Update 115 contains (LOCAL) policies that require board action before we can incorporate Update 115 into your district's Policy On Line manual.

Please notify Policy Service of your policy adoption by completing the electronic <u>Notify TASB of Policy Adoption</u> form* on myTASB. As an alternative option, you may complete, scan, and submit this form via email to <u>pol-support@tasb.org</u>.

Update

115

Adoption Notification Fol

Policy On Line

Ø

008901 Bellville ISD

Your Name: _____

Your Email:

Previous Updates

□ I confirm that all updates prior to Update 115 have been adopted. (Visit Local Manual Updates[†] to see updates pending adoption.)

Update 115 Adoption Date:

Status (please check one):

Adopted as presented by TASB—place online immediately

Adopted with further changes, described below

Policy Changes

If you wish to make changes to policies issued in Update 115, submit those changes with your adoption notification. If you wish to make changes to policies not issued in Update 115, please email those changes directly to your policy consultant.

Changes will be processed as a Local District Update. Your policy consultant may contact you about policy changes if necessary.

If you have questions, please call Travis Damron at 800-580-7529.

* Notify TASB of Policy Adoption: <u>https://www.tasb.org/apps/PolicyAdmin/</u> ⁺ Local Manual Updates: <u>https://www.tasb.org/apps/policyUpdates/index.aspx</u>*

TASB Policy Service

Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

You can download a PDF of this update packet, annotated copies of the (LOCAL) policies, editable (LOCAL) text, and more under <u>Local Manual Updates</u> in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library.

Other materials, including an overview video of the (LOCAL) policy changes, are available under <u>Policy Manual Update Resources</u>.

Need help? Please call your policy consultant at 800-580-7529 or email <u>Policy.Service@TASB.org</u>.

Contents

Overview	1
Legal Services Update Memo	2
(LEGAL) vs. (LOCAL) Policies: Remember the Difference	2
How to Place Policy Changes on the Agenda for Board Action	3
How to Notify Policy Service of Board Action	3
How to Keep Minutes	3
How to Maintain Your Historical Record	4
How to Keep Your Administrative Regulations Current	4
Disclaimer and Copyright	4

Overview

Update 115 focuses on updating and reorganizing several policies in the FFE series of the policy manual addressing student welfare. FFEA continues to focus on counseling, and a new code, FFEB, focuses on mental health provisions.

In addition to these changes, Update 115 includes several other policies affected by legislation from the 86th Legislative Session that were not included in Update 114 and incorporates numerous changes from revised Administrative Code rules.

Your Localized Update 115 packet also contains:

• **Explanatory Notes** describing the changes to each policy. Please note that, where appropriate, the Explanatory Notes ask you to verify that a particular policy reflects current district practice and to advise us of any changes needed so that our records and the district's policy manual accurately track the district's practice.



Explanatory notes may also provide important information about policies not included in the update packet.

- Vantage Points—A Board Member's Guide to Update 115, which provides local officials a highly summarized first glance at the local policies included in the update. Please distribute the Vantage Points to your board members with the review copies of the update.
- **Instructions** for incorporating this update into each of the district's Localized Policy Manuals after board adoption. Use the enclosed Instruction Sheet as a guide to which policies should be added, replaced, and removed from your manual.

Legal Services Update Memo

TASB Legal Services' <u>Legal Issues in Update 115 memo</u> (available in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library under Policy Manual Update Resources) describes common legal concerns specific to the local policies recommended in this update for your consideration prior to board adoption of any local policies. Local policies will not be sent for a separate review by Legal Services as part of the update process. If after reviewing the memo you have questions about any specific provisions in your local policies, please contact TASB Legal Services at 800-580-5345.

(LEGAL) vs. (LOCAL) Policies: Remember the Difference

(LEGAL) policies:

- Reflect the ever-changing legal context for governance and management of the district
- Should inform local decision making
- Should NOT be adopted, but only reviewed

(LOCAL) policies:

- Require close attention by both the administration and the board
- Must reflect the practices of the district and the intentions of the board
- May only be changed by board action (adopt, revise, or repeal)

If your board adopts changes to the (LOCAL) policies contained in this packet, please notify your policy consultant.



How to Place Policy Changes on the Agenda for Board Action

TASB recommends that the district address this update on the agenda as follows:

"Policy Update 115:

- (LEGAL) policies
- (LOCAL) policies (see attached list of codes)"

(LEGAL) policies sub-item: TASB recommends that the board review, but not adopt, the (LEGAL) policies issued in the update. If the board may discuss certain issues addressed by the updated (LEGAL) policies, particularly if those issues are of interest to the public, then, for purposes of discussion, the relevant policy codes, titles, and subtitles should be listed under the sub-item.

(LOCAL) policies sub-item: Board action on the (LOCAL) policies included in the update must occur within a properly posted, open meeting of the board.

- You may use the "(LOCAL) Policy Action List" provided online in Local Manual Updates and include the list under the sub-item, or you may compile a list of (LOCAL) policy codes, titles, and subtitles from the Instruction Sheet and Explanatory Notes included in the update packet.
- A suggested motion for board action on the (LOCAL) policies included in the update:

"I move that the board add, revise, or delete (LOCAL) policies as recommended by TASB Policy Service and according to the Instruction Sheet for TASB Local-ized Policy Manual Update 115 [with the following changes:]"

How to Notify Policy Service of Board Action

Notify Policy Service of the board's action on Update 115 by completing the electronic <u>Notify TASB of Policy Adoption</u> form on myTASB or by using the Update 115 Adoption Notification Form, enclosed, so Policy Service records remain accurate.

How to Keep Minutes

The board's action on Localized Update 115 must be reflected in board minutes. Your minutes should include:

• The list of proposed (LOCAL) policy actions, such as the Instruction Sheet annotated to reflect any changes made by the board



- The Explanatory Notes for the update (filed as an attachment to the minutes)
- Copies of new, replaced, or rescinded (LOCAL) policies

How to Maintain Your Historical Record

To construct a separate historical record of the manual, you must track the history of individual (LOCAL) policies. You should maintain a permanent historical record of every (LOCAL) policy adopted, revised, or rescinded by the board.

At a minimum, this record should include the following key pieces of information:

- Policy code
- Date of board action
- Text of policy

For more guidance on maintaining this record, please refer to:

- The Administrator's Guide to Policy Management
- <u>Tutorial videos</u> on handling an update

These guides are available in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library.

How to Keep Your Administrative Regulations Current

<u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> Update 61, which includes revisions to model regulations and forms corresponding with Update 115, is now available on myTASB.

Inspect your district's administrative procedures and documents—including (EXHIBIT)s, (REGULATION)s, handbooks, and guides—that may be affected by Update 115 policy changes.

If you must make changes to the (REGULATION)s or (EXHIBIT)s contained in your board policy manual, please notify your policy consultant.

Disclaimer and Copyright

PLEASE NOTE: This information is provided for educational purposes only to facilitate a general understanding of the law or other regulatory matter. This information is neither an exhaustive treatment on the subject nor is this intended to substitute for the advice of an attorney or other professional adviser. Consult with your attorney or professional adviser to apply these principles to specific fact situations.

Entire localized update packet © 2020 Texas Association of School Boards, Inc. All rights reserved.



Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
ATTN	(NOTE)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
AF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BDF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BF	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BQB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
ССН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКА	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CMD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СО	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CRE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CS	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CY	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
D	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
DAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
DBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DED	(LOCAL)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
DF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DHC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DHE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DHE	(EXHIBIT)	DELETE exhibit	See explanatory note
DIA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DIA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DIA	(EXHIBIT)	No exhibit enclosed	See explanatory note
DMA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DMD	(LOCAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
DP	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EEL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBJ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EI	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
ELA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
F	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
FB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FB	(EXHIBIT)	No exhibit enclosed	See explanatory note
FD	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Instruction Sheet TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
FEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFE	(LEGAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
FFEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFEB	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
FFG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(EXHIBIT)	DELETE exhibit	See explanatory note
FFH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFH	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFH	(EXHIBIT)	No exhibit enclosed	See explanatory note
FM	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FMF	(LOCAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
FNG	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNG	(EXHIBIT)	Review exhibit	Revise as necessary
GBAA	(EXHIBIT)	DELETE exhibit	See explanatory note
GF	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GF	(EXHIBIT)	Review exhibit	Revise as necessary
GKA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Bellville ISD

ATTN(NOTE) GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS UPDATE

Update 115 includes new Title IX regulations, effective August 14, 2020, which define sexual harassment under Title IX and establish detailed procedures for how districts must respond to notice or allegations of sexual harassment. The final Title IX regulations and related materials are available on the U.S. Department of Education <u>Office for Civil Rights</u> website.

Multiple changes at Update 115 are based on legislation from the Regular Session of the 86th Texas Legislature that impose changes effective with the 2020–21 school year. Unless otherwise noted, references to legislative bills throughout these explanatory notes refer to Senate Bills (SB) or House Bills (HB) from the 86th Legislature.

An overview video of the local policy changes is available under Policy Manual Update Resources in the myTASB <u>Policy Service Resource Library</u>. (LEGAL) policies provide the legal framework for key areas of district operations; they are not adopted by the board.

AF(LEGAL) INNOVATION DISTRICTS

Revisions to the Administrative Code, effective January 2020:

- Specify that an innovation district may not be exempted from Education Code Chapters 48 (Foundation School Program) and 49 (Options for Local Revenue Levels in Excess of Entitlement); and
- Authorize the commissioner to terminate district of innovation status for a district's failure to comply with the duty to discharge or refuse to hire certain employees or applicants as required by state law.

AIA(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Administrative rule changes, effective August 2019, specify that districts with a local accountability system must use the local accountability system rating standards established by the commissioner. These standards will be updated annually and published in the *Local Accountability System Manual*.

Definitions for the various accreditation statuses have also been added.

AIB(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: PERFORMANCE REPORTING

TEA has renamed the Performance-Based Monitoring Analysis System (PBMAS) to the Results Driven Accountability (RDA) system, effective December 3, 2019. This was to align with the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP) framework.

AIC(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: INTERVENTIONS AND SANCTIONS

Beginning with the 2020–21 school year, HB 4205 creates a new option for campuses that are required to submit campus turnaround plans—an accelerated campus excellence (ACE) turnaround plan. The commissioner is required to approve an ACE turnaround plan if the commissioner determines that the plan meets the statutory requirements.

Other changes are from revised Administrative Code rules, effective March 31, 2020. The rules clarify interventions and sanctions provisions, including campus intervention team membership and participation and campus turnaround plan submission, approval, and implementation processes.

Additional detail has been included about the required notice the campus intervention team must provide regarding the public meeting for soliciting input on development of a targeted improvement plan.

Bellville ISD

BBA(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

This legally referenced policy on eligibility and qualifications for board members has been revised to clarify that a person cannot *run* for the board if the person has a final felony conviction from which the person has not been pardoned or had the disabilities removed (see Eligibility). The provision at Ineligibility indicating that a person cannot *serve* as a member of the board if the person has been convicted of a felony remains unchanged.

BBBB(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

HB 2640 deleted the requirement for the presiding officer of the board to prepare a report of precinct results for the secretary of state.

BBD(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

Extensive changes to this legally referenced policy on board member training and orientation are from revised Administrative Code rules, effective March 24, 2020. See the TASB Board Development Services website for helpful overviews of the <u>training requirements</u>.

BDF(LEGAL) BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION: CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

HB 18 revised the list of persons that a board may appoint to the school health advisory council (SHAC). The bill also added requirements for a district to publish in the student handbook and on the district's website certain information on student physical and mental health resources, policies, and procedures and whether each campus has a full-time nurse or school counselor. The 2020–21 <u>TASB Model Student</u> <u>Handbook</u> has been updated to meet this requirement.

BF(LOCAL) BOARD POLICIES

A revision to this local policy clarifies that a district's legally referenced policies are not adopted by the board.

The Legal Issues in Update 115 memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

BQ(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

HB 18 revised the list of strategies for improvement of student performance that must be included in the district improvement plan (DIP) to include positive behavior interventions and support and implementation of a comprehensive school counseling program. In addition, the DIP must include:

- Strategies for providing elementary school students information about higher education; and
- The district's procedures on mental health promotion and intervention, substance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide prevention.

Details about dating violence have been moved to FFH addressing harassment; details about sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children have been moved to FFG addressing child abuse and neglect.

BQA(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS: DISTRICT-LEVEL

Provisions on the district-level decision-making committee's responsibilities have been revised to better match statute.

Bellville ISD

BQB(LEGAL) PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS: CAMPUS-LEVEL

Provisions on the campus-level decision-making committee's responsibilities have been revised to better match statute.

CBB(LEGAL) STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES: FEDERAL

The Note on page 5 has been adjusted to include a link to a USDA memo addressing micro-purchase and simplified acquisition thresholds for federal child nutrition programs.

CCA(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: BOND ISSUES

TASB Policy Service engaged an outside law firm with expertise in the area of bonds to review the federal securities law provisions in this legally referenced policy, which resulted in revisions throughout that section of the policy.

In addition, we have included two existing statutory provisions on:

- Attorney general review and approval of a public security and the record of proceedings, and
- Authority of the issuer of public securities to contract for certain services.

CCG(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: AD VALOREM TAXES

At Tax Rate Adoption, we have added information on the maximum compressed rate from HB 3 and new Administrative Code rules effective April 10, 2020.

HB 492 repeals existing law regarding reappraisal of property damaged in a disaster area. However, an amendment to the Texas constitution approved by voters in November 2019 authorizes a temporary exemption for property damaged in a disaster. These new provisions have been added to CCGA(LEGAL) addressing ad valorem tax exemptions.

A board must conduct an efficiency audit before holding an election seeking voter approval to adopt an M&O tax rate. In conducting the audit, the auditor selected by the board must follow the Legislative Budget Board (LBB) guidelines, to which we have included a link.

CCGA(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

HB 492 provides for a temporary exemption for property damaged in a disaster, as authorized in an amendment to the Texas Constitution approved by voters in November 2019.

CCGB(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Revisions to this legally referenced policy reflect amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 6, 2020, and include:

- The exclusion of any employee names or other personal identifying information from the definition of *substantive documents* submitted to the comptroller in connection with economic development applications,
- Clarification of the procedures for an applicant to obtain continued eligibility for a limitation on appraised value, and
- Extended timelines for the comptroller to review a written agreement for a limitation on appraised value.

Bellville ISD

CCH(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: APPRAISAL DISTRICT

Effective September 1, 2020, SB 2 requires an appraisal district board in a county with a population of a million or more to increase the size of the appraisal review board (ARB) to an appropriate number of members. The ARB must establish special panels to conduct protest hearings.

CFA(LEGAL) ACCOUNTING: FINANCIAL REPORTS AND STATEMENTS

Revisions to the provisions on the Annual Local Debt Report are from amended Administrative Code rules, effective April 5, 2020.

Other revisions are to add some existing legal provisions, delete nonessential provisions, and better match legal sources.

CFC(LEGAL) ACCOUNTING: AUDITS

This legally referenced policy on audits has been revised to add some existing legal provisions, delete nonessential provisions, and better match legal sources.

CKA(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: INSPECTIONS

This legally referenced policy on asbestos has been revised to add some existing legal provisions, delete nonessential provisions, and better match legal sources.

CKE(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

Revisions regarding training are from amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 5, 2020, and require district police officers and school resource officers to receive a school-based law enforcement proficiency certificate within 180 days of commission or placement in the district.

CKEA(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

The addition of provisions regarding reporting on appointment and separation of licensed peace officers was prompted by amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 5, 2020.

CMD(LEGAL) EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING

Revisions to the provisions prohibiting certain expenditures of funds from the instructional materials allotment are from amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 6, 2020.

CO(LEGAL) FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

A Note has been added pointing to the Texas Department of Agriculture's Records Retention List, which can assist districts with retaining documentation to demonstrate program compliance.

CQ(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

This legally referenced policy has been revised to add some existing legal provisions, delete nonessential provisions, and better match legal sources. Citations to various laws pertaining to unlawful interception, use, or disclosure of communications have also been added to this policy for reference.

CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

Online posting provisions have been updated to:

Explanatory Notes

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

- Clarify that notification by the campus intervention team regarding public input on development of a targeted improvement plan must be published on the district and campus websites,
- Add the requirement to post a completed campus turnaround plan 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board,
- Add details about posting of the Annual Local Debt Report,
- Add the requirement to post information on designated agents under the Digital Millennium Copyright Act for districts seeking to limit liability, and
- Add the requirement to post the district's family engagement plan.
- Add contact information for the district's Title IX coordinator and the district's policy of nondiscrimination; and
- Add materials used to train the Title IX coordinator and other individuals who are relevant to resolving complaints under Title IX.

CQB(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

We have removed provisions on the Electronic Communication Privacy Act that address the criminal consequences of the Act. A high-level reference to this information has been added to CQ(LEGAL).

CRE(LEGAL) INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT: WORKERS' COMPENSATION

We have removed case law addressing enforcement of a reasonable absence-control rule because the case is also included in DEC(LEGAL).

CS(LEGAL) FACILITY STANDARDS

Provisions on termination of LP-gas service have been revised as a result of amended Administrative Code rules, effective January 6, 2020.

CY(LEGAL) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

This legally referenced policy on intellectual property has been revised to add some existing legal provisions, delete nonessential provisions, and better match legal sources.

D(LEGAL) PERSONNEL

The D Section table of contents has been revised to rename DBAA Pre-Employment Reviews.

DAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT OBJECTIVES: EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY

This legally referenced policy has been revised at Bankruptcy Discrimination to better match statute.

The provisions addressing compliance coordinators for federal nondiscrimination laws have been updated in response to the new Title IX regulations.

DBAA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: PRE-EMPLOYMENT REVIEWS

This legally referenced policy has been retitled and reorganized to include various pre-employment reviews. As a result, provisions on the required pre-employment affidavit and the Do Not Hire Registry have been moved to this policy from DC(LEGAL).

Bellville ISD

Provisions have been added on the U.S. Department of Transportation's (DOT) national commercial driver license drug and alcohol clearinghouse. A district may not employ a driver subject to DOT drug and alcohol testing who will perform a safety-sensitive function without first conducting a pre-employment inquiry through the clearinghouse.

DC(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

As mentioned above, provisions on the required pre-employment affidavit and the Do Not Hire Registry have been moved to DBAA(LEGAL), which now addresses pre-employment reviews.

DED(LOCAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: VACATIONS AND HOLIDAYS

If your district offers paid vacation or holiday benefits to certain district employees, please contact the district's policy consultant for recommended policy language addressing board authorization and development of administrative procedures for consistent application.

TASB HR Services has a <u>framework</u> to help districts develop administrative procedures on these issues.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

DF(LEGAL) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Failure to terminate an employee on the Do Not Hire Registry has been added as a reason for which the State Board for Educator Certification may impose sanctions on an educator. This change is from amended Administrative Code rules, effective March 5, 2020.

DHC(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: REPORTS TO TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY

Changes to this legally referenced policy on reports to TEA regarding non-certified employee misconduct are from revised Administrative Code rules, effective December 31, 2019. The rules clarify the information that must be in a report and include several relevant definitions.

DHE(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: SEARCHES AND ALCOHOL/DRUG TESTING

Information on postaccident alcohol or controlled substances testing has been incorporated from DHE(EXHIBIT), which is being deleted.

Additional detail has been included regarding required Department of Transportation drug and alcohol testing of commercial vehicle operators.

DHE(EXHIBIT) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT: SEARCHES AND ALCOHOL/DRUG TESTING

This exhibit on postaccident alcohol or controlled substances testing is being deleted, as the content has been incorporated into DHE(LEGAL).

DIA(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

The Note pointing to other relevant policies has been updated to reflect Title IX changes. We have added the recent U.S. Supreme Court case, *Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia*, which held that firing an employee on the basis of homosexuality or transgender status violates Title VII's prohibition against sex discrimination in employment. Margin notes have also been updated.

Explanatory Notes

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

DIA(LOCAL) EMPLOYEE WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

Recommended revisions to this policy incorporate the recent United States Supreme Court decision *Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia*, which held that an adverse employment action against an employee on the basis of homosexuality or transgender status violates Title VII's prohibition on sex discrimination in employment. As a result, the policy clarifies that discrimination on the basis of sex includes discrimination on the basis of biological sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, gender stereotypes, or any other prohibited basis related to sex.

Based on the new Title IX regulations, recommended revisions include the following.

- The definition of Prohibited Conduct has been revised to include conduct that meets the Title IX definition of sexual harassment, but the policy retains the broader definitions of prohibited conduct in districts' current policies to ensure that all prohibited conduct is addressed.
- Text at Sex-Based Harassment and Investigation of Reports Other than Title IX directs readers to new provisions on responding to allegations of prohibited conduct that if proved would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX, as the law requires a specific response process for these allegations. Allegations of prohibited conduct not based on sex or that would not meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX will follow the district's existing investigation process.
- The Title IX regulations provide that a district has actual knowledge of sexual harassment if notice or allegations are made to any employee; therefore, a new provision at Notice of Report requires *any* employee who receives a report of prohibited conduct based on sex to notify the Title IX coordinator.
- Text at Response to Sexual Harassment—Title IX addresses legally required actions when the district receives notice or allegations of conduct that would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX.
- New provisions direct the superintendent to develop a Title IX formal complaint process that will apply following a formal complaint and that must comply with the elements in the new regulations, as included in FFH(LEGAL).
- To determine responsibility in a Title IX formal complaint of sexual harassment, the policy designates that the district will use a *preponderance of the evidence* standard. If the board wishes to instead use the *clear and convincing evidence* standard, which is a higher standard of evidence, please contact the district's policy consultant. The district must use the same standard of evidence for investigation of all formal Title IX sexual harassment complaints, including complaints by students.
- Provisions on retaliation and records retention have been updated.

Policy Service also recommends updates to the examples for harassment to include cyberharassment and electronic communications and clarification of the provisions on distribution of the policy and any accompanying procedures.

TASB's Title IX model procedures are available in TASB School Law eSource.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

DIA(EXHIBIT) EMPLOYEE WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

The new Title IX regulations require districts to notify employees, students, parents, and others of the Title IX coordinator's contact information, which now must include an email address. For consistency, Policy

Explanatory Notes

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

Service recommends adding an email address for the ADA/Section 504 coordinator, if applicable to your district.

If you have not already completed the survey from Policy Service regarding coordinator contact information, including providing email addresses for each coordinator, please do so in order for your policy consultant to update this exhibit.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

DMA(LEGAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

HB 18 revises both optional and required training for district staff development. Required training, which must be provided annually, focuses on various aspects of student mental health, as listed in the policy. Suicide prevention training must address the specific components indicated.

Details about required mental health support programs have been updated in accordance with HB 18 and moved to FFEB addressing student mental health.

Provisions addressing required training on child abuse, trafficking, and maltreatment have been updated based on revised Administrative Code rules, effective November 6, 2019.

DMD(LOCAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: PROFESSIONAL MEETINGS AND VISITATIONS

Policy Service recommends that the administrative details regarding professional meetings be removed from the local policy manual, as board-adopted policy is not required.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

DP(LEGAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

This legally referenced policy on personnel has been revised to include provisions on various physical and mental health professionals, including:

- School nurses,
- Certified school counselors,
- Nonphysician mental health professionals, and
- Licensed specialists in school psychology (LSSPs).

