maturity

Governmental Activities Buildings

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Pi	rincipal Payments	Inter	est Payments
2025		68,608		3,392
2026		69,355		2,645
2027		70,110		1,890
2028		70,873		1,127
Thereafter	_	65,643		356
	\$	344,589	\$	9,410

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

RIGHT TO USE ASSET

The right-to-use assets apply to the lease disclosures in Note 18.

Amount of Lease Assets by Major Classes of Underlying Asset (Right-to-Use Asset)

			At June	At June 30, 2024								
Asset Class	Lease Asset Value		Accumulat	ed Amortization	Net Value							
Equipment	\$	88,997	\$	51,818	\$	37,179						
Buildings		512,036		194,034		318,002						
Total	\$	601,033	\$	245,852	\$	355,181						

Changes in Right-to-Use Asset

	Balance at July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2024
Equipment	\$ 88,997	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,997
Buildings	512,036	-	-	512,036
Accumulated Amortization				
Equipment	(32,887)	(18,931)	-	(51,818)
Buildings	(129,356)	(64,678)		(194,034)
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$ 438,790	\$ (83,609)	\$ -	\$ 355,181

20. SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE (GASB 96)

For the year ended 6/30/2024, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On 06/15/2023, the District entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of Newsela License. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$750. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The District is required to make annual fixed payments of \$750. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.6700%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$750 with accumulated amortization of \$53 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 07/01/2022, the District entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of Snap & Read License. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$14,383. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$15,485. The District is required to make annual fixed payments of \$14,460. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8503%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$15,485 with accumulated amortization of \$15,485 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found on page 46.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20. SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE (GASB 96) (CONTINUED)

Asset Class

On 07/01/2022, the District entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of Tyler Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$974. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,249. The District is required to make annual fixed payments of \$980. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8503%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$2,249 with accumulated amortization of \$2,249 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

Subscription Asset Value

At June 30, 2024

Accumulated Amortization

Net Value

Software	\$	18,484	\$	17,7	787 \$	697
Total Subscriptions	\$	18,484	\$	17,7	<u>\$</u>	697
			Balance as of July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance as of June 30, 2024
Subscription Assets			July 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Julie 30, 2024
Software						
Newsela License			750			- 750
Snap & Read License			15,485			- 15,485
Tyler Software			2,249			- 2,249
Total Software Subscription Assets			18,484	-		- 18,484
Total Subscription Assets			18,484			- 18,484
Subscription Accumulated Amortization Software						
Newsela License			27	26		- 53
Snap & Read License			11,988	3,497		- 15,485
Tyler Software			1,694	555_		- 2,249
Total Software Subscription Accumulated	Amortization		13,709	4,078		- 17,787
Total Subscription Accumulated Amortiz	ation	_	13,709	4,078		- 17,787
Total Unallocated Subscription Assets, Ne	t		4,775	(4,078)		- 697
		Balance as of July 1, 2023	Additions	Redu	B	alance as of June 30, 2024
Subscription Liability Software						
Newsela License			-	-	-	-
Snap & Read License			-	-	•	-
Tyler Software	4.			-	-	-
Total Software Subscription Liabili	ıy			-	-	•
Total Subscription Liability			-	_		•

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2024, the District had tax abatements through four programs: Housing for Low Income Rental, Alternative Energy, Water Associations and Homebuyer Opportunity Limited Tax Exemption that impacted their levied taxes and require disclosure under GASB 77. The major programs are as follows:

Housing for Low Income Rental (ORS 307.515 to 307.535):

• The Low Income Rental Housing exemption is available for qualifying properties which, if occupied, need to be occupied solely by low income persons, and the required rent payment reflects the full value of the property tax exemption. The housing units on the property have to be constructed after the local governing body adopted the provisions of ORS 307.515 to 307.523.

A person that has only a leasehold interest in property is deemed to be a purchaser of that property if the person is obligated under the terms of the lease to pay the ad valorem taxes on the real and personal property used in this activity on that property or the rent payable has been established to reflect the savings resulting from the exemption.

Homebuyer Opportunity Limited Tax Exemption (ORS 307.651 to 307.687):

• The Homebuyer Opportunity Limited Tax Exemption program exempts the residential improvement value from real property taxation for a 10-year period, while the land remains taxable. At the end of the 10-year exemption period, the taxes due will reflect the full assessed value of the property. Homes approved for the HOLTE program must sell for less than the annually established price cap to homebuyers who will live in the homes and meet program income requirements. There is a 100-unit cap on the number of new applications approved each year, although the cap does not apply to applications for properties including long-term affordability covenants.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District had abated property taxes totaling \$99,344 under these programs.

22. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment was recorded to adjust the previously reported prior year net position, due to an adjustment of the ending net position of Parklane Elementary School's activity fund that was not reported with the governmental funds last year.

Net position - July 1, 2024 as originally reported	\$ (7,687,005)
Prior Period Adjustment	 17,717
Net Position - July 1, 2024 as restated	\$ (7,669,288)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

PERS

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	(a)	(b)		(b/c)	Plan fiduciary
	Employer's	Employer's	(c)	NPL as a	net position as
Year	proportion of	proportionate share	Employer's	percentage	a percentage of
Ended	the net pension	of the net pension	covered	of covered	the total pension
June 30,	liability (NPL)	liability (NPL)	payroll	payroll	liability
2024	0.36 %	\$ 68,222,559	\$ 45,369,756	150.4 %	81.7 %
2023	0.39	59,882,557	42,941,369	139.5	84.5
2022	0.43	51,883,689	37,691,036	137.7	87.6
2021	0.45	97,387,459	35,859,706	271.6	75.8
2020	0.50	85,683,061	36,809,595	232.8	80.2
2019	0.50	76,080,650	35,866,946	212.1	82.1
2018	0.52	69,647,232	34,715,542	200.6	83.1
2017	0.59	88,118,509	36,542,686	241.1	80.5
2016	0.67	38,327,682	35,213,513	108.8	91.9
2015	0.66	(15,002,395)	35,009,422	(42.9)	103.6

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Year ended June 30,	Statutorily required contribution		rel statu	ntributions in ation to the torily required ontribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$	10,425,432	\$	10,425,432	\$	•	\$ 45,072,904	23.1 %
2023		10,615,759		10,615,759		-	45,369,756	23.4
2022		10,232,454		10,232,454		-	42,941,369	27.1
2021		10,752,745		10,752,745	-		37,691,036	30.0
2020		11,436,854		11,436,854		-	35,859,706	31.9
2019		9,276,915		9,276,915		-	36,809,595	25.2
2018		9,162,100		9,162,100		-	35,866,946	25.5
2017		7,262,222		7,262,222		-	34,715,542	20.9
2016		7,082,386		7,082,386		-	36,542,676	19.4
2015		7,349,939		7,349,939		-	35,213,513	20.9

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2024

OPEB - RHIA

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET/(LIABILITY) FOR RHIA

	(a)	(a) (b)				(b/c)		Plan fiduciar	y	
	Employer's	Employer's			(c)	NOA/(L) as	a	net position a	s	
Year	proportion of	proportionate shar			Employer's	percentage		a percentage of		
Ended	the net OPEB asset/	of the	net OPEB asset/	covered		of covered		the total OPEB		
June 30,	(liability) (NOA/(L))	(liabi	lity) (NOA/(L))		payroll	payroll		liability		
2024	0.35058 %	\$	1,283,712	\$	45,369,756	2.83	%	201.6	%	
2023	0.32290		1,147,378		42,941,369	2.67		194.6		
2022	0.33732	1,158,362			37,691,036	3.07		183.9		
2021	0.85875		1,749,791		35,859,706	4.88		150.1		
2020	0.32490		627,819		36,809,595	1.71		144.4		
2019	0.36075		402,700		35,866,946	1.12		124.0		
2018	0.35553	148,376			34,715,542	0.43		108.9		
2017	0.36815		(99,977)		36,542,686	(0.27)		90.0		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Amounts for covered payroll (c) use the prior year's data to match the measurement data used by the OPEB plan for each year.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RHIA

		Cont	ributions in					Contributions		
Year	Statutorily	Statutorily relation to the					Employer's	as a percent		
Ended	required	statutorily required		deficiency			covered	of covered		
June 30,	 contribution	contribution		(excess)			payroll	payroll		
2024	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	45,072,904	N/A %		
2023	N/A		N/A		N/A		45,369,756	N/A		
2022	N/A		N/A		N/A		42,941,369	N/A		
2021	N/A		N/A		N/A		37,691,036	N/A		
2020	N/A		N/A		N/A		35,859,706	N/A		
2019	N/A		N/A		N/A		36,809,595	N/A		
2018	N/A		N/A		N/A		35,866,946	N/A		
2017	N/A		N/A		N/A		34,715,542	N/A		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

All statutorily required contributions were made and are included within PERS contributions (see p. 48A).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS June 30, 2024

Plan I: OPEB (Stipends) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

																Total OPE	В
Year	Total OPEB					С	hanges of					T	otal OPEB		Estimated	Liability as	а
Ended	Liability -	Servic	e				Benefit	CI	nanges of		Benefit		Liability -		Covered	% of Covere	ed
June 30,	Beginning	Cost		-	Interest		Terms		Assumptions		Payments	End of Year		Payroll		Payroll	
2024	\$ 601,312	\$ 9,	800	\$	19,652	\$	8,313	\$	(3,324)	\$	(92,335)	\$	543,418	\$	3,018,946	18.00%	
2023	677,840	12,	947		22,022		-		-		(111,497)		601,312		3,457,794	17.39%	
2022	534,287	12,	927		16,952		256,766		(32,285)		(110,807)		677,840		2,631,260	25.76%	
2021	644,515	11,	297		12,760		-		-		(134,285)		534,287		2,542,281	21.02%	
2020	861,861	10,	915		17,401		(119,370)		22,665		(148,957)		644,515		5,145,891	12.52%	
2019	971,791	18,	036		34,465		-		-		(162,431)		861,861		4,971,876	17.33%	
2018	1,098,191	17,	426		39,641		25,937		(61,658)		(147,746)		971,791		5,950,623	16.33%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

		(a)	(b)			(b/c)
Year Ended June 30,	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	 ntributions During Year	(b)-(a) fference	(c) Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll
2024	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ 2,837,266	N/A
2023		N/A	N/A	N/A	3,018,946	N/A
2022		N/A	N/A	N/A	3,457,794	N/A
2021		N/A	N/A	N/A	2,631,260	N/A
2020		N/A	N/A	N/A	2,542,281	N/A
2019		N/A	N/A	N/A	5,145,891	N/A
2018		N/A	N/A	N/A	4,971,876	N/A

The above table presents the most recent actuarial valuations for the District's post-retirement stipend plan and it provides information that approximates the funding progress of the plan.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS June 30, 2024

Plan II: OPEB (Health Insurance) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

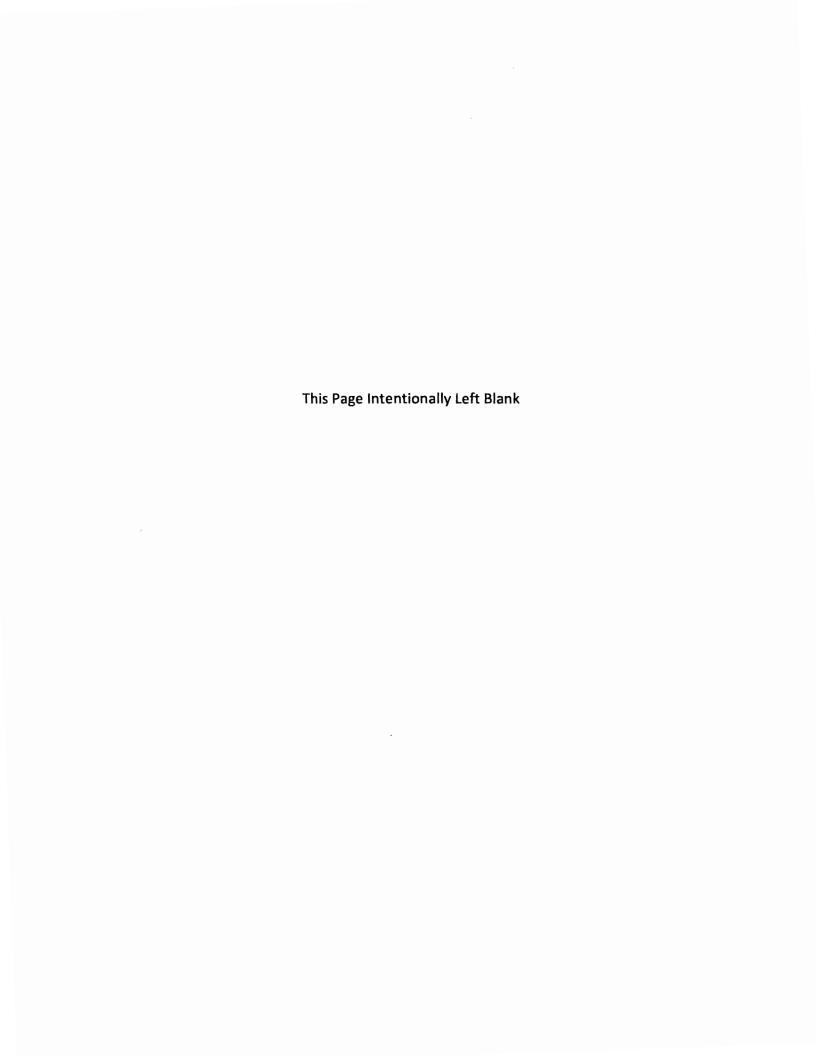
													Tot	al OPEB	
Year	Total OPEB			(Changes of					Tota	al OPEB	Estimated	Lia	oility as a	
Ended	Liability -	Service			Benefit	С	hanges of	Be	nefit	Lia	ability -	Covered	% of	f Covered	
June 30,	 Beginning	 Cost	Interest		Terms	As	sumptions	Payr	ments	End	of Year	 Payroll	F	ayroll	
2024	\$ 2,970,345	\$ 100,219	\$ 96,556	\$	374,003	\$	(296,632)	\$ (48	35,565)	\$ 2,	758,926	\$ 40,183,423	(3.87%	
2023	3,209,909	126,298	105,291				-	(47	71,153)	2,	970,345	37,703,933	7	7.88%	
2022	2,580,358	122,027	84,202		1,002,429		(175,556)	(40	3,551)	3,	209,909	27,650,374	1	1.61%	
2021	2,875,964	87,830	58,673		-		-	(44	2,109)	2,	580,358	26,715,337	9	9.66%	
2020	2,808,995	84,860	56,228		(50,565)		505,932	(52	29,486)	2,	875,964	34,642,193	8	3.30%	
2019	3,055,621	87,126	109,672		-		-	(44	13,424)	2,	808,995	33,470,718	8	8.39%	
2018	4,329,616	84,180	159,172		(291,678)		(792,368)	(43	33,301)	3,	055,621	32,338,858	9	9.45%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended June 30,	De	(a) ctuarially etermined entribution	 (b) ntributions During Year	(b)-(a) ference	(c) Covered Payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll
2024	\$	N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ 42,239,850	N/A
2023		N/A	N/A	N/A	40,183,423	N/A
2022		N/A	N/A	N/A	37,703,933	N/A
2021		N/A	N/A	N/A	27,650,374	N/A
2020		N/A	N/A	N/A	26,715,337	N/A
2019		N/A	N/A	N/A	34,642,193	N/A
2018		N/A	N/A	N/A	33,470,718	N/A

The above table presents the most recent actuarial valuations for the District's post-retirement health insurance and it provides information that approximates the funding progress of the plan.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.



