# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Brackett Independent School District	Kinney		136901		
Name of School District	County		Co. Dist. Number		
We, the undersigned, certify that the a	attached annual financia	al reports of the above	-named school district were		
reviewed and (check one)	approved	_ disapproved for the ye	ear ended June 30, 2024, at a		
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such	n school district on the	of	, 2024.		
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board	President		
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of	the auditors' report, the 1	eason(s) for disapprovi	ng it is(are):		
(attach list as necessary)					

#### COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

#### Certified Public Accountants

400 E. NOPAL STREET • UVALDE, TEXAS 78801-5305 www.colemanhortoncpa.com

DEBORAH V. McDONALD, CPA DEREK L. WALKER, CPA DUSTY R. ROUTH, CPA MELINDA D. KORCZYNSKI, CPA TEL (830) 278-6276 FAX (830) 278-6868 chc@colemanhortoncpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of Brackett Independent School District 201 N Ann Street Brackettville, Texas 78832

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brackett Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Brackett Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brackett Independent School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Brackett Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Brackett Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- \* Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- \* Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal controls. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- \* Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Brackett Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions for Pensions, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of the District Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits on pages 6-11 and 49-57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide an assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Brackett Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as Exhibits J-1, J-2, and J-4. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 9, 2024, on our consideration of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas August 9, 2024

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The annual financial report of the Brackett Independent School District (the District) is presented in six sections, Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Combining and Other Schedules, T.E.A. Required Schedules, and the Federal Section. This section of the District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial section, which follows.

#### **Overview of the Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- \* The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- \* The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements.
- \* The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows less the liabilities and deferred inflows, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- \* Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- \* To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- \* Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- \* The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

#### The District has two types of funds:

- \* Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, then explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- \* Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust agreement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- \* The District's combined net position was \$10,050,693 at June 30, 2024, a decrease of \$1,356,427.
- \* During the year, the District's revenues were \$9,012,328 as reflected below:

		<b>Governmental Activities</b>						
		 Current Year		Prior Year		Change		
a)	Taxes	\$ 5,994,109	\$	6,550,833	\$	(556,724)		
b)	State revenue	1,134,310		1,301,871		(167,561)		
c)	Federal revenue	1,170,044		1,496,539		(326,495)		
d)	Investment earnings	339,248		253,599		85,649		
e)	Charges for services	307,035		405,219		(98,184)		
f)	Other revenue	67,582		41,211		26,371		
g)	Extraordinary item	 		695,159		(695,159)		
	Total	\$ 9,012,328	\$	10,744,431	\$	(1,732,103)		

\* During the year, the District's expenses were \$10,368,755 as reflected below:

		Governmental Activities					
		Current		Prior			
		Year		Year		Change	
a)	Instruction and instructional related	\$ 5,118,096	\$	4,739,370	\$	378,726	
b)	Instruction and school leadership	462,628		388,020		74,608	
c)	Guidance, social work, health, transportation	722,765		678,236		44,529	
d)	Food services	558,409		482,366		76,043	
e)	Extracurricular activities	740,550		695,446		45,104	
f)	General administration	708,889		589,698		119,191	
g)	Plant maintenance and security	1,423,542		1,435,331		(11,789)	
h)	Data processing services	285,493		218,750		66,743	
i)	Community services	384		-		384	
j)	Debt service	24,259		27,052		(2,793)	
k)	Contracted inst services between schools	-		442,989		(442,989)	
1)	Payments to fiscal agent/member						
	districts - shared service	184,735		181,688		3,047	
m)	Other intergovernmental charges	139,005		121,465		17,540	
	Total Expenses	\$ 10,368,755	\$	10,000,411	\$	368,344	

- \* The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,926,348, a decrease of \$648,438 from the prior year.
- \* The General Fund transferred \$104,124 during the year: \$100,578 to the Child Nutrition Program and an interfund transfer of \$3,546.

- \* The property tax rate decreased \$0.1854 cents. The taxable value increased during the year by \$136,322,986. The tax levy decreased by \$537,049.
- \* The District's combined net position was \$10,050,693 at June 30, as reflected below:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
		ırrent Year		Prior Year		Change
Current and other assets	\$ 6	5,643,512	\$	7,915,685	\$	(1,272,173)
Capital and non-current assets		9,622,570		10,092,975		(470,405)
Total Assets	\$ 16	5,266,082	\$	18,008,660	\$	(1,742,578)
Deferred outflows	\$ 2	2,781,906	\$	2,655,491	\$	126,415
Current liabilities	\$	432,276	\$	961,231	\$	(528,955)
Long-term liabilities		5,759,229		5,170,117		589,112
Total Liabilities	\$ 6	5,191,505	\$	6,131,348	\$	60,157
Deferred inflows	\$ 2	2,805,790	\$	3,125,683	\$	(319,893)
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8	3,602,439	\$	9,072,768	\$	(470,329)
Restricted		34,707		38,015		(3,308)
Unrestricted	1	1,413,547		2,296,337		(882,790)
Total Net Position	\$ 10	0,050,693	\$	11,407,120	\$	(1,356,427)

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets for the District as of June 30, 2024, were \$9,622,570. It is the District's policy to charge off as a current expenditure any purchases less than \$5,000. Total capital assets recorded are reflected below:

#### **District's Capital Assets**

	Governmental Activities						
	Current Year		Prior <u>Y</u> ear			Change	
Land	\$	580,991	\$	580,991	\$	-	
Buildings and improvements		18,472,800		18,472,800		-	
Equipment and vehicles		1,878,106		1,878,106		-	
Construction in progress		-		-		-	
Right-to-use lease assets		130,094		62,032		68,062	
Totals at historical cost	\$	21,061,991	\$	20,993,929	\$	68,062	
Total accumulated depreciation		(11,439,421)		(10,900,954)		(538,467)	
Net Capital Assets	\$	9,622,570	\$	10,092,975	\$	(470,405)	

#### Long-term Debt

The District had the following long-term debt obligations as of June 30, 2024:

#### **District's Long-Term Liabilities**

	 <b>Governmental Activities</b>							
	Current Year		Prior Year		Change			
Maintenance tax notes Right-to-use lease liabilities	\$ 915,000 105,131	\$	995,000 25,206	\$	(80,000) 79,925			
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 1,020,131	\$	1,020,206	\$	79,925			

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District amended its budget. Actual expenditures were \$237,734 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from staffing and budget efficiencies. Additionally, resources available were \$81,002 more than the final budgeted amounts.

- \* Local revenue sources were \$55,343 more than expected.
- \* State funding was more than budgeted amounts by \$64,961.
- \* Federal revenue was \$39,302 less than budgeted.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed for customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.



#### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Data		Primary Government
Contr	ol	Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSI	ZIS .	
1110 1120 1220 1230 1240 1290 1410	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments Property Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes Due from Other Governments Other Receivables. Net Prepayments Capital Assets:	\$ 297,674 5,649,672 264,057 (26,406) 291,244 1,917 165,354
1510 1520 1530 1550	Land Buildings, Net Furniture and Equipment, Net Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net	580,991 8,552,475 384,477 104,627
1000	Total Assets	16,266,082
	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	1,568,670 1.213.236
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,781,906
LIAB	ILITIES	
2110 2140 2150 2160 2200 2300	Accounts Payable Interest Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Accrued Wages Payable Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	89,859 7,597 1,927 312,469 15,808 4,616
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans. Note. Leases. etc. Due in More than One Year:	105.915
2502 2540 2545	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc. Net Pension Liability (District's Share) Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	914,216 3,226,963 1,512,135
2000	Total Liabilities	6,191,505
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	·
2605 2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	198,490 2,607,300
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,805,790
NET I	POSITION	
3200 3820 3900	Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted for Federal and State Programs Unrestricted	8,602,439 34.707 1,413,547
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 10,050,693

### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program R	evenues		Position
Control		1		3	4		6
					Operating	P	rimary Gov.
Codes			C	harges for	Grants and	Go	vernmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							_
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	4,819,177	\$	119,506	663,875	\$	(4,035,796)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		47,553		-	-		(47,553)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		251,366		-	142,066		(109,300)
21 Instructional Leadership		99,348		-	82,848		(16,500)
23 School Leadership		363,280		-	2,760		(360,520)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		193,414		-	3,373		(190,041)
32 Social Work Services		22,179		-	13,108		(9,071)
33 Health Services		100,307		-	19,569		(80,738)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		406,865		-	-		(406,865)
35 Food Services		558,409		41,143	366,836		(150,430)
36 Extracurricular Activities		740,550		142,625	-		(597,925)
41 General Administration		708,889		-	30,263		(678,626)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,334,737		1,386	106,530		(1,226,821)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		88,805		-	39,426		(49,379)
53 Data Processing Services		285,493		2,375	-		(283,118)
61 Community Services		384		-	384		-
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		24,259		-	_		(24,259)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		184,735		_	_		(184,735)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		139,005		_	_		(139,005)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	10,368,755	\$	307,035	1,471,038	-	(8,590,682)
	Ψ	10,500,755	Ψ		1,471,030		(0,370,002)
Data Control Genera	1 D						
C- 1	ıl Revenu xes:	es:					
		Taxes, Levied	for G	eneral Purposes			5,994,109
_		Formula Grants					545,998
		Contributions 1		estricted			287,318
	estment		1101 10	Stricted			339,248
		_	nterme	ediate Revenue			67,582
						-	
TR Tota	u Genera	l Revenues					7,234,255
CN		Change in N	let Po	sition			(1,356,427)
NB Net Po	sition - E	Beginning					11,407,120
NE Net Po	sition - E	Ending				\$	10,050,693

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data	10			Total
Control	General	Other		Governmental
Codes	Fund	Fur	ıds	Funds
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 334,102	\$	(36,428)	\$ 297,674
1120 Investments - Current	5,649,672		-	5,649,672
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	264,057		-	264,057
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(26,406)		-	(26,406)
1240 Due from Other Governments	113,164		178,080	291,244
1260 Due from Other Funds	13,121		-	13,121
1290 Other Receivables	1,917		-	1,917
1410 Prepayments	 165,354		-	165,354
1000 Total Assets	\$ 6,514,981	\$	141,652	\$ 6,656,633
LIABILITIES	 _			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 83,719	\$	6,140	\$ 89,859
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	1,927		-	1,927
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	288,305		24,164	312,469
2170 Due to Other Funds	13,121		-	13,121
2200 Accrued Expenditures	13,764		2,044	15,808
2300 Unearned Revenue	 -		4,616	4,616
2000 Total Liabilities	400,836		36,964	437,800
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	187,797		-	187,797
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	187,797		-	187,797
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	_		34,707	34,707
Committed Fund Balance:			*	,
3510 Construction	1,500,000		-	1,500,000
3520 Claims and Judgements	100,000		-	100,000
3530 Capital Expenditures for Equipment	150,000		-	150,000
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	-		69,981	69,981
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	 4,176,348			4,176,348
3000 Total Fund Balances	5,926,348		104,688	6,031,036
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 6,514,981	\$	141,652	\$ 6,656,633

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,031,036
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$20,993,929 and the accumulated depreciation was \$(10,900,954). In addition, long-term debt liabilities of \$(1,020,207), are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	9,072,768
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2024 capital outlays of \$99,405 and long-term debt payments of \$99,481 is to increase net position.	198,886
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$(3,226,963), a deferred resource inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$(198,490), and a deferred resource outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$1,568,670. The net effect of including the GASB 68 recognition is to decrease net position.	(1,856,783)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$(1,512,135), a deferred resource inflow of \$(2,607,300), and a deferred resource outflow for the OPEB in the amount of \$1,213,236. The net effect of including the GASB 75 recognition is to decrease net position.	(2,906,199)
5 The 2024 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(569,810)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to the accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue of \$187,797 from property taxes as revenue, recognizing accrued interest on debt payable within one year of \$(7,597) and reclassifying proceeds from right-to-use leases of \$(99,405). The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	80,795
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 10,050,693

## BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data		10		Total
Control		General	Other	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	6,648,161	\$ 150,551	\$ 6,798,712
5800 State Program Revenues		966,929	321,692	1,288,621
5900 Federal Program Revenues		20,698	1,149,346	1,170,044
5020 Total Revenues		7,635,788	1,621,589	9,257,377
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction		4,049,489	663,876	4,713,365
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		49,165	-	49,165
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		105,667	142,066	247,733
0021 Instructional Leadership		9,052	82,848	91,900
0023 School Leadership		348,958	6,900	355,858
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		191,222	3,374	194,596
0032 Social Work Services		9,620	13,108	22,728
0033 Health Services		80,349	19,568	99,917
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		298,207	-	298,207
0035 Food Services		15,518	476,063	491,581
0036 Extracurricular Activities		499,817	111,598	611,415
0041 General Administration		684,711	35,211	719,922
Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,173,406	106,529	1,279,935
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		22,667	66,140	88,807
0053 Data Processing Services		296,269	-	296,269
0061 Community Services Debt Service:		-	384	384
D		00.470		00.470
One Principal on Long-Term Liabilities Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		99,479 25,717	-	99,479
Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Intergovernmental:		25,717	-	25,717
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		184,735	-	184,735
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		139,005		139,005
6030 Total Expenditures	_	8,283,053	1,727,665	10,010,718
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(647,265)	(106,076)	(753,341)
•				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		00.405		00.405
7913 Right-to-Use Lease and SBITA Proceeds		99,405	100.570	99,405
7915 Transfers In		3,546	100,578	104,124
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		(104,124)		(104,124)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,173)	100,578	99,405
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(648,438)	(5,498)	(653,936)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	_	6,574,786	110,186	6,684,972
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	5,926,348	\$ 104,688	\$ 6,031,036
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR	THE YEAR	ENDED	II INF 30	2024
ror	CITE IEAN	LINDLD	JUNE 30,	202 <del>4</del>

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (653,936)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2024 capital outlays of \$99,405 and long-term debt payments of \$99,481 is to increase net position.	198,886
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(569,810)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$324,583 but also increased expenditures in the amount of \$(728,560). The net effect was to decrease net position.	(403,977)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 decreased revenues in the amount of \$(478,894) and decreased expenditures in the amount of \$739,991. The net effect was an increase in net position.	261,097
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue of \$(90,738), adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of right-to-use leases of \$(99,405), and recognizing the change in liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest \$1,456. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(188,687)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (1,356,427)

#### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,455
Total Assets	38,455
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Campus Activities	16,836
Restricted for Scholarships	21,619
Total Net Position	\$ 38,455

#### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Received from Student Groups	\$ 10,000
Enterprising Services Revenue	28,531
Total Additions	38,531
DEDUCTIONS:	
Supplies and Materials	23,963
Other Deductions	9,200
Total Deductions	33,163
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	5,368
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	33,087
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 38,455

#### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Brackett Independent School District (the District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in *GASB Statement No.* 76; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the Net OPEB Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Fair Value Measurement. The District applies Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "Charges for Services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "Grants and Contributions" column indicates amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgements are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

Fiduciary funds include Custodial Funds. Data from fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. The General Fund - The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds - The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Fiduciary Funds:

2. Custodial Funds - The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. These funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for student and other organizations. The District's Custodial Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

#### E. FUND BALANCE POLICY

The District reports fund balances for governmental funds in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the district is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The **nonspendable** classification represents assets that will be consumed or must be maintained intact and therefore will never convert to cash, such as inventories of supplies and endowments. Provisions of laws, contracts, and grants specify how fund resources can be used in the **restricted** classification. The nature of these two classifications precludes a need for a policy from the Board. However, the Board has adopted fund balance policies for the three unrestricted classifications; committed, assigned, and unassigned.

