## **ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Original: x
Amended:

ISBE Form 50-02 (08-2021) CTL2021.xlsx

School Business Services Department (217) 785-8779

## **CERTIFICATE OF TAX LEVY**

A copy of this Certificate of Tax Levy shall be filed with the County Clerk of each county in which the school district is located on or before the last Tuesday of December.

District Name				District Number	Į.	County		
Dunlap CUSD				323		Peoria		
Amount of Levy								
Educational		\$ 28	,900,000	Fire Prevention & Safety *	\$	540,000	)	
Operations & Mai	intenance	· -	,075,000	Tort Immunity	ý <b>-</b> \$	3,050,000		
Transportation	2.150.000		Special Education	\$ <b>-</b>	430,000			
•		540,000	Leasing	\$ <b>-</b>	540,000			
Municipal Retiren			Other	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6,124,478			
Social Security		\$	0	Other	ý <b>-</b> \$	0,22 1, 17 0	<u> </u>	
555.0. 5550,		<u> </u>		Total Levy	\$ <b>-</b>	47,349,478		
* Includes Fire Prevention, Safety, Energy Conservation, Disabled  See explanation on reverse side.  Note: Any district proposing to adopt a levy must comply with the provisions set forth in the Truth in Taxation Law.  * Includes Fire Prevention, Safety, Energy Conservation, Disabled Accessibility, School Security, and Specified Repair Purposes.								
We hereby cer	rtify that w	e require:						
1	the sum of	28,900,000	dollars to be lev	ried as a special tax for education	onal purposes	s; and		
1	the sum of 5,075,000 dollars to be levied as a special tax for operations and maintenance purposes; and						and	
1	the sum of 2,150,000 dollars to be levied as a special tax for transportation purposes; and							
1	the sum of 540,000 dollars to be levied as a special tax for a working cash fund; and							
1	the sum of 0 dollars to be levied as a special tax for municipal retirement purposes; and							
1	the sum of dollars to be levied as a special tax for social security purposes; and							
the sum of 540,000 dollars to be levied as a special tax for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation,							tion,	
	disabled accessibility, school security and specified repair purposes; and							
1	the sum of dollars to be levied as a special tax for tort immunity purposes; and							
1	the sum of	430,000	dollars to be lev	ried as a special tax for special of	education pur	poses; and		
1	the sum of	540,000 dollars to be levied as a special tax for leasing of educational facilities						
			or computer ted	chnology or both, and tempora	ry relocation	expense purposes;	and	
1	the sum of	6,124,478	dollars to be lev	ried as a special tax for	Bc	and Interest	; and	
1	the sum of	0	dollars to be lev	ried as a special tax for				
	on the taxab	le property of our schoo	ol district for the y	/ear <u>2024</u>	·			
Signed this	18th	day of December	20 24	1				
	10011	_ day or		<u> </u>	(Pres	ident)		
	(Clerk or Secretary of the School Board of Said School District)							
When any school is authorized to issue bonds, the school board shall file a certified copy of the resolution in the office of the county clerk of each county in which the district is situated to provide for the issuance of the bonds and to levy a tax to pay for them. The county clerk shall extend the tax for bonds and								
interest as set forth in the certified copy of the resolution, each year during the life of the bond issue. Therefore to avoid a possible duplication of tax levies, the school board should not include a levy for bonds and interest in the district's annual tax levy.								
Number of bond issues of said school district that have not been paid in full 6 .								
		Juniour and the tilat I	not been pa	··· /WII		<u> </u>		
			(Detach and Return	n to School District)				
				_				
	-	ertificate of Tax Levy fo				Peoria	County,	
•	•			school district for the year	_	2024		
was filed in the office of the County Clerk of this County on								
In addition to an extension of taxes authorized by levies made by the Board of Education (Directors), an additional extension(s)								
will be made, as authorized by resolution(s) on file in this office, to provide funds to retire bonds and pay interest thereon.								
The total levy, as provided in the original resolution(s), for said purposes for the year 2024, is \$								
					(Signature of County Clerk)			
(Date) (County)								

## **EXPLANATION**

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for educational purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for operations and maintenance purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax annually, for transportation purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax known as a Working Cash Fund Tax upon all the taxable property of the district, annually (Section 20-3 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for municipal retirement purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other school taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/7-171).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax for social security (includes Medicare only) purposes in a sum sufficient to provide all the contributions required of the school district by including the amount to be levied for such purposes in the Certificate of Tax Levy for other taxes, or such district may file with the county clerk a separate certificate or resolution setting forth the amount of tax to be levied for such purpose (40 ILCS 5/21-110, 21-110.1).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy a tax upon all the taxable property of the district at the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for the purposes of professional surveys, alterations, and reconstruction for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes upon meeting certain statutory conditions (Section 17-2.11 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy a tax upon all the taxable property within the district for tort immunity purposes in a sum sufficient to pay the costs of purchasing such insurance or sufficient to pay any tort judgment, settlement, or insurance imposed upon it under the Local Government and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act including liabilities under the Workers' Compensation Act, Occupational Diseases Act, or the Unemployment Insurance Act 745 ILCS 10/9-107 and Section 17-2.5 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district may levy, with voter approval, a tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue within the district for capital improvement purposes (which levy is in addition to that for building purposes) and such funds are to be levied, accumulated, and spent only in accordance with Section 17-2.3 of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, by proper resolution, may levy an annual tax upon the full, fair cash value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for special education purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b and Section 17-2.2a of the School Code.

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants, with voter approval, may levy a tax annually, for summer school purposes, upon all the taxable property of the district at the value, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue (Section 17-2.1 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may, by proper resolution, levy an annual tax upon the value as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue for a period of not more than five years for area vocational education building purposes including the purposes authorized by Section 10-22.31b of the School Code, upon the condition that there are not sufficient funds available in the operations and maintenance fund of the district to pay the cost thereof. Such tax shall not be levied without the prior approval of the State Superintendent of Education and prior approval by a majority of the electors voting upon the proposition at a general or special election (Section 17-2.4 of the School Code).

The school board of any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants may levy an annual tax not to exceed 0.05% upon the taxable property, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, for the purposes of leasing educational facilities or computer technology or both, and for temporary relocation expense (Section 17-2.2c of the School Code).

The school board of any school district, upon determining that a surplus of funds is available, shall adopt a resolution or ordinance reducing the tax levy of such district for the year for which the resolution or ordinance is adopted. The district shall certify the action to the county clerk who shall abate the levy in accordance with the provision of the ordinance (35 ILCS 200/18-20).

The Truth in Taxation Law affects all units of local government, school districts, and community colleges, including home rule units, who are authorized to levy property taxes. For the requirements of the law, refer to 35 ILCS 200/18-55 et seq.