RED WING PUBLIC SCHOOLS BOARD OF EDUCATION POLICY

(If face coverings are required for all)

808 COVID FACE COVERINGS (OPTION A)

Adopted:	August 17, 2020
Last Revised:	January 19, 2021
Revoked:	
PROPOSED	August 16, 2021

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish requirements for students, employees, and other persons (including visitors, guests, contractors, etc.) present on school property to wear face coverings except under specified circumstances.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. Face coverings are intended to minimize the risk of transmission of COVID.
- B. Unless an exception described in Part IV below applies, all students, staff, and other people present indoors in school buildings and district offices or riding on school transportation vehicles are required to wear a face covering.
- C. A violation of this policy occurs when any student, staff, or other person present in a school building, in the school district office, or on a school transportation vehicle fails to wear a face covering, unless an enumerated exception applies.

III. DEFINITION OF FACE COVERING

- A. A face covering must be worn to cover the nose and mouth completely, should not be overly tight or restrictive, and should feel comfortable to wear. The following are included in the definition of face covering:
 - 1. Paper or disposable mask;
 - 2. Cloth face mask;
 - 3. Scarf;
 - 4. Neck gaiter;
 - 5. Bandana;

- 6. Religious face covering; and
- 7. Medical-grade masks and respirators
- B. A face shield is a clear plastic barrier that covers the face and allows visibility of facial expressions and lip movements for speech perception. A face shield should extend below the chin anteriorly, to the ears laterally, and there should be no exposed gap between the forehead and the shield's headpiece.
- C. Masks that incorporate a valve designed to facilitate easy exhaling, mesh masks, or masks with openings, holes, visible gaps in the design or material, or vents are not sufficient face coverings because they allow exhaled droplets to be released into the air.

IV. EXCEPTIONS AND ALTERNATIVES; TEMPORARY REMOVAL OF FACE COVERING

- A. Face coverings should not be placed on anyone under age 2, anyone who has trouble breathing or is unconscious, anyone who is incapacitated or otherwise unable to remove the face covering without assistance, or anyone who cannot tolerate a face covering due to a developmental, medical, or behavioral health condition.
- B. A face shield may be used as an alternative to a face covering in the following situations:
 - 1. A student in grades kindergarten through eighth grade may wear a face shield when wearing a face covering is problematic.
 - 2. A teacher of any grade level may wear a face shield when wearing a face covering may impede the educational process.
 - 3. Staff, students, or visitors who cannot tolerate a face covering due to a developmental, medical, or behavioral health condition may wear a face shield instead of a face covering.
 - 4. Staff providing direct support student services may wear a face shield instead of a face covering when a face covering would impede the service being provided.

- C. Face coverings must be worn except in the following situations:
 - 1. While outdoors (including athletes, spectators, recess, and courses) if an individual is not in sustained close contact with others;
 - 2. Spectators at indoor athletic events and other similar activities if the setting allows for an individual not to be in sustained close contact with others;
 - 3. While receiving a service, including nursing, medical, or personal care services, that cannot be performed or is difficult to perform when the individual receiving the service is wearing a face covering;
 - 4. When the wearer needs to remove their face covering to eat or drink, though care should be taken to maintain as much space as possible between people while doing so;
 - 5. During indoor practices or performances involving singing, acting, public speaking, or playing musical instruments where a face covering cannot be used while playing the instrument, though people participating in these activities should maintain six feet of physical distance to the extent possible;
 - 6. When required by school staff for the purposes of identification;
 - 7. Staff working alone in their offices, classrooms, vehicles, or job locations that have no person-to-person interaction;
 - 8. Staff working in communal spaces that have barriers such as Plexiglas or cubicle walls between employees that are above face level if there is a 6-foot distance between them; or
 - 9. When communicating with a person who is deaf or hard of hearing or has a disability, medical condition, or mental health condition that makes communication with a face covering difficult, provided that physical distancing is maintained to the extent possible.

V. IMPLEMENTATION

- A. This policy will be conspicuously posted in each school building and administrative office and communicated to students, staff, families, and potential visitors to the school building.
- B. The school district will provide face coverings and/or face shields to employees and students. Employees and students may choose to wear their own face covering as long as it covers the nose and mouth. To the extent practicable, the school district will maintain an extra supply of face coverings for people who forget to bring their face covering.

- C. The school district will teach and reinforce the use of face coverings and/or face shields for students and staff throughout the school day, including on transportation vehicles, inside school buildings, and generally when on school grounds.
- D. Individuals who cannot tolerate a face covering due to a medical condition or disability related condition may be permitted to utilize alternative options such as a face shield or other reasonable accommodation. The Superintendent or designee shall have discretion to determine whether an employee, parent, or community member qualifies for a reasonable accommodation and the accommodation to be provided. For a student with a medical condition or disability, the student's education team (i.e. IEP team, Section 504 team, health plan team) will determine whether the student qualifies for a reasonable accommodation to granting a reasonable accommodation to be provided. As a condition to granting a reasonable accommodation, the school district will require an individual to provide a physician's note form a licensed medical physician, medical doctor, physician's assistant, or licensed nurse practitioner. Requests for reasonable accommodations from the face covering requirement shall be assessed on a case-by-case basis in accordance with applicable federal and state law.
- E. All face coverings shall meet the requirements of applicable dress code policies and/or codes of conduct. To the extent the face covering requirements of this policy conflict with MSBA Model Policy 504 Student Dress and Appearance, this Policy shall control.
- F. The school district will make available distance learning to its enrolled students who may be medically vulnerable or otherwise unwilling to return to in-person or hybrid learning.

VI. ENFORCEMENT; CONSEQUENCES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE

- A. In order to promote the health and safety of employees, students and members of the community, and make available a safe environment that is conducive to learning, compliance with this policy is necessary.
- B. Employees who fail or refuse to comply with this policy may be subject to discipline, as appropriate, up to and including the termination of employment.
- C. Students who fail or refuse to comply with this policy may be subject to discipline or removal from school property. Students unwilling to participate in in-person in compliance with this policy will be offered distance learning.
- D. The school district may, in its discretion, report violators of this policy to law enforcement.

Legal References:

Cross References:

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 807 (Health and Safety Policy) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 504 (Student Dress and Appearance)