BELLVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

BELLVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

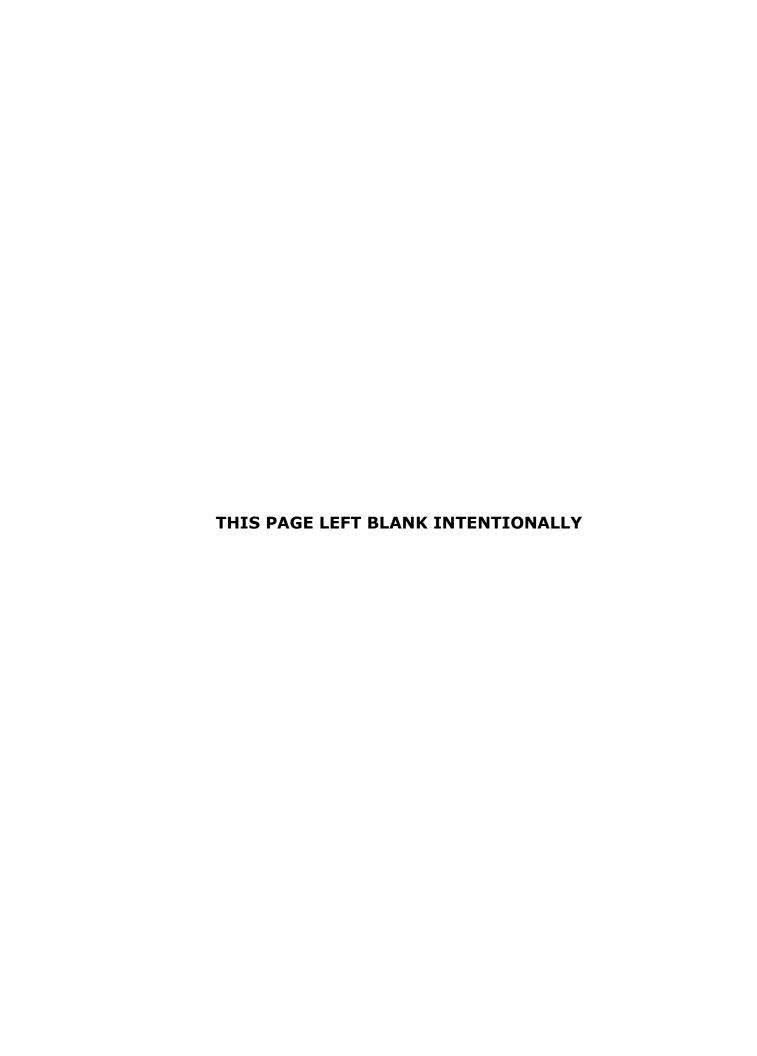
TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhib</u>	<u>it</u>	<u>Page</u>
	Certificate of Board	1
	Independent Auditor's Report	2
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic	Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	10
B-1	Statement of Activities	11
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	13
C-2	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	15
C-4	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	16
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
E-1	Statement of Net Position	17
E-2	Statement of Changes in Net Position	18
	Notes to the Financial Statements	19
Requi	ired Supplementary Information	
G-1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – General Fund	39
	Notes to Required Budgetary Schedule	40
G-2	Schedule to the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teacher Retirement System	41
G-3	Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions Teacher Retirement System	43
G-4	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care)	45

G-5	Schedule of the District's OPEB Contributions Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care)	46
Comb	pining Statements	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet	47
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	52
H-3	Combining Statement of Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds	57
H-4	Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds	58
Requ	ired TEA Schedules	
J-1	Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	59
J-4	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – National Breakfast and Lunch Program Fund	61
J-5	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	62
Fede	ral Awards and Other Compliance Section	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	63
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance	65
K-1	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	67
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	68
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	69
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	70
L-1	Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	71

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Bellville Independent School District Name of School District	Austin County	008-901 Co.Dist.Number				
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a	nnual financial reports of t	he above-named school district				
were reviewed and (check one) approved disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2020, at a						
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 19th day of November, 2020.						
Signature of Board Secretary	Signat	ure of Board President				
Signature of Board Secretary	Signat	are or board Fresidence				
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor (attach list as necessary)	's report, the reason(s) for	disapproving it is (are):				



401 West State Highway 6 Waco, Texas 76710

254.772.4901 pbhcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Bellville Independent School District Bellville, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bellville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bellville Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bellville Independent School District, as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bellville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining statements, required TEA schedules, Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements, required TEA schedules, Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, required TEA schedules, Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2020 on our consideration of Bellville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bellville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas November 19, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the Bellville Independent School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position at August 31, 2020 was \$17,297,942.
- For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the District's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$15,941,392, of which \$174,278 is nonspendable for prepaid items, \$4,507,143 is committed for construction and capital projects, \$600,000 is committed for self-insurance, \$600,000 is committed for residential placement, \$1,000,000 is committed of stabilization, and \$9,059,971 is unassigned.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (the general fund plus all state and federal grant funds and the debt service fund) reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,352,793.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of three parts — Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information. The basic statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the fiduciary resources belong. These funds include student activity funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes to the financial statements are followed by a section entitled Required Supplementary Information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base, staffing patterns, enrollment, and attendance.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, general administration, and plant operation and maintenance are included in governmental activities. Locally assessed property taxes, together with State foundation program entitlements, which are based upon student enrollment and attendance, finance most of the governmental activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds — not the District as a whole. Funds are simply accounting devices that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and other funds are mandated by bond agreements or bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees (the "Board") establishes other funds to control and manage money set aside for particular purposes or to show that the District is properly using certain taxes and grants.
- Other funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity these assets do not belong to the District, but the District is responsible to properly account for them.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District serves as the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as student activity
 funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their
 intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary
 net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the
 District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its
 governmental operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$17,297,942 at August 31, 2020. Table 1 focuses on net position while Table 2 shows the revenues and expenses that changed the net position balance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020.

Table 1 indicates the overall condition of the District improved. Current assets increased due to an increase in cash receipts received from State Funding increases from HB3 and expense savings from school closings due to COVID-19 as compared to the prior fiscal year. Additionally, receivables from other governments increased almost \$1.9 million. These receivables were for FEMA, school health and related services (SHARS), ESSER Cares Act Grant and other grants. Long-term liabilities decreased as a result of decreases in the District's net pension, other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities and bond payments.

TABLE 1 NET POSITION

	2020	2019	Change	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 20,782,762 31,132,262	\$ 18,789,748 31,339,280	\$ 1,993,014 (207,018)	
Total assets	51,915,024	50,129,028	1,785,996	
Deferred charges on refunding	1,051,643	1,115,444	(63,801)	
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,300,937 1,686,751	3,892,957 1,276,641	(592,020) 410,110	
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,039,331	6,285,042	(245,711)	
Current liabilities	2,327,618	1,441,151	886,467	
Long-term liabilities	33,780,104	35,521,431	(1,741,327)	
Total liabilities	36,107,722	36,962,582	(854,860)	
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,023,317 3,525,374	355,008 2,661,172	668,309 864,202	
Deferred lilliows related to OPLB	3,323,374	2,001,172	804,202	
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,548,691	3,016,180	1,532,511	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	13,025,157 1,654,034	12,013,744 1,652,985	1,011,413 1,049	
Unrestricted	2,618,751	2,768,579	(149,828)	
Total net position	\$ <u>17,297,942</u>	\$ <u>16,435,308</u>	\$862,634	

Table 2 reflects the District reporting an overall decrease in revenues when compared to the prior fiscal year mainly due to a decrease in student enrollment, FEMA (one-time Hurricane Harvey remediation payment received in 2019), Hurricane Harvey insurance payment received in 2019, and investment earnings due to decreases in interest rates. Expenses increased mainly due to a compensation increase averaging 5%, COVID-19 expenses and new program pathway startup cost.

TABLE 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2020		2019		Change	
REVENUES						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	551,327	\$	688,610	\$(137,283)
Operating grants and contributions		4,902,144		4,614,814		287,330
Capital grants and contributions		-		431,477	(431,477)
General revenues:						
Property taxes		16,419,968		16,405,035		14,933
State foundation program		6,214,209		6,328,698	(114,489)
Investment earnings		340,956		475,557	(134,601)
Miscellaneous		128,941		228,900	(99,959)
Extraordinary item - insurance recovery				229,895	(229,895)
Total revenues		28,557,545		29,402,986	(845,441)
EXPENSES						
Instruction		15,493,180		14,478,966		1,014,214
Instructional resources and media services		308,855		319,731	(10,876)
Curriculum and instructional staff development		245,843		141,178		104,665
Instructional leadership		378,572		362,743		15,829
School leadership		1,333,738		1,205,346		128,392
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		875,079		823,093		51,986
Health services		300,416		254,963		45,453
Student (pupil) transportation		1,139,776		1,255,333	(115,557)
Food services		1,353,151		1,407,152	(54,001)
Co-curricular/extra curricular activities		1,144,157		1,237,208	(93,051)
General administration		1,115,547		975,939		139,608
Plant maintenance and operations		2,604,642		2,413,835		190,807
Security and monitoring services		245,421		342,572	(97,151)
Data processing services		200,769		186,262		14,507
Community services		_		2,141	(2,141)
Debt service - interest on long-term debt		615,490		652,480	(36,990)
Debt service - bond issuance costs		1,300		1,300		-
Contracted instructional services		-		146,252	(146,252)
Other intergovernmental changes		338,975	_	304,727		34,248
Total expenses		27,694,911	_	26,511,221		1,183,690
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	_	862,634	_	2,891,765	(2,029,131)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	_	16,435,308	_	13,543,543		2,891,765
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	17,297,942	\$	16,435,308	\$	862,634

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year ending August 31, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,352,793. This compares to a combined fund balance of \$16,249,523 at August 31, 2019. The fund balance in the general fund increased \$1,001,536 as a net result of increased state revenues from HB3 and decreases in expenses from school closures due to COVID-19.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting standards, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the food service special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the period ended August 31, 2020, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenses. During the fiscal year, there were no material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget. The general fund's actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$524,137 due to state Foundation Allotment adjustment from ESSER funding through the CARES Act and a decrease in enrollment. In addition, the District's actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$2,008,704. Expenditures were less than budgeted mainly due to ESSER Grant Transfer out, COVID-19 school closure cost savings, and general cost savings in capital outlay.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are generally defined as those items that have useful lives of two years or more and have an initial cost of an amount determined by the Board. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the District used a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which means that all capital type assets, including library books, with a cost or initial value of less than \$5,000 were not included in the capital assets inventory.

