

Students

Nonpublic School Students, Including Parochial and Home-Schooled Students¹

Part-Time Attendance

The District accepts nonpublic school students, including parochial and home-schooled students, who live within the District for part-time attendance in the District's regular education program on a space-available basis.² Requests for part-time attendance must be submitted to the Building Principal of the school in the school attendance area where the student resides. All requests for attendance in the following school year must be submitted before May 1.³

A student accepted for partial enrollment must comply with all discipline and attendance requirements established by the school. He or she may participate in any co-curricular activity associated with a District class in which he or she is enrolled. The parent(s)/guardian(s) of a student accepted for partial enrollment must pay all fees, pro-rated on the basis of a percentage of full-time fees. Transportation to and/or from school is provided on regular bus routes to or from a point on the route nearest or most easily accessible to the nonpublic school or student's home. This transportation shall be on the same basis as the District provides transportation for its full-time students.⁴ Transportation on other than established bus routes is the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian(s).

Students with a Disability⁵

The District accepts for part-time attendance those children for whom it has been determined that special education services are needed, are enrolled in nonpublic schools, and otherwise qualify for

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¹ State or federal law controls this policy's content. The compulsory attendance law requires that parents/guardians of a child between the ages of 7 and 17 years send their child to public school. 105 ILCS 5/26-1 *et seq.* An exception is provided for any child attending a private or parochial school "where children are taught the branches of education taught to children of corresponding age and grades in public schools, and where the instruction of the child in the branches of education is in the English language." *Id.* Home schooling is included in this exception if the teacher is competent, the required subjects are taught, and the student receives an education that is at least equivalent to public schooling. *People v. Levisen*, 404 Ill. 574 (1950).

² As of January 1, 1996, many of the duties imposed on school boards became powers. 105 ILCS 5/10-20. Thus, boards have the power to accept students enrolled in nonpublic schools for part-time attendance. 105 ILCS 5/10-20.24. A board should consult its attorney before deciding not to accept nonpublic students for part-time attendance.

³ *Id.* The deadline for submitting a request is at the local district's option. Consult the board attorney if the district or a school receives a request after this deadline.

⁴ Such transportation is required by 105 ILCS 5/29-4.

⁵ This paragraph restates State law. 105 ILCS 5/14-6.01. Federal law requires districts to develop and implement a system to locate, identify, and evaluate children with disabilities who attend private schools (including religiously affiliated schools and home-schools) located within the district. Moreover, the district must conduct child find activities for private school children with disabilities that are similar to those for children with disabilities in public schools. See 34 C.F.R. §§300.130-300.144 (children with disabilities enrolled by their parents in private schools). See Section 2, **Child Find**, in the IASB/III. Council of School Attorneys sample *Special Education Procedures Assuring the Implementation of Comprehensive Programming for Children with Disabilities*, at www.iasb.com/law/icsaspeded.cfm. ~~Information from the U.S. Dept. of Education is at: www2.ed.gov/admins/lead/speced/privateschools/index.html?exp=3, including~~ See the U.S. Dept. of Education's publication *Provisions Related to Children with Disabilities Enrolled by their Parents in Private Schools*, available at www.ed.gov/sites/ed/files/admins/lead/speced/privateschools/idea.pdf.

enrollment in the District. Requests must be submitted by the student's parent/guardian. Special educational services shall be provided to such students as soon as possible after identification, evaluation, and placement procedures provided by State law, but no later than the beginning of the next school semester following the completion of such procedures. Transportation for such students shall be provided only if required in the child's Individualized Educational Program on the basis of the child's disabling condition or as the special education program location may require.

Extracurricular Activities, Including Interscholastic Competition

A nonpublic school student is eligible to participate in: (1) interscholastic competition, provided his or her participation adheres to the regulations established by any association in which the ~~School~~ District maintains a membership, and (2) non-athletic extracurricular activities, provided the student attends a District school for at least one-half of the regular school day, excluding lunch.⁶ A nonpublic student who participates in an extracurricular activity is subject to all policies, regulations, and rules that are applicable to other participants in the activity.

Assignment When Enrolling Full-Time in a District School

Grade placement by, and academic credits earned at, a nonpublic school will be accepted if the school has a Certificate of Nonpublic School Recognition from the Ill.~~inois~~ State Board of Education, or, if outside Illinois, if the school is accredited by the state agency governing education.⁷

A student who, after receiving instruction in a non-recognized or non-accredited school, enrolls in the District will: (1) be assigned to a grade level according to academic proficiency, and/or (2) have academic credits recognized by the District if the student demonstrates appropriate academic proficiency to the school administration.⁸ Any portion of a student's transcript relating to such instruction will not be considered for placement on the honor roll or computation in class rank.⁹

Notwithstanding the above, recognition of grade placement and academic credits awarded by a nonpublic school is at the sole discretion of the District. All school and class assignments will be made

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⁶ State law is silent on this issue, ~~allowing districts to set their own participation requirements.~~ However, the Ill. High School Association Bylaws, 3.011 and 4.011, state that in order to be eligible to participate in interscholastic competition a student must be enrolled in a district school and take a minimum of 25 credit hours of work for which the district will grant high school credit upon the student completing and passing the courses. If the board decides not to allow such participation, consider omitting this section of the policy and substituting:

Nonpublic school students, regardless of whether they attend a District school part-time, will not be allowed to participate in any extracurricular activities.

⁷ This paragraph is optional; districts are not required to accept the grade placement or academic credits from nonpublic schools. However, the Ill. State Board of Education (ISBE) provides a *recognition* status to nonpublic schools in order to, among other things, provide assurance that the school's educational program meets at least minimum State requirements. See 105 ILCS 5/2-3.25o; 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 425, and ISBE's guidance at: www.isbe.net/Pages/Nonpublic-Elementary-and-Secondary-School-Registration-and-Recognition.aspx. Nonpublic schools may seek a *Certificate of Nonpublic School Recognition* by complying with these guidelines. While nonpublic school certification is entirely voluntarily, only nonpublic schools that have met the voluntary recognition requirements are eligible to receive school safety and education improvement block grant funding. See 23 Ill.Admin.Code §425.80.

⁸ The question whether to award academic credit based on proficiency is complex. If credit is not given, any incoming secondary student from a nongraded school begins high school as a freshman, regardless of age or proficiency. On the other hand, to award credit based on a student's proficiency only if the student is transferring from a nongraded school will seem unfair to other students. State law is silent on this issue and boards should consult their administrative team for guidance.

⁹ Optional.

according to ~~School~~ Board policy 7:30, *Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer*, as well as administrative procedures implementing this policy.

LEGAL REF.: 105 ILCS 5/10-20.24 and 5/14-6.01.

CROSS REF.: 4:110 (Transportation), 6:170 (Title I Programs), 6:190 (Extracurricular and Co-Curricular Activities), 6:320 (High School Credit for Proficiency), 7:30 (Student Assignment and Intra-District Transfer), 7:300 (Extracurricular Athletics)

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