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Applicability of Criminal Laws		The criminal laws of the state apply to the areas under the control and jurisdiction of the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.101				
Trespass	sch	An unauthorized person who trespasses on the grounds of a school district commits a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education Code 37.107</i>				
Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	A school administrator, school resource officer, or school district peace officer may refuse to allow persons to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control if the person re- fuses to leave peaceably on request and:					
	1.	The	person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or			
	2.		person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a ool setting and:			
		a.	The administrator, resource officer, or peace officer is- sues a verbal warning to the person that the person's behavior is inappropriate and may result in the person's refusal of entry or ejection; and			
		b.	The person persists in that behavior.			
	Identification may be required of any person on property under the district's control.					
	A district shall maintain a record of each verbal warning issued, in- cluding the name of the person to whom the warning was issued and the date of issuance.					
	At the time a person is refused entry to or ejected from a school district's property, the district shall provide to the person written information explaining the appeal process.					
	fuse the part tee tatio	ed ent parer iicipat or in	nt or guardian of a child enrolled in a school district is re- try to the district's property, the district shall accommodate at or guardian to ensure that the parent or guardian may be in the child's admission, review, and dismissal commit- the child's team established under Section 504, Rehabili- t of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), in accordance with fed-			
	The term of a person's refusal of entry to or ejection from a sche district's property under this section may not exceed two years.					
	A district shall post on the district's website and each distric pus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding the provisions, including the appeal process.					
			d shall adopt a policy that uses the district's existing griev- cess [see FNG, GF] to permit a person refused entry to or			

	ejected from property controlled by the district to appeal such re- fusal of entry or ejection. The policy must permit a person appeal- ing under this section to address the board in person within 90 days of the commencement of the appeal, unless the appeal is granted before the board considers the appeal.			
	The board's decision to grant or deny an appeal under this set is final and may only be further appealed under the applicable visions of Texas Education Code 7.057.			
	Educatio	n Code 37.105; 19 TAC 103.1207		
Vehicles on School Property	hicle on a any rule o	nay bar or suspend a person from driving or parking a ve- any school property as a result of the person's violation of or regulation promulgated by the board or set forth in Edu- ode Chapter 37, Subchapter D. [See CLC] <i>Education</i> <i>106</i>		
Disruption of Lawful Assembly	in concer	commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person, alone or t with others, intentionally engages in disruptive activity on us or property of a public school.		
	Disruptive	e activity means:		
	entr	tructing or restraining the passage of persons in an exit, ance, or hallway of any building without the authorization he administration of the school;		
	fere	ting control of any building or portion of a building to inter- with any administrative, educational, research, or other porized activity;		
	thre scho pate forc	venting or attempting to prevent by force or violence or the at of violence any lawful assembly authorized by the bol administration so that a person attempting to partici- e in the assembly is unable to participate due to the use of e or violence or due to a reasonable fear that force or vio- e is likely to occur;		
		upting by force or violence or the threat of force or vio- e a lawful assembly in progress; or		
	exit tem the	tructing or restraining the passage of any person at an or entrance to the campus or property or preventing or at- pting to prevent by force or violence or by threats thereof ingress or egress of any person to or from the property or pus without the authorization of the administration of the pol.		

Free Speech	This provision shall not be construed to infringe upon any right of free speech or expression guaranteed by the constitutions of the United States or the state of Texas.					
	Education Code 37.123					
Disruption of Classes	A person, other than a primary or secondary grade student enrolled in the school, commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person, on school property or on public property within 500 feet of school property, alone or in concert with others, intentionally disrupts the conduct of classes or other school activities. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of age.					
	Disri clud	upting the conduct of classes or other school activities in- es:				
	1.	Emitting noise of an intensity that prevents or hinders class- room instruction.				
	2.	Enticing or attempting to entice a student away from a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.				
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent a student from attending a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.				
	4.	Entering a classroom without the consent of either the princi- pal or the teacher and, through either acts of misconduct or use of loud or profane language, disrupting class activities.				
	"School property" includes a public school campus or school grounds on which a public school is located, and any grounds or buildings used by a school for an assembly or other school-sponsored activity.					
	"Public property" includes a street, highway, alley, public park, or sidewalk.					
	Education Code 37.124					
Disruption of Transportation	mits prev and a ve the a in th	erson, other than a primary or secondary grade student, com- a Class C misdemeanor if the person intentionally disrupts, ents, or interferes with the lawful transportation of students to from school, or to or from activities sponsored by a school, on hicle owned and/or operated by a district. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged e prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of <i>Education Code 37.126</i>				

