OMB Control No: 0970-0114 Expiration date: 03/31/2027

THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT OF 1995 (Pub. L. 104–13)

The purpose of this information collection is the application for CCDF funds and provides ACF and the public with a description of, and assurance about, the States' and Territories' child care programs. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 150 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering, and maintaining the data needed, and completing the form. This is a mandatory collection of information (Pub. L. 113–186), and 42 U.S.C. 9858.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB # is 0970-0114 and the expiration date is 03/31/2027. If you have any comments on this collection of information, please contact ACF's Office of Child Care.



Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Plan

for

State/Territory Arkansas

FFY 2025 - 2027

This Plan describes the Child Care and Development Fund program to be administered by the State or Territory for the period from 10/01/2024 to 9/30/2027, as provided for in the applicable statutes and regulations. The Lead Agency has the flexibility to modify this program at any time, including amending the options selected or described.

For purposes of simplicity and clarity, the specific provisions of applicable laws printed herein are sometimes paraphrases of, or excerpts and incomplete quotations from, the full text. The Lead Agency acknowledges its responsibility to adhere to the applicable laws regardless of these modifications.

Table of Contents

Ov	ervie	w	4
1	CCD	PF Program Administration	6
	1.1	CCDF Leadership	6
	1.2	CCDF Policy Decision Authority	7
		Consultation in the Development of the CCDF Plan	
2	Chil	d and Family Eligibility and Enrollment and Continuity of Care	15
_		Reducing Barriers to Family Enrollment and Redetermination	
		Eligible Children and Families	
		Prioritizing Services for Vulnerable Children and Families	
		Lead Agency Outreach to Families Experiencing Homelessness, Families with Limited English	
		Proficiency, and Persons with Disabilities	
	2.5	Promoting Continuity of Care	
3	Chil	d Care Affordability	38
•		Family Co-payments	
		Calculation of Co-Payment	
		Waiving Family Co-payment	
4	Par	ental Choice, Equal Access, Payment Rates, and Payment Practices	42
		Access to Full Range of Provider Options	
		Assess Market Rates and Analyze the Cost of Child Care	
		Adequate Payment Rates	
		Payment Practices to Providers	
		Supply Building	
5	Hea	Ilth and Safety of Child Care Settings	62
		Licensing Requirements	
	5.2	Ratios, Group Size, and Qualifications for CCDF Providers	. 64
	5.3	Health and Safety Standards for CCDF Providers	. 69
	5.4	Pre-Service or Orientation Training on Health and Safety Standards	. 93
	5.5	Monitoring and Enforcement of Licensing and Health and Safety Requirements	. 95
	5.6	Ongoing Health and Safety Training	103
	5.7	Comprehensive Background Checks	104
	5.8	Exemptions for Relative Providers	116
6	Sup	port for a Skilled, Qualified, and Compensated Child Care Workforce	116
	6.1	Supporting the Child Care Workforce	117
	6.2	Professional Development Framework	120
	6.3	Ongoing Training and Professional Development	125
	6.4	Early Learning and Developmental Guidelines	126
7	Qua	ality Improvement Activities	127
		Quality Activities Needs Assessment	
	7.2	Use of Quality Set-Aside Funds	128

8	Lead Agency Coordination and Partnerships to Support Service Delivery	131
	8.1 Coordination with Partners to Expand Accessibility and Continuity of Care	131
	8.2 Optional Use of Combined Funds, CCDF Matching, and Maintenance-of-Effort Funds	135
	8.3 Coordination with Child Care Resource and Referral Systems	137
	8.4 Public-Private Partnerships	138
	8.5 Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan	
9	Family Outreach and Consumer Education	140
	9.1 Parental Complaint Process	140
	9.2 Consumer Education Website	141
	9.3 Increasing Engagement and Access to Information	147
	9.4 Providing Information on Developmental Screenings	
10	Program Integrity and Accountability	151
	10.1 Effective Internal Controls	
	10.2 Fraud Investigation, Payment Recovery, and Sanctions	157
Ар	pendix 1: Lead Agency Implementation Plan	170
•	Appendix 1: Form	171

Overview

Introduction

The Child Care and Development Block Grant Act (CCDBG) (42 U.S.C. 9857 *et seq.*), together with section 418 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 618), authorize the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF), the primary federal funding source devoted to supporting families with low incomes afford child care and increasing the quality of child care for all children. The CCDF program is administered by the Office of Child Care (OCC) within the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) at the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and provides resources to State, Territory, and Tribal governments via their designated CCDF Lead Agency.

CCDF plays a vital role in supporting family well-being and child development; facilitating parental employment, training, and education; improving the economic well-being of participating families; and promoting safe high-quality care and learning environments for children when out of their parents' care.

As required by CCDBG, this CCDF Plan serves as the State/Territory Lead Agency's application for a three-year cycle of CCDF funds and is the primary mechanism OCC uses to determine Lead Agency compliance with the requirements of the statute and regulations. CCDF Lead Agencies must comply with the rules set forth in CCDBG and corresponding ACF-issued rules and regulations. The CCDF Plan is a fundamental part of OCC's oversight of CCDF and is designed to align with and complement other oversight mechanisms including administrative and financial data reporting, the monitoring process, error rate reporting, audits, and the annual Quality Progress Report.

Organization of Plan

In their CCDF Plans, State/Territory Lead Agencies must describe how they implement the CCDF program. The Plan is organized into the following sections:

- 1. CCDF Program Administration
- 2. Child and Family Eligibility and Enrollment and Continuity of Care
- 3. Child Care Affordability
- 4. Parental Choice, Equal Access, Payment Rates, and Payment Practices
- 5. Health and Safety of Child Care Settings
- 6. Support for a Skilled, Qualified, and Compensated Child Care Workforce
- 7. Quality Improvement Activities
- 8. Lead Agency Coordination and Partnerships to Support Service Delivery
- 9. Family Outreach and Consumer Education
- 10. Program Integrity and Accountability

Completing the Plan

This revised Plan aims to capture the most accurate and up-to-date information about how a State/Territory is implementing its CCDF program in compliance with the requirements of CCDF. In responding to plan questions, Lead Agencies should provide concise and specific summaries and/or bullet points as appropriate to the question. Do not insert tables or charts, add attachments, or copy manuals into the Plan. A State/Territory's CCDF Plan is intended to stand on its own with sufficient information to describe how the Lead Agency is implementing its CCDF program without need for added attachments, tables, charts, or State manuals.

OCC recognizes that Lead Agencies use different mechanisms to establish CCDF policies, such as State statute, regulations, administrative rules, policy manuals, or policy issuances. Lead Agencies must submit their CCDF Plan no later than July 1, 2024.

Review and Amendment Process

OCC will review submitted CCDF Plans for completeness and compliance with federal policies. Each Lead Agency will receive a letter approximately 90 days after the Plan is due that includes all Plan non-compliances to be addressed. OCC recognizes that Lead Agencies continue to modify and adapt their programs to address evolving needs and priorities. Lead Agencies must submit amendments to their Plans as they make substantial policy and program changes during the three-year plan cycle, including when addressing non-compliances.

Appendix 1: Implementation Plan

As part of the Plan review process, if OCC identifies any CCDF requirements that are not fully implemented, OCC will communicate a preliminary notice of non-compliance for those requirements via an emailed letter. OCC has created a standardized template for Lead Agencies to submit as their 60-day response to that preliminary notice. This template is found at Appendix 1: Lead Agency Implementation Plan. This required response via the Appendix will help create a shared understanding between OCC and the Lead Agency on which elements of a requirement are unmet, how they are unmet, and the Lead Agency's steps and associated timelines needed to fully implement those unmet elements.

CCDF Plan Submission

CCDF Lead Agencies will submit their Plans electronically through the Child Care Automated Reporting System (CARS). CARS will include all language and questions included in the final CCDF Plan template approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). Note that the format of the questions in CARS could be modified from the Word version of the document to ensure compliance with Section 508 policies regarding accessibility to electronic and information technology for individuals with disabilities.

1 CCDF Program Administration

Strong organizational structures, operational capacity, and partnerships position States and Territories to administer CCDF efficiently, effectively, and collaboratively.

This section identifies the CCDF Lead Agency, CCDF Lead Agency leadership, and the entities and individuals who will participate in the implementation of the program. It also identifies the partners who were consulted to develop the Plan.

1.1 CCDF Leadership

The governor of a State or Territory must designate an agency (which may be an appropriate collaborative agency) or establish a joint interagency office to represent the State or Territory as the Lead Agency. The Lead Agency agrees to administer the program in accordance with applicable federal laws and regulations and the provisions of this Plan, including the assurances and certifications.

1.1.1 Designated Lead Agency

Identify the Lead Agency or joint interagency office designated by the State or Territory. OCC will send official grant correspondence, such as grant awards, grant adjustments, Plan approvals, and disallowance notifications, to the designated contact identified here.

- a. Lead Agency or Joint Interagency Office Information:
 - i. Name of Lead Agency: Arkansas Department of Education
 - ii. Street Address: 700 Main St.
 - iii. City: Little Rockiv. State: Arkansasv. ZIP Code: 72203
 - vi. Web Address for Lead Agency: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/offices/office-of-early-childhood
- b. Lead Agency or Joint Interagency Official contact information:
 - i. Lead Agency Official First Name: Tonya
 - ii. Lead Agency Official Last Name: Williams
 - iii. Title: Assistant Commissioneriv. Phone Number: 501-320-8953
 - v. Email Address: Tonya.L. Williams@ade.arkansas.gov

1.1.2 CCDF Administrator

Identify the CCDF Administrator designated by the Lead Agency, the day-to-day contact, or the person with responsibility for administering the State's or Territory's CCDF program. The OCC will send programmatic communications, such as program announcements, program instructions, and data collection instructions, to the designated contact identified here. If there is more than one designated contact with equal or shared responsibility for administering the CCDF program,

identify the Co-Administrator or the person with administrative responsibilities and include their contact information.

a. CCDF Administrator contact information:

i. CCDF Administrator First Name: Brandy

ii. CCDF Administrator Last Name: Ishmon

iii. Title of the CCDF Administrator: CCDF Program Administrator

iv. Phone Number: 501-320-8930

v. Email Address: brandy.ishmon@ade.arkansas.gov

b. CCDF Co-Administrator contact information (if applicable):

i. CCDF Co-Administrator First Name: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

ii. CCDF Co-Administrator Last Name: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

iii. Title of the CCDF Co-Administrator: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

iv. Phone Number: Click or tap here to enter text.

v. Email Address: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

vi. Description of the Role of the Co-Administrator: The role of the Co-Administrator is to support the CCDF Program Administrator in the oversight of the CCDF Program.

1.2 CCDF Policy Decision Authority

The Lead Agency has broad authority to administer (i.e., establish rules) and operate (i.e., implement activities) the CCDF program through other governmental, non-governmental, or public or private local agencies as long as the Lead Agency retains overall responsibility for the administration of the program. Administrative and implementation responsibilities undertaken by agencies other than the Lead Agency must be governed by written agreements that specify the mutual roles and responsibilities of the Lead Agency and other agencies in meeting the program requirements.

1.2.1 Entity establishing CCDF program rules

Which of the following CCDF program rules and policies are administered (i.e., set or established) at the State or Territory level or local level? Identify whether CCDF program rules and policies are established by the State or Territory (even if operated locally) or whether the CCDF policies or rules are established by local entities, such as counties or workforce boards.

Check one of the following:

oxtimes All program rules and policies are set or established by the State or Territory. (If checked, skip to question 1.2.2.)
\square Some or all program rules and policies are set or established by local entities or agencies. If checked, indicate which entities establish the following policies. Check all that apply:

i. Eligibility rules and policies (e.g., income limits) are set by the:

	☐ State or Territory.
	\square Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions).
	\Box Other. Identify the entity and describe the policies the entity can set: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
ii.	Sliding-fee scale is set by the:
	☐ State or Territory.
	\square Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions).
	\Box Other. Identify the entity and describe the policies the entity can set: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
iii.	Payment rates and payment policies are set by the:
	☐ State or Territory.
	\square Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions).
	☐ Other. Identify the entity and describe the policies the entity can set: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
iv.	Licensing standards and processes are set by the:
	☐ State or Territory.
	\square Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions).
	☐ Other. Identify the entity and describe the policies the entity can set: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
v.	Standards and monitoring processes for license-exempt providers are set by the:
	☐ State or Territory.
	\square Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions).
	☐ Other. Identify the entity and describe the policies the entity can set: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
vi.	Quality improvement activities, including QIS, are set by the:
	☐ State or Territory.
	\square Local entity (e.g., counties, workforce boards, early learning coalitions).
	☐ Other. Identify the entity and describe the policies the entity can set: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
vii.	Other. List and describe any other program rules and policies that are set at a level other than the State or Territory level: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>

1.2.2 Entities implementing CCDF services

The Lead Agency has broad authority to operate (i.e., implement activities) through other agencies, as long as it retains overall responsibility for CCDF. Complete the table below to identify which entity(ies) implements or performs CCDF services.

Check the box(es) to indicate which entity(ies) implement or perform CCDF services.

CCDF Activity	CCDF Lead Agency	TANF Agency	Local Government Agencies	CCR&R
Who conducts eligibility determinations?	\boxtimes			
Who assists parents in locating child care (consumer education)?	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes
Who issues payments?	\boxtimes			
Who monitors licensed providers?	\boxtimes			
Who monitors license-exempt providers?				
Who operates the quality improvement activities?	\boxtimes			

Other. List and describe any other State or Territory agencies or partners that implement or perform CCDF services and identify their responsibilities. *Click or tap here to enter text.*

1.2.3 Written agreements and oversight

For any activities performed by agencies other than the Lead Agency as reported above in 1.2.1 and 1.2.2, identify the processes the Lead Agency uses to oversee and monitor CCDF administration and implementation activities to retain overall responsibility for the CCDF program.

Check and describe how the Lead Agency includes in its written agreements the required elements. Note: The contents of the written agreement may vary based on the role the agency is asked to assume or type of project but must include, at a minimum, the elements below.

	- account or o,p p
a.	Tasks to be performed.
	\square Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
b.	Schedule for completing tasks.
	\square Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
c.	$\label{prop:budget} \textbf{Budget which itemizes categorical expenditures in accordance with CCDF requirements}.$

		☐ Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
		☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
	d.	Indicators or measures to assess performance of those agencies.			
		\square Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
		☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
	e.	In addition to the written agreements identified above, describe any other monitoring and auditing processes used to oversee CCDF administration. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
1.2.4	Information systems availability				
	Certific	ation of shareable information systems.			
		Does the Lead Agency certify that to the extent practicable and appropriate, any code or software for child care information systems or information technology for which a Lead Agency or other agency expends CCDF funds to develop is made available to other public agencies? This includes public agencies in other States for their use in administering child care or related programs.			
		⊠ Yes.			
		☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
1.2.5	Confide	ential and personally identifiable information			
	Certific	ation of policies to protect confidential and personally identifiable information			
		Does the Lead Agency certify that it has policies in place related to the use and disclosure of confidential and personally identifiable information about children and families receiving CCDF assistance and child care providers receiving CCDF funds?			
		⊠ Yes.			
		□ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
1.3	Consu	Itation in the Development of the CCDF Plan			

The Lead Agency is responsible for developing the CCDF Plan, and consultation with and meaningful input and feedback from a wide range of representatives is critical for CCDF programs to continually adapt to the changing needs of families, child care programs, and the workforce. Consultation involves meeting with or otherwise obtaining input from an appropriate agency in the development of the State or Territory CCDF Plan. As part of the Plan development process, Lead Agencies must consult with the following:

- (1) Appropriate representatives of general-purpose local government. General purpose local governments are defined by the U.S. Census at https://www2.census.gov/govs/cog/g12 org.pdf.
- (2) The State Advisory Council (SAC) on Early Childhood Education and Care (pursuant to 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act) or similar coordinating body pursuant to 98.14(a)(1)(vii).
- (3) Tribe(s) or Tribal organization(s) within the State. This consultation should be done in a

timely manner and at the option of the Tribe(s) or Tribal organization(s).

1.3.1 Consultation efforts in CCDF Plan development

Describe the Lead Agency's consultation efforts in the development of the CCDF Plan, including how and how often the consultation occurred.

a. Describe how the Lead Agency consulted with appropriate representatives of generalpurpose local government: Click or tap here to enter text. Arkansas is poised for transformative changes in early childhood care and education as initiated in the LEARNS Act of 2023. LEARNS established the Office of Early Childhood within the Arkansas Department of Education. The Office of Early Childhood is responsible for all programs funded through state or federal resources that provide early childhood care or educational services in Arkansas as well as licensing all providers not receiving state or federal funds. The Office of Early Childhood is the lead agency for the Child Care Development Block Grant. This represents a significant change in governance and signals a high priority for a unified system of early childhood care and education that coordinates seamlessly with kindergarten through Grade 12 education in Arkansas. Priorities outlined in LEARNS include a call for Arkansas to leverage resources such as the Child Care Development Block Grant to maximize impact on early childhood care and programs. This is the largest source of federal funding for early childhood education and encompasses the programmatic administration of the entire system of care from start to finish including: Certifying families as eligible for subsidy; Payments to providers for subsidized care; Licensing of child care and afterschool care facilities; Background checks for the early childhood workforce; Supporting ongoing professional development; The administration of a quality improvement system; and All necessary data systems, payment systems, and parent and provider facing portals for the administration of these functions. As such, the Child Care Development Block Grant and Arkansas's plan for 2025 through 2027 presents a strategic opportunity to revise current programs to the extent practicable in the short term-- while signaling strategic plans to ultimately align with the priorities outlined in the LEARNS legislation. Fortuitously, the LEARNS priorities for early childhood are congruent with the new rules released for state Child Care Development Fund plans which call for states to: Reduce costs for families so families pay no more than 7% of their household income; Improve payments to providers to ensure Lead Agencies are making on-time payments to child care providers; Expand choices for families to make it easier for families to find child care that meets their needs; and, Cut red tape to allow more families to start child care assistance right away and encourage lead agencies to streamline enrollment processes to make it easier for families to apply for and receive child care assistance. Priority areas for alignment with LEARNS are access, quality, workforce, and systems. Each of these areas are addressed in the Child Care Development Fund plan with some specifics reflecting revision from prior plans and other specifics requiring an action plan and more time to operationalize. CCDF Revisions Reflecting Changes Aligned to LEARNS and OCC priorities: Access. Arkansas is revising the number of hours a parent/guardian must work or go to school to qualify for eligibility (changing from thirty (30) to twenty (20)). It is anticipated this will enable more families to certify as eligible. Systems. Through the Governor's Executive order an initial kindergarten-readiness analysis was conducted for Arkansas and called for (1) a count of children age birth to five being served, (2) a review of how quality is defined, (3) an analysis of the gaps between what is currently offered and what families seek. As a result of this analysis, the LEARNS act calls for the department to select and work with Local Leads in communities to support access to programs, identify gaps in service, foster partnerships, create alignment between public and private providers and community agencies, and establish locally supported plans to address the need for more affordable access, conduct an unduplicated count of children served, establish a local governing structure for shared decision making, identify shared resources to support access and quality of providers and leverage those resources, coordinate

enrollment processes for families, and determine how future financial support should be used to expand access and improve quality. The first cohort of local leads has been established and another cohort is in process of application and selection with a third cohort to follow to ensure local representation across the state. Strategic Planning for Further Alignment to LEARNS and OCC priorities: LEARNS catalyzed a vision for a unified system for early childhood care and education programs. The aforementioned analysis identified initial gaps between the current state of the system and the desired vision that will require strategic planning to move toward closer alignment. Access and Systems. Arkansas is seeking to move toward a system that enables paying of providers based on enrollment. When this is accomplished, the long-term goal would be to pay providers prospectively. However, to accomplish this the technical systems for payment must be replaced with a system that is designed for the new purposes. The new system will enable Arkansas to update presumptive eligibility language; clarifying copay caps at 7% of family's gross income as applying per family regardless of the number of children participating in CCDF. The new system will continue to leverage eligibility from other public assistance programs and seek to include additional systems such as Head Start, Early Head Start, etc. particularly for vulnerable populations. This work will be done within the next year but not before the October 1, 2024, implementation plan. In addition to changes in payments to providers, the Office of Early Childhood will engage in intentional supply-building by establishing strategic pilot programs designed to provide greater access while informing leadership of lessons learned from local implementation. Addressing provider shortages by utilizing new funding mechanisms and technology solutions to support the opening and expansion of quality care facilities statewide will also be included in strategic planning. Quality, Workforce, and Systems. Arkansas's plan leverages new community-based local early childhood lead organizations to coordinate with local governments and community organizations to broaden the reach and impact of services. These organizations serve as community-based planning and feedback systems to determine how future financial support can be used to expand and improve the quality of infant, toddler, and prekindergarten classrooms and the workforce that serves in these classrooms. These local early childhood lead organizations can inform the Office of Early Childhood and the State Board of Education on ideas, pilot programs, and lessons learned to increase access, improve and sustain quality programs, provide feedback on systems that support these priorities and enable development of the early childhood workforce. The local leads will be enlisted in co-developing strategic plans for longer term changes in Early Childhood programs that will support alignment with LEARNS priority areas. Additionally, future plans will include intensifying efforts to support higher-quality standards across all provider settings and further developing our workforce through targeted professional development opportunities and concurrent credit programs in high-schools in partnership with local higher education institutions. Finally, strategic planning for development of a robust data system to track and analyze child outcomes, provider quality, and program efficiency will ensure systematic feedback and align with accountability measures proposed in LEARNS.

- b. Describe how the Lead Agency consulted with the State Advisory Council or similar coordinating body: OEC worked in conjunction with the early childhood sub-committee of the Arkansas Department of Education in the development of this plan. The sub-committee provided input and vital feedback to ensure continual growth and access to early learning in quality settings. The guidance from the sub-committee is instrumental to the growth and expansion of child care for Arkansas families. In addition, other groups that provide input include The Early Childhood Commission, various state and local education partners, mental health care professionals, early education providers, community leaders, legislators, parents, and Head Start.
- c. Describe, if applicable, how the Lead Agency consulted with Indian Tribes(s) or Tribal organizations(s) within the State: N/A
- d. Identify other entities, agencies, or organizations consulted on the development of the CCDF Plan (e.g., representatives from the child care workforce, or statewide afterschool networks) and describe those consultation efforts: : OEC shared a draft copy of this plan with the Division of Children and Family Services (DCFS), Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies, the Head Start Collaboration Office, and the Arkansas Local Leads Agencies.

1.3.2 Public hearing process

Lead Agencies must hold at least one public hearing in the State or Territory, with sufficient Statewide or Territory-wide distribution of notice prior to such a hearing to enable the public to comment on the provision of child care services under the CCDF Plan.

Describe the Statewide or Territory-wide public hearing process held to provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the provision of child care services under this Plan.

- Date of the public hearing: April 30, 2024
 Reminder: Must be no earlier than January 1, 2024. If more than one public hearing was held, enter one date (e.g., the date of the first hearing, the most recent hearing date, or any hearing date that demonstrates this requirement).
- ii. Date of notice of public hearing: March 4, 2024
- - □ No. If no, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- iv. Describe how the public was notified about the public hearing, including outreach in other languages, information on interpretation services being available, etc.
 Include specific website links if used to provide notice. It was posted on OEC's website and information was sent to early childhood communities.
- v. Describe how the approach to the public hearing was inclusive of all geographic regions of the State or Territory: Public hearing was held in a central region of the state.

- vi. Describe how the content of the Plan was made available to the public in advance of the public hearing (e.g., the Plan was made available in other languages, in multiple formats, etc.): A draft copy of the CCDF State Plan was posted to OEC's website.
- vii. Describe how the information provided by the public was taken into consideration regarding the provision of child care services under this Plan: OCE reviews and considers all public comments for plan modification.

1.3.3 Public availability of final Plan, amendments, and waivers

Lead Agencies must make the submitted and approved final Plan, any approved Plan amendments, and any approved requests for temporary waivers publicly available on a website.

- a. Provide the website link to where the Plan, any Plan amendments, and waivers (if applicable) are available. Note: A Plan amendment is required if the website address where the Plan is posted changes. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/forms--documents
- b. Describe any other strategies that the Lead Agency uses to make submitted and approved CCDF Plan and approved Plan amendments available to the public. Check all that apply and describe the strategies below, including any relevant website links as examples.

 - ii. Working with child care resource and referral agencies. Describe: A draft copy of the CCDF Plan was sent to all early childhood partners including child care resource and referral agencies.
 - iii. Providing translation in other languages. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
 - iv.

 Sharing through social media (e.g., Facebook, Instagram, email). Describe: Facebook, X (formerly Twitter), and Instagram.
 - v. \boxtimes Providing notification to key constituents (e.g., parent and family groups, provider groups, advocacy groups, foundations, and businesses). Describe: A draft copy of the CCDF Plan was sent to all early childhood partners.

 - vii. Direct communication with the child care workforce. Describe: A notification was sent to all CCDF Child Care Providers.
 - viii. Other. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

2 Child and Family Eligibility and Enrollment and Continuity of Care

Stable and reliable child care arrangements facilitate job stability for parents and healthy development of children. CCDF eligibility and enrollment policies can contribute to these goals. Policies and procedures that create barriers to families accessing CCDF, like inaccessible subsidy

applications and onerous reporting requirements, interrupt a parent's ability to work and may deter eligible families from participating in CCDF.

To address these concerns, Lead Agencies must provide children with a minimum of 12 months between eligibility determinations, limit reporting requirements during the 12-month period, and ensure eligibility determination and redetermination processes do not interrupt a parent's work or school.

In this section, Lead Agencies will identify how they define eligible children and families and how the Lead Agency's eligibility and enrollment policies support access for eligible children and families.

2.1 Reducing Barriers to Family Enrollment and Redetermination

Lead Agency enrollment and redetermination policies may not unduly disrupt parents' employment, education, or job training activities to comply with the Lead Agency's or designated local entity's requirements. Lead Agencies have broad flexibility to design and implement the eligibility practices that reduce barriers to enrollment and redetermination.

Examples include developing strategies to inform families and their providers of an upcoming redetermination and the information that will be required of the family, pre-populating subsidy renewal forms, having parents confirm that the information is accurate, and/or asking only for the information necessary to make an eligibility redetermination. In addition, Lead Agencies can offer a variety of family-friendly methods for submitting documentation for eligibility redetermination that considers the range of needs for families in accessing support (e.g., use of languages other than English, access to transportation, accommodation of parents working non-traditional hours).

2.1.1 Eligibility practices to reduce barriers to enrollment

- a. Does the Lead Agency implement any of the following eligibility practices to reduce barriers at the time of initial eligibility determination? Check all that apply and describe those elements checked.
 - i. \(\subseteq \text{Establishing presumptive eligibility while eligibility is being determined.} \)

 Describe the policy, including the populations benefiting from the policy, and identify how long the period of presumptive eligibility is: Child care assistance shall be provided for all applicants who submit an incomplete application for up to ninety (90) days. The ninety (90) day timeframe will allow families to submit required documentation to establish eligibility.
 - ii.

 Leveraging eligibility from other public assistance programs. Describe: OEC staff works in collaboration with the Department of Human Services and Head Start to obtain necessary information that has been submitted through state systems.
 - iii.

 Coordinating determinations for children in the same household (while still ensuring each child receives 12 months of eligibility). Describe: When additional child(ren) are added to an existing household, OEC will offer an extended eligibility period for child (ren) previously approved in the household. All children will receive services through the duration of the extended eligibility period for a minimum of thirteen (13) months.

		iv.	\square Self-assessment screening tools for families. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
		v.	oxtimes Extended office hours (evenings and/or weekends).
		vi.	⊠ Consultation available via phone.
		vii.	\Box Other. Describe the Lead Agency policies to process applications efficiently and make timely eligibility determinations: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
		viii.	□ None.
	b.	Does th	ne Lead Agency use an online subsidy application?
		⊠ Yes.	
		□ No. <i>text</i> .	If no, describe why an online application is impracticable. Click or tap here to enter
	c.	Does th	ne Lead Agency use different policies for families receiving TANF assistance?
		☐ Yes.	If yes, describe the policies: Click or tap here to enter text.
		\boxtimes No.	
2.1.2	Preven	ting disr	uption of eligibility activities
	a.	parents	where applicable, the Lead Agency's procedures and policies to ensure that do not have their employment, education, or job training unduly disrupted to with the State's/Territory's or designated local entity's requirements for the mination of eligibility. Check all that apply.
		i.	oxtimes Advance notice to parents of pending redetermination.
		ii.	\square Advance notice to providers of pending redetermination.
		iii.	\square Pre-populated subsidy renewal form.
		iv.	oxtimes Online documentation submission.
		٧.	□ Cross-program redeterminations.
		vi.	oxtimes Extended office hours (evenings and/or weekends).
		vii.	☑ Consultation available via phone.
		viii.	oxtimes Leveraging eligibility from other public assistance programs.
		ix.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	b.	Does th	ne Lead Agency use different policies for families receiving TANF assistance?
		☐ Yes.	If yes, describe the policies: Click or tap here to enter text.
		⊠ No.	
2.2	Fligibl	o Child	son and Familias

2.2 Eligible Children and Families

At eligibility determination or redetermination, children must (1) be younger than age 13; (2) reside with a family whose income does not exceed 85 percent of the State's median income (SMI) for a family of the same size and whose family assets do not exceed \$1,000,000; and (3)(a) reside with a parent or parents who are working or attending a job training or educational program (which can include job search) or (b) receive, or need to receive, protective services as defined by the Lead Agency.

2.2.1 Eligibility criteria: age of children served

Lead Agencies may provide child care assistance for children less than 13 years of age, including continuing to provide assistance to children if they turn 13 during the eligibility period. In addition, Lead Agencies can choose to serve children up to age 19 if those children are unable to care for themselves

tnem	seives.						
a.	Does age 1	your Lead Agency serve the full federally allowable age range of children through 2?					
	⊠ Ye	s.					
		o. If no, describe the age range of children served and the reason why you made that on to serve less than the full range of allowable children. <i>Click or tap here to enter</i>					
		Do not include children incapable of self-care or under court supervision, who are ted below in 2.2.1b and 2.2.1c.					
b.		Does the Lead Agency extend eligibility for CCDF-funded child care to children ages 13 and older but below age 19 who are physically and/or mentally incapable of self-care?					
	□ No).					
	⊠ Ye	⊠ Yes.					
	i.	If yes, the upper age is (may not equal or exceed age 19): 18					
	ii.	If yes, provide the Lead Agency definition of physical and/or mental incapacity: A child who has a physical or mental condition which substantially limits one or more major life activities, who has a record of such an impairment, or who is regarded as having such an impairment, or and has been diagnosed by a licensed medical or psychological practitioner.					
c.	Does the Lead Agency extend eligibility for CCDF-funded child care to children ages 13 and older but below age 19 who are under court supervision?						
	\square No.						
	oxtimes Yes. If yes, and the upper age is (may not equal or exceed age 19): 18						
d.	How	How does the Lead Agency define the following eligibility terms?					
	i.	"residing with": Living with or in a household with a parent, custodian, or legal guardian or other individual standing in loco parentis.					
	ii.	"in loco parentis": A person having physical custody of the child. The person has assumed guardianship and responsibility for the child. Child care can be provided for this person to enable employment, training, or education; however, the income of that person (regardless of relationship to the child) shall be counted in					

determining eligibility and setting fees for service.

2.2.2 Eligibility criteria: reason for care

Lead Agencies have broad flexibility on the work, training, and educational activities required to qualify for child care assistance. Lead Agencies do not have to set a minimum number of hours for families to qualify for work, training, or educational activities, and there is no requirement to limit authorized child care services strictly based on the work, training, or educational schedule/hours of the parent(s). For example, the Lead Agency can include travel or study time in calculating the amount of needed services.

How does the Lead Agency define the following terms for the purposes of determining CCDF eligibility?

a.	Identify which of the following activities are included in your definition of "working" by checking the boxes below:				
	i.	oxtimes An activity for which a wage or salary is paid.			
	ii.	⊠ Being self-employed.			
	iii.	\square During a time of emergency or disaster, partnering in essential services.			
	iv.	$\hfill\square$ Participating in unpaid activities like student teaching, internships, or practicums.			
	v.	\square Time for meals or breaks.			
	vi.	oximes Time for travel.			
	vii.	oxtimes Seeking employment or job search.			
	viii.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
b.	Identify which of the following activities are included in your definition of "attending job training" by checking the boxes below:				
	i.	☑ Vocational/technical job skills training.			
	ii.	oxtimes Apprenticeship or internship program or other on-the-job training.			
	iii.	☑ English as a Second Language training.			
	iv.	☑ Adult Basic Education preparation.			
	٧.	oxtimes Participation in employment service activities.			
	vi.	\square Time for meals and breaks.			
	vii.	oxtimes Time for travel.			
	viii.	oxtimes Hours required for associated activities such as study groups, lab experiences.			
	ix.	oxtimes Time for outside class study or completion of homework.			
	х.	☑ Other. Describe: Substance Rehabilitation Programs			
C.		which of the following diplomas, certificates, degrees, or activities are included in finition of "attending an educational program" by checking the boxes below:			
	i.	☑ Adult High School Diploma or GED.			

	II.					
	iii.	☑ One-year diploma (36 credit hours).				
	iv.	⊠ Two-year degree.				
	v.	⊠ Four-year degree.				
	vi.	\square Travel to and from classrooms, labs, or study groups.				
	vii.	Study time.				
	viii.	oxtimes Hours required for associated activities such as study groups, lab experiences.				
	ix.	oxtimes Time for outside class study or completion of homework.				
	x.	\square Applicable meal and break times.				
	xi.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .				
d.		Does the Lead Agency impose a Lead Agency-defined minimum number of hours of activity for eligibility?				
		□ No.				
		⊠ Yes.				
		If yes, describe any Lead Agency-imposed minimum requirement for the following:				
		☑ Work. Describe: Actively engaged in employment with hour requirements that ranges from twenty (20) hours or income ineligible for Transitional Employment Assistance (TEA) (\$513 per month) up to twenty-five (25) hours or more.				
		☑ Job training. Describe: Fulltime enrollment as defined by the institution.				
		☐ Education. Describe: Fulltime enrollment as defined by the institution.				
		☑ Combination of allowable activities. Describe: All adults in a Low-Income eligibility group must be enrolled and attending an educational institution full-time or may combine employment, education, or job skills training program to equal twenty (20) or more hours per week. At least one adult in an Extended Support Services (ESS) eligibility group must be enrolled and attending an educational institution full-time or may combine employment, education, or job skills training program to equal twenty (20) or twenty-five (25) or more hours per week depending on the ESS year of service.				
		☐ Other. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.				
e.		he Lead Agency allow parents to qualify for CCDF assistance based on education sining without additional work requirements?				
	⊠ Yes.					
	□ No.	If no, describe the additional work requirements: Click or tap here to enter text.				
f.	eligible	he Lead Agency extend eligibility to specific populations of children otherwise not by including them in its definition of "children who receive or need to receive tive services?"				

