

Document Status: Draft Update - Rewritten

STUDENTS

7:150 Agency and Law Enforcement Requests

Title has been updated. Original Title: Agency and Police Interviews

The District recognizes the right of every student to equal access to a free public education under State and federal law, consistent with Board policy 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*. District administrators and staff stand *in loco parentis* when government agency and law enforcement authority requests occur at school. [PRESSPlus1](#)

Federal and State Law Requirements Regarding Citizenship and Immigration Status in Schools [PRESSPlus2](#)

No student shall be denied an education based on the student's, or their parent's/guardian's, actual or perceived citizenship or immigration status. Based on such status, the District will not:

1. Exclude a student from participating in, or deny them the benefits of, any District program or activity.
2. Use policies or procedures or engage in practices that have the effect of excluding a student from participating in or denying the benefits of any District program or activity.
3. Use policies or procedures or engage in practices that have the effect of excluding participation of a student's parent(s)/guardian(s) from District parental engagement activities or programs.
4. Threaten to disclose information related to the actual or perceived citizenship or immigration status of a student or a person associated with the student to any other person, entity, or immigration or law enforcement agency.
5. Disclose information related to the perceived citizenship or immigration status of a student or a person associated with the student to any other person, entity, or immigration or law enforcement agency if the District does not have direct knowledge of the student's or associated person's actual citizenship or immigration status, subject to the requirements in 105 ILCS 5/22-105(c)(3). [PRESSPlus3](#)
6. Disclose information related to the actual citizenship or immigration status of a student or a person associated with the student to any other person or nongovernmental entity if the District has direct knowledge of the student's or associated person's actual citizenship status, subject to the requirements in 105 ILCS 5/22-105(c)(3).

State law does not prohibit or restrict the District from sending or receiving information about the citizenship or immigration status of an individual to or from the U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security or any other governmental entity under 8 U.S.C. §§1373 and 1644.

Responding to Agency and Law Enforcement Requests[PRESSPlus4](#)

The Superintendent shall develop procedures to manage requests by government agencies or law enforcement authorities regarding students at school. Procedures will:

1. Recognize individual student rights and privacy.
2. Recognize the potential impact the release of information or an interview may have on an individual student.
3. Minimize potential disruption.
4. Foster a cooperative relationship with government agencies and law enforcement authorities.
5. Maintain discipline and recognize that school employees stand in the relationship of the parents/guardians to the students during the school day.
6. Comply with State law including, but not limited to, ensuring that before a law enforcement agent, school resource officer, or other school security person detains and questions on school grounds a student under 18 years of age who is suspected of committing a criminal act, the Superintendent or designee will:[PRESSPlus5](#)
 - a. Notify or attempt to notify the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) and document the time and manner in writing;
 - b. Make reasonable efforts to ensure the student's parent/guardian is present during questioning or, if they are not present, ensure that school employees (including, but not limited to, a school social worker, psychologist, nurse, counselor, or any other mental health professional) are present during the questioning; and
 - c. If practicable, make reasonable efforts to ensure a trained law enforcement officer[PRESSPlus6](#) to promote safe interactions and communications with the student is present during questioning.
7. Manage reviewing and authorizing requests from law enforcement agents attempting to enter a school or school facility, in accordance with the requirements of 105 ILCS 5/22-105(c)(4).[PRESSPlus7](#)

LEGAL REF.:

U.S. Constitution, Amend. IV.

8 U.S.C. §1373 and §1644.

Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982).

Ill. Constitution, Art. I, §6.

105 ILCS 5/10-20.64, 5/10-20.68, 5/22-88, 5/22-105, and 5/24-24.

55 ILCS 80/, Children's Advocacy Center Act.

325 ILCS 5/, Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.

720 ILCS 5/31-1 et seq., Interference with Public Officers Act.

725 ILCS 120/, Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act.

CROSS REF.: 2:160 (Board Attorney), 2:260 (Uniform Grievance Procedure), and 2:270 (Discrimination and Harassment on the Basis of Race, Color, and National Origin Prohibited), 5:90 (Abused and Neglected Child Reporting), 7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities), 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:140 (Search and Seizure), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

PRESSPlus Comments

[PRESSPlus 1.](#) This policy is renamed and rewritten in response to 105 ILCS 5/22-105, added by P.A. 104-288, eff. 1-1-26, requiring districts to establish a policy by 7-1-26 regarding agency and law enforcement requests at school, and for continuous improvement. See the footnotes of this sample policy for more information, available at PRESS Online by logging in at www.iasb.com.

