#5120.3.3 1 2 **Administration of Student Medications** 3 In the Schools 4 (formerly Administering Medication) 5 A. Definitions 6 7 Administration of medication means any one of the following activities: handling, storing, 8 preparing or pouring of medication; conveying it to the student according to the medication 9 order; observing the student inhale, apply, swallow, or self-inject the medication, when applicable; documenting that the medication was administered; and counting remaining doses 10 to verify proper administration and use of the medication. 11 12 13 Authorized prescriber means a physician, dentist, optometrist, advanced practice registered 14 nurse or physician assistant, and, for interscholastic and intramural athletic events only, a 15 podiatrist. 16 17 Before or After School Program means any child care program operated and administered by 18 a local or regional board of education exempt from licensure by the Office of Early 19 Childhood pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of Section 19a-77 of the Connecticut 20 General Statutes. Such programs do not include public or private entities licensed by the 21 Office of Early Childhood or board of education enhancement programs and extra-curricular 22 activities. 23 24 Cartridge Injector means an automatic prefilled cartridge injector or similar automatic 25 injectable equipment used to deliver epinephrine in a standard dose for emergency first aid response to allergic reactions. 26 27 28 Coach means any person holding a coaching permit who is hired by a local or regional board of education to coach for a sport season. 29 30 31 Controlled drugs means those drugs as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 21a-240. 32 33 Cumulative health record means the cumulative health record of a pupil mandated by Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 10-206. 34 35 36 <u>Director</u> means the person responsible for the day-to-day operations of any school readiness 37 program or before-and-after school program. 38 39 Eligible student means a student who has reached the age of eighteen or is an emancipated 40 minor. 41 42 Error means: 43 44 (1) the failure to do any of the following as ordered: 45 46 (a) administer a medication to a student; 47

48 #**5120.3.3(b)**

- (b) administer medication within the time designated by the prescribing physician;
- (c) administer the specific medication prescribed for a student;
- (d) administer the correct dosage of medication;
- (e) administer medication by the proper route;
- (f) administer the medication according to generally accepted standards of practice; or

(2) the administration of medication to a student which is not ordered, or which is not authorized in writing by the parent or guardian of such student, except for the administration of epinephrine or naloxone for the purpose of emergency first aid as set forth in Sections D and E below.

 <u>Guardian</u> means one who has the authority and obligations of guardianship of the person of a minor, and includes: (1) the obligation of care and control; and (2) the authority to make major decisions affecting the minor's welfare, including, but not limited to, consent determinations regarding marriage, enlistment in the armed forces and major medical, psychiatric or surgical treatment.

<u>Intramural athletic events</u> means tryouts, competition, practice, drills, and transportation to and from events that are within the bounds of a school district for the purpose of providing an opportunity for students to participate in physical activities and athletic contests that extend beyond the scope of the physical education program.

<u>Interscholastic athletic events</u> means events between or among schools for the purpose of providing an opportunity for students to participate in competitive contests that are highly organized and extend beyond the scope of intramural programs and includes tryouts, competition, practice, drills and transportation to and from such events.

<u>Investigational drug</u> means any medication with an approved investigational new drug (IND) application on file with the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), which is being scientifically tested and clinically evaluated to determine its efficacy, safety and side effects and which has not yet received FDA approval.

<u>Licensed athletic trainer</u> means a licensed athletic trainer employed by the school district pursuant to Chapter 375a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

<u>Medication</u> means any medicinal preparation, both prescription and non-prescription, including controlled drugs, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 21a-240. This definition includes Aspirin, Ibuprofen or Aspirin substitutes containing Acetaminophen.

<u>Medication Emergency</u> means a life-threatening reaction of a student to a medication.

Medication plan means a documented plan established by the school nurse in conjunction with the parent and student regarding the administration of medication in school. Such plan may be a stand-alone plan, part of an individualized health care plan, an emergency care plan or a medication administration form.

95 #5120.3.3(c) 96 97 Medication order means the authorization by an authorized prescriber for the administration 98 of medication to a student which shall include the name of the student, the name and generic 99 name of the medication, the dosage of the medication, the route of administration, the time of 100 administration, the frequency of administration, the indications for medication, any potential side effects including overdose or missed dose of the medication, the start and termination 101 dates not to exceed a 12-month period, and the written signature of the prescriber. 102 103 104 Nurse means an advanced practice registered nurse, a registered nurse or a practical nurse 105 licensed in Connecticut in accordance with Chapter 378, Conn. Gen. Stat. 106 107 Occupational Therapist means an occupational therapist employed full time by the local or 108 regional board of education and licensed in Connecticut pursuant to Chapter 376a of the 109 Connecticut General Statutes. 110 111 Optometrist means an optometrist licensed to provide optometry pursuant to Chapter 380 of 112 the Connecticut General Statutes. 113 114 Paraprofessional means a health care aide or assistant or an instructional aide or assistant 115 employed by the local or regional board of education who meets the requirements of such board of employment as a health care aide or assistant or instructional aide or assistant. 116 117 118 Physical therapist means a physical therapist employed full time by the local or regional 119 board of education and licensed in Connecticut pursuant to Chapter 376 of the Connecticut 120 General Statutes. 121 122 Physician means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine in 123 Connecticut pursuant to Chapter 370 of the Connecticut General Statutes, or licensed to practice medicine in another state. 124 125 126 Podiatrist means an individual licensed to practice podiatry in Connecticut pursuant to 127 Chapter 375 of the Connecticut General Statutes. 128 129 Principal means the administrator in the school. 130 131 Research or study medications means FDA-approved medications being administered according to an approved study protocol. A copy of the study protocol shall be provided to 132 133 the school nurse along with the name of the medication to be administered and the acceptable 134 range of dose of such medication to be administered. 135 136 School means any educational facility or program which is under the jurisdiction of the Board 137 excluding extracurricular activities. 138 139 School nurse means a nurse appointed in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 10-212. 140

Students 142 #5120.3.3(d) 143 144 School nurse supervisor means the nurse designated by the local or regional board of 145 education as the supervisor or, if no designation has been made by the board, the lead or 146 coordinating nurse assigned by the board. 147 148 School readiness program means a program that receives funds from the State Department of 149 Education for a school readiness program pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 10-16p of the 150 Connecticut General Statutes and exempt from licensure by the Office of Early Childhood 151 pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of Section 19a-77 of the Connecticut General 152 Statutes. 153 154 Self-administration of medication means the control of the medication by the student at all 155 times and is self-managed by the student according to the individual medication plan. 156 157 Teacher means a person employed full time by the Board who has met the minimum 158 standards as established by the Board for performance as a teacher and has been approved by 159 the school medical advisor and school nurse to be designated to administer medications 160 pursuant to the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Sections 10-212a-1 through 10-161 212a-7. 162 163 B. General Policies on Administration of Medications 164 165 (1) Except as provided below in Section D, no medication, including non-prescription drugs, may be administered by any school personnel without: 166 167 168

- the written medication order of an authorized prescriber; (a)
- the written authorization of the student's parent or guardian or eligible student; and
- the written permission of a parent for the exchange of information between the prescriber and the school nurse necessary to ensure safe administration of such medication.
- (2) Prescribed medications shall be administered to and taken by only the person for whom the prescription has been written.
- Except as provided in Section D, medications may be administered only by a licensed nurse or, in the absence of a licensed nurse, by:
 - a full-time principal, a full-time teacher, or a full-time licensed physical or (a) occupational therapist employed by the school district. A full-time principal, teacher, licensed physical or occupational therapist employed by the school district may administer oral, topical, intranasal or inhalant medications. Such individuals may administer injectable medications only to a student with a medically diagnosed allergic condition that may require prompt treatment to protect the student against serious harm or death.