	Note: A Lead Agency may elect to provide CCDF-funded child care to children in foster care when foster care parents are <i>not</i> working or are <i>not</i> in education/training activities, but this provision should be included in the Lead Agency's protective services definition.
	\square No. If no, skip to question 2.2.3.
	oxtimes Yes. If yes, answer the questions below:
	Provide the Lead Agency's definition of "protective services" by checking below the sub-populations of children that are included:
	□ Children in foster care.
	□ Children in kinship care.
	oxtimes Children who are in families under court supervision.
	$\ oxtimes$ Children who are in families receiving supports or otherwise engaged with a child welfare agency.
	$\hfill \Box$ Children participating in a Lead Agency's Early Head Start - Child Care Partnerships program.
	oxtimes Children whose family members are deemed essential workers under a governor-declared state of emergency.
	\square Children experiencing homelessness.
	oxtimes Children whose family has been affected by a natural disaster.
	☑ Other. Describe: All earned and unearned income will be excluded on a case-by-case basis for the following: Child Care Workers (must be actively employed an Arkansas Licensed, Registered Child Care provider that actively participates as a CCDF Program Participant), Adoptive Children (who have transitioned from Arkansas Foster Care), Guardian/Custodian (who has assumed physical custody of child(ren)), families approved for the Arkansas Better Chance Program (ABC).
g.	Does the Lead Agency waive the income eligibility requirements for cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective services on a case-by-case basis?
	□ No.
	⊠ Yes.
h.	Does the Lead Agency waive the eligible activity (e.g., work, job training, education, etc.) requirements for cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective services on a case-by-case basis?
	□ No.
	⊠ Yes.
i.	Does the Lead Agency use CCDF funds to provide respite care to custodial parents of children in protective services?
	⊠ No.
	☐ Yes.

- 2.2.3 Eligibility criteria: deciding entity on family income limits
 How are income eligibility limits established?
 ☐ There is a statewide limit with no local variation.
 ☐ There is a statewide limit with local variation. Provide the number of income eligibility tables and describe who sets the limits: Click or tap here to enter text.
 ☐ Eligibility limits are established locally only. Provide the number of income eligibility tables and describe who sets the limits: Click or tap here to enter text.
 ☐ Other. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
- 2.2.4 Initial eligibility: income limits

ii.

- a. Complete the appropriate table to describe family income limits.
 - i. Complete the table below to provide the statewide maximum income eligibility percent and dollar limit or threshold:

Family Size	100% of SMI (\$/Month)	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) %	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) \$
1	3751.67	85%	3188.91
2	4906.03	85%	4170.12
3	6060.39	85%	5151.32
4	7214.75	85%	6132.53
5	8369.11	85%	7113.73

- Does the Lead Agency certify that they use other funds if the income eligibility limit percent exceeds 85% SMI?

 ☑ Not applicable. The Lead Agency does not allow income eligibility limits above 85% SMI.

 ☐ Yes, the Lead Agency certifies that they use other funds (non-CCDF funds) for families with income that exceeds 85% SMI.

 ☐ No. The Lead Agency establishes income eligibility limits above SMI and includes CCDF funds to pay for families with income that exceeds 85% SMI. If checked, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. Complete the table below if the Lead Agency has local variation in the maximum income eligibility limit. Complete the table for the region/locality with the highest eligibility limit, region/locality with the lowest eligibility limit, and the region/locality that is most populous:
 - i. Region/locality with the highest eligibility limit:

Family Size	100% of SMI (\$/Month)	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) %	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) \$
1	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
2	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
3	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
4	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
5	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

ii. Region/locality with the lowest eligibility limit:

Family Size	100% of SMI (\$/Month)	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) %	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) \$
1	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
2	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
3	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
4	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
5	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

iii. Region/locality that is most populous:

Family Size	100% of SMI (\$/Month)	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) %	Maximum Initial Eligibility Limit (or Threshold) \$
1	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
2	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
3	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
4	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

Family Size	100% of SMI	Maximum Initial Eligibility	Maximum Initial Eligibility
	(\$/Month)	Limit (or Threshold) %	Limit (or Threshold) \$
5	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

	iv.	Does the Lead Agency certify that they use other funds if the income eligibility limit percent exceeds 85% SMI?	
		$\hfill\square$ Not applicable. The Lead Agency does not allow income eligibility limits above 85% SMI.	
		\Box Yes, the Lead Agency certifies that they use other funds (not CCDF funds) for families with income that exceeds 85% SMI.	
		\square No. The Lead Agency establishes income eligibility limits above 85% SMI and includes CCDF funds to pay for families with income that exceeds 85% SMI. If checked, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .	
C.		es the Lead Agency define "income" for the purposes of eligibility at the point of etermination? Check all that apply:	
	i.	☐ Gross wages or salary.	
	ii.	oxtimes Disability or unemployment compensation.	
	iii.		
	iv.	\square Spousal support, child support.	
	v.	oxtimes Survivor and retirement benefits.	
	vi.	oxtimes Rent for room within the family's residence.	
	vii.	☑ Pensions or annuities.	
	viii.	☐ Inheritance.	
	ix.	☐ Public assistance.	
	x .	☑ Other. Describe: Spousal Support is counted if received for three (3) months. Child Support is excluded income.	
d.	What is	the effective date for these income eligibility limits? October 1, 2024	
e.	Income limits must be established and reported in terms of current SMI based on the most recent data published by the Bureau of the Census, even if the federal poverty le is used in implementing the program.		
	What fe	ederal data does the Lead Agency use when reporting the income eligibility limits?	
	used by	AP. If checked, provide the publication year of the LIHEAP guideline estimates the Lead Agency: https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ocs/policy-guidance/liheap-im-2023-e-median-income-estimates-optional-use-ffy-2023-and	
	☐ Othe	er. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.	

f. Provide the direct URL/website link, if available, for the income eligibility limits. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/Sliding-Fee-Scale-v4fy2022 20230630135614.pdf

2.2.5 Income eligibility: irregular fluctuations in earnings

Lead Agencies must take into account irregular fluctuations in earnings in initial eligibility determination and redetermination processes. The Lead Agency must ensure that temporary increases in income, including temporary increases that can result in a monthly income exceeding 85 percent of SMI from seasonal employment or other temporary work schedules, do not affect eligibility or family co-payments.

Check the processes that the Lead Agency uses to take into account irregular fluctuations in earnings.

i.	oxtimes Average the family's earnings over a period of time (e.g., 12 months).
	Identify the period of time: To calculate fluctuating income, verification of income shall reflect up to forty-five (45) days.
ii.	☑ Request earning statements that are most representative of the family's monthly income.

- iii. extstyle extstyle
- iv. Other. Describe the other ways the Lead Agency takes into account irregular fluctuations in earnings: *Click or tap here to enter text*.

2.2.6 Family asset limit

a.	When calculating income eligibility, does the Lead Agency ensure each eligible family does not have assets that exceed \$1,000,000?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
b.	Does the Lead Agency waive the asset limit on a case-by-case basis for families defined as receiving, or in need of, protective services?
	$oxed{oxed}$ No.
	\square Yes. If yes, describe the policy or procedure: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>

2.2.7 Additional eligibility criteria

Aside from the eligibility conditions or rules which have been described in 2.2.1 - 2.2.6, is any additional eligibility criteria applied during:

- a. ☑ Eligibility determination? If checked, describe: ARKANSAS EARLY HEAD START – CHILD CARE PARTNERSHIP (EHS-CCP) Only one parent/custodian is required to meet CCDF eligibility. If both parents/ custodians are employed and live in the same household, there are no set number of required work hours. However, the family must be working or going to school to qualify for assistance. All EHS-CCP families must remain under 85% of SMI. Eligibility is not redetermined and is good through the family's duration in the program. If a child turns three (3) years old on or before August first (1) the child will no longer be eligible for EHS-CCP and authorization will end at the end of the school year, July 31. FEDERAL PRE-K Only one parent/custodian is required to meet CCDF eligibility. All Federal Pre-K families must remain under 85% of SMI. Children may remain eligible for two (2) school years, pending the availability of funds. Families who are work/school ineligible and fall into one of the following categories may be exempted from some eligibility requirements, to include but not limited to: Foster child, child with a parent/custodian who has been incarcerated, arrested, or convicted of drug-related offenses, child in the custody of or living with someone other than the mother or father, and child with a parent/custodian activated for overseas military duty. Eligibility is redetermined every two (2) years. ARKANSAS BETTER CHANCE (ABC) INFANT TODDLER SUBSIDY (ABC-ITS) Child must be actively enrolled in a Federal Pre-K or ABC/ABCSS program, during the program year. Only one parent/custodian is required to meet CCDF eligibility. If both parents/ custodians are employed and live in the same household, there are no set number of required work hours. However, the family must be working or going to school to qualify for assistance. All Arkansas Better Chance (ABC) Infant Toddler families must remain under 85% of SMI. Eligibility is determined each school year. ABC SUMMER SERVICES Child must have been actively enrolled in a Federal Pre-K or ABC/ABCSS program, during the program year. Only one parent/custodian is required to meet CCDF eligibility. If both parents/ custodians are employed and live in the same household, there are no set number of required work hours. However, the family must be working or going to school to qualify for assistance. All ABC Summer families must remain under 85% of SMI. Eligibility is not redetermined for ABC Summer. CCDF PROGRAM PARTICIPANT EMPLOYEES At least one adult is actively employed and working in an Arkansas licensed, registered child care facility that participates in the Child Care Assistance Program. Employment must be verified. Eligibility may consist of a combination of work at an Arkansas licensed or registered CCDF Program Participant and other outside employment/education/job skills training to equal twenty (20) hours or more per week. Each adult in the eligibility group may combine work or school/job training program to equal an average of twenty (20) hours or more per week. Child(ren) must attend an approved CCDF Program Participant income guidelines are waived. However, income must be verified. CCDF Contract Program Both parents/custodians are required to meet CCDF eligibility. If both parents/custodians are employed and live in the same household, there are no set number of required work hours. However, the family must be working or going to school to qualify for assistance.
- b.

 Eligibility redetermination? If checked, describe: Parent Training

2.2.8 Documentation of eligibility determination

Lead Agencies must document and verify that children receiving CCDF funds meet eligibility criteria at the time of eligibility determination and redetermination.

Check the information that the Lead Agency documents and verifies at initial determination and redetermination and describe what information is required and how often.

Required at Initial Determination	Required at Redetermination	Description
		Applicant identity. Describe how you verify: Photo ID - driver's license, state issued ID, military ID, federal ID, school ID, or passport for applicant (all adults in the eligibility unit)
		Applicant's relationship to the child. Describe how you verify: A person having physical custody of the child. The person is standing in the role of the parent of a minor, without having gone through a formal process and has responsibility for the child. This information is declared at the time of eligibility determination.
×		Child's information for determining eligibility (e.g., identity, age, citizen/immigration status). Describe how you verify: Birth certificate, shared State data systems, and other official documents
		Work. Describe how you verify: Consecutive check stubs for the last thirty (30) days. Verification of Employment (VOE), DCO-97 Verification of Earnings form, Contract Agreement, Letter from employer, Last year's 1040 Income tax return with applicable Schedule form (profits or loss from business), and 575 Self-Employment Declaration form (can only be used if self-employed for less than one (1) year)
		Job training or educational program. Describe how you verify: Verification of enrollment or written statement from advisor or institution on official letterhead. If a change in status is reported this information may be reverified before redetermination.
	×	Family income. Describe how you verify: Consecutive check stubs for the last thirty (30) days, Verification of Employment (VOE), DCO-97 Verification of Earnings form, Contract Agreement, Letter from employer, Last year's 1040 Income Tax Return with applicable Schedule form (profits or loss from business), and 575 Self-Employment Declaration form (can only be used if self-employed for less than one (1) year). Verification of unearned family income may include but is not limited to: written statement, award letter, or court order. This information is required at eligibility determination and redetermination. If a change

Required at Initial Determination	Required at Redetermination	Description
		in status is reported this information may be reverified before redetermination.
		Household composition. Describe how you verify: A picture ID must be submitted for all adults in the eligibility group. Children are verified using Birth certificate, shared State data systems, and other official documents. This information is required at eligibility determination. If a change in status is reported this information may be reverified before redetermination.
		Applicant residence. Describe how you verify: State residence is verified using the following, to include but not limited to: ID, household bill, mail, check stubs, rent receipt, apartment lease/contract, mortgage contract, notarized statement, and state systems. This information is required at eligibility determination. If a change in status is reported this information may be reverified before redetermination.
		Other. Describe how you verify: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .

2.2.9 Exception to TANF work requirements

Lead Agencies must ensure that families with young children participating in TANF will be informed of their right not to be sanctioned under the TANF work requirement if the custodial parent has a demonstrated inability to obtain child care for a child under age six, in accordance with Section 407(e)(2) of the Social Security Act.

- Identify the TANF agency that established these criteria or definitions: Department of Human Services
- b. Provide the following definitions established by the TANF agency:
 - i. "Appropriate child care": Child care that meets the minimum health and safety standards and guidelines established by OEC Licensing Rules and Regulations. All care must be provided in a center or licensed or registered child care.
 - ii. "Reasonable distance": It is solely the parents' choice to select any CCDF provider. However, OEC may pay for up to (2) two hours of care for the parent's travel time. Additional travel time may be approved if supporting documentation is submitted.
 - iii. "Unsuitability of informal child care": Care which does not meet the developmental needs of the child or care that has been determined not to be in the best interest of the child or parent.

- iv. "Affordable child care arrangements": Care provided at no charge to the family for the first year after the family's TANF case closes due to employment assures affordable care. The sliding fee scale is applied after the first year.
- c. How are parents who receive TANF benefits informed about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the TANF work requirements?
 - i. ⊠ In writing
 - ii. ⊠ Verbally

2.3 Prioritizing Services for Vulnerable Children and Families

Lead Agencies must give priority for child care assistance to children with special needs, families with very low incomes (considering family size), and children experiencing homelessness. A Lead Agency has the flexibility to prioritize other populations of children.

Note: Statute defines children with disabilities, and CCDF rule gives flexibility to Lead Agencies to include vulnerable populations in their definition of children with special needs.

CCDF defines "child experiencing homelessness" as a child who is homeless, as defined in Section 725 of Subtitle VII-B of the McKinney-Vento Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a).

2.3.1 Lead Agency definition of priority groups

Describe how the Lead Agency defines:

- a. "Children with special needs." A child whose physical condition has lasted or is expected to last at least two (2) years as diagnosed by a licensed medical or psychological practitioner, a child determined eligible for special services under the Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA) for whom a current Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP) or Individualized Education Plan (IEP) exists, and/or a child with an emotional and/or behavioral disturbance defined by IDEA and reviewed by a team of Behavior Specialists certified in Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation (designated by the OEC) as experiencing one or more of the following: an inability to learn that cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory, or health factors, an inability to build or maintain satisfactory interpersonal relationships with peers and teachers, inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances, a general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression, and/or a tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems.
- b. "Families with very low incomes." Children whose family's income falls below 75% State Median Income (SMI). Arkansas's eligibility determination is based on the sliding fee scale at 85% of SMI. Families with very low income (under 75% State Median Income) receive child care assistance at no cost. Prioritization for child care assistance is given to TANF, children in foster care, children with disabilities, teen parents, guardian/custodian, and homeless families.

2.3.2 Prioritization of child care services

Identify how the Lead Agency will prioritize child care services for the following children and families.

a. Complete the table below to indicate how the identified populations are prioritized.

Population Prioritized	Prioritize for enrollment in child care services	Serve without placing on waiting list	Waive co- payments as described in 3.3.1	Pay higher rate for access to higher quality care	Use grants or contracts to reserve spots	Other
Children with special needs	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		☐ Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
Families with very low incomes			\boxtimes			☐ Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
Children experiencing homelessness, as defined by CCDF		\boxtimes	\boxtimes			☐ Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
(Optional) Families receiving TANF, those attempting to transition off TANF, and those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF						☐ Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.

b.	Does the Lead Agency define any other priority groups?
	□ No.
	☑ Yes. If yes, identify the populations prioritized and describe how the Lead Agency prioritizes services: OEC recognizes the following as additional priority groups: *Teen Parents- children whose parents are twenty (20) years or younger and completing their GED or high school diploma. *Children in, or transitioning out of foster care, *Children with open, active Foster Care/Protective Services cases. *Guardian/Custodian-children in the care of someone other than the parent. *Adoptive children transitioning out of Arkansas Foster Care. The additional priority group is prioritized by the following: enrollment, served without being placed on the waiting list, copays, and 85% SMI may be waived on a case-by-case basis.

2.3.3 Enrollment and grace period for children experiencing homelessness

Lead Agencies must allow (after an initial eligibility determination) children experiencing homelessness to receive CCDF services while required eligibility documentation is obtained.

Lead Agencies must establish a grace period that allows children experiencing homelessness and children in foster care to receive CCDF assistance while providing their families with a reasonable time to take any necessary actions to comply with State, Territory, or local immunization and

other health and safety requirements. The length of such a grace period must be established in consultation with the State, Territorial, or Tribal public health agency.

Note: Any payment for such a child during the grace period may not be considered an error or improper payment.

- a. Describe the strategies to allow CCDF enrollment of children experiencing homelessness while required eligibility documentation is obtained: Some eligibility requirements may be waived for children who are experiencing homelessness. The Family Support Specialist (FSS) provides case management services to obtain any information necessary to establish eligibility.
- b. Describe the grace period for each population below and how it allows them to receive CCDF assistance while providing their families with a reasonable time to take any necessary actions to comply with immunization and other health and safety requirements.
 - i. Provide the policy for a grace period for:

Children experiencing homelessness: The Office of Early Childhood allows a grace period of fifteen (15) days to obtain up to date immunization records on children.

Children who are in foster care: The Office of Early Childhood allows a grace period of fifteen (15) days to obtain up to date immunization records on children.

ii.	Does the Lead Agency certify that the length of the grace period was established in consultation with the State, Territorial, or Tribal public health agency?					
	⊠ Yes.					
	□ No. If no. describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>					

- c. Describe how the Lead Agency coordinates with licensing agencies and other relevant State, Territorial, Tribal, and local agencies to provide referrals and support to help families with children receiving services during a grace period comply with immunization and other health and safety requirements: Arkansas's CCDF Program Participant Agreement requires CCDF Providers to follow all Child Care Licensing Requirements, including sharing information regarding medical homes for children. Family Support Specialist (FSS) will provide resource information as requested.
- 2.4 Lead Agency Outreach to Families Experiencing Homelessness, Families with Limited English Proficiency, and Persons with Disabilities

The Lead Agency must conduct outreach and provide services to families with limited English proficiency, families experiencing homelessness, and persons with disabilities.

- 2.4.1 Families with limited English proficiency and persons with disabilities: outreach and services
 - a. Check the strategies the Lead Agency or partners utilize to conduct outreach and provide services to eligible families with limited English proficiency. Check all that apply.
 - i.

 Application in languages other than English (application and related documents, brochures, provider notices).

		ii.	oximes Informational materials in languages other than English.			
		iii.	☑ Website in languages other than English.			
		iv.	oxtimes Lead Agency accepts applications at local community-based locations.			
		v.	oxtimes Bilingual caseworkers or translators available.			
		vi.	☐ Bilingual outreach workers.			
		vii.	oxtimes Partnerships with community-based organizations.			
		viii.	\boxtimes Collaboration with Head Start, Early Head Start, or Migrant and Seasonal Head Start.			
		ix.	\square Home visiting programs.			
		х.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
	b.	Check the strategies the Lead Agency or partners utilize to conduct outreach and provide services to eligible families with a person(s) with a disability. Check all that apply.				
		i.	\Box Applications and public informational materials available in braille and other communication formats for access by individuals with disabilities.			
		ii.	oxtimes Websites that are accessible (e.g., Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act).			
		iii.	$\hfill\square$ Caseworkers with specialized training/experience in working with individuals with disabilities.			
		iv.	oxtimes Ensuring accessibility of environments and activities for all children.			
		V.	☐ Partnerships with State and local programs and associations focused on disability- related topics and issues.			
		vi.	☑ Partnerships with parent associations, support groups, and parent-to-parent support groups, including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) federally funded Parent Training and Information Centers.			
		vii.	$\ oxtimes$ Partnerships with State and local IDEA Part B, Section 619 and Part C providers and agencies.			
		viii.	□ Availability and/or access to specialized services (e.g., mental health, behavioral specialists, therapists) to address the needs of all children.			
		ix.	☐ Other. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.			
2.4.2	Families experiencing homelessness: Outreach and technical assistance efforts					
	a.	Check, where applicable, the procedures used to conduct outreach for children experiencing homelessness and their families.				
		i.	☐ Lead Agency accepts applications at local community-based locations.			
		ii.	☐ Partnerships with community-based organizations.			
		iii.	☐ Partnering with homeless service providers, McKinney-Vento liaisons, and others who work with families experiencing homelessness to provide referrals to			

child care.

- b. The Lead Agency must provide training and technical assistance (TA) to providers and appropriate Lead Agency (or designated entity) staff on identifying and serving children and families experiencing homelessness.
 - i. Describe the Lead Agency's training and TA efforts for providers in identifying and serving children and their families experiencing homelessness. The McKinney-Vento Act seeks to address the challenges that homeless children and youths may face in enrolling, attending, and succeeding in school. The Family Support Procedure Manual outlines the procedure for homeless families. Homeless families are a priority population for CCDF.
 - ii. Describe the Lead Agency's training and TA efforts for Lead Agency (or designated entity) staff in identifying and serving children and their families experiencing homelessness. Arkansas contracts for training that supports vulnerable populations, such as homeless families. Strengthening Families is one example. This training identifies five Protective Factors: Parental Resilience, Social Connections, Knowledge of Parenting and Child Development, Concrete Support in Times of Need, and Social and Emotional Competence of Children, that can be used to support all families including those experiencing homelessness.

2.5 Promoting Continuity of Care

Lead Agencies must consider children's development and promote continuity of care when authorizing child care services and must establish a minimum 12-month period for each child, both at the initial eligibility determination and redetermination.

2.5.1 Children's development

Describe how the Lead Agency's eligibility, enrollment, reporting, and redetermination policies promote continuity of care in order to support children's development. Assistance may be provided for up to ninety (90) days to allow a Low-Income, ESS casehead, or eligible household member to actively seek participation in an eligible activity following a cessation of employment, education, or job skills training program. Job Searches shall not be consecutive. If a Low-Income or ESS family has submitted a completed Redetermined packet then is found ineligible due to a reduction in employment, education, or job skills training program during redetermination, the redetermination of eligibility shall be extended. An extension shall be provided for an additional ninety (90) days for an Extended Authorization Period to allow the casehead to actively seek employment, education, or job skills training program. When parents or custodians of a Low-Income or ESS eligibility group have separate households, but share custody of the child(ren), either voluntarily or through a court order, only the casehead is required to be eligible to receive child care assistance. At the request of the casehead, care may continue at a different provider if within the State of Arkansas with the non-custodial parent for the continuity of care. Care cannot be authorized outside of the state.

2.5.2 Minimum 12-month eligibility

Lead Agencies must establish a minimum 12-month eligibility period for each child, both at the initial eligibility determination and at redetermination to support continuity in child care assistance and reduce barriers to families retaining eligibility. This requirement is:

- Regardless of changes in income, Lead Agencies may not terminate CCDF assistance during the minimum 12-month period if a family has an increase in income that exceeds the Lead Agency's income eligibility threshold but not the federal threshold of 85 percent of SMI; and
- Regardless of temporary changes in participation in work, training, or educational activities.

a. Does the Lead Agency certify that their policies or procedures provide a minimum month eligibility period for each child at initial eligibility determination?						
	⊠ Yes.					
	☐ No. If no, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.					
b.	Does the Lead Agency certify that its definition of "temporary change" includes each of the minimum required elements?					
	:	1. Any time-limited absence from work for an employed parent due to such reasons as the need to care for a family member or an illness.				
	:	2. Any interruption in work for a seasonal worker who is not working between regular industry work seasons.				
		 Any student holiday or break for a parent participating in a training or educational program. 				
	4	 Any reduction in work, training, or education hours, as long as the parent is still working or attending a training or educational program. 				
	!	 Any cessation of work or attendance at a training or educational program not listed above. In these cases only, Lead Agencies may establish a period of 3 months or longer. 				
	(6. Any change in age, including a child turning 13 years old during the minimum 12-month eligibility period.				
	⊠ Y	7. Any changes in residency within the State or Territory. es.				
	\square N	lo. If no, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.				
c.	Are the policies different for redetermination?					
		⊠ No.				
		\square Yes. If yes, provide the additional/varying policies for redetermination: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>				

2.5.3 Job search and continued assistance

a. Does the Lead Agency consider seeking employment (engaging in a job search) as an eligible activity at initial eligibility determination and/or at the minimum 12-month eligibility redetermination? (Note: If yes, Lead Agencies must provide a minimum of 3 months of job search.) Check all that apply:

- i. Yes. The Lead Agency does consider seeking employment (engaging in a job search) as an eligible activity at initial eligibility determination. If yes, describe: Child care assistance shall be provided for all applicants who apply for services, but do not meet the work/school requirements. Care shall be provided for up to ninety (90) days to allow families to begin participation in an eligible activity.
- ii.

 Yes. The Lead Agency does consider seeking employment (engaging in a job search) as an eligible activity at redetermination. If yes, describe: Child care assistance shall be provided for all caseheads who do not meet the work/school requirements at redetermination. Care shall be provided for up to ninety (90) days to allow families to participate in an eligible activity.
- iii.

 No. The Lead Agency does not consider seeking employment (engaging in a job search) as an eligible activity at initial eligibility determination or redetermination.
- b. Does the Lead Agency continue assistance during the minimum 12-month eligibility period when a parent has a non-temporary loss or cessation of eligible activity?

☐ No, the Lead Agency discontinues assistance.

- i. If no, describe the Lead Agency's policies for discontinuing assistance due to a parent's non-temporary change: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- ii. If no, describe what specific actions/changes trigger the job-search period after each such loss or cessation: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- iii. If no, how long is the job-search period where a family can continue assistance (must be at least 3 months)? *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- c. The Lead Agency may discontinue assistance prior to the next minimum 12-month redetermination in the limited circumstances listed below. Check and provide the policy for all circumstances in which the Lead Agency chooses to discontinue assistance prior to the next minimum 12-month redetermination:

Provide the Lead Agency's policy defining the number of unexplained absences identified as excessive: OEC recognizes that a casehead's child may be temporarily absent from the facility because of illness or some reason connected with the plan of service. The intent of the absentee billing policy is to avoid penalizing either the casehead or the CCDF Program Participant by not allowing reimbursement for the child's temporary absence. The facility must be open and the billed services available before billing for a temporarily absent child is allowable. The maximum billable absentee days per trimester are as follows: July – October; twelve (12) days not to exceed six (6) days in a given month. November – February; sixteen (16) days not to exceed eight (8) days in a given month. March – June; twelve (12) days not to exceed six (6) days in

a given month. Days shall be pro-rated based on the start date of the authorization. The CCDF Program Participant reserves the right to charge the casehead for absentee days that exceed the above limits. Any unexplained absentee days over the limits described above may be considered excessive.

iii.

A change in residency outside of the State or Territory.

Provide the Lead Agency's policy for a change in residency outside the State or Territory: An applicant must presently reside and continue to reside in the State of Arkansas. No specific duration of residence is required.

iv. \boxtimes Substantiated fraud or intentional program violations that invalidate prior determinations of eligibility.

Provide the Lead Agency's definition of fraud/intentional program violations that lead to discontinued assistance: An attempt by a casehead or CCDF Program Participant to receive services or payments to which the casehead or participant is not entitled by willfully making a false statement, misrepresentation, or impersonation.

2.5.4 Reporting changes during the minimum 12-month eligibility period

Lead Agencies may only require families to report changes that impact a family's eligibility, including only if the family's income exceeds 85 percent of the SMI, taking into account irregular fluctuations in income, or there is a non-temporary change in the parent's work, training, or education status, during the 12-month eligibility period. Lead Agencies may also require families to report that enable the lead agency to contact the family or pay providers, such as a new telephone number or address.

Note: The response below should exclude reporting requirements for a graduated phase-out, which are described in question 2.5.5.

Does the Lead Agency limit what families must report during the 12-month eligibility period to the changes described above?

⊠ Yes.			
☐ No. If no, describe:	Click or ta	o here to	enter text

2.5.5 Policies and procedures for graduated phase-out of assistance at redetermination

Lead Agencies that establish initial family income eligibility below 85 percent of SMI must provide a graduated phase-out of assistance for families whose income has increased above the Lead Agency's initial income threshold at the time of redetermination but remains below the federal threshold of 85 percent of SMI.

Lead Agencies that provide a graduated phase-out must implement a two-tiered eligibility threshold, with the second tier of eligibility (used at the time of eligibility redetermination) to be set at:

- (i) 85 percent of SMI for a family of the same size; or,
- (ii) An amount lower than 85 percent of SMI for a family of the same size but above the Lead

Agency's initial eligibility threshold that:

- (A) Takes into account the typical household budget of a family with a low income
- (B) Provides justification that the second eligibility threshold is:
 - (1) Sufficient to accommodate increases in family income over time that are typical for workers with low incomes and that promote and support family economic stability
 - (2) Reasonably allows a family to continue accessing child care services without unnecessary disruption

At redetermination, a child must be considered eligible if their parents are participating in an eligible activity even if their income exceeds the Lead Agency's initial eligibility income limit as long as their income does not exceed the second tier of eligibility. Note that once determined eligible, the child must be considered eligible for a full minimum 12-month eligibility period, even if the parents' income exceeds the second tier of eligibility during the eligibility period, as long as it does not exceed 85 percent of SMI.

A child eligible for services via the graduated phase-out of assistance is considered eligible under the same conditions as other eligible children with the exception of the co-payment restrictions, which do not apply to a graduated phase-out. To help families transition from child care assistance, Lead Agencies may gradually adjust co-payment amounts in proportion to a family's income growth for families whose children are determined eligible under a graduated phase-out. Lead Agencies may require additional reporting on changes in family income but must still ensure that any additional reporting requirements do not constitute an undue burden on families.

Check and describe the option that best identifies the Lead Agency's policies and procedures regarding the graduated phase-out of assistance.

Э.	☑ Not applicable. The Lead Agency sets its initial eligibility threshold at 85 percent of SMI and therefore is not required to provide a graduated phase-out period. (If checked, skip to question 3.1.1.)						
0.	☐ The Lead Agency sets the second tier of eligibility at 85 percent of SMI. If checked, describe the policies and procedures: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .						
	i.	□ Lead Agency adjusts the family's co-pay during the graduated phase-out period. If checked, describe how the Lead Agency gradually adjusts co-payment for families under a graduated phase-out period in proportion to a family's income growth. Include information on the percentage or amount of change made in the co-payment during graduated phase-out: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .					
	ii.	☐ Lead Agency requires additional reporting requirements during the graduated phase-out period. If checked, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .					
C.	of SMI	Lead Agency sets the second tier of eligibility at an amount lower than 85 percent for a family of the same size but above the Lead Agency's initial eligibility old. If checked, provide the following information:					
	i.	Provide the income level (\$/month) and the percent of SMI for the second tier of					

eligibility for a family of three: Click or tap here to enter text.

- ii. Describe how the second eligibility threshold takes into account the typical household budget of a low-income family: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- iii. Describe how the second eligibility threshold is sufficient to accommodate increases in family income over time that are typical for low-income workers and that promote and support family economic stability: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- iv. Describe how the second eligibility threshold reasonably allows a family to continue accessing child care services without unnecessary disruption: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- v.
 \[
 \textstyle \te
- vi. Lead Agency requires additional reporting requirements during the graduated phase-out period. If checked, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text*.

3 Child Care Affordability

CCDF subsidies make child care more affordable for eligible families, providing access to a greater range of child care options that allow parents to work, go to school, or enroll in training and they allow parents to access higher quality care options that better support children's development. CCDF requires some families participating in CCDF to pay an affordable co-payment set by the Lead Agency to cover a part of their care. But co-payments can be a significant and destabilizing financial strain on family budgets and a barrier to parent employment, and the CCDBG Act requires that the co-payment amount not be a barrier to families participating in CCDF. Lead Agencies may not set parent co-payments above 7% of family income regardless of gradual phase-out policies and regardless of the number of children receiving assistance. Lead Agencies are encouraged to set co-payments much lower than 7% to make child care more affordable for more families and have broad flexibility to waive co-payments for many participants. Lead Agencies must ensure that the total payment to a child care provider is not reduced because of a family's lowered or waived co-payment.

In this section, Lead Agencies will identify how they determine an eligible family's co-payment, the policies in place to waive or ensure co-payments are affordable for families, and how the Lead Agency improves access for children and families in economically and/or socially marginalized communities.

3.1 Family Co-payments

Lead Agencies must establish and periodically revise a sliding-fee scale for families receiving CCDF services that varies based on income and the size of the family to determine each family's contribution (i.e., co-payment) and does not create a barrier to receiving CCDF assistance. In addition to income and the size of the family, the Lead Agency may use other factors as appropriate when determining family contributions/co-payments. Lead Agencies may not use price of care or amount of subsidy payment in determining co-payments. Lead Agencies must

ensure that the total payment to a child care provider is not reduced because of a family's lowered or waived co-payment.

3.1.1 Family co-payment

Lead Agencies may not charge any family more than 7% of a family's gross income, regardless of the number of children participating in CCDF.

- a. What is the maximum percent of a family's gross income any family could be charged as a co-payment? 4%
- b. Does the Lead Agency certify that their sliding fee scales are always based on income and family size (regardless of how many different scales they may use)?

 \boxtimes Yes.

☐ No. If no, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

3.1.2 Sliding fee scale

Provide the CCDF co-payments for eligible families in the table(s) below according to family size for one child in care.

a. Is the sliding fee scale set statewide?

 \boxtimes Yes.

