# Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards

## **High School Computer Engineering**



#### Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Computer Engineering

#### Introduction

The Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative standards for high school courses are designed to provide understandings of concepts in computer science that are necessary for students to function in an ever-changing technological world. Through these standards, students will explore, apply, and move toward mastery in skills and concepts related to Computational Thinking and Problem Solving; Data, Information, and Security; Algorithms and Programs; Computers and Communications; and Professionalism and Impacts of Computing. These standards help students learn to accomplish tasks and solve problems independently and collaboratively. These standards give students the tools and skills needed to be successful in college and careers including computer science, computing, and other fields.

State developed pathways within the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative all begin with common year-one standards which allow for consistency across the state and all schools. These common standards address the basic knowledge and skills needed for any student entering a technology-based field.

The course standards have been grouped into one-credit (typically yearly) standards to afford the classroom educator additional flexibility in their curriculum choices; however, the course codes remain based on one-half credit (typically semester). Each state-developed pathway will have three credits (six pathway specific course codes) worth of Computer Science Flex Credit (465XXX) course codes.

The Arkansas State Board of Education (SBE) does not place any prerequisites on the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative high school courses, but allows for schools to place students in any of the courses based on ability and desire. The Arkansas Department of Education (ADE) recommends that districts develop and formally adopt a written policy outlining placement protocols. Evaluation tools and placement criteria will be the responsibility of the local districts.

The SBE and ADE authorize schools to enroll students across levels in the same sections of the master schedule (a.k.a. stacking) as long as the number of students does not exceed Standards of Accreditation maximums and/or ratios and the school can reasonably assure a high-quality educational experience for all students within that section.

Implementation of the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Computer Engineering begins during the 2021-2022 school year.

Course Title:Computer EngineeringCourse/Unit Credit:0.5 credit per listed course code

	Computer Engineering	Computer Engineering	Advanced Computer Engineering
	Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
Computer Engineering	465410 / 465420	465430 / 465440	465450 / 465460

 Teacher Licensure:
 Please refer to the Course Code Management System (https://adedata.arkansas.gov/ccms/) for the most current licensure codes.

 Grades:
 9-12

 Prerequisites:
 There are no ADE established course prerequisites for any of the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative high school courses; it is up to the local district to determine placement based on student ability.

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#### **Computer Science and Computing Practices**

#### Students exhibit proficiency in computer science and computing through:

**Communication -** Students effectively communicate, using accurate and appropriate terminology, when explaining the task completion or problem solving strategies used. They recognize that creating good documentation is an ongoing and important part of the communication process.

**Collaboration -** Students productively work with others while ensuring multiple voices are heard and considered. They understand that diverse thoughts may lead to creative solutions and that some problems may be best solved collaboratively.

**Storytelling -** Students creatively combine multimedia tools, such as graphics, animations, and videos with research, writing, and oral presentations to create ethical, data-driven stories.

Professionalism - Students embrace professionalism by demonstrating skills and behaviors necessary for success in technical careers.

Ethics and Impact - Students comprehend the ramifications of actions prior to taking them. They are aware of their own digital and cyber presence and its impact on other individuals and society.

Inclusion - Students encourage diversity in the field of computer science and computing regardless of race, ethnicity, gender, or other differences.

Learning by Failure - Students reflect upon and critique their work while embracing a willingness to seek feedback and constructive instruction from teachers and peers. They utilize the feedback to continually improve current projects, educational experiences, knowledge, and confidence.

**Perseverance -** Students expect difficulties and persist in overcoming challenges that occur when completing tasks. They recognize making and correcting mistakes is necessary for the learning process while problem solving.

**Understanding -** Students recognize patterns, utilize tools, and apply problem solving strategies to build understanding, find solutions, and successfully deliver high-quality work.

**Patterns -** Students understand and utilize the logical structure of information through identifying patterns and creating conceptual models. They decompose complex problems into simpler modules and patterns.

**Problem Solving -** Students exhibit proficiency through the process of identifying and systematically solving problems. They recognize problem solving is an ongoing process.