At August 31, 2020, the District had a total of \$54,185,602 invested in capital assets such as land, construction in progress, buildings, vehicles, and District equipment. This total includes \$1,333,399 invested during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020 with the major invested capital assets being:

- SMART Tag (bus monitoring system)
- Bus video equipment
- Auditorium renovation and upgrades
- Junior High lounge renovation
- O'Bryant Intermediate Canopy Walkway
- West End Roof (construction in progress)
- Security servers
- · Wireless hotspots

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

At year end, the District had \$17,545,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding versus \$18,730,000 last year. The decrease in long-term debt obligations is due to principal payments paid during the year totaling \$1,185,000. No new debt was issued and no new bond refundings were completed in the fiscal year.

The District carries a net pension liability of \$6,280,341, which decreased over the prior year balance of \$6,478,845. Further, a net other post-employment benefits liability of \$8,148,991 decreased over the prior year balance of \$8,415,464.

More detailed information about the long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

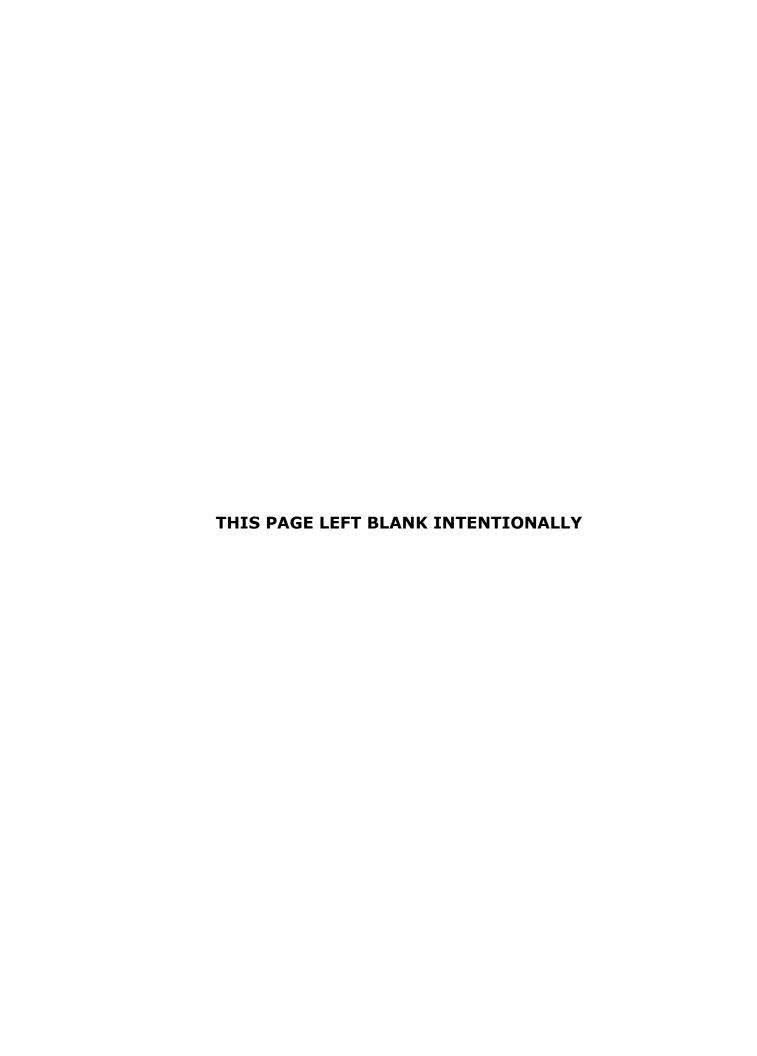
The following factors were considered in establishing the District's budget for 2019-2020:

- The COVID-19 pandemic caused unpreceded uncertainty. In 2019-2020 the pandemic caused school
 closures for most of the spring semester and tremendous uncertainty going into the 2020-2021 school
 year. Enrollment, attendance rates, staffing, additional expenses and the economic impact all were
 factures considered in the 2020-2021 budgets.
- The 86th Legislature passed House Bill 3, a comprehensive school finance reform bill that provided
 additional state revenues for the biennium. Conservative budget estimates were use in 2019-2020 due
 to the complexity of the bill and the changes in funding data elements. The same approach was taken
 for the 2020-2021 budget as repercussions of these changes both positive and negative will likely take
 the biennium to be completely flushed out.
- The District saw a decrease in enrollment in 2019-2020. Based on the 2019-2020 school year and forecasted projections, the 2020-2021 enrollment will decrease as incoming kindergarten and pre-k enrollment classes have been declining.
- The District adopted a tax rate of \$1.1352, a reduction of 4.07 pennies due to tax rate compression in HB3. The difference in tax collections was covered by the state with changes in the formula funding in HB3.
- The board has positively positioned the district with conservative budgeting as we continue to study and understand the effects of HB3.
- District officials anticipate that the fund balance for the general fund will be fiscally sound, able to sustain cash flow requirements, and meet recommended general fund balance levels for 2020-2021.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and creditors with a general fund overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's commitment to accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Dennis Jurek, Assistant Superintendent of Finance and Operations at (979) 865-3133.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		1 Governmental
Codes	_	Activities
1110 1220 1230 1240 1290 1410	ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivables Allowance for uncollectible taxes Due from other governments Other receivables Deferred expenses	\$ 18,154,738 761,918 (190,479) 1,866,445 15,862 174,278
1510 1520 1530 1580 1000	Capital assets: Land Buildings and improvements, net Furniture and equipment, net Construction in progress Total assets	1,462,020 27,365,051 1,789,316 515,875 51,915,024
1701 1705 1706 1700	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on bond refunding Deferred outflow related to pensions Deferred outflow related to other post-employment benefits Total deferred outflows of resources	1,051,643 3,300,937 1,686,751 6,039,331
2110 2140 2160 2200 2310	Accounts payable Interest payable Accrued wages payable Accrued expenses Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities:	514,939 43,522 1,106,625 31,762 630,770
2501 2502 2540 2545 2000	Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Net other post-employment benefits liability Total liabilities	650,000 18,700,772 6,280,341 8,148,991 36,107,722
2605 2606 2600	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow related to pensions Deferred inflow related to other post-employment benefits Total deferred inflows of resources	1,023,317 3,525,374 4,548,691
3200 3820 3850	NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Federal and state programs Debt sorvice	13,025,157 343,611 1,309,504
3890 3900 3000	Debt service Other purposes Unrestricted Total net position	1,309,504 919 2,618,751 \$ 17,297,942

BELLVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control			1	<u> </u>	Program Revenues 3 Charges
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		r Services
	Primary government:				_
11 12 13 21 23 31 33 34 35 36 41 51 52 53 72 73 99	Governmental activities: Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Health services Student transportation Food service Extracurricular activities General administration Facilities maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services Interest on long-term debt Bond issuance costs and fees Other intergovernmental changes [TG] Total governmental activities	\$ - \$	15,493,180 308,855 245,843 378,572 1,333,738 875,079 300,416 1,139,776 1,353,151 1,144,157 1,115,547 2,604,642 245,421 200,769 615,490 1,300 338,975 27,694,911	\$ \$	66,680 - - - - - - 416,918 67,729 - - - - - - -
		Ψ_	27/03 1/311	Ψ	331/327
MT DT GC	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs				
ΙE	Investment earnings				
MI	Miscellaneous				
TR	Total general revenues				
CN	Change in net position				
NB	Net position, beginning				
NE	Net position, ending				

Program	Revenues	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in in Net Position
4	5	6
Operating	Capital	Primary Gov.
Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Contributions	Continuations	Activities
\$ 2,818,247 30,297 88,028 53,869 125,533 302,764 33,163 268,952 659,257 52,632 69,593 311,316 27,000 14,180 47,313	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$(12,608,253) (278,558) (157,815) (324,703) (1,208,205) (572,315) (267,253) (870,824) (276,976) (1,023,796) (1,045,954) (2,293,326) (218,421) (186,589) (568,177) (1,300)
		(338,975)
\$ <u>4,902,144</u>	\$	(22,241,440)
		14,466,294 1,953,674 6,214,209 340,956 128,941 23,104,074 862,634 16,435,308 \$ 17,297,942

BALANCE SHEET

AUGUST 31, 2020

10

			10				
Data							Total
Control			General		Other	G	overnmental
Codes	_		Fund		Funds		Funds
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,417,660	\$	1,737,078	\$	18,154,738
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		660,109		101,809		761,918
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)	(165,027)	(25,452)	(190,479)
1240	Due from other governments		1,348,791		517,654		1,866,445
1260	Due from other funds		619,707		37,886		657,593
1290	Other receivables		-		15,862		15,862
1410	Deferred expenditures		174,278		-		174,278
1000	Total assets		19,055,518		2,384,837	_	21,440,355
	LIABILITIES						
2110	Accounts payable		355,713		159,226		514,939
2160	Accrued wages payable		1,072,843		33,782		1,106,625
2170	Due to other funds		-		657,593		657,593
2200	Accrued expenditures		22,204		3,645		25,849
2310	Unearned revenues		579,073		51,697		630,770
2000	Total liabilities	_	2,029,833		905,943		2,935,776
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2601	Unavailable revenue		1,084,293		67,493		1,151,786
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources		1,084,293		67,493		1,151,786
			, ,		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u> </u>
	FUND BALANCES						
	Nonspendable:						
3430	Prepaid items		174,278		-		174,278
	Restricted:						
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		1,285,533		1,285,533
3490	Museum		-		919		919
	Committed:						
3510	Construction		4,507,143		-		4,507,143
3540	Self-insurance		600,000		-		600,000
3545	Other		1,600,000		124,949		1,724,949
3600	Unassigned		9,059,971				9,059,971
3000	Total fund balances		15,941,392		1,411,401		17,352,793
4000	Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
	and fund balances	\$	19,055,518	\$	2,384,837	\$	21,440,355