- □ No. If no, describe how the sliding fee scale is set: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- b. Complete the table below. If the sliding fee scale is not set statewide, complete the table for the most populous locality:

	Α	В	С	D	E	F
Family	Lowest	What is the	What	Highest	What is the	What
Size	income at	monthly	percentage	income at	monthly co-	percentage
	initial	co-payment	of income is	initial	payment	of income is
	eligibility	for a family	the co-	eligibility	for a family	this co-
	where the	of this size	payment in	where a	of this size	payment in
	family is	based on	(B)?	family is	based on	(E)?
	first	the income		charged a	the income	
	charged a	level in (A)?		co-pay	level in (D)?	
	co-pay			before a		
	(greater			family is no		
	than \$0).			longer		
				eligible.		
1	2626.18	27.72	1.05	3188.91	27.72	0.87
2	3434.23	27.72	0.81	4170.12	27.72	0.66
3	4242.28	27.72	0.65	5151.32	27.72	0.54
4	5050.34	27.72	0.55	6132.53	27.72	0.45
5	5858.39	27.72	0.47	7113.73	27.72	0.39

c. What is the effective date of the sliding-fee scale(s)? October 1, 2024

	d.		the link(s) to the sliding-fee scale(s): https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/Sliding-ale-v4fy2022 20230630135614.pdf
	e.		ne Lead Agency allow providers to charge families additional amounts above the d co-payment in instances where the provider's price exceeds the subsidy nt?
		□ No.	
		⊠ Yes.	
		If yes:	
		i.	Provide the rationale for the Lead Agency's policy to allow providers to charge families additional amounts above the required co-payment, including a demonstration of how the policy does not provide a barrier and promotes affordability and access for families: OEC allows child care providers to charge a maximum of 15% over the designated subsidy payment per subsidy authorization. • Example: \$36.00 (Subsidy Payment) X 1.15 = \$41.40, the provider may charge the family an additional \$5.40 per day.
		ii.	Provide data (including data on the size and frequency of such amounts) on the extent to which CCDF providers charge additional amounts to families: All CCDF Program Participants are allowed to charge additional amounts to families if the provider's rate exceeds the state's rate. Example: \$36.00 (Subsidy Payment) X 1.15 = \$41.40, the provider may charge the family an additional \$5.40 per day.
3.2	Calcula	ation o	f Co-Payment
	_		nust calculate a family's contribution (or co-payment), taking into account income and Lead Agencies may choose to consider other factors in their calculation.
3.2.1	Family	co-paym	nent calculation
	a.	dollar a	the family's contribution calculated, and to whom is it applied? Check if the fee is a mount or if the fee is a percent of income below, and then check all that apply he selection, as appropriate.
		i.	☑ The fee is a dollar amount and (check all that apply):
			oxtimes The fee is per child, with the same fee for each child.
			\square The fee is per child and is discounted for two or more children.
			\square The fee is per child up to a maximum per family.
			\square No additional fee is charged after a certain number of children.
			\square The fee is per family.
			\Box The contribution schedule varies because it is set locally/regionally (as indicated in 1.2.1). Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
			☐ Other. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
		ii.	\Box The fee is a percent of income and (check all that apply):

		\square The fee is per child, with the same percentage applied for each child.
		$\hfill\Box$ The fee is per child, and a discounted percentage is applied for two or more children.
		\square The fee is per child up to a maximum per family.
		$\hfill\square$ No additional percentage is charged after a certain number of children.
		\square The fee is per family.
		☐ The contribution schedule varies because it is set locally/regionally (as indicated in 1.2.1). Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
		☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
b.	each fa	ne Lead Agency use other factors in addition to income and family size to determine mily's co-payment? (Lead Agencies may not use price of care or amount of subsidy nt in determining co-payments).
	□ No.	
	⊠ Yes.	
	If yes, c	check and describe those additional factors below:
	i.	\square Number of hours the child is in care. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	ii.	☑ Quality of care (as defined by the Lead Agency). Describe: The copay is a percentage of the facility's rate. Families choosing a Quality Rating Improvement System (QRIS) Level two (2) facility have a 4% copay per child. Families choosing a QRIS Level three (3) facility have a 2% copay per child. Families choosing a QRIS Level four (4) facility have a 2% copay per child. Families choosing a QRIS Level five (5) facility have a 2% copay per child. Families choosing a QRIS Level six (6) facility have a 2% copay per child.
	iii.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
C.		be any other policies the Lead Agency uses in the calculation of family co-payment are it does not create a barrier to access. Check all that apply:
	i.	\square Base co-payments on only a portion of the family's income. For instance, only consider the family income over the federal poverty level.
	ii.	\square Base co-payments on the number of children in the family and reduce a portion of the co-payments as the number of children being served increases.
	iii.	☑ Other. Describe: Co-payments are based on the family's income and reduced according to the QRIS level of the CCDF Program Participant selected by the family.
Waivii	ng Fami	ily Co-payment

3.3.1 Waiving family co-payment

3.3

The Lead Agency may waive family contributions/co-payments for many families to lower their costs and maximize affordability for families. Lead Agencies have broad flexibility in determining for which families they will waive co-payments.

Does the Lead Agency waive family contributions/co-payments?

	the Lead Agency does not waive any family contributions/co-payments. (Skip to n $4.1.1$.)
⊠ Yes.	If yes, identify and describe which family contributions/co-payments waived.
i.	oxtimes Families with an income at or below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level for families of the same size.
ii.	$\hfill\Box$ Families with an income above 100% but at or below 150% of the Federal Poverty Level for families of the same size.
iii.	□ Families experiencing homelessness.
iv.	oxtimes Families with children with disabilities.
٧.	oxtimes Families enrolled in Head Start or Early Head Start.
vi.	\boxtimes Children in foster care or kinship care, or otherwise receiving or needing to receive protective services. Describe the policy: Click or tap here to enter text.
vii.	☐ Families meeting other criteria established by the Lead Agency. Describe the policy: Click or tan here to enter text

4 Parental Choice, Equal Access, Payment Rates, and Payment Practices

Core purposes of CCDF are to provide participating parents choice in their child care arrangements and provide their children with equal access to child care compared to those children not participating in CCDF. CCDF requirements approach equal access and parental choice comprehensively to meet these foundational program goals. Providing access to a full range of child care providers helps ensure that families can choose a child care provider that meets their family's needs. CCDF payment rates and practices must be sufficient to support equal access by allowing child care providers to recruit and retain skilled staff, provide high-quality care, and operate in a sustainable way. Supply-building strategies are also essential.

This section addresses many of the CCDF provisions related to equal access, including access to the full range of providers, payment rates for providers, co-payments for families, payment practices, differential payment rates, and other strategies that support parental choice and access by helping to ensure that child care providers are available to serve children participating in CCDF.

In responding to questions in this section, OCC recognizes that each Lead Agency identifies and defines its own categories and types of care. OCC does not expect Lead Agencies to change their definitions to fit the CCDF-defined categories and types of care. For these questions, provide responses that closely match the CCDF categories of care.

4.1 Access to Full Range of Provider Options

Lead Agencies must provide parents a choice of providers and offer assistance with child care services through a child care certificate (or voucher) or with a child care provider that has a grant or contract for the provision of child care services. Lead Agencies are reminded that policies and procedures should not restrict parental access to any type or category of care or provider (e.g., center care, home care, in-home care, for-profit provider, non-profit provider, or faith-based provider, etc.).

4.1.1 Parent choice

a. Identify any barriers to provider participation, including barriers related to payment rates and practices, (including for family child care and in-home providers), based on provider feedback, public comment, and reports to the Lead Agency: The following are barriers that have been reported to the Lead Agency: 1) low payment rates, 2) misinformation regarding the separation of church and state, and 3) the inability to suspend and expel children at will. Additionally, providers have spoken at the quarterly Arkansas Early Childhood Commission meetings on the challenges facing providers who accept subsidy.

b.	Does the Lead Agency offer child care assistance through vouchers or certificates?
	⊠ Yes.
	□ No.
c.	Does the Lead Agency offer child care assistance through grants or contracts?
	⊠ Yes.
	□ No.
Ч	Describe how the parent is informed that the child care certificate allows the option to

- d. Describe how the parent is informed that the child care certificate allows the option to choose from a variety of child care categories, such as private, not-for-profit, faith-based providers; centers; family child care homes; or in-home providers: All families have access to OEC's Consumer Education website, which allows them to search for child care statewide. The website is provided at the bottom of the child care application checklist and in the family's rights and responsibilities which are reviewed with each CCDF family during the initial interview.
- e. Describe what information is included on the child care certificate: The child care certificate provides information regarding the family's selected CCDF Program Participant with the service authorization days, parent fees, service type, authorization start and end dates, care type, and absentee billing trimester totals per child.

4.2 Assess Market Rates and Analyze the Cost of Child Care

To establish subsidy payment rates that ensure equal access, Lead Agencies must collect and analyze statistically valid and reliable data and have the option to conduct either a (1) market rate survey (MRS) reflecting variations in the price to parents of child care services by geographic area, type of provider, and age of child, or (2) an ACF pre-approved alternative methodology, such as a cost estimation model, which estimates the cost of care by incorporating both data and assumptions to estimate what expected costs would be incurred by child care providers and parents under different scenarios. All Lead Agencies must analyze the cost of providing child care through a narrow cost analysis or pre-approved alternative methodology.

Prior to conducting the MRS or pre-approved alternative, Lead Agencies must consult with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (designated or established pursuant to the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9837b(b)(1)(A)(i)) or similar coordinating body, local child care program administrators, local child care resource and referral agencies, and other appropriate entities; and organizations representing child care caregivers, teachers, and directors. Prior to conducting the MRS or pre-approved alternative methodology, Lead Agencies must consult with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (designated or established pursuant to the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9837b(b)(1)(A)(i)) or similar coordinating body, local child care program administrators, local child care resource and referral agencies, and other appropriate entities; and organizations representing child care caregivers, teachers, and directors.

Note: Any Lead Agency considering using an alternative methodology instead of a market rate survey to set payment rates, is required to submit a description of its proposed approach to OCC for pre-approval in advance of developing and conducting the alternative methodology. Advance approval is not required if the Lead Agency plans to implement both an MRS and an alternative methodology to set rates at a percentile of the market rate, but a Lead Agency conducting a limited market rate survey and using it to inform their cost model would need pre-approval for this approach. In its request for ACF pre-approval, a Lead Agency must provide details on the following elements of their proposed alternative methodology:

- Overall approach and rationale for using proposed methodology
- Description of stakeholder engagement
- Data collection timeframe (if applicable)
- Description of the data and assumptions included in the methodology, including how these elements will yield valid and reliable results from the model
- Description of how the methodology will capture the universe of providers, and reflect variations by provider type, age of children, geographic location, and quality
- 4.2.1 Completion of the market rate survey or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology

Did the Lead Agency conduct a statistically valid and reliable MRS or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology to meet the CCDF requirements to assess child care prices and/or costs and determine payment rates? Check only one based on which methodology was used to determine your payment rates.

э.							
	i.	When were the data gathered (provide a date range; for instance, September – December 2023)? <i>September 1-30, 2023</i>					
o.	☐ ACF	pre-approved alternative methodology.					
	i.	\square The alternative methodology was completed.					
	ii.	\square The alternative methodology is in process.					
f the d	ılternativ	ve methodology was completed:					
		When were the data gathered and when was the study completed? <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>					

Describe any major differences between the pre-approved methodology and the final methodology used to inform payment rates. Include any major changes to stakeholder engagement, data, assumptions or proposed scenarios. *Click or tap here to enter text.*

If the alternative methodology is in progress:

Provide a status on the alternative methodology and timeline (i.e., dates when the alternative methodology activities will be conducted, any completed steps to date, anticipated date of completion, and expected date new rates will be in effect using the alternative methodology). *Click or tap here to enter text*.

c. Consultation on data collection methodology.

Describe when and how the Lead Agency engaged the following partners and how the consultation informed the development and execution of the MRS or alternative methodology, as appropriate.

- State Advisory Council or similar coordinating body: Prior to implementation, the Market Rate Survey and Cost Model were shared with the Arkansas Childhood Commission which is Arkansas' State Advisory Council.
- ii. Local child care program administrators: Prior to implementation, the Market Rate Survey and Cost Model were shared at a public meeting of the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission where child care program administrators are in attendance.
- iii. Local child care resource and referral agencies: Prior to implementation, the Market Rate Survey and Cost Model were shared with the public on the OEC website
- iv. Organizations representing child care caregivers, teachers, and directors from all settings and serving all ages: Prior to implementation, the Market Rate Survey and Cost Model were shared at a public meeting of the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission where organizations representing caregivers, and directors can attend.
- v. Other. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- d. An MRS must be statistically valid and reliable.

An MRS can use administrative data, such as child care resource and referral data, if it is representative of the market. Please provide the following information about the market rate survey:

- i. When was the market rate survey completed? January 2024
- ii. What was the time period for collecting the information (e.g., all of the prices in the survey are collected within a three-month time period)? September 2023
- iii. Describe how it represented the child care market, including what types of providers were included in the survey: Child care providers have the ability to update their rates at will. This survey includes rates from child care centers, family homes, Head Start/Early Head Start and state funded Pre-K programs.

- iv. What databases are used in the survey? Are they from multiple sources, including licensing, resource and referral, and the subsidy program? OEC provided data to the University of Arkansas of Medical Science Research and Evaluation Division (UAMS RED), from our Enterprise Licensing System (ELS), for all licensed child care providers. OEC also provided state funded Pre-K program data from the state's system. The data for Head Start/Early Head Start was provided by the Arkansas Head Start State Collaboration Office (AHSSCO).
- v. How does the survey use good data collection procedures, regardless of the method for collection (mail, telephone, or web-based survey)? The data is collected directly from state systems.
- vi. What is the percent of licensed or regulated child care centers responding to the survey? Licensed programs have the option to change rates at will. Data was provided for 100% of licensed programs.
- vii. What is the percent of licensed or regulated family child care homes responding to the survey? Licensed programs have the option to change rates at will. Data was provided for 100% of licensed programs.
- viii. Describe if the survey conducted in any languages other than English: No
- ix. Describe if data were analyzed in a manner to determine price of care per child: Yes
- x. Describe if data were analyzed from a sample of providers and if so, how the sample was weighted: Yes
- e. Price variations reflected.

The market rate survey data or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology data must reflect variations in child care prices or cost of child care services in specific categories.

- i. Describe how the market rate survey or pre-approved alternative methodology reflected variation in geographic area (e.g., county, region, urban, rural). Include information on whether parts of the State or Territory were not represented by respondents and include information on how prices or costs could be linked to local geographic areas. OEC uses an urban/rural geographic distinction for CCDF reimbursement. This distinction has three geographic designations: Rural, Urban and Urban Plus. Urban Plus consists of Benton and Washington Counties. The Urban Plus area has remained an outlier in the state for several years.
- ii. Describe how the market rate survey or pre-approved alternative methodology reflected variation in type of provider (e.g., licensed providers, license-exempt providers, center-based providers, family child care home providers, home based providers). Data was used from licensed programs: center-based care, child care family homes, state funded preschool, and Head Start and Early Start.
- iii. Describe how the market rate survey or pre-approved alternative methodology reflected age of child (e.g., infant, toddler, preschool, school-age): Rates are taken from the following age groups: infant, toddler, preschool, and school age.

iv. Describe any other key variations examined by the market rate survey or ACF preapproved alternative methodology, such as quality level: Arkansas uses a tiered reimbursement rate system for child care subsidies. These rates are set by two geographic areas, Urban/Rural and Urban Plus. Rates do not differ by program provider type. Rates increase as QRIS levels increase.

4.2.2 Cost analysis

If a Lead Agency does not complete a cost-based pre-approved alternative methodology, they must analyze the cost of providing child care services through a narrow cost analysis. A narrow cost analysis is a study of what it costs providers to deliver child care at two or more levels of quality: (1) a base level of quality that meets health, safety, staffing, and quality requirements, and (2) one or more higher levels of quality as defined by the Lead Agency. The narrow cost analysis must estimate costs by levels of quality; include relevant variation by provider type, child's age, or location; and analyze the gaps between estimated costs and payment rates to inform payment rate setting. Lead agencies are not required to complete a separate narrow cost analysis if their pre-approved alternative methodology addresses all of the components required in the narrow cost analysis.

Describe how the Lead Agency analyzed the cost of child care through a narrow cost analysis or pre-approved alternative methodology for the FFY 2025–2027 CCDF Plan, including:

- a. How did the Lead Agency conduct a narrow cost analysis (e.g., a cost model, a cost study, existing data or data from the Provider Cost of Quality Calculator)? Arkansas contract with the UAMS RED to develop and update a cost model for the state. Geographic variations in the states were identified in the 2019 model and continued to ring true in the updated 2023 model.
- b. In the Lead Agency's analysis, were there any relevant variations by geographic location, category of provider, or age of child? Yes
- c. What assumptions and data did the Lead Agency use to determine the cost of care at the base level of quality (e.g., ratios, group size, staff compensations, staff training, etc.)?

 UAMS RED used the following to determine the cost of care: QRIS level, geographic region, previous reimbursement rates, wage data, inflation, classroom demographics, and program revenue.
- d. How does the Lead Agency define higher quality and what assumptions and data did the Lead Agency use to determine cost at higher levels of quality (e.g., ratio, group size, staffing levels, staff compensation, professional development requirements)? A Lead Agency can use a quality improvement system or other system of quality indicators (e.g., accreditation, pre-Kindergarten standards, Head Start Program Performance Standards, or State-defined quality measures). Arkansas uses our QRIS system called Better Beginnings to define higher quality in the state. This system does address items such as ratios, professional development, etc. Arkansas's cost modeling estimated several program expenses including but not limited to: wages/salary, rent, food, insurance and education equipment/supplies. Reciprocity is recognized for Head Start, National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC), National Association Family Child Care (NAFCC), etc.

e. What is the gap between cost and price, and how did the Lead Agency consider this while setting payment rates? Did the Lead Agency target any rate increases where gaps were the largest or develop any long-term plans to increase rates based on this information? The Market Rate Survey indicated a need to increase reimbursement rates for infants and toddlers in nearly all geographic areas. State rates were increased effective October 1, 2024, as a result of this data.

4.2.3 Publicly available report on the cost and price of child care

The Lead Agency must prepare a detailed report containing the results of the MRS or ACF preapproved alternative methodology and include the Narrow Cost Analysis if an ACF pre-approved alternative methodology was not conducted.

The Lead Agency must make this report widely available no later than 30 days after completion of the report, including posting the results on the Lead Agency website. The Lead Agency must describe in the detailed report how the Lead Agency took into consideration the views and comments of the public or stakeholders prior to conducting the MRS or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology.

Describe how the Lead Agency made the results of the market rate survey or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology report widely available to the public by responding to the questions below.

- i. Provide the date the report was completed: January 2024
- ii. Provide the date the report containing results was made widely available (no later than 30 days after the completion of the report): February 2024
- iii. Provide a link to the website where the report is posted and describe any other strategies the Lead Agency uses to make the detailed report widely available: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/financial-assistance-and-resources-for-providers
- iv. Describe how the Lead Agency considered partner views and comments in the detailed report. Responses should include which partners were engaged and how partner input influenced the market rate survey or alternative methodology: Prior to implementation of new rates, the Market Rate Survey and cost projections were share publicly on OEC's website. In addition, it was shared with the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission which includes representation from early childhood partners. OEC's new rate structure was approved by the Arkansas State Board of Education.

4.3 Adequate Payment Rates

The Lead Agency must set CCDF subsidy payment rates in accordance with the results of the current MRS or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology and at a level to ensure equal access for eligible families to child care services comparable with those provided to families not receiving CCDF assistance. Lead Agencies are also required to provide a summary of data and facts to demonstrate how payment rates ensure equal access, which means the Lead Agency must also consider the costs of base level care and higher quality care as part of its rate setting. Finally, the Lead Agency must re-evaluate its payment rates at least every 3 years.

The ages and types of care listed in the base payment rate tables are meant to provide a snapshot of the categories of rates and are not intended to be comprehensive of all categories that might exist or to reflect the terms used by the Lead Agency for particular ages. If rates are not statewide, please provide all variations of payment rates when reporting base payment rates below.

Base rates are the lowest, foundational rates before any differentials are added (e.g., for higher quality or other purposes) and must be sufficient to ensure that minimum health, safety, quality, and staffing requirements are covered. These are the rates that will be used to determine compliance with equal access requirements.

4.3.1 Payment rates

a.	Are the payment rates that the Lead Agency is reporting in 4.3.2 set statewide by the Lead
	Agency?

 \boxtimes Yes.

- i. If yes, check if the Lead Agency:
 - \square Sets the same payment rates for the entire State or Territory.
 - ☑ Sets different payment rates for different regions in the State or Territory.

☐ No.

- ii. If no, identify how many jurisdictions set their own payment rates: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- b. Provide the date the current payment rates became effective (i.e., date of last payment rate update based on most recent MRS or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology as reported in 4.2.1). *October 1, 2024*
- c. If the Lead Agency does not publish weekly rates, then how were the rates reported in 4.3.2 or 4.3.3 calculated (e.g., were daily rates multiplied by 5 or monthly rates divided by 4.3)? Daily rates were multiplied by 5.

4.3.2 Base payment rates

a. Provide the base payment rates in the tables below. If the Lead Agency completed a market rate survey (MRS), provide the percentiles based on the most recent MRS for the identified categories. If the Lead Agency sets different payment rates for different regions in the State or Territory (and checked 4.3.1aii), provide the rates for the most populous region as well as the region with payment rates set at the lowest percentile. Percentiles are not required if the Lead Agency also conducted an ACF pre-approved alternative methodology but must be reported if the Lead Agency conducted an MRS only.

The preamble to the 2016 final rule states that a benchmark for adequate payment rates is the 75th percentile of the most recent MRS. The 75th percentile benchmark applies to the base rates. The 75th percentile is the number separating the lowest 75 percent of rates from the highest 25 percent. Setting rates at the 75th percentile, while not a requirement, would ensure that eligible families can afford three out of four child care providers. In addition to reporting the 75th percentile in the tables below, the Lead Agency must also report the 50th percentile and 60th percentile for each identified category.

If the Lead Agency conducted an ACF pre-approved alternative methodology, provide the estimated cost of care for the identified categories, as well as the percentage of the cost of care covered by the established payment rate. If the Lead Agency sets different payment rates for different regions in the State or Territory (and checked 4.3.1aii), provide the estimated cost of care and the percentage of the cost of care covered by the established payment rate for the most populous region as well as the region with rates established at the lowest percent of the cost of care.

For each identified category below, provide the percentage of providers who are receiving the base rate without any add-ons or differential payments.

Provide the full-time weekly base payment rates in the table below. If weekly payment rates are not published, then the Lead Agency will need to calculate its equivalent.

Care Type	Base payment rate (specify unit, e.g., per day, per week, per month)	% of providers receiving Base rate	Full-Time Weekly Base Payment Rate	What is the percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the 50th percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the 60th percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the 75th percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the estimated cost of care? (Alternative Methodology)	What percent of the estimated cost of care is the rate?
Center Care for Infants (6 months)	\$39	80.25	\$195	81%	\$24.07	\$28.89	\$36.11	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
Family Child Care for Infants (6 months)	\$39	80.25	\$195	81%	\$24.07	\$28.89	\$36.11	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
Center Care for Toddlers (18 months)	\$38	80.25	\$190	82%	\$23.17	\$27.80	\$34.76	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
Family Child Care for Toddlers (18 months)	\$38	80.25	\$190	82%	\$23.17	\$27.80	\$34.76	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
Center Care for Preschool ers (4 years)	\$33	80.25	\$165	75%	\$22.00	\$26.04	\$20.90	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
Family Child Care for Preschool ers (4 years)	\$33	80.25	\$165	75%	\$22.00	\$26.04	\$20.90	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.
Center Care for School- Age (6 years)	\$31	80.25	\$155	89%	\$17.42	\$20.90	\$26.12	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

Care Type	Base payment rate (specify unit, e.g., per day, per week, per month)	% of providers receiving Base rate	Full-Time Weekly Base Payment Rate	What is the percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the 50th percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the 60th percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the 75th percentile of the rate? (MRS)	What is the estimated cost of care? (Alternative Methodology)	What percent of the estimated cost of care is the rate?
Family Child Care for School- Age (6 years)	\$31	80.25	\$155	89%	\$17.42	\$20.90	\$26.12	Click or tap here to enter text.	Click or tap here to enter text.

b.	Does the Lead Agency certify that the percentiles reported in the table above are calculated based on their most recent MRS or ACF pre-approved Alternative Methodology?			
	⊠ Yes.			
	\square No. If no, what is the year of the MRS or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology that the Lead Agency used? What was the reason for not using the most recent MRS or ACF pre-approved alternative methodology? Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.			
Tiered i	rates, differential rates, and add-ons			

Lead Agencies may establish tiered rates, differential rates, or add-ons on top of their base rates as a way to increase payment rates for targeted needs (e.g., a higher rate for serving children with special needs).

- a. Does the Lead Agency provide any rate add-ons above the base rate?
 ☐ Yes. If yes, describe the add-ons, including what they are, who is eligible to receive the add-ons, and how often are they paid: Click or tap here to enter text.
 ☒ No.

 \square No. Tiered or differential rates are not implemented.

4.3.3

If yes, identify below any tiered or differential rates, and, at a minimum, indicate the process and basis used for determining the tiered rates, including if the rates were based on the MRS or an ACF pre-approved alternative methodology. Check and describe all that apply:

- i. Differential rate for non-traditional hours. Describe: The tiered reimbursement rate can be up to a \$55 increase from the base, non-traditional rate. This amount is determined by the need of the child and provider 's QRIS level.
- ii. \boxtimes Differential rate for children with special needs, as defined by the Lead Agency. Describe Arkansas's differential rate for children with special needs is based on two factors, the child's level of need and the provider's QRIS level.

iii. ☐ Differential rate for infants and toddlers. Note: Do not check if the Lead Agency has a different base rate for infants/toddlers with no separate bonus or add-on. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text. iv. ☐ Differential rate for school-age programs. Note: Do not check if the Lead Agency has a different base rate for school-age children with no separate bonus or add-on. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text. ☑ Differential rate for higher quality, as defined by the Lead Agency. Describe: ٧. Arkansas uses tiered reimbursement rates for child care subsidies. Reimbursement rates are higher as the quality levels increase and are applied the same for center based and child care family home programs. ☑ Other differential rates or tiered rates. For example, differential rates for vi. geographic area or for type of provider. Describe: Differential rates for geographic areas are applied to programs who are at our base level of QRIS for both centerbased and child care family homes. vii. If applicable, describe any additional add-on rates that you have besides those identified above. Click or tap here to enter text. Does the Lead Agency reduce provider payments if the price the provider charges to c. private-pay families not participating in CCDF is below the Lead Agency's established payment rate? ☐ Yes. If yes, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.* \bowtie No.

4.3.4 Establishing payment rates

Describe how the Lead Agency established payment rates:

- a. What was the Lead Agency's methodology or process for setting the rates or how did the Lead Agency use their data to set rates? Arkansas used the Market Rate Survey to assess how state rates compare to program rates. This data is used to determine if adjustments are necessary.
- b. How did the Lead Agency determine that the rates are adequate to meet health, safety, quality, and staffing requirements under CCDF? Arkansas's Market Rate Survey revealed that some rates were not sufficient to meet the requirements in some areas for some age groups. We have made adjusted to those rates to come up to and in some areas exceed the 75th percent of the market. It was also determined that the preschool rate in Urban Plus will need further review.
- c. How did the Lead Agency use the cost of care, either from the narrow cost analysis or the ACF pre-approved alternative methodology to inform rate setting, including how using the cost of care promotes the stabilization of child care providers? The cost of care is factored in the narrow cost analysis.
- d. How did the Lead Agency account for the cost of higher quality while setting payment rates? Arkansas uses a tiered reimbursement system. Reimbursement rates increase as the level of quality increases.

e. Identify and describe any additional facts (not covered in responses to 4.3.1 – 4.3.3) that the Lead Agency considered in determining its payment rates to ensure equal access. *Click or tap here to enter text.*

4.4 Payment Practices to Providers

Lead Agencies must use subsidy payment practices that reflect practices that are generally accepted in the private pay child care market. The Lead Agency must ensure timeliness of payment to child care providers by paying in advance or at the beginning of delivery of child care services. Lead Agencies must also support the fixed cost of child care services based on paying by the child's authorized enrollment, or if impracticable, an alternative approach that will not undermine the stability of child care programs as justified and approved through this Plan.

Lead Agencies must also (1) pay providers based on established part-time or full-time rates rather than paying for hours of service or smaller increments of time, and (2) pay for reasonable, mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to private-paying parents. These policies apply to all provider types unless the Lead Agency can demonstrate that in limited circumstances the policies would not be considered generally-accepted payment practices.

In addition, Lead Agencies must ensure that child care providers receive payment for any services in accordance with a payment agreement or an authorization for services, ensure that child care providers receive prompt notice of changes to a family's eligibility status that could impact payment, and have timely appeal and resolution processes for any payment inaccuracies and disputes.

4.4.1 Prospective and enrollment-based payment practices

Lead Agencies must use payment practices for all CCDF child care providers that reflect generally-accepted payment practices of providers serving private-pay families, including paying providers in advance or at the beginning of the delivery of child care services and paying based on a child's authorized enrollment or an alternative approach for which the Lead Agency must demonstrate paying for a child's authorized enrollment is not practicable and it will not undermine the stability of child care programs. Lead Agencies may only use alternate approaches for subsets of provider types if they can demonstrate that prospective payments and authorized enrollment-based payment are not generally-accepted for a type of child care setting. Describe the Lead Agency payment practices for all CCDF child care providers:

Э.	Does the Lead Agency pay all provider types prospectively (i.e., in advance of or at the beginning of the delivery of child care services)?
	\square Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	No, it is not a generally-accepted payment practice for each provider type. If no, describe the provider type not paid prospectively and the data demonstrating it is not a generally-accepted payment practice for that provider type, and describe the Lead Agency's payment practice that ensures timely payment for that provider type: Arkansas is seeking to move toward a system that enables paying of providers based on enrollment When this is accomplished, the long-term goal would be to pay providers prospectively. However, to accomplish this the technical systems for payment must be replaced with a system that is designed for the new purposes. The new system will enable Arkansas to update presumptive eligibility language: clarifying copay caps at 7% of family's gross

income as applying per family regardless of the number of children participating in CCDF. The new system will continue to leverage eligibility from other public assistance programs and seek to include additional systems such as Head Start, Early Head Start, etc. particularly for vulnerable populations. This work will be done within the next year but not before the October 1, 2024, implementation plan. In addition to changes in payments to providers, the Office of Early Childhood will engage in intentional supply-building by establishing strategic pilot programs designed to provide greater access while informing leadership of lessons learned from local implementation. Addressing provider shortages by utilizing new funding mechanisms and technology solutions to support the opening and expansion of quality care facilities statewide will also be included in strategic planning.

b.	Does the Lead Agency pay based on authorized enrollment for all provider types?
	\square Yes. The Lead Agency pays all providers by authorized enrollment and payment is not altered based on a child's attendance or the number of absences a child has.
	No, it is not a generally-accepted practice for each provider type. If no, describe the provider types not paid by authorized enrollment, including the data showing it is not a generally-accepted payment practice for that provider type, and describe how the payment policy accounts for fixed costs: Arkansas is seeking to move toward a system that enables paying of providers based on enrollment. When this is accomplished, the long-term goal would be to pay providers prospectively. However, to accomplish this the technical systems for payment must be replaced with a system that is designed for the new purposes. The new system will enable Arkansas to update presumptive eligibility language, clarifying copay caps at 7% of family's gross income as applying per family regardless of the number of children participating in CCDF. The new system will continue to leverage eligibility from other public assistance programs and seek to include additional systems such as Head Start, Early Head Start, etc. particularly for vulnerable populations. This work will be done within the next year but not before the October 1, 2024, implementation plan. In addition to changes in payments to providers, the Office of Early Childhood will engage in intentional supply-building by establishing strategic pilot programs designed to provide greater access while informing leadership of lessons learned from local implementation. Addressing provider shortages by utilizing new funding mechanisms and technology solutions to support the opening and expansion of quality care facilities statewide will also be included in strategic planning.
	□ No, it is impracticable. Describe provider type(s) for which it is impracticable, why it is impracticable, and the alternative approach the Lead Agency uses to delink provider payments from occasional absences, including evidence that the alternative approach will not undermine the stability of child care programs, and thereby accounts for fixed costs: Click or tap here to enter text.

4.4.2 Other payment practices

Lead Agencies must (1) pay providers based on established part-time or full-time rates rather than paying for hours of service or smaller increments of time, and (2) pay for reasonable, mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to private-paying parents, unless the Lead Agency provides evidence that such practices are not generally-accepted for providers caring for children not participating in CCDF in its State or Territory.

- a. Does the Lead Agency pay all providers on a part-time or full-time basis (rather than paying for hours of service or smaller increments of time)?
 Yes.
 No. If no, describe the policies or procedures that are different than paying on a part-time or full-time basis and the Lead Agency's rationale for not paying on a part-time or full-time basis: Click or tap here to enter text.
 b. Does the Lead Agency pay for reasonable mandatory registration fees that the provider charges to private-paying parents?
 Yes. If yes, identify the fees the Lead Agency pays for: Any additional fees including registration and semester fees.
 No. If no, identify the data and how data were collected to show that paying for fees is not a generally-accepted payment practice: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that providers are paid in accordance with a written payment agreement or an authorization for services that includes, at a minimum, information regarding provider payment policies, including rates, schedules, any fees charged to providers, and the dispute-resolution process: OEC will reimburse child care providers in accordance with the written arrangement outlined in the CCDF Program Participant Agreement. Providers can bill for services based on the electronic OEC Certificate of Authorization. The certificate does not include reasonable charges to parents for special events outside the usual daily program costs. Further, the Agreement gives instructions for participants to appeal any adverse action taken by OEC.
- d. Describe how the Lead Agency provides prompt notice to providers regarding any changes to the family's eligibility status that could impact payments, and such a notice is sent no later than the day that the Lead Agency becomes aware that such a change will occur: All Authorization worksheets with full details of the approved services are immediately available on the Child Care Billing website after a change has been entered into the Child Care Eligibility System. Also, if a case closes, the Family Support Specialist will email the facility.
- e. Describe the Lead Agency's timely appeal and resolution process for payment inaccuracies and disputes: The Participant may appeal any adverse action taken by OEC (including audit, billing, payment, termination, etc.) by filing a written notice of appeal within fifteen (15) days from the Participant's receipt of OEC notification in accordance with OEC Administrative Appeal/Hearing Procedures.
- f. Other. Describe any other payment practices established by the Lead Agency: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

4.4.3 Payment practices and parent choice

How do the Lead Agency's payment practices facilitate provider participation in all categories of care? Arkansas currently has 1959 licensed child care providers. Of that 1959, 1021 have any active CCDF Program Participant Agreement making them eligible to accept subsidy. All CCDF providers, in all categories of care, may bill immediately after the Certificate of Authorization has been received and services are rendered. Payment is generally directly deposited into the provider's account within 5-10 days.

4.5 Supply Building

Building a supply of high-quality child care that meets the needs and preferences of parents participating in CCDF is necessary to meet CCDF's core purposes. Lead Agencies must support parent choice by providing some portion of direct services via grants or contracts, including at a minimum for children in underserved geographic areas, infants and toddlers, and children with disabilities.

4.5.1 Child care services available through grants or contracts

Does the Lead Agency provide direct child care services through grants or contracts for child care slots?