For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

GENERAL FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes - Current Year's Levy	\$ 15,501,665	\$ 15,501,665	\$ 15,810,455	\$ 308,790
Taxes - Prior Years' Levy	125,000	125,000	133,012	8,012
Urban Renewal Plan	•	-	127	127
Tax Penalties and Interest	-		2,578	2,578
Transportation Fees	5,000	5,000	137,271	132,271
Earnings on Investments	600,000	600,000	1,203,825	603,825
Fees	5,000	5,000	46,673	41,673
Community Service	16,000	16,000	8,720	(7,280)
Property Rental	-	-	5,424	5,424
City/County Grants	582,567	582,567	612,598	30,031
Fees Charged to Grants	480,000	480,000	550,558	70,558
Miscellaneous Local Sources	53,500	53,500	193,104	139,604
Total Local Revenue	17,368,732	17,368,732	18,704,345	1,335,613
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:	4 500	4.500	054	(540)
County School Fund	1,500	1,500	951	(549)
Total Intermediate Revenue	1,500	1,500	951	(549)
Revenue From State Sources:				
School Support Fund	55,602,868	55,602,868	55,265,145	(337,723)
Common School Fund	600,000	600,000	786,916	186,916
High Cost Disability Grant	1,400,000	1,400,000	2,073,423	673,423
Other Restricted Grants	15,000	15,000	336	(14,664)
Total State Revenue	57,617,868	57,617,868	58,125,820	507,952
Revenue From Federal Sources:				
DHS Foster Care Trans Reimbursement	15,000	15,000	28,217	13,217
Medicaid Reimbursement for Eligible K-12	100,000	100,000	73,748	(26,252)
Federal Forest Fees	1,000	1,000	2,712	1,712
Total Federal Revenue	116,000	116,000	104,677	(11,323)
Total Revenue	\$ 75,104,100	\$ 75,104,100	\$ 76,935,793	\$ 1,831,693

Continued on pages 51B, and 51C

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

GENERAL FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	_	SALARIES	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:					
Regular Programs:					
Primary-w/o Student Body Activity	\$ 14,150,948	\$ 14,150,948	;	8,512,107	\$ 4,867,666
Middle/Jr.High-w/o Student Body Activity	7,437,063	7,437,063		4,023,916	2,321,815
Middle/Jr.High Student Body Activity	55,957	55,957		39,533	13,941
High School-w/o Student Body Activity	9,158,002	9,158,002		5,025,567	2,869,803
High School Student Body Activity	857,424	857,424		495,496	194,680
Special Programs:					
Gifted and Talented	69,661	69,661		22,682	8,795
Restrictive Programs	1,663,700	1,663,700		729,789	525,207
Home Instruction	53,407	53,407		8,058	1,789
Resource Rooms	8,688,138	8,688,138		3,162,122	2,121,998
Other Special Programs	5,385,019	5,385,019	_	2,479,149	1,528,508
Total Instruction	47,519,319	47,519,319	(1) _	24,498,419	14,454,202
Support Services:					
Pupils:					
Attendance and Social Work	1,249,691	1,249,691		465,295	315,384
Guidance Services	2,425,077	2,425,077		1,486,256	885,591
Health Services	164,647	164,647			
Psychological Services	961,177	961,177		603,340	331,718
Speech/Audiology Services	1,221,647	1,221,647		662,969	322,081
Other Student Treatment Service	365,395	365,395		233,576	122,768
Student Support Service	823,334	823,334		478,788	313,964
Instructional Staff	1,888,404	1,888,404		1,095,311	742,317
General Administration	798,622	798,622		319,372	156,407
School Administration	5,474,660	5,474,660		3,257,035	1,948,125
Business:					
Fiscal Services	1,191,384	1,191,384		580,680	366,539
Operation and Maintenance	5,763,912	5,763,912		1,879,506	1,072,287
Pupil Transportation	4,004,004	4,004,004		1,425,763	896,825
Internal Services	350,915	350,915		140,158	93,378
Central Services	2,577,905	2,577,905		1,344,304	813,897
Supplement Retirement Programs	-		-		31,821
Total Support Services	29,260,774	29,260,774	(1)	13,972,353	8,413,102
Enterprise and Community Services	119,940	119,940	(1)	72,320	32,819
Debt Service					
Redemption of Principal	190,097	190,097			
Interest Other than Buses	11,787	11,787		-	-
			-		
Total Debt Service	201,884	201,884	(1)		-
Contingency	1,100,000	1,100,000	(1)		_
Total Expenditures	78,201,917	78,201,917	-	\$ 38,543,092	\$ 22,900,123
Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(3,097,817)	(3,097,817)			
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):					
Transfers to Board Reserve Fund	(72,000)	(72,000)			
Transfers to Technology Replacement Fund	(200,000)	(200,000)	(1)		
Transfers to Transportation Fund	(100,000)	(100,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	(372,000)	(372,000)	(1)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,469,817)	(3,469,817)			
Fund Balance - Beginning	18,500,000	18,500,000			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,030,183	\$ 15,030,183			
(1) Appropriation Level					

PURCHASED SERVICES	SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	CAPITAL OUTLAY	OTHER OBJECTS	TOTAL	OVER/ UNDER
\$ 923,127	\$ 84,081	\$ -	\$ 147	\$ 14,387,128	\$ (236,180)
487,960	110,110	10,873	•	6,954,674	482,389
11,732	1,135	-	-	66,341	(10,384)
494,545	309,344	10,873	-	8,710,132	447,870
225,436	36,707	-	13,043	965,362	(107,938)
6,503	-	-	-	37,980	31,681
186,719	2,429	-	-	1,444,144	219,556
•	-	-	-	9,847	43,560
4,196,699 973,321	6,583 12,867		3,792	9,487,402 4,997,637	(799,264) 387,382
		04.740			
7,506,042	563,256	21,746	16,982	47,060,647	458,672
116,490	2,568			899,737	349,954
1,891	7,172		787	2,381,697	43,380
136,627	4,364	-	-	140,991	23,656
-	2,530	-	•	937,588	23,589
800	2,356	-	1,767	989,973	231,674
1,521	4,034	-	240	362,139	3,256
6,122	3,039	-	-	801,913	21,421
37,400	110,502	-	50	1,985,580	(97,176)
186,712	15,845	•	38,360	716,696	81,926
79,972	99,997	-	8,769	5,393,898	80,762
128,724	13,899	-	4,618	1,094,460	96,924
2,921,901	391,506	512,829	109,657	6,887,686	(1,123,774)
857,155	247,814	95,723	75,702	3,598,982	405,022
54,669	60,374	•	•	348,579	2,336
220,771	294,342	-	2,254	2,675,568	(97,663)
-	-	-		31,821	(31,821)
4,750,755	1,260,342	608,552	242,204	29,247,308	13,466
-	6,161	-	880	112,180	7,760
	_	_	194,258	194,258	(4,161)
-	-		7,626	7,626	4,161
-	-	-	201,884	201,884	
-			-	•	1,100,000
\$ 12,256,797	\$ 1,829,759	\$ 630,298	\$ 461,950	76,622,019	1,579,898
				313,774	3,411,591
			(72,000)	(72,000)	
			(200,000)	(200,000)	-
			(100,000)	(100,000)	
			(372,000)	(372,000)	
				(58,226)	3,411,591
				20,361,606	1,861,606

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		GRANTS FUND	TITLELAND	TIT! E !!A		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	TITLE I AND SCHL IMPROVMT	TITLE IIA IMPROVE	TITLE III	Title IV
REVENUES:	BUDGET	BUDGET	ESSA	TEACHING	ELL	PART - A & B
From Local Sources:						
Miscellaneous Income	\$ 644,150	\$ 644,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
From Intermediate Sources:						
Miscellaneous Income	300,000	300,000		-		-
From State Sources:		,				
Student Investment Account	5,328,801	5,328,801		-	-	
Early Literacy	700,000	700,000				
Other Restricted Grants	4,437,177	4,437,177				
From Federal Sources:	4,401,111	4,101,111				
Restricted Grants In Aid:						
ESEA Title I	2,748,897	2,748,897	2,397,549			
ESEA Title IIA			2,397,549	076 701	-	•
	392,000	392,000	-	276,701	400.004	-
ESEA Title III ELL	180,000	180,000	•	•	199,694	-
Title IV-A,B IDEA	560,000	560,000	-	-	-	465,893
· 	1,300,000	1,300,000	-	-	•	-
Perkins Grant	50,000	50,000	•	-	-	-
ESSER	11,074,149	11,074,149	-		-	-
Other Grants	1,443,605	1,443,605	-		-	-
Total Revenues	29,158,779	29,158,779	2,397,549	276,701	199,694	465,893
EXPENDITURES: Instruction:						
Elementary w/o Student Body:	5 100 000				·-·	
Salaries	5,102,363	5,102,363	679,807	•	50,474	51,666
Employee Benefits	2,717,570	2,717,570	409,898	•	23,665	24,107
Purchased Services	2,453,558	2,453,558	6,251	-	-	269,202
Supplies and Materials	1,582,642	1,582,642	87,813	-	14,574	46,974
Other Objects Total Instruction	91,946	91,946 11,948,079 (1	1,183,769		88,713	391,949
Total instruction	11,940,079	11,940,079	1,103,769		00,713	391,949
Support Services:						
Instruction Staff and Ed. Media:						
Salaries	4,210,603	4,210,603	563,941	83,535	21,912	4,258
Employee Benefits	1,925,417	1,925,417	350,018	40,038	8,623	1,972
Purchased Services	3,016,500	3,016,500	76,052	118,250	37,912	22,643
Supplies and Materials	821,349	821,349	52,625	172	38,904	21,370
Capital Outlay	5,440,000	5,440,000	-			- 1,
Other	1,008,372	1,008,372	90,246	10,872	3,630	15,174
Total Support Services	16,422,241	16,422,241 (1		252,867	110,981	65,417
		,				
Enterprise and Community Service:						
Salaries	184,561	184,561	791	_		_
Employee Benefits	40,014	40,014	297		_	_
Purchased Services	297,100	297,100	65,848	23,834		8,527
Supplies and Materials		•		25,054	-	0,521
Total Enterprise and Community	216,784	216,784	13,962	22.024		9.507
Total Enterprise and Community	738,459	738,459 (1	80,898	23,834		8,527
Facilities Acquisition and Construction:						
Purchased Services	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction	50,000	50,000 (1	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	29,158,779	29,158,779	2,397,549	276,701	199,694	465,893
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning		-			-	-

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

IDEA	TITLE I PERKINS	STUDENT INVESTMENT ACCOUNT	ESSER	OTHER GRANTS	TOTAL	OVER/ UNDER
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,678	\$ 170,678	\$ (473,472)
-	-	-	-		-	(300,000)
	-	3,956,774	-	-	3,956,774	(1,372,027)
				7,937	7,937	(692,063)
				2,018,333	2,018,333	(2,418,844)
	-		-	-	2,397,549	(351,348)
-	-	-	-	-	276,701	(115,299)
•		•	•	-	199,694	19,694
1,349,806			-	-	465,893 1,349,806	(94,107) 49,806
1,543,600	18,140				18,140	(31,860)
	10,140		7,745,878	-	7,745,878	(3,328,271)
	-		-	514,818	514,818	(928,787)
1,349,806	18,140	3,956,774	7,745,878	2,711,766	19,122,201	(10,036,578)
347,944	-	846,512	312,730	1,011,931	3,301,064	1,801,299
205,303	-	531,295	108,040	552,165	1,854,473	863,097
87,967	•	14,480	642,204	199,227	1,219,331	1,234,227
35,430 4,474	•	38,440	14,526	109,957 25,556	347,714 30,030	1,234,928 61,916
681,118		1,430,727	1,077,500	1,898,836	6,752,612	5,195,467
365,470	1,020	1,242,293	367,919	309,305	2,959,653	1,250,950
212,285	404	739,909	188,201	157,470	1,698,920	226,497
32,665	13,476	216,178	1,024,425	80,855	1,622,456	1,394,044
2,008	3,240	172,180	378,017	96,906	765,422	55,927
7,742 48,518	•	- 155,487	4,538,591 159,705	70,578	4,546,333 554,210	893,667 454,162
668,688	18,140	2,526,047	6,656,858	715,114	12,146,994	4,275,247
-	-	-	8,562	518	9,871	174,690
•	-	•	2,958	184	3,439	36,575
-	-	•	-	-	98,209	198,891
-	-	-	-	72,114	86,076	130,708
		-	11,520	72,816	197,595	540,864
				25.000	25.000	25,000
-	-		-	25,000 25,000	25,000 25,000	25,000
1,349,806	18,140	3,956,774	7,745,878	2,711,766	19,122,201	10,036,578
-	-			-		
-		4	-	-	_	
\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

BOARD RESERVE FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		 ACTUAL		OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:					040 004	•	00.004
Earnings on Investments	\$ 225,000	\$	225,000		\$ 313,094	\$	88,094
Total Local Revenue	 225,000		225,000		 313,094		88,094
From Intermediate Sources:							
HERT Tax	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000		\$ 16,332	\$	11,332

Total Intermediate Revenue	 5,000		5,000		 16,332		11,332
Total Revenues	 230,000		230,000		 329,426		99,426
EXPENDITURES:							
Facilities Acquisition and Construction:							
Purchased Services	1,000,000		1,000,000		111,060		888,940
Supplies & Materials	-		-		1,075		(1,075)
Capital Outlay	3,000,000		3,000,000		2,172,013		827,987
Dues and Fees	-		-		3,588		(3,588)
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction	 4,000,000		4,000,000	(1)	 2,287,736		1,712,264
Total Expenditures	4,000,000		4,000,000		 2,287,736		1,712,264
Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures	(3,770,000)		(3,770,000)		(1,958,310)		1,811,690
Other Financing Sources, -Uses:							
Transfers in	72,000		72,000		72,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	 72,000		72,000		 72,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,698,000)		(3,698,000)		(1,886,310)		1,811,690
Fund Balance - Beginning	 9,700,000		9,700,000		 7,816,513		(1,883,487)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 6,002,000	\$	6,002,000		\$ 5,930,203	\$	(71,797)

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

		THLETIC ACILITIES FUND	DINING SERVICE FUND	CLASSROOM PROVEMENT FUND	TRAN	SPORTATION FUND		ENERGY SERVATION FUND		STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND
ASSETS:	_	40.044	400.070	044.000	•	045.075	•	222 205	•	400.000
Cash and Investments	\$	46,841	\$ 166,972	\$ 811,628	\$	645,375	\$	233,305	\$	463,893
Accounts Receivables		-	320,343	-				13,808		-
Property Taxes Receivable			 	 					-	-
Total Assets	\$	46,841	 487,315	\$ 811,628	\$	645,375	\$	247,113	\$	463,893
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$ 208,661	\$ 109,673	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unearned Revenue		*	 85,732	 -		-				-
Total Liabilities		-	 294,393	 109,673						-
Deferred inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		*	-			-			-	-
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable			-	-		-		-		-
Restricted:										
Debt Service		-	-			-		-		-
Food Service		-	192,922	-				-		-
Scholarships		-	-			-		-		-
Committed		46,841	 	 701,955		645,375		247,113		463,893
Total Fund Balance		46,841	 192,922	 701,955		645,375		247,113		463,893
Total Liabilities										
and Fund Balance	\$	46,841	\$ 487,315	\$ 811,628	\$	645,375	\$	247,113	\$	463,893

IMP	HNOLOGY ROVEMENT FUND	ROBERT P. JACOBSEN JR. ENDOWMENT FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		F	CAPITAL PROJECTS SERVE FUND	Microsoftwa	TOTALS
\$	750,019 550	\$	43,528	\$ 1	1,560,064 - 112,410	\$	2,099,933 96,274 -	\$	6,821,558 430,975 112,410
\$	750,569	\$	43,528	\$ 1	1,672,474	\$	2,196,207	\$	7,364,943
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	148,155	\$	466,489 85,732
	-			-	-		148,155		552,22
	-		-		89,142	***************************************	_		89,14
	-		-		-				-
	-		-		1,583,332				1,583,33
	-		-				-		192,92
	-		43,528		-		-		43,52
	750,569		-		-		2,048,052		4,903,79
	750,589	Name of Street	43,528		1,583,332		2,048,052		6,723,58
\$	750,569	\$	43,528	\$	1,672,474	\$	2,196,207	\$	7,364,94

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	ATHLETIC DINING FACILITIES SERVICE FUND FUND		CLASSROOM IMPROVEMENT FUND	TRANSPORTATION FUND	ENERGY CONSERVATION FUND	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND
REVENUES:						
From Local Sources:	•	\$ -	•	•	•	•
Property Tax Construction Excise Tax	\$ -	• -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest Earnings	-	-	-	7.640	904	•
E-Rate	-	•	•	7,640	904	-
Energy Trust	•	•	-	•	21,800	•
Energy Conservation SB1149	•	•	-	-	180,107	-
Contributions from Private Sources	-	•	-	•	100,107	-
Miscellaneous	24,357	4 607 900	•	•	•	204.644
Intermediate Sources	24,357	1,607,800	-	207 500	•	394,611
	-	_	704.055	287,566	•	-
State Sources	-	502,409	701,955	232,559	-	-
Federal Sources	-	2,228,317		-	-	
Total Revenues	24,357	4,338,526	701,955	527,765	202,811	394,611
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Instruction	-		-	-	-	463,704
Support Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enterprise and Community Service	-	4,170,994	-	•	-	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-		•	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	986,926	-	-		-
Debt Service:						
Principal	-	-	-	425,496	•	-
Interest	•		-	40,452	-	•
Total Expenditures	-	5,157,920		465,948	_	463,704
Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	24,357	(819,394)	701,955	61,817	202,811	(69,093)
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):						
Issuance of Debt	_			-	_	
Transfers In	-		-	100,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	_			100,000	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	24,357	(819,394)	701,955	161,817	202,811	(69,093)
Fund Balance - Beginning (restated)	22,484	1,012,316		483,558	44,302	532,986
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 46,841	\$ 192,922	\$ 701,955	\$ 645,375	\$ 247,113	\$ 463,893

TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENT FUND		ROBERT P. JACOBSEN JR. ENDOWMENT FUND		DEBT SERVICE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS RESERVE FUND		TOTALS	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,659,022	\$	-	\$	3,659,022
	-	·	_	•	-,,	•	413,419	•	413,419
	_		371		122,589		86,430		217,934
	91,144				-		-		91,144
	-		-		-		_		21,800
	-		-		-		_		180,107
	-		16,306		_		_		16,306
	6,329		-		-		8,010		2,041,107
	_		_		-		-		287,566
	_				_		_		1,436,923
	-		-	-					2,228,317
	97,473		16,677	-	3,781,611		507,859		10,593,645
			16,425 - -		- - -		4,179 - 88,786		480,129 4,179 4,170,994 88,786
	_		_		-		762,278		1,749,204
			_		-		102,210		1,743,204
	-				805,000				1,230,496
					2,984,846		-		3,025,298
		-	16,425		3,789,846		855,243		10,749,086
	97,473		252		(8,235)		(347,384)		(155,441)
			-		-		-		
	200,000				*		*		300,000
	200,000				•				300,000
	297,473		252		(8,235)		(347,384)		144,559
	453,096		43,276		1,591,567		2,395,436		6,579,021
\$	750,569	\$	43,528	\$	1,583,332	\$	2,048,052	\$	6,723,580

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

ATHLETIC FACILITIES FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER	
From Local Sources: Athletic Event Admissions Property Rental	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 23,727 630	\$ (6,273) 630	
Total Local Sources	30,000	30,000	24,357	(5,643)	
Total Revenues	30,000	30,000	24,357	(5,643)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	30,000	30,000	24,357	(5,643)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	30,000	30,000	22,484	(7,516)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 46,841	\$ (13,159)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

