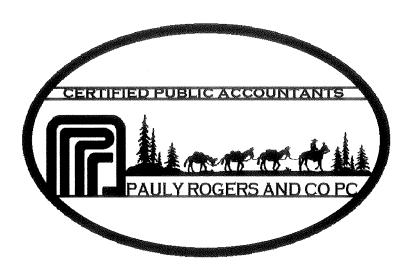
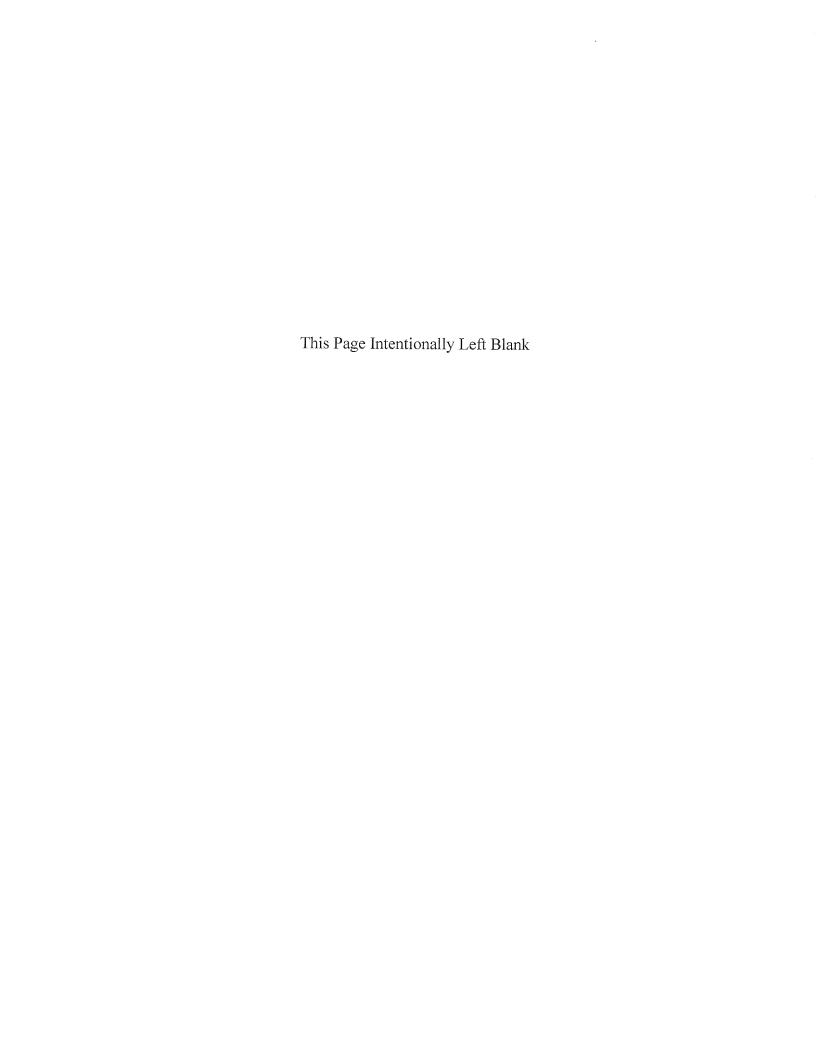
FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009



2008 - 2009 FINANCIAL REPORT

BOARD OF EDUCATION	TERM EXPIRES
Dave Strahan - Chair	June 30, 2011
Leslie Meirer – Vice Chair	June 30, 2009
Robert Litak	June 30, 2009
Jim Weaver	June 30, 2011
Phil Stephens	June 30, 2009

All Board Members receive mail at the address below.

ADMINISTRATION

Dan Huber-Kantola, Superintendent

PO Box 160 Murphy, Oregon 97533



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- 12700 SW 72ND AVENUE TIGARD, OREGON 97223
- (503) 620-2632 FAX (503) 684-7523

November 1, 2009

To the Board of Directors Three Rivers School District Josephine County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the other aggregate remaining fund information of the Three Rivers School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of The District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and other remaining fund information of the Three Rivers School District, at June 30, 2009 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated November 1, 2009, on our consideration of Three Rivers School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 3a, as listed on the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, except as noted below.

The 2008-09 District Revenue Summary and 2008-09 District Expenditure Summaries and Supplementary Information, on pages 39 through 46, are presented as supplemental schedules for the Oregon Department of Education, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management about this supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

Pauly, Rogers and Co.P.C.
PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

THREE RIVERS/JOSEPHINE COUNTY UNIT JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 30 JUNE 2009

The discussion and analysis of Three Rivers School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34. Certain comparative information between the current year and prior years is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, we provide supplementary information that you may also find useful.

Government-wide financial statements The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances using the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The **Statement of Net Assets**, which presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District at year end. Net assets are what remain after the liabilities have been paid or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities**, which presents information showing how the net assets of the District changed over the year, by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net assets. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown in one category, *Governmental Activities.* Most of the District's functions are shown here, such as regular and special education, child nutrition services, transportation, administration, and facilities acquisition and construction. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes, Oregon's State School Fund and other intergovernmental revenues.

Fund Financial Statements The *fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives (like the Food Service Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants (like Title I and other federal, state, or locally funded grants). All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

The District maintains many individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District maintains one *Proprietary Fund;* this fund is used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District also uses its internal service fund for self-insurance purposes, primarily for employees' unemployment benefits, deductibles on insurance, and for the costs of vandalism.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties by the District in a trustee capacity. These funds include student scholarships and foundation funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Over time, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position; as of 30 June 2009, the District's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$33.5 million, an increase of approximately \$4.25 million from Fiscal year 2008.

- The largest factor for the increase in Net Assets was due to a restatement of \$6,538,920. This restatement was due to a change in accounting principle which required the implementation of GASB 45 and 27. The new accounting standard required the district to hire an actuarial to calculate and prepare a valuation report on the District's Other Post Employment Benefits. As a result of GASB 45 & 27:
 - The full **Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability** for the district is \$19.3 million. However, when the benefit is amortized over a period (not to exceed 30 years) the annual liability is only \$2.3 million.
 - The prior year \$6.5 million liability for early retirement insurance premiums was removed from net assets and replaced by the *amortized OPEB* liability.
- The District's long-term liabilities are about \$48 million (with \$1.3 million due within one year) and consist of the following:

2001 G. O. bonds - \$19.63 million
 2004 PERS (UAL) bonds - \$26.59 million
 Capital Leases \$1.86 million

• The District's current liabilities, including the obligations due within the next year (above), are \$3.0 million.

Statement of Net Assets Summary Governmental Activities

						Increase
						(Decrease):
Assets	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2008 to 2009
Current and other assets	34,978,196	35,524,209	34,240,529	34,094,854	32,430,677	(1,664,177)
Capital assets	54,519,098	52,458,110	53,701,529	51,446,673	50,894,197	(552,476)
Total assets	89,497,294	87,982,319	87,942,058	85,541,527	83,324,874	(2,216,653)
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	3,249,818	3,889,801	4,526,176	4,555,746	2,998,366	(1,557,380)
Long term liabilities	57,188,878	55,947,516	54,154,162	51,748,550	46,831,153	(4,917,397)
Total Liabilities	60,438,696	59,837,317	58,680,338	56,304,296	49,829,519	(6,474,777)
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	29,322,912	29,463,110	32,321,529	30,141,673	29,406,096	(735,577)
Restricted	4,997,417	4,664,391	3,957,295	3,995,686	4,108,950	113,264
Unrestricted	(5,261,731)	(5,982,496)	(7,017,104)	(4,900,128)	(19,691)	4,880,437
Total Net Assets	29,058,598	28,145,005	29,261,720	29,237,231	33,495,355	4,258,124

ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT

Medical and Life I	nsurance Benefits - A	Accounting Under GASB 4	15
	Administrators	Classified	

	Αc	dministrators	Classified	Licensed	Total
Normal Cost	\$	71,283	\$ 424,157	\$ 124,404	\$ 619,844
Actuarial Accrued Liability					
a. Actives Not Yet Eligible to Retire	\$	562,964	\$ 3,952,268	\$ 833,196	\$ 5,348,428
b. Actives Fully eligible	\$	288,022	\$ 1,665,618	\$ 1,499,449	\$ 3,453,089
c. Inactives	\$	1,165,299	\$ 3,059,269	\$ 4,972,713	\$ 9,197,281
Total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	2,016,285	\$ 8,677,155	\$ 7,305,358	\$ 17,998,798
Amortized Annual Required Contribution	\$	293,062	\$ 934,944	\$ 922,593	\$ 2,150,599
Contributions Made	\$	(233,186)	\$ (772,643)	\$ (988,230)	\$ (1,994,059)
Expected Net OPEB Obligation at Year End	\$	59,876	\$ 162,301	\$ (65,637)	\$ 156,540

Stipend Benefit - Accounting Under GASB 27

	Administrators	 Classified	 Licensed	Total
Normal Cost			\$ 106,439	\$ 106,439
Actuarial Accrued Liability				
a. Actives Not Yet Eligible to Retire			\$ 1,180,488	\$ 1,180,488
b. Actives Fully eligible			\$ 142,286	\$ 142,286
c. Inactives			\$ ***	\$,
Total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	\$ èв	\$ 1,322,774	\$ 1,322,774
Amortized Annual Required Contribution			\$ 163,264	\$ 163,264
Contributions Made			\$	\$ -
Expected Net Pension Obligation at Year End	\$	\$ •	\$ 163,264	\$ 163,264

Combined Expected Obligation at Year End

319,804

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The significance of the District's governmental funds is that they provide information about short-term cash flow and funding for future basic services. This information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, the *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

General Fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. As of June 30, 2009, the unreserved fund balance was \$3.98 million, and an *increase* of \$114,000 from the previous year. This was primarily due to a reduction in expenditures prompted by decreased state funding and in anticipation of future difficult economic times.

Debt Service - The Ending Fund Balance in the debt service fund increased by approximately \$140,000, from \$2.51 million to \$2.65 million. Approximately \$35,000 more in taxes and interest were received than the required debt service payments for the 2001 G.O. bond issue; also, \$37,000 was added to a PERS Reserve for possible future year cost increases.

Capital Projects – The Ending Fund Balance in the Capital projects fund continued its descent, decreasing from about \$1.49 million to \$1.46 million in 2009. The cash remaining in Capital Projects is for any regularly scheduled or catastrophic repair and maintenance issues.

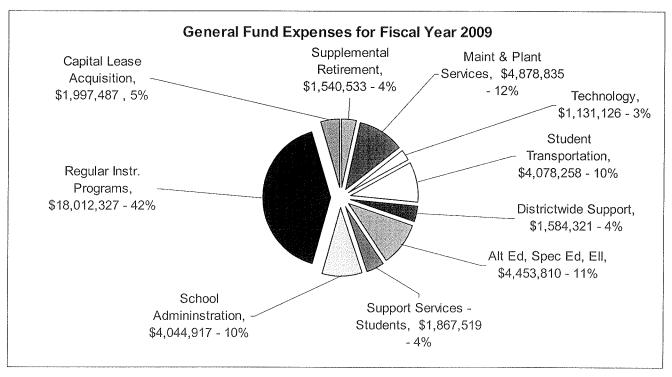
Balance Sheet Governmental Activities

						Increase (Decrease):
Assets	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2008 to 2009
Equity in cash and investments	6,745,289	9,726,768	8,685,092	9,246,093	8,341,381	(904,712)
Taxes receivable	727,001	562,538	650,780	717,039	949,463	232,424
Other receivables	2,158,806	1,242,903	1,521,586	2,020,083	1,934,364	(85,719)
Intergovernmental & due from other funds	471,825		**	-		-
Prepaid expenses	340,883	-	375,863	_	-	
Total Assets	10,443,804	11,532,209	11,233,321	11,983,215	11,225,208	(758,007)
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	374,602	380,114	684,590	753,318	235,836	(517,482)
Accrued payroll and interest payable	57,460	865,395	1,213,016	1,229,638	909,365	(320,273)
Other liabilities	471,825	•	0	0	0	(,,
Deferred revenue	731,945	449,769	460,100	546,644	782.863	236,219
Total Liabilities	1,635,832	1,695,278	2,357,706	2,529,600	1,928,064	(601,536)
Fund Balances						
Reserved balances						
Unreserved balances	8,807,972	9,836,932	8,875,614	9,453,615	9,297,144	(156,471)
Total Fund Balances	8,807,972	9,836,931	8,875,615	9,453,615	9,297,144	(156,471)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	10,443,804	11,532,209	11,233,321	11,983,215	11,225,208	(758,007)

