## **ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Original: X
Amended:

School Business Services Division 217/785-8779

## **CERTIFICATE OF TAX LEVY**

A copy of this Certificate of Tax Levy shall be filed with the County Clerk of each county in which the school district is located on or before the last Tuesday of December.

District Name LIBERTYVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT #70			District Number 34-049-0700-02	County	LAKE
	,	Amou	nt of Levy		
ed and and		\$ 25,125,000	F' . D		
2 500 000		Fire Prevention & Safety *	\$	_	
		\$ 3,600,000 \$ 1,200,000	Tort Immunity	\$	_
·		\$ 1,200,000 \$ 105,000	Special Education	\$	_
Working Cash \$		\$ 260,000	Leasing	\$67.02E	_
		\$ 260,000	Other	\$ 67,935	_
Social Security		\$ 200,000	Other	\$ 30,617,935	_
			Total Levy	<u> </u>	_
See evalanation	on reverse side.		<ul> <li>Includes Fire Prevention, Safety,</li> <li>Accessibility, School Security, an</li> </ul>		
Note: Any dist	trict proposing to ad	opt a levy must comply with e Truth in Taxation Law.	recessionity, serious security, an	a specifica Repuii i di poses.	
We hereby c	ertify that we re	eauire:			
, .	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for educational	purposes: and	
	the sum of		levied as a special tax for operations a		d
the sum of 1,200,000 dollars to be levied as a special tax for transportation purposes; and					
	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for a working ca	• • •	
	the sum of	<del></del>	e levied as a special tax for municipal re		
	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for social securit		
	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for fire prevention		on.
disabled accessibility, school security and specified repair purposes; and					,
	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for tort immunit		
	the sum of	0 dollars to be	e levied as a special tax for special educ	ation purposes; and	
	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for leasing of ed		
	_		r technology or both, and temporary re		nd
	the sum of	·	e levied as a special tax for		; and
	the sum of		e levied as a special tax for		<b>-</b> '
	on the taxable p	property of our school district for t	he year		_
Signed this	19TH0	day of NOVEMBER 20			_
				(President)	
			<del></del>	<del> </del>	
			(Clerk or Secretary of t	he School Board of Said School Dis	strict)
When any school	ol is authorized to iss	ue hands the school haard shall file a	certified copy of the resolution in the office	of the county clerk of each county	, in
			o levy a tax to pay for them. The county cler		
			g the life of the bond issue. Therefore to avo	oid a possible duplication of tax lev	vies,
the school board	d should not include	a levy for bonds and interest in the dis	strict's annual tax levy.		
Number of bo	nd issues of said	school district that have not been	paid in full	·	
		(Detach and R	eturn to School District)		
This is to so	rtify that the Corti	ficate of Tax Love for School Distri	ct No.		County
This is to certify that the Certificate of Tax Levy for School District No.  County,  Illinois, on the equalized assesed value of all taxable property of said school district for the year					
	•	inty Clerk of this County on	and school district for the year		<b>-</b> ′
			by the Board of Education (Directors), ar	n additional extension(s)	
		•	o provide funds to retire bonds and pay	• • •	
The total levy,	as provided in the	e original resolution(s), for said pu	rposes for the year	, is	\$
,,	-		•	·	
			-	(Signature of County Clerk)	
				(Signature of County Clerk)	
		(Date)	-	(County)	
	,	,		(//	

## **EXPLANATION**

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for educational purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for operations and maintenance purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for transportation purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax known as a Working Cash Fund Tax upon all the taxable property of the district, annually (Section 20-3 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for municipal retirement purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other school taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/7-171).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for social security (includes Medicare only) purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/21-110, 21-110.1).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax upon all the taxable property of the district at the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the purposes of professional surveys, alterations, and reconstruction for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes upon meeting certain statutory conditions (Section 17-2.11 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax upon all the taxable property within the district for tort immunity purposes in a sum sufficient to pay the costs of purchasing such insurance or sufficient to pay any tort judgment, settlement, or insurance imposed upon it under the Local Government and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act including liabilities under the Workers' Compensation Act, Occupational Diseases Act, or the Unemployment Insurance Act 745 ILCS 10/9-107 and Section 17-2.5 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy, with voter approval, a tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue within the district for capital improvement purposes (which levy is in addition to that for building purposes) and such funds are to be levied, accumulated, and spent only in accordance with Section 17-2.3 of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, by proper resolution, may levy an annual tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for special education purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b and Section 17-2.2a of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, with voter approval, may levy a tax annually, for summer school purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2.1 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, levy an annual tax upon the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for a period of not more than five years for area vocational education building purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b of the School Code, upon the condition that there are not sufficient funds available in the operations and maintenance fund of the district to pay the cost thereof. Such tax shall not be levied without the prior approval of the State Superintendent of Education and prior approval by a majority of the electors voting upon the proposition at a general or special election (Section 17-2.4 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy an annual tax not to exceed 0.05% upon the taxable property, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, for the purposes of leasing educational facilities or computer technology or both, and for temporary relocation expense (Section 17-2.2c of the School Code).

The school board of any school district, upon determining that a surplus of funds is available, shall adopt a resolution or ordinance reducing the tax levy of such district for the year for which the resolution or ordinance is adopted. The district shall certify the action to the county clerk who shall abate the levy in accordance with the provision of the ordinance (35 ILCS 200/18-20).

The Truth in Taxation Law affects all units of local government, school districts, and community colleges, including home rule units, who are authorized to levy property taxes. For the requirements of the law, refer to 35 ILCS 200/18-55 et seq.