Bellville ISD 008901					
COMMUNITY RELATIONS CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES (LEC					
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or school property. School personnel shall enforce these policies of school property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See FNCD for the definition of e-cigarette.]				
Smoking in Buildings	A district shall not permit smoking within any indoor facility used provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elementary, or seco ary education or library services to children; or regular or routine health care or day care or early childhood development (Head Start) services to children or for the use of employees who prov such services. 20 U.S.C. 6083; 20 U.S.C. 7183	ond- e			
Criminal Penalty	A person commits an offense if the person is in possession of a burning tobacco product, smokes tobacco, or operates an e-cig rette in a facility of a public school.				
Defense	It is a defense to prosecution that a district does not have promi- nently displayed a reasonably sized notice that smoking is prohib- ited by state law in such place and that an offense is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.				
Facilities for Extinguishment	A district shall be equipped with facilities for extinguishment of smoking materials.				
	Penal Code 48.01(a)–(c)				
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-r lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>E</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i> [See FNCF regarding alcohol-free zones	du-			
Intoxicants	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person posses an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sale, or distribution while:	ses			
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a public school; or				
	 Entering or inside any enclosure, field, or stadium where a athletic event sponsored or participated in by a public scho is being held. 	•			
	Education Code 37.122 [See also FNCF]				
Fireworks	A person may not explode or ignite fireworks within 600 feet of a school unless the person receives authorization in writing from t school. <i>Occupations Code 2154.251(a)(1)</i>				
Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	It is unlawful for any individual knowingly to possess a firearm a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to be- lieve, is a school zone.				

"School zone" means in, or on the grounds of, a school; or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of a school.

This prohibition does not apply to the possession of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the state, and the law of the state requires that, before an individual obtains such a license, the law enforcement authorities of the state verify that the individual is qualified under law to receive the license;
- 3. That is not loaded and in a locked container, or a locked firearms rack that is on a motor vehicle;
- 4. By an individual for use in a program approved by a school in the school zone;
- 5. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual;
- 6. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; or
- 7. That is unloaded and is possessed by an individual while traversing school premises for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting, if the entry on school premises is authorized by school authorities.

It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge or attempt to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school zone.

This prohibition does not apply to the discharge of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. As part of a program approved by a school in the school zone, by an individual who is participating in the program;
- 3. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in a school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual; or
- 4. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity.

18 U.S.C. 921(a)(25), .922(q)

Possession of Weapons	A person commits a third degree felony if the person knowingly, tentionally, or recklessly possesses or goes with a firearm, loca restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon [see FNCG]:				
	1.	Onto the physical premises (a building or portion of a building) of a school;			
	2.	Onto any grounds or into a building in which an activity spon- sored by a school is being conducted; or			
	3.	On a passenger transportation vehicle of a school.			
		offense does not apply if the person is acting pursuant to writ- regulations or written authorization of a district.			
	It is not a defense to prosecution that the person possessed a handgun and was licensed to carry a handgun.				
	Pen	al Code 46.03(a)(1), (f)			
	A person commits a third degree felony if the person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly possesses or goes with a location-re- stricted knife on the premises where a high school sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place, unless the person is a par- ticipant in the event and a location-restricted knife is used in the event. [See FNCG] <i>Penal Code 46.03(a-1)</i>				
"Premises" Defined	tion drive	mises," for purposes of this policy, means a building or a por- of a building. The term does not include any public or private way, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage, ther parking area. <i>Penal Code 46.035(f)(3)</i>			
Excepted Persons	Pena	al Code 46.03 does not apply to:			
	1.	Peace officers or special investigators regardless of whether engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's or investiga- tor's duties;			
	2.	Parole officers while engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's duties;			
	3.	Community supervision and corrections department officers while engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's duties;			
	4.	An active judicial officer who is licensed to carry a handgun;			
	5.	An honorably retired peace officer or other qualified retired law enforcement officer, as defined by 18 U.S.C. Section 926C, who holds a certificate of proficiency and is carrying a photo identification verifying that the officer qualifies for this exception;			