General Fund Expenditures

General Fund Expenditures

	< Fiscal Ye	ear 2007>	< Fiscal Ye	ear 2008>	< Fiscal Ye	ear 2009>	Change		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	
Instruction	23,343,206	22,660,637	23,672,611	22,692,413	22,956,871	22,466,137	(715,740)	(226,276)	
Support Services	18,533,875	18,283,184	19,251,013	18,732,252	19,264,118	19,125,509	13,105	393,257	
Community Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Building Improvement Services	2,750	140	23,350	21,601	3,650	1,999,787	(19,700)	1,978,186	
Debt Service	5,000		-	_	-	-	-	-	
Contingency	135,417	-	243,050	-	1,516,891	-	1,273,841	-	
							-		
							-		
Total Expenditures	42,020,248	40,943,961	43,190,024	41,446,266	43,741,530	43,591,433	551,506	2,145,167	

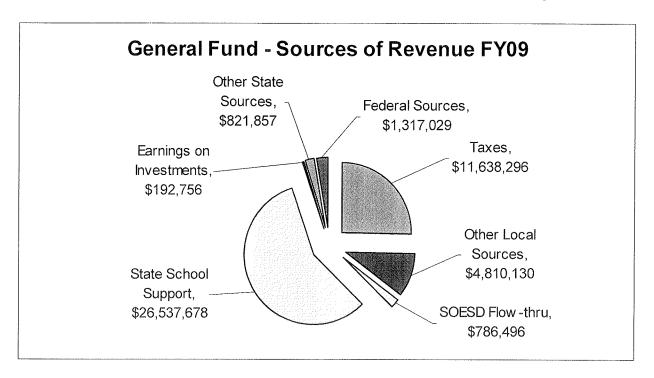


Capital Assets

- The District's investment in capital assets includes land, vehicles, equipment, buildings and improvements and was about \$50.89 million, a decrease of \$552 thousand from the previous year. The decrease was due to accumulated depreciation compounded by the fact that only a small portion of capital equipment was added.
- Additions to the District's capital assets included 10 teleconferencing units at the schools, energy conservation equipment, and 3 fleet vehicles.

Long Term Debt Administration

- The district maintains an Aa2 rating from Moody's for general obligation debt and at the end of the Fiscal Year 2009, the District had a total outstanding bonded debt of \$46.22 million.
- In addition the district entered into a 15 year capital lease for energy conservation equipment in the amount of \$2 million.



Economic Factors & Next Year's Budget

In 2009, about 57.6% of the District's revenue came from the State School Fund Grant, with an additional 2.9% coming from federal dollars to supplement the reduced state funding. Fiscal year 2009 was a year of unrest. In November, the Governor unilaterally reduced funding for K-12 schools because of a declining economy. The economy continued to decline and additional reductions to school funding followed. Three Rivers School District and every other district in the state held their breath and began preparing for potential devastating reductions. The District lived under the threat of the reductions right up until the end of the year when the Federal Government back filled most of the cuts with stimulus money and the state came through with last minute School Day Restoration Funds. In the end, Three Rivers School District ended up losing approximately \$141,000 in anticipated funding. Even this was a hard pill to swallow as the District had to address some long over due technology needs by leasing additional computers and upgrading antique library software. The District essentially spent the same amount of general fund dollars in fiscal year 2009 as it did in fiscal year 2008.

Living under the threat of devastating reductions, seems to be a reoccurring theme as we budgeted for fiscal year 2010. Oregon used most of the available stimulus funds to again backfill what it couldn't provide out of its own general fund. Plus, Oregon balanced the state budget on new taxes that will be challenged along with the hope of a recovering economy. Both are tenuous and a combination of both failing to produce anticipated revenue is a real possibility. Once again, this places Three Rivers School District under the threat of potential financial reductions.

We are still experiencing a declining enrollment but the decline slowed in fiscal year 2009 and we hope it continues to slow in fiscal year 2010. The effects of the economy on student enrollment are not yet fully known.

Requests for Information

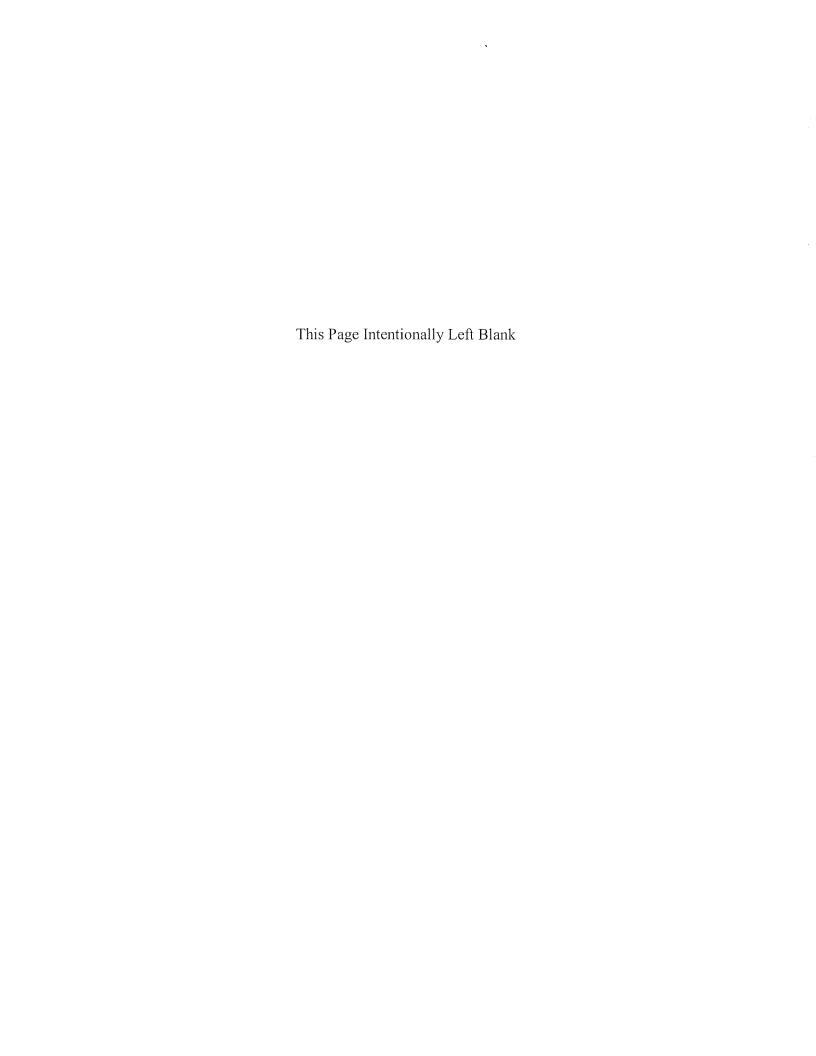
This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's Superintendent at 8550 New Hope Road, Grants Pass, Oregon 97527.

Daw B. Hubu-Kantola, Superintendent

hisa Z. Crass, Accounting Manager



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Assets	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,438,516
Property Taxes Receivables	949,463
Other Receivables	335,778
Intergovernmental Accounts Receivables	1,542,939
Inventory	55,647
Prepaid Pension Asset	19,515,222
Bond issue costs	593,112
Capital assets, net of depreciation	50,894,197
Total Assets	83,324,874
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	254,383
Accrued payroll liabilities	910,442
Accrued interest	64,231
Accrued compensated absences	123,335
Net Other Post Employement Benefits	319,804
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	1,326,171
Due in more than one year	46,831,153
Total liabilities	49,829,519
Net assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	29,406,096
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	2,653,444
Capital Projects	1,455,506
Unrestricted	(19,691)
Total net assets	\$ 33,495,355

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Instruction	\$ 32,474,990	\$ 1,584,486	\$ 5,322,316	\$ (25,568,188)
Support services	21,935,290	•	1,382,717	(20,552,573)
Community services	2,452,066	-	421,323	(2,030,743)
Interest on long-term debt	2,241,711			(2,241,711)
Total governmental activities	\$ 59,104,057	\$ 1,584,486	\$ 7,126,356	\$ (50,393,215)
	General Revenues Property taxes State support Unrestricted in Gain (loss) on	13,658,563 29,883,309 4,574,917 (4,370)		
	Total general rever	nues		48,112,419
	Change in ne	et assets		(2,280,796)
	Net assets b	eginning of year		29,237,231
	Restatement	- Change In Accoun	ting Principles	6,538,920
	Net assets e	nd of year		\$ 33,495,355

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

100570		GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL /ENUE FUND	DE 	BT SERVICE FUND	PR(CAPITAL DJECTS FUND	anga paga manifesta mang	TOTAL
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	4,604,497	\$	(351,212)	\$	2,631,393	\$	1,456,703	\$	8,341,381
Accounts		235,784		87,598				12,396		335,778
Grants		-		1,542,939		-		-		1,542,939
Property Taxes		821,859		-		127,604		-		949,463
Supply Inventory	enotestate-cost	55,647	ESCONDOMENHOOM	##4	METOTOCONOCIONAL		***************************************		**************************************	55,647
Total Assets	-	5,717,787	\$	1,279,325	\$	2,758,997	\$	1,469,099	\$	11,225,208
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable		160,114		62,129		ion		13,593		235,836
Payroll Liabilities		899,486		9,879		-		-		909,365
Deferred Revenues	erorens-nomale	677,310	60012000000000		соссонициона	105,553	6000300000000000		***************************************	782,863
Total Liabilities	B33377072	1,736,910		72,008	***************************************	105,553	**************************************	13,593	time in a second	1,928,064
FUND BALANCE										
Unreserved, Reported in:										
General Fund		3,980,877		-				-		3,980,877
Special Revenue Fund		-		1,207,317				-		1,207,317
Debt Service Fund		-		***		2,653,444				2,653,444
Capital Projects Fund	***************************************		***************************************		***************************************			1,455,506	EMERICATION	1,455,506
Total Fund Balances	***************************************	3,980,877	***************************************	1,207,317		2,653,444		1,455,506	ement of the	9,297,144
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,717,787	\$	1,279,325	\$	2,758,997	\$	1,469,099	\$	11,225,208

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Total Ending Fund Balances	\$ 9,297,144
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	
Capital Assets, net	50,894,197
The unamortized portion of issuance costs is not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.	593,112
Prepaid PERS UAL is not reported in the governmental funds:	19,515,222
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of unemployment insurance premiums to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	1,077,511
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.	782,863
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest in long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	
These liabilities consist of:	
Bonds payable (46,220,000) Capital Leases Payable (1,858,101) Accrued interest (64,231) Premium on general obligation bonds Net Other Post Employment Benefits (319,804) Accrued compensated absences (123,335)	. (48,664,694)
Total Net Assets	\$ 33,495,355

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL ENUE FUND	DEE	BT SERVICE FUND		CAPITAL JECTS FUND		TOTAL
REVENUES:										
From Local Sources From Intermediate Sources From State Sources From Federal Sources	\$	12,586,567 786,496 27,359,535 1,317,029	\$	2,270,389 27,197 2,523,774 5,809,327	\$	3,443,130	\$	239,621	\$	18,539,707 813,693 29,883,309 7,126,356
Total Revenues		42,049,627		10,630,687	C ERCONOMICONO POR	3,443,130		239,621		56,363,065
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction Support Services Enterprise & Community Facilities Acquisition Debt Service		22,466,137 19,125,509 - 1,999,787	communication	7,345,909 1,400,902 2,264,924 34,368	*pundobastikhilistiksi	- - - - 3,295,732	Makandon de 1000 februario	222,010 3,006 14,969 293,770		29,812,046 20,748,421 2,267,930 2,049,124 3,589,502
Total Expenditures	***************************************	43,591,433	Constitution	11,046,103	gggggggggggggg	3,295,732	***************************************	533,755	070000000000000000000000000000000000000	58,467,023
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		(1,541,806)		(415,416)		147,398		(294,134)		(2,103,958)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND -USES										
Lease Purchase Receipts Tranfers In Transfers Out	everonation	1,997,487 187,933 (529,419)	400000000000000000000000000000000000000	- 162,666 (131,180)	Marantagara		Canadanyana	260,000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,997,487 610,599 (660,599)
Total Other Financing Sources	;			04.400				200,000		1 047 497
and -Uses	***************************************	1,656,001	6035934	31,486		eve	80000000000000	260,000	281000000	1,947,487
Net Change in Fund Balance		114,195		(383,930)		147,398		(34,134)		(156,471)
Beginning Fund Balance	EGA/ARTONOVO	3,866,682	gregorous de la constitución de	1,591,247	***************************************	2,506,046	reservoires	1,489,640	commitme	9,453,615
Ending Fund Balance	\$	3,980,877	\$	1,207,317	\$	2,653,444	\$	1,455,506	\$	9,297,144

