### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

### 2:80 Board Member Oath and Conduct

Each Board of Education member, before taking his or her seat on the Board, shall take the following oath of office:

I, (name), do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of member of the Board of Education of Bloomingdale School District 13, in accordance with the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and the laws of the State of Illinois, to the best of my ability.

### I further swear (or affirm) that:

**I shall respect** taxpayer interests by serving as a faithful protector of the School District's assets:

**I shall encourage** and respect the free expression of opinion by my fellow Board members and others who seek a hearing before the Board, while respecting the privacy of students and employees;

**I shall recognize** that a Board member has no legal authority as an individual and that decisions can be made only by a majority vote at a public Board meeting; and

**I shall abide** by majority decisions of the Board, while retaining the right to seek changes in such decisions through ethical and constructive channels.

As part of the Board of Education, I shall accept the responsibility for my role in the equitable and quality education of every student in the School District:

**I shall foster** with the Board extensive participation of the community, formulate goals, define outcomes, and set the course for Bloomingdale School District 13.

**I shall assist** in establishing a structure and an environment designed to ensure all students have the opportunity to attain their maximum potential through a sound organizational framework;

**I shall strive** to ensure a continuous assessment of student achievement and all conditions affecting the education of our children, in compliance with State law;

**I shall serve** as education's key advocate on behalf of students and our community's school (or schools) to advance the vision for Bloomingdale School District 13.

**I shall strive** to work together with the District Superintendent to lead the School District toward fulfilling the vision the Board has created, fostering excellence for every student in the areas of academic skills, knowledge, citizenship, and personal development.

The Board President will administer the oath in an open Board meeting; in the absence of the

President, the Vice President will administer the oath. If neither is available, the Board member with the longest service on the Board will administer the oath.

The Board adopts the Illinois Association of School Boards' *Code of Conduct for Members of School Boards* (Code). PRESSPlus1 A copy of the Code shall be displayed in the regular Board meeting room. Q1

### LEGAL REF.:

### 105 ILCS 5/10-16.5.

CROSS REF.: 1:30 (School District Philosophy), 2:20 (Powers and Duties of the Board of Education; Indemnification), 2:50 (Board Member Term of Office), 2:60 (Board Member Removal from Office), 2:100 (Board Member Conflict of Interest), 2:105 (Ethics and Gift Ban), 2:210 (Organizational Board of Education Meeting)

Adopted: August 28, 2023

### **Questions and Answers:**

\*\*\*Required Question 1. The School Code does not specifically address what happens when board members violate their oath of office, nor does it create an opportunity to take legal action for such violations. Collins v. Bd. of Educ. of North Chicago Comm. Unit Sch. Dist. 187, 792 F.Supp.2d 992 (N.D.III. 2011). Consult the board attorney for guidance when considering any type of disciplinary action or sanction against a board member.

Depending on the situation, a board self-evaluation or private one-on-one meetings with a board member may be appropriate to address an issue relating to board member behavior (for a list of IASB workshops, see www.iasb.com/conference-training-and-events/training/workshops/). When a board member's violation of the oath of office also constitutes a willful failure to perform his or her official duties, the board may request the regional superintendent to remove the member from office. See sample policy 2:60, Board Member Removal from Office, available at PRESS Online by logging in at www.iasb.com, at footnote 2, for further discussion. A board member whose conduct violates conflict of interest laws may also be subject to criminal liability and removal from office. See sample policy 2:100, Board Member Conflict of Interest, and its footnotes, for additional information. In consultation with the board attorney, a board may also consider other actions to address a member's violation of the oath of office, such as publicly censuring a member. Houston Comm. College System v. Wilson, 595 U.S. 468 (2022) (holding that a college board of trustees did not violate a trustee's First Amendment rights when it adopted a resolution censuring him for "reprehensible" conduct). Other sanctions may be also warranted, depending on the facts. For example, in Earnest v. Jasper Cty. Comm. Unit Sch. Dist. No. 1, 371 F.Supp.3d 459 (S.D.III 2019), a court held a board member was not deprived of his liberty interest under the 14th Amendment when the board limited his access to confidential board packet information after it found the board member shared confidential personnel and student information with members of the public.