DINING SERVICE FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:				
Food Service Sales	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 1,607,800	\$ 222,800
Total Local Sources	1,385,000	1,385,000	1,607,800	222,800
From State Sources:				
Basic School Support Fund	100,000	100,000	24,538 (2)	(75,462)
Restricted Grants in Aid	-	-	735	735
State Program Grants		-	477,136	477,136
Total State Sources	100,000	100,000	502,409	402,409
From Federal Sources:				
National School Lunch Program	1,721,659	1,721,659	1,598,484	(123,175)
Summer Food Service Program	100,000	100,000	69,925	(30,075)
Donated Commodities	750,000	750,000	34,010	(715,990)
National School Breakfast Program	500,000	500,000	425,782	(74,218)
Nation Child Care Food Service	75,000	75,000	93,662	18,662
National School Cash in Lieu	-	-	6,454	6,454
Total Federal Sources	3,146,659	3,146,659	2,228,317	(918,342)
Total Revenues	4,631,659	4,631,659	4,338,526	(293,133)
EXPENDITURES:				
Enterprise and Community Service:				
Food Service:				
Salaries	1,599,090	1,599,090	1,509,059	90,031
Employee Benefits	1,339,959	1,339,959	961,072	378,887
Purchased Services	259,104	259,104	171,495	87,609
Supplies and Materials	1,665,310	1,665,310	1,514,189	151,121
Capital Outlay	595,000	595,000	986,926	(391,926)
Other Objects	9,100	9,100	15,179	(6,079)
Total Enterprise and Community Service	5,467,563	5,467,563 (1)	5,157,920	309,643
Contingency	50,000	50,000 (1)	-	50,000
Total Expenditures	5,517,563	5,517,563	5,157,920	359,643
Net Change in Fund Balance	(885,904)	(885,904)	(819,394)	66,510
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,012,316	12,316
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 114,096	\$ 114,096	\$ 192,922	\$ 78,826

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

⁽²⁾ This amount is the required National School Lunch Program match

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CLASSROOM IMPROVEMENT FUND

REVENUES:	RIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:						
Interest Earnings	\$ 8,190	\$ 8,190	-	\$ •	\$	(8,190)
Total Local Sources	 8,190	 8,190		 -	_	(8,190)
From State Sources:						
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 546,028	\$ 546,028		\$ 701,955	\$	155,927
Total State Sources	 546,028	 546,028		 701,955		155,927
Total Revenues	 554,218	 554,218		 701,955		147,737
EXPENDITURES:						
Facilities Acquisition and Construction						
Purchased Services	50,000	50,000		-		50,000
Capital Outlay	350,000	350,000		-		350,000
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction	 400,000	 400,000	(1)	 		400,000
Total Expenditures	 400,000	 400,000		 -		400,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	154,218	154,218		701,955		547,737
Fund Balance - Beginning	 _	 **		 -		•
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 154,218	\$ 154,218	: :	\$ 701,955	\$	547,737

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

TRANSPORTATION FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL FINAL BUDGET BUDGET		ACTUAL		OVER/ UNDER			
From Local Sources: Interest on Investments	\$	500	\$	500	\$	7,640	\$	7,140
miorest on myosimerio	•	000	*	000	•	7,010	•	1,1.0
Total Local Sources		500		500		7,640		7,140
From Intermediate Sources:								
Multnomah County Grant	300,	000		300,000		287,566		(12,434)
Total Intermediate Sources	300,	000		300,000		287,566		(12,434)
From State Sources:								
School Support Fund, Tranportation	246,	012		246,012		232,559		(13,453)
Total State Sources	246,	012		246,012		232,559		(13,453)
Total Revenues	546	512		546,512		527,765		(18,747)
Debt Service:								
Principal	892	047		892,047		425,496		466,551
Interest	***************************************	564		54,564		40,452		14,112
Total Debt Service	946	611		946,611	(1)	465,948		480,663
Total Expenditures	946	611		946,611		465,948		480,663
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):								
Transfers in	100	,000		100,000		100,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	100	,000		100,000		100,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(300	,099)		(300,099)		161,817		461,916
Fund Balance - Beginning	400	,000		400,000		483,558		83,558
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 99	,901	\$	99,901	\$	645,375	\$	545,474

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

ENERGY CONSERVATION FUND

REVENUES:		SINAL DGET	E	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:					 		
Strategic Energy Management	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ -	\$	(1,000)
Energy Trust of Oregon		2,500		2,500	21,800		19,300
Earnings on Investments		500		500	904		404
Energy Conservation SB1149	1	50,000		150,000	180,107		30,107
Total Local Sources	1	54,000	-	154,000	 202,811		48,811
From State Sources:							•
Energy Trust Grant		5,000		5,000	 -		(5,000)
Total State Sources		5,000		5,000	 -		(5,000)
Total Revenues	1	59,000		159,000	 202,811		43,811
Net Change in Fund Balance	1	59,000		159,000	202,811		43,811
Fund Balance - Beginning	1	10,000		110,000	 44,302	*******	(65,698)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2	69,000	\$	269,000	\$ 247,113	\$	(21,887)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources: Miscellaneous Revenue	550,000	550,000	394,611	(155,389)
Wilder and Coast November				(100,000)
Total Revenues	550,000	550,000	394,611	(155,389)
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction:				
Student Activity	550,000	550,000	463,704	86,296
Total Instruction Services	550,000	550,000 (1)463,704	86,296
Total Expenditures	550,000	550,000	463,704	86,296
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(69,093)	(69,093)
Fund Balance - Beginning (restated)	525,000	525,000	532,986	7,986
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 525,000	\$ 525,000	\$ 463,893	\$ (61,107)

(1) Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENT FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:							
E-Rate	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	91,144	\$ 31,144
Other Local Receipts		-		-		6,329	 6,329
Total Revenues		60,000		60,000		97,473	37,473
EXPENDITURES:							
Instruction:							
Supplies and Materials - Computer Hardware		375,375		375,375			375,375
Total Instruction		375,375		375,375 (1)	-	 375,375
Support Services:							
Supplies and Materials - Computer Hardware		25,000		25,000			 25,000
Total Support Service		25,000		25,000 (1)	-	25,000
Total Expenditures		400,375		400,375 (1)	-	400,375
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):							
Transfer from General Fund		200,000		200,000		200,000	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance		(140,375)		(140,375)		297,473	437,848
Fund Balance - Beginning	***************************************	360,000		360,000		453,096	 93,096
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	219,625	\$	219,625	\$	750,569	\$ 530,944

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

ROBERT P. JACOBSEN JR. ENDOWMENT FUND

REVENUES:			FINAL BUDGET				OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:							
Interest Earnings	\$ 1	50 \$	150	\$	371	\$	221
Contributions from Private Sources	6,0	00	6,000		16,306	APRIL 1980	10,306
Total Revenues	6,1	50	6,150		16,677	******	10,527
EXPENDITURES:							
Instruction:							
Supplies and Materials	21,5	21	21,521		16,425		5,096
Total Instruction	21,5	21	21,521 (1)	16,425		5,096
Enterprise and Community Service:							
Purchased Services	21,5	20	21,520		-		21,520
Total Enterprise and Community Service	21,	520	21,520 (1)	-		21,520
Total Expenditures	43,0)41	43,041		16,425	***************************************	26,616
Net Change in Fund Balance	(36,8	391)	(36,891)		252		37,143
Fund Balance - Beginning	36,8	391	36,891		43,276	44-11-1	6,385
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		-	\$	43,528	\$	43,528

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

DEBT SERVICE FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:				
Current Year's Levy	\$ 3,661,337	\$ 3,661,337	\$ 3,626,027	\$ (35,310)
Prior Years' Levy	40,000	40,000	32,995	(7,005)
Interest Earnings	80,000	80,000	122,589	42,589
Total Revenues	3,781,337	3,781,337	3,781,611	274
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
Principal on Bonded Indebtedness	805,000	805,000	805,000	-
Interest on Bonded Indebtedness	2,984,850	2,984,850	2,984,846	4
Total Debt Service	3,789,850	3,789,850 (1)	3,789,846	4
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,513)	(8,513)	(8,235)	278
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,323,613	1,323,613	1,591,567	267,954
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,315,100	\$ 1,315,100	\$ 1,583,332	\$ 268,232

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CAPITAL PROJECTS RESERVE FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER	
From Local Sources:		BODGET		BODOLI	-	ACTOAL		ONDER
Construction Excise Tax	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	413,419	\$	213,419
Earnings on Investments	Ψ	18,750	Ψ	18,750	Ψ	86,430	Ψ	67,680
-		10,750		10,730				•
Other Local Receipts				-		8,010		8,010
Total Revenues	-	218,750	****	218,750		507,859		289,109
EXPENDITURES:								
Support Services								
Purchased Services		225,000		225,000		4,179		220,821
Capital Outlay		400,000	-	400,000	_	571,474		(171,474)
Total Support Services		625,000		625,000 (1)		575,653		49,347
Facilities Acquisition and Construction:								
Purchased Services		-		-		74,013		(74,013)
Supplies & Materials		-		-		3,800		(3,800)
Capital Outlay		280,000		280,000		190,804		89,196
Dues and Fees		-	-	-		10,973		(10,973)
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction		280,000		280,000 (1)		279,590		410
Total Expenditures		905,000		905,000		855,243		49,757
Net Change in Fund Balance		(686,250)		(686,250)		(347,384)		338,866
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,250,000		1,250,000		2,395,436		1,145,436
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	563,750	\$	563,750	\$	2,048,052	\$	1,484,302

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

REVENUES:		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:		BUDGET	 BODGET	 ACTUAL	UNDER
Earnings on Investments Other Local Revenue - Energy Trust	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 629,788 144,152	\$ 529,788 144,152
Total Local Revenue		100,000	100,000	773,940	673,940
From State Sources:					
OMS Seismic Rehabilitation Grant PB Seismic Rehabilitation Grant	\$	2,500,000 2,500,000	\$ 2,500,000 2,500,000	\$ 82,563 652,321	\$ (2,417,437) (1,847,679)
Total State Revenue		5,000,000	 5,000,000	 734,884	 (4,265,116)
Total Revenues		5,100,000	 5,100,000	 1,508,824	 (3,591,176)
EXPENDITURES:					
Support Services					
Salaries		30,000	30,000	28,779	1,221
Employee Benefits		29,332	29,332	12,929	16,403
Dues and Fees	_	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 11	(1)
Total Support Services		59,332	 59,332 (1)	41,709	17,623
Facilities Acquisition and Construction:					
Purchased Services		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,346,589	(346,589)
Supplies & Materials		-	-	136,927	(136,927)
Capital Outlay		12,040,668	 12,040,668	 7,407,065	 4,633,603
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction		13,040,668	 13,040,668 (1)	8,890,581	4,150,087
Total Expenditures		13,100,000	 13,100,000	8,932,290	 4,150,087
Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		(8,000,000)	(8,000,000)	(7,423,466)	576,534
Net Change in Fund Balance		(8,000,000)	(8,000,000)	(7,423,466)	576,534
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,000,000	 8,000,000	 11,000,532	 3,000,532
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 3,577,066	\$ 3,577,066

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

RISK MANAGEMENT FUND

REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET			OVER/ UNDER
From Local Sources:	DODOLI		ACTUAL	ONDER
Interest Earnings	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 27,602	\$ 26,102
Services Provided Other Funds	1,288,785	1,288,785	1,076,362	(212,423)
Insurance Offset	40,000	40,000	36,816	(3,184)
Total Revenues	1,330,285	1,330,285	1,140,780	(189,505)
EXPENDITURES:				
Support Services:				
Student Safety	158,673	158,673	45,936	112,737
Office of the Prinicpal	-	•	4,572	(4,572)
Fiscal Services	1,195,630	1,195,630	1,009,676	185,954
Care/Upkeep of Building Services	20,000	20,000	4,820	15,180
Care/Upkeep of Grounds Services	-	-	36,776	(36,776)
Maintenance	110,000	1,110,000	1,358,443	(248,443)
Security Services	100,000	100,000	52,598	47,402
Other Staff Services	-	-	38,618	(38,618)
Technology Services	35,000	35,000	6,337	28,663
Total Support Services	1,619,303	2,619,303 (1)	2,557,776	61,527
Contingency	50,000	50,000 (1	-	50,000
Total Expenditures	1,669,303	2,669,303	2,557,776	111,527
Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(339,018)	(1,339,018)	(1,416,996)	(77,978)
Other Financing Sources, (Uses):				
Insurance Recovery	50,000	1,050,000	432,711	(617,289)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	50,000	1,050,000	432,711	(617,289)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(289,018)	(289,018)	(984,285)	(695,267)
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,016,880	(83,120)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 810,982	\$ 810,982	\$ 32,595	\$ (778,387)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

EARLY RETIREMENT FUND

REVENUES: From Local Sources:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	OVER/ UNDER
Services Provided Other Funds	\$ 735,153	\$ 735,153	\$ 693,373	\$ (41,780)
Total Revenues	735,153	735,153	693,373	(41,780)
EXPENDITURES: Support Services: Central:				
Salaries	222,750	222,750	85,500	137,250
Employee Benefits	42,040	42,040	178,082	(136,042)
Total Support Services	264,790	264,790 (1)	263,582	1,208
Total Expenditures	264,790	264,790	263,582	1,208
Net Change in Fund Balance	470,363	470,363	429,791	(40,572)
Fund Balance - Beginning	217,856	217,856	430,390	212,534
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 688,219	\$ 688,219	\$ 860,181	\$ 171,962

(1) Appropriation Level

Note: This fund is considered a pension trust fund in the basic financial statements.

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	 2023
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS:		
Capital Assets:		
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 8,202,451	\$ 8,202,451
Building and Building Improvements	92,702,926	49,907,923
Equipment	25,157,406	19,233,016
Construction in Progress	8,425,135	47,780,719
	134,487,918	125,124,109
Accumulated Depreciation:		
Building and Building Improvements	(31,075,620)	(29,836,226)
Equipment	(7,075,691)	 (6,884,421)
	(38,151,311)	(36,720,647)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 96,336,607	\$ 88,403,462

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 VERNMENTAL PITAL ASSETS 7/1/2023	AD.	JUSTMENTS	Α	DDITIONS	DEL	ETIONS	VERNMENTAL PITAL ASSETS 6/30/2024
Capital Assets:								
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 8,202,451	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,202,451
Building and Building Improvements	49,907,923		39,355,584		3,439,419		-	92,702,926
Equipment	19,233,016		-		5,924,390		-	25,157,406
Construction in Progress	 47,780,719		(39,355,584)		-		-	8,425,135
	125,124,109		-		9,363,809			134,487,918
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Building and Building Improvements	29,836,226		-		1,239,394		-	31,075,620
Equipment	6,884,421		-		191,270		-	7,075,691
	36,720,647		-		1,430,664		-	38,151,311
	\$ 88,403,462	\$	-	\$	7,933,145	\$	_	\$ 96,336,607

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

TAX YEAR	ORIGINAL LEVY OR BALANCE UNCOLLECTED AT 7/1/2023	DEDUCT DISCOUNTS	ADJUSTMENTS TO ROLLS	ADD INTEREST	CASH COLLECTIONS BY COUNTY TREASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UNSEGREGATED AT 6/30/2024
GENERAL FUND:						
Current:						
2023-24	\$ 16,575,824	\$ 431,212	\$ (175,530)	\$ 1,852	\$ 15,705,029	\$ 265,905
Prior Years:						
2022-23	220,842	(570)	(34,343)	4,063	90,999	100,133
2021-22	80,802	(55)	(8,273)	4,311	28,208	48,687
2020-21	44,879	(35)	(6,349)	4,933	20,021	23,477
2019-20	20,231	(1)	(4,268)	3,935	13,577	6,322
Prior	32,231	_	(3,547)	1,958	4,190	26,452
Total Prior	398,985	(661)	(56,780)	19,200	156,995	205,071
Total General						
Fund	\$ 16,974,809	\$ 430,551	\$ (232,310)	\$ 21,052	\$ 15,862,024	\$ 470,976

RECONCILIATION TO REVENUE:		GENERAL FUND
Cash Collections by County Treasurers Above	\$	15,862,024
Accrual of Receivables:		
June 30, 2023		(89,815)
June 30, 2024		100,047
Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes	-	149,943
Total Revenue	\$	16,022,199

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

TAX YEAR	UN A	LEVY OR BALANCE COLLECTED IT 7/1/2023		DEDUCT SCOUNTS	USTMENTS TO ROLLS	ADD TEREST	В	CASH LLECTIONS Y COUNTY REASURER	UNSI	BALANCE COLLECTED OR EGREGATED 6/30/2024
DEBT SERVICE	E FUND	<u>):</u>								
Current:										
2023-24	\$	3,864,590	\$	100,543	\$ (40,484)	\$ 435	\$	3,661,860	\$	62,138
Prior Years:										
2022-23		45,140		(116)	(6,982)	837		18,651		20,460
2021-22		26,007		(18)	(2,663)	1,388		9,080		15,670
2020-21		11,225		(8)	(1,583)	1,235		5,015		5,870
2019-20		5,102		-	(1,075)	993		3,425		1,595
Prior		8,215		-	(974)	 494		1,058		6,677
Total Prior		95,689		(142)	(13,277)	4,947		37,229		50,272
Total Debt Serv	rice									
Fund	\$	3,960,279	\$	100,401	\$ (53,761)	\$ 5,382	\$	3,699,089	\$	112,410
RECONCILIAT	ION TO	REVENUE:							DE	BT SERVICE FUND
Cash Collection	is by Co	ounty Treasurer	s Abo	ve					\$	3,699,089
Accrual of Curr	-	•								
June 30, 20	23									(20,815)
June 30, 20	24									23,268
Payments in	n Lieu o	f Property Taxe	s						·	(42,520)
Total	Revenu	ie							\$	3,659,022

SCHEDULE OF BOND AND INTEREST TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