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189 #5120.3.3(e) 190 191 students with chronic medical conditions who are able to possess, self-administer, 192 or possess and self-administer medication, provided all of the following 193 conditions are met: 194 195 (i) an authorized prescriber provides a written medication order, including the 196 recommendation for possession, self-administration, or possession and self-197 administration; 198 199 there is a written authorization for possession, self-administration, or (ii) 200 possession and self-administration from the student's parent or guardian or 201 eligible student; 202 203 (iii) the school nurse has developed a plan for possession, self-administration, or possession and self-administration, and general supervision, and has 204 205 documented the plan in the student's cumulative health record; 206 207 (iv) the school nurse has assessed the student's competency for self-208 administration and deemed it safe and appropriate, including that the 209 student: is capable of identifying and selecting the appropriate medication by 210 size, color, amount or other label identification; knows the frequency and 211 time of day for which the medication is ordered; can identify the presenting symptoms that require medication; administers the medication appropriately; 212 maintains safe control of the medication at all times; seeks adult supervision 213 214 whenever warranted; and cooperates with the established medication plan; 215 216 the principal, appropriate teachers, coaches and other appropriate school (v) 217 personnel are informed the student is possessing, self-administering, or 218 possessing and self-administering prescribed medication; 219 220 (vi) such medication is transported to school and maintained under the student's 221 control in accordance with this policy; and 222 223 (vii) controlled drugs, as defined in this policy, may not be possessed or self-224 administered by students, except in extraordinary situations, such as 225 international field trips, with approval of the school nurse supervisor and the 226 school medical advisor in advance and development of an appropriate plan. 227 228 a student diagnosed with asthma who is able to self-administer medication shall 229 be permitted to retain possession of an asthmatic inhaler at all times while 230 attending school, in order to provide for prompt treatment to protect such child against serious harm or death, provided all of the following conditions are met: 231 232 233 an authorized prescriber provides a written order requiring the possession of (i) 234 an inhaler by the student at all times in order to provide for prompt treatment 235 in order to protect the child against serious harm or death and authorizing 236

237 #5120.3.3(f) 238 239 the student's self-administration of medication, and such written order is 240 provided to the school nurse; 241 242 (ii) there is a written authorization from the student's parent or guardian regarding the possession of an inhaler by the student at all times in order to 243 244 protect the child against serious harm or death and authorizing the student's 245 self-administration of medication, and such written authorization is provided 246 to the school nurse; 247 248 (iii) the conditions set forth in subsection (b) above have been met, except that 249 the school nurse's review of a student's competency to self-administer an inhaler for asthma in the school setting shall not be used to prevent a student 250 251 from retaining and self-administering an inhaler for asthma. Students may self-administer medication with only the written authorization of an 252 253 authorized prescriber and written authorization from the student's parent or 254 guardian or eligible student; and 255 256 (iv) the conditions for self-administration meet any regulations as may be 257 imposed by the State Board of Education in consultation with the 258 Commissioner of Public Health. 259 260 a student diagnosed with an allergic condition who is able to self-administer medication shall be permitted to retain possession of a cartridge injector at all 261 262 times while attending school, in order to provide for prompt treatment to protect 263 such child against serious harm or death, provided all of the following conditions 264 are met: 265 an authorized prescriber provides a written order requiring the possession of 266 (i) 267 a cartridge injector by the student at all times in order to provide for prompt 268 treatment in order to protect the child against serious harm or death and 269 authorizing the student's possession, self-administration, or possession and 270 self-administration of medication, and such written order is provided to the 271 school nurse; 272 273 there is a written authorization from the student's parent or guardian 274 regarding the possession of a cartridge injector by the student at all times in order to protect the child against serious harm or death and authorizing the 275 276 student's possession, self-administration, or possession and self-277 administration of medication, and such written authorization is provided to 278 the school nurse: 279 280 (iii) the conditions set forth in subsection (b) above have been met, except that the school nurse's review of a student's competency to self-administer 281 282 cartridge injectors for medically-diagnosed allergies in the school setting 283 shall not be used to prevent a student from retaining and self-administering a 284

285 #5120.3.3(g) 286 287 cartridge injector for medically-diagnosed allergies. Students may self-288 administer medication with only the written authorization of an authorized 289 prescriber and written authorization from the student's parent or guardian or 290 eligible student; and 291 292 (iv) the conditions for self-administration meet any regulations as may be 293 imposed by the State Board of Education in consultation with the 294 Commissioner of Public Health. 295 296 a student with a medically diagnosed life-threatening allergic condition may 297 possess, self-administer, or possess and self-administer medication, including but not limited to medication administered with a cartridge injector, to protect the 298 299 student against serious harm or death, provided the following conditions are met: 300 301 (i) the parent or guardian of the student has provided written authorization for the student to possess, self-administer, or possess and self-administer such 302 medication; and 303 304 305 a qualified medical professional has provided a written order for the (ii) 306 possession, self-administration, or possession and self-administration. 307 308 (f) a coach of intramural or interscholastic athletic events or licensed athletic trainer 309 who has been trained in the administration of medication, during intramural or 310 interscholastic athletic events, may administer inhalant medications prescribed to 311 treat respiratory conditions and/or medication administered with a cartridge 312 injector for students with medically diagnosed allergic conditions which may 313 require prompt treatment to protect the student against serious harm or death, 314 provided all of the following conditions are met: 315 316 the school nurse has determined that a self-administration plan is not viable; (i) 317 the school nurse has provided to the coach a copy of the authorized 318 (ii) 319 prescriber's order and parental permission form; 320 321 (iii) the parent/guardian has provided the coach or licensed athletic trainer with 322 the medication in accordance with Section K of this policy, and such medication is separate from the medication stored in the school health office 323 324 for use during the school day; and 325 326 (iv) the coach or licensed athletic trainer agrees to the administration of 327 emergency medication and implements the emergency care plan, identified 328 in Section H of this policy, when appropriate. 329 330 an identified school paraprofessional who has been trained in the administration 331 of medication, provided medication is administered only to a specific student in 332