☑ Yes, statewide. Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that parents who enroll with a

	works with several education to lo	as a grant or contract have choices when selecting a provider: Arkansas eral high-quality programs across the state to provide early care and w-income families. In addition, contracted slots will be used in Arkansas's on to ensure equal access.			
☐ Yes, in some jurisdictions, but not statewide. Describe how many jurisdictions us grants or contracts for child care slots and how the Lead Agency ensures that parent enroll with a provider who has a grant or contract have choices when selecting a proclick or tap here to enter text.					
		scribe any Lead Agency plans to provide direct child care services through racts for child care slots: Click or tap here to enter text.			
	If no, skip to qu	estion 4.5.2.			
	child ca numbe	dentify the populations of children served through grants or contracts for re slots (check all that apply). For each population selected, identify the r of slots allocated through grants or contracts for direct service of children ag CCDF.			
		☑ Children with disabilities. Number of slots allocated through grants or contracts: <i>OEC will ask each provider to allocate 10% of contracted slots for children with disabilities.</i>			
		☑ Infants and toddlers. Number of slots allocated through grants or contracts: OEC has allocated one thousand (1000) slots to be used between all contracted areas.			
		☑ Children in underserved geographic areas. Number of slots allocated through grants or contracts: OEC has allocated one thousand (1000) slots to be used between all contracted areas.			
		☑ Children needing non-traditional hour care. Number of slots allocated through grants or contracts: OEC is partnering with DCFS and other entities to access the need for non-traditional hours in high need areas of the state. OEC has allocated one thousand (1000) slots to be used between all contracted areas.			
		☐ School-age children. Number of slots allocated through grants or contracts: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
		56 L P a g 4			

		□ Children experiencing homelessness. Number of slots allocated through grants or contracts: Click or tap here to enter text.				
		☐ Children in urban areas. Percent of CCDF children served in an average month: Click or tap here to enter text.				
		☐ Children in rural areas. Percent of CCDF children served in an average month: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .				
		\Box Other populations. If checked, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.				
	ii.	If yes, how are rates for slots funded by grants and contracts determined by the Lead Agency? Rates are determined according to the Market Rate Survey and the cost of quality.				
4.5.2	Care in the child's home (in-home care)					
	The Lead Agen may limit its us	cy must allow for in-home care (i.e., care provided in the child's own home) but se.				
	Will the Lead Agency limit the use of in-home care in any way?					
	☐ Yes.					
	⊠ No.					
	If yes, what limits will the Lead Agency set on the use of in-home care? Check all that apply.					
	i.	 i. Restricted based on the minimum number of children in the care of the inhome provider to meet the Fair Labor Standards Act (minimum wage) requirements. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text. 				
	ii.	☐ Restricted based on the in-home provider meeting a minimum age requirement. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>				
	iii.	☐ Restricted based on the hours of care (i.e., certain number of hours, non-traditional work hours). Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .				
	iv.	☐ Restricted to care by relatives. (A relative provider must be at least 18 years of age based on the definition of eligible child care provider.) Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>				
	V.	☐ Restricted to care for children with special needs or a medical condition. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.				
	vi.	☐ Restricted to in-home providers that meet additional health and safety requirements beyond those required by CCDF. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .				
	vii.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>				
4.5.3	Shortages in the supply of child care					
	Lead Agencies must identify shortages in the supply of child care providers that meet parents' needs and preferences.					

What child care shortages has the Lead Agency identified in the State or Territory, and what is the plan to address the child care shortages?

- a. In infant and toddler programs:
 - i. Data sources used to identify shortages: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff and is used to drive conversations with providers for increased quality levels within their programs. In addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state.
 - ii. Method of tracking progress: The Enterprise Licensing System has reporting capabilities that allow staff to monitor progress.
 - iii. What is the plan to address the child care shortages using family child care homes? Arkansas will utilize the Preschool Development Grant and CCDF funding to increase the number of high-quality infant, toddler, and school age slots through subgrants to the community. The subgrants will be available to open new or expand existing child care centers and family child care homes statewide. The state will seek input from the local leads prior to awarding funds. Arkansas funds the Family Child Care Network (FCCN) a staffed organization focused on building the capacity in Arkansas of licensed family child care homes. FCCN encourages unlicensed providers to begin the licensure process. FCCN offers one-on-one training and technical assistance to family child care providers on a variety of topics including business practices and program quality. The goals of the FCCN are to: (1) Increase the number of licensed and registered homes, (2) Increase the number of infant and toddler slots available, and (3) Elevate the level of quality in Arkansas for the children and families served.
 - iv. What is the plan to address the child care shortages using child care centers? Arkansas will utilize the Preschool Development Grant to increase the number of high-quality infant and toddler slots through subgrants to the community. The subgrants will be available to open new or expand existing child care centers and family child care homes statewide. The state will seek input from the local leads prior to awarding funds.
- b. In different regions of the State or Territory:
 - i. Data sources used to identify shortages: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff in addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state.

- ii. Method of tracking progress: The Enterprise Licensing System has reporting capabilities that allow staff to monitor progress.
- iii. What is the plan to address the child care shortages using family child care homes? Arkansas will utilize the Preschool Development Grant and CCDF funding to increase the number of high-quality infant, toddler, and school age slots through subgrants to the community. The subgrants will be available to open new or expand existing child care centers and family child care homes statewide. The state will seek input from the local leads prior to awarding funds. Arkansas funds the Family Child Care Network (FCCN) a staffed organization focused on building unlicensed providers to begin the licensure process. FCCN offers one-on-one training and technical assistance to family child care providers on a variety of topics including business practices and program quality. The goals of the FCCN are to: (1) Increase the number of licensed and registered homes, (2) Increase the number of infant and toddler slots available, and (3) Elevate the level of quality in Arkansas for the children and families served
- iv. What is the plan to address the child care shortages using child care centers? Arkansas will utilize the Preschool Development Grant to increase the number of high-quality infant and toddler slots through subgrants to the community. The subgrants will be available to open new or expand existing child care centers and family child care homes statewide. The state will seek input from the local leads prior to awarding funds
- c. In care for special populations:
 - i. Data sources used to identify shortages: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff and is used to drive conversations with providers for increased quality levels within their programs. In addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state.
 - ii. Method of tracking progress: The Enterprise Licensing System has reporting capabilities that allow staff to monitor.

- iii. What is the plan to address the child care shortages using family child care homes? Arkansas will utilize the Preschool Development Grant and CCDF funding to increase the number of high-quality infant, toddler, and school age slots through subgrants to the community. The subgrants will be available to open new or expand existing child care centers and family child care homes statewide. The state will seek input from the local leads prior to awarding funds. Arkansas funds the Family Child Care Network (FCCN) a staffed organization focused on building the capacity in Arkansas of licensed family child care homes. FCCN encourages unlicensed providers to begin the licensure process. FCCN offers one-on-one training and technical assistance to family child care providers on a variety of topics including business practices and program quality. The goals of the FCCN are to: (1) Increase the number of licensed and registered homes, (2) Increase the number of infant and toddler slots available, and (3) Elevate the level of quality in Arkansas for the children and families served.
- iv. What is the plan to address the child care shortages using child care centers? Arkansas will utilize the Preschool Development Grant to increase the number of high-quality infant and toddler slots through subgrants to the community. The subgrants will be available to open new or expand existing child care centers and family child care homes statewide. The state will seek input from the local leads prior to awarding funds.
- 4.5.4 Strategies to increase the supply of and improve quality of child care

Lead Agencies must develop and implement strategies to increase the supply of and improve the quality of child care services. These strategies must address child care in underserved geographic areas; infants and toddlers; children with disabilities, as defined by the Lead Agency; and children who receive care during non-traditional hours.

How does the Lead Agency identify any gaps in the supply and quality of child care services and what strategies are used to address those gaps for:

a. Underserved geographic areas. Describe: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff and is used to drive conversations with providers for increased quality levels within their programs. In addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state. The state in collaboration with the local leads will develop a plan to address the gaps in child care in underserved areas.

- b. Infants and toddlers. Describe: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff and is used to drive conversations with providers for increased quality levels within their programs. In addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state. The state in collaboration with the local leads will develop a plan to address the supply of child care services for infants and toddlers.
- c. Children with disabilities. Describe: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff and is used to drive conversations with providers for increased quality levels within their programs. In addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state. The state in collaboration with the local leads will develop a plan to address the supply of child care services for children with disabilities.
- d. Children who receive care during non-traditional hours. Describe: The Lead Agency uses the Enterprise Licensing System to identify and evaluate potential shortages of high-quality child care providers across the state. This data is continuously reviewed and tracked by agency staff and is used to drive conversations with providers for increased quality levels within their programs. In addition, the Arkansas Department of Education established a local early childhood lead organization (local leads) model in which organizations serve as formal state-local implementation partners to execute the state's early childhood plan. As part of their work, the local leads collect community data and report it to the state. The state in collaboration with the local leads will develop a plan to address the supply of non-traditional hours care.
- e. Other. Specify what population is being focused on to increase supply or improve quality. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- 4.5.5 Prioritization of investments in areas of concentrated poverty and unemployment

Lead Agencies must prioritize investments for increasing access to high-quality child care and development services for children of families in areas that have significant concentrations of poverty and unemployment and do not currently have sufficient numbers of such programs.

Describe how the Lead Agency prioritizes increasing access to high-quality child care and development services for children of families in areas that have significant concentrations of poverty and unemployment and that do not have access to high-quality programs. OEC partners with contractors across the state to conduct training and technical assistance for child care providers with the goal of increasing quality.

5 Health and Safety of Child Care Settings

Child care health and safety standards and enforcement practices are essential to protect the health and safety of children while out of their parents' care. CCDF provides a minimum threshold for child care health and safety policies and practices but leaves authority to Lead Agencies to design standards that appropriately protect children's safety and promote nurturing environments that support their healthy growth and development. Lead Agencies should set standards for ratios, group size limits, and provider qualifications that help ensure that the child care environment is conducive to safety and learning and enable caregivers to promote all domains of children's development.

CCDF health and safety standards help set clear expectations for CCDF providers, form the foundation for health and safety training for child care workers, and establish the baseline for monitoring to ensure compliance with health and safety requirements. These health and safety requirements apply to all providers serving children receiving CCDF services – whether the providers are licensed or license-exempt, must be appropriate to the provider setting and age of the children served, must include specific topics and training on those topics, and are subject to monitoring and enforcement procedures by the Lead Agency. CCDF-required annual monitoring and enforcement actions help ensure that CCDF providers are adopting and implementing health and safety requirements.

Through child care licensing, Lead Agencies set minimum requirements, including health and safety requirements, that child care providers must meet to legally operate in that State or Territory. In some cases, CCDF health and safety requirements may be integrated within the licensing system for licensed providers and may be separate for CCDF providers who are license-exempt.

This section addresses CCDF health and safety requirements, Lead Agency licensing requirements and exemptions, and comprehensive background checks.

When responding to questions in this section, OCC recognizes that each Lead Agency identifies and defines its own categories of care. OCC does not expect Lead Agencies to change their definitions to fit the CCDF-defined categories of care. For these questions, provide responses that best match the CCDF categories of care.

5.1 Licensing Requirements

Each Lead Agency must ensure it has in effect licensing requirements applicable to all child care services provided within the State/Territory (not restricted to providers receiving CCDF funds).

5.1.1 Providers subject to licensing

For each category of care listed below, identify the type of providers subject to licensing and describe the licensing requirements.

a. Identify the center-based provider types subject to child care licensing: Any facility that is open for more than five (5) hours during a twenty-four (24) hour period or more than a total of ten (10) hours during a seven (7) day period is considered a child care center and shall be subject to the provisions of the Child Care Facility Licensing Act.
https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf

	Are there other categories of licensed, regulated, or registered center providers the Lead Agency does not categorize as license-exempt?
	☐ Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	⊠ No.
b.	dentify the family child care providers subject to licensing: A home requires licensing when one (1) or more persons care for six (6) or more children, from more than one (1) amily at the same time. A maximum of sixteen (16) children may be cared for with a Child Care Family Home license. Licensed Family Child Care Family Homes https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
	Are there other categories of regulated or registered family child care providers the Lead Agency does not categorize as license-exempt?
	\square Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	⊠ No.
c.	dentify the in-home providers subject to licensing: The three types of Child Care Family Registered Homes are: Registered Child Care Family Home, Relative Child Care Family Home, and In-Home Child Care Provider. All types of Registered Child Care Family Homes may care for fewer than five (5) children.
	Are there other categories of regulated or registered in-home providers the Lead Agency does not categorize as license-exempt?
	☐ Yes. If yes, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	⊠ No.

5.1.2 CCDF-eligible providers exempt from licensing

Identify the categories of CCDF-eligible providers who are exempt from licensing requirements, the types of exemptions, and describe how these exemptions do not endanger the health, safety, and development of children. -Relative providers, as defined in CCDF, are addressed in subsection 5.8.

- a. License-exempt center-based child care. Describe by answering the questions below.
 - Identify the categories of CCDF-eligible center-based child care providers who are exempt from licensing requirements. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
 - ii. Describe the exemptions based on length of day, threshold on the number of children in care, ages of children in care, or any other factors applicable to the exemption. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
 - iii. Describe how the exemptions for these CCDF-eligible providers do not endanger the health, safety, and development of children. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
- b. License-exempt family child care. Describe by answering the questions below.

- Identify the categories of CCDF-eligible family child care providers who are exempt from licensing requirements. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
- ii. Describe the exemptions based on length of day, threshold on the number of children in care, ages of children in care, or any other factors applicable to the exemption. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
- iii. Describe how the exemptions for these CCDF-eligible providers do not endanger the health, safety, and development of children. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
- c. In-home care (care in the child's own home by a non-relative). Describe by answering the questions below.
 - Identify the categories of CCDF-eligible in-home care (care in the child's own home by a non- relative) providers who are exempt from licensing requirements.
 The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
 - ii. Describe the exemptions based on length of day, threshold on the number of children in care, ages of children in care, or any other factors applicable to the exemption. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
 - iii. Describe how the exemptions for these CCDF-eligible providers do not endanger the health, safety, and development of children. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.

5.2 Ratios, Group Size, and Qualifications for CCDF Providers

Lead Agencies must have child care standards for providers receiving CCDF funds, appropriate to the type of child care setting involved, that address appropriate staff: child ratios, group size limits for specific age populations, and the required qualifications for providers. Lead Agencies should map their categories of care to the CCDF categories. Exemptions for relative providers will be addressed in subsection 5.8.

5.2.1 Age classifications

Describe how the Lead Agency defines the following age classifications (e.g., Infant: 0-18 months).

a. Infant. Describe: Birth - 18 Months

b. Toddler. Describe: 18 Months – 36 Months

c. Preschool. Describe: 2.5 - 5

d. School-Age. Describe: Kindergarten and above

5.2.2 Ratio and group size limits

Provide the ratio and group size limits for settings and age groups below.

- a. Licensed CCDF center-based care:
 - i. Infant.

Ratio: 1:5

Group size: 10

ii. Toddler.

Ratio: 1:8

Group size: 16

iii. Preschool.

Ratio: 2.5 - 3 (1:12) 4 years (1:15), 5 years (1:18)

Group size: 2.5 - 3 is 24, 4 years is 30, 5 years is 36

iv. School-Age.

Ratio: 1:18
Group size: 36

v. Mixed-Age Groups (if applicable).

Ratio: The staff/child ratio shall meet the requirements for the youngest child in the group.

Group size: The group size is limited to twice the number of children allowed with one staff member.

- b. If different, provide the ratios and group size requirements for the license-exempt center-based providers who receive CCDF funds under the following age groups:
 - i. \square Not applicable. There are no differences in ratios and group size requirements.
 - ii. Infant: Click or tap here to enter text.
 - iii. Toddler: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
 - iv. Preschool: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
 - v. School-Age: Click or tap here to enter text.
 - vi. Mixed-Age Groups: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- c. Licensed CCDF family child care home providers:
 - i. Infant (if applicable)

Ratio: One Caregiver: A. 3-6 children ages 0-up (no more than 3 under 2 years) B. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 2 under 2 years) C. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 1 under 2 years) D. 9 children ages 2-up (no more than 3 between 2 & 3 years) E. 10 children ages 3-up Two Caregivers: A. 3-6 children ages 0-up B. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) C. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) D. 9 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) E. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) F. 15-16 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) Three Caregivers: A. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) B. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) D. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) E. 15-16 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years)

Group size: The group size is the same as the licensed capacity of the licensed child care family home.

ii. Toddler (if applicable)

Ratio: One Caregiver: A. 3-6 children ages 0-up (no more than 3 under 2 years) B. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 2 under 2 years) C. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 1 under 2 years) D. 9 children ages 2-up (no more than 3 between 2 & 3 years) E. 10 children ages 3-up Two Caregivers: A. 3-6 children ages 0-up B. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) C. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) D. 9 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) E. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) F. 15-16 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) Three Caregivers: A. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) D. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) D. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) E. 15-16 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years)

Group size: The group size is the same as the licensed capacity of the licensed child care family home.

iii. Preschool (if applicable)

Ratio: One Caregiver: A. 3-6 children ages 0-up (no more than 3 under 2 years) B. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 2 under 2 years) C. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 1 under 2 years) D. 9 children ages 2-up (no more than 3 between 2 & 3 years) E. 10 children ages 3-up Two Caregivers: A. 3-6 children ages 0-up B. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) C. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) D. 9 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) E. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years) F. 15-16 children ages 0-up (no more than 2 under 2 years) Three Caregivers: A. 7 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) B. 8 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) D. 10-14 children ages 0-up (no more than 5 under 2 years) E. 15-16 children ages 0-up (no more than 4 under 2 years)

Group size: The group size is the same as the licensed capacity of the licensed child care family home.

iv. School-Age (if applicable)

Ratio: child care family home.

Group size: The group size is the same as the licensed capacity of the license child care family home.

v. Mixed-Age Groups

Ratio: The staff/child ratio shall meet the requirement for the youngest child in the group.

Group size: The group size is the same as the licensed capacity of the license child care family home.

d. Are any of the responses above different for license-exempt family child care ho					
			□ No.		
			☐ Yes. If yes, describe how the ratio and group size requirements for license-exempt providers vary by age of children served. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .		
			$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
	e.	License	ed in-home care (care in the child's own home):		
		i.	Infant (if applicable)		
			Ratio: 1:5		
			Group size: 5		
		ii.	Toddler (if applicable)		
			Ratio: 1:5		
			Group size: 5		
		iii.	Preschool (if applicable)		
			Ratio: 1:5		
			Group size: 5		
		iv.	School-Age (if applicable)		
			Ratio: 1:5		
			Group size: Click or tap here to enter text.		
		٧.	Mixed-Age Groups (if applicable)		
			Ratio: 1:5		
			Group size: Click or tap here to enter text.		
	f.	Are any	y of the responses above different for license-exempt in-home care?		
		⊠ No.			
			\square Yes. If yes, describe how the ratio and group size requirements for license-exempt in-home care vary by age of children served. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .		
	Teacher/caregiver qualifications for licensed, regulated, or registered care				
	Provide the teacher/caregiver qualifications for each category of care.				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

5.2.3

a. Licensed center-based care

- i. Describe the teacher qualifications for licensed CCDF center-based care (e.g., degrees, credentials, etc.), including any variations based on the ages of children in care: Staff members in a child care center shall be eighteen (18) years of age or older. All staff members who work directly with children shall have a high school diploma or GED. All staff members who work directly with children shall obtain fifteen (15) hours of training each year in continuing Early Childhood Education. All staff members caring for children shall be able to perform necessary job functions.
- ii. Describe the director qualification for licensed CCDF center-based care, including any variations based on the ages of children in care or the number of staff employed: Directors shall be twenty-one (21) years of age or older, and provide documentation of one of the following educational levels (Directors previously approved prior to the implementation of these requirements may continue in their position and do not have to meet these educational levels): bachelor's degree or higher degree in Early Childhood, Child Development or a related field from a regionally accredited college or university. (Determination of "related field" shall be made by the division) bachelor's degree in a non-related field from a regionally accredited college or university plus one of the following: Four years of experience in early childhood education -current Child Development Associate Credential (CDA) Birth Pre-K Credential.

b. Licensed family child care

Describe the provider qualifications for licensed family child care homes, including any variations based on the ages of children in care: The primary caregiver shall be twenty-one (21) years of age or older. Secondary caregivers shall be eighteen (18) years of age or older. All caregivers shall have a high school diploma or GED. All caregivers who work directly with children shall obtain at least fifteen (15) hours a year of training.

c. Licensed, regulated, or registered in-home care (care in the child's own home by a non-relative)

Describe the provider qualifications for licensed, regulated, or registered in-home care providers (care in the child's own home) including any variations based on the ages of children in care: A Registered Home primary caregiver shall be eighteen (18) years of age or older. Secondary caregivers shall be eighteen (18) years of age or older. All caregivers shall have a high school diploma or GED. All caregivers who work directly with children shall obtain at least fifteen (15) hours a year of training.

5.2.4 Teacher/caregiver qualifications for license-exempt providers

Provide the teacher/provider qualification requirements (for instance, age, high school diploma, specific training, etc.) for the license-exempt providers under the following categories of care:

- a. License-exempt center-based child care. The State of Arkansas does not allow for any license-exempt providers.
- b. License-exempt home-based child care. The State of Arkansas does not allow for any license-exempt providers.
- c. License-exempt in-home care (care in the child's own home). The State of Arkansas does not allow for any license-exempt providers.

5.3 Health and Safety Standards for CCDF Providers

Lead Agencies must have health and safety standards for providers serving children receiving CCDF assistance relating to the required health and safety topics as appropriate to the provider setting and age of the children served. This requirement is applicable to all child care programs receiving CCDF funds regardless of licensing status (i.e., licensed or license-exempt). The only exception to this requirement is for relative providers, as defined by CCDF. Lead Agencies have the option of exempting certain relatives from any or all CCDF health and safety requirements.

Exemptions for relative providers' standards requirements will be addressed in question 5.8.1.

Describe the following health and safety standards for programs serving children receiving CCDF assistance on the following topics (note that monitoring and enforcement will be addressed in subsection 5.5):

- 5.3.1 Prevention and control of infectious diseases (including immunizations) health and safety standard
 - a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the prevention and control of infectious diseases for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: No child or staff shall be admitted who has a contagious or infectious disease. Possible symptoms of contagious or infectious diseases would include: fever over 101, diarrhea, vomiting, and rashes. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified as soon as possible when a child has any symptom that requires exclusion from the facility. The child shall be separated from other children and closely monitored until the parent arrives to pick the child up. Section 1100, Health for all License types in Arkansas. Child Care Centers: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: No child or staff shall be admitted who has a contagious or infectious disease. Possible symptoms of contagious or infectious diseases would include: fever over 101, diarrhea, vomiting, and rashes. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified as soon as possible when a child has any symptom that requires exclusion from the facility. The child shall be separated from other children and closely monitored until the parent arrives to pick the child up. Licensed Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf
 - iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: No child or staff shall be admitted who has a contagious or infectious disease. Possible symptoms of contagious or infectious diseases would include: fever over 101, diarrhea, vomiting, and rashes. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified as soon as possible when a child has any symptom that requires exclusion from the facility. The child shall be separated from other children and closely monitored until the parent arrives to pick the child up. Licensed Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf Registered Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

	۱ .							
- 1	1 N	-	1 1	n	nı	ica	n	Δ.
		ı	ιc	ıv	IJΙ	ıca	v	ıc.

- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: No child or staff shall be admitted who has a contagious or infectious disease. Possible symptoms of contagious or infectious diseases would include: fever over 101, diarrhea, vomiting, and rashes. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified as soon as possible when a child has any symptom that requires exclusion from the facility. The child shall be separated from other children and closely monitored until the parent arrives to pick the child up. Out of School Time: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy 20230506120357.pdf
- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address that children attending child care programs under CCDF are age-appropriately immunized, according to the latest recommendation for childhood immunizations of the respective State public health agency, for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: Within fifteen (15) days of enrollment of a child, the child care facility shall verify that the child has been immunized as required by the Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) or the child cannot remain in care (Arkansas Code § 20-78-206 as amended by Act 870 of 1997-- a current immunization schedule is provided as an insert in this publication.
 https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: Within fifteen (15) days of enrollment of a child, the child care facility shall verify that the child has been immunized as required by the Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) or the child cannot remain in care (Arkansas Code § 20-78-206 as amended by Act 870 of 1997-- a current immunization schedule is provided as an insert in this publication. Licensed Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
 - iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: Within fifteen (15) days of enrollment of a child, the child care facility shall verify that the child has been immunized as required by the Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) or the child cannot remain in care (Arkansas Code § 20-78-206 as amended by Act 870 of 1997-- a current immunization schedule is provided as an insert in this publication. Registered Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - ☐ Not applicable.
 - iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A

- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: Within fifteen (15) days of enrollment of a child, the child care facility shall verify that the child has been immunized as required by the Arkansas Department of Health (ADH) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) or the child cannot remain in care (Arkansas Code § 20-78-206 as amended by Act 870 of 1997-- a current immunization schedule is provided as an insert in this publication. Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy 20230506120357.pdf
- 5.3.2 Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and the use of safe-sleep practices health and safety standard

Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices for the following CCDF-eligible providers:

- i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: Sleeping infants and toddlers shall be visually monitored at all times and physically checked regularly for breathing. 43 2. Infants and toddlers shall be placed in age appropriate cribs, cots, or mats meeting Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) standards, for when they fall asleep. (Note: Also, any items used in the crib must be used according to manufacturer guidelines, regardless if the child is sleeping or not, in accordance with 1001.1.) 3. Infants (children twelve (12) months of age and below) shall be placed flat on their backs to sleep, in accordance with American Academy of Pediatrics guidelines, to lessen the risk of suffocation and Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS). (If a child rolls over on his or her own, the facility is not required to reposition the child.) If there is a medical reason a child cannot sleep on his or her back, then a signed statement from the child's physician must be in the file stating the reason, the sleep position indicated, and the time frame this is required. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf
- ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: Infants (children twelve (12) months and below) shall be placed flat on their backs to sleep to lessen the risk of suffocation and Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS). (If a child rolls over on his or her own, the facility is not required to reposition the child.) If there is a medical reason a child cannot sleep on his or her back, then a signed statement from the child's physician must be in the file stating that a different sleep position is indicated. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: Infants (children twelve (12) months and below) shall be placed flat on their backs to sleep to lessen the risk of suffocation and Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS). (If a child rolls over on his or her own, the facility is not required to reposition the child.) If there is a medical reason a child cannot sleep on his or her back, then a signed statement from the child's physician must be in the file stating that a different sleep position is indicated. 2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf.pdf (arkansas.gov)
 - ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: N/A
- 5.3.3 Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent health and safety standard
 - a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the administration of medication for the following CCDF-eligible providers:

i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: Medication shall be given to children only with signed parental permission which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. It shall be in the original container with a child resistant cap, not have an expired date, and be labeled with the child's name. (Aspirin substitutes, such as ibuprofen and acetaminophen, may be provided by the facility if parental permission has been granted. These medications shall be in the original container.) Staff shall not dispense medications in dosages that exceed the recommendations stated on the medication bottle. Children with special health care needs (ex. asthma, seizures, diabetes.) who require scheduled daily medications or medications to be given on an emergent basis (Benadryl, EpiPen, rescue asthma medication, etc.) shall have a care plan. Care plans shall have clearly stated parameters, directions, and symptoms for giving the medications. Care plans shall be updated as needed, but at least yearly. The facility shall share information with families regarding medical homes for children. Medication shall be returned to the parent or disposed of properly when a child withdraws from the program or when the medication is out of date. Medicine shall be stored at the proper temperature, separately from food at all times. Medicine shall be kept out of the reach of the children when dispensing and shall be stored in a locked area at all other times. The staff person who administers the medication shall initial the permission slip and record the date, time, and dosage administered. The facility shall follow any health or medical care plans and medical documentation as provided by the child's physician, parent, or guardian.

All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. H. Administering medication

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf

ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard:

Medication shall be given to children only with signed parental permission which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. It shall be in the original container with a child resistant cap, not have an expired date, and be labeled with the child's name. (Aspirin substitutes, such as ibuprofen and acetaminophen, may be provided by the facility if parental permission has been granted. These medications shall be in the original container.) Staff shall not dispense medications in dosages that exceed the recommendations stated on the medication bottle. Children with special health care needs (ex. asthma, seizures, diabetes.) who require scheduled daily medications or medications to be given on an emergent basis (Benadryl, EpiPen, rescue asthma medication, etc.) shall have a care plan. Care plans shall have clearly stated parameters, directions, and symptoms for giving the medications. Care plans shall be updated as needed, but at least yearly. The facility shall share information with families regarding medical homes for children. Medication shall be returned to the parent or disposed of properly when a child withdraws from the program or when the medication is out of date. Medicine shall be stored at the proper temperature, separately from food at all times. Medicine shall be kept out of the reach of the children when dispensing and shall be stored in a locked area at all other times. The staff person who administers the medication shall initial the permission slip and record the date, time, and dosage administered. The facility shall follow any health or medical care plans and medical documentation as provided by the child's physician, parent, or guardian.

All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. H. Administering medication

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf

iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: Medication shall be given to children only with signed parental permission which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. It shall be in the original container with a child resistant cap, not have an expired date, and be labeled with the child's name. (Aspirin substitutes, such as ibuprofen and acetaminophen, may be provided by the facility if parental permission has been granted. These medications shall be in the original container.) Staff shall not dispense medications in dosages that exceed the recommendations stated on the medication bottle. Children with special health care needs (ex. asthma, seizures, diabetes.) who require scheduled daily medications or medications to be given on an emergent basis (Benadryl, EpiPen, rescue asthma medication, etc.) shall have a care plan. Care plans shall have clearly stated parameters, directions, and symptoms for giving the medications. Care plans shall be updated as needed, but at least yearly. The facility shall share information with families regarding medical homes for children. Medication shall be returned to the parent or disposed of properly when a child withdraws from the program or when the medication is out of date. Medicine shall be stored at the proper temperature, separately from food at all times. Medicine shall be kept out of the reach of the children when dispensing and shall be stored in a locked area at all other times. The staff person who administers the medication shall initial the permission slip and record the date, time, and dosage administered. The facility shall follow any health or medical care plans and medical documentation as provided by the child's physician, parent, or guardian.

All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. H. Administering medication

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

- ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A

vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: Medication shall be given to children only with signed parental permission which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. It shall be in the original container with a child resistant cap, not have an expired date, and be labeled with the child's name. (Aspirin substitutes, such as ibuprofen and acetaminophen, may be provided by the facility if parental permission has been granted. These medications shall be in the original container.) Staff shall not dispense medications in dosages that exceed the recommendations stated on the medication bottle. Children with special health care needs (ex. asthma, seizures, diabetes.) who require scheduled daily medications or medications to be given on an emergent basis (Benadryl, EpiPen, rescue asthma medication, etc.) shall have a care plan. Care plans shall have clearly stated parameters, directions, and symptoms for giving the medications. Care plans shall be updated as needed, but at least yearly. The facility shall share information with families regarding medical homes for children. Medication shall be returned to the parent or disposed of properly when a child withdraws from the program or when the medication is out of date. Medicine shall be stored at the proper temperature, separately from food at all times. Medicine shall be kept out of the reach of the children when dispensing and shall be stored in a locked area at all other times. The staff person who administers the medication shall initial the permission slip and record the date, time, and dosage administered. The facility shall follow any health or medical care plans and medical documentation as provided by the child's physician, parent, or guardian.

All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. H. Administering medication https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address obtaining permission from parents to administer medications to children for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: Medication shall be given to children only with signed parental permission which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. It shall be in the original container with a child resistant cap, not have an expired date, and be labeled with the child's name. (Aspirin substitutes, such as ibuprofen and acetaminophen, may be provided by the facility if parental permission has been granted. These medications shall be in the original container.) Staff shall not dispense medications in dosages that exceed the recommendations stated on the medication bottle. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf

- ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All medicines shall be given to a child only with the written permission of the child's parent(s) or guardian which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All medicines shall be given to a child only with the written permission of the child's parent(s) or guardian which includes date, type, drug name, time and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

☐ Not applicable.

- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: Medication shall be given to participants only with signed parental permission which includes date, type, drug name, time, and dosage, length of time to give medication, and what the medication is being given for. It shall be in the original container with a child resistant cap, not have an expired date, and be labeled with the participant's name. (Aspirin substitutes, such as ibuprofen and acetaminophen, may be provided by the facility if parental permission has been granted. These medications shall be in the original container.) Staff shall not dispense medications in dosages that exceed the recommendations stated on the medication bottle.

The staff person who administers the medication shall initial the permission slip and record the date, time, and dosage the medication was administered. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

- 5.3.4 Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions health and safety standard
 - a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the *prevention* of emergencies due to food and allergic reactions for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: CAll new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 O. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf

- ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. O. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - O. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - \square Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

 Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the *response* to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 O. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 O. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. O. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

 Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
- 5.3.5 Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of and protection from hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic health and safety standard
 - a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the identification of and protection from building and physical premises hazards for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

 m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the identification of and protection from bodies of water for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: CAll new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

 m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
- c. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the identification of and protection from vehicular traffic hazards for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

 m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
- 5.3.6 Prevention of shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma, and maltreatment health and safety standard
 - a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma and indicate the age of children it applies to for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208); e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child; g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208); e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child; g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208);
 - e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child;
 - g. Mandated reporter training;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

☐ Not applicable.

- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208);
 - e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child;
 - g. Mandated reporter training;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the prevention of child maltreatment and indicate the age of children it applies to for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208);
 - e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child;
 - g. Mandated reporter training;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf

- ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208);
 - e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child;
 - g. Mandated reporter training;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf

- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208);
 - e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child;
 - g. Mandated reporter training;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

☐ Not applicable.

- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.
 - d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208);
 - e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child;
 - g. Mandated reporter training;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

5.3.7 Emergency preparedness and response planning standard

Identify by checking below that the emergency preparedness and response planning due to natural disasters and human-caused events standard includes procedures in the following areas:

- ii. ⊠ Relocation
- iii. ⊠ Shelter-in-place
- iv. ⊠ Lock down
- v. Staff emergency preparedness

 - □ Practice drills
- vi. Volunteer emergency preparedness

 - □ Practice drills
- vii.

 Communication with families
- viii.

 Reunification with families

 □ Continuity of operations ix. Accommodation of х. **⊠** Infants □ Children with disabilities ☐ Children with chronic medical conditions Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of biocontaminants health and safety standard Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the handling and storage of hazardous materials for the following CCDF-eligible providers: i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506120624.pdf

5.3.8

a.

All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A iv.

☐ Not applicable.

- All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: ٧. N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A

vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the disposal of bio contaminants for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
 - iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

☐ Not applicable.

- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A

vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

5.3.9 Precautions in transporting children health and safety standard

Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address precautions in transporting children for the following CCDF-eligible providers:

- i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. j. Transportation and car seat safety; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf
- ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. j. Transportation and car seat safety; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
- iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. Transportation and car seat safety; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-

☐ Not applicable.

Copy_20230506120624.pdf

- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

Transportation and car seat safety;

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf

- 5.3.10 Pediatric first aid and pediatric cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) health and safety standard
 - a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address pediatric first aid for all staff for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: Director, Assistant Director or Site Supervisor, and fifty percent (50%) of the facility staff that are on site at any given time shall have a certificate of successful completion of first aid and Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) from an approved organization. If the facility serves infants and toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR. (Infant and child CPR may be included in the basic course or in a separate course.)
 - a. The curriculum shall conform to current American Heart Association or American Red Cross guidelines;
 - b. The curriculum shall require hands on, skill-based instruction as well as practical testing. Training and certification that is provided solely online will not be accepted; and
 - c. The instructor shall be qualified and authorized to teach the curriculum and shall be certified by a nationally recognized organization. (Including but not limited to: Health and Safety Institute; Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Safety Services, Inc.)