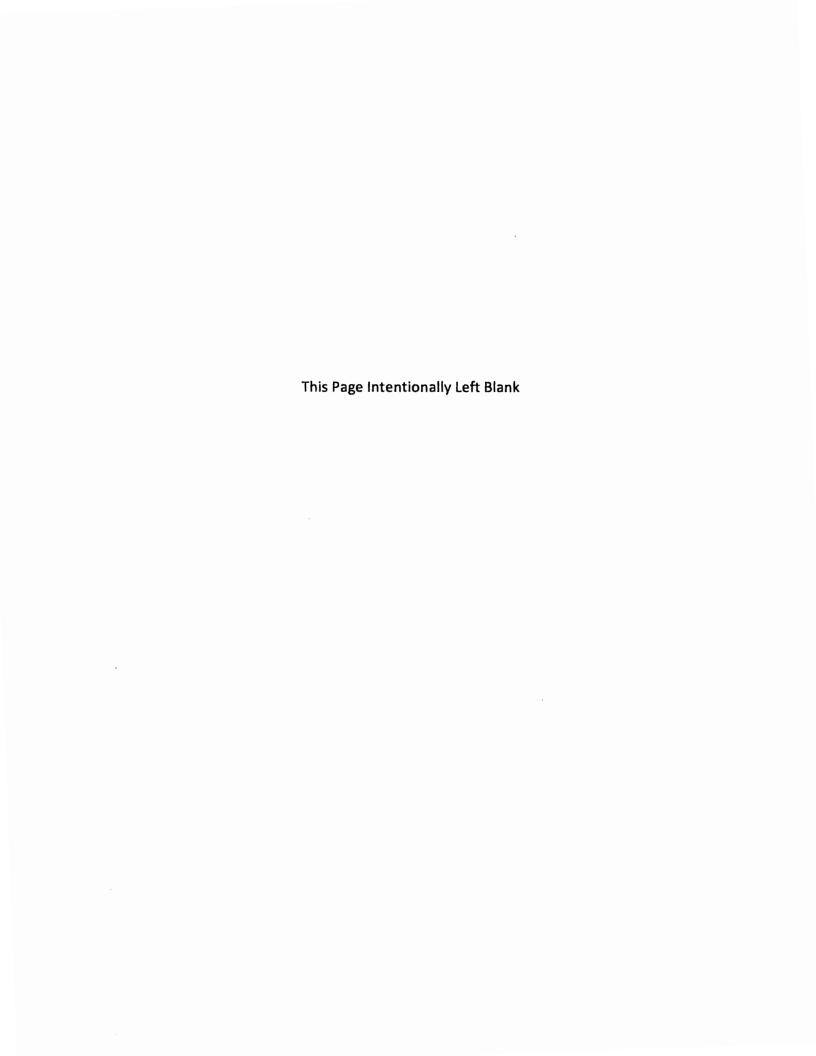
•						
	MA	TURED	BONDS &		BONDS	MATURED
	BC	NDS &	COUPONS	REI	DEEMED AND	BONDS &
DATE	CO	UPONS	MATURING	CO	UPONS PAID	COUPONS
OF	OUTS	TANDING	DURING		DURING	OUTSTANDING
ISSUE	7/	1/2023	THE YEAR		THE YEAR	6/30/2024
9/16/2020	\$	-	\$ 3,789,846	\$	3,789,846	\$ -
				-		
TOTALS:	\$	-	\$ 3,789,846	\$	3,789,846	\$ _

SCHEDULE OF BOND REDEMPTION AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

June 30, 2024

G. O. BONDS SERIES 2020 ISSUE OF 9/16/20

VEAD		DATE	
YEAR	PRINCIPAL	RATE	INTEREST
,			
			Due 12/15
	Due 6/15	<u></u> %	& 6/15
2024-25	960,000	5.00	2,952,650
2025-26	1,115,000	3.00	2,904,650
2026-27	1,260,000	5.00	2,871,200
2027-28	510,000	5.00	2,808,200
2028-29	625,000	5.00	2,782,700
2029-30	755,000	2.00	2,751,450
2030-31	865,000	5.00	2,736,350
2031-32	1,005,000	5.00	2,693,100
2032-33	1,160,000	5.00	2,642,850
2033-34	1,320,000	5.00	2,584,850
2034-35	1,490,000	5.00	2,518,850
2035-36	1,675,000	4.00	2,444,350
2036-37	1,855,000	4.00	2,377,350
2037-38	2,050,000	4.00	2,303,150
2038-39	2,250,000	4.00	2,221,150
2039-40	2,460,000	4.00	2,131,150
2040-41	2,640,000	5.00	2,032,750
2041-42	2,905,000	5.00	1,900,750
2042-43	3,180,000	5.00	1,755,500
2043-44	3,480,000	5.00	1,596,500
2044-45	3,795,000	5.00	1,422,500
2045-46	4,170,000	5.00	1,232,750
2046-47	4,530,000	5.00	1,024,250
2047-48	4,910,000	5.00	797,750
2048-49	5,310,000	5.00	552,250
2049-50	5,735,000	5.00	286,750
	\$ 62,010,000		\$ 54,325,750

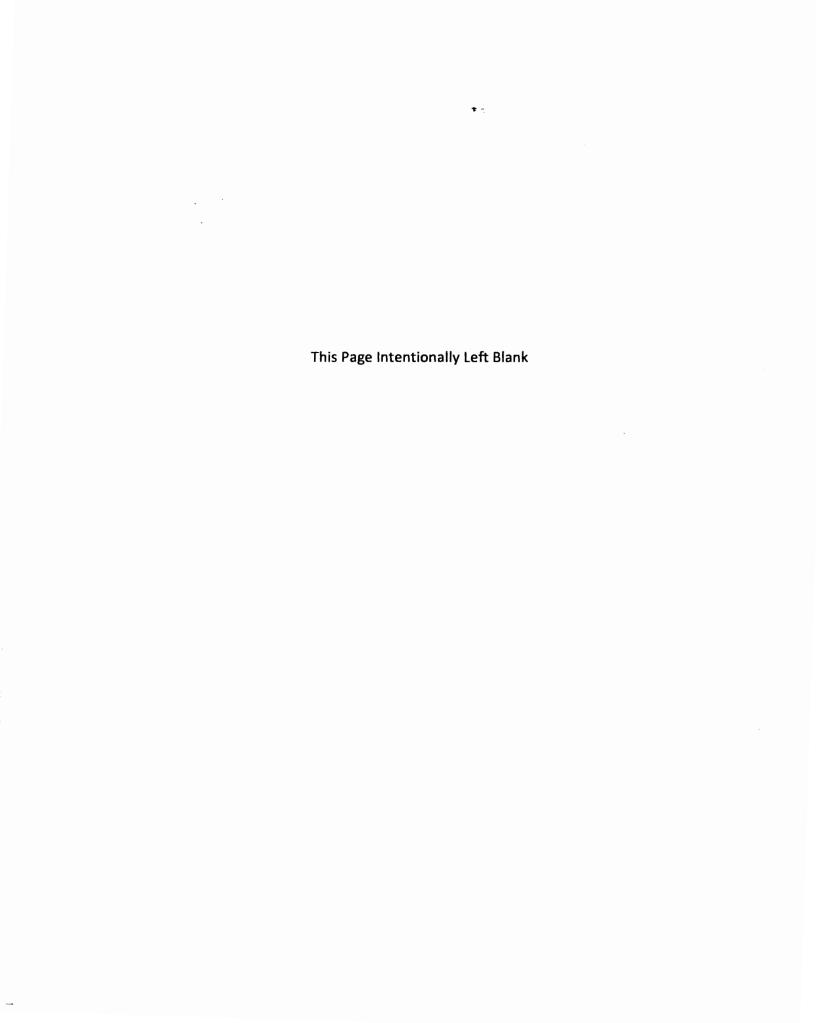


SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

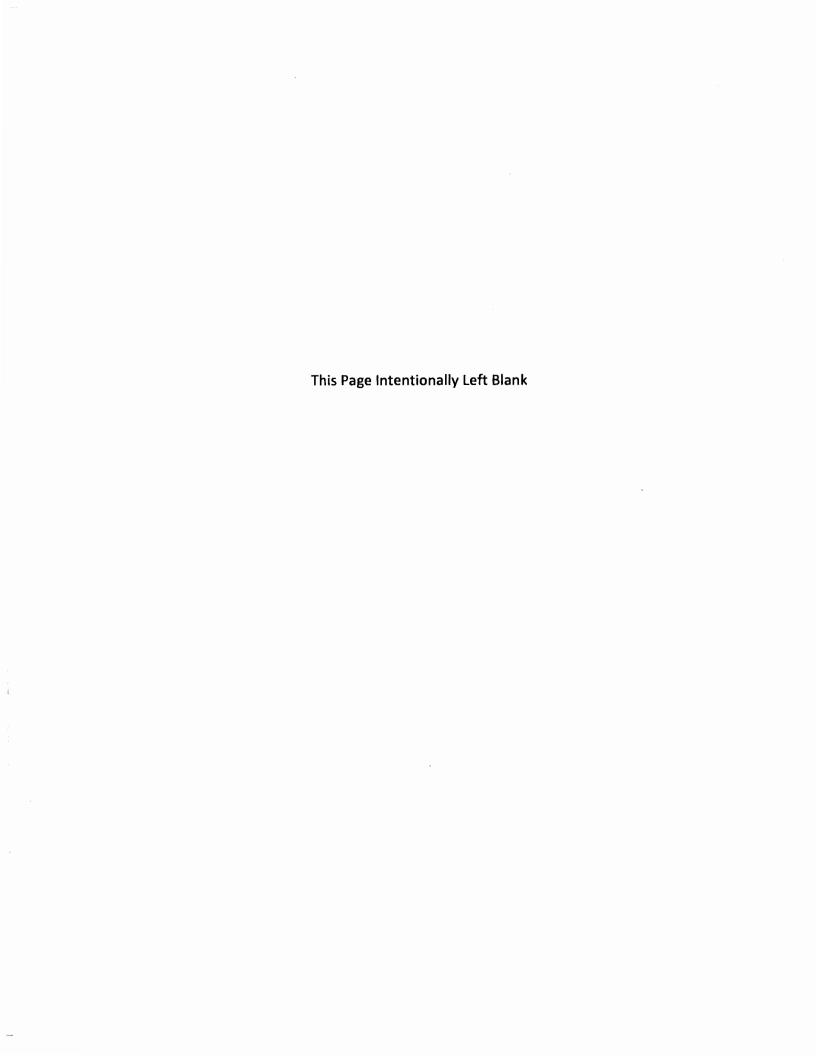
PROGRAM TITLE	Pass Through Organization	GRANT PERIOD	FEDERAL AL NUMBER	Pass Through Entity Number	2023-24 Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - SPECIAL REVENUE					
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - SPECIAL REVENUE	FOND.				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	84.010	72475	805,709
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 9/30/24	84.010	76440	1,491,030
		Total			2,296,739
School Improvement CSI & TSI - Title I, Part A	Oregon Department of Education	11/1/22 - 9/30/24	84.010	75143	100,810
Constitution a for a for this i, factor	Oregon Department of Education	Total	04.070		100,810
Land Table On the Old Control	One of Department of Education	07/04/02 00/20/02	04.267	70670	454.700
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	84.367	72672	154,792
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 09/30/24	84.367	76637	121,909
		Total			276,701
English Language Acquisition State Grants:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	84.365	73080	164,041
English Language Acquisition State Grants:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 09/30/24	84.365	76968	21,079
English Language Acquisition State Grants:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 09/30/24	84.365	79712	14,574
		Total			199,694
McKinney-Vento Homeless	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/21 - 09/30/23	84.196A	66227	28,368
McKinney-Vento Homeless	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/21 - 09/30/24	84.425	69282	27,383
McKinney-Vento Homeless	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/21 - 09/30/24	84.425	69325	13,319
,		Total			69,070
Special Education Create to States:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/24	84.027	73980	590,339
Special Education_Grants to States: Special Education_Grants to States:	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 09/30/25	84.027	77931	644,502
Special Education_Grants to States.	Oregon Department of Education	01101120 - 00100120	04.027	71001	1,234,841
	0		04.007	35007	40.007
Special Education - Equipment & Supplies	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 ~ 09/30/23	84.027	75287	12,237
Special Education - State Personnel Development	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/21 - 09-30-23 07/01/23 - 06/30/24	84.027 84.027	68335 79922	95,644 1,099
Special Education - State Personnel Development	Oregon Department of Education	Total	04.027	75522	108,980
					5 ans
Special Education - Grants to States	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/24	84.173 84.173	74145 77745	5,075 910
Special Education - Grants to States	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/25 Total	04.173	11145	5,985
					-,
		Total IDEA Cluster			1,349,806
21st Century Community Learning Centers	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	84.287C	75188	150,751
21st Century Community Learning Centers	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 09/30/24	84.425	77601	156,029
		Total			306,780
Obstant Connect O Academic Englishment	Organ Department of Education	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	84.424	66724	40,592
Student Support & Academic Enrichment	Oregon Department of Education Oregon Department of Education	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	84.424	72869	118,521
Student Support & Academic Enrichment	Oregon Department of Education	Total	04.424	72000	159,113
				- · · - · -	
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	Oregon Department of Education	03/01/20 - 09/30/24	84.425	64847	7,745,878
		Total			7,745,878
Jumpstart Kindergarten	Oregon Department of Education	03/01/22 - 09/30/24	84.425	74686	294,511
Local Food for Schools (LFS)	Oregon Department of Education	03/01/23 - 08/30/24	10.185	76072	22,863
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - SPECIAL RE	EVENUE				12,821,965
Career & Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	Mt. Hood Community College	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	84.048		18,140
TOTAL FEDERAL THRU LOCAL					18,140

Pass FEDERAL Through

PROGRAM TITLE	Pass Through Organization	GRANT PERIOD	AL NUMBER	Entity	2023-24 Expenditures			
FEDERAL GRANTS THRU INTERMEDIATE - SPECIAL	REVENUE							
Teen Pregnancy Prevention	Multnomah County Oregon	07/01/23 - 06/30/24	93.391		2,500			
Injury Prevention and Control Research	Multnomah County Oregon	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	93.136		3			
TOTAL FEDERAL THROUGH INTERMEDIATE								
FEDERAL GRANTS THRU DEPARTMENT OF HUMANS	SERVICES:							
Child Care Discretionary	Oregon Dept of Human Services	07/01/23 - 06/30/24	93.575		43,892			
Youth Transition Program:	Oregon Dept of Human Services	07/01/23 - 06/30/24	84.126A		81,978			
TOTAL FEDERAL THRU DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SE	ERVICES				125,870			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - SPECIAL REV	/ENUE FUND:							
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Commodities Child & Adult Care Food Program CACFP CIL - Cash Commodities Summer Food Service Program	Oregon Department of Education Oregon Department of Education	07/01/23 - 06/30/24 07/01/23 - 06/30/24 07/01/23 - 06/30/24 07/01/23 - 06/30/24 07/01/23 - 06/30/24 07/01/23 - 06/30/24 Total CNP Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555 10.558 10.558 10.559		425,782 1,598,484 34,010 93,662 6,454 69,925 2,228,317			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					2,228,317			
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					15,196,795			
FEDERAL GRANTS THRU INTERMEDIATE - GENERAL	_ FUND:							
Federal Forest Fees Federal Forest Fees	Multnomah County Oregon Clackamas County Oregon	07/01/23 - 06/30/24 07/01/23 - 06/30/24			2,661 51			
TOTAL FEDERAL THRU INTERMEDIATE					2,712			
FEDERAL GRANTS THRU DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN	SERVICES - GENERAL FUND:							
Medicaid School Based Health Systems	Oregon Department of Human Services	07/01/23 - 06/30/24	93.778		73,748			
TOTAL FEDERAL THRU DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SI	ERVICES				73,748			
TOTAL FEDERAL THRU DEPT OF ENVIRONMENTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION - GENERAL FUNI								
Foster Care Transportation	Oregon Department of Education	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	93.658	47375	28,217			
TOTAL FEDERAL THR U.S.DEPARTMENT OF EDUCA	TION				28,217			
TOTAL GENERAL FUNDS					104,677			
TOTAL FEDERAL FUNDS					15,301,472			



STATISTICAL SECTION



This part of Centennial School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	77
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performace and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	81
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	85
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	89
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	94