EEL(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS: CONTRACTS WITH OUTSIDE AGENCIES

In accordance with new federal provisions, districts that have Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps programs must permit homeschooled students to participate in the program.

EHAA(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

Provisions on coordinated health programs have been updated based on HB 18.

HB 18 amends the SHAC's duties to include making recommendations about various aspects of student mental health.

Bellville ISD

EHB(LEGAL) CURRICULUM DESIGN: SPECIAL PROGRAMS

New provisions on dyslexia compliance monitoring are from revised Administrative Code rules, effective December 25, 2019.

SB 2075 requires that a district notify the parent of a student who has or is at risk for dyslexia or a related disorder that the Texas State Library and Archives Commission provides audiobooks free of charge to students with eligible disabilities.

EHBA(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: SPECIAL EDUCATION

Provisions on off-campus programs to provide special education and related services during school hours in a non-district facility are from new Administrative Code rules, effective November 10, 2019. The rules address placement in the programs, notification to and review by TEA, contract requirements, and changes of student residence.

EHBAB(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

New Administrative Code rules, effective March 30, 2020, address transition assistance for highly mobile students who are homeless or in substitute care. For such students who transfer into the district, the rules require the receiving district to:

- Accept a referral done by a previous district for a special education evaluation and complete any written report of a full individual and initial evaluation by the timelines in law, and
- Ensure that the district meets student transfer requirements relating to the ARD committee for a student who is already eligible for services.

EHBE(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: BILINGUAL EDUCATION/ESL

This legally referenced policy on bilingual education has been revised throughout as a result of amended Administrative Code rules, effective April 10, 2020. The rules address requirements for administering the home language survey, parental notice and consent, and assessment options for students in a two-way dual language immersion program.

Other revisions are to better match statute.

EHBG(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: PREKINDERGARTEN

Amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 13, 2020, prompted revisions throughout the high-quality prekindergarten program provisions.

EHBJ(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: INNOVATIVE AND MAGNET PROGRAMS

Changes to the application process for requesting approval from the State Board of Education or the commissioner to offer an innovative course are from amended Administrative Code rules, effective December 25, 2019.

EHDD(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

Provisions on dual credit agreements have been updated based on amended Administrative Code rules, effective November 24, 2019. We have also added some existing statutory provisions on dual credit programs to address faculty supervision and student transcripts.

Bellville ISD

EI(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

Provisions on partial award of credit have been updated to reflect revised Administrative Code rules, effective March 15, 2020. The rules revised terminology regarding awarding of credit proportionately when a student receives a passing grade in "half" of a course, rather than per "semester."

New Administrative Code rules, effective March 30, 2020, address transition assistance for highly mobile students who are homeless or in substitute care and require districts to:

- Adopt local policy to assist with awarding credit for a course that was earned prior to the student enrolling in or transferring to the district [see FD(LOCAL) recommendations in Update 115],
- Develop credit recovery plans for students who were denied credits outside the district or if the student's credit deficit would impede on-time promotion or graduation,
- Create course transition plans for students who were denied credit,
- Develop and administer personal graduation plans for junior or middle school students, and
- Comply with existing Education Code provisions regarding awarding of diplomas.

EI(LOCAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

Provisions on partial credit have been updated to reflect revised Administrative Code rules, which changed terminology regarding awarding of credit proportionately when a student receives a passing grade in "half" of a course, rather than per "semester."

To provide flexibility, Policy Service is recommending deletion of the statement that a student shall be required to retake only the portion of the course with a failing grade. The ways a student can earn credit for the failed part of a course can include various methods other than retaking the failed portion, and board policy is not required to specify which particular method may be used.

EIF(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADUATION

Beginning with students enrolled in the 12th grade in the 2021–22 school year, HB 3 will require a student to complete and submit a federal or Texas application for financial aid to graduate. The provision has been added to the policy manual now in case the district starts receiving questions about this provision. TEA will be issuing rules with more details.

Details on forming an individual graduation committee, including acceptable alternate members, have been added from amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 10, 2020.

Administrative Code rules effective November 24, 2019, provide that a student who completes the core curriculum of an institution of higher education meets the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program, earns an endorsement and the distinguished level of achievement, and is entitled to a high school diploma.

Provisions on transitioning to the foundation high school program have been deleted from law.

EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

Changes to this legally referenced policy on assessments include:

- Additional detail on end-of-course assessments, for more complete information;
- Deletion of detailed provisions on use of the TSI as a substitute assessment in lieu of a statutory reference; and
- Revisions to testing requirements for accountability purposes based on amended Administrative Code rules, effective February 23, 2020.

Bellville ISD

EKC(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: READING ASSESSMENT

Effective with the 2020–21 school year, HB 3 requires a district to administer the commissioner-adopted reading instrument or the commissioner-approved alternative reading instrument to students at the kindergarten level and report results of reading instruments to parents within 60 calendar days of administration.

ELA(LEGAL) CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS: PARTNERSHIP CHARTERS

This legally referenced policy on partnership charters has been significantly revised in accordance with amended Administrative Code rules, effective March 31, 2020. The rules:

- State that operating partners have final and sole authority over certain campus decisions;
- Add numerous requirements for performance contracts; and
- Update the TEA approval process.

In accordance with amended Administrative Code rules, effective September 1, 2019, a performance contract for a partnership charter only needs to include assurances that the district has consulted with relevant campus personnel if the partnering entity is an open enrollment charter school and not for other partnering entities approved by TEA.

F(LEGAL) STUDENTS

Update 115 includes reorganization of student mental health provisions. As a result:

- FFE has been renamed Counseling and Mental Health;
- FFEA has been renamed Counseling; and
- FFEB has been renamed Mental Health.

FB(LEGAL) EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

The provisions on required grievance procedures and retaliation have been updated based on the new Title IX regulations.

FB(LOCAL) EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

The provision on the Title IX coordinator has been updated in response to the new Title IX regulations. Corresponding wording changes were made to the ADA/Section 504 coordinator text.

FB(EXHIBIT) EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

The new Title IX regulations require districts to notify employees, students, parents, and others of the Title IX coordinator's contact information, which now must include an email address. For consistency, Policy Service recommends adding an email address for the district's ADA/Section 504 coordinator.

If you have not already completed the survey from Policy Service regarding coordinator contact information, including providing email addresses for each coordinator, please do so in order for your policy consultant to update this exhibit.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FD(LOCAL) ADMISSIONS

New Administrative Code rules, effective March 30, 2020, address transition assistance for highly mobile students who are homeless or in substitute care and require districts to adopt local policy to assist with

Explanatory Notes

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

awarding credit to a student who is homeless or in substitute care for a course that was earned prior to the student enrolling in or transferring to the district. See Transition Assistance for recommended text to comply with this local policy requirement.

The Legal Issues in Update 115 memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FDB(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

Clarification has been added regarding transfer of a student with a disability who receives special education services and who engaged in bullying.

FEA(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

From HB 3, we have added a provision, effective September 1, 2020, clarifying that a student is not required to attend school for the additional instructional days for which a district receives a financial incentive under Education Code 48.0051. See FEB(LEGAL) for more information.

FEB(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

Amended Administrative Code rules, effective December 25, 2019, delete the reference to taking attendance during the second or fifth instructional hour and specify that attendance shall be taken at the official attendance-taking time during the campus's instructional day. There is no requirement to include the official attendance-taking time in policy; it may be designated in district procedures.

From HB 3, we have added a provision, effective September 1, 2020, under which a district may receive a financial incentive for offering an additional 30 days of half-day instruction above the required minimum number of minutes for students in prekindergarten through fifth grade.

FEB(LOCAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

Recommended revisions to this local policy on attendance accounting are to address amended Administrative Code rules that delete the reference to taking attendance during the second or fifth instructional hour and specify that attendance shall be determined at the official attendance-taking time during the campus's instructional day. The recommended text assigns to the superintendent the responsibility of designating the district's official attendance-taking time. Note that there is no requirement to include the official attendance-taking time in policy; it may be designated in district procedures.

See FEB in the <u>TASB Regulations Resource Manual</u>.

FFAC(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: MEDICAL TREATMENT

Provisions on nursing peer review committees have been moved to DP(LEGAL).

Provisions on psychotropics and psychiatric evaluations have been moved to FFEB(LEGAL).

FFAE(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS

HB 18 permits the board (in addition to a local health education and health-care advisory council) to initiate the establishment of a school-based health center at a campus. The bill also expands the list of services that may be provided at school-based health centers to include physical health care, treatment of mental health conditions, and treatment for substance abuse.

Other changes from HB 18 address parental consent for referrals, the membership of the advisory council, and coordination with existing providers.

Bellville ISD

FFB(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CRISIS INTERVENTION

Provisions on the recommended best practice programs and research-based practices on student mental health have been moved to FFEB(LEGAL).

FFC(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES

New Administrative Code rules, effective March 30, 2020, address transition assistance for highly mobile students who are homeless or in substitute care. The rules address processes and practices on the following:

- Transferring student records;
- Developing systems to ease transition for students, including welcome packets, introductions, and mechanisms for receiving school nutrition program benefits;
- Convening enrollment conferences;
- Determining appropriate placement in educational programs and courses;
- Facilitating participation in extracurricular programs;
- Promoting postsecondary information; and
- Notifying the educational decision-maker and caseworker of events that significantly impact the student's education.

FFE(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH

Provisions on counseling have been moved to FFEA.

FFEA(LEGAL) COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH: COUNSELING

This legally referenced policy has been reorganized to focus on both behavioral and academic counseling programs. As a result:

- Personnel provisions on school counselors and their duties have been moved to DP(LEGAL), and
- Various provisions regarding consent to counseling services previously at FFE(LEGAL) have been moved to this code.

From HB 18, we have added a provision requiring a school counselor to work with various stakeholders to plan, implement, and evaluate a comprehensive school counseling program.

From HB 114, we have added a provision applicable with the 2020–21 school year requiring a school counselor to provide information regarding availability of college credit for military experience, education, and training obtained during military service.

FFEB(LEGAL) COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH: MENTAL HEALTH

This legally referenced policy has been added to focus on student mental health programs. As a result, provisions on psychotropics and psychiatric evaluations previously at FFAC(LEGAL) have been moved to this code.

The policy now addresses the various mental health programs, as revised by HB 18, for which the district must develop practices and procedures. The practices and procedures must be included in the student handbook and district improvement plan. The 2020–21 <u>TASB Model Student Handbook</u> has been updated to meet this requirement.

Bellville ISD

FFG(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

This legally referenced policy on child abuse and neglect has been significantly revised based on amended Administrative Code rules, effective November 6, 2019. The rules address the required policy on sexual abuse, trafficking, and other maltreatment of students that must be included in the district improvement plan and the student handbook. The 2020–21 <u>TASB Model Student Handbook</u> has been updated to meet this requirement. The rules also revise the elements of the required child abuse and neglect reporting policy.

FFG(LOCAL) has been revised to comply with these rule changes.

FFG(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

This local policy on child abuse and neglect has been significantly revised based on amended Administrative Code rules.

Recommended text is included to provide the required policy addressing sexual abuse, trafficking, and other maltreatment of students that must be included in the district improvement plan and the student handbook. The 2020–21 <u>TASB Model Student Handbook</u> has been updated to meet this requirement.

The rules also revise the elements of the required child abuse and neglect reporting policy. To ensure all the policy elements are addressed in board-adopted local policy, we have revised and moved provisions from FFG(EXHIBIT) into this local policy and recommend deletion of the exhibit.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FFG(EXHIBIT) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

As mentioned at FFG(LEGAL), Administrative Code rules on child abuse and neglect were recently revised. To ensure that all required policy elements are addressed in board-adopted local policy, we have revised and moved provisions from this exhibit into FFG(LOCAL). This exhibit is recommended for deletion.

FFH(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

This legally referenced policy addressing discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against students has been significantly revised to include the new Title IX regulations, which define sexual harassment under Title IX and establish detailed procedures for how districts must respond to notice or allegations of sexual harassment.

The final Title IX regulations and related materials are available on the U.S. Department of Education <u>Office for Civil Rights</u> website.

Provisions on dating violence have been moved from BQ(LEGAL) to this code on discrimination, harassment, and retaliation.

FFH(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

Based on the new Title IX regulations, recommended revisions include the following.

• The definition of Prohibited Conduct has been revised to include conduct that meets the Title IX definition of sexual harassment, but the policy retains the broader definitions of prohibited conduct in districts' current policies to ensure that all prohibited conduct is addressed.

Bellville ISD

- Text at Sex-Based Harassment and Investigation of Reports Other than Title IX directs readers to new provisions on responding to allegations of prohibited conduct that if proved would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX, as the law requires a specific response process for these allegations. Allegations of prohibited conduct not based on sex or that would not meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX will follow the district's existing investigation process.
- The provision requiring an employee to report prohibited conduct has been updated to include either direct or indirect reports.
- Text at Response to Sexual Harassment—Title IX addresses legally required actions when the district receives notice or allegations of conduct that would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX.
- New provisions direct the superintendent to develop a Title IX formal complaint process that will apply following a formal complaint and that must comply with the elements in the new regulations, as included in FFH(LEGAL).
- To determine responsibility in a Title IX formal complaint of sexual harassment, the policy designates that the district will use a *preponderance of the evidence* standard. If the board wishes to instead use the *clear and convincing evidence* standard, which is a higher standard of evidence, please contact the district's policy consultant. The district must use the same standard of evidence for investigation of all formal Title IX sexual harassment complaints, including complaints by employees.
- Provisions on retaliation and false claims have been updated and moved to the end of the policy.

Policy Service also recommends updates to the examples for harassment to include cyberharassment and electronic communications.

TASB's Title IX model procedures are available in TASB School Law eSource.

FFH(EXHIBIT) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

The new Title IX regulations require districts to notify employees, students, parents, and others of the Title IX coordinator's contact information, which now must include an email address. For consistency, Policy Service recommends adding an email address for the district's ADA/Section 504 coordinator.

If you have not already completed the survey from Policy Service regarding coordinator contact information, including providing email addresses for each coordinator, please do so in order for your policy consultant to update this exhibit.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FM(LEGAL) STUDENT ACTIVITIES

The detailed list of honors classes for purposes of eligibility to participate in extracurricular activities has been deleted in lieu of a reference to the Administrative Code.

Existing statutory provisions on before- and after-school programs for elementary and middle school grades have been added.

FMF(LOCAL) STUDENT ACTIVITIES: CONTESTS AND COMPETITION

This local policy on student contests and competition is recommended for deletion. There is no requirement for board policy on these issues; the district's practices can be included in administrative procedures.

Explanatory Notes

TASB Localized Policy Manual Update 115

Bellville ISD

FNG(LOCAL) STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

Policy Service has revised the list of protected characteristics at Other Complaint Processes, item 1, to align with the list at FFH(LOCAL) above.

A recommended revision specifies that a person filing a complaint regarding refusal of entry to or ejection from property based on Education Code 37.105 shall be permitted to address the board within 90 "calendar" days. This is an exception to how other timelines are calculated in the policy, which are based on "business" days in accordance with how days are defined.

See FNG in the TASB Regulations Resource Manual for updated complaint forms.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

FNG(EXHIBIT) STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

Our records indicate that you have an exhibit at this code that you may need to review and revise in light of the changes in this update. Please advise us:

- If this exhibit is obsolete and should be deleted from your localized policy manual; or
- If you have revisions that you wish to submit for editorial and legal review and incorporation into your localized policy manual.

GBAA(EXHIBIT) INFORMATION ACCESS: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This exhibit referring to the attorney general's guidelines for charges under the Public Information Act is being deleted. The citation to the Administrative Code where these charges are found has been added to GBAA(LEGAL).

See GBAA in the <u>TASB Regulations Resource Manual</u> for updated forms related to requests for information.

GF(LOCAL) PUBLIC COMPLAINTS

A recommended revision specifies that a person filing a complaint regarding refusal of entry to or ejection from property based on Education Code 37.105 shall be permitted to address the board within 90 "calendar" days. This is an exception to how other timelines are calculated in the policy, which are based on "business" days in accordance with how days are defined.

See GF in the TASB Regulations Resource Manual for updated complaint forms.

The *Legal Issues in Update 115* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

GF(EXHIBIT) PUBLIC COMPLAINTS

Our records indicate that you have an exhibit at this code that you may need to review and revise in light of the changes in this update. Please advise us:

- If this exhibit is obsolete and should be deleted from your localized policy manual; or
- If you have revisions that you wish to submit for editorial and legal review and incorporation into your localized policy manual.

Bellville ISD

GKA(LEGAL)

COMMUNITY RELATIONS: CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

Provisions on drones have been updated based on changes to federal law and replace previous provisions on model aircraft.

Definitions	"District-level committee" means the committee established under Education Code 11.251, or a comparable committee if the district is exempted (or has exempted itself) from this provision.
	"Innovation plan committee" means a committee appointed by the board of trustees to develop the innovation plan in accordance with statutory requirements. The district-level committee may also serve in this role.
	"Public hearing" means an open meeting held by the board of trus- tees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the pro- posed plan and designation and provides the opportunity for the public to give opinions and comments on the proposed actions.
	"Public meeting" means an open meeting held by the board of trus- tees that allows members of the public to hear facts about the pro- posed plan and designation.
	"Unacceptable academic performance rating" means a rating of Im- provement Required or Unacceptable Performance or as otherwise indicated in the applicable year's academic accountability manual.
	"Unacceptable financial accountability rating" means a Financial In- tegrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST) rating of Substandard Achievement as indicated in the applicable year's financial ac- countability system manual.
	19 TAC 102.1301
District of Innovation	A district is eligible for designation as a district of innovation if the district's most recent performance rating under Education Code 39.054 reflects at least acceptable performance.
	A board may not vote on the final approval of the innovation plan if the district is assigned either a final or preliminary rating below ac- ceptable performance. In the event the preliminary rating is changed, the board may then vote to become an innovation dis- trict.
	Consideration of designation as a district of innovation may be initi- ated by a resolution adopted by the board or a petition signed by a majority of the members of the district-level committee [see BQA].
	Education Code 12A.001; 19 TAC 102.1303
Public Hearing	After adopting a resolution or receiving a petition for consideration as a district of innovation, a board shall hold a public hearing as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days, to consider whether the district should develop a local innovation plan for the designa- tion of the district as a district of innovation.

	clus igna	ne conclusion of the public hearing or within 30 days after con- ion of the public hearing, the board may decline to pursue des- tion of the district as a district of innovation or appoint a com- ee to develop a local innovation plan.		
	The board may outline the parameters around which the innovation plan committee may develop the plan.			
	Edu	cation Code 12A.002; 19 TAC 102.1305		
Local Innovation Plan	velo	cal innovation plan meeting all legal requirements must be de- ped for a district before the district may be designated as a dis- of innovation.		
		local innovation plan must provide for a comprehensive educa- al program for the district, which program may include:		
	1.	Innovative curriculum, instructional methods, and provisions regarding community participation, campus governance, and parental involvement;		
	2.	Modifications to the school day or year [see EB, EC];		
	3.	Provisions regarding the district budget and sustainable pro- gram funding;		
	4.	Accountability and assessment measures that exceed the re- quirements of state and federal law; and		
	5.	Any other innovations prescribed by the board of trustees.		
	tion trict	plan must also identify requirements imposed by the Educa- Code that inhibit the goals of the plan and from which the dis- should be exempted on adoption of the plan, subject to Educa- Code 12A.004. [See Exceptions, below]		
	from miss	commissioner of education shall maintain a list of provisions which designated districts of innovation are exempt. The com- sioner shall notify the legislature of each provision from which ricts enrolling a majority of students in this state are exempt.		
	Edu	cation Code 12A.003, .004(b); 19 TAC 102.1305(d)		
Prohibited Exemptions	trict in E	cal innovation plan may not provide for the exemption of a dis- designated as a district of innovation from the provisions listed ducation Code 12A.004 and 19 Administrative Code 102.1309. <i>cation Code 12A.004; 19 TAC 102.1309</i>		
		nnovation district may not be exempted from the following sec- s of the Education Code and the rules adopted thereunder:		
	1.	A state or federal requirement, imposed by statute or rule, ap- plicable to an open-enrollment charter school operating under		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115		2 of 7		

Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D, including, but not limited to, the requirements listed in Education Code 12.104(b), and:

- a. Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter B;
- b. Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter A, sections 25.001, .002, .0021, .0031, and .004;
- c. Education Code Chapter 28, sections 28.002, .0021, .0023, .005, .0051, .006, .016, .0211, .0213, .0217, .025, .0254, .02541, .0255, .0258, .0259, and .026;
- d. Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter G;
- e. Education Code Chapter 30, Subchapter A;
- f. Education Code 30.104;
- g. Education Code Chapter 34;
- h. Education Code Chapter 37, sections 37.006(I), .007(e), .011, .012, .013, and .020; and
- i. Education Code Chapter 39;
- Education Code Chapter 11, Subchapters A, C, D, and E, except that a district may be exempt from Education Code 11.1511(b)(5) and (14) and 11.162;
- 3. Education Code Chapter 13;
- 4. Education Code Chapter 41;
- 5. Education Code Chapter 42;
- Education Code Chapter 44, sections 44.0011, .002, .003, .004, .0041, .005, .0051, .006, .007, .0071, .008, .009, .011, .0312, .032, .051, .052, .053, and .054;
- 7. Education Code Chapter 45, sections 45.003, .0031, .005, .105, .106, .202, and .203;
- 8. Education Code Chapter 46;
- 9. Education Code Chapter 48; and
- 10. Education Code Chapter 49.

