

#### (LOCAL) Policy Comparison Packet

This packet is generated by an automated process that compares the updated policy to the district's current policy as found in TASB records.

In this packet, you will find:

- Policies being recommended for revision (annotated)
- New policies (not annotated)
- Policies recommended for deletion (annotated in PDF; omitted in Word)

Annotations are shown as follows.

- Deletions are shown in a red strike-through font: deleted text.
- Additions are shown in a blue, bold font: new text.
- Blocks of text that have been *moved* without alteration are shown in green, with double underline and double strike-through formatting to distinguish the text's destination from its origin: <u>moved text</u> becomes <u>moved text</u>.
- *Revision bars* appear in the right margin, as above.
- **Note:** While the annotation software competently identifies simple changes, large or complicated changes—as in an extensive rewrite—may be more difficult to follow. In addition, TASB's recent changes to the policy templates to facilitate accessibility sometimes makes formatting changes appear tracked, even though the text remains the same.

For further assistance in understanding policy changes, please refer to the explanatory notes in your Localized Policy Manual update packet or contact your policy consultant.

Contact:	School Districts and Education Service Centers	Community Colleges	
	policy.service@tasb.org	colleges@tasb.org	
	800.580.7529 512.467.0222	800.580.1488 512.467.3689	

#### PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

Purchasing Authority	The Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to make budgeted purchases for goods or services. However, any single, budgeted purchase of goods or services that costs \$50,000\$50,000 or more, regardless of whether the goods or ser- vices are competitively purchased, shall require Board approval before a transaction may take place.
Exception for Emergency Contracts	In the event of a catastrophe, emergency, or natural disaster affect- ing the District, the Board delegates to the Superintendent the au- thority to contract for the replacement, construction, or repair of school equipment or facilities in accordance with law, if emergency replacement, construction, or repair is necessary for the health and safety of District students and staff. The Superintendent shall re- port to the Board at the next regular meeting any contract made under this authority. [See Disaster Exception, CH(LEGAL)]
	The delegation regarding emergency contracts does not waive competitive purchasing requirements under Education Code Chap- ter 44. Only the Board is authorized to waive competitive purchas- ing requirements under limited circumstances in accordance with Education Code 44.031(h). [See Emergency Damage or Destruc- tion, CH(LEGAL)]
Purchasing Procedures	The Superintendent shall develop purchasing procedures to imple- ment the requirements of state and federal law. [See also CB, CBB, CH(LEGAL), and COA]
Purchasing Method	The Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to deter- mine the method of purchasing in accordance with CH(LEGAL) or CBB(LEGAL), as appropriate.
Competitive Bidding	If competitive bidding is chosen as the purchasing method, the Su- perintendent shall prepare bid specifications. All bids shall be in ac- cordance with administrative regulations, and the submission of any electronic bids shall also be in accordance with Board-adopted rules. All bidders shall be invited to attend the bid opening. Any bid may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time for opening. Bids re- ceived after the specified time shall not be considered.
	The District may reject any and all bids in accordance with state or federal law, as applicable.
Competitive Sealed Proposals	If competitive sealed proposals are chosen as the purchasing method, the Superintendent shall prepare the request for proposals and/or specifications for items to be purchased. All proposals shall be in accordance with administrative regulations, and the submis- sion of any electronic proposals shall also be in accordance with Board-adopted rules. Proposals received after the specified time shall not be considered. Proposals shall be opened at the time

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	specified, and all proposers shall be invited to attend the proposal opening. Proposals may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time of opening. Changes in the content of a proposal, and in prices, may be negotiated after proposals are opened.
	The District may reject any and all proposals in accordance with state or federal law, as applicable.
Electronic Bids or Proposals	Bids or proposals that the District has chosen to accept through electronic transmission shall be administered in accordance with Board-adopted rules. Such rules shall safeguard the integrity of the competitive procurement process; ensure the identification, secu- rity, and confidentiality of electronic bids or proposals; and ensure that the electronic bids or proposals remain effectively unopened until the proper time.
Responsibility for Debts	The Board shall assume responsibility for debts incurred in the name of the District so long as those debts are for purchases made in accordance with the adopted budget, state law, Board policy, and the District's purchasing procedures. [See CE] The Board shall not be responsible for debts incurred by persons or organizations not directly under Board control. Persons making unauthorized pur- chases shall assume full responsibility for all such debts.
Purchase Commitments	All purchase commitments shall be made by the Superintendent in accordance with administrative procedures, including the District's purchasing procedures.
Personal Purchases	District employees shall not be permitted to make purchases for personal use through the District's business office.

