# OAK PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT 97 Oak Park, Illinois

November 30, 2010

# **Update on Full Day Kindergarten Implementation**

District 97 recently completed the first year of full day kindergarten for all 8 elementary schools. Provided is a brief overview of the process leading up to the implementation of Full Day Kindergarten. In addition, a brief summary of a Spring 2010 survey given to kindergarten teachers concerning anecdotal evident of the impact on students in provided. Financial information on revenues and costs associated with Full Day Kindergarten is included as an attachment, along with information about an initial review of DIBELS testing in half day and full day programs. Finally, the kindergarten teachers would like to present their own summary and comments to the Board during the presentation.

### Background

The Strategic Plan was discussed and approved by the School Board in the fall of 2007. One of the goals of the strategic plan was to offer full day kindergarten to District 97 students. Preparation for implementing full day kindergarten in schools for the 2008-2009 began in the fall of 2007 and continued through the summer of 2008. In January of 2008, a community forum was held to have a conversation about the full day kindergarten program. This forum included Oak Park community members and teachers along with principals from districts that had implemented full day kindergarten. A Full Day Kindergarten Oversight Committee was created in February and met for the remainder of the 2007-08 school year to define the parameters of the full day kindergarten program. An informational spring forum was held for District 97 parents and guardians. Beye, Irving, Longfellow and Whittier inaugurated the full day program first during the 2008-09 school year. All the other elementary schools began their programs in the 2009-10 school year. Full day kindergarten has now been implemented in all eight elementary schools with the addition of full day programs at Hatch, Holmes, Lincoln and Mann during the 2009-2010 school year. District kindergarten enrollment information since June 2003 is included in the table below.

Year-end Date	Enrollment	Notes
2003	431	Regular Education # only
2004	461	Regular Education # only
2005	469	Regular Education # only
2006	497	Regular Education # only
2007	495	Regular Education # only
2008	483	Regular Education # only
2009	566	Includes 1 Out of District SPED and
		is first year of implementation
2010	612	Includes 2 Out of District SPED and
		all schools are in full day
Nov., 2010	597	Includes 2 Out of District SPED

# Survey Information

Kindergarten and first grade teachers met on April 21, 2010 to discuss how the establishment of all day kindergarten has affected the success of kindergarten students. Positive changes reported by kindergarten teachers and first grade teachers at the April 21<sup>st</sup> meeting are noted below.

# Kindergarten teachers reported:

\* kindergarten students are more a part of the school community (they can now participate in all school events, whereas in the past, if there was a morning assembly, only the morning students could attend)

- \* principals have reported that they know the K students better
- \* there are more chances for students to practice skills
- \* school is less rushed and yet students are able to accomplish more
- \* DIBELS scores are higher for selected students in need to additional help
- \* there is more time to fully teach Open Court and include all of the components

# First grade teachers reported:

- \* children had an easier time settling in to the beginning schedule of first grade
- \* less (or no) crying at the beginning of the year

- \* students were more ready for academic lessons
- \* most students came in with a solid base

\* some students still need work on phonemic awareness and beginning phonics

# **DIBELS Test Score Information**

In an effort to determine the academic impact of full day kindergarten, scores for our students on the DIBELS assessment were analyzed. DIBELS, or Dynamic Indicators of Basic Early Literacy Skills, are a widely accepted means of measuring and monitoring student progress toward becoming fluent readers. A series of measures are collected over time, with the measures changing as students become more accomplished. For the purposes of this investigation, the following measures were used:

- Letter Naming Fluency, measured at the start of Kindergarten and 1<sup>st</sup> grade
- Initial Sound Fluency, measured at the start of Kindergarten
- Nonsense Word Fluency, measured at the start of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> grade
- Oral Reading Fluency, measured at the start of  $2^{nd}$  grade

DIBELS scores were exported from the University of Oregon site. Only the records for students who were in kindergarten in 2008 were examined. In that year, four elementary schools began offering full-day kindergarten, while the remaining four continued the half-day program. Students who left the district after attending kindergarten that year were excluded from further analysis to yield a working sample of 455 students. The distribution between kindergarten attendance programs was 43.7% full day and 56.3% half day. Mean scores were calculated and compared to determine if full day kindergarten appears to have improved student achievement in reading. The groups (full and half day) were first compared to see if significant differences existed between them at the beginning of the time period of interest. In the fall of 2008, when all of these students began kindergarten, it appears that on average they were beginning at about the same level of reading proficiency as evidenced by their scores for Letter Naming Fluency and Initial Sound Fluency measured in September:

	Full day students (n=199)	Half day students (n=256)
Letter Naming Fluency - K	25.6	27.6
Initial Sound Fluency - K	18.7	18.7

Neither difference is statistically significant; we can conclude that the two were starting at about the same level of proficiency.

