NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 SCHOOL BOARD AND ADMINISTRATION JUNE 30, 2021

SCHOOL BOARD

NAME	TERM ON BOARD EXPIRES	BOARD POSITION
Fran Ross	6/30/22	Chair
Claudia Gumbiner Hungs	6/30/24	Chair Elect
Becky Lund	6/30/22	Secretary
Sasha Ross	6/30/24	Treasurer
Nicholas LaRusso	6/30/23	Director
Melissa Hernandez	6/30/23	Director
Jennie Winter	6/30/23	Director
Diane Ruday	6/30/23	Director
Divya Karan	6/30/22	Director

BUILDING COMPANY BOARD

Scott Krizan Ken Schlosser Jeff Ellerd President Secretary Treasurer

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Brett Wedlund

Michael Pelofske

Brooke Tousignant

Executive Director

Academic Director

Upper School Principal

Lower School Principal

FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Nova Classical Academy Charter School No. 4098 St. Paul, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nova Classical Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nova Classical Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nova Classical Academy as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Report on Summarized Prior Year Information

We have previously audited Nova Classical Academy's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated November 25, 2020. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, TRA schedule of the school's proportionate share of the net pension liability, TRA schedule of school contributions, GERF schedule of the school's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and GERF schedule of school contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Nova Classical Academy's basic financial statements. The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table, combining statements, and individual fund statements and schdules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table, combining statements, and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2021, on our consideration of Nova Classical Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Nova Classical Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Nova Classical Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 18, 2021

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section of Nova Classical Academy – Charter School No. 4098's (the School) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which immediately follows this section. Certain comparative information between the current year (2020-2021) and the prior year (2019-2020) is required to be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2020-2021 fiscal year include the following:

- Total General Fund revenues were \$11,395,081 as compared to \$10,824,153 of expenditures.
- Total fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$376,772.
- As of June 30, 2021, the Nonmajor Governmental Funds had a combined fund balance of \$84,286.
- Average number of students decreased by 10 from the prior year.
- Building Company revenues totaled \$1,535,322 as compared to expenditures of \$1,459,946. This resulted in a Building Company increase in fund balance of \$75,376 and an ending fund balance in the Building Company Fund of \$2,547,868 as of June 30, 2021. This increase in fund balance was a result of the Building Company taking in more rent income than what was paid out in debt service and other miscellaneous building expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditors' Report, required supplementary information which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are *School-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the School's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School, reporting the School's operations in *more detail* than the School-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

School-Wide Statements

The School-wide statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two School-wide statements report the School's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the School's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the School you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School's creditworthiness and the condition of the School buildings and other facilities.

In the School-wide financial statements the School's activities are shown in one category:

 Governmental Activities – All of the School's services are included here, including regular and special education, administration, food service, and community education. State and federal aids finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's *funds* – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by debt covenants.
- The School establishes other accounts and funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts).

The School has one fund type:

Governmental Funds – All of the School's services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the School-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The School's combined net position was a deficit of \$4,860,097 on June 30, 2021 (see Table A-1).

	Governmen as of Ju	Percentage	
	2021	2020	Change
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$ 7,677,520 16,340,132 24,017,652	\$ 6,781,033 16,717,033 23,498,066	13.22 % (2.25) 2.21
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,701,261	8,339,584	(31.64)
Current Liabilities Net Pension Liability Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,280,017 6,443,274 21,487,052 29,210,343	802,956 6,284,066 23,100,239 30,187,261	59.41 2.53 (6.98) (3.24)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,368,667	7,545,245	(28.85)
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	101,258 84,286 (5,045,641) \$ (4,860,097)	279,569 73,455 (6,247,880) \$ (5,894,856)	(63.78) 14.75 (19.24) (17.55)

The School's deficit unrestricted net position relates primarily to the net effect of School's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows of resources of the unfunded liabilities for the two statewide pension plans in which it participates (TRA and PERA). TRA and PERA experienced large decreases in their actuarial determined net pension liabilities that were partially offset by large increases in deferred inflows of resources as well as decreases in deferred outflows of resources, in the School's fiscal year 2021 financial statements, due to changes in actuarial assumptions and plan investments doing well during the actuarial measurement date.

Changes in Net Position

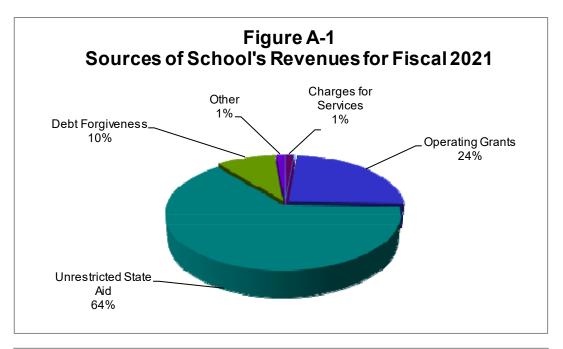
The School's total revenues were \$12,716,195 for the year ended June 30, 2021. While 64% of revenue was from unrestricted state aid, program related charges and operating grants accounted for 25% of the revenue for the 2020-2021 school year (see Figure A-1).

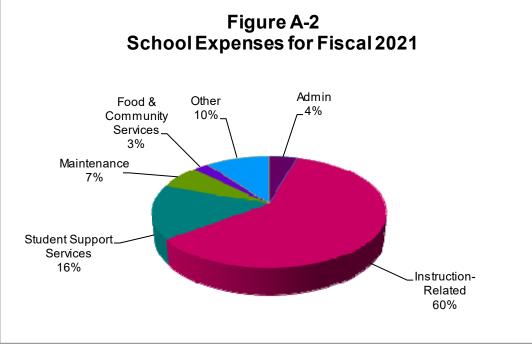
		Governmental Fiscal Year E	Percentage		
	2021			2020	Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	183,424	\$	529,314	(65.35)%
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,051,219		2,849,940	7.06
<u>General Revenues</u>					
Unrestricted State Aid		8,095,845		8,014,227	1.02
Investment Earnings		6,005		17,811	(66.28)
Debt Forgiveness		1,212,200		-	N/A
Other		167,502		156,041	7.34
Total Revenues		12,716,195		11,567,333	9.93
Expenses					
Administration		520,358		548,288	(5.09)
District Support Services		1,222,863		1,112,393	9.93
Regular Instruction		5,767,449		6,080,403	(5.15)
Special Education Instruction		1,300,993		1,477,720	(11.96)
Instructional Support Services		14,240		32,215	(55.80)
Pupil Support Services		576,351		621,114	(7.21)
Sites and Buildings		783,307		654,707	19.64
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs		59,811		51,179	16.87
Food Service		105,145		295,340	(64.40)
Community Service		192,979		117,564	64.15
Interest and Fiscal Charges on					
Long-Term Liabilities		1,137,940		1,158,411	(1.77)
Total Expenses		11,681,436		12,149,334	(3.85)
Change in Net Position		1,034,759		(582,001)	
Beginning Net Position		(5,894,856)		(5,312,855)	
Ending Net Position	\$	(4,860,097)	\$	(5,894,856)	

The total cost of all programs and services was \$11,681,436. Revenues exceeded expenses, increasing net position by \$1,034,759 from the prior year. The majority of the net deficit ending net position related to the School's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows of resources of the unfunded liabilities for the two statewide pension plans in which it participates (TRA and PERA) that are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$11,681,436.

- Most of the School's costs were paid for through unrestricted State aid (69%).
- Grants, charges for services, and other revenues paid for 28% of the School's costs.





