

Bristol Public Schools Office of Teaching & Learning

Department	Fine Arts
Department Philosophy	The visual and performing arts are critical in the development of every child. In a diverse and ever changing society, the visual and performing arts are integral in the consistency, appreciation, and creativity of tomorrow's leaders. The fine arts are a universal language, allowing students to learn unique skills and means of expression that contributes back to our society. We believe visual and performing arts create lifelong learners harnessed with empathy and skills necessary to understand our past, present and future world.
Course	Musical Theater
Course Description for Program of Studies	Students will learn the basics of musical theater while creating and performing a showcase featuring production numbers from musicals focused on a common theme.
Grade Level	9-12
Pre-requisites	none
Credit (if applicable)	.5

P indicates standard will be a priority for the unit; **S** indicates a supporting standard

District Learning Expectations and Standards	Building Individual Creativity	Ensemble Activities	Technical Skills	Showcase Development	Audition Skills	Rehearsal Performance	Respond & Reflect
Creating							
TH:Cr1.1 Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work.	S			Р			
TH:Cr2.1 Organize and develop artistic ideas and work.		S		Р			
TH:Cr3.1 Refine new work through play, drama processes and theatre experiences using critical analysis and experimentation.	Р	Р		Р		Ρ	
Performing							
TH:Pr4.1 Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation.			Р	Р	Р	Р	
TH:Pr5.1 Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation.	Р	Р	Р		Р	Р	

TH:Pr6.1 Convey meaning through the presentation of artistic work.			Ρ	
Respond				
TH:Re7.1 Perceive and analyze artistic work.				Ρ
TH:Re8.1 Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work.				
TH:Re9.1 Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work.				
Connecting				
TH:Cn10.1 Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art.				
TH:Cn11.1 Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding.				
TH:Cn11.2 Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding.		Ρ		

UNIT ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS

- What happens when theatre artists use their imaginations and/or learned theatre skills while engaging in creative exploration and inquiry?
- How, when, and why do theatre artists' choices change?
- How do theatre artists transform and edit their initial ideas?
- Why are strong choices essential to interpreting a drama or theatre piece?
- What can I do to fully prepare a performance or technical design?
- What happens when theatre artists and audiences share a creative experience?
- How do theatre artists comprehend the essence of drama processes and theatre experiences?
- How are the theatre artist's processes and the audience's perspectives impacted by analysis and synthesis?

UNIT ENDURING UNDERSTANDING

- Theatre artists refine their work and practice their craft through rehearsal.
- Theatre artists develop personal processes and skills for a performance or des.
- Theatre artists share and present stories, ideas, and envisioned worlds to explore the human experience.
- Theatre artists rely on intuition, curiosity, and critical inquiry.
- Theatre artists work to discover different ways of communicating meaning
- Theatre artists make strong choices to effectively convey meaning.
- Theatre artists develop personal processes and skills for a performance or design.
- Theatre artists reflect to understand the impact of drama processes and theatre experiences.
- Theatre artists apply criteria to investigate, explore, and assess drama and theatre work.

UNIT 1: BUILDING INDIVIDUAL CREATIVITY

UNWRAPPED STANDARDS

Standard	Standard		Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary								
TH:Cr3.1.	H:Cr3.1. Explore physical, vocal and		Explore physical, vocal and		Explore physical, vocal and		Explore physical, vocal and		Content Knowledge	Energy, connection, eye contact, association, acceptance,		
HSI b.	physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre work	···		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	continuation, environment, format, gibberish, narration, trust							
		х	Physical Skill	Common Misconceptions								
		х	Product Development	Improvisation is easy.								
			Learning Behavior	Playing a game is not an academic activity.								
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge	Resources								
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre	a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Improv Encyclopedia (improvencyclopedia.org), UCB Improv Manual
	performance.		Physical Skill									
		х	Product Development									
			Learning Behavior									

LEARNING TARGETS

- Demonstrate appropriate physical and vocal warmups
- Express thoughts, feelings, and actions through performance
- Utilize basic theater terminology