From time to time, the Board may commit fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board's commitment may be modified or rescinded by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. Board commitments cannot exceed the amount of fund balance that is greater than the sum of nonspendable and restricted fund balances since that practice would commit funds that the district does not have. Commitments may be for facility expansion or renovation, program modifications, wage and salary adjustments, financial cushions, and other purposes determined by the Board.

The Board may delegate authority to specified persons or groups to make assignments of certain fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board may modify or rescind its delegation of authority by the same action. The authority to make assignments shall be in effect until modified or rescinded by the Board by majority vote in a scheduled meeting.

When the District incurs expenditures that can be made from either restricted or unrestricted balances, the expenditures should be charged to unrestricted balances. When the District incurs expenditures that can be made from either committed, assigned, or unassigned balances, the expenditures are charged to committed, assigned, then unassigned.

By a majority vote in a scheduled meeting the Board may commit fund balances and it may modify or rescind commitments. The Board may also delegate authority to persons or parties to assign fund balances in specific circumstances or funds.

#### F. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures.
- 2. The District records its investments in external investment pools at cost, which approximates fair value.
- 3. The District provides risk management obligations by carrying appropriate insurance. Property and general liability insurance are obtained from the Texas Association of School Board's Risk Management Fund. Risk of loss is not retained by the District.
- 4. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 5. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

6. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. A right-to-use lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of another entity's nonfinancial assets as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a lease, the lease must meet the definition of a "long-term" lease provided in GASB 87. The right-to-use lease liability is reported in the government-wide statements. The lease liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments to be made over the term of the lease and the interest included in the lease payment is recorded as an expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing resources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. With GASB 87, the initial measure of a new right-to-use lease arrangement is reported in government fund types as an other financial source during the current period. Monthly payments are reported as principal and interest payments during the reporting period of the fund level statements.

- 7. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government.
- 8. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and right-to-use lease assets are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Right-to-use lease assets are also reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capitalization of right-to-use lease assets is determined by the significance of total future financial obligations for the lease when measured at inception of the lease term. The term of the lease must be the noncancelable period during which the District has the right to use the tangible asset(s) of another entity plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will be exercised, plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will not be exercised by that party and must not meet the definition of a short-term lease under GASB 87. If the lease is in a governmental fund, the full amount of the lease asset will be reported as an expenditure in the fund level statements the year the agreement is made.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment, and lease assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives or, for the lease asset, for the term of the lease if the estimated useful life is longer than the term of the lease, if there is an option to purchase, which is expected to be exercised:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	10
Vehicles	7
Equipment	5

- 9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District's deferred outflows of resources consist of differences between expected and actual actuarial experience (pension & OPEB), changes in actuarial assumptions (pension & OPEB), differences between projected and actual investment earnings (pension and OPEB), change in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions (pension & OPEB), and contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date (pension & OPEB).
- 10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government-wide statement of net position. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports a deferred inflow of resources for differences between expected and actual actuarial experience (pension & OPEB), changes in actuarial assumptions (pension & OPEB), and changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions (pension & OPEB).

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board adopts an appropriated budget for the General Fund and Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the Food Service Fund Budget report is Exhibit J-2.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after the fiscal year-end. Due to the District's policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

June 30, 2024 Fund Balance

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$ 34,707
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	 69,981
All Special Revenue Funds	\$ 104,688

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits</u>

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits</u> - State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

As of June 30, 2024, the District had funds on deposit of \$208,230 in excess of FDIC coverage, secured by pledged securities of the depository bank.

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

#### Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The Public Funds Investment Act, Government Code Chapter 2256, (the Act) contains specific provisions in the

areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity; (2) portfolio diversification; (3) allowable investments; (4) acceptable risk levels; (5) expected rates of return; (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments; (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio; (8) investment staff quality and capabilities; and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in: (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit; (3) certain municipal securities; (4) money market savings accounts; (5) repurchase agreements; (6) bankers' acceptances; (7) mutual funds; (8) investment pools; (9) guaranteed investment contracts; and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type and Description	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity	 Fair Value
Public Funds Investment Pools  Lone Star Government Overnight Fund	AAAm	34 days	\$ 5,649,672
			\$ 5,649,672

<u>Public Funds Investment Pools</u> - Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the Pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Pool and are qualified to advise the Pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

#### Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

The Pool is governed by an eleven-member board of trustees (Board) made up of active participants in the Pool. The Board has the responsibility of adopting and monitoring compliance with the investment policy, appointing investment officers, and overseeing the selection of an investment advisor, custodian, investment consultant, administrator, and other service providers. The Board is also responsible for monitoring performance of the Pool. Financial information for the Pool can be obtained by writing to Post Office Box 400, Austin, Texas, 78767-0400 or by calling 1-800-758-3927.

Additional polices and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments for the District are specified below:

<u>Credit Risk</u> - To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District limits investments to state sponsored investment pools covered by the District's credit risk policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u> - To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party, the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to only approved investment instruments that ensure preservation of capital.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires the use of final and weighted average maturity limits and diversification.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments</u> - The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by not investing in foreign currency.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. This hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

			Fair Value Measurement Using								
Investments	Fair Value			Level 1		Level 2	Level 3				
Lone Star	\$	5,649,672	\$	-	\$	5,649,672	\$	-			
Total Investments	\$	5,649,672	\$	-	\$	5,649,672	\$	-			

#### B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

#### C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

#### D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances, primarily for payroll clearing purposes, as of June 30, 2024, consisted of the following amounts:

Due to General Fund from:

Intrafund	\$ 13,121
Total Due to General Fund From General Funds	\$ 13,121

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2024 consisted of the following amounts:

Transfered to Non-Major Funds from:

General Fund	\$ 100,578
Intrafund	3,546
Total Transfered to Non-Major Funds from Other Funds	\$ 104,124

Transfers were used to supplement the District's Child Nutrition Program and to close out a sub-account of the General Fund.