We next compared the scores of the two groups at the beginning of first grade and again at the beginning of second grade.

	Full day students	Half day students
Letter Naming Fluency - 1	51.1	49.3
Nonsense Word Fluency - 1	43.4	44.8
Nonsense Word Fluency $-2$	86.0	80.6
Oral Reading Fluency - 2	76.4	77.4

Again, these results are not statistically significant.

Finally, the analysis was performed for African-American students as well as those who qualify for free or reduced lunch, with the following results. Although differences between the groups can be observed, there is also quite a bit of variation between students, with the net effect that any observed difference is not statistically significant.

African-American Students				
	Full day students	Half day students		
	(n=35)	(n=44)		
Letter Naming Fluency - K	24.7	24.7		
Initial Sound Fluency - K	15.1	18.3		
Letter Naming Fluency - 1	51.7	48.6		
Nonsense Word Fluency - 1	35.1	41.0		
Nonsense Word Fluency $-2$	71.3	75.1		
Oral Reading Fluency - 2	55.9	66.4		
Students who Quali	fy for Free or Reduc	ed Lunch		
	Full day students	Half day students		
	(n=24)	(n= 37)		
Letter Naming Fluency - K	19.1	21.6		
Initial Sound Fluency - K	14.9	16.0		
Letter Naming Fluency - 1	45.8	43.7		
Nonsense Word Fluency - 1	33.7	36.0		
Nonsense Word Fluency – 2	76.2	74.8		
Oral Reading Fluency - 2	57.0	64.2		

# **Financial Information**

Attached is a three-page analysis of all costs associated with the implementation of fullday kindergarten, commencing in the 2008-09 school year, expanded to the remaining buildings in 2009-10 and with full implementation maintained within the current 2010-11 school year.

The additional General State Aid dollars **known** for 2008-09 (received in 2009-10) and 2009-10 (received in 2010-11) and *anticipated* General State Aid for 2010-11 (received in 2011-12) is \$4,553,284 (utilizing the current \$6,119 foundation level). Total expenses

incurred in the 2008-09, 2009-10 and salary and benefit costs continuing in 2010-11 are \$3,293,027, or a net gain of \$1,260,257.

At a Community Forum for the consideration of full-day kindergarten, it was reported by then Assistant Superintendent for Finance & Operations, Don Robinson, that there is "an estimated increase in revenue of approximately \$166,000 with three schools participating and approximately \$412,000 with a full roll out in the district." If you look at the net gain of \$1,260,257 and divide it by the three years of operation, the net gain per year is \$420,086, extremely close to the estimated number of \$412,000.

Likewise if you simply look at the first year of roll-out (Beye, Irving, Longfellow and one additional school, Whittier), the actual cost was \$589,768 versus increased General State Aid of \$849,129, or a net gain of \$259,361, a higher number than the suggested \$166,000; however, there was one additional school included in the first year of implementation.

In fact, on an annual basis, if we compare the third year (2010-11), anticipated General State receipts are \$1,850,815 and actual costs are \$1,337,262 or a net gain of \$513,553. Therefore, it would be fair to suggest that annually District 97 will be clearing close to a half million dollars with the investment of full-day kindergarten on a financial basis and insuring a solid foundation to the commencement of instruction to its students on an academic basis.

# Summary

Overall, the introduction of the full day program in District 97 has met with resounding success. Teachers are pleased to have more time to work with their students, students seem comfortable in the full day setting with less rush and more time to work on academic and social skills, and parents have been pleased with the earlier introduction to full day school. First grade teachers are also noting that students are coming to school better prepared for learning right away and that skills are being met at an earlier time. While early analysis of DIBELS testing information does not show statistically significant gains in scores, it is anticipated that scores will improve as curriculum refinements are made in the program. Finally, the program has provided positive revenue since its inception.