In addition to the prohibited exemptions specified above, an innovation district may not be exempted from:

1. A requirement of a grant or other state program in which the district voluntarily participates;

	2.	Duties that the statute applies to the execution of that power if a district chooses to implement an authorized power that is optional under the terms of the statute; and
	3.	Requirements imposed by provisions outside the Education Code, including requirements under Government Code Chapter 822.
	19 7	AC 102.1309; Education Code 12A.004
Adoption of Local Innovation Plan		board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innovation unless:
	1.	The final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district's website for at least 30 days;
	2.	The board has notified the commissioner of the board's inten- tion to vote on adoption of the proposed plan; and
	3.	The district-level committee [see BQA] has held a public meeting to consider the final version of the proposed plan and has approved the plan by a majority vote of the committee members. The public meeting may occur at any time, includ- ing up to or on the same date at which the board intends to vote on final adoption of the proposed plan.
		board may adopt a proposed local innovation plan by an af- ative vote of two-thirds of the membership of the board.
	a dia long corc requ	adoption of a local innovation plan, the district is designated as strict of innovation for the term specified in the plan, but no er than five calendar years, and shall begin operation in ac- lance with the plan. In addition, the district is exempt from state uirements identified under Education Code 12A.003(b)(2). [See al Innovation Plan, above]
	alon	district shall notify the commissioner of approval of the plan g with a list of approved exemptions by completing the ncy's form provided at 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(d).
	ame less	strict's exemption under the plan includes any subsequent endment or redesignation of an identified state requirement, un- the subsequent amendment or redesignation specifically ap- s to an innovation district.
	distr	district shall ensure that a copy of the plan is posted on the ict's website in accordance with Education Code 12A.0071, for term of the designation as an innovation district.
	Edu	cation Code 12A.005; 19 TAC 102.1307

Bellville ISD 008901				
INNOVATION DISTRICTS AF (LEGAL)				
Notice to TEA	Not later than the 15th day after the date on which the board final- izes a local innovation plan either through adoption, amendment, or renewal, the district shall provide a copy of the current local in- novation plan to TEA, which shall promptly post the current local in- novation plan on the agency's website. <i>Education Code</i> <i>12A.0071(b); 19 TAC 102.1307(g)</i>			
Term	The term of a district's designation as a district of innovation may not exceed five years and is effective upon district approval and notification of the plan to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). A dis- trict may only have one innovation plan at any given time. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 12A.006; 19 TAC 102.1311</i>			
Amendment, Rescission, or Renewal of Local	A local innovation plan may be amended, rescinded, or renewed if the action is approved by a vote of the district-level committee [see BQA] and a two-thirds majority vote of the board of trustees.			
Innovation Plan	An amendment to an approved plan does not change the date of the term of designation as an innovation district. Exemptions that were already formally approved are not required to be reviewed.			
	A district must notify TEA within five business days of rescission and provide a date at which time it will be in compliance with all sections of the Education Code, but no later than the start of the following school year.			
	During renewal, all sections of the plan and exemptions shall be re- viewed, and the district must follow all components outlined in 19 Administrative Code 102.1307 relating to Adoption of Local Innova- tion Plans.			
	The district shall notify the commissioner of any actions taken along with the associated exemptions and local approval dates.			
	Education Code 12A.007; 19 TAC 102.1313			
Website Posting	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of the district's current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's internet website. <i>Education Code 12A.0071(a); 19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>			
	The district's innovation plan must be clearly posted on the dis- trict's website for the term of the designation as an innovation dis- trict. <i>19 TAC 102.1307(f)</i>			
Criminal History Background Checks	A prohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (district employee and volunteer criminal history records), applies to the same extent to a district of innovation or other charter entity.			

	unde Infoi Emp	failure of a district of innovation to provide information required er Education Code 22.0832 (National Criminal History Record rmation Review of Certain Open-Enrollment Charter School ployees) may result in termination of the district's designation district of innovation.	
	Edu	cation Code 22.0815(b)–(c)	
Termination by Commissioner Discretionary	The commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- trict of innovation if the district receives for two consecutive school years:		
Termination	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;	
	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or	
	3.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054 for one of the school years and an unac- ceptable financial accountability rating under Education Code 39.082 for the other school year.	
	vatio	commissioner may permit the district to amend the local inno- on plan to address concerns specified by the commissioner in of terminating the district's designation.	
	Edu	cation Code 12A.008(a)–(b); 19 TAC 102.1315(a)(1)–(a)(2)	
	trict	commissioner may terminate a district's designation as a dis- of innovation if the district fails to comply with the duty to dis- ge or refuse to hire:	
	1.	Certain employees or applicants for employment under Edu- cation Code 12.1059;	
	2.	Certain employees or applicants convicted of certain offenses under Education Code 22.085; or	
	3.	Certain employees or applicants not eligible for employment in public schools under Education Code 22.092.	
	19 7 DF]	TAC 102.1315(a)(3); Education Code 12A.008(b-1) [See DBAA,	
Mandatory Termination	trict	commissioner shall terminate a district's designation as a dis- of innovation if the district receives for three consecutive ool years:	
	1.	A final unacceptable academic performance rating under Edu- cation Code 39.054;	

	2.	A final unacceptable financial accountability rating under Edu- cation Code 39.082; or
	3.	Any combination of one or more unacceptable ratings Educa- tion Code 39.054 and one or more unacceptable ratings un- der Education Code 39.082.
	Edι	ucation Code 12A.008(c); 19 TAC 102.1315(b)
No Appeal	as a	e commissioner's decision to terminate a district's designation a district of innovation is final and may not be appealed. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 12A.008(d); 19 TAC 102.1315(d)</i>

Bellville ISD 008901				
ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND	PERF	ORM	IANCE INDICATORS	AIA (LEGAL)
Accreditation	(TE TEA	Each district must be accredited by Texas Education Agency (TEA). A district that is not accredited may not receive funds from TEA or hold itself out as operating a public school of this state. <i>Education Code 11.001, 39.052(f)</i>		
	Coo sior cha	le Ch her of pter E	ccreditation is determined in accordance with Edu apter 39, Subchapter C and rules adopted by the education at 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 97 EE (related to Accreditation Status, Standards, an ducation Code 39.051	commis- , Sub-
Statuses			missioner shall determine criteria for the following tuses:	accredi-
	1.	a pu min and is ne	redited. Accredited means TEA recognizes the di ublic school of this state that meets the standards ed by the commissioner under Education Code 3 (c), and specified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1 of currently assigned an accreditation status of Ac rned or Accredited-Probation;	deter- 9.052(b) 059; and
	2.	hibit trati	redited-Warned. Accredited-Warned means the d s deficiencies in performance, as specified in 19 ve Code 97.1055(b), that, if not addressed, will le pation or revocation of its accreditation status;	Adminis-
	3.	exh min	redited-Probation. Accredited-Probation means the bits deficiencies in performance, as specified in strative Code 97.1055(c), that must be addresse id revocation of its accreditation status; and	19 Ad-
	4.	TEA bec ards 39.0	Accredited-Revoked. Not Accredited-Revoked m does not recognize the district as a Texas public ause the district's performance has failed to meet adopted by the commissioner under Education (052(b) and (c), and specified in 19 Administrative (055(d).	school stand- Code
	Edι	icatio	n Code 39.051; 19 TAC 97.1055(a)(1)	
Annual Evaluation	tus	ofea	r, the commissioner shall determine the accredita ch district. In determining the accreditation status commissioner:	
	1.	Sha	Il evaluate and consider performance:	
		a.	On achievement indicators under Education Co 39.053 [see Performance Indicators, below]; an	

		b.	ope	er the financial accountability rating system devel- d under Education Code, Chapter 39, Subchapter D c CFA].
	2.	Мау	eval	uate and consider:
		a.	requ	district's compliance with statutory requirements and irements imposed by rule of the commissioner or e Board of Education that relate to:
			(1)	Reporting data through the Public Education Infor- mation Management System (PEIMS) or other re- ports required by state or federal law or court order;
			(2)	High school graduation requirements; or
			(3)	Extracurricular activities, student health and safety, purchasing, elementary class size limits, removal of a disruptive student from the classroom, at-risk pro- grams, and prekindergarten programs;
		b.		effectiveness of the district's programs for special ulations; and
	each	C.		effectiveness of the district's career and technology ram.
		h disti	rict ar	strict's performance, the commissioner shall assign n accreditation status or revoke the accreditation of l order closure of the district.
	the mar	distric nce of	t's pe one	reditation status may be raised or lowered based on erformance or may be lowered based on the perfor- or more campuses in the district that is below a red by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter C.
	Edu	catior	n Coc	le 7.056(e)(3)(C)-(l), 39.052; 19 TAC 97.1055
				information on the commissioner process for assign- on status, see 19 Administrative Code 97.1055.
Notice of Status	an a tion	accrec	litatio camp	oner shall notify a district if the district has received on status of accredited-warned or accredited-proba- ous's performance is below standard. <i>Education</i>
To Parents and Property Owners	acci ents disti	redite of st rict as	d-pro udent spec	ned an accreditation status of accredited-warned, bation, or not accredited-revoked shall notify the par- ts enrolled in the district and property owners in the cified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1055. The dis- ust contain information about the accreditation sta-

ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

	tus, the implications of such status, and the steps the district is tak- ing to address the areas of deficiency identified by the commis- sioner. The district's notice shall use the format and language de- termined by the commissioner.
	The district's notice must:
	 Not later than 30 calendar days after the accreditation status is assigned, appear on the home page of the district's web- site, with a link to the required notification, and remain until the district is assigned the accredited status; and
	 Appear in a newspaper of general circulation, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 97.1051 (relating to Definitions), in the district for three consecutive days as follows:
	 a. From Sunday through Tuesday of the second week fol- lowing assignment of the status; or
	 b. If the newspaper is not published from Sunday through Tuesday, then for three consecutive issues of the news- paper beginning the second week following assignment of the status; or
	 Not later than 30 calendar days after the status is assigned, be sent by first class mail addressed individually to each par- ent of a student enrolled in the district and each property owner in the district; or
	4. Not later than 30 calendar days after the status is assigned, be presented as a discussion item in a public meeting of the board of trustees conducted at a time and location that allows parents of students enrolled in the district and property own- ers in the district to attend and provide public comment.
To TEA	A district required to act under this subsection shall send the fol- lowing to TEA via certified mail, return receipt requested:
	1. The universal resource locator (URL) for the link to the notifi- cation required above; and
	 Copies of the notice in the newspaper showing dates of publi- cation, or a paid invoice showing the notice content and its dates of publication; or
	 Copies of the notice sent by mail and copies of all mailing lists and postage receipts; or
	4. Copies of the notice presented at a public meeting and copies of the board of trustees meeting notice and minutes for the

ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

		board meeting in which the notice was presented and publicly discussed.
	19	TAC 97.1055(f)
Performance Indicators	lear indi	commissioner shall adopt a set of indicators of the quality of ning and achievement, including three domains of achievement cators. [See Achievement Indicators, below] <i>Education Code</i> 053(a)
		indicators must measure and evaluate districts and campuses respect to:
	1.	Improving student preparedness for success in subsequent grade levels and entering the workforce, the military, or post-secondary education;
	2.	Reducing, with the goal of eliminating, student academic achievement differentials among students from different racial and ethnic groups and socioeconomic backgrounds; and
	3.	Informing parents and the community regarding campus and district performance.
	Edu	cation Code 39.053(a-1)
Achievement Indicators		ricts and campuses must be evaluated based on indicators of ievement grouped in three domains:
	1.	Student achievement domain;
	2.	School progress domain; and
	3.	Closing the gaps domain.
	Edu	cation Code 39.053(c)
	sha mus	formance on the achievement indicators in the three domains Il be compared to state-established standards. The indicators at be based on information that is disaggregated by race, eth- cy, and socioeconomic status. <i>Education Code 39.053(b)</i>
		h school district shall submit the data required for the indicators ne commissioner. <i>Education Code 39.053(i)</i>
A–F Performance Ratings	pus	commissioner shall adopt rules to evaluate district and cam- performance and assign each district and campus an overall formance rating of A, B, C, D, or F.
	sha mar	ddition to the overall performance rating, the commissioner Il assign each district and campus a separate domain perfor- nce rating of A, B, C, D, or F for each domain under Education le 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, above].
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	4 of 7

AIA(LEGAL)-P

ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

An overall or domain performance rating of:

	1.	A reflects exemplary performance.
	2.	B reflects recognized performance.
	3.	C reflects acceptable performance.
	4.	D reflects performance that needs improvement.
	5.	F reflects unacceptable performance.
	of A or d acco dom nize	strict may not receive an overall or domain performance rating if the district includes any campus with a corresponding overall omain performance rating of D or F. A reference in law to an eptable rating or acceptable performance includes an overall or nain performance rating of A, B, C, or D or exemplary, recog- ed, or acceptable performance, or performance that needs im- vement.
	dom met that	purposes of assigning districts and campuses an overall and a nain performance rating, the commissioner shall ensure that the hod used to evaluate performance is implemented in a manner provides the mathematical possibility that all districts and cam- es receive an A rating.
	eac	later than August 15 of each year, the performance ratings of h district and campus shall be made publicly available as pro-
	Edu	cation Code 39.054(a), (a-3), (b)
Local Accountability System	corr trict The	local accountability system rating standards established by the missioner under Education Code 39.0544 shall be used by dis- s to locally evaluate the performance of districts and campuses. procedures and criteria required to determine campus grades he districts will be annually published in official TEA publica- s.
		ngs may be revised as a result of investigative activities by the missioner as authorized under Education Code 39.057(d) and
	syst	specific criteria and standards used in the local accountability tem manual are established annually by the commissioner and imunicated to all districts.
	19	TAC 97.1003(a), (c)–(d)
Campus Performance Ratings		strict authorized to assign campus performance ratings shall luate the performance of each campus and assign each cam-
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115)	5 of 7

ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

	mar bility	a performance rating of A, B, C, D, or F for overall perfor- nce and for each locally developed domain or set of accounta- / measures. Not later than a date established by the commis- er, the district shall:			
	1.	Report the performance ratings to the agency; and			
	2.	Make the performance ratings available to the public as pro- vided by commissioner rule.			
	Edu	cation Code 39.0544(e)			
	assi assi base acce acce ratir nize	district has been approved under Education Code 39.0544 to gn campus performance ratings and the commissioner has not gned a campus overall performance rating of D or F, the com- sioner shall assign the campus an overall performance rating ed on the district-assigned performance rating under the local puntability system. A reference in law to an acceptable rating or eptable performance includes an overall domain performance ng of A, B, C, or D or performance that is exemplary, recog- d, or acceptable performance, or performance that needs im- vement. Education Code 39.054(a)			
Distinction Designations for Outstanding Performance	stan trict perf	commissioner shall award distinction designations for out- ding performance. A distinction designation awarded to a dis- or campus shall be referenced directly in connection with the ormance rating assigned to the district or campus and made licly available together with the A–F performance ratings.			
	unle	strict or campus may not be awarded a distinction designation ass the district or campus has acceptable performance under A–F performance ratings.			
	Edu	cation Code 39.201			
Academic Distinction	tion taini	commissioner shall establish an academic distinction designa- for districts and campuses for outstanding performance in at- ment of postsecondary readiness based on the commissioner's pted criteria. <i>Education Code</i> 39.202			
Campus Distinction		commissioner shall award a campus a distinction designation outstanding performance in:			
	1.	Improvement in student achievement;			
	2.	Closing student achievement differentials; and			
	3.	Academic achievement in English language arts, mathemat- ics, science, or social studies.			
	Education Code 39.203				

Education Code 39.203

ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

	stan	ding p	nissioner may award a distinction designation for out- performance in advanced middle or junior high school stu- evement. <i>Education Code 39.203(d)</i>		
Excellence Exemptions	plar the	Except as listed below, a district or campus that is rated A (exem- plary) is exempt from requirements and prohibitions imposed under the Education Code, including regulations adopted under the Edu- cation Code.			
	An e	An exemplary campus or district is not exempt from:			
	1.	A prohibition on conduct that constitutes a criminal offe			
	2.	Requirements imposed by federal law or rule, including re quirements for special education or bilingual education pro grams;			
	3.	A red	quirement, restriction, or prohibition relating to:		
		a.	Curriculum essential knowledge and skills or high school graduation requirements;		
		b.	Public school accountability;		
		C.	Extracurricular activities;		
		d.	Health and safety;		
		e.	Purchasing;		
		f.	Elementary class size limits;		
		g.	Removal of a disruptive student from the classroom;		
		h.	At-risk programs;		
		i.	Prekindergarten programs;		
		j.	Rights and benefits of school employees;		
		k.	Special education programs; or		
		I.	Bilingual education programs.		
	size will l acad	limits be tak demic	nissioner may exempt an exemplary campus from class if the campus submits a written plan showing steps that ten to ensure that the exemption will not be harmful to the achievement of the students on the school campus. If he exemption remains in effect until the commissioner de-		

Education Code 39.232

termines that achievement levels of the campus have declined.

Bellville ISD 008901		
ACCOUNTABILITY PERFORMANCE REPO	RTIN	G (LEGAL)
District Annual Report	tiona that mati	board shall publish an annual report describing the educa- al performance of the district and of each campus in the district includes uniform student performance and descriptive infor- on as determined under rules adopted by the commissioner of cation. <i>Education Code 39.306(a)</i>
Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR)	(TEA ader infor and state the o and expla	performance report provided by the Texas Education Agency A) under Education Code 39.306 shall be termed the Texas Ac- mic Performance Report (TAPR). The intent of the TAPR is to m the public about the educational performance of the district of each campus in the district in relation to the district, the e, and a comparable group of schools. The TAPR will present campus performance information as well as the student, staff, financial information required by statute. It will also include any anations and additional information deemed appropriate to the ht of the report.
	distr	district may not alter the report provided by TEA. However, the ict may concurrently provide additional information to the pub- nat supplements or explains information in the TAPR.
	19 T	AC 61.1022(a)–(b), (e); Education Code 39.306(d)
Other Annual	The	annual report must also include:
Report Information	1.	Campus performance objectives established under Education Code 11.253 and the progress of each campus toward those objectives, which shall be available to the public;
	2.	Information indicating the district's accreditation status and identifying each district campus awarded a distinction designation or considered an unacceptable campus under Education Code Chapter 39A;
	3.	The district's current special education compliance status with the agency;
	4.	A statement of the number, rate, and type of violent or crimi- nal incidents that occurred on each district campus, to the ex- tent permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Pri- vacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g);
	5.	Information concerning school violence prevention and vio- lence intervention policies and procedures that the district is using to protect students;
	6.	The findings that result from evaluations conducted under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);

- 7. Information received under Education Code 51.403(e) for each high school campus in the district, presented in a form determined by the commissioner; and
- 8. Progress of the district and each campus in the district toward meeting the goals set in the district's early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans [see EA].

Education Code 39.306(a)

The report must include a statement of the amount, if any, of the school district's unencumbered surplus fund balance as of the last day of the preceding fiscal year and the percentage of the preceding year's budget that the surplus represents. *Education Code* 39.306(g)

The report must also include the number of school counselors providing counseling services at each campus. *Education Code 39.306(d-1)*

The report may include the following information:

- 1. Student information, including total enrollment, enrollment by ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and grade groupings and retention rates;
- 2. Financial information, including revenues and expenditures;
- 3. Staff information, including number and type of staff by sex, ethnicity, years of experience, and highest degree held; teacher and administrator salaries; and teacher turnover;
- Program information, including student enrollment by program, teachers by program, and instructional operating expenditures by program; and
- 5. The number of students placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) under Education Code Chapter 37.

Education Code 39.306(e)

Supplemental information to be included in the reports shall be determined by the board. *Education Code* 39.306(b)

Public Hearing The board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the report. The board shall give notice of the hearing to property owners in the district and parents of and other persons standing in parental relation to a district student. The notice of hearing must include notice to a newspaper of general circulation in the district and notice to electronic media serving the district. *Education Code* 39.306(c)

Bellville ISD 008901			
ACCOUNTABILITY AIE PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LEGAL)			
	A board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the TAPR within 90 days after the report is received from TEA. The hearing may take place during a regularly scheduled or special meeting of the board. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(c)</i>		
Publication	The TAPR must be published within two weeks after the public hearing, in the same format as it was received from TEA. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(d)</i>		
	The board shall disseminate the report by posting it on the district website and in public places, such as each school office, local businesses, and public libraries. <i>Education Code</i> 39.306(c); 19 TAC 61.1022(f)		
Report Uses	The information in the annual report shall be a primary considera- tion in district and campus planning. It shall also be a primary con- sideration of the board in the evaluation of the performance of the superintendent, and of the superintendent in the evaluation of the performance of campus principals. <i>Education Code</i> 39.307		
Campus Performance Report	Each school year, TEA shall prepare and distribute to each district a report card for each campus. The campus report card distributed by TEA shall be termed the "school" report card (SRC). The intent of the SRC is to inform each student's parents or guardians about the school's performance and characteristics. The SRC will present the student, staff, financial, and performance information required by statute, as well as any explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to the intent of the report.		
Distribution	The district must disseminate each SRC within six weeks after the SRC is received from TEA. The school may not alter the report provided by TEA; however, it may concurrently provide additional information to the parents or guardians that supplements or explains information in the SRC.		
	The SRC must be distributed to the parent, guardian, conservator, or other person having lawful control of each student at the cam- pus. On written request, a district shall provide a copy of the SRC to any other party.		
	The campus administration may provide the SRC in the same manner it would normally transmit official communications to par- ents and guardians, such as including the SRC in a weekly folder sent home with each student, mailing it to the student's residence, providing it at a teacher-parent conference, enclosing it with the student report card, or sending it via electronic mail.		
	Education Code 39.305: 19 TAC 61.1021		

Education Code 39.305; 19 TAC 61.1021

Website Notices	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district that maintains an internet website shall make the following information available:				
	1.	The information in the most recent campus report card for each campus in the district;			
	2.	The information contained in the most recent performance report for the district;			
	3.	The most recent accreditation status and performance rating of the district; and			
	4.	A definition and explanation of each accreditation status, based on commissioner rule.			
	Edu	cation Code 39.362			
Student Performance Report	belo nece ble, the e	h year, TEA shall report to a district whether each student fell w, met, or exceeded the necessary target for improvement essary to be prepared to perform satisfactorily on, as applica- the grade five assessments, the grade eight assessments, and end-of-course assessments required for graduation. <i>Education</i> <i>de 39.034, .302</i>			
Notice to Parents	impr dent stud distr cess men asse	district a student attends shall provide a record of the annual rovement information from TEA in a written notice to the stu- it's parent or other person standing in parental relationship. If a ent failed to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment, the fict shall include in the notice specific information relating to ac- to online educational resources at the appropriate assess- ti instrument content level, including educational resources and essment instrument questions and released answers. <i>Educa- Code 39.303</i>			
Notice to Teachers and Students		strict shall prepare a report of the annual improvement infor- on and provide the report at the beginning of the school year			
	1.	Each teacher for all students, including incoming students, who took a state assessment; and			
	2.	All students who were provided instruction by that teacher in the subject for which the assessment instrument was adminis- tered.			
	The report shall indicate whether the student performed satisfacto- rily or, if the student did not perform satisfactorily, whether the stu- dent met the standard for annual improvement.				
	Education Code 39.304				

Quality of Learning Indicators	The commissioner shall also adopt indicators of the quality of learning for the purpose of preparing performance reports. Performance on the indicators shall be evaluated in the same manner provided for evaluation of the achievement indicators under Education Code 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, AIA].				
	The quality of learning indicators must include:				
	1.	The percentage of graduating students who meet the course requirements for the foundation high school program, the dis- tinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school program, and each endorsement described by Educa- tion Code 28.025(c-1) [see EIF];			
	2.	The results of the SAT, ACT, and certified workforce training programs;			
	3.	For students who have failed to satisfy the state standard on an assessment, the performance of those students on subse- quent assessments, aggregated by grade level and subject area;			
	4.	For each campus, the number of students, disaggregated by major student subpopulations, who take courses under the foundation high school program and take additional courses to earn an endorsement, disaggregated by type of endorse- ment;			
	5.	The percentage of students, aggregated by grade level, pro- vided accelerated instruction under after unsatisfactory perfor- mance on a state assessment; the results of assessment in- struments administered under the accelerated instruction program; the percentage of students promoted through the grade placement committee process; the subject of the as- sessment instrument on which each student failed to perform satisfactorily under each performance standard; and the per- formance of those students in the school year following that promotion on the state assessments;			
	6.	The percentage of students of limited English proficiency ex- empted from the administration of an assessment;			
	7.	The percentage of students in a special education program assessed through alternative assessment instruments;			
	8.	The percentage of students who satisfy the college readiness measure;			
	q	The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency			