**Research** - Students purposefully gather information and seek to expand their knowledge through various methods and mediums. They embrace the practice of gaining knowledge to develop novel approaches for solving problems and addressing issues they have not previously encountered, in addition to merely searching for answers.

**Tools -** Students evaluate and select tools to be used when completing tasks and solving problems. They understand that appropriate tools may include, but are not limited to, their mind, pencil and paper, manipulatives, software applications, programming languages, or appropriate computing devices.

## Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Computer Engineering

Content Cluster
g and Problem Solving
1. Students will analyze and utilize problem-solving strategies.
2. Students will analyze and utilize connections between concepts of mathematics and computer science.
Security
3. Students will analyze and utilize data through the use of computing devices.
4. Students will analyze and utilize concepts of cybersecurity.
ns
5. Students will create, evaluate, and modify algorithms.
6. Students will create programs to solve problems.
unications
7. Students will analyze the utilization of computers within industry.
8. Students will analyze communication methods and systems used to transmit information among computing devices.
9. Students will utilize appropriate hardware and software.
npacts of Computing
10. Students will analyze the impacts of technology and professionalism within the computing community.
11. Students will demonstrate understanding of storytelling with data and appropriately communicate about technical information.

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#### Understanding the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards Documents:

- This Arkansas Department of Education curriculum standards document is intended to assist in district curriculum development, unit design, and to provide a uniform, comprehensive guide for instruction.
- The goal for each student is proficiency in all academic standards for the course/year in which the student is enrolled.
- The Practice Standards are intended to be habits of mind for all students and were written broadly in order to apply to all grades/levels. The Practice Standards are not content standards and are not intended to be formally assessed.
- Notes (NOTE:) and examples given (e.g.,) found within the document are not mandated by the Arkansas State Board of Education, but are provided for clarification of the standards by the Arkansas Department of Education and/or the standards drafting committee. The notes and examples given are subject to change as understandings of the standards evolve.
- Within the high school documents, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Year Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSPG.Y1.2.3" would be Computer Science Programming - Year 1 - Content Cluster 2 - Standard 3.
- Within the Coding Block document, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSCB.1.2" would be Coding Block, Content Cluster 1, Standard 2.
- Within the K-8 Computer Science Standards documents, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Grade Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSK8.G1.2.3" would be K-8, Grade 1, Content Cluster 2, Standard 3
- Ancillary documents and supporting information may be released to assist in further understanding of the standards with possible classroom implementation strategies included.

#### "Research" and Learning

The Arkansas Department of Education Office of Computer Science recognizes that the use of the term "research" as an action verb within academic standards is not mainstream, though not unheard of, and exists as a measurable objective within other Arkansas K-12 academic standards. The members of the internal team, composed of the State Director of Computer Science and nine state-wide Computer Science Specialists, discussed this at length amongst ourselves and with many committee members. While there existed varying opinions for various reasons, the internal team opted to keep "research" as an action verb within the standards for the following reasons:

- 1. The internal team believes that this use of "research" and the skill-building activities students will undertake while performing said research will produce students that have a skillset which industry representatives have identified as missing from workers entering technical job fields.
- 2. As the field of Computer Science and Computing is ever changing and growing, professionals and students within this field must conduct informal research on an almost daily basis to maintain relevant knowledge and skills.
- 3. The use of "research" within this document does not determine classroom implementation; however, it is used to indicate that the student should take individual and active efforts to seek out knowledge to develop novel approaches for solving problems and addressing issues they have not previously encountered, in addition to merely searching for answers.
- 4. The use of "research" should not infer that a student should be required to do an extensive qualitative or quantitative research project from the use of "research" anywhere in this document; however, a more formal research project is not prohibited if the teacher feels it is appropriate.

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Strand: Computational Thinking and Problem Solving Content Cluster 1: Students will analyze and utilize problem-solving strategies.