#### E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

		Property Taxes	Due From Other Governments	Due From Other Funds	Other	Total Receivables	
Governmental Activities:							
General Fund		\$ 264,057	\$ 113,164	\$ 13,121	\$ 1,917	\$ 392,259	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			178,080			178,080	
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 264,057	\$ 291,244	\$ 13,121	\$ 1,917	\$ 570,339	
Amount not scheduled for collection during subsequent year		\$ 26,406	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,406	
Payables at June 30, 2024, were as	follows:						
	Accounts Payables	Salaries and Benefits	Due to Other Governements	Due to Other Funds	Other	Total Payables	
Governmental Activities:							
General Fund	\$ 83,719	303,996	\$ -	\$ 13,121	\$ -	\$ 400,836	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6,140	26,208				32,348	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 89,859	\$ 330,204	\$ -	\$ 13,121	\$ -	\$ 433,184	

#### F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

	Primary Government							
	Beginning			Retirements/			Ending	
		Balance	Additions		Reclassifications			Balance
Governmental activities:								
Land	\$	580,991	\$	-	\$	-	\$	580,991
Buildings		18,472,800		-		-		18,472,800
Equipment and vehicles		1,878,106		-		-		1,878,106
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-
Right-to-use lease assets - furniture & equipment		62,032		99,405		(31,343)		130,094
Total at historical cost		20,993,929		99,405		(31,343)		21,061,991
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		(9,467,371)		(452,954)		-		(9,920,325)
Equipment and vehicles		(1,396,513)		(97,116)		-		(1,493,629)
Right-to-use lease assets - furniture & equipment		(37,070)	_	(19,740)		31,343		(25,467)
Total accumulated depreciation		(10,900,954)		(569,810)		31,343		(11,439,421)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	10,092,975	\$	(470,405)	\$		\$	9,622,570

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 190,430
Instructional leadership	17,949
Guidance, counseling, & evaluation services	570
Health services	1,425
Student (pupil) transportation	116,526
Food services	53,676
Extracurricular activities	125,187
Plant maintenance and operations	 64,047
Total depreciation expense	\$ 569,810

#### G. LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

On September 30, 2019, the District issued Maintenance Tax Notes in the amount of \$1,300,000 for the purpose of providing funds to pay energy savings improvements authorized by Texas Education Code, Section 45.108.

Notes payable of the District are reflected in the Statement of Net Position, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the General Fund.

A summary of changes in notes payable for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Description	Final Maturity	Interest Rate Payable	Original		Interest Current Year		Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2023		Issued Retired			Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2024		Amounts due within one year		
Maintenance Tax Note Series 2019	2034	2.46%	\$	1,300,000	\$	24,477	\$	995,000	\$	-	\$	80,000	\$	915,000	\$	80,000
Totals					\$	24,477	\$	995,000	\$		\$	80,000	\$	915,000	\$	80,000

Long-term note requirements are as follows:

Year Ending	1	Principal	Interest	D.	Total equirements
June 30,			 	-	
2025	\$	80,000	\$ 22,509	\$	102,509
2026		85,000	20,541		105,541
2027		85,000	18,450		103,450
2028		90,000	16,359		106,359
2029		90,000	14,145		104,145
2030-2034		485,000	 36,162		521,162
Total	\$	915,000	\$ 128,166	\$	1,043,166

#### H. RIGHT-TO-USE LEASE LIABILITIES PAYABLE

The District leases photocopy machines with agreements having 5-year terms. Payments of \$2,455 are made monthly which consist of principal and imputed annual interest of 2.46%. No assets were pledged as collateral for these leases.

A summary of right-to-use lease arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Description	Discount Rate	Original Lease Libility	Current Year Interest		Principal Balance at 7/1/2023		New Lease Agreement		Principal Paid This Year		Principal Balance at 6/30/2024		Dι	rincipal ie Within one Year
Toshiba Lease, October 2018	2.46%	\$ 31,343	\$	15	\$	3,562	\$	-	\$	3,562	\$	-	\$	-
Toshiba Lease, February 2024	2.46%	22,692		782		-		99,405		8,014		91,391		19,074
Toshiba Lease, February 2020	2.46%	10,331		82		4,667		-		2,927		1,740		1,741
Toshiba Lease, July 2020	2.46%	5,663		55		2,895		-		1,430		1,465		1,465
Toshiba Lease, May 2023	2.46%	14,695		307		14,082		-		3,547		10,535		3,635
Totals			\$	1,241	\$	25,206	\$	99,405	\$	19,480	\$	105,131	\$	25,915

Future principal and interest payments due to maturity as of the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

Due fiscal year ended June 30	 Principal Interest				Total
2025	\$ 25,915	\$	2,286	\$	28,201
2026	23,274		1,688		24,962
2027	23,210		1,109		24,319
2028	20,533		575		21,108
2029 - 2032	 12,199		100	_	12,299
Total	\$ 105,131	\$	5,758	\$	110,889

#### I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The State of Texas has created a minimum personal leave program consisting of five days per year leave with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every teacher regularly employed in Texas public schools.

Each district's local Board of Education is required to establish a leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional leave beyond the state minimum. The District provides an additional five days leave above the State granted five days per year. Personal leave is not vested, therefore, upon resignation, termination, or nonrenewal of contract, accumulated personal leave is not paid.

#### J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

**Plan Description.** The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad-hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad-hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

**Contributions.** Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal years 2023 and 2024 and the contributions by type of contributions reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the TRS measurement year (FY 2023). The reported contributions from the member and the employers are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

#### **Contributions Rates** 2023 2024 Member 8.00% 8.25% 8.00% Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) 8.25% **Employers** 8.00% 8.25% District's Measurement Year Employer Contributions \$ 241,480 District's Measurement Year Member Contributions \$ 211,051 District's Measurement Year NECE (State) Contributions 281,505

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers, including public schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- \* On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- \* During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- \* When any part, or all, of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- \* All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.8 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- \* When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

### Net Pension Liability

Components of the net pension liability of the plan as of August 31, 2023 are disclosed below:

Net Pension Liability	Total
Total Pension Liability	\$ 255,860,886,500
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (187,170,535,558)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 68,690,350,942
Net position as a percentage of total Pension liability	73.15%

### Actuarial Assumptions.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.00%
Long-term Expected Rate 7.00%

4.13%. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market

Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023 in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period

(100 years) 2122 Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad-Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability assumptions are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

**Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2024 increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023, are summarized below:

	Target	Long-Term	<b>Expected Contribution</b>
	Allocation	Expected Geometric	to Long-Term
Asset Class	%**	Real Rate of Return***	Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.70%
Private Equity*	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Absolute Return*	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	4.40%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	4.40%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Volatility Drag****			-0.90%
Expected Return	100%		8.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 06/30/2023).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$4,824,488	\$3,226,963	\$1,898,620

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.** At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$3,226,963 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 3,226,963
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	3,761,830
	\$ 6,988,793

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the employers' proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0046978399% which was an increase of 0.0002862739% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Changes In Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

Changes in Benefits - The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$568,004 and revenue of \$568,004 for support provided by the State in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 114,978	\$ 39,075
Changes in actuarial assumptions	305,207	74,691
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	469,601	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	486,095	84,724
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	192,789	-
Total	\$ 1,568,670	\$ 198,490

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount	
2025	\$ 252,668	
2026	186,595	
2027	505,527	
2028	205,216	
2029	27,385	
Thereafter	-	

### K. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

### Plan Description.

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board of Trustees may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detailed information about TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about \_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2023, are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	 Total
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 26,028,070,267
Less: plan fiduciary net position	 (3,889,765,203)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 22,138,305,064
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	14.94%

**Benefits Provided.** TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

**TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates** 

	M	Medicare		Non-Medicare	
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529		689	
Retiree* and Children		468		408	
Retiree and Family		1,020		999	

<sup>\*</sup>or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than .25 percent or not more than .75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

### **Contributions Rates**

	2023		2024
Active Employee	0.65%	(	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%
Employers	0.75%	(	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%
District's Measurement Year Employer Contributions		\$	59,252
District's Measurement Year Member Contributions		\$	18,952
District's Measurement Year NECE (State) Contributi	ons	\$	71,497

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

### Actuarial Assumptions.

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023.