To encourage appropriate conduct, boards may wish to have their policy express potential consequences for violating the oath of office or the *Code of Conduct for Members of School Boards*. Such boards may add the following sentence to the end of this policy:

"A board member who fails to abide by the oath of office or the *Code* may be subject to action by the Board, including, but not limited to, formal censure and/or referral to the Regional Superintendent for

removal from office under Board policy 2:60, Board Member Removal from Office."

Has the Board adopted this policy to include the optional sentence shown above?

• No. (Default)

○ Yes. (For districts in suburban Cook County, IASB will replace "Regional Superintendent" with "appropriate Intermediate Service Center Executive Director.")

### **PRESSPlus Comments**

PRESSPlus 1. Updated for continuous improvement. Issue 119, June 2025

### **Board Member Development**

# 2:120-E2 Exhibit - Website Listing of Development and Training Completed by Board Members

District web<u>site administrator</u> PRESSPlus1 Post this template (including the explanatory paragraphs) on the District's website and update the table as information is provided.

Each Illinois school board member who is elected or appointed to fill a vacancy of at least one year's duration must complete State-mandated *professional development* and leadership training (PDLT) and Open Meetings Act (OMA) training. State-mandated training is also required for board members who want to vote upon a dismissal based upon the Performance Evaluation Reform Act. For additional information, see Board policy 2:120, Board Member Development.

The following table contains State-mandated training requirements and other professional development activities that were completed by each Board member. When the Illinois Association of School Boards (IASB) provided the training, the acronym "IASB" follows the listed activity.

Name	Development <u>or</u> and Training Activity and Provi

IASB is a voluntary organization of local boards of education dedicated to strengthening the Illinois public schools through local citizen control. Although not a part of State government, IASB is organized by member Board of Educations as a private not-for-profit corporation under authority granted by <a href="Article 23">Article 23 of the School Code</a>. The vision of IASB is excellence in local Board of Education governance supporting quality public education.

For more information regarding IASB and its programs, visit <a href="https://www.iasb.com">www.iasb.com</a>.

DATED: September 27, 2021

### **PRESSPlus Comments**

### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

### 2:130 Board-Superintendent Relationship

The Board of Education directs, through policy, the Superintendent in his or her charge of the administration of the District by delegating its authority to operate the District and provide leadership to staff. The Board employs and evaluates the Superintendent and holds him or her responsible for the operation of the District in accordance with Board policies and State and federal law.

The Board-Superintendent relationship is based on mutual respect for their complementary roles. The relationship requires clear communication of expectations regarding the duties and responsibilities of both the Board and Superintendent.

The Board considers the recommendations of the Superintendent as the District's Chief Executive Officer. The Board adopts policies necessary to provide general PRESSPlus1 direction for the District and to encourage achievement of District goals. The Superintendent develops plans, programs, and procedures needed to implement the policies and directs the District's operations.

LEGAL REF.:

<u>105 ILCS 5/10-16.7</u> and <u>5/10-21.4</u>.

CROSS REF.: 3:40 (Superintendent)

Adopted: September 27, 2021

#### **PRESSPlus Comments**

### **Board of Education Meeting Procedure**

### 2:220-E4 Exhibit - Open Meeting Minutes

### **Meeting Minutes Protocol**

- Meeting minutes are the permanent record of the proceedings during a Board of Education meeting. All Board action must be recorded in the minutes; thus, the minutes focus on Board action.
- 2. The minutes only include information provided at the meeting. Information may not be corrected or updated in the minutes unless it was discussed at the meeting.
- 3. Minutes include a summary of the Board's discussion on an agenda topic; the minutes do not state what is said verbatim. The minutes do not repeat the same point made by different individuals. If appropriate, the minutes include a brief background and an explanation of the circumstances surrounding an issue discussed. The minutes do not include the names of <u>Board</u> members making specific points during discussion. Requests from individual Board members to include their vote or an opinion <u>in the minutes</u> <u>PRESSPlus1</u> are handled according to Board policy 2:220, Board of Education Meeting Procedure.
- 4. The minutes include the topic of reports that are made to the Board including reports from the Superintendent or a Board committee. Written reports are filed with the minutes but do not become part of the minutes.
- 5. The minutes note when a member is not present for the entire meeting due to late arrival and/or early departure.
- 6. Although items may be considered by the Board in a different order than appeared on the agenda, items in the minutes are generally recorded in the same order as they appeared on the agenda. When a meeting is reconvened on a different date, the minutes must describe what happened on each meeting date.
- 7. The minutes should be recorded in an objective but positive/constructive tone. Answers and explanations, rather than questions, are recorded. Writing style, including choice of words and sentence structure, is at the discretion of the individual recording the minutes.
- 8. The minutes include individuals' names who speak during the meeting's public participation segment as well as the topics they address. All written documents presented at a Board meeting are filed with the minutes but do not become part of the minutes.
- 9. The following template generally governs meeting minutes.