9. The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency for students of limited English proficiency;

	10.	The percentage of students who are not educationally disad- vantaged;
	11.	The percentage of students who enroll and begin instruction at an institution of higher education in the school year follow- ing high school graduation; and
	12.	The percentage of students who successfully complete the first year of instruction at an institution of higher education without needing a developmental education course.
	Edu	cation Code 39.301
Results Driven Accountability (RDA)	Resu perfo cation, tion, law. study perfo	ccordance with Education Code 7.028(a), the purpose of the ults Driven Accountability (RDA) is to report annually on the ormance of districts in selected program areas: bilingual edu- on/English as a Second Language, career and technical educa- special education, and certain Title programs under federal The performance of a district is reported through indicators of ent performance and program effectiveness and corresponding ormance levels established by the commissioner. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>005; Education Code 7.028(a)</i>
Federal Report Card	an a	strict that receives Title I funding shall prepare and disseminate nnual federal report card that includes information on the dis- as a whole and each school within the district.
Implementation	stan lang lic, w site. repo	federal report card shall be concise; presented in an under- dable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable, in a uage that parents can understand; and accessible to the pub- /hich shall include placing the report card on the district's web- lf the district does not operate a website, the information in the rt card must be provided to the public in another manner deter- ed by the district.
Minimum Requirements	annu	federal report card shall include the information required in the ual state report card described at 20 U.S.C. $6311(h)(1)(C)$, as ied to the district and each school served by the district, includ-
	1.	In the case of the district, information that shows how stu- dents served by the district achieved on state academic as- sessments compared to students in the state as a whole;
	2.	In the case of a school, information that shows how the school's students' achievement on state academic assessments compared to students served by the district and the state as a whole; and

	3.	ate bers eac	other information that the district determines is appropri- and will best provide parents, students, and other mem- s of the public with information regarding the progress of h public school served by the district, whether or not such rmation is included in the annual state report card.	
	20	U.S.C	c. 6311(h)(2)	
District Data on Academic Achievement	of tl ach	ne bo ieven	est by the board, TEA shall create a website that members ard may use to review campus and district academic ment data. The website must also be made available to as in a similar manner that access is provided to the board.	
	The	web	site must:	
	1.	sex	ude district information, disaggregated by campus, grade, , race, academic quarter or semester, as applicable, and ool year, regarding the following:	
		a.	Student academic achievement and growth;	
		b.	Teacher and student attendance; and	
		C.	Student discipline records; and	
	2.	Be	updated at least once each quarter of the school year.	
member to compare the district's		missioner shall provide information that permits a board to compare the district's academic performance with the c performance of other districts of similar size and racial nomic demographics.		
	A district must provide requested information to the commissioner for the creation of the website. Confidential information received be the commissioner remains confidential. The commissioner shall de sign the website to ensure that public information is made availabe to the public, and information submitted by districts noted as confi- dential is not made available to the public.			
	mitt TEA	ed to A may	t for public information under this provision shall be sub- the district that provides the agency with the information. not release information submitted by a district that is confidential information.	
	Edι	icatio	n Code 11.1516	

Table of Contents	Interventions and Sanctions for School Districts	3				
	Grounds for Commissioner Action	3				
	Conservator or Management Team	4				
	Board of Managers	5				
	Revocation of Accreditation	5				
	Intervention to Improve High School Completion Rate	6				
	Campus Intervention Team and Targeted Improvement Plan 6					
	Actions Based on Campus Performance	6				
	Texas Accountability Intervention System	7				
	Campus Intervention Team	8				
	Public Hearing	.10				
	Submission to Commissioner	.10				
	Executing Plan	.10				
	Needs Improvement Rating	.11				
	Campus Planning and Site-Based Decision-Making	.11				
	Submission of Campus Improvement Plan	.12				
	Compliance Through Federal Accountability	.12				
	Campus Turnaround Plan	.12				
	Updated Targeted Improvement Plan	.12				
	Public Notice	.13				
	Submission and Approval	.13				
	Implementation	.13				
	Required Contents	.13				
	ACE Turnaround Plan	.14				
	Implementing Entities	.15				
	Commissioner Approval or Rejection	.16				
	Implementation	.17				
	Assistance and Partnerships	.17				
	Change in Campus Performance Rating	.17				
	Continued Unacceptable Performance Rating	.17				
	Repurposing of Closed Campus	.18				
	Student Enrollment and Assignment	.18				
	Targeted Technical Assistance	.19				
	Commissioner Authority	.19				
	Alternative Management	.19				
	Solicitation of Proposals	.19				

Qualifications of Managing Entity	20
Contract with Managing Entity	20
Return of Management to District	22
Applicability of Accountability Provisions	22
Funding	22
Open Meetings and Public Information	22
Board of Managers	22
General Powers and Duties	22
Board of Managers of District	23
Board of Managers of Campus	23
Composition of Board of Managers	23
Training of Board of Managers	23
Compensation	24
Replacement of Member of Board of Managers	24
Expiration of Appointment	24
Removal of Board of Managers	25
Challenge of Intervention or Sanction	25
Review of Sanctions by SOAH	25
Annual Review	25
Increasing Intensity	26
Special Accreditation Investigations	26
Commissioner Action	28
Miscellaneous Provisions	28
Acquisition of Professional Services	28
Costs Paid by District	28
Monitoring Reviews and On-Site Investigations	29
Immunity from Civil Liability	29
Campus Name Change Prohibited	30
Transitional Interventions and Sanctions	30
Special Program Performance: Intervention Stages	30
Intervention Pause	30
Failure to Submit EOP	31
Student Board Member	31

Interventions and Sanctions for School Districts	thor	ized b	missioner of education shall take any of the actions au- by Education Code, Chapter 39A, Subchapter A, to the ex- commissioner determines necessary if:		
Grounds for Commissioner	1.	 A district does not satisfy: 			
Action		a.	The accreditation criteria under Education Code 39.052 [see AIA];		
		b.	The academic performance standards under Education Code 39.053 or 39.054 [see AIA]; or		
		C.	Any financial accountability standard as determined by commissioner rule [see CFA]; or		
	2.	the	commissioner considers the action to be appropriate on basis of a special accreditation investigation under Educa-Code 39.057.		
	Edu	catio	n Code 39A.001		
Authorized Commissioner	If a district is subject to commissioner action, the commissioner may:				
Actions	1.	lssu	e public notice of the deficiency to the board;		
	2.		er a hearing to be conducted by the board to notify the lic of:		
		a.	The insufficient performance;		
		b.	The improvements in performance expected by the Texas Education Agency (TEA); and		
		C.	The interventions and sanctions that may be imposed if the performance does not improve;		
	3.	plan der mar	er the preparation of a student achievement improvement that addresses each academic achievement indicator un- Education Code 39.053(c) for which the district's perfor- nce is insufficient, the submission of the plan to the com- sioner for approval, and the implementation of the plan;		
	4.	com and distr	er a hearing to be held before the commissioner or the missioner's designee at which the president of the board the district's superintendent shall appear and explain the rict's low performance, lack of improvement, and plans for rovement;		
	5.	Arra	inge a monitoring review of the district;		
	6.		oint a TEA monitor to participate in and report to TEA on activities of the board or superintendent;		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			3 of 31		

- Appoint a conservator to oversee the operations of the district;
- 8. Appoint a management team to direct the operations of the district in areas of insufficient performance or require the district to obtain certain services under a contract with another person; or
- 9. Authorize the district to enter into a memorandum of understanding with an institution of higher education that provides for the assistance of the institution of higher education in improving the district's performance.

Education Code 39A.002

Regardless of whether the commissioner lowers a district's status or rating, the commissioner may take action under Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A or 19 Administrative Code 97.1057 if the commissioner determines that the action is necessary to improve any area of performance by the district or campus.

Subject to 19 Administrative Code 97.1057(h)–(k), once the commissioner takes action under 19 Administrative Code Subchapter EE (accreditation status, standards, and sanctions), the commissioner may impose on the district or campus any other sanction under Education Code Chapter 39 or 39A, or Subchapter EE, singly or in combination, to the extent the commissioner determines is reasonably required to achieve the purposes specified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1053.

19 TAC 97.1057(c), (e)

In making a determination to impose district and campus accreditation sanctions under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 97, Subchapter EE, the commissioner shall meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 97.1059. *19 TAC 97.1059*

Conservator or Management Team The commissioner shall clearly define the powers and duties of a conservator or management team appointed to oversee the operations of a district.

At least every 90 days, the commissioner shall review the need for the conservator or management team and shall remove the conservator or management team unless the commissioner determines that continued appointment is necessary for effective governance of the district or delivery of instructional services.

A conservator or management team, if directed by the commissioner, shall prepare a plan for the implementation of the appointment of a board of managers or the revocation of accreditation.

The conservator or management team may:

- 1. Direct an action to be taken by the principal of a campus, the superintendent of the district, or the board; and
- 2. Approve or disapprove any action of the principal of a campus, the superintendent of the district, or the board.

The conservator or management team may not:

- 1. Take any action concerning a district election, including ordering or canceling an election or altering the date of or the polling places for an election;
- 2. Change the number of or method of selecting the board;
- 3. Set a tax rate for the district; and
- 4. Adopt a budget for the district that provides for spending a different amount, exclusive of required debt service, from that previously adopted by the board.

Education Code 39A.003

Regardless of whether a district has satisfied the accreditation criteria, if for two consecutive school years, including the current school year, a district has had a conservator or management team assigned, the commissioner may appoint a board of managers, a majority of whom must be residents of the district, to exercise the powers and duties of the board of trustees. For purposes of this subsection, a school year begins on the first day of instruction and includes any portion of the school year. *19 TAC 97.1057(d); Education Code 39A.006(b)*

- Board of Managers The commissioner may appoint a board of managers to exercise the powers and duties of a district's board if the district is subject to commissioner action and:
 - 1. Has a current accreditation status of accredited-warned or accredited-probation;
 - Fails to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e); or
 - 3. Fails to satisfy financial accountability standards as determined by commissioner rule.

Education Code 39A.004

Revocation of Accreditation of a district if the district is subject to commissioner action, and for two consecutive school years, including the current school year, the district has:

	1.	Received an accreditation status of accredited-warned or ac- credited-probation;	
	2.	Failed to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e); or	
	3.	Failed to satisfy financial accountability standards as deter- mined by commissioner rule.	
	In ao may	ddition to revoking a district's accreditation, the commissioner	
	1.	Order closure of the district and annex the district to one or more adjoining districts under Education Code 13.054; or	
	2.	In the case of a home-rule school district, order closure of all programs operated under the district's charter.	
	Edu	cation Code 39A.005	
Intervention to Improve High School Completion Rate	If a district is subject to commissioner action and the district has failed to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e) be- cause of the district's dropout rates, the commissioner may impose sanctions against a district designed to improve high school com- pletion rates, including:		
	1.	Ordering the development of a dropout prevention plan for approval by the commissioner;	
	2.	Restructuring the district or appropriate campuses to improve identification of and service to students who are at risk of dropping out of school, as defined by Education Code 29.081;	
	3.	Ordering lower student-to-counselor ratios on campuses with high dropout rates; and	
	4.	Ordering the use of any other intervention strategy effective in reducing dropout rates, including mentor programs and flexible class scheduling.	
	Education Code 39A.007		
Campus Intervention Team and Targeted	If the performance of a campus is below any standard under a cation Code 39.054(e), the commissioner shall:		
Improvement Plan Actions Based on Campus	1.	Take actions, to the extent the commissioner determines nec- essary, as provided by Education Code, Chapter 39A; and	
Performance	2.	Assign a campus intervention team.	
		ne extent the commissioner determines necessary, the com- sioner may:	

		1.	Order a hearing to be held before the commissioner or the commissioner's designee at which the president of the board, the superintendent, and the campus principal shall appear and explain the campus's low performance, lack of improve- ment, and plans for improvement; or		
		2.	Establish a school community partnership team composed of members of the campus-level planning and decision-making committee and additional community representatives as de- termined appropriate by the commissioner.		
		Edu	ication Code 39A.051		
	Texas Accountability Intervention System		If a campus's performance is below any standard under Education Code 39.054(e), the campus shall engage in interventions as de- scribed by TEA. The commissioner shall assign members to a campus intervention team as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 97.1063 and Education Code 39A.052. The campus shall establish a campus leadership team (CLT) that includes the campus princi- pal and other campus leaders responsible for the development, im- plementation, and monitoring of the targeted improvement plan.		
			If a campus is assigned an unacceptable rating under Education Code 39.054(e):		
		1.	For a second consecutive year, the campus must engage in the processes outlined in this provision, and the campus must develop a campus turnaround plan to be approved by the commissioner.		
		2.	For a third or fourth consecutive year, the campus must en- gage in the processes outlined in this provision, and the cam- pus must implement the commissioner-approved campus turnaround plan as described in 19 Administrative Code 97.1064.		
		3.	For a fifth consecutive year, the commissioner shall order the appointment of a board of managers to govern the district or the closure of the campus.		
			Based on a campus's progress toward improvement, the commis- sioner may order a hearing if a campus's performance is below any standard under Education Code 39.054(e).		
			Interventions and sanctions listed under this provision begin upon release of preliminary ratings and may be adjusted based on final accountability ratings.		
		19	TAC 97.1061(a)–(c), (e)–(i)		

Campus Intervention Team	The campus intervention team shall follow the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 97.1061 and Education Code 39.106.					
	A campus intervention team assigned by the commissioner may in- clude teachers, principals, other educational professionals, and su- perintendents recognized for excellence in their roles and ap- pointed by the commissioner to serve as members of a team. <i>Education Code 39A.052</i>					
	A campus intervention team must include a district coordinator of school improvement (DCSI) and the campus principal's direct supervisor, if the DCSI is not the campus principal's direct supervisor. The DCSI must submit gualifications to TEA for approval.					
	An education professional, approved through an application either by TEA or TEA's technical assistance provider, who is not an em- ployee of the campus or district, shall assist with the needs assess- ment.					
	19 TAC 97.1063(b)–(c)					
On-Site Needs	A campus intervention team shall:					
Assessment	1. Conduct, with the involvement and advice of the school com- munity partnership team, if applicable:					
	 a. If the commissioner determines necessary, a compre- hensive on-site needs assessment; or 					
	 A targeted on-site needs assessment relevant to an area of insufficient performance of the campus; and 					
	2. Recommend appropriate actions as provided by Education Code 39A.054.					
	An on-site needs assessment must determine the factors resulting n the campus's low performance and lack of progress, including he contributing education-related factors.					
	In conducting a comprehensive on-site needs assessment, the campus intervention team shall use each of the guidelines and procedures at Education Code 39A.053(c) and 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(d).					
	In conducting a targeted on-site needs assessment, the campus in- tervention team shall use the appropriate guidelines and proce- dures described above relevant to each area of insufficient perfor- mance.					
	Education Code 39A.053					

Recommen- dations	On completing the on-site needs assessment, the campus inter- vention team shall, with the involvement and advice of the school community partnership team, if applicable, recommend actions re- lating to any area of insufficient performance, including:				
	1.	Reallocation of resources;			
	2.	Technical assistance;			
	3.	Changes in school procedures or operations;			
	4.	Staff development for instructional and administrative staff;			
	5.	Intervention for individual administrators or teachers;			
	6.	Waivers from state statutes or rules;			
	7.	Teacher recruitment or retention strategies and incentives provided by the district to attract and retain appropriately certi- fied and experienced teachers; or			
	8.	Other actions the campus intervention team considers appropriate.			
	Education Code 39A.054				
Targeted Improvement	In addition to the duties relating to the on-site needs assessment, the campus intervention team shall:				
Plan	1.	Assist the campus in developing a targeted improvement plan;			
	2.	Conduct a public meeting at the campus with the campus principal, the members of the campus-level planning and de- cision-making committee, parents of students attending the campus, and community members residing in the district to review the campus performance rating and solicit input for the development of the targeted improvement plan [see Notice of Public Meeting, below];			
	3.	Assist the campus in submitting the targeted improvement plan to the board for approval and presenting the plan in a public hearing [see Public Hearing, below]; and			
	4.	Assist the commissioner in monitoring the progress of the campus in executing the targeted improvement plan.			
	Education Code 39A.055; 19 TAC 97.1061(d)(3)–(4)				
Notice of Public Meeting	The campus intervention team must provide written notice of the public meeting to the parents of students attending the campus and post notice of the meeting on the campus's internet website.				

	The notice must include the date, time, and place of the meeting. <i>Education Code</i> 39A.056				
	The public must be notified of the meeting 15 days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, local newspapers, or other media that reach the general public, and the parent liaison, if present on the campus. <i>19 TAC 97.1061(d)(3)(A)(2)</i>				
Public Hearing	After a targeted improvement plan or an updated targeted improve- ment plan is submitted to the board, the board shall conduct a hearing to:				
	1.	Notif	y the public of:		
		a.	The insufficient performance of the campus;		
		b.	The improvements in performance expected by TEA; and		
		C.	The intervention measures or sanctions that may be imposed under Education Code, Chapter 39A if the performance does not improve within a designated period; and		
	2.		it public comment on the targeted improvement plan or ated targeted improvement plan.		
	The board must post the targeted improvement plan on the dis- trict's internet website before the hearing.				
	The board may conduct one hearing relating to one or more cam- puses subject to a targeted improvement plan or an updated tar- geted improvement plan.				
	Education Code 39A.057				
Submission to Commissioner	The board shall submit the targeted improvement plan or updated targeted improvement plan to the commissioner for approval. The campus intervention team shall assist the campus in submitting the targeted improvement plan to the commissioner. <i>Education Code 39A.058</i>				
Executing Plan			ng the targeted improvement plan, the campus interven- shall, if appropriate:		
	1.	for c ing b	st the campus in implementing research-based practices urriculum development and classroom instruction, includ- bilingual education and special education programs, and locial management;		
	2.	analy plem	ide research-based technical assistance, including data ysis, academic deficiency identification, intervention im- ientation, and budget analysis, to strengthen and improve instructional programs at the campus; and		

	3.	Require the district to develop a teacher recruitment and re- tention plan to address the qualifications and retention of the teachers at the campus.			
	Education Code 39A.059				
Continuing Duties of the Campus	For each year a campus is assigned an unacceptable performance rating, the campus intervention team shall:				
Intervention Team	1.	Assist in updating the targeted improvement plan to identify and analyze areas of growth and areas that require improve- ment; and			
	2.	Submit each updated targeted improvement plan to the board.			
	Edu	cation Code 39A.060			
Needs Improvement Rating		district or campus is assigned an overall or domain perfor- nce rating of D:			
	1.	The commissioner shall order the district or campus to de- velop and implement a targeted improvement plan approved by the board; and			
	2.	The interventions and sanctions provided by Education Code, Chapter 39A based on failure to satisfy performance stand- ards under Education Code 39.054(e) apply to the district or campus only as provided below.			
	The interventions and sanctions based on failure to satisfy perfor- mance standards under Education Code 39.054(e) apply to a dis- trict or campus ordered to develop and implement a targeted im- provement plan if the district or campus is assigned:				
	1.	An overall or domain performance rating of F; or			
	2.	An overall performance rating of D as provided below.			
	D fo velo sion una con	district or campus is assigned an overall performance rating of or a school year after the district or campus is ordered to de- op and implement a targeted improvement plan, the commis- ner shall implement interventions and sanctions that apply to an cceptable campus and those interventions and sanctions shall tinue for each consecutive school year thereafter in which the opus is assigned an overall performance rating of D.			
	Edu	cation Code 39A.0545			
Campus Planning and Site-Based Decision-Making		commissioner may authorize a school community partnership n established under Education Code 39A.051 to supersede the			
ATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	1	11 of 31			

		nority of and satisfy the requirements of establishing and main- ing a campus-level planning and decision-making committee.		
	an u of a	commissioner may authorize a targeted improvement plan or updated targeted improvement plan to supersede the provisions nd satisfy the requirements of developing, reviewing, and revis- a campus improvement plan.		
	Edu	cation Code 39A.061		
Submission of Campus Improvement Plan	und wou sche plar the that satis	e performance of a campus satisfies performance standards er Education Code 39.054(e) for the current school year but ild not satisfy the performance standards if the standards to be d for the following school year were applied to the current ool year, on the request of the commissioner, the campus-level nning and decision-making committee shall revise and submit to commissioner the portions of the campus improvement plan are relevant to those areas for which the campus would not sfy performance standards. The revised portions of the im- vement plan must be submitted in an electronic format. <i>Educa- Code 39A.062</i>		
Compliance Through Federal Accountability	Notwithstanding the provisions of Education Code Chapter 39A, if the commissioner determines that a campus subject to interven- tions or sanctions has implemented substantially similar interven- tion measures under federal accountability requirements, the com- missioner may accept the substantially similar intervention measures as measures in compliance with Education Code Chap- ter 39A. <i>Education Code 39A.063</i>			
Campus Turnaround Plan	tive	If a campus has been identified as unacceptable for two consecu- tive school years, the commissioner shall order the campus to pre- pare and submit a campus turnaround plan.		
Updated Targeted	A campus intervention team shall assist the campus in:			
Improvement Plan	1.	Developing an updated targeted improvement plan, including a campus turnaround plan to be implemented by the campus;		
	2.	Submitting the updated targeted improvement plan to the board for approval and presenting the plan in a public hearing as provided by Education Code 39A.057;		
	3.	Obtaining approval of the updated plan from the commis- sioner; and		
	4.	Executing the updated plan on approval by the commissioner.		
		updated targeted improvement plan submitted to the board st include all plans and details that are required to execute the		

	campus turnaround plan without any additional action or approval by the board.					
	Education Code 39A.101					
Public Notice	Within 60 days of receiving a campus's preliminary accountability rating, the district must notify parents, community members, and stakeholders that the campus received an unacceptable rating for two consecutive years and request assistance in developing the campus turnaround plan in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 97.1064. <i>19 TAC 97.1064(d)</i>					
Submission and Approval	Upon approval of the board, the district must submit the campus turnaround plan electronically to TEA by March 1 unless otherwise specified. Not later than June 15 of each year, the commissioner must either approve or reject any campus turnaround plan prepared and submitted by a district. <i>19 TAC 97.1064(g)–(h); Education Code 39A.103–.104</i>					
Implementation	A campus may implement, modify, or withdraw its campus turna- round plan with board approval if the campus receives an academi- cally acceptable rating for the school year following the develop- ment of the campus turnaround plan.					
	A campus that has received an unacceptable rating for the school year following the development of the campus turnaround plan must implement its commissioner-approved campus turnaround plan with fidelity until the campus operates for two consecutive school years without an unacceptable rating.					
	The commissioner may appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers for a school district that has a campus that has been ordered to implement an updated targeted improvement plan. The commissioner may order any of the inter- ventions as necessary to ensure district-level support for the low- performing campus and the implementation of the updated tar- geted improvement plan. The commissioner may make the ap- pointment at any time during which the campus is required to im- plement the updated targeted improvement plan.					
	19 TAC 97.1064(j)–(k)					
Required Contents	A campus turnaround plan must include:					
	1. Details on the method for restructuring, reforming, or reconsti- tuting the campus;					
	2. A detailed description of the academic programs to be offered at the campus, including:					
	a. Instructional methods;					
	12 of 31					

		b.	Length of school day and school year;
		C.	Academic credit and promotion criteria; and
		d.	Programs to serve special student populations;
	3.		district charter is to be granted for the campus under Eduon Code 12.0522:
		a.	The term of the charter; and
		b.	Information on the implementation of the charter;
	4.	Writ	ten comments from:
		a.	The campus-level committee established under Educa- tion Code 11.251, if applicable;
		b.	Parents; and
		C.	Teachers at the campus;
	5.	sour men	etailed description of the budget, staffing, and financial re- rces required to implement the plan, including any supple- ital resources to be provided by the district or other identi- sources; and
	6.	sigh	etailed description for developing and supporting the over- t of academic achievement and student performance by board of trustees under Education Code 11.1515.
	Sen	ate B	n Code 39A.105(a) [Acts of the 85th Legislative Session, ill 1566, amended former Education Code 39.107(b-1) to ne information provided at Subsection (6)]
ACE Turnaround Plan			s may submit an accelerated campus excellence (ACE) Id plan. The plan must provide:
	1.	strat	assignment of a principal to the campus who has demon- ted a history of improvement in student academic growth ampuses in which the principal has previously worked;
	2.		t the principal has final authority over personnel decisions le campus;
	3.	to th fecti	t at least 60 percent of the classroom teachers assigned the campus be teachers who demonstrated instructional ef- veness during the previous school year, with instructional ctiveness determined by:
		a.	For a teacher who taught in the district during the previous school year:

- (1) The teacher's impact on student growth as determined using a locally developed value-added model that measures student performance on at least one assessment selected by the district; and
- (2) An evaluation of the teacher based on classroom observation; and
- b. For a teacher who did not teach in the district during the previous school year, data and other evidence indicating that if the teacher had taught in the district during the previous school year, the teacher would have performed in the top half of teachers in the district;
- 4. A detailed description of the employment and compensation structures for the principal and classroom teachers, which must include significant incentives for a high-performing principal or teacher to remain at the campus and a three-year commitment by the district to continue incentives for the principal and teachers;
- 5. Policies and procedures for the implementation of best practices at the campus, including:
 - a. Data-driven instructional practices;
 - b. A system of observation of and feedback for classroom teachers;
 - c. Positive student culture on the campus;
 - d. Family and community engagement, including partnerships with parent and community groups;
 - e. Extended learning opportunities for students, which may include service or workforce learning opportunities; and
 - f. Providing student services before or after the instructional day that improve student performance, which may include tutoring, extracurricular activities, counseling services, and offering breakfast, lunch, and dinner to all students at the campus; and
- 6. Assistance by a third-party provider that is approved by the commissioner in the development and implementation of the district's plan.