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	17,352,793
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		31,132,262
2 Some receivables are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds balance sheet, but are recognized as a revenue in the statement of activities.		
Property taxes School health and related services (SHARS) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)		505,106 303,069 343,611
3 Long-term liabilities, including bonds, and accreted interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Also, the losses on refunding of bonds and the premium on issuance of bonds payable are not reported on the balance sheet in the funds.	(18,299,129)
4 Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(43,522)
5 The liabilities for workers' compensation is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(5,913)
6 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to pensions included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,300,937, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$1,023,317, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$6,280,341. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(4,002,721)
7 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to the OPEB included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,686,751, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$3,525,374, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$8,148,991. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	<u>(</u>	9,987,614)
19 Net position of governmental activities	\$	17,297,942

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data			10				Total
Contro			General		Other	(Sovernmental
Codes			Fund		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	15,075,461	\$	2,454,461	\$	17,529,922
5800	State program		7,268,683		231,162		7,499,845
5900	Federal program		325,527	_	2,387,158		2,712,685
5020	Total revenues		22,669,671		5,072,781		27,742,452
	EXPENDITURES						
0011	Current: Instruction		12 226 750		1 225 026		12 572 576
0011 0012			12,336,750		1,235,826		13,572,576
0012	Instructional resources and media services		276,528		7 77 051		276,535
	Curriculum and instructional staff development		142,376		77,051		219,427
0021	Instructional leadership		344,462		-		344,462
0023	School leadership		1,205,913		- 212.44F		1,205,913
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		562,718		212,445		775,163
0033	Health services		266,943		5,983		272,926
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		804,521		143,540		948,061
0035	Food services		635		1,220,915		1,221,550
0036	Extracurricular activities		913,580		49,974		963,554
0041	General administration		1,035,392		-		1,035,392
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		1,916,985		209,898		2,126,883
0052	Security and monitoring services		223,750		27,000		250,750
0053	Data processing services		183,219		-		183,219
0074	Debt service:				1 105 000		1 105 000
0071	Principal on long term debt		-		1,185,000		1,185,000
0072	Interest on long term debt		-		633,233		633,233
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		-		1,300		1,300
0001	Capital outlay:		1 004 262				1 004 262
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		1,084,263		-		1,084,263
0000	Intergovernmental:		338,975		_		338,975
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	_	-	-		_	
6030	Total expenditures	_	21,637,010	-	5,002,172	_	26,639,182
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
	(under) expenditures	_	1,032,661	_	70,609		1,103,270
	Other fine a single course (uses)						
7015	Other financing sources (uses)				21 125		21 125
7915	Transfers in	,	- 21 12E\		31,125	(31,125
8911	Transfers out	7	31,125)	_		_	31,125)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(</u>	31,125)	-	31,125	_	-
1200	Net change in fund balances		1,001,536		101,734		1,103,270
	5		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>		
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	_	14,939,856	_	1,309,667	_	16,249,523
		+	15 041 202	,	1 411 401	+	17 252 702
3000	Fund balance - Ending	\$	15,941,392	\$ __	1,411,401	\$	17,352,793

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net change in fund b	palances - total	governmental	funds
----------------------	------------------	--------------	-------

\$ 1,103,270

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

207,018)

(

Some receivables are not considered available revenues and are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.

Property taxes
School health and related services (SHARS)
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

21,064 80,761

87,866)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of principal repayment during the fiscal year.

1,185,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of premium and deferred loss on refunding of bonds payable Accrued interest on long-term debt Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Workers' compensation liability

33,431 9,806) 5,882)

876)

GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$383,244. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$422,868. Finally, the proportionate share of pension expense on the plans as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$1,022,201. The net result is a decrease in net position.

(1,061,825)

GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$129,304. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$122,296. Finally, the proportionate share of OPEB expense on the plans as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by \$194,627. The net result is a decrease in net position.

187,619)

Change in net position of governmental activities

862,634

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2020

	Private-		Agency Fund		
	Purpose Trust Funds				
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,635	\$	55,769		
Restricted assets	75,000				
Total assets	80,635	_	55,769		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	-		2,836		
Due to student groups	-	_	52,933		
Total liabilities		_	55,769		
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for scholarships	80,635				
Total net position	\$ <u>80,635</u>				

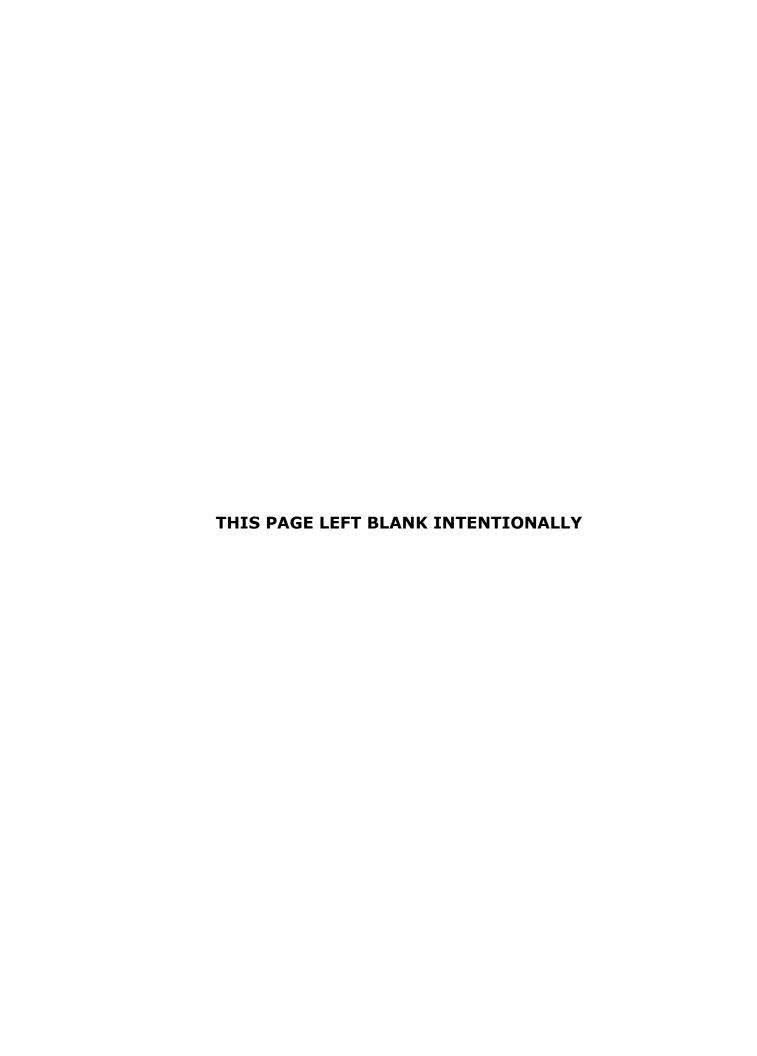
BELLVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT E-2

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

ADDITIONS Investment income Total additions	Private- Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u> \$ <u>1,352</u> 1,352
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship awards Total deductions	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,048)
Net position - Beginning	81,683
Net position - Ending	\$\$



BELLVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AUGUST 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Bellville Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (the "Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to grant awards and entitlements from federal, state, and local agencies. These funds are primarily on a reimbursement basis and have a program year that does not always coincide with the District's fiscal year. Nearly all of these funds cannot carry a fund balance and, other than the food service fund, none of these funds are legally required to have an adopted budget.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for tax revenues and for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on long-term debt for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all the debt obligations have been met.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, Net Position/Fund</u> Balance, Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Deposits and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The District's investments in Pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

3. Deferred Expenditures/Expenses

Deferred expenditures are payments made by the District in the current year that benefit the District in a future period. A corresponding portion of fund balance is shown as nonexpendable in governmental funds to indicate it is not available for other subsequent expenditures. Deferred items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities' column in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Life
_	
Buildings and infrastructure	30-50
Building improvements	20
Vehicles	2-18
Equipment	3-18

5. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net position (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had the following deferred outflows of resources:

• Deferred outflows of resources for refunding – Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, this deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

- Deferred outflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability, the results of differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions and changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.
- Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB Reported in the government-wide financial statement
 of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the
 measurement date of the net pension liability, the differences between projected and actual
 investment earnings, and changes in proportion and difference between the employer's
 contributions and the proportionate share of contributions. The deferred outflows related to
 OPEB resulting to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized
 as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net position (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had two items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflow of resources for unavailable revenues Reported only in the governmental
 funds balance sheet, for unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified
 accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of
 revenues in the period that the amounts become available. During the current year, the District
 recorded deferred inflow of resources as unavailable revenues property taxes with the General
 Fund and Debt Service Fund respectively.
- Deferred inflow of resources for pensions Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, as well as changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions.
- Deferred inflow of resources for OPEB Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience and changes in actuarial assumptions.

6. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers in and Transfers out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

9. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

10. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond and grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

11. Fund Balance Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

12. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Non-spendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board or by an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

13. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base policy development and funding plans.

14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is at least reasonably possible that the foundation revenue estimates as of August 31, 2020 will change.

II. Detailed Notes on Activities and Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions: 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; 2) certificates of deposit; 3) certain municipal securities; 4) securities lending program; 5) repurchase agreements; 6) bankers' acceptances; 7) mutual funds; 8) investment pools; 9) guaranteed investment contracts; and 10) commercial paper.