UNIT 2: ENSEMBLE ACTIVITIES

UNWRAPPED STANDARDS

Standard	Standard		Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary	
TH:Cr3.1.	I. Explore physical, vocal and		Content Knowledge	Energy, connection, eye contact, association, acceptance,	
HSI b.	physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre			Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	continuation, environment, format, gibberish, narration, trust
		x	Physical Skill		
	work.	х	Product Development	Common Misconceptions	
			Learning Behavior	Improvisation is easy.	
TH:Pr5.1. HSI a.	Practice various acting techniques to expand skills in		Content Knowledge	It doesn't help to have a relationship with your scene partner. Playing a game is not an academic activity.	
noru.	a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Resources	
		х	Physical Skill	Improv Encyclopedia (improvencyclopedia.org), UCB Improv	
		х	Product Development	Manual	
			Learning Behavior		

Learning Targets

- Express thoughts and feelings with my words and actions with a partner or group.
- Improvise in a structured setting as a group.

UNIT 3: TECHNICAL SKILLS (Staging and Voice)

UNWRAPPED STANDARDS

Standard	Standard		Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary	
TH:Pr4.1.H	r4.1.H Shape character choices using		Content Knowledge	Up stage, Down Stage, Stage Right, Stage Left, Center Stage,	
SI b.	given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Proscenium, cyc, legs, traveler, main curtain, House Right, House Left, apron, cheat out, raked, project, free voice, grounded sound, stage whisper, back of house	
			Physical Skill	Common Misconceptions	
		х	Product Development	I don't have to project to be heard. Projecting my voice for the	
			Learning Behavior	stage is the same as my regular speaking voice. Stage directions are the same as house directions.	
TH:Pr5.1.H	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge	Resources	
SI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Improv Encyclopedia (improvencyclopedia.org)	
		х	Physical Skill		
		х	Product Development		
			Learning Behavior		

Learning Targets

- Identify stage directions. (Upstage, Downstage, Stage Right, Stage Left)
- Project my voice so I can be heard on stage and off.
- Discern appropriate speaking volume.

UNIT 4: AUDITION SKILLS

UNWRAPPED STANDARDS

Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary		
TH:Pr4.1.	Examine how character				Content Knowledge	Objective, Tactic, Action, Choices, character relationships, lines,
HSI a.	relationships assist in telling the story of a drama/theatre			Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	memorize.	
	work. b. Shape character choices using given		Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed		
	circumstances in a	x	Product Development	Stage Directions, Voice Projection.		
	drama/theatre work		Learning Behavior			
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions		
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	I don't have to memorize the material. It's easy to memorize the material. I can add acting choices without memorizing the		
	performance	x	Physical Skill	material. Acting is second nature and doesn't need to be		
			Product Development	practiced.		
			Learning Behavior			
TH:Pr6.1.	Perform a scripted		Content Knowledge	Resources		
HSI a.	drama/theatre work for a specific audience.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Assorted sheet music, vocal accompaniment tracks		
		x	Physical Skill			
			Product Development			
			Learning Behavior			

Learning Targets

- Analyze myself including my physical, emotional, vocal range and special talents/skills
- Connect my self reflection to a character in a musical and how it shapes the character
- Select a musical theater song that relates to me
- Create a clean copy of my selected song
- Understand and identify objectives and actions/tactics within my chosen monologue and apply it to my performance
- Understand and identify musical elements and vocal choices to further my character development and apply it to performance
- Refine and perform my song for an audience

	UNIT 5: SHOWCASE DEVELOPMENT								
	UNWRAPPED STANDARDS								
Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary					
TH:Cr1.1.	.1. Apply basic research to		Content Knowledge	Script, act, scene, line, character, given circumstances,					
HSI a.	ISI a. construct ideas about the visual composition of a drama/theatre work.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	objective, tactic, action, choices, character relationships, lines, memorize, cheat out, upstage, downstage, stage right, stage left, voice, head voice, chest voice, diction, annunciation, theme, jazz age, golden age, contemporary, current.					
			Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed					
			Product Development	Vocal Technique, Theater Roles, Body Awareness					
			Learning Behavior						
TH:Cr2.1.	Investigate the collaborative		Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions					
HSI b.	SI b. nature of the actor, director, playwright, and designers and explore their interdependent roles in a drama/theatre work.	x	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Finding thematically appropriate music is hard. Finding thematically appropriate music is easy.					
			Physical Skill						
		х	Product Development						
			Learning Behavior						

