

ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

School Business Services Department

217-785-8779

CERTIFICATE OF TAX LEVY

A copy of this Certificate of Tax Levy shall be filed with the county clerk of each county in which the school district is located on or before the last Tuesday of December.

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District Name				District Number	0.47	County	(D. D	
Lemont High School District 210				07-016-2100	U-1/	Cool	k/DuPage	
Amount of Levy								
Educational			\$ 21,035,000		* ş	0 100,000	_	
Operations & Maintenance			\$ 3,000,000		Ş	0	_	
Transportation			\$ 1,150,000		Ş	0	_	
Working Cash		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ <u>100,000</u>		Ş	-	_	
Municipal Retirement			\$ <u>450,000</u> \$ <u>450,000</u>		Ş	0	_	
Social Security S		ş <u>45</u>	\$ 430,000		Ş	-	_	
				Total Levy	Ş	26,285,000	_	
See explanation	n on reverse side			 Includes Fire Prevention Accessibility, School Sec 				
		adopt a levy must comply w	ith		unty, and speem	cu nepan i urposes.		
the pro	ovisions set forth	in the Truth in Taxation Law.						
We hereby o	certify that wo	e require:						
	the sum of	21,035,000 d	ollars to be levi	ied as a special tax for educa	ational purpose	es; and		
	the sum of	3,000,000 d	ollars to be lev	ied as a special tax for opera	as a special tax for operations and maintenance purposes; and			
	the sum of	1,150,000 d	ollars to be levi	ied as a special tax for trans	pecial tax for transportation purposes; and			
	the sum of	100,000 d	ollars to be lev	ied as a special tax for a wor	a special tax for a working cash fund; and			
	the sum of	450,000 d	ollars to be lev	ied as a special tax for munic	cipal retiremen	t purposes; and		
	the sum of 450,000 dollars to be levied a				as a special tax for social security purposes; and			
	the sum of	d	ollars to be lev	ied as a special tax for fire p	revention, safe	ty, energy conservation	on,	
		d	isabled accessi	bility, school security and sp	ecified repair p	ourposes; and		
	the sum of	100,000 d	ollars to be lev	ied as a special tax for tort ir	mmunity purpo	oses; and		
	the sum of	d	ollars to be lev	ied as a special tax for specia	al education pu	irposes; and		
	the sum of			ied as a special tax for leasin	-			
			-	hnology or both, and tempo	orary relocation	expense purposes; a	nd	
	the sum of			ied as a special tax for			; and	
the sum of <u>0</u> dollars to be levied as							_	
	on the taxabl	e property of our school d	istrict for the y	/ear	<u> </u>			
C ¹ .	4.511		20 2					
Signed this	16th	day of <u>December</u>	20 24	4	15		_	
					(Pre.	sident)		
				(Clerk or Secret	ary of the School	Board of Said School Di	strict)	
When any scho	ol is authorized to	o issue bonds. the school boa	rd shall file a cer	tified copy of the resolution in t	the office of the o	county clerk of each cou	ntv in	
which the district is situated to provide for the issuance of the bonds and to levy a tax to pay for them. The county clerk shall extend the tax for bonds and								
				e life of the bond issue. Therefore	ore to avoid a po	ssible duplication of tax	levies,	
the school boar	a should not incl	ude a levy for bonds and inter	rest in the distric	t's annual tax levy.				
Number of bo	ond issues of sa	id school district that hav	ve not been pa	id in full		4		
		(Di	etach and Returr	n to School District)				
							County,	
Illinois, on the equalized assessed value of all taxable property of said school district for the year,								
		County Clerk of this Count	,	he Deard of Education (Dire	·	ional outoncion(a)		
In addition to an extension of taxes authorized by levies made by the Board of Education (Directors), an additional extension(s)								
will be made, as authorized by resolution(s) on file in this office, to provide funds to retire bonds and pay interest thereon. The total levy, as provided in the original resolution(s), for said purposes for the year , is \$								
The total levy	, as provided III		ioi salu puipu	ses for the year		, is	<u> </u>	
					(Signat	ure of County Clerk)		
						(Country)		
		(Date)				(County)		
		.						
ISBE Form 50	0-02 (07-2024) СТ	L2024.xlsx						

EXPLANATION

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for educational purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for operations and maintenance purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for transportation purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax known as a Working Cash Fund Tax upon all the taxable property of the district, annually (Section 20-3 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for municipal retirement purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other school taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/7-171).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for Social Security (includes Medicare only) purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/21-110, 21-110.1).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax upon all the taxable property of the district at the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the purposes of professional surveys, alterations, and reconstruction for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes upon meeting certain statutory conditions (Section 17-2.11 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax upon all the taxable property within the district for tort immunity purposes in a sum sufficient to pay the costs of purchasing such insurance or sufficient to pay any tort judgment, settlement, or insurance imposed upon it under the Local Government and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act including liabilities under the Workers' Compensation Act, Occupational Diseases Act, or the Unemployment Insurance Act (745 ILCS 10/9-107 and Section 17-2.5 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy, with voter approval, a tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue within the district for capital improvement purposes (which levy is in addition to that for building purposes) and such funds are to be levied, accumulated, and spent only in accordance with Section 17-2.3 of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, by proper resolution, may levy an annual tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for special education purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b and Section 17-2.2a of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, with voter approval, may levy a tax annually, for summer school purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2.1 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, levy an annual tax upon the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for a period of not more than five years for area vocational education building purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b of the School Code, upon the condition that there are not sufficient funds available in the operations and maintenance fund of the district to pay the cost thereof. Such tax shall not be levied without the prior approval of the State Superintendent of Education and prior approval by a majority of the electors voting upon the proposition at a general or special election (Section 17-2.4 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy an annual tax not to exceed 0.05% upon the taxable property, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, for the purposes of leasing educational facilities or computer technology or both, and for temporary relocation expense (Section 17-2.2c of the School Code).

The school board of any school district, upon determining that a surplus of funds is available, shall adopt a resolution or ordinance reducing the tax levy of such district for the year for which the resolution or ordinance is adopted. The district shall certify the action to the county clerk who shall abate the levy in accordance with the provision of the ordinance (35 ILCS 200/18-20).

The Truth in Taxation Law affects all units of local government, school districts, and community colleges, including home rule units, who are authorized to levy property taxes. For the requirements of the law, refer to 35 ILCS 200/18-55 et seq.