Deposit risk of the District includes the following:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2020, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

B. Other Receivables

Other receivables consist of \$15,862 outstanding café deposits in other governmental funds.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciate	ed:			
Land	\$ 1,462,020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,462,020
Construction in progress		515,875		515,875
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	1,462,020	515,875	_	1,977,895
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	46,678,040	527,279	71,460	47,133,859
Equipment	1,512,688	254,673	10,000	1,757,361
Vehicles	3,476,987	35,572	196,072	3,316,487
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	51,667,715	817,524	277,532	52,207,707
Less accumulated deprecation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(18,627,510)	(1,212,758)	(71,460)	(19,768,808)
Equipment	(990,364)	(94,514)	(10,000)	(1,074,878)
Vehicles	(2,172,581)	(218,815)	(181,742)	(2,209,654)
	(21,790,455)	(1,526,087)		(23,053,340)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,170,400)	(1,320,007)	(263,202)	(23,003,340)
Total governmental activities				
captial assets, net	\$ <u>31,339,280</u>	\$ <u>(192,688</u>)	\$ <u>14,330</u>	\$ <u>31,132,262</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	747,678
Instruction Resources & Media Services		8,000
Curriculum & Staff Development		5,504
School Leadership		3,554
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		1,773
Health Services		2,703
Student (Pupil) Transportation		230,196
Food Services		22,041
Extracurricular Activities		143,486
General Administration		260
Plant Maintenance & Operations		337,271
Security & Monitoring Services		16,599
Data Processing Services	_	7,022
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,526,087

D. Interfund Balances

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Due From Fund Ar		Purpose
Special revenue funds	General Fund	\$	619,707	Short-term loans
Special revenue funds	Special revenue funds		37,886	Short-term loans
Total		\$	657,593	

E. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources – Unavailable Revenue</u>

At year-end the District reported unavailable deferred inflows in the governmental funds for the following:

		General		Debt
		Fund	Ser	vice Fund
Property taxes	\$	437,613	\$	67,493
Federal emergency management agency (FEMA) grant		343,611		-
School health and related services (SHARS) cost reimbursemen	t	303,069		-
Totals	\$	1,084,293	\$	67,493

F. Long-Term Debt

Governmental long-term debt activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions	R	etirements		Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental activities:										
Unlimited tax refunding bonds, series 2013	¢	8.560.000	\$		\$	60,000	\$	8.500.000	\$	180,000
Unlimited tax refunding	Ф	8,300,000	Ф	-	Ф	80,000	Ф	8,500,000	Ф	160,000
bonds, series 2015		6,795,000		-		175,000		6,620,000		370,000
Unlimited tax refunding										
bonds, series 2016		3,375,000		-		950,000		2,425,000		100,000
Accreted interest on bonds		186,142		5,882		-		192,024		-
Issuance premium/discount	_	1,710,980	_		_	97,232		1,613,748		
Total governmental activities	\$	20,627,122	\$_	5,882	\$_	1,282,232	\$	19,350,772	\$	650,000

Bonded indebtedness of the District reflected in the general long-term debt and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. These bonds were issued as unlimited tax refunding bonds and the interest rates on the bonds ranged from 2.0% to 4.0% for Series 2013 bonds; 1.6% to 4.0% for Series 2015 bonds; and 3.0% to 4.0% for Series 2016 bonds. Interest expense was \$633,233 for the year ended August 31, 2020.

The District's outstanding bonds payable contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts will be paid from the corpus of the Texas Permanent School Fund.

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended						Total
August 31,		Principal	ncipal Interest		F	Requirements
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	650,000 870,000 900,000 930,000 955,000	\$	801,048 585,938 555,138 526,613 500,088	\$	1,451,048 1,455,938 1,455,138 1,456,613 1,455,088
2026-2030 2031-2035 2036-2037	_	5,300,000 6,325,000 1,615,000	_	1,980,625 948,231 40,100	_	7,280,625 7,273,231 1,655,100
Totals	\$	17,545,000	\$	5,937,779	\$	23,482,779

G. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

The District has various operating lease agreements for copiers. Rent expenditures recognized by the District in the current year were \$87,407.

H. Committed Fund Balance

The District reported other committed fund balance on the governmental funds' balance sheet in the amount of \$1,724,949. The General Fund reported \$600,000 in residential placement and \$1,000,000 for stabilization to be used in emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The Campus Activity Fund reported the amount of \$124,949 for activities at the various campuses.

I. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. Pension Plan

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	Contribution Rates			
	2019		2020	
Member	7.7%		7.7%	
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	6.8%		7.5%	
Employers	6.8%		7.5%	
Current fiscal year employer contributions		\$	383,244	
Current fiscal year member contributions			1,159,054	
2019 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions			684,380	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational, and general or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall
 contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for
 certain instructional or administrative employees and 100% of the state contribution rate for all
 other employees.
- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of
 covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the
 Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non (OASDI) surcharge that was in effect
 in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age Survivors and
 Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the
 state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the
 state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect during fiscal year 2019
 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2019 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-Term Expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

			Long-Term
		Long-Term	Expected
	2019	New Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation ¹	Allocation ²	Rate of Return ³
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	18.00%	6.40%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	13.00%	6.30%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	9.00%	7.30%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	-	-
Private Equity	13.00%	14.00%	8.40%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries4	11.00%	16.00%	3.10%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	5.00%	4.50%
Absolute Return	-	-	-
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds4	3.00%	-	8.50%
Real Assets	14.00%	15.00%	7.30%
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00%	6.00%	-
Commodities	-	-	-
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	8.00%	5.80%/6.50% ⁵
Leverage			
Cash	1.00%	2.00%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage		(6.00%)	2.70%
Expected Return	100.00%	100.00%	7.23%

¹Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1%	Decrease in			1%	6 Increase in	
	Di	scount Rate	D	iscount Rate	D	iscount Rate	
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
District's proportionate share							
of net pension liability	\$	9,653,796	\$	6,280,341	\$	3,547,191	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$6,280,341 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	6,280,341
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	_	10,164,716
Total	\$	16,445,057

² New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020

³ 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

⁴ New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

⁵ 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0120814983% which was an increase of 0.0003108608% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,041,803 and revenue of \$1,596,743 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	26,383	\$	218,063
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,948,470		805,200
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		63,062		-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		879,778		54
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		383,244	_	
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$	3,300,937	\$	1,023,317

The net amounts of the Districts balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the		
Year Ended	Pen	sion
August 31,	Expe	ense
2021	\$	519,217
2022		442,137
2023		460,174
2024		388,745
2025		135,239
Thereafter	(51,136)

K. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans</u>

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. TRS-Care is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

	TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates			
	Me	dicare	Non-Medicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribu	ition Rat	tes
	2019	2	020
Active employee	0.65%	0.	65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.00%	1.:	25%
Employers	0.55%	0.	75%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.:	25%
Current fiscal year employer contributions		\$ 1	29,304
Current fiscal year member contributions			97,843
2019 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions		1	62,494

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employees hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, which were identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

> Rates of Mortality General Inflation Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination **Expected Payroll Growth**

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31 2019					
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal					
Inflation	2.30%					
Discount Rate	2.63% as of August 31, 2019					
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience					
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.					
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%					
Healthcare Trend Rates	4.50% to 10.25%					
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior					

Ad hoc post-employment benefit

changes None

to age 65 and 50% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. here was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% more than the discount rate that was used 2.63% in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	Decrease in scount Rate (1.63%)	Di	Discount Rate (2.63%)		6 Increase in scount Rate (3.63%)
Proportionate share of net					
OPEB liability	\$ 9,838,446	\$	8,148,991	\$	6,827,328

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$8,148,991 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 8,148,991
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 10,828,186
Total	\$ 18,977,177

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At the August 31, 2019, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0172315068% which was an increase of 0.0003772908% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	19	% Decrease	 Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate		% Increase
Proportionate share of net					
OPEB liability	\$	6,647,661	\$ 8.148.991	\$	10,160,083

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023 has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$602,310 and revenue of \$285,387 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows of Resources	 eferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$ 399,777	\$ 1,333,496		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	452,613	2,191,878		
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	879	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	704,178	-		
Contributions paid to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date	 129,304	 		
Total as of fiscal year-end	\$ 1,686,751	\$ 3,525,374		

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year OPEB						
Ended August 31,		Expense				
2021	\$(353,256)				
2022	(353,256)				
2023	(353,540)				
2024	(353,703)				
2025	(353,662)				
Thereafter	(200,510)				

L. Medicare Part D - On-behalf Payments

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of those provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments of \$70,505, \$53,027, and \$41,793were recognized for the years ended August 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively, as equal revenues and expenditures.

M. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third-party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator is renewable September 1, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

N. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

O. Shared Services Arrangements

The District participates in a shared services arrangement (SSA) for the improvement of the education of limited English proficient children funded under ESEA Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Education Service Center, Region VI, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for part of the financial activities of the SSA.

The District participates in an SSA with numerous other school districts for educational services for students with a hearing impairment. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Katy Independent School District, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for all of the financial activities of the SSA.

P. Workers' Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a Workers' Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator, Claims Administrative Services (CAS), acting on behalf of the self-funded pool, is renewable September 1, and terms, as well as costs of coverage, are included in the contractual provisions.

In accordance with state statues, the District was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss by reinsurance coverage carried through Midwest Employers Casualty, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in the state of Texas in accordance with Texas Insurance Code. Reinsurance coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$1,000,000 and for aggregate claims with a statutory limit of \$5,000,000. According to CAS, the unfunded claim benefit obligation of \$2,952 included \$0 in estimated claims incurred, but not reported.