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Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y2.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y3.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity
NOTE: Problem-solving strategies that encompass computat recognition.	ional thinking include, but are not limited to, abstraction	n, algorithm development, decomposition, and pattern
CSCE.Y1.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y2.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y3.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity
NOTE: Representations may include, but are not limited to, b	acklog, decision matrix, design brief, documentation, f	ault tree analysis, flowchart, pseudocode, and sprints.
CSCE.Y1.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y2.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y3.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity
NOTE: Collaborative methods may include, but are not limite	d to, distributive (divide and conquer), paired programr	ning, and redundant parallel.
CSCE.Y1.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software	CSCE.Y2.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software CSCE Y2: Analyze issues associated with power supply distribution and discuss mitigation strategies	CSCE.Y3.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software

Strand: Computational Thinking and Problem Solving Content Cluster 2: Students will analyze and utilize connections between concepts of mathematics and computer science.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.2.1 Interpret relational and logical expressions of level- appropriate complexity using comparison and Boolean operators	CSCE.Y2.2.1 Interpret Boolean expressions using the two-level gate forms of AND-OR, OR-AND, NAND-NAND, NOR-NOR and positive/negative/mixed-logic conventions	CSCE.Y3.2.1 Describe and design the structure/operation of arithmetic building blocks including adders, comparators, shift registers, and subtractors; basic latches (D, SR); and flip-flops (D, JK, T)
NOTE: Boolean operators include AND, OR, NOT, and XOR Comparison operators may include, but are not limite		
CSCE.Y1.2.2 Classify the types of information that can be stored as variables and analyze the appropriateness of each (e.g., Booleans, characters, integers, floating points, strings)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSCE.Y1.2.3 Analyze how computer science concepts relate to the field of mathematics	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Concepts may include, but are not limited to, differen minimum, mode, and range.	t division methods (e.g., integer, long, modular), rando	m number generation, domain, maximum, mean,
CSCE.Y1.2.4 Discuss and apply concepts of abstraction	CSCE.Y2.2.4 Analyze and utilize concepts of abstraction as modeling and abstraction as encapsulation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Abstraction is the process of reducing information an hiding the details).	d detail to facilitate focus on relevant concepts and fun	nctionality (displaying only essential information while
CSCE.Y1.2.5 Perform operations of level-appropriate complexity with binary, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers	CSCE.Y2.2.5 Perform operations of level-appropriate complexity with binary, octal, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Operations may include, but are not limited to, addition	on, subtraction, multiplication, division, and conversion	

CSCE.Y1.2.6 Demonstrate operator precedence in expressions and statements	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
	btraction, division, modulus division, concatenation, squ o, inside-out, order of operations, and the understandir	
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.2.7 Describe and represent basic electrical quantities including, but not limited to charge, current, energy, power, and voltage and describe the relationships among them	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.2.8 Provide examples of using mathematical models in circuit simulators	CSCE.Y3.2.8 Produce mathematical models to represent material properties of electronic devices
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.2.9 Solve problems of level-appropriate complexity using fundamental laws of electricity (e.g., Faraday, Kirchhoff, Ohms)	CSCE.Y3.2.9 Solve problems of level-appropriate complexity using fundamental laws of electricity (e.g., Faraday, Kirchhoff, Ohms)
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.2.10 Perform conversions of level-appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y3.2.10 Perform conversions of level-appropriate complexity
NOTE CSCE Y2-Y3:		

Conversions may include, but are not limited to, converting to and from the formats specified by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 754 standard for floating-point arithmetic; converting from a physical quantity such as acceleration, pressure, and temperature to voltage or current; and voltage to binary and binary to voltage numerical conversions given encoding method, range, and reference voltage parameters.