Dr. Kevin Anderson, Assistant Supt. for Teaching and Learning

Therese O'Neill, Assistant Supt. for Finance and Operations

Harla Hutchinson, Data Analyst

# Attachment 1: Financial Reporting for Full Day Kindergarten

#### Oak Park District 97

Financial Analysis of All-Day Kindergarten FY2012 GSA impact estimated using a Flat Foundation Level

	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	Three Year Totals
REVENUES					
GSA	-	849,129	1,853,340	1,850,815	4,553,284
EXPENSES					
Beye (1.5 FTE)					
Salaries	81,469	90,366	94,884		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS	986	1,093	1,177		
Medicare	1,181	1,310	1,376		
Health	11,497	11,497	12,187		
Dental	225	225	225		
Life	126	126	126		
Classroom	11,782	-	(m)		
	107,266	104,618	109,975		
Irving (2.5)					
Salaries	120,520	128,437	134,859		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS	1,458	1,554	1,672		
Medicare	1,748	1,862	1,955		
Health	7,251	13,203	13,995		
Dental	108	323	323		
Life	178	178	178		
Classroom	33,924	-	1-1		
	165,187	145,557	152,983		
Longfellow (3.0)					
Salaries	151,087	162,997	171,147		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS	1,828	1,972	2,122		
Medicare	2,191	2,363	2,482		
Health	14,912	14,500	15,370		
Dental	880	880	880		
Life	232	232	232		
Classroom	51,642	-	-		
	222,772	182,945	192,233		
Whittier (1.0)					
Salaries	47,120	48,582	51,011		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS	570	588	633		
Medicare	683	704	740		
Health	172		97.5		
Dental	-	-	1.0		
Life	82	82	82		
Classroom	13,073	-	-		
Total					

### Oak Park District 97

Financial Analysis of All-Day Kindergarten FY2012 GSA impact estimated using a Flat Foundation Level

	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	Three Yea Totals
District-wide					
General Music					
Salaries	28,583	30,012	31,513		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS	346	363	391		
Medicare	414	435	457		
Health	3,630	3,848	4,079		
Dental	-	-	-		
Life	41	41	-		
Total	33,014	34,699	36,439		
Total Phase 1	589,768	517,775	544,094		
Hatch (1.5)					
Salaries		100,141	105,148		
Benefits		20000-00- <b>2</b> 002-030	2009-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-		
TRS/THIS		1,212	1,304		
Medicare		1,452	1,525		
Health		3,832	4,062		
Dental		-	-		
Life		178	178		
Classroom		15,090	-		
		121,904	112,216		
Holmes (2.5)					
Salaries		115,031	120,783		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS		1,392	1,498		
Medicare		1,668	1,751		
Health		11,526	12,218		
Dental		430	430		
Life		229	229		
Classroom		30,057			
		160,333	136,908		
Lincoln (3.0)					
Salaries Benefits		152,771	160,410		
TRS/THIS		1,849	1,989		
Medicare		2,215	2,326		
Health		17,856	18,927		
Dental		430	430		
Life		248	248		
Classroom		36,239			
		211,608	184,330		

#### Oak Park District 97

Financial Analysis of All-Day Kindergarten FY2012 GSA impact estimated using a Flat Foundation Level

r	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012	Three Year Totals
Mann (3.0)					4 A.
Salaries		134,249	140,961		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS		1,624	1,748		
Medicare		1,947	2,044		
Health		14,501	15,371		
Dental		645	645		
Life		226	226		
Classroom		12,130			
Total		165,322	160,995		
District-wide					
PE					
Salaries		74,117	77,822		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS		897	965		
Medicare		1,075	1,128		
Health		3,562	3,776		
Dental		337	337		
Life		150	150		
Total		80,137	84,178		
General Music					
Salaries		47,447	49,819		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS		574	618		
Medicare		688	722		
Health		7,260	7,696		
Dental		5	973		
Life		82	82		
Total		56,051	58,937		
Art					
Salaries		41,241	43,303		
Benefits					
TRS/THIS		499	537		
Medicare		598	628		
Health		10,109	10,716		
Dental		337	337		
Life		82	82		
Total		52,866	55,602		
Total Phase 2		848,221	793,168		
Total Annual Expenses	589,768	1,365,997	1,337,262		3,293,027
Net 3-Year Benefit from All-Day Program					1 260 257

Net 3-Year Benefit from All-Day Program

1,260,257