The claim liability is based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate of claims in which have been incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. Changes in the claim's liability for workers compensation benefits for the current and prior fiscal years are summarized below:

	Fiscal Year							
		2020	2019					
Claims liability at beginning of year	\$	4,037	\$	4,797				
Current year claims and estimated changes		941	(568)				
Claims payments	(2,026)	(192)				
Claims liability at year end	\$	2,952	\$	4,037				

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a Workers' Compensation Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator, Workers' Compensation Solutions (WCS), acting on behalf of the self-funded pool, is renewable September 1, and terms, as well as costs of coverage, are included in the contractual provisions.

In accordance with state statues, the District was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss by reinsurance coverage carried through WCS, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in the state of Texas in accordance with Texas Insurance Code. According to WCS, the unfunded claim benefit obligation of \$2,961 included \$0 in estimated claims incurred, but not reported.

The claim liability is based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate of claims in which have been incurred, but not reported based on historical experience. Changes in the claim's liability for workers' compensation benefits for the current and prior fiscal years are summarized below:

		FISCa	i Year				
		2020	2019				
Claims liability at beginning of year	\$	1,000	\$	3,041			
Current year claims and estimated changes		27,942		6,983			
Claims payments	(25,981)	(9,024)			
Claims liability at year end	\$	2,961	\$	1,000			

Q. <u>Unemployment Compensation</u>

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation Pool. For the year ended, August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

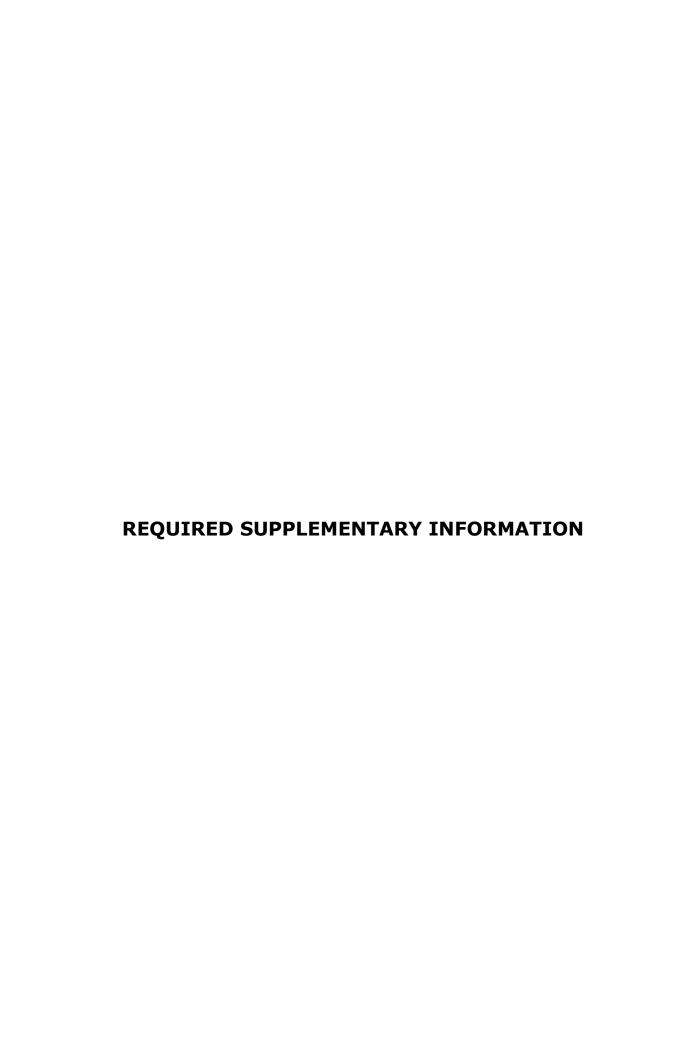
The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

R. New Accounting Standards

Significant new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the District include the following:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* – This Statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus is generally on whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and on the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. This Statement will become effective for the District in fiscal year 2021.

Statement No. 87, Leases – This Statement will improve the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities previously classifies as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financing the right to use an underlying asset. Under the Statement a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resource, enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. This Statement will become effective for the District in fiscal year 2022.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Data Control Codes			Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fii P	riance With nal Budget ositive or Negative)
	REVENUES		_				
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	15,170,746	\$ 15,332,560	\$ 15,075,461	\$(257,099)
5800	State program	Ċ	7,591,248	7,591,248	7,268,683	(322,565)
5900	Federal program		270,000	270,000	325,527	`	55,527
5020	Total revenues	-	23,031,994	23,193,808	22,669,671	(524,137)
3020	rotal revenues	-					
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		12,997,175	12,883,333	12,336,750		546,583
0012	Instructional resources and media services		290,598	290,798	276,528		14,270
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		176,261	176,261	142,376		33,885
0021	Instructional leadership		348,858	348,858	344,462		4,396
0023	School leadership		1,198,911	1,218,911	1,205,913		12,998
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		588,069	588,069	562,718		25,351
0033	Health services		252,453	272,453	266,943		5,510
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		1,121,853	1,121,853	804,521		317,332
0035	Food services		2,000	2,000	635		1,365
0036	Extracurricular activities		1,104,741	1,076,696	913,580		163,116
0041	General administration		1,155,230	1,214,093	1,035,392		178,701
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		2,228,718	2,231,957	1,916,985		314,972
0051	Security and monitoring services		384,268	384,268	223,750		160,518
0052	Data processing services		203,941	203,941	183,219		20,722
0033	Capital Outlay:		203,541	203,541	103,213		20,722
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		623,581	1,276,886	1,084,263		192,623
0001	Intergovernmental:		023,301	1,270,000	1,004,203		192,023
0099	_		355,337	355,337	338,975		16,362
	Other intergovernmental charges	-					
6030	Total expenditures	-	23,031,994	23,645,714	21,637,010		2,008,704
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
1100	(over) expenditures		_	(451,906)	1,032,661		1,484,567
	(over) expenditures	-		(431,900)	1,032,001	_	1,404,507
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)						
8911	Transfers out		_	(100,000)	(31,125)	(68,875)
0911		-		(100,000)	(31,125)		68,875)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	-		(100,000)	(31,123)		06,673)
1200	Net change in fund balance		_	(551,906)	1,001,536		1,415,692
		-		<u>, </u>	, ,		
0100	Fund balance - Beginning		14,939,856	14,939,856	14,939,856	_	
		_					
3000	Fund balance - Ending	\$_	14,939,856	\$ <u>14,387,950</u>	\$ <u>15,941,392</u>	\$	1,553,442

NOTES TO REQUIRED BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

AUGUST 31, 2020

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Child Nutrition Program and the Debt Service Fund. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The general fund budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund" and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-4 "Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Child Nutrition Program" and J-5 "Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund."

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notices of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Changes can be made to the budget at any detail within the function level without an amendment approved by the Board. During the year, several budget amendments were made with Board approval. The most significant amendments were for carryover funding; midyear adjustments of operating costs; and year-end adjustments to expenditures based on the latest information concerning operating cost. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

SCHEDULE TO THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Measurement Year Ended August 31,	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0120815%	0.0117706%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,280,341	\$ 6,478,845
States proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	10,164,716	11,358,928
Total	\$ <u>16,445,057</u>	\$ <u>17,837,773</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 13,945,766	\$ 13,697,434
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	45.03%	47.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.24%	73.74%

Note: 10 years of information is required, but information prior to 2014 is not available.

	2017		2016		2015		2014			
	0.0113756%		0.0105979%		0.0099843%		0.0050625%			
\$	3,637,316	\$	4,004,799	\$	3,529,317	\$	1,352,264			
_	6,933,612		8,304,136	_	8,102,911		7,080,982			
\$_	10,570,928	\$_	12,308,935	\$_	11,632,228	\$_	8,433,246			
\$	13,357,225	\$	12,624,400	\$	11,875,312	\$	11,648,337			
	27.23%	27.23%			29.72%		11.61%			
	82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%			

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Fiscal Year Ended August 31,		2020		2019		2018	2017	
Contractually required contribution	\$	383,244	\$	422,868	\$	398,574	\$	372,827
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(</u>	383,244)	(422,868)	_(398,574)	_(372,827)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 1	5,052,697	\$ 13	3,945,766	\$ 13	3,697,434	\$ 13	3,357,225
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		2.55%		3.03%		2.91%		2.79%

	2016		2015		2014		2014		2013		2012	2011		
\$	336,723	\$	295,641	\$	128,348	\$	108,384	\$	94,215	\$	105,417			
(336,723)	(295,641)	(128,348)	(108,384)	(94,215)	(105,417)			
\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$				
\$	12,624,400	\$	11,875,312	\$	11,648,337	\$	11,212,163	\$	11,338,031	\$	12,559,137			
	2.67%		2.49%		1.10%		0.97%		0.83%		0.82%			

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PROGRAM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Measurement Year Ended August 31,		2019		2018		2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.0172315%		0.0168542%		0.0158220%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	8,148,991	\$	8,415,464	\$	6,880,415
States proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	=	10,828,186	=	11,434,886	-	10,379,859
Total	\$_	18,977,177	\$_	19,850,350	\$_	17,260,274
District's covered employee payroll	\$	13,945,766	\$	13,697,434	\$	13,357,225
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		58.43%		61.44%		51.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