	Total Cost 2021	of Services 2020	Percentage Change	Net Cost of 2021	Net Cost of Services 2021 2020	
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change
Administration	\$ 520,358	\$ 548,288	(5.09)%	\$ 518,492	\$ 545,352	(4.93)%
District Support Services	1,222,863	1,112,393	9.93	1,217,971	1,111,431	9.59
Regular Instruction	5,767,449	6,080,403	(5.15)	5,569,576	5,855,805	(4.89)
Special Education Instruction	1,300,993	1,477,720	(11.96)	(55,236)	299,540	(118.44)
Instructional Support Services	14,240	32,215	(55.80)	14,199	32,215	(55.92)
Pupil Support Services	576,351	621,114	(7.21)	573,754	619,767	(7.42)
Sites and Buildings	783,307	654,707	19.64	343,218	252,746	35.80
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	59,811	51,179	16.87	59,811	51,179	16.87
Food Service	105,145	295,340	(0.64)	70,797	763	91.79
Community Service	192,979	117,564	0.64	134,211	1,282	103.69
Interest and Fiscal Charges on						
Long-Term Liabilities	1,137,940	1,158,411	(1.77)	-	-	N/A
Total	\$ 11,681,436	\$ 12,149,334	(3.85)	\$ 8,446,793	\$ 8,770,080	(3.69)

Table A-3 Program Expenses and Net Cost of Services

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the School in providing educational services to students from Kindergarten through Grade 12, including transportation, capital outlay projects and facility maintenance and leases.

General Fund operational revenue is controlled by a complex set of state funding formulas resulting in the local school board having no meaningful authority to determine the level of resources. This revenue source includes general education aid of 71%, facility lease aid of 14%, and special education aid of 9%.

ENROLLMENT

Enrollment is a critical factor in determining revenue. The following chart shows that the number of students has increased over the past five years as a full K-12 program. The School's ADM will continue to grow but at a slower pace as enrollment in the upper grades increases in order to create financial stability for the School.

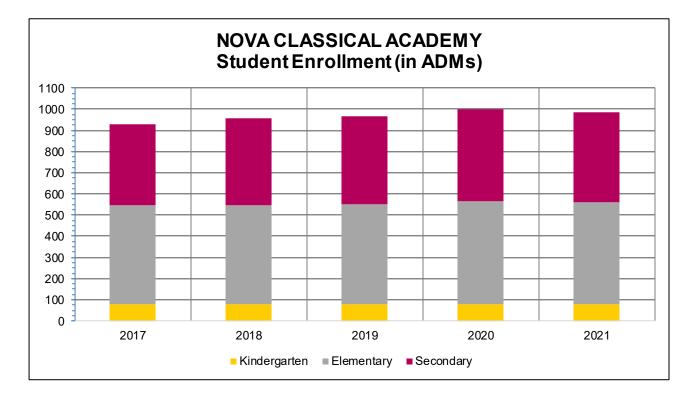


Table A-4 Average Daily Membership (ADM)

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Revenues.

Table A-5 General Fund Revenues

	Year Ended				Chang	e	
	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2020		June 30, 2021		-	ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change
Local Sources:							
Earnings and Investments	\$	5,868	\$	11,921	\$	(6,053)	(50.78)%
Other		264,742		331,265		(66,523)	(20.1)
State Sources		10,695,583		10,702,310		(6,727)	(0.1)
Federal Sources		428,888		97,338		331,550	340.6
Total General Fund Revenues	\$	11,395,081	\$	11,142,834	\$	252,247	2.3

Total General Fund Revenue increased by \$252,247 or 2.3% from the previous year. Basic general education revenue is determined by a state formula and is largely enrollment driven. The School's revenue in 2020-2021 increased from 2019-2020 due primarily to the increase in federal aid provided to schools to assist with costs related to the pandemic.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Expenditures.

Table A-6General Fund Expenditures

	Year Ended				Chang	е	
	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		-	ncrease)ecrease)	Percent Change
Salaries	\$	5,629,415	\$	5,441,438	\$	187,977	3.45 %
Employee Benefits		1,402,691		1,360,554		42,137	3.1
Purchased Services		3,226,411		3,375,969		(149,558)	(4.4)
Supplies and Materials		488,476		452,735		35,741	7.9
Capital Expenditures		-		9,016		(9,016)	(100.0)
Other Expenditures		77,160		68,093		9,067	13.3
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	10,824,153	\$	10,707,805	\$	116,348	1.1

Total General Fund expenditures increased \$116,348 or 1.1% from the previous year. Salaries and benefits contributed approximately \$234,000 to the increase. Purchased services decreased by approximately \$150,000 while supplies and materials increased about \$36,000.

Ending fund balance of the General Fund is the single best measure of overall financial health. The total fund balance of \$4,495,385 on June 30, 2021 represents 41.5% of annual expenditures. As a full K-12 program, the School continues its commitment to maintain a strong fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Following approval of the budget prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the School revised the annual operating budget in mid-year. These budget amendments typically fall into two categories:

- Finalized staffing requirements for the school year affecting total expenses.
- Board approved end-of-year expenditures.

The School's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that revenues and other financing sources would exceed expenditures and other financing uses by \$385,638. Overall, revenues were \$244,499 or 2.1% under budget. Expenditures were \$272,310 or 2.5% under budget due to savings related distance learning and delayed capital projects.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS

In the Building Company Fund, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$75,376 resulting in an ending total fund balance of \$2,547,868.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

In the Food Service Fund, revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$390, and the fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$13,388 as of June 30, 2021.

In the Community Service Fund revenues and other financing sources equaled expenditures, and the fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$70,898 as of June 30, 2021.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Investment in capital assets did not increase in 2021 and remained at \$19,652,221 before factoring accumulated depreciation. Depreciation for the 2020-2021 school year was \$376,901.

	_	2021	2020	Percentage Change
Building Company				
Land	\$	4,056,522	\$ 4,056,522	- %
Buildings and Improvements		14,543,896	14,543,896	-
Furniture and Equipment		21,708	21,708	-
Nova Classical Academy				
Furniture and Equipment		1,030,095	1,030,095	-
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(3,312,089)	 (2,935,188)	12.8
Total District Capital Assets	\$	16,340,132	\$ 16,717,033	(2.3)

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, Friends of Nova Classical Academy, a blended component unit of the School, had a net of \$21.9 million in charter school lease revenue bonds. The School also recorded a pension liability in the amount of \$6.4 million, representing the school proportionate share of the unfunded liabilities for the two statewide pension plans in which it participates (TRA and PERA). More detailed information about long-term liabilities can be found in Note 5 and Note 6 to the financial statements.

	2021	2020	Percentage Change
General Obligation Bonds Net Bond Discount PPP Loan Net Bonsion Liebility	\$ 22,110,000 (232,948) -	\$ 22,480,000 (241,961) 1,212,200	(1.6)% (3.7) (100.0) 2.5
Net Pension Liability Total Long-Term Liabilities	6,443,274 \$ 28,320,326	6,284,066 \$ 29,734,305	(4.8)
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year Total	\$ 390,000 27,930,326 \$ 28,320,326	\$ 350,000 29,384,305 \$ 29,734,305	

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

The School is dependent on the state of Minnesota for its revenue authority. Recent experience demonstrates that legislated revenue increases have not been sufficient to meet instructional program needs and increased costs due to inflation. The Legislature provided for little change in the basic per pupil unit funding during recent fiscal years.