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(156,471)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital Outlay2,068,720Lease Purchase Receipts(1,997,487)Depreciation Expense(2,614,290)Gain/Loss on Disposal of Assets(4,370)		
Proceeds from the Sale of Assets (2,536)		(2,549,963)
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences:		
Amortization of issuance costs (42,494)		
Amortization of prepaid PERS liablity (975,762)		
Amortization of premium on bonds 6,602		(1,011,654)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of unemployment insurance premiums to individual funds. This activity is consolidated with the governmental activities in the statement of activities.		99,181
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilitites. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments:		
Principal payments on general obligation bonds and C.O.P.S. Principal payments on Capital Leases 139,386 Accrued interest expense (26,595) Net Other Post Employment Benefits Accrued compensated absences (319,804)		1,095,469
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds, and are instead recorded as deferred revenue. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities.		242,642
	MINIOPERATUR	6.74,046
Change in Net Assets	\$	(2,280,796)

STATEMENT OF PROPRIETARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Internal Service Fund			
Assets				
Current Assets:	\$ 1,097,135			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	φ 1,097,133			
Total Assets	1,097,135			
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:	40.547			
Accounts Payable	18,547			
Accrued payroll liabilities	1,077			
Total Liabilities	19,624			
Net Assets				
Unrestricted Net Assets	1,077,511			
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,097,135			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PROPRIETARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Se	Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues	-		
Local Sources	\$	224,460	
Operating Expenses			
Support Services	ER GEROLE MONTH OF THE PARTY OF	175,279	
Operating Income		49,181	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Transfers In	\$100.6 (000.000 ALAAAAAAA	50,000	
Change in Net Assets		99,181	
Total Net Assets Beginning of Year		978,330	
Total Net Assets End of Year	\$	1,077,511	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Internal Service Fund		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers		224,460 (162,373)	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	ens.macaammo	62,087	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	Accessed to the Contract of th	50,000	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		112,087	
Cash Balance Beginning of Year	\$	985,048	
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	1,097,135	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income		49,181	
Increase in Accounts Payable Increase in Accrued Payroll Liabilities	46ANNIMASANGAN	11,829 1,077	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	62,087	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

		Private Purpose Trust Scholarship Fund			
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	62,202			
Liabilities Accounts Payable	4	950			
Net Assets Reserved for Scholarships	<u>\$</u>	61,252			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

ADDITIONS: Earnings on Investments State Sources Other Local Sources	\$	1,330 168 5,200
Total Additions		6,698
REDUCTIONS:		
Total Reductions		6,813
Change in Net Assets		(115)
Begininng Net Assets	Explained considerations by Co	61,367
Ending Net Assets	\$	61,252



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Three Rivers School District ("The District") is organized under the Oregon Revised Statutes and governed by an elected board of director's. The board of directors' duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools. The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and it's component units. The District is a primary government because it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, there are no component units combined for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its' elected governing board is financially accountable. The operations included education, construction, and maintenance facilities. There are no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statements of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from general revenues.

Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the funds including those of a fiduciary nature. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund and accounts for all revenues and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources collected that are restricted to expenses paid for specific purposes. Principal revenue sources collected are federal and state grants.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for activities related to the principal and interest payments made on long-term debt obligations.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds of bonds issued for capital expenses.

The following major proprietary fund is reported:

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund accounts for monies used for self-insurance policies.

The following Fiduciary fund is reported:

Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship Fund – This fund accounts for resources received and held in a fiduciary capacity, in accordance with a trust agreement for student scholarships.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which value is received without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, The District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. All revenues reported in the governmental funds are considered to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Private sector standards of accounting and reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that these standards do not conflict or contradict the guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, saving deposits, investments in the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and cash with county treasurers. As of June 30, 2009 the fair position in the LGIP is 99.11% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent. Uncollected property taxes are recorded on the statement of net assets. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

Interfund Receivables and Payables and Transfers

The receipt and payment of monies through one central checking account, as well as transfers between funds, result in interfund payables and receivables until cash is transferred from one fund to the other. These amounts represent current assets and liabilities and are reported as due to or due from other funds. As of June 30, 2009, there were no due to or due from other funds recorded in the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Grants

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Grant monies received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures are recorded as deferred revenue.

Supply Inventories

Supply inventory is valued at cost using first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Accounting for supply inventory is based on the consumption method. Under the consumption method inventory is recorded when purchased and expenditures/expenses are recorded when inventory items are used. Donated commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures. The amount of unused supply inventories and donated commodities at balance sheet date is considered immaterial for reporting purposes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at original or estimated original cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of three years. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 25 to 50 years Vehicles 10 to 15 years Equipment 5 to 20 years

Retirement Plans

Substantially all employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Contributions to PERS are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged as expenditures.

Unamortized Bond Issue Costs

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

Accounts and Other Receivables

Accounts and other receivables are comprised primarily of State school support and claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and state grants. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded because all receivables are considered by management to be collectible.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Post-employment Health Benefits

Eligible employees who elect early retirement are entitled to payment of group medical insurance premiums. Such costs are recorded as expenses in the governmental fund types as premiums become due.

Compensated Absences

In the governmental funds the cost of vacation pay is recognized when paid. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay is recognized as a liability and is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated sick pay does not vest and is therefore expensed when leave is taken.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Long-term Debt

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the governmental funds. Long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized when incurred and not deferred. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums received on debt issuances, and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budget

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type and pension trust fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary basis of accounting is substantially the same as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America basis, except capital outlay is expensed when purchased, inventories are budgeted as expenditures when purchased, depreciation expense is not recorded, debt is expensed when paid and taxes are recorded as revenue when received. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations.

Appropriations are established at the major function level (instruction, support services, community services, facilities acquisition and construction, debt service, operating contingency and transfers) for each fund. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution.

Supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels) with Board approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except for the General Fund which exceeded authorized Building Improvement appropriations by \$1,996,137 and the Private Purpose Trust Fund which exceeded authorized Instructional appropriations by \$513.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits and certificates of deposit. The total bank balance per the bank statements was \$6,803,817, of which \$3,013,848 was covered by federal depository insurance. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited in an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS

State statutes governing cash management are followed. Statutes authorize investment in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the State's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Council and is responsible for all funds in the State Treasury. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed, as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the Fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board (OSTFB), which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements.

Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collaterized. There were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions for deposits and investments during the fiscal year.

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2009 (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

		2009			2009
Deposits With Financial Institutions:	MAPPING THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	The second secon	Reported in:		
Petty Cash	\$	50	Governmental Activities	\$	9,438,516
Demand Deposits		6,205,296	Fiduciary Funds		62,202
Investments	***************************************	3,295,372		EDITOR STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	
Total	\$	9,500,718		\$	9,500,718

The District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	•	air Value	CINOCIONATION	Less than 3	mities (in months) More than 3	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$	3,295,372	\$	3,295,372	\$	en Consultation of the Consultation of the Con
Total	\$	3,295,372	\$	3,295,372	\$	

Interest Rate Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments that have a maturity date greater than three months.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. There is no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2009, all bank balances were deposited at an approved depository as identified by the treasury and therefore insured.

Credit Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2009, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in either of these instruments. Oregon Revised Statutes require no more than 25 percent of the moneys of local government to be invested in bankers' acceptances of any qualified financial institution. At June 30, 2009, there was compliance with all percentage restrictions.

3. ACCOUNTS/GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Special revenue fund accounts and grants receivable are comprised of claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal grant programs. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded because all receivables are considered to be collectible by management.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	. lı	Balance une 30, 2008		Additions		Deletions	. Ir	Balance une 30, 2009
	*wwdatadowaddood	various in contraction of the co		, addition	***************************************			
Land	\$	598,311		Pris.		***		598,311
Buildings & Improvements		105,436,484		***		en.		105,436,484
Equipment	***************************************	1,349,886	Constanting	2,068,720	**************************************	(108,390)	C	3,310,216
Total		107,384,681		2,068,720		(108,390)		109,345,011
Accumulated Depreciation	Contraction	(55,938,008)	******************************	(2,614,290)	communications	101,484	CONTRACTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	(58,450,814)
Net Capital Assets	\$	51,446,673	\$	(545,570)	\$	(6,906)	\$	50,894,197

Depreciation was allocated to the functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,960,718
Support Services	522,858
Community Services	 130,714
Total Depreciation	\$ 2,614,290

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. STATEWIDE LOCAL GOVERNMENT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Contributions are made to the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund (OPERF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, post employment health care benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

PERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapter 238. ORS 238.620 establishes the Public Employees Retirement Board as the governing body of PERS. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by writing to PERS, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700 or by calling 1-503-598-7377.

Members of PERS are required to contribute 6% of their salary covered under the plan. The District is required by ORS 238.225 to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate effective July 1, 2003 is 8.86% of salary covered under the plan for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees and 12.94% for employees covered under the Oregon Public Services Retirement Plan (OPSRP). On February 5, 2004 the District participated in the Oregon School Boards Association limited tax pension obligation bond issue to finance a portion of the estimated unfunded PERS actuarial liability (the "UAL"). The District borrowed \$26,620,000, reducing the rate paid to PERS to 2.78%, on Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees, effective March 1, 2004. The contribution requirements for plan members are established by ORS Chapter 238 and may be amended by an act of the Oregon Legislature. The contributions to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$3,691,444, \$3,563,056, and \$3,312,111, respectively, and were equal to required contributions for each year.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

7. PREPAID PENSION LIABILITY

As a result of the issuance of the 2004 Limited Tax Pension Obligation Bonds, a Prepaid PERS Liability is reported in the Statement of Net Assets. The prepaid liability is equal to the initial \$24,394,028 payment made to PERS from the bond proceeds, less accumulated amortization. Annual amortization is being calculated on a straight-line basis over the life of the pension obligation bonds.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Pension Obligation Bonds

On February 5, 2004, limited tax pension obligation bonds totaling \$26,620,000, were issued to finance The District's unfunded actuarially accrued liability (UAL) with the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The issuance of the bonds was considered an advance refunding of The District's UAL. The actual savings realized over the life of the bonds is uncertain because of the various legislative changes and legal issues pending with the PERS system which could impact the future required contribution rate.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of school facilities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$24,000,000. On January 26, 2005, the District issued \$17,720,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U. S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$17,405,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability has been removed from the government activities column of the statement of net assets.

Certificates of Participation

\$3,105,000 in certificates of participation were issued in prior years for the repair and improvement of facilities and the acquisition of equipment and property. On September 24, 2004, \$1,130,000 of refunding certificates of participation were issued to provide resources for the advance refunding of \$1,070,000 of certificates of participation.

Capital Leases

Various lease agreements have been entered into with interest rates varying from 4.248% to 4.354%. These agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date in the Statement of Net Assets.