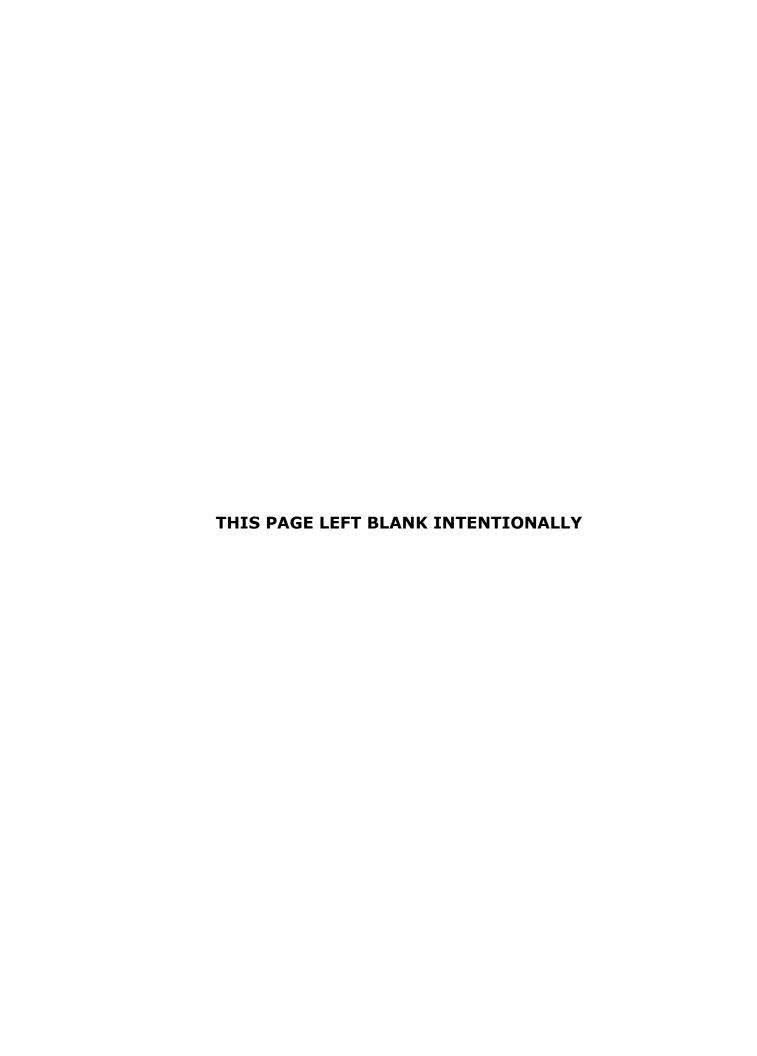
Note: 10 years of information is required, but information prior to 2017 is not available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PROGRAM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Fiscal Year Ended August 31,		2020		2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution	\$	129,304	\$	122,296	\$	116,256	
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	_(129,304)	<u>(</u>	122,296)	<u>(</u>	116,256)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$_		\$		
District's covered employee payroll	\$	15,052,697	\$	13,945,766	\$	13,694,944	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.86%		0.88%		0.85%	

Note: 10 years of information is required, but information prior to 2018 is not available.





COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds										
Data Control Codes		I	211 ESEA I, A mproving sic Program		224 IDEA Part B Formula	225 IDEA Part B Preschool						
	ASSETS		<u> </u>									
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	154,867	\$	-	\$	-					
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		-		-		-					
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		-		-		-					
1240 1260	Due from other governments Due from other funds		57,247		22,905		944					
1290	Other receivables		37,886		_		-					
1000	Total assets		250,000		22,905		944					
1000	Total assets	-	230,000		22,903		944					
	LIABILITIES											
2110	Accounts payable		_		_		-					
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		-		-					
2170	Due to other funds		250,000		22,905		944					
2200	Accrued expenditures		_		_		-					
2310	Unearned revenue				_							
2000	Total liabilities		250,000		22,905		944					
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
2601	Unavailable revenue				_							
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources											
	FUND BALANCES											
	Restricted for:											
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		-		-					
3490	Museum		-		-		-					
3545	Committed for campus activity											
3000	Total fund balances						-					
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
4000	and fund balances	\$	250,000	\$	22,905	\$	944					

					Special Re	venue f	unds					
	226 IDEA Part B ligh Cost	A National B Breakfast and		Te	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant		255 ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting		263 le III, A lish Lang. quisition	266 Elementary & Secondary Scho Emergency		
\$	- - -	\$	45,233 - - 23,564	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 4,950	\$	- - -	\$	- - - 369,707	
	<u>-</u> -		15,862 84,659		<u>-</u> -		4,950		<u>-</u> 		369,707	
	- - - - -		47,232 33,782 - 3,645 - 84,659		- - - - -	_	- 4,950 - - 4,950		- - - - -	_	369,707 - 369,707	
	-		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>	
_	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -	
\$		\$	84,659	\$		\$	4,950	\$		\$	369,707	

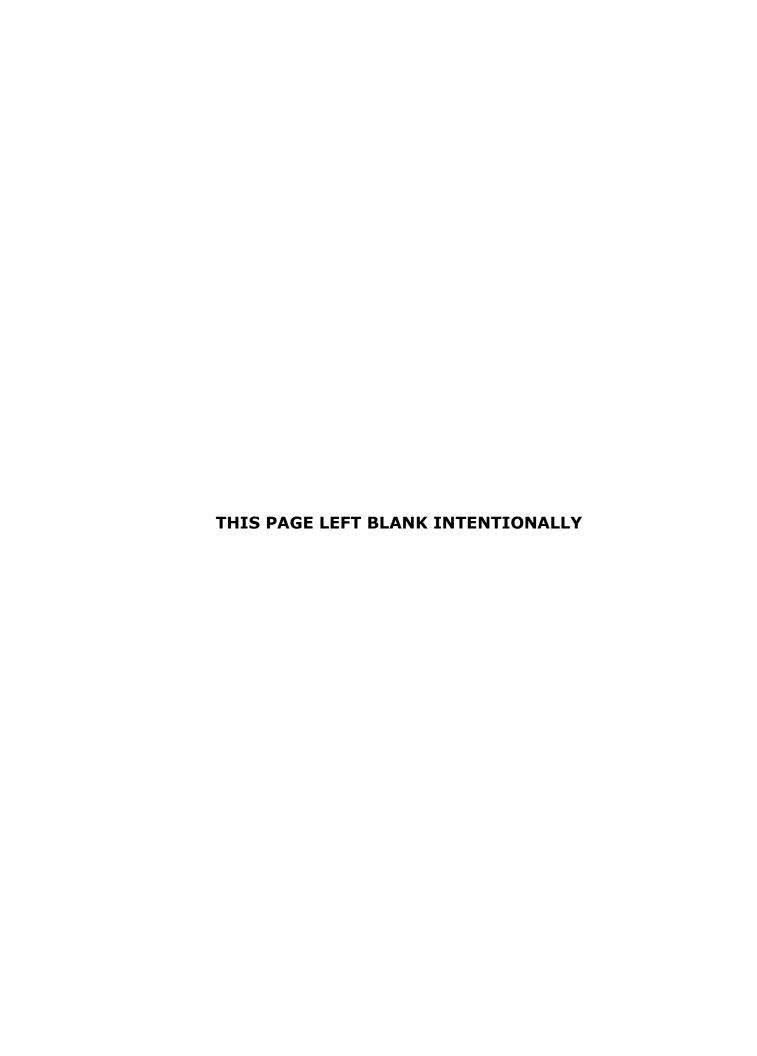
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2020

		Special Revenue Funds								
			270		272		288			
Data		ES	SEA V, B				LEP			
Control		Rur	al & Low		MAC	:	Summer			
Codes	<u>_</u>	Incon	ne Program		Program		School			
	ASSETS									
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		-		-		-			
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		-		-		-			
1240	Due from other governments		4,544		-		-			
1260	Due from other funds		-		-		-			
1290	Other receivables				-					
1000	Total assets		4,544		-	·				
	LIABILITIES									
2110	Accounts payable		-		-		-			
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		-		-			
2170	Due to other funds		4,544		-		-			
2200	Accrued expenditures		-		-		-			
2310	Unearned revenue				-					
2000	Total liabilities		4,544							
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
2601	Unavailable revenue		_		_		_			
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources		_			-	_			
2000	Total deferred filliows of resources									
	FUND BALANCES									
	Restricted for:									
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		-		-			
3490	Museum		-		-		-			
3545	Committed for campus activity									
3000	Total fund balances									
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
4000	and fund balances	\$	4,544	\$	-	\$				

Special Reveune Funds													
	289		385		392		397		410		429		461
-	T:+		plemental		n-Educ.		Advanced		structional Materials		ther State		Campus
	Title IV, Part A		isually) npaired		nmunity d Support		Placement ncentives		Allotment		Special enue Funds		Activity Funds
	- Gre / t		npan ca	Busc	и сирроге		TOCTICITY CO		oemone	1101	errae r arrae		ranas
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	172	\$	120,269	\$	14,000	\$	124,949
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 6,793		-		-		-		- -		- 27,000		-
-			-		-		-		-		-		-
							-		-			_	-
	6,793		-			_	172	_	120,269		41,000	_	124,949
	2,250		_		_		_		109,744		_		_
	-		-		_		-		-		-		-
	4,543		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-					_	172	_	10,525		41,000	_	
	6,793						172		120,269		41,000	_	
						_		_				_	
								-				_	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		124.040
				-	<u>-</u>						-	_	124,949
				-	<u>-</u>						-	_	124,949