Strand: Data, Information, and Security Content Cluster 3: Students will analyze and utilize data through the use of computing devices.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.3.1 Define, store, access, and manipulate level- appropriate data (e.g., primitive, linear)	CSCE.Y2.3.1 Create programs to store, access, and manipulate level-appropriate data (e.g., structured data, objects)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
Objects may include, but are not limited to, constructed Defining, storing, and accessing may include, but are parameters, private, protected, public).	lists, strings, and vectors. ays, classes, linked lists, maps, multidimensional arrays	rs (e.g., final, pass-by-value, pass-by-reference
CSCE.Y1.3.2 Define and discuss different examples of level- appropriate quantitative and qualitative data	CSCE.Y2.3.2 Define and discuss different examples of level- appropriate quantitative and qualitative data	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.3.3 Research, discuss, and create level-appropriate programs to model and simulate probabilistic and real-world scenarios	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Probabilistic scenarios may include, but are not limite Real-world scenarios may include, but are not limited	d to, flipping a coin, random walkers, and rolling dice. to, city population and predator-prey.	
CSCE.Y1.3.4 Analyze and utilize appropriate visual representations of level-appropriate data	CSCE.Y2.3.4 Analyze and utilize appropriate visual representations of level-appropriate static and dynamic data	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Visual representation tools may include, but are not li Dynamic data may include, but is not limited to, netwo	mited to, analytics reports, graphical representations, pork traffic, real-time weather data, sensor statuses, store	brogramming language libraries, and spreadsheets. ck market valuations, and system status.
CSCE.Y1.3.5 Perform level-appropriate data analysis using computing tools	CSCE.Y2.3.5 Perform level-appropriate data analysis using computing tools	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

#### NOTE: Analysis may include, but is not limited to, maximum values, mean values, minimum values, ranges, and string comparisons.

Strand: Data, Information, and Security Content Cluster 4: Students will analyze and utilize concepts of cybersecurity.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.4.1 Identify the five pillars of cybersecurity and evaluate the relevance of each pillar to computer science concepts	CSCE.Y2.4.1 Apply the five pillars of cybersecurity as applicable to level-appropriate computer science concepts	CSCE.Y3.4,1 Apply the five pillars of cybersecurity as applicable to level-appropriate computer science concepts
	f cybersecurity (confidentiality, integrity, availability, n ability, authorization, least-privilege, and need-to-know	
CSCE.Y1.4.2 Research and describe different roles within the hacking community (e.g., white hat, black hat, gray hat hacking), including positive and negative motivations, significant impacts, and social stereotypes	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
not limited to, Charlie Miller's compromisation of Fiat Black hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, th services or systems. A significant impact example ma subsequent ransom demands. Gray hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, ur	ne unauthorized processes of accessing systems to de ay include, but is not limited to, Behzad Mesri's alleged nauthorized processes of accessing systems to report ally not included; students and teachers are encourage	estroy, compromise, or steal data and deny access to
CSCE.Y1.4.3 Research and describe the impacts of ransomware, trojans, viruses, and other malware	CSCE.Y2.4.3 Research and describe common attacks on hardware, software, and networks	CSCE.Y3.4.3 Replicate level-appropriate and common attacks on hardware, software, and networks
Common software attacks may include, but are not lin command injection.	imited to, clones, hardware trojans, and side-channel nited to, buffer overflows, deployment errors, software nited to, man-in-the-middle attacks, packet sniffing, pro	e bugs, and Structured Query Language (SQL) and

CSCE.Y1.4.4 Explain implications related to identification and responsible reporting of a vulnerability versus exploitation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2		CSCE.Y3.4.5 Enumerate techniques to combat cracking attacks

Strand: Algorithms and Programs Content Cluster 5: Students will create, evaluate, and modify algorithms.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that use iteration, selection, and sequence	CSCE.Y2.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that use iteration, recursion, selection, and sequence	CSCE.Y3.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms including, but not limited to, brute force, divide and conquer, and greedy algorithms
CSCE.Y1.5.2 Illustrate the flow of execution of algorithms in level- appropriate programs including branching and looping	CSCE.Y2.5.2 Illustrate the flow of execution of algorithms in level- appropriate programs including combinational and sequential logic circuits (e.g., arithmetic blocks, combinatorial gates, memory elements) and finite state machines	CSCE.Y3.5.2 Illustrate the flow of execution of algorithms in level- appropriate programs including high-impedance state and logic gate implementation including a tri- state buffer
NOTE: Illustrations may include, but are not limited to, flowch	arts and pseudocode.	
CSCE.Y1.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student- created and non-student-created algorithms	CSCE.Y2.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student- created and non-student-created algorithms including classic search and sort algorithms CSCE Y2: Include evaluation of scheduling algorithms on system performance; algorithms used in application domains including control applications; discrete event simulation applications; encryption/decryption algorithms; and location-aware or mobile applications	CSCE.Y3.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student- created algorithms and non-student-created algorithms including parallel algorithms
NOTE: Evaluation tools may include, but are not limited to, a Qualities may include, but are not limited to, correctne usability.	code review and test cases. ess, efficiency, exception handling, input/data/model va	alidation, portability, readability, scalability, and
CSCE.Y1.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	CSCE.Y2.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	CSCE.Y3.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.5.5	CSCE.Y3.5.5