The School will strive to maintain its long-standing commitment to academic excellence and educational opportunity for students within a framework of financial fiduciary responsibility. It is anticipated that enrollment growth will continue at a slow rate. If state funding formulas are not sufficient to continue current instructional program scenarios, staffing or enrollment adjustments will be made to match resources to balance future budgets.

Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic the School continued to utilize distance learning for part of the school year.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Nova Classical Academy, 1455 Victoria Way, St. Paul, MN 55102.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020)

	Governmental Activities				
		2021		2020	
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	3,801,608	\$	2,986,625	
Cash with Fiscal Agent		2,713,687		2,634,851	
Receivables:					
Other Governments		1,080,059		1,096,985	
Other		11,724		10,440	
Prepaid Items		70,442		52,132	
Capital Assets:					
Land		4,056,522		4,056,522	
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		12,283,610		12,660,511	
Total Assets		24,017,652		23,498,066	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows - Pensions		3,470,897		6,003,848	
Deferred Outflows - Loss on Refunding of Debt		2,230,364		2,335,736	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,701,261		8,339,584	
LIABILITIES					
Salaries Payable		413,426		19,332	
Accounts and Contracts Payable		136,555		86,700	
Accrued Interest Payable		340,036		346,924	
Long-Term Liabilities:		,		,	
Net Pension Liability		6,443,274		6,284,066	
Other Long-Term Liabilities Due Within One Year		390,000		350,000	
Other Long-Term Liabilities Due in More Than One Year		21,487,052		23,100,239	
Total Liabilities		29,210,343		30,187,261	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows - Pensions		5,368,667		7,545,245	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		101,258		279,569	
Restricted for:		101,200		210,000	
Food Service		13,388		2,557	
Community Service		70,898		70,898	
Unrestricted		(5,045,641)		(6,247,880)	
		· · · · · ·		<u>,</u>	
Total Net Position	\$	(4,860,097)	\$	(5,894,856)	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020)

	2021							
		Net (Expense)						
				Revenue and	Revenue and			
				Change in	Change in			
			Program			Net Position	Net Position	
					Operating	Total	Total	
			Charges for		Grants and	Governmental	Governmental	
Functions	Expenses	<u> </u>	Services	C	ontributions	Activities	Activities	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Administration	\$ 520,3	858 \$	-	\$	1,866	\$ (518,492)	\$ (545,352)	
District Support Services	1,222,8	363	-		4,892	(1,217,971)	(1,111,431)	
Regular Instruction	5,767,4	149	110,608		87,265	(5,569,576)	(5,855,805)	
Special Education Instruction	1,300,9	993	-		1,356,229	55,236	(299,540)	
Instructional Support Services	14,2	240	-		41	(14,199)	(32,215)	
Pupil Support Services	576,3	351	-		2,597	(573,754)	(619,767)	
Sites and Buildings	783,3	307	-		440,089	(343,218)	(252,746)	
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	59,8	311	-		-	(59,811)	(51,179)	
Food Service	105,1	145	15,002		19,346	(70,797)	(763)	
Community Service	192,9	979	57,814		954	(134,211)	(1,282)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges on								
Long-Term Liabilities	1,137,9	940	-		1,137,940			
Total School District	\$ 11,681,4	\$	183,424	\$	3,051,219	(8,446,793)	(8,770,080)	
	GENERAL R							
			ed to Specific I	Purpo	ses	8,095,845	8,014,227	
	Earnings o		•			6,005	17,811	
	Miscellane					167,502	156,041	
	Debt Forgiv					1,212,200	-	
	-	General F	Revenues			9,481,552	8,188,079	
	CHANGE IN	NET POSI	TION			1,034,759	(582,001)	
	Net Position	- Beginning	of Year			(5,894,856)	(5,312,855)	
		ON - END	OF YEAR			\$ (4,860,097)	\$ (5,894,856)	

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020)

	Major Funds			s	Ν	lonmajor	Total Governmental			
	Building		Gov	/ernmental	Funds					
		General	Company			Funds	2021			2020
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	3,690,280	\$	24,261	\$	87,067	\$	3,801,608	\$	2,986,625
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		2,713,687		-		2,713,687		2,634,851
Receivables:										
Due from Minnesota Department of Education		922,743		-		55		922,798		1,069,182
Due from Federal through Minnesota										
Department of Education		156,926		-		335		157,261		27,803
Due from Other Funds		190,080		-		-		190,080		175,162
Other Receivables		-		-		11,724		11,724	10,440	
Prepaid Items		70,442						70,442		52,132
Total Assets	\$	5,030,471	\$	2,737,948	\$	99,181	\$	7,867,600	\$	6,956,195
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities:										
Salaries Payable	\$	398,886	\$	-	\$	7,452	\$	406,338	\$	16,779
Payroll Deductions and Employer										
Contributions Payable		7,088		-		-		7,088		2,553
Accounts and Contracts Payable		129,112		-		7,443		136,555		86,700
Due to Other Funds		-		190,080		-		190,080		175,162
Total Liabilities		535,086		190,080		14,895		740,061		281,194
Fund Balance:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid Items		70,442		-		-		70,442		52,132
Restricted for:										
Food Service		-		-		13,388		13,388		12,998
Community Service		-		-		70,898		70,898		70,898
Building Company Debt Service		-		2,547,868		-		2,547,868		2,472,492
PPP Loans		-		-		-		-		378,365
Unassigned		4,424,943		-		-		4,424,943		3,688,116
Total Fund Balance		4,495,385		2,547,868		84,286		7,127,539		6,675,001
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	5,030,471	\$	2,737,948	\$	99,181	\$	7,867,600	\$	6,956,195

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020)

	2021		 2020
Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$	7,127,539	\$ 6,675,001
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land Land Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		4,056,522 540,173 11,412,564 330,873	4,056,522 573,245 11,690,213 397,053
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.		(340,036)	(346,924)
The School's net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:			
Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		(6,443,274) (5,368,667) 3,470,897	(6,284,066) (7,545,245) 6,003,848
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds and loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:			
Bonds Payable Loans Payable Unamortized Discounts Deferred Loss on Refunding		(22,110,000) - 232,948 2,230,364	 (22,480,000) (1,212,200) 241,961 2,335,736
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(4,860,097)	\$ (5,894,856)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020)

	Major	Funds	Nonmajor	Total Governmental			
		Building	Governmental	Fu	nds		
	General	Company	Funds	2021	2020		
REVENUES							
Local Sources:							
Earnings and Investments	\$ 5,868	\$ 137	\$ -	\$ 6,005	\$ 17,811		
Other	264,742	1,535,185	72,816	1,872,743	2,220,837		
State Sources	10,695,583	-	1,239	10,696,822	10,709,657		
Federal Sources	428,888	-	18,107	446,995	146,568		
Total Revenues	11,395,081	1,535,322	92,162	13,022,565	13,094,873		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Administration	498,282	-	-	498,282	476,144		
District Support Services	1,087,392	50,039	-	1,137,431	1,032,307		
Elementary and Secondary Regular							
Instruction	5,217,606	-	-	5,217,606	5,083,563		
Special Education Instruction	1,230,766	-	-	1,230,766	1,336,328		
Instructional Support Services	11,150	-	-	11,150	29,359		
Pupil Support Services	542,283	-	-	542,283	590,214		
Sites and Buildings	2,181,273	5,054	-	2,186,327	2,160,085		
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	55,401	4,410	-	59,811	51,179		
Food Service	-	-	97,773	97,773	295,340		
Community Service	-	-	180,783	180,783	107,704		
Capital Outlay	-	-	7,372	7,372	9,016		
Debt Service:							
Principal	-	370,000	-	370,000	350,000		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	1,030,443	-	1,030,443	1,050,535		
Total Expenditures	10,824,153	1,459,946	285,928	12,570,027	12,571,774		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	570,928	75,376	(193,766)	452,538	523,099		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Issuance of PPP Loan	-	_	-	-	1,212,200		
Transfers In	-	-	194,156	194,156	7,699		
Transfers Out	(194,156)	_	-	(194,156)	(7,699)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(194,156)	-	194,156		1,212,200		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	376,772	75,376	390	452,538	1,735,299		
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning of Year	4,118,613	2,472,492	83,896	6,675,001	4,939,702		
End of Year	\$ 4,495,385	\$ 2,547,868	\$ 84,286	\$ 7,127,539	\$ 6,675,001		

