Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards

High School Mobile Application Development

Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Mobile Application Development

Introduction

The Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative standards for high school courses are designed to provide understandings of concepts in computer science that are necessary for students to function in an ever-changing technological world. Through these standards, students will explore, apply, and move toward mastery in skills and concepts related to Computational Thinking and Problem Solving; Data, Information, and Security; Algorithms and Programs; Computers and Communications; and Professionalism and Impacts of Computing. These standards help students learn to accomplish tasks and solve problems independently and collaboratively. These standards give students the tools and skills needed to be successful in college and careers including computer science, computing, and other fields.

State developed pathways within the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative all begin with common year-one standards which allow for consistency across the state and all schools. These common standards address the basic knowledge and skills needed for any student entering a technology-based field.

The course standards have been grouped into one-credit (typically yearly) standards to afford the classroom educator additional flexibility in their curriculum choices; however, the course codes remain based on one-half credit (typically semester). Each state-developed pathway will have three credits (six pathway specific course codes) worth of Computer Science Flex Credit (465XXX) course codes.

The Arkansas State Board of Education (SBE) does not place any prerequisites on the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative high school courses, but allows for schools to place students in any of the courses based on ability and desire. The Arkansas Department of Education (ADE) recommends that districts develop and formally adopt a written policy outlining placement protocols. Evaluation tools and placement criteria will be the responsibility of the local districts.

The SBE and ADE authorize schools to enroll students across levels in the same sections of the master schedule (a.k.a. stacking) as long as the number of students does not exceed Standards of Accreditation maximums and/or ratios and the school can reasonably assure a high-quality educational experience for all students within that section.

Implementation of the Arkansas Computer Science Standards for High School Mobile Application Development begins during the 2021-2022 school year.

Course Titles: Mobile Application Development Course/Unit Credit: 0.5 credit per listed course code

	Mobile Application Development	Mobile Application Development	Advanced Mobile Application Development
	Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
Mobile Application Development	465310 / 465320	465330 / 465340	465350 / 465360

Teacher Licensure: Please refer to the Course Code Management System (https://adedata.arkansas.gov/ccms/) for the most current licensure codes.

Grades: 9-12

Prerequisites: There are no ADE established course prerequisites for any of the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Initiative high school

courses; it is up to the local district to determine placement based on student ability.

Computer Science and Computing Practices

Students exhibit proficiency in computer science and computing through:

Communication - Students effectively communicate, using accurate and appropriate terminology, when explaining the task completion or problem solving strategies used. They recognize that creating good documentation is an ongoing and important part of the communication process.

Collaboration - Students productively work with others while ensuring multiple voices are heard and considered. They understand that diverse thoughts may lead to creative solutions and that some problems may be best solved collaboratively.

Storytelling - Students creatively combine multimedia tools, such as graphics, animations, and videos with research, writing, and oral presentations to create ethical, data-driven stories.

Professionalism - Students embrace professionalism by demonstrating skills and behaviors necessary for success in technical careers.

Ethics and Impact - Students comprehend the ramifications of actions prior to taking them. They are aware of their own digital and cyber presence and its impact on other individuals and society.

Inclusion - Students encourage diversity in the field of computer science and computing regardless of race, ethnicity, gender, or other differences.

Learning by Failure - Students reflect upon and critique their work while embracing a willingness to seek feedback and constructive instruction from teachers and peers. They utilize the feedback to continually improve current projects, educational experiences, knowledge, and confidence.

Perseverance - Students expect difficulties and persist in overcoming challenges that occur when completing tasks. They recognize making and correcting mistakes is necessary for the learning process while problem solving.

Understanding - Students recognize patterns, utilize tools, and apply problem solving strategies to build understanding, find solutions, and successfully deliver high-quality work.

Patterns - Students understand and utilize the logical structure of information through identifying patterns and creating conceptual models. They decompose complex problems into simpler modules and patterns.

Problem Solving - Students exhibit proficiency through the process of identifying and systematically solving problems. They recognize problem solving is an ongoing process.