Education Code 39A.105(b)

Implementing
EntitiesA campus ordered to prepare a campus turnaround plan shall implement the updated targeted improvement plan as approved by
the commissioner.

	The commissioner may appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers to the district to ensure and over- see district-level support to low-performing campuses and the im- plementation of the updated targeted improvement plan.
	In making appointments, the commissioner shall consider individu- als who have demonstrated success in managing campuses with student populations similar to the campus at which the individual appointed will serve.
	Education Code 39A.102, .108
Effective Date	A campus turnaround plan must take effect not later than the school year following the third consecutive school year that the campus has received an unacceptable performance rating. <i>Education Code 39A.106</i>
Commissioner Approval or Rejection	Not later than June 15 of each year, the commissioner shall, in writing, either approve or reject any campus turnaround plan pre- pared and submitted to the commissioner by a district. If the com- missioner rejects a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner must also send the district an outline of the specific concerns re- garding the turnaround plan that resulted in the rejection. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39A.107(a-1)</i>
	If the commissioner rejects a campus turnaround plan, the district must create a modified plan with assistance from TEA staff and submit the modified plan to the commissioner for approval not later than the 60th day after the date the commissioner rejects the campus turnaround plan. The commissioner shall notify the district in writing of the commissioner's decision regarding the modified plan not later than the 15th day after the date the commissioner receives the modified plan. <i>Education Code 39A.107(a-2)</i>
	The commissioner may approve a campus turnaround plan only if the commissioner determines that the campus will satisfy all stu- dent performance standards required under Education Code 39.054(e) not later than the second year the campus receives a performance rating following the implementation of the campus turnaround plan.
	Education Code 12.0522(b) does not apply to a district charter approved by the commissioner. An approved district charter may be renewed or continue in effect after the campus is no longer subject to the commissioner's order under Education Code 39A.101.
	If the commissioner does not approve a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner shall order:
	1. Appointment of a board of managers to govern the district;

	2.	Alternative management of the campus; or			
	3.	Closure of the campus.			
	Edι	Education Code 39A.107; 19 TAC 97.1065			
Implementation	Following approval of a campus turnaround plan by the commis- sioner, the district, in consultation with the campus intervention team, may take any actions needed to prepare for the implementa- tion of the plan. <i>Education Code 39A.108</i>				
Assistance and	A district may:				
Partnerships	1.	Request that a regional education service center provide as- sistance in the development and implementation of a campus turnaround plan; or			
	2.	Partner with an institution of higher education to develop and implement a campus turnaround plan.			
	Edι	Education Code 39A.109			
Change in Campus Performance Rating	If a campus for which a campus turnaround plan has been ordered receives an acceptable performance rating for the school year fol- lowing the order, the board may:				
	1.	Implement the campus turnaround plan;			
	2.	Implement a modified version of the campus turnaround plan; or			
	3.	Withdraw the campus turnaround plan.			
	A district required to implement a campus turnaround plan may modify the plan if the campus receives an acceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years following implementation of the plan.				
	Education Code 39A.110				
Continued Unacceptable Performance Rating	If a campus is considered to have an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years after the campus is or- dered to submit a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner shall order:				
	1.	Appointment of a board of managers to govern the district; or			
	2.	Closure of the campus.			
	Edι	Education Code 39A.111; 19 TAC 97.1065(a)(2)			
Parent Petition for Action	tion	rent" means the parent who is indicated on the student registra- form at that campus and the signature of only one parent of a dent is required.			

	If the commissioner is presented, in the time and manner specified by commissioner rule, with a written petition signed by the parents of a majority of the students enrolled at a campus with an unac- ceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years, specifying an authorized action that the parents request the com- missioner to order, the commissioner shall order the specific action requested.
	If the board presents to the commissioner, in the time and manner specified by commissioner rule, a written request that the commis- sioner order specific authorized action other than the specific ac- tion requested in the parents' petition and a written explanation of the basis for the board's request, the commissioner may order the action requested by the board.
	Education Code 12.051, 39A.112; 19 TAC 97.1065(d)
Repurposing of Closed Campus	If the commissioner orders the closure of a campus, that campus may be repurposed to serve students at that campus location only if the commissioner finds that the repurposed campus offers a dis- tinctly different academic program and approves a new campus identification number for the repurposed campus. A campus may be repurposed if the campus:
	 Serves a majority of grade levels not served at the original campus; or
	2. Is operated under a contract, approved by the school board, with a nonprofit organization exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that:
	a. Has a governing board that is independent of the district;
	 Has a successful history of operating school district cam- puses or open-enrollment charter schools:
	 (1) That cumulatively serve 10,000 or more students; and
	 A majority of which have been assigned an overall performance rating of B or higher under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year; and
	 Has been assigned an overall performance rating of B or higher under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year.
Student Enrollment and Assignment	Any student assigned to a campus that has been closed must be allowed to transfer to any other campus in the district that serves that student's grade level and on request must be provided trans- portation to the other campus.

	The commissioner may grant an exemption allowing students as- signed to a closed campus to attend the repurposed campus if there is no other campus in the district at which the students may enroll.	
Noncontracted Repurposed Campus	The majority of students assigned to a campus that has been closed and repurposed may not have attended that campus in the previous school year if the campus was repurposed to serve a ma- jority of grade levels not served at the original campus.	
Enrollment Provision in Contract	A contract approved by the school board with a nonprofit organiza- tion must provide that a student residing in the attendance zone of the campus immediately before the campus was repurposed shall be admitted for enrollment at the repurposed campus.	
	Education Code 39A.113	
Targeted Technical Assistance	If the commissioner determines that the basis for the unacceptable performance of a campus for more than two consecutive school years is limited to a specific condition that may be remedied with targeted technical assistance, the commissioner may require the district to contract for the appropriate technical assistance. <i>Educa-tion Code 39A.114</i>	
Commissioner Authority	A decision by the commissioner under the campus turnaround plan subchapter of the Education Code is final and may not be ap- pealed. <i>Education Code 39A.116</i>	
Alternative Management	The commissioner shall appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers whenever such action is re- quired, as determined by 19 Administrative Code 1073. Action un- der any other section of 19 Administrative Code Chapter 97, Subchapter EE is not a prerequisite to acting under this section. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 97.1073</i>	
Solicitation of Proposals	If the commissioner orders alternative management of a campus, the commissioner shall solicit proposals from qualified nonprofit en- tities to assume management of the campus or appoint a school district as provided below. The commissioner may solicit proposals from qualified for-profit entities if a nonprofit entity has not re- sponded to the commissioner's request for proposals.	
	The commissioner may appoint a school district to assume man- agement of the campus if the district:	
	1. Is not the district in which the campus is located; and	
	2. Is located within the boundaries of the same regional educa- tion service center as the campus.	

	If a school district is appointed, the district shall assume manage- ment of the campus in the same manner as a qualified entity or in accordance with commissioner rule.			
	The commissioner may annually solicit proposals for the alternative management of a campus. The commissioner shall notify a quali-fied entity that has been approved as a provider under this section.			
	Education Code 39A.151			
Qualifications of Managing Entity	To qualify for consideration as a managing entity, the entity must submit a proposal that provides information relating to the entity's management and leadership team that will participate in manage- ment of the campus under consideration, including information re- lating to individuals who have:			
	 Documented success in whole school interventions that in- creased the educational and performance levels of students in campuses considered to have an unacceptable perfor- mance rating; 			
	 A proven record of effectiveness with programs assisting low- performing students; 			
	 A proven ability to apply research-based school intervention strategies; 			
	 A proven record of financial ability to perform under the man- agement contract; and 			
	 Any other experience or qualifications the commissioner de- termines necessary. 			
	In selecting a managing entity, the commissioner shall give prefer- ence to a qualified entity that:			
	1. Meets any of the commissioner's qualifications; and			
	2. Has documented success in educating students from similar demographic groups and with similar educational needs as the students who attend the campus to be operated by the managing entity.			
	Education Code 39A.152			
Contract with Managing Entity	If the commissioner has ordered alternative management of a cam- pus, the district shall execute a contract with an approved provider to serve as a managing entity for the campus. The term of the con- tract may not exceed five years with an option to renew the con- tract. The district must execute the contract and relinquish control of the campus before January 1 of the school year.			

The management contract must include:

- 1. A provision describing the district's responsibilities in supporting the operation of the campus; and
- 2. Provisions approved by the commissioner requiring the managing entity to demonstrate improvement in campus performance, including negotiated performance measures.

Performance measures must be consistent with the priorities of Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A.

The management contract must be approved by the commissioner before the contract is executed. As appropriate, the commissioner may require the district, as a term of the contract, to support the campus in the same manner as the district was required to support the campus before the execution of the contract.

Education Code 39A.153; 19 TAC 97.1067

Extension of
ManagementThe commissioner may require a district to extend the term of a
management contract with a managing entity if the commissioner
determines that extending the contract on expiration of the initial
term is in the best interest of the students attending the campus.
The terms of the contract must be approved by the commissioner.
Education Code 39A.154

Evaluation of The commissioner shall evaluate a managing entity's performance on the first and second anniversaries of the date of the management contract.

If the evaluation fails to demonstrate improvement as negotiated under the management contract by the first anniversary of the date of the contract, the district may:

- 1. Terminate the contract, with the commissioner's consent, for nonperformance or breach of contract; and
- 2. Select another provider from an approved list provided by the commissioner.

If the evaluation fails to demonstrate significant improvement, as determined by the commissioner, by the second anniversary of the date of the management contract, the district shall:

- 1. Terminate the contract; and
- 2. Select another provider from an approved list provided by the commissioner or resume operation of the campus if approved by the commissioner.

	the	e commissioner approves the district's resumed operation of campus, the commissioner shall assign a technical assistance m to assist the campus.			
	Edι	ication Code 39A.155			
Cancellation of Management Contract	con age	campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for two secutive school years after a managing entity assumes man- ment of the campus, the commissioner shall cancel the con- t with the managing entity. <i>Education Code 39A.156</i>			
Return of Management to District	thre forn tern sha	ess a campus has an unacceptable performance rating for e consecutive school years [see Continued Unacceptable Per- nance Rating, above], at the end of a management contract n or on the cancellation of a management contract, the board Il resume management of the campus. <i>Education Code</i> 0.157			
Applicability of Accountability Provisions	tion	Each campus operated by a managing entity is subject to Educa- tion Code Chapters 39 and 39A in the same manner as any other campus in the district. <i>Education Code 39A.158</i>			
Funding	The funding for a campus operated by a managing entity may not be less than the funding of the other campuses in the district on a per student basis so that the managing entity receives at least the same funding the campus would otherwise have received. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39A.159</i>				
Open Meetings and Public Information	Witl tity:	h respect to the management of a campus by a managing en-			
	1.	A managing entity is considered to be a governmental body for purposes of the Texas Open Meetings Act and Public Information Act; and			
	2.	Any requirement in the Texas Open Meetings Act or Public In- formation Act that applies to a school district or the board of trustees of a district applies to a managing entity.			
	Education Code 39A.160				
Board of Managers	A board of managers may exercise all of the powers and duties a signed to a board of trustees of a school district by law, rule, or re				
General Powers and Duties	ulation.				
	take	A board of managers appointed by the commissioner is required to take appropriate actions to resolve the conditions that caused a campus to be subject to the commissioner's order, including			

	amending the district's budget, reassigning staff, or relocating aca- demic programs. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement this subsection.					
	Education Code 39A.201					
Board of Managers of District	If the commissioner appoints a board of managers to govern a dis- trict:					
	1. The powers of the board are suspended for the period of the appointment; and					
	2. The commissioner shall appoint a district superintendent.					
	A board of managers appointed to govern a school district may amend the budget of the district.					
	Education Code Chapter 39A applies to a school district governed by a board of managers in the same manner it applies to any other district.					
	Education Code 39A.202					
Board of Managers of Campus	If the commissioner appoints a board of managers to govern a campus:					
	 The powers of the board of trustees of the school district in re- lation to the campus are suspended for the period of the ap- pointment; and 					
	2. The commissioner shall appoint a campus principal.					
	A board of managers appointed to govern a campus may submit to the commissioner for approval amendments to the budget of the school district for the benefit of the campus. If the commissioner approves the amendments, the board of trustees of the school dis- trict shall adopt the amendments.					
	Education Code 39A.203					
Composition of Board of Managers	A board of managers appointed by the commissioner must, if pos- sible, include community leaders, business representatives who have expertise in leadership, and individuals who have knowledge or expertise in the field of education. <i>Education Code 39A.204</i>					
Training of Board of Managers	The commissioner must provide each individual appointed to a board of managers with training in effective leadership strategies. <i>Education Code 39A.205</i>					
	The training in effective leadership strategies shall be provided by TEA-approved authorized providers of board training to each individual appointed by the commissioner to a board of managers,					

	and, following the expiration of the appointment of the board of managers, to the board of trustees of the school district. <i>19 TAC 97.1073(h)</i>
Compensation	The commissioner may authorize payment of a board of managers from TEA funds.
	A conservator or a member of a management team appointed to serve on a board of managers may continue to be compensated as determined by the commissioner.
	Education Code 39A.206
Replacement of Member of Board of Managers	The commissioner may at any time replace a member of a board of managers. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement this section. <i>Education Code</i> 39A.207
Expiration of Appointment	A board of managers shall, during the period of the appointment, order the election of members of the board of trustees of the school district in accordance with the law. The members of the board of trustees do not assume any powers or duties after the election until the appointment of the board of managers expires.
	Not later than the second anniversary of the date the board of managers of a school district was appointed, the commissioner shall notify the board of managers and the board of trustees of the date on which the appointment of the board of managers will ex- pire. Following each of the last three years of the period of the ap- pointment, one-third of the members of the board of managers shall be replaced by the number of members of the board of trus- tees who were elected at an election that constitutes, as closely as possible, one-third of the membership of the board of trustees.
	If, before the second anniversary of the date the board of manag- ers of a school district was appointed, the commissioner deter- mines, after receiving local feedback, that insufficient progress has been made toward improving the academic or financial perfor- mance of the district, the commissioner may extend the authority of the board of managers for a period of up to two additional years.
	On the expiration of the appointment of the board of managers, the board of trustees assumes all of the powers and duties assigned to a board of trustees by law, rule, or regulation.
	Following the expiration of the period of appointment of a board of managers for a school district, the commissioner shall provide training in effective leadership strategies to the board of trustees.

Education Code 39A.208; 19 TAC 97.1073

Bellville ISD 008901				
ACCOUNTABILITY INTERVENTIONS AND SANCTIONS (LEG				
Removal of Board of Managers	The commissioner may remove a board of managers appointed govern a school district only if the campus that was the basis for the appointment of the board of managers receives an accepta performance rating for two consecutive school years.			
	man ditio of m ers a	campus that was the basis for the appointment of a bound of a bound of the second pagers receives an unacceptable performance rating for an consecutive years following the appointment of the panagers, the commissioner may remove the board of and, in consultation with the local community, may approximate of managers to govern the district.	or two ad- e board manag-	
	a ma man mon form	owing the removal of a board of managers, or at the re anaging entity to oversee the implementation of altern agement, the commissioner may appoint a conservat intor for the district to ensure district-level support for lo ning campuses and to oversee the implementation of t ed targeted improvement plan.	ative or or ow-per-	
	Edu	cation Code 39A.209; 19 TAC 97.1073		
Challenge of Intervention or Sanction	A district that challenges the commissioner's decision to close the district or a campus or to pursue alternative management of a campus must appeal the decision as provided below.			
Review of Sanctions by SOAH	A challenge is under the substantial evidence rule [see Govern- ment Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter G]. The commissioner shal adopt procedural rules for a challenge under this section.			
	Notv	withstanding other law:		
	1.	The State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) duct an expedited review of a challenge;	shall con-	
	2.	The administrative law judge shall issue a final order than the 30th day after the date on which the hearing closed;		
	3.	The decision of the administrative law judge is final a not be appealed; and	ind may	
	4.	The decision of the administrative law judge may set tive date for an action under this section.	an effec-	
	Edu	cation Code 39A.301		
Annual Review	trict	commissioner shall annually review the performance or campus subject to intervention and sanction to dete appropriate actions to be implemented.		
		commissioner must review at least annually the perfo district for which the accreditation status or performar		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)		25 of 31	

	has been lowered due to insufficient student performance and may not raise the accreditation status or performance rating until the district has demonstrated improved student performance.					
	incr	If the review reveals a lack of improvement, the commissioner shall increase the level of state intervention and sanction unless the commissioner finds good cause for maintaining the current status.				
	Edu	cation Code 39A.901				
Increasing Intensity	forn tion rule	If a district or campus does not exhibit improvement in student per- formance, the commissioner may increase the intensity of interven- tion and sanction that would otherwise be required by statute or rule, including ordering campus closure, district annexation, or ap- pointment of a board of managers.				
	the	For purposes of this section, improvement means an increase in the scaled score for the overall academic performance rating under Education Code Chapter 39.				
	19	19 TAC 97.1070(a)–(b)				
Special Accreditation		The commissioner may authorize a special accreditation investiga- tion:				
Investigations	1.	When excessive numbers of absences of students eligible to be tested on state assessment instruments are determined;				
	2.	When excessive numbers of allowable exemptions from the required state assessment are determined;				
	3.	In response to complaints to TEA of alleged violations of civil rights or other requirements imposed on the state by federal law or court order;				
	4.	In response to established compliance reviews of the district's financial accounting practices and state and federal reporting requirements;				
	5.	When extraordinary numbers of student placements in disci- plinary alternative education programs, other than placements under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007, are determined;				
	6.	In response to an allegation involving a conflict between members of the board or between the board and the district administration if it appears that the conflict involves a violation of a role or duty of the board members or the administration clearly defined by the Education Code. If TEA's findings indi- cate the board has observed a lawfully adopted policy, TEA may not substitute its judgment for that of the board;				

- When excessive numbers of students in special education programs are assessed through modified assessment instruments;
- 8. In response to an allegation regarding, or an analysis using a statistical method result indicating, a possible violation of an assessment instrument security procedure;
- When a significant pattern of decreased academic performance has developed as a result of the promotion in the preceding two school years of students who did not perform satisfactorily on the state assessments;
- 10. When excessive numbers of students eligible to enroll fail to complete an Algebra II course or any other advanced course as determined by the commissioner;
- 11. When resource allocation practices indicate a potential for significant improvement in resource allocation;
- 12. When a disproportionate number of students of a particular demographic group is graduating with a particular endorsement;
- 13. When an excessive number of students is graduating with a particular endorsement;
- 14. When a school district for any reason fails to produce, at the request of TEA, evidence or an investigation report relating to an educator who is under investigation by the State Board for Educator Certification;
- 15. In response to a complaint with respect to alleged inaccurate data that is reported through PEIMS or through other reports required by state or federal law or rule or court order and that is used by TEA to make a determination relating to public school accountability, including accreditation, under Education Code Chapter 39;
- 16. In response to repeated complaints concerning imposition of excessive paperwork requirements on classroom teachers; or
- 17. As the commissioner otherwise determines necessary.