Celina ISD 043903		
FACILITIES CONSTRU	CTION	CV (LOCAL)
Compliance with Law	school fa	erintendent shall establish procedures that ensure that all acilities within the District comply with applicable laws and lding codes.
Construction Contracts	Prior to advertising, the Board shall determine the project deliv- ery/contract award method to be used for each construction con- tract valued at or above \$50,000. To assist the Board, the Superin- tendent shall recommend the project delivery/contract award method that he or she determines provides the best value to the District. [See CV series generally and CBB(LEGAL) for require- ments if federal funds are involved.]	
	For construction contracts valued at or above \$50,000 \$50,000, the Superintendent shall also submit the resulting contract to the Board for approval. Lesser expenditures for construction and construction-related materials or services shall be at the discretion of the Superintendent and consistent with law and policy. [See also CH and CBB(LEGAL)]	
	Note:	For provisions regarding delegation of authority for con- struction contracts in the event of a catastrophe, emer- gency, or natural disaster affecting the District, see CH(LOCAL).
Change Orders	its desig	orders permitted by law shall be approved by the Board or nee prior to any changes being made in the approved the actual construction of the facility.
Project Administration		ruction projects shall be administered by the Superinten- lesignee.
	•	erintendent shall keep the Board informed concerning con- projects and also shall provide information to the general
Final Payment	supervis	rict shall not make final payments for construction or the ion of construction until the work has been completed and d has accepted the work.

ADOPTED:

Leave Administration	The Superintendent shall develop administrative regulations ad- dressing employee leaves and absences to implement the provi- sions of this policy.		
Definitions	The term "immediate family" is defined as:		
Immediate Family	1.	Spouse.	
	2.	Son or daughter, including a biological, adopted, or foster child, a son- or daughter-in-law, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child for whom the employee stands <i>in loco parentis</i> .	
	3.	Parent, stepparent, parent-in-law, or other individual who stands <i>in loco parentis</i> to the employee.	
	4.	Sibling, stepsibling, and sibling-in-law.	
	5.	Grandparent and grandchild.	
	6.	Any person residing in the employee's household at the time of illness or death.	
	defir	purposes of the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), the nitions of spouse, parent, son or daughter, and next of kin are d in DECA(LEGAL).	
Family Emergency	The term "family emergency" shall be limited to disasters and life- threatening situations involving the employee or a member of the employee's immediate family.		
Leave Day	A "leave day" for purposes of earning, usinguse, or recording-of leave shall mean the number of hours per day equivalent to the employee's usual assignment, whether fulltime or parttime.		
School Year	A "school year" for purposes of earning, using, or recording leave shall mean the term of the employee's annual employment as set by the District for the employee's usual assignment, whether full- time or part-time.		
Catastrophic Illness or Injury	A catastrophic illness or injury is a severe condition or combination of conditions affecting the mental or physical health of the em- ployee or a member of the employee's immediate family that re- quires the services of a licensed practitioner for a prolonged period of time and that forces the employee to exhaust all leave time earned by that employee and to lose compensation from the Dis- trict. Such conditions typically require prolonged hospitalization or recovery or are expected to result in disability or death. Conditions relating to pregnancy or childbirth shall be considered catastrophic if they meet the requirements of this paragraph.		