333 #5120.3.3(h) 334 335 order to protect that student from harm or death due to a medically diagnosed 336 allergic condition, except as provided in Section D below, and the following additional conditions are met: 337 338 339 there is written authorization from the student's parents/guardian to 340 administer the medication in school: 341 342 medication is administered pursuant to the written order of (A) a physician 343 licensed under chapter 370 of the Connecticut General Statutes, (B) an 344 optometrist licensed to practice optometry under chapter 380 of the Connecticut General Statutes, (C) an advanced practice registered nurse 345 licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a of the Connecticut 346 347 General Statutes, or (D) a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d of the Connecticut General Statutes: 348 349 350 (iii) medication is administered only with approval by the school nurse and school medical advisor, if any, in conjunction with the school nurse 351 352 supervisor and under the supervision of the school nurse; 353 354 (iv) the medication to be administered is limited to medications necessary for 355 prompt treatment of an allergic reaction, including, but not limited to, a cartridge injector; and 356 357 358 the paraprofessional shall have received proper training and supervision from the school nurse in accordance with this policy and state regulations. 359 360 361 a principal, teacher, licensed athletic trainer, licensed physical or occupational therapist employed by the Board, coach or school paraprofessional, provided 362 363 medication is antiepileptic medication, including by rectal syringe, administered 364 only to a specific student with a medically diagnosed epileptic condition that 365 requires prompt treatment in accordance with the student's individual seizure action plan, and the following additional conditions are met: 366 367 368 there is written authorization from the student's parents/guardians to (i) 369 administer the medication; 370 371 a written order for such administration has been received from the student's 372 physician licensed under Chapter 370 of the Connecticut General Statutes; 373 374 (iii) the principal, teacher, licensed athletic trainer, licensed physical or occupational therapist employed by the Board, coach or school 375 paraprofessional is selected by the school nurse and school medical advisor, 376 377 if any, and voluntarily agrees to administer the medication; 378

379 #5120.3.3(i) 380 (iv) the principal, teacher, licensed athletic trainer, licensed physical or 381 382 occupational therapist employed by the Board, coach or school paraprofessional annually completes the training program established by the 383 384 Connecticut State Department of Education and the Association of School Nurses of Connecticut, and the school nurse and medical advisor, if any, 385 have attested, in writing, that such training has been completed; and 386 387 388 (v) the principal, teacher, licensed athletic trainer, licensed physical or 389 occupational therapist employed by the Board, coach or school 390 paraprofessional receives monthly reviews by the school nurse to confirm 391 competency to administer antiepileptic medication. 392 393 a director of a school readiness program or a before or after school program, or the (i) 394 director's designee, provided that the medication is administered: 395 396 (i) only to a child enrolled in such program; and 397 398 (ii) in accordance with Section L of this policy. 399 400 a licensed practical nurse, after the school nurse has established the medication (i) 401 plan, provided that the licensed practical nurse may not train or delegate the 402 administration of medication to another individual, and provided that the licensed 403 practical nurse can demonstrate one of the following: 404 405 training in administration of medications as part of their basic nursing (i) 406 program; 407 408 successful completion of a pharmacology course and subsequent supervised (ii) 409 experience; or 410 411 (iii) supervised experience in the administration of medication while employed in a health care facility. 412 413 414 Medications may also be administered by a parent or guardian to his/her own 415 child on school grounds. 416 417 Investigational drugs or research or study medications may be administered only by a licensed nurse. For FDA-approved medications being administered 418 419 according to a study protocol, a copy of the study protocol shall be provided to the school nurse along with the name of the medication to be administered and the 420 421 acceptable range of dose of such medication to be administered. 422 423

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C. Diabetic Students

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(1) The Madison Board of Education (the "Board") permits blood glucose testing by students who have a written order from a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse stating the need and capability of such student to conduct self-testing, or the use of continuous blood glucose monitors (CGM) by children diagnosed with Type 1 diabetes, who have a written order from a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse.

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The Board will not restrict the time or location of blood glucose testing by a student with diabetes on school grounds who has written authorization from a parent or guardian and a written order from a physician or an advanced practice registered nurse stating that such child is capable of conducting self-testing on school grounds.

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The Board will not require a student using a continuous glucose monitor approved by the Food and Drug Administration for use without finger stick verification to undergo finger stick verification of blood glucose readings from a continuous glucose monitor on a routine basis. Finger stick testing of a child using a continuous glucose monitor so approved by the Food and Drug Administration shall only be conducted: (1) as ordered by the student's physician or advanced practice provider; (2) if it appears that the continuous glucose monitor is malfunctioning; or (3) in an urgent medical situation.

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(4) The Board shall purchase or use existing equipment owned by the Board to monitor blood glucose alerts transmitted from continuous glucose monitors of students with Type 1 diabetes to dedicated receivers, smartphone/tablet applications, or other appropriate technology on such equipment.

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In the absence or unavailability of the school nurse, select school employees may (3)(5)administer medication with injectable equipment used to administer glucagon to a student with diabetes that may require prompt treatment in order to protect the student against serious harm or death, under the following conditions:

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(a) The student's parent or guardian has provided written authorization;

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A written order for such administration has been received from the student's physician licensed under Chapter 370 of the Connecticut General Statutes;

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The school employee is selected by either the school nurse or principal and is a principal, teacher, licensed athletic trainer, licensed physical or occupational therapist employed by a school district, coach or school paraprofessional;

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(d) The school nurse shall provide general supervision to the selected school employee;

469 (e) The selected school employee annually completes any training required by the 470 school nurse and school medical advisor in the administration of medication with 471 injectable equipment used to administer glucagon; 472 473 (f) The school nurse and school medical advisor have attested in writing that the 474 selected school employee completed the required training; and 475 476 The selected school employee voluntarily agrees to serve as one who may (g) 477 administer medication with injectable equipment used to administer glucagon to a 478 student with diabetes that may require prompt treatment in order to protect the 479 student against serious harm or death. 480 481 D. Epinephrine for Purposes of Emergency First Aid Without Prior Authorization 482 483 For purposes of this Section D, "regular school hours" means the posted hours during 484 which students are required to be in attendance at the individual school on any given 485 day. 486 487 The school nurse shall maintain epinephrine in cartridge injectors for the purpose of emergency first aid to students who experience allergic reactions and do not have prior 488 489 written authorization of a parent or guardian or a prior written order of a qualified 490 medical professional for the administration of epinephrine. 491 492 The school nurse, in consultation with the school nurse supervisor, shall 493 determine the supply of epinephrine in cartridge injectors that shall be available in 494 the individual school. 495 496 In determining the appropriate supply of epinephrine in cartridge injectors, the 497 nurse may consider, among other things, the number of students regularly in the 498 school building during the regular school day and the size of the physical building. 499 500 The school nurse or school principal shall select principal(s), teacher(s), licensed 501 athletic trainer(s), licensed physical or occupational therapist(s) employed by the Board, 502 coach(es) and/or school paraprofessional(s) to maintain and administer the epinephrine 503 in cartridge injectors for the purpose of emergency first aid as described in Paragraph 504 (2) above, in the absence of the school nurse. 505 506 More than one individual must be selected by the school nurse or school principal 507 for such maintenance and administration in the absence of the school nurse. 508 509 The selected personnel, before conducting such administration, must annually complete the training made available by the Department of Education for the 510 511 administration of epinephrine in cartridge injectors for the purpose of emergency 512 first aid. 513