CCDF Program Participants: All unsupervised direct care staff must be certified in pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf

ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: CCDF Program Participants: All unsupervised direct care staff must be certified in pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

Family Care Homes: At least 1 caregiver who has a current certificate of successful completion of first aid and CPR from an approved organization shall be on site at all times. If the home serves infants/toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf

iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: CCDF Program Participants: All unsupervised direct care staff must be certified in pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

Family Care Homes: At least 1 caregiver who has a current certificate of successful completion of first aid and CPR from an approved organization shall be on site at all times. If the home serves infants/toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

		Not	app	lical	ble.
--	--	-----	-----	-------	------

iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A

- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: Director, Assistant Director or Site Supervisor, and fifty percent (50%) of the facility staff that are on site at any given time shall have a certificate of successful completion of first aid and Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) from an approved organization. If the facility serves infants and toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR. (Infant and child CPR may be included in the basic course or in a separate course.)

 a. The curriculum shall conform to current American Heart Association or American Red Cross guidelines;
 - b. The curriculum shall require hands on, skill-based instruction as well as practical testing. Training and certification that is provided solely online will not be accepted; and
 - c. The instructor shall be qualified and authorized to teach the curriculum and shall be certified by a nationally recognized organization. (Including but not limited to: Health and Safety Institute; Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Safety Services, Inc.)
 - https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy 20230506120357.pdf
- b. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address pediatric cardiopulmonary resuscitation for all staff for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: Director, Assistant Director or Site Supervisor, and fifty percent (50%) of the facility staff that are on site at any given time shall have a certificate of successful completion of first aid and Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) from an approved organization. If the facility serves infants and toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR. (Infant and child CPR may be included in the basic course or in a separate course.)
 - a. The curriculum shall conform to current American Heart Association or American Red Cross guidelines;
 - b. The curriculum shall require hands on, skill-based instruction as well as practical testing. Training and certification that is provided solely online will not be accepted; and
 - c. The instructor shall be qualified and authorized to teach the curriculum and shall be certified by a nationally recognized organization. (Including but not limited to: Health and Safety Institute; Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Safety Services, Inc.)

CCDF Program Participants: All unsupervised direct care staff must be certified in pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: CCDF Program Participants: All unsupervised direct care staff must be certified in pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

Family Care Homes: At least 1 caregiver who has a current certificate of successful completion of first aid and CPR from an approved organization shall be on site at all times. If the home serves infants/toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf

iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: CCDF Program Participants: All unsupervised direct care staff must be certified in pediatric first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

Family Care Homes: At least 1 caregiver who has a current certificate of successful completion of first aid and CPR from an approved organization shall be on site at all times. If the home serves infants/toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR.

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf

- ☐ Not applicable.
- iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
- v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
- vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
- vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: Director, Assistant Director or Site Supervisor, and fifty percent (50%) of the facility staff that are on site at any given time shall have a certificate of successful completion of first aid and Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) from an approved organization. If the facility serves infants and toddlers, this training shall include infant and child CPR. (Infant and child CPR may be included in the basic course or in a separate course.)
 - a. The curriculum shall conform to current American Heart Association or American Red Cross guidelines;
 - b. The curriculum shall require hands on, skill-based instruction as well as practical testing. Training and certification that is provided solely online will not be accepted; and
 - c. The instructor shall be qualified and authorized to teach the curriculum and shall be certified by a nationally recognized organization. (Including but not limited to: Health and Safety Institute; Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Safety Services, Inc.)

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy 20230506120357.pdf

5.3.11 Identification and reporting of child abuse and neglect health and safety standard

- a. Provide the standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the identification of child abuse and neglect for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf
 - ii. All CCDF-eligible licensed family child care homes. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf
 - iii. All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
 - ☐ Not applicable.
 - iv. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
 - v. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: N/A
 - vi. All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
 - vii. All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: : All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

 g. Mandated reporter training;
 https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
- b. Provide your standards, appropriate to the provider setting and age of children, that address the reporting of child abuse and neglect for the following CCDF-eligible providers:
 - i. All CCDF-eligible licensed center care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy_20230506115600.pdf

		п.	staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506115827.pdf
		iii.	All CCDF-eligible licensed in-home care. Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training; https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-Copy_20230506120624.pdf
			☐ Not applicable.
		iv.	All CCDF-eligible license-exempt center care. Provide the standard: N/A
		V.	All CCDF-eligible license-exempt family child care homes. Provide the standard: $\ensuremath{\text{N/A}}$
		vi.	All CCDF-eligible license-exempt in-home care. Provide the standard: N/A
		vii.	All CCDF-eligible out-of-school programs (afterschool programs, summer camps, day camps, etc.). Provide the standard: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. g. Mandated reporter training;
			https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy_20230506120357.pdf
	C.	reporti	n if child care providers must comply with the Lead Agency's procedures for ng child abuse and neglect as required by the Child Abuse Prevention and ent Act (42 U.S.C. 5106a(b)(2)(B)(i):
		⊠ Yes,	confirmed.
		□ No.	If no, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
5.3.12	Additio	nal optic	onal standards
			ne required health and safety standards, does the Lead Agency require providers to e following optional standards?
		⊠ Yes.	
		□ No. I	If no, skip to Section 5.4
	If yes, c	lescribe	the standard(s).
	the following thereaf	owing or ter) and	ribe: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive rientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. I physical activities;

Access to physical activity. Describe: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. n. Nutrition and physical activities;

Caring for children with special needs. Describe: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed.

i. Caring for children with special needs or care plans;

Any other areas determined necessary to promote child development or to protect children's health and safety. Describe: N/A

5.4 Pre-Service or Orientation Training on Health and Safety Standards

Lead Agencies must have requirements for all caregivers, teachers, and directors at CCDF providers to complete pre-service or orientation training (within 3 months of starting) on all CCDF health and safety standards and child development. The training must be appropriate to the setting and the age of children served. This training must address the required health and safety standards and the content area of child development. Lead Agencies have flexibility in determining the minimum number of training hours to require, and are encouraged to consult with Caring for our Children Basics for best practices.

Exemptions for relative providers' training requirements are addressed in question 5.8.1.

5.4.1 Health and safety pre-service/orientation training requirements

Lead Agencies must certify staff have pre-service or orientation training on each standard that is appropriate to different settings and age groups. Lead Agencies may require pre-service or orientation to be completed before staff can care for children unsupervised. In the table below, check the boxes for which you have training requirements.

		Is this standard addressed in the pre-service or orientation training?	Is the pre-service or orientation training on this standard appropriate to different settings and age groups?	Does the Lead Agency require staff to complete the training before caring for children unsupervised?
a.	Prevention and control of infectious diseases (including immunizations)			
b.	SIDS prevention and use of safe sleep practices			
C.	Administration of medication			

		Is this standard addressed in the pre-service or orientation training?	Is the pre-service or orientation training on this standard appropriate to different settings and age groups?	Does the Lead Agency require staff to complete the training before caring for children unsupervised?
d.	Prevention and response to food and allergic reactions			
e.	Building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic			
f.	Prevention of shaken baby syndrome, abusive head trauma and child maltreatment			
g.	Emergency preparedness and response planning and procedures			
h.	Handling and storage of hazardous materials and disposal of biocontaminants			
i.	Appropriate Precautions in transporting children, if applicable			
j.	Pediatric first aid and pediatric CPR (age-appropriate)			
k.	Child abuse and neglect recognition and reporting			

	Is this standard addressed in the pre-service or orientation training?	Is the pre-service or orientation training on this standard appropriate to different settings and age groups?	Does the Lead Agency require staff to complete the training before caring for children unsupervised?
I. Child development including major domains of cognitive, social, emotional, physical development and approaches to learning.			

- m. If the Lead Agency does not certify implementation of all the health and safety preservice/orientation training requirements for staff in programs serving children receiving CCDF assistance, please describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
- n. Are there any provider categories to whom the above pre-service or orientation training requirements do not apply?

⊠ No

☐ Yes. If yes, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

5.5 Monitoring and Enforcement of Licensing and Health and Safety Requirements

5.5.1 Inspections for licensed CCDF providers

Licensing inspectors must perform at least one annual, unannounced inspection of each licensed CCDF provider for compliance with all child care licensing standards, including an inspection for compliance with health and safety and fire standards. Lead Agencies must conduct at least one pre-licensure inspection for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards of each child care provider and facility in the State/Territory.

a. Licensed CCDF center-based providers

i.	Does your pre-licensure inspection for licensed center-based providers assess compliance with health standards, safety standards, and fire standards?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
ii.	Identify the frequency of annual unannounced inspections for licensed center-based providers addressing compliance with health, safety, and fire standards:
	☐ Annually.
	☑ More than once a year. If more than once a year, describe: Monitoring visits will be made on all in-state licensed/ registered facilities according to the schedules and frequencies established by the Child Care Licensing Unit. Any

variations in operational schedules or frequencies shall be discussed with and approved by the Supervisor. The frequency and schedule of monitoring must be conducted as follows: Twelve-month (12) programs will be monitored three times each calendar year. These visits must be conducted once per trimester. These programs will have a "Once per Trimester" Visit Frequency selected in ELS. Ninemonth (9) programs will be monitored twice each calendar year. These programs will be monitored during the first and third trimesters. There must not be more than 8 months between monitoring visits. These programs are operating during the normal school year and closed during the summer. In ELS these programs will have a "Two Trimesters per Year" Visit Frequency. Three-month (3) programs normally operate during the summer. Any program operating six (6) months or less annually will be considered a "Three Month Program" and will have a "Once per Year" Visit Frequency.

☐ Other. If other, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

iii. Does the Lead Agency implement a differential monitoring approach when monitoring licensed center-based providers?

☑ Yes. If yes, describe how the differential monitoring approach is representative of the full complement of health and safety requirements. Monitoring visits will be made on all in-state licensed/registered facilities according to the schedules and frequencies established by the Child Care Licensing Unit. Any variations in operational schedules or frequencies shall be discussed with and approved by the Supervisor. The frequency and schedule of monitoring must be conducted as follows: Twelve-month (12) programs will be monitored three times each calendar year. These visits must be conducted once per trimester. These programs will have a "Once per Trimester" Visit Frequency selected in ELS. Nine-month (9) programs will be monitored twice each calendar year. These programs will be monitored during the first and third trimesters. There must not be more than 8 months between monitoring visits. These programs are operating during the normal school year and closed during the summer. In ELS these programs will have a "Two Trimesters per Year" Visit Frequency. Three-month (3) programs normally operate during the summer. Any program operating six (6) months or less annually will be considered a "Three Month Program" and will have a "Once per Year" Visit Frequency. Nine (9) or ten-month programs up to full year (12 month) programs are eligible for a high compliance monitoring schedule if they meet certain criteria. Those programs that are eligible for high compliance monitoring may be visited one (1) time less than routinely required. Nine (9) or ten (10) month programs may be visited once per year and full year (12 month) programs may be visited two (2) times per year instead of three times. The criteria for facilities to be placed on high compliance monitoring is as follows: Levels 3-6 or above Better Beginnings participant: (1) Are on a regular license (2) Are not on a Corrective Action Agreement (3) Have had no founded complaints during the past twelve (12) months (4) Have had a high level of compliance during the past twelve (12) months. The specialist will submit a list of facilities that qualify for high compliance monitoring in January of each year to their supervisor for approval.

☐ No. If no, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

- iv. Identify which department or agency is responsible for completing the inspections for licensed center-based providers. Arkansas Department of Education, Office of Early Childhood, Licensing Unit.
- b. Licensed CCDF family child care providers

i.	Does your pre-licensure inspection for licensed family child care homes assess compliance with health standards, safety standards, and fire standards?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
ii.	Identify the frequency of annual unannounced inspections for licensed family child care homes addressing compliance with health, safety, and fire standards:
	☐ Annually.
	More than once a year. If more than once a year, describe: Monitoring visits will be made on all in-state licensed/ registered facilities according to the schedules and frequencies established by the Child Care Licensing Unit. Any variations in operational schedules or frequencies shall be discussed with and approved by the Supervisor. The frequency and schedule of monitoring must be conducted as follows: Twelve-month (12) programs will be monitored three times each calendar year. These visits must be conducted once per trimester. These programs will have a "Once per Trimester" Visit Frequency selected in ELS. Ninemonth (9) programs will be monitored twice each calendar year. These programs will be monitored during the first and third trimesters. There must not be more than 8 months between monitoring visits. These programs are operating during the normal school year and closed during the summer. In ELS these programs will have a "Two Trimesters per Year" Visit Frequency. Three-month (3) programs normally operate during the summer. Any program operating six (6) months or less annually will be considered a "Three Month Program" and will have a "Once per Year" Visit Frequency.
	\Box Other. If other, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>

- iii. Does the Lead Agency implement a differential monitoring approach when monitoring licensed family child care providers?
 - Yes. If yes, describe how the differential monitoring approach is representative of the full complement of health and safety requirements. Monitoring visits will be made on all in-state licensed/ registered facilities according to the schedules and frequencies established by the Child Care Licensing Unit. Any variations in operational schedules or frequencies shall be discussed with and approved by the Supervisor. The frequency and schedule of monitoring must be conducted as follows: Twelve-month (12) programs will be monitored three times each calendar year. These visits must be conducted once per trimester. These programs will have a "Once per Trimester" Visit Frequency selected in ELS. Nine-month (9) programs will be monitored twice each calendar year. These programs will be monitored during the first and third trimesters. There must not be more than 8 months between monitoring visits. These programs are operating during the normal school year and closed during the summer. In ELS these programs will

		have a "Two Trimesters per Year" Visit Frequency. Three-month (3) programs normally operate during the summer. Any program operating six (6) months or less annually will be considered a "Three Month Program" and will have a "Once per Year" Visit Frequency.
		☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
	iv.	Identify which department or agency is responsible for completing the inspections for licensed family child care providers. Arkansas Department of Education, Office of Early Childhood, Licensing Unit.
c.	License	d in-home CCDF child care providers
	i.	Does your Lead Agency license CCDF in-home child care (care in the child's own home) providers?
		⊠ No.
		\square Yes. If yes, does your pre-licensure inspection for licensed in-home providers assess compliance with health, safety, and fire standards? \square Yes.
		☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
	ii.	Identify the frequency of annual unannounced inspections for licensed in-home child care providers for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards completed:
		☐ Annually.
		More than once a year. If more than once a year, describe: Monitoring visits will be made on all in-state licensed/ registered facilities according to the schedules and frequencies established by the Child Care Licensing Unit. Any variations in operational schedules or frequencies shall be discussed with and approved by the Supervisor. The frequency and schedule of monitoring must be conducted as follows: Twelve-month (12) programs will be monitored three times each calendar year. These visits must be conducted once per trimester. These programs will have a "Once per Trimester" Visit Frequency selected in ELS. Ninemonth (9) programs will be monitored twice each calendar year. These programs will be monitored during the first and third trimesters. There must not be more than 8 months between monitoring visits. These programs are operating during the normal school year and closed during the summer. In ELS these programs will have a "Two Trimesters per Year" Visit Frequency. Three-month (3) programs normally operate during the summer. Any program operating six (6) months or less annually will be considered a "Three Month Program" and will have a "Once per Year" Visit Frequency.
		\Box Other. If other, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	iii.	Does the Lead Agency implement a differential monitoring approach when monitoring licensed in-home child care providers?
		☑ Yes. If yes, describe how the differential monitoring approach is representative of the full complement of health and safety requirements. Monitoring visits will be made on all in-state licensed/ registered facilities according to the schedules

and frequencies established by the Child Care Licensing Unit. Any variations in operational schedules or frequencies shall be discussed with and approved by the Supervisor. The frequency and schedule of monitoring must be conducted as follows: Twelve-month (12) programs will be monitored three times each calendar year. These visits must be conducted once per trimester. These programs will have a "Once per Trimester" Visit Frequency selected in ELS. Nine-month (9) programs will be monitored twice each calendar year. These programs will be monitored during the first and third trimesters. There must not be more than 8 months between monitoring visits. These programs are operating during the normal school year and closed during the summer. In ELS these programs will have a "Two Trimesters per Year" Visit Frequency. Three-month (3) programs normally operate during the summer. Any program operating six (6) months or less annually will be considered a "Three Month Program" and will have a "Once per Year" Visit Frequency.

 \square No.

iv. Identify which department or agency is responsible for completing the inspections for licensed in-home providers. Arkansas Department of Education, Office of Early Childhood, Licensing Unit.

5.5.2 Inspections for license-exempt providers

Licensing inspectors must perform at least one annual monitoring visit of each license-exempt CCDF provider for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards. Inspections for relative providers will be addressed in subsection 5.8.

Describe the policies and practices for the annual monitoring of:

- a. License-exempt CCDF center-based child care providers
 - i. Identify the frequency of inspections for compliance with health, safety, and fire standards for license-exempt center-based providers:

 \square Annually.

☐ More than once a year. If more than once a year, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text*

☑ Other. If other, describe: The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.

ii. Does the Lead Agency implement a differential monitoring approach when monitoring license-exempt center-based providers?

☐ Yes. If yes, describe how the differential monitoring approach is representative of the full complement of health and safety requirements. *Click or tap here to enter text.*

⊠ No.

iii. Identify which department or agency is responsible for completing the inspections for license-exempt center-based CCDF providers. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.

- License-exempt CCDF family child care providers Identify the frequency of the inspections of license-exempt family child care providers to determine compliance with health, safety, and fire standards: \square Annually. ☐ More than once a year. If more than once a year, describe: *Click or tap here to* enter text. ☑ Other. If other, describe: The State of Arkansas does not allow for licenseexempt child care. ii. Does the Lead Agency implement a differential monitoring approach when monitoring license-exempt family child care providers? ☐ Yes. If yes, describe how the differential monitoring approach is representative of the full complement of health and safety requirements. Click or tap here to enter text. ⊠ No. iii. Identify which department or agency is responsible for completing the inspections for license-exempt family child care providers. The State of Arkansas does not
- 5.5.3 Inspections for CCDF license-exempt in-home child care providers

allow for license-exempt child care.

Lead Agencies may develop alternate monitoring requirements for care provided in the child's home that are appropriate to the setting. This flexibility cannot be used to bypass the monitoring requirement altogether.

- a. Describe the requirements for the annual monitoring of CCDF license-exempt in-home child care (care in the child's own home) providers, including if monitoring is announced or unannounced, occurs more frequently than once per year, and if differential monitoring procedures are used. The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
- b. List the entity(ies) in your State/Territory responsible for conducting inspections of license-exempt CCDF in-home child care (care in the child's own home) providers: The State of Arkansas does not allow for license-exempt child care.
- 5.5.4 Posting monitoring and inspection reports

b.

Lead Agencies must post monitoring and inspection reports on their consumer education website for each licensed and CCDF child care provider, except in cases where the provider is related to all the children in their care. These reports must include the results of required annual monitoring visits and visits due to major substantiated complaints about a provider's failure to comply with health and safety requirements and child care policies. A full report covers everything in the monitoring visit, including areas of compliance and non-compliance. If the Lead Agency does not produce any reports that include areas of compliance, the website must include information about all areas covered by a monitoring visit.

The reports must be in plain language or provide a plain language summary Lead Agency and be timely to ensure that the results of the reports are available and easily understood by parents

when they are deciding on a child care provider. Lead Agencies must post at least 3 years of monitoring and inspection reports.

 a. Does the Lead Agency po 	ost:	р	ICV	Agen	Lead	the	Does	a.
--	------	---	-----	------	------	-----	------	----

i. Pre-licensing inspection reports for licensed programmers.	ams.
---	------

- iii. Monitoring and inspection reports that include areas of non-compliance only, with information about all areas covered by a monitoring visit posted separately on the website (e.g., a blank checklist used by monitors) for all non-relative providers eligible to provide CCDF services. Note: This option is only allowable if the Lead Agency does not produce monitoring reports that include both areas of compliance and non-compliance. If checked, provide a direct URL/website link to the website where a blank checklist is posted:

 https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-
 - https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-providers?tab=CC&language=en_US
- b. Check if the monitoring and inspection reports and any related plain language summaries include:
 - i. \square Date of inspection.
 - ii.

 Health and safety violations, including those violations that resulted in fatalities or serious injuries occurring at the provider. Describe how these health and safety violations are prominently displayed: The deficiencies cited clearly state the rule that was violated. Serious injuries and deaths are also investigated, and all associated deficiencies are cited. This information appears on the agency's website.
 - iii.

 Corrective action plans taken by the Lead Agency and/or child care provider.

 Describe: The Office of Early Childhood provides corrective action plans in plain language.
 - iv. \boxtimes A minimum of 3 years of results, where available.
 - v. If any of the components above are not selected, please explain: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- c. Lead Agencies must post monitoring and inspection reports and/or any related summaries in a timely manner.
 - i. Provide the direct URL/website link to where the reports are posted: https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-providers?tab=CC&language=en_US
 - ii. Identify the Lead Agency's established timeline for posting monitoring reports and describe how it is timely: All reports are posted to the agency's website 60 days after the date of the inspection.
- d. Does the Lead Agency certify that the monitoring and inspection reports or the summaries are in plain language that is understandable to parents and other consumers?

	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
e.	Does the Lead Agency certify that there is a process for correcting inaccuracies in the monitoring and inspection reports?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
f.	Does the Lead Agency maintain monitoring and inspection reports on the consumer education website?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.

5.5.5 Qualifications and training of licensing inspectors

Lead Agencies must ensure that individuals who are hired as licensing inspectors (or qualified monitors designated by the Lead Agency) are qualified to inspect child care providers and facilities and have received health and safety training appropriate to the provider setting and age of the children served.

Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that licensing inspectors (or qualified monitors designated by the Lead Agency) are qualified and have received training on health and safety requirements that are appropriate to the age of the children in care and the type of provider setting. Arkansas requires the formal education equivalent of a Bachelor's degree in Social Work, Psychology, Early Childhood Education, Child and Family Development or a related field; plus, one (1) year of experience in a social service program or a related field. On the job training for new Child Care Licensing Specialists is with a seasoned mentor. Regular feedback is solicited from the mentor for progress on the training or to identify help or support the new Child Care Licensing Specialist may need. On-the-job training shall include in depth training on essential standards and health and safety requirements for providers. This shall include routine monitoring of health and safety requirements for all ages and provider types, as well as, following up on deficiencies and implementing corrective action measures. The Office of Early Childhood provides ongoing training throughout the year to Child Care Licensing Specialist.

5.5.6 Ratio of licensing inspectors

Lead Agencies must ensure the ratio of licensing inspectors to child care providers and facilities in the State/Territory are maintained at a level sufficient to enable the Lead Agency to conduct effective inspections of child care providers and facilities on a timely basis in accordance with federal, State, and local laws.

Provide the ratio of licensing inspectors to child care providers (i.e., number of inspectors per number of child care providers) and facilities in the State/Territory and include how the ratio is sufficient to conduct effective inspections on a timely basis. The lead agency follows the state budgetary guidelines which govern personnel and financial approvals by the Executive and Legislative branches in government. Currently, there are thirty-nine (39) Child Care Licensing Specialists that inspect approximately 2000 licensed programs. This is an average of fifty-two (52) programs per specialist, or roughly sixteen (16) visits per month per specialist. This ratio ensures each specialist has an adequate amount of time to complete visits

5.6 Ongoing Health and Safety Training

Lead Agencies must have ongoing training requirements for all caregivers, teachers, and directors of eligible CCDF providers for health and safety standards but have discretion on frequency and training content (e.g., pediatric CPR refresher every year and recertification every 2 years). Lead Agencies have discretion on which health and safety standards are subject to ongoing training. Lead Agencies may exempt relative providers from these requirements.

5.6.1 Required ongoing training of health and safety standards

Describe any required ongoing training of health and safety standards for caregivers, teachers, and directors of the following CCDF eligible provider types.

- a. Licensed child care centers: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. 1. Introduction (eight (8) clock hours) a. Proper supervision of children; b. Behavioral guidance practices; c. Safe sleep practices for infants; d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208); e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child; f. Emergency procedures in the event of severe weather, or fire, including evacuation procedures and routes, and location and use of fire extinguishers; g. Mandated reporter training; h. Administering medication; i. Caring for children with special needs or care plans; j. Transportation and car seat safety; k. Policies regarding release of children to authorized individuals; I. Prevention and control of infectious diseases; m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; n. Nutrition and physical activities; o. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions; p. Basic child development; and q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. 26 See Division website for a list of courses, that the Division maintains contracts for, which meet the above requirements. 2. All staff shall have fifteen (15) hours of job specific training each year, including child development training, for the ages of children they work with. This shall be training focused on their job responsibilities, such as "Hands on Routine Care" for infants, or "Basics of Assessment" for preschool staff.
- b. License-exempt child care centers: N/A

- c. Licensed family child care homes: All new staff, including volunteers who are counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. 1. Introduction (eight (8) clock hours) a. Proper supervision of children; b. Behavioral guidance practices; c. Safe sleep practices for infants; d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208); e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child; f. Emergency procedures in the event of severe weather, or fire, including evacuation procedures and routes, and location and use of fire extinguishers; g. Mandated reporter training; h. Administering medication; i. Caring for children with special needs or care plans; j. Transportation and car seat safety; k. Policies regarding release of children to authorized individuals; I. Prevention and control of infectious diseases; m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; n. Nutrition and physical activities; o. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions; p. Basic child development; and q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. 26 See Division website for a list of courses, that the Division maintains contracts for, which meet the above requirements. 2. All staff shall have fifteen (15) hours of job specific training each year, including child development training, for the ages of children they work with. This shall be training focused on their job responsibilities, such as "Hands on Routine Care" for infants, or "Basics of Assessment" for preschool staff.
- d. License-exempt family child care homes: N/A
- Regulated or registered in-home child care: All new staff, including volunteers who are e. counted in the ratios, shall receive the following orientation within three (3) months of employment (and every three (3) years thereafter) and shall not be left alone with children until this is completed. 1. Introduction (eight (8) clock hours) a. Proper supervision of children; b. Behavioral guidance practices; c. Safe sleep practices for infants; d. Shaken baby syndrome; which includes prevention (Carter's Law, Act 1208); e. Appropriately responding to a crying or fussy infant or child; f. Emergency procedures in the event of severe weather, or fire, including evacuation procedures and routes, and location and use of fire extinguishers; g. Mandated reporter training; h. Administering medication; i. Caring for children with special needs or care plans; j. Transportation and car seat safety; k. Policies regarding release of children to authorized individuals; l. Prevention and control of infectious diseases; m. Building and physical premises safety, including the identification of, and protection from, hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; n. Nutrition and physical activities; o. Prevention and response to food sensitivities and allergic reactions; p. Basic child development; and q. The handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants. 26 See Division website for a list of courses, that the Division maintains contracts for, which meet the above requirements. 2. All staff shall have fifteen (15) hours of job specific training each year, including child development training, for the ages of children they work with. This shall be training focused on their job responsibilities, such as "Hands on Routine Care" for infants, or "Basics of Assessment" for preschool staff.
- f. Non-regulated or registered in-home child care: N/A
- 5.7 Comprehensive Background Checks

Lead Agencies must conduct comprehensive background checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all child care providers that are (1) licensed, regulated, or registered under State/Territory law, regardless of whether they receive CCDF funds; or (2) all other child care providers eligible to deliver CCDF services (e.g., license-exempt CCDF eligible child care providers). Family child care home providers must also submit background check requests for all household members age 18 or older.

A comprehensive background check must include: three in-state checks, two national checks, and three interstate checks if the individual resided in another State or Territory in the preceding 5 years. The background check components must be completed at least once every five years.

All child care staff members must receive a qualifying result from either the FBI criminal background check or an in-state fingerprint criminal history check before working (under supervision) with or near children. Lead Agencies must apply a CCDF-specific list of disqualifying crimes for child care providers serving families participating in CCDF.

These background check requirements do not apply to individuals who are related to all children for whom child care services are provided. Exemptions for relative providers will be addressed in subsection 5.8.

5.7.1	In-state crimina	l history cl	heck wit	h finge	erprints
-------	------------------	--------------	----------	---------	----------

a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct in-state criminal history background checks with fingerprints for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct in-state criminal background checks with fingerprints. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct in-state criminal history background checks with fingerprints for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all other child care providers eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers) other than relative providers?
	⊠ Yes.
	□ No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct in-state criminal background checks with fingerprints. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
C.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the in-state criminal background check with fingerprints for all individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home who do not receive an in-state criminal background check with fingerprints. Click or tap here to enter text.

5.7.2 National Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) criminal history check with fingerprints

	a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct FBI criminal history background checks with fingerprints for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?
		⊠ Yes.
		\square No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct FBI criminal background checks with fingerprints. Click or tap here to enter text.
	b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct FBI criminal history background checks with fingerprints for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all other child care providers eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?
		⊠ Yes.
		\square No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct FBI criminal background checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
	c.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the FBI criminal background check with fingerprints for all individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home?
		⊠ Yes.
		\square No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home who do not receive an FBI criminal background check with fingerprints. Click or tap here to enter text.
National Crime Information Center (NCIC) National Sex Offender Registry (NSOR) nam check		
The majority of NCIC NSOR records are fingerprint records and are automatically included in the FBI fingerprint criminal background check. But a small percentage of NCIC NSOR records are only name-based records and must be accessed through the required name-based search of the NCIC NSOR.		
	a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct NCIC NSOR name-based background checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?
		⊠ Yes.
		\square No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct NCIC NSOR name-based background checks. Click or tap here to enter text.
	b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct NCIC NSOR name-based background checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all other child care providers eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?
		⊠ Yes.

5.7.3

		☐ No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct NCIC NSOR name-based background checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .			
	c.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the NCIC NSOR name-based background check for all individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home?			
		⊠ Yes.			
		\Box No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home who do not receive a NCIC NSOR name-based background check. Click or tap here to enter text.			
5.7.4	In-state sex offender registry (SOR) check				
	a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct in-state SOR checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?			
		⊠ Yes.			
		\square No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct in-state SOR background checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
	b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct in-state SOR background checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all other child care providers eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?			
		⊠ Yes.			
		\square No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct in-state SOR background checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .			
	c.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the in-state SOR background check for all individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home?			
		⊠ Yes.			
		\square No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home who do not receive an in-state SOR background check. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>			
5.7.5	In-stat	In-state child abuse and neglect (CAN) registry check			
	a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct CAN registry checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?			
		⊠ Yes.			
		☐ No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct CAN registry checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .			

b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct CAN registry checks for all child care staff members (including prospective staff members) of all other child care providers eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct CAN registry checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
C.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the CAN registry check for all individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home who do not receive a CAN registry check. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
Interst	ate criminal history check
care sta	questions refer to requirements for a Lead Agency to conduct an interstate check for a child aff member (including prospective child care staff members) who currently lives in their r Territory but has lived in another State, Territory, or Tribal land within the previous 5
a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate criminal history background checks for any staff member (or prospective staff member) who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct interstate criminal history background checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate criminal history background checks for any staff member (or prospective staff member) who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct interstate criminal history background checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
c.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate criminal history background checks for all individuals age 18 or older who reside in a family child care home and resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years.
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe why individuals age 18 or older that resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years who reside in a family child care home that do not receive an interstate criminal history background check. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>

5.7.7 Interstate Sex Offender Registry (SOR) check

5.7.6

These questions refer to requirements for a Lead Agency to conduct an interstate check for a child care staff member (including prospective child care staff members) who currently lives in their State or Territory but has lived in another State, Territory, or Tribal land within the previous 5 years.

•	
a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate SOR checks for any staff member (or prospective staff member) who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct interstate SOR checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate SOR checks for any staff member (or prospective staff member) who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct interstate SOR checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
c.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the interstate SOR checks for all individuals age 18 or older who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years who reside in a family child care home?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older that resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years who reside in a family child care home that do not receive an interstate SOR check. Click or tap here to enter text.
Interst	ate child abuse and neglect (CAN) registry check
care st	questions refer to requirements for a Lead Agency to conduct an interstate check for a child aff member (including prospective child care staff members) who currently lives in their or Territory but has lived in another State, Territory, or Tribal land within the previous 5
a.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate CAN registry checks for any staff member (or prospective staff member) that resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers, regardless of CCDF participation?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe any categories of licensed, regulated, or registered child care providers for whom you do not conduct interstate CAN registry checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
b.	Does the Lead Agency conduct interstate CAN registry checks for any staff member (or prospective staff member) who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years eligible for CCDF participation (i.e., license-exempt providers)?
	⊠ Yes.

5.7.8

	\square No. If no, describe any categories of child care providers eligible for CCDF participation for whom you do not conduct interstate CAN registry checks. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
C.	Does the Lead Agency conduct the interstate CAN registry checks for all individuals age 18 or older who resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years who reside in a family child care home?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe individuals age 18 or older that resided in other state(s) in the past 5 years who reside in a family child care home that do not receive interstate CAN registry checks. Click or tap here to enter text.
Disqual	ifications for child care employment
	ad Agency must prohibit employment of individuals with child care providers receiving ubsidy payment if they meet any of the following disqualifying criteria:
•	Refused to consent to a background check.
•	Knowingly made materially false statements in connection with the background check.
•	Are registered, or are required to be registered, on the State/Territory sex offender registry or repository or the National Sex Offender Registry.
•	Have been convicted of a felony consisting of murder, child abuse or neglect, crimes against children (including child pornography), spousal abuse, crimes involving rape or sexual assault, kidnapping, arson, physical assault, or battery.
•	Have a violent misdemeanor committed as an adult against a child, including the following crimes: child abuse, child endangerment, sexual assault, or any misdemeanor involving child pornography.
•	Convicted of a felony consisting of a drug-related offense committed during the preceding 5 years.
a.	Does the Lead Agency disqualify the employment of child care staff members (including prospective staff members) by child care providers receiving CCDF subsidy payment for CCDF-identified disqualifying criteria?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe the disqualifying criteria: Click or tap here to enter text.
b.	Does the Lead Agency use the same criteria for licensed, regulated, and registered child care providers regardless of CCDF participation?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, describe any disqualifying criteria used for licensed, regulated, and registered child care providers: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
C.	How does the Lead Agency use results from the in-state child abuse and neglect registry check?
	\square Does not use them to disqualify employment.

5.7.9

		the in-s program speciali Correct	s them to disqualify employment. If checked, describe: Applicants that are listate child abuse and neglect registry are not eligible to work in early childhoms. When the Licensing Unit is notified of the ineligible applicant, the assignist will reach out to the provider. If the provider wishes they may request a tive Action Plan – which must be approved by the Office of Early Childhood, nt Director.	od
	d.	How do	oes the Lead Agency use results from the interstate child abuse and neglect i	egistry
		□ Doe	s not use them to disqualify employment.	
		the in-s program speciali Correct	s them to disqualify employment. If checked, describe: Applicants that are listate child abuse and neglect registry are not eligible to work in early childhoms. When the Licensing Unit is notified of the ineligible applicant, the assignist will reach out to the provider. If the provider wishes they may request a tive Action Plan – which must be approved by the Office of Early Childhood, nt Director.	ood
5.7.10	Privacy			
	provide results	ers of the	must ensure the privacy of a prospective staff member by notifying child car e individual's eligibility or ineligibility for child care employment based on the omprehensive background check without revealing any documentation of crualifying crimes or other related information regarding the individual.	e
	prospe		Agency certify they ensure the privacy of child care staff members (including ld care staff member) when providing the results of the comprehensive eck?	
		⊠ Yes.		
		□ No.	If no, describe the current process of notification: Click or tap here to enter	text.
5.7.11	Appeals	s proces	ses for background checks	
	prospe	ctive sta	must provide for a process that allows child care provider staff members (an ff members) to appeal the results of a background check to challenge the acss of the information contained in the individual's background check report.	
	Does th	ne appea	als process:	
		i.	Provide the affected individual with information related to each disqualifying crime in a report, along with information/notice on the opportunity to approximation of the opportunity of the opportunity to approximation of the opportunity of the opport	_
			⊠ Yes.	
			□ No.	
		ii.	Provide the affected individual with clear instructions about how to compleappeals process for each background check component if they wish to chal the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in such individual background report.	lenge
			☐ Yes.	