Research - Students purposefully gather information and seek to expand their knowledge through various methods and mediums. They embrace the practice of gaining knowledge to develop novel approaches for solving problems and addressing issues they have not previously encountered, in addition to merely searching for answers.

Tools - Students evaluate and select tools to be used when completing tasks and solving problems. They understand that appropriate tools may include, but are not limited to, their mind, pencil and paper, manipulatives, software applications, programming languages, or appropriate computing devices.

Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards for High School Mobile Application Development

Strand	Content Cluster
Computational	Thinking and Problem Solving
	Students will analyze and utilize problem-solving strategies.
	2. Students will analyze and utilize connections between concepts of mathematics and computer science.
Data, Information	on, and Security
	3. Students will analyze and utilize data through the use of computing devices.
	Students will analyze and utilize concepts of cybersecurity.
Algorithms and	Programs
	5. Students will create, evaluate, and modify algorithms.
	6. Students will create programs to solve problems.
Computers and	Communications
	7. Students will analyze the utilization of computers within industry.
	8. Students will analyze communication methods and systems used to transmit information among computing devices.
	9. Students will utilize appropriate hardware and software.
Professionalism	n and Impacts of Computing
	10. Students will analyze the impacts of technology and professionalism within the computing community.
	11. Students will demonstrate understanding of storytelling with data and appropriately communicate about technical information.

Understanding the Arkansas Computer Science and Computing Standards Documents:

- This Arkansas Department of Education curriculum standards document is intended to assist in district curriculum development, unit design, and to provide a uniform, comprehensive guide for instruction.
- The goal for each student is proficiency in all academic standards for the course/year in which the student is enrolled.
- The Practice Standards are intended to be habits of mind for all students and were written broadly in order to apply to all grades/levels. The Practice Standards are not content standards and are not intended to be formally assessed.
- Notes (NOTE:) and examples given (e.g.,) found within the document are not mandated by the Arkansas State Board of Education, but are provided for clarification of the standards by the Arkansas Department of Education and/or the standards drafting committee. The notes and examples given are subject to change as understandings of the standards evolve.
- Within the high school documents, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Year Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSPG.Y1.2.3" would be Computer Science Programming Year 1 Content Cluster 2 Standard 3.
- Within the Coding Block document, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSCB.1.2" would be Coding Block, Content Cluster 1, Standard 2.
- Within the K-8 Computer Science Standards documents, the numbering for standards is read as: Course Abbreviation Grade Content Cluster Standard. Example: "CSK8.G1.2.3" would be K-8, Grade 1, Content Cluster 2, Standard 3
- Ancillary documents and supporting information may be released to assist in further understanding of the standards with possible classroom implementation strategies included.

"Research" and Learning

The Arkansas Department of Education Office of Computer Science recognizes that the use of the term "research" as an action verb within academic standards is not mainstream, though not unheard of, and exists as a measurable objective within other Arkansas K-12 academic standards. The members of the internal team, composed of the State Director of Computer Science and nine state-wide Computer Science Specialists, discussed this at length amongst ourselves and with many committee members. While there existed varying opinions for various reasons, the internal team opted to keep "research" as an action verb within the standards for the following reasons:

- 1. The internal team believes that this use of "research" and the skill-building activities students will undertake while performing said research will produce students that have a skillset which industry representatives have identified as missing from workers entering technical job fields.
- 2. As the field of Computer Science and Computing is ever changing and growing, professionals and students within this field must conduct informal research on an almost daily basis to maintain relevant knowledge and skills.
- 3. The use of "research" within this document does not determine classroom implementation; however, it is used to indicate that the student should take individual and active efforts to seek out knowledge to develop novel approaches for solving problems and addressing issues they have not previously encountered, in addition to merely searching for answers.
- 4. The use of "research" should not infer that a student should be required to do an extensive qualitative or quantitative research project from the use of "research" anywhere in this document; however, a more formal research project is not prohibited if the teacher feels it is appropriate.