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination
Rates of Disability Incidence

General Inflation
Wage Inflation
Expected Payroll Growth

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 4.13% as of August 31, 2023
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims

Expenses costs.

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad-Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.25 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 13 years.

**Discount Rate.** A single discount rate of 4.13 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was an increase of 0.22 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2023 TRS ACFR on page 80. Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the Single Discount Rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023, using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than, and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.13%)	Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.13%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$1,780,980	\$1,512,135	\$1,292,751

*Healthcare Trend Rate Analysis.* The following schedule shows the impact of the OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percentage point less than, and 1 percentage point greater than the health trend rates assumed:

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend Rate	Heathcare Trend rate	Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$1,245,167	\$1,512,135	\$1,855,590

**OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.** At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,512,135 for its proportionate share of the TRS Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,512,135
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 1,824,623
	\$ 3,336,758

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0068304006% compared to 0.0063935699% as of August 31, 2022.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period: These can be found in the 2023 TRS ACFR on page 80.

\* The single discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expenses of \$390,066 and revenue \$390,066 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 68,413	\$ 1,272,175
Changes in actuarial assumptions	206,395	925,920
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	653	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	890,268	409,205
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	47,507	-
Total	\$ 1,213,236	\$ 2,607,300

The net amounts of the employer's balance of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount	Balance of Deferred Outflows (Deferred Inflows)
2025	\$ (330,836)	\$ (1,110,735)
2026	(261,480)	(849,255)
2027	(167,585)	(681,670)
2028	(235,538)	(446,132)
2029	(232,194)	(213,938)
Thereafter	(213,938)	-

### L. MEDICARE PART D - ON BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. Payments made on behalf of the District for fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 were \$15,045, \$26,681, and \$29,572 respectively.

### M. LITIGATION

The District's attorney indicates there is no litigation in progress or pending as of year-end.

### N. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

During the year, the District has received monies from various State and Federal sources. These monies are designated for a specific purpose and the expenditures for the funds are based on actual payments and accruals. The possibility exists, based on a separate audit by any regulatory agency, that costs charged to a specific grant may be disallowed and such disallowed cost would become an obligation of the General Fund. Disallowed costs, if any, are unknown.

### O. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	 General Fund	Other Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 187,797	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 187,797
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$ 187,797	\$ 	\$ 187,797

### P. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2024, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

Fund	<u>En</u>	State titlements	Federal Grants	Other	Total					
General	\$	89,152	\$ -	\$ 24,012	\$	113,164				
Special Revenue		46,745	 131,335			178,080				
Total	\$	135,897	\$ 131,335	\$ 24,012	\$	291,244				

### Q. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	 General Fund	 Other Funds	 Total
Property Taxes	\$ 6,116,543	\$ -	\$ 6,116,543
Penalties, Interest and Other Tax-related Income	35,886	-	35,886
Tuition and Fees	500	=	500
Investment Income	336,647	2,601	339,248
Rent	1,386	-	1,386
Gifts and Bequest	-	=	-
Insurance Recovery	-	=	-
Food Sales	-	41,143	41,143
Co-curricular	35,818	106,807	142,625
Other	 121,381		 121,381
Total	\$ 6,648,161	\$ 150,551	\$ 6,798,712

### R. TAX ABATEMENTS

On October 14, 2013 and November 11, 2019, the District's Board of Trustees approved an agreement with OCI Alamo 4, LLC and Zier Solar, LLC for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code. Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The projects must be consistent with the State's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation, and Texas Priority projects. OCI Alamo 4, LLC and Zier Solar, LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code §313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

The application, the agreements, and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website at: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php. The agreement and the supporting documentation were assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 302 and No. 1335.

Each applicant, including OCI Alamo 4, LLC and Zier Solar, LLC, has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the applications approval, it was determined by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office that the project would meet these standards. After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the District for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that OCI Alamo 4, LLC and Zier Solar, LLC terminate this agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event the company or its successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this agreement, or to meet any material obligation under this agreement, then the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code §33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code §33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

As of the date of this audit, the applicant company is in full compliance with all of its obligations under the law and the agreement itself.

			(A)		(B)		(C)		(D)		(E)	(	(F)	N	(G) et Benefit		
Project	First Year Value Limitations	_	Project Value FY2023	_	Project's Value Limitation Amount FY2023		Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Paid FY2023		Amount of Revenue Loss Applicant's Payment 1&O Taxes to School Reduced District FY2023 FY2023		Payment to School District		Company Supplemental Payment to School District FY2023		Supplemental Payment to School District		oss) to the School District FY2023 C+E+F)
OCI Alamo 4, LLC (Application	2016 a # 302)	\$	21,200,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	6,692	\$	135,178	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	50,000		
Zier Solar, LLC (Application	2024 a # 1335)	\$	132,561,000	\$	10,000,000	\$	887,098	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,000	\$	54,000		

### S. SHARED SERVICES ARRANGEMENT

The District participates in shared services arrangements with another school district. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Cluster V Special Education Coop, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangements. The District paid \$184,735 to the fiscal agent during the year.



### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control					tual Amounts AAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Codes	Budgeted Amounts				,	Positive or		
Codes		Original		Final		(1	Negative)	
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	7,182,749	\$	6,592,818	\$ 6,648,161	\$	55,343	
5800 State Program Revenues		856,569		901,968	966,929		64,961	
5900 Federal Program Revenues		85,000		60,000	 20,698		(39,302)	
5020 Total Revenues		8,124,318		7,554,786	7,635,788		81,002	
EXPENDITURES:	_							
Current:								
0011 Instruction		4,408,828		4,132,262	4,049,489		82,773	
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		53,049		57,312	49,165		8,147	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		152,930		117,635	105,667		11,968	
0021 Instructional Leadership		-		9,499	9,052		447	
0023 School Leadership		396,392		352,872	348,958		3,914	
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		147,561		195,052	191,222		3,830	
0032 Social Work Services		28,896		12,652	9,620		3,032	
0033 Health Services		84,440		81,922	80,349		1,573	
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		287,935		304,934	298,207		6,727	
0035 Food Services		-		16,192	15,518		674	
0036 Extracurricular Activities		519,131		508,237	499,817		8,420	
0041 General Administration		760,958		693,519	684,711		8,808	
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,186,739		1,248,615	1,173,406		75,209	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		24,100		27,366	22,667		4,699	
0053 Data Processing Services		250,487		303,247	296,269		6,978	
0061 Community Services		1,500		1,500	-		1,500	
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		108,000		108,000	99,479		8,521	
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		25,477		25,956	25,717		239	
Intergovernmental:								
0091 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		638,000		-	-		-	
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		195,000		184,735	184,735		-	
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	139,280		139,280	 139,005		275	
Total Expenditures	_	9,408,703		8,520,787	 8,283,053		237,734	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(1,284,385)		(966,001)	 (647,265)		318,736	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7913 Right-to-Use Lease and SBITA Proceeds		-		99,405	99,405		-	
7915 Transfers In		-		3,500	3,546		46	
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		(150,000)		(100,578)	 (104,124)		(3,546)	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(150,000)		2,327	(1,173)		(3,500)	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,434,385)		(963,674)	(648,438)		315,236	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		6,574,786		6,574,786	 6,574,786		-	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	5,140,401	\$	5,611,112	\$ 5,926,348	\$	315,236	