### **Open Meeting Minutes**

Date:	Time:
Location:	
Type of meeting: ☐ Regular ☐ Special ☐ R	econvened or rescheduled ☐ Emergency

Name of person taking the minutes:

Name of	person presiding:	·····
Member	s in attendance:	Members absent:
1.		1.
2.		2.
3.		3.
4.		
5.		
6. -		
7.		
Approva	l of Agenda	
List any i	items removed from the co	onsent agenda:
Motion m	nade by:	
Motion:	☐ To approve	
	☐ To add items as follo	ws: (No action may be taken on newagenda items.)
Motion s	econded by:	
Action:	☐ Passed ☐ Failed	
Approva	l of Previous Meeting M	inutes (Needed only if this item is not on the consent agenda.)
Minutes	from the Board meeting he	eld on:
Motion n		
Motion:	☐ To approve	
	☐ To approve subject to	o incorporation of the following amendment(s):
Motion s	econded by:	
Action:	□ Passed□ Failed	

Approval of Items on Consent Agenda (This may include expense advancements, reimbursements, and/or purchase orders regulated by the Local Government Travel Expense Control Act (see Board policies 2:125, Board Member Compensation; Expenses, and 5:60, Expenses)

Summary of discussion:

Motion to ap	prove the consent ag	enda made by:
Motion seco	nded by:	
Roll Call: (Ne	eeded when consent	agenda contains an item involving the expenditure of
	"Yeas"	"Nays"
Action:		☐ Passed ☐ Failed
Public Com	ments (Reproduce th	nis section for each individual making a comment.)
_	individual appeared a	and commented on the topic noted below: (Include the title of any d.)
Name:		
Topic:		
Remaining A	Agenda Items (Repr	oduce this section for each agenda item.)
Agenda item	n:	
Summary of	discussion:	
Motion made	e by:	
Motion to:		
Motion seco	nded by:	
Action:		☐ Passed ☐ Failed
(If a roll call	vote occurred, record	the vote of individual Board members.)
	"Yeas"	"Nays"
	e, Approval of Motio Closed Meeting.)	n to Adjourn to Closed Meeting (Insert <u>exhibit</u> 2:220-E2, Motion
Approval of	Motion to Adjourn	
Motion to ad	journ made by:	
Motion seco	nded by:	
Action:	☐ Passed ☐ F	Failed

Time of adjournment:
Post-Meeting Action
Date minutes approved:
Date minutes were available for public inspection:
Date minutes were posted on District website:
DATED : September 27, 2021

Date:

Time:

### **Board of Education Meeting Procedure**

### 2:220-E7 Exhibit - Access to Closed Meeting Minutes and Verbatim Recordings

The Board must allow its duly elected officials or appointed officials filling a vacancy of an elected office access to closed session minutes and verbatim recordings. <u>5 ILCS 120/2.06(e)</u>. The following subheads implement the logistics of granting this access.

Access to Closed Meeting Minutes	
Duplicate this section for each grant of access to closed meeting	minutes.
Date: Time: Storage Location:	<del>-</del>
Name of person(s) responsible for storing the closed meeting minu	utes:
☐ Access granted	
Date access occurred: Start time: En	d time:
Requesting Board member's name (Please print)	
In the presence of: (Check appropriate box and insert name on lin	PRESSPlus1
☐ Recording Secretary	
☐ Superintendent or designated administrator	
☐ Elected Board member	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
For requesting Board member: (Read the following and sign be	low.)
While the Open Meetings Act does not provide a cause of action agdisclosing closed session discussions ( <i>Swanson v. Bd. of Police C</i> (2nd Dist. 1990)), I acknowledge and understand that any disclosure closed session minutes not yet released to the public could subject alleging that I created harm to another, i.e., an intentional tort(s).	commissioners, 197 III.App.3d 592 es by me of information in the
Requesting Board Member Signature Date	
Verbatim Recording Access	
Duplicate this section for each grant of access to verbatim recordi	ngs.