			□ No.
		iii.	Ensure the Lead Agency attempts to verify the accuracy of the information challenged by the individual, including making an effort to locate any missing disposition information related to the disqualifying crime.
			⊠ Yes.
			□ No.
		iv.	Get completed in a timely manner.
			⊠ Yes.
			□ No.
		V.	Ensure the affected individual receives written notice of the decision. In the case of a negative determination, the decision must indicate (1) the Lead Agency's efforts to verify the accuracy of information challenged by the individual, (2) any additional appeals rights available to the individual, and (3) information on how the individual can correct the federal or State records at issue in the case.
			⊠ Yes.
			□ No.
		vi.	Facilitate coordination between the Lead Agency and other agencies in charge of background check information and results (such as the Child Welfare office and the State Identification Bureau), to ensure the appeals process is conducted in accordance with the Act.
			⊠ Yes.
			□ No.
5.7.12	Provision	onal hirii	ng of prospective staff members
	backgro	ound che	must at least complete and receive a qualifying result for either the FBI criminal eck or a fingerprint-based in-state criminal background check where the individual prospective staff members may provide services or be in the vicinity of children.
Until all the background check components have been completed, the prospect must be supervised at all times by someone who has already received a qualifyi background check within the past five years.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		_	round checks for which the Lead Agency requires a qualifying result before a ld care staff member begins work with children.
	a.	FBI crin	ninal background check.
		☐ Yes.	
		extstyle ext	If no, describe. Click or tap here to enter text.
	b.	In-state	e criminal background check with fingerprints.
		☐ Yes.	
		⊠ No	If no describe Click or tan here to enter text

	c.	In-state Sex Offender Registry.	
		☐ Yes.	
		☑ No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>	
	d.	In-state child abuse and neglect registry.	
		☐ Yes.	
		☑ No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .	
	e.	Name-based national Sex Offender Registry (NCIC NSOR).	
		☐ Yes.	
		☑ No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .	
	f.	Interstate criminal background check, as applicable.	
		☐ Yes.	
		☑ No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>	
	g.	Interstate Sex Offender Registry check, as applicable.	
		☐ Yes.	
		☑ No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>	
	h.	Interstate child abuse and neglect registry check, as applicable.	
		☐ Yes.	
		☑ No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>	
	i.	Does the Lead Agency require provisional hires to be supervised by a staff member who received a qualifying result on the comprehensive background check while awaiting results from the provisional hire's full comprehensive background check?	
		⊠ Yes.	
		\square No. If no, describe. <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>	
5.7.13	Completing the criminal background check within a 45-day timeframe		
	check a	d Agency must carry out a request from a child care provider for a criminal background s expeditiously as possible, and no more than 45 days after the date on which the provider the request.	
	a.	Does the Lead Agency ensure background checks are completed within 45 days (after the date on which the provider submits the request)?	
		⊠ Yes.	
		\square No. If no, describe the timeline for completion for categories of providers, including which background check components take more than 45 days. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .	
	b.	Does the Lead Agency ensure child care staff receive a comprehensive background check when they work in your State but reside in a different State?	

		⊠ Yes.	
		□ No.	If no, describe the current policy: Click or tap here to enter text.
5.7.14	Respon	ses to in	iterstate background check requests
	-	-	must respond as expeditiously as possible to requests for interstate background ner States/Territories/Tribes in order to meet the 45-day timeframe.
	a.	-	our State participate in the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact or all Fingerprint File programs?
		⊠ Yes.	
		□ No.	
	b.	Registry state. R	he how the State/Territory responds to interstate criminal history, Sex Offender y, and Child Abuse and Neglect Registry background check requests from another dequests are sent directly to Arkansas State Police, the lead agency does not in those checks.
	c.	•	our State/Territory have a law or policy that prevents a response to CCDF interstate bund check requests from other States/Territories/Tribes?
		☐ Yes.	If yes, describe the current policy. Click or tap here to enter text.
		\boxtimes No.	
5.7.15	Consun	ner educ	cation website links to interstate background check processes
Lead Agencies must include on their consumer education websit Agencies if the CCDF program is county-run, the policies and pro background checks. This includes the process by which a child ca Territory may submit a background check request. a. Provide the direct URL/website link that contains instruction and other States and Territories should initiate background.			must include on their consumer education website and the website of local Lead CCDF program is county-run, the policies and procedures related to comprehensive ecks. This includes the process by which a child care provider or other State or ubmit a background check request.
			the direct URL/website link that contains instructions on how child care providers her States and Territories should initiate background check requests for prospective rent child care staff members: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-nildhood/electronic-background-check
			o certify that the required elements are included on the Lead Agency's consumer ovider education website for each interstate background check component.
	b.	Intersta	ate criminal background check:
		i.	☑ Agency name
		ii.	□ Address
		iii.	□ Phone number
		iv.	⊠ Email
		V.	
		vi.	
		vii.	⊠ Forms

- viii. ⊠ Fees
- ix.

 ⊠ Is the State a National Fingerprint File (NFF) State?
- xi. If not all boxes above are checked, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- c. Interstate sex offender registry (SOR) check:
 - i. ⊠ Agency name
 - ii. 🛛 Address
 - iii. ⊠ Phone number
 - iv. 🗵 Email
 - v. 🛛 Website
 - vi. 🛛 Instructions
 - vii. 🗵 Forms
 - viii. ⊠ Fees
 - ix. If not all boxes above are checked, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- d. Interstate child abuse and neglect (CAN) registry check:
 - i. ⊠ Agency name
 - ii.

 ⊠ Is the CAN check conducted through a county administered registry or centralized registry?
 - iii. ⊠ Address
 - iv.

 Phone number
 - v. 🛛 Email
 - vi. 🛛 Website
 - vii. 🛛 Instructions
 - viii. 🛛 Forms
 - ix. ⊠ Fees
 - x. If not all boxes above are checked, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

5.7.16 Background check fees

The Lead Agency must ensure that fees charged for completing the background checks do not exceed the actual cost of processing and administration.

Does the Lead Agency certify that background check fees do not exceed the actual cost of processing and administering the background checks?

⊠ Yes.

	☐ No. If no, describe what is currently in place and what elements still need to be implemented. <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
5.7.17	Renewal of the comprehensive background check Renewal of comprehensive background check
	Does the Lead Agency conduct the background check at least every 5 years for all components?
	⊠ Yes.
	\square No. If no, what is the frequency for renewing each component? Click or tap here to enter text.
5.8	Exemptions for Relative Providers
	Lead Agencies may exempt relatives (defined in CCDF regulations as grandparents, great-grandparents, siblings if living in a separate residence, aunts, and uncles) from certain health and safety requirements. This exception applies only if the individual cares only for relative children.
5.8.1	Exemptions for relative providers
	Does the Lead Agency exempt any federally defined relative providers from licensing requirements, the CCDF health and safety standards, preservice/orientation training, ongoing training, inspections, or background checks?
	⊠ No.
	☐ Yes. If yes, which type of relatives do you exempt, and from what requirements (licensing requirements, CCDF health and safety standards, preservice/orientation training, ongoing training, inspections, and/or background checks) do you exempt them? Click or tap here to enter text.

6 Support for a Skilled, Qualified, and Compensated Child Care Workforce

A skilled child care workforce with adequate wages and benefits underpins a stable high-quality child care system that is accessible and reliable for working parents and that meets their needs and promotes equal access. Positive interactions between children and caregivers provide the cornerstone of quality child care experiences. Responsive caregiving and rich interactions support healthy socio-emotional, cognitive, and physical development in children. Strategies that successfully support the child care workforce address key challenges, including low wages, poor benefits, and difficult job conditions. Lead Agencies can help mitigate some of these challenges through various CCDF policies, including through ongoing professional development and supports for all provider types and embedded in the payment policies and practices covered in Section 4. Lead Agencies must have a framework for training, professional development, and post-secondary education. They must also incorporate health and safety training into their professional development. Lead Agencies should also implement policies that focus on improving wages and access to benefits for the child care workforce. When implemented as a cohesive approach, the initiatives support the recruitment and retention of a qualified and effective child care workforce, and improve opportunities for caregivers, teachers, and directors to advance on their progression of training, professional development, and postsecondary education.

This section addresses Lead Agency efforts to support the child care workforce, the components and implementation of the professional development framework, and early learning and developmental guidelines.

6.1 Supporting the Child Care Workforce

Lead Agencies have broad flexibility to implement policies and practices to support the child care workforce.

6.1.1	5.1.1 Strategies to improve recruitment, retention, compensation, and well-being		
	a.		y any Lead Agency activities related to strengthening workforce recruitment and ion of child care providers. Check all that apply:
		i.	$\hfill\square$ Providing program-level grants to support investments in staff compensation.
		ii.	$\hfill\Box$ Providing bonuses or stipends paid directly to staff, like sign-on or retention bonuses.
		iii.	$\hfill\Box$ Connecting family child care providers and center-based child care staff to health insurance or supporting premiums in the Marketplace.
		iv.	$\hfill \square$ Subsidizing family child care provider and center-based child care staff retirement benefits.
		v.	$\hfill\Box$ Providing paid sick, personal, and parental leave for family child care providers and center-based child care staff.
		vi.	$\hfill\Box$ Providing student loan debt relief or loan repayment for family child care providers and center-based child care staff.
		vii.	☑ Providing scholarships or tuition support for center-based child care staff and family child care providers.

- viii. ☑ Other, Describe: The AR Resource Connections website (https://www.areceresources.org/marketing-home/) is a customized state version of ECE Shared Resources, an online early childhood clearinghouse developed by CCA for Social Good to support child care quality. This free digital solution for Arkansas providers offers early educators, child care program owners and directors, family child care providers, and early childhood education support staff access to over 2,000 innovative, practical tools, handbooks, policies and guidance on important topics such as budgeting, best practices, human resources, indoor and outdoor safety, emergency preparedness, and more. The resources were developed with one goal in mind- to save valuable time and money so professionals can focus on providing high-quality child care. In addition, Arkansas's plan leverages new community-based local early childhood lead organizations to coordinate with local governments and community organizations to broaden the reach and impact of services. These organizations serve as community-based planning and feedback systems to determine how future financial support can be used to expand and improve the quality of infant, toddler, and pre-kindergarten classrooms and the workforce that serves in these classrooms. These local early childhood lead organizations can inform the Office of Early Childhood and the State Board of Education on ideas, pilot programs, and lessons learned to increase access, improve and sustain quality programs, provide feedback on systems that support these priorities and enable development of the early childhood workforce. The local leads will be enlisted in co-developing strategic plans for longer term changes in Early Childhood programs that will support alignment with LEARNS priority areas. Additionally, future plans will include intensifying efforts to support higher-quality standards across all provider settings and further developing our workforce through targeted professional development opportunities and concurrent credit programs in high-schools in partnership with local higher education institutions. Finally, strategic planning for development of a robust data system to track and analyze child outcomes, provider quality, and program efficiency will ensure systematic feedback and align with accountability measures proposed in LEARNS.
- b. Describe any Lead Agency ongoing efforts and future plans to assess and improve the compensation of the child care workforce in the State or Territory, including increasing wages, bonuses, and stipends. Arkansas adopted a change in the child care assistance requirements to support individuals employed in early childhood programs. Income guidelines are waived for child care workers to participate in the program if they work for an Arkansas licensed or registered CCDF Program Participant and/or other outside employment/education/job skills training to equal twenty (20) hours or more per week. Each adult in the household must work an average of twenty (20) hours or more per week. Children requiring care must attend an approved CCDF Participating Program and cannot be in the same classroom with their parent/caregiver as the teacher. In addition to child care subsidy support, child care workers who elect to participate in the TEACH program are eligible to receive bonuses following achievement of specific goals.

- c. Describe any Lead Agency ongoing efforts and future plans to expand access to benefits, including health insurance, paid sick, personal, and parental leave, and retirement benefits. Arkansas Resource Connections members have access to Docs by Phone, a telehealth service that offers affordable options for medical expenses, mental health support, and savings in prescriptions. Employers can purchase plans for their team or individual employees can purchase a plan.
- d. Describe any Lead Agency ongoing efforts and future plans to support the mental health and well-being of the child care workforce. The lead agency is leveraging Preschool Development Grant B-5 funding to support the mental health and well-being of the child care workforce. To address the immediate short-term needs, the state is partnering with an existing Arkansas program, UAMS's AR ConnectNow. Developed in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, AR ConnectNow is a comprehensive, telehealth-based behavioral health treatment program designed to provide highly accessible, timely care to any Arkansan struggling with behavioral health issues. The state will build upon the foundation of the existing AR ConnectNow to improve access to timely, appropriate, and high-quality behavioral health care, specifically targeted to child care providers. Through the PDG grant, the state will expand on the existing AR ConnectNow services to allow it to function similar to an Employee Assistance Program for ECE by developing a marketing campaign directly to the ECE workforce, building stress management skills through support groups, and connecting the workforce to services that address barriers to mental health treatment and concrete needs (e.g., insurance, housing, food). PDG funds will be utilized to contract for staffing this program, including mental health professionals to lead regular no-cost virtual skill-building groups to support ECE providers and parents. They will also offer care management services to address treatment connection and concrete needs.
- e. Describe any other strategies the Lead Agency is developing and/or implementing to support providers' recruitment and retention of the child care workforce. Arkansas is using a number of methods to support recruiting and retaining the workforce. With Preschool Development Grant B-5 funding, the state convened a learning network facilitated by Leading for Children specifically to address workforce concerns. The group will develop recommendations for consideration by the end of the award in 2025. The recommendations, along with new and revised professional development opportunities, and the Arkansas Resource Connections website support providers' recruitment and retention efforts.

6.1.2 Strategies to support provider business practices

a. Describe other strategies that the Lead Agency is developing and/or implementing to strengthen child care providers' business management and administrative practices. The state utilizes the Program Administration Scale (PAS) for centers and the Business Administration Scale (BAS) for family child care programs. The scales assess management, leadership, and business practices of the program. Training is available to support administrators in using the PAS and BAS. The state also offers the Strengthening Business Practices workshops developed by the National Center on Early Childhood Quality to support administrators as they design and implement effective business practices as a foundation for a healthy business. Modules include budgets, financial reports, marketing, and recruiting and retaining staff.

b. Check the topics addressed in the Lead Agency's strategies for strengthening child care providers' administrative business practices. Check all that apply: i. ii. ☑ Budgeting. iii. □ Recordkeeping. ☐ Hiring, developing, and retaining qualified staff. iv. \boxtimes Risk management. ٧. □ Community relationships. vi. ✓ Marketing and public relations. vii. viii. ☑ Parent-provider communications. \boxtimes Use of technology in business administration. ix. х. ☐ Compliance with employment and labor laws. ☐ Other. Describe any other efforts to strengthen providers' administrative xi.

6.1.3 Strategies to support provider participation

Lead Agencies must facilitate participation of child care providers and staff with limited English proficiency and disabilities in the child care subsidy system. Describe how the Lead Agency will facilitate this participation, including engagement with providers to identify barriers and specific strategies used to support their participation:

- a. Providers and staff with limited English proficiency: ADE employees assist those with limited English proficiency.
- b. Providers and staff who have disabilities: ADE in partnership with the Arkansas Department of Human Services assists individuals with disabilities.

business: Click or tap here to enter text.

6.2 Professional Development Framework

A Lead Agency must have a professional development framework for training, professional development, and post-secondary education for caregivers, teachers, and directors in child care programs that serve children of all ages. The framework must include these components:

(1) professional standards and competencies, (2) career pathways, (3) advisory structures, (4) articulation, (5) workforce information, and (6) financing. CCDF provides Lead Agencies flexibility on the strategies, breadth, and depth of the framework. The professional development framework must be developed in consultation with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care or a similar coordinating body.

6.2.1 Updates and consultation

a. Did the Lead Agency make any updates to the professional development framework since the FFY 2022-2024 CCDF Plan was submitted?

	and how the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care (if applicable) or similar coordinating body was consulted: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
	□ No.
b.	Did the Lead Agency consult with other key groups in the development of their professional development framework?
	☑ Yes. If yes, identify the other key groups: The state facilitated a Professional Standards Committee comprised of key representation from the K-12, Head Start, higher education, infant/toddler, after school, and special education to conduct the work with support from The National Center on Early Childhood Quality Assurance.
	□ No.

6.2.2 Description of the professional development framework

- a. Describe how the Lead Agency's framework for training and professional development addresses the following required elements:
 - i. Professional standards and competencies. For example, Lead Agencies can include information about which roles in early childhood education are included (such as teachers, directors, infant and toddler specialists, mental health consultants, coaches, licensors, QIS assessors, family service workers, home visitors). Since 2004, Arkansas has utilized professional standards and competencies to guide its work. Understanding the importance of continuous review and improvement, the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission/State Advisory Council voted to revise the existing workforce knowledge and competency framework to ensure alignment with current research and recommendations for best practice. The state facilitated a Professional Standards Committee comprised of key representation from the K-12, Head Start, higher education, infant/toddler, after school, and special education areas to conduct the work with support from The National Center on Early Childhood Quality Assurance. Although not prescriptive, the framework specifies targeted staff roles, levels of education, and degrees of professional development that would be expected at each competency level. The leveled competencies defined within the framework serve to assist individuals to identify strengths and areas for potential growth; help programs hire, evaluate, and plan meaningful trainings for their staff; allow state-level administrators to identify areas of need and evaluate the effectiveness of professional development initiatives; and provide consumer information for families choosing among early care and education options. In 2017, the new Arkansas Workforce Knowledge and Competencies for Early Care and Education Professionals (WKC) framework were presented to the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission. The state received public feedback following the release and made adjustments to strengthen the work. The final

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/admin/Files/AR ECE Workforce Knowledge and Competencies 2018-1 20230505103821.pdf was adopted in June 2018.

- ii. Career pathways. For example, Lead Agencies can include information about professional development registries, career ladders, and levels. *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- iii. Advisory structure. For example, Lead Agencies can include information about how the professional development advisory structure interacts with the State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care. The Arkansas early childhood professional development system includes three main components that jointly work to ensure the delivery of high-quality training opportunities through career pathways that meet the diverse needs of early education professionals. The first component of the system is the Arkansas Workforce Knowledge and Competencies for Early Care and Education Professionals (WKC). Second, the Career Ladder, serves as a "roadmap" that provides the progression of equivalent training hours, degrees, and competency levels. Finally, the https://pdr.ade.arkansas.gov/ serves to ensure quality, continuity, and accessibility of training opportunities. The PDR has three components: 1) The Practitioner Registry maintains a record of individual early childhood practitioners' professional development. This record assists members in planning a career path and continued development. 2) The Trainer Registry verifies trainer education, specialized training, and experience in training adults. Through the PDR, verified trainers may access summaries of their training evaluations and view preliminary rosters for registered training. 3) The Training Registry lists professional development opportunities as submitted. Collectively, the workforce knowledge and competency framework, the Career Ladder, and the PDR form a comprehensive, integrated system of professional development for all early care and education professionals working with and on behalf of Arkansas's young children. Arkansas believes strongly in the power of the System to effect meaningful change, and as a part of program quality improvement efforts, membership in the Professional.
- iv. Articulation. For example, Lead Agencies can include information about articulation agreements, and collaborative agreements that support progress in degree acquisition. The Arkansas Early Childhood Education Cohort, a voluntary group comprised of representatives from 2- and 4-year institutions, meets monthly. The lead agency (OEC) and TEACH Early Childhood Arkansas participate in the meetings and provide input. The Cohort goals include Goal 1: To maintain core competencies aligned with NAEYC, the Arkansas Child Development Early Learning Standards, and the Arkansas Department of Education 3-4 competencies. Goal 2: Maintain a common core of quality Early Childhood courses available at community colleges leading to a teaching credential in birth through prekindergarten. Goal 3: Maintain articulation agreements with four-year institutions resulting in a bachelor's degree in Birth through Pre-kindergarten Goal 4: Promote lifelong learning leading to the development of our future leaders and educators of young children.

- v. Workforce information. For example, Lead Agencies can include information about workforce demographics, educator well-being, retention/turnover surveys, actual wage scales, and/or access to benefits. The state consistently seeks ways to improve its understanding and support of the early care and education workforce. To that end, the state contracts with an institution of higher education to conduct workforce studies. The purpose of the studies is to gain knowledge about the field including wages and benefits, education levels, professional development needs, and common barriers and supports to the work. A link to the Arkansas Workforce Studies research developed by the University of Arkansas Medical Sciences follows: https://medicine.uams.edu/familymedicine/research/red/research-evaluation/arkansas-workforce-study/
- vi. Financing. For example, Lead Agencies can include information about strategies including scholarships, apprenticeships, wage enhancements, etc. OEC provides scholarships through T.E.A.C.H. Early Childhood Arkansas. T.E.A.C.H. provides comprehensive scholarships to enable early educators to take coursework leading to credentials and degrees by making it possible for them to afford both the time and expense of going to school. At the same time, T.E.A.C.H. will help leverage the financial resources necessary to provide capacity in higher education to help individuals attain their educational and career goals. T.E.A.C.H. is a change agent for the early care and education (ECE) workforce. The T.E.A.C.H. Early Childhood ® Arkansas Scholarship Program was developed to upgrade the level of education of teachers working with young children while making the educational process affordable, increasing wages and reducing turnover.
- b. Does the Lead Agency use additional elements?

 \boxtimes Yes.

If yes, describe the element(s). Check all that apply.

- i.

 Continuing education unit trainings and credit-bearing professional development. Describe: The state's professional development contractors offer training participants the option of obtaining continuing education units and/or college credit hours when available.
- ii. Engagement of training and professional development providers, including higher education, in aligning training and educational opportunities with the Lead Agency's framework. Describe: All contracted training is required to be aligned to the state's professional standards and competencies.
- iii. □ Other. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.□ No.
- 6.2.3 Impact of the Professional Development Framework

Describe how the framework improves the quality, diversity, stability, and retention of caregivers, teachers, and directors and identify what data are available to assess the impact.

- a. Professional standards and competencies. For example, do the professional standards and competencies reflect the diversity of providers across role, child care setting, or age of children served? The Arkansas Workforce Knowledge and Competencies (WKC) refers to a progression and range of knowledge, skills and abilities important to the provision of early care and education programs serving children birth to age five. The WKC define what the workforce should know (content) and be able to do (skills) in their role working with and/or on behalf of children and their families. The WKC is organized under eight key knowledge areas and three competency levels.
- b. Career pathways. For example, has the Lead Agency developed a wage ladder that provides progressively higher wages as early educators gain more experience and credentials? What types of child care settings and staff roles are addressed in career pathways, such as licensed centers and family child care homes? The Lead Agency developed a proposed salary schedule based on education level and years of experience: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/Copy-of-Suggested-Salary-050922 20230506155012.pdf
- c. Advisory structure. For example, has the advisory structure identified goals for child care workforce compensation, including types of staff and target compensation levels? Does the Lead Agency have a Preschool Development Birth-to-Five grant and is part of its scope of work child care compensation activities? Are they represented in the advisory structure? The Lead Agency developed a proposed salary schedule based on education level and years of experience: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/Copy-of-Suggested-Salary-050922 20230506155012.pdf
- d. Articulation. For example, how does the advisory structure include training and professional development for providers, including higher education, to assist in aligning training and education opportunities? Arkansas has a higher education cohort that meets monthly to coordinate and align training and education opportunities for early childhood education in Arkansas. The state and T.E.A.C.H Early Childhood Arkansas participates in the cohort.
- e. Workforce information. For example, does the Lead Agency have data on the existing wages and benefits available to the child care workforce? Do any partners such as the Quality Improvement System, child care resource and referral agencies, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and universities and research organizations collect compensation and benefits data? Does the Lead Agency monitor child care workforce wages and access to benefits through ongoing data collection and evaluation? Can the data identify any disparities in the existing compensation and benefits (by geography, role, child care setting, race, ethnicity, gender, or age of children served)? The Arkansas Professional Development Registry captures workforce data that is self-reported by members. Members are not required to provide the information. The Arkansas Better Chance Pre-kindergarten Program captures wages and benefits data annually as a part of the grant process. The state periodically conducts workforce studies.

f. Financing. For example, has the Lead Agency set a minimum or living wage as a floor for all child care staff? Do Lead Agency-provider subsidy agreements contain requirements for staff compensation levels? Do Lead Agencies provide program-level compensation grants to support staff base salaries and benefits? Does the Lead Agency administer bonuses or stipends directly to workers? The Lead Agency developed a proposed salary schedule based on education level and years of experience: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/Copy-of-Suggested-Salary-

050922 20230506155012.pdf

6.3 Ongoing Training and Professional Development

6.3.1 Required hours of ongoing training

Provide the number of hours of ongoing training required annually for CCDF-eligible providers in the following settings:

- Licensed child care centers: 15 a.
- b. License-exempt child care centers: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- c. Licensed family child care homes: 15
- d. License-exempt family child care homes: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- e. Regulated or registered in-home child care: 15
- f. Non-regulated or registered in-home child care: 15

6.3.2 Accessibility of professional development for Tribal organizations

Describe how the Lead Agency's training and professional development are accessible to providers supported through Indian tribes or Tribal organizations receiving CCDF funds (as applicable). Click or tap here to enter text.

6.3.3 Professional development appropriate for the diversity of children, families, and child care providers

Describe how the Lead Agency's training and professional development requirements reflect the diversity of children, families, and child care providers participating in CCDF. To the extent practicable, how does professional development include specialized training or credentials for providers who care for infants or school-age children; individuals with limited English proficiency; children who are bilingual; children with developmental delays or disabilities; and/or Native Americans, including Indians, as the term is defined in Section 900.6 in subpart B of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (including Alaska Natives) and Native Hawaiians? All staff shall have fifteen (15) hours of job specific training each year. Trainings are available on the Professional Development Registry (PDR) ranging in topics such as diversity, age-specific care, bilingual children/training, disabilities, cultural awareness.

6.3.4 Child developmental screening

Describe how all providers receive, through training and professional development, information about: (1) existing resources and services the State/Territory can make available in conducting developmental screenings and providing referrals to services when appropriate for children who receive assistance under this part, including the coordinated use of the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) and developmental screening services available under section 619 and part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1419, 1431 et seq.); and (2) how child care providers may utilize these resources and services to obtain developmental screenings for children who receive assistance and who may be at risk for cognitive or other developmental delays, which may include social, emotional, physical, or linguistic delays: *Click or tap here to enter text*.

6.4 Early Learning and Developmental Guidelines

Lead Agencies must develop, maintain, or implement early learning and developmental guidelines appropriate for children from birth to kindergarten entry. Early learning and developmental guidelines should describe what children should know and be able to do at different ages and cover the essential domains of early childhood development, which at a minimum includes cognition, including language arts and mathematics; social, emotional, and physical development; and approaches toward learning.

6.4.1 Early learning and developmental guidelines

- a. Check the boxes below to certify the Lead Agency's early learning and developmental guidelines are:
 - i. \boxtimes Research-based.

 - iii.

 Culturally and linguistically appropriate.
 - iv.

 Aligned with kindergarten entry.
 - v. Appropriate for all children from birth to kindergarten entry.

 - vii. If any components above are not checked, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. Check the boxes below to certify that the required domains are included in the Lead Agency's early learning and developmental guidelines.

 - ii. \boxtimes Social development.
 - iii. 🗵 Emotional development.
 - iv.

 Physical development.
 - v.

 Approaches toward learning.

 - vii. If any components above are not checked, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.

- c. When were the Lead Agency's early learning and developmental guidelines most recently updated and for what reason? The standards were revised in 2016 to incorporate new research and to be easier to understand and use. Previously, the standards existed as two documents: the Arkansas Framework for Infant and Toddler Care and the Arkansas Early Childhood Education Framework Handbook for Three (3) & Four (4) Year old children. Under the revised format, the Child Development and Early Learning Standards (CDELS), each standard is presented as a seamless birth-to-60-month progression of child development and learning. The new format ensures alignment among the expectations for infants and toddlers and those for 3-, 4- and 5-year-old children. In addition, practitioners and parents see the foundational skills upon which later skills are built, and teachers can use one document that is inclusive of all children.
- d. Provide the Web link to the Lead Agency's early learning and developmental guidelines. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/admin/Files/AR-Early-Learning-Standards-2016-1 20230505102527.pdf

6.4.2 Use of early learning and developmental guidelines

- a. Describe how the Lead Agency uses its early learning and developmental guidelines. *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- b. Check the boxes below to certify that CCDF funds are not used to develop or implement an assessment for children that:
 - i. \boxtimes Will be the primary or sole basis to determine a child care provider ineligible to participate in the CCDF.
 - ii. \boxtimes Will be used as the primary or sole basis to provide a reward or sanction for an individual provider.
 - iii. extstyle extstyle
 - iv. Mill be used to deny children eligibility to participate in CCDF.
 - v. If any components above are not checked, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.

7 Quality Improvement Activities

The quality of child care directly affects children's safety and healthy development while in care settings, and high-quality child care can be foundational across the lifespan. Lead Agencies may use CCDF for quality improvement activities for all children in care, not just those receiving child care subsidies. OCC will collect the most detailed Lead Agency information about quality improvement activities in annual reports instead of this Plan.

Lead Agencies must report on CCDF child care quality improvement investments in three ways:

- 1. In this Plan, Lead Agencies will describe the types of activities supported by quality investments over the 3-year period.
- 2. An annual expenditure report (the ACF-696). Lead Agencies will provide data on how much CCDF funding is spent on quality activities. This report will be used to

- determine compliance with the required quality and infant and toddler spending requirements.
- An annual Quality Progress Report (the ACF-218). Lead Agencies will provide
 a description of activities funded by quality expenditures, the measures used
 to evaluate its progress in improving the quality of child care programs and
 services within the State/Territory, and progress or barriers encountered on
 those measures.

In this section of the Plan, Lead Agencies will describe their quality activities needs assessment and identify the types of quality improvement activities where CCDF investments are being made using quality set-aside funds.

7.1 Quality Activities Needs Assessment

7.1.1 Needs assessment process and findings

- a. Describe the Lead Agency needs assessment process for expending CCDF funds on activities to improve the quality of child care, including the frequency of assessment, how a diverse range of parents and providers were consulted, and how their views are incorporated: OEC in partnership with the local lead organizations is in the process of conducting a new needs assessment. The assessment will be completed by December 31, 2025.
- Describe the findings of the assessment, including any findings related to needs of different populations and types of providers, and if any overarching goals for quality improvement were identified: The needs assessment will be completed by December 31, 2025.

7.2 Use of Quality Set-Aside Funds

Lead Agencies must use a portion of their CCDF expenditures for activities designed to improve the quality of child care services and to increase parental options for and access to high-quality child care. They must use the quality set-aside funds on at least one of 10 activities described in CCDF and the quality activities must be aligned with a Statewide or Territory-wide assessment of the State's or Territory's need to carry out such services and care.

7.2.1 Quality improvement activities

- Describe how the Lead Agency will make its Quality Progress Report (ACF 218) and expenditure reports, available to the public. Provide a link if available. The Quality Progress Report is available upon request.
- b. Identify Lead Agency plans, if any, to spend CCDF funds for each of the following quality improvement activities. If an activity is checked "yes", describe the Lead Agency's current and/or future plans for this activity.

Supporting the training and professional development of the child care workforce, including birth to five and school-age providers.
\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.

	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. OEC offers quality, research-based training, and professional development statewide through competitively bid grants. All OEC training aligns with the Arkansas Workforce Knowledge and Competencies framework and the state's child development and early learning standards.
ii.	Developing, maintaining, or implementing early learning and developmental guidelines.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. OEC will continue to maintain and implement the early learning and developmental guidelines in Arkansas through training and professional development contracts.
iii.	Developing, implementing, or enhancing a quality improvement system.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. In January 2023, OEC added three additional levels to the Better Beginnings QRIS. OEC will continue to develop, implement, and enhance Better Beginnings to increase the availability of high-quality care for Arkansas children. OEC contracts with a university to provide training and technical assistance at no cost to providers to assist them in achieving higher levels of quality. OEC contracts with a public relations group to promote Better Beginnings and educate providers, parents, and the general public about the importance of high-quality early care and education. In addition, the local leads are working in their coverage areas to increase knowledge and availability of high-quality care.
iv.	Improving the supply and quality of child care services for infants and toddlers.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. OEC will administer the Child Care Supply Building Grant. OEC will seek applications from organizations and businesses interested in increasing the availability of quality early care and education in communities with an identified shortage or no services for infants and toddlers. All applicants must agree to obtain Better Beginnings Quality Level 2 or higher within one year of opening.
٧.	Establishing or expanding a statewide system of CCR&R services.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. OEC funds five CCR&R's in Arkansas. The five Child Care Aware agencies are located in each geographic region of the state for easy access for providers and families.
vi.	Facilitating compliance with Lead Agency child care licensing, monitoring, inspection and health and safety standards.
	$\hfill\square$ No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.

	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. OEC uses CCDF funds to maintain the Licensing Unit, comprised of Child Care Specialist who monitor for health and safety standards.
vii.	Evaluating and assessing the quality and effectiveness of child care services within the State/Territory.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. All CCDF Program Participants are required to participate in Better Beginnings. OEC evaluates the process and monitors the number of participants, by star level, monthly. Contractors work closely with providers to assist them in achieving and maintaining higher quality.
viii.	Accreditation support.
	oxtimes No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	\square Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments.
ix.	Supporting State/Territory or local efforts to develop high-quality program standards relating to health, mental health, nutrition, physical activity, and physical development.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. Both Minimum Licensing Requirements and Better Beginnings QRIS requirements support high quality program standards in the areas related to health, mental health, nutrition, physical activity and physical development. All CCDF participating providers in Arkansas are required to be a level 2 or above Better Beginnings participant. Arkansas maintains contracts to provide TA and training for providers to assist them in achieving their quality goals. All licensed child care providers are eligible to receive TA and training at no cost to them. All licensed providers are required to have ERS and PAS/BAS trainings to introduce them to high quality program standards. Mental health support is available through the behavior help team in Arkansas. Behavioral help is provided free of charge to the providers on an as needed basis to assist them with providing service to children experiences behavioral challenges.
x.	Other activities determined by the Lead Agency to improve the quality of child care services and the measurement of outcomes related to improved provider preparedness, child safety, child well-being, or kindergarten entry.
	\square No plans to spend in this category of activities at this time.
	☑ Yes. If yes, describe current and future investments. In January 2023, OEC added three additional levels to the Better Beginnings QRIS. OEC will continue to develop, implement, and enhance Better Beginnings to increase the availability of high-quality care for Arkansas children. OEC contracts with a university to provide training and technical assistance at no cost to providers to assist them in achieving higher levels of quality. OEC contracts with a public relations group to promote Better Beginnings and educate providers, parents, and the general public about

the importance of high-quality early care and education. In addition, the local leads are working in their coverage areas to increase knowledge and availability of high-quality care.

8 Lead Agency Coordination and Partnerships to Support Service Delivery

Coordination and partnerships help ensure that the Lead Agency's efforts accomplish CCDF goals effectively, leverage other resources, and avoid duplication of effort. Such coordination and partnerships can help families better access child care, can assist in providing consumer education to parents, and can be used to improve child care quality and the stability of child care providers. Such coordination can also be particularly helpful in the aftermath of disasters when the provision of emergency child care services and the rebuilding and restoring of child care infrastructure are an essential part of ensuring the well-being of children and families in recovering communities.