	6.	The attorney general or a United States attorney, district attor- ney, criminal district attorney, county attorney, or municipal at- torney who is licensed to carry a handgun;
	7.	An assistant United States attorney, assistant attorney gen- eral, assistant district attorney, assistant criminal district attor- ney, or assistant county attorney who is licensed to carry a handgun;
	8.	A bailiff designated by an active judicial officer who is licensed to carry a handgun and engaged in escorting the judicial of- ficer;
	9.	A juvenile probation officer who is authorized to carry a fire- arm; or
	10.	A person who is volunteer emergency services personnel if the person is carrying a handgun under the authority of Gov- ernment Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H; and engaged in providing emergency services.
	Pen	al Code 46.15(a)
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	hand from tion ing I trict, firea	strict may not prohibit a person who holds a license to carry a dgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H, n transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammuni- in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a park- ot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the dis- and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun, arm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the dgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.
	hand	does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a dgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 25 or Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035, or other law.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0815
Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	hano pers	strict is not liable in a civil action arising from the discharge of a dgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services sonnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Government e, Chapter 411, Subchapter H.
	eme unde the o	discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer ergency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun er Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, is outside course and scope of the individual's duties as volunteer emer- cy services personnel.
		district does not waive immunity from suit or liability under the as Tort Claims Act or any other law.

	"Volunteer emergency services personnel" includes a volunteer firefighter, an emergency medical services volunteer as defined by Health and Safety Code 773.003, and any individual who, as a vol- unteer, provides services for the benefit of the general public dur- ing emergency situations. The term does not include a peace of- ficer or reserve law enforcement officer, as those terms are defined by Occupations Code 1701.001, who is performing law enforce- ment duties.					
	Civil Practice & Remedies Code 112.001; Penal Code 46.01(18)					
Exhibition of Firearm	A person commits a third degree felony if, in a manner intended to cause alarm or personal injury to another person or to damage school property, the person intentionally:					
	1.	Exh	ibits or uses a firearm:			
		a.	In or on any property, including a parking lot, park garage, or other parking area, that is owned by a or public school; or	-		
		b.	On a school bus being used to transport children from school-sponsored activities;	to and		
	2.	scrit	eatens to exhibit or use a firearm in or on property bed above or on a bus and was in possession of or rediate access to the firearm.			
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person threatens to exhibit or use a firearm, but was not in possession of or did not have immediate access to the firearm.					
	Education Code 37.125					
Trespass—	A lic	ense	holder commits an offense if the license holder:			
Concealed Carry of Handgun	1.	1. Carries a concealed handgun on the property of anothe out effective consent; and				
	2.		eived notice that entry on the property by a license a concealed handgun was forbidden.	e holder		
	An offense under Penal Code 30.06 is a Class C misdemear cept that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after enter property, the license holder was personally given the notice t entry or remaining on the property with a concealed handgur forbidden and subsequently failed to depart.					
Notice / Sign— Concealed Carry of Handgun	own the	er of	oses of Penal Code 30.06, a person receives notice the property or someone with apparent authority to r provides notice to the person by oral or written co	o act for		
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"Written communication" means:

	••••					
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.06, Penal Code (trespass by license holder with a concealed handgun), a per- son licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this property with a concealed handgun"; or				
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.				
Exception	It is an exception to Penal Code 30.06 that the property on which the license holder carries a concealed handgun is owned or leased by a district and is not a premises or other place on which the li- cense holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035.					
	Pen	al Code 30.06 [See also FNCG]				
Unauthorized Notice	the p Cod who Cod pren cens ises	strict may not take any action, including an action consisting of provision of notice, by a communication described by Penal e 30.06 or 30.07 that states or implies that a license holder is carrying a handgun under the authority of Government e Chapter 411 is prohibited from entering or remaining on a nises or other place owned or leased by the district unless li- se holders are prohibited from carrying a handgun on the prem- or other place by Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035 or other law. <i>'t Code 411.209</i>				
Trespass—Open Carry of Handgun		older of a license to openly carry a handgun commits an offense e license holder:				
	1.	Openly carries a handgun on property of another without ef- fective consent; and				
	2.	Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder openly carrying a handgun was forbidden.				
Notice / Sign— Open Carry of Handgun	For purposes of Penal Code 30.07, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written communication.					
	"Written communication means":					
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.07, Penal Code				
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		(trespass by license holder with an openly carried handgun), a person licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Govern- ment Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this prop- erty with a handgun that is carried openly"; or
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public at each entrance to the property.
	cept prop com	offense under Penal Code 30.07 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the perty, the license holder was personally given the notice by oral munication that entry or remaining on the property with an nly carried handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to art.
Exception	the by a whice	an exception to Penal Code 30.07 that the property on which license holder openly carries the handgun is owned or leased governmental entity and is not a premises or other place on the license holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun er Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035.
	Pen	al Code 30.07
Interscholastic Events	dem less cono whe	ess authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis- leanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises re a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or rscholastic event is taking place.
		al Code 46.035(b)(2) does not apply if the license holder is a icipant in the event and a handgun is used in the event.
	Pen	al Code 46.035(b)(2)
Board Meetings	dem less cono roor	ess authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis- leanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, in the room or ns where a meeting of the board is held and if the meeting is open meeting under the Open Meetings Act.
	was Noti	al Code 46.035(c) does not apply unless the license holder given effective notice under Penal Code 30.06 or 30.07 [see ce/Sign—Concealed Carry of Handgun and Notice/Sign— on Carry of Handgun, above].
	Pen	al Code 46.035(c), (i)