Strand: Computational Thinking and Problem Solving **Content Cluster 1:** Students will analyze and utilize problem-solving strategies.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2 Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4		Year 3 - Advanced		
CSMD.Y1.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity CSMD.Y2.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to problems of level-appropriate complexity		CSMD.Y3.1.1 Leverage problem-solving strategies to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity		
NOTE: Problem-solving strategies that encompass computational thinking include, but are not limited to, abstraction, algorithm development, decomposition, and pattern recognition.				
CSMD.Y1.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity	CSMD.Y2.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity	CSMD.Y3.1.2 Analyze and utilize multiple representations of problem-solving logic used to solve problems of appropriate complexity		
NOTE: Representations may include, but are not limited to, backlog, decision matrix, design brief, documentation, fault tree analysis, flowchart, pseudocode, and sprints.				
CSMD.Y1.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity	CSMD.Y2.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity	CSMD.Y3.1.3 Analyze and utilize collaborative methods in problem solving of level-appropriate complexity		
NOTE: Collaborative methods may include, but are not limited to, distributive (divide and conquer), paired programming, and redundant parallel.				
CSMD.Y1.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software	CSMD.Y2.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software	CSMD.Y3.1.4 Analyze and utilize level-appropriate troubleshooting strategies for hardware and software		

Strand: Computational Thinking and Problem Solving

Content Cluster 2: Students will analyze and utilize connections between concepts of mathematics and computer science.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced	
CSMD.Y1.2.1 Interpret relational and logical expressions of level-appropriate complexity using comparison and Boolean operators	CSMD.Y2.2.1 Construct and evaluate compound expressions using multiple relational and logical operators	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	
NOTE: Boolean operators include AND, OR, NOT, and XOR Comparison operators may include, but are not limite			
CSMD.Y1.2.2 Classify the types of information that can be stored as variables and analyze the appropriateness of each (e.g., Booleans, characters, integers, floating points, strings)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	
CSMD.Y1.2.3 Analyze how computer science concepts relate to the field of mathematics	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	
NOTE: Concepts may include, but are not limited to, differen minimum, mode, and range.	t division methods (e.g., integer, long, modular), rando	om number generation, domain, maximum, mean,	
CSMD.Y1.2.4 Discuss and apply concepts of abstraction	CSMD.Y2.2.4 Analyze and utilize concepts of abstraction as modeling and abstraction as encapsulation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	
NOTE: Abstraction is the process of reducing information an hiding the details).	d detail to facilitate focus on relevant concepts and fur	nctionality (displaying only essential information while	
CSMD.Y1.2.5 Perform operations of level-appropriate complexity with binary, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers	CSMD.Y2.2.5 Perform operations of level-appropriate complexity with binary, octal, decimal, and hexadecimal numbers	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	
NOTE: Operations may include, but are not limited to, addition	on, subtraction, multiplication, division, and conversion	1.	

Demonstrate operator precedence in expressions and statements	uded or excluded	included or excluded

NOTE:

Operators include, but are not limited to, addition, subtraction, division, modulus division, concatenation, square root, and exponentiation. Operator precedence may include, but is not limited to, inside-out, order of operations, and the understanding that the assignment statement of "x = 1" is not the same as "1 = x."

Strand: Data, Information, and Security

Content Cluster 3: Students will analyze and utilize data through the use of computing devices.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSMD.Y1.3.1 Define, store, access, and manipulate level-appropriate data (e.g., primitive, linear)	CSMD.Y2.3.1 Create programs to store, access, and manipulate level-appropriate data (e.g., structured data, objects) CSMD Y2: Programs must include mobile applications	CSMD.Y3.3.1 Create mobile applications that store, access, and manipulate, with high level of efficiency, level-appropriate data
Objects may include, but are not limited to, constructor Defining, storing, and accessing may include, but are parameters, private, protected, public).	lists, strings, and vectors. ays, classes, linked lists, maps, multidimensional arrays	s (e.g., final, pass-by-value, pass-by-reference
CSMD.Y1.3.2 Define and discuss different examples of level-appropriate quantitative and qualitative data	CSMD.Y2.3.2 Define and discuss different examples of level-appropriate quantitative and qualitative data	CSMD.Y3.3.2 Utilize both quantitative and qualitative data in building mobile applications
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.3.3 Research, discuss, and create level-appropriate programs to model and simulate probabilistic and real-world scenarios	CSMD.Y3.3.3 Create and evaluate models and simulations to answer student-identified questions and scenarios
NOTE: Probabilistic scenarios may include, but are not limite Real-world scenarios may include, but are not limited	d to, flipping a coin, random walkers, and rolling dice. to, city population and predator-prey.	
CSMD.Y1.3.4 Analyze, utilize, and visually represent level-appropriate data	CSMD.Y2.3.4 Analyze, utilize, and visually represent level-appropriate static and dynamic data	CSMD.Y3.3.4 Create mobile applications that visually represent level-appropriate data based on user input through interfacing with the application
	mited to, analytics reports, graphical representations, pork traffic, real-time weather data, sensor statuses, stoo	
CSMD.Y1.3.5 Perform level-appropriate data analysis using computing tools	CSMD.Y2.3.5 Perform level-appropriate data analysis using computing tools	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded



Analysis may include, but is not limited to, maximum values, mean values, minimum values, ranges, and string comparisons.



Strand: Data, Information, and Security

motivations, significant impacts, and social

Content Cluster 4: Students will analyze and utilize concepts of cybersecurity.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2 Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4		Year 3 - Advanced		
CSMD.Y1.4.1 Identify the five pillars of cybersecurity and evaluate the relevance of each pillar to computer science concepts CSMD.Y2.4.1 Apply the five pillars of cybersecurity as applicable to level-appropriate computer science concepts		Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded		
NOTE: Additional concepts and key terms of the five pillars of cybersecurity (confidentiality, integrity, availability, non-repudiation, and authentication) may include, but are not limited to, access control paradigms, accountability, authorization, least-privilege, and need-to-know.				
CSMD.Y1.4.2 Research and describe different roles within the hacking community (e.g., white hat, black hat, gray hat hacking), including positive and negative	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded		

NOTE:

stereotypes

White hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, bug bounty programs and contracted penetration testing. A significant impact example may include, but is not limited to, Charlie Miller's compromisation of Fiat Chrysler vehicles.

Black hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, the unauthorized processes of accessing systems to destroy, compromise, or steal data and deny access to services or systems. A significant impact example may include, but is not limited to, Behzad Mesri's alleged theft of data from Home Box Office (HBO) and subsequent ransom demands.

Gray hat hacking may include, but is not limited to, unauthorized processes of accessing systems to report, correct, and draw attention to security vulnerabilities. A significant example of gray hat hacking is intentionally not included; students and teachers are encouraged to explore and discuss the nuances of "right versus wrong" and motivations within this community, including nation-state actions.

CSMD.Y2.4.3 Research and describe common attacks on hardware, software, and networks	CSMD.Y3.4.3 Implement level-appropriate mitigation strategies against common attacks when creating mobile applications
CSMD Y2: Research and describe common attacks on mobile platforms and mobile applications	

NOTE:

Common hardware attacks may include, but are not limited to, clones, hardware trojans, and side-channel attacks.

Common software attacks may include, but are not limited to, buffer overflows, deployment errors, software bugs, and Structured Query Language (SQL) and command injection.

Common network attacks may include, but are not limited to, man-in-the-middle attacks, packet sniffing, protocol abuse, and spoofing of media access control (MAC) or internet protocol (IP) addresses.

NOTE CSMD Y2: Common mobile attacks may include, but not limited to, browser exploits, data leakage, eavesdropping on unsecured wifi, and network spoofing.			
CSMD.Y1.4.4 Explain implications related to identification and responsible reporting of a vulnerability versus exploitation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded		
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.4.5 Apply digital methods in securing data when creating mobile applications	CSMD.Y3.4.5 Apply digital methods in securely transmitting data by using libraries and/or student-created algorithms	

NOTE CSMD Y2:

Digital methods may include, but are not limited to, hashing functions and user authentication.

NOTE CSMD Y3:

Digital methods may include, but are not limited to, data encryption (e.g., advanced encryption standard (AES), Caesar cipher, secure shell (SSH), transport layer security (TLS)).

