

Port Orford-Langlois School District 2CJ

Code: GCBDA/GDBDA
Adopted: 2/09/09
Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA

Family Medical Leave

(Version 1)

There are 2 medical leave policies, this is an older version.

The district will comply with all provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) of 1993, the Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA) of 1995, and other applicable provisions of Board policies and collective bargaining agreements regarding family medical leave.

In order for an employee to be eligible for the benefits under federal law, he/she must have been employed by the district for the previous 12 months and have worked at least 1250 hours during the past 12-month period.

In order to be eligible under state law, an employee must work an average of 25 hours per week and have been employed at least 180 days prior to the first day of the family medical leave of absence. For parental leave purposes, however, an employee becomes eligible upon completing at least 180 days immediately preceding the date on which the parental leave begins. There is no minimum average number of hours worked per week when determining employee eligibility for parental leave.

Federal and state leave entitlements generally run concurrently.

The superintendent will develop administrative regulations as necessary for the implementation of the provisions of both federal and state law.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

[ORS 332.507](#)

[ORS 657B.010](#)

[ORS 657B.025](#)

[ORS 659A.090](#)

[ORS 659A.093](#)

[ORS 659A.096](#)

[ORS 659A.099](#)

[ORS 659A.150 - 659A.186](#)

[OAR 839-009-0210 - 0460](#)

Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601-2654; 5 U.S.C. §§ 6381-6387 (2018); Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 C.F.R. Part 825 (2023).

Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12133 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2023); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2023).

Escriba v. Foster Poultry Farms, Inc. 743 F.3d 1236 (9th Cir. 2014).

Senate Bill 1515 (2024).