Changes in long-term debt and future maturities were as follows:

		Early Retirement		G.O. Bonds	PERS Bonds		C.O.P.S	 Capital Leases	TOTAL		
6/30/2008 Restatemen Additions Deletions 6/30/2009	\$ t	6,538,920 (6,538,920) - - -	COMMONTO	20,545,000 - - (915,000) 19,630,000	\$ 26,620,000 - - (30,000) 26,590,000	\$	290,000 - - (290,000)	\$ 1,997,487 (139,386) 1,858,101	\$ 53,993,920 (6,538,920) 1,997,487 (1,374,386) 48,078,101		
Year Ended June 30,			- Contract			1037700				Cassoniatorito	INTEREST
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-19 2020-24 2025-29	\$	-	\$	1,000,000 1,090,000 1,205,000 1,300,000 1,395,000 8,955,000 4,685,000	\$ 115,000 205,000 305,000 410,000 525,000 4,765,000 9,640,000 10,625,000	\$	-	\$ 204,569 214,757 224,195 234,047 144,462 424,019 412,052	\$ 1,319,569 1,509,757 1,734,195 1,944,047 2,064,462 14,144,019 14,737,052 10,625,000	\$	2,392,886 2,336,237 2,251,155 2,185,422 2,109,483 8,813,882 4,918,309 1,382,276
	\$		\$	19,630,000	\$ 26,590,000	\$		\$ 1,858,101	48,078,101		26,389,650
Unamortized Premium Total			\$	79,223 19,709,223					\$ 79,223 48,157,324	\$	26,389,650

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Accrued Compensated Absences

At June 30, 2009, there were \$123,335 of accrued compensated absences. The entire amount of accrued compensated absences is considered current.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs)

POST EMPLOYEMENT STIPENDS

<u>Plan Description</u> - A single-employer defined benefit supplemental early retirement program is maintained, which covers all licensed employees not receiving explicit medical benefits and who have at least 18 years of service. This program has been established under collective bargaining agreements and provides employees with a stipend of 1/84 of their final annual salary per month. Payments are made for a maximum of seven years, but in no event past age 65 or death.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The benefits from this program are fully paid and, consequently, no contributions by employees are required. There is no obligation to fund these benefits in advance. The only obligation is to make current benefit payments due each fiscal year. Consequently, it has not been found necessary to establish a pension trust fund, and makes benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis each year out of the General Fund. An estimate of this liability for current retirees is done annually. There is no separately issued financial report for the plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, there were no expenditures recognized on a budgetary basis for early retirement stipends.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation - The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 27. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year ending June 30, 2009, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation:

Ü				2009	2010 (Projected)			
Annual required cont	ribution (ARC)		\$	163,264	\$	168,162		
Interest on net pensi	on obligation			60		6,531		
Contributions made			NEWSTRONISSERVE		RESCRIPTIONAL SAME CONTROLS	(6,239)		
Increase (Decr	ease) in Net OPEB		163,264		168,454			
Net OPEB Obligation	- Beginning of fisc	al year	110000000000000000000000000000000000000		91022222222	163,264		
Net OPEB Obligation	ı - End of fiscal yea	ır	\$	163,264	\$	331,718		
		Percentage of	N	et OPEB				
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Annual OPEB		bligation				
Ending	Cost	Cost Contributed		(Asset)				
	\$70°4007*********************************	F000474800000000000000000000000000000000		1				
6/30/2009 163,264 0%				163,264				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs)

Actuarial methods and assumptions – The annual required contribution (ARC) for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2007 actuarial valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about mortality, claim cost and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contribution of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

For the initial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method was the valuation method used to determine the Actuarial Accrued Liability and the Normal Cost.

Under this method, the expected accrued benefit of each participant at benefit commencement (reflecting future expected increases in salaries and medical premiums) is allocated in equal proportion over the participant's years of service from hire to expected retirement. The normal cost is the present value of benefits expected to accrue in the current year.

The present value of benefits accrued in as of the valuation date is called the accrued liability. The difference between the accrued liability and the actuarial value of plan assets is called the unfunded accrued liability. The unfunded accrued liability is being amortized over an initial period of 30 years as a level percent of payroll for stipend benefits.

<u>Funding Status and Funding Progress</u> – As of July 1, 2007, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,322,774, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,322,774. The UAAL is 6.3% of the covered payroll. Using a 30-year amortization period, the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) for 2010 has been actuarially determined to be \$168,162 for contributions.

Schedule of Funding Progress – Stipend Benefit:

						(b-a)/c))
	(a)	(b)				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	(b)-(a)	(a/b)	(c)	Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
7/1/2007	\$ -	\$ 1,322,774	\$ 1,322,774	0%	\$ 20,860,770	6.3%

POST EMPLOYEMENT HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE SUBSIDY

<u>Plan Description</u> – A single-employer defined benefit plan is maintained that provides District paid postemployment health, dental vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs)

POST EMPLOYEMENT HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE SUBSIDY (CONTINUED)

Current administrators who have served in the administrative capacity for more than ten years as of June 30, 2004 shall receive early retirement benefits of ten years of current health insurance benefits, but not beyond age 65. All other administrators who have served in an administrative capacity for seven years, or as a licensed teacher and administrator for 18 or more years, will receive seven years of current health insurance, but not beyond age 65. Notwithstanding the above, any administrator hired after August 15, 2007 will not be eligible for any early retirement benefits. Classified bargaining unit members who have at least 20 years of service as of June 30, 2004 shall receive early retirement benefits of ten years of current health insurance benefits, but not beyond age 65. Classified bargaining unit members who have at least 15 years of service in a classified position, and are on the highest step of the salary schedule, shall receive early retirement benefits of seven years of current health insurance benefits, but not beyond age 65. However, if such an employee retires after June 30, 2011, the coverage will be for the employee only. Notwithstanding the above, any classified employee hired after June 30, 2000 will not be eligible for any early retirement benefits. Licensed bargaining unit members who have at least 20 years of service and were hired In 1991 or earlier shall receive early retirement benefits of ten years of current health insurance benefits, but not beyond age 65. Notwithstanding the above, any licensed employee retiring after June 30, 2011 will not be eligible for any early retirement benefits.

Retirees pay the whole active (composite) premium unless they have District-paid coverage, in which case they pay according to the cost sharing shown under Current Premiums. There is an implicit subsidy with respect to retired employees because the medical premium rates charged for coverage typically are less than actual expected retiree claims costs. This is due to medical premium rates being determined by blending both active employee and retiree experience.

The post-retirement healthcare plan is established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer contribution.

An irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) has not been established to account for the plan.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The benefits from this program are paid as described above and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is no obligation to fund these benefits in advance.

<u>Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation</u> - The annual other postemployment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and amount actuarially determined in accordance within the parameter of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs)

The following table shows the components of the OPEB obligation at the end of the year:

				2009	201	0 (Projected)
Annual require	ed contribution		\$	2,150,599	\$	2,215,117
•	pension obligation	on		-		6,262
	annual required of					(8,279)
,	·		62			
Annual pen	sion cost		2,150,599		2,213,100	
Contributions i			(1,994,059)	Direction	(2,044,080)	
Increase in	net pension oblig	aation		156,540		169,020
	at beginning of ye				t-1000	156,540
			Φ	450540	φ	225 560
NPO (Asset) a	at end of year		<u>\$</u>	156,540	\$	325,560
	Annual OPEB	Percentage of Annual OPEB		let OPEB		
Fiscal Year	Cost	cost contributed	Obligation			
2009	\$ 2,150,599	93%	\$	156,540		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The annual required contribution (ARC) for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2007 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The objective of this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plans as they accrue. The unfunded accrued liability is amortized over various periods, which is dependent on the employee class for life insurance. The amortized periods range from 10, 20 and 30 years as a percentage of payroll. The actuarial assumptions included (a) an interest rate for discounting future liabilities of 4% compounded annually, a payroll growth rate of 3.0%, and a payroll growth plus merit and longevity increases of 4.0% annually (b) 100% of future retirees electing to participate. The demographic assumptions, such as mortality rates, disability incidence rates, retirement rates and withdrawal rates, are the same as those used by Oregon PERS for School Districts.

<u>Funding Status and Funding Progress</u> — As of July 1, 2007, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$17,998,798, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$17,998,798. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$20,860,770, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 86.3%. The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Schedule of Funding Progress – Postemployment Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits:

						(b-a)/c))
	(a)	(b)				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	(b)-(a)	(a/b)	(c)	Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
7/1/2007	\$ -	\$ 17,998,798	\$ 17,998,798	0%	\$ 20,860,770	86.3%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATION

The State of Oregon imposes a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. School operations include community colleges, local school districts, and education service districts. The limitation provides that property taxes for school operations are limited to \$5.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The result of this requirement has been that school districts have become more dependent upon state funding and less dependent upon property tax revenues as their major source of operating revenue.

The State further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997. This reduction is accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues, and requires the State to minimize the impact to school districts from the impact of the tax cuts.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A substantial portion of operating funding is received from the State of Oregon. State funding is determined through state wide revenue projections that are paid to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the state school fund revenue formula. Since these projections and pupil counts fluctuate they can cause either increases or decreases in revenue. Due to these future uncertainties at the state level, the future effect on operations cannot be determined.

A number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The federal audits for these programs for the year ended June 30, 2009 have not been conducted. Accordingly, compliance with grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although such amounts are expected by management to be immaterial.

12. RESTATEMENTS - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTIN PRINCIPLES

GASB 45, effective June 30, 2009 requires an actuarial valuation to correctly report other post employment benefits (OPEB). In addition, GASB 27 was implemented, which requires an actuarial valuation for the early retirement program. As a direct result of these new GASB's, there is a restatement in the Statement of Activities for \$6,538,920 to remove the Early Retirement liability balance as of June 30, 2008. The actuarial valuation amortizes these other post employment benefit liabilities over multiple future years.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In September of 2009, a \$2,000,000 Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB), with a stated coupon rate of 1.5%, was entered into for energy projects at multiple schools. Fifteen annual payments will be made beginning August 10, 2010. The first fourteen payments will be for \$133,332. As part of the terms of the QZAB agreement, the District has opted to maintain a sinking fund to pay for the fifteenth and final balloon payment of \$358,168.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Amounts are comprised of the following:

· ·	Transers Out			Fransfers In
General Fund	\$	529,419	\$	187,933
Special Revenue Fund		131,180		162,666
Capital Projects Fund		-		260,000
Self Insurance Fund	pomento			50,000
Totals	\$	660,599	\$	660,599

During the 2008-2009 fiscal year, the Board of Directors approved transfers out of \$529,419 and \$131,180 from the General Fund and the Special Revenues, respectively. The General Fund received \$187,993 from fund 150 as a year end carryover. Special Revenue Funds received \$162,666 to fund a variety of special programs. Capital Projects fund received \$260,000 to fund energy projects and capital lease payments. The Self Insurance fund received \$50,000 to fund future obligation.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

GENERAL FUND

REVEI	NUES:	garancamakakk	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE NEGATIVE
Fro	om Local Sources:								
1110	Ad Valorem Taxes Levied by District	\$	11,750,000	\$	11,750,000	\$	11,638,296	\$	(111,704)
1300	Tuition				-		14,327		14,327
1400	Local Sources		-		-		1,596		1,596
1510	Earnings on Investments		300,000		300,000		192,756		(107,244)
1700	Student Fees and Admissions		25,000		25,000		52,785		27,785
1910	Facility Rental		2,000		2,000		225		(1,775)
1930	Rentals		•		-		248		248
1960	Recovery of Prior Years Expenditures		-		-		18,410		18,410
1970	Services to Other Funds				-		33,995		33,995
1990	Miscellaneous	procession (i	41,000		41,000		633,929	en-e-weeken	592,929
	Total Local Revenue		12,118,000	emonario e	12,118,000	EDVICO (TO 2 SHOW)	12,586,567	1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0	468,567
Fro	om Intermediate Sources:								
2102	SOESD		820,000		820,000		786,496		(33,504)
	Total Intermediate Revenue		820,000	6000000000000	820,000	***************************************	786,496	GEASTOCKY POWER 12	(33,504)
Fre	om State Sources:								
3101	School Support Fund		28,152,619		28,152,619		26,537,678		(1,614,941)
3103	Common School Fund		386,260		386,260		378,432		(7,828)
3199	Other Unrestricted Grants				-		443,425		443,425
		KOROSTOCITOS		February Code	WANTED CONTROL OF THE	***************************************	MAN DOMESTIC VICTORIA DE LA CONTRACTORIA DE LA CONT	2000000700000	
	Total State Revenue	EASSON THE P	28,538,879	windowsward	28,538,879	boomcoon/co	27,359,535	was not a second	(1,179,344)
r.,	om Federal Sources:								
4500	Restricted Revenue from Federal Govt				135,000		1,030,536		895,536
4801	Federal Forest Fees		_		-		286,493		286,493
4001	i cuciai i Olesti ees	eyermania sumoi	CONTRACTOR	KOMPANIONICI	0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 / 0.000 /	BYBOOPS OF		***************************************	
	Total Federal Revenue	ENTONOMISCOS	an.	promovanes	135,000	Economic Services	1,317,029	£023/	1,182,029
	Total Revenues	\$	41,476,879	\$	41,611,879	\$	42,049,627	\$	437,748

