Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
ATTN	(NOTE)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
AF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
В	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
BAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBFA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BDAE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BDAF	(LEGAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
BE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BE	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BED	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BED	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BJCB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BJCD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BR	(LEGAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
С	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
CBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
ССН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
СН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СН	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СК	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКС	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКС	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CKEB	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CKEC	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CMD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CPC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQ	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQB	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CQB	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CQC	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
CRG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CV	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
D	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
DAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DFFA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
DG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DH	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DHB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DHC	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
DMA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DNA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DNB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DP	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EEM	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBK	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EK	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
ELA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
F	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
FB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDE	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FED	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFB	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
FFBA	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
FFBA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
FFE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FM	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FO	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FODA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
GBAA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GNB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRAA	(EXHIBIT)	DELETE exhibit	See explanatory note
GRB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

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ATTN(NOTE) GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS UPDATE

Please note:

Changes at Update 114 are based almost exclusively on legislation from the 86th Regular Legislative Session.

Unless otherwise noted, references to legislative bills throughout these explanatory notes refer to Senate Bills (SB) or House Bills (HB) from the 86th Regular Legislative Session. All referenced bills have already gone into effect unless otherwise noted.

For more information about the bills mentioned below and other changes from the 86th Legislative Session, download the free 2019 Legislative Summary for TASB Members PDF at <u>https://store.tasb.org/legislative-summary-for-tasb-members-pdf/</u>.

An overview video of the local policy changes is available under Policy Manual Update Resources in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library at <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/policy-manual-update-resources.aspx</u>. (LEGAL) policies provide the legal framework for key areas of district operations; they are not adopted by the board.

AF(LEGAL) INNOVATION DISTRICTS

Revisions from HB 3 explain that the commissioner may revoke district of innovation status for the district's failure to comply with TEA's employment registry or criminal history background requirements.

AG(LEGAL) HOME-RULE DISTRICTS

Minor revisions to the list of Education Code requirements that apply to home-rule districts are from HB 3. The bill also provides that it is a material violation of a home-rule district's charter if the district fails to comply with TEA's employment registry or criminal history background requirements.

AIB(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: PERFORMANCE REPORTING

HB 3 requires the annual performance report to include progress on early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans.

Provisions on the high school allotment performance review have been repealed.

AIC(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: INTERVENTIONS AND SANCTIONS

The commissioner may authorize a district to enter into a memorandum of understanding with an institution of higher education to improve district performance (HB 4170).

Campus interventions and sanctions were affected by:

- HB 4170, which revised the duties of the campus intervention team; and
- HB 4205, which revised provisions on repurposing of a campus and clarified that commissioner decisions on campus turnaround are final and not subject to appeal.

Monitoring reviews and random on-site investigations may be conducted to ensure qualification of funding in accordance with HB 3.

SB 11 permits the commissioner to appoint a conservator for the district if TEA receives notice from the Texas School Safety Center of a district's failure to submit a multihazard emergency operations plan.

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B(LEGAL) LOCAL GOVERNANCE

The B Section table of contents has been revised to delete BDAF, the content of which has been moved to CCG.

BAA(LEGAL) BOARD LEGAL STATUS: POWERS AND DUTIES

New board duties include adoption of a cybersecurity policy (SB 820); development of early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans (HB 3); development of college, career, and military readiness plans (HB 3); and completion of an efficiency audit before holding an election seeking voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate. Adjustments to the board's discretionary powers and duties include reference to the use of the board evaluation tool developed by the commissioner and deletion of a provision that is not located in Chapter 11 of the Education Code.

BBA(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

SB 2283 clarifies that a person convicted of a felony is ineligible to serve on a school board.

HB 831 clarifies the factors for a court to consider when determining whether a candidate has satisfied continuous residency requirements after a temporary absence.

BBBA(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

Legislation affected several provisions on conducting elections:

- HB 1241 requires additional detail in notices of polling place locations;
- HB 933 clarifies posting obligations and notice to the county clerk and voter registrar;
- HB 1067 provides guidance on ballot adjustments in the event of a candidate's death;
- HB 1888 repeals the exception to the use of county election precincts in May elections if certain circumstances are met;
- HBs 1048 and 1888 affect early voting, including designation of early voting polling places in November elections and the use of temporary branch polling places; and
- HB 1850 addresses posting of information from branch daily registers and early voting rosters.

BBBB(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

The order of candidate names on the ballot of a runoff election or election to resolve a tie is specified by HB 88.

BBD(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

HB 403 requires trustees to complete, every two years, one hour of training on identifying and reporting potential victims of sexual abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children.

BBFA(LEGAL) ETHICS: CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES

This policy has been updated to better reflect statute.

BBI(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

SB 944 requires a current or former trustee who maintains public information on a privately owned device to forward or transfer the information to the district or preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the device for the relevant retention period.

Explanatory Notes

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BDAE(LEGAL) OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS: DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS OF DEPOSITORY

Depository contracts and bonds no longer have to be filed with TEA per SB 1376.

BDAF(LEGAL) OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS: SELECTION AND DUTIES OF CHIEF TAX OFFICIALS

Provisions on tax officials as revised by SB 2, effective January 1, 2020, have been moved to CCG. BDAF is no longer an active code.

BE(LEGAL) BOARD MEETINGS

SB 494 reduces the posting requirement for emergency meetings from two hours to one hour, with conforming changes for notice to the media, and provides examples of what constitutes an emergency or urgent public necessity required for an emergency meeting.

SB 1640 adds provisions on prohibited series of communications among trustees to address what are commonly called "walking quorums." The bill also revises the definition of "deliberation."

BE(LOCAL) BOARD MEETINGS

A recommended revision at Notice to Members reduces the notice to the board to one hour before an emergency meeting to align with the changes from SB 494 (see above).

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

BED(LEGAL) BOARD MEETINGS: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

HB 2840 significantly revises public comment requirements at board meetings:

- Public comment on agenda items is required at all meetings, including special meetings and workshops;
- A board must allow each individual who wishes to address the board on an agenda item to do so before or during the board's consideration of the item;
- A board may adopt reasonable rules, including rules that limit the total time an individual is allowed to speak, with additional time for certain types of translation services; and
- A board may not prohibit public criticism of the board, including criticism of any act, omission, policy, procedure, program, or service.

BED(LOCAL) BOARD MEETINGS: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Revisions to this local policy are to incorporate the new requirements for public comment from HB 2840 (see above). The policy distinguishes between public comment at regular and special meetings to permit public comment at regular meetings on both agenda and nonagenda items to be consistent with the district's current practice, but limits comments at special meetings to agenda items only. The policy provides that public comment will occur at the beginning of the meeting. The provisions on procedures and meeting management are intended to provide the board's presiding officer flexibility in implementing the new requirements and include:

- A requirement for individuals to sign up for public comment before the meeting begins and to indicate which agenda item they wish to address, if any;
- Retention of the district's current time limit for an individual to speak at a meeting;

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- Deletion of an overall time limit for public comment at a meeting;
- Deletion of the provision requiring delegations of more than five persons to appoint one spokesperson; and
- Broad authority for the presiding officer to make adjustments to the board's public comment procedures, such as adjusting when public comment will occur (it must occur before or during the relevant agenda item), reordering or continuing agenda items to a later meeting, deferring public comment on nonagenda items, expanding opportunities for public comment, or establishing an overall time limit and shortening the time allotted to each speaker to no less than one minute.

Please contact the district's policy consultant if the board wishes to:

- Limit public comment to agenda items only at all meetings;
- Revise the time individuals are permitted to speak at each meeting; or
- Make other adjustments to this policy.

For further guidance on HB 2840, please see TASB Legal Services' *House Bill 2840–Public Comment* and Testimony at Board Meetings, available on TASB School Law eSource at <u>https://www.tasb.org/ser-</u> <u>vices/legal-services/tasb-school-law-esource/governance/documents/hb2840-public-comment-and-testi-</u> <u>mony-at-board-meetings.pdf/</u>, and see the *TASB Regulations Resource Manual* for sample board procedures and an audience participation signup sheet.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

BJCB(LEGAL) SUPERINTENDENT: PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Superintendents must receive at least two and a half hours of continuing education every five years on identifying and reporting potential victims of sexual abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children (HB 403).

BJCD(LEGAL) SUPERINTENDENT: EVALUATION

Details on the disclosure requirements for evaluations, as revised by SB 1230, have been moved to GBA. Other changes are to better match statutory wording.

BQ(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

The required content of the district improvement plan has been amended by several bills:

- SB 11 requires inclusion of the district's trauma-informed care policy.
- SB 1707 requires inclusion of the law enforcement duties of various types of security personnel.
- HB 111 requires inclusion of the district's policy on sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children. (Sex trafficking was added to this existing requirement.)

BR(LEGAL) REPORTS

This legally referenced policy on reports is being deleted, as the content is already included in otherrelevant policy codes.

C(LEGAL) BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

The C Section table of contents has been revised to separate the legal content on security personnel into four codes:

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- CKE includes general provisions applicable to the various types of district security personnel.
- CKEA includes provisions on commissioned peace officers.
- CKEB includes provisions on school marshals.
- CKEC includes provisions on school resource officers.

Local policies on these topics will remain at CKE with appropriate cross-references to relevant legal provisions.

The CQ series has been revised to add:

- CQB on cybersecurity; and
- CQC on equipment.

CBA(LEGAL) STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES: STATE

As a result of HB 3, this policy has been updated with a high-level overview of state funding, including the requirement to submit certain information through PEIMS for funding determinations.

HB 3 moves foundation school program funding provisions from Education Code Chapter 42 to Chapter 48.

CCA(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: BOND ISSUES

Several bills affect this legally referenced policy on bonds.

- SB 11 permits debt issuance for purchasing and retrofitting buses and school vehicles for safety and security purposes.
- HB 440 addresses limitations on bond issuance and provides guidance on use of unspent bond proceeds.
- HB 477 adjusts the information required to be included in bond election orders.
- HBs 3 and 477 and SB 30 address language for bond propositions and ballot contents.
- HB 477 requires a district to prepare voter information about proposed bond issuance.

CCG(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: AD VALOREM TAXES

The revisions to this legally referenced policy on ad valorem taxes are based on HB 3 and SB 2, which significantly revise the ad valorem taxation process for school districts.

TEA has published videos explaining the HB 3 tax rate changes and other financial provisions, available at https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/Government_Relations_and_Legal/Government_Relations/House_Bill_3.

Information from the Texas comptroller on changes from SB 2, effective January 1, 2020, is available at <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/legal-resource.php</u>. Provisions on tax officials as revised by SB 2 have been moved to this code from BDAF.

CCGA(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

Provisions on ad valorem exemptions and payments are revised as follows:

• HB 1313 extends under certain conditions the residence homestead exemption to the surviving spouse of an individual who was disabled;

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- SB 2, effective January 1, 2020, addresses exemptions for historical structures or archeological sites; and
- Additional detail has been added on split payments, which permit a taxpayer to pay taxes (without discount) in two installments.

Please confirm that the district's CCGA(LOCAL) accurately reflects whether the district permits split payments.

CCH(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: APPRAISAL DISTRICT

SB 2, effective January 1, 2020, revises appraisal district procedures. The bill:

- Adds a prohibition on employing an individual who is an officer or employee of a taxing unit that participates in the appraisal district; and
- Adjusts eligibility to serve on an appraisal district board for prior property appraisers or owner representatives.

CDA(LEGAL) OTHER REVENUES: INVESTMENTS

HB 293 creates an exception to the ongoing investment training requirements for school district financial officers in limited circumstances.

HB 2706 modifies investment provisions on bond proceeds, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, and commercial paper. The bill modifies the requirements for a public funds investment pool that uses amortized cost.

CDA(LOCAL) OTHER REVENUES: INVESTMENTS

There are several recommended revisions to this local policy on investments.

HB 2706 allows investment of bond proceeds or pledged revenue only to the extent permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act and in accordance with relevant statutory provisions and the district's local investment policy. Based on these new provisions, the policy revisions authorize investment of bond proceeds and pledged revenue to the extent allowed by law but clarify that bond proceeds may not be invested in no-load mutual funds.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84 revised terminology from "agency" funds to "custodial" funds to avoid confusion, prompting a conforming change to this policy. TEA's To The Administrator Addressed Letter, GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, issued on May 23, 2019, provides additional information about GASB 84 and is available at

https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/News_and_Multimedia/Correspondence/TAA_Letters/GASB_Statement_No__84, Fiduciary_Activities/.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

CE(LEGAL) ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET

HB 1495 requires budget itemization regarding expenditures for directly or indirectly influencing or attempting to influence the outcome of legislation or administrative action.

SB 2, effective January 1, 2020, requires a district to post various tax rate and budget information on the district's website in a format prescribed by the comptroller.

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CFC(LEGAL) ACCOUNTING: AUDITS

A district must post on its website certain information, including the district's most recent financial audit, as required by SB 2, effective January 1, 2020.

CFEA(LEGAL) PAYROLL PROCEDURES: SALARY DEDUCTIONS AND REDUCTIONS

The definition of "eligible qualified investment product" is revised by HB 2820. The change permits 403(b) products to be offered by a company that is eligible to offer the product under law. TRS no longer has oversight.

CH(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

The prohibition on contracting with a company that boycotts Israel is revised by HB 793, which clarifies that the prohibition does not apply to a sole proprietorship and revises the contracts subject to the prohibition.

Certain district contracts must include provisions requiring the contracting entity to preserve contracting information and provide that information on request of the district. These provisions are from SB 943.

HB 1495 and SB 65 revise the requirements regarding contracts subject to the disclosure of interested parties to include contracts for services that require a person to register as a lobbyist.

Interior design services must be procured under the Professional Services Procurement Act per HB 2868.

HB 2826 adds provisions on contingent fee contracts for legal services.

Districts with fewer than 10,000 students are exempted by SB 1376 from Texas Commission on Environmental Quality provisions requiring a purchasing preference for recycled products.

Other new provisions on contracts address entertainment event contracts (HB 81) and taxpayer resource transactions (SB 22).

CH(LOCAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

To address the need for the district to have purchasing procedures on a variety of state and federal laws as recommended by TEA, new policy text requires the superintendent to develop appropriate procedures.

Please note that BJA(LOCAL) permits the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees as permitted by law; therefore, references to the superintendent's designee have been removed throughout.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

CK(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

Revisions from SB 11 include:

- Adjustments to the responsibilities, membership, and meeting requirements for the school safety and security committee; and
- Additional provisions on the safety and security audit, including consequences for failing to meet the reporting requirements.

CKC(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: EMERGENCY PLANS

Several revisions are based on SB 11, which:

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- Adds required notice to parents of bomb or terroristic threats at any district facility where students are present;
- Adds to the content of emergency operations plans (EOP); and
- Addresses a district's failure to submit its EOP for review by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) or to correct plan deficiencies identified by the TxSSC.

HB 2195 requires EOPs to include provisions on responding to active shooter emergencies.

CKC(LOCAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: EMERGENCY PLANS

Recommended revisions are to comply with new requirements for the district's emergency operations plan (EOP) to include "policies" on responding to an active shooter (HB 2195) and access to campus buildings and materials necessary for a substitute teacher to carry out his or her duties during an emergency or emergency drill (SB 11). The policy text affirms that the district's procedures on these topics will be included in the EOP.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

CKD(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

Districts must develop a traumatic injury response protocol no later than January 1, 2020, in accordance with HB 496. The protocol must provide bleeding control stations, require training for security personnel and all other district personnel who may be reasonably expected to use a bleeding control station, and offer similar training to students enrolled at the campus in grade 7 or higher.

Sample administrative procedures on this issue are included in the TASB Regulations Resource Manual.

CKE(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

As mentioned above, CKE includes general provisions applicable to the various types of district security personnel. Legislative revisions include:

- Clarification that the board determines the law enforcement duties of security personnel, which must be included in the listed district publications and documents and cannot include routine student discipline, school administrative tasks, or contact with students unrelated to the law enforcement duties (SB 1707); and
- Clarification of training requirements (HB 2195 and SB 11).

CKE(LOCAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

Recommended revisions are to address SB 1707, which requires the board to determine the duties of school resource officers (SRO) and include those duties in the district improvement plan, the student code of conduct, any memorandum of understanding, and other relevant publications. We have retained your locally developed text at School Security Officers and Authority which addresses the duties that have been given to SROs and school security officers. These duties/authorities should be aligned in all documents listed above. We have added a provision prohibiting the assignment of routine student discipline or school administrative tasks to an SRO, in keeping with SB 1707.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to <u>this policy topic</u>.

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Please note: If, based on a district of innovation plan, your district is exempt from the statutory requirement to have a district improvement plan, the district should include the law enforcement duties of security personnel in an equivalent district-level planning document.

CKEA(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

Legal provisions specifically addressing commissioned peace officers have been moved from CKE to this new code. Legislative changes include the optional provision for a law enforcement agency to have an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector program (SB 1827). Other changes are to include the relevant statutory cite in place of the list of duties for peace officers and to revise wording to better reflect statute.

CKEB(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: SCHOOL MARSHALS

Legal provisions specifically addressing school marshals have been moved from CKE to this new code and revised to reflect HB 1387, including:

- Clarification of the board's authority to appoint one or more school marshals for each campus; and
- Deletion of the previous cap on the number of school marshals a board may appoint.

Other changes are to better reflect statute.

CKEC(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS

Legal provisions specifically addressing school resource officers have been moved from CKE to this new code.

CL(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT

SB 668 excludes school districts from provisions that require energy usage reports and repeals the requirement that districts purchase certain energy efficient light bulbs.

Districts with fewer than 10,000 students are exempted by SB 1376 from recycling programs required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). In addition, the TCEQ may exempt a district for which compliance would constitute a hardship.

CMD(LEGAL) EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING

Legislative changes on instructional materials include:

- Revised references to "instructional materials and technology" throughout (HB 4170);
- Clarification of permitted expenditures using the instructional materials allotment (HB 396); and
- Removal of the annual June 1 deadline for a district to make an online requisition for instructional materials (SB 668).

CNA(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

HB 3 affected several student transportation provisions, including:

- Modifying the transportation allotment to be based on a rate per mile per regular eligible student and revising the definition of "regular eligible student" to include a student who is homeless;
- Revising provisions on the cost of transporting CTE students from a campus to the work-based learning site; and

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• Providing reimbursement on a per-mile basis for transporting a dual credit student to specific locations for a course not available at the student's campus.

CNC(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

HB 771 clarifies the use of wireless communication devices on buses.

CPC(LEGAL) OFFICE MANAGEMENT: RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Revisions to records management provisions are from HB 1962 and include:

- Clarification of the duties of the district and the records management officer;
- Deletion of TSLAC's obligations to approve, disapprove, accept, or reject various district filings; and
- Revision of the standards for destruction of records.

CQ(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

Technology provisions have been split into discrete codes:

- CQ continues to address general technology issues;
- CQA continues to address websites;
- CQB is a new code addressing cybersecurity and federal provisions on access to electronic communications; and
- CQC is a new code addressing equipment.

CQ(LOCAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

Provisions on security breaches have been moved to CQB(LOCAL), where the corresponding legal authority is now coded.

Please note that because BJA(LOCAL) permits the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees, we have removed language referring to the superintendent's designee throughout.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

HB 305 requires most districts to post online the district's contact information; trustee information; election date, location, and filing information; and meeting notices and minutes.

HB 963 requires online posting of the name, email address, and beginning and end dates of terms of office for each trustee.

Other new online posting requirements are for:

- Certain early voting (HB 1850) and bond election items (HBs 440 and 477);
- Efficiency audits before an election to approve a tax rate (HB 3);
- Tax rate and budget information (SB 2, effective January 1, 2020);
- Early childhood literacy and mathematics plans, including progress on goals (HB 3);
- Progress on goals set for college, career, and military readiness plans (HB 3);

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- A summary of and access to the state *Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk for Anaphylaxis* (SB 869);
- Contact information for campus behavior coordinators (SB 1306); and
- Certain information pertaining to public information requests (SB 944).

Districts no longer need to post reports on energy usage per SB 668.

CQB(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

SB 820 includes new requirements on cybersecurity. A district must have a cybersecurity policy and the superintendent must designate a cybersecurity coordinator who will report breaches of system security involving student information to TEA and parents.

HB 3834 requires cybersecurity training for district employees who have access to a district computer system or database and for all board members.

Security breach notifications were affected by HB 4390, which changes the timelines for disclosures to individuals and the attorney general.

Federal provisions on access to electronic communications were moved to this code from CQ.

CQB(LOCAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

This new policy is recommended to address SB 820, which requires a cybersecurity policy, and HB 3834, which requires cybersecurity training of employees and board members, as described above. The policy includes the following elements:

- An affirmative statement that the district will develop a cybersecurity plan;
- A requirement for the superintendent to designate a cybersecurity coordinator to serve as the liaison between the district and TEA and report any breaches to TEA as required by law; and
- Provisions on required employee and board member cybersecurity training and reporting.

Security breach provisions have been moved from CQ(LOCAL) and revised to address reporting requirements to TEA in accordance with SB 820.

Sample administrative procedures on cybersecurity are included in the TASB Regulations Resource Manual.

CQC(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: EQUIPMENT

Provisions on technology equipment have been moved to this new code from CQ(LEGAL), and existing provisions on the Technology Lending Program Grant have been added.

CRG(LEGAL) INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT: DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND ANNUITIES

The definition of "eligible qualified investment product" is revised by HB 2820. The change permits 403(b) products to be offered by a company that is eligible to offer the product under law. TRS no longer has oversight.

CV(LEGAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION

HB 985 prohibits a school district from considering whether a bidder on a public work contract has an agreement with a collective bargaining organization relating to the project.

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New provisions have been added regarding use of proceeds from construction defect litigation (HB 1734) and construction liability claims (HB 1999).

Provisions on contract requirements that are included in CH have been deleted and replaced with a cross-reference to that code.

D(LEGAL) PERSONNEL

The D Section table of contents has been revised to add DHC, addressing reports to TEA of misconduct by noncertified employees.

DAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT OBJECTIVES: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

SB 37 prohibits a district that issues a license from taking disciplinary action against a person who has defaulted on a student loan.

Additional detail has been added regarding the existing state law prohibition on age discrimination.

DBAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: CRIMINAL HISTORY AND CREDIT REPORTS

HB 3 amended several provisions on criminal history. The bill:

- Clarifies that districts of innovation (DOI) are subject to Education Code provisions relating to criminal history records and may have their DOI status terminated for failing to provide requested information to TEA.
- Expands the criminal history for which a district must refuse to hire an applicant to include deferred adjudication community supervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex offender or conviction of a Title 5 felony if the victim was a minor.

DC(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Several bills affect this legally referenced policy on employment practices:

- HB 3 requires a district to refuse to hire a person listed on TEA's registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed in public schools and those under investigation.
- SB 2073 allows a district anticipating fewer than 180 days of instruction to reduce proportionally the minimum days of service for an educator to below 187 days. A reduction in days of service does not reduce salary.
- SB 1230 adds obtaining employment at a private school to the prohibition on assisting a person in obtaining employment if the person previously engaged in misconduct with a minor.

TEA has published a video explaining the HB 3 do-not-hire registry, available at https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/Government_Relations_and_Legal/Government_Relations/House_Bill_3.

DEA(LEGAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: COMPENSATION PLAN

A new provision has been added from HB 3 triggering compensation increases when the basic allotment increases from the prior year.

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DEAA(LEGAL) COMPENSATION PLAN: INCENTIVES AND STIPENDS

HB 3 adds a local optional teacher designation system under which the district may receive an allotment for teachers designated as master, exemplary, or recognized. Master teacher grant programs have been deleted in accordance with SB 1376.

New requirements for optional mentor teacher programs are from HB 3.

Please note: Districts that choose to provide incentives to teachers who complete autism training must adopt a policy in accordance with HB 3. Contact the district's policy consultant for appropriate language if your district decides to pursue this option.

DEB(LEGAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: FRINGE BENEFITS

HB 872 revises the information a district must provide to the Employees Retirement System when a peace officer is killed in the line of duty.

Note that SB 2, effective January 1, 2020, prohibits the board from decreasing the total compensation of a first responder, including a peace officer, employed by the district in the fiscal year beginning in 2020. This provision is not reflected in policy due to its temporary effect.

DEC(LEGAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: LEAVES AND ABSENCES

Some provisions on jury duty have been moved to DG(LEGAL).

DF(LEGAL) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

HB 3 expands the criminal history for which a district must discharge an employee to include deferred adjudication community supervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex offender or conviction of a Title 5 felony if the victim was a minor.

HB 3 requires a district to discharge a person listed on TEA's registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed in public schools and those under investigation.

DFFA(LOCAL) REDUCTION IN FORCE: FINANCIAL EXIGENCY

The recommended revision to this local policy on financial exigency was prompted by HB 3. The bill moved provisions from Education Code Chapter 42 to Chapter 48 and affected existing text on furloughs, which has been deleted, as the cross-reference provides sufficient guidance to the relevant legal authority.

Please note that because BJA(LOCAL) permits the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees, we have removed language referring to the superintendent's designee throughout.

DG(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

Several bills affect this legally referenced policy on employee rights and privileges:

- HB 621 amends the prohibition on employer retaliation against a professional for a good faith report of child abuse or neglect to include defined adverse employment actions.
- HB 4310 prohibits a district from penalizing a teacher who does not follow the scope and sequence for a required curriculum subject if the teacher determines that students need more or less time to demonstrate proficiency in the TEKS.
- SB 370 and HB 504 prohibit certain negative actions against an employee who serves as a juror or grand juror.

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DH(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

In accordance with SB 944, a current or former district employee who maintains public information on a privately owned device must forward or transfer the information to the district or preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the device for the relevant retention period.

HB 1143 prohibits a district from regulating the manner in which a handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in a locked vehicle in a school parking area, provided the item is not in plain view.

DH(LOCAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

Because HB 1143 prohibits a district from regulating the manner in which a handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in a locked vehicle in a school parking area, provided the item is not in plain view, language requiring firearms to be unloaded has been deleted. No other revisions have been made to this local policy.

Since the district has school resource officers and school security officers, an exception has been added at Weapons Prohibited that points to CKE that allows the use or possession of a firearm by these employees.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

DHB(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: REPORTS TO STATE BOARD FOR EDUCATOR CERTIFICATION

HB 3 clarifies that reports to SBEC of educator misconduct may be filed through the new SBEC internet portal.

SB 1476 creates an exception to a superintendent's obligation to report educator misconduct to SBEC if, before the educator's termination or resignation, the superintendent completes an investigation and determines the educator did not engage in the alleged misconduct specified in law.

DHC(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: REPORTS TO TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

As reflected in this new policy, HB 3 establishes a procedure for reporting noncertified employee misconduct to TEA that mirrors required reporting of certified employee misconduct to SBEC.

DMA(LEGAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

New staff development is required in the areas of:

- Prevention techniques for and recognition of sex trafficking of children (HB 111);
- Implementation of trauma-informed care (SB 11);
- Test administration procedures (Administrative Code rules, effective April 23, 2019);
- Cybersecurity (HB 3834);
- Early literacy through attending teacher literacy academies (HB 3);
- Concussion training for school nurses on the concussion oversight team (HB 961); and
- Seizure recognition and related first aid for school nurses and certain other district employees (HB 684).

SB 1376 makes the UIL responsible for conducting extracurricular activity safety training.

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DNA(LEGAL) PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL: EVALUATION OF TEACHERS

Several bills affect this legally referenced policy on teacher evaluation:

- HB 3 clarifies that an appraisal must be done at least once *for* each school year rather than *during* each school year.
- SB 1451 provides that a district may not assign a teacher a deficiency solely on the basis of disciplinary referrals done for discretionary removal from the classroom.
- Details on the disclosure requirements for evaluations as revised by SB 1230 have been moved to GBA.

Other changes are to better match statute.

DNB(LEGAL) PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL: EVALUATION OF CAMPUS ADMINISTRATORS

Details on the disclosure requirements for evaluations as revised by SB 1230 have been moved to GBA. Other changes are to better match statute.

DP(LEGAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

A principal is required by HB 3 to notify the superintendent within seven business days after the date of a noncertified employee's termination or resignation following allegations of certain conduct.

EA(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Board-adopted early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans are required by HB 3.

EB(LEGAL) SCHOOL YEAR

If a district requires each educator to attend an approved school safety training course, SB 11 requires the commissioner to provide for a waiver, allowing for fewer required minutes of instruction.

EC(LEGAL) SCHOOL DAY

A funding provision for prekindergarten grant programs repealed by HB 3 has been deleted.

EEB(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS: CLASS SIZE

Based on HB 3, references to the High-Quality Prekindergarten Grant Program have been removed, as it is no longer a grant program.

EEM(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS: JUVENILE RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES

Funding provisions for students the district serves in a juvenile residential facility have been revised by HB 3.

EF(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

A district must provide printed versions of relevant electronic instructional materials for a student who does not have reliable access to technology at home (HB 391). The district is not required to purchase print editions of these materials for this purpose.

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EHAA(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

Several bills affect this legally referenced policy on required instruction:

- SB 11 revises the health curriculum to include various mental health topics and requires the SBOE to adopt rules for districts to incorporate digital citizenship into their curriculum.
- When adopting a scope and sequence for a required curriculum subject, a district must ensure sufficient time is provided for teaching the TEKS (HB 4310).
- The duties of the School Health Advisory Committee (SHAC) were expanded by SB 435 and SB 11 to include the topics of suicide, opioid and other substance abuse, and other mental health items.
- SB 1376 repeals the requirement for districts to distribute TEA information on steroids, but districts are still required to notify students of the prohibition on nonmedical use of steroids by posting information, as explained at FNCF.
- HB 1026 requires a district to adopt a character education program.

EHAB(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY)

Kindergarten through third grade reading program requirements have been added from HB 3. The bill requires the use of a phonics curriculum and integration of reading instruments to diagnose reading development and comprehension.

EHAC(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (SECONDARY)

A district may allow concurrent enrollment in Algebra I and geometry (SB 1374).

EHBA(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: SPECIAL EDUCATION

SB 1376 repeals the Education Code provision that required a district that entered into a shared services arrangement to receive commissioner approval for the arrangement.

EHBAC(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

SB 1376 repeals the Education Code provision that required a district that entered into a shared services arrangement to receive commissioner approval for the arrangement.

EHBAE(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS

Provisions on surrogate parents were revised by HB 1709.

EHBB(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

Changes from HB 3 require a district to adopt a policy regarding the use of funds to support the district's gifted and talented (GT) program. The bill also requires a district to certify each year to the commissioner that the district's GT program is consistent with the state GT plan and report to the commissioner on the use of funds for the district's GT program.

EHBB(LOCAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

This local policy on gifted and talented (GT) services has been updated based on HB 3 and the newly adopted *Texas State Plan for the Education of Gifted/Talented Students*, available at

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https://tea.texas.gov/academics/special_student_populations/gifted_and_talented_education/gifted_talented_education/.

HB 3 requires a district to adopt a policy regarding the use of funds to support the district's GT program. The bill also requires a district to annually certify to the commissioner that the district's GT program is consistent with the GT state plan and report to the commissioner on the use of funds for the district's GT program. Corresponding revisions to the local policy appear at Program Evaluation.

Other revisions to align with the state plan include:

- Deletion throughout of the references to nominating students for the GT program;
- Broader language regarding the selection committee, as there is no requirement to specify in policy whether the committee is established at the district or campus level;
- More flexible language regarding reassessments and transfer students;
- New text to incorporate the requirement to consult with parents about a student exiting the program; and
- New text to incorporate the ability of an educator to appeal final decisions of the selection committee.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

EHBC(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY/ACCELERATED SERVICES

There were numerous legislative changes to the provisions on compensatory education.

Districts are required by HB 3 to provide TEA each student's residential census block, which will be factored into the compensatory education allotment. Calculation details for the allotment have been removed.

Dropout prevention plans are due by December 1 of each year per HB 3.

The definition of a student who is at-risk of dropping out of school has been revised to address students who:

- Have been incarcerated or who have a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated within the student's lifetime (SB 1746); and
- Participate in an adult high school diploma and industry certification charter school program (HB 1051).

TEA has published a video explaining the HB 3 compensatory education changes, available at https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/Government_Relations_and_Legal/Government_Relations/House_Bill_3.

EHBF(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Provisions on reimbursements to districts for certification examinations taken by students in career and technology have been added based on HB 3.

TEA has published a video explaining the HB 3 changes on exam reimbursements, available at <u>https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/Government_Relations_and_Legal/Government_Relations/House_Bill_3</u>.

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EHBG(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: PREKINDERGARTEN

SB 1679 provides that an eligible three-year-old prekindergarten student remains eligible for enrollment in the following year.

Other changes to prekindergarten programs are from HB 3. Among other changes, if a district operates a prekindergarten program for eligible children who are at least four years of age, the district must provide full-day prekindergarten that meets high-quality prekindergarten program standards (absent an exemption). For children under four years of age, a district still has the option to operate prekindergarten on a half-day basis or offer full-day prekindergarten with local funding or on a tuition basis. In addition, a program for children who are at least four years of age must comply with the High Quality Prekindergarten Program standards.

TEA has published a video explaining the HB 3 prekindergarten changes, available at https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/Government_Relations_and_Legal/Government_Relations/House Bill 3.

EHBK(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL INITIATIVES

Two mandatory recognition events have been added: Texas Girls in STEM Day is on March 1 (HB 3435), and Holocaust Remembrance Week will be on a date designated by the governor (SB 1828).

Provisions on character education are now mandatory, not optional, and have been moved to EHAA (HB 1026).

EHDD(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

The requirements for dual credit program agreements with institutions of higher education were modified by HB 3650 and SB 1276.

EIC(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: CLASS RANKING

HB 539 addresses the issue that districts with very small graduating classes do not create a top ten percent for purposes of the automatic college admissions law. This bill requires Texas public universities to admit valedictorians who meet the requirements in law.

EIF(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADUATION

SB 213 extends expiration dates from September 1, 2019, to September 1, 2023, for provisions on individual graduation committees and provisions authorizing districts to award a high school diploma to eligible students who entered grade 9 before the 2011–12 school year and have not performed satisfactorily on the relevant exit-level test.

On request of the parent, districts must issue a high school diploma posthumously to each student who dies while enrolled in the district in accordance with HB 638. The diploma may not be issued before the school year in which the student was expected to graduate.

SB 232 requires districts to inform parents of a high school student that the student is not required to complete Algebra II to graduate, but that not completing the course may have negative consequences for automatic college admission and for certain financial aid. The notice must be by regular mail or email.

HB 678 allows a student to satisfy one of the two required credits in languages other than English by successfully completing an elementary school course in American Sign Language.

Provisions on endorsements for students in special education were revised by HB 165.

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EK(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS

HB 3 amends the tests that high school students may take in grade 11 or 12 at state cost to include the Texas Success Initiative.

Revised Administrative Code rules effective July 22, 2019, clarify current law limiting administration of locally required assessments designed to prepare students for state assessments. The revised rule explains what constitutes an assessment instrument designed to prepare students for state-administered assessment instruments.

EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

HB 3906 prompted changes regarding the use of technology in state assessments for mathematics and administration of assessments in kindergarten and prekindergarten.

Administrative Code rules amended effective April 23, 2019, significantly revised the provisions on test security and confidentiality.

Other revisions are to better reflect statute.

EL(LEGAL) CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS

HB 3 provides that a charter campus or program must comply with the listed Education Code provisions regarding the duty to discharge or refuse to hire certain employees or applicants.

ELA(LOCAL) CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS: PARTNERSHIP CHARTERS

The recommended revision to this local policy on partnership charters consists of a citation change at Authorization Campus Partnerships and was prompted by HB 3, which moved provisions from Education Code Chapter 42 to Chapter 48.

F(LEGAL) STUDENTS

A new policy, FFBA on trauma-informed care, has been added to the F section table of contents.

FB(LEGAL) EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

This legally referenced policy on equal educational opportunity has been updated to include a provision from SB 1978 that prohibits a district from taking any adverse action against a person based on the person's membership in, affiliation with, or contribution, donation, or other support provided to a religious organization. Other changes are to better match statutory wording.

FD(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS

Several bills affected student admissions:

- SB 668 clarifies the definition of students who are homeless.
- A new provision from HB 2526 provides that a person is eligible for admission if the person and either parent reside in a residence homestead on property any part of which is located in the district.
- HB 1597 adds proof of eligibility provisions for a person whose parent is in the armed services and the parent provides a military order for a transfer to a military installation in or adjacent to the district's attendance zone. Proof of residency in the district's attendance zone must then be provided within ten days of the arrival date in the military order.
- Provisions on the foundation school program were affected by HBs 3 and 1051.

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FDC(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: HOMELESS STUDENTS

Throughout, terminology has been changed from "homeless students" to "students who are homeless" in accordance with SB 668.

FDE(LOCAL) ADMISSIONS: SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

Recommended changes to this local policy on school safety transfers are based on revisions to the TEA *Unsafe School Choice Option (USCO) Guidance Handbook* (available at <u>https://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Grants/Applying_for_a_Grant/Unsafe_School_Choice_Option</u>), which amended the list of violent criminal offenses for which a student is eligible for a transfer to another school within the district. See also the August 22, 2019, To the Administrator Addressed letter on ESSA Unsafe School Choice Option LEA Requirements, available at <u>https://tea.texas.gov/about-tea/news-and-multimedia/cor-respondence/taa-letters/essa-unsafe-school-choice-option-lea</u>.

FEB(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

HB 3 allows, rather than requires as under existing law, the commissioner to adjust ADA of a district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor if the district experiences a decline in ADA that is reasonably attributable to the disaster.

FED(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT

Provisions on funding of the position of juvenile case manager have been updated based on SB 346. Other changes add existing statutory text.

FFAA(LOCAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Recommended revisions to this local policy on physical examinations are to address a new UIL rule requiring students who are participating in marching band to receive a pre-participation physical in accordance with the schedule established by the UIL. The policy revisions broaden current language to accommodate future changes to UIL rules and also allow the superintendent to designate other extracurricular programs for which the district will require physicals.

Further information on the new UIL rule is available at <u>https://www.uiltexas.org/files/music/March-ing_Band_Physical_Exam_FAQ.pdf</u>.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FFAC(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: MEDICAL TREATMENT

Several legislative changes have been incorporated, including:

- A prohibition on a district regulating the sale, distribution or possession of dextromethorphan (certain cold medicine) (HB 1518);
- Deletion of the requirement for a district to notify the commissioner following administration of an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector (SB 668); and
- New provisions permitting a district to adopt and implement a policy authorizing a school nurse to maintain and administer unassigned asthma medication (HB 2243). **Please note:** Contact the district's policy consultant for appropriate policy text if the district wishes to pursue this option. Sample administrative provisions are available in the *TASB Regulations Resource Manual*.

Also added is an existing statutory provision prohibiting a district from enacting, adopting, or enforcing a rule or regulation that prohibits the possession of low-THC cannabis as authorized by the Texas Compassionate Use Act in the Health and Safety Code.

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FFAD(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

The Department of State Health Services rather than TEA must now prescribe the procedures for districts to use when distributing information on bacterial meningitis (HB 3884).

FFAF(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: CARE PLANS

SB 869 requires a district's policy on food allergies to be consistent with the Texas Department of State Health Services' *Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk for Anaphylaxis*. The bill requires the board to post a summary of the *Guidelines* on the district's website and include information on how to obtain the full document. Likewise, forms addressing food allergies must include information about the *Guidelines*. Relevant materials in the *TASB Regulations Resource Manual* have been updated.

Provisions on seizure management and treatment plans are from HB 684 and allow a parent to submit a seizure management plan to the district to address health-care services the student may receive at school or school activities.

FFB(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CRISIS INTERVENTION

SB 11 includes provisions on the threat assessment and safe and supportive school team that districts must establish to serve each campus and the process the teams will use in evaluating individuals and students who make threats of violence or exhibit harmful, threatening, or violent behavior. The teams must receive training and report specific information to TEA. The board must adopt a policy addressing specific elements.

SB 11 also permits districts to provide parents relevant information on various mental health topics.

FFB(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CRISIS INTERVENTION

This new local policy is recommended to address SB 11, which requires boards to adopt policy and procedures regarding threat assessment and safe and supportive teams. The district's policies and procedures must be consistent with the model policies and procedures developed by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC). TASB collaborated with the TxSSC to develop this policy, which addresses the following elements:

- Delegation to the superintendent to ensure that a team is established to serve each campus;
- Appointment of team members by the superintendent, as required by law;
- Training requirements for the team;
- Authorization for any member of the team or a district employee to act immediately to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency, including contacting law enforcement directly;
- Development of procedures as recommended by the TxSSC;
- A high-level outline of the threat assessment process, including specific actions required by the team in various circumstances;
- Mental health referrals by the team;
- The requirement for the team to provide guidance to students and district employees on recognizing and reporting behavior of concern; and
- Required reports to TEA.

The TxSSC advises that district procedures need to be individualized to fit each district's unique circumstances. To assist in developing procedures, the TxSSC website has numerous resources, including a

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Behavioral Threat Assessment and Management for Educators and Administrators Toolkit at <u>https://txssc.txstate.edu/tools/tam-toolkit/</u>.

FFBA(LEGAL) CRISIS INTERVENTION: TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

SB 11 requires boards to adopt and implement a policy on the implementation of trauma-informed care practices in each school environment. The policy must also address:

- Increasing staff and parent awareness of trauma-informed care, including required training for educators;
- Implementation of trauma-informed practices and care by district and campus staff; and
- Available counseling options for students affected by trauma or grief.

Districts must report to TEA on compliance with the training provisions.

FFBA(LOCAL) CRISIS INTERVENTION: TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

This new policy is recommended to address SB 11, which requires a policy on trauma-informed care. The details of the district's trauma-informed care program must be included in the district improvement plan.

The policy makes reference to the elements required to be addressed in the district's program:

- Increasing staff and parent awareness of trauma-informed care, including required training for educators; and
- Available counseling options for students affected by trauma or grief.

The policy also affirms that the district shall report to TEA on compliance with the training provisions.

Please note: If, based on a district of innovation plan, your district is exempt from the statutory requirement to have a district improvement plan, the district should include its trauma-informed care program in an equivalent district-level planning document.

FFE(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: STUDENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS/COUNSELING

This legally referenced policy on student assistance programs has been updated to include existing legal provisions on consent for services provided by a licensed specialist in school psychology.

FFG(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

The district improvement plan and any informational handbook provided to students and parents must include the district's policy on addressing sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children (HB 111). Please note that the post-legislative supplement to the *TASB Model Student Handbook* includes provisions and resources to address these topics. The district should include any other details in the district improvement plan and communicate the district's practices and procedures to employees, parents, and students.

HB 621 prohibits a district from taking any adverse employment action against a professional who makes a good faith report of abuse or neglect.

FL(LOCAL) STUDENT RECORDS

To assist with implementing the district's safe and supportive school program as required by SB 11, a recommended revision at Access by School Officials clarifies that a person appointed to a team that supports the safe and supportive school program is considered a "school official" who may access student records if the person has a legitimate educational interest in the records.

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Please note that because BJA(LOCAL) permits the superintendent to delegate responsibilities to other employees, we have removed language referring to the superintendent's designee.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FM(LEGAL) STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Legislation affected several provisions on student activities:

- Certain safety training will be provided by the UIL rather than districts (SB 1376).
- A school nurse may be a member of the district's concussion oversight team and is authorized to remove an affected student from practices or competition (HB 961).
- A district must provide information about sudden cardiac arrest and electrocardiogram testing to a student who is required by UIL to submit a physical examination certification (HB 76).

Administrative Code rules amended effective May 1, 2019, permit a district to allow a student who is ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity and who is enrolled in a state-approved music course that participates in UIL Concert and Sight-Reading Evaluation to perform with the ensemble during the UIL evaluation performance only.

FNCC(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

SB 38 amends the Education Code definition of hazing.

FNCE(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: PERSONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS/ELECTRONIC DEVICES

A district must allow a student to use a graphing calculator application on an electronic device when the student is enrolled in a course that requires the use of a graphing calculator, unless the district provides students the use of one at no cost (HB 3906).

FNCG(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: WEAPONS

Provisions on clubs and knuckles were revised based on HB 446, which removes clubs from the Penal Code offense regarding unlawfully carrying a weapon outside of one's premises or vehicle. The bill also removes knuckles from the list of prohibited weapons in Penal Code 46.05.

FNG(LEGAL) STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

Unless limited by a court order, a parent appointed as a conservator of a child always has the right to attend school activities, including school lunches, performances, and field trips (HB 3145).

FO(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE

Several general discipline provisions were affected by legislation:

- A student's status as homeless or in the conservatorship of DFPS was added to the list of mitigating factors the district must consider in making certain disciplinary decisions (HB 811).
- The law enforcement duties of various security personnel must be included in the Student Code of Conduct (SB 1707).
- District websites must include contact information for the campus behavior coordinator or other relevant administrator (SB 1306).

Explanatory Notes

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- Districts must provide foundation curriculum coursework to students assigned to in-school or out-ofschool suspension using one option that does not require the use of the internet (HB 3012).
- Aversive techniques listed in the policy that are intended to reduce the likelihood of a behavior recurring by intentionally inflicting significant physical or emotional discomfort or pain may not be used with students (HB 3630 and SB 712).
- A district may not discipline a teacher on the basis of documentation the teacher submitted regarding a student's violation of the student code of conduct (SB 1451).
- Information regarding out-of-school suspensions must be reported to TEA (HB 65).

FOA(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: REMOVAL BY TEACHER OR BUS DRIVER

SB 1451 clarifies that students sent to the campus behavior coordinator's or other administrator's office under a routine referral or a discretionary removal are not considered to have been removed from the classroom for purposes of reporting data through PEIMS or other similar reports required by state or federal law.

FOB(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION

A district may not place in out-of-school suspension a student who is homeless unless the student engages in certain conduct (HB 692).

FOC(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

DAEP placement is required if a student engages in certain forms of harassment against an employee (SB 2432).

In determining whether there is a reasonable belief that a student engaged in felony conduct, a superintendent may not consider additional information requested by the district from law enforcement for the purpose of creating a threat assessment or safety plan (HB 2135).

For clarity, additional details from statute have been added regarding terms of removal.

FOCA(LEGAL) PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING: DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

HB 2184 creates mandatory procedures and notice requirements for a student's transition to the regular classroom from an alternative education program, as defined by the bill.

Documents in the TASB Regulations Resource Manual have been updated to address HB 2184.

FOD(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: EXPULSION

An existing statutory provision addressing appeals of expulsion decisions has been added.

FODA(LEGAL) EXPULSION: JUVENILE JUSTICE ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM

HB 3012 permits court-ordered placement in a JJAEP for terroristic threats.

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GA(LEGAL) ACCESS TO PROGRAMS, SERVICES, AND ACTIVITIES

A provision has been added from SB 1978 that prohibits a district from taking any adverse action (as defined in the policy) against a person based on the person's membership in, affiliation with, or contribution, donation, or other support provided to a religious organization.

GB(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

In accordance with SB 944, a current or former district officer or employee who maintains public information on a privately owned device must forward or transfer the information to the district or preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the device for the relevant retention period. An employee may be disciplined for failure to comply.

GBA(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM: ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

Provisions on public information have been revised, including those addressing release of:

- Certain contracting information (SB 943);
- Evaluations (SB 1230);
- Information regarding the location or physical layout of certain shelter centers (HB 3091);
- Protected health information and out-of-state health-care provider information (SB 944);
- Information on applicants for disaster recovery funds (HB 3175);
- Information that would provide an advantage to competitors or bidders (SB 943);
- Expenditures for parades, concerts, or other entertainment events (HB 81); and
- Certain commercial, financial, and proprietary information (SB 943).

GBAA(LEGAL) INFORMATION ACCESS: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Legislation affected multiple provisions on requests for information, including:

- Duties of the officer for public information (SB 944);
- Methods for requesting information (SB 944);
- Requests for contracting information not maintained by the district (SB 943);
- Requests for an attorney general decision (SBs 943 and 944); and
- Temporary suspension of the Public Information Act by the board of a district currently impacted by a catastrophe (SB 494).

Other revisions are to better reflect statutory wording.

GBAA(LOCAL) INFORMATION ACCESS: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

As mentioned above, SB 494 permits the board of a district impacted by a catastrophe to temporarily suspend the Public Information Act. Recommended local policy text delegates to the superintendent the authority to approve the initial suspension period of up to seven consecutive days and provide the required notices to the attorney general and public. If an extension of the initial suspension period is needed, the law requires the board to determine that it is still impacted by the catastrophe, so the local policy text requires the board to approve an extension.

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The form to provide notice of any suspensions to the attorney general is available at <u>https://www.texasat-torneygeneral.gov/open-government/governmental-bodies/catastrophe-notice</u>.

GKA(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

HB 1552 clarifies who is a retired law enforcement officer for Penal Code 46.03, which prohibits weapons in certain places.

Districts may no longer regulate the manner in which a handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in a locked vehicle in a district parking area, provided the item is not in plain view (HB 1143).

HB 1791 broadens existing provisions that limit a district from providing unauthorized notice that handguns are prohibited.

GKA(LOCAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

Because HB 1143 prohibits a district from regulating the manner in which a handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in a locked vehicle in a district parking area, provided the item is not in plain view, we have deleted language requiring firearms to be unloaded. No other revisions have been made to this local policy.

The *Legal Issues in Update 114* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

GNB(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES: REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE CENTERS

HB 3 revises the core services that education service centers are required to provide to include training and assistance regarding instruction in personal financial literacy, gifted and talented programs, and programs that qualify for a funding allotment.

GRAA(LEGAL) STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES: LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

Information about arrests of students provided to districts from law enforcement agencies must include sufficient information for the district to determine whether it is necessary to conduct a threat assessment or prepare a safety plan for the student (SB 2135). In addition, a superintendent may request information for the purpose of conducting a threat assessment or preparing a safety plan.

GRAA(EXHIBIT) STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES: LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

This exhibit has been deleted, as the list of offenses principals must report to local law enforcement authorities is included in GRAA(LEGAL).

GRB(LEGAL)RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES: INTERLOCAL
COOPERATION CONTRACTS

When a district provides educational services to a student who resides in a state hospital, HB 2210 specifies the elements of the memorandum of understanding between the hospital and district.

GRC(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES: EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Provisions on emergency management training have been deleted as they are not applicable to school districts.

Definitions	"District-level committee" means the committee established under Education Code 11.251, or a comparable committee if the district is exempted (or has exempted itself) from this provision.
	"Innovation plan committee" means a committee appointed by the board of trustees to develop the innovation plan in accordance with statutory requirements. The district-level committee may also serve in this role.
	"Public hearing" means an open meeting held by the board of trus- tees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the pro- posed plan and designation and provides the opportunity for the public to give opinions and comments on the proposed actions.
	"Public meeting" means an open meeting held by the board of trus- tees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the pro- posed plan and designation.
	"Unacceptable academic performance rating" means a rating of Im- provement Required or Unacceptable Performance or as otherwise indicated in the applicable year's academic accountability manual.
	"Unacceptable financial accountability rating" means a Financial In- tegrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) rating of Substandard Achievement as indicated in the applicable year's financial ac- countability system manual.
	19 TAC 102.1301
District of Innovation	A district is eligible for designation as a district of innovation if the district's most recent performance rating under Education Code 39.054 reflects at least acceptable performance.
	A board may not vote on the final approval of the innovation plan if the district is assigned either a final or preliminary rating below ac- ceptable performance. In the event the preliminary rating is changed, the board may then vote to become an innovation dis- trict.
	Consideration of designation as a district of innovation may be initi- ated by a resolution adopted by the board or a petition signed by a majority of the members of the district-level committee [see BQA].
	Education Code 12A.001; 19 TAC 102.1303
Public Hearing	After adopting a resolution or receiving a petition for consideration as a district of innovation, a board shall hold a public hearing as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days, to consider whether the district should develop a local innovation plan for the designa- tion of the district as a district of innovation.

	clus igna	ne conclusion of the public hearing or within 30 days after con- ion of the public hearing, the board may decline to pursue des- tion of the district as a district of innovation or appoint a com- ee to develop a local innovation plan.		
	The board may outline the parameters around which the innovation plan committee may develop the plan.			
	Education Code 12A.002; 19 TAC 102.1305			
Local Innovation Plan	velo	cal innovation plan meeting all legal requirements must be de- ped for a district before the district may be designated as a dis- of innovation.		
		local innovation plan must provide for a comprehensive educa- al program for the district, which program may include:		
	1.	Innovative curriculum, instructional methods, and provisions regarding community participation, campus governance, and parental involvement;		
	2.	Modifications to the school day or year [see EB, EC];		
	3.	Provisions regarding the district budget and sustainable pro- gram funding;		
	4.	Accountability and assessment measures that exceed the re- quirements of state and federal law; and		
	5.	Any other innovations prescribed by the board of trustees.		
	tion trict	plan must also identify requirements imposed by the Educa- Code that inhibit the goals of the plan and from which the dis- should be exempted on adoption of the plan, subject to Educa- Code 12A.004. [See Exceptions, below]		
	The commissioner of education shall maintain a list of provisions from which designated districts of innovation are exempt. The com- missioner shall notify the legislature of each provision from which districts enrolling a majority of students in this state are exempt.			
	Education Code 12A.003, .004(b); 19 TAC 102.1305(d)			
Prohibited Exemptions	A local innovation plan may not provide for the exemption of a dis- trict designated as a district of innovation from the provisions listed in Education Code 12A.004 and 19 Administrative Code 102.1309. <i>Education Code 12A.004; 19 TAC 102.1309</i>			
		nnovation district may not be exempted from the following sec- s of the Education Code and the rules adopted thereunder:		

- A state or federal requirement, imposed by statute or rule, applicable to an open-enrollment charter school operating under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D, including, but not limited to, the requirements listed in Education Code 12.104(b), and:
 - a. Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter B;
 - b. Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter A, sections 25.001, .002, .0021, .0031, and .004;
 - c. Education Code Chapter 28, sections 28.002, .0021, .0023, .005, .0051, .006, .016, .0211, .0213, .0217, .025, .0254, .02541, .0255, .0258, .0259, and .026;
 - d. Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter G;
 - e. Education Code Chapter 30, Subchapter A;
 - f. Education Code 30.104;
 - g. Education Code Chapter 34;
 - h. Education Code Chapter 37, sections 37.006(I), .007(e), .011, .012, .013, and .020; and
 - i. Education Code Chapter 39;
- Education Code Chapter 11, Subchapters A, C, D, and E, except that a district may be exempt from Education Code 11.1511(b)(5) and (14) and 11.162;
- 3. Education Code Chapter 13;
- 4. Education Code Chapter 41;
- 5. Education Code Chapter 42;
- 6. Education Code Chapter 44, sections 44.0011, .002, .003, .004, .0041, .005, .0051, .006, .007, .0071, .008, .009, .011, .0312, .032, .051, .052, .053, and .054;
- 7. Education Code Chapter 45, sections 45.003, .0031, .005, .105, .106, .202, and .203; and
- 8. Education Code Chapter 46.

In addition to the prohibited exemptions specified above, an innovation district may not be exempted from:

1. A requirement of a grant or other state program in which the district voluntarily participates;

	2.	Duties that the statute applies to the execution of that power if a district chooses to implement an authorized power that is optional under the terms of the statute; and
	3.	Requirements imposed by provisions outside the Education Code, including requirements under Government Code Chapter 822.
	19 7	AC 102.1309; Education Code 12A.004
Adoption of Local Innovation Plan		board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innovation unless:
	1.	The final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district's website for at least 30 days;
	2.	The board has notified the commissioner of the board's inten- tion to vote on adoption of the proposed plan; and
	3.	The district-level committee [see BQA] has held a public meeting to consider the final version of the proposed plan and has approved the plan by a majority vote of the committee members. The public meeting may occur at any time, includ- ing up to or on the same date at which the board intends to vote on final adoption of the proposed plan.
		board may adopt a proposed local innovation plan by an af- ative vote of two-thirds of the membership of the board.
	a dis long cord requ	adoption of a local innovation plan, the district is designated as strict of innovation for the term specified in the plan, but no ler than five calendar years, and shall begin operation in ac- lance with the plan. In addition, the district is exempt from state lirements identified under Education Code 12A.003(b)(2). [See al Innovation Plan, above]
	alon	district shall notify the commissioner of approval of the plan g with a list of approved exemptions by completing the ncy's form provided at 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(d).
	ame less	strict's exemption under the plan includes any subsequent endment or redesignation of an identified state requirement, un- the subsequent amendment or redesignation specifically ap- s to an innovation district.
	distr	district shall ensure that a copy of the plan is posted on the ict's website in accordance with Education Code 12A.0071, for term of the designation as an innovation district.
	Edu	cation Code 12A.005; 19 TAC 102.1307

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Notice to TEA	Not later than the 15th day after the date on which the board final- izes a local innovation plan either through adoption, amendment, or renewal, the district shall provide a copy of the current local in- novation plan to TEA, which shall promptly post the current local in- novation plan on the agency's website. <i>Education Code</i> <i>12A.0071(b); 19 TAC 102.1307(g)</i>			
Term	The term of a district's designation as a district of innovation may not exceed five years and is effective upon district approval and notification of the plan to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). A dis- trict may only have one innovation plan at any given time. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 12A.006; 19 TAC 102.1311</i>			
Amendment, Rescission, or Renewal of Local	A local innovation plan may be amended, rescinded, or renewed if the action is approved by a vote of the district-level committee [see BQA] and a two-thirds majority vote of the board of trustees.			
Innovation Plan	An amendment to an approved plan does not change the date of the term of designation as an innovation district. Exemptions that were already formally approved are not required to be reviewed.			
	A district must notify TEA within five business days of rescission and provide a date at which time it will be in compliance with all sections of the Education Code, but no later than the start of the following school year.			
	During renewal, all sections of the plan and exemptions shall be re- viewed, and the district must follow all components outlined in 19 Administrative Code 102.1307 relating to Adoption of Local Innova- tion Plans.			
	The district shall notify the commissioner of any actions taken along with the associated exemptions and local approval dates.			
	Education Code 12A.007; 19 TAC 102.1313			
Website Posting	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of the district's current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's internet website. <i>Education Code 12A.0071(a); 19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>			
	The district's innovation plan must be clearly posted on the dis- trict's website for the term of the designation as an innovation dis- trict. <i>19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>			
Criminal History Background Checks	A prohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (district employee and volunteer criminal history records), applies to the same extent to a district of innovation or other charter entity.			

INNOVATION DISTRICTS

	The failure of a district of innovation to provide information required under Education Code 22.0832 (National Criminal History Record Information Review of Certain Open-Enrollment Charter School Employees) may result in termination of the district's designation as a district of innovation.			
	Edu	cation Code 22.0815		
Termination by Commissioner Discretionary	The commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district receives for two consecutive school years:			
Termination	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;		
	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or		
	3.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054 for one of the school years and an unac- ceptable financial accountability rating under Education Code 39.082 for the other school year.		
	Instead of terminating a district's designation, the commissioner may permit the district to amend the local innovation plan to ad- dress concerns specified by the commissioner.			
	Education Code 12A.008(a)–(b); 19 TAC 102.1315(a)			
	The commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district fails to comply with the duty to dis- charge or refuse to hire certain employees or applicants for em- ployment under Education Code 12.1059. <i>Education Code</i> <i>12A.008(b-1)</i> [See DBAA]			
Mandatory Termination	The commissioner shall terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district receives for three consecutive school years:			
	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;		
	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or		
	3.	Any combination of one or more unacceptable ratings Educa- tion Code 39.054 and one or more unacceptable ratings un- der Education Code 39.082.		
	Edu	cation Code 12A.008(c); 19 TAC 102.1315(b)		

INNOVATION DISTRICTS

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No Appeal The commissioner's decision to terminate a district's designation as a district of innovation is final and may not be appealed. *Education Code 12A.008(d); 19 TAC 102.1315(d)*

		strict may choose to operate under a home-rule charter. Adop- of a home-rule charter does not affect:	
	1.	The district's boundaries.	
	2.	Taxes or bonds of the district authorized before the effective date of the charter.	
	Edu	cation Code 12.0011, .011	
Powers of Home- Rule District	A home-rule district has the powers and entitlements granted to school districts and school district boards, including taxing author- ity. A home-rule district is subject to federal and state laws and rules governing school districts except:		
	1.	A home-rule district is subject to the Education Code only to the extent a provision of the Education Code specifically pro- vides for the applicability to a home-rule district;	
	2.	A home-rule district is subject to a rule adopted by the State Board of Education (SBOE) or the commissioner of education only if the code provision authorizing the rule specifically ap- plies to a home-rule district; and	
	3.	A home-rule district is subject to all requirements of federal law and applicable court orders relating to eligibility for and the provision of special education and bilingual programs.	
Nondiscrimination	inat ing orde gifte	above statements do not permit a home-rule district to discrim- e against a student who has been diagnosed as having a learn- disability, including dyslexia or attention deficit/hyperactivity dis- er. Prohibited discrimination includes denial of placement in a ed and talented program if the student would otherwise be qual- for the program but for the student's learning disability.	
	bas sup	above statements do not permit a home-rule district to, on the is of race, socioeconomic status, learning disability, or family port status, place a student in a program other than the highest I program necessary to ensure the student's success.	
	Edu	cation Code 12.012(a), (c)	
Charter Commission		pard shall appoint a charter commission to frame a home-rule pol district charter if:	
	1.	The board receives a petition requesting the appointment of a charter commission signed by at least five percent of the district's registered voters; or	
	2.	At least two-thirds of the total membership of the board adopts a resolution ordering the appointment of a charter commission.	
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	The board must appoint the commission by the 30th day after re- ceipt of the petition or adoption of the resolution.				
	The commission must complete the proposed charter not later than the first anniversary of the date of the commission's appointment. After that date, the commission expires and the appointment of the commission is void.				
	Edu	icatio	n Code 12.014, .015(a), (c)		
Membership	mer ogra bers sch teac prov	nbers aphic s mus ool. A chers /ided	ter commission shall consist of 15 district residents. The ship must reflect the racial, ethnic, socioeconomic, and ge- diversity of a district. A majority of the commission mem- st be parents of school-age children attending public at least 25 percent of the commission must be classroom selected by representatives of the professional staff as by the planning process under Education Code 11.251(e). series] <i>Education Code 12.015(a)–(b)</i>		
Governmental Body	The charter commission is considered a governmental body for purposes of Government Code Chapters 551 (Open Meetings Act) and 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Education Code 12.015(d)</i>				
Content of Home-	The home-rule charter must:				
Rule Charter	1.	Des	scribe the educational program to be offered.		
	2.	Pro	vide that continuation of the charter is contingent on:		
		a.	Acceptable student performance on assessment instru- ments.		
		b.	Compliance with other applicable accountability provisions.		
	3.	tion	ecify any basis, in addition to a basis specified at Educa- Code Chapter 11, Subchapter B, on which the charter y be placed on probation or revoked.		
	4.	Des	scribe the governing structure of the district and campuses.		
	5.	Specify any procedure or requirement, in addition to those a Education Code Chapter 38 [see FF series], the district will follow to ensure the health and safety of students and employees.			
	6.		scribe the process by which the district will adopt an an- I budget, including the use of program-weight funds.		
	7.	prog	scribe how the annual audit of the district's financial and grammatic operations will be conducted, including how the rict will provide the necessary information to participate in		
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		the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS).	
	8.	Include any other provision the charter commission considers necessary.	
	Edu	cation Code 12.016	
Review by Commissioner of Education	com char nece 30 d	charter commission shall submit the proposed charter to the missioner of education. The commissioner shall review the ter for compliance with applicable laws and recommend any essary modifications. If the commissioner does not act within lays after the date the commissioner receives the proposed ter, the charter is approved. <i>Education Code 12.018</i>	
Charter Elections	ter, a elec	oon as practicable after the commissioner approves the char- a board shall order an election on the proposed charter. The tion shall be held on the first uniform election date that occurs ast 45 days after the date the board orders the election.	
	the distrated day. how pose	east three copies of the proposed charter must be available in office at each school campus and at the district's central admin- tive office between the date of the election order and election Notice of the election must include a statement of where and copies may be obtained or viewed. A summary of the pro- ed charter shall be attached to each copy. The summary shall be made available to district employees, parents, community nbers, and the media.	
	sitio hom sion	ballot shall be written to permit voting for or against the propo- n: "Whether the (name of district) shall be governed under the re-rule district charter, which is proposed by a charter commis- appointed by the board and under which only certain laws and s apply to the district."	
	Edu	cation Code 12.019	
Minimum Voter Turnout	An election on the adoption of a proposed home-rule charter has no effect unless at least 25 percent of the registered voters of the district vote in the election.		
	If the required number of voters does not vote in the election, the board shall order another election to be held on the first uniform election date:		
	1.	That occurs at least 45 days after the election is ordered, and	
	2.	On which one or more elections are to be held, the combina- tion of which covers all the territory of the district.	

	If the required number of voters does not vote in the election, a board may continue to order elections until the required minimum is achieved.		
	Education Code 12.022		
Charter Amendments	A home-rule charter may be amended pursuant to Education Code 12.020 and .022(b).		
Adoption of Charter or Amendment	Subject to Education Code 12.022 (minimum voter turnout), the proposed charter or amendment is adopted if approved by a major- ity of the qualified voters of the district voting in the election. The charter or amendment shall specify an effective date and takes ef- fect according to its terms when the board enters an order declar- ing the charter or amendment adopted. The board shall enter the order not later than the tenth day after the date the canvass of the election returns is completed.		
	As soon as practicable after a district adopts the charter or amend- ment, the board shall notify the commissioner of the outcome of the election.		
	Education Code 12.021		
Certification of Charter	As soon as practicable after the charter or amendment is adopted, the board president shall certify to the secretary of state a copy of the charter or amendment showing voter approval. The secretary of state shall file and record the certification. A recorded charter or amendment is a public act. A court shall take judicial notice of a recorded charter or amendment and proof is not required of its provisions. <i>Education Code 12.023, .024</i>		
Governance of Home-Rule District	A home-rule district may adopt and operate under any governing structure. The home-rule district may create offices, determine the time and method for selecting officers, and prescribe the qualifications and duties of officers. The term of any officer shall be three or four years, as determined under Education Code 11.059. <i>Education Code 12.025</i>		
Change in Governing Body	If the adoption, amendment, or revocation of a home-rule school district charter changes the structure of the board, the members serving on the date the adoption, amendment, or revocation takes effect shall continue in office until their successors have been chosen and have qualified for office. <i>Education Code 12.026</i>		
Requirements Under	A home-rule district is subject to:		
Education Code	 Provisions of the Education Code establishing a criminal of- fense. 		

- 2. Provisions of the Education Code relating to limitations on liability.
- 3. Prohibitions, restrictions, or requirements relating to:
 - a. PEIMS, as determined by the commissioner.
 - b. Educator certification under Education Code Chapter 21 and educator rights under Education Code 21.407, .408, and 22.001. [See CFEA, DGA]
 - c. Criminal history records under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C. [See DBAA]
 - d. Student admissions under Education Code 25.001. [See FD]
 - e. School attendance under Education Code 25.085–.087. [See FEA]
 - f. Interdistrict transfers under Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter B. [See FDA]
 - g. Elementary class-size limits, in the case of any campus that fails to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e). [See EEB]
 - h. High school graduation under Education Code 28.025. [See EIF]
 - i. Special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. [See EHBA series]
 - j. Bilingual education under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B. [See EHBE]
 - k. Prekindergarten programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter E. [See EEL, EHBG]
 - I. Safety provisions relating to the transportation of students under Education Code 34.002–.004 and .008. [See CNA, CNB, CNC]
 - m. Computation and distribution of state aid under Education Code Chapters 31, 43, and 48.
 - n. Extracurricular activities under Education Code 33.081. [See FM]
 - o. Health and safety under Education Code Chapter 38. [See FF series]

	p.	Public school accountability under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapters B, C, D, and J, and Chapter 39A. [See AI series]				
	q.	Options for local revenue levels in excess of entitlement under Education Code Chapter 49.				
	r.	Bonds or other obligations or tax rates under Education Code Chapters 43, 45, and 48.				
	S.	Purchasing under Education Code Chapter 44. [See CH]				
	Education Code 12.013(b)					
Employees of Home- Rule Districts	ment Sy same ex	oyee who qualifies for membership in the Teacher Retire- stem shall be covered in the same manner and to the tent as a qualified employee employed by an independent istrict. <i>Education Code 12.012(b)</i>				
Rescission of Charter		shall order an election on the question of rescinding the le school district charter if:				
	sigi	e board receives a petition requesting a rescission election ned by at least five percent of the registered voters of the trict; or				
		east two-thirds of the board adopts a resolution ordering election.				
	Rescissi	on of a home-rule charter does not affect:				
	1. Dis	trict boundaries.				
		es or bonds of the district authorized before the effective of the rescission.				
	Education Code 12.030(b), (h)					
Probation or Revocation of Charter		DE may place a home-rule charter on probation or revoke ter. <i>Education Code 12.027, .028; 19 TAC 100.201</i>				
Material Violation	charter if fuse to h Educatio	rule district commits a material violation of the district's f the district fails to comply with the duty to discharge or re- ire certain employees or applicants for employment under on Code 22.085 or Education Code 22.092. <i>Education</i> 2.0271(a) [See DBAA]				
Status of District in Case of Annexation or Consolidation	Chapter status of following	ct is annexed to another district under Education Code 13, and only one of the districts is a home-rule district, the the receiving district shall be the status of both districts annexation. The petition under Education Code 13.003 te the status for the consolidated district. <i>Education Code</i>				
DATE LOOLIED ACTALICA						

Denton ISD 061901			
ACCOUNTABILITY PERFORMANCE REPO	ACCOUNTABILITY AIE PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LEGAL)		
District Annual Report	tiona that mati	board shall publish an annual report describing the educa- al performance of the district and of each campus in the district includes uniform student performance and descriptive infor- on as determined under rules adopted by the commissioner of cation. <i>Education Code 39.306(a)</i>	
Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR)	(TEA ader infor and state the o and expla	performance report provided by the Texas Education Agency A) under Education Code 39.306 shall be termed the Texas Ac- mic Performance Report (TAPR). The intent of the TAPR is to m the public about the educational performance of the district of each campus in the district in relation to the district, the e, and a comparable group of schools. The TAPR will present campus performance information as well as the student, staff, financial information required by statute. It will also include any anations and additional information deemed appropriate to the ht of the report.	
	The district may not alter the report provided by TEA. However, the district may concurrently provide additional information to the public that supplements or explains information in the TAPR.		
	19 T	AC 61.1022(a)–(b), (e); Education Code 39.306(d)	
Other Annual	The annual report must also include:		
Report Information	1.	Campus performance objectives established under Education Code 11.253 and the progress of each campus toward those objectives, which shall be available to the public;	
	2.	Information indicating the district's accreditation status and identifying each district campus awarded a distinction designation or considered an unacceptable campus under Education Code Chapter 39A;	
	3.	The district's current special education compliance status with the agency;	
	4.	A statement of the number, rate, and type of violent or crimi- nal incidents that occurred on each district campus, to the ex- tent permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Pri- vacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g);	
	5.	Information concerning school violence prevention and vio- lence intervention policies and procedures that the district is using to protect students;	
	6.	The findings that result from evaluations conducted under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);	

- 7. Information received under Education Code 51.403(e) for each high school campus in the district, presented in a form determined by the commissioner; and
- 8. Progress of the district and each campus in the district toward meeting the goals set in the district's early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans [see EA].

Education Code 39.306(a)

The report must include a statement of the amount, if any, of the school district's unencumbered surplus fund balance as of the last day of the preceding fiscal year and the percentage of the preceding year's budget that the surplus represents. *Education Code* 39.306(g)

The report must also include the number of school counselors providing counseling services at each campus. *Education Code 39.306(d-1)*

The report may include the following information:

- 1. Student information, including total enrollment, enrollment by ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and grade groupings and retention rates;
- 2. Financial information, including revenues and expenditures;
- 3. Staff information, including number and type of staff by sex, ethnicity, years of experience, and highest degree held; teacher and administrator salaries; and teacher turnover;
- Program information, including student enrollment by program, teachers by program, and instructional operating expenditures by program; and
- 5. The number of students placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) under Education Code Chapter 37.

Education Code 39.306(e)

Supplemental information to be included in the reports shall be determined by the board. *Education Code* 39.306(b)

Public Hearing The board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the report. The board shall give notice of the hearing to property owners in the district and parents of and other persons standing in parental relation to a district student. The notice of hearing must include notice to a newspaper of general circulation in the district and notice to electronic media serving the district. *Education Code* 39.306(c)

Denton ISD 061901		
ACCOUNTABILITY PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LE		
	A board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the TAPR within 90 days after the report is received from TEA. The hearing may take place during a regularly scheduled or special meeting of the board. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(c)</i>	
Publication	The TAPR must be published within two weeks after the public hearing, in the same format as it was received from TEA. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(d)</i>	>
	The board shall disseminate the report by posting it on the district website and in public places, such as each school office, local but nesses, and public libraries. <i>Education Code</i> 39.306(c); 19 TAC 61.1022(f)	
Report Uses	The information in the annual report shall be a primary consideration in district and campus planning. It shall also be a primary consideration of the board in the evaluation of the performance of the superintendent, and of the superintendent in the evaluation of the performance of campus principals. <i>Education Code 39.307</i>	n- e
Campus Performance Report	Each school year, TEA shall prepare and distribute to each distribute a report card for each campus. The campus report card distribute by TEA shall be termed the "school" report card (SRC). The inter of the SRC is to inform each student's parents or guardians about the school's performance and characteristics. The SRC will prese the student, staff, financial, and performance information required by statute, as well as any explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to the intent of the report.	ed nt ut ent d
Distribution	The district must disseminate each SRC within six weeks after th SRC is received from TEA. The school may not alter the report p vided by TEA; however, it may concurrently provide additional in- formation to the parents or guardians that supplements or explain information in the SRC.	ro- -
	The SRC must be distributed to the parent, guardian, conservato or other person having lawful control of each student at the cam- pus. On written request, a district shall provide a copy of the SRC to any other party.	
	The campus administration may provide the SRC in the same manner it would normally transmit official communications to par- ents and guardians, such as including the SRC in a weekly folde sent home with each student, mailing it to the student's residence providing it at a teacher-parent conference, enclosing it with the	r

Education Code 39.305; 19 TAC 61.1021

student report card, or sending it via electronic mail.

Website Notices	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district that maintains an internet website shall make the following information available:			
	1.	The information in the most recent campus report card for each campus in the district;		
	2.	The information contained in the most recent performance report for the district;		
	3.	The most recent accreditation status and performance rating of the district; and		
	4.	A definition and explanation of each accreditation status, based on commissioner rule.		
	Education Code 39.362			
Student Performance Report	belo nece ble, the e	n year, TEA shall report to a district whether each student fell w, met, or exceeded the necessary target for improvement essary to be prepared to perform satisfactorily on, as applica- the grade five assessments, the grade eight assessments, and end-of-course assessments required for graduation. <i>Education</i> e 39.034, .302		
Notice to Parents	impr dent stud distr cess men asse	district a student attends shall provide a record of the annual ovement information from TEA in a written notice to the stu- 's parent or other person standing in parental relationship. If a ent failed to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment, the ict shall include in the notice specific information relating to ac- to online educational resources at the appropriate assess- t instrument content level, including educational resources and essment instrument questions and released answers. <i>Educa- Code 39.303</i>		
Notice to Teachers and Students	A district shall prepare a report of the annual improvement infor- mation and provide the report at the beginning of the school year to:			
	1.	Each teacher for all students, including incoming students, who took a state assessment; and		
	2.	All students who were provided instruction by that teacher in the subject for which the assessment instrument was administered.		
	The report shall indicate whether the student performed satisfacto- rily or, if the student did not perform satisfactorily, whether the stu- dent met the standard for annual improvement.			
	Edu	cation Code 39.304		

Quality of Learning Indicators	The commissioner shall also adopt indicators of the quality of learning for the purpose of preparing performance reports. Perfor- mance on the indicators shall be evaluated in the same manner provided for evaluation of the achievement indicators under Educa- tion Code 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, AIA].			
	The quality of learning indicators must include:			
	1.	The percentage of graduating students who meet the course requirements for the foundation high school program, the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school program, and each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1) [see EIF];		
	2.	The results of the SAT, ACT, and certified workforce training programs;		
	3.	For students who have failed to satisfy the state standard on an assessment, the performance of those students on subse- quent assessments, aggregated by grade level and subject area;		
	4.	For each campus, the number of students, disaggregated by major student subpopulations, who take courses under the foundation high school program and take additional courses to earn an endorsement, disaggregated by type of endorse- ment;		
	5.	The percentage of students, aggregated by grade level, pro- vided accelerated instruction under after unsatisfactory perfor- mance on a state assessment; the results of assessment in- struments administered under the accelerated instruction program; the percentage of students promoted through the grade placement committee process; the subject of the as- sessment instrument on which each student failed to perform satisfactorily under each performance standard; and the per- formance of those students in the school year following that promotion on the state assessments;		
	6.	The percentage of students of limited English proficiency ex- empted from the administration of an assessment;		
	7.	The percentage of students in a special education program assessed through alternative assessment instruments;		
	8.	The percentage of students who satisfy the college readiness measure;		
	g	The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency		

9. The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency for students of limited English proficiency;

	10.	The percentage of students who are not educationally disad- vantaged;
	11.	The percentage of students who enroll and begin instruction at an institution of higher education in the school year follow- ing high school graduation; and
	12.	The percentage of students who successfully complete the first year of instruction at an institution of higher education without needing a developmental education course.
	Edu	cation Code 39.301
Performance-Based Monitoring Analysis System	Perf port area and grar thro ness	ccordance with Education Code 7.028(a), the purpose of the formance-Based Monitoring Analysis System (PBMAS) is to re- annually on the performance of districts in selected program as: bilingual education/English as a Second Language, career technical education, special education, and certain Title pro- ns under federal law. The performance of a district is reported ugh indicators of student performance and program effective- s and corresponding performance levels established by the missioner. <i>19 TAC 97.1005; Education Code 7.028(a)</i>
Federal Report Card	A district that receives Title I funding shall prepare and disseminate an annual federal report card that includes information on the dis- trict as a whole and each school within the district.	
Implementation	stan lang lic, v site. repo	federal report card shall be concise; presented in an under- idable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable, in a juage that parents can understand; and accessible to the pub- which shall include placing the report card on the district's web- If the district does not operate a website, the information in the ort card must be provided to the public in another manner deter- ed by the district.
Minimum Requirements	ann	federal report card shall include the information required in the ual state report card described at 20 U.S.C. $6311(h)(1)(C)$, as lied to the district and each school served by the district, includ-
	1.	In the case of the district, information that shows how stu- dents served by the district achieved on state academic as- sessments compared to students in the state as a whole;
	2.	In the case of a school, information that shows how the school's students' achievement on state academic assessments compared to students served by the district and the state as a whole; and

	3.	Any other information that the district determines is appropri- ate and will best provide parents, students, and other mem- bers of the public with information regarding the progress of each public school served by the district, whether or not such information is included in the annual state report card.	
	20	U.S.C. 6311(h)(2)	
District Data on Academic Achievement	of tl ach	request by the board, TEA shall create a website that members he board may use to review campus and district academic lievement data. The website must also be made available to npuses in a similar manner that access is provided to the board.	
	The	e website must:	
	1.	Include district information, disaggregated by campus, grade, sex, race, academic quarter or semester, as applicable, and school year, regarding the following:	
		a. Student academic achievement and growth;	
		b. Teacher and student attendance; and	
		c. Student discipline records; and	
	2.	Be updated at least once each quarter of the school year.	
	The commissioner shall provide information that permits a bo member to compare the district's academic performance with academic performance of other districts of similar size and ra and economic demographics.		
	for t the sigr to tl	istrict must provide requested information to the commissioner the creation of the website. Confidential information received by commissioner remains confidential. The commissioner shall de- n the website to ensure that public information is made available he public, and information submitted by districts noted as confi- tial is not made available to the public.	
	mitt TEA	equest for public information under this provision shall be sub- ted to the district that provides the agency with the information. A may not release information submitted by a district that is ed as confidential information.	
	Edι	ucation Code 11.1516	

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Interventions and Sanctions for School Districts	tho	The commissioner of education shall take any of the actions au- thorized by Education Code, Chapter 39A, Subchapter A, to the ex- tent the commissioner determines necessary if:			
Grounds for Commissioner	1.	A district does not satisfy:			
Action		a. The accreditation criteria under Education Code 39.052 [see AIA];			
		 The academic performance standards under Education Code 39.053 or 39.054 [see AIA]; or 			
		 Any financial accountability standard as determined by commissioner rule [see CFA]; or 			
	2.	The commissioner considers the action to be appropriate on the basis of a special accreditation investigation under Educa- tion Code 39.057.			
	Edu	ication Code 39A.001			
Authorized Commissioner		If a district is subject to commissioner action, the commissioner may:			
Actions	1.	Issue public notice of the deficiency to the board;			
	2.	Order a hearing to be conducted by the board to notify the public of:			
		a. The insufficient performance;			
		 The improvements in performance expected by the Texas Education Agency (TEA); and 			
		c. The interventions and sanctions that may be imposed if the performance does not improve;			
	3.	Order the preparation of a student achievement improvement plan that addresses each academic achievement indicator un- der Education Code 39.053(c) for which the district's perfor- mance is insufficient, the submission of the plan to the com- missioner for approval, and the implementation of the plan;			
	4.	Order a hearing to be held before the commissioner or the commissioner's designee at which the president of the board and the district's superintendent shall appear and explain the district's low performance, lack of improvement, and plans for improvement;			
	5.	Arrange a monitoring review of the district;			
	6.	Appoint a TEA monitor to participate in and report to TEA on the activities of the board or superintendent;			
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- Appoint a conservator to oversee the operations of the district;
- 8. Appoint a management team to direct the operations of the district in areas of insufficient performance or require the district to obtain certain services under a contract with another person; or
- 9. Authorize the district to enter into a memorandum of understanding with an institution of higher education that provides for the assistance of the institution of higher education in improving the district's performance.

Education Code 39A.002

Regardless of whether the commissioner lowers a district's status or rating, the commissioner may take action under Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A or 19 Administrative Code 97.1057 if the commissioner determines that the action is necessary to improve any area of performance by the district or campus.

Subject to 19 Administrative Code 97.1057(h)–(k), once the commissioner takes action under 19 Administrative Code Subchapter EE (accreditation status, standards, and sanctions), the commissioner may impose on the district or campus any other sanction under Education Code Chapter 39 or 39A, or Subchapter EE, singly or in combination, to the extent the commissioner determines is reasonably required to achieve the purposes specified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1053.

19 TAC 97.1057(c), (e)

In making a determination to impose district and campus accreditation sanctions under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 97, Subchapter EE, the commissioner shall meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 97.1059. *19 TAC 97.1059*

Conservator or Management Team The commissioner shall clearly define the powers and duties of a conservator or management team appointed to oversee the operations of a district.

At least every 90 days, the commissioner shall review the need for the conservator or management team and shall remove the conservator or management team unless the commissioner determines that continued appointment is necessary for effective governance of the district or delivery of instructional services.

A conservator or management team, if directed by the commissioner, shall prepare a plan for the implementation of the appointment of a board of managers or the revocation of accreditation.

The conservator or management team may:

- 1. Direct an action to be taken by the principal of a campus, the superintendent of the district, or the board; and
- 2. Approve or disapprove any action of the principal of a campus, the superintendent of the district, or the board.

The conservator or management team may not:

- 1. Take any action concerning a district election, including ordering or canceling an election or altering the date of or the polling places for an election;
- 2. Change the number of or method of selecting the board;
- 3. Set a tax rate for the district; and
- 4. Adopt a budget for the district that provides for spending a different amount, exclusive of required debt service, from that previously adopted by the board.

Education Code 39A.003

Regardless of whether a district has satisfied the accreditation criteria, if for two consecutive school years, including the current school year, a district has had a conservator or management team assigned, the commissioner may appoint a board of managers, a majority of whom must be residents of the district, to exercise the powers and duties of the board of trustees. For purposes of this subsection, a school year begins on the first day of instruction and includes any portion of the school year. *19 TAC 97.1057(d); Education Code 39A.006(b)*

- Board of Managers The commissioner may appoint a board of managers to exercise the powers and duties of a district's board if the district is subject to commissioner action and:
 - 1. Has a current accreditation status of accredited-warned or accredited-probation;
 - Fails to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e); or
 - 3. Fails to satisfy financial accountability standards as determined by commissioner rule.

Education Code 39A.004

Revocation of Accreditation The commissioner may revoke the accreditation of a district if the district is subject to commissioner action, and for two consecutive school years, including the current school year, the district has:

	1.	Received an accreditation status of accredited-warned or ac- credited-probation;		
	2.	Failed to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e); or		
	3.	Failed to satisfy financial accountability standards as deter- mined by commissioner rule.		
	In addition to revoking a district's accreditation, the commission may:			
	1.	Order closure of the district and annex the district to one or more adjoining districts under Education Code 13.054; or		
	2.	In the case of a home-rule school district, order closure of all programs operated under the district's charter.		
	Educ	cation Code 39A.005		
Intervention to Improve High School Completion Rate	If a district is subject to commissioner action and the district has failed to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e) be- cause of the district's dropout rates, the commissioner may impose sanctions against a district designed to improve high school com- pletion rates, including:			
	1.	Ordering the development of a dropout prevention plan for approval by the commissioner;		
	2.	Restructuring the district or appropriate campuses to improve identification of and service to students who are at risk of dropping out of school, as defined by Education Code 29.081;		
	3.	Ordering lower student-to-counselor ratios on campuses with high dropout rates; and		
	4.	Ordering the use of any other intervention strategy effective in reducing dropout rates, including mentor programs and flexible class scheduling.		
	Education Code 39A.007			
Campus Intervention Team and Targeted Improvement Plan Actions Based on Campus	If the performance of a campus is below any standard under cation Code 39.054(e), the commissioner shall:			
	1.	Take actions, to the extent the commissioner determines nec- essary, as provided by Education Code, Chapter 39A; and		
Performance	2.	Assign a campus intervention team.		
		ne extent the commissioner determines necessary, the com- ioner may:		

		com the : and	er a hearing to be held before the commissioner or the missioner's designee at which the president of the board, superintendent, and the campus principal shall appear explain the campus's low performance, lack of improve- nt, and plans for improvement; or			
		mer com	ablish a school community partnership team composed of nbers of the campus-level planning and decision-making imittee and additional community representatives as de- nined appropriate by the commissioner.			
	Educ	atio	n Code 39A.051			
Texas Accountability Intervention System	If a campus's performance is below any standard under Education Code 39.054(e), the campus shall engage in the Texas Accounta- bility Intervention System (TAIS) continuous improvement process. The commissioner shall assign members to a campus intervention team as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 97.1063 and Education Code 39.106.					
	Code order	e 39. ⁻ the	us is assigned an unacceptable rating under Education 054(e) for a fifth consecutive year, the commissioner shal appointment of a board of managers to govern the distric sure of the campus.			
	19 TA	4C 9	7.1061			
Campus Intervention Team			ous intervention team shall follow the requirements of istrative Code 97.1061 and Education Code 39.106.			
	clude perin pointe	e tea tend ed b	s intervention team assigned by the commissioner may in- chers, principals, other educational professionals, and su- lents recognized for excellence in their roles and ap- y the commissioner to serve as members of a team. n Code 39A.052			
	provi (DCS	der (SI). T	s intervention team must include a professional service (PSP) and a district coordinator of school improvement The DCSI must submit qualifications to TEA for approval. 17.1063			
On-Site Needs	A campus intervention team shall:					
Assessment			duct, with the involvement and advice of the school com- ity partnership team, if applicable:			
		a.	If the commissioner determines necessary, a compre- hensive on-site needs assessment; or			
		b.	A targeted on-site needs assessment relevant to an area of insufficient performance of the campus; and	a		
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	2.	Recommend appropriate actions as provided by Education Code 39A.054.				
	in tl	An on-site needs assessment must determine the factors resulting in the campus's low performance and lack of progress, including the contributing education-related factors.				
	can	In conducting a comprehensive on-site needs assessment, the campus intervention team shall use each of the guidelines and pro- cedures at Education Code 39A.053(c).				
	terv dur	In conducting a targeted on-site needs assessment, the campus in- tervention team shall use the appropriate guidelines and proce- dures described above relevant to each area of insufficient perfor- mance.				
	Edu	ucation Code 39A.053				
Recommen- dations	ven con	On completing the on-site needs assessment, the campus inter- vention team shall, with the involvement and advice of the school community partnership team, if applicable, recommend actions re- lating to any area of insufficient performance, including:				
	1.	Reallocation of resources;				
	2.	Technical assistance;				
	3.	Changes in school procedures or operations;				
	4.	Staff development for instructional and administrative staff;				
	5.	Intervention for individual administrators or teachers;				
	6.	Waivers from state statutes or rules;				
	7.	Teacher recruitment or retention strategies and incentives provided by the district to attract and retain appropriately certi- fied and experienced teachers; or				
	8.	Other actions the campus intervention team considers appro- priate.				
	Edu	ucation Code 39A.054				
Targeted Improvement		In addition to the duties relating to the on-site needs assessment, the campus intervention team shall:				
Plan	1.	Assist the campus in developing a targeted improvement plan;				
	2.	Conduct a public meeting at the campus with the campus principal, the members of the campus-level planning and de- cision-making committee, parents of students attending the				

	rev dev	mpus, and community members residing in the district to view the campus performance rating and solicit input for the velopment of the targeted improvement plan [see Notice of blic Meeting, below];	
	pla	sist the campus in submitting the targeted improvement n to the board for approval and presenting the plan in a blic hearing [see Public Hearing, below]; and	
		sist the commissioner in monitoring the progress of the mpus in executing the targeted improvement plan.	
	Educatio	on Code 39A.055	
Notice of Public Meeting	public m and pos The noti	npus intervention team must provide written notice of the neeting to the parents of students attending the campus t notice of the meeting on the campus's internet website. ice must include the date, time, and place of the meeting. on Code 39A.056	
Public Hearing		argeted improvement plan or an updated targeted improve- an is submitted to the board, the board shall conduct a to:	
	1. No	tify the public of:	
	a.	The insufficient performance of the campus;	
	b.	The improvements in performance expected by TEA; and	
	C.	The intervention measures or sanctions that may be im- posed under Education Code, Chapter 39A if the perfor- mance does not improve within a designated period; and	
		licit public comment on the targeted improvement plan or dated targeted improvement plan.	
	The board must post the targeted improvement plan on the dis trict's internet website before the hearing.		
	puses s	rd may conduct one hearing relating to one or more cam- ubject to a targeted improvement plan or an updated tar- nprovement plan.	
	Educatio	on Code 39A.057	
Submission to Commissioner	targeted campus	Ind shall submit the targeted improvement plan or updated I improvement plan to the commissioner for approval. The intervention team shall assist the campus in submitting the I improvement plan to the commissioner. <i>Education Code</i>	

the instructional programs at the campus; and3. Require the district to develop a teacher recruitment and retention plan to address the qualifications and retention of the teachers at the campus.Continuing Duties of the Campus Intervention TeamFor each year a campus is assigned an unacceptable performance rating, the campus intervention team shall:1. Assist in updating the targeted improvement plan to identify and analyze areas of growth and areas that require improvement; and2. Submit each updated targeted improvement plan to the board.Education Code 39A.060Needs ImprovementIf a district or campus is assigned an overall or domain perfor-						
for curriculum development and classroom instruction, including bilingual education and special education programs, and financial management;2. Provide research-based technical assistance, including data analysis, academic deficiency identification, intervention im- plementation, and budget analysis, to strengthen and improve the instructional programs at the campus; and3. Require the district to develop a teacher recruitment and re- tention plan to address the qualifications and retention of the teachers at the campus.Continuing Duties of the Campus Intervention TeamFor each year a campus is assigned an unacceptable performance rating, the campus intervention team shall:1. Assist in updating the targeted improvement plan to identify and analyze areas of growth and areas that require improve- ment; and2. Submit each updated targeted improvement plan to the board.Education Code 39A.060Needs Improvement Rating1. The commissioner shall order the district or campus to de- velop and implement a targeted improvement plan approved by the board; and2. The interventions and sanctions provided by Education Code, Chapter 39A based on failure to satisfy perfor- mance standards under Education Code 39.054(e) apply to the district or campus only as provided below.The interventions and sanctions based on failure to satisfy perfor- mance standards under Education Code 39.054(e) apply to a dis- trict or campus ordered to develop and implement a targeted im- provement plan if the district or campus is assigned: 1. An overall or domain performance rating of F; or	Executing Plan					
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		mar trict	mance standards under Education Code 39.054(e) apply to a dis- trict or campus ordered to develop and implement a targeted im-			
2. An overall performance rating of D as provided below.		1.	An overall or domain performance rating of F; or			
		2.	An overall performance rating of D as provided below.			

	If a district or campus is assigned an overall performance rating of D for a school year after the district or campus is ordered to de- velop and implement a targeted improvement plan, the commis- sioner shall implement interventions and sanctions that apply to an unacceptable campus and those interventions and sanctions shall continue for each consecutive school year thereafter in which the campus is assigned an overall performance rating of D.
	Education Code 39A.0545
Campus Planning and Site-Based Decision-Making	The commissioner may authorize a school community partnership team established under Education Code 39A.051 to supersede the authority of and satisfy the requirements of establishing and main- taining a campus-level planning and decision-making committee.
	The commissioner may authorize a targeted improvement plan or an updated targeted improvement plan to supersede the provisions of and satisfy the requirements of developing, reviewing, and revis- ing a campus improvement plan.
	Education Code 39A.061
Submission of Campus Improvement Plan	If the performance of a campus satisfies performance standards under Education Code 39.054(e) for the current school year but would not satisfy the performance standards if the standards to be used for the following school year were applied to the current school year, on the request of the commissioner, the campus-level planning and decision-making committee shall revise and submit to the commissioner the portions of the campus improvement plan that are relevant to those areas for which the campus would not satisfy performance standards. The revised portions of the im- provement plan must be submitted in an electronic format. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39A.062</i>
Compliance Through Federal Accountability	Notwithstanding the provisions of Education Code Chapter 39A, if the commissioner determines that a campus subject to interven- tions or sanctions has implemented substantially similar interven- tion measures under federal accountability requirements, the com- missioner may accept the substantially similar intervention measures as measures in compliance with Education Code Chap- ter 39A. <i>Education Code 39A.063</i>
Campus Turnaround Plan	If a campus has been identified as unacceptable for two consecu- tive school years, the commissioner shall order the campus to pre- pare and submit a campus turnaround plan.
Updated Targeted	A campus intervention team shall assist the campus in:
Improvement Plan	 Developing an updated targeted improvement plan, including a campus turnaround plan to be implemented by the campus;
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	2.	Submitting the updated targeted improvement plan to the board for approval and presenting the plan in a public hearing as provided by Education Code 39A.057;		
	3.	Obtaining approval of the updated plan from the commis- sioner; and		
	4.	Executing the updated plan on approval by the commissioner.		
	mu: can	e updated targeted improvement plan submitted to the board st include all plans and details that are required to execute the npus turnaround plan without any additional action or approval he board.		
	Edu	ication Code 39A.101		
Public Notice	rati stal two can	Within 60 days of receiving a campus's preliminary accountability rating, the district must notify parents, community members, and stakeholders that the campus received an unacceptable rating for two consecutive years and request assistance in developing the campus turnaround plan in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 97.1064.		
	turr spe pus aca	on approval of the board, the district must submit the campus baround plan electronically to TEA by March 1 unless otherwise cified. A campus may implement, modify, or withdraw its cam- turnaround plan with board approval if the campus receives an demically acceptable rating for the school year following the de- opment of the campus turnaround plan.		
	19	TAC 97.1064(d), (g)–(h); Education Code 39A.103–.104		
Required Contents	Ac	ampus turnaround plan must include:		
	1.	Details on the method for restructuring, reforming, or reconsti- tuting the campus;		
	2.	A detailed description of the academic programs to be offered at the campus, including:		
		a. Instructional methods;		
		b. Length of school day and school year;		
		c. Academic credit and promotion criteria; and		
		d. Programs to serve special student populations;		
	3.	If a district charter is to be granted for the campus under Edu- cation Code 12.0522:		
		a. The term of the charter; and		

		b.	Information on the implementation of the charter;				
	4.	Wri	Written comments from:				
		a.	The campus-level committee established under Educa- tion Code 11.251, if applicable;				
		b.	Parents; and				
		C.	Teachers at the campus;				
	5.	sou mei	etailed description of the budget, staffing, and financial re- rces required to implement the plan, including any supple- ntal resources to be provided by the district or other identi- sources; and				
	6.	A detailed description for developing and supporting the over- sight of academic achievement and student performance by the board of trustees under Education Code 11.1515.					
	Ser	Education Code 39A.105 [Acts of the 85th Legislative Session, Senate Bill 1566, amended former Education Code 39.107(b-1) to include the information provided at Subsection (6)]					
Implementing Entities	pler	A campus ordered to prepare a campus turnaround plan shall im- plement the updated targeted improvement plan as approved by the commissioner.					
	mei see	The commissioner may appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers to the district to ensure and over- see district-level support to low-performing campuses and the im- plementation of the updated targeted improvement plan.					
	als stuo	In making appointments, the commissioner shall consider individu- als who have demonstrated success in managing campuses with student populations similar to the campus at which the individual appointed will serve.					
	Edι	ıcatio	n Code 39A.102, .108				
Effective Date	sch can	ool ye npus l	s turnaround plan must take effect not later than the ear following the third consecutive school year that the has received an unacceptable performance rating. <i>Educa-</i> e <i>39A.106</i>				
Commissioner Approval or Rejection	writ par mis mus gar	ing, e ed an sione st also ding t	than June 15 of each year, the commissioner shall, in either approve or reject any campus turnaround plan pre- id submitted to the commissioner by a district. If the com- er rejects a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner to send the district an outline of the specific concerns re- he turnaround plan that resulted in the rejection. <i>Educa-</i> <i>e 39A.107(a-1)</i>				

	If the commissioner rejects a campus turnaround plan, the district must create a modified plan with assistance from TEA staff and submit the modified plan to the commissioner for approval not later than the 60th day after the date the commissioner rejects the campus turnaround plan. The commissioner shall notify the district in writing of the commissioner's decision regarding the modified plan not later than the 15th day after the date the commissioner receives the modified plan. <i>Education Code 39A.107(a-2)</i>					
	The commissioner may approve a campus turnaround plan only if the commissioner determines that the campus will satisfy all stu- dent performance standards required under Education Code 39.054(e) not later than the second year the campus receives a performance rating following the implementation of the campus turnaround plan.					
	Education Code 12.0522(b) does not apply to a district charter approved by the commissioner. An approved district charter may be renewed or continue in effect after the campus is no longer subject to the commissioner's order under Education Code 39A.101.					
	If the commissioner does not approve a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner shall order:					
	1. Appointment of a board of managers to govern the district;					
	2. Alternative management of the campus; or					
	3. Closure of the campus.					
	Education Code 39A.107; 19 TAC 97.1065					
Implementation	Following approval of a campus turnaround plan by the commis- sioner, the district, in consultation with the campus intervention team, may take any actions needed to prepare for the implementa- tion of the plan. <i>Education Code 39A.108</i>					
Assistance and Partnerships	A district may:					
	 Request that a regional education service center provide as- sistance in the development and implementation of a campus turnaround plan; or 					
	2. Partner with an institution of higher education to develop and implement a campus turnaround plan.					
	Education Code 39A.109					
Change in Campus Performance Rating	If a campus for which a campus turnaround plan has been ordered receives an acceptable performance rating for the school year fol- lowing the order, the board may:					

	1.	Implement the campus turnaround plan;			
	2.	Implement a modified version of the campus turnaround plan; or			
	3.	Withdraw the campus turnaround plan.			
	A district required to implement a campus turnaround plan may modify the plan if the campus receives an acceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years following implementation of the plan.				
	Edu	cation Code 39A.110			
Continued Unacceptable Performance Rating	If a campus is considered to have an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years after the campus is or- dered to submit a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner shall order:				
	1.	Appointment of a board of managers to govern the district; or			
	2.	Closure of the campus.			
	Edu	cation Code 39A.111; 19 TAC 97.1065(a)(2)			
Parent Petition for Action	"Parent" means the parent who is indicated on the student registra- tion form at that campus and the signature of only one parent of a student is required.				
	If the commissioner is presented, in the time and manner specified by commissioner rule, with a written petition signed by the parents of a majority of the students enrolled at a campus with an unac- ceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years, specifying an authorized action that the parents request the com- missioner to order, the commissioner shall order the specific action requested.				
	spectsion tion the	e board presents to the commissioner, in the time and manner cified by commissioner rule, a written request that the commis- er order specific authorized action other than the specific ac- requested in the parents' petition and a written explanation of pasis for the board's request, the commissioner may order the on requested by the board.			
	Edu	cation Code 12.051, 39A.112; 19 TAC 97.1065(d)			
Repurposing of Closed Campus	may if the tinct iden	e commissioner orders the closure of a campus, that campus be repurposed to serve students at that campus location only commissioner finds that the repurposed campus offers a dis- ly different academic program and approves a new campus tification number for the repurposed campus. A campus may epurposed if the campus			
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	1.	 Serves a majority of grade levels not served at the original campus; or 				
	2.	Is operated under a contract, approved by the school boa with a nonprofit organization exempt from federal taxation der Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code of 1986 tha				
		a.	Has	a governing board that is independent of the district;		
		b.		a successful history of operating school district cam- es or open-enrollment charter schools:		
			(1)	That cumulatively serve 10,000 or more students; and		
			(2)	A majority of which have been assigned an overall performance rating of B or higher under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year; and		
		C.	high	been assigned an overall performance rating of B or ner under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding ool year.		
Student Enrollment and Assignment	allo that	wed t stude	o trar ent's	ssigned to a campus that has been closed must be nsfer to any other campus in the district that serves grade level and on request must be provided trans- e other campus.		
	sigr	ied to re is n	a clo	oner may grant an exemption allowing students as- osed campus to attend the repurposed campus if er campus in the district at which the students may		
Noncontracted Repurposed Campus	clos prev	The majority of students assigned to a campus that has been closed and repurposed may not have attended that campus in the previous school year if the campus was repurposed to serve a ma- jority of grade levels not served at the original campus.				
Enrollment Provision in Contract	A contract approved by the school board with a nonprofit or tion must provide that a student residing in the attendance the campus immediately before the campus was repurpose be admitted for enrollment at the repurposed campus.					
	Education Code 39A.113					
Targeted Technical Assistance	perf yea targ dist	orma rs is l eted	nce c imitec techn cont	sioner determines that the basis for the unacceptable of a campus for more than two consecutive school d to a specific condition that may be remedied with nical assistance, the commissioner may require the ract for the appropriate technical assistance. <i>Educa</i> - 		

Denton ISD 061901						
ACCOUNTABILITY INTERVENTIONS AND		AIC AL)				
Commissioner Authority	A decision by the commissioner under the campus turnaround pla subchapter of the Education Code is final and may not be ap- pealed. <i>Education Code 39A.116</i>	an				
Alternative Management	The commissioner shall appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers whenever such action is re- quired, as determined by 19 Administrative Code 1073. Action un der any other section of 19 Administrative Code Chapter 97, Subchapter EE is not a prerequisite to acting under this section. <i>TAC 97.1073</i>	1-				
Solicitation of Proposals	If the commissioner orders alternative management of a campus, the commissioner shall solicit proposals from qualified nonprofit en- tities to assume management of the campus or appoint a school district as provided below. The commissioner may solicit proposals from qualified for-profit entities if a nonprofit entity has not re- sponded to the commissioner's request for proposals.					
	The commissioner may appoint a school district to assume man- agement of the campus if the district:					
	1. Is not the district in which the campus is located; and					
	2. Is located within the boundaries of the same regional educa tion service center as the campus.	-				
	If a school district is appointed, the district shall assume manage- ment of the campus in the same manner as a qualified entity or in accordance with commissioner rule.					
	The commissioner may annually solicit proposals for the alternative management of a campus. The commissioner shall notify a quali-fied entity that has been approved as a provider under this section.					
	Education Code 39A.151					
Qualifications of Managing Entity	To qualify for consideration as a managing entity, the entity must submit a proposal that provides information relating to the entity's management and leadership team that will participate in manage- ment of the campus under consideration, including information re- lating to individuals who have:					
	 Documented success in whole school interventions that in- creased the educational and performance levels of students in campuses considered to have an unacceptable perfor- mance rating; 	;				
	 A proven record of effectiveness with programs assisting low performing students; 	V-				

	 A proven ability to apply research-based school intervention strategies; 					
	 A proven record of financial ability to perform under the man- agement contract; and 					
	 Any other experience or qualifications the commissioner de- termines necessary. 					
	In selecting a managing entity, the commissioner shall give prefer- ence to a qualified entity that:					
	1. Meets any of the commissioner's qualifications; and					
	 Has documented success in educating students from similar demographic groups and with similar educational needs as the students who attend the campus to be operated by the managing entity. 					
	Education Code 39A.152					
Contract with Managing Entity	If the commissioner has ordered alternative management of a cam- pus, the district shall execute a contract with an approved provider to serve as a managing entity for the campus. The term of the con- tract may not exceed five years with an option to renew the con- tract. The district must execute the contract and relinquish control of the campus before January 1 of the school year.					
	The management contract must include:					
	 A provision describing the district's responsibilities in support- ing the operation of the campus; and 					
	 Provisions approved by the commissioner requiring the man- aging entity to demonstrate improvement in campus perfor- mance, including negotiated performance measures. 					
	Performance measures must be consistent with the priorities of Ed- ucation Code Chapters 39 and 39A.					
	The management contract must be approved by the commissioner before the contract is executed. As appropriate, the commissioner may require the district, as a term of the contract, to support the campus in the same manner as the district was required to support the campus before the execution of the contract.					
	Education Code 39A.153; 19 TAC 97.1067					
Extension of Management Contract	The commissioner may require a district to extend the term of a management contract with a managing entity if the commissioner determines that extending the contract on expiration of the initial term is in the best interest of the students attending the campus.					

	The terms of the contract must be approved by the commissioner. <i>Education Code 39A.154</i>					
Evaluation of Managing Entity	The commissioner shall evaluate a managing entity's performance on the first and second anniversaries of the date of the manage- ment contract.					
	If the evaluation fails to demonstrate improvement as negotiated under the management contract by the first anniversary of the date of the contract, the district may:					
	1. Terminate the contract, with the commissioner's consent, for nonperformance or breach of contract; and					
	2. Select another provider from an approved list provided by the commissioner.					
	If the evaluation fails to demonstrate significant improvement, as determined by the commissioner, by the second anniversary of the date of the management contract, the district shall:					
	1. Terminate the contract; and					
	2. Select another provider from an approved list provided by the commissioner or resume operation of the campus if approved by the commissioner.					
	If the commissioner approves the district's resumed operation of the campus, the commissioner shall assign a technical assistance team to assist the campus.					
	Education Code 39A.155					
Cancellation of Management Contract	If a campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years after a managing entity assumes management of the campus, the commissioner shall cancel the contract with the managing entity. <i>Education Code 39A.156</i>					
Return of Management to District	Unless a campus has an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years [see Continued Unacceptable Per- formance Rating, above], at the end of a management contract term or on the cancellation of a management contract, the board shall resume management of the campus. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39A.157</i>					
Applicability of Accountability Provisions	Each campus operated by a managing entity is subject to Educa- tion Code Chapters 39 and 39A in the same manner as any other campus in the district. <i>Education Code 39A.158</i>					
Funding	The funding for a campus operated by a managing entity may not be less than the funding of the other campuses in the district on a per student basis so that the managing entity receives at least the					

	same funding the campus would otherwise have received. <i>Educa tion Code</i> 39A.159	-		
Open Meetings and Public Information	With respect to the management of a campus by a managing en- tity:			
	 A managing entity is considered to be a governmental body for purposes of the Texas Open Meetings Act and Public In- formation Act; and 			
	2. Any requirement in the Texas Open Meetings Act or Public In formation Act that applies to a school district or the board of trustees of a district applies to a managing entity.			
	Education Code 39A.160			
Board of Managers General Powers and Duties	A board of managers may exercise all of the powers and duties as- signed to a board of trustees of a school district by law, rule, or reg- ulation.			
	A board of managers appointed by the commissioner is required to take appropriate actions to resolve the conditions that caused a campus to be subject to the commissioner's order, including amending the district's budget, reassigning staff, or relocating act demic programs. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement this subsection.	ā-		
	Education Code 39A.201			
Board of Managers of District	If the commissioner appoints a board of managers to govern a dis trict:	3-		
	1. The powers of the board are suspended for the period of the appointment; and	;		
	2. The commissioner shall appoint a district superintendent.			
	A board of managers appointed to govern a school district may amend the budget of the district.			
	Education Code Chapter 39A applies to a school district governed by a board of managers in the same manner it applies to any othe district.			
	Education Code 39A.202			
Board of Managers of Campus	If the commissioner appoints a board of managers to govern a campus:			
	 The powers of the board of trustees of the school district in r lation to the campus are suspended for the period of the ap- pointment; and 			
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	2. The commissioner shall appoint a campus principal.
	A board of managers appointed to govern a campus may submit to the commissioner for approval amendments to the budget of the school district for the benefit of the campus. If the commissioner approves the amendments, the board of trustees of the school dis- trict shall adopt the amendments.
	Education Code 39A.203
Composition of Board of Managers	A board of managers appointed by the commissioner must, if pos- sible, include community leaders, business representatives who have expertise in leadership, and individuals who have knowledge or expertise in the field of education. <i>Education Code 39A.204</i>
Training of Board of Managers	The commissioner must provide each individual appointed to a board of managers with training in effective leadership strategies. <i>Education Code 39A.205</i>
	The training in effective leadership strategies shall be provided by TEA-approved authorized providers of board training to each individual appointed by the commissioner to a board of managers, and, following the expiration of the appointment of the board of managers, to the board of trustees of the school district. <i>19 TAC 97.1073(h)</i>
Compensation	The commissioner may authorize payment of a board of managers from TEA funds.
	A conservator or a member of a management team appointed to serve on a board of managers may continue to be compensated as determined by the commissioner.
	Education Code 39A.206
Replacement of Member of Board of Managers	The commissioner may at any time replace a member of a board of managers. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement this section. <i>Education Code</i> 39A.207
Expiration of Appointment	A board of managers shall, during the period of the appointment, order the election of members of the board of trustees of the school district in accordance with the law. The members of the board of trustees do not assume any powers or duties after the election until the appointment of the board of managers expires.
	Not later than the second anniversary of the date the board of managers of a school district was appointed, the commissioner shall notify the board of managers and the board of trustees of the date on which the appointment of the board of managers will ex- pire. Following each of the last three years of the period of the ap- pointment, one-third of the members of the board of managers

	shall be replaced by the number of members of the board of trus- tees who were elected at an election that constitutes, as closely as possible, one-third of the membership of the board of trustees.
	If, before the second anniversary of the date the board of manag- ers of a school district was appointed, the commissioner deter- mines, after receiving local feedback, that insufficient progress has been made toward improving the academic or financial perfor- mance of the district, the commissioner may extend the authority of the board of managers for a period of up to two additional years.
	On the expiration of the appointment of the board of managers, the board of trustees assumes all of the powers and duties assigned to a board of trustees by law, rule, or regulation.
	Following the expiration of the period of appointment of a board of managers for a school district, the commissioner shall provide training in effective leadership strategies to the board of trustees.
	Education Code 39A.208; 19 TAC 97.1073
Removal of Board of Managers	The commissioner may remove a board of managers appointed to govern a school district only if the campus that was the basis for the appointment of the board of managers receives an acceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years.
	If a campus that was the basis for the appointment of a board of managers receives an unacceptable performance rating for two ad- ditional consecutive years following the appointment of the board of managers, the commissioner may remove the board of manag- ers and, in consultation with the local community, may appoint a new board of managers to govern the district.
	Following the removal of a board of managers, or at the request of a managing entity to oversee the implementation of alternative management, the commissioner may appoint a conservator or monitor for the district to ensure district-level support for low-per- forming campuses and to oversee the implementation of the up- dated targeted improvement plan.
	Education Code 39A.209; 19 TAC 97.1073
Challenge of Intervention or Sanction	A district that challenges the commissioner's decision to close the district or a campus or to pursue alternative management of a campus must appeal the decision as provided below.
Review of Sanctions by SOAH	A challenge is under the substantial evidence rule [see Govern- ment Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter G]. The commissioner shall adopt procedural rules for a challenge under this section.
	Notwithstanding other law:

	1.	The State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) shall con- duct an expedited review of a challenge;			
	2.	The administrative law judge shall issue a final order not later than the 30th day after the date on which the hearing is finally closed;			
	3.	The decision of the administrative law judge is final and may not be appealed; and			
	4.	The decision of the administrative law judge may set an effec- tive date for an action under this section.			
	Edu	cation Code 39A.301			
Annual Review	The commissioner shall annually review the performance of a dis- trict or campus subject to intervention and sanction to determine the appropriate actions to be implemented.				
	The commissioner must review at least annually the performance of a district for which the accreditation status or performance rating has been lowered due to insufficient student performance and may not raise the accreditation status or performance rating until the district has demonstrated improved student performance.				
	incre	e review reveals a lack of improvement, the commissioner shall ease the level of state intervention and sanction unless the missioner finds good cause for maintaining the current status.			
	Edu	cation Code 39A.901			
Increasing Intensity	If a district or campus does not exhibit improvement in student per- formance, the commissioner may increase the intensity of interven- tion and sanction that would otherwise be required by statute or rule, including ordering campus closure, district annexation, or ap- pointment of a board of managers.				
	the s	purposes of this section, improvement means an increase in scaled score for the overall academic performance rating under cation Code Chapter 39.			
	19 T	AC 97.1070(a)–(b)			
Special Accreditation	The commissioner may authorize a special accreditation investiga- tion:				
Investigations	1.	When excessive numbers of absences of students eligible to be tested on state assessment instruments are determined;			
	2.	When excessive numbers of allowable exemptions from the required state assessment are determined;			

- 3. In response to complaints to TEA of alleged violations of civil rights or other requirements imposed on the state by federal law or court order;
- In response to established compliance reviews of the district's financial accounting practices and state and federal reporting requirements;
- 5. When extraordinary numbers of student placements in disciplinary alternative education programs, other than placements under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007, are determined;
- 6. In response to an allegation involving a conflict between members of the board or between the board and the district administration if it appears that the conflict involves a violation of a role or duty of the board members or the administration clearly defined by the Education Code. If TEA's findings indicate the board has observed a lawfully adopted policy, TEA may not substitute its judgment for that of the board;
- When excessive numbers of students in special education programs are assessed through modified assessment instruments;
- 8. In response to an allegation regarding, or an analysis using a statistical method result indicating, a possible violation of an assessment instrument security procedure;
- 9. When a significant pattern of decreased academic performance has developed as a result of the promotion in the preceding two school years of students who did not perform satisfactorily on the state assessments;
- 10. When excessive numbers of students eligible to enroll fail to complete an Algebra II course or any other advanced course as determined by the commissioner;
- 11. When resource allocation practices indicate a potential for significant improvement in resource allocation;
- 12. When a disproportionate number of students of a particular demographic group is graduating with a particular endorsement;
- 13. When an excessive number of students is graduating with a particular endorsement;
- 14. When a school district for any reason fails to produce, at the request of TEA, evidence or an investigation report relating to an educator who is under investigation by the State Board for Educator Certification;

	15.	In response to a complaint with respect to alleged inaccurate data that is reported through PEIMS or through other reports required by state or federal law or rule or court order and that is used by TEA to make a determination relating to public school accountability, including accreditation, under Education Code Chapter 39;
	16.	In response to repeated complaints concerning imposition of excessive paperwork requirements on classroom teachers; or
	17.	As the commissioner otherwise determines necessary.
	Edu	cation Code 39.057(a)–(c)
	tatio infor distr	shall adopt written procedures for conducting special accredi- n investigations, including procedures that allow TEA to obtain mation from district employees in a manner that prevents a ict or campus from screening the information. <i>Education Code</i> <i>58(a); 19 TAC 102.1401</i>
Commissioner Action		ed on the results of a special accreditation investigation, the missioner may:
	1.	Take appropriate action under Education Code Chapter 39A, [see Interventions and Sanctions for School Districts, above];
	2.	Lower the district's accreditation status or a district's or cam- pus's performance rating; or
	3.	Take action under both items 1 and 2 above.
	statu sione tions	ardless of whether the commissioner lowers the accreditation us or a district's or campus's performance rating, the commis- er may impose one of the district- or campus-level interven- s or sanctions under Education Code 39A.002 [see Interven- a and Sanctions for School Districts, above].
	Edu	cation Code 39.057(d), (e)
Miscellaneous Provisions Acquisition of Professional Services	com siona the a man	ddition to other authorized interventions and sanctions, the missioner may order a district or campus to acquire profes- al services at the expense of the district or campus to address applicable financial, assessment, data quality, program, perfor- ce, or governance deficiency. The commissioner's order may ire the district or campus to:
	1.	Select or be assigned an external auditor, data quality expert, professional authorized to monitor district assessment instru- ment administration, or curriculum or program expert; or

	2.	staf	vide for or participate in the appropriate training of district f or board members in the case of a district, or campus f, in the case of a campus.		
	Edι	icatio	n Code 39A.902		
Costs Paid by District	can enti fails	The costs of providing a monitor, conservator, management team, campus intervention team, technical assistance team, managing entity, or service provider shall be paid by the district. If the district fails or refuses to pay the costs in a timely manner, the commis- sioner may:			
	1.	-	the costs using amounts withheld from any funds to ch the district is otherwise entitled; or		
	2.	reco	over the amount of the costs in the manner provided for overy of an over allocation of state funds under Education le 48.272.		
	Edι	icatio	n Code 39A.903		
Monitoring Reviews and On-Site Investigations	Except as provided by Education Code 7.028(a), the commissioner may direct TEA to conduct monitoring reviews and random on-site visits of a district at any time, as authorized by Education Code 7.028, only as necessary to ensure:				
	1.	Cor	npliance with federal law and regulations;		
	2.		ancial accountability, including compliance with grant re- ements; and		
	3.	Dat	a integrity for purposes of:		
		a.	The Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS);		
		b.	Accountability under Education Code Chapter 39 and 39A; and		
	4.	Qua	alification for funding under Chapter 48.		
	incl TEA ploy	uding A may /ees,	ring review may include desk reviews and on-site visits, random on-site visits. In conducting a monitoring review, obtain information from administrators, other district em- parents of students enrolled in the district, and other per- necessary.		
	a sp prov vers	becial vided sion.	missioner may at any time convert a monitoring review to accreditation investigation under Education Code 39.057, the commissioner promptly notifies the district of the con- TEA shall give written notice to the superintendent and the any impending monitoring review.		
	10		26 of 20		

	TEA shall report in writing to the superintendent and president of the board and shall make recommendations concerning any nec- essary improvements or sources of aid such as regional education service centers. A district that takes action with regard to the rec- ommendations provided by TEA shall make a reasonable effort to seek assistance from a third party in developing an action plan to improve district performance using improvement techniques that are goal-oriented and research-based.
	Education Code 7.028, 39.056
Immunity from Civil Liability	An employee, volunteer, or contractor acting on behalf of the com- missioner, or a member of a board of managers appointed by the commissioner, is immune from civil liability to the same extent as a professional employee of a district under Education Code 22.051. <i>Education Code 39A.904</i>
Campus Name Change Prohibited	In reconstituting, repurposing, or imposing any other intervention or sanction on a campus, the commissioner may not require that the name of the campus be changed. <i>Education Code 39A.905</i>
Transitional Interventions and Sanctions	For a campus that received an unacceptable performance rating for the 2013–14, 2014–15, and 2015–16 school years, the commis- sioner may apply the interventions and sanctions authorized by Chapter 39 as that chapter existed on January 1, 2015, to the cam- pus.
	If a campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for the 2016–17 and 2017–18 school years, the commissioner shall apply the interventions and sanctions authorized when a campus has an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years under current law.
	For a campus that received an acceptable performance rating for the 2013–14 school year and an unacceptable performance rating for the 2014–15 and 2015–16 school years, the commissioner shall apply interventions and sanctions in current law to the campus. If the campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for the 2016–17, 2017–18, and 2018–19 school years, the commissioner shall apply the interventions and sanctions authorized when a cam- pus has an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years under current law.
	These transition provisions expire September 1, 2020.
	Education Code 39A.906
Special Program Performance: Intervention Stages	The commissioner shall assign a district to an intervention stage based on performance levels under 19 Administrative Code 97.1005 (Performance-Based Monitoring Analysis System) [see

AIB] according to the criteria and requirements in 19 Administrative Code 97.1071.

Intervention actions taken under this section are intended to assist the district in raising its performance and/or achieving compliance under 19 Administrative Code 97.1005 and do not preclude or substitute for a sanction under another provision of Chapter 97, Subchapter EE.

19 TAC 97.1071

- Intervention Pause Except as otherwise provided by 19 Administrative Code 97.1062 and unless extended by the commissioner, TEA will cease to enforce the interventions under Education Code 39A.101-39A.111 until conclusion of the second consecutive school year of operation under:
 - 1. A partnership as defined by 19 Administrative Code 97.1077(a)(2), (b), or (c) of this title [see ELA]; or
 - 2. Designation as a mathematics innovation zone under Education Code 28.020 and applicable rules.

Any intervention or sanction not covered by the provision above shall continue.

If a campus ceases to qualify for the intervention pause at any point during a school year, TEA will resume previously ordered interventions and sanctions, order interventions and sanctions based on the rating from that school year, and count that rating for purposes of consecutive years of performance.

19 TAC 97.1062

Failure to Submit EOP If TEA receives notice from the Texas School Safety Center of a district's failure to submit a multihazard emergency operations plan [see CKC], the commissioner may appoint a conservator for the district under Education Code Chapter 39A. The conservator may order the district to adopt, implement, and submit a multihazard emergency operations plan. If a district fails to comply with a conservator's order to adopt, implement, and submit a multihazard emergency operations plan within the time frame imposed by the commissioner, the commissioner may appoint a board of managers under Education Code Chapter 39A to oversee the operations of the district. Education Code 37.1082(a)–(b)

Student Board Member	Note:	The following provisions apply to a district with a central administrative office that is located in a county with a population of more than two million and that has a student enrollment that is more than 125,000 and less than 200,000, and that is operating under a turnaround plan.
	a school a nonvot such a re	tanding Education Code 11.051(b) (number of trustees on board), the board may adopt a resolution establishing as ing member a student trustee position. If a board adopts esolution, the board shall adopt a policy addressing the ecified in statute. <i>Education Code 11.0511</i>

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION B: LOCAL GOVERNANCE

BA BAA	BOARD LEGAL STATUS Powers and Duties
BB BBA BBBA BBBA BBBC BBBC BBC BBC BBC B	BOARD MEMBERS Eligibility/Qualifications Elections Conducting Elections Post-election Procedures Campaign Finance Campaign Ethics Vacancies and Removal from Office Training and Orientation Authority Ethics Conflict of Interest Disclosures Prohibited Practices Compensation and Expenses Conventions, Conferences, and Workshops Technology Resources and Electronic Communications
BC	BOARD MEMBERSHIPS
BD BDA BDAA BDAE BDB BDD BDE BDF	BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION Officers and Officials Duties and Requirements of Board Officers Duties and Requirements of Depository Internal Committees Attorney Consultants Citizen Advisory Committees
BE BEC BED BEE BEF	BOARD MEETINGS Closed Meetings Public Participation News Coverage Staff Participation
BF	BOARD POLICIES
BG	BOARD SELF-EVALUATION
BI	ADMINISTRATIVE GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

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SECTION B: LOCAL GOVERNANCE

BJ	SUPERINTENDENT
BJA	Qualifications and Duties
BJB	Recruitment and Appointment
BJC	Contract
BJCA	Travel
BJCB	Professional Development
BJCC	Consulting
BJCD	Evaluation
BJCE	Suspension/Termination During Contract
BJCF	Nonrenewal
BJCG	Resignation
ВК ВКА ВКВ	ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION Organization Charts Line and Staff Relations
BM	ADMINISTRATIVE COUNCILS, CABINETS, AND COMMITTEES
BP	ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS
BQ BQA BQB	PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS District-Level Campus-Level
BR	REPORTS

BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES Note: This pol board so ter D Fo

BAA (LEGAL)

	Not	This policy addresses the powers and duties of the board set forth in Education Code Chapter 11, Subchapter D. For other powers and duties of the board not listed below, see the applicable policy codes.			
	The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the district. The trustees may adopt rules and bylaws necessary to carry out these powers and duties.				
	All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency or the State Board of Education are re- served for the board.				
	Edu	ication Code 11.151(b), (d)			
Mandatory Powers	Ab	pard shall:			
and Duties	1.	Seek to establish working relationships with other public enti- ties to make effective use of community resources and to serve the needs of public school students in the community.			
	2.	Adopt a vision statement and comprehensive goals for the district and the superintendent, and monitor progress toward those goals. [See AE]			
	3.	Establish performance goals for the district concerning the ac- ademic and fiscal performance indicators under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapters C, D, and J, and any perfor- mance indicators adopted by the district. [See AI series]			
	4.	Provide oversight regarding student academic achievement and strategic leadership for maximizing student performance. <i>Education Code 11.1515</i> [See AIB]			
	5.	Ensure that the superintendent is accountable for achieving performance results, recognizes performance accomplish- ments, and takes action as necessary to meet performance goals. [See BJA]			
	6.	Collaborate with the superintendent as set forth at Education Code 11.1512(b). [See BJA]			
	7.	Adopt a policy to establish a district- and campus-level plan- ning and decision-making process as required under Educa- tion Code 11.251. [See BQ series]			
	8.	Publish an annual educational performance report as required under Education Code 39.306. [See AIB, BQ series]			

BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES

- 9. Adopt an annual budget for the district as required under Education Code 44.004. [See CE]
- 10. Adopt a tax rate each fiscal year as required by Tax Code 26.05. [See CCG]
- 11. Monitor district finances to ensure that the superintendent is properly maintaining the district's financial procedures and records. [See CF series]
- 12. Ensure that district fiscal accounts are audited annually as required by Education Code 44.008. [See CFC]
- 13. Publish an end-of-year financial report for distribution to the community. [See CFA]
- 14. Conduct elections as required by law. [See BBB series]
- 15. By rule, adopt a process through which district personnel, students or the parents or guardians of students, and members of the public may obtain a hearing from the district administrators and the board regarding a complaint. [See DGBA, FNG, and GF]
- 16. Make decisions relating to terminating the employment of district employees employed under a contract to which Education Code Chapter 21 applies, including terminating or not renewing an employment contract to which that chapter applies. [See DF series]
- 17. Select the internal auditor if a district employs an internal auditor. The internal auditor shall report directly to the board. *Education Code 11.170* [See DC]
- 18. Adopt a policy providing for the employment and duties of district personnel. *Education Code 11.1513* [See BJ series, DC series, and DEA series]
- 19. Limit redundant requests for information and the number and length of written reports that a classroom teacher is required to prepare. The board shall review paperwork requirements imposed on classroom teachers and transfer to existing non-instructional staff a reporting task that can reasonably be accomplished by that staff. *Education Code 11.164* [See DLB]
- 20. Adopt a cybersecurity policy. *Education Code 11.175* [See CQB]
- 21. Adopt early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans. *Education Code 11.185* [See EA]
- 22. Adopt college, career, and military readiness plans. *Education Code 11.186* [See EA]

BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES (L		
	23.	Conduct an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a tax rate for the maintenance and operations of the district at an election held for that purpose. <i>Education Code 11.184</i> [See CCG]
	24.	Carry out other powers and duties as provided by the Educa- tion Code or other law.
	Edu	cation Code 11.1511(b), except as noted
Discretionary	A bo	bard may:
Powers and Duties	1.	Issue bonds and levy, pledge, assess, and collect an annual ad valorem tax to pay the principal and interest on the bonds as authorized under Education Code 45.001 and 45.003. <i>Education Code 11.1511(c)(1)</i> [See CCA]
	2.	Levy, assess, and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance and operation of a district as authorized under Education Code 45.002 and 45.003. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.1511(c)(2)</i> [See CCG]
	3.	Employ a person to assess or collect the district's taxes as authorized under Education Code 45.231. <i>Education Code 11.1511(c)(3)</i> [See CCGBDAF]
	4.	Require a district's chief business official or curriculum direc- tor or a person holding an equivalent positon to appear at an executive session of the board or to testify at a public hearing held by the board. <i>Education Code 11.1511(d)</i> [See BJA re- garding prohibition of superintendent interference]
	5.	Enter into contracts as authorized under the Education Code or other law and delegate contractual authority to a superintendent as appropriate. <i>Education Code 11.1511(c)(4)</i>
	6.	Sue and be sued in the name of the district. <i>Education Code 11.151(a)</i>
	7.	Receive bequests and donations or other moneys or funds coming legally into its hands in the name of the district. A con- veyance, devise, or bequest of property for the benefit of the public schools, if not otherwise directed by the donor, vests the property in the board or their successors in office. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 11.151(a), .156</i> [See CDC]
	8.	Contract with a public or private entity for that entity to provide educational services for the district. <i>Education Code 11.157</i> [See EEL]

BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES

		arge fees as set forth at Education Code 11.158. <i>Education de 11.158</i> [See FP]		
	10. Ch AB	ange the name of the district. <i>Education Code 11.160</i> [See]		
	we	opt rules that require students at a school in the district to ar school uniforms as set forth at Education Code 11.162. <i>ucation Code 11.162</i> [See FNCA]		
	ies	opt rules to keep school campuses, including school librar- , open for recreational activities, latchkey programs, and oring after school hours. <i>Education Code 11.165</i>		
	an	erate a school or program or hold a class on the campus of institution of higher education as set forth at Education de 11.166. <i>Education Code 11.166</i> [See GNC]		
	gra	erate a school or program, including an extracurricular pro- am, or hold a class outside the boundaries of the district. <i>ucation Code 11.167</i> [See GNA]		
		e the board evaluation tool developed by the commissioner education. <i>Education Code 11.182</i> [See BG]		
District Property	name of district, v	may acquire and hold real and personal property in the the district. All rights and titles to the school property of a whether real or personal, shall be vested in the trustees r successors in office. <i>Education Code 11.151(a), (c)</i> [See		
	other tha trustees is no lor	and may, by resolution, authorize the sale of any property, an minerals, held in trust for public school purposes. The may, in any appropriate manner, dispose of property that ager necessary for the operation of the district. <i>Education</i> <i>1.151(c), .154(a)</i> [See CI]		
	property municipa provideo	The board may, by resolution, authorize the donation of real property and improvements formerly used as a school campus to a municipality, county, state agency, or nonprofit organization as provided at Education Code 11.1541. <i>Education Code 11.1541</i> [See CDB]		
	son. The	Minerals in land belonging to the district may be sold to any per- son. The sale must be authorized by a resolution adopted by ma- jority vote of the board. <i>Education Code 11.153</i> [See CDB]		
	Note:	For restrictions on a board's authority to use district re- sources for certain purposes, see CE(LEGAL).		

BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

	Not	e:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]
Eligibility	To be eligible to be a candidate for, or elected or appointed to, the office of school board member, a person must:		
	1.	Be a	a United States citizen.
	2.		8 years of age or older on the first day of the term to be at the election or on the date of appointment, as applica-
	3.	cisir	e not been determined by a final judgment of a court exer- ng probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated artially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote.
	4.	Hav	e not been convicted of a felony.
	5.	the t	e resided continuously in the state for 12 months and in territory from which the office is elected for six months im- liately preceding the following date:
		a.	For an independent candidate, the date of the regular fil- ing deadline for a candidate's application for a place on the ballot.
		b.	For a write-in candidate, the date of the election at which the candidate's name is written in.
		C.	For an appointee to an office, the date the appointment is made.
	6.		egistered to vote in the territory from which the office is ted on the date described at item 5, above.
	Cod	le 601	Code 1.020, 141.001(a); Education Code 11.066; Gov't 1.009; <u>Brown v. Patterson</u> , 609 S.W.2d 287 (Tex. Civ. allas 1980, no writ); Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 14
Qualified Voter	A person may not be elected trustee of an independent school dis- trict unless the person is a qualified voter. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.061(b)</i>		
	"Qua	alified	l voter" means a person who:
	1.	ls 18	B years of age or older;

BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

	2. Is	a United States citizen;
	cis	is not been determined by a final judgment of a court exer- ing probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote;
	Op Co	is not been finally convicted of a felony [see also Atty. Gen. b. LO 96-114 (1996) (concluding that caveat at Election ode 11.002 does not mitigate blanket prohibition in Election ode 141.001, above at Eligibility)];
	5. Is	a resident of this state; and
	6. Is	a registered voter.
	Election	Code 1.020, 11.002
Residency "Residence" Defined	tation to one doe other pla a reside purpose person's the com	nce" means domicile, one's home and fixed place of habi- o which one intends to return after any temporary absence; es not lose one's residence status by leaving to go to an- ace for temporary purposes only. A person does not acquire ence in a place to which the person has come for temporary es only and without the intention of making that place the s home. Residence shall be determined in accordance with imon-law rules, as enunciated by the courts of this state, as otherwise provided by the Election Code. <i>Election Code</i>
	Note:	The issue of whether a candidate has satisfied residency requirements should be judicially determined. <u>State v.</u> <u>Fischer</u> , 769 S.W.2d 619 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1989, writ dism'd w.o.j.)
Intent to Return	person rary abs Election placed f	boses of satisfying the continuous residency requirement, a who claims an intent to return to a residence after a tempo- sence may establish that intent only in accordance with Code 141.001(a-1), which does not apply to a person dis- from the person's residence due to a declared local, state, nal disaster. <i>Election Code 141.001(a-1)–(a-2)</i>
Single-Member Districts	trict mus	date for board member representing a single-member dis- st be a resident of the district the candidate seeks to repre- ducation Code 11.052(g)
Ineligibility	trict if th	n is ineligible to serve as a member of the board of a dis- e person has been convicted of a felony or an offense un- al Code 43.02(b) (prostitution). <i>Education Code 11.066</i>

	Note	e: If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, applicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]	
Notice of Polling Place	nam	written notice of a polling place location must state the building e, if any, and the street address, including the suite or room ber, if any, of the polling place. <i>Election Code 1.021</i>	
Election Order	form	board shall order an election. An election to be held on a uni- election date shall be ordered not later than the 78th day be- election day. <i>Election Code 3.004, .005</i>	
	Eacl	n election order must state:	
	1.	The date of the election;	
	2.	The offices or measures to be voted on;	
	3.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address;	
	4.	The location of the main early voting polling place;	
	5.	The dates and hours for early voting; and	
	6.	The dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early vot- ing.	
	Elec	tion Code 3.006, 83.010, 85.004, .007	
	A board shall preserve the election order for the period for preserv- ing the precinct election records. The date and nature of each elec- tion shall be entered in the official records of the board. For an election on a measure, the entry must include a description of the measure. <i>Election Code 3.008</i>		
Failure to Order an Election		are to order a general election does not affect the validity of the tion. <i>Election Code 3.007</i>	
Election Notice	Noti	ce of the election must state:	
Contents	1.	The nature and date of the election;	
	2.	The location of each polling place;	
	3.	The hours the polls will be open;	
	4.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address;	
	5.	The location of the main early voting polling place; and	

		dates and hours for early voting, including the dates rs of any Saturday and Sunday early voting.	s and
	Election	Code 4.004(a), 83.010, 85.004, .007	
Notice of Special Election	filled or th	e of a special election must also state each office to ne proposition stating each measure to be voted on.	
Publication	than the s a newspap within the published	the election shall be published at least once, not ea 30th day or later than the tenth day before election of aper published within the district's boundaries or in a er of general circulation in the district if none is public district's boundaries. The board shall retain a copy d notice that contains the name of the newspaper an ublication. <i>Election Code</i> $4.003(a)(1)$, (c), .005(a)	lay, in ished of the
Posting	day befor election p Voter Rea polling pla tains a w letin boar a county of the not notice of continuou shall mak place of p	n to the notice described above, not later than the 2 re election day, a county shall post a copy of a notice provided to the county [see Notice to County Clerk a gistrar, below], which must include the location of ea ace, on the county's internet website, if the county n ebsite. A district may post a copy of the notice on the d used for posting notices of the meetings of the bo does not maintain a website, the district shall post a tice of the election on the bulletin board used for post meetings of the board. The notice must remain post usly through election day. The person posting the no tice a record at the time of posting stating the date an posting. The person shall sign the record and deliver after the last posting is made. <i>Election Code 4.003</i>	e of nd ich nain- e bul- ard. If copy sting ed tice d
		that maintains a website must post the notice descr the internet website of the district. <i>Election Code</i>)	ibed
	Note:	For additional website posting requirements regard the date and location of the next election, see CQA	•
Notice to County Clerk and Voter Registrar	of each p county in before ele tion, inclu ternet we	d shall deliver notice of the election, including the lo olling place, to the county clerk and voter registrar of which the district is located not later than the 60th of ection day. The county clerk shall post notice of the iding the location of each polling place, on the count bsite, if the county maintains a website, as provided Code 4.003(b). <i>Election Code 4.008(a)</i> [See Posting	of each lay elec- ty's in- l by
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Denton ISD		
061901 ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTI	ONS	BBBA (LEGAL)
Notice to Election Judge	after the shall de	er than the 15th day before election day or the seventh day e date the election is ordered, whichever is later, the board liver to the presiding judge of each election precinct in ne election is to be held in the district a written notice of:
	1. Th	e nature and date of the election;
		e location of the polling place for the precinct served by the dge;
	3. Th	e hours that the polls will be open;
		e judge's duty to hold the election in the precinct specified the notice; and
		e maximum number of clerks that the judge may appoint the election.
	Election	n Code 4.007
Failure to Give Notice of Election		to give notice of a general election does not affect the valid- e election. <i>Election Code 4.006</i>
Filing Information Notice to Candidates	place in the 30th	It shall post notice of the dates of the filing period in a public a building in which the district has an office not later than an day before the first day on which a candidate may file an tion for a place on the ballot. <i>Election Code 141.040</i>
	Note:	For additional website posting requirements regarding the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA.
Application		the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of
Application	A candi	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA.
Application	A candio 1. Be 2. Be iste	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA. date application for a place on the ballot must:
Application	A candio 1. Be 2. Be ista da	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA. date application for a place on the ballot must: in writing; e signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- er an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the
Application	A candio 1. Be 2. Be isto da 3. Be	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA. date application for a place on the ballot must: e in writing; e signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- er an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the ite that the candidate swears to the application;
Application	A candio 1. Be 2. Be isto da 3. Be 4. Inc	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA. date application for a place on the ballot must: e in writing; e signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- er an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the ite that the candidate swears to the application; e timely filed with the appropriate authority; and
Application	A candid 1. Be 2. Be ista da 3. Be 4. Ind <i>Election</i> An appl	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA. date application for a place on the ballot must: e in writing; e signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- er an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the te that the candidate swears to the application; e timely filed with the appropriate authority; and clude all statutorily required information.
	A candid 1. Be 2. Be istr da 3. Be 4. Inc <i>Election</i> An appl the 30th An appl before t	the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA. date application for a place on the ballot must: e in writing; e signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- er an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the te that the candidate swears to the application; e timely filed with the appropriate authority; and clude all statutorily required information. <i>n Code 31.0021, 141.031, .039</i> lication for a place on the ballot may not be filed earlier than

Death of Candidate	If a candidate dies on or before the deadline for filing an application for a place on the ballot:
	 The authority responsible for preparing the ballots may choose to omit the candidate from the ballot; and
	2. If the authority omits the candidate's name under item 1, the filing deadline for an application for a place on the ballot for the office sought by the candidate is extended until the fifth day after the filing deadline.
	Election Code 145.098(b)
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 74th day before election day for an election to be held on a uniform election date. <i>Education Code 11.056(b); Election Code 146.054</i>
Special Election	An application for a place on a special election ballot may not be filed before the election is ordered.
	An application must be filed not later than:
	1. 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day before election day if election day is on or after the 70th day after the election is ordered; or
	 5:00 p.m. of the 40th day before election day if election day is on or after the 46th day and before the 70th day after the date the election is ordered.
Exception	For a special election to be held on the date of the general election for state and county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Mon- day in November in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002), the day of the filing deadline is 6 p.m. of the 75th day be- fore election day.
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy for a special election must be filed not later than the filing deadline.
	Election Code 201.054
Delivery or Submission of Documents	Under the Election Code, delivery, submission, or filing of an appli- cation, notice, report, or other document or paper with an em- ployee of the district at the district's usual place for conducting offi- cial business constitutes filing with the district. The district may accept the document or paper at a place other than the district's usual place for conducting official business.
	A delivery, submission, or filing of a document or paper under the Election Code may be made by personal delivery, mail, telephonic facsimile machine, or any other method of transmission.
	Election Code 1.007

Denton ISD 061901			
ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECT	IONS	BBBA (LEGAL)	
Election of Unopposed Candidate	The board may declare each unopposed candidate electe fice in accordance with the provisions below. <i>Election Coc</i> 2.053(a)		
	A special election is considered to be a separate election separate ballot from a general election for board members other special election held at the same time. <i>Election Cod</i> 2.051(a)	s or an-	
Single-Member Districts	If any members of a board are elected from single-member tricts, the procedures to declare unopposed candidates el- ply to the election in a particular single-member district if e didate for an office that is to appear on the ballot in that si member district is unopposed and no opposed at-large ra- appear on the ballot. <i>Election Code 2.051(b)</i>	ected ap- each can- ngle-	
Procedure for Canceling Election	The authority responsible for having the official ballot prepared shall certify in writing that a candidate is unopposed for election to an office if, were the election held, only the votes cast for that can- didate in the election for that office may be counted. The certifica- tion shall be delivered to the board as soon as possible after the fil- ing deadlines for placement on the ballot and list of write-in candidates.		
	A certification may be made following the filing of a withdra quest by a candidate after the deadline prescribed by Elec Code 145.092 if:		
	1. The withdrawal request is valid except for the untime	ly filing;	
	2. Ballots have not been prepared; and		
	3. The other conditions for certification are met.		
	A certification under these circumstances shall be delivere board as soon as possible.	ed to the	
	Election Code 2.052		
	On receipt of the certification, the board by order may dec unopposed candidate elected to office. If a declaration is r election is held.		
	If no election is to be held by the district on election day, a the order shall be posted on election day at each polling p used or that would have been used in the election.		
	The ballots used at a separate election held at the same t election that would have been held if the candidates were clared elected shall include the offices and names of the c	not de-	
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Ballot	dates declared elected listed separately after the measures or con- tested races in the separate election under the heading "Unop- posed Candidates Declared Elected." The candidates shall be grouped in the same relative order prescribed for the ballot gener- ally. No votes are cast in connection with the unopposed candi- dates. <i>Election Code 2.053</i> [See BBBB regarding issuance of a certificate of election to an un- opposed candidate declared elected and qualification for office.] The ballot shall be prepared in accordance with Election Code
	Chapter 52.
Drawing	The district shall conduct a drawing to determine the order of the candidates' names in an election at which the names of more than one candidate for the same office are to appear on the ballot. The district shall post notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing. The notice must remain posted in the district's office continuously for 72 hours immediately preceding the scheduled drawing. The district shall mail written notice of the date, hour, and place of the drawing to each candidate not later than the fourth day before the date of the drawing. Each candidate affected by a drawing is entitled to be present or have a representative present at the drawing. <i>Election Code 52.093–.094</i> [See BBBB regarding ballot order in a runoff election or election to resolve a tie.]
	Ballots for an election by position must clearly show the position for which each person is a candidate. A board shall arrange by lot the names of the candidates for each position. <i>Education Code 11.058(g)</i>
Election Services Contract	The county election officer, as defined by Election Code 31.091(1), may contract with the board of a district situated wholly or partly in the county served by the officer to perform election services, as provided by Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter D, in any one or more elections ordered by the board.
	If requested to do so by a district, the county elections administra- tor, as defined under Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B, shall enter into a contract to furnish the election services requested in accordance with a cost schedule agreed on by the contracting parties. A county elections administrator is not required to enter into a contract to furnish elections services for an election held on the first Saturday in May in an even-numbered year.
	Election Code 31.092, .093, 41.001(d)

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ELECTIONS CONDUCTING ELECTION		BBA GAL)
Election Judges and Clerks	By written order, a board shall appoint a presiding election judg and an alternate presiding judge for each election precinct in w an election is held. A board shall prescribe the maximum numb clerks that each presiding judge may appoint for each election. judges and clerks shall be selected and serve in accordance wi Election Code Chapter 32. <i>Election Code 32.001(a), .008, .033</i>	hich er of The ith
Polling Places	A board shall designate polling places for election day and early voting. Each polling place shall be accessible to and usable by elderly and persons with physical disabilities. <i>Election Code</i> 43.004, .034, Ch. 85 (early voting by personal appearance)	
	In an election held on the November uniform election date, a di trict shall use the regular county election precincts. The district shall designate as the polling places for the election the regular county polling places in the county election precincts that conta territory from the district. <i>Election Code 42.002(a)(5), .0621,</i> <i>43.004(b)</i>	-
Electioneering	A person commits an offense if, during the voting period and wi 100 feet of an outside door through which a voter may enter the building in which a polling place is located, the person loiters or electioneers for or against any candidate, measure, or political party.	Э
	A district that owns or controls a public building being used as a polling place or early voting polling place may not, at any time of ing the voting period or early voting period, as applicable, prohi electioneering on the building's premises outside of the area de scribed above, but may enact reasonable regulations concerning the time, place, and manner of electioneering.	dur- bit 2 -
Definitions	"Electioneering" includes the posting, use, or distribution of poli signs or literature. The term does not include the distribution of notice of a party convention authorized under Election Code 172.1114.	
	"Voting period" means the period beginning when the polls ope voting and ending when the polls close or the last voter has vot whichever is later.	
	"Early voting period" means the period prescribed by Election C 85.001.	Code
	Election Code 61.003, 85.036	
Early Voting	In each election, early voting shall be conducted by personal appearance at an early voting polling place and by mail, in accord ance with Election Code Title 7, Chapters 81–114. <i>Election Code 81.001</i>	-

November Early Voting Polling Places	In an election on the November uniform election date in which the district is not holding a joint election with a county and has not executed a contract with a county elections officer under which the district and the county share early voting polling places, the district:		
	1. Shall designate as an early voting polling place for the elec- tion an eligible county polling place located in the district; and		
	2. May not designate as an early voting polling place a location other than an eligible county polling place unless each eligible county polling place located in the district is designated as an early voting polling place by the district.		
	"Eligible county polling place" means an early voting polling place, other than a polling place established under Election Code 85.062(e), established by a county.		
	Election Code 85.010(a), (a-1), (b)		
Temporary Branch Days and Hours	Early voting by personal appearance at each temporary branch polling place shall be conducted on the days that voting is required to be conducted at the main early voting polling place under Elec- tion Code 85.005 and remain open for at least:		
	1. Eight hours each day; or		
	2. Three hours each day if the city or county clerk does not serve as the early voting clerk for the territory holding the election and the territory has fewer than 1,000 registered voters.		
	Election Code 85.064(b)		
Records Branch Daily Register	The early voting clerk shall provide, in a downloadable database format, a current copy of the register for posting on the internet website of the district, if the district maintains a website, each day early voting is conducted. At a minimum, the voter registration number for each voter listed in the register must be posted. <i>Election Code 85.072</i>		
Early Voting Rosters	Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by personal appearance shall be made available for public inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day after the date the information is entered on the roster. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by mail shall be made available for public inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day following the day the early voting clerk re- ceives a ballot voted by mail.		
	The information must be made available:		

The information must be made available:

	1.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the district; or
	2.	If the district does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of board meetings.
	Elec	tion Code 87.121(g)–(i)
Conducting Elections		tions shall be conducted in accordance with Election Code Ti- , Chapters 61–68.
Bilingual Materials Spanish	situa the i to th reco	gual election materials shall be used in each election precinct ted wholly or partly in a county in which five percent or more of nhabitants are persons of Spanish origin or descent according e most recent federal decennial census that may be officially gnized or acted upon by the state or political subdivisions. <i>tion Code 272.002</i>
Other Languages	elect distri man in Sp	e director of the census determines that a district must provide ion materials in a language other than English or Spanish, the ict shall provide election materials in that language in the same ner in which the district would be required to provide materials banish, to the extent applicable. <i>Election Code 272.011; 52</i> <i>C. 10503</i>
Voting Systems		ting system shall be adopted and utilized in accordance with tion Code Title 8.
Accessible Voting Stations	one tion / ame U.S. and 2108 sequ mea	ept as provided below, each polling place must provide at least voting station that complies with Section 504 of the Rehabilita- Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) and its subsequent indments, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 C. Section 12131 et seq.) and its subsequent amendments, the requirements for accessibility under 52 U.S.C. Section B1(a)(3) [formerly 42 U.S.C. Section 15481(a)(3)] and its sub- lent amendments, and that provides a practical and effective ins for voters with physical disabilities to cast a secret ballot. <i>tion Code 61.012</i>
Electronic Voting System Exceptions	with a dis unde cour forth prov men	an election other than an election of a district that is held jointly another election in which a federal office appears on the ballot, trict is not required to meet the requirements for accessibility er Election Code $61.012(a)(1)(C)$ if the district is located in a ity that meets certain population and other requirements set in Election Code $61.013(a)$. A district that intends to use this ision to provide fewer voting stations that meet the require- ts for accessibility than required must provide notice under tion Code $61.013(d)$. <i>Election Code</i> 61.013

ELECTIONS POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]
Tie Votes Second Election	same offi second e	ction requiring a plurality, if two or more candidates for the ice tie for the number of votes required to be elected, a election to fill the office shall be held in accordance with the s and other requirements of Election Code 2.002.
Other Options Casting Lots	agreeme	candidates may agree to cast lots to resolve the tie. The nt must be filed with the board. The board president shall the casting of lots.
Withdrawal	signed and ceipt of the	andidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board a nd acknowledged written statement of withdrawal. On re- ne statement, the remaining candidate is the winner, and a election or casting of lots is not held.
Automatic Recount	recount s	is not resolved by casting lots or withdrawal, an automatic shall be conducted under Election Code Chapter 216 be- second election is held.
	Election	Code 2.002
Runoff Election	ucation C office rec	ict in which trustees are elected by majority vote under Ed- Code 11.057(c) [see BBB], if no candidate for a particular reives the vote necessary to be elected, a runoff election ffice is required. <i>Election Code 2.021 et seq.</i>
	be condu does not mine the lots. A tyi president drawal. C	adidates in a runoff election tie, an automatic recount shall acted under Election Code Chapter 216. If the recount resolve the tie, the tied candidates shall cast lots to deter- winner. The board president shall supervise the casting of ng candidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board t a signed and acknowledged written statement of with- On receipt of the statement, the remaining candidate is the nd a casting of lots is not held. <i>Election Code 2.028</i>
Ballot Order	runoff ele ative orde	r of the candidates' names on the ballot of any resulting action or election held to resolve a tie vote shall be the rel- er of names on the original election ballot. <i>Election Code</i> 52.094(a)
Recounts		ict shall conduct an authorized recount in accordance with Code Title 13. <i>Election Code 211.001</i>

ELECTIONS POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

	A candidate in a board election may obtain an initial recount in an election if the difference in the number of votes received by the candidate and any candidate for the office who is shown by the election returns to be elected, tied, or entitled to a place on a runoff ballot, if applicable, is less than ten percent of that candidate's number of votes, or the total number of votes received by all candidates for the office is less than 1,000. <i>Election Code 212.022</i>
	A ground for obtaining an initial recount is not required to obtain an initial recount of electronic voting system results. A candidate may obtain an initial recount of electronic voting system results in an election only if the candidate is shown by the election returns not to be elected. <i>Election Code 212.0241</i>
	An initial recount may not be conducted unless an authorized can- didate submits a petition for the recount to the presiding officer of the local canvassing authority in accordance with Election Code Chapter 212, Subchapter B, accompanied by a deposit to cover the costs of the recount in accordance with Subchapter E. <i>Election</i> <i>Code 212.025, .026, .111</i>
Effect of Petition	The submission of a recount petition before a board completes its canvass does not delay the canvass for the office involved in the recount. The board shall make a notation on the tabulation of any office involved in a recount. The submission of a recount petition delays the issuance of a certificate of election and qualification for the office involved in the recount pending completion of the recount. A candidate may not qualify for an office involved in a recount before completion of the recount. This provision does not affect a candidate who has received a certificate of election and qualified for office before the submission of a recount petition involving the office. <i>Election Code 212.033, .0331</i>
Canvass Returns General Rule	Except as provided below, a board shall convene to conduct the lo- cal canvass at the time set by the presiding officer not later than the 11th day after election day and not earlier than the later of:
	1. The third day after election day;
	2. The date on which the early voting ballot board has verified and counted all provisional ballots, if a provisional ballot has been cast in the election; or
	3. The date on which all timely received ballots cast from ad- dresses outside of the United States are counted, if a ballot to be voted by mail in the election was provided to a person out- side of the United States.
	Election Code 67.003(b)

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		BBBB (LEGAL)
November Election—Even- Numbered Years	and vem time	an election held on the date of the general election for state county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Monday in No- ber in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002), the for the canvass may be set not later than the 14th day after stion day. <i>Election Code</i> 65.051(a-1), 67.003(c)
Quorum for Canvass		members of a board constitute a quorum for purposes of can- sing an election.
	pres boa	ne time set for convening the board for the local canvass, the siding officer shall deliver the sealed precinct returns to the rd. The board shall open the returns for each precinct and can- s them as provided by Election Code 67.004.
Minutes	the	presiding officer shall note the completion of the canvass in minutes or in the recording required by the Open Meetings Act vernment Code 551.021). [See BE]
	Elec	ction Code 67.004(a), (g)
Certificate of Election	pare an c	r the completion of a canvass, the presiding officer shall pre- e a certificate of election for each candidate who is elected to office for which the official result is determined by the board's wass. A certificate of election must contain:
	1.	The candidate's name;
	2.	The office to which the candidate is elected;
	3.	A statement of election to an unexpired term, if applicable;
	4.	The date of the election;
	5.	The signature of the officer preparing the certificate; and
	6.	Any seal used by the officer preparing the certificate to au- thenticate documents that the officer executes or certifies.
	The authority preparing a certificate of election shall promptly de- liver it to the person for whom it is prepared, subject to the submis- sion of a recount petition. [See Effect of Petition, above]	
		ertificate of election may not be issued to a person who has n declared ineligible to be elected to the office.
	sults	presiding officer shall also prepare a report of the precinct re- s as contained in the election register and deliver the report to secretary of state not later than the 30th day after election day n electronic format prescribed by the secretary of state.
	Elec	ction Code 67.016, .017

Denton ISD 061901		
ELECTIONS E POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES (LE		
Certificate for Unopposed Candidate	A certificate of election shall be issued to each unopposed candi- date declared elected in the same manner and at the same time as provided for a candidate elected at the election. The candidate must qualify for the office in the same manner as provided for a candidate elected at the election. <i>Election Code 2.053(e)</i> [See BBBA regarding the election of an unopposed candidate.]	i
Officer's Statement	All elected and appointed board members, before taking the oath or affirmation of office and entering upon the duties of office, shall sign the required officer's statement. The statement shall be retained with the official records of the office. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(b), (c)</i>	
Oath of Office	All elected and appointed trustees, before they enter upon the du- ties of the office, shall take the official oath or affirmation of office. Newly elected trustees shall file their official oaths with the board president. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(a); Education Code</i> <i>11.061(a)</i>	
	The oath may be administered and a certificate of the fact given by the individuals listed at Government Code 602.002, including:	
	1. A judge, retired judge, or clerk of a municipal court.	
	2. A judge, retired judge, senior judge, clerk, or commissioner of a court of record.	
	3. A justice of the peace or clerk of a justice court.	
	4. A notary public.	
	Gov't Code 602.002	
Election Records	Except as otherwise provided by the Election Code, a district shall preserve the precinct election records distributed to it for at least 22 months after election day. <i>Election Code 66.058(a)</i>	
Destruction of Records	After expiration of the prescribed period for preserving election records under the Election Code, the records may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of unless, at the expiration of the preservation period, an election contest or a criminal investigation or proceeding connected with the election is pending. In that case, the records shall be preserved until the contest, investigation, or proceeding is completed and the judgment, if any, becomes final. <i>Election Code 1.013</i>	

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEMBERSBBDTRAINING AND ORIENTATION(LEGAL)	
Open Meetings Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its members under Government Code Chapter 551 (Texas Open Meetings Act).
	The attorney general may provide the training and may also ap- prove other acceptable sources of training.
	The board shall maintain and make available for public inspection the record of its members' completion of the training. The failure of one or more members of the board to complete the training does not affect the validity of an action taken by the board.
	Gov't Code 551.005
Public Information Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its officers and employees under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). A board member may designate a public information coordinator to satisfy the training for the board member if the public information coordinator is primarily responsible for ad- ministering the responsibilities of the board member or board under the Public Information Act. [See GBAA regarding public information coordinator training] <i>Gov't Code 552.012</i>
SBOE-Required Training	A trustee must complete any training required by the State Board of Education (SBOE). <i>Education Code 11.159</i>
	The continuing education required under Education Code 11.159 applies to each member of the board and consists of orientation sessions, an annual team-building session with the board and the superintendent, and specified hours of continuing education based on identified needs. To the extent possible, an entire board shall participate in continuing education programs together. <i>19 TAC</i> $61.1(b)$, <i>(i)</i>
	The SBOE's framework for governance leadership [see BBD(EX-HIBIT)] shall be distributed annually by the board president to all current board members and the superintendent. <i>19 TAC 61.1(a)</i>
	No continuing education shall take place during a board meeting unless that meeting is called for the delivery of board member con- tinuing education. Continuing education may take place before or after a legally called board meeting in accordance with Govern- ment Code 551.001(4) (definition of "meeting"). <i>19 TAC 61.1(c)</i>
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend those board-superintendent teams that receive at least eight hours of continuing education in
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BOARD MEMBERS TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

	the continuing education specified at Team Building and Annual Continuing Education below as an entire board-superintendent team.
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend those board-superintendent teams that effectively implement the commissioner of education's trustee improvement and evaluation tool developed under Education Code 11.182 [see BG] or any other tool approved by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 61.1(k), (l)
Reporting	At the last regular board meeting before an election of trustees, the board president shall announce the name of each board member who has completed the required continuing education, who has exceeded the required hours of continuing education as of the anniversary of the date of each board member's election or appointment to the board. The announcement shall state that completing the required continuing education is a basic obligation and expectation of any board member under SBOE rule. The minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees must reflect whether each trustee has met or is deficient in meeting the training required for the trustee as of the first anniversary of the date of the trustee is deficient in training as of the anniversary of his or her joining the board, the district shall post the minutes on the district's internet website within ten business days of the meeting and maintain the posting until the trustee meets the required meeting and maintain the posting until the trustee (b)
Orientation	Each new board member shall participate in a local district orienta-
Local District Orientation	tion session within one year before or 120 days after the board member's election or appointment. The purpose of this orientation is to familiarize new board members with local board policies and procedures and district goals and priorities. The orientation shall be at least three hours in length for each new board member and, in addition to topics chosen by the district, shall address local district practices in curriculum and instruction, business and finance oper- ations, district operations, superintendent evaluation, and board member roles and responsibilities.
	Any sitting board member may attend or participate in the local dis- trict orientation.

19 TAC 61.1(b)(1)(A)

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEMBERS TRAINING AND ORIEN	TATION BBD (LEGAL)
Education Code Orientation	A sitting board member shall receive a basic orientation to the Edu- cation Code and relevant legal obligations. The orientation shall have special but not exclusive emphasis on statutory provisions re- lated to governing Texas school districts. The orientation shall be delivered by regional education service centers and shall be no less than three hours in length. Topics shall include Chapter 26 (Parental Rights and Responsibilities) and Education Code 28.004 (Local School Health Advisory Council and Health Education In- struction).
New Members	A newly elected or appointed board member shall receive the Edu- cation Code orientation within the first 120 days of service.
Current Members	The Education Code orientation shall be open to any sitting board member who chooses to attend.
	19 TAC 61.1 (b)(1)(B)
Legislative Updates	After each session of the Texas Legislature, each board member shall receive an update to the basic orientation to the Education Code from a regional education service center or any registered provider. A board member who has attended a basic orientation session given by a service center that incorporates the most recent legislative changes is not required to attend an update. <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1(b)(1)(C)
Team Building	Annually, the entire board, including all board members, shall par- ticipate with their superintendent in a team-building session facili- tated by a regional education service center or any registered pro- vider. The team-building session shall be at least three hours in length.
	The purpose of the team-building session is to enhance the effec- tiveness of the board-superintendent team and to assess the con- tinuing education needs of the board-superintendent team. The session shall include a review of the roles, rights, and responsibili- ties of the board as outlined in the framework for governance lead- ership. The assessment of needs shall be based on the framework for governance leadership [see BBD(EXHIBIT)] and shall be used to plan continuing education activities for the governance leader- ship team for the year.
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(2)
Annual Continuing Education	In addition to the continuing education requirements at Orientation and Team Building above, each board member shall receive addi- tional continuing education on an annual basis in fulfillment of as- sessed needs and based on the framework for governance leader- ship. [See BBD(EXHIBIT)] The continuing education may be

BOARD MEMBERS TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

	provided by a regional education service center or other registered provider. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b)(3)</i>
	At least 50 percent of the continuing education shall be designed and delivered by persons not employed or affiliated with a board member's school district. No more than one hour of the required continuing education that is delivered by the district may use self- instructional materials. <i>19 TAC 61.1(h)</i>
First Year	In the first year of service, a board member shall receive at least ten hours of continuing education in fulfillment of assessed needs. Up to five of the required ten hours may be fulfilled through online instruction, provided the training is designed and offered by a regis- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learn- ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b)(3)(A)</i>
Subsequent Years	After the first year of service, a board member shall receive at least five hours of continuing education annually in fulfillment of assessed needs. A board member may fulfill the five hours of continuing education through online instruction, provided that the training is designed and offered by a registered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learning and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor. <i>19 TAC</i> $61.1(b)(3)(B)$
Board President	A board president shall receive continuing education related to leadership duties of the board president as some portion of the annual requirement. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b)(3)(C)</i>
Evaluating Student Academic Performance	Each board member shall complete continuing education every two years on evaluating student academic performance.
	The purpose of the training is to provide research-based infor- mation to board members that is designed to support the oversight role of the board of trustees outlined in Education Code 11.1515. [See BAA]
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(4)
Authorized Provider	An authorized provider for training on evaluating student academic performance is a provider who is registered pursuant to 19 Admin- istrative Code 61.1(f) and has demonstrated proficiency in the con- tent required [see Contents, below]. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b)(4)(C)</i>
Contents	The training on evaluating student academic performance shall be at least three hours in length and include, at a minimum, the follow- ing:

BOARD MEMBERS TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

	s	nstruction in school board behaviors correlated to improved tudent outcomes with emphasis on inputs, outcomes, and collaborative student outcome goal setting;
	c a	nstruction in progress monitoring to improve student out- comes with emphasis on progress monitoring practices, form- tive assessments, interim assessments, and summative as- essments; and
	E n	nstruction in state accountability with emphasis on the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills, state assessment instru- nents administered under the Education Code Chapter 39, and the state accountability rating system.
	includ ment, Buildir obliga Evalua	raining is attended by an entire board and its superintendent, es a review of local school district data on student achieve- and otherwise meets the requirements described at Team ng above, the training may serve to meet a board member's tion to receive training described at Team Building and at ating Student Academic Performance, above, as long as the g complies with the Texas Open Meetings Act.
	19 TA	C 61.1(b)(4)
Identifying and Reporting Abuse	least o	BOE shall require a trustee to complete every two years at one hour of training on identifying and reporting potential vic- f sexual abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of en.
Time for Completion	demic	didate may complete the training on evaluating student aca- performance or identifying and reporting abuse up to one efore the candidate is elected.
		trustee shall complete the training within 120 days after the f the trustee's election or appointment.
		rning trustee shall complete the training by the second anni- y of the completion of the trustee's previous training.
	Educa	tion Code 11.159(c)(2), (c-2)
Training Provider	dent a region	tee or candidate may complete the training on evaluating stu- cademic performance or identifying and reporting abuse at a al education service center or through another authorized er. <i>Education Code 11.159(d)</i>
	Note:	For cybersecurity training requirements, see CQB(LE- GAL).

	Note:	For information regarding conflicts of interest and depos- itory contracts, see BDAE.			
Substantial Interest Affidavit	tity or in decision	l public official has a substantial interest in a business en- real property, the local public official shall, before a vote or on any matter involving the business entity or the real f, file an affidavit stating the nature and extent of the inter-			
	act the	the case of a substantial interest in a business entity, the ion on the matter will have a special economic effect on business entity that is distinguishable from the effect on public; or			
	sor spe	the case of a substantial interest in real property, it is rea- nably foreseeable that an action on the matter will have a ecial economic effect on the value of the property, distin- shable from its effect on the public.			
	The affidavit shall be filed with the official recordkeeper of the dis- trict.				
	Local Gov't Code 171.004(a)–(b)				
Abstention	The local public official shall also abstain from further participation in the matter.				
	If a trustee is required to file and does file an affidavit, that trustee shall not be required to abstain from further participation in the matter or matters requiring such an affidavit if a majority of the trus- tees are likewise required to file and do file affidavits of similar in- terests on the same official action				
	Local G	ov't Code 171.004(a), (c)			
Definitions Substantial	A person has a substantial interest in a business entity if any of the following is the case:				
Interest	1. The	e person owns at least:			
	a.	Ten percent of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or			
	b.	Either ten percent or \$15,000 of the fair market value of the business entity.			
	cee	nds received by the person from the business entity ex- ed ten percent of the person's gross income for the previ- s year.			
	Local Gov't Code 171 002				

Local Gov't Code 171.002

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ETHICS CONFLICT OF INTERE	ST DI	BBFA SCLOSURES (LEGAL)			
Business Entity	corp trus	"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, holding company, joint-stock company, receivership, trust, or any other entity recognized by law. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.001(2)</i>			
First-Degree Relatives	if a guir Coc	local public official is considered to have a substantial interest person related in the first degree by either affinity or consan- nity to the local public official, as determined under Government le Chapter 573, Subchapter B [see DBE], has a substantial in- st as defined above. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.002</i>			
Local Public Official	ano distr othe yon	cal public official" means a member of the governing body or ther officer, whether elected, appointed, paid, or unpaid, of any rict (including a school district), central appraisal district, or er local governmental entity who exercises responsibilities be- d those that are advisory in nature. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> .001(1)			
Real Property	A person has a substantial interest in real property if the interest is an equitable or legal ownership with a fair market value of \$2,500 or more. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.002</i>				
Contracts Permitted	a si	bard may contract with a business entity in which a trustee has ubstantial interest if the trustee follows the disclosure and ab- ation procedure set out above. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JM-424 (1986)</i>			
Separate Vote on Budget	A board shall take a separate vote on any budget item specifically dedicated to a contract with a business entity in which a trustee has a substantial interest. The affected trustee shall not participate in that separate vote, but may vote on a final budget if he or she filed the affidavit and the matter in which he or she is concerned has been resolved. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.005</i>				
Depository Bank	ban part acti ban	chool board member with a "substantial interest" in a depository k must file an affidavit stating his interest and must abstain from icipating in decisions on loan contracts with the depository if on on the matter will have a special economic effect on the k that is distinguishable from the effect on the public. <i>Atty. Gen.</i> <i>JM-1082 (1989)</i> [See BDAE]			
Violations	A lo	cal public official commits an offense if the official knowingly:			
	1.	Violates Local Government Code 171.004.			
	2.	Acts as surety for a business entity that has a contract, work, or business with a district.			
	3.	Act as surety on any official bond required of an officer of a district.			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 171.003			

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ETHICS CONFLICT OF INTERE	ST D	ISCLO	DSURES	BBFA (LEGAL)
Voidable Actions	Cha less flict	The finding by a court of a violation of Local Government Code Chapter 171 does not render an action of the board voidable un- less the measure that was the subject of an action involving a con- flict of interest would not have passed without the vote of the per- son who violated the chapter. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.006</i>		
Conflicts Disclosure Statement	A local government officer shall file a conflicts disclosure state- ment, as adopted by the Texas Ethics Commission, with respect to a vendor if the vendor enters into a contract with the district or the district is considering entering into a contract with the vendor; and the vendor:			
	1.	cal the ber that	an employment or other business relationship v government officer or a family member of the offi business relationship results in the officer or fam receiving taxable income, other than investment exceeds \$2,500 during the 12-month period pre date that the officer becomes aware that:	icer, and ily mem- income,
		a.	A contract between the district and the vendor executed; or	has been
		b.	The district is considering entering into a contra the vendor;	act with
	2.	of th agg	given to the local government officer or a family ne officer one or more gifts, and the gift or gifts h regate value of more than \$100 in the 12-month ceding the date the officer becomes aware that:	ave an
		a.	A contract between the district and the vendor executed; or	has been
		b.	The district is considering entering into a contra the vendor; or	act with
	3.	Has	a family relationship with the local government	officer.
Gifts—Exception	sur	e stat	overnment officer is not required to file a conflicts ement in relation to a gift, as defined by law, acc or or a family member of the officer if the gift is:	
	1.	A po or	olitical contribution as defined by Title 15, Electio	n Code;
	2.	Foo	d accepted as a guest.	
	Loc	al Go	v't Code 176.003(a)–(a-1)	
Filing Date	A local government officer shall file the conflicts disclosure state- ment with the records administrator of a district not later than 5:00			

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	p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the of- ficer becomes aware of the facts that require the filing of the state- ment. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.003(b)</i>		
Vendor Questionnaire	A person who is both a local government officer and a vendor of a local governmental entity is required to file a vendor questionnaire if the person enters or seeks to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity; or is an agent of a person who enters or seeks to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity. [See CHE] <i>Local Gov't Code 176.006(e)</i>		
Definitions	"Agent" means a third party who undertakes to transact some busi-		
Agent	ness or manage some affair for another person by the authority or on account of the other person. The term includes an employee. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(1)</i>		
Business Relationship	"Business relationship" means a connection between two or more parties based on commercial activity of one of the parties. The term does not include a connection based on:		
	 A transaction that is subject to rate or fee regulation by a fed- eral, state, or local governmental entity or an agency of a fed- eral, state, or local governmental entity; 		
	2. A transaction conducted at a price and subject to terms avail- able to the public; or		
	3. A purchase or lease of goods or services from a person that is chartered by a state or federal agency and that is subject to regular examination by, and reporting to, that agency.		
	Local Gov't Code 176.001(a-1)		
Family Member	"Family member" means a person related to another person within the first degree by consanguinity or affinity, as described by Gov- ernment Code Chapter 573, Subchapter B. [See DBE] <i>Local Gov't</i> <i>Code 176.001(2)</i>		
Family Relationship	"Family relationship" means a relationship between a person and another person within the third degree by consanguinity or the sec- ond degree by affinity, as those terms are defined by Government Code Chapter 573, Subchapter B. [See DBE] <i>Local Gov't Code</i> <i>176.001(2-a)</i>		
Gift	"Gift" means a benefit offered by a person, including food, lodging, transportation, and entertainment accepted as a guest. The term does not include a benefit offered on account of kinship or a personal, professional, or business relationship independent of the official status of the recipient. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(2-b)</i>		

Investment Income	"Investment income" means dividends, capital gains, or interest in- come generated from:			
	1. A personal or business:			
	a. Checking or savings account,			
	b. Share draft or share account, or			
	c. Other similar account;			
	2. A personal or business investment; or			
	3. A personal or business loan.			
	Local Gov't Code 176.001(2-d)			
Local Government Officer	"Local government officer" means a member of the board, the su- perintendent, or an agent (including an employee) of the district who exercises discretion in the planning, recommending, selecting, or contracting of a vendor. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(4)</i>			
Records Administrator	"Records administrator" means the director, superintendent, or other person responsible for maintaining the records of a district or another person designated by the district to maintain statements and questionnaires filed under Local Government Code 176 and perform related functions. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(5)</i> [See CPC]			
Vendor	"Vendor" means a person who enters or seeks to enter into a con- tract with a local governmental entity. The term includes an agent of a vendor. The term includes an officer or employee of a state agency when that individual is acting in a private capacity to enter into a contract. The term does not include a state agency except for Texas Correctional Industries. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> 176.001(7)			
Duties of Records	A records administrator shall:			
Administrator	 Maintain a list of local government officers of the district and shall make that list available to the public and any vendor who may be required to file a conflict of interest questionnaire un- der Local Government Code 176.006; and 			
	 Maintain the statements and questionnaires that are required to be filed under Government Code Chapter 176 in accord- ance with the district's records retention schedule. [See CPC] 			
	Local Gov't Code 176.0065			
Internet Posting	A district that maintains an internet website shall provide access on the district's internet website to the conflicts disclosure statements and questionnaires required to be filed with the records administra- tor. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.009</i>			

Violations	A local government officer commits an offense if the officer is re- quired to file a conflicts disclosure statement and knowingly fails to file the required conflicts disclosure statement with the appropriate records administrator not later than 5 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the officer becomes aware of the facts that require the filing of the statement. It is an exception to the ap- plication of the penalty that the local government officer filed the re- quired conflicts disclosure statement not later than the seventh business day after receiving notice from the district of the alleged violation.				
	A board may reprimand, suspend, or terminate the employment of an employee who knowingly fails to comply with a requirement adopted under Local Government Code 176. [See DF series]				
	A board may, at its discretion, declare a contract void if the board determines that a vendor failed to file a conflict of interest question- naire required by Local Government Code 176.006.				
	Local Gov't Code 176.013				
Affidavit Disclosing Interest in Property	A public servant who has a legal or equitable interest in property that is to be acquired with public funds shall file an affidavit within ten days before the date on which the property is to be acquired by purchase or condemnation.				
	The affidavit must be filed with the county clerk of the county in which the public servant resides and the county clerk of each county in which the property is located.				
	The affidavit must:				
	1.	State the name of the public servant and the public servant's office, public title, or job designation;			
	2.	Fully describe the property;			
	3.	Fully describe the nature, type, and amount of interest in the property, including the percentage of ownership interest;			
	4.	State the date when the person acquired an interest in the property;			
	5.	Include a verification as follows: "I swear that the information in this affidavit is personally known by me to be correct and contains the information required by Section 553.002, Gov- ernment Code"; and			
	6.	Contain an acknowledgment of the same type required for re- cording a deed in the deed records of the county.			
	Gov't Code 553.002				

Definition	"Public servant" means a person who is elected, appointed, em- ployed, or designated, even if not yet qualified for or having as- sumed the duties of office, as:			
	1. A candidate for nomination or election to public office, or			
	2. An officer of government.			
	Gov't Code 553.001			
Violation	A person commits an offense if the person violates Government Code 553.002 and the person has actual notice of the acquisition or intended acquisition of the legal or equitable interest in the prop- erty. A person who violates Government Code 553.002 by not filing the required affidavit is presumed to have the intent to commit an offense. <i>Gov't Code 553.003</i>			
Annual Financial Management Report	A district's annual financial management report shall include sum- mary schedules of expenditures paid on behalf of each board member, reimbursements received by each board member, gifts with a total value over \$250 received by board members from cer- tain vendors, and amounts received by board members for busi- ness transactions with the district. [See CFA] <i>Education Code</i> 39.083; 19 TAC 109.1001(q)(3)(B)(ii), (iv), (v)			
Trustee Financial Statement	A board by resolution adopted by majority vote may require each member of the board to file the financial statement required of state officers under Subchapter B, Chapter 572, Government Code, with the board and the Texas Ethics Commission.			
	Not later than the 15th day after the date a board adopts this reso- lution, the board shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to the Texas Ethics Commission. A resolution applies beginning on January 1 of the second year following the year in which the reso- lution is adopted. A member of a board that has adopted a resolu- tion is not required to include, in a financial disclosure statement, financial activity occurring before January 1 of the year following the year in which the resolution is adopted.			
	The commissioner of education ("commissioner") by order shall re- quire the members of a board to file the financial statement re- quired of state officers under Subchapter B, Chapter 572, Govern- ment Code, in the same manner as the members of the board that have adopted a resolution if the commissioner determines that:			
	 A board member has failed to comply with filing and recusal requirements applicable to the member under Chapter 171, Local Government Code; 			

		trict financial accounting practices are not adequate to eguard state and district funds; or
		strict has not met a standard set by the commissioner in financial accountability rating system.
	covering ary 1 of t order. A i missione ment, fin lowing th may rene	missioner may require the filing of financial statements not more than three fiscal years and beginning on Janu- he second year following the date of the commissioner's member of a board subject to an order issued by the com- r is not required to include, in a financial disclosure state- ancial activity occurring before January 1 of the year fol- e year in which the order is issued. The commissioner ew the requirement if the commissioner determines that a described above continues to exist.
	Educatio	n Code 11.064
Electronic Filing	ment file diskette, puter sof	s provided at Appointed Official, below, a financial state- d with the Ethics Commission must be filed by computer modem, or other means of electronic transfer, using com- tware provided by the commission or computer software ts commission specifications for a standard file format.
Appointed Official		dual who was appointed to office may file the financial It by certified mail in compliance with Government Code
	Gov't Co	de 572.0291
Confidentiality	Commiss ing befor and may filed with filed repo provided	c report or financial statement data saved in an Ethics sion temporary storage location for later retrieval and edit- e the report or financial statement is filed is confidential not be disclosed. After the report or financial statement is the Ethics Commission, the information disclosed in the ort or financial statement is public information to the extent by the law requiring the filing of the report or financial nt. <i>Gov't Code 571.0671(d)</i>
Violations	or that is an offens resolutio	e serving in a school district that has adopted a resolution subject to an order issued by the commissioner commits se if the trustee fails to file the statement required by the n or order. An offense under this section is a Class B mis- br. <i>Education Code 11.064(c)</i>
	Note:	See also CBB for conflict of interest requirements when federal funds are involved.

Private Corporation It is lawful for a local public official to serve as a member of the board of directors of private, nonprofit corporations when such officials receive no compensation or other remuneration from the non-profit corporation or other nonprofit entity. *Local Gov't Code* 171.009

BOARD MEMBERS TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

	Note:	For employee and student use of district technology re- sources, see CQ.			
Public Information on Private Device	A current or former board member or employee of a district who maintains public information on a privately owned device shall:				
	dis	rward or transfer the public information to the district or a strict server to be preserved as provided by Government ode 552.004(a); or			
	or	eserve the public information in its original form in a backup archive and on the privately owned device for the time de- ribed under Government Code 552.004(a).			
	Gov't C	<i>ode 522.004(b)</i> [See GB]			
Online Message Board	A communication or exchange of information between board mem- bers about public business or public policy over which the board has supervision or control does not constitute a meeting or deliber- ation for purposes of the Texas Open Meetings Act if:				
	1. Th	e communication is in writing;			
	int	e writing is posted to an online message board or similar ernet application that is viewable and searchable by the blic; and			
	the	e communication is displayed in real time and displayed on e online message board or similar internet application for no is than 30 days after the communication is first posted.			
	A board may have no more than one online message board or sim- ilar internet application to be used for the purposes described above. The online message board or similar internet application must be owned or controlled by the board, prominently displayed on the district's primary internet web page, and no more than one click away from the district's primary internet web page.				
	The online message board or similar internet application may only be used by members of the board or district staff members who have received specific authorization from a member of the board. If a staff member posts a communication to the online message board or similar internet application, the name and title of the staff member must be posted along with the communication.				
	ternet a least 30	strict removes from the online message board or similar in- pplication a communication that has been posted for at days, the district shall maintain the posting for a period of s. This communication is public information and must be			

BOARD MEMBERS TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES AND ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

disclosed in accordance with Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act).

The board may not vote or take any action that is required to be taken at a meeting under the Texas Open Meetings Act by posting a communication to the online message board or similar internet application. In no event shall a communication or posting to the online message board or similar internet application be construed to be an action of the board.

Gov't Code 551.006

	Note:	The Texas Education Agency maintains information re- garding depository contracts for districts, ¹ including the forms referenced in this policy.
Selection	be select savings a the laws office or a bank the	depository must be a bank located in this state and may ed only as provided by this policy. "Bank" means a bank, a and loan association, or a savings bank organized under of this state, another state, or federal law that has its main a branch office in this state. The term does not include any deposits of which are not insured by the Federal Deposit e Corporation (FDIC). <i>Education Code 45.201(2), .202,</i>
Method	rent depo to select	than the 60th day before the date a school district's cur- ository contract expires, the district shall choose whether a depository through competitive bidding or through re- r proposals. <i>Education Code 45.206(a)</i>
		ct must keep the selected bid or proposal form in the dis- make it available to TEA upon request. <i>19 TAC 109.51(b)</i>
Competitive Bidding <i>Notice</i>	not later to contract e other ban cations w The notic State Boa uniform b tion betw	ct chooses to use competitive bidding, the district shall, than the 30th day before the date the current depository expires, mail to each bank in the district and, if desired, to aks, a notice stating the time and place in which bid appli- rill be received for selecting a depository or depositories. The must include the uniform bid blank form prescribed by and of Education (SBOE) rule. The district may add to the bid blank other terms that do not unfairly restrict competi- een banks in or near the territory of the district. <i>Education</i> 206(a-1), (b); 19 TAC 109.51(b), (c)
Requests for Proposals <i>Notice</i>	not later to contract e sired, to o proposals ries. The scribed b cluding th Factors to trict may unfairly re	ct chooses to use requests for proposals, the district shall, than the 30th day before the date the current depository expires, mail to each bank located in the district and, if de- other banks, a notice stating the time and place in which is will be received for selecting a depository or deposito- notice must include the uniform proposal blank form pre- y SBOE rule. A district shall state the selection criteria, in- ne factors specified under Education Code 45.207(c) [see to Consider, below], in the request for proposals. The dis- add to the uniform proposal blank other terms that do not estrict competition between banks in or near the territory trict. <i>Education Code 45.206(a-2), (b), (d); 19 TAC</i> <i>), (d)</i>

Best Value	distr posa tiate term	district shall select the proposal that offers the best value to the istrict based on the evaluation and ranking of each submitted pro- osal in relation to the stated selection criteria. A district may nego- ate with the bank that submits the highest-ranked proposal to de- ermine any terms of the proposed depository contract other than the interest rates proposed. <i>Education Code</i> 45.206(d)		
Award of Contract	mits und	A district shall award the depository contract to the bank that sub- mits the highest bid or the highest-ranked proposal, as determined under Factors to Consider, below, except that the district may award the contract as provided at Tie Bids and Proposals, below if:		
	1.	The	district:	
		a.	Receives tying bids for the contract; or	
		b.	After evaluating the proposals for the contract, ranks two or more proposals equally;	
	2.	pos	h bank submitting a tying bid or proposal has bid or pro- ed to pay the district the maximum interest rates allowed aw by the Federal Reserve System and the FDIC; and	
	3.		tying bids or proposals are otherwise equal in the judg- it and discretion of the board.	
	Education Code 45.207(a)			
Factors to Consider	or p high	ropos iest-ra	d shall at a regular or special meeting consider each bid al received. In determining the highest and best bid or the anked proposal, or in case of tying bids or proposals the nd best tying bids or proposals, a board shall consider:	
	1.	The	interest rate bid or proposed on time deposits;	
	2.		charge for keeping district accounts, records, and reports furnishing checks;	
	3.	vide	ability of the bank submitting the bid or proposal to pro- the necessary services and perform the duties as school ict depository; and	
	4.	•	other matter the board considers to be in the best interest district.	
	Education Code 45.207(c)			
Tie Bids or Proposals	In the case of tying bids or proposals, a board may:			
Proposals	1.		ermine by lot which of the banks submitting the tying bids roposals will receive the contract; or	

	2.	Award a contract to each of the banks submitting the tying bids or proposals.	
	Edu	cation Code 45.207(a-1)	
Rejection of Bids or Proposals	A board has the right to reject any and all bids or proposals. <i>Edu- cation Code 45.207(d)</i>		
Conflict of Interest	ploy ting ban	member of the board is a stockholder, officer, director, or em- ee of a bank, the bank is not disqualified from bidding, submit- a proposal, or becoming the depository of the district if the k is selected by a majority vote of the board or a majority vote quorum when only a quorum is present.	
Abstention	a ba tory to th of th	board member is a stockholder, officer, director, or employee of ank that has bid or submitted a proposal to become the deposi- the member may not vote on awarding a depository contract he bank, and the contract must be awarded by a majority vote he trustees as provided above who are not either a stockholder, er, director, or employee of a bank receiving a depository con- t.	
	Edu	cation Code 45.204	
Contract Term	cess ban term both any sion	depository shall serve for a term of two years and until its suc- sor is selected and has qualified. A district and its depository k may agree to extend the contract for three additional two-year as. The contract may be modified for each two-year extension if a parties mutually agree to the terms. The contract term and extension must coincide with the district's fiscal year. An exten- is not subject to the requirements of Education Code 45.206 e Method, above]. <i>Education Code 45.205</i>	
Form	posi ting the shal	depository or depositories and a district shall enter into a de- tory contract(s), bond(s), or other necessary instruments set- forth the duties and agreements pertaining to the depository in form and with the content prescribed by the SBOE. The parties I attach and incorporate by reference the bid or proposal of the ository. <i>Education Code 45.208(a); 19 TAC 109.52</i>	
Authorized Collateral <i>Bond</i>	a bo ance in th able com shal be r	depository shall attach to the contract and file with the district ond in an initial amount equal to the estimated highest daily bal- e, determined by the board, of all deposits the district will have be depository, less any FDIC insurance. The bond must be pay- e to the district and signed by the depository and some surety apany authorized to do business in this state. The depository I increase the amount of the bond if the board determines it to be depository. Education Code 45.208(b)	

	on t	bond and surety must be approved by the board. A premium he bond may not be paid out of district funds. <i>Education Code</i> 208(<i>d</i>)	
Bond Conditions	The	bond shall be conditioned on:	
	1.	Faithful performance of all legal duties and obligations;	
	2.	Payment on presentation of all checks or drafts on order of the board;	
	3.	Payment on demand of any demand deposit;	
	4.	Payment, after the expiration of the required notice period, of any time deposit;	
	5.	Faithful keeping of school funds by the depository and ac- counting for the funds according to law; and	
	6.	Faithful paying over to the successor depository all balances remaining in the accounts.	
	Edu	cation Code 45.208(c)	
Approved Securities	distr Edu prot ties func the desi on c	eu of a bond, the depository may deposit or pledge, with the rict or a designated trustee, approved securities, as defined in cation Code 45.201(4), in an amount sufficient to adequately ect the funds of the district deposited with the depository. A de- itory may give a bond and deposit or pledge approved securi- in an aggregate amount sufficient to adequately protect the ds of the district. The district shall designate from time to time amount to adequately protect the district. The district may not ignate an amount less than the balance of school district funds deposit with the depository from day to day, less any applicable C insurance. <i>Education Code 45.208(f)</i>	
	In accordance with written board policy, a district shall determine if an investment security, as defined in Government Code 2257.002(5), is eligible to secure deposits of public funds under the Public Funds Collateral Act, Government Code, Chapter 2257. <i>Gov't Code 2257.023(a)</i>		
	"Elig	gible security" means:	
	1.	A surety bond;	
	2.	An investment security;	
	3.	An ownership or beneficial interest in an investment security, other than an option contract to purchase or sell an invest- ment security;	

	4.	A fixed-rate collateralized mortgage obligation that has an ex- pected weighted average life of ten years or less and does not constitute a high-risk mortgage security;
	5.	A floating-rate collateralized mortgage obligation that does not constitute a high-risk mortgage security; or
	6.	A letter of credit issued by a federal home loan bank.
	Gov	't Code 2257.002(4)
	holo vest use	policy may include the security of the institution that obtains or Is an investment security, the substitution or release of an in- tment security, and the method by which an investment security d to secure a deposit of public funds is valued. <i>Gov't Code</i> 7.023(b)
Texas Bullion Depository	stat ernr spe ado	Texas Bullion Depository is established as an agency of this e in the office of the comptroller under Subtitle C, Title 10, Gov- ment Code. The depository may receive a deposit of bullion or cie from or on behalf of a district in accordance with rules pted by the comptroller. <i>Gov't Code 2116.002(a), .005(a); 34</i> C 14.1–.20.
	mac 45.1 dep	nvestment by a school district in a depository account may be de instead of an investment as provided by Education Code 102, and the depository may be used by a district instead of a ository bank for purposes of Subchapter G, Chapter 45, Educ- Code. <i>Gov't Code 2116.015(b)</i>
	¹ De	pository Contracts for School Districts:

https://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Financial_Compliance/Deposit ory_Contracts_for_School_Districts/

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	A board may act only by majority vote of the members present at a meeting held in compliance with Government Code Chapter 551, at which a quorum of the board is present and voting. A majority vote is generally determined from a majority of those present and voting, excluding abstentions, assuming a quorum is present. <i>Education Code 11.051(a-1); Atty. Gen. Op. GA-689 (2009)</i>
Definitions Meeting	"Meeting" means a deliberation among a quorum of a board, or be- tween a quorum of the board and another person, during which public business or public policy over which the board has supervi- sion or control is discussed or considered, or during which the board takes formal action. "Meeting" also means a gathering:
	 That is conducted by a board or for which a board is responsi- ble;
	2. At which a quorum of members of a board is present;
	3. That has been called by a board; and
	4. At which board members receive information from, give infor- mation to, ask questions of, or receive questions from any third person, including an employee of a district, about the public business or public policy over which the board has su- pervision or control.
	Gov't Code 551.001(4)
	A communication or exchange of information between board mem- bers about public business or public policy over which the board has supervision or control does not constitute a meeting or deliber- ation for purposes of the Texas Open Meetings Act if the communi- cation is posted to an online message board or similar internet ap- plication in compliance with Government Code 551.006. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 551.006</i> [See BBI(LEGAL)]
Deliberation	"Deliberation" means a verbal or written exchange between a quorum of a board, or between a quorum of a board and another person, concerning an issue within the jurisdiction of the board. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(2)</i>
Recording	"Recording" means a tangible medium on which audio or a combi- nation of audio and video is recorded, including a disc, tape, wire, film, electronic storage drive, or other medium now existing or later developed. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(7)</i>
Videoconference Call	"Videoconference call" means a communication conducted be- tween two or more persons in which one or more of the partici-

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	pants communicate with the other participants through duplex au- dio and video signals transmitted over a telephone network, a data network, or the internet. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(8)</i>
Social Function, Convention, or Candidate Event	The term "meeting" does not include the gathering of a quorum of a board at a social function unrelated to the public business that is conducted by the board, the attendance by a quorum of the board at a regional, state, or national convention or workshop, ceremonial event, or press conference, or the attendance by a quorum of a board at a candidate forum, appearance, or debate to inform the electorate, if formal action is not taken and any discussion of public business is incidental to the social function, convention, workshop, ceremonial event, press conference, forum, appearance, or debate. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(4)</i>
Legislative Committee or Agency Meeting	The attendance by a quorum of a board at a meeting of a commit- tee or agency of the legislature is not considered to be a meeting of a board if the deliberations at the meeting by the board mem- bers consist only of publicly testifying, publicly commenting, and publicly responding to a question asked by a member of the legis- lative committee or agency. <i>Gov't Code 551.0035(b)</i>
Superintendent Participation	A board shall provide a superintendent an opportunity to present at a meeting an oral or written recommendation to the board on any item that is voted on by the board at the meeting. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.051(a-1)</i>
Open to Public	Every meeting of a board shall be open to the public. A board may, however, exclude a witness from a hearing during the examination of another witness in a matter being investigated and may enter into a closed meeting, as provided by law. <i>Gov't Code 551.002, .084, Ch. 551, Subch. D</i> [See BDB and BEC]
Parental Access	A parent, as defined in Education Code 26.002, is entitled to complete access to any meeting of a board, other than a closed meeting held in compliance with the Open Meetings Act. <i>Education Code 26.007(a)</i>
Recording	All or any part of an open meeting may be recorded by any person in attendance by means of a recorder, video camera, or any other means of aural or visual reproduction. A board may adopt reasona- ble rules to maintain order at a meeting, including rules related to the location of recording equipment and the manner in which the recording is conducted. These rules shall not prevent or unreason- ably impair a person from exercising the right to record a meeting that is open to the public. <i>Gov't Code 551.023</i>
Minutes	A board shall prepare and keep minutes or make a recording of each open meeting. The minutes shall state the subject matter of

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	each deliberation and indicate each vote, order, decision, or other action taken. <i>Gov't Code 551.021</i>
Board Member Attendance	The minutes or recording, as applicable, of a regular or special meeting of a board must reflect each member's attendance at or absence from the meeting. <i>Education Code 11.0621</i>
Availability	The minutes and recording are public records and shall be availa- ble for public inspection and copying on request to a superinten- dent or designee. <i>Gov't Code 551.022; Education Code 11.0621</i>
	Note: For website posting requirements regarding the record of a board meeting, see CQA.
Notice Required	A board shall give written notice of the date, hour, place, and sub- ject(s) of each meeting it holds. <i>Gov't Code 551.041</i>
Continued Meeting	If a board recesses an open meeting to the following regular busi- ness day, the board is not required to post notice of the continued meeting if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumvent Government Code Chapter 551. If an open meeting is continued to the following regular business day and, on that following day, a board continues the meeting to another day, the board must give the required written notice of the meeting continued to that other day. <i>Gov't Code 551.0411(a)</i>
Inquiry During Meeting	If a member of the public or of a board inquires at a meeting about a subject for which notice has not been given, the notice provisions do not apply to a statement of specific factual information given in response to the inquiry or a recitation of existing policy in response to the inquiry. Any deliberation of or decision about the subject of the inquiry shall be limited to a proposal to place the subject on the agenda of a subsequent meeting. <i>Gov't Code 551.042</i>
Location	A board must hold each public meeting within the boundaries of the district, except:
	1. As otherwise required by law; or
	2. To hold a joint meeting with another district or with another governmental entity if the boundaries of the governmental entity are in whole or in part within the boundaries of the district.
	Education Code 26.007(b)
Time of Notice and Accessibility	Notice of a board meeting shall be posted on a bulletin board at a place convenient to the public in the central administration office for at least 72 hours before the scheduled time of the meeting. That notice or a notice posted at another board-designated place shall at all times be readily accessible to the public for at least 72 hours
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	before the scheduled time of the meeting. <i>Gov't Code 551.043(a),</i> .051; <u>City of San Antonio v. Fourth Court of Appeals</u> , 820 S.W. 2d 762 (Tex. 1991)
	If a district is required to post notice of a meeting on the internet, the district satisfies the requirement that the notice must be posted in a place readily accessible to the general public at all times by making a good-faith attempt to continuously post the notice on the internet during the prescribed period.
	A district must still comply with the duty to physically post the no- tice in the central administration office and if the district makes a good-faith attempt to continuously post the notice on the internet during the prescribed period, the physically posted notice must be readily accessible to the general public during normal business hours.
	Gov't Code 551.043(b)
Internet Posting	If a district maintains an internet website, in addition to the other place at which notice is required to be posted, a board must also concurrently post notice of a meeting on the internet website.
	A district that contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more must also, concurrently with the notice, post on the district's inter- net website the agenda for a board meeting, if the agenda differs from the posted notice.
	The validity of a posting of a district that made a good-faith attempt to comply with the internet posting requirements is not affected by a failure to comply that is due to a technical problem beyond the control of the district.
	<i>Gov't Code 551.056</i> [See CQA for website posting requirements regarding notice of board meetings.]
Specificity of Agenda / Notice	Agendas for all meetings shall be sufficiently specific to inform the public of the subjects to be deliberated at the meeting, setting out any special or unusual matters to be considered or any matter in which the public has a particular interest. Deliberations or actions pertaining to a superintendent and principals are of particular public interest, and notice of those subjects must be worded with such clarity that the public will understand what a board proposes to discuss or accomplish. <u>Cox Enterprises, Inc. v. Austin Indep. Sch.</u> <u>Dist.</u> , 706 S.W.2d 956 (Tex. 1986); <u>Point Isabel Indep. Sch. Dist. v.</u> <u>Hinojosa</u> , 797 S.W.2d 176 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1990, writ denied); Atty. Gen. Ops. M-494 (1969), H-419 (1974), H-662 (1975), H-1045 (1977)

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	quate	rms "employee briefing" or "staff briefing" do not give ade- notice of the subject matter to be presented to a board by yees or staff members. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JC-169 (2000)</i>
	the bo	ubject of a report or update by district staff or a member of ard must be set out in the notice in a manner that informs a about the subjects to be addressed. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. GA-668</i>
Emergency Meeting or Emergency Addition to Agenda	notice or urg delibe neces has be ficient	emergency or when there is an urgent public necessity, the of a meeting to deliberate or take action on the emergency ent public necessity, or the supplemental notice to add the ration or taking of action on the emergency or urgent public sity as an item to the agenda for a meeting for which notice een posted in accordance with the Open Meetings Act, is suf- if the notice or supplemental notice is posted for at least one before the meeting is convened.
	for wh	rd may not deliberate or take action on a matter at a meeting ich notice or supplemental notice is posted as described other than:
	ι	a matter directly related to responding to the emergency or rgent public necessity identified in the notice or supple- nental notice of the meeting; or
		In agenda item listed on a notice of the meeting before the upplemental notice was posted.
		ergency or urgent public necessity exists only if immediate is required because of:
		In imminent threat to public health and safety, including a nreat described in item 2, below, if imminent; or
	2. <i>A</i>	reasonably unforeseeable situation, including:
	a	 Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or snow storm;
	b	 Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of communication facilities;
	c	Epidemic; or
	C	. Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threatened act of lawlessness or violence.
		bard shall clearly identify the emergency or urgent public ne- y in the notice of an emergency meeting or supplemental no-

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	The sudden relocation of a large number of residents from the area of a declared disaster to a district's jurisdiction is considered a rea- sonably unforeseeable situation for a reasonable period immedi- ately following the relocation.
	Gov't Code 551.045
Catastrophe	A board prevented from convening an open meeting that was oth- erwise properly posted under Government Code Section 551.041 because of a catastrophe may convene the meeting in a conven- ient location within 72 hours pursuant to Government Code Section 551.045 if the action is taken in good faith and not to circumvent Government Code Chapter 551. If a board is unable to convene the open meeting within those 72 hours, the board may subse- quently convene the meeting only if the board gives the required written notice of the meeting.
	"Catastrophe" means a condition or occurrence that interferes physically with the ability of a board to conduct a meeting, includ- ing:
	1. Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or snow storm;
	2. Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of commu- nication facilities;
	3. Epidemic; or
	4. Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threat- ened act of lawlessness or violence.
	Gov't Code 551.0411(b), (c)
Special Notice to News Media	A district shall provide special notice of each meeting by telephone, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail to any news media that has requested special notice and agreed to reimburse the district for the cost of providing the special notice. <i>Gov't Code</i> 551.052
	The board president or board member who calls an emergency meeting or adds an emergency item to the agenda of a board meeting shall notify the news media of the emergency meeting or emergency item. The president or member is required to notify only those members of the news media that have previously filed a request containing all pertinent information for the special notice and agreed to reimburse the board for the cost of providing the special notice. The president or member shall give the notice by telephone, facsimile transmission, or electronic mail at least one hour before the meeting is convened. <i>Gov't Code 551.047</i>

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Quorum	A majority of a board (e.g., four members of a seven-member board or five members of a nine-member board, regardless of the number of vacancies) constitutes a quorum for meetings of the board. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(6), 311.013(b)</i>
Disaster	Notwithstanding any other law, a quorum is not required for a board to act if:
	 The district's jurisdiction is wholly or partly located in the area of a disaster declared by the president of the United States or the governor; and
	2. A majority of the members of the board are unable to be pre- sent at a board meeting as a result of the disaster.
	Gov't Code 418.1102
Secret Ballot	No vote shall be taken by secret ballot. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. H-1163</i> (1978)
Meeting by Telephone Conference Call	A board may hold a meeting by telephone conference call if an emergency or public necessity exists within the meaning of Gov- ernment Code 551.045 and the convening at one location of a quorum of the board is difficult or impossible, or if the meeting is held by an advisory board.
	Each part of the telephone conference call meeting that is required to be open shall be audible to the public at the location specified in the notice of the meeting. The location designated in the notice as the location of the meeting shall provide two-way communication during the entire telephone conference call meeting and the identi- fication of each party to the telephone conference shall be clearly stated prior to speaking.
Notice	The telephone conference call meeting is subject to the notice re- quirements applicable to other meetings. The notice must specify as the location of the meeting, the location where meetings of the governmental body are usually held.
Recording	The conference call meeting shall be recorded and made available to the public.
	Gov't Code 551.125
Meeting by Videoconference Call	A board member or district employee may participate remotely in a board meeting by means of a videoconference call if the video and audio feed of the board member's or employee's participation, as applicable, is broadcast live at the meeting and complies with the provisions below. A board member who participates by videocon- ference call shall be counted as present at the meeting for all pur- poses. A board member who participates in a meeting by video
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	conference call shall be considered absent from any portion of the meeting during which audio or video communication with the member is lost or disconnected. The board may continue the meeting only if a quorum remains present at the meeting location or, if applicable, continues to participate in a meeting conducted as specified at Multiple Counties, below. <i>Gov't Code 551.001(8), .127(a-1)-(a-3)</i>
Quorum	A meeting may be held by videoconference call only if a quorum of the board is physically present at one location of the meeting, ex- cept as provided at Multiple Counties, below.
Multiple Counties	A meeting of a board of a district that extends into three or more counties may be held by videoconference call only if the board member presiding over the meeting is physically present at one lo- cation of the meeting that is open to the public during the open por- tions of the meeting.
Notice	A meeting held by videoconference call is subject to the notice re- quirements applicable to other meetings in addition to the notice requirements applicable to meetings by videoconference call.
	The notice of a meeting to be held by videoconference call must specify as a location of the meeting the location where a quorum of the board will be physically present and specify the intent to have a quorum present at that location; the notice of a meeting held by videoconference call described above at Multiple Counties must specify as a location of the meeting the location where the board member presiding over the meeting will be physically present and specify the intent to have that member present at that location.
	Gov't Code 551.127(b)–(e)
Quality of Audio and Video Signals	Each portion of a meeting held by videoconference call that is required to be open to the public shall be visible and audible to the public at the location specified in the notice. If a problem occurs that causes a meeting to no longer be visible and audible to the public at that location, the meeting must be recessed until the problem is resolved. If the problem is not resolved in six hours or less, the meeting must be adjourned.
	The location specified in the notice, and each remote location from which a member of the board participates, shall have two-way au- dio and video communication with each other location during the entire meeting. The face of each participant in the videoconference call, while that participant is speaking, shall be clearly visible, and the voice audible, to each other participant and, during the open portion of the meeting, to the members of the public in attendance

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		sical location described by the notice and at any other lo- ne meeting that is open to the public.
	tion of the Departme perceptible described member p of the pub	y of the audio and video signals perceptible at each loca- meeting must meet or exceed standards specified by the nt of Information Resources. The audio and video signals e by members of the public at the location of the meeting by the notice and at each remote location from which a articipates must be of sufficient quality so that members lic at each location can observe the demeanor and hear of each participant in the open portion of the meeting.
	Gov't Cod	e 551.127(f), (h)–(j); 1 TAC 209.10–.11
Recording		nall make at least an audio recording of the meeting. The shall be made available to the public.
Remote Participation by the Public	from a ren	ay allow a member of the public to testify at a meeting note location by videoconference call even if a board not participating in the meeting from a remote location.
	Gov't Cod	e 551.127(g), (k)
Video and Audio Recording of Meeting		r a district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or make a video and audio recording of reasonable quality
	-	llarly scheduled open meeting that is not a work session special called meeting; and
	at wh ment	n meeting that is a work session or special called meeting nich the board votes on any matter or allows public com- or testimony. [See BED for requirements regarding pub- stimony.]
	The board shall make available an archived copy of the video ar audio recording of each meeting on the internet not later than seven days after the date the recording was made. The board sh maintain the archived recording on the internet for not less than two years after the date the recording was first made available. A board is exempt from the requirements in this paragraph if the board's failure to make the required recording of a meeting avail ble is the result of a catastrophe, as defined by Government Coo 551.0411 [see Catastrophe, above], or a technical breakdown. F lowing a catastrophe or breakdown, the board must make all reas sonable efforts to make the required recording available in a tim manner.	
		may make the archived recording available on an exist- at site, including a publicly accessible video-sharing or

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	social networking site. The board is not required to establish a sep arate internet site and provide access to archived recordings of meetings from that site.	-
	A district that maintains an internet site shall make available on that site, in a conspicuous manner, the archived recording of each meeting or an accessible link to the archived recording of each such meeting.	at
	A board may broadcast a regularly scheduled open meeting on tel- evision.	-
	Gov't Code 551.128(b-1)–(b-6)	
Internet Broadcast	A board that is not subject to the provisions above at Video and Au dio Recording of Meeting may broadcast an open meeting over the internet. If a board broadcasts a meeting over the internet, it shall establish an internet site and provide access to the broadcast from that site. A board shall provide on the internet site the same notice of the meeting, within the time required for posting that notice, that the board is required to post under the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 551.128(b), (c)</i>	่อ า
Attorney Consultation	A board may use a telephone conference call, videoconference call, or communications over the internet to conduct a public con- sultation with its attorney in an open meeting of the board or a pri- vate consultation with its attorney in a closed meeting of the board [See BEC]	-
	Each part of a public consultation by a board with its attorney in an open meeting must be audible to the public at the location specified in the notice of the meeting as the location of the meeting.	1
Exception	This does not apply to a consultation with an attorney who is an employee of a district. An attorney who receives compensation for legal services performed, from which employment taxes are de- ducted by a district, is an employee of the district.	
	Gov't Code 551.129	
Hearing-Impaired Persons	In a proceeding before a board in which the legal rights, duties, or privileges of a party are to be determined by the board after an ad- judicative hearing, the board shall supply for a party who is deaf or hearing impaired an interpreter who has qualifications approved by the Texas Department of Assistive and Rehabilitative Services.	ſ
	For purposes of this requirement, "deaf or hearing impaired" means having a hearing impairment, regardless of the existence o a speech impairment, that inhibits comprehension of a proceeding or inhibits communication with others.	
	Gov't Code 558.001, .003	
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Prohibited Series of Communications	A bo	ard member commits an offense if the member:
	1.	Knowingly engages in at least one communication among a series of communications that each occur outside of a meet- ing authorized by the Open Meetings Act and that concern an issue within the jurisdiction of the board in which the members engaging in the individual communications constitute fewer than a quorum of members but the members engaging in the series of communications constitute a quorum of members; and
	2.	Knew at the time the member engaged in the communication that the series of communications:
		a. Involved or would involve a quorum; and
		b. Would constitute a deliberation once a quorum of mem- bers engaged in the series of communications.
	~	

Gov't Code 551.143

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BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LOCAL)
Meeting Place and Time	The notice for a Board meeting shall reflect the date, time, and lo- cation of the meeting.
Regular Meetings	Regular meetings of the Board shall normally be held on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 6:00 p.m. When de- termined necessary and for the convenience of Trustees, the Board President may change the date, time, or location of a regular meeting with proper notice.
Special or Emergency Meetings	The Board President shall call special meetings at the Board Presi- dent's discretion or on request by two members of the Board.
	The Board President shall call an emergency meeting when it is determined by the Board President or two members of the Board that an emergency or urgent public necessity, as defined by law, warrants the meeting.
Agenda Deadline	The deadline for submitting items for inclusion on the agenda is the sixth calendar day before regular meetings and the third calendar day before special meetings.
Preparation	In consultation with the Board President, the Superintendent shall prepare the agenda for all Board meetings. Any Trustee may re- quest that a subject be included on the agenda for a meeting, and the Superintendent shall include on the preliminary agenda of the meeting all topics that have been timely submitted by a Trustee.
	Before the official agenda is finalized for any meeting, the Superin- tendent shall consult the Board President to ensure that the agenda and the topics included meet with the Board President's approval. In reviewing the preliminary agenda, the Board President shall ensure that any topics the Board or individual Trustees have requested to be addressed are either on that agenda or scheduled for deliberation at an appropriate time in the near future. The Board President shall not have authority to remove from the agenda a subject requested by a Trustee without that Trustee's specific au- thorization.
Notice to Members	Members of the Board shall be given notice of regular and special meetings at least 72 hours prior to the scheduled time of the meeting and at least one hour prior to the time of an emergency meeting.
Closed Meeting	Notice of all meetings shall provide for the possibility of a closed meeting during an open meeting, in accordance with law.
	The Board may conduct a closed meeting when the agenda sub- ject is one that may properly be discussed in closed meeting. [See BEC]

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BOARD MEETINGS	BE (LOCAL)
Order of Business	The order of business for regular Board meetings shall be as set out in the agenda accompanying the notice of the meeting. At the meeting, the order in which posted agenda items are taken may be changed by consensus of Board members.
Rules of Order	The Board shall observe the parliamentary procedures as found in <i>Robert's Rules of Order, Newly Revised</i> , except as otherwise provided in Board procedural rules or by law. Procedural rules may be suspended at any Board meeting by majority vote of the members present.
Voting	Voting shall be by voice vote or show of hands, as directed by the Board President. Any member may abstain from voting, and a member's vote or failure to vote shall be recorded upon that mem- ber's request. [See BDAA(LOCAL) for the Board President's voting rights]
Consent Agenda	When the agenda is prepared, the Board President shall determine items, if any, that qualify to be placed on the consent agenda. A consent agenda shall include items of a routine and/or recurring nature grouped together under one action item. For each item listed as part of a consent agenda, the Board shall be furnished with background material. All such items shall be acted upon by one vote without separate discussion, unless a Board member re- quests that an item be withdrawn for individual consideration. The remaining items shall be adopted under a single motion and vote.
Minutes	Board action shall be carefully recorded by the Board Secretary or clerk; when approved, these minutes shall serve as the legal rec- ord of official Board actions. The written minutes of all meetings shall be approved by vote of the Board and signed by the Board President and the Board Secretary.
	The official minutes of the Board shall be retained on file in the of- fice of the Superintendent and shall be available for examination during regular office hours.
Discussions and Limitation	Discussions shall be addressed to the Board President and then the entire membership. Discussion shall be directed solely to the business currently under deliberation, and the Board President shall halt discussion that does not apply to the business before the Board.
	The Board President shall also halt discussion if the Board has agreed to a time limitation for discussion of an item, and that time limit has expired. Aside from these limitations, the Board President shall not interfere with debate so long as members wish to address themselves to an item under consideration.

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BOARD MEETINGS PUBLIC PARTICIPATIO	N (LEGAL)		
United States Constitution	A district shall take no action abridging the freedom of speech or the right of the people to petition the board for redress of griev- ances. U.S. Const. Amend. I, XIV		
	A board may confine its meetings to specified subject matter and may hold nonpublic sessions to transact business. When the boa sits in public meetings to conduct public business and hear the views of citizens, it may not discriminate between speakers on the basis of the content of their speech or the message it conveys. <u>Rosenberger v. Rector & Visitors of Univ. of Virginia</u> , 515 U.S. 819 828 (1995); <u>City of Madison v. Wis. Emp. Rel. Comm'n</u> , 429 U.S. 167, 176 (1976); <u>Pickering v. Bd. of Educ.</u> , 391 U.S. 563, 568 (1968)		
	A board may create a limited public forum for the purpose of hear- ing comments from the public so long as:		
	 The board does not discriminate against speech on the basis of viewpoint; 		
	Any restrictions are reasonable in light of the purpose served by the forum; and		
	3. The board provides alternative paths for expressing catego- ries of protected speech that are excluded from the forum.		
	<u>Fairchild v. Liberty Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 597 F.3d 747 (5th Cir. 2010)		
Texas Constitution	Citizens shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for their common good and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances or other purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance. <i>Tex. Const. Art. I, Sec. 27</i>		
Public Comment	A board shall allow each member of the public who desires to ad- dress the board regarding an item on an agenda for an open meet- ing of the board to address the board regarding the item at the meeting before or during the board's consideration of the item.		
Time Limits	A board may adopt reasonable rules regarding the public's right to address the board under these provisions, including rules that limit the total amount of time that a member of the public may address the board on a given item.		
Additional Time for Translation	If a board does not use simultaneous translation equipment in a manner that allows the board to hear the translated public testi- mony simultaneously, a rule adopted that limits the amount of time that a member of the public may address the board must provide that a member of the public who addresses the board through a translator must be given at least twice the amount of time as a		

Denton ISD 061901		
BOARD MEETINGS PUBLIC PARTICIPATION (
	member of the public who does not require the assistance of a translator in order to ensure that non-English speakers receive the same opportunity to address the board.	;
Public Criticism	A board may not prohibit public criticism of the board, including criticism of any act, omission, policy, procedure, program, or service. This does not apply to public criticism that is otherwise prohibited by law.	t–
	Gov't Code 551.007	
Disruption	It is a criminal offense for a person, with intent to prevent or disrup a lawful meeting, to substantially obstruct or interfere with the ordi- nary conduct of a meeting by physical action or verbal utterance and thereby curtail the exercise of others' First Amendment rights. <i>Penal Code 42.05; Morehead v. State, 807 S.W. 2d 577 (Tex. Cr.</i> <i>App. 1991)</i>	-

Denton ISD 061901	
BOARD MEETINGS PUBLIC PARTICIPATIO	N (LOCAL)
Limit on Participation	Audience participation at a Board meeting is limited to the portion of the meeting designated to receive public comment in accord- ance with this policy. At all other times during a Board meeting, the audience shall not enter into discussion or debate on matters being considered by the Board, unless requested by the presiding officer.
Public Comment Regular Meetings	At regular Board meetings, the Board shall permit public comment, regardless of whether the topic is an item on the agenda posted with notice of the meeting.
Special Meetings	At all other Board meetings, public comment shall be limited to items on the agenda posted with notice of the meeting.
Procedures	Individuals who wish to participate during the portion of the meet- ing designated for public comment shall sign up with the presiding officer or designee before the meeting begins as specified in the Board's procedures on public comment and shall indicate the agenda item or topic on which they wish to address the Board.
	Public comment shall occur at the beginning of the meeting.
	Except as permitted by this policy and the Board's procedures on public comment, an individual's comments to the Board shall not exceed three minutes per meeting.
Meeting Management	When necessary for effective meeting management or to accom- modate large numbers of individuals wishing to address the Board, the presiding officer may make adjustments to public comment pro- cedures, including adjusting when public comment will occur during the meeting, reordering agenda items, deferring public comment on nonagenda items, continuing agenda items to a later meeting, providing expanded opportunity for public comment, or establishing an overall time limit for public comment and adjusting the time al- lotted to each speaker. However, no individual shall be given less than one minute to make comments.
Board's Response	Specific factual information or recitation of existing policy may be furnished in response to inquiries, but the Board shall not deliber- ate or decide regarding any subject that is not included on the agenda posted with notice of the meeting.
Complaints and Concerns	The presiding officer or designee shall determine whether an indi- vidual addressing the Board has attempted to solve a matter ad- ministratively through resolution channels established by policy. If not, the individual shall be referred to the appropriate policy to seek resolution:
	Employee complaints: DGBA
	Student or parent complaints: FNG

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BOARD MEETINGS PUBLIC PARTICIPATION BED (LOCAL)

• Public complaints: GF

Disruption The Board shall not tolerate disruption of the meeting by members of the audience. If, after at least one warning from the presiding officer, any individual continues to disrupt the meeting by his or her words or actions, the presiding officer may request assistance from law enforcement officials to have the individual removed from the meeting.

Denton ISD 061901		
SUPERINTENDENT PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT		
Team Building	The superintendent's participation in team building session part of the board's continuing education [see BBD] shall r one component of the superintendent's ongoing profession velopment. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b)</i>	represent
Identifying and Reporting Abuse	Continuing education requirements for a superintendent r clude at least two and a half hours of training every five y identifying and reporting potential victims of sexual abuse trafficking, and other maltreatment of children. <i>Education</i> 21.054(h)	ears on e, human

Denton ISD 061901				
SUPERINTENDENT EVALUATION		BJCD (LEGAL)		
Employment and Evaluation	duti that	The board shall adopt a policy providing for the employment and duties of district personnel. The employment policy must provide that the board employs and evaluates the superintendent. <i>Education Code 11.1513(a)(1)</i> [See DC]		
Appraisal Process	Ab	pard shall appraise a superintendent annually using either:		
	1.	The commissioner of education's recommended appraisal process and criteria; or		
	2.	An appraisal process and performance criteria that are:		
		a. Developed by the district in consultation with the district- and campus-level committees; and		
		b. Adopted by the board.		
	Edu	cation Code 21.354(c)		
	boa crite peri Lon	ddition to other procedures and criteria determined by the rd, the commissioner's recommended appraisal process and tria shall include, at a minimum, an annual evaluation of the suntendent and a student performance domain. Completion of the Star Governance superintendent evaluation may satisfy are requirements. <i>19 TAC 150.1031(b)–(c)</i>		
Annual Performance Report	perf of th	information in the annual report describing the educational ormance of a district [see AIB] shall be a primary consideration be board in evaluating the superintendent. <i>Education Code</i> 807(3)(C)		
Penalty for Noncompliance	has	ds of the district may not be used to pay a superintendent who not been appraised in the preceding 15 months. <i>Education le 21.354(d)</i>		
Confidentiality	tor i Info	ocument evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- s confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the Public rmation Act, Government Code Chapter 552. <i>Education Code</i> 855 [For disclosure requirements on evaluations, see GBA.]		

Planning and Decision-Making Process	A board shall adopt a policy to establish a district- and campus- level planning and decision-making process that will involve the professional staff of a district, parents of students enrolled in a dis- trict, business representatives, and community members in estab- lishing and reviewing the district's and campuses' educational plans, goals, performance objectives, and major classroom instruc- tional programs. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>			
	The	planning and decision-making requirements do not:		
	1.	Prohibit a board from conducting meetings with teachers or groups of teachers other than the district-level committee meetings.		
	2.	Prohibit a board from establishing policies providing avenues for input from others, including students or paraprofessional staff, in district- or campus-level planning and decision mak- ing.		
	3.	Limit or affect the power of a board to govern the public schools.		
	4.	Create a new cause of action or require collective bargaining.		
	Edu	ucation Code 11.251(g), .252(e), .253(f)		
Evaluation	of th and leve tive	east every two years, a district shall evaluate the effectiveness ne district's decision-making and planning policies, procedures, staff development activities related to district- and campus- el decision making and planning to ensure that they are effec- ly structured to positively impact student performance. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 11.252(d)</i>		
Administrative Procedure	A board shall ensure that an administrative procedure is provided to clearly define the respective roles and responsibilities of the su perintendent, central office staff, principals, teachers, district-leve committee members, and campus-level committee members in the areas of planning, budgeting, curriculum, staffing patterns, staff of velopment, and school organization.			
	mał min spo	bard shall ensure that the district-level planning and decision- king committee will be actively involved in establishing the ad- istrative procedure that defines the respective roles and re- nsibilities pertaining to planning and decision making at the dis- and campus levels.		
	Edu	ication Code 11.251(d)		
Federal Requirements	The district policy must provide that all pertinent federal planning requirements are addressed through the district- and campus-level planning process. <i>Education Code 11.251(f)</i>			
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Required Plans	A board shall ensure that a district improvement plan and improve- ment plans for each campus are developed, reviewed, and revised annually for the purpose of improving the performance of all stu- dents. A board shall annually approve district and campus perfor- mance objectives and shall ensure that the district and campus plans:			
	 Are mutually supportive to a tives; and 	ccomplish the identified objec-		
	2. At a minimum, support the s Education Code Chapter 4.	tate goals and objectives under		
	Education Code 11.251(a)			
Shared Services Arrangement for DAEP Services	A district participating in a shared nary alternative education program that the district improvement plan clude the performance of the DAE The identified objectives for the in	and each campus-level plan in- EP student group for the district.		
	dents from economically disa and racial representations, a	iding overrepresentation of stu- advantaged families, with ethnic and with a disability who receive d English proficiency services;		
	2. Attendance rates;			
	3. Pre- and post-assessment re	esults;		
	4. Dropout rates;			
	5. Graduation rates; and			
	6. Recidivism rates.			
	19 TAC 103.1201(b)			
District Improvement Plan	rict and campus staff in the impro	n accordance with district policy, sistance of the district-level com- improvement plan is to guide dis- ovement of student performance attain state standards in respect to		
	The district improvement plan mu	st include provisions for:		
	on the achievement indicato	essment addressing performance rs, and other appropriate nat are disaggregated by all stu-		

dent groups served by a district, including categories of ethnicity, socioeconomic status, sex, and populations served by special programs, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.

- 2. Measurable district performance objectives for all appropriate achievement indicators for all student populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, and other measures of student performance that may be identified through the comprehensive needs assessment.
- 3. Strategies for improvement of student performance that include:
 - a. Instructional methods for addressing the needs of student groups not achieving their full potential.
 - b. Methods for addressing the needs of students for special programs, including:
 - Suicide prevention programs, in accordance with Health and Safety Code Chapter 161, Subchapter O-1, which includes a parental or guardian notification procedure [see FFB];
 - (2) Conflict resolution programs;
 - (3) Violence prevention programs; and
 - (4) Dyslexia treatment programs.
 - c. Dropout reduction.
 - d. Integration of technology in instructional and administrative programs.
 - e. Discipline management.
 - f. Staff development for professional staff of a district.
 - g. Career education to assist students in developing the knowledge, skills, and competencies necessary for a broad range of career opportunities.
 - h. Accelerated education.
- 4. Strategies for providing to middle school, junior high school, and high school students, those students' teachers and school counselors, and those students' parents information about:
 - a. Higher education admissions and financial aid opportunities.

- b. The TEXAS grant program and the Teach for Texas grant program.
- c. The need for students to make informed curriculum choices to be prepared for success beyond high school.
- d. Sources of information on higher education admissions and financial aid.
- 5. Resources needed to implement identified strategies.
- 6. Staff responsible for ensuring the accomplishment of each strategy.
- 7. Timelines for ongoing monitoring of the implementation of each improvement strategy.
- 8. Formative evaluation criteria for determining periodically whether strategies are resulting in intended improvement of student performance.
- 9. The trauma-informed care policy required under Education Code 38.036. [See FFBA]

Education Code 11.252(a)

- The law enforcement duties of peace officers, school resource officers, and security personnel. *Education Code* 37.081(d)(1) [See CKE]
- 11. A discipline management program providing for prevention of and education concerning unwanted physical or verbal aggression, sexual harassment, and other forms of bullying in schools, on school grounds, and in school vehicles. *Education Code* 37.083(a)
- 12. A dating violence policy that must:
 - a. Include a definition of dating violence that includes the intentional use of physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse by a person to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in a dating relationship, as defined by Family Code 71.0021; and
 - Address safety planning, enforcement of protective orders, school-based alternatives to protective orders, training for teachers and administrators, counseling for affected students, and awareness education for students and parents.

Education Code 37.0831 [See FFH]

	13.		blicy addressing sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other treatment of children that must include:
		a.	Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent aware- ness of issues regarding sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indi- cating that a child may be a victim of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, or other maltreatment, using resources devel- oped by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or the com- missioner regarding those issues, including resources developed by TEA under Education Code 38.004 (re- garding child abuse reporting and programs). These methods must include the staff training described at Ed- ucation Code 38.0041(c) [see DMA];
		b.	Actions that a child who is a victim of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, or other maltreatment should take to obtain assistance and intervention; and
		C.	Available counseling options for students affected by sexual abuse, sex trafficking, or other maltreatment.
			policy must be included in any informational handbook vided to students and parents.
		Edu	cation Code 11.252(a)(9), 38.0041
	filed	l with	s plan for the improvement of student performance is not TEA, but the district must make the plan available to TEA st. <i>Education Code 11.252(b)</i>
Campus-Level Plan	sista revis stuc in s Sub and	ance se the lent p pecia ochap any o	aool year, the principal of each school campus, with the as- of the campus-level committee, shall develop, review, and e campus improvement plan for the purpose of improving performance for all student populations, including students I education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, ter A, with respect to the student achievement indicators other appropriate performance measures for special opulations. <i>Education Code 11.253(c)</i>
	Eac	h car	npus improvement plan must:
	1.		ess the academic achievement for each student in the ool using the achievement indicator system.
	2.	ach nee	the campus performance objectives based on the ievement indicator system, including objectives for special ds populations, including students in special education grams under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.

- 3. Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student.
- 4. Determine the resources needed to implement the plan.
- 5. Identify staff needed to implement the plan.
- 6. Set time lines for reaching the goals.
- Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodically to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improvement.
- 8. Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at the campus.
- 9. Include goals and methods for violence prevention and intervention on campus.
- 10. If the campus is an elementary, middle, or junior high school, set goals and objectives for the coordinated health program at the campus based on:
 - a. Student fitness assessment data, including any data from research-based assessments such as the school health index assessment and planning tool created by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;
 - b. Student academic performance data;
 - c. Student attendance rates;
 - d. The percentage of students who are educationally disadvantaged;
 - e. The use and success of any method to ensure that students participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity; and
 - f. Any other indicator recommended by the local school health advisory council.

Education Code 11.253(d)

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CA	FISCAL MANAGEMENT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES		
CAA	Financial Ethics		
CB	STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES		
CBA	State		
CBB	Federal		
CC CCA CCB CCC CCD CCE CCF CCG CCGA CCGA CCGB CCH	LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES Bond Issues Time Warrants Certificates of Indebtedness Recreational Facilities Bonds Athletic Stadium Authority Loans and Notes Ad Valorem Taxes Exemptions and Payments Economic Development Appraisal District		
CD	OTHER REVENUES		
CDA	Investments		
CDB	Sale, Lease, or Exchange of School-Owned Property		
CDBA	Revenue Bonds from Proceeds		
CDC	Gifts and Solicitations		
CDD	Rentals and Service Charges		
CDE	Shop Sales		
CDF	Royalties		
CDG	Gate Receipts, Concessions		
CDH	Public and Private Facilities		
CE	ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET		
CEA	Financial Exigency		
CF	ACCOUNTING		
CFA	Financial Reports and Statements		
CFB	Inventories		
CFC	Audits		
CFD	Activity Funds Management		
CFE	Payroll Procedures		
CFEA	Salary Deductions and Reductions		
CFF	Checking Accounts		
CFG	Cash in School Buildings		
CG	BONDED EMPLOYEES AND OFFICERS		
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SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

CH	PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION			
CHB	Petty Cash Account			
CHD	Purchasing Procedures			
CHE	Vendor Relations			
CHF	Payment Procedures			
CHG	Real Property and Improvements			
CHH	Financing Personal Property Purchases			
CI	SCHOOL PROPERTIES DISPOSAL			
CJ	CONTRACTED SERVICES			
CJA	Criminal History			
CK	SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT			
CKA	Inspections			
CKB	Accident Prevention and Reports			
CKC	Emergency Plans			
CKD	Emergency Medical Equipment and Procedures			
CKE	Security Personnel			
CKEA	Commissioned Peace Officers			
CKEB	School Marshals			
CKEC	School Resource Officers			
CL	BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT			
CLA	Security			
CLB	Maintenance			
CLC	Traffic and Parking Controls			
CLD	Records and Reports			
CLE	Flag Displays			
CM	EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT			
CMA	Receiving and Warehousing			
CMB	Authorized Uses of Equipment and Supplies			
CMD	Instructional Materials Care and Accounting			
CN	TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT			
CNA	Student Transportation			
CNB	District Vehicles			
CNBA	Bus Maintenance			
CNC	Transportation Safety			
CO	FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT			
COA	Procurement			
COB	Free and Reduced-Price Meals			
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Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION C: BUSINESS AND SUPPORT SERVICES

COC	Vending Machines
CP CPA CPAA CPAB CPAC CPC	OFFICE MANAGEMENT Office Communications Printing and Duplicating Mail and Delivery Telephone Records Management
CQ CQA CQB CQC	TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES District, Campus, and Classroom Websites Cybersecurity Equipment
CR CRA CRB CRD CRE CRF CRG	INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT Property Insurance Liability Insurance Health and Life Insurance Workers' Compensation Unemployment Insurance Deferred Compensation and Annuities
CS	FACILITY STANDARDS
СТ	FACILITIES PLANNING
CV CVA CVB CVC CVD CVE CVF	FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION Competitive Bidding Competitive Sealed Proposals Construction Manager-Agent Construction Manager-at-Risk Design-Build Job Order Contracts
CW	NAMING FACILITIES
CX	RENTING OR LEASING FACILITIES FROM OTHERS
CY	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES STATE

Available School Fund	The available school fund is apportioned annually to Texas coun- ties according to the scholastic population of each. <i>Education Code</i> <i>43.001(b)</i>			
Foundation School	The Foundation School Program consists of:			
Program	1.	Two	tiers that in combination provide for:	
		a.	Sufficient financing for all school districts to provide a basic program of education that is rated acceptable or higher under Education Code 39.054 and meets other applicable legal standards; and	
		b.	Substantially equal access to funds to provide an en- riched program; and	
	2.		cilities component as provided by Education Code Chap- 46. [See CCA]	
	Edu	catio	n Code 48.002(b)	
	The sum		of the Foundation School Program for a district is the total	
	1.	The lows	sum of the tier one allotments and other funding as fol- s:	
		a.	The basic allotment under Education Code Chapter 48, Subchapter B;	
		b.	The student-based allotments under Education Code Chapter 48, Subchapter C; and	
		C.	The additional funding under Education Code Chapter 48, Subchapter D (including the transportation allotment [see CNA] and the new instructional facility allotment be- low); and	
	2.		tier two allotment under Education Code Chapter 48, chapter E.	
	The sum of the Foundation School Program maintenance and op- erations costs for all accredited school districts in this state consti- tutes the total maintenance and operations cost of the Foundation School Program.			
	The Foundation School Program shall be financed by:			
	1.	Stat the	e available school funds distributed in accordance with law;	
	2.		valorem tax revenue generated by local school district ef- [see CCG series]; and	

STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES STATE

	3.	State funds appropriated for the purposes of public school ed- ucation and allocated to each district in an amount sufficient to finance the cost of each district's Foundation School Pro- gram not covered by other funds specified.		
	Edu	cation Code 48.251		
PEIMS	age info Cha prov the	strict shall participate in the Public Education Information Man- ment System (PEIMS) and shall provide through that system rmation required for the administration of Education Code opter 48 (Foundation School Program) and of other appropriate <i>v</i> isions of the Education Code. Data standards, established by commissioner of education, shall be used by a district to submit uired information. <i>Education Code 48.008; 19 TAC 61.1025(b)</i>		
New Instructional Facility Allotment (NIFA)	A district is entitled to an additional allotment as provided by Edu- cation Code 48.152 for operational expenses associated with opening a new instructional facility. A district entitled to an allotment may use funds from the district's allotment to renovate an existing instructional facility to serve as a dedicated cybersecurity computer laboratory. <i>Education Code 48.152</i>			
Definitions		tructional facility" has the meaning assigned by Education le 46.001. <i>Education Code 48.152(a)(1)</i> [See CCA]		
	"Ne	w instructional facility" includes:		
	1.	A newly constructed instructional facility;		
	2.	A repurposed instructional facility; or		
	3.	A leased facility operating for the first time as an instructional facility with a minimum lease term of not less than ten years.		
	Education Code 48.152(a)(2); 19 TAC 61.1034			

Bonds and Bond	Tho	board may issue bonds for:			
Taxes	1.	The construction, acquisition, and equipment of school build- ings in the district;			
	2.	The acquisition of property or the refinancing of property un- der a contract entered under the Public Property Finance Act (Local Government Code, Chapter 271, Subchapter A), re- gardless of whether payment obligations under the contract are due in the current year or a future year;			
	3.	The purchase of the necessary sites for school buildings;			
	4.	The purchase of new school buses;			
	5.	The retrofitting of school buses with emergency, safety, or se- curity equipment; and			
	6.	The purchase or retrofitting of vehicles to be used for emer- gency, safety, or security purposes.			
	The board may levy, pledge, assess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds as or before the principal and interest become due, subject to the pro- visions at Bond Elections, below.				
	Edu	cation Code 45.001(a)			
	All bonds shall be issued in accordance with the Public Security Procedures Act. <i>Gov't Code, Ch. 1201</i>				
Limitation	prov purc the perc life o	strict may not issue general obligation bonds to purchase, im- ve, or construct one or more improvements to real property, to chase one or more items of personal property, or to do both, if weighted average maturity of the issue of bonds exceeds 120 cent of the reasonably expected weighted average economic of the improvements and personal property financed with the is- of bonds. <i>Gov't Code 1253.002</i>			
Use of Proceeds for Utilities	tion chas amo stall of a ter, may	proceeds of bonds issued by school districts for the construc- and equipment of school buildings in the district and the pur- se of the necessary sites for school buildings may be used, ong other things, to pay the cost of acquiring, laying, and in- ing pipes or lines to connect with the water, sewer, or gas lines municipality or private utility company, whether or not the wa- sewer, or gas lines adjoin the school, so that the school district or provide its public school buildings the water, sewer, or gas rices. <i>Education Code 45.101</i>			

Denton ISD 061901								
LOCAL REVENUE SOUI BOND ISSUES	RCES	6	CCA (LEGAL)					
State Facilities Funding Instructional Facilities Allotment	prop that	"Instructional facility" means real property, an improvement to real property, or a necessary fixture of an improvement to real property that is used predominantly for teaching the required curriculum. <i>Education Code 46.001</i>						
	ter 4 tion 46.0 guai for e tion bone	Under the Instructional Facilities Allotment, Education Code Chap- ter 46, Subchapter A, for each year, except as provided by Educa- tion Code 46.005 (limitation on the guaranteed amount) and 46.006 (shortage or excess of appropriated funds), a district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and local funds for each cent of tax effort, up to the statutory maximum in Educa- tion Code 46.003(b), to pay the principal of and interest on eligible bonds issued to construct, acquire, renovate or improve an instruc- tional facility. <i>Education Code 46.003(a); 19 TAC 61.1032</i>						
Existing Debt Allotment	local funds for each cent of tax effort to pay the pr est on eligible bonds under Education Code Chap ter B. Bonds are eligible to be paid with state and Subchapter B if the district made payments on the the final school year of the preceding state fiscal b levied to pay the principal and interest on the bond in a district's audited debt service collections for th and the district does not receive state assistance tional Facilities Allotment for payment of the princi		is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and is for each cent of tax effort to pay the principal and inter- gible bonds under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchap- nds are eligible to be paid with state and local funds under the B if the district made payments on the bonds during school year of the preceding state fiscal biennium or taxes pay the principal and interest on the bonds were included ct's audited debt service collections for that school year, istrict does not receive state assistance under the Instruc- cilities Allotment for payment of the principal and interest nds. <i>Education Code 46.032(a), .033; 19 TAC 61.1035</i>					
	Not	e:	For information on the new instructional facility allotment, see CBA.					
Investment of Bond Proceeds		•	requirements regarding investment of bond proceeds, (LEGAL).					
Unspent Bond Proceeds	A district may use unspent proceeds of issued general obligatior bonds only:							
	1.	For tized	the specific purposes for which the bonds were author- ;					
	2.	To re	etire the bonds; or					
	3.		a purpose other than the specific purposes for which the ds were authorized if:					
		a.	The specific purposes are accomplished or abandoned; and					

		b.	The board at a public meeting held only for the purpose of considering the use of the unspent bond proceeds ap- proves in separate votes the use of the proceeds for:
			(1) A purpose other than to retire the bonds; and
			(2) The purpose specified at the time the vote is taken.
	und con thar pub opp spe	er this sider t n the s lic me ortuni nt bor	n to other requirements, notice of a public meeting held s provision must include a statement that the board will the use of unspent bond proceeds for a purpose other specific purposes for which the bonds were authorized. A seting held under this provision must provide the public an ity to address the board on the question of using the un- nd proceeds for a purpose other than the specific pur- t which the bonds were authorized.
	Edu	icatior	n Code 45.1105
Capital Appreciation Bonds	tion date	bond e of de	oses of the following policy provisions, a "capital apprecia- " is a bond that accrues and compounds interest from its elivery, the interest on which by its terms is payable only curity or prior redemption.
Limitation on Issuance			district may not issue capital appreciation bonds that are by ad valorem taxes unless:
	1.		bonds have a scheduled maturity date that is not later 20 years after the date of issuance;
	2.		board has received a written estimate of the cost of the ance, including:
		a.	The amount of principal and interest to be paid until ma- turity;
		b.	The amount of fees to be paid to outside vendors, in- cluding vendors who sell products to be financed by the bond issuance;
		C.	The amount of fees to be paid to each financing team member; and
		d.	The projected tax impact of the bonds and the assump- tions on which the calculation of the projected tax impact is based;
	3.	finar	board has determined in writing whether any personal or ncial relationship exists between the members of the rd and any financial advisor, bond counsel, bond under-

		ance	er, or other professional associated with the bond issu- e and submitted the determination to the Ethics Commis- ; and
	4.		board posts prominently on the district's internet website enters in the minutes of the board:
		a.	The total amount of the proposed bonds;
		b.	The length of maturity of the proposed bonds;
		C.	The projects to be financed with bond proceeds;
		d.	The intended use of bond proceeds not spent after com- pletion of the projects identified;
		e.	The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded in- debtedness at the time of the election on the bonds, in- cluding the amount of principal and interest to be paid on existing bond indebtedness until maturity;
		f.	The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded in- debtedness, including the amount of principal and inter- est to be paid until maturity; and
		g.	The information received at item 2 above and deter- mined under item 3 above.
	the o	distric	d shall regularly update the debt information posted on t's internet website under item 4.f above to ensure that nation is current and accurate.
Limitation on Use of Proceeds	the f	ollow	opreciation bond proceeds may not be used to purchase ing items, unless an item has an expected useful life that he bond's maturity date:
	1.		s more regularly considered maintenance items, including acement HVAC units, upgraded plumbing, or similar s; or
	2.	Tran	sportation-related items, including buses.
Unspent Proceeds	proje for a less	ect ide use anoth	opreciation bond proceeds unspent after completion of the entified as the proceeds' intended use may be used only identified on the district's website as required above, un- ner use is approved by the voters of the district at an elec- for that purpose.
Total Amount of Capital Appreciation Bonds	perc the t	ent o ime c	amount of capital appreciation bonds may not exceed 25 f the district's total outstanding bonded indebtedness at of the issuance, including the amount of principal and in- be paid on the outstanding bonds until maturity.

Extension	prec	strict may not extend the maturity date of an issued capital ap- iation bond, including through the issuance of refunding bonds extend the maturity date, unless:					
	1.	The extension of the maturity date will decrease the total amount of projected principal and interest to maturity; or					
	2.	The maximum legally allowable tax rate for indebtedness has been adopted and TEA certifies in writing that the solvency of the permanent school fund's bond guarantee program would be threatened without the extension.					
	Gov't Code 1201.0245						
	appl Cha	foregoing provisions of Government Code 1201.0245 do not y to the issuance of refunding bonds under Government Code pter 1207 or capital appreciation bonds for the purpose of fi- cing transportation projects. <i>Gov't Code 1201.0245(j)</i>					
Bond Elections	Bonds may not be issued and taxes may not be levied unless au- thorized by a majority of the qualified voters of the district, voting at an election held for such purpose, at the expense of the district, in accordance with the Election Code, except as provided by Educa- tion Code 45.003. The election shall be called by resolution or or- der of the board. The resolution or order must state the date of the election, the proposition or propositions to be submitted and voted on, the polling place or places, and any other matters considered necessary or advisable by the board. <i>Education Code 45.003(a)</i>						
	Each special election in this state shall be held on one of the fol- lowing dates:						
	1.	The first Saturday in May; or					
	2.	The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.					
	Elec	tion Code 41.001(a) [See BBB]					
Call for Election	shal	an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election I be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day. Ition Code 3.005 [See BBBA]					
Election Order	[see	ddition to other legal requirements regarding the election order BBBA(LEGAL)], the document ordering an election to author- a district to issue debt obligations must distinctly state:					
	1.	The proposition language that will appear on the ballot;					
	2.	The purpose for which the bonds are to be authorized;					
	3.	The principal amount of the bonds to be authorized;					

	4.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds may be imposed;
	5.	The estimated tax rate if the bonds are authorized or the max- imum interest rate of the bonds or any series of the bonds, based on the market conditions at the time of the election or- der;
	6.	The maximum maturity date of the bonds to be authorized or that the bonds may be issued to mature over a specified num- ber of years not to exceed the maximum number of years au- thorized by law;
	7.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding principal of the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered;
	8.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding interest on the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to variable rate debt obligations; and
	9.	The district's ad valorem debt service tax rate at the time the election is ordered, expressed as an amount per \$100 valuation of taxable property.
	Elec	tion Code 3.009(b)
Posting	The	election order must be posted:
	1.	On election day and during early voting by personal appear- ance, in a prominent location at each polling place;
	2.	Not later than the 21st day before the election in three public places in the boundaries of the district; and
	3.	During the 21 days before the election, on the district's inter- net website, prominently and together with the notice of the election, the contents of the proposition, and any sample bal- lot prepared for the election, if the district maintains an inter- net website.
	Elec	tion Code 4.003(f) [See Voter Information, below]
Election Notice	[For	notice of election must comply with Election Code Chapter 4. specific requirements regarding contents of the election no- see BBBA(LEGAL).]
Publication and Posting	with	notice of election must be published and posted in accordance Election Code requirements. [For specific requirements re- ling publication and posting, see BBBA(LEGAL).]

Denton ISD 061901						
LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES (LEC						
Notice to Election Officials	Notice must be given to the county clerk, voter registrar, and elec- tion judge in accordance with Election Code Chapter 4. [For spe- cific requirements, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Propositions	clud and	oposition submitted to authorize the issuance of bonds e the question of whether the board may levy, pledge, collect annual ad valorem taxes, on all taxable proper ict, either:	assess,			
	1.	Sufficient, without limits as to rate or amount, to pay cipal of and interest on said bonds; or	the prin-			
	2.	Sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the b provided that the annual aggregate bond taxes in the may never be more than the rate stated in the propos	e district			
		ballot proposition must include the following statement PROPERTY TAX INCREASE."	nt: "THIS			
	Education Code 45.003(b), (b-1)					
	A district that submits to the voters a proposition for the approval of the issuance of debt obligations shall prescribe the wording of the proposition that is to appear on the ballot in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Chapter 1251, Subchapter B. <i>Election Code</i> $52.072(f)$					
	The district shall assign a letter to each measure on the ballot th corresponds to its order on the ballot. Each proposition on the ballot must identify the name of the authority ordering the election of the measure. <i>Election Code 52.095</i>					
Ballot Contents		ballot for a measure seeking voter approval of the iss obligations by a district shall specifically state:	uance of			
	1.	A plain language description of the single specific pu for which the debt obligations are to be authorized;	rposes			
	2.	The total principal amount of the debt obligations to be thorized; and	be au-			
	3.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and intered debt obligations will be imposed.	est on the			
	vote sepa pose tially	h single specific purpose for which debt obligations rear r approval are to be issued must be printed on the bal arate proposition. A proposition may include as a spec e one or more structures or improvements serving the y same purpose and may include related improvement pment necessary to accomplish the specific purpose.	llot as a ific pur- substan- ts and			
	Gov	't Code 1251.052(a)–(a-1)				

Exception	Notwithstanding the requirements at Ballot Contents, above, the question of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for the con- struction, acquisition, and equipment of school buildings in the dis- trict, the purchase of new school buses, and the purchase of nec- essary sites for school buildings may be submitted to the voters in a single ballot proposition, except that bonds for each of the follow- ing purposes must be stated in a separate proposition:						
	1.	The	The construction, acquisition, or equipment of:				
		a.	A stadium with seating capacity for more than 1,000 spectators;				
		b.	A natatorium;				
		C.	Another recreational facility other than a gymnasium, playground, or play area;				
		d.	A performing arts facility;				
		e.	Housing for teachers as determined by the district to be necessary to have a sufficient number of teachers for the district; and				
	2.	equi	equisition or update of technology equipment, other than pment used for school security purposes or technology structure integral to the construction of a facility.				
	build lot a build cont ositi that ing o	ling d s a se ling is ains t on mu const or cor	tion of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for a escribed by items 1a–e above must be printed on the bal- eparate ballot proposition regardless of whether that a proposed as part of the same complex or building that traditional classroom facilities. Each separate ballot prop- ust state the principal amount of the bonds to be issued titutes the cost for construction of that portion of the build- nplex attributable to the building described by items 1a–e to the traditional classroom facilities, as applicable.				
	Edu	catior	n Code 45.003(g)–(h)				
Definition	men taxe nate	t Cod s. The d as	igation" means a public security, as defined by Govern- le 1201.002, secured by and payable from ad valorem e term does not include public securities that are desig- self-supporting by the political subdivision issuing the se- <i>Gov't Code 1251.051(1)</i>				
Voter Information	ado	ots the	with at least 250 registered voters on the date the board e debt obligation election order must prepare a voter in- document for each proposition to be voted on at the elec-				

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Posting Requirements	man unde	district shall post the voter information document in the same oner as a debt obligation election order is required to be posted er Election Code 4.003(f) [see Posting, above] and may include voter information document in the debt obligation election or-				
	mation of	A district that maintains an internet website shall provide the infor- mation described at Contents, below, on its website in an easily ac- cessible manner beginning not later than the 21st day before elec- tion day and ending on the day after the date of the debt obligation election.				
Contents	The	voter	infor	mation document must distinctly state:		
	1.	The language that will appear on the ballot;				
	2.	The	follov	ving information formatted as a table:		
		a.	The	principal of the debt obligations to be authorized;		
		b.	The thori	estimated interest for the debt obligations to be au- zed;		
		C.	to pa	estimated combined principal and interest required ay on time and in full the debt obligations to be au- zed; and		
		d.		f the date the district adopts the debt obligation elec- order:		
			(1)	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations of the district;		
			(2)	The estimated remaining interest on all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations; and		
			(3)	The estimated combined principal and interest re- quired to pay on time and in full all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations;		
	3.	taxe: distri oblig	s that ict wit ation	ated maximum annual increase in the amount of would be imposed on a residence homestead in the h an appraised value of \$100,000 to repay the debt s to be authorized, if approved, based upon as- s made by the board; and		

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	4.	Any other information that the board considers relevant or necessary to explain the information required by these provisions.			
Assumptions	jor a	The board shall identify in the voter information document the ma- jor assumptions made in connection with the statement required by item 3 above, including:			
	1.	The amortization of the district's debt obligations, including outstanding debt obligations and the proposed debt obliga- tions;			
	2.	Changes in estimated future appraised values within the dis- trict; and			
	3.	The assumed interest rate on the proposed debt obligations.			
	Gov	r't Code 1251.052(b)–(d)			
Electioneering and Political Advertising		additional information and prohibitions related to electioneering political advertising, see BBBD(LEGAL).			
50 Cent Test for New Debt	Before issuing bonds, a district must demonstrate to the attorney general that, with respect to the proposed issuance, the district has a projected ability to pay the principal of and interest on the proposed bonds and all previously issued bonds, other than bonds authorized to be issued at an election held on or before April 1, 1991, and issued before September 1, 1992, from a tax at a rate not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of valuation (the "50 Cent Test").				
	Test trict und	strict may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent by using the most recent taxable value of property in the dis- , combined with state assistance to which the district is entitled er Education Code Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used he payment of bonds.			
Future Taxable Value	Test trict curr for t state Cod	strict may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent by using a projected future taxable value of property in the dis- anticipated for the earlier of the tax year five years after the ent tax year or the tax year in which the final payment is due he bonds submitted to the attorney general, combined with e assistance to which the district is entitled under Education le Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used for the payment onds.			
	the tifie exp	district must submit to the attorney general a certification of district's projected taxable value prepared by a registered, cer- d professional appraiser who has demonstrated professional erience in projecting taxable values or who can obtain any nec- ary assistance from an experienced person.			
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	sigr dete	certification of a district's projected taxable value must be ned by the superintendent. The attorney general must base a ermination of whether a district has complied with the 50 Cent t on a taxable value that is equal to 90 percent of the value cer- d.
	Edu	cation Code 45.0031
Refunding Bonds	trict tere refu	bard may refund or refinance all or any part of any of the dis- 's outstanding bonds and matured or unmatured but unpaid in- st on those bonds payable from ad valorem taxes by issuing nding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. <i>Education Code</i> 2004; Gov't Code Ch. 1207
Instructional Facilities Allotment		strict may use state funds received under Education Code opter 46 to pay principal of and interest on refunding bonds that:
for Refunding Bonds	1.	Are issued to refund bonds eligible under Education Code 46.003;
	2.	Do not have a final maturity date later than the final maturity date of the bonds being refunded;
	3.	May not be called for redemption earlier than the earliest call date of all bonds being refunded; and
	4.	Result in a present value savings as defined in Education Code 46.007(4).
	Edu	cation Code 46.007
Authorized Unissued Bonds	that aba unis the the erec and the nall favo pos sue	district has authorized school bonds for a specific purpose and purpose has been accomplished by other means or has been ndoned and all or a portion of the authorized bonds remains sued, a board may order an election [see BBBA] to submit to qualified voters of the district the proposition of whether or not authorized but unissued bonds may be issued, sold, and deliv- d for other and different purposes specified in the election order notice. The election shall be ordered, held, and conducted in same form and manner as that at which the bonds were origi- y authorized. If a majority of those voting at the election vote in or of the sale and delivery of the unissued bonds for the pur- es specified in the election order and notice, the board may is- , sell, and deliver the bonds and use the proceeds for the pur- es authorized at the election. <i>Education Code 45.110</i>
Bond Guarantee Program Eligibility	ante a fo	strict seeking guarantee of eligible bonds under the Bond Guar- ee Program shall apply to the commissioner of education using rm adopted by the commissioner. To be eligible for approval, rict bonds must be issued under Education Code Chapter 45,

		chapter A, or under Government Code Chapter 1207. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 45.054, .055(a); 19 TAC 33.65(b)(5)</i>				
Application	An a	application must include:				
	1.	The name of the district and the principal amount of the bonds to be issued;				
	2.	The name and address of the district's paying agent, which means the financial institution designated by a district as its agent for payment of principal and interest on guaranteed bonds; and				
	3.	The maturity schedule, estimated interest rate, and date of the bonds.				
	Edu	cation Code 45.051(2), .055				
	An application must be accompanied by a fee set by rule of the State Board of Education. <i>Education Code 45.055(c); 19 TAC 33.65(f)(1)</i>					
	On approval by the commissioner, bonds issued by a district are guaranteed by the corpus and income of the permanent school fund. The guarantee remains in effect until the date those bonds mature or are defeased in accordance with state law. <i>Education Code 45.052</i>					
	If a district does not receive approval for the guarantee or for any reason does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney general within the specified time period, the district may reapply in a subsequent month. Applications that were denied approval for the guarantee will not be retained for consideration in subsequent months. <i>19 TAC 33.65(f)(5)</i>					
	of pr	strict may not represent bonds as guaranteed for the purpose ricing or marketing the bonds before the date of the letter grant-approval for the guarantee. <i>19 TAC 33.65(g)(4)(D)</i>				
Credit Enhancement Program	man catio bono Gua Scho	district's application for guarantee of district bonds by the per- ent school fund is rejected, the district may apply under Edu- on Code Chapter 45, Subchapter I for credit enhancement of ds described by Education Code 45.054 (eligibility for the Bond rantee Program) by money appropriated for the Foundation ool Program, other than money that is appropriated to districts cifically:				
	1.	As required under the Texas Constitution; or				
	2.	For assistance in paying debt service.				

		The credit enhancement remains in effect until the date the bonds mature or are defeased in accordance with state law.		
	Education Code 45.252			
Eligibility	To be eligible for approval by the commissioner for credit enhance- ment:			
	1.	Bonds must be issued in the manner provided by Education Code 45.054;		
	2.	Payments of all of the principal of the bonds must be sched- uled during the first six months of the state fiscal year;		
	3.	The district's lowest credit rating from any credit rating agency may not be the same as or higher than that of the School Dis- trict Bond Enhancement Program;		
	4.	The bonded debt for which the credit enhancement is sought must be structured so that no single annual debt service pay- ment exceeds two times the quotient produced by dividing the total proposed annual debt service, as defined in 19 Adminis- trative Code 61.1038(b)(10), for the term of the bonds by the number of years in the amortization schedule; and		
	5.	The district must agree in its application that the total annual debt service on bonds approved for the credit enhancement will be paid on or before August 15 of each state fiscal year.		
	Education Code 45.254; 19 TAC 61.1038(f)			
Application	A district seeking credit enhancement of eligible bonds shall apply to the commissioner using a form adopted by the commissioner for the purpose. The application must:			
	1.	Include the information required by Education Code 45.055(b), at Bond Guarantee Program—Application, above; and		
	2.	Be accompanied by a fee set by the State Board of Educa- tion. <i>19 TAC 61.1038(d)(1)</i>		
	Education Code 45.255			
	The district may not submit an application for a guarantee or credit enhancement before the successful passage of an authorizing proposition.			
	son	district does not receive a credit enhancement or for any rea- does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney gen- within the specified time period, the district may reapply in a		

subsequent month. Applications that were denied a credit enhancement will not be retained for consideration in subsequent months.

A district may not represent the bonds as approved for credit enhancement for the purposes of pricing or marketing the bonds before the date of the letter granting approval for the credit enhancement.

19 TAC 61.1038(e)(1), (8), (10)

Federal Securities Law

Disclosure Obligations for Bond and Other Debt Offerings

Liability under

Law

Federal Securities

Prior to publicly offering bonds, a school district must prepare and deliver to an underwriter an official statement containing the terms of the bond offering, a description of the district itself, financial and operating data of the district, and any other information that may be material to an investor interested in purchasing the district's bonds or otherwise required by Rule 15c2-12 (the "Rule") of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC). *SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)* [See Note, below]

School districts, board members, and employees of the district are subject to liability under the "antifraud provisions" of the federal securities laws contained in Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 of the SEC. The antifraud provisions generally prohibit false or misleading statements made in connection with the offer or sale of a district's bonds (or the omission of material facts from such statements), including the official statement itself and any other statement reasonably expected to reach bond investors ("disclosures"). *SEC Exchange Act Release No.* 33741 (Mar. 9, 1994)

The antifraud provisions also apply to a district's continuing disclosure obligations under the Rule after a district's bonds are issued. [See Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds, below] SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012) (the "SEC 2012 Report") at pg. 29 and SEC Exchange Act Release No. 33741 (Mar. 9, 1994)

Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds Except for exempt offerings, the Rule requires underwriters to obtain a continuing disclosure agreement (CDA) from the district when the district issues bonds. The CDA obligates the district to prepare and file "continuing disclosures" of financial information and operating data after the bonds are issued. *SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)* [See Note, below] Denton ISD 061901

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

Note: In preparing an official statement, a district may reasonably rely on the advice of outside professionals who are also subject to the antifraud provisions, but a district is primarily liable for the content of its official statement and other disclosures. *SEC Exchange Act Release No.* 36761 (Jan. 24, 1996)

A district may engage qualified consultants, including qualified disclosure or securities counsel and a financial adviser, to assist with preparing an official statement and other disclosures relating to a bond offering. Creation of internal procedures may help to insulate a district against criticism or liability under federal securities laws.

Internal procedures may provide for (1) appointment of, and disclosure training for, district officials and employees who will be part of the financing team, (2) a procedure of accountability for review of the disclosures, and (3) ensuring that any procedures established are in fact followed.

[See SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012) at pg. 109]

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LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

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LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES
AD VALOREM TAXES

Tax Rate Adoption Maintenance Taxes	for th ied u distri	board may levy, assess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes ne maintenance of the district's schools. Taxes may not be lev- nless authorized by a majority of the qualified voters of the ct, voting at an election called for that purpose. <i>Education</i> <i>e</i> 45.002, .003(a)
Restriction on Maintenance Tax Levy	A district may not increase the rate of the district's maintenance taxes to create a surplus in maintenance tax revenue for the pur- pose of paying the district's debt service. <i>Education Code</i> <i>45.0021(a)</i> [See Taxpayer Injunction, below] A district's tier one maintenance and operations tax rate is the number of cents levied by the district for maintenance and opera- tions that does not exceed the product of the state compression percentage, as determined under Education Code 48.255, multi- plied by \$1.00.	
<i>Maintenance Tax Rate Components</i> Tier One		
Tier Two	A dis	trict's enrichment tax rate consists of:
	1.	Any cents of additional maintenance and operations tax effort, not to exceed eight cents over the maximum tier one tax rate; and
	2.	Any cents of additional maintenance and operations tax effort that exceeds the sum of the maximum tier one tax rate and the maximum number of cents permitted under item 1 above.
	Educ	cation Code 45.0032(a), (b)
Districts Subject to Disaster Exception	ment main exclu 26.08 ing a distri	a district to which the Disaster Exception to Election Require- t described below applies, the amount by which the district's tenance tax rate exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate, uding the district's current debt rate under Tax Code B(n)(1)(C) for the preceding year is not considered in determin- district's tier one maintenance and operations tax rate or the ct's enrichment tax rate for the current tax year. <i>Education</i> e 45.0032(d)
Maximum Tax Rate	adop \$0.1	any year, the maintenance tax rate per \$100 of taxable value ted by the district may not exceed the rate equal to the sum of 7 and the product of the state compression percentage, as de- ined under Education Code 48.255, multiplied by \$1.00.
	is to this p adop	e that exceeds the maximum rate for the year in which the tax be imposed is void. A district with a tax rate that is void under provision may, subject to requirements imposed by other law, at a rate for that year that does not exceed the specified maxi- rate for that year.
	Educ	cation Code 45.003(d), (e)

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

Districts with 2005 Tax Rate over \$1.50	Notwithstanding any other law, a district that levied a maintenance tax for the 2005 tax year at a rate greater than \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable value in the district as permitted by special law [Art. 2784g Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat.] may not levy a maintenance tax at a rate that exceeds the rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the sum of \$0.17 and the product of 66.67 percent multiplied by the rate of the maintenance tax levied by the district for the 2005 tax year, mi- nus any amount by which \$1.00 exceeds the product of the state compression percentage, as determined under Education Code 48.255, multiplied by \$1.00. Education Code 45.003(f)
	For a district described above, any cents of maintenance and oper- ations tax effort that exceeds the maximum rate described at Maxi- mum Tax Rate are not included in the district's tier one mainte- nance and operations tax rate or the district's enrichment tax rate and the district is not entitled to the guaranteed yield amount of state funds under Education Code 48.202 for those cents of tax ef- fort. <i>Education Code</i> 45.0032(c)
Assessor and Collector	The board may employ a person to assess or collect the district's taxes and may compensate the person as the board considers appropriate. This provision does not prohibit a district from providing for the assessment or collection of the district's taxes under a method authorized by Tax Code Chapter 6, Subchapter B. <i>Education Code 45.231</i>
	A district that used a method of selection for the 1994 tax year that was authorized by former Education Code Chapter 23, Subchapter F, may continue to use that method until the district uses another method authorized above. <i>Education Code 45.232</i>
	The assessor and collector shall assess, collect, or assess and collect taxes, as applicable. <i>Tax Code 6.23(b)</i>
Collector's Bond	A district that has its own collector shall require the collector to give bond conditioned on the faithful performance of duties. The bond must be made payable to and be approved by the board in an amount determined by the board. The board may require a new bond at any time, and failure to give new bond within a reasonable time after demand is a ground for removal from office. The board may prescribe additional requirements for the bond.
	A district whose taxes are collected by a person other than the dis- trict's own collector may require that person to give bond condi- tioned on the faithful performance of duties. The bond must be pay- able to, approved by, and paid for by the board in an amount determined by the board. The board may prescribe additional re- quirements for the bond.

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

	A district shall pay the premium for a required bond from its general fund or as provided by intergovernmental contract.
	Tax Code 6.29
Certified Estimate of Values	By April 30, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the dis- trict's assessor an estimate of the taxable value of district property. <i>Tax Code 26.01(e)</i>
Appraisal Roll	By July 25, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the as- sessor for the district that part of the appraisal roll that lists the property taxable by the district. The part certified to the assessor is the appraisal roll for the district.
	If by July 20 the appraisal review board has not approved the appraisal records as required under Tax Code 41.12, the chief appraiser shall not later than July 25 prepare and certify to the assessor for a school district an estimate of the taxable value of property in the school district.
	Tax Code 26.01(a)–(a-1)
	By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the district's as- sessor shall submit to the board the district's appraisal roll, show- ing the total appraised, assessed, and taxable values of all prop- erty and the total taxable value of new property.
	By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, a district's collec- tor shall certify to the board the anticipated collection rate for the current year. If the collector certified an anticipated collection rate in the preceding year and the actual collection rate in that year ex- ceeded the anticipated rate, the collector shall also certify the amount of debt taxes collected in excess of the anticipated amount in the preceding year.
	<i>Tax Code 26.04(b)</i>
Reappraisal after Disaster	The board of a district that is located partly or entirely inside an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor may authorize the reappraisal of all property damaged in the disaster at its market value immediately after the disaster. A district that authorizes a re- appraisal pursuant to this provision must pay the appraisal district all the costs of making the appraisal.
	If property damaged in a disaster is reappraised as provided by this provision, the board shall provide for prorating the taxes on the property as specified in Tax Code 23.02(d) for the year in which the disaster occurred.
	Tax Code 23.02; Att'y Gen. Op. KP-0192 (2018)

Denton ISD 061901 LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES CCG AD VALOREM TAXES (LEGAL) Designated After the district's assessor submits the appraisal roll to the board, Employee/Officer to an officer or employee designated by the board shall calculate the Calculate Rates no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate for the district. Tax Code 26.04(c) Truth-in-Taxation Note: The Truth in Taxation website maintained by the Texas Requirements comptroller of public accounts offers detailed guidance on setting local property tax rates for school districts.¹ Traditional When the budget has been prepared under Education Code Method 44.002, the board president shall call a meeting of the board for the purpose of adopting a budget for the succeeding tax year. The budget must be adopted before the adoption of the tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins. Education Code 44.004(a), (g) [See CE] **Published Notice** The board president shall provide for publication of notice of the budget and proposed tax rate meeting in a daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper published in the district. If no daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper is published in the district, the president shall provide for publication of notice in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located. The notice shall be published not earlier than the 30th day or later than the tenth day before the date of the hearing. Form and The notice of public meeting to discuss and adopt the budget and Contents the proposed tax rate may not be smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or a tabloid-size newspaper, and the headline on the notice must be in 18-point or larger type and contain the information set out in Education Code 44.004(c) and (c-1). The notice must include a statement that a district may not increase its maintenance and operations tax rate to create a surplus in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. A notice is not valid if it does not substantially conform to the language and format prescribed by the comptroller. Education Code 44.004(b)–(d) Debt Service If the published interest and sinking fund (debt service) rate de-Rate Decrease creases after the publication of the required notice, the president is not required to publish another notice or call another meeting to discuss and adopt the budget and the proposed lower tax rate. Ed-

ucation Code 44.004(g-1)

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year	Notwithstanding the provisions above, a district with a fiscal year beginning July 1 may use the certified estimate of the taxable value of district property in preparing the required notice if the district does not receive the certified appraisal roll on or before June 7. A district that uses a certified estimate may adopt a budget at the public meeting designated in the published notice prepared using the estimate, but the district may not adopt a tax rate before the district receives the certified appraisal roll for the district.				
	After receipt of the certified appraisal roll, a district must publish a revised notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a tax rate that exceeds:				
	 The rate proposed in the notice prepared using the estimate; or 				
	 The district's voter-approval rate determined under Tax Code 26.08 using the certified appraisal roll. 				
	Education Code 44.004(h), (i)				
Early Adoption Method	Notwithstanding the provisions above or at Deadline below, a dis- trict may adopt a budget after the district adopts a tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins if the district elects to adopt a tax rate before receiving the certified ap- praisal roll for the district. If a district elects to adopt a tax rate be- fore adopting a budget, the district must publish notice and hold a meeting for the purpose of discussing the proposed tax rate as pro- vided above. Following adoption of the tax rate, the district must publish notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a budget. The comptroller shall prescribe the language and format to be used in the notices. The district may use the certi- fied estimate of taxable value in preparing a notice under this provi- sion. <i>Education Code 44.004(j)</i>				
	The board of a district that elects to adopt a tax rate before the adoption of a budget for the fiscal year that begins in the current tax year may adopt a tax rate for the current tax year before receipt of the certified appraisal roll for the district if the chief appraiser of the appraisal district in which the district participates has certified to the assessor for the district an estimate of the taxable value of property in the district as specified at Certified Estimate of Values above. If a district adopts a tax rate under this provision, the nonew-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate of the district shall be calculated based on the certified estimate of taxable value. <i>Tax Code 26.05(g)</i>				

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

Tax Rate Adoption Requirements <i>Deadline</i>	The board shall adopt a tax rate for the current tax year and shall notify the assessor of the tax rate adopted. [See Adoption of Tax Roll, below] The board must adopt a tax rate before the later of September 30 or the 60th day after the date the certified appraisal roll is received by the district, except that the board must adopt a tax rate that exceeds the voter-approval tax rate not later than the 71st day before the next uniform election date that occurs in No- vember of that year. [Note that Election Code 3.005(c) requires that an election to be held on a uniform date be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day; see Time for Election, below.]		
	The tax rate consists of two components, each of which must be approved separately. The components are:		
	 The interest and sinking fund (debt service) rate calculated under Education Code 44.004(c)(5)(A)(ii)(b); and 		
	2. The rate that, if applied to the total taxable value, will impose the amount of taxes needed to fund maintenance and opera- tion expenditures of the district for the next year.		
	Tax Code 26.05(a)		
Tax Date for Certain Districts	A district that before January 1, 1989, has for at least ten years fol- lowed a practice of adopting its tax rate at a different date than as provided by Tax Code Chapter 26 and of billing for and collecting its taxes at different dates than as provided by Chapters 31 and 33 may continue to follow that practice. This does not affect the dates provided by the Property Tax Code (Tax Code Title 1) for other pur- poses, including those relating to the appraisal and taxability of property, the attachment of tax liens and personal liability for taxes, and administrative and judicial review under Chapters 41 and 42. <i>Tax Code 26.135</i>		
Vote	A board may not impose property taxes in any year until it has adopted a tax rate for that year, and the annual tax rate must be set by ordinance, resolution, or order. The vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting the tax rate must be separate from the vote adopting the budget. The vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the sum of the district's no- new-revenue maintenance and operations tax rate and the dis- trict's current debt rate must be a record vote, and at least 60 per- cent of the members of the board must vote in favor of the ordi- nance, resolution, or order.		
Motion	A motion to adopt an ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate must be made in the following form: "I move that the property tax rate be increased		

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

		tivel	y a (ii	option of a tax rate of (specify tax rate), which is effec- nsert percentage by which the proposed tax rate exceeds ew-revenue tax rate) percent increase in the tax rate."
	Language and Internet Posting	If the ordinance, resolution, or order sets a tax rate that, if applied to the total taxable value, will impose an amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures of the district that ex- ceeds the amount of taxes imposed for that purpose in the preced- ing year the district must:		
		1.		ude in the ordinance, resolution, or order in type larger In the type used in any other portion of the document:
			a.	The following statement: "THIS TAX RATE WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERA- TIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and
			b.	If the tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPER- ATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."; and
		2.		ude on the home page of any internet website operated by district:
			a.	The following statement: "(Insert name of unit) ADOPTED A TAX RATE THAT WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and
			b.	If the tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPER- ATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."
		Tax	Code	e 26.05(b)
A	doption of Tax Roll			ot of notice of the tax rate for the current tax year, the as- r a district shall calculate the tax imposed on each prop-

erty included on the appraisal roll for the district. The assessor

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	shall enter the amount of tax in the appraisal roll and submit it to the board for approval. The appraisal roll with amounts of tax en- tered as approved by the board constitutes the district's tax roll. <i>Tax Code 26.09(a), (e)</i>
Failure to Adopt Tax Rate	If the board does not adopt a tax rate before the date required at Deadline above, the tax rate for the district for that tax year is the lower of the no-new-revenue tax rate calculated for that tax year or the tax rate adopted by the district for the preceding tax year. A tax rate established by this provision is treated as an adopted tax rate. Before the fifth day after the establishment of a tax rate by this provision, the board must ratify the applicable tax rate in the manner set out at Tax Rate Adoption Requirements above. <i>Tax Code</i> $26.05(c)$
Taxpayer Injunction	A person who owns taxable property in a district is entitled to an in- junction restraining the collection of taxes by the district if the dis- trict has not complied with the requirements above at Published Notice, including Form and Contents, Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year, if applicable, and Tax Rate Adoption Requirements, and the failure to comply was not in good faith. An action to enjoin the col- lection of taxes must be filed before the date a district delivers sub- stantially all of its tax bills. <i>Education Code 44.004(e); Tax Code</i> <i>26.05(e)</i>
	A person who owns taxable property in a district is entitled to an in- junction restraining the collection of taxes by the district if the dis- trict adopts a maintenance tax in violation of the prohibition de- scribed above at Restriction on Maintenance Tax Levy. An action to enjoin the collection of taxes must be filed before the date a district delivers substantially all of its tax bills. <i>Education Code 45.0021(b)</i>
Tax Information to County	A district shall provide to the county assessor-collector for each county in which all or part of district territory is located the district's adopted tax rate, maintenance and operations rate, debt rate, no-new-revenue tax rate, no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, and voter-approval tax rate for posting on the county's internet website. The district shall provide the information annually following the adoption of a tax rate by the district for the current tax year. <i>Tax Code 26.16(a)–(b)</i>
Appraisal District Property Tax Database	The officer or employee designated by the board to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate for the district must electronically incorporate into the database created and maintained by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 26.17 the information required by Tax Code 26.17(e). <i>Tax Code 26.17(e)</i>

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LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES (LE		
Internet Posting of Tax Rate and Budget Information	Each district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a generally accessible internet website that may be used for the purposes of this provision. Each district shall post or cause to be posted on the internet website the information required by Tax Code 26.18 in a format prescribed by the comptroller. <i>Tax Code 26.18</i> [See CE for required information]	
Election to Approve Tax Rate	If the board adopts a tax rate that exceeds the district's voter-ap- proval tax rate, the registered voters of the district at an election held for that purpose must determine whether to approve the adopted tax rate. <i>Tax Code 26.08(a), (n)</i>	
	[For information on conducting elections, see the BBB series.]	
Efficiency Audit	"Efficiency audit" means an investigation of the operations of a dis- trict to examine fiscal management, efficiency, and utilization of re- sources.	
	The board shall conduct an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a tax rate for the maintenance and operations of the district at an election held for that purpose and may not hold an election without complying with this requirement.	
	The board may select the auditor that conducts the district's annual audit under Education Code 44.008 and may include the efficiency audit as part of the district's annual audit. [See CFC] A district must pay for the costs associated with an efficiency audit required under this provision. A district shall provide all documents, records, and personnel requested by the auditor as needed to conduct the audit in an efficient manner.	
	The board must select an auditor to conduct an efficiency audit not later than four months before the date on which the district pro- poses to hold an election to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate. An auditor selected by the board must maintain independ- ence from the district and complete the efficiency audit not later than three months after the date the auditor was selected.	
	Before an election at which a district seeks voter approval to adopt a tax rate, the board must hold an open meeting to discuss the re- sults of the efficiency audit. Not later than 30 days before the date of the election, the results of an efficiency audit must be posted on the district's internet website.	
	Education Code 11.184	

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

Disaster Exception To Efficiency Audit Requirement	The board of a district all or part of which is located in an area de- clared a disaster area by the governor may hold an election to seek voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit otherwise required above. <i>Education Code 11.184(b-1)</i>
To Election Requirement	When increased expenditure of money by a district is necessary to respond to a disaster, including a tornado, hurricane, flood, wildfire, or other calamity, but not including a drought, that has impacted a district and the governor has requested federal disaster assistance for the area in which the district is located, an election is not required to approve the tax rate adopted by the board for the year following the year in which the disaster occurs. A tax rate adopted under this provision applies only in the year for which the rate is adopted. If a district adopts a tax rate under this provision, the amount by which that rate exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate for that tax year may not be considered when calculating the district's voter-approval tax rate for the tax year following the year in which the rate. <i>Tax Code 26.08(a-1)</i>
Time for Election	The board shall order that the election be held in the district on the next uniform election date prescribed by Election Code 41.001 that occurs after the date of the election order and that allows sufficient time to comply with the requirements of other law. <i>Tax Code</i> 26.08(b)
Uniform Election Date	For an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election shall be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day.
	An election to ratify a tax rate adopted by a board under the early adoption method described above shall be ordered not later than the 30th day before election day.
	Election Code 3.005 [See BBBA]
Notice to County Clerk	The board shall deliver notice of the election to the county clerk and voter registrar of each county in which the district is located not later than the 60th day before election day.
Exception	A board that orders an election to ratify a tax rate adopted by the board under the early adoption method described above shall de- liver notice of the election to the county clerk of each county in which the district is located not later than the 30th day before elec- tion day.
	Election Code 4.008
Proposition	At the election, the ballots shall be prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Ratifying the ad valorem tax rate of
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	(insert adopted tax rate) in (name of school district) for the current year, a rate that will result in an increase of (insert percent- age increase in maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue in the preceding tax year) percent in maintenance and op- erations tax revenue for the district for the current year as com- pared to the preceding year, which is an additional \$ (insert dollar amount of increase in maintenance and operations tax reve- nue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax reve- nue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue in the preceding tax year).". <i>Tax Code</i> 26.08(b)
	In addition to any other requirement imposed by law for a proposi- tion, including a provision prescribing the proposition language, a proposition submitted to the voters for approval of the imposition or increase of a tax shall specifically state the amount of or maximum tax rate of the tax or tax increase for which approval is sought. <i>Election Code</i> $52.072(e)(1)$
	Each proposition on the ballot must identify the name of the author- ity ordering the election on the measure. <i>Election Code</i> 52.095(c)
Election Outcome	If a majority of the votes cast in an election favor the proposition, the tax rate for the current year is the rate that was adopted by the board. If the proposition is not approved, a board may not adopt a tax rate for the current year that exceeds the district's voter-ap- proval tax rate. <i>Tax Code 26.08(c)–(d)</i>
	¹ Truth-in-Taxation: Tax Rate Adoption:

¹ Truth-in-Taxation: Tax Rate Adoption: <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/truth-in-taxation/index.php</u>

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	Note: For more information on property tax exemptions, see the Texas Comptroller's <u>Property Tax Exemptions¹</u> website.
Exemptions Homestead <i>Mandatory</i>	An adult is entitled to exemption from taxation by a district of \$25,000 of the appraised value of the adult's residence home- stead, as defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), except that only \$5,000 of the exemption applies to an entity operating under former Educa- tion Code Chapters 17, 18, 25, 26, 27, or 28, as those chapters ex- isted on May 1, 1995, as permitted by Education Code 11.301. <i>Tax</i> <i>Code 11.13(b)</i>
Persons 65 or Older or Disabled	In addition to the mandatory exemption above, an adult who is disabled, as defined by Tax Code $11.13(m)(1)$, or 65 or older is entitled to an exemption of \$10,000 of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code</i> $11.13(c)$
Tax Limitation	A district may not increase the total annual amount of ad valorem tax it imposes on the residence homestead of an individual 65 years of age or older, or on the residence homestead of an individual who is disabled, above the amount of the tax it imposed in the first tax year in which the individual qualified that residence homestead for an applicable exemption. <i>Tax Code 11.26(a)</i>
Improvements	If an individual subject to a tax limitation makes improvements to the individual's residence homestead, other than improvements re- quired to comply with governmental requirements or repairs, the district may increase the tax on the homestead in the first year the value of the homestead is increased on the appraisal roll because of the enhancement of value by the improvements. A limitation then applies to the increased amount of tax until more improvements, if any, are made. <i>Tax Code 11.26(b)</i>
Exception	An improvement to property that would otherwise constitute an improvement discussed above is not treated as an improvement if it is a replacement structure for a structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage. For purposes of appraising the property in the tax year in which the structure would have constituted an improvement, the replacement structure is considered to be an improvement only if the square footage of the replacement structure exceeds that of the replaced structure as that structure existed before the casualty or damage occurred or the exterior of the replacement structure is of higher quality construction and composition than that of the replaced structure. <i>Tax Code 11.26(o)</i>

Portability of Tax Limitation	If an individual who receives a tax limitation, including a surviving spouse, discussed below, subsequently qualifies a different residence homestead for the same exemption, a district may not impose ad valorem taxes on the subsequently qualified homestead in a year in an amount that exceeds the amount of taxes calculated in accordance with Tax Code 11.26(g). <i>Tax Code 11.26(g)</i>
Surviving Spouse	If an individual who qualifies for the exemption at Persons 65 or Older or Disabled, above, dies, the surviving spouse of the individ- ual is entitled to the limitation applicable to the residence home- stead of the individual if the surviving spouse is 55 years of age or older when the individual dies, and the residence homestead of the individual is the residence homestead of the surviving spouse on the date that the individual dies and remains the residence home- stead of the surviving spouse. <i>Tax Code 11.26(i)</i>
<i>Local Options</i> All Taxpayers	In addition to other exemptions in Tax Code 11.13, an individual is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a percentage of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is adopted by the board before July 1 in the manner provided by law for official action by the board. If the percentage set by the district produces an exemption in a tax year of less than \$5,000 when applied to a particular residence homestead, the indi- vidual is entitled to an exemption of \$5,000 of the appraised value. The percentage adopted by the district may not exceed 20 percent. <i>Tax Code 11.13(n)</i>
Disabled or 65 or Older	An individual who is disabled or 65 or older is entitled to an exemp- tion from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is adopted either by the board or by a favorable vote of a majority of the quali- fied voters of the district at an election called by the board, and the board shall call the election on the petition of at least 20 percent of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election of the district.
Amount	The amount of an exemption adopted as provided at Disabled or 65 or Older is \$3,000 of the appraised value of the residence homestead unless a larger amount is specified by the board if the board authorizes the exemption or the petition for the election if the exemption is authorized through an election. Once authorized, an exemption adopted may be repealed or decreased or increased in amount by the board or by the petition and election procedure. In the case of a decrease, the amount of the exemption may not be reduced to less than \$3,000 of the market value.

Tax Code 11.13(d)–(f)

Continuation of Exemption during Construction	If a qualified residential structure for which the owner receives a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13 is rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, the owner may continue to receive the exemption for the structure and the land and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the structure while the owner constructs a replacement qualified residential structure on the land in accordance with Tax Code 11.135. <i>Tax Code 11.135(a), .26(n); 34 TAC 9.416</i>
Surviving Spouse of First Responder	The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally in- jured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse is an eligible survivor for pur- poses of Government Code Chapter 615 as determined by the Em- ployees Retirement System of Texas and has not remarried since the first responder's death. <i>Tax Code 11.134</i>
Veteran Exemptions 100 Percent Disabled	A disabled veteran who receives from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or its successor 100 percent disability compensation due to a service-connected disability and a rating of 100 percent disabled or of individual unemployability is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the veteran's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.131(b)</i>
Partially Disabled with Donated Residence	A disabled veteran who has a disability rating of less than 100 per- cent is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of the disabled veteran's residence homestead equal to the disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated to the disabled veteran by a charitable or- ganization at no cost to the disabled veteran, or at some cost to the disabled veteran in the form of a cash payment, a mortgage, or both in an aggregate amount that is not more than 50 percent of the good faith estimate of the market value of the residence home- stead made by the charitable organization as of the date of the do- nation. <i>Tax Code 11.132(b)</i>
Surviving Spouse of Veteran	The surviving spouse of a disabled veteran, as defined by Tax Code $11.22(h)(3)$, is entitled to the same exemption from taxation of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied or would have applied if it had been in effect on the date of death if:
	1. The surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the disabled veteran; and
	 The property was the residence homestead of the surviving spouse when the disabled veteran died and remains the resi- dence homestead of the surviving spouse.
	Tax Code 11.131, .132

AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAY	MENTS	CC (LEG
Surviving Spouse of Individual Killed in Action	The surviving spouse of a member of the arms United States who is killed in action is entitled from taxation of the total appraised value of th residence homestead if the surviving spouse h since the death of the member of the armed se 11.133	to an exemption e surviving spouse as not remarried
	Tex. Const. Art. VIII, Sec. 1-b (Residence Hon tions and Limitations)	nestead Tax Exem
Disabled Veteran	A disabled veteran is entitled to an exemption portion of the assessed value of a property the designates under Tax Code 11.22(f). <i>Tax Code</i>	e veteran owns an
Exemption for Subsequent Residence	The surviving spouse of a first responder, disa armed services member killed in action who re- for a residence homestead is entitled to receiv taxation of a different property that the survivin quently qualifies as the surviving spouse's res an amount equal to the dollar amount of the ex- tion of the first property for which the surviving exemption in the last year in which the survivin that exemption if the surviving spouse has not 11.131(d), .132(d), .133(c), .134(d)	eceives an exemption from e an exemption from g spouse subse- idence homestead comption from tax spouse received and spouse re
Optional Exemptions	Among others, a board may grant additional ta cordance with applicable law for:	ax exemptions in a
	1. Residential property owned by the United of the United States and used to provide for the indigent under a program operated U.S. Department of Housing and Urban I <i>Code 11.111</i>	transitional housir d or directed by th
	2. Land and housing units on the land owner land trust. <i>Tax Code 11.1827</i>	ed by a community
	3. Certain historic structures or archeologica necessary to access and use the structur site. The board may not repeal or reduce exemption for a property that otherwise q emption unless the property owner conse reduction or the district provides written r reduction to the owner not later than five date the board repeals or reduces the ex 11.24	e or archeologica the amount of an ualifies for the ex- ents to the repeal otice of the repea years before the
	4. Property on which approved water conse desalination projects, or brush control init	

	If a district adopts, amends, or repeals an exemption that the dis- trict by law has the option to adopt or not, the district shall notify the appraisal office of its action and of the terms of the exemption within 30 days after the date of its action. <i>Tax Code 6.08</i>	
Goods-in-Transit	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the appraised value of that portion of the person's property that consists of goods-in-transit, as defined in Tax Code 11.253(a)(2).	
	A board, by official action, may provide for the taxation of goods-in- transit exempt under Tax Code 11.253(b) and not exempt under other law. The official action to tax the goods-in-transit must be taken before January 1 of the first tax year in which the board pro- poses to tax goods-in-transit. Before acting to tax the exempt prop- erty, a board must conduct a public hearing as required by Texas Constitution Article VIII, Section 1-n(d). If the board provides for the taxation of the goods-in-transit as provided by this provision, the exemption stated above does not apply to that district. The goods- in-transit remain subject to taxation by the district until the board, by official action, rescinds or repeals its previous action to tax goods-in-transit, or otherwise determines that the exemption will apply to that district.	
	Notwithstanding official action that was taken before October 1, 2011, to tax goods-in-transit, a district may not tax such goods-in-transit in a tax year that begins on or after January 1, 2012, unless the board takes official action on or after October 1, 2011, to provide for the taxation of the goods-in-transit.	
Exception	If a board, before October 1, 2011, took action to provide for the taxation of goods-in-transit and pledged the taxes imposed on the goods-in-transit for the payment of a debt of the district, the district tax officials may continue to impose the taxes against the goods-in-transit until the debt is discharged, if cessation of the imposition would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created.	
	Tax Code 11.253(b), (j)–(j-2)	
Payment Options Discounts	The board may adopt, by official action, one or both of the discount options below. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	
Option 1	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply regardless of the date on which the district mails its tax bills:	
	1. Three percent if the tax is paid in October or earlier.	
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid in November.	
	3. One percent if the tax is paid in December.	
	Tax Code 31.05(b)	
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	This discount does not apply to taxes that are calculated too late for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>		
Option 2	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply when the dis- trict mails its tax bills after September 30:		
	1.	Three percent if the tax is paid before or during the next full calendar month following the date on which the tax bills were mailed.	
	2.	Two percent if the tax is paid during the second full calendar month following the date on which the tax bills were mailed.	
	3.	One percent if the tax is paid during the third full calendar month following the date on which the tax bills were mailed.	
	Tax	Code 31.05(c)	
Both Options	1 ap ber 3	board adopts both discounts, the discounts described at Option ply unless the tax bills for the district are mailed after Septem- 30, in which case only the discounts described at Option 2 ap- <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	
Rescission	The	board may rescind a discount lawfully adopted by the board. rescission of a discount takes effect in the tax year following year in which the discount is rescinded. <i>Tax Code 31.05(d)</i>	
Split Payments	offic taxe taxe	board of a district that collects its own taxes may provide, by ial action, that a person who pays one-half of the district's s before December 1 may pay the remaining one-half of the s without penalty or interest at any time before July 1 of the fol- ng year.	
	If a board contracts with the appraisal district for collection of taxes, the split-payment option does not apply to taxes collected by the appraisal district unless approved by resolution adopted by a ma- jority of the governing bodies of the taxing units whose taxes the appraisal district collects and filed with the secretary of the ap- praisal district board of directors. The split-payment option may be revoked in the same manner as provided for adoption.		
	Tax Code 31.03		
		payment option does not apply to taxes that are calculated too for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>	
In Certain Counties	not l cour Mex	board of a district located in a county having a population of ess than 285,000 and not more than 300,000 that borders a nty having a population of 3.3 million or more and the Gulf of ico that has its taxes collected by another taxing unit that has oted the split-payment option may provide, by official action,	

	that the split-payment option does not apply to the district's taxes collected by the other taxing unit. <i>Tax Code 31.03(d)</i>	
Installment Payments <i>Certain</i> <i>Homesteads</i>	An individual who is disabled or at least 65 years of age and quali- fied for a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13(c), or an in- dividual who is a disabled veteran or the unmarried surviving spouse of a disabled veteran and qualified for an exemption under Tax Code 11.132 or 11.22, may pay district taxes imposed on the person's residence homestead property in four equal installments without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates set out in Tax Code 31.031. <i>Tax Code 31.031</i>	
Disaster Area	A person may pay district taxes imposed on certain property the person owns in four equal installments without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates set out in Tax Code 31.032. This option applies to real or personal property described in Tax Code 31.032(a) and taxes that are imposed on the property by a district before the first anniversary of the disaster, as defined by Government Code 418.004. <i>Tax Code 31.032</i>	
Services in Lieu of Paying Taxes	The board by resolution may permit certain individuals or business entities to perform certain services for the district in lieu of paying the district property taxes. While performing services for a district, the individual is not an employee of the district and is not entitled to any benefit, including workers' compensation coverage, that the district provides to its employees. <i>Tax Code 31.035, .036, .037</i>	
Persons 65 and Over	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.035, the board by or- der or resolution may permit an individual who is at least 65 years of age to perform service for the district in lieu of paying taxes im- posed by a district on property owned by the individual and occu- pied as the individual's residence homestead. Property owners performing services for a district under this provision may only sup- plement or complement the regular personnel of the district. A dis- trict may not reduce the number of persons the district employs or reduce the number of hours to be worked by employees of the dis- trict because the district permits property owners to perform ser- vices for the district under this provision. <i>Tax Code 31.035(a), (g)</i>	
Teaching Services	An individual is qualified to perform teaching services for a district under the provisions below only if the individual holds a baccalau- reate or more advanced degree in a field related to each course to be taught and:	
	 Is certified as a classroom teacher under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or 	
	2. Obtains a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055.	
	Tax Code 31.036(h), .037(i)	

By Individual	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.036, the board by resolution may permit qualified individuals to perform teaching services for the district at a junior high school or high school of the district in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property owned and occupied by the individual as a residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 31.036</i>
By Employee of Business Entity	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.037, a board by resolu- tion may authorize a corporation or other business entity to permit a qualified individual employed by the business entity to perform teaching services in a high school or a junior high school for the district in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property owned by the business entity. <i>Tax Code 31.037</i>
Delinquent Taxes Delinquency Date	Except as provided by Tax Code 31.02(b) (payment by certain eligible persons on active duty in the armed forces), 31.03 (split payments), and 31.04 (postponement of delinquency date based on mailing date of tax bills), taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. <i>Tax Code 31.02</i>
	<i>Note:</i> Delinquent taxes incur penalties and accrue interest in accordance with Tax Code 33.01, subject to any waiver by the board pursuant to Tax Code 33.011.
Delinquent Tax Collection	A board may contract with any competent attorney to represent the district to enforce the collection of delinquent taxes. The attorney's compensation is set in the contract, but the total amount of compensation provided may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of delinquent tax, penalty, and interest collected. <i>Tax Code 6.30(c)</i> [See CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal services and Government Code 2254.102(c) for additional requirements.]
Additional Penalties	The board may provide, by official action, that taxes that become delinquent at a certain time incur an additional penalty to defray costs of collection if the board has contracted with an attorney as provided above. <i>Tax Code 33.07, .08</i>
	¹ Texas Comptroller Property Tax Exemptions website:

¹ Texas Comptroller Property Tax Exemptions website: <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/exemptions/</u>

Denton ISD 061901	
LOCAL REVENUE SOUF APPRAISAL DISTRICT	RCES CCH (LEGAL)
Appraisal Function	The county appraisal district is responsible for appraising property in the appraisal district for ad valorem tax purposes of each taxing unit in the appraisal district. <i>Tax Code 6.01(b)</i>
Restrictions on Employment	An individual may not be employed by an appraisal district if the in- dividual is an officer or employee of a taxing unit that participates in the appraisal district. <i>Tax Code 6.054</i>
Notice of Boundary Change	If a new taxing unit is formed or an existing taxing unit's boundaries are altered, the unit shall notify the appraisal office of the new boundaries within 30 days after the date the unit is formed or its boundaries are altered. <i>Tax Code 6.07</i>
Appraisal District Board of Directors	The appraisal district is governed by a board of directors. Five di- rectors are appointed by the taxing units that participate in the ap- praisal district as provided by Tax Code 6.03.
Eligibility	To be eligible to serve on the appraisal district board, an individual other than a county assessor-collector serving as a nonvoting di- rector must be a resident of the appraisal district and must have re- sided in the appraisal district for at least two years immediately preceding the date the individual takes office. An individual who is otherwise eligible to serve on the appraisal district board is not inel- igible because of membership on the governing body of a taxing unit.
	An employee of a taxing unit is not eligible to serve on the ap- praisal district board unless the employee is also a member of the governing body or an elected official of a taxing unit that partici- pates in the appraisal district.
	Tax Code 6.03(a)
Restrictions <i>Nepotism</i>	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual is related within the second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Government Code Chapter 573 [see DBE], to an individual who is engaged in the business of ap- praising property for compensation for use in proceedings under Tax Code Title 1 (the Property Tax Code) or of representing prop- erty owners for compensation in proceedings under the Property Tax Code in the appraisal district.
Delinquent Taxes	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual owns property on which delinquent taxes have been owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the indi- vidual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless the delinquent taxes and any penalties and interest are being paid un- der an installment payment agreement, or a suit to collect the de- linquent taxes is deferred or abated.

Tax Code 6.035(a)

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES APPRAISAL DISTRICT

Prior Property Appraiser or Owner Representative	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual has engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under the Property Tax Code or of representing property owners for compensation in pro- ceedings under the Property Tax Code in the appraisal district at any time during the preceding three years. <i>Tax Code 6.035(a-1)</i>
Conflict of Interest	An individual is not eligible to be appointed to or to serve on an ap- praisal district board if the individual or a business entity in which the individual has a substantial interest is a party to a contract with the appraisal district or a taxing unit that participates in the ap- praisal district, if the contract relates to the performance of an ac- tivity governed by the Property Tax Code.
	A taxing unit may not enter into a contract relating to the perfor- mance of an activity governed by the Property Tax Code with a member of the appraisal district board or with a business entity in which an appraisal district board member has a substantial inter- est.
	An individual has a substantial interest in a business entity if the combined ownership of the individual and the individual's spouse is at least ten percent of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or the individual or the individual's spouse is a partner, lim- ited partner, or officer of the business entity.
	"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, holding company, joint-stock company, receivership, trust, or other entity recognized by law.
	Tax Code 6.036
Recall	In accordance with Tax Code 6.033, the governing body of a taxing unit, by resolution filed with the chief appraiser, may call for the recall of a member of the appraisal district board for whom the unit cast any of its votes in the appointment of the appraisal district board. <i>Tax Code</i> 6.033(a)
Budget and Financing	Each year the chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed budget for the operations of the appraisal district for the following tax year as described in Tax Code 6.06(a) and shall submit copies to each tax- ing unit and the appraisal district board before June 15.
Public Inspection	Each taxing unit shall maintain a copy of the proposed budget for public inspection at its principal administrative office.
Budget Adoption	The appraisal district board shall hold a public hearing to consider the budget. The secretary of the appraisal district board shall de- liver to the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit not later than the tenth day before the date of the hearing a

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES APPRAISAL DISTRICT

	written notice of the date, time, and place fixed for the hearing. T appraisal district board of directors shall complete its hearings, make any amendments to the proposed budget it desires, and fi- nally approve a budget before September 15.	
	If governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units adopt resolu- tions disapproving a budget and file them with the secretary of the appraisal district board within 30 days after its adoption, the budge does not take effect, and the appraisal district board shall adopt new budget within 30 days of the disapproval.	ne get
Amendments	The appraisal district board may amend the approved budget at any time, but the secretary of the appraisal district board must de liver a written copy of a proposed amendment to the presiding of ficer of the governing body of each taxing unit not later than the 30th day before the date the appraisal district board acts on it.	
Allocation	Each taxing unit participating in the appraisal district is allocated portion of the amount of the budget equal to the proportion that t total dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the appraisal dis trict by the unit for the tax year in which the budget proposal is pr pared bears to the sum of the total dollar amount of property taxe imposed in the district by each participating unit for that year. Un less the governing body of a unit and the chief appraiser agree to different method of payment, each taxing unit shall pay its alloca- tion in four equal payments to be made at the end of each calend quarter, and the first payment shall be made before January 1 of the year in which the budget takes effect.	the s- re- es h- o a h- dar
	Tax Code 6.06(a)–(e)	
Changes in Method of Financing	The appraisal district board, in accordance with Tax Code 6.061(may prescribe a different method of allocating the costs of opera ing the appraisal district unless the governing body of any taxing unit adopts a resolution opposing the different method, and files with the appraisal district board before September 1.	at- I
	The taxing units may adopt a different method of allocating the costs of operating the appraisal district in accordance with Tax Code 6.061.	
	Tax Code 6.061	
Disapproval of Appraisal District Board Actions	If the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units adopt resulutions disapproving an action, other than adoption of the budget by the appraisal district board and file them with the secretary of the appraisal district board within 15 days after the action is take the action is revoked effective the day after the day on which the required number of resolutions is filed. <i>Tax Code 6.10</i>	t, en,
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LOCAL REVENUE SOU APPRAISAL DISTRICT	IRCES	CCH (LEGAL)
Appraisal Review Board	An appraisal review board is established for each appraisa This does not preclude the boards of directors of two or me joining appraisal districts from providing for the operation of solidated appraisal review board by interlocal contract.	ore ad-
Appointment <i>Counties of Less</i> <i>than 120,000</i>	Members of the appraisal review board are appointed by roof a majority of the appraisal district board of directors.	esolution
<i>Counties of 120,000 or More</i>	Members of the board are appointed by the local administriudge under Government Code Chapter 74, Subchapter D county in which the appraisal district is established.	
	Tax Code 6.41	
Eligibility	Appraisal review board members are subject to the eligibil strictions described in Tax Code 6.412 and the conflict of in provisions set forth in Tax Code 6.413. <i>Tax Code</i> 6.412, .4	nterest
Prohibition on Contracts	A school district may not enter into a contract with a membrappraisal review board established for an appraisal district the school district participates or with a business entity in wember of the appraisal review board has a substantial indefined in Tax Code 6.413(d). <i>Tax Code 6.413(c)</i>	t in which which a
Auxiliary Appraisal Review Board Members	The appraisal district board by resolution may provide for a of auxiliary appraisal review board members that the board ers appropriate to hear taxpayer protests before the appraview board and to assist the board in performing its duties. <i>Code 6.414(a)</i>	d consid- isal re-

OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)	
	Fun Sub	nvestments made by a district shall comply with the Public ds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256, chapter A) and all federal, state, and local statutes, rules, or Ilations. <i>Gov't Code 2256.026</i>	
Definitions Bond Proceeds	note	nd proceeds" means the proceeds from the sale of bonds, es, and other obligations issued by a district, and reserves and Is maintained by a district for debt service purposes.	
Investment Pool	"Investment pool" means an entity created under the Texas Gov- ernment Code to invest public funds jointly on behalf of the entities that participate in the pool and whose investment objectives in or- der of priority are preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, and yield.		
Pooled Fund Group	"Pooled fund group" means an internally created fund of a district in which one or more institutional accounts of a district are in- vested.		
Separately Invested Asset	"Separately invested asset" means an account or fund of a district that is not invested in a pooled fund group.		
	Gov	't Code 2256.002(1), (6), (9), (12)	
Pledged Revenue	"Pledged revenue" means money pledged to the payment of o security for:		
	1.	Bonds or other indebtedness issued by a district;	
	2.	Obligations under a lease, installment sale, or other agree- ment of a district; or	
	3.	Certificates of participation in a debt or obligation described by item 1 or 2.	
	Gov	't Code 2256.0208(a)	
Repurchase Agreement	"Repurchase agreement" means a simultaneous agreement to buy, hold for a specified time, and sell back at a future date obligations, described by Government Code 2256.009(a)(1) (obligations of gov- ernmental entities) or 2256.013 (commercial paper) or if applicable, 2256.0204 (corporate bonds), at a market value at the time the funds are disbursed of not less than the principal amount of the funds disbursed. The term includes a direct security repurchase agreement and a reverse security repurchase agreement. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 2256.011(b)</i>		
Hedging	"Hedging" means acting to protect against economic loss due to price fluctuation of a commodity or related investment by entering		

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)
		an offsetting position or using a financial agreement or pro- er price agreement in a correlated security, index, or other com- lity.
Eligible Entity	"Elig	gible entity" means a political subdivision that has:
	1.	A principal amount of at least \$250 million in outstanding long- term indebtedness, long-term indebtedness proposed to be issued, or a combination of outstanding long-term indebted- ness and long-term indebtedness proposed to be issued; and
	2.	Outstanding long-term indebtedness that is rated in one of the four highest rating categories for long-term debt instruments by a nationally recognized rating agency for municipal securi- ties, without regard to the effect of any credit agreement or other form of credit enhancement entered into in connection with the obligation.
Eligible Project		gible project" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 1.001 (issuance of obligations for certain public improvements).
	Gov	't Code 2256.0207(a)
Corporate Bond	"Corporate bond" means a senior secured debt obligation issued by a domestic business entity and rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. The term does not include a debt obligation that, on conversion, would result in the holder becoming a stockholder or shareholder in the entity, or any affiliate or subsidiary of the entity, that issued the debt obligation, or is an unsecured debt obligation. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2256.0204(a)	
Written Policies	The board shall adopt by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution, as appropriate, a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds and funds under its control. The investment policies must primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity and must ad- dress investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management. The policies must in- clude:	
	1.	A list of the types of authorized investments in which the dis- trict's funds may be invested;
	2.	The maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual in- vestment owned by the district;
	3.	For pooled fund groups, the maximum dollar-weighted aver- age maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date of the portfolio;

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	4.	Methods to monitor the market price of investments acquired with public funds;
	5.	A requirement for settlement of all transactions, except invest- ment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus pay- ment basis; and
	6.	Procedures to monitor rating changes in investments acquired with public funds and the liquidation of such investments con- sistent with the provisions of Government Code 2256.021 [see Loss of Required Rating, below].
	Gov	/'t Code 2256.005(a), (b)
Annual Review	gies mer viev the to e	board shall review its investment policy and investment strate- s not less than annually. The board shall adopt a written instru- nt by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution stating that it has re- ved the investment policy and investment strategies and that written instrument so adopted shall record any changes made ither the investment policy or investment strategies. <i>Gov't Code</i> 66.005(e)
Annual Audit	A district shall perform a compliance audit of management controls on investments and adherence to the district's established invest- ment policies. The compliance audit shall be performed in conjunc- tion with the annual financial audit. <i>Gov't Code 2256.005(m)</i>	
Investment Strategies	sep of fu des	an integral part of the investment policy, the board shall adopt a arate written investment strategy for each of the funds or group unds under the board's control. Each investment strategy must cribe the investment objectives for the particular fund using the owing priorities in order of importance:
	1.	Understanding of the suitability of the investment to the finan- cial requirements of the district;
	2.	Preservation and safety of principal;
	3.	Liquidity;
	4.	Marketability of the investment if the need arises to liquidate the investment before maturity;
	5.	Diversification of the investment portfolio; and
	6.	Yield.
	Gou	r't Code 2256.005(d)
Investment Officer	app	strict shall designate by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution, as ropriate, one or more officers or employees as investment of- r(s) to be responsible for the investment of its funds consistent
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	with the investment policy adopted by the board. If the boar contracted with another investing entity to invest its funds, to vestment officer of the other investing entity is considered to investment officer of the contracting board's district. In the a istration of the duties of an investment officer, the person de nated as investment officer shall exercise the judgment and under prevailing circumstances, that a prudent person woul cise in the management of the person's own affairs, but the retains the ultimate responsibility as fiduciaries of the assets district. Unless authorized by law, a person may not deposit draw, transfer, or manage in any other manner the funds of trict. Authority granted to a person to invest the district's fun fective until rescinded by the district or until termination of th person's employment by a district, or for an investment mar ment firm, until the expiration of the contract with the district <i>Code 2256.005(f)</i>	he in- o be the admin- esig- l care, d exer- board s of the t, with- the dis- ids is ef- ne nage-
	A district or investment officer may use the district's employ the services of a contractor of the district to aid the investme ficer in the execution of the officer's duties under Governme Code, Chapter 2256. <i>Gov't Code 2256.003(c)</i>	ent of-
Investment Training	Investment training must include education in investment co security risks, strategy risks, market risks, diversification of ment portfolio, and compliance with the Public Funds Invest Act. <i>Gov't Code 2256.008(c)</i>	invest-
Initial	Within 12 months after taking office or assuming duties, the urer, the chief financial officer if the treasurer is not the chie cial officer, and the investment officer of a district shall atter least one training session from an independent source approved by the board or a designated investment committee advisin vestment officer. This initial training must contain at least te of instruction relating to their respective responsibilities und Public Funds Investment Act. <i>Gov't Code 2256.008(a)</i>	f finan- nd at roved g the in- n hours
Ongoing	The treasurer, or the chief financial officer if the treasurer is chief financial officer, and the investment officer of a district attend an investment training session not less than once in year period that begins on the first day of the district's fiscal and consists of the two consecutive fiscal years after that d receive not less than eight hours of instruction relating to im ment responsibilities under the Public Funds Investment Ac an independent source approved by the board or by a desig investment committee advising the investment officer. <i>Gov</i> 2256.008(a-1)	shall a two- l year ate, and vest- t from gnated
Exception	The ongoing training requirement does not apply to the trea chief financial officer, or investment officer of a district if:	surer,
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- 1. The district does not invest district funds or only deposits those funds in interest-bearing deposit accounts or certificates of deposit as authorized by Government Code 2256.010; and
- 2. The treasurer, chief financial officer, or investment officer annually submits to the agency a sworn affidavit identifying the applicable criteria under item 1 that apply to the district.

Gov't Code 2256.008(g)

Standard of Care Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived. Investment of funds shall be governed by the following objectives, in order of priority:

- 1. Preservation and safety of principal;
- 2. Liquidity; and
- 3. Yield.

In determining whether an investment officer has exercised prudence with respect to an investment decision, the following shall be taken into consideration:

- 1. The investment of all funds, or funds under the district's control, over which the officer had responsibility rather than the prudence of a single investment; and
- 2. Whether the investment decision was consistent with the district's written investment policy.

Gov't Code 2256.006

Personal Interest A district investment officer who has a personal business relationship with a business organization offering to engage in an investment transaction with the district shall file a statement disclosing that personal business interest. An investment officer who is related within the second degree by affinity or consanguinity, as determined by Government Code Chapter 573 (nepotism prohibition), to an individual seeking to sell an investment to the investment officer's district shall file a statement disclosing that relationship. A required statement must be filed with the board and with the Texas Ethics Commission. For purposes of this policy, an investment officer has a personal business relationship with a business organization if:

OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

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- 1. The investment officer owns ten percent or more of the voting stock or shares of the business organization or owns \$5,000 or more of the fair market value of the business organization;
- 2. Funds received by the investment officer from the business organization exceed ten percent of the investment officer's gross income for the previous year; or
- 3. The investment officer has acquired from the business organization during the previous year investments with a book value of \$2,500 or more for the personal account of the investment officer.

Gov't Code 2256.005(i)

- *Quarterly Reports* Not less than quarterly, the investment officer shall prepare and submit to the board a written report of investment transactions for all funds covered by the Public Funds Investment Act for the preceding reporting period. This report shall be presented not less than quarterly to the board and the superintendent within a reasonable time after the end of the period. The report must:
 - 1. Describe in detail the investment position of the district on the date of the report;
 - 2. Be prepared jointly and signed by all district investment officers;
 - 3. Contain a summary statement of each pooled fund group that states the:
 - a. Beginning market value for the reporting period;
 - b. Ending market value for the period; and
 - c. Fully accrued interest for the reporting period;
 - State the book value and market value of each separately invested asset at the end of the reporting period by the type of asset and fund type invested;
 - 5. State the maturity date of each separately invested asset that has a maturity date;
 - 6. State the account or fund or pooled group fund in the district for which each individual investment was acquired; and
 - 7. State the compliance of the investment portfolio of the district as it relates to the investment strategy expressed in the district's investment policy and relevant provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act.

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS	CDA (LEGAL)		
	If a district invests in other than money market mutual funds, in- vestment pools or accounts offered by its depository bank in the form of certificates of deposit, or money market accounts or similar accounts, the reports prepared by the investment officers shall be formally reviewed at least annually by an independent auditor, and the result of the review shall be reported to the board by that audi- tor.		
	Gov't Code 2256.023		
Selection of Broker	The board or the designated investment committee shall, at least annually, review, revise, and adopt a list of qualified brokers that are authorized to engage in investment transactions with a district. <i>Gov't Code 2256.025</i>		
Bond Proceeds	The investment officer of a district may invest bond proceeds or pledged revenue only to the extent permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act, in accordance with:		
	 Statutory provisions governing the debt issuance or the agreement, as applicable; and 		
	2. The district's investment policy regarding the debt issuance or the agreement, as applicable.		
	Gov't Code 2256.0208(b)		
Authorized Investments	A board may purchase, sell, and invest its funds and funds under its control in investments described below, in compliance with its adopted investment policies and according to the standard of care set out in this policy. <i>Gov't Code 2256.003(a)</i>		
	In the exercise of these powers, the board may contract with an investment management firm registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.) or with the State Securities Board to provide for the investment and management of its public funds or other funds under its control. A contract made under this authority may not be for a term longer than two years. A renewal or extension of the contract must be made by the board by order, ordinance, or resolution. <i>Gov't Code 2256.003(b)</i>		
	The board may specify in its investment policy that any authorized investment is not suitable. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2256.005(j)		
Obligations of	The following are authorized investments:		
Governmental Entities	 Obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including the Federal Home Loan Banks; 		

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- 2. Direct obligations of this state or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States;
- 4. Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, this state, the United States, or their respective agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States;
- 5. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent;
- 6. Bonds issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the state of Israel;
- Interest-bearing banking deposits that are guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or its successor, or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or its successor; and
- 8. Interest-bearing banking deposits other than those described at item 7 above if:
 - a. The funds are invested through a broker with a main office or a branch office in this state that the district selects from a list the board or designated investment committee of the district adopts as required at Selection of Broker above or a depository institution with a main office or a branch office in this state and that the district selects;
 - The broker or depository institution selected as described above arranges for the deposit of the funds in the banking deposits in one or more federally insured depository institutions, regardless of where located, for the district's account;
 - c. The full amount of the principal and accrued interest of the banking deposits is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and
 - d. The district appoints as the district's custodian of the banking deposits issued for the district's account the de-

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		pository institution selected as described above, an en- tity described by Government Code 2257.041(d) (custo- dian with which to deposit securities), or a clearing bro- ker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and operating under Rule 15c3-3 (17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c3-3).	
	Goi	/'t Code 2256.009(a)	
Unauthorized	The following investments are not authorized:		
Obligations	1.	Obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mort- gage-backed security collateral and pays no principal;	
	2.	Obligations whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security col- lateral and bears no interest;	
	3.	Collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity date of greater than ten years; and	
	4.	Collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.	
	Gov	/'t Code 2256.009(b)	
Certificates of Deposit and Share Certificates	A certificate of deposit or share certificate is an authorized invest- ment if the certificate is issued by a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and is:		
	1.	Guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or its successor or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or its successor;	
	2.	Secured by obligations described at Obligations of Govern- mental Entities, above, including mortgage backed securities directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates, but excluding those mortgage backed securi- ties described at Unauthorized Obligations, above; or	
	3.	Secured in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2257 (Public Funds Collateral Act) or in any other manner and amount provided by law for the deposits of the district.	
	Gov	/'t Code 2256.010(a)	
		ddition to the authority to invest funds in certificates of deposit	

under the previous section, an investment in certificates of deposit made in accordance with the following conditions is an authorized investment:

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	1.	The funds are invested by the district through a broker that has its main office or a branch office in this state and is se- lected from a list adopted by the district as required at Selec- tion of Broker, above or a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in this state and that is selected by the district;	
	2.	The broker or depository institution selected by the district ar- ranges for the deposit of the funds in certificates of deposit in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wher- ever located, for the account of the district;	
	3.	The full amount of the principal and accrued interest of each of the certificates of deposit is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States; and	
	4.	The district appoints the depository institution selected by the district, an entity described by Government Code 2257.041(d) (custodian with which to deposit securities), or a clearing bro- ker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Com- mission and operating pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 (17 C.F.R. Section 240.15c3-3) as custodian for the district with respect to the certificates of de- posit issued for the account of the district.	
	Gov	't Code 2256.010(b)	
	cates	district's investment policies may provide that bids for certifi- s of deposit be solicited orally, in writing, electronically, or in combination of those methods. <i>Gov't Code 2256.005(c)</i>	
Repurchase Agreements	A fully collateralized repurchase agreement is an authorized invest- ment if it:		
	1.	Has a defined termination date;	
	2.	Is secured by a combination of cash and obligations de- scribed by Government Code 2256.009(a)(1) (obligations of governmental entities) or 2256.013 (commercial paper) or if applicable, 2256.0204 (corporate bonds);	
	3.	Requires the securities being purchased by the district or cash held by the district to be pledged to the district, held in the district's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the district or a third party selected and ap- proved by the district; and	
	4.	Is placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve or a financial institution doing business in Texas.	

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	exc agr terr acc tho rati Go gat	eed S eeme ms of quire a rized on da vernm ions f	n of any reverse security repurchase agreement may not 20 days after the date the reverse security repurchase ent is delivered. Money received by a district under the a reverse security repurchase agreement shall be used to additional authorized investments, but the term of the au- investments acquired must mature not later than the expi- ite stated in the reverse security repurchase agreement. hent Code 1371.059(c) (validity and incontestability of obli- for certain public improvements) applies to the execution of			
		a repurchase agreement by a district.				
Securities Londing		Gov't Code 2256.011				
Securities Lending Program			ies lending program is an authorized investment if:			
-	1.		The value of securities loaned is not less than 100 percent collateralized, including accrued income;			
	2.	A lo	oan allows for termination at any time;			
	3.	A lo	oan is secured by:			
		a.	Pledged securities described at Obligations of Govern- mental Entities, above;			
		b.	Pledged irrevocable letters of credit issued by a bank that is organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any other state, and continuously rated by at least one nationally recognized investment rating firm at not less than A or its equivalent; or			
		C.	Cash invested in accordance with Government Code 2256.009 (obligations of governmental entities), 2256.013 (commercial paper), 2256.014 (mutual funds), or 2256.016 (investment pools);			
	4.	coll and trict	e terms of a loan require that the securities being held as ateral be pledged to the district, held in the district's name, I deposited at the time the investment is made with the dis- t or with a third party selected by or approved by the dis- t; and			
	5.	dea reg	pan is placed through a primary government securities aler, as defined by 5 C.F.R. Section 6801.102(f), as that ulation existed on September 1, 2003, or a financial institu- a doing business in this state.			
		•	ement to lend securities under a securities lending program /e a term of one year or less.			
	Caut Cada 2256 0115					

Gov't Code 2256.0115

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Banker's Acceptances	A banker's acce	ptance is an authorized investment if it:
Acceptances	 Has a state suance; 	ed maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of is-
	2. Will be, in turity;	accordance with its terms, liquidated in full at ma-
	3. Is eligible f Bank; and	or collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve
	of the Unit of the ban is the large	d by a bank organized and existing under the laws ed States or any state, if the short-term obligations k, or of a bank holding company of which the bank est subsidiary, are rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or ent rating by at least on nationally recognized credit ncy.
	Gov't Code 225	6.012
Commercial Paper	naturity of 365	per is an authorized investment if it has a stated days or fewer from the date of issuance; and is an A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least:
	1. Two natior	ally recognized credit rating agencies; or
	cured by a	ally recognized credit rating agency and is fully se- n irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank orga- existing under the laws of the United States law or
	Gov't Code 225	6.013
Mutual Funds	A no-load mone he mutual fund	y market mutual fund is an authorized investment if
	I. Is registere change Co	ed with and regulated by the Securities and Ex- mmission;
	required by U.S.C. 78a	ne district with a prospectus and other information / the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (15 a et seq.) or the Investment Company Act of 1940 80a-1 et seq.); and
	Rule 2a-7	with federal Securities and Exchange Commission (17 C.F.R. Section 270.2a-7), promulgated under nent Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-
	Gov't Code 225	6.014(a)

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	In addition to the no-load money market mutual fund authorized above, a no-load mutual fund is an authorized investment if it:			
	1.	Is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission;		
	2.	Has	an average weighted maturity of less than two years; and	
	3.	Eith	er has a duration of:	
		a.	One year or more and is invested exclusively in obliga- tions approved by the Public Funds Investment Act, or	
		b.	Less than one year and the investment portfolio is lim- ited to investment grade securities, excluding asset- backed securities.	
	Gov	't Co	de 2256.014(b)	
Limitations	A di	strict	is not authorized to:	
	1.	ave and	est in the aggregate more than 15 percent of its monthly rage fund balance, excluding bond proceeds and reserves other funds held for debt service, in mutual funds de- bed in Government Code 2256.014(b);	
	2.	for o	est any portion of bond proceeds, reserves and funds held debt service, in mutual funds described in Government le 2256.014(b); or	
	3.	cee any 225	est its funds or funds under its control, including bond pro- ds and reserves and other funds held for debt service, in one mutual fund described in Government Code 6.014(a) or (b) in an amount that exceeds ten percent of total assets of the mutual fund.	
	Gov	't Co	de 2256.014(c)	
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	A guaranteed investment contract is an authorized investment for bond proceeds if the guaranteed investment contract:			
	1.	Has	a defined termination date;	
	2.	mer at U	ecured by obligations described at Obligations of Govern- ntal Entities, above, excluding those obligations described Inauthorized Obligations, in an amount at least equal to amount of bond proceeds invested under the contract;	
	3.	-	ledged to the district and deposited with the district or with ird party selected and approved by the district.	

OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS

	Bond proceeds, other than bond proceeds representing reserves and funds maintained for debt service purposes, may not be in- vested in a guaranteed investment contract with a term longer than five years from the date of issuance of the bonds.			
	To be eligible as an authorized investment:			
	 The board must specifically authorize guaranteed investment contracts as eligible investments in the order, ordinance, or resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds; 			
	 The district must receive bids from at least three separate providers with no material financial interest in the bonds from which proceeds were received; 			
	 The district must purchase the highest yielding guaranteed in- vestment contract for which a qualifying bid is received; 			
	 The price of the guaranteed investment contract must take into account the reasonably expected drawdown schedule for the bond proceeds to be invested; and 			
	 The provider must certify the administrative costs reasonably expected to be paid to third parties in connection with the guaranteed investment contract. 			
	Government Code 1371.059(c) (validity and incontestability of obli- gations for certain public improvements) applies to the execution of a guaranteed investment contract by a district.			
	Gov't Code 2256.015			
Investment Pools	A district may invest its funds or funds under its control through an eligible investment pool if the board by rule, order, ordinance, or resolution, as appropriate, authorizes the investment in the particular pool. <i>Gov't Code 2256.016, .019</i>			
	To be eligible to receive funds from and invest funds on behalf of a district, an investment pool must furnish to the investment officer or other authorized representative of the district an offering circular or other similar disclosure instrument that contains the information specified in Government Code 2256.016(b). To maintain eligibility, an investment pool must furnish to the investment officer or other authorized representative investment transaction confirmations and a monthly report that contains the information specified in Government Code 2256.016(c). A district by contract may delegate to an investment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of investments purchased with its local funds. <i>Gov't Code 2256.016(b)-(d)</i>			

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LEGAL)
Corporate Bonds	Cod and that inve nal r	strict that qualifies as an issuer as defined by Government le 1371.001 [see CCF], may purchase, sell, and invest its funds funds under its control in corporate bonds (as defined above) , at the time of purchase, are rated by a nationally recognized estment rating firm "AA-" or the equivalent and have a stated fi- maturity that is not later than the third anniversary of the date corporate bonds were purchased.
	A di	strict is not authorized to:
	1.	Invest in the aggregate more than 15 percent of its monthly average fund balance, excluding bond proceeds, reserves, and other funds held for the payment of debt service, in cor- porate bonds; or
	2.	Invest more than 25 percent of the funds invested in corpo- rate bonds in any one domestic business entity, including sub- sidiaries and affiliates of the entity.
		strict subject to these provisions may purchase, sell, and invest unds and funds under its control in corporate bonds if the rd:
	1.	Amends its investment policy to authorize corporate bonds as an eligible investment;
	2.	Adopts procedures to provide for monitoring rating changes in corporate bonds acquired with public funds and liquidating the investment in corporate bonds; and
	3.	Identifies the funds eligible to be invested in corporate bonds.
	sell later	district investment officer, acting on behalf of the district, shall corporate bonds in which the district has invested its funds not r than the seventh day after the date a nationally recognized in- ment rating firm:
	1.	Issues a release that places the corporate bonds or the do- mestic business entity that issued the corporate bonds on negative credit watch or the equivalent, if the corporate bonds are rated "AA-" or the equivalent at the time the release is is- sued; or
	2.	Changes the rating on the corporate bonds to a rating lower than "AA-" or the equivalent.
	Gov	r't Code 2256.0204
Hedging Transactions	the	board of an eligible entity (as defined above) shall establish entity's policy regarding hedging transactions. An eligible entity enter into hedging transactions, including hedging contracts,

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	tion w eral c ject, w with t	elated security, credit, and insurance agreements in connec- vith commodities used by an eligible entity in the entity's gen- perations, with the acquisition or construction of a capital pro- per with an eligible project. A hedging transaction must comply he regulations of the federal Commodity Futures Trading nission and the federal Securities and Exchange Commis-
	gatio by ar	rnment Code 1371.059(c) (validity and incontestability of obli- ns for certain public improvements) applies to the execution eligible entity of a hedging contract and any related security, , or insurance agreement.
	An el	gible entity may:
		Pledge as security for and to the payment of a hedging con- tract or a security, credit, or insurance agreement any general or special revenues or funds the entity is authorized by law to pledge to the payment of any other obligation.
		Credit any amount the entity receives under a hedging con- tract against expenses associated with a commodity pur- chase.
	agree pens	gible entity's cost of or payment under a hedging contract or ement may be considered an operation and maintenance ex- e, an acquisition expense, or construction expense of the eli- entity; or a project cost of an eligible project.
	Gov'i	Code 2256.0206
Prohibited Investments	ment	ot as provided by Government Code 2270 (prohibited invest- s), a district is not required to liquidate investments that were rized investments at the time of purchase. <i>Gov't Code</i> 017
	Note	As an "investing entity" under Government Code 2270.0001(7)(A), a district must comply with Chapter 2270, including reporting requirements, regarding pro- hibited investments in scrutinized companies listed by the comptroller in accordance with Government Code 2270.0201.
Loss of Required Rating	an au not h meas	vestment that requires a minimum rating does not qualify as thorized investment during the period the investment does ave the minimum rating. A district shall take all prudent ures that are consistent with its investment policy to liquidate vestment that does not have the minimum rating. <i>Gov't Code</i> 021
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Sellers of Investments	A written copy of the investment policy shall be presented to any business organization (as defined below) offering to engage in an investment transaction with a district. The qualified representative of the business organization offering to engage in an investment transaction with a district shall execute a written instrument in a form acceptable to the district and the business organization sub- stantially to the effect that the business organization has:
	1. Received and reviewed the district investment policy; and
	2. Acknowledged that the business organization has imple- mented reasonable procedures and controls in an effort to preclude investment transactions conducted between the dis- trict and the organization that are not authorized by the dis- trict's investment policy, except to the extent that this authori- zation:
	 Is dependent on an analysis of the makeup of the dis- trict's entire portfolio;
	 Requires an interpretation of subjective investment standards; or
	c. Relates to investment transactions of the entity that are not made through accounts or other contractual arrange- ments over which the business organization has ac- cepted discretionary investment authority.
	The investment officer of a district may not acquire or otherwise ob- tain any authorized investment described in the district's invest- ment policy from a business organization that has not delivered to the district the instrument required above.
	Gov't Code 2256.005(k)–(l)
	Nothing in this section relieves the district of the responsibility for monitoring investments made by the district to determine that they are in compliance with the investment policy.
Business Organization	For purposes of the provisions at Sellers of Investments above, "business organization" means an investment pool or investment management firm under contract with a district to invest or manage the district's investment portfolio that has accepted authority granted by the district under the contract to exercise investment discretion in regard to the district's funds.
	Gov't Code 2256.005(k)
Donations	A gift, devise, or bequest made to a district to provide college scholarships for district graduates may be invested by the board as provided in Property Code 117.004 (Uniform Prudent Investor Act),
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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS	CDA (LEGAL)
	unless otherwise specifically provided by the terms of the gift, de- vise, or bequest. <i>Education Code 45.107</i>
	Investments donated to a district for a particular purpose or under terms of use specified by the donor are not subject to the require- ments of the Public Funds Investment Act. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2256.004(b)
Electronic Funds Transfer	A district may use electronic means to transfer or invest all funds collected or controlled by the district. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2256.051

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS		CDA (LOCAL)
Investment Authority	tion s vest the [cour men	Superintendent or other person designated by Board resolu- shall serve as the investment officer of the District and shall in- District funds as directed by the Board and in accordance with District's written investment policy and generally accepted ac- nting procedures. All investment transactions except invest- t pool funds and mutual funds shall be settled on a delivery us payment basis.
Approved Investment Instruments	CDA mit ii plede inves	In those investments authorized by law and described further in (LEGAL) under Authorized Investments, the Board shall per- nvestment of District funds, including bond proceeds and ged revenue to the extent allowed by law, in only the following stment types, consistent with the strategies and maturities de- d in this policy:
	1.	Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities as permitted by Government Code 2256.009.
	2.	Certificates of deposit and share certificates as permitted by Government Code 2256.010.
	3.	Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Gov- ernment Code 2256.011.
	4.	No-load mutual funds, except for bond proceeds, and no-load money market mutual funds, as permitted by Government Code 2256.014.
	5.	A guaranteed investment contract as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds, provided it meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by Government Code 2256.015.
	6.	Public funds investment pools as permitted by Government Code 2256.016.
Safety	princ withi vesti tion peric tions vidua	primary goal of the investment program is to ensure safety of cipal, to maintain liquidity, and to maximize financial returns n current market conditions in accordance with this policy. In- ments shall be made in a manner that ensures the preserva- of capital in the overall portfolio, and offsets during a 12-month of any market price losses resulting from interest-rate fluctua- s by income received from the balance of the portfolio. No indi- al investment transaction shall be undertaken that jeopardizes otal capital position of the overall portfolio.
Investment Management	and in ac	ccordance with Government Code 2256.005(b)(3), the quality capability of investment management for District funds shall be ccordance with the standard of care, investment training, and r requirements set forth in Government Code Chapter 2256.

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS	CDA (LOCAL)
Liquidity and Maturity	Any internally created pool fund group of the District shall have a maximum dollar weighted maturity of 180 days. The maximum al- lowable stated maturity of any other individual investment owned by the District shall not exceed one year from the time of purchase. The Board may specifically authorize a longer maturity for a given investment, within legal limits.
	The District's investment portfolio shall have sufficient liquidity to meet anticipated cash flow requirements.
Diversity	The investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to re- duce risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.
Monitoring Market Prices	The investment officer shall monitor the investment portfolio and shall keep the Board informed of significant changes in the market value of the District's investment portfolio. Information sources may include financial/investment publications and electronic media, available software for tracking investments, depository banks, com- mercial or investment banks, financial advisers, and representa- tives/advisers of investment pools or money market funds. Monitor- ing shall be done at least quarterly, as required by law, and more often as economic conditions warrant by using appropriate reports, indices, or benchmarks for the type of investment.
Monitoring Rating Changes	In accordance with Government Code 2256.005(b), the investment officer shall develop a procedure to monitor changes in investment ratings and to liquidate investments that do not maintain satisfactory ratings.
Funds / Strategies	Investments of the following fund categories shall be consistent with this policy and in accordance with the applicable strategy de- fined below. All strategies described below for the investment of a particular fund should be based on an understanding of the suita- bility of an investment to the financial requirements of the District and consider preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, market- ability of an investment if the need arises to liquidate before ma- turity, diversification of the investment portfolio, and yield.
Operating Funds	Investment strategies for operating funds (including any commin- gled pools containing operating funds) shall have as their primary objectives preservation and safety of principal, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements.
Custodial Funds	Investment strategies for custodial funds shall have as their pri- mary objectives preservation and safety of principal, investment li- quidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow re- quirements.

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OTHER REVENUES INVESTMENTS	CDA (LOCAL)
Debt Service Funds	Investment strategies for debt service funds shall have as their pri- mary objective sufficient investment liquidity to timely meet debt service payment obligations in accordance with provisions in the bond documents. Maturities longer than one year are authorized provided legal limits are not exceeded.
Capital Project Funds	Investment strategies for capital project funds shall have as their primary objective sufficient investment liquidity to timely meet capi- tal project obligations. Maturities longer than one year are author- ized provided legal limits are not exceeded.
Proprietary Funds	Investment strategies for proprietary funds, including enterprise funds and internal service funds, shall have as their primary objec- tives preservation and safety of principal, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements.
Fiduciary Funds	Investment strategies for fiduciary funds, including trust funds and agency funds, shall have as their primary objectives preservation and safety of principal, investment liquidity, and maturity sufficient to meet anticipated cash flow requirements.
Safekeeping and Custody	The District shall retain clearly marked receipts providing proof of the District's ownership. The District may delegate, however, to an investment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of in- vestments purchased with District funds by the investment pool.
Sellers of Investments	Prior to handling investments on behalf of the District, a bro- ker/dealer or a qualified representative of a business organization must submit required written documents in accordance with law. [See Sellers of Investments, CDA(LEGAL)]
	Representatives of brokers/dealers shall be registered with the Texas State Securities Board and must have membership in the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), and be in good standing with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).
Soliciting Bids for CDs	In order to get the best return on its investments, the District may solicit bids for certificates of deposit in writing, by telephone, or electronically, or by a combination of these methods.
Interest Rate Risk	To reduce exposure to changes in interest rates that could ad- versely affect the value of investments, the District shall use final and weighted-average-maturity limits and diversification.
	The District shall monitor interest rate risk using weighted average maturity and specific identification.
Internal Controls	A system of internal controls shall be established and documented in writing and must include specific procedures designating who has authority to withdraw funds. Also, they shall be designed to

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	protect against losses of public funds arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets, or imprudent actions by employees and officers of the District. Controls deemed most important shall include:		
	1.	Separation of transaction authority from accounting and recordkeeping and electronic transfer of funds.	
	2.	Avoidance of collusion.	
	3.	Custodial safekeeping.	
	4.	Clear delegation of authority.	
	5.	Written confirmation of telephone transactions.	
	6.	Documentation of dealer questionnaires, quotations and bids, evaluations, transactions, and rationale.	
	7.	Avoidance of bearer-form securities.	
		ese controls shall be reviewed by the District's independent au- ng firm.	
Annual Review	egi ing	Board shall review this investment policy and investment strates not less than annually and shall document its review in writ- which shall include whether any changes were made to either investment policy or investment strategies.	
Annual Audit	forr	conjunction with the annual financial audit, the District shall per- n a compliance audit of management controls on investments I adherence to the District's established investment policies.	

ADOPTED:

Authorized Expenditures	A district shall not lend its credit or gratuitously grant public money or things of value in aid of any individual, association, or corpora- tion. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 52; <u>Brazoria County v. Perry</u>, 537 S.W.2d 89 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1976, no writ)</i>
	A district shall not grant any extra compensation, fee, or allowance to a public officer, agent, servant, or contractor after service has been rendered or a contract entered into and performed in whole or in part. Nor shall a district pay or authorize the payment of any claim against the district under any agreement or contract made without authority of law. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 53; <u>Harlingen In- dep. Sch. Dist. v. C.H. Page and Bro.</u>, 48 S.W.2d 983 (Comm. App. 1932)</i>
	The state and county available funds may be used only for the pay- ment of teachers' and superintendents' salaries and interest on money borrowed on short time to pay those salaries that become due before school funds for the current year become available. Loans for the purpose of payment of teachers may not be paid out of funds other than those for the current year. <i>Education Code</i> <i>45.105(b)</i>
	Local funds from district taxes, tuition fees, other local sources, and state funds not designated for a specific purpose may be used for purposes listed above for state and county available funds and for purchasing appliances and supplies; paying insurance premi- ums; paying janitors and other employees; buying school sites; buying, building, repairing, and renting school buildings, including acquiring school buildings and sites by leasing through annual pay- ments with an ultimate option to purchase [see CHG]; and for other purposes necessary in the conduct of the public schools deter- mined by the board. <i>Education Code 45.105(c)</i>
	Public funds of a district may not be spent in any manner other than as provided for in the budget adopted by the board, but the board may amend a budget or adopt a supplementary emergency budget to cover necessary unforeseen expenses. <i>Education Code</i> <i>44.006(a)</i>
Fiscal Year	The fiscal year of a district begins on July 1 or September 1 of each year, as determined by the board. <i>Education Code 44.0011</i>
Budget Preparation	On or before the date set by the State Board of Education (SBOE), a superintendent shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, a proposed budget covering all estimated revenue and proposed expenditures of a district for the following fiscal year. The budget must be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles, rules adopted by the SBOE, and adopted policies of the board of trustees. <i>Education Code 44.002; 19 TAC 109.1(a), .41</i>

Funds for Accelerated Instruction	A district that is required to provide accelerated instruction under Education Code 29.081(b-1) [see EHBC] shall separately budget sufficient funds, including funds under Education Code 48.104, for that purpose. <i>Education Code 29.081(b-2)</i>
Itemization of Certain Expenditures	The proposed budget of a district must include, in a manner allow- ing for as clear a comparison as practicable between those ex- penditures in the proposed budget and actual expenditures for the same purpose in the preceding year, a line item indicating expendi- tures for:
	 Notices required by law to be published in a newspaper by the district or a representative of the district; and
	2. Directly or indirectly influencing or attempting to influence the outcome of legislation or administrative action, as those terms are defined in Government Code 305.002.
	Local Gov't Code 140.0045
Public Meeting on Budget and Proposed Tax Rate	When the budget has been prepared, the board president shall call a board meeting for the purpose of adopting a budget for the suc- ceeding fiscal year. Any taxpayer of a district may be present and participate in the meeting. <i>Education Code 44.004(a), (f)</i> [See CCG for provisions governing tax rate adoption.]
	The meeting must comply with the notice requirements of the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't Code 551.041, .043</i> [See BE]
Published Notice	The board president shall provide for publication of notice of the budget and proposed tax rate meeting in accordance with Educa- tion Code 44.004. [For specific requirements regarding the form, contents, and publication of the notice, see CCG(LEGAL).]
Publication of Proposed Budget Summary	Concurrently with the publication of notice of the budget under Ed- ucation Code 44.004, a district shall post a summary of the pro- posed budget on the school district's internet website or, if the dis- trict has no internet website, in the district's central administrative office.
	The budget summary must include a comparison to the previous year's actual spending and information relating to per student and aggregate spending on:
	1. Instruction;
	2. Instructional support;
	3. Central administration;
	4. District operations;

	5. Debt service; and
	6. Any other category designated by the commissioner.
	Education Code 44.0041
Budget Adoption	The board, at the meeting called for that purpose, shall adopt a budget to cover all expenditures for the succeeding fiscal year. The budget must be adopted before the adoption of the tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins. <i>Education Code</i> $44.004(f)-(g)$
Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year	A district with a fiscal year beginning July 1 may use the certified estimate of the taxable value of district property [see CCG(LE-GAL)] in preparing the required notice if the district does not receive the certified appraisal roll on or before June 7. A district that uses a certified estimate may adopt a budget at the public meeting designated in the published notice prepared using the estimate, but the district may not adopt a tax rate before the district receives the certified appraisal roll for the district. <i>Education Code</i> 44.004(h)–(i)
Budget Adoption After Tax Rate Adoption	Notwithstanding Education Code $44.004(g)$, (h), and (i), above, a district may adopt a budget after the district adopts a tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins if the district elects to adopt a tax rate before receiving the certified appraisal roll for the district. If a district elects to adopt a tax rate before adopting a budget, the district must publish notice and hold a meeting for the purpose of discussing the proposed tax rate. Following adoption of the tax rate [see CCG], the district must publish notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a budget. The comptroller shall prescribe the language and format to be used in the notices. The district may use the certified estimate of taxable value in preparing a notice under this provision. <i>Education Code</i> 44.004(j)
Publication of Adopted Budget	On final approval of the budget by the board, the district shall post on the district's internet website a copy of the budget adopted by the board. The district's website must prominently display the elec- tronic link to the adopted budget. A district shall maintain the adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted. <i>Education Code 44.0051</i>
	On or before a date set by the SBOE, the budget must be filed with the Texas Education Agency according to rules established by the SBOE. <i>Education Code 44.005</i>
Internet Posting of Tax Rate and Budget Information	Each district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a generally accessible internet website that may be used for the purposes of these provisions. Each district shall post or cause to be

	•	ted on the internet website the following information in a format scribed by the comptroller:
	1.	The name of each member of the board;
	2.	The mailing address, email address, and telephone number of the district;
	3.	The official contact information for each member of the board, if that information is different from the information described by item 2;
	4.	The district's budget for the preceding two years;
	5.	The district's proposed or adopted budget for the current year;
	6.	The change in the amount of the district's budget from the preceding year to the current year, by dollar amount and per- centage;
	7.	The tax rate for maintenance and operations adopted by the district for the preceding two years;
	8.	The interest and sinking fund tax rate adopted by the district for the preceding two years;
	9.	The tax rate for maintenance and operations proposed by the district for the current year;
	10.	The interest and sinking fund tax rate proposed by the district for the current year; and
	11.	The most recent financial audit of the district.
	Tax	Code 26.18
Amendment of Approved Budget	gen ame	e board may amend a budget or adopt a supplementary emer- cy budget to cover necessary unforeseen expenses. Any endment or supplementary budget must be prepared and filed ccordance with SBOE rules. <i>Education Code 44.006</i>
Failure to Comply with Budget Requirements	fund bud	bard member who votes to approve any expenditure of school ds in excess of the item or items appropriated in the adopted get or a supplementary or amended budget commits a misde- anor offense. <i>Education Code 44.052(c)</i>
Certain Donations	tant	strict may donate funds or other property or service to the adju- general's department, the Texas National Guard, or the Texas te Guard. <i>Gov't Code 437.111(b), .252, .304(a)</i>

Denton ISD 061901	
ANNUAL OPERATING	BUDGET CE (LEGAL)
Commitment of Current Revenue	A contract for the acquisition, including lease, of real or personal property is a commitment of a district's current revenue only, pro- vided the contract contains either or both of the following provi- sions:
	 Retains to a board the continuing right to terminate the con- tract at the expiration of each budget period during the term of the contract.
	2. Is conditioned on a best-efforts attempt by the board to obtain and appropriate funds for payment of the contract.
	Local Gov't Code 271.903
Prohibited Uses of Resources Improvements to Real Property	Except as provided below or by Education Code 45.109(a-1), (a-2), or (a-3) [see CX], the board may not enter into an agreement authorizing the use of school district employees, property, or resources for the provision of materials or labor for the design, construction, or renovation of improvements to real property not owned or leased by the district.
	This provision does not prohibit the board from entering into an agreement for the design, construction, or renovation of improve- ments to real property not owned or leased by the district if the im- provements benefit real property owned or leased by the district. Benefits to real property owned or leased by the district include the design, construction, or renovation of highways, roads, streets, sidewalks, crosswalks, utilities, and drainage improvements that serve or benefit the real property owned or leased by the district.
	Education Code 11.168
Hotels	The board may not impose taxes; issue bonds; use or authorize the use of district employees; use or authorize the use of district property, money, or other resources; or acquire property for the de- sign, construction, renovation, or operation of a hotel. The board may not enter into a lease, contract, or other agreement that obli- gates the board to engage in an activity prohibited by this provision or obligates the use of district employees or resources in a manner prohibited by this provision.
	"Hotel" means a building in which members of the public obtain sleeping accommodations for consideration. The term includes a motel.
	Education Code 11.178
Electioneering	For restrictions on using district funds for electioneering, see BBBD.

Denton ISD 061901		
ACCOUNTING AUDITS		CFC (LEGAL)
Annual Audit	distr	board shall have a district's fiscal accounts audited annually at ict expense by a Texas certified or public accountant holding a nit from the State Board of Public Accountancy.
	year the t subj inclu by a	audit shall be completed following the close of each fiscal r, and shall meet at least the minimum requirements and be in format prescribed by the State Board of Education (SBOE), ect to review and comment by the state auditor. The audit shall ude an audit of the accuracy of the fiscal information provided district through the Public Education Information Management tem (PEIMS).
	Edu	cation Code 44.008(a), (b)
Audit Requirements and Procedures	nual com be a view cord	strict must file with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) an an- financial and compliance report and, if applicable, a state pensatory agreed-upon procedures report. These reports must nudited by an independent auditor, and the audit must be re- ved by TEA, including review of auditors' working papers, in ac- lance with the <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> <i>SRG</i>).
		annual financial audit report and state compensatory agreed- n procedures report are due 150 days after the end of the fiscal
Independent Auditor	cond	strict must hire at its own expense an independent auditor to duct an independent audit of its financial statements and pro- an opinion on its annual financial and compliance report.
	The	independent auditor must:
	1.	Be associated with a certified public accountancy (CPA) firm that has a current valid license issued by the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy;
	2.	Be a certified public accountant with a current valid license is- sued by the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy, as re- quired under Education Code 44.008; and
	3.	Adhere to the generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS), adopted by the American Institute of CPAs (AICPA), as amended, and the generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS), adopted by the U.S. Government Ac- countability Office, as amended.
	The	CPA firm must:
	1.	Be a member of the AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Cen- ter (GAQC);

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ACCOUNTING AUDITS		CFC (LEGAL)
	2.	Adhere to GAQC's membership requirements; and
	3.	Collectively have the knowledge, skills, and experience to be competent for the audit being conducted, including thorough knowledge of the government auditing requirements and:
		a. Texas public school district environment; or
		b. Public sector; or
		c. Nonprofit sector.
	revie quali	any time the TEA division responsible for financial compliance we an audit firm's working papers and finds that the firm or the ity of the work does not meet the required standards, the divi- may require the district to change its audit firm.
	19 T.	AC 109.23
Financial Accountability System Resource Guide	ditor TEA	rules for financial accounting, including the selection of an au- and the requirements for the audit, are described in the official publication, <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> , mended, which is adopted as the SBOE's official rule. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>41</i>
Filing of Report	filed year audit panie	py of the annual audit report, approved by the board, shall be with TEA not later than the 150th day after the end of the fiscal for which the audit was made. If a board does not approve the t report, it shall nevertheless file a copy of it with TEA, accom- ed by a statement detailing its reasons for failing to approve report. <i>Education Code 44.008(d)</i>
Internet Posting of Audit	gene pose poste Code form	n district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a erally accessible internet website that may be used for the pur- es of this provision. Each district shall post or cause to be ed on the internet website the information required by Tax e 26.18, including the district's most recent financial audit, in a at prescribed by the comptroller. <i>Tax Code 26.18</i> [See CE for r required information]
	Note	For information on the efficiency audit required before a district may hold an election to seek voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate, see CCG.
Financial Records	keep class	n treasurer receiving or having control of any school fund shall o a full and separate itemized account of each of the different ses of school funds received, and these records shall be avail- to audit. <i>Education Code 44.008(c)</i>

Denton ISD 061901		
ACCOUNTING AUDITS		CFC (LEGAL)
Financial Accountability Rating System	com thre nes	A will assign a financial accountability rating to each district. The missioner of education will evaluate the rating system every e years and may modify the system to improve the effective- s of the rating system. <i>Education Code 39.082; 19 TAC</i> .1001(b), (c)
Data Reviewed		will use the following sources of data in calculating the finan- accountability indicators for school districts:
	1.	Audited financial data in a district's annual financial report, the audited annual report required by Education Code 44.008 [see Audit Requirements and Procedures above].
	2.	PEIMS data submitted by a district.
	3.	Warrant holds as reported by the comptroller.
	4.	The average daily attendance information used for foundation school program purposes for a district.
	19	TAC 109.1001(d)
Basis for Rating	ove othe cou	A will base the financial accountability rating of a district on its rall performance on the financial measurements, ratios, and er indicators established by the commissioner. Financial ac- ntability ratings for a rating year are based on the data from the nediate prior fiscal year. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(e)</i>
Types of Ratings	are C fc sche com der ratir is ba ann ceiv syst	types of financial accountability ratings a district may receive A for superior achievement, B for above standard achievement, or standard achievement, and F for substandard achievement. A cool district receiving territory due to an annexation order by the missioner under Education Code 13.054, or consolidation un- Education Code Chapter 41, Subchapter H, will not receive a ng for two consecutive years beginning with the rating year that ased on financial data from the fiscal year in which the order of exation becomes effective. After the second rating year, the re- ring district will be subject to the financial accountability rating term.
	bas Cod case mer	ed on the findings of an action conducted under Education le Chapter 39, or change a financial accountability rating in es of disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtail- nt, or another calamity. A financial accountability rating remains ffect until replaced by a subsequent rating.
	19	TAC 109.1001(i), (k), (l)

Denton ISD 061901	
ACCOUNTING AUDITS	CFC (LEGAL)
Issuance of Ratings	TEA will issue a preliminary financial accountability rating to a dis- trict on or before August 8 of each year. TEA will not delay the issu- ance of a preliminary or final rating if a district fails to meet the stat- utory deadline under Education Code 44.008 for submitting the annual financial report. Instead, the district will receive an F rating for substandard achievement.
	If TEA receives an appeal of a preliminary rating under 19 Adminis- trative Code 109.1001(n), TEA will issue a final rating to a district no later than 60 days after the deadline for submitting appeals. If TEA does not receive an appeal of a preliminary rating, the prelimi- nary rating automatically becomes a final rating 31 days after issu- ance of a preliminary rating.
	19 TAC 109.1001(m)
Appeals	A district may appeal its preliminary financial accountability rating through the appeals process described at 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(n).
	A final rating issued by TEA may not be appealed under Education Code 7.057 or any other law or rule. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(o)</i>
Annual Audit of Dropout Records	The commissioner shall develop a process for auditing district dropout records electronically. The commissioner shall also de- velop a system and standards for review of the audit or use sys- tems already available at TEA. The system must be designed to identify districts that are at high risk of having inaccurate dropout records and that, as a result, require on-site monitoring of dropout records.
	If the electronic audit of a district's dropout records indicates that the district is not at high risk of having inaccurate dropout records, the district may not be subject to on-site monitoring. If the risk- based system indicates that a district is at high risk of having inac- curate dropout records, the district is entitled to an opportunity to respond to the commissioner's determination before on-site moni- toring may be conducted. A district must respond not later than the 30th day after the date the commissioner notifies the district of the commissioner's determination. If a district's response does not change the commissioner's determination that the district is at high risk of having inaccurate dropout records or if the district does not respond in a timely manner, the commissioner shall order TEA staff to conduct on-site monitoring.
	Education Code 39.308(a)–(c)

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		CFEA (LEGAL)
Income Tax	Except as otherwise provided in 26 U.S.C. 3402, every emmodiate making payment of wages shall deduct and withhold upon a wages a tax determined in accordance with tables or completional procedures prescribed by the Secretary of the Trease U.S.C. 3401–3402	such uta-
Medicare Tax	The tax imposed by 26 U.S.C. $3101(b)$ shall be collected by employer of the taxpayer hired after March 31, 1986, by de the amount of the tax from the wages as and when paid. 26 3102(a), $3121(u)$	ducting
Teacher Retirement System	Each payroll period, each employer shall deduct from the c sation of each member employed by the employer the amo quired by Government Code 825.402. <i>Gov't Code 825.403</i>	unt re-
	Each employer shall pick up the employee contribution requesch of its employees by Government Code 825.403. Employees hall pay to the retirement system the picked-up contribution the same source of funds that is used in paying earnings to employees. Such payments shall be in lieu of contributions employees. An employer shall pick up these contributions to responding reduction in the cash salary of the employees, I offset against a future salary increase, or by a combination ary reduction and offset against a future salary increase. Encess do not have the option of choosing to receive the contributions directly instead of having them paid by the employee the retirement system. <i>Gov't Code 825.409(a)</i>	loyers ons from o the by the by a cor- by an of a sal- mploy- ibuted
Retired School	The employer of an active employee shall monthly:	
Employees Group Insurance Fund	 Deduct the employee's contribution from the employed ary and remit the contribution to the Teacher Retirement tem of Texas (TRS) in the manner required by TRS; or 	ent Sys-
	2. Assume and pay the total contributions due from its a employees.	ctive
	"Active employee" means a contributing member of the TR employed by a public school and is not entitled to coverage a plan provided under Insurance Code Chapter 1551 (Texa ployees Group Benefits Act) or 1601 (State University Emp Uniform Insurance Benefits Act).	e under is Em-
	Insurance Code 1575.002(1), (7), .203(b)	
Child Support Payments	An employer shall begin to withhold income in accordance order or writ of withholding issued under Family Code Chap not later than the first pay period following the date on whic order or writ was delivered to the employer and shall contin withhold income as required by the order or writ as long as gor is employed by the employer. The employer shall remit	oter 158 th the tue to the obli-
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PAYROLL PROCEDURES SALARY DEDUCTIONS AND REDUCTIONS

	writ	ount to be withheld to the person or office named in the ord on each pay date. The payment must include the date on ch the withholding occurred.	er or
	\$10	employer may deduct an administrative fee of not more tha from the obligor's disposable earnings in addition to the punt to be withheld as child support.	IN
	Fan	nily Code 158.202–.204	
Spousal Maintenance	orde not was hold is e son of ir	employer shall begin to withhold income in accordance with er or writ of withholding issued under Family Code Chapter later than the first pay period after the date the order or writ delivered to the employer. The employer shall continue to d income as required by the order or writ as long as the obl mployed by the employer. The employer shall remit to the p or office named in the order or writ of withholding the amon come withheld from an obligor on each pay date. The rem ce must include the date on which the withholding occurred	8 with- igor oer- unt it-
	eac	employer may deduct an administrative fee of not more tha h month from the obligor's disposable earnings in addition amount withheld as spousal maintenance.	
	Fan	nily Code 8.202–.204	
Professional Dues	the	strict employee is entitled to have an amount deducted from employee's salary for membership fees or dues to a profest al organization. The employee must:	
	1.	File with the district a signed written request identifying the ganization and specifying the number of pay periods per the deductions are to be made; and	
	2.	Inform the district of the total amount of the fees and due each year or have the organization notify the district of th amount.	
	yea spe	e district shall deduct the total amount of the fees or dues for r in equal amounts per pay period for the number of period cified by the employee. The deductions shall be made until ployee requests in writing that the deductions be discontinu	s I the
	duc trati	e district may charge an administrative fee for making the de tion. A fee imposed may not exceed either the actual admir ve cost of making the deduction or the lowest fee the distri- rges for similar salary deductions, whichever is less.	nis-
	(Th	ication Code 22.001 [But see Atty. Gen. Op. No. GA-774 (2 e legislature has not expressly authorized school districts to cess payroll deductions for contributions to political commit s.)]	0
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PAYROLL PROCEDURES SALARY DEDUCTIONS AND REDUCTIONS

Social Security	The tax imposed by 26 U.S.C. 3101(a) shall be collected by the employer of designated taxpayers by deducting the amount of the tax from the wages as and when paid. 26 U.S.C. 3101–3102, $3121(b)(7)(E)$; 26 C.F.R. $31.3121(b)(7)-2$
Federal Education Loans	An employer shall pay to the U.S. Secretary of Education or the guaranty agency as directed in a withholding order issued in an action to recover delinquent federal education loan payments. 20 U.S.C. $1095a(a)(6)$
Prepaid Higher Education Tuition Program	An employee of a district may make payments under a prepaid tui- tion contract by payroll deductions made by the appropriate officer of the district. <i>Education Code 54.626(c)</i>
Higher Education Savings Plan	An employee of a district may make contributions to a higher edu- cation savings trust account established under the higher educa- tion savings plan by payroll deductions made by the appropriate of- ficer of the district. <i>Education Code 54.701(10)</i> , .708(a)
Assignments	An employee's assignment, pledge, or transfer, as security for in- debtedness, of any interest in or part of the employee's salary or wages then due or that may become due under an existing con- tract of employment is enforceable only:
	 If before or at the time of execution, delivery, or acceptance of an assignment, pledge, or transfer written approval is ob- tained in accordance with the policy of the employing district; and
	2. To the extent that the indebtedness it secures is a valid and enforceable obligation.
	A district shall honor an assignment, pledge, or transfer fulfilling the conditions above without incurring any liability to the employee executing the assignment, pledge, or transfer. Payment to any assignee, pledgee, or transferee in accordance with the terms of the instrument constitutes payment to or for the account of the assignor, pledgor, or transferor. An assignment, pledge, or transfer is enforceable only to the extent of salary due or that may become due during continuation of the assignor's employment as a school employee.
	Education Code 22.002
Insurance	A district may withhold from an employee's salary contributions for participation in approved insurance programs. <i>Insurance Code 1579.253; Education Code 22.005</i> [See CRD]
Deferred Compensation	A district may enter into a salary reduction agreement to reduce an employee's salary for the purpose of making direct contributions to

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PAYROLL PROCEDURES SALARY DEDUCTIONS AND REDUCTIONS

	or purchases of a qualified investment product only if the qualified investment product is an eligible qualified investment. To the greatest degree possible, districts that enter into a salary reduction agreement with employees under this provision shall require that contributions to eligible qualified investments be made by automatic payroll deduction and deposited directly in the investment accounts. <i>Art. 6228a-5, Secs. 4(5), 5(a), (f) V.A.T.S.</i>
	A district may contract with an employee for the deferment of any part of the employee's compensation. To participate in a deferred compensation plan, an employee must consent in the contract to automatic payroll deductions in an amount equal to the deferred amount. <i>Gov't Code 609.007(a), (c)</i> [See CRG]
Cafeteria Plans	A district shall withhold from an employee's salary amounts desig- nated by the employee for participation in the district's cafeteria plan authorized under 26 U.S.C. 125.
	"Cafeteria plan" means a written plan under which all participants are employees, and the participants may choose among two or more benefits consisting of cash and qualified benefits.
	26 U.S.C. 125
Administrative Fee	A district that is required by state or federal law to deduct from the current wages of an employee an amount garnished under a with- holding order may deduct monthly an administrative fee from the employee's disposable earnings in addition to the amount required to be withheld under the withholding order. This does not apply to income withholding under Family Code Chapter 158. [See Child Support Payments, above]
	The administrative fee may not exceed the lesser of:
	 The actual administrative cost incurred by the district in com- plying with the withholding order; or
	2. \$10.
	Civil Practice and Remedies Code 63.006
Child Care	The board may authorize a district employee to enter into an agreement with the district to reduce the periodic compensation paid the employee by the district by an amount to be paid for child-care expenses. <i>Gov't Code 610.021(a)</i>

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	Not	e: For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB. For additional legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procurement, see COA.
Board Authority		bard may adopt rules and procedures for the acquisition of ds and services. <i>Education Code 44.031(d)</i>
Delegation of Authority	or re	pard may delegate its authority regarding an action authorized equired to be taken by a district by Education Code Chapter 44, chapter B, to a designated person, representative, or commit-
	auth	pard may not delegate the authority to act regarding an action orized or required to be taken by the board by Education Code pter 44, Subchapter B.
Disaster Exception	ever distr nate strue tion cons	withstanding any other provision of the Education Code, in the nt of a catastrophe, emergency, or natural disaster affecting a ict, the board may delegate to the superintendent or desig- ed person the authority to contract for the replacement, con- ction, or repair of school equipment or facilities under Educa- Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B if emergency replacement, struction, or repair is necessary for the health and safety of dis- students and staff.
	Edu	cation Code 44.0312
Purchases Valued at or Above \$50,000	cont \$50	istrict contracts for the purchase of goods and services, except racts for the purchase of produce or vehicle fuel, valued at 000 or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period, shall nade by the method that provides the best value for a district:
	1.	Competitive bidding for services other than construction services.
	2.	Competitive sealed proposals for services other than con- struction services.
	3.	A request for proposals for services other than construction services.
	4.	An interlocal contract.
	5.	The reverse auction procedure as defined by Government Code 2155.062(d).
	6.	The formation of a political subdivision corporation under Lo- cal Government Code 304.001 (purchase of electricity).
	Edu	cation Code 44.031(a)

	-	COA for requirements applicable to school nutrition pur- es, including produce, using federal funds.]		
	Note	e: Regarding construction of school facilities, see CV gen- erally; CVA for competitive bidding; CVB for competitive sealed proposals; CVC and CVD for contracts using a construction manager; CVE for design/build contracts; and CVF for job order contracts for minor repairs/altera- tions.		
Factors	In aw	varding a contract, a district shall consider:		
	1.	Purchase price.		
		The reputation of the vendor and of the vendor's goods or services.		
	3.	The quality of the vendor's goods or services.		
		The extent to which the goods or services meet the district's needs.		
	5.	The vendor's past relationship with the district.		
		The impact on the ability of the district to comply with laws re- lating to historically underutilized businesses.		
		The total long-term cost to the district to acquire the goods or services.		
		For a contract that is not for goods and services related to tel- ecommunications and information services, building construc- tion and maintenance, or instructional materials, whether the vendor or the vendor's ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state or em- ploys at least 500 persons in this state.		
		Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids or proposals.		
	Education Code 44.031(b)			
	Code cated consi vided apply matic	varding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education e 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office lo- d in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may ider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner pro- d by Local Government Code 271.9051. This section does not y to the purchase of telecommunications services or infor- on services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. Section <i>Education Code 44.031(b-1)</i>		

	erec <u>ing</u>	factors listed above are the only criteria that may be consid- d by a district in its decision to award a contract. <u>R.G.V. Vend-</u> <u>v. Weslaco Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 995 S.W.2d 897 (Tex. App.—Cor- Christi 1999, no pet.)			
Out-of-State Bidders	A board shall not award a contract for services or for purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment to a bidder whose principal place of business is not in this state, unless the nonresident underbids the lowest bid submitted by a responsible resident bidder by an amount that is not less than the greater of the amount by which a resident bidder would be required to underbid a nonresident bidder to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which the nonresident's principal place of business is located, or a state in which a majority of the manufacturing relating to the contract will be performed. <i>Gov't Code 2252.001–.002</i>				
	func ler i	requirement shall not apply to a contract involving federal ls. A district shall rely on information published by the comptrol- n evaluating the bids of a nonresident bidder. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2.003–.004			
Required Contract Provisions	A district may not enter into a contract with a company for goods and services unless the contract contains a written verification from				
No Israel Boycott	the company that it does not boycott Israel and will not during the term of the contract.				
	The requirement above applies only to a contract that:				
	1.	Is between a district and a company with ten or more full-time employees; and			
	2.	Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is to be paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.			
	Gov	't Code 2271.002			
	"Company" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 808.001, except that the term does not include a sole proprietor-ship. <i>Gov't Code 2271.001(2)</i>				
Retention of	These provisions apply to a contract that:				
Contracting Information Application	1.	Has a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district; or			
Αμριισαιιστι	2.	Results in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal year of the district.			
		pard may not accept a bid for a contract described above or rd the contract to an entity that the board has determined has			

	Cha trac unle take me	wingly or intentionally failed to comply with Government Code opter 552, Subchapter J (Additional Provisions Relating to Con- ting Information) in a previous bid or contract described above ess the board determines and documents that the entity has en adequate steps to ensure future compliance with the require- nts of that subchapter. [For additional information and require- nts, see GBA and GBAA.]		
Requirements	Ac	ontract described above must require a contracting entity to:		
	1.	Preserve all contracting information related to the contract as provided by the records retention requirements applicable to the district for the duration of the contract;		
	2.	Promptly provide to the district any contracting information re- lated to the contract that is in the custody or possession of the entity on request of the district; and		
	3.	On completion of the contract, either:		
		 Provide at no cost to the district all contracting infor- mation related to the contract that is in the custody or possession of the entity; or 		
		 Preserve the contracting information related to the con- tract as provided by the records retention requirements applicable to the district. 		
Bid and Contract Language	scri me me app car	Except as described at Exception, below, a bid for a contract de- scribed above and the contract must include the following state- ment: "The requirements of Subchapter J, Chapter 552, Govern- ment Code, may apply to this (include "bid" or "contract" as applicable) and the contractor or vendor agrees that the contract can be terminated if the contractor or vendor knowingly or inten- tionally fails to comply with a requirement of that subchapter."		
Notice of Noncompliance	vide fails	A board that is the party to a contract described above shall pro- vide notice to the entity that is a party to the contract if the entity fails to comply with a requirement of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J applicable to the entity. The notice must:		
	1.	Be in writing;		
	2.	State the requirement that the entity has violated; and		
	3.	Unless the exception described below applies, advise the en- tity that the board may terminate the contract without further obligation to the entity if the entity does not cure the violation on or before the tenth business day after the date the board provides the notice.		

Contract Termination	Except as provided below, a governmental body may terminate a contract described above if:		
	1.	The board provides the required notice to the entity that is party to the contract;	
	2.	The contracting entity does not cure the violation in the pre- scribed period;	
	3.	The board determines that the contracting entity has inten- tionally or knowingly failed to comply with a requirement of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J; and	
	4.	The board determines that the entity has not taken adequate steps to ensure future compliance with the requirements of that subchapter.	
	An entity has taken adequate steps to ensure future compliance with Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J if:		
	1.	The entity produces contracting information requested by the board that is in the custody or possession of the entity not later than the tenth business day after the date the board makes the request; and	
	2.	The entity establishes a records management program to en- able the entity to comply with Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J.	
Exception	A board may not terminate a contract under these provisions if the contract is related to the purchase or underwriting of a public secu- rity, the contract is or may be used as collateral on a loan, or the contract's proceeds are used to pay debt service of a public secu- rity or loan.		
	Gov	"t Code 552.371(a), .372–.374 [See GBA]	
Disclosure of Interested Parties	A district may not enter into a contract described below with a busi- ness entity unless the business entity submits a disclosure of inter- ested parties to the district at the time the business entity submits the signed contract to the district.		
	The	requirement above applies only to a contract of a district that:	
	1.	Requires an action or vote by the board before the contract may be signed;	
	2.	Has a value of at least \$1 million; or	
	3.	Is for services that would require a person to register as a lob- byist under Government Code Chapter 305.	
	Gov	"t Code 2252.908	

	A contract does not require an action or vote by the board if the board has legal authority to delegate to its staff the authority to execute the contract, the board has delegated this authority, and the board does not participate in the selection of the business entity with which the contract is entered into. <i>1 TAC 46.1(c)</i>		
Exclusions	The disclosure requirement does not apply to a contract with:		
	 A publicly traded business entity, including a wholly owned subsidiary of the entity; 		
	2. An electric utility, as defined by Utilities Code 31.002; or		
	3. A gas utility, as defined by Utilities Code 121.001.		
	Gov't Code 2252.908(c)(4)–(6)		
Required Form	The disclosure of interested parties must be submitted on a form prescribed by the Texas Ethics Commission (TEC) that includes a list of each interested party for the contract of which the contracting business entity is aware; and a written, unsworn declaration subscribed by the authorized agent of the contracting business entity as true under penalty of perjury that is in substantially the form set out in Government Code 2252.908(e)(2). <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(e); 1 TAC 46.5(a)</i>		
	The certification of filing and the completed disclosure of interested parties form generated by TEC's electronic filing application must be printed, signed by an authorized agent of the contracting business entity, and submitted to the district that is the party to the contract for which the form is being filed. <i>1 TAC 46.5(b)</i>		
Deadline	A district that receives a completed disclosure of interested parties form and certification of filing shall notify TEC, in an electronic format prescribed by TEC, of the receipt of those documents not later than the 30th day after the date the board receives the disclosure. <i>1 TAC 46.5(c); Gov't Code 2252.908(f)</i>		
Contract Changes	The disclosure requirements do not apply to a change made to an existing contract, including an amendment, change order, or extension of a contract except as set out below.		
	The disclosure requirements apply to a change made to an existing contract, including an amendment, change order, or extension of a contract if:		
	 A disclosure of interested parties form was not filed for the ex- isting contract; and either the changed contract requires an action or vote by the board or the value of the changed con- tract is at least \$1 million; or 		

	2. The business entity submitted a disclosure of interested par- ties form to the district that is a party to the existing contract; and either there is a change to the disclosure; or the changed contract requires an action or vote by the board; or the value of the changed contract is at least \$1 million greater than the value of the existing contract.
	1 TAC 46.4
Definitions	"Contract" means a contract between a board and a business en- tity at the time it is voted on by the board or at the time it binds the board, whichever is earlier, and includes an amended, extended, or renewed contract. <i>1 TAC 46.3(a)</i>
	"Business entity" means any entity recognized by law through which business is conducted, including a sole proprietorship, part- nership, or corporation. The term includes an entity through which business is conducted with a district, regardless of whether the en- tity is a for-profit or nonprofit entity, and does not include a govern- mental entity or state agency. <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(a)(1); 1 TAC</i> <i>46.3(b)</i>
	"Interested party" means a person who has a controlling interest in a business entity with whom a district contracts or who actively par- ticipates in facilitating the contract or negotiating the terms of the contract, including a broker, intermediary, adviser, or attorney for the business entity. <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(a)(3); 1 TAC 46.3(d), (e)</i>
	"Controlling interest" means:
	 An ownership interest or participating interest in a business entity by virtue of units, percentage, shares, stock, or other- wise that exceeds ten percent;
	 Membership on the board of directors or other governing body of a business entity of which the board or other governing body is composed of not more than ten members; or
	3. Service as an officer of a business entity that has four or fewer officers, or service as one of the four officers most highly compensated by a business entity that has more than four officers. This subsection does not apply to an officer of a publicly held business entity or its wholly owned subsidiaries.
	1 TAC 46.3(c)
	"Signed" includes any symbol executed or adopted by a person
	with present intention to authenticate a writing including an elec-

"Signed" includes any symbol executed or adopted by a person with present intention to authenticate a writing, including an electronic signature. *1 TAC 46.3(f)*

	"Value" of a contract is based on the amount of consideration re- ceived or to be received by a business entity from a board under the contract. <i>1 TAC 46.3(g)</i>
	[See BBFA for additional conflict of interest disclosures.]
Contract with Person Indebted to District	A board may, by resolution, establish regulations permitting a school district to refuse to enter into a contract or other transaction with a person indebted to the school district. A district may refuse to award a contract to or enter into a transaction with an apparent low bidder or successful proposer that is indebted to the district.
	The term "person" includes an individual, sole proprietorship, cor- poration, nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited li- ability company, and any other entity that seeks to enter into a con- tract or other transaction with a district requiring board approval.
	Education Code 44.044
Notice Publication	Notice of when and where bids or proposals or the responses to a request for qualifications will be received and opened shall be published in the county where a district's central administrative office is located, once a week for at least two weeks prior to the deadline for receiving bids, proposals, or responses to a request for qualifications. If there is no newspaper in that county, the advertising shall be published in a newspaper in the county nearest the county seat of the county in which a district's central administrative office is located. In a two-step procurement process, the time and place where the second-step bids, proposals, or responses will be received are not required to be published separately. <i>Education Code</i> $44.031(g)$
Electronic Bids or Proposals	A district may receive bids or proposals through electronic trans- mission if the board adopts rules to ensure the identification, secu- rity, and confidentiality of electronic bids or proposals and to ensure that the electronic bids or proposals remain effectively unopened until the proper time.
	An electronic bid or proposal is not required to be sealed. A provi- sion of Education Code Chapter 44 that applies to a sealed bid or proposal applies to a bid or proposal received through electronic transmission in accordance with the rules adopted by the board.
	Education Code 44.0313
Professional Services	The purchasing requirements of Education Code 44.031 do not ap- ply to a contract for professional services rendered, including the services of an architect, attorney, certified public accountant, engi- neer, or fiscal agent.

	A district may contract for professional services rendered by a fi- nancial consultant or a technology consultant in the manner pro- vided by Government Code 2254.003, in lieu of the methods pro- vided by Education Code 44.031.			
	Education Code 44.031(f)			
	An interlocal contract between a district and a purchasing coopera- tive may not be used to purchase engineering or architectural ser- vices. <i>Gov't Code</i> 791.011(<i>h</i>)			
Professional Services Procurement Act <i>Selection</i>	A district may not select a provider of professional services or a group or association of providers or award a contract for the services on the basis of competitive bids submitted for the contract or for the services, but shall make the selection and award on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications to perform the services and for a fair and reasonable price. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2254.003(a)			
Definition	"Professional services" means services:			
	 Within the scope of the practice, as defined by state law, of accounting, architecture, landscape architecture, land survey- ing, medicine, optometry, professional engineering, real es- tate appraising, or professional nursing; 			
	2. Provided in connection with the professional employment or practice of a person who is licensed or registered as a certified public accountant, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor, physician, optometrist, professional engineer, state-certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser, or registered nurse; or			
	 Provided by a person lawfully engaged in interior design, re- gardless of whether the person is registered as an interior de- signer under Occupations Code 1053. 			
	Gov't Code 2254.002			
Contingent Fee Contract for Legal Services	Government Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter C provides the man- ner in which and the situations under which a district may compen- sate a public contractor under a contingent fee for legal services. That subchapter does not apply to a contract for legal services en- tered into under Tax Code 6.30 (delinquent tax collection) or Gov- ernment Code 1201.027 (issuance of public securities), except that Government Code sections 2254.1032, 2254.1034, 2254.1036, and 2254.1037 do apply to the contract. <i>Gov't Code 2254.102</i>			
	A district may select an attorney or law firm to award a contingent fee contract only in accordance with Government Code			

PURCHASING AND ACQUISITIO	Ν
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	2254.003(a) [see Selection, above] and Government Code 2254.1032. <i>Gov't Code 2254.1032(a)</i>		
Emergency Damage or Destruction	If school equipment, a school facility, or a part of a school facility or personal property is destroyed or severely damaged or, as a result of an unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, undergoes major operational or structural failure, and a board determines that the delay posed by the methods provided for in Education Code 44.031 would prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or other essential school activities, then contracts for the replacement or repair of the equipment, school facility, or the part of the school facility may be made by methods other than those required by Education Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(h)</i>		
Computers	A district may acquire computers and computer-related equipment, including computer software, through the Department of Infor- mation Resources (DIR) under contracts with the DIR in accord- ance with Government Code Chapter 2054 or 2157. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 44.031(i)</i>		
Automated Information System	A district may purchase an automated information system using the purchasing method described by Government Code 2157.068 for commodity items or a purchasing method designated by the comptroller to obtain the best value for the state, including a request for offers method. A district that purchases an item using a method listed above satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the item. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2157.006; 34 TAC 20.391		
Automated External Defibrillators	A school that purchases or leases an automated external defibrilla- tor, as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001, shall ensure that the defibrillator meets standards established by the federal Food and Drug Administration. <i>Education Code 44.047</i>		
Sole Source	Compliance with Education Code 44.031 is not required for pur- chases that are available from only one source, including:		
	 An item for which competition is precluded because of a pa- tent, copyright, secret process, or monopoly. 		
	2. A film, manuscript, or book.		
	3. A utility service, including electricity, gas, or water.		
	4. A captive replacement part or component for equipment.		
	The sole source exception shall not apply to mainframe data pro- cessing equipment and peripheral attachments with a single-item purchase price in excess of \$15,000.		
	Education Code 44.031(j)–(k)		

Insurance	A contract for the purchase of insurance is a contract for the pur- chase of personal property and shall be made in accordance with Education Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031; Atty. Gen. Op.</i> <i>DM-347 (1995)</i>			
Multiyear Contracts	A district may execute an insurance contract for a period longer than 12 months, if the contract contains either or both of the provi- sions described at Commitment of Current Revenue, below. If a district executes a multiyear insurance contract, it need not adver- tise for insurance vendors until the 12-month period during which the district will be executing a new insurance contract. <i>Atty. Gen.</i> <i>Op. DM-418 (1996)</i>			
Competitive Bidding	Except to the extent prohibited by other law and to the extent consistent with Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, a school district may use competitive bidding to select a vendor as authorized by Education Code $44.031(a)(1)$.			
	A district shall award a competitively bid contract at the bid amount to the bidder offering the best value for the district. In determining the best value for the district, the district is not restricted to consid- ering price alone but may consider any other factors stated in the selection criteria. The selection criteria may include the factors listed in Education Code 44.031(b) [see Factors, above].			
	Except as provided below, Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter B does not apply to a competitive bidding process un- der this policy.			
	Education Code 44.0351			
Opening Bids	Bids may be opened only by a board at a public meeting or by an officer or employee of a district at or in an office of the district. A bid that has been opened may not be changed for the purpose of correcting an error in the bid price. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.026</i>			
	A board shall have the right to reject any and all bids. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.027(a)</i>			
Safety Record	In determining who is a responsible bidder, a board may take into account the safety record of the bidder; of the firm, corporation, partnership, or institution represented by the bidder; or of anyone acting for such firm, corporation, partnership, or institution, pro- vided that:			
	1. The board has adopted a written definition and criteria for ac- curately determining the safety record of the bidder.			

	2.	The board has given notice in the bid specifications that the safety record of a bidder may be considered in determining the bidder's responsibility.				
	3.	The determinations are not arbitrary and capricious.				
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.0275				
Identical Bids	If a district receives two or more bids from responsible bidders that are identical, in nature and amount, as the lowest and best bids, it shall select only one bidder from the identical bids.					
	dist are lots	If only one of the bidders submitting identical bids is a resident of a district, that bidder shall be selected. If two or more such bidders are residents of a district, one shall be selected by the casting of lots. In all other cases, one of the identical bids shall be selected by the casting of lots.				
	sen	A board shall prescribe the manner of casting lots and shall be pre- sent when the lots are cast. All qualified bidders or their represent- atives may be present at the casting of lots.				
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.901				
Competitive Sealed Proposals	thor	electing a vendor through competitive sealed proposals as au- ized by Education Code 44.031(a)(2), a school district shall fol- the procedures prescribed below.				
Request for Proposals	pos spo pos	district shall prepare a request for competitive sealed pro- als that includes information that vendors may require to re- nd to the request. The district shall state in the request for pro- als the selection criteria that will be used in selecting the cessful offeror.				
Opening Proposals	of th in e whie	district shall receive, publicly open, and read aloud the names ne offerors and, if any are required to be stated, all prices stated ach proposal. Not later than the 45th day after the date on ch the proposals are opened, the district shall evaluate and c each proposal submitted in relation to the published selection eria.				
Selection	dist eva with offe cha neg	district shall select the offeror that offers the best value for the rict based on the published selection criteria and on its ranking luation. The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract the selected offeror. The district may discuss with the selected ror options for a scope or time modification and any price nge associated with the modification. If the district is unable to otiate a satisfactory contract with the selected offeror, the dis- shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations with that offeror				

	and proceed to the next offeror in the order of the selection ranking until a contract is reached or all proposals are rejected.		
Best Value Determination	In determining the best value for the district, the district is not re- stricted to considering price alone but may consider any other fac- tors stated in the selection criteria.		
	Education Code 44.0352		
Interlocal Agreements	To increase efficiency and effectiveness, a district may contract or agree with other local governments and with state agencies, including the comptroller, to perform some of its purchasing functions. <i>Gov't Code 791.001, .011, .025</i>		
	An interlocal contract must be authorized by a board and the gov- erning body of each contracting party; must state the purpose, terms, rights, and duties of the contracting parties; and must spec- ify that each party paying for the performance of governmental functions or services shall make those payments from current reve- nues available to the paying party.		
	An interlocal contractual payment must be in an amount that fairly compensates the performing party for the services or functions per- formed under the contract. The contract may be renewed and may have a specified term of years.		
	Gov't Code 791.011(d)–(f), (i)		
	A district may agree with another local government, including a nonprofit corporation that is created and operated to provide one or more governmental functions and services, or with the state or a state agency, including the comptroller, to purchase goods and ser- vices reasonably required for the installation, operation, or mainte- nance of the goods. Such an agreement may not, however, apply to services provided by firefighters, police officers, or emergency medical personnel.		
	A district that purchases goods and services by agreement with a other local government or with the state or state agency satisfies the requirement to seek competitive bids for the purchase of goo and services.		
	Gov't Code 791.025(b)–(c); Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)		
	A district may not enter into a contract to purchase construction-re- lated goods or services through a purchasing cooperative in an amount greater than \$50,000 unless a person designated by the district certifies in writing that:		
	1. The project for which the construction-related goods or ser- vices are being procured does not require the preparation of		
	40 45 st 00		

		•	s and specifications under Chapter 1001 or 1051, Occu- ons Code; or		
	2.		plans and specifications required under Chapters 1001 1051, Occupations Code, have been prepared.		
	that	"Purchasing cooperative" means a group purchasing organiza that governmental entities join as members and the managing tity of which receives fees from members or vendors.			
	Gov't Code 791.011(j)				
State Purchasing Program	Purchasing services performed for a district by the comptroller shall include:				
	1.		extension of state contract prices to a district when the ptroller considers it feasible.		
	2.	tion	citation of bids on items desired by a district if the solicita- is considered feasible by the comptroller and is desired ne district.		
	3.		rision of information and technical assistance to a district ut the purchasing program.		
	The comptroller may charge a district its actual costs in providing purchasing services.				
	Loc	al Gov	/'t Code 271.082		
District Requirements	ticipation in purch filing with the cor questing that the		may participate in the purchasing program, including par- in purchases that use the reverse auction procedure, by the comptroller a resolution adopted by the board re- that the district be allowed to participate on a voluntary he extent the comptroller deems feasible, and stating that shall:		
	1.	ing t	gnate an official to act for the district in all matters relat- o the program, including the purchase of items from the lor under any contract.		
	2.	Dire	ct the decisions of its representative.		
	3.	Be r	esponsible for:		
		a.	Submitting requisitions to the commission under con- tract(s) and for payment directly to the vendor; and		
		b.	Electronically sending purchase orders directly to ven- dors, or complying with procedures governing a reverse auction purchase, and electronically sending the comp- troller reports on actual purchases.		

	4.	Be responsible for the vendor's compliance with all conditi of delivery and quality of the purchased item.	ions	
		urchase made through participation in this program meets a e requirement to seek competitive bids for the purchase of t n.		
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.083		
Multiple Award Contract Schedule	The comptroller shall develop a schedule of multiple award con- tracts that have been previously awarded using a competitive pro- cess by the federal government or any other governmental entity in any state. <i>Gov't Code 2155.502</i>			
	und puro liste 215 item puro	strict may purchase goods or services directly from a vendo er a contract listed on a schedule. A district contracting for the chase of an automated information system under a contract ed on a schedule shall comply with Government Code 7.068(e-1) (purchase of information technology commodity hs) [see Automated Information System, above]. An authoriz chase satisfies any requirement of state law relating to comp bids or proposals.	he	
	trac	price listed for a good or service under a multiple award co t is a maximum price. A district may negotiate a lower price ds or services under a contract listed on a schedule.		
	Gov	r't Code 2155.504		
Cooperative Purchasing Program	ano cal trict	strict may participate in a cooperative purchasing program we ther local government of this state or another state or with a cooperative organization of this state or another state. If a d does so, it may sign an agreement with another participation of government or a local cooperative stating that the district w	a lo- lis- ng	
	1.	Designate a person to act on behalf of the district in all ma ters relating to the program.	at-	
	2.	Make payments to another participating local government local cooperative organization or directly under a contract, provided in the agreement.		
	3.	Be responsible for the vendor's compliance.		
		district participates in a cooperative purchasing program, it s is any law requiring it to seek competitive bids.	sat-	
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.102; Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)		
Contract-Related Fee	\$25	chool district that enters into a purchasing contract valued at ,000 or more under Education Code 44.031(a)(5) (interlocal tract), under Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subcha	I	
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	F (cooperative purchasing program), or under any other coopera- tive purchasing program authorized for school districts by law shall document any contract-related fee, including any management fee, and the purpose of each fee under the contract.		
	The amount, purpose, and disposition of any fee described above must be presented in a written report and submitted annually in an open meeting of the board. The written report must appear as an agenda item. The commissioner of education may audit the written report.		
	Education Code 44.0331		
Reverse Auction	A district that uses the reverse auction procedure must include in the procedure a notice provision and other provisions necessary to produce a method of purchasing that is advantageous to the district and fair to vendors. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.906(b)</i>		
	Reverse auction procedure means:		
	 A real-time bidding process usually lasting less than one hour and taking place at a previously scheduled time and internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or ser- vices; or 		
	2. A bidding process usually lasting less than two weeks and taking place during a previously scheduled period and at a previously scheduled internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or services.		
	Gov't Code 2155.062(d)		
Commitment of Current Revenue	A contract for the acquisition, including lease, of real or personal property is a commitment of a district's current revenue only, pro- vided the contract contains either or both of the following provi- sions:		
	 Retains to the board the continuing right to terminate the con- tract at the expiration of each budget period during the term of the contract. 		
	2. Is conditioned on a best efforts attempt by the board to obtain and appropriate funds for payment of the contract.		
	Local Gov't Code 271.903		
Change Orders	If a change in plans or specifications is necessary after the perfor- mance of a contract is begun or if it is necessary to decrease or in-		

	crease the quantity of work to be performed or of materials, equip- ment, or supplies to be furnished, the district may approve change orders making the changes. The district may grant general author- ity to an administrative official to approve the change orders.
	The total contract price may not be increased because of the changes unless additional money for increased costs is approved for that purpose from available money or is provided for by the authorization of the issuance of time warrants.
	A contract with an original contract price of \$1 million or more may not be increased by more than 25 percent. If a change order for a contract with an original contract price of less than \$1 million in- creases the contract amount to \$1 million or more, the total of the subsequent change orders may not increase the revised contract amount by more than 25 percent of the original contract price.
	Education Code 44.0411
Energy or Water Conservation Measures	A district may contract for energy or water conservation measures. Such a contract shall be let according to the procedures estab- lished for professional services by Government Code 2254.004.
	A board shall establish a long-range energy plan to reduce a dis- trict's annual electric consumption by five percent beginning with the 2008 state fiscal year and consume electricity in subsequent fiscal years in accordance with the district's energy plan.
	<i>Education Code 44.901–.902</i> [See policy CL for legal requirements pertaining to such contracts and plans.]
Recycled Products	A district shall give preference in purchasing to products made of recycled materials if the products meet applicable specifications as to quantity and quality. A district regularly shall review and revise its procurement procedures and specifications for the purchase of goods, supplies, equipment, and materials in order to:
	1. Eliminate procedures and specifications that explicitly discrim- inate against products made of recycled materials.
	2. Encourage the use of products made of recycled materials.
	3. Ensure to the maximum extent economically feasible that the district purchases products that may be recycled when they have served their intended use.
	In developing new procedures and specifications, the district shall encourage the use of recycled products and products that may be recycled or reused.

	The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) by order shall exempt from compliance with these provisions a district with a student enrollment of fewer than 10,000 students.		
	Health and Safety Code 361.426		
Agricultural Products	If the cost and quality are equal, a district shall give preference in purchasing to agricultural products, including textiles and other similar products, that are produced, processed, or grown in Texas. "Processed" means canning, freezing, drying, juicing, preserving, or any other act that changes the form of a good from its natural state to another form. If Texas agricultural products are not equal in cost and quality to other agricultural products, a district shall give preference in purchasing to agricultural products produced, pro- cessed, or grown in the United States, if the cost and quality of the U.S. and foreign products are equal.		
	A district may not adopt product purchasing specifications that un- necessarily exclude agricultural products produced, processed, or grown in Texas.		
Vegetation for Landscaping	If cost is equal and the quality is not inferior, a district shall give preference to Texas vegetation when it purchases vegetation for landscaping purposes.		
	Education Code 44.042		
Bus Purchase or Lease	Each contract proposed for the purchase or lease of one or more school buses, including a lease with an option to purchase, shall be submitted to competitive bidding when the contract is valued at \$20,000 or more. <i>Education Code 44.031(l)</i> [See CNB]		
Right to Work	While engaged in procuring goods and services or awarding a con- tract, a district:		
	1. May not consider whether a vendor is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and		
	2. Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to any organization.		
	Education Code 44.043		
Lobbying Restriction— Tobacco Education	A district may not spend grant funds it receives from the Perma- nent Fund for Tobacco Education and Enforcement to pay:		
Grant Funds	1. Lobbying expenses incurred by the district;		

	2.	A person or entity that is required under Government Code Chapter 305 to register as a lobbyist with the Texas Ethics Commission;
	3.	Any partner, employee, employer, relative, contractor, consult- ant, or related entity of a person or entity of a registered lob- byist (as described in item 2); or
	4.	A person or entity who has been hired to represent associa- tions or other entities for the purpose of affecting the outcome of legislation, agency rules, ordinances, or other government policies.
	Gov	r't Code 403.1067
Criminal History		provisions pertaining to criminal history record information on tractors, see CJA(LEGAL).
Impermissible Practices	gen cha Coc	bard member, employee, or agent shall not, with criminal negli- ce, make or authorize separate, sequential, or component pur- ses to avoid the purchasing requirements set out in Education le 44.031. An officer or employee shall not knowingly violate location Code 44.031 in any other manner.
	of a one arat mac ove	mponent purchases" means purchases of the component parts n item that in normal purchasing practices would be made in purchase. "Separate purchases" means purchases, made sep- rely, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be de in one purchase. "Sequential purchases" means purchases, r a period, of items that in normal purchasing practices would made in one purchase.
	fens rem ber hav of fi or e or a elig	ation of this provision is a Class B misdemeanor and an of- se involving moral turpitude, conviction of which shall result in oval from office or dismissal from employment. A board mem- who is convicted of a violation of this provision is considered to e committed official misconduct and for four years after the date nal conviction, the removed person is ineligible to be appointed lected to public office in Texas, is ineligible to be employed by ct as an agent for the state or a political subdivision, and is in- ible to receive any compensation through a contract with the e or a political subdivision. [See BBC]
	Edu	ication Code 44.032
Injunction	Edu trict a di	burt may enjoin performance of a contract made in violation of location Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. A county attorney, dis- attorney, criminal district attorney, citizen of the county in which strict is located, or any interested party may bring an action for njunction. A party who prevails in an action brought under this
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	subsection is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as approved by the court. <i>Education Code 44.032(f)</i>			
Prohibitions Entertainment Event Contracts	A person, including a board, may not include a provision in a con- tract related to a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid for in whole or in part with public funds that prohibits or would oth- erwise prevent the disclosure of information relating to the receipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a board for the event. A contract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is void. <i>Gov't Code 552.104(c)</i> [See GBA for information related to competition or bidding.]			
Taxpayer Resource Transactions	A district may not enter into a taxpayer resource transaction with an abortion provider or an affiliate of an abortion provider. <i>Gov't Code 2272.003(a)</i>			
	"Taxpayer resource transaction" means a sale, purchase, lease, donation of money, goods, services, or real property, or any other transaction between a governmental entity and a private entity that provides to the private entity something of value derived from state or local tax revenue, regardless of whether the governmental entity receives something of value in return.			
	"Affiliate" means a person or entity who enters into with another person or entity a legal relationship created or governed by at least one written instrument, including a certificate of formation, a fran- chise agreement, standards of affiliation, bylaws, or a license, that demonstrates:			
	 Common ownership, management, or control between the parties to the relationship; 			
	2. A franchise granted by the person or entity to the affiliate; or			
	3. The granting or extension of a license or other agreement au- thorizing the affiliate to use the other person's or entity's brand name, trademark, service mark, or other registered identifica- tion mark.			
	Gov't Code 2272.001(3), (5)			
Prohibited Contracts	For provisions regarding other prohibited contracts, see CV(LE-GAL).			

Purchasing Authority	The Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to make budgeted purchases for goods or services. However, any single, budgeted purchase of goods or services that costs \$150,000 or more, regardless of whether the goods or services are competi- tively purchased, shall require Board approval before a transaction may take place, except as otherwise provided in this policy.			
	The Superintendent is not required to obtain Board approval for the following types of budgeted purchases costing less than \$150,000 but shall subsequently report them to the Board:			
	 A purchase made pursuant to a Board-approved interlocal contract, in accordance with law; 			
	2. A purchase made through a cooperative purchasing program or state purchasing program that satisfies the District's obliga- tion for competitive purchasing [see CH(LEGAL) or CBB(LE- GAL), as appropriate.];			
	 A continuing or periodic purchase under a Board-approved bid or contract; or 			
	4. A purchase for produce or fuel.			
Purchasing Procedures	The Superintendent shall develop purchasing procedures to imple- ment the requirements of state and federal law. [See also CB, CBB, CH(LEGAL), and COA]			
Purchasing Method	The Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to deter- mine the method of purchasing in accordance with CH(LEGAL) or CBB(LEGAL), as appropriate.			
Competitive Bidding	If competitive bidding is chosen as the purchasing method, the Su- perintendent shall prepare bid specifications. All bids shall be in ac- cordance with administrative regulations, and the submission of any electronic bids shall also be in accordance with Board-adopted rules. All bidders shall be invited to attend the bid opening. Any bid may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time for opening. Bids re- ceived after the specified time shall not be considered.			
	The District may reject any and all bids in accordance with state or federal law, as applicable.			
Competitive Sealed Proposals	If competitive sealed proposals are chosen as the purchasing method, the Superintendent shall prepare the request for proposals and/or specifications for items to be purchased. All proposals shall be in accordance with administrative regulations, and the submis- sion of any electronic proposals shall also be in accordance with Board-adopted rules. Proposals received after the specified time shall not be considered. Proposals shall be opened at the time			

	specified, and all proposers shall be invited to attend the proposal opening. Proposals may be withdrawn prior to the scheduled time of opening. Changes in the content of a proposal, and in prices, may be negotiated after proposals are opened.
	The District may reject any and all proposals in accordance with state or federal law, as applicable.
Electronic Bids or Proposals	Bids or proposals that the District has chosen to accept through electronic transmission shall be administered in accordance with Board-adopted rules. Such rules shall safeguard the integrity of the competitive procurement process; ensure the identification, secu- rity, and confidentiality of electronic bids or proposals; and ensure that the electronic bids or proposals remain effectively unopened until the proper time.
Responsibility for Debts	The Board shall assume responsibility for debts incurred in the name of the District so long as those debts are for purchases made in accordance with the adopted budget, state law, Board policy, and the District's purchasing procedures. [See CE] The Board shall not be responsible for debts incurred by persons or organiza- tions not directly under Board control. Persons making unauthor- ized purchases shall assume full responsibility for all such debts.
Purchase Commitments	All purchase commitments shall be made by the Superintendent in accordance with administrative procedures, including the District's purchasing procedures.
Personal Purchases	District employees shall not be permitted to make purchases for personal use through the District's business office.

ADOPTED:

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

Safety and Security Committee Responsibilities	In accordance with guidelines established by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC), each district shall establish a school safety and security committee. The committee shall:			
	1.	Participate on behalf of the district in developing and imple- menting emergency plans consistent with the district multihaz- ard emergency operations plan to ensure that the plans re- flect specific campus, facility, or support services needs;		
	2.	Periodically provide recommendations to the board and dis- trict administrators regarding updating the district multihazard emergency operations plan [see CKC] in accordance with best practices identified by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), the TxSSC, or a person included in the registry of per- sons providing school safety or security consulting services established by the TxSSC;		
	3.	Provide the district with any campus, facility, or support ser- vices information required in connection with a safety and se- curity audit, a safety and security audit report, or another re- port required to be submitted by the district to the TxSSC;		
	4.	Review each report required to be submitted by the district to the TxSSC to ensure that the report contains accurate and complete information regarding each campus, facility, or sup- port service in accordance with criteria established by the center; and		
	5.	Consult with local law enforcement agencies on methods to increase law enforcement presence near district campuses.		
Membership	The	committee, to the greatest extent practicable, must include:		
	1.	One or more representatives of an office of emergency man- agement of a county or city in which the district is located;		
	2.	One or more representatives of the local police department or sheriff's office;		
	3.	One or more representatives of the district's police depart- ment, if applicable;		
	4.	The president of the board;		
	5.	A member of the board other than the president;		
	6.	The superintendent;		
	7.	One or more designees of the superintendent, one of whom must be a classroom teacher in the district;		

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

	8.	If the district partners with an open-enrollment charter school to provide instruction to students, a member of the open-en- rollment charter school's governing body or a designee of the governing body; and			
	9.	Two parents or guardians of students enrolled in the district.			
Meetings	Except as otherwise provided for year-round schools, the commit- tee shall meet at least once during each academic semester and at least once during the summer. A committee established by a dis- trict that operates schools on a year-round system or in accord- ance with another alternative schedule shall meet at least three times during each calendar year, with an interval of at least two months between each meeting.				
	Cod vide	committee is subject to the Open Meetings Act (Government e Chapter 551), and may meet in executive session as pro- d by that chapter. Notice of a committee meeting must be ed in the same manner as notice of a board meeting. [See BE]			
	Edu	cation Code 37.109			
Safety and Security Audit	At least once every three years, each district shall conduct a safety and security audit of the district's facilities. To the extent possible, a district shall follow safety and security audit procedures developed by the TxSSC or a person included in the registry of persons providing school safety or security consulting services established by TxSSC.				
	the o	district's safety and security audit, the district must certify that district used the funds provided through the school safety allot- t only for the purposes provided by Education Code 42.168.			
	the I TxS	strict shall report the results of the safety and security audit to board and, in the manner required by the TxSSC, to the SC. The report provided to the TxSSC must be signed by the rd and the superintendent.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.108(b), (b-1), (c)			
	tions may distr	ddition to a review of a district's multihazard emergency opera- s plan under Education Code 37.2071 [see CKC], the TxSSC require a district to submit its plan for immediate review if the ict's audit results indicate that the district is not complying with icable standards. <i>Education Code 37.207(c)</i>			
Failure to Report Audit Results	prov repo	district fails to report the results of its audit, the TxSSC shall ide the district with written notice that the district has failed to ort its audit results and must immediately report the results to center.			

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

	f six months after the date of the initial notification the district ha still not reported the results of its audit to the TxSSC, the TxSSC shall notify TEA and the district of the district's requirement to co luct a public hearing under Education Code 37.1081. [See CKC) n-
	Education Code 37.207(d)–(e)	
Disclosure	Except as provided by Education Code 37.108(c-2) [see CKC], a locument or information collected, developed, or produced durin a safety and security audit is not subject to disclosure under Gov ernment Code Chapter 552. <i>Education Code 37.108(c-1)</i>	ng
Agreements	Each district that enters into a memorandum of understanding of nutual aid agreement addressing issues that affect school safet and security shall, at the TxSSC's request, provide the following ormation to the TxSSC:	y
	. The name of each entity with which the district has entered into a memorandum of understanding or mutual aid agreement;	
	2. The effective date of each memorandum or agreement; and	d
	8. A summary of each memorandum or agreement.	
	Education Code 37.2121	

Notice of Bomb Threat or Terroristic Threat	A district that receives a bomb threat or terroristic threat relating to a campus or other district facility at which students are present shall provide notification of the threat as soon as possible to the parent or guardian of or other person standing in parental relation to each student who is assigned to the campus or who regularly uses the facility, as applicable. <i>Education Code 37.113</i>		
Emergency Operations Plan	Each district shall adopt and implement a multihazard emergency operations plan for use in the district's facilities. The plan must ad- dress prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recov- ery as defined by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) in con- junction with the governor's office of homeland security and the commissioner. The plan must provide for:		
	1.	Training in responding to an emergency for district employ- ees, including substitute teachers;	
	2.	Measures to ensure district employees, including substitute teachers, have classroom access to a telephone, including a cellular telephone, or another electronic communication de- vice allowing for immediate contact with district emergency services or emergency services agencies, law enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire departments;	
	3.	Measures to ensure district communications technology and infrastructure are adequate to allow for communication during an emergency;	
	4.	Mandatory school drills and exercises, including drills required under Education Code 37.114 (emergency evacuations), to prepare district students and employees for responding to an emergency;	
	5.	Measures to ensure coordination with the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) and local emergency man- agement agencies, law enforcement, health departments, and fire departments in the event of an emergency; and	
	6.	The implementation of a required safety and security audit [see CK].	
	Education Code 37.108(a)		
	A district shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan:		
	1.	A chain of command that designates the individual responsi- ble for making final decisions during a disaster or emergency situation and identifies other individuals responsible for mak- ing those decisions if the designated person is unavailable;	

- Provisions that address physical and psychological safety for responding to a natural disaster, active shooter, and any other dangerous scenario identified for purposes of these provisions by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or TxSSC;
- Provisions for ensuring the safety of students in portable buildings;
- Provisions for ensuring that students and district personnel with disabilities are provided equal access to safety during a disaster or emergency situation;
- 5. Provisions for providing immediate notification to parents, guardians, and other persons standing in parental relation in circumstances involving a significant threat to the health or safety of students, including identification of the individual with responsibility for overseeing the notification;
- 6. Provisions for supporting the psychological safety of students, district personnel, and the community during the response and recovery phase following a disaster or emergency situation that:
 - a. Are aligned with best practice-based programs and research-based practices recommended under Health and Safety Code 161.325;
 - Include strategies for ensuring any required professional development training for suicide prevention and grief-informed and trauma-informed care is provided to appropriate school personnel;
 - c. Include training on integrating psychological safety and suicide prevention strategies into the district's plan, such as psychological first aid for schools training, from an approved list of recommended training established by the commissioner and TxSSC for:
 - Members of the district's school safety and security committee [see CK];
 - (2) District school counselors and mental health professionals; and
 - (3) Educators and other district personnel as determined by the district;
 - d. Include strategies and procedures for integrating and supporting physical and psychological safety that align with the provisions described by item 2, above; and

		e.	Implement trauma-informed policies;
	7.	can tea	olicy for providing a substitute teacher access to school npus buildings and materials necessary for the substitute cher to carry out the duties of a district employee during an ergency or a mandatory emergency drill; and
	8.	sec	e name of each individual on the district's school safety and urity committee and the date of each committee meeting ing the preceding year. [See CK]
	Edu	icatio	n Code 37.108(f)
Active Shooter Emergency	a po may	olicy 1 / use	shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan for responding to an active shooter emergency. The district any available community resources in developing the pol- cation Code 37.108(g)
Train Derailment	a po distr cate poir any	olicy f rict is ed wif nt on avail	shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan for responding to a train derailment near a district school. A only required to adopt the policy if a district school is lo- thin 1,000 yards of a railroad track, as measured from any the school's real property boundary line. A district may use able community resources in developing the policy. <i>Edu-</i> ode 37.108(d)
Polling Place Security	a po der con the ble This tain pers distr fect	blicy f Elect sult v distri secu s requ or co sonne rict p the r use a	shall include in its multihazard emergency operations plan for district property selected for use as a polling place un- tion Code 43.031. In developing the policy, the board may with the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over ct property selected as a polling place regarding reasona- rity accommodations that may be made to the property. uirement may not be interpreted to require the board to ob- ontract for the presence of law enforcement or security el for the purpose of securing a polling place located on roperty. Failure to comply with this subsection does not af- requirement of the board to make a school facility available s a polling place under Election Code 43.031. <i>Education</i> .108(e) [See GKD]
Disclosure			ent relating to a school multihazard emergency operations ubject to disclosure if the document enables a person to:
	1.	the age ger law	ify that the district has established a plan and determine agencies involved in the development of the plan and the encies coordinating with the district to respond to an emer- icy, including TDSHS, local emergency services agencies, enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire de- tments;

	2.	Verify that the district's plan was reviewed within the last 12 months and determine the specific review dates;			
	3.	Verify that the plan addresses the four phases of emergency management listed above at Emergency Operations Plan;			
	4.	Verify that district employees have been trained to respond to an emergency and determine the types of training, the num- ber of employees trained, and the person conducting the training;			
	5.	Verify that each campus in the district has conducted manda- tory emergency drills and exercises in accordance with the plan and determine the frequency of the drills;			
	6.	Verify that the district has established a plan for responding to a train derailment if required [see Train Derailment, above];			
	7.	Verify that the district has completed a safety and security au- dit and determine the date the audit was conducted, the per- son conducting the audit, and the date the district presented the results of the audit to the board [see CK];			
	8.	Verify that the district has addressed any recommendations by the board for improvement of the plan and determine the district's progress within the last 12 months; and			
	9.	Verify that the district has established a visitor policy and identify the provisions governing access to a district building or other district property.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.108(c-2)			
	-	e GRC for emergency management training requirements and bonse to requests from other governmental entities for mutual			
Plan Review	the	A district shall submit its multihazard emergency operations plan to the TxSSC on request and in accordance with the TxSSC review cycle developed under Education Code 37.2071(a).			
	duri tion:	document or information collected, developed, or produced ng the review and verification of multihazard emergency opera- s plans is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information (Government Code Chapter 552).			
Notice of Noncompliance Plan Deficiencies	erat the stat	TxSSC shall review each district's multihazard emergency op- ions plan and verify the plan meets the requirements or provide district with written notice describing the plan's deficiencies and ing that the district must correct the deficiencies in its plan and ubmit the revised plan to the TxSSC.			

	The TxSSC may approve a district multihazard emergency opera- tions plan that has deficiencies if the district submits a revised plan that the center determines will correct the deficiencies.				
Failure to Submit Plan	If a district fails to submit its multihazard emergency operations plan to the TxSSC for review, the TxSSC shall provide the district with written notice stating that the district has failed to submit a plan and must submit a plan to the center for review and verifica- tion.				
Failure to Comply after Notice Three Months	If three months after the date of initial notification outlined at Notice of Noncompliance, above, a district has not corrected the plan defi- ciencies or has failed to submit a plan, the TxSSC shall provide written notice to the district and TEA that the district has not com- plied with the requirements and must comply immediately.				
Six Months	If a district still has not corrected the plan deficiencies or has failed to submit a plan six months after the date of initial notification, the TxSSC shall provide written notice to the district stating that the district must hold a public hearing as outlined at Public Hearing on Noncompliance, below.				
	If a school district has failed to submit a plan, the notice must state that the commissioner is authorized to appoint a conservator under Education Code 37.1082.				
	Education Code 37.2071				
Public Hearing on Noncompliance	If the board receives notice of noncompliance under Education Code 37.207(e) [see CK] or 37.2071(g) [see above at Six Months], the board shall hold a public hearing to notify the public of:				
	 The district's failure to submit or correct deficiencies in a mul- tihazard emergency operations plan or report the results of a safety and security audit to the TxSSC as required by law; 				
	2. The dates during which the district has not been in compli- ance; and				
	3. The names of each member of the board and the superinten- dent serving in that capacity during the dates the district was not in compliance. The district shall provide this information in writing to each person at the hearing.				
	The board shall give members of the public a reasonable oppor- tunity to appear before the board and to speak on the issue of the district's failure to submit or correct deficiencies in a multihazard emergency operations plan or report the results of a safety and se-				

CKC (LEGAL)

curity audit during a hearing held under this provision. A district required to hold a public hearing shall provide written confirmation to the TxSSC that the district held the hearing.

Education Code 37.1081

Emergency Operations Plan		e Superintendent shall ensure updating of the District's emer- ncy operations plan and ongoing staff training.	
	As required by law, the emergency operations plan shall include the District's procedures addressing:		
	1.	Reasonable security measures when District property is used as a polling place;	
	2.	Response to an active shooter emergency; and	
	3.	Access to campus buildings and materials necessary for a substitute teacher to carry out the duties of a District employee during an emergency or an emergency drill.	

ADOPTED:

SAFETY PROGRAM/RI		ANAGEMENT CKD IIPMENT AND PROCEDURES (LEGAL)		
Traumatic Injury Response Protocol	for e	ch district shall develop and annually make available a protocol employees and volunteers to follow in the event of a traumatic ıry. The protocol must:		
	1.	Provide for a district to maintain and make available to em- ployees and volunteers bleeding control stations, as de- scribed below, for use in the event of a traumatic injury involv- ing blood loss;		
	2.	Ensure that bleeding control stations are stored in easily ac- cessible areas of the campus that are selected by the district's school safety and security committee;		
	3.	Require that TEA-approved training on the use of a bleeding control station in the event of an injury to another person be provided to:		
		a. Each district peace officer commissioned under Educa- tion Code 37.081 or school security personnel employed under that section who provides security services at the campus;		
		b. Each school resource officer who provides law enforce- ment at the campus; and		
		 All other district personnel who may be reasonably expected to use a bleeding control station; and 		
	4.	Require the district to annually offer instruction on the use of a bleeding control station from a school resource officer or other appropriate district personnel who has received the training described above to students enrolled at the campus in grade seven or higher.		
Bleeding Control Stations Location	eas stat	strict's school safety and security committee may select, as ly accessible areas of the campus at which bleeding control ons may be stored, areas of the campus where automated ex- al defibrillators are stored.		
Contents		leeding control station must contain all of the following required oplies in quantities determined appropriate by the superinten-		
	1.	Tourniquets approved for use in battlefield trauma care by the armed forces of the United States;		
	2.	Chest seals;		
	3.	Compression bandages;		
	4.	Bleeding control bandages;		
	10	4 -5 4		

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

	5.	Space emergency blankets;	
	6.	Latex-free gloves;	
	7.	Markers;	
	8.	Scissors; and	
	9.	Instructional documents developed by the American College of Surgeons or the United States Department of Homeland Security detailing methods to prevent blood loss following a traumatic event.	
		strict may also include in a bleeding control station any medical erial or equipment that:	
	1.	May be readily stored in a bleeding control station;	
	2.	May be used to adequately treat an injury involving traumatic blood loss; and	
	3.	Is approved by local law enforcement or emergency medical services personnel.	
Immunity	The good faith use of a bleeding control station by a district em- ployee to control the bleeding of an injured person is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the employee's position of employ- ment and involves the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the employee for purposes of Education Code 22.0511, and a district and district employees are immune from civil liability, as provided by that section, from damages or injuries resulting from that good faith use of a bleeding control station. A district volunteer is immune from civil liability from damages or injuries resulting from the good faith use of a bleeding control station to the same extent as a professional employee of the district or school, as provided by Education Code 22.053.		
	Edu	cation Code 38.030	
Automated External Defibrillators Availability <i>Campus</i>	dist Hea read athl tion side	h school district shall make available at each campus in the rict at least one automated external defibrillator, as defined by alth and Safety Code 779.001. A campus defibrillator must be dily available during any University Interscholastic League (UIL) etic competition held on the campus. In determining the loca- at which to store a campus defibrillator, the principal shall con- er the primary location on campus where students engage in etic activities.	
Athletic Practice	the	he extent practicable, each school district, in cooperation with UIL, shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that a defibrillator vailable at each UIL athletic practice held at a district campus. If	

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

	a school district is not able to make a defibrillator available in such a manner, the district shall determine the extent to which a defibril- lator must be available at each UIL athletic practice held at a dis- trict campus. The determination must be based, in addition to any other appropriate considerations, on relevant medical information.
Athletic Competition	Each school district, in cooperation with the UIL, shall determine the extent to which a defibrillator must be available at each UIL ath- letic competition held at a location other than a district campus. The determination must be based, in addition to any other appro- priate considerations, on relevant medical information and whether emergency services personnel are present at the athletic competi- tion under a contract with the school district.
Trained Staff	Each school district shall ensure the presence at each location at which a defibrillator is required above of at least one campus or district employee trained in the proper use of the defibrillator at any time a substantial number of district students are present at the lo- cation.
Use and Maintenance	A school district shall ensure that an automated external defibrilla- tor is used and maintained in accordance with standards estab- lished under Health and Safety Code Chapter 779.
	Education Code 38.017
Instruction	A school district shall annually make available to district employees and volunteers instruction in the principles and techniques of cardi- opulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external de- fibrillator, as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001. The in- struction must meet the guidelines approved under Health and Safety Code 779.002.
	Each school nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach or spon- sor, physical education instructor, marching band director, cheer- leading coach, and any other school employee specified by the Commissioner and each student who serves as an athletic trainer must participate and must receive and maintain certification in the use of an automated external defibrillator from the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a similar nationally recog- nized association.
	Education Code 22.902
	[See CH for information regarding purchase and lease of auto- mated external defibrillators.]
Response to Cardiac Arrest	Each school district shall develop safety procedures for a district or school employee or student to follow in responding to a medical

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

emergency involving cardiac arrest, including the appropriate response time in administering cardiopulmonary resuscitation, using an automated external defibrillator, as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001, or calling a local emergency medical services provider. *Education Code 38.018*

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

School District Peace Officers, School Resource Officers, and Security Personnel	The board may employ security personnel, enter into a memoran- dum of understanding with a local law enforcement agency for the provision of school resource officers, and commission peace offic- ers to carry out Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter C, relat- ing to law and order.		
Jurisdiction	The jurisdiction of a peace officer, a school resource officer, or se- curity personnel shall be determined by the board and may include all territory in the boundaries of the district and all property outside the boundaries of the district that is owned, leased, or rented by or otherwise under the control of the district and the board that em- ploy the peace officer or security personnel or that enter into a memorandum of understanding for the provision of a school re- source officer.		
	Education Code 37.081(a)		
Duties	The board shall determine the law enforcement duties of peace of- ficers, school resource officers, and security personnel. The duties must be included in:		
	 The district improvement plan under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ]; 		
	 The student code of conduct adopted under Education Code 37.001 [see FO]; 		
	3. Any memorandum of understanding providing for a school re- source officer; and		
	4. Any other campus or district document describing the role of peace officers, school resource officers, or security personnel in the district.		
	A district peace officer, a school resource officer, and security per- sonnel shall perform law enforcement duties for the school district that must include protecting the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the peace officer, resource officer, or security per- sonnel; and the property of the school district.		
	In determining the law enforcement duties, the board shall coordi- nate with district campus behavior coordinators and other district employees to ensure that district peace officers, school resource officers, and security personnel are tasked only with duties related to law enforcement intervention and not tasked with behavioral or administrative duties better addressed by other district employees.		
	Education Code 37.081(d), (d-1), (d-4)		
Prohibited Duties	A district may not assign or require as duties of a district peace of- ficer, a school resource officer, or security personnel:		
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SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

	1.	Routine student discipline or school administrative tasks; or	
	2.	Contact with students unrelated to the law enforcement duties of the peace officer, resource officer, or security personnel.	
	This provision does not prohibit a district peace officer, a school re- source officer, or security personnel from informal contact with a student unrelated to:		
	1.	The assigned duties of the officer or security personnel; or	
	2.	An incident involving student behavior or law enforcement.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(d-2), (d-3)	
Refusal or Removal from District Property	low the	chool resource officer or district peace officer may refuse to al- a person to enter on or may eject a person from property under district's control in accordance with Education Code 37.105. <i>Ication Code 37.105(a); 19 TAC 103.1207</i> [See GKA]	
Weapons	carr	board authorizes a person employed as security personnel to y a weapon, the person must be a commissioned peace officer. <i>Ication Code 37.081(a)</i> [See CKEA]	
Training	activ	strict peace officer or school resource officer shall complete an ve shooter response training program approved by the Texas nmission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE).	
	whio ado	strict that commissions a school district peace officer or at ch a school resource officer provides law enforcement shall pt a policy requiring the officer to complete the education and ning program required by Occupations Code 1701.263.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.0812	
	fice und offic	DLE shall require a district peace officer or school resource of- to successfully complete an education and training program er Occupations Code 1701.263 before or within 180 days of the ter's commission by or placement in the district or a campus of district. <i>Occupations Code 1701.263(b)</i>	
Notice of Exposure to Communicable Disease	ame ers to c abo ifyin	strict that employs emergency medical service employees, par- edics, firefighters, law enforcement officers or correctional offic- must post the required notice regarding work-related exposure ommunicable disease in its workplace to inform employees ut Health and Safety Code requirements which may affect qual- g for workers' compensation benefits following a work-related osure to a reportable communicable disease. <i>28 TAC 110.108</i>	
Handgun Licensees	allo	bard may promulgate written regulations or written authorization wing the holder of a handgun license to carry a handgun on bol premises pursuant to Penal Code 46.03(a)(1).	
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SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

A board may appoint a school marshal [see CKEB] and authorize another person to serve under the district's regulations and authorization under Penal Code 46.03(a)(1).

The holder of a handgun license does not commit a criminal offense under Penal Code 46.035 by carrying a handgun in a building where a high school sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place or at an open meeting of the board when the person is lawfully carrying a handgun pursuant to a board's written regulations and authorization.

Att'y Gen. Op. GA-1051 (2014) (citing Education Code 11.151(b))

Denton ISD 061901			
SAFETY PROGRAM/RI		ANAGEMENT	CKE (LOCAL)
School Resource Officers	Dist mer sha	mplement the District's comprehensive safety program rict has entered into an agreement with a local law en at agency for school resource officers. School resource Il provide services consistent with the terms of the agr comprehensive safety programs, and Board policy.	force- e officers
School Security Officers	Dist ous (TC and pea bee mer by T mus sche by t prov visit	mplement the District's comprehensive safety program rict may also employ security officers who have been by commissioned by Texas Commission on Law Enforce OLE) or a federal or another state's law enforcement a have maintained that commission and served as a lic ce officer for no less than five years. An employee who n commissioned by a federal or another state's law en t agency shall be required to seek and achieve a com COLE their first year of employment. School security at maintain their certification while employed by the Dis pol security officer (SSO) and shall perform duties as a he Superintendent or designee to protect school proper- vide for the safety and welfare of students, employees ors, and others who are present on District premises of events.	previ- cement agency ensed o has oforce- mission officers strict as a assigned erty and , parents,
Authority	School resource officers and school security officers shall countable to and shall report to the Superintendent or de They shall have authority over all territory within District & ries, as well as all real and personal property outside the ries of the District that is owned, leased, or rented by the is otherwise under the District's control. Subject to limitat law, the school resource officers and school security offic have the authority to:		ignee. ounda- bounda- District, or ons in the ers shall
	1.	Protect the safety and welfare of any person on prop the District and protect the property of the District,	·
	2.	Coordinate and cooperate with commissioned officer other law enforcement agencies, as necessary, in the forcement of this policy,	
	3.	Enforce District policies, rules, and regulations on Di property, in school zones, at bus stops, or at District	
	4.	Investigate violations of District policy, rules, and reg as requested by the Superintendent or designee and pate in hearings concerning alleged violations,	
	5.	Carry weapons as approved by the Superintendent,	and
	6.	Carry out all other duties as directed by the Superint designee.	endent or

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

	School resource officers and school security officers shall not be assigned routine classroom discipline or administrative tasks.
Training	All District officers shall receive at least the minimum amount of ed- ucation and training required by law. [See CKEC]
Complaints	Complaints against a District school security officer shall be in writ- ing on a form provided by the District and shall be signed by the person making the complaint. In accordance with law, the District shall provide to the security officer a copy of the complaint. [See Complaints Against Peace Officers at CKEA(LEGAL)]
	Appeals regarding this complaint process shall be filed in accord- ance with DGBA, FNG, or GF, as appropriate.

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including district peace officers, see CKE.			
Powers and Duties Code of Criminal Procedure	mum st	Any peace officer commissioned by the board must meet all mini- mum standards for peace officers established by the Texas Com- mission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>			
		commissioned by a board are peace officers. <i>Code of of Procedure 2.12(8)</i>			
	officer's	duty of every peace officer to preserve the peace within the jurisdiction. To effect this purpose, the officer shall use all means. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13(a)</i>			
	•	ace officer shall perform the duties listed in Code of Criminal ure 2.13.			
Determined by the Board	district a tecting	ct peace officer shall perform law enforcement duties for the as determined by the board. Those duties must include pro- the safety and welfare of any person in the officer's jurisdic- d protecting the property of the district. <i>Education Code</i> (d)			
	enforce Subcha to restri priate ru purpose	ard may authorize any officer commissioned by the board to rules adopted by the board. Education Code Chapter 37, opter D (protection of buildings and grounds) is not intended ct the authority of each district to adopt and enforce appro- ules for the orderly conduct of the district in carrying out its es and objectives or the right of separate jurisdiction relating onduct of its students and personnel. <i>Education Code</i>			
	In a pea the boa	ace officer's jurisdiction, a peace officer commissioned by rd:			
	1. Ha	as the powers, privileges, and immunities of peace officers;			
		ay enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county dinances, and state laws;			
		ay take a child into custody in accordance with Family Code napter 52 [see GRA] or Code of Criminal Procedure 45.058; id			
		ay dispose of cases in accordance with Family Code 52.03 52.031.			
	Educati	ion Code 37.081(b); Family Code 52.01(a)(3)			

	The board shall determine the scope of the on-duty and off-duty law enforcement activities of district peace officers. A district must authorize in writing any off-duty law enforcement activities per- formed by a district peace officer.
	A district peace officer may provide assistance to another law en- forcement agency. A district may contract with a political subdivi- sion for the jurisdiction of a district peace officer to include all terri- tory in the jurisdiction of the political subdivision.
	Education Code 37.081(c), (e)
Chief of Police	The chief of police of a district police department shall be account- able to the superintendent and shall report to the superintendent. District police officers shall be supervised by the district chief of po- lice or the chief's designee and shall be licensed by TCOLE. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 37.081(f)</i>
Oath and Bond	A peace officer assigned to duty and commissioned by a board shall take and file the oath required of peace officers and shall execute and file a bond in the sum of \$1,000, payable to the board, with two or more sureties, conditioned that the peace officer will fairly, impartially, and faithfully perform all the duties that may be required of the peace officer by law. <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>
Memorandum of Understanding	A district police department and the law enforcement agencies with which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a memorandum of understanding that outlines reasonable communication and co- ordination efforts between the department and the agencies. <i>Education Code 37.081(g)</i>
Body-Worn Cameras	A law enforcement agency that operates a body-worn camera pro- gram shall adopt a policy for the use of body-worn cameras that must ensure that a body-worn camera is activated only for a law enforcement purpose and must include guidelines and provisions required by Occupations Code 1701.655(b).
	A policy may not require a peace officer to keep a body-worn cam- era activated for the entire period of the officer's shift.
	Before a law enforcement agency may operate a body-worn cam- era program, the agency must provide training to peace officers who will wear the body-worn cameras and any other personnel who will come into contact with video and audio data obtained from the use of body-worn cameras.
	Occupations Code 1701.655, .656
Motor Vehicle Stops	A peace officer who stops a motor vehicle for an alleged violation of a law or ordinance shall report to the law enforcement agency

		employs the officer information relating to the stop, including nformation required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.133.	g
	for a	chief administrator of a law enforcement agency is respons auditing these reports to ensure that the race or ethnicity of t con operating the motor vehicle is being reported.	
	Cod	e of Criminal Procedure 2.133	
	mati than subr	w enforcement agency shall compile and analyze the infor- on contained in each report received by the agency. Not late March 1 of each year, each law enforcement agency shall mit a report containing the incident-based data compiled dur previous calendar year to TCOLE. <i>Code of Criminal Procede</i> 24	ring
Civil Penalty	tiona of C for a	e chief administrator of a local law enforcement agency inter ally fails to submit the incident-based data as required by Co riminal Procedure 2.134, the department is liable to the state civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each vie <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1385(a)</i>	ode e
Racial Profiling	•	eace officer may not engage in racial profiling. <i>Code of Crim</i> cedure 2.131	inal
	mak dutie com	h law enforcement agency that employs peace officers who e traffic stops in the routine performance of the officer's offic es shall adopt a detailed written policy on racial profiling that plies with Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b). <i>Code of Cr</i> <i>Procedure 2.132</i>	cial t
Mental Health Crisis or Substance Abuse Issue	pers of ຣເ	w enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to dive on suffering a mental health crisis or suffering from the effect ubstance abuse to a proper treatment center in the agency's ction if:	cts
	1.	There is an available and appropriate treatment center in the agency's jurisdiction to which the agency may divert the person;	
	2.	It is reasonable to divert the person;	
	3.	The offense that the person is accused of is a misdemeaner other than a misdemeanor involving violence; and	or,
	4.	The mental health crisis or substance abuse issue is suspected to be the reason the person committed the alleged fense.	of-
		requirement does not apply to a person who is accused of cified offenses involving intoxication.	
	Cod	e of Criminal Procedure 16.23	
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Denton ISD 061901			
SECURITY PERSONNEL CKEA COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS (LEGAL			
Administration of Epinephrine	A law enforcement agency may acquire and possess epinephrine auto-injectors and a peace officer may possess and administer an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with Occupations Code Chapter 1701, Subchapter O. <i>Occupations Code 1701.702(a)</i> [See FFAC regarding district maintenance and administration of epi- nephrine auto-injectors.]		
Officer-Involved Injury or Death	"Officer-involved injury or death" means an incident during peace officer discharges a firearm causing injury or death other.		
	Not later than the 30th day after the date of an officer-inver- jury or death, the law enforcement agency employing an or volved in the incident must complete and submit a written tronic report to the office of the attorney general. The report include all information required by Code of Criminal Proce 2.139(b).	officer in- or elec- ort must	
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.139		
	Not later than the 30th day after the date of the occurrence incident in which, while a peace officer is performing an or duty, a person who is not a peace officer discharges a fire causes injury or death to the officer, the law enforcement employing the injured or deceased officer at the time of the must complete and submit a written or electronic report to of the attorney general. The report must include all inform quired by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1395(a). Code of <i>Procedure 2.1395(b)</i>	fficial earm and agency he incident o the office ation re-	
Failure to Report	A law enforcement agency that fails to submit the required on or before the seventh day after the date the agency re- notice of failure to report from the office of the attorney ge- liable for a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000 for each of the seventh day that the agency fails to submit the report. ning on the day after the date of receiving notice of failure a law enforcement agency that, in the five-year period pre- the date the agency received the notice, has been liable for penalty is liable for a civil penalty for each day the agency submit the required report in the amount of \$10,000 for the and \$1,000 for each additional day that the agency fails to the report. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13951(b), (c)</i>	ceived eneral, is day after Begin- to report, eceding or a civil / fails to e first day	
Complaints Against Peace Officers	To be considered by the head of the district's police depart complaint against a district peace officer must be in writing signed by the person making the complaint. A copy of the plaint shall be given to the officer within a reasonable time filed. Disciplinary action may not be taken against the offic a copy of the signed complaint is given to the officer. The	g and com- e after it is cer unless	
		4 . 5 5	

	may not be indefinitely suspended or terminated based on the subject matter of the complaint unless the complaint is investigated and there is evidence to prove the allegation of misconduct. <i>Gov't Code 614.021–.023; <u>Colorado County v. Staff</u>, 510 S.W.3d 435 (Tex. 2017); Atty. Gen. Op. GA-251 (2004)</i>
	On the commencement of an investigation by a law enforcement agency of a complaint that alleges that a peace officer employed by the department has engaged in racial profiling with respect to an individual and in which a video or audio recording of the occurrence on which the complaint is based was made, the agency shall promptly provide a copy of the recording to the peace officer who is the subject of the complaint on written request by the officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(f)</i>
	[See DGBA, FNG, and GF for appeals]
Legal Representation	A district shall provide a district employee who is a peace officer with legal counsel without cost to the employee to defend the em- ployee against a suit for damages by a party other than a govern- mental entity if legal counsel is requested by the employee, and the suit involves an official act of the employee within the scope of the employee's authority.
	To defend the employee against the suit, the district may provide counsel already employed by it or may employ private counsel.
	An employee may recover from a district that fails to provide coun- sel as required the reasonable attorney's fees incurred in defend- ing the suit if the trier of fact finds that the fees were incurred in de- fending a suit covered by these provisions and the employee is without fault or that the employee acted with a reasonable good faith belief that the employee's actions were proper.
	Local Gov't Code 180.002(b)–(d)

Denton ISD 061901

SECURITY PERSONNEL
SCHOOL MARSHALS

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including school marshals, see CKE.
Board Authority		oard may appoint one or more school marshals for each us. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0811(a)
Definition	marsh under scribe	bol marshal is a person who is appointed to serve as a school all by the board under Education Code 37.0811, is licensed Occupations Code 1701.260, and has powers and duties de- d by Code of Criminal Procedure Article 2.127. Occupations 1701.001(8)
Eligibility	plicant for ap	oard may select for appointment as a school marshal an ap- t who is an employee of the district and certified as eligible pointment under Occupations Code 1701.260. <i>Education</i> <i>37.0811(b)</i>
	To be shall:	eligible for appointment as a school marshal, an applicant
		Successfully complete all prerequisite Texas Commission on .aw Enforcement (TCOLE) training;
	2. F	Pass the state licensing exam;
		Be employed and appointed by an authorized school district; and
		Meet all statutory requirements, including psychological fit- ness.
	37 TA	C 227.3(a); Code of Criminal Procedure 2.127(d)
	distric	ool marshal training program is open to any employee of a t who holds a license to carry a handgun issued under Gov- ent Code Chapter 411, Subchapter H. 37 <i>TAC 227.5(a)</i>
	TCOL	E shall license an eligible person who:
		Completes required training to the satisfaction of TCOLE staff; and
	s	s psychologically fit to carry out the duties of a school mar- shal as indicated by the results of the psychological examina- ion administered under Occupations Code 1701.260(d).
	Occup	pations Code 1701.260(f)
Reimbursement for Training	paid b	oard may, but shall not be required to, reimburse the amount y the applicant to participate in the training program under pations Code 1701.260. <i>Education Code 37.0811(b)</i>
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SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL MARSHALS

CKEB (LEGAL)

District	A district shall:		
Responsibilities	1.	Submit and receive approval for an application to appoint a person as a school marshal;	
	2.	Upon authorization, notify TCOLE using approved format prior to appointment;	
	3.	Report to TCOLE, within seven days, when a person previ- ously authorized to act as a school marshal is no longer em- ployed with the district;	
	4.	Report to TCOLE, within seven days, when a person previ- ously authorized to act as a school marshal is no longer au- thorized to do so by the district, TCOLE standards, another state agency, or under other law; and	
	5.	Immediately report to the commission a school marshal's vio- lation of any commission standard, including the discharge of a firearm carried under the authorization of these provisions outside of a training environment.	
	For five years, the district must retain documentation that the dis- trict has met all requirements under law in a format readily accessi- ble to TCOLE. This requirement does not relieve a district from re- taining all other relevant records not otherwise listed.		
	37 TAC 227.1		
Powers and Duties	A school marshal may make arrests and exercise all authority given to peace officers under the Code of Criminal Procedure, subject to written regulations adopted by the board.		
	A school marshal may only act as necessary to prevent or abate the commission of an offense that threatens serious bodily injury or death of students, faculty, or visitors on school premises.		
	A school marshal may not issue a traffic citation for a violation of the Transportation Code.		
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.127		
Reporting	Ond	e appointed, a school marshal shall:	
Requirements	1.	Immediately report to TCOLE and the district any circum- stance which would render them unauthorized to act as a school marshal by virtue of their employment with the district, failure to meet the standards of TCOLE, another state agency, or under law;	

SECURITY PERSONNEL CKEB SCHOOL MARSHALS (LEGAL) 2. Immediately report to TCOLE any violation of applicable TCOLE standards, including any discharge of a firearm carried under the authorization of these provisions outside of training environment; and 3. Comply with all requirements under law, including Education Code 37.0811. 37 TAC 227.3(b) Handgun A school marshal may carry or possess a handgun on the physical Possession premises of a school, but only: In the manner provided by written regulations adopted by the 1. board: and 2. At a specific school as specified by the board. Accessing Handgun A school marshal may access a handgun only under circumstances that would justify the use of deadly force under Penal Code 9.32 or 9.33. **Board Regulations** A board's written regulations must provide that a school marshal may carry a concealed handgun, except that if the primary duty of Locked Gun Safe the school marshal involves regular, direct contact with students, the marshal may not carry a concealed handgun but may possess a handgun on the physical premises of a school in a locked and secured safe within the marshal's immediate reach when conducting the marshal's primary duty. Frangible The written regulations must also require that a handgun carried by Ammunition or within access of a school marshal may be loaded only with frangible duty ammunition approved for that purpose by TCOLE. **Inactive Status** A district employee's status as a school marshal becomes inactive on: 1. Expiration of the employee's school marshal license under Occupations Code 1701.260; 2. Suspension or revocation of the employee's license to carry a handgun; 3. Termination of the employee's employment with the district; or 4. Notice from the board that the employee's services as school marshal are no longer required.

Education Code 37.0811(c)–(f)

Denton ISD 061901		
SECURITY PERSONNE SCHOOL MARSHALS	L	CKEB (LEGAL)
Identity Confidential	The identity of a school marshal is confidential and is not subject t a request under the Public Information Act, except that the per- son's name, date of birth, and handgun license number, and the address of the person's place of employment must be provided by TCOLE to:	
	1.	The director of the Department of Public Safety;
	2.	The district;
	3.	The chief law enforcement officer of the local municipal law enforcement agency if the person is employed at a campus of a district located within a municipality;
	4.	The sheriff of the county if the person is employed at a cam- pus of a district that is not located within a municipality; and
	5.	The chief administrator of any school district-commissioned peace officer, if the person is employed at a district that has commissioned peace officers.
	writii tice poin	parent or guardian of a student enrolled at a school inquires in ng, the district shall provide the parent or guardian written no- indicating whether any employee of the school is currently ap- ted as a school marshal. The notice may not disclose infor- ion that is confidential.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0811(g), (h); Occupations Code 1701.260(j)
No State Benefits		hool marshal is not entitled to state benefits normally provided ne state to a peace officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure Procedure</i>

SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including school resource officers, see CKE.
Definition		resource officer is a peace officer who is assigned by the employing political subdivision to provide:
	1. Ap	olice presence at a public school;
	2. Saf	ety or drug education to students of a public school; or
	3. Oth	er similar services.
	Occupat	ions Code 1701.601
License Required	school m	officer who is a visiting school resource officer in a public nust be licensed as provided by Occupations Code Chap- . <i>Occupations Code 1701.602</i>
Firearms Accident Prevention Program	elementa vide inst	officer who is a visiting school resource officer in a public ary school shall at least once each school year offer to pro- ruction to students in a firearms accident prevention pro- s determined by the district.
	message may incl tion Edd	ns accident prevention program must include the safety e, "Stop! Don't Touch. Leave the Area. Tell an Adult.", and ude instructional materials from the National Rifle Associa- ie Eagle Gun Safe Program, including animated videos <i>v</i> ity books.
	Occupat	ions Code 1701.603

Reduction of Energy Consumption	A board shall establish a long-range energy plan to reduce a di trict's annual electric consumption by five percent beginning wit the 2008 state fiscal year and consume electricity in subsequer fiscal years in accordance with the district's energy plan. The p must include:				
	1.	Strategies for achieving energy efficiency, including facility de- sign and construction, that:			
		a. Result in net savings for the district; or			
		b. Can be achieved without financial cost to the district; and			
	2.	For each strategy identified above, the initial, short-term capi- tal costs and lifetime costs and savings that may result from implementation of the strategy.			
	In determining whether a strategy may result in financial cost to the district, the board shall consider the total net costs and savings that may occur over the seven-year period following implementation of the strategy.				
	The board may submit the plan to the State Energy Conservation Office for the purposes of determining whether funds available through loan programs administered by the office or tax incentives administered by the state or federal government are available to the district. The board may not disallow any proper allocation of in- centives.				
	Edu	cation Code 44.902			
Energy or Water Conservation Measures		rgy savings performance contract" has the meaning assigned ocal Government Code 302.001.			
	Each energy or water conservation measure must comply with cur- rent local, state, and federal construction, plumbing, and environ- mental codes and regulations. An energy savings performance contract may not include improvements or equipment that allow or cause water from any condensing, cooling, or industrial process or any system of nonpotable usage over which the public water sup- ply system officials do not have sanitary control, to be returned to the potable water supply.				
	The board may enter into energy savings performance contracts only with persons who are experienced in the design, implementa- tion, and installation of the energy or water conservation measures addressed by the contract.				
	The contracting and delivery procedures for construction projects described at Government Code Chapter 2269 do not apply to energy savings performance contracts.				
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Performance Bond	Before entering an energy savings performance contract, a board shall require the provider of the energy or water conservation measures to file a payment and performance bond relating to the installation of the measures in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2253. A board may also require a separate bond to cover the value of the guaranteed savings on the contract.				
Financing	An energy savings performance contract may be financed:				
	 Under a lease/purchase contract that has a term not to ex- ceed 20 years from the final date of installation and that meets federal tax requirements for tax-free municipal leasing or long-term financing. 				
	2. With the proceeds of bonds.				
	3. Under a contract with the provider of the energy or water con- servation measures that has a term not to exceed the lesser of 20 years from the final date of installation or the average useful life of the energy or water conservation or usage measures.				
	Notwithstanding other law, the board may use any available money to pay the provider of the energy or water conservation measures, and the board is not required to pay for such costs solely out of the savings realized by the district under an energy savings perfor- mance contract.				
	An energy savings performance contract for energy or water con- servation measures shall contain provisions requiring the provider of the energy or water conservation measures to guarantee the amount of the savings to be realized by a district under the con- tract. If the term of an energy savings performance contract ex- ceeds one year, the district's contractual obligations in any one year during the term of the contract beginning after the final date of installation may not exceed the total energy, water, wastewater, and operating cost savings, including electrical, gas, water, wastewater, or other utility cost savings and operating cost savings resulting from the measures as determined by the district, divided by the number of years in the contract term.				
Contract Procurement	An energy savings performance contract shall be let according to the procedures established for professional services by Govern- ment Code 2254.004 (the Professional Services Procurement Act). [See CH] Notice of the request for qualifications shall be published in the manner provided for competitive bidding.				

	cons nect	board may contract with the provider of the energy or water servation measures to perform work that is related to, con- ed with, or otherwise ancillary to the measures identified in the be of an energy savings performance contract.	
Cost Savings Review	boar revie of th not a view ing t impr and if ap gine any	bre entering into an energy savings performance contract, the rd must require that the cost savings projected by an offeror be ewed by a licensed professional engineer who has a minimum ree years of experience in energy calculation and review, is an officer or employee of an offeror for the contract under re- t, and is not otherwise associated with the contract. In conduct- he review, the engineer shall focus primarily on the proposed ovements from an engineering perspective, the methodology calculations related to cost savings, increases in revenue, and, plicable, efficiency or accuracy of metering equipment. An en- er who reviews a contract shall maintain the confidentiality of proprietary information the engineer acquires while reviewing contract.	
	Edu	cation Code 44.901	
Recycling Program	In cooperation with the comptroller or the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), a district shall establish a program for the separation and collection of all recyclable materials gener- ated by the district's operations, including at a minimum, aluminum steel containers, aseptic packaging, polycoated paperboard car- tons, high-grade office paper, and corrugated cardboard. "Recycla ble materials" includes materials in a district's possession that hav been abandoned or disposed of by the district's officers or employ ees or by any other person.		
	A dis	strict shall also:	
	1.	Provide procedures for collecting and storing recyclable mate- rials, containers for recyclable materials, and procedures for making contractual or other arrangements with buyers of re- cyclable materials.	
	2.	Evaluate the amount of recyclable material recycled and mod- ify the recycling program as necessary to ensure that all recy- clable materials are effectively and practicably recycled.	
	3.	Establish educational and incentive programs to encourage maximum employee participation.	
	TCEQ by order shall exempt from compliance with these pro sions:		
	1.	A district with a student enrollment of fewer than 10,000 stu- dents; and	

	2.	A district if the district petitions TCEQ for an exemption and TCEQ finds that compliance would work a hardship on the district.
	Hea	Ith and Safety Code 361.425
Certificate of Mold Remediation	a co for t sells	en a district sells property, the district shall provide to the buyer ppy of any certificate of mold remediation that has been issued he property during the five years preceding the date the district s the property. Occupations Code 1958.154(b); 16 TAC 150(e)
Pools Generally	pub spa for r vant by t	owner, manager, operator, or other attendant in charge of a lic swimming pool, wading pool, baby pool, hot tub, in-ground a spray fountain, or other artificial body of water typically used ecreational swimming, bathing, or play shall comply with rele- t pool safety standards necessary to prevent drowning adopted he executive commissioner of the Health and Human Services maission. <i>Health and Safety Code 341.0645; 25 TAC 265.181</i> –
Drains	ards mea	h public pool and spa shall comply with the drain cover stand- s found at 15 U.S.C. Section 8003. "Public pool and spa" ans a swimming pool or spa that is open to the public generally, ther for a fee or free of charge. <i>15 U.S.C. 8003</i>

	Note:	For provisions regarding selection and adoption of in- structional materials, see EFA.
Instructional Materials and Technology	be furnis Except a not char equipme	ional materials selected for use in the public schools shall shed without cost to the students attending those schools. as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may rge a student for instructional material or technological ent purchased by the district with the district's technology tructional materials allotment. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
	rial only chased	structional material, including electronic instructional mate- to the extent of any applicable licensing agreement, pur- as provided by Education Code Chapter 31 for a district is perty of the district. <i>Education Code 31.102(a)–(b)</i>
Allotment	structior in the di nium sp sioner s each bie the state lotment. tional m structior	t is entitled to an allotment each biennium from the state in- nal materials and technology fund for each student enrolled strict on a date during the last year of the preceding bien- ecified by the commissioner of education. The commis- hall determine the amount of the allotment per student ennium on the basis of the amount of money available in e instructional materials and technology fund to fund the al- . The allotment shall be transferred from the state instruc- aterials and technology fund to the credit of the district's in- nal materials and technology account as provided by on Code 31.0212. <i>Education Code 31.0211(a)</i>
	nium, no	nmissioner shall, as early as practicable during each bien- otify each district of the estimated amount to which the dis- be entitled during the next fiscal biennium. <i>Education Code</i> 5(a)
No Appeal		ount of the allotment determined by the commissioner is fi- may not be appealed. <i>19 TAC 66.1307(d)</i>
Delayed Publisher Payment Option	material The tota may not	t may requisition and receive state-adopted instructional Is before allotment funds for those materials are available. In cost of delayed-payment-option materials requisitioned t exceed 80 percent of the district's expected allotment for sequent biennium.
	der this district's paymen for a dis will prior	district submits a requisition for instructional materials un- provision, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) will expend a s existing allotment balance before applying the delayed at option. TEA will make payment for any remaining balance strict's order as the allotment funds become available and ritize payment for requisitions over reimbursement of pur- made directly by a district.

	teria men may lishe lishe may ual c	commissioner shall ensure that publishers of instructional ma- ls are informed of any potential delay in payment and that pay- t is subject to the availability of appropriated funds. Publishers decline orders for which payments could be delayed. A pub- r's decision to decline an order shall affect all of that pub- r's orders for which payments could be delayed. Publishers not selectively decline individual orders or orders from individ- listricts. Government Code Chapter 2251 does not apply to isitions under this provision.			
	Edu	cation Code 31.0215; 19 TAC 66.1312			
Allotment Adjustment <i>Change in</i> <i>Enrollment</i>	that distr num decr vide for v ques num will b	ater than May 31 of each school year, a district may request the commissioner adjust the number of students for which the ict is entitled to receive an allotment on the grounds that the ber of students attending school in the district will increase or ease during the school year for which the allotment is pro- d. The commissioner may also adjust the number of students which a district is entitled to receive an allotment, without a re- st by the district, if the commissioner determines a different ber of students is a more accurate reflection of students who be attending school in the district. The commissioner's determi- on is final. <i>Education Code 31.0211(e)</i>			
High Enrollment Growth	and	n year the commissioner shall adjust the instructional materials technology allotment of districts experiencing high enrollment <i>t</i> th. <i>Education Code 31.0214(a)</i>			
	High-enrollment growth adjustments will be based on the difference between the district's percentage of enrollment growth and that of the state. Enrollment growth calculations will be determined each fiscal year based on fall Texas Student Data Systems Public Edu- cation Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) enrollment data. The amount of the adjustment determined by the commis- sioner is final and may not be appealed.				
	If sufficient funds are available, high-enrollment growth adjust- ments will be granted once each fiscal year. Notwithstanding this, a district that experiences an unexpected growth:				
	1.	Of at least two percent due to a natural or man-made disaster or catastrophic event may apply for additional funding at any time during a fiscal year.			
	2.	In its bilingual population of at least ten percent in any school year may apply for additional bilingual funding at any time during a fiscal year.			
	Any fund	additional funding will be dependent on the availability of s.			
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	seco	per-student high-enrollment growth adjustment granted in the ond year of a biennium shall not exceed one-half of the per-stu- t amount established as the biennial allotment.						
	19 7	19 TAC 66.1309						
Permitted	The	allotment may be used to purchase:						
Expenditures	1.	Materials on the list adopted by the commissioner under Edu- cation Code 31.0231;						
	2.	Instructional materials, regardless of whether the instructional materials are on the list adopted under Education Code 31.024;						
	3.	Consumable instructional materials, including workbooks;						
	4.	Instructional materials for use in bilingual education classes, as provided by Education Code 31.029;						
	5.	Instructional materials for use in college preparatory courses under Education Code 28.014, as provided by Education Code 31.031;						
	6.	Supplemental instructional materials, as provided by Educa- tion Code 31.035;						
	7.	State-developed open education resource instructional mate- rials, as provided by Education Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B-1;						
	8.	Instructional materials and technological equipment under any continuing contracts of the district in effect on September 1, 2011;						
	9.	Technological equipment necessary to support the use of ma- terials included on the list adopted by the commissioner under Education Code 31.0231 or any instructional materials pur- chased with an allotment under these provisions; and						
	10.	Inventory software or systems for storing, managing, and ac- cessing instructional materials and analyzing the usage and effectiveness of the instructional materials.						
	The allotment may be used to pay:							
	1.	For training educational personnel directly involved in student						

 For training educational personnel directly involved in student learning in the appropriate use of instructional materials and for providing for access to technological equipment for instructional use; and

	2.	The salary and other expenses of an employee who provides technical support for the use of technological equipment directly involved in student learning.				
	Edu	Education Code 31.0211(c); 19 TAC 66.1307(f)				
Prohibited	The	The allotment may not be used to pay for:				
Expenditures	1.	Services for installation;				
	2.	The physical conduit that transmits data such as cabling and wiring or electricity;				
	3.	Office and school supplies; or				
	4.	Items that are not directly related to student instruction such as furniture, athletic equipment, extension cords, temporary contractors, or video surveillance equipment;				
	5.	Travel expenses; or				
	6.	Equipment or software used for moving, storing, tracking, or taking inventory of instructional materials.				
	19	TAC 66.1307(g)				
Certification of Allotment	trict	strict shall annually certify to the commissioner that the dis- 's allotment has been used only for permitted expenses. <i>Edu-</i> on Code 31.0213				
Priority of Purchase		h biennium a district shall use the district's allotment to pur- se, in the following order:				
	1.	Instructional materials necessary to permit the district to cer- tify that the district has instructional materials that cover all el- ements of the essential knowledge and skills of the required curriculum, other than physical education, for each grade level.				
	2.	Any other instructional materials or technological equipment as determined by the district.				
	Edu	ication Code 31.0211(d); 19 TAC 66.1307(e)				
Instructional Materials and Technology Account	tech niur acc rials	commissioner shall maintain an instructional materials and inology account for each district. In the first year of each bien- n, the commissioner shall deposit the district's allotment in the ount. The commissioner shall pay the cost of instructional mate- s requisitioned by a district under Education Code 31.103 using ds from the district's instructional materials and technology ac- nt.				

	elec disti purp	tronic	may also use funds in the district's account to purchase c instructional materials or technological equipment. The nall submit to the commissioner a request for funds for this from the district's account in accordance with the commis- ules.
	ogy cour At th distr	acco nt and ne en rict's a	eposited in a district's instructional materials and technol- unt during each state fiscal biennium remains in the ac- d available for use by the district for the entire biennium. d of each biennium, a district with unused money in the account may carry forward any remaining balance to the nium.
	Edu	catio	n Code 31.0212
Access to Allotment	use tem beg ateo	throu (EMA inning I. A di	ment for each biennium will be made available for district igh the state's online instructional material ordering sys- AT) as early as possible in the fiscal year preceding the g of the biennium for which the funds have been appropri- strict may access its allotment for any upcoming school in completion of:
	1.	Sub	mission to the commissioner certification that:
		a.	The district has instructional materials that cover all the required Texas essential knowledge and skills (TEKS), except those for physical education, as required by Education Code 31.004 [see Certification of Instructional Materials, below]; and
		b.	The district has used its allotment for only the allowable expenditures [see Permitted Expenditures and Certifica- tion of Allotment Use, above]; and
	2.		paration by TEA of EMAT for the new school year with the allotment amounts.
	-		npletion of these requirements, a district may access its correctly providing all information required in EMAT.
	19 1	TAC 6	6.1307(h)—(j)
Online Requisition System (EMAT)	(EM	IAT) f	missioner shall maintain an online requisition system or districts to requisition instructional materials to be pur- vith the district's allotment. <i>Education Code 31.101(f)</i>
Delegation of Authority	tion con	, distr sister	d may delegate to an employee the authority to requisi- ibute, and manage the inventory of instructional materials, it with Education Code Chapter 31 and rules adopted un- chapter. <i>Education Code 31.104(a)</i>

Denton ISD 061901		
EQUIPMENT AND SUP	PLIES MANAGEMENT ERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING	CMD (LEGAL)
Local Funds	A district may use local funds to purchase any instruction als in addition to those selected under Education Code C <i>Education Code 31.106</i>	
Requisitions, Use, and Distribution	A district shall make a requisition for instructional materia the online requisition program (EMAT) maintained by the sioner. A district may requisition instructional materials on Board of Education (SBOE) instructional materials list for above the grade level in which a student is enrolled. Educ Code $31.103(b)-(c)$	commis- the State grades
Distribution	The board shall distribute printed instructional materials to in the manner that the board determines is most effective nomical. <i>Education Code 31.102(c)</i>	
Supplemental Instructional Materials	A district may requisition supplemental instructional material adopted by the SBOE but not on the instructional material adopted under Education Code 31.023 only if the district tions the supplemental instructional material along with of plemental instructional materials or instructional materials list adopted under Education Code 31.023 that in combine cover each element of the essential knowledge and skills course for which the district is requisitioning the supplement structional materials. <i>Education Code 31.035(d)</i>	l list requisi- ther sup- s on the ation for the
Availability of Open Education Resource Instructional Materials	A district that selects open education resource instruction rial shall requisition a sufficient number of printed copies f students unable to access the instructional material electr unless the district provides to each student:	for use by
	1. Electronic access to the instructional material at no ostudent; or	cost to the
	 Printed copies of the portion of the instructional mate will be used in the course. 	erial that
	Education Code 31.103(d)	
Employee Training	The board shall require the employee responsible for order structional materials to complete TEA-developed training of the allotment and the use of the instructional materials system (EMAT). Training shall be completed prior to order structional materials for the first time and again each time trict is notified by TEA that the training has been updated. trict shall maintain documentation of the completion of the training. <i>19 TAC 66.107(d)</i>	in the use ordering ring in- the dis- The dis-
Special Instructional Materials	All laws and rules applying to instructional materials provi students with no disabilities that are not in conflict with Ec Code 31.028 or 19 Administrative Code 66.1311 shall app	lucation

	distribution and control of special instructional materials. Special in- structional materials include braille, large-print, and audio books and any other formats designed specifically to provide equal ac- cess to students with disabilities.
	Requisitions for special instructional materials shall be based on actual student enrollment but may include up to two copies per student if necessary to meet individual need.
	Special instructional materials are the property of the state. A dis- trict is responsible for replacing or reimbursing the state for lost, stolen, or damaged special instructional materials.
For Teachers	Adopted instructional materials needed by a teacher with a print disability to carry out his or her instructional duties shall be fur- nished in the required format without cost. The materials are to be loaned to the district as long as needed and are to be returned to the state when they are no longer needed.
For Parents	Adopted instructional materials in a specialized format that are re- quested by a parent with a print disability shall be furnished without cost by the state. Requests for electronic files shall be filled by TEA after the parent signs and TEA receives a statement, through the district, promising that the parent will safeguard the security of the files and observe all current copyright laws, including those that forbid reproduction of the files and their transfer to other parties. All specialized instructional material formats and electronic files that have been provided must be returned to the local school district at the end of the school year.
	19 TAC 66.1311
Bilingual Instructional Materials	A district shall purchase with its allotment or otherwise acquire in- structional materials for use in bilingual education classes. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the allotment for bilin- gual education based on TSDS PEIMS bilingual enrollment data from the fall collection of the school year preceding the first year of each biennium. <i>Education Code 31.029; 19 TAC 66.1307(c)</i>
Certification of Instructional Materials	Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall submit to the SBOE and commissioner certification that for each subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, other than physical education, and each grade level, the district provides each student with instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for that sub- ject and grade level. The certification shall be submitted in a format approved by the commissioner and can be based on both state- adopted and non-state-adopted materials.

	cov	letermine whether each student has instructional materials that er all elements of the essential knowledge and skills, a district / consider:
	1.	Instructional materials adopted by the SBOE;
	2.	Materials adopted or purchased by the commissioner under Education Code 31.0231 or Education Code Chapter 31, Sub- chapter B-1;
	3.	Open education resource instructional materials submitted by eligible institutions and adopted by the SBOE;
	4.	Open education resource instructional materials made availa- ble by other public schools;
	5.	Instructional materials developed or purchased by the district; and
	6.	Open education resource instructional materials and other electronic instructional materials included in the repository under Education Code 31.083.
		certifications shall be ratified by the board in a public, noticed eting.
	Edu	cation Code 31.004; 19 TAC 66.105
Ownership	Except as otherwise provided, a student must return all instruc- tional materials to the teacher at the end of the school year or when the student withdraws from school. At the end of the school year for which open education resource instructional material that district does not intend to use for another student is distributed, the printed copy of the open education resource instructional material becomes the property of the student to whom it is distributed.	
		provision does not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- resource instructional material.
	Edu	cation Code 31.104(c), (g)–(h); 19 TAC 66.107(b)
Responsibility for Instructional Materials and Equipment	all in in a turn nolc and tech	h student or the student's parent or guardian is responsible for instructional material and technological equipment not returned in acceptable condition by the student. A student who fails to re- in an acceptable condition all instructional materials and tech- ogical equipment forfeits the right to free instructional materials technological equipment until all instructional materials and inological equipment previously issued but not returned in an eptable condition are paid for by the student, parent, or guard-

	As provided by board policy, a district may waive or reduce the payment required if the student is from a low-income family. [See FP] The district shall allow the student to use instructional materials and technological equipment at school during each school day.					
	If instructional materials or technological equipment is not returned in an acceptable condition or paid for, a district may withhold the student's records. A district may not prevent the student from grad- uating, participating in a graduation ceremony, or receiving a di- ploma. [See FL and GBA regarding student and parental right to access records; and FD, FFAB, and FL regarding a district's duties to provide records to another district]					
	The board may not require an employee of the district who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equip- ment that is stolen, misplaced, or not returned by a student. [See DG]					
	These provisions do not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- tion resource instructional material.					
	<i>Education Code 31.104(d), (e), (h); 19 TAC 66.107(c)</i> [See also EF]					
Acceptable Condition	Printed instructional materials are considered to be in acceptable condition if:					
	1. The cover, binding, pages, spine, and all integral components of the instructional materials are wholly intact and the instruc- tional materials are fully usable by students; and					
	 No component of the instructional materials is soiled, torn, or damaged (whether intentionally or by lack of appropriate care) to the extent that any portion of the content is too disfigured or obscured to be fully accessible to other students. 					
	Electronic instructional materials are considered to be in accepta- ble condition if:					
	 All components or applications that are a part of the electronic instructional materials are returned; 					
	The electronic materials perform as they did when they were new;					
	3. The electronic instructional materials do not contain computer code (e.g., bug, virus, worm, or similar malicious software) that has been designed to self-replicate, damage, change, or otherwise hinder the performance of any computer's memory, file system, or software; and					

	4.	The electronic instructional materials have not been installed with plug-ins, snap-ins, or add-ins without the prior approval of the district.			
	Tec tion	hnological equipment is considered to be in acceptable condi- if:			
	1.	The equipment is returned with the software and hardware in their original condition unless the district authorized changes; and			
	2.	The physical condition of the equipment is fully usable as it was originally intended to be used.			
	19 TAC 66.1310				
Lost or Damaged Instructional Materials	hav stru	strict may order replacements for instructional materials that e been lost or damaged directly from the publisher of the in- ctional materials or any source for a printed copy of open edu- on resource instructional material. <i>Education Code 31.104</i>			
Sale or Disposal	ued	board shall determine how the district will dispose of discontin- printed instructional materials, electronic instructional materi- and technological equipment.			
Sale	inst by t tron	The board may sell printed instructional materials on the date the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public schools by the SBOE or the commissioner. The board may also sell electronic instructional materials and technological equipment owned by the district.			
Use of Proceeds	cha	funds received by a district from a sale must be used to pur- se instructional materials and technological equipment allowed er Education Code 31.0211.			
Disposal	date sch mat son trict	board may dispose of printed instructional material before the e the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public ools by the SBOE if the board determines that the instructional erial is not needed by the district and the board does not rea- ably expect that the instructional material will be needed. A dis- must notify the commissioner of any instructional material the rict disposes of under this provision.			
	Edu	ication Code 31.105			
Annual Inventory	ado deli	strict shall conduct an annual physical inventory of all currently pted instructional materials that have been requisitioned by and vered to the district. The results of the inventory shall be reced in the district's files. <i>19 TAC 66.107(a)</i>			

CMD (LEGAL)

Local Handling	School districts shall not be reimbursed from state funds for ex-
Expenses	penses incurred in local handling of instructional materials. 19 TAC
	66.104(d)

Definitions	For purposes of this policy:			
	1.	"Bus" means a motor vehicle used to transport persons and designed to accommodate more than ten passengers, includ- ing the operator.		
		"Passenger car" means a motor vehicle, other than a motor- cycle, used to transport persons and designed to accommo- date ten or fewer passengers, including the operator.		
	3.	"Passenger van" means a motor vehicle, other than a motor- cycle or passenger car, used to transport persons and de- signed to transport 15 or fewer passengers, including the driver.		
	4.	"School activity bus" means a bus designed to accommodate more than 15 passengers, including the operator, that is owned, operated, rented, or leased by a district and is used to transport public school students on a school-related activity trip, other than on routes to and from school. The term does not include a chartered bus, a bus operated by a mass transit authority, a school bus, or a multifunction school activity bus.		
	5.	"School bus" means a motor vehicle that was manufactured in compliance with the federal motor vehicle safety standards for school buses in effect on the date of manufacture and that is used to transport preprimary, primary, or secondary students on a route to and from school or on a school-related activity trip other than on routes to and from school. The term does not include a school-chartered bus or a bus operated by a mass transit authority.		
	6.	"Motor bus" means a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver.		
	Education Code 34.003(d), (e); Transp. Code 541.201(3)(A), (12), (15), (16)			
Authority	A district may establish and operate an economical public school transportation system in the district or outside the district, if the district enters into an interlocal contract as provided by Government Code Chapter 791. In establishing and operating the transportation system, a board shall employ bus drivers certified in accordance with standards and qualifications adopted by the Department of Public Safety. <i>Education Code 34.007</i>			
Transportation Allotment for Eligible Students	Each district operating a regular transportation system is entitled to an allotment based on a rate per mile per regular eligible student set by the legislature in the General Appropriations Act. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 48.151(c)</i>			

	"Regular eligible student" means a student who resides two or more miles from the student's campus of regular attendance, measured along the shortest route that may be traveled on pur roads, and who is not classified as a student eligible for special ucation services; or is a homeless child or youth, as defined b U.S.C. 11434a. <i>Education Code 48.151(b)(1)</i>	iblic al ed-	
	The commissioner of education may not reduce the allotment cause a district provides transportation for an eligible student and from a child-care facility or a grandparent's residence inst of the student's residence, as authorized by Education Code 34.007 . <i>Education Code</i> $48.151(k)$	to	
Fees for Transportation	For information regarding fees a district may charge for transp tion, see FP(LEGAL).	orta-	
Hazardous Conditions or High Risk of Violence	A district may apply for and on approval of the commissioner receive an additional amount of up to ten percent of its regular to portation allotment to be used for the transportation of children ing within two miles of the school they attend who would be su to hazardous traffic conditions or a high risk of violence if they walked to school. <i>Education Code 48.151(d); 19 TAC 61.1016</i>	rans- n liv- ubject	
Definitions	"Hazardous traffic condition" means an area within two miles of a campus where no walkway is provided and children must walk along or cross a freeway or expressway, an underpass, an over- pass or a bridge, an uncontrolled major traffic artery, an industria or commercial area, or another comparable condition.		
	"Area presenting a high risk of violence" means an area within miles of a campus that law enforcement records indicate prese a high incidence of violent crimes.		
	19 TAC 61.1016(b)		
Community Walking Transportation Programs	A district may use all or part of any additional funds received to support community walking transportation programs, including walking school bus programs, provided that the district require each supported program to submit a financial report each sem that covers services provided by the program for the benefit of district. <i>Education Code 48.151(d-2)</i>) es nester	
Eligibility	A district or county is eligible to report hazardous area service ar nual mileage in the Foundation School Program (FSP) transport tion application if the district submits to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) a policy adopted by the board that:		
	 Explains the specific hazardous traffic conditions or area presenting high risk for violence that apply to the district exist within two miles of its campuses; and 		
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	2.	tion sucł	district elects to implement community walking transporta- programs or innovative school safety projects, requires n district-supported community walking transportation pro- ns or innovative school safety projects to:	
		a.	Utilize trained adults with current background checks to either walk students to their home or school or to stand guard along safe routes; and	
		b.	Provide financial reports to the district each semester.	
	19 T	AC 6	1.1016(c)	
Reporting	start vice scho vices high the e force	of th milea ool/sc s repo risk expla emen	is required to submit a hazardous area policy prior to the e school year and to report annual hazardous area ser- age by August 1 of each school year on the home-to- hool-to-home section of the FSP transportation route ser- ort. Districts requesting funds for an area presenting a of violence must provide to TEA, contemporaneously with nation required at Eligibility above, consolidated law en- t records that document violent crimes identified by re- gencies within the relevant jurisdiction. <i>19 TAC 61.1016(d)</i>	
Career and Technology Program	The cost of transporting career and technology education students from one campus to another inside a district, from a sending district to another secondary public school for a career and technology program or an area career and technology school or to an ap- proved postsecondary institution under a contract for instruction approved by TEA, or from a district campus to a location at which students are provided work-based learning under the district's ca- reer and technology program shall be reimbursed based on the number of actual miles traveled times the district's official extracur- ricular travel per mile rate as set by the board and approved by TEA. <i>Education Code</i> 48.151(f)			
Dual Credit Students	trans a ca tutio	sporti mpus n for	shall be reimbursed on a per-mile basis for the cost of ng a dual credit student to another campus in the district, in another district, or a postsecondary educational insti- purposes of attending the course, if the course is not at the student's campus. <i>Education Code 48.151(m)</i>	
Bus Operation	A pe	erson	may not operate a school bus if:	
	1.	The	door of the school bus is open; or	
	2.		number of passengers on the bus is greater than the ufacturer's design capacity for the bus.	
		•	tor of a school bus, while operating the bus, shall prohibit ger from:	

	1.	Standing in the bus; or	
	2.	Sitting on the floor of the bus or in any location that is not de- signed as a seat.	
	Trar	nsp. Code 545.426	
Transporting Students to School	tran or m	ool buses or mass transit authority buses shall be used for the sportation of students to and from schools on routes having ten nore students. Passenger cars may be used on routes having er than ten students. <i>Education Code 34.003(a)</i>	
Bus Passes or Cards	vide stuc the dist	chool district may use the state transportation allotment to pro- a bus pass or card for another transportation system to each lent who is eligible to use the regular transportation system of district but for whom the regular transportation system of the rict is not a feasible method of providing transportation. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 48.151(l)</i>	
Designation of Child-Care Facility or Grandparent's Residence	sha den as t der	bard, after determining eligibility for transportation services, Il allow a parent to designate a child-care facility or the resi- ce of a grandparent of the child instead of the child's residence he regular location for purposes of obtaining transportation un- the system to and from the child's school, if the location is an roved stop on an approved route. <i>Education Code 34.007(b)(2)</i>	
	by the sesseries sion to the day,	ild-care facility" means a facility licensed, certified, or registered he Department of Family and Protective Services to provide as- sment, care, training, education, custody, treatment, or supervi- of for a child who is not related by blood, marriage, or adoption he owner or operator of the facility for all or part of the 24-hour whether or not the facility is operated for profit or charges for services it offers. <i>Human Resources Code 42.002(3)</i>	
Transportation of Homeless Students	As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Home- less Assistance Act, a district shall adopt policies and practices to ensure that transportation is provided, at the request of the parent or guardian (or in the case of an unaccompanied youth, at the re- quest of the homeless liaison [see FFC]) to and from the school of origin, as follows:		
	1.	If the child continues to live in the area served by the district in which the school of origin is located, the district of origin will provide the child's transportation to and from the school of origin.	
	2.	If the child's living arrangements in the area served by the dis- trict of origin terminate and the child, though continuing his or her education in the school of origin, begins living in an area served by another district, the district of origin and the district	
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		port tran are	hich the child is living shall agree upon a method to ap- ion the responsibility and costs for providing the child with sportation to and from the school of origin. If the districts unable to agree, the responsibility and costs shall be red equally.			
	42 U	J.S.C	. 11432(g)(1)(J)(iii)(I), (II) [See FDC]			
Transportation of Students in Foster Care	A district receiving Title 1, Part A funds must collaborate with the state or local child welfare agency to develop and implement clear written procedures governing how transportation to maintain children in foster care in their school of origin when in their best interest will be provided, arranged, and funded for the duration of the time in foster care. These procedures shall:					
	1.	the cost	ure that children in foster care needing transportation to school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a -effective manner and in accordance with 42 U.S.C. (4)(A); and			
	2.	Ensure that, if there are additional costs incurred in providing transportation to maintain children in foster care in their schools of origin, the district will provide transportation to the school of origin if:				
		a.	The local child welfare agency agrees to reimburse the district for the cost of such transportation;			
		b.	The district agrees to pay the cost of transportation; or			
		C.	The district and the local welfare agency agree to share the cost of such transportation.			
	20 U.S.C. 6312(c)(5) [See FD]					
School Activities	When transporting students in connection with school activities other than on routes to and from school:					
	1.	Only school buses or motor buses may be used to trans 15 or more students; and				
	2.	 Passenger cars or passenger vans may be used to trans fewer than 15 students. 				
	Education Code 34.003(b)					
	In all circumstances in which passenger cars or passenger vans are used to transport students, the operator of the vehicle shall en- sure that the number of passengers does not exceed the designed capacity of the vehicle and that each passenger is secured by a safety belt. <i>Education Code 34.003(c)</i>					

Accelerated Instruction Programs	A district shall provide students required to attend the accelerated programs described in policy code EIE with transportation to those programs if the programs occur outside of regular school hours. <i>Education Code 28.0211(j)</i>		
Transportation Company or System	A board may contract with a mass transit authority, commercial transportation company, or juvenile board for all or any part of a district's public school transportation if the authority, company, or board:		
	1.	Requires its school bus drivers to have the qualifications re- quired by and to be certified in accordance with standards es- tablished by the Department of Public Safety; and	
	2.	Uses only those school buses or mass transit authority buses in transporting 15 or more students that meet or exceed safety standards for school buses established under Educa- tion Code 34.002.	
	A mass transit authority contracting under this provision for daily transportation of pre-primary, primary, secondary students to or from school shall conduct, in a manner and on a schedule ap- proved by the board, the following education programs:		
	1.	A program to inform the public that public school students will be riding on the authority's or company's buses;	
	2.	A program to educate drivers of the buses to be used under the contract of the special needs and problems of public school students riding on the buses; and	
	3.	A program to educate public school students on bus riding safety and any special considerations arising from the use of the authority's or company's buses.	
	A board may supplement the state transportation cost allotment with local funds necessary to provide complete transportation ser- vices.		
	Education Code 34.008		
	[For provisions pertaining to criminal history record information on contractors providing transportation services, see CJA(LEGAL).]		

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENTCNOTRANSPORTATION SAFETY(LEGAL				
Safety Standards	A district shall meet or exceed the safety standards for school buses established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS), with the advice of the Texas Education Agency (TEA). A district that fails or refuses to meet these safety standards for school buses is ineligible to share in the transportation allotment until the first anniversary of the date the district begins complying with the safety standards. <i>Education Code 34.002; Transp. Code 547.102; 37 TAC 14.51–.52</i>			
Student Safety Prohibitions	A district may not require or allow a child to stand on a moving bus or passenger van. <i>Education Code 34.004</i>			
	An operator of a school bus, while operating the bus, shall prohibit a passenger from:			
	1. Standing in the bus; or			
	2. Sitting:			
	a. On the floor of the bus, or			
	b. In any location on the bus that is not designed as a	a seat.		
	Transp. Code 545.426			
Seat Belts Required on Buses	A bus, including a school bus, a school activity bus, multifunction school activity bus, or school-chartered bus, operated by or con- tracted for use by a district for the transportation of schoolchildren shall be equipped with a three-point seat belt for each passenger, including the operator. This requirement does not apply to:			
	1. A bus purchased by a school district that is a model yea or earlier; or	ır 2017		
	2. A bus purchased by a school district that is a model yea or later if the board:	r 2018		
	 Determines that the district's budget does not pern district to purchase a bus that is equipped with the quired seat belts; and 			
	b. Votes to approve that determination in a public me	eting.		
	Transp. Code 547.701(e)			
Student Requirement	A district shall require a student riding a bus operated by or c tracted for operation by the district to wear a seat belt if the b equipped with seat belts for all passengers on the bus. A sch district may implement a disciplinary policy to enforce the use seat belts by students. <i>Education Code 34.013</i>	ous is ool		

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

Donations	point seat for a distr	A board shall consider any offer made by a person to donate three- point seat belts or money for the purchase of three-point seat belts for a district's school buses. A board may accept or decline the of- fer after adequate consideration.				
	A board may acknowledge a person who donates three-point seat belts or money for the purchase of three-point seat belts for a school bus by displaying a small, discreet sign on the side or back of the bus recognizing the person who made the donation. The sign may not serve as an advertisement for the person who made the donation.					
	Educatior	n Code 34.014				
School Bus Emergency Evacuation Training	Pursuant to the safety standards established by DPS under Educa- tion Code 34.002, each school district may conduct a training ses- sion for students and teachers concerning procedures for evacuat- ing a school bus during an emergency. A district that chooses to conduct a training session is encouraged to conduct the school bus emergency evacuation training session in the fall of the school year. "Fall" is defined as July 1 to December 31. The district is also encouraged to structure the training session so that the session applies to school bus passengers, a portion of the session occurs on a school bus, and the session lasts for at least one hour.					
	The training must be based on the recommendations of the most recent edition of the National School Transportation Specifications and Procedures, as adopted by the National Congress on School Transportation, or a similar school transportation safety manual.					
	Immediately before each field trip involving transportation by school bus, a district is encouraged to review school bus emer- gency evacuation procedures with the school bus passengers, in- cluding a demonstration of the school bus emergency exits and the safe manner to exit.					
	Not later than the 30th day after the date that a school district com- pletes a training session, the district shall provide DPS with a rec- ord certifying the district's completion of the training.					
	Note:	The <u>Reporting of School Bus Evacuation Training form</u> ¹ is available on the DPS website.				

Education Code 34.0021; 37 TAC 14.54

CNC (LEGAL)

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT
TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

Wireless Communication Devices General Rule	An operator commits an offense if the operator uses a portable wireless communication device to read, write, or send an electronic message while operating a motor vehicle unless the vehicle is stopped. <i>Transp. Code</i> 545.4251(b)				
School Property	An operator may not use a wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle within a school crossing zone or on the property of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school served by a school crossing zone, during the time a reduced speed limit is in effect for the school crossing zone, unless:				
	1. The vehicle is stopped; or				
	2. The wireless communication device is used with a hands-free device.				
	Transp. Code 545.4252				
	An operator may not use a wireless communication device while operating a school bus or passenger bus with a minor passenger on the bus unless the bus is stopped. This provision does not apply to an operator of a school bus or passenger bus using a wireless communication device in the performance of the operator's duties as a bus driver and in a manner similar to using a two-way radio. <i>Transp. Code 545.425(c), (e-1)</i>				
Definitions	"Hands-free device" means speakerphone capability, a telephone attachment, or another function or other piece of equipment, re- gardless of whether permanently installed in or on a wireless com- munication device or in a motor vehicle, that allows use of the wire- less communication device without use of either of the operator's hands, except to activate or deactivate a function of the wireless communication device or hands-free device. The term includes voice-operated technology and a push-to-talk function. <i>Transp.</i> <i>Code</i> 545.425(a)(1)				
	"Electronic message" means data that is read from or entered into a wireless communication device for the purpose of communicating with another person. <i>Transp. Code</i> 545.4251(a)(1)				
Disruption of Transportation	Any person other than a primary or secondary grade student who intentionally disrupts, prevents, or interferes with the lawful trans- portation of students to and from school on a vehicle owned or op- erated by a district or to or from activities sponsored by a school on a vehicle owned and/or operated by a district shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of age. <i>Education Code</i> 37.126				

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENTCNTRANSPORTATION SAFETY(LEGA)						
Exhibition of Firearm	For information regarding offenses pertaining to firearms on buses, see GKA(LEGAL).					
Accident Reports Notice to DPS	A district shall provide DPS written notification of any accident di- rectly or indirectly involving a school bus operated by or for the dis- trict that bears advertising or another paid announcement. <i>37 TAC</i> <i>14.65(a)(2)</i>					
		ce must be received not more than five days from the date of accident and shall include the following:				
	1.	The name and address of the owner of the school bus;				
	2.	The name and driver's license number of the school bus oper- ator;				
	3.	The date of the accident;				
	4.	The city or county where the accident occurred; and				
	5.	The investigating police agency.				
	37 1	37 TAC 14.65(c)				
	mail	ces to DPS may be delivered by facsimile, electronic mail, or ed to School Bus Transportation, Texas Department of Public ety, P.O. Box 4087, Austin, TX 78773-0525. 37 <i>TAC 14.65(d)</i>				
Notice to TEA	whio scril ann	strict shall report annually to TEA the number of accidents in th its buses were involved in the past year in a manner pre- bed by the commissioner of education. A district shall file the ual report to TEA only in the period beginning July 1 and ending 31 and shall include the following information in the report:				
	1.	The total number of bus accidents;				
	2.	The date each accident occurred;				
	3.	The type of bus, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 61.1028(a), involved in each accident;				
	4.	Whether the bus involved in each accident was equipped with seat belts and, if so, the type of seat belts;				
	5.	The number of students and adults involved in each accident;				
	6.	The number and types of injuries that were sustained by the bus passengers in each accident; and				
	7.	Whether the injured passengers in each accident were wear- ing seat belts at the time of the accident and, if so, the type of seat belts.				

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

	A school district shall report a bus accident involving a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus if:					
	 The bus is owned, leased, contracted, or chartered by a school district and was transporting school district personnel, students, or a combination of personnel and students; or 					
	2. The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor with no passengers on board and the accident involved a collision with a pedestrian.					
Exceptions	A school district shall not report a bus accident involving a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor bus if:					
	 The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor, the accident occurred when no passenger other than the school district's driver or bus contractor's driver was on board the bus, and the accident did not involve a collision with a pedestrian; or 					
	 The accident involved a bus chartered by a school district for a school activity trip and no school district personnel or stu- dents were on board the bus at the time of the accident. 					
	A school district shall not report an accident that occurred in a vehi- cle that is owned, contracted, or chartered by a school district and is not a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school ac- tivity bus, or a motor bus.					
	Education Code 34.015(b); 19 TAC 61.1028(b)					

¹ Reporting of School Bus Evacuation Training: <u>http://www.dps.texas.gov/internetforms/Forms/SBT-7.pdf</u>

	Note):	For information regarding security breaches, see CQB(LEGAL).		
Definitions Custodian	the s is in o	"Custodian" means the appointed or elected public officer who by the state constitution, state law, ordinance, or administrative policy is in charge of an office that creates or receives local government records.			
Essential Record	sump disas distri	"Essential record" means any district record necessary to the re- sumption or continuation of district operations in an emergency or disaster, to the re-creation of the legal and financial status of the district, or to the protection and fulfillment of obligations to the peo- ple of the state.			
Local Government Record	 "Local government record" means any document, paper, letter, book, map, photograph, sound or video recording, microfilm, magnetic tape, electronic medium, or other information-recording medium, regardless of physical form or characteristic and regardless of whether public access to it is open or restricted under the laws of the state, created or received by a district or any of its officers or employees, pursuant to law or in the transaction of public business. The term does not include: 1. Extra identical copies of documents created only for convenience of reference or research by district officers or employees; 				
			•		
			s, journals, diaries, and similar documents created by a ct officer or employee for his or her own personal con- ence;		
			k forms, stocks of publications, and library and museum rials acquired solely for the purposes of reference or dis- or		
	4.		es of documents in any media furnished to the public un- he Public Information Act or other state law.		
Permanent Record	"Permanent record" or "record of permanent value" means any lo- cal government record for which the retention period on a records retention schedule issued by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission (TSLAC) is given as permanent.				
Records Control Schedule	"Records control schedule" means a document prepared by or un- der the authority of a records management officer listing the rec- ords maintained by a district, their retention periods, and other rec- ords disposition information that the records management program in each district may require.				

Records Management	tech tion and the filing and age form	ecords management" means the application of management hniques to the creation, use, maintenance, retention, preserva- a, and disposal of records for the purposes of reducing the costs d improving the efficiency of recordkeeping. The term includes development of records control schedules, the management of g and information retrieval systems, the protection of essential d permanent records, the economical and space-effective stor- e of inactive records, control over the creation and distribution of ms, reports, and correspondence, and the management of mi- graphics and electronic and other records storage systems.		
Records Management Officer	Loc	ecords management officer" means the person identified under cal Government Code 203.025 as the records management of- er. [See Designation, below]		
Records Retention Schedule	und esta	"Records retention schedule" means a document issued by TSLAC under authority of Subchapter J, Chapter 441, Government Code, establishing mandatory retention periods for local government rec- ords.		
Retention Period	"Retention period" means the minimum time that must pass after the creation, recording, or receipt of a record, or the fulfillment of certain actions associated with a record, before it is eligible for de- struction.			
	Local Gov't Code 201.003			
District's Duties	Eac	Each district shall:		
	1.	disti	mit to the director and librarian of TSLAC the name of the rict's records management officer and the name of the officer in the event of a change;	
	2.	mar	a plan or an ordinance or order establishing a records nagement program and any amendments to the plan or or- nce or order with the director and librarian;	
	3.	reco	fy TSLAC at least ten days before destroying a district ord that does not appear on a records retention schedule ed by TSLAC; and	
	4.	pro	with the director and librarian a written certification as vided by Local Government Code 203.041 that the district prepared a records control schedule that:	
		a.	Establishes a retention period for each district record as required by Local Government Code Chapter 203, Sub- chapter C; and	
		b.	Complies with a local government records retention schedule distributed by the director and librarian under	
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OFFICE MANAGEMENT RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Government Code 441.158 and any other state and federal requirements.

	<i>Gov't Code 441.169</i>					
Board's Responsibilities	The	The board shall:				
	1.	Establish, promote, and support an active and continuing pro- gram for the efficient and economical management of all dis- trict records;				
	2.	Cause policies and procedures to be developed for the ad- ministration of the program under the direction of the records management officer;				
	3.	Facilitate the creation and maintenance of district records containing adequate and proper documentation of the organi- zation, functions, policies, decisions, procedures, and essen- tial transactions of the district and designed to furnish the in- formation necessary to protect the legal and financial rights of the district, the state, and persons affected by the district's ac- tivities;				
	4.	Facilitate the identification and preservation of district records that are of permanent value;				
	5.	Facilitate the identification and protection of essential district records; and				
	6.	Cooperate with TSLAC in its conduct of statewide records management surveys.				
	Local Gov't Code 203.021					
Records	District custodians of records shall:					
	1.	Cooperate with the records management officer in carrying out the policies and procedures established by a district for the efficient and economical management of records and in carrying out the requirements of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C;				
	2.	Adequately document the transaction of district business and the services, programs, and duties for which they and their staff are responsible; and				
	3.	Maintain the records in their care and carry out the preserva- tion, microfilming, destruction, or other disposition of the rec- ords only in accordance with the policies and procedures of the district's records management program and the require- ments of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C and rules adopted under it.				
	Local Gov't Code 203 022					

Local Gov't Code 203.022

Denton ISD 061901				
OFFICE MANAGEMEN RECORDS MANAGEMI		CPC (LEGAL)		
Records Management Officer		A board shall designate an individual or an office or position as the records management officer for the district.		
Designation	sha ords	The name, office, or position of the records management officer shall be entered into the minutes of the board and filed by the rec- ords management officer with the director and librarian of TSLAC within 30 days after the date of the designation.		
	pos	v subsequent designations of a new individual or a new office or ition shall be entered into the minutes and reported to TSLAC in same manner as the original designation.		
	If the order designating a records management officer designates an office or position rather than an individual, a new holder of that office or position must file the holder's name with TSLAC within 30 days after the date of assuming the office or position.			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 203.025		
Duties	The	e district's records management officer shall:		
	1.	Assist in establishing and developing policies and procedures for a district's records management program;		
	2.	Administer the records management program and provide as- sistance to custodians for the purposes of reducing costs and improving recordkeeping efficiency;		
	3.	In cooperation with the custodians of the records:		
		 Prepare the records control schedules and amended schedules required by Local Government Code 203.041 and the list of obsolete records as provided by Local Government Code 203.044; 		
		 Identify and take adequate steps to preserve district rec- ords of permanent value; 		
		 Identify and take adequate steps to protect essential dis- trict records; 		
		d. Ensure that the maintenance, preservation, microfilming, destruction, or other disposition of records is carried out in accordance with a district's records management pro- gram and the requirements of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C and rules adopted under it;		
	4.	Disseminate to the board and custodians of records infor- mation concerning state laws, administrative rules, and gov- ernment policies relating to district records; and		

OFFICE MANAGEMENT
RECORDS MANAGEMENT

	5.	In cooperation with the custodians of records, establish proce- dures to ensure that the handling of records in any context of the records management program is carried out with due re- gard for the duties and responsibilities of custodians that may be imposed by law and the confidentiality of information in records to which access is restricted by law.			
	Local Gov't Code 203.023				
Records Management Program	A board by ordinance or order shall establish a records manage- ment program to be administered by the records management of- ficer. The ordinance or order must provide methods and proce- dures to enable the board, custodians, and the records management officer to fulfill the statutory duties and responsibilities concerning management and preservation of records. The ordi- nance or order may prescribe any policies or procedures for the operation of the records management program that are consistent with the requirements of Local Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C rules adopted under it. A copy of the ordinance or order must be filed by the records management officer with TSLAC within 30 days after the date of its adoption. <i>Local Gov't Code 203.026(a)–(c)</i>				
Records Control	The records management officer shall:				
Schedules	1.	Prepare a records control schedule listing the following rec- ords and establishing a retention period for each:			
		a. All records created or received by the district;			
		 Any record no longer created or received by the district that is still in its possession and for which the retention period on a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC has not expired; and 			
		 Any record no longer created or received by the district that is still in its possession and for which the retention period on a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC has expired but which will not be destroyed; and 			
	2.	File with the director and librarian a written certification of compliance that the district has adopted records control schedules that comply with the minimum requirements estab- lished on records retention schedules issued by TSLAC.			
Amendment of Schedules	con nee revi	The records management officer shall review the district's records control schedules and prepare amendments to the schedules as needed to reflect new records created or received by the district or revisions to retention periods established in a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC. The records management officer shall			

	ance that the c comply with th	ector and librarian a written certification of compli- listrict has amended the records control schedules to e minimum requirements established on records re- les issued by TSLAC.				
	The board shall require in the ordinance or order establishing the records management program the review or approval of a records control schedule or amended schedule by the officers of the district as it considers necessary.					
	Local Gov't Code 203.041					
Retention Periods	A retention period for each record on the records control schedule shall be determined by the board or under its direction. A retention period may not be less than a retention period prescribed by state or federal law, regulation, or rule of court; or a retention period for the record established on a records retention schedule issued by TSLAC. <i>Local Gov't Code 203.042</i>					
TSLAC Retention Schedules	TSLAC has adopted the following retention schedules, amo ers: Local Schedule GR—Records Common to All Governm Local Schedule EL—Records of Elections and Voter Registr Local Schedule TX—Records of Property Taxation, and Loc Schedule SD—Records for Public School Districts. These se ules establish mandatory minimum retention periods for the ords listed. <i>13 TAC 7.125</i>					
		al <u>government records retention schedules</u> ¹ are lable on the TSLAC website.				
Destruction of	A district record may be destroyed if:					
Records	either its	rd is listed on a valid records control schedule and retention period has expired or it has been micro- electronically stored in accordance with legal re- ts;				
		d appears on a list of obsolete records as provided Government Code 203.044;				
	sued by T least ten	rd is not listed on a records retention schedule is- SLAC and the district provides notice to TSLAC at days before destroying the record as required by ent Code 441.169;				
		sues an expunction order for the destruction or oblit- the records, pursuant to state law; and				

	 The records are defined as exempt from scheduling or filing requirements or listed as exempt in a records retention sched- ule issued by TSLAC. 				
	Local Gov't Code 202.001				
Exceptions	A district record the subject matter of which is known by the custo- dian to be the subject of litigation may not be destroyed until the lit- igation is settled. A district record that is subject to a request under the Texas Public Information Act, Chapter 552, Government Code, may not be destroyed until the request is resolved. <i>Local Gov't</i> <i>Code 202.002</i>				
	A district shall not destroy a student's education record, as defined by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, if there is an out- standing request to inspect and review the record. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>99.10(e)</i> [See FL]				
Recordkeeping	As a board may require, the records management officer shall keep accurate lists of records destroyed, their volume, and other information of records management activities. <i>Local Gov't Code 203.046</i>				
Preservation of Records	Permanent records shall be stored under conditions that meet the requirements of 13 Administrative Code 7.164.				
Permanent Records					
Microfilming	District records may be maintained on microfilm in addition to or in- stead of paper or other media, subject to the requirements of Chapter 204, Local Government Code and rules adopted by TSLAC. <i>Local Gov't Code 204.002</i>				
Electronic Storage	District record data may be stored electronically in addition to or in- stead of source documents in paper or other media, subject to the requirements of Chapter 205, Local Government Code and rules adopted by TSLAC. <i>Local Gov't Code 205.002</i>				
Records Offenses Destruction or Alienation of Record	A board member or district employee commits an offense if the board member or employee knowingly or intentionally violates Lo- cal Government Code Title 6, Subtitle C (local government records) or rules adopted under it by destroying or alienating a local govern- ment record in contravention of Local Government Code Subtitle C or by intentionally failing to deliver records to a successor in office as provided by Local Government Code 201.006(a). <i>Local Gov't</i> <i>Code 202.008</i>				
Tampering with	A person commits an offense if the person:				
Governmental Record	1. Knowingly makes a false entry in, or false alteration of, a gov- ernmental record;				

	2.	Makes, presents, or uses any record, document, or thing with knowledge of its falsity and with intent that it be taken as a genuine governmental record;
	3.	Intentionally destroys, conceals, removes, or otherwise im- pairs the verity, legibility, or availability of a governmental rec- ord;
	4.	Possesses, sells, or offers to sell a governmental record or a blank governmental record form with intent that it be used un- lawfully;
	5.	Makes, presents, or uses a governmental record with knowledge of its falsity; or
	6.	Possesses, sells, or offers to sell a governmental record or a blank governmental record form with knowledge that it was obtained unlawfully.
	ern trar des clue	an exception to the application of item 3, above, that the gov- mental record is destroyed pursuant to legal authorization or insferred under Government Code 441.204. With regard to the struction of a local government record, legal authorization in- des compliance with the provisions of Local Government Code e 6, Subtitle C.
	Per	nal Code 37.10
Federal Investigations	up, tan inve dict bar ma	oever knowingly alters, destroys, mutilates, conceals, covers falsifies, or makes a false entry in any record, document, or gible object with the intent to impede, obstruct, or influence the estigation or proper administration of any matter within the juris- tion of any department or agency of the United States or any akruptcy case, or in relation to or contemplation of any such tter or case, shall be fined, imprisoned not more than 20 years, both. <i>18 U.S.C. 1519</i>

¹ Local Government Retention Schedules: <u>https://www.tsl.texas.gov/slrm/recordspubs/localretention.html</u>

Denton ISD 061901					
TECHNOLOGY RESOU	RCES	S CQ (LEGAL)			
Next Generation Technology	A district, in the administration of the district, shall consider using next generation technologies, including cryptocurrency, blockchair technology, and artificial intelligence. <i>Gov't Code 2054.601</i>				
Children's Internet Protection Act	Under the Children's Internet Protection Act (CIPA), a district must, as a prerequisite to receiving universal service discount rates, implement certain internet safety measures and submit certification to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). <i>47 U.S.C. 254</i> [See Universal Service Discounts, below, for details]				
	Districts that do not receive universal service discounts but do re- ceive certain federal funds under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) must, as a prerequisite to receiving these funds, implement certain internet safety measures and submit cer- tification to the Department of Education (DOE). 20 U.S.C. 7131 [See ESEA Funding, below, for details]				
Definitions Harmful to Minors	"Harmful to minors" means any picture, image, graphic image file, or other visual depiction that:				
	1.	Taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion;			
	2.	Depicts, describes, or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simu- lated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and			
	3.	Taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.			
	47 L	J.S.C. 254(h)(7)(G); 20 U.S.C. 7131(e)(6)			
Technology Protection Measure		chnology protection measure" means a specific technology that ks or filters internet access. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(l)</i>			
Universal Service Discounts	acce distr Cert polic Safe net	elementary or secondary school having computers with internet ess may not receive universal service discount rates unless a rict submits to the FCC the certifications described below at tifications to the FCC and a certification that an internet safety by has been adopted and implemented as described at Internet ety Policy, below, and ensures the use of computers with inter- access in accordance with the certifications. 47 U.S.C. (h)(5)(A); 47 C.F.R. 54.520			
Certifications to the FCC	coni	strict that receives discounts for internet access and internal nections services under the federal universal support mecha- n for schools must make certifications in accordance with 47			

	C.F.R. 54.520(c) each funding year. A district that only receives dis- counts for telecommunications services is not subject to the certifi- cation requirements, but must indicate that it only receives dis- counts for telecommunications services. <i>47 C.F.R. 54.520(b)</i>				
With Respect to	A di	A district must submit certification that the district:			
Minors	1.	Is enforcing a policy of internet safety for minors that includes monitoring their online activities and the operation of a tech- nology protection measure with respect to any of its comput- ers with internet access that protects against access through such computers to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors;			
	2.	Is enforcing the operation of such technology protection measure during any use of such computers by minors; and			
	3.	Is educating minors, as part of its internet safety policy, about appropriate online behavior, including interacting with other in- dividuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms and cyberbullying awareness and response.			
	47	47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B)			
With Respect to	A district must submit certification that the district:				
Adults	1.	Is enforcing a policy of internet safety that includes the opera- tion of a technology protection measure with respect to any of its computers with internet access that protects against ac- cess through such computers to visual depictions that are ob- scene or child pornography; and			
	2.	Is enforcing the operation of such technology protection measure during any use of such computers.			
	47	U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C)			
Disabling for Adults	trict an a	administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by a dis- may disable the technology protection measure during use by adult to enable access for bona fide research or other lawful pose. 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(D)			
Internet Safety Policy	A district shall adopt and implement an internet safety policy that addresses:				
	1.	Access by minors to inappropriate matter on the internet and the World Wide Web;			
	2.	The safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communica- tions;			

	3.	Unauthorized access, including "hacking," and other unlawful activities by minors online;
	4.	Unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal identification information regarding minors; and
	5.	Measures designed to restrict minors' access to materials harmful to minors.
	47 (U.S.C. 254(I)
Public Hearing	one	strict shall provide reasonable public notice and hold at least public hearing or meeting to address the proposed internet ety policy. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(A)(iii), (l)(1)(B)</i>
Inappropriate for Minors		etermination regarding what matter is inappropriate for minors Il be made by a board or designee. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(l)(2)</i>
ESEA Funding	an e serv use	leral funds made available under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA for elementary or secondary school that does not receive universal vice discount rates may not be used to purchase computers d to access the internet, or to pay for direct costs associated accessing the internet unless a district:
	1.	Has in place a policy of internet safety for minors that includes the operation of a technology protection measure that pro- tects against access to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors; and enforces the op- eration of the technology protection measure during any use by minors of its computers with internet access; and
	2.	Has in place a policy of internet safety that includes the oper- ation of a technology protection measure that protects against access to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornog- raphy; and enforces the operation of the technology protec- tion measure during any use of its computers with internet ac- cess.
		strict may disable the technology protection measure to enable ess for bona fide research or other lawful purposes.
Certification to DOE		strict shall certify its compliance with these requirements during h annual program application cycle under the ESEA.
	20	U.S.C. 7131
Uniform Electronic Transactions Act	eleo don	strict may agree with other parties to conduct transactions by ctronic means. Any such agreement or transaction must be e in accordance with the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act. ciness and Commerce Code Chapter 322; 1 TAC 203

Digital Signature A digital signature may be used to authenticate a written electronic communication sent to a district if it complies with rules adopted by the board. Before adopting the rules, the board shall consider the rules adopted by the Department of Information Resources (DIR) and, to the extent possible and practicable, make the board's rules consistent with DIR rules. *Gov't Code 2054.060; 1 TAC 203*

	Note:	For Board member use of District technology resources, see BBI. For student use of personal electronic devices, see FNCE.
		poses of this policy, "technology resources" means elec- communication systems and electronic equipment.
Availability of Access	net, sha for instr	to the District's technology resources, including the inter- II be made available to students and employees primarily uctional and administrative purposes and in accordance ministrative regulations.
Limited Personal Use		personal use of the District's technology resources shall be ed if the use:
	1. Im	poses no tangible cost on the District;
	2. Do an	es not unduly burden the District's technology resources; d
		is no adverse effect on an employee's job performance or a student's academic performance.
Use by Members of the Public	net, sha ance wi	to the District's technology resources, including the inter- Il be made available to members of the public, in accord- th administrative regulations. Such use shall be permitted as the use:
	1. Im	poses no tangible cost on the District; and
	2. Do	es not unduly burden the District's technology resources.
Acceptable Use	regulation	perintendent shall develop and implement administrative ons, guidelines, and user agreements consistent with the es and mission of the District and with law and policy.
	right. All standing trict's te itoring o guidelin termina with Dis dent Co	to the District's technology resources is a privilege, not a l users shall be required to acknowledge receipt and under- g of all administrative regulations governing use of the Dis- chnology resources and shall agree in writing to allow mon- of their use and to comply with such regulations and es. Noncompliance may result in suspension of access or tion of privileges and other disciplinary action consistent trict policies. [See DH, FN series, FO series, and the Stu- de of Conduct] Violations of law may result in criminal pros- as well as disciplinary action by the District.
Internet Safety	The Sup plan to:	perintendent shall develop and implement an internet safety

	1.	Control students' access to inappropriate materials, as well as to materials that are harmful to minors;
	2.	Ensure student safety and security when using electronic communications;
	3.	Prevent unauthorized access, including hacking and other un- lawful activities;
	4.	Restrict unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personally identifiable information regarding students; and
	5.	Educate students about cyberbullying awareness and re- sponse and about appropriate online behavior, including inter- acting with other individuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms.
Filtering	work acce prop eral	h District computer with internet access and the District's net- c systems shall have filtering devices or software that blocks ess to visual depictions that are obscene, pornographic, inap- priate for students, or harmful to minors, as defined by the fed- Children's Internet Protection Act and as determined by the erintendent.
	Upo sor,	Superintendent shall enforce the use of such filtering devices. n approval from the Superintendent, an administrator, supervi- or other authorized person may disable the filtering device for a fide research or other lawful purpose.
Monitored Use	nolo publ shal	tronic mail transmissions and other use of the District's tech- gy resources by students, employees, and members of the ic shall not be considered private. Designated District staff I be authorized to monitor the District's technology resources at time to ensure appropriate use.
Disclaimer of Liability	Distr or of user bility	District shall not be liable for users' inappropriate use of the rict's technology resources, violations of copyright restrictions ther laws, users' mistakes or negligence, and costs incurred by rs. The District shall not be responsible for ensuring the availa- of the District's technology resources or the accuracy, age ap- priateness, or usability of any information found on the internet.
Record Retention	or m pers	strict employee shall retain electronic records, whether created naintained using the District's technology resources or using sonal technology resources, in accordance with the District's ord management program. [See CPC]
Electronically Signed Documents		ne District's discretion, the District may make certain transac- s available online, including student admissions documents,

student grade and performance information, contracts for goods and services, and employment documents.

To the extent the District offers transactions electronically, the District may accept electronic signatures in accordance with this policy.

When accepting electronically signed documents or digital signatures, the District shall comply with rules adopted by the Department of Information Resources, to the extent practicable, to:

- Authenticate a digital signature for a written electronic communication sent to the District;
- Maintain all records as required by law;
- Ensure that records are created and maintained in a secure environment;
- Maintain appropriate internal controls on the use of electronic signatures;
- Implement means of confirming transactions; and
- Train staff on related procedures as necessary.

Information Required on Website	A district that at any time on or after January 1, 2019, maintained a publicly accessible internet website shall post on a publicly accessible website the following information:			
	1.	The district's contact information, including a mailing address, telephone number, and email address;		
	2.	Each member of the board;		
	3.	The date and location of the next election for board members [see BB series];		
	4.	The requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, which shall be continuously posted for at least one year before the election day for the office [see BB series];		
	5.	Each notice of a meeting of the political subdivision's govern- ing body under the Open Meetings Act (Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C) [see BE]; and		
	6.	Each record of a meeting of the political subdivision's govern- ing body under Government Code 551.021 [see BE].		
	Items 5 and 6 above do not apply to a district with a population of less than 5,000 in the district's boundaries and located in a county with a population of less than 25,000.			
	Gov	't Code 2051.151		
Trustee Information	Each district that maintains an internet website shall post on the website the name, email address, and term of office, including the date the term began and the date the term expires, of each member of the district's board of trustees. If a district does not maintain an internet website, the district shall submit the information required above to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). On receipt of the district's information, TEA shall post the information on TEA's internet website.			
	boar as a web	n time there is a change in the membership of a district's d, the district shall update the information required above and, pplicable post the updated information on the district's internet site or submit the updated information to TEA for posting on 's internet website.		

Education Code 11.1518

	Note	The following is an index of website posting require- ments that are addressed in the legal reference material of the policy manual. The list is not all-inclusive. The list does not address postings that are required in response to a specific incident or postings required under special circumstances.		
Other Required Internet Postings	The following posting requirements apply to a district that main- tains an internet website:			
	1.	A board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innova- tion plan unless the final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district website for at least 30 days, un- der Education Code 12A.005(a)(1) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(a)(1). [See AF]		
	2.	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of its current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's website, under Education Code 12A.0071(a) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1305(e), .1307(f). [See AF]		
	3.	Not later than 30 days after an accreditation status of accred- ited-warned, accredited-probation, or not accredited-revoked is assigned, a district must post notice on the home page of its website with a link to the required notification under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1055(f), and maintain this until the dis- trict is assigned the accredited status. [See AIA]		
	4.	A board shall disseminate its Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) by posting it on the district website under 19 Administrative Code 61.1022(f). [See AIB]		
	5.	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district shall make available each campus report card, the district's performance report, the district's ac- creditation status and performance rating, and a definition and explanation of each accreditation status, under Education Code 39.362. [See AIB]		
	6.	A district shall post its annual federal report card under 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2). [See AIB]		
	7.	A district shall post a targeted improvement plan for a campus assigned an unacceptable performance rating on its website before the board hearing on the plan under Education Code 39A.057(b). [See AIC]		

8.	A district shall notify stakeholders of their ability to review the completed campus turnaround plan on the district website at least 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board of trustees, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1064(d)(1). [See AIC]
9.	A district shall post an election notice required under Election Code 85.007. [See BBBA]
10.	Each day early voting is conducted, the district shall post the branch daily register under Election Code 85.072. [See BBBA]
11.	A district shall post early voting rosters under Election Code 87.121. [See BBBA]
12.	A district shall post the minutes of the last regular board meet- ing held before an election of trustees if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in meeting the trustee's training re- quirement, under Education Code 11.159(b) and 19 Adminis- trative Code 61.1(j). [See BBD]
13.	A district that is located wholly or partly in a municipality with a population of more than 500,000 and with a student enrollment of more than 15,000 shall post a report filed pursuant to Election Code Chapter 254 by a board member, a candidate for membership on the board, or a specific-purpose committee for supporting, opposing, or assisting a candidate or member of a board under Election Code 254.04011. [See BBBC]
14.	A district shall provide access to the conflicts disclosure state- ments and questionnaires under Local Government Code 176.009. [See BBFA, CHE]
15.	A district shall post the statements regarding activities to support and promote student health under Education Code 28.004. [See BDF]
16.	A board must post notice of a board meeting and, if the district contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more, the

17. A district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or more shall post the archived recording, or a link thereto, of its meetings under Government Code 551.128(b-1). [See BE]

Government Code 551.056. [See BE]

board must also post the agenda for a board meeting under

18.	A district conducting a bond election shall post the election or- der, the election notice, the contents of the proposition, and any sample ballot under Election Code 4.003(f). [See CCA]
19.	A district conducting a bond election shall post the voter infor- mation document beginning not later than the 21st day before election day and ending on the day after the election, under Government Code 1251.052(d). [See CCA]
20.	A district issuing capital appreciation bonds shall post the in- formation required by Government Code 1201.0245. [See CCA]
21.	Not later than 30 days before the date of an election to approve a tax rate, a district must post the results of an efficiency audit under Education Code 11.184. [See CCG]
22.	A district shall include on the home page of its website the prescribed statement if the district increases the amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures under Tax Code 26.05(b). [See CCG]
23.	A district shall post a summary of its proposed budget concur- rently with publication of the proposed budget under Educa- tion Code 44.0041. [See CE]
24.	In the format prescribed by the comptroller, a district shall post or cause to be posted tax rate and budget information under Tax Code 26.18. [See CE]
25.	A district shall maintain its adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted, under Education Code 44.0051. [See CE]
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- 26. A district shall continuously post its annual financial report under Local Government Code 140.008 on its website until the district posts the next annual report, or, as an alternative, the district may post a link to the comptroller's website where the district's financial information may be viewed. [See CFA]
- 27. A district shall continuously post on its website the contact information for the district's main office, including the physical address, the mailing address, the main telephone number, and an email address, under Local Government Code 140.008(f)(2). [See CFA]
- 28. A district that does not participate in the uniform group health insurance program (TRS ActiveCare) shall post its comparability report, together with the policy or contract for the group

health coverage plan, under Education Code 22.004(d). [See CRD]

- 29. A district shall post the board's employment policies under Education Code 21.204(d). [See DCB]
- 30. The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early childhood literacy and mathematics plans that set specific annual goals under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
- 31. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the early childhood literacy and mathematics plans under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
- 32. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the college, career, and military readiness plans under Education Code 11.186. [See EA]
- 33. A district shall post the transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their parents in order to provide information on statewide services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system, under Education Code 29.0112. [See EHBAD]
- 34. Annually, a district shall post any agreement between the district and a public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit program, under Education Code 28.009(b-2). [See EHDD]
- 35. A district shall publish information from TEA under Education Code 28.02121 explaining the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement and each endorsement. [See EIF]
- 36. A district shall post the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered, under Education Code 29.916. [See EK]
- 37. A district that receives funds under Title 1, Part A shall post on its website and the website of each campus for each grade served, information on each assessment required by the state to comply with 20 U.S.C. 6311, other assessments required by the state, and assessments required district-wide, under 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(2)(B). [See EKB]

		A district shall post information regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, availa- ble to assist students who are homeless, under Education Code 33.906. [See FDC]
		A district shall prominently post information about required and recommended immunizations and procedures for claim- ing an exemption from immunization requirements under Edu- cation Code 38.019. [See FFAB]
		Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students With Food Allergies At-</u> <u>Risk for Anaphylaxis¹ on the district's website with instructions</u> for obtaining access to the complete guidelines document, under Education Code 38.0151. [See FFAF]
		To the extent practicable, a district must post the procedure for reporting bullying established by the district's bullying policy, under Education Code 37.0832(e). [See FFI]
		A district shall post on its website, for each district campus, the email address and dedicated phone number of the cam- pus behavior coordinator under Education Code 26.015. [See FO]
		If the board designates a method for making a written request for public information, other than mail, email, or hand-delivery, the board must include a statement that a request may be made by that method on its website under Government Code 552.234(b) unless the statement is on the sign required by Government Code 552.205. [See GBAA]
		A board that allows requestors to use the public information request form created by the attorney general must post the form on the district website under Government Code 552.235. [See GBAA]
		A district shall post on its website and each campus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding the district's ability to refuse entry or eject certain persons under Education Code 37.105 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1207(g), including the appeal process. [See GKA]
Optional Internet	A dis	trict that maintains an internet website may post the following:
Postings		A campus intervention team may give the required notice of the public meeting for input prior to the development of a tar- geted improvement plan fifteen days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administra- tive Code 97.1061(d)(3)(A)(ii). [See AIB]

	2.	A board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet, under Government Code 551.128. [See BE]			
	3.	A district may publish the superintendent's employment con- tract on the district's website instead of publishing it in the an- nual financial management report under 19 Administrative Code $109.1001(q)(3)(B)(i)$. [See CFA]			
	4.	Notice of a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required may be provided by posting the position on the dis- trict's internet website, rather than on a bulletin board, under Education Code 11.1513. [See DC]			
	5.	A district may place on its internet website a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice regarding special education and related services, under 34 C.F.R. 300.504(b). [See EHBAE]			
	6.	A district may provide the annual notice to the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of pro- grams under which a student may earn college credit, under Education Code 28.010. [See EHDD]			
	7.	A board may post a mailing address and email address desig- nated for receiving written requests for public information on its website under Government Code 552.234(d). [See GBAA]			
Geospatial Data Products	"Geospatial data product" means a document, computer file, or in- ternet website that contains geospatial data; a map; or information about a service involving geospatial data or a map. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2051.101(1)				
Notice	A di that	strict shall include a notice on each geospatial data product :			
	1.	Is created or hosted by the district;			
	2.	Appears to represent property boundaries; and			
	3.	Was not produced using information from an on-the-ground survey conducted by or under the supervision of a registered professional land surveyor or land surveyor authorized to per- form surveys under laws in effect when the survey was con- ducted.			
	The notice must be in substantially the following form: "This prod- uct is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries."				

	ity c data app site ces	The notice may include language further defining the limits of lia ity of a geospatial data product producer; apply to a geospatial data product that contains more than one map; or for a notice the applies to a geospatial data product that is or is on an internet w site, be included on a separate page that requires the person and cessing the website to agree to the terms of the notice before a cessing the geospatial data product.					
	Go	Gov't Code 2051.102					
Exemption		A district is not required to include the notice on a geospatial data product that:					
	1.	Does not contain a legal description, a property boundary monument, or the distance and direction of a property line;					
	2.	Is prepared only for use as evidence in a legal proceeding;					
	3.	Is filed with the clerk of any court; or					
	4.	Is filed with the county clerk.					
	Gov't Code 2051.103						
	¹ TDSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk for Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Pre-</u> vention_and_Preparedness/schoolbealth/SHAC/Guidelines-Food%20Al-						

for Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Pre-vention_and_Preparedness/schoolhealth/SHAC/Guidelines-Food%20Al-lergy-Final.pdf</u>

Cybersecurity Policy	Each district shall adopt a cybersecurity policy to:		
	1.	Secure district cyberinfrastructure against cyber attacks and other cybersecurity incidents; and	
	2.	Determine cybersecurity risk and implement mitigation plan- ning.	
	sec the	strict's cybersecurity policy may not conflict with the information urity standards for institutions of higher education adopted by Department of Information Resources (DIR) under Government le Chapters 2054 and 2059.	
Cybersecurity Coordinator	The superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator to serve as a liaison between the district and the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in cybersecurity matters.		
Report to TEA	The district's cybersecurity coordinator shall report to TEA any cyber attack or other cybersecurity incident against the district cyberinfrastructure that constitutes a breach of system security as soon as practicable after the discovery of the attack or incident.		
Report to Parent	The district's cybersecurity coordinator shall provide notice to a parent of or person standing in parental relation to a student enrolled in the district of an attack or incident for which a report is required to TEA involving the student's information.		
Definitions		purposes of the district's cybersecurity policy, the following def- ons apply:	
Breach of System Security	"Breach of system security" means an incident in which student in- formation that is sensitive, protected, or confidential, as provided by state or federal law, is stolen or copied, transmitted, viewed, or used by a person unauthorized to engage in that action.		
Cyber Attack	"Cyber attack" means an attempt to damage, disrupt, or gain unau- thorized access to a computer, computer network, or computer system.		
Cybersecurity	com	bersecurity" means the measures taken to protect a computer, nputer network, or computer system against unauthorized use ccess.	
	Edu	cation Code 11.175	
Cybersecurity Training	whc quir curi	east once each year, a district shall identify district employees b have access to a district computer system or database and re- e those employees and board members to complete a cyberse- ty training program certified under Government Code 2054.519 te-certified cybersecurity training programs) or offered by the	

	district as described at District Training Program, below. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 2054.5191(a-1)</i>				
	The board may select the most appropriate state-certified cyberse- curity training program or district training program for employees of the district to complete. The board shall:				
		rify and report on the completion of a cybersecurity training ogram by district employees to the DIR; and			
		quire periodic audits to ensure compliance with these pro- ions.			
	Gov't C	ode 2054.5191(b)			
District Training Program	A district that employs a dedicated information resources cyberse- curity officer may offer to its employees a cybersecurity training program that satisfies the requirements described by Government Code 2054.519(b). <i>Gov't Code 2054.519(f)</i>				
Security Breach Notification To Individuals	A district that owns, licenses, or maintains computerized data that includes sensitive personal information shall disclose any breach of system security, after discovering or receiving notification of the breach, to any individual whose sensitive personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unau- thorized person. The disclosure shall be made without unreasona- ble delay and in each case not later than the 60th day after the date on which the district determines that the breach occurred, ex- cept as provided at Criminal Investigation Exception, below, or as necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system.				
Resident of Other State	If the individual whose sensitive personal information was or is rea- sonably believed to have been acquired by an unauthorized person is a resident of a state that requires a person that owns or licenses computerized data to provide notice of a breach of system security, the notice of the breach of system security required under Notice, below, may be provided under that state's law or under Notice, be- low.				
To the Owner or License Holder	A district that maintains computerized data that includes sensitive personal information not owned by the district shall notify the owner or license holder of the information of any breach of system security immediately after discovering the breach, if the sensitive personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.				
Notice	A district may give the required notice to individuals or the owner or license holder by providing:				

	1.	Written notice at the last known address of the individual;				
	2.	 Electronic notice, if the notice is provided in accordan 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 (electronic records and signa or 				
	3.	If the district demonstrates that the cost of providing notice would exceed \$250,000, the number of affected persons ex- ceeds 500,000, or the district does not have sufficient contact information, by:				
		a.	Electronic mail, if the district has electronic mail ad- dresses for the affected persons;			
		b.	Conspicuous posting of the notice on the district's web- site; or			
		C.	Notice published in or broadcast on major statewide me- dia.			
Information Security Policy	an ir sona tice	A district that maintains its own notification procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of sensitive per- sonal information that complies with the timing requirements for no- tice described above complies with the notice requirements if the district notifies affected persons in accordance with that policy.				
To the Attorney General	A district that is required to disclose or provide notification of breach of system security under these provisions shall notify attorney general of that breach not later than the 60th day a date on which the district determines that the breach occurre the breach involves at least 250 residents of this state. The cation must include:					
	1.	brea	etailed description of the nature and circumstances of the ach or the use of sensitive personal information acquired result of the breach;			
	2.	The number of residents of this state affected by the breach at the time of notification;				
	3.	The	measures taken by the district regarding the breach;			
	4.		measures the district intends to take regarding the ach after the notification described at Notice, above; and			
	5.		rmation regarding whether law enforcement is engaged in stigating the breach.			
To a Consumer Reporting Agency	If a district is required to notify at one time more than 10,000 per- sons of a breach of system security, the district shall also notify each consumer reporting agency, as defined by 15 U.S.C. 1681a,					

	ing, o	distrik	ains files on consumers on a nationwide basis, of the tim- oution, and content of the notices. The district shall pro- otice without unreasonable delay.				
Criminal Investigation Exception	A district may delay providing the required notice to individuals of the owner or license holder at the request of a law enforcement agency that determines that the notification will impede a crimina investigation. The notification shall be made as soon as the law forcement agency determines that the notification will not compr mise the investigation.						
		Business and Commerce Code 521.053; Local Gov't Code 205.010					
Definitions		ourpo appl	ses of security breach notifications, the following defini- y:				
Breach of System Security	comp integ inclu has t sens son t rity u form	"Breach of system security" means unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of sensitive personal information maintained by a person, including data that is encrypted if the person accessing the data has the key required to decrypt the data. Good faith acquisition of sensitive personal information by an employee or agent of the person for the purposes of the person is not a breach of system security unless the person uses or discloses the sensitive personal information in an unauthorized manner. <i>Business and Commerce Code 521.053(a)</i>					
Sensitive Personal Information	"Sen	"Sensitive personal information" means:					
	1.	An individual's first name or first initial and last name in com- bination with any one or more of the following items, if the name and the items are not encrypted:					
		a.	Social security number;				
		b.	Driver's license number or government-issued identifica- tion number; or				
		C.	Account number or credit or debit card number in combi- nation with any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's fi- nancial account; or				
	2.	Infor	mation that identifies an individual and relates to:				
		a.	The physical or mental health or condition of the individ- ual;				
		b.	The provision of health care to the individual; or				

	C.	Payment for the provision of health-care to the individ- ual.				
	"Sensitive personal information" does not include publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the public from the federal government or a state or local government.					
	Business and Commerce Code 521.002(a)(2), (b)					
Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act	protectio other not indicator rity Infor	may, for a cybersecurity purpose and consistent with the n of classified information, share with, or receive from, any n-federal entity or the federal government a cyber threat or defensive measure in accordance with the Cybersecu- mation Sharing Act, 6 U.S.C. Subchapter I (sections 1501– <i>U.S.C. 1503(c)</i>				
Removal of Personal	A district sharing a cyber threat indicator pursuant to these provi- sions shall, prior to sharing:					
Information	ma dist of a	view such indicator to assess whether it contains any infor- tion not directly related to a cybersecurity threat that the trict knows at the time of sharing to be personal information a specific individual or information that identifies a specific vidual and remove such information; or				
	mo thre son	plement and utilize a technical capability configured to re- ve any information not directly related to a cybersecurity eat that the district knows at the time of sharing to be per- nal information of a specific individual or information that ntifies a specific individual.				
	6 U.S.C. 1503(d)(2)					
Definitions	For purposes of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act, the fol- lowing definitions apply:					
Cybersecurity Purpose	"Cybersecurity purpose" means the purpose of protecting an infor- mation system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system from a cybersecurity threat or se- curity vulnerability. 6 U.S.C. 1501(4)					
Cybersecurity Threat	"Cybersecurity threat" means an action, not protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, on or through an in- formation system that may result in an unauthorized effort to ad- versely impact the security, availability, confidentiality, or integrity of an information system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system. The term does not include any action that solely involves a violation of a consumer term of service or a consumer licensing agreement. <i>6 U.S.C. 1501(5)</i>					

Cyber Threat Indicator	•	"Cyber threat indicator" means information that is necessary to de- scribe or identify:				
	1.	Malicious reconnaissance, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(12), including anomalous patterns of communications that appear to be transmitted for the purpose of gathering technical infor- mation related to a cybersecurity threat or security vulnerabil- ity;				
	2.	A method of defeating a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;				
	3.	A security vulnerability, including anomalous activity that ap- pears to indicate the existence of a security vulnerability;				
	4.	A method of causing a user with legitimate access to an infor- mation system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system to unwittingly enable the defeat of a security control or exploitation of a security vulner- ability;				
	5.	Malicious cyber command and control, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(11);				
	6.	The actual or potential harm caused by an incident, including a description of the information exfiltrated as a result of a par- ticular cybersecurity threat;				
	7.	Any other attribute of a cybersecurity threat, if disclosure of such attribute is not otherwise prohibited by law; or				
	8.	Any combination thereof.				
6 L		J.S.C. 1501(6)				
Defensive Measure	ture or ir mat pec not una tem mat ure prov	"Defensive measure" means an action, device, procedure, signa- ture, technique, or other measure applied to an information system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an infor- mation system that detects, prevents, or mitigates a known or sus- pected cybersecurity threat or security vulnerability. The term does not include a measure that destroys, renders unusable, provides unauthorized access to, or substantially harms an information sys- tem or information stored on, processed by, or transiting such infor- mation system not owned by the private entity operating the meas- ure or another entity that is authorized to provide consent and has provided consent to that private entity for operation of such meas- ure. $6 U.S.C. 1501(7)$				
Information System		"Information system" has the meaning given the term in 44 U.S.C. 3502 and includes industrial control systems, such as supervisory				

			nd data acquisition systems, distributed control systems, ammable logic controllers. 6 U.S.C. 1501(9)			
Security Control	"Security control" means the management, operational, and tech- nical controls used to protect against an unauthorized effort to ad- versely affect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of an in- formation system or its information. <i>6 U.S.C. 1501(16)</i>					
Security Vulnerability	"Security vulnerability" means any attribute of hardware, software, process, or procedure that could enable or facilitate the defeat of a security control. 6 $U.S.C.$ 1501(17)					
Access to Electronic Communication Communication Privacy Act	Except as otherwise provided in the Electronic Communication Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2510–22, a person commits an offense if the person:					
	1.	Intentionally intercepts, endeavors to intercept, or procures any other person to intercept or endeavor to intercept any wire, oral, or electronic communication;				
	2.	Intentionally uses, endeavors to use, or procures any other person to use or endeavor to use any electronic, mechanical, or other device to intercept any oral communication when:				
		a.	Such device is affixed to, or otherwise transmits a signal through, a wire, cable, or other like connection used in wire communication; or			
		b.	Such device transmits communications by radio, or inter- feres with the transmission of such communication; or			
		C.	Such person knows, or has reason to know, that such device or any component thereof has been sent through the mail or transported in interstate or foreign commerce; or			
		d.	Such use or endeavor to use takes place on the prem- ises of any business or other commercial establishment the operations of which affect interstate or foreign com- merce; or obtains or is for the purpose of obtaining infor- mation relating to the operations of any business or other commercial establishment the operations of which affect interstate or foreign commerce; or			
		e.	Such person acts in the District of Columbia, the Com- monwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States;			
	3.	pers	ntionally discloses, or endeavors to disclose, to any other on the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communi- on, knowing or having reason to know that the information			

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CYBERSECURITY

CQB (LEGAL)

was obtained through the prohibited interception of a wire,
oral, or electronic communication;

- 4. Intentionally uses, or endeavors to use, the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication, knowing or having reason to know that the information was obtained through the prohibited interception of a wire, oral, or electronic communication; or
- 5. Intentionally discloses, or endeavors to disclose, to any other person the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication, intercepted by means authorized by 18 U.S.C. 2511(2)(a)(ii), 2511(2)(b)–(c), 2511(2)(e), 2516, and 2518; knowing or having reason to know that the information was obtained through the interception of such a communication in connection with a criminal investigation; having obtained or received the information in connection with a criminal investigation; and with intent to improperly obstruct, impede, or interfere with a duly authorized criminal investigation.

It shall not be unlawful for a person not acting under color of law to intercept a wire, oral, or electronic communication where such person is a party to the communication or where one of the parties to the communication has given prior consent to such interception unless such communication is intercepted for the purpose of committing any criminal or tortious act in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States or of any state.

18 U.S.C. 2511(1), (2)(d)

Stored Wire and Electronic Communications		strict must comply with the Stored Wire and Electronic Comr tions and Transactional Records Access Act, 18 U.S.C. 270			
and Transactional Records Access Act	Whoever intentionally accesses without authorization a facility through which an electronic communication service is provided or intentionally exceeds an authorization to access that facility and thereby obtains, alters, or prevents authorized access to a wire or electronic communication while it is in electronic storage in such system commits an offense. <i>18 U.S.C. 2701(a)</i>				
Exceptions	This	section does not apply with respect to conduct authorized:			
	1.	By the person or entity providing a wire or electronic comm nications service;	ıu-		
	2.	By a user of that service with respect to a communication of or intended for that user; or	of		
	3.	By sections 18 U.S.C. 2703, 2704, or 2518.			
	18 L	I.S.C. 2701(c)			

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CYBERSECURITY

Definitions		"Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals,				
	Electronic Communication	writing, images, sounds, data, or intelligence of any nature trans- mitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoe- lectronic or photooptical system that affects interstate or foreign commerce. <i>18 U.S.C. 2510(12), 2711(1)</i>				
	Electronic	"Electronic storage" means:				
	Storage	1.	Any temporary, intermediate storage of a wire or electronic communication incidental to the electronic transmission thereof; and			
		2.	Any storage of such communication by an electronic commu- nication service for purposes of backup protection of such communication.			
		18 L	J.S.C. 2510(17), 2711(1)			
		The term encompasses only the information that has been stored by an electronic communication service provider. Information that an individual stores to the individual's hard drive or cell phone is not in electronic storage under the statute. <u><i>Garcia v. City of Laredo</i></u> , 702 F.3d 788 (5th Cir. 2012)				
	Electronic Communications System	trom miss facil	ctronic communications system" means any wire, radio, elec- nagnetic, photooptical or photoelectronic facilities for the trans- sion of wire or electronic communications, and any computer ities or related electronic equipment for the electronic storage uch communications. <i>18 U.S.C. 2510(14), 2711(1)</i>			
	Electronic Communication Service	vide	ctronic communication service" means any service which pro- s to users thereof the ability to send or receive wire or elec- ic communications. <i>18 U.S.C. 2510(15), 2711(1)</i>			
	Facility	serv troni phoi	cility" includes servers operated by electronic communication ice providers for the purpose of storing and maintaining elec- ic storage. The term does not include technology, such as cell nes and computers, that enables the use of an electronic com- nication service. <u>Garcia v. City of Laredo</u> , 702 F.3d 788 (5th Cir. 2)			
	Person	any ners	son" means any employee, or agent of the United States or state or political subdivision thereof, and any individual, part- ship, association, joint stock company, trust, or corporation. <i>18</i> <i>.C. 2510(6), 2711(1)</i>			

Denton ISD 061901

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CYBERSECURITY

Plan	The District shall develop a cybersecurity plan to secure the Dis- trict's cyberinfrastructure against a cyberattack or any other cyber- security incidents, determine cybersecurity risk, and implement ap- propriate mitigation planning.			
Coordinator	The Superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator. The cybersecurity coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the District and the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in cybersecurity matters and as required by law report to TEA breaches of system security.			
Training	Each District employee and Board member shall annually complete the cybersecurity training program designated by the District. The District shall verify and report compliance with staff training require- ments to the Department of Information Resources. Additionally, the District shall complete periodic audits to ensure compliance with the cybersecurity training requirements.			
Security Breach Notifications	Upon discovering or receiving notification of a breach of system se- curity, the District shall disclose the breach to affected persons or entities in accordance with the time frames established by law. The District shall give notice by using one or more of the following methods:			
	1. Written notice.			
	2. Email, if the District has email addresses for the affected per- sons.			
	3. Conspicuous posting on the District's websites.			
	4. Publication through broadcast media.			
	The District's cybersecurity coordinator shall disclose a breach in- volving sensitive, protected, or confidential student information to TEA and parents in accordance with law.			

Denton ISD 061901				
TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CO EQUIPMENT (LEG				
Technology Lending Program Grant	A district may apply to the commissioner of education to participate in the technology lending grant program established under Educa- tion Code 32.301. <i>Education Code 32.301(b)</i>			
	A district may use a grant awarded under this program or other lo- cal funds to purchase, maintain, and insure equipment for a tech- nology lending program. Equipment purchased by a district with a grant is the property of the district. <i>Education Code 32.303</i>			
Transfer of	A di	strict may transfer to a student enrolled in the district:		
Equipment to Students	1.	Any data processing equipment donated to the district, includ- ing equipment donated by a private donor, or a state elee- mosynary institution or state agency under Government Code 2175.905 [see Fees, below];		
	2.	Any equipment purchased by the district, to the extent con- sistent with the provisions at Use of Public Funds, below; and		
	3.	Any surplus or salvage equipment owned by the district.		
	Edu	cation Code 32.102(a)		
		ore transferring data processing equipment to a student, a dis- must:		
	1.	Adopt rules governing transfers, including provisions for tech- nical assistance to the student by the district;		
	2.	Determine that the transfer serves a public purpose and ben- efits the district; and		
	3.	Remove from the equipment any offensive, confidential, or proprietary information, as determined by the district.		
	Edu	cation Code 32.104		
Donations	A di	strict may accept:		
	1.	Donations of data processing equipment for transfer under these provisions; and		
	2.	Gifts, grants, or donations of money or services to purchase, refurbish, or repair data processing equipment.		
	Education Code 32.102(b)			
Fees	edu burs	ate eleemosynary institution or institution or agency of higher cation or other state agency may not collect a fee or other reim- sement from a district for surplus or salvage data processing ipment transferred to the district. <i>Gov't Code 2175.905(c)</i>		
Use of Public Funds	A di	strict may spend public funds to:		

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES EQUIPMENT

	 Purchase, refurbish, or repair any data processing equipment transferred to a student; and 			
	2. Store, transport, or transfer data processing equipment under these provisions.			
	Education Code 32.105			
Eligibility	A student is eligible to receive data processing equipment under these provisions only if the student does not otherwise have home access to data processing equipment, as determined by the dis- trict. A district shall give preference to educationally disadvantaged students. <i>Education Code 32.103</i>			
Return of Equipment	Except as provided below, a student who receives data processing equipment from a district under these provisions shall return the equipment to the district not later than the earliest of:			
	1. Five years after the date the student receives the equipment;			
	2. The date the student graduates;			
	3. The date the student transfers to another district; or			
	4. The date the student withdraws from school.			
	The requirements above do not apply if, at the time the student is required to return the equipment, the district determines that the equipment has no marketable value.			
	Education Code 32.106			
Data Processing	"Data processing" means information technology equipment and related services designed for the automated storage, manipulation, and retrieval of data by electronic or mechanical means. <i>Gov't Code 2054.003(3); Education Code 32.101</i>			

INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND ANNUITIES

Deferred Compensation— Section 457	A district, either alone or by contract with other political subdivi- sions, may create and administer for its employees a deferred compensation plan, the federal income tax treatment of which is governed by Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and its subsequent amendments, and may assess a fee on each participating employee for administering the plan. <i>Gov't Code</i> 609.001(11), .102, .112				
	Such a deferred compensation plan shall be established and ad- ministered in accordance with Government Code Chapter 609, Subchapter B. <i>Gov't Code Ch. 609</i>				
	A district may contract with an employee for the deferment of any part of the employee's compensation.				
	Except as provided by Government Code 609.5025, to participate in a deferred compensation plan, an employee must consent in the contract to automatic payroll deductions in an amount equal to the deferred amount.				
	Gov't Code 609.007(a), (c)				
Plan Administrator	A district that creates a deferred compensation plan shall designate a plan administrator for the plan. Districts that create a single plan shall designate jointly a plan administrator for the plan. A plan ad- ministrator may be an employee, a nonprofit corporation, an indi- vidual, a trustee, a private entity, another political subdivision, or an association of political subdivisions. <i>Gov't Code 609.103</i>				
	"Plan administrator" means the person responsible for administer- ing a deferred compensation plan. <i>Gov't Code 609.001(5)</i>				
Duties Regarding	A plan administrator shall:				
Qualified Vendors	 Develop and implement criteria and procedures for evaluating a vendor's application to become a qualified vendor. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 609.113(a)</i> 				
	2. Determine the minimum and maximum number of vendors that may be qualified vendors at any given time. <i>Gov't Code</i> 609.114				
	3. Develop and implement requirements for qualified vendors and their employees concerning disclosure, reporting, stand- ards of conduct, solicitation, advertising, relationships with participating employees, the nature and quality of services provided to those employees, and other matters. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>609.116</i>				

INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND ANNUITIES

Qualified Investment Product	com the appl ing. fied	the classified as a qualified investment product for a deferred pensation plan, an investment product must be approved by plan administrator to receive investments under the plan. The roval of an investment product for a 457 plan must be in writ- A qualified investment product may be offered only by a quali- vendor of the deferred compensation plan. <i>Gov't Code</i> .003			
Roth Contribution Programs	acco ploy tion bution	strict may, if authorized by federal law, establish a program in ordance with the applicable federal law under which an em- ee may designate all or a portion of the employee's contribu- under a 457 plan as a Roth contribution at the time the contri- on is made or convert all or a portion of the employee's rious contribution under the plan to a Roth contribution. <i>Gov't</i> <i>le 609.1025</i>			
Annuities—Section 403(b)	A district may enter into a salary reduction agreement only if the qualified investment product is an eligible qualified investment. <i>Ar</i> 6228a-5, Sec. 5(a), V.A.T.S.				
Definitions	"Eligible qualified investment product" means a qualified invest- ment product offered by a company that is eligible to offer the prod- uct under V.A.T.S. Article 6228-5, Section 6. <i>Art. 6228a-5, Sec.</i> <i>4(2), V.A.T.S.</i>				
	"Qualified investment product" means an annuity or investment that:				
	1.	Meets the requirements of Section 403(b), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and its subsequent amendments;			
	2.	Complies with applicable federal insurance and securities laws and regulations; and			
	3.	Complies with applicable state insurance and securities laws and rules.			
	Art. 6228a-5, Sec. 4(4), V.A.T.S.				
	"Salary reduction agreement" means an agreement between a dis- trict and an employee to reduce the employee's salary for the pur- pose of making direct contributions to or purchases of a qualified investment product. <i>Art.</i> 6228a-5, <i>Sec.</i> 4(5), <i>V.A.T.S.</i>				
Eligible Company	ucts	nsurance company is eligible to offer qualified investment prod- to the employees of districts under these provisions if the pany satisfies the following criteria:			
	1.	The company is licensed by the Texas Department of Insur- ance and is in compliance with minimum capital and surplus			

		requirements, including applicable risk-based capital and sur- plus requirements prescribed by rules adopted by the depart- ment; and
	2.	The company has experience in providing qualified invest- ment products and has a specialized department dedicated to the service of qualified investment products, as determined by the district.
	nui unc to c	ompany that offers qualified investment products other than an- ty contracts, including a company that offers custodial accounts der Section 403(b)(7), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, is eligible offer qualified investment products to employees of educational citutions under these provisions.
	Art.	6228a-5, Sec. 6(a), (b), V.A.T.S.
Payroll Deduction	duc to e duc	the greatest degree possible, districts that enter into a salary re- stion agreement with employees shall require that contributions eligible qualified investments be made by automatic payroll de- stion and deposited directly in the investment accounts. <i>Art.</i> 28a-5, Sec. 5(f), V.A.T.S.
Prohibitions	A d	istrict may not:
	1.	Refuse to enter into a salary reduction agreement with an em- ployee if the qualified investment product that is the subject of the salary reduction is an eligible qualified investment, except as provided below at item 8 and Exceptions;
	2.	Require or coerce an employee's attendance at any meeting at which qualified investment products are marketed;
	3.	Limit the ability of an employee to initiate, change, or termi- nate a qualified investment product at any time the employee chooses;
	4.	Grant exclusive access to an employee by discriminating against or imposing barriers to any agent, broker, or company that provides qualified investment products;
	5.	Grant exclusive access to information about an employee's fi- nancial information, including information about an em- ployee's qualified investment products, to a company or agent or affiliate of a company offering qualified investment products unless the employee consents in writing to the access;
	6.	Accept any benefit from a company or from an agent or affili- ate of a company that offers qualified investment products;

INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND ANNUITIES

	7.	uct o	public funds to recommend a qualified investment prod- offered by a company or an agent or affiliate of a company offers a qualified investment product; or
	8.	emp ject fied	er into or continue a salary reduction agreement with an loyee if the qualified investment product that is the sub- of the salary reduction agreement is not an eligible quali- investment without first providing the employee with no- in writing that:
		a.	Indicates the reason the subject of the salary reduction agreement is no longer an eligible qualified investment; and
		b.	Clearly states that by signing the notice the employee is agreeing to enter into or continue the salary reduction agreement.
Exceptions			may refuse to enter into a salary reduction agreement mployee if:
	1.	the s	eligible qualified investment product that is the subject of salary reduction agreement is offered by a company that s not comply with the district's administrative require-ts;
	2.	on a	district imposes the administrative requirements uniformly Il companies that offer eligible qualified investment prod- ; and
	3.		administrative requirements are necessary to comply with loyer responsibilities imposed by:
		a.	Section 403(b), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and its subsequent amendments;
		b.	Any other provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that applies to Section 403(b);
		C.	Any regulation adopted in relation to a law described by item (a) or (b) that is effective after December 31, 2007; or
		d.	Any change to V.A.T.S. Article 6228a-5 that becomes effective after January 1, 2007.
	Art.	6228	a-5, Sec. 9, V.A.T.S.

	Note:	For information on procuring goods and services under Education Code Chapter 44, see CH(LEGAL).
		For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.
		For information on the new instructional facilities allot- ment, see CBA.
Board Authority		rict may adopt rules as necessary to implement Government Chapter 2269. <i>Gov't Code 2269.051</i>
Delegation of Authority	Chap	oard may delegate its authority under Government Code ter 2269 regarding an action authorized or required by Chap- 69 to a designated representative, committee, or other per-
	deleg or in t	oard shall provide notice of the delegation, the limits of the ation, and the name or title of each designated person by rule he request for bids, proposals, or qualifications or in an ad- um to the request.
	Gov't	Code 2269.053
	-	nformation regarding delegation in the event of a catastrophe, gency, or natural disaster, see CH.]
Contracts Valued at or Above \$50,000	each	strict contracts valued at \$50,000 or more in the aggregate for 12-month period shall be made by the method that provides est value for a district [see also CH]:
	1. /	An interlocal contract. [See CH]
	2. (Competitive bidding. [See CVA]
	3. (Competitive sealed proposals. [See CVB]
	4. (Construction manager-agent method. [See CVC]
	5. (Construction manager-at-risk method. [See CVD]
	6. I	Design-build method. [See CVE]
	7. 、	Job order contract. [See CVF]
		The reverse auction procedure as defined by Government Code 2155.062(d). [See CH]
	Educa	ation Code 44.031(a); Gov't Code Ch. 2269
	[For in	nformation on contract-related fees, see CH.]

Selecting a Contracting Method	thori tive	ard that considers a construction contract using a method au- zed by Government Code Chapter 2269 other than competi- bidding must, before advertising, determine which method pro- s the best value for the district. <i>Gov't Code 2269.056(a)</i>	
Exceptions Emergency Damage or Destruction	pers of ar erati lay p woul othe or re facili	hool equipment, a school facility, or a part of a school facility or onal property is destroyed or severely damaged or, as a result in unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, undergoes major op- onal or structural failure, and a board determines that the de- bosed by the methods provided for in Education Code 44.031 Id prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or r essential school activities, then contracts for the replacement epair of the equipment, school facility, or the part of the school ity may be made by methods other than those required by Edu- on Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(h)</i>	
Contracts Requiring a Bond	deso tain requ	verse auction procedure, whether the same or similar to that cribed by Government Code 2155.062, may not be used to ob- services related to a public work contract for which a bond is ired under Government Code 2253.021 [see Payment and ormance Bonds, below]. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(h)</i>	
Public Notice	Notice of the time by when and place where the bids or proposals, or the responses to a request for qualifications, will be received and opened shall be published in the county in which a district's central administrative office is located, once a week for at least two weeks before the deadline for receiving bids, proposals, or responses to a request for qualifications. If there is not a newspaper in that county, the advertising shall be published in a newspaper in the county nearest the county seat of the county in which a district's central administrative office is located. In a two-step procurement process, the time and place where the second-step bids, proposals, or responses will be received are not required to be published separately. <i>Education Code</i> $44.031(g)$; <i>Gov't Code</i> $2269.052(a)-(b)$		
Contract Selection Criteria		etermining the award of a contract, the district shall consider apply:	
	1.	Any existing laws, including any criteria, related to historically underutilized businesses; and	
	2.	Any existing laws, rules, or applicable municipal charters, in- cluding laws applicable to local governments, related to the use of women, minority, small, or disadvantaged businesses.	
	In de	etermining the award of a contract, the district may consider:	
	1.	Price.	

	2.	The offeror's experience and reputation.
	3.	The quality of the offeror's goods or services.
	4.	The impact on the ability of the district to comply with rules re- lating to historically underutilized businesses.
	5.	The offeror's safety record.
	6.	The offeror's proposed personnel.
	7.	Whether the offeror's financial capability is appropriate to the size and scope of the project.
	8.	Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids, proposals, or qualifications.
	Gov	't Code 2269.055
Out-of-State Bidders	A board shall not award a contract for general construction, in provements, services, or public works projects or for purchas supplies, materials, or equipment to a bidder whose principal of business is not in this state, unless the nonresident under the lowest bid submitted by a responsible resident bidder by amount that is not less than the greater of the amount by whi resident bidder would be required to underbid a nonresident to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which the non- dent's principal place of business is located or a state in which majority of the manufacturing relating to the contract will be p formed. <i>Gov't Code 2252.001–.002</i>	
	fund ler ir	requirement shall not apply to a contract involving federal s. A district shall rely on information published by the comptrol- evaluating the bids of a nonresident bidder. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2.003–.004
Publishing Criteria	the c	strict shall publish in the request for proposals or qualifications criteria that will be used to evaluate the offerors and the appli- e weighted value for each criterion. <i>Gov't Code 2269.056(b)</i>
Submission		rson who submits a bid, proposal, or qualification to a govern- tal entity shall seal it before delivery. <i>Gov't Code 2269.059</i>
Selection		strict shall base its selection among offerors on applicable crite- sted for the particular method used. <i>Gov't Code 2269.056(b)</i>
Making Evaluations Public	the e	strict shall document the basis of its selection and shall make evaluations public not later than the seventh day after the date contract is awarded. <i>Gov't Code 2269.056(c), .105</i>
Required Contract Provisions	For i	nformation on required contract provisions, see CH(LEGAL).

Change Orders	If a change in plans or specifications is necessary after the perfor- mance of a contract is begun or if it is necessary to decrease or in- crease the quantity of work to be performed or of materials, equip- ment, or supplies to be furnished, the district may approve change orders making the changes. The district may grant general author- ity to an administrative official to approve the change orders.
	The total contract price may not be increased because of the changes unless additional money for increased costs is approved for that purpose from available money or is provided for by the authorization of the issuance of time warrants.
	A contract with an original contract price of \$1 million or more may not be increased by more than 25 percent. If a change order for a contract with an original contract price of less than \$1 million in- creases the contract amount to \$1 million or more, the total of the subsequent change orders may not increase the revised contract amount by more than 25 percent of the original contract price.
	Education Code 44.0411
Inspection, Verification, and Testing	Independently of the contractor, construction manager-at-risk, or design-build firm, a district shall provide or contract for the con- struction materials engineering, testing, and inspection services and the verification testing services necessary for acceptance of the facility by the district. The district shall select the services for which it contracts in accordance with Government Code 2254.004. <i>Gov't Code 2269.058</i>
Impact Fees	A district is not required to pay impact fees imposed under Local Government Code Chapter 395 unless the board consents to the payment of the fees by entering a contract with the political subdivision that imposes the fees. The contract may contain terms the board considers advisable to provide for the payment of the fees. <i>Local Gov't Code 395.022</i>
Energy Savings Performance Contracts	The contracting and delivery procedures for construction projects described at Government Code Chapter 2269 do not apply to energy savings performance contracts described at Education Code 44.901. <i>Education Code 44.901(j)</i> [See CL]
Professional Services	An architect or engineer required to be selected or designated un- der Government Code Chapter 2269 has full responsibility for com-
Architects and Engineers	plying with Occupations Code Chapter 1051 or 1001, as applicable.
	If the selected or designated architect or engineer is not a full-time employee of the district, the district shall select the architect or en- gineer on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications

	as provided by Government Code 2254.004 [see Procuring Profes- sional Services, below].				
	Gov't Code 2269.057				
Registered Architect	An architectural plan or specification for any of the following may be prepared only by an architect registered in accordance with Oc- cupations Code, Title 6, Chapter 1051:				
	1. A new building constructed and owned by a district that will be used for education, assembly, or office occupancy when the total projected construction costs at the commencement of construction exceed \$100,000.				
	2. Any alteration or addition to an existing building owned by a district that is, or will be, used for education, assembly, or office occupancy when the total projected construction costs of alteration or addition at the commencement of construction exceed \$50,000 and the alteration or addition requires the removal, relocation, or addition of any walls or partitions or the alteration or addition of an exit.				
	This section does not prohibit a district from choosing a registered architect or a registered professional engineer as the prime design professional for a building construction, alteration, or addition pro- ject. Designation as the prime design professional does not ex- pand, limit, or otherwise alter the scope of a design professional's practice nor does it allow a design professional to prepare an archi- tectural plan or specification described above.				
	Occupations Code 1051.703; 22 TAC 1.212				
Registered Engineer	Electrical or mechanical engineering plans, specifications, and esti- mates for a district construction project whose contemplated cost at completion is more than \$8,000 and that involves public health, welfare, or safety must be prepared by a registered professional engineer, and the engineering construction executed under the su- pervision of such an engineer. <i>Occupations Code 1001.053; Atty.</i> <i>Gen. Op. C-791 (1966)</i>				
	A district is not required to secure the services of a registered pro- fessional engineer to prepare plans for or supervise a construction project that does not involve electrical or mechanical engineering and for which the contemplated cost does not exceed \$20,000. <i>Oc-</i> <i>cupations Code 1001.053</i>				

Certification for Purchases Through Purchasing Cooperatives	A district may not enter into a contract to purchase construction-re- lated goods or services through a purchasing cooperative in an amount greater than \$50,000 unless a person designated by the district certifies in writing that:				
	 The project for which the construction-related goods or ser- vices are being procured does not require the preparation of plans and specifications under Chapter 1001 or 1051, Occu- pations Code; or 				
	2. The plans and specifications required under Chapters 1001 and 1051, Occupations Code, have been prepared.				
	"Purchasing cooperative" means a group purchasing organization that governmental entities join as members and the managing en- tity of which receives fees from members or vendors.				
	Gov't Code 791.011(j)				
Procuring Professional Services	The purchasing requirements of Education Code 44.031 do not ply to a contract for professional services rendered, including the services of an architect. A district may contract for professional services vices rendered by a financial consultant or a technology consult in the manner provided by Government Code 2254.003, in lieu of the methods provided by Education Code 44.031. <i>Education Code</i> 44.031(f)				
	Competitive bids shall not be solicited for professional services of any architect, landscape architect, land surveyor, professional en- gineer, or state-certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser. Contracts for these professional services shall be made on the ba- sis of demonstrated competence and qualifications to perform the services and for a fair and reasonable price. <i>Gov't Code 2254.002,</i> .003(a)				
	In procuring architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall:				
	 First select the most highly qualified provider on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications; and 				
	2. Then attempt to negotiate a contract with that provider at a fair and reasonable price.				
	If a satisfactory contract cannot be negotiated with the most highly qualified provider of architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall formally end negotiations with that pro- vider, select the next most highly qualified provider, and attempt to negotiate a contract with that provider at a fair and reasonable				

	price. A district shall continue this process until the parties enter into a contract.
	Gov't Code 2254.004
	An interlocal contract between a district and a purchasing coopera- tive may not be used to purchase engineering or architectural ser- vices. <i>Gov't Code 791.011(h)</i>
Contracts for Engineering or Architectural Services Indemnification	A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a con- tract for engineering or architectural services to which the district is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise pro- vides that a licensed engineer or registered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must indemnify or hold harm- less the district against liability for damage, other than liability for damage to the extent that the damage is caused by or results from an act of negligence, intentional tort, intellectual property infringe- ment, or failure to pay a subcontractor or supplier committed by the indemnitor or the indemnitor's agent, consultant under contract, or another entity over which the indemnitor exercises control.
Duty to Defend	Except as provided below, a covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for engineering or architectural ser- vices to which the district is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or regis- tered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must defend a party, including a third party, against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence of, fault of, or breach of contract by the district, the district's agent, the district's employee, or other entity, excluding the engineer or architect or that person's agent, employee, or subconsultant, over which the district exercises con- trol. A covenant or promise may provide for the reimbursement of the district's reasonable attorney's fees in proportion to the engi- neer's or architect's liability.
District as Additional Insured	The district may require in a contract for engineering or architec- tural services that the engineer or architect name the district as an additional insured under the engineer's or architect's general liabil- ity insurance policy and provide any defense provided by the pol- icy.
Standard of Care	A contract for engineering or architectural services to which a gov- ernmental agency is a party must require a licensed engineer or registered architect to perform services:
	 With the professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent engineers or architects practicing under the same or similar circumstances and professional license; and

	 As expeditiously as is prudent considering the ordinary professional skill and care of a competent engineer or architect. In a contract for engineering or architectural services to which the district is a party, a provision establishing a different standard of care than a standard described above is void and unenforceable. If a contract contains a void and unenforceable provision, the standard of care described above applies. Nothing in these provisions prohibits a district in a contract for engi- 		
	neering or architectural services to which the district is a party from including and enforcing conditions that relate to the scope, fees, and schedule of a project in the contract.		
	Local Gov't Code 271.904		
Right to Work	While engaged in procuring goods or services, awarding a con- tract, or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work or public improvement under Government Code Chapter 2269, a district:		
	1. May not consider whether a person is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and		
	2. Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to an organization.		
	Gov't Code 2269.054		
Collective Bargaining	A district awarding a public work contract funded with state money, including the issuance of debt guaranteed by the state, may not:		
	 Prohibit, require, discourage, or encourage a person bidding on the public work contract, including a contractor or subcon- tractor, from entering into or adhering to an agreement with a collective bargaining organization relating to the project; or 		
	 Discriminate against a person described by item 1 based on the person's involvement in the agreement, including the per- son's status or lack of status as a party to the agreement or willingness or refusal to enter into the agreement. 		
	Gov't Code 2269.0541		
Accessibility	Each facility or part of a facility constructed by, on behalf of, or for the use of a district shall be designed and constructed in such manner that the facility or part of the facility is readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. Alterations of facilities		

	tent read	affect or could affect their usability shall, to the maximum ex- feasible, be altered in such manner that the altered portion is dily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. 28 <i>R.</i> 35.151, 34 C.F.R. 104.23	
Payment and Performance Bonds	ing, pub wor belo coro to th	When a board makes a public work contract for constructing, alter ing, or repairing a public building or carrying out or completing any public work, it shall require the contractor, before beginning the work, to execute payment and/or performance bonds as specified below. The bonds shall be executed by a corporate surety in ac- cordance with Insurance Code 7.19-1. The bond shall be payable to the board and in a form approved by the board. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2253.021(a), (d)-(e)	
	exe perf con	a contract in excess of \$100,000, a performance bond shall be cuted in the amount of the contract conditioned on the faithful ormance of the work according to the plans, specifications, and tract documents. The bond is solely for the protection of a dis- <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(b)</i>	
	cute use rela	a contract in excess of \$25,000, a payment bond shall be exe- ed in the amount of the contract solely for the protection and of payment bond beneficiaries who have a direct contractual tionship with the prime contractor or a subcontractor to supply lic work labor or material. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(c)</i>	
Failure to Obtain Payment Bond	ces liabi enti mar	board fails to obtain a payment bond covering a contract in ex- s of \$25,000 from the prime contractor, it is subject to the same lity as a surety would be, and a payment bond beneficiary is teled to a lien on money due to the prime contractor in the same oner and to the same extent as if the contract were subject to chapter J, Chapter 53, Property Code. <i>Gov't Code 2253.027</i>	
No Bond for Design Services Only	A payment or performance bond is not required and may not pro- vide coverage for the design portion of the design-build contract with the design-build firm. <i>Gov't Code 2269.311(a)</i> [See CVE for more information on design/build contracts, including bond amounts.]		
Bond for Insured Loss	A board shall ensure that an insurance company that is fulfilling in obligation under a contract of insurance by arranging for the re- placement of a loss, rather than by making a cash payment direct to the governmental entity, furnishes or has furnished by a contra- tor:		
	1.	A performance bond for the benefit of a district, as described above; and	
	2.	A payment bond, as described above. If the payment bond is not furnished, a district is subject to the same liability that a	
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	surety would have if the surety had issued the payment bond and the district had required the bond to be provided.
	These bonds shall be furnished before the contractor begins work. It is an implied obligation under a contract of insurance for the in- surance company to furnish these bonds.
Exception to Bond Requirement	The requirement that a district secure a performance or payment bond from an insurance company, above, does not apply when a surety company is complying with an obligation under a bond that had been issued for the benefit of the district.
	Gov't Code 2253.022
Prevailing Wage on Public Works	A worker, laborer, or mechanic employed on a public work, exclu- sive of maintenance work, by or on behalf of a district shall be paid not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages. The general prevailing rate of per diem wages is the rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the work is performed, and also includes the rate of per diem wages for legal holiday and overtime work. A worker is employed on a public work if the worker is employed by a contractor or subcon- tractor in the execution of a contract for public work with a district. <i>Gov't Code 2258.001, .021</i>
	A board shall determine, as a sum certain, the general prevailing rate of per diem wages in a district for each craft or type of worker needed to execute the contract and also for legal holiday and overtime work. To ascertain the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, a board shall either conduct a survey of the wages received by classes of workers, laborers, and mechanics employed on projects of a character similar to the contract work in a district or adopt the prevailing wage rate as determined by the U.S. Department of Labor. A board shall specify the prevailing rate of per diem wages in the call for bids and in the contract itself. A board's determination of the general prevailing rates of per diem wages shall be final. <i>Gov't Code 2258.001, .022</i>
Enforcement	A board, and an agent or officer of the board, shall receive com- plaints regarding violations of the prevailing wage requirements of Chapter 2258, and withhold money from the contractor as required by statute. Upon receipt of a complaint, a board shall determine, before the 31st day after the date the information is received, whether good cause exists to believe that a contractor or subcon- tractor has failed to pay the prevailing wage and shall provide writ- ten notice of its determination to the contractor or subcontractor and any affected laborer, worker, or mechanic of its initial determi- nation. <i>Gov't Code 2258.051–.052</i>

Retainage and Reimbursement	final viola to pa amo wou vide ordi	bard shall retain any amounts due under the contract pending a determination of the violation. Upon a final determination that ations have occurred, a board shall use those retained amounts ay the laborer, worker, or mechanic the difference between the bunt the worker received in wages and the amount the worker ld have received at the prevailing rate of per diem wages prod in the arbitrator's award. A board may adopt rules, orders, or mances relating to the manner in which the reimbursement is de. <i>Gov't Code 2258.052(d), .056</i>
Penalty for Noncompliance	tors all la the spec worl part spec cont and may offse	contractor to whom the contract is awarded or any subcontrac- of the contractor shall pay not less than the specified rates to aborers, workers, and mechanics employed in the execution of contract. A contractor or subcontractor who fails to pay the cified rates as required shall pay to a district \$60 for each ker, laborer, or mechanic employed for each calendar day or of a calendar day the worker is paid less than the wage rates cified in the contract. A board must specify this penalty in the tract. If a district does not determine the prevailing wage rates specify them in the contract, the contractor or subcontractor of not be fined. A board shall use any penalty money collected to be the costs incurred in administering Government Code Chap- 2258. <i>Gov't Code 2258.023</i>
Required Workers' Compensation Coverage	A district that enters into a building or construction contract shall re- quire the contractor to certify in writing that the contractor provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for each employee of the contractor employed on the public project. Each subcontractor shall provide such a certificate relating to coverage of the subcon- tractor's employees to the general contractor, who shall provide the subcontractor's certificate to the district. <i>Labor Code 406.096</i>	
	or c	ject" includes the provision of all services related to a building onstruction contract for a district. A district that enters into a ding or construction contract on a project shall:
	1.	Include in the bid specifications all the duties and responsibili- ties of contractors pertaining to required workers' compensa- tion coverage, using the language required by 28 Administra- tive Code $110.110(c)(7)$.
	2.	As part of the contract, using the language required by 28 Ad- ministrative Code $110.110(c)(7)$, require the contractor to per- form the duties and responsibilities pertaining to required workers' compensation coverage as set out in 28 Administra- tive Code 110.110(d).
	3.	Obtain from the contractor a certificate of coverage for each person providing services on the project, prior to that person
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		sons trac of w and inclu cont tors furn vice liver tion	inning work on the project. This provision includes all per- s or entities performing all or part of the services the con- tor has undertaken to perform on the project, regardless thether that person contracted directly with the contractor regardless of whether that person has employees. This udes, but is not limited to, independent contractors, sub- tractors, leasing companies, motor carriers, owner-opera- , employees of any such entity, or employees of any entity ishing persons to perform services on the project. "Ser- s" includes, but is not limited to, providing, hauling, or de- ing equipment or materials, or providing labor, transporta- , or other service related to a project. "Services" does not ude activities unrelated to the project, such as food/bever- vendors, office supply deliveries, and delivery of portable ts.
	4.		ain from the contractor a new certificate of coverage wing extension of coverage:
		a.	Before the end of the current coverage period, if the con- tractor's current certificate shows that the coverage pe- riod ends during the duration of the project; and
		b.	No later than seven days after the expiration of the cov- erage for each other person providing services on the project whose current certificate shows that the cover- age period ends during the duration of the project.
	5.		ain certificates of coverage on file for the duration of the ect and for three years thereafter.
	6.	part	vide a copy of the certificate of coverage to the Texas De- ment of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation n request and to any person entitled to a copy by law.
	7.	110. add mod	the language contained in 28 Administrative Code 110(c)(7) for bid specifications and contracts, without any itional words or changes, except those required to accom- late the specific document in which they are contained or npose stricter standards of documentation.
	28 7	AC 1	10.110(a)(7), (8), (c)
Exception	parti if the the o the i	ners (e sole cover nsura	erage requirement does not apply to sole proprietors or of a covered business entity or certain corporate officers, e proprietor, partner or officer is explicitly excluded from rage of their business entity through an endorsement to ance policy or certificate of authority to self-insure. <i>Labor</i> <i>5.097; 28 TAC 110.110(i)</i>

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FACILITIES CONSTRU	CTIO	N CV (LEGAL)	
Criminal History		provisions pertaining to criminal history record information on tractors, see CJA(LEGAL).	
Impermissible Practices	with catio	pard member, employee, or agent of a district who knowingly or criminal negligence violates the purchasing laws found in Edu- on Code Chapter 44 as described at Education Code 44.032 is ject to criminal penalties. <i>Education Code 44.032</i> [See CH]	
Enforcement Actions	tion day	vernment Code Chapter 2269 may be enforced through an ac- for declaratory or injunctive relief filed not later than the tenth after the date on which the contract is awarded. <i>Gov't Code</i> 9.452	
Defects in Facilities	fect trict writh ceip tion cou the prov	strict that brings an action for recovery of damages for the de- ive design, construction, renovation, or improvement of a dis- facility financed by bonds shall provide the commissioner with ten notice of the action by registered or certified mail, return re- ot requested, not later than the 30th day after the date the ac- is filed. If the district fails to comply with this provision, the rt or an arbitrator or other adjudicating authority shall dismiss action without prejudice. The dismissal of an action under this vision extends the statute of limitations on the action for a pe- of 90 days.	
	The notice must include a copy of the petition and an itemized list of the defects in the design, construction, renovation, or improve- ment for which the district is seeking damages under the action.		
	In an action involving an instructional facility financed by bond which the district receives state assistance under Education C Chapter 46, Subchapter A (Instructional Facilities Allotment), t commissioner may join in the action on behalf of the state to p tect the state's share.		
		strict that brings an action under these provisions shall use the proceeds from the action for:	
	1.	The repair of the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the facility on which the action is brought, in- cluding the repair of any ancillary damage to furniture and fix- tures;	
	2.	The replacement of the facility on which the action is brought;	
	3.	The reimbursement of the district for a repair or replacement; or	
	4.	Any other purpose with written approval from the commis- sioner.	

	Education Code 46.008 applies to the repair. A district shall provide to the commissioner an itemized accounting of any repairs made.
	The state's share resulting from an action brought under these pro- visions involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the school district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A is state property. The district shall send to the comptroller any portion of the state's share not used by the district to repair the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the instructional facility on which the action is brought or to replace the facility. Education Code 48.272 applies to the state's share.
ons	"Net proceeds" means the difference between the amount recov- ered by or on behalf of a school district in an action, by settlement

Definitions "Net proceeds" means the difference between the amount recovered by or on behalf of a school district in an action, by settlement or otherwise, and the legal fees and litigation costs incurred by the district in prosecuting the action.

> "State's share" means an amount equal to the district's net proceeds from the recovery multiplied by a percentage determined by dividing the amount of state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A used to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued in connection with the instructional facility that is the subject of the action by the total amount of principal and interest paid on the bonds as of the date of the judgment or settlement.

Attorney General Enforcement If the attorney general believes that a district has violated or is violating Education Code 44.151(d), (e), or (f) (use of proceeds, accounting, and the state's share), the attorney general may, after providing at least two weeks' notice to the district, bring an action on behalf of the state to enjoin the district from violating those sections.

> In such an action, the attorney general may request and the court may order any other appropriate relief that is in the public interest, including payment of:

- 1. A civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each violation;
- 2. The attorney general's reasonable costs for investigating and prosecuting the violation; or
- 3. If applicable, the amount of the state's share.

Education Code 44.151

Attorney Fees A governmental contract for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project may not provide for the award

	of attorney's fees to a district in a dispute in which the district pre- vails unless the contract provides for the award of attorney's fees to each other party to the contract if that party prevails in the dis- pute. <i>Gov't Code 2252.904</i>
	The term includes a contract to obtain professional services sub- ject to Government Code 2254. <i>Gov't Code 2252.151(3)</i>
Construction Liability Claims	To assert a claim against a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional for damages arising from damage to or loss of real or personal property caused by an alleged construction defect in an improvement to real property that is a public building or public work in which the district has an interest, the district must comply with Government Code Chapter 2272. <i>Gov't Code 2272.002(a)</i>
Prohibited Contracts	A district may not enter into a governmental contract with a com- pany identified on a list prepared and maintained under Govern- ment Code 806.051 (now Government Code 2270.0201) (compa- nies with business operations in Sudan), 807.051 (now Government Code 2270.0102) (companies with business opera- tions in Iran), and 2252.153 (companies known to have contracts with or provide supplies or services to foreign terrorist organiza- tion). <i>Gov't Code 2252.152</i>
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment. The term includes a contract to obtain professional ser- vices subject to Government Code 2254. <i>Gov't Code 2252.151(3)</i>
	[For other prohibitions, see CH(LEGAL).]

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION D: PERSONNEL

DA	EMPLOYMENT OBJECTIVES
DAA	Equal Employment Opportunity
DAB	Genetic Nondiscrimination
DAC	Objective Criteria for Personnel Decisions
DB	EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS
DBA	Credentials and Records
DBAA	Criminal History and Credit Reports
DBB	Medical Examinations and Communicable Diseases
DBD	Conflict of Interest
DBE	Nepotism
DC	EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES
DCA	Probationary Contracts
DCB	Term Contracts
DCC	Continuing Contracts
DCD	At-Will Employment
DCE	Other Types of Contracts
DE DEA DEAA DEAB DEB DEC DECA DECA DECB DED DEE DEG	COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS Compensation Plan Incentives and Stipends Wage and Hour Laws Fringe Benefits Leaves and Absences Family and Medical Leave Military Leave Vacations and Holidays Expense Reimbursement Retirement
DF	TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT
DFA	Probationary Contracts
DFAA	Suspension/Termination During Contract
DFAB	Termination at End of Year
DFAC	Return to Probationary Status
DFB	Term Contracts
DFBA	Suspension/Termination During Contract
DFBB	Nonrenewal
DFC	Continuing Contracts
DFCA	Suspension/Termination
DFD	Hearings Before Hearing Examiner
DFE	Resignation
DFF	Reduction in Force

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION D: PERSONNEL

DFFA	Financial Exigency
DFFB	Program Change
DFFC	Continuing Contracts
DG	EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES
DGA	Freedom of Association
DGB	Personnel-Management Relations
DGBA	Employee Complaints/Grievances
DGC	Immunity
DH	EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT
DHA	Gifts and Solicitations
DHB	Reports to State Board for Educator Certification
DHC	Reports to Texas Education Agency
DHE	Searches and Alcohol/Drug Testing
DI	EMPLOYEE WELFARE
DIA	Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation
DJ	EMPLOYEE RECOGNITION AND AWARDS
DK	ASSIGNMENT AND SCHEDULES
DL	WORK LOAD
DLA	Staff Meetings
DLB	Required Plans and Reports
DM	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
DMA	Required Staff Development
DMB	Career Advancement
DMC	Continuing Professional Education
DMD	Professional Meetings and Visitations
DME	Research and Publication
DN	PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL
DNA	Evaluation of Teachers
DNB	Evaluation of Campus Administrators
DP	PERSONNEL POSITIONS
DPB	Substitute, Temporary, and Part-Time Positions

DAA (LEGAL)

Nondiscrimination — in General	A district shall not fail or refuse to hire or discharge any individual, or otherwise discriminate against any individual with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis of any of the following protected characteristics:		
	1.	Race, color, or national origin;	
	2.	Sex;	
	3.	Religion;	
	4.	Age (applies to individuals who are 40 years of age or older);	
	5.	Disability; or	
	6.	Genetic information [see DAB].	
	42 U.S.C. 1981; 42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq. (Title VII); 20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq. (Title IX); 42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq. (Americans with Disabilities Act); 29 U.S.C. 621 et seq. (Age Discrimination in Em- ployment Act); 29 U.S.C. 793, 794 (Rehabilitation Act); 42 U.S.C. 2000ff et seq. (Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act); U.S. Const. Amend. I; Human Resources Code 121.003(f); Labor Code Ch. 21 (Texas Commission on Human Rights Act); Labor Code Ch. 21, Subch. H (genetic information)		
	nato but c	VII proscribes employment practices that are overtly discrimi- ry (disparate treatment), as well as those that are fair in form discriminatory in practice (disparate impact). <u>Wards Cove</u> <u>king Co. v. Atonio</u> , 490 U.S. 642 (1989)	
Disparate Treatment	bers men	arate treatment (intentional discrimination) occurs when mem- of a protected group have been denied the same employ- t, promotion, membership, or other employment opportunities ave been available to other employees or applicants. <i>29 C.F.R.</i> <i>7.11</i>	
Disparate Impact	ployi pact that	arate impact occurs when an employer uses a particular em- ment practice that causes a disparate (disproportionate) im- on a protected group and the employer fails to demonstrate the challenged practice is job-related and consistent with busi- a necessity. 42 U.S.C. 2000e- $2(k)(1)(A)$; Labor Code 21.115,	
Bankruptcy Discrimination	of, o that trict or de	strict may not deny employment to, terminate the employment r discriminate with respect to employment against, a person is or has been a debtor under federal bankruptcy laws. A dis- may not discriminate against a person with whom a bankrupt ebtor has been associated, solely because the bankrupt or or is or has been a debtor under federal bankruptcy laws; was	

	insolvent before the commencement of a bankruptcy case or dur- ing the case but before the debtor was granted or denied a dis- charge; or has not paid a debt that is dischargeable in the bank- ruptcy case or that was discharged under the bankruptcy laws. <i>11</i> U.S.C. 525(a)		
Job Qualification	A district may take employment actions based on religion, sex, na- tional origin, or age in those certain instances where religion, sex, national origin, or age is a bona fide occupational qualification. <i>42</i> <i>U.S.C. 2000e-2(e); 29 U.S.C. 623(f); Labor Code 21.119</i>		
Employment Postings	A district shall not print or publish any notice or advertisement relat- ing to district employment that indicates any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, or national origin, unless the characteristic is a bona fide occupational qualification. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e-3(b); Labor Code</i> <i>21.059</i>		
Harassment of Employees	A district has an affirmative duty to maintain a working environment free of harassment on the basis of a protected characteristic. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.; 29 C.F.R. 1606.8(a), 1604.11</i> [See DIA]		
Retaliation	A district may not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant has opposed any unlawful, discriminatory employment practices or participated in the investigation of any complaint related to an unlawful, discrim- inatory employment practice. 29 U.S.C. 623(d) (ADEA); 42 U.S.C. 2000e-3(a) (Title VII); 34 C.F.R. 100.7(e) (Title VI); 34 C.F.R. 110.34 (Age Act); 42 U.S.C. 12203 (ADA); Jackson v. Birmingham Bd. of Educ., 544 U.S. 167 (2005) (Title IX); Labor Code 21.055 [See DIA]		
Notices	A district shall post in conspicuous places upon its premises a no- tice setting forth the information the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission deems appropriate to effectuate the purposes of the anti-discrimination laws. 29 U.S.C. 627; 42 U.S.C. 2000e-10		
Section 504 Notice	A district that employs 15 or more persons shall take appropriate steps to notify applicants and employees, including those with im- paired vision or hearing, that it does not discriminate on the basis of disability.		
	The notice shall state:		
	 That the district does not discriminate in employment in its programs and activities; and 		
	2. The identity of the district's 504 coordinator.		
	Methods of notification may include:		

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	1. Posting of notices;	
	2. Publication in newspapers and magazines;	
	3. Placing notices in district publications; and	
	4. Distributing memoranda or other written communications.	
	If a district publishes or uses recruitment materials containing gen- eral information that it makes available to applicants or employees it shall include in those materials a statement of its nondiscrimina- tion policy.	
	34 C.F.R. 104.8	
Age Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of age applies only to discrimination against an individual 40 years of age or olde <i>Labor Code 21.101</i>	r.
Bona Fide Employee Benefit Plan	A district may take an employment action on the basis of age pur- suant to a bona fide seniority system or a bona fide employee ben efit plan. However, a bona fide employee benefit plan shall not ex- cuse the failure to hire any individual and no such benefit plan sha require or permit the involuntary retirement of any individual be- cause of age. 29 U.S.C. 623(f); Labor Code 21.102	
Sex Discrimination Gender Stereotypes	A district may not evaluate employees by assuming or insisting that they match the stereotype associated with their group. <u>Price Wate</u> <u>house v. Hopkins</u> , 490 U.S. 228 (1989)	
Pregnancy	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of sex includes discrimination on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. A district shall treat women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions the same as other employees for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of bene fits under fringe benefit programs. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(k); 29 C.F.R. 1604.10; Labor Code 21.106</i>	- -
Equal Pay	A district may not pay an employee at a rate less than the rate the district pays employees of the opposite sex for equal work on jobs the performance of which require equal skill, effort, or responsibility and which are performed under similar working conditions. This rule does not apply if the payment is pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or a differential based on any other factor other than sex. 29 U.S.C. 206(d) (Equal Pay Act); 34 C.F.R. 106.54 (Title IX)	У
Religious Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of religion in- cludes all aspects of religious observances and practice, as well as religious belief, unless a district demonstrates that it is unable to	s
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	reasonably accommodate an employee's or prospective em- ployee's religious observance or practice without undue hardship to the district's business. "Undue hardship" means more than a <i>de</i> <i>minimus</i> (minimal) cost. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(j); 29 C.F.R. 1605.2; La-</i> <i>bor Code 21.108</i>		
	A district may not substantially burden an employee's free exercise of religion, unless the burden is in furtherance of a compelling gov- ernmental interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that interest. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 110.003</i>		
	A person employed or maintained to obtain or aid in obtaining posi- tions for public school employees may not directly or indirectly ask about, orally or in writing, the religion or religious affiliation of any- one applying for employment in a public school of this state. A vio- lation of this provision is a Class B misdemeanor. A person who vi- olates this provision is subject to civil penalties. <i>Education Code</i> <i>22.901</i>		
Disability Discrimination	A district may not discriminate against a qualified individual on the basis of disability in job application procedures, hiring, advance- ment, or discharge of employees, compensation, job training, and other terms, conditions, and privileges of employment. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(a); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.051</i>		
	In addition, each district that receives assistance under the Individ- uals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) must make positive ef- forts to employ, and advance in employment, qualified individuals with disabilities in programs assisted by the IDEA. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>300.177(b)</i>		
Discrimination Based on Lack of Disability	The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the Texas Commission on Human Rights Act do not provide a basis for a claim that an individual was subject to discrimination because of the individual's lack of disability. <i>42 U.S.C. 12201(g); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.005(c)</i>		
Definition of	"Disability" means:		
Disability	 An actual disability: a physical or mental impairment [see defi- nition, below] that substantially limits one or more of an indi- vidual's major life activities; 		
	2. A record of having such an impairment; or		
	3. Being regarded as having such an impairment.		

	An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a disa- bility. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.		
"Regarded as" Having an Impairment	An individual meets the requirement of being "regarded as" having an impairment if the individual establishes that he or she has been subjected to an action prohibited by the ADA because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment whether or not the im- pairment limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity.		
Transitory and Minor	The "regarded as" prong of the definition does not apply to impair- ments that are transitory or minor. A transitory impairment is one with an actual or expected duration of six months or less. The "transitory" exception does not apply to the "actual disability" or "record of disability" prongs of the definition.		
Mitigating Measures	The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication, medical sup- plies, low-vision devices, prosthetics, hearing aids, mobility de- vices, oxygen therapy, assistive technology, or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.		
	The ameliorative effects of ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses shall be considered in determining whether an impairment substan- tially limits a major life activity. Ordinary eyeglasses and contact lenses are lenses that are intended to fully correct visual acuity or to eliminate refractive error.		
	42 U.S.C. 12102(1), (3), (4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(g), (j)(1); Labor Code 21.002, .0021		
Other Definitions	"Physical or mental impairment" means:		
Physical or Mental Impairment	1. Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigure- ment, or anatomical loss affecting one or more body systems, such as neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, repro- ductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hemic, lymphatic, skin, and endocrine; or		
	 Any mental or psychological disorder, such as an intellectual disability (formerly termed "mental retardation"), organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities. 		
	29 C.F.R. 1630.2(h)		

Major Life Activities	"Major life activities" include caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, and working.		
	"Major life activities" also include the operation of major bodily functions, including functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin, normal cell growth, and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardio- vascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and repro- ductive functions. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within the body system.		
	42 U.S.C. 12102(2); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(i); Labor Code 21.002		
Qualified	"Qualified individual" means an individual who:		
Individual	1.	Satisfies the requisite skill, experience, education, and other job-related requirements of the employment position such in- dividual holds or desires; and	
	2.	With or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of such position. Consideration shall be given to a district's judgment as to what functions of a job are essential. A written job description prepared before advertising or interviewing applicants for the job is evidence of the job's essential functions.	
	42 L	J.S.C. 12111(8); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(m)	
Reasonable Accommodations	A district is required, absent undue hardship, to make a reasonable accommodation to an otherwise qualified individual who meets the definition of disability under the "actual disability" or "record of disability" prongs. A district is not required to provide a reasonable accommodation to an individual who meets the definition of disability solely under the "regarded as" prong. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(5); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(o)(4), .9; 29 U.S.C. 794; 34 C.F.R. 104.11; Labor Code 21.128</i> [See DBB regarding medical examinations and inquiries under the Americans with Disabilities Act]		
	"Reasonable accommodation" includes:		
	1.	Making existing facilities used by employees readily accessi- ble to and usable by individuals with disabilities; and	
	2.	Job restructuring, part-time or modified work schedules, reas- signment to a vacant position, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, appropriate adjustment or modification of examinations, training materials or policies, the provision of	

	qualified readers or interpreters, and other similar accommo-
	dations for individuals with disabilities.
	42 U.S.C. 12111(9); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(0); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(b)
	"Undue hardship" means an action requiring significant difficulty or expense when considered in light of the nature and cost of the ac- commodation needed, overall financial resources of the affected fa- cility and the district, and other factors set out in law. <i>42 U.S.C.</i> <i>12111(10); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(p); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(c)</i>
Discrimination Based on Relationship	A district shall not exclude or deny equal jobs or benefits to, or oth- erwise discriminate against, a qualified individual because of the known disability of an individual with whom the qualified individual is known to have a family, business, social, or other relationship or association. 42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.8; 34 C.F.R. 104.11
Illegal Drugs and Alcohol	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include any employee or applicant who is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs, when a district acts on the basis of such use.
Drug Testing	A district is not prohibited from conducting drug testing of employ- ees and applicants for the illegal use of drugs or making employ- ment decisions based on the results of such tests.
	42 U.S.C. 12114(c), (d); Labor Code 21.002(6)(A) [See DHE]
Alcohol Use	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include an individual who is an alcoholic and whose current use of alcohol prevents the employee from performing the duties of his or her job or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others. <i>42 U.S.C. 12114(a); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(C); 29 C.F.R. 1630.3(a); 28 C.F.R. 35.104; Labor Code 21.002(6)(A)</i>
Qualification Standards	It is unlawful for a district to use qualification standards, employ- ment tests, or other selection criteria that screen out or tend to screen out an individual with a disability or a class of individuals with disabilities, on the basis of disability, unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job related for the position in question and is consistent with business necessity. <i>29 C.F.R. 1630.10(a)</i>
Direct Threat to Health or Safety	As a qualification standard, a district may require that an individual not pose a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace. "Direct threat" means a significant risk to the health or safety of the individual or others that cannot be eliminated by reasonable accommodation. <i>42 U.S.C. 12111(3); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(r); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)</i>

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Vision Standards and Tests	A district shall not use qualification standards, employment tests, or other selection criteria based on an individual's uncorrected vision unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job-related for the position in question and consistent with business necessity. <i>42 U.S.C. 12113(c); 29 C.F.R.</i> <i>1630.10(b); Labor Code 21.115(b)</i>
Communicable Diseases	A district may refuse to assign or continue to assign an individual to a job involving food handling if the individual has an infectious or communicable disease that is transmitted to others through han- dling of food. 42 U.S.C. 12113(e); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(D); 29 C.F.R. 1630.16(e); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)
Service Animals	A district that is subject to the jurisdiction of Title I of the ADA (em- ployment discrimination) or to section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (employment discrimination) shall comply with the reasonable ac- commodation requirements of those laws with respect to service animals. [See Reasonable Accommodations, above]
	A district that is not subject to either Title I or section 504 shall comply with Title II of the ADA (discrimination by public entity). An employer that is subject to Title II shall comply with 28 C.F.R. part 35, including the requirements relating to service animals at 28 C.F.R. 35.136 [see FBA].
	28 C.F.R. 35.140
Military Service	A district shall not deny initial employment, reemployment, reten- tion in employment, promotion, or any benefit of employment on the basis of membership in a uniformed service, performance in a uniformed service, application for uniformed service, or obligation to a uniformed service. A district shall not take adverse employ- ment action or discriminate against any person who takes action to enforce protections afforded by the Uniformed Services Employ- ment and Re-employment Rights Act (USERRA). <i>38 U.S.C. 4311</i> [See also DECB]
Grievance Policies Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance and that employs 15 or more persons shall adopt grievance procedures that incorporate appropriate due process standards and that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any action prohibited by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(b), .11</i>
Americans with Disabilities Act	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution

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Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of employee complaints alleging any action prohibited by Title IX. 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b); <u>North Haven Board of Education v.</u> <u>Bell</u> , 456 U.S. 512 (1982)			
Compliance Coordinator	A district shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with Title IX, Section 504, the Age Act, and the ADA. The district shall notify all employees of the name, office address, and telephone number of the employee(s) so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(b), .11; 28 C.F.R. 35.107, .140; 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b)</i>			
Student Loan Repayment	A district that issues a license may not take disciplinary action against a person based on the person's default on a student loar or breach of a student loan repayment contract or scholarship co tract including by:			
	 Denying the person's application for a license or license re- newal; 			
	2. Suspending the person's license; or			
	3. Taking other disciplinary action against the person.			
	Occupations Code 56.001, .003			

Definitions	"Criminal history clearinghouse" (clearinghouse) means the elec- tronic clearinghouse and subscription service established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) to provide criminal history rec- ord information to persons entitled to receive that information and to provide updates to such information. A person who is the subject of the criminal history record information requested must consent to the release of the information. <i>Gov't Code 411.0845(a), (h)</i>					
	"Criminal history record information" (CHRI) means information col- lected about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indict- ments, information, and other formal criminal charges and their dis- positions. <i>Gov't Code 411.082(2)</i>					
	nal mei Inve	"National criminal history record information" (NCHRI) means crimi- nal history record information obtained from DPS under Govern- ment Code Chapter 411, Subchapter F, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) under Government Code 411.087. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 22.081(2)</i>				
	"Request for CHRI" is the processing and entry of a person's com- plete set of fingerprints in DPS's tenprint database and the com- parison of those prints to DPS's latent print database and if author- ized the entry into FBI's tenprint and comparison to the FBI's latent print database. <i>37 TAC 27.172</i>					
Participation in the	The purpose of the clearinghouse is to:					
Criminal History Clearinghouse	1.	Provide authorized entities with the Texas and FBI fingerprint- based criminal history results.				
	2.	Provide authorized entities with subscription and notification service to disseminate updated criminal history information.				
	Districts shall only submit a request for CHRI on a person who has authorized the access of their information.					
	Districts may subscribe to a person in the clearinghouse, if the en- tity has the authority to view the record. Entities shall unsubscribe from a person when it no longer has authority to view a record.					
	poli sub ceiv	Districts shall validate their subscriptions in accordance with DPS policies. "Validation" is a process whereby the subscriber reviews a subscription to determine whether they are still authorized to receive CHRI on that individual and updates the subscription accordingly. Validations are required on a yearly basis.				
		ricts shall maintain compliance with the FBI Criminal Justice In- nation Services Security Policy. Districts shall allow DPS and				

		FBI to conduct audits of their clearinghouse accounts to pre- t any unauthorized access, use, or dissemination of the infor- ion.
	37 1	TAC 27.171, .172(8), .174
Certified Persons	NCł and	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall review the HRI of a person who is an applicant for or holder of a certificate who is employed by or is an applicant for employment by a rict. <i>Education Code 22.0831(c)</i>
Noncertified Employees Applicability	This section applies to a person who is not an applicant for or holder of a certificate from SBEC and who, on or after January 1, 2008, is offered employment by:	
	1.	A district; or
	2.	A shared services arrangement, if the employee's or appli- cant's duties are or will be performed on school property or at another location where students are regularly present.
		noncertified employees of a district or shared services ar- gement hired before January 1, 2008, see All Other Employees, w.]
Information to DPS and TEA	pers the	ore or immediately after employing or securing the services of a son subject to this section, a district shall send or ensure that person sends to DPS information that DPS requires for obtain- NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.
	sect tify t	strict shall provide TEA with the name of a person to whom this tion applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI of the person and no- the district if the person may not be hired or must be dis- rged under Education Code 22.085.
Employment Pending Review	emp that dete	r the required information is submitted, the person may begin bloyment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a ermination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ment.
Criminal History	this CHF	strict shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person subject to section through the clearinghouse and shall subscribe to the RI of that person. A district may require the person to pay any related to obtaining the CHRI.
	Edu	cation Code 22.0833; 19 TAC 153.1109(d)
Districts of Innovation		ohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education le Chapter 22, Subchapter C (Criminal History Records) on an

		n-enrollment charter school applies to the same extent to a dis- of innovation or other charter entity.		
	und	failure of a district of innovation to provide information required er Education Code 22.0832 may result in termination of the dis- 's designation as a district of innovation. [See AF]		
	Edu	cation Code 22.0815		
Substitute Teachers		section applies to a person who is a substitute teacher for a ict or shared services arrangement.		
Applicability	teac tute	purposes of the CHRI review requirements, a "substitute cher" is a teacher who is on call or on a list of approved substi- s to replace a regular teacher and has no regular or guaran- I hours. A substitute teacher may be certified or noncertified.		
Information to DPS and TEA	app	strict shall send or ensure that a person to whom this section lies sends to DPS information required for obtaining NCHRI, ch may include fingerprints and photographs.		
	sect	strict shall provide TEA with the name of a person to whom this ion applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI and certification rec- s of the person and notify the district if the person:		
	1.	May not be hired or must be discharged as provided by Edu- cation Code 22.085; or		
	2.	May not be employed as a substitute teacher because the person's educator certification has been revoked or is suspended.		
Employment Pending Review	emp that dete	r the required information is submitted, the person may begin bloyment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a ermination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ment.		
Criminal History	sect	strict shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person to whom this ion applies through the clearinghouse. A district may require person to pay any fees related to obtaining the CHRI.		
	Edu	cation Code 22.0836; 19 TAC 153.1101(5), .1111(d)		
Student Teachers Applicability	This section applies to a person participating in an internship con- sisting of student teaching to receive a teaching certificate.			
Criminal History	A st	udent teacher may not perform any student teaching until:		
	1.	The student teacher has provided to a district a driver's li- cense or another form of identification containing the person's		

		photograph issued by an entity of the United States govern- ment; and
	2.	The district has obtained from DPS all CHRI that relates to a student teacher. A district may also obtain CHRI relating to a student teacher from any other law enforcement agency, criminal justice agency, or private consumer reporting agency. A district may require a student teacher to pay any costs related to obtaining the CHRI.
	Edι	cation Code 22.0835
Coordination of Efforts	ordi thor	A, SBEC, a district, and a shared services arrangement may co- nate as necessary to ensure that criminal history reviews au- ized or required under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchap- C are not unnecessarily duplicated. <i>Education Code 22.0833(h)</i>
All Other Employees	ject	strict shall obtain CHRI that relates to a person who is not sub- to an NCHRI review under Education Code Chapter 21, Sub- pter C and who is an employee of:
	1.	The district; or
	2.	A shared services arrangement, if the employee's duties are performed on school property or at another location where students are regularly present.
	A di	strict may obtain the CHRI from:
	1.	DPS;
	2.	A law enforcement or criminal justice agency; or
	3.	A private consumer reporting agency [see Consumer Credit Reports, below].
	Edι	cation Code 22.083(a), (a-1); Gov't Code 411.097
	Not	e: For criminal history record provisions regarding volun- teers, see GKG. For provisions on employees of entities that contract with a district, see CJA.
Confidentiality of Record	info CHI	RI that a district obtains from DPS, including any identification rmation that could reveal the identity of a person about whom RI is requested and information that directly or indirectly indi- es or implies involvement of a person in the criminal justice sys- :
	1.	Is for the exclusive use of the district; and

	2.	May be disclosed or used by the district only if, and only to the extent, disclosure is authorized or directed by a statute, rule, or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.			
	For purposes of these confidentiality provisions, "criminal history record" information does not refer to any specific document pro- vided by DPS, but to the information contained, wholly or partly, in a document's original form or any subsequent form or use.				
	A district or an individual may not confirm the existence or nonex- istence of CHRI to any person who is not eligible to receive the in- formation.				
	Gov	't Code 411.084			
	form is the The	RI obtained by a district, in the original form or any subsequent a, may not be released to any person except the individual who e subject of the information, TEA, or SBEC, or by court order. CHRI is not subject to disclosure under Government Code pter 552 (Public Information Act).			
	any from	employee of a district may request from the district a copy of CHRI related to that employee that the district has obtained DPS. The district may charge a fee to provide the information, to exceed the actual cost of copying the CHRI.			
	Gov	't Code 411.097(d), (f)			
Destruction of CHRI	A district shall destroy CHRI obtained from DPS on the earlier of:				
	1.	The date the information is used for the authorized purpose; or			
	2.	The first anniversary of the date the information was originally obtained.			
	Gov	't Code 411.097(d)(3)			
Confidentiality of Information Obtained from Applicant or Employee	orde num	strict may not release information collected about a person in er to obtain CHRI, including the person's name, address, phone ber, social security number, driver's license number, other tification number, and fingerprint records, except:			
	1.	To comply with Government Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records);			
	2.	By court order; or			
	3.	With the consent of the person who is the subject of the infor- mation.			

			n, the information is not subject to disclosure under Gov- Code Chapter 522 (Public Information Act).	
	The district shall destroy the information not later than the first an- niversary of the date the information is received.			
	Edu	cation	n Code 22.08391	
Unauthorized Disclosure of CHRI	A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person knowingly or intentionally:			
	1.	mati	ains CHRI in an unauthorized manner, uses the infor- on for an unauthorized purpose, or discloses the infor- on to a person who is not entitled to the information; or	
	2.		ates a DPS rule adopted under Government Code Chap- 11, Subchapter F.	
	Ape	erson	commits a second degree felony if the person:	
	1.		ains, uses, or discloses CHRI for remuneration or for the nise of remuneration; or	
	2.		loys another person to obtain, use, or disclose CHRI for uneration or for the promise of remuneration.	
	Gov	rt Coc	le 411.085	
Refusal to Hire Convicted Applicants	for e	emplo	shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applicant yment if the district obtains information through a CHRI at the employee or applicant has been:	
	1.	supe	victed of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- er under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or	
	2.	Conv	victed of:	
		a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or	
		b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.	
Exception			a district is not required to refuse to hire an applicant if n committed an offense under Title 5, Penal Code and:	
	1.		date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and	

	2.	The applicant for employment satisfied all terms of the court order entered on conviction.			
Certification to Commissioner		Each school year, the superintendent shall certify to the commis- sioner that the district has complied with the above provisions.			
Sanctions	to hi appl prop Cod revie	EC may impose a sanction on an educator who does not refuse ire an applicant for employment if the educator knew that the licant had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inap- priate relationship with a minor in accordance with Education le 21.009(e), or knew or should have known, through a CHRI ew, that the applicant has been convicted of or placed on de- ed adjudication community supervision for an offense described we.			
	inac plied	EC may impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely or ccurately certified to the commissioner that the district had com- d with Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Commis- her, above]			
Termination for Failure to Disclose	mati volv or to bee	strict may discharge an employee if the district obtains infor- ion of the employee's conviction of a felony or misdemeanor in- ing moral turpitude that the employee did not disclose to SBEC o the district. An employee so discharged is considered to have n discharged for misconduct for the purposes of Labor Code .044 (unemployment compensation).			
	Edu	cation Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14) [See DF]			
Consumer Credit Reports Definitions	cisic	verse action" includes a denial of employment or any other de- on for employment purposes that adversely affects any current rospective employee.			
	port	nsumer report" includes any information from a consumer re- ing agency that is used or expected to be used as a factor in ablishing the person's eligibility for employment.			
	due: eval	nsumer reporting agency" is an agency that, for monetary fees, s, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly assembles or luates consumer credit information or other information on con- ners for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports to third par-			
	repo	ployment purposes" when used in connection with a consumer ort means a report used for the purpose of evaluating a person employment, promotion, reassignment, or retention as an em- ree.			
	15 L	J.S.C. 1681a			

Obtaining Reports	A district may not procure a consumer report for employment pur- poses unless:				
	 The district has provided the applicant or employee a written disclosure that a consumer report may be obtained for em- ployment purposes; and 				
	2. The applicant or employee has authorized in writing the pro- curement of the consumer report.				
Adverse Action	Before taking any adverse action based on the consumer report, a district shall provide the applicant or employee a copy of the con- sumer report and a written description of the person's rights under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as prescribed by the Federal Trade Commission.				
	15 U.S.C. 1681b(b)(2)				
Address Discrepancies	"Notice of address discrepancy" means a notice sent to a user by a consumer reporting agency that informs the user of a substantial difference between the address for the consumer that the user provided to request the consumer report and the address(es) in the agency's file for the consumer.				
	A district must develop and implement reasonable policies and pro- cedures designed to enable the district, when it receives a notice of address discrepancy, to form a reasonable belief that a consumer report relates to the consumer about whom it has requested the re- port.				
	If a district regularly and in the ordinary course of business fur- nishes information to the consumer reporting agency from which it received the notice of address discrepancy, the district must also develop and implement reasonable policies and procedures for fur- nishing an address for the consumer, which the district has reason- ably confirmed is accurate, to the consumer reporting agency.				
	16 C.F.R. 641.1				
Disposal of Records	A district must properly dispose of a consumer report by taking rea- sonable measures to protect against unauthorized access to or use of the information.				
	"Dispose" includes discarding or abandoning the consumer report, or selling, donating, or transferring any medium, including com- puter equipment, upon which the consumer report is stored.				
	Examples of reasonable measures include:				

- 1. Burning, pulverizing, or shredding papers containing a consumer report so the information cannot practicably be read or reconstructed;
- 2. Destroying or erasing electronic media containing a consumer report so that the information cannot practicably be read or reconstructed; or
- 3. After due diligence, entering into and monitoring compliance with a contract with another party engaged in the business of record destruction to dispose of the consumer report.

16 C.F.R. 682.3

Employment Policies	A board shall adopt a policy providing for the employment and du- ties of district personnel. The policy shall provide that:			
	1.	A board employs and evaluates the superintendent;		
	2.	A superintendent has sole authority to make recommenda- tions to a board regarding the selection of all personnel, ex- cept that the board may delegate final authority for those deci- sions to the superintendent [see Superintendent Recommendation, below];		
	3.	Each principal must approve each teacher or staff appoint- ment to the principal's campus as provided by Education Code 11.202 [see DK and DP];		
	4.	Notice will be provided of vacant positions [see Posting of Va- cancies, below]; and		
	5.	Each employee has the right to present grievances to the board. [See Grievances, below]		
	Edu	cation Code 11.1513		
Tax Identifier	A board shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of social security numbers as employee identifiers other than for tax purposes [see Social Security Numbers, below]. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See DBA]			
Contract Positions	A board shall establish a policy designating specific positions of employment, or categories of positions based on considerations such as length of service, to which continuing contracts or term contracts apply. <i>Education Code 21.002(c)</i> [See DCB and DCC]			
Delegation of Authority	A district's employment policy may specify the terms of district em- ployment or delegate to the superintendent the authority to deter- mine the terms of employment with the district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.1513(c)</i> [For nepotism implications, see BBFB and DBE]			
Internal Auditor	inte	district employs an internal auditor, the board shall select the rnal auditor and the internal auditor shall report directly to the rd. <i>Education Code 11.170</i> [See CFC]		
Superintendent Recommendation	rega boa mea ing, or 5 omr mer	bard may accept or reject a superintendent's recommendation arding the selection of district personnel and shall include the rd's acceptance or rejection in the minutes of the board's open eting, in the certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meet- or in the recording required under Government Code 551.125 51.127, as applicable. If a board rejects a superintendent's rec- mendation, the superintendent shall make alternative recom- ndations until the board accepts a recommendation. <i>Education</i> <i>It 1.1513(b)</i>		

Pre-employment Affidavit	An applicant for a certified or licensed position [see Professional Personnel at DBA(LEGAL)] with a school district, including a dis- trict of innovation, must submit, using a form adopted by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), a pre-employment affidavit disclosing whether the applicant has ever been charged with, adjudicated for, or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor.
	An applicant who answers affirmatively concerning an inappropri- ate relationship with a minor must disclose in the affidavit all rele- vant facts pertaining to the charge, adjudication, or conviction, in- cluding, for a charge, whether the charge was determined to be true or false.
	An applicant is not precluded from being employed based on a dis- closed charge if the district determines based on the information disclosed in the affidavit that the charge was false.
	A determination that an employee failed to disclose required infor- mation is grounds for termination of employment.
	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may revoke the certificate of an administrator if the board determines it is reasonable to believe that the administrator employed an applicant for a position described by Education Code 21.003(a) or (b) despite being aware that the applicant had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor.
	Education Code 21.009
TEA Internet Portal	TEA shall develop and maintain an internet portal through which required reports may be confidentially and securely filed and TEA makes available:
	 The registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed in public schools; and
	2. Information indicating that a person is under investigation.
	Education Code 22.095
Registry of Persons Not Eligible for Employment	TEA shall maintain and make available through its internet portal a registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed by a district, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other charter entity, regional education service center, or shared services arrangement.
	A district, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other charter entity, regional education service center, or shared services arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person listed on the registry.

The registry must list:

- 1. An employee of an open enrollment charter school determined by TEA under Education Code 22.0832 as a person who would not be eligible for educator certification based on their national criminal history record information (NCHRI);
- A noncertified person determined by TEA to be not eligible for employment based on the person's criminal history record information (CHRI), as provided by Education Code 22.0833 [see DBAA];
- A person who is not eligible for employment based on CHRI received by TEA under Education Code 21.058(b) indicating that a certified employee is required to register as a sex offender;
- 4. A person whose certification or permit is revoked by SBEC on a finding that the person engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 21.006(b)(2)(A) or (A-1) [see DHB]; and
- A noncertified person who is determined by the commissioner under Education Code 22.094 to have engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 22.093(c)(1)(A) or (B) [see DHC].

Education Code 22.092

- **Posting of Vacancies** A district's employment policy must provide that not later than the tenth school day before the date on which a district fills a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required as provided by Education Code 21.003 [see DBA], other than a position that affects the safety and security of students as determined by the board, the district must provide to each current district employee:
 - 1. Notice of the position by posting the position on:
 - a. A bulletin board at:
 - (1) A place convenient to the public in the district's central administrative office, and
 - (2) The central administrative office of each campus during any time the office is open; or
 - b. The district's internet website, if the district has a website; and
 - 2. A reasonable opportunity to apply for the position.

Education Code 11.1513(d)

Exception	If, during the school year, a district must fill a vacant position held by a teacher, as defined by Education Code 21.201 [see DCB], in less than ten school days, the district must provide notice of the position in the manner described above as soon as possible after the vacancy occurs. However, a district is not required to provide the notice for ten school days before filling the position or to pro- vide a reasonable opportunity to apply for the position. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 11.1513(e)</i>
Grievances	A district's employment policy must provide each employee with the right to present grievances to the board. The policy may not re- strict the ability of an employee to communicate directly with a member of the board regarding a matter relating to the operation of a district, except that the policy may prohibit ex parte communica- tion relating to:
	 A hearing under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter E (Term Contracts) or F (Hearing Examiners); and
	2. Another appeal or hearing in which ex parte communication would be inappropriate pending a final decision by the board.
	Education Code 11.1513(i)–(j) [See DGBA]
Transfers	A district's employment policy may include a provision for providing each current district employee with an opportunity to participate in a process for transferring to another school in or position with the district. <i>Education Code</i> $11.1513(c)(3)$ [See DK]
Contract Employees	A district shall employ each classroom teacher, principal, librarian, nurse, or school counselor under a probationary contract, a continuing contract, or a term contract. A district is not required to employ a person other than these listed employees under a probationary, continuing, or term contract. <i>Education Code 21.002</i>
Classroom Teacher	"Classroom teacher" means an educator who is employed by a dis- trict and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, teaches in an academic instructional setting or a career and tech- nology instructional setting. The term does not include a teacher's aide or a full-time administrator. <i>Education Code</i> 5.001(2)
Minimum Length of Contract	A contract between a district and an educator must be for a mini- mum of ten months of service. An educator employed under a ten- month contract must provide a minimum of 187 days of service. <i>Education Code 21.401(a), (b)</i>
Proportionate Reduction	If a district anticipates providing less than 180 days of instruction for students during a school year, as indicated by the district's aca-

Denton ISD 061901		
EMPLOYMENT PRAC	TICES DC (LEGAL)	
	demic calendar, the district may reduce the number of days of ser- vice proportionately. A reduction by the district does not reduce an educator's salary. <i>Education Code 21.401(c-1)</i>	
Commissioner Waiver	The commissioner of education may reduce the number of days of service if disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtailment, or another calamity causes the closing of schools. A reduction by the commissioner does not reduce an educator's salary. <i>Education Code 21.401(c), 25.081(b)</i>	
Educational Aides	A board shall establish a plan to encourage the hiring of educa- tional aides who show a willingness to become certified teachers. <i>Education Code 54.363(f)</i>	
Employment of Retirees	A district shall file a monthly certified statement of employment of a retiree in the form and manner required by TRS. A district shall inform TRS of changes in status of the district that affect the district's reporting responsibilities.	
	The certified statement must include information regarding:	
	1. Employees of third party entities if the employees are service or disability retirees who were first employed by the third party entity on or after May 24, 2003, and are performing duties or providing services on behalf of or for the benefit of the district that employees of the district would otherwise perform or pro- vide; and	
	2. Retirees who retired within twelve full, consecutive calendar months of the month of the monthly certified statement and are performing duties or providing services for or on behalf of the district that employees of the district would otherwise perform or provide, and are:	
	a. Waiving, deferring, or forgoing compensation for the ser- vices or duties;	
	 Performing the duties or providing the services as an in- dependent contractor; or 	
	c. Serving as a volunteer without compensation and per- forming the same duties or providing the same services for a reporting entity that the retiree performed or pro- vided immediately before retiring and the retiree has an agreement to perform those duties or provide those ser- vices after the first 12 full, consecutive calendar months after the retiree's effective date of retirement.	
	A district that fails to attain a completed status for the monthly certi-	

A district that fails to attain a completed status for the monthly certified statement as required by 34 Administrative Code 31.2 shall

pay to TRS, in addition to the required employer surcharges and any applicable penalty interest on the unpaid amounts, the late fee established in 34 Administrative Code 31.2(d) for each business day that the monthly certified statement fails to attain a completed status.An administrator of a district who is responsible for filing the state- ment, and who knowingly fails to file the statement, commits an of- fense.Former Board Member EmploymentAbord member is prohibited from accepting employment with the district until the first anniversary of the date the board member's membership on a board ends. Education Code 11.063 [See BBC]New Hires I-9 FormsA district shall ensure that an employee properly completes section 1—"Employee Information and Verification"—on Form I-9 at the time of hire.A district must verify employment eligibility, pursuant to the Immi- gration Reform and Control Act, and complete Form I-9 by the fol- lowing dates:1.Within three business days of initial hiring. If a district hires an individual for employment for a duration of less than three business days, the district must verify employment at all times. When a district shall not be deemed to have hired an individ- ual if the individual is continuing in his or her employment an individual for employment at all times. When a district rehires an individual, the district may, in lieu of completing a new I-9, inspect a previously completed I-9 exe- cuted within three years of the date of rehire, to determine whether the individual is still eligible to work.2.For an individual whose employment authorization expires, not later than the date of expiration. 8 C.F.R. 274a.2(b)(1)(ii), (iii), (viii)New Hire ReportingA district shall furnish to the Directory of New Hires		
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		hire, date of birth, expected salary or wages, and the district's pay-

	equi by n	strict shall report new hire information on a Form W-4 or an ivalent form, by first class mail, telephonically, electronically, or nagnetic media, as determined by the district and in a format eptable to the attorney general.
Deadline	New	<i>i</i> hire reports are due:
	1.	Not later than 20 calendar days after the date a district hires the employee; or
	2.	In the case of a district transmitting reports magnetically or electronically, by two monthly transmissions (if necessary) not less than 12 days nor more than 16 days apart.
		hire reports shall be considered timely if postmarked by the date or, if filed electronically, upon receipt by the agency.
Penalties		strict that knowingly violates the new hire provisions may be lia- for a civil penalty, as set forth at Family Code 234.105.
		J.S.C. 653a(b), (c); Family Code 234.101–.105; 1 TAC 55, ch. I
Social Security Numbers	rity ı	pard shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of the social secu- number of an employee of the district as an employee identifier er than for tax purposes. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See DBA]
Federal Law	lege	strict shall not deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privi- provided by law because of the individual's refusal to disclose or her social security number.
Exceptions	The federal law does not apply to:	
	1.	Any disclosure that is required by federal statute. The United States Internal Revenue Code provides that the social secu- rity number issued to an individual for purposes of federal in- come tax laws shall be used as the identifying number for tax- payers;
	2.	Any disclosure to a district maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such dis- closure was required under statute or regulation adopted be- fore such date to verify the identity of an individual; or
	3.	Any use for the purposes of establishing the identity of individ- uals affected by any tax, general public assistance, driver's li- cense, or motor vehicle registration law within a district's juris- diction.

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EMPLOYMENT PRACT	CES DC (LEGAL)
Statement of Uses	A district that requests disclosure of a social security number shall inform that individual whether the disclosure is mandatory or volun- tary, by what statutory authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it.
	Privacy Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-579, Sec. 7, 88 Stat. 1896, 1897 (1974)
Employment Assistance Prohibited Federal Law	A district that receives Title I funds shall have regulations or poli- cies that prohibit any individual who is a school employee, contrac- tor, or agent, or a district, from assisting a school employee in ob- taining a new job, apart from the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files, if the individual or district knows, or has probable cause to believe, that such school employee en- gaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.
	This requirement shall not apply if the information giving rise to probable cause has been properly reported to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct; and has been properly reported to any other authorities as required by federal, state, or local law, including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and the implementing regulations under Part 106 of Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations, or any succeeding regulations; and:
	1. The matter has been officially closed or the prosecutor or po- lice with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct has investi- gated the allegations and notified school officials that there is insufficient information to establish probable cause that the school employee engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in violation of the law;
	2. The school employee has been charged with and acquitted or otherwise exonerated of the alleged misconduct; or
	3. The case or investigation remains open and there have been no charges filed against, or indictment of, the school em- ployee within four years of the date on which the information was reported to a law enforcement agency.
	20 U.S.C 7926 [See also CJ]
State Law	SBEC may suspend or revoke a certificate, impose other sanctions against the person, or refuse to issue a certificate to the person if:
	 The person assists another person in obtaining employment at a school district, private school, or open-enrollment charter school, other than by the routine transmission of administra- tive and personnel files; and
	10 0 at 0

2. The person knew that the other person has previously engaged in sexual misconduct with a minor or student in violation of the law.

The commissioner may require a school district to revoke or decline to issue a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055 issued to or requested by a person subject to SBEC action above.

Education Code 21.0581; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(13)

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Minimum Salary Schedule — Educators	A district shall pay each classroom teacher, full-time time school counselor, or full-time nurse not less tha monthly salary, based on the employee's level of exp ified in Education Code 21.402 and 19 Administrative 153.1021.	n the minir perience, s
Definitions <i>Classroom</i> <i>Teacher</i>	"Classroom teacher" means an educator who teacher of at least four hours per day in an academic or care nology instructional setting, focusing on the delivery Essential Knowledge and Skills, and who holds the r cate from the State Board for Educator Certification hough noninstructional duties do not qualify as teach functions related to the educator's instructional assig as instructional planning and transition between instructions ods, should be applied to creditable classroom time.	er and tech of the Texa elevant ce (SBEC). Al ning, neces nment, su
Librarian	"Librarian" means an educator who provides full-time vices and holds the relevant certificate from SBEC.	e library se
Counselor	"Counselor" means an educator who provides full-tin and guidance services and holds the relevant certific SBEC.	
Nurse	"Nurse" means an educator employed to provide full- and health-care services and who meets all the requi- practice as a registered nurse (RN) pursuant to the N tice Act and the rules and regulations relating to prof education, licensure, and practice and has been issu practice professional nursing in Texas.	irements to Nursing Pra essional n
Full-Time	"Full-time" means contracted employment for at leas (187 days) for 100 percent of the school day, in according the definitions of school day in Education Code 25.0 ment contract in Education Code 21.002, and school cation Code 25.081.	ordance wit 82, employ
	19 TAC 153.1022(a)	
Placement on Salary Schedule	The Commissioner's rules determine the experience teacher, librarian, school counselor, or nurse is to be placing the teacher, librarian, school counselor, or nu minimum salary schedule. A district shall credit the te ian, school counselor, or nurse for each year of exper whether or not the years are consecutive. <i>Education</i> <i>21.402(a), .403(c); 19 TAC 153.1022</i>	given crea urse on the eacher, libr erience,
Employees Formerly on Career Ladder	A teacher or librarian who received a career ladder s August 31, 1993, is entitled to at least the same gros ary the teacher or librarian received for the 1994–95 long as the teacher or librarian is employed by the sa	s monthly school ye

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	In ar	ddition, a teacher or librarian who was on level two or three of
	the of the states of the state	career ladder is entitled, as long as he or she is employed by same district, to placement on the minimum salary schedule ording to the guidelines at Education Code 21.403(d). <i>Educa-Code 21.402(f), .403(d)</i>
Pay Increases	to a beer	strict shall not grant any extra compensation, fee, or allowance public officer, agent, servant, or contractor after service has n rendered or a contract entered into and performed in whole part. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 53</i>
Public Hearing— Contract Employees	an a distr be g	strict may not pay an employee or former employee more than mount owed under a contract with the employee unless the ict holds at least one public hearing. Notice of the hearing must iven in accordance with notice of a public meeting under the as Open Meetings Act [see BE].
	The	board must state the following at the public hearing:
	1.	The source and exact amount of the payment;
	2.	The reason the payment is being offered including the public purpose that will be served by making the payment; and
	3.	The terms for distribution of the payment that effect and main- tain the public purpose.
	Loca	al Gov't Code 180.007
Increase in Basic Allotment	basi grea scho incre	ng any school year for which the maximum amount of the c allotment provided under Education Code 48.015(a) or (b) is ater than the maximum amount provided for the preceding bol year, a district must use at least 30 percent of the district's eased funding to provide compensation increases to full-time fict employees other than administrators as follows:
	1.	75 percent must be used to increase the compensation paid to classroom teachers, full-time librarians, full-time school counselors certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Sub- chapter B and full-time school nurses, prioritizing differenti- ated compensation for classroom teachers with more than five years of experience; and
	2.	25 percent may be used as determined by the district to in- crease compensation paid to full-time district employees.
	"Cor	mpensation" includes benefits such as insurance premiums.
	Edu	cation Code 48.051(c), (d)

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Salary Advances and Loans	or th	strict shall not lend its credit or gratuitously nings of value in aid of any individual, assoc Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 52; <u>Brazoria Cour</u> 22d 89 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [1st Dist.]	ciation, or corpora- <u>nty v. Perry</u> , 537
Designation of Compensation for Benefits	to p may to b nate	employee who is covered by a cafeteria plat ay health-care premiums through a premiur elect to designate a portion of the employe e used as health-care supplementation. The ed may not exceed the amount permitted un tion Code 22.103	m conversion plan ee's compensation e amount desig-
Use	care ing t ploy	employee may use the compensation desig e supplementation for any employee benefit the designated amount into a cafeteria plan ee is enrolled or using the designated amo niums through a premium conversion plan. 106	, including deposit- in which the em- unt for health-care
Annual Election	to d as h sam	h school year, an active employee must ele esignate a portion of the employee's compe- ealth-care supplementation. The election m le time that the employee elects to participa l, if applicable. <i>Education Code 22.105</i>	ensation to be used nust be made at the
Definition	sup	purposes of the designation of compensation plementation, "employee" means an active, of the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) w	contributing mem-
	1.	Is employed by a district;	
	2.	Is not a retiree eligible for coverage under Chapter 1575 (retiree group health benefit	
	3.	Is not eligible for coverage by a group insu Insurance Code Chapter 1551 (state emp ance) or Chapter 1601 (state university en surance); and	loyee health insur-
	4.	Is not an individual performing personal se trict as an independent contractor.	ervices for the dis-
	Edu	cation Code 22.101(2)	
TRS Contributions for New Hires	state tions of n	ng each fiscal year, a district shall pay an a e contribution rate, as established by the Ge s Act for the fiscal year, applied to the aggre ew members of the retirement system, durin mployment.	eneral Appropria- egate compensation

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	ber con	w member" means a person first employed on or after Septem- 1, 2005, including a former member who withdrew retirement tributions under Government Code 822.003 and is reemployed or after September 1, 2005.
	On	a monthly basis, a district shall:
	1.	Certify to TRS the total amount of salary paid during the first 90 days of employment of a new member and the total amount of employer payments under this section for the pay- roll periods; and
	2.	Retain information, as determined by TRS, sufficient to allow administration of this section, including information for each employee showing the applicable salary as well as aggregate compensation for the first 90 days of employment for new em- ployees.
	at tl con cluc	strict must remit the amount required under this section to TRS ne same time the district remits the member's contribution. In nputing the amount required to be remitted, a district shall in- de compensation paid to an employee for the entire pay period a contains the 90th calendar day of new employment.
	Goi	/'t Code 825.4041
TRS Surcharge for Rehired Retirees TRS Fund	sha	ing each payroll period for which a retiree is reported, a district Il contribute to the retirement system for each retiree reported amount based on the retiree's salary equal to the sum of:
Contributions	1.	The current contribution amount that would be contributed by the retiree if the retiree were an active, contributing member; and
	2.	The current contribution amount authorized by the General Appropriations Act that the state would contribute for that re- tiree if the retiree were an active, contributing member.
	Go	/'t Code 825.4092(b)
Health Insurance Contributions	enro sha by TRS TRS retin gran ticip the	ddition, each payroll period and for each rehired retiree who is olled in TRS Care (retiree group health insurance), a district Il contribute to the TRS Care trust fund an amount established TRS. In determining the amount to be contributed by the district, S shall consider the amount a retiree is required to pay for the ree and any enrolled dependents to participate in the group pro- m and the full cost of the retiree's and enrolled dependents' par- bation in the group program. If more than one employer reports retiree to TRS during a month, the amount of the required pay- nt shall be prorated among employers.

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Exception	A district is not required to contribute these amounts for a retiree who retired from the retirement system before September 1, 2005		
	Gov't Code 825.4092(c), (e); Insurance Code 1575.204(b)		
Notice Regarding Earned Income Tax Credit	Not later than March 1 of each year, a district shall provide e ees with information regarding general eligibility requiremen the federal earned income tax credit by one of the following	its for	
	1. In person;		
	2. Electronically at the employee's last known email address	ess;	
	3. Through a flyer included, in writing or electronically, as roll stuffer; or	a pay-	
	4. By first class mail to the employee's last known addres	S.	
	A district may not satisfy this requirement solely by posting i mation in the workplace.	nfor-	
	In addition, a district may provide employees with IRS public and forms, or information prepared by the comptroller, relati the earned income tax credit.		
	Labor Code 104.001–.003		
Decreasing Pay	The Commissioner has held that a district may reduce educ compensation if it gives sufficient warning of a possible redu pay when educators can still unilaterally resign from their co A sufficient warning must be both formal enough and specifi enough to give educators a meaningful opportunity to decide whether to continue employment with a district. <u>Brajenovich Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 021-R 1106 (2009)	uction in ontracts. ic e <u>v. Alief</u>	
Widespread Salary Reductions	The following provisions apply only to a widespread reduction the amount of annual salaries paid to classroom teachers in trict based primarily on district financial conditions rather that teacher performance.	ı a dis-	
	For any school year in which a district has reduced the amo the annual salaries paid to classroom teachers from the am- paid for the preceding school year, the district shall reduce t amount of the annual salary paid to each district administrat other professional employee by a percent or fraction of a pe that is equal to the average percent or fraction of a percent which teacher salaries have been reduced.	ount he tor or ercent	

Education Code 21.4032

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	A board may not reduce salaries until the district has complied with the requirements at Education Code 21.4022 [see Salary Reduc-tion/Furlough Process, below]. <i>Education Code 21.4022</i>				
Furlough Program	In accordance with district policy [see DFFA], a board may imple- ment a furlough program and reduce the number of days of service otherwise required under Education Code 21.401 [see DC] by not more than six days of service during a school year if the Commis- sioner certifies that the district will be provided with less state and local funding for that year than was provided to the district for the 2010–11 school year. <i>Education Code 21.4021(a)</i>				
	A board may not implement a furlough program until the district has complied with the requirements at Education Code 21.4022 [see Salary Reduction/Furlough Process, below]. <i>Education Code</i> <i>21.4022</i>				
Funding Levels	Not later than July 1 of each year, the Commissioner shall determine for each district whether the estimated amount of state and local funding per student in weighted average daily attendance to be provided to the district under the Foundation School Program for maintenance and operations for the following school year is less than the amount provided to the district for the 2010–11 school year. If the amount estimated to be provided is less, the Commissioner shall certify the percentage decrease in funding to be provided to the district. <i>Education Code 48.010</i>				
Salaries	Notwithstanding Education Code 21.402 (minimum salary sched- ule), a board may reduce the salary of an employee who is fur- loughed in proportion to the number of days by which service is re- duced. Any reduction in the amount of the annual salary must be equally distributed over the course of the employee's current con- tract with the district.				
Furlough Days	A furlough program must subject all contract personnel to the same number of furlough days. An educator may not be furloughed on a day that is included in the number of days of instruction required under Education Code 25.081 [see EB]. Implementation of a fur- lough program may not result in an increase in the number of re- quired teacher workdays. An educator may not use personal, sick, or any other paid leave while the educator is on a furlough.				
Contract Resignation	If a board adopts a furlough program after the date by which a teacher must give notice of resignation from a probationary, term, or continuing contract [see DFE], an employee who subsequently resigns is not subject to sanctions imposed by SBEC.				

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No Appeal	A decision by a board to implement a furlough program is final and may not be appealed and does not create a cause of action or re- quire collective bargaining.			
	Education Code 21.4021			
Salary Reduction / Furlough Process	A board may not implement a furlough program under Educati Code 21.4021 or reduce salaries until the district has complied the requirements below.			
Employee Involvement	A district must use a process to develop a furlough program or other salary reduction proposal, as applicable, that:			
	1.	Includes the involvement of the district's professional staff; and		
	2.	Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the furlough program or salary reduction proposal, as applicable, at the public meeting described be- low.		
Public Meeting	A board must hold a public meeting at which the board and district administration present:			
	1.	Information regarding the options considered for managing the district's available resources, including consideration of a tax rate increase and use of the district's available fund bal- ance;		
	2.	An explanation of how the district intends, through implemen- tation of a furlough program or salary reductions, as applica- ble, to limit the number of district employees who will be dis- charged or whose contracts will not be renewed. Any explanation of a furlough program must state the specific number of furlough days proposed to be required; and		
	3.	Information regarding the local option residence homestead exemption.		
	The public and district employees must be provided with an oppor- tunity to comment at the public meeting.			

Education Code 21.4022

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COMPENSATION PLAN INCENTIVES AND STIP	ENDS	DEAA (LEGAL)		
Incentive Grants— Contract Provision	A district shall provide in employment contracts that qualifying em- ployees may receive an incentive payment under an awards pro- gram established under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter O (Educator Excellence Award Program and Educator Excellence Innovation Program) if the district participates in the program. A district shall indicate that any incentive payment distributed is con- sidered a payment for performance and not an entitlement as part of an employee's salary. <i>Education Code 21.415</i>			
Educator Excellence Innovation Program	The Educator Excellence Innovation Program (EEIP) is a grant program under which a district may receive a competitive grant for the purposes of systematically transforming educator quality and effectiveness. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) will give priority to districts that receive Title I funding and have at a majority of dis- trict campuses a student enrollment that is at least 50 percent edu- cationally disadvantaged.			
Eligibility	A dis	strict is eligible to apply for EEIP grant funds if the district:		
	1.	Completes and submits a Notice of Intent to Apply to TEA by the date established by the commissioner of education;		
	2.	Complies with all assurances in the Notice of Intent to Apply and grant application;		
	3.	Participates in the required technical assistance activities es- tablished by the commissioner, including establishing leader- ship teams, master teachers, mentor teachers, and instruc- tional coaches and developing career pathways;		
	4.	Agrees to participate for four years; and		
	5.	Complies with any other activities set forth in the program re- quirements.		
	by th lines The	eligible district must submit an application in a form prescribed ne commissioner. Each eligible applicant must meet all dead- s, requirements, and assurances specified in the application. commissioner may waive any eligibility requirements as speci- in 19 Administrative Code 102.1073.		
Local Plan	An eligible district that intends to participate in the EEIP shall sub- mit a local educator excellence innovation plan to TEA. A local edu- cator excellence innovation plan must address the elements at 19 Administrative Code 102.1073(e)(2).			
	(LOO	strict must act pursuant to its local board policy [see DEAA CAL)] for submitting a local educator excellence innovation and grant application to TEA. A local decision to approve and		

	submit a plan and grant application may not be appealed to the commissioner.			
	A district may renew its local educator excellence innovation plan for three consecutive school years without resubmitting a full grant application to TEA. With TEA approval, a district may amend its lo- cal plan in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1073(c) and (h) for each school year the district receives a program grant.			
Use of Grant Funds	A district may use grant funds only to carry out purposes of the pro- gram as described at Education Code 21.7011, in accordance with the district's local plan, which may include the following specific methods or procedures:			
	1.	Implementation and administration of a high-quality mentori program for teachers in the first three years of classroom teaching using mentors who meet the qualifications pre- scribed by Education Code 21.458 [see Mentor Teachers, b low];		
	2.		lementation of a teacher evaluation system using multiple asures that include:	
		a.	The results of classroom observation, which may include student comments;	
		b.	The degree of student educational growth and learning; and	
		C.	The results of teacher self-evaluation;	
	3.	Sub to p	he extent permitted under Education Code Chapter 25, ochapter C, restructuring of the school day or school year rovide for embedded and collaborative learning communi- for the purpose of professional development [see EC];	
	4.	Establishment of an alternative teacher compensation or r tention system; and		
	5.	Implementation of incentives designed to reduce teacher to over.		
Waiver Request	A district may apply to the commissioner in writing for a waiver to exempt the district or one or more district campuses from one or more of the statutory sections listed at Education Code 21.7061(a).			
	The	appl	ication for the waiver must demonstrate:	
	1.		y waiving the identified section of the Education Code is essary to carry out the purposes of the program;	

	2.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the mem- bers of the board;			
	3.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the educa- tors employed at each campus for which the waiver is sought; and			
	4.	Evidence that the voting occurred during the school year and in a manner that ensured that all educators entitled to vote had a reasonable opportunity to participate in the voting.			
	Neither the board nor the superintendent may compel a waiver of rights under Education Code 21.7061.				
	Not later than April 1 of the year in which the waiver application is submitted, the commissioner shall notify the district in writing whether the application has been granted or denied. A waiver ex- pires when the waiver is no longer necessary to carry out the pur- poses of the program, in accordance with the district's local educa- tor excellence innovation plan.				
	Education Code Ch. 21, Subch. O; 19 TAC 102.1073				
Local Optional Teacher Designation System	A district may designate a certified classroom teacher as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher for a five-year period based on the results from single year or multiyear appraisals that comply with Education Code 21.351 or 21.352 [see DNA].				
Standards	The commissioner shall establish performance and validity stand- ards for each local optional teacher designation system that:				
	1.	Must provide a mathematical possibility that all teachers eligi- ble for a designation may earn the designation; and			
	2.	May not require a district to use an assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023 to evaluate teacher performance.			
	A classroom teacher that holds a National Board Certification is- sued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards may be designated as recognized.				
Assistance	TEA shall develop and provide technical assistance for districts that request assistance in implementing a local optional teacher designation system, including assistance in prioritizing high need campuses.				
No Property Right	signe teach	icher has no vested property right in a teacher designation as- ed under a local optional teacher designation system. A ner designation is void in the determination that the designa- was issued improperly, and the Administrative Procedure Act			

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	does not apply to the voiding of a local optional teacher designa tion.			gna-	
Teacher Incentive Allotment	For each classroom teacher with a local optional teacher designa- tion, a school district is entitled to an allotment, adjusted by high needs and rural factors, as determined under Education Code 48.112.				
	A district shall annually certify that:				
	1.	Funds received were used as follows:			
		a.	At least 90 percent was used for the compensation teachers employed at the campus at which the tea for whom the district received the allotment is emp and	acher	
		b.	Any other funds were used for costs associated w plementing the local optional teacher designation tem, including efforts to support teachers in obtain designations; and	sys-	
	2.		district prioritized high needs campuses in the distring funds.	ict in	
Evaluations	TEA shall periodically conduct evaluations of the effectiveness of the local optional teacher designation systems and the teacher in- centive allotment and report the results of the evaluations to the legislature. A school district that has implemented a local optional teacher designation system or received funds under the teacher in- centive allotment shall participate in the evaluations.				
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.3521, 48.112		
Mentor Teachers	A district may assign a mentor teacher to each classroom teacher who has less than two years of teaching experience in the subject or grade level to which the teacher is assigned. A teacher assigned as a mentor must:				
	1.	To t	he extent practicable, teach in the same school;		
	2.		he extent practicable, teach the same subject or gra l, as applicable; and	ade	
	3.	Mee	et the qualifications prescribed by commissioner's ru	ıles.	
Assignment of Mentor	mer beg teac agre	ntor te in not cher t ee to	signed as a mentor, a teacher must agree to serve a eacher for at least one school year. The assignment t later than the 30th day of employment of the class o whom the mentor teacher is assigned. A district m assign a mentor to a new classroom teacher for at I ol years.	must room lust	
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Requirements for Mentor	The	The commissioner's rules must require that a mentor teacher:				
	1.	Complete a research-based mentor and induction training program approved by the commissioner;				
	2.	Complete a training program provided by the district;				
	3.	Have at least three complete years of teaching experience with a superior record of assisting students, as a whole, in achieving improvement in student performance; and				
	4.	Demonstrate interpersonal skills, instructional effectiveness, and leadership skills.				
Training	A district must provide training to mentor teachers and any appro- priate district and campus employees who work with the classroom teacher or supervise the classroom teacher. The training must be completed by the mentor teacher and the district and campus em- ployees before the beginning of the school year. A district shall als provide supplemental training to mentor teachers and employees during the school year. The training must include content related to best mentorship practices.					
Mentoring Sessions	A mentor teacher must meet with each classroom teacher as- signed to the mentor not less than 12 hours each semester. Obser- vations of the mentor by the classroom teacher being mentored or of the classroom teacher being mentored by the mentor may count toward the 12 hours of meeting time required for the semester.					
	Unless the district has created a mentoring curriculum as provided below, the mentoring sessions must address the following topics:					
	1.	Orientation to the context, policies, and practices of the school district;				
	2.	Data-driven instructional practices;				
	3.	Specific instructional coaching cycles, including coaching re- garding conferences between parents and the classroom teacher;				
	4.	Professional development; and				
	5.	Professional expectations.				
	Subject to approval by TEA, in determining the topics to be ad- dressed in the mentoring sessions, a school district may create an appropriate curriculum that meets the district needs.					
	A di	A district must:				

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	1.	Designate a specific time during the regularly contracted school day for meetings between mentor teachers and class-room teachers assigned to a mentor; and			
	2.	Schedule release time or a reduced teaching load for mentor teachers and classroom teachers under this section to facili- tate mentoring activities, including classroom observations or participation in supportive coaching.			
Allotment	A school district that has implemented a mentoring program is enti- tled to an allotment to fund the mentoring program and provide sti- pends for mentor teachers under a formula adopted by the com- missioner.				
	Fun	ding may be used only for providing:			
	1.	Mentor teacher stipends;			
	2.	Scheduled release time for mentor teachers and the class- room teachers to whom they are assigned for meeting and engaging in mentoring activities; and			
	3.	Mentoring support through providers of mentor training.			
	Edu	cation Code 21.458, 48.114; 19 TAC 153.1011			
Achievement Academy Stipends	men not o teac	ipend received by a teacher who attends a literacy achieve- it, mathematics achievement, or a reading-to-learn academy is considered in determining whether a district is paying the ther the minimum monthly salary under Education Code 402. Education Code 21.4552(d), .4553(d), .4554(d)			
	A stipend received by a school counselor or teacher who attends a postsecondary education and career counseling academy under Education Code 33.009 is not considered in determining whether a district is paying the school counselor or teacher the minimum monthly salary under Education Code 21.402. <i>Education Code 33.009(h)</i>				
Autism Training	A district may provide a salary incentive or similar compensation to a teacher who completes training provided by a regional education service center (ESC) relating to autism. A school district that de- cides to provide an incentive or compensation shall adopt a policy to implement this section. <i>Education Code 21.465</i>				
Retirement Incentives	A district may not offer or provide a financial or other incentive to an employee to encourage the employee to retire from the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. <i>Education Code 22.007</i>				

COMPENSATION PLAN INCENTIVES AND STIPENDS DEAA (LEGAL)

Attendance Supplement A district shall not deny an educator a salary bonus or similar compensation given in whole or in part on the basis of educator attendance because of the educator's absence from school for observance of a religious holy day observed by a religion whose places of worship are exempt from property taxation under Tax Code 11.20. *Education Code 21.406*

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COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS FRINGE BENEFITS

Duty Weapon and Badge	On the death of a peace officer employed by a district, the district shall provide, at no cost, the officer's duty weapon, if any, and badge to the officer's designated beneficiary or, if there is no designated beneficiary, to the officer's estate. A district shall provide peace officers with a form on which they may designate their beneficiaries for this purpose. If a district peace officer dies and is to be buried in the person's uniform, the district shall provide the uniform at no cost. <i>Gov't Code 615.102–.103</i>
Survivor Benefits	The following provisions apply to a person employed by a district as a peace officer or in another position listed at Government Code 615.001 and who dies as a result of a personal injury, as defined at Government Code 615.021 and 615.072, sustained in the line of duty.
Notice to ERS	The surviving spouse and children of the deceased employee may be eligible for benefits under Government Code Chapter 615, Sub- chapter B. Not later than the 30th day after the date of the death of a peace officer or other covered employee that occurs in the per- formance of duties in the individual's position or as a result of an action that occurs while the individual is performing those duties, a district shall furnish proof of death to the Employees Retirement System (ERS). A district shall furnish any evidence and information required by ERS regardless of whether the district believes the in- dividual's death satisfies eligibility requirements. If a district fails to furnish proof of death as required, the attorney general may use any means authorized by law, including filing suit for a writ of man- damus against the district, to compel compliance. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>615.041</i>
Continuation of Health Insurance	The surviving spouse and any dependents of the deceased em- ployee may be entitled to purchase or continue health insurance benefits through the district under Government Code Chapter 615, Subchapter D. A district shall provide written notice to an eligible survivor of the survivor's rights not later than the tenth day after the date of the employee's death. Not later than the 150th day after the employee's death, the district shall send a subsequent written no- tice by certified mail to any eligible survivor who has not already elected to purchase or continue coverage on or before that date.
	If an eligible survivor is a minor child, the district shall also provide notice, at the same time, to the child's parent or guardian unless, after reasonable effort, the parent or guardian cannot be located.
	Gov't Code 615.075

Gov't Code 615.075

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS LEAVES AND ABSENCES

	Note:	This policy addresses leaves in general. For provisions regarding the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), including FML for an employee seeking leave because of a relative's military service, see DECA. For provisions addressing leave for an employee's military service, see DECB.			
State Leave State Personal Leave	A district shall provide employees with five days per year of state personal leave, with no limit on accumulation and no restrictions on transfer among districts. A district may provide additional personal leave beyond this minimum.				
	A board may adopt a policy governing an employee's use of state personal leave, except that the policy may not restrict the purposes for which the leave may be used.				
	Educatic	n Code 22.003(a)			
State Sick Leave (Accumulated Prior to 1995)	mum sic	District employees retain any sick leave accumulated as state mini- mum sick leave under former Section 13.904(a) of the Education Code. Accumulated state sick leave shall be used only for the fol- lowing:			
	1. Illne	ess of the employee.			
	2. Illne	ess of a member of the employee's immediate family.			
	3. Far	nily emergency.			
	4. Dea	ath in the employee's immediate family.			
	5. Dur	ing military leave [see Use During Military Leave, below].			
	Acts of the 74th Legislative Session, Senate Bill 1, Sec. 66				
Former Education Service Center Employees	A district shall accept the sick leave accrued by an employee who was formerly employed by a regional education service center (ESC), not to exceed five days per year for each year of employment. <i>Education Code 8.007</i>				
Order of Use	leave ma state per	A board's policy governing an employee's use of state personal leave may not restrict the order in which an employee may use state personal leave and any additional personal leave provided by the school district.			
	state sic any orde	byee who retains any state sick leave is entitled to use the k leave, state personal leave, or local personal leave in r to the extent that the leave the employee uses is appro- the purpose of the leave.			
	Educatic	n Code 22.003(a), (f)			

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COMPENSATION AND BENEFITSDECLEAVES AND ABSENCES(LEGAL)					
Use During Military Leave	An employee with available personal leave is entitled to use the leave for compensation during a term of active military service. "Personal leave" includes personal or sick leave available under former law or provided by local policy. <i>Education Code 22.003(d), (e)</i> [See DECB]				
Temporary Disability	Each full-time educator shall be given a leave of absence for tem- porary disability at any time the educator's condition interferes with the performance of regular duties. The contract or employment of the educator may not be terminated while the educator is on a leave of absence for temporary disability. For purposes of tempo- rary disability leave, pregnancy is considered a temporary disabil- ity.				
At Employee's Request	A request for a leave of absence for temporary disability must be made to a superintendent. The request must:				
	 Be accompanied by a physician's statement confirming inat ity to work; 	oil-			
	2. State the date requested by the educator for the leave to begin; and				
	3. State the probable date of return as certified by the physicia	ın.			
By Board Authority	A board may adopt a policy providing for placing an educator on leave of absence for temporary disability if, in the board's judgment in consultation with a physician who has performed a thorough medical examination of the educator, the educator's condition inter- feres with the performance of regular duties. The educator shall have the right to present to the board testimony or other infor- mation relevant to the educator's fitness to continue in the perfor- mance of regular duties. [See DBB]				
Return to Active Duty <i>Notice</i>	The educator shall notify the superintendent of a desire to return to active duty no later than the 30th day before the expected date of return. The notice must be accompanied by a physician's statement indicating the educator's physical fitness for the resumption of regular duties.				
Placement					

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS DEC					
LEAVES AND ABSENCES (LEGA					
	employee at the school at which the employee formerly taught or was assigned.				
Length of Absence	A superintendent shall grant the length of leave of absence for tem- porary disability as required by the individual educator. A board may establish a maximum length for a leave of absence for tempo- rary disability, but the maximum length may not be less than 180 calendar days.				
	Education Code 21.409; Atty. Gen. Op. DM-177 (1992); Atty. Gen. Op. H-352 (1974)				
Sick Leave Different from Temporary Disability Leave	An employee's entitlement to sick leave is unaffected by any con- current eligibility for a leave of absence for temporary disability. The two types of leave are different, and each must be granted by its own terms. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. H-352 (1974)</i>				
Assault Leave	In addition to all other days of leave, a district employee who is physically assaulted during the performance of regular duties is e titled to the number of days of leave necessary to recuperate fror physical injuries sustained as a result of the assault. The leave shall be paid as set forth below at Coordination with Workers' Co pensation Benefits.				
	A district employee is physically assaulted if the person engaging in the conduct causing injury to the employee:				
	1. Could be prosecuted for assault; or				
	2. Could not be prosecuted for assault only because the per- son's age or mental capacity makes the person a nonrespon- sible person for purposes of criminal liability.				
Notice of Rights	Any informational handbook a district provides to employees in an electronic or paper form or makes available by posting on the district's website must include notification of an employee's rights regarding assault leave, in the relevant section of the handbook. Any form used by a district through which an employee may request personal leave must include assault leave as an option.				
Assignment to Assault Leave					

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS
LEAVES AND ABSENCES

Coordination with Workers' Compensation Benefits	Notwithstanding any other law, assault leave benefits due to an employee shall be coordinated with temporary income benefits due from workers' compensation so the employee's total compensation from temporary income benefits and assault leave benefits will equal 100 percent of the employee's weekly rate of pay.		
	Education	Code 22.003(b)–(c-1)	
Religious Observances	be absent and practi conduct o less applie 2(a); <u>Anso</u> <u>ker v. Join</u>	shall reasonably accommodate an employee's request to from duty in order to participate in religious observances ices, so long as it does not cause undue hardship on the f district business. Such absence shall be without pay un- cable paid leave is available. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(j), 2000e-</i> onia Bd. of Educ. v. Philbrook, 479 U.S. 60, (1986); <u>Pins-</u> on <u>Dist. No. 28J of Adams and Arapahoe Counties</u> , 735 (10th Cir. 1984)	
Compliance with a Subpoena	An employer may not discharge, discipline, or penalize in any man- ner an employee because the employee complies with a valid sub- poena to appear in a civil, criminal, legislative, or administrative proceeding. <i>Labor Code 52.051(a)</i>		
	Note:	A Texas federal court held that by omitting any reference to governmental entities from Labor Code 52.051, the state legislature intended to exclude governmental enti- ties from the definition of "employer" contained within that section. Therefore, the statute did not waive a county's governmental immunity from liability for claims of retaliatory discharge of an employee for complying with a subpoena. <u>Alcala v. Texas Webb County</u> , 620 F. Supp. 2d 795 (S.D. Tex. 2009)	
Jury Duty	because of	yee's accumulated personal leave may not be reduced of the employee's service in compliance with a summons as a juror [see DG]. <i>Education Code 22.006</i>	
Attendance at Truancy Hearing	ployee be	nay not terminate the employment of a permanent em- cause the employee is required under Family Code to attend a truancy court hearing. <i>Family Code 65.063</i>	
Developmental Leaves of Absence	search, tra a position	hay grant a developmental leave of absence for study, re- avel, or other suitable purpose to an employee working in requiring a permanent teaching certificate who has a district at least five consecutive school years.	
	year at on	mental leave of absence may be granted for one school ne-half salary or for one-half of a school year at full salary e employee in the same manner, on the same schedule,	

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS LEAVES AND ABSENCES

	and with duty.	the same deductions as if the employee were on full-time			
	ber of th employe holding	An employee on developmental leave shall continue to be a mem- ber of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and shall be an employee of a district for purposes of participating in programs, holding memberships, and receiving benefits afforded by employ- ment in a district.			
	Educatio	on Code 21.452			
Leave for Sick Foster Child		oyer commits an unlawful employment practice under La- e, Chapter 21 if:			
	plo	e employer administers a leave policy under which an em- yee is entitled to personal leave to care for or otherwise sist the employee's sick child; and			
	plo	e leave policy does not treat in the same manner as an em- yee's biological or adopted minor child any foster child of employee who:			
	a.	Resides in the same household as the employee; and			
	b.	Is under the conservatorship of the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services.			
	Labor C	ode 21.0595			
Absence Control	Uniform enforcement of a reasonable absence-control rule is not retaliatory discharge. For example, a district that terminates an employee for violating a reasonable absence-control provision cannot be liable for retaliatory discharge as long as the rule is uniformly enforced. <i>Howell v. Standard Motor Prods., Inc., 2001 U.S. Dist LEXIS 12332 (N. D. Tex. 2001) (Family and Medical Leave Act case); Specialty Retailers v. DeMoranville, 933 S.W.2d 490 (Tex. 1996) (age discrimination case); Continental Coffee Products Co. <u>v. Cazarez</u>, 937 S.W.2d 444 (Tex. 1996) (workers' compensation claim); Gonzalez v. El Paso Natural Gas Co., 40 F.E.P. Cases (BNA) 353 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1986, no pet.) (sex discrimination case)</i>				
	[Some e	mployees may have protected status even after the expira-			

[Some employees may have protected status even after the expiration of all other leave. See DAA.]

	Note	9:	For a detailed treatment of termination and nonrenewal of educator contracts, see policies DFAA and DFAB (Probationary Contracts), DFBA and DFBB (Term Con- tracts), and DFCA (Continuing Contracts).
Withholding Information	to wi char cont	ithho ge oi racts	pt by any district employee to encourage or coerce a child Id information from the child's parent is grounds for dis- r suspension under Education Code 21.104 (probationary), 21.156 (continuing contracts), and 21.211 (term con- ducation Code 26.008(b)
Registry of Persons Not Eligible for Employment	othe servi listeo	r cha ices a d on i	district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, arter entity, regional education service center, or shared arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person TEA's registry of persons who are not eligible to be em- See DC] <i>Education Code 22.092</i>
Discharge of Convicted Employees	A district shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applican for employment if the district obtains information through a crimina history record information (CHRI) review that the employee or ap- plicant has been:		
	1.	sup	victed of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- ler under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or
	2.	Con	victed of:
		a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or
		b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.
Exception	However, a district is not required to discharge an employee if person committed an offense under Title 5, Penal Code, and:		· · · · ·
	1.		date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and
	2.		employee satisfied all terms of the court order entered on viction.
Certification to Commissioner			ool year, a superintendent shall certify to the commis- at the district has complied with the above provisions.
Sanctions			e Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may impose a on an educator who does not discharge an employee if
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	the educator knew that the employee had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor in accordance with Education Code 21.009(e), or knew or should have known, through a CHRI review, that the employee has been convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication community supervi- sion for an offense described above.				
	inac plie	curat	ay impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely or ely certified to the commissioner that the district had com- Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Commis- pove]		
Termination for Failure to Disclose	A district may discharge an employee if the district obtains information of the employee's conviction of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude that the employee did not disclose to SBEC or the district. An employee so discharged is considered to have been discharged for misconduct for purposes of Labor Code 207.044 (unemployment compensation).				
	<i>Education Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14)</i> [See DBAA for Refusal to Hire Convicted Applicants]				
Certain Offenses Against Students Mandatory Termination	If a district receives notice that SBEC has revoked the certi a person based on conviction of or placement on deferred cation community supervision for an offense for which the p required to register as a sex offender under Code of Crimin cedure, Chapter 62, or a conviction of a felony under Pena Title 5 if the victim of the offense was under 18 years of age time the offense was committed, the district shall:				
	1.	revo plica	ediately remove the person whose certificate has been ked from campus or from an administrative office, as ap- able, to prevent the person from having any contact with a ent; and		
	2.		e person is employed under a probationary, continuing, or a contract, with the approval of the board or its designee:		
		a.	Suspend the person without pay;		
		b.	Provide the person with written notice that the person's contract is void [see Notice to Employee, below]; and		
		C.	Terminate the employment of the person as soon as practicable.		
	Education Code 21.058(a), (c)				
Discretionary Termination	If a district becomes aware that a person employed by the district under a probationary, continuing, or term contract has been con- victed of or received deferred adjudication for a felony offense, and				
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	the person is not subject to the mandatory termination provision above, the district may, with the approval of the board or its de- signee:			
	1.	Suspend the person without pay;		
	2.	Provide the person with written notice that the person's con- tract is void [see Notice to Employee, below]; and		
	3.	Terminate the employment of the person as soon as practica- ble.		
	Edu	cation Code 21.058(c-1)		
Notice to Employee	the ten min	A person's probationary, continuing, or term contract is void if, with the approval of the board or its designee, the district provides written notice to the person, under the mandatory or discretionary termination provisions above, that the person's contract is void. <i>Education Code</i> $21.058(c-2)$		
No Appeal	Action taken by a district under the mandatory or discretionary ter- minations provisions above is not subject to appeal under Educa- tion Code Chapter 21 and the notice and hearing requirements of Chapter 21 do not apply to the action. <i>Education Code 21.058(e)</i>			
Invalid or Expired Certification	An employee's probationary, term, or continuing contract is void if the employee:			
	1.	Does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued by SBEC;		
	2.	Fails to fulfill the requirements necessary to renew or extend the employee's temporary, probationary, or emergency certifi- cate or any other certificate or permit issued under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or		
	3.	Fails to comply with any requirement under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C [criminal history review, see DBAA], if the failure results in suspension or revocation of the employee's certificate.		
	Education Code 21.0031(a)			
	A ce	ertificate or permit is not considered to have expired if:		
	1.	The employee has completed the requirements for renewal of the certificate or permit;		
	2.	The employee submitted the request for renewal before the expiration date; and		

	3.	The date the certificate or permit would have expired is before the date SBEC takes action to approve the renewal of the cer- tificate or permit.			
	Education Code 21.0031(f)				
District's Options	If a district has knowledge that an employee's contract is void un- der Education Code 21.0031(a), the district may:				
	1.	Terminate the employee;			
	2.	Suspend the employee with or without pay; or			
	3.	Retain the employee for the remainder of the school year on an at-will employment basis in a position that does not require a contract under Education Code 21.002, at the employee's existing rate of pay or at a reduced rate.			
		e employee is not entitled to the minimum salary prescribed by a cation Code 21.402.			
	Education Code 21.0031(b)				
Exception	A district may not terminate or suspend an employee under 21.0031(b) because of the employee's lack of a valid certificate or permit, or failure to renew or extend a certificate or permit, if:				
	1.	The employee requests an extension from SBEC to renew, extend, or otherwise validate the employee's certificate or permit; and			
	2.	Not later than the tenth day after the date the contract is void, the employee takes necessary measures to renew, extend, or otherwise validate the employee's certificate or permit, as de- termined by SBEC.			
	Edu	ication Code 21.0031(b-1)			
No Appeal or Chapter 21 Hearing	A school district's decision under Education Code 21.0031(b) is not subject to appeal under Education Code Chapter 21, and the no- tice and hearing requirements of that chapter do not apply to the decision. <i>Education Code 21.0031</i>				
Applicability	These void contract provisions do not affect the rights and reme- dies of a party in an at-will employment relationship and do not ap- ply to a certified teacher assigned to teach a subject for which the teacher is not certified. <i>Education Code 21.0031; <u>Nunez v. Simms</u></i> , <i>341 F.3d 385 (5th Cir. 2003)</i>				
Report to SBEC		uperintendent shall report the educator's termination to SBEC if conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DHB]			

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Report to Superintendent	A principal shall report the educator's termination to the superinten- dent if the conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DP]
Falsification of Military Record	A district may discharge an employee, regardless of whether the employee is employed under an employment contract, if the district determines, based on a reasonable factual basis, that the em- ployee, in obtaining the employee's employment or any benefit re- lating to the employee's employment, falsified or otherwise misrep- resented any information regarding the employee's military record in a manner that would constitute an offense under Penal Code 32.54.
	An employment contract entered into by a district with an employee discharged by the employer under Labor Code Chapter 105 is void and unenforceable as against public policy. [See DF series]

Labor Code Ch. 105

REDUCTION IN FORCE FINANCIAL EXIGENCY DFFA (LOCAL)

Plan to Reduce Personnel Costs	If the Superintendent determines that there is a need to reduce personnel costs, the Superintendent shall develop, in consultation with the Board as necessary, a plan for reducing costs that may in- clude one or more of the following:					
	•	Salary reductions [see DEA];				
	•	Furloughs [see DEA];				
	•	Reductions in force of contract personnel due to financial exi- gency, if the District meets the standard for declaring a finan- cial exigency as defined by the commissioner [see CEA and provisions at Reduction in Force Due to Financial Exigency, below];				
	•	Reductions in force of contract personnel due to program change [see DFFB]; or				
	•	Other means of reducing personnel costs.				
	son	A plan to reduce personnel costs may include the reduction of per sonnel employed pursuant to employment arrangements not cov- ered at Applicability, below.				
	•	See DCD for the termination at any time of at-will employ- ment.				
	•	See DFAB for the termination of a probationary contract at the end of the contract period.				
	•	See DFCA for the termination of a continuing contract, if appli- cable.				
	•	See DCE for the termination at the end of the contract period of a contract not governed by Chapter 21 of the Education Code.				
Reduction in Force Due to Financial		The following provisions shall apply when a reduction in force due to financial exigency requires:				
Exigency Applicability	1.	The nonrenewal or termination of a term contract;				
Αμριισασιιτγ	2.	The termination of a probationary contract during the contract period; or				
	3.	The termination of a contract not governed by Chapter 21 of the Education Code during the contract period.				
Definitions	Def	initions used in this policy are as follows:				
	1.	"Nonrenewal" shall mean the termination of a term contract at the end of the contract period.				

Denton ISD 061901 **REDUCTION IN FORCE** DFFA FINANCIAL EXIGENCY (LOCAL) 2. "Discharge" shall mean termination of a contract during the contract period. General Grounds A reduction in force may take place when the Superintendent recommends and the Board adopts a resolution declaring a financial exigency. [See CEA] A determination of financial exigency constitutes sufficient reason for nonrenewal or sufficient cause for discharge. **Employment Areas** When a reduction in force is to be implemented, the Superintendent shall recommend the employment areas to be affected. Employment areas may include, for example: 1. Elementary grades, levels, subjects, departments, or programs. 2. Secondary grades, levels, subjects, departments, or programs, including career and technical education subjects. 3. Special programs, such as gifted and talented, bilingual/ESL programs, special education and related services, compensatory education, or migrant education. 4. Disciplinary alternative education programs (DAEPs) and other discipline management programs. 5. Counseling programs. 6. Library programs. 7. Nursing and other health services programs. 8. An educational support program that does not provide direct instruction to students. 9. Other District-wide programs. 10. An individual campus. 11. Any administrative position, unit, or department. 12. Programs funded by state or federal grants or other dedicated funding. 13. Other contractual positions. The Superintendent's recommendation may address whether any employment areas should be: 1. Combined or adjusted (e.g., "elementary programs" and "compensatory education programs" can be combined to identify an employment area of "elementary compensatory education programs"); and/or

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REDUCTION IN FORCE FINANCIAL EXIGENCY		DFFA (LOCAL)
	2.	Applied on a District-wide or campus-wide basis (e.g., "the counseling program at [named elementary campus]").
	The	Board shall determine the employment areas to be affected.
Criteria for Decision	ees will r ploy and the o ject tions	Superintendent shall apply the following criteria to the employ- within an affected employment area when a reduction in force not result in the nonrenewal or discharge of all staff in the em- ment area. The criteria are listed in the order of importance shall be applied sequentially to the extent necessary to identify employees who least satisfy the criteria and therefore are sub- to the reduction in force. For example, if all necessary reduc- s can be accomplished by applying the first criterion, it is not essary to apply the second criterion, and so forth.
	1.	Qualifications for Current or Projected Assignment: Certifica- tion, multiple or composite certifications, bilingual certification, licensure, endorsement, and/or specialized or advanced con- tent-specific training or skills for the current or projected as- signment.
	2.	Performance: Effectiveness, as reflected by the most recent formal appraisal and, if available, consecutive formal apprais- als from more than one year [see DNA] and any other written evaluative information, including disciplinary information, from the last 36 months. If the Superintendent at his or her discre- tion decides that the documented performance differences between two or more employees are too insubstantial to rely upon, he or she may proceed to apply the remaining criteria in the order listed below.
	3.	Extra Duties: Currently performing an extra-duty assignment, such as department or grade-level chair, band director, ath- letic coach, or activity sponsor.
	4.	Professional Background: Professional education and work experience related to the current or projected assignment.
	5.	Seniority: Length of service in the District, as measured from the employee's most recent date of hire.
Superintendent Recommendation	or d	Superintendent shall recommend to the Board the nonrenewal ischarge of the identified employees within the affected em- ment areas.
Board Vote	Boa	r considering the Superintendent's recommendations, the rd shall determine the employees to be proposed for nonre- al or discharge, as appropriate.

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REDUCTION IN FORCE FINANCIAL EXIGENCY	Ξ	DFFA (LOCAL)			
	ees	e Board votes to propose nonrenewal of one or more employ- , the Board shall specify the manner of hearing in accordance n DFBB(LOCAL).			
	the by a	e Board votes to propose discharge of one or more employees, Board shall determine whether the hearing will be conducted a TEA-appointed hearing examiner [see DFD] or will be a local ring under Education Code 21.207 [see DFBB].			
Notice	the	e Superintendent shall provide each employee written notice of proposed nonrenewal or discharge, as applicable. The notice II include:			
	1.	The proposed action, as applicable;			
	2.	A statement of the reason for the proposed action; and			
	3.	Notice that the employee is entitled to a hearing of the type determined by the Board.			
Consideration for Available Positions	An employee who has received notice of proposed nonrenewal or discharge may apply for available positions for which he or she wishes to be considered. The employee is responsible for review- ing posted vacancies, submitting an application, and otherwise complying with District procedures.				
	tion	e employee meets the District's objective criteria for the posi- and is the most qualified internal applicant, the District shall of- the employee the position until:			
	1.	Final action by the Board to end the employee's contract, if the employee does not request a hearing.			
	2.	The evidentiary hearing by the independent hearing examiner, the Board, or other person designated in DFBB(LOCAL), if the employee requests a hearing.			
Hearing Request Nonrenewal: Term Contract		employee receiving notice of proposed nonrenewal of a term tract may request a hearing in accordance with DFBB.			
Discharge: Chapter 21 Contract	An employee receiving notice of proposed discharge from a con- tract governed by Chapter 21 of the Education Code may request a hearing. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with DFD or the nonrenewal hearing process in DFBB, as determined by the Board and specified in the notice of proposed discharge.				
Discharge: Non-Chapter 21 Contract	riod Edu	employee receiving notice of proposed discharge during the pe- of an employment contract not governed by Chapter 21 of the acation Code may request a hearing before the Board or its de- nee in accordance with DCE.			
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REDUCTION IN FORCE FINANCIAL EXIGENCY DFFA (LOCAL)

Final Action	If the employee requests a hearing, the Board shall take final ac-			
Hearing Requested	tion after the hearing in accordance with DCE, DFBB, or DFD, as applicable, and shall notify the employee in writing.			
No Hearing Requested	If the employee does not request a hearing, the Board shall take fi- nal action in accordance with DCE, DFBB, or DFD, as applicable, and shall notify the employee in writing.			

Denton ISD 061901		
EMPLOYEE RIGHTS A		DG LEGAL)
Employee Free Speech	District employees do not shed their constitutional rights to f dom of speech or expression at the schoolhouse gate.	ree-
	However, neither an employee nor anyone else has an abso constitutional right to use all parts of a school building or its diate environs for unlimited expressive purposes. When a p employee makes statements pursuant to his or her official d the employee is not speaking as a citizen for First Amendme poses, and the Constitution does not insulate the communic from employer discipline.	imme- ublic luties, ent pur-
	<u>Garcetti v. Ceballos</u> , 547 U.S. 410 (2006); <u>Tinker v. Des Mo</u> <u>dep. Cmty. Sch. Dist.</u> , 393 U.S. 503 (1969) [See also GKD]	<u>ines In-</u>
Whistleblower Protection	A board or its agents shall not suspend or terminate the em ment of, or take other adverse personnel action against, an ployee who in good faith reports a violation of law by a distri another public employee to an appropriate law enforcement thority.	em- ict or
	A "report" is made to an "appropriate law enforcement author the authority is a part of a state or local governmental entity federal government that the employee in good faith believes thorized to:	or the
	 Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violate the report; or 	∍d in
	2. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law.	
	Gov't Code 554.002	
	A supervisor who suspends or terminates the employment of takes an adverse personnel action against an employee for ing a violation of law shall be subject to civil penalties. <i>Gov'a</i> 554.008	report-
Definitions	"Employee" means an employee or appointed officer who is perform services for a district. It does not include independe tractors. <i>Gov't Code 554.001(4)</i>	•
	"Law" means a state or federal statute, an ordinance of a loo ernmental entity, or a rule adopted under a statute or ordina <i>Gov't Code 554.001(1)</i>	•
	A "good faith" belief that a violation of the law occurred mea	ns that:
	1. The employee believed that the conduct reported was tion of law; and	a viola-
	 The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the er ployee's training and experience. 	n-
	<u>Wichita County v. Hart</u> , 917 S.W.2d 779 (Tex. 1996)	
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	-	A "good faith" belief that a law enforcement authority is an appro- priate one means:		
	1.	The ized	employee believed the governmental entity was author- to:	
		a.	Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report, or	
		b.	Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law; and	
	2.		employee's belief was reasonable in light of the em- ree's training and experience.	
	<u>Tex</u>	Dep	<u>'t of Transp. v. Needham</u> , 82 S.W.3d 314 (Tex. 2002)	
Whistleblower Complaints	may and	/ sue attor	oyee who alleges a violation of whistleblower protection a district for injunctive relief, actual damages, court costs, ney's fees, as well as other relief specified in Government 4.003. <i>Gov't Code 554.003</i>	
Initiate Grievance	grie	vance	uing, an employee must initiate action under a district's e policy or other applicable policies concerning suspen- rmination of employment or adverse personnel action.	
	late sion	r than , tern	loyee must invoke a district's grievance procedure not the 90th day after the date on which the alleged suspen- nination, or other adverse employment action occurred or overed by the employee through reasonable diligence.	
Legal Action			l does not render a final decision before the 61st day after e procedures are initiated, the employee may elect to:	
	1.	emp thos	aust a district's grievance procedures, in which case the ployee must sue not later than the 30th day after the date se procedures are exhausted to obtain relief under Gov- nent Code Chapter 554; or	
	2.	time	ninate district grievance procedures and sue within the lines established by Government Code 554.005 and .006.	
		<i>v"t Coo</i> ures]	de 554.005, 554.006 [See DGBA regarding grievance pro-	
Burden of Proof	proo tion of la son	of unle occu aw, in nel ac	ployee brings a lawsuit, the employee has the burden of ess the suspension, termination, or adverse personnel ac- rred within 90 days after the employee reported a violation which case the suspension, termination, or adverse per- ction is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be because the e made the report.	

Affirmative Defense	wou basi den	ild hav is of ti ce tha	firmative defense to a whistleblower suit that the district ve taken the action against the employee that forms the he suit based solely on information, observation, or evi- at is not related to the fact that the employee made a re- acted under the whistleblower law.		
	Gov	vit Coo	de 554.004		
Notice of Rights	blov wor	A board shall inform its employees of their rights regarding whistle- blower protection by posting a sign in a prominent location in the workplace. The design and content of the sign shall be as pre- scribed by the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code 554.009</i>			
Right to Report a Crime	A district employee may report a crime witnessed at the school to any peace officer with authority to investigate the crime. A district may not adopt a policy requiring a school employee to refrain from reporting a crime witnessed at the school or to report a crime witnessed at the school only to certain persons or peace officers. <i>Education Code 37.148</i>				
Protection for Reporting Child Abuse	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, dis- criminate against, or take other adverse employment action against a professional employee who in good faith:				
	1.	Rep	orts child abuse or neglect to:		
		a.	The person's supervisor,		
		b.	An administrator of the facility where the person is employed,		
		C.	A state regulatory agency, or		
		d.	A law enforcement agency; or		
	2.	a go	ates or cooperates with an investigation or proceeding by overnmental entity relating to an allegation of child abuse eglect.		
	"Adverse employment action" means an action that affects an em- ployee 's compensation, promotion, transfer, work assignment, or performance evaluation, or any other employment action that would dissuade a reasonable employee from making or supporting a report of abuse or neglect under Family Code 261.101.				
	A person may sue for injunctive relief, damages, or both if the person is suspended or terminated from the person's employment; in discriminated against; or suffers any other adverse employment tion.				

	at V	strict employee who has a cause of action under the provisions /histleblower Protection, above, may not bring an action under rection for Reporting Child Abuse.		
	Fan	nily Code 261.110		
Protection from Disciplinary Proceedings	mea min	purposes of the following provisions, "disciplinary proceeding" ans discharge or suspension of a professional employee, or ter- ation or nonrenewal of a professional employee's term contract. e DGC regarding immunity] <i>Education Code 22.0512(b)</i>		
Reporting Child Abuse or Maltreatment	ing Coc	strict employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- resulting from an action taken in compliance with Education le 38.0041 [prevention of child abuse and other maltreatment, FFG]. <i>Education Code 38.0041(g)</i>		
Use of Physical Force	cee to th not pun sior ing	A professional employee may not be subject to disciplinary pro- ceedings for the employee's use of physical force against a student to the extent justified under Penal Code 9.62. This provision does not prohibit a district from enforcing a policy relating to corporal punishment or bringing a disciplinary proceeding against a profes- sional employee of the district who violates the district policy relat- ing to corporal punishment. <i>Education Code 22.0512(a); Tex. Att'y</i> <i>Gen. Op. GA-0202 (2004)</i>		
		al Code 9.62 provides that the use of force, other than deadly e, against a person is justified:		
	1.	If the actor is entrusted with the care, supervision, or admin- istration of the person for a special purpose; and		
	2.	When and to the degree the actor reasonably believes the force is necessary to further the special purpose or to main-tain discipline in a group.		
	Pen	al Code 9.62		
Failure to Follow Scope and Sequence	A district may not penalize a teacher who does not follow a recom- mended or designated scope and sequence for a subject in the re- quired curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level based on the teacher's determination that the teacher's students need more or less time in a specific area to demonstrate proficiency in the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see EHAA].			
	con cier	strict may take appropriate action with respect to a teacher for duct described above based on documented evidence of a defi- icy in classroom instruction obtained through observation or stantiated and documented third-party information.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0027(b), (c)		

Instructional Materials and Technological Equipment	A board may not require an employee who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equipment that is dam- aged, stolen, misplaced, or not returned. An employee may not waive this provision by contract or any other means.
Exception	A district may enter into a written agreement with an employee whereby the employee assumes financial responsibility for elec- tronic instructional material or technological equipment usage off school property or outside of a school-sponsored event in consid- eration for the ability of the employee to use the electronic instruc- tional material or technological equipment for personal business.
	The written agreement shall be separate from the employee's con- tract of employment, if applicable, and shall clearly inform the em- ployee of the amount of the financial responsibility and advise the employee to consider obtaining appropriate insurance. An em- ployee may not be required to enter into such an agreement as a condition of employment.
	Education Code 31.104(e); 19 TAC 66.107(c)
Jury Duty	A district may not discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or coerce any permanent employee because the employee serves as a juror or grand juror, or for the employee's attendance or scheduled attendance in connection with the service, in any court in the United States. An employee who is discharged, threatened with discharge, intimidated, or coerced is entitled to return to the same employment that the employee held when summoned for jury or grand jury service if the employee, as soon as practical after release from jury or grand jury service, gives the employer actual notice that the employee intends to return. <i>Civ. Prac. and Rem. Code 122.001</i>
	A district may not discharge, discipline, reduce the salary of, or oth- erwise penalize or discriminate against a school district employee because of the employee's compliance with a summons to appear as a juror. For each regularly scheduled workday on which a nonsalaried employee serves in any phase of jury service, a school district shall pay the employee the employee's normal daily com- pensation [see DEC]. <i>Education Code 22.006</i>
Breaks for Nursing Mothers— Nonexempt Employees	A district shall provide a nonexempt employee a reasonable break to express breast milk, each time the employee needs to express breast milk for her nursing child, for one year after the child's birth. The district shall provide a place, other than a bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public, which may be used by an employee to express breast milk.

	A district is not required to compensate the employee receiving reasonable break time for any work time spent for such purpose.			
	A district that employs fewer than 50 employees is not subject to these requirements if the requirements would impose an undue hardship by causing the district significant difficulty or expense when considered in relation to the size, financial resources, nature, or structure of the district.			
	29 U.S.C. 207(r)			
Right to Express Breast Milk	A district employee is entitled to express breast milk at the employ- ee's workplace. <i>Gov't Code 619.002</i>			
	The district shall develop a written policy on the expression of breast milk by employees under Government Code Chapter 619. The policy must state that the district shall support the practice of expressing breast milk and make reasonable accommodations for the needs of employees who express breast milk.			
	A district shall provide a reasonable amount of break time for an employee to express breast milk each time the employee has need to express the milk. The district shall provide a place, other than a multiple user bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from in- trusion from other employees and the public where the employee can express breast milk.			
	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- erwise discriminate against, an employee because the employee has asserted the employee's rights under Government Code Chap- ter 619. Government Code Chapter 619 does not create a private or state cause of action against a district.			
	Gov't Code Ch. 619			
Charitable Contributions	A board or a district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to:			
	 Make a contribution to a charitable organization or in re- sponse to a fund-raiser; or 			
	2. Attend a meeting called for the purpose of soliciting charitable contributions.			
	A board or district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to refrain from the same acts.			
	Education Code 22.011			
Protection of Nurses	A district may not suspend, terminate, or otherwise discipline or discriminate against a nurse who refuses to engage in an act or omission relating to patient care that:			
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- 1. Would constitute grounds for reporting the nurse to the Board of Nurse Examiners under Occupations Code Chapter 301, Subchapter I;
- 2. Constitutes a minor incident, as defined at Occupations Code 301.419; or
- 3. Would violate Occupations Code Chapter 301 or a rule of the Board of Nurse Examiners, if the nurse notifies the district at the time of the refusal that this is the reason for refusing to engage in the act or omission.

Occupations Code 301.352(a)

Educator Ethics	Educators shall comply with standard practices and ethical con toward students, professional colleagues, school officials, pare and members of the community and shall safeguard academic freedom.				
	the a of et forci	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall provide for adoption, amendment, and enforcement of an educator's code thics [see DH(EXHIBIT)]. SBEC is solely responsible for en- ng the ethics code for purposes related to certification discipli- proceedings.			
	Education Code 21.041(b)(8); 19 TAC 247.1(b), (c)				
Public Servants	Title mini hono	istrict employees are "public servants" and therefore subject to VIII of the Penal Code, regarding offenses against public ad- stration, including restrictions on the acceptance of illegal gifts, praria and expenses, and abuse of office. <i>Penal Code</i> $Y(a)(41)$, <i>Title VIII</i> [See DBD and BBFA]			
Electronic Communication Policy	"Electronic communication" means any communication facilitated by the use of any electronic device, including a telephone, cellular telephone, computer, computer network, personal data assistant, or pager. The term includes emails, text messages, instant mes- sages, and any communications made through a website, including a social media website or a social networking website.				
	A school district shall adopt a written policy concerning electronic communications between a school employee and a student en- rolled in the district.				
	The policy adopted under this section must:				
	1.	Include provisions designed to prevent improper electronic communications between a school employee and a student;			
	2.	Allow a school employee to elect to not disclose to students the employee's personal telephone number or email address; and			
	3.	Include provisions instructing a school employee about the proper method for notifying appropriate local administrators about an incident in which a student engages in improper communications with the school employee.			
	Education Code 38.027				
Public Information on Private Device		rrent or former board member or employee of a district who ntains public information on a privately owned device shall:			

	1.	Forward or transfer the public information to the district or a district server to be preserved as provided by Government Code 552.004(a); or				
	2.	Preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the privately owned device for the time de- scribed under 552.004(a).				
	Goi	/'t Code 552.004(b) [See GB]				
Loss of Retirement Annuity for Conviction of Certain Felonies	A person is not eligible to receive a service retirement annuity from the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) if the person is convicted of a qualifying felony and the victim is a student.					
		"Qualifying felony" means an offense that is punishable as a felony under the following sections of the Penal Code:				
	1.	Section 21.02 (continuous sexual abuse of young child or chil- dren);				
	2.	Section 21.12 (improper relationship between educator and student); or				
	3.	Section 22.011 (sexual assault) or Section 22.021 (aggra- vated sexual assault).				
	The term includes any federal offense that contains elements that are substantially similar to the elements of a felony offense de- scribed above.					
	Not later than the 30th day after the date of a person's conviction for a qualifying felony, the school at which the person was em- ployed shall provide written notice of the conviction to TRS. The notice must comply with rules adopted by TRS.					
	Goi	Gov't Code 824.009				
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	A district may not prohibit a school employee who holds a license to carry a handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Sub- chapter H, from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammunition in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the district and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.					
	han	This does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a handgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 37.125 or Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035, or other law. [See GKA]				
	Edı	ication Code 37.0815				

Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off school property.			
Enforcement		A board shall ensure that district personnel enforce the policies on school property.		
	Edu	icatio	n Code 38.006(b) [See also FNCD and GKA]	
Drug and Alcohol Abuse Program	late	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i>		
Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act		A district that receives a direct federal grant must agree to pro a drug-free workplace by:		
	1.	mar a co and	lishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful nufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of ontrolled substance is prohibited in the district's workplace specifying the actions that will be taken against employ- for violations of the prohibition;	
	2.		ablishing a drug-free awareness program to inform em- /ees about:	
		a.	The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;	
		b.	The district's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;	
		C.	Available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and	
		d.	The penalties that may be imposed on employees for drug abuse violations;	
	3.	the	king it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in performance of the grant be given a copy of the required ement;	
	4.		ifying the employee in the required statement that as a dition of employment in the grant the employee will:	
		a.	Abide by the terms of the statement; and	
		b.	Notify the district of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than 5 days after the conviction;	
	5.	noti	ifying the granting agency within 10 days after receiving ce from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice conviction;	

	6.	Imposing a sanction on, or requiring the satisfactory participa- tion in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program by, any employee who is convicted, as required by 41 U.S.C. section 8104; and	
	7.	Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of the above requirements.	
	41	U.S.C. 8103(a)(1)	
Dietary Supplements	Except as provided at Education Code 38.011(b), a district em- ployee may not:		
	1.	Knowingly sell, market, or distribute a dietary supplement that contains performance-enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's duties; or	
	2.	Knowingly endorse or suggest the ingestion, intranasal appli- cation, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains per- formance-enhancing compounds by a primary or secondary student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's duties.	
		employee who violates items 1 or 2, above, commits a Class C demeanor offense.	
	Edι	ication Code 38.011	
Low-THC Cannabis	reso TH(strict may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, olution, or other regulation that prohibits the possession of low- C cannabis, as authorized by Health and Safety Code Chapter . <i>Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>	

	ance ards	n District employee shall perform his or her duties in accord- e with state and federal law, District policy, and ethical stand- . The District holds all employees accountable to the Educa- Code of Ethics. [See DH(EXHIBIT)]	
	stud nity a	n District employee shall recognize and respect the rights of ents, parents, other employees, and members of the commu- and shall work cooperatively with others to serve the best inter- of the District.	
		employee wishing to express concern, complaints, or criticism I do so through appropriate channels. [See DGBA]	
Violations of Standards of Conduct	in th lines his c regu clain Distr	n employee shall comply with the standards of conduct set out is policy and with any other policies, regulations, and guide- a that impose duties, requirements, or standards attendant to or her status as a District employee. Violation of any policies, ilations, or guidelines, including intentionally making a false n, offering a false statement, or refusing to cooperate with a rict investigation, may result in disciplinary action, including ter- ation of employment. [See DCD and DF series]	
Weapons Prohibited	The District prohibits the use, possession, or display of any firearm, location-restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon, as defined at FNCG, on District property at all times.		
Exceptions	No violation of this policy occurs when:		
	1.	Use or possession of a firearm by a specific employee is au- thorized by Board action. [See CKE]	
	2.	A District employee who holds a Texas handgun license stores a handgun or other firearm in a locked vehicle in a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the District, provided the handgun or other firearm is not in plain view; or	
	3.	The use, possession, or display of an otherwise prohibited weapon takes place as part of a District-approved activity su- pervised by proper authorities. [See FOD]	
Electronic Communication Use with Students	A certified employee, licensed employee, or any other emp designated in writing by the Superintendent or a campus p may use electronic communication, as this term is defined with currently enrolled students only about matters within th of the employee's professional responsibilities.		
		ess an exception has been made in accordance with the em- ee handbook or other administrative regulations, an employee	

	shall not use a personal electronic communication platform, appli- cation, or account to communicate with currently enrolled students.		
	Unless authorized above, all other employees are prohibited fr using electronic communication directly with students who are rently enrolled in the District. The employee handbook or other ministrative regulations shall further detail:		
	1.	Exceptions for family and social relationships;	
	2.	The circumstances under which an employee may use text messaging to communicate with individual students or student groups;	
	3.	Hours of the day during which electronic communication is discouraged or prohibited; and	
	4.	Other matters deemed appropriate by the Superintendent or designee.	
	In accordance with ethical standards applicable to all District ployees [see DH(EXHIBIT)], an employee shall be prohibited using electronic communications in a manner that constitutes hibited harassment or abuse of a District student; adversely a the student's learning, mental health, or safety; includes thre violence against the student; reveals confidential information the student; or constitutes an inappropriate communication w student, as described in the Educators' Code of Ethics.		
	com the the	employee shall have no expectation of privacy in electronic imunications with students. Each employee shall comply with District's requirements for records retention and destruction to extent those requirements apply to electronic communication. e CPC]	
Personal Use	their cond state ploy ploy	employees shall be held to the same professional standards in r public use of electronic communication as for any other public duct. If an employee's use of electronic communication violates e or federal law or District policy, or interferes with the em- ree's ability to effectively perform his or her job duties, the em- ree is subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termina- of employment.	
Reporting Improper Communication	notif	ccordance with administrative regulations, an employee shall fy his or her supervisor when a student engages in improper tronic communication with the employee.	
Disclosing Personal Information		employee shall not be required to disclose his or her personal ail address or personal phone number to a student.	

Safety Requirements	Each employee shall adhere to District safety rules and regulations and shall report unsafe conditions or practices to the appropriate supervisor.		
Harassment or Abuse	An employee shall not engage in prohibited harassment, including sexual harassment, of:		
	1.	Other employees. [See DIA]	
	2.	Students. [See FFH; see FFG regarding child abuse and ne- glect.]	
	While acting in the course of employment, an employee shall not engage in prohibited harassment, including sexual harassment, of other persons, including Board members, vendors, contractors, volunteers, or parents.		
		mployee shall report child abuse or neglect as required by law. FFG]	
Relationships with Students	An employee shall not form romantic or other inappropriate social relationships with students. Any sexual relationship between a student and a District employee is always prohibited, even if consensual. [See FFH]		
	with	equired by law, the District shall notify the parent of a student whom an educator is alleged to have engaged in certain mis- uct. [See FFF]	
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	An employee shall not smoke or use tobacco products or e-ciga- rettes on District property, in District vehicles, or at school-related activities. [See also GKA]		
Alcohol and Drugs / Notice of Drug-Free Workplace	As a condition of employment, an employee shall abide by the terms of the following drug-free workplace provisions. An employee shall notify the Superintendent in writing if the employee is con- victed for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace in accordance with Arrests, Indictments, Convictions, and Other Adjudications, below.		
	An employee shall not manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess, use, or be under the influence of any of the following substances during working hours while on District property or at school-related activities during or outside of usual working hours:		
		Any controlled substance or dangerous drug as defined by law, including but not limited to marijuana, any narcotic drug, hallucinogen, stimulant, depressant, amphetamine, or barbitu- rate.	
	2.	Alcohol or any alcoholic beverage.	

	3.	Any abusable glue, aerosol paint, or any other chemical sub- stance for inhalation.
	4.	Any other intoxicant or mood-changing, mind-altering, or be- havior-altering drug.
		employee need not be legally intoxicated to be considered "un- the influence" of a controlled substance.
Exceptions	lt sł	nall not be considered a violation of this policy if the employee:
	1.	Manufactures, possesses, or dispenses a substance listed above as part of the employee's job responsibilities;
	2.	Uses or possesses a controlled substance or drug authorized by a licensed physician prescribed for the employee's per- sonal use; or
	3.	Possesses a controlled substance or drug that a licensed physician has prescribed for the employee's child or other in- dividual for whom the employee is a legal guardian.
Sanctions		employee who violates these drug-free workplace provisions Il be subject to disciplinary sanctions. Sanctions may include:
	1.	Referral to drug and alcohol counseling or rehabilitation pro- grams;
	2.	Referral to employee assistance programs;
	3.	Termination from employment with the District; and
	4.	Referral to appropriate law enforcement officials for prosecu- tion.
Notice	Em	ployees shall receive a copy of this policy.
Arrests, Indictments, Convictions, and Other Adjudications	sor adju mea fens	employee shall notify his or her principal or immediate supervi- within three calendar days of any arrest, indictment, deferred udication, conviction, no contest or guilty plea for a misde- anor or felony, or other adjudication of the employee for any of- se involving moral turpitude, and any of the other offenses as in- ated below:
	1.	Crimes involving school property or funds;
	2.	Crimes involving attempt by fraudulent or unauthorized means to obtain or alter any certificate or permit that would entitle any person to hold or obtain a position as an educator;
	3.	Crimes that occur wholly or in part on school property or at a school-sponsored activity; or

- 4. Crimes involving moral turpitude, which include:
 - Dishonesty, fraud, deceit, theft, or misrepresentation;
 - Deliberate violence;
 - Base, vile, or depraved acts that are intended to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of the actor;
 - Felony possession or conspiracy to possess, or any misdemeanor or felony transfer, sale, distribution, or conspiracy to transfer, sell, or distribute any controlled substance defined in Chapter 481 of the Health and Safety Code;
 - Felony driving while intoxicated (DWI); or
 - Acts constituting abuse or neglect under the Texas Family Code.
- **Dress and Grooming** An employee's dress and grooming shall be clean, neat, in a manner appropriate for his or her assignment, and in accordance with any additional standards established by his or her supervisor and approved by the Superintendent.

	Note	e: This policy applies to a district of innovation under Edu- cation Code, Chapter 12A. [See AF]
Permissive Reports	catio in go Code teste	superintendent may notify the State Board for Educator Certifi- on (SBEC) of any educator misconduct that he or she believes bod faith may be subject to sanctions under 19 Administrative e, Chapter 249, Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Con- ed Cases, and/or Chapter 247, Educators' Code of Ethics. <i>19</i> 7 249.14(d)
Required Reports	A su	perintendent shall notify SBEC if:
	1.	An educator employed by or seeking employment with the district, or an applicant or holder of an SBEC certificate, has a criminal record and the district obtained information about the educator's criminal record by a means other than the criminal history clearinghouse established by the Texas Department of Public Safety under Government Code 411.0845;
	2.	An educator's employment at the district was terminated and there is evidence that the educator engaged in misconduct listed below [see Reportable Misconduct, below];
	3.	The educator submitted a notice of resignation and there is evidence that the educator engaged in misconduct listed be- low [see Reportable Misconduct, below]; or
	4.	The educator engaged in conduct that violated the assess- ment instrument security procedures established under Edu- cation Code 39.0301.
	Edu	cation Code 21.006, 22.087; 19 TAC 249.14(d)
Reportable Misconduct	3, at	perintendent shall make a report to SBEC under items 2 and pove, if an educator was terminated or resigned and there is ence that the educator:
	1.	Sexually or physically abused a student or minor or engaged in any other illegal conduct with a student or minor;
	2.	Possessed, transferred, sold, or distributed a controlled sub- stance, as defined by Health and Safety Code Chapter 481 or by 21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.;
	3.	Illegally transferred, appropriated, or expended school prop- erty or funds;
	4.	Attempted by fraudulent or unauthorized means to obtain or alter any certificate or permit that would entitle the individual

		to be employed in a position requiring such certificate or per- mit or to receive additional compensation associated with a position;
	5.	Committed a crime, any part of such crime having occurred on school property or at a school-sponsored event; or
	6.	Solicited or engaged in sexual conduct or a romantic relation- ship with a student or minor.
	Edu	ıcation Code 21.006(b); 19 TAC 249.14(d)
Investigation	A superintendent shall complete an investigation of an educator that involves evidence that the educator may have engaged in mis- conduct described above at Reportable Misconduct, items 1 and 6, despite the educator's resignation from employment before com- pletion of the investigation. <i>Education Code 21.006(b-1); 19 TAC 249.14(d)(3)(C)</i>	
Deadline to Report	repo rece circ	e superintendent shall promptly notify SBEC in writing by filing a ort within seven business days after the date the superintendent eives a report from a principal [see DP(LEGAL)] or knew of the umstances described above. <i>Education Code 21.006(c); 19</i> C 249.14(d) [See Required Reports, above]
Contents of Report	The report must be in writing and in a form prescribed by SBEC and may be filed through a confidential and secure internet portal developed and maintained by SBEC. The report shall include the name or names of any student or minor who is the victim of abuse or unlawful conduct by an educator and the factual circumstances requiring the report and the subject of the report by providing the following available information:	
	1.	Name and any aliases;
	2.	Certificate number, if any, or social security number;
	3.	Last known mailing address and home and daytime phone numbers;
	4.	All available contact information for any alleged victim or vic- tims;
	5.	Name or names and any available contact information of any relevant witnesses to the circumstances requiring the report;
	6.	Current employment status of the subject, including any infor- mation about proposed termination, notice of resignation, or pending employment actions; and

	7. Involvement by a law enforcement or other agency, including the name of the agency.			
	Education Code 21.006(c-1); 19 TAC 249.14(f)			
	The name of the student or minor is not public information under the Public Information Act. [See GBAA] <i>Education Code 21.006(h)</i>			
Notice To the Board and Educator	A superintendent shall notify the board and the educator of the fil- ing of a written report with SBEC. The superintendent shall notify the board before filing the report. <i>Education Code</i> 21.006(d); 19 <i>TAC</i> 249.14(d)(3)(B)			
Before Accepting Resignation	Before accepting an employee's resignation that requires filing a report, the superintendent shall inform the educator in writing that a report will be filed and that sanctions against his or her certificate may result as a consequence. 19 TAC 249.14(d)(3)(A)	а		
Exception to Notice Requirements	A superintendent is not required to notify SBEC or file a report with the board if, before the educator's termination or resignation, the superintendent:	ì		
	1. Completes an investigation into an alleged incident of miscon duct for:	1-		
	a. Abuse or unlawful act with a student or minor; or			
	 Involvement in a romantic relationship with or solicitation or engagement in sexual contact with a student or minor and 			
	2. Determines the educator did not engage in the alleged inci- dent of misconduct.			
	Education Code 21.006(c-2)			
Policy to Notify Parents	The board shall adopt a policy under which notice is provided to the parent or guardian of a student with whom an educator is al- leged to have abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor. [See FFF] <i>Education Code 21.0061</i>			
Sanctions for Failure to Report	SBEC shall determine whether to impose sanctions, including an administrative penalty against a superintendent who fails to file a report. <i>Education Code 21.006(f); 19 TAC 249.14(d), (h), .15(b)(4)</i>)		
Administrative Penalty	If a superintendent is required to file a report and fails to file the report by the required date, SBEC may impose an administrative penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than \$10,000. SBEC may not renew the certification of an educator against whom an administrative penalty is imposed until the penalty is paid. <i>Education Code 21.006(i)</i>	-		

Denton ISD 061901				
EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCTDHBREPORTS TO STATE BOARD FOR EDUCATOR CERTIFICATION(LEGAL)				
Criminal Offense	if th inte	A superintendent required to file a report commits a state jail felony if the superintendent fails to file the report by the required date with intent to conceal an educator's criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct. <i>Education Code 21.006(j)</i>		
Immunity	an o anc nal crin	uperintendent or principal who, in good faith and while acting in official capacity, files a report with SBEC or communicates with other superintendent or principal concerning an educator's crimi- record or alleged incident of misconduct is immune from civil or ninal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed. <i>Edu- tion Code 21.006(e)</i>		
Definitions	"Ab	use" includes the following acts or omissions:		
Abuse	1.	Mental or emotional injury to a student or minor that results in an observable and material impairment in the student's or mi- nor's development, learning, or psychological functioning;		
	2.	Causing or permitting a student or minor to be in a situation in which the student or minor sustains a mental or emotional in- jury that results in an observable and material impairment in the student's or minor's development, learning, or psychologi- cal functioning;		
	3.	Physical injury that results in substantial harm to a student or minor, or the genuine threat of substantial harm from physical injury to the student or minor, including an injury that is at vari- ance with the history or explanation given and excluding an accident or reasonable discipline; or		
	4.	Sexual conduct harmful to a student's or minor's mental, emo- tional, or physical welfare.		
	19	TAC 249.3(1)		
Reported Criminal History	mal cluo vict	ported criminal history" means information concerning any for- criminal justice system charges and dispositions. The term in- des arrests, detentions, indictments, criminal informations, con- ions, deferred adjudications, and probations in any state or eral jurisdiction. <i>19 TAC 249.3(44)</i>		
Solicitation of a Romantic Relationship	pea by a nati emo doe aris	licitation of a romantic relationship" means deliberate or re- ted acts that can be reasonably interpreted as the solicitation an educator of a relationship with a student that is romantic in ure. A romantic relationship is often characterized by a strong otional or sexual attachment and/or patterns of exclusivity, but as not include appropriate educator-student relationships that be out of legitimate contexts such as familial connections or gtime acquaintance. The following acts, considered in context,		

may constitute prima facie evidence of the solicitation by an educator of a romantic relationship with a student:

- Behavior, gestures, expressions, or communications with a student that are unrelated to the educator's job duties and evidence a romantic intent or interest in the student, including statements of love, affection, or attraction. Factors that may be considered in determining the romantic intent of such communications or behavior include:
 - a. The nature of the communications;
 - b. The timing of the communications;
 - c. The extent of the communications;
 - d. Whether the communications were made openly or secretly;
 - e. The extent that the educator attempts to conceal the communications;
 - f. If the educator claims to be counseling a student, SBEC may consider whether the educator's job duties included counseling, whether the educator reported the subject of the counseling to the student's guardians or to the appropriate school personnel, or, in the case of alleged abuse or neglect, whether the educator reported the abuse or neglect to the appropriate authorities; and
 - g. Any other evidence tending to show the context of the communications between educator and student.
- 2. Making inappropriate comments about a student's body, creating or transmitting sexually suggestive photographs or images, or encouraging the student to transmit sexually suggestive photographs or images.
- 3. Making sexually demeaning comments to a student.
- 4. Making comments about a student's potential sexual performance.
- 5. Requesting details of a student's sexual history.
- 6. Requesting a date, sexual contact, or any activity intended for the sexual gratification of the educator.
- 7. Engaging in conversations regarding the sexual problems, preferences, or fantasies of either party.
- 8. Inappropriate hugging, kissing, or excessive touching.

- 9. Providing the student with drugs or alcohol.
- 10. Violating written directives from school administrators regarding the educator's behavior toward a student.
- 11. Suggestions that a romantic relationship is desired after the student graduates, including post-graduation plans for dating or marriage.
- 12. Any other acts tending to show that the educator solicited a romantic relationship with the student.

19 TAC 249.3(51)

EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT REPORTS TO TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

	Note:	The provisions of this policy apply to a district of innova- tion under Education Code, Chapter 12A. [See AF]
Misconduct of Noncertified Employees	not ho	ation Code 22.093 applies to a district employee who does old certification issued by the State Board for Educator Certifi- (SBEC) or a school district teaching permit.
Notice to TEA of Termination or Resignation	an em	erintendent shall notify the Texas Education Agency (TEA) if apployee was terminated or resigned and there is evidence the employee:
		Abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor; or
		Was involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- gaged in sexual contact with a student or minor.
Investigation	that in misco	erintendent shall complete an investigation of an employee volves evidence that the employee may have engaged in nduct described above, despite the employee's resignation employment before completion of the investigation.
Principal Notification	enth b	cipal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- pusiness day after the date of an employee's termination or nation following an alleged incident of misconduct described e.
Deadline to Report	the se ceives nation	erintendent must notify TEA by filing a report not later than eventh business day after the date the superintendent re- s a report from a principal or knew about an employee's termi- of employment or resignation following an alleged incident conduct described above.
Form of Report	missic victim cludeo	eport must be in writing and in a form prescribed by the com- oner of education. The name of a student or minor who is the of abuse or unlawful conduct by an employee must be in- d in the report, but the name of the student or minor is not information under the Public Information Act (PIA).
Notice to the Board and Employee	•	erintendent shall notify the board and the employee of the fil- the report.
Immunity	an off	erintendent or principal who in good faith and while acting in icial capacity files a report or makes a notification is immune civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or im- l.
Sanctions for Failure to Report	to SB	ommissioner shall refer an educator who fails to file a report EC, who will determine whether to impose sanctions against lucator.
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EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT REPORTS TO TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Criminal Offense	A superintendent commits an offense if the superintendent fails to timely file the report with intent to conceal an employee's criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct.		
	A principal commits an offense if the principal fails to timely provide notice with intent to conceal an employee's alleged incident of mis- conduct.		
	An offense under Education Code 22.093(k) is a state jail felony.		
Review of District Records	The commissioner may review district records to ensure compli- ance with the requirement to report misconduct.		
	Education Code 22.093		

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Staff Development Educator	The staff development provided by a district to an educator other than a principal must be conducted in accordance with standards developed by the district and designed to improve education in the district.		
Principal	The staff development provided by a district to a principal shall be governed by Education Code 21.3541 and rules adopted under that section. [See DNB]		
	Education Code 21.451(a), (a-1)		
Training Specifics— Educators	Staff development shall be predominantly campus-based, related to achieving campus performance objectives, and developed and approved by the campus-level committee.		
	A district may use district-wide staff development that has been de- veloped and approved through the district-level decision process. [See BQA and BQB, as appropriate]		
	Staff development may include:		
	 Training in technology, conflict resolution, and discipline strat- egies, including classroom management, district discipline policies, and the Student Code of Conduct; 		
	Training in preventing, identifying, responding to, and report- ing incidents of bullying;		
	3. Digital learning; and		
	 Instruction as to what is permissible under law, including opin- ions of the United States Supreme Court, regarding prayer in public school. 		
	The digital learning training must discuss basic technology profi- ciency expectations and methods to increase an educator's digital literacy; and assist an educator in the use of digital technology in learning activities that improve teaching, assessment, and instruc- tional practices.		
	Education Code 21.451(b)–(d), (d-3), (g)		
Students with Disabilities	Staff development must include training that is evidence-based, as defined by Section 8101, Every Student Succeeds Act (20 USC 7801), that relates to the instruction of students with disabilities and is designed for educators who work primarily outside the area of special education.		
	A district is required to provide such training only if the educator does not possess the knowledge and skills necessary to implement		

	ceiv	individualized education program developed for a student re- ing instruction from the educator. A district may determine the and place at which the training is delivered.			
	pers with prof dist	In developing or maintaining such training, a district must consult persons with expertise in research-based practices for students with disabilities, including colleges, universities, private and non- profit organizations, regional education service centers, qualified district personnel, and any other persons identified as qualified by the district.			
	Education Code 21.451(d)(2), (e)–(f)				
Suicide Prevention	Staff development must include suicide prevention training that must be provided to all new district educators on an annual basis, as part of a new employee orientation and to existing district edu- cators on the following schedule adopted by Texas Education Agency (TEA) rule:				
	1.	All districts shall provide the training to all new educators as a part of new employee orientation during the 2016–17 school year.			
	2.	Each subsequent school year, districts shall provide the train- ing to all new educators as a part of new employee orienta- tion.			
	3.	Districts shall provide the training to all currently employed educators on or by September 30, 2016.			
	The suicide prevention training must use a best practice-based program recommended by the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) in coordination with TEA. The training may be satisfied through independent review of suicide prevention training material that complies with guidelines developed by TEA and is of- fered online.				
	by a the bes	cide prevention training that was provided to existing educators district on or after September 1, 2013, may be used to meet requirements if the training program is on the recommended t practice-based list, or is an online program that meets the TEA lelines for independent review.			
		ricts shall maintain records that include the name of each edu- or who participated in the training.			
	Edu	cation Code 21.451(d)(3)–(d-2); 19 TAC 153.1013			
Staff Development Account		strict that receives resources from the commissioner of educa- 's staff development account must pay to the commissioner for			

deposit in the account an amount equal to one-half of the cost of the resources provided to the district. *Education Code 21.453(c)*

Mental Health Support Programs The Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS), in coordination with TEA and regional education service centers (ESCs), shall provide and annually update a list of recommended best practice-based programs and research-based practices in the areas specified below for implementation in public elementary, junior high, middle, and high schools within the general education setting. Each school district may select from the list a program or programs appropriate for implementation in the district:

- 1. Early mental health intervention;
- 2. Mental health promotion;
- Building skills related to managing emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decisionmaking;
- 4. Substance abuse prevention and intervention;
- 5. Suicide prevention;
- 6. Grief-informed and trauma-informed practices;
- 7. Positive behavior interventions and supports and positive youth development; and
- 8. Safe, supportive, and positive school climate.

"School climate" means the quality and character of school life, including interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning practices, and organizational structures, as experienced by students enrolled in the district, parents of those students, and personnel employed by the district.

The programs on the list must include components that provide for training counselors, teachers, nurses, administrators, and other staff, as well as law enforcement officers and social workers who regularly interact with students, to:

- 1. Recognize students at risk of committing suicide, including students who are or may be the victims of or who engage in bullying;
- Recognize students displaying early warning signs and a possible need for early mental health or substance abuse intervention, which warning signs may include declining academic performance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others; and

DMA (LEGAL)

	3. Intervene effectively with students described above by provid- ing notice and referral to a parent or guardian so appropriate action, such as seeking mental health or substance abuse services, may be taken by a parent or guardian.			
Required Training	A district shall provide training described in components 1–3, above, for teachers, counselors, principals, and all other appropri- ate personnel. The district may use a program from the DSHS list above to satisfy the training requirements. [See Mental Health Sup- port Programs, above]			
	A district is required to provide the training at an elementary school campus only to the extent that sufficient funding and programs are available. A school district may implement a program on the list described at Health and Safety Code 161.325 to satisfy the training requirements. [See FFB]			
	If a district provides the training, a district employee must partici- pate in the training at least one time, and the district shall maintain records that include the name of each district employee who partic- ipated in the training.			
	Health and Safety Code 161.325			
Child Abuse, Sex Trafficking, and Maltreatment	A district's methods for increasing awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children [see BQ, district improvement plan, and FFG] must include training concerning prevention techniques for and recognition of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and all other maltreatment of children, in- cluding the sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children with significant cognitive disabilities.			
	The training must be provided as part of employee orientation to all new employees and to existing district employees on a schedule adopted by TEA until all district employees have taken the training. The training may be included in staff development under Education Code 21.451.			
	The training shall address:			
	 Factors indicating a child is at risk for sexual abuse, sex traf- ficking, or other maltreatment; 			
	2. Likely warning signs indicating a child may be a victim of sex- ual abuse, sex trafficking, or other maltreatment;			
	3. Internal procedures for seeking assistance for a child who is at risk for sexual abuse, sex trafficking, or other maltreatment, including referral to a school counselor, a social worker, or an- other mental health professional;			

	4.	Techniques for reducing a child's risk of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, or other maltreatment; and
	5.	Community organizations that have relevant existing re- search-based programs and that are able to provide training or other education for district employees, students, and par- ents.
		strict shall maintain records of the training that include the ne of each employee who participated.
	sou	district determines that the district does not have sufficient re- rces to provide the required training, the district shall work with ommunity organization to provide the training at no cost to the rict.
	Edu	cation Code 38.0041(c)–(f)
Trauma-Informed Care	trau	strict's efforts to increase awareness and implementation of ma-informed care must include training to new and existing bloyees. [See BQ, FFBA] <i>Education Code 38.036(c)</i>
Student Discipline	stuc tenc Cha cluc age tion	th principal or other appropriate administrator who oversees dent discipline shall, at least once every three school years, at- d professional development training regarding Education Code opter 37, Subchapter G. The professional development shall in- le training relating to the distinction between a discipline man- ment technique used at the principal's discretion under Educa- Code 37.002(a) and the discretionary authority of a teacher to ove a disruptive student under Education Code 37.002(b) [see A].
	nati lear	professional development training may be provided in coordi- on with an education service center through the use of distance ning methods, such as telecommunications networks, and us- available TEA resources.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0181
Test Administration Procedures	ceiv skill mer	strict shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- re training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary s and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- nts in a valid, standardized, and secure manner. <i>19 TAC</i> .3031(c)
Cybersecurity Training	pute proę	ployees identified by the district with access to a district com- er system or database must complete a cybersecurity training gram selected by the board. [See CQB] <i>Gov't Code</i> 4.5191(a-1)

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Special Programs Training	A teacher shall attend a Texas adolescent literacy academy under 19 Administrative Code 102.1101 if:				
Texas Adolescent Literacy Academies	ref sta	e teacher teaches at a campus that receives a rating that lects unacceptable performance and that fails to meet the te system safeguard performance target in reading for one more student groups; and			
	or	e teacher teaches in general education, special education, English as a second language for students in grade 6, 7, or and:			
	a.	The teacher is a certified, full-time English language arts and reading teacher who instructs English language arts and/or reading for at least 50 percent of the teacher's in- structional duties; or			
	b.	The teacher is a certified, full-time content area teacher who instructs mathematics, science, and/or social stud- ies for at least 50 percent of the teacher's instructional duties.			
	A teacher described above is required to complete the training not later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the rating that reflects unacceptable performance is assigned.				
	A teacher who is required to attend an academy is eligible for a teacher stipend upon completion of face-to-face training if funds have been appropriated and are available for that purpose. A teacher who completes online training is not eligible for a stipend.				
	The stipend shall not be considered in determining whether a dis- trict is paying the teacher the state minimum monthly salary [see DEA and DEAA].				
	Each school district with teachers required to attend and complete Texas adolescent reading academies must maintain records to ver- ify teacher attendance and completion in accordance with the dis- trict's record retention policy.				
	Education Code 21.4551(c), (e); 19 TAC 102.1101				
Teacher Literacy	A distric	t shall ensure that:			
Achievement Academies	tea ea or	t later than the 2021–22 school year, each classroom acher in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade and ch principal at a campus with kindergarten or first, second, third grade has attended a teacher literacy achievement ademy developed under Education Code 21.4552; and			

PROFESSIONAL DEVE REQUIRED STAFF DEV			DMA (LEGAL)	
	2.	Each classroom teacher and each principal initially e in a grade level or at a campus described above for 22 school year or a subsequent school year has atte teacher literacy achievement academy developed un cation Code 21.4552 before the teacher's or principal year of placement in that grade level or campus.	the 2021– ended a nder Edu-	
	Edu	Education Code 28.0062(a)(2)		
	[See	e EHAB for kindergarten–grade 3 reading standards]		
Gifted and Talented	A di	strict shall ensure that:		
Education	1.	Before assignment to the program for gifted students ers who provide instruction and services that are par program have a minimum of 30 hours of staff develo that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented stu sessment of student needs, and curriculum and inst gifted students.	rt of the opment dents, as-	
	2.	Teachers without the required training who provide in and services that are part of the gifted/talented prog plete the 30-hour training requirement within one services	ram com-	
	3.	Teachers who provide instruction and services that a a program for gifted students receive a minimum of annually of professional development in gifted educa	six hours	
	4.	Administrators and counselors who have authority for gram decisions have a minimum of six hours of profi- development that includes nature and needs of gifter students and program options.	essional	
	19	TAC 89.2		
Elective Bible Course	28.0 site whe mus ope	acher of an elective Bible course offered under Educa 011 [see EMI] must hold a minimum of a High School Certification in language arts, social studies, or histor are practical, a minor in religious or biblical studies. The st successfully complete the staff development training d by the commissioner with respect to Bible elective of cration Code 28.011(f)	Compo- y with, le teacher g devel-	
Automated External Defibrillators	teer nary	strict shall annually make available to employees and s instruction in the principles and techniques of cardic resuscitation and the use of an automated external of AED).	opulmo-	
		instruction provided in the use of AEDs must meet guapproved AED training under Health and Safety Code		

	Each school nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach or spon- sor, physical education instructor, marching band director, cheer- leading coach, and any other employee specified by the commis- sioner, and each student who serves as an athletic trainer, must:			
	1.	Participate in the instruction; and		
	2.	Receive and maintain certification in the use of an AED from the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a similar nationally recognized association.		
	Edu	ucation Code 22.902		
Extracurricular Activity Safety		e following persons must satisfactorily complete an extracurricu- activity safety training program:		
Training	1.	A coach or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity;		
	2.	A trainer, unless the trainer has completed the educational re- quirements for licensure as a licensed athletic trainer set forth at 22 Administrative Code 871.7 and the continuing education requirements at 22 Administrative Code 871.12;		
	3.	A physician who is employed by a district or who volunteers to assist with an extracurricular athletic activity, unless the physi- cian attends a continuing medical education course that spe- cifically addresses emergency medicine; and		
	4.	A director responsible for a school marching band.		
	The training must be conducted by the University Interscholastic League (UIL) or by another organization as determined by the UIL.			
	Education Code 33.202(b), (e), (f); 19 TAC 76.1003			
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person employed by or volun- teering for the district who is required to receive safety training.			
	A campus that is determined by a superintendent to be out of com- pliance with the safety training requirements shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the UIL.			
	Education Code 33.206; 19 TAC 76.1003(e)			
Steroids	A district shall require that each employee who serves as an ath- letic coach at or above the seventh grade level for an extracurricular athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL complete:			
	1.	The educational program developed by the UIL regarding the health effects of steroids; or		
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	2.	A comparable program developed by the district or a private entity with relevant expertise.		
	Education Code 33.091(c-1)			
Concussions	At least once every two years, the following employees shall take a training course from an authorized provider in the subject matter of concussions:			
	1.	A coach of an interscholastic athletic activity shall take a course approved by the UIL.		
	2.	An athletic trainer who serves as a member of a district's con- cussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) or a course approved for continuing education credit by the licens- ing authority for athletic trainers.		
	3.	A school nurse or licensed health-care professional, other than an athletic trainer, who serves as a member of a district's concussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the UIL, TDLR, or the appropriate licensing authority for the profession.		
	The employee must submit proof of timely completion of an ap- proved course to the superintendent or designee. A school nurse or licensed health-care professional who is not in compliance with these training requirements may not serve on a concussion over- sight team in any capacity. [See FM]			
	Edu	cation Code 38.158		
Seizure Recognition and Related First Aid	A school nurse employed by a district must complete a TEA-ap- proved online course of instruction for school nurses regarding managing students with seizure disorders that includes information about seizure recognition and related first aid.			
	scho appi ing a	strict employee, other than a school nurse, whose duties at the pol include regular contact with students must complete a TEA- roved online course of instruction for school personnel regard- awareness of students with seizure disorders that includes in- nation about seizure recognition and related first aid.		
	Edu	cation Code 38.033(a), (b)		
	-	e FFAF for information about a seizure management and treat- it plan.]		

Denton ISD 061901

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL EVALUATION OF TEACHERS

	Note:	The Board has adopted an <u>innovation plan¹ that affects</u> application of provisions in this legally referenced policy.	_
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Denton ISD 061901		
PERFORMANCE APPRAISALDNAEVALUATION OF TEACHERS(LEGAL)		
Teacher Appraisal	The employment policies adopted by the board must require a writ- ten evaluation of each teacher at annual or more frequent intervals.	
	A teacher appraisal must be done at least once for each school year. A teacher may be appraised less frequently if the teacher agrees in writing and the teacher's most recent evaluation rated the teacher as at least proficient, or the equivalent, and did not identify any area of deficiency. A teacher who is appraised less fre- quently than annually must be appraised at least once during each period of five school years.	
	Education Code 21.203, .352(c)	
Interim Evaluations and Guidance	In addition to conducting a complete appraisal as frequently as re- quired by Education Code 21.352(c), a district shall require that ap- propriate components of the appraisal process, such as classroom observations and walk-throughs, occur more frequently as neces- sary to ensure that a teacher receives adequate evaluation and guidance. A district shall give priority to conducting appropriate components more frequently for inexperienced teachers or experi- enced teachers with identified areas of deficiency. <i>Education Code</i> 21.352(c-1)	
Required Components	The statutorily required components of teacher appraisal are de- fined as follows:	
	1. The implementation of discipline management procedures is the teacher's pedagogical practices that produce student en- gagement and establish the learning environment.	
	2. The performance of teachers' students is how the individual teacher's students progress academically in response to the teacher's pedagogical practice as measured at the individual teacher level by one or more student growth measures.	
	19 TAC 150.1001(f)	
Notice and Use of Evaluations	A district shall use a teacher's consecutive appraisals from more than one year, if available, in making employment decisions and developing career recommendations for the teacher. <i>Education Code 21.352(e)</i>	
	The district shall notify a teacher of the results of any appraisal of the teacher in a timely manner so that the appraisal may be used as a developmental tool by the district and the teacher to improve the overall performance of the teacher. <i>Education Code 21.352(f)</i>	
Role of Extracurricular Activities	A teacher who directs extracurricular activities in addition to per- forming classroom teaching duties shall be appraised only on the basis of classroom teaching performance and not on performance in connection with extracurricular activities. <i>Education Code 21.353</i>	
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PERFORMANCE APPR EVALUATION OF TEAC			
Disciplinary Referrals	A district may not assign an area of deficiency to a teacher solely on the basis of disciplinary referrals made by the teacher or docu- mentation regarding student conduct submitted by the teacher un- der Education Code 37.002. [See FOA for discretionary removal] A district is not prohibited from assigning an area of deficiency to a teacher based on documented evidence of a deficiency in class- room management obtained through observation or a substanti- ated report. <i>Education Code 21.352(a-1)</i>		
Access to Evaluations	A district shall maintain a written copy of the evaluation of each teacher's performance in the teacher's personnel file.		
	Each teacher is entitled to receive a written copy of the evaluation promptly on its completion. The evaluation and any rebuttal may be given to another school district at which the teacher has applied for employment at the request of that district.		
	Education Code 21.352(c)		
Confidentiality	A document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- tor is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act, Government Code 552. <i>Education Code 21.355(a)</i> [For disclosure requirements on evaluations, see GBA]		
Two Appraisal Methods	A district shall use one of the following methods to appraise teachers:		
	1. The teacher appraisal system recommended by the commis- sioner of education [see State Method (T-TESS), below]; or		
	 A local teacher appraisal system [see District Option and Campus Option, below]. 		
	Education Code 21.352(a); 19 TAC 150.1001(a)		
Selection of Appraisal Method	A superintendent, with the approval of a board, may select the state appraisal method. Each district or campus wanting to select or develop an alternative teacher appraisal system must follow the requirements set forth below at District Option or Campus Option. <i>19 TAC 150.1001(c)</i>		
Notice to Service Center	A superintendent shall notify the executive director of the district's regional education service center in writing of the district's choice of appraisal system when using an alternative to the state appraisal method and detail the components of that system by the first day of instruction for the school year in which the alternative system is used.		
	A district shall submit annually to its service center a summary of the campus-level evaluation scores from the state appraisal		

	method or the district's locally adopted appraisal system, in a mar ner prescribed by the commissioner. <i>19 TAC 150.1008</i>		
	Note:	The following provisions apply to teacher appraisal using the state appraisal method.	
State Method (T-TESS)	Texas Te veloped	nmissioner's recommended teacher appraisal system, the eacher Evaluation and Support System (T-TESS), was de- in accordance with Education Code 21.351. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>1(b), .1002(a)</i>	
Orientation and Annual Review	A district shall ensure that all teachers are provided with an orie tion to the T-TESS no later than the final day of the first three weeks of school and at least two weeks before the first observa when:		
	1. The	e teacher is new to the district;	
	2. The	e teacher has never been appraised under the T-TESS; or	
	the	trict policy regarding teacher appraisal has changed since last time the teacher was provided with an orientation to T-TESS.	
	during a all state dar. In a sions su	cher orientation shall be conducted in a face-to-face setting district's first year of T-TESS implementation and include and local appraisal policies and the local appraisal calen- ddition to the orientation, campuses may hold other ses- fficient in length allowing teachers to actively participate in sion of the T-TESS specifics and to have their questions ad.	
	19 TAC	150.1006	
Appraisers	praiser.	cher appraisal process requires at least one certified ap- An appraiser must be the teacher's supervisor or a person d by the board.	
Campus Administrator	•	ampus administrator may act as a certified appraiser, ex- provided below.	
	an assis administ for Educ	ne T-TESS, a "campus administrator" includes a principal, tant principal, an administrator who holds a comparable rator/supervisor certificate established by the State Board ator Certification, or supervisory staff whose job descrip- udes the appraisal of teachers and who is not a classroom	

	An individual other than a campus administrator may act as a certi- fied appraiser if:			
	1.	 The individual has been certified by completing the required training prior to conducting appraisals; and 		
	2.		ne case where the certified appraiser is a classroom cher, the certified appraiser:	
		a.	Conducts appraisals at the same school campus at which the certified appraiser teaches if the certified ap- praiser is the chair of a department or grade level whose job description includes classroom observation responsi- bilities; or	
		b.	Does not conduct appraisals of classroom teachers who teach at the same campus as the certified appraiser if the certified appraiser is not a department or grade-level chair.	
Training and Certification	Before conducting appraisals, an appraiser must be certified by having satisfactorily completed the state-approved T-TESS ap- praiser training and having passed the T-TESS certification exami- nation, and must have received Instructional Leadership Training (ILT), Instructional Leadership Development (ILD), or Advanced Educational Leadership (AEL) certification. Appraisers without ILT, ILD, or AEL certification before January 1, 2016, may not take ILT or ILD to satisfy the requirement. Periodic recertification and train- ing shall be required.			
	Edι	ıcatio	n Code 21.351(c); 19 TAC 150.1005	
Appraisal Calendar	A district shall establish a calendar for teacher appraisals and pro- vide that calendar to teachers within three weeks from the first day of instruction. The appraisal period for each teacher must include all of the days of the teacher's contract.			
	Observations during the appraisal period must be conducted dur- ing the required days of instruction for students during one school year.			
	The	e appr	raisal calendar shall:	
	1.	plet	lude observations in the two weeks after the day of com- ion of the T-TESS orientation in the school years when an entation is required; and	
	2.	late	cate a period for end-of-year conferences that ends no r than 15 working days before the last day of instruction students.	
	19	TAC	150.1003(d)	

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			DNA (LEGAL)		
	аррі	A teacher may be given advance notice of the date or time of an appraisal, but advance notice is not required. <i>Education Code</i> 21.352(d); 19 TAC 150.1003(c)			
Assessment of Teacher Performance	vide an a and	Each teacher must be appraised each school year, except as pr vided below at Less-Than-Annual Appraisal. Whenever possible an appraisal shall be based on the teacher's performance in fiel and teaching assignments for which he or she is certified. <i>19 TA</i> <i>150.1003(a)</i>			
	and mair and	During the appraisal period, the certified appraiser shall evaluate and document teacher performance specifically related to the do- main criteria as identified in 19 Administrative Code 150.1002(a) and the performance of teachers' students as defined in 19 Admin- istrative Code 150.1001(f)(2). <i>19 TAC 150.1003(e)</i>			
Less-Than- Annual Appraisal	teac prais leas tify a Nee fied teac 150.	acher may receive a full appraisal less than annually i ther agrees in writing and the teacher's most recent fu- sal resulted in the teacher receiving summative rating t proficient on nine of the sixteen dimensions and did any area of deficiency, defined as a rating of Improver ded or its equivalent, on any of the sixteen dimension in 19 Administrative Code 150.1002(a) or the perform thers' students, as defined in 19 Administrative Code .1001(f)(2). A teacher who receives a full appraisal less ually must receive a full appraisal at least once during of five school years.	III ap- s of at not iden- nent is identi- nance of ss than		
	Dist	rict policy may stipulate:			
	1.	Whether the option to receive a full appraisal less free than annually is to be made available to teachers;	equently		
	2.	Whether the option to receive a full appraisal less free than annually is to be adopted district-wide or is to b specific;			
	3.	If the appraisal accompanying a teacher new to a dis campus meets this option, whether the appraisal is t cepted or whether that teacher is to be appraised by campus administrator; and	o be ac-		
	4.	Whether a certified appraiser may place a teacher of ditional appraisal cycle as a result of performance de documented in accordance with 19 Administrative C 150.1003(b)(6) and (f) (cumulative data regarding te performance in addition to formal classroom observa	eficiencies ode acher		

	A school district may choose annually to review the written agree- ment to have less frequent full appraisals with the teacher. How- ever, at the conclusion of the school year, the district may modify appraisal options through board policy and may make changes to expectations for appraisals that apply to all teachers regardless of a teacher's participation in the appraisal option in the previous year(s).				
	In a year in which a teacher does not receive a full appraisal due to meeting the requirements, a teacher shall participate in:				
	1.	The Goal-Setting and Professional Development Plan pro cess;			
			performance of teachers' students, as defined in 19 Ad- strative Code 150.1001(f)(2); and		
	3.	Am	A modified end-of-year conference that addresses:		
		a.	The progress on the Goal-Setting and Professional De- velopment Plan;		
		b.	The performance of teachers' students, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2); and		
		C.	The following year's Goal-Setting and Professional De- velopment plan.		
	19 7	TAC 1	50.1003(l)		
Domains and Dimensions	mer Star	cher shall be appraised on the following domains and di- s of the T-TESS rubric that is aligned to the Texas Teacher s in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 149 (Commissioner's ncerning Educator Standards):			
	1.	Don	nain I. Planning, which includes the following dimensions:		
		a.	Standards and alignment;		
		b.	Data and assessment;		
		C.	Knowledge of students; and		
		d.	Activities.		
	2.	2. Dom sion	nain II. Instruction, which includes the following dimen- s:		
		a.	Achieving expectations;		
		b.	Content knowledge and expertise;		
		C.	Communication;		

- d. Differentiation; and
- e. Monitor and adjust.
- 3. Domain III. Learning Environment, which includes the following dimensions:
 - a. Classroom environment, routines, and procedures;
 - b. Managing student behavior; and
 - c. Classroom culture.
- 4. Domain IV. Professional Practices and Responsibilities, which includes the following dimensions:
 - a. Professional demeanor and ethics;
 - b. Goal setting;
 - c. Professional development; and
 - d. School community involvement.

The evaluation of each of the dimensions above shall consider all data generated in the appraisal process. The data for the appraisal of each dimension shall be gathered from pre-conferences, observations, post-conferences, end-of-year conferences, the Goal-Setting and Professional Development Plan process, and other documented sources.

Each teacher shall be evaluated on the 16 dimensions in Domains I–IV identified above using the following categories:

- 1. Distinguished;
- 2. Accomplished;
- 3. Proficient;
- 4. Developing; and
- 5. Improvement needed.

StudentBeginning with the 2017–18 school year, each teacher appraisalPerformanceshall include the performance of teachers' students, as defined in
19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2) (student growth measures).

If calculating a single overall summative appraisal score for teachers, the performance of teachers' students, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2), shall count for at least 20 percent of a teacher's summative score.

Each teacher shall be evaluated on the performance of teachers'
students using one of the terms from the following categories:

- 1. Distinguished or well above expectations;
- 2. Accomplished or above expectations;
- 3. Proficient or at expectations;
- 4. Developing or below expectations; or
- 5. Improvement needed or well below expectations.

19 TAC 150.1002

Appraisal Process The annual teacher appraisal, or full appraisal, shall include:

- 1. A completed and appraiser-approved Goal-Setting and Professional Development Plan that shall be:
 - a. Submitted to the teacher's appraiser within the first six weeks from the day of completion of the T-TESS orientation for teachers in their first year of appraisal under the T-TESS or for teachers new to the district; or
 - b. Initially drafted in conjunction with the teacher's end-ofyear conference from the previous year, revised as needed based on changes to the context of the teacher's assignment during the current school year, and submitted to the teacher's appraiser within the first six weeks of instruction; and
 - c. Maintained throughout the course of the school year by the teacher to track progress in the attainment of goals and participation in professional development activities detailed in the approved plan;
 - d. Shared with the teacher's appraiser prior to the end-ofyear conference; and
 - e. Used after the end-of-year conference in the determination of ratings for the goal setting and professional development dimensions of the T-TESS rubric;
- 2. For a teacher in the first year of appraisal under the T-TESS or for teachers new to the district, a Goal-Setting and Professional Development Plan conference prior to the teacher submitting the plan to the teacher's appraiser;
- 3. After a teacher's first year of appraisal under the T-TESS within the district, an observation pre-conference conducted prior to announced observations;

- 4. At least one classroom observation of a minimum of 45 minutes, with additional walk-throughs and observations conducted at the discretion of the certified appraiser and in accordance with the Education Code 21.352(c-1). Additional observations and walk-throughs do not require an observation post-conference. Additional observations and walk-throughs do require a written summary if the data gathered during the additional observation or walk-through will impact the teacher's summative appraisal ratings, in which case the written summary shall be shared within ten working days after the completion of the additional observation or walk-through. Title 19 Administrative Code 150.1004 (Teacher Response and Appeals) applies to a written summary of an additional observation or walk-through that will impact the teacher's summative appraisal ratings;
- 5. An observation post-conference that:
 - a. Shall be conducted within ten working days after the completion of an observation;
 - b. Is diagnostic and prescriptive in nature;
 - c. Includes a written report of the rating of each dimension observed that is presented to the teacher only after a discussion of the areas for reinforcement and areas for refinement; and
 - d. Can allow for, at the discretion of the appraiser, a revision to an area for reinforcement or refinement based on the post-conference discussion with the teacher;
- 6. Cumulative data from written documentation collected regarding job-related teacher performance, in addition to formal classroom observations;
- 7. An end-of-year conference that:
 - a. Reviews the appraisal data collected throughout the current school year and previous school years, if available;
 - Examines and discusses the evidence related to the teacher's performance on the four dimensions of Domain IV of the T-TESS rubric;
 - c. Examines and discusses evidence related to the performance of teachers' students, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2) (student growth measures), when available; and

			d.	Identifies potential goals and professional development activities for the teacher for the next school year; and			
		8.	the	itten summative annual appraisal report to be provided to teacher within ten working days of the conclusion of the of-year conference.			
		19	TAC 1	50.1003(b)			
	Shorter Observations	By written, mutual consent of the teacher and the certified appraiser, the required 45 minutes of observation may be conducted in shorter time segments. The time segments must aggregate to at least 45 minutes. <i>19 TAC 150.1003(g)</i>					
	Cumulative Data	The certified appraiser is responsible for documentation of cumula- tive data. Any third-party information from a source other than the certified appraiser that the certified appraiser wishes to include as cumulative data shall be verified and documented by the certified appraiser. Any documentation that will influence the teacher's sum- mative annual appraisal report must be shared in writing with the teacher within ten working days of the certified appraiser's knowledge of the occurrence. The principal shall also be notified in writing of the cumulative data when the certified appraiser is not the teacher's principal. <i>19 TAC 150.1003(f)</i>					
Sun	nmative Report	A written summative annual appraisal report shall be shared with the teacher no later than 15 working days before the last day of in- struction for students. The written summative annual appraisal re- port shall be placed in the teacher's personnel file by the end of th appraisal period. <i>19 TAC 150.1003(h)</i>					
	Conference fied the sha pra res as ten yea sha clu			end-of-year conference shall be held within a time frame speci- on the district calendar, no later than 15 working days before last day of instruction for students. The end-of-year conference II focus on the data and evidence gathered throughout the ap- isal year; the teacher's efforts as they pertain to Domain IV; the ults of the performance of teachers' students, when available, defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2); and the po- tial goals and professional development plans for the following r. The written summative annual appraisal report shall be red with the teacher within ten working days following the con- sion of the end-of-year conference but no later than 15 working s before the last day of instruction.			
		the ano	teach ther s	where the certified appraiser is not an administrator on er's campus, either the principal, assistant principal, or upervisory staff member designated as an administrator mpus must participate in the end-of-year conference.			
			TAC 1	50.1003(i), (j)			
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PERFORMANCE APPRAISALDNEVALUATION OF TEACHERS(LEGA)					
Additional Documentation	bef con tion sun	Any documentation collected after the end-of-year conference but before the end of the contract term during one school year may be considered as part of the appraisal of a teacher. If the documenta- tion affects the teacher's evaluation in any dimension, another summative report shall be developed to inform the teacher of the changes. <i>19 TAC 150.1003(k)</i>			
Teacher Response and Rebuttal	A teacher may submit a written response or rebuttal at the follow- ing times:				
	1.	For Domains I, II, and III, after receiving a written observation summary or any other written documentation related to the ratings of those three domains; or			
	2.	For Domain IV and for the performance of teachers' students, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2), after re- ceiving a written summative annual appraisal report.			
	Any written response or rebuttal must be submitted within ten working days of receiving a written observation summary, a written summative annual appraisal report, or any other written documen-				

summative annual appraisal report, or any other written documentation associated with the teacher's appraisal. A teacher may not submit a written response or rebuttal to a written summative annual appraisal report for the ratings in Domains I, II, and III if those ratings are based entirely on observation summaries or written documentation already received by the teacher earlier in the appraisal year for which the teacher already had the opportunity to submit a written response or rebuttal.

Education Code 21.352(c); 19 TAC 150.1004(a), (b)

Request for SecondA teacher may request a second appraisal by another certified appraisalAppraisalpraiser at the following times:

- 1. For Domains I, II, and III, after receiving a written observation summary with which the teacher disagrees; or
- 2. For Domain IV and for the performance of teachers' students, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(2), after receiving a written summative annual appraisal report with which the teacher disagrees.

The second appraisal must be requested within ten working days of receiving a written observation summary or a written summative annual appraisal report. A teacher may not request a second appraisal by another certified appraiser in response to a written summative annual appraisal report for the ratings of dimensions in Domains I, II, and III if those ratings are based entirely on observation summaries or written documentation already received by the

		teacher earlier in the appraisal year for which the teacher already had the opportunity to request a second appraisal.				
		A teacher may be given advance notice of the date or time of a second appraisal, but advance notice is not required.				
	as r revi ider whe	The second appraiser shall make observations and walk-throughs as necessary to evaluate the dimensions in Domains I–III or shall review the Goal-Setting and Professional Development Plan for ev- idence of goal attainment and professional development activities, when applicable. Cumulative data may also be used by the second appraiser to evaluate other dimensions.				
	tion eac	A district shall adopt written procedures for determining the selec- tion of second appraisers. The procedures shall be disseminated to each teacher at the time of employment and updated annually or as needed.				
	Edι	Education Code 21.352(c); 19 TAC 150.1004(c)–(g)				
	Not		The following provisions apply to teacher appraisal using a district-developed appraisal method.			
District Option	owr	i teach	nat does not choose to use the T-TESS must develop its er-appraisal system supported by locally adopted policy dures and by the processes outlined below.			
Development of Appraisal System	The	The district-level planning and decision-making committee shall:				
	1.	Deve	lop an appraisal process;			
	2.		lop evaluation criteria, including discipline management performance of the teachers' students; and			
	3.		ult with the campus-planning and decision-making com- e on each campus in the district.			
Appraisal Process	The	The appraisal process shall include:				
	1.	corda	ast one appraisal each year, or less frequently if in ac- ance with Education Code 21.352(c) [see Teacher Ap- al, above];			
	2.	diagr	nference between the teacher and the appraiser that is nostic and prescriptive with regard to remediation needed erall performance by category; and			
	3.	Crite	ria based on observable, job-related behavior, including:			

3. Criteria based on observable, job-related behavior, including:

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		a.	Teachers' implementation of discipline management pro- cedures, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(1); and			
		b.	Beginning with the 2017–18 school year, the perfor- mance of the teachers' students as defined in 19 Admin- istrative Code 150.1001(f)(2).			
Board Acceptance	mit the shall su		level planning and decision-making committee shall sub- opraisal process and criteria to the superintendent, who mit the appraisal process and criteria to the board with a ndation to accept or reject.			
	ces	The board may accept or reject, with comments, the appraisal pro- cess and performance criteria, but may not modify the process or criteria.				
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.352(a)(2), (b); 19 TAC 150.1007(a)			
	Note:		The following provisions apply to teacher appraisal using a campus-developed appraisal method.			
Campus Option	A campus within a district may choose to develop a local appraisal system.					
Development of	The	The campus planning and decision-making committee shall:				
Appraisal System	1.	Dev	elop an appraisal process;			
	2.		elop evaluation criteria, including discipline management performance of the teachers' students; and			
	3.		mit the process and criteria to the district-level planning decision-making committee.			
Appraisal Process	The	appr	aisal process shall include:			
	1.	cord	east one appraisal each year, or less frequently if in ac- lance with Education Code 21.352(c) [see Teacher Ap- sal above];			
	2.	diag	nference between the teacher and the appraiser that is nostic and prescriptive with regard to remediation needed verall performance by category; and			
	3.	Crite	eria based on observable, job-related behavior, including:			
		a.	Teachers' implementation of discipline management pro- cedures, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 150.1001(f)(1); and			

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	b.	Beginning with the 2017–18 school year, the perfor- mance of the teachers' students as defined in 19 Admin- istrative Code 150.1001(f)(2).	
Board Acceptance	Upon submission of the appraisal process and criteria to the dis- trict-level planning and decision-making committee, the committe shall make a recommendation to accept or reject the appraisal pr cess and criteria and transmit that recommendation to the superin tendent.		
	The sup	erintendent shall submit to the board:	
	1. The	e recommended campus appraisal process and criteria;	
		e district-level planning and decision-making committee's commendation; and	
	3. The	e superintendent's recommendation.	
		rd may accept or reject, with comments, an appraisal pro- d performance criteria, but may not modify the process or	
	Educatio	on Code 21.352(a)(2), (b); 19 TAC 150.1007(b)	
	Note:	The following provision applies to appraiser training under a local appraisal process (district- or campus-developed).	
Appraisers	praisal s training praisers checks t praisals school d	t that locally develops and adopts its own educator ap- system should have a clearly defined set of procedures for appraisers. The district should identify the qualities ap- must demonstrate and include appropriate proficiency to evaluate the performance of all educators performing ap- under the district's locally adopted appraisal systems. The listrict shall be responsible for documenting that appraisers et training criteria established by the district. <i>19 TAC 244.3</i>	
	Note:	The standards to be used to inform the training, ap- praisal, and professional development of teachers are outlined in 19 Administrative Code 149.1001.	

¹ Innovation Plan: <u>http://www.dentonisd.org/doi</u>

	Note	: The Board has adopted an <u>innovation plan¹</u> that affects application of provisions in this legally referenced policy.			
Frequency	The employment policies adopted by a board must require a writ- ten evaluation at annual or more frequent intervals of each princi- pal, supervisor, school counselor, or other full-time, certified profes- sional employee, and nurse. <i>Education Code 21.203(a)</i>				
		ct funds may not be used to pay an administrator who has not appraised in the preceding 15 months. <i>Education Code</i> 54(d)			
Principal Appraisal		trict shall appraise each principal annually. In appraising prin- s, a school district shall use either:			
		The appraisal system and school leadership standards and indicators developed or established by the commissioner of education; or			
		An appraisal process and performance criteria developed by the district in consultation with the district-level and campus- level committees [see BQA and BQB] and adopted by the board.			
	Educ	ation Code 21.3541(f), (g); 19 TAC 150.1023(a)			
	The commissioner's recommended principal appraisal system, the Texas Principal Evaluation and Support System (T-PESS), was developed in accordance with Education Code 21.3541.				
	T-PE native 21.35	Superintendent, with the approval of the board, may select the SS. Each school district wanting to select or develop an alter- e principal appraisal system must follow Education Code 541, and 19 Administrative Code 150.1026 (Alternatives to the missioner's Recommended Principal Appraisal System).			
	19 TA	AC 150.1021(b), (c)			
Notice to ESC	educa appra recor syste	superintendent shall notify the executive director of its regional ation service center in writing of the school district's choice of aisal system when using an alternative to the commissioner's nmended appraisal system and detail the components of that m by the first day of instruction for the school year in which lternative system is used.			
		school district shall submit annually to its regional education ce center a summary of the evaluation scores from the			

T-PESS or the district's locally adopted appraisal system, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner.

19 TAC 150.1027

Texas Principal Evaluation and Support System (T-PESS) Each principal shall be appraised on the following standards and indicators of the T-PESS rubric that is aligned to the Texas Administrator Standards in 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 149 (Commissioner's Rules Concerning Educator Standards):

- 1. Standard I. Instructional Leadership, which includes four indicators;
- 2. Standard II. Human Capital, which includes four indicators;
- 3. Standard III. Executive Leadership, which includes four indicators;
- 4. Standard IV. School Culture, which includes five indicators; and
- 5. Standard V. Strategic Operations, which includes four indicators.

The evaluation of each of the standards and indicators above shall consider all data generated in the appraisal process.

Each principal shall be evaluated on the attainment and progress toward at least one goal, as referenced in 19 Administrative Code 150.1023 (Appraisals, Data Sources, and Conferences). At least one goal shall be focused on the improvement of the principal's practice, as captured in the T-PESS rubric indicators and descriptors.

If calculating a single overall summative appraisal score for principals, the rating for the attainment of goals shall count for:

- 1. At least 20 percent of a principal's summative score for a principal who has served at least one year in his or her role on the same campus; or
- At least 30 percent of a principal's summative score for a principal who is in his or her first year as principal on a particular campus.

Each principal shall be evaluated on each of the 21 indicators in Standards I–V identified above and on the attainment of each goal, using the following categories:

- 1. Distinguished;
- 2. Accomplished;

- 3. Proficient;
- 4. Developing; and
- 5. Improvement needed.

Beginning with the 2017–18 school year, each principal appraisal shall include the campus-level academic growth or progress of the students enrolled at the principal's campus.

If calculating a single overall summative appraisal score for principals, the measure of student growth or progress shall count for:

- 1. At least 20 percent of a principal's summative score for a principal who has served two or more years in his or her role on the same campus:
- 2. At least 10 percent of a principal's summative score for a principal who has served one year in his or her role on the same campus; or
- 3. May not be included in calculating a single overall summative appraisal score for a principal who is in his or her first year as principal on a particular campus.

Each principal shall be evaluated on student growth or progress using one of the terms from the following categories:

- 1. Distinguished;
- 2. Accomplished;
- 3. Proficient;
- 4. Developing; or
- 5. Improvement needed.
- 19 TAC 150.1022

Appraisal

The annual principal appraisal shall include:

- Procedures
- 1. At least one appraiser-approved goal that shall be:
 - Initially drafted in conjunction with the principal's end-ofa. year conference from the previous year, as applicable, revised as needed based on changes to the context of the principal's assignment at the beginning of the current school year, and submitted to the principal's appraiser; and
 - Maintained throughout the course of the school year by b. the principal to track progress in the attainment of goals and the actions taken to achieve the goals;

		C.	Shared with the principal's appraiser prior to the end-of- year conference; and
		d.	Used after the end-of-year conference in the determina- tion of ratings for the attainment of goals;
	2.	•	e-evaluation conference prior to the principal submitting or her goals to the principal's appraiser;
	3.		id-year conference to determine and discuss progress to- d the attainment of goals;
	4.	An e	end-of-year conference that:
		a.	Reviews data collected throughout the current school year and previous school years, if available;
		b.	Examines and discusses the artifacts and evidence re- lated to the principal's performance on the 21 indicators of T-PESS rubric and the attainment of goals;
		C.	Examines and discusses evidence related to student growth or progress measures, as described in 19 Admin-istrative Code 150.1022(f)–(h), when available; and
		d.	Identifies potential goals and professional development activities for the principal for the next school year; and
	5.		ritten summative annual appraisal report to be provided to principal after the conclusion of the end-of-year confer- e.
Calendar	Each school district shall establish a calendar for the appraisal of principals and provide that calendar to principals prior to the pre- evaluation conference.		
Appraisal Report	The written summative annual appraisal report shall be placed in the principal's personnel file by the end of the appraisal period.		
Additional Documentation	Any documentation collected after the end-of-year conference but before the end of the contract term during one school year may be considered as part of the appraisal of a principal. If the documenta- tion affects the principal's evaluation in any indicator, the attain- ment of goals, or a measure of student growth or progress, another summative report shall be developed to inform the principal of the changes prior to the end of the contract term.		
	19	TAC 1	50.1023(b)–(e)
Appraiser Qualifications	prai	ser. E	cipal appraisal process requires at least one certified ap- Before conducting an appraisal, an appraiser must be cer- naving satisfactorily completed the state-approved
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	T-PESS. <i>TAC 150.</i>	Periodic recertification and training may be required. <i>19 1024</i>			
Orientation	A district shall ensure that a principal is provided with an orientation of the T-PESS either prior to or in conjunction with the pre-evalua- tion conference when:				
	1. The	principal is new to the district;			
	2. The	principal has never been appraised under the T-PESS; or			
	the l	rict policy regarding principal appraisal has changed since last time the principal was provided with an orientation to T-PESS.			
		ipal orientation shall include all state and local appraisal nd the local appraisal calendar.			
	19 TAC 1	50.1025			
Alternatives to T-PESS	A district that does not choose to use the T-PESS must develop its own principal appraisal system supported by locally adopted policy and procedures; developed in consultation with the district-level and campus-level committees established under Education Code 11.251; and adopted by the board. <i>Education Code 21.3541; 19</i> <i>TAC 150.1026</i>				
	Note:	The standards, indicators, knowledge, and skills to be used to align with the training, appraisal, and profes- sional development of principals are outlined in 19 Ad- ministrative Code 149.2001.			
Appraisal of Campus Administrators Other		shall appraise each campus administrator, other than a annually using either:			
Than Principals		commissioner's recommended appraisal process and ormance criteria; or			
	the	appraisal process and performance criteria developed by district in consultation with the district- and campus-level mittees and adopted by the board.			
	Education Code 21.354(c)				
	other that modificati the job de pals evalu	may use the T-PESS to appraise campus administrators n principals provided the school district makes appropriate ions to ensure that the T-PESS rubric and components fit escriptions of the campus administrators other than princi- uated with the T-PESS. A district using T-PESS for admin- other than principals shall evaluate administrators on the			

	attainment and progress toward at least one goal, as referenced in 19 Administrative Code 150.1023 (Appraisals, Data Sources, and Conferences). At least one goal shall be focused on the improve- ment of the administrator's practice, as captured in the T-PESS ru- bric indicators and descriptors.
	Each school district wanting to select or develop a local appraisal system for campus administrators other than principals must use an appraisal process and performance criteria developed in con- sultation with the district- and campus-level committees estab- lished under Education Code 11.251; and adopted by the board.
	Education Code 21.354(c)(2); 19 TAC 150.1028, 244.2(c)
Appraisers	A district using T-PESS for administrators other than principals or that locally develops and adopts its own educator appraisal system should have a clearly defined set of procedures for training ap- praisers. The school district should identify the qualities appraisers must demonstrate and include appropriate proficiency checks to evaluate the performance of all educators performing appraisals under the district's adopted appraisal systems. The school district shall be responsible for documenting that appraisers have met training criteria established by the district. <i>19 TAC 244.2(c), .3</i>
School Counselors	The commissioner shall develop and periodically update an evalu- ation form for use by districts in evaluating school counselors. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 21.356</i>
Confidentiality	A document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- tor is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act, Government Code 552. <i>Education Code 21.355</i> <i>(a)</i> [For disclosure requirements on evaluations, see GBA]

¹ Innovation Plan: <u>http://www.dentonisd.org/doi</u>

PERSONNEL POSITIONS

Principal Qualifications	A board, by local policy, shall adopt qualifications for principals. <i>Ed-ucation Code 11.202(c)</i>					
Certification	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) rules establish the requirements for receiving a principal certificate and for first-time principals in Texas. <i>19 TAC Ch. 241</i>					
Duties	sha	The principal shall be the instructional leader of the school and shall be provided with adequate training and personnel assistance to assume that role. <i>Education Code 11.202(a)</i>				
	A pr	incipal shall:				
	1.	Approve all teacher and staff appointments for the campus. [See DK]				
	2.	Set specific education objectives for the campus, through the planning process.				
	3.	Develop budgets for the campus.				
	4.	Assume administrative responsibility and instructional leader- ship, under the supervision of the superintendent, for disci- pline at the campus.				
	5.	Assign, evaluate, and promote all personnel assigned to the campus.				
	6.	Recommend to the superintendent the termination, suspen- sion, or nonrenewal of an employee assigned to the campus.				
	7.	Perform any other duties assigned by the superintendent pur- suant to board policy.				
	8.	Regularly consult with the campus-level committee in the planning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the campus educational program. [See BQ series]				
	9.	Each school year, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, develop, review, and revise the campus improve- ment plan. [See BQ]				
	10.	(For high school principals only) Serve, or appoint someone to serve, as deputy registrar for the county in which the school is located. <i>Election Code 13.046</i>				
	Edu	<i>cation Code 11.202(b), .253(c), (h)</i> [See also DMA]				
Principal's Report to Superintendent	A principal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- enth business day after the date:					
Educators						

PERSONNEL POSITIONS

	1.	Of an educator's termination of employment or resignation fol- lowing an alleged incident of misconduct under Education Code 21.006(b); or			
	2.	The principal knew about an educator's criminal record under Education Code 21.006(b)(1).			
		<i>ucation Code 21.006(b-2); 19 TAC 249.14(e)</i> [See Required Re- ts at DHB(LEGAL)]			
Noncertified Employees	entl	rincipal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- n business day after the date of a noncertified employee's termi- on or resignation following allegations that the employee:			
	1.	Abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor; or			
	2.	Was involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- gaged in sexual contact with a student or minor.			
	<i>Edι</i> GΑ	<i>cation Code 22.093(e)</i> [See Principal Notification at DHC(LE- L)]			
Sanctions and Administrative Penalty	SBEC determines whether to impose sanctions, including an ad- ministrative penalty, against a principal who fails to provide notifica- tion to a superintendent. <i>Education Code 21.006(f), 22.093(i); 19</i> <i>TAC 249.14(e), (h)</i>				
	tor's pro min \$10 aga	principal is required to notify a superintendent about an educa- s criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct and fails to vide the notice by the required date, SBEC may impose an ad- istrative penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than ,000. SBEC may not renew the certification of an educator inst whom an administrative penalty is imposed until the pen- is paid. <i>Education Code 21.006 (i)</i>			
Criminal Offense	crin jail date	rincipal required to notify a superintendent about an employee's ninal record or alleged incident of misconduct commits a state felony if the principal fails to provide the notice by the required e with intent to conceal an educator's criminal record or alleged dent of misconduct. <i>Education Code 21.006(j), 22.093(k)</i>			

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Literacy and Math Plans	The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early child- hood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans that set specific annual goals for the following five school years to reach quantifia- ble goals for student performance in reading and mathematics at each campus.			
	Each plan must:			
	1.	der	tify annual goals for students in each group evaluated un- the closing the gaps domain under Education Code 53(c)(3) [see AIA];	
	2.	third as a [see	ude annual goals for aggregate student growth on the grade reading or mathematics assessment instrument, pplicable, administered under Education Code 39.023 EKB] or on an alternative assessment instrument deter- ed by the board;	
	3.	Provide for targeted professional development for classr teachers in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade v are assigned to campuses that the board identifies as no meeting the plan's goals;		
	4.	the r	gn at least one district-level administrator or employee of regional education service center (ESC) for the district's on to:	
		a.	Coordinate implementation of the plan; and	
		b.	Submit an annual report to the board on the district's progress toward the goals set under the plan; and	
	5.	Be r	eviewed annually by the board at a public meeting.	
	Each plan may set separate goals for students in a bilingual en tion or special language program under Education Code Chap 29, Subchapter B.			
Professional Development	der i of st	tem 3 uden	essional development provided to classroom teachers un- 3, above, must, as appropriate, consider the unique needs ts in a bilingual education or special language program ucation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B.	
Website Posting	A district shall post the annual report described above on the dis- trict's website and on the website, if any, of each campus in the dis trict.			
	Education Code 11.185			
	[See AIB for annual report requirements.]			

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

College, Career, and Military Readiness Plans	The board shall adopt college, career, and military readiness plans that set specific annual goals for the following five school years to reach quantifiable goals for measures of student college, career, and military readiness at each campus.			
	Eac	h pla	n must:	
	1.		ntify annual goals for students in each group evaluated un- the closing the gaps domain [see AIA];	
	2.	 Include annual goals for aggregate student growth on co career, and military readiness indicators evaluated under student achievement domain [see AIA]; 		
	3.	Assign at least one district-level administrator or employ the regional ESC for the district's region to:		
		a.	Coordinate implementation of the plan; and	
		b.	Submit an annual report to the board on the district's progress toward the goals set under the plan; and	
	4.	Beı	reviewed annually by the board at a public meeting.	
Website Posting	A district shall post the annual report described above on the trict's website and on the website, if any, of each campus in the trict.		• •	
	Edu	icatio	n Code 11.186	
	[Se	[See AIB for annual report requirements.]		

Denton ISD 061901

SCHOOL YEAR		EB (LEGAL)
	Note:	The Board has adopted an <u>innovation plan¹ that affects</u> application of provisions in this legally referenced policy.
School Start Date	before tl year-roເ	t may not begin instruction for students for a school year ne fourth Monday in August unless the district operates a and system (see below). A district may not receive a waiver equirement.
Exceptions	through ally atte does no	t that does not offer each grade level from kindergarten grade 12 and whose prospective or former students gener- nd school in another state for the grade levels the district t offer may instead start school on any date permitted un- aw of the other state.
	instructi day in A	t with a student enrollment of 190,000 or more may begin on for students for a school year on or after the first Mon- ugust at a campus or at not more than 20 percent of the es in the district if:
	nai cai mii	e district at the beginning of the school year provides, fi- nced with local funds, days of instruction for students at the mpus or at each of the multiple campuses, in addition to the nimum number of days of instruction required under Educa- n Code 25.081;
		e campus or each of the multiple campuses are undergoing mprehensive reform, as determined by the board; and
		najority of the students at the campus or at each of the Itiple campuses are educationally disadvantaged.
	Educatio	on Code 25.0811
Length of School Year	minutes	hool year, a district shall operate for at least 75,600 , including time allocated for instruction, intermissions, and s for students.
Exceptions	schools when di	nmissioner of education may approve the operation of for fewer than the number of minutes specified above saster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtailments, calamities have caused the closing of schools.
	district r normal s due to s	mmissioner does not approve reduced operation time, a nay add additional minutes to the end of the district's school hours as necessary to compensate for minutes lost chool closures caused by disaster, flood, extreme weather ns, fuel curtailment, or another calamity.
	Educatio	on Code 25.081

Denton ISD 061901			
SCHOOL YEAR	EB (LEGAL)		
	The commissioner shall provide for a waiver allowing for fewer minutes of operation and instructional time than required for a district that requires each educator employed by the district to attend an approved school safety training course. <i>Education Code 25.0815(a)</i>		
Last Day of School	A district may not schedule the last day of school for students for a school year before May 15. However, a district that does not offer each grade level from kindergarten through grade 12 and whose prospective or former students generally attend school in another state for the grade levels the district does not offer may schedule the last day of school on any date permitted under Texas law or the law of the other state. <i>Education Code 25.0812</i>		
Optional Flexible Year Program	To enable a school district to provide additional instructional days for an optional extended year program [see EHBC], the school dis- trict may, with the approval of the commissioner, provide a number of days of instruction during the regular school year that is not more than ten days fewer than 180 days. <i>Education Code</i> 29.0821(b)(1)		
No Instruction on Memorial Day	A district may not provide student instruction on Memorial Day. If a district would be required to provide student instruction on Memorial Day to compensate for minutes of instruction lost because of school closures caused by disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtailment, or another calamity, the commissioner shall approve the instruction of students for fewer than the required number of minutes. <i>Education Code 25.081(f)</i>		
Reduction of Funding	The commissioner may proportionally reduce the amount of fund- ing a district receives under Education Code, Chapters 46, 48, or 49 and the average daily attendance calculation for the district if the district operates on a calendar that provides fewer minutes of operation than required. <i>Education Code</i> $25.081(g)$		
Exemption	A school district is exempt from the minimum minutes of operation requirement if the district's or program's average daily attendance is calculated in the manner provided below. <i>Education Code</i> 25.081(e)		
	A district or charter school is eligible to earn full average daily at- tendance if the district provides at least 43,200 minutes of instruc- tional time to students enrolled in:		
	 A dropout recovery school or program operating under Educa- tion Code 12.1141(c) or Education Code 39.0548; 		
	2. An alternative education program operating under Education Code 37.008;		

Denton ISD 061901		
SCHOOL YEAR		EB (LEGAL)
	3.	A school program located at a day treatment facility, residen- tial treatment facility, psychiatric hospital, or medical hospital;
	4.	A school program offered at a correctional facility; or
	5.	A school operating under Education Code 29.259.
	Ed	ucation Code 48.005(j)
Year-Round Schools		listrict may operate its schools year-round on a single or a multi- ck system. If it adopts a year-round system, it may modify:
	1.	The number of contract days of employees and the number of days of operation, including any time required for staff devel- opment, planning and preparation, and continuing education, otherwise required by law.
	2.	Testing dates, data reporting, and related matters.
	3.	The date of the first day of instruction of the school year under Education Code 25.0811 for a school that was operating year- round for the 2000–01 school year.
	4.	Students' eligibility to participate in extracurricular activities when their calendar track is not in session.
	Ed	ucation Code 25.084

¹ Innovation Plan: <u>http://www.dentonisd.org/doi</u>

Denton ISD 061901	
SCHOOL DAY	EC (LEGAL)
Pledges of Allegiance	A board shall require students, once during each school day, to re- cite the pledges of allegiance to the United States and Texas flags.
	On written request from a student's parent or guardian, a district shall excuse the student from reciting a pledge of allegiance.
Minute of Silence	A board shall provide for the observance of one minute of silence following the recitation of the pledges of allegiance. During the one-minute period, each student may reflect, pray, or meditate, or engage in any other silent activity that is not likely to interfere with or distract another student. Each teacher or other school employee in charge of the students during that period shall ensure that each student remains silent and does not act in a manner that is likely to interfere with or distract another student.
	Education Code 25.082
Kindergarten Program	A public school kindergarten may be operated on a half-day or full- day basis as determined by the board. <i>Education Code</i> 29.152
Grant Programs	A district may use funds from grants administered by the commis- sioner to operate an existing half-day kindergarten on a full-day ba- sis. <i>Education Code 29.155(a)</i>
Interruptions	A board shall adopt and strictly enforce a policy limiting interrup- tions of classes during the school day for nonacademic activities such as announcements and sales promotions. At a minimum, the policy must limit announcements other than emergency announce- ments to once during the school day.
Loss of Class Time	A board shall adopt and strictly enforce a policy limiting the re- moval of students from class for remedial tutoring or test prepara- tion. A district may not remove a student from a regularly sched- uled class for remedial tutoring or test preparation if, as a result of the removal, the student would miss more than ten percent of the school days on which the class is offered, unless the student's par- ent or another person standing in parental relation to the student provides to the district written consent for removal from class for such purpose. [See EHBC for provisions on tutorial services.] <i>Education Code 25.083</i>

Denton ISD 061901

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS
CLASS SIZE

Teacher-Student RatioA district shall employ a sufficient number of certified teachers to maintain an average ratio of not less than one teacher for each 20 students in average daily attendance. Education Code 25.111High-Quality Prekindergarten ProgramA district operating a prekindergarten program must attempt to maintain an average ratio in any prekindergarten program class of not less than one certified teacher or teacher's aide for each 11 students. Education Code 29.167(d)Physical EducationA district's physical education curriculum objectives and goals shall address teacher-student ratios. [See EHAA] Education Code 25.114Kindergarten- Grade 4A district shall not enroll more than 22 students in a class, kinder- garten through fourth grade, except as allowed by the commis- sioner of education. The limit on class size, kindergarten through grade 4, shall not apply during: 1. The last 12 weeks of the school year; or 2. Any 12-week period of the school year; or 2. As a migratory child' is a child or youth who made a qualifying move: 1. As a migratory gricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or 2. With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migratory agricul- tural worker of migratory fisher. A "qualifying move" is a move due to economic necessity: 1. From one residence to another residence; and 2. From one school district of more than 15,000 square miles, wherein a qualifying move is a distance of 20 miles or more to a temporary residence.A "migratory agricultural worker" is an individual who made a qualifying move in the precending 36 months and, after doing so, en- gaged in new temporary or					
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INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CLASS SIZE

	history of moves for temporary or seasonal agricultural employ- ment.			
	A "migratory fisher" is an individual who made a qualifying move in the preceding 36 months and, after doing so, engaged in new tem- porary or seasonal employment or personal subsistence in fishing. If the individual did not engage in such new employment soon after the move, the individual may be considered a migratory fisher if the individual actively sought such new employment and has a recent history of moves for temporary or seasonal fishing employment.			
	Education Code 25.112(a), (b); 20 U.S.C. 6399			
Exception to Class Size Limits	The commissioner may except a district, on application, from the class size limits above if the limit works an undue hardship on the district. An exception expires at the end of the school year for which it is granted.			
	A school district seeking an exception shall notify the commissioner and apply for the exception not later than the later of:			
	1. October 1; or			
	2. The 30th day after the first school day the district exceeds the limit described above.			
	Education Code 25.112(d)–(e)			
Notice to Parents	A campus or district that is granted an exception from class size limits shall provide written notice of the exception to the parent of or person standing in parental relation to each student affected by the exception. The notice must be in conspicuous bold or under- lined print and:			
	1. Specify the class for which an exception was granted;			
	2. State the number of children in the class; and			
	 Be included in a regular mailing or other communication from the campus or district, such as information sent home with students. 			
	The notice must be provided not later than the 31st day after the first day of the school year or the date the exception is granted, if the exception is granted after the beginning of the school year.			

Education Code 25.113

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS JUVENILE RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES

Funding	If a district provides education services to pre-adjudicated and post-adjudicated students who are confined by court order in a ju- venile residential facility operated by a juvenile board, the district is entitled to count those students in the district's average daily at- tendance.			
	If a district has a local revenue level greater than the guaranteed local revenue level but less than the level established under Education Code 48.257, the district in which the student is enrolled on the date a court orders the student to be confined to a juvenile residential facility shall transfer to the district providing education services an amount equal to the difference between:			
	1.	The average Foundation School Program costs per student of the district providing education services; and		
	2.	The sum of the state aid and the money from the available school fund received by the district that is attributable to the student for the portion of the school year for which the district provides education services to the student.		
	Education Code 37.0061			
Operations Definitions	A "pre-adjudication secure detention facility" is a secure facility ad- ministered by a governing board that includes construction and fix- tures designed to physically restrict the movements and activities of juveniles or other individuals held in lawful custody in the facility and is used for the temporary placement of any juvenile or other in- dividual who is accused of having committed an offense and is awaiting court action, an administrative hearing, or other transfer action.			
	A "post-adjudication secure correctional facility" is a secure facility administered by a governing board or the Texas Juvenile Justice Department that includes construction and fixtures designed to physically restrict the movements and activities of the residents and are intended for the treatment and rehabilitation of youth who have been adjudicated. A post-adjudication secure correctional fa- cility does not include any non-secure residential program operat- ing under the authority of a juvenile board as defined by Family Code 51.12(j).			
	A "resident" is a juvenile or other individual who has been admitted into a pre-adjudication secure detention facility or a post-adjudica- tion secure correctional facility.			
	"Res	sidential facility" means:		
	1.	A facility operated by a state agency or political subdivision, including a child placement agency, that provides 24-hour		

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS JUVENILE RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES

		custody or care of a person 22 years of age or younger, if the person resides in the facility for detention, treatment, foster care, or any noneducational purpose; and
	2.	Any person or entity that contracts with or is funded, licensed, certified, or regulated by a state agency or political subdivision to provide custody or care for a person under item 1.
	dica rect atio	school district" is the educational service provider in a pre-adju- ation secure detention facility or a post-adjudication secure cor- ional facility. For the purposes of this section addressing Oper- ns, the definition of school district includes open-enrollment rter school.
	Edι	ication Code 5.001(8); 19 TAC 89.1801(a)
Enrollment		school district providing the education services in a pre-adjudi-
Pre-adjudication Secure Detention Facility	rolle ass arriv turn mai app	on secure detention facility shall ensure that a student is en- ed in its district or, by local agreement, in the student's locally igned school district on the first school day after the student's val at the facility unless it is confirmed that the student will re- to a different district within ten school days. The district that intains a student's enrollment is responsible for ensuring that ropriate education services are provided to each of its students is in the facility.
Post-Adjudication Secure Correctional Facility	dica enro ass	e school district providing the education services in a post-adju- ation secure correctional facility shall ensure that a student is olled in its district or, by local agreement, in the student's locally igned district on the student's first school day in the facility as a rt-committed juvenile.
Academic Records	prev den	e school district in the facility shall coordinate with the student's vious locally assigned campus to ensure that appropriate aca- nic records are received within ten school days of the student's collment.
	19	TAC 89.1801(b)
Class Size	exc	e school district shall ensure that the classroom ratio does not eed one certified educator to 24 students per class period. <i>19</i> C 89.1801(c)
Pre-assessment	tere	e school district shall ensure that a pre-assessment is adminis- ed to students in a post-adjudication secure correctional facility. e pre-assessment shall:
	1.	Be administered within ten school days from the student's first day of enrollment; and

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS JUVENILE RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES

	2. At a minimum, evaluate the student's basic reading and math- ematics skills in relation to the student's current grade level.
	19 TAC 89.1801(d)
Curriculum	Each school district shall, at a minimum, provide students with the subjects and courses necessary to complete the Minimum High School Program, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.62. The school district shall ensure that the educational services of the students consist of curriculum that is aligned with the requirements described in Education Code 28.002 and the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS).
Pre-adjudication	Each school district in a pre-adjudication secure detention facility shall ensure that a student is provided courses that afford an op- portunity of continued progress toward the completion of the Mini- mum High School Program.
Post-adjudication	Each school district in the post-adjudication secure correctional fa- cility shall, at a minimum, provide a student curriculum that enables the student the opportunity to complete the requirements of the Minimum High School Program. The school district shall provide students, ages 15–18 and identified as appropriate candidates, the opportunity and resources to prepare for the five general educa- tional development examinations.
	19 TAC 89.1801(e)
Award of Credit	The school district shall grant credits for coursework completed to ensure that high school credit is awarded to students for the successful completion of required courses while enrolled in educational services at the facility. <i>19 TAC 89.1801(f)</i>
Length and Number of School Days	The school district shall, at a minimum, provide a seven-hour school day that consists of at least five and one-half hours of re- quired secondary curriculum to students in the facility. For each school year, each school district must operate so that the facility provides for at least 180 days of instruction for students.
Students with Disabilities	The school district shall ensure that students with disabilities are provided instructional days commensurate with those provided to students without disabilities in accordance with requirements con- tained in 19 Administrative Code 89.1075(e).
	10 TAC 80 1801(~)

19 TAC 89.1801(g)

Denton ISD 061901	
INSTRUCTIONAL RES	OURCES EF (LEGAL)
School Library	A district possesses significant discretion to determine the content of its school libraries. A district must, however, exercise its discre- tion in a manner consistent with the First Amendment.
Removal of Library Materials	Students' First Amendment rights are implicated by the removal of books from the shelves of a school library. A district shall not re- move materials from a library for the purpose of denying students access to ideas with which the district disagrees. A district may re- move materials because they are pervasively vulgar or based solely upon the educational suitability of the books in question.
	<u>Bd. of Educ. v. Pico</u> , 457 U.S. 853 (1982)
Instructional Materials	Instructional materials selected for use in the public schools shall be furnished without cost to students attending those schools. Ex- cept as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may not charge a student for instructional material or technological equip- ment purchased by the district with the district's technology and in- structional materials allotment [see CMD]. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to review all teaching materials, instructional materials, and other teaching aids used in the classroom of the parent's child and to review each test administered to the child after the test is administered. A district shall make teaching materials and tests readily available for parental review and may specify reasonable hours for such review.
	A student's parent is entitled to request that a district allow the stu- dent to take home any instructional materials used by the student. Subject to the availability of the instructional materials, a district or school shall honor the request. A student who takes home instruc- tional materials must return the instructional materials to school at the beginning of the next school day if requested to do so by the student's teacher.
	A district must provide the instructional materials to the student in printed format if the student does not have reliable access to tech- nology at the student's home. This requirement does not require a district to purchase printed copies of instructional materials that the district would not otherwise purchase. A district may comply with this requirement by providing the student a printout of the relevant electronic instructional materials.

Education Code 26.006

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

who subr cond out f	student shall be required, as part of any program funded in le or in part by the U.S. Department of Education (DOE), to mit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information cerning the topics listed at Protected Information, below, with- the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or incipated minor), or, in the case of an unemancipated minor, out the prior written consent of the parent. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232h(b)</i>
tape tion fund spec	Instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, es, or other supplementary material, that will be used in connec- with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any program led in whole or in part by the U.S. DOE shall be available for in- ction by the parents or guardians of the children. 20 U.S.C. 2h(a)
Fun prog deve	ept as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b) [see U.S. DOE ded Surveys, above], as a condition of receiving funds for a gram funded in whole or in part by the U.S. DOE, a district shall elop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, pursuant 0 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1), regarding the following:
1.	The parent's right to inspect a survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed by a school to the student and any applicable procedures for granting a re- quest by a parent for reasonable access to such survey within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.
2.	A district's arrangements to protect student privacy in the event a survey containing one or more of the items listed un- der Protected Information, below, is administered or distrib- uted to a student.
3.	The parent's right to inspect any instructional material used in the educational curriculum for the student and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to instructional material within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.
4.	The administration of physical examinations or screenings that a district may administer to the student.
5.	The collection, disclosure, or use of personal information col- lected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. This provision does not apply to use of per- sonal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for or to students or educational institu- tions, such as recruiters, book clubs, curriculum and instruc- tional materials used by schools, sale by students of products
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INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

		or services to raise funds for school-related or education-re- lated activities, or student recognition programs.			
	6.	The parent's right to inspect any instrument used in collection of personal information in item 5 above, before the instrument is administered and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to such instrument within a reasonable period of time after the request is re- ceived.			
	dist	strict need not develop and adopt new policies if TEA or the rict had in place, on January 8, 2002, policies covering the re- ements of 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1). [See CRD, FFAA, FL, and G]			
Parental Notification	tinu enro	A district shall provide for reasonable notice of the adoption or con- tinued use of such policies directly to the parents of the students enrolled in schools served by the district. At a minimum, a district shall:			
	1.	Provide notice at least annually, at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable time after any substantive change in the policies; and			
	2.	Offer an opportunity for the parent to opt the student out of participation in an activity described below.			
	ally mat low,	A district shall directly notify the parent of a student, at least annu- ally at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approxi- mate dates during the school year when activities, described be- low, are scheduled or expected to be scheduled. The following activities require notification under this section:			
	1.	Activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of per- sonal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information.			
	2.	The administration of any survey containing one or more items described at Protected Information, below.			
	3.	Any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screen- ing that is required as a condition of attendance, administered and scheduled by the school in advance, and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student or of other students.			
	20 (U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1)–(4) [See FFAA]			
Protected Information	Prot	tected information addressed by 20 U.S.C. 1232h includes:			

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

		Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.	
	2.	Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.	
		Sex behavior and attitudes.	
	4.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.	
	5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships.	
	6.	Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers.	
	7.	Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.	
	8.	Income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assis- tance under such program).	
	20 U.S.C. 1232h(b), (c)(1)(B)		
"Personal Information" Defined	The term "personal information" means individually identifiable in- formation, including a student's:		
	1.	First and last name;	
	2.	Home or physical address, including street name and city or town;	
	3.	Telephone number; or	
	4.	Social security identification number.	
	00		

20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(6)(E)

Purpose	A primary purpose of the public school curriculum is to prepare thoughtful, active citizens who understand the importance of patri- otism and can function productively in a free enterprise society with appreciation for the basic democratic values of our state and na- tional heritage. A district shall foster the continuation of the tradition of teaching United States and Texas history and the free enterprise system in regular subject matter, in reading courses, and in the adoption of textbooks. <i>Education Code 28.002(h)</i>				
	As a condition of accreditation, a district shall provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels in the foundation and enrichment curriculum. <i>Education Code</i> 28.002(c); 19 TAC 74.1(b)				
	A district shall ensure that all children in the district participate ac- tively in a balanced curriculum designed to meet individual needs. <i>Education Code 28.002(g)</i>				
	Instruction may be provided in a variety of arrangements and set- tings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexible learning arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction for all student populations to support student attainment of course and grade-level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.2</i>				
Required Curriculum Foundation	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer a foundation curriculum that includes:				
Curriculum	1.	English language arts and reading;			
	2.	Mathematics;			
		matromatico,			
	3.	Science; and			
	3. 4.				
	4.	Science; and Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha-			
Enrichment Curriculum	4. <i>Edu</i> A di	Science; and Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha- sis on the free enterprise system and its benefits.			
	4. <i>Edu</i> A di	Science; and Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha- sis on the free enterprise system and its benefits. <i>Incation Code 28.002(a)(1); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(1)</i> strict that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer an			
	4. <i>Edu</i> A di enri	Science; and Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha- sis on the free enterprise system and its benefits. <i>Incation Code 28.002(a)(1); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(1)</i> strict that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer an chment curriculum that includes: Languages other than English, to the extent possible. Ameri- can Sign Language is a language for these purposes and the			

		b.	Mental health, including instruction about mental health conditions, substance abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making; and	
		C.	Suicide prevention, including recognizing suicide-related risk factors and warning signs;	
	3.	Phy	sical education;	
	4.	Fine	e Arts;	
	5.	Care	eer and technical education;	
	6.	Tecł	nnology applications;	
	7.	tame	gious literature, including the Hebrew Scriptures (Old Tes- ent) and New Testament, and its impact on history and lit- ure; and	
	8.	Pers	sonal financial literacy.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.002(a)(2), (e); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(2)	
Digital Citizenship	The State Board of Education by rule shall require each district to incorporate instruction in digital citizenship into the district's curriculum, including information regarding the potential criminal consequences of cyberbullying.			
	•		Ilying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code [See FFI]	
	"Digital citizenship" means the standards of appropriate, responsi- ble, and healthy online behavior, including the ability to access, an- alyze, evaluate, create, and act on all forms of digital communica- tion.			
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.002(z)	
Local Credit	tion omi	to the instr	may offer courses for local credit, at its discretion, in addi- ose in the required curriculum, but it may not delete or uction in the foundation and enrichment curricula speci- e. <i>Education Code 28.002(f); 19 TAC 74.1(b)</i>	
Local Instructional Plan		A district's local instructional plan may draw on state curriculum frameworks and program standards as appropriate. A district is en- couraged to exceed minimum requirements of law and State Board rule.		
Major Curriculum Initiatives	use		e adoption of a major curriculum initiative, including the curriculum management system, a district must use a pro- :	

	1.	Includes teacher input;	
	2.	Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the initiative; and	
	3.	Includes a meeting of the board at which information regard- ing the initiative is presented, including the cost of the initia- tive and any alternatives that were considered; and members of the public and district employees are given the opportunity to comment regarding the initiative.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(g)	
Common Core State Standards	A district may not use common core state standards to comply with the requirement to provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels. A district may not be required to offer any aspect of a common core state standards curriculum. "Common core state standards" means the national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initia- tive. <i>Education Code 28.002(b-1), (b-3), (b-4)</i>		
Scope and Sequence	a su 28.0 cien the e	dopting a recommended or designated scope and sequence for bject in the required curriculum under Education Code 02(a) in a particular grade level, a district shall ensure suffi- t time is provided for teachers to teach and students to learn essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level DG]. <i>Education Code 28.0027(a)</i>	
Coordinated Health Programs	TEA shall make available to a district one or more coordinated health programs or allow the development of district programs de- signed to prevent obesity, cardiovascular disease, oral disease, and type 2 diabetes in elementary, middle, and junior high school students. Each program must provide for coordinating:		
	1.	Health education, including oral health education;	
	2.	Physical education and physical activity;	
	3.	Nutrition services; and	
	4.	Parental involvement.	
	Education Code 38.013; 19 TAC 102.1031(a)		
	A district shall participate in appropriate training to implement TEA's coordinated health program and shall implement the pro- gram in each elementary, middle, and junior high school in the dis- trict. <i>Education Code 38.014</i>		
	Coordinated school health programs that are developed by district and that meet TEA criteria may be approved and made available as approved programs. Districts must use materials that are		
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	velc	ven effective, such as TEA-approved textbooks or materials deped by nationally recognized and/or government-approved ens. <i>19 TAC 102.1031(c)</i>			
Physical Education	trict lum opm eva mer	h district shall establish specific objectives and goals the dis- intends to accomplish through the physical education curricu- . The physical education curriculum must be sequential, devel- nentally appropriate, and designed, implemented, and luated to enable students to develop the motor, self-manage- nt, and other skills, knowledge, attitudes, and confidence neces- to participate in physical activity throughout life.			
	A physical education course shall:				
	1.	Offer students an opportunity to choose among many types of physical activity in which to participate;			
	2.	Offer students both cooperative and competitive games; and			
	3.	Be an enjoyable experience for students.			
	On a weekly basis, at least 50 percent of a physical education class shall be used for actual student physical activity and the ac- tivity shall be, to the extent practicable, at a moderate or vigorous level.				
Student/Teacher Ratio	The objectives and goals shall include, to the extent practicable, student/teacher ratios [see EEB] that are small enough to enable the district to:				
	1.	Carry out the purposes of and requirements for the physical education curriculum; and			
	2.	Ensure the safety of students participating in physical educa- tion.			
	If a district establishes a student to teacher ratio greater than 45 to 1 in a physical education class, the district shall specifically identify the manner in which the safety of the students will be maintained.				
	Edu	Education Code 25.114, 28.002(d); 19 TAC 74.37			
Classification for Physical Education	A district shall classify students for physical education on the basis of health into one of the following categories:				
	1.	Unrestricted—not limited in activities.			
	2.	Restricted—excludes the more vigorous activities. Restricted classification is of two types:			
		a. Permanent—A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to			

			the school as to the nature of the impairment and the expectations for physical activity for the student.
		b.	Temporary—Students may be restricted from physical activity of the physical education class. A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the temporary impairment and the expected amount of time for recovery. During recovery time, the student shall continue to learn the concepts of the lessons but shall not actively participate in the skill demonstration.
	3.	hibit	pted and remedial—specific activities prescribed or pro- ed for students as directed by a member of the healing licensed to practice in Texas.
	19 7	AC 7	4.31
School Health Advisory Council	(SH) ues <i>catio</i>	AC) to are re on Co	hall establish a local school health advisory council o assist the district in ensuring that local community val- eflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Edu- de 28.004(a)</i> [See BDF regarding composition of the d FFA regarding federal wellness requirements]
Duties	The SHAC's duties include recommending:		
	1.		number of hours of instruction to be provided in health cation;
	2.	for s vaso	cies, procedures, strategies, and curriculum appropriate pecific grade levels designed to prevent obesity, cardio- cular disease, type 2 diabetes, and mental health con- s, including suicide, through coordination of:
		a.	Health education;
		b.	Physical education and physical activity;
		C.	Nutrition services;
		d.	Parental involvement;
		e.	Instruction to prevent the use of e-cigarettes, as defined by Health and Safety Code 161.081, and tobacco;
		f.	School health services;
		g.	Counseling and guidance services;
		h.	A safe and healthy school environment; and
		i.	School employee wellness;

- 3. Appropriate grade levels and methods of instruction for human sexuality instruction;
- 4. Strategies for integrating the curriculum components specified by item 2, above, with the following elements in a coordinated school health program:
 - a. School health services,
 - b. Counseling and guidance services,
 - c. A safe and healthy school environment, and
 - d. School employee wellness;
- If feasible, joint use agreements or strategies for collaboration between the district and community organizations or agencies. Any agreement entered into based on a recommendation of the SHAC must address liability for the district and community organization;
- 6. Appropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regarding opioid addiction and abuse and methods for administering an opioid antagonist; and
- 7. Strategies to increase parental awareness regarding:
 - a. Risky behaviors and early warning signs of suicide risks and behavioral health concerns, including mental health disorders and substance abuse disorders; and
 - b. Available community programs and services that address risky behaviors, suicide risks, and behavioral health concerns.

Education Code 28.004(c), (n)

Policy Recommendations The SHAC shall consider and make policy recommendations to the district concerning the importance of daily recess for elementary school students. The SHAC must consider research regarding unstructured and undirected play, academic and social development, and the health benefits of daily recess in making the recommendations. The SHAC shall ensure that local community values are reflected in any policy recommendation made to the district concerning the importance of daily recess for elementary school students. *Education Code 28.004(l)*

> The SHAC shall make policy recommendations to the district to increase parental awareness of suicide-related risk factors and warning signs and available community suicide prevention services. *Education Code 28.004(o)*

	Content of Human Sexuality Instruction	The board shall determine the specific content of a district's in- struction in human sexuality. <i>Education Code</i> 28.004(h)			
		The board shall select any instruction relating to human sexuality, sexually transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) with the ad vice of the SHAC. The instruction must:			
		1.	Present abstinence as the preferred choice of behavior for un- married persons of school age;		
		2.	Devote more attention to abstinence than to any other behav- ior;		
		3.	Emphasize that abstinence is the only method that is 100 per- cent effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, infection with HIV or AIDS, and the emotional trauma associated with adolescent sexual activity;		
		4.	Direct adolescents to a standard of behavior in which absti- nence before marriage is the most effective way to prevent pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and infection with HIV or AIDS; and		
		5.	Teach contraception and condom use in terms of human use reality rates instead of theoretical laboratory rates, if instruc- tion on contraception and condoms is included in the curricu- lum.		
		Education Code 28.004(e)			
	Condoms	A district may not distribute condoms in connection with instruction relating to human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(f)</i>			
	Separate Classes	If a district provides human sexuality instruction, it may separat students according to sex for instructional purposes. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 28.004(g)</i> [See FB regarding single-sex classes under Tir IX]			
	Notice to Parents	Before each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a parent of each student enrolled in the district of the board's decision regarding whether the district will provide human sexuality instruction to district students. If instruction will be provided, the notice must include:			
		1.	A summary of the basic content of the district's human sexual- ity instruction to be provided to the student, including a state- ment informing the parent of the instructional requirements under state law;		
		2.	A statement of the parent's right to:		

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

		a.	Review curriculum materials as provided by Education Code 28.004(j); and			
		b.	Remove the student from any part of that instruction without subjecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the dis- trict or the student's school; and			
	3.	mer	rmation describing the opportunities for parental involve- at in the development of the curriculum to be used in hu- a sexuality instruction, including information regarding the AC.			
	-	A parent may use the grievance procedure at FNG concerning a complaint of a violation of notice requirements.				
	Edι	Education Code 28.004(i)–(i-1)				
Availability of Materials	ity i Coo	nstruc de 28.	shall make all curriculum materials used in human sexual- ction available for reasonable public inspection. <i>Education</i> 004(j) [See EFA regarding selection of curriculum materi- man sexuality instruction]			
Character Education		A district must adopt a character education program that includes the following positive character education traits:				
	1.	Cou	rage;			
	2.	Trus loya	stworthiness, including honesty, reliability, punctuality, and lty;			
	3.	Inte	grity;			
	4.	Res	pect and courtesy;			
	5.		ponsibility, including accountability, diligence, persever- e, and self-control;			
	6.	Fair	ness, including justice and freedom from prejudice;			
	7.		ng, including kindness, empathy, compassion, considera- , patience, generosity, and charity;			
	8.		d citizenship, including patriotism, concern for the com- good and the community, and respect for authority and law;			
	9.	Sch	ool pride; and			
	10.	Gra	titude.			
			ping or selecting a character education program under n Code 29.906, a district shall consult with a committee			

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

selected by the district that consists of parents of district students, educators, and other members of the community, including community leaders.

The provisions above do not require or authorize proselytizing or indoctrinating concerning any specific religious or political belief.

Education Code 29.906

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	BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMEHABREQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ELEMENTARY)(LEGAL)		
Essential Knowledge and Skills	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 5 must provide in- struction in the required curriculum as specified in 19 Administra- tive Code 74.1 (Essential Knowledge and Skills).		
	A district shall ensure that sufficient time is provided for te teach and students to learn English language arts, mathe science, social studies, fine arts, health, physical education nology applications, and to the extent possible, languages than English.	matics, on, tech-	
	19 TAC 74.2		
Daily Physical Activity	A district shall require students in kindergarten through gr participate in moderate or vigorous daily physical activity least 30 minutes throughout the school year, as part of the physical education program or through structured activity campus's daily recess.	for at e district's	
	If a district determines, for any particular grade level, that moderate or vigorous daily physical activity is impractical scheduling concerns or other factors, the district may as a native require a student in that grade level to participate in ate or vigorous physical activity for at least 135 minutes d each school week.	due to an alter- n moder-	
	A district must provide an exemption for a student who is participate in the required physical activity because of illne disability.		
	Education Code 28.002(I)		
Grade 6 Fine Arts	A district that provides instruction for grade 6 in a self-con ementary class as part of elementary school shall provide tion for students in grade 6 in all of the Middle School 1 T art, dance, music, and theatre as specified in 19 Administ Code Chapter 117. <i>Education Code 28.002(c-1); 19 TAC</i>	e instruc- EKS for rative	
Kindergarten– Grade 3 Reading Program	A district shall provide for the use of a phonics curriculum systematic direct instruction in kindergarten through third ensure all students obtain necessary early literacy skills.		
	A district shall certify to the Texas Education Agency (TEA district prioritizes placement of highly effective teachers in garten through second grade and has integrated reading ments used to diagnose reading development and compr to support each student in prekindergarten through third g	n kinder- instru- ehension	
	<i>Education Code 28.0062(a)(1), (a)(3)</i> [See DMA for early personnel requirements]	literacy	

	12 r and mar four	Trses in the foundation and enrichment curriculum in grades must be provided in a manner that allows all grade promotion high school graduation requirements to be met in a timely mer. A district is not required to offer a specific course in the indation and enrichment curriculum except as specified in Administrative Code 74.3. <i>19 TAC 74.3(c)</i>	on
Grades 6–8	quir latir suff lear at le thea to th dist sett lear for a	strict that offers grades 6–8 must provide instruction in the ed curriculum as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.1, ing to essential knowledge and skills. A district must ensure the is provided for teachers to teach and for student in English language arts, mathematics, science, social stude east one of the four disciplines in fine arts (art, dance, musice atre), health, physical education, technology applications, a ne extent possible, languages other than English. The schorict may provide instruction in a variety of arrangements and ings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexing arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction and student populations to support student attainment of cours grade level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.3(a)(1)</i>	re- that s to ies, c, nd ol d tible tion
Physical Activity Requirements	A district shall require students in grades 6–8 to participate in merate or vigorous daily physical activity for at least 30 minutes for a semesters during those grade levels as part of the district's physical education curriculum.		for at
	grao pate	strict may as an alternative require a student enrolled in a de level for which the district uses block scheduling to partic e in moderate or vigorous physical activity for at least 225 utes during each period of two school weeks.	ci-
Exemptions	A di	strict must provide an exemption for:	
	1.	A student who is unable to participate in the required physactivity because of illness or disability; and	sical
	2.	A student who participates in an extracurricular activity wi moderate or vigorous physical activity component that is o sidered a structured activity and meets the requirements the extracurricular activity as defined at 19 Administrative Coo 76.1001.	con- for
	ior ł an a	strict may allow an exemption for a student on a middle or j nigh school campus participating in a school-related activity activity sponsored by a private league or club only if that ac ets each of the following requirements:	or
	1.	The activity must be structured;	
	2.	The board must certify the activity; and	
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		3.	The student must provide proof of participation in the activity.				
			A "structured activity" is an activity that meets, at a minimum, each of the following requirements:				
		1.	The activity is based on the grade appropriate movement, physical activity and health, and social development strands of the essential knowledge and skills for physical education specified in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 116; and				
		2.	The activity is organized and monitored by school personnel or by appropriately trained instructors who are part of a pro- gram that has been certified by the board.				
		Edι	ıcation Code 28.002(I)–(I-1); 19 TAC 103.1003				
	Fine Arts Requirement		The school district must ensure that, beginning with students who enter grade 6 in the 2010–11 school year, each student completes one Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills-based fine arts course in grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8. <i>Education Code 28.002(c-1); 19</i> <i>TAC 74.3(a)(2)</i>				
	opp in fi fine upo	A district shall offer and maintain evidence that students have the opportunity to take courses in at least three of the four disciplines in fine arts. The requirement to offer three of the four disciplines in fine arts may be reduced to two by the commissioner of education upon application of a school district with a total middle school enrollment of less than 250 students. <i>19 TAC 74.3(a)(3)</i>					
Instruction in High School, College, and Career	pre	Each district shall provide instruction to students in grade 7 or 8 in preparing for high school, college, and a career. The instruction must include information regarding:					
Prep	aration	1.	The creation of a high school personal graduation plan under Education Code 28.02121;				
		2.	The distinguished level of achievement described by Educa- tion Code 28.025(b-15);				
		3.	Each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1);				
		4.	College readiness standards; and				
	5.	Potential career choices and the education needed to enter those careers.					
		in th istir of E	strict may provide the instruction as part of an existing course ne required curriculum; provide the instruction as part of an ex- ng career and technology course designated by the State Board ducation (SBOE) as appropriate for that purpose; or establish a v elective course through which to provide the instruction.				
		Edı	ication Code 28.016				

High School Courses at Earlier Grades	A district may offer courses designated for grades 9–12 in earlier grade levels. <i>19 TAC 74.26(b)</i>			
Grades 9–12 Course Offerings	A district that offers grades 9–12 shall provide instruction in the re- quired curriculum as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.1. A district shall ensure that sufficient time is provided for teachers to teach and for students to learn the subjects in the required curricu- lum. 19 TAC 74.3(b)(1)			
	A district shall offer the courses listed below in grades 9–12 and shall maintain evidence that students have the opportunity to take these courses:			
	1.	-	ish language arts — English I, II, III, IV, and at least one tional advanced English course.	
	2.		nematics — Algebra I, Algebra II, Geometry, Precalculus, Mathematical Models with Applications.	
	3.	istry, lecte Sciel Adva Anat Solvi ogy,	nce — Integrated Physics and Chemistry, Biology, Chem- Physics, and at least two additional science courses se- d from Aquatic Science, Astronomy, Earth and Space nce, Environmental Systems, Advanced Animal Science, anced Biotechnology, Advanced Plant and Soil Science, omy and Physiology, Engineering Design and Problem ing, Food Science, Forensic Science, Medical Microbiol- Pathophysiology, Scientific Research and Design, and ciples of Engineering.	
		a.	The requirement to offer two additional courses may be reduced to one by the commissioner upon application of a district with a total high school enrollment of less than 500 students.	
		b.	Science courses shall include at least 40 percent hands- on laboratory investigations and field work using appro- priate scientific inquiry.	
	4.	Worl ogra	al studies — United States History Studies Since 1877, d History Studies, United States Government, World Ge- phy Studies, Personal Financial Literacy, and Economics Emphasis on the Free Enterprise System and Its Bene-	
	5.	Phys	sical education — at least two of the following:	
		a.	Foundations of Personal Fitness;	
		b.	Adventure/Outdoor Education;	
		C.	Aerobic Activities; or	

- d. Team or Individual Sports.
- 6. Fine arts courses selected from at least two of the four fine arts areas (art, music, theatre, and dance) as follows:
 - a. Art I, II, III, IV;
 - b. Music I, II, III, IV;
 - c. Theatre I, II, III, IV; or
 - d. Dance I, II, III, IV.
- 7. Career and technical education [see EEL] coherent sequences of courses selected from at least three of the following 16 career clusters:
 - a. Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources;
 - b. Architecture and Construction;
 - c. Arts, Audio/Video Technology, and Communications;
 - d. Business Management and Administration;
 - e. Education and Training;
 - f. Finance;
 - g. Government and Public Administration;
 - h. Health Science;
 - i. Hospitality and Tourism;
 - j. Human Services;
 - k. Information Technology;
 - I. Law, Public Safety, Corrections, and Security;
 - m. Manufacturing;
 - n. Marketing;
 - o. Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics; and
 - p. Transportation, Distribution, and Logistics.
- 8. Languages other than English Levels I, II, and III or higher of the same language.
- Technology applications Computer Science I and Computer Science II or Advanced Placement (AP) Computer Science and at least two of the following:

- a. Computer Science III;
- b. Digital Art and Animation;
- c. Digital Communications in the 21st Century;
- d. Digital Design and Media Production;
- e. Digital Forensics;
- f. Digital Video and Audio Design;
- g. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Science;
- h. Fundamentals of Computer Science;
- i. Game Programming and Design;
- j. Independent Study in Evolving/Emerging Technologies;
- k. Independent Study In Technology Applications;
- I. Mobile Application Development;
- m. Robotics Programming and Design;
- n. 3-D Modeling and Animation;
- o. Web Communications;
- p. Web Design; and
- q. Web Game Development.
- 10. Speech Communications Applications.
- 11. Each district shall provide an elective course in personal financial literacy that meets the requirements for a one-half elective credit, using materials approved by the SBOE. The instruction in personal financial literacy must include instruction on completing the application for federal student aid provided by the Department of Education. In fulfilling the requirement to provide financial literacy instruction, a district may use an existing state, federal, private, or nonprofit program that provides students without charge the described instruction.

19 TAC 74.3(b)(2); Education Code 28.0021(b)

A district must provide each student the opportunity each year to select courses in which he or she intends to participate from a list that includes all courses listed above. If a district will not offer all required courses every year, but intends to offer particular courses only every other year, it must notify all enrolled students of that fact.

	take con ass use Coo	strict shall teach any course a student is specifically required to e for high school graduation at least once in any two secutive school years. For a subject that has an end-of-course essment, a district shall either teach the course every year or alternate delivery systems, as described in 19 Administrative de Chapter 74, Subchapter C, to enable students to earn credit the course and shall maintain evidence thereof.
	19	TAC 74.3(b)(4)
	cou	strict may offer additional courses from the complete list of rses approved by the SBOE to satisfy graduation requirements. <i>TAC 74.3(b)(3)</i>
		strict may allow a student to enroll concurrently in Algebra I and metry. <i>Education Code 28.025(b-6)</i>
Applied Courses	mai the iste	chool district may offer the foundation curriculum in an applied oner. The courses delivered in an applied manner must cover essential knowledge and skills, and the student shall be admin- red the applicable end-of-course assessment instrument. <i>Edu- on Code 28.025(b-4)</i>
Research Writing Component	yea req Dist	students entering grade 9 beginning with the 2007–08 school r, districts must ensure that one or more courses offered in the uired curriculum for the Recommended and Advanced/ inguished Achievement High School Programs include a re- rch writing component. <i>19 TAC 74.3(b)(5)</i>
Parenting Awareness Program High School		strict shall use the parenting and paternity awareness program eloped by the SBOE in its high school health curriculum.
Middle and Junior High School		strict may use the program in the district's middle or junior high ool curriculum.
Program Requirements	mei to a	lementation of this requirement shall comply with the require- nt that the board establish a local school health advisory council ssist the district in ensuring that local community values are re- ted in the district's health education instruction.
		strict may add elements at its discretion but must include the owing areas of instruction:
	1.	Parenting skills and responsibilities, including child support;
	2.	Relationship skills, including money management, communi- cation, and marriage preparation; and

	3.	Skills relating to the prevention of family violence, only if the district's middle, junior high, or high schools do not have a family violence program.		
		ne discretion of the district, a teacher may modify the sug- ted sequence and pace of the program at any grade level.		
Local Programs and Materials	ricu ope	A district may develop or adopt research-based programs and cur- riculum materials for use in conjunction with the program devel- oped by the SBOE. The programs and curriculum materials may provide instruction in:		
	1.	Child development;		
	2.	Parenting skills, including child abuse and neglect prevention; and		
	3.	Assertiveness skills to prevent teenage pregnancy, abusive relationships, and family violence.		
Parent Permission	with	A student under 14 years of age may not participate in the program without the permission of the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student.		
	Edu	Education Code 28.002(p); 19 TAC 74.35(a)		
Alcohol Awareness Instruction	 A district shall incorporate instruction in the dangers, causes, cor sequences, signs, symptoms, and treatment of binge drinking an alcohol poisoning into any course meeting a requirement for a health education credit. A district shall choose an evidence-based alcohol awareness program to use in the district's middle school, junior high school, and high school health curriculum from a list of programs approved b the commissioner for this purpose. 			
	prao dela that	dence-based alcohol awareness program" means a program, ctice, or strategy that has been proven to effectively prevent or ay alcohol use among students, as determined by evaluations use valid and reliable measures and that are published in r-reviewed journals.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(r); 19 TAC 74.35(b)		
CPR Instruction	and grao tion	all students who entered grade 7 in the 2010–11 school year thereafter, a district shall provide instruction to students in des 7–12 in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). The instruc- may be provided as a part of any course. A student shall re- re the instruction at least once before graduation from high pool.		

	CPR instruction must include training that has been developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross or us- ing nationally recognized, evidence-based guidelines for emer- gency cardiovascular care and incorporating psychomotor skills to support the instruction.			
	A district may use emergency medical technicians, paramedics, police officers, firefighters, representatives of the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, teachers, other school employees, or other similarly qualified individuals to provide in- struction and training. Instruction is not required to result in CPR certification. If instruction is intended to result in certification, the course instructor must be authorized to provide the instruction by the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a sim- ilar nationally recognized association; otherwise, an instructor is not required to be certified in CPR.			
Waivers for Students with Disabilities	A district may waive this requirement for a student who, due to a disability, is unable to complete the instruction. The determination regarding a student's ability to complete the CPR requirement must be made by:			
	 The student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) com- mittee if the student receives special education services un- der Education Code, Chapter 29, Subchapter A; or 			
	2. The committee established for the student under Section 504, if the student does not receive special education services, but is covered by Section 504.			
	Education Code 28.0023 (c)–(e), (g); 19 TAC 74.38			
Donations	A district may accept from TEA donations the agency receives un- der Education Code 7.026 for use in providing instruction to stu- dents in the principles and techniques of CPR. A district may ac- cept other donations, including donations of equipment, for use in providing CPR instruction. <i>Education Code 29.903</i>			
Proper Interaction with a Peace Officer	For any student entering grade 9 in the 2018–19 school year and thereafter, a district shall provide instruction in one or more courses to students in grades 9–12 on proper interaction with peace officers during traffic stops and other in-person encounters. The required instruction may be provided as part of any course or courses and must be provided to each student at least once before graduation from high school.			
	The instruction must include all the information required by 19 Ad ministrative Code 74.39(b). A district shall use materials develope through a memorandum of understanding among the Texas Com mission on Law Enforcement, the State Board of Education, and			
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the Texas Education Agency. A district may tailor the instruction developed under this section as appropriate for the district's community. In tailoring the instruction, the district shall solicit input from local law enforcement agencies, driver training schools, and the community.

A district shall clearly indicate on the transcript or academic achievement record the year in which the instruction was provided to the student.

19 TAC 74.39; Education Code 28.012

Denton ISD 061901

SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION		EHBA (LEGAL)
	Note:	The policies in the EHBA series are statements of princi- ples governing special education programs for Texas school districts. In no way are these policies intended to cover the entire scope and detail involved in administer- ing any special education program.
Nondiscrimination	be exclu erwise k program	ified student with a disability shall, on the basis of disability, uded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or oth- be subjected to discrimination under any district service, n, or activity. <i>42 U.S.C. 12132; 29 U.S.C. 794(a); 34 C.F.R.</i>) [See also FB]
Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)	propriat regular tion thro by the p	students with disabilities shall enjoy the right to a free ap- e public education, which may include instruction in the classroom, instruction through special teaching, or instruc- ough approved contracts. Instruction shall be supplemented provision of related services when appropriate. <i>Education</i> 9.003(a)
	•	ppropriate public education" (FAPE) means special educa- related services that:
		ve been provided at public expense, under public supervi- n and direction, and without charge;
		eet standards set out by TEA;
		clude an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or sec- dary school education; and
		e provided in conformity with the student's individualized ucation program (IEP).
	20 U.S.	C. 1401(9); 34 C.F.R. 300.13, .17, .36
Least Restrictive Environment	children tutions of are not moval o ronmen ity is sup supplen	t shall ensure that, to the maximum extent appropriate, with disabilities, including children in public or private insti- or other care facilities, shall be educated with children who disabled. Special classes, separate schooling, or other re- f children with disabilities from the regular educational envi- t shall occur only when the nature or severity of the disabil- ch that education in regular classes with the use of nentary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily. <i>C. 1412(a)(5); 34 C.F.R. 300.114(a)(2)</i>
Discipline	in accor	plinary actions regarding students with disabilities shall be dance with federal requirements, Education Code Chapter 19 Administrative Code 89.1053. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(k)</i> [See

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION		EHBA (LEGAL)
Instructional Arrangements and Settings	ual	ructional arrangements/settings shall be based on the individ- needs and IEPs of eligible students receiving special education vices and shall include the following:
	1.	Mainstream: providing services in a regular classroom;
	2.	Homebound: providing services at home or hospital bedside;
	3.	Hospital class: providing services in a classroom, hospital fa- cility, or residential care and treatment facility not operated by a district;
	4.	Speech therapy: providing speech therapy services in a regu- lar education classroom or other setting;
	5.	Resource room/services: providing services in a setting other than the regular classroom for less than 50 percent of the regular school day;
	6.	Self-contained (mild, moderate, or severe) regular campus: providing services to a student who is in a self-contained pro- gram for 50 percent or more of the regular school day on a regular school campus;
	7.	Off-home campus: providing services to nondistrict students in a single location, through district personnel at a nondistrict facility, or at a district campus that provides only special edu- cation and related services;
	8.	Nonpublic day school: providing services through a contrac- tual agreement with a nonpublic school for special education;
	9.	Vocational adjustment class/program: providing services to a student who is placed on a job (paid or unpaid) with regularly scheduled direct involvement by special education personnel in the implementation of the student's IEP;
	10.	Residential care and treatment facility (not district resident): providing services to students who reside in care and treat- ment facilities and whose parents do not reside within the boundaries of the district; or
	11.	State supported living center: providing services to a student who resides at a state supported living center when the ser- vices are provided at the state supported living center loca- tion.
Other Program Options	spe	er program options that may be considered for the delivery of cial education and related services to a student include con- ts with other districts and programs approved by TEA.
	19	TAC 89.63(c), (f)

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION	EHBA (LEGAL)
Related Services Definition	"Related services" means transportation, and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services as may be required to as- sist a child with a disability to benefit from special education, in- cluding the early identification and assessment of disabling condi- tions in children.
	The term includes speech-language pathology and audiology ser- vices, interpreting services, psychological services, physical and occupational therapy, recreation, including therapeutic recreation, social work services, school nurse services designed to enable a child with a disability to receive FAPE as described in the child's IEP, counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling, orien- tation and mobility services, and medical services, except that medical services shall be for diagnostic and evaluation purposes only.
	The term does not include a medical device that is surgically im- planted, the optimization of the device's functioning, or the replace- ment of such device.
	20 U.S.C. 1401(26); 34 C.F.R. 300.34
Extended School Year Services	Extended school year (ESY) services are defined as individualized instructional programs beyond the regular school year for eligible students with disabilities.
	A district shall ensure that ESY services are available as necessary to provide a student with a disability with FAPE.
	ESY services must be provided only if the ARD committee deter- mines, on an individual basis, that the services are necessary for FAPE. A district may not limit ESY services to particular categories of disability or unilaterally limit the type, amount, or duration of ESY services.
	34 C.F.R. 300.106; 19 TAC 89.1065

Denton ISD 061901				
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHB.STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT(LEG.)				
Private School— District Placed Student Receives IEP	If a district places a child with a disability in a private school cility, or refers the child to a private school or facility, as a m carrying out the requirements of the special education laws district shall ensure that the child is provided special education related services, in accordance with an individualized educe program (IEP), at no cost to the parents. 20 U.S.C. $1412(a)(10)(B)(i)$	neans of , the tion and		
Private School— Parent Placed	When a parentally placed child with a disability is referred to trict, the district shall convene an admission, review, and di (ARD) committee to determine whether the district can offer child a free appropriate public education (FAPE). If the district termines that it can offer FAPE, it is not responsible for pro- educational services to the child, except that the district mu- velop and implement an individualized services plan (ISP). 89.1096(b)	smissal r the rict de- viding ıst de-		
Offer of FAPE Rejected <i>Student Receives</i> <i>ISP</i>	If a district made FAPE available to a child with a disability parents elected to place the child in a private school or faci district is not required to pay for the cost of education, inclus special education and related services. However, the district develop and implement an ISP. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(10)(C)(i) 34 C.F.R. 300.148(a)	lity, the iding ct must		
FAPE Offered but Not Provided <i>Reimbursement</i>	If the parents of a child with a disability, who previously rec special education and related services under the authority trict, enroll the child in a private school without the consent ral by the district, a court or a hearing officer may require the trict to reimburse the parents for the cost of that enrollment court or hearing officer finds that the district had not made available to the child in a timely manner before the enrollment right of reimbursement is subject to the notice and other re- ments set forth at 34 C.F.R. 300.148(d). 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(10)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.148(c)	of a dis- or refer- ne dis- if the FAPE ent. This		
Home School Students	A home school student is considered a private school stude purposes of a district's obligations under IDEA, if the home provides elementary or secondary education that incorpora adopted curriculum designed to meet basic educational go cluding scope and sequence of courses, and formal review documentation of student progress. <i>19 TAC 89.1096(a)(2)</i>	school ites an als, in-		
Individualized Services Plan (ISP)	Each parentally placed private school child with a disability has been designated to receive services shall have an ISP scribes the specific special education and related services district will provide the child.	that de-		
	Parentally placed private school children with disabilities m ceive a different amount of services than children with disa	•		

SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

	public schools. No parentally placed private school child has an in- dividual right to receive some or all of the special education and re- lated services that the child would receive if enrolled in a public school.				
	Decisions about the services that will be provided must be made in accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.134(c) (consultation process) and 300.137(c) (attendance of private school representatives at services plan committee meetings). A district must make the final decisions with respect to the services to be provided.				
	34 C.F.R. 300.137, .138				
Dual Enrollment	Parents shall have the right to "dual enroll" an eligible student age three or four in both the public school and a private school begin- ning on the student's third birthday and continuing until the end of the school year in which the student turns five, or until the student is eligible to attend a district's kindergarten program, whichever comes first, subject to the following:				
	 The student's ARD committee shall develop an IEP designed to provide the student with FAPE in the least restrictive envi- ronment (LRE). 				
	2. From the IEP, the parent and the district shall determine which special education and/or related services will be provided to the student and the location where those services will be provided, based on the requirements concerning placement in the LRE and the policies and procedures of the district.				
	3. The district shall be responsible for employing and supervis- ing the personnel providing the service, providing the needed instructional materials, and maintaining pupil accounting rec- ords. Materials and services provided shall be consistent with those provided for students enrolled only in the public school and shall remain the property of the district.				
	19 TAC 89.1096(c)				
Responsible District	The district where a student resides is responsible for providing special education and related services to a student whose parents choose dual enrollment.				
	If the parents decline dual enrollment, but request an ISP, the dis- trict where the private school is located is responsible for develop- ment of the ISP for a student designated to receive services.				

19 TAC 89.1096(c), (d)

SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

Transportation	If a student has been placed by his or her parents in a private school or facility, a district shall provide special transportation with federal funds only when the ARD committee determines that the condition of the student warrants the service in order for the student to receive the special education and related services (if any) set forth in the IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1096(e)</i>
District Charter Schools	A district shall serve children with disabilities attending district char- ter schools in the same manner as it serves children with disabili- ties in its other schools and shall provide federal special education funds to those schools in the same manner as it provides those funds to its other schools. 20 U.S.C. $1413(a)(5)$; $34 C.F.R.$ 300.209(b)
Residential Facilities Identification of Students	If a residential facility that is licensed by appropriate state agencies is located within the district's boundaries, the district must provide special education and related services to eligible students residing in the facility.
	If, after contacting the facility to offer services to eligible students with disabilities, a district determines that educational services are provided through a charter school, approved non-public school, or a facility operated private school, the district is not required to pro- vide services. However, a district shall annually contact the facility to offer services to eligible students with disabilities.
	19 TAC 89.1001(c)
District Placements	A district may contract with a public or private facility, institution, or agency inside or outside of Texas for residential placement for a student with a disability when the ARD committee determines that a residential placement is necessary for the student to receive FAPE. Contracts for residential placement must be approved by the commissioner. <i>Education Code 29.008(a); 19 TAC 89.61(a)</i>
	If placement in a public or private residential program is necessary to provide special education and related services, the program, including non-medical care and room and board, must be at no cost to the parents. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.104</i>
	If a district contracts for education services, rather than providing the services itself, it shall oversee the implementation of the student's IEP and shall annually reevaluate the appropriateness of the arrangement. <i>Education Code 29.008(d)</i>
	Further, a district shall have the responsibilities set forth at 19 Ad- ministrative Code 89.61 regarding students in residential place- ments.

SPECIAL EDUCATION STUDENTS IN NONDISTRICT PLACEMENT

Out-of-State Placements	If a district contracts for an out-of-state residential placement, it shall do so in accordance with the rules for in-state residential placement, except that the facility shall be approved by the appropriate agency in the state in which the facility is located rather than by the Texas commissioner of education. <i>19 TAC 89.61(c)(3)</i>					
School for the Blind and Visually Impaired and School for the Deaf	A district shall share the cost of education (excluding the summer program) for each of its students enrolled in the Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired or Texas School for the Deaf.					
	eduo with rega	Before considering the student's educational placement for special education services, a district shall provide each parent of a student with visual or auditory impairments the following written information regarding the Texas School for the Deaf or Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired:				
	1.	The availability of programs offered.				
	2.	The eligibility and admissions requirements.				
	3.	The student's rights to admission and to appeal admission de- cisions.				
	Edu	Education Code 30.003(a), .004(a); 19 TAC 89.62				
	A district may request services through the Texas School for the Blind and Visually Impaired or the Texas School for the Deaf in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1085. <i>19 TAC 89.1085</i>					
Adult Prisons	If a child with a disability is convicted as an adult under state law and incarcerated in an adult prison, the child's ARD committee may modify the child's IEP or placement, notwithstanding the LRE re- quirements, if the state has demonstrated a bona fide security or compelling penological interest that cannot otherwise be accom- modated.					
	The following requirements do not apply to children with disabilities who are convicted as adults under state law and incarcerated in adult prisons:					
	1.	Federal requirements pertaining to participation of students with disabilities in general assessments;				
	2.	Requirements concerning transition planning and transition services, if the children's eligibility will end, because of their age, before they will be released from prison.				
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(7)					

Procedural Safeguards	A district shall establish and maintain procedures to ensure that children with disabilities and their parents are guaranteed proce- dural safeguards with respect to the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE). <i>20 U.S.C. 1415(a)</i>
	These procedures shall include the following:
	1. An opportunity for the parents to review all education records and to participate in meetings relating to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the child and the provision of FAPE to the child. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.501</i>
	2. An opportunity for the parents to obtain an independent edu- cational evaluation of the child. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.502</i>
	3. Protecting the rights of a child when no parent can be identi- fied, a district cannot locate the parents, or the child is a ward of the state, which may include the assignment of an individ- ual to act as a surrogate parent. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.519</i>
	4. Prior written notice to the parents when a district proposes to initiate or change, or refuses to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of FAPE to the child. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.503</i> [See Prior Notice and Consent, below]
	5. Procedures to allow parties to resolve disputes through a me- diation process. 34 C.F.R. 300.506
	 An opportunity for any party to file a due process complaint or any matter relating to the identification, evaluation, or educa- tional placement of the child, or the provision of FAPE to the child. [See Dispute Resolution, below] 34 C.F.R. 300.507
	7. Procedures that require either party, or the attorney repre- senting a party, to provide to the other party a due process complaint (which shall remain confidential). <i>34 C.F.R. 300.508</i>
Consent	Consent means that:
	 The parent has been fully informed of all information relevant to the activity for which consent is sought, in his or her native language, or other mode of communication;
	 The parent understands and agrees in writing to the activity for which his or her consent is sought, and the consent de- scribes that activity and lists the records (if any) that will be released and to whom; and

	3.	The parent understands that the granting of consent is volun- tary on the part of the parent and may be revoked at any time. A revocation of consent is not retroactive.		
		If the parent revokes consent in writing for his or her child's receipt of services after the child is initially provided special education and related services, the district is not required to amend the child's education records to remove any references to the child's receipt of services because of the revocation of consent.		
	34 (C.F.R. 300.9		
Language of Notices	be w notic othe	procedural safeguards and prior notices described below must vritten in language understandable to the general public. The ce must be provided in the native language of the parent or mode of communication used by the parent, unless it is rly not feasible to do so. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.503(c), .504(d)</i>		
Electronic Delivery of Notices	A parent may elect to receive the procedural safeguards notice, prior notice, or notice of due process complaint by electronic mail if a district makes that option available. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.505</i>			
Procedural Safeguards Notice	A district shall provide a copy of the procedural safeguards to par- ents only one time a year, except that a copy also shall be given to the parents:			
	1.	Upon initial referral or parental request for evaluation;		
	2.	Upon receipt of the first state complaint and upon receipt of the first due process complaint in a school year;		
	3.	On the date of a decision to make a disciplinary removal that is a change in placement; and		
	4.	Upon request by a parent.		
		strict may place a current copy of the procedural safeguards ce on its website, if it has one.		
Contents of Notice	The notice shall include a full explanation of the procedural safe- guards relating to:			
	1.	Independent educational evaluations;		
	2.	Prior written notice;		
	3.	Parental consent;		
	4.	Access to educational records;		

	5.	Opportunity to present and resolve complaints through the due process complaint and state complaint procedures, in cluding:	
		a.	The time period in which to file a complaint;
		b.	The opportunity for the district to resolve the complaint; and
		C.	The difference between the due process complaint and the state complaint procedures, including the jurisdiction of each procedure, what issues may be raised, filing and decisional timelines, and relevant procedures.
	6.	The	availability of mediation;
	7.		child's placement during pendency of any due process eedings;
	8.		edures for children who are subject to placement in an in- alternative educational setting;
	9.		uirements for unilateral placement by parents of children ivate schools at public expense;
	10.		ings on due process complaints, including requirements isclosure of evaluation results and recommendations;
	11.		actions, including the time period in which to file such ac- ; and
	12.	Attor	neys' fees.
	20 U	.S.C.	1415(a)–(b), (d); 34 C.F.R. 300.504
Prior Notice and Consent	A district shall provide prior written notice to the parents a reasonable time before the district proposes to initiate or change, or re- fuses to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or educa- tional placement of a child or the provision of FAPE to the child. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 300.503(a)		
	guag befo	je or re the	ist be provided to the parent in the parent's native lan- other mode of communication at least five school days e school district proposes or refuses the action unless the rees to a shorter time frame. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(h)</i>
Contents of Notice	The notice must include:		e must include:
	1.	A de	scription of the action proposed or refused by the district;
	2.		xplanation of why the district proposes or refuses to take action;

	3.	A description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, rec- ord, or report the district used as a basis for the proposed or refused action;				
	4.	A statement that the parents have protection under the proce- dural safeguards and, if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a copy of the procedural safe- guards can be obtained;				
	5.	Sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in under- standing the Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA) rules;				
	6.	A description of other options the admission, review, and dis- missal (ARD) committee [see EHBAB] considered and the reasons why those options were rejected; and				
	7.	A description of other factors that are relevant to the district's proposal or refusal.				
	34 C	C.F.R. 300.503(b)				
Consent to Initial Evaluation	Before a district conducts an initial evaluation, it shall provide prior written notice, including a description of any evaluation the district proposes to conduct, and obtain informed consent for the evaluation from the parents. 20 U.S.C. $1414(a)(1)(D)$, (E); 34 C.F.R. $300.304(a)$					
Consent to Services	A district shall seek informed consent from the parent before providing special education and related services to a child. <i>20 U.S.C. 1414(a)(1)(D)</i> [See EHBAA]					
Consent to Reevaluation	A district shall obtain informed parental consent before conducting any reevaluation of a child with a disability, except that such in- formed parental consent need not be obtained if the district can demonstrate that it has taken reasonable measures to obtain such consent and the parent has failed to respond. 20 U.S.C. $1414(c)(3)$					
Psychological Examinations and Tests	On request of a child's parent, before obtaining the parent's cor sent for the administration of any psychological examination or to the child as part of the evaluation of the child's need for spec education, a district shall provide to the child's parent:					
	1.	The name and type of the examination or test; and				
	2.	An explanation of how the examination or test will be used to develop an appropriate individualized education program (IEP) for the child.				
	If a district determines that an additional examination or test is re- quired for the evaluation of a child's need for special education, the district shall provide the information above to the parent regarding					

		the additional examination or test and shall obtain additional con- sent for the examination of test.				
	Education Code 29.0041(a), (b)					
Dianuta Baselution						
Dispute Resolution	pare or e	The possible options for resolving disputes that arise between a parent and a school district relating to the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of or the provision of FAPE to a student with a disability include, but are not limited to:				
	1.	ARD committee meetings, including IEP facilitation if offered by the district, under 19 Administrative Code 89.1196;				
	2.	Meetings or conferences with the student's teachers;				
	3.	Meetings or conferences, subject to the district's policies, with the campus principal, special education director, superinten- dent, or board;				
	4.	Requesting state IEP facilitation in accordance with 19 Admin- istrative Code 89.1197;				
	5.	Requesting mediation through the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1193;				
	6.	Filing a complaint with TEA in accordance with 19 Administra- tive Code 89.1195; or				
	7.	Requesting a due process hearing through TEA in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1151–.1191.				
	19 TAC 89.1150					
Due Process Complaint	Whenever a due process complaint has been received by a district, the parent shall have an opportunity for an impartial due process hearing, which shall be conducted by an impartial hearing officer selected by TEA. [For TEA rules on due process hearings, see 19 Administrative Code 89.1151–.1191.]					
Timeline	Such due process complaint must set forth an alleged violation that occurred not more than one year before the date the parent knew or should have known about the alleged action that forms the basis of the complaint.					
	20 U.S.C. 1415(f)(1)(A); 19 TAC 89.1151(c), .1170(a)					
Exception		s timeline shall not apply if the parent was prevented from re- sting a hearing due to:				
	1.	A specific misrepresentation by a district that it had resolved the problem forming the basis of the complaint; or				

	2. A district's withholding of information from the parent that the district was required by the IDEA to provide.
	20 U.S.C. 1415(f)(3)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.511(f), 19 TAC 89.1151(d)
"Stay Put"	During the pendency of any proceeding conducted under IDEA part B (except proceedings to challenge a disciplinary change of placement or manifestation determination), the child shall remain in the then-current educational placement unless the district and the parent agree otherwise. If the child is applying for initial admission to a public school, the child shall, with the consent of the parents, be placed in the public school program until all proceedings have been completed. <i>20 U.S.C. 1415(j); 34 C.F.R. 300.518, .533</i>
Exception	When a due process hearing has been requested by a parent or district concerning a disciplinary change of placement or manifestation determination, the child shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the child's assignment to the alternative setting, or the 45-day time line, if applicable, whichever occurs first, unless the parent and district agree otherwise. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(3)(A)$, $1415(k)(4)(A)$; 34 C.F.R. 300.533 [See FOF]
Resolution Process	Within 15 calendar days of receiving notice of a parent's due pro- cess complaint, and before initiating a due process hearing, a dis- trict shall convene a meeting with the parent and the relevant member or members of the ARD committee. The purpose of the meeting is for the parent to discuss the due process complaint and the facts that form the basis of the due process complaint, so that the district has the opportunity to resolve the dispute.
	The meeting need not be held if the parent and the district agree in writing to waive the meeting, or the parent and the district agree to use the mediation process.
	If the district has not resolved the due process complaint to the sat- isfaction of the parent within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the complaint, the due process hearing may occur. If the district is una- ble to obtain the participation of the parent in the resolution meet- ing after reasonable efforts have been made, the district may, at the conclusion of the 30-day period, request that a hearing officer dismiss the parent's request for a hearing.
	34 C.F.R. 300.510, 19 TAC 89.1183
Transfer of Rights to Adult Students	Not later than one year before the 18th birthday of a student with a disability, the district at which the student is enrolled shall:
	1. Provide to the student and the student's parents:

		a.	Written notice regarding the transfer of rights; and			
		b.	Information and resources regarding guardianship, alter- natives to guardianship, including a supported decision- making agreement under Estates Code, Chapter 1357, and other supports and services that may enable the student to live independently; and			
	2.		re that the student's IEP includes a statement that the ct provided the required notice, information, and re- ces.			
	If a student with a disability or the student's parent requests infor- mation regarding guardianship or alternatives to guardianship from the district, the district shall provide to the student or parent infor- mation and resources on supported decision-making agreements under Estates Code, Chapter 1357.					
	disat unde educ rights	oilities er Cha ation s acc	with a disability who is 18 years of age or older or whose s of minority have been removed for general purposes apter 31, Family Code, shall have the same right to make al decisions as a student without a disability. All other orded to parents under Chapter 29, Subchapter A of the Code or 20 U.S.C. 1415 transfer to the student.			
			300.520; Education Code 29.017(a), (c), (c-1), (c-2); 19 049(a)			
Notice	ten n parei quire react	ntal ri ment ment	tudent reaches the age of 18, a district shall provide writ- to the student and the student's parents of the transfer of ights. This notice is separate and distinct from the re- t that, beginning at least one year before the student ne age of 18, the student's IEP include a statement re- ansfer of parental rights.			
	guar decis enab vide	dians sion-r le the conta	e must include information and resources regarding hip, alternatives to guardianship, including a supported naking agreement, and other supports and services that e student to live independently. The notice must also pro- act information for the parties to use in obtaining addi- rmation.			
	34 C.F.R. 300.520(a)(3); Education Code 29.017(c); 19 TAC 89.1049(c)					
Special Education Decision-Making for Children in Foster Care	autho	orized	arent may act as a parent of a child with a disability, as d under 20 U.S.C. Section 1415(b) and its subsequent ents, if:			

	1.	 The Department of Family and Protective Services appointed as the temporary or permanent managin vator of the child; 			
	2.	 The rights and duties of the department to make decision garding education provided to the child under Family Coo 153.371 have not been limited by court order; and 			
	3.	3. The foster parent agrees to:			
		a.	Participate in making special education decisions on the child's behalf; and		
		b.	Complete a training program that complies with mini- mum standards established by agency rule.		
Training	A foster parent who will act as a parent of a child with a disability must complete a training program before the next scheduled ARD committee meeting for the child but not later than the 90th day after the date the foster parent begins acting as the parent for the pur- pose of making special education decisions.				
	A district may not require a foster parent to retake a training pro- gram to continue serving as a child's parent or to serve as the sur- rogate parent for another child if the foster parent has completed a training program to act as a parent of a child with a disability pro- vided by:				
	1.	DFF	PS;		
	2.	Asc	hool district;		
	3.	An e	education service center; or		
	4.	•	other entity that receives federal funds to provide special cation training to parents.		
	A foster parent who is denied the right to act as a parent by a school district may file a complaint with TEA in accordance with federal law and regulations.				
	Not later than the fifth day after the date a child with a disability is enrolled in a school, DFPS must inform the appropriate school dis- trict if the child's foster parent is unwilling or unable to serve as a parent.				
	Education Code 29.015; 19 TAC 89.1047				
Appointment of	The	ovisions apply to a child with a disability for whom:			
Surrogate Parent for Certain Children	1.		PS is appointed as the temporary or permanent managing servator of the child; and		

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		2.	The rights and duties of the department to make decisions re- garding the child's education under Family Code 153.371 have not been limited by court order.		
		A school district must appoint an individual to serve as the surro- gate parent for a child if the district is unable to identify or locate a parent for a child with a disability or the foster parent of a child is unwilling or unable to serve as a parent for the purposes of this subchapter.			
		Education Code 29.0151(a)–(b)			
	Eligibility and Duties of a Surrogate Parent	emp in th	urrogate parent appointed by a school district may not be an ployee of TEA, the school district, or any other agency involved ne education or care of the child; or have any interest that con- s with the interests of the child.		
		A surrogate parent appointed by a district must:			
		1.	Be willing to serve in that capacity;		
		2.	Exercise independent judgment in pursuing the child's inter- ests;		
		3.	Ensure that the child's due process rights under applicable state and federal laws are not violated;		
		4.	Complete a training program that complies with minimum standards established by agency rule within the time specified in Education Code 29.015(b);		
		5.	Visit the child and the school where the child is enrolled;		
		6.	Review the child's educational records;		
		7.	Consult with any person involved in the child's education, in- cluding the child's:		
			a. Teachers;		
			b. Caseworkers;		
			c. Court-appointed volunteers;		
			d. Guardian ad litem;		
			e. Attorney ad litem;		
			f. Foster parent; and		
			g. Caregiver; and		
		8.	Attend meetings of the child's ARD committee.		

	The district may appoint a person who has been appointed to serve as a child's guardian ad litem or as a court-certified volunteer advocate, as provided under Section 107.031(c), Family Code, as the child's surrogate parent.
	Education Code 29.0151(c)–(d)
Notice of Appointment	As soon as practicable after appointing a surrogate parent, a dis- trict shall provide written notice of the appointment to the child's educational decision-maker and caseworker as required under Ed- ucation Code 25.007(b)(10)(H). <i>Education Code 29.0151(e-1)</i>
Failure to Properly Perform	If a court appoints a surrogate parent for a child with a disability un- der Family Code 263.0025, and the school district determines that the surrogate parent is not properly performing the duties, the dis- trict shall consult with DFPS regarding whether another person should be appointed to serve as the surrogate parent for the child. <i>Education Code 29.0151(f); 19 TAC 89.1047</i>

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

a d		strict shall establish a process for identifying and serving gifted talented students and shall establish a program for those stu- ts in each grade level. Under this provision, a district may es- sh a shared services arrangement with other districts.	
	A district shall adopt a policy regarding the use of funds to support the district's program for gifted and talented students.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.122	
Definition	"Gifted and talented student" means a child or youth who performs at or shows the potential for performing at a remarkably high level of accomplishment when compared to others of the same age, ex- perience, or environment and who:		
	1.	Exhibits high performance capability in an intellectual, crea- tive, or artistic area;	
	2.	Possesses an unusual capacity for leadership; or	
	3.	Excels in a specific academic field.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.121	
Identification	Students shall be identified as gifted/talented in accordance with a written policy that includes:		
	1.	Provisions for ongoing screening and selection of students who perform or show potential for performing at remarkably high levels of accomplishment in the areas defined in Educa- tion Code 29.121.	
	2.	Assessment measures collected from multiple sources ac- cording to each area defined in the Texas State Plan for the Education of Gifted/Talented Students.	
	3.	Data and procedures designed to ensure that students from all populations in a district have access to assessment and, if identified, to services provided for the gifted/talented program.	
	4.	Provisions for final selection of students to be made by a committee of at least three local district educators who have received training in the nature and needs of gifted students.	
	5.	Provisions regarding furloughs, reassessment, exiting of stu- dents from program services, transfer students, and appeals of district decisions regarding program placement.	
	19 TAC 89.1		

SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

Learning Opportunities	gifted	rict shall provide an array of learning opportunities for /talented students in kindergarten through grade 12 and shall n parents of the opportunities. Options shall include:					
	9	Instructional and organizational patterns that enable identified students to work together as a group, to work with other stu- dents, and to work independently.					
		A continuum of learning experiences that leads to the devel- opment of advanced-level products and performances.					
	t	In-school, and when possible, out-of-school options relevant to the student's area of strength that are available during the entire school year.					
	4.	Opportunities to accelerate in areas of strength.					
	19 TA	19 TAC 89.3					
Certification and Reporting	A district shall annually certify to the commissioner of education that the district has established a program for gifted and talented students as required by Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter D and that the program is consistent with the state plan.						
	If the commissioner determines that a district has failed to comply for a school year, the commissioner shall reduce the total amount of funding as described by Education Code 29.124(b). The com- missioner may restore to a district all or part of the funding withheld if during the school year the district complies with the program re- quirements.						
	At the same time that a district makes the certification described above, the district shall report to the commissioner regarding the use of funds on the district's program for gifted and talented stu- dents as provided by State Board of Education rule.						
	Nothing in these provisions may be construed as limiting the num- ber of students that a school district may identify as gifted and tal- ented or serve under the district's program for gifted and talented students.						
	Education Code 29.124						
	Note:	See DMA(LEGAL) for training requirements for teachers of gifted and talented education.					

SPECIAL PROGRAMS
GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

Referral	Students may be referred for the gifted and talented program at any time by teachers, counselors, parents, or other interested persons.
Screening and Identification Process	The District shall provide assessment opportunities to complete the screening and identification process for referred students at least once per school year.
	The District shall schedule a gifted and talented program aware- ness session for parents that provides an overview of the assess- ment procedures and services for the program prior to beginning the screening and identification process.
Parental Consent	The District shall obtain written parental consent before any special testing or individual assessment is conducted as part of the screening and identification process. All student information collected during the screening and identification process shall be an educational record, subject to the protections set out in policies at FL.
Identification Criteria	The Board-approved program for the gifted and talented shall es- tablish criteria to identify gifted and talented students. The criteria shall be specific to the state definition of gifted and talented and shall ensure the fair assessment of students with special needs, such as the culturally different, the economically disadvantaged, and students with disabilities.
Assessments	Data collected through both objective and subjective assessments shall be measured against the criteria approved by the Board to determine individual eligibility for the program. Assessment tools may include, but are not limited to, the following: achievement tests, intelligence tests, creativity tests, behavioral checklists com- pleted by teachers and parents, student/parent conferences, and available student work products.
Selection	A selection committee shall evaluate each referred student accord- ing to the established criteria and shall identify those students for whom placement in the gifted and talented program is the most ap- propriate educational setting. The committee shall be composed of at least three professional educators who have received training in the nature and needs of gifted students, as required by law.
Notification	The District shall provide written notification to parents of students who qualify for services through the District's gifted and talented program. Participation in any program or services provided for gifted students shall be voluntary, and the District shall obtain writ- ten permission from the parents before placing a student in a gifted and talented program.

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SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTED) STUDENTS	EHBB (LOCAL)
Reassessment	If the District reassesses students in the gifted and talente gram, the reassessment shall be based on a student's per mance in response to services and shall occur no more th in elementary grades, once in middle school grades, and o high school grades.	for- an once
Transfer Students Interdistrict	When a student identified as gifted by a previous school d rolls in the District, the selection committee shall review th dent's records and conduct assessment procedures when sary to determine if placement in the District's program for and talented students is appropriate.	e stu- neces-
	[See FDD(LEGAL) for information regarding transfer stude the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunities for M Children]	
Intradistrict	A student who transfers from one campus in the District to same grade level at another District campus shall continue ceive services in the District's gifted and talented program	e to re-
Furloughs	The District may place on a furlough any student who is un maintain satisfactory performance or whose educational n not being met within the structure of the gifted and talented gram. A furlough may be initiated by the District, the parent student.	eeds are d pro-
	In accordance with the Board-approved program, a furloug be granted for specified reasons and for a specified period At the end of a furlough, the student may reenter the gifted ented program, be placed on another furlough, or be exite the program.	d of time. d and tal-
Exit Provisions	The District shall monitor student performance in response and talented program services. If at any time the selection tee or a parent determines it is in the best interest of the s exit the program, the committee shall meet with the parent dent before finalizing an exit decision.	commit- tudent to
Appeals	A parent, student, or educator may appeal any final decision selection committee regarding selection for or exit from the and talented program. Appeals shall be made first to the s committee. Any subsequent appeals shall be made in account with FNG(LOCAL) beginning at Level Two.	e gifted election
Program Evaluation	The District shall annually evaluate the effectiveness of the trict's gifted and talented program, and the results of the e shall be used to modify and update the District and campu provement plans. The District shall include parents in the tion process and shall share the information with Board me	valuation ıs im- evalua-

SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

	administrators, teachers, counselors, students in the gifted and tal- ented program, and the community.
	The District's gifted and talented program shall address effective use of funds for programs and services consistent with the stand- ards in the state plan for gifted and talented students.
	The District shall annually report to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) regarding funding used to implement the District's gifted and talented program. The District shall annually certify to TEA:
	 The establishment of a gifted and talented program by the District; and
	2. That the District's program is consistent with the state plan for gifted and talented students.
Community Awareness	The District shall ensure that information about the District's gifted and talented program is available to parents and community mem- bers and that they have an opportunity to develop an understand- ing of and support for the program.

Compensatory Education Allotment Census Block	On a schedule determined by the commissioner of education and in accordance with Education Code 48.104, each district shall report to the agency the census block group in which each student enrolled in the district who is educationally disadvantaged resides. <i>Education Code 48.104(i)</i>			
Use	At least 55 percent of the district's compensatory education fur must be used to:			
	1.	Fund supplemental programs and services designed to elimi- nate any disparity in performance on assessment instruments administered under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or disparity in the rates of high school completion between:		
		a. Students who are educationally disadvantaged and stu- dents who are not educationally disadvantaged; and		
		 Students at risk of dropping out of school, as defined be- low, and all other students; or 		
	2.	Support a program eligible under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 [see AID], and its subse- quent amendments, and by federal regulations implementing that Act.		
	Education Code 48.104(i), (k)			
Dropout Prevention Strategies	A district with a high dropout rate, as determined by the commis- sioner, shall submit a plan to the commissioner describing the manner in which the district intends to use its compensatory edu- cation allotment for developing and implementing research-based strategies for dropout prevention.			
	A district shall submit the plan not later than December 1 of each school year preceding the school year in which the district will re- ceive the compensatory education allotment to which the plan ap- plies.			
	A district may not spend or obligate more than 25 percent of the district's compensatory education allotment unless the commissioner approves the plan.			
	A di	strict's plan shall:		
	1.	Design a dropout recovery plan that includes career and tech- nology education courses or technology applications courses that lead to industry or career certification;		
	2.	Integrate into the dropout recovery plan research-based strat- egies to assist students in becoming able academically to pur- sue postsecondary education, including:		
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		a.	High-quality, college readiness instruction with strong ac- ademic and social supports;		
		b.	Secondary to postsecondary bridging that builds college readiness skills, provides a plan for college completion, and ensures transition counseling; and		
		C.	Information concerning appropriate supports available in the first year of postsecondary enrollment to ensure postsecondary persistence and success, to the extent funds are available for the purpose; and		
	3.	inclu	to offer advanced academic and transition opportunities, iding dual credit courses and college preparatory courses, as advanced placement courses.		
	A district may enter into a partnership with a public junior college in accordance with Education Code 29.402 [see GNC] in order to ful-fill a plan.				
	Any program designed to fulfill a plan must comply with the re- quirements of Education Code 29.081(e) and (f).				
	Education Code 29.918				
Definition of At-Risk Student	"Student at risk of dropping out of school" includes each student who is under 26 years of age and who:				
	1.	more prek	not advanced from one grade level to the next for one or e school years, unless the student did not advance from indergarten or kindergarten to the next grade level only result of the request of the student's parent;		
	2.	equi the f or cu in tw	e student is in grades 7–12, did not maintain an average valent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding urrent school year, or is not maintaining such an average to or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the ent semester;		
	3.	men subs priat	not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- t and who has not in the previous or current school year sequently performed on that instrument or another appro- te instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of the I of satisfactory performance on that instrument;		
	4.	1–3,	e student is in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or grades did not perform satisfactorily on a readiness test or as- ment instrument administered during the current school ;		

	5.	Is pregnant or is a parent;
	6.	Has been placed in a DAEP in accordance with Education Code 37.006 during the preceding or current school year;
	7.	Has been expelled in accordance with Education Code 37.007 during the preceding or current school year;
	8.	Is currently on parole, probation, deferred prosecution, or other conditional release;
	9.	Was previously reported through the Public Education Infor- mation Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out of school;
	10.	Is a student of limited English proficiency, as defined by Sec- tion 29.052;
	11.	Is in the custody or care of the Department of Family and Pro- tective Services or has, during the current school year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer of the ju- venile court, or law enforcement official;
	12.	Is homeless [see FD];
	13.	Resided in the preceding school year or resides in the current school year in a residential placement facility in a district, in- cluding a detention facility, substance abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, halfway house, cot- tage home operation, specialized child-care home, or general residential operation; or
	14.	Has been incarcerated, or has a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the student, in a penal institution as defined by Penal Code 1.07.
	Edu	cation Code 29.081(d)(1)
	adul indu dent	ardless of the student's age, a student who participates in an t education program provided under a high school diploma and stry certification charter school program is considered a "stu- at risk of dropping out of high school." <i>Education Code</i> $81(d)(2)$
Local Eligibility Criteria	cal e educ der l perc serv	ddition to students described above, a student who satisfies lo- eligibility criteria adopted by a board may receive compensatory cation services. The number of students receiving services un- ocal eligibility criteria during a school year may not exceed ten ent of the number of students described above who received ices from the district during the preceding school year. <i>Educa- Code 29.081(g)</i>

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Compensatory, Intensive, and Accelerated Instruction	A district shall use student performance data from state basic skills assessment instruments and achievement tests to design and implement appropriate compensatory, intensive, or accelerated instructional services for students in the district's schools that enable the students to perform at grade level at the conclusion of the next regular school term. <i>Education Code 29.081(a)</i>
Accelerated Instruction	A district shall provide accelerated instruction to an enrolled stu- dent who has taken an end-of-course assessment instrument and has not performed satisfactorily or who is at risk of dropping out of school.
	A district shall offer before the next scheduled administration of the assessment instrument, without cost to the student, additional accelerated instruction to each student in any subject in which the student failed to perform satisfactorily on an end-of-course assessment instrument required for graduation.
	A district that is required to provide accelerated instruction must separately budget sufficient funds for that purpose. [See CE]
	A district shall evaluate the effectiveness of accelerated instruction programs and annually hold a public hearing to consider the re- sults.
	Education Code 29.081(b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-3), 39.025(b-1)
	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c), the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area, using funds appropriated for accelerated instruction under Education Code 28.0211. Accelerated instruction may require participation of the student before or after normal school hours and may include participation at times of the year outside normal school operations. <i>Education Code 28.0217</i>
Effectiveness	A district shall evaluate and document the effectiveness of the ac- celerated instruction in reducing any disparity in performance on state assessment instruments or disparity in the rates of high school completion between students at risk of dropping out of school and all other district students. <i>Education Code 29.081(c)</i>
Dropout Recovery Education Programs	A district may use a private or public community-based dropout re- covery education program to provide alternative education pro- grams for students at risk of dropping out of school. The program may be offered at a campus or through the use of an online pro- gram that leads to a high school diploma and prepares the student to enter the workforce. A campus-based dropout recovery educa- tion program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Code
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		081(e-1)(1)–(5). An online dropout recovery education program It meet the criteria set forth at Education Code 29.081(e-2)(1)–		
	shal	dents in attendance at a dropout recovery education program I be included in a district's average daily attendance for funding poses.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.081(e)–(f)		
Communities in Schools	catio (CIS are of th	elementary or secondary school receiving funding under Edu- on Code 33.156 shall participate in the Communities in Schools 6) program if the number of students enrolled in the school who at risk of dropping out of school is equal to at least ten percent be number of students in average daily attendance at the bol, as determined by TEA. <i>Education Code 33.157</i>		
Optional Extended Year Program	A district may set aside an amount from the district's compensatory education allotment or may apply to the agency for funding of an extended year program. <i>Education Code 29.082(a); 19 TAC 105.1001</i>			
Optional Flexible Year Program	A district may provide an optional flexible year program (OFYP) for students who did not or are not likely to perform successfully on state assessment instruments or who would not otherwise be pro- moted to the next grade level. <i>Education Code 29.0821; 19 TAC</i> <i>129.1029</i>			
Optional Flexible School Day Program	appl	withstanding Education Code 25.081 or 25.082, a district may y to the commissioner to provide a flexible school day program SDP) for students who:		
	1.	Have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Education Code 29.081;		
	2.	Attend a campus that is implementing an innovative redesign of the campus or an early college high school under a plan approved by the commissioner; or		
	3.	As a result of attendance requirements under Education Code 25.092, will be denied credit for one or more classes in which the students have been enrolled.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.0822		
		A district may apply to the commissioner to provide an OFSDP for students, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.		
	A board must approve the application. The board must includ OFSDP as an item on the regular agenda for a board meetin			

	• • • •	concerning the proposed applica- OFSDP. The application shall in- 19 Administrative Code			
	TAC 129.1027(c)				
Tutorial Services	A district may provide tutorial services at district schools. If a dis- trict provides tutorial services, it shall require a student whose grade in a subject for a reporting period is lower than the equiva- lent of 70 on a scale of 100 to attend tutorials. [See EC for provi- sions on loss of class time.]				
	• •	on services to accommodate stu- utorials and who are eligible for			
	lucation Code 29.084				
Basic Skills Programs	A district may apply to the commissioner for funding of basic skills programs for students in grade 9 who are at risk of not earning suf- ficient credit or who have not earned sufficient credit to advance to grade 10 and who fail to meet minimum skills levels established by the commissioner.				
	With the consent of a student's parent or guardian, a district may assign a student to the basic skills program.				
	basic skills program may not exe ust meet the requirements set fo	ceed 210 instructional days and orth at Education Code 29.086.			
	lucation Code 29.086(a)				
After-School and Summer Intensive Mathematics and	A district may provide an intensive after-school program or an in- tensive program during the period that school is recessed for the summer to provide mathematics and science instruction to:				
Science Programs		ning at grade level in mathemat- students in performing at grade			
	•	ning successfully in a mathemat- to assist those students in suc- rse; or			
	Other students as determine	d by the district.			
	fore providing a program, a boa	ard must adopt a policy for:			
	Determining student eligibility that:	y for participating in the program			

		a.	Prescribes the grade level or course a student must be enrolled in to be eligible; and		
		b.	Provides for considering teacher recommendations in determining eligibility;		
	2.		uring that parents of or persons standing in parental rela- to eligible students are provided notice of the program;		
	3.		uring that eligible students are encouraged to attend the ram;		
	4.		uring that the program is offered at one or more locations e district that are easily accessible to eligible students;		
	5.	Mea	suring student progress on completion of the program.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 29.088, .090; 19 TAC 102.1041		
Mentoring Services Program	A district may provide a mentoring services program to students at risk of dropping out of school. A board may arrange for any public or nonprofit community-based organization to come to the district's schools and implement the program.				
			hall obtain the consent of a student's parent or guardian owing the student to participate in the program.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 29.089		
Accelerated Reading Instruction Program	gran cien grad sults ties.	n that cies t le wh s [see	shall implement an accelerated reading instruction pro- provides reading instruction that addresses reading defi- o each student in kindergarten, first grade, or second o is determined, on the basis of reading instrument re- EKC], to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading difficul- district shall determine the form, content, and timing of the		
	tion [see	to ea EKC	shall provide additional reading instruction and interven- ch student given the seventh grade reading assessment], as appropriate to improve the student's reading skills in ant areas identified through the assessment instrument.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.006(g), (g-1), (k)		
Intensive Program of Instruction State Assessments	who instr the f	does umer ïfth s	shall offer an intensive program of instruction to a student on to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment at or is not likely to receive a high school diploma before chool year following the student's enrollment in grade 9, nined by the district.		
			ram shall be designed to:		

 a. To the extent practicable, perform at the student's grade level at the conclusion of the next regular school term; or b. Attain a standard of annual growth specified by a district and reported by the district to TEA; and 2. If applicable, carry out the purposes of Education Code 28.0211. [See EIE] For a student in a special education program who does not perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(a), (b), or (c), the student's admission, review, and dismissal committee shall design the program to: 1. Enable the student to attain a standard of annual growth on the basis of the student's individualized education program (IEP); and 2. If applicable, carry out the purposes of Education Code 28.0211. [See EIE] Graduation Requirements A district shall use funds appropriated by the legislature for an intensive program of instruction to plan and implement intensive instruction and other activities aimed at helping a student satisfy state and local high school graduation requirements. No Cause of Action A district shall partner with at least one institution of higher education <i>Code 28.0213</i> College Preparatory Each district shall partner with at least one institution of higher education <i>Code 28.0213</i> College Preparatory Coursees 1. For students at the 12th grade level whose performance on: An end-of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 30.023(c) does not meet college readiness and aff [Fayas Success Initiative (TSI)] assessment] indicates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level college courses. 		1.	Ena	ble the student to:
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, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			b.	sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334 [Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessment] indi- cates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level
		2.	•	

	A course must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- ing the course or through distance learning or as an online course provided through an institution of higher education with which the district partners.
Faculty	Appropriate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- priate faculty of each institution of higher education with which the district partners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that each course is aligned with college readiness expectations.
Notice	Each district shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the student's parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a course.
Credit Earned	A student who successfully completes an English language arts course may use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced English language arts curriculum requirement for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A student who successfully completes a mathematics course may use the credit earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced mathematics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 after completion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(2).
Dual Credit	A course may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- tution of higher education with which a district partners.
Instructional Materials	Each district, in consultation with each institution of higher educa- tion with which the district partners, shall develop or purchase in- structional materials for a course consistent with Education Code Chapter 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- sources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.
	Education Code 28.014
End-of-Course Exam	A student enrolled in a college preparatory mathematics or English language arts course under Education Code 28.014 who satisfies the TSI college readiness benchmarks on an assessment instru- ment administered at the end of the course satisfies the require- ments concerning and is exempt from the administration of the Al- gebra I or the English I and English II end-of-course assessment instruments, as applicable, as prescribed by Education Code 39.023(c) [see EKB], even if the student did not perform satisfacto- rily on a previous administration of the applicable end-of-course as- sessment instrument. A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the assessment instrument may retake that assessment instru- ment or may take the appropriate end-of-course assessment in- strument. <i>Education Code 39.025(a-1)</i>

Career and Technology Program	Each public school student shall master the basic skills and knowledge necessary for managing the dual roles of family mem- ber and wage earner and for gaining entry-level employment in a high-skill, high-wage job or continuing the student's education at the post-secondary level. <i>Education Code 29.181</i> .				
	ses a sons those ogy	board may conduct and supervise career and technology clas- and other educational programs for students and for other per- of all ages and spend local maintenance funds for the cost of e classes and programs. In developing a career and technol- program, the board shall consider the state plan for career and nology education. <i>Education Code 29.183</i> [See EEL]			
Distinguished Achievement in Career and Technology Education	The board may develop and offer a program that provides a rigor- ous course of study consistent with the required curriculum [see EHAA] and under which a student may:				
	1.	Receive specific education in a career and technology profes- sion that leads to postsecondary education or meets or ex- ceeds business or industry standards;			
	2.	Obtain from a district an award for distinguished achievement in career and technology education and a stamp or other no- tation on the student's transcript that indicates receipt of the award.			
	An award granted under this section is not in lieu of a diploma or certificate of coursework completion. [See EI]				
	for c prop	eveloping the program, the board shall consider the state plan areer and technology education. The board must submit the osed program to the commissioner of education in accordance criteria established by the commissioner.			
Contracts with Other Entities	The board may contract with an entity listed in Education Code 29.184(a) [see EEL] for assistance in developing the program or providing instruction to district students participating in the program. The board may also contract with a local business or a local institution of higher education for assistance in developing or operating a career and technology education program. A program may provide education in areas of technology unique to the local area.				
	Educ	cation Code 29.187			
Insurance	tract	board may provide insurance to protect a business that con- s with a district under this provision. [See CRB] <i>Education</i> e 29.191			
Applicability		following provisions apply only to districts receiving federal ca- and technical education funds. <i>19 TAC 75.1021</i>			

Federal CTE Funding	Carl Educ cord ent t shall	ligible secondary entity seeking financial assistance under the D. Perkins Act of 2006 shall submit a local plan to the Texas cation Agency (TEA) as described in 20 U.S.C. 2354, in acance with requirements establish by TEA. Each eligible recipihat receives funding under the Carl D. Perkins Act of 2006 use the funds to improve career and technical education pro-		
	the " Cent	nformation regarding federal career and technical funds under Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st tury Act" (the reauthorization of the Carl D. Perkins Act of 6), see 20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.		
Program Evaluation		A district shall annually evaluate its career and technical education programs. <i>19 TAC 75.1025</i>		
Special Populations	Members of special populations shall be provided career and tech- nical services in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws, regulations, and rules. <i>19 TAC 75.1023(a)</i>			
Definition	For purposes of this section, a "member of a special population cludes:			
	1.	An individual with a disability [see EHBAB];		
	2.	An individual from an economically disadvantaged family, in- cluding low-income youth and adults;		
	3.	An individual preparing for nontraditional fields;		
	4.	A single parent, including a single pregnant woman;		
	5.	An out-of-workforce individual;		
	6.	An English learner;		
	7.	A homeless individual described in Section 725 of the McKin- ney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;		
	8.	Youth who are in, or have aged out of, the foster care system; and		
	9.	Youth with a parent who is a member of the armed forces and is on active duty.		
	20 L	I.S.C. 2302(29)		
Students with Disabilities	educ tions (IDE	udent with a disability shall be provided career and technical cation in accordance with all applicable federal law and regula- including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act A) of 2004 and its implementing regulations, state statutes, rules of the SBOE and the commissioner.		

A student with a disability shall be instructed in accordance with the student's individualized education program (IEP), in the least restrictive environment, as determined by the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee. If a student with a disability is unable to receive a free appropriate public education (educational benefit) in a regular career and technical education program, using supplementary aids and services, the student may be served in separate programs designed to address the student's occupational/training needs, such as career and technical education for students with disabilities (CTED). [See EHBA]

A student with a disability identified in accordance with IDEA of 2004 is an eligible participant in career and technical education when the following requirements are met:

- 1. The ARD committee shall include a representative from career and technical education, preferably the teacher, when considering initial or continued placement of a student in career and technical education program;
- Planning for the student shall be coordinated among career and technical education, special education, and state rehabilitation agencies and should include a coherent sequence of courses;
- 3. A district shall monitor to determine if the instruction being provided a student with a disability in career and technical education classes is consistent with the student's IEP;
- A district shall provide supplementary services that each student with a disability needs to successfully complete a career and technical education program, such as curriculum modification, equipment modification, classroom modification, supportive personnel, and instructional aids and devices;
- 5. A district shall help fulfill the transitional service requirements of the IDEA of 2004 and implementing regulations, state statutes, and rules of the commissioner for each student with a disability who is completing a coherent sequence of career and technical education courses; and
- 6. When determining placement in a career and technical education classroom, the ARD committee shall consider a student's graduation plan, the content of the individual transition plan, the IEP, and classroom supports. Enrollment numbers should not create a harmful effect on student learning for a student with or without disabilities in accordance with the provisions in the IDEA of 2004 and its implementing regulations.

19 TAC 75.1023

Student Organizations	A district may use federal career and technical education funds to provide opportunities for student participation in approved student leadership organizations and assist career and technical student organizations in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations. A student shall not, however, be re- quired to join a career and technical student organization. Student participation in career and technical student organizations shall be governed in accordance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 76 (extracurricular activities).			
	The following career and technical student organizations are r ognized by the U.S. Department of Education and TEA:			
	1.	Business Professionals of America (BPA);		
	2.	DECA;		
	3.	Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA);		
	4.	FFA;		
	5.	Family, Career, and Community Leaders of America (FCCLA);		
	6.	Health Occupations Students of America (HOSA);		
	7.	Technology Student Association (TSA); and		
	8.	SkillsUSA.		
	19 7	TAC 75.1024 [See FM]		
Certification Subsidy	A stu	udent is entitled to a subsidy for a certification exam if:		
	1.	The student:		
		 Successfully completes the career and technology pro- gram of a school district in which the student receives training and instruction for employment; or 		
		b. Is enrolled in a special education program under Educa- tion Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A; and		
	2.	The student passes a certification examination to qualify for a license or certificate that is an industry certification for purposes of state accountability [see AIA], administered while the student is enrolled in a school district.		
	A student may not receive more than one subsidy under Education Code 29.190.			
	distr	btain reimbursement for a subsidy paid under this provision, a rict must pay the fee for the examination and submit to the missioner a written application on a form prescribed by the		

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commissioner stating the amount of the fee paid for the certification examination.

Education Code 29.190

A district is entitled to reimbursement for the amount of a subsidy paid by the district for a student's certification examination under these provisions. *Education Code* 48.156

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	Not	e:	Only districts that identify 15 or more eligible students are required to provide prekindergarten programs.
Tuition-Free	mor may	e elig [,] offer	shall offer prekindergarten classes if it identifies 15 or ible students who are at least four years of age. A district r prekindergarten if it identifies 15 or more eligible children at least three years of age.
			may not charge tuition for a prekindergarten program nder these provisions.
Definitions	In th	nis se	ction:
	1.	"Chi	ild" includes a stepchild.
	2.	"Pai	rent" includes a stepparent.
Eligibility			eligible for enrollment in free prekindergarten if the child t three years of age and:
	1.	ls u	nable to speak and comprehend the English language;
	2.	ls e	ducationally disadvantaged;
	3.	of e	omeless [see FD] regardless of the residence of the child, ither parent of the child, or of the child's guardian or other son having lawful control;
	4.	the serv	ne child of an active duty member of the armed forces of United States, including the state military forces or a re- ve component of the armed forces, who is ordered to ac- duty by proper authority;
	5.	Stat nen	ne child of a member of the armed forces of the United res, including the state military forces or a reserve compo- t of the armed forces, who was injured or killed while serv- on active duty;
	6.	of F	r ever has been in the conservatorship of the Department amily and Protective Services following an adversary ring under Family Code 262.201; or
	7.	ls th	ne child of a person eligible for the Star of Texas Award as:
		a.	A peace officer under Government Code 3106.002;
		b.	A firefighter under Government Code 3106.003; or
		C.	An emergency medical first responder under Govern- ment Code 3106.004.

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	A child who is eligible for enrollment for free prekindergarten at the age of three and enrolls in prekindergarten class at the age of three remains eligible for enrollment in a prekindergarten class for the following school year.
	A child who is eligible for enrollment under item 4 or 5 above re- mains eligible if the child's parent leaves the armed forces, or is no longer on active duty, after the child begins the prekindergarten class.
	Education Code 29.153(a)–(b), (f)–(g)
Notice	A district shall develop a system to notify the population in the dis- trict with children who are eligible for enrollment in a free prekinder- garten program of the availability of the program. The system must include public notices issued in English and Spanish. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 29.153(e)</i>
Half-Day or Full- Day	A free prekindergarten class may be operated on a half-day basis for children under four years of age and shall be operated on a full- day basis for children who are at least four years of age.
Transportation	A district is not required to provide transportation for a prekinder- garten class. If transportation is provided, it is included for funding purposes as part of the regular transportation system.
	Education Code 29.153(c)
High-Quality Prekindergarten Required	A free prekindergarten class for children who are least four years of age must comply with the program standards required for high- quality prekindergarten programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter E-1. [See High-Quality Prekindergarten Program, below]
Exemption	The commissioner of education shall exempt a district from the ap- plication of all or any part of Education Code 29.153, including all or any part of the required high-quality prekindergarten program re- quirements, if the commissioner determines that:
	1. The district would be required to construct classroom facilities in order to provide prekindergarten classes; or
	2. Implementing any part of this section would result in fewer eli- gible children being enrolled in a prekindergarten class under this section.
	An exemption may not be granted for a period longer than three school years and may be renewed only once.
	Education Code 29.153(c-1)–(d-2)

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Constructing, Repurposing, or Leasing a Facility	cility roon Educ posa	ore a district may construct, repurpose, or lease a classroom fa- , or issue bonds for the construction or repurposing of a class- n facility, to provide the prekindergarten classes required under cation Code 29.153, the district must solicit and consider pro- als for partnerships to provide those classes with community- ed child-care providers who:	
	1.	Are a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;	
	2.	Are nationally accredited;	
	3.	Are a Head Start program provider;	
	4.	Are a Texas School Ready! participant; or	
	5.	Meet the requirements under Education Code 29.1532.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.153(g)	
Tuition-Supported or District-Financed	A district may offer on a tuition basis or use district funds to pro- vide:		
	1.	An additional half-day of prekindergarten classes to children eligible for free prekindergarten who are under four years of age; and	
	2.	Half-day and full-day prekindergarten classes to children not eligible for free prekindergarten.	
	A district may not adopt a tuition rate that is higher than necessary to cover the added costs of the program, including any costs asso- ciated with collecting, reporting, and analyzing data under Educa- tion Code 29.1532(c) (PEIMS data for prekindergarten programs). A district must submit its proposed tuition rate to the commissioner for approval.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.1531	
Program Design	skills inclu	strict's prekindergarten program shall be designed to develop s necessary for success in the regular public school curriculum, iding language, mathematics, and social skills. <i>Education Code</i> 532(a)	
Shared Site	cons othe	re establishing a new prekindergarten program, a district shall sider the possibility of sharing use of an existing Head Start or r child-care program site as a prekindergarten site. <i>Education</i> e 29.1533	
Prekindergarten Licensing Standards		district contracts with a private entity to operate a prekindergar- program, the program shall comply at a minimum with the ap-	

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	part	able child-care licensing standards adopted by the Texas De- ment of Family and Protective Services under Human Re- rces Code 42.042. <i>Education Code 29.1532(b)</i>
Daily Physical Activity	ipat min edu	strict shall require students in full-day prekindergarten to partic- e in moderate or vigorous daily physical activity for at least 30 utes throughout the school year, as part of the district's physical cation program or through structured activity during a campus's y recess.
	in p sam	he extent practicable, a district shall require a student enrolled rekindergarten on less than a full-day basis to participate in the ne type and amount of physical activity as a student enrolled in day prekindergarten.
	moo scho alte moo	district determines, for any particular grade level, that requiring lerate or vigorous daily physical activity is impractical due to eduling concerns or other factors, the district may as an rnative require a student in that grade level to participate in lerate or vigorous physical activity for at least 135 minutes ng each school week.
	part	strict must provide an exemption for a student who is unable to icipate in the required physical activity because of illness or bility.
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(I)
High-Quality Prekindergarten Program	ble	ogram" means a high quality prekindergarten program for eligi- children who are at least four years of age required to be pro- d free of tuition or fees.
Curriculum Requirements		strict shall select and implement a curriculum for a prekinder- en program that:
	1.	Includes the prekindergarten guidelines established by the Texas Education Agency (TEA);
	2.	Measures the progress of students in meeting the recom- mended learning outcomes; and
	3.	Does not use national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initiative.
	Edu	cation Code 29.164, .167(a)
Teacher Requirements	und	h teacher for a prekindergarten program class must be certified er Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B and have one of following additional qualifications:
	1.	A Child Development Associate (CDA) credential or another early childhood education credential approved by TEA;
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	2.	Certification offered through a training center accredited by Association Montessori Internationale or through the Montes- sori Accreditation Council for Teacher Education;
	3.	At least eight years' experience of teaching in a nationally ac- credited child-care program;
	4.	Be employed as a prekindergarten teacher in a district that has received approval from the commissioner for the district's prekindergarten-specific instructional training plan that the teacher uses in the teacher's prekindergarten classroom; or
	5.	An equivalent qualification.
	the gior curr	strict may allow a teacher employed by the district to receive training required to be awarded a CDA credential from a re- nal education service center. Training may not include national riculum standards developed by the Common Core State ndards Initiative.
	der	strict must attempt to maintain an average ratio in any prekin- garten program class of not less than one certified teacher or cher's aide for each 11 students.
	Edu	ication Code 29.167
Family Engagement Plan	ass invo fam	strict shall develop and implement a family engagement plan to ist the district in achieving and maintaining high levels of family olvement and positive family attitudes toward education. The ily engagement plan must be based on family engagement tegies established by TEA. <i>Education Code 29.168(a)</i>
Program Evaluation	A di	strict shall:
	1.	Select and implement appropriate methods for evaluating the district's program classes by measuring student progress; and
	2.	Make data from the results of program evaluations available to parents.
	pro	strict may administer diagnostic assessments to students in a gram class to evaluate student progress but may not administer ate standardized assessment instrument.
	grai	assessment instrument administered to a prekindergarten pro- m class must be selected from a list of appropriate prekinder- en assessment instruments identified by the commissioner.
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Education Code 29.169

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Eligible Private Providers	ente	strict that offers a high-quality prekindergarten program may er into a contract with an eligible private provider to provide ser- s or equipment for the program.
	of a star priva and aga	be eligible to contract with a district to provide a program or part program, a private provider must be licensed by and in good ading with the Department of Family and Protective Services. A ate provider is in good standing with the Department of Family Protective Services if the department has not taken an action inst the provider's license during the 24-month period preced- the date of a contract with a district. The private provider must of
	1.	Be accredited by a research-based, nationally recognized, and universally accessible accreditation system approved by the commissioner;
	2.	Be a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;
	3.	Be a Texas School Ready! participant;
	4.	Have an existing partnership with a district to provide a pre- kindergarten program not provided under Subchapter E-1; or
	5.	Be accredited by an organization that is recognized by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission.
	Edu	ekindergarten program provided by a private provider under cation Code 29.171 is subject to the requirements of Education le Chapter 29, Subchapter E-1.
	Edu	cation Code 29.171
Prekindergarten Expansion Grant	sion full-	strict may use funds from grants administered by the commis- ner to expand an existing half-day prekindergarten program to a day basis or to implement a prekindergarten program on a npus that does not have a prekindergarten program.
	teac acq	strict may use funds received under this program to employ chers and other personnel for a prekindergarten program or to uire curriculum materials or equipment, including computers, use in prekindergarten programs.
		strict may use funds granted under this program in contracting another entity, including a private entity.
	Edu	cation Code 29.155(a), (b), (i)
Ready to Read Grant		strict that operates a prekindergarten program is eligible to ap- for a Ready to Read grant if at least 75 percent of the children

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		olled in the program are low-income students, as determined by nmissioner rule.	
	rea skil	ints shall be used to provide scientific, research-based pre- ding instruction for the purpose of directly improving pre-reading Is and for identifying cost-effective models for pre-reading rvention. Grants funds shall be used for:	
	1.	Professional staff development in pre-reading instruction;	
	2.	Pre-reading curriculum and materials;	
	3.	Pre-reading skills assessment materials; and	
	4.	Employment of pre-reading instructors.	
	Edι	ıcation Code 29.157(b), (c)	
Statewide Information Referral Network	A district shall provide the Texas Information and Referral Network with information regarding eligibility for and availability of child-care and education services for inclusion in the statewide information referral network. A district shall provide the information in a form determined by the executive commissioner of the Texas Health and Human Services Commission. <i>Gov't Code</i> 531.0312		
	tion	ild-care and education services" includes child-care and educa- services provided by a district through a prekindergarten or af- school program. <i>Gov't Code 531.03131(a)</i>	
	eleo nan	ff of the Texas Information and Referral Network shall send an ctronic mail message to each appropriate entity containing the ne of and contact information for each applicant and a descrip- of the services for which the applicant is applying.	
	tact gibi elig thos forc	receipt of such an electronic mail message, a district shall con- the applicant to verify information regarding the applicant's eli- lity for available child-care and education services. On certifying ibility, a district shall match the applicant with entities providing se services in the applicant's community, including local work- the development boards, local child-care providers, or a Head rt or Early Head Start program provider.	
		istrict shall cooperate with the Texas Information and Referral work as necessary in the administration of this project.	
	Go	/'t Code 531.0312(c)–(e)	

Mandatory Recognition Dates	A district shall regularly observe the following recognition days, weeks, and months by appropriate programs, celebrations, and tivities:	
Women's Independence Day	August 26: Women's Independence Day, to commemorate the fication in 1920 of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United Sta Constitution, which guaranteed women the right to vote. Wome Independence Day shall be regularly observed by appropriate grams in the public schools to inspire a greater appreciation of importance of women's suffrage. <i>Gov't Code 662.051</i>	ates en's pro-
Hydrocephalus	September: Hydrocephalus Awareness Month, to:	
Awareness Month	 Increase public awareness of hydrocephalus, a serious nerological condition characterized by the abnormal buildup cerebrospinal fluids in the ventricles of the brain; and 	
	2. Encourage the development of partnerships between the eral government, health-care professionals, and patient a cacy groups to advance the public's understanding of the dition, improve the diagnosis and treatment of the conditionand support research for a cure.	dvo- con-
	Hydrocephalus Awareness Month shall be regularly observed a appropriate activities in public schools to increase awareness of hydrocephalus.	•
	Gov't Code 662.106	
Texas First Responders Day	September 11: Texas First Responders Day, in honor of the bra ery, courage, and determination of Texas men and women who sist others in emergencies. Texas First Responders Day shall b regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies in the public sch to honor Texas first responders. A district may determine the ap priate ceremonies by which Texas observes Texas First Respo ers Day. <i>Gov't Code 662.050</i>	o as- oe nools opro-
September 11	September 11: To commemorate the events of September 11, 2001, in each year that date falls on a regular school day, each public elementary and secondary school shall provide for the or servance of one minute of silence at the beginning of the first or period of that day. Immediately before the required period of ot servance, the class instructor shall make a statement of referent to the memory of individuals who died on September 11, 2001, required period of observance may be held in conjunction with minute of silence required by Education Code 25.0821	b- class o- nce The the
Constitution Day	September 17: A district that receives federal funds for a fiscal shall hold an educational program on the United States	year
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	Con (200	stitution for the students served by the district. <i>Pub. L. 108</i> 04)	-447
Celebrate Freedom Week	dent cour	ek of September 17: Celebrate Freedom Week, to educate ts about the sacrifices made for freedom in the founding of ntry and the values on which this country was founded. <i>Edu</i> <i>Code</i> 29.907	this
Appropriate Instruction	Wee boai impo	h social studies class shall include, during Celebrate Freed ek or during another full school week as determined by the rd, appropriate instruction concerning the intent, meaning, a prtance of the Declaration of Independence and the United es Constitution, including the Bill of Rights, in their historica rext.	and
	stud subs to th Ame tion,	study of the Declaration of Independence must include the y of the relationship of the ideas expressed in that docume sequent American history, including the relationship of its id he rich diversity of our people as a nation of immigrants, the erican Revolution, the formulation of the United States Con- and the abolitionist movement, which led to the Emancipa clamation and the women's suffrage movement.	ent to leas e stitu-
	19 7	AC 74.33(a)	
Recitation	othe and dent Crea Libe Righ	h district shall require that, during Celebrate Freedom Wee er prescribed week of instruction, students in grades 3–12 s recite the following text: "We hold these Truths to be self-e t, that all Men are created equal, that they are endowed by ator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are l rty, and the Pursuit of Happiness — That to secure these hts, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their vers from the Consent of the Governed."	study vi- their _ife,
Exception	Eac	h district shall excuse from recitation a student:	
	1.	Whose parent or guardian submits to the district a written quest that the student be excused;	re-
	2.	Who, as determined by the district, has a conscientious o tion to the recitation; or	bjec-
	3.	Who is the child of a representative of a foreign governme to whom the United States government extends diplomati immunity.	
	19 7	AC 74.33(b), .36	
American Indian Heritage Day	tura	last Friday in September is in recognition of the historic, cu l, and social contributions American Indian communities an ers have made to Texas. American Indian Heritage Day sh	d
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	proo to c	egularly observed by appropriate ceremonies, activition grams in public schools to honor American Indians in elebrate the rich traditional and contemporary America ure. <i>Gov't Code 662.056</i>	Texas and
Father of Texas Day	the ther patr the	rember 3: Father of Texas Day, in memory of Stephen great pioneer patriot and the real and true Father of T of Texas Day shall be regularly observed by appropri iotic programs in the public schools to properly comm birthday of Stephen F. Austin and to inspire a greater beloved state. <i>Gov't Code 662.045</i>	exas. Fa- ate and emorate
Sam Rayburn Day	Ame regu to c	uary 6: Sam Rayburn Day, in memory of that great Te erican statesman, Sam Rayburn. Sam Rayburn Day s ularly observed by appropriate programs in the public ommemorate the birthday of Sam Rayburn. <i>Gov't Coo</i> .041	hall be schools
State of Texas Anniversary Remembrance Day	(ST) Jam of T pria mer	ruary 19: State of Texas Anniversary Remembrance I AR Day), in honor of Texas joining the Union and the nes Pinckney Henderson became the first governor of exas in 1846. STAR Day shall be regularly observed b te and patriotic programs in the public schools to prop morate the annexation of this state and to inspire a gre ciation for the history of this state. <i>Gov't Code 662.04</i>	day that the state by appro- berly com- eater ap-
Texas History Month	sha thro obs sche	ch: Texas History Month, in honor of those Texans where the history of the state of Texas and in recognition ughout Texas's history. Texas History Month shall be erved by appropriate celebrations and activities in public to promote interest in and knowledge of Texas histor't Code 662.102	of events regularly blic
Texas Girls in STEM Day	and	ch 1 is designated as Texas Girls in STEM Day to cel encourage the participation of girls in this state in fiel cience, technology, engineering, and mathematics.	
	ate	as Girls in STEM Day shall be regularly observed by a ceremonies, activities, and programs in public schools tutions of higher education, and other places to:	• • •
	1.	Encourage girls in this state to consider career fields ence, technology, engineering, and mathematics; ar	
	2.	Celebrate and honor the women of this state who had celled in those fields.	ave ex-
	Gov	r't Code 662.071	

Gov't Code 662.071

	In recognition of Texas Girls in STEM Day, each district may in- clude throughout the month of March appropriate instruction, activi- ties, and programs to encourage and celebrate women in career fields related to science, technology, engineering, and mathemat- ics. The instruction may include programs that profile women in those fields and related fields, including finance, information tech- nology, data analytics, cybersecurity, and health-care cloud archi- tecture. <i>Education Code 29.925</i>			
Public School Paraprofessional Day	The second Wednesday in May: Public School Paraprofessional Day, in recognition of education paraprofessionals including teacher assistants, instructional aides, educational trainers, library attendants, bilingual assistants, special education associates, men- tors, and tutors. Public School Paraprofessional Day shall be regu- larly observed by appropriate ceremonies and activities in the pub- lic schools to properly recognize the paraprofessionals who have made tremendous contributions to the educational process. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 662.049</i>			
Texas Military Heroes Day	To educate students about the sacrifices made by brave Texans who have served in the armed forces of the United States, the gov- ernor shall designate a day to be known as Texas Military Heroes Day in public schools.			
	Texas Military Heroes Day shall include appropriate instruction, as determined by each district. Instruction may include:			
	 Information about persons who have served in the armed forces of the United States and are from the community or the geographic area in which the district is located; and 			
	 Participation, in person or using technology, in age-appropri- ate learning projects at battlefields and gravesites associated with a person who has served in the armed forces. 			
	Education Code 29.9071			
Generation Texas Week	Each district offering middle school, junior high school, or high school grade levels shall designate one week during the school year as Generation Texas Week. During the designated week, each middle school, junior high school, and high school shall pro- vide students with comprehensive grade-appropriate information about the pursuit of higher education, including:			
	1. Higher education options;			
	2. Standard admission requirements for institutions of higher ed- ucation, including:			
	a. Overall high school grade point average;			

		b.	Required curriculum;		
		C.	College readiness standards and expectations as deter- mined under Education Code 28.008; and		
		d.	Scores necessary on generally recognized tests or as- sessment instruments used in admissions determina- tions, including the Scholastic Assessment Test and the American College Test;		
	3.		omatic admission of certain students to general academic hing institutions under Education Code 51.803 [see EIC];		
	4.	nano	ncial aid availability and requirements, including the fi- cial aid information provided by counselors under Educa- Code 33.007(b) [see FFEA].		
	shal	l prov	n, each middle school, junior high school, and high school ride to students at least one public speaker to promote the ce of higher education.		
	Education Code 29.911				
Holocaust Remembrance Week	To educate students about the Holocaust and inspire in students a sense of responsibility to recognize and uphold human value and to prevent future atrocities, the governor shall designate a week to be known as Holocaust Remembrance Week in public schools.				
	Holocaust Remembrance Week shall include age-appropriate in- struction, as determined by each district. Instruction shall include:				
	1.		mation about the history of and lessons learned from the ocaust;		
	2.		icipation, in person or using technology, in learning pro- about the Holocaust; and		
	3.		use of materials developed or approved by the Texas ocaust and Genocide Commission.		
	"Holocaust" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 449.001.				
	Education Code 29.9072				
Optional Recognition Dates	In addition, a district may observe the following recognition days, weeks, or months, by appropriate celebrations and activities:				
Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day	Third Wednesday of September: Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day, in memory of the significant contributions to the Mexican American				

	civil rights movement of Dr. Hector P. Garcia, a distinguished physi- cian and a recipient of the Presidential Medal of Freedom and the founder of the American GI Forum, which promotes civil rights pro- tection of Hispanic veterans and all Americans. Dr. Garcia, a World War II hero, was awarded a Bronze Star Medal with six battle stars in recognition of his meritorious service to the United States. Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day may be regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies and activities in the public schools to properly com- memorate the importance of the contributions made by Dr. Garcia. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.055
Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month	October: Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month, to increase public awareness of the many achievements of people with disabilities; encourage public understanding of the disability rights movement; and reaffirm the local, state, and federal commit- ment to providing equality and inclusion for people with disabilities. A district may elect to observe Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month and determine the appropriate activities by which the school observes Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month. <i>Gov't Code 662.109</i>
Texas Native Plant Week	Third week in October: Texas Native Plant Week, to celebrate the native plants of Texas. Texas Native Plant Week may be regularly observed in public schools with programs to appreciate, explore, and study Texas native plants. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.154
Lung Cancer Awareness Month	November: Lung Cancer Awareness Month, to increase awareness of lung cancer and encourage funding of research and more effective treatments. Lung Cancer Awareness Month may be regularly observed by appropriate activities in public schools to increase the awareness of lung cancer and support for lung cancer research. <i>Gov't Code 662.104</i>
Human Trafficking Prevention Month	January: Human Trafficking Prevention Month, to increase aware- ness of human trafficking in an effort to encourage people to alert authorities to any suspected incidents involving human trafficking. Human Trafficking Prevention Month may be regularly observed through appropriate activities in public schools and other places to increase awareness and prevention of human trafficking. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 662.107</i>
Law Enforcement Appreciation Day	January 9: Law Enforcement Appreciation Day may be regularly observed in public schools and other places through appropriate activities. <i>Gov't Code 662.067</i>
lwo Jima Day	February 19: Iwo Jima Day, in memory of the heroism and courage of the men and women of the armed forces of the United States who participated in the successful capture of the island of Iwo Jima

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	beginning February 19, 1945. Iwo Jima Day may be regularly o served through appropriate activities in public schools and othe places. <i>Gov't Code 662.062</i>				
Child Safety Month	April: Child Safety Month, in recognition of the children of this state as this state's most precious resource. Child Safety Month is meant to ensure that the children of this state grow up in a safe and supportive environment by promoting their protection and care through increased public awareness of ways to reduce accidental injury and death through the use of bicycle helmets, seat belts, safety and booster seats, and smoke alarms, and the dangers pre- sented to children by unattended and unlocked vehicles and by be- ing left in closed vehicles during hot or sunny weather. Child Safety Month may be regularly observed by appropriate celebrations and activities in public schools to promote the protection and care of children in this state. <i>Gov't Code 662.105</i>				
Sexual Assault Awareness Month	April: Sexual Assault Awareness Month, to increase awareness and prevention of sexual assault. Sexual Assault Awareness Month may be regularly observed through appropriate activities in public schools and other places to increase awareness and prevention of sexual assault. <i>Gov't Code 662.111</i>				
Student Elections	An election for the participation of students in kindergarten through the grade 12 may be held in conjunction with a general, special, o mary election. The student election may be ordered by:				
	 The commissioners court, for a student election held in co junction with an election ordered by the governor or a cour authority; 				
	2. The governing body of a political subdivision, for a student election held in conjunction with an election of the political subdivision; or				
	3. The county executive committee, for a student election he conjunction with a primary election.	ld in			
	A student election may be held only on election day or the day be- fore election day.				
	The authority ordering a student election shall specify in the order each grade that may participate in the election. A student in a spec- ified grade may enter a precinct polling place for the purpose of casting an unofficial ballot in the student election on the same of- fices and measures that appear on the official ballot.				
	The election officers serving in the official election may not serve in the student election. The authority ordering a student election shall appoint a separate set of election officers to conduct the student				
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election, supervise the participating students, and tabulate and report the results of that election. The authority ordering a student election shall make the results of that election available to the public but only after the polling places are closed on election day.

Expenses incurred in the conduct of a student election, including any personnel expenses, may be paid only from private grant funds or donations.

Election Code 276.007

ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

Notice to Parents	enrolled which a ment pro credit pr notice m or private A district	hool year, a district shall notify the parent of each student in grade 9 or above of the availability of programs under student may earn college credit, including advanced place- ograms, dual credit programs, joint high school and college ograms, and international baccalaureate programs. The ust include the name and contact information of any public e entity offering such a program in the district.
	Note:	For information on dual credit courses available through the <u>Texas Virtual School Network</u> ¹ (TXVSN), see EHDE.
College Credit Program	earn the credit in of highe	shall implement a program under which students may equivalent of at least 12 semester credit hours of college high school. If requested by the district, a public institution reducation in this state shall assist the district in develop- implementing the program. The college credit may be hrough:
		ernational baccalaureate, advanced placement, or dual dit courses;
	arti	culated postsecondary courses provided for local credit or culated postsecondary advanced technical credit courses vided for state credit; or
	3. Ang	combination of the courses in items 1 and 2.
	Annually (TEA):	, a district shall report to the Texas Education Agency
	der	e number of students, including career and technical stu- nts, who have participated in the program and earned col- e credit; and
	der	e cumulative number of courses in which participating stu- nts have enrolled and college credit hours the students ve earned.
		gram may provide a student the opportunity to earn credit arse or activity, including an apprenticeship or training
	rec and	at satisfies a requirement necessary to obtain an industry- ognized credential or certificate or an associate degree, I is approved by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating ard (THECB); and

	2.	For which a student may earn credit concurrently toward both the student's high school diploma and postsecondary aca- demic requirements.					
	Ad	A dual credit course must be:					
	1.	In the core curriculum of the public institution of higher educa- tion providing college credit;					
	2.	A career and technical education course; or					
	3.	A foreign language course.					
	The requirements above do not apply to a dual credit course of- fered as part of the early college education program established under Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program that assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate de- gree while in high school.						
		A district is not required to pay a student's tuition or other associ- ated costs for taking a course under this section.					
Agreements	Any agreement, including a memorandum of understanding or ar- ticulation agreement, between a school district and public institu- tion of higher education to provide a dual credit program must:						
	1.	Include specific program goals aligned with statewide goals developed jointly by TEA and the THECB;					
	2.	Establish common advising strategies and terminology related to dual credit and college readiness;					
	3.	Provide for the alignment of endorsements offered by the dis- trict [see EIF] and dual credit courses offered under the agreement that apply towards those endorsements, with post- secondary pathways and credentials at the institution and in- dustry certifications;					
	4.	Identify tools, including tools developed by TEA, THECB, or the Texas Workforce Commission, to assist school counse- lors, students, and families in selecting endorsements offered by the district and dual credit courses offered under the agreement;					
	5.	Establish, or provide a procedure for establishing, the course credits that may be earned under the agreement, including by developing a course equivalency crosswalk or other method for equating high school courses with college courses and identifying the number of credits that may be earned for each course completed through the program;					

	6.	Describe the academic supports and, if applicable, guidance that will be provided to students participating in the program;
	7.	Establish the district's and the institution's respective roles and responsibilities in providing the program and ensuring the quality and instructional rigor of the program;
	8.	State the sources of funding for courses offered under the program, including, at a minimum, the sources of funding for tuition, transportation, and any required fees or textbooks for students participating in the program;
	9.	Require the district and the institution to consider the use of free or low-cost open educational resources in courses of-fered under the program; and
	10.	Be posted each year on the district's and the institution's re- spective websites.
	Edu	cation Code 28.009; 19 TAC 4.84
College-Level Courses	crea cou high	bard may adopt a policy that allows a student to be awarded dit toward high school graduation for completing a college-level rse. The course must be provided only by an institution of her education that is accredited by any of the following regional rediting associations:
	1.	Southern Association of Colleges and Schools
	2.	Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools
	3.	New England Association of Colleges and Schools
	4.	North Central Association of Colleges and Schools
	5.	Western Association of Colleges and Schools
	6.	Northwest Association of Colleges and Schools
	tion scho cou dem	be eligible to enroll and be awarded credit toward state gradua- requirements, a student shall have the approval of the high ool principal or other school official designated by a district. The rse(s) for which credit is awarded shall provide advanced aca- nic instruction beyond or in greater depth than the essential wledge and skills for the equivalent high school course.
	19	TAC 74.25
Dual Credit Programs Definitions	pub or u	purposes of the following provisions, "college" means any lic technical institute, public junior college, public senior college niversity, medical or dental unit, public state college, or other ncy of higher education as defined by Education Code 61.003.

	"Dual credit" means the system under which an eligible high school student enrolls in college course(s) and receives credit for the course(s) from both the college and high school.					
	19 TAC 4.83(4), (7)					
Partnership Agreements with Public Colleges	A district may enter into an agreement with a public college to form a dual credit partnership in accordance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 4, Subchapter D. <i>Education Code 130.008; 19 TAC</i> <i>Ch. 4, Subch. D</i>					
Community College Jurisdiction	A school district that operates a high school may enter into an agreement with a community college district, regardless of whether the high school is located within the service area of the community college district, to offer a course as provided by Education Code 130.008.					
	A course offered for joint high school and junior college credit must be:					
	1. In the core curriculum of the public junior college;					
	2. A career and technical education course; or					
	3. A foreign language course.					
	These requirements do not apply to a course offered for joint high school and junior college credit to a student as part of the early col- lege education program established under Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program that assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate degree while in high school.					
	Education Code 130.008(a-1), (a-2), (d)					
Student Eligibility	A high school student is eligible to enroll in academic dual credit courses and workforce education dual credit courses as permitted by 19 Administrative Code 4.85(b).					
	To be eligible for enrollment in a dual credit course offered by a public college, students must meet all the college's regular prerequisite requirements designated for that course (e.g., minimum score on a specified placement test, minimum grade in a specified previous course, etc.).					
	An institution may impose additional requirements for enrollment in courses for dual credit that do not conflict with this section.					
	An institution is not required, under the provisions of this section, to offer dual credit courses for high school students.					
	19 TAC 4.85(b)					

Qualified Instructor	A course offered for joint high school and junior college credit must be taught by a qualified instructor approved or selected by the pub- lic junior college. An instructor is qualified if the instructor holds:					
	1.	 A doctoral or master's degree in the discipline that is the ject of the course; 				
	2.	A master's degree in another discipline with a concentration that required completion of a minimum of 18 graduate set ter hours in the discipline that is the subject of the course				
	3.	For a course that is offered in an associate degree program and that is not designed for transfer to a baccalaureate de- gree program:				
		a.	A degree described above;			
		b.	A baccalaureate degree in the discipline that is the subject of the course; or			
		C.	An associate degree and demonstrated competencies in the discipline that is the subject of the course, as deter- mined by the THECB.			
	shal cour by th	l appr rse at ne dis	than the 60th day after receipt, a public junior college rove or reject an application for approval to teach a a high school that is submitted by an instructor employed strict with which the junior college entered into an agree- ffer the course.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 130.008(g), (h)			
Attendance Accounting	The time during which a student attends a dual credit course, in- cluding a course provided under the college credit program, shall be counted as part of the minimum instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily at- tendance. <i>Education Code 48.005(g)</i> [See FEB]					
	gran prog purp	ns pro jram i ooses	nissioner of education may approve instructional pro- ovided off campus by an entity other than a district as a n which participation by a student may be counted for of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education</i> 007(a)			
Reporting Off- Campus Programs	an o vide one	off-car d only of the	hay adopt a policy that allows a student to participate in npus instructional program. The program must be pro- y by an institution of higher education that is accredited by e regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin- Code 74.25 (High School Credit for College Courses).			
	To b	e elig	ible, a student must:			

	1.	Be in grade 11 or 12;				
	2.	Have demonstrated college readiness as outlined in the re- quirements for participation in dual credit programs in the <i>Stu-</i> <i>dent Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> ;				
	3.	Meet any eligibility requirements adopted by the institution of higher education; and				
	4.	Have the approval of the high school principal or other school official designated by the district.				
	ΤH	The off-campus program must comply with rules adopted by the THECB in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 19, Part 1, with respect to teacher qualifications.				
	19	19 TAC 129.1031				
	pro 48. inst time	the that a student participates in an off-campus instructional gram approved by the commissioner under Education Code 007(a) shall be counted as part of the minimum number of tructional hours required for a student to be considered a full- e student in average daily attendance. <i>Education Code</i> 005(h)				
Dual Credit Agreement	app	The board of a district and the governing board of a college must approve any dual credit partnership between the schools before of- fering such courses.				
	The	The dual credit agreement must address:				
	1.	Eligible courses;				
	2.	Student eligibility;				
	3.	Location of class;				
	4.	Student composition of class;				
	5.	Faculty selection, supervision, and evaluation;				
	6.	Course curriculum, instruction, and gathering;				
	7.	Academic policies and student support services;				
	8.	Transcripting of credit;				
	9.	Funding; and				
	10.	Defined sequences of courses, where applicable.				
	19	19 TAC 4.84–.85				

Instructional Partnerships with Community College	Types of instructional partnerships between a district and a com- munity college district include:			
Districts	1.	Award of High School Credit Only (see High School Credit- Only Courses, below).		
	2.	Award of Dual Credit (see Dual Credit Programs, above).		
	3.	Tech-Prep Programs (see Tech-Prep Programs, below).		
	4.	Remedial or Developmental Instruction for High School Grad- uates (see Remedial Programs, below).		
	5.	College Preparatory Courses for High School Students (see College Preparatory Courses, below)		
	19	TAC 9.143		
Agreement	For any educational partnership between a district and a community college district, an agreement must be approved by the board or designee of both the district and the college district. The partnership agreement must address the following:			
	1.	Student eligibility requirements.		
	2.	Faculty qualifications.		
	3.	Location and student composition of classes.		
	4.	Provision of student learning and support services.		
	5.	Eligible courses.		
	6.	Grading criteria.		
	7.	Transcripting of credit.		
	8.	Funding provisions.		
	19	TAC 9.144		
High School Credit- Only Courses	A district may contract with a community college district for the college district to provide coursework necessary for students to complete high school as described in 19 Administrative Code 9.125. The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. <i>19 TAC 9.125, .143(a)</i>			
Tech-Prep Programs	A district may partner with a college district to allow for the articula- tion of high school technical courses taught by the high school to high school students for immediate high school credit and later col- lege credit, to be awarded upon enrollment of the students in the college district in an associate degree or certificate program. 19 TAC 9.143(c)			

Remedial Programs	A board may contract, as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 9.125, with the board of the community college district in which a district is located for the college district to provide remedial programs for stu- dents enrolled in a district's secondary schools in preparation for graduation from secondary school and entrance into college.
	Community colleges may provide instruction to high school stu- dents for either remedial course work to prepare students to pass the required State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness End-of-Course (STAAR EOC) assessments or developmental course work to prepare the students to pass an assessment instru- ment approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (Assessment Instruments).
	High school students who have passed all of the STAAR EOC as- sessments with the high school graduation standard may be per- mitted to enroll in state-funded developmental courses offered by a community college at the college's discretion if a need for such course work is indicated by student performance on an assess- ment instrument approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (see below).
	The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. Remedial and developmental courses may not be offered for dual credit.
	Education Code 130.090; 19 TAC 9.125, .143(d), .146
	An institution of higher education shall use the Texas Success Initi- ative (TSI) Assessment offered by the College Board as the only THECB-approved assessment instrument. <i>19 TAC 4.56</i>
College Preparatory Courses	College preparatory courses are locally developed through a mem- orandum of understanding created between school districts and community colleges. <i>19 TAC 9.147</i>
Certain Academies	A district shall grant a student a maximum of two years' credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas— Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies (at Texas A&M University—Laredo). <i>Education Code 28.024</i>

¹ Texas Virtual School Network: <u>http://www.txvsn.org/</u>

Automatic Admission to Institution of Higher Education	nize of th thei eral polie [see	d acc neir hi r high acad cy, sh	ants from Texas schools accredited by a generally recog- crediting agency and who graduate in the top ten percent gh school class or who graduate in the top 25 percent of school class, to the extent the governing board of a gen- emic teaching institution has adopted such an admission all be admitted to a general academic teaching institution cation Code 61.003(3)] if the student meets the following s:	
	1.	The	student has met one of the following:	
		a.	Successfully completed the distinguished level of achievement under the Foundation, Recommended, or Advanced High School Program from a Texas public high school as outlined under Education Code 28.025 [see EIF];	
		b.	Satisfied ACT's College Readiness Benchmarks on the ACT assessment; or	
		C.	Earned a score on the SAT that meets the minimum re- quirements described by 19 Administrative Code 5.5(b)(1)(D).	
	2.	plon year	student submitted an official high school transcript or di- na that must, not later than the end of the student's junior r, indicate whether the student has satisfied the above re- ements.	
	19	TAC 5	.5(b); Education Code 51.803(a)	
Valedictorian Eligibility	In addition to admissions under the top ten percent rule, each gen- eral academic teaching institution shall admit an applicant for ad- mission to the institution as an undergraduate student if the appli- cant graduated as the valedictorian of the student's high school graduating class in one of the two school years preceding the aca- demic year for which the student is applying for admission and sat- isfies the requirements listed in Education Code 51.803. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 51.803(d-1)</i>			
Exception	Beginning with admissions for the 2011–12 academic year, the University of Texas at Austin (UT) is not required to offer admission to applicants who qualify for automatic admission in excess of the number required to fill 75 percent of the university's enrollment capacity designated for first-time resident undergraduate students in an academic year.			
	If the number of applicants who apply to UT for admission in the next academic year and who qualify for automatic admission exceeds 75 percent of UT's enrollment capacity, UT shall, not later			
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	than September 15, provide to each district, for dissemination to high school juniors and their parents, notice of which percentile ranks of high school seniors who qualify for automatic admission are anticipated to be offered admission during the next school year.
	Education Code 51.803(a-1)–(a-2)
Curriculum Requirements	An applicant who does not satisfy the curriculum requirements for the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation program, the Recommended High School Program, or the Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program is considered to have satisfied those requirements if the student completed the portion of the applicable curriculum that was available to the student but was unable to complete the remainder solely because the necessary courses were unavailable to the student at the appropriate times in the student's high school career as a result of course scheduling, lack of enrollment capacity, or another cause not within the student's control. <i>Education Code</i> <i>51.803(b)</i>
	To qualify for admission under this section, an applicant must sub- mit an application before the expiration of any application filing deadlines and provide a transcript that satisfies the requirements listed in Education Code 51.803(d). A student's transcript or di- ploma must, not later than the student's junior year, indicate the student's progress toward satisfying the curriculum requirements [see EI]. <i>Education Code 51.803(c)-(d)</i>
Signs to Be Posted	A board shall require each high school in the district to post appro- priate signs in each school counselor's office, in each principal's of- fice, and in each administrative building indicating the substance of the automatic admission provisions above. <i>Education Code 28.026</i>
Dissemination	A district shall provide each student, at the time the student first registers for one or more classes required for high school graduation, with a written notification concerning automatic college admission, the curriculum requirements for financial aid under Education Code, Title 3, and the benefits of completing the requirements for automatic admission and financial aid. A school district shall obtain written acknowledgement of receipt of the notification from each eligible student and student's parent or guardian. The notification must be signed by the student and the student's parent or guardian. <i>19 TAC 61.1201</i>
	To an effect in all a construction of information or constitution that a statement is

To assist in dissemination of information regarding the automatic admissions program, a district shall:

	1.	Require that each school counselor and class advisor at a high school be provided a detailed explanation of the sub-stance of the program;		
	2.	Provide each student, at the time the student first registers for one or more classes required for high school graduation, with a written notification, using the appropriate form adopted by the Commissioner, of the substance of the program;		
	3.	Require that each school counselor and senior class advisor at a high school explain to eligible students the substance of the program;		
	4.	Require that, at the beginning of grades 10 and 11, a certified counselor explain the requirements of automatic admission to a general academic teaching institution to each student who has a grade point average in the top 25 percent of the stu- dent's high school class [see FFEA]; and		
	5.	Not later than the 14th day after the last day of classes for the fall semester or an equivalent date in the case of a school op- erated on a year-round system, provide each eligible senior student and each junior student who has a grade point aver- age in the top ten percent of the student's high school class, and the student's parent or guardian, with a written notifica- tion, using the appropriate form adopted by the Commis- sioner, of the student's eligibility with a detailed explanation in plain language of the substance of the program. The district shall obtain written acknowledgment of receipt of the notifica- tion from each eligible student and the student's parent or guardian.		
	Education Code 28.026, 33.007(c)			
	Not	e: The <u>Notification of Eligibility for Automatic College Ad-</u> <u>mission</u> , ¹ intended to satisfy the requirement at item 5 above, is available on the TEA website.		
Class Rank	gen	n school rank for students seeking automatic admission to a eral teaching institution on the basis of their class rank is deter- ed and reported as follows:		
	1.	Most recent available class rank, based on a point in time no earlier than the end of the 11th grade, shall be used for ad- mission decision-making.		
	2.	The top ten percent and top 25 percent of a high school class shall not contain more than ten percent and top 25 percent, respectively, of the total class size.		
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	3.	The student's rank shall be reported by the applicant's high school or school district as a specific number out of a specific number total class size.	
	4.	Class rank shall be determined by the Texas school or district from which the student graduated or is expected to graduate.	
	19	TAC 5.5(f)	
Certain Programs	If the program meets the requirements of Education Code 51.8045, a board may treat a high school magnet program, academy, or other special program conducted by the district at a high school at- tended by high school students who are not in the special program as an independent high school with its own graduating class for purposes of Education Code 51.803 and 51.804 only (top ten and top 25 percent rule). <i>Education Code 51.8045</i>		
End-of-Course Assessments	A student's performance on an end-of-course assessment instru- ment may not be used in determining the student's class ranking for any purpose, including entitlement to automatic college admis- sion. <i>Education Code 39.0232(b)(1)</i>		
	1 Nc	tification of Eligibility for Automatic College Admission:	

¹ Notification of Eligibility for Automatic College Admission: <u>http://tea.texas.gov/index2.aspx?id=2147485632</u>

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EIF (LEGAL)

High School Diploma			may graduate and receive a diploma only if the student Illy completes:		
	1.	Eduo low]	curriculum requirements identified by the State Board of cation (SBOE) [see State Graduation Requirements, be- and has performed satisfactorily on applicable state as- ments [see EKB]; or		
	2.	An individualized education program (IEP) developed Education Code 29.005. [See EHBAB]			
	Education Code 28.025(c)				
	Note:		Education Code 28.0258 and 19 Administrative Code 74.1025 related to individual graduation committees expire September 1, 2023.		
Individual Graduation Committee	Without complying with the requirements above, a student may re- ceive a diploma if the person is eligible for a diploma as deter- mined by an individual graduation committee (IGC) established un- der Education Code 28.0258. <i>Education Code 28.025(c-6)</i>				
	For each 11th or 12th grade student who has failed to comply with the end-of-course (EOC) assessment instrument performance re- quirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses, the district shall establish an IGC at the end of or after the student's 11th grade year to determine whether the student may qualify to graduate. A student may not qualify to graduate before the student's 12th grade year.				
	The	IGC s	shall be composed of:		
	1.	The	principal or principal's designee;		
	2.		each EOC assessment instrument on which the student d to perform satisfactorily, the teacher of the course;		
	3.		department chair or lead teacher supervising the her(s) above; and		
	4.	As a	pplicable:		
		a.	The student's parent or person standing in parental rela- tion to the student;		
		b.	A designated advocate if the parent is unable to serve; or		
		C.	The student, at the student's option, if the student is at least 18 years of age or is an emancipated minor.		

	The superintendent shall establish procedures for convening the committee.			
	The district shall provide an appropriate translator, if available, for a parent, advocate, or student who is unable to speak English.			
	Education Code 28.0258(a)-(c), (c-2); 19 TAC 74.1025			
Notice	A district shall ensure a good faith effort is made to timely notify the appropriate person described under item 4 above of the time and place for convening the IGC and the purpose of the committee. The notice must be provided in person or by regular mail or email; clear and easy to understand; and written in English, in Spanish, or, to the extent practicable, in the native language of the appropriate person. <i>Education Code 28.0258(d)</i>			
Curriculum Requirements	To be eligible to graduate and receive a high school diploma from the IGC, a student must successfully complete the curriculum re- quirements required for high school graduation. [See State Gradu- ation Requirements, below] <i>Education Code 28.0258(e)</i>			
Additional Requirements to Graduate	A student's IGC shall recommend additional requirements by which the student may qualify to graduate, including additional remedia- tion; and for each EOC assessment instrument on which the stu- dent failed to perform satisfactorily:			
	1. The completion of a project related to the subject area of the course that demonstrates proficiency in the subject area; or			
	 The preparation of a portfolio of work samples in the subject area of the course, including work samples from the course that demonstrate proficiency in the subject area. 			
	A student may submit to the IGC coursework previously completed to satisfy a recommended additional requirement.			
	Education Code 28.0258(f), (g)			
	In determining whether a student is qualified to graduate, the com- mittee shall consider the criteria at Education Code 28.0258(h) and any other academic information designated for consideration by the board. After considering the criteria, the committee may deter- mine that the student is qualified to graduate. A student may gradu- ate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the commit- tee's decision only if the student successfully completes all additional requirements recommended by the committee, the stu- dent meets applicable curriculum requirements, and the commit- tee's vote is unanimous. The decision of a committee is final and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 28.0258(i)</i>			

English Language Learners	For provisions related to an IGC and English language learners (ELL), see EKB(LEGAL).			
Students Who Entered Grade 9	In accordance with Education Code 28.02541, a school district may award a high school diploma to an individual who:			
Before the 2011–12 School Year	1.	Entered grade 9 before the 2011–12 school year;		
	2.	Successfully completed the curriculum requirements for high school graduation applicable when the individual entered grade 9;		
	3.	Has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument or part of an assessment instrument required for high school graduation, including an alternative assessment instrument offered under Education Code 39.025(c-2);		
	4.	Has been administered at least three times the required sub- ject-area test(s) for which the individual has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument applica- ble to the individual when the individual entered grade 9; and		
	5.	Meets the alternative requirements for graduation in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(c) or the local al- ternative requirements approved by the board in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(d).		
	19 7	AC 74.1027(a); Education Code 28.02541		
District Determination	rolle ate a	school district in which the individual is enrolled or was last en- d shall determine whether the individual may qualify to gradu- and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the alterna- requirements for graduation. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(b)</i>		
Alternative Requirements	The alternative requirements for graduation are listed at 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.1027(c). With approval by the board, a district may develop recommenda- tions for local alternative requirements if the requirements would al low an individual to demonstrate proficiency in the content related to an examination for which the individual has not performed satis- factorily. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(d)</i>			
Local Alternative Requirements				
Appeals	A decision regarding whether the individual qualifies to grade and receive a high school diploma is final and may not be ap pealed. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(e); Education Code 28.02541</i>			
Documentation	The district shall maintain documentation to support the decis award or not award an individual a high school diploma. <i>19 Tr</i> 74.1027(f)			

Special Education	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a high school diploma. A student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee shall determine if the student will be re- quired to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for pur- poses of graduation. <i>19 TAC 101.3023(a)</i> [See Graduation of Stu- dents Receiving Special Education Services, below, and EKB]
Posthumous Diploma	Beginning with students enrolled in grade 12 during the 2019–20 school year, and on request of the student's parent, a district shall issue a high school diploma posthumously to each student who died while enrolled in the district at the end of the school year in which the student was expected to graduate under the regular schedule of school attendance. The high school diploma may not be issued before the graduation date of the class in which the student was enrolled at the time of death.
Exception	A district is not required to issue a posthumous diploma if the stu- dent was convicted of a felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal Code, or adjudicated as having engaged in conduct constituting a felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal Code.
	Education Code 28.0254
Diplomas for Veterans	Notwithstanding any other provision of this policy, a district may is- sue a high school diploma to a person who is an honorably dis- charged member of the armed forces of the United States; was scheduled to graduate from high school after 1940 and before 1975 or after 1989; and left school after completing the sixth or a higher grade, before graduating from high school, to serve in:
	 World War II, the Korean War, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the Iraq War, or the war in Afghanistan; or
	2. Any other war formally declared by the United States, military engagement authorized by the United States Congress, military engagement authorized by a United Nations Security Council resolution and funded by the United States Congress, or conflict authorized by the president of the United States under the War Powers Resolution of 1973, 50 U.S.C. 1541, et seq.
	Education Code 28.0251
Personal Graduation Plan Junior High or Middle School PGP	A principal of a junior high or middle school shall designate a school counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to de- velop and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each student enrolled in the junior high or middle school who:

	1. Does ment;	not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- or				
	schoo	likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth I year following the student's enrollment in grade level determined by a district.				
	A PGP must:					
	1. Identif	y educational goals for the student;				
		e diagnostic information, appropriate monitoring and in- ition, and other evaluation strategies;				
		e an intensive instruction program described in Educa- ode 28.0213 [see EHBC];				
	cludin	ss participation of the student's parent or guardian, in- g consideration of the parent's or guardian's educational tations for the student; and				
	vance enviro are pr	le innovative methods to promote the student's ad- ment, including flexible scheduling, alternative learning nments, online instruction, and other interventions that oven to accelerate the learning process and have been ifically validated to improve learning and cognitive abil-				
	Education	Code 28.0212				
Students Receiving Special Education Services	For a student receiving special education services, the student's ARD committee and the district are responsible for developing the student's PGP.					
	A student's IEP developed under Education Code 29.005 may be used as the student's PGP.					
	Education	Code 28.0212(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(a) [See EHBAB]				
High School PGP	school adm tering grade PGP optior	of a high school shall designate a school counselor or ninistrator to review PGP options with each student en- e 9 together with that student's parent or guardian. The ns reviewed must include the distinguished level of nt and endorsements.				
	dent's pare	conclusion of the school year, the student and the stu- nt or guardian must confirm and sign a PGP for the stu- entifies a course of study that:				
		otes college and workforce readiness and career place- and advancement; and				

		Facilitates the student's transition from secondary to postsec- ondary education.				
	A district may not prevent a student and the student's parent or guardian from confirming a PGP that includes pursuit of a distin- guished level of achievement or an endorsement.					
	tion o must	A student may amend the student's PGP after the initial confirma- tion of the plan. If a student amends the student's PGP, the school must send written notice to the student's parents regarding the change.				
	adva Educ Educ forma sure abov	must make available to a district information that explains the ntages of the distinguished level of achievement described by ration Code 28.025(b-15) and each endorsement described by ration Code 28.025(c-1). A district, in turn, shall publish the in- ation from TEA on the internet website of the district and en- that the information is available to students in grades nine and e and the parents or legal guardians of those students in the lage in which the parents or legal guardians are most profi-				
	whicl	trict is required to provide this information in the language in In the parents or legal guardians are most proficient only if at 20 students in a grade level primarily speak that language.				
	Educ	ation Code 28.02121				
Early Graduation	will n ted to mally gradu and r	rent is entitled to request, with the expectation that the request ot be unreasonably denied, that the parent's child be permit- or graduate from high school earlier than the child would nor- or graduate, if the child completes each course required for uation. The decision of a board concerning the request is final may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 26.003(a)(3)(C), (b)</i> FMH, FNG]				
State Graduation Requirements	Note	For current state graduation requirements, including those for students who entered grade 9 before the 2007–08 school year but that are not otherwise refer- enced in this policy, see Education Code 28.025 and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74.				
Students Entering Grade 9 in or after	To receive a high school diploma, a student entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter must complete:					
the 2014–15 School Year	1.	Requirements of the foundation high school program under 19 Administrative Code 74.12 [see Foundation High School Program, below];				

	2.	Testing requirements for graduation under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101 [see EKB]; and
	3.	Demonstrated proficiency, as determined by the district, in de- livering clear verbal messages; choosing effective nonverbal behaviors; listening for desired results; applying valid critical- thinking and problem-solving processes; and identifying, ana- lyzing, developing, and evaluating communication skills needed for professional and social success in interpersonal situations, group interactions, and personal and professional presentations.
	ricul	udent shall enroll in the courses necessary to complete the cur- um requirements for the foundation high school program and curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement.
	Edu	cation Code 28.025(c); 19 TAC 74.11(a), (c)
Foundation High School Program	high	udent must earn at least 22 credits to complete the foundation school program and must demonstrate proficiency in the fol- ng core courses:
	1.	English language arts—4 credits;
	2.	Mathematics—3 credits;
	3.	Science—3 credits;
	4.	Social Studies—3 credits;
	5.	Languages other than English—2 credits;
	6.	Physical Education—1 credit;
	7.	Fine Arts—1 credit; and
	8.	Elective courses—5 credits.
	19 7	FAC 74.12
Endorsements	tend	udent shall specify in writing an endorsement the student in- ls to earn upon entering grade 9. A student may earn any of the wing endorsements:
	1.	Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM);
	2.	Business and industry;
	3.	Public services;
	4.	Arts and humanities; and
	5.	Multidisciplinary studies.

	den	A district must make at least one endorsement available to stu- dents. A district that offers only one endorsement curriculum must offer multidisciplinary studies.					
	To earn an endorsement a student must demonstrate proficiency in the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school pro- gram and, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.13(e), earn:						
	1.	A fourth credit in mathematics;					
	2.	An additional credit in science; and					
	3.	Two additional elective credits.					
	an e the mer	burse completed as part of the four courses needed to satisfy endorsement requirement may also satisfy a requirement under foundation high school program, including an elective require- nt. The same course may count as part of the set of four rses for more than one endorsement.					
	A district shall permit a student to enroll in courses under more than one endorsement before the student's junior year and to choose, at any time, to earn an endorsement other than the en- dorsement the student previously indicated.						
	but	udent must earn at least 26 credits to earn an endorsement, a student is not entitled to remain enrolled to earn more than credits.					
	seq requ	strict may define advanced courses and determine a coherent uence of courses for an endorsement area, provided that pre- uisites in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126, 127, 130 are followed.					
	Edu	ication Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.13					
Exception		udent may graduate under the foundation high school program yout earning an endorsement if, after the student's sophomore r:					
	1.	The student and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student are advised by a school counselor of the specific benefits of graduating from high school with one or more endorsements; and					
	2.	The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student files with a school counselor written permission, on a form adopted by TEA, allowing the student to graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement.					
	10 TAC 7/ 11/d)						

19 TAC 74.11(d)

Denton ISD 061901				
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM GRADUATION	ENT	EIF (LEGAL)		
Distinguished Level of Achievement	A student may earn a distinguished level of achievement by suc- cessfully completing the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program and the curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement, including four credits in science and four credits in mathematics, including Algebra II. <i>19 TAC 74.11(e)</i>			
Algebra II Notification	tify in p that grac tion to a	later than September 1 of each school year, a district shall no- by regular mail or email the parent of or other person standing arental relation to each student enrolled in grade 9 or above the student is not required to complete an Algebra II course to duate under the foundation high school program. The notifica- must include information regarding the potential consequences student of not completing an Algebra II course, including the act on eligibility for:		
	1.	Automatic college admission under Education Code 51.803; and		
	2.	Certain financial aid authorized under Title 3 of the Education Code.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.02123		
Prerequisites	A student may not be enrolled in a course that has a required pre- requisite unless:			
	1.	The student has completed the prerequisite course(s);		
	2.	The student has demonstrated equivalent knowledge as de- termined by the district; or		
	3.	The student was already enrolled in the course in an out-of- state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school and transferred to a Texas public school prior to successfully com- pleting the course.		
	out cou	strict may award credit for a course a student completed with- having met the prerequisites if the student completed the rse in an out-of-state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic col where there was not a prerequisite.		
	19	TAC 74.11(i)–(j)		
College Courses	tion tion skill may quir	irses offered for dual credit at or in conjunction with an institu- of higher education that provide advanced academic instruc- beyond, or in greater depth than, the essential knowledge and s for the equivalent high school course required for graduation v satisfy graduation requirements, including requirements for re- ed courses, advanced courses, and courses for elective credit vell as requirements for endorsements. <i>19 TAC 74.11(h)</i>		

Denton ISD 061901			
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM GRADUATION	ENT		EIF (LEGAL)
Languages Other Than English	Students may earn credit for languages other than English in cordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5).		
	A student who successfully completes a dual language immersion program may satisfy one credit of the two credits required in a language other English in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5)(F).		
	19 T	AC 74	4.12(b)(5)
	The SBOE shall adopt criteria to allow a student to comply with the curriculum requirement for one credit for a language other than English by successfully completing at an elementary school a course in American Sign Language. <i>Education Code</i> 28.025(b-21)		
Physical Education Substitutions Other Physical	In accordance with local district policy, the required physical educa- tion credit may be earned through completion of any TEKS-based course that is not being used to satisfy another specific graduation requirement. [See Restrictions, below]		
Activity	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:		
	1.	Athle	tics;
	2.	JRO	TC; and
	3.	ity pro ply to gram physi	opriate private or commercially sponsored physical activ- ograms conducted on or off campus. A district must ap- o the commissioner of education for approval of such pro- is, which may be substituted for state graduation credit in ical education. Such approval may be granted under the ving conditions:
			Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, pro- fessional, supervised training. The training facility, in- structors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Stu- dents dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.
			Private or commercially sponsored physical activities in- clude those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained in- structors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate

		at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.
	of th Cha	ccordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one ne physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code apter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any ne following activities:
	1.	Drill team;
	2.	Marching band; and
	3.	Cheerleading.
Restrictions	clud	substitution activities permitted by local district policy must in- le at least 100 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity five-day school week.
		more than four substitution credits may be earned through any abination of substitutions listed above.
Student with Disability or Illness	disa Eng cour 28.0 lowe isfy edu	udent who is unable to participate in physical activity due to ability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in lish language arts, mathematics, science, social studies or a rse that is offered for credit as provided by Education Code 002(g-1) for the required physical education credit. A credit al- ed to be substituted may not also be used by the student to sat- a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical cation credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to icipate in physical activity must be made by:
	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.
	Edu	cation Code 28 025/b-10) (b-11): 10 TAC 7/ 12/b)/6)

Education Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(6)

Community- Based Fine Arts Programs	In accordance with local district policy, the required fine arts credit may be earned through participation in a community-based fine arts program not provided by the school district in which the stu- dent is enrolled.					
	In accordance with local policy, credit may be earned through par- ticipation in the community-based fine arts program only if the pro- gram meets each of the following requirements:					
	1.		e district must apply to the commissioner for approval of community-based fine arts program;			
	2.	in tł	e board must certify that the program provides instruction ne essential knowledge and skills for fine arts as defined 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 117, Subchapter C;			
	3.		e district must document student completion of the ap- ved activity;			
	4.		The program must be organized and monitored by appropri- ately trained instructors;			
	5.		e fine arts program may be provided on or off a school npus and outside the regular school day; and			
	6.	sch	dents may not be dismissed from any part of the regular ool day to participate in the community-based fine arts gram.			
	fine nec for s Cha	arts essai schoo ipter	ict shall require that instructors of the community-based program provide the district, at its request, the information ry to obtain the criminal history record information required of personnel in accordance with 19 Administrative Code, 153, Subchapter DD, if the community-based program is on campus.			
	Education Code 28.025(b-9); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(7)(B), .1030					
Performance Acknowledgments	74.1	l4, a	dance with the requirements of 19 Administrative Code student may earn a performance acknowledgment on the s transcript for:			
	1.	Out	standing performance:			
		a.	In a dual credit course;			
		b.	In bilingualism and biliteracy;			
		C.	On a College Board advanced placement test or interna- tional baccalaureate examination;			

			d.	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced preliminary college preparation assessment instrument used to measure a student's progress toward readiness for college and the workplace;		
			e.	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced assessment instrument used by colleges and universities as part of their undergraduate admissions process; or		
		2.		ning a state-recognized or nationally or internationally rec- zed business or industry certification or license.		
		Education Code 28.025(c-5); 19 TAC 74.14				
	Transition to Foundation High School Program	A district shall allow a student who entered grade 9 prior to the 2014–15 school year to complete the curriculum requirements for high school graduation:				
		1.	tere vand 19 A	atisfying the requirements in place when the student en- d grade 9 for the Minimum, Recommended, or Ad- ced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program [see administrative Code Chapter 74] if the student was partici- ng in the program before the 2014–15 school year; or		
		2.	requ duri	er the foundation high school program by satisfying the nirements adopted by the SBOE, if the student chooses ng the 2014–15 school year to take courses under the gram.		
		A student who entered grade 9 prior to the 2014–15 school year may, at any time prior to graduation and upon request, choose to complete the curriculum requirements required for high school graduation under a different program than that selected by the student during the 2014–15 school year.				
		19 TAC 74.1021				
	Students Who Entered Grade 9 Before the 2014–15 School Year <i>Minimum High</i> <i>School Program</i>	All credit for graduation must be earned no later than grade 12. <i>TAC 74.61(b), .71(b)</i>				
		A student entering grade 9 prior to the 2014–15 school year who does not choose to complete the curriculum requirements for high school graduation under the foundation high school program must enroll in the courses necessary to complete the curriculum require- ments for the Recommended High School Program or the Ad- vanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program, unless the student, the student's parent or other person standing in paren- tal relation to the student, and a school counselor or school admin- istrator agree in writing signed by each party that the student				

	should be permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program, and the student:						
	1.	Is at least 16 years of age;					
	2.	Has completed two credits required for graduation in each subject of the foundation curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a)(1); or					
	3.	Has failed to be promoted to the tenth grade one or more times as determined by the school district.					
Students with Disabilities	disa	If an ARD committee makes decisions that place a student with a disability on a modified curriculum in a subject area, the student will be automatically placed in the Minimum High School Program.					
Applicability	A student who was permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program prior to the 2009–10 school year may rema in the Minimum High School Program.						
	19	TAC 74.61(c), (d), .71(c), (d)					
Requirements		A student must earn at least 22 credits to complete the Minimum High School Program.					
	yea	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.72.					
	mus	A student who enters grade 9 before the 2012–13 school year must meet the applicable program requirements in 19 Administra- tive Code Chapter 74, Subchapters D–F.					
	Edι	ication Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.62, .72					
Recommended High School Program	yea Higi the	udent who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school r must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Recommended h School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.73. Incation Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.63, .73					
Advanced / Distinguished Achievement High School Program	yea guis den	udent who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school r must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Advanced/Distin- shed Achievement High School Program. A student must nonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 ninistrative Code 74.74. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.64</i> ,					
Substitutions	mer mer	substitutions are allowed for high school graduation require- nts in the Recommended and Advanced/Distinguished Achieve- nt High School Programs, except as provided by State Board . 19 TAC 74.63(d), .64(e), .73(d), .74(e)					

Den 061	ton ISD 901					
	ADEMIC ACHIEVEM ADUATION	ENT		EIF (LEGAL)		
	AP or IB Courses	College Board advanced placement and international baccalaur ate courses may be substituted for required courses in appropria areas. These courses may be used as electives in all three high school graduation programs. <i>19 TAC 74.61(k), .71(i)</i>				
	Reading	A district may offer a maximum of 3 credits of reading for state graduation elective credit for identified students if the district:				
		1.		pts policies to identify students in need of additional read- nstruction;		
		2.		procedures that include assessment of individual student ds and ongoing evaluation of each student's progress;		
		3.		itors instructional activities to ensure that student needs addressed.		
		Reading credits may be selected from Reading I, II, or III.				
		19 TAC 74.61(h), .71(f)				
	College Courses	A student may comply with the curriculum requirements under Minimum, Recommended, or Advanced/Distinguished Achieve ment High School Program for each subject of the foundation or riculum and for languages other than English by successfully or pleting appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an institut of higher education. <i>19 TAC 74.61(l), .71(j)</i>				
	Physical Education Substitutions	catio	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical cation course may be earned through participation in the follo activities:			
	Other Physical Activity	1.	Athl	etics;		
		2.	JRC	DTC; and		
		ity p m c:	ity p ply t may catio	ropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activ- rograms conducted on or off campus. A district must ap- o the commissioner for approval of such programs, which be substituted for state graduation credit in physical edu- on. Such approval may be granted under the following ditions:		
			a.	Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, pro- fessional, supervised training. The training facility, in- structors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level		

		d	nay be dismissed from school one hour per day. Stu- lents dismissed may not miss any class other than hysical education.		
		c q s v a	Private or commercially sponsored physical activities in- lude those certified by the superintendent to be of high juality and well supervised by appropriately trained in- tructors. Student participation of at least five hours per veek must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the egular school day.		
	of th Cha	e physi pter 74	nce with local district policy, up to one credit for any one ical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any ving activities:		
	1.	Drill te	am;		
	2.	March	ing band; and		
	3.	Cheer	leading.		
Restrictions	All substitution activities must include at least 100 minutes per five- day school week of moderate to vigorous physical activity.				
	No more than four substitution credits may be earned through an combination of substitutions listed above.				
Student with Disability or Illness	disa Engl the r stitu requ The	bility or ish lang equired ted may iremen determ	who is unable to participate in physical activity due to illness may substitute an academic elective credit in guage arts, mathematics, science, or social studies for d physical education credit. A credit allowed to be sub- y not also be used by the student to satisfy a graduation t other than completion of the physical education credit. ination regarding a student's ability to participate in tivity must be made by:		
	1.		udent's ARD committee if the student receives special tion services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- er A;		
	2.	Rehat dent d cation	ommittee established for the student under Section 504, bilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- loes not receive special education services under Edu- Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the bilitation Act of 1973; or		
	3.	propria	mittee, established by the district, of persons with ap- ate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- s described above is inapplicable. This committee must		
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	follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.		
Student with Physical Limitations	If a student entering grade 9 during the 2007–08 school year or thereafter is unable to comply with all of the requirements for a physical education course due to a physical limitation certified b licensed medical practitioner, a modification to a physical educat course does not prohibit the student from earning a Recommen or Advanced/Distinguished High School Program diploma. A stu- dent with a physical limitation must still demonstrate proficiency the relevant knowledge and skills in a physical education course that do not require physical activity.		
	Education Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.62(b)(7), .63(b)(7), .64(b)(7), .72(b)(6), .73(b)(6), .74(b)(6)		
Transfers from Out- of-State or Nonpublic Schools	Out-of-state or out-of-country transfer students (including foreign exchange students) and transfer students from Texas nonpublic schools are eligible to receive Texas diplomas but shall complete all applicable high school graduation requirements. Any course credits required for graduation that are not completed before enrollment may be satisfied through credit by examination, correspondence courses, distance learning, or completing the course, according to the provisions of 19 Administrative Code 74.26. <i>19 TAC 74.11(f)</i> [See EHDB, EHDC, EHDE, and EI]		
Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services	odified curriculum and modified content refer to any reduction of e amount or complexity of the required knowledge and skills in Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130. Ibstitutions that are specifically authorized in statute or rule must		
Modified Curriculum and Content	not be considered modified curriculum or modified content. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(I)</i>		
Employability and Self-Help Skills	Employability and self-help skills are those skills directly related to the preparation of students for employment, including general skills necessary to obtain or retain employment. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(j)</i>		
Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation	All students graduating must be provided with a summary of aca- demic achievement and functional performance as described in 34 C.F.R. $300.305(e)(3)$. This summary must consider, as appropriate, the views of the parent and student and written recommendations from adult service agencies on how to assist the student in meeting postsecondary goals. An evaluation as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.305(e)(1) (evaluation to determine that the child is no longer a child with a disability), must be included as part of the summary for a student graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (b)(2)(A), (B), or (C) or (g)(4)(A), (B), or (C). Students who partici- pate in graduation ceremonies but who are not graduating under subsections (b)(2)(A), (B), or (C) or (g)(4)(A), (B), or (C) and who		

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

EIF (LEGAL)

Students
Entering Grade 9
in or After the
2014–15 School
Year

will remain in school to complete their education do not have to be evaluated. 19 TAC 89.1070(h)-(i)

A student entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereaf ter who receives special education services may graduate and be awarded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one of
 the following conditions:

- 1. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110-118, 126-128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program applicable to students in general education as well as satisfactory performance on the required state assessments, unless the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is not necessary for graduation.
- 2. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program through courses, one or more of which contain modified curriculum that is aligned to the standards applicable to students in general education, as well as satisfactory performance on the required state assessments, unless the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is not necessary for graduation. The student must also successfully complete the student's IEP and meet one of the following conditions:
 - a. Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained fulltime employment, based on the student's abilities and local employment opportunities, in addition to mastering sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to maintain the employment without direct and ongoing educational support of the local school district.
 - b. Consistent with the IEP, the student has demonstrated mastery of specific employability skills and self-help skills that do not require direct ongoing educational support of the local school district.
 - c. The student has access to services that are not within the legal responsibility of public education or employment or educational options for which the student has been prepared by the academic program.
 - d. The student no longer meets age eligibility requirements.

		abo ser\	ve, th /ices	student receives a diploma under item 2(a), (b), or (c), he ARD committee must determine needed educational upon the request of the student or parent to resume ser- long as the student meets the age eligibility requirements.		
		19 TAC 89.1070(b), (k)				
	Endorsements	A student who is enrolled in a special education program may earn an endorsement on the student's transcript by:				
		1.		cessfully completing, with or without modification of the iculum:		
			a.	The curriculum requirements identified by the SBOE for the foundation high school program; and		
			b.	The additional endorsement curriculum requirements prescribed by the SBOE; and		
		2.	Successfully completing all curriculum requirements for that endorsement adopted by the SBOE:			
			a.	Without modification of the curriculum; or		
			b.	With modification of the curriculum, provided that the curriculum, as modified, is sufficiently rigorous as deter- mined by the student's ARD committee.		
		The ARD committee of a student in a special education program shall determine whether the student is required to achieve satisfac- tory performance on an end-of-course assessment instrument to earn an endorsement on the student's transcript.				
		Education Code 28.025(c-7)–(c-8)				
	Students Entering Grade 9 Before the 2014– 15 School Year	A student receiving special education services who entered grade 9 before the 2014–15 school year may graduate and be awarded a high school diploma under the foundation high school program if the student's ARD committee determines that the student should take courses under that program and the student satisfies the re- quirements of that program. A student transitioning to the Founda- tion High School Program may earn an endorsement as set out above [see Endorsements, above].				
		A student receiving special education services in 11th or 12th grade who has taken each of the required state assessments but failed to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the assessments may graduate if the student has satisfied all other applicable graduation requirements. [See Special Education, above, and EKB]				
		19 TAC 89.1070(f)				

A student receiving special education services who entered grade 9 before the 2014–15 school year may graduate and be awarded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one of the following conditions:

- 1. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the Recommended or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement Programs, including satisfactory performance on the required state assessments.
- 2. The student is in grade 11 or 12 and has taken each of the state assessments required by 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter CC (Commissioner's Rules Concerning Implementation of the Academic Content Areas Testing Program) or Subchapter DD (Commissioner's Rules Concerning Substitute Assessments for Graduation) but failed to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the assessments and has met all other applicable graduation requirements in item 1 above.
- 3. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements under the Minimum High School Program, including participation in state assessments. The student's ARD committee shall determine whether satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is necessary for graduation.
- 4. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 through courses, one or more of which contain modified content that is aligned to the standards required under the Minimum High School Program as well as the satisfactorily completed credit requirements under the Minimum High School Program, including participation in required state assessments. The student's ARD committee shall determine whether satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is necessary for graduation. The student must also successfully complete the student's IEP and meet one of the following conditions:
 - a. Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained fulltime employment, based on the student's abilities and local employment opportunities, in addition to mastering

		sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to main- tain the employment without direct and ongoing educa- tional support of the local school district;			
	b.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has demonstrated mastery of specific employability skills and self-help skills that do not require direct ongoing educational support of the local school district;			
	C.	The student has access to services that are not within the legal responsibility of public education, or employ- ment or educational options for which the student has been prepared by the academic program; or			
	d.	The student no longer meets age eligibility requirements.			
	above, th services	student receives a diploma under item 3(a), (b), or (c), le ARD committee must determine needed educational upon the request of the student or parent to resume ser- long as the student meets the age eligibility requirements.			
	19 TAC 8	89.1070(g), (k)			
Graduation of Military Dependents Course Waiver	District officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed by a military student in another district or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the district shall pro- vide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.				
Transfers During Senior Year	student's all alterna districts s trict, if the ing distric member	military student transferring at the beginning or during the senior year be ineligible to graduate from the district after atives have been considered, the sending and receiving shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending dis- e student meets the graduation requirements of the send- ct. In the event that one of the states in question is not a of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to the on-time graduation of the student.			
Substitute Passing Standard	national r mitting a substitute graduatic who enro completin this state least two	missioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a e for completing a specific course otherwise required for on. The passing standard is available only for a student alls in a public school in this state for the first time after ng the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a public school in at or above the tenth grade level after an absence of at years from the public schools of this state. Each passing in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high			

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

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school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revision of the standard.

Education Code 162.002 art. VII, A, C [See FDD]

Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS If an 11th or 12th grade student who is homeless or in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services transfers to a different school district and the student is ineligible to graduate from the district to which the student transfers, the district from which the student transferred shall award a diploma at the student's request, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the district from which the student transferred. *Education Code* 28.025(*i*)

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Local Achievement Testing	In addition to the state-administered assessment instruments, a district may adopt and administer criterion-referenced or norm-referenced assessment instruments, or both, at any grade level. A locally adopted norm-referenced assessment instrument must be economical, nationally recognized, and state-approved.
	For purposes of this provision, "assessment instrument" means a district-commissioned achievement test, either nationally normed or criterion-referenced, that is group administered and reported publicly (such as to a board) in the aggregate.
	A company or organization scoring an assessment instrument shall send test results to a district for verification. A district shall have 90 days to verify the accuracy of test data and report the results to the board.
	A district shall follow procedures for test security and confidentiality set forth in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter C. [See EKB]
	Education Code 39.026, .032; 19 TAC 101.101
Assessment Instrument Limitations	In any subject area for which a state assessment is administered, a district may not administer locally required assessments designed to prepare students for state assessments to any student on more than ten percent of the instructional days in any school year. A campus-level planning and decision-making committee may limit the administration of locally required assessments to ten percent or a lower percentage of the instructional days in any school year. This prohibition does not apply to the administration of college preparation assessments, advanced placement tests, international baccalaureate examinations, or state assessments. <i>Education Code 39.0262</i>
Benchmark Assessment Instruments	"Benchmark assessment instrument" means a district-required as- sessment instrument designed to prepare students for a corre- sponding state-administered assessment instrument.
	A district may not administer to any student more than two bench- mark assessment instruments to prepare the student for a corre- sponding state-administered assessment instrument.
	This prohibition does not apply to the administration of a college preparation assessment instrument, including the PSAT, the ACT- Plan, the SAT, or the ACT, an advanced placement test, an interna- tional baccalaureate examination, or an independent classroom ex- amination designed or adopted and administered by a classroom teacher.

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	A parent of or person standing in parental relation to a student who has special needs, as determined in accordance with commis- sioner of education rule, may request administration to the student of additional benchmark assessment instruments.		
	Edu	cation Code 39.0263	
Designed to Prepare	For purposes of Education Code 39.0262 and 39.0263, an assess- ment instrument designed to prepare students for state-adminis- tered assessment instruments is an assessment that:		
	1.	Evaluates students' potential performance relative to the state's blueprint in whole for a state-administered assessment; or	
	2.	Is primarily focused on test-taking techniques.	
	ate	provision does not include an assessment designed to evalu- students' mastery of parts of the Texas Essential Knowledge Skills or the efficacy of instructional practice.	
	19 TAC 101.6003		
College Preparation Assessments	Each school year, and at state cost, a district may administer an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm-referenced prelimi- nary college preparation assessment instrument:		
	1.	To students in the spring of the eighth grade, for the purpose of diagnosing the academic strengths and deficiencies of stu- dents before entrance into high school; and	
	2.	To students in the tenth grade, for the purpose of measuring a student's progress toward readiness for college and the work-place.	
	The provisions of Education Code 39.0261(a)(1) and (a)(2), above, apply only if the legislature appropriates funds for those purposes.		
	Education Code 39.0261(a)(1)–(a)(2), (f)		
	High school students, in the spring of the eleventh grade or during the twelfth grade, may select and take once, at state cost:		
	1.	One of the valid, reliable, and nationally norm-referenced as- sessment instruments used by colleges and universities as part of their undergraduate admissions processes; or	
	2.	The assessment instrument designated by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board under Education Code 51.334.	
	A high school student is not prohibited from taking the test more than once, at the student's own expense.		
	Education Code 39.0261(a)(3), (e)		
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	A district is entitled to reimbursement for the amount of fees paid by the district for the administration of an assessment instrument under Education Code 39.0261(a)(3), above. <i>Education Code</i> <i>48.155</i>		
	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall:		
	 Select and approve vendors of the specific assessment in- struments administered under this section; and 		
	2. Provide reimbursement to a district for all fees associated with the administration of the assessment instrument, from funds appropriated for that purpose.		
	TEA shall ensure that a school district is not reimbursed for the ad- ministration of an assessment instrument to a student to whom the assessment instrument is not actually administered.		
	Education Code 39.0261(b)–(c)		
Homeschooled Students	The following provisions apply to a homeschooled student entitled under Education Code 25.001 to attend school in a district.		
	A district shall permit a homeschooled student to participate in an administration of the PSAT/NMSQT or a college advanced place- ment test offered by the district.		
	"Homeschooled student" means a student who predominantly re- ceives instruction in a general elementary or secondary education program that is provided by the parent, or a person standing in pa- rental authority, in or through the child's home.		
Fees	A district shall require a homeschooled student to pay the same fee to participate in such a test that a student enrolled in the district is required to pay.		
Notice	A district shall post on an internet website maintained by the district the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered. The notice must state that the PSAT/NMSQT or the advanced placement test is available for homeschooled students eligible to attend school in the district and describe the procedures for a homeschooled stu- dent to register for the test.		
	A district that does not maintain an internet website must publish the notice in a newspaper in the district. If a newspaper is not pub- lished in the district, the district shall provide for the publication of notice in at least one newspaper in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.		

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The required notice must be posted or published at the same time
and with the same frequency with which the information is provided
to a student who attends a district school.

Education Code 29.916

Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery Test

Each school year each school district shall provide students in grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) test and consult with a military recruiter.

The test must be scheduled:

- 1. During normal school hours; and
- 2. To optimize student participation, at a time that limits conflicts with extracurricular activities.

Each school district shall provide each student in grades 10 through 12 and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student a notice of the date, time, and location of the scheduled administration of the ASVAB test.

A school district may elect not to provide the ASVAB test only if the district or school provides an alternative test that:

- Assesses a student's aptitude for success in a career field other than a career field that requires postsecondary education;
- 2. Is free to administer;
- 3. Requires minimal training and support of district or school faculty and staff to administer the test; and
- 4. Provides the student with a professional interpretation of the test results that allows the student to:
 - a. Explore occupations that are consistent with the student's interests and skills; and
 - b. Develop strategies to attain the student's career goals.

A school district or high school that, before September 1, 2017, entered into a contract under which a vocational aptitude test that does not comply with the requirements for an alternative test is provided to students in grades 10 through 12, may elect not to provide the ASVAB test for the term of the contract. On the expiration of the contract term, this exemption is not applicable.

Education Code 29.9015

TESTING PROGRAMS

STATE ASSESSMENT

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State Assessment of Academic Skills	Every student receiving instruction in the essential knowledge and skills shall take the appropriate criterion-referenced assessments, as required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B [see Testing in Grades 3–8, below]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a), (c), (f); 19 TAC 101.5</i>
	A student may not receive a high school diploma until the student has performed satisfactorily on end-of-course (EOC) assessment instruments [see End-of-Course Assessments, below]. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(a); 19 TAC 101.4001
Limited English Proficient Students	In grades 3–12, a limited English proficient (LEP) student, as de- fined by Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B, shall partici- pate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner rules at 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. <i>Education Code 39.023(I), (m)</i> [See EKBA]
Special Education	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop or adopt appro- priate criterion-referenced alternative assessment instruments to be administered to each student in a special education program for whom a state assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023(a), even with allowable accommodations, would not provide an appropriate measure of student achievement, as deter- mined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, including assessment instruments approved by the commissioner of education that measure growth. The assessment instruments developed or adopted, including the assessment in- struments approved by the commissioner, must, to the extent al- lowed under federal law, provide a district with options for the as- sessment of students.
	TEA may not adopt a performance standard that indicates that a student's performance on the alternate assessment does not meet standards if the lowest level of the assessment accurately represents the student's developmental level as determined by the student's ARD committee.
	The student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student a required EOC assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), and whether the student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment instrument to receive a high school diploma.
	Education Code 39.023(b)–(c), .025(a-4)
Military Dependents	If the student is a military dependent, the district shall incorporate procedures to accept:

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	1.	Exit or EOC exams required for graduation from the sending state;		
	2.	National norm-referenced achievement tests; or		
	3.	Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for gradua- tion in the receiving state.		
	In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a military dependent transferring in his or her senior year, then Education Code 162.002 article VII, section C, shall apply.			
Substitute Passing Standard	The commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more national norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- mitting a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a substitute for achieving a score on an assessment instrument oth- erwise required for graduation. The passing standard is available only for a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the first time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a pub- lic school in this state at or above the grade 10 level after an ab- sence of at least two years from the public schools of this state. Each passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revision of the standard.			
	Edu	cation Code 162.002 art. VII [See EIF]		
Administration	by T tenc	strict shall follow the test administration procedures established EA in the applicable test administration materials. A superin- dent shall be responsible for administering tests. <i>19 TAC</i> .25, .27		
Schedule	com and Lea any Thu	commissioner shall specify the schedule for testing that is in apliance with Education Code 39.023(c-3) and supports reliable valid assessments. Participation in University Interscholastic gue (UIL) area, regional, or state competitions is prohibited on days on which testing is scheduled between Monday and rsday of the school week in which the primary administration of essment instruments occurs.		
	tion	commissioner may provide alternate dates for the administra- of tests required for a high school diploma to students who are ratory children and who are out of the state.		
	19	TAC 101.25		
Alternate Test Dates		commissioner shall consider requests from districts or cam- es for alternate test dates on a case-by-case basis. Alternate		

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	test dates will only be allowed if the campus or district is closed on the day on which testing is scheduled or if there is an exceptional circumstance, defined below, that may affect a district's or cam- pus's ability to administer an assessment or the students' perfor- mance on the assessment.	
	"Exceptional circumstances" include:	
	1.	Inclement weather or natural disasters that would cause a dis- trict or campus to be closed or that would cause a small per- centage of students to be in attendance on the day testing is scheduled;
	2.	Health epidemics that result in a large number of students be- ing absent on the day of testing;
	3.	Death of a student or school official that may impact student performance; and
	4.	Sudden emergencies that occur on the day of testing or shortly before testing that may inhibit students from complet- ing the assessments, such as a fire on campus, a bomb threat, an extended power outage, or a water main break.
	the ing	n alternate test date for primary test administration is approved, commissioner may prohibit a district or campus from participat- in UIL competition on the new test date if that is determined to n the best interest of the district, campus, and students.
	19	TAC 101.5003
Notice to Parents and Students	A superintendent shall be responsible for providing written notice to each student and the student's parent or guardian of:	
	1.	The testing requirements for grade advancement [see EIE] and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of test- ing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's kindergarten year, for students attending kin- dergarten in the district, and no later than the beginning of the student's first-grade year for all other students. The superin- tendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 1–8 who are new to the district.
	2.	The testing requirements for graduation and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of testing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's sev- enth-grade year. The superintendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 7–12 who are new to the district. Notice of the dates, times, and locations of testing shall be

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		provided to each student who will take the tests and to out-of-school individuals.
	19 7	FAC 101.3012
Testing in Grades 3–8	are : men	ept as provided below, all students, other than students who assessed under Education Code 39.023(b) (alternative assess- it instrument) or 39.023(I) (LEP students) or exempted under cation Code 39.027, shall be assessed in:
	1.	Mathematics, annually in grades 3–8;
	2.	Reading, annually in grades 3–8;
	3.	Writing, including spelling and grammar, in grades 4 and 7;
	4.	Social studies in grade 8;
	5.	Science in grades 5 and 8; and
	6.	Any other subject and grade required by federal law.
	Edu	cation Code 39.023(a)
Exception		ept as required for purposes of federal accountability, a student I not be administered a grade-level assessment if the student:
	1.	Is enrolled in a course or subject intended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered a grade-level assessment instrument developed under the list above that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area; or
	2.	Is enrolled in a course for high school credit in a subject in- tended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered an EOC assessment instrument that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area.
	A student is only eligible to take an assessment instrument in- tended for use above the student's enrolled grade if the student is receiving instruction in the entire curriculum for that subject.	
	A student in grade 5 or 8 described above may not be denied pro- motion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an as- sessment instrument above the student's grade level.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(p), 39.023(a-2); 19 TAC 101.3011
Kindergarten Assessment	be a	assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023 may not idministered to a kindergarten student except for the purpose etermining whether the student is entitled to the benefit of the

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	Foundation School Program [see FD]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a-</i> 16)
Prekindergarten Assessment	Performance on an assessment instrument administered to stu- dents in prekindergarten may not be considered for any purpose related to Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.027</i>
Accommodations	Testing accommodations are permitted for any student unless they would make a particular test invalid. Decisions regarding testing accommodations shall take into consideration the needs of the stu- dent and the accommodations the student routinely receives in classroom instruction. Permissible testing accommodations shall be described in the appropriate test administration materials.
	The committee established by a board to determine the placement of students with dyslexia or related disorders shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering an assessment to such a student.
	A student's ARD committee shall determine the allowable accom- modations and shall document them in the student's individualized education program (IEP). [See Special Education, above]
	19 TAC 101.3013; Education Code 39.023(a)–(c), (n); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)(6)
End-of-Course Assessments	Beginning with students first enrolled in grade 9 in the 2011–12 school year, a student enrolled in a course for which an EOC assessment exists as required by Education 39.023(c) shall take the appropriate assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(a)</i>
Students Enrolled Below High School Level	Beginning in the 2011–12 school year, a student in grade 8 or lower who takes a high school course for credit is required to take the applicable EOC assessment. The EOC assessment result shall be applied toward the student's assessment graduation require- ments, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3021(d)</i>
Assessment Requirements for Graduation	A student must meet satisfactory performance on an EOC assess- ment listed in Education Code 39.023(c) only for a course in which the student is enrolled and for which an EOC assessment instru- ment is administered in order to be eligible to receive a Texas di- ploma.
<i>Exceptions</i> English I or English II	A student who was administered separate reading and writing EOC assessments under Education Code 39.023(c), for the English I or English II course has met that course's assessment graduation requirement if the student has:

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	1.	Achieved satisfactory performance on either the reading or writing EOC assessment for that course;
	2.	Met at least the minimum score on the other EOC assess- ment for that course; and
	3.	Achieved an overall scale score of 3750 or greater when the scale scores for reading and writing are combined for that course.
	lear	eptions related to English I also apply to English language ners who meet the criteria in 19 Administrative Code 101.1007. e EKBA]
Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment	sess the stuc cou min	student earned high school credit for a course with an EOC as- sment prior to enrollment in a Texas public school district and credit has been accepted by a Texas public school district, or a lent completed a course for Texas high school credit in a rse with an EOC assessment prior to the 2011–12 spring ad- istration, the student is not required to take the corresponding C assessment.
	19	TAC 101.3021(e), .3022
Substitute Assessments	sess EOC quir be u prov qua asso	commissioner adopts certain assessments as substitute as- sments that a student may use in place of a corresponding C assessment to meet the student's assessment graduation re- ements. A satisfactory score on an approved assessment may used in place of only one specific EOC assessment, except as vided by 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d)(1) (student who lifies for use of the Texas Success Initiative [TSI] as a substitute essment and is enrolled in certain college preparatory courses; TSI Additional Criteria, below).
	mer	udent at any grade level is eligible to use a substitute assess- nt as provided in the commissioner's chart at 19 Administrative le 101.4002(b) if the student:
	1.	Was administered an approved substitute assessment for an equivalent course in which the student was enrolled;
	2.	Received a satisfactory score on the substitute assessment as determined by the commissioner and provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b); and
	3.	Using a TSI assessment also meets the additional criteria.
TSI Additional Criteria		udent must meet the criteria established below in order to qual- o use TSI as a substitute assessment.

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- 1. A student must have been enrolled in a college preparatory course for English language arts or mathematics and, in accordance with Education Code 39.025(a-1), have been administered an appropriate TSI assessment at the end of that course.
 - a. A student under this provision who meets all three TSI English language arts score requirements provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b) satisfies both the English I and English II EOC assessment graduation requirements.
 - b. A student under this provision may satisfy an assessment graduation requirement in such a manner regardless of previous performance on an Algebra I, English I, or English II EOC assessment.
- In accordance with Education Code 39.025(a-3), a student who has not been successful on the Algebra I or English II EOC assessment after retaking the assessment may use the corresponding TSI assessment in place of that EOC assessment.

For a student under this provision who took separate reading and writing assessments for the English II EOC assessment and who did not meet the English II assessment graduation requirement using those tests as specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022(b) (Assessment Requirements for Graduation), the separate TSI reading or writing assessment may not be used to substitute for the corresponding English II reading or writing EOC assessment.

A student electing to substitute an assessment for graduation purposes must still take the required EOC assessment if the student does not meet the eligibility requirements above. If a student sits for an EOC assessment, a district may not mark the substitute assessment bubble for that administration.

A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the PSAT-related assessment or the pre-ACT test (or any versions of these tests) as indicated in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b) must take the appropriate required EOC assessment. However, a student who does not receive a passing score on the EOC assessment and retakes the PSAT-related assessment or pre-ACT test (or any versions of these tests) is eligible to meet the requirements to use a substitute assessment.

19 TAC 101.4002

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Verification of Results	An eligible student is responsible for providing a district an official copy of the student's scores from the substitute assessment.		
	Upon receipt of official results of an approved substitute assess- ment, a district must:		
	1. Verify the student's score on the substitute assessment; and		
	2. Determine whether the student met the performance standard required to qualify for a public high school diploma in Texas as established by the commissioner.		
	19 TAC 101.4005		
Satisfactory Performance	A student is required to achieve a scale score that indicates satis- factory performance, as determined by the commissioner on each EOC assessment instrument administered to the student. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39.025(a)</i>		
Individual Graduation Committee	A student in grade 11 or 12 who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses may qualify to graduate on the basis of a review by an individual graduation committee (IGC). [See EIF] <i>Education Code 28.0258, 39.025(a-5)</i>		
Special Education	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258. As provided in 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (Graduation Requirements) and 19 Administrative Code 101.3023 (Participation and Graduation Assessment Requirements for Students Receiving Special Education Services), a student's ARD committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment to graduate.		
	A student dismissed from a special education program who achieved satisfactory performance on an alternate EOC assess- ment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to take and achieve satisfactory performance on the general EOC assessment to graduate. A student who took an EOC assessment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to re- take and achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assess- ment if the student's ARD committee determined that the student was not required to achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assessment to graduate. A student dismissed from a special edu- cation program must achieve satisfactory performance on any re- maining EOC assessments that the student is required to take. If the student fails to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the remaining EOC assessments, the student is eligible for IGC review under Education Code 28.0258 and is subject to the		

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	IGC provisions above. [See Individual Graduation Committee, above]
	19 TAC 101.3022(f)
	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a Texas high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall determine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation.
	Beginning with the 2011–12 school year, all grades 9–12 students with significant cognitive disabilities who are assessed with an alternate assessment as specified in the student's IEP will be assessed using alternate versions of EOC assessments as listed in 19 Administrative Code 101.3011(b)(2).
	19 TAC 101.3023(a), (b)
Credit by Examination	An EOC assessment administered under Education Code 39.023(c) cannot be used for purposes of credit by examination under 19 Administrative Code 74.24. [See EHDB, EHDC] <i>19 TAC 101.3021(c)</i>
Additional State Assessments	TEA may adopt EOC assessment instruments for courses not listed in statute, as described above. A student's performance on these EOC assessment instruments is not subject to the performance requirements established for the statutory assessments. <i>Education Code</i> 39.023(<i>c</i> -2)
Retakes	Each time an EOC assessment instrument is administered, a stu- dent who failed to achieve a score requirement may retake the as- sessment instrument. [See Satisfactory Performance, above]
	A student is not required to retake a course as a condition of retak- ing an EOC assessment instrument.
	If a student failed a course but achieved satisfactory performance on the applicable EOC assessment, that student is not required to retake the assessment if the student is required to retake the course.
	Education Code 39.025(b); 19 TAC 101.3021(f), .3022(d)
Reporting Results To the Public	Overall student performance data, aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, shall be made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled meetings of a board, after receipt from TEA. The information shall not contain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i>

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To the Board	A superintendent shall accurately report all test results with appro- priate interpretations to a board according to the schedule in the applicable test administration materials.
To Parents, Students, and Teachers	A district shall notify each of its students, his or her parent or guardian, and his or her teacher for that subject of test results, ob- serving confidentiality requirements stated at Confidentiality of Re- sults, below. All test results shall be included in each student's aca- demic achievement record and shall be furnished for each student transferring to another district or school. Upon receipt of the as- sessment results from the test contractor, a district shall disclose a student's assessment results to a student's teacher in the same subject area as the assessment for that school year. [See BQ se- ries, FD, and FL]
	19 TAC 101.3014
	TEA shall adopt a series of questions to be included in an EOC as- sessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c) to be used for purposes of identifying students who are likely to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district shall notify a student who performs at a high level on the questions and the student's parent or guardian of the student's performance and potential to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district may not require a student to perform at a particular level on the questions to be eligible to enroll in an advanced high school course. <i>Education Code 39.0233(b)</i>
Parents Right-to- Know Under ESEA	As a condition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the El- ementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), a district shall provide to each individual parent of a child who is a student in such school, with respect to such student infor- mation on the level of achievement and academic growth of the student, if applicable and available, on each of the state academic assessments required under Part A. 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(1)(B)(i)$
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to access to a copy of each state assessment instrument administered to the parent's child. This right of access does not apply, however, to those instruments or particular questions that are being field-tested by TEA. <i>Education Code 26.005</i> , $.006(a)(2)$
Out-of-State Transfers	A district shall accurately report to TEA whether that student trans- ferred into the district from out of state during the current school year.

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	TEA rials	A shal 5. A di	es for the reporting of out-of-state-transfer students to I be established in the applicable test administration mate- strict shall follow procedures specified in those test ad- on materials.	
	be r othe	eport er stu	essment results of the out-of-state transfer students shall ed separately to districts from the results of the district's dents in addition to the current reporting of assessment r all students and other student subsets.	
	19	TAC 1	01.3014	
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(a) in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade, the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area. Accelerated instruction may require participation of the student before or after normal school hours and may include participation at times of the year outside normal school operations. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(a-1)			
	rily (in th	on an ne sub	shall provide each student who fails to perform satisfacto- EOC assessment instrument with accelerated instruction bject assessed by the assessment instrument. <i>Education</i> 025(b-1) [See EHBC]	
College Readiness	catio	on to	rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- and English language arts. The courses must be designed:	
	1.	For	students at the grade 12 level whose performance on:	
		а.	An EOC assessment instrument required under Educa- tion Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readiness standards; or	
		b.	Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334(a) indicates that the student is not ready to per- form entry-level college coursework; and	
	2.	•	prepare students for success in entry-level college rses.	
	ing prov	the co /ided	must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- ourse or through distance learning or as an online course through the institution of higher education with which the artners.	

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Faculty	Appropriate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- priate faculty of each institution of higher education with which the district partners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that each course is aligned with college readiness expectations.				
Notice	Each district shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the student's parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a course.				
Credit Earned	A student who successfully completes an English language arts course may use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced English language arts curriculum requirement for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A student who successfully completes a mathematics course may use the credit earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced mathematics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 after completion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025 after completion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(2).				
Dual Credit	A course may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- tution of higher education with which a district partners.				
Instructional Materials	Each district, in consultation with the institution of higher education with which the district partners, shall develop or purchase instruc- tional materials for a course consistent with Education Code Chap- ter 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- sources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.				
	Education Code 28.014				
Security and Confidentiality	All assessment instruments included in the student assessment program are considered secure, and the contents of these tests, in- cluding student information used or obtained in their administration, are confidential.				
	Districts and campuses and the superintendent and campus principals in each district and campus shall:				
	 Implement and ensure compliance with state test administra- tion procedures and training activities; 				
	 Notify TEA as soon as the district becomes aware of any al- leged or suspected violation of the security or confidential in- tegrity of a test [see Violations, below]; 				

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	3.	ing day cordan	all confirmed testing violations to TEA within ten work- vs of the district becoming aware of the violation in ac- ce with the reporting process stipulated in the test ad- ation materials;
	4.		e that the only individuals with access to secure test als are district employees who have:
			et the requirements to participate in the student as- essment program;
			eceived annual training in test security and test admin- tration procedures; and
		to of ac te th de	igned an oath affirming they understand their obligation maintain and preserve the security and confidentiality all state assessments and student information, cknowledge their responsibility to report any suspected sting violation, and are aware of the range of penalties at may result from a violation of test security and confi- entiality or a departure from test administration proce- ures; and
	5.		e the security of the test materials as required by 19 Ad- ative Code 101.3031(a)(2)(E).
	19 7	AC 101.	.3031(a)(1)–(a)(2)
Violations	Viola	itions of	the security and confidential integrity of a test include:
	1.	Directly questio	 or indirectly assisting students with responses to test ons;
	2.	Tampe	ring with student responses;
	3.	Falsifyi	ng holistic ratings or student responses;
	4.	istration	g secure test content before, during, or after an admin- n unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the pro- s outlined in the test administration materials;
	5.	Discus: sponse	sing or disclosing secure test content or student re- es;
	6.	Scoring	g students' tests, either formally or informally;
	7.	test cor	ating, recording, or electronically capturing confidential ntent unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the ures outlined in the test administration materials;
	8.	Respor	nding to secure test questions;

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	9.	Fraudulently exempting or preventing a student from partici- pating in the administration of a required state assessment;			
	10.	Receiving or providing unallowable assistance during calibra- tion activities (e.g., taking notes, providing answer sheets, or sharing answers);			
	11.	Encouraging or assisting an individual to engage in the con- duct described above or in any other serious violation of secu- rity and confidentiality;			
	12.	Failing to report to an appropriate authority that an individual has engaged or is suspected of engaging in the above con- duct or in any other serious violation of security and confiden- tiality under this provision;			
	13.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent student cheating; and			
	14.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent altera- tion of test documents by anyone other than the student.			
Consequences	che	district determines that a student has cheated or attempted to at on a state assessment either by providing or receiving direct istance, the district shall invalidate the student's test results.			
	•	Any violation of test security or confidential integrity may result in TEA:			
	1.	Invalidating student test results;			
	2.	Referring certified educators to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) for sanctions in accordance with 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 247 (Educators' Code of Ethics) and Chapter 249 (Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Contested Cases); and			
	3.	Lowering the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's accountability rating in accordance with Education Code 39.057(d), or appointment of a monitor, conservator, or management team to the district or charter school in accord- ance with Education Code Chapter 39A.			
Test Administration Procedures	min cha	t administration procedures shall be delineated in the test ad- istration materials provided to districts annually. Districts and rter schools must comply with all of the applicable requirements cified in the test administration materials.			
		ricts and charter schools shall ensure that test coordinators administrators receive training to ensure that testing personnel			

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	have the necessary skills and knowledge required to administer as- sessment instruments in a valid, standardized, and secure manner.
Records Retention	As part of test administration procedures, the commissioner shall require districts and charter schools to maintain records related to the security of assessment instruments for five years.
	19 TAC 101.3031(a-3)–(d)
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	SBEC may take disciplinary action against a person who has vio- lated the security or integrity of any assessment required by Edu- cation Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or has committed an act that is a departure from the test administration procedures estab- lished by the commissioner under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101.
	The superintendent and campus principal must develop proce- dures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the tests and will be responsible for notifying TEA in writing of conduct that violates the security or confidentiality of a test. Failure to report can subject the person responsible to the applicable penalties.
	19 TAC 249.15(a)–(b), (g)
Minimize Disruptions	In implementing the commissioner's procedures for the administra- tion of assessment instruments adopted or developed under Edu- cation Code 39.023, including procedures designed to ensure the security of the assessment, a district shall minimize disruptions to school operations and the classroom environment. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0301(a-1)</i>
Confidentiality of Results	Individual student performance results are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See FL and GBA]

Definition	For the purpose of this policy, "parent" is the person who is indi- cated on the student registration form at the campus. The signature of only one parent of a student is required for a charter created by petition or a cooperative program charter. <i>Education Code</i> <i>12.051(1), .052(b), .053(b)</i>				
Policy	A district shall adopt a campus charter and program charter policy, which shall specify the:				
	1.	Proc	sess for approval of a campus charter or program charter;		
	2.		utory requirements with which a campus charter or pro- n charter must comply; and		
	3.	Item	s that must be included in a charter application.		
	Educ	catior	n Code 12.058		
Campus or Program Charter	A board may grant a charter to parents and teachers for a campus or a program on a campus.				
	A board shall grant or deny the charter, through a public vote, if the board is presented with a petition signed by:				
	1.	The	parents of a majority of the students at that campus; and		
	2.	Ama	ajority of the classroom teachers at that campus.		
	A board may not arbitrarily deny a charter.				
	Education Code 12.052				
New Campus or	A board may grant a charter for:				
Contract Charter	1.	A new district campus; or			
	2.	Apr	ogram that is operated:		
		a.	By an entity that has entered into a contract with the dis- trict under Education Code 11.157 [see EEL] to provide educational services to the district through the campus or program; and		
		b.	At a facility located in the boundaries of the district.		
Voluntary Enrollment	a cai dent	mpus to th	's parent or guardian may choose to enroll the student at or in a program charter. A district may not assign a stu- e campus or program unless the student's parent or has voluntarily enrolled the student.		
Parental Removal	A student's parent or guardian may, at any time, remove the stu- dent from the campus or program and enroll the student at the campus to which the student would ordinarily be assigned.				

Teacher Assignment	A district may not assign to the campus or program a teacher who has signed a written statement that the teacher does not agree to that assignment.						
	Education Code 12.0521						
District Charter	A board may grant a district charter to a campus.						
Enrollment Limit	A district charter may be granted only to one or more campuses serving in total a percentage of the district's student enrollment equal to not more than 15 percent of the district's student enroll- ment for the preceding school year.						
Exception	The percentage limit may not prevent a district from granting a dis- trict charter to at least one feeder pattern of schools, including an elementary, middle or junior high, and high school.						
	A district charter may be granted to any campus that has received the lowest performance rating under Subchapter C, Chapter 39, Education Code.						
Open-Enrollment Charter School	Subchapter D, Chapter 39, Education Code (related to open-enroll- ment charter schools) applies to a campus granted a district char- ter as though the campus were granted a charter under that sub- chapter, and the campus is considered an open-enrollment charter school.						
	A district charter is not considered for purposes of the limit on the number of charters for open-enrollment charter schools imposed by Education Code 12.101.						
	Education Code 12.0522						
Cooperative Campus Charter	A board may grant a charter to parents and teachers at two or more campuses in the district for a cooperative charter program if the board is presented with a petition signed by:						
	1. The parents of a majority of the students at each school; and						
	2. A majority of the classroom teachers at each school.						
	Education Code 12.053						
Performance Contract	A board that grants a charter shall enter into a performance con- tract with the principal or equivalent chief operating officer of the campus or program. The performance contract must specify en- hanced authority granted to the principal or equivalent officer in or- der to achieve the academic goals that must be met by campus or program students.						

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CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS EL (LEGAL					
Duration of Charter	A charter granted by the board expires ten years from the date the charter is granted unless the specified goals are substantially met, as determined by the board.				
	Education Code 12.0531				
Neighborhood School	A board may determine that a campus granted a charter will be a neighborhood school.				
	The principal or equivalent chief operating officer of a neighbor- hood school shall manage the funding provided for the school un- der the Education Code and any other funding provided for the school in the manner the principal or other officer determines best meets the needs of the school's students. The district in which the school is located may retain that portion of funding that the district generally withholds from a campus for costs associated with the salary of the superintendent or other district governance.				
	The principal or equivalent chief operating officer of a neighbor- hood school may use school funding to purchase from the school district in which the school is located services for the school, in- cluding bus service, facilities maintenance services, and other ser- vices generally provided by a school district to district campuses. The school shall pay for each service an amount that reflects the actual cost to the district of providing the service for the number of the school's students for which the service is provided.				
	Education Code 12.0532				
Student Eligibility	Eligibility criteria for admission of students to the charter campus or program must give priority on the basis of geographic and resi- dency considerations. After priority is given on those bases, sec- ondary consideration may be given to a student's age, grade level, or academic credentials, in general or in a specific area, as neces- sary for the type of program offered.				
	The campus or program may require an applicant to submit an ap- plication not later than a reasonable deadline the campus or pro- gram establishes.				
	Education Code 12.065				
Exemption	A campus or program for which a charter is granted is exempt from the instructional and academic rules and policies of the board from which the campus or program is specifically exempted in the char- ter and retains the authority to operate under the charter only if stu- dents at the campus or in the program perform satisfactorily as provided by the charter. <i>Education Code 12.054</i>				

Charter Contract	A charter shall be in the form and substance of a written contract signed by a board president and the chief operating officer of the campus or program for which the charter is granted. <i>Education Code 12.060</i>					
	Each	n charter shall:				
	1.	Satisfy the requirements governing charter campuses and programs; and				
	2.	Include all information required to be in the content of the charter consistent with the information provided in the application and any modification a board requires.				
	Education Code 12.061					
Content of Charter	Each	n charter granted must:				
	1.	Describe the educational program to be offered, which may be a general or specialized program;				
	2.	Provide that continuation of the charter is contingent on satis- factory student performance on state-required assessment in- struments, satisfactory financial performance under state fi- nancial accountability provisions, and on compliance with other applicable accountability provisions;				
	3.	Specify any basis, in addition to a basis specified in Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter C, on which the charter may be revoked;				
	4.	Prohibit discrimination in admission on the basis of national origin, ethnicity, race, religion, or disability;				
	5.	Describe the governing structure of the campus or program;				
	6.	Specify any procedure or requirement, in addition to those un- der Education Code Chapter 38, that the campus or program will follow to ensure the health and safety of students and em- ployees; and				
	7.	Describe the manner in which an annual audit of financial and programmatic operations of the campus or program is to be conducted, including the manner in which the campus or pro- gram will provide information necessary for the district in which it is located to participate in PEIMS.				

Education Code 12.059

Revision	be ro jority	evise / of th	created by petition or a cooperative charter program may d with board approval and on a petition signed by a ma- ne parents and a majority of the classroom teachers at the or in the program, as applicable.				
	prov may	al of be re	created without a petition may be revised with the ap- the board of trustees that granted the charter. The charter evised only before the first day of instruction or after the fi- f instruction of a school year.				
	Edu	Education Code 12.062					
Failure to Discharge or Refuse to Hire	char disc ploy	ter if harge ment	campus or program commits a material violation of its the campus or program fails to comply with the duty to e or refuse to hire certain employees or applicants for em- under Education Codes 12.1059, 22.085, or 22.092. <i>Edu-</i> <i>ide 12.0631</i>				
Applicability of Laws	A charter campus or program is subject to federal and state laws and rules governing public schools, except that the charter campus or program is subject to the Education Code and rules adopted thereunder only to the extent that the code or rule specifically pro- vides. <i>Education Code 12.055(a)</i>						
Education Code	A charter campus or program has the powers granted to schools under the Education Code.						
	A ch	arter	campus or program is subject to:				
	1. Provisi fenses		visions of the Education Code establishing criminal of- es;				
	2.		nibitions, restrictions, or requirements of the Education e, or a rule adopted under the Education Code, relating				
		a.	PEIMS, to the extent necessary to monitor compliance, as determined by the commissioner;				
		b.	Criminal history records under Subchapter C, Chapter 22;				
		C.	High school graduation under Section 28.025;				
		d.	Special education programs under Subchapter A, Chap- ter 29;				
		e.	Bilingual education under Subchapter B, Chapter 29;				
		f.	Prekindergarten programs under Subchapter E, Chapter 29;				

	g.	Extracurricular activities under Section 33.081 (i.e., "no pass-no play");
	h.	Health and safety under Chapter 38 (including immun- izations, dyslexia and related disorders, child abuse re- porting, protective eye devices, tobacco and alcohol use, steroid use, access to medical records, and referrals to outside counselors);
	i.	Public school accountability under Subchapter B, C, D, F, and J, Chapter 39, and Chapter 39A; and
	j.	The duty to discharge or refuse to hire certain employ- ees or applicants for employment under Education Code 12.1059.
	Education	n Code 12.056
Open Meetings and Public Information Acts	governing governme 551 (Ope	bect to the operation of a campus or program charter, the g body of the charter campus or program is considered a ental body for purposes of Government Code Chapters en Meetings Act) and 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Educa- 12.057(a)</i>
Teacher Retirement System	A district may contract with another district or an open-enrol charter holder for services at a campus charter. An employ district or open-enrollment charter holder providing contra- vices to a campus charter is eligible for membership in an fits from the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) if ployee would be eligible for membership and benefits if ho same position at the employing district or open-enrollment school operated by the charter holder. <i>Education Code 12</i>	
	a charter shall be c same ext district wl	byee of an independent school district who is employed on campus or program who qualifies for membership in TRS covered under the system in the same manner and to the ent as a qualified employee of the independent school ho is employed on a regularly operating campus or in a operating program.
	in a progr in TRS sh to the sar school di	byee of a charter holder who is employed on a campus or ram granted a charter and who qualifies for membership hall be covered under the system in the same manner and me extent as a qualified employee of an independent strict who is employed on a regularly operating campus or larly operating program.
	Education	n Code 12.057(b), (b-1)

Liability	are	A charter campus or program, and its employees and volunteers, are immune from liability to the same extent as a district, its employees, and volunteers, respectively. <i>Education Code 12.057(c)</i>		
Placement on Probation or Revocation		A board may place on probation or revoke a charter it grants if the board determines that the campus or program:		
	1.	Committed a material violation of the charter, including by fail- ure to comply with the duty to discharge or refuse to hire cer- tain employees or applicants for employment, as provided by Education Code 12.0631;		
	2.	Failed to satisfy generally accepted accounting standards of fiscal management; or		
	3.	Failed to comply with law governing a charter campus or pro- gram, another law, or a state agency rule.		
	The action a board takes under any item above shall be based on the best interest of campus or program students, the severity of the violation, and any previous violation the campus or program has committed.			
	Ed	Education Code 12.063		
Procedure	Each board that grants a charter shall adopt a procedure to be used for placing on probation or revoking a charter it grants.			
	car and ing	This procedure must provide an opportunity for a hearing to the campus or program for which the charter is granted and to parents and guardians of students at the campus or in the program. A hearing must be held on the campus or on one of the campuses in the case of a cooperative charter program.		
	Ed	ucation Code 12.064		

Education Code 12.064

CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS
PARTNERSHIP CHARTERS

Authorization Campus Partnerships	To provide quality educational settings for all students and to obtain benefits under Education Code 11.174 and 48.252, the District may establish partnership charters as permitted by law and as de- scribed in this policy. The District shall be committed to a rigorous authorization process and shall grant campus charters only to ap- plicants that have demonstrated the competence and capacity to improve student outcomes through the proposed campus charter.			
Definitions Operating Partner	carr of c	operating partner" means a state-authorized open-enrollm pus charter or an eligible entity as defined by law for purpo ontracting to partner with the District to operate a District c under state law.	oses	
Partnership	lish ope	A "partnership" means a District-authorized campus charter estab- lished in accordance with state law in which the Board contracts to operate a District campus in partnership with an open-enrollment charter school or other eligible entity as defined by law.		
Compliance with Law	A partnership shall comply with all applicable requirements of state law, any applicable grant program requirements, local criteria spec- ified in policy, and the applicable charter performance contract. Campus charters shall comply with all federal and state laws gov- erning such charters and shall be nonsectarian. [See EL(LEGAL)]			
Partner Application Process	In establishing a partnership program, the District shall issue a lo- cal application designed to identify operating partners best quali- fied to meet the needs of the District.			
	The Board shall consider an application if the applicant:			
	1.	Meets the eligibility requirements for a campus charter in cordance with law;	ac-	
	2.	Follows the application process established by the Distric and	ct;	
	3.	Provides assurances to the Board that the applicant will on ply with the statutory and District requirements for a camp charter.		
	The	application process shall include:		
	1.	A comprehensive written application;		
	2.	A rigorous review of the application by a charter applicati review committee;	on	
	3.	A formal recommendation from the review committee to t Superintendent for approval or denial of each application		
	4.	A formal recommendation from the Superintendent to the Board for approval or denial of each application; and)	
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	5.	A vote by the Board to approve or deny each application.
Content	An	application shall include the following, at a minimum:
	1.	Mission and Vision;
	2.	Educational Need and Anticipated Student Population;
	3.	Education Plan / School Design;
	4.	Leadership and Governance;
	5.	Curriculum and Instructional Design;
	6.	Special Populations and At-Risk Students;
	7.	Student Recruitment and Enrollment;
	8.	School Culture and Discipline;
	9.	Assessment and Evaluation;
	10.	Organizational Structure;
	11.	Governing Board;
	12.	Application Team Capacity;
	13.	Staffing Plans, Hiring, Management, and Evaluation;
	14.	Professional Development;
	15.	Facilities; and
	16.	Financial Plan.
Review Committee Composition	The Superintendent shall establish a review committee to conduct a substantive and merit-focused evaluation of each application submitted in accordance with the District's published application procedures.	
		e review committee shall be composed of District staff and exter- evaluators with relevant and diverse expertise.
Conflicts of Interest		eview committee member shall disclose any potential conflict of rest with an applicant.
Review Process	The	e review committee may:
	1.	Request additional information or documents from the appli- cants;
	2.	Schedule interviews with applicants; or

	3.	Request that the Board schedule a public hearing to allow ap- plicants an opportunity to present their application and cam- pus plans to the Board and to the community before formal consideration by the Board.
Recommendations	The review committee shall provide to the Superintendent a recom- mendation for denial or approval of each application based on the District's established criteria. After considering the review commit- tee's recommendation, the Superintendent shall make a formal recommendation to the Board for approval or denial of each appli- cation.	
Charter Performance Contract	If the Board approves an application, the Board shall execute written charter performance contract that includes provisions a quired by law and establishes the legally binding terms under which the campus charter will operate and be evaluated durin charter term and for renewal.	
	term cha	h charter performance contract shall address the material ns of the campus charter's operation as required by law. Each rter performance contract shall be granted for a period of up to years.
Standards	cont Boa term	ddition to standards required by law, the charter performance tract shall include additional standards established by the rd, including expectations for academic performance, short- n financial performance, long-term financial stability, and opera- al and governance performance.
	prop	performance standards shall also address expectations for ap- priate access, education, support services, and outcomes for lents with disabilities.
Oversight and Evaluation Monitoring System	cour the the sion inter aligr	Board shall implement a comprehensive performance ac- ntability and compliance monitoring system that is aligned with Board's performance standards and provides the Board with information necessary to make rigorous, evidence-based deci- s regarding charter renewal, revocation, and probation or other rventions. This monitoring system shall be based on and ned with academic, financial, operational, and governance idards set forth in the charter performance contract.
	com	he extent possible, the Board shall minimize administrative and pliance burdens on campus charters and focus on holding pus charters accountable for outcomes rather than processes.
Data Collection	purs	npus charters shall provide information and data to the District suant to state law and the District's reporting schedule using a e-approved student management system.

	The District shall require each campus charter to report its perfor- mance separately and shall hold each campus charter accountable for its performance.
Evaluation and Reports	Annually, the Board shall evaluate each campus charter against the performance standards established by the Board or law.
	The Board shall communicate evaluation results to the campus charter's governing body and leadership in a written report that summarizes compliance and performance, including areas of strength and improvement. The results of all evaluations shall be made accessible to the public and available on the District website.
	The Board shall produce for the public an annual report that pro- vides performance data for all the campus charters it oversees, in- cluding individual campus performance and overall campus charter performance. The annual report shall at a minimum be posted on the District website.
Campus Charter Autonomy	In accordance with law and the charter performance contract, the Board shall support the operating partner's authority over the cam- pus charter's day-to-day operations.
	The Board shall recognize the governing board of the campus charter as independent and autonomous from the Board and Dis- trict, with full authority and accountability for the campus charter's performance and operations.
Conflicts of Interest	The District and the operating partner shall comply with applicable conflict of interest provisions in law.
Intervention	The District shall give timely notice to the campus charter of any violations of the charter performance contract or performance deficiencies justifying formal intervention. The notice shall identify in writing the concerns, and, if applicable, the time frame for remediation. The notice may include additional consequences if any of the concerns are not remedied within the stated timeline.
	Depending on the severity of the concern or deficiency, the Board may place a campus charter on probation or revoke the charter performance contract, in accordance with the terms of the contract and applicable law.
Probation Criteria	The Board may place a campus charter on probation as permitted by law or the charter performance contract, or for failure to meet academic performance standards.

Procedure	In the event of any indication or allegation that a campus charter has committed a violation of law or the charter performance con- tract that may warrant probation, the District shall take the following steps:		
	 The Superintendent shall investigate the allegations and hold a conference with the chief operating officer and governing body of the campus charter to discuss the allegations. 		
	 If the Superintendent determines that a violation or misman- agement has occurred, the chief operating officer of the cam- pus charter shall respond to the allegation at the next regu- larly scheduled Board meeting. 		
	3. The Board shall hear the presentation and take action, if nec- essary, to place the campus charter on probation. If the Board decides to place the campus charter on probation, it must pro- vide an opportunity for a public hearing as required by law.		
	4. If a campus charter is placed on probation, the campus char- ter must take action to remedy the identified violations or un- derperformance and report on the status of its corrective ac- tions in accordance within the timeline for remediation established by the District.		
	5. The District shall establish a timeline for monitoring the cam- pus charter's corrective actions and re-evaluating the campus charter's status to determine when the campus may be re- moved from probation or whether to consider revocation.		
Notification	If the District decides to place a charter on probation, the District shall notify the campus charter of the probation in writing. The no- tice shall include the reasons for the probation and the timeline for monitoring the campus charter's corrective actions and re-evaluat- ing the campus charter's status to determine when the campus may be removed from probation or whether to consider revocation.		
Revocation Criteria	The Board may revoke a campus charter as permitted by law or the charter performance contract for failure to meet performance standards.		
	The Board shall revoke a campus charter if the District finds clear evidence of a campus charter's persistent or serious underperfor- mance or violation of law, the charter performance contract, or the public trust in a way that imperils students or public funds, includ- ing any of the following:		
	 Persistent or serious violation of applicable state or federal law; 		

	2.	Persistent or serious violation of a provision of the charter performance contract;	
	3.	Persistent or serious failure to meet generally accepted ac- counting standards for fiscal management;	
	4.	Persistent failure to improve student academic achievemen for all student groups;	t
	5.	Failure for two consecutive years to meet the academic or f nancial accountability standards outlined in law;	íi-
	6.	Failure for two consecutive years to meet the academic or f nancial performance standards established in the charter performance contract;	
	7.	Multiple placements on probation as specified in the charter performance contract; or	r
	8.	Failure of the District to obtain the benefits of Education Co 11.174 and 42.2511, if applicable.	de
	base the o action;	Board's decision whether to revoke a campus charter shall be ad on the best interests of the students, including a decision commissioner to extend an exemption from a sanction or oth on under Education Code 11.174(g); the severity of the viola- applicable law; and any previous violation committed by the pus charter.	by Ier
Procedure	In the event of an indication or allegation that may warrant campus charter revocation, the District shall take the following steps:		
	1.	The Superintendent shall investigate the allegations and he a conference with the chief operating officer and governing body of the campus charter to discuss the allegations.	
	2.	If the Superintendent determines that a violation or misman agement has occurred, the chief operating officer of the car pus charter shall respond to the allegation at the next regu- larly scheduled Board meeting.	m-
	3.	The Board shall hear the presentation and take action, if ne essary, to revoke the campus charter. If the board decides the revoke the campus charter, it must provide an opportunity for a public hearing as required by law.	to
		e event of a health or safety concern, the Board may immed v suspend campus operations before revocation takes effect.	
Notification	Boa	e Board decides to revoke a charter performance contract, th rd shall notify the campus charter of the action in writing. The ce shall include the reasons for the revocation and the effecti	Э
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	curr	e of the revocation, which shall be no later than the end of the ent school year or may be effective immediately in the event of ealth or safety concern.	
Contract Renewal	Upon the expiration of a charter performance contract, the Board may renew the contract for up to an additional five-year term. In ac- cordance with law, the Board shall renew a charter performance contract only if the Board finds that the campus charter has sub- stantially fulfilled its obligations and met the performance standards in the contract and applicable law.		
	The Board shall consider the following, in addition to other factors specified in the charter performance contract:		
	1.	Multiple years and measures of performance against the per- formance standards and expectations established in the char- ter performance contract and applicable law;	
	2.	Financial audits;	
	3.	Performance and compliance reports, including site visit re- ports, if applicable; and	
	4.	The campus charter's performance on corrective action plans or other required interventions, if necessary.	
Procedure		District shall publish the renewal application process, including renewal criteria and timelines.	
	As part of the renewal application process, the District shall provide each campus charter, in advance of the renewal decision, a cumu- lative report that summarizes the campus charter's performance record over the contract term and states the District's summative findings concerning the campus's performance and its prospects for renewal.		
Decision Not to Renew		Board may choose not to renew a charter performance con- t for any of the following reasons:	
	1.	Failure to meet student performance standards or other obli- gations in the charter performance contract;	
	2.	Failure to meet generally accepted accounting standards for fiscal management;	
	3.	Violation of any provision of the contract or applicable state or federal law; or	
	4.	Other reason as determined by the Board.	

CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS PARTNERSHIP CHARTERS

Notification	If the Board decides not to renew a contract, the Board shall notify the campus charter of the action in writing no later than the last Fri- day in January during the final year of the charter performance contract. The notice shall include the reasons for the action and the effective date of the campus charter closure, which shall be no later than the end of the current school year.
Closure Protocol	The Board shall develop a detailed campus closure protocol to ap- ply if the Board decides not to renew or to revoke a charter perfor- mance contract and close the campus. The protocol shall ensure timely notification to parents including assistance in finding new placements; orderly transition of student records to the District; and disposition of campus funds, property, and assets in accordance with law. In the event of closing any campus charter, the District shall oversee and work with the campus charter's governing board and leadership to carry out the closure protocol.

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION F: STUDENTS

FA	STUDENT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
FB	EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY
FBA	Service Animals
FC	SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AREAS
FD	ADMISSIONS
FDA	Interdistrict Transfers
FDAA	Public Education Grants
FDB	Intradistrict Transfers and Classroom Assignments
FDC	Homeless Students
FDD	Military Dependents
FDE	School Safety Transfers
FE	ATTENDANCE
FEA	Compulsory Attendance
FEB	Attendance Accounting
FEC	Attendance for Credit
FED	Attendance Enforcement
FEE	Open/Closed Campus
FEF	Released Time
FF FFA FFAB FFAC FFAD FFAE FFAF FFB FFBA FFC FFD FFE FFEA FFEB FFFA FFFB FFFD FFFF FFFF FFFG	STUDENT WELFARE Wellness and Health Services Physical Examinations Immunizations Medical Treatment Communicable Diseases School-Based Health Centers Care Plans Crisis Intervention Trauma-Informed Care Student Support Services Student Insurance Student Insurance Student Assistance Programs/Counseling Comprehensive Guidance Program Substance Abuse Student Safety Supervision of Students Safety Patrols Bicycle/Automobile Use School Buses Child Abuse and Neglect

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION F: STUDENTS

FFH FFI	Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation Freedom from Bullying
FG	STUDENT AWARDS AND SCHOLARSHIPS
FH	STUDENT VOLUNTEERS
FJ	STUDENT FUNDRAISING
FL FLA	STUDENT RECORDS Confidentiality of Student Health Information
FM FMA FMB FMD FME FMF FMG FMH	STUDENT ACTIVITIES School-Sponsored Publications Student Government Social Events Performances Contests and Competition Travel Commencement
FN FNA FNAA FNAB FNB FNC FNCA FNCB FNCC FNCD FNCC FNCC FNCC FNCC FNCC FNCC	STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES Student Expression Distribution of Nonschool Literature Use of School Facilities for Nonschool Purposes Involvement in Decision Making Student Conduct Dress Code Care of School Property Prohibited Organizations and Hazing Tobacco Use and Possession Personal Telecommunications/Electronic Devices Alcohol and Drug Use Weapons Assaults Disruptions Married Students Pregnant Students Investigations and Searches Student and Parent Complaints/Grievances
FO FOA FOB FOC	STUDENT DISCIPLINE Removal by Teacher or Bus Driver Out-of-School Suspension Placement in a Disciplinary Alternative Education Setting

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SECTION F: STUDENTS

FOCA	Disciplinary Alternative Education Program Operations
FOD	Expulsion
FODA	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program
FOE	Emergency and Alternative Placement
FOF	Students with Disabilities
FP	STUDENT FEES, FINES, AND CHARGES

Nondiscrimination	A district shall provide equal opportunities to all individuals within its jurisdiction or geographic boundaries. <i>Education Code 1.002(a)</i>			
	No officer or employee of a district shall, when acting or purporting to act in an official capacity, refuse to permit any student to participate in any school program because of the student's race, religion, color, sex, or national origin. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 106.001</i>			
	A district may not deny services to any individual eligible to partici- pate in its special education program, but it shall provide individu- als with disabilities special educational services as authorized by law. <i>Education Code 1.002(b)</i>			
Federal Funding Recipients	No person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the bene- fits of, or subjected to discrimination by any district that receives federal financial assistance, on the basis of any of the following protected characteristics:			
	1. Sex.			
	2. Race, color, or national origin.			
	3. Disability, or relationship or association with an individual with a disability. [See EHB, EHBA series, and GA]			
	4. Age.			
	20 U.S.C. 1681 (Title IX); 42 U.S.C. 2000d (Title VI); 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq. (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act); 29 U.S.C. 794 (Section 504); 42 U.S.C. 12132 (Americans with Disabilities Act [ADA]); 42 U.S.C. 6101 et. seq. (Age Discrimination Act of 1975)			
Sexual Harassment	Sexual harassment of students is discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX. <i>Franklin v. Gwinnett County Schools</i> , 503 U.S. 60 (1992) [See also DIA and FFH]			
Human Rights Coordinator	A district shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its ef- forts to comply with Title IX, Section 504, and the ADA. The district shall notify all students and employees of the name, office address, and telephone number of the employee(s) so designated.			
Grievance Procedures	A district shall adopt and publish grievance procedures for prompt and equitable resolution of student complaints alleging discrimina- tion under these statutes. [See FNG]			
	34 C.F.R. 106.8 (Title IX), 104.7 (Section 504)			
Retaliation	A district shall not coerce, intimidate, threaten, retaliate against, or interfere with any person who attempts to assert a right protected			

	by the above laws or cooperates with investigation and enforce- ment proceedings under these laws. <i>34 C.F.R. 100.7(e) (Title VI),</i> <i>104.61 (Section 504), 106.71 (Title IX)</i>
Students with Learning Difficulties	The Texas Education Agency shall produce and provide to school districts a written explanation of the options and requirements for providing assistance to students who have learning difficulties or who need or may need special education. The explanation must state that a parent is entitled at any time to request an evaluation of the parent's child for special education services under Education Code 29.004 or for aids, accommodations, or services under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794). Each school year, a district shall provide the written explanation to a parent of each district student by including the explanation in the student handbook or by another means. <i>Education Code 26.0081(c)</i>
Disability Discrimination ADA	Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), no qualified indi- vidual with a disability shall, by reason of such disability, be ex- cluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the ser- vices, programs, or activities of a district, or be subjected to discrimination by the district. <i>42 U.S.C. 12132; 28 C.F.R. 35.130</i>
Section 504	Under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, no otherwise qualified individual with a disability shall, solely by reason of her or his disability, be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. 29 U.S.C. $794(a)$
Definitions "Student with a Disability"	A "student with a disability" is one who has a physical or mental im- pairment that substantially limits one or more of the student's major life activities, has a record of having such an impairment, or is be- ing regarded as having such an impairment.
	The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication, medical sup- plies, low-vision devices (which do not include ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses), prosthetics, hearing aids, mobility devices, oxy- gen therapy, assistive technology, or learned behavioral or adap- tive neurological modifications.
	An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a disa- bility. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.
	A student meets the requirement of being "regarded as" having an impairment if the student establishes that he or she has been sub- jected to a prohibited action because of an actual or perceived

	physical or mental impairment whether or not the impairment limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity. This provision does not apply to impairments that are transitory or minor. A transitory im- pairment is one with an actual or expected duration of 6 months or less.		
	29 U.S.C. 705(20)(B), 42 U.S.C. 12102(1), (3)–(4)		
"Qualified Individual with a Disability"	The term "qualified individual with a disability" means an individual with a disability who, with or without reasonable modifications to rules, policies, or practices, the removal of architectural, communication, or transportation barriers, or the provision of auxiliary aids and services, meets the essential eligibility requirements for the receipt of services or the participation in programs or activities provided by a district. <i>42 U.S.C. 12131(2)</i>		
"Major Life Activities"	"Major life activities" include caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, and working. "Major life activity" also includes the operation of major bodily functions, including functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, and digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions. <i>42 U.S.C. 12102(2)</i>		
Reasonable Modification	A district shall make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures when the modifications are necessary to avoid discrimination on the basis of disability, unless the district can demonstrate that making the modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of the service, program, or activity. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.130(b)(7)</i>		
Direct Threat	"Direct threat" means a significant risk to the health or safety of others that cannot be eliminated by a modification of policies, prac- tices or procedures, or by the provision of auxiliary aids or services as provided below. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.104</i>		
	The ADA does not require a district to permit an individual to partic- ipate in or benefit from the services, programs, or activities of that district when that individual poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others.		
	In determining whether an individual poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others, a district must make an individualized assessment, based on reasonable judgment that relies on current medical knowledge or on the best available objective evidence, to ascertain:		
	1. The nature, duration, and severity of the risk;		
	2. The probability that the potential injury will actually occur; and		
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	proc	ther reasonable modifications of policies, practices, or edures or the provision of auxiliary aids or services will ate the risk.	
	28 C.F.R.	35.139	
Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)	A district shall provide a free appropriate public education to each qualified student with a disability within the district's jurisdiction, regardless of the nature or severity of the student's disability.		
		with a disability is "qualified" if he or she is between the ree and 21, inclusive. <i>20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(1); 34 C.F.R.</i>)	
		priate education is the provision of regular or special edu- d related services that are:	
	as a	gned to meet the student's individual educational needs dequately as the needs of students who do not have disa- es are met; and	
	quire	ed on adherence to procedures that satisfy federal re- ements for educational setting, evaluation and placement, procedural safeguards, as set forth below.	
	34 C.F.R. 104.33(b)		
	Implementation of an individualized education program (IEF IDEA is one means for providing FAPE. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.33(b)</i>		
	Note:	See EHBA series for policies regarding the provision of special education to students with disabilities under IDEA who require special education in order to benefit from a free appropriate public education.	
Educational Setting	A district shall place a student with a disability in the regular educa- tional environment, unless the district demonstrates that education in the regular environment with the use of supplemental aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.34(a)</i>		
	vices and ability par maximum	ng or arranging for nonacademic and extracurricular ser- activities, a district shall ensure that a student with a dis- ticipates with students who do not have disabilities to the extent appropriate to the needs of the student with a dis- C.F.R. 104.34(b), 104.37	
Evaluation and Placement	A district shall conduct an evaluation of any person who, because of disability, needs or is believed to need special education or re- lated services before taking any action with respect to the initial		

	•	placement of the person in regular or special education and any subsequent significant change in placement.		
Evaluation Procedures		A district shall establish standards and procedures for the evalua- tion and placement which ensure that:		
	1.	Tests and other evaluation materials have been validated for the specific purpose for which they are used and are adminis- tered by trained personnel in conformance with the instruc- tions provided by their producer;		
	2.	Tests and other evaluation materials include those tailored to assess specific areas of educational need and not merely those which are designed to provide a single general intelli- gence quotient; and		
	3.	Tests are selected and administered so as best to ensure that, when a test is administered to a student with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the test results accurately reflect the student's aptitude or achievement level or whatever other factor the test purports to measure, rather than reflect- ing the student's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills (except where those skills are the factors that the test pur- ports to measure).		
Placement Procedures		In interpreting evaluation data and in making placement decisions, a district shall:		
	1.	Draw upon information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests, teacher recommendations, physical condition, social and cultural background, and adap- tive behavior;		
	2.	Establish procedures to ensure that information obtained from all such sources is documented and carefully considered;		
	3.	Ensure that the placement decision is made by a group of persons, including persons knowledgeable about the child, the meaning of the evaluation data, and the placement options; and		
	4.	Ensure that the placement decision is made in conformity with 34 C.F.R. 104.34.		
Reevaluation	der vice the	A district shall establish procedures for periodic reevaluation of stu- dents who have been provided special education and related ser- vices. A reevaluation procedure consistent with the Education for the Handicapped Act [now IDEA] is one means of meeting this re- quirement.		
	34	C.F.R. 104.35		

Military Dependents	In compliance with the requirements of Section 504, and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. Sections 12131–12165), the district shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the needs of incoming military dependents with disabilities, subject to an existing Section 504 or Title II Plan, to provide the student with equal access to education. This does not preclude the district from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education Code 162.002 art. V, § C</i> [See FDD]
Procedural Safeguards	A district shall establish a system of procedural safeguards with re- spect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of persons who need or are believed to need special instruction or re- lated services.
	The system shall include notice, an opportunity for the student's parent or guardian to examine relevant records, an impartial hearing with the opportunity for participation by the student's parents or guardian and representation by counsel, and a review procedure. Compliance with the procedural safeguards of IDEA is one means of meeting this requirement. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.36</i>
Children Who Are Homeless	A district shall adopt policies and practices to ensure that homeless children are not stigmatized or segregated on the basis of their homeless status. [See FDC]
Liaison	A district shall designate an appropriate staff person, able to carry out the required duties, as the district liaison for homeless children. A district shall inform school personnel, service providers, advo- cates working with homeless families, parents and guardians of homeless children, and homeless children of the duties of the liai- son. [See FFC]
	42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(1)(J)(i), (ii), (g)(6)(B)
Religious Freedom	A district may not substantially burden a student's free exercise of religion, unless the burden is in furtherance of a compelling gov- ernmental interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that interest. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 110.003</i> [See also DAA and GA]
Adverse Action Prohibited	Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not take any adverse action against any person based wholly or partly on the person's membership in, affiliation with, or contribution, donation, or other support provided to a religious organization. <i>Gov't Code 2400.002</i> [See GA]
Discrimination on the Basis of Sex	No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be ex- cluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be subjected

	to discrimination by any district receiving federal financial assis- tance. 20 U.S.C. 1681(a)
	A district shall not provide any course or otherwise carry out any of its educational programs or activities separately on the basis of sex, or require or refuse participation therein on the basis of sex, including health, physical education, industrial, business, vocational, technical, home economics, music, and adult education courses. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.34</i>
Separate Facilities	A district may provide separate toilet, locker room, and shower fa- cilities on the basis of sex, but the facilities provided for one sex shall be comparable to the facilities provided for the other sex. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.33</i>
Human Sexuality Classes	Portions of classes in elementary and secondary school that deal primarily with human sexuality may be conducted in separate sessions for boys and girls.
Vocal Music Activities	A district may make requirements based on vocal range or quality that may result in a chorus or choruses of one or predominantly one sex.
	34 C.F.R. 106.34
Single-Sex Programs	A district shall not, on the basis of sex, exclude any student from admission to an institution of vocational education or any other school or educational unit operated by the district. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.35</i>
Pregnancy and Marital Status	A recipient shall not apply any rule concerning a student's actual or potential parental, family, or marital status that treats students differently on the basis of sex. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.40</i> [See FND]
Physical Education Classes	A district may group students in physical education classes and ac- tivities by ability as assessed by objective standards of individual performance developed and applied without regard to sex.
Skills Assessment	Where use of a single standard of measuring skill or progress in physical education classes has an adverse effect on members of one sex, a district shall use appropriate standards that do not have such effect.
Contact Sports	A district may separate students by sex within physical education classes or activities during participation in wrestling, boxing, rugby, ice hockey, football, basketball, and other sports the purpose or major activity of which involves bodily contact.
	34 C FR 106 34 43

34 C.F.R. 106.34, .43

Single-Sex TeamsA district may operate or sponsor separate teams for members of each sex where selection for such teams is based upon competi- tive skill or the activity involved is a contact sport. However, where a recipient operates or sponsors a team in a particular sport for members of one sex but not for members of the other sex, and ath- letic opportunities for members of that sex have previously been limited, members of the excluded sex must be allowed to try-out for the team offered unless the sport involved is a contact sport.Equal Athletic OpportunitiesA district that operates or sponsors interscholastic or intramural athletics shall provide equal athletic opportunity for members of both sexes. The following factors shall be considered in determin- ing whether a district provides equal athletic opportunities:1.Whether the selection of sports and levels of competition ef- fectively accommodate the interests and abilities of members of both sexes;2.Provision of equipment and supplies; 3.3.Scheduling of games and practice time; 4.4.Travel and per diem allowance; 5.5.Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring; 6.6.Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; ties;7.Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facili- ties;8.Provision of medical and training facilities and services; 9.9.Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and 10.10.Publicity.	Athletic Programs	tic o	A district shall not discriminate, on the basis of sex, in interscholas- ic or intramural athletics or provide any such athletics separately on such basis.		
 Opportunities athletics shall provide equal athletic opportunity for members of both sexes. The following factors shall be considered in determining whether a district provides equal athletic opportunities: 1. Whether the selection of sports and levels of competition effectively accommodate the interests and abilities of members of both sexes; 2. Provision of equipment and supplies; 3. Scheduling of games and practice time; 4. Travel and per diem allowance; 5. Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring; 6. Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; 7. Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; 8. Provision of medical and training facilities and services; and 		eacl tive a re mer letic limit	each sex where selection for such teams is based upon competi- tive skill or the activity involved is a contact sport. However, where a recipient operates or sponsors a team in a particular sport for members of one sex but not for members of the other sex, and ath- letic opportunities for members of that sex have previously been limited, members of the excluded sex must be allowed to try-out for		
 fectively accommodate the interests and abilities of members of both sexes; Provision of equipment and supplies; Scheduling of games and practice time; Travel and per diem allowance; Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring; Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; Provision of medical and training facilities and services; and 	•	athl both	etics shall provide equal athletic opportunity for members of n sexes. The following factors shall be considered in determin-		
 Scheduling of games and practice time; Travel and per diem allowance; Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring; Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; Provision of medical and training facilities and services; and 		1.	fectively accommodate the interests and abilities of members		
 Travel and per diem allowance; Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring; Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; Provision of medical and training facilities and services; Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and 		2.	Provision of equipment and supplies;		
 Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring; Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; Provision of medical and training facilities and services; Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and 		3.	Scheduling of games and practice time;		
 Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors; Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; Provision of medical and training facilities and services; Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and 		4.	Travel and per diem allowance;		
 Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facilities; Provision of medical and training facilities and services; Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and 		5.	Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring;		
ties; 8. Provision of medical and training facilities and services; 9. Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and		6.	Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors;		
9. Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and		7.	· ·		
55 <i>7</i>		8.	Provision of medical and training facilities and services;		
10. Publicity.		9.	Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and		
		10.	Publicity.		
34 C.F.R. 106.41		34 C.F.R. 106.41			

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General Eligibility	trict 21 y mis und	free /ears sion i er 26	or its designee shall admit into the public schools of a dis- of tuition all persons who are over five and younger than of age on September 1 of any school year in which ad- s sought, and may admit a person who is at least 21 and for the purpose of completing the requirements for a high ploma, if any of the following conditions exist:
Student and Parent	1.	The	person and either parent reside in the district.
Conservator	2.	ents con	person does not reside in the district, but one of the par- s resides in the district and that parent is a joint managing servator or the sole managing conservator or possessory servator of the person.
Guardian or Person Having Lawful Control	3.		person and his or her guardian or other person having ful control under an order of a court reside in the district.
Students Living Separate and Apart	4.	arat gua of a the trac	e person is under the age of 18 and has established a sep- te residence in the district apart from his or her parent, rdian, or other person having lawful control under an order court and has established that the person's presence in district is not for the primary purpose of participation in ex- urricular activities. A board is not required to admit such son, however, if the person has:
		a.	Engaged in conduct that resulted in removal to a discipli- nary alternative education program or expulsion within the preceding year;
		b.	Engaged in delinquent conduct or "conduct in need of supervision" and is on probation or other conditional re- lease for that conduct; or
		C.	Been convicted of a criminal offense and is on probation or other conditional release.
	Edu	icatio	n Code 25.001(a)–(b), (d)
Students Who Are	5.	The	person is homeless. [See also FDC]
Homeless		a.	"Child who is homeless," "person who is homeless," and "student who is homeless" have the meaning assigned to the term homeless children and youths under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.
		b.	"Homeless children" under the McKinney-Vento Home- less Assistance Act, means children or youths who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence; and includes:

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- (1) Children who are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations; are living in emergency or transitional shelters; or are abandoned in hospitals;
- (2) Children who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- (3) Children who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- (4) Migratory children living in circumstances described above.

"Migratory child" means a child who made a qualifying move in the preceding 36 months:

- (a) As a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or
- (b) With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher. [See EEB]

Education Code 5.001(1-*a*), 25.001(*b*)(5); 20 U.S.C. 6399; 42 U.S.C. 11434a(2)

- Foreign Exchange
Students6.The person is a foreign exchange student placed with a host
family that resides in the district by a nationally recognized
foreign exchange program, unless the district has applied for
and been granted a waiver by the commissioner of education
because:
 - a. This requirement would impose a financial or staffing hardship on the district;
 - b. The admission would diminish the district's ability to provide high-quality education services for the district's domestic students; or
 - c. The admission would require domestic students to compete with foreign exchange students for educational resources.

Education Code 25.001(b)(6), (e)

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Students in Residential Facility	7.	The person resides at a residential facility, as defined in Edu- cation Code 5.001, located in the district. For purposes of en- rollment, a person who resides in a residential facility is con- sidered a resident of the district in which the facility is located. <i>Education Code 25.001(b)(7), 29.012(c)</i>	
Students Over 18	8.	The person resides in the district and is 18 or older or the per- son's disabilities of minority have been removed. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 25.001(b)(8)</i>	
Resident Grandparent	9.	The person does not reside in the district but the grandparent of the person:	
		a. Resides in the district; and	
		 Provides a substantial amount of after-school care for the person as determined by the board. 	
	Educ	cation Code 25.001(b)(9)	
Residence Homestead	10.	The person and either parent of the person reside in a residence homestead, as defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), that is located on a parcel of property any part of which is located in the district. <i>Education Code 25.001(b)(10)</i>	
Proof of Eligibility	A district may require evidence that a person is eligible to attend the public schools of the district at the time it considers an applica- tion for admission of the person. A board or its designee shall es- tablish minimum proof of residency acceptable to a district. A board or its designee may make reasonable inquiries to verify a person's eligibility for admission. When admission is sought under item 4 above, a board shall determine whether an applicant qualifies as a resident of a district and may adopt reasonable guidelines for mak- ing that determination as necessary to protect the best interest of students. <i>Education Code 25.001(c), (d)</i>		
"Residence" Defined		idence" requires living in the district and having the present in- on to remain there. <u><i>Martinez v. Bynum, 461 U.S. 321 (1983</i>)</u>	
		trict may withdraw any student who ceases to be a resident. <u>els v. Morris</u> , 746 F.2d 271 (5th Cir. 1984)	
Active-Duty Parent	A person whose parent or guardian is an active-duty member of the armed forces of the United States, including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces, may establish residency for purposes of eligibility of admission by providing to the district a copy of a military order requiring the parent's or guard- ian's transfer to a military installation in or adjacent to the district 's attendance zone. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-1)</i>		

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	A person who establishes residency under Education Code 25.001(c-1) shall provide to the district proof of residence in the district's attendance zone not later than the tenth day after the arrival date specified in the military order. For purposes of this provision, "residence" includes residence in a military temporary lodging facility. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-2)</i>
Immigration Status	Denying enrollment based upon immigration status to children who are not legally admitted into the United States violates the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. <u><i>Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982)</i></u>
High School Equivalency Certificate	A student who has received a high school equivalency certificate is entitled to enroll in a public school in the same manner as any other student who has not received a high school diploma. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 29.087(h)</i>
Substitute for Parent or Guardian	A board by policy may allow a person showing evidence of legal re- sponsibility for a child other than an order of a court to substitute for a guardian or other person having lawful control of the child un- der court order. <i>Education Code 25.001(j)</i>
Authorization Agreement	"Adult caregiver" means an adult person whom a parent has au- thorized to provide temporary care for a child under Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.0015(1)</i>
	A parent, as defined in Family Code 101.024, or both parents of a child may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult care- giver to authorize the adult caregiver to perform acts described in Family Code 34.002 in regard to the child, such as:
	 Authorizing medical, dental, psychological, or surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child, including executing any consents or authorizations for the release of information as required by law relating to the treatment or immunization;
	2. Enrolling the child in the district; and
	 Authorizing the child to participate in age-appropriate extra- curricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including ath- letic activities.
	Family Code 34.002
	A parent may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult caregiver with whom a child is placed under a parental child safety placement agreement approved by the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) to allow the person to perform the acts described above with regard to the child during an investigation of

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	abuse or neglect or while the department is providing services to the parent. <i>Family Code 34.0021</i>
	The authorization agreement must conform to the requirements of Family Code Chapter 34.
	A child who is the subject of an authorization agreement is not con- sidered to be placed in foster care and the parties to the agree- ment are not subject to any law or rule governing foster care pro- viders. <i>Family Code 34.0022(b)</i>
	An authorization agreement does not affect the rights of the child's parent or legal guardian regarding the care, custody, and control of the child, and does not mean that the adult caregiver has legal custody of the child. <i>Family Code 34.007(b)</i>
	Only one authorization agreement may be in effect for a child at any time. Execution of a subsequent authorization agreement does not by itself supersede, invalidate, or terminate a prior authoriza- tion agreement. An authorization agreement is void if it is executed while a prior authorization agreement remains in effect. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.002(d), .008(f)</i>
	An authorization agreement is for a term of six months and renews automatically for six-month terms unless an earlier expiration date is stated in the agreement, the agreement is terminated under Family Code 34.008, or a court authorizes continuation. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.0075</i>
Immunity	A person who is not a party to the authorization agreement who re- lies in good faith on the authorization agreement, without actual knowledge that the authorization agreement is void, revoked, or in- valid, is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, and is not subject to professional disciplinary action, for that reliance if the agreement is completed as required by Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.007(a)</i>
	Note: The Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative $(PDF)^1$ is available on the DFPS website.
Temporary Authorization for Care	A person eligible to consent to treatment of a child under Family Code 32.001 or a person eligible to enter an authorization agree- ment [see Authorization Agreement, above] may seek a court order for temporary authorization for care of a child by filing a petition in the district court in the county in which the person resides if:
	 The child has resided with the person for at least the 30 days preceding the date the petition was filed; and
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	o te	The person does not have an authorization agreement or other signed, written documentation from a parent, conserva- or, or guardian that enables the person to provide necessary care for the child.
	Family	/ Code 35.001–.002
	The or	rder may authorize the petitioner to, among other things:
		Consent to medical, dental, psychological, and surgical treat- nent and immunization of the child;
	2. E	Enroll the child in the district; and
	ri	Authorize the child to participate in age-appropriate extracur- icular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities.
	child's tody, a	porary authorization order does not affect the rights of the parent, conservator, or guardian regarding the care, cus- and control of the child, and does not establish legal custody child. <i>Family Code 35.007(b)</i>
Immunity	der is	son who relies in good faith on a temporary authorization or- not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, or to pro- nal disciplinary action. <i>Family Code 35.007(a)</i>
Students in Foster Care	subdiv which ents o be use	d placed in foster care by an agency of the state or a political vision shall be permitted to attend schools in the district in the foster parents reside free of any charge to the foster par- r to the agency. A durational residence requirement may not ed to prohibit that child from fully participating in any activity ored by a district. <i>Education Code 25.001(f)</i>
	schoo and wi schoo ing co highes withou tend th conse ment i	lent who was enrolled in a primary or secondary public I before the student entered the conservatorship of DFPS ho is placed at a residence outside the attendance area for a I or outside a district is entitled to continue to attend the I in which the student was enrolled immediately before enter- nservatorship until the student successfully completes the st grade level offered by the school at the time of placement at payment of tuition. The student is entitled to continue to at- ne school regardless of whether the student remains in the rvatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enroll- n the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g)</i>
	primar	udent who is in the conservatorship of DFPS is enrolled in a ry or secondary public school, other than the school in which udent was enrolled at the time the student was placed in the

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	conservatorship of DFPS, the student is entitled to continue to at- tend that school without payment of tuition until the student suc- cessfully completes the highest grade level offered by the school at the time of enrollment in the school, even if the child's placement is changed to a residence outside the attendance area for that school or outside the district. The student is entitled to continue to attend the school regardless of whether the student remains in the con- servatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enrollment in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g-1)</i>
	A written case plan for any child in foster care under the responsi- bility of the state must include a plan for ensuring the educational stability of the child while in foster care, including:
	 Assurances that each placement of the child in foster care takes into account the appropriateness of the current educa- tional setting and the proximity to the school in which the child in enrolled at the time of placement; and
	2. An assurance that the appropriate state agency has coordi- nated with a district to ensure that the child remains in the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of each place- ment; or if remaining in that school is not in the best interests of the child, assurances by the state agency and the district to provide immediate and appropriate enrollment in a new school, with all of the educational records of the child pro- vided to the school.
	<i>42 U.S.C. 675(1)(G), 675a</i> [See CNA]
Transfers from Other States	A district shall charge tuition for a student who resides in a residen- tial facility and whose maintenance or expenses are paid in whole or in part by another state or the United States. Any such tuition charge must be submitted to the commissioner for approval. The attendance of students admitted under this provision shall not be counted for purposes of allocating state funds to a district. <i>Educa- tion Code 25.003</i>
Students Holding F-1 Student Visas	If a student is required, as a condition of obtaining or holding the appropriate U.S. student visa, to pay tuition to the district that the student attends to cover the cost of the student's education pro- vided by the district, the district shall accept tuition for the student in an amount equal to the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing the student's education for the period of the student's at- tendance at school in the district.
	The commissioner shall develop guidelines for determining the amount of the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing a student's education. A district may not accept tuition in an amount

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	guideline	than the amount computed under the commissioner's es unless the commissioner approves a greater amount as accurate reflection of the cost of education to be provided istrict.
		ndance of a student for whom a district accepts tuition is need for purposes of allocating state funds to the district.
	Educatio	on Code 25.0031
	Note:	Enrolling students with F-1 visas is optional. If the district is interested in enrolling students with F-1 visas, it must comply with the federal <u>Student and Exchange Visitor</u> <u>Program</u> ² (SEVP) under the Department of Homeland Security.
Texas Juvenile Justice Department	Departm school ir Any tuitio district fr	I-age child of an employee of the Texas Juvenile Justice nent (TJJD) residing in an adjacent district may attend in a district free of charge to his or her parents or guardian. on required by the admitting district shall be paid by the rom which the student transfers out of any funds appropri- he TJJD facility. <i>Education Code 25.042</i>
Enrollment	person w the nam	nust be enrolled by the child's parent, guardian, or other with legal control under a court order. A district shall record e, address, and date of birth of the person enrolling the ducation Code 25.002(f)
Legal Surname	appears ble as pi	nt must be identified by the student's legal surname as it on the student's birth certificate or other document suita- roof of the student's identity, or in a court order changing ent's name. <i>Education Code 25.0021</i>
Required Documentation	child in a which th	nt or other person with legal control of a child enrolls the a district school, the parent or other person, or the district in e child most recently attended school, shall furnish to the Ill of the following:
	pro	e child's birth certificate, or another document suitable as of of the child's identity as defined by the commissioner in Student Attendance Accounting Handbook.
	rec	copy of the child's records from the school the child most cently attended if he or she was previously enrolled in a nool in Texas or in another state.
	bec	idents shall not be denied enrollment or be removed solely cause they fail to provide the documentation required in ns 1 and 2, above.
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	 A record showing that the child has the immuniza quired by Education Code 38.001, proof that the required to be immunized, or proof that the child provisional admission. [See FFAB] 	child is not
	Education Code 25.002(a); 19 TAC 129.1(a)–(b)	
	A district must furnish information under items 1 and 2 than the tenth working day after the date the district re quest for the information.	
	A parent or other person with legal control of a child ur order must furnish information under items 1 and 2 no the 30th day after the date a child is enrolled in a publi	t later than
	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child order requests that a district transfer a child's student district to which the request is made shall notify the pa person as soon as practicable that the parent or other request and receive an unofficial copy of the records for person to a school in another district.	records, the rent or other person may
	Education Code 25.002(a-1)	
Residential Facility	Except for a juvenile pre-adjudication secure detentior juvenile post-adjudication secure correctional facility, a facility shall provide to a district that provides educatio to a student placed in the facility any information retair cility relating to:	residential nal services
	 The student's school records, including records respectively and the special education eligibility or services, behavioration plans, school-related disciplinary actions, and ments related to the student's educational needs 	al interven- d other docu-
	 Any other behavioral history information regardin that is not confidential under another law; and 	g the student
	 The student's record of convictions or the studen community supervision or parole status, as provide cility, if necessary to provide education services t dent. 	ded to the fa-
	Education Code 29.012(f), (g)	
Summer School Enrollment	A district shall permit a person who is eligible under Ed Code 25.001 [see General Eligibility, above] to attend district but who is not enrolled in school in the district t district summer school course on the same basis as a dent, including satisfaction of any course eligibility req payment of any fee authorized under Education Code FP] that is charged in connection with the course.	school in the o enroll in a district stu- uirement and
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	This requirement does not apply to enrollment in a Summer Inten- sive Mathematics Instruction Program under Education Code 29.088, a Summer Intensive Science Instruction Program under Education Code 29.090, or in a similar intensive program.
	Education Code 25.008
Food Allergy Information	On enrollment, a district shall request, by providing a form or other- wise, that a parent or other person with legal control of the child under a court order disclose whether the child has a food allergy or a severe food allergy that, in the judgment of the parent or other person with legal control, should be disclosed to the district to ena- ble the district to take any necessary precautions regarding the child's safety [see FB and FFAF]; and specify the food to which the child is allergic and the nature of the allergic reaction.
	The district shall maintain the confidentiality of the provided infor- mation, and may disclose the information to teachers, school coun- selors, school nurses, and other appropriate school personnel only to the extent consistent with district policy under Education Code 38.009 and permissible under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g. [See FL]
	"Severe food allergy" means a dangerous or life-threatening reac- tion of the human body to a food-borne allergen introduced by in- halation, ingestion, or skin contact that requires immediate medical attention.
	Education Code 25.0022(a)–(c)
Child in DFPS Possession	A district shall enroll a child without the required documentation if DFPS has taken possession of the child. DFPS shall ensure that the required documentation is furnished to a district not later than the 30th day after the date the child is enrolled. <i>Education Code</i> $25.002(g)$
Inconsistent Documentation	If a child is enrolled under a name other than the name that ap- pears in the identifying documents or records, a district shall notify the missing children and missing persons information clearing- house of the child's name as shown on the identifying records and the name under which the child is enrolled.
Missing Documentation	If the required documents and other records are not furnished to a district within 30 days after enrollment, the district shall notify the police department of the city or the sheriff's department of the county in which the district is located and request a determination of whether the child has been reported as missing.
	Education Code 25.002(b)–(c)

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Students Under 11			ment of a child under 11 years of age in a school for the at the school, the school shall:
	1.		uest from the person enrolling the child the name of each vious school attended by the child;
	2.	ords vide from	uest from each school identified in item 1 the school rec- s for the child and, if the person enrolling the child pro- s copies of previous school records, request verification the school of the child's name, address, date, and des and dates attended; and
	3.	30th	fy the person enrolling the student that not later than the a day after enrollment, or the 90th day if the child was not a in the United States, the person must provide:
		a.	A certified copy of the child's birth certificate; or
		b.	Other reliable proof of the child's identity and age and a signed statement explaining the person's inability to pro- duce a copy of the child's birth certificate.
	not quir	provid ed, th	on enrolls a child under 11 years of age in school and does de the valid prior school information or documentation re- ne school shall notify the appropriate law enforcement efore the 31st day after the person fails to comply.
	Cod	le of (Criminal Procedure 63.019
False Information	pare doc nal tal F mak	ent or umen offens Recor kes th	cepting a child for enrollment, a district shall inform the other person enrolling the child that presenting a false t or false records in connection with enrollment is a crimi- se under Penal Code 37.10 (Tampering with Governmen- ds) and that enrolling the child under false documents e person liable for tuition or other costs as provided be- cation Code 25.002(d)
	knor enro gible mat rolle may stuc	wingly ollmer e for e ion. F ed, the / char lent a	n to the penalty under Penal Code 37.10, a person who y falsifies information on a form required for a student's nt in a district is liable to the district if the student is not eli- enrollment, but is enrolled on the basis of false infor- for the period during which the ineligible student is en- e person is liable for the maximum tuition fee a district rge [see FDA] or the amount a district has budgeted per is maintenance and operating expense, whichever is Education Code 25.001(h)
	altie	es and	may include on its enrollment form notice of the legal pen- l liability for falsifying information on the form. <i>Education</i> 001(i)

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Placement of Transfers Credits and Records	quir ing eari cret sch	emer credit ned ir ion. T ool pe	shall accept all credits earned toward state graduation re- nts by students in accredited Texas school districts, includ- ts earned in accredited summer school programs. Credits in local credit courses may be transferred at a district's dis- transfer students shall not be prohibited from attending ending receipt of transcripts or academic records from the the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1)</i>
	requ suc	uirem cessf	shall grant a student credit toward the academic course ents for high school graduation for courses the student ully completes in TJJD educational programs. <i>Education</i> 104(a)
	in a	juver	trict shall consider course credit earned by a student while nile justice alternative education program as credit earned ict school. <i>Education Code 37.011(d)</i>
Nonpublic Schools	or fi cha proi met	rom o nge s mptly hods	and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools but of state or out of the country (including foreign ex- students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed in appropriate classes. A district may use a wide variety of to verify the content of courses for which a transfer stu- earned credit. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)</i>
Foundation School Program			is entitled to the benefits of the available school fund for a ear if:
	1.	On	September 1 of the year, the person:
		a.	Is at least five years of age and under 21 years of age, and has not graduated from high school;
		b.	Is at least 21 years of age and under 26 years of age and is admitted by a school district to complete the re- quirements for a high school diploma; or
		C.	Is at least 18 years of age and under 26 years of age and is enrolled in an adult high school diploma and in- dustry certification charter school program under Educa- tion Code 29.259.
	2.		person is enrolled in prekindergarten under Education le 29.153 [see EHBG].
	3.	sati: tere	e person is younger than five years of age and performs sfactorily on the state assessment instrument adminis- ed to third graders and a district has adopted a policy to hit students younger than five years of age.
	4.		e person is enrolled in the first grade and is at least six rs of age at the beginning of the current school year or
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	has been enrolled in the first grade, or has completed kinder- garten, in the public schools of another state before transfer- ring to a Texas public school.
	Education Code 25.001(a), 48.003
Screening	The principal of each district school shall ensure that each student admitted to that school has complied with requirements for screening of special senses and communication disorders, spinal screening, and a risk assessment for Type 2 diabetes, or has submitted an affidavit of exemption. <i>Health and Safety Code 36.005, 37.002, 95.003(c)</i> [See FFAA]
Pest Control Information	Chief administrators or the integrated pest management (IPM) co- ordinators of schools must notify the parents or guardians of chil- dren attending the facility in writing that pesticides are periodically applied indoors and outdoors, and that information on the times and types of applications and prior notification is available upon re- quest. Such notification must be made at the time of the students' registration. Telephonic, written, or electronic notification of planned applications will meet the notification requirements. <i>4 TAC</i> <i>7.148(c); Occupations Code 1951.455(b)</i> [See CLB]

 <u>8.pdf</u>
 ² Student and Exchange Visitor Program: <u>https://www.ice.gov/sevis</u>

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ADMISSIONS HOMELESS STUDENT	S	FDC (LEGAL)	
Children Who Are Homeless	As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Home- less Assistance Act (McKinney-Vento Act), a district serving chil- dren who are homeless shall, according to the child's best interest:		
		ontinue the child's education in the school of origin for the ration of homelessness:	
	a.	If the child's family becomes homeless between aca- demic years or during an academic year; and	
	b.	For the remainder of the academic year, if the child be- comes permanently housed during an academic year; or	
	liv	roll the child in any school that nonhomeless students who e in the attendance area in which the child is actually living e eligible to attend.	
	42 U.S. less," se	<i>C. 11432(g)(3)(A)</i> [For definition of "children who are home- ee FD]	
Definitions Unaccompanied Youth	"Unaccompanied youth" includes a child who is homeless or youth not in the physical custody of a parent or guardian. <i>42 U.S.C. 11434A</i>		
Enrollment	"Enroll" and "enrollment" include attending classes and participat- ing fully in school activities.		
School of Origin	"School of origin" means the school that the child attended wher permanently housed or the school in which the child was last en rolled, including a preschool.		
	school o	ne child completes the final grade level served by the of origin, the term "school of origin" shall include the desig- eceiving school at the next grade level for all feeder	
	42 U.S.	C. 11432(g)(3)(l)	
School Stability	In determining the best interest of a child who is homeless, a d trict shall:		
	ch reo	esume that keeping the child in the school of origin is in the ild's best interest, except when doing so is contrary to the quest of the child's parent or guardian, or (in the case of an accompanied youth) the youth;	
	int ac are	onsider student-centered factors related to the child's best erest, including factors related to the impact of mobility on hievement, education, health, and safety of children who e homeless, giving priority to the request of the child's par- t or guardian or the unaccompanied youth;	

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	3.	If, after conducting the best interest determination based on consideration of the presumption in item 1 above and the stu- dent-centered factors in item 2 above, the district determines that it is not in the child's best interest to attend the school of origin or the school requested by the parent or guardian or the unaccompanied youth, provide the parent, guardian, or unac- companied youth with a written explanation of the reasons for its determination, in a manner and form understandable to such parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth, including in- formation regarding the right to appeal as set forth at Enroll- ment Disputes, below; and	
	4.	In the case of an unaccompanied youth, ensure that the homeless liaison [see FFC] assists in placement and enroll- ment decisions under these provisions, gives priority to the views of such unaccompanied youth, and provides the notice to such youth of the right to appeal as set forth at Enrollment Disputes, below.	
	42 L	J.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(B)	
Contact Information	A district may require the parent or guardian of a child who is homeless to submit contact information. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(H)</i>		
Immediate Enrollment	The school selected in accordance with these provisions shall im- mediately enroll a child who is homeless, even if the child:		
	1.	Is unable to produce records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic record, records of immunization and other required health records, proof of residency, or other document; or	
	2.	Has missed application or enrollment deadlines during any period of homelessness.	
	42 L	J.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(C)	
Enrollment Disputes	If a dispute arises over eligibility, or school selection or enrollme in a school:		
	1.	The child shall be immediately enrolled in the school in which enrollment is sought, pending final resolution of the dispute, including all available appeals;	
	2.	The parent or guardian of the child or an unaccompanied youth shall be provided with a written explanation of any deci- sions related to school selection or enrollment made by the district, including the rights of the parent, guardian, or unac- companied youth to appeal such decisions.	

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	 The parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth shall be re- ferred to the homeless liaison [see FFC], who shall carry out the dispute resolution process as expeditiously as possible af- ter receiving notice of the dispute; and
	 In the case of an unaccompanied youth, the liaison shall en- sure that the youth is immediately enrolled in the school in which the youth seeks enrollment pending resolution of such dispute.
	42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(E) [See FNG]
School Placement	As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Act, TEA shall submit to the U.S. Secretary of Education a plan that includes assurances that a district will adopt policies and practices to ensure that children who are homeless are not stigmatized or segregated on the basis of their status as homeless. <i>42 U.S.C.</i> $11432(g)(1)(J)(i)$
	The choice regarding placement shall be made regardless of whether the child lives with the parents who are homeless or has been temporarily placed elsewhere. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(F)</i>
Records Academic	The enrolling school shall immediately contact the school last at- tended by the child to obtain relevant academic and other records. 42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(C)(ii)
Health	If the child needs to obtain immunizations or other required health records, the enrolling school shall immediately refer the child's par- ent or guardian or an unaccompanied youth to the district home- less liaison [see FFC] who shall assist in obtaining necessary im- munizations or screenings, or immunization or other required health records. [See also FFAB] <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(C)(iii)</i>
Maintenance	Any record ordinarily kept by a school, including immunization or other required health records, academic records, birth certificates, guardianship records, and evaluation for special services or pro- grams, regarding each child who is homeless shall be maintained so that the records involved are available, in a timely fashion, when a child enters a new school or district, and in a manner consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. 1232g) [see FL]. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(D)</i>
Privacy	Information about the living situation of a child who is homeless shall be treated as a student education record and shall not be deemed to be directory information under FERPA. [See FL] 42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(G)
Comparable Services	The district shall provide a child who is homeless with services that are comparable to services offered to other students in the school in which the child is enrolled, including:
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	1.	Transportation services;
	2.	Educational services for which the child meets the eligibility criteria;
	3.	Programs in career and technical education;
	4.	Programs for gifted and talented students; and
	5.	School nutrition programs.
	42 U	J.S.C. 11432(g)(4)
Coordination	A district serving children who are homeless shall coordinate	
	1.	The provision of services with local social services agencies and other agencies or entities providing services to children who are homeless and their families; and
	2.	Transportation, transfer of school records, and other interdis- trict activities with other local educational agencies.
Housing Assistance	If applicable, a district shall coordinate with state and local housing agencies responsible for developing the comprehensive housing affordability strategy described in the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12705), to minimize educational disruption for children who become homeless.	
Purpose	The	coordination shall be designed to:
	1.	Ensure that children who are homeless are promptly identified and have access to, and are in reasonable proximity to, avail- able education and related support services; and
	2.	Raise the awareness of school personnel and service provid- ers of the effects of short-term stays in a shelter and other challenges associated with homelessness.
Children who are Homeless with Disabilities	For children who are to be assisted both under the McKinney Vento Act and under the Individuals with Disabilities Educatio (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.) or section 504 of the Rehabilitation 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), a district shall coordinate provision of vices under the McKinney-Vento Act with the provision of pro- for children with disabilities served by that district and other in volved local educational agencies. [See EHBA series]	
	42 U	J.S.C. 11432(g)(5)
Barriers to Enrollment	ers A di	strict shall review and revise any policies that may act as barri- to the identification or enrollment of children who are homeless. strict shall give consideration to issues concerning transporta- , immunization, residency, birth certificates, school records and

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	other documentation, and guardianship. A district shall give special attention to ensuring the identification, enrollment, and attendance of children who are homeless who are not currently attending school. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(7)</i>	
Website Information on Local Programs	Each campus within a district with 3,000 or more students and lo- cated in a county with a population of at least 50,000 that main- tains an internet website shall post on the campus website infor- mation regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are home- less.	
	A campus shall make a good faith effort to compile information and shall post the information compiled in a format and style that is easily understandable by students or parents, as appropriate based on the grade levels the campus offers.	
	A representative of a local program or service available to assist students who are homeless may request to have information con- cerning the program or service posted on a campus website. A campus may determine the information that is posted on its web- site and is not required to post information as requested by the rep- resentative.	
	The district is not liable for any harm to a student that results in connection with a local program or service referred to on the web-site of a campus.	
	Education Code 33.906	
	Other Related Policies:	
	AID—Federal Accountability Standards	
	CNA—Student Transportation	
	EHBD—Federal Title I Programs	
	FB—Equal Educational Opportunities	
	FD—Admissions	
	FFAB—Immunizations	
	FFC—Student Support Services	
	FL—Student Records	
	FP—Student Fees, Fines, and Charges	

ADMISSIONS SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

Safe Schools Data	The Superintendent shall ensure that the District complies with Texas Education Agency (TEA) guidelines for the collection and maintenance of data regarding:		
	1.	Mandatory expellable offenses committed at school or school-related or school-sponsored activity, on or off sc property [see FOD]; and	
	lent criminal offenses, as de the premises of the school		student who becomes a victim of one of the following vio- criminal offenses, as defined by the Penal Code, while on premises of the school the student attends or while at- ing a school-sponsored or school-related activity, on or off pol property:
		a.	Attempted murder;
		b.	Indecency with a child;
		C.	Aggravated kidnapping;
		d.	Aggravated assault on someone other than a District employee or volunteer;
		e.	Sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault against someone other than a District employee or volunteer;
		f.	Aggravated robbery; or
		g.	Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children.
School Safety Transfers	The parent of a student who becomes a victim of a violent crin offense as described in the state guidance for unsafe school c options or who is assigned to a campus identified by TEA as p sistently dangerous shall be offered a transfer to a safe public charter school within the District.		s described in the state guidance for unsafe school choice who is assigned to a campus identified by TEA as per- langerous shall be offered a transfer to a safe public or
	For each transfer requested, the District shall explore transfer op- tions, as appropriate. Options may include a transfer agreement with another school district.		
Dangerous School danger quest a the sta		gerou st a tra start c	nt of a student attending a school identified as persistently s shall be provided notification of his or her right to re- ansfer. Notification shall occur at least 14 days prior to of the school year or, for a student enrolling subsequently, student's enrollment.
	trans begi	sfer. T nning	nt must submit to the Superintendent an application for The Superintendent shall complete the transfer prior to the of the school year, if applicable, or within 14 calendar e request for a subsequently enrolling student.

ADMISSIONS SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

	Any transfer arranged for a student from a campus identified by TEA as persistently dangerous shall be renewed so long as the campus from which the student transferred retains that designa- tion.
	The District shall maintain, in accordance with the District's record retention schedule, documentation of notification to parents of the transfer option, transfer applications submitted, and action taken.
For a Victim of a Violent Criminal Offense	Within 14 calendar days after a violent criminal offense described above occurs in or on the premises of the school the student at- tends or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related ac- tivity, on or off school property, the District shall notify the parent of a student who is a victim of the offense of the parent's right to re- quest a transfer. The parent must submit to the Superintendent an application for transfer. The Superintendent shall approve or disap- prove the request within 14 calendar days of its submission.
	Any transfer arranged for a student who was a victim of a violent crime as described above shall be renewed so long as the threat to the student exists at the campus to which the student would typi- cally be assigned.
	For each offense, the District shall maintain for at least five years documentation of the nature and date of the offense, notification to the parent of the transfer option, transfer applications submitted, action taken, and other relevant information regarding the offense.
Additional Transfer Options	In circumstances described by Education Code 25.0341, a parent of a student who has been the victim of a sexual assault, regard- less of whether the offense occurred on or off school property, may request a transfer of the parent's child or the student assailant from the same campus.
	[For other transfer provisions, see also FDA and FDB.]

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

Records	A district must maintain records to reflect the average daily attend ance for the allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) fund and other funds allocated by the Texas Education Agency (TEA). The district must maintain records and make reports concerning student attendance and participation in special programs as re- quired by the commissioner of education. The superintendent, pri cipals, and teachers are responsible to the board and the state to maintain accurate, current attendance records. <i>19 TAC 129.21(a)</i> <i>(e)</i>	
	Districts shall use the student attendance accounting standards es- tablished by the commissioner to maintain records and make re- ports on student attendance and student participation in special programs. The official standards are described in TEA's <i>Student</i> <i>Attendance Accounting Handbook (SAAH)</i> . <i>19 TAC 129.1025</i>	
	The superintendent is responsible for the safekeeping of all attend- ance records and reports. The superintendent may determine whether the properly certified attendance records or reports for the school year are to be stored in the central office, on the respective school campuses of a district, or at another secure location. Re- gardless of where such records are filed or stored, they must be readily available for audit by TEA. <i>19 TAC 129.21(d)</i>	
Minimum Enrollment	A student must be enrolled for at least two hours of instruction to be considered in membership for one half day, and for at least four hours of instruction to be considered in membership for one full day.	
Full-Day Students	Students enrolled on a full-day basis may earn one full day of attendance each school day.	
Half-Day Students	Students enrolled on a half-day basis may earn only one half day attendance each school day. Attendance is determined for these pupils by recording absences in a period during the half day they are scheduled to be present.	
Alternative Attendance Accounting Program	Students who are enrolled in and participating in an alternative attendance accounting program approved by the commissioner will earn attendance according to the statutory and rule provisions applicable to that program.	
Attendance for State Funding Purposes	Attendance for all grades shall be determined by the absences rec- orded in the second or fifth instructional hour of the day, unless the board adopts a policy, or delegates to the superintendent the au- thority to establish procedures for recording absences in an alter- native hour, or unless the students for which attendance is being taken are enrolled in and participating in a commissioner-approved alternative attendance accounting program.	

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

		established period in which absences are recorded may not be nged during the school year.			
	daily the app pres riod stuc	dents absent at the time the attendance roll is taken, during the y period selected, are counted absent for the entire day, unless students are enrolled in and participating in a commissioner- roved alternative attendance accounting program. Students sent at the time the attendance roll is taken, during the daily pe- selected, are counted present for the entire day, unless the lents are enrolled in and participating in a commissioner-ap- ved alternative attendance accounting program.			
	19 1	TAC 129.21(g)–(h)			
	is co in a	udent removed to a disciplinary alternative education program ounted in computing the average daily attendance of students district for the student's time in actual attendance in the pro- m. <i>Education Code 37.008(f)</i>			
Funding for Off- Campus Programs	Funding eligibility for a student participating in an off-campus pro- gram will include time instructed in the off-campus program. A cam- pus may choose an alternate attendance-taking time for a group of students that is scheduled to be off-campus during the regular at- tendance-taking time. The alternate attendance-taking time will be in effect for the period of days or weeks for which the group is scheduled to be off-campus during the regular attendance-taking time (for example, for the semester or for the duration of employ- ment). This alternate attendance-taking time may not be changed once it is selected for a particular group of students. If attendance is taken at an off-campus location, the district must ensure that at- tendance is taken in accordance with the <i>SAAH</i> .				
	an c	a district to receive FSP funding for a student participating in off-campus program, the district must have documentation of an eement between the district and the college.			
	19 1	TAC 129.1031(c), (d) [See EHDD]			
Exceptions		udent not actually on campus when attendance is taken may considered in attendance for FSP purposes if:			
	1.	The student is participating in a board-approved activity under the direction of a member of a district's professional or paraprofessional staff, or an adjunct staff member who has a bachelor's degree and is eligible for participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). [See FM]			
	2.	The student is participating in a mentorship approved by dis- trict personnel to serve as one or more of the advanced measures needed to complete the Distinguished Achievement			
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ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

		Program outlined in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74. [See EIF]			
	3.	The student is absent for one of the purposes listed at Ex- cused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determinations in FEA(LEGAL).			
	4.	The student is in attendance at a dropout recovery education program under Education Code 29.081. [See GNC]			
	5.	The student's absence is permitted by other conditions re- lated to off-campus instruction described in the SAAH.			
	Edu	cation Code 25.087, 29.081(e), (f); 19 TAC 129.21(i)–(k)			
Disasters	The commissioner may adjust the average daily attendance of a district all or part of which is located in an area declared a disaster area by the governor under Government Code Chapter 418 if the district experiences a decline in average daily attendance that is reasonably attributable to the impact of the disaster.				
	The commissioner may make the adjustment under this section for the two-year period following the date of the governor's initial proc- lamation or executive order declaring the state of disaster.				
	Edu	cation Code 48.006(a), (c)			
Parental Consent to Leave Campus	prov cam polic proc cam	bre a district may count a student in attendance under these isions or in attendance when the student was allowed to leave pus during any part of the school day, the board must adopt a cy, or delegate to the superintendent the authority to establish edures, addressing parental consent for a student to leave pus and the district must distribute the policy or procedures to and to all parents of students in the district. <i>19 TAC 129.21(l)</i>			

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ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT (LE						
District Complaint or Referral Against Student	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, a district shall within ten school days of the student's tenth absence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a). [See FEA]					
Against Parent	cou Cod	district may file a complaint against the student's parenty, justice, or municipal court for an offense under Ed te 25.093 if the district provides evidence of the parent negligence.	ucation			
	ent alleç less	ourt shall dismiss a complaint made by a district again that does not comply with Education Code 25.0951; d ge the elements required for the offense; is not timely the district delayed the referral as provided below; or e substantively defective.	oes not filed, un-			
Delaying a Referral		uct, or e district:				
	1.	Is applying truancy prevention measures to the stude Education Code 25.0915; and	ent under			
	2.	Determines that the truancy prevention measures ar ceeding and it is in the best interest of the student th ral be delayed or not be made.				
	Edu	cation Code 25.0951				
Referral Prohibited	A district may not refer a student to truancy court if the school de- termines that the student's truancy is the result of pregnancy, being in the state foster program, homelessness, or being the principal income earner for the student's family. [See Truancy Prevention Measures, below] <i>Education Code 25.0915(a-3)</i>					
Filing Requirements		h referral to truancy court for conduct described by Fa e 65.003(a) must:	imily			
	1.	Be accompanied by a statement from the student's s certifying that the school applied the truancy prevent measures to the student, and the measures failed to ingfully address the student's school attendance; and	ion mean-			
	2.	Specify whether the student is eligible for or receives education services under Education Code Chapter 2 chapter A.	•			
	A truancy court shall dismiss a petition filed by a truant prosecutor under Family Code 65.054, if the court dete the district's referral:					

	1.	Does not comply with the requirement above;			
	2.	Does not satisfy the elements required for truant conduct;			
	3.	Is not timely filed, unless the school district delayed the refer- ral as provided above [see Delaying a Referral, above]; or			
	4.	Is otherwise substantively defective.			
	Education Code 25.0915(b), (c)				
Expunction of Records	An individual who was convicted of a truancy offense under former Education Code 25.094 or has had a complaint for a truancy of- fense dismissed is entitled to have the conviction or complaint and records relating to the conviction or complaint expunged.				
	Regardless of whether the individual has filed a petition for expunc- tion, the court in which the individual was convicted or a complaint for a truancy offense was filed shall order the conviction, com- plaints, verdicts, sentences, and other documents relating to the of- fense, including any documents in the possession of a district or law enforcement agency, to be expunged from the individual's rec- ord. After entry of the order, the individual is released from all disa- bilities resulting from the conviction or complaint, and the convic- tion or complaint may not be shown or made known for any purpose.				
	Cod	le of Crim. Proc. 45.0541			
Attendance Officer	anc	bard may select a school attendance officer. A school attend- e officer also may be selected by two or more boards to serve r districts jointly. <i>Education Code 25.088</i>			
	peri duti be p	istricts where no attendance officer has been selected, the suntendent and the peace officers in a district shall perform the es of attendance officer, but no additional compensation shall baid for the services. <i>Education Code 25.090</i> [See Peace Officbelow]			
Powers and Duties	sion	attendance officer employed by a district who is not commis- ned as a peace officer has the following powers and duties with pect to enforcement of compulsory school attendance require- nts:			
	1.	To investigate each case of a violation of the compulsory school attendance requirements referred to the attendance of- ficer;			
	2.	To enforce compulsory school attendance requirements by applying truancy prevention measures adopted under Educa- tion Code 25.0915 to the student and if the measures fail to meaningfully address the student's conduct:			
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		a.	Referring the student to a truancy court if the student has unexcused absences for the amount of time specified under Family Code 65.003(a); and
		b.	Filing a complaint in a county, justice, or municipal court against a parent who violates Education Code 25.093;
			nonitor school attendance compliance by each student in- igated by the officer;
	4.	scho tion sion	naintain an investigative record on each compulsory ool attendance requirement violation and related court ac- and, at the request of a court, the board, or the Commis- er, to provide a record to the individual or entity request- he record;
	5.	dent quire a res	hake a home visit or otherwise contact the parent of a stu- term who is in violation of compulsory school attendance re- ements, except that the attendance officer may not enter sidence without permission of the parent or of the owner enant of the residence; and
	tion		ne request of a parent, to escort a student from any loca- to a school campus to ensure the student's compliance compulsory school attendance requirements.
	Edu	catior	n Code 25.091(b)
Peace Officers	pow	ers a	officer serving as an attendance officer has the following nd duties concerning enforcement of compulsory school ce requirements:
	1.		nvestigate each case of a violation of compulsory school ndance requirements referred to the peace officer;
	a ti		nforce compulsory school attendance requirements by ying truancy prevention measures adopted under Educa- Code 25.0915 to the student and if the measures fail to ningfully address the student's conduct:
		a.	Referring the student to a truancy court if the student has unexcused absences for the amount of time speci- fied under Family Code 65.003(a); or
		b.	Filing a complaint in a county, justice, or municipal court against a parent who violates Education Code 25.093;
	3.	To s	erve court-ordered legal process;
	4.		eview school attendance records for compliance by each ent investigated by the officer;

	5.	scho tion a sione	ol att and, a er, to	in an investigative record on each compulsory endance requirement violation and related court ac- at the request of a court, the board, or the Commis- provide a record to the individual or entity request- cord; and			
	6.	dent quire denc requ denc	who ement ce wit ired t	a home visit or otherwise contact the parent of a stu- is in violation of compulsory school attendance re- ts, except that a peace officer may not enter a resi- hout the permission of the parent of a student o attend school or of the tenant or owner of the resi- cept to lawfully serve court-ordered legal process on t.			
	viola custo of the	A peace officer who has probable cause to believe that a child is in violation of the compulsory attendance law may take the child into custody for the purpose of returning the child to the school campus of the child to ensure the child's compliance with compulsory attendance requirements.					
	Educ	cation	Cod	le 25.091(a), (b-1)			
Truancy Prevention Measures	dress fore t 65.00 duct	s stuc the st 03 an	dent o tuden Id mir ribed	adopt truancy prevention measures designed to ad- conduct related to truancy in the school setting be- at engages in conduct described by Family Code mimize the need for referrals to truancy court for con- by Family Code 65.003(a). <i>Education Code</i>			
				take one or more of the following actions as a tru- n measure:			
	1.	Impo	ose:				
	é	a.	A behavior improvement plan on the student that must be signed by an employee of the school, that the distric has made a good faith effort to have signed by the stu- dent and the student's parent or guardian, and that in- cludes:				
			(1)	A specific description of the behavior that is re- quired or prohibited for the student;			
			(2)	The period for which the plan will be effective, not to exceed 45 school days after the date the con- tract becomes effective; or			
			(3)	The penalties for additional absences, including ad- ditional disciplinary action or the referral of the stu- dent to a truancy court; or			

- b. School-based community service; or
- 2. Refer the student to counseling, mediation, mentoring, a teen court program, community-based services, or other in-school or out-of-school services aimed at addressing the student's truancy. A referral may include participation by the child's parent or guardian if necessary.

A school district shall offer additional counseling to a student and may not refer the student to truancy court if the school determines that the student's truancy is the result of:

- 1. Pregnancy;
- 2. Being in the state foster program;
- 3. Homelessness; or
- 4. Being the principal income earner for the student's family.

If a student fails to attend school without excuse on three or more days or parts of days within a four-week period but does not fail to attend school for the time described by Education Code 25.0951(a), the district shall initiate truancy prevention measures on the student.

Education Code 25.0915

- Minimum Standards The minimum standards for the truancy prevention measures implemented by a district under Education Code 25.0915 include:
 - 1. Identifying the root cause of the student's unexcused absences and actions to address each cause;
 - 2. Maintaining ongoing communication with students and parents on the actions to be taken to improve attendance;
 - 3. Establishing reasonable timelines for completion of the truancy prevention measure; and
 - 4. Establishing procedures to notify the admission, review, and dismissal committee or the Section 504 committee of attendance issues relating to a student with a disability and ensure that the committee considers whether the student's attendance issues warrant an evaluation, a reevaluation, and/or modifications to the student's individualized education program or Section 504 plan, as appropriate.

19 TAC 129.1043

Best Practices A district shall consider the following best practices for truancy prevention measures:

- 1. Develop an attendance policy that clearly outlines requirements related to truancy in accordance with Education Code, Chapter 25, Subchapter C, and communicate this information to parents at the beginning of the year.
- 2. Create a culture of attendance that includes training staff to talk with students and parents about the attendance policy and the root causes of unexcused absences.
- 3. Create incentives for perfect attendance and improved attendance.
- 4. Educate students and their families on the positive impact of school attendance on performance.
- 5. Provide opportunities for students and parents to address causes of absence and/or truancy with district staff and link families to relevant community programs and support.
- 6. Develop collaborative partnerships, including planning, referral and cross-training opportunities, between appropriate school staff, attendance officers, program-related liaisons, and external partners, such as court representatives, community and faith-based organizations, state or locally funded community programs for truancy intervention or prevention, and law enforcement to assist students.
- 7. Determine root causes of unexcused absences and review campus- and district-level data on unexcused absences to identify systemic issues that affect attendance.
- Use existing school programs such as Communities in Schools, 21st Century Community Learning Centers, restorative discipline, and positive behavior interventions and supports (PBIS) to provide students and their parents with services.
- 9. At the beginning of each school year, conduct a needs assessment and identify and list, or map, services and programs available within the district and the community that a school, a student, or a student's parent or guardian may access to address the student's barriers to attendance and make the information available to staff, students, and parents. The information must include, but is not limited to:
 - a. Services for pregnant and parenting students;
 - b. Services for students experiencing homelessness;
 - c. Services for students in foster care;

- d. Federal programs including, but not limited to, Title 1, Part A, of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act;
- e. State programs including, but not limited to, state compensatory education programs;
- f. Dropout prevention programs and programs for "at risk" youth;
- g. Programs that occur outside of school time;
- h. Counseling services;
- i. Tutoring programs and services available at no or low cost;
- j. Mental health services;
- k. Alcohol and substance abuse prevention and treatment programs;
- I. Mentoring programs and services;
- m. Juvenile justice services and programs;
- n. Child welfare services and programs;
- o. Other state or locally funded programs for truancy prevention and intervention; and
- p. Other supportive services that are locally available for students and families through faith-based organizations, local governments, and community-based organizations.
- 10. After identifying and listing, or mapping, services available in the district and community, school districts should target any new resources, programs, or services to gaps in services identified during the needs assessment.
- 11. School districts should ensure that personnel, including truancy prevention facilitators or juvenile case managers, attendance officers, McKinney-Vento (homeless) liaisons, foster care liaisons, Title IX coordinators, 504 coordinators, pregnancy and parenting coordinators, dropout prevention coordinators, special education staff, and other appropriate student services personnel, meet to contribute to the needs assessment, discuss opportunities to work together, and identify strategies to coordinate both internally and externally to address students' attendance barriers.

In determining services offered to students identified in Education Code 25.091(a-3), a district shall consider:

	1.	Offering an optional flexible school day program and evening and online alternatives;
	2.	Working with businesses that employ students to help stu- dents coordinate job and school responsibilities; and
	3.	Offering before school, after school, and/or Saturday preven- tion or intervention programs or services that implement best and promising practices.
	19 1	FAC 129.1045
Sanctions	cation faile Cod mea rega view ume with sue with que acco view que sion Edu plian	aggrieved party may file a written complaint with the Texas Edu- on Agency (TEA) regarding an allegation that a district has d to comply with Education Code 25.0915 or 19 Administrative e Chapter 129, Subchapter BB related to truancy prevention isures. TEA may request that a district provide documentation arding its compliance in response to a complaint. If, after a re- v of this documentation or a district's failure to provide this doc- entation, TEA determines that the district is not in compliance required truancy prevention measure provisions, TEA may is- a preliminary report of its findings to the district in accordance 19 Administrative Code 157.1122 (Notice). A district may re- st in writing an informal review of TEA's preliminary report in ordance with 19 Administrative Code 157.1123 (Informal Re- v). Following the informal review, or if no informal review is re- sted by the deadline, a final report will be issued. The commis- er of education may implement any sanction listed in cation Code 39.102(a) against a district found to be out of com- nce with Education Code 25.0915 or 19 Administrative Code pter 129, Subchapter BB. <i>19 TAC 129.1047</i>
Truancy Prevention Facilitator or Juvenile Case Manager	case quir prev leas cuss or o vice	strict shall employ a truancy prevention facilitator or juvenile e manager to implement the truancy prevention measures re- ed by Education Code 25.0915 and any other effective truancy vention measures as determined by the district or campus. At t annually, the truancy prevention facilitator shall meet to dis- s effective truancy prevention measures with a case manager ther individual designated by a truancy court to provide ser- s to students of the district in truancy cases. ead of employing a truancy prevention facilitator, a school dis- may designate an existing district employee or juvenile case hager to implement the truancy prevention measures and any
	distı	er effective truancy prevention measures as determined by the ict or campus.

Education Code 25.0915(d), (e)

	On approval of the board, a district may employ or agree in accorr ance with Government Code Chapter 791, with any appropriate governmental entity to jointly employ or to jointly contribute to the costs of another entity employing:					
	1. A case manager to provide services in cases involving juve- nile offenders who are before a court consistent with the court's statutory powers or referred to a court by a school ad- ministrator or designee for misconduct that would otherwise be within the court's statutory powers prior to a case being filed, with the consent of the juvenile and the juvenile's par- ents or guardians; or					
	2. One or more juvenile case managers who shall assist the court in administering the court's juvenile docket and in supervising the court's orders in juvenile cases, and may provide prevention services to a child considered at risk of entering the juvenile justice system, and intervention services to juveniles engaged in misconduct before cases are filed, excluding traffic offenses.					
	A district that jointly employs a case manager in accordance with Government Code Chapter 791 employs a juvenile case manager for purposes of Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 102 and Gov- ernment Code Chapter 102.					
	Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(a), (c)					
Funding	A district may apply to the criminal justice division of the governor's office for reimbursements of the costs of employing a juvenile case manager. The district may pay the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager and the costs of training, travel, office supplies, and other necessary expenses relating to the position of the juvenile case manager from the local truancy prevention and diversion fund established under Local Government Code 134.156. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(b)</i>					
Priority	A juvenile case manager employed jointly under Government Code Chapter 791 shall give priority to cases brought under Education Codes 25.093 (parent contributing to nonattendance). <i>Code of</i> <i>Criminal Procedure 45.056(e)</i>					
Rules	 The board of a district that employs a juvenile case manager shall adopt and implement reasonable rules for juvenile case managers that provide a code of ethics, and for the enforcement of the code of ethics; appropriate educational preservice and in-service training standards for juvenile case managers; and training in: 1. The role of the juvenile case manager; 					

- 2. Case planning and management;
- 3. Applicable procedural and substantive law;
- 4. Courtroom proceedings and presentation;
- 5. Services to at-risk youth under Family Code Chapter 264, Subchapter D;
- Local programs and services for juveniles and methods by which juveniles may access those programs and services; and
- 7. Detecting and preventing abuse, exploitation, and neglect of juveniles.
- 8. The juvenile case manager shall timely report to the judge who signed the order or judgment and, on request, to the judge assigned to the case or the presiding judge any information or recommendations relevant to assisting the judge in making decisions that are in the best interest of the child.

Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(f)-(i)

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Required Medical Clearance	Prior to participating in a designated University Interscholastic League (UIL) program or other District extracurricular program identified by the Superintendent, a student shall undergo a physical examination in accordance with the required schedule established by the UIL and shall submit a statement from an authorized health- care provider indicating that the student has been examined and medically cleared to participate in the program. In years that a physical examination is not required, the student shall complete a medical appraisal form. A student may be required to have a physic cal examination based on answers to the appraisal form.			
Additional Screening	The District may provide additional screening as District and com- munity resources permit.			
Referrals	Parents of students identified through any screening programs as needing treatment or further examination shall be advised of the need and referred to appropriate health agencies.			
Notice of Lice	A school nurse or administrator who discovers or becomes aware that a child enrolled in a District elementary school has lice shall provide written or electronic notice to parents within the time frames prescribed in law.			

ADOPTED:

Consent to Medical Treatment	med	school in which a minor student is enrolled may consent to dical, dental, psychological, and surgical treatment of that stu- t, provided all of the following conditions are met:
	1.	The person having the power to consent as otherwise pro- vided by law cannot be contacted.
	2.	Actual notice to the contrary has not been given by that per- son.
	3.	Written authorization to consent has been received from that person.
	Fan	nily Code 32.001(a)(4)
Form of Consent	sigr tor,	isent to medical treatment under this policy shall be in writing, ned by the school official giving consent, and given to the doc- hospital, or other medical facility that administers the treatment. consent must contain:
	1.	The name of the student.
	2.	The name of one or both parents, if known, and the name of the managing conservator or guardian of the student, if either has been appointed.
	3.	The name of the person giving consent and the person's rela- tion to the student.
	4.	A statement of the nature of the medical treatment to be given.
	5.	The date on which the treatment is to begin.
	Fan	nily Code 32.002
Minor's Consent to Treatment		inor may consent to medical, dental, psychological, and gical treatment furnished by a licensed physician or dentist if the or:
	1.	Is 16 years of age and residing separate and apart from the minor's parents, managing conservator, or guardian, with or without the consent of the parents, conservator, or guardian and regardless of the duration of the residence, and is man- aging his or her own financial affairs, regardless of the source of the income;
	2.	Consents to the diagnosis and treatment of any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease required to be reported to the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS), in- cluding all reportable diseases under Health and Safety Code 81.041;

	3.	or s	nmarried and pregnant, and consents to hospital, r urgical treatment, other than abortion, related to he cy; or		
	4.	add	sents to examination and treatment for drug or che iction, drug or chemical dependency, or any other o directly related to drug or chemical use.		
			ode 32.003; <u>Planned Parenthood of Cent. Mo. v. D</u> 52 (1976); <u>Bellotti v. Baird</u> , 443 U.S. 622 (1979)	anforth,	
Administering Medication	med	dicatio	option of policies concerning the administration of on to students by district employees, the district, its nployees are immune as described below, provide		
	1.	mec	district has received a written request to administe lication from the parent, legal guardian, or other pe ng legal control of the student.		
	2.		en administering prescription medication, the medic inistered either:	cation is	
		a.	From a container that appears to be the original of tainer and to be properly labeled; or	on-	
		b.	From a properly labeled unit dosage container fill registered nurse or another qualified district empl as determined by district policy, from a container pears to be the original container and to be proper beled.	oyee, that ap-	
By Volunteer Professionals	regi boa den	If a district provides liability insurance for a licensed physician or registered nurse who provides volunteer services to the district, a board may allow the physician or nurse to administer to any stu- dent nonprescription medication or medication currently prescribed for the student by the student's personal physician.			
Immunity from Civil Liability	bility	A district, a board, and its employees shall be immune from cibility for damages or injuries resulting from the administration medication to a student in accordance with this policy.			
	Edu	catio	n Code 22.052(a), (b)		
	[Se	e DG	regarding protection of nurses for refusal to perform	m acts.]	
Nursing Peer Review Committees	und	er the	peer review committee" includes a committee esta authority of the governing body of a political subd irpose of conducting peer review.		
	duc	t nurs	shall establish a nursing peer review committee to ing peer review under Occupations Code Chapter oter 301 if:		
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	1.			ional nurses, the person regularly employs, hires, or for the services of eight or more nurses; and			
	2.	hires	s, or o	ssional nurses, if the person regularly employs, contracts for the services of eight or more nurses, at of whom are registered nurses.			
	A person required to establish a nursing peer review committee un- der this section may contract with another entity to conduct peer review for the person.						
	Occupations Code 303.001(4), .0015						
Self-Administration of Asthma or Anaphylaxis	A student with asthma or anaphylaxis may possess and self-ad- minister prescription asthma or anaphylaxis medicine while on school property or at a school-related event or activity if:						
Medicine	1.		The medicine has been prescribed for that student as indi- cated by the prescription label on the medicine;				
	2.	The student has demonstrated to the student's physician or other licensed health-care provider and the school nurse, if available, the skill level necessary to self-administer the pre scription medication, including the use of any device require to administer the medication;					
	3.	The self-administration is done in compliance with the pre- scription or written instructions from the student's physician other licensed health-care provider; and					
	4.	A pa	rent	of the student provides to the school:			
		a.	dent	ten authorization, signed by the parent, for the stu- to self-administer the prescription medicine while on ool property or at a school-related event or activity;			
		b.		itten statement, signed by the student's physician or r licensed health-care provider, that states:			
			(1)	That the student has asthma or anaphylaxis and is capable of self-administering the medicine;			
			(2)	The name and purpose of the medicine;			
			(3)	The prescribed dosage for the medicine;			
			(4)	The times at which or circumstances under which the medicine may be administered; and			
			(5)	The period for which the medicine is prescribed.			
	nurs	e's of	ffice,	s statement must be kept on file in the school or, if there is no school nurse, in the office of the school the student attends.			

	-	e FFAF for care of students with diagnosed food allergies at risk anaphylaxis.]			
No Waiver of Immunity	The provisions above neither waive any liability or immunity nor create any liability for or a cause of action against a district, a board, or its employees.				
	Edu	cation Code 38.015			
Sunscreen Products	A student may possess and use a topical sunscreen product wh on school property or at a school-related event or activity to avo overexposure to the sun and not for the medical treatment of an jury or illness if the product is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for over-the-counter use. This provision doe not waive any immunity from liability of a district, its board, or its employees; or create any liability for or a cause of action agains district, its board, or its employees. <i>Education Code 38.021</i>				
Dietary Supplements	A district employee commits a Class C misdemeanor offense if the employee:				
	1.	Knowingly sells, markets, or distributes a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties; or			
	2.	Knowingly endorses or suggests the ingestion, intranasal ap- plication, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds by a primary or second- ary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties.			
	Education Code 38.011(a), (c)				
Prescription Medication and Special Education Students	An employee of a district is prohibited from requiring a child to ob- tain a prescription for a substance covered under the federal Con- trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a condition of at- tending school, receiving an evaluation for special education, or receiving special education and related services.				
	An employee is not prohibited from consulting or sharing class- room-based observations with parents regarding a student's aca- demic and functional performance, behavior in the classroom or school, or the need for evaluation for special education or related services.				
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(25)				
Psychotropics and	A di	strict employee may not:			
Psychiatric Evaluations	1.	Recommend that a student use a psychotropic drug; or			

FFAC (LEGAL)

- 2. Suggest any particular diagnosis; or
- 3. Use the refusal by a parent to consent to administration of a psychotropic drug to a student or to a psychiatric evaluation or examination of a student as grounds, by itself, for prohibiting the child from attending a class or participating in a school-related activity.

Psychotropic drug means a substance that is used in the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of a disease or as a component of a medication and intended to have an altering effect on perception, emotion, or behavior.

Education Code 38.016(b) does not:

- 1. Prevent an appropriate referral under the Child Find system required under 20 U.S.C. Section 1412, as amended; or
- Prohibit a school district employee who is a registered nurse, advanced nurse practitioner, physician, or certified or appropriately credentialed mental health professional from recommending that a child be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner; or
- 3. Prohibit a school employee from discussing any aspect of a child's behavior or academic progress with the child's parent or another school district employee.

A board shall adopt a policy to ensure implementation and enforcement of Education Code 38.016.

A violation of Education Code 38.016(b) does not override the immunity from personal liability granted in Education Code 22.0511 or other law or a district's sovereign or governmental immunity.

Education Code 38.016

Child Abuse An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a parent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to administer or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusal:

- 1. Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or
- 2. Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.

Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFG]

Denton ISD 061901					
WELLNESS AND HEAL MEDICAL TREATMENT	WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES FFAC MEDICAL TREATMENT (LEGAL)				
Opioid Antagonist Medication	A person or organization acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber may store an opioid antagonist and may distribute an opioid antagonist, provided the person or organization does not re quest or receive compensation for storage or distribution. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.104</i>				
	A prescriber may, directly or by standing order, prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist a person experiencing an opioid-related drug overdose. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.102; 22 TAC 170.6</i>				
Immunity	A person who, acting in good faith and with reasonable care, ad- ministers or does not administer an opioid antagonist to another person whom the person believes is suffering an opioid-related drug overdose is not subject to criminal prosecution, sanction un- der any professional licensing statute, or civil liability, for an act or omission resulting from the administration of or failure to administer the opioid antagonist. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.106</i>				
Low-THC Cannabis	A district may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, resolution, or other regulation that prohibits the cultivation, production, dispensing, or possession of low-THC cannabis, as authorized by the Texas Compassionate-Use Act. <i>Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>				
Dextromethorphan (Certain Cold Medication)	A district may not adopt or enforce an ordinance, order, rule, regu- lation, or policy that governs the sale, distribution, or possession of dextromethorphan. <i>Health and Safety Code 488.005</i>				
	Note:	The following provisions apply only to a district th adopt an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector po an unassigned asthma medication policy.			
Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto- Injectors	A district may adopt and implement a policy regarding the nance, administration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-in each campus in the district.				
injectors	If a policy is adopted, the policy:				
	who rine	at provide that school personnel and school volunte are authorized and trained may administer an epi auto-injector to a person who is reasonably believ experiencing anaphylaxis on a school campus; and	neph- ed to		
	are auto peri	v provide that school personnel and school volunted authorized and trained may administer an epineph p-injector to a person who is reasonably believed to encing anaphylaxis at an off-campus school event e in transit to or from a school event.	rine be ex-		
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	A district that adopts a policy must require that each campus have one or more school personnel members or school volunteers au- thorized and trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector pre- sent during all hours the campus is open.
	The supply of epinephrine auto-injectors at each campus must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to school per- sonnel and school volunteers authorized and trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector.
	Education Code 38.208
Definitions All Hours the Campus Is Open	"All hours the campus is open" is defined as, at a minimum, during regular on-campus school hours, and when school personnel are physically on site for school-sponsored activities.
Campus	A "campus" is defined as a unit of a school district that has an as- signed administrator, has enrolled students who are counted for average daily attendance, has assigned instructional staff, provides instructional services to students, has one or more grades in the range from early childhood education through grade 12 or is un- graded, and complies with relevant Texas laws.
Unassigned Epinephrine Auto-Injector	An "unassigned epinephrine auto-injector" is an epinephrine auto- injector prescribed by an authorized health-care provider in the name of the school issued with a non-patient-specific standing del- egation order for the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector, issued by a physician or person who has been delegated prescrip- tive authority under Occupations Code Chapter 157.
	25 TAC 37.603
Prompt Notification	Local emergency medical services must be promptly notified by the school when an individual is suspected of experiencing anaphy- laxis and when an epinephrine auto-injector is administered. If the trained school personnel or school volunteer is the only individual available to notify emergency medical services, the trained individ- ual should administer the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector be- fore notifying emergency medical services.
	The parent, legal guardian, or emergency contact must be promptly notified by the school when an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector is utilized on their child as soon as is feasible during the emergency response to suspected anaphylaxis.
	25 TAC 37.605(e)–(f)
Records	School records of the administration of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector and suspected anaphylaxis must be provided to the parent or guardian of the recipient upon request. <i>25 TAC 37.605(f)</i>

Reports	Not later than the tenth business day after the date a school per- sonnel member or school volunteer administers an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with district policy, the school shall send a report to the school district; the physician who prescribed the epinephrine auto-injector; and the commissioner of state health services.					
	The report must include the following information:					
	 The age of the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector; 					
	 Whether the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector was a student, a school personnel member or school volunteer, or a visitor; 					
	 The physical location where the epinephrine auto-injector was administered; 					
	 The number of doses of epinephrine auto-injector adminis- tered; 					
	 The title of the person who administered the epinephrine auto-injector; and 					
	 Any other information required by the commissioner of educa- tion. 					
	Education Code 38.209					
	Notifications to the commissioner of DSHS shall be submitted on the designated electronic form available on the DSHS School Health Program website. <i>25 TAC 37.608</i>					
Personnel or Volunteers	At each campus in which a school adopts an unassigned epineph- rine auto-injector policy, the principal may assign school personnel or school volunteers to be trained to administer unassigned epi- nephrine auto-injectors or seek school personnel or school volun- teers who volunteer to be trained to administer unassigned epi- nephrine auto-injectors.					
	In order to increase the number of trained individuals in the admin- istration of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors, schools may distribute to school personnel or school volunteers in the district, at least once per school year, a notice that includes a description of the request seeking volunteers to be trained to administer an epi- nephrine auto-injector to a person believed to be experiencing ana- phylaxis and a description of the training that the school personnel or school volunteers will receive in the administration of epineph- rine with an auto-injector.					
	25 TAC 37 606(a)-(b)					

25 TAC 37.606(a)–(b)

Signed Statement	Trained school personnel or school volunteers who administer the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector must submit a signed statement indicating that they agree to perform the service of administering an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector to a student or individual that may be experiencing anaphylaxis. <i>25 TAC 37.606(c)</i>
Training	A district that adopts an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector writ- ten policy is responsible for training school personnel and school volunteers in the recognizing of anaphylaxis signs and symptoms and administration of an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector.
	Each assigned school personnel or school volunteer shall receive initial training and an annual refresher training. Training shall be consistent with the most recent <u>Voluntary Guidelines for Managing Food Allergies in Schools and Early Care and Education Programs</u> ¹ published by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
	25 TAC 37.607
	Training may be provided in a formal training session or through an online education course. Training must include information on properly inspecting unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors for usage and expiration. 25 TAC $37.607(1)-(2)$
	Training must include information on implementing emergency pro- cedures, if necessary, after administering an epinephrine auto-in- jector, and properly disposing of used or expired epinephrine auto- injectors. A district shall maintain records on the required training. <i>Education Code 38.210</i>
	The initial training must include hands-on training with an epineph- rine auto-injector trainer. The annual refresher training must include a hands-on demonstration of administration skills. The training must also include information about promptly notifying local emer- gency medical services.
	Each school campus shall maintain training records and make available upon request a list of those school personnel or school volunteers trained and authorized to administer the unassigned ep- inephrine auto-injector on the campus.
	25 TAC 37.607(3)–(6)
Standing Orders	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157 may prescribe epineph- rine auto-injectors in the name of a district in accordance with law. <i>Education Code 38.211</i>

	A district shall obtain a prescription from an authorized health-care provider each year, to stock, possess, and maintain at least one unassigned adult epinephrine auto-injector pack (two doses) on each school campus.
	A school may choose to stock unassigned pediatric epinephrine auto-injector packs, based on the need of the school's population.
	25 TAC 37.605(a)
Epinephrine Coordinator	The superintendent will designate appropriate school personnel to coordinate and manage policy implementation, including training of school personnel, and the acquisition or purchase, usage, expiration, and disposal of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors. Throughout the school calendar year, the designated school personnel shall coordinate with each campus to ensure that the unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors are checked monthly for expiration and usage and the findings are documented. <i>19 TAC 37.605(b)</i>
Notice to Parents	If a district implements a policy for the maintenance, administra- tion, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors, the district shall provide written notice to a parent or guardian of each student en- rolled in the district or school. Notice must be provided before the policy is implemented by the district or school and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code</i> 38.212
	A district shall provide electronic or written notice to the parent or guardian of each student.
	If a district changes or discontinues the policy under this subchap- ter, written or electronic notice detailing the change or discontinua- tion must be provided to the parent or guardian of each student within 15 calendar days.
	25 TAC 37.609
Storage	Unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a secure, easily accessible area for an emergency, in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines. It is recommended that the school administrator develop a map to be placed in high traffic areas that indicates the location of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors on each school campus. It is recommended that the map also indicates the locations of the automated external defibrillator (AED). <i>25 TAC 37.605(h)</i>
Replacement	The district shall develop a plan to replace, as soon as reasonably possible, any unassigned epinephrine auto-injector that is used or close to expiration. <i>25 TAC 37.605(i)</i>

Disposal	Used unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be considered infectious waste and shall be disposed of according to the school's bloodborne pathogen control policy.
	Expired unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be disposed of according to the school's medication disposal policy.
	25 TAC 37.605(j)–(k) [See DBB]
Gifts, Grants, and Donations	A district may accept gifts, grants, donations, and federal and local funds to implement its policy. <i>Education Code</i> 38.213
Maintenance and Administration of Asthma Medicine	A district may adopt and implement a policy authorizing a school nurse to maintain and administer asthma medicine at each campus in the district.
	The policy must provide that the school nurse may administer pre- scription asthma medicine to a student only if the school nurse has written notification from a parent or guardian of the student stating that the student has been diagnosed as having asthma and stating that the school nurse may administer prescription asthma medicine to the student. A school nurse may administer the prescription asthma medicine only at a school campus.
	Education Code 38.208(a-1), (b-1)
Storage	The supply of asthma medicine at each campus must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to the school nurse.
No Negative Fiscal Impact	The policy may not require a district to purchase prescription asthma medicine or require any other expenditure related to the maintenance or administration of asthma medicine that would re- sult in a negative fiscal impact on the district or school.
	Education Code 38.208(e)–(f)
Asthma Medicine Standing Order	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157, may prescribe asthma medicine in the name of a school district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>38.211(a)</i>
Notice to Parents	The district shall provide written notice to a parent or guardian of each student enrolled in the district or school. Notice required under Education Code 38.212 must be provided before a policy is implemented by the district and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>
Immunity from Liability	A person who in good faith takes, or fails to take, any action related to Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, related to the maintenance and administration of epinephrine auto-injectors and

asthma medicine, is immune from civil or criminal liability or disciplinary action resulting from that action or failure to act, including:

- 1. Issuing an order for epinephrine auto-injectors or asthma medicine;
- 2. Supervising or delegating the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;
- 3. Possessing, maintaining, storing, or disposing of an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;
- 4. Prescribing an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;
- Dispensing an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine, provided that permission has been granted as provided by Education Code 38.208(b-1) [see Maintenance and Administration of Asthma Medicine, above];
- Administering, or assisting in administering, an epinephrine auto-injector, provided that permission has been granted as provided by Education Code 38.208(b-1) [see Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto-Injectors, above];
- 7. Providing, or assisting in providing, training, consultation, or advice in the development, adoption, or implementation of policies, guidelines, rules, or plans; or
- 8. Undertaking any other act permitted or required under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E.

A district and school personnel and school volunteers are immune from suit resulting from an act, or failure to act, under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, including an act or failure to act under related policies and procedures.

An act or failure to act by school personnel or a school volunteer, including an act or failure to act under related policies and procedures, is the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the school personnel or school volunteer and is not considered to be a ministerial act for purposes of liability of the school district.

Education Code 38.215

¹ CDC Voluntary Guidelines for Managing Food Allergies: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/healthyschools/foodallergies/index.htm</u>

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Reports	School authorities, including a superintendent, principal, teacher, school health official, or counselor, should report to the local health authority those students attending school who are suspected of having a notifiable condition, as defined by state law and the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS). If there is no local health authority appointed for the jurisdiction where the school is located, the report shall be made to the TDSHS regional director. <i>25 TAC 97.2(d), .5(a); Health and Safety Code 81.041–.042</i>					
Sexually Transmitted Diseases and HIV	In addition to the reporting requirements at Reports, above, a health professional as defined by 25 Administrative Code 97.131(5), and a local school authority shall report cases and sus- pected cases of STD(s) in the manner described in 25 Administra- tive Code 97.133. 25 TAC 97.132(a)(1)					
	[See FFG(LEGAL) regarding reports to the Department of Family and Protective Services]					
	"School authority" means the superintendent or the superinten- dent's designee. <i>Health and Safety Code</i> 81.003(10)					
Penalties	A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person knowingly fails to report a reportable disease or health condition under Health and Safety Code Chapter 81, Subchapter B. <i>Health and Safety Code 81.049</i>					
Exclusion Communicable Condition Defined by Rule	A principal shall exclude from attendance any child having or suspected of having a communicable condition listed in 25 Administrative Code 97.7(a) until the readmission criteria for the condition are met. <i>25 TAC 97.7(a)</i>					
Communicable Disease Designated by Commissioner	A principal shall exclude from attendance any child having or sus- pected of having a communicable disease designated by the com- missioner of health as cause for exclusion. Any child excluded for reason of communicable disease may be readmitted, as deter- mined by the health authority, by:					
	 Submitting a certificate of the attending physician, advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant attesting that the child does not currently have signs or symptoms of a communica- ble disease or to the disease's non-communicability in a school setting; 					
	2. Submitting a permit for readmission issued by a local health authority; or					
	3. Meeting readmission criteria as established by the commis- sioner.					

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

	Note:	The TDSHS Recommendations for the Prevention and Control of <u>Communicable Diseases</u> ¹ in a Group-Care Setting, including the Communicable Disease Chart for Schools and Child-Care Centers, details symptoms and treatment information regarding several diseases, as well as exclusion and readmission criteria.	
Bacterial Meningitis	TDSHS shall prescribe procedures by which each district shall provide information relating to bacterial meningitis to its students and their parents each school year. The procedures must ensure that the information is reasonably likely to come to the attention of the parents of each student. The department shall prescribe the form and content of the information.		
	mation to the metho mines tha	written consent of TDSHS, a district may provide the infor- its students and their parents by a method different from od prescribed by the department if the department deter- at method would be effective in bringing the information to tion of the parents of each student.	
	Education	n Code 38.0025	

¹ TDSHS Infectious Disease Control resources: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/idcu/health/schools_childcare/resources/</u>

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES CARE PLANS

	Note:		See FB for the application of Section 504 of the Rehation Act to students who qualify for individualized health plans.	abili-
Diabetes Management and Treatment Plan	The parent or guardian of a student who will seek car while at school or while participating in a school activi physician responsible for the student's diabetes treatr develop a diabetes management and treatment plan (е
Required Elements	The	DMT	P must:	
	1.	lder scho	ntify the health-care services the student may receive a pol;	at
	2.		luate the student's ability to manage and level of unde iding of the student's diabetes; and	er-
	3.	Bes	signed by the parent or guardian and the physician.	
Submission to School			nt or guardian must submit the DMTP to the school, a bl must review the plan:	nd
	1.	Befo	ore or at the beginning of the school year;	
	2.		enrollment of the student, if the student enrolls after th inning of the school year; or	е
	3.		soon as practicable following a diagnosis of diabetes for student.	or
	Health and Safety Code 168.002			
Individualized Health Plan	Upon receiving the student's DMTP, the school principal, or de- signee, and the school nurse, if a school nurse is assigned to the school, shall develop an individualized health plan (IHP) for the student. The IHP shall be developed in collaboration with the stu- dent's parent or guardian and, to the extent practicable, the physi- cian responsible for the student's diabetes treatment and one or more of the student's teachers. A student's IHP must incorporate components of the student's DMTP, including the information required under Health and Safety Code 168.002(b) [see Required Elements, above].			ne : tu- ysi-
				ety
	Hea	lth ar	nd Safety Code 168.001(3), .003	
Independent Monitoring and Treatment	In accordance with the student's IHP, a school shall permit th dent to attend to the management and care of the student's ot tes, which may include:			
	1.	Perf	orming blood glucose level checks;	
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WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES CARE PLANS

	2.	Administering insulin through the insulin delivery system the student uses;			
	3.	Treating hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia;			
	4.	Possessing on the student's person at any time any supplies or equipment necessary to monitor and care for the student's diabetes; and			
	5.	Otherwise attending to the management and care of the stu- dent's diabetes in the classroom, in any area of the school or school grounds, or at any school-related activity.			
	Hea	alth and Safety Code 168.008			
Required Care	or a sen abe assi the	Each school shall adopt a procedure to ensure that a school nurse or at least one unlicensed diabetes care assistant (UDCA) is pre- sent and available to provide the required care to a student with di- abetes during the regular school day. A district may not restrict the assignment of a student with diabetes to a particular campus on the basis that the campus does not have the required UDCAs. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.007(c)–(d)</i>			
	ble,	school nurse is assigned to a campus and the nurse is availa- the nurse shall perform the tasks necessary to assist a student diabetes in accordance with the student's IHP.			
School Nurse Not Available	is n assi com UD(school nurse is not assigned to the campus or a school nurse ot available, a UDCA shall perform the tasks necessary to ist the student in accordance with the student's IHP and in upliance with any guidelines provided during UDCA training. A CA may perform these tasks only if the parent or guardian of student signs an agreement that:			
	1.	Authorizes a UDCA to assist the student; and			
	2.	States that the parent or guardian understands that a UDCA is not liable for civil damages [see Immunity from Liability, be-low].			
	Hea	Health and Safety Code 168.007(a)			
	lf a	If a school nurse is not assigned to a campus:			
	1.	A UDCA must have access to an individual with expertise in the care of persons with diabetes, such as a physician, a reg- istered nurse, a certified diabetes educator, or a licensed die- titian; or			
	2.	The principal must have access to the physician responsible for the student's diabetes treatment.			
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(b)				

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES CARE PLANS

Unlicensed Diabetes Care Assistants	At each school in which a student with diabetes is enrolled, the principal, or designee, shall:				
	1.	 Seek school employees who are not health-care p als to serve as UDCAs and to care for students wi and 			
	2.	Mak	e efforts to ensure the school has:		
		a.	At least one UDCA if a full-time nurse is assigned to the school; and		
		b.	At least three UDCAs if a full-time nurse is not assigned to the school.		
	"School employee" means a person employed by a school, a local health department that assists the school under Health and Safety Code Chapter 168 (Care of Students with Diabetes), or another en- tity with whom the school has contracted to perform its duties un- der that chapter.				
	"Unlicensed diabetes care assistant" means a school employee who has successfully completed the required training [see UDCA Training, below].				
	A school employee may not be subject to any penalty or discipli- nary action for refusing to serve as a UDCA.				
	A UDCA shall serve under the supervision of the principal.				
	Health and Safety Code 168.001(5)–(6), .003–.004				
UDCA Training	If a school nurse is assigned to a campus, the nurse shall coordi- nate the training of school employees acting as UDCAs. Training for UDCAs must be provided by a health-care professional with ex- pertise in the care of persons with diabetes or by a school nurse. The training must include instruction in the elements set forth at Health and Safety Code 168.005(d).				
	Training must be provided before the beginning of the school ye or as soon as practicable following:				
	1.		enrollment of a student with diabetes at a campus that viously had no students with diabetes; or		
	2.		agnosis of diabetes for a student at a campus that previ- ly had no students with diabetes.		
	The school nurse or principal shall maintain a copy of the train guidelines and any records associated with the training.				
	Health and Safety Code 168.005				

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES CARE PLANS

	Note:	Guidance for the care of students with diabetes is available on the <u>Texas Department of State Health Services</u> (TDSHS) website. ¹		
Information to Employees	A district shall provide to each district employee who is responsible for providing transportation for a student with diabetes or supervis- ing a student with diabetes during an off-campus activity a one- page information sheet that:			
	1. lo	lentifies the student who has diabetes;		
	th	lentifies potential emergencies that may occur as a result of ne student's diabetes and the appropriate responses to such mergencies; and		
		rovide the telephone number of a contact person in case of n emergency involving the student with diabetes.		
	Health and Safety Code 168.006			
Immunity from Liability	A school employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- ing, as defined by Education Code 22.0512(b), resulting from any action taken in compliance with Health and Safety Code Chapter 168. The requirements of Chapter 168 are considered to involve the employee's judgment and discretion and are not considered ministerial acts for purposes of immunity under Education Code 22.0511. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.009(a)</i> [See DG]			
	A school nurse is not responsible for and may not be subject to dis- ciplinary action under Occupations Code Chapter 301 for actions performed by a UDCA. <i>Health and Safety Code 168.009(b)</i>			
	A UDCA who assists a student as provided above [see Required Care, above] in compliance with the student's IHP:			
	s	not considered to be engaging in the practice of profes- ional or vocational nursing under Occupations Code Chapter 01 or other state law; and		
	th	exempt from any applicable state law or rule that restricts ne activities that may be performed by a person who is not a ealth-care provider.		
	A UDCA may exercise reasonable judgment in deciding whether to contact a health-care provider in the event of a medical emergency involving a student with diabetes.			
	Health and Safety Code 168.007(e)–(f)			

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES CARE PLANS

Students at Risk for Anaphylaxis	The board shall adopt and administer a policy for the care of stu- dents with a diagnosed food allergy at risk for anaphylaxis based on <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk</u> for <u>Anaphylaxis</u> ² developed by the commissioner of state health services. A district shall annually review the policy and, as neces- sary, revise its policy for the care of students with a diagnosed food allergy at risk for anaphylaxis to ensure the policy is consistent with the most current version of the guidelines.				
	This section does not waive any liability or immunity of the district or its officers or employees or create any liability for or a cause of action against the district or its officers or employees.				
	civil a st	withstanding any other law, these provisions do not create a , criminal, or administrative cause of action or liability or create andard of care, obligation, or duty that provides the basis for a se of action.			
	Education Code 38.0151(a)–(b), (d), (i)–(j)				
	disp Cha	strict that provides for the maintenance, administration, and posal of epinephrine auto-injectors under Education Code apter 38, Subchapter E [see FFAC] is not required to comply a Education Code 38.0151. <i>Education Code 38.0151(f)</i>			
Website Requirements	on t tain web and trict chile acc inst	th school year, the board shall post a summary of the guidelines the district's website [see CQA], including instructions on ob- ing access to the complete guidelines document. The district's posite must be accessible by each student enrolled in the district a parent or guardian of each student. Any forms used by a dis- requesting information from a parent or guardian enrolling a d with a food allergy in the district must include information to ess on the district's website a summary of the guidelines and ructions on obtaining access to the complete guidelines docu- nt. <i>Education Code 38.0151(b)</i>			
Seizure Management and Treatment Plan	The parent or guardian of a student with a seizure disorder may seek care for the student's seizures while the student is at school or participating in a school activity by submitting to the district at which the student is enrolled a copy of a seizure management and treatment plan developed by the student's parent or guardian and the physician responsible for the student's seizure treatment. The plan must be submitted to and reviewed by the district:				
	1.	Before or at the beginning of the school year;			
	2.	On enrollment of the student, if the student enrolls in the dis- trict after the beginning of the school year; or			

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES CARE PLANS

	3.	As soon as practicable following a diagnosis of a seizure dis- order for the student.		
Plan Requirements	Ase	A seizure management and treatment plan must:		
	1.	Identify the health-care services the student may receive at school or while participating in a school activity;		
	2.	Evaluate the student's ability to manage and level of under- standing of the student's seizures; and		
	3.	Be signed by the student's parent or guardian and the physi- cian responsible for the student's seizure treatment.		
	Education Code 38.032(a)–(b)			
Immunity	The care of a student with a seizure disorder by a district employee under a seizure management plan submitted under Education Code 38.032 is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the employee's position of employment and involves the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the employee for purposes of Education Code 22.0511, regarding immunity from liability.			
	The immunity from liability provided by Education Code 22.0511 applies to an action or failure to act by a district employee in ad- ministering a medication, assisting with self-administration, or oth- erwise providing for the care of a student under a seizure manage- ment plan submitted for the student.			
	Education Code 38.032(c)–(d)			
	[See DMA for seizure recognition and related first aid training.]			
	<u>http:</u> conc ² TC for A <u>vent</u>	OSHS guidance for the care of students with diabetes: <u>s://www.dshs.texas.gov/schoolhealth/tgshs/hlth-</u> <u>ds/?terms=school%20diabetes</u> OSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Pre-</u> <u>cion_and_Preparedness/schoolhealth/SHAC/Guidelines-Food%20Al-</u> <u>y-Final.pdf</u>		

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION		FFB (LEGAL)	
Threat Assessment Definitions	"Harmful, threatening, or violent behavior" includes behaviors, such as verbal threats, threats of self harm, bullying, cyberbullying, fighting, the use or possession of a weapon, sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence, stalking, or assault, by a student that could result in:		
	1.	Specific interventions, including mental health or behavioral supports;	
	2.	In-school suspension;	
	3.	Out-of-school suspension; or	
	4.	The student's expulsion or removal to a disciplinary alterna- tive education program (DAEP) or a juvenile justice alterna- tive education program (JJAEP).	
		m" means a threat assessment and safe and supportive ool team established by the board under Education Code 15.	
	Education Code 37.115(a)		
Threat Assessment Team	The board shall establish a threat assessment and safe and sup- portive school team to serve at each campus of the district and shall adopt policies and procedures for the teams.		
	The team is responsible for developing and implementing the safe and supportive school program in compliance with Texas Education Agency (TEA) rules at the district campus served by the team.		
	The policies and procedures adopted under Education Code 37.115 must:		
	1.	Be consistent with the model policies and procedures devel- oped by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) [see Edu- cation Code 37.220];	
	2.	Require each team to complete training provided by the TxSSC or a regional education service center (ESC) regard- ing evidence-based threat assessment programs; and	
	3.	Require each team established under this section to report the required information regarding the team's activities to TEA [see Reporting to TEA, below].	
Membership	each men eduo	superintendent shall ensure that the members appointed to in team have expertise in counseling, behavior management, tal health and substance use, classroom instruction, special cation, school administration, school safety and security, emer- cy management, and law enforcement. A team may serve more	

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION			FFB (LEGAL)
			campus of a district, provided that each district campus is a team.
Oversight Committee	isting oper overs man man use,	g con ation sight reso agem	rintendent may establish a committee, or assign to an ex- mittee established by the district, the duty to oversee the s of teams established for the district. A committee with responsibility must include members with expertise in hu- urces, education, special education, counseling, behavior nent, school administration, mental health and substance ol safety and security, emergency management, and law ent.
Team Duties	Each	n tear	n shall:
	1.	porti harn distr data	duct a threat assessment that includes assessing and re- ng individuals who make threats of violence or exhibit nful, threatening, or violent behavior in accordance with ict policies and procedures; and gathering and analyzing to determine the level of risk and appropriate interven- including:
		a.	Referring a student for mental health assessment; and
		b.	Implementing an escalation procedure, if appropriate, based on the team's assessment, in accordance with district policy;
	2.	ogni	ride guidance to students and school employees on rec- zing harmful, threatening, or violent behavior that may a a threat to the community, school, or individual; and
	3.		port the district in implementing the district's multihazard rgency operations plan [see CKC].
Consent for Mental Health-Care Service	who sent to the cons comp pare give	is un from e stue ent n plies nt or cons	ay not provide a mental health-care service to a student der 18 years of age unless the team obtains written con- the parent of or the person standing in parental relation dent before providing the mental health-care service. The nust be submitted on a form developed by the district that with all applicable state and federal law. The student's person standing in parental relation to the student may ent for a student to receive ongoing services or may limit o one or more services provided on a single occasion.
	Educ	catior	n Code 37.115(d)–(g)
Determination of Risk	risk o the t	of vio eam':	nination that a student or other individual poses a serious lence to self or others, a team shall immediately report s determination to the superintendent. If the individual is a he superintendent shall immediately attempt to inform the

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION FFB (LEGAL)

parent or person standing in parental relation to the student. These requirements do not prevent an employee of the school from acting immediately to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency.

A team identifying a student at risk of suicide shall act in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program. If the student at risk of suicide also makes a threat of violence to others, the team shall conduct a threat assessment in addition to actions taken in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program.

A team identifying a student using or possessing tobacco, drugs, or alcohol shall act in accordance with district policies and procedures related to substance use prevention and intervention.

Education Code 37.115(h)–(j)

Reporting to TEA A team must report to TEA in accordance with TEA-developed guidelines the following information regarding the team's activities and other information for each campus the team serves:

- 1. The occupation of each person appointed to the team;
- 2. The number of threats and description of the type of threats reported to the team;
- The outcome of each assessment made by the team, including:
 - a. Any disciplinary action taken, including a change in school placement;
 - b. Any action taken by law enforcement; or
 - c. A referral to or change in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
- 4. The total number, disaggregated by student gender, race, and status as receiving special education services, being at risk of dropping out of school, being in foster care, experiencing homelessness, being a dependent of military personnel, being pregnant or a parent, having limited English proficiency, or being a migratory child, of, in connection with an assessment or reported threat by the team:
 - a. Citations issued for Class C misdemeanor offenses;
 - b. Arrests;
 - c. Incidents of uses of restraint;

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

		d.	Changes in school placement, including placement in a JJAEP or DAEP;
		e.	Referrals to or changes in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
		f.	Placements in in-school suspension or out-of-school suspension and incidents of expulsion;
		g.	Unexcused absences of 15 or more days during the school year; and
		h.	Referrals to juvenile court for truancy; and
	5.	The	number and percentage of school personnel trained in:
		a.	A best-practices program or research-based practice un- der Health and Safety Code 161.325, including the num- ber and percentage of school personnel trained in sui- cide prevention or grief and trauma-informed practices;
		b.	Mental health or psychological first aid for schools;
		C.	Training relating to the safe and supportive school pro- gram; or
		d.	Any other program relating to safety identified by the commissioner.
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.115(k)
Recommended Programs	dina list c base publ gene	tion w of reco ed pra ic ele eral e	s Department of State Health Services (TDSHS), in coor- vith TEA and ESCs, shall provide and annually update a commended best practice-based programs and research- actices in the areas specified below for implementation in mentary, junior high, middle, and high schools within the ducation setting. Each district may select from the list a or programs appropriate for implementation in the district.
Subject Areas	The eas:		ust include programs and practices in the following ar-
	1.	Early	y mental health intervention;
	2.	Men	tal health promotion;
	3.		ling skills related to managing emotions, establishing and taining positive relationships, and responsible decision- ing;
	4.	Subs	stance abuse prevention and intervention;
	5.	Suic	ide prevention;

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

	6.	Grief-informed and trauma-informed practices;
	7.	Positive behavior interventions and supports and positive youth development; and
	8.	Safe, supportive, and positive school climate.
	clud tices enro	nool climate" means the quality and character of school life, in- ling interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning prac- s, and organizational structures, as experienced by students olled in the district, parents of those students, and personnel oloyed by the district.
		SHS, TEA, and each ESC shall make the list easily accessible heir websites.
Practices and Procedures	area tion	strict may develop practices and procedures concerning each a listed above, including mental health promotion and interven- , substance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide pre- tion, that:
	1.	Include a procedure for providing educational material to all parents and families in the district that contains information on identifying risk factors, accessing resources for treatment or support provided on and off campus, and accessing available student accommodations provided on campus;
	2.	Include a procedure for providing notice of a recommendation for early mental health or substance abuse intervention re- garding a student to a parent or guardian of the student within a reasonable amount of time after the identification of early warning signs, which may include declining academic perfor- mance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;
	3.	Include a procedure for providing notice of a student identified as at risk of committing suicide to a parent or guardian of the student within a reasonable amount of time after the identifi- cation of early warning signs;
	4.	Establish that the district may develop a reporting mechanism and may designate at least one person to act as a liaison of- ficer in the district for the purposes of identifying students in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention; and

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

FFB (LEGAL)

5. Set out available counseling alternatives for a parent or guardian to consider when his or her child is identified as possibly being in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention. The practices and procedures must prohibit the use without the prior consent of a student's parent or guardian of a medical screening of the student as part of the process of identifying whether the student is possibly in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention. The practices and procedures developed must be included in the annual student handbook and the district improvement plan under Education Code 11.252. [See BQ] Nothing in these provisions is intended to interfere with the rights of parents or guardians and the decision-making regarding the best interest of the child. Practices and procedures developed in accordance with these provisions are intended to notify a parent or guardian of a need for mental health or substance abuse intervention so that a parent or guardian may take appropriate action. These provisions do not give districts the authority to prescribe medications. Any and all medical decisions are to be made by a parent or guardian of a student. Health and Safety Code 161.325 Immunity These requirements do not waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district officers or employees, create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or emplovees, or waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151. Health and Safety Code 161.326

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION		FFB (LOCAL)	
Threat Assessment and Safe and Supportive Team	tidiso estal point and cam	ompliance with law, the Superintendent shall ensure that a mul- ciplinary threat assessment and safe and supportive team is blished to serve each campus. The Superintendent shall ap- t team members. The team shall be responsible for developing implementing a safe and supportive school program at each pus served by the team and shall support the District in imple- ting its multi-hazard emergency operations plan.	
Training		n team shall complete training provided by an approved pro- r on evidence-based threat assessment programs.	
Imminent Threats or Emergencies	ately	ember of the team or any District employee may act immedi- y to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency, in- ing contacting law enforcement directly.	
Threat Assessment Process	The District shall develop procedures as recommended by the Texas School Safety Center. In accordance with those procedures, the threat assessment and safe and supportive team shall conduct threat assessments using a process that includes:		
	1.	Identifying individuals, based on referrals, tips, or observa- tions, whose behavior has raised concerns due to threats of violence or exhibition of behavior that is harmful, threatening, or violent.	
	2.	Conducting an individualized assessment based on reasona- bly available information to determine whether the individual poses a threat of violence or poses a risk of harm to self or others and the level of risk.	
	3.	Implementing appropriate intervention and monitoring strate- gies, if the team determines an individual poses a threat of harm to self or others. These strategies may include referral of a student for a mental health assessment and escalation procedures as appropriate.	
		For a student or other individual the team determines poses a serious risk of violence to self or others, the team shall imme- diately report to the Superintendent, who shall immediately at- tempt to contact the student's parent or guardian. Additionally, the Superintendent shall coordinate with law enforcement au- thorities as necessary and take other appropriate action in ac- cordance with the District's multihazard emergency opera- tions plan.	
		For a student the team identifies as at risk of suicide, the team shall follow the District's suicide prevention program.	

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

	For a student the team identifies as having a substance abuse issue, the team shall follow the District's substar abuse program.	
	For a student whose conduct may constitute a violation District's Student Code of Conduct, the team shall mak ferral to the campus behavior coordinator or other appr administrator to consider disciplinary action.	e a re-
	As appropriate, the team may refer a student:	
	 To a local mental health authority or health-care provide evaluation or treatment; or 	er for
	 For a full individualized and initial evaluation for special cation services. 	l edu-
	The team shall not provide any mental health-care services, as permitted by law.	except
Guidance to School Community	The team shall provide guidance to students and District em ees on recognizing harmful, threatening, or violent behavior may pose a threat to another person, the campus, or the cor nity and methods to report such behavior to the team, includ through anonymous reporting.	that mmu-
Reports	The team shall provide reports to the Texas Education Ageneric required by law.	cy as

ADOPTED:

Denton ISD 061901			
CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAUMA-INFORMED C		FFBA (LEGAL)	
Trauma-Informed Care Policy	A district shall adopt and implement a policy requiring the integra- tion of trauma-informed practices in each school environment. A district must include the policy in the district improvement plan re- quired under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ].		
	The	policy must address:	
	1.	Using resources developed by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), methods for:	
		 Increasing staff and parent awareness of trauma-in- formed care; and 	
		 Implementation of trauma-informed practices and care by district and campus staff; and 	
	2.	Available counseling options for students affected by trauma or grief.	
	Edu	cation Code 38.036(a)–(b)	
Training	The methods for increasing awareness and implementation of trauma-informed care must include training as provided below. The training must be provided:		
	1.	Through a program selected from the list of recommended best practice-based programs and research-based practices established under Health and Safety Code 161.325;	
	2.	As part of any new employee orientation for all new district educators; and	
	3.	To existing district educators on a schedule adopted by TEA that requires educators to be trained at intervals necessary to keep educators informed of developments in the field.	
	ords	any training under this provision, a district shall maintain rec- that include the name of each district staff member who partic- ed in the training.	
	sour distr	district determines that the district does not have sufficient re- rces to provide the training required under this provision, the ict may partner with a community mental health organization to ride training that meets the requirements at no cost to the dis-	
	Edu	cation Code 38.036(c)–(d), (f)	
Reporting to TEA		strict shall report annually to TEA the following information for district as a whole and for each school campus:	

CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

FFBA (LEGAL)

- 1. The number of teachers, principals, and counselors employed by the district who have completed training under this provision; and
- 2. The total number of teachers, principals, and counselors employed by the district.

Education Code 38.036(e)

Denton ISD 061901		
CRISIS INTERVENTION FF TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE (LOC		
Trauma-Informed Care Program	The District's trauma-informed care program, a District improvement plan, shall provide for the trauma-informed care practices in the school e ing increasing staff and parent awareness of tra- implementation of trauma-informed practices a and campus staff, and providing information at seling options for students affected by trauma of	integration of nvironment, includ- auma-informed care, and care by District bout available coun-
Training	The District shall provide training in trauma-info trict educators as required by law. The District shall specify required training for any other Dis applicable.	improvement plan
Annual Report	The District shall provide an annual report to the Agency on the number of employees who have trauma-informed care training.	

Denton ISD					
061901					
STUDENT WELFARE STUDENT ASSISTANC	STUDENT WELFAREFFESTUDENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS/COUNSELING(LEGAL)				
Consent to Examinations, Tests, or Treatment	A district employee must obtain the written consent of a child's pa ent before the employee may conduct a psychological examina- tion, test, or treatment, unless the examination, test, or treatment required by:				
	1.	TEA's policy concerning child abuse investigations and ports under Education Code 38.004; or	d re-		
	2.	State or federal law regarding requirements for special tion.	educa-		
	Edu	ucation Code 26.009(a)(1) [See FNG]			
Consent to	Ac	hild may consent to counseling for:			
Counseling	1.	Suicide prevention,			
	2.	Chemical addiction or dependency; or			
	3.	Sexual, physical, or emotional abuse.			
	Far	nily Code 32.004(a)			
Professional's Authority	wor sex	censed or certified physician, psychologist, counselor, or ker having reasonable grounds to believe that a child ha cually, physically, or emotionally abused; is contemplating e; or is involved in chemical or drug addiction or depende y:	is been J sui-		
	1.	Counsel the child without the consent of the child's par managing conservator, or guardian;	ents,		
	2.	With or without the consent of a child who is a client, a the parents, managing conservator, or guardian of the ment given to or needed by the child;			
	3.	Rely on the written statement of the child containing th grounds on which the child has capacity to consent to her own treatment as provided above.			
Exception: Court Order	cou	e physician, psychologist, counselor, or social worker ma insel a child if consent is prohibited by a court order, unle it is obtained as otherwise allowed by law.	•		
	Far	mily Code 32.004(b), (c)			
Consent to LSSP	(LS Dis par live	ormed consent for a licensed specialist in school psycholo SP) must be obtained in accordance with the Individuals abilities Education Improvement Act (IDEIA) and the U.S tment of Education's rules governing parental consent w ring school psychological services in the public schools, asidered to meet the requirements for informed consent u	s with 5. De- hen de- and is		

STUDENT WELFARE STUDENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS/COUNSELING

	rule	Texas State Board of Examiners of Psychologists (TSBEP) s. No additional informed consent, specific to any TSBEP rules, ecessary in this context.
	22	TAC 465.38(g)
Professional Immunity	the	sychologist, counselor, or social worker licensed or certified by state is not liable for damages except those damages that may ult from his or her negligence or willful misconduct.
	Fan	nily Code 32.004(d)
Outside Counselors	to a pen	ther a district nor an employee of a district may refer a student n outside counselor for care or treatment of a chemical de- dency or an emotional or psychological condition unless the rict does all of the following:
	1.	Obtains prior written consent for the referral from the stu- dent's parent, managing conservator, or guardian.
	2.	Discloses to the student's parent, managing conservator, or guardian any relationship between the district and the outside counselor.
	3.	Informs the student and the student's parent, managing con- servator, or guardian of any alternative public or private source of care or treatment reasonably available in the area.
	4.	Requires the approval of appropriate district personnel before a student may be referred for care or treatment or before a re- ferral is suggested as being warranted.
	5.	Specifically prohibits any disclosure of a student record that violates state or federal law.
	Edι	ication Code 38.010
	gra	e FFEA for information on the comprehensive guidance pro- m. See FFB for mental health-care services provided by the eat assessment and safe and supportive school team.]

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (LEG				
Policies and Programs	A district shall provide child abuse antivictimization programs ementary and secondary schools. <i>Education Code</i> 38.004	in el-		
	A district shall adopt and implement a policy addressing sexu abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, to l cluded in the district improvement plan [see BQ] and any info mation handbook provided to students and parents. <i>Educatio</i> <i>Code 38.0041(a)</i>	be in- r-		
Duty to Report By Any Person	Any person who has cause to believe that a child's physical of mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abus neglect by any person shall immediately make a report as received by law. <i>Family Code</i> 261.101(a)	se or		
Abuse of Persons with Disabilities	A person having cause to believe that a person with a disabili in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall report the inf mation immediately to the Texas Department of Family and P tive Services (DFPS).	or-		
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person has on to believe that a person with a disability has been abused, ne glected, or exploited or is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploit tion and knowingly fails to report.	;-		
	A person filing a report or testifying or otherwise participating judicial proceeding arising from a petition, report, or investiga immune from civil or criminal liability on account of his or her tion, report, testimony, or participation, unless the person acter bad faith or with a malicious purpose.	ition is peti-		
	Human Resources Code 48.051, .052, .054			
By a Professional	Any professional who has cause to believe that a child has be may be abused or neglected shall make a report as required law. The report must be made within 48 hours after the professional first suspects abuse or neglect.	by		
	A professional may not delegate to or rely on another person make the report.	to		
	A "professional" is a person who is licensed or certified by the or who is an employee of a facility licensed, certified, or opera by the state and who, in the normal course of official duties of ties for which a license or certification is required, has direct of tact with children. The term includes teachers, nurses, doctor day-care employees, and juvenile detention or correctional of	ated r du- con- s,		
	Family Code 261.101(b)			
Adult Victims of Abuse	A person or professional shall make a report in the manner required above if the person or professional has cause to believe an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child and the p	ve that		
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Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NE	GLEC	FFG CT (LEGAL)		
	mat chile	rofessional determines in good faith that disclosure of the infor- ion is necessary to protect the health and safety of another d or an elderly person or person with a disability. <i>Family Code</i> .101(b-1)		
Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing	ent, ter o chilo or tr	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par- ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to adminis ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testir or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusa		
	1.	Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or		
	2.	Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.		
	Edu	cation Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFAC]		
Contents of Report	The report should reflect the reporter's belief that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or has died of abuse or neglect. The person making the report shall identify, if known:			
	1.	The name and address of the child;		
	2.	The name and address of the person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child; and		
	3.	Any other pertinent information concerning the alleged or suspected abuse or neglect.		
	Fan	nily Code 261.102, .104		
To Whom Reported	spo mus belo	e alleged or suspected abuse or neglect involves a person re- nsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child, the report at be made to DFPS, unless the report is made under item 3, ow, or the report involves a juvenile justice program or facility a JJAEPS, below].		
	All other reports shall be made to:			
	1.	Any local or state law enforcement agency;		
	2.	DFPS, Child Protective Services (CPS) Division;		
	3.	A local office of CPS, where available; or		
	4.	The state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or regis- ters the facility in which the alleged abuse or neglect oc- curred.		
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Family Code 261.103(a); 19 TAC 61.1051(a)(1)

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (LE			
JJAEPs	Any report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation, as the terms are defined in Family Code 261.405, in a juvenile juprogram or facility shall be made to the Texas Juvenile Juppartment and a local law enforcement agency for invest The term "juvenile justice program" includes a juvenile justice alternative education program. <i>Family Code 261.405(a)</i>	ustice Istice stigation. stice	
Immunity from Liability	A person acting in good faith who reports or assists in the gation of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect or who or otherwise participates in a judicial proceeding arising fi port, petition, or investigation of alleged child abuse or ne immune from any civil or criminal liability that might other incurred or imposed. <i>Family Code 261.106</i>	o testifies rom a re- glect is	
	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of erwise discriminate against, or take any other adverse en action against a professional who makes a good faith rep abuse or neglect. <i>Family Code 261.110</i> [See DG]	nployment	
Criminal Offenses Failure to Report	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if he or she is to make a report under Family Code 261.101(a) [see Dut port, above] and knowingly fails to make a report as provi law.	y to Re-	
	A person who is a professional commits a Class A misder the person is required to make a report under Family Coc 261.101(b) [see Duty to Report] and knowingly fails to ma port as provided by law. The professional commits a state ony if he or she intended to conceal the abuse or neglect	le ake a re- e jail fel-	
	Family Code 261.109		
False Report	A person commits an offense if, with the intent to deceive person knowingly makes a report of abuse and neglect th false. The offense is a state jail felony, except that it is a f the third degree if the person has previously been convict offense. <i>Family Code 261.107(a)</i>	at is elony of	
Coercion	A public servant, including as a school administrator, who another into suppressing or failing to report child abuse o to a law enforcement agency commits a Class C misdem fense. <i>Penal Code 39.06</i>	r neglect	
Confidentiality of Report	A report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect and the of the person making the report is confidential and not su release under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Infe Act), and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent of Family Code and applicable federal or state law or under adopted by an investigating agency. <i>Family Code 261.20</i>	bject to ormation with the rules	

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT WELFARE F CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (LEGA		
	Unless waived in writing by the person making the report, the iden- tity of an individual making a report under this chapter is confiden- tial and may be disclosed only to a law enforcement officer for the purposes of a criminal investigation of the report, or as ordered by a court under Family Code 261.201. <i>Family Code 261.101(d)</i>	
SBEC Disciplinary Action	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may take any of the actions listed in 19 Administrative Code 249.15(a) (impositions, including revocation of a certificate and administrative penalties) based on satisfactory evidence that the person has failed to report or has hindered the reporting of child abuse pursuant to Family Code 261.001, or has failed to notify the SBEC or the school superintendent or director under the circumstances and in the manner required by Education Code 21.006 and 19 Administrative Code 249.14(d)–(f). <i>19 TAC 249.15(b)(4)</i>	
Investigations Reports to District	If DFPS initiates an investigation and determines that the abuse or neglect involves an employee of a public elementary or secondary school, and that the child is a student at the school, the department shall orally notify the superintendent of the district in which the employee is employed. <i>Family Code 261.105(d)</i>	
	On request, DFPS shall provide a copy of the completed report of its investigation to the board, the superintendent, and the school principal, unless the principal is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect. The report shall be edited to protect the identity of the person who made the report. <i>Family Code 261.406(b)</i>	
Interview of Student	The investigating agency shall be permitted to interview the child at any reasonable time and place, including at the child's school. <i>Family Code 261.302(b)</i> [See GRA]	
Interference with Investigation	A person may not interfere with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect conducted by DFPS. <i>Family Code 261.303(a)</i>	
Confidentiality	A photograph, videotape, audiotape, or other audio or visual re- cording, depiction, or documentation of a child that is made by DFPS in the course of an inspection or investigation is confidential, is not subject to release under the Texas Public Information Act, and may be released only as required by state or federal law or rules adopted by the DFPS. <i>Human Resources Code 42.004</i>	
Reporting Policy	A board shall adopt and annually review policies for reporting child abuse and neglect. The policies shall follow the requirements of Family Code Chapter 261.	
	The policies must require every school employee, agent, or con- tractor who suspects child abuse or neglect to submit a written or oral report to at least one of the authorities listed above [see To	

STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Whom Reported, above] within 48 hours or less, as determined by the board, after learning of facts giving rise to the suspicion.

The policies must be consistent with the Family Code, Chapter 261, and 40 Administrative Code Chapter 700 (CPS) regarding investigations by DFPS, including regulations governing investigation of abuse by school personnel and volunteers. [See GRA]

The policies must notify school personnel of the following:

- Penalties under Penal Code 39.06 (misuse of official information), Family Code 261.109 (failure to report), and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 249 (actions against educator's certificate) for failure to submit a required report of child abuse or neglect;
- 2. Prohibitions against interference with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect, including:
 - a. The prohibition, under Family Code 261.302 and 261.303, against denying an investigator's request to interview a student at school; and
 - b. The prohibition, under Family Code 261.302, against requiring the presence of a parent or school administrator during an interview by an investigator.
- Immunity provisions applicable to a person who reports child abuse or neglect or otherwise assists an investigation in good faith;
- 4. Confidentiality provisions relating to a report of suspected child abuse or neglect;
- 5. Any disciplinary action that may result from noncompliance with a district's reporting policy;
- 6. The prohibition under Education Code 26.0091 [see Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing, above]; and
- 7. The current toll-free number for DFPS.

The policies must not require that school personnel report suspicions of child abuse or neglect to a school administrator before making a report to one of the agencies listed above.

19 TAC 61.1051(a)

Annual Distribution
and StaffThe policies shall be distributed to all personnel at the beginning of
each school year and shall be addressed in staff development pro-
grams at regular intervals determined by a board. 19 TAC
61.1051(b)

STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Each school year, a district shall provide training as required by Education Code 38.0041 to all new district employees as a part of new employee orientation. [See DH and DMA] *Education Code* 38.0041; 19 TAC 61.1051(c)

Required Poster A district shall place a poster of the following specifications at every campus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly visible public area that is readily accessible to and widely used by students. The poster must:

- 1. Be in a format and language that is clear, simple, and understandable to students;
- 2. Be in English and in Spanish;
- 3. Be 11 inches x 17 inches or larger;
- 4. Be in large print;
- 5. Be placed at eye-level to the student for easy viewing; and
- 6. Include the following information:
 - a. The current toll-free DFPS Abuse Hotline telephone number (in bold print);
 - b. Instructions to call 911 for emergencies; and
 - c. Directions for accessing the DFPS <u>Texas Abuse Hotline</u> <u>website</u>¹ for more information on reporting abuse, neglect, and exploitation.

Education Code 38.0042; 19 TAC 61.1051(e), (f)

¹ Texas Abuse Hotline website: <u>http://www.txabusehotline.org</u>

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT RECORDS			FL (LOCAL)
Comprehensive System	systa scho proc as a a sa	em of pol pr edure llowe fe an	erintendent shall develop and maintain a comprehensive f student records and reports dealing with all facets of the ogram operation and shall ensure through reasonable es that records are accessed by authorized persons only, d by this policy. These data and records shall be stored in d secure manner and shall be conveniently retrievable for uthorized school officials.
Cumulative Record		ce int	tive record shall be maintained for each student from en- o District schools until withdrawal or graduation from the
	be n tion taine may	nainta or wil ed for be d	rd shall move with the student from school to school and aned at the school where currently enrolled until gradua- thdrawal. Records for nonenrolled students shall be re- the period of time required by law. No permanent records estroyed without explicit permission from the Superinten- e CPC]
Custodian of Records	dent who avai addr	s. Th have lable	ipal is custodian of all records for currently enrolled stu- e Superintendent is the custodian of records for students withdrawn or graduated. The student handbook made to all students and parents shall contain a listing of the s of District schools, as well as the Superintendent's busi- ress.
Types of Education Records			d custodian shall be responsible for the education rec- e District. These records may include:
	1.		nissions data, personal and family data, including certifica- of date of birth.
	2.		ndardized test data, including intelligence, aptitude, inter- personality, and social adjustment ratings.
	3.		chievement records, as determined by tests, recorded les, and teacher evaluations.
	4.	any any	ocumentation regarding a student's testing history and accelerated instruction he or she has received, including documentation of discussion or action by a grade place- t committee convened for the student.
	5.	Hea	Ith services record, including:
		a.	The results of any tuberculin tests required by the Dis- trict.
		b.	The findings of screening or health appraisal programs the District conducts or provides. [See FFAA]

STUDENT RECORDS

c. Immunization records. [See FFAB]	ls. [See FFAB]	Immunization records.	C.
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- 6. Attendance records.
- 7. Student questionnaires.
- 8. Records of teacher, school counselor, or administrative conferences with the student or pertaining to the student.
- 9. Verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns.
- 10. Copies of correspondence with parents and others concerned with the student.
- 11. Records transferred from other districts in which the student was enrolled.
- 12. Records pertaining to participation in extracurricular activities.
- 13. Information relating to student participation in special programs.
- 14. Records of fees assessed and paid.
- 15. Records pertaining to student and parent complaints.
- 16. Other records that may contribute to an understanding of the student.
- Access by Parents The District shall make a student's records available to the student's parents, as permitted by law. The records custodian or designee shall use reasonable procedures to verify the requester's identity before disclosing student records containing personally identifiable information.

Records may be reviewed in person during regular school hours without charge upon written request to the records custodian. For in-person viewing, the records custodian or designee shall be available to explain the record and to answer questions. The confidential nature of the student's records shall be maintained at all times, and records to be viewed shall be restricted to use only in the Superintendent's, principal's, or school counselor's office, or other restricted area designated by the records custodian. The original copy of the record or any document contained in the cumulative record shall not be removed from the school.

Copies of records are available at a per copy cost, payable in advance. Copies of records must be requested in writing. Parents may be denied copies of records if they fail to follow proper procedures or pay the copying charge. If the student qualifies for free or

STUDENT RECORDS

	ords	ced-price lunches and the parents are unable to view the rec- during regular school hours, upon written request of a parent, copy of the record shall be provided at no charge.			
	unde year	rent may continue to have access to his or her child's records or specific circumstances after the student has attained 18 s of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary educa- [See FL(LEGAL)]			
Access by School Officials		hool official shall be allowed access to student records if he or has a legitimate educational interest in the records.			
	For t	the purposes of this policy, "school officials" shall include:			
	1.	An employee, Board member, or agent of the District, includ- ing an attorney, a consultant, a contractor, a volunteer, a school resource officer, and any outside service provider used by the District to perform institutional services.			
	2.	An employee of a cooperative of which the District is a mem- ber or of a facility with which the District contracts for place- ment of students with disabilities.			
	3.	A contractor retained by a cooperative of which the District is a member or by a facility with which the District contracts for placement of students with disabilities.			
	4.	A parent or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.			
	5.	A person appointed to serve on a team to support the Dis- trict's safe and supportive school program.			
	All contractors provided with student records shall follow the same rules as employees concerning privacy of the records and shall re- turn the records upon completion of the assignment.				
	A school official has a "legitimate educational interest" in a stu- dent's records when he or she is:				
	1.	Working with the student;			
	2.	Considering disciplinary or academic actions, the student's case, or an individualized education program for a student with disabilities;			
	3.	Compiling statistical data;			
	4.	Reviewing an education record to fulfill the official's profes- sional responsibility; or			

STUDENT RECORDS

	5. Investigating or evaluating programs.	
Transcripts and Transfers of Records	The District may request transcripts from previously attended schools for students transferring into District schools; however, th ultimate responsibility for obtaining transcripts from sending schools rests with the parent or student, if 18 or older.	e
	For purposes of a student's enrollment or transfer, the District sharpromptly forward in accordance with the timeline provided in law education records upon request to officials of other schools or school systems in which the student intends to enroll or enrolls. [See FD(LEGAL), Required Documentation] The District may return an education record to the school identified as the source of the record.	all
Records Responsibility for Students in Special	The executive director of special education shall be responsible for ensuring the confidentiality of any personally identifiable infor- mation in records of students in special education.	or
Education	A current listing of names and positions of persons who have access to records of students in special education is maintained at 815 Cross Timbers St., Denton, TX 76205.	
Procedure to Amend Records	Within 15 District business days of the record custodian's receipt a request to amend records, the District shall notify the parents in writing of its decision on the request and, if the request is denied, of their right to a hearing. If a hearing is requested, it shall be held within ten District business days after the request is received.	1
	Parents shall be notified in advance of the date, time, and place of the hearing. An administrator who is not responsible for the con- tested records and who does not have a direct interest in the out- come of the hearing shall conduct the hearing. The parents shall be given a full and fair opportunity to present evidence and, at the own expense, may be assisted or represented at the hearing.	
	The parents shall be notified of the decision in writing within ten District business days of the hearing. The decision shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing and shall include summary of the evidence and reasons for the decision. If the dec sion is to deny the request, the parents shall be informed that the have 30 District business days within which to exercise their right to place in the record a statement commenting on the contested i formation and/or stating any reason for disagreeing with the Dis- trict's decision.	a i- y
Directory Information	Directory information for District students has been classified into two separate categories:	1
	1. Items for use only for school-sponsored purposes; and	
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STUDENT RECORDS

2. Items for all other purposes.

School-Sponsored Purposes	For the following school-sponsored purposes—all school publications, activities, and announcements—directory information shall include student name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date of birth, major field of study, honors and awards received, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent educational institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, and enrollment status.
All Other Purposes	For all other purposes, directory information shall include student

name.

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
UIL Rules and District Policies	A student enrolled in a district or who participates in an extracurric- ular activity or a University Interscholastic League (UIL) competi- tion is subject to district policy and UIL rules regarding participation only when the student is under the direct supervision of an em- ployee of the school or district in which the student is enrolled or at any other time specified by resolution of a board. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.081(b)</i> [See FO regarding additional standards of conduct for extracurricular activities]
Athletic Activities UIL Forms	Each student participating in an extracurricular athletic activity must complete the UIL forms entitled "Preparticipation Physical Evaluation—Medical History" and "Acknowledgement of Rules." Each form must be signed by both the student and the student's parent or guardian. <i>Education Code 33.203(a)</i>
Notices	Each school that offers an extracurricular athletic activity shall:
	 Prominently display at its administrative offices the telephone number and electronic mail address that the commissioner of education maintains for reporting violations of Education Code Chapter 33, Subchapter F; and
	2. Provide each student participant and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the text of Education Code 33.201–33.207 and a copy of the UIL's parent information manual. The document may be provided in an electronic format unless otherwise requested.
	Education Code 33.207(b), .208
Safety Training	The UIL shall provide training to students participating in an extra- curricular athletic activity related to:
	 Recognizing the symptoms of potentially catastrophic injuries, including head and neck injuries, concussions, injuries related to second impact syndrome, asthma attacks, heatstroke, car- diac arrest, and injuries requiring use of a defibrillator; and
	2. The risks of using dietary supplements designed to enhance or marketed as enhancing athletic performance.
	The training must be conducted by the UIL or by another organiza- tion as determined by the UIL, including the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or a similar organization.
	Education Code 33.202(d)–(e)
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person enrolled in the district who is required to receive safety training.
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	com mer	ampus that is determined by the superintendent to be out of apliance with the safety training requirements or the require- nts regarding unsafe practices and safety precautions (see be- shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the		
	Edu	cation Code 33.206		
Unsafe Practices	may unre dan	bach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity of not encourage or permit a student participant to engage in any easonably dangerous athletic technique that unnecessarily en- gers the health of a student, including using a helmet or any er sports equipment as a weapon. <i>Education Code 33.204</i>		
Safety Precautions		bach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity Il at each athletic practice or competition ensure that:		
	1.	Each student participant is adequately hydrated;		
	2.	Any prescribed asthma medication for a student participant is readily available to the student;		
	3.	Emergency lanes providing access to the practice or competi- tion area are open and clear; and		
	4.	Heatstroke prevention materials are readily available.		
	If a student participating in a practice or competition becomes un- conscious during the activity, the student may not:			
	1.	Return to the activity during which the student became uncon- scious; or		
	2.	Participate in any extracurricular athletic activity until the stu- dent receives written authorization for such participation from a physician.		
	Education Code 33.205			
Concussions	"Interscholastic athletic activity" includes practice and competition, sponsored or sanctioned by a district, including a home-rule dis- trict, or a public school, including any school for which a charter has been granted under Education Code Chapter 12, or the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.152</i>			
	"Concussion" means a complex pathophysiological process affect- ing the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the head or body, which may include temporary or prolonged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symp- toms or altered sleep patterns, and involve loss of consciousness. <i>Education Code 38.151(4)</i>			

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
Concussion Oversight Team	The board of a district with students enrolled who participate in an interscholastic athletic activity shall appoint or approve a concussion oversight team. <i>Education Code 38.153(a)</i>
	Each concussion oversight team must include at least one physi- cian and, to the greatest extent practicable, considering factors in- cluding the population of the metropolitan statistical area in which the district is located, district enrollment, and the availability of and access to licensed health-care professionals in the district or char- ter school area, must also include one or more of the following: an athletic trainer, an advanced practice nurse, a neuropsychologist, or a physician assistant. If a district employs an athletic trainer, the athletic trainer must be a member of the concussion oversight team. If a district employs a school nurse, the school nurse may be a member of the concussion oversight team if requested by the school nurse.
	Each member of the concussion oversight team must have had training in the evaluation, treatment, and oversight of concussions at the time of appointment or approval as a member of the team. The members also must take a training course at least once every two years and submit proof of timely completion to the superinten- dent or designee in accordance with Education Code 38.158.
	Education Code 38.154, .158
Return-to-Play Protocol	Each concussion oversight team shall establish a return-to-play protocol, based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, for a student's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition following the force or impact believed to have caused a concussion. <i>Education Code 38.153(b)</i>
Required Annual Form	A student may not participate in an interscholastic athletic activity for a school year until both the student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have signed a form for that school year that acknowledges receiving and reading written information that explains concussion prevention, symptoms, treatment, and over- sight and that includes guidelines for safely resuming participation in an athletic activity following a concussion. The form must be ap- proved by the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.155</i>
Removal from Play	A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletics prac- tice or competition immediately if one of the following persons be- lieves the student might have sustained a concussion during the practice or competition: a coach; a physician; a licensed health- care professional, as defined by Education Code 38.151(5); a li- censed chiropractor; a school nurse; or the student's parent or

guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student. *Education Code 38.156*

Return to Play A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competition under Education Code 38.156 may not be permitted to practice or compete again following the force or impact believed to have caused the concussion until:

- 1. The student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician chosen by the student or the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student;
- The student has successfully completed each requirement of the return-to-play protocol established under Education Code 38.153 necessary for the student to return to play;
- 3. The treating physician has provided a written statement indicating that, in the physician's professional judgment, it is safe for the student to return to play; and
- 4. The student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have acknowledged that the student has completed the requirements of the return-to-play protocol necessary for the student to return to play, have provided the treating physician's written statement to the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol and the person who has supervisory responsibilities, and have signed a consent form indicating that the person signing:
 - a. Has been informed concerning and consents to the student participating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-play protocol;
 - b. Understands the risks associated with the student returning to play and will comply with any ongoing requirements in the return-to-play protocol;
 - c. Consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, of the treating physician's written statement and, if any, the return-to-play recommendations of the treating physician; and
 - d. Understands the immunity provisions under Education Code 38.159.

	A coach of an interscholastic athletics team may not authorize a student's return to play.			
	The superintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol. The person who has supervisory responsibilities may not be a coach of an interscholastic athletics team.			
	Education Code 38.157			
Immunity	These provisions do not:			
	 Waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district offic- ers or employees; 			
	 Create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or employees; 			
	 Waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151; or 			
	4. Create any cause of action or liability for a member of a con- cussion oversight team arising from the injury or death of a student participating in an interscholastic athletics practice or competition, based on service or participation on the concus- sion oversight team.			
	Education Code 38.159			
Football Helmet Safety Requirements	A district may not use a football helmet that is 16 years old or older in the district's football program. A district shall ensure that each football helmet used in the district's football program that is 10 years old or older is reconditioned at least once every two years.			
	A district shall maintain and make available to parents of students enrolled in the district documentation indicating the age of each football helmet used in the district's football program and the dates on which each helmet is reconditioned.			
	Education Code 33.094(a)–(c)			
Steroid Testing	The UIL shall adopt rules for the annual administration of a steroid testing program under which high school students participating in an athletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by the league are tested at multiple times throughout the year for the presence of steroids [see FNF].			
	Results of such steroid tests are confidential and, unless required by court order, may be disclosed only to the student and the stu- dent's parent and the activity directors, principal, and assistant principals of the school attended by the student.			
	Education Code 33.091(d)–(e)			

Cardiac Assessment	rule low by dio que	listrict must provide a district student who is required under UIL e or policy to receive a physical examination before being al- ved to participate in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned the UIL, information about sudden cardiac arrest and electrocar- gram testing and notification of the option of the student to re- est the administration of an electrocardiogram, in addition to the sysical examination.
	pro a d pro terr sco	tudent may request an electrocardiogram from any health-care ofessional, including a health-care professional provided through district program, provided that the health-care professional is ap- opriately licensed in Texas and authorized to administer and in- pret electrocardiograms under the health-care professional's ope of practice, as establish by the health-care professional's cas licensing act.
Immunity	sta cau scr	ese provisions do not create a cause of action or liability or a ndard of care, obligation, or duty that provides a basis for a use of action or liability against a health-care professional de- ibed in the provision, the UIL, a district, or a district officer or ployee for:
	1.	The injury or death of a student participating in or practicing for an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL based on or in connection with the administration or interpre- tation of or reliance on an electrocardiogram; or
	2.	The content or distribution of the information required under these provisions or the failure to distribute the required information.
	Ed	ucation Code 33.096
Rodeos	spo	is section applies only to a primary or secondary school that onsors, promotes, or otherwise is associated with a rodeo in ich children who attend the school are likely to participate.
	wh	odeo" means an exhibition or competition, without regard to ether the participants are compensated, involving activities re- ed to cowboy skills, including:
	1.	Riding a horse, with or without a saddle, with the goal of re- maining on the horse while it attempts to throw off the rider;
	2.	Riding a bull;
	3.	Roping an animal, including roping as part of a team;
	4.	Wrestling a steer; and

	5. Riding a horse in a pattern around preset barrels or other ob- stacles.
Educational Program	A primary or secondary school to which this section applies shall, before the first rodeo associated with the school in each school year, conduct a mandatory educational program on safety, includ- ing the proper use of protective gear, for children planning to partic- ipate in the rodeo, in accordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.4. The educational program may consist of an instructional video, subject to the Department of State Health Services ap- proval.
Restriction on Participation	A child may not participate in a rodeo associated with the child's school during a school year unless the child has completed the ed- ucational program not more than one year before the first day of the rodeo.
Protective Gear for Bull Riding	A child may not engage in bull riding, including engaging in bull rid- ing outside a rodeo for the purpose of practicing bull riding, unless the child is wearing a protective vest and bull riding helmet in ac- cordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.3.
	Health and Safety Code 768.001(6), .003; 25 TAC 104.2–.4
Eligibility	A student otherwise eligible to participate in an extracurricular ac- tivity or a UIL competition is not ineligible because the student is enrolled in a course offered for joint high school and college credit, or in a course offered under a concurrent enrollment program, re- gardless of the location at which the course is provided. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 33.087
Military Dependents	The district shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified. <i>Education Code 162.002 art. VI, § B</i> [See FDD]
Suspension from Extracurricular Activities	A student shall be suspended from participation in any extracurric- ular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district or the UIL after a grade evaluation period in which the student received a grade lower than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100 in any academic class other than a course described below at Exempt Courses.
Length of Suspension	A suspension continues for at least three school weeks and is not removed during the school year until the conditions of Reinstate- ment, described below, are met. A suspension shall not last beyond the end of a school year.
Grade Evaluation Period	"Grade evaluation period" means:
	1. The six-week grade reporting period; or

	2. The first six weeks of a semester and each grade reporting period thereafter, in the case of a district with a grade reporting period longer than six weeks.	-
	Education Code 33.081(c)	
School Week	The school week is defined as beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the fi instructional day of the calendar week and ending at the close of instruction on the last instructional day of the calendar week, excluding holidays. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(b)</i>	of
Exempt Courses	The suspension and reinstatement provisions of Education Cod 33.081(c) and (d) do not apply to an advanced placement or int national baccalaureate course, or to an honors or dual credit course in the subject areas of English language arts, mathemat science, social studies, economics, or a language other than Er lish. <i>Education Code 33.081(d-1)</i>	er- ics,
	The following are honors classes for purposes of eligibility to pa ipate in extracurricular activities:	rtic-
	1. All College Board Advanced Placement courses and Interr tional Baccalaureate courses in all disciplines;	าล-
	 English language arts: high school/college concurrent enror ment classes that are included in the "Community College General Academic Course Guide Manual (Part One)"; 	
	 Languages other than English: high school/college concur enrollment classes that are included in the "Community Co lege General Academic Course Guide Manual (Part One)" and languages other than English courses Levels IV–VII; 	ol-
	4. Mathematics: high school/college concurrent enrollment cl ses that are included in the "Community College General A demic Course Guide Manual (Part One)" and precalculus;	
	5. Science: high school/college concurrent enrollment classe that are included in the "Community College General Academic Course Guide Manual (Part One)"; and	
	6. Social Studies: Social Studies Advanced Studies, Econom Advanced Studies, high school/college concurrent enrollm classes that are included in the "Community College Gene Academic Course Guide Manual (Part One)."	ent
	Districts may identify additional honors courses in the subject at eas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social stud economics, or a language other than English for the purposes of extracurricular eligibility but must identify such courses before the	lies, of

	semester in which any exemptions related to extracurricular activi- ties occur.
	Districts are neither required to nor restricted from considering courses as honors for the purpose of grade point average calcula-tion.
	19 TAC 74.30
Students with Disabilities	In the case of a student with a disability that significantly interferes with the student's ability to meet regular academic standards, sus- pension must be based on the student's failure to meet the require- ments of the student's individualized education program (IEP). The determination of whether the disability substantially interferes with the student's ability to meet the requirements of the student's IEP must be made by the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) com- mittee.
	For the purposes of this provision, "student with a disability" means a student who is eligible for a district's special education program under Education Code 29.003(b).
	Education Code 33.081(e)
Practice or Rehearsal	A student suspended under Education Code 33.081 may practice or rehearse with other students for an extracurricular activity but may not participate in a competition or other public performance. <i>Education Code 33.081(f)</i>
Reinstatement	Until the suspension is removed or the school year ends, a district shall review the grades of a student at the end of each three-week period following the date on which the suspension began. At the time of a review, the suspension is removed if the student's grade in each class, other than a course described above at Exempt Courses, is equal to or greater than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100. The principal and each of the student's grades. <i>Education Code</i> $33.081(d)$
Attendance and Participation	The State Board of Education (SBOE) by rule shall limit participa- tion in and practice for extracurricular activities during the school day and the school week.
	The board of a district may adopt a policy establishing the number of times a student who is otherwise eligible to participate in an ex- tracurricular activity may be absent from class to participate in an extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district, UIL, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The policy must permit a student to be absent from class at least ten times during

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STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FN (LEGAL)
	the school year, and the policy prevails over any conflicting policy adopted by the SBOE.
	Education Code 33.081(a), .0811
SBOE Rules	The following provisions apply to any UIL activity.
	Other organizations requiring student participation that causes a student to miss a class may request sanction from a board. If sanctioned by resolution of the board, student participation in the organization's activities shall be subject to all provisions of statute and to 19 Administration Code 76.1001. If a board does not grant sanction, any absences incurred by a student while participating with that organization's activities shall be subject to the attendance provisions of the Education Code. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(f)</i> [See FEB]
Extracurricular Activities	An extracurricular activity is an activity sponsored by the UIL, a board, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The ac- tivity is not necessarily directly related to instruction of the essential knowledge and skills but may have an indirect relation to some ar- eas of the curriculum.
	Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, public per- formances, contests, demonstrations, displays, and club activities. In addition, an activity is subject to this policy if any one of the fol- lowing criteria applies:
	1. The activity is competitive;
	2. The activity is held in conjunction with another activity that is considered extracurricular;
	3. The activity is held off-campus, except in a case in which ade- quate facilities do not exist on campus;
	4. The general public is invited; or
	5. An admission is charged.
Exceptions Public Performances	A student ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but who is enrolled in a state-approved course that requires demon- stration of the mastery of the essential knowledge and skills in a public performance, may participate in the performance if:
	1. The general public is invited; and
	2. The requirement for student participation in public is stated in the essential knowledge and skills of the course.
State-Approved Music Courses	A student ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but who is enrolled in a state-approved music course that participates

Limits on

Practice

Participation and

During the

School Week

STUDENT ACTIVITIES

in UIL Concert and Sight-Reading Evaluation, may perform with the ensemble during the UIL evaluation performance.

19 TAC 76.1001(a)

Limitations on practice, rehearsal, and student participation during the school week shall be as follows:

- 1. For any given extracurricular activity, a student may not participate in more than one activity per school week, excluding holidays, except as provided in item 2, below.
- 2. A student may also participate in a tournament or post-district contest, as well as a contest postponed by weather or public disaster that may determine advancement to a post-district level of competition.
- 3. For each extracurricular activity, a district must limit students to a maximum of eight hours of practice and rehearsal outside the school day per school week.
- 4. The commissioner recommends that districts avoid scheduling extracurricular activities or public performances on the day or evening immediately preceding the day on which the statewide student assessment program is scheduled for grades 3–11.

19 TAC 76.1001(d); Education Code 33.081(a)

During the School Day Limitations on practice and rehearsal during the school day shall be as follows:

- 1. A district must limit a student to one period of practice during the regularly scheduled school day for practice of extracurricular activities, such as athletics, drill team, or cheerleading.
- 2. The limit in item 1 does not prohibit a student from enrolling in any state-approved class. A student who is enrolled in a stateapproved class that includes essential knowledge and skills that relate to the preparation for an extracurricular activity may practice that extracurricular activity for no more than one period during the school day.
- A student may not be permitted to miss a scheduled academic class to practice for an unrelated extracurricular activity.
- 4. A district must limit extracurricular practice during the school day to ensure that class periods for extracurricular practice do not exceed the time allotted for other class periods.

STUDENT ACTIVITIES

	5.	Regardless of the schedule type in place (traditional or non- traditional), a school may elect to practice extracurricular ac- tivities daily, provided the total minutes allowed for the extra- curricular practice is not greater than 300 minutes during the school week.		
	19 7	AC 76.1001(e); Education Code 33.081(a)		
Record of Absences	A district shall maintain an accurate record of extracurricular ab- sences for each student in the district each school year. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>76.1001(c)</i>			
Parental Notice and Consent	A parent is entitled to full information regarding the school activities of a parent's child except as provided by Education Code 38.004 (child abuse investigations). <i>Education Code 26.008(a)</i>			
Anonymous Evaluations	stud full i by p ating mati	nymous evaluations of a student that determine whether the lent may participate in a school-related program do not provide nformation about the student's school activities. A district may policy establish the parameters for parental contact with evalu- g teachers, taking into account the type of evaluation, the infor- ion elicited in the evaluation, and scheduling and workload re- ements of the teachers. <u>Byard v. Clear Creek Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , <i>Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 020-R5-1001 (June 17, 2002)</i>		
Videotaping and Recording	pare chilo purp	strict employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's ent before the employee may videotape the child or record the d's voice if the videotape or recording is to be used only for a pose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code</i> 26.009(b)(2)		
Discriminatory Club		An extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district, in- cluding an athletic event or an athletic team practice, may not take place at an athletic club located in the United States that denies any person full and equal enjoyment of equipment or facilities pro- vided by the athletic club because of the person's race, color, reli- gion, creed, national origin, or sex.		
	equi	letic club" means an entity that provides sports or exercise pment or facilities to its customers or members or to the guests s customers or members.		
	Edu	cation Code 33.082		
Special Olympics Recognition	dem allov	district allows high school students to earn a letter for aca- iic, athletic, or extracurricular achievements, the district must w high school students to earn a letter on the basis of a stu- t's participation in a Special Olympics event. <i>Education Code</i> 093		

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STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
Student Election Clerks	Unless applied toward instructional requirements [see EIA], a stu- dent who is appointed as a student election clerk under Election Code 32.0511 or as a student early voting clerk under Election Code 83.012, may apply the time served toward a service require- ment for participation in a school-sponsored extracurricular activity

at the discretion of the school sponsor. *Education Code* 33.092

STUDENT CONDUCT PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

Membership and	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person:				
Solicitation Misdemeanor Offense	 Is a member of, pledges to become a member of, joins, or so- licits another person to join or pledge to become a member of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang; or 				
	2. Is not enrolled in a public school and solicits another person to attend a meeting of a public school fraternity, sorority, se- cret society, or gang or a meeting at which membership in one of those groups is encouraged.				
	Education Code 37.121(a), (c)				
Public School Fraternity, Sorority, Secret Society, or Gang	A "public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang" means an organization composed wholly or in part of students of public primary or secondary schools that seeks to perpetuate itself by tak- ing in additional members from the students enrolled in school on the basis of the decision of its membership rather than on the free choice of a student in the school who is qualified by the rules of the school to fill the special aims of the organization. The term does not include an agency for public welfare, including Boy Scouts, Hi-Y, Girl Reserves, DeMolay, Rainbow Girls, Pan-American Clubs, scholarship societies, or other similar educational organizations sponsored by state or national education authorities. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 37.121(d)</i>				
DAEP Placement	A board or an educator shall recommend placing in a disciplinary alternative education program any student who commits the of- fenses described above. <i>Education Code</i> 37.121(b)				
Felony Offense	A person commits a felony if the person, with intent to coerce, in- duce, or solicit a child to actively participate in the activities of a criminal street gang, threatens the child or a member of the child's family with imminent bodily injury or causes the child or a member of the child's family bodily injury. <i>Penal Code</i> 71.022				
Personal Hazing	A person commits an offense if the person:				
Offense	1. Engages in hazing.				
	2. Solicits, encourages, directs, aids, or attempts to aid another in engaging in hazing.				
	3. Has firsthand knowledge of the planning of a specific hazing incident involving a student in an educational institution, or firsthand knowledge that a specific hazing incident has occurred, and knowingly fails to report that knowledge in writing to a principal, superintendent, or designee.				

Education Code 37.152(a)

STUDENT CONDUCT PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

D	efinitions	"Haz	zing" ı	means any intentional, knowing, or reckless act occurring	
Hazing	on or off the campus of an educational institution, by one person alone or acting with others, directed against a student for the pur- pose of pledging, being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any organization if the act:				
		1.	strik	ny type of physical brutality, such as whipping, beating, ing, branding, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful stance on the body, or similar activity;	
		2.	men that that	lves sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confine- t in a small space, calisthenics, or other similar activity subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or adversely affects the mental or physical health or safety e student;	
		3.	uor, 5, be harn	lves consumption of a food, liquid, alcoholic beverage, liq- drug, or other substance, other than as described by item elow, that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of n or that adversely affects the mental or physical health or ty of the student;	
		4.	perf	ny activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to orm a duty or task that involves a violation of the Penal e; or	
		5.		lves coercing, as defined by Penal Code 1.07, the student onsume:	
			a.	A drug; or	
			b.	An alcoholic beverage or liquor in an amount that would lead a reasonable person to believe that the student is intoxicated, as defined by Penal Code 49.01.	
		Edu	catior	n Code 37.151(6)	
	Educational Institution		ucatio scho	nal institution" for purposes of this policy includes a public	
	Student	"Student" means any person who:			
		1.	ls re	gistered in or in attendance at an educational institution;	
		2.		been accepted for admission at the educational institu- where the hazing incident occurs; or	
		3.		nds to attend an educational institution during any of its lar sessions after a period of scheduled vacation.	

STUDENT CONDUCT PROHIBITED ORGANIZATIONS AND HAZING

Organization	"Organization" means a fraternity, sorority, association, corporation, order, society, corps, club, or student government, a band or musi- cal group or an academic, athletic, cheerleading, or dance team, including any group or team that participates in National Collegiate Athletic Association competition, or a service, social, or similar group, whose members are primarily students.
	Education Code 37.151
Information Regarding Gang- Free Zones	A superintendent shall ensure that the student handbook for each campus includes information on gang-free zones and the consequences of engaging in organized criminal activity within those zones. <i>Education Code 37.110</i>

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STUDENT CONDUCT PERSONAL TELECOMM	IUNIC	CATIONS/ELECTRONIC DEVICES	FNCE (LEGAL)		
Definition	A "paging device" is a telecommunications device that emits an au- dible signal, vibrates, displays a message, or otherwise summons or delivers a communication to the possessor. The term does not include an amateur radio under the control of an operator who holds an amateur radio station license issued by the Federal Com- munications Commission.				
Paging Devices Policy	A board may adopt a policy prohibiting students from possessing paging devices while on school property or while attending school-sponsored or school-related activities on or off school property.				
Penalties	The policy may establish disciplinary measures to be imposed for violation of the prohibition and may provide for confiscation of the paging device.				
Disposal	A dis	strict policy may provide for:			
	1.	Disposal of a confiscated paging device in any reason manner, provided the student's parent and the paging pany whose name and address appear on the device given 30 days' notice of the intent to dispose of the de Such notice may be made by telephone, telegraph, of ing, and must include the serial number of the device	g com- are evice. r in writ-		
	2.	Charging the owner of the device or the student's par administrative fee of not more than \$15 before it releadevice.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.082			
Calculator Application	A district shall permit a student enrolled in a course that requires the student to use a graphing calculator to use a calculator applica- tion on a computing device, including a personal, laptop, or tablet computer, that provides the same functionality, unless the district makes available to the student a graphing calculator at no cost to the student.				
	devi catio	strict may adopt policies related to student use of a cor ce for purposes of a calculator application. To the exte on Code 25.904 conflicts with Education Code 37.082 ng Devices Policy, above], Education Code 25.904 pre	nt Edu- [see		
	Education Code 25 001				

Education Code 25.904

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STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS	FNCG (LEGAL)		
Possession of Weapons Expulsion Offense	A student shall be expelled from school if the student engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of unlawfully carrying weapons under Penal Code 46.02, or elements of an offense relating to prohibited weapons under Penal Code 46.05, on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property. <i>Education Code 37.007(a)(1)</i> [See also FOD]		
Exception	A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs:		
	 At an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; and 		
	2. While participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wild-life Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department.		
	This section does not authorize a student to bring a firearm on school property to participate in or prepare for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity.		
	Education Code 37.007(k)		
Federal Firearms Provision Expulsion Offense	In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, a district shall expel a student who brings a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. The student must be expelled from the student's regular campus for a period of at least one year, except that the superin- tendent may modify in writing the length of expulsion in the case of an individual student.		
"School" Defined	For expulsion under this provision, "school" means any setting that is under the control and supervision of a district for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the district.		
	20 U.S.C. 7961; Education Code 37.007(e) [See FOD]		
Exception	This provision shall not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored in- side a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities ap- proved and authorized by the district and the district adopts appro- priate safeguards to ensure student safety. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 7961(g) [See also DH and GKA]		
Unlawful Carrying of Weapons Handgun	A person commits an offense if the person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his or her person a handgun and is not on the person's own premises or premises under the per- son's control; or inside of or directly en route to a motor vehicle that		

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STUDENT CONDUCT	
WEAPONS	

	is owned by the person or under the person's control. <i>Penal Code 46.02(a)</i>				
Location-Restricted	A person commits an offense if the person:				
Knife	1.		ntionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his er person a location-restricted knife;		
	2.	ls y	ounger than 18 years of age at the time; and		
	3.	ls n	ot:		
		a.	On the person's own premises or premises under the person's control;		
		b.	Inside of or directly en route to a motor vehicle that is owned by the person or under the person's control; or		
		C.	Under the direct supervision of a parent or legal guard- ian of the person.		
	Pen	al Co	de 46.02(a-4)		
Definitions <i>Firearm</i>	For purposes of state law, "handgun" means any firearm that is de- signed, made, or adapted to be fired with one hand. A "firearm" means any device designed, made, or adapted to expel a projectile through a barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance or any device readily convertible to that use. <i>Penal Code 46.01(3),(5)</i>				
Location- Restricted Knife	"Location-restricted knife" means a knife with a blade over 5-1/2 inches. <i>Penal Code 46.01(6)</i>				
Prohibited Weapons	Under Penal Code 46.05, a person commits an offense if the son intentionally or knowingly possesses, manufactures, tran ports, repairs, or sells:		tionally or knowingly possesses, manufactures, trans-		
	1.	nad the star ing ror, deli	explosive weapon (any explosive or incendiary bomb, gre- e, rocket, or mine that is designed, made, or adapted for purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or sub- ntial property damage, or for the principal purpose of caus- such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or ter- and includes a device designed, made, or adapted for very or shooting an explosive weapon). <i>Penal Code</i> <i>D1(2)</i>		
	2.	thar	achine gun (any firearm that is capable of shooting more n two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a lle function of the trigger). <i>Penal Code 46.01(9)</i>		
	3.		nort-barrel firearm (rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 nes or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18		
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inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches). *Penal Code* 46.01(10)

- 4. A firearm silencer (any device designed, made, or adapted to muffle the report of a firearm), unless the firearm silencer is classified as a curio or relic by the United States Department of Justice or the actor otherwise possesses, manufactures, transports, repairs, or sells the firearm silencer in compliance with federal law. *Penal Code 46.01(4)*
- 5. Armor-piercing ammunition (handgun ammunition that is designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor and to be used primarily in pistols and revolvers). *Penal Code* 46.01(12)
- 6. A chemical dispensing device (a device, other than a small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection, that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of dispensing a chemical capable of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being). *Penal Code* 46.01(14)
- 7. A zip gun (a device or combination of devices that was not originally a firearm and is adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth-bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance). *Penal Code 46.01(16)*
- 8. A tire deflation device (a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires; it does not include a traffic control device that is designed to puncture one or more of a vehicle's tires when driven over in a specific direction, and has a clearly visible sign posted in close proximity to the traffic control device that prohibits entry or warns motor vehicle operators of the traffic control device). *Penal Code* 46.01(17)
- 9. An improvised explosive device (a completed and operational bomb designed to cause serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage that is fabricated in an improvised manner using nonmilitary components. It does not include unassembled components that can be legally purchased and possessed without a license, permit, or other governmental approval; or an exploding target that is used for firearms practice, sold in kit form, and contains the components of a binary explosive. *Penal Code 46.01(19)*

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A person does not commit an offense if an item is listed at items 1– 3, above, and is registered in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record maintained by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives or otherwise not subject to that registration requirement or unless the item is classified as a curio or relic by the United States Department of Justice.

Penal Code 46.05(a)

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIESFNGSTUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES(LEGAL)		
United States Constitution	A district shall take no action abridging the freedom of spe the right of the people to petition the board for redress of grievances. <i>U.S. Const. Amend. I, XIV</i> [See FNA]	ech or
	A board may confine its meetings to specified subject matter may hold nonpublic sessions to transact business. But which board sits in public meetings to conduct public business and the views of citizens, it may not discriminate between speat the basis of the content of their speech or the message it of <u>Rosenberger v. Rector & Visitors of Univ. of Virginia</u> , 515 (828 (1995); <u>City of Madison v. Wis. Emp. Rel. Comm'n</u> , 42 167, 174 (1976); <u>Pickering v. Bd. of Educ.</u> , 391 U.S. 563, 5 (1968)	en a nd hear akers on conveys. J.S. 819, 29 U.S.
Texas Constitution	Citizens shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to as together for their common good and to apply to those inverte powers of government for redress of grievances or oth poses, by petition, address, or remonstrance. <i>Tex. Const. Sec. 27</i>	sted with er pur-
	There is no requirement that a board negotiate or even re- complaints. However, a board must stop, look, and listen a consider the petition, address, or remonstrance. <u>Prof'l Ass</u> <u>lege Educators v. El Paso County Cmty. [College] Dist.</u> , 67 S.W.2d 94 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.)	and must and f Col-
Federal Laws Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance, directly rectly, and that employs 15 or more persons shall adopt ge procedures that incorporate appropriate due process stand and that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of plaints alleging any action prohibited by Section 504 of the bilitation Act of 1973. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(b)</i>	rievance dards ^f com-
Americans with Disabilities Act	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable r of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited Code of Federal Regulations, Title 28, Part 35 (Americans abilities Act regulations). <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107</i>	esolution by the
Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance, directly rectly, shall adopt and publish grievance procedures provide prompt and equitable resolution of student complaints aller action prohibited by Title IX of the Education Amendments <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8(b)</i> [See FB]	ding for ging any
Education Code Chapter 26	Parents are partners with educators, administrators, and the in their children's education. Parents shall be encouraged tively participate in creating and implementing educational grams for their children. <i>Education Code 26.001(a)</i>	to ac-

	Unless otherwise provided by law, a board, an administrator, an educator, or other person may not limit parental rights. <i>Education Code 26.001(c)</i>				
"Parent" Defined	For purposes of Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental Rights), "parent" includes a person standing in parental relation, but does not include a person as to whom the parent-child relationship has been terminated or a person not entitled to possession of or ac- cess to a child under a court order. Except as provided by federal law, all rights of a parent under Education Code Title 2 and all edu- cational rights under Family Code 151.001(a)(10) shall be exer- cised by a student who is 18 years of age or older or whose disa- bilities of minority have been removed for general purposes under Family Code Chapter 31, unless the student has been determined to be incompetent or the student's rights have been otherwise re- stricted by a court order. <i>Education Code 26.002</i>				
Complaint Procedures	A board shall provide for procedures to consider complaints that a parent's right has been denied. <i>Education Code 26.001(d)</i>				
	A board shall adopt a grievance procedure under which the board shall address each complaint that it receives concerning a violation of a right guaranteed by Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental Rights).				
	The board is not required by the provision above or Education Code 11.1511(b)(13) (requiring adoption of a process to hear com- plaints) to address a complaint concerning a student's participation in an extracurricular activity that does not involve a violation of a right guaranteed by Education Code Chapter 26. This provision does not affect a claim brought by a parent under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.) or a successor federal statute addressing special education services for a child with a disability.				
	Education Code 26.011				
Parental Rights	Parental rights listed in Education Code Chapter 26 are:				
	 Rights concerning academic programs. <i>Education Code</i> 26.003 [See EHA, EIF, FDB, and FMH] 				
	2. Access to student records. <i>Education Code</i> 26.004 [See FL]				
	 Access to state assessments. <i>Education Code 26.005</i> [See EKB] 				
	4. Access to teaching materials. <i>Education Code 26.006</i> [See EF and EKB]				

	5.	Access to board meetings, other than a closed meeting under the Open Meetings Act. <i>Education Code 26.007</i> [See BE and BEC]	
	6.	Right to full information concerning a student. <i>Education Code 26.008</i> [See DF, FFE, and FM]	
	7.	Right to information concerning special education and educa- tion of students with learning disabilities. <i>Education Code</i> <i>26.0081</i> [See FB]	
	8.	Requests for public information. <i>Education Code 26.0085</i> [See GBA]	
	9.	Consent required for certain activities. <i>Education Code</i> 26.009 [See EHA, FFE, FL, FM, and FO]	
	10.	Refusal of psychiatric or psychological treatment of child as basis for report of neglect. <i>Education Code 26.0091</i> [See FFG]	
	11.	Exemption from instruction. <i>Education Code 26.010</i> [See EMB]	
Right to Attend School Activities	Unless limited by court order, a parent appointed as a conservator of a child has at all times the right to attend school activities, including school lunches, performances, and field trips. <i>Family Code 153.073(a)(5)</i>		
Objection to School Assignment	The parent or person standing in parental relation to any student may object to the student's school assignment. Upon receiving a written petition to request or object to a student's assignment, a board shall follow the procedures set forth at Education Code 25.034. <i>Education Code 25.033(2), .034</i> [See FDB]		
Challenge to Education Records	A district shall give a parent or eligible student, on request, an op- portunity for a hearing to challenge the content of the student's ed- ucation records on the grounds that the information contained in the records is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy rights of the student. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.21</i> [See FL]		
Denial of Class Credit or Final Grade	tenda	student is denied credit or a final grade for a class by an at- ance committee, the student may appeal the decision to the d. <i>Education Code 25.092(d)</i> [See FEC]	
Complaints Against Professional Employees	trict u	rson may not file suit against a professional employee of a dis- unless the person has exhausted the district's remedies for re- ng the complaint. <i>Education Code 22.0514</i>	
	"Prof	fessional employee of a district" includes:	

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	1.	A superintendent, principal, teacher, including a substitute teacher, supervisor, social worker, school counselor, nurse, and teacher's aide employed by a district;			
	2.	A teacher employed by a company that contracts with a dis- trict to provide the teacher's services to the district;			
	3.	A student in an education preparation program participating in a field experience or internship;			
	4.	A DPS-certified school bus driver;			
	5.	A member of the board; and			
	6.	Any other person whose employment by a district requires certification and the exercise of discretion.			
	Educ	cation Code 22.051(a)			
Finality of Grades	An examination or course grade issued by a classroom teacher is final and may not be changed unless the grade is arbitrary, erroneous, or not consistent with a district's grading policy applicable to the grade, as determined by the board.				
	does ticipa	ard's determination is not subject to appeal. This provision not prohibit an appeal related to a student's eligibility to par- ate in extracurricular activities under Education Code 33.081. FM]			
	Educ	cation Code 28.0214			
Public Information Requests	matio Code com	strict that receives a request from a parent for public infor- on relating to the parent's child shall comply with Government e Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). A district shall also ply with the deadlines and provisions set forth at Education e 26.0085. <i>Gov't Code Ch. 552; Education Code 26.0085</i>			
Closed Meeting	com	ard may conduct a closed meeting on a parent or student plaint to the extent required or provided by law. <i>Gov't Code Ch. Subch. D</i> [See BEC]			
Record of Proceedings	An appeal of a board's decision to the Commissioner of Education shall be decided based on a review of the record developed at the district level. "Record" includes, at a minimum, an audible electronic recording or written transcript of all oral testimony or argument. <i>Education Code</i> 7.057(c), (f)				
	It is a district's responsibility to make and preserve the records of the proceedings before the board. If a district fails to create and preserve the record without good cause, all substantial evidence issues that require missing portions of the record for resolution shall be deemed against the district. The record shall include:				
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	 A tape recording or a transcript of the hearing at the local level. If a tape recording is used: 			
	a. The tape recording must be complete, audible, and clear; and			
	b. Each speaker must be clearly identified.			
	2. All evidence admitted;			
	3. All offers of proof;			
	4. All written pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings;			
	5. A description of matters officially noticed;			
	6. If applicable, the decision of the hearing examiner;			
	7. A tape recording or transcript of the oral argument before the board; and			
	8. The decision of the board.			
	19 TAC 157.1073(d)			
Disruption	It is a criminal offense for a person, with intent to prevent or disrupt a lawful meeting, to substantially obstruct or interfere with the ordi- nary conduct of a meeting by physical action or verbal utterance and thereby curtail the exercise of others' First Amendment rights. <i>Penal Code 42.05; Morehead v. State, 807 S.W. 2d 577 (Tex. Crim.</i> <i>App. 1991)</i>			
	Note: See EHBAB for provisions concerning students with disabilities; see the FO series for provisions concerning student discipline; see FL for provisions concerning student records.			

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT DISCIPLINE			FO (LEGAL)	
Student Code of Conduct	The board shall adopt a Student Code of Conduct for a district, with the advice of its district-level committee. The Student Code of Conduct must:			
	1.	Specify the circumstances, in accordance with Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A, under which a student may be removed from a classroom, campus, disciplinary alterna- tive education program (DAEP), or vehicle owned or operate by the district.		
	2.	•	cify conditions that authorize or require a principal or er appropriate administrator to transfer a student to a EP.	
	3.	as p	ine conditions under which a student may be suspended, provided by Education Code 37.005 [see FOB], or ex- ed, as provided by Education Code 37.007 [see FOD].	
	4.	deci sion prog	cify that consideration will be given, as a factor in each sion concerning suspension, removal to a DAEP, expul- , or placement in a juvenile justice alternative education gram (JJAEP), regardless of whether the decision con- is a mandatory or discretionary action, to:	
		a.	Self-defense;	
		b.	Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct;	
		C.	A student's disciplinary history;	
		d.	A disability that substantially impairs the student's capac- ity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's con- duct;	
		e.	A student's status in the conservatorship of the Depart- ment of Family and Protective Services; or	
		f.	A student's status as a student who is homeless.	
	5.	or o [.] 37.0	vide guidelines for setting the length of removal to a DAEP f expulsion. Except as provided by Education Code 007(e) (Gun-Free Schools Act [see FOD]), a district is not uired to specify a minimum term of removal or expulsion.	
	6.	dent	ress the notification of the parent or guardian of a stu- i's violation of the Student Code of Conduct that results in pension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion.	
	7.	that	nibit bullying, harassment, and making hit lists and ensure district employees enforce those prohibitions. "Bullying" the meaning provided by Education Code 37.0832. [See	

		injur conc stud rest harr safe usin FNC blad bod	FFI] "Harassment" means threatening to cause harm or bodily injury to another student, engaging in sexually intimidating conduct, causing physical damage to the property of another student, subjecting another student to physical confinement or restraint, or maliciously taking any action that substantially harms another student's physical or emotional health or safety. "Hit list" means a list of people targeted to be harmed using a firearm, as defined by Penal Code 46.01(3) [see FNCG]; a knife, as defined by Penal Code 46.01(7) (any bladed hand instrument that is capable of inflicting serious bodily injury or death by cutting or stabbing a person with the instrument); or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm.			
	8.		Provide, as appropriate for students at each grade level, methods, including options, for:			
		a.	Managing students in the classroom, on school grounds, and on a vehicle owned or operated by the district;			
		b.	Disciplining students; and			
		C.	Preventing and intervening in student discipline prob- lems, including bullying, harassment, and making hit lists.			
	9.	entr Cod	ude an explanation of the provisions regarding refusal of y to or ejection from district property under Education le 37.105 [see GKA], including the appeal process estab- ed under 37.105(h).			
	The methods adopted must provide that a student who is enrolled in a special education program under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, may not be disciplined for bullying, harassment, or making hit lists until an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee meeting has been held to review the conduct. [See FOF]					
	Education Code 37.001(a)–(b-1), (e)					
Law Enforcement Duties	fice	The law enforcement duties of peace officers, school resource of- ficers, and security personnel [see CKE] must be included in the Student Code of Conduct. <i>Education Code</i> 37.081(d)(2)				
Changes in SCOC		Once a Student Code of Conduct is promulgated, any change or amendment shall be approved by a board.				
Posting	The Student Code of Conduct must be posted and prominently played at each school campus or made available for review at office of the campus principal.					
	Education Code 37.001(b-1)–(c)					

Education Code 37.001(b-1)–(c)

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE	FO (LEGAL)
Notice to Parents	Each school year, a district shall provide parents with notice of and information regarding the Student Code of Conduct. <i>Education Code 37.001(d)</i>
Noncustodial Parent	A noncustodial parent may request in writing that, for the remainder of the school year in which the request is received, a district pro- vide that parent with a copy of any written notification that is gener- ally provided to a student's parent or guardian, relating to student misconduct under Education Code 37.006 or 37.007. A district may not unreasonably deny the request. Notwithstanding this require- ment, a district shall comply with any applicable court order of which the district has knowledge. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0091
Copies to Staff	The district shall provide each teacher and administrator with a copy of Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A regarding student discipline and with a copy of the related local policy. <i>Education Code 37.018</i>
Campus Behavior Coordinator	A person at each campus must be designated to serve as the cam- pus behavior coordinator (CBC). The person may be the campus principal or any other campus administrator selected by the princi- pal.
	The CBC is primarily responsible for maintaining student discipline and the implementation of Education Code Chapter 37, Subchap- ter A.
Duties	The specific duties of the CBC may be established by campus or district policy. Unless the policy provides otherwise, duties imposed on a campus principal or other campus administrator by Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A must be performed by the CBC and a power granted to a campus principal may be exercised by the CBC.
Notice to Parents	The CBC shall promptly notify a student's parent or guardian if the student is placed into in-school or out-of-school suspension, placed in a DAEP, expelled, or placed in a JJAEP or is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer.
	A CBC must provide notice by promptly contacting the parent or guardian by telephone or in person; and making a good faith effort to provide written notice of the disciplinary action to the student, on the day the action is taken, for delivery to the student's parent or guardian.
	If a parent or guardian entitled to notice has not been reached by telephone or in person by 5 p.m. of the first business day after the day the disciplinary action is taken, a CBC shall mail written notice of the action to the parent or guardian at the parent's or guardian's last known address.
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STUDENT DISCIPLINE	FO (LEGAL)
	If a CBC is unable or not available to promptly provide notice, the principal or other designee shall provide the notice.
	Education Code 37.0012
Website Requirement	A district shall post on the district's website, for each campus, the email address and dedicated telephone number of a person clearly identified as:
	1. The campus behavior coordinator; or
	2. If the district has been designated as a district of innovation under Education Code Chapter 12A [see AF] and is exempt from the requirement to designate a campus behavior coordi- nator under the district's local innovation plan, a campus ad- ministrator designated as being responsible for student disci- pline.
	Education Code 26.015
No Unsupervised Setting	Except for students who are suspended or expelled, no student may be placed in an unsupervised setting as a result of conduct for which a student may be placed in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.008(h)</i>
Continuation of Disciplinary Action	If a district takes disciplinary action against a student and the stu- dent subsequently enrolls in another district or school before the expiration of the period of disciplinary action, the district or school taking the disciplinary action shall provide to the district or school in which the student enrolls, at the same time other records of the student are provided, a copy of the order of disciplinary action.
	"Disciplinary action" means a suspension, expulsion, placement in an alternative education program, or other limitation in enrollment eligibility of a student.
	"District or school" includes an independent school district, a home- rule school district, a campus or campus program charter holder, or an open-enrollment charter school.
	Education Code 37.022
Opportunity to Complete Courses	If a student is placed in in-school suspension or other alternative setting other than a DAEP, a district shall offer the student the opportunity to complete, before the beginning of the next school year, each course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal. A district may provide the opportunity by any method available, including a correspondence course, distance learning, or summer school. <i>Education Code 37.021</i> [For DAEP notice requirements, see FOCA.]

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE		FO (LEGAL)	
Alternative Means to Receive Coursework	den whe sior the 28.0 A di wor	strict shall provide to a student during the period of the stu- t's suspension under Education Code 37.005, regardless of ether the student is placed in in-school or out-of-school suspen- n, an alternative means of receiving all coursework provided in classes in the foundation curriculum under Education Code 002(a)(1) that the student misses as a result of the suspension. strict must provide at least one option for receiving the course- k that does not require the use of the internet. <i>Education Code</i> 005(e)	
Seclusion	A district employee or volunteer or an independent contractor of a district may not place a student in seclusion. <i>Education Code 37.0021(c)</i>		
		clusion" means a behavior management technique in which a dent is confined in a locked box, locked closet, or locked room :	
	1.	Is designed solely to seclude a person; and	
	2.	Contains less than 50 square feet of space.	
	Edu	ıcation Code 37.0021(b)(2)	
		s section and any rules or procedures adopted under this sec- apply to a peace officer only if the peace officer:	
	1.	Is employed or commissioned by a school district; or	
	2.	Provides, as a school resource officer, a regular police pres- ence on a school district campus under a memorandum of un- derstanding between the district and a local law enforcement agency.	
	Edu	ication Code 37.0021(h)	
Exceptions	This	s prohibition on seclusion does not apply to:	
	1.	A peace officer performing law enforcement duties; or	
	2.	An educational services provider with whom a student is placed by a judicial authority, unless the services are provided in an educational program of a school district.	
Law Enforcement Duties	ing	w enforcement duties" means activities of a peace officer relat- to the investigation and enforcement of state criminal laws and er duties authorized by the Code of Criminal Procedure.	
	Edu	ıcation Code 37.0021(b)(4), (g)	
Restraint Reports		strict shall report electronically to the Texas Education Agency A), in accordance with standards provided by commissioner	

	rule, information relating to the use of restraint by a peace officer performing law enforcement duties on school property or during a school-sponsored or school-related activity. The report must be consistent with the requirements adopted by commissioner rule for reporting the use of restraint involving students with disabilities [see FOF]. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0021(<i>i</i>)
	"Restraint" means the use of physical force or a mechanical device to significantly restrict the free movement of all or a portion of a student's body. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0021(b)(1)
Corporal Punishment	If the board adopts a policy under Education Code 37.001(a)(8) un- der which corporal punishment is permitted as a method of student discipline, a district educator may use corporal punishment to disci- pline a student unless the student's parent or guardian or other person having lawful control over the student has previously pro- vided a written, signed statement prohibiting the use of corporal punishment as a method of student discipline. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.0011(b)</i>
Parent Statement	To prohibit the use of corporal punishment as a method of student discipline, each school year a student's parent or guardian or other person having lawful control over the student must provide a separate written, signed statement to the board in the manner established by the board. The student's parent or guardian or other person having lawful control over the student may revoke the statement provided to the board at any time during the school year by submitting a written, signed revocation to the board in the manner established by the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0011(c)–(d)
Definition	"Corporal punishment" means the deliberate infliction of physical pain by hitting, paddling, spanking, slapping, or any other physical force used as a means of discipline. The term does not include physical pain caused by reasonable physical activities associated with athletic training, competition, or physical education or the use of restraint as authorized under Education Code 37.0021 [see FOF]. <i>Education Code 37.0011(a)</i>
Use of Force to Maintain Discipline	The use of force, but not deadly force, against a student is justified if the teacher or administrator is entrusted with the care, supervi- sion, or administration of the student when, and to the degree the teacher or administrator reasonably believes the force is neces- sary, to further the purpose of education or to maintain discipline in a group. <i>Penal Code</i> 9.62
Aversive Techniques	A district or district employee or volunteer or an independent con- tractor of a district may not apply an aversive technique, or by au- thorization, order, or consent, cause an aversive technique to be applied, to a student.

"Aversive technique" means a technique or intervention that is intended to reduce the likelihood of a behavior reoccurring by intentionally inflicting on a student significant physical or emotional discomfort or pain. The term includes a technique or intervention that:

- Is designed to or likely to cause physical pain, other than an intervention or technique permitted under Education Code 37.0011 [see Corporal Punishment, above];
- Notwithstanding the above corporal punishment provisions, is designed to or likely to cause physical pain through the use of electric shock or any procedure that involves the use of pressure points or joint locks;
- 3. Involves the directed release of a noxious, toxic, or otherwise unpleasant spray, mist, or substance near the student's face;
- 4. Denies adequate sleep, air, food, water, shelter, bedding, physical comfort, supervision, or access to a restroom facility;
- 5. Ridicules or demeans the student in a manner that adversely affects or endangers the learning or mental health of the student or constitutes verbal abuse;
- Employs a device, material, or object that simultaneously immobilizes all four extremities, including any procedure that results in such immobilization known as prone or supine floor restraint;
- 7. Impairs the student's breathing, including any procedure that involves:
 - a. Applying pressure to the student's torso or neck; or
 - b. Obstructing the student's airway, including placing an object in, on, or over the student's mouth or nose or placing a bag, cover, or mask over the student's face;
- 8. Restricts the student's circulation;
- 9. Secures the student to a stationary object while the student is in a sitting or standing position;
- 10. Inhibits, reduces, or hinders the student's ability to communicate;
- 11. Involves the use of a chemical restraint;
- 12. Constitutes a use of timeout that precludes the student from being able to be involved in and progress appropriately in the required curriculum and, if applicable, toward the annual

		goals included in the student's individualized education pro- gram, including isolating the student by the use of physical barriers; or		
	13.	Except as provided below, deprives the student of the use of one or more of the student's senses.		
	Edu	ıcation Code 37.0023(a)–(b)		
	An aversive technique that deprives the student of the use of one or more of the student's senses may be used if the technique is ex- ecuted in a manner that:			
	1.	Does not cause the student discomfort or pain; or		
	2.	Complies with the student's individualized education program or behavior intervention plan.		
	Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit a teacher from removing a student from class under Education Code 37.002. [See FOA]			
	Education Code 37.0023(c)–(d)			
Videotapes and Recordings	pare auth coro mai	strict employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's ent before the employee may make a videotape of the child or norize the recording of the child's voice if the videotape or re- ding is to be used only for purposes of safety, including the ntenance of order and discipline in common areas of the school on school buses. <i>Education Code 26.009(b)(1)</i>		
Teacher Documentation	A teacher may document any conduct by a student that does not conform to the Student Code of Conduct and may submit that documentation to the principal. A district may not discipline a teacher on the basis of the submitted documentation. <i>Education Code 37.002(b-1)</i>			
Reports Disciplinary	For each placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP), a district shall annually report to the commissioner:			
Alternative Education Programs	1.	Information identifying the student, including the student's race, sex, and date of birth, that will enable TEA to compare placement data with information collected through other reports;		
	2.	Information indicating whether the placement was based on:		
		a. Conduct violating the Student Code of Conduct;		
		 b. Conduct for which a student may be removed from class by a teacher [see FOA and the Student Code of Con- duct]; 		
	40	0 -5 40		

		C.	Conduct for which placement in a DAEP is required [see FOC and the Student Code of Conduct]; or			
		d.	Conduct occurring while a student was enrolled in an- other district and for which placement in a DAEP is per- mitted by Education Code 37.008(j);			
	3.	the	number of full or partial days the student was assigned to program and the number of full or partial days the student nded the program; and			
	4.	guio	e number of placements that were inconsistent with the delines on length of placement in the Student Code of nduct.			
Expulsions		For each expulsion, a district shall annually report to the commis- sioner:				
	1.	Information identifying the student, including the student's race, sex, and date of birth, that will enable TEA to compare placement data with information collected through other reports;				
	2.	Info	rmation indicating whether the expulsion was based on:			
		а.	Conduct for which expulsion is required, including infor- mation specifically indicating whether a student was ex- pelled for bringing a firearm to school; or			
		b.	Conduct for which expulsion is permitted;			
	3.	The	number of full or partial days the student was expelled;			
	4.	Info	rmation indicating whether:			
		a.	The student was placed in a JJAEP;			
		b.	The student was placed in a DAEP; or			
		C.	The student was not placed in a JJAEP or other alterna- tive education program; and			
	5.	The number of expulsions that were inconsistent with the guidelines on length of expulsion in the Student Code of Coduct.				
Out-of-School Suspensions		For each out-of-school suspension under Education Code 37. a district shall report:				
	1.	race	rmation identifying the student, including the student's e, sex, and date of birth, that will enable TEA to compare cement data with information collected through other re- is;			
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- 2. Information indicating the basis for the suspension;
- 3. The number of full or partial days the student was suspended; and
- 4. The number of out-of-school suspensions that were inconsistent with the guidelines included in the Student Code of Conduct under Education Code 37.001(a)(3) [see Student Code of Conduct, item 3, above].

Education Code 37.020

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT DISCIPLINE FO REMOVAL BY TEACHER OR BUS DRIVER (LEGA				
Mandatory Removal by a Teacher	A teacher shall remove from class and send to the principal for placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) or expulsion, as appropriate, a student who engages in conduct described in Education Code 37.006 (removal) or 37.007 (expulsion). [See FOC and FOD] <i>Education Code 37.002(d)</i>			
Routine Referral	A teacher may send a student to the campus behavior coordina- tor's (CBC) office to maintain effective discipline in the classroom. The CBC shall respond by employing appropriate discipline man- agement techniques, consistent with the Student Code of Conduct that can reasonably be expected to improve the student's behavior before returning the student to the classroom. If the student's be- havior does not improve, the CBC shall employ alternative disci- pline management techniques, including any progressive interven- tions designated as the responsibility of the CBC in the Student Code of Conduct. <i>Education Code 37.002(a)</i> [See FO]			
Discretionary	A teacher may remove from class a student:			
Removal	 Who has been documented by the teacher to re fere with the teacher's ability to communicate eff the students in the class or with the ability of the classmates to learn; or 	fectively with		
	2. Whose behavior the teacher determines is so un tive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with the ability to communicate effectively with the studen class or with the ability of the student's classmal	e teacher's nts in the		
	Education Code 37.002(b)			
Reporting Classroom Removals	A student who is sent to the campus behavior coordinator's or other administrator's office under a routine referral or a discretion- ary removal, as described above, is not considered to have been removed from the classroom for the purposes of reporting data through the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS) or other similar reports required by state or federal law. <i>Education Code 37.002(e)</i>			
	[See DNA for information about teacher evaluations a nary referrals.]	nd discipli-		
Placement of Student	If a teacher removes a student from class under the provisions above, the principal may place the student in another appropriate classroom, in-school suspension, or DAEP [see FOC]. <i>Education Code 37.002(c)</i>			
Conference by Third Day Required	Not later than the third class day after the day on which a student is removed from class by the teacher under the above provision or by the school principal or other appropriate administrator under the			
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STUDENT DISCIPLINE REMOVAL BY TEACHER OR BUS DRIVER

	other app the camp tor, a para student fr student is moval, ar tunity to r not be ref Following son is in a tendance the mitiga	Code of Conduct, the campus behavior coordinator or propriate administrator shall schedule a conference among us behavior coordinator or other appropriate administra- ent or guardian of the student, the teacher removing the rom class, if any, and the student. At the conference, the sentitled to written or oral notice of the reasons for the re- nexplanation of the basis for the removal, and an oppor- espond to the reasons for the removal. The student may sturned to the regular classroom pending the conference. In the conference, and whether or not each requested per- attendance after valid attempts to require the person's at- , the campus behavior coordinator, after consideration of ating factors (see below), shall order the placement of the or a period consistent with the Student Code of Conduct.	
Appeals	board's d other app tion 37.00	policy allows a student to appeal to the board or the esignee, a decision of the campus behavior coordinator or propriate administrator, other than an expulsion under Sec- 07, the decision of the board or the board's designee is fi- nay not be appealed.	
Placement Length	a review, safety of	d of the placement may not exceed one year unless, after the district determines that the student is a threat to the other students or to district employees. The student may turned to the regular class pending the required confer-	
	Education	n Code 37.009(a)	
Mitigating Factors	The CBC must consider whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct. <i>Education Code 37.009(a)</i>		
	[See Stud ing factor	dent Code of Conduct, item 4, at FO(LEGAL) for mitigat- s.]	
Prohibitions on Activities	or particip	s of the removal may prohibit the student from attending pating in school-sponsored or school-related activities. <i>Ed-</i> <i>code 37.002(c)</i>	
	Note:	A power granted to a campus principal under Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A may be exercised by the CBC.	

STUDENT DISCIPLINE REMOVAL BY TEACHER OR BUS DRIVER

Return to Class	The principal may not return the student to the class of the teacher who removed the student without the teacher's consent, unless the placement review committee determines that such placement is the best or only alternative available.					
	If the teacher removed the student from class because the student engaged in the elements of an offense listed in Education Code $37.006(a)(2)(B)$ or $37.007(a)(2)(A)$ or $(b)(2)(C)$ (assault, sexual assault, assault against a district employee or volunteer) against the teacher, the student may not be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent.					
	Educa	tion Code 37.002(c), (d)				
Placement Review Committee	mine t of a st	chool shall establish a three-member committee to deter- ne placement of a student when a teacher refuses the return udent to the teacher's class. The committee shall make rec- ndations to the district regarding readmission of expelled stu-				
Composition	Comm	ittee members shall be appointed as follows:				
		ampus faculty shall choose two teachers to serve as mem- ers and one teacher to serve as an alternate member; and				
		he principal shall choose one member from the professional aff of a campus.				
	The teacher refusing to readmit the student may not serve on the committee.					
	Education Code 37.003					
Removal by School Bus Driver	The driver of a school bus transporting students to or from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity may send a stu- dent to the principal's office to maintain effective discipline on the school bus.					
	The principal shall respond by employing appropriate discipline management techniques consistent with the Student Code of Conduct.					
	Education Code 37.0022					
	Note:	See FOF for provisions concerning students with disabil- ities.				

Denton ISD 061901							
STUDENT DISCIPLINE FO OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION (LEGA							
Suspension Authorized	stud Con	The principal or other appropriate administrator may suspend a student who engages in conduct identified in the Student Code of Conduct as conduct for which a student may be suspended. <i>Education Code 37.005(a)</i>					
Maximum Length		ispen)05(b	sion may not exceed three school days. <i>Educatic</i>)	on Code			
	[See FO for provisions regarding coursework to students in s pension.]						
Students Below Grade 3	A student who is enrolled in a grade level below grade 3 may not be placed in out-of-school suspension unless while on school property erty or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activ- ity on or off of school property, the student engages in:						
	1.	. Conduct that contains the elements of an offense related to weapons under Penal Code 46.02 or 46.05;					
	2.		duct that contains the elements of a violent offen d under Penal Code 22.01, 22.011, 22.02, 22.021				
	3.		ing, giving, or delivering to another person or pos g, or being under the influence of any amount of:	-			
		a.	Marihuana or a controlled substance, as defined Health and Safety Code Chapter 481, or by 21 I Section 801 et seq.;				
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by Health and Sa Code Chapter 483; or	fety			
		C.	An alcoholic beverage, as defined by Alcoholic I Code 1.04.	3everage			
	Education Code 37.005(c)						
Students Who Are Homeless	A district may not place a student who is homeless in out-of-school suspension unless the student engages in conduct described at items 1–3, above, while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. The campus behavior coordinator may coordinate with the district's homeless education liaison to identify appropriate alternatives to out-of-school suspension for a student who is homeless. In Education Code 37.005(d), "student who is homeless" has the meaning assigned to the term "homeless children and youths" under 42 U.S.C. Section 11434a. <i>Education Code 37.005(d)</i>						
Positive Behavior Program	A district may develop and implement a program, in consultation with campus behavior coordinators employed by the district [see FO] and representatives of a regional education service center,						

STUDENT DISCIPLINE OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION

that provides a disciplinary alternative for a student enrolled in a grade level below grade 3 who engages in conduct described by Education Code 37.005(a) [at Suspension Authorized, above] and is not subject to 37.005(c) [at Students below Grade 3, above]. The program must:

- 1. Be age-appropriate and research-based;
- 2. Provide models for positive behavior;
- 3. Promote a positive school environment;
- 4. Provide alternative disciplinary courses of action that do not rely on the use of in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, or placement in a disciplinary alternative education program to manage student behavior; and
- 5. Provide behavior management strategies including:
 - a. Positive behavioral intervention and support;
 - b. Trauma-informed practices;
 - c. Social and emotional learning;
 - d. A referral for services, as necessary; and
 - e. Restorative practices.

A district may annually conduct training for district staff on the program adopted.

Education Code 37.0013

Denton ISD 061901						
STUDENT DISCIPLINE FO PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING (LEGA						
Removal Under Student Code of Conduct	ize c fer a	The Student Code of Conduct must specify conditions that author- ize or require a principal or other appropriate administrator to trans- fer a student to a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP). <i>Education Code</i> $37.001(a)(2)$				
Mandatory Placement in DAEP	A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct described in Education Code 37.006 that requires placement. <i>Education Code 37.006</i>					
School-Related Misconduct	stud the e	ent e eleme	shall be removed from class and placed in a DA ngages in conduct involving a public school that ents of the offense of false alarm or report under 06, or terroristic threat under Penal Code 22.07.	contains		
	A student shall also be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student commits the following on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-re- lated activity on or off school property:					
	1.	Eng	ages in conduct punishable as a felony.			
	2.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of as Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).	sault, un-		
	3.	Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of:				
		a.	Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined Texas Controlled Substances Act, Health and S Code Chapter 481, or by 21 U.S.C. 801, et seq.	afety		
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by the Texas Dan Drug Act, Health and Safety Code Chapter 483.	-		
	4.	Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic bev age, as defined by Alcoholic Beverage Code 1.04, or comr a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcoho or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of an alcohol beverage.				
	5.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offer relating to an abusable volatile chemical under Health an Safety Code 485.031 through 485.034.				
	6.		ages in conduct that contains the elements of the ublic lewdness under Penal Code 21.07.	offense		
	7.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of the decent exposure under Penal Code 21.08.	offense		

STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

8. Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7) against an employee of the district. Education Code 37.006(a) Exception Removal to a DAEP for school-related misconduct is not required if the student is expelled for the same conduct. Education Code 37.006(m) Retaliation Except where a student engages in retaliatory acts against a district employee for which expulsion is mandatory [see FOD], a student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct on or off school property containing the elements of retaliation under Penal Code 36.06. against any school employee. Education Code 37.006(b) Conduct Unrelated In addition to the circumstances listed above, a student shall be reto School moved from class and placed in a DAEP based on conduct occurring off campus and while the student is not in attendance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity if: The student receives deferred prosecution under Family Code 1. 53.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03; 2. A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct under Family Code 54.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03; or 3. The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03. Education Code 37.006(c) Reasonable In determining whether there is a reasonable belief that a student Belief has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense, a superintendent or a superintendent's designee may consider all available information and must consider the information furnished under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27 other than information requested under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27(k-1). Education Code 37.006(e); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a) [See GRAA] Title 5 Felonies The following are felony offenses listed in Penal Code, Title 5, Offenses Against the Person.

FOC (LEGAL)

- 1. Murder. *Penal Code 19.02*
- 2. Capital Murder. Penal Code 19.03
- 3. Manslaughter. *Penal Code 19.04*
- 4. Criminally Negligent Homicide. *Penal Code 19.05*
- 5. Unlawful Restraint, if:
 - a. The person restrained was younger than 17 years of age; or
 - b. The actor recklessly exposes the victim to a substantial risk of serious bodily injury; restrains an individual the actor knows is a public servant while the public servant is lawfully discharging an official duty or in retaliation or on account of an exercise of official power or performance of an official duty; or while in custody restrains any other person.

Penal Code 20.02

- 6. Kidnapping. *Penal Code 20.03*
- 7. Aggravated Kidnapping. Penal Code 20.04
- 8. Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.05
- 9. Continuous Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.06
- 10. Trafficking of Persons. *Penal Code 20A.02*
- 11. Continuous Trafficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.03
- 12. Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Children. *Penal Code 21.02*
- 13. Bestiality. Penal Code 21.09
- 14. Indecency with a Child. *Penal Code 21.11*
- 15. Improper Relationship between Educator and Student. *Penal Code 21.12*
- 16. Invasive Visual Recording. Penal Code 21.15
- 17. Unlawful Disclosure or Promotion of Intimate Visual Material. *Penal Code 21.16*
- 18. Voyeurism, if the victim was younger than 14 years of age at the time of the offense. *Penal Code 21.17*
- 19. Sexual Coercion. Penal Code 21.18

20.	Assault, if the offense is punishable as a felony. <i>Penal Code</i> 22.01
21.	Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.011
22.	Aggravated Assault. Penal Code 22.02
23.	Aggravated Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.021
24.	Injury to a Child, Elderly Individual, or Disabled Individual. <i>Pe-nal Code</i> 22.04
25.	Abandoning or Endangering a Child. Penal Code 22.041
26.	Deadly Conduct, if the person knowingly discharges a firearm at or in the direction of one or more individuals, or at or in the direction of a habitation, building, or vehicle and is reckless as to whether the habitation, building, or vehicle is occupied. <i>Pe- nal Code 22.05</i>
27.	Terroristic Threat, if the actor threatens to commit any offense involving violence to any person or property with intent to:
	 Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily in- jury if the actor knows the person is a peace officer or judge;
	b. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building, room, place of assembly, place to which the public has access, place of employment or occupation, aircraft, au- tomobile, or other form of conveyance, or other public place if the prevention or interruption causes pecuniary loss of \$1,500 or more to the owner;
	 Cause impairment or interruption of public communica- tions, public transportation, public water, gas, or power supply or other public service;
	 Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
	e. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision.
	Penal Code 22.07
28.	Aiding Suicide, if the conduct causes suicide or attempted sui- cide that results in serious bodily injury. <i>Penal Code 22.08</i>
29.	Tampering with Consumer Product. Penal Code 22.09

	30.	Harassment by Persons in Certain Facilities or of Public Servant. <i>Penal Code 22.11</i>			
Sexual Assault of Another Student	A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP or ju- venile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) if:				
	1.	The student was convicted of, received adjudication for, or was placed on probation for sexual assault of another student while the students were assigned to the same campus, re- gardless of whether the assault occurred on or off school property;			
	2.	The parent of the victim of the assault has requested that the student be transferred to a campus other than that to which the victim is assigned; and			
	3.	There is only one campus in a district serving the grade level in which the student is enrolled.			
	<i>Education Code 25.0341, 37.0051(a)</i> [See FDE at Sexual Assault Transfer—Transfer of Assailant]				
	of pl	nitation imposed by Education Code Chapter 37 on the length acement in a DAEP or a JJAEP does not apply to a placement er this provision. <i>Education Code 37.0051(b)</i>			
Permissive Removal Non-Title 5 Felony	on c	udent may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP based onduct occurring off campus and while the student is not in at- ance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity if:			
	1.	The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief [see Reasonable Belief, above] that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense other than aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03, or those offenses listed in Penal Code Title 5 [see above at Title 5 Felonies]; and			
	2.	The continued presence of the student in the regular class- room threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.006(d)–(e)			
Bullying	A stı stud	udent may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the ent:			
	1.	Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;			
	2.	Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or			

	 Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
	Nothing in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding of intimate visual material of a minor.
<i>Definitions</i> Bullying	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]
Intimate Visual Material	"Intimate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- tice and Remedies Code 98B.001.
	Education Code 37.0052
One Year After Conduct	A principal or other appropriate administrator may, but is not re- quired to, remove a student to a DAEP for off-campus conduct, for which removal would otherwise be required, if the principal or other appropriate administrator did not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred. <i>Edu- cation Code 37.006(n)</i>
Certain Organization and Gang Membership and Solicitation	A board or an educator shall recommend placing in DAEP any stu- dent who commits the misdemeanor offenses described in Educa- tion Code 37.121(a) and (c), regarding membership in or solicita- tion to join a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang [see FNCC]. <i>Education Code 37.121(b)</i>
Older Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a dis- trict for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is not eligible for placement in a DAEP if the person engages in con- duct that would require or authorize such placement for a student under the age of 21. If the student engages in such conduct, the district shall revoke the student's admission. <i>Education Code</i> <i>25.001(b-1)</i>
Placement of Younger Students	A student who is younger than ten shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct for which expulsion would be required by Section 37.007. <i>Education Code 37.006(f), .007(e)</i> [See FOD]
Students Younger Than Six	Notwithstanding any other provision of the Education Code, a stu- dent who is younger than six years of age may not be removed from class and placed in a DAEP, except that a student younger than six years of age who has been expelled pursuant to the Gun Free Schools Act [see FOD] shall be provided educational services in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.006(l), .007(e)(2)</i>

Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT DISCIPLINE	FOC
PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	(LEGAL)

Process for Removal Conference	Not later than the third class day after a student is removed by a teacher or by the school principal or other appropriate administrator, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference among the CBC or other appropriate administrator, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher removing the student from class, if any, and the student. At the conference, the student is entitled to written or oral notice of the reasons for the removal, an explanation of the basis for the removal, and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the removal. The student may not be returned to the regular class pending the conference.
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- Mitigating Factors Before ordering removal to a DAEP, the CBC must consider whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whether the decision of the behavior coordinator concerns a mandatory or discretionary action.
- Order Following the conference, and whether or not each requested person is in attendance after valid attempts to require the person's attendance, the CBC, after considering any mitigating factors under Education Code 37.001(a)(4) [see FO], shall order the placement of the student for a period consistent with the Student Code of Conduct.
- Appeal If district policy allows a student to appeal to the board or the board's designee a decision of the CBC or other appropriate administrator, the decision of the board or the board's designee is final and may not be appealed.

Education Code 37.009(a) [See Student Code of Conduct]

Term of Removal The period of the placement after removal may not exceed one year unless, after a review, a district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees. *Education Code* 37.009(a)

A board or designee shall set a term for a student's placement in a DAEP. If the period of placement is inconsistent with the guidelines in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notice of the inconsistency. The period of placement in a DAEP may not exceed one year unless, after a review, a district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees or extended placement is in the best interest of the student. *Education Code 37.009(d)*

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT DISCIPLINEFOCPLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING(LEGAL)			
Beyond Grading Period or 60 Days	If placement in a DAEP is to extend beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period, whichever is earlier, the student's parent or guardian is entitled to notice of and an opportunity to participate in a proceeding before a board or designee.		
No Appeal	Any decision of a board or designee concerning placement beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period is final and cannot be appealed.		
	Education Code 37.009(b)		
Beyond End of School Year	Before a student may be placed in a DAEP for a period that ex- tends beyond the end of the school year, a board or designee must determine that:		
	 The student's presence in the regular classroom program or at the student's regular campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or another individual; or 		
	 The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior that violates the Student Code of Conduct. 		
	Education Code 37.009(c)		
Order of Removal	A board or designee shall deliver to the student and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the order placing the student in a DAEP. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009(g)		
	Not later than the second business day after the date of the re- moval conference, a board or designee shall deliver a copy of the order placing the student in a DAEP and any information required under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the juvenile resides. <i>Education Code</i> 37.010(a)		
Activities	The terms of a placement under Education Code 37.006 must pro- hibit the student from attending or participating in school-spon- sored or school-related activities. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(g)		
	In addition to any notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 [see GRAA], a principal or designee shall inform each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the direction and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for, the instruction of a student who has engaged in conduct for which DAEP placement must or may be ordered.		
	Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any per- son not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as pro-		

		d or I	ate or federal law. An educator's certificate may be sus- revoked for intentional failure to keep such information l.	
	Education Code 37.006(o)			
Completion of Proceedings Upon Withdrawal	in a D compl rolls ir may e placer that he der af dent e	AEP i ete the nforc nent onore er the nrolls	withdraws from a district before an order for placement is entered, the principal or board, as appropriate, may ne proceedings and enter an order. If the student re-en- district the same or subsequent school year, the district e the order at that time except for any period of the that has been served by the student in another district ed the order. If the principal or board fails to enter an or- e student withdraws, the next district in which the stu- s may complete the proceedings and enter an order. <i>Ed- de 37.009(i)</i>	
Enrollment in Another District	If a student placed in a DAEP enrolls in another district before the expiration of the placement, a board shall provide to the district in which the student enrolls a copy of the placement order at the same time it provides other records. The district in which the stu- dent enrolls shall inform each educator who will have responsibility for, or will be under the direction and supervision of an educator who will have responsibility for, the instruction of the student of the contents of the placement order. Each educator shall keep the in- formation confidential from any person not entitled to the infor- mation, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as provided by state or federal law.			
	ment	or allo	in which the student enrolls may continue the place- ow the student to attend regular classes. [See FO] The hich the student enrolls may take any of these actions	
	C	harte	tudent was placed in a DAEP by an open-enrollment or school and the charter school provides the district a of the placement order; or	
		he st tate a	tudent was placed in a DAEP by a district in another and:	
	a		The out-of-state district provides a copy of the placement order; and	
	b		The grounds for placement are the same as grounds for placement in the enrolling district.	
	Educa	tion (Code 37.008(j)	

STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

Out-of-State Placement	If a student was placed in a DAEP in another state for more than one year and the enrolling district continues the placement under Education Code 37.008(j), the enrolling district shall reduce the pe- riod of placement so that the aggregate period does not exceed one year unless the enrolling district determines that:						
	1.	The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or					
	2.	Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.					
	Edu	cation Code 37.008(j-1)					
Court-Ordered Placement	Unless a board and the juvenile board for the county in which a district's central administrative office is located have entered into a memorandum of understanding concerning the juvenile probation department's role in supervising and providing other support services for students in DAEP programs:						
	1.	A court may not order a student expelled under Section 37.007 to attend a school district DAEP as a condition of probation;					
	2.	A court may not order a student to attend a DAEP without a district's consent, until the student has successfully completed any sentencing requirements, if the court has ordered the student to attend a DAEP as a condition of probation once during a school year and the student is referred to juvenile court again during that school year.					
	Edu	ication Code 37.010(c)–(d)					
School Activities	tend	court placement in a DAEP must prohibit the student from at- ding or participating in school-sponsored or school-related activ- a. <i>Education Code 37.010(e)</i>					
Placement After Court Disposition	After the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements, including conditions of deferred prosecution or con- ditions required by the prosecutor or probation department, a dis- trict may not refuse to admit the student if the student meets the re- quirements for admission into the public schools. A district may place the student in the DAEP.						
	Notwithstanding Education Code 37.002(d) [see FOA], the student may not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose supervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent.						
	Education Code 37.010(f)						

STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

Not Guilty/ Insufficient Evidence/Charges Dropped	The office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official desig- nated by the juvenile board shall, within two working days, notify the school district that removed a student to a DAEP under Educa- tion Code 37.006 if:			
	 Prosecution of a student was refused for lack of prosecutor merit or insufficient evidence, and no formal proceedings, or ferred adjudication, or deferred prosecution will be initiated 	de-		
	 A court or jury found the student not guilty or made a findin the child did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct in cating a need for supervision and the case was dismissed with prejudice. 			
	On receipt of the notice, the superintendent or designee shall review the student's placement in the DAEP. The student may not returned to the regular classroom pending the review. The super tendent or designee shall schedule a review of the student's placement with the student's parent or guardian not later than the third class day after the superintendent or designee by the court.	be rin- ce- d		
	After reviewing the notice and receiving information from the stu dent's parent or guardian, the superintendent or designee may continue the student's placement in the DAEP if there is reason believe that the presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers.	to		
	Education Code 37.006(h); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(g	I)		
Appeal After Placement Upheld	The student or the student's parent or guardian may appeal a superintendent's decision to the board. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal. A board shat at the next scheduled meeting, review the notice provided by the office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official designate by the juvenile board; receive information from the student, the sedent's parent or guardian, and the superintendent or designee; a confirm or reverse the superintendent's decision. The board shat make a record of the proceedings.	- all, e ted stu- and		
	If a board confirms the decision, the board shall inform the stude and the student's parent or guardian of the right to appeal to the commissioner of education. The student may not be returned to regular classroom pending the appeal to the commissioner.	;		
	Education Code 37.006(i)–(j)			
120-Day Review of Status	A student placed in a DAEP shall be provided a review of the student's status, including a review of the student's academic statu by a board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the	S,		
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	case of a high school student, the board's designee, with the stu- dent's parent or guardian, shall review the student's progress to- ward meeting high school graduation requirements and shall es- tablish a specific graduation plan for the student. The district is not required to provide a course in the DAEP, except as required by Education Code 37.008(I). [See FOCA] At the review, the student or the student's parent or guardian must be given the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular class- room or campus. The student may not be returned to the class- room of the teacher who removed the student without that teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent. <i>Ed- ucation Code 37.009(e)</i>
Additional Proceedings	If, during the term of placement, a student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. <i>Education Code 37.009(j)</i>
Reporting	A district may include the number of students removed to a DAEP in its annual performance report. <i>Education Code 39.306(e)(5)</i> [See AIB]
	<i>Note:</i> See FOF for provisions concerning students with disabilities.

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PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING FOCA DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS (LEGAL						
	A disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) is an educa- tional and self-discipline alternative instruction program for stu- dents in elementary through high school grades who are removed from their regular classes for mandatory or discretionary discipli- nary reasons and placed in a DAEP. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(a)</i>					
Joint / Contracted DAEP	A district may provide a DAEP jointly with one or more oth tricts or may contract with third parties for DAEP services. trict must require and ensure compliance with district resp ties that are transferred to the third-party provider. <i>Educat</i> 37.008(d); 19 TAC 103.1201(d)	. The dis- oonsibili-				
	A DAEP may provide for a student's transfer to a different a school-community guidance center, or a community-bas native school. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(b)					
Community Organizations	A district shall cooperate with government agencies and c nity organizations that provide services in the district to st placed in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.008(e)</i>					
Funding	A student removed to a DAEP is counted in computing a care average daily attendance for the student's time in actual a ance in the program. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(f)					
	A district shall allocate to a DAEP the same expenditure p dent attending the DAEP that would be allocated to the st school if the student were attending the student's regularl signed education program, including a special education p <i>Education Code 37.008(g)</i> [See also EHBC(LEGAL), Limit DAEP Expenditures]	udent's y as- program.				
Location	A DAEP shall be provided in a setting other than the stude ular classroom and may be located on or off a regular sch pus. <i>Education Code 37.008(a)(1)–(2)</i>					
	An off-campus DAEP is not subject to a requirement import the Education Code, other than a limitation on liability, a re requirement, or a requirement imposed by Education Cod ter 37 or Chapter 39 or 39A. <i>Education Code 37.008(c)</i>	eporting				
	An elementary school student may not be placed in a DAI student who is not an elementary school student. The des of elementary and secondary is determined by adopted lo <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(<i>f</i>); 19 TAC 103.1201(<i>h</i>)(1)	signation				
	Students who are assigned to the DAEP shall be separate students who are not assigned to the program. Notwithsta this requirement, summer programs provided by the distri serve students assigned to a DAEP in conjunction with ot dents, as determined by local policy.	anding ct may				

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	
DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS	

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	Students in the DAEP shall be separated from students in a juve- nile justice alternative education program (JJAEP).
	Education Code 37.008(a)(3), (c); 19 TAC 103.1201(f)(3), (h)(3)
Safety	A district is responsible for the safety and supervision of the stu- dents assigned to the DAEP; however, the immunity from the liabil- ity established in Education Code 22.0511 [see DG], shall not be impacted. The DAEP staff shall be prepared and trained to respond to health issues and emergencies.
	Each district shall establish a board-approved policy for discipline and intervention measures to prevent and intervene against unsafe behavior and include disciplinary actions that do not jeopardize stu- dents' physical health and safety, harm emotional well-being, or discourage physical activity.
	19 TAC 103.1201(h)
Staffing	A DAEP shall employ only teachers who meet certification require- ments under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B. The certi- fied teacher-to-student ratio in a DAEP shall be one teacher for each 15 students in elementary through high school grades. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code</i> 37.008(a)(7); 19 TAC 103.1201(h)(1)
	Staff at each DAEP shall participate in training programs on educa- tion, behavior management, and safety procedures that focus on positive and proactive behavior management strategies. The train- ing programs must also target prevention and intervention that in- clude:
	 Training on the education and discipline of students with disa- bilities who receive special education services;
	2. Instruction in social skills and problem-solving skills that ad- dresses diversity, dating violence, anger management, and conflict resolution to teach students how to interact with teachers, family, peers, authority figures, and the general pub- lic; and
	 Annual training on established procedures for reporting abuse, neglect, or exploitation of students.
	19 TAC 103.1201(i)
Entrance Procedures	Procedures for each DAEP shall be developed and implemented for newly-entering students and their parents or guardians on the expectations of the DAEP. These procedures shall include written contracts between students, parents or guardians, and the DAEP that formalize expectations and establish the students' individual plans for success. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(j)</i>

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

FOCA (LEGAL)

Academics	The academic mission of DAEPs shall be to enable students to perform at grade level. A DAEP shall focuses on English language arts, mathematics, science, history, and self-discipline. <i>Education Code 37.008(a)(4), (m)</i>
	A district shall provide an academic and self-discipline program that leads to graduation and includes instruction in each student's currently enrolled foundation curriculum necessary to meet the stu- dent's individual graduation plan, including special education ser- vices. A student's four-year graduation plan (Minimum, Recom- mended, or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement) may not be altered when the student is assigned to a DAEP.
Opportunity to Complete Course	A district shall offer a student removed to a DAEP an opportunity to complete a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal, before the beginning of the next school year, through any method available, including a correspond- ence course, distance learning, or summer school. The district may not charge the student for a course provided under this provision.
	Education Code 37.008(I); 19 TAC 103.1201(f)
	A district shall provide the parents of a student removed to a DAEP with written notice of the district's obligation to provide the student with an opportunity to complete coursework required for graduation. The notice must include information regarding all methods available for completing the coursework and state that the methods are available at no cost to the student. <i>Education Code</i> 37.008(<i>l</i> -1)
Accountability	The campus of accountability for student performance must be the student's locally assigned campus, including when the district or shared services arrangement contracts with a third party for DAEP services. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(e)</i>
Academic Assessments	A district shall administer to a student placed in a DAEP program for a period of 90 school days or longer an assessment instrument:
	1. Initially on placement of the student in the program; and
	2. Subsequently on the date of the student's departure from the program, or as near that date as possible.
	Released state assessments for reading and mathematics for the appropriate grade may be used. A district may apply for approval of an assessment that includes the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) for reading and mathematics for the student's as- signed grade. The commissioner will publish on the Texas Educa- tion Agency (TEA) website a list of assessments approved for use in each school year.

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

	The grade level of an assessment shall be based upon the aca- demic grade completed prior to the student being assigned to a DAEP if placement occurs in the fall or first semester of the aca- demic school year. If placement occurs in the spring or second se- mester of the academic school year, the student shall be adminis- tered an assessment based on the current grade level.
	Each district shall provide an academic report to the student's lo- cally assigned campus, which shall include the pre- and post-as- sessment results of the student's basic skills in reading and mathe- matics, within ten days of the student completing the post- assessment.
	Procedures for administering the pre- and post-assessment shall be developed and implemented in accordance with local school district policy.
	A student in the district's DAEP must also be assessed under the requirements of the Education Code Chapter 39. [See EKB]
	Education Code 37.0082; 19 TAC 103.1203
Special Populations Special Education	A DAEP serving a student with a disability who receives special ed- ucation services shall provide educational services that will support the student in meeting the goals identified in the individualized edu- cation program (IEP) established by a duly-constituted admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, in accordance with Educa- tion Code 37.004 and federal requirements. <i>19 TAC 103.1201(g)</i>
Drug and Alcohol Treatment	A program of educational and support services may be provided to a student and the student's parents when the offense involves drugs or alcohol as specified under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007. A DAEP that provides chemical dependency treatment ser- vices must be licensed under Health and Safety Code Chapter 464. <i>Education Code 37.008(k)</i>
Transition Services	The transition services established for a student who is exiting a DAEP and returning to the student's locally assigned campus shall be implemented and updated annually as needed. The transition procedures shall include:
	 An established timeline for the student's transition from the DAEP to the student's locally assigned campus; and
	2. Written and oral communication from the DAEP staff to the lo- cally assigned campus during the student's assignment to the DAEP, including the student's educational performance and tasks completed.
	19 TAC 103.1201(k)

PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

Transition to the Regular Classroom	"Alte	"Alternative education program" includes:				
	1.		sciplinary alternative education program operated by a ool district or open-enrollment charter school;			
	2.	A ju	venile justice alternative education program; and			
	3.	with	sidential program or facility operated by or under contract the Texas Juvenile Justice Department, a juvenile board, ny other governmental entity.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.023(a)				
After Determination of the Release Date	term	As soon as practicable after an alternative education program de- termines the date of a student's release from the program, the al- ternative education program administrator shall:				
	1.	Pro	vide written notice of that date to:			
		a.	The student's parent or a person standing in parental re- lation to the student; and			
		b.	The administrator of the campus to which the student in- tends to transition; and			
	2.	Prov	vide the campus administrator:			
		a.	An assessment of the student's academic growth while attending the alternative education program; and			
		b.	The results of any assessment instruments administered to the student.			
	Edu	catio	n Code 37.023(b)			
Coordination After Release	leas trato roor	e froi or sha n. Th	than five instructional days after the date of a student's re- m an alternative education program, the campus adminis- all coordinate the student's transition to a regular class- e coordination must include assistance and endations from:			
	1.	Sch	ool counselors;			
	2.	Sch	ool district peace officers;			
	3.	Sch	ool resource officers;			
	4.		nsed clinical social workers as defined by Occupations le 505.002;			
	5.	Can	npus behavior coordinators;			
	6.		ssroom teachers who are or may be responsible for imple- nting the student's personalized transition plan; and			
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PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION PROGRAM OPERATIONS

	7.	Any	other appropriate school district personnel.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(c)		
Personalized Transition Plan	The assistance described above must include a personalized tran- sition plan for the student developed by the campus administrator. A personalized transition plan:				
	1.		t include recommendations for the best educational ement of the student; and		
	2.	May	include:		
		a.	Recommendations for counseling, behavioral manage- ment, or academic assistance for the student with a con- centration on the student's academic or career goals;		
		b.	Recommendations for assistance for obtaining access to mental health services provided by the district or school, a local mental health authority, or another private or pub- lic entity;		
		C.	The provision of information to the student's parent or a person standing in parental relation to the student about the process to request a full individual and initial evaluation of the student for purposes of special education services under Education Code 29.004; and		
		d.	A regular review of the student's progress toward the student's academic or career goals.		
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(d)		
Parent Meeting	sign pare	ee, sl	able, the campus administrator, or the administrator's de- hall meet with the student's parent or a person standing in relation to the student to coordinate plans for the student's		
Applicability	puls		n Code 37.023 applies only to a student subject to com- ttendance requirements under Education Code 25.085].		
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.023(e)–(f)		

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Students Younger Than Ten	shall	udent younger than ten years of age shall not be expelled but be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program EP). <i>Education Code 37.007(e)(2), (h)</i>
Overage Students	trict not e prog quire 21. l	rson who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a dis- for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is eligible for placement in a juvenile justice alternative education ram (JJAEP) if the person engages in conduct that would re- e or authorize such placement for a student under the age of f the student engages in such conduct, a district shall revoke student's admission. <i>Education Code 25.001(b-1)</i>
Mandatory Expulsion School Related	while	udent shall be expelled if the student, on school property or e attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or f school property:
	1.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of unlawfully carrying weapons under Penal Code 46.02 or el- ements of an offense relating to prohibited weapons under Penal Code 46.05 [see FNCG];
	2.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual as- sault, arson, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to com- mit murder or capital murder, indecency with a child, aggra- vated kidnapping, aggravated robbery, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide, or continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children, as those offenses are defined in the Penal Code; or
	3.	Commits a drug- or alcohol-related offense described at Education Code $37.006(a)(2)(C)$ or (D), if that conduct is punishable as a felony.
	Edu	cation Code 37.007(a)
Exception		udent may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs:
	1.	At an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; and
	2.	While participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wild- life Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department.
		section does not authorize a student to bring a firearm on ool property to participate in or prepare for a school-sponsored

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)
	shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity.
	Education Code 37.007(k), (l)
Retaliation	A district shall expel a student who engages in conduct that con- tains the elements of any offense listed above against any district employee or volunteer in retaliation for or as a result of the per- son's employment or association with a district, without regard to whether the conduct occurs on or off school property or while at- tending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. <i>Education Code 37.007(d)</i>
Federal Firearms Offense	In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, a district shall expel a student who brings a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. The student must be expelled from the student's regular campus for a period of at least one year, except that the superin- tendent may modify in writing the length of expulsion in the case of an individual student.
Exception	This provision shall not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored in- side a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities ap- proved and authorized by the district and the district adopts appro- priate safeguards to ensure student safety. [See also GKA].
Provision of Educational Services	A district or other local educational agency shall provide educa- tional services to an expelled student in a DAEP if the student is younger than ten years of age on the date of expulsion. A district or other local educational agency may provide educational services to an expelled student who is ten years of age or older in a DAEP.
	20 U.S.C. 7961; Education Code 37.007(e)
Definitions	For purposes of this provision:
School	"School" means any setting that is under the control and supervi- sion of a district for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the district. 20 U.S.C. 7961(f)
Firearm	"Firearm" means:
	 Any weapon (including a starter gun), which will or is de- signed to or which may readily be converted to expel a projec- tile by the action of an explosive;
	2. The frame or receiver of any such weapon;
	3. Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or
	4. Any destructive device. "Destructive device" means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas bomb, grenade, rocket hav-

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION

		ing a ter of scril a sh part know a pr and inch sign stru	a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile hav- an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quar- bunce, mine, or device similar to any of the preceding de- bed devices. It also means any type of weapon (other than notgun shell or a shotgun that is generally recognized as icularly suitable for sporting purposes) by whatever name wn which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel ojectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half in diameter; and any combination of parts either de- ned or intended for use in converting any device into a de- ctive device as described in this item, and from which a tructive device may be readily assembled.
	18 L	J.S.C	2. 921, 20 U.S.C. 7961(b)(3)
Discretionary Expulsion Threats	volv false	ing a e alar	t may be expelled if the student engages in conduct in- public school that contains the elements of the offense of m or report under Penal Code 42.06, or terroristic threat nal Code 22.07.
School-Related Conduct	feet real	of sc prop	t may be expelled if the student, while on or within 300 hool property, as measured from any point on the school's erty boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored -related activity on or off of school property:
	1.		s, gives, or delivers to another person, or possesses, s, or is under the influence of any amount of:
		a.	Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined by Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, or by 21 U.S.C. section 801 et seq.; or
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by Chapter 483, Health and Safety Code; or
		C.	An alcoholic beverage, as defined by Section 1.04, Alco- holic Beverage Code.
	2.	rela	ages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense ting to an abusable volatile chemical under Health and ety Code 485.031–485.034.
	3.	und	ages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense er Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) against a school district em- ee, or a volunteer as defined by Education Code 22.053.
	4.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense eadly conduct under Penal Code 22.05.
	Edu	catio	n Code 37.007(b)(1)–(2)

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION		FOD (LEGAL)			
Conduct Within 300 Feet of School	stud scho	ect to the mandatory expulsion requirement for retaliation, a ent may be expelled if the student, while within 300 feet of ool property, as measured from any point on the school's real erty boundary line, engages in the following conduct:			
	1.	Any conduct for which expulsion would have been mandatory under Education Code 37.007(a) [see Mandatory Expulsion— School Related, above]; or			
	2.	Possession of a firearm, as defined by 18 U.S.C. sec. 921 [see Federal Firearm Provision, above].			
	Educ	cation Code 37.007(b)(3)			
Retaliation Against School Employee or Volunteer	der F ation with off so scho	Ident may be expelled if the student engages in an assault, un- Penal Code $22.01(a)(1)$, on an employee or volunteer in retali- n for or as a result of the person's employment or association a district, without regard to whether the conduct occurs on or chool property or while attending a school-sponsored or pol-related activity on or off school property. <i>Education Code</i> 07(d)			
Conduct Against Another Student	again of ag arso muro duct spor	Ident may be expelled if the student engages in conduct inst another student that contains the elements of the offenses ggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, in, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to commit capital der, or aggravated robbery, without regard to whether the con- occurs on or off of school property or while attending a school- nsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. <i>Cation Code 37.007(b)(4)</i>			
Bullying	A stu	ident may be removed from class and expelled if the student:			
	1.	Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;			
	2.	Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or			
	3.	Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.			
		ing in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding timate visual material of a minor.			
<i>Definitions</i> Bullying	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]				
Intimate Visual Material		nate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- and Remedies Code 98B.001.			
	Educ	cation Code 37.0052			

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION		FOD (LEGAL)
Criminal Mischief	gage as de ony. refer	trict may use its discretion to expel a student who has en- ed in conduct that contains the elements of criminal mischief, efined in the Penal Code, if the conduct is punishable as a fel- Regardless of whether the student is expelled, a district shall the student to the authorized officer of the juvenile court. <i>Edu-</i> <i>in Code 37.007(f)</i>
Breach of Computer Security	conta	ident may be expelled if the student engages in conduct that ains the elements of the offense of breach of computer security or Penal Code 33.02 if:
	1.	The conduct involves accessing a computer, computer net- work, or computer system owned by or operated on behalf of a school district; and
	2.	The student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes school dis- trict property or information; or commits a breach of any other computer, computer network, or computer system.
	Educ	cation Code 37.007(b)(5)
Serious Misbehavior in DAEP	misb	ident placed in a DAEP who engages in documented serious ehavior while on the DAEP campus despite documented be- oral interventions may be removed from class and expelled.
	"Seri	ous misbehavior" means:
	1.	Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
	2.	Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
	3.	Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Penal Code 1.07; or
	4.	Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
		a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;
		b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;
		c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;
		d. Personal hazing under Penal Code 37.152; or
		e. Harassment, under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), of a student or district employee.
	stude	e student is expelled, a board or its designee shall refer the ent to the authorized officer of the juvenile court for appropriate eedings under Family Code Title 3 (Juvenile Justice Code).
	Educ	cation Code 37.007(c), .010(b)

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Property or	A district may expel a student who attends school in the district if:
Activities of Another District	 The student engages in conduct for which expulsion would have been mandatory if the conduct had occurred on district property or while attending a district-sponsored or district-re- lated activity; and
	 The student engages in that conduct on the property of an- other district or while attending a school-sponsored or school- related activity of another district in this state.
	Education Code 37.007(i)
Expulsion Proceedings Due Process	Before a student may be expelled, a board or its designee shall provide the student a hearing at which the student is afforded appropriate due process as required by the federal constitution and which the student's parent or guardian is invited, in writing, to attend. <i>Education Code</i> $37.009(f)$
	The minimum procedural requirements necessary to satisfy due process depend upon the circumstances and the interests of the parties involved. Federal due process requires notice and some opportunity for hearing.
Notice	The notice should contain a statement of the specific charges and grounds that, if proven, would justify expulsion. In some cases, the student should be given the names of the witnesses against him or her and an oral or written report on the facts to which each witness testifies.
Hearing	The rights of the student may properly be determined upon the hearsay evidence of school administrators who investigate disciplinary infractions.
	[See also Brewer v. Austin Indep. Sch. Dist., 779 F.2d 260 (5th Cir. 1985); Keough v. Tate County Bd. of Educ., 748 F.2d 1077 (5th Cir. 1984); McClain v. Lafayette County Sch. Bd. of Educ., 673 F.2d 106 (5th Cir. 1982); Tasby v. Estes, 643 F.2d 1103 (5th Cir. 1981); Boykins v. Fairfield Bd. of Educ., 492 F.2d 697 (5th Cir. 1974), cert. denied, 420 US 962 (1975); Dixon v. Alabama State Bd. of Educ., 294 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 930 (1961)]
Representative	At the hearing, the student is entitled to be represented by the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or another adult who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the district. If a dis- trict makes a good-faith effort to inform the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian of the time and place of the hearing, the district may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student, the student's parent or guardian, or another adult representing the stu- dent attends.

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Mitigating Factors	Before ordering the expulsion of a student, the board or the board's designee must consider whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whether the decision of the board concerns a mandatory or discretionary action. [See Student Code of Conduct, item 4, at FO(LE-GAL) for mitigating factors.]
Appeal	If the decision to expel a student is made by the board's designee, the decision may be appealed to the board. The decision of the board may be appealed by trial de novo to a district court of the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.
	Education Code 37.009(f)
Term of Expulsion	If the period of expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines on length of expulsion in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notice of the inconsistency.
Beyond One Year	The period of expulsion may not exceed one year unless a district determines that:
	 The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or
	2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.
	Education Code 37.009(h)
Notice of Expulsion Order To Parent or Guardian	A board or its designee shall deliver a copy of the order expelling the student to the student and the student's parent or guardian. Af- ter such notification, the parent or guardian shall provide adequate supervision for the student during the period of expulsion. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code</i> $37.009(g)-(h)$
To Court	Not later than the second business day after the date an expulsion hearing is held, a board or its designee shall deliver a copy of the expulsion order and any information required under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the student resides.
	Family Code 52.04 requires the following information from a refer- ring entity that is not a law enforcement agency or has not taken the child into custody:
	1. All information in a district's possession pertaining to the iden- tity of the child and the child's address; the name and address of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian; the names and

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		addresses of any witnesses; and the child's present wherea- bouts; and
	2.	A complete statement of the circumstances of the alleged de- linquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.
	Education Code 37.010(a); Family Code 52.04(a), .041(a)–(k	
To Juvenile Board	expe the j shal dete notif to co be p	county that operates a JJAEP [see FODA], no student shall be elled without written notification by a board or its designee to juvenile board's designated representative. The notification Il be made not later than two business days following a board's ermination that the student is to be expelled. Failure to timely fy the designated representative shall result in the child's duty ontinue attending a district's educational program, which shall provided to that child until such time as the notification to the ignated representative is properly made. <i>Family Code 52.041</i>
To Staff	In a	ddition to providing any notice required under Code of Criminal

r Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 [see GRA], a district shall inform each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the direction and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for, the instruction of a student who has engaged in expellable conduct.

> Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any person not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as provided by state or federal law. An educator's certificate may be suspended or revoked for intentional failure to keep such information confidential.

Education Code 37.007(g)

Completion of If a student withdraws from a district before an order for expulsion Proceeding Upon is entered, the principal or board, as appropriate, may complete the Withdrawal proceedings and enter an order. If the student subsequently enrolls in the district during the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time except for any period of the expulsion that has been served by the student in another district that honored the order. If the principal or board fails to enter an order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings and enter an order. Education Code 37.009(i) Additional If, during the term of expulsion, a student engages in additional

Proceedings conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. Education Code 37.009(j)

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Appeals	A decision by a board's designee to expel a student may be appealed to the board. If the hearing is not before the board directly, the results and findings of the hearing should be presented in a report open to the student's inspection. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009(f); <u>Dixon v. Alabama State Bd. of Educ.</u> , 294 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 930 (1961)
Restrictions on Court Orders	A court may not order an expelled student to attend a regular classroom, a regular campus, or a district DAEP as a condition of probation.
Exception	A court may order a student to attend a regular classroom, a regu- lar campus, or a district DAEP if the district has entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the juvenile board for the county in which the district's central administrative office is lo- cated, concerning the juvenile probation department's role in su- pervising and providing other support services for students in DAEPs.
	Education Code 37.010(c)
District Responsibility for Expelled Student Students Not Eligible for Existing JJAEP	In a county that operates a JJAEP, a district is responsible for providing an immediate educational program to a student who en- gages in behavior for which expulsion is permitted but not required under Education Code 37.007, but who is not eligible for admission into the JJAEP in accordance with an MOU. [See FODA]
Contracting for Services	A district may provide the program, or the district may contract with a county juvenile board, a private provider, or one or more other school districts to provide the program.
	Education Code 37.011(I)
Certain Districts	This provision applies to a district located in a county considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less because it has a population of more than 200,000 and less than 220,000; has five or more school districts located wholly within the county's boundaries; and has located in the county a JJAEP that, on May 1, 2011, served fewer than 15 students. A qualifying district shall provide educational services to a student who is expelled from school. The district is entitled to count the student in the district's average daily attendance for purposes of receipt of state funds under the Foun- dation School Program. An educational placement under this sec- tion may include:
	1. The district's DAEP.
	2. A contracted placement with another school district, an open- enrollment charter school, an institution of higher education,

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	an adult literacy council, or a community organization that can provide an educational program that allows the student to complete the credits required for high school graduation.
	An educational placement other than a district's DAEP is subject to the educational and certification requirements applicable to an open-enrollment charter school under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D.
	Education Code 37.011(a-3)–(a-5)
Return to Class Early / Permissive	On the recommendation of the placement review committee, or on its own initiative, a district may readmit an expelled student while the student is completing any court disposition requirements.
Required	After an expelled student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements, including conditions of a deferred prose- cution, or conditions required by the prosecutor or probation de- partment, a district may not refuse to admit the student if the stu- dent meets the requirements for admission. [See FD] A district may place the student in a DAEP.
	The student may not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose supervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent.
	Education Code 37.010(f)
Expelled from Another District	If a student has been expelled from another school district, the ex- pelling district shall provide to a district in which the student enrolls a copy of the expulsion order and the referral to the authorized of- ficer of the juvenile court. A district in which the student enrolls may continue the expulsion under the terms of the order, may place the student in a DAEP for the period specified by the expulsion order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes without complet- ing the period of expulsion.
Out-of-State Expulsion	A district may take any of the above actions if the student was ex- pelled by a district in another state if:
	 The out-of-state district provides a copy of the expulsion or- der; and
	2. The grounds for the expulsion are also grounds for expulsion in the district in which the student is enrolling.
	Education Code 37.010(g)
	If the student was expelled for more than one year and the enrol- ling district continues the expulsion or places the student in a

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DAEP, the aggregate period of expulsion or placement may not exceed one year unless the district determines that:

- 1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or
- 2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

Education Code 37.010(g-1)

Note: See FOF for provisions concerning expulsion of students with disabilities.

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Meetings with	Abo	A board or designee shall regularly meet with either:				
Juvenile Board	1.	. The juvenile board for the county in which a district's administrative office is located; or				
	2.	The	juvenile board's designee.			
	dres pelle	The meeting shall be called by the board president and shall a dress supervision and rehabilitative services appropriate for expelled students and students assigned to disciplinary alternative education programs (DAEPs).				
	Mat	ters fo	or discussion shall include:			
	1.	Ser	vice by probation officers at the DAEP site;			
	2.		ruitment of volunteers to serve as mentors and p ig services; and	rovide tu-		
	3.	Coo	rdination with other social service agencies.			
	Edu	icatioi	n Code 37.013			
Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program	und	er the	urposes of the following provisions, only a DAEP authority of a juvenile board of a county is consustice alternative education program (JJAEP).			
Mandatory JJAEP	125	,000 \$	nile board of a county with a population greater the shall develop a JJAEP, subject to the approval of venile Justice Department (TJJD).			
Voluntary JJAEP	may prov	The juvenile board of a county with a population of 125,000 or less may develop a JJAEP. Such a JJAEP is not required to be approved by the TJJD. Further, it is not subject to Education Code 37.011(c), (d), (f), (g), (k) or (m).				
	Education Code 37.011(a), (k), (m)					
County Population	A county with a population greater than 125,000 is considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less if:					
	1.	the 2 ente unde	county had a population of 125,000 or less acco 2000 federal census and the juvenile board of the ers into, with the approval of the TJJD, a memora erstanding (MOU) with each school district within hty that:	e county Indum of		
		a.	Outlines the responsibilities of the board and so tricts in minimizing the number of students expe- out receiving alternative educational services; a	elled with-		
		b.	Includes the coordination procedures required to tion Code 37.013, above.	oy Educa-		

	2.	ties, and	a population of 180,000 or less; is adjacent to two coun- , each of which has a population of more than 1.7 million; has seven or more school districts located wholly within county's boundaries.					
	3.	220 with	a population of more than 200,000 and less than ,000; has five or more school districts located wholly in the county's boundaries; and has located in the county IAEP that, on May 1, 2011, served fewer than 15 students.					
	Edι	Education Code 37.011(a-1)–(a-3)						
	Not	te:	The following provisions apply to all districts that operate JJAEPs, whether voluntary or mandatory.					
Placement of Students in JJAEP— Expelled Students	MO	U, im	led student shall, to the extent provided by law or by the mediately attend the educational program from the date of n. <i>Education Code 37.010(a)</i> [See FOD]					
Court-Ordered Placement	for (37.0 the 22.0	If a student admitted under Education Code 25.001(b) is expelled for conduct for which expulsion is required under Education Code 37.007(a), (d), or (e) or for conduct that contains the elements of the offense of terroristic threat as described by Penal Code 22.07(c-1), (d), or (e), the juvenile court, juvenile board, or juvenile board's designee, as appropriate, shall:						
	1.	54.0 whic con	e student is placed on probation under Family Code 04, order the student to attend the JJAEP in the county in ch the student resides from the date of disposition as a dition of probation, unless the child is placed in a post-ad- cation treatment facility;					
	2.	Cod requ cou	e student is placed on deferred prosecution under Family le 53.03 by the court, prosecutor, or probation department, uire the student to immediately attend the JJAEP in the nty in which the student resides for a period not to exceed months as a condition of the deferred prosecution;					
	3.	cou	etermining the condition of the deferred prosecution or rt-ordered probation, consider the length of a district's ex- sion order for the student; and					
	4.	JJA of th tion ucat	vide timely educational services to the student in the EP in the county in which the student resides, regardless ne student's age or whether the juvenile court has jurisdic- over the student. This provision does not require that ed- tional services be provided to a student who is not entitled dmission under Education Code 25.001(b).					
	<u> </u>							

Education Code 37.011(b)–(b-1)

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	for t agr	udent transferred to a JJAEP must participate in the p the full period ordered by the juvenile court, unless a d ees to accept the student before the date ordered by t court. <i>Education Code 37.011(i)</i>	listrict				
Students Who Move	cou cou to tl trict	student who is ordered to attend a JJAEP moves from nty to another, the juvenile court may request the JJAI nty to which the student moves to provide educational ne student in accordance with the local MOU between and the juvenile board in the receiving county. <i>Educa</i> 211(n)	EP in the services the dis-				
Entry and Exit Transition Plans	sch the exit and tran prog	For each student, the JJAEP must coordinate with the sending school district to develop a written transition plan for entrance into the JJAEP. For each student, the JJAEP must develop a written exit transition plan, provide the plan to the receiving school district, and maintain written verification that the plan was sent. The exit transition plan must include all information regarding courses in progress or completed, current grades for courses in progress, and the number of attendance days and absent days. <i>37 TAC 348.212(b)</i>					
	-	e FOCA for requirements regarding transition to the re sroom.]	gular				
Funding for JJAEPs Mandatory Expulsions	serv req tion	ept as determined by the commissioner of education, ved by a JJAEP on the basis of conduct for which expo uired under Education Code 37.007 is not eligible for F School Program funding if the JJAEP receives fundin TJJD. <i>Education Code 37.011(h)</i>	ulsion is ⁻ ounda-				
Court-Assigned Students	stud	A district is not required to provide funding to a juvenile board for a student who is assigned by a court to a JJAEP but who has not been expelled. <i>Education Code 37.012</i>					
Title 5 Felony Placements	A district shall reimburse a JJAEP in which a student is placed u der Education Code 37.0081 [see FOE] for the actual cost incur each day the student is enrolled in the program. For purposes of this subsection:						
	1.	The actual cost incurred each day for the student is mined by the juvenile board of the county operating gram; and					
	2.	The juvenile board shall determine the actual cost ea the program based on the board's annual audit.	ach day of				
	Edι	Education Code 37.0081(g)					

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Funding for Discretionary Expulsions	Subject to Education Code 37.011(n) [see Students Who Move, above], the district in which a student is enrolled on the date the student is expelled for conduct for which expulsion is permitted but not required under Education Code 37.007 shall, if the student is served by the JJAEP, provide funding to the juvenile board in an amount determined by the MOU under Education Code 37.011(k).				
	The amount of the funds transferred is determined by the school year for which the JJAEP provides education to a district.				
	Education Code 37.012(a)				
Arbitration of Disputes	If a district elects to contract with the juvenile board for ment of students who are expelled for conduct for whic is permitted but not required under Education Code 37. the juvenile board and the district are unable to reach a ment in the MOU, either party may request that the issu pute be referred to a binding arbitration process that us fied alternative dispute resolution arbitrator.	h expulsion 007, and in agree- ues of dis-			
	Each party shall pay its pro rata share of the arbitration shall submit its final proposal to the arbitrator. If the par agree on an arbitrator, the juvenile board shall select an the district shall select an arbitrator, and those two arbit select an arbitrator who shall decide the issues in dispu-	ties cannot n arbitrator, trators shall			
Decision of Arbitrator	The arbitration decision is enforceable in a court in the which the JJAEP is located. Any decision by an arbitrat ing the amount of the funding for a student who is expe- tending a JJAEP must provide an amount sufficient bas ation of the JJAEP. In determining the amount to be pa district for an expelled student enrolled in a JJAEP, the shall consider the relevant factors, including evidence of	or concern- illed and at- sed on oper- id by a arbitrator			
	 The actual average total per student expenditure i trict's DAEP; 	n the dis-			
	 The expected per student cost in the JJAEP as de agreed on in the MOU and in compliance with Edu Code Chapter 37; and 				
	3. The costs necessary to achieve the accountability der Education Code Chapter 37.	goals un-			
	Education Code 37.011(p)				
Fees	Except as otherwise authorized by law [see FP], a JJAI require a student, or the parent or guardian, to pay any ing an entrance or supply fee, for participating in the precation Code 37.012(e)	fee, includ-			
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Location and Staffing	may	/ prov	may be provided in a facility owned by a district. vide personnel and services for a JJAEP under a uvenile board. <i>Education Code 37.011(e)</i>	
Academic Mission of JJAEP			cally, the mission of the JJAEP shall be to enable n at grade level.	students
Accountability	and wer regi	39A, e enr	oses of accountability under Education Code Cha a student enrolled in a JJAEP is reported as if th olled at the student's assigned campus in the stu- assigned education program, including a special ram.	e student dent's
	Edu	icatio	n Code 37.011(h)	
Program Requirements	con	nply w	rograms operated under Education Code 37.011 <i>i</i> ith the requirements found at 37 Administrative C 348. <i>37 TAC 348.104(b)</i>	
	Not	te:	The following provisions apply only to districts to counties with a population greater than 125,000 not exempt from the application of the provision tailed in Education Code 37.011(a-1), (a-2), or (County Population, above].	that are s as de-
Memorandum of Understanding			and the county juvenile board shall, no later than each school year, enter into a joint MOU that:	Septem-
	1.		lines the responsibilities of the juvenile board con establishment and operation of a JJAEP;	cerning
	2.	trict JJA	ines the amount and conditions on payments from to the juvenile board for students who are served EP whose placement was not made on the basis required under Education Code 37.007(a), (d), c	l in the of expul-
	3.	stuc	ablishes that a student may be placed in the JJAE lent engages in serious misbehavior, as defined b on Code 37.007(c);	
	4.	tern	ntifies and requires a timely placement and specif n of placement for expelled students for whom the received a notice under Family Code 52.041(d);	
	5.	to th	ablishes services for the transitioning of expelled ne district before the completion of the student's p nt in the JJAEP;	
	6.		ablishes a plan that provides transportation servic lents placed in the JJAEP;	es for
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	7.	Establishes the circumstances and conditions under which a juvenile may be allowed to remain in the JJAEP setting once the juvenile is no longer under juvenile court jurisdiction; and
	8.	Establishes a plan to address special education services re- quired by law.
	Edu	ication Code 37.011(k)–(m)
		memorandum of understanding must be submitted to TJJD no r than October 1 of each year. <i>37 TAC 348.200(c)</i>
Placement in JJAEP	und	ry expelled student who is not detained or receiving treatment er an order of the juvenile court must be enrolled in an educa- al program. <i>Education Code 37.010(a)</i>
Operating Requirements	by t viev pos mer	a JJAEP shall be subject to a written operating policy developed he local juvenile justice board and submitted to the TJJD for re- v and comment. The JJAEP is not subject to a requirement im- ed by Education Code Title II, other than a reporting require- nt or a requirement imposed by Education Code Chapters 37, or 39A. <i>Education Code 37.011(g)</i>
Student Code of Conduct	with	JJAEP shall adopt a Student Code of Conduct in accordance Education Code 37.001. <i>Education Code 37.011(c); 37 TAC</i> 2.224
Educational Program		JJAEP shall focus on English language arts, mathematics, sci- e, social studies, and self-discipline.
Assessment		JJAEP shall administer assessment instruments under Educa- Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B.
Equivalency	The	JJAEP shall offer a high school equivalency program.
Review of Progress	gua den the revi tion the ess	a juvenile board or the board's designee, with the parent or rdian of each student, shall regularly review the student's aca- nic progress. In the case of a high school student, the board or board's designee, with the student's parent or guardian, shall ew the student's progress toward meeting high school gradua- requirements and shall establish a specific graduation plan for student. The program is not required to provide a course nec- ary to fulfill a student's high school graduation requirements er than a course specified above.
	Edu	ication Code 37.011(d)
Days and Hours	day wai	JJAEP must operate at least seven hours per day and 180 s per year, except that a JJAEP may apply to the TJJD for a ver of the 180-day requirement. The commissioner may not nt a waiver to a JJAEP for a number of days that exceeds the

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	highest number of instructional days waived by the comm during the same school year for a district served by the p <i>Education Code 37.011(f)</i>	
Performance Reports	TJJD completes a performance assessment report as red the General Appropriations Act. At mandatory JJAEPs (i.e JJAEPs whose operation is required by law), the JJAEP a trator must provide a copy of the report to the juvenile boa the superintendent of each school district that participates JJAEP. <i>37 TAC 348.300</i>	e., adminis- ard and

Nondiscrimination	No person shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any district program or activity. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000d</i>			
	An officer or employee of a district who is acting or purporting to act in an official capacity may not, because of a person's race, religion, color, sex, or national origin:			
	1.	Refuse to permit the person to use facilities open to the public and owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of the dis- trict;		
	2.	Refuse to permit the person to participate in a program owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of the district;		
	3.	Refuse to grant a benefit to the person; or		
	4.	Impose an unreasonable burden on the person.		
	Civi	il Practices and Remedies Code 106.001(a)		
Individuals with Disabilities	No qualified individual with a disability shall, by reason of such or ability, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefit			
Federal Prohibition	of the services, programs, or activities of a district, or be subjected to discrimination by a district. Nor shall a district exclude or otherwise deny equal services, programs, or activities to an individual because of the known disability of an individual with whom the individual is known to have a relationship or association. <i>42 U.S.C. 12132; 28 C.F.R. 35.130(g)</i>			
Definition	bility cies tran vice serv	qualified individual with a disability" is an individual with a disa- y who, with or without reasonable modifications to rules, poli- s, or practices, the removal of architectural, communication, or asportation barriers, or the provision of auxiliary aids and ser- es, meets the essential eligibility requirements for the receipt of vices or the participation in programs or activities provided by a rict. <i>42 U.S.C. 12131(2); 28 C.F.R. 35.104</i>		
Reasonable Modification	or p crim stra	istrict shall make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, procedures when the modifications are necessary to avoid dis- nination on the basis of disability, unless the district can demon- te that making the modifications would fundamentally alter the ure of the service, program, or activity. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.130(b)(7)</i>		
Communications	tion disa end	istrict shall take appropriate steps to ensure that communica- s with applicants, participants, and members of the public with abilities are as effective as communications with others. To this l, a district shall furnish appropriate auxiliary aids and services are necessary to afford an individual with a disability an equal		

	prog type mar	opportunity to participate in, and enjoy the benefits of, a service, program, or activity conducted by the district. In determining what type of auxiliary aid or service is necessary, a district shall give primary consideration to the requests of the individual with disabilities. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.160</i>				
Auxiliary Aids	"Au	xiliary aids and services" includes:				
and Services	1.	Qualified interpreters, note-takers, transcription services, writ- ten materials, assistive listening systems, and other effective methods for making aurally delivered materials available to in- dividuals with hearing impairments;				
	2.	Qualified readers, taped texts, audio recordings, Braille mate- rials, large print materials, or other effective methods for mak- ing visually delivered materials available to individuals with visual impairments;				
	3.	Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices; and				
	4.	Other similar services and actions.				
	28 (28 C.F.R. 35.104				
Limits of Required Modification	A district is not required to take any action that it can demonstrate would result in a fundamental alteration in the nature of a service, program, or activity or in undue financial and administrative bur- dens. Any decision that compliance with its responsibility to provid effective communication for individuals with disabilities would fun- damentally alter the service, program, or activity or unduly burder a district shall be made by a board after considering all resources available for use in funding and operating the program, service, o activity. The decision shall be accompanied by a written statemen of the reasons for reaching that conclusion. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.164</i>					
Notice	ciar visio its a The boa of th	istrict shall make available to applicants, participants, benefi- ies, and other interested persons information regarding the pro- ons of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and applicability to the services, programs, or activities of the district. e information shall be made available in such manner as the and superintendent find necessary to apprise such persons ne protections against discrimination assured them by the ADA. <i>C.F.R. 35.106</i>				
Compliance Coordinator	forts the cate	istrict shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its ef- s to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under Title II of ADA, including any investigation of any complaint communi- ed to it alleging its noncompliance or alleging any actions that uld be prohibited under the ADA. A district shall make available				

	to all interested individuals the name, office address, and tele- phone number of the employee(s) so designated and shall adopt and publish procedures for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited under the ADA. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107</i> [See DAA and GF]			
State Prohibition Nondiscrimination	No person with a disability may be denied admittance to any public facility in the state because of the person's disability. No person with a disability may be denied the use of a white cane, assistance animal, wheelchair, crutches, or other device of assistance.			
	allov facil pers	discrimination prohibited by this section includes a refusal to w a person with a disability to use or be admitted to any public ity, a ruse or subterfuge calculated to prevent or discourage a son with a disability from using or being admitted to a public fa- y and a failure to:		
	1.	Comply with Government Code Chapter 469;		
	2.	Make reasonable accommodations in policies, practices, and procedures; or		
	3.	Provide auxiliary aids and services necessary to allow the full use and enjoyment of the public facility.		
Regulations	Regulations relating to the use of public facilities by any designate class of persons from the general public may not prohibit the use of particular public facilities by persons with disabilities who, except for their disabilities or use of assistance animals or other devices for assistance in travel, would fall within the designated class.			
	Hun	nan Resources Code 121.003(c)–(e)		
Religious Freedom	A district may not substantially burden a person's free exercise religion, unless it is acting in furtherance of a compelling gover mental interest and has used the least restrictive means of furt ing that interest. <i>Civil Practice and Remedies Code 110.003</i> [S also DAA and FB]			
	ing t from trolle ual o of th tion vice pose mar	strict may not penalize or withhold benefits or privileges, includ- tax exemptions or governmental contracts, grants, or licenses, in a religious organization, an organization supervised or con- ed by or in connection with a religious organization, an individ- employed by a religious organization while acting in the scope that employment, or a clergy or minister, because the organiza- or individual refuses to solemnize any marriage or provide ser- s, accommodations, facilities, goods, or privileges for a pur- e related to the solemnization, formation, or celebration of any riage if the action would cause the organization or individual to ate a sincerely held religious belief. <i>Family Code 2.601–.602</i>		

Adverse Action Prohibited	Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not take any adverse action against any person based wholly or partly on the person's membership in, affiliation with, or contribution, donation, or other support provided to a religious organization. <i>Gov't Code 2400.002</i>				
Definitions	"Ad	"Adverse action" means any action taken by a district to:			
	1.	Withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, or otherwise deny any grant, contract, subcontract, cooperative agreement, loan, scholarship, license, registration, accreditation, employment, or other similar status from or to a person;			
	2.	Withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, or otherwise deny any benefit provided under a benefit program from or to a person;			
	3.	Alter in any way the tax treatment of, cause any tax, penalty, or payment assessment against, or deny, delay, or revoke a tax exemption of a person;			
	4.	Disallow a tax deduction for any charitable contribution made to or by a person;			
	5.	Deny admission to, equal treatment in, or eligibility for a de- gree from an educational program or institution to a person; or			
	6.	Withhold, reduce, exclude, terminate, or otherwise deny ac- cess to a property, educational institution, speech forum, or charitable fundraising campaign from or to a person.			
	"Benefit program" means any program administered or funded by a governmental entity or federal agency that provides assistance in the form of payments, grants, loans, or loan guarantees.				
	"Person" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 311.00 except the term does not include:				
	1.	An employee of a governmental entity acting within the em- ployee's scope of employment;			
	2.	A contractor of a governmental entity acting within the scope of the contract; or			
	3.	An individual or a medical or residential custodial health-care facility while the individual or facility is providing medically necessary services to prevent another individual's death or imminent serious physical injury.			
		ligious organization" means an organization that is a religious anization under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 110.011(b).			
	Gou	/'t Code 2400.001			

Exception for Prohibited Contracts or Investments	This prohibition does not apply to an investment or contract with a company that boycotts Israel prohibited under Government Code Chapters 808 or 2270. [See CH] <i>Gov't Code 2400.0015</i>				
Interpretation	This	This prohibition may not be construed to:			
	1.	Preempt a state or federal law that is equally or more protec- tive of the free exercise of religious beliefs or to narrow the meaning or application of a state or federal law protecting the free exercise of religious beliefs; or			
	2.	Prevent a district from providing, either directly or through a person who is not seeking protection under this prohibition, any benefit or service authorized under state or federal law.			
	Gov	Gov't Code 2400.005			
Social Security Numbers	It shall be unlawful for a district to deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law because of the individual's re- fusal to disclose his or her Social Security number.				
Exceptions	The above provision does not apply to:				
	1.	Any disclosure that is required by federal statute. The United States Internal Revenue Code provides that the Social Secu- rity number issued to an individual for purposes of federal in- come tax laws shall be used as the identifying number for tax- payers;			
	2.	Any disclosure to a district maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such dis- closure was required under statute or regulation adopted be- fore such date to verify the identity of an individual; or			
	3.	Any use for the purposes of establishing the identity of individ- uals affected by any tax, general public assistance, driver's li- cense, or motor vehicle registration law within a district's juris- diction.			
Statement of Uses	A district that requests disclosure of a Social Security number inform that individual whether the disclosure is mandatory or ve tary, by what statutory authority such number is solicited, and ve uses will be made of it.				
	5 U.S.C. 552a Note; PL 93-579, § 7, 88 Stat. 1896 (1974)				

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

Public Information Defined		For purposes of the Texas Public Information Act (PIA), "public in- formation" means information that is written, produced, collected, assembled, or maintained under a law or ordinance or in connec- tion with the transaction of official business:				
		1.	1. By a board;			
		2.	For a board and the board:			
			a.	Owns the information;		
			b.	Has a right of access to the information; or		
			C.	Spends or contributes public money for the purpose of writing, producing, collecting, assembling, or maintaining the information; or		
		3.	or e	In individual officer or employee of a district in the officer's mployee's official capacity and the information pertains to ial business of the district.		
		"Official business" means any matter over which a district has any authority, administrative duties, or advisory duties.				
	Information is "in connection with the transaction of official busi- ness" if the information is created by, transmitted to, received by, or maintained by an officer or employee of the district in the officer's or employee's official capacity, or a person or entity performing offi- cial business or a governmental function on behalf of a district, and pertains to official business of the district.					
		any (mair	elect ntaine	ition of "public information" above applies to and includes ronic communication created, transmitted, received, or ed on any device if the communication is in connection ransaction of official business.		
		Gov	't Coo	de 552.002(a)–(a-2), .003(2-a)		
Forms of Public Information		The general forms in which the media containing public in exist include a book, paper, letter, document, email, intern- ing, text message, instant message, other electronic com- tion, printout, photograph, film, tape, microfiche, microfilm stat, sound recording, map, and drawing and a voice, data video representation held in computer memory.				
		The	medi	a on which public information is recorded include:		
		1.	Pap	er;		
		2.	Film	, ,		

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

	3.	A magnetic, optical, solid state, or other device that can store an electronic signal;
	4.	Tape;
	5.	Mylar; and
	6.	Any physical material on which information may be recorded, including linen, silk, and vellum.
	Gov	r't Code 552.002(b)–(c)
Preservation of Information	curr Iaw	strict may determine a time for which information that is not rently in use will be preserved, subject to any applicable rule or governing the destruction and other disposition of state and lo- government records or public information.
	cal the pub	provisions of Chapter 441, Government Code and Title 6, Lo- Government Code (Local Government Records Act), governing preservation, destruction, or other disposition of records or lic information apply to records and public information held by a porary custodian.
	Gov	<i>'t Code 552.004(a), (c)</i> [See BBI, CPC, DH]
Temporary Custodians	who lic ir offic cluc info not	mporary custodian" means an officer or employee of a district o, in the transaction of official business, creates or receives pub- nformation that the officer or employee has not provided to the cer for public information or the officer's agent. The term in- des a former officer or employee who created or received public rmation in the officer's or employee's official capacity that has been provided to the officer for public information or the of- r's agent. <i>Gov't Code 552.003(7)</i>
No Property Right to Public Information	not forn the	urrent or former board member or employee of a district does have, by virtue of the board member's or officer's position or ner position, a personal or property right to public information board member or employee created or received while acting in official capacity.
Surrender or Return of Public Information	lic ir trict info	emporary custodian with possession, custody, or control of pub- nformation shall surrender or return the information to the dis- not later than the 10th day after the date the officer for public rmation or the officer's agent requests the temporary custodian urrender or return the information.
Disciplinary Action	mat	mporary custodian's failure to surrender or return public infor- ion as required is grounds for disciplinary action by the district iny other applicable penalties provided by the PIA or other law.

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM

Calculating Timelines	For purposes of requesting an attorney general opinion related to information surrendered or returned to a district by a temporary custodian, the district is considered to receive the request for that information on the date the information is surrendered or returned to the district. [See GBAA]
	Gov't Code 552.233
Online Message Board	If a board maintains an online message board or similar internet application under Government Code 551.006 [see BBI], and the board removes from the online message board or similar internet application a communication that has been posted for at least 30 days, the board shall maintain the posting for a period of six years. This communication is public information and must be disclosed in accordance with the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 551.006(d)</i>

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Right of Access to Public Information Availability	Public information is available, at a minimum, to the public during a district's normal business hours. <i>Gov't Code 552.021</i>		
Information That Must Be Disclosed	The following categories of information are public information and not excepted from required disclosure unless made confidential un- der Government Code Chapter 552 or other law:		
	1.	A completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made of, for, or by a board, except as provided in Government Code 552.108.	
	2.	The name, sex, ethnicity, salary, title, and dates of employ- ment of each employee and officer of a district.	
	3.	Information in an account, voucher, or contract relating to the receipt or expenditure of public funds.	
	4.	The name of each official and the final record of voting on all proceedings of a board.	
	5.	All working papers, research material, and information used to estimate the need or expenditure of public funds or taxes by a board, on completion of the estimate.	
	6.	A description of a district's organization and where, from whom, and how the public may obtain information, submit in- formation or requests, and obtain decisions.	
	7.	A statement of the general course and method by which a dis- trict's functions are channeled and determined, including the nature and requirements of all formal and informal policies and procedures.	
	8.	A rule of procedure, description of forms available or the places where forms may be obtained, and instructions relating to the scope and content of all papers, reports, or examina- tions.	
	9.	A substantive rule of general applicability adopted or issued by a board and a statement of general policy or interpretation of general applicability formulated and adopted by the board.	
	10.	Any amendment, revision, or repeal of the information de- scribed in items 6–9.	
	11.	Final opinions and orders issued in adjudication of cases.	
	12.	A policy statement or interpretation adopted or issued by a board.	

	 Administrative manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public.
	14. Information regarded as open to the public under a district's policies.
	15. Information that is in a bill for attorney's fees and that is not privileged under the attorney-client privilege.
	16. Information that is also contained in a public court record.
	17. A settlement agreement to which a board is a party.
	Gov't Code 552.022
Contracting Information	Certain "contracting information," as that term is defined in Govern- ment Code 552.003(7), is public and must be released unless ex- cepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act (PIA). The exceptions to disclosure provided by Government Codes 552.110 (trade secrets) and 552.1101 (proprietary information) do not apply to certain types of contracting information. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.0222(a), (b)</i>
Investment Information	Certain district investment information, as specified by Government Code 552.0225, is public information and not excepted from disclo- sure. <i>Gov't Code 552.0225</i>
Security System Information	Financial information in the possession of a district that relates to the expenditure of funds by a district for a security system is public information that is not excepted from required disclosure under the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 418.182(b)</i>
Body-Worn Camera	Except as set forth at Occupations Code Chapter 1701, Subchapter N, a recording from a body-worn camera that is or could be used as evidence in a criminal prosecution is subject to the requirements of the PIA.
	However, a law enforcement agency may not release any portion of a recording made in a private space, or of a recording involving the investigation of conduct that constitutes a misdemeanor pun- ishable by fine only and does not result in arrest, without written authorization from the person who is the subject of that portion of the recording or, if the person is deceased, from the person's au- thorized representative.
	Occupations Code 1701.661
Personal Information	Each district employee, other than a peace officer or security of- ficer, and board member and each former employee and board
Employee / Board Member	member shall choose whether to allow public access to district-
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	held information relating to the person's home address, home tele- phone number, emergency contact information, or social security number, or any other information that reveals whether the person has family members. However, a district may not require an em- ployee or former employee of the district to choose whether to al- low public access to the employee's or former employee's social security number.
	Employees and board members shall state their choice to a dis- trict's main personnel officer in a signed writing not later than the 14th day after employment begins, election or appointment to the board occurs, or service with the district ends. If an employee or board member fails to state his or her choice within 14 days, the in- formation is available to the public. However, an employee or board member may make a written request at any time to the per- sonnel officer to open or close the information. A written request made after the 14 days does not apply to an open records request made before the option was exercised.
	Gov't Code 552.024; Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 530 (1989)
Notice to Requestor	If an employee or board member has opted to restrict public access to his or her personal information, the district may redact the personal information from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.024(c)$
	If a district redacts information under this provision, the district shall provide the information required by Government Code $552.024(c-2)$ to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.024(c-2)$
Special Rights of Access	An employee or an employee's authorized representative has a
Employees	special right of access, beyond the right of the general public, to in- formation held by the district that relates to the employee and that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect the employee's privacy interests. [See DBA] <i>Gov't Code 552.023</i>
Board Members	When acting in the member's official capacity, a board member has an inherent right of access to information, documents, and records maintained by the district. "Official capacity" means all duties of of- fice and includes administrative decisions or actions. [See BBE] <i>Education Code 11.1512; Atty. Gen. Op. JM-119 (1983)</i>

PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM
ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

Information District Is Not Required to Release <i>Commercial</i> <i>Information</i>	A district is not required to allow the inspection of or to provide a copy of information in a commercial book or publication purchased or acquired by the district for research purposes, if the book or publication is commercially available to the public. Although information in a book or publication may be made available to the public as resource material, such as a library book, a district is not required to make a copy of the information in response to a request for public information. The district shall allow the inspection of information in a book or publication that is made part of, incorporated into, or referred to in a rule or policy of the district. <i>Gov't Code 552.027</i>
Request for Information from Incarcerated Individual	A district is not required to accept or comply with a request for in- formation from an individual who is imprisoned or confined in a cor- rectional facility or an agent of that individual, other than the indi- vidual's attorney when the attorney is requesting information that is subject to disclosure under the PIA. This section does not prohibit a district from disclosing to an incarcerated individual or the individ- ual's agent information that pertains to the individual. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.028</i>
Voluntary Disclosure	A board or the officer for public information voluntarily may make part or all of its records available to the public, unless the disclo- sure is expressly prohibited by law or the records are confidential by law. <i>Gov't Code 552.007</i>
Confidential Information Under the Public Information Act or Other Law Information That May Not Be Disclosed	A person commits a misdemeanor offense if the person distributes information considered confidential under the terms of the PIA. A violation of this section also constitutes official misconduct. <i>Gov't Code 552.352</i>
Student Records	Information is confidential and excepted from required disclosure if it is information in a student record at a district.
	"Student record" means information that constitutes education rec- ords as that term is defined by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Section 1232g(a)(4)) [see FL] and information in a record of an applicant for admission to an educa- tional institution, including a transfer applicant.
	A district may disclose or provide information included in an educa- tion record as authorized by 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g or other fed- eral law. [See FL] In addition, a student record shall be made avail- able upon request to district personnel, the student, the student's

	parents, guardian, or spouse, or a person conducting a child abus investigation required by Family Code Chapter 261, Subchapter D	
	Except as set forth in federal law (the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act), a district shall not release personally identifiable information in education records without the written consent of the student's parents.	
	A district may redact information that constitutes a student record from information disclosed under the PIA without requesting a dec sion from the attorney general.	i-
	If an applicant for admission to an educational institution funded wholly or partly by state revenue, or a parent or legal guardian of a minor applicant to such an educational institution, requests infor- mation in the record of the applicant, the district shall disclose any information that is related to the application for admission and was provided to the district by the applicant.	
	Gov't Code 552.026, .114 [See FL]	
Employee Social Security Numbers	The social security number of an employee of a district in the cus- tody of the district is confidential. <i>Gov't Code 552.147(a-1)</i>	
Evaluations	A document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administrator tor is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the PIA.	1-
	At the request of a school district, open-enrollment charter school, or private school at which an administrator has applied for employ- ment, a district shall give the requesting district or school a docu- ment evaluating the performance of a teacher or administrator em- ployed by the school.	-
	A district shall give the Texas Education Agency (TEA) a documen evaluating the performance of a teacher or administrator employed by the district for purposes of an investigation conducted by TEA.	
	Education Code 21.355(a), (c), (d)	
Educator Certification Exam	The results of an educator certification examination are confidential and are not subject to disclosure, unless the disclosure is regard- ing notification to a parent of the assignment of an uncertified teacher to a classroom as required by Education Code 21.057. Education <i>Code 21.048(c-1)</i>	
Credit Card, Debit Card, Charge Card, and Access Device Numbers	A credit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number that is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a district is confidential.	
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	son ficat or ir	cess device" means a card, plate, code, account number, per- al identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identi- tion number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in junction with another device may be used to:
	1.	Obtain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or
	2.	Initiate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.
	devi the The Cod ney	strict may redact credit card, debit card, charge card, or access ice numbers from any information the district discloses without necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. district shall provide the information required by Government le 552.136 to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attor- general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the rney general about the matter.
	Gov	r't Code 552.136
Email Addresses Confidential	purp tial a	email address of a member of the public that is provided for the pose of communicating electronically with a district is confiden- and not subject to disclosure unless the member of the public matively consents to its release.
Exceptions	This	s confidentiality does not apply to an email address:
	1.	Provided to a district by a person who has a contractual rela- tionship with the district or by the contractor's agent;
	2.	Provided to a district by a vendor who seeks to contract with the district or by the vendor's agent;
	3.	Contained in a response to a request for bids or proposals, contained in a response to similar invitations soliciting offers or information relating to a potential contract, or provided to a district in the course of negotiating the terms of a contract or potential contract;
	4.	Provided to a district on a letterhead, coversheet, printed doc- ument, or other document made available to the public; or
	5.	Provided to a district for the purpose of receiving orders or de- cisions from the district, or for the purpose of providing public comment on or receiving notices related to an application for a license. A "license" under this section includes a state agency permit, certificate, approval, registration, or similar form of permission required by law.

	A district may also disclose an email address for any reason to an- other governmental body or to a federal agency.
	Gov't Code 552.137, 2001.003(2)
Victim of Abuse or Improper Relationship	The name of a person who is enrolled in a public or private primary or secondary school and involved in an improper relationship with an educator as provided by Penal Code 21.12(a) may not be re- leased to the public and is not public information subject to disclo- sure. <i>Penal Code 21.12(d)</i>
	The name of a student or minor who is the victim of abuse or un- lawful conduct by an educator is not public information subject to disclosure. <i>Education Code 21.006(h)</i>
Crime Victims	Information relating to a participant in the Address Confidentiality Program for Victims of Family Violence, Sexual Assault or Abuse, Stalking, or Trafficking of Persons under Code of Criminal Proce- dure Chapter 56, Subchapter C is confidential, except as provided by Code of Criminal Procedure 56.90, and may not be disclosed. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure</i> 56.88
	A district employee who is a victim under the Crime Victim Com- pensation Act may elect whether to allow public access to infor- mation held by the district that would identify or tend to identify the victim, including a photograph or other visual representation of the victim. The election must be made in writing on a form developed by the district, signed by the employee, and filed with the district before the third anniversary of the latest to occur of one of the fol- lowing:
	1. The date the crime was committed;
	2. The date employment begins; or
	 The date the governmental body develops the form and pro- vides it to employees.
	If the employee fails to make an election, the identifying infor- mation is excepted from disclosure until the third anniversary of the date the crime was committed. In case of disability, impairment, or other incapacity of the employee, the election may be made by the guardian of the employee or former employee.
	Gov't Code 552.132
Location or Layout of Shelter	Information that relates to the location or physical layout of a family violence shelter center or victims of trafficking shelter center is con-

fidential. Gov't Code 552.138(b-1)

Centers

Criminal History Records	Sub dres ber, den C, b	Information collected to comply with Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records), including the person's name, ad- dress, phone number, social security number, driver's license num- ber, other identification number, and fingerprint records, is confi- dential and may not be released except to comply with Subchapter C, by court order, or with the consent of the person who is the sub- ject of the information. <i>Education Code 22.08391</i>	
	Texa	ninal history record information obtained by the district from the as Department of Public Safety may not be disclosed to any son except:	
	1.	The person who is the subject of the information;	
	2.	The Texas Education Agency;	
	3.	The State Board for Educator Certification;	
	4.	The chief personnel officer of the transportation company if the information was obtained under Government Code 411.097(a)(2) with respect to a transportation company that contracts with the district to provide student transportation; or	
	5.	By court order.	
	Gov	<i>'t Code 411.097(d)(1)</i> [See CJA, DBAA, and DHB]	
Sensitive Crime Scene Image	den	ensitive crime scene image in the custody of a district is confi- tial and excepted from the requirements of the PIA, regardless ne date that the image was taken or recorded.	
	reco crim disn the to vi	nsitive crime scene image" means a photograph or video ording taken at a crime scene, contained in or part of a closed ninal case, that depicts a deceased person in a state of nemberment, decapitation, or similar mutilation or that depicts deceased person's genitalia. A district may not permit a person iew or copy the image except as provided by Government de 552.1085.	
	Gov	r't Code 552.1085(a)(6), (c)	
School Marshal Identity	37.0	identity of a school marshal appointed under Education Code 0811 is confidential except as provided by Occupations Code 1.260(j).	
	writi tice poir	parent or guardian of a student enrolled at a school inquires in ing, the district shall provide the parent or guardian written no- indicating whether any employee of the school is currently ap- nted a school marshal. The notice may not disclose the identity the school marshal.	
	Edu	ication Code 37.0811(g), (h)	

Closed Meeting Recording / Certified Agenda	The certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meeting is available for public inspection only under a court order issued in litigation in a district court involving an alleged violation of the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't Code</i> $551.104(c)$; <i>Atty. Gen. ORD</i> 684 (2009)		
Security Information	mer pass catio useo	Except as provided by the Texas Homeland Security Act, Govern- ment Code 418.182, information, including access codes and passwords, in the possession of a district that relates to the specifi- cations, operating procedures, or location of a security system used to protect public or private property from an act of terrorism or related criminal activity is confidential. <i>Gov't Code 418.182(a)</i>	
	The PIA:	following information is confidential under Subchapter C of the	
	1.	A computer network vulnerability report;	
	2.	Any other assessment of the extent to which data processing operations, a computer, a computer program, network, sys- tem, or system interface, or software of a district or of a con- tractor of a district is vulnerable to unauthorized access or harm, including an assessment of the extent to which a dis- trict's or contractor's electronically stored information contain- ing sensitive or critical information is vulnerable to alteration, damage, erasure, or inappropriate use;	
	3.	A photocopy or other copy of an identification badge issued to an official or employee of a district; and	
	4.	Information directly arising from a governmental body's rou- tine efforts to prevent, detect, investigate, or mitigate a com- puter security incident, including information contained in or derived from an information security log. This does not affect the notification requirements related to a breach of system se- curity as defined by Business and Commerce Code 521.053. [See CQB]	
		A district may disclose the information to a bidder if the district determines that providing the information is necessary for the bidder to provide an accurate bid. Such a disclosure is not a voluntary disclosure for purposes of Government Code 552.007.	
	Gov	r't Code 552.139(b), (c)	
Military Discharge Records	milit distr	ilitary veteran's Department of Defense Form DD-214 or other ary discharge record that first comes into the possession of a rict on or after September 1, 2003, is confidential for the 75 rs following the date it comes into the possession of a district. A	

district that obtains information from the record shall limit the use

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and disclosure of the information to the purpose for which the information was obtained. *Gov't Code 552.140; Atty. Gen. ORD 684* (2009)

Retirement Eligibility Records Records, including any identifying information, of individual members, annuitants, retirees, beneficiaries, alternate payees, program participants, or persons eligible for benefits from TRS or another retirement system, are confidential and not subject to public disclosure. This provision applies to records in the custody of the district acting in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement system. A district acting in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement system is not required to accept or comply with a request for a record or information about a record or to seek an opinion from the attorney general.

For purposes of Government Code 825.507, "participant" means a member, former member, retiree, annuitant, beneficiary, or alternate payee of the retirement system, or an employee or contractor of an employer covered by the retirement system for whom records were received by the retirement system for the purpose of administering the terms of the plan, including for audit or investigative purposes.

Gov't Code 552.0038, 825.507(g)

Peace / Security Officer Information District information related to the home address, home telephone number, emergency contact information, date of birth, or social security number of a peace officer or commissioned security officer, or information that reveals whether the officer has family members, is confidential and may not be released if the officer chooses to restrict public access to the information by notifying the district on a form provided by the district with evidence of the individual's status.

In accordance with Government Code 552.1175(h), a district may redact information that must be withheld under this section from any information the district discloses under the PIA without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. If a district redacts information under this provision, the district shall provide the information required by Government Code 552.024(c-2) to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.

Gov't Code 552.1175

Election Judges An email address or personal phone number of an election judge or clerk collected or maintained by the authority conducting the

	election is confidential and does not constitute public information for purposes of Government Code Chapter 552.			
Exception	An email address or phone number of an election judge or clerk shall be made available on request to:			
	 Any entity eligible to submit lists of election judges or clerks for that election; or 			
	 The state executive committee of a political party with a county chair eligible to submit lists of election judges or clerks for that election. 			
	Election Code 32.076			
Cybersecurity Information	A cyber threat indicator or defensive measure shared by or with a state, tribal, or local government under 6 U.S.C. 1503 shall be deemed voluntarily shared information and exempt from disclosure under any state or local freedom of information law, open government law, open meetings law, open records law, sunshine law, or similar law requiring disclosure of information or records. 6 U.S.C. 1503(d)(4)(B)	-		
	A cyber threat indicator or defensive measure shared with the federal government under Title 6, United States Code, shall be:			
	 Deemed voluntarily shared information and exempt from dis- closure under federal public information law and any state or local provision of law requiring disclosure of information or records; and 			
	 Withheld, without discretion, from the public under federal public information law and any state or local provision of law requiring disclosure of information or records. 			
	6 U.S.C. 1504(d)(3) [See CQB]			
Protected Health Information	An individual's protected health information as defined by Health and Safety Code 181.006 is not public information and is not sub- ect to disclosure under the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.002(d)</i>			
<i>Out-of-State Health-Care Provider Information</i>	nformation obtained by a district that was provided by an out-of- state health-care provider in connection with a quality manage- ment, peer review, or best practices program that the out-of-state nealth-care provider pays for is confidential and excepted from the requirements of the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.159</i>			
Applicant for Disaster Recovery Funds	The following information maintained by a district is confidential:			
	 The name, social security number, house number, street name, and telephone number of an individual or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds; 			
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	2.	The name, tax identification number, address, and telephone number of a business entity or an owner of a business entity that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds; and
	3.	Any other information the disclosure of which would identify or tend to identify a person or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds.
	aste conf	street name and census block group of and the amount of dis- r recovery funds awarded to a person or household are not idential after the date on which disaster recovery funds are rded to the person or household.
	Gov	't Code 552.160
Information Excepted from Disclosure	infor discl lic in nive ceive distr	ept for social security numbers or as otherwise provided by law, mation that is not confidential, but is excepted from required osure under Government Code sections 552.101–.151, is pub- formation and is available to the public on or after the 75th an- rsary of the date the information was originally created or re- ed by a district. This paragraph does not limit the authority of a ict to establish retention periods for records under applicable <i>Gov't Code 552.0215</i>
Confidential by Law	cons	mation is excepted from public disclosure if it is information sidered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, y judicial decision. <i>Gov't Code 552.101</i>
Certain Personnel File Information	a pe unwa stitut emp	mation is excepted from public disclosure if it is information in rsonnel file, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly arranted invasion of personal privacy, and transcripts from in- tions of higher education maintained in files of professional loyees; however, the degree obtained and the curriculum on ranscripts shall be subject to disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.102</i>
	warr cept emp est i <u>Gen</u> pape	losure of employee birth dates would constitute a clearly un- anted invasion of personal privacy, and such dates are ex- ed from disclosure under Government Code 552.102(a), if the loyees' privacy interests substantially outweigh the public inter- n the information. <u>Texas Comptroller of Public Accts. v. Atty.</u> <u>'I of Texas</u> , 354 S.W.3d 336 (Tex. 2010) (holding that a news- er's stated reason for requesting state employees' dates of did not outweigh employees' privacy rights)
	the o the o emp emp	mation is excepted from public disclosure if it is information in custody of the district that relates to an employee or officer of district if, under the specific circumstances pertaining to the loyee or officer, disclosure of the information would subject the loyee or officer to a substantial threat of physical harm. <i>Gov't</i> e 552.152

Information Relating to Litigation	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which a district is, or may be, a party or to which an officer or employee of the district, as a consequence of the office or employment, is or may be a party, but only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated at the time the district's public information officer receives the request. <i>Gov't Code 552.103</i>
Information Related to Competition or Bidding	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the district demon- strates that the release of the information would harm its interests by providing an advantage to competitors or bidders in a particular ongoing competitive situation or in a particular competitive situation where the district establishes the situation at issue is set to reoccur or there is a specific and demonstrable intent to enter into the com- petitive situation again in the future.
Parades, Concerts, and Entertainment Events	Information relating to the receipt or expenditure of public or other funds by a district for a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid for in whole or part with public funds is not excepted from public disclosure. A person, including a district, may not in- clude a provision in a contract related to an event that prohibits or would otherwise prevent the disclosure of this information. A con- tract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is void.
	Gov't Code 552.104(a), (c)
Certain Information on Real or Personal Property	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to the location of real or personal property for a public pur- pose prior to public announcement of the project, or information pertaining to appraisals or purchase price of real or personal prop- erty for a public purpose prior to the formal award of contracts for the property. <i>Gov't Code 552.105</i>
Drafts Involving Legislation	A draft or working paper involved in the preparation of proposed legislation is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.106</i>
Attorney–Client Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information a district's attorney is prohibited from disclosing because of a duty to the district under the Texas Rules of Evidence or the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct or information that a court order has prohibited from disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.107</i>
Certain Information from Law Enforcement	Under certain circumstances, information (except basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime) held by a law en- forcement agency or prosecutor is excepted from public disclosure if it is:
	 Information that deals with detection, investigation, or prose- cution of crime; and

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	2. An internal record or notation that is maintained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement or prosecution.			
	Gov't Code 552.108			
Private Correspondence of Elected Official	Private correspondence and communications of an elected office holder relating to matters the disclosure of which would constitute an invasion of privacy are excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.109</i>			
Trade Secrets	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), information is excepted from public disclosure if it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that the information is a "trade secret," as that term is defined by Government Code 552.110(a). <i>Gov't Code 552.110(b)</i>			
Certain Commercial and Financial Information	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.110(c)</i>			
Proprietary Information	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), information submitted to a district by a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in response to a request for a bid, proposal, or qualification is excepted from public disclosure if the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor demonstrates the information is proprietary information under Government Code 552.1101. <i>Gov't Code 552.1101</i>			
Certain Memoranda	An interagency or intra-agency memoranda or letters that would not be available by law to a party in litigation with a district is ex- cepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.111; <u>City of Garland</u> <u>v. Dallas Morning News</u>, 22 S.W.3d 351 (Tex. 2000) (concluding that the deliberative process privilege, incorporated into the excep- tion found at Government Code 552.111, exempts communications related to a governmental agency's policymaking</i>)			
Audit Working Paper	An audit working paper of an audit performed by the district auditor, including any audit relating to the criminal history background check of a public school employee, is excepted from public disclosure. If information in an audit working paper is also maintained in another record, that other record is not excepted. <i>Gov't Code 552.116</i>			
Certain Personal Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, emer-			

	gency contact information, or social security number of the follow- ing persons, or that reveals whether the person has family mem- bers:			
	 A current or former district employee or board member, ex- cept as provided by Government Code 552.024 [see Personal Information, above]; or 			
	2. A peace officer or commissioned security officer.			
	See Government Code 552.117(a) for the complete list of persons whose personal information is excepted from public disclosure.			
	Gov't Code 552.117			
Photograph of Peace Officer	A photograph that depicts a peace officer, the release of which would endanger the life or physical safety of the officer, is excepted from public disclosure unless:			
	1. The officer is under indictment or charged with an offense by information;			
	2. The officer is a party in a fire or police civil service hearing or a case in arbitration; or			
	 The photograph is introduced as evidence in a judicial pro- ceeding. 			
	If a photograph is exempt from public disclosure as described above, it may be made public only if the officer gives written consent.			
	Gov't Code 552.119			
Testing Items	A test item developed by a state-funded educational institution is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.122</i>			
Certain Library Records	A record of a library or library system that identifies or serves to identify a person who requested, obtained, or used a library mate- rial or service is excepted from public disclosure, unless the record is disclosed:			
	 Because the library determines that disclosure is reasonably necessary for the operation of the library and the records are not confidential under other state or federal law; 			
	2. To a person with a special right of access under Government Code 552.023; or			
	3. To a law enforcement agency or prosecutor under a court or- der or subpoena.			
	Gov't Code 552.124			

Superintendent Applicants	The name of an applicant for superintendent is excepted from pub- lic disclosure, except a board must give public notice of the name or names of the finalists being considered for that position at least 21 days before the date of the meeting at which final action or a vote is to be taken on the applicant's employment. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.126</i>					
Certain Motor Vehicle and Personal Identification Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the information re- lates to:					
	1.	A motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or another state or country;				
	2.	A motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state or another state or country; or				
	3.	A personal identification document issued by an agency of this state, another state or country, or a local agency author- ized to issue an identification document.				
	The motor vehicle record information described above may be re- leased only in accordance with Transportation Code Chapter 730.					
	Subject to Transportation Code Chapter 730 (the Motor Vehicle Records Disclosure Act), a district may redact motor vehicle or driver license information under this provision from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. The district shall provide the information specified at Government Code 552.130 to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter.					
	Gov't Code 552.130; Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)					
Individuals Who Inform of Violations of Law	An informer's name or information that would substantially reveal the identity of an informer is excepted from public disclosure, un- less:					
	1.	The informer consents. If the informer is a student or former student, consent may also be given by the informer's legal guardian or spouse; or				
	2.	The informer planned, initiated, or participated in the possible violation.				
	"Informer" means a student or former student or an employee or former employee of a district who has furnished a report of another person's possible violation of criminal, civil, or regulatory law to the district or the proper regulatory enforcement authority.					

	The informer's name may be made available to a law enforcement agency or prosecutor for official purposes upon proper request, made in compliance with applicable law and procedure. However, this exception does not impair the confidentiality of information considered to be confidential by law, including information ex- cepted from disclosure under the PIA.				
	Gov't Code 552.135				
Economic Development Negotiations	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information that relates to economic development negotiations involving a board and a business prospect that the board seeks to have lo- cate, stay, or expand in or near a district and the information re- lates to:				
	1. A trade secret of the business prospect; or				
	 Commercial or financial information for which it is demon- strated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained. 				
	Gov't Code 552.131(a)				
	Unless and until an agreement is made with the business prospect, information about a financial or other incentive being offered to a business prospect by a board or by another person is excepted from public disclosure.				
	After an agreement is made, information about a financial or other incentive being offered is no longer exempted from public disclo- sure if the information is about a financial or other incentive being offered to the business prospect:				
	1. By a board; or				
	 By another person, if the financial or other incentive may di- rectly or indirectly result in the expenditure of public funds by a district or a reduction in revenue received by the district from any source. 				
	Gov't Code 552.131(b), (c)				
Computer Network Security	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information that relates to computer network security, to network security information that is restricted under Government Code 2059.055, or to the design, operation, or defense of a computer network. [See Security Information, above] <i>Gov't Code 552.139(a)</i>				
Social Security Numbers	The social security number of a living person is excepted from pub- lic disclosure. The social security number of a living person other				

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than a district employee is not confidential, however. A district may redact the social security number of a living person from any information the district discloses to the public without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. *Gov't Code* 552.147

Crime Victim Information that would identify or tend to identify a district employee who is also a crime victim under Code of Criminal Procedure, Chapter 56, Subchapter B, regardless of whether the employee chooses to restrict public access to the information, is excepted from public disclosure until the third anniversary of the date the crime was committed. *Gov't Code 552.132*

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Officer for Public Information and Required Notices Officer for Public Information	A superintendent shall be a district's officer for public information. Each department head shall be an agent of the officer for purposes of complying with the public information laws.			
Duties	The officer is responsible for the release of public information as required by the Public Information Act (PIA), Government Code Chapter 552. The officer for public information shall:			
	1.	Make copy	e public information available for public inspection and ing;	
	2.		fully protect public information from deterioration, altera- mutilation, loss, or unlawful removal;	
	3.	-	air, renovate, or rebind public information when necessary aintain it properly; and	
	4.		e reasonable efforts to obtain public information from a orary custodian if:	
		a.	The information has been requested from the district;	
		b.	The officer is aware of facts sufficient to warrant a rea- sonable belief that the temporary custodian has posses- sion, custody, or control of the information;	
		C.	The officer is unable to comply with the duties imposed by the PIA without obtaining the information from the temporary custodian; and	
		d.	The temporary custodian has not provided the infor- mation to the officer or the officer's agent.	
	The officer is not responsible for the use made of the information by the requestor or the release of the information after it is re- moved from a record as a result of an update, correction, or change of status of the person to whom the information pertains.			
	Gov	't Cod	e 552.201(a)–.204	
Training	satis coore spon the F	fy its dinato sibilit PIA no	rd that has designated a public information coordinator to required PIA training, the designated public information or shall complete the training course regarding the re- ies of a district and district officers and employees under ot later than the 90th day after the date the coordinator the person's duties as coordinator. [See CPC(LOCAL)]	
	The	attorn	ng shall be not less than one nor more than two hours. They general may provide the training and may also ap- er acceptable sources of training.	

		trict shall maintain and make available for public inspection ecord of a public information coordinator's completion of the ng.	
	Gov't Code 552.012(b), (c), (e)		
PIA Sign	the forma forma distrie publie at on	officer for public information shall prominently display a sign in orm prescribed by the attorney general that contains basic in- ation about the rights of a requestor, the responsibilities of a ct, and the procedures for inspecting or obtaining a copy of c information under the PIA. The officer shall display the sign are or more places in the district's administrative offices where it ainly visible to:	
		Members of the public who request public information in per- son; and	
		Employees of the district whose duties include receiving or re- sponding to public information requests.	
	Gov'i	t Code 552.205	
Access to Public Information	inforr	all be the policy of a district to provide a suitable copy of public mation within a reasonable time after the date on which the is requested. <i>Gov't Code 552.228</i>	
Method of Requesting Public Information	A person may make a written request for public information delivering the request by one of the following methods to t for public information or a person designated by that office		
	1.	United States mail;	
	2.	Electronic mail;	
	3.	Hand delivery; or	
		Any other appropriate method approved by the district, includ- ing facsimile transmission and electronic submission through the district's website.	
	the d matic	trict is considered to have approved another method only if listrict includes a statement that a request for public infor- on may be made by that method on the PIA sign [see PIA , above] or the district's website.	
Designated Address	A district may designate one mailing address and one electron mail address for receiving written requests for public informatic and shall provide the designated mailing address and electron mailing address to any person on request.		
		trict that posts a designated mailing address or electronic mail ess on the district's website or that prints those addresses on	
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	the PIA sign is not required to respond to a written request for pub- lic information unless the request is received:		
	1. At one of those addresses;		
	2. By hand delivery; or		
	3. By a method described above that has been approved by the district.		
	Gov't Code 552.234		
Public Information Request Form	The attorney general shall create a public information request form that provides a requestor the option of excluding from a request information that the district determines is:		
	1. Confidential; or		
	Subject to an exception to disclosure that the district would assert if the information were subject to the request.		
	A district that allows requestors to use the form and maintains a website shall post the form on its website.		
	Gov't Code 552.235		
Procedural Rules	A district may promulgate reasonable rules of procedure by which public information may be inspected and copied efficiently, safely, and without delay. These rules may not be inconsistent with any provision of the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.230</i>		
Treatment of Requests	The officer for public information and agent shall not make an in- quiry of a requestor, except to establish proper identification or to ask the requestor to narrow or clarify the request. The officer for public information or agent shall treat all requests for information uniformly without regard to the position or occupation of the re- questor, the person on whose behalf the request is made, or the status of the individual as a member of the media. The officer for public information or agent shall give the requestor all reasonable comfort and facility for the full exercise of the right granted by the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.222(a)–(b), .223–.224</i>		
Location of Access	An officer for public information complies with a request for public information by:		
	 Providing the information for inspection or duplication in a dis- trict's offices [see Time for Examination, below]. The PIA does not authorize a requestor to remove an original copy of a pub- lic record from the office of a district; 		

	2.	Sending copies of the information by first class mail, if the re- questor requests that copies be provided and pays the post- age and any other applicable charges that the requestor has accrued under Subchapter F of the PIA [see Costs and Charges, below];		
	3.	By referring a requestor to an exact internet location or uni- form resource locator (URL) address on a website maintained by the district and accessible to the public if the requested in- formation is identifiable and readily available on that website. If the person requesting the information prefers a manner other than access through the URL, the district must supply the information by sending copies to the requestor, as de- scribed above.		
		If the officer for public information provides by email an inter- net location or URL address, the email must contain a state- ment in a conspicuous font clearly indicating that the reques- tor may nonetheless access the requested information by inspection or duplication or by receipt through United States Mail, as described above.		
	Gov't Code 552.221(b)–(b-2), .226			
Time for Response	An officer for public information shall promptly produce public infor- mation for inspection, duplication, or both, on application by any person. "Promptly" means as soon as possible under the circum- stances, that is, within a reasonable time, without delay. A district may not automatically withhold for ten business days public infor- mation not excepted from disclosure.			
	If an officer for public information cannot produce the public infor- mation for inspection or duplication within ten business days after the date the information is requested, the officer shall certify that fact in writing to the requestor and set a date and hour within a real sonable time when the information will be available for inspection or duplication.			
	If the requested information is unavailable because it is in storag or active use, an officer for public information shall certify this fac in writing to the requestor and set a date and hour within a reaso able time when the information will be available for inspection or duplication.			
	Gov	't Code 552.221; Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 664 (2000)		
Requests to Narrow or Clarify	may be na	arge amount of information has been requested, the district discuss with the requestor how the scope of the request might arrowed, but the district may not inquire into the purpose for h the information will be used. If what information is requested		

	is unclear to the district, the district may ask the requestor to clarify the request.
	If the request included the requestor's physical or mailing address, the district must send the request for discussion or clarification to that address by certified mail. The written request for discussion or clarification must include a statement as to the consequences of failure by the requestor to timely respond.
	If the requestor's request for public information was sent by elec- tronic mail, the district may send the request for clarification or dis- cussion or the written request for additional information by elec- tronic mail to the same electronic mail address from which the original request was sent or to another electronic mail address pro- vided by the requestor.
	If the district does not receive a written response or a response by electronic mail, as applicable, by the 61st day after the district sends the written request, the underlying request for public information is considered to have been withdrawn by the requestor.
	Gov't Code 552.222(b), (d)–(g)
Time for Examination	A requestor shall complete the examination of the information not later than the tenth business day after the date the custodian of the information makes it available. If the requestor does not complete the examination within ten business days and does not file a re- quest for additional time, the requestor is considered to have with- drawn the request.
	The officer shall extend the initial examination period by an addi- tional ten business days if, within the initial period, the requestor files with the officer a written request for additional time. The officer shall extend an additional examination period by another ten busi- ness days if, within the first additional period, the requestor files with the officer a written request for more additional time.
	The time during which a person may examine information may be interrupted by the officer if the information is needed for use by the district. The period of interruption is not considered to be a part of the time during which the person may examine the information.
	A request is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor fails to inspect or duplicate the public information in the offices of the governmental body on or before the 60th day after the date the information is made available or fails to pay the postage and any other applicable charges accrued under Government Code, Chap- ter 552, Subchapter F on or before the 60th day after the date the requestor is informed of the charges.
	Gov't Code 552.221(e), .225

Gov't Code 552.221(e), .225

Electronic Data	If public information exists in an electronic or magnetic medium, the requestor may request a copy in an electronic medium, such as on diskette or on magnetic tape. A district shall provide a copy in the requested medium:				
	1.		e district has the technological ability to produce the infor- on in the requested medium;		
	2.		e district is not required to purchase any software or hard- to accommodate the request; and		
	3.		iding the copy will not violate any copyright agreement een the district and a third party.		
	If a district is unable to comply with a request to produce a copy of information in a requested medium for any of these reasons, the district shall provide a copy in another medium that is acceptable to the requestor. A district is not required to copy information onto a diskette or other material provided by the requestor but may use district supplies.				
	Gov	't Coa	le 552.228		
Requests Requiring Programming or	A district shall provide the requestor a written statement, described below, if the district determines:				
Manipulation	1.		responding to a request for information will require pro- ming or manipulation of data; and		
	2.	That	:		
		a.	Compliance with the request is not feasible or will result in substantial interference with operations; or		
		b.	The information could be made available in the re- quested form only at a cost that covers the programming and manipulation of data.		
	The written statement shall include:				
	1.	A statement that the information is not available in the re- quested form;			
	2.	Ade	scription of the form in which the information is available;		
	3.		scription of any contract or services that would be re- ed to provide the information in the requested form;		
	4.	in the rules	atement of the estimated cost of providing the information e requested form, as determined in accordance with the s established by the attorney general [see GBAA(EX- T)]; and		

	5.	A statement of the anticipated time required to provide the in- formation in the requested form.				
Response Time When Programming or Manipulation Is Required	20 c has give	strict shall provide the written statement to the requestor within lays after the date the district receives the request. The district an additional ten days to provide the statement if the district s written notice to the requestor, within 20 days after receiving request, that additional time is needed.				
Further Action	After providing the written statement described above, the district has no further obligation to provide the information in the requested form or in the form in which it is available, unless within 30 days the requestor states in writing that the requestor:					
	1.	Wants the information in the requested form according to the time and cost parameters set out in the written statement, or according to other terms to which the requestor and the district agree; or				
	2.	Wants the information in the form in which it is available.				
	If a requestor does not make a timely written statement, the re- questor is considered to have withdrawn the request for infor- mation.					
Processing of Requests	The officer for public information shall establish policies that assure the expeditious and accurate processing of requests for infor- mation that require programming or manipulation of data. A district shall maintain a readily accessible file containing all written state- ments issued concerning requests for information that require pro- gramming or manipulation of data.					
	Gov't Code 552.231					
Repetitious or Redundant Requests	If a district determines that a requestor has made a request for information for which the district has previously furnished or made copies available to the requestor, the district may:					
	1.	Respond to the request for information as set forth below, at Procedures; or				
	2.	Furnish the information or make the information available to the requestor again in accordance with the request. If the dis- trict selects this option, the district is not required to comply with the procedures described below.				
	Gov't Code 552.232(a)					
	These provisions do not apply to information not previously fur- nished to a requestor. A district shall treat a request for information for which copies have not been previously furnished or made avail- able to the requestor, including information that was not furnished					

	or made available because the information was redacted or be- cause the information did not exist at the time of an earlier request in the same manner as any other request for public information. <i>Gov't Code 552.232(d)</i>				
Procedures	A district shall, free of charge, certify to the requestor that copies of all or part of the requested information were previously furnished or made available to the requestor. The certification must include:				
	1.	A description of the information for which copies have been previously furnished or made available to the requestor;			
	2.	The date the district received the requestor's original request for that information;			
	3.	The date the district previously furnished copies or made available copies of the information to the requestor;			
	4.	A certification that no subsequent additions, deletions, or cor- rections have been made to that information; and			
	5.	The name, title, and signature of the officer for public infor- mation or agent making the certification.			
	Gov't Code 552.232(b), (c)				
Requests for Contracting Information Not	"Contracting information" means the following information main- tained by a district or sent between a district and a vendor, contrac- tor, potential vendor, or potential contractor:				
Aaintained by the District	1.	Information in a voucher or contract relating to the receipt or expenditure of public funds by a district;			
	2.	Solicitation or bid documents relating to a contract with a dis- trict;			
	3.	Communications sent between a district and a vendor, con- tractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor during the so- licitation, evaluation, or negotiation of a contract;			
	4.	Documents, including bid tabulations, showing the criteria by which a district evaluates each vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor responding to a solicitation and, if applicable, an explanation of why the vendor or con- tractor was selected; and			
	5.	Communications and other information sent between a district and a vendor or contractor related to the performance of a fi- nal contract with the district or work performed on behalf of the district.			
	Gov't Code 552.003(7)				

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			ernment Code 552.371 applies to an entity that is not a gov- nental body that executes a contract with a district that:	
		1.	Has a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district; or	
		2.	Results in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal year of the district.	
		infoi scrit that	rernment Code 552.371 applies to a written request for public rmation received by a district that is party to a contract de- bed above for contracting information related to the contract is in the custody or possession of the entity and not main- ed by the district.	
		Gov	't Code 552.371(a), (b)	
	Request to Contracting Entity	shal The thar	strict that receives a written request for contracting information I request that the entity provide the information to the district. district must send the request in writing to the party not later the third business day after the date the district receives the ten request. <i>Gov't Code 552.371(c)</i>	
	Request for Attorney General Opinion	whe with time the	strict's request for an attorney general's decision to determine ther contracting information not maintained by the district falls in an exception to disclosure under the PIA is considered ely if made not later than the 13th business day after the date district receives the written request described above. <i>Gov't</i> <i>le</i> 552.371(<i>d</i>)(1)	
		The statement and copy described below [see Statement to R questor] is considered timely if provided to the requestor not la than the 13th business day after the date the district receives written request. <i>Gov't Code 552.371(d)(2)</i>		
		ney busi	Ibmission and copy described below [see Submission to Attor-General] is considered timely if sent not later than the 18th ness day after the date the district receives the written request. <i>It Code</i> $552.371(d)(3)$, (4)	
			presumption that information is subject to disclosure [see Time Request, below] does not apply if a district:	
		1.	Complies with the requirements of Government Code 552.371(c) in a good faith effort to obtain contracting information not maintained by the district;	
		2.	Is unable to meet a deadline because the contracting entity failed to provide the information to the district not later than the 13th business day after the date the district received the written request for the information; and	
. —				

	3.	Complies with all notice requirements not later than the eighth business day after the date the district receives the information from the contracting entity.			
	Gov	't Code 552.371(e)			
	ties rega	ning in Government Code 552.371 affects the deadlines or du- of a district related to requesting an attorney general opinion arding contracting information the district maintains. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>371(f)</i>			
Withholding Excepted Information Request for Attorney General	cons and distr	district receives a written request for information that the district siders to be within one of the exceptions to required disclosure that the district wishes to withhold from public disclosure, the ict shall request a decision from the attorney general about ther the information is within the exception [see Submission to			
Decision	Attorney General, below]. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(a)</i>				
	trict	strict may only request an attorney general decision if the dis- reasonably believes that the requested information is excepted required disclosure. <i>Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 665 (2000)</i>			
Time for Request	thar distr and low,	strict must submit the request to the attorney general not later the tenth business day after receiving the written request. If a ict does not timely request a decision from the attorney general comply with the requirements at Statement to Requestor, be- the information is presumed to be subject to public disclosure must be released unless there is a compelling reason to with- it.			
	Gov	"t Code 552.301(b), .302			
Calculating Timelines	distr ade side day	the purposes of Government Code sections 552.301–.308, if a ict receives a written request by United States mail and cannot quately establish the actual date of receipt, the request is conred to have been received by the district on the third business after the date of the postmark on a properly addressed rest. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(a-1)</i>			
	notio attor a tin torn riod infor	en Government Code sections 552.301–.308 require a request, ce, or other document to be submitted or otherwise given to the rney general within a specified period, the requirement is met in nely fashion if the district submits the document through the at- ey general's designated electronic filing system within that pe- . This provision does not affect the right of a district to submit rmation to the attorney general by mail under Government e 552.308.			
		en the attorney general is required to deliver a notice, decision, ther document within a specified period, the requirement is met			

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		timely fashion if the attorney general electronically transmits document within that period.					
	cus info	information surrendered or returned to a district by a temporary todian, the district is considered to receive the request for that rmation on the date the information is surrendered or returned he district. [See GB]					
	Go	v't Code 552.233(d), .309					
Previous Determinations Same Information	trict pre ney ing info plie afte ing	ept as set forth at Government Code section 552.301(g), a dis- may not request an attorney general decision if the district has viously requested and received a determination from the attor- general concerning the precise information at issue in a pend- request and the attorney general or a court determined that the rmation is not within one of the exceptions. This exception ap- s to specific information that is again requested from a district er the attorney general has previously issued a decision regard- the precise information or records at issue. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2.301(f); Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 673 (2001)					
Categories of Information		A district may rely on a previous determination by the attorney gen- eral regarding a specific, clearly delineated category of information if:					
	1.	The previous decision is applicable to a school district;					
	2.	The previous decision concludes that the category of infor- mation is or is not excepted from public disclosure;					
	3.	The elements of law, fact, and circumstances are met to sup- port the previous decision's conclusion that the requested rec- ords and information at issue are or are not excepted from public disclosure; and					
	4.	The previous decision explicitly provides that the governmen- tal body or bodies to which the decision applies may withhold the information without the necessity of seeking a decision from the attorney general.					
	Tex	Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 673 (2001)					
	mat	A district that relies on any previous determination to withhold information from disclosure should notify the requestor in writing of the decision or ruling upon which it is relying.					
	ord	istrict may withhold from public disclosure the categories of rec- s listed at Texas Attorney General Open Records Decision 684 09).					
	Tex	r. Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)					
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	ble, the	istrict may withhold from public disclosure personally identifia- non-directory information in "education records" as defined in Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 ("FERPA"), U.S.C. 1232g [see FL]. <i>Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 634 (1995)</i>				
Statement to Requestor	If a district requests an attorney general decision, it shall provide to the requestor within a reasonable time but not later than the tenth business day after the date of receiving the requestor's written re- quest:					
	1.	A written statement that the district wishes to withhold the re- quested information and has asked for a decision from the at- torney general about whether the information is within an ex- ception to public disclosure; and				
	2.	A copy of the district's written communication to the attorney general asking for the decision. If a district's written communi- cation to the attorney general discloses the requested infor- mation, the district shall provide a redacted copy of that writ- ten communication.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.301(d)				
Submission to Attorney General	with ter i	en a district requests an attorney general decision, it shall, hin a reasonable time but not later than the15th business day af- receiving the request for information, submit to the attorney heral all of the following:				
	1.	Written comments stating the reasons why the stated excep- tions apply that would allow the information to be withheld;				
	2.	A copy of the written request for information;				
	3.	A signed statement as to the date on which the written re- quest for information was received by the district or evidence sufficient to establish that date; and				
	4.	A copy of the specific information requested, or representative samples of the information if a voluminous amount of infor- mation was requested. The district shall label the copies or representative samples to indicate which exceptions apply to which parts of the copy.				
	late ten star	e district shall send a copy of the comments to the requestor not r than the 15th business day after the district receives the writ- request. If the written comments disclose or contain the sub- nce of the information requested, the copy of the comments pro- ed to the requestor shall be redacted.				
	Gov	/'t Code 552.301(e), (e-1)				

	clos fore	e the a fin	ne information is confidential by law, the district may dis- requested information to the public or the requestor be- al determination that the information is public has been the attorney general or a court with jurisdiction. <i>Gov't</i>		
Additional Information	Code 552.303(a) If the attorney general determines that additional information is necessary to render a decision, the attorney general shall give the district and the requestor written notice of that fact. The district shall submit the necessary additional information to the attorney general not later than the seventh calendar day after the date the notice is received. If the district does not comply with the attorney general's request, the information is presumed to be subject to re- quired public disclosure and must be released unless there is a compelling reason to withhold the information. Gov't Code 552.303(c)-(e)				
Privacy or Property Interests	ests 552 552 552 mer for t A pe may why but	may .101 .1101 .131 nt info the pu erson y subu the i s not	ation is requested and a person's privacy or property inter- be involved, including a case under Government Code (information confidential by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), (proprietary information), 552.114 (student records), (economic development information), or 552.143 (invest- ormation) a district may decline to release the information urpose of requesting a decision from the attorney general. whose interests may be involved, or any other person, mit in writing to the attorney general the person's reasons nformation should be withheld or released. A district may, required to, submit its reasons why the information withheld or released. <i>Gov't Code 552.305(a)–(c)</i>		
Notice to Owner of Proprietary Information	exce tial mat (ecc mat mat	eptior by lav ion), onom ion), ke a g	e of a person's proprietary information may be subject to n under Government Code 552.101 (information confiden- v), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary infor- 552.113 (geological or geophysical information), 552.131 ic development information), or 552.143 (investment infor- a district that requests an attorney general decision shall good faith attempt to provide written notice to that person uest. The notice must:		
	1.		sent within a reasonable time not later than the tenth busi- s day after the district receives the request for information;		
	2.	Incl	ude:		
		a.	A copy of any written request a district received for the information; and		
		b.	A statement, in the form prescribed by the attorney gen- eral, that the person is entitled to submit to the attorney		
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	general, not later than the tenth business day after the person receives the notice, a written statement of the reason(s) why the information should be withheld and a letter, memorandum, or brief supporting the reason(s).
	Gov't Code 552.305(d)
Charges Regarding Public Information Requests Costs and Charges	The charge for providing a copy of public information shall be an amount that reasonably includes all costs related to reproducing the information, including costs of materials, labor, and overhead. The charges shall not be excessive and shall not exceed the actual cost of producing the information or for making public information that exists in a paper record available.
	Charges for providing a copy of public information are considered to accrue at the time the district advises the requestor that the copy is available on payment of the applicable charges.
50 Pages or Less	If a request is for 50 or fewer pages of paper records, the charge for providing the copy of the information shall be limited to the charge for each page of the paper record that is photocopied, un- less the pages to be photocopied are located in two or more sepa- rate buildings that are not physically connected with each other or a remote storage facility. The charge for providing a copy may not include costs of materials, labor, or overhead.
Statement of Labor Costs	If the charge for providing a copy of public information includes costs of labor, the requestor may require the officer for public infor- mation or agent to provide the requestor with a written statement as to the amount of time that was required to produce and provide the copy. The statement must be signed by the officer or agent, and the officer or agent's name must be typed or legibly printed be- low the signature. A charge may not be imposed for providing the written statement to the requestor.
	All requests received in one calendar day from an individual may be treated as a single request for purposes of calculating costs. A district may not combine multiple requests from separate individu- als who submit requests on behalf of an organization.
	Gov't Code 552.261, .262(a)
Attorney General's Rules	A district shall use the attorney general's rules to determine the charges for providing copies of public information and to determine the charge, deposit, or bond required for making public information that exists in a paper record available for inspection, except to the extent that other law provides for charges for specific kinds of public information. [See GBAA(EXHIBIT)]

	A district may determine its own charges for providing copies of public information and its own charge, deposit, or bond for making public information that exists in a paper record available for inspection. However, a district may not charge an amount that is greater than 25 percent more than the amount established by the attorney general, unless the district requests an exemption. <i>Gov't Code 552.262(a); 1 TAC 70.1(b)</i>
Exemptions	A district may request that it be exempt from part or all of the rules adopted by the attorney general for determining charges. The request must be made in writing to the attorney general and must state the reason for the exemption. If a district receives notice from the attorney general that an exemption has been granted, the district may amend its charges according to the attorney general's determination. <i>Gov't Code 552.262(c)</i>
Copies for Parents	A district may charge a reasonable fee in accordance with the above requirements for copies of materials provided to parents pursuant to Education Code Chapter 26. <i>Education Code 26.012</i>
Statement of Estimated Charges	If a request for a copy of public information will result in the imposi- tion of a charge that exceeds \$40, a district shall provide the re- questor with a written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or personnel costs. If an alternative less costly method of viewing the records is available, the statement must include a no- tice that the requestor may contact the district regarding the alter- native method. A district must inform the requestor of the responsi- bilities imposed on the requestor by Government Code 552.2615 and the rights granted by that section and give the requestor the in- formation needed to respond as detailed in Government Code 552.2615(a).
	If, after a district provides the requestor the itemized statement but before it makes the copy or the paper record available, the district determines that the estimated charges will exceed the charges de- tailed in the original itemized statement by 20 percent or more, the district shall send to the requestor an updated written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or personnel costs.
Requestor's Response	A request for which a district is required to produce an (original or updated) itemized statement of estimated charges is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor does not respond in writing to the itemized statement by informing the district within ten business days after the date the statement is sent to the requestor that: 1. The requestor will accept the estimated charges;
	· · · · ·

	2.	The requestor is modifying the request in response to the itemized statement; or			
	3.	The requestor has sent to the attorney general a complaint al- leging that the requestor has been overcharged for being pro- vided with a copy of the public information.			
Actual Charges	If the	e actual charges exceed \$40, the charges may not exceed:			
	1.	The amount estimated in the updated itemized statement; or			
	2.	If an updated itemized statement is not sent to the requestor, an amount that exceeds by 20 percent or more the amount estimated in the original itemized statement.			
Timing of Deadlines	An original or updated itemized statement is considered to have been sent by a district, and a requestor is considered to have re- sponded to the statement, on the date that the statement or re- sponse is:				
	1.	Delivered in person;			
	2.	Deposited, properly addressed, in the U.S. Mail; or			
	3.	Transmitted by electronic mail or facsimile, provided the re- questor agrees to receive the statement by those means.			
	The time deadlines for providing or responding to the required statement of estimated charges do not affect the application of a time deadline imposed on a district for requesting a decision by the attorney general under Government Code 552, Subchapter G.				
	Gov	't Code 552.2615			
Deposit or Bond	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposition bond for payment of anticipated costs for the preparation of a cost of public information if:				
	1.	The officer or agent has provided the requestor with the writ- ten itemized statement required by Government Code 552.2615 [see Statement of Estimated Charges, above]; and			
	2.	The charge for providing the copy is estimated by the district to exceed \$100, if the district has more than 15 full-time em- ployees, or \$50, if the district has fewer than 16 full-time em- ployees.			
	The officer or agent may not require a deposit or bond as a down payment for copies of public information that the requestor may request in the future.				
	Gov	r't Code 552.263(a), (b)			

	For the purposes of charging for providing copies of public infor- mation or for requesting an attorney general's opinion, a request for a copy of public information is considered to have been re- ceived by the district on the date the district receives the deposit or bond. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(e)</i>
	A requestor who fails to make such a deposit or post such a bond before the tenth business day after the date the deposit or bond is required is considered to have withdrawn the request. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(f)</i>
Modified Request	If a requestor modifies a request in response to the requirement of a deposit or bond, the modified request is considered a separate request and is considered received on the date the district receives the written modified request. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.263(e-1)
Unpaid Amounts	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or bond for payment of unpaid amounts the requestor owes a district in relation to previous public information requests before preparing a copy of public information in response to a new request, if those unpaid amounts exceed \$100. The officer for public information or agent may not seek payment of those unpaid amounts through any other means. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(c)</i>
	A district that receives a request from a requestor who, within the preceding 180 days, has accepted but failed to pay written item- ized statements of estimated charges from the district as provided under Government Code 552.261(b) may require the requestor to pay the estimated charges for the request before the request is ful- filled. <i>Gov't Code 552.2661</i>
Documentation of Unpaid Amounts	A district must fully document the existence and amount of those unpaid amounts or the amount of any anticipated costs before re- quiring a deposit or bond. The documentation is subject to required public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(d)</i>
Waivers	A district shall provide a copy of public information without charge or at a reduced charge if the district determines that waiver or re- duction of the charge is in the public interest because providing the information primarily benefits the public.
	If the cost to a district of processing the collection of a charge for providing a copy of public information will exceed the amount of the charge, the district may waive the charge.
	Gov't Code 552.267
Government Publication	The cost provisions described above do not apply to a publication that is compiled and printed by or for a district for public dissemina- tion. If the cost of the publication is not determined by state law, a

	district may determine the charge for providing the publication, or the district may provide the publication free of charge, if state law does not require a certain charge. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.270			
Inspection of Public Information Inspection of Public Information	If the requestor does not request a copy of public information, a district may not impose a charge for making available for inspection any public information that exists in a paper record, except as set forth below. <i>Gov't Code 552.271(a)</i>			
Confidential Information	If a page contains confidential information that must be edited from the record before the information can be made available for inspec- tion, a district may charge for the cost of making a photocopy of the page from which the confidential information must be edited. No charge other than the cost of the photocopy may be imposed. <i>Gov't Code 552.271(b)</i>			
Payment, Deposit, or Bond	The officer for public information or agent may require a requestor to pay, or to make a deposit or post a bond for the payment of, an- ticipated personnel costs for making available for inspection public information that exists in paper records if:			
	 The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than five years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, six or more archival boxes; and 			
	 The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than five hours will be required to make the information avail- able for inspection. 			
	Gov't Code 552.271(c)			
Certain Small Districts	If a district has fewer than 16 full-time employees, the payment, de- posit, or bond may be required only if:			
	 The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than three years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, three or more archival boxes; and 			
	2. The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than two hours will be required to make the information available for inspection.			
	Gov't Code 552.271(d)			
Electronic Records	If a district receives a request to inspect information that exists in an electronic medium and that is not available directly online to the requestor, the district may not impose a charge for access to the information unless complying with the request will require program- ming or manipulation of data. If programming or manipulation of			

	data is required, a district shall notify the requestor before assem- bling the information and provide the requestor with an estimate of charges that will be imposed.				
	If public information exists in an electronic form on a computer owned or leased by a district, and the public has direct access to that computer through a computer network or other means, the electronic form of the information may be electronically copied from that computer without charge if accessing the information does not require processing, programming, or manipulation on the district's computer before the information is copied. If such information does require processing, programming, or manipulation before it can be copied, a district may impose charges.				
	If a district creates or keeps information in an electronic form, the district is encouraged to explore options to separate confidential information from public information and make the public information available to the public through electronic access through a computer network or other means.				
	Gov't Code 552.272				
Temporary Suspension of Requirements for	The requirements of the PIA do not apply if a district is currently im- pacted by a catastrophe and complies with requirements below to declare a suspension period.				
Districts Impacted by Catastrophe	"Catastrophe" means a condition or occurrence that interferes with the ability of a district to comply with the requirements of the PIA, including:				
	1.	Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, or snow storm;			
	2.	Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of commu- nication facilities;			
	3.	Epidemic; or			
	4.	Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or threat- ened act of lawlessness or violence.			
	"Suspension period" means the period of time during which a dis- trict may suspend the applicability of the requirements of the PIA.				
Initial Suspension Period	A board may suspend the applicability of the PIA to the district for an initial suspension period, which may not exceed seven consec- utive days and must occur during the period that:				
	1.	Begins not earlier than the second day before the date the district submits notice to the attorney general; and			

	2.		Is not later than the seventh day after the date the district mits that notice.
Extension of Initial Suspension Period	A board may extend an initial suspension period if the board deter- mines that the district is still impacted by the catastrophe on which the initial suspension period was based. The initial suspension pe- riod may be extended one time for not more than seven consecu- tive days that begin on the day following the day the initial suspen- sion period ends.		
Notice to the Attorney General	atto trop	orney ohe ai	that elects to suspend the PIA must submit notice to the general that the district is currently impacted by a catas- nd has elected to suspend the applicability of the PIA dur- nitial suspension period.
			ce must be on the form prescribed by the attorney general t require the district to:
	1.		ntify and describe the catastrophe that the district is cur- tly impacted by;
	2.		te the date the initial suspension period determined by the rd begins and the date that period ends;
	3.	lf th peri	e board has determined to extend the initial suspension iod:
		a.	State that the district continues to be impacted by the ca- tastrophe; and
		b.	State the date the extension to the initial suspension pe- riod begins and the date the period ends; and
	4.		vide any other information the office of the attorney gen- determines necessary.
Notice to the Public	pub and und	olic of I in ea Ier the	that elects to suspend the PIA must provide notice to the the suspension in a place readily accessible to the public ach other location the district is required to post a notice e Open Meetings Act. The district must maintain the notice spension during the suspension period.
Requests During Suspension Period	Notwithstanding another provision of the PIA, a request for public information received by a district during a suspension period is considered to have been received by the district on the first busi- ness day after the date the suspension period ends.		
Pending Requests Tolled	date	e an i	t for public information received by a district before the nitial suspension period begins are tolled until the first day after the date the suspension period ends.
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Gov't Code 552.233

Miscellaneous Provisions Large or Frequent Requests Personnel Time	amo duc tor, reco time 12-r mor	ount c ing pu or pro overin e limit month nthly t	may establish reasonable monthly and yearly limits on the of time that district employees are required to spend pro- ublic information for inspection or duplication by a reques- oviding copies of public information to a requestor, without or gits costs attributable to that personnel time. A yearly may not be less than 36 hours for a requestor during the or period that corresponds to a district's fiscal year. A time limit may not be less than 15 hours for a requestor for onth period.	
Request by Minor	a m the with pers who son	inor, a calcu a rec son w om the estat	spent complying with a request submitted in the name of as defined by Family Code 101.003(a), is to be included in lation of the cumulative amount of time spent complying quest for public information by a parent, guardian, or other ho has control of the minor under a court order and with e minor resides, unless that parent, guardian, or other per- blishes that another person submitted that request in the the minor.	
Exception	This section does not apply if the requestor is an individual who, for a substantial portion of the individual's livelihood or for substantial financial gain, gathers, compiles, prepares, collects, photographs, records, writes, edits, reports, investigates, processes, or publishes news or information for and is seeking the information for:			
	1.		semination by a news medium or communication service vider, including:	
		a.	An individual who supervises or assists in gathering, pre- paring, and disseminating the news or information; or	
		b.	An individual who is or was a journalist, scholar, or re- searcher employed by an institution of higher education at the time the person made the request for information; or	
	2.		ation or maintenance of an abstract plant as described by rance Code 2501.004.	
	"Communication service provider" has the meaning assigned by Civil Practice and Remedies Code 22.021.			
	boo dio ellite nel carr	k pub or tele e, or c or pro ier, or	edium" means a newspaper, magazine or periodical, a disher, a news agency, a wire service, an FCC-licensed ra- evision station or a network of such stations, a cable, sat- other transmission system or carrier or channel, or a chan- ogramming service for a station, network, system, or r an audio or audiovisual production company or internet or provider, or the parent, subsidiary, division, or affiliate	

GBAA (LEGAL)

		of that entity, that disseminates news or information to the public by any means, including:		
	1.	Print;		
	2.	Television;		
	3.	Radio;		
	4.	Photographic;		
	5.	Mechanical;		
	6.	Electronic; and		
	7.	Other means, known or unknown, that are accessible to the public.		
	cial stat zati	s section also does not apply if the requestor is an elected offi- of the United States, this state, or a political subdivision of this are or a representative of a publicly funded legal services organi- on that is a federal tax exempt entity under Section $501(c)(3)$, ernal Revenue Code of 1986.		
Written Statement of Personnel Time	with req spe time req ame	district establishes a time limit, each time the district complies in a request for public information, the district shall provide the uestor with a written statement of the amount of personnel time ont complying with that request and the cumulative amount of e spent complying with requests for public information from that uestor during the applicable monthly or yearly period. The punt of time spent preparing the written statement may not be uded in the amount of time in the statement.		
Written Estimate of Charges	req exc que per the fore The ing,	the cumulative amount of personnel time spent complying with uests for public information from the same requestor equals or eeds the established time limit, a district shall provide the re- estor with a written estimate of the total cost, including materials, sonnel time, and overhead expenses, necessary to comply with request. The district shall provide the written estimate on or be- e the tenth day after the date on which the request was made. amount of this charge relating to the cost of locating, compil- and producing the public information shall be established by es prescribed by the attorney general.		
	req dist whi mai	en a request is made by a requestor who has made a previous uest to the district that has not been withdrawn, for which the rict has located and compiled documents in response, and for ch the district has issued a written estimate of charges that re- ins unpaid on the date the requestor submits the new request, district is not required to locate, compile, produce, or provide		

	copies of documents or prepare an estimate of charges in re- sponse to a new request until the date the requestor pays each un- paid statement issued in connection with a previous request or withdraws the previous request to which the statement applies.
Additional Time	If a district provides the requestor with written notice that additional time is required to prepare the written estimate, the district must provide the written estimate as soon as practicable, but on or be- fore the tenth day after the date the district provided the notice that additional time was required.
Acceptance of Charges	If a district provides a requestor with the estimate of charges and the time limits regarding the requestor have been exceeded, a dis- trict is not required to produce public information for inspection or duplication or to provide copies of public information in response to the requestor's request unless on or before the tenth day after the date the district provided the written estimate, the requestor sub- mits payment of the amount stated in the written estimate.
	If the requestor fails or refuses to submit payment, the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request.
Waived or Reduced Charges	This section does not prohibit a district from providing a copy of public information without charge or at a reduced rate, or from waiving a charge for providing a copy of public information, under Government Code 552.267 [see Waivers, above].
	Gov't Code 552.275
Filing Suit to Withhold Information	A district may file suit seeking to withhold information if the district receives a determination from the attorney general that information must be disclosed to a requestor. The suit must be filed in Travis County district court against the attorney general and must seek declaratory relief from compliance with the attorney general's decision.
	The district must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the district receives the attorney general's decision. If the dis- trict wishes to preserve an affirmative defense for its officer for pub- lic information, as provided by Government Code 552.353(b)(3), the district must file suit not later than the tenth calendar day after receipt of the attorney general's decision.
	Gov't Code 552.324, .353(b)(3)
Parent's Request for Information	A district that receives a request from a parent for public infor- mation relating to the parent's child shall comply with the PIA.
	A district that seeks to withhold information from a parent who has requested public information relating to the parent's child under the

PIA, and that files suit to challenge a decision by the attorney general, must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the date the district receives the decision of the attorney general, unless an earlier deadline is established by the PIA.

A court shall grant such a suit precedence over other pending matters to ensure prompt resolution. Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not appeal the decision of the court. This prohibition does not affect the right of a parent to appeal the decision. If a district does not bring suit within the period established, the district shall comply with the decision of the attorney general.

Education Code 26.0085

GBAA (LOCAL)

Charging for Personnel Time	As authorized by law, the District shall charge a requestor for addi- tional personnel time spent producing information for the requestor after personnel of the District have collectively spent:		
	1. 36 hours of time during the District's fiscal year; or		
	2. 15 hours of time during a one-month period.		
Suspension of Public Information Act During Catastrophe	In the event of a catastrophe, as defined by law, affecting the Dis- trict, the Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to suspend the applicability of Government Code Chapter 552 to the District for the period of time permitted by law and provide the re- quired notices to the attorney general and public. The Board shall approve any extension of an initial suspension period.		

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Applicability of Criminal Laws	The criminal laws of the state apply to the areas under the control and jurisdiction of the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.101			
Trespass		An unauthorized person who trespasses on the grounds of a school district commits a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education Code 37.107</i>		
Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	A school administrator, school resource officer, or school district peace officer may refuse to allow persons to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control if the person re- fuses to leave peaceably on request and:			
	1. The	e person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or		
		e person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a lool setting and:		
	a.	The administrator, resource officer, or peace officer is- sues a verbal warning to the person that the person's behavior is inappropriate and may result in the person's refusal of entry or ejection; and		
	b.	The person persists in that behavior.		
	Identifica district's	ation may be required of any person on property under the control.		
	A district shall maintain a record of each verbal warning issued, in- cluding the name of the person to whom the warning was issued and the date of issuance. At the time a person is refused entry to or ejected from a school district's property, the district shall provide to the person written in- formation explaining the appeal process.			
	fused en the pare participa tee or in	nt or guardian of a child enrolled in a school district is re- try to the district's property, the district shall accommodate nt or guardian to ensure that the parent or guardian may te in the child's admission, review, and dismissal commit- the child's team established under Section 504, Rehabili- t of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), in accordance with fed-		
		n of a person's refusal of entry to or ejection from a school property under this section may not exceed two years.		
	pus shal	shall post on the district's website and each district cam- I post on any campus website a notice regarding these ns, including the appeal process.		
		rd shall adopt a policy that uses the district's existing griev- ocess [see FNG, GF] to permit a person refused entry to or		

	fusa ing day grai The	cted from property controlled by the district to appeal such re- al of entry or ejection. The policy must permit a person appeal- under this section to address the board in person within 90 s of the commencement of the appeal, unless the appeal is nted before the board considers the appeal.	
		nal and may only be further appealed under the applicable pro- ons of Texas Education Code 7.057.	
	Edu	ication Code 37.105; 19 TAC 103.1207	
Vehicles on School Property	hicle any cati	bard may bar or suspend a person from driving or parking a ve- e on any school property as a result of the person's violation of rule or regulation promulgated by the board or set forth in Edu- on Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D. [See CLC] <i>Education</i> <i>de 37.106</i>	
Disruption of Lawful Assembly	A person commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person, alone or in concert with others, intentionally engages in disruptive activity on the campus or property of a public school.		
	Disi	ruptive activity means:	
	1.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of persons in an exit, entrance, or hallway of any building without the authorization of the administration of the school;	
	2.	Seizing control of any building or portion of a building to inter- fere with any administrative, educational, research, or other authorized activity;	
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent by force or violence or the threat of violence any lawful assembly authorized by the school administration so that a person attempting to partici- pate in the assembly is unable to participate due to the use of force or violence or due to a reasonable fear that force or vio- lence is likely to occur;	
	4.	Disrupting by force or violence or the threat of force or vio- lence a lawful assembly in progress; or	
	5.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of any person at an exit or entrance to the campus or property or preventing or at- tempting to prevent by force or violence or by threats thereof the ingress or egress of any person to or from the property or campus without the authorization of the administration of the school.	

Free Speech	free	This provision shall not be construed to infringe upon any right of free speech or expression guaranteed by the constitutions of the United States or the state of Texas.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.123		
Disruption of Classes	A person, other than a primary or secondary grade student enrolled in the school, commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person, on school property or on public property within 500 feet of school property, alone or in concert with others, intentionally disrupts the conduct of classes or other school activities. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years o age.			
	Disr clud	upting the conduct of classes or other school activities in- les:		
	1.	Emitting noise of an intensity that prevents or hinders class- room instruction.		
	2.	Enticing or attempting to entice a student away from a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.		
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent a student from attending a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.		
	4.	Entering a classroom without the consent of either the princi- pal or the teacher and, through either acts of misconduct or use of loud or profane language, disrupting class activities.		
	"School property" includes a public school campus or school grounds on which a public school is located, and any grounds or buildings used by a school for an assembly or other school-sponsored activity.			
		olic property" includes a street, highway, alley, public park, or walk.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.124		
Disruption of Transportation	mits prev and a ve the in th	erson, other than a primary or secondary grade student, com- a Class C misdemeanor if the person intentionally disrupts, vents, or interferes with the lawful transportation of students to from school, or to or from activities sponsored by a school, on whicle owned and/or operated by a district. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged he prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of <i>. Education Code 37.126</i>		

Denton ISD 061901				
COMMUNITY RELATIONSGKCONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES(LEGA				
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off school property. School personnel shall enforce these policies on school property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See FNCD for the definition of e-cigarette.]			
Smoking in Buildings	A district shall not permit smoking within any indoor facility used for provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elementary, or second ary education or library services to children; or regular or routine health care or day care or early childhood development (Head Start) services to children or for the use of employees who provide such services. 20 U.S.C. 6083; 20 U.S.C. 7183			
Criminal Penalty	A person commits an offense if the person is in possession of a burning tobacco product, smokes tobacco, or operates an e-ciga rette in a facility of a public school.			
Defense	It is a defense to prosecution that a district does not have promi- nently displayed a reasonably sized notice that smoking is prohib- ited by state law in such place and that an offense is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.			
Facilities for Extinguishment	A district shall be equipped with facilities for extinguishment of smoking materials.			
	Penal Code 48.01(a)–(c)			
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i> [See FNCF regarding alcohol-free zones.]			
Intoxicants	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person possesses an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sale, or distribution while:	S		
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a public school; or			
	2. Entering or inside any enclosure, field, or stadium where any athletic event sponsored or participated in by a public school is being held.			
	Education Code 37.122 [See also FNCF]			
Fireworks	A person may not explode or ignite fireworks within 600 feet of any school unless the person receives authorization in writing from the school. <i>Occupations Code 2154.251(a)(1)</i>			
Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	It is unlawful for any individual knowingly to possess a firearm at a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to be- lieve, is a school zone.			

"School zone" means in, or on the grounds of, a school; or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of a school.

This prohibition does not apply to the possession of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the state, and the law of the state requires that, before an individual obtains such a license, the law enforcement authorities of the state verify that the individual is qualified under law to receive the license;
- 3. That is not loaded and in a locked container, or a locked firearms rack that is on a motor vehicle;
- 4. By an individual for use in a program approved by a school in the school zone;
- 5. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual;
- 6. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; or
- 7. That is unloaded and is possessed by an individual while traversing school premises for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting, if the entry on school premises is authorized by school authorities.

It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge or attempt to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school zone.

This prohibition does not apply to the discharge of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. As part of a program approved by a school in the school zone, by an individual who is participating in the program;
- 3. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in a school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual; or
- 4. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity.

18 U.S.C. 921(a)(25), .922(q)

Possession of Weapons	A person commits a third degree felony if the person knowingly, in- tentionally, or recklessly possesses or goes with a firearm, location- restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon [see FNCG]:					
	1.	Onto the physical premises (a building or portion of a building) of a school;				
	2.	Onto any grounds or into a building in which an activity spon- sored by a school is being conducted; or				
	3.	On a passenger transportation vehicle of a school.				
	This offense does not apply if the person is acting pursuant to wr ten regulations or written authorization of a district.					
	It is not a defense to prosecution that the person possessed a handgun and was licensed to carry a handgun.					
	Penal Code 46.03(a)(1), (f)					
	knov stric or in ticipa	A person commits a third degree felony if the person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly possesses or goes with a location-re- stricted knife on the premises where a high school sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place, unless the person is a par- ticipant in the event and a location-restricted knife is used in the event. [See FNCG] <i>Penal Code 46.03(a-1)</i>				
"Premises" Defined	"Premises," for purposes of this policy, means a building or a por- tion of a building. The term does not include any public or private driveway, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area. <i>Penal Code</i> $46.035(f)(3)$					
Excepted Persons	Penal Code 46.03 does not apply to:					
	1.	Peace officers or special investigators regardless of whether engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's or investiga- tor's duties;				
	2.	Parole officers while engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's duties;				
	3.	Community supervision and corrections department officers while engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's duties;				
	4.	An active judicial officer who is licensed to carry a handgun;				
	5.	An honorably retired peace officer or other qualified retired law enforcement officer, as defined by 18 U.S.C. Section 926C, who holds a certificate of proficiency and is carrying a photo identification verifying that the officer qualifies for this exception;				

	6.	The attorney general or a United States attorney, district attor- ney, criminal district attorney, county attorney, or municipal at- torney who is licensed to carry a handgun;	
	 An assistant United States attorney, assistant attorney eral, assistant district attorney, assistant criminal distriney, or assistant county attorney who is licensed to cathandgun; 		
	8.	A bailiff designated by an active judicial officer who is licensed to carry a handgun and engaged in escorting the judicial of- ficer;	
	9.	A juvenile probation officer who is authorized to carry a fire- arm; or	
	10.	A person who is volunteer emergency services personnel if the person is carrying a handgun under the authority of Gov- ernment Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H; and engaged in providing emergency services.	
	Pen	al Code 46.15(a)	
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	A district may not prohibit a person who holds a license to c handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapte from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or a tion in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in ing lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by th trict, and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided tha handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.		
	hand	does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a dgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 25 or Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035, or other law.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.0815	
Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	hano pers	strict is not liable in a civil action arising from the discharge of a dgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services connel and licensed to carry the handgun under Government e, Chapter 411, Subchapter H.	
	eme unde the o	discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer orgency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun er Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, is outside course and scope of the individual's duties as volunteer emer- cy services personnel.	
		district does not waive immunity from suit or liability under the as Tort Claims Act or any other law.	

	"Volunteer emergency services personnel" includes a volunteer firefighter, an emergency medical services volunteer as defined by Health and Safety Code 773.003, and any individual who, as a vol- unteer, provides services for the benefit of the general public dur- ing emergency situations. The term does not include a peace of- ficer or reserve law enforcement officer, as those terms are defined by Occupations Code 1701.001, who is performing law enforce- ment duties.				
	Civil Practice & Remedies Code 112.001; Penal Code 46.01(18)				
Exhibition of Firearm	A person commits a third degree felony if, in a manner intended to cause alarm or personal injury to another person or to damage school property, the person intentionally:				
	1.	. Exhibits or uses a firearm:			
		a.	In or on any property, including a parking lot, park garage, or other parking area, that is owned by a or public school; or	-	
		b.	On a school bus being used to transport children from school-sponsored activities;	to and	
	2.	scrib	eatens to exhibit or use a firearm in or on property on the body above or on a bus and was in possession of or ediate access to the firearm.		
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person threatens to exhibit or use a firearm, but was not in possession of or did not have immediate access to the firearm.				
	Education Code 37.125				
Trespass—	A license holder commits an offense if the license holder:				
Concealed Carry of Handgun	1.	1. Carries a concealed handgun on the property of another volute effective consent; and			
	2.	 Received notice that entry on the property by a licens with a concealed handgun was forbidden. 			
	An offense under Penal Code 30.06 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- cept that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the property, the license holder was personally given the notice that entry or remaining on the property with a concealed handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to depart.				
Notice / Sign— Concealed Carry of Handgun	For purposes of Penal Code 30.06, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written communication.				
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"Written communication" means:

	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.06, Penal Code (trespass by license holder with a concealed handgun), a per- son licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this property with a concealed handgun"; or		
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.		
Exception	the by a cens	an exception to Penal Code 30.06 that the property on which icense holder carries a concealed handgun is owned or leased district and is not a premises or other place on which the li- se holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal e 46.03 or 46.035.		
	Pen	al Code 30.06 [See also FNCG]		
Unauthorized Notice	A district may not take any action, including an action consisting of the provision of notice, by a communication described by Penal Code 30.06 or 30.07 that states or implies that a license holder who is carrying a handgun under the authority of Government Code Chapter 411 is prohibited from entering or remaining on a premises or other place owned or leased by the district unless li- cense holders are prohibited from carrying a handgun on the prem- ises or other place by Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035 or other law. <i>Gov't Code 411.209</i>			
Trespass—Open Carry of Handgun		older of a license to openly carry a handgun commits an offense e license holder:		
	1.	Openly carries a handgun on property of another without ef- fective consent; and		
	2.	Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder openly carrying a handgun was forbidden.		
Notice / Sign— Open Carry of Handgun	For purposes of Penal Code 30.07, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written commu- nication.			
	"Wri	tten communication means":		
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.07, Penal Code		
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	(trespass by license holder with an openly carried handgun) a person licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Govern ment Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this prop erty with a handgun that is carried openly"; or	n-
	2. A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public at each entrance to the property.	
	An offense under Penal Code 30.07 is a Class C misdemeanor, e cept that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering th property, the license holder was personally given the notice by ora communication that entry or remaining on the property with an openly carried handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to depart.	he al
Exception	It is an exception to Penal Code 30.07 that the property on which the license holder openly carries the handgun is owned or leased by a governmental entity and is not a premises or other place on which the license holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035.	
	Penal Code 30.07	
Interscholastic Events	Unless authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis demeanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- lessly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is concealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises where a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place.	
	Penal Code 46.035(b)(2) does not apply if the license holder is a participant in the event and a handgun is used in the event.	
	Penal Code 46.035(b)(2)	
Board Meetings	Unless authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis demeanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- lessly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is concealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, in the room or rooms where a meeting of the board is held and if the meeting is an open meeting under the Open Meetings Act.	;-
	Penal Code 46.035(c) does not apply unless the license holder was given effective notice under Penal Code 30.06 or 30.07 [see Notice/Sign—Concealed Carry of Handgun and Notice/Sign— Open Carry of Handgun, above].	
	Penal Code 46.035(c), (i)	

Board Authorization	A license holder does not commit a criminal offense under Penal Code 46.035 [see Interscholastic Events and Board Meetings, above] if the person is lawfully carrying a handgun pursuant to a board's written regulations and authorization. <i>Att'y Gen. Op. GA-</i> <i>1051 (2014)</i> [See Handgun Licensees at CKE(LEGAL)]			
Drones Federal Law Small Unmanned Aircraft	less	all unmanned aircraft" means an unmanned aircraft weighing than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on rd or otherwise attached to the aircraft.		
Small Aircraft Systems	mar cati airc	nall unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- nned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned raft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the all unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.		
	UAS	registration, airman certification, and operation of civil small S within the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part does not apply to the following:		
	1.	Air carrier operations;		
	2.	Any aircraft subject to the provisions of 14 C.F.R. Part 101; or		
	3.	Any operation that a remote pilot in command elects to con- duct pursuant to an exemption issued under Section 333 of Public Law 112–95, unless otherwise specified in the exemp- tion.		
	14 (C.F.R. 107.1, .3		
Model Aircraft	A "model aircraft" is an unmanned aircraft that is capable of sus- tained flight in the atmosphere, flown within visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft, and flown for hobby or recrea- tional purposes.			
	Title 14 C.F.R. Part 101, Subpart E prescribes rules governing the operation of a model aircraft (or an aircraft being developed as a model aircraft) that meets all of the following conditions:			
	1.	The aircraft is flown strictly for hobby or recreational use;		
	2.	The aircraft is operated in accordance with a community- based set of safety guidelines and within the programming of a nationwide community-based organization;		
	3.	The aircraft is limited to not more than 55 pounds unless oth- erwise certified through a design, construction, inspection, flight test, and operational safety program administered by a community-based organization;		
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	4.		aircraft is operated in a manner that does not interfere and gives way to any manned aircraft; and		
	5.	airc con	en flown within five miles of an airport, the operator of the raft provides the airport operator and the airport air traffic trol tower (when an air traffic facility is located at the air-) with prior notice of the operation.		
	No person may operate a model aircraft so as to endanger the safety of the national airspace system.				
	14 (C.F.R	. 101.1(5), .41, .43		
State Law Regulation Limited	enfo the othe	orce a opera er sim	I subdivision, including a school district, may not adopt or any ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding ation of an unmanned aircraft. An ordinance, order, or illar measure that violates this provision is void and unen- a. <i>Gov't Code 423.009(b), (d)</i>		
Exception	-		l subdivision may adopt and enforce an ordinance, order, similar measure regarding:		
	1.	The	use of an unmanned aircraft during a special event;		
	2.	The	political subdivision's use of an unmanned aircraft; or		
	3.		use of an unmanned aircraft near a facility or infrastruc- owned by the political subdivision, if the political subdivi- n:		
		a.	Applies for and receives authorization from the Federal Aviation Administration to adopt the regulation; and		
		b.	After providing reasonable notice, holds a public hearing on the political subdivision's intent to apply for the au- thorization.		
	"Special event" means a festival, celebration, or other gathering that involves the reservation and temporary use of all or a portion of a public park, road, or other property of a political subdivision; and entertainment, the sale of merchandise, food, or beverages, or mass participation in a sports event; and requires a significant use or coordination of a political subdivision's services.				
	Gov	r't Co	de 423.009(a)(2), (c)		
Privacy Law	It is lawful to capture an image using an unmanned aircraft in this state for the reasons listed in Government Code 423.002, includ-ing:				
	1.		n the consent of the individual who owns or lawfully occu- s the real property captured in the image; or		
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COMMUNITY RELATIONS CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES GKA (LEGAL)

2. From a height no more than eight feet above ground level in a public place, if the image was captured without using any electronic, mechanical, or other means to amplify the image beyond normal human perception.

Gov't Code 423.002(a)

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COMMUNITY RELATIO CONDUCT ON SCHOO		KA AL)	
Access to District Property	Authorized District officials, including school resource officers and District police officers if applicable, may refuse to allow a person access to property under the District's control in accordance with law.		
	District officials may request assistance from law enforcement in emergency or when a person is engaging in behavior rising to the level of criminal conduct.		
Ejection or Exclusion under Education Code 37.105	In accordance with Education Code 37.105, a District official sha provide a person refused entry to or ejected from property under the District's control written information explaining the right to ap- peal such refusal of entry or ejection under the District's grievance process.	_	
	A person appealing under the District's grievance process shall b permitted to address the Board in person within 90 days of filing the initial complaint, unless the complaint is resolved before the Board considers it. [See FNG and GF])e	
Off-Campus Activities	Employees shall be designated to ensure appropriate conduct of participants and others attending a school-related activity at non- District or out-of-District facilities. Those so designated shall coor nate their efforts with persons in charge of the facilities.	-	
Prohibitions Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	The District prohibits smoking and the use of tobacco products and e-cigarettes on District property, in District vehicles, or at school-re- lated activities.		
Weapons	The District prohibits the unlawful use, possession, or display of any firearm, location-restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon, defined at FNCG, on all District property at all times.	as	
Exceptions	No violation of this policy occurs when:		
	1. A Texas handgun license holder stores a handgun or other firearm in a locked vehicle in a parking lot, parking garage, other parking area provided by the District, as long as the handgun or other firearm is not in plain view; or	or	
	 The use, possession, or display of an otherwise prohibited weapon takes place as part of a District-approved activity su pervised by proper authorities. [See FOD] 	u-	

RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES **REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE CENTERS**

	Regional education service centers shall be located throughout the state so that each school district has the opportunity to be served by and to participate in an approved center on a voluntary basis. The centers shall provide services to assist school districts in improving student performance and increasing the efficiency and effectiveness of school operations. <i>Education Code</i> 8.001(<i>b</i>), .002		
Core Services	Each service center shall develop and maintain core services for purchase by school districts and campuses. These services are:		
	1.	Training and assistance in teaching each subject area as- sessed under Education Code 39.023 (state assessments) and providing instruction in personal financial literacy as re- quired under Education Code 28.0021.	
	2.	Training and assistance in providing a gifted and talented pro- gram and each program that qualifies for a funding allotment under Education Codes 48.102 (special education), 48.104 (compensatory education), or 48.105 (bilingual education).	
	3.	Assistance specifically designed for a district or campus as- signed an unacceptable performance rating under Education Code 39.054.	
	4.	Training and assistance to teachers, administrators, school board members, and members of site-based decision-making committees.	
	5.	Assistance specifically designed for a school district that is considered out of compliance with state or federal special ed- ucation requirements.	
	6.	Assistance in complying with state laws and rules.	
	Education Code 8.051(d)		
Additional Services	In addition to the core services, a regional education service center may offer any service requested and purchased by any school district or campus in the state. <i>Education Code 8.053</i>		
	trict sub high rega serv	gional education service center shall assist the board of a dis- in entering into an agreement with another district or political division, a regional education service center, or an institution of her education for a cooperative shared services arrangement arding administrative services, including transportation, food vice, purchasing, and payroll functions. <i>Education Code</i> 203(c)	
Delegation of Functions	The board of a school district may delegate purchasing or other ad- ministrative functions to a service center to the extent necessary to achieve efficiencies in the use of available services. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 8.122(d)</i>		
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Notices to Law Enforcement Agencies	A principal or designee shall notify local law enforcement if the principal has reasonable grounds to believe that any of the follow- ing activities occurred in school, on school property, or at a school- sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property, with- out regard to whether the activity is investigated by school security officers:			
	1.	Conduct that may constitute an offense listed in Government Code 508.149; deadly conduct, as described by Penal Code 22.05; or a terroristic threat, as described by Penal Code 22.07.		
	2.	The use, sale, or possession of a controlled substance, drug paraphernalia, or marijuana, as defined by Health and Safety Code 481.		
	3.	The possession of any of the weapons or devices listed in Pe- nal Code 46.01(1)–(7), (9)–(14), or (16). [See FNCG]		
	4.	The possession of a weapon as defined by 18 U.S.C. Section 921, in accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act. [See FOD]		
	5.	Conduct that may constitute a criminal offense under Penal Code 71.02, Engaging in Organized Criminal Activity.		
	6.	Conduct that may constitute a criminal offense for which a student may be expelled under Education Code 37.007(a), (d), or (e).		
	Notice is not required if the principal reasonably believes that the activity does not constitute a criminal offense.			
	The principal or designee shall provide the notice to the district po- lice department (if one exists) and the police department of the mu- nicipality in which the school is located. If the school is not in a mu- nicipality, the principal or designee shall provide the notice to the sheriff of the county in which the school is located. The report shall include the name and address of each student the person believes may have participated in the activity.			
Notice to Employees	sup	principal or designee shall also notify each instructional or port employee of the school who has regular contact with a stu- t whose conduct is the subject of the notice.		
	Education Code 37.015, .007(e)			
Report of Conduct Constituting Assault or Harassment	polio	incipal or designee may make a report to any school district ce department or the police department of the municipality in ch the school is located or, if the school is not in a municipality,		

	the sheriff of the county in which the school is located if, after an investigation is completed, the principal has reasonable grounds to believe that a student engaged in conduct that constitutes assault under Penal Code 22.01 or harassment with electronic communications under Penal Code $42.07(a)(7)$.						
	ofe	A person who makes a report may include the name and address of each student the person believes may have participated in the conduct.					
Designee	sch	The principal may designate a school employee, other than a school counselor, who is under the supervision of the principal to make the report.					
Immunity	A person who voluntarily makes a report is immune from civil or criminal liability. A person who takes any action under this provisi is immune from civil or criminal liability or disciplinary action resu ing from that action.						
	This provision does not create a civil, criminal, or administrative cause of action or liability or create a standard of care, obligation, or duty that provides a basis for a cause of action.						
	District employees and volunteers are immune from suit resulting from an act under this provision, including an act under related pol- icies and procedures.						
	An act by a district employee or volunteer under this provision, in- cluding an act under related policies and procedures, is the exer- cise of judgment or discretion on the part of the employee or volun- teer and is not considered to be a ministerial act for purposes of liability of the district or the district's employees.						
	Edι	cation Code 37.0151					
Notices from Law Enforcement Agencies	As described below, representatives of the juvenile justice system shall provide notice to a district when:						
	1.	A student is arrested or referred to the juvenile board [see Ar- rest, below];					
	2.	A student is convicted, or receives deferred prosecution or de- ferred adjudication [see Conviction or Adjudication, below];					
	3.	A student was removed to a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) and the criminal case against the student is refused or the student is found not guilty [see Not Guilty/Charges Dropped, below]; or					

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	tra	student on parole, probation, or community supervision nsfers into or reenrolls in a district [see Transfer Students, low].				
	Code of	Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a), (b), (c), (g)				
	Local law enforcement shall provide notice to the superintendent if a registered sex offender intends to reside in the district, as set out below. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 62.053(e), .053(f)</i> [See Regis- tered Sex Offenders, below]					
Reportable Offenses	Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 applies to the following of- fenses:					
	1. An	y felony offense; and				
	2. Th	e following misdemeanors:				
	a.	An offense under Penal Code 20.02 (Unlawful Re- straint), 21.08 (Indecent Exposure), 22.01 (Assault), 22.05 (Deadly Conduct), 22.07 (Terroristic Threat), or 71.02 (Engaging in Organized Criminal Activity);				
	b.	The unlawful use, sale, or possession of a controlled substance, drug paraphernalia, or marijuana, as defined by Health and Safety Code Chapter 481; and				
	C.	The unlawful possession of any of the weapons or de- vices listed in Penal Code 46.01(1)–(7), (9)–(14), or (16), or a weapon listed as a prohibited weapon under Penal Code 46.05.				
	Code of	Criminal Procedure 15.27(h)				
Contents of Notice	Oral or written notice under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 must include all pertinent details of the offense or conduct, includ- ing details of any:					
	1. As	saultive behavior or other violence;				
	2. We or	eapons used in the commission of the offense or conduct;				
		eapons possessed during the commission of the offense or nduct.				
Threat Assessment and Safety Plan	shall pro for the p safety p memora	on to the information above, the law enforcement agency ovide information relating to the student that is requested ourpose of conducting a threat assessment or preparing a lan relating to that student. A school board may enter into a andum of understanding with a law enforcement agency re- the exchange of information relevant to conducting a threat				

	assessment or preparing a safety plan. Absent a memorandum of understanding, the information requested by the superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall be considered relevant.				
	Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(k), (k-1)				
	Law enforcement records concerning a child may be inspected or copied by the superintendent of a public school where the child is enrolled only for the purpose of conducting a threat assessment or preparing a safety plan related to the child. <i>Family Code 58.008(d), (d-1)</i>				
Electronic Notice	A person may substitute electronic notice for oral notice where oral notice is required by Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27. If electronic notice is used, any written notice required by article 15.27 is not required. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(i)</i>				
Arrest <i>Oral Notice</i>	If a law enforcement agency arrests a person or refers a child to the juvenile board for an offense specified at Reportable Offenses, and the agency believes the person is enrolled as a student in a public school, the head of the agency or designee shall orally notify the superintendent or designee in the district in which the student is enrolled, or believed to be enrolled, of the arrest or referral. The notice shall be provided within 24 hours after the arrest or referral is made or before the next school day, whichever is earlier.	1			
Written Notice	Within seven days after oral notice is given, the head of the law en- forcement agency or designee shall mail written notice to the su- perintendent or designee. The written notice shall include the facts in the oral notice, the name of the person who was orally notified, and the date and time of the oral notice.				
	Both the oral and written notice shall contain sufficient details of the arrest or referral and the acts allegedly committed by the student to enable a superintendent or designee to determine whether there is a reasonable belief that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense by the Penal Code or whether it is necessary to conduct a threat assessment or prepare a safety plan related to the student. The information in the notice shall be considered by a superintendent or designee in making such a determination.)			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a)				
Failure to Provide Notice to District	If the superintendent of a district in which a student is enrolled learns of a failure of the head of a law enforcement agency or de- signee to provide a notice under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a), the superintendent or principal shall report the failure to the Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Edu- cation. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(m)</i>				
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Notice to Employees	A superintendent or designee shall immediately notify all instruc- tional and support personnel who have responsibility for supervi- sion of a student who has been arrested or taken into custody. All personnel shall keep the information received confidential.
	A superintendent or designee shall send to an employee having di- rect supervisory responsibility over the student the information in the confidential notice provided by the law enforcement agency.
Failure to Provide Notice to Employees	If a board learns of a failure by the superintendent or a principal to provide a notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a) or (a-1), the board shall report the failure to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC).
	Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a), (a-1), (l)
Conviction or Adjudication <i>Oral Notice</i>	On conviction, deferred prosecution, deferred adjudication, or adju- dication of delinquent conduct of a student for an offense or for any conduct specified at Reportable Offenses, the office of the prose- cuting attorney shall orally notify a superintendent or designee of the conviction or adjudication and whether the student is required to register as a sex offender. Oral notice must be given within 24 hours of the time of the order or before the next school day, which- ever is earlier.
Written Notice	Within seven days after the date the oral notice is given, the office of the prosecuting attorney shall mail written notice, which must contain a statement of the offense of which the individual is con- victed or on which the adjudication, deferred adjudication, or de- ferred prosecution is grounded and a statement of whether the stu- dent is required to register as a sex offender.
Notice to Employees	A superintendent or designee shall, within 24 hours of receiving no- tice from the office of the prosecuting attorney, or before the next school day, whichever is earlier, notify all instructional and support personnel who have regular contact with the student.
Failure to Provide Notice to Employees	If a board learns of a failure by the superintendent or a principal to provide a notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(b), the board shall report the failure to the SBEC.
	Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(b), (l)
Not Guilty/Charges Dropped	The office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official desig- nated by the juvenile board shall notify the district that removed a student to a (DAEP) if:

	1.	Prosecution of the student's case was refused for lack of prosecutorial merit or insufficient evidence and no formal pro- ceedings, deferred adjudication, or deferred prosecution will be initiated; or	
	2.	The court or jury found the student not guilty or made a find- ing the child did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision and the case was dismissed with prejudice.	
	Noti	ce shall be provided to the district within two working days.	
Review of Placement		eceipt of the notice, the superintendent or designee shall re- the student's placement in the DAEP [see FOC].	
	Cod	e of Criminal Procedure 15.27(g); Education Code 37.006(h)	
Transfer Students	If a juvenile justice agency has jurisdiction over a student who is arrested, referred, convicted, or adjudicated for a reportable of- fense and the student transfers from a school or is subsequently removed from a school and later returned to a school or district other than the one the student was enrolled in when the arrest, r ferral, conviction, or adjudication occurred, the juvenile justice agency shall notify the superintendent or designee of the district which the student transfers or is returned.		
	ferra venil quer Con withi	juvenile justice agency shall provide notice of an arrest or re- I in a manner similar to that provided above, at Arrest. The ju- le justice agency shall provide notice of a conviction or delin- nt adjudication in a manner similar to that provided above at viction or Adjudication. In either case, notice shall be provided in 24 hours of learning of the student's transfer or reenrollment, efore the next school day, whichever is earlier.	
Notice to Employees	is re next	superintendent of the district to which the student transfers or turned shall, within 24 hours of receiving notice or before the school day, whichever is earlier, notify all instructional and port personnel who have regular contact with the student.	
	Cod	e of Criminal Procedure 15.27(c)	
Registered Sex Offenders	tice t to re fice	local law enforcement authority shall immediately provide no- to the superintendent of the district in which a person subject gistration as a sex offender intends to reside, by mail to the of- of the superintendent, as set out below. <i>Code of Criminal Pro-</i> <i>ure 62.053(e), .053(f)</i>	
		cal law enforcement authority shall provide notice to a superin- ent regarding a registered sex offender only if:	

1.		The victim was at the time of the offense a child younger than 17 years of age or a student enrolled in a public or private secondary school;		
	2.	The person subject to registration is a student enrolled in a public or private secondary school; or		
	3.	The basis on which the person is subject to registration is a conviction, deferred adjudication, or adjudication of delinquent conduct for an offense under Penal Code 43.25 (Sexual Performance by a Child) or 43.26 (Possession or Promotion of Child Pornography), or a substantially similar offense		
	A local law enforcement authority may not provide notice to a su- perintendent if the basis for the notice is a conviction, deferred ad- judication, or adjudication of delinquent conduct for an offense un- der Section 25.02, Penal Code (Prohibited Sexual Conduct, relating to incest), or a substantially similar offense.			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 62.054			
Notice to Employees	tere in th ers	receipt of the notice from law enforcement regarding a regised sex offender, a superintendent shall release the information ne notice to appropriate district personnel, including peace officand security personnel, principals, nurses, and counselors. <i>The of Criminal Procedure 62.053(e), .055(f)</i>		

RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

	A district may contract with another local government or a federally recognized Indian tribe that is located in Texas. A party to an inter- local contract may contract with a state agency or similar agency of another state.			
	An interlocal contract may:			
	 Study the feasibility of the performance of a governmental function or service by interlocal contract; or 			
	2. Provide a governmental function or service that each party to the contract is authorized to perform individually.			
	An interlocal contract shall comply with the requirements at Gov- ernment Code Chapter 791. [See CH for interlocal purchasing con- tracts]			
	Gov't Code 791.011			
Health-Care and Hospital Services	A district may contract with another local government authorized to provide health-care and hospital services to provide those services for the district's officers and employees and their dependents. <i>Gov't Code 791.030</i>			
	A hospital district may contract with a school district included in the hospital district to provide nursing services and assistance to employees or students of the district. <i>Health and Safety Code</i> 281.0465			
Transportation System	A board may establish and operate an economical public school transportation system outside the district if the district enters into an interlocal contract as provided by Government Code Chapter 791. <i>Education Code 34.007(a)</i>			
School Crossing Guards	A municipality with a population greater than 850,000 may contract with one or more school districts to provide school crossing guards. Under such a contract, a district may provide school crossing guard services to areas of the municipality that are not part of the district. <i>Local Gov't Code 343.011, .012</i>			
State Hospital for Accountability Purposes	A memorandum of understanding between a district and a state hospital under which the district provides educational services to a student who resides in the state hospital must provide that the dis- trict include the performance of the student on an assessment in- strument or other achievement indicator adopted under Education Code 39.053 or a reporting indicator adopted under Education Code 39.301 in determining the performance of the district. <i>Educa- tion Code</i> 39.0552			

Emergency Assistance	A district may provide emergency assistance to another local gov- ernment, whether or not the district and the local government have previously agreed or contracted to provide that kind of assistance, if:				
	1. In the opinion of the presiding officer of the other local govern- ment, a state of civil emergency exists that requires assis- tance from the district and the presiding officer requests as- sistance; and				
	2. Before the emergency assistance is provided, the board au- thorizes the district to provide the assistance by resolution or other official action.				
	Similarly, if in the opinion of a board president a civil emergency exists in the district that requires assistance from another local government, the board president may request assistance.				
	Gov't Code 791.027				
Mutual Aid	A district that maintains the capability to provide mutual aid may render mutual aid to other local government entities under mutual aid agreements or the Texas Statewide Mutual Aid System. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 418.107(c)</i>				
	A district may provide mutual aid assistance on request from an- other local government entity or organized volunteer group. A su- perintendent, with the approval and consent of the board president, may provide that assistance while acting in accordance with the policies, ordinances, and procedures established by the board. <i>Gov't Code 418.109(d)</i>				
Definitions Local Government Entity	"Local government entity" means a county, incorporated city, inde- pendent school district, public junior college district, emergency services district, other special district, joint board, or other entity defined as a political subdivision under Texas law that maintains the capability to provide mutual aid.				
Mutual Aid	"Mutual aid" means a homeland security activity, as defined by Government Code 421.001, performed under the system or a writ- ten mutual aid agreement.				
	Gov't Code 418.004				
Requests for Assistance	A request for mutual aid assistance may be submitted verbally or in writing. If a request is submitted verbally, it must be confirmed in writing. <i>Gov't Code 418.115</i>				
Ability to Render Assistance	When contacted with a request for mutual aid assistance, a district shall assess local resources to determine availability of personnel, equipment, and other assistance to respond to the request.				
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	A responding local government entity may provide assistance to the extent personnel, equipment, and resources are determined to be available. A local government entity is not required to provide mutual aid assistance unless the entity determines that the entity has sufficient resources to provide assistance, based on current or anticipated events in its jurisdiction.					
	Go	Gov't Code 418.1151				
Supervision and	Wh	When providing mutual aid assistance under the system:				
Control	1.	cor	e response effort must be organized and function in ac- dance with the National Incident Management System delines;			
	2.	use of t	The personnel, equipment, and resources of a district being used in the response effort are under the operational control of the requesting local government entity unless otherwise agreed;			
	3.	Direct supervision and control of personnel, equipment, and resources and personnel accountability remain the responsibility of the designated supervisory personnel of the district;				
	4.	The	e designated supervisory personnel of the district shall:			
		a.	Maintain daily personnel time records, material records, and a log of equipment hours;			
		b.	Be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the equipment and other resources furnished by the district; and			
		C.	Report work progress to the requesting local government entity.			
	5.	cal	e district's personnel and other resources are subject to re- l at any time, subject to reasonable notice to the requesting al government entity.			
	Gov't Code 418.1152					
Duration of Aid	The provision of mutual aid assistance under the system may con- tinue until:					
	1.	The services of a district are no longer required; or				
	2.		e district determines that further assistance should not be vided.			
	Gov't Code 418.1153					

Employee Rights and Privileges	distri Texa wage cludi com syste	rson assigned, designated, or ordered to perform duties by the ict employing the person in response to a request under the as Statewide Mutual Aid System is entitled to receive the same es, salary, pension, and other compensation and benefits, in- ing injury or death benefits, disability payments, and workers' pensation benefits, for the performance of the duties under the em as though the services were rendered for the entity em- ing the person.	
	wage	district employing the person is responsible for the payment of es, salary, pension, and other compensation and benefits as- ated with the performance of duties under the system.	
	Gov	't Code 418.116	
Reimbursement of Costs	nor r the s inclu men curre visio	e division of emergency management in the office of the gover- requests the provision of assistance and a district responds, state shall reimburse the actual costs of providing assistance, iding costs for personnel, operation and maintenance of equip- t, damaged equipment, food, lodging, and transportation, in- ed by the district. A request for reimbursement made to the di- n must be made in accordance with procedures developed by division. <i>Gov't Code 418.118</i>	
	distri cons actua cludi men curre Loca requ men	ocal government entity requests mutual aid assistance from a ict under the system that requires a response that exceeds 12 secutive hours, the local government entity shall reimburse the al costs of providing mutual aid assistance to the district, ining costs for personnel, operation and maintenance of equipt, damaged equipment, food, lodging, and transportation, ined by the district in response to a request for reimbursement. Al government entities with a mutual aid agreement when the lest for mutual aid assistance is made are subject to the agree-t's terms of reimbursement, as provided by Government Code 111. <i>Gov't Code 418.1181</i>	
Infection Control Officer	A district that employs or uses the services of an emergency re- sponse employee or volunteer shall nominate a designated infec- tion control officer and an alternate designated infection control of- ficer to:		
	1.	Receive notification of a potential exposure to a reportable disease from a health-care facility;	
	2.	Notify the appropriate health-care providers of a potential exposure to a reportable disease;	
	3.	Act as a liaison between the district's emergency response employees or volunteers who may have been exposed to a	

		reportable disease during the course and scope of employ- ment or service as a volunteer and the destination hospital of the patient who was the source of the potential exposure;		
	4.	Investigate and evaluate an exposure incident, using current evidence-based information on the possible risks of communi- cable disease presented by the exposure incident; and		
	5.	Monitor all follow-up treatment provided to the affected emer- gency response employee or volunteer, in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local law.		
	Hea	Health and Safety Code 81.012		
Definitions	actir unte	"Emergency response employee or volunteer" means an individual acting in the course and scope of employment or service as a vol- unteer as emergency medical service personnel, a peace officer, or a fire fighter.		
	list o	"Reportable disease" means a disease or condition included in the list of reportable diseases and includes a disease that is designated as reportable under Health and Safety Code 81.048.		
	Hea	Ith and Safety Code 81.003(1-a), (8)		
Notice to Local Health Authority	spoi heal cal r	strict that employs or uses the services of an emergency re- nse employee or volunteer is responsible for notifying the local lth authorities or local health-care facilities, according to any lo- rules or procedures, that the district has a designated infection trol officer or alternate designated infection control officer.		

Health and Safety Code 81.012(c)