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020)

	2021		 2020
Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	452,538	\$ 1,735,299
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period is:			
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense		- (376,901)	9,016 (384,976)
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in the net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.		(515,581)	(971,264)
The governmental funds report debt issuances as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds, loans, and related items is as follows:			
Repayment of Bond Principal PPP Loan Issuance PPP Loan Forgiveness Change in Accrued Interest - General Obligation Bonds Amortization of Bond Discount Amortization of Deferred Charges on Refunding Bonds		370,000 - 1,212,200 6,888 (9,013) (105,372)	 350,000 (1,212,200) - 6,508 (9,012) (105,372)
Total Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,034,759	\$ (582,001)

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021							
	Budgeted Amounts			A	ctual	Over (Under)		
	Original Final		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		
REVENUES								
Local Sources:								
Earnings and Investments	\$	15,450	\$	15,450	\$	5,868	\$	(9,582)
Other		495,440		338,070		264,742		(73,328)
State Sources	10,	738,344		10,721,713	10	,695,583		(26,130)
Federal Sources		198,144		564,347		428,888		(135,459)
Total Revenues	11,	447,378		11,639,580	11	,395,081		(244,499)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Administration		587,870		591,870		498,282		(93,588)
District Support Services	1,	010,488		1,010,957	1	,087,392		76,435
Elementary and Secondary Regular								
Instruction	5,	146,513		5,148,243	5	,217,606		69,363
Special Education Instruction	1,	442,055		1,415,150	1	,230,766		(184,384)
Instructional Support Services		80,300		20,300		11,150		(9,150)
Pupil Support Services		637,483		592,342		542,283		(50,059)
Sites and Buildings	2,	208,549		2,253,576	2	,181,273		(72,303)
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs		40,000		40,000		55,401		15,401
Capital Outlay		54,025		24,025		-		(24,025)
Total Expenditures	11,	207,283		11,096,463	10	,824,153		(272,310)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		240,095		543,117		570,928		27,811
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers Out		(50,785)		(157,479)	((194,156)		(36,677)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	189,310	\$	385,638		376,772	\$	(8,866)
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year					4	,118,613		
End of Year					\$4	,495,385		

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Nova Classical Academy have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

Nova Classical Academy (the School) is a charter school established in November 2001 in accordance with Minnesota Statute §124D.10. The Board is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the School. A Director is appointed by the Board and is responsible for administrative control of the School. The School is authorized by Friends of Education (the Authorizer), a Minnesota nonprofit corporation, and operates under a charter agreement extending through June 30, 2022.

The mission of the School is in a supportive community and through a systematic, accelerated college-preparatory education in the classical tradition, Nova Classical Academy challenges its students to develop intellect, to attain the habits of learning and mastery, and to live a virtuous life of duty and ideals.

The School's policy is to include in the financial statements all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other component units for which the School is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the School (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit.

Based on these criteria, there is one organization that is considered to be a component unit of the School. Friends of Nova Classical Academy (the Building Company) is a Minnesota nonprofit corporation holding IRS classification as a 501(c)(3) tax exempt organization which owns the real estate and building that is leased by the School for its operations. The Building Company is governed by a separate board appointed by the Board of the School. Although it is legally separate from the School, the Building Company is reported as if it were part of the School (as a blended component unit) because its sole purpose is to acquire, construct, and own the educational site. No separate financial statements of the Building Company are issued.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Aside from its authorizer role, Friends of Education has no authority, control, power, or administrative responsibilities over Nova Classical Academy. Therefore, the School is not considered a component unit of Friends of Education.

Extracurricular student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, student activity accounts are included in the School's basic financial statements as part of the General Fund.

C. Basic Financial Statement Presentation

The School-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the School.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Depreciation expense that can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt, if any, is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities. Generally, the effect of material Interfund activity has been removed from the School-wide financial statements.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The School-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

1. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota Statutes and GAAP. Minnesota Statutes include state aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Other miscellaneous revenue, including food service sales, (except Investment Earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until then. Investment earnings are recorded when earned because they are measurable and available. A six-month availability period is generally used for other fund revenue.

2. Recording of Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures are recorded as prepaid for approved disbursements or liabilities incurred in advance of the year in which the item is to be used. Principal and interest on long-term debt issues are recognized on their due dates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Description of Funds

As required by state statute, the School operates as a nonprofit corporation under Minnesota Statutes §317A. However, state law also requires that the School comply with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards for Minnesota School Districts (UFARS) which mandates the use of a governmental fund accounting structure. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the general operations and pupil transportation activities of the School, as well as the capital related activities such as maintenance of facilities and equipment purchases.

Building Company Special Revenue Fund

This Special Revenue Fund accounts for all activities of the Friends of Nova Classical Academy Building Company including the proceeds and uses of resources received to own an educational site for the School. Primary sources of revenue in the building company are from rent received and interest earnings.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund

The Food Service Fund is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures. Primary sources of revenue in the Food Service Fund are from meal sales and state and federal aids.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund

The Community Service Fund is used to account for activities of the Scholar Zone, the School's before and after school program. Primary sources of revenue in the Community Service Fund are from user fees.

E. Income Taxes

The School is classified as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and comparable sections of the Minnesota income tax statutes.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Budgeting

Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Each May, the School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for the General Fund, the Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund. A budget for the Friends of Nova Classical Academy Building Company was not adopted for fiscal year 2021. Reported budget amounts represent the amended budget as adopted by the School Board. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level.

Procedurally, in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements, the Administrative Director submits to the School Board prior to July 1, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The budget is legally enacted by School Board action. Revisions to budgeted amounts must be and are approved by the School Board.

Total fund expenditures in excess of the budget require approval of the School Board. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at line item levels.

Budgeted amounts include a mid-year budget amendment that changed revenue and expenditure budgets as follows:

	Original Budget	An	nendments	Amended Budget
Revenues				
General Fund	\$ 11,447,378	\$	192,202	\$ 11,639,580
Special Revenue Funds:				
Food Service Fund	281,670		(281,020)	650
Community Service Fund	168,000		(148,000)	20,000
Expenditures				
General Fund	\$ 11,207,283	\$	(110,820)	\$ 11,096,463
Special Revenue Funds:				
Food Service Fund	332,455		(262,345)	70,110
Community Service Fund	151,744		(43,725)	108,019

At the end of each fiscal year, if the General Fund has a net unassigned deficit fund balance, calculated in accordance with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for Minnesota schools, which excludes certain restricted amounts specified in Minnesota Statutes, exceeding 2.5% of expenditures, a condition referred to as "statutory operating debt" exists. That debt requires retirement through the accumulation of subsequent operating surpluses in accordance with a "special operating plan" approved by the Commissioner of the Department of Education.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Cash and Investments

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

Cash and investments held by trustee include balances held in segregated accounts that are established for specific purposes. In the Building Company fund, the bond escrow account held by trustee can only be used for capital purposes related to the construction of the school building, for the repair and replacement needs of the educational site or to make payments on the outstanding bonds. Interest earned on these investments is allocated directly to the escrow account.

I. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents amounts receivable from individuals, firms, and corporations for goods and services furnished by the School. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary.

J. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments. These expenses are allocated over the periods benefitted using the consumption method.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: one related to pensions and one related to deferred amounts from the refunding of bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category related to pensions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The School maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the School-wide financial statement, but are not reported in the Fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purpose by the School, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 5 to 20 years for equipment and 20 to 40 years for buildings and building improvements.

The School does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets. Items such as sidewalks and other land improvements are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Premiums and discounts are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Accrued Employee Benefits

Substantially all School employees are entitled to personal time off at various rates. Unused balances earned during the year are paid out up to a maximum of three days per employee at 60% of a predetermined daily rate. There is no liability for unused compensated absences at year-end.

P. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances. Nonspendable portions of fund balance related to prepaids, inventories, and long-term receivables. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the School Board. The School Board has authorized the Executive Director and the Chair of the Budget and Finance Committee to jointly assign fund balances and its intended uses. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available, it is the School's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted first, then assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

Q. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School purchases commercial insurance coverage for such risks.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the School's policies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows in the School-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the School-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Summarized Comparative Information

The basic financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The School maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Investments." In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the School maintains deposits at financial institutions which are authorized by the School's Board.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk and follows Minnesota Statutes for deposits.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

The School's and Building Company's combined carrying and bank balances of deposits at June 30, 2021 were \$3,545,711 and \$3,791,604, respectively. All deposits which were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by surety bonds and collateral in accordance with Minnesota Statutes.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The School may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes as follows:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies
- Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of thirteen months or less
- General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better
- General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rate "A" or better
- Bankers acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System
- Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by a least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less
- Guaranteed investment contracts guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United States insurance companies if similar debt obligations of the issuer or the collateral pledged by the issuer is in the top two rating categories
- Repurchase or reverse purchase agreement and securities lending agreements financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers

At June 30, 2021, the Building Company's investment balances were as follows:

Investments Held by Trustee

	Maturity Duration in Years No						
Туре		Total	L	ess Than 1		urity	Rating
First American Treasury Obligations							
Money Market Fund - Class D	\$	2,713,687	\$	2,713,687	\$	-	Aaa-mf
Money Market Fund		255,897		255,897		-	Aaa-mf
Total	\$	2,969,584	\$	2,969,584	\$	-	

The School's investments are held by an escrow agent in accordance with escrow agreements established with the sale of Revenue Bonds 2011A and 2011B and Revenue Bonds 2016A and 2016B.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2021, the School had money market fund investments invested in the First American Treasury Obligations Fund in the amount of \$2,713,687 and in the Old National Bank Money Market Fund in the amount of \$255,897, both of which are rated Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School places no limit on the amount that the School may invest in any one issuer.

The deposits and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and Investments - Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,801,608
Cash and Investments Held with Fiscal Agent - Statement of Net Position	 2,713,687
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 6,515,295

Fair Value Measurements

The School uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

The School follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the School has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the combined statements of financial position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

The School did not hold and investments measured at fair value as of June 30, 2021. The money market fund investments held by the Building Company's escrow agent are valued at amortized cost.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Building Company				
Land	\$ 4,056,522	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,056,522
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Building Company				
Land Improvements	661,437	-	-	661,437
Buildings and Improvements	13,882,459	-	-	13,882,459
Furniture and Equipment	21,708	-	-	21,708
Charter School				
Furniture and Equipment	1,030,095		-	1,030,095
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	15,595,699	-	-	15,595,699
Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Building Company				
Land Improvements	(88,192)	(33,072)	-	(121,264)
Buildings and Improvements	(2,192,246)	(277,649)	-	(2,469,895)
Furniture and Equipment	(2,661)	(1,085)	-	(3,746)
Charter School				
Furniture and Equipment	(652,089)	(65,095)	-	(717,184)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,935,188)	(376,901)	-	(3,312,089)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	12,660,511	(376,901)	-	12,283,610
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 16,717,033	\$ (376,901)	\$-	\$ 16,340,132

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the School as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Administration	\$ 218
District Support Services	23,731
Regular Instruction	320,929
Special Education Instruction	1,175
Pupil Support Services	710
Sites and Buildings	27,186
Community Service	 396
Total Depreciation Expense, Governmental Activities	\$ 376,901

NOTE 4 SHORT-TERM DEBT

Line of Credit Agreement

On December 3, 2012, the School entered into a line of credit agreement with a local bank with a maximum borrowing amount of \$500,000 and a variable interest rate of 1.750% over prime, with a minimum established rate of 5.00%. As the previous extension was due to expire on December 15, 2020, the School renewed this line of credit agreement on December 15, 2020 until December 15, 2021 with a maximum borrowing amount of \$1,500,000 and a variable interest rate of 0.50% over prime, with a minimum established rate of 0.00%. The School did not have any activity in its line of credit during fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities are as follows:

	June 30, 2020	Additions	R	etirements	June 30, 2021	ue Within Dne Year
Series 2011 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,505,000	\$ -	\$	325,000	\$ 5,180,000	\$ 340,000
Series 2016 Lease Revenue Bonds	16,975,000	-		45,000	16,930,000	50,000
PPP Loan Payable	1,212,200	-		1,212,200	-	-
Discount on Bonds Payable	(241,961)	 -		(9,013)	 (232,948)	-
Total	\$ 23,450,239	\$ -	\$	1,573,187	\$ 21,877,052	\$ 390,000

In October 2011, the Building Company entered into an agreement for a \$17,540,000 loan from the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of the City of Saint Paul to purchase land to be used as a school site by the School and to construct a school building on the site. The loan is secured by a mortgage on the related land, building, and building contents, as well as the assignment of future lease revenue. The loan represents the proceeds of two lease revenue bond issues sold by the HRA. The first issue is \$17,310,000 of Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A, which bear interest ranging from 5.7% to 6.525% and have a final maturity of September 1, 2042.

In October 2016, the Building Company entered into an agreement for a \$17,060,000 loan from the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of the City of Saint Paul to advance refund \$10,365,000 of the 2011A Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds and finance the acquisition of two parcels of land adjacent to the School and the construction and equipping of capital improvements to the land and original schoolhouse. The loan is secured by a mortgage on the related land, building, and building contents, as well as the assignment of future lease revenue. The loan represents the proceeds of two lease revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, which bear interest ranging from 3.5% to 4.125% and have a final maturity of September 1, 2047. The portion of the 2016 Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds that advance refunded and defeased \$10,365,000 of the 2011A Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds resulted in an increase in future interest payments of \$522,704 and a net present value savings of \$659,857. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds is \$10,365,000 on June 30, 2021, and it will be redeemed by the related irrevocable trust on September 1, 2021.

NOTE 5 LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The second issue is the \$230,000 of Taxable Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016B, which bear an interest rate of 4.75% and have a final maturity of September 1, 2022. Through the terms of the agreement, the Building Company assumes all responsibility for the bonds issued by the HRA and must make loan payments sufficient to meet the scheduled semiannual debt service payments to retire the bonds.