Continued on page 32

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	GENERAL FU	<u>ND</u>		VARIANCE
EXPENDITURES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
EXPENDITURES.			***************************************	
Instruction: 1111 Elementary K-3 (curricular) 1112 Elementary 4-5 (curricular) 1121 Middle School (curricular) 1122 Middle School (co-curricular) 1131 High School (curricular) 1132 Hi School (co-curricular) 1221 Restrictive Programs 1250 Less Restrictive Programs 1280 Alternative Education 1291 English Second Language	\$ 5,149,701 2,391,647 4,496,499 500 5,956,024 665,471 1,225,528 2,489,662 299,339 169,700	2,391,647 4,496,499 500 5,952,524 671,771 1,225,528 2,489,662 299,339 169,700	\$ 4,363,574 2,603,588 4,526,210 13,550 5,788,051 717,354 1,165,046 2,426,274 691,504 170,986	\$ 896,127 (211,941) (29,711) (13,050) 164,473 (45,583) 60,482 63,388 (392,165) (1,286)
Total Instruction	22,844,071	22,956,871 (1)	22,466,137	490,734
Support Services: 2110 Attendance & Social Work Services 2120 Guidance Services 2130 Health Services 2190 Service Direction 2210 Improvement of Instruction Services 2220 Educational Media Services 2240 Instructional Staff Development 2310 Board of Education Services 2320 Executive Administration 2410 School Administration 2510 Support Svc Direction 2520 Fiscal Services 2540 Operation & Maintenance 2550 Student Transportation 2570 Internal Services 2640 Staff Services 2660 Technology 2700 Supplemental Retirement	1,800 630,243 6,860 241,774 334,565 721,446 18,500 83,157 209,190 3,957,147 247,629 348,818 4,981,632 4,191,000 126,204 410,603 1,028,789 1,697,707	1,800 630,243 6,860 239,774 334,565 721,446 18,500 83,157 207,190 3,990,501 247,629 348,818 4,979,332 4,191,000 126,204 410,603 1,028,789 1,697,707	1,195 649,567 3,045 258,678 197,500 742,305 15,230 97,859 217,709 4,044,916 236,932 315,342 4,878,835 4,078,258 151,776 564,703 1,131,126 1,540,533	605 (19,324) 3,815 (18,904) 137,065 (20,859) 3,270 (14,702) (10,519) (54,415) 10,697 33,476 100,497 112,742 (25,572) (154,100) (102,337) 157,174
Total Support Services	19,237,064	19,264,118 (1)		138,609
Building Improvement Services	1,350	3,650 (1)) 1,999,787	(1,996,137)
Contingency	1,516,891	1,516,891 (1)	***	1,516,891
Total Expenditures	43,599,376	43,741,530	43,591,433	150,097
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,122,497)	(2,129,651)	(1,541,806)	587,845
Other Financing Sources, -Uses: 5160 Lease Purchase Receipts 5200 Transfers In 5200 Transfers Out	(340,000)	189,152 (664,152) (1	1,997,487 187,933) (529,419)	1,997,487 (1,219) 134,733
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	(340,000)	(475,000)	1,656,001	2,131,001
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,462,497)	(2,604,651)	114,195	2,718,846
Beginning Fund Balance	3,462,497	3,462,497	3,866,682	404,185
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 857,846	\$ 3,980,877	\$ 3,123,031
(1) Appropriation Level	Postson and the second			

(1) Appropriation Level Continued from Page 31

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	SPECIAL REV	ENUE FUND		\
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
REVENUES:				
From Local Sources From Intermediate Sources From State Sources	\$ 1,717,479 30,000 4,347,533	\$ 1,717,479 30,000 4,347,533	\$ 2,270,389 27,197 2,523,774	\$ 552,910 (2,803) (1,823,759)
From Federal Sources	4,589,060	4,724,060	5,809,327	1,085,267
Total Revenues	10,684,072	10,819,072	10,630,687	(188,385)
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction: Salaries Employee Benefits	3,376,040 1,727,105	3,380,040 1,727,105	3,472,607 1,868,207	(92,567) (141,102)
Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	628,542 1,105,725	628,542 1,105,725	545,769 1,194,932	82,773 (89,207)
Other Objects	569,210	569,210	264,394	304,816
Total Instruction	7,406,622	7,410,622	1) 7,345,909	64,713
Support Services: Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials Other Objects	447,285 208,900 567,327 530,571 155,898	447,285 212,400 567,327 530,571 155,898	613,734 271,070 290,129 63,504 162,465	(166,449) (58,670) 277,198 467,067 (6,567)
Total Support Services	1,909,981	1,913,481	(1) 1,400,902	512,579
Enterprise and Community Services Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials Other Objects	663,156 480,681 1,206,832 307,800 6,000	663,156 480,681 1,206,832 307,800 6,000	634,488 461,633 1,137,126 25,931 5,746	28,668 19,048 69,706 281,869 254
Enterprise and Community Services	2,664,469	2,664,469	(1) 2,264,924	399,545
Facilities Acquisition and Contsruction	175,000	175,000	(1) 34,368	140,632
Total Expenditures	12,156,072	12,163,572	11,046,103	1,117,469
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,472,000)	(1,344,500)	(415,416)	929,084
Other Financing Sources (uses)				107.510
Transfers in Transfers out	47,650 (17,650)	55,150 (152,650)	162,666 (1) (131,180)	(2) 107,516 21,470
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses	30,000	(97,500)	31,486	128,986
-	**************************************	To the state of th	***************************************	BOOKETS TO THE STATE OF THE STA
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,442,000)		(383,930)	1,058,070
Beginning Fund Balance	1,442,000	1,442,000	1,591,247	149,247
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,207,317	\$ 1,207,317

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

⁽²⁾ Included in this transfer from the General Fund is the required state revenue match of \$23,986 the District must transfer to the Food Service Fund for National School Lunch Support in order to meet the general cash assistance match.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	DEBT SERVIC	E FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
REVENUES:				
From Local Sources: Other Local Sources Interest On Investments Taxes Total Revenues	\$ 1,579,380 155,000 1,740,806 3,475,186	\$ 1,579,380 155,000 1,740,806 3,475,186	\$ 1,598,803 66,702 1,777,625 3,443,130	\$ 19,423 (88,298) 36,819 (32,056)
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service: Principal Interest & Admin Fees	945,000 2,352,232	945,000 2,352,232	927,728 2,368,004	17,272 (15,772)
Total Debt Service	3,297,232	3,297,232 (1)	3,295,732	1,500
Contingency	2,957,888	2,957,888 (1)		2,957,888
Total Expenditures	6,255,120	6,255,120	3,295,732	2,959,388
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,779,934)	(2,779,934)	147,398	2,927,332
Beginning Fund Balance	2,779,934	2,779,934	2,506,046	(273,888)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	\$ ************************************	\$ 2,653,444	\$ 2,653,444

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	CAI	PITAL PROJE	CTS	<u>FUND</u>								
		PRIGINAL BUDGET	6,000 \$ 66,000 \$ 27,3 0,218 290,218 212,2 6,218 356,218 239,6 6,500 436,500 (1) 222,6 - 3,300 (1) 3,6 0,000 746,700 (1) 14,9 4,370 294,370 (1) 293,7 4,093 654,093 (1) 4,963 2,134,963 533,7				ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE				
REVENUES:												
From Local Sources: Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	\$	66,000 290,218	\$	•	n.	\$	27,339 212,282	\$	(38,661) (77,936)			
Total Revenue	Emzhiozawowyo	356,218	Extension	356,218			239,621	Market Control (NO)	(116,597)			
EXPENDITURES:												
Support Services Enterprise & Community Facilities Acquisition and Construction Debt Service Contingency	Millianovanovanovanovanovanovanovanovanovanov	436,500 - 750,000 294,370 654,093	805464884443794	3,300 746,700 294,370	(1) (1) (1)	Manage of the second	222,010 3,006 14,969 293,770		214,490 294 731,731 600 654,093			
Total Expenditures	,	2,134,963		2,134,963	•	***************************************	533,755	P3200333314**	1,601,208			
Excess of Revenues Over -Under Expenditure	s	(1,778,745)		(1,778,745)			(294,134)		1,484,611			
OTHER FINANCING USES												
Transfers In	EXECUTE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	260,000	escalation (**)	260,000	an a	*voonmoonv	260,000	***************************************	Mar-			
Total Other Financing Uses	EDEDAD DE SENSO	260,000	***************************************	260,000		CONSTRUCTION	260,000	Linner, ministra	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,518,745)		(1,518,745)			(34,134)		1,484,611			
Beginning Fund Balance	Victorioniculosometerion	1,518,745	1,518,745			Africanoscopica	1,489,640	(29,105)				
Ending Fund Balance	\$	AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF	\$			\$	1,455,506	\$	1,455,506			

(1) Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		ELF-INSURAN		-		<u></u>			obert-villalannen oder ein der ein von der der
		DRIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		**************************************	ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE NEGATIVE
REVENUES									
Earnings on Investments Local Sources	\$	22,000 196,733	\$	22,000 196,733		B	9,942 214,518	\$	(12,058) 17,785
Total Revenues	www.commonwood.	218,733	B0000000000000000000000000000000000000	218,733			224,460		5,727
EXPENDITURES									
Support Services Contingency	\$CD\$200000000000000000000000000000000000	660,313 529,730		660,313 (529,730 ((1) (1) _	aannekteen ver	175,279	ESSONATION OF THE STATE OF THE	485,034 529,730
Total Expenditures	·	1,190,043	ESSENCIONARIO	1,190,043	•		175,279	***************************************	1,014,764
Excess of Revenues Over -Under Expenditures	3	(971,310)		(971,310)			49,181		1,020,491
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	***************************************	50,000		50,000	600	darwiikiloo iis kovad	50,000	Broskderov acio	
Total Other Financing Uses	Economista State	50,000	FORMAL MANAGEMENT	50,000	m	end experience	50,000	Children	es-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(921,310)		(921,310)			99,181		1,020,491
Beginning Fund Balance		921,310	energia.	921,310	tor	WOOTEN SAN	978,330	egocongr-ogosu	57,020
Ending Fund Balance	\$	50	\$	65		B	1,077,511	\$	1,077,511

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST SCHOLARSHIP FUND

	ORIG BUD			FINAL UDGET			ACTUAL	F	ARIANCE POSITIVE REGATIVE
REVENUES									
Local Sources State Sources	\$	3,588	\$	3,588		\$	6,530 168	\$	2,942 168
Total Revenues		3,588	CARDON CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY	3,588	-	***************************************	6,698	E0000000000000000000000000000000000000	3,110
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction Contingency & Unappropriated EFB	And confidential deposition of the property of the confidence of t	6,300 56,333	bienoodoooninininininin	,	٠, ,	B onney annually	6,813	ACCOUNTS AND TO A STOCK OF THE	(513) 56,333
Total Expenditures	Bandard Administration Commencer Com	62,633	Charlescendadornication	62,633		FERROMENT	6,813	6000000000000000000000000	55,820
Net Change in Fund Balance		(59,045)		(59,045)			(115)		58,930
Beginning Fund Balance		59,045	\$1000000000000000000000000000000000000	59,045	-	***************************************	61,367	###COMORDINATION COMORDO	2,322
Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$		**	\$	61,252	\$	61,252

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

- Control of the Cont	ORIGINAL	I OI III	e Tear Elided Juli	00, 2000		
	LEVY OR		ADJUSTMENTS		CASH COLLECTIONS	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR
TAX	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED	DEDUCT	TO	ADD	BY COUNTY	UNSEGREGATED
YEAR	7/1/2008	DISCOUNTS	ROLLS	INTEREST	TREASURER	6/30/2009
GENERAL FUND:						
CURRENT:						
2008-09	\$ 12,151,890	\$ 285,848	\$ (13,410)	\$ 6,382	\$ 11,329,763	\$ 522,869
PRIOR YEARS:						
2007-08	404,876	(48)	(1,227)	467	213,401	190,296
2006-07	136,344	(10)	(478)	287	56,796	79,080
2005-06	53,063	(8)	(299)	324	33,124	19,648
2004-05	15,400	(5)	(98)	89	12,620	2,687
2003-04 and prior	8,623	(4)	(128)	68	1,220	7,279
Total Prior	618,306	(75)	(2,230)	1,235	317,161	298,990
Total General Fund	\$ 12,770,196	\$ 285,773	\$ (15,640)	\$ 7,617	\$ 11,646,924	\$ 821,859
DEBT SERVICE						
CURRENT:	<i>*</i> 40°4000	Φ 40.044	0 (0.050)	0.74	e 4700.050	e 70 777
2008-09	\$ 1,854,099	\$ 43,614	\$ (2,050)	\$ 974	\$ 1,728,658	\$ 79,777
PRIOR YEARS:						
2007-08	62,494	(7)	(188)	72	32,940	29,373
2006-07	23,153	(2)	(81)	47	9,645	13,429
2005-06	9,010	(1)	(51)	53	5,624	3,336
2004-05	2,616	(1)	(17)	15	2,144	456
2003-04 and prior	1,460	(1)	(22)	11	206	1,233
Total Prior	98,733	(12)	(359)	198	50,559	47,827
Total Debt Service	\$ 1,952,832	\$ 43,602	\$ (2,409)	\$ 1,172	\$ 1,779,217	\$ 127,604
Total all Funds	\$ 14,723,028	\$ 329,375	\$ (18,049)	\$ 8,789	\$ 13,426,141	\$ 949,463
RECONCILIATION O	E DEVENIJE:				GENERAL	DEBT SERVICE
NEOONOILIA (1101)	I IVim V limit V limi				FUND	FUND
Cash Collections by C		bove			\$ 11,646,924	\$ 1,779,217
June 30, 2008					(153,177)	(23,644)
June 30, 2009					144,549	22,052
Total Revenue					\$ 11,638,296	\$ 1,777,625
						\$1400-444-4440-4440-4440-4440-4440-4440-