514 515 516			The selected personnel must voluntarily agree to complete the training and administer epinephrine in cartridge injectors for the purpose of emergency first aid.
517 518 519 520	(4)	and to	the school nurse or, in the absence of the school nurse, at least one of the selected rained personnel as described in Paragraph (3) above shall be on the grounds of school during regular school hours.
521 522 523 524 525 526			The school principal, in consultation with the school nurse supervisor, shall determine the level of nursing services and number of selected and trained personnel necessary to ensure that a nurse or selected and trained personnel is present on the grounds of each school during regular school hours.
527 528 529 530 531			If the school nurse, or a substitute school nurse, is absent or must leave school grounds during regular school hours, the school nurse, school administrator or designee shall send an email to all staff indicating that the selected and trained personnel identified in Paragraph (3) above shall be responsible for the emergency administration of epinephrine.
533 534 535 536 537 538	(5)	with t	dministration of epinephrine pursuant to this section must be done in accordance this policy, including but not limited to the requirements for documentation and I keeping, errors in medication, emergency medical procedures, and the handling, go and disposal of medication, and the Regulations adopted by the Department of ation.
539 540 541	(6)	schoo	arent or guardian of any student may submit, in writing, to the school nurse or al medical advisor, if any, that epinephrine shall not be administered to such at pursuant to this section.
542 543 544			The school nurse shall notify selected and trained personnel of the students whose parents or guardians have refused emergency administration of epinephrine.
545 546 547			The Board shall annually notify parents or guardians of the need to provide such written notice.
548 549 550	(7)		wing the emergency administration of epinephrine by selected and trained nnel as identified in this section:
551 552		(a)	Such emergency administration shall be reported immediately to:
553 554 555			(i) The school nurse or school medical advisor, if any, by the personnel who administered the epinephrine; and
556 557 558 559			(ii) The student's parent or guardian, by the school nurse or personnel who administered the epinephrine.
560		(b)	A medication administration record shall be:

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- (i) Submitted to the school nurse by the personnel who administered the epinephrine as soon as possible, but no later than the next school day; and
- (ii) filed in or summarized on the student's cumulative health record, in accordance with Section E of this policy.

E. Naloxone for Purposes of Emergency First Aid

- (1) Pursuant to a standing order of the Board's medical advisor and authorization from the Superintendent of Schools, and in accordance with Connecticut law and this policy, a school nurse may maintain naloxone, for the purpose of administering emergency first aid to students who experience a known or suspected opioid overdose.
 - (a) The school nurse, in consultation with the Board's medical advisor, shall determine the supply of naloxone that shall be maintained in the individual school.

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- (b) The school nurse shall be responsible for the safe storage of naloxone maintained in a school and shall ensure any supply of naloxone maintained is stored in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- (c) The school nurse shall be responsible for maintaining an inventory of naloxone maintained in the school, tracking the date(s) of expiration of the supply of naloxone maintained in a school, and, as appropriate, refreshing the supply of naloxone maintained in the school.
- (2) The school nurse, in consultation with the Superintendent and the building principal, shall provide notice to parents and guardians of the Board's policies and procedures regarding the emergency administration of naloxone in the event of a known or suspected opioid overdose.
- (3) A school nurse shall be approved to administer naloxone for the purpose of emergency first aid, as described in Paragraph (1) above, in the event of a known or suspected opioid overdose, provided that such nurse has completed appropriate training, as identified by the Board's medical advisor, which shall include training in the identification of opioid abuse and overdose.
- (4) The administration of naloxone pursuant to this section must be effected in accordance with this policy and procedures regarding the acquisition, maintenance, and administration established by the Superintendent in consultation with the Board's medical advisor.
- (5) Following the emergency administration of naloxone by a school nurse:
 - (a) Such emergency administration shall be reported immediately to:

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609	(i) The Board medical advisor; and
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611	(ii) The Superintendent; and
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613	(iii) The student's parent or guardian.
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615	(b) A medication administration record shall be:
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617	(i) Maintained by the school nurse who administered the naloxone as soon as
618	possible, but no later than the next school day; and
619 620	(ii) filed in or summarized on the student's cumulative health record, in accordance
621	with Section F of this policy.
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624 <u>E.</u>	Opioid Antagonists for Purposes of Emergency First Aid Without Prior Authorization
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626	(1) For purposes of this Section E, "regular school hours" means the posted hours
627	during which students are required to be in attendance at the individual school on
628	any given day. "Regular school hours" does not include after-school events such
629	as athletics or extracurricular activities that take place outside the posted hours.
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631	(2) For purposes of this section, an "opioid antagonist" means naloxone
632	hydrochloride (e.g., Narcan) or any other similarly acting and equally safe drug
633	that the FDA has approved for the treatment of a drug overdose.
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635	(3) In accordance with Connecticut law and this policy, a school nurse may maintain
636	opioid antagonists for the purpose of administering emergency first aid to students
637	who experience a known or suspected opioid overdose and do not have a prior
638	written authorization of a parent or guardian or a prior written order of a qualified
639	medical professional for the administration of such opioid antagonist.
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641	(a) The school nurse, in consultation with the Board's medical advisor, shall
642	determine the supply of opioid antagonists that shall be maintained in the
643	individual school.
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645	(b) In determining the appropriate supply of opioid antagonists, the nurse may
646	consider, among other things, the number of students regularly in the
647	school building during the regular school day and the size of the physical
648	<u>building.</u>
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650 651	(c) The school nurse shall be responsible for the safe storage of opioid
651 652	antagonists maintained in a school and shall ensure any supply of opioid
652 653	antagonists maintained is stored in a secure manner, in accordance with
653 654	the manufacturer's instructions, and in a location where it can be obtained
654	in a timely manner if administration is necessary.