	Explain how regular expressions are related to finite state machines and why this is important	Generate a regular expression to represent a specified language
	state machines and why this is important	specified language
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Strand: Algorithms and Programs Content Cluster 6: Students will create programs to solve problems.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.6.1 Create programs using procedures to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y2.6.1 Create programs to solve problems of level- appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y3.6.1 Create programs to solve problems of level- appropriate complexity and to demonstrate an understanding of machine-level operations including: <ul> <li>a deterministic finite state machine to accept a simple language</li> <li>level-appropriate assembly language programs</li> </ul>
NOTE: "Procedures" is considered interchangeable with "fun Problems may include, but are not limited to, encodin solving classic computer science tasks such as The T	g, encryption, finding minimum/maximum values, iden	tifying prime numbers, searching and sorting, and
CSCE.Y1.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace)	CSCE.Y2.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace)	CSCE.Y3.6.2 Apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace)
CSCE.Y1.6.3 Determine the scope and state of variables declared in procedures and control structures over time	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: "Procedures" is considered interchangeable with "fun	ctions" for meeting this standard.	
CSCE.Y1.6.4 Create programs of level-appropriate complexity that read from standard input, write to standard output, read from a file, write to a file, and append to a file	CSCE.Y2.6.4 Create programs that read from, write to, and append to a file of level-appropriate complexity that includes structured data	CSCE.Y3.6.4 Create programs that perform input/output (I/O) to an external device or system that uses an asynchronous serial interface
Standard input and output on mobile application device Standard input and output on robots may include, but Structured data refers to any representation of data w	ly include, but are not limited to, a keyboard and termin ces may include, but are not limited to, touchscreen an are not limited to, sensors and servos. which can be interpreted by an external or separate cor lotation (JSON), Extensible Markup Language (XML),	d speakers. nputing system including, but not limited to,

CSCE.Y1.6.5 Use a systematic approach to detect logic, runtime, and syntax errors within a program	CSCE.Y2.6.5 Use a systematic approach to detect logic, runtime, and syntax errors within a program	CSCE.Y3.6.5 Use a systematic approach to detect logic, runtime, and syntax errors within a program
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.6.6 Describe direct memory access (DMA) and how it is supported on target embedded systems	CSCE.Y3.6.6 Create programs that perform a sequence of I/O operations using DMA
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.6.7 Create programs that measure waveform characteristics including frequency and pulse width using hardware timers	CSCE.Y3.6.7 Create programs that use pulse width modulation for external device control
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.6.8 Describe the sampling theorem and related concepts of the aliasing and Nyquist frequency	CSCE.Y3.6.8 Demonstrate aliasing and implement anti-aliasing strategies

Strand: Computers and Communications Content Cluster 7: Students will analyze the utilization of computers within industry.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.7.1 Identify hardware and software specific to carrying out the mission of regional industries	CSCE.Y2.7.1 Utilize hardware and/or software to solve level- appropriate industry-based problems	CSCE.Y3.7.1 Model and utilize hardware and/or software to solve level-appropriate industry-based problems
CSCE.Y1.7.2 Research advancing and emerging technologies (e.g., artificially intelligent agents, blockchain, extended reality, Internet of Things (IoT), machine learning, robotics)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

## Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 8: Students will analyze communication methods and systems used to transmit information among computing devices.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.8.1 Utilize the command line to accomplish common network troubleshooting tasks at an introductory level	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Common network troubleshooting tasks may include, address information using an external service (e.g., if path of communication to a remote system (e.g., trac	fconfig.me, myip.com, whatsmyip.com); validating co	ommunication with a remote system (e.g., ping); tracing
CSCE.Y1.8.2 Research and describe common networking concepts at an introductory level	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
		ork (LAN), wide area network (WAN)); various commo
addressing schemes; role of Domain Name System (	(DNS); the hierarchical nature of networks; purpose ( firewalls; network access roles (e.g., employee vers	us guest, staff versus student); role of internet service
addressing schemes; role of Domain Name System ( networks (e.g., copper, fiber optic, radio); purpose of providers (ISP); wireless connectivity; client-server re	(DNS); the hierarchical nature of networks; purpose ( firewalls; network access roles (e.g., employee vers	of virtual private networks (VPN); signal carriers for us guest, staff versus student); role of internet service

Discussions of common rules for communications may include, but are not limited to, the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Model and packet communication. Common network protocols may include, but are not limited to, DNS, Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)/ Secure Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTPS), Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)/Post Office Protocol (POP)/Internet Message Access Protocol (IMAP), and Telnet/Secure Shell (SSH).

Strand: Computers and Communications Content Cluster 9: Students will utilize appropriate hardware and software.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.9.1 Compare and contrast computer programming paradigms (e.g., functional, imperative, object- oriented)	CSCE.Y2.9.1 Discuss early programming languages, their key features, why early software was written in machine language and assembly language, and the relationship between the encoding of machine-level operations at the binary level and their representation in a symbolic assembly language	CSCE.Y3.9.1 Explain the need for a hardware description language (HDL) in digital system design
CSCE.Y1.9.2 Research, describe, and utilize at an appropriate level: debugging strategies integrated development environments (IDE) source-code editors version control strategies	CSCE.Y2.9.2 Use collaboration tools and version control systems in a group software project of appropriate complexity	CSCE.Y3.9.2 Use collaboration tools and version control systems in a group software project of appropriate complexity
CSCE.Y1.9.3 Classify layers of software (e.g., applications, drivers, firmware, operating systems) utilized within various platforms (e.g., Android, ChromeOS, iOS, Linux, macOS, Windows)	CSCE.Y2.9.3 Describe techniques used in real time operating systems (RTOS) including coroutines, message passing, preemptive versus cooperative scheduling, mutexes queues, semaphores, and tasks	CSCE.Y3.9.3 Create programs using either a state machine framework or a RTOS for sample embedded system applications
CSCE.Y1.9.4 Identify and describe the purpose of hardware components within various personal computing platforms	CSCE.Y2.9.4 Contrast the circuit properties of different kinds of non-volatile storage elements (e.g., flash memory, read-only memory)	CSCE.Y3.9.4 Discuss common types of mixed-signal circuits and applications, including analog-to-digital (A/D) and digital-to-analog (D/A) converters and sample-and- hold circuits
NOTE: Hardware components include, but are not limited to, central processing units (CPU), chassis, cooling components, graphics cards, input/output devices, memory, motherboards, power supplies, and storage devices.		
This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	CSCE.Y3.9.5 Compare, contrast, and utilize design tools and tool flow that are useful for the creation and simulation of digital circuits and systems
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This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.6 Apply properties of circuits containing various combinations of capacitance (C), inductance (L), resistance (R) and elements including damping, steady-state and transient responses, and time constants	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.7 Identify the purpose of and represent basic circuit elements including, but not limited to, capacitors, inductors, resistors, and transformers	CSCE.Y3.9.7 Explain characteristics and properties of electronic materials including:
This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	CSCE.Y3.9.8 Explain the reasons and strategies for different computer architectures including, but not limited to, a von Neumann machine and indicate strengths and weaknesses inherent in each
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.9 Contrast various elements of circuit models including dependent and independent sources as well as parallel and series elements	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.10 Define important engineering constraints such as cost, performance, power, size, timing, and weight and their tradeoffs in the context of digital systems design	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	This standard is not specifically required until Year 3	CSCE.Y3.9.11 Create programs that use one or more external sensors for monitoring physical properties
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.12 Discuss how accelerators (e.g., digital signal processors, field-programmable gate arrays, graphics processing units) can be used to improve performance	CSCE.Y3.9.12 Discuss how memory performance metrics, including bandwidth, cycle time, interleaving, and latency are used to measure the effects of memory on overall system performance
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This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.13 Contrast parallel I/O versus serial I/O tradeoffs in terms of application, cost, throughput, and wiring cost	CSCE.Y3.9.13 Describe the appropriateness of different I/O configurations (input, open-drain, strong drive, tri- state, weak pullup/pulldown) available in general purpose I/O for a given target application
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.9.14 Describe data formatting and timing diagrams	CSCE.Y3.9.14 Describe interrupts and signaling levels used in embedded systems
This standard is not specifically required until Year 3		CSCE.Y3.9.15 Discuss mechanisms for buffering data streams including, but not limited to, stacks and queues (e.g., first in first out, last in first out)