Revenue from Local Sources	Fund 100	Fund 200	Fund 300	Fund 400	Fund 500		Fund 700
1110 Ad Valorem Taxes Levied by District	\$ 11,638,296	\$ -	\$ 1,777,625	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1310 Regular Day School Tuition	14,327	-		-		-	-
1330 Summer School Tuition	-	400	-	-	-	-	-
1400 Local & Federal Sources	1,596	-	-	-	•		-
1500 Earnings on Investments	192,756	47,029	66,702	27,339	-	9,942	1,330
1600 Food Service	-	544,428	-	-	-	•	-
1700 Extracurricular Activiies	52,785	1,429,279	-	-	-	-	-
1800 Community Services Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1910 Rentals	225	-	-	-	-	-	-
1920 Contributions and Donations From Private Sources	-	20,503	-	-	-	-	5,200
1930 Rental or Lease Payments From Private Contractors	248	-	-	_	_	-	-
1960 Recovery of Prior Years' Expenditure	18,410	-	-	-	-	-	
1970 Services Provided Other Funds	33,995	-	1,578,037	-	-	-	-
1980 Fees Charged to Grants	-	-	-	-	-	206,662	-
1990 Miscellaneous	633,929	228,750	20,766	212,282	-	7,856	~
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$ 12,586,567	\$ 2,270,389	\$3,443,130	\$ 239,621	\$ -	\$ 224,460	\$ 6,530
Revenue from Intermediate Sources	Fund 100	Fund 200	Fund 300	Fund 400	Fund 500	Fund 600	Fund 700
2102 Education Service District	\$ 786,496	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Apportionment							
2200 Restricted Revenue	-	27,197	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue from Intermediate Sources	\$ 786,496	\$ 27,197	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue from State Sources	Fund 100	Fund 200	Fund 300	Fund 400	Fund 500	Fund 600	Fund 700
3101 State School Fund - General Support	\$ 26,537,678	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
3103 Common School Fund	378,432	-	-	-	-	-	-
3199 Other Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	443,425	10,692		-	-	-	-
3299 Other Restricted Grants-in-Aid		2,513,082	-	**	-	-	168
Total Revenue from State Sources	\$ 27,359,535	\$ 2,523,774	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 168
Revenue from Federal Sources	Fund 100	Fund 200	Fund 300	Fund 400	Fund 500	Fund 600	Fund 700
4500 Restricted Revenue From the Federal	\$ 1,030,536	\$ 5,674,497	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Government Through the State							
4801 Federal Forest Fees	286,493		-	-	-		
4900 Revenue for/on Behalf of the District	-	134,830	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue from Federal Sources	\$ 1,317,029	\$ 5,809,327	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue from Other Sources	Fund 100	Fund 200	Fund 300	Fund 400	Fund 500	Fund 600	Fund 700
5160 Lease Purchase Receipts	\$ 1,997,487		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5200 Interfund Transfers	187,933		-	260,000	-	50,000	-
5400 Resources - Beginning Fund Balance	3,866,682	1,591,247	2,506,046	1,489,640	-	978,330	61,367
Total Revenue from Other Sources	language and the second	\$ 1,753,913	\$2,506,046	\$1,749,640	\$ -	\$1,028,330	\$ 61,367
Grand Totals	, ,	\$ 12,384,600	\$ 5,949,176	\$ 1,989,261	\$ -	\$ 1,252,790	\$ 68,065
Statio (State							

	-	01:1.400	Obia -+ 200	Object 300	Object 400	Object 500	Object 600	Object 700
Instruction Expenditures	Totals	Object 100	Object 200 \$ 1,468,250	\$ 6,296	\$ 73,966		\$ -	\$ -
1111 Primary, K-3	\$ 4,363,574	\$ 2,815,062			19,741		<u> </u>	·
1112 Intermediate Programs	2,603,588	1,743,069	839,077	1,701		-	70	-
1121 Middle/Junior High Programs	4,526,210	3,011,354	1,466,829	2,732	45,225	-	70	<u> </u>
1122 Middle/Junior High School	13,550	9,713	2,637	1,200	i - I	-	- 1	-
Extracurricular							1055	
1131 Local & Federal Sources	5,788,051	3,799,994	1,820,221	22,836	140,045	-	4,955	-
1132 High School Extracurricular	717,354	435,330	145,325	54,954	21,672		60,073	-
1220 Restrictive Programs for Students with Disabilities	1,165,046	709,137	439,800	11,890	4,219	-	-	-
1250 Less Restrictive Programs for	2,426,274	1,565,587	838,493	10,245	11,949	-	-	-
1280 Alternative Education	691,504	372,386	223,312	90,717	5,089	-	-	-
1291 English Second Language Programs	170,986	98,131	48,521	24,091	243	-	-	-
T tall a tour time Franch distance	¢ 22 466 127	\$ 14 ,559,763	\$ 7,292,465	\$ 226,662	\$322,149	\$ -	\$ 65,098	\$ -
Total Instruction Expenditures								
Support Services Expenditures	Totals	Object 100	Object 200	Object 300	Object 400			Object 700
2110 Attendance and Social Work Services	\$ 1,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2120 Guidance Services	649,567	420,438	222,642	4,705	1,749	-	33	-
2130 Health Services	3,045	-	-	-	3,045	-	-	-
2190 Service Direction, Student Support Services	258,678	150,734	69,092	35,885	2,402	-	565	-
2210 Improvement of Instruction Services	197,500	123,549	57,994	5,819	8,709	-	1,429	-
	742,305	313,534	217,949	122,528	88,294	_	-	-
2220 Educational Media Services	15,230	010,001	(2)	15,172	60		-	_
2240 Instructional Staff Development	97,859	12,607	6,963	66,897	2,039	_	9,353	_
2310 Board of Education Services	217,709	142,669	60,229	850	13,376		585	-
2320 Executive Administration Services	4,044,916	2,492,221	1,392,176	69,389	75,120	-	16,010	_
2410 Office of the Principal Services 2510 Direction of Business Support Services	236,932	-	1,008	1,113	67	-	234,744	-
2520 Fiscal Services	315,342	187,482	21,969	87,486	4,243	-	14,162	-
2540 Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,878,835	1,632,062	1,110,274	1,810,209	278,671	44,805	2,814	-
Services	4,078,258	_	-	4,078,258	-	-	-	_
2550 Student Transportation Services	151,776	81,832	50,338	5,628	11,978	2,000	-	-
2570 Internal Services	564,703	364,923	146,115	46,970	5,970	-	725	_
2640 Staff Services	1,131,126	303,755	156,563	501,916	168,592	~	300	
2660 Technology Services	1,540,533	000,100	1,540,533	201,010			_	-
2700 Supplemental Retirement Program			1,040,000			L	<u> </u>	
Total Support Services Expenditures	\$19,125,509	\$ 6,225,806	\$ 5,053,843	\$6,852,825	\$665,510	\$ 46,805	\$280,720	\$
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	Totals	Object 100	Object 200	Object 300	Object 400	Object 500	Object 600	Object 700
4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, and	\$ 1,999,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,910	\$ 1,997,877	\$ -	\$ -
4190 Other Facilities Construction Services	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures	\$ 1,999,787	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,910	\$ 1,997,877	\$	\$
Other Uses Expenditures	Totals	Object 100	Object 200	Object 300	Object 400	Object 500	Object 600	Object 700
5200 Transfers of Funds	\$ 529,419		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 529,419
5400 PERS UAL Bond Lump Sum	-	-	-	***************************************	-	-	-	-
	\$ 529,419	\$	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$529,419
Total Other Hene Evnerditure								
Total Other Uses Expenditures Grand Total	\$44,120,852		\$12,346,308	\$7,079,487	\$989,569	\$ 2,044,682	\$345,818	\$529,419