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	P	FY 2024 lan Year 2023	I	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022	I	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.00469784%		0.004411566%		0.003250887%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	3,226,963	\$	2,619,033	\$	827,886
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		3,761,830		3,417,060		1,717,863
Total	\$	6,988,793	\$	6,036,093	\$	2,545,749
District's Covered Payroll	\$	5,242,437	\$	4,917,475	\$	4,607,940
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		61.55%		53.26%		17.97%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.15%		75.62%		88.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2023 for year 2024, August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

_	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	P	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	 FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.003058705%		0.003561849%	0.003620307%	0.00352436%	0.003678%	0.0037667%	0.0019492%
\$	1,638,180	\$	1,851,560	\$ 1,992,705	\$ 1,126,901	\$ 1,389,869	\$ 1,331,478	\$ 520,659
	3,751,861		3,703,916	3,929,658	2,439,913	2,848,343	2,757,224	2,498,924
<b>\$</b>	5,390,041	\$	5,555,476	\$ 5,922,363	\$ 3,566,814	\$ 4,238,212	\$ 4,088,702	\$ 3,019,583
9	4,541,058	\$	4,564,667	\$ 4,414,011	\$ 4,462,044	\$ 4,296,391	\$ 4,137,799	\$ 4,134,877
	36.07%		40.56%	45.14%	25.26%	32.35%	32.18%	12.59%
	75.54%		75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 2024	2023	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 231,390 \$	239,722 \$	183,043
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(231,390)	(239,722)	(183,043)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,260,619 \$	5,201,065 \$	4,837,401
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.40%	4.61%	3.78%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 135,946 \$	127,255 \$	123,138 \$	121,105 \$	116,245 \$	111,535 \$	49,417
(135,946)	(127,255)	(123,138)	(121,105)	(116,245)	(111,535)	(49,417)
\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
\$ 4,564,182 \$	4,564,568 \$	4,551,447 \$	4,396,962 \$	4,479,758 \$	4,296,391 \$	4,137,799
2.98%	2.79%	2.71%	2.75%	2.59%	2.60%	1.19%

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	_]	FY 2024 Plan Year 2023	F	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022	]	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.006830401%		0.00639357%		0.005541282%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,512,135	\$	1,530,877	\$	2,137,520
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		1,824,623		1,867,429		2,863,801
Total	\$	3,336,758	\$	3,398,306	\$	5,001,321
District's Covered Payroll	\$	5,242,437	\$	4,917,475	\$	4,607,940
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		28.84%		31.13%		46.39%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		14.94%		11.52%		6.18%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2024 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2023. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

]	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020		FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	]	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	]	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017		
	0.006284027%		0.006573267%		0.006015304%		0.0054235%		
\$	2,389,843	\$	3,108,578	\$	3,003,496	\$	2,358,490		
	3,210,032		4,130,605		3,779,790		3,452,261		
\$	5,599,875	\$	7,239,183	\$	6,783,286	\$	5,810,751		
\$	4,541,058	\$	4,564,667	\$	4,414,011	\$	4,462,044		
	52.61%		68.10%		68.05%		52.86%		
	4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%		

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 2024	2023	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 56,122 \$	59,137 \$	48,255
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(56,122)	(59,137)	(48,255)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,260,619 \$	5,201,065 \$	4,837,401
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.07%	1.14%	1.00%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2021		2020		2019	 2018		
\$	43,633	\$ 48,507	\$	45,505	\$ 39,380		
	(43,633)	(48,507)		(45,505)	(39,380)		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _		
\$	4,564,182	\$ 4,564,568	\$	4,551,447	\$ 4,396,962		
	0.96%	1.06%		1.00%	0.90%		

### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### A. Notes to the Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Changes of Assumptions.

There were no changes in assumptions.

### B. Notes to the Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

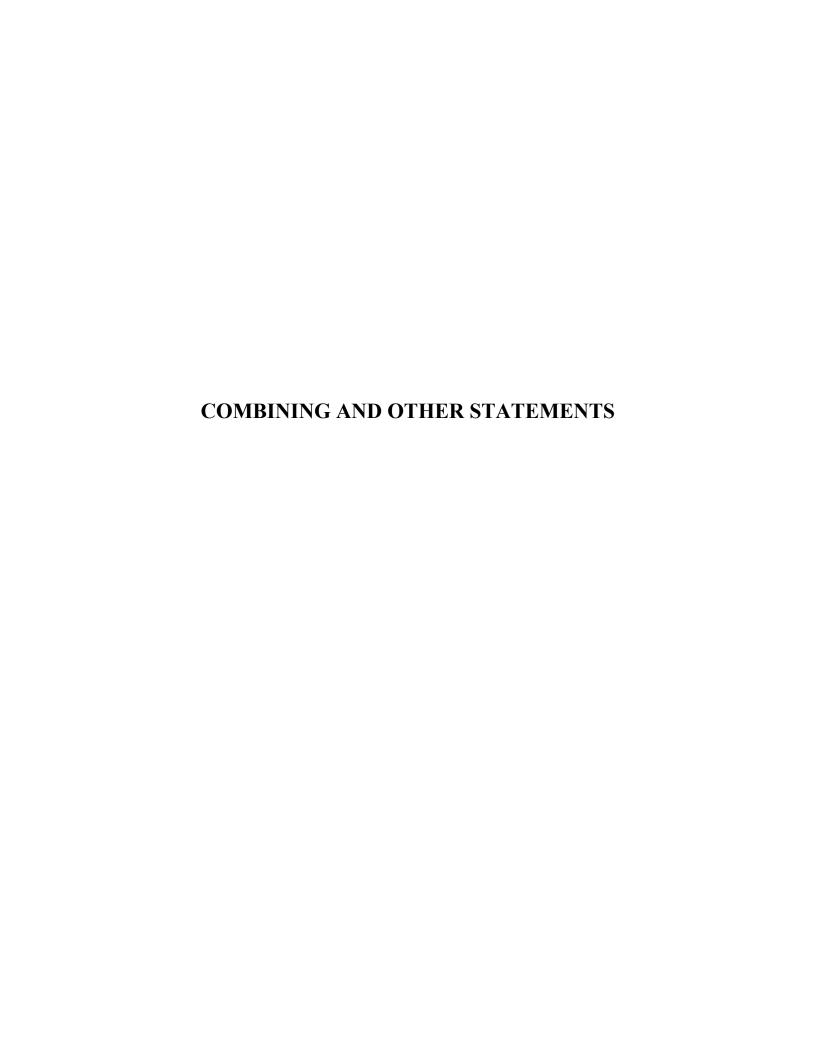
Changes in Benefit.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

\* The single discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.



### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ъ.			211	212	240	255	
Data		ES	SEA I, A	ESEA Title I	National	ESEA II, A	
Contro	51	In	proving	Part C	Breakfast and	Training and	
Codes		Basi	c Program	Migrant	Lunch Program	Recruiting	
I	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(3,996) \$	(13,780)	\$ 31,793	\$ (3,668	
1240	Due from Other Governments		14,219	13,780	18,702	5,18	
1000	Total Assets	\$	10,223 \$	· -	\$ 50,495	\$ 1,51	
I	LIABILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	- \$	-	\$ 2,202	\$ -	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		9,153	-	12,779	1,35	
2200	Accrued Expenditures		1,070	-	807	159	
2300	Unearned Revenue		-	-	-	-	
2000	Total Liabilities		10,223	-	15,788	1,51	
I	FUND BALANCES						
	Restricted Fund Balance:						
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	-	34,707	-	
	Committed Fund Balance:						
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	-	-	-	
3000	Total Fund Balances			-	34,707	-	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,223 \$	S -	\$ 50,495	\$ 1,51	

	265	269	281	282		288		289		410	427
	Title IV, B	ESEA, V, B, 1	ESSER II		F	Public Health		Title IV,		State	Truancy
	Community	Small Rural	CRRSA Act	ESSER III		Workforce		Part A		Instructional	Project
_	Learning	School Prog.	Supplemental	ARP Act	S	Supplemental		Subpart 1		Materials	Grant
\$	(50,940) 52,263	\$ (16,659) 16,659	\$ -	\$ - -	\$	(626) 5,242		(5,285) 5,285	\$	- -	\$ (6,904) 7,319
\$	1,323	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$	4,616	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 415
\$	441 874	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 415
	8 -	-	-	-		- 4,616		-		-	-
	1,323	-	-	 -		4,616	_	-	_	-	 415
	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-
_	<u>-</u>	-		 -		-	_	-	_	-	 -
_	<del>-</del>	-		 -		-		-		-	 -
\$	1,323	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,616	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 415

### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data		Sal	429 nool Safety		461	480 Hillcrest		Total Nonmajor	
Contro	ol		and Security		Campus Activity	Foundation		Governmental	
Codes		an	Grant	Funds		Grant		Funds	
			Gruin		1 unus		Grunt		T unus
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(39,426		73,063	\$	-	\$	(36,428)
1240	Due from Other Governments		39,426		-		-		178,080
1000	Total Assets	\$	_	\$	73,063	\$	-	\$	141,652
I	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	3,082	\$	-	\$	6,140
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		-		-		24,164
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		-		-		2,044
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		4,616
2000	Total Liabilities		-		3,082	_	-		36,964
F	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		34,707
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		69,981		-		69,981
3000	Total Fund Balances		_		69,981	_	-		104,688
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	73,063	\$	-	\$	141,652

### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	211	212	240	255
Data	ESEA I, A	ESEA Title I	National	ESEA II, A
Control	Improving	Part C	Breakfast and	Training and
Codes	Basic Program	M igrant	Lunch Program	Recruiting
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,143 \$	-
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	1,415	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	206,278	13,780	389,939	26,757
5020 Total Revenues	206,278	13,780	432,497	26,757
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	198,936	13,780	_	23,757
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	3,429	-	-	3,000
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	476,063	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	3,913	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	24,518	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	-
0061 Community Services			<u>-</u>	
6030 Total Expenditures	206,278	13,780	500,581	26,757
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	(68,084)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	-	100,578	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	32,494	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)			2,213	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,707 \$	S -
2000	-	<del>-</del>		

 265	269	281	282	288	289	410	427 T
itle IV, B	ESEA, V, B, 1	ESSER II	EGGED III	Pub Hlth. WF	Title IV,	State	Truancy
ommunity	Small Rural	CRRSA Act	ESSER III	Supp/Stronger	Part A	Instructional	Project
 Learning	School Prog.	Supplemental	ARP Act	Conn. Grnt.	Subpart 1	Materials	Grant
\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$ - \$	- :	\$ - \$	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	38,925	13,108
 233,247	73,057	142,870	24,803	24,810	13,805	<u> </u>	
 233,247	73,057	142,870	24,803	24,810	13,805	38,925	13,108
140 201	50.205	60.0 <b>5</b> 0	(1.126)		10.005	20.025	
148,391	70,297	60,859	(1,136)	1.750	10,805	38,925	-
1,624 82,848	-	-	23,761	1,750	3,000	-	-
02,040	2,760	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	_
_	2,700	_	(118)	3,492	_	_	_
_	_	_	(110)	5,152	_	_	13,108
_	_	-	_	19,568	_	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	2,296	-	-	-	-
-	-	82,011	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 384		<del>-</del>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	-
 233,247	73,057	142,870	24,803	24,810	13,805	38,925	13,108
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 -	-	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$\$	- :	\$ - \$	

### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data		429	461	480	Total
Control		ool Safety	Campus	Hillcrest	Nonmajor
Codes	an	d Security	Activity	Foundation	Governmental
Codes		Grant	Funds	Grant	Funds
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	- \$	109,408 \$	-	\$ 150,551
5800 State Program Revenues		268,244	-	-	321,692
5900 Federal Program Revenues		-		-	1,149,346
5020 Total Revenues		268,244	109,408	-	1,621,589
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		99,262	-	-	663,876
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		105,502	-	-	142,066
0021 Instructional Leadership		-	-	-	82,848
0023 School Leadership		-	-	4,140	6,900
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0032 Social Work Services		-	-	-	3,374
0032 Social Work Services 0033 Health Services		-	-	-	13,108 19,568
0033 Food Services		_	-	-	476,063
0036 Extracurricular Activities		_	111,598	_	111,598
0041 General Administration		24,054	-	4,948	35,211
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	-	-	106,529
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		39,426	-	26,714	66,140
0061 Community Services		-	-	-	384
6030 Total Expenditures		268,244	111,598	35,802	1,727,665
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	(2,190)	(35,802)	(106,076)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		<u>-</u>		-	100,578
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(2,190)	(35,802)	(5,498)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		-	72,171	35,802	110,186
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	- \$	69,981 \$		\$ 104,688



### BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDEDJUNE 30, 2024

	(1)	(2)	A aa	(3) essed/Appraised		
Last 10 Years	Tax F	Tax Rates				
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2015 and prior years	Various	Various	\$	Various		
016	1.040000	0.000000		295,485,908		
017	1.040000	0.000000		302,957,596		
018	1.040000	0.000000		303,668,462		
019	1.040000	0.000000		314,817,692		
020	0.970000	0.000000		444,282,577		
021	0.870000	0.000000		640,750,213		
022	0.872000	0.000000		715,149,339		
023	0.854600	0.000000		781,727,220		
024 (School year under audit)	0.669200	0.000000		918,050,206		
000 TOTALS						

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2023	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32)  Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2024	(99) Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115c
\$ 56,861 \$	- \$	281 \$	-	\$ - \$	56,580	
7,619	-	177	-	-	7,442	
7,104	-	181	-	(8)	6,915	
7,609	-	(12)	-	(313)	7,308	
9,044	-	31	-	(731)	8,282	
15,786	-	1,314	-	(1,964)	12,508	
38,894	-	29,653	-	6,751	15,992	
53,016	-	36,148	-	6,399	23,267	
133,726	-	101,063	-	6,466	39,129	
-	6,143,592	5,916,011	-	(140,947)	86,634	
\$ 329,659 \$	6,143,592 \$	6,084,847 \$	-	\$ (124,347)	264,057	

