

BHS Trauma Informed 2019

"A program, organization, or system that is trauma-informed: ... Responds by fully integrating knowledge about trauma into policies, procedures, and practices. Trauma-informed seeks to actively resist re-traumatization."

On this Board report I would like to highlight the impressive efforts of the BHS administration in moving towards a trauma informed and student-centered school.

During the Board retreat I agreed to assist the BHS Administrators in promoting a Trauma Informed schools that is more respectful and responsive to the needs of the students, the parents and among staff.

I have been meeting consistently with Ms. Juneau and her team to assist and support in this process and I am extremely impressed with the progress Browning High School Administration and staff have made in a few short months.

BHS is implementing a comprehensive School Counseling Curriculum that will be focused on achieving a balance between providing equal support in the following domains:

- 1. Social-Emotional support
- 2. Academic Support
- 3. Career and College prep

Our next step is to begin working towards implementing Restorative Justice and Circles in the classrooms and as an alternative to out of school suspensions.

Administrators

- 1. Consistently model positive communication with students, staff and parents
- 2. Positive speak (3:1 ratio)
- 3. Weekly planning and follow-up meetings (solutions based)
- 4. Friday Blast (for staff)
- 5. Open Door policy with community, staff, parents, and students
- 6. Providing support (financial, time, resources) for staff, students and community
- 7. Collaborate with stakeholders, staff, students and parents toward positive school climate

Parents

- 1. Implement components of Partnership -School Model including support in the following domains.
 - Building Relationships
 - Family center is always open
 - Home visits are made to every new family
 - School honors families contributions
 - Building is open to community use as much as possible and social services are integrated with services
 - Linking to Learning
 - Family activities connect to student learning
 - \circ $\;$ Parents and teachers look at student work and test scores together
 - Tutoring and Credit Recovery are provided, supported and promoted
 - Supporting Culture/Addressing Differences
 - PTO includes all families and an accurate cross section.
 - The culture of the community is honored and reflected in the building, the curriculum, and through activities.
 - Supporting Advocacy
 - There is a clear, open process for resolving problems based on Restorative Practices.
 - Student led-parent teacher conferences
 - Positive parent contacts
 - Sharing Power
 - Families are involved in major decisions
 - Parents can use the school's phone, copier, fax and computers.
 - Parents and staff research issues such as Historical Trauma and Resiliency
- 2. Better "Customer Service" (address current office staff)
- 3. Every night is a Parent Teacher Conference Night (3:15-4:00)
- 4. Create a daily school bulletin (Lorial/John M.)
- 5. Increased use of social media/radio for public relations (Amy)
- 6. Upgrade Parent Center (computers, water cooler, Keurig, etc.)
- 7. Organize a diverse Parent Teacher Organization

The following resources are used to guide our parent interactions and a more open school that honors our parents:

	4 Versions of Family	-School Partnerships			
Check the boxes that have the most statements under them marked or circled. Check only 1 box in each row					
Partnership School	Open-Door School	Come-if-We-Call School	Fortress School		
All families & communities have something great to offer—we do whatever it takes to work closely together to make sure every single student succeeds.	Parents can be involved at our school in many ways— we're working hard to get an even bigger turnout for our activities. When we ask the community to help, people often respond.	Parents are welcome when we ask them, but there's only so much they can offer. The most important thing they can do is help their kids at home. We know where to get community help if we need it.	Parents belong at home, not at school. If students don't do well, it's because their families don't give them enough support. We're already doing all we can. Our school is an oasis in a troubled community. We want to keep it that way.		
 Building Relationships Family center is always open, full of interesting materials to borrow Home visits are made to every new family Activities honor families' contributions Building is open to community use & social services are available to families 	 Building Relationships Teachers contact families once a year Parent coordinator is available if families have questions or need help Office staff are friendly Staff contact community agencies & organizations when help is needed 	 Building Relationships Better-educated parents are more involved "Many immigrant parents don't have time to come or contribute" Staff are very selective about who comes into the school 	 Building Relationships Families do not "bother" school staff "Minority families don't value education" Parents need security clearance to come in It is important to keep community influences out of the school 		
 Linking to Learning All family activities connect to what students are learning Parents & teachers look at student work & test results together Community groups offer tutoring & homework programs at the school Students' work goes home every week, with a scoring guide 	 Linking to Learning Teachers explain test scores if asked Folders of student work go home occasionally School holds curriculum nights 3 or 4 times a year Staff let families know about out-of-school classes in the community 	 Linking to Learning Parents are told what students will be learning at the fall open house Parents can call the office to get teacher-recorded messages about homework Workshops are offered on parenting 	 Linking to Learning Curriculum & standards are considered too complex for parents to understand "If parents want more information, they can ask for it" "We're teachers, not social workers" 		
 Addressing Differences Translators are readily available Teachers use books & materials about families' cultures PTA/PTO includes all families Local groups help staff reach families 	 Addressing Differences Office staff will find a translator if parents ask in advance Multicultural nights are held once a year "Minority" parents have their own group 	 Addressing Differences "We can't deal with 20 different languages" "Parents can bring a translator with them" "This school just isn't the same as it used to be" 	 Addressing Differences "Those parents need to learn English" "We teach about our country—that's what those parents need to know" "This neighborhood is going downhill" 		
 Supporting Advocacy There is a clear, open process for resolving problems Teachers contact families each month to discuss student progress Student-led parent-teacher conferences are held 3 times a year for 30 minutes 	 Supporting Advocacy Principal will meet with parents to discuss a problem Regular progress reports go to parents, but test data can be hard to understand Parent-teacher conferences are held twice a year 	 Supporting Advocacy School calls families when children have problems Families visit school on report card pick up day & can see a teacher if they call first 	 Supporting Advocacy Parents don't come to conferences Problems are dealt with by the professional staff Teachers don't feel safe with parents 		
 Sharing Power Parents & teachers research issues such as prejudice & tracking Parent group is focused on improving student achievement Families are involved in all major decisions Parents can use the school's phone, copier, fax, & computers Staff work with local organizers to improve the school & the neighborhood 	 Sharing Power Parents can raise issues at PTA/PTO meetings or see the principal Parent group sets its own agenda & raises money for the school Resource center for low-income families is housed in a portable classroom next to the school PTA/PTO officers can use the school office A community representative sits on the school council 	 Sharing Power Principal sets agenda for parent meetings PTA/PTO gets the school's message out "Parents are not experts in education" Community groups can address the school board if they have concerns 	 Sharing Power Principal picks a small group of "cooperative parents" to help out Families are afraid to complain. "They might take it out on my kid" "Community groups should mind their own business; they don't know about education." 		

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—from "Beyond the Bake Sale—The Essential Guide to Family-School Partnerships" (2007) by Henderson, Mapp, Johnson & Davies

How Family Friendly Is Your School?

This checklist is taken from *Beyond the Bake Sale—The Essential Guide to Family-School Partnerships* (2006) by Anne T. Henderson, Karen L. Mapp, Vivian R. Johnson, and Don Davies (pages 75-79).

<u>Directions</u>: As a team, review and rate the following items, then complete the reflection questions at the end of the survey to help you design a plan for improving the "family-friendliness" of your school.

Welcoming Environment	Check one for each question			
 Friendly signs inside and out welcome families and visitors and explain how to get around the building 	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	☐ This will be hard
2. The school has standards of welcoming behavior that apply to all staff, including bus drivers, security guards, custodians, and cafeteria workers.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	□ This will be hard
3. Front office staff are friendly— recognize visitors right away, provide information easily, and answer the phone in a way that makes people glad they have called.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
4. There is a comfortable family resource room stocked with books, games, and educational information that families can borrow and where parents can meet.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
Programs & Activities to Engage Families in Improving Student Achievement		Check one fo	or each question	
Families in Improving Student	Already doing this	Check one fo	or each question This will take time	This will be hard
 Families in Improving Student Achievement 5. Current student work is displayed throughout the building. Exhibits clearly explain the purpose of the work 		□ Could do	This will	
 Families in Improving Student Achievement 5. Current student work is displayed throughout the building. Exhibits clearly explain the purpose of the work and the high standards it is to meet. 6. All programs and activities for families focus on student achieve- ment—they help families understand what their children are learning and 	doing this	 Could do this easily Could do 	 This will take time This will 	will be hard

Strong Relationships Between Teachers & Families	Check one for each question			
9. A "joining process" welcomes families to the school, offers tours, makes bilingual speakers available, and introduces them to staff and other families.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
10. Teachers and families have frequent opportunities to meet face- to-face and get to know each other— class meetings, breakfasts, home visits, class observations.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	□ This will be hard
11. Teachers or advisors make personal contact with each family at least once a month.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
12. A family liaison helps teachers connect to families and bridge barriers of language and culture.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
Developing Families' Self-Confidence & Power	Check one for each question			
13. Families are involved in planning how they would like to be involved at the school.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
14. School communities and the PTA/PTO reflect the diversity of the school community and actively recruit and welcome families from all backgrounds.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	□ This will be hard
15. The school is open and accessible— it is easy for parents to meet with the principal, talk to the teachers and counselors, and bring up issues and concerns.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	□ This will be hard
16. Parents develop school improvement projects and do action research—survey other families, observe in classrooms, review mate- rials, and visit other schools and programs.	Already doing this	□ Could do this easily	This will take time	□ This will be hard
' Professional Development for Families & Staff	Check one for each question			
17. Families learn how the school system works and how to be an effec-tive advocate for their child.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This This will be hard
18. Teachers learn about effective approaches to working with families of diverse cultural backgrounds.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This Will be hard

19. Families and staff have opportunities to learn together how to collaborate to improve student achievement.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This will be hard
20. The school reaches out to identify and draw in local community resources that can assist staff and families.	Already doing this	Could do this easily	This will take time	This This will be hard

Parent Friendly Schools—Starting the Conversation. (February 2008). Iowa Parent Information Resource Center, www.iowaparents.org, pages 12-13. Retrieved from http://norcalheal.cnr.berkeley.edu/docs/Parent-Friendly_Schools_Excerpt.pdf.

Counselors

- 1. All doing ASCA model (Montana Model)
- 2. More visibility in classrooms/presentations
- 3. Meeting with at-risk students in Calming Room daily
- 4. Creation of groups (bullying, anger management, grief, social skills etc.)
- 5. Completion of class schedule prior to final day of school
- 6. Meet/coordinate with stakeholders (Gear-Up, Upward Bound, Talent Search, etc.) to develop goals and monthly events
- 7. Documentation (sign-in sheets) of student visits
- 8. Streamline the referral process (Alta-care, Good Medicine, etc.)
- 9. Exhausting building interventions prior to referral process
- 10. Improved communication with BMS on incoming at-risk freshman

<u>Staff</u>

1. Improve positive and consistent communication with parents documented through Parent Contact Log

- 2. Hall-duty/active supervision during transition
- 3. Positive and encouraging hall sweeps prior to taking Plan Period
- 4. Each teacher participates in Check and Connect
- 5. Unconditional Positive Regard for all
- 6. Maintaining classroom policy and procedure while creating a trauma sensitive environment
- 7. Improve positive communication with colleagues

<u>Students</u>

- 1. Reinforce MBI/MTSS
- 2. Implement traditional Pikuni Societies
- 3. Offer more incentives for positive behavior
- 4. Create Student Leadership Group (with Student Council) for input
- 5. Open Door Policy for students to visit teachers (make-up work, grade check, etc.) 3:15p-4:00p

Activities

- 1. Organize more activities with greater input from the various clubs
- 2. Monthly student activity for all
- 3. Club showcase during Literacy Night
- 4. Continue staff activities

Personal Development

- 1. Trauma Sensitive Training
- 2. Olweus
- 3. Infinite Campus used to monitor student concerns (behavior, comments, contacts, etc.)

4. Staff led PD based on needs

- 1. How often should we meet (Matthew, Billie Jo, Bill and Jack)?
- every other Thursday (for January, the 10th and the 24th) 3:30-4:30
- Billie Jo, Bill and Jack once a week minimum, Tuesday mornings @ 9:00 a.m.
- 2. How are we (Billie Jo, Bill and Jack) going to present this to staff (timeline)?
- Use Wednesday PD to present material