Fund: 200 - Special Revenue									
Instruction Expenditures		Totals	Object 100	Object 200	Object 300	Object 400	Object 500	Object 600	Object 700
1111 Primary, K-3	\$	714,134	\$ 482,564	\$ 230,656	\$ -	\$ 914	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1112 Intermediate Programs		2,450	1,900	550	-	-	-	-	- 1
1113 Elementary Extracurricular		210,229		-	31,734	178,495	-	-	- 1
1121 Middle/Junior High Programs		20,358	-	-	-	20,358	-	-	-
1122 Middle/Junior High School		214,128	-	-	40,585	148,169	-	25,374	-
Extracurricular	L								
1131 Local & Federal Sources		610,412	400,643	198,404	4,533	6,832	-	-	-
1132 High School Extracurricular		1,038,877	-	-	215,303	630,225	-	193,349	-
1210 Programs for the Talented and		1,949	1,548	401	-	-	-	-	-
Gifted 1220 Restrictive Programs for Students		436,823	199,804	113,207	112,686	7,742	-	3,384	*
with Disabilities	<u> </u>	1.050.400	040.450	400.040	5,000	10.100		10.001	
1250 Less Restrictive Programs for	<u></u>	1,352,486	812,450	482,010	5,689	10,133	-	42,204	-
1271 Remediation	-	88,406	56,809	16,249	4,879	10,386	-	83	-
1272 Title I	-	1,726,631	994,792	586,700	14,913	130,226	-	-	-
1280 Alternative Education	<u> </u>	191,062	45,105	38,942	107,015	-	-	4	-
1291 English Second Language Programs		3,990	3,400	535	-	55	-	-	-
1294 Youth Corrections Education	-	676,285	430,809	187,901	7,197	50.378	-	-	
1299 Other Programs	-	3,505	2,019	614	249	623			
1400 Summer School Programs	-	54,184	40,764	12,038	986	396	-		
Total Instruction Expenditures	. 👇	7,345,909	\$3,472,607	\$1,868,207	\$ 545,769	\$1,194,932	\$ -	\$ 264,394	\$ -
	,—								·
Support Services Expenditures	<u> </u>	Totals	Object 100	Object 200	Object 300	Object 400			
2110 Attendance and Social Work	\$	82,164	\$ 30,291	\$ 27,253	\$ 17,537	\$ 6,617	\$ -	\$ 466	\$ -
Services	<u></u>								
2120 Guidance Services	<u></u>	294,069	120,673	47,572	106,499	19,238	-	87	-
2130 Health Services	<u></u>	95,589	-	-	95,589	-	-	-	-
2190 Service Direction, Student Support Services		31,022	12,315	8,712	30	9,965		-	-
2210 Improvement of Instruction Services		281,011	118,279	52,891	4,34.1	7,639	•	97,861	-
2220 Educational Media Services		1,456	1,078	330	-	48			-
2240 Instructional Staff Development		444,140	260,437	100,202	42,069	10,685	-	30,747	-
2320 Executive Administration Services		2,321	-	-	2,321	-	•	-	-
0.440.00	-	110.000	70.004	0.4.005	1 200	252			
2410 Office of the Principal Services	-	142,998	70,361	34,085	4,992	256	-	33,304	-
2550 Student Transportation Services		12,556	-		12,556	-	-	-	-
2620 Planning, Research,		627	-	-	627	-	-	-	-
Development, Evaluation		1			l .	!			i I
OCCO Tarabasa Isana Carabasa		42.040	200	06	2 500	0.050		**************************************	
2660 Technology Services		12,949	300	25	3,568	9,056	-		*
Total Support Services								- 400 405	
			300 \$ 613,734			9,056	\$ -	\$ 162,465	\$ -
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services							\$ -	Object 600	
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services		1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245	\$ 613,734	\$ 271,070	\$ 290,129	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ -	. ,	
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services	\$	1,400,902 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100	\$ 271,070 Object 200	\$ 290,129 Object 300	\$ 63,504 Object 400	\$ - Object 500	Object 600	Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services	\$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ -	Object 600	Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136 990	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242 689	\$ - Object 500 \$	Object 600 \$ 5,746	Object 700 \$ - -
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services	\$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ -	Object 600 \$ 5,746	Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136 990	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242 689	\$ - Object 500 \$ - -	Object 600 \$ 5,746 	Object 700 \$ - -
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 - \$ 634,488	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 - \$ 461,633	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136 990 \$ 1,137,126	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ - -	Object 600 \$ 5,746	Object 700 \$ - -
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 - \$ 634,488 Object 100	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 - \$ 461,633 Object 200	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500	Object 600 \$ 5,746 	Object 700 \$ - - \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction,	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 - \$ 634,488 Object 100	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 - \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ -	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500	Object 600 \$ 5,746 	Object 700 \$ - - \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 - \$ 634,488 Object 100	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 - \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ -	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500	Object 600 \$ 5,746 	Object 700 \$ - - \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 -	Object 600 \$ 5,746 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ -	Object 700 \$ - - \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services	\$ \$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 - \$ 634,488 Object 100	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 - \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ -	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 -	Object 600 \$ 5,746 	Object 700 \$ - - \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ S - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500	Object 600 \$ 5,746 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ - -	S - Object 700 \$
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures Other Uses Expenditures	\$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368 - 34,368 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$ \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500 Object 500	Object 600 \$ 5,746 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ - \$ - Object 600	S - Object 700 \$ - Cobject 700 \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds	\$ \$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$ - -	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ \$ Object 200	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ S - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500	Object 600 \$ 5,746 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ - -	S - Object 700 \$
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds 5400 PERS UAL Bond Lump Sum	\$ \$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368 - 34,368 Totals	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$ \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ - Cobject 200 \$ - Object 200 \$ -	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500 Object 500	S 5,746 Object 600 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ - Object 600 \$ -	S - Object 700 \$ - Cobject 700 \$ - Object 700
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds	\$ \$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368 - 34,368 Totals 131,180 -	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$ \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ S - Object 200 \$ Object 200 \$ -	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242 689 \$ 25,931 Object 400 \$ 6,868 \$ 6,868 Object 400 \$	\$ - Object 500 \$ \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500 Object 500 \$	Object 600 \$ 5,746 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ - \$ - Object 600 \$ - -	S - Object 700 \$ - Object 700 \$ - Object 700 \$ 131,180 -
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds 5400 PERS UAL Bond Lump Sum Total Other Uses Expenditures	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368 Totals 131,180 - 131,180	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$ \$ \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ - Object 200 \$ - Object 200 \$ - S - Object 200 \$ - Object 200 \$ - Object 200 \$ - Object 200	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136 990 \$ 1,137,126 Object 300 \$ Object 300 \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242 689 \$ 25,931 Object 400 \$ 6,868 \$ 6,868 Object 400 \$ \$	\$ - Object 500 \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500 Object 500 \$ \$	S 5,746 S 5,746 Object 600 S Object 600 Object 600 Object 600	S - Object 700 \$ - Object 700 \$ - Object 700 \$ 131,180 - \$ 131,180
Total Support Services Expenditures Enterprise and Community Services 3100 Food Services 3200 Other Enterprise Services Total Enterprise and Community Services Expenditures Facilities Acquisition and 4150 Building Acquisition, Construction, 4190 Other Facilities Construction Services Total Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds 5400 PERS UAL Bond Lump Sum	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,400,902 Totals 2,263,245 1,679 2,264,924 Totals 34,368 - 34,368 Totals 131,180 -	\$ 613,734 Object 100 \$ 634,488 Object 100 \$ \$	\$ 271,070 Object 200 \$ 461,633 Object 200 \$ S - Object 200 \$ Object 200 \$ -	\$ 290,129 Object 300 \$ 1,136,136 990 \$ 1,137,126 Object 300 \$ Object 300 \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 63,504 Object 400 \$ 25,242 689 \$ 25,931 Object 400 \$ 6,868 \$ 6,868 Object 400 \$	\$ - Object 500 \$ - Object 500 \$ 27,500 - \$ 27,500 Object 500 \$ \$	Object 600 \$ 5,746 \$ 5,746 Object 600 \$ - \$ - Object 600 \$ - -	S - Object 700 \$ - Object 700 \$ - Object 700 \$ 131,180 -

Fund: 300 - Debt Service

Other Uses Expenditures		Totals	Obj	ect 100	Obj	ect 200	Obj	ect 300	Obj	ect 400	Obj	ect 500		Object 600
5100 Debt Service	\$	3,295,732	\$		\$	1	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	3,295,732
5200 Transfers of Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Uses	caretralis						To Sect Subject on Call						and a feet to a second	enn andrope and an entertain an engine and a state of the properties and
Expenditures	\$	3,295,732	\$	-	\$	***	\$	-	\$	-	\$	Med.	\$	3,295,732
Grand Total	\$	3,295,732	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	3,295,732

Fund: 400 - Capital Projects

Support Services Expenditures	 Totals	Ol	ject 100	Obj	ect 200	Ok	ject 300	Ob	ject 400	OI	oject 500	Obj	ect 600
2540 Operation and Maintenance of	\$ 222,010	\$	-			\$	213,409	\$	7,195			\$	1,406
Plant Services													
2550 Student Transportation	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Services		ay4,000,000										********	
Total Support Services								_				_	
Expenditures	\$ 222,010	\$		\$	-	\$ 2	213,409	\$	7,195	\$	-	\$	1,406
Enterprise and Community	 Totals	Ol	ject 100	Obj	ect 200	Ob	ject 300	Ob	ject 400	OI	oject 500	Obj	ect 600
3100 Food Services	\$ 3,006	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,006	\$	-	\$	-
3200 Other Enterprise Services	-		-		-		_		-	***************************************	-		-
Total Enterprise and													
Community Services													
Expenditures	\$ 3,006	\$	-	\$	-	\$	***	\$	3,006	\$	-	\$	••
Facilities Acquisition and	Totals		***************************************	Obj	ect 200	Ot	ject 300	Ob	ject 400	OI	oject 500	Obj	ect 600
4110 Service Area Direction	\$ 809	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	809
4150 Building Acquisition,	14,160		-		-		1,280	SECOND.	1		12,880		-
Total Facilities Acquisition													
and Construction													
Expenditures	\$ 14,969	\$	••	\$	-	\$	1,280	\$	-	\$	12,880	\$	809
Other Uses Expenditures	 Totals	OI	oject 100	Obj	ect 200	Ok	ject 300	Ob	ject 400	Ol	oject 500	Obj	ect 600
5100 Debt Service	\$ 293,770	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	293,770
5200 Transfers of Funds	-		-		-			***************************************	-	Magazina	-	******************************	-
Total Other Uses	 Access of the second se	- Love of the											
Expenditures	\$ 293,770	\$	**	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$2	93,770
Grand Total	\$ 533,755	\$		\$		\$2	214,689	\$	10,201	\$	12,880	\$2	95,985

Fund: 600 - Self Insurance

Support Services Expenditures	Totals		Ob	ject 100	Oł	oject 200	Ob	ject 300	Ok	ject 400	Obj	ect 500
2190 Service Direction, Student Support Services	1,29)1	\$	1,191	\$	100	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
2520 Fiscal Services	69,00	0		46,156		22,334		-	,	510		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	29,82	27		1,100		338		8,318		20,071		**
2640 Staff Services	75,16	31		19,625		55,427		=		109		9
Total Support Services			2017/2012/19/20		<u>Adelywydanaid</u>	9009094939 розгорож это от уго в осконовано.	Cury-garacores.	alco de conduction, eliminar de la propolitima de la properción	A - CONTROLDADA	000 000 Bill shall 2000 for all 1000, 1000 in 1000 at 1000		0.00 m/s/ 10.00 hybrid 20.00 m/s (10.00 for 10.00 m/s/
Expenditures	\$ 175,27	9	\$	68,072	\$	78,199	\$	8,318	\$	20,690	\$	-
Grand Total	\$ 175,27	9	\$	68,072	\$	78,199	\$	8,318	\$	20,690	\$	

Fund: 700 - Trust & Agency

Instruction Expenditures	T	otals	Obje	ect 100	Obje	ect 200	Ob	ject 300	Obj	ect 400	Obje	ct 500
1299 Other Programs	\$	6,813	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,813	\$	-	\$	
1300 Adult/Continuing Education		-		-		-		-				-
Programs										**************************************		
1400 Summer School Programs	honogonguero	-		-			ngangagan masaksatik	-				-
Total Instruction Expenditures	\$	6,813	\$	-	\$	04	\$	6,813	\$	**	\$	
Grand Total	\$	6,813	\$	MANAGEMENT OF THE	\$		\$	6,813	\$		\$	

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

As Required by The Oregon Deptment of Education For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

A.	A. Energy bills for heating - all funds:					Objects 325 and 326			
				Function 2540 Function 2550	\$	1,037,117			
В.		and expenditures in Object 542	, except for the	following exclusions:	***************************************	Amount			
	Exclude these function	ns: Co-curricular activities	4150	Construction	\$	34,704			
	1113, 1122 & 1132 1140	Pre-kindergarten	2550	Pupil transportation	Φ	34,704			
	1300	Continuing education	3100	Food service					
	1400	Summer school	3300	Community services					

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- (503) 620-2632 FAX (503) 684-7523

November 1, 2009

2008-09 AUDITORS' COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-16-000 the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State in cooperation with the Oregon State Board of Accountancy, enumerate the financial statements, schedules, comments and disclosures required in audit reports. The required statements and schedules are set forth in preceding pages of this report. Required comments and disclosures related to our audit of such statements and schedules are set forth as follows.

REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

We have audited the basic financial statements of Three Rivers School District, Josephine County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2009.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The management of Three Rivers School District, Josephine County, Oregon, is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Three Rivers School District, Josephine County, Oregon, for the year ended June 30, 2009, we obtained an understanding of the internal control structure. With respect to the internal control structure, we obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and we assessed control risk in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control structure. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL (CONT.)

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by internal controls.

We noted matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that we consider to be significant deficiencies under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, which are noted in the schedule of findings and questioned costs on page 56.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors and irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control structure and its operations that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Because of a limited number of available personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records or to all phases of a transaction. Consequently, the possibility exists that unintentional or intentional errors or irregularities could exist and not be promptly detected.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ACCOUNTING RECORDS

The accounting records were adequate for audit.

BUDGET TRANSACTIONS

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2009, except as noted on page 20 on this report.

2008-09 AND 2009-10 BUDGETS

Based on our testing, there appeared to be compliance with legal requirements related to the preparation and adoption of the annual budgets for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2010.

COLLATERAL SECURING BANK DEPOSITS

Deposits throughout the year appeared to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury based upon our testing. Deposits in the State Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

INVESTMENTS

The investments for the year ending June 30, 2009 were reviewed, and based on our testing, appear to comply with the legal requirements pertaining to the investment of public funds contained in ORS 294.035.

PUBLIC CONTRACTS AND PURCHASING

The procedures for awarding public contracts were reviewed, and based on our testing, appear to be in compliance with ORS Chapter 279.

INSURANCE AND FIDELITY BONDS

Details concerning insurance and fidelity bond coverage were reviewed during the audit. The coverage provided appears to meet legal requirements. We do not have the professional expertise to state whether the insurance coverage is adequate.

STATUTORY BONDED DEBT LIMITATION

The bonded debt outstanding appeared to be within the provisions of ORS 552.645.

PROGRAMS FUNDED FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES

We reviewed and tested, to the extent we considered necessary in the circumstances, transactions and reports relative to federal and state grant programs. Our reports concerning grant compliance and a schedule of federal financial assistance are contained in this report in the Grant Compliance Review Section.

STATE HIGHWAY

There were no programs funded from State Highway funds during the year ended June 30, 2009.

INDEPENDENT ELECTED OFFICIALS

There was no elected official collecting or receiving funds on behalf of the District.