Education Code 39.057(a)–(c)

TEA shall adopt written procedures for conducting special accreditation investigations, including procedures that allow TEA to obtain information from district employees in a manner that prevents a district or campus from screening the information. *Education Code 39.058(a); 19 TAC 102.1401*

Commissioner Action	Based on the results of a special accreditation investigation, the commissioner may:				
	1.	Take appropriate action under Education Code Chapter 39A, [see Interventions and Sanctions for School Districts, above];			
	2.	Lower the district's accreditation status or a district's or cam- pus's performance rating; or			
	3.	Take action under both items 1 and 2 above.			
	Regardless of whether the commissioner lowers the accreditation status or a district's or campus's performance rating, the commis- sioner may impose one of the district- or campus-level interven- tions or sanctions under Education Code 39A.002 [see Interven- tions and Sanctions for School Districts, above].				
	Edu	cation Code 39.057(d), (e)			
Miscellaneous Provisions	com	In addition to other authorized interventions and sanctions, the commissioner may order a district or campus to acquire profes-			
Acquisition of Professional Services	sional services at the expense of the district or campus to address the applicable financial, assessment, data quality, program, perfor- mance, or governance deficiency. The commissioner's order may require the district or campus to:				
	1.	Select or be assigned an external auditor, data quality expert, professional authorized to monitor district assessment instrument administration, or curriculum or program expert; or			
	2.	Provide for or participate in the appropriate training of district staff or board members in the case of a district, or campus staff, in the case of a campus.			
	Edu	cation Code 39A.902			
Costs Paid by District	The costs of providing a monitor, conservator, management team, campus intervention team, technical assistance team, managing entity, or service provider shall be paid by the district. If the district fails or refuses to pay the costs in a timely manner, the commissioner may:				
	1.	Pay the costs using amounts withheld from any funds to which the district is otherwise entitled; or			
	2.	Recover the amount of the costs in the manner provided for recovery of an over allocation of state funds under Education Code 48.272.			
	Education Code 39A.903				

Monitoring Reviews and On-Site Investigations	Except as provided by Education Code 7.028(a), the commissioner may direct TEA to conduct monitoring reviews and random on-site visits of a district at any time, as authorized by Education Code 7.028, only as necessary to ensure:				
	1.	1. Compliance with federal law and regulations;			
	2.		ancial accountability, including compliance with grant re- ements; and		
	3.	Data integrity for purposes of:			
		a.	The Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS);		
		b.	Accountability under Education Code Chapter 39 and 39A; and		
	4.	Qua	alification for funding under Chapter 48.		
	A monitoring review may include desk reviews and on-site visits, including random on-site visits. In conducting a monitoring review, TEA may obtain information from administrators, other district em- ployees, parents of students enrolled in the district, and other per- sons as necessary.				
	The commissioner may at any time convert a monitoring review to a special accreditation investigation under Education Code 39.057, provided the commissioner promptly notifies the district of the con- version. TEA shall give written notice to the superintendent and the board of any impending monitoring review.				
	TEA shall report in writing to the superintendent and president of the board and shall make recommendations concerning any nec- essary improvements or sources of aid such as regional education service centers. A district that takes action with regard to the rec- ommendations provided by TEA shall make a reasonable effort to seek assistance from a third party in developing an action plan to improve district performance using improvement techniques that are goal-oriented and research-based.				
	Edι	n Code 7.028, 39.056			
Immunity from Civil Liability	mis con prof	sione nmiss fessio	byee, volunteer, or contractor acting on behalf of the com- r, or a member of a board of managers appointed by the ioner, is immune from civil liability to the same extent as a mal employee of a district under Education Code 22.051. <i>n Code 39A.904</i>		

Campus Name Change	In reconstituting, repurposing, or imposing any other intervention or sanction on a campus, the commissioner may not require that the name of the campus be changed. <i>Education Code 39A.905</i>
Transitional Interventions and Sanctions	For a campus that received an unacceptable performance rating for the 2013–14, 2014–15, and 2015–16 school years, the commis- sioner may apply the interventions and sanctions authorized by Chapter 39 as that chapter existed on January 1, 2015, to the cam- pus.
	If a campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for the 2016–17 and 2017–18 school years, the commissioner shall apply the interventions and sanctions authorized when a campus has an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years under current law.
	For a campus that received an acceptable performance rating for the 2013–14 school year and an unacceptable performance rating for the 2014–15 and 2015–16 school years, the commissioner shall apply interventions and sanctions in current law to the campus. If the campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for the 2016–17, 2017–18, and 2018–19 school years, the commissioner shall apply the interventions and sanctions authorized when a cam- pus has an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years under current law.
	These transition provisions expire September 1, 2020.
	Education Code 39A.906
Special Program Performance: Intervention Stages	The commissioner shall assign a district to an intervention stage based on performance levels under 19 Administrative Code 97.1005 (Performance-Based Monitoring Analysis System) [see AIB] according to the criteria and requirements in 19 Administrative Code 97.1071.
	Intervention actions taken under this section are intended to assist the district in raising its performance and/or achieving compliance under 19 Administrative Code 97.1005 and do not preclude or sub- stitute for a sanction under another provision of Chapter 97, Sub- chapter EE.
	19 TAC 97.1071
Intervention Pause	Except as otherwise provided by 19 Administrative Code 97.1062 and unless extended by the commissioner, TEA will cease to en- force the interventions under Education Code 39A.101-39A.111 un- til conclusion of the second consecutive school year of operation under:

	1. A partnership as defined by 19 Administrative Code 97.1077(a)(2), (b), or (c) of this title [see ELA]; or	
	2. Designation as a mathematics innovation zone under E tion Code 28.020 and applicable rules.	duca-
	Any intervention or sanction not covered by the provision about shall continue.	ove
	If a campus ceases to qualify for the intervention pause at an point during a school year, TEA will resume previously order terventions and sanctions, order interventions and sanctions on the rating from that school year, and count that rating for poses of consecutive years of performance.	ed in- based
	19 TAC 97.1062	
Failure to Submit EOP	If TEA receives notice from the Texas School Safety Center of district's failure to submit a multihazard emergency operation [see CKC], the commissioner may appoint a conservator for district under Education Code Chapter 39A. The conservator order the district to adopt, implement, and submit a multihaza emergency operations plan. If a district fails to comply with a servator's order to adopt, implement, and submit a multihaza emergency operations plan within the time frame imposed by commissioner, the commissioner may appoint a board of ma under Education Code Chapter 39A to oversee the operation the district. <i>Education Code 37.1082(a)–(b)</i>	ns plan the r may ard con- ard y the inagers
	<i>Note:</i> The following provisions apply to a district with a cadministrative office that is located in a county with population of more than two million and that has a dent enrollment that is more than 125,000 and les 200,000, and that is operating under a turnaround	h a i stu- s than
Student Board Member	Notwithstanding Education Code 11.051(b) (number of truster a school board), the board may adopt a resolution establishin a nonvoting member a student trustee position. If a board ad such a resolution, the board shall adopt a policy addressing topics specified in statute. <i>Education Code 11.0511</i>	ng as lopts

BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

	Note:		If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]	
Eligibility	To be eligible to be a candidate for, or elected or appointed to, the office of school board member, a person must:			
	1.	Be a	a United States citizen.	
	2.		8 years of age or older on the first day of the term to be at the election or on the date of appointment, as applica-	
	3.	Have not been determined by a final judgment of a court exercising probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated or partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote.		
	4.	Have not been finally convicted of a felony from which the person has not been pardoned or otherwise released from the resulting disabilities [but see Ineligibility below].		
	5.	the t	e resided continuously in the state for 12 months and in cerritory from which the office is elected for six months im- iately preceding the following date:	
		a.	For an independent candidate, the date of the regular fil- ing deadline for a candidate's application for a place on the ballot.	
		b.	For a write-in candidate, the date of the election at which the candidate's name is written in.	
		C.	For an appointee to an office, the date the appointment is made.	
	6.		egistered to vote in the territory from which the office is ted on the date described at item 5, above.	
	Election Code 1.020, 141.001(a); Education Code 11.066; Gov't Code 601.009; Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 14			
Qualified Voter	•		may not be elected trustee of an independent school dis- is the person is a qualified voter. <i>Education Code</i>	
	"Qua	alified	voter" means a person who:	
	1.	ls 18	3 years of age or older;	

BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

	2. Is a	a United States citizen;			
	cis	s not been determined by a final judgment of a court exer- ing probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote;			
	Op Co	s not been finally convicted of a felony [see also Atty. Gen. b. LO 96-114 (1996) (concluding that caveat at Election de 11.002 does not mitigate blanket prohibition in Election de 141.001, above at Eligibility)];			
	5. Is a	a resident of this state; and			
	6. Is a	a registered voter.			
	Election	Code 1.020, 11.002			
Residency "Residence" Defined	tation to one doe other pla a reside purpose person's the com	"Residence" means domicile, one's home and fixed place of habi- tation to which one intends to return after any temporary absence; one does not lose one's residence status by leaving to go to an- other place for temporary purposes only. A person does not acquire a residence in a place to which the person has come for temporary purposes only and without the intention of making that place the person's home. Residence shall be determined in accordance with the common-law rules, as enunciated by the courts of this state, except as otherwise provided by the Election Code. <i>Election Code</i> <i>1.015</i>			
	Note:	The issue of whether a candidate has satisfied residency requirements should be judicially determined. <u>State v.</u> <u>Fischer</u> , 769 S.W.2d 619 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1989, writ dism'd w.o.j.)			
Intent to Return	person rary abs Election placed f	boses of satisfying the continuous residency requirement, a who claims an intent to return to a residence after a tempo- sence may establish that intent only in accordance with Code 141.001(a-1), which does not apply to a person dis- from the person's residence due to a declared local, state, anal disaster. <i>Election Code 141.001(a-1)–(a-2)</i>			
Single-Member Districts	trict mus	date for board member representing a single-member dis- st be a resident of the district the candidate seeks to repre- ducation Code 11.052(g)			
Ineligibility	trict if th	n is ineligible to serve as a member of the board of a dis- e person has been convicted of a felony or an offense un- al Code 43.02(b) (prostitution). <i>Education Code 11.066</i>			

ELECTIONS POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]		
Tie Votes Second Election	same offi second e	ction requiring a plurality, if two or more candidates for the ice tie for the number of votes required to be elected, a election to fill the office shall be held in accordance with the s and other requirements of Election Code 2.002.		
Other Options Casting Lots	The tying candidates may agree to cast lots to resolve the tie. The agreement must be filed with the board. The board president shall supervise the casting of lots.			
Withdrawal	signed an ceipt of the	andidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board a nd acknowledged written statement of withdrawal. On re- ne statement, the remaining candidate is the winner, and a election or casting of lots is not held.		
Automatic Recount	If the tie is not resolved by casting lots or withdrawal, an automatic recount shall be conducted under Election Code Chapter 216 be- fore the second election is held.			
	Election	Code 2.002		
Runoff Election	ucation C office rec	ict in which trustees are elected by majority vote under Ed- Code 11.057(c) [see BBB], if no candidate for a particular reives the vote necessary to be elected, a runoff election ffice is required. <i>Election Code 2.021 et seq.</i>		
	be condu does not mine the lots. A tyi president drawal. C	adidates in a runoff election tie, an automatic recount shall acted under Election Code Chapter 216. If the recount resolve the tie, the tied candidates shall cast lots to deter- winner. The board president shall supervise the casting of ng candidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board t a signed and acknowledged written statement of with- On receipt of the statement, the remaining candidate is the nd a casting of lots is not held. <i>Election Code 2.028</i>		
Ballot Order	runoff ele ative orde	r of the candidates' names on the ballot of any resulting action or election held to resolve a tie vote shall be the rel- er of names on the original election ballot. <i>Election Code</i> 52.094(a)		
Recounts		ict shall conduct an authorized recount in accordance with Code Title 13. <i>Election Code 211.001</i>		

ELECTIONS POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

	A candidate in a board election may obtain an initial recount in an election if the difference in the number of votes received by the candidate and any candidate for the office who is shown by the election returns to be elected, tied, or entitled to a place on a runoff ballot, if applicable, is less than ten percent of that candidate's number of votes, or the total number of votes received by all candidates for the office is less than 1,000. <i>Election Code 212.022</i>				
	A ground for obtaining an initial recount is not required to obtain an initial recount of electronic voting system results. A candidate may obtain an initial recount of electronic voting system results in an election only if the candidate is shown by the election returns not to be elected. <i>Election Code 212.0241</i>				
	An initial recount may not be conducted unless an authorized can- didate submits a petition for the recount to the presiding officer of the local canvassing authority in accordance with Election Code Chapter 212, Subchapter B, accompanied by a deposit to cover the costs of the recount in accordance with Subchapter E. <i>Election</i> <i>Code 212.025, .026, .111</i>				
Effect of Petition	The submission of a recount petition before a board completes its canvass does not delay the canvass for the office involved in the recount. The board shall make a notation on the tabulation of any office involved in a recount. The submission of a recount petition delays the issuance of a certificate of election and qualification for the office involved in the recount pending completion of the recount. A candidate may not qualify for an office involved in a recount before completion of the recount. This provision does not affect a candidate who has received a certificate of election and qualified for office before the submission of a recount petition involving the office. <i>Election Code 212.033, .0331</i>				
Canvass Returns General Rule	Except as provided below, a board shall convene to conduct the lo- cal canvass at the time set by the presiding officer not later than the 11th day after election day and not earlier than the later of:				
	1. The third day after election day;				
	2. The date on which the early voting ballot board has verified and counted all provisional ballots, if a provisional ballot has been cast in the election; or				
	3. The date on which all timely received ballots cast from ad- dresses outside of the United States are counted, if a ballot to be voted by mail in the election was provided to a person out- side of the United States.				
	Election Code 67.003(b)				

Bellville ISD 008901				
ELECTIONS POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES (L				
November Election—Even- Numbered Years	For an election held on the date of the general election for state and county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Monday in No- vember in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002), the time for the canvass may be set not later than the 14th day after election day. <i>Election Code 65.051(a-1), 67.003(c)</i>			
Quorum for Canvass	Two members of a board constitute a quorum for purposes of can- vassing an election.			
	At the time set for convening the board for the local canvas presiding officer shall deliver the sealed precinct returns to board. The board shall open the returns for each precinct a vass them as provided by Election Code 67.004.			
Minutes	The presiding officer shall note the completion of the canvas the minutes or in the recording required by the Open Meetir (Government Code 551.021). [See BE]			
	Election Code 67.004(a), (g)			
Certificate of Election	After the completion of a canvass, the presiding officer shall pre- pare a certificate of election for each candidate who is elected to an office for which the official result is determined by the board's canvass. A certificate of election must contain:			
	1. The candidate's name;			
	2. The office to which the candidate is elected;			
	3. A statement of election to an unexpired term, if app	licable;		
	4. The date of the election;			
	5. The signature of the officer preparing the certificate	; and		
	6. Any seal used by the officer preparing the certificat thenticate documents that the officer executes or ce			
	The authority preparing a certificate of election shall promptly de- liver it to the person for whom it is prepared, subject to the submis- sion of a recount petition. [See Effect of Petition, above]			
	A certificate of election may not be issued to a person who has been declared ineligible to be elected to the office.			
	Election Code 67.016			
Certificate for Unopposed Candidate	A certificate of election shall be issued to each unoppose date declared elected in the same manner and at the sa provided for a candidate elected at the election. The can must qualify for the office in the same manner as provide	me time as ididate		

Bellville ISD 008901					
ELECTIONS POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES (LE					
	candidate elected at the election. <i>Election Code 2.053(e)</i> [See BBBA regarding the election of an unopposed candidate.]				
Officer's Statement	All elected and appointed board members, before taking the oath or affirmation of office and entering upon the duties of office, shall sign the required officer's statement. The statement shall be retained with the official records of the office. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(b), (c)</i>				
Oath of Office	All elected and appointed trustees, before they enter upon the du- ties of the office, shall take the official oath or affirmation of office. Newly elected trustees shall file their official oaths with the board president. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(a); Education Code</i> <i>11.061(a)</i>				
	The oath may be administered and a certificate of the fact given by the individuals listed at Government Code 602.002, including:				
	1. A judge, retired judge, or clerk of a municipal court.				
	 A judge, retired judge, senior judge, clerk, or commissioner a court of record. 				
	3.	A justice of the peace or clerk of a justice court.			
	4.	A notary public.			
	Gov't Code 602.002				
Election Records	Except as otherwise provided by the Election Code, a district shall preserve the precinct election records distributed to it for at least 22 months after election day. <i>Election Code 66.058(a)</i> [See CPC]				
Destruction of Records	After expiration of the prescribed period for preserving election rec- ords under the Election Code, the records may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of unless, at the expiration of the preservation period, an election contest or a criminal investigation or proceeding connected with the election is pending. In that case, the records shall be preserved until the contest, investigation, or proceeding is completed and the judgment, if any, becomes final. <i>Election Code</i> <i>1.013</i>				

Bellville ISD 008901				
BOARD MEMBERSBBETRAINING AND ORIENTATION(LEGAL				
Open Meetings Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its members under Government Code Chapter 551 (Texas Open Meetings Act).			
	The attorney general may provide the training and may also approve other acceptable sources of training.			
	The board shall maintain and make available for public inspection the record of its members' completion of the training. The failure of one or more members of the board to complete the training does not affect the validity of an action taken by the board.			
	Gov't Code 551.005			
Public Information Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its officers and employees under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). A board member may designate a public information coordinator to satisfy the training for the board member if the public information coordinator is primarily responsible for ad- ministering the responsibilities of the board member or board under the Public Information Act. [See GBAA regarding public information coordinator training] <i>Gov't Code 552.012</i>			
SBOE-Required Training	A trustee must complete any training required by the State Board of Education (SBOE). <i>Education Code 11.159</i>			
	The SBOE's framework for governance leadership [see BBD(EX-HIBIT)] shall be distributed annually by the board president to all current board members and the superintendent. <i>19 TAC 61.1(a)</i>			
	The continuing education required under Education Code 11.159 applies to each member of the board. To the extent possible, an entire board shall participate in continuing education programs together. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b), (i)</i>			
	No continuing education shall take place during a board meeting unless that meeting is called expressly for the delivery of board member continuing education. Continuing education may take place prior to or after a legally called board meeting in accordance with Government Code 551.001(4) (definition of "meeting"). <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1(e)			
	A regional education service center (ESC) board member continu- ing education program shall be open to any interested person, in-			

	cluding a current or prospective board member. A district is not re- sponsible for any costs associated with individuals who are not cur- rent board members. <i>19 TAC 61.1(f)</i>
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend those board-superintendent teams that complete at least eight hours of the continuing educa- tion specified at Team Building and Additional Continuing Educa- tion, below, as an entire board-superintendent team.
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend board-superintendent teams that effectively implement the commissioner of education's trustee improvement and evaluation tool developed under Education Code 11.182 [see BG] or any other tool approved by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 61.1(k), (l)
Verification	For each training described below, the provider of continuing edu- cation shall provide verification of completion of board member continuing education to the individual participant and to the partici- pant's school district. The verification must include the provider's authorization or registration number. <i>19 TAC 61.1(h)</i>
Reporting	At the last regular board meeting before an election of trustees, the board president shall announce the name of each board member who has completed the required continuing education, who has exceeded the required hours of continuing education, and who is deficient in meeting the required continuing education as of the anniversary of the date of each board member's election or appointment to the board or two-year anniversary of his or her previous training, as applicable. The announcement shall state that completing the required continuing education is a basic obligation and expectation of any board member under SBOE rule. The minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees must reflect whether each trustee has met or is deficient in meeting the training required for the trustee as of the first anniversary of the date of the trustee's election or appointment or two-year anniversary of his or her previous training, as applicable. The president shall cause the minutes to reflect the announcement and, if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in training as of the anniversary of his or her joining the board, the district shall post the minutes on the district's internet website within ten business days of the meeting and maintain the posting until the trustee meets the requirements. <i>19 TAC 61.1(j); Education Code 11.159(b)</i>
Local District Orientation	Each board member shall complete a local district orientation ses- sion. The purpose of the local orientation is to familiarize new board members with local board policies and procedures and dis- trict goals and priorities.

	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.				
	The	orientation shall:			
	1.	Be at least three hours in length.			
	2.	Address local district practices in the following, in addition to topics chosen by the local district:	C		
		a. Curriculum and instruction;			
		b. Business and finance operations;			
		c. District operations;			
		d. Superintendent evaluation; and			
		e. Board member roles and responsibilities.			
	Each board member should be made aware of the continuing edu- cation requirements of 19 Administrative Code 61.1 and those of the following:				
	1.	Open meetings act in Government Code 551.005 [see Oper Meetings Act Training above];	n		
	2.	Public information act in Government Code 552.012 [see Public Information Act Training above]; and			
	3.	Cybersecurity in Government Code 2054.5191 [see CQB].			
	The orientation shall be open to any board member who chooses to attend.				
	19 1	AC 61.1(b)(1)			
Education Code Orientation	Each board member shall complete a basic orientation to the Edu- cation Code and relevant legal obligations. The orientation shall have special, but not exclusive, emphasis on statutory provisions related to governing Texas school districts.				
	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment. The orientation shall be at least three hours in length. Topics shall include, but not be limited to, Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental				

	Rights and Responsibilities) and Education Code 28.004 (Local School Health Advisory Council and Health Education Instruction).				
	The orientation shall:				
	1. Be provided by an ESC.				
	2. Be open to any board member who chooses to attend.				
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training incorporates interactive activities that assess learning and provide feedback to the learner and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.				
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(2)				
Legislative Update	After each session of the Texas Legislature, including each regular session and called session related to education, each board member shall complete an update to the basic orientation to the Education Code.				
	The update session shall be of sufficient length to familiarize board members with major changes in statute and other relevant legal developments related to school governance.				
	The update shall be provided by an ESC or a registered provider [see Registered Provider, below].				
	A board member who has attended an ESC basic orientation ses- sion described at Education Code Orientation, above, that incorpo- rated the most recent legislative changes is not required to attend an update.				
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training is designed and offered by a regis- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learn- ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.				
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(3)				
Team Building	The entire board shall participate with their superintendent in a team-building session.				
	The purpose of the team-building session is to enhance the effec- tiveness of the board-superintendent team and to assess the con- tinuing education needs of the board-superintendent team.				
	The session shall be held annually and shall be at least three hours in length.				