\$ 6,793 \$ - \$ - \$ <u>172</u> \$ 120,269 \$ 41,000 \$ 124,949



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		R	Special <u>evenue Funds</u> 499 Museum Fund	<u>S</u>	Debt ervice Fund 599 Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
1110	ASSETS	+	010	_	1 276 660	+	1 727 070	
1110 1220	Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes - delinquent	\$	919	\$	1,276,669 101,809	\$	1,737,078 101,809	
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		_	(25,452)	(25,452)	
1240	Due from other governments		_	`	-	(517,654	
1260	Due from other funds		-		-		37,886	
1290	Other receivables	_					15,862	
1000	Total assets	_	919		1,353,026	_	2,384,837	
	LIABILITIES							
2110	Accounts payable		_		_		159,226	
2160	Accrued wages payable		_		_		33,782	
2170	Due to other funds		_		-		657,593	
2200	Accrued expenditures		-		-		3,645	
2310	Unearned revenue		-		-		51,697	
2000	Total liabilities		-		-		905,943	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
2601	Unavailable revenue				67,493		67,493	
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	_			67,493		67,493	
	FUND BALANCES Restricted for:							
3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		1,285,533		1,285,533	
3490	Museum		919		-		919	
3545	Committed for campus activity	_				_	124,949	
3000	Total fund balances		919		1,285,533		1,411,401	
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
4000	and fund balances	\$	919	\$	1,353,026	\$	2,384,837	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		Special Revenue Funds								
	•		211		224		225			
Data		F9	SEA I, A		IDEA		IDEA			
Control			proving		Part B		Part B			
Codes			c Program		Formula		Preschool			
	REVENUES		•					_		
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
5800	State programs		-	•	-	•	-			
5900	Federal programs		517,494		410,719		7,853			
5020	Total revenues		517,494		410,719		7,853			
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		517,494		141,729		_			
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		_			
0012	Curriculum and instructional									
0010	staff development		_		62,738		1,660			
0031	Guidance, counseling				0=,, 00		_,			
	and evaluation services		_		206,252		6,193			
0033	Health services		-		-		-			
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		-		_		_			
0035	Food services		-		-		-			
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-			
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-		-		-			
0052	Security and monitoring services		-		-		_			
	Debt service:		-							
0071	Principal on long term debt		-		-		-			
0072	Interest on long term debt		-		-		-			
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		-				-	_		
6030	Total expenditures		517,494		410,719	_	7,853			
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
1100	(under) expenditures						-	_		
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
701E			_		_		_			
7915	Transfers in	-				_	_			
	Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	-			
1200	Net change in fund balances			_		_	-			
0100	Fund balance - September 1 (beginning)	-	-			_	-	_		
0605	_ ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_								
3000	Fund balance - August 31 (ending)	\$		\$		\$_	-			

				Special Rev	vе	nue Funds						
	226 IDEA Part B High Cost	IDEA National Part B Breakfast and		Career and ESEA II, A Title II Technical - Training and English				263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	S	266 Elementary & Secondary Schoo Emergency		
\$	250,602 250,602	\$ 423,025 5,243 654,014 1,082,282	\$	26,049 26,049	•	\$ - 62,281 62,281	\$	7,168 7,168	\$		- 369,707 369,707	
	250,602 -	-		26,049 -		62,281 -		7,168 -			16,269 -	
	-	-		-		-		-			-	
	-	-		- -		-		-			-	
	-	-		-		-		-			143,540	
	-	1,220,915		-		-		-			-	
	-	-		-		-		-			- 209,898	
	-	-		-		-		-			-	
	-	-		-		-		-			-	
	-	-		-		-		-			-	
_	250,602	1,220,915	-	26,049		62,281		7,168	•		369,707	
-		(138,633)	_									
_		31,125	-									
-		31,125	-									
_	-	(107,508)	_									
_	-	107,508	-									
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	:	\$	\$	-	\$		_	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Special Revenue Funds								
Data			270 SEA V, B		272		288 LEP		
Control			al & Low		MAC		Summer		
Codes	REVENUES	Incom	ne Program		Program		School		
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$		\$		\$			
5800	State programs	Þ	_	Þ	_	Þ	-		
5900	Federal programs		43,466		5,983		1,336		
5020			43,466		5,983	_	1,336		
3020	Total revenues		43,400	_	3,303	-	1,330		
	EXPENDITURES								
0011	Current: Instruction		41.066				1 226		
0011	Instruction Instructional resources and media service		41,066		_		1,336		
0012	Curriculum and instructional								
0015	staff development		2,400		_		_		
0031	Guidance, counseling		_,						
	and evaluation services		-		-		-		
0033	Health services		-		5,983		-		
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		-		_		-		
0035	Food services		-		-		-		
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-		-		-		
0052	Security and monitoring services Debt service:		-		-		-		
0071	Principal on long term debt		-		-		-		
0072	Interest on long term debt		-		-		-		
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees			_		_			
6030	Total expenditures	-	43,466	_	5,983	_	1,336		
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) (under) expenditures					_			
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7915	Transfers in			_		_			
	Total other financing sources (uses)			_		_			
1200	Net change in fund balances			_					
0100	Fund balance - September 1 (beginning)		-	_		_	_		
3000	Fund balance - August 31 (ending)	\$		\$	-	\$			

Special	Reveune	Funds
---------	---------	-------

Special Reveune Funds												164	
	289	385 Suppleme	ental	Non	392 ı-Educ.		397 lvanced		410 estructional		429 her State		461 Campus
_	Title IV, Part A	Visuall Impaire			munity Support		cement centives		Materials Allotment	Reve	Special enue Funds	·	Activity Funds
\$	-	\$ -		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,946
	- 30,486	_	600		-		-		150,999 -		27,007		-
_	30,486		600		_			_	150,999	_	27,007	_	56,946
	20,233		600		-		-		150,999		-		-
	-	_			-		-		-		7		-
	10,253	-			-		-		-		-		-
	-	-			-		-		-		-		-
	-	-			-		-		-		-		-
	-	_			-		-		-		-		-
	-	-			-		-		-		-		49,974
	-	-			-		-		-		- 27,000		-
	-	-			-		-		-		-		-
	-	-			-		-		-		-		-
-	30,486		600					_	150,999	_	27,007	_	49,974
_	30,400		000						130,333		27,007	_	<u> </u>
_						_						_	6,972
_								_		_		_	
-			<u> </u>					_				_	
_	<u>-</u>		·					_				_	6,972
_			·					_				_	117,977
\$_		\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$_	-	\$		\$_	124,949

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Data Control Codes	- -	Re	Special evenue Funds 499 Museum Fund		Debt Service Fund 599 Debt Service	No Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
5700	REVENUES Local and intermediate sources	\$	50	\$	1,974,440	\$ 2	2,454,461
5800	State programs		-		47,313		231,162
5900	Federal programs			_		2	2,387,158
5020	Total revenues	_	50		2,021,753	5	5,072,781
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		-		-	1	1,235,826
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		7
0013	Curriculum and instructional						77.051
0021	staff development		-		-		77,051
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services						212,445
0033	Health services		_		_		5,983
0033	Student (pupil) transportation		_		_		143,540
0035	Food services		_		_	1	1,220,915
0035	Extracurricular activities		_		_	_	49,974
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		_		_		209,898
0052	Security and monitoring services		_		_		27,000
0032	Debt service:						27,000
0071	Principal on long term debt		_		1,185,000	1	,185,000
0072	Interest on long term debt		_		633,233		633,233
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees		-		1,300		1,300
6030	Total expenditures	_	_	_	1,819,533		5,002,172
0030	Total expenditures						,,
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
	(under) expenditures	_	50	_	202,220		70,609
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7915	Transfers in		-		-		31,125
,,,,,	Total other financing sources (uses)				_		31,125
	Total other illianting sources (uses)	_		_			31,123
1200	Net change in fund balances	_	50	_	202,220		101,734
0100	Fund balance - September 1 (beginning)	_	869		1,083,313	1	L,309,667
3000	Fund balance - August 31 (ending)	\$	919	\$	1,285,533	\$ <u> </u>	,411,401

COMINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	 York Athletic Trust	1	Lisa Wise Memorial Cholarship		Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,285	\$	2,350	\$	5,635
Restricted assets	 75,000				75,000
Total assets	 78,285		2,350	-	80,635
LIABILITIES	 				
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for scholarships	 78,285		2,350		80,635
Total net position	\$ 78,285	\$	2,350	\$	80,635

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	At	York :hletic 「rust	Me	a Wise morial olarship		2,400 2,400 (1,048)	
ADDITIONS							
Investment income	\$	1,352	\$	-	\$	1,352	
Total additions		1,352				1,352	
DEDUCTIONS							
Scholarship awards		2,400	-			2,400	
Total deductions		2,400				2,400	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,048)		-	(1,048)	
Net position - Beginning		79,333		2,350		81,683	
Net position - Ending	\$	78,285	\$	2,350	\$	80,635	



SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	1	2	3 Net Assessed/	10
Last Ten Years Ended	Tax Rates		Appraised Value for School	Beginning Balance
August 31,	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purpose	9/1/2019
2011 and prior years	various	various	various	\$ 83,413
2012	1.040000	0.220000	993,816,253	19,491
2013	1.040000	0.220000	1,049,472,287	28,387
2014	1.080000	0.180000	1,050,487,509	36,356
2015	1.080000	0.180000	1,097,894,277	42,777
2016	1.120000	0.140000	1,067,500,810	51,578
2017	1.120000	0.140000	1,140,066,320	77,283
2018	1.120000	0.140000	1,204,650,952	96,391
2019	1.120000	0.140000	1,299,912,381	241,365
2020	1.035900	0.140000	1,395,028,506	
1000 Totals				\$ <u>677,040</u>