Storage Location:

		J	
Name of person(s) respo	nsible for storing	the verbatim ı	recording:
☐ Access granted			
Date access occurred: _	Star	rt time:	End time:
Requesting Board memb	er's name <i>(Pleas</i>	se print)	
In the presence of: (Chec	k appropriate bo	ox and insert n	ame <mark> on line</mark> .)
☐ Recording Secre	etary		
☐ Superintendent	or designated ad	Iministrator	
☐ Elected Board n	nember		
☐ Access denied			erbatim recording requested is older than red pursuant to <u>5 ILCS 120/2.06</u> (c).
For requesting Board m	nember: (Read ti	he following a	nd sign below)
disclosing closed session (2nd Dist. 1990)), I acknow	discussions (Sw wledge and unde ecordings could	<i>nanson v. Bd.</i> erstand that an	of action against me or the Board for of Police Commissioners, 197 III.App.3d 592 y disclosures by me of information in the a possible civil action alleging that I created
Requesting Board Membe	er Signature	Date	
DATED : September 27,	2021		

# Document Status: Draft Update <u>STUDENTS</u>

### 7:140 Search and Seizure

In order to maintain order and security in the schools, school authorities are authorized to conduct reasonable searches of school property and equipment, as well as of students and their personal effects. "School authorities" includes school liaison police officers.

School Property and Equipment as well as Personal Effects Left ThereOn School Property PRESSPlus1 by Students

School authorities may inspect and search school property and equipment owned or controlled by the school (such as, lockers, desks, and parking lots), as well as personal effects left there by a student, without notice to or the consent of the student. Students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places or areas or in their personal effects left there.

The Superintendent may request the assistance of law enforcement officials to conduct inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs.

### Students

School authorities may search a student and/or the student's personal effects in the student's possession (such as, purses, wallets, knapsacks, book bags, lunch boxes, etc.) when there is a reasonable ground for suspecting that the search will produce evidence the particular student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's student conduct rules. The search itself must be conducted in a manner that is reasonably related to its objective and not excessively intrusive in light of the student's age and sex, and the nature of the infraction.

When feasible, the search should be conducted as follows:

- 1. Outside the view of others, including students,
- 2. In the presence of a school administrator or adult witness, and
- 3. By a certificated licensed employee or liaison police officer of the same sex as the student.

Immediately following a search, a written report shall be made by the school authority who conducted the search, and given to the Superintendent.

### Seizure of Property

If a search produces evidence that the student has violated or is violating either the law or the District's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized and impounded by school authorities, and disciplinary action may be taken. When appropriate, such evidence may be transferred to law enforcement authorities.

Notification Regarding Student Accounts or Profiles on Social Networking Websites

The Superintendent or designee shall notify students and their parents/guardians of each of the following in accordance with the Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, <u>105 ILCS 75/</u>:

- School officials may not request or require a student or his or her parent/guardian to provide a
  password or other related account information to gain access to the student's account or profile
  on a social networking website.
- 2. School officials may conduct an investigation or require a student to cooperate in an investigation if there is specific information about activity on the student's account on a social networking website that violates a school disciplinary rule or policy. In the course of an investigation, the student may be required to share the content that is reported in order to allow school officials to make a factual determination.

### LEGAL REF .:

T.L.O. v. New Jersey, 469 U.S. 325 (1985).

Vernonia Sch. Dist. 47J v. Acton, 515 U.S. 646 (1995).

Safford Unified Sch. Dist. No. 1 v. Redding, 557 U.S. 364 (2009).

105 ILCS 5/10-20.14, 5/10-22.6, and 5/10-22.10a.

Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act, 105 ILCS 75/, Right to Privacy in the School Setting Act.

Cornfield v. Consolidated High Sch. Dist. No. 230, 991 F.2d 1316 (7th Cir. 1993).

People v. Dilworth, 169 III.2d 195 (1996), cert. denied, 116 S.Ct. 1692 517 U.S. 1197 (1996).