Strand: Algorithms and Programs **Content Cluster 5:** Students will create, evaluate, and modify algorithms.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced	
CSMD.Y1.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that use iteration, selection, and sequence	CSMD.Y2.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that use iteration, recursion, selection, and sequence	CSMD.Y3.5.1 Design and implement level-appropriate algorithms that solve student-identified problems	
CSMD.Y1.5.2 Illustrate the flow of execution of algorithms in level-appropriate programs including branching and looping	CSMD.Y2.5.2 Illustrate the flow of execution of algorithms in level-appropriate programs including recursion	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	
NOTE: Illustrations may include, but are not limited to, flowch			
CSMD.Y1.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student-created and non-student-created algorithms	CSMD.Y2.5.3 Evaluate the qualities of level-appropriate student-created and non-student-created algorithms including classic search and sort algorithms	CSMD.Y3.5.3 Evaluate multiple student-created algorithms and non-student-created algorithms in terms of time and space complexities (e.g., Big O notation)	
NOTE: Evaluation tools may include, but are not limited to, code review and test cases. Qualities may include, but are not limited to, correctness, efficiency, exception handling, input/data/model validation, portability, readability, and usability.			
CSMD.Y1.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	CSMD.Y2.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	CSMD.Y3.5.4 Use a systematic approach to detect and resolve errors in a given algorithm	

Strand: Algorithms and Programs **Content Cluster 6:** Students will create programs to solve problems.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2 Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4		Year 3 - Advanced	
CSMD.Y1.6.1 Create programs using procedures to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity	CSMD.Y2.6.1 Create programs to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity CSMD Y2: Programs must include classes	CSMD.Y3.6.1 Create mobile applications to solve problems of level-appropriate complexity utilizing inheritance and polymorphism	
NOTE: "Procedures" is considered interchangeable with "function of the problems may include, but are not limited to, encodin solving classic computer science tasks such as The T	g, encryption, finding minimum/maximum values, ident	ifying prime numbers, searching and sorting, and	
CSMD.Y1.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace) CSMD.Y2.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace) CSMD.Y3.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace) CSMD.Y3.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace) CSMD.Y3.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace) CSMD.Y3.6.2 Discuss and apply best practices of program design and format (e.g., descriptive names, documentation, indentation, user experience design, whitespace)			
NOTE CSMD Y2-Y3: Mobile application design process components may in experience (UI/UX), testing, and deployment.	nclude, but are not limited to, idea generation, research	n, prototyping, designing, user interface/user	
CSMD.Y1.6.3 Determine the scope and state of variables declared in procedures and control structures over time	CSMD.Y2.6.3 Determine the scope and state of variables defined in classes and class procedures	CSMD.Y3.6.3 Determine the scope and state of variables defined in classes and class procedures involving inheritance and polymorphism	
NOTE: "Procedures" is considered interchangeable with "fund	ctions" for meeting this standard.		
CSMD.Y1.6.4 Create programs of level-appropriate complexity that read from standard input, write to standard output, read from a file, write to a file, and append to a file	CSMD.Y2.6.4 Create programs that read from, write to, and append to a file of level-appropriate complexity that includes structured data CSMD Y2: Programs must include mobile applications	CSMD.Y3.6.4 Create mobile applications that use various media types	

NOTE:

Standard input and output is platform-specific.

Standard input and output on personal computers may include, but are not limited to, a keyboard and terminal.

Standard input and output on mobile application devices may include, but are not limited to, touchscreen and speakers.

Standard input and output on robots may include, but are not limited to, sensors and servos.

Structured data refers to any representation of data which can be interpreted by an external or separate computing system including, but not limited to, comma-separated values (CSV), JavaScript Object Notation (JSON), Extensible Markup Language (XML), and other line-based text documents.

NOTE CSMD Y3:

Media types may include, but are not limited to, audio, image, and video files.

CSMD.Y1.6.5	CSMD.Y2.6.5		CSMD.Y3.6.5
Use a systematic approach to detect	logic, runtime, Use a systematic ap	oproach to detect logic, runtime,	Use a systematic approach to detect logic, runtime,
and syntax errors within a program	and syntax errors wi	ithin a program	and syntax errors within a program

Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 7: Students will analyze the utilization of computers within industry.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSMD.Y1.7.1 Identify hardware and software specific to carrying out the mission of regional industries	CSMD.Y2.7.1 Utilize hardware and/or software to solve level-appropriate industry-based problems	CSMD.Y3.7.1 Integrate multiple hardware and/or software tools to solve level-appropriate industry-based problems
NOTE CSMD Y3: Tools may include, but are not limited to, using multiple libraries from a code repository.		
CSMD.Y1.7.2 Research advancing and emerging technologies (e.g., artificially intelligent agents, blockchain, extended reality, Internet of Things (IoT), machine learning, robotics)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 8: Students will analyze communication methods and systems used to transmit information among computing devices.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSMD.Y1.8.1 Utilize the command line to accomplish common network troubleshooting tasks at an introductory level	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Common network troubleshooting tasks may include, but are not limited to, viewing internal IP address information (e.g., ipconfig /all); viewing external IP address information using an external service (e.g., ifconfig.me, myip.com, whatsmyip.com); validating communication with a remote system (e.g., ping); tracing path of communication to a remote system (e.g., traceroute); and releasing and renewing IP addresses (e.g., ipconfig /renew).		
CSMD.Y1.8.2 Research and describe common networking concepts at an introductory level	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Networking concepts may include, but are not limited to, different types of networks (e.g., local area network (LAN), wide area network (WAN)); various common topologies; the role of a MAC address; local versus public IP and how they are assigned; Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) and Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) addressing schemes; role of Domain Name System (DNS); the hierarchical nature of networks; purpose of virtual private networks (VPN); signal carriers for networks (e.g., copper, fiber optic, radio); purpose of firewalls; network access roles (e.g., employee versus guest, staff versus student); role of internet service providers (ISP); wireless connectivity; client-server relationship versus peer-to-peer (P2P); role of common internet protocols; and secure versus insecure protocols.		
CSMD.Y1.8.3 Research and describe modems, network interface cards, routers (e.g.,consumer, industrial), switches, and wireless access points, and identify their purposes within a network	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSMD.Y1.8.4 Describe the importance of creating and using common rules for communication and the utilization of common network protocols including the relationship between client and server	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

NOTE:

Discussions of common rules for communications may include, but are not limited to, the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Model and packet communication. Common network protocols may include, but are not limited to, DNS, Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)/ Secure Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTPS), Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)/Post Office Protocol (POP)/Internet Message Access Protocol (IMAP), and Telnet/Secure Shell (SSH).

Strand: Computers and Communications

Content Cluster 9: Students will utilize appropriate hardware and software.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSMD.Y1.9.1 Compare and contrast computer programming paradigms (e.g., functional, imperative, object-oriented)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSMD.Y1.9.2 Research, describe, and utilize at an appropriate level:	CSMD.Y2.9.2 Use collaboration tools and version control systems in a group software project of appropriate complexity	CSMD.Y3.9.2 Compare, contrast, and utilize collaboration tools and/or version control systems in a group software project of appropriate complexity
CSMD.Y1.9.3 Classify layers of software (e.g., applications, drivers, firmware, operating systems) utilized within various platforms (e.g., Android, ChromeOS, iOS, Linux, macOS, Windows)	CSMD.Y2.9.3 Research different classifications (e.g., Hybrid, Native, Web) of mobile applications	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSMD.Y1.9.4 Identify and describe the purpose of hardware components within various personal computing platforms	CSMD.Y2.9.4 Utilize common hardware components found in mobile devices (e.g., accelerometer, camera, light, microphone, physical buttons, speaker) in the creation of level-appropriate mobile applications	CSMD.Y3.9.4 Utilize common hardware components found in mobile devices (e.g., accelerometer, camera, light, microphone, physical buttons, speaker) in the creation of level-appropriate mobile applications
NOTE: Hardware components include, but are not limited to, memory, motherboards, power supplies, and storage	central processing units (CPU), chassis, cooling comp devices.	onents, graphics cards, input/output devices,
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.9.5 Discuss mobile device limitations (e.g., memory, processing power, screen resolution) that affect mobile application development	CSMD.Y3.9.5 Analyze mobile device limitations (e.g., memory, processing power, screen resolution) that affect student-created mobile application

Strand: Professionalism and Impacts of Computing

Content Cluster 10: Students will analyze the impacts of technology and professionalism within the computing community.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSMD.Y1.10.1 Research and describe the risks and risk mitigation strategies associated with the utilization and implementation of social media and other digital technology implications	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
	entity theft, impersonation, and social engineering attac byability, legal, physical, psychological, and social acce	
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.10.2 Research and describe issues related to creating and enforcing cyber-related laws and regulations (e.g., ethical challenges, policy vacuum, privacy versus security, unintended consequences)	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSMD.Y1.10.3 Research and describe the potential benefits associated with the utilization and implementation of social media and other digital technologies	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Potential benefits may include, but are not limited to,	brand building, crowdsourcing, personal promotion awa	areness, and project funding.
CSMD.Y1.10.4 Research and describe the relationship between access and security (e.g., active and passive data, convenience, data mining, digital marketing, online wallets, privacy, theft of personal information)	CSMD.Y2.10.4 Identify the ethical implications encountered in the curation, management, and monetization of data (e.g., harvesting, information overload, knowledge management repositories, sharing, summarizing)	CSMD.Y3.10.4 Discuss ethical implications encountered in software development industry that relate to intellectual property, non-compete clauses, and non-disclosure agreements
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.10.5 Explain advantages and disadvantages of various software life cycle processes (e.g., Agile, spiral, waterfall)	CSMD.Y3.10.5 Utilize a software life cycle process (e.g., Agile, spiral, waterfall) in developing a mobile application
CSMD.Y1.10.6 Research the history of computing devices and their impact on society	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

CSMD.Y1.10.7 Research and identify diverse careers and career opportunities (e.g., accessibility, availability, demand) that are influenced by computer science and the technical and soft skills needed for each	CSMD.Y2.10.7 Demonstrate industry-relevant technical and soft skills	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.10.8 Identify the components of a quality professional digital portfolio	CSMD.Y3.10.8 Evaluate the quality and impact of a professional digital portfolio
This standard is not specifically required until Year 2	CSMD.Y2.10.9 Create and maintain a digital collection of self-created work	CSMD.Y3.10.9 Create and maintain a professional digital portfolio comprised of self-created work
NOTE CSMD Y2-Y3: Self-created works may include, but not limited to, diagrams, media, mobile applications, and source code.		

Strand: Professionalism and Impacts of Computing

Content Cluster 11: Students will demonstrate understanding of storytelling with data and appropriately communicate about technical information.

Year 1 - Level 1 / Level 2	Year 2 - Level 3 / Level 4	Year 3 - Advanced
CSMD.Y1.11.1 Communicate basic technical information effectively to diverse audiences including, but not limited to, non-technical audience members	CSMD.Y2.11.1 Communicate technical information, of appropriate complexity, effectively to diverse audiences including, but not limited to, non-technical audience members	CSMD.Y3.11.1 Communicate technical information, of appropriate complexity, effectively to diverse audiences including, but not limited to, non-technical audience members
NOTE: Technical information may include, but is not limited to, collecting or collected data, computing hardware, cyber hygiene, networking concepts, programming paradigms, and troubleshooting concepts.		
CSMD.Y1.11.2 Describe and utilize the concepts of storytelling with data	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
NOTE: Storytelling concepts may include, but are not limited to, identifying the knowledge level of the intended audience; developing a compelling narrative; creating appealing visualizations appropriate for the intended audience and that enhance the narrative; remaining objective and avoiding biases; and avoiding the censoring of data.		
CSMD.Y1.11.3 Describe the following common types of data bias:	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSMD.Y1.11.4 Compare and contrast causation and correlation	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded
CSMD.Y1.11.5 Compare and contrast interpreting data, inferring using data, and implicating with data	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded	Continuation of this standard is not specifically included or excluded

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