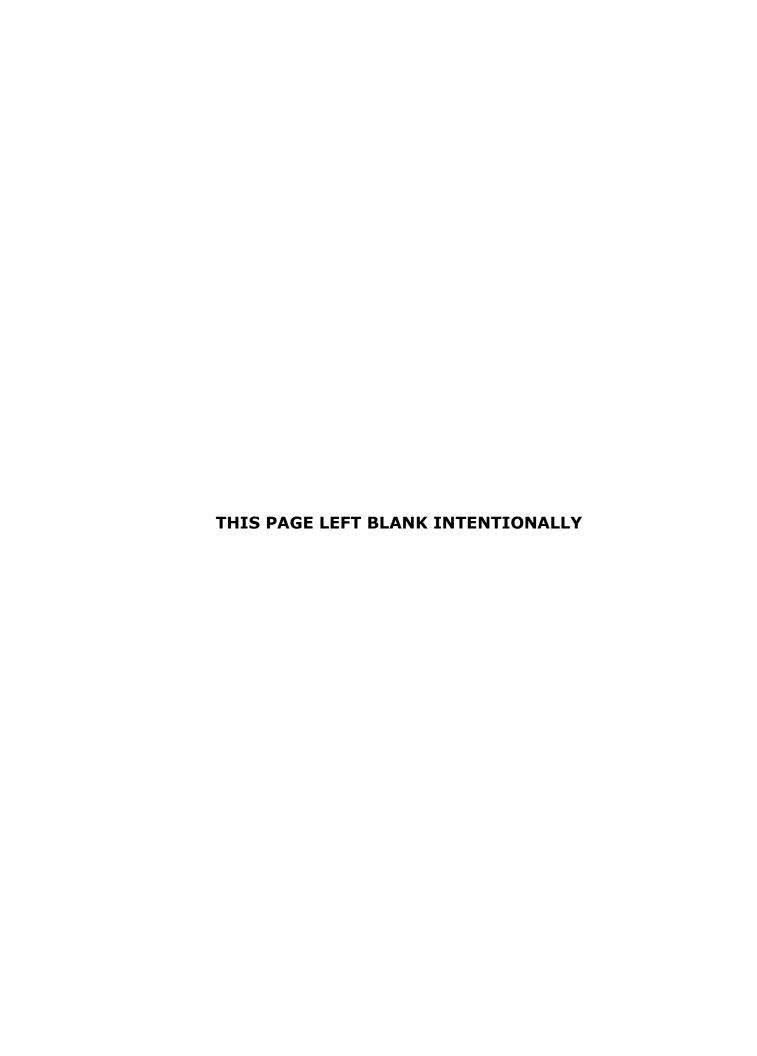
	20		31		32	40		50		
	Current Year's Total Levy		ntenance Total llections		ebt Service Total Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments		8	Ending Balance 8/31/2020	
\$	-	\$	3,011	\$	637	\$(9,093)	\$	70,672	
	-		1,216		257	(45)		17,973	
	-		4,130		874		-		23,383	
	-		5,322		1,125		-		29,909	
	-	(23,363)	(4,942)	(35,000)		36,082	
	-	(2,746)	(458)	(9,219)		45,563	
	-		7,262		1,210	(4,930)		63,881	
	-		21,791		2,724	(4,510)		67,366	
	-		116,282		14,535	(2,227)		108,321	
_	16,404,140	14	4,148,179		1,912,101	(45,092)		298,768	
\$	16,404,140	\$ 14	1,281,084	\$	1,928,063	\$(110,116)	\$	761,918	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL- NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM FUND

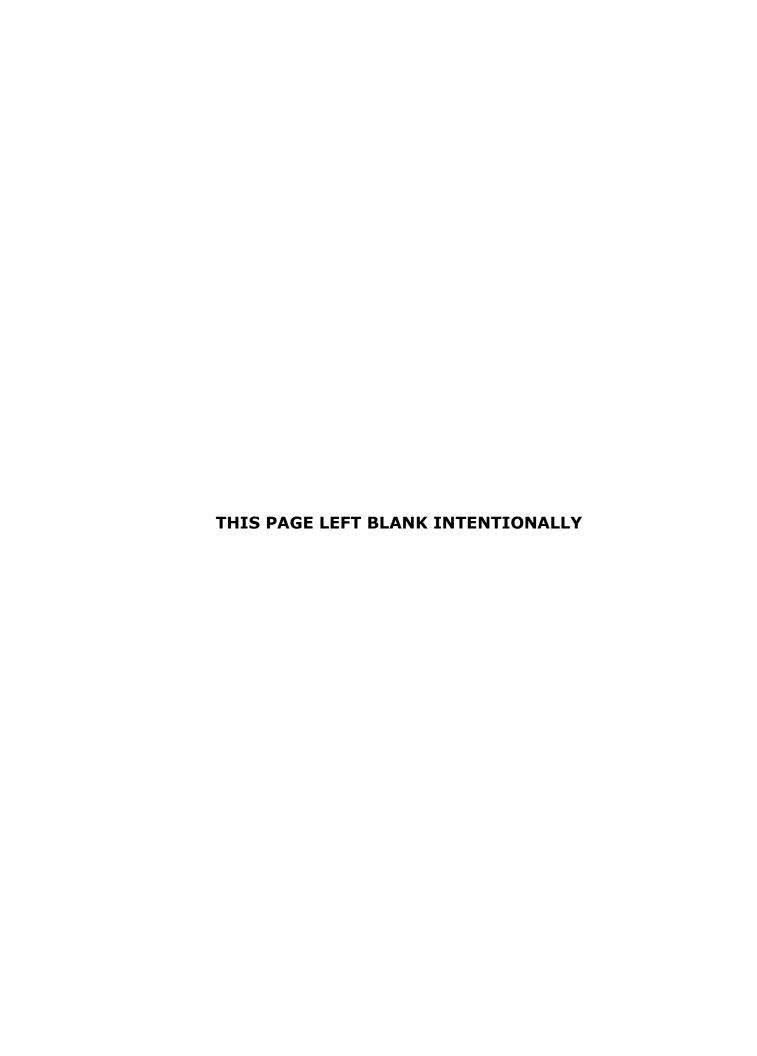
Data Control			Budgeted	d Am	iounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Codes			Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
5700 5800 5900 5020	REVENUES Local and intermediate sources State program Federal program Total revenues	\$	543,526 6,500 726,675 1,276,701	\$	543,526 6,500 726,675 1,276,701	\$ 423,025 5,243 654,014 1,082,282	\$(120,501) (1,257) (72,661) (194,419)	
0035 0051 6030	EXPENDITURES Current: Food service Facilities maintenance and operations Total expenditures	_	1,264,415 12,286 1,276,701	_	1,264,415 12,286 1,276,701	1,220,915 - 1,220,915	43,500 12,286 55,786	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (over) expenditures	_		_		(138,633)	138,633	
7915	Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	<u>-</u>	100,000 100,000	31,125 31,125	68,875 68,875	
1200	Net change in fund balances	_	<u>-</u>	_	100,000	(107,508)	(207,508)	
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	_	107,508	_	107,508	107,508		
3000	Fund balance - Ending	\$_	107,508	\$_	207,508	\$	\$ <u>(207,508</u>)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

Data Control			d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Codes		Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,786,853	\$ 1,786,853	\$ 1,974,440	\$ 187,587	
5800	State program	34,880	34,880	47,313	12,433	
5020	Total revenues	1,821,733	1,821,733	2,021,753	200,020	
	EXPENDITURES Debt service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	1,185,000	1,185,000	1,185,000	-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt	633,233	633,233	633,233	-	
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees	3,500	3,500	1,300	2,200	
6030	Total expenditures	1,821,733	1,821,733	1,819,533	2,200	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			202,220	202,220	
	over (under) expenditures			202,220	202,220	
0100	Fund balance - Beginning	1,083,313	1,083,313	1,083,313		
3000	Fund balance - Ending	\$ <u>1,083,313</u>	\$ <u>1,083,313</u>	\$ <u>1,285,533</u>	\$ 202,220	







401 West State Highway 6 Waco, Texas 76710 254.772.4901 pbhcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Bellville Independent School District Bellville, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bellville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bellville Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bellville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellville Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bellville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

November 19, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Bellville Independent School District Bellville, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bellville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bellville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. Bellville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Bellville Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bellville Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bellville Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Bellville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Bellville Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Bellville Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bellville Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

November 19, 2020

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(1) Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Grantor/Program Title	(2) Federal CFDA Number	(2A) Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	(3) Federal Expenditures
U . S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the Texas Education Agency: School Breakfast Program (SBP) School Breakfast Program (SBP) School Breakfast Program (SBP) - Seamless Summer Option - COVID-19	10.553 10.553 10.553	71401901 71402001 71402001	\$ 15,765 73,427 52,754
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) National School Lunch Program (NSLP) National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Seamless Summer Option - COVID-19	10.555 10.555 10.555	71301901 71302001 71302001	58,830 295,863 <u>84,010</u>
Total Passed through the Texas Education Agency			580,649
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program Commodities - Non-cash assistance	10.555	CE 00026	73,365
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture			73,365
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			654,014
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			654,014
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed through the Texas Education Agency: IDEA B Formula - Special Education Grants to States IDEA B High Cost IDEA Preschool - Special Education Preschool Grants Total IDEA Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.173	206600010089016000 66002006 206610010089016610	410,719 250,602 7,853 669,174
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	20610101008901	517,494
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	84.048	20420006008901	26,049
Title V, Part B: Rural and Low-Income School Program	84.358	20696001008901	43,466
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367	20694501008901	62,281
Summer School LEP	84.369	69551902	1,336
Title IV, Part A	84.424	20680101008901	30,486
Total Passed through the Texas Education Agency			1,350,286
Passed through Education Service Center Region 6: Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition Subtotal for 84.365	84.365	20671001236950	7,168 7,168
Total Passed through Education Service Center Region 6			7,168
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,357,454
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission: Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	529-10-0054-00001	5,983
Total Passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			5,983
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			5,983
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ <u>2,017,451</u>

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

AUGUST 31, 2020

GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) presents the activity of all applicable federal award programs of Bellville Independent School District. The District's reporting entity is defined in Note I of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the SEFA.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The SEFA is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's significant accounting policies, including the modified accrual basis of accounting, are presented in Note 1 of the basic financial statements. The SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

PASS-THROUGH EXPENDITURES

None of the federal programs expended by the District were provided to subrecipients.

INDIRECT COSTS

The District did not elect to use a de minimis cost rate of 10% as described at 2 CFR §200.414(f)—Indirect (F&A) costs.

RECONCILIATION OF FEDERAL REVENUES AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal revenues per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 2,712,685
Less:	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds recognized as revenue in the financial statements, but not included on the SEFA due to notification of grant award occurring after year-end.	(369,707)
School health and related services revenue	(325,527)
Federal expenditures per the SEFA (Exhibit K-1)	\$ <u>2,017,451</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified,

that were not considered a material weakness

None reported

Material noncompliance to the

financial statements noted? None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified, None reported

that were not considered a material weakness

Type of auditor's report on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? None

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers: Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

10.553 and 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

None.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ <u>192,024</u>