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Governmental Activities

O TOTALINIO TOTALIO				
Accets	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets	¢ 0.054.044	\$ 10,493,920	¢ 0.050.044	\$ 11,947,383
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,251,244 2,333,458		\$ 9,659,244 2,592,784	. , ,
Property taxes and other receivables Inventories	2,333,436 185,465	3,118,508 232,352	319,145	2,494,906 199,299
	1,147,972	1,116,261		1,052,840
Equity Interest in CAL		1,110,201	1,084,550	1,032,640
Net pension asset Net OPEB asset	15,002,395	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	-	-	-	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	32,272,563	31,020,429	30,542,045	29,651,924
Capital assets, not being depreciated	10,241,410	10,241,410	10,265,948	10,241,410
SBITA Asset, net of amoritzation	-	-	-	-
Right-to-use-asset, net of amortization				
Total assets	70,434,507	56,222,880	54,463,716	55,587,762
Deferred Outflows of Resources		10,581,298	48,483,722	28,959,725
Total Assets and Pension Related Deferrals	70,434,507	66,804,178	102,947,438_	84,547,487
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	502,521	1,289,612	1,188,716	889,232
Accrued payroll, taxes, and employee withholdings	4,199,206	4,230,828	4,364,551	5,522,111
Advances received in excess of Expenditures/Expenses	289,640	230,708	297,545	205,754
Interest payable	36,155	29,474	21,956	25,312
Short Term Debt	-	-	-	-
Noncurrent liabilities				
Long-Term Debt Due within one year	2,264,028	2,484,940	2,748,906	2,857,383
Compensated Absences Due within one year	119,484	110,264	110,894	115,201
Long-Term Lease Liability Due within one year				
Long-Term Debt Due in more than one year	26,422,430	24,613,482	22,774,894	20,379,948
Long-Term Lease Liability in more than one year				
Net Pension Liability - PERS	-	39,502,548	88,118,509	64,647,232
Net OPEB Liability - Stipends	-	-	-	-
Net OPEB Liability - Health Insurance	1,710,434	1,141,230	1,956,208	4,027,412
Total liabilities	35,543,898	73,633,086	121,582,179	98,669,585
Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,445,858	4,651,190	9,261,856
Total Liabilities and Pension Related Deferrals	35,543,898	82,078,944	126,233,369	107,931,441
Net Position				
	12 065 946	15 025 040	17 512 016	10 250 224
Net Invested in capital assets Restricted for:	13,965,846	15,935,049	17,512,916	19,358,234
	2 220 040	2 520 002	0.755.046	2 002 455
Debt Service	2,330,916	2,526,083	2,755,816	2,993,455
Food Services	652,097	142,999	3,107	(85,965)
Scholarships	8,032	8,384	5,977	8,415
OPEB Asset - RHIA	-	(00.007.004)	- (40 500 747)	- (45.050.000)
Unrestricted	1,589,721	(33,887,281)	(43,563,747)	(45,658,093) (23,383,054)
Total Net Position	\$ 18,546,612	\$ (15,274,766)	\$ (23,285,931)	\$ (23,383,954)

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 11,231,372	\$ 14,958,422	\$ 82,801,167	\$ 81,996,938	54,714,804	46,530,524
2,168,165	2,887,974	2,533,561	4,670,732	4,566,154	3,730,930
268,620	358,702	358,702	361,152	159,565	114,309
1,023,710	991,498	959,286	952,437	917,407	909,016
-	-	-	-	-	-
402,700	627,819	1,749,791	1,158,362	1,147,378	1,283,712
-	-	-	-	-	-
28,505,531	27,617,885	26,608,899	24,166,395	32,420,292	79,709,021
10,241,410	10,241,410	10,006,410	35,459,928	55,983,170	16,627,586
-	-	-	-	4,775	697
			522,399	438,790	355,181
53,841,508	57,683,710	125,017,816	149,288,344	150,352,335	149,260,976
32,826,221	30,405,712	34,407,060	32,809,068	26,159,115	25,211,444
86,667,729	88,089,422	159,424,876	182,097,412	176,511,450	174,472,420
939,769	464,821	1,835,571	7,097,725	6,392,296	3,734,021
5,480,263	5,269,388	4,742,984	4,903,727	5,365,902	6,649,600
227,540	312,366	143,570	2,747,275	381,881	2,850,938
35,752	44,124	152,719	150,252	192,381	161,110
-	3,933,712	-	-		
3,261,601	3,291,025	828,880	1,247,173	1,319,633	1,489,948
105,739	138,746	137,343	128,897	148,725	153,207
			73,062	74,036	88,345
18,236,113	15,770,832	81,022,179	80,470,133	79,284,949	77,875,972
			459,182	385,146	295,198
76,080,650	85,683,061	97,387,459	51,883,689	59,882,557	68,222,559
861,861	644,515	534,287	677,840	601,312	543,418
2,808,995	2,875,964	2,580,358	3,209,909	2,970,345	2,758,926
108,038,283	118,428,554	189,365,350	153,048,864	156,999,163	164,823,242
9,261,856	9,052,415	10,540,107	47,283,969	27,199,292	15,402,957
117,300,139	127,480,969	199,905,457	200,332,833	184,198,455	180,226,199
20,440,033	22,498,388	20,079,262	16,470,326	19,242,977	19,743,050
3,456,916	7,720,500	686,994	2,065,891	1,591,567	1,583,332
114,111	(279,148)	242,005	543,995	1,012,316	192,922
16,396	26,031	31,823	37,613	43,276	43,528
402,700	627,819	1,749,791	1,158,362	1,147,378	1,283,712
(57,475,054)	(69,985,138)	(63,270,456)	(38,511,609)	(30,724,519)	(28,600,323)
\$ (33,044,898)	\$ (39,391,548)	\$ (40,480,581)	\$ (18,235,421)	\$ (7,687,005)	\$ (5,753,779)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Governmental	l Activities
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	2015	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Expenses				
Instruction	\$ 26,188,876	\$ 60,968,254	\$ 47,064,001	\$ 48,757,180
Support Services	15,948,804	35,557,131	28,667,652	28,333,153
Community Services	3,528,137	6,818,682	4,923,062	5,113,382
Facilities Acquisition	-	44,266	-	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,269,154	1,189,780	902,039	1,011,633
Total Expenses	46,934,971	104,578,113	81,556,754	83,215,348
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Instruction	452,820	364,347	330,563	476,886
Support Services	222,166	123,603	139,558	128,855
Community Services	1,235,543	1,479,828	1,635,451	1,712,324
Operating Grants and Contributions				
Instruction	2,201,841	2,061,516	1,998,169	2,221,376
Support Services	1,762,716	1,791,237	1,865,239	2,484,763
Community Services	2,693,278	2,935,506	2,810,209	2,739,271
Total Program Revenues	8,568,364	8,756,037	8,779,189	9,763,475
Net (Expenses)	(38,366,607)	(95,822,076)	(72,777,565)	(73,451,873)
General Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	10,964,281	11,534,455	11,918,056	12,784,484
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	2,809,036	2,824,882	3,045,661	3,111,851
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted Specific Programs				
Federal	-	-	-	-
State Revenue Sharing - unrestricted	46,125,852	48,836,220	47,111,142	53,385,933
Other Intermediate and Local Grants	1,486,839	2,528,241	2,629,258	2,535,334
Interest and Investment Earnings	71,905	98,123	184,511	270,550
Gain/Loss on Disposal of Assets	(37,036)	-	-	-
Transfers Inn	<u> </u>		(122,228)	(262,702)
Total General Revenues	61,420,877	65,821,921	64,766,400	71,825,450
Change in Net Position	\$ 23,054,270	\$ (30,000,155)	\$ (8,011,165)	\$ (1,626,423)

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 50,328,607	\$ 55,857,748	\$ 54,676,798	\$ 47,749,369	53,549,296	57,148,938
31,329,198	31,902,669	28,901,543	30,301,763	35,652,762	41,368,578
4,936,562	4,893,120	2,180,333	3,985,115	4,313,332	4,763,581
-	257,693	3,346,458	6,142,454	3,806,056	1,713,025
900,037	719,817	4,552,092	2,949,472	2,979,565	3,221,385
87,494,404	93,631,047	93,657,224	91,128,173	100,301,011	108,215,507
517,103	429,495	386,089	781,611	835,708	687,829
128,641	163,151	-	-	-	-
1,991,530	1,387,323	31,188	1,134,001	1,433,865	1,607,800
2,276,768	2,786,055	2,913,066	5,989,318	5,989,560	4,585,547
2,624,253	2,735,935	1,783,709	5,342,354	5,626,506	8,248,750
2,719,999	2,544,407	2,048,267	7,737,443	161,586	973,743
10,258,294	10,046,366	7,162,319	20,984,727	14,047,225	16,103,669
(77,236,110)	(83,584,681)	(86,494,905)	(70,143,446)	(86,253,786)	(92,111,838)
12,859,538	13,345,420	14,127,132	14,577,354	15,365,847	16,022,199
3,353,361	3,378,579	3,499,942	4,863,186	3,038,013	3,659,022
_	_	2,155,516	2,835,893	2,943,687	2,228,317
53,474,637	57,667,020	59,730,073	62,027,071	69,073,897	65,545,787
2,831,628	2,564,462	2,889,619	4,055,394	4,715,451	4,179,779
287,048	282,550	301,313	(163,969)	1,665,307	2,392,243
500	-	1,019,046	4,193,677	-	-
(200,289)		1,128,862			
72,606,423	77,238,031	84,851,503	92,388,606	96,802,202	94,027,347
\$ (4,629,687)	\$ (6,346,650)	\$ (1,643,402)	\$ 22,245,160	\$ 10,548,416	\$ 1,915,509

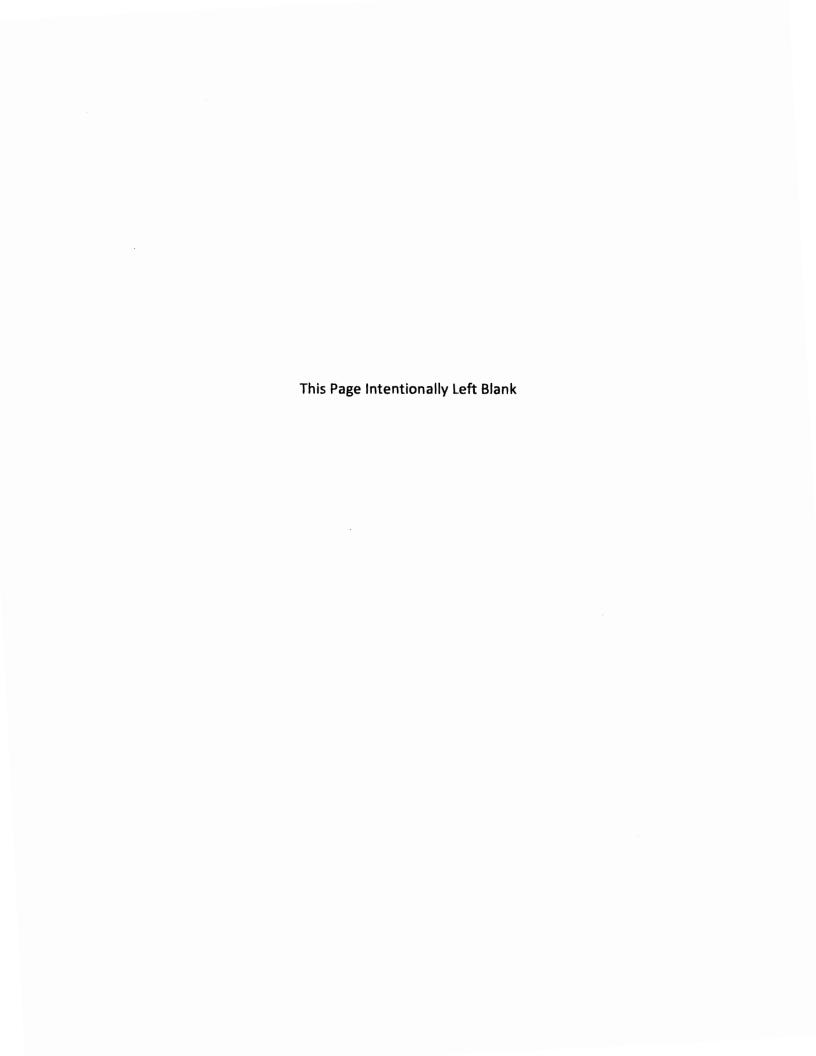
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Fund (1)	2020	2021	2022	2020	<u> </u>
Assigned	\$ 50,000	\$ 3,250,000	\$ 11,475,728	\$ 18,500,000	\$ 18,000,000
Committed Board Reserve	,	1,499,970	9,624,272		-
Unassigned	1,370,478	6,779,338	6,886,829	1,861,606	2,303,380
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 1,420,478	\$ 11,529,308	\$ 27,986,829	\$ 20,361,606	\$ 20,303,380
All other Governmental Fund (1)		•			
Nonspendable					
Restricted:					
Debt Service Fund	7,720,500	686,994	2,065,891	1,591,567	1,583,332
Food Service	(279,148)	242,005	543,996	1,012,316	192,922
Scholarships	26,031	31,823	37,613	43,276	43,528
Committed		0.,020	37,010	,	.0,020
Athletic Facilities	_	-	_	22,484	46,841
Classroom Improvement	-	_	_	,	701,955
Board Reserve				7,816,513	5,930,203
Energy Conservation	710,655	793,827	949,851	44,302	247,113
Transportation	286,544	197,675	152,833	483,558	645,375
Capital Projects	944,989	63,519,652	37,898,241	13,395,969	5,625,118
Technology Replacement	55,987	66,744	165,257	453,096	750,569
Student Activity	55,567	524,850	527,782	515,268	463,893
Center for Advanced Learning	89,053	-	027,102	510,200	400,000
Total all other Government Fund Balances	\$ 9,554,611	\$ 66,063,570	\$ 42,341,464	\$ 25,378,349	\$ 16,230,849
rotar all outer government raine balances	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	12,011,101	20,010,010	10,200,010
Total Fund Balances	\$ 10,975,089	\$ 77,592,878	\$ 70,328,293	\$ 45,739,955	\$ 36,534,229
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Fund (1)					
Assigned	2,354,448	2,197,815	2,687,366	1,794,250	2,415,897
Unassigned	(288,684)	688,107	(1,974,377)	40,539	(2,239,070)
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 2,065,764	\$ 2,885,922	\$ 712,989	\$ 1,834,789	\$ 176,827
All other Governmental Fund (1)					
Nonspendable					
Restricted:					
Debt Service Fund	2,455,168	2,526,083	2,755,816	2,993,455	3,456,916
Food Service	312,911	142,999	3,107	(85,965)	114,111
Scholarships	8,863	8,384	5,977	8,415	16,396
Committed	•	,	•	•	
Energy Conservation	29,480	141,999	267,826	439,737	582,024
Transportation	145,304	163,509	215,613	226,162	374,126
Capital Projects	364,939	554,722	744,636	1,264,075	1,174,656
Technology Replacement	13,271	2,175	90,051	31,877	34,429
Center for Advanced Learning	99,888	86,768	73,615	87,846	89,053
Total all other Government Fund Balances	\$ 3,429,824	\$ 3,626,639	\$ 4,156,641	\$ 4,965,602	\$ 5,841,711
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,495,588	\$ 6,512,561	\$ 4,869,630	\$ 6,800,391	\$ 6,018,538

⁽¹⁾ GASB 54 implemented requiring new fund balance categories. Over time all fund balances will be reported under new GASB 54 fund balance categories. - 79 -



CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal year						
	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>			
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$ 14,013,955	\$ 14,610,063	\$ 15,189,352	\$ 16,405,416			
Other Tax Related	-	-	-	-			
Earnings from Investments	71,684	97,819	183,119	267,973			
Gain on Investments	-	-	-	-			
Other Local Sources	3,156,162	3,242,414	3,206,042	-			
Intermediate Sources	101,201	164,763	64,813	-			
Fees and Charges	-	-	-	407,247			
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	3,461,907			
State Aid	44,305,992	46,793,393	45,716,741	53,414,285			
Other State Sources	1,846,142	2,069,604	1,457,558	-			
Federal Aid	6,631,553	6,761,482	6,610,460	7,417,058			
Total Revenues	70,126,689	73,739,538	72,428,085	81,373,886			
Expenditures							
Current Operating							
Instruction	39,408,024	41,400,812	41,993,873	45,384,381			
Support Services	23,327,323	23,545,543	24,338,322	26,126,962			
Community Services	4,372,677	4,691,988	4,470,152	4,648,107			
Facilities Acquisition & Construction	276,884	64,894	371,064	-			
Capital Oulay	-	-	-	-			
Debt Service							
Principal	2,097,086	2,267,034	2,489,940	2,748,900			
Interest	849,631	752,295	653,568	534,775			
Total Expenditures	70,331,625	72,722,566	74,316,919	79,443,125			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(204,936)	1,016,972	(1,888,834)	1,930,761			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Issuance of Debt	-	-	-	-			
Lease Purchase Receipts	-	-	245,903	-			
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	•			
Transfers in	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000			
Transfers Out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	245,903	-			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (204,936)	\$ 1,016,972	\$ (1,642,931)	\$ 1,930,761			
Debt Services as a percentage of							
noncapital expenditures	4.2%	4.2%	4.3%	4.1%			

Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures is calculated by dividing Principal and interest by the sum of total expenditures less expeditues for capital assets.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 16,237,755	\$ 16,811,218	\$ 17,616,752	\$ 19,439,712	\$ 18,365,554	\$ 19,605,194
368,599	292,983	167,061	173,642	1,291,184	413,419
283,090	280,203	300,313	(197,493)	1,637,315	2,364,641
-	-	-	32,605	14,667	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
2,830,645	1,720,206	386,089	781,611	878,697	743,222
1,325,843	1,520,784	1,463,352	3,478,558	3,778,288	3,781,269
53,502,197	57,694,494	59,757,547	62,054,545	69,073,897	66,280,671
-	-	-	-	-	~
7,777,583	8,038,922	8,873,084	21,877,533	14,721,339	15,301,473
82,325,712	86,358,810	88,564,198	107,640,713	109,760,941	108,489,889
46,928,958	49,589,737	48,462,519	50,268,557	56,039,796	54,271,642
27,482,957	27,178,309	24,651,752	30,788,754	35,825,010	36,856,779
4,667,740	4,424,297	1,932,154	4,201,258	4,303,250	4,480,769
215,380	257,693	3,346,458	6,142,454	3,806,056	1,713,025
373,641	308,559	1,148,720	28,902,102	30,306,943	15,933,439
3,040,149	3,287,931	8,734,863	1,093,434	1,016,365	1,424,754
399,240	289,445	2,489,464	3,080,306	3,051,859	3,032,924
83,108,065	85,335,971	90,765,930	124,476,865	134,349,279	117,713,332
(782,353)	1,022,839	(2,201,732)	(16,836,152)	(24,588,338)	(9,223,443)
-	3,933,712	66,765,182	1,089,142	-	-
500	_	1,499,970	8,482,425	_	_
15,000	_	4,022,765	104,143	10,024,272	372,000
(15,000)	_	(4,022,765)	(104,143)	(10,024,272)	(372,000)
500	3,933,712	68,265,152	9,571,567	(10,024,272)	(072,000)
	0,000,112	00,200,102	0,011,001		
\$ (781,853)	\$ 4,956,551	\$ 66,063,420	\$ (7,264,585)	\$ (24,588,338)	\$ (9,223,443)
4.1%	4.2%	12.4%	3.4%	3.0%	3.8%