People v. Pruitt, 278 III.App.3d 194 (1st Dist. 1996), app. denied, 167 III.2d 564667 N.E. 2d 1061 (III.App.1, 1996).

T.L.O. v. New Jersey, 469 U.S. 325 (1985).

Vernonia School Dist. 47J v. Acton, 515 U.S. 646 (1995).

Safford Unified School Dist. No. 1 v. Redding, 557 U.S. 364 (2009).

CROSS REF.: 7:130 (Student Rights and Responsibilities), 7:150 (Agency and Police Interviews), 7:190 (Student Behavior)

Adopted: January 25, 2021

### **PRESSPlus Comments**

### **COMMUNITY RELATIONS**

### 8:80 Gifts to the District

The Board of Education appreciates gifts from any education foundation, other entities, or individuals. All gifts must adhere to each of the following:

- 1. Be accepted by the Board or, if less than \$500.00 in value, the Superintendent or designee. Individuals should obtain a pre-acceptance commitment before identifying the District, any school, or school program or activity as a beneficiary in any fundraising attempt, including without limitation, any Internet fundraising attempt.
- 2. Be given without a stated purpose or with a purpose deemed by the party with authority to accept the gift to be compatible with the Board's educational objectives and policies.
- 3. Be consistent with the District's mandate to provide equal educational and extracurricular opportunities to all students in the District as provided in Board policy 7:10, *Equal Educational Opportunities*. State and federal laws require the District to provide equal treatment for members of both sexes to educational programming, extracurricular activities, and athletics. This includes the distribution of athletic benefits and opportunities.
- 4. Permit the District to maintain resource equity among its learning centers.
- 5. Be viewpoint neutral when the gift involves the incorporation of any messages. PRESSPlus1 The Superintendent or designee shall manage a process for the review and approval of donations involving the incorporation of messages into or placing messages upon school property.
- 6. Comply with all laws applicable to the District including, without limitation, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Prevailing Wage Act, the Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools, and all applicable procurement and bidding requirements.

The District will provide equal treatment to all individuals and entities seeking to donate money or a gift. Upon acceptance, all gifts become the District's property. The acceptance of a gift is not an endorsement by the Board, District, or school of any product, service, activity, or program. The method of recognition is determined by the party accepting the gift.

### LEGAL REF .:

20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq., Title IX of the Education Amendments: implemented by 34 C.F.R. Part 106.

<u>105 ILCS 5/16-1</u>.

23 III.Admin.Code §200.40.

CROSS REF.: 4:60 (Purchases and Contracts), 4:150 (Facility Management and Building Programs), 6:10 (Educational Philosophy and Objectives), 6:210 (Instructional Materials), 7:10 (Equal Educational Opportunities)

Adopted: May 18, 2020

## Document Status: Draft Update - Rewritten

### **Board Member Development**

# 2:120-E1 Exhibit - Guidelines for Serving as a Mentor to a New Board of Education Member

On District letterhead PRESSPlus1

Date

Dear Board of Education Member:

Thank you for agreeing to serve as a mentor to a new Board member. The goal of the mentoring program is to orient a new Board member to the Board and District and to help the new Board member be comfortable and become an effective member of our governance team. Follow these guidelines to maximize your mentoring effectiveness:

- 1. During your first contact with the new Board member, introduce yourself and explain that you will serve as the new Board member's mentor and are looking forward to sharing information about the Board and District. If possible, meet with the individual to become acquainted. Be available as needed to provide assistance, advice, and support. The Superintendent's office will have already provided the new Board member with a web link or paper copy of the Board's policies, as well as other helpful material.
- 2. Share your knowledge and experiences with the new Board member. Take a personal interest in helping the new Board member succeed.
- 3. Try to develop an informal, collegial relationship with the new Board member explain that you are there to help. Listen respectfully to all concerns and answer questions honestly.
- 4. Be prepared to introduce the new Board member at upcoming Board events until the new Board member becomes a familiar face.
- 5. Be available and maintain a helpful attitude.

Being a mentor can bring rewards to you, the new Board member, and the District. You will assist the new Board member in becoming an effective member of the Board and ensuring skilled and knowledgeable future leadership for the District. Thank you for your assistance and commitment.