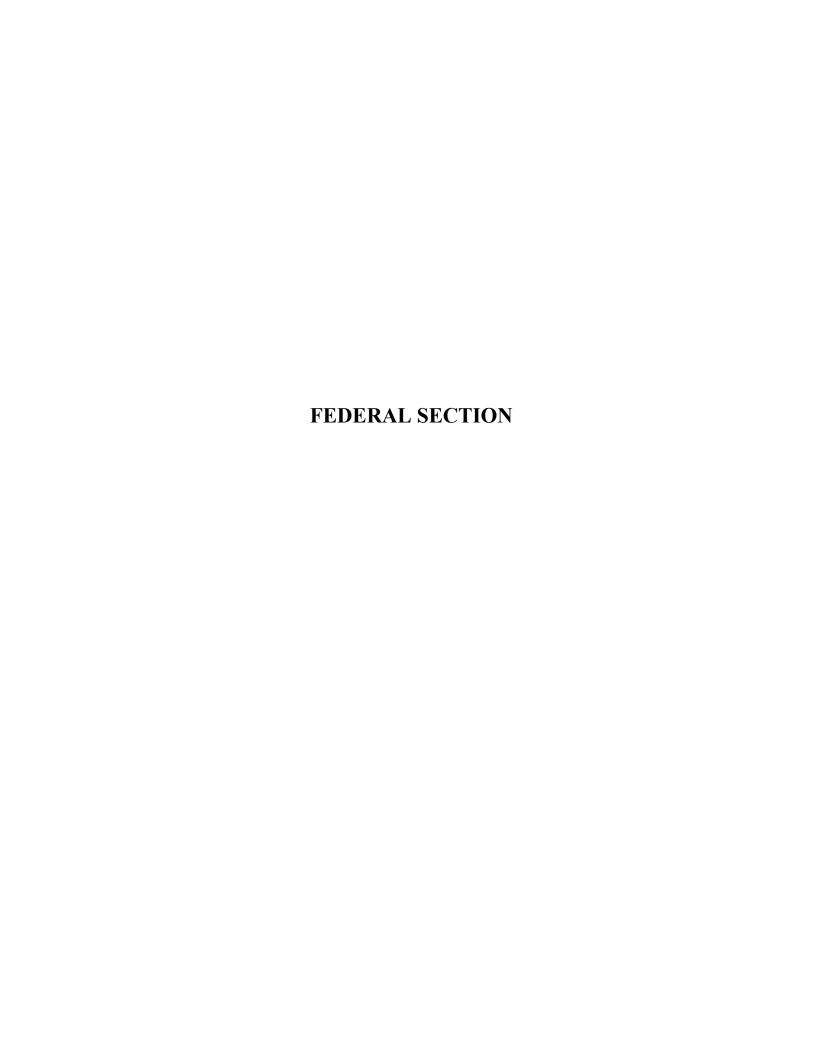
\$ 4,456

## BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fi	riance With nal Budget ositive or
Codes	Original	Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES:						
<ul><li>5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources</li><li>5800 State Program Revenues</li><li>5900 Federal Program Revenues</li></ul>	\$ 16,192 4,500 295,000	\$	35,242 1,000 376,301	\$ 41,143 1,415 389,939	\$	5,901 415 13,638
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:	 315,692		412,543	432,497		19,954
Current:  0035 Food Services  0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	 423,192 42,500		485,121 28,000	476,063 24,518		9,058 3,482
6030 Total Expenditures	465,692		513,121	500,581		12,540
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	 (150,000)		(100,578)	(68,084)		32,494
7915 Transfers In	 150,000		100,578	100,578		
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	32,494		32,494
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	 2,213	_	2,213	2,213		
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 2,213	\$	2,213	\$ 34,707	\$	32,494

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$528,374
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$766,074
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$10,821
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$30,219



### COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

#### Certified Public Accountants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Brackett Independent School District 201 N Ann Street Brackettville, Texas 78832

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brackett Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Brackett Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 9, 2024.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Brackett Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uvalde, Texas August 9, 2024

### COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

#### Certified Public Accountants

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DEBORAH V. McDONALD, CPA DEREK L. WALKER, CPA DUSTY R. ROUTH, CPA MELINDA D. KORCZYNSKI, CPA TEL (830) 278-6276 FAX (830) 278-6868 chc@colemanhortoncpa.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees of the Brackett Independent School District 201 N Ann Street Brackettville, Texas 78832

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Brackett Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Brackett Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of the Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Brackett Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Brackett Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Brackett Independent School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Brackett Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS), Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- \* Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- \* Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- \* Obtain an understanding of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas August 9, 2024

## BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### A. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

1.	Financial Statements			
	Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unm</u>	odified
	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	One or more material weaknesses identified	i	Yes	_X_No
	One or more significant defeciencies identi are not considered to be material weakness		Yes	X No
	Noncompliance material to financial statements i	noted?	Yes	_X_No
2.	Federal Awards			
	Internal control over major programs:			
	One or more material weaknesses identified	1	Yes	X No
	One or more significant defeciencies identi not considered to be material weakness?	fied that	Yes	X No
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	r	<u>Unm</u> e	odified
	Any audit findings disclosed that are requir accordance with section 200.516 of the Unit		Yes	_X_No
	Identification of major programs:			
	<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.553, 10.555	Name of Federal Prog Child Nutrition Clusto		
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		<u>\$750</u>	) <u>,000</u>
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X Yes	No

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

B.	Financial Statement Findings:
	None noted
C.	Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:
	None noted
D.	Findings/Status:
	None noted

## BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Α.	<u>Findings/Status:</u>		
	None noted		

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Financial Statement Finding:	
None noted	

## BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FUR THE YEAR ENDE	ED JUNE 30, 20	024	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	, , ,	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Programs			
ESEA, Title V, Pt. B,1 - Small, Rural Achievement	84.358A	S358A213747	\$ 30,486
ESEA, Title V, Pt. B,1 - Small, Rural Achievement ESEA, Title V, Pt. B,1 - Small, Rural Achievement	84.358 A 84.358 A	S358A223567 S358A233561	27,524 15,047
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.358	04.33011	555611255501	73,057
Total Direct Programs			73,057
-			
Passed through Region XX Service Center ESEA, Title I, Part C - Migratory Children	84.011A	420-4-01	13,780
Total Passed through Region XX Service Center	01.01171	120 1 01	13,780
Passed Through Texas Education Agency			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23-610101136901	25,280
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	24-610101136901	180,998
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.010			206,278
Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent. ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.287 A 84.367 A	24-6950337110042 24-694501136901	233,247 26,757
COVID 19 - ESSER II - School Emergency Relief	84.425D	21-521001136901	142,870
COVID 19 - ESSER III - School Emergengy Relief	84.425U	21-528001136901	24,803
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			167,673
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 Stronger Connections Grant	84.424 A 84.424 F	24-680101136901 S424F220045	13,805
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.424	04.424 Г	5424F 220043	5,242 19,047
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			653,002
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			739,839
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through Texas Education Agency	02.254	11110001101500001	10.560
COVID 19 - Public Health Workforce Supplemental Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency	93.354	HHS001101500001	19,568
			19,568
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICE	ES		19,568
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402401	110,211
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	71302401 136901	208,705 24,137
*Supply Chain Assistance (SCA)	10.555	23-6TX400N8903	2,320
*Supply Chain Assistance (SCA)	10.555	23-6TX400N8903	25,384
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			260,546
*Local Food for Schools	10.185	AM23CPLFS000C003	18,702
*State Administrative Expenses (SAE)  Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.56	23-6TX312N2533	480 389,939
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			389,939
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			389,939

## BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through		
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal	
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,149,346

<sup>\*</sup>Clustered Programs

<sup>\*\*</sup>The above amounts do not include SHARS revenue of \$20,698 which is included as federal revenue in the General Fund.

# BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

- \* For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- \* The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund, which are Governmental Fund type funds.
  - With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the Balance Sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.
- \* The District must submit to the pass-through entity, no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and the District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may approve extensions when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable (2 CFR 200.344(a)).
  - Unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award (2 CFR 200.344(b)).
- \* CFDA numbers for commodity assistance are the CFDA numbers of the programs under which the USDA donated the commodities.