	The session shall include a review of the roles, rights, and respon- sibilities of the board as outlined in the framework for governance leadership. [See BBD(EXHIBIT)] The assessment of needs shall be based on the framework for governance leadership and shall be used to plan continuing education activities for the year for the gov- ernance leadership team.
	The team-building session shall be provided by an ESC or a regis- tered provider [see Registered Provider and Authorized Provider, below].
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(4)
Additional Continuing Education (Based on Assessed	In addition to the continuing education requirements set out above, each board member shall complete additional continuing education based on the framework for governance leadership. [See BBD(EX- HIBIT)]
Needs)	The purpose of continuing education is to address the continuing education needs referenced at Team Building above.
	The continuing education shall be completed annually.
	At least 50 percent of the continuing education shall be designed and delivered by persons not employed or affiliated with the board member's school district. No more than one hour of the required continuing education that is delivered by the district may use self- instructional materials.
	The continuing education shall be provided by an ESC or a regis- tered provider [see Registered Provider, below].
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training is designed and offered by a regis- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learn- ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.
First Year	In a board member's first year of service, he or she shall complete at least ten hours of continuing education in fulfillment of assessed needs
Subsequent Years	Following a board member's first year of service, he or she shall complete at least five hours of continuing education annually in ful-fillment of assessed needs.
Board President	A board president shall complete continuing education related to leadership duties of a board president as some portion of the an- nual requirement.
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(5)

Bellville	ISD
008901	

Evaluating Student Academic Performance	Each board member shall complete continuing education on evalu- ating student academic performance and setting individual campus goals for early childhood literacy and mathematics and college, ca- reer, and military readiness.					
	The purpose of the training on evaluating student academic perfor- mance is to provide research-based information to board members that is designed to support the oversight role of the board of trus- tees outlined in Education Code 11.1515. [See BAA]					
	pus care	goals er, ar	purpose of the continuing education on setting individual cam- goals for early childhood literacy and mathematics and college, er, and military readiness is to facilitate boards meeting the re- ments of Education Code 11.185 and 11.186.			
	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.					
		e continuing education shall be completed every two years and all be at least three hours in length.				
		contii nimui	nuing education required by this provision shall include, at m:			
	1.		ruction in school board behaviors correlated with improved ent outcomes with emphasis on:			
		a.	Setting specific, quantifiable student outcome goals; and			
		b.	Adopting plans to improve early literacy and numeracy and college, career, and military readiness for applicable student groups evaluated in the Closing the Gaps do- main of the state accountability system established un- der Education Code Chapter 39;			
	2.		uction in progress monitoring practices to improve stu- outcomes; and			
	3.	Instruction in state accountability with emphasis on the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills, state assessment instru- ments administered under Education Code Chapter 39, and the state accountability system established under Chapter 39.				
		The continuing education shall be provided by an authorized pro- vider [see Authorized Provider, below].				
			ning is attended by an entire board and its superintendent, a review of local school district data on student achieve-			

ment, and otherwise meets the requirements described at Team

	Building above, the training may serve to meet a board member's obligation to complete training described at Team Building and at Evaluating Student Academic Performance, above, as long as the training complies with the Texas Open Meetings Act.				
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(6)				
Identifying and Reporting Abuse	Each board member shall complete continuing education on identi- fying and reporting potential victims of sexual abuse, human traf- ficking, and other maltreatment of children in accordance with Edu- cation Code 11.159(c)(2).				
	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.				
	The training shall be completed every two years and shall be at least one hour in length.				
	The training must familiarize board members with the requirem of Education Code 38.004 and 38.0041, and 19 Administrative Code 61.1051 (relating to Reporting Child Abuse or Neglect, In cluding Trafficking of a Child). The training required by this provision shall include, at a minim				
	 Instruction in best practices of identifying potential victims of child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of chil- dren; 	-			
	 Instruction in legal requirements to report potential victims of child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of chil- dren; and 	-			
	3. Instruction in resources and organizations that help support victims and prevent child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children.				
	The training sessions shall be provided by a registered provider [see Registered Provider, below].				
	This training may be completed online, provided that the training is designed and offered by a registered provider, incorporates interac tive activities that assess learning and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.				
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(7)				

Bellville	ISD
008901	

Training Provider Registered Provider	vider has specific t trict, gove shall regi board me Code 61	For the purposes of 19 Administrative Code 61.1, a registered pro- vider has demonstrated proficiency in the content required for a specific training. A private or professional organization, school dis- trict, government agency, college/university, or private consultant shall register with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) to provide the board member continuing education required by 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(3), (5), and (7) [see Legislative Update, Additional Continuing Education, and Identifying and Reporting Abuse, above].		
	board me	that provides continuing education exclusively for its own embers is not required to register under 19 Administrative 1(c)(1)–(2).		
	19 TAC 6	51.1(c)		
Authorized Provider	provider by 19 Ad	An authorized provider meets all the requirements of a registered provider and has demonstrated proficiency in the content required by 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6). Proficiency may be demonstrated in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 61.1(d).		
	agency, o by TEA to	or professional organization, school district, government college/university, or private consultant may be authorized o provide the board member training required in 19 Admin-Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6).		
	An ESC shall be authorized by TEA to provide the board member training required in 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6).			
	19 TAC 61.1(d)			
	[See above for 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) on Team Building and (b)(6) on Evaluating Student Academic Performance.]			
	Note:	For cybersecurity training requirements, see CQB(LEGAL).		

BOARD INTERNAL OR CITIZEN ADVISORY CO				
School Health Advisory Council	The board shall establish a local School Health Advisory Council (SHAC) to assist the district in ensuring that local community values are reflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Education Code 28.004(a)</i> [See EHAA regarding duties of the SHAC.]			
		The SHAC shall meet at least four times each year. <i>Education Code 28.004(d-1)</i>		
Composition	jori rolle	The board shall appoint at least five members to the SHAC. A ma- jority of members must be persons who are parents of students en- rolled in the district and who are not employed by the district. One of those members shall serve as chair or co-chair of the SHAC.		
	follo	e board also may appoint one or more persons from each of the owing groups or a representative from a group other than a up specified:		
	1.	Classroom teachers employed by the district;		
	2.	School counselors certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B, employed by the district;		
	3.	School administrators employed by the district;		
	4.	District students;		
	5.	Health-care professionals licensed or certified to practice in this state, including medical or mental health professionals;		
	6.	The business community;		
	7.	Law enforcement;		
	8.	Senior citizens;		
	9.	The clergy;		
	10.	Nonprofit health organizations; and		
	11.	Local domestic violence programs.		
	Edu	ucation Code 28.004(d)		
Physical Activity	The SHAC shall establish a physical activity and fitness planning			

Physical Activity	The SHAC shall establish a physical activity and fitness planning
and Fitness	subcommittee to consider issues relating to student physical activ-
Planning	ity and fitness and make policy recommendations to increase phys-
Subcommittee	ical activity and improve fitness among students. Education Code
	28.004(I-1)

Annual Report In addition to its other duties, the SHAC shall submit to the board, at least annually, a written report that includes:

BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

	1.	Any SHAC recommendation concerning the district's health education curriculum and instruction or related matters that the SHAC has not previously submitted to the board;			
	2.	Any suggested modification to a SHAC recommendation pre- viously submitted to the board;			
	3.	A detailed explanation of the SHAC's activities during the pe- riod between the date of the current report and the date of the last prior written report; and			
	4.	Any recommendations made by the physical activity and fit- ness planning subcommittee.			
	Education Code 28.004(m)				
Changes in Curriculum	A district must consider the recommendations of the local SHAC before changing the district's health education curriculum or in- struction. <i>Education Code 28.004(b)</i>				
Public Statement	A district shall publish in the student handbook and post on the trict's internet website, if the district has an internet website, a statement of:				
	1.	The policies and procedures adopted to promote the physical health and mental health of students, the physical health and mental health resources available at each campus, contact in- formation for the nearest providers of essential public health services under Health and Safety Code Chapter 121, and the contact information for the nearest local mental health author- ity;			
	2.	The policies adopted to ensure that elementary school, mid- dle school, and junior high school students engage in at least the amount and level of physical activity required by Educa- tion Code 28.002(I) [see EHAB and EHAC];			
	3.	The number of times during the preceding year the SHAC has met;			
	4.	Whether the district has adopted and enforces policies to en- sure that district campuses comply with the Texas Education Agency's vending machine and food service guidelines for re- stricting student access to vending machines;			
	5.	Whether the district has adopted and enforces policies and procedures that prescribe penalties for the use of e-ciga- rettes, as defined by Education Code 38.006, and tobacco products by students and others on school campuses or at school-sponsored or school-related activities [see DH and GKA];			

BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

- Notice to parents that they can request in writing their child's physical fitness assessment results at the end of the school year [see FFAA]; and
- 7. Whether each campus in the district has a full-time nurse or full-time school counselor.

Education Code 28.004(k)

Bellville ISD 008901	
BOARD POLICIES	BF (LOCAL)
	Within the context of current law, the District shall be guided by Board-adopted written policies that are given appropriate distribu- tion and are accessible to staff members, parents, students, and community residents.
Organization	Legally referenced policies contain provisions from federal and state statutes and regulations, case law, and other legal authority that together form the framework for local decision making and im- plementation. These policies are binding on the District until the cited provisions are repealed, revised, or superseded by legisla- tive, regulatory, or judicial action.
	Legally referenced policies are not adopted by the Board.
	At each policy code the legally referenced policy and the Board- adopted local policy must be read together to further a full under- standing of a topic.
Terms	The terms "Trustee" and "Board member" are used interchangea- bly in the local policy manual. Both terms are intended to reflect all the duties and obligations of the office.
	[See AB for District name terminology.]
Harmony with Law	Newly enacted law is applicable when effective. No policy or regu- lation, or any portion thereof, shall be operative if it is found to be in conflict with applicable law.
Severability	If any portion of a policy or its application to any person or circum- stance is found to be invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of policy that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application; and to this end the provisions of this policy manual are declared to be severable.
Policy Development	Policies and policy amendments may be initiated by the Superin- tendent, Board members, school personnel, or community citizens, but generally shall be recommended for the Board's consideration by the Superintendent.
Official Policy Manual	The Board shall designate one copy of the local policy manual as the official policy manual of the District. The official copy shall be kept in the central administration office, and the Superintendent shall be responsible for its accuracy and integrity and shall main- tain a historical record of the District's policy manual.
Adoption and Amendment	Local policies may be adopted or amended by a majority of the Board at any regular or special meeting, provided that Board mem- bers have had advance written notice of the proposed change and that it has been placed on the agenda for such meeting.

Bellville ISD 008901	
BOARD POLICIES	BF (LOCAL)
	Local policies become effective upon Board adoption or at a future date designated by the Board at the time of adoption.
TASB Localized Updates	After Board review of legally referenced policies and adoption of lo- cal policies, the new material shall be incorporated into the official policy manual and into other localized policy manuals maintained by the District. If discrepancies occur between different copies of the manual, the version contained in the official policy manual shall be regarded as authoritative.

Planning and Decision-Making Process	A board shall adopt a policy to establish a district- and campus- level planning and decision-making process that will involve the professional staff of a district, parents of students enrolled in a dis- trict, business representatives, and community members in estab- lishing and reviewing the district's and campuses' educational plans, goals, performance objectives, and major classroom instruc- tional programs. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>		
	The planning and decision-making requirements do not:		
	1.	Prohibit a board from conducting meetings with teachers or groups of teachers other than the district-level committee meetings.	
	2.	Prohibit a board from establishing policies providing avenues for input from others, including students or paraprofessional staff, in district- or campus-level planning and decision mak- ing.	
	3.	Limit or affect the power of a board to govern the public schools.	
	4.	Create a new cause of action or require collective bargaining.	
	Education Code 11.251(g)		
Evaluation	At least every two years, a district shall evaluate the effectiveness of the district's decision-making and planning policies, procedures, and staff development activities related to district- and campus-level decision making and planning to ensure that they are effectively structured to positively impact student performance. <i>Education Code 11.252(d)</i>		
Administrative Procedure	A board shall ensure that an administrative procedure is provided to clearly define the respective roles and responsibilities of the su- perintendent, central office staff, principals, teachers, district-level committee members, and campus-level committee members in the areas of planning, budgeting, curriculum, staffing patterns, staff de velopment, and school organization.		
	mak mini spor	bard shall ensure that the district-level planning and decision- king committee will be actively involved in establishing the ad- istrative procedure that defines the respective roles and re- nsibilities pertaining to planning and decision making at the dis- and campus levels.	
	Edu	cation Code 11.251(d)	
Federal Requirements	The district policy must provide that all pertinent federal planning requirements are addressed through the district- and campus-level planning process. <i>Education Code 11.251(f)</i>		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115)	1 of 6	

Required Plans	A board shall ensure that a district improvement plan and improve- ment plans for each campus are developed, reviewed, and revised annually for the purpose of improving the performance of all stu- dents. A board shall annually approve district and campus perfor- mance objectives and shall ensure that the district and campus plans:			
	 Are mutually supportive to accomplish the identified objec- tives; and 			
	2. At a minimum, support the state goals and objectives under Education Code Chapter 4.			
	Education Code 11.251(a)			
Shared Services Arrangement for DAEP Services	A district participating in a shared services arrangement for discipli- nary alternative education program (DAEP) services shall ensure that the district improvement plan and each campus-level plan in- clude the performance of the DAEP student group for the district. The identified objectives for the improvement plans shall include:			
	 Student groups served, including overrepresentation of stu- dents from economically disadvantaged families, with ethnic and racial representations, and with a disability who receive special education and limited English proficiency services; 			
	2. Attendance rates;			
	3. Pre- and post-assessment results;			
	4. Dropout rates;			
	5. Graduation rates; and			
	6. Recidivism rates.			
	19 TAC 103.1201(b)			
District Improvement Plan	A district shall have a district improvement plan that is developed, evaluated, and revised annually, in accordance with district policy, by the superintendent with the assistance of the district-level com- mittee. The purpose of the district improvement plan is to guide dis- trict and campus staff in the improvement of student performance for all student groups in order to attain state standards in respect to the achievement indicators. <i>Education Code 11.252(a)</i> [See AIA]			
Availability to TEA	A district's plan for the improvement of student performance is not filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA), but the district must make the plan available to TEA on request. <i>Education Code 11.252(b)</i>			

Required Provisions	The	The district improvement plan must include provisions for:				
	1.	A comprehensive needs assessment addressing performa on the achievement indicators, and other appropriate measures of performance, that are disaggregated by all stu dent groups served by a district, including categories of eth nicity, socioeconomic status, sex, and populations served b special programs, including students in special education p grams under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.				
	2.	Measurable district performance objectives for all appropriate achievement indicators for all student populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, and other measures of stu- dent performance that may be identified through the compre- hensive needs assessment.				
	3.	Strategies for improvement of student performance that in- clude:				
		a.		ructional methods for addressing the needs of stu- t groups not achieving their full potential.		
		b.		lence-based practices that address the needs of stu- ts for special programs, including:		
			(1)	Suicide prevention programs, in accordance with Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter G, which include a parental or guardian notification proce- dure [see FFEB];		
			(2)	Conflict resolution programs;		
			(3)	Violence prevention programs; and		
			(4)	Dyslexia treatment programs.		
		C.	Dro	pout reduction.		
		d.		gration of technology in instructional and administra- programs.		
		e.	terv	itive behavior interventions and support, including in- entions and support that integrate best practices on f-informed and trauma-informed care.		
		f.	Staf	f development for professional staff of a district.		
		g.	kno	eer education to assist students in developing the wledge, skills, and competencies necessary for a ad range of career opportunities.		

- h. Accelerated education.
- i. Implementation of a comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005. [See FFEA]
- 4. Strategies for providing to elementary school, middle school, junior high school, and high school students, those students' teachers and school counselors, and those students' parents information about:
 - a. Higher education admissions and financial aid opportunities, including state financial aid opportunities such as the TEXAS grant program and the Teach for Texas grant program.
 - b. The need for students to make informed curriculum choices to be prepared for success beyond high school.
 - c. Sources of information on higher education admissions and financial aid.
- 5. Resources needed to implement identified strategies.
- 6. Staff responsible for ensuring the accomplishment of each strategy.
- 7. Timelines for ongoing monitoring of the implementation of each improvement strategy.
- 8. Formative evaluation criteria for determining periodically whether strategies are resulting in intended improvement of student performance.
- 9. The policy under Education Code 38.0041 addressing sexual abuse and other maltreatment of children. [See FFG]
- 10. The trauma-informed care policy required under Education Code 38.036. [See FFBA]

Education Code 11.252(a)

Law Enforcement Duties	The law enforcement duties of peace officers, school resource of- ficers, and security personnel must be included in the district im- provement plan. <i>Education Code</i> $37.081(d)(1)$ [See CKE]
Discipline Management	A district shall adopt and implement a discipline management pro- gram to be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 37.083(a) [See FNC]
Dating Violence	A district shall adopt and implement a dating violence policy to be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0831 [See FFH]

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

Mental Health, Substance Abuse, and Suicide	38.3 abu be i	The practices and procedures developed under Education Code $38.351(i)$ (mental health promotion and intervention, substance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide prevention) must be included in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i> $38.351(k)(2)$ [See FFEB]				
Campus-Level Plan	Each school year, the principal of each school campus, with sistance of the campus-level committee, shall develop, revirevise the campus improvement plan for the purpose of improvement performance for all student populations, including sin special education programs under Education Code Chap Subchapter A, with respect to the student achievement indiand any other appropriate performance measures for special needs populations. <i>Education Code 11.253(c)</i>					
	Eac	Each campus improvement plan must:				
	1.	Assess the academic achievement for each student in the school using the achievement indicator system.				
	2.	Set the campus performance objectives based on the achievement indicator system, including objectives for special needs populations, including students in special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A.				
	3.	Identify how the campus goals will be met for each student.				
	4.	Determine the resources needed to implement the plan.				
	5.	Identify staff needed to implement the plan.				
	6.	Set timelines for reaching the goals.				
	7.	Measure progress toward the performance objectives periodi- cally to ensure that the plan is resulting in academic improve- ment.				
	8.	Include goals and methods for violence prevention and inter- vention on campus.				
	9.	Provide for a program to encourage parental involvement at the campus.				
	10.	If the campus is an elementary, middle, or junior high school, set goals and objectives for the coordinated health program at the campus based on:				
		 Student fitness assessment data, including any data from research-based assessments such as the school health index assessment and planning tool created by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 				

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS

- b. Student academic performance data;
- c. Student attendance rates;
- d. The percentage of students who are educationally disadvantaged;
- e. The use and success of any method to ensure that students participate in moderate to vigorous physical activity; and
- f. Any other indicator recommended by the local school health advisory council.

Education Code 11.253(d)

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS DISTRICT-LEVEL

Committee	A district's policy and procedures shall establish a district level planning and decision-making committee as provided by Education Code 11.251(b)–(e).				
	The committee shall include representative professional staff, par- ents of students enrolled in the district, business representatives, and community members. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>				
Professional Staff	A board shall adopt a procedure, consistent with Education Code 21.407(a) [see DGA], for the professional staff to nominate and elect the professional staff representatives who shall serve on the district-level committee. If practicable, the committee shall include at least one professional staff representative with the primary responsibility for educating students with disabilities.				
	At least two-thirds of the elected professional staff representatives must be classroom teachers. The remaining staff representatives shall include both campus- and district-level professional staff members.				
	Education Code 11.251(e)				
Parents	Board policy shall provide procedures for the selection of parents to the district-level committee.				
	For purposes of establishing the composition of the committee:				
	 A person who stands in parental relation to a student is con- sidered a parent. 				
	2. A parent who is an employee of a district is not considered a parent representative on the committee.				
	3. A parent is not considered a representative of community members on the committee.				
	Education Code 11.251(c), (e)				
Business Representatives and Community Members	Board policy must provide procedures for the selection of commu- nity members and business representatives to serve on the district- level committee in a manner that provides for appropriate repre- sentation of the community's diversity.				
	The committee shall include a business representative without re- gard to whether the representative resides in the district or whether the business the person represents is located in the district.				
	Community members must reside in the district and must be at least 18 years of age.				
	Education Code 11.251(b), (c), (e)				

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS DISTRICT-LEVEL

Meetings	A board shall establish a procedure under which the district-level committee holds regular meetings. The board or designee shall periodically meet with the district-level committee to review the committee's deliberations. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>			
Public Meetings	per nual cuss	The district-level committee shall hold at least one public meeting per year. The required meeting shall be held after receipt of the annual district performance report from TEA for the purpose of discussing the performance of a district and the district performance objectives. <i>Education Code 11.252(e)</i>		
Communications	syst obta vide	District policy and procedures must be established to ensure that systematic communications measures are in place to periodically obtain broad-based community, parent, and staff input and to provide information to those persons regarding the recommendations of the district-level committee. <i>Education Code 11.252(e)</i>		
Consultation	in th	e pla	tendent shall regularly consult the district-level committee nning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the dis- ational program. <i>Education Code 11.252(f)</i>	e
Responsibilities District Plan	annual development, evaluation, and revision of the c		ct-level committee shall assist the superintendent with th evelopment, evaluation, and revision of the district im- nt plan. <i>Education Code 11.252(a)</i> [See District Improve- n at BQ(LEGAL)]	
	teac Cod leve as a	hing e 7.0 l or c pproj	ool district and campus shall use the results from the and learning conditions survey required by Education 65(a) to review and revise, as appropriate, the district- ampus-level improvement plan, and for other purposes, priate to enhance the district and campus learning envi- a. Education Code 7.065(e)	
Dropout Prevention Review	A district-level committee of a district with a junior high, middle, or high school campus shall analyze information related to dropout prevention, including:			
	1.	The	results of the audit of dropout records;	
	2.	rate cent	npus information related to graduation rates, dropout s, high school equivalency certificate rates, and the per- tage of students who remain in high school more than fou rs after entering grade 9;	Jr
	3.		number of students who enter a high school equivalency	/
		a.	Do not complete the program,	
		b.	Complete the program but do not take the high school equivalency examination, or	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)		2 of	3

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS DISTRICT-LEVEL

	C.	Complete the program and take the high school equiva- lency examination but do not obtain a high school equiv- alency certificate;	
	tc m	or students enrolled in grades 9 and 10, information related academic credit hours earned, retention rates, and place- ents in disciplinary alternative education programs and ex- ulsions under Chapter 37; and	
		he results of an evaluation of each school-based dropout revention program in a district.	
		istrict-level committee shall use the information in develop- district improvement plan.	
	Educat	tion Code 11.255	
Staff Development	For staff development under Education Code 21.451(a), a district may use district-wide staff development developed and approved through the district-level decision process. <i>Education Code 21.451(c)</i> [See DMA]		
	Note:	See BF for information on the committee's role in re- questing waivers.	

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS CAMPUS-LEVEL

	A district shall maintain policies and procedures to ensure that effective planning and site-based decision making occur at each campus to direct and support the improvement of student performance for all students. <i>Education Code 11.253(a)</i>		
Committees	A district's policy and procedures shall establish campus-level planning and decision-making committees as provided by Educa- tion Code 11.251(b)–(e).		
	The committees shall include representative professional staff, par- ents of students enrolled in a district, business representatives, and community members.		
	Education Code 11.251(b), .253(b)		
Professional Staff	A board shall adopt a procedure, consistent with Education Code 21.407(a) [see DGA], for the professional staff to nominate and elect the professional staff representatives who shall serve on the campus-level committees. If practicable, a committee shall include at least one professional staff representative with the primary responsibility for educating students with disabilities.		
	At least two-thirds of the elected professional staff representatives must be classroom teachers. The remaining staff representatives shall include both campus- and district-level professional staff members.		
	Education Code 11.251(e)		
Parents	Board policy shall provide procedures for the selection of parents to the campus-level committees.		
	For purposes of establishing the composition of committees:		
	 A person who stands in parental relation to a student is con- sidered a parent. 		
	2. A parent who is an employee of a district is not considered a parent representative on the committee.		
	 A parent is not considered a representative of community members on the committee. 		
	Education Code 11.251(c), (e)		
Business Representatives and Community Members	Board policy must provide procedures for the selection of commu- nity members and business representatives to serve on the com- mittee in a manner that provides for appropriate representation of the community's diversity.		