- (d) The school nurse shall be responsible for maintaining an inventory of opioid antagonists maintained in the school, tracking the date(s) of expiration of the supply of opioid antagonists maintained in a school, and, as appropriate, refreshing the supply of opioid antagonists maintained in the school.
- (4) The school nurse, in consultation with the Superintendent and the building principal, shall provide notice to parents and guardians of the Board's policies and procedures regarding the emergency administration of opioid antagonists in the event of a known or suspected opioid overdose.
- of emergency first aid, as described in Paragraph (3) above, in the event of a known or suspected opioid overdose, in accordance with this policy and provided that such nurse has completed a training program in the distribution and administration of an opioid antagonist (1) developed by the State Department of Education, Department of Consumer Protection, and Department of Public Health, or (2) under a local agreement, entered into by the Board on July 1, 2022 or thereafter, with a prescriber or pharmacist for the administration of opioid antagonists for the purpose of emergency first aid, which training shall also address the Board's opioid antagonist storage, handling, labeling, recalls, and record keeping.
- (6) The school nurse or school principal shall select principal(s), teacher(s), licensed athletic trainer(s), coach(es), school paraprofessional(s), and/or licensed physical or occupational therapist(s) employed by the Board to maintain and administer the opioid antagonists for the purpose of emergency first aid as described in Paragraph (3) above, in the absence of the school nurse.
 - (a) More than one individual must be selected by the school nurse or school principal for such maintenance and administration in the absence of the school nurse.
 - (b) The selected personnel, before administering an opioid antagonist pursuant to this section, must complete a training program in the distribution and administration of an opioid antagonist (1) developed by the State

 Department of Education, Department of Consumer Protection, and

 Department of Public Health, or (2) under a local agreement, entered into by the Board on July 1, 2022 or thereafter, with a prescriber or pharmacist for the administration of opioid antagonists for the purpose of emergency first aid, which training shall also address the Board's opioid antagonist storage, handling, labeling, recalls, and record keeping.
 - (c) All school personnel shall be notified of the identity of qualified school employees authorized to administer an opioid antagonist in the absence of the school nurse.

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- (7) Either the school nurse or, in the absence of the school nurse, at least one of the selected and trained personnel as described in Paragraph (6) above, shall be on the grounds of each school during regular school hours.
 - (a) The school principal, in consultation with the school nurse supervisor, shall determine the level of nursing services and number of selected and trained personnel necessary to ensure that a nurse or selected and trained personnel is present on the grounds of each school during regular school hours.
 - (b) If the school nurse, or a substitute school nurse, is absent or must leave school grounds during regular school hours, the school nurse, school administrator or designee shall use an effective and reasonable means of communication to notify one or more qualified school employees and other staff in the school that the selected and trained personnel identified in Paragraph (6) above shall be responsible for the emergency administration of opioid antagonists.
 - (c) If a Board employee becomes aware of a student experiencing a known or suspected opioid overdose on school grounds but outside of regular school hours and opioid antagonists and/or the school nurse or other qualified school employee is not available to administer opioid antagonists for the purpose of emergency first aid, the Board employee will call 9-1-1.
- (8) The administration of opioid antagonists pursuant to this policy must be effected in accordance with this policy and procedures regarding the acquisition, maintenance, and administration established by the Superintendent in consultation with the Board's medical advisor.
- (9) The parent or guardian of any student may submit, in writing, to the school nurse or school medical advisor, if any, that opioid antagonists shall not be administered to such student pursuant to this section.
 - (a) The school nurse shall notify selected and trained personnel of the students whose parents or guardians have refused emergency administration of opioid antagonists.
 - (b) The Board shall annually notify parents or guardians of the need to provide such written notice of refusal.
- (10) Following the emergency administration of an opioid antagonist by a school nurse or selected and trained personnel as identified in this section:
 - (a) Immediately following the emergency administration of an opioid antagonist by a school nurse or selected and trained personnel as identified in this section, the person administering the opioid antagonist must call 911.
 - (ab) Such emergency administration shall be reported immediately to:

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750			(i)	The school nurse or school medical advisor, if any, by the
751				personnel who administered the opioid antagonist;
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753			(ii)	The Superintendent of Schools; and
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755			(iii)	The student's parent or guardian.
756		(bc)		dication administration record shall be:
757		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		
758			<i>(i)</i>	Created by the school nurse or submitted to the school nurse by the
759			***	personnel who administered the opioid antagonist, as soon as
760				possible, but no later than the next school day; and
761				***************************************
762			(ii)	filed in or summarized on the student's cumulative health record,
763			1,,/	in accordance with Section F of this policy.
764				
765	(11) In the	event tl	hat any provisions of this Section E conflict with regulations adopted
766	_			ut State Department of Education concerning the use, storage and
767				opioid antagonists in schools, the Department's regulations shall
768		control.]		
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771	F. Doc	umentation a	nd Reco	ord Keeping
772				
773	(1)	Each schoo	l or be	fore-and-after school program and school readiness program where
774	. ,	medications	are ac	lministered shall maintain an individual medication administration
775		record for e	ach stu	dent who receives medication during school or program hours. This
776				e the following information:
777				
778		(a) the na	me of th	he student;
779		(b) the stu	ident's	state-assigned student identifier (SASID);
780		(c) the na	me of th	he medication;
781			sage of	the medication;
782		` /	_	ne administration, (e.g., oral, topical, inhalant, etc.);
783				of administration;
784		* *	-	he authorized prescriber;
785		,		initiating and terminating the administration of medication, including
786		extended-ye		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
787		•		eceived at school and verification by the adult delivering the
788		medication	of the q	uantity received;
789				nedication is to be reordered (if any);
790				llergies to food and/or medication(s);
791				ime of each administration or omission, including the reason for any
792		omissi		
793		(m) the do	se or ar	nount of each medication administered;
794		` /		n or electronic legal signature of the nurse or other authorized school
795		* *		ninistering the medication; and

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- (o) for controlled medications, a medication count which should be conducted and documented at least once a week and co-signed by the assigned nurse and a witness.
- (2) All records are either to be made in ink and shall not be altered, or recorded electronically in a record that cannot be altered.
- (3) Written orders of authorized prescribers, written authorizations of parent or guardian, the written parental permission for the exchange of information by the prescriber and school nurse to ensure safe administration of such medication, and the completed medication administration record for each student shall be filed in the student's cumulative health record or, for before-and-after school programs and school readiness programs, in the child's program record.
- (4) Authorized prescribers may make verbal orders, including telephone orders, for a change in medication order. Such verbal orders may be received only by a school nurse and must be followed by a written order, which may be faxed, and must be received within three (3) school days.
- (5) Medication administration records will be made available to the Department of Education for review until destroyed pursuant to Section 11-8a and Section 10-212a(b) of the Connecticut General Statutes.
 - (a) The completed medication administration record for non-controlled medications may, at the discretion of the school district, be destroyed in accordance with Section M8 of the Connecticut Record Retention Schedules for Municipalities, so long as it is superseded by a summary on the student health record.
 - (b) The completed medication administration record for controlled medications shall be maintained in the same manner as the non-controlled medications. In addition, a separate medication administration record needs to be maintained in the school for three (3) years pursuant to Section 10-212a(b) of the Connecticut General Statutes.
- (6) Documentation of any administration of medication by a coach or licensed athletic trainer shall be completed on forms provided by the school and the following procedures shall be followed:
 - (a) a medication administration record for each student shall be maintained in the athletic offices:
 - (b) administration of a cartridge injector medication shall be reported to the school nurse at the earliest possible time, but no later than the next school day;
 - (c) all instances of medication administration, except for the administration of cartridge injector medication, shall be reported to the school nurse at least monthly, or as frequently as required by the individual student plan; and