ASSESSED VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN SCHOOL DISTRICT BOUNDARIES Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Re	eal Property		sonal perty	M:	anufactured Property	Publi	c Utility	т.	otal Assessed Value
2015	\$:	3,119,184,089	\$ 24,	412,807	\$	12,141,527	\$ 86,	160,852	\$	3,241,899,275
2016	:	2,416,204,543	24,	455,550		11,064,228	78,2	253,500		2,529,977,821
2017	:	2,601,786,108	23,	670,053		12,140,347	62,0	076,200		2,699,672,708
2018	:	2,618,619,857	23,	621,316		12,429,561	69,3	321,000		2,723,991,734
2019	:	2,746,847,680	23,	918,425		13,129,149	56,6	31,200		2,840,526,454
2020	:	2,999,342,212	22,	433,655		14,814,620	58,8	331,200		3,095,421,687
2021	:	2,980,856,581	23,	829,686		13,751,213	63,9	956,100		3,082,393,580
2022	;	3,106,220,012	24,	819,533		14,322,602	64,3	356,400		3,209,718,547
2023	;	3,331,018,337	24,	537,008		14,663,656	69,2	254,100		3,439,473,101
2024	;	3,417,514,308	23,	523,213		15,331,229	71,6	551,065		3,528,019,815

Source: Multnomah and Clackamas County Department of Assessment and Taxation Values are the combined total for the taxing district, "Centennial 28j School", in Multnomah and Clackamas Counties

Less: Urban enewal Excess	Total Taxable ssessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Am	ount tax rate will raise	Less: Reduction and Adjustments	Total Taxes Imposed (Net Levy)
\$ -	\$ 3,241,899,275	5.91	\$	19,159,625	\$ 5,054,939	\$ 14,104,686
-	2,529,977,821	5.90		14,926,869	133,191	14,793,678
-	2,699,672,708	5.94		16,036,056	522,224	15,513,832
-	2,723,991,734	5.93		16,153,271	23,428	16,129,843
-	2,840,526,454	5.92		16,815,917	160,187	16,655,730
-	3,095,421,687	5.93		18,355,851	966,427	17,389,424
-	3,082,393,580	5.91		18,216,946	57,595	18,159,351
1,785,606	3,207,932,941	6.25		20,049,581	41,998	20,007,583
2,331,836	3,437,141,265	6.25		21,482,133	2,463,796	19,018,337
7,949,865	3,520,069,950	5.82		20,486,807	46,393	20,440,414

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

District Direct Rates

Fiscal Year ending June 30	General Tax Permanent Rate		Obl I Se	eneral igation Debt ervice onds	Total Direct Tax Rate	
2015	\$	4.74	\$	1.17	\$	5.91
2016		4.74		1.16		5.90
2017		4.74		1.20		5.94
2018		4.74		1.19		5.93
2019		4.74		1.18		5.92
2020		4.74		1.19		5.93
2021		4.74		1.17		5.91
2022		4.74		1.51		6.25
2023		4.74		0.94		5.68
2024		4.74		1.08		5.82

Overlapping Total Property Tax Rates

Fiscal Year	Clackamas County	North Clackamas Parks & Rec.	Clackamas City RFPD #1	City of Happy Valley	Multnomah County	Multnomah County RFPD 10	Port of Portland	Metropolitan Service District
2015	0.38%	0.20%	0.31%	1.24%	2.54%	9.93%	1.27%	1.38%
2016	0.38%	0.28%	0.31%	1.62%	2.51%	10.31%	1.27%	1.38%
2017	0.40%	0.34%	0.35%	1.88%	2.44%	10.49%	1.27%	1.37%
2018	0.42%	0.45%	0.91%		2.46%	10.38%	1.30%	1.40%
2019	0.48%	0.72%	1.04%		2.48%	10.48%	1.32%	1.43%
2020	0.50%	0.72%	1.07%		2.53%	10.40%	1.33%	1.45%
2021	0.50%		1.08%		2.53%	9.74%	1.32%	1.44%
2022	0.50%		1.08%		2.53%	9.74%	1.32%	1.44%
2023	0.52%		1.15%	4.40%	2.85%	11.09%	1.41%	1.54%
2024	0.54%		1.20%	4.60%	2.91%	11.57%	1.41%	1.55%

The permanent and local option tax rates are determined by the State of Oregon Constitution and State Statutes. Existing districts cannot increase their permanent rate authority. Local option levies are limited to five years for operations and ten years for capital projects. Elections for local option levies must meet the double majority election test, except in the November general election in even numbered years. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

Source: The Tax Supervising and Conservation Commission annual reports for the relevant fiscal year and State of Oregon, Office of the Treasurer

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Multnomah ESD	Mt. Hood Community College	City of Gresham	City of Portland	Rockwood Water PUD	Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation
0.000/	0.200/	44.400/	4.740/	00.440/	
2.68%	9.36%	11.48%	1.71%	20.41%	
2.65%	9.51%	11.67%	1.71%	21.06%	
2.59%	9.61%	12.09%	1.63%	20.85%	
2.61%	9.71%	12.07%	1.65%	20.85%	
2.66%	9.71%	12.20%	1.64%	20.64%	0.48%
2.72%	9.83%	12.27%	1.33%	20.65%	0.50%
2.73%	9.83%	12.31%	1.68%		0.50%
2.73%	9.83%	12.31%	1.68%		0.50%
3.09%	10.54%	13.05%	1.89%		0.52%
3.16%	10.46%	12.88%	1.93%		0.54%

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY

Current Year and Nine Years Ago Taxing District - School District

		20)24		2015				
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	As	Taxable sessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
Ten Largest Taxpayers									
Portland General Electric	\$	821,883,540	1	0.82%	\$	16,760,000	2	0.74%	
Port of Portland		775,711,860	2	0.77%		-	-	-	
Pacificorp (PP&L)		752,878,240	3	0.75%		-	-	-	
Microstar Keg Management LLC		715,422,270	4	0.71%		-	-	-	
Boeing Company		471,887,320	5	0.47%		-	-	-	
Alaska Airlines		398,193,000	6	0.40%		-	-	-	
Comcast Corporation		360,420,490	7	0.36%		35,730,000	1	1.58%	
Weston Investment Co LLC		344,593,530	8	0.34%		-	-	-	
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan Inc		214,928,350	9	0.21%		-	-	-	
Fred Meyer Stores Inc		207,842,290	10	0.21%		-	-	-	
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co		-	-	-		12,026,940	3	0.53%	
ROIC Oregon LLC		-	-	-		10,858,320	4	0.48%	
Silverwood Apartments LLC		-	-	-		10,347,820	5	0.46%	
PVRE-LLC		-	-	-		9,887,160	6	0.44%	
Meadowland Mobile		-	-	-		9,236,550	7	0.41%	
CLP Portland OR Senior		-	-	-		8,344,390	8	0.37%	
Trailside Apartments LLC		-	-	-		7,722,000	9	0.34%	
Eastgate Theatre Inc		_	-			7,190,040	10	0.32%	
Subtotal of Ten Largest Taxpayers		5,063,760,890		5.04%		128,103,220		5.67%	
All Other Taxpayers		95,118,948,280		94.95%		2,139,934,154		94.35%	
Total All Taxpayers	\$	100,182,709,170		100.00%	\$	2,268,037,374		100.00%	

Note: For the major taxpayer list, prior to 2018, most continuing disclosure certificates required school districts to file the major taxpayers of their district, not the County.

Source: Multnomah and Clackamas County Department of Assessment and Taxation

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal

Fiscal Year Net Taxes		_	Year of the Levy			Collections in		Total Collections to Date		
Ending June 30		evied for the iscal Year ¹	-	Amount	Percentage of Levy		bsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2015	\$	14,104,686	\$	13,374,804	94.83	\$	274,495	\$	13,649,299	96.77
2016		14,793,678		14,049,454	94.97		255,652		14,305,106	96.70
2017		15,513,832		14,697,044	94.74		230,289		14,927,333	96.22
2018		16,129,843		15,337,604	95.09		204,293		15,541,897	96.35
2019		16,655,730		15,924,864	95.61		574,595		16,499,459	99.06
2020		17,389,424		16,594,751	95.43		221,460		16,816,211	96.70
2021		18,159,351		17,377,872	95.70		487,930		17,865,802	98.38
2022		20,007,583		19,177,704	95.85		462,671		19,640,375	98.16
2023		19,018,337		18,201,266	95.70		168,628		18,369,894	96.59
2024		20,440,414		19,366,889	94.75		194,224		19,561,113	95.70

Note:

The net taxes levied are combined for Multnomah and Clackamas counties. Responsibility for the collection of all property taxes rests within the County's Department of Assessment and Taxation. Current taxes are assessed as of July, become due as of November 15 and become delinquent as of May 15. Assessed taxes become a lien upon real property in the fourth year of delinquency. Proceeds of tax sales are applied to delinquent taxes, interest and other costs attributable to the property sold.

¹ The net levy is the actual imposed tax after adjustments and constitutional property tax limitations due to the passing of Measure 5 in 1990 and Measure 50 in 1997.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Government	tal Activities							
Fiscal Year ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds Including Premium	Long-Term Installment Contracts	Full F and C Accre	redit	To	otal District	Pe	r ADM ²	Capita ome ³
2015	\$ 15,505,000	\$13,148,247	\$	-	\$	28,653,247	\$	4,605	\$ 664
2016	13,455,000	13,375,381		-		26,830,381		4,348	613
2017	11,215,000	12,069,006		-		23,284,006		3,827	552
2018	8,765,000	12,243,608	2,22	8,723		23,237,331		3,850	545
2019	6,085,000	1,305,050	14,10	9,664		21,499,714		3,579	499
2020	3,165,000	1,279,049	14,61	7,808		19,061,857		3,352	451
2021	80,461,047	1,336,630	4	0,656		81,838,333		14,922	1,916
2022	63,450,000	1,845,557	48	4,548		65,780,105		12,115	1,513
2023	62,815,000	1,412,779		-		64,227,779		11,829	1,477
2024	62,010,000	1,088,396		-		63,098,396		11,563	1,406

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value of Taxable Property for taxable assessed value data.

² See the Schedule of Student Enrollment Statistics for ADM data.

³ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for per capita income data.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year ending June 30	General Obligation Bonds including Premium	Less Amount Available for Repayment	Net General Obligation Bonds Outstanding	Lease Liability ⁴	SBITA Liability ⁴	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value of Property ¹	Per ADM ²	Per Capita Income ³
2015	\$ 15,505,000	\$ 2,437,210	\$ 13,067,790	\$ -	\$ -	0.52	\$ 2,100	\$ 303
2016	13,455,000	2,526,083	10,928,917	-	**	0.40	1,771	250
2017	11,215,000	2,755,816	8,459,184	-	-	0.31	1,390	200
2018	8,765,000	2,993,455	5,771,545	-	-	0.20	956	135
2019	6,085,000	3,458,468	2,626,532	-	-	80.0	437	61
2020	3,165,000	3,788,681	(623,681)	-	-	-0.02	(110)	(15)
2021	80,461,047	686,994	79,774,053	-	-	2.49	14,546	1,868
2022	63,450,000	2,065,891	61,384,109	-	-	1.78	11,306	1,412
2023	62,815,000	1,590,608	61,224,392	459,182	-	1.78	11,276	1,408
2024	62,010,000	1,583,332	60,426,668	383,543	-	1.71	11,074	1,346

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value of Taxable Property for taxable assessed value data.

² See the Schedule of Student Enrollment Statistics for ADM data.

³ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for per capita income data.

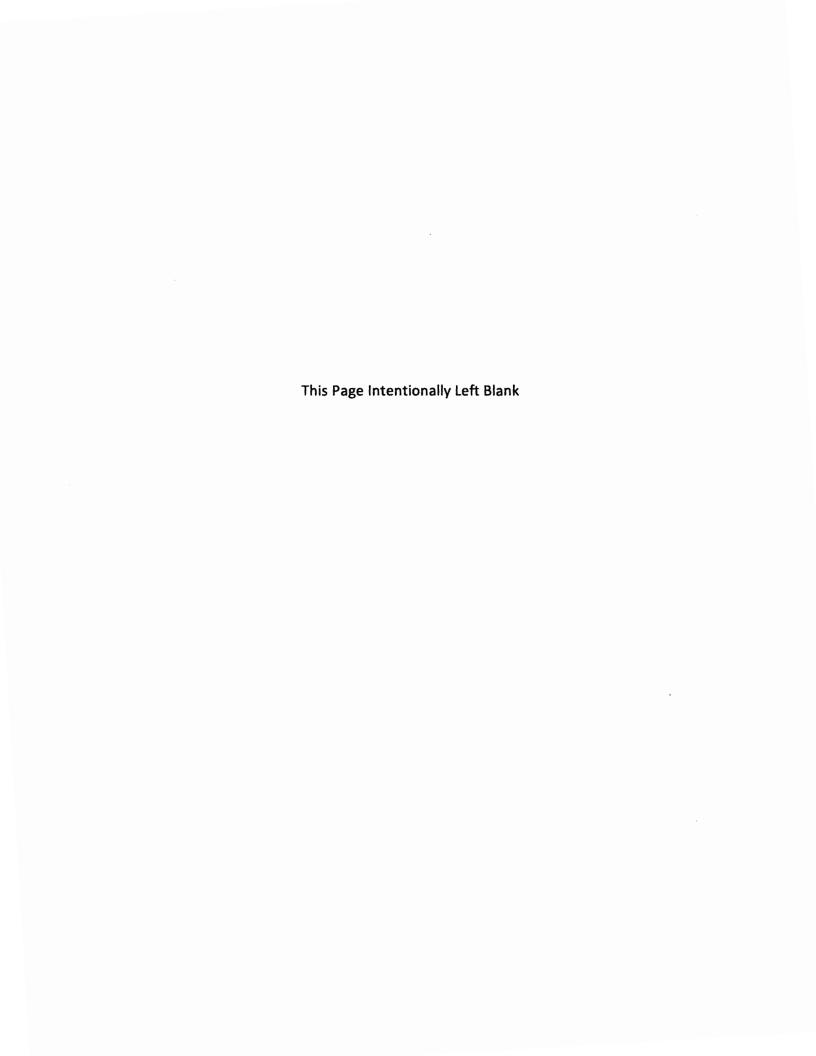
⁴ GASB Cod.Sec 2800.122-123: Implemented requiring new fund balance categories. Over time all fund balances will be reported under new GASB fund balance categories.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of June 30, 2024

Overlapping Issuer	t Property-tax lacked Debt ¹	Percent Overlapping	Ne	t Overlapping Debt	
City of Gresham	\$ 26,350,378	12.88%	\$	3,394,930	
City of Portland	401,515,000	1.93		7,754,459	
Clackamas County	100,575,000	0.54		543,507	
Clackamas City RFPD #1	21,642,113	1.20		259,013	
Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation	5,035,000	0.54		27,209	
Metropolitan Service District	765,485, 4 43	1.55		11,845,887	
Mt. Hood Community College	69,765,000	10.46		7,298,605	
Multnomah County	509,757,429	2.91		14,825,785	
Multnomah County RFPD 10	381, 4 21	11.57		44,125	
Multnomah ESD	59,432,417	3.16		1,880,798	
Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$ 1,959,939,201		\$	47,874,318	
Direct District net property-tax backed debt				63,098,396	
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	110,972,714	

Note: Percentage of overlap is calculated as the ratio of overlapping tax district's real market value to Centennial School District real market value.

Source: Oregon State Treasury, Debt Management Division



LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt Limit	\$ 236,505,422	\$ 262,087,937	\$ 296,998,323	\$ 339,632,588	\$ 396,849,178
Total net debt applicable to limit	13,067,790	10,928,917	8,287,376	5,771,545	2,628,084
Legal debt margin	\$ 223,437,632	\$ 251,159,020	\$ 288,710,947	\$ 333,861,043	\$ 394,221,094
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	5.53%	4.17%	2.79%	1.70%	0.66%

¹ ORS 328.245 establishes a parameter of bonded indebtedness for school districts. Aggregates are governed by real market values of all taxable properties within the District based on the following:

^A For each grade from kindergarten to eighth for which the District operates schools, fifty-five on-hundredths of one percent (.0055) of the real market value.