Board Authorization	A license holder does not commit a criminal offense under Penal Code 46.035 [see Interscholastic Events and Board Meetings, above] if the person is lawfully carrying a handgun pursuant to a board's written regulations and authorization. <i>Att'y Gen. Op. GA-</i> <i>1051 (2014)</i> [See Handgun Licensees at CKE(LEGAL)]					
Drones Federal Law Small Unmanned Aircraft	less	nall unmanned aircraft" means an unmanned aircraft weighing than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on rd or otherwise attached to the aircraft.				
Small Aircraft Systems	mar cati airc	nall unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- nned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned raft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the all unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.				
	UAS	e registration, airman certification, and operation of civil small S within the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part does not apply to the following:				
	1.	Air carrier operations;				
	2.	Any aircraft subject to the provisions of 14 C.F.R. Part 101; or				
	3.	Any operation that a remote pilot in command elects to con- duct pursuant to an exemption issued under Section 333 of Public Law 112–95, unless otherwise specified in the exemp- tion.				
	14 (C.F.R. 107.1, .3				
Model Aircraft	tain the	A "model aircraft" is an unmanned aircraft that is capable of sus- tained flight in the atmosphere, flown within visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft, and flown for hobby or recrea- tional purposes.				
	Title 14 C.F.R. Part 101, Subpart E prescribes rules governing to operation of a model aircraft (or an aircraft being developed as model aircraft) that meets all of the following conditions:					
	1.	The aircraft is flown strictly for hobby or recreational use;				
	2.	The aircraft is operated in accordance with a community- based set of safety guidelines and within the programming of a nationwide community-based organization;				
	3.	The aircraft is limited to not more than 55 pounds unless oth- erwise certified through a design, construction, inspection, flight test, and operational safety program administered by a community-based organization;				

	4.		aircraft is operated in a manner that does not interfere and gives way to any manned aircraft; and				
	5.	airc con	en flown within five miles of an airport, the operator of the raft provides the airport operator and the airport air traffic trol tower (when an air traffic facility is located at the air-) with prior notice of the operation.				
	No person may operate a model aircraft so as to endanger the safety of the national airspace system.						
	14 C.F.R. 101.1(5), .41, .43						
State Law Regulation Limited	enfo the othe	orce a opera er sim	I subdivision, including a school district, may not adopt or any ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding ation of an unmanned aircraft. An ordinance, order, or ilar measure that violates this provision is void and unen- e. <i>Gov't Code 423.009(b), (d)</i>				
Exception	A political subdivision may adopt and enforce an ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding:						
	1.	The	use of an unmanned aircraft during a special event;				
	2.	The	political subdivision's use of an unmanned aircraft; or				
	3.		use of an unmanned aircraft near a facility or infrastruc- owned by the political subdivision, if the political subdivi- :				
		a.	Applies for and receives authorization from the Federal Aviation Administration to adopt the regulation; and				
		b.	After providing reasonable notice, holds a public hearing on the political subdivision's intent to apply for the au- thorization.				
	"Special event" means a festival, celebration, or other gathering that involves the reservation and temporary use of all or a portion of a public park, road, or other property of a political subdivision; and entertainment, the sale of merchandise, food, or beverages, or mass participation in a sports event; and requires a significant use or coordination of a political subdivision's services.						
	Gov	r't Co	de 423.009(a)(2), (c)				
Privacy Law			Il to capture an image using an unmanned aircraft in this the reasons listed in Government Code 423.002, includ-				
	1.		n the consent of the individual who owns or lawfully occu- the real property captured in the image; or				
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2. From a height no more than eight feet above ground level in a public place, if the image was captured without using any electronic, mechanical, or other means to amplify the image beyond normal human perception.

Gov't Code 423.002(a)