	Note:	For District contribution to employee insurance during leave, see CRD(LOCAL).	
Availability		rict shall make state personal leave and local leave for the ear available for use at the beginning of the school year.	
StateEarning Local Leave	An employee shall not earn any local leave when he or she is in unpaid status. An employee using full or proportionate paid leave shall be considered to be in paid status.		
Deductions Leave without Pay	have bee ble. Any	rict shall not approve paid leave for more leave days than on accumulated in prior years plus leave currently availa- unapproved absences or absences beyond accumulated lable paid leave shall result in deductions from the em- pay.	
Leave Proration Employed for Less Than Full Year	his or he after the	bloyee separates from employment with the District before r last duty day of the school year, or begins employment first duty day of the school year, state personal leave and we shall be prorated based on the actual time employed.	
	day of th duced fo	bloyee separates from employment before the last duty e school year, the employee's final paycheck shall be re- r state personal leave the employee used beyond his or ata entitlement for the school year.	
		te personal leave the employee used beyond his or her rata entitlement for the school year; and	
		al leave the employee used but had not earned as of the e of separation.	
<del>Employed for Full</del> <del>Year</del>	<del>remains</del> the Distri	ployee uses more local leave than he or she earned and employed with the District through his or her last duty day, ict shall deduct the cost of the excess leave days from the e's pay in accordance with administrative regulations.	
Recording	Leave sh	nall be recorded as follows:	
	1. Lea ees	we shall be recorded in half-day increments for all employ-	
		e employee is taking intermittent FMLA leave, leave shall recorded in one-hour increments.	
Order of Use		compensatory time shall be used before any available paid 1 local leave. [See DEAB]	
		n employee requests a different order, available paid state Heave shall be used in the following order, as applicable:	

	1. Local leave.	
	<ol> <li>State sick leave accumulated before the 1995–96 school year.</li> </ol>	
	3. State personal leave.	
	Use of sick leave pool days shall be permitted only after all availa- ble state and local leave has been exhausted.	
Concurrent Use of Leave	When an absent employee is eligible for FMLA leave, the District shall designate the absence as FMLA leave.	
	The District shall require the employee to use temporary disability leave and paid leave, including compensatory time, concurrently with FMLA leave.	
	An employee receiving workers' compensation income benefits may be eligible for paid or unpaid leave. An absence due to a work-related injury or illness shall be designated as FMLA leave, temporary disability leave, and/or assault leave, as applicable.	
Medical Certification	An employee shall submit medical certification of the need for leave if:	
	<ol> <li>The employee is absent more than five consecutive workdays because of personal illness or illness in the immediate family;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>The District requires medical certification due to a questiona- ble pattern of absences or when deemed necessary by the supervisor or Superintendent; or</li> </ol>	
	3. The employee requests FMLA leave for the employee's serious health condition; a serious health condition-or that of the employee's a spouse, parent, or child; or	
	<ol> <li>4.3. The employee requests FMLA leave for military caregiver leavepurposes.</li> </ol>	
	In each case, medical certification shall be made by a health-care provider as defined by the FMLA. [See DECA(LEGAL)]	
	<b>Note:</b> For District contribution to employee insurance during leave, see CRD(LOCAL).	
State Personal Leave	The Board requires employees to differentiate the manner in which state personal leave is used. ÷	
Nondiscretionary <del>No</del> n-Discretionary Use	<b>1.</b> 4. NondiscretionaryNon-discretionary use of leave shall be for the same reasons and in the same manner as state sick leave accumulated before May 30, 1995. [See DEC(LEGAL)]	

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITSDECLEAVES AND ABSENCES(LOCAL)		
	NondiscretionaryNon-discretionary use includes leave related to the birth or placement of a child and taken within the first year after the child's birth, adoption, or foster placement.	
Discretionary Use	2.5. Discretionary use of leave is at the individual employee's discretion, subject to limitations set out below.	
<i>Limitations</i> Request for Leave	In deciding whether to approve or deny a The employee shall submit a written request for discretionary use of state per- sonal leave, to the immediate supervisor or designee in ad- vance in accordance with administrative regulations. In decid- ing whether to approve or deny state personal leave, the supervisor or designee shall not seek or consider the reasons for which an employee requests to use leave. The supervisor or designee shall, however, consider the duration of the re- quested absence in conjunction with the effect of the em- ployee's absence on the educational program andor District operations, as well as the availability of substitutes.	
<del>Duration of</del> <del>Leave</del>	Discretionary use of state personal leave shall not exceed five consecutive workdays.	
Local Leave	Each employeeAll employees shall earn five-fully paid local leave days per school year in accordance with administrative regulations.	
	Local leave shall be noncumulative.	
	Local leave shall be used according to the terms and conditions of state personal leave. [See State Personal Leave, above]	
Sick Leave Pool	An employee who has exhausted all paid leave as well as any ap- plicable compensatory time and who suffers from a catastrophic ill- ness or injury or is absent due to the catastrophic illness or injury of a member of the employee's immediate family may request the establishment of a sick leave pool, to which District employees may donate only local leave for use by the eligible employee.	
	If the employee is unable to submit the request, a member of the employee's family or the employee's supervisor may submit the request to establish a sick leave pool.	
	The pool shall cease to exist when the employee no longer needs leave for the purpose requested, uses the maximum number of days allowed under a pool, or exhausts all leave days donated to the sick leave pool.	
	The Superintendent-or designee shall develop regulations for the implementation of the sick leave pool that address the following:	
	1. Procedures to request the establishment of a sick leave pool;	