^B For each grade from ninth to twelfth for which the District operates schools, seventy-five one-hundredths of one percent (.0075) of the real market value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024			
\$ 413,002,487	\$ 634,786,181	\$ 687,259,769	\$ 520,964,629	\$ 545,512,266			
14,081,858	63,925,000	74,285,336	62,895,278	61,515,064			
\$ 398,920,629	\$ 570,861,181	\$ 612,974,433	\$ 458,069,351	\$ 483,997,202			
3.41%	10.07%	10.81%	12.07%	11.28%			
	Legal Debt Margin	Calculation for Fiscal	Year 2024				
	Real Market Value			\$ 6,861,789,511			
	Debt Limit (7.95%) 1			545,512,266			
	Amount of Debt App	licable to Debt Limit:					
	General Obligat	tion Bonded Debt		62,010,000			
	Long Term Insta	allment Contracts		1,088,396			
	Less: Amount A	Less: Amount Available in Debt Service Funds					
	Total net Debt A	Applicable to Debt Limi	t	61,515,064			
	Legal Debt margin			\$ 483,997,202			

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years Multnomah County

Year	Population	Per	Personal Income		pita Personal ncome	Unemployment Rate		
2015	43,153	\$	40,299,094	\$	50,997	5.3		
2016	43,753		41,838,667		52,055	5.1		
2017	42,201		44,261,075		54,726	4.7		
2018	42,623		46,966,887		57,850	3.9		
2019	43,049		49,399,774		60,773	3.7		
2020	42,267	,	52,080,033		63,852	7.8		
2021	42,704		56,502,646		68,356	5		
2022	43,488		55,618,917		69,954	3.5		
2023	44,693		1		1	3.3		
2024	44,878		1		1	3.9		

Sources: Population, personal income and per capita information: US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Unemployment rate information: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

¹ Data for 2023, 2024 not available at time of printing.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR THE PORTLAND METRO AREA 2024 and Nine Years Ago

2024 2015 Percentage Percentage of Total of Total **Employer Employees** Rank **Employment Employees** Rank **Employment** Ten Largest Employers Providence Health System 1 2 23,100 1.87% 15,239 1.36% Intel Corp. 22,328 2 17,500 1.81 1 1.56 Oregon Health & Science University 19,603 3 1.59 14,616 3 1.30 Nike Inc. 8,000 15,522 4 1.26 8 0.71 Legacy Health System 13,087 5 1.06 10,436 5 0.93 Kaiser Foundation Health Plan 12,514 6 1.01 11,881 4 1.06 Fred Meyer Stores 7 9,000 0.73 10,237 6 0.91 City of Portland 8,836 8 0.71 8,558 7 0.76 Portland School District 8,200 9 0.66 0.00 Multnomah County 5,600 10 0.45 5,616 9 0.50 Wells Fargo 4,617 10 0.41 Subtotal of Ten Largest Employers 137,790 11.17 106,700 9.51 All Other Employers 90.49 1,098,810 88.83 1,017,617 Total Portland PMSA² Employment 100.00% 100.00% 1,236,600 1,124,317

Source: Portland Business Alliance, NW Resources and Oregon Employment Department

¹ Number of employees is listed as FTE (full-time equivalent)

² Portland PMSA includes Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington, and Yamhill counties in Oregon and Clark County, Washington.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY ASSIGNMENT/FUNCTION

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Instruction				
Kindergarten teachers	14.0	20.0	18.0	18.0
Elementary teachers	146.0	147.0	143.0	144.0
Secondary teachers	69.0	70.7	74.7	72.8
Teachers of ungraded classes	75.4	75.4	75.4	76.4
Student support staff	102.1	102.1	99.9	97.9
Instructional coaches, coordinators and consultants	20.9	19.7	21.8	20.0
Subtotal Instructional Staff	427.4	434.9	432.8	429.1
Administration and Support				
Elementary guidance and counseling	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Secondary guidance and counseling	4.5	4.5	4.5	5.0
Librarians/media specialists	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Library/media support staff	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.2
District administrators	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.0
District support staff	17.1	16.6	15.0	17.0
School administrators	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.0
School administrative support staff	25.9	26.8	26.8	26.8
Student transportation	31.4	30.1	34.0	29.0
Plant Operations, Maintenance and Security	29.8	33.0	34.0	33.0
Nutrition services	37.7	37.4	39.0	33.3
All other support staff	31.5	31.5	26.7	33.8
Subtotal Support Services Staff	212.1	214.1	214.2	211.6
Total FTE	639.5	649.0	647.0	640.7

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
18.0	18.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	15.0
158.0	157.0	153.5	137.5	137.8	128.5
75.6	72.2	74.8	74.5	68.7	62.3
76.4	76.8	85.3	102.2	93.2	99.1
99.0	104.0	51.2	55.2	73.0	80.3
27.5	19.0	16.0	15.4	20.5	21.5
454.5	447.0	396.8	400.8	409.2	406.7
6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	9.0	10.0
6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	6.0
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7
7.9	6.4	5.6	7.1	7.3	7.3
6.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
17.9	16.6	16.9	16.1	20.2	23.3
15.0	16.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	19.0
27.0	22.6	23.0	23.9	25.9	28.0
27.6	28.7	27.4	24.0	23.0	20.7
30.8	30.5	28.3	26.0	32.6	33.2
34.3	33.6	31.8	30.4	30.8	33.7
18.0	26.1	23.3	22.3	21.4	24.0
197.0	200.0	190.8	186.3	200.7	212.9
651.5	647.0	587.6	587.1	609.9	619.6

OPERATING STATISTICS Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year ending June 30	Enrollment ¹	Operating penditures ²	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Expenditure	es ³	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff ⁴	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced- Price Meals
2015	6,331	\$ 66,966,828	\$10,578	6.29%	\$ 70,331,6	625	\$11,109	5.75%	330	19.2	71%
2016	6,387	69,636,217	10,903	3.07%	72,737,	568	11,388	2.51%	351	18.2	75%
2017	6,338	70,802,347	11,171	2.46%	74,316,9	919	11,726	2.97%	357	17.8	69%
2018	6,258	75,704,277	12,097	8.29%	79,443,	125	12,695	8.26%	361	17.3	62%
2019	6,208	79,295,039	12,773	5.59%	83,108,0	068	13,387	5.45%	359	17.3	62%
2020	6,158	81,185,248	13,184	3.22%	85,335,9	971	13,858	3.52%	355	17.4	57%
2021	5,928	77,776,604	13,120	-0.49%	89,669,8	800	15,126	9.15%	331	17.9	100%
2022	5,679	91,279,148	16,073	22.51%	123,367,8	331	21,724	43.62%	305	18.6	100%
2023	5,638	99,974,134	17,732	35.15%	134,349,3	301	23,829	9.69%	305	18.5	100%
2024	5,594	96,750,742	17,295	7.60%	117,713,3	334	21,043	-11.69%	346	16.2	100%

Source: District Financial Records, Oregon State Department of Education

¹ Enrollment as of October 1st of the fiscal year.

² Operating Expenditures include all governmental fund expenditures less debt service and capital outlays.

³ Expenditures include all governmental fund types.

⁴ Teaching Staff includes classroom, music, physical education, counselors and librarians.

TEACHER BASE SALARIES Last Ten Fiscal Years

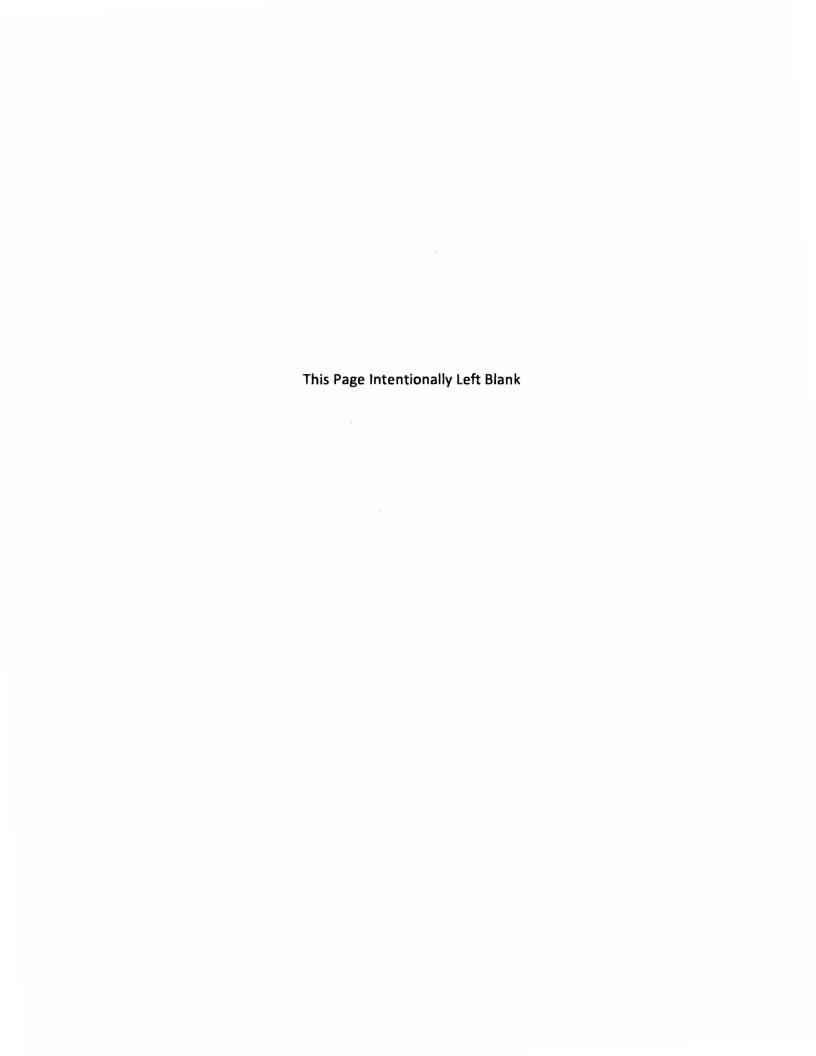
Fiscal Year ending June 30	 inimum Salary	 aximum Salary	Average Salary		Average Years of Experience	Percent Masters Degree or Above
2015	\$ 38,682	\$ 77,364	\$	51,973	10.3	79%
2016	40,140	80,280		53,969	11.5	81%
2017	40,943	81,886		56,279	11.6	81%
2018	41,762	83,524		56,549	11.7	81%
2019	42,598	85,196		64,728	13.5	83%
2020	43,663	87,326		74,052	10.8	84%
2021	44,973	89,946		77,856	13.3	84%
2022	45,873	91,746		78,665	10.4	86%
2023	47,708	97,963		80,738	10.4	78%
2024	48,863	100,335		82,131	9.7	85%

Source: District Business Services, Oregon Department of Education

STUDENT ENROLLMENT STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year ending June 30	Average Daily Membership	Percent Free and Reduced	Net Operating Expenditures per ADM				
2015	6,019.0	71%	\$	9,569			
2016	6,222.0	75%		9,723			
2017	6,171.4	69%		10,067			
2018	6,084.5	62%		10,718			
2019	6,036.4	62%		11,155			
2020	6,006.8	57%		11,494			
2021	5,687.0	100%		11,637			
2022	5,484.3	100%		11,657			
2023	5,429.5	100%		13,101			
2024	5,456.7	100%		13,889			

Source: District Financial Records, Oregon State Department of Education



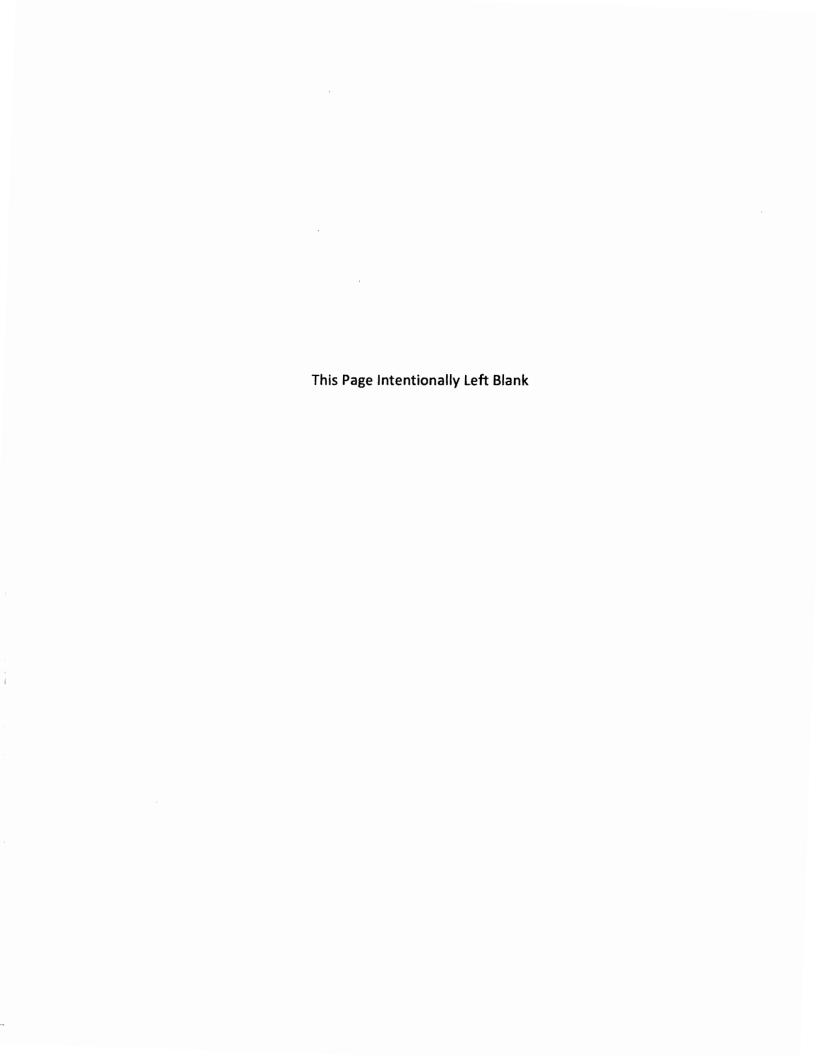
STUDENT ENROLLMENT AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

School	2015	2016	2017	2018
Patrick Lynch Elementary (1957) Square Footage: 49,151	452	533	506	523
Powell Butte (formerly Lynch Wood) Elementary (1959) Square Footage: 51,002	519	516	505	539
Butler Creek Elementary (2003) Square Footage: 60,500	543	561	572	562
Parklane Elementary (1969) Square Footage: 47,327	420	388	364	384
Oliver Middle School (formerly Oliver Elementary) (1969) Square Footage: 83,458	401	426	452	409
Meadows Elementary (1974) Square Footage: 50,196	506	508	435	415
Pleasant Valley Elementary (1939) Square Footage: 67,757	421	412	404	415
Centennial Middle School (1962) Square Footage: 185,398	962	914	928	948
Centennial High School (1959) Square Footage: 265,878	1,813	1,834	1,799	1,731
Centennial Park School (1997) Square Footage: 15,308	141	141	168	155
Centennial Virtual Academy (2020)				
	6,178	6,233	6,133	6,081

Note: Centennial Park School is an alternative school for students who reside in the Centennial School District. An options program was added in 1998-99, an evening school was added in 2001-02. The school was closed June 2020 and Centennial Virtual Academy opened September 2020.

Source: District Business Services

-						
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
485	485	437	375	341	340	
557	538	469	428	383	409	
569	605	E2E	E1E	E40	E47	
369	605	525	515	510	517	
394	392	389	356	436	434	
383	394	338	267	454	444	
421	372	310	331	314	302	
408	419	322	345	290	310	
905	904	861	906	854	866	
1,754	1,744	1,620	1,685	1,677	1,529	
144	102					
		466	322	218	289	
0.000						
6,020	5,955	5,737	5,530	5,477	5,440	



OTHER INFORMATION
ADDITIONAL SCHEDULES
(REQUIRED BY THE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION)

REVENUE SUMMARY - ALL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Fund 100	Fund 200		Fund 300		
Local Source	es							
1111	Current Year's Taxes	\$	15,810,455	\$ -	\$	3,626,027		
1112	Prior Years' Taxes		133,012	-		32,995		
1130	Construction Excise Tax		-	-		-		
1190	Penalty and Interest on Taxes		2,578	-		-		
1200	Revenue from Other Local Government		127	-		-		
1410	Transportation		137,271	-		-		
1510	Investment Earnings		1,203,825	322,009		122,589		
1600	Food Service Sales		-	1,607,640		-		
1710	Cocurricular Activities		46,673	23,727		-		
1760	Student Activity Funds		-	394,807		-		
1800	Community Service Activities		8,720	-		-		
1910	Property Rental		· -	630		-		
1920	Private Contributions		-	57,622		-		
1940	Pass Thru Charter School Pmt		_	7,220		_		
1970	Service Provided Other Funds		-	- ,		-		
1980	Fees Charged to Grants		550,558	91,143		-		
1990	Third Party Billing		612,598	312,107		_		
1998	Other Local Sources		198,528	18,235		_		
.000	Total Local Sources	_	18,704,345	 2,835,140	_	3,781,611		
			, ,	_,,,,,,,,		2,121,211		
Intermediate	Sources							
2101	County School Fund		951	_		-		
2197	Multnomah County Grant		-	287,566		-		
2199	HERT Tax		-	16,332		-		
	Total Intermediate Sources		951	303,898		-		
				·				
State Source	es							
3101	State School Fund		55,265,145	701,955		-		
3102	State School Fund Lunch Match		-	24,538		-		
3103	Common School Fund		786,916	-		-		
3190	Other Unrestricted Grants		2,073,423	-		-		
3222	State School Fund Transportation Equipment		- -	232,559		-		
3299	Other Restricted Grants in Aid		336	6,460,913		-		
	Total State Sources		58,125,820	 7,419,965		-		
Federal Sou	irces							
4201	DHS Foster Care Trans Reimbursement		28,217	-		-		
4500	Restricted Federal via State		73,748	15,196,796		-		
4810	Federal Forest Fees		2,712	-		-		
			104,677	 15,196,796		-		
Other Source	es							
5200	Interfund Transfers		-	372,000		-		
5310	Insurance Recovery of Fixed Assets							
	Total Other Sources		-	 372,000				
	Total Revenues	\$	76,935,793	\$ 26,127,799	\$	3,781,611		

Fund 400	Fund 600	Fund 700	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	19,436,482
-	-	-	166,007
413,419	-	-	413,419
-	-	-	2,578
-	-	-	127
-	-	-	137,271
716,218	27,602	-	2,392,243
-	-	-	1,607,640
-	-	-	70,400
-	-	-	394,807
-	-	-	8,720
-	-	-	630
144,152	-	-	201,774
-	-	-	7,220
-	1,076,362	693,373	1,769,735
-	-	-	641,701
-	-	-	924,705
8,010	36,816	<u> </u>	261,589
1,281,799	1,140,780	693,373	28,437,048
-	-	-	951
-	-	-	287,566
			16,332
-	-	-	304,849
			FF 007 400
-	-	-	55,967,100
-	-	-	24,538
-	-	-	786,916
-	-	-	2,073,423
724 004	-	-	232,559
734,884			7,196,133 66,280,669
-	-	-	28,217
-	-	-	15,270,544
-	-	-	2,712
-	-	-	15,301,473
			272.000
-	420 744	-	372,000
	<u>432,711</u> 432,711		432,711 804,711
			