This section identifies who the Lead Agency collaborates with to implement services, how match and maintenance-of-effort (MOE) funds are used, coordination with child care resource and referral (CCR&R) systems, and efforts for disaster preparedness and response plans to support continuity of operations in response to emergencies.

8.1 Coordination with Partners to Expand Accessibility and Continuity of Care

Lead Agencies must coordinate child care services supported by CCDF with other federal, State/Territory, and local level programs. This includes programs for the benefit of Indian children, infants and toddlers, children with disabilities, children experiencing homelessness, and children in foster care.

8.1.1 Coordination with required and optional partners

Describe how the Lead Agency coordinates and the results of this coordination of the provision of child care services with the organizations and agencies to expand accessibility and continuity of care and to assist children enrolled in early childhood programs in receiving full-day services that meet the needs of working families.

The Lead Agency must coordinate with the following agencies:

- a. State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care or similar coordinating body (pursuant to 642B(b)(I)(A)(i) of the Head Start Act). Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: The Arkansas Early Childhood Commission meets on a quarterly basis and assists in establishing goals for OEC, including providing input on the CCDF Plan. OEC works in coordination with the early childhood sub-committee of the Arkansas State Board of Education.
- b. Indian Tribe(s) and/or Tribal organization(s), at the option of the Tribe or Tribal organization. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination, including which Tribe(s) was (were) involved: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
 - ☑ Not applicable. Check here if there are no Indian Tribes and/or Tribal organizations in the State/Territory.

- c. State/Territory agency(ies) responsible for programs for children with disabilities, including early intervention programs authorized under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: ADE Special Education staff are a part of OEC's weekly leadership meeting. Staff are given the opportunity to share updates and advise on the needs of special needs children. Children with special needs are considered a high priority for services and programs may receive higher reimbursement rates for children with disabilities.
- d. State/Territory office/director for Head Start State collaboration. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC works with the Head Start Collaboration Office to develop shared goals and plans to meet the needs of children and families. A Head Start is also represented on Arkansas's Early Childhood Commission.
- e. State/Territory agency responsible for public health, including the agency responsible for immunizations. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC coordinate with providers and families directly to ensure children in childcare facilities are referred and provided Early Periodic Screening Diagnosis Treatment (EPSDT) and Preventive Health Screens. Health screenings are provided by the Department of Health or by the family's medical professional. Families receiving Arkansas Medicaid are required to complete the EPSDT Health screenings. Additionally, OEC has representation on the Natural Wonders Partnerships Council (NWPC)hosted by Arkansas Children's Hospital and the Arkansas Department of Health (ADH)which has specific measurable goals and processes to increase immunizations, EPSDT rates, and access to dental care for children.
- f. State/Territory agency responsible for employment services/workforce development. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC works with the Department of Human Services to bring quality services to TANF families.
- g. State/Territory agency responsible for public education, including pre-Kindergarten. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: : OEC is responsible for administering Arkansas's public Pre-K program.
- h. State/Territory agency responsible for child care licensing. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC is responsible for administering childcare licensing. The Child Care Licensing Unit and the CCDF Unit work in conjunction with one another daily.
- i. State/Territory agency responsible for the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) and other relevant nutrition programs. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC is responsible for administering CACFP and working with the CCDF unit. We share a common commitment to providing families with high quality care and education for all children served in licensed care. Arkansas's Health and Nutrition unit serves as a resource to licensed childcare facilities to provide information and support so that children receive balanced and nutritious meals.

- j. McKinney-Vento State coordinators for homeless education and other agencies providing services for children experiencing homelessness and, to the extent practicable, local McKinney-Vento liaisons. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC coordinates with childcare providers and local agencies to provide services for families experiencing homelessness. Additionally, OEC collaborates with the TANF funded initiative "100 Families" which assists families experiencing homelessness and other significant risk factors to ensure a successful transition into employment and/or educational programs.
- k. State/Territory agency responsible for the TANF program. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: The Department of Human Services is responsible for the Arkansas's TANF program. OES partners with this program to assist with authorization of TANF child care assistance.
- I. State/Territory agency responsible for Medicaid and the State Children's Health Insurance Program. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC was previously housed with the Department of Humans Services, which provides Medicaid services in Arkansas. OEC is able to work with this department as needed to ensure the needs of Arkansans are met.
- State/Territory agency responsible for mental health services. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC partners with University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences (UAMS) who conduct mental health consultation services for CCDF children.
- n. Child care resource and referral agencies, child care consumer education organizations, and providers of early childhood education training and professional development. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: OEC funds five Child Care Aware resource and referral organizations. They are located throughout the state to be easily accessible to families and providers statewide. In addition, OEC contracts with several universities in Arkansas to provide training and professional development. Each contractor has an area of expertise they focus on. The training is coordinated among contractors to avoid duplication of efforts.
- o. Statewide afterschool network or other coordinating entity for out-of-school time care (if applicable). Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: To promote the goals established by the Arkansas Early Childhood Commission, OEC partners with a variety of public and private organizations such as, but not limited to, the Arkansas Out of School Network (AOSN); which works to improve the quality of out-of-school time programming, alignment and engagement of cross-sector partners in support of quality out-of-school programming, and develops initiatives to expand programming to increase access to quality out of school time opportunities. The Arkansas Out of School Network (AOSN) works to promote an expansion of school-based and school linked afterschool programs serving children and youth. AOSN's mission is to create safe, healthy and enriching experiences for Arkansas youth during out of school times. The Network serves as a vehicle to bring together key stakeholders and has an array of partners who have committed staff, resources, and technical assistance to support afterschool programs.

- p. Agency responsible for emergency management and response. Describe the coordination and results of the coordination: Arkansas Code states that each state agency must have an appointed Emergency Management Liaison Officer (EMLO). The EMLO is Arkansas Department of Emergency Management's (ADEM) point of contact at that agency.
- q. The following are examples of optional partners a Lead Agency might coordinate with to provide services. Check which optional partners the Lead Agency coordinates with and describe the coordination and results of the coordination.
 - i.

 State/Territory/local agencies with Early Head Start − Child Care Partnership grants. Describe: OEC has a successful partnership with Early Head Start Child Care Partnership (EHS-CCP). OEC assists the partnerships by providing CCDF funding and eligibility training. Working with grantees and partners has increased our capacity to serve more infants and toddlers in high quantity settings. OEC is also an EHS-CCP grantee and has a team of employees to support this program.
 - ii. State/Territory institutions for higher education, including community colleges. Describe: OEC collaborates with institutions of higher education. Higher education leaders provide professional development services to the early education field and actively participate in OEC state-level work groups. OEC has a higher education cohort, a group comprised of representatives from two and four-year colleges that meets monthly to coordinate and align training and education opportunities for early childhood education in Arkansas. The cohort collaborates with T.E.A.C.H. as well.
 - iii.

 Other federal, State, local, and/or private agencies providing early childhood and school-age/youth-serving developmental services. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
 - iv.

 State/Territory agency responsible for implementing the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) programs grant. Describe: OEC partners with the Arkansas Department of Health, which receives federal grant funds to implement the Maternal Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) Program.
 - v. Agency responsible for Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment Program. Describe: OEC partners with the Arkansas Department of Health to ensure parents are provided with updated information regarding EPSDT's.
 - vi. State/Territory agency responsible for child welfare. Describe: OEC collaborates with the DHS-Division of Children and Family Services (DCFS)Program to ensure that children in foster care are placed in quality early learning environments.
 - vii. Child care provider groups or associations. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
 - viii.

 Parent groups or organizations. Describe: OEC contracts the TEACH
 Scholarship Program through the Arkansas Early Childhood Association (AECA).

ί	\Box Title IV B 21 st Century Community Learning Center Coordinators. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>
х	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>

8.2 Optional Use of Combined Funds, CCDF Matching, and Maintenance-of-Effort Funds

Lead Agencies may combine CCDF funds with other Federal, State, and local child care and early childhood development programs, including those in 8.1.1. These programs include preschool programs, Tribal child care programs, and other early childhood programs, including those serving infants and toddlers with disabilities, children experiencing homelessness, and children in foster care.

Combining funds may include blending multiple funding streams, pooling funds, or layering funds from multiple funding streams to expand and/or enhance services for infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and school-age children and families to allow for the delivery of comprehensive quality care that meets the needs of children and families. For example, Lead Agencies may use multiple funding sources to offer grants or contracts to programs to deliver services; a Lead Agency may allow a county/local government to use coordinated funding streams; or policies may be in place that allow local programs to layer CCDF funds with additional funding sources to pay for full-day, full-year child care that meets Early Head Start/Head Start Program Performance Standards or State/Territory pre-Kindergarten requirements in addition to State/Territory child care licensing requirements.

As a reminder, CCDF funds may be used in collaborative efforts with Head Start and Early Head Start programs to provide comprehensive child care and development services for children who are eligible for both programs.

8.2.1 Combining funding for CCDF services

Does the Lead Agency combine funding for CCDF services with Title XX of the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG), Title IV B 21st Century Community Learning Center Funds, State-only child care funds, TANF direct funds for child care not transferred into CCDF, Title IV-B, IV-E funds, or other federal or State programs?

or State	programs?
\square No.	(If no, skip to question 8.2.2)
⊠ Yes.	
i.	If yes, describe which funds you will combine. Combined funds may include, but are not limited to:
	\square Title XX (Social Services Block Grant, SSBG)
	\square Title IV B 21 $^{\rm st}$ Century Community Learning Center Funds (Every Student Succeeds Act)
	State- or Territory-only child care funds
	oxtimes TANF direct funds for child care not transferred into CCDF
	☐ Title IV-B funds (Social Security Act)
	☐ Title IV-E funds (Social Security Act)

\square Other. Describe:	Click or tap	o here to	enter text.
----------------------------	--------------	-----------	-------------

ii. If yes, what does the Lead Agency use combined funds to support, such as extending the day or year of services available (i.e., full-day, full-year programming for working families), smoothing transitions for children, enhancing and aligning quality of services, linking comprehensive services to children in child care, or developing the supply of child care for vulnerable populations? State General Revenue funds are used to pay for full-day services. So are the TANF funds if we are including it.

8.2.2 Funds used to meet CCDF matching and MOE requirements

Lead Agencies may use public funds and donated funds to meet CCDF match and maintenance of effort (matching MOE) requirements.

Note: Lead Agencies that use State pre-Kindergarten funds to meet matching requirements must check State pre-Kindergarten funds and public and/or private funds.

Use of private funds for match or maintenance-of-effort: Donated funds do not need to be under the administrative control of the Lead Agency to qualify as an expenditure for federal match. However, Lead Agencies must identify and designate in the State/Territory CCDF Plan the donated funds given to public or private entities to implement the CCDF child care program.

 a. Does the Lead Agency use public funds to meet match requirement 	a.	Does the Lead Ag	gency use pul	blic fund	ls to meet mato	h requirements
--	----	------------------	---------------	-----------	-----------------	----------------

\boxtimes	Yes. If yes,	describe which	funds are	used: State	General I	Revenue
	No.					

b. Does the Lead Agency use donated funds to meet match requirements?

☐ Yes. If yes, ide	ntify the entity(ies)	designated to re	ceive donated funds

- ii. Donated to a separate entity(ies) designated to receive donated funds. If checked, identify the name, address, contact, and type of entities designated to receive private donated funds: *Click or tap here to enter text*.

⊠ No.

- c. Does the Lead Agency certify that, if State expenditures for pre-Kindergarten programs are used to meet the MOE requirements, the following is true:
 - The Lead Agency did not reduce its level of effort in full-day/full-year child care services.
 - The Lead Agency ensures that pre-Kindergarten programs meet the needs of working parents.
 - The estimated percentage of the MOE requirement that will be met with pre-Kindergarten expenditures (does not to exceed 20 percent).
 - If the percentage is more than 10 percent of the MOE requirement, the State will coordinate its pre-Kindergarten and child care services to expand the availability of

child care.

Public pre-Kindergarten funds may also serve as MOE funds as long as the State can describe how it will coordinate pre-Kindergarten and child care services to expand the availability of child care while using public pre-Kindergarten funds as no more than 20 percent of the State's MOE or 30 percent of its matching funds in a single fiscal year.

If expenditures for pre-Kindergarten services are used to meet the MOE requirement, does the Lead Agency certify that the State or Territory has not reduced its level of effort in full-day/full-year child care services?

\boxtimes Yes.								
☐ No. If no,	describe:	Click	or	tap	here	to	enter	text.

8.3 Coordination with Child Care Resource and Referral Systems

Lead Agencies may use CCDF funds to establish or support a system or network of local or regional child care resource and referral (CCR&R) organizations that is coordinated, to the extent determined by the Lead Agency, by a statewide public or private non-profit, community-based or regionally based, lead child care resource and referral organization (such as a statewide CCR&R network).

If Lead Agencies use CCDF funds for local CCR&R organizations, the local or regional CCR&R organizations supported by those funds must, at the direction of the Lead Agency:

- Provide parents in the State with consumer education information concerning the full range of child care options (including faith-based and community-based child care providers), analyzed by provider, including child care provided during non-traditional hours and through emergency child care centers, in their area.
- To the extent practicable, work directly with families who receive assistance to offer the
 families support and assistance to make an informed decision about which child care
 providers they will use to ensure that the families are enrolling their children in the most
 appropriate child care setting that suits their needs and one that is of high quality (as
 determined by the Lead Agency).
- Collect data and provide information on the coordination of services and supports, including services under Part B, Section 619 and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.
- Collect data and provide information on the supply of and demand for child care services in areas of the State and submit the information to the Lead Agency.
- Work to establish partnerships with public agencies and private entities, including faith-based and community-based child care providers, to increase the supply and quality of child care services in the State and, as appropriate, coordinate their activities with the activities of the Lead Agency and local agencies that administer funds made available through CCDF.

8.3.1	Funding a system or network of CCR&R organization(s)
	Does the Lead Agency fund a system or network of local or regional CCR&R organization(s)?
	\square No. The Lead Agency does not fund a system or network of local or regional CCR&R
	organization(s) and has no plans to establish one.

\square No, but the Lead Agency has plans to develop a system or network of local or region	al
CCR&R organization(s).	

☑ Yes. The Lead Agency funds a system or network of local or regional CCR&R organization(s) with all the responsibilities outlined above. If yes, describe the activities outlined above carried out by the CCR&R organization(s), as directed by the Lead Agency: OEC funds five Child Care Aware resource and referral organizations. They are located throughout the state to be easily accessible to families and providers statewide. These agencies are knowledgeable of all of the types and hours of care available in their coverage area and assist parents in finding high quality child care in their area. They work with child care providers to provide training and technical assistance. They have partnerships in their areas and collaborate to provide information and services to families and providers. They provide OEC with data for their coverage area. They maintain a resource library for providers to check out resources.

8.4 Public-Private Partnerships

Lead Agencies must demonstrate how they encourage partnerships among other public agencies, Tribal organizations, private entities, faith-based organizations, businesses, or organizations that promote business involvement, and/or community-based organizations to leverage existing service delivery (i.e., cooperative agreement among providers to pool resources to pay for shared fixed costs and operation) to leverage existing child care and early education service delivery systems and to increase the supply and quality of child care services for children younger than age 13.

8.4.1 Lead Agency public-private partnerships

Identify and describe any public-private partnerships encouraged by the Lead Agency to leverage public and private resources to further the goals of CCDF: OEC supplies matching funds to Save the Children through a public-private partnership grant. Save the Children's Early Steps program provides at-risk families with services that focus on language and literacy development in the home (0-3 years old) and in the preschool classroom (3-5 years old). They also offer a kindergarten readiness camp two weeks prior to the start of the new school year to help ease the transition to a structured school setting.

8.5 Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan

Lead Agencies must establish a Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan and demonstrate how they will address the needs of children—including the need for safe child care before, during, and after a state of emergency declared by the Governor or a major disaster or emergency (as defined by Section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5122)—through a Statewide Disaster Plan.

8.5.1 Statewide Disaster Plan updates

a. When was the Lead Agency's Child Care Disaster Plan most recently updated and for what reason? June 2024. It was expanded to include all disaster preparedness response and reflects the most current Lead Agency change to ADE.

	certify compliance by checking the required elements the Lead Agency includes in rrent State Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan.
i.	The plan was developed in collaboration with the following required entities:
	☑ State human services agency.
	oxtimes State emergency management agency.
	☑ State licensing agency.
	oxtimes State health department or public health department.
	oxtimes Local and State child care resource and referral agencies.
	$\ oxtimes$ State Advisory Council on Early Childhood Education and Care or similar coordinating body.
ii.	oxtimes The plan includes guidelines for the continuation of child care subsidies.
iii.	oxtimes The plan includes guidelines for the continuation of child care services.
iv.	$\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ The plan includes procedures for the coordination of post-disaster recovery of child care services.
V.	$\hfill\Box$ The plan contains requirements for all CCDF providers (both licensed and license-exempt) to have in place:
	oxtimes Procedures for evacuation.
	☑ Procedures for relocation.
	☑ Procedures for shelter-in-place.
	oxtimes Procedures for communication and reunification with families.
	oxtimes Procedures for continuity of operations.
	oxtimes Procedures for accommodations of infants and toddlers.
	oxtimes Procedures for accommodations of children with disabilities.
	$\ oxed{oxed}$ Procedures for accommodations of children with chronic medical conditions.
vi.	$\ensuremath{\boxtimes}$ The plan contains procedures for staff and volunteer emergency preparedness training.
vii.	oxtimes The plan contains procedures for staff and volunteer practice drills.
viii.	If any of the above are not checked, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.
ix.	If available, provide the direct URL/website link to the website where the Statewide Child Care Disaster Plan is posted: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/offices/office-of-early-childhood

b.

9 Family Outreach and Consumer Education

CCDF consumer education requirements facilitate parental choice in child care arrangements, support parents as child care consumers who need information to make informed choices regarding the services that best suit their family's needs, and the delivery of resources that can support child development and well-being. Lead Agency consumer education activities must provide information for parents receiving CCDF assistance, the general public, and, when appropriate, child care providers. Lead Agencies should use targeted strategies for each group to ensure tailored consumer education information and take steps to ensure they are effectively reaching all individuals, including those with limited English proficiency and those with disabilities.

In this section, Lead Agencies address their consumer education practices, including details about their child care consumer education website, and the process for collecting and maintaining a record of parental complaints.

9.1 Parental Complaint Process

Lead Agencies must maintain a record of substantiated parental complaints against child care providers and make information regarding such complaints available to the public on request. Lead Agencies must also provide a detailed description of the hotline or similar reporting process for parents to submit complaints about child care providers; the process for substantiating complaints; the manner in which the Lead Agency maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints; and ways that the Lead Agency makes information on such parental complaints available to the public on request. Lead Agencies are not required to limit the complaint process to parents.

9.1.1 Parental complaint process

- a. Describe the Lead Agency's hotline or similar reporting process through which parents can submit complaints about child care providers, including a link if it is a Web-based process: The public can submit complaints related child care providers through the online web portal here: https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/complaint?language=en_US. Additionally, complaints can be made directly through the main phone line, 501-682-8590
- b. Describe how the parental complaint process ensures broad access to services for families that speak languages other than English: The agency's website includes shared services from all divisions within Arkansas Department of Education which includes options for other languages for specific divisions. The agency provides an interpreter call line for interpretations in any language which may be utilized by OEC staff to provide assistance to non-English speaking families. OEC has staff who provide outreach for Spanish speaking families. Liaisons have been developed with community organizations that serve the Hispanic populations to educate members on child care assistance that may be available as funding permits and to ensure that those currently served are communicated with in a culturally competent manner. Forms are available on our website in Spanish as well.
- c. Describe how the parental complaint process ensures broad access to services for persons with disabilities: The agency's website includes shared services from all divisions within ADE. All services provided on the Consumer Education website are available to anyone seeking assistance. Information on the website is shared with families, who may need child care assistance and conforms to those who have disabilities.

- d. For complaints about providers, including CCDF providers and non-CCDF providers, does the Lead Agency have a process and timeline for screening, substantiating, and responding to complaints, including information about whether the process includes monitoring?
 - ☑ Yes. If yes, describe: When a report is received alleging abuse or neglect, the reporter is encouraged to call the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline at 1-800-482-5964. If the reporter does not wish to make the call, OEC staff will call the Hotline. If the report involves a violation of minimum licensing requirements, licensing staff investigates to determine the validity of the allegations and to make sure corrective action is implemented. Complaints not related to abuse, neglect, exploitation, or minimum licensing requirements are evaluated by Family Support Unit (FSU). The unit will respond to the complaint and work with the provider to address any issues identified. The processes are the same for both CCDF and non-CCDF providers.

☐ No.

- e. For substantiated parental complaints, who maintains the record for CCDF and non-CCDF providers? Records of complaints, inspections, and investigations regarding providers are maintained Enterprise Licensing System (ELS). The ELS system is maintained by the Office of Early Childhood Licensing Unit
- f. Describe how information about substantiated parental complaints is made available to the public; this information can include the consumer education website discussed in subsection 9.2:

https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/complaint?language=en_US

9.2 Consumer Education Website

Lead Agencies must provide information to parents, the general public, and child care providers through a State or Territory website, which is consumer-friendly and easily accessible for families who speak languages other than English and persons with disabilities. The website must:

- Include information to assist families in understanding the Lead Agency's policies and procedures, including licensing child care providers;
- Include monitoring and inspection reports for each provider and, if available, the quality of each provider;
- Provide the aggregate number of deaths, serious injuries, and the number of cases of substantiated child abuse that have occurred in child care settings;
- Include contact information for local CCR&R organizations to help families access additional information on finding child care; and
- Include information on how parents can contact the Lead Agency and other organizations to better understand the information on the website.

9.2.1 Consumer-friendly website

Does the Lead Agency ensure that its consumer education website is consumer-friendly and easily accessible?

i.	Provide the URL for the Lead Agency's consumer education website homepage: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/child-care-licensing
ii.	Does the Lead Agency certify that the consumer education website ensures broad access to services for families who speak languages other than English?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .
iii.	Does the Lead Agency certify that the consumer education website ensures broad access to services for persons with disabilities?
	⊠ Yes.
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .

9.2.2 Additional consumer education website links

Provide the direct URL/website link for the following:

- i. Provide the direct URL/website link to how the Lead Agency licenses child care providers: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/child-care-licensing
- ii. Provide the direct URL/website link to the processes for conducting monitoring and inspections of child care providers:

https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/admin/Files/Child Care Facility Licensing Act 20 230525091545.pdf

Regulations

Child Care Centers: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-

Copy_20230506115600.pdf

Out of School Time: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-

Copy 20230506120357.pdf

Registered Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-registered

Copy 20230506120624.pdf

Licensed Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-

Copy 20230506115827.pdf

iii. Provide the direct URL/website link to the policies and procedures related to criminal background checks for staff members of child care providers:
 https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/electronic-background-check

iv. Provide the direct URL/website link to the offenses that prevent individuals from being employed by a child care provider: Child Carehttps://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCFH-Clean-Copy 20230506115827.pdf Section 109 Centers: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-CCC-Clean-Copy 20230506115600.pdf Section 110 Out of School Time: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-OST-Clean-Copy 20230506120357.pdf Section 110 Registered Family Home: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Files/2020-RCCFH-Clean-registered Copy 20230506120624.pdf Section 109 Licensed Family Home: Searchable list of providers The consumer education website must include a list of all licensed providers searchable by ZIP code. i. Does the Lead Agency certify that the consumer education website includes a list of all licensed providers searchable by ZIP code? \boxtimes Yes. □ No. If no, describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.* ii. Provide the direct URL/website link to the list of child care providers searchable by ZIP code: https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/findproviders?tab=CC&language=en US In addition to the licensed child care providers that must be included in the iii. searchable list, are there additional providers included in the Lead Agency's searchable list of child care providers? Check all that apply: ☐ License-exempt center-based CCDF providers. ☐ License-exempt family child care CCDF providers. ☐ License-exempt non-CCDF providers. ☐ Relative CCDF child care providers. ☑ Other (e.g., summer camps, public pre-Kindergarten). Describe: Arkansas Better Chance Preschool, Summer Camps, Boys & Girls Clubs, Head Start, Federal Pre-K programs.

9.2.3

a.

Identify what additional (optional) information, if any, is available in the searchable results b. by ZIP code. Check the box when information is provided.

Provider Information Available in Searchable Results

	All licensed providers	License- exempt CCDF center- based providers	License- exempt CCDF family child care home providers	License- exempt non- CCDF providers	Relative CCDF providers	
Contact information	\boxtimes					
Enrollment capacity	\boxtimes					
Hours, days, and months of operation						
Provider education and training						
Languages spoken by the caregiver						
Quality information	\boxtimes					
Monitoring reports	\boxtimes					
Willingness to accept CCDF certificates	\boxtimes					
Ages of children served	\boxtimes					
Specialization or training for certain populations	⊠					
Care provided during nontraditional hours	\boxtimes					
Identify any other information searchable on the consumer education website for the child care provider type listed below and then, if checked, describe the searchable information included on the website.						
i. ☑ All licensed providers. Describe: Founded Complaints, Transportation Provided, Food Program (CACFP) Participant, ABC State Funded Pre-K						
ii.	\Box License-exempt CCDF center-based providers. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.					
iii.	\Box License-exempt CCDF family child care providers. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.					
iv. \Box License-exempt,	☐ License-exempt, non-CCDF providers. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>					
v. \square Relative CCDF pr	☐ Relative CCDF providers. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .					
vi. \square Other. Describe:	Other. Describe: Click or tap here to enter text.					
r-specific quality information						

9.2.4 Provi

c.

Lead Agencies must identify specific quality information on each child care provider for whom they have this information. Provider-specific quality information must only be posted on the consumer education website if it is available for the individual child care provider.

a. What specific quality information does the Lead Agency provide on the we		pecific quality information does the Lead Agency provide on the website?		
	i.	☑ Quality improvement system.		
	ii.	☐ National accreditation.		
	iii.	☐ Enhanced licensing system.		
	iv.	oxtimes Meeting Head Start/Early Head Start Program Performance Standards.		
	٧.	☑ Meeting pre-Kindergarten quality requirements.		
	vi.	⊠ School-age standards.		
	vii.	\square Quality framework or quality improvement system.		
	viii.	☐ Other. Describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text</i> .		
b.	For what types of child care providers is quality information available?			
	i.	☑ Licensed CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: <i>The Arkansas Bette Beginnings rating is provided on the child care search website for each provider:</i> https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-providers?tab=CC&language=en_US		
	ii.	☑ Licensed non-CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: <i>The Arkansas</i> Better Beginnings rating is provided on the child care search website for each provider: https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-providers?tab=CC&language=en_US		
	iii.	☐ License-exempt center-based CCDF providers. Describe the quality information Click or tap here to enter text.		
	iv.	\Box License-exempt FCC CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>		
	V.	\Box License-exempt non-CCDF providers. Describe the quality information: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>		
	vi.	⊠ Relative child care providers. Describe the quality information: <i>The Arkansas</i> Better Beginnings rating is provided on the child care search website for each provider: https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-providers?tab=CC&language=en_US		
	vii.	☑ Other. Describe: Out-of-School Time Programs. <i>The Arkansas Better Beginnings</i> rating is provided on the child care search website for each provider: https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/search-provider/find-providers?tab=CC&language=en_US		

9.2.5 Aggregate data on serious injuries, deaths, and substantiated abuse

Lead Agencies must post aggregate data on serious injuries, deaths, and substantiated cases of child abuse that have occurred in child care settings each year on the consumer education

website. This aggregate data must include information about any child in the care of a provider eligible to receive CCDF, not just children receiving subsidies.

This aggregate information on serious injuries and deaths must be separated by category of care (e.g., centers, family child care homes, and in-home care) and licensing status (i.e., licensed or license-exempt) for all eligible CCDF child care providers in the State/Territory. The information on instances of substantiated child abuse does not have to be organized by category of care or licensing status. Information must also include the total number of children in care by provider type and licensing status, so that families can better understand the data presented on serious injuries, deaths, and substantiated cases of abuse.

a.	Certify by checking below that the required elements are included in the Aggregate Data
	Report on serious incident data that have occurred in child care settings each year.

i.	☐ The total number of serious injuries of children in care by provider category
	and licensing status.

ii.	☐ The total number of deaths of children in care by provider category and
	licensing status.

iii.	\square The total number of substantiated instances of child abuse in child care
	settings.

- iv. \Box The total number of children in care by provider category and licensing status.
- v. If any of the above elements are not included, describe: OEC provides the total number of slots available by provider category/licensed status.

b. Certify by providing:

- i. The designated entity to which child care providers must submit reports of any serious injuries or deaths of children occurring in child care and describe how the Lead Agency obtains the aggregate data from the entity: These occurrences must be reported to the Child Care Licensing Unit within one business day and are tracked by the unit for reporting purposes.
- ii. The definition of "substantiated child abuse" used by the Lead Agency for this requirement: Substantiated child abuse is defined as any allegation of suspected child maltreatment that is investigated and found to be true by the Division of Children and Family Services or the Arkansas State Police Crimes Against Children Division, the entities charged with making this determination.
- iii. The definition of "serious injury" used by the Lead Agency for this requirement: Serious injuries are defined as any injuries that require medical attention.
- c. Provide the direct URL/website link to the page where the aggregate number of serious injuries, deaths, and substantiated child abuse, and the total number of children in care by provider category and licensing status are posted:
 https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/help-paying-for-child-care
- 9.2.6 Contact information on referrals to local child care resource and referral organizations

The Lead Agency consumer education website must include contact information on referrals to local CCR&R organizations.

	a.	Does the consumer education website include contact information on referrals to local CCR&R organizations?
		⊠ Yes.
		□ No.
		\square Not applicable. The Lead Agency does not have local CCR&R organizations.
	b.	Provide the direct URL/website link to this information: Click or tap here to enter text.
9.2.7	Lead A	Agency contact information for parents
	The Lead Agency consumer and provider education website must include information on hopparents can contact the Lead Agency or its designee and other programs that can help the punderstand information included on the website.	
	a.	Does the website provide directions on how parents can contact the Lead Agency or its designee and other programs to help them understand information included on the website?
		⊠ Yes.
		□ No.
	b.	Provide the direct URL/website link to this information: https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/help-paying-for-child-care
9.2.8	Posting sliding fee scale, co-payment amount, and policies for waiving co-payments	
		onsumer education website must include the sliding fee scale for parent co-payments, ing the co-payment amount a family may expect to pay and policies for waiving coents.
	a.	Does the Lead Agency certify that their consumer education website includes the sliding fee scale for parent co-payments, including the co-payment amount a family may expect to pay and policies for waiving co-payments?
		⊠ Yes.
		□ No.
	b.	Provide the direct URL/website link to the sliding fee scale. https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/help-paying-for-child-care
9.3	Increas	sing Engagement and Access to Information
	to pro	Agencies must collect and disseminate information about the full range of child care services mote parental choice to parents of children eligible for CCDF, the general public, and child roviders.
9.3.1	Inform	nation about CCDF availability and eligibility

Describe how the Lead Agency shares information with eligible parents, the general public, and child care providers about the availability of child care services provided through CCDF and other programs for which the family may be eligible. The description should include, at a minimum, what is provided (e.g., written materials, the website, and direct communications) and what approaches are used to tailor information to parents, the general public, and child care providers. OEC works with Arkansas Better Chance (the state's Pre-K program), Head Start, and Child Care Aware to provide information to families regarding available resources. We share information to ensure families understand the availability of child care assistance and Pre-kindergarten Programs. If CCDF is unavailable or if a family is ineligible, staff work together to ensure that eligible families are served through Early Head Start, Head Start or the state's Pre-K program where appropriate. Applications for child care assistance, child care information, and materials on how to choose a child care are shared.

9.3.2 Information about child care and other services available for parents

Does the Lead Agency certify that it provides information described in 9.3.1 for the following required programs?

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program.
- Head Start and Early Head Start programs.
- Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).
- Women, Infants, and Children Program (WIC) program.
- Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP).
- Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).
- Programs carried out under IDEA Part B, Section 619 and Part C.

⊠ Yes.	
☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter te</i>	xt.

9.3.3 Consumer statement for parents receiving CCDF services

Lead Agencies must provide parents receiving CCDF services with a consumer statement in hard copy or electronically that contains general information about the CCDF program and specific information about the child care provider they select.

Please certify if the Lead Agency provides parents receiving CCDF services a consumer statement that contains the following 8 requirements:

- 1. Health and safety requirements met by the provider
- 2. Licensing or regulatory requirements met by the provider
- 3. Date the provider was last inspected
- 4. Any history of violations of these requirements
- 5. Any voluntary quality standards met by the provider
- 6. How CCDF subsidies are designed to promote equal access

- 7. How to submit a complaint through the hotline
- 8. How to contact a local resource and referral agency or other community-based organization to receive assistance in finding and enrolling in quality child care

Does the Lead Agency provide to families, either in hard copy or electronically, a consumer statement that contains the required information about the provider they have selected, including the eight required elements above?

☑ Yes.☑ No. If no, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.

9.3.4 Informing families about best practices on child development

Describe how the Lead Agency makes information available to parents, providers, and the general public on research and best practices concerning children's development, including physical health and development, and information about successful parent and family engagement. At a minimum, the description should include what information is provided; how the information is provided; any distinct activities for sharing this information with parents, providers, the general public; and any partners in providing this information. *Click or tap here to enter text*.

9.3.5 Unlimited parental access to their children

Does the Lead Agency have procedures to ensure that parents have unlimited access to their children whenever their children are in the care of a provider who receives CCDF funds:

☑ Yes.☑ No. If no, describe: Click or tap here to enter text.

9.3.6 Informing families about best practices in social and emotional health

Describe how the Lead Agency shares information with families, providers, and the general public regarding the social-emotional and behavioral and mental health of young children, including positive behavioral intervention and support models based on research and best practices for those from birth to school age: Information is available on the Office of Early Childhood (OEC) website regarding social/emotional development and behavior challenges. If a provider is experiencing behavioral challenges, a referral can be made to Arkansas's Behavior Help Support System at https://behaviorhelponline.org/. Information regarding the Behavior Help Support System can be found at https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/office-of-early-childhood/behaviorhelp. Once a referral is made to the Behavior Help Support System, OEC will assign the case to a Technical Assistance provider (A-State Childhood Services) or an Early Childhood Mental Health Consultation provider (University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences – Project PLAY) which will provide the support to the classroom and referring agency. Communication regarding the Behavior Help Support system is done via email, on the child care billing website, and at provider trainings. Additionally, there is a parent training module on this topic as part of the CCDF required parent trainings. OEC has adopted the Center on Social and Emotional Foundations for Early Learning Pyramid Model focused on promoting the social emotional development and school readiness of young children aged birth to five (5). OEC has contracted with multiple partners to develop aid to providers on the implementation of the Pyramid Model. Through our contracted partners OEC offers professional development such as: TIPS, Naptime Academy, Pre-K SEL,

Strengthening Families and Caring Conversations Cafes focused on building parent/provider relationships. Additionally, OEC has made a contracted investment in the ARRAY Social Emotional Learning continuum. The ARRAY continuum was developed to coach programs and build the systemic capacity of programs to better implement early childhood mental health practices. As of April 2024, the ARRAY continuum has launched in all four regions of the state. Arkansas will pay a special needs differential rate for qualifying children receiving BehaviorHelp Support services or a child in the Foster Care System, if the child meets the criteria listed under Arkansas's updated definition of "Children with special needs". Additionally, OEC will designate a team from members of the existing BehaviorHelp Support System to review requests made by child care facilities. This will allow children to safely remain in continuous care without undue interruptions to service, as this rate will help to fund the extra resources necessary to ensure the child maintains placement.