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS CAMPUS-LEVEL

	A committee shall include a business representative without regard to whether the representative resides in the district or whether the business the person represents is located in the district.
	Community members must reside in the district and must be at least 18 years of age.
	Education Code 11.251(b), (c), (e)
Meetings	A board shall establish a procedure under which campus-level committees hold regular meetings. <i>Education Code 11.251(b)</i>
Public Meeting	Each campus-level committee shall hold at least one public meet- ing per year. The required meeting shall be held after receipt of the annual campus rating from TEA to discuss the performance of the campus and the campus performance objectives. <i>Education Code</i> 11.253(g)
Communications	District policy and campus procedures must be established to en- sure that systematic communications measures are in place to pe- riodically obtain broad-based community, parent, and staff input, and to provide information to those persons regarding the recom- mendations of the campus-level committees. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.253(g)</i>
Consultation	A principal shall regularly consult the campus-level committee in the planning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the campus educational program. <i>Education Code 11.253(h)</i>
Responsibilities	In accordance with the administrative procedures established un- der Education Code 11.251(b) [see BQ], the campus-level commit- tee shall be involved in decisions in the areas of planning, budget- ing, curriculum, staffing patterns, staff development, and school organization. <i>Education Code 11.251(d)</i>
Campus Improvement Plan	Each school year, the campus-level committee shall assist the campus principal with the development, review, and revision of the campus improvement plan. <i>Education Code 11.253(c)</i> [See Campus-Level Plan at BQ(LEGAL)]
	Each school district and campus shall use the results from the teaching and learning conditions survey required by Education Code 7.065(a) to review and revise, as appropriate, the district-level or campus-level improvement plans, and for other purposes, as appropriate to enhance the district and campus learning environments. <i>Education Code</i> 7.065(e)
Staff Development	The campus-level committee must approve the portions of the campus plan addressing campus staff development needs. <i>Educa-tion Code 11.253(e)</i>

PLANNING AND DECISION-MAKING PROCESS CAMPUS-LEVEL

	mus pus 11.2	st be perfo 253, a	development described by Education Code 21.451(a) predominantly campus-based, related to achieving cam- ormance objectives established under Education Code and developed and approved by the campus-level commit- cation Code 21.451(b) [See DMA]		
Dropout Prevention Review	A campus-level committee for a junior, middle, or high school cam- pus shall analyze information related to dropout prevention, includ- ing:				
	1.	The	results of the audit of dropout records;		
	2.	rate cen	npus information related to graduation rates, dropout s, high school equivalency certificate rates, and the per- tage of students who remain in high school more than four rs after entering grade 9;		
	3.		number of students who enter a high school equivalency ificate program and:		
		a.	Do not complete the program;		
		b.	Complete the program but do not take the high school equivalency examination; or		
		C.	Complete the program and take the high school equiva- lency examination but do not obtain a high school equiv- alency certificate;		
	4.	to a mer	students enrolled in grades 9 and 10, information related cademic credit hours earned, retention rates, and place- nts in disciplinary alternative education programs and ex- sions under Chapter 37; and		
	5.		e results of an evaluation of each school-based dropout vention program in the district.		
	A campus-level committee shall use the information in developing the campus improvement plan.				
	Education Code 11.255				
Principal Performance Incentives	A performance incentive awarded to a principal shall be distributed to the principal's school. The campus-level committee shall deter- mine the manner in which the performance incentive shall be dis- tributed and used, in accordance with Education Code 39.264(a). <i>Education Code 21.357(c)</i>				
	Not	e:	See BF for information on the committee's role in re- questing waivers.		

DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115

BQB(LEGAL)-A

	with a fec cluding p buildings nor, shall eral finan	s Education Agency (TEA) may enter into an agreement deral agency concerning a project related to education, in- rovision of school lunches and construction of school . TEA, or another state agency designated by the gover- coordinate the actions of a district participating in a fed- cial assistance program. <i>Education Code</i> 7.021(b), (c); de 742.003
Retirement and Insurance Contributions	Act, Insui money pr source sh ployee's s state con	e Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Benefits rance Code Chapter 1575, a district that applies for rovided by the United States or a privately sponsored hall, if any of the money will pay part or all of an active em- salary, also apply for any legally available money to pay tributions required by Insurance Code Chapter 1575, Sub- <i>E. Insurance Code 1575.252</i>
		rict must comply with the requirements of Insurance Code 1575, Subchapter F. <i>Insurance Code 1575.252(2)–.257</i>
	Subtitle C States, a source, a ployee's money to	e Teacher Retirement System, Government Code, Title 8, C, if a district applies for money provided by the United n agency of the United States, or a privately sponsored nd if any of the money will pay part or all of an em- salary, the district shall apply for any legally available pay state contributions required by Government Code or 830.201. <i>Gov't Code 825.406(a)</i>
	Such dist Code 825	rict must comply with the requirements of Government 5.406.
Block Grant Funds	If a district receives more than \$5,000 in block grant funds to be used as the district determines is appropriate, it shall provide evi- dence to TEA that a public meeting or hearing was held in a timely manner solely to seek public comment on the needs or uses of block grant funds received by the district. The board may hold this meeting or hearing in conjunction with another board meeting or hearing if the meeting or hearing to consider block grant funds is clearly noted in an announcement of the other meeting or hearing. <i>Gov't Code 2105.058</i>	
Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR)	Note:	For information regarding procurement under state law, see the CH policy series regarding Purchasing and Ac- quisition and the CV series regarding Facilities Construc- tion.
· · ·		For additional legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procurement, see COA.

	Regulati	means the Education Department General Administrative ions (34 C.F.R. 75, 76, 77, 79, 81, 82, 84, 86, 97, 98, and <i>C.F.R. 77.1(c)</i>		
Uniform Guidance (2 C.F.R. 200)	The Department of Education (DOE) adopts the Office of Manage- ment and Budget (OMB) Guidance in 2 C.F.R. Part 200 Uniform Guidance, except for 2 C.F.R. 200.102(a) and 2 C.F.R. 200.207(a). Thus, 2 C.F.R. Chapter XXXIV, Part 3474 gives regulatory effect to the OMB guidance and supplements the guidance as needed for the DOE. 2 C.F.R. 3474.1			
	ments, c to non-fe	The Uniform Guidance establishes uniform administrative require- ments, cost principles, and audit requirements for federal awards to non-federal entities, including school districts. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.64(j)</i> , .69, .100		
	Note:	The Uniform Guidance applies to all new grant awards and non-competing continuations (NCCs) made on or af- ter December 26, 2014 (see 2 C.F.R. 200.110).		
		For more information on EDGAR, the Uniform Guidance, and the federal regulations that apply to federal educa- tion grant awards, visit TEA's <u>EDGAR Materials and Re-</u> <u>sources¹</u> and the DOE's <u>EDGAR website</u> , ² <u>Uniform</u> <u>Guidance website</u> , ³ and <u>FAQs</u> . ⁴		
General Compliance		t is responsible for complying with all requirements of the award. 2 C.F.R. 200.300(b)		
<i>Disclosures</i> Conflicts	the fede (e.g., TE	t must disclose in writing any potential conflict of interest to eral awarding agency (e.g., DOE) or pass-through entity EA) in accordance with applicable federal awarding agency 2 <i>C.F.R. 200.112</i>		
Crimes	awardin criminal affecting can rest (Remed	t must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the federal g agency or pass-through entity all violations of federal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially g the federal award. Failure to make required disclosures ult in any of the remedies described in 2 C.F.R. 200.338 lies for Noncompliance), including suspension or debar- <i>C.F.R. 200.113</i>		
Procurement Standards District Procedures	[see bel tribal lav form to a	rict must use its own documented procurement procedures ow at Competition] which reflect applicable state, local, and ws and regulations, provided that the procurements con- applicable federal law and the standards identified in the Guidance.		

Oversight	The district must maintain oversight to ensure that contractors per- form in accordance with the terms, conditions, and specifications of their contracts or purchase orders.				
Conflicts of Interest	The district must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees en- gaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts. No employee, officer, or agent may participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a federal award if he or she has a real or apparent conflict of interest. A conflict of interest would arise when the employee, officer, or agent, any member of his or her immediate family, his or her partner, or an organization that employs or is about to employ any of these parties, has a financial or other interest in or a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract. The officers, employees, and agents of the district must neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontracts. However, districts may set standards for situations in which the financial interest is not substantial or the gift is an unsolicited item of nominal value. The standards of conduct must provide for disciplinary actions to be applied for violations of such standards by officers, employees, or agents of the district. [See BBFA, CAA(LOCAL), CB(LOCAL), DBD]				
Records	The district must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of procurement. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price. [See Pre-procurement Review and Contract Cost and Price, below]				
	2 C.F.R. 200.318				
Financial Management	The district's financial management systems, including records documenting compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award, must be sufficient to permit the preparation of reports required by general and program- specific terms and conditions; and the tracing of funds to a level of expenditures adequate to establish that such funds have been used according to the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.				
	The district's financial management system must comply with 2 C.F.R. 200.302(b).				
	2 C.F.R. 200.302 [see also 2 C.F.R. 200.333 (Retention Require- ments for Records), .334 (Requests for Transfer of Records), .335 (Methods for Collection, Transmission and Storage of Information),				

	.336 (Access to Records), and .337 (Restrictions on Public Acce to Records)]				
Internal Controls	The district must:				
	1.	Establish and maintain effective internal control over the fed- eral award that provides reasonable assurance that the dis- trict is managing the award in compliance with federal stat- utes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guid- ance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Govern- ment" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).			
	2.	Comply with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award.			
	3.	Evaluate and monitor the district's compliance with statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of federal awards.			
	4.	Take prompt action when instances of noncompliance are identified including noncompliance identified in audit findings.			
	5.	Take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other information the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity designates as sensi- tive or the district considers sensitive consistent with applica- ble federal, state, local, and tribal laws regarding privacy and obligations of confidentiality.			
	2 C.F.R. 200.303				
	"Internal controls" means a process, implemented by a district, de- signed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achieve- ment of objectives in the following categories:				
	1.	Effectiveness and efficiency of operations;			
	2.	Reliability of reporting for internal and external use; and			
	3.	Compliance with applicable laws and regulations.			
	2 C.F.R. 200.61				
Competition	prov 2 C. man	rocurement transactions must be conducted in a manner iding full and open competition consistent with the standards of F.R. 200.319. In order to ensure objective contractor perfor- ce and eliminate unfair competitive advantage, contractors that elop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work,			

		ions for bids or requests for proposals must be excluded npeting for such procurements.
	the use of tribal geo posals, of pressly r this prov architect a selection	rict must conduct procurements in a manner that prohibits of statutorily or administratively imposed state, local, or ographical preferences in the evaluation of bids or pro- except in those cases where applicable federal statutes ex- mandate or encourage geographic preference. Nothing in rision preempts state licensing laws. When contracting for sural and engineering services, geographic location may be on criterion provided its application leaves an appropriate of qualified firms, given the nature and size of the project, ete for the contract.
	tions. Th	rict must have written procedures for procurement transac- ese procedures must ensure that all solicitations meet the nents of 2 C.F.R. 200.319(c). [See Procurement Standards,
	or produ current a open and	rict must ensure that all prequalified lists of persons, firms, cts which are used in acquiring goods and services are and include enough qualified sources to ensure maximum d free competition. Also, the district must not preclude po- dders from qualifying during the solicitation period.
	2 C.F.R.	200.319
Procurement Methods		rict must use one of the following methods of procurement. . 200.320
	Note:	For information on the amounts of the micro-purchase threshold and the simplified acquisition threshold, see <u>OMB Memorandum M-18-18</u> , ⁵ TEA's <u>To the Administra-</u> <u>tor Addressed letter</u> ⁶ (August 28, 2018), and <u>New TEA</u> <u>Guidance on Micro-Purchase Flexibility Under EDGAR</u> . ⁷ For information regarding these thresholds and school nutrition purchases, see the Texas Department of Agri- culture (TDA) Food and Nutrition Division's <u>Administra-</u> <u>tor's Reference Manual</u> , ⁸ Section 17, and <u>USDA Memo</u> <u>SB20-2019; CACFP07-2019; SFSP06-2019</u> ⁹ (Revised October 30, 2019).
Micro- Purchases	services the micro	ment by micro-purchase is the acquisition of supplies or , the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed o-purchase threshold. To the extent practicable, the district

must distribute micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppli-

	tive	Micro-purchases may be awarded without soliciting competi- quotations if the district considers the price to be reasonable. <i>F.R. 200.320(a)</i>
	sim doe proc dure com mini cro-	cro-purchase" means a purchase of supplies or services using olified acquisition procedures, the aggregate amount of which is not exceed the micro-purchase threshold. Micro-purchase cedures comprise a subset of a district's small purchase proce- es. The district uses such procedures in order to expedite the apletion of its lowest-dollar small purchase transactions and imize the associated administrative burden and cost. The mi- purchase threshold is set by the Federal Acquisition Regulation 8 C.F.R. Subpart 2.1 Definitions. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.67</i>
Small Purchases	mal prop thre quo	all purchase procedures are those relatively simple and infor- procurement methods for securing services, supplies, or other perty that do not cost more than the simplified acquisition shold. If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate tations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified rces. 2 C.F.R. 200.320(b)
Simplified Acquisition Threshold	whic chas to e acqu the	nplified acquisition threshold" means the dollar amount below ch a district may purchase property or services using small pur- se methods. Districts adopt small purchase procedures in order xpedite the purchase of items costing less than the simplified uisition threshold. The simplified acquisition threshold is set by Federal Acquisition Regulation at 48 C.F.R. Subpart 2.1 Defini- s and in accordance with 41 U.S.C. 1908. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.88</i>
Sealed Bids	or u form for b ferre	s are publicly solicited and a firm fixed price contract (lump sum nit price) is awarded to the responsible bidder whose bid, con- ning with all the material terms and conditions of the invitation bids, is the lowest in price. The sealed bid method is the pre- ed method for procuring construction, if the conditions set out two apply.
		rder for sealed bidding to be feasible, the following conditions uld be present:
	1.	A complete, adequate, and realistic specification or purchase description is available;
	2.	Two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete effectively for the business; and
	3.	The procurement lends itself to a firm fixed price contract and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the basis of price.
	lf se	aled bids are used, the following requirements apply:

	1.	Bids must be solicited from an adequate number of known suppliers, providing them sufficient response time prior to the date set for opening the bids, for local governments, the invi- tation for bids must be publicly advertised;					
	2.	The invitation for bids, which will include any specifications and pertinent attachments, must define the items or services in order for the bidder to properly respond;					
	3.	All bids will be opened at the time and place prescribed in the invitation for bids, and for local governments, the bids must be opened publicly;					
	4.	A firm fixed price contract award will be made in writing to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder. Where specified in bidding documents, factors such as discounts, transportation cost, and life cycle costs must be considered in determining which bid is lowest. Payment discounts will only be used to determine the low bid when prior experience indicates that such discounts are usually taken advantage of; and					
	5.	Any or all bids may be rejected if there is a sound docu- mented reason.					
	2 C.	2 C.F.R. 200.320(c)					
Competitive Proposals	mor or c use	e technique of competitive proposals is normally conducted with re than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price ost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. It is generally d when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed s. If this method is used, the following requirements apply:					
	mor or c use	e than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price ost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. It is generally d when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed					
	mor or c use bids	The than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price ost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. It is generally d when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed s. If this method is used, the following requirements apply: Requests for proposals must be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance. Any response to publicized requests for proposals must be considered to					
	mor or c use bids 1.	The than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price ost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. It is generally d when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed s. If this method is used, the following requirements apply: Requests for proposals must be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance. Any response to publicized requests for proposals must be considered to the maximum extent practical; Proposals must be solicited from an adequate number of					
	mor or c bids 1.	 The district must have a written method for conducting tech- nical evaluations of the proposals received and for selecting 					

		(A/E) professional services whereby competitors' qualifica- tions are evaluated and the most qualified competitor is se- lected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compen- sation. The method, where price is not used as a selection factor, can only be used in procurement of A/E professional services. It cannot be used to purchase other types of ser- vices though A/E firms are a potential source to perform the proposed effort.				
	2 C	2 C.F.R. 200.320(d)				
Sole Source	Procurement by noncompetitive proposals is procurement throus solicitation of a proposal from only one source and may be use only when one or more of the following circumstances apply:					
	1.	The item is available only from a single source;				
	2.	The public exigency or emergency for the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from competitive solicitation;				
	3.	The federal awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes noncompetitive proposals in response to a written request from the non-federal entity; or				
	4.	After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is deter- mined inadequate.				
	2 C	.F.R. 200.320(f)				
Cooperative Purchasing	effo fede and whe	Foster greater economy and efficiency, and in accordance with orts to promote cost-effective use of shared services across the eral government, the district is encouraged to enter into state I local intergovernmental agreements or inter-entity agreements ere appropriate for procurement or use of common or shared ods and services. 2 C.F.R. 200.318(e)				
Affirmative Steps	min	district must take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that brity businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor sur- area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps must in- e:				
	1.	Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;				
	2.	Assuring that small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;				
	3.	Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by				

			small and minority businesses, and women's business enter- prises;			
		4.	Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement per- mits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;			
		5.	Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such or- ganizations as the Small Business Administration and the Mi- nority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and			
		6.	Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in items 1 through 5 above.			
		2 C	F.R. 200.321			
	Pre-procurement Review	The district must make available upon request, for the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity pre-procurement review, procurement documents, such as requests for proposals or invita- tions for bids, or independent cost estimates, when:				
		1.	The district's procurement procedures or operation fails to comply with the procurement standards in 2 C.F.R. Part 200;			
		2.	The procurement is expected to exceed the simplified acquisi- tion threshold and is to be awarded without competition or only one bid or offer is received in response to a solicitation;			
		3.	The procurement, which is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, specifies a "brand name" product;			
		4.	The proposed contract is more than the simplified acquisition threshold and is to be awarded to other than the apparent low bidder under a sealed bid procurement; or			
		5.	A proposed contract modification changes the scope of a con- tract or increases the contract amount by more than the sim- plified acquisition threshold.			
		2 C.F.R. 200.324(b)				
	Contract Cost and Price	eve thre of a proo	district must perform a cost or price analysis in connection with ry procurement action in excess of the simplified acquisition shold including contract modifications. The method and degree nalysis is dependent on the facts surrounding the particular curement situation, but as a starting point, the district must be independent estimates before receiving bids or proposals.			
			district must negotiate profit as a separate element of the price			

for each contract in which there is no price competition and in all

	sona work tor's recor	s where cost analysis is performed. To establish a fair and re ble profit, consideration must be given to the complexity of t to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the contra investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its rd of past performance, and industry profit rates in the sur- ding geographical area for similar work.	he
	feder cost the d The	s or prices based on estimated costs for contracts under the ral award are allowable only to the extent that costs incurred estimates included in negotiated prices would be allowable listrict under 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Subpart E—Cost Principles. district may reference its own cost principles that comply wit ederal cost principles.	l or for
		cost plus a percentage of cost and percentage of construction methods of contracting must not be used.	on
	2 C.F	F.R. 200.323	
Contract Provisions	scrib	district's contracts must contain the applicable provisions de ed in 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Appendix II—Contract Provisions fo Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards. 2 C.F.R. 326	
Suspension and Debarment	and s restri are d for pa	federal entities are subject to non-procurement debarment suspension regulations at 2 C.F.R. Part 180. These regulation ict awards, subawards, and contracts with certain parties that lebarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible articipation in federal assistance programs or activities. 2 R. 200.213	at
Remedies for Noncompliance	terms agen as de eral a comp the fe	listrict fails to comply with federal statutes, regulations, or the s and conditions of a federal award, the federal awarding acy or pass-through entity may impose additional conditions, escribed in 2 C.F.R. 200.207 (Specific Conditions). If the fed awarding agency or pass-through entity determines that non pliance cannot be remedied by imposing additional condition ederal awarding agency or pass-through entity may take one ore of the following actions, as appropriate in the circum- ces:	์- 1- 1S,
	1.	Temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency by the district or more severe enforcement action by the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.	
	2.	Disallow (that is, deny both use of funds and any applicable matching credit for) all or part of the cost of the activity or action tion not in compliance.	
	3.	Wholly or partly suspend or terminate the federal award.	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 CBB(LEGAL)-P)	10 of	14

	4. Initiate suspension or debarment proceedings as authorized under 2 C.F.R. Part 180 and federal awarding agency regula- tions (or in the case of a pass-through entity, recommend such a proceeding be initiated by a federal awarding agency).				
	5. Withhold further federal awards for the project or program.				
	6. Take other remedies that may be legally available.				
	2 C.F.R. 200.338				
Travel Costs	Travel costs are the expenses for transportation, lodging, subsist- ence, and related items incurred by employees who are in travel status on official business of the district. Such costs may be charged on an actual cost basis, on a per diem or mileage basis in lieu of actual costs incurred, or on a combination of the two, pro- vided the method used is applied to an entire trip and not to se- lected days of the trip, and results in charges consistent with those normally allowed in like circumstances in the district's non-federally funded activities and in accordance with the district's written travel reimbursement policies.				
	In the absence of an acceptable, written district policy regarding travel costs, the rates and amounts established under 5 U.S.C. 5701-11 (Travel and Subsistence Expenses; Mileage Allowances), or by the administrator of general services, or by the president (or his or her designee) pursuant to any provisions of such subchapter must apply to travel under federal awards [48 C.F.R. 31.205–46(a)].				
	2 C.F.R. 200.474(a), (d)				
Property Standards Federally Owned Property	Title to federally owned property remains vested in the federal gov- ernment. The district must submit annually an inventory listing of federally owned property in its custody to the federal awarding agency. Upon completion of the federal award or when the property is no longer needed, the district must report the property to the fed- eral awarding agency for further federal agency utilization.				
	"Exempt federally owned property" means property acquired under a federal award where the federal awarding agency has chosen to vest title to the property to the district without further obligation to the federal government, based upon the explicit terms and condi- tions of the federal award.				
	2 C.F.R. 200.312(a), (c)				
Property Trust Relationship	Real property, equipment, and intangible property that are acquired or improved with a federal award must be held in trust by the dis- trict as trustee for the beneficiaries of the project or program under				

	which the property was acquired or improved. The federal award- ing agency may require the district to record liens or other appro- priate notices of record to indicate that personal or real property has been acquired or improved with a federal award and that use and disposition conditions apply to the property. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.316</i>				
Real Property	Subject to the obligations and conditions set forth in 2 C.F.R. 200.311, title to real property acquired or improved under a federal award will vest upon acquisition in the district.				
	Except as otherwise provided by federal statutes or by the federal awarding agency, real property will be used for the originally au- thorized purpose as long as needed for that purpose, during which time the district must not dispose of or encumber its title or other interests.				
	When real property is no longer needed for the originally author- ized purpose, the district must obtain disposition instructions from the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. The instruc- tions must provide for one of the following alternatives:				
	1. Retain title after compensating the federal awarding agency an amount determined under 2 C.F.R. 200.311(c)(1).				
	 Sell the property and compensate the federal awarding agency an amount determined under 2 C.F.R. 200.311(c)(2). 				
	3. Transfer title to the federal awarding agency or to a third party designated/approved by the federal awarding agency. The district is entitled to be paid an amount calculated by applying the district's percentage of participation in the purchase of the real property (and cost of any improvements) to the current fair market value of the property.				
	2 C.F.R. 200.311				
Equipment <i>Title and Use</i>	Subject to the obligations and conditions set forth in 2 C.F.R. 200.313, title to equipment acquired under a federal award will vest upon acquisition in the district. Unless a statute specifically authorizes the federal agency to vest title in the district without further obligation to the federal government, and the federal agency elects to do so, the title must be a conditional title. Title must vest in the district subject to the following conditions:				
	 Use the equipment for the authorized purposes of the project during the period of performance, or until the property is no longer needed for the purposes of the project. 				
	2. Not encumber the property without approval of the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.				

	3. Use and dispose of the property in accordance with the provisions below.					
	Equipment must be used by the district in the program or project for which it was acquired in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.313(c).					
	Procedures for managing equipment (including replacement equip- ment), whether acquired in whole or in part under a federal award, until disposition takes place will, as a minimum, meet the require- ments of 2 C.F.R. 200.313(d).					
Disposition	If the district is authorized or required to sell the property, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.					
	When original or replacement equipment acquired under a federal award is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal awarding agency, except as otherwise provided in federal statutes, regulations, or federal awarding agency disposition instructions, the district must request disposition instructions from the federal awarding agency if required by the terms and conditions of the fed- eral award. Disposition of the equipment will be made as pre- scribed in 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e), in accordance with federal award- ing agency disposition instructions.					
	2 C.F.R. 200.313					
Supplies	Title to supplies will vest in the district upon acquisition. If there is a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 in total aggregate value upon termination or completion of