Sincerely,

**Board of Education President** 

### **PRESSPlus Comments**

PRESSPlus 1. Rewritten for PRESS Plus in response to a PRESS five-year review. PRESS Editors have a quality assurance goal to ensure that a review of each piece of the 1500+ page IASB PRESS Policy Reference Manual occurs once every five years. A redlined version showing the changes made is available at PRESS Online by logging in at www.iasb.com. **Issue 119**, **June 2025** 

## Document Status: Draft Update - Rewritten

### **Board Policy Development**

### 2:240-E1 Exhibit - PRESS Issue Updates

This exhibit is for **PRESS** subscribers. For subscribers to **PRESS Plus**, IASB's full-maintenance policy update service, the **PRESS Plus** Online User Guide and video tutorials, available at www.iasb.com/policy-services-and-school-law/policy-services/press-plus/, provide further guidance. <a href="PRESSPlus1">PRESSPlus1</a>

Actor	Action
	Manages the process for the Board to receive <b>PRESS</b> updates to policies.
Superintendent	Requests review of recommended revisions by the Board Attorney, as appropriate.
	Manages the Board's compliance with the Open Meetings Act. Ensures that, as appropriate, the agendas for the Board Policy Committee and full Board include discussion and list action to consider, adopt, implement, or revise Board policies and Board exhibits.
	Manages the process for approving new or revised administrative procedures, administrative procedure exhibits, and changes to employee and student handbooks.
	Communicates all policy and administrative procedure revisions or adoptions, as appropriate, to staff members, parents, students, and community members.
	Updates the District's Roster as follows:
	Go to www.iasb.com and click on the <b>Member Login</b> button.
Superintendent or Superintendent's Secretary	<ol><li>Log in using your email address and password. If you do not know your password, use the "forgot your password?" link.</li></ol>
	<ol> <li>At the bottom of your Profile page, click on <b>Districts You Manage</b> and then the District name.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Review and verify or change the District's existing records. Ensure that all current board members, administrators, and anyone else on staff who needs access to PRESS Online are listed with their current email addresses. For detailed roster management instructions, see www.iasb.com/IASB/media/Documents/rostermanagementinstructions.pdf.</li> </ol>
	Logs in to <b>PRESS</b> Online as follows:
	Go to www.iasb.com and click on the <b>Member Login</b> button.
	<ol><li>Log in using your email address and password. If you do not know your password, use the "forgot your password?" link.</li></ol>
	3. Under "Quick Links," click "PRESS Login."

1	
	To each member of the Policy Committee, full Board, and/or other interested school official, emails or otherwise distributes the following:
	1. PRESS Update Memo;
Danimatad	2. <b>PRESS</b> video tutorial link at: www.iasb.com/policy-services-and-school-
Designated support staff	law/policy-services/press-policy-reference-education-subscription-serv/;
	Committee worksheets (showing tracked changes in redline); and
	4. Current District policy in relevant areas.
	As appropriate, includes new and revised policies in the Board meeting packets.
	After a policy is adopted or revised, updates the District's policy manual master electronic file and adds or updates adoption dates.
	Archives previous version of revised policy.
	Follows District process for updating paper and online manuals.
	Considers distributing the PRESS Update Memo to Building Principals.
	Considers each <b>PRESS</b> update. Reviews all footnote changes.
	Decides which changes require Board discussion and which are appropriate as
Policy	consent agenda items. Policies or policy revisions may be appropriate for a consent agenda when providing for legal compliance; updating legal references;
Committee (or Full Board)	correcting substantive grammar, spelling, or punctuation; or clarifying pre-
Full Board)	existing policy language.
	Presents recommendations regarding <b>PRESS</b> updates to the Board at a regularly scheduled meeting.
	Conducts a first reading of the policies that are recommended for adoption or
	revision. Policies may be adopted after a first reading when: (1) appropriate for a consent agenda because no Board discussion is required, or (2) necessary or
	prudent in order to meet emergency or special conditions or to be legally compliant.
Full Board	During the next regular meeting, conducts a second reading.
	A second reading allows the Board to hear feedback from interested
	parties, including staff, parents, students, and community members; however, State law does not require two readings.
	After the second reading, consider and take action to approve the policies at a
	duly convened open meeting.
Assistant Superintendents,	
Directors,	Reads the <b>PRESS Update Memo</b> (if applicable) and adopted policies, follows
Building	the Superintendent's process for updating administrative procedures, and makes necessary changes to employee and student handbooks within their
Principals, and supervisory	assigned building(s).
employees	
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For further clarification, view the online tutorial for **PRESS**, available at www.iasb.com/policy-services-and-school-law/policy-services/press-policy-reference-education-subscription-serv/.