STATE SCHOOL FUND DISTRIBUTION INFORMATION

We have performed the procedures recommended by the Oregon Secretary of State, Audits Division, regarding compliance with the requirements of ORS 327.013 as further defined by the Oregon State Department of Education pertaining to the calculation and reporting of the factors used to compute the State School Fund distribution for the year ended June 30, 2009.

There was compliance with ORS 327.013 requirements, except for two instances involving student attendance. Two students were not dropped from the attendance rolls after being absent for more than ten consecutive days.

Pauly, Rogers and Co. P.C.
PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

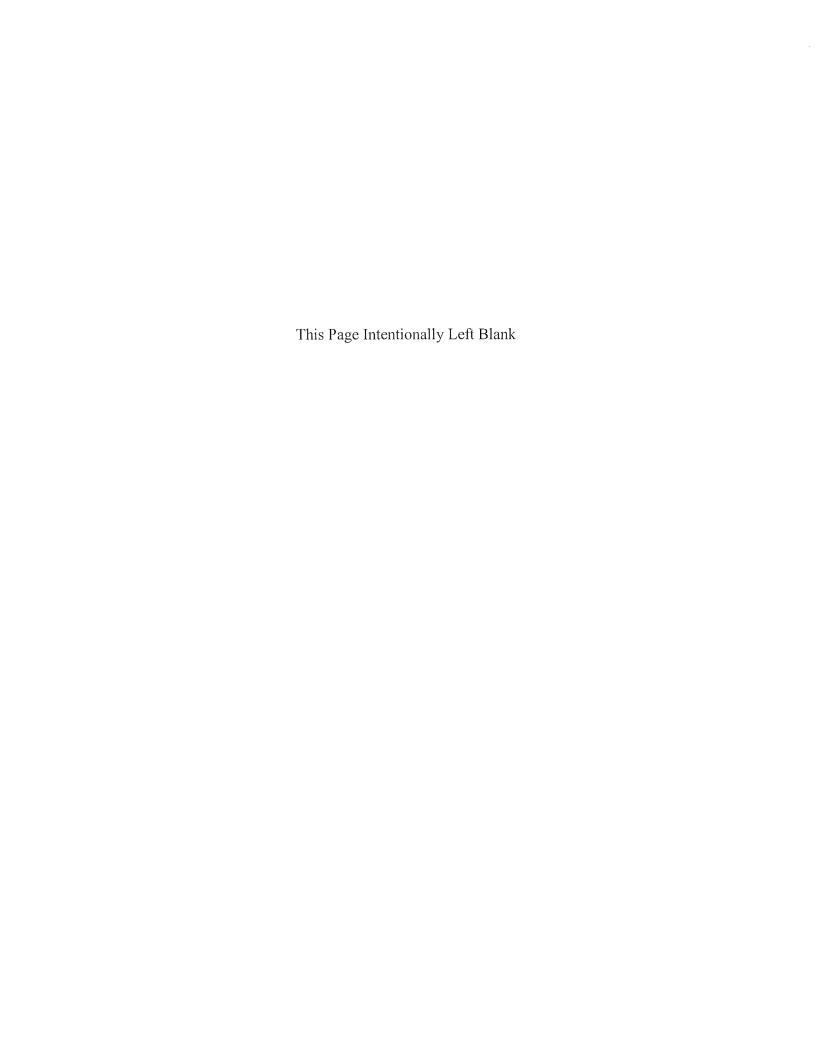


GRANT COMPLIANCE REVIEW



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	GRANT PERIOD	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	SUB GRANT NUMBER	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMOUNT	2008-09 EXPENDITURES
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRAN	TOR / PROGRAM T	TITLE			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Local & Federal Sources Passed Through State Department of Educa	ition:				
TITLE I					
Title IA	7/2007-9/2008	84.010	10028	\$ 2,016,380	\$ 280,165
Title IA	7/2008-9/2009	84.010	12886	2,141,383	1,809,012
Rural Ed Achievement	7/2007-9/2008	84.358	11671	166,056	20,893
Rural Ed Achievement	7/2008-9/2009 9/2007-8/2008	84.358 84.196	14337 11008	135,033 11,400	134,833 9,845
McKinney Homeless McKinney Homeless	9/2008-8/2009	84.196	13968	10,206	3,922
TITLE IIA					
Title IIA	7/2007-9/2008	84.367	10246	507,693	75,912 (1)
Title IIA	7/2008-9/2009	84.367	13117	494,027	417,796 (1)
Statewide Literacy Outreach	10/2008-4/2009	84.367	12494	1,919	1,919 (1)
TITLE IID					
Title IID	7/2007-9/2008	84.318	10428	19,621	13,668
Title IID	7/2008-9/2009	84.318	13299	20,143	20,143
Enhanced Education thru Tech	12/2007-9/2008	84.318	9680	80,695	25,166
TITLE IV - SDFS Part I					
Public Law 99-570	7/2006-9/2007	84.186	8671	37,132	3,510
Public Law 99-570	7/2007-9/2008	84.186	11190	35,306	2,182
Public Law 99-570	7/2008-9/2009	84.186	14148	28,341	23,567
IDEA					
IDEA Part B	7/2007-12/2008	84.027	11502	937,053	238,429 (1)
IDEA Part B	7/2008-12-2009	84.027	13711	923,508	903,841 (1)
SPR&I	8/2008-6/2009	84.027	13513	4,409	869 (1)
IDEA Enhancement	8/2008-9/2009	84.027	14723	7,500	3,000 (1)
Extended Assessment	10/2008-6/2009	84.027	13877	1,106	694 (1)
Title I - N&D SOASTC	7/2007-6/2009	84.027			4,434 (1)
OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS					
Oregon Adv Placement Inc	12/2007-9/2008	84.330	11655	10,000	2,598
Oregon Adv Placement Inc	12/2008-9/2009	84.330	14203	10,000	2,244
21st Century Community Learning	2/2007-1/2008	84.287	9202	117,093	29,273
21st Century Community Learning	2/2008-1/2009	84.287	12076	121,378	114,521
Statewide Literacy Outreach	10/2008-4/2009	84.048	12494	402	402
Gear Up	10/2007-9/2008 10/2008-9/2009	84.334 84.334		35,500 40,000	8,259 28,466
Gear Up SFSF	2/2009-6/2009	84.394		1,030,536	1,030,536 (1)
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF		04.554			\$ 5,210,099
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through State Department of Educa	ation.				
NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST PRO		10.553		385,890	371,230
NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRA		10.555		1,167,244	1,198,308
SUMMER FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM		10.559		60,543	60,226
Total National School Lunch Program				1,613,677	1,629,764
Passed Through Josephine County:					
FEDERAL FOREST FEES		10.665		286,493	286,493 (1)
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF	AGRICULTURE			286,493	286,493
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE				\$ 10,843,990	\$ 7,126,356
(1) Indicates major program				***************************************	
• • •					



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November 1, 2009

To the Board of Education Three Rivers School District Josephine County, Oregon

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of Three Rivers School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Three Rivers School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the internal controls.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Three Rivers School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Three Rivers School District in the schedule findings and questioned costs on page 56.

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, the federal award agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pauly, Rogers and Co. P.C. PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

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 TIGARD, OREGON 97223
- (503) 620-2632 FAX (503) 684-7523

November 1, 2009

To the Board of Education Three Rivers School District Josephine County, Oregon

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Three Rivers School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. Three Rivers School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Three Rivers School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Three Rivers School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Three Rivers School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Three Rivers School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Three Rivers School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal controls that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below.

A control deficiency in internal controls over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the internal controls.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the internal controls.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

Pauly Rogers and Co.P.C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of Auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:		Unqualified	
Material weakness(es) identified?	that are not	Yes	XNo
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified considered to be material weakness 		X_Yes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statem	ents noted?	Yes	XNo
Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified? • Significant deficiency(ies) identified considered to be material weakness		Yes Yes	X_NoX_None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on complian	nce for major program	s: Unqualified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are require accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Cir		Yes	XNo
Identification of major programs			
CFDA Number(s):	Name of Federal Pr	ogram:	
84.367 84.394 84.027 10.665	Title IIA State Fiscal Stabiliz IDEA Federal Forest Fees		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	en type A and type B p	orograms:	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	No

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity Three Rivers School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2009-1

<u>Condition:</u> Adequate controls were not in place to ensure cash collections were properly recorded at an elementary school.

<u>Criteria:</u> Proper controls should be in place and monitored to ensure that all cash received is properly recorded. At a minimum, documentation should include the following information: payer(s) name, form of payment, amount paid, date of payment, serviced or product rendered, account code, and initials of person(s) collecting cash.

<u>Effect:</u> Without adequate controls or procedures in place to properly record cash receipts, the likelihood of an intentional error or irregularity existing and not being detected over time could result in a material misstatement in the financial statements.

<u>Cause:</u> Madrona Elementary School is not issuing prenumbered cash receipts on an individual basis when cash is received.

Recommendations: We recommend that when cash is taken in to custody, that a prenumbered cash receipt is immediately issued and at a minimum it identifies the payer(s) name, form of payment, amount paid, date of payment, serviced or product rendered, account code, and initials of person(s) collecting cash. In addition, all receipts should be reconciled to corresponding bank deposit batches.

Response: Currently, the district student activity fund guidelines do not require elementary schools to issue pre-numbered receipts. The accounting system used by the elementary bookkeepers does provide all of the information required in the "Criteria" above. At the annual district bookkeeper meeting in January 2010, we will discuss changing this procedure and the process to implement it keeping in mind the uniqueness of an elementary setting, limited personnel, and minute transaction amounts.

2009-2

<u>Condition:</u> Adequate controls were not in place to ensure activity fund bank reconciliations were reviewed for completeness and accuracy by someone independent of the person reconciling cash. In most cases, the person receiving and recording cash was also the same person who was reconciling the bank statements. Due to the limited number of available personnel at the activity fund level, it may not be possible to properly segregate duties. Therefore compensating controls should be in place to mitigate risks.

<u>Criteria:</u> Proper controls should be in place and monitored to ensure monthly bank reconciliations are accurate and complete.

<u>Effect:</u> Without adequate controls or procedures in place to ensure the bank reconciliations are reviewed for accuracy and completeness, the likelihood of an intentional error or irregularity existing and not being detected over time could result in a material misstatement in the financial statements.

<u>Cause:</u> Insufficient resources appeared to be allocated to monitoring the bank reconciliation function at the activity fund level.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

<u>Recommendations:</u> We recommend that someone independent of the bank reconciliation, such as the building principal, review the bank reconciliation for accuracy and completeness on a monthly basis.

<u>Response:</u> Management disagrees with the Condition and Criteria of this finding because there are written controls and procedures in place, and audits of those controls take place. However, management does agree with the recommendation from Pauly, Rogers and Co., P.C., that the building principal be responsible for the review of monthly reconciliations instead of the accounting manager. As of January 2010, all administrators will be required to review and sign the monthly reports.

2009-3

<u>Condition:</u> Inadequate controls over activity fund disbursements at Madrona Elementary School & Hidden Valley High School. No formal purchase order or requisition appeared to be in place which documented approval.

<u>Criteria:</u> All disbursements should be processed with a formal purchase order, or requisition. Purchase orders, or requisitions, should be used to identify the purpose of the purchase, the specific account number, and ensure that proper approval has be made, and is evident, prior to issuing payment.

<u>Effect:</u> Due to the lack of District wide controls over activity fund disbursements, the likelihood of an intentional error or irregularity existing and not being detected over time could result in a material misstatement in the financial statements.

<u>Cause:</u> Madrona Elementary School did not appear to have a formal purchasing policy in place; as a result, a reimbursement for a T-Shirt purchase was made without a receipt to substantiate the reimbursement. Hidden Valley High School also made a disbursement without an invoice or a receipt to substantiate the disbursement.

Recommendations: We recommend that the District develop and implement formal purchasing policies and procedures for student activity funds. The District should consider developing a standard purchase order/ requisition which documents the purpose of the expenditure, the account code, and evidence of approval for the disbursement.

<u>Response:</u> The district has a formal policy and detailed guidelines to direct the schools with their use and oversight of student body funds. All bookkeepers meet annually to review the policies, and discuss best practices for their duties. These items and their importance will be discussed at the January 2010 meeting. In addition, these types of discrepancies will be addressed at the all administrator meeting in January 2010. Administrators will be directed to educate club and athletic coordinators on the purchasing guidelines.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

There were no federal award findings or questions costs for the audit ending June 30, 2009.