\$ 2,016,683	\$ 1,573,491	\$ 693,373	\$ 111,128,750

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		 Object 100		Object 200		Object 300
Instruction						
1110	Elementary Programs	\$ 8,512,107	\$	4,867,666	\$	923,127
1120	Middle School Programs	4,063,449		2,335,756		499,692
1130	High School Programs	5,521,063		3,064,483		719,981
1210	Talented and Gifted Program	22,682		8,795		6,503
1220	Restrictive Programs	729,789		525,207		186,719
1250	Resource Rooms	3,170,180		2,123,787		4,196,699
1270	Educationally Disadvantaged	837		308		515
1280	Alternative Education	-		-		918,743
1290	Other Special Programs	 2,478,312		1,528,200		54,063
	Total Instruction	 24,498,419		14,454,202		7,506,042
Support Sen	vices					
2110	Attendance and Social Work	465,295		315,384		116,490
2120	Guidance Services	1,486,256		885,591		1,891
2130	Health Services	-		-		136,627
2140	Psychological Services	603,340		331,718		-
2150	Speech / Audiology Services	662,969		322,081		800
2160	Other Student Treatment Service	233,576		122,768		1,521
2190	Student Support Service	478,788		313,964		6,122
2200	Instructional Staff Development	1,095,311		742,317		37,400
2300	General Administration	319,372		156,407		186,712
2400	School Administration	3,257,035		1,948,125		79,972
2520	Fiscal Services	580,680		366,539		128,724
2540	Operation and maintenance	1,879,506		1,072,287		2,921,901
2550	Pupil Transportation	1,425,763		896,825		857,155
2570	Internal Services	140,158		93,378		54,669
2600	Central Services	1,344,304		813,897		220,771
2700	Supplement Retirement Programs	 -		31,821		
	Total Support Services	 13,972,353		8,413,102		4,750,755
Enterprise a	nd Community Services					
3300	Community Services	 72,320		32,819		
	Total Enterprise & Community Services	 72,320		32,819	_	-
Other Uses						
5100	Redemption of Principal	-		-		-
	Interest Other than Buses	-		-		-
5200	Transfers of Funds	 	-			-
	Total Other Uses	 _		-		
	Total Expenditures	\$ 38,543,092	\$	22,900,123	\$	12,256,797

	Object 400	Object 500	Object 600-800	Total
\$	84,081 111,245 346,051	\$ - 10,873 10,873	\$ 147 - 13,043	\$ 14,387,128 7,021,015 9,675,494
	2,429	-	-	37,980 1,444,144
	6,583	-	-	9,497,249
	550	-	-	2,210
	1,337	-	3,500	923,580
	10,980		292	4,071,847
	563,256	21,746	16,982	47,060,647
	2,568	-	-	899,737
	7,172	-	787	2,381,697
	4,364	-	-	140,991
	2,530	-	-	937,588
	2,356	-	1,767	989,973
	4,034	-	240	362,139
	3,039	-	-	801,913
	110,502	-	50	1,985,580
	15,845	-	38,360	716,696
	99,997	-	8,769	5,393,898
	13,899	540,000	4,618	1,094,460
	391,506	512,829	109,657	6,887,686
	247,814	95,723	75,702	3,598,982
	60,374	•	2.254	348,579
	294,342	-	2,254 -	2,675,568 31,821
	1,260,342	608,552	242,204	29,247,308
-	6,161	-	880	112,180
-	6,161		880	112,180
				404.050
	-	-	194,258	194,258
	-	•	7,626	7,626
	*		372,000	372,000
	-		573,884	573,884
\$	1,829,759	\$ 630,298	\$ 833,950	\$ 76,994,019

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Object 100	Object 200	Object 300
Instruction				
1110	Elementary Programs	\$ 373,801	\$ 227,146	\$ 9,075
1120	Middle School Programs	191,252	94,010	92,413
1130	High School Programs	789,247	455,228	3,563
1140	Pre-Kindergarten Programs	144,186	78,751	26,236
1220	Restrictive Programs	153,818	94,297	8,371
1250	Resource Rooms	392,181	248,752	628,553
1270	Educationally Disadvantaged	679,807	409,898	280,215
1280	Alternative Education		-	161,412
1290	Other Special Programs	202,411	117,688	238
1400	Summer Programs	374,361	128,704	12,893
	Total Instruction	3,301,064	1,854,474	1,222,969
Support Serv				
2110	Attendance and Social Work	320,678	159,921	46,291
2120	Guidance Services	158,300	85,257	-
2130	Health Services	892	321	237,856
2140	Psychological Services	20,158	11,479	-
2190	Student Support Service	178,001	114,084	-
2200	Instructional Staff Development	1,279,633	731,574	1,069,371
2300	General Administration	-	•	•
2400	School Administration	844,138	514,401	8,265
2500	Business and Operation	90,195	41,104	254,701
2600	Central Services	67,660	40,781	5,972
	Total Support Services	2,959,655	1,698,922	1,622,456
Enternrise at	nd Community Services			
3100	Food Service	1,518,139	964,211	171,495
3300	Community Services	791	297	98,209
3300	Community Services	731	201	00,200
	Total Enterprise & Community Services	1,518,930	964,508	269,704
Facilities Acc	quisition & Construction:			
4110	Service Area Direction	-	-	25,000
4120	Site Acquisition & Development	_	_	13,216
4150	Building Acquisition & Improvement	_	_	97,845
4130	building Acquisition a improvement			07,040
	Total Facilities Acquisition & Construction:	-		136,061
Other Uses				
5100	Debt Service			-
	Total Other Uses		-	,
	Total Expenditures	\$ 7,779,649	\$ 4,517,904	\$ 3,251,190

Object 400	Object 500	Object 600	Total			
\$ 58,235	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 668,257			
94,711	-	•	472,386			
384,551	_	-	1,632,589			
33,227	_	11,572	293,972			
278	-	7,947	264,711			
35,430	_	4,474	1,309,390			
107,127	_	-,	1,477,047			
107,127	_	_	161,412			
43,254	-	-	363,591			
	-	6.027				
67,391	-	6,037	589,386			
824,204		30,030	7,232,741			
66,160	_	6,421	599,471			
2,789	_	-	246,346			
10,519		_	249,588			
10,519	•	-	31,637			
•	•	40 540				
216,989	-	48,518 89,987	340,603 3,387,554			
11,728	-	09,907	11,728			
11,720	-	249,579	1,616,383			
20,303	3,983,778	159,704	4,549,785			
436,934	562,555	-	1,113,902			
765,422	4,546,333	554,209	12,146,997			
4 500 202	000 000	45.470	E 040 050			
1,586,303	986,926	15,179	5,242,253			
13,962		-	113,259			
1,600,265	986,926	15,179	5,355,512			
			05.000			
-	4 700 004	-	25,000			
	1,706,994		1,720,210			
1,075	465,018	3,588	567,526			
1,075	2,172,012	3,588	2,312,736			
	-	465,948	465,948			
-	_	465,948	465,948			
\$ 3,190,966	\$ 7,705,271	\$ 1,068,954	\$ 27,513,934			

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Object 100	Object 200	Object 300	Object 400	Object 500	Object 600	Total
Other Use 5100	s Debt Service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,789,846	\$ 3,789,846
	Total Other Uses						3,789,846	3,789,846
	Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 3,789,846	\$ 3,789,846

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Obje	Object 100 Object 200		Object 300		Object 400		Object 500		Object 600		Total	
Support	Services													
2520	Operation and maintenance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,716	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$ 3,717
2540	Operation and maintenance		-		-		463		-		571,474		-	571,937
2633	Public Information Services	28	3,779		12,929						-			 41,708
	Total Support Services	28	3,779	-	12,929	-	4,179		-		571,474		1	 617,362
Facilitie	s Acquisition and Construction													
4120	Site Acquisition and Development		-		-		5,000		-		417,998		-	422,998
4150	Building Acquisition & Development			-			1,415,602		140,727		7,179,871		10,973	 8,747,173
	Total Facilities Acquisition & Construction		-		-		1,420,602	-	140,727		7,597,869		10,973	 9,170,171
	Total Expenditures	\$ 28	3,779	\$	12,929	\$	1,424,781	\$	140,727	\$	8,169,343	\$	10,974	\$ 9,787,533

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		0	bject 100	Object 200		Object 300		Object 400		Object 500		Object 600, 700		 Total
Support Services														
2115	Student Safety	\$	29,892	\$	16,044	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 45,936
2410	Office of the Principal		-		-		-		4,572		-		-	4,572
2520	Fiscal Services		-		44,745		24,423		2,320		-		938,188	1,009,676
2540	Operation and maintenance		-		-		1,412,416		33,200		6,771		250	1,452,637
2600	Central Services		-		38,618				6,337		-	•	-	 44,955
	Total Support Services	_	29,892		99,407		1,436,839		46,429		6,771	-	938,438	 2,557,776
	Total Expenditures	\$	29,892	\$	99,407	\$	1,436,839	\$	46,429	\$	6,771	\$	938,438	\$ 2,557,776

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - TRUST FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

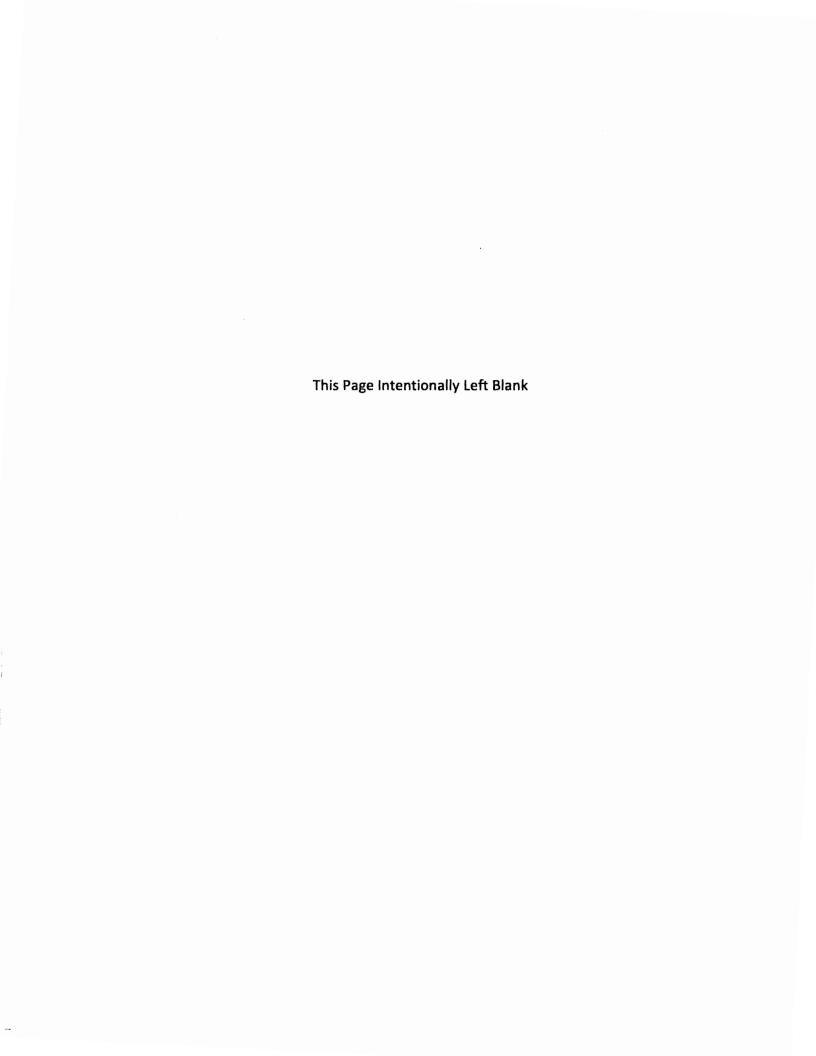
Support Services	Object 100		Object 200		Object 300		Object 400		Object 500		Object 600,700		Total	
2700 Supplemental Retirement Progra	m \$ 85,5	00	\$	178,082	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	263,582
Total Support Services	85,5	00		178,082	-			-	-	-			-	263,582
Total Expenditures	\$ 85,5	00	\$	178,082	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	263,582

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION As Required by The Oregon Department of Education

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

A.	Energy Bill for Heatin		Objects 325 and 326 and 327				
	,	penditures for electricity see Functions & Objects.		Function 2540 Function 2550	\$	1,432,245 -	
В.	Replacement of equi	pment - General Fund:					
	Include all General F	und expenditures in Object 5	42, except	for the following exclusions:		Amount	
	Exclude these function	ons:					
	1113, 1122 & 1132	Co-curricular activities	4150	Construction	\$	98,216	
	1140	Pre-Kindergarten	2550	Pupil Transportation			
	1300	Continuing Education	3100	Food Service			
	1400	Summer school	3300	Community Services			
	1300	Continuing Education					
	1400	Summer School					
	2550	Pupil Transportation					
	3100	Food Service					
	3300	Community Services					
	4150	Construction					

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS





PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

October 31, 2024

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of Centennial School District No. 28Jt (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- State school fund factors and calculation.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

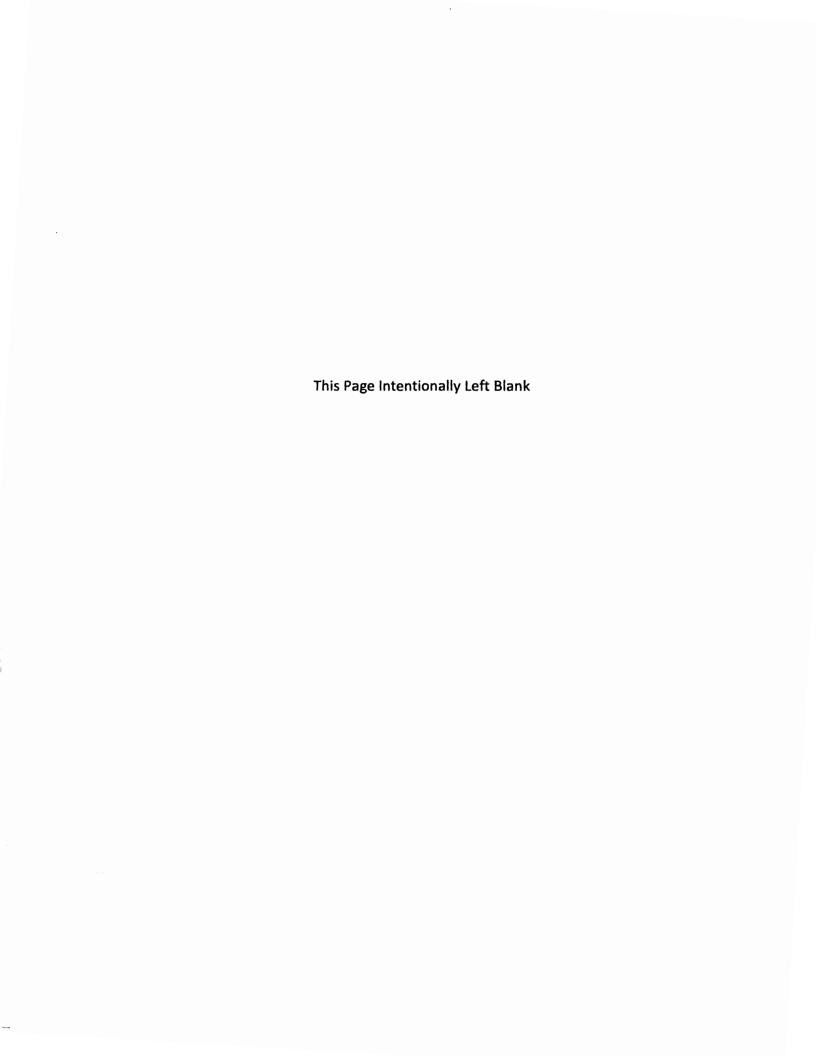
In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and the Oregon Secretary of State, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C

GRANT COMPLIANCE REVIEW





PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

October 31, 2024

To the Board of Directors Centennial School District No. 28Jt Multnomah County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Centennial School District No. 28Jt (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the basic financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ROY R. ROGERS, CPA

Roy R Rogers

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



PAULY, ROGERS AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

October 31, 2024

To the Board of Directors Centennial School District No. 28Jt Multnomah County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Centennial School District No. 28Jt's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not

detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such
 other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
 the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Roy R. ROGERS, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of Auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
•			
Internal control over financial reporting:		Yes	X No
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified that	t are not	1 es	NO
considered to be material weaknesses	t are not	Yes	X_None reported
Noncompliance material to financial stateme	ents noted?	Yes	XNo
Any GAGAS audit findings disclosed that a	re required to be		
reported in accordance with the Uniform Gu	idance?	Yes	XNo
Federal Awards Internal control over financial reporting: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that	at are not	Yes	XNo
considered to be material weaknesses		Yes	X None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on complian-	ce for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are require accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	ed to be reported in	Yes	XNo
	Name of Federal Prog ESSER	ram:	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	n type A and type B prog	grams: <u>\$ 750,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X_Yes	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS:

None

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards included in this report includes the federal grant activity and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule of expenditure of federal awards are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal court of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The District elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance, due to the fact they already have a negotiated indirect cost rate with Oregon Department of Education, and thus are not allowed to use the de minimis rate.