TH:Cr3.1.	Practice and revise a devised		Content Knowledge	Resources
HSI a. b.	or scripted drama/theatre work using theatrical staging conventions.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Assorted scripts, Musical selections, video clips, theater critiques, and production websites.
		x	Physical Skill	
	Explore physical, vocal and	x	Product Development	
	physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre work.		Learning Behavior	
TH:Pr4.1.	Examine how character	х	Content Knowledge	
HSI a. b.	b. relationships assist in telling the story of a drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	
	work.		Physical Skill	
	Shape character choices	х	Product Development	
	using given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.		Learning Behavior	
TH:Cn11.2	Research how other theatre		Content Knowledge	
.HSI a. b.	artists apply creative processes to tell stories in a	x	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	
	devised or scripted drama/theatre work, using theatre research methods.		Physical Skill	
			Product Development	
	Use basic theatre research methods to better understand the social and cultural background of a drama/theatre work.	x	Learning Behavior	

Learning Targets

- Reflect on my interests and passions to identify themes in musical theater I can relate to
- Research songs and scenes that will fit the theme i've chosen
- Present my ideas to my peers and teacher in an organized and supportive manner.
- Collaborate with my peers to organize selections for our end of year showcase
- Research musical theater songs and characters to find songs that fit the theme of our showcase and abilities of the class.

UNIT 6: REHEARSAL / PERFORMANCE

UNWRAPPED STANDARDS

Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary
TH:Cr2.1. HSI b.	Investigate the collaborative nature of the actor, director, playwright, and designers and explore their interdependent roles in a drama/theatre work.	x	Content Knowledge Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning) Physical Skill Product Development Learning Behavior	Script, act, scene, character, given circumstances, objective, tactic, action, choices, character relationships, voice, head voice, chest voice, diction, annunciation, theme, chorus, belting, legit, choreography.
TH:Cr3.1. HSI a. b.	Practice and revise a devised or scripted drama/theatre work using theatrical staging conventions. Explore physical, vocal and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre work.	x x	Content Knowledge Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning) Physical Skill Product Development Learning Behavior	Prior Knowledge Needed Stage directions, voice projection, basic singing technique Common Misconceptions Memorizing lines is easy. Conveying meaning is easy. Developing character choices is a simple task. I don't have to practice.
TH:Pr4.1. HSI a. b.	Examine how character relationships assist in telling the story of a drama/theatre work.	x	Content Knowledge Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning) Physical Skill	Resources Assorted sheet music, vocal accompaniment tracks, accompanist, production elements (set, costumes, lights, sound).

	Shape character choices	x	Product Development
	using given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.		Learning Behavior
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)
	performance.	х	Physical Skill
		х	Product Development
			Learning Behavior
TH:Pr6.1.	Perform a scripted		Content Knowledge
HSI a.	drama/theatre work for a specific audience.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)
		x	Physical Skill
			Product Development
			Learning Behavior

Learning Targets

- Analyze my given character and their relationship to others and the story.
- Collaborate with the director, actors, and the playwright to implement stage blocking
- Use memorization techniques to memorize my lines and music for the performance
- Explore physical, vocal and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre work.
- Practice and refine my performance
- Finalize and perform the play for an audience.

UNIT 7: RESPOND AND REFLECT

UNWRAPPED STANDARDS

Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary				
TH:Re7.1.					Respond to what is seen, felt,		Content Knowledge	Choices, focus, ensemble, performance, memorization, blocking,
HSI a.	and heard in a drama/theatre work to develop criteria for artistic choices.		x	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	choreography, physicality, confidence, volume, heard, understood, inflection, critique.			
			Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed				
			Product Development	Stage directions, voice projection, basic singing technique				
			Learning Behavior					
TH:Re9.1.		х	Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions				
HSI a.b.c.		x	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Self reflection is not productive. It's easy to give thoughtful and constructive feedback.				
	culture, and other disciplines.		Physical Skill	Resources				
	Consider the aesthetics of the		Product Development	Theater reviews, performance rubric, recording of production.				
	production elements in a drama/theatre work.							
	Formulate a deeper understanding and appreciation of a drama/ theatre work by considering its specific purpose or intended audience.	x						

Learning Targets	

- Examine a drama/ theatre work using supporting evidence and criteria, while considering art forms, history, culture, and other disciplines against a rubric
- Respond to our performance using our success criteria