343 344			(d)	the administration of medication record must be submitted to the school nurse at the end of each sport season and filed in the student's cumulative health record.				
345 346	G.	Erro	rs in]	Medication Administration				
347								
348		(1)	Whe	enever any error in medication administration occurs, the following procedures shall				
349		()		apply:				
350			11					
351			(a)	the person making the error in medication administration shall immediately				
352			()	implement the medication emergency procedures in this Policy if necessary;				
353								
354			(b)	the person making the error in medication administration shall in all cases				
355			()	immediately notify the school nurse, principal, school nurse supervisor, and				
356				authorized prescriber. The person making the error, in conjunction with the				
357				principal, shall also immediately notify the parent or guardian, advising of the				
358				nature of the error and all steps taken or being taken to rectify the error, including				
359				contact with the authorized prescriber and/or any other medical action(s); and				
360				contact with the authorized presented and of any other medical action(s), and				
361			(c)	the principal shall notify the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee.				
362			(0)	the principal shall notify the superintendent of the superintendent's designee.				
363		(2)	The	school nurse, along with the person making the error, shall complete a report using				
364		(2)		authorized medication error report form. The report shall include any corrective				
365				action taken.				
366			activ	on taken.				
367		(3)	Anv	error in the administration of medication shall be documented in the student's				
368		(3)	cumulative health record or, for before-and-after school programs and school readi					
369				grams, in the child's program record.				
370			ProE	rums, in the emia s program record.				
371		(4)	The	se same procedures shall apply to coaches and licensed athletic trainers during				
372		(')		amural and interscholastic events, except that if the school nurse is not available, a				
373				ort must be submitted by the coach or licensed athletic trainer to the school nurse the				
374			-	school day.				
375			псл	school day.				
376	Н	Med	licatio	on Emergency Procedures				
377	11.	IVICO	ircatic	in Emergency Procedures				
378		(1)	Wh	enever a student has a life-threatening reaction to administration of a medication,				
379		(1)		lution of the reaction to protect the student's health and safety shall be the foremost				
880				rity. The school nurse and the authorized prescriber shall be notified immediately,				
881			-	s soon as possible in light of any emergency medical care that must be given to the				
382			stud					
383			Stud	CIII.				
884		(2)	Emo	arganay madical care to reguly a madication amarganay includes but is not limited				
		(2)	Emergency medical care to resolve a medication emergency includes but is not limit					
385 286			io in	ne following, as appropriate under the circumstances:				
886			(2)	use of the 011 amergency regrees existent				
887			(a)	use of the 911 emergency response system;				
888			(b)	application by properly trained and/or certified personnel of appropriate				
889				emergency medical care techniques, such as cardio-pulmonary resuscitation;				

890 (c) administration of emergency medication in accordance with this policy; 891 contact with a poison control center; and (d) 892 transporting the student to the nearest available emergency medical care facility (e) 893 that is capable of responding to a medication emergency. 894 895 As soon as possible, in light of the circumstances, the principal shall be notified of the 896 medication emergency. The principal shall immediately thereafter contact the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee, who shall thereafter notify the parent 897 898 or guardian, advising of the existence and nature of the medication emergency and all 899 steps taken or being taken to resolve the emergency and protect the health and safety of 900 the student, including contact with the authorized prescriber and/or any other medical 901 action(s) that are being or have been taken. 902 903 I. Supervision 904 905 The school nurse is responsible for general supervision of administration of medications 906 in the school(s) to which that nurse is assigned. 907 908 The school nurse's duty of general supervision includes, but is not limited to, the 909 following: 910 911 (a) availability on a regularly scheduled basis to: 912 913 (i) review orders or changes in orders and communicate these to personnel 914 designated to give medication for appropriate follow-up; 915 916 (ii) set up a plan and schedule to ensure medications are given properly; 917 918 (iii) provide training to licensed nursing personnel, full-time principals, full-time 919 teachers, full-time licensed physical or occupational therapists employed by 920 the school district, coaches of intramural and interscholastic athletics, 921 licensed athletic trainers and identified paraprofessionals designated in accordance with Section B(3)(g), above, which training shall pertain to the 922 administration of medications to students, and assess the competency of 923 924 these individuals to administer medication; 925 926 (iv) support and assist other licensed nursing personnel, full-time principals, full-927 time teachers, full-time licensed physical or occupational therapists 928 employed by the school district, coaches of intramural and/or interscholastic 929 athletics, licensed athletic trainers and identified paraprofessionals 930 designated in accordance with Section B(3)(g), above, to prepare for and 931 implement their responsibilities related to the administration of specific 932 medications during school hours and during intramural and interscholastic 933 athletics as provided by this policy; 934 935 provide appropriate follow-up to ensure the administration of medication (v) 936 plan results in desired student outcomes, including providing proper

937 notification to appropriate employees or contractors regarding the contents 938 of such medical plans; and 939 (vi) provide consultation by telephone or other means of telecommunications, 940 941 which consultation may be provided by an authorized prescriber or other 942 nurse in the absence of the school nurse. 943 944 In addition, the school nurse shall be responsible for: 945 946 implementing policies and procedures regarding the receipt, storage, and (i) 947 administration of medications: 948 949 reviewing, on a periodic basis, all documentation pertaining to the 950 administration of medications for students; 951 952 (iii) performing observations of the competency of medication administration by 953 full-time principals, full-time teachers, full-time licensed physical or occupational therapists employed by the school district, coaches of 954 955 intramural and/or interscholastic athletics and licensed athletic trainers in 956 accordance with Section B(3)(f), above, and identified paraprofessionals 957 designated in accordance with Section B(3)(g), above, who have been newly 958 trained to administer medications; and, 959 960 (iv) conducting periodic reviews, as needed, with licensed nursing personnel, 961 full-time principals, full-time teachers, full-time licensed physical or 962 occupational therapists employed by the school district, coaches of 963 intramural and/or interscholastic athletics and licensed athletic trainers in 964 accordance with Section B(3)(f), above, and identified paraprofessionals 965 designated in accordance with Section B(3)(g), above, regarding the needs 966 of any student receiving medication. 967 968 J. Training of School Personnel 969 970 (1) Full-time principals, full-time teachers, full-time licensed physical or occupational 971 therapists employed by the school district, coaches of intramural and/or interscholastic 972 athletics and licensed athletic trainers in accordance with Section B(3)(f), above, and 973 identified paraprofessionals designated in accordance with Section B(3)(g), above, who 974 are designated to administer medications shall at least annually receive training in their 975 safe administration, and only trained full-time principals, full-time teachers, full-time 976 licensed physical or occupational therapists employed by the school district, coaches of 977 intramural and/or interscholastic athletics and licensed athletic trainers in accordance 978 with Section B(3)(f), above, and identified paraprofessionals designated in accordance 979 with Section B(3)(g), above, shall be allowed to administer medications. 980 981 Training for full-time principals, full-time teachers, full-time licensed physical or 982 occupational therapists employed by the school district, coaches of intramural and/or

interscholastic athletics and licensed athletic trainers in accordance with Section

