May 2014 February/March 2019

Operational Services

Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds 1

The Superintendent shall take all reasonable measures to protect: (1) the safety of District personnel, students, and visitors on District premises from risks associated with hazardous materials, and (2) the environmental quality of the District's buildings and grounds.² Before pesticides are used on District premises, the Superintendent or designee shall notify employees and parents/guardians of students as

The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted. 1 State and/or federal law control this policy's content and require districts to:

- Have a procedure to comply with the Structural Pest Control Act (225 ILCS 235/) and the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act (105415 ILCS 5/10-20.4).65/). See 4:160-AP, <u>Administrative Procedure</u> Environmental Quality of Buildings and Grounds.
- Designate a staff person to be responsible for district compliance with the safety acts listed in #1 above. This
 policy designates the superintendent or designee.

Many State and federal laws regulate the environmental quality of schools. For example:

- Several federal laws regulate asbestos as a hazardous substance, the most significant for schools being the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act of 1986. <u>15 U.S.C. § 2641 et seq.</u> The Asbestos Abatement Act, 105 ILCS 105/, requires schools to perform a variety of functions regarding asbestos.
- 2. The Indoor Air Quality Act, 410 ILCS 87/. The Ill. Dept. of Public Health Guidelines for Indoor Air Quality are advisory, i.e., not enforceable.
- www.idph.state.il.us/envhealth/factsheets/indoorairqualityguide_fs.htm 3. The Smoke-Free Illinois Act, 410 ILCS 82/, bans tobacco smoking inside schools.
- The Structural Pest Control Act, 225 ILCS 235/ requires the III. Dept. of Public Health to establish guidelines for an integrated pest management program for schools. See: <u>www.idph.state.il.us/envhealth/ipm/index.htm</u>, or www.idph.state.il.us/envhealth/entpestfshts.htm.
- Notices to employees and parents/guardians before pesticide applications are required by the Structural Pest Control Act+(225 ILCS 235/10.3), The Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act requires similar notices but only to parents/guardians+(_415 ILCS 65/3),
- The Green Cleaning School Act, 105 ILCS 140/, and Green Cleaning for Elementary and Secondary Schools, 23 Ill.Admin.Code Part 2800, contain guidelines for green cleaning. See policy <u>4</u>:150, *Facility Management and Building <u>ProgramPrograms</u>.*
- The Green Buildings Act requires all new State-funded building construction and major renovation projects to meet specified environmental requirements—(<u>6</u>_20 ILCS 3130)-<u>/</u>. Waivers may be granted by the Capital Development Board in certain situations (<u>. Id</u>.)-<u>/</u>.
- The III. legislature recommended that each occupied school building be tested every <u>5five</u> years for radon and provided a process for the screening in 105 ILCS 5/10-20.48.

Employers must provide all employees with an education and training program with respect to all toxic substances to which an employee is routinely exposed while working $\frac{1}{280}$ ILCS 255/16; 23 III.Admin.Code 1.330, However, this section and most of the Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act (820 ILCS 255/) are **inoperative**; its implementing rules (56 III.Admin.Code Part 205) were repealed. Instead, the III. Dept. of Labor enforces the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standards at 29 C.F.R. §1910.1200(-820 ILCS 255/1.5)]. Thus, school districts must follow the federal disclosure and training requirements.

- 2 A board persuaded by #8 in the above footnote may add the following option:
- If economically feasible, the Superintendent or designee shall manage the testing of each occupied school building for radon pursuant to Section 10-20.48 of the School Code.

A board may want to add the following option if it is concerned that employees who are eligible for district-paid hepatitis B vaccination are unaware of their eligibility:

The Superintendent or designee shall notify all employees who must be offered, according to State or federal law, District-paid hepatitis B vaccine and vaccination.

4:160

Page 1 of 2

©20152019 Policy Reference Education Subscription Service Illinois Association of School Boards. All Rights Reserved. Please review this material with your school board attorney before use. 4:160

required by the Structural Pest Control Act, 225 ILCS 235/, and the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act, 415 ILCS 65/. 3

LEGAL REF.:	29 C.F.R. §1910.1030, Occupational Exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens, as adopted by the Illinois Department of Labor, 56 Ill.Admin.Code §350.300(c):700(b).
	29 C.F.R. §1910.1200, Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard
	Communication Standards, as adopted by 820 ILCS 255/1.5, Toxic Substances
	Disclosure to Employees Act.
	20 ILCS 3130/, Green Buildings Act.
	105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a; 5/10-20.48 ; 135/; and
	105 ILCS 135/, Toxic Art Supplies in Schools Act.
	105 ILCS 140/, Green Cleaning School Act.
	225 ILCS 235/, Structural Pest Control Act.
	415 ILCS 65/, Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act.
	820 ILCS 255/, Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act. (inoperative)
	23 Ill.Admin.Code §1.330, Toxic Materials Training.
CROSS REF.:	4:150 (Facility Management and Building Programs), 4:170 (Safety)

The footnotes are not intended to be part of the adopted policy; they should be removed before the policy is adopted. ³ Different requirements pertain to the notices in the Structural Pest Control Act (225 ILCS 235/10.3) and the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act (415 ILCS 65/3(f;-)). Both require notice to parents/guardians. Notice to employees is a production of the test of the structural Pest Control Act (225 ILCS 235/10.3) and the structural Pest (225 ILCS 235/10.3) and

only required by the Structural Pest Control Act. For the sake of simplicity, the sample policy requires notice to employees before pesticides are used. Notice at least <u>4four</u> business days before application is required by Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act; notice at least <u>2two</u> business days is required by the Structural Pest Control Act. If <u>a registry is maintained, replace</u> the following alternative is used, omit the policy's last sentence with this alternative:

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain a registry of employees and parents/guardians of students requesting notification before the application of pesticide(s) and notify those people as required by the Structural Pest Control Act, 225 ILCS 235/, and the Lawn Care Products Application and Notice Act, 415 ILCS 65/. Be sure the notice provisions in the policy and its implementing administrative procedure are consistent.

4:160

I

Page 2 of 2

©20152019 Policy Reference Education Subscription Service Illinois Association of School Boards. All Rights Reserved. Please review this material with your school board attorney before use. Commented [DJ1]: Prior citation was repealed and renumbered.