By 7-1-26, districts are also required to develop procedures for reviewing and authorizing requests from *law enforcement agents* attempting to enter a school or school facility. 105 ILCS 5/22-105(b), added by P.A. 104-288, eff. 1-1-26, defines *law enforcement agent* as "an agent of federal, State, or local law enforcement authorized with the power to arrest or detain individuals or manage the custody of detained individuals for a law enforcement purpose, including civil immigration enforcement." *Law enforcement agent* does not include a school resource officer as defined in 105 ILCS 5/10-20.68. *Id.* See sample administrative procedure 7:150-AP, *Managing Agency and Law Enforcement Requests*. **Issue 120, October 2025**

[PRESSPlus 2.](#) Required by 105 ILCS 5/22-105(d), added by P.A. 104-288, eff. 1-1-26. **Issue 120, October 2025**

[PRESSPlus 3.](#) Districts must also still comply with federal and State laws, e.g., FERPA and the Ill. School Student Records Act, governing the disclosure of student records or information. **Consult the board attorney regarding legal requirements when requests are received from federal law enforcement agencies. Issue 120, October 2025**

[PRESSPlus 4.](#) With the exception of items #6 and #7, the listed standards for procedures are at the local school board's discretion and may be omitted. For procedures addressing #1-6, refer to the *Guidelines for Interviews of Students*, published by the Ill. Council of School Attorneys (*ICSA Guidelines*) at: www.iasb.com/policy-services-and-school-law/guidance-and-resources/guidelines-for-interviews-of-students/ in consultation with the board attorney. For procedures

addressing the items listed in #7, refer to sample administrative procedure 7:150-AP, *Managing Agency and Law Enforcement Requests*, available at PRESS Online by logging in at www.iasb.com, in consultation with the board attorney. Procedures covering item #7 are required by 105 ILCS 5/22-105, added by P.A. 104-288, eff. 1-1-26, and must be implemented by 7-1-26. **Issue 120, October 2025**

[PRESSPlus 5.](#) 105 ILCS 5/22-88. The statute does not specifically assign these duties to a school official, but instead states that “a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or other school security personnel” must ensure these conditions are met before detaining and questioning a student on school grounds. For ease of implementation, this policy assigns these duties to a school official as they routinely contact parents/guardians and can arrange for the presence of school personnel during an interview. See the *ICSA Guidelines* for further discussion of school officials’ responsibilities when law enforcement authorities interview students at school. **Issue 120, October 2025**

[PRESSPlus 6.](#) A *trained law enforcement officer* is someone who: (1) received training in youth investigations approved or certified by his/her law enforcement agency or under 50 ILCS 705/10.22, or (2) is a juvenile police officer per 705 ILCS 405/1-3(17). 105 ILCS 5/22-88(b)(4). **Issue 120, October 2025**

[PRESSPlus 7.](#) 105 ILCS 5/22-105(c)(4), added by P.A. 104-288, eff. 1-1-26, requires a district to develop procedures that: (1) designate authorized personnel at the school and the superintendent's office or school administrative office who may contact the board attorney, (2) require the designated authorized person and board attorney to work together to review requests from law enforcement agents to enter a school or school facility, including under judicial warrants, nonjudicial warrants, and subpoenas, (3) require the designated authorized personnel to monitor or accompany and to document all interactions with law enforcement agents while on the school's premises, and (4) require the designated authorized person to notify and seek consent from a student's parent/guardian, or from the student if the student is 18 years old or older or emancipated, if a law enforcement agent requests access to a student for immigration enforcement purposes, unless such access is in compliance with a judicial warrant or subpoena that restricts the disclosure of the information to the student's parent/guardian.

Regarding requirement #2 in the paragraph immediately above, ensure that the superintendent's authority to designate others to contact the board attorney aligns with policy 2:160, *Board Attorney*. The superintendent will need to work with the board attorney to create a list of administrators authorized to consult directly with the board attorney if any agency or law enforcement request is received. Factors to consider when drafting this list include: the type of request received, the type of agency or law enforcement unit making the request, whether or not a warrant is presented, and whether or not exigent circumstances are claimed. **Issue 120, October 2025**