984		B(3)(f), above, and identified paraprofessionals designated in accordance with Section
985		B(3)(g), above, shall include, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:
986		(a) the compact uniquinter of sefectanticipation of modification.
987		(a) the general principles of safe administration of medication;
988 989		(h) the manadymas for administration of madientions including the sofe handling and
989 990		(b) the procedures for administration of medications, including the safe handling and
990 991		storage of medications, and the required record-keeping; and
991		(c) specific information related to each student's medication plan, including the name
992		(c) specific information related to each student's medication plan, including the name and generic name of the medication, indications for medication dosage, routes,
993 994		and generic name of the medication, indications for medication dosage, routes,
995		time and frequency of administration, therapeutic effects of the medication
996		potential side effects, overdose or missed doses of the medication, and when to
997		implement emergency interventions.
998		implement emergency interventions.
999	(3)	The principal(s), teacher(s), licensed athletic trainer(s), licensed physical or
1000	(3)	occupational therapist(s) employed by the Board, coach(es) and/or school
1001		paraprofessional(s) who administer epinephrine as emergency first aid, pursuant to
1001		Section D above, shall annually complete the training program developed by the
1002		Departments of Education and Public Health and training in cardiopulmonary
1003		resuscitation and first aid.
1005		resuscitation and first aid.
1006	(4)	The principal(s), teacher(s), licensed athletic trainer(s), licensed physical or
1007	(1)	occupational therapist(s), coach(es) and/or school paraprofessional(s) who administer
1008		opioid antagonists as emergency first aid, pursuant to Section E above, shall annually
1009		complete a training program in the distribution and administration of an opioid
1010		antagonist (1) developed by the State Department of Education, Department of
1011		Consumer Protection, and Department of Public Health, or (2) under a local agreement,
1012		entered into by the Board on July 1, 2022 or thereafter, with a prescriber or pharmacist
1013		for the administration of opioid antagonists for the purpose of emergency first aid,
1014		which training shall also address the Board's opioid antagonist storage, handling,
1015		labeling, recalls, and record keeping.
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1017	(4) (5	The Board shall maintain documentation of medication administration training as
1018	() ==	follows:
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1020		(a) dates of general and student-specific trainings;
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1022		(b) content of the trainings;
1023		
1024		(c) individuals who have successfully completed general and student-specific
1025		administration of medication training for the current school year; and
1026		
1027		(d) names and credentials of the nurse or school medical advisor, if any, trainer or
1028		trainers.
1029		

1030 (5)(6)Licensed practical nurses may not conduct training in the administration of 1031 medication to another individual. 1032 1033 (6)(7) **Bus Drivers** 1034 1035 (a) Not later than June 30, 2019, the Board shall provide training to all of its school bus 1036 drivers, which training may be completed using an online module, on topics including, but not limited to, the following: 1037 1038 1039 the identification of the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis; (i) 1040 1041 the administration of epinephrine by a cartridge injector; 1042 1043 (iii) the notification of emergency personnel; and 1044 1045 (iv) the reporting of an incident involving a student and a life-threatening allergic 1046 reaction. 1047 1048 On and after July 1, 2019, the Board shall provide the training described in subsections J(6)(a), above as follows: 1049 1050 1051 In the case of a school bus driver who is employed by the Board, such training (i) 1052 shall be provided to such school bus driver following the issuance or renewal 1053 of a public passenger endorsement to operate a school bus pursuant to Conn. 1054 Gen. Stat. 14-44(a), to such school bus driver; and 1055 1056 In the case of a school bus driver who is not employed by the Board at the 1057 time when such endorsement is issued or renewed to such school bus driver, 1058 upon the hiring of such school bus driver by the Board, except the Board is not required to provide such training to any school bus driver who has previously 1059 1060 received such training following the most recent issuance or renewal of such 1061 endorsement to such school bus driver.] 1062 1063 In the event that the Board employs school bus drivers, the Board will 1064 comply with all documentation and record-keeping requirements required 1065 by law.1 1066 1067 K. Handling, Storage and Disposal of Medications 1068 1069 All medications, except those approved for transporting by students for self-medication, 1070 those administered by coaches of intramural or interscholastic athletics or licensed athletic trainers in accordance with Section B(3)(f) above, and epinephrine or naloxone 1071 1072

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athletic trainers in accordance with Section B(3)(1) above, and epinephrine or naloxone to be used for emergency first aid in accordance with Sections D and E above, must be delivered by the parent, guardian, or other responsible adult to the nurse assigned to the student's school or, in the absence of such nurse, the school principal who has been trained in the appropriate administration of medication. Medications administered by coaches of intramural or interscholastic athletics or licensed athletic trainers must be

delivered by the parent or guardian directly to the coach or licensed athletic trainer in accordance with Section B(3)(f) above.

- (2) The nurse shall examine on-site any new medication, medication order and the required authorization to administer form, and, except for epinephrine and naloxone to be used as emergency first aid in accordance with Sections D and E above, shall develop a medication administration plan for the student before any medication is given to the student by any school personnel. No medication shall be stored at a school without a current written order from an authorized prescriber.
- (3) The school nurse shall review all medication refills with the medication order and parent authorization prior to the administration of medication, except for epinephrine and naloxone intended for emergency first aid in accordance with Sections D and E above.
- (4) Emergency Medications

- (a) Except as otherwise determined by a student's emergency care plan, emergency medications shall be stored in an unlocked, clearly labeled and readily accessible cabinet or container in the health room during school hours under the general supervision of the school nurse or, in the absence of the school nurse, the principal or the principal's designee who has been trained in the administration of medication.
- (b) Emergency medication shall be locked beyond the regular school day or program hours, except as otherwise determined by a student's emergency care plan.
- (5) All medications, except those approved for keeping by students for self-medication, shall be kept in a designated and locked location used exclusively for the storage of medication. Controlled substances shall be stored separately from other drugs and substances in a separate, secure, substantially constructed, locked metal or wood cabinet.
- (6) Access to stored medications shall be limited to persons authorized to administer medications. Each school or before-and-after school program and school readiness program shall maintain a current list of such authorized persons.
- (7) All medications, prescription and non-prescription, shall be delivered and stored in their original containers and in such a manner that renders them safe and effective.
- (8) At least two sets of keys for the medication containers or cabinets shall be maintained for each school building or before-and-after school program and school readiness program. One set of keys shall be maintained under the direct control of the school nurse or nurses and an additional set shall be under the direct control of the principal and, if necessary, the program director or lead teacher who has been trained in the general principles of the administration of medication shall also have a set of keys.