### **PRESSPlus Comments**

PRESSPlus 1. Rewritten for PRESS Plus in response to a PRESS five-year review. PRESS Editors have a quality assurance goal to ensure that a review of each piece of the 1500+ page IASB PRESS Policy Reference Manual occurs once every five years. A redlined version showing the changes made is available at PRESS Online by logging in at www.iasb.com. **Issue 119, June 2025** 

## Document Status: Draft Update - Rewritten

## **Board Policy Development**

## 2:240-E2 Exhibit - Developing Local Policy

Actor PRESSPlus1	Action
Anyone (Superintendent, Board of Education member, staff, parent, student, community member, or Board Attorney)	Brings a concern that may necessitate a new policy or a current policy's revision to the attention of the Board of Education.
	Confers with the Board Attorney as appropriate.
	Manages the Board's compliance with the Open Meetings Act. Ensures that, as appropriate, the agendas for the Board Policy Committee and full Board include discussion and list actions to consider, adopt, implement, or revise Board policies and Board exhibits.
Superintendent	Manages the process for approving new or revised administrative procedures, administrative procedure exhibits, and changes to employee and student handbooks.
	Communicates all policy and administrative procedure revisions or adoptions as appropriate to staff members, parents, students, and community members.
	<b>First</b> , answers these questions to decide whether new policy language is needed:
	Does the IASB Policy Reference Manual provide guidance?
	2. Is the request something that should be covered in policy (i.e., Board work), or is it something that should be covered in an administrative procedure (i.e., staff work)?
	<ol> <li>Is it already covered in Board policy? Checks for policies that cover similar or connected topics. Tools such as search engines, Tables of Contents, cross references, and indexes at PRESS Online can be used to identify relevant policy numbers to check for in the Board's policy manual.</li> </ol>
	Second, uses a 3-step process to draft new policy language:
Policy Committee (or Full Board)	Frames the question and discusses the topic.
,	<ol> <li>Requests the Superintendent to provide research, including appropriate data, and input from others, such as those who may be affected by the policy and those who will implement the policy.</li> </ol>

	<ol> <li>Drafts or requests the Superintendent or Board Attorney to draft language addressing the concern that aligns with the Board's mission, vision, goals, and objectives.</li> </ol>
	<b>Third</b> , decides whether the new language should be included in an existing policy or added as a new policy. Assigns any new policy an appropriate location and number.
	The <b>PRESS</b> coding system reserves policy numbers ending in a '0' and '5' for <b>PRESS</b> material. Locally developed Board policies should use policy numbers ending in 2, 4, 6, or 8.
	Conducts a first reading of the policy that is recommended for adoption or revision. Policies may be adopted after a first reading when: (1) appropriate for a consent agenda because no Board discussion is required, or (2) necessary or prudent in order to meet emergency or special conditions or to be legally compliant.
Full Board	During the next regular meeting, conducts a second reading.
Full Board	A second reading allows the Board to hear feedback from interested parties, including staff, parents, students, and community members; however, State law does not require two readings.
	After the second reading, consider and take action to approve the policy at a duly convened open meeting.
	After a policy is adopted or revised, updates the District's policy manual master electronic file and adds or updates adoption dates.
Designated support staff	Archives previous version of revised policy.
	Follows District process for updating paper and online manuals.
Assistant Superintendents, Directors, Building Principals, and supervisory employees	Reads adopted policies, follows the Superintendent's process for updating administrative procedures, and makes necessary changes to employee and student handbooks within their assigned building(s).

PRESSPlus 1. Rewritten for PRESS Plus in response to a PRESS five-year review. PRESS Editors have a quality assurance goal to ensure that a review of each piece of the 1500+ page IASB PRESS Policy Reference Manual occurs once every five years. A redlined version showing the changes made is available at PRESS Online by logging in at www.iasb.com. **Issue 119, June 2025**