Strand: Professionalism and Impacts of Computing Content Cluster 10: Students will analyze the impacts of technology and professionalism within the computing community.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.10.1 Research and describe the risks and risk mitigation strategies associated with the utilization and implementation of social media and other digital technology implications	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Risks include, but are not limited to, cyberbullying, ide Implications may include, but are not limited to, emplo		
, , , ,	CSCE.Y2.10.2 Research and describe issues related to creating and enforcing cyber-related laws and regulations (e.g., ethical challenges, policy vacuum, privacy versus security, unintended consequences)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSCE.Y1.10.3 Research and describe the potential benefits associated with the utilization and implementation of social media and other digital technologies	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Potential benefits may include, but are not limited to, b	prand building, crowdsourcing, personal promotion aw	/areness, and project funding.
CSCE.Y1.10.4 Research and describe the relationship between access and security (e.g., active and passive data, convenience, data mining, digital marketing, online wallets, privacy, theft of personal information)	CSCE.Y2.10.4 Identify the ethical implications encountered in the curation, management, and monetization of data (e.g., harvesting, information overload, knowledge management repositories, sharing, summarizing)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
	CSCE.Y2.10.5 Explain advantages and disadvantages of various software life cycle processes (e.g., Agile, spiral, waterfall)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSCE.Y1.10.6 Research the history of computing devices and their	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

CSCE.Y1.10.7 Research and identify diverse careers and career opportunities (e.g., accessibility, availability, demand) that are influenced by computer science and the technical and soft skills needed for each	CSCE.Y2.10.7 Demonstrate industry-relevant technical and soft skills	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.10.8 Identify the components of a quality professional digital portfolio	CSCE.Y3.10.8 Evaluate the quality and impact of a professional digital portfolio
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSCE.Y2.10.9 Create and maintain a digital collection of self- created work	CSCE.Y3.10.9 Create and maintain a professional digital portfolio comprised of self-created work
NOTE CSCE Y2-Y3:		

Self-created works may include, but are not limited to, diagrams, media, project reports, and source code.

Strand: Professionalism and Impacts of Computing Content Cluster 11: Students will demonstrate understanding of storytelling with data and appropriately communicate about technical information.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSCE.Y1.11.1 Communicate basic technical information effectively to diverse audiences, including but not limited to, non-technical audience members	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Technical information may include, but is not limited t paradigms, and troubleshooting concepts.	o, collecting or collected data, computing hardware,	cyber hygiene, networking concepts, programming
CSCE.Y1.11.2 Describe and utilize the concepts of storytelling with data	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Storytelling concepts may include, but are not limited appealing visualizations appropriate for the intended censoring of data.		
CSCE.Y1.11.3 Describe the following common types of data bias: confirmation bias confounding variables outliers overfitting/underfitting selection bias	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSCE.Y1.11.4 Compare and contrast causation and correlation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSCE.Y1.11.5 Compare and contrast interpreting data, inferring using data, and implicating with data	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

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