1124	(9)	Medications that must be refrigerated shall be stored in a refrigerator at no less than 36
1125		degrees Fahrenheit and no more than 46 degrees Fahrenheit. The refrigerator must be
1126		located in the health office that is maintained for health services with limited access.
1127		Non-controlled medications may be stored directly on the refrigerator shelf with no
1128		further protection needed. Controlled medication shall be stored in a locked box that is
1129		affixed to the refrigerator shelf.
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1131	(10)	All unused, discontinued or obsolete medications shall be removed from storage areas
1132		and either returned to the parent or guardian or, if the medication cannot be returned to
1133		the parent or guardian, the medication shall be destroyed in collaboration with the
1134		school nurse:
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1136		(a) non-controlled drugs shall be destroyed in the presence of at least one witness;
1137		
1138		(b) controlled drugs shall be destroyed in pursuant to Section 21a-262-3 of the
1139		Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies; and
1140		
1141		(c) accidental destruction or loss of controlled drugs must be verified in the presence
1142		of a second person, including confirmation of the presence or absence of residue,
1143		and jointly documented on the student medication administration record and on a
1144		medication error form pursuant to Section 10-212a(b) of the Connecticut General
1145		Statutes. If no residue is present, notification must be made to the Department of
1146		Consumer Protection pursuant to Section 21a-262-3 of the Regulations of
1147		Connecticut State Agencies.
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1149	(11)	Medications to be administered by coaches of intramural or interscholastic athletic
1150	()	events or licensed athletic trainers shall be stored:
1151		
1152		(a) in containers for the exclusive use of holding medications;
1153		
1154		(b) in locations that preserve the integrity of the medication;
1155		(c)
1156		(c) under the general supervision of the coach or licensed athletic trainer trained in
1157		the administration of medication; and
1158		
1159		(d) in a locked secured cabinet when not under the general supervision of the coach or
1160		licensed athletic trainer during intramural or interscholastic athletic events.
1161		
1162	(12)	In no event shall a school store more than a three (3) month supply of a medication for a
1163	(12)	student.
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L. School Readiness Programs and Before-and-After School Programs

As determined by the school medical advisor, if any, and school nurse supervisor, the

following procedures shall apply to the administration of medication during school

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readiness programs and before-and-after school programs run by the Board, which are exempt from licensure by the Office of Early Childhood:

Madison Public Schools

- (a) Administration of medication at these programs shall be provided only when it is medically necessary for participants to access the program and maintain their health status while attending the program.
- (b) Except as provided by Sections D and E above, no medication shall be administered in these programs without:
 - (i) the written order of an authorized prescriber; and
 - (ii) the written authorization of a parent or guardian or an eligible student.
- (c) A school nurse shall provide consultation to the program director, lead teacher or school administrator who has been trained in the administration of medication regarding the safe administration of medication within these programs. The school medical advisor and school nurse supervisor shall determine whether, based on the population of the school readiness program and/or before-and-after school program, additional nursing services are required for these programs.
- (d) Only school nurses, directors or directors' designees, lead teachers or school administrators who have been properly trained may administer medications to students as delegated by the school nurse or other registered nurse. Properly trained directors or directors' designees, lead teachers or school administrators may administer oral, topical, intranasal or inhalant medications. Investigational drugs or research or study medications may not be administered in these programs.
- (e) Students attending these programs may be permitted to self-medicate only in accordance with the provisions of Section B(3) of this policy. In such a case, the school nurse must provide the program director, lead teacher or school administrator running the program with the medication order and parent permission for self-administration.
- (f) In the absence of the school nurse during program administration, the program director, lead teacher or school administrator is responsible for decision-making regarding medication administration.
- (g) Cartridge injector medications may be administered by a director, lead teacher or school administrator only to a student with a medically-diagnosed allergic condition which may require prompt treatment to protect the student against serious harm or death.
- (2) Local poison control center information shall be readily available at these programs.
- (3) Procedures for medication emergencies or medication errors, as outlined in this policy, must be followed, except that in the event of a medication error a report must be

1217 submitted by the program director, lead teacher or school administrator to the school nurse the next school day. 1218 1219 1220 Training for directors or directors' designees, lead teachers or school administrators in the administration of medication shall be provided in accordance with Section J of this 1221 1222 policy. 1223 1224 All medications must be handled and stored in accordance with Section K of this 1225 policy. Where possible, a separate supply of medication shall be stored at the site of 1226 the before-and-after or school readiness program. In the event that it is not possible for 1227 the parent or guardian to provide a separate supply of medication, then a plan shall be in 1228 place to ensure the timely transfer of the medication from the school to the program and 1229 back on a daily basis. 1230 1231 Documentation of any administration of medication shall be completed on forms provided by the school and the following procedures shall be followed: 1232 1233 1234 a medication administration record for each student shall be maintained by the 1235 program; 1236 1237 (b) administration of a cartridge injector medication shall be reported to the school nurse at the earliest possible time, but no later than the next school day; 1238 1239 1240 all instances of medication administration, except for the administration of cartridge injector medication, shall be reported to the school nurse at least 1241 1242 monthly, or as frequently as required by the individual student plan; and 1243 1244 the administration of medication record must be submitted to the school nurse at 1245 the end of each school year and filed in the student's cumulative health record. 1246 1247 **(7)** The procedures for the administration of medication at school readiness programs and 1248 before-and-after school programs shall be reviewed annually by the school medical 1249 advisor, if any, and school nurse supervisor. 1250 1251 M. Review and Revision of Policy 1252 1253 In accordance with the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 10-212a(a)(2) and Section 10-212a-2 of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, the Board shall review this 1254 1255 policy periodically, and at least biennially, with the advice and approval of the school 1256 medical advisor, if any, or other qualified licensed physician, and the school nurse supervisor. Any proposed revisions to the policy must be made with the advice and 1257

approval of the school medical advisor, school nurse supervisor or other qualified licensed

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Legal References:

physician.

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Connecticut General Statutes:

1264	Section 10-206
1265	Section 10-212
1266	Section 10-212a
1267	Section 10-212c
1268	Section 10-220j
1269	Section 14-276b
1270	Section 19a-900
1271	Section 21a-240
1272	Section 52-557b
1273	
1274	Regulations of Conn. State Agencies:
1275	Sections 10-212a-1 through 10-212a-10, inclusive
1276	
1277	Memorandum of Decision, In Re: Declaratory Ruling/Delegation by Licensed Nurses to
1278	Unlicensed Assistive Personnel, Connecticut State Board of Examiners for Nursing (April 5,
1279	1995)
1280	
1281	Storage and Administration of Opioid Antagonists in Schools: Guidelines for Local and Regional
1282	Boards of Education, Connecticut State Department of Education (October 1, 2022)
1283	
1284	Date Adopted: October 11, 2022
1285	First Reading: February 7, 2023
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