		he maximum number of days an employee may donate to a ick leave pool;	
		The maximum number of days per school year an eligible em- ployee may receive from a sick leave pool; and	
	4. 1	he return of unused days to donors.	
Appeal	tablish <del>be ap</del> j	ployee may appeal a decisionAll decisions regarding the es- ment or implementation of the District's sick leave pool may bealed in accordance with DGBA(LOCAL), beginning with the intendent or appropriate administratordesignee.	
Family and Medical Leave		FMLA leave shall run concurrently with applicable paid leave and compensatory time, as applicable.	
	Note:	See DECA(LEGAL) for provisions addressing FMLA.	
Twelve-Month Period		period shall be July 1 through June 30.	

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Combined Leave for Spouses	When If both spouses are employed by the District, the District shall limit FMLA leave for the birth, adoption, or placement of a child, or to care for a parent with a serious health condition, to a combined total of 12 weeks. The District shall limit military caregiver leave to a combined total of 26 weeks. [See DECA(LEGAL)]
Intermittent or Reduced Schedule Leave	The District shall not permit use of intermittent or reduced schedule FMLA leave for the care of a newborn child or for the adoption or placement of a child with the employee. [See DECA(LEGAL) for use of intermittent or reduced schedule leave due to a medical necessity.]
Certification of Leave	WhenIf an employee requests leave, the employee shall provide certification, in accordance with <del>as required by</del> FMLA regulations, of the need for leave. [See DECA(LEGAL)]
Fitness-for-Duty Certification	In accordance with administrative regulations, when If an employee takes FMLA leave due to the employee's own serious health condition, the employee shall provide, before resuming work, a fitness-for-duty certification. If the District will require certification of the employee's ability to perform essential job functions, the District shall provide a list of essential job functions to the employee with the FMLA designation notice.
Leave at the End of Semester Leave	WhenIf a teacher takes leave near the end of the semester, the District may require the teacher to continue leave until the end of the semester. [See DECA(LEGAL), Leave at the End of a Semester]
Failure to Return	If, at the expiration of FMLA leave, the employee is able to return to work but chooses not to do so, the District may require reimburse- ment of premiums paid by the District during the leave. [See DECA(LEGAL), Recovery of Benefit Cost]
Temporary Disability Leave	Any full-time employee whose position requires educator certifica- tion by the State Board for Educator Certification or by the District shall be eligible for temporary disability leave. The maximum length of temporary disability leave shall be 180 calendar days. [See DBB(LOCAL) for temporary disability leave placement and DEC(LEGAL) for return to active duty.]
	An employee's notification of need for extended absence due to the employee's own medical condition shall be forwarded to the Superintendent or designee as a request for temporary disability leave.
	The District shall require the employee to use temporary disability leave and paid leave, including any compensatory time, concurrently with FMLA leave.

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LEAVES AND ABSENCES

Workers' Compensation	<b>Note:</b> Workers' compensation is not a form of leave. The workers' compensation law does not require the continuation of the District's contribution to health insurance. [See CRD(LOCAL) regarding payment of insurance contribution during employee absences.]
	An absence due to a work-related injury or illness shall be desig- nated as FMLA leave, temporary disability leave, and/or assault leave, as applicable.
No Paid Leave Offset	The District shall not permit the optionAn absence due to a work- related injury or illness shall be designated as FMLA leave, tempo- rary disability leave, and/or assault leave, as applicable.
	An employee eligible for paid leave offset in conjunction with work- ers' compensation income benefits. [See CRE], and not on assault leave, may elect in writing to use paid leave.
Court Appearances	Absences due to compliance with a valid subpoena or for jury duty shall be fully compensated by the District and shall not be de- ducted from the employee's pay or leave balance.

ADOPTED: