3200 Finance and Borrowing

3207 School Activities Fund

A. Fiduciary Funds

A fiduciary fund is a fund held by the District, in its discretion, in a trustee or agency capacity, for a purpose within the scope of the District's legal authority. A fiduciary fund cannot be used by the District to support its operations. All District fiduciary funds must comply with generally accepted accounting principles and be held in accordance with the standards adopted by MDE in the Michigan Public School Accounting Manual (Bulletin 1022). A fiduciary fund may be a Custodial Fund or a Private-Purpose Trust Fund. For purposes of this Policy, capitalized terms not defined in this Policy are defined by Bulletin 1022.

1. Activity Funds

The District may not use an activity fund as defined by GASB Statement No. 84 and adopted by Bulletin 1022.

2. Custodial Funds

A Custodial Fund may be used only to hold assets and issue payments for a non-District Custodial Fund beneficiary. A Custodial Fund may be maintained if the account:

- a. does not contain the District's sole source revenue, such as state and federal aid, tax collections, and non-exchange transactions;
- b. does not designate the District as a beneficiary; and
- c. is not subject to District control, including administrative or financial control.

3. Private-Purpose Trust Funds

A Private-Purpose Trust Fund (Private Trust) may be maintained as a fiduciary fund if:

- a. a written, lawful trust agreement exists and is submitted to the District;
- b. the trust assets are for a private purpose;
- c. the District is not a beneficiary, directly or indirectly; and
- d. the District does not have control, including administrative or financial control, or the ability to make decisions about trust assets.

Trust funds failing to meet the above requirements must be treated as a public purpose trust fund, subject to Policy 3201.



B. Scholarship Funds

- 1. Public funds may not be used to administer scholarships.
- 2. An individual, estate, support group, club, company, or other donor that desires to establish a trust fund to benefit persons through scholarships must meet the criteria for a Private Trust described above.

Legal authority: MCL 380.601a; MDE Michigan Public School Accounting Manual (Bulletin 1022), as amended March 28, 2019;); GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (January 2017)

Date adopted:



3200 Finance and Borrowing

3207 School Activities Fund

A. Fiduciary Funds

A fiduciary fund is a fund held by the District, in its discretion, in a trustee or agency capacity, for a purpose within the scope of the District's legal authority. A fiduciary fund cannot be used by the District to support its operations. All District fiduciary funds must comply with generally accepted accounting principles and be held in accordance with the standards adopted by MDE in the Michigan Public School Accounting Manual (Bulletin 1022). A fiduciary fund may be a Custodial Fund or a Private-Purpose Trust Fund. For purposes of this Policy, capitalized terms not defined in this Policy are defined by Bulletin 1022.

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- d. the District does not have control, including administrative or financial control, or the ability to make decisions about trust assets.

Trust funds failing to meet the above requirements must be treated as a public purpose trust fund, subject to Policy 3201.

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Legal authority: MCL 380.601a; MDE *Michigan Public School Accounting Manual* (Bulletin 1022); GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3200 Finance and Borrowing

Surety Bonds of ISD Officials [Optional] [Note: Before removing this Policy, confirm that your District is a member of a group self-insurance pool and that the insurance pool provides similar coverage. If the Board elects not to adopt this Policy, delete the body of the policy and replace the title with "Intentionally Left Blank" after the policy number and in the Table of Contents to ensure accurate numbering of subsequent policies in the Policy Manual.

A. Bonded Officials

- 1. The Superintendent, any financial officer, and any attendance officer of the District must furnish a surety bond in the penal sum of not less than \$[_______], or an amount otherwise required by law, to assure the faithful performance of their respective duties.
- 2. A "financial officer" is any person who is required, by job description or Policy, to transact financial business on behalf of the District or to supervise or handle monetary receipts or disbursements on a reasonably consistent basis, including, but not limited to, the persons holding in whole or in part the following positions or their functional equivalent:
 - Treasurer;
 - Chief Business Official;
 - [Assistant Business Official];
 - Payroll Clerk];
 - [Fund Custodian]; and
 - [[[]]]

B. Bond Requirements

- 1. A surety bond may be furnished as either:
 - a. a separate bond or surety contract for each individual officer or employee; or
 - b. a blanket bond.
 - A blanket bond must be a blanket position bond that covers the Superintendent and any financial or attendance officer positions (rather than the individual people).
- 2. A surety bond must be purchased by the District and furnished by a company duly qualified under state law. Each surety bond must be payable to the District



and require the Superintendent, all financial officers, and all attendance officers to faithfully perform their duties during their employment or term of office and properly account for all monies and property received by virtue of their position or employment.

3. The Superintendent's surety bond must be furnished or become effective within 10 days after appointment as Superintendent.

Legal Authority: MCL <u>124.10</u>; 129.51; MCL 380.613, 380.652, 380.1571

Date adopted:



3200 Finance and Borrowing

3208 Surety Bonds of ISD Officials Bonded Officials

- 1. The Superintendent, any financial officer, and any attendance officer of the District must furnish a surety bond in the penal sum of not less than \$1,000,000 or an amount otherwise required by law, to assure the faithful performance of their respective duties.
- 2. A "financial officer" is any person who is required, by job description or Policy, to transact financial business on behalf of the District or to supervise or handle monetary receipts or disbursements on a reasonably consistent basis, including, but not limited to, the persons holding in whole or in part the following positions or their functional equivalent:
 - Treasurer;
 - Assistant Superintendent of Administrative Services;
 - Director of Fiscal Services;
 - Payroll Supervisor and Payroll Clerks;
 - Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable Clerks; and
 - Staff members charged with making deposits at financial institutions.

B. Bond Requirements

- 1. A surety bond may be furnished as either:
 - a. a separate bond or surety contract for each individual officer or employee; or
 - b. a blanket bond.
 - A blanket bond must be a blanket position bond that covers the Superintendent and any financial or attendance officer positions (rather than the individual people).
- 2. A surety bond must be purchased by the District and furnished by a company duly qualified under state law. Each surety bond must be payable to the District and require the Superintendent, all financial officers, and all attendance officers to faithfully perform their duties during their employment or term of office and properly account for all monies and property received by virtue of their position or employment.
- 3. The Superintendent's surety bond must be furnished or become effective within 10 days after appointment as Superintendent.

Legal Authority: MCL 124.10; 129.51; MCL 380.613, 380.652, 380.1571

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3200 Finance and Borrowing

3211 Post-Issuance Tax Compliance

A. Policy

Federal tax law requires that issuers of outstanding tax-exempt or tax credit debt obligations ("Obligations") comply with certain post-issuance requirements in the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and Treasury Regulations. Obligations include, but are not limited to, tax-exempt bonds, refunding bonds, tax credit bonds, installment and lease purchase agreements, lines of credit, state aid notes, and tax anticipation notes.

B. Policy Implementation

To preserve the tax-exempt or tax credit status of the Obligations and to comply with federal tax law after Obligations have been issued, the Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee to establish administrative guidelines in connection with Obligations to comply with federal tax law.

C. Designation of Debt Compliance Officer

The District's chief business official will be the debt compliance officer responsible for implementing this Policy ("Debt Compliance Officer"). In the absence of a chief business official, the Superintendent or designee will serve as the Debt Compliance Officer until a replacement Debt Compliance Officer is assigned. The Superintendent will ensure that a person serves in this position at all times. If the District contracts with a third party for business services, including another school district, the Superintendent or designee remains responsible for the oversight of the third-party Debt Compliance Officer.

D. Responsibilities of Debt Compliance Officer

The Debt Compliance Officer will be responsible for administration and oversight of post-issuance tax compliance requirements and other provisions of this Policy related to the District's Obligations, including implementation and compliance with remedial action procedures outlined below. The Debt Compliance Officer's responsibilities will include:

- Overseeing and managing compliance with federal rules and regulations applicable to post-issuance tax compliance for all outstanding Obligations from the date of issuance through the date of maturity of such Obligations, including any refunding Obligations related to the original issuance of debt;
- 2. Consulting with bond counsel, financial advisors, and other professionals about non-compliance, if any, and required remedial actions as necessary;



- 3. Maintaining written records of expenditures and investments of Obligations in accordance with subsection G:
- 4. Supervising and ensuring timely filings of reports and forms required by state and federal agencies related to Obligations;
- 5. Providing written documentation and other requested disclosures, including to the District's bond counsel, financial advisors, and other professionals, upon request;
- 6. Monitoring arbitrage, yield restriction, and rebate requirements under IRC Section 148. This duty includes monitoring compliance with 6-month, 18-month, or 2-year spending exceptions, as applicable; and
- 7. Monitoring all record retention requirements and oversee compliance with record retention requirements set forth in this Policy.

E. Internal Written Procedures and Protocols

- 1. The Debt Compliance Officer will develop written internal controls and procedures related to post-issuance tax compliance that address at least the following:
 - a. Identifying and reporting non-compliance, including protocols for contacting bond counsel and financial advisors:
 - b. Monitoring compliance with arbitrage, yield restriction, and rebate requirements under IRC Section 148; and
 - c. Monitoring and tracking the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets, including identifying non-compliance and taking appropriate remedial action in accordance with Treasury Regulation 1.141-12.
- 2. Internal procedures and controls will provide for detailed written guidelines to be used for the purpose of identifying potential non-compliance. If non-compliance is confirmed, the Debt Compliance Officer will take immediate action to report and resolve non-compliance in accordance with the District's internal procedures and federal law and regulations.

F. Periodic Compliance Review

- Annual Review. The Debt Compliance Officer will conduct an annual review of District records related to outstanding Obligations to ensure that such records, including tax documentation, are adequately maintained.
- 2. Periodic Review. The Debt Compliance Officer will review and update District records, including tax documentation, related to an Obligation upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - a. The retirement, defeasance, or refunding of an Obligation; and



b. Upon the sale, re-purposing, change in use, or refinancing of property purchased with outstanding Obligations that remain outstanding.

G. Record Retention

The District will maintain detailed written records of all expenditures and investments of Obligations for the life of the Obligation, which will be maintained until final maturity. With respect to bond issues, the District will maintain records of all expenditures and investments for the life of the bonds, including any subsequent refunding bonds, plus 3 years.

H. Training and Education

The District will provide, at its cost, training for the Debt Compliance Officer. The Debt Compliance Officer will complete training at least <u>annually</u>. Annual training may be provided to additional personnel who assist the Debt Compliance Officer.

Legal Authority: IRC 148; Treasury Regulation 1.141-12

Date adopted:



3200 Finance and Borrowing

3211 Post-Issuance Tax Compliance

A. Policy

Federal tax law requires that issuers of outstanding tax-exempt or tax credit debt obligations ("Obligations") comply with certain post-issuance requirements in the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and Treasury Regulations. Obligations include, but are not limited to, tax-exempt bonds, refunding bonds, tax credit bonds, installment and lease purchase agreements, lines of credit, state aid notes, and tax anticipation notes.

B. Policy Implementation

To preserve the tax-exempt or tax credit status of the Obligations and to comply with federal tax law after Obligations have been issued, the Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee to establish administrative guidelines in connection with Obligations to comply with federal tax law.

C. Designation of Debt Compliance Officer

The District's chief business official will be the debt compliance officer responsible for implementing this Policy ("Debt Compliance Officer"). In the absence of a chief business official, the Superintendent or designee will serve as the Debt Compliance Officer until a replacement Debt Compliance Officer is assigned. The Superintendent will ensure that a person serves in this position at all times. If the District contracts with a third party for business services, including another school district, the Superintendent or designee remains responsible for the oversight of the third-party Debt Compliance Officer.

D. Responsibilities of Debt Compliance Officer

The Debt Compliance Officer will be responsible for administration and oversight of post-issuance tax compliance requirements and other provisions of this Policy related to the District's Obligations, including implementation and compliance with remedial action procedures outlined below. The Debt Compliance Officer's responsibilities will include:

- 1. Overseeing and managing compliance with federal rules and regulations applicable to post-issuance tax compliance for all outstanding Obligations from the date of issuance through the date of maturity of such Obligations, including any refunding Obligations related to the original issuance of debt;
- 2. Consulting with bond counsel, financial advisors, and other professionals about non-compliance, if any, and required remedial actions as necessary;

- 3. Maintaining written records of expenditures and investments of Obligations in accordance with subsection G;
- 4. Supervising and ensuring timely filings of reports and forms required by state and federal agencies related to Obligations;
- 5. Providing written documentation and other requested disclosures, including to the District's bond counsel, financial advisors, and other professionals, upon request;
- 6. Monitoring arbitrage, yield restriction, and rebate requirements under IRC Section 148. This duty includes monitoring compliance with 6-month, 18-month, or 2-year spending exceptions, as applicable; and
- 7. Monitoring all record retention requirements and oversee compliance with record retention requirements set forth in this Policy.

E. Internal Written Procedures and Protocols

- 1. The Debt Compliance Officer will develop written internal controls and procedures related to post-issuance tax compliance that address at least the following:
 - a. Identifying and reporting non-compliance, including protocols for contacting bond counsel and financial advisors;
 - b. Monitoring compliance with arbitrage, yield restriction, and rebate requirements under IRC Section 148; and
 - c. Monitoring and tracking the use of bond-financed or refinanced assets, including identifying non-compliance and taking appropriate remedial action in accordance with Treasury Regulation 1.141-12.
- 2. Internal procedures and controls will provide for detailed written guidelines to be used for the purpose of identifying potential non-compliance. If noncompliance is confirmed, the Debt Compliance Officer will take immediate action to report and resolve non-compliance in accordance with the District's internal procedures and federal law and regulations.

F. Periodic Compliance Review

- 1. Annual Review. The Debt Compliance Officer will conduct an annual review of District records related to outstanding Obligations to ensure that such records, including tax documentation, are adequately maintained.
- 2. Periodic Review. The Debt Compliance Officer will review and update District records, including tax documentation, related to an Obligation upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - a. The retirement, defeasance, or refunding of an Obligation; and

b. Upon the sale, re-purposing, change in use, or refinancing of property purchased with outstanding Obligations that remain outstanding.

G. Record Retention

The District will maintain detailed written records of all expenditures and investments of Obligations for the life of the Obligation, which will be maintained until final maturity. With respect to bond issues, the District will maintain records of all expenditures and investments for the life of the bonds, including any subsequent refunding bonds, plus 3 years.

H. Training and Education

The District will provide, at its cost, training for the Debt Compliance Officer. The Debt Compliance Officer will complete training at least annually. Annual training may be provided to additional personnel who assist the Debt Compliance Officer.

Legal Authority: IRC 148; Treasury Regulation 1.141-12

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3301 Purchasing and Procurement

This Policy applies to all purchases of materials, supplies, and equipment. Purchases acquired through lease financing are governed by this Policy, but true leases (i.e., rental agreements) are not.

A. Responsibility for Purchasing

The District's administration, under the Superintendent's supervision, may purchase items for the District, subject to any Policy 2202 subsection C and any other parameters established by the Board.

B. When Competitive Bidding is Required

- 1. The District must competitively bid the purchase of an item or group of items costing an amount equal to or greater than the then-current state bid threshold published annually by MDE.
- 2. The District does not need to competitively bid a purchase [Optional: in an emergency of] if competitive bidding is not required by law.
- 3. The District will not artificially segregate purchases into smaller orders to avoid the bid threshold.

C. Bidding Procedure

- 1. The District may competitively bid a purchase using 1 or more of the following methods:
 - a. Requesting written price quotations from at least 3 known and practical vendors of an item;
 - b. Distributing a request for proposals to at least 3 known and practical vendors of an item:
 - c. Posting a request for proposals on the District's website or any other website that regularly informs vendors of bid opportunities;
 - d. Selecting a contract awarded to a winning bidder under a bid process operated by a reputable bid cooperative if the District determines, after reasonable due diligence, that the bid procedure used by the bid cooperative was fair and open, resulted in a bid award to the lowest responsible bidder, and the contract price is comparable to current market rates for the purchased item; or

- e. Any other process, in the Superintendent's or designee's discretion, that is likely to result in at least 3 known vendors providing bids for the item sought, regardless of whether at least 3 bids are actually received.
- 2. Each bidder responding to a request for proposals must certify that it is not an Iran-linked business as defined by MCL 129.312.

3. Awarding Bids

- a. If competitive bidding is required by law, any contract must be awarded by the Board to the lowest responsible bidder.
- b. In determining bidder responsibility, the District may take 1 or more of the following into account:
 - The District's experience with the bidder;
 - Others' experience with the bidder;
 - The bidder's history of satisfactory performance or questionable litigation, protests, or disputes;
 - The bidder's capitalization and solvency;
 - The length of time the bidder has been engaged in its business;
 - The recommendation of the District's professional consultants; and
 - Any other factor consistently and lawfully applied.
- c. In any bid procedure, the District reserves the right to reject any or all bids or waive any informalities or irregularities in the bid process.

4. Michigan-Based Business Preference

- a. The District may give up to a 10% preference to a bidder that is a Michigan-based business as defined by MCL 18.1268.
- b. The Michigan-based business preference will not apply if federal funds are used for the purchase.

D. Purchases Using State Aid Act Funds

- 1. The District will not use state aid to purchase foreign goods or services if American goods or services are available, competitively priced, and of comparable quality.
- 2. The District will give a preference to goods or services manufactured or provided by Michigan businesses if competitively priced and of comparable quality.



3. The District will give a preference to goods or services manufactured or provided by Michigan businesses owned and operated by veterans if competitively priced and of comparable quality.

E. Purchases Using Federal Funds

Purchases made with federal funds and subject to the federal Uniform Grant Guidance are also governed by Policy 3301A.

Legal authority: 2 CFR 200.1 et seq.; MCL 129.311 et seq.; MCL 380.623a; MCL 388.1764c

Date adopted:



3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3301 Purchasing and Procurement

This Policy applies to all purchases of materials, supplies, and equipment. Purchases acquired through lease financing are governed by this Policy, but true leases (i.e., rental agreements) are not.

A. Responsibility for Purchasing

The District's administration, under the Superintendent's supervision, may purchase items for the District, subject to Policy 2202 subsection C and any other parameters established by the Board.

B. When Competitive Bidding is Required

- 1. The District must competitively bid the purchase of an item or group of items costing an amount equal to or greater than the then-current state bid threshold published annually by MDE.
- 2. If the purchase of an item or group of items is greater than \$10,000 but less than the current state bid threshold published annually by MDE, the District will obtain at least a second price quotation.
- 3. The District does not need to competitively bid a purchase if competitive bidding is not required by law.
- 4. The District will not artificially segregate purchases into smaller orders to avoid the bid threshold.

C. Bidding Procedure

- 1. The District may competitively bid a purchase using 1 or more of the following methods:
 - a. Requesting written price quotations from at least 3 known and practical vendors of an item;
 - b. Distributing a request for proposals to at least 3 known and practical vendors of an item:
 - c. Posting a request for proposals on the District's website or any other website that regularly informs vendors of bid opportunities;
 - d. Selecting a contract awarded to a winning bidder under a bid process operated by a reputable bid cooperative if the District determines, after reasonable due diligence, that the bid procedure used by the bid cooperative was fair and open, resulted in a bid award to the lowest

- responsible bidder, and the contract price is comparable to current market rates for the purchased item; or
- e. Any other process, in the Superintendent's or designee's discretion, that is likely to result in at least 3 known vendors providing bids for the item sought, regardless of whether at least 3 bids are actually received.
- 2. Each bidder responding to a request for proposals must certify that it is not an Iran-linked business as defined by MCL 129.312.

3. Awarding Bids

- a. If competitive bidding is required by law, any contract must be awarded by the Board to the lowest responsible bidder.
- b. In determining bidder responsibility, the District may take 1 or more of the following into account:
 - The District's experience with the bidder;
 - Others' experience with the bidder;
 - The bidder's history of satisfactory performance or questionable litigation, protests, or disputes;
 - The bidder's capitalization and solvency;
 - The length of time the bidder has been engaged in its business;
 - The recommendation of the District's professional consultants; and
 - Any other factor consistently and lawfully applied.
- c. In any bid procedure, the District reserves the right to reject any or all bids or waive any informalities or irregularities in the bid process.

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- a. The District may give up to a 10% preference to a bidder that is a Michigan-based business as defined by MCL 18.1268.
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1. The District will not use state aid to purchase foreign goods or services if American goods or services are available, competitively priced, and of comparable quality.

- 2. The District will give a preference to goods or services manufactured or provided by Michigan businesses if competitively priced and of comparable quality.
- 3. The District will give a preference to goods or services manufactured or provided by Michigan businesses owned and operated by veterans if competitively priced and of comparable quality.

E. Purchases Using Federal Funds

Purchases made with federal funds and subject to the federal Uniform Grant Guidance are also governed by Policy 3301A.

Legal authority: 2 CFR 200.1 et seq.; MCL 129.311 et seq.; MCL 380.623a; MCL 388.1764c

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3303 Gifts and Donations

The Board recognizes and appreciates the generosity and support it receives in the form of gifts, donations, and voluntary contributions ("Donations") from individuals, companies, parent/guardianParent support groups, the community, and other donors.

The District requests that substantial Donations be accompanied by Form 3303-F Gifts and Donations. All Donations made for a particular purpose must be accompanied by Form 3303-F.

A. Accepting Donations

- 1. Donations must be lawful and support an educational purpose.
- 2. Donations accepted by the District will become public funds or public property unless an exception is provided under applicable law.
- 3. The Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee to accept Donations of personal property on behalf of the Board with an estimated fair market value of or less. The Board retains authority, in its discretion, to accept Donations of personal property exceeding [5].
- 4. The Board must approve all Donations of real property, regardless of value.
- 5. Donations accepted by the District will be used for any specific purpose identified by the donor provided the purpose is lawful and consistent with the District's interests and objectives. A donor may identify the specific purpose of the Donation and any other lawful conditions using the DistrictForm 3303-F.
- 6. Except as required by law, the District does not have an obligation to replace a Donation that is lost, destroyed, or becomes obsolete.

B. [Optional: Soliciting Donations

- The District may solicit donations in accordance with law, which may include pursuing an exemption from registration under the Charitable Organizations and Solicitations Act.
- 2. Any individual wishing to solicit donations on behalf of the District must obtain prior written approval from the Superintendent or designee before representing any affiliation with the District. Unless otherwise agreed by the Superintendent or designee, the individual will be responsible for all costs and liability related to the solicitation and all received donations will become the District's property.
- C. Scholarships are governed by Policy 3207.
- D. A donor is solely responsible for any tax consequences related to a Donation.



Legal authority: MCL 123.905; MCL 400.271, et seq.

Date adopted:

3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3303 Gifts and Donations

The Board recognizes and appreciates the generosity and support it receives in the form of gifts, donations, and voluntary contributions ("Donations") from individuals, companies, Parent support groups, the community, and other donors.

The District requests that substantial Donations be accompanied by Form 3303-F Gifts and Donations. All Donations made for a particular purpose must be accompanied by Form 3303-F.

A. Accepting Donations

- 1. Donations must be lawful and support an educational purpose.
- 2. Donations accepted by the District will become public funds or public property unless an exception is provided under applicable law.
- The Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee to accept Donations of personal property on behalf of the Board with an estimated fair market value of \$5000 or less. The Board retains authority, in its discretion, to accept Donations of personal property exceeding \$5000.
- 4. The Board must approve all Donations of real property, regardless of value.
- 5. Donations accepted by the District will be used for any specific purpose identified by the donor provided the purpose is lawful and consistent with the District's interests and objectives. A donor may identify the specific purpose of the Donation and any other lawful conditions using Form 3303-F.
- 6. Except as required by law, the District does not have an obligation to replace a Donation that is lost, destroyed, or becomes obsolete.
- B. Scholarships are governed by Policy 3207.
- C. A donor is solely responsible for any tax consequences related to a Donation.

Legal authority: MCL 123.905; MCL 400.271, et seq.

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3306 Construction Bidding

The Board will comply with applicable laws and this Policy for the construction of a new school building or an addition to or repair or renovation of an existing school building (a "Construction Project").

A. When Competitive Bidding is Required

- 1. The District must competitively bid all labor and material for a Construction Project if the project cost exceeds the then-current state bid threshold published annually by MDE (the "Bid Threshold").
- 2. The District does not need to competitively bid a:
 - Construction Project costing less than the Bid Threshold;
 - contract for repair in emergency situations;
 - repair normally performed by District employees; or
 - professional consultant contract.

B. Bidding Procedure

- If competitive bidding is required, the District must follow the bidding procedure prescribed by Revised School Code Section 1267 and award contracts to the lowest responsible bidder.
- 2. To determine whether a bidder is a responsible bidder, the District may consider the factors enumerated in Policy 3301 subsection C.3.b.
- 3. If competitive bidding is not required, the District may use any lawful means to procure contracts.
- 4. Each bidder must certify that it is not an Iran-linked business as defined by MCL 129.312.
- 5. If federal or state prevailing wage requirements apply, project specifications must include the schedule of minimum rates to be paid to each relevant class of construction mechanic or laborer. If state prevailing wage requirements apply, the schedule of minimum rates must also be printed on bid forms.

C. Alternates

1. Bid specifications may require bidders to submit bids with mandatory alternates or allow bidders to submit voluntary alternates; provided, however, that no voluntary alternate may change the nature of the work.



2. The Board, in its discretion, may award bids based on allowable alternates.

D. Michigan Business Preference

For any Construction Project, the District may apply a preference to a Michiganbased business as described in Policy 3301 subsection C.4.

E. Construction Bidding Using State Aid Act Funds

The purchase of property and services made with state aid must comply with the requirements described in Policy 3301 subsection D.

F. Construction Bidding Using Federal Funds

The purchase of property and services made with federal funds subject to the Uniform Grant Guidance are also governed by Policy 3301A.

Legal authority: <u>40 USC 3141, et seq.;</u> 2 CFR 200.1, et seq.; MCL 129.311 et seq.; MCL 380.1267; MCL 388.1764c; MCL 408.1101, et seq.

Date adopted:



3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3306 Construction Bidding

The Board will comply with applicable laws and this Policy for the construction of a new school building or an addition to or repair or renovation of an existing school building (a "Construction Project").

A. When Competitive Bidding is Required

- 1. The District must competitively bid all labor and material for a Construction Project if the project cost exceeds the then-current state bid threshold published annually by MDE (the "Bid Threshold").
- 2. The District does not need to competitively bid a:
 - Construction Project costing less than the Bid Threshold;
 - contract for repair in emergency situations;
 - repair normally performed by District employees; or
 - professional consultant contract.

B. Bidding Procedure

- 1. If competitive bidding is required, the District must follow the bidding procedure prescribed by Revised School Code Section 1267 and award contracts to the lowest responsible bidder.
- 2. To determine whether a bidder is a responsible bidder, the District may consider the factors enumerated in Policy 3301 subsection C.3.b.
- 3. If competitive bidding is not required, the District may use any lawful means to procure contracts.
- 4. Each bidder must certify that it is not an Iran-linked business as defined by MCL 129.312.
- 5. If federal or state prevailing wage requirements apply, project specifications must include the schedule of minimum rates to be paid to each relevant class of construction mechanic or laborer. If state prevailing wage requirements apply, the schedule of minimum rates must also be printed on bid forms.

C. Alternates

1. Bid specifications may require bidders to submit bids with mandatory alternates or allow bidders to submit voluntary alternates; provided, however, that no voluntary alternate may change the nature of the work.

2. The Board, in its discretion, may award bids based on allowable alternates.

D. Michigan Business Preference

For any Construction Project, the District may apply a preference to a Michiganbased business as described in Policy 3301 subsection C.4.

E. Construction Bidding Using State Aid Act Funds

The purchase of property and services made with state aid must comply with the requirements described in Policy 3301 subsection D.

F. Construction Bidding Using Federal Funds

The purchase of property and services made with federal funds subject to the Uniform Grant Guidance are also governed by Policy 3301A.

Legal authority: 40 USC 3141, et seq.; 2 CFR 200.1, et seq.; MCL 129.311 et seq.; MCL 380.1267; MCL 388.1764c; MCL 408.1101, et seq.

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3300 Facilities, Real, and Personal Property

3307 Construction Administration

This Policy sets forth procedures and requirements for District building and site improvements. Bidding requirements for construction appear in Policy 3306.

A. Plan Review

- 1. Before commencing construction, the District, or an authorized agent on the District's behalf, will submit project plans and specifications to the Michigan Bureau of Construction Codes Plan Review Division.
- 2. Alternatively, the District may submit the plans and specifications to the applicable local building department if the Board and the municipality's governing body have properly certified that full-time code officials, inspectors, and plan reviewers registered under the Skilled Trades Regulation Act will conduct plan reviews and inspections. In that situation, the District must also submit the plans and specifications to the Bureau of Fire Safety.
- 3. Optional but recommended for a District that may construct or expand a high school located within a city or village or a District high school that does not have with an athletic field or facility / Recommended if the District has or anticipates constructing such a high school in accordance within a township. If required by Revised School Code Section 1263, before building a new high school or expanding a high school by at least 20% of its existing square footage, the District, or an authorized agent on the District's behalf, will submit the site plan to the local zoning authority for administrative review.
- 4. Before the District commences new construction or major renovation of a school building or athletic facility, the Superintendent or designee will consult with the law enforcement agency that will be the first responder for that building or facility about safety issues.

B. Professional Consultants

- 1. If the total cost of a school building construction project will be \$15,000 or more:
 - a. a Michigan-licensed architect or professional engineer must prepare the plans and specifications; and
 - b. a qualified person or firm must supervise construction as provided in MCL 388.851.
- 2. The District may hire a construction manager for any project. If the construction manager also performs construction, either directly or by assuming responsibility for the work of other contractors (e.g., construction manager as constructor):



- a. the construction manager may not supervise such construction under MCL 388.851; and
- b. the District must still bid the project as required by law.

C. Payment and Performance Bonds

- 1. For all contracts described in MCL 129.201 that exceed \$50,000, the principal contractor must procure performance and payment bonds in accordance with law.
- 2. Unless the Superintendent or designee determines otherwise, the District requires payment and performance bonds to be 100% of the contract sum.
- 3. The responsibility for procuring payment and performance bonds rests solely with the contractor. The District has no duty to ensure that a contractor has procured a payment or performance bond.

D. Prevailing Wage

- 1. Bid materials, project specifications, and contract documents must comply with applicable federal and state law prevailing wage requirements.
- 2. The responsibility for paying prevailing wage rates rests solely with the contractor. The District has no duty to ensure that a contractor has paid prevailing wage rates.

Legal authority: <u>40 USC 3141, et seq.;</u> MCL 129.201 et seq.; MCL 339.6001 et seq.; MCL 380.1263, 380.1264; MCL 388.851 et seq.; MCL 408.1101, et seq.

Date adopted:



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Reserved

4. Before the District commences new construction or major renovation of a school building or athletic facility, the Superintendent or designee will consult with the law enforcement agency that will be the first responder for that building or facility about safety issues.

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Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3400 School Safety and Security

3402 Drills, Plans, and Reports

The Board will take reasonable steps to provide a safe and secure learning environment to protect students and employees.

A. Emergency Drills-

A. The Superintendent or designee will schedule, notify, conduct, report, and post all fire, tornado, and other emergency drills as required by law.

B. Cardiac Emergency Response Plan-

B. The Board will develop, adopt, and provide for annual review a cardiac emergency response plan as required by law. Beginning in the 2025-26 school year, the Board will integrate the cardiac emergency response plan into the protocols of the local emergency response system and emergency response agencies. Beginning in the 2025-26 school year, all high school athletic coaches must be certified in CPR and use of an AED by the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, or a comparable organization approved by MDE.

C. Drinking Water Management Plan

By January 2025, the Board will develop, adopt, update, implement, and make available upon request a Drinking Water Management Plan as required by law.

D. Cooperation-

C. The Superintendent or designee will act as liaison to work with the School Safety Commission and the Office of School Safety, including to identify model practices for determining school safety measures.

E. Safety and Emergency Plans-

D. The Board will comply with the statewide school information policy, and the Superintendent or designee will provide all reports, information, and notices required by that policy. If the policy does not satisfy the requirements of Revised School Code Section 1308b(3), the Board will develop and adopt an emergency operations plan with public input and participation by at least 1 law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the District. The statewide school information policy or the emergency operations plan, as applicable, will be reviewed every 2 years in conjunction with at least 1 law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the District. The Board will notify MDE within 30 days after completing a required review.

F. Reporting Incidents of Crime-



Each building principal will collect and update information at least weekly on incidents of crime in the applicable building. At least annually, the Board will post information on its website about incidents of crime in the District and will make this information available to parents and guardians Parents on a per-building basis. Within 24 hours after an incident occurs, the Superintendent or designee will report to the Michigan State Police crimes and attempted crimes identified in MCL 380.1310a(2).

Legal authority: MCL 29.19, 29.19b; MCL 380.1241, 380.1308, 380.1308a, 380.1308b, 380.1310a, 380.1319, 380.1901, et seq.

Date adopted:



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Legal authority: MCL 29.19, 29.19b; MCL 380.1241, 380.1308, 380.1308a, 380.1308b,

380.1310a, 380.1319, 380.1901, et seq.

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

3400 School Safety and Security

3403 Reporting Accidents

If a student suffers a serious physical injury while at school or while participating in a school-sponsored activity, District personnel, if aware of the injury, will promptly report the injury to the building principal or designee. If the student is a minor, the building principal or designee will promptly notify the student's parent(s)/legal-guardianParent(s)) and complete an accident report. See Policy 5702.

Date adopted:



3400 School Safety and Security

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Date adopted: August 15, 2022

Date revised: August 19, 2024

3400 School Safety and Security

3406 Integrated Pest Management

The District will monitor, manage, and treat pests on District property.

A. Pest Application

- The Board does not authorize the application of a pesticide on District property unless a written integrated pest management program is in place for that property. The Superintendent or designee will develop, evaluate, and modify site-specific integrated pest management programs in accordance with law.
- 2. The Board only authorizes the lawful application of a pesticide by a certified or registered applicator who has been properly trained. After the application of a pesticide, a person may only reenter District property in compliance with restrictions identified by the applicator and required by law.
- 3. A "pesticide" does not include sanitizers, germicides, disinfectants, or antimicrobial agents.

B. Notice

- 1. Within 30 days after the beginning of each school year, the Superintendent or designee will provide notice to students' parents/guardiansParents that they will receive advance notice of the application of a pesticide.
- 2. Except in an emergency, the Superintendent or designee will provide at least 48 hours' advance notice to students' parents/guardians/Parents of the application of a pesticide. In an emergency, the Superintendent or designee will provide notice to students' parents/guardians/Parents promptly after a pesticide has been applied.
- 3. Notices will comply with methods, time frames, and information requirements established by MCL 324.8316.
- 4. Notices are not required for the application of a pesticide that is a bait or gel formulation.

C. Records

Each building will maintain a copy of its integrated pest management program. Records of pesticide use and other non-pesticide pest management practices will be maintained on site.

Legal authority: MCL 324.8316; Mich Admin Code R 285.637.1 et seg.

Date adopted:



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Legal authority: MCL 324.8316; Mich Admin Code R 285.637.1 et seq.

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

Date revised: August 19, 2024

3400 School Safety and Security

3408 Firearms and Weapons

The District is a weapon-free school zone. Except as otherwise permitted by Policy or required by applicable law, a person may not possess a weapon on District property. See also Policy 5206. Each person on District property must also comply with the federal Gun-Free School Zones Act.

A. As used in this Policy:

- 1. Optional in conjunction with subsection B.7: An "antique firearm" means that term as defined by MCL 750.237a.
- 2. A "firearm" means any weapon that will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.
- 3. "Pistol" means that term as defined by MCL 28.421.
- 4. "District property" means:
 - a building, playing field, or property used for school purposes to impart instruction to students or used for functions and events sponsored by a school, except a building used primarily for adult education or college extension courses; and
 - b. a vehicle used by the District to transport students to or from a place described in subsection A.4.a above.
- 5. A "weapon" means a firearm, pneumatic gun, [Optional: dagger, dirk, stiletto, knife with a blade over 3 inches in length, pocket knife opened by a mechanical device, iron bar, or brass knuckles, or any other object used, intended, or represented to inflict serious bodily injury or property damage].

B. Permitted Uses

The following persons may possess a weapon on District property:

- 1. A peace officer as defined by law; or those persons listed in MCL 28.425o(5);
- A student's parent or guardian Parent licensed to carry a concealed pistol may carry a concealed pistol (but no other weapons) while in a vehicle if the parent or guardian Parent is dropping the student off at, or picking the student up from, the student's school;
- 3. A person with permission from the Superintendent or designee to possess a firearm (but no other weapons) within any lawful parameters established by the Board:



The following are optional and should be discussed in conjunction with legal counsel.

- An employee or contracted person if the possession of that weapon is to provide security services for the District;
- A person licensed to carry a concealed Weapenpistol may possess a pistol but is only allowed to open carry;
- A person who possesses a weapon provided by the District or the District's instructor for purposes of providing or receiving instruction in the use of that weapon; and
- 7. [Use in conjunction with subsection A.1: A non-student at least 18 years old who possesses an unloaded firearm (but no other weapons) in a wrapper or container in a vehicle's trunk while transporting a student to or from the school if any of the following apply:
 - a. The person is carrying an antique firearm while en route to or from a hunting or target shooting area or function involving the exhibition, demonstration, or sale of antique firearms;
 - b. The person is carrying a firearm while in possession of a valid Michigan hunting license or proof of valid membership in an organization having shooting range facilities and while en route to or from a hunting or target shooting area;
 - c. The person is carrying a firearm from the place of purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his or her home or place of business, or in moving goods from one abode or business to another abode or business; or
 - d. If the vehicle does not have a trunk, the person is carrying a firearm in the passenger compartment and the person is otherwise complying with the requirements of subsection b or c and the wrapper or container is not readily accessible to the vehicle's occupants.]

C. Violations

- Students and District personnel with knowledge that a person is in violation of this Policy should immediately report the violation to the building principal or designee.
- 2. Violation of this Policy will result in discipline of students, employees, and contractors, up to and including expulsion or termination, removal from District property, and referral to law enforcement.

Legal authority: 18 USC 921; 18 USC 922(q); MCL 28.425f, 28.425o; MCL 750.237a Date adopted:



3400 School Safety and Security

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The District is a weapon-free school zone. Except as otherwise permitted by Policy or required by applicable law, a person may not possess a weapon on District property. See also Policy 5206. Each person on District property must also comply with the federal Gun-Free School Zones Act.

A. As used in this Policy:

- 1. In conjunction with subsection B.7: An "antique firearm" means that term as defined by MCL 750.237a.
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- 4. "District property" means:
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- 5. A "weapon" means a firearm, pneumatic gun, dagger, dirk, stiletto, knife with a blade over 3 inches in length, pocket knife opened by a mechanical device, iron bar, or brass knuckles, or any other object used, intended, or represented to inflict serious bodily injury or property damage.

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The following persons may possess a weapon on District property:

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- A student's Parent licensed to carry a concealed pistol may carry a concealed pistol (but no other weapons) while in a vehicle if the Parent is dropping the student off at, or picking the student up from, the student's school;
- A person with permission from the Superintendent or designee to possess a firearm (but no other weapons) within any lawful parameters established by the Board;

4. An employee or contracted person if the possession of that weapon is to provide security services for the District;

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- Students and District personnel with knowledge that a person is in violation of this Policy should immediately report the violation to the building principal or designee.
- 2. Violation of this Policy will result in discipline of students, employees, and contractors, up to and including expulsion or termination, removal from District property, and referral to law enforcement.

Legal authority: 18 USC 921; 18 USC 922(q); MCL 28.425f, 28.425o; MCL 750.237a

Date adopted: August 15, 2022

Date revised: August 21, 2023

Date revised: February 12, 2024

Date revised: August 19, 2024

Series 5000: Students, Curriculum 3000: Operations, Finance, and Academic Matters Property

5700 Student Health and 3400 School Safety and Security

57063410 Opioid Antagonist [Optional-] [Note: If the Board elects not to adopt this Policy, delete the body of the policy and replace the title with "Intentionally Left Blank" after the policy number and in the Table of Contents to ensure accurate numbering of subsequent policies in the Policy Manual.]

The District will provide adequate control, supervision, and training to maintain and administer opioid antagonists at school consistent with state law.

A. Emergency Preparedness

- 1. The Superintendent or designee will obtain opioid antagonists, as authorized by law.
- 2. An opioid antagonist maintained by a school may only be administered to a person who is believed to be having an opioid-related overdose on school grounds by:
 - a. a licensed registered professional nurse employed or contracted by the District; or,
 - b. a District employee appropriately trained in accordance with state law.

B. Notice and Reporting

The building principal or designee will:

- 1. contact 911 if a student is believed to be having an opioid-related overdose;
- promptly notify the parent/guardianParent of a student to whom an opioid antagonist has been administered and document all actual and attempted notices. The District will encourage the parent/guardianParent to seek treatment for the student from a substance use disorder services program; and
- 3. document all instances of opioid antagonist administration at school.

Legal authority: MCL 15.671 et seq.

Date adopted:

Date revised:



3400 School Safety and Security

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The building principal or designee will:

- 1. contact 911 if a student is believed to be having an opioid-related overdose;
- 2. promptly notify the Parent of a student to whom an opioid antagonist has been administered and document all actual and attempted notices. The District will encourage the Parent to seek treatment for the student from a substance use disorder services program; and
- 3. document all instances of opioid antagonist administration at school.

Legal authority: MCL 15.671 et seq.

Date adopted: August 19, 2024

Date revised:

3500 FOIA Requests and Record Retention

3501-AG Michigan Freedom of Information Act Procedures and Guidelines

The Michigan Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) provides for public access to certain public records, permits the charging of prescribed fees and deposits, and provides remedies and penalties for non-compliance. A person has a right to inspect, copy, or receive copies of certain requested public records. Some public records are permitted or required not to be disclosed. The District is a public body that must comply with FOIA. The District has established the following Procedures and Guidelines to implement FOIA. For purposes of these Procedures and Guidelines, terms have the same meaning as defined in FOIA. A complete copy of FOIA is available on the Michigan Legislature's website at www.legislature.mi.gov.

These Procedures and Guidelines (which include a Public Summary and a Fee Itemization Form) are available on the District's website at: [Insert link to district website]. This link or a physical copy of these Procedures and Guidelines will be included in each of the District's FOIA responses. Paper copies of these Procedures and Guidelines are available upon request by a visitor at the District's Central Administration Offices, located at [Insert physical address].

A. Written Public Summary

1. How to Submit Written Requests

A written request to inspect, copy, or review a public record should be submitted to the District's FOIA Coordinator.

FOIA requests can be sent via U.S. Mail to: [Insert District address]

FOIA requests sent via email should be sent to: [Insert email address]

FOIA requests sent via fax should be faxed to: [insert fax number]

A request must describe the public record in sufficient detail to enable the District to find the requested record. A sample Request Form is appended to included with these Procedures and Guidelines as Attachment A Form 3501-F-1.

A request must include the requester's (1) complete name (first and last name), (2) mailing address, and (3) either phone number or email address. A request made by an organization must include the contact information of its agent or representative. Any mailing address provided must be in a format that complies with United States Postal Service addressing standards. This information is not required for a request by an individual who qualifies as indigent under FOIA (i.e., by submitting an affidavit that describes the individual's indigence).

A person may subscribe to future issuances of public records created, issued, or disseminated by the District on a regular basis, such as notices of board meetings. A subscription is valid for up to 6 months and may be renewed by the subscriber.

In lieu of paper copies, the requester may stipulate that the District provide nonexempt public records on non-paper physical media, electronically mailed, or otherwise electronically provided. The District is not required to produce nonexempt public records on non-paper physical media if the District lacks the technological capability necessary to provide the requested records on the particular non-paper physical media stipulated in the particular instance. The District is not required to use non-paper physical media provided by the requester and, to safeguard the District's information technology infrastructure, will not do so.

A person may request a certified copy of a public record.

2. Explanation of Written Responses

The District will respond to a written request under FOIA within 5 business days (excluding weekends and legal holidays) after the District receives the written request, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the requester. FOIA defines the date of receipt by the District differently depending upon how the request was delivered to the District (e.g., hand-delivery, U.S. Mail, email, facsimile).

The District will respond to a request by doing one of the following: (a) granting the request; (b) issuing a written notice denying the request; (c) granting the request in part and issuing a written notice denying the request in part; or (d) issuing a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the District will respond to the request. The District will not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a particular request.

If a requester asks for information that is available on the District's website, the District will notify the requester in its response where to find the records on its website. Paper copies of public records available on the District's website will be made available upon request, but a fee may be charged as explained in Section B.4 and on the detailed Fee Itemization Form.

The District will provide reasonable facilities for a requester to inspect nonexempt public records. The facilities will be available during the District's normal business hours. The FOIA Coordinator will establish rules regulating the manner in which a requester may inspect records to protect the District's records from loss, alteration, mutilation, or destruction or to prevent undue interference with the District's normal operations.

If a request is denied in whole or in part, the District will include in the written notice of denial an explanation of the basis for the denial and, if applicable, a certificate that the public record does not exist under the name given by the requester or by another name reasonably known to the District. A sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record is appended included as Attachment BForm 3501-F-2. If a public record or information is separated and exempt from disclosure (redacted), the District will describe generally the material exempted unless that description would reveal the contents of the exempt information and thus defeat the purpose of the exemption.

3. Deposit Requirements

Where the District estimates that the fee authorized under the FOIA and these Procedures and Guidelines for responding to a request will exceed \$50, the District may require a good-faith deposit from the requester before processing the request. A good-faith deposit will not exceed half of the total estimated fee and will include a detailed itemization of estimated fee amounts. The FOIA Coordinator will provide the requester with a detailed itemization of the allowable fees estimated to be incurred by the District to process the request as well as notice of the date by which the deposit must be received, which is 48 days after the notice is sent by any means of transmission. The District will include with its request for a good-faith deposit a best efforts estimate of the time frame within which the District will provide the requested public records. The time frame estimate is not binding on the District but will be made in good faith, and the District will strive to be reasonably accurate.

If a requester previously requested public records from the District and if the District made the requested public records available on a timely basis but was not paid in full the total estimated fee for that previous request, the District may, to the extent permitted by the FOIA, require a deposit of up to 100% of the estimated fee for the subsequent request(s).

If a requester fails to pay the good-faith deposit within 48 days after the date of the deposit notice and if the requester has not appealed the deposit amount, the request will be considered abandoned and the District will no longer be required to fulfill the request.

4. Fee Calculations

The FOIA permits the District to charge 6 fee components: (a) labor costs of searching for, locating, and examining public records; (b) labor costs of separating or deleting (redacting) exempt information from non-exempt information; (c) labor costs to duplicate or publish requested public records; (d) actual costs of paper copies (not to exceed 10 cents per sheet for standard 8-1/2 by 11-inch sheets of paper or 8-1/2 by 14-inch sheets of paper); (e) actual costs of non-paper physical media (e.g., flash drive, CD), if requested and if the District has the technological capability to comply; and (f) actual costs of postal delivery. For more detailed information about the District's fee calculations, including fee reductions for untimely responses, see Section B.4. of these Procedures and Guidelines and Attachment CForm 3501-F-3, Fee Itemization Form. The FOIA Coordinator will require that payment be made in full for the allowable fees before the requested records are made available.

- a. Fee Waivers. A search for a public record may be conducted or copies of public records may be furnished without charge or at a reduced charge if the District determines that a waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest because searching for or furnishing copies of the public records can be considered as primarily benefiting the general public.
- b. Discounts. Under the following circumstances, a public record search will be made by the District and a copy of a non-exempt public record will be furnished without charge for the first \$20 of the fee:
 - i. If an individual who is entitled to information under the FOIA:
 - submits an affidavit stating that the individual is receiving specific public assistance or is unable to pay the fee because of indigence and stating that the individual is not making the request in conjunction with outside parties in exchange for payment or other remuneration: and
 - · that individual has not previously received discounted copies of public records from the District twice during the same calendar year.
 - ii. If a nonprofit corporation formally designated by the State of Michigan to carry out activities under subtitle C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000, Public Law 106-402, and the Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, Public Law 99-319, or their successors, submits a request that meets all of the following requirements:
 - is made directly on behalf of the organization or its clients;
 - is made for a reason wholly consistent with the mission and provisions of those laws under section 931 of the Mental Health Code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1931; and
 - is accompanied by documentation of its designation by the state, if requested by the District.

5. Avenues for Challenge and Appeal

- a. Challenge to Record Denial. If the District fails to respond to a FOIA request or makes a final determination to deny all or a portion of a request, the requester may submit an appeal to the Board or may commence an action in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or the District's office is located. See Section B.5.a. of these Procedures and Guidelines for a more detailed explanation of the procedures and timelines for appealing a record denial.
- b. Challenge to Fee. If the District requires a fee that the requester believes exceeds the amount permitted under FOIA or the District's publicly available procedures and guidelines, the requester may commence an action in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or the District's office

is located. See Section B.5.b. of these Procedures and Guidelines for a more detailed explanation of the procedures and timelines for a fee appeal.

B. Procedures and Guidelines

1. Requests

- a. All "persons," except those persons incarcerated in state or local correctional facilities, are entitled to submit a FOIA request to the District. A "person" is defined for purposes of the FOIA to mean "an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, firm, organization, association, governmental entity, or other legal entity." A request made by a "person," other than an individual (e.g., a corporation, firm, governmental entity) must include the requester's complete name (first and last name), mailing address, and either the phone number or email address of the "person's" agent who is an individual. Any mailing address provided must comply with United States Postal Service addressing standards.
- b. A FOIA request is a written request to inspect, copy, or receive copies of a public record. A request must describe the public record in sufficient detail to enable the District to find the requested record. The District suggests that requesters use the sample Request Form appended as Attachment A. (Form 3501-F-1).
- c. FOIA requests must be in writing. If, however, a person makes an oral request for information that is available on the District's website and if the employee to whom the request is directed knows that the information is available on the District's website, that employee must inform the requester that the information is available on the District's website.
- d. The District's FOIA Coordinator is responsible to process requests to inspect, copy, or receive copies of public records. FOIA requests should be sent to the District's FOIA Coordinator.
 - i. FOIA requests can be sent via U.S. Mail to: [insert District address]
 - ii. FOIA requests sent via email should be sent to: [insert email address]
 - iii. FOIA requests sent via fax should be faxed to: [insert fax number]

If an employee of the District receives a written request to inspect, copy, or receive copies of a public record, the employee should promptly forward the request to the District's FOIA Coordinator. A requester is not required to use the District's sample Request Form or to include the word "FOIA" in the request. Therefore, all written requests to inspect, copy, or receive copies of records should be promptly forwarded to the FOIA Coordinator for review.

e. The FOIA Coordinator will keep a copy of all written requests for public records received by the District on file for a period of at least 1 year.

- f. A person may subscribe to future issuances of public records created, issued, or disseminated on a regular basis, such as notices or agendas of board meetings. In all other respects, if the requested public record does not exist as of the date requested, the District has no obligation under the FOIA to create the requested record or to provide a copy if created on a later date. A subscription is valid for up to 6 months and may be renewed by the subscriber.
- g. The FOIA Coordinator will, upon written request, furnish a certified copy of a public record to the requester.

2. Responses

- a. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the person making the request, the District must respond to a written request under FOIA within 5 business days (excluding weekends and legal holidays) after the District receives the request by doing one of the following:
 - i. granting the request;
 - ii. sending written notice denying the request;
 - iii. granting the request in part and issuing a written notice denying the request in part; or
 - iv. issuing a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the District will respond to the request. The District will not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a particular request.
- b. If a request is denied in whole or in part, the District must include in the written notice of denial an explanation of the basis for the denial and, if applicable, a certificate that the public record does not exist under the name given by the requester or by another name reasonably known to the District. A sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record is appended included as Attachment BForm 3501-F-2.
 - Exemptions to disclosure are set forth in Section 13 of the FOIA, MCL 15.243, which is available on the Michigan Legislature's website at www.legislature.mi.gov.
 - ii. If a public record or information is separated and exempt from disclosure (redacted), the District will describe generally the material exempted unless that description would reveal the contents of the exempt information and thus defeat the purpose of the exemption.
- c. The date for responding to a FOIA request depends upon the manner in which the request was delivered. A request sent by mail or delivered by hand is received for purposes of FOIA on the day it arrives at the District. A request sent by email, fax, or other electronic means is received for

purposes of FOIA 1 business day after the date on which it was electronically transmitted. If a request is sent by email and is diverted to the District spam or junk mail folder, the request is not received until 1 day after the date it is discovered in the spam or junk mail folder. The FOIA Coordinator will include in the District's records both the time that a written request was delivered to its spam or junk-mail folder and the time that the District first became aware of that request. The District will review the FOIA Coordinator's spam or junk mail folder at least once every 30 days.

- d. If a request is fully granted, the District will provide copies of, or an opportunity to inspect, all the public records that were requested upon payment of the appropriate fee (if any). No pages will be left out, and nothing will be redacted.
- e. The District will provide reasonable facilities for a requester to inspect nonexempt public records. The facilities will be available during the District's normal business hours. The FOIA Coordinator will establish rules regulating the manner in which records may be inspected to protect the District's records from loss, alteration, mutilation, or destruction or to prevent undue interference with the District's normal operations.
- The FOIA identifies numerous specific exemptions to disclosure. If a request includes information that is exempt from disclosure, the District will provide a written response and list the reason(s) why the record(s) or portions of records will not be disclosed. The District will include a link to, or a copy of, these Procedures and Guidelines (including the Public Summary and Attachments Forms 3501-F-1, 3501-F-2, and 3501-F-3) with each denial.
- g. If a request is partially denied, it means that some records or parts of records will be disclosed, and that some records or parts of records will not be disclosed. The District will provide copies of, or an opportunity to inspect, the non-exempt records, but exempt information (which may consist of entire documents, pages, or information on a page) may be withheld or redacted. The District will include in the written notice of denial-in-part an explanation of the basis for the denial-in-part and, if applicable, a certificate that one or more of the public records does not exist under the name given by the requester or by another name reasonably known to the District. The District will include a link to, or a copy of, these Procedures and Guidelines (including the Public Summary and Attachments Forms 3501-F-1, 3501-F-2, and 3501-F-3) with each denial.
- h. Failure of the District to respond to a FOIA request within the prescribed timelines constitutes denial of the request. The fee the District is permitted to charge will be reduced by 5% per day, up to a 50% reduction, if the failure to timely respond was willful or intentional or if the request included language described in FOIA as readily conveying a FOIA request. (See Section B.4., Fees).

- The FOIA does not require the District to create any records or to make compilations, summaries, or reports of existing records. If a request seeks records that do not exist, the District will certify that no records responsive to the request exist under the name or description provided in the request or another name known to the District. (See sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record appended included as Attachment BForm 3501-F-2).
- If a request asks for information that is available on the District's website, the District will notify the requester in its response where the records may be found. If a requester seeks paper copies of information available on the website, the District may charge the fees noted below and on the Fee Itemization Form, except that there will be no charge for separating exempt from non-exempt material.
- k. In lieu of paper copies, the requester may stipulate that the District provide non-exempt public records on non-paper physical media, by electronic mail, or other electronic means. The District is not required to produce nonexempt public records on non-paper physical media if the District lacks the technological capability necessary to provide the requested records on the particular non-paper physical media stipulated in the particular instance. The District is not required to use non-paper physical media provided by the requester and, to safeguard the District's information technology infrastructure, will not do so.

3. Deposit Requirements

- a. Where the District estimates that the fee authorized under the FOIA and these Procedures and Guidelines for responding to a request will exceed \$50, the District may require a good-faith deposit from the requester before processing the request. A good-faith deposit will not exceed half of the total estimated fee and will include a detailed itemization of estimated fee amounts. The FOIA Coordinator will provide the requester with a detailed itemization of allowable fees estimated to be incurred by the District to process the request as well as notice of the date by which the deposit must be received, which is 48 days after the notice is sent by any means of transmission. The District will include with its request for a good-faith deposit a best efforts estimate of the time frame within which the District will provide the requested public records. The timeframe estimate is not binding on the District, but the estimate will be made in good faith and the District will strive to be reasonably accurate.
- b. If a requester fails to pay the good-faith deposit within 48 days of the date of notice and if the requester has not filed an appeal of the deposit amount, the request will be considered abandoned by the requester and the District is no longer required to fulfill the request.

c. If a requester previously requested public records from the District and if the District made the requested public records available on a timely basis but was not paid in full the total estimated fee for that previous request, the District may, to the extent permitted by the FOIA, require a deposit of up to 100% of the estimated fee for the subsequent request(s).

4. Fees

- a. A fee will not be charged for the cost to search, examine, review, and delete/separate/redact exempt from non-exempt information unless failure to charge a fee would result in unreasonably high costs to the District. In determining whether such costs are "unreasonably high," the District will consider, on a case-by-case basis, the estimated costs given the volume and complexity of the request relative to the usual or typical costs incurred by the District in responding to FOIA requests.
- b. Fees are calculated using the Fee Itemization Form appended toincluded with these Guidelines and Procedures as Attachment CForm 3501-F-3. The District charges the following fees:
 - i. Labor costs incurred for searching for, locating, and examining public records. Labor costs are calculated in 15-minute increments (rounded down) and will not exceed the hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of searching for, locating, and examining the public records. No overtime will be charged unless requested by the requester, approved by the District, and included on the Fee Itemization Form. The hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of searching for, locating, and examining particular records may vary depending upon the nature of the records sought and the corresponding qualifications or authorizations required to search for, locate, or examine the requested record. All charges will be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.
 - ii. Labor costs for separating and deleting exempt information from nonexempt information. Labor costs are calculated in 15-minute increments (rounded down) and will not exceed the hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of separating and deleting material that is exempt from disclosure from information that is non-exempt from disclosure. No overtime will be charged unless requested by the requester, approved by the District, and included on the Fee Itemization Form. The hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of separating and deleting exempt information from non-exempt information may vary depending upon the nature of the records sought and the corresponding qualifications or authorizations required to separate and redact exempt information from non-exempt information. If the District FOIA Coordinator determines on a case-by-case basis that no employee of the District is capable of separating and deleting exempt from nonexempt material, the District may engage a contracted services provider and charge labor costs. Such labor costs will be calculated in 15-minute

increments (rounded down), and the hourly rate will not exceed 6 times the state minimum wage. All charges will be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.

- iii. Costs for non-paper physical media. A requester may stipulate that records be produced on non-paper physical media (e.g., a flash drive or CD). If the District has the technological capability to comply with the request for production on non-paper physical media, the District may charge the actual and most reasonably economical cost of the requested non-paper physical media, and the cost of non-paper physical media will be included on the Fee Itemization Form.
- iv. Actual cost of duplication for paper records. The District will charge the actual cost of duplication (not to exceed 10 cents per sheet) for 8-1/2 by 11-inch sheets of paper or 8-1/2 by 14-inch sheets of paper. The actual cost of duplication will be charged for non-standard-sized sheets of paper and may exceed 10 cents per sheet. The District will utilize the most economical means available for making copies of public records, including using double-sided printing, if cost saving and available.
- v. Actual labor costs for duplication or publication. The District's charges for duplication or publication will not exceed the hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of duplicating or publishing the records. The hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of duplicating or publishing records may vary depending on the nature of the records sought. Duplication or publication fees are calculated in 15-minute increments (rounded down). All charges will be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.
- vi. Postal delivery charges. The District may charge the costs of the least expensive form of postal delivery. If a requester asks for expedited mailing and if the District agrees to provide expedited mailing, the actual cost of the expedited mailing may be charged and must be included on the Fee Itemization Form.
- vii. Fringe benefits. The District may add to the labor charges described above the actual cost of the public employee's fringe benefits, up to 50% of the labor costs. Fringe benefits must be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.
- viii. Overtime wages. No overtime will be charged unless requested by the requester, approved by the District, and included on the Fee Itemization Form.
- c. Each of the fee components described above must be specifically listed on the Fee Itemization Form. A completed copy of the Fee Itemization Form will be included with the response to the request. A copy of the Fee

- Itemization Form is appended to included with these Procedures and Guidelines as Attachment CForm 3501-F-3.
- d. Fee reductions. If the FOIA Coordinator does not respond to a written request within the time frames required by FOIA, the District will reduce the charges for labor costs otherwise permitted under FOIA and these Procedure and Guidelines by 5% for each day the District exceeds the time permitted for a response to the request, up to a maximum 50% reduction, if either of the following applies:
 - i. The late response was willful and intentional.
 - ii. The written request included language that conveyed a request for information within the first 250 words of the body of a letter, facsimile, electronic mail, or electronic mail attachment or specifically included the words, characters, or abbreviations for "freedom of information," "information," "FOIA," "copy," or a recognizable misspelling of such, or appropriate legal code reference for the FOIA, on the front of an envelope or in the subject line of an electronic mail, letter, or facsimile cover page.

If a fee reduction is required, the District will fully note the fee reduction on the detailed Fee Itemization Form (Attachment CForm 3501-F-3).

- e. Payment. The FOIA Coordinator will require that payment be made in full for the allowable fees before the requested records are made available.
- f. Fee waivers. A search for a public record may be conducted, or copies of public records may be furnished, without charge or at a reduced charge if the District determines, in its discretion, that a waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest because searching for or furnishing copies of the public records can be considered as primarily benefiting the general public.
- g. Discounts. Under the following circumstances, a public record search will be made by the District and a copy of a non-exempt public record will be furnished without charge for the first \$20 of the fee:
 - i. if an individual who is entitled to information under the FOIA:
 - submits an affidavit stating that the individual is receiving specific public assistance or is unable to pay the fee because of indigence and stating that the individual is not making the request in conjunction with outside parties in exchange for payment or other remuneration; and
 - that individual has not previously received discounted copies of public records from the District twice during the same calendar year.
 - ii. if a nonprofit corporation formally designated by the State of Michigan to carry out activities under subtitle C of the Developmental Disabilities

Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000, Public Law 106-402, and the Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, Public Law 99-319, or their successors, submits a request that meets all of the following requirements:

- is made directly on behalf of the organization or its clients;
- is made for a reason wholly consistent with the mission and provisions of those laws under Mental Health Code Section 431, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330,1931; and
- is accompanied by documentation of its designation by the state, if requested by the District.

5. Appeals

A requester may appeal any denial of records or any fee charged for public records.

- a. Challenge to Record Denial.
 - i. If the District denies a request for records, the requester may either:
 - A) appeal to the District's Board; or
 - B) commence an action in the circuit court in [☐ County within 180 days of the denial.
 - ii. If the requester appeals to the Board, the appeal must specifically state the word "appeal" and state the reason(s) that the denial should be reversed. The following rules apply to record denial appeals to the governing board:
 - A) An appeal is not "received" until the first regularly scheduled board meeting after the appeal is submitted.
 - B) Within 10 business days after receiving the appeal, the Board will do one of the following:
 - reverse the denial;
 - issue written notice upholding the denial;
 - reverse the denial in part and issue written notice upholding the denial, in part; or
 - issue written notice extending the time for response by not more than 10 business days.
 - C) If the Board fails to respond in a timely manner to the written appeal or upholds all or a portion of the disclosure denial that is the subject of the written appeal, the requester may seek judicial review by commencing a civil action in circuit court.

- iii. A requester is not required to submit an appeal to the Board before commencing a civil action in circuit court to challenge a disclosure denial. If a circuit court determines that the requested record is not exempt from disclosure, the court will order the District to cease withholding or to produce all or a portion of the public record determined to have been wrongfully withheld. If the court determines that a disclosure denial was arbitrary and capricious, willful and intentional, or made in bad faith, the court will order that the District pay a civil fine to the state and punitive damages to the requester. If a person asserting the right to inspect, copy, or receive a copy of all or a portion of a public record prevails in an action commenced in the circuit court, the court will also require the District to pay the requester's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements. If the requester or the District prevails in part, the court may, in its discretion, award the District all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements.
- b. Challenge to fee. If the District requires a fee (defined to include a deposit) that the requester believes exceeds the amount permitted under the FOIA or these publicly available Procedures and Guidelines, the requester may, within 45 days after receiving notice of the required fee, commence an action in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or the District's office is located.
 - If a court determines that the fee exceeds the amount permitted under the FOIA or these Procedures and Guidelines, the court will reduce the fee to the permissible amount (if any).
 - ii. If the requester prevails in an action commenced under this section by receiving a reduction of 50% or more of the total fee, the court may, in its discretion, award all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements.
 - iii. If the court determines that the District arbitrarily and capriciously violated FOIA by charging an excessive fee, or by acting in bad faith, the court will order that the District pay a civil fine to the state and punitive damages to the requester.

6. Questions

Any questions about these Procedures and Guidelines should be directed to the District's FOIA Coordinator.

7. Attachments

7. Related Forms

- a. 3501-F-1 Sample FOIA Request Form
- b. 3501-F-2 Sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record

c. <u>3501-F-3</u> Standard Form for Detailed Itemization of Fee Amounts

Adoption Date adopted:

Revised Date revised:

3500 FOIA Requests and Record Retention

3501-AG Michigan Freedom of Information Act Procedures and Guidelines

The Michigan Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) provides for public access to certain public records, permits the charging of prescribed fees and deposits, and provides remedies and penalties for non-compliance. A person has a right to inspect, copy, or receive copies of certain requested public records. Some public records are permitted or required not to be disclosed. The District is a public body that must comply with FOIA. The District has established the following Procedures and Guidelines to implement FOIA. For purposes of these Procedures and Guidelines, terms have the same meaning as defined in FOIA. A complete copy of FOIA is available on the Michigan Legislature's website at www.legislature.mi.gov.

These Procedures and Guidelines (which include a Public Summary and a Fee Itemization Form) are available on the District's website at: www.kentisd.org. This link or a physical copy of these Procedures and Guidelines will be included in each of the District's FOIA responses. Paper copies of these Procedures and Guidelines are available upon request by a visitor at the District's Central Administration Offices, located at 2930 Knapp St. NE Grand Rapids, MI 49525.

A. Written Public Summary

1. How to Submit Written Requests

A written request to inspect, copy, or review a public record should be submitted to the District's FOIA Coordinator.

FOIA requests can be sent via U.S. Mail to:

Kent ISD - Office of the Superintendent 2930 Knapp St. NE Grand Rapids, MI 49525

FOIA requests sent via email should be sent to: FOIA@kentisd.org

FOIA requests sent via fax should be faxed to: 616-364-1488

A request must describe the public record in sufficient detail to enable the District to find the requested record. A sample Request Form is included with these Procedures and Guidelines as Form 3501-F-1.

A request must include the requester's (1) complete name (first and last name), (2) mailing address, and (3) either phone number or email address. A request made by an organization must include the contact information of its agent or representative. Any mailing address provided must be in a format that complies with United States Postal Service addressing standards. This information is not required for a request by an individual who qualifies as indigent under FOIA (i.e., by submitting an affidavit that describes the individual's indigence).

A person may subscribe to future issuances of public records created, issued, or disseminated by the District on a regular basis, such as notices of board meetings. A subscription is valid for up to 6 months and may be renewed by the subscriber.

In lieu of paper copies, the requester may stipulate that the District provide nonexempt public records on non-paper physical media, electronically mailed, or otherwise electronically provided. The District is not required to produce nonexempt public records on non-paper physical media if the District lacks the technological capability necessary to provide the requested records on the particular non-paper physical media stipulated in the particular instance. The District is not required to use non-paper physical media provided by the requester and, to safeguard the District's information technology infrastructure. will not do so.

A person may request a certified copy of a public record.

2. Explanation of Written Responses

The District will respond to a written request under FOIA within 5 business days (excluding weekends and legal holidays) after the District receives the written request, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the requester. FOIA defines the date of receipt by the District differently depending upon how the request was delivered to the District (e.g., hand-delivery, U.S. Mail, email, facsimile).

The District will respond to a request by doing one of the following: (a) granting the request; (b) issuing a written notice denying the request; (c) granting the request in part and issuing a written notice denying the request in part; or (d) issuing a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the District will respond to the request. The District will not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a particular request.

If a requester asks for information that is available on the District's website, the District will notify the requester in its response where to find the records on its website. Paper copies of public records available on the District's website will be made available upon request, but a fee may be charged as explained in Section B.4 and on the detailed Fee Itemization Form.

The District will provide reasonable facilities for a requester to inspect nonexempt public records. The facilities will be available during the District's normal business hours. The FOIA Coordinator will establish rules regulating the manner in which a requester may inspect records to protect the District's records from loss, alteration, mutilation, or destruction or to prevent undue interference with the District's normal operations.

If a request is denied in whole or in part, the District will include in the written notice of denial an explanation of the basis for the denial and, if applicable, a certificate that the public record does not exist under the name given by the requester or by another name reasonably known to the District. A sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record is included as Form 3501-F-2. If a public record or information is separated and exempt from disclosure (redacted), the District will describe generally the material exempted unless that description would reveal the contents of the exempt information and thus defeat the purpose of the exemption.

3. Deposit Requirements

Where the District estimates that the fee authorized under the FOIA and these Procedures and Guidelines for responding to a request will exceed \$50, the District may require a good-faith deposit from the requester before processing the request. A good-faith deposit will not exceed half of the total estimated fee and will include a detailed itemization of estimated fee amounts. The FOIA Coordinator will provide the requester with a detailed itemization of the allowable fees estimated to be incurred by the District to process the request as well as notice of the date by which the deposit must be received, which is 48 days after the notice is sent by any means of transmission. The District will include with its request for a good-faith deposit a best efforts estimate of the time frame within which the District will provide the requested public records. The time frame estimate is not binding on the District but will be made in good faith, and the District will strive to be reasonably accurate.

If a requester previously requested public records from the District and if the District made the requested public records available on a timely basis but was not paid in full the total estimated fee for that previous request, the District may, to the extent permitted by the FOIA, require a deposit of up to 100% of the estimated fee for the subsequent request(s).

If a requester fails to pay the good-faith deposit within 48 days after the date of the deposit notice and if the requester has not appealed the deposit amount, the request will be considered abandoned and the District will no longer be required to fulfill the request.

4. Fee Calculations

The FOIA permits the District to charge 6 fee components: (a) labor costs of searching for, locating, and examining public records; (b) labor costs of separating or deleting (redacting) exempt information from non-exempt information; (c) labor costs to duplicate or publish requested public records; (d) actual costs of paper copies (not to exceed 10 cents per sheet for standard 8-1/2 by 11-inch sheets of paper or 8-1/2 by 14-inch sheets of paper); (e) actual costs of non-paper physical media (e.g., flash drive, CD), if requested and if the District has the technological capability to comply; and (f) actual costs of postal delivery. For more detailed information about the District's fee calculations, including fee reductions for untimely responses, see Section B.4. of these Procedures and Guidelines and Form 3501-F-3, Fee Itemization Form. The FOIA Coordinator will require that payment be made in full for the allowable fees before the requested records are made available.

- a. Fee Waivers. A search for a public record may be conducted or copies of public records may be furnished without charge or at a reduced charge if the District determines that a waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest because searching for or furnishing copies of the public records can be considered as primarily benefiting the general public.
- b. Discounts. Under the following circumstances, a public record search will be made by the District and a copy of a non-exempt public record will be furnished without charge for the first \$20 of the fee:
 - i. If an individual who is entitled to information under the FOIA:
 - submits an affidavit stating that the individual is receiving specific public assistance or is unable to pay the fee because of indigence and stating that the individual is not making the request in conjunction with outside parties in exchange for payment or other remuneration; and
 - that individual has not previously received discounted copies of public records from the District twice during the same calendar year.
 - ii. If a nonprofit corporation formally designated by the State of Michigan to carry out activities under subtitle C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000, Public Law 106-402, and the Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, Public Law 99-319, or their successors, submits a request that meets all of the following requirements:
 - is made directly on behalf of the organization or its clients;
 - is made for a reason wholly consistent with the mission and provisions of those laws under section 931 of the Mental Health Code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1931; and
 - is accompanied by documentation of its designation by the state, if requested by the District.

5. Avenues for Challenge and Appeal

- a. Challenge to Record Denial. If the District fails to respond to a FOIA request or makes a final determination to deny all or a portion of a request, the requester may submit an appeal to the Board or may commence an action in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or the District's office is located. See Section B.5.a. of these Procedures and Guidelines for a more detailed explanation of the procedures and timelines for appealing a record denial.
- b. Challenge to Fee. If the District requires a fee that the requester believes exceeds the amount permitted under FOIA or the District's publicly available procedures and guidelines, the requester may commence an action in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or the District's office

is located. See Section B.5.b. of these Procedures and Guidelines for a more detailed explanation of the procedures and timelines for a fee appeal.

B. Procedures and Guidelines

1. Requests

- a. All "persons," except those persons incarcerated in state or local correctional facilities, are entitled to submit a FOIA request to the District. A "person" is defined for purposes of the FOIA to mean "an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, firm, organization, association, governmental entity, or other legal entity." A request made by a "person," other than an individual (e.g., a corporation, firm, governmental entity) must include the requester's complete name (first and last name), mailing address, and either the phone number or email address of the "person's" agent who is an individual. Any mailing address provided must comply with United States Postal Service addressing standards.
- b. A FOIA request is a written request to inspect, copy, or receive copies of a public record. A request must describe the public record in sufficient detail to enable the District to find the requested record. The District suggests that requesters use the sample Request Form (Form 3501-F-1).
- c. FOIA requests must be in writing. If, however, a person makes an oral request for information that is available on the District's website and if the employee to whom the request is directed knows that the information is available on the District's website, that employee must inform the requester that the information is available on the District's website.
- d. The District's FOIA Coordinator is responsible to process requests to inspect, copy, or receive copies of public records. FOIA requests should be sent to the District's FOIA Coordinator.
 - i. FOIA requests can be sent via U.S. Mail to:
 Kent ISD Office of the Superintendent 2930 Knapp St. NE Grand Rapids, MI 49525
 - ii. FOIA requests sent via email should be sent to: FOIA@kentisd.org
 - iii. FOIA requests sent via fax should be faxed to: 616-364-1488

If an employee of the District receives a written request to inspect, copy, or receive copies of a public record, the employee should promptly forward the request to the District's FOIA Coordinator. A requester is not required to use the District's sample Request Form or to include the word "FOIA" in the request. Therefore, all written requests to inspect, copy, or receive copies of records should be promptly forwarded to the FOIA Coordinator for review.

- e. The FOIA Coordinator will keep a copy of all written requests for public records received by the District on file for a period of at least 1 year.
- f. A person may subscribe to future issuances of public records created, issued, or disseminated on a regular basis, such as notices or agendas of board meetings. In all other respects, if the requested public record does not exist as of the date requested, the District has no obligation under the FOIA to create the requested record or to provide a copy if created on a later date. A subscription is valid for up to 6 months and may be renewed by the subscriber.
- g. The FOIA Coordinator will, upon written request, furnish a certified copy of a public record to the requester.

2. Responses

- a. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the person making the request, the District must respond to a written request under FOIA within 5 business days (excluding weekends and legal holidays) after the District receives the request by doing one of the following:
 - i. granting the request;
 - ii. sending written notice denying the request;
 - iii. granting the request in part and issuing a written notice denying the request in part; or
 - iv. issuing a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the District will respond to the request. The District will not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a particular request.
- b. If a request is denied in whole or in part, the District must include in the written notice of denial an explanation of the basis for the denial and, if applicable, a certificate that the public record does not exist under the name given by the requester or by another name reasonably known to the District. A sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record is included as Form 3501-F-2.
 - i. Exemptions to disclosure are set forth in Section 13 of the FOIA, MCL 15.243, which is available on the Michigan Legislature's website at www.legislature.mi.gov.
 - ii. If a public record or information is separated and exempt from disclosure (redacted), the District will describe generally the material exempted unless that description would reveal the contents of the exempt information and thus defeat the purpose of the exemption.
- c. The date for responding to a FOIA request depends upon the manner in which the request was delivered. A request sent by mail or delivered by

hand is received for purposes of FOIA on the day it arrives at the District. A request sent by email, fax, or other electronic means is received for purposes of FOIA 1 business day after the date on which it was electronically transmitted. If a request is sent by email and is diverted to the District spam or junk mail folder, the request is not received until 1 day after the date it is discovered in the spam or junk mail folder. The FOIA Coordinator will include in the District's records both the time that a written request was delivered to its spam or junk-mail folder and the time that the District first became aware of that request. The District will review the FOIA Coordinator's spam or junk mail folder at least once every 30 days.

- d. If a request is fully granted, the District will provide copies of, or an opportunity to inspect, all the public records that were requested upon payment of the appropriate fee (if any). No pages will be left out, and nothing will be redacted.
- e. The District will provide reasonable facilities for a requester to inspect nonexempt public records. The facilities will be available during the District's normal business hours. The FOIA Coordinator will establish rules regulating the manner in which records may be inspected to protect the District's records from loss, alteration, mutilation, or destruction or to prevent undue interference with the District's normal operations.
- f. The FOIA identifies numerous specific exemptions to disclosure. If a request includes information that is exempt from disclosure, the District will provide a written response and list the reason(s) why the record(s) or portions of records will not be disclosed. The District will include a link to, or a copy of, these Procedures and Guidelines (including the Public Summary and Forms 3501-F-1, 3501-F-2, and 3501-F-3) with each denial.
- g. If a request is partially denied, it means that some records or parts of records will be disclosed, and that some records or parts of records will not be disclosed. The District will provide copies of, or an opportunity to inspect, the non-exempt records, but exempt information (which may consist of entire documents, pages, or information on a page) may be withheld or redacted. The District will include in the written notice of denial-in-part an explanation of the basis for the denial-in-part and, if applicable, a certificate that one or more of the public records does not exist under the name given by the requester or by another name reasonably known to the District. The District will include a link to, or a copy of, these Procedures and Guidelines (including the Public Summary and Forms 3501-F-1, 3501-F-2, and 3501-F-3) with each denial.
- h. Failure of the District to respond to a FOIA request within the prescribed timelines constitutes denial of the request. The fee the District is permitted to charge will be reduced by 5% per day, up to a 50% reduction, if the failure to timely respond was willful or intentional or if the request included

- language described in FOIA as readily conveying a FOIA request. (See Section B.4., Fees).
- i. The FOIA does not require the District to create any records or to make compilations, summaries, or reports of existing records. If a request seeks records that do not exist, the District will certify that no records responsive to the request exist under the name or description provided in the request or another name known to the District. (See sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record included as Form 3501-F-2).
- j. If a request asks for information that is available on the District's website, the District will notify the requester in its response where the records may be found. If a requester seeks paper copies of information available on the website, the District may charge the fees noted below and on the Fee Itemization Form, except that there will be no charge for separating exempt from non-exempt material.
- k. In lieu of paper copies, the requester may stipulate that the District provide non-exempt public records on non-paper physical media, by electronic mail, or other electronic means. The District is not required to produce non-exempt public records on non-paper physical media if the District lacks the technological capability necessary to provide the requested records on the particular non-paper physical media stipulated in the particular instance. The District is not required to use non-paper physical media provided by the requester and, to safeguard the District's information technology infrastructure, will not do so.

3. Deposit Requirements

- a. Where the District estimates that the fee authorized under the FOIA and these Procedures and Guidelines for responding to a request will exceed \$50, the District may require a good-faith deposit from the requester before processing the request. A good-faith deposit will not exceed half of the total estimated fee and will include a detailed itemization of estimated fee amounts. The FOIA Coordinator will provide the requester with a detailed itemization of allowable fees estimated to be incurred by the District to process the request as well as notice of the date by which the deposit must be received, which is 48 days after the notice is sent by any means of transmission. The District will include with its request for a good-faith deposit a best efforts estimate of the time frame within which the District will provide the requested public records. The timeframe estimate is not binding on the District, but the estimate will be made in good faith and the District will strive to be reasonably accurate.
- b. If a requester fails to pay the good-faith deposit within 48 days of the date of notice and if the requester has not filed an appeal of the deposit amount, the request will be considered abandoned by the requester and the District is no longer required to fulfill the request.

c. If a requester previously requested public records from the District and if the District made the requested public records available on a timely basis but was not paid in full the total estimated fee for that previous request, the District may, to the extent permitted by the FOIA, require a deposit of up to 100% of the estimated fee for the subsequent request(s).

4. Fees

- a. A fee will not be charged for the cost to search, examine, review, and delete/separate/redact exempt from non-exempt information unless failure to charge a fee would result in unreasonably high costs to the District. In determining whether such costs are "unreasonably high," the District will consider, on a case-by-case basis, the estimated costs given the volume and complexity of the request relative to the usual or typical costs incurred by the District in responding to FOIA requests.
- b. Fees are calculated using the Fee Itemization Form included with these Guidelines and Procedures as Form 3501-F-3. The District charges the following fees:
 - i. Labor costs incurred for searching for, locating, and examining public records. Labor costs are calculated in 15-minute increments (rounded down) and will not exceed the hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of searching for, locating, and examining the public records. No overtime will be charged unless requested by the requester, approved by the District, and included on the Fee Itemization Form. The hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of searching for, locating, and examining particular records may vary depending upon the nature of the records sought and the corresponding qualifications or authorizations required to search for, locate, or examine the requested record. All charges will be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.
 - ii. Labor costs for separating and deleting exempt information from nonexempt information. Labor costs are calculated in 15-minute increments (rounded down) and will not exceed the hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of separating and deleting material that is exempt from disclosure from information that is non-exempt from disclosure. No overtime will be charged unless requested by the requester, approved by the District, and included on the Fee Itemization Form. The hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of separating and deleting exempt information from non-exempt information may vary depending upon the nature of the records sought and the corresponding qualifications or authorizations required to separate and redact exempt information from non-exempt information. If the District FOIA Coordinator determines on a case-by-case basis that no employee of the District is capable of separating and deleting exempt from nonexempt material, the District may engage a contracted services provider and charge labor costs. Such labor costs will be calculated in 15-minute

increments (rounded down), and the hourly rate will not exceed 6 times the state minimum wage. All charges will be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.

- iii. Costs for non-paper physical media. A requester may stipulate that records be produced on non-paper physical media (e.g., a flash drive or CD). If the District has the technological capability to comply with the request for production on non-paper physical media, the District may charge the actual and most reasonably economical cost of the requested non-paper physical media, and the cost of non-paper physical media will be included on the Fee Itemization Form.
- iv. Actual cost of duplication for paper records. The District will charge the actual cost of duplication (not to exceed 10 cents per sheet) for 8-1/2 by 11-inch sheets of paper or 8-1/2 by 14-inch sheets of paper. The actual cost of duplication will be charged for non-standard-sized sheets of paper and may exceed 10 cents per sheet. The District will utilize the most economical means available for making copies of public records, including using double-sided printing, if cost saving and available.
- v. Actual labor costs for duplication or publication. The District's charges for duplication or publication will not exceed the hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of duplicating or publishing the records. The hourly rate of the lowest-paid employee capable of duplicating or publishing records may vary depending on the nature of the records sought. Duplication or publication fees are calculated in 15-minute increments (rounded down). All charges will be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.
- vi. Postal delivery charges. The District may charge the costs of the least expensive form of postal delivery. If a requester asks for expedited mailing and if the District agrees to provide expedited mailing, the actual cost of the expedited mailing may be charged and must be included on the Fee Itemization Form.
- vii. Fringe benefits. The District may add to the labor charges described above the actual cost of the public employee's fringe benefits, up to 50% of the labor costs. Fringe benefits must be noted on the Fee Itemization Form.
- viii. Overtime wages. No overtime will be charged unless requested by the requester, approved by the District, and included on the Fee Itemization Form.
- c. Each of the fee components described above must be specifically listed on the Fee Itemization Form. A completed copy of the Fee Itemization Form will be included with the response to the request. A copy of the Fee

- Itemization Form is included with these Procedures and Guidelines as Form 3501-F-3.
- d. Fee reductions. If the FOIA Coordinator does not respond to a written request within the time frames required by FOIA, the District will reduce the charges for labor costs otherwise permitted under FOIA and these Procedure and Guidelines by 5% for each day the District exceeds the time permitted for a response to the request, up to a maximum 50% reduction, if either of the following applies:
 - i. The late response was willful and intentional.
 - ii. The written request included language that conveyed a request for information within the first 250 words of the body of a letter, facsimile, electronic mail, or electronic mail attachment or specifically included the words, characters, or abbreviations for "freedom of information," "information," "FOIA," "copy," or a recognizable misspelling of such, or appropriate legal code reference for the FOIA, on the front of an envelope or in the subject line of an electronic mail, letter, or facsimile cover page.

If a fee reduction is required, the District will fully note the fee reduction on the detailed Fee Itemization Form (Form 3501-F-3).

- e. Payment. The FOIA Coordinator will require that payment be made in full for the allowable fees before the requested records are made available.
- f. Fee waivers. A search for a public record may be conducted, or copies of public records may be furnished, without charge or at a reduced charge if the District determines, in its discretion, that a waiver or reduction of the fee is in the public interest because searching for or furnishing copies of the public records can be considered as primarily benefiting the general public.
- g. Discounts. Under the following circumstances, a public record search will be made by the District and a copy of a non-exempt public record will be furnished without charge for the first \$20 of the fee:
 - i. if an individual who is entitled to information under the FOIA:
 - submits an affidavit stating that the individual is receiving specific public assistance or is unable to pay the fee because of indigence and stating that the individual is not making the request in conjunction with outside parties in exchange for payment or other remuneration; and
 - that individual has not previously received discounted copies of public records from the District twice during the same calendar year.
 - ii. if a nonprofit corporation formally designated by the State of Michigan to carry out activities under subtitle C of the Developmental Disabilities

Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000, Public Law 106-402, and the Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness Act, Public Law 99-319, or their successors, submits a request that meets all of the following requirements:

- is made directly on behalf of the organization or its clients;
- is made for a reason wholly consistent with the mission and provisions of those laws under Mental Health Code Section 431, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1931; and
- is accompanied by documentation of its designation by the state, if requested by the District.

5. Appeals

A requester may appeal any denial of records or any fee charged for public records.

- a. Challenge to Record Denial.
 - i. If the District denies a request for records, the requester may either:
 - A) appeal to the District's Board; or
 - B) commence an action in the circuit court in Kent County within 180 days of the denial.
 - ii. If the requester appeals to the Board, the appeal must specifically state the word "appeal" and state the reason(s) that the denial should be reversed. The following rules apply to record denial appeals to the governing board:
 - A) An appeal is not "received" until the first regularly scheduled board meeting after the appeal is submitted.
 - B) Within 10 business days after receiving the appeal, the Board will do one of the following:
 - reverse the denial;
 - issue written notice upholding the denial;
 - reverse the denial in part and issue written notice upholding the denial, in part; or
 - issue written notice extending the time for response by not more than 10 business days.
 - C) If the Board fails to respond in a timely manner to the written appeal or upholds all or a portion of the disclosure denial that is the subject of the written appeal, the requester may seek judicial review by commencing a civil action in circuit court.

- iii. A requester is not required to submit an appeal to the Board before commencing a civil action in circuit court to challenge a disclosure denial. If a circuit court determines that the requested record is not exempt from disclosure, the court will order the District to cease withholding or to produce all or a portion of the public record determined to have been wrongfully withheld. If the court determines that a disclosure denial was arbitrary and capricious, willful and intentional, or made in bad faith, the court will order that the District pay a civil fine to the state and punitive damages to the requester. If a person asserting the right to inspect, copy, or receive a copy of all or a portion of a public record prevails in an action commenced in the circuit court, the court will also require the District to pay the requester's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements. If the requester or the District prevails in part, the court may, in its discretion, award the District all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements.
- b. Challenge to fee. If the District requires a fee (defined to include a deposit) that the requester believes exceeds the amount permitted under the FOIA or these publicly available Procedures and Guidelines, the requester may, within 45 days after receiving notice of the required fee, commence an action in the circuit court for the county in which the public record or the District's office is located.
 - i. If a court determines that the fee exceeds the amount permitted under the FOIA or these Procedures and Guidelines, the court will reduce the fee to the permissible amount (if any).
 - ii. If the requester prevails in an action commenced under this section by receiving a reduction of 50% or more of the total fee, the court may, in its discretion, award all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements.
 - iii. If the court determines that the District arbitrarily and capriciously violated FOIA by charging an excessive fee, or by acting in bad faith, the court will order that the District pay a civil fine to the state and punitive damages to the requester.

6. Questions

Any questions about these Procedures and Guidelines should be directed to the District's FOIA Coordinator.

7. Related Forms

- a. 3501-F-1 Sample FOIA Request Form
- b. 3501-F-2 Sample Certificate of Non-Existence of Public Record
- c. 3501-F-3 Standard Form for Detailed Itemization of Fee Amounts

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