9.3.7 Policies on the prevention of the suspension and expulsion of children

- a. The Lead Agency must have policies to prevent the suspension and expulsion of children from birth to age 5 in child care and other early childhood programs receiving CCDF funds. Describe those policies and how those policies are shared with families, providers, and the general public: The Arkansas Department of Education and the Office of Early Childhood (ADE/OEC) discourages the use of suspensions or expulsions of children from programs receiving CCDF Funding. It is also recommended that centers not discriminate against children based on their funding stream (i.e., the expulsion of private pay or other children). These regulations were put in place to ensure all children have access to early childhood education. Failure to follow these guidelines may result in termination from the CCDF Program. ADE/OEC utilizes the Behavior Help system to assist centers who are experiencing challenging behaviors or classroom management issues. Any center in the state can use this system at any time. There is no cost to the center to access Behavior Help. Any center which refers a child to Behavior Help is not allowed to suspend or expel that child from their center without the approval of ADE/OEC.
- Describe what policies, if any, the Lead Agency has to prevent the suspension and expulsion of school-age children from child or youth care settings receiving CCDF funds: The policies mentioned in 9.3.7 also apply to school-aged children attending any type of child or youth care setting in which CCDF funds voucher are accepted

9.4 Providing Information on Developmental Screenings

Lead Agencies must provide information on developmental screenings to parents as part of the intake process for families participating in CCDF and to child care providers through training and education. This information must include:

- Existing resources and services that the State can make available in conducting
 developmental screenings and providing referrals to services when appropriate for children
 who receive child care assistance, including the coordinated use of the Early and Periodic
 Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program under the Medicaid program carried out under
 Title XIX of the Social Security Act and developmental screening services available under IDEA
 Part B, Section 619 and Part C; and,
- A description of how a family or child care provider can use these resources and services to
 obtain developmental screenings for children who receive subsidies and who might be at risk
 of cognitive or other developmental delays, which can include social, emotional, physical, or

linguistic delays.

Information on developmental screenings, as in other consumer education information, must be accessible for individuals with limited English proficiency and individuals with disabilities.

9.4.1 Developmental screenings

Does the Lead Agency collect and disseminate information on the following:

a.	Existing resources and services available for obtaining developmental screening for parents receiving CCDF, the general public, and child care providers.		
	⊠ Yes.		
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>		
b.	Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment program under the Medicaid program—carried out under Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.)—and developmental screening services available under Part B, Section 619 and Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1419, 1431 et seq.).		
	⊠ Yes.		
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>		
c.	Developmental screenings to parents receiving a subsidy as part of the intake process.		
	☑ Yes. If yes, include the information provided, ways it is provided, and any partners in this work: CCDF providers are required to complete an annual developmental screening for enrolled children. If a referral is needed for children under the age of 3, the provider should contact First Connections. The website for First Connections: https://dhs.arkansas.gov/dds/firstconnectionsweb/#fc-home If the child is 3-21 years of age, the provider should contact the Arkansas Department of Education Special Education Unit or their local educational cooperative for assistance https://dese.ade.arkansas.gov/Offices/special-education .		
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>		
d.	How families receiving CCDF services or child care providers receiving CCDF can use the available resources and services to obtain developmental screenings for children at risk for cognitive or other developmental delays.		
	⊠ Yes.		
	☐ No. If no, describe: <i>Click or tap here to enter text.</i>		

10 Program Integrity and Accountability

Program integrity and accountability activities are integral to the effective administration of the CCDF program. As stewards of federal funds, Lead Agencies must ensure strong and effective internal controls to prevent fraud and maintain continuity of services to meet the needs of children and families. In order to operate and maintain a strong CCDF program, regular evaluation of the program's internal controls as well as comprehensive training for all entities involved in the administration of the program are imperative. In this section, Lead Agencies will describe their

internal controls and how those internal controls effectively ensure integrity and accountability. These accountability measures should address reducing fraud, waste, and abuse, including program violations and administrative errors and should apply to all CCDF funds.

10.1 Effective Internal Controls

Lead Agencies must ensure the integrity of the use of CCDF funds through effective fiscal management and must ensure that financial practices are in place. Lead Agencies must have effective fiscal management practices in place for all CCDF expenditures.

10.1.1 Organizational structure to support integrity and internal controls

Describe how the Lead Agency's organizational structure ensures the oversight and implementation of effective internal controls that promote and support program integrity and accountability. Describe: Office of Early Childhood (OEC) has a stand-alone Quality Assurance Unit (QA) that is responsible for assessing, recommending, and revising policies and procedures. In addition, OEC leadership regularly meets to discuss situations in which policies and procedures were brought into question to assess whether revisions are needed. FSU conducts audits of randomly selected providers required to provide attendance records and sign-in/sign-out sheets to support their billing. These records are reviewed to ensure the records support the billing for childcare provided. If records do not reflect what was billed, providers may be provided technical assistance, may be reviewed further, and/or required to repay the funds to the state agency. The QA Unit makes recommendations for further action to the Assistant Commissioner and/or Director regarding facilities under special audit. After the audit has been conducted, QA Unit will submit the results to FSU. Office of Early Childhood QA Unit continuously assesses policies, procedures and provides recommendations to the CCDF Program Administrator and staff on changes and/or implementations to strengthen the operation of the program. OEC has a director of finance who monitors all expenditures of CCDF funds. Additionally, the Department of Education has a team to work on federal reporting and other federal requirements related to finance. OEC executes and maintains a written agreement with all CCDF sub-recipients. The written agreement includes our standard language, which indicates the terms of the agreement, the scope of services to be provided, requirements for payment, independence statement, prohibition for lobbying, confidentiality clause, record retention requirements, audit requirements, financial reporting requirements, as well as a termination and debarment clause to be utilized when any requirements of the agreement (including but not limited to those above) are not met or are violated. OEC segregates certain duties to other divisions who do not perform regular CCDF program administration. The QA Unit is not responsible for performing any eligibility determinations, they are responsible for reviewing the work of others. This segregation of duties assists with ensuring program integrity in the CCDF program. OEC uses the Finance Division for receipt of CCDF funding, making payments to CCDF providers, and for financial reporting to ACF. QA Unit collaborates with Assistant Commissioner and/or Assistant Directors to ensure the integrity of CCDF programs. Due to potential compliance concerns such as complaints made against the facility, billing summary reflects concerns such as: the facility not billing absentees, attendance records not matching the billing summary, compliance issues being determined by another OEC unit.

Include the following elements in your description:

1. Assignment of authority and responsibilities related to program integrity.

- 2. Delegation of duties.
- 3. Coordination of activities.
- 4. Communication between fiscal and program staff.
- 5. Segregation of duties.
- 6. Establishment of checks and balances to identify potential fraud risks.
- 7. Other activities that support program integrity.

10.1.2 Fiscal management practices

Describe how the Lead Agency ensures effective fiscal management practices for all CCDF expenditures, including:

- a. Fiscal oversight of CCDF funds, including grants and contracts. Describe: OEC has a director of finance who monitors all expenditures of CCDF funds. Additionally, the ADE has a finance team to work on federal reporting and other federal requirements related to finance. OEC executes and maintains a written agreement with all CCDF subrecipients. The written agreement includes our standard language, which indicates the terms of the agreement, the scope of services to be provided, requirements for payment, independence statement, prohibition for lobbying, confidentiality clause, record retention requirements, audit requirements, financial reporting requirements, as well as a termination and debarment clause to be utilized when any requirements of the agreement (including but not limited to those above) are not met or are violated.
- b. Tracking systems that ensure reasonable and allowable costs and allow for tracing of funds to a level of expenditure adequate to establish that such funds have not been used in violation of the provision of this part. Describe: OEC performs random audits of CCDF sub-recipients annually where expenditures of CCDF funds are reviewed to ensure they are supported and allowable.
- c. Processes and procedures to prepare and submit required state and federal fiscal reporting. Describe: The OEC finance team maintains a calendar of due dates for reports. The OEC finance team extracts the expenditure reports for the period and breaks out the data into the various reporting categories. After reviewing this information, and we discovery that corrections need to be made, this is noted, and the corrections are processed immediately. If the corrected date can be reported during the reporting period, it is done. If not, the changes will still be made in the current working period and reported in the next reporting period.
- d. Other. Describe: QA unit conducts special audits where providers are assigned to the QA Unit by Director and Assistant Directors. The facilities are required to provide attendance records and sign-in/ sign-out sheets to support their billing. These records are reviewed to ensure the records support their billing. These records are reviewed to ensure the records support the billing for childcare provided. After the audit has been conducted, QA Unit will submit the results to FSU.

10.1.3 Effectiveness of fiscal management practices

Describe how the Lead Agency knows there are effective fiscal management practices in place for all CCDF expenditures, including:

- a. How the Lead Agency defines effective fiscal management practices. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- b. How the Lead Agency measures and tracks results of their fiscal management practices. Describe: OEC has a director of finance who monitors all expenditures of CCDF funds. Additionally, Arkansas Department of Education will work on federal reporting and other federal requirements related to finance. OEC executes and maintains a written agreement with all CCDF subrecipients. The written agreement includes our standard language, which indicates the terms of the agreement, the scope of services to be provided, requirements for payment, independence statement, prohibition for lobbying, confidentiality clause, record retention requirements, audit requirements, financial reporting requirements, as well as a termination and debarment clause to be utilized when any requirements of the agreement (including but not limited to those above) are not met or are violated.
- c. How the results inform implementation. Describe: OEC performs random audits of CCDF sub-recipients annually where expenditures of CCDF funds are reviewed to ensure they are supported and allowable.
- d. Other. Describe: QA Unit conducts a monthly audit where providers are randomly selected and required to provide attendance records and sign-in/sign-out sheets to support their billing. These records are reviewed to ensure the records support the billing for childcare provided. If records do not reflect what was billed, providers may be provided technical assistance, may be reviewed further, and/or required to repay the funds to the state agency.

10.1.4 Identifying risk

Describe the processes the Lead Agency uses to identify risk in the CCDF program including:

- a. Each process used by the Lead Agency to identify risk (including entities responsible for implementing each process). Describe: OEC regularly assesses the risk of its policies and procedures. The QA unit assesses, recommends, and revises policies and procedures. In addition, OEC leadership meet to discuss situations in which policies and procedures were brought into question to assess whether revisions are needed.
- b. The frequency of each risk assessment. Describe: QA Unit conducts risk assessments monthly or as needed/directed.
- c. How the Lead Agency uses risk assessment results to inform program improvement.

 Describe: QA Unit randomly pulls case files to determine if eligibility is being determined properly. QA Unit verifies all information on application and DocuShare ensuring information in the Child Care Eligibility Database (CCE)matches, and all required documentation has been submitted. The QA Unit checks the income and/or education status for compliance. QA Unit reviews the case files, and the results are provided to the CCDF Program Administrator.

- d. How the Lead Agency knows that the risk assessment processes utilized are effective. Describe: QA Unit collaborates with the OEC Assistant Commissioner and/or Assistant Directors to ensure the integrity of CCDF programs. QA Unit does not perform any eligibility determinations but reviews the work of the FSS. OEC also segregates certain duties to other divisions who do not perform regular CCDF program administration. This segregation of duties assists with ensuring program integrity in the CCDF program. OEC collaborates with Finance for receipt of CCDF funding, making payments to CCDF providers, and for financial reporting to ACF.
- e. Other. Describe: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

10.1.5 Processes to train about CCDF requirements and program integrity

Describe the processes the Lead Agency uses to train staff of the Lead Agency and other agencies engaged in the administration of CCDF, and child care providers about program requirements and integrity.

- a. Describe how the Lead Agency ensures that all staff who administer the CCDF program (including through MOUs, grants, and contracts) are informed and trained regarding program requirements and integrity.
 - Describe the training provided to staff members around CCDF program requirements and program integrity: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 principal areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems and any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure staff training needs are met promptly. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.
 - ii. Describe how staff training is evaluated for effectiveness: CCDF Program
 Coordinators are required to review Family Support Specialist (FSS) case records
 monthly to ensure accuracy in eligibility determination. CCDF Program
 Coordinators will follow up with the FSS on areas identified as needing
 improvement. In addition, the QA Unit also conducts random sample reviews to
 ensure case records are compliant with eligibility criteria. When areas are
 identified as needing improvement, the QA Unit meet with CCDF Program
 Managers to review and obtain corrective action.

- iii. Describe how the Lead Agency uses program integrity data (e.g., error rate results, risk assessment data) to inform ongoing staff training needs: CCDF Program Coordinators are required to review Family Support Specialist (FSS) case records monthly to ensure accuracy in eligibility determination. CCDF Program Coordinators will follow up with the FSS on areas identified as needing improvement. CCDF Program Coordinator will use case review data to determine if additional training is needed.
- b. Describe how the Lead Agency ensures all providers for children receiving CCDF funds are informed and trained regarding CCDF program requirements and program integrity:
 - i. Describe the training for providers around CCDF program requirements and program integrity: All CCDF providers in Arkansas are required to sign our CCDF Program Participant Agreement. OEC requires the provider and/or designee to complete a mandatory CCDF Program Participant Agreement online training and submit all required documentation for approval. After training completion, submission of all required documentation and approval, providers will be granted permission to accept CCDF funds. Annually, providers and/or designees are required to complete the online CCDF Program Participant Agreement refresher course once every twelve (12) months to ensure compliance and program integrity.
 - ii. Describe how provider training is evaluated for effectiveness: OEC conducts regular monitoring of providers to ensure adherence to policies and procedures as well as applicable federal and state guidelines and regulations.
 - iii. Describe how the Lead Agency uses program integrity data (e.g., error rate results, risk assessment data) to inform ongoing provider training needs: Compliance audit results inform which areas providers need additional training in, as well as what can be changed in the CCDF Program Participant Agreement. Corrective Action Plans for program participants who are out of compliance ensure reduced future risk and continued education for facilities.

10.1.6 Evaluate internal control activities

Describe how the Lead Agency uses the following to regularly evaluate the effectiveness of Lead Agency internal control activities for all CCDF expenditures.

a. Error rate review triennial report results (if applicable). Describe who this information is shared with and how the Lead Agency uses the information to evaluate the effectiveness of its internal controls: OEC has access to and incorporates data from other programs within state agencies. This information is cross referenced when determining eligibility. Having access to other state agencies and program information allows OEC to better identify irregularities in attendance and/or billing patterns, as well as identify eligibility determinations that may have been made using inaccurate or incomplete data provided by the applicant.

- b. Audit results. Describe who this information is shared with and how the Lead Agency uses the information to evaluate the effectiveness of its internal controls: OEC utilizes the Office of Information Technology to run reports to identify providers and casehead who have indicators that suggest that an intentional or unintentional violation or administrative error may have occurred. The reports reflect potential violations/errors. Examples of the types of reports/data elements are noted in the bulleted list below: System report identifying active cases with no authorizations; System report identifying cases active over five years; System report identifying cases over the new income limits; System report identifying cases with no children; System report identifying case managers; System report identifying cases with an invalid address; System report identifying the percentage of authorizations assigned to a provider approved by the same case manager; and Comparison of the capacity of a child care provider to the number of children they bill for.
- c. Other. Describe who this information is shared with and how the Lead Agency uses the information to evaluate the effectiveness of its internal controls: OEC maintains an integrity hotline for all stakeholders, including the general public, to submit complaints. The information is published on the agency's website at:

 https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/complaint/submit-complaint?tab=CC&language=en_US . Upon receiving a complaint, OEC will work with the CCDF staff to investigate to determine if it's a program violation or administrative error has occurred, and if so, whether any funds are due back to the Lead Agency. If the complaint reflects intentional fraud or program violations, the Assistant Commissioner and/or Assistant Directors will assign the case to the QA Unit if necessary to conduct a special review of the program.

10.1.7 Identified weaknesses in internal controls

Has the Lead Agency or other entity identified any weaknesses in its internal controls?

- a.

 No. If no, describe when and how it was most recently determined that there were no weaknesses in the Lead Agency's internal controls. Click or tap here to enter text.
- b.

 Yes. If yes, what were the indicators? How did you use the information to strengthen your internal controls? Improper billing by providers and errors in cases. Corrective actions plans were implemented. These corrective plans include training, monitoring, and re-reviews.

10.2 Fraud Investigation, Payment Recovery, and Sanctions

Lead Agencies must have the necessary controls to identify fraud and other program violations to ensure program integrity. Program violations can include both intentional and unintentional client and/or provider violations, as defined by the Lead Agency. These violations and errors, identified through the error-rate review process and other review processes, may result in payment or nonpayment (administrative) errors and may or may not be the result of fraud, based on the Lead Agency definition.

10.2.1 Strategies used to identify and prevent program violations

Check the activities the Lead Agency employs to ensure program integrity, and for each checked activity, identify what type of program violations the activity addresses, describe the activity and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis.

- a. Share/match data from other programs (e.g., TANF program, Child and Adult Care Food Program, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), Medicaid) or other databases (e.g., State Directory of New Hires, Social Security Administration, Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS)).
 - i. Intentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC has access to and incorporates data from other programs within state agencies. This information is cross referenced when determining eligibility. Having access to other state agencies and program information allows OEC to better identify irregularities in attendance and/or billing patterns, as well as identify eligibility determinations that may have been made using inaccurate or incomplete data provided by the applicant.
 - ii.

 Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC has access to and incorporates data from other programs within state agencies. This information is cross referenced when determining eligibility. Having access to other state agencies and program information also allows to better identify irregularities in attendance or billing patterns, as well as identify eligibility determinations that may have been made using inaccurate or incomplete data provided by the applicant.
 - iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC has access to and incorporates data from other programs within state agencies. This information is cross referenced when determining eligibility. Having access to other state agencies and program information also allows us to better identify irregularities in attendance or billing patterns, as well as identify eligibility determinations that may have been made using inaccurate or incomplete data provided by the applicant.
- b. \square Run system reports that flag errors (include types).
 - i. Intentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC utilizes the Office of Information Technology to run reports to identify providers and casehead who have indicators that suggest that an intentional or unintentional violation or administrative error may have occurred. The reports reflect potential violations/errors. Examples of the types of reports/data elements are noted in the bulleted list below: System report identifying active cases with no authorizations; System report identifying cases active over five years; System report identifying cases with no children; System report identifying case managers; System report identifying cases with an invalid address; System report identifying the percentage of authorizations assigned to a provider approved by the same case manager; and Comparison of the capacity of a child care provider to the number of children they bill for.

- ii.

 Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC utilizes the Office of Information Technology to run reports to identify providers and casehead who have indicators that suggest that an intentional or unintentional violation or administrative error may have occurred. The reports reflect potential violations/errors. Examples of the types of reports/data elements are noted in the bulleted list below: System report identifying active cases with no authorizations; System report identifying cases active over five years; System report identifying cases with no children; System report identifying case managers; System report identifying cases with an invalid address; System report identifying the percentage of authorizations assigned to a provider approved by the same case manager; and Comparison of the capacity of a child care provider to the number of children they bill for.
- iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC utilizes the Office of Information Technology to run reports to identify cases that have indicators that suggest that an intentional or unintentional violation or administrative error may have occurred. The reports reflect potential violations/errors. Examples of the types of reports/data elements are noted in the bulleted list below: System report identifying active cases with no authorizations; System report identifying cases active over five years; System report identifying cases with no children; System report identifying case managers; System report identifying cases with an invalid address; System report identifying the percentage of authorizations assigned to a provider approved by the same case manager; and Comparison of the capacity of a child care provider to the number of children they bill for.
- c. Review enrollment documents and attendance or billing records.

 - ii.

 Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC systems generate reports to assist with billing reviews and attendance information. Information from the reports can be compared to provider attendance and billing records. If errors are identified, they are investigated and can result in a provider/casehead overpayment, corrective action and/or termination from the Child Care Assistance program.

- iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC systems generate reports to assist with billing reviews and attendance information. Information from the reports can be compared to provider attendance and billing records. If errors are identified, they are investigated and can result in a provider/casehead overpayment.
- d.

 Conduct supervisory staff reviews or quality assurance reviews.
 - i.

 Intentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: CCDF Program Coordinators are required to review Family Support Specialists case records monthly to ensure accuracy in eligibility determination. CCDF Program Coordinators will follow up with the FSS on areas identified as needing improvement. In addition, the QA Unit also conducts random sample reviews to ensure case records are compliant with eligibility criteria. When areas are identified as needing improvement, the QA Unit meets with CCDF Program Managers to review and obtain corrective action.
 - ii.

 Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: CCDF Program Coordinators are required to review Family Support Specialist (FSS) case records monthly to ensure accuracy in eligibility determination. CCDF Program Coordinators will follow up with the FSS on areas that are identified as needing improvement. In addition, the QA Unit also conducts random sample reviews to ensure case records are compliant with eligibility criteria. When areas are identified as needing improvement, the QA Unit meets with CCDF Program Managers to review and obtain corrective action.
 - iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: CCDF Program Coordinators are required to review Family Support Specialist (FSS) case records monthly to ensure accuracy in eligibility determination. CCDF Program Coordinators will follow up with the FSS on areas identified as needing improvement. In addition, the QA Unit also conducts random sample reviews to ensure case records are compliant with eligibility criteria. When areas are identified as needing improvement, the QA Unit meets with CCDF Program Managers to review and obtain corrective action.
- e.

 Audit provider records.
 - i.

 Intentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: Random facilities are audited each month. If errors are identified, they are investigated and can result in a provider/casehead overpayment, corrective action and/or termination for the Child Care Assistance program.
 - ii.

 ☐ Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: Random facilities are audited each month. If errors are identified, they are investigated and can result in a provider/casehead overpayment, corrective action and/or termination for the Child Care Assistance program.

- iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: OEC may receive a referral or report regarding an agency error. If errors are identified, they are investigated and can result in a provider/casehead overpayment, corrective action and/or termination for the Child Care Assistance program.
- f. \boxtimes Train staff on policy and/or audits.
 - i. ☐ Intentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 main areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems as well as any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure that staff training needs are met in a timely manner. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.
 - ii. ☐ Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 main areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems as well as any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure that staff training needs are met in a timely manner. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.

- iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 main areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems as well as any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure that staff training needs are met in a timely manner. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.
- g.

 Other. Describe the activity(ies): The Department of Education (ADE) maintains an integrity hotline for all stakeholders, including the general public, to submit complaints. The information is published on the agency's website at:

 https://ardhslicensing.my.site.com/elicensing/s/complaint/submit-complaint?tab=CC&language=en_US. Upon receiving a complaint, OEC will work with the CCDF staff to conduct an investigation to determine if a program violation or administrative error has occurred, and if so, whether any funds are due back to the Lead Agency. If the complaint reflects possibly intentional fraud or program violations, the QA Unit will work independently to conduct a thorough review of the program. The QA Unit will work with CCDF staff and appropriate departments and agencies to review all required information.
 - i. ☐ Intentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 main areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems as well as any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure that staff training needs are met in a timely manner. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.

- ☑ Unintentional program violations. Describe the activities, the results of these ii. activities, and how they inform better practice: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 main areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems as well as any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure that staff training needs are met in a timely manner. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.
- iii. Agency errors. Describe the activities, the results of these activities, and how they inform better practice: The CCDF Program staff conducts training sessions on policy and procedures and how they are implemented. The scope and type of training selected is based on the needs of the staff member and is categorized into 3 main areas: (1) new hires, (2) existing staff, and (3) other divisions within and other agencies. New hires to the CCDF Program are fully trained on all policies and procedures and how to use the various systems that are integral to operate the program. Existing staff are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on the needs of those staff and through ongoing monitoring of areas that need improvement. Existing staff also receive full training on any new policies, procedures, and/or systems as well as any changes to those items. Other divisions and other agencies are given policy, procedure, and systems training based on their needs and roles. The QA Unit also conducts updates, as needed, on policy and procedure clarification and best practices to ensure that staff training needs are met in a timely manner. This training helps staff identify signs of intentional or unintentional program violations.

10.2.2 Identification and recovery of misspent funds

Lead Agencies must identify and recover misspent funds that are a result of fraud, and they have the option to recover any misspent funds that are a result of unintentional program violations or agency errors.

- a. Identify which agency is responsible for pursuing fraud and overpayments (e.g., State Office of the Inspector General, State Attorney): OEC will conduct random and targeted reviews by requesting attendance records via email and/or a letter mailed to providers. Facility attendance and billing records are reviewed and compared to OEC system. Any discrepancies are identified and a determination of the type of improper payment is made. Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are conducted by OEC, and payments are submitted to Finance for processing. If there are large irregularities and/or the agency suspect major fraud activity and/or misuse of funds, the lead agency, if needed, will submit the provider to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) for investigation. Improper payments will be reviewed and sent for collection efforts when applicable
- b. Check and describe all activities, including the results of such activity, that the Lead Agency uses to investigate and recover improper payments due to fraud. Consider in your response potential fraud committed by providers, clients, staff, vendors, and contractors. Include in the description how each activity assists in the investigation and recovery of improper payment due to fraud or intentional program violations. Activities can include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - i. Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount of an improper payment and identify the minimum dollar amount. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: The CCDF Program requires all improper payments, regardless of dollar amount, to be submitted back to the agency. OEC will conduct random and targeted reviews by requesting attendance records via email and/or a letter mailed to providers. Facility attendance and billing records are reviewed and compared to OEC system. Any discrepancies are identified and a determination of the type of improper payment is made. Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are made via 1st, 2nd and 3rd Notices of Fiscal Action that are sent to providers.
 - ii. ☐ Coordinate with and refer to the other State/Territory agencies (e.g., State/Territory collection agency, law enforcement agency). Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are made via 1st, 2nd and 3rd Notices of Fiscal Action. If a provider does not make a payment after forty-five (45) days, the provider's account will be submitted to ADE Finance for collection, the CCDF Program Participant Agreement will be submitted to the CCDF Program Administrator for approval of termination of the provider. If there are large irregularities and/or the agency suspects major fraud activity and/or misuse of funds, the lead agency, if needed, will submit the provider's name to the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Improper payments identified from the individual recipients of subsidy will be reviewed and sent to the CCDF Program Coordinator for review and collection efforts. The collaborative efforts of the CCDF Program, QA Unit, and Finance have led to most funds being recovered.

iii. Recover through repayment plans. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: When OEC is contacted by a provider who is requesting a repayment plan, the request is submitted for approval to the CCDF Program Administrator. Once approved, OEC creates a collections file to be signed by the provider and submitted to Finance. OEC tracks all repayment schedules and payments submitted by the provider until the outstanding balance is resolved. All repayment agreements are established with/by OEC and Finance. Repayment Agreements cannot exceed twelve (12) months. Payment holds will not be placed on the accounts of providers who are making scheduled monthly payments unless they are in violation of their repayment agreement terms. Providers on a payment plan may continue to bill CCDF for services. iv. Reduce payments in subsequent months. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Finance will net outstanding balances due against future payments to the indebted provider. ☑ Recover through State/Territory tax intercepts. Describe the activities and the ٧. results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: OEC partners with Finance to intercept taxes in efforts to recover funds. vi. Recover through other means. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Click or tap here to enter text. vii. ☑ Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments and describe the composition of the unit. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: OEC conducts investigations and reviews of childcare providers who receive CCDF funding and caseheads who participate in the CCDF program viii. Other. Describe the activities and the results of these activities: *Click or tap* here to enter text. Does the Lead Agency investigate and recover improper payments due to unintentional program violations? ☐ No. X Yes. If yes, check and describe below any activities that the Lead Agency will use to investigate and recover improper payments due to unintentional program violations. Include in the

and recover improper payments due to unintentional program violations. Include in the description how each activity assists in the investigation and recovery of improper payments due to unintentional program violations. Include a description of the results of such activity.

c.

- i. Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount of an improper payment and identify the minimum dollar amount. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: The CCDF Program requires all improper payments, regardless of dollar amount, to be submitted back to the agency. OEC will conduct random and targeted reviews by requesting attendance records. Facility attendance and billing records are reviewed and compared to the OEC billing system. Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are made via 1st, 2nd and 3rd Notices of Fiscal Action that are sent to providers.
- ii. ☐ Coordinate with and refer to the other State/Territory agencies (e.g., State/Territory collection agency, law enforcement agency). Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are made via 1st, 2nd and 3rd Notices of Fiscal Action. If a provider does not make a payment after forty-five (45) days, the provider's account will be submitted to ADE Finance for collection, the CCDF Program Participant Agreement will be submitted to the CCDF Program Administrator for approval of termination of the provider. If there are large irregularities and/or the agency suspects major fraud activity and/or misuse of funds, the lead agency, if needed, will submit the provider's name to the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Improper payments identified from the individual recipients of subsidy will be reviewed and sent to the CCDF Program Coordinator for review and collection efforts. The collaborative efforts of the CCDF Program, QA Unit, and Finance have led to most funds being recovered.
- iii. Recover through repayment plans. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: When OEC is contacted by a provider who is requesting a repayment plan, the request is submitted for approval to the CCDF Program Administrator. Once approved, OEC creates a collections file to be signed by the provider and submitted to Finance. OEC tracks all repayment schedules and payments submitted by the provider until the outstanding balance is resolved. All repayment agreements are established with/by OEC and Finance. Repayment Agreements cannot exceed twelve (12) months. Payment holds will not be placed on the accounts of providers who are making scheduled monthly payments unless they are in violation of their repayment agreement terms. Providers on a payment plan may continue to bill CCDF for services.
- iv.

 Reduce payments in subsequent months. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Finance will net outstanding balances due against future payments to the indebted provider.
- v.

 Recover through State/Territory tax intercepts. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: OEC partners with Finance to intercept taxes in efforts to recover fund.
- vi. \square Recover through other means. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: *Click or tap here to enter text*.

d.

If yes, check and describe all activities that the Lead Agency will use to investigate and recover improper payments due to agency errors. Include in the description how each activity assists in the investigation and recovery of improper payments due to administrative errors. Include a description of the results of such activity.

- i. Require recovery after a minimum dollar amount of an improper payment and identify the minimum dollar amount. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: : The CCDF Program requires all improper payments, regardless of dollar amount, to be submitted back to the agency. OEC will conduct random and targeted reviews by requesting attendance records. Facility attendance and billing records are reviewed and compared to the OEC billing system. Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are made via 1st, 2nd and 3rd Notices of Fiscal Action that are sent to providers.
- ii. ☐ Coordinate with and refer to the other State/Territory agencies (e.g., State/Territory collection agency, law enforcement agency). Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Overpayments are established where warranted and collection efforts are made via 1st, 2nd and 3rd Notices of Fiscal Action. If a provider does not make a payment after forty-five (45) days, the provider's account will be submitted to ADE Finance for collection, the CCDF Program Participant Agreement will be submitted to the CCDF Program Administrator for approval of termination of the provider. If there are large irregularities and/or the agency suspects major fraud activity and/or misuse of funds, the lead agency, if needed, will submit the provider's name to the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Improper payments identified from the individual recipients of subsidy will be reviewed and sent to the CCDF Program Coordinator for review and collection efforts. The collaborative efforts of the CCDF Program, QA Unit, and Finance have led to most funds being recovered.

- iii. Recover through repayment plans. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: When OEC is contacted by a provider who is requesting a repayment plan, the request is submitted for approval to the CCDF Program Administrator. Once approved, OEC creates a collections file to be signed by the provider and submitted to Finance. OEC tracks all repayment schedules and payments submitted by the provider until the outstanding balance is resolved. All repayment agreements are established with/by OEC and Finance. Repayment Agreements cannot exceed twelve (12) months. Payment holds will not be placed on the accounts of providers who are making scheduled monthly payments unless they are in violation of their repayment agreement terms. Providers on a payment plan may continue to bill CCDF for services.
- iv.

 Reduce payments in subsequent months. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: Finance will net outstanding balances due against future payments to the indebted provider.
- v.

 Recover through State/Territory tax intercepts. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: OEC partners with Finance to intercept taxes in efforts to recover funds.
- vi. Recover through other means. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: *Click or tap here to enter text*.
- vii.

 Establish a unit to investigate and collect improper payments and describe the composition of the unit. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: OEC conducts investigations and reviews of child care providers who receive CCDF funding and caseheads who participate in the CCDF program.
- viii. Other. Describe the activities and the results of these activities: *Click or tap here to enter text.*
- e. What type of sanction will the Lead Agency place on clients and providers to help reduce improper payments due to intentional program violations or fraud? Check and describe all that apply:

- i. ☐ Disqualify the client. Describe this process, including a description of the appeal process for clients who are disqualified. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: If a casehead has an improper payment, OEC will take the following action: *The CCDF Program Coordinator will receive an improper payment referral from Family Support Specialist (FSS) as any improper payments are discovered. *The CCDF Program Coordinator will complete the casehead file checklist and place the individuals on the casehead overpayment spreadsheet before submitting the file to Finance *The CCDF Program Coordinator will submit a copy of the improper payment list to the CCDF Program Manager, CCDF Program Administrator or designee, Finance, and QA Unit. *Finance may open a pending claim based on the list received from the CCDF Program Coordinator. *The CCDF Program Coordinator will submit the overpayment packet via email to Finance for each cashed/recipient listed. * Finance will handle files according to their policy and procedures. *Casehead will have seven (7) calendar days from one of the following: seven (7) days from the USPS first attempted delivery of certified mail; seven (7) days from the mailing date of regular mail; or seven (7) days from the delivery receipt of email or the actual receipt of the certified mail, whichever is earlier.
- ii. Disqualify the provider. Describe this process, including a description of the appeal process for providers who are disqualified. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: If a payment is not received, a third notice of action is mailed to the provider providing them with another (15) days. If a provider does not make a payment after (45) days, the provider's account will be submitted for collection action to Finance, the CCDF Program Participant Agreement will be submitted to the CCDF Program Administrator for approval of disqualification of the provider. *Provider will have fifteen (15) calendar days to appeal. *Once an appeal is received, the appeal hearing date notification will be mailed to the Provider from ADE. *Once a decision has been made, the ADE will notify the Provider in writing.
- iii.

 Prosecute criminally. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: The Assistant Commissioner of the Office of Early Childhood can make referrals to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) or additional agencies if there are large irregularities and/or the agency suspect major fraud activity and/or misuse of funds.
- iv. Other. Describe the activities and the results of these activities based on the most recent analysis: *Click or tap here to enter text.*

Appendix 1: Lead Agency Implementation Plan

For each non-compliance, Lead Agencies must describe the following:

- **Action Steps:** List the action steps needed to correct the finding (e.g., update policy manual, legislative approval, IT system changes, etc.). For each action step list the:
 - Responsible Entity: Indicate the entity (e.g., agency, team, etc.) responsible for completing the action step.
 - o **Expected Completion Date:** List the expected completion date for the action step.
- Overall Target Date for Compliance: List date Lead Agency anticipates completing
 implementation, achieving full compliance with all aspects of the findings. (Note: Compliance
 will not be determined until the FFY 2025-2027 CCDF Plan is amended and approved).

Appendix 1: Form

[Plan question with non-compliance and associated provision will pre-populate based on preliminary notice of non-compliance]

A. Action Steps for Implementation	B. Responsible Entity(ies)	C. Expected Completion Date
Step 1:		
Step 2 (as necessary):		
[Additional steps added as necessary]		
Overall Target Date for Compliance:		