The School, in turn, entered into an operating lease agreement to rent the school site from the Building Company. The lease term covers a 35-year period ending June 30, 2051 and requires the School to make monthly base lease payments ranging from \$124,641 to \$128,014, plus operating expenses. The School's base lease payments are closely tied to the loan payments the Building Company is required to make on the loan from the HRA.

Following are the maturities of long-term debt for the Nova Classical Academy Building Company for each of the next five years and thereafter ending June 30:

	Revenue Bonds Payable					
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>		Interest				
2022	\$	390,000	\$	1,009,234		
2023		410,000		985,694		
2024		435,000		959,884		
2025		465,000		932,706		
2026		490,000	903,847			
2027-2031	2,935,000			4,019,100		
2032-2036	3,850,000 3,10			3,109,538		
2037-2041		4,715,000		2,237,784		
2042-2046		5,765,000		1,161,703		
2047-2050	2,655,000			110,653		
Total	\$	22,110,000	\$	15,430,143		

On August 1, 2021, the Building Company entered into an agreement for a \$9,930,000 loan from the Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) of the City of Saint Paul to advance refund the outstanding balances of the 2011A Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$5,130,000. The loan is secured by a mortgage on the related land, building, and building contents, as well as the assignment of future lease revenue. The loan represents the proceeds of two lease revenue bond issues sold by the HRA. The first issue is \$4,735,000 of Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A, which bear interest ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% and have a final maturity of September 1, 2031. The second issue is the \$195,000 of Taxable Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B, which bear an interest rate of 3.0% and have a final maturity of September 1, 2022.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The School participates in the following multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA). PERA's and TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's and TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax-qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the School, other than teachers, are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA)

The Teacher's Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities).

B. Benefits Provided

PERA and TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

1. General Employees Plan Benefit

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier 1	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	First Ten Years of Service	2.2% per Year
	All Years After	2.7% per Year
Coordinated	First Ten Years if Service Years Are Up to July 1, 2006	1.2% per Year
	First Ten Years if Service Years Are July 1, 2006 or After	1.4% per Year
	All Other Years of Service if Service Years Are Up to July 1, 2006	1.7% per Year
	All Other Years of Service if Service Years Are July 1, 2006 or After	1.9% per Year

Tier 1 Benefits

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

2. TRA Benefits (Continued)

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) 3.0% per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

or

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7% per year for coordinated members and 2.7% per year for basic members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9% per year for Coordinated members and 2.7% for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statute. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

C. Contributions

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021. In fiscal year 2021, the School was required to contribute 7.5% for Coordinated Plan members. The School's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$104,494. The School's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

2. TRA Contributions

Per Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for employees and employers. Rates for fiscal year 2021 were:

	202	1
	Employee	Employer
Basic	11.00 %	12.13 %
Coordinate	7.50	8.13

The School's contributions to TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$352,669. The School's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$1,205,087 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The School's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School totaled \$37,125, for a total net pension liability of \$1,242,212 associated with the School. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The School's proportionate share was 0.0201% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0212% for the beginning of the period.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized pension expense of \$134,772 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized \$3,231 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At June 30, 2021, the School reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		_	eferred flows of	
Description	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Economic Experience	\$	10,987	\$	4,559	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		44,677	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Plan Investments		20,819		-	
Changes in Proportion		96,041		52,558	
District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		104,494		-	
Total	\$	232,341	\$	101,794	

A total of \$104,494 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions to the General Employees Fund subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to General Employees Fund pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
	Expense
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Amount
2022	\$ (20,924)
2023	12,469
2024	5,393
2025	29,115

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$5,238,187 for its proportionate share of TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The School's proportionate share was .0709% at the end of the measurement period and .0802% for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

Description	 Amount
School's Proportionate Share of the TRA Net	
Pension Liability	\$ 5,238,187
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
Liability Associated with the School	438,737
Total	\$ 5,676,924

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized pension expense of \$838,713. The School also recognized \$40,213 as an increase to pension expense and grant revenue for the support provided by direct aid.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. TRA Pension Costs (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the School reported its proportionate share of the TRA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual			
Economic Experience	\$	105,047	\$ 79,410
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		1,879,466	4,397,329
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Plan Investments		81,120	-
Changes in Proportion		820,254	790,134
District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date		352,669	-
Total	\$	3,238,556	\$ 5,266,873

A total of \$352,669 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to TRA will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	 Amount
2022	\$ 163,555
2023	(1,528,516)
2024	(1,038,466)
2025	157,941
2026	(135,500)

3. Total Pension Costs

The School recognized total pension expense of \$1,016,929 as of June 30, 2021, including the related special funding expense.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA
Inflation	2.25% per Year	2.50%
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.00% per Year	2.85% before July 1, 2028 and 3.25%, thereafter
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table for the General Employees Plan, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25% per year for the General Employees Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

TRA pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white-collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white-collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years, and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Post-disability utilizes the RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions for PERA occurred in 2020:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions for TRA occurred in 2020:

- Assumed termination rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses MP-2015 scale.
- Assumed form of annuity election proportions were changed to more closely reflect actual experience for female retirees.

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA and TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Ierm
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	35.50 %	5.10 %
International Equity	17.50	5.30
Fixed Income	20.00	0.75
Private Markets	25.00	5.90
Cash	2.00	-
Totals	100.00 %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the PERA General Employees Plan liability in 2021 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The discount rate used to measure the TRA pension liability was 7.50%. There was no change since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contribution will be made at the fiscal year 2020 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	 Decrease in scount Rate	Di	Current scount Rate	 Increase in scount Rate
GERF Discount Rate	 6.50%		7.50%	8.50%
School's Proportionate Share of the GERF Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,931,336	\$	1,205,087	\$ 605,989
<u>TRA Discount Rate</u> School's Proportionate Share of the TRA Net	6.50%		7.50%	8.50%
Pension Liability	\$ 8,019,609	\$	5,238,187	\$ 2,946,436

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about General Employees Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org; by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive #400, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-2409 or 1-800-657-3669.

NOTE 7 STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Expenditures exceeded the budgeted amount in the following funds in fiscal year 2021:

	 Budget	Ex	penditures	Excess				
Special Revenue Funds:								
Food Service Fund	\$ 70,110	\$	105,145	\$	35,035			
Community Service Fund	108,019		180,783		72,764			

Management and the School board considers these overages to be necessary to the operations of the School.

NOTE 8 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Programs

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Pledged State Revenues

The School has pledged all funds, monies, grants, or other distributions received by the School from the state of Minnesota with respect to general student funding, state building lease aid payments, state distributions of Federal Title I funds, or any other funding sources, net of operating expenses of the School required under State or Federal laws to provide required educational program expenditures, to repay the \$17,540,000 2011A lease revenue bonds issued by the Building Company in October of 2011. Note that \$10,365,000 of these bonds was defeased in fiscal year 2017 by the 2016 bonds. The pledge agreement was modified to also cover the repayment of the \$17,060,000 2016lease revenue bonds issued by the Building Company in October of 2016. The Company used proceeds of the Series 2016 Bonds to: (i) advance refund the Issuer's \$10,365,000 Charter School Lease Revenue Bonds maturing on September 1, 2042 (the Refunded Series 2011 Bonds), the proceeds of which were used to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping by the Company of approximately 2.03 acres of land and constructing the current charter school facility located at 1455 Victoria Way in the City of Saint Paul, Minnesota (the City) (the 2011 Project); (ii) finance the acquisition of two parcels of land bounded by Madson Street, Mercer Way and Kay Avenue in the City and the construction and equipping of improvements to the land and to the Schoolhouse (the "2016 Project," and together with the 2011 Project, the Schoolhouse); (iii) make a deposit to increase the amount for the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Fund Requirement for the Non-Refunded Series 2011 Bonds and the Series 2016 Bonds, and (iv) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2016 Bonds. The bonds are payable solely from lease revenues paid by the School to the Building Company revenues and are payable through September 1, 2047.

Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds during the year ended June 30, 2021 required 91.2% of net lease revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$37,540,143. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total net rent revenues were \$1,400,443 and \$1,535,185, respectively.

NOTE 8 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

C. Lease Commitments and Terms

In October 2011, the School entered into a lease agreement with the Friends of Nova Classical Academy to lease the educational site at 1455 Victoria Way, St. Paul, Minnesota. This lease was revised in October of 2016 when the 2016 bonds were issued. The amended agreement is for a 35-year period commencing October 1, 2016 through June 30, 2051. The extended lease calls for monthly payments over the 35-year period and includes ten options for the School to extend the lease, each extension option for a period of 5 years.

The net annual base rent for the term of the lease agreement is tied closely to the debt service requirements of the Friends of Nova Classical Academy, including amounts held in escrow as part of the respective loan agreements. In addition, the School is responsible for all interior and exterior repair and maintenance costs as well as all utility costs. The School is funding 2% of monthly lease payments to a repair and replacement escrow account for this purpose.

	Scheduled
<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Lease Payments
2022	\$ 1,533,128
2023	1,532,056
2024	1,534,548
2025	1,532,038
2026	1,531,202
2027 - 2031	7,645,031
2032 - 2036	7,620,302
2037 - 2041	7,589,068
2042 - 2046	7,524,626
2047 - 2050	1,745,876_
Total	\$ 39,787,875

Total future minimum lease payments are scheduled as follows:

The School's ability to make payments under these lease agreements is dependent on its revenues which are in turn, largely dependent on sufficient enrollments being served at the School and on sufficient state aids per student being authorized and received from the state of Minnesota. The School believes that its enrollments and aid entitlements will be sufficient to meet the lease obligations as they become due.

The total amount of rent paid by the School under the terms of the lease agreements for fiscal 2021 was \$1,535,185. The estimated charter school lease state aid entitlement for fiscal 2021 was \$1,428,239. The School qualified for state charter school lease aid based on a statutory cap of 90% of qualified net lease expenditures. This entitlement is subject to proration by the Minnesota Department of Education to the extent the overall funding that has been provided is insufficient to meet all amounts owed to Minnesota charter schools.

NOTE 9 PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM

On May 15, 2020, Nova Classical Academy received a loan from Old National Bank in the amount of \$1,212,200 to fund payroll, rent, utilities, and interest on mortgages and existing debt through the Paycheck Protection Program (the PPP Loan). The PPP Loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.0% per annum, has a term of two years, and is unsecured and guaranteed by the U.S. Small Business Administration. Payment of principal and interest is deferred until the date on which the amount of forgiveness is remitted to the lender or, if Nova Classical Academy fails to apply for forgiveness within 10 months after the covered period, then payment of principal and interest shall begin on that date. These amounts may be forgiven subject to compliance and approval based on the timing and use of these funds in accordance with the program. On March 31, 2021 Nova Classical Academy received full forgiveness of all principal and interest outstanding on the loan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY **CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098** TRA SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST SEVEN MEASUREMENT DATES*

TRA Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the

Net Pension Liability	a Measurement Date June 30,														
-	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016			2015		2014	
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.0709%		0.0802%	_	0.0676%	_	0.0677%		0.0669%		0.0662%		7.0800%	
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	5,238,187	\$	5,111,965	\$	4,248,395	\$	13,514,148	\$	15,957,246	\$	4,095,125	\$	3,262,413	
Associated with School		438,737	_	452,407		399,178	_	1,305,589	_	1,601,364		502,171		229,565	
Total	\$	5,676,924	\$	5,564,372	\$	4,647,573	\$	14,819,737	\$	17,558,610	\$	4,597,296	\$	3,491,978	
School's Covered Payroll School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	4,096,856	\$	4,060,700	\$	3,851,493	\$	3,696,640	\$	3,479,573	\$	3,296,773	\$	3,214,600	
as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the		127.86%		125.89%		110.31%		365.58%		458.60%		124.22%		101.49%	
Total Pension Liability		75.48%		78.21%		78.07%		51.57%		44.88%		76.80%		81.50%	

* This schedule presents information for the years available and will eventually include 10 years of information.

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 TRA SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

TRA Schedule of School Contributions Last Seven Fiscal Years	Fiscal Year Ended June 30.													
		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016		2015	
Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily	\$	352,669	\$	324,471	\$	313,080	\$	288,862	\$	277,248	\$	260,968	\$	247,258
Required Contribution		(352,669)	_	(324,471)		(313,080)		(288,862)		(277,248)		(260,968)		(247,258)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
School's Covered Payroll	\$	4,337,872	\$	4,096,856	\$	4,060,700	\$	3,851,493	\$	3,696,640	\$	3,479,573	\$	3,296,773
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		8.13%		7.92%		7.71%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%

* This schedule presents information for the years available and will eventually include 10 years of information.

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 GERF SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST SEVEN MEASUREMENT DATES*

GERF Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the

Net Pension Liability	Measurement Date June 30,											
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014					
School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0201%	0.0212%	0.0192%	0.0171%	0.0145%	0.0132%	1.3200%					
School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,205,087	\$ 1,172,101	\$ 1,065,137	\$ 1,091,653	\$ 1,177,328	\$ 684,093	\$ 620,070					
Associated with School	37,125	36,498	34,886	13,748	15,387							
Total	\$ 1,242,212	\$ 1,208,599	\$ 1,100,023	\$ 1,105,401	\$ 1,192,715	\$ 684,093	\$ 620,070					
School's Covered Payroll School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the	1,429,253	1,497,307	1,290,520	1,109,080	907,573	778,631	647,586					
	84.32%	78.28%	82.54%	98.43%	129.72%	87.86%	95.75%					
Total Pension Liability	79.10%	80.23%	79.53%	75.90%	68.90%	78.20%	78.70%					

* This schedule presents information for the years available and will eventually include 10 years of information.

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 GERF SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL CONTRIBUTIONS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

GERF Schedule of School Contributions Last Seven Fiscal Years	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,													
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$	104,494	\$	107,194	\$	112,298	\$	96,789	\$	83,181	\$	68,068	\$	57,424
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution		(104,494)		(107,194)		(112,298)		(96,789)		(83,181)		(68,068)		(57,424)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School's Covered Payroll	\$	1,393,253	\$	1,429,253	\$	1,497,307	\$	1,290,520	\$	1,109,080	\$	907,573	\$	778,631
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.50%		7.38%

* This schedule presents information for the years available and will eventually include 10 years of information.

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the years ended June 30:

<u>2020</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>2019</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreased from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

<u>2018</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumption

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50% beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

<u>2017</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumption

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability and 3.0% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5 % per year thereafter.

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

<u>2016</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Actuarial Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

<u>2015</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Teachers Retirement Association for the years ended June 30:

<u>2020</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed termination rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- Assumed form of annuity election proportions were changed to more closely reflect actual experience for female retirees.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

<u>2019</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

<u>2018</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.5% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The wage inflation assumption (above price inflation) was reduced from 0.75% to 0.35% for the next 10 years, and 0.75% thereafter.
- The total salary increase assumption was adjusted by the wage inflation change.
- The amortization date for the funding of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrual Liability (UAAL) was reset to June 30, 2048 (30 years).
- The mechanism in the law that provided the TRA Board with some authority is set contribution rates was eliminated.

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next five years, (7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

<u>2017</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- Adjustment were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5%, but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for 10 years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>2016</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment was not assumed to increase (it remained at 2.0% for all future years).
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes at some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back 6 years, and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- The postretirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 while collar annuitant table, male rates set back 3 years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustments.
- Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989 were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.
- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional forms of payment at retirement were made.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

<u>2015</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2037.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.25% to 8.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015. This also resulted in a state-provided contribution stream of \$14.377 million until the System becomes fully funded. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 UNIFORM FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS COMPLIANCE TABLE JUNE 30, 2021

01 GENERAL FUND		AUDIT		UFARS	DIFFE	RENCE
Total Revenue	\$	11,395,081	\$	11,395,083	\$	(2)
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	10,824,153	<u> </u>	10,824,156	<u> </u>	(3)
Nonspendable:						
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance		70,442		70,442		-
Restricted:						
401 Student Activities		-		-		
402 Scholarships				-		
403 Staff Development 407 Capital Project Levy				-		
407 Capital Floject Levy 408 Cooperative Programs		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
413 Projects Funded by COP						
414 Operating Debt		-		-		
416 Levy Reduction		-		-		-
417 Taconite Building Maintenance		-		-		-
424 Operating Capital		-		-		-
426 \$25 Taconite		-		-		-
427 Disabled Accessibility		-		-		-
428 Learning and Development		-		-		-
434 Area Learning Center		-	-	-		-
435 Contracted Alternative Programs		-		-		-
436 State-Approved Alternative Programs 438 Gifted and Talented		-		-		-
		-		-		
440 Teacher Development and Evaluations 441 Basic Skills Programs						
445 Career and Technical Programs						
448 Achievement and Integration		-				-
467 LTFM		-		-		-
472 Medical Assistance		-		-		-
473 PPP Loans		-		-		-
473 EIDL Loans		-		-		-
464 Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-
Committed:						
418 Committed for Separation		-		-		-
461 Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-
Assigned:						
462 Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		
Unassigned:		4 404 040		4 404 042		
422 Unassigned Fund Balance		4,424,943		4,424,943		
02 FOOD SERVICE						
Total Revenue		34,348		34,348		-
Total Expenditures		105,145		105,145		-
Nonspendable:						
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance		-				
Restricted:						
452 OPEB Liability Not Held in Trust 464 Restricted Fund Balance		- 13,388		- 13,388		
Unassigned:		13,300		13,300		
463 Unassigned Fund Balance		-				-
-						
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE		57.044		57 044		
Total Revenue		57,814		57,814		-
Total Expenditures Nonspendable:		180,783		180,783		
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance						
Restricted:		-		-		
426 \$25 Taconite		-				_
431 Community Education						
432 E.C.F.E.		-		-		-
440 Teacher Development and Evaluations		-				
444 School Readiness		-		-		
447 Adult Basic Education		-		-		-
452 OPEB Liability Not Held in Trust		-	_	-		-
464 Restricted Fund Balance		70,898		70,898		-
Unassigned:						
463 Unassigned Fund Balance		-		-		-

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020)

		Food	Community		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
	Service		Service		2021			2020	
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	9,545	\$	77,522	\$	87,067	\$	78,998	
Receivables:									
Due from Minnesota Department of Education		55		-		55		-	
Due from Federal through Minnesota Department									
of Education		335		-		335		-	
Other Receivables		11,724		-	_	11,724		10,440	
Total Assets	\$	21,659	\$	77,522	\$	99,181	\$	89,438	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
Liabilities:									
Salaries Payable	\$	900	\$	6,552	\$	7,452	\$	4,159	
Payroll Deductions and Employer									
Contributions Payable		-		-		-		1,229	
Accounts and Contracts Payable		7,371		72		7,443		154	
Total Liabilities		8,271		6,624		14,895		5,542	
Fund Balance:									
Restricted for:									
Food Service		13,388		-		13,388		12,998	
Community Service		-		70,898		70,898		70,898	
Total Fund Balance		13,388		70,898		84,286		83,896	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	21,659	\$	77,522	\$	99,181	\$	89,438	

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020)

		Food	C	ommunity		Total No Govern Fun	menta	nental	
	Service		Service		2021		_	2020	
REVENUES									
Local Sources:									
Other	\$	15,002	\$	57,814	\$	72,816	\$	353,452	
State Sources		1,239		-		1,239		7,347	
Federal Sources		18,107		_		18,107		49,230	
Total Revenues		34,348		57,814		92,162		410,029	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Food Service		97,773		-		97,773		295,340	
Community Service		-		180,783		180,783		107,704	
Total Expenditures		105,145		180,783		285,928		403,044	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE									
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(70,797)		(122,969)		(193,766)		6,985	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers In		71,187		122,969		194,156		7,699	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		390		-		390		14,684	
FUND BALANCES									
Beginning of Year		12,998		70,898		83,896		69,212	
End of Year	\$	13,388	\$	70,898	\$	84,286	\$	83,896	

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOOD SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021									2020		
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Over (Under)		Actual			
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget		Amounts			
REVENUES												
Local Sources:												
Other - Primarily Meal Sales	\$	226,600	\$	-	\$	15,002	\$	15,002	\$	237,940		
State Sources		8,848		150		1,239		1,089		7,347		
Federal Sources	46,222		500		18,107		17,607		49,230			
Total Revenues		281,670		650		34,348		33,698		294,517		
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Food Service	332,455		70,110		97,773		27,663			295,340		
Capital Outlay	-				7,372		7,372			-		
Total Expenditures		332,455		70,110		105,145		35,035		295,340		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE												
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(50,785)		(69,460)		(70,797)		(1,337)		(823)		
		(00,100)		(00,100)		(10,101)		(1,001)		(020)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In		50,785		69,460		71,187		1,727		7,699		
			-									
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-		390	\$	390		6,876		
FUND BALANCE												
Beginning of Year						12,998				6,122		
End of Year					\$	13,388			\$	12,998		

NOVA CLASSICAL ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL NO. 4098 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUNITY SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2021

		2020			
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Over (Under)	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
REVENUES Local Sources: Other - Primarily Tuition and Fees	\$ 168,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 57,814	\$ 37,814	\$ 115,512
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Community Service	151,744	108,019	180,783	72,764	107,704
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 16,256	\$ (88,019)	(122,969)	\$ (34,950)	7,808
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		88,019	122,969	34,950	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 16,256	\$ -	-	\$ -	7,808
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			70,898		63,090
End of Year			\$ 70,898		\$ 70,898

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Nova Classical Academy Charter School No. 4098 St. Paul, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nova Classical Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nova Classical Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Nova Classical Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Nova Classical Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nova Classical Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Nova Classical Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Nova Classical Academy's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Nova Classical Academy's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 18, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Members of the Board of Education Nova Classical Academy Charter School No. 4098 St. Paul, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nova Classical Academy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nova Classical Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2021.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Nova Classical Academy failed to comply with the provisions of the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards, and charter schools sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Charter Schools,* promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the charter school's noncompliance with the above-referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance relating to the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Charter Schools* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on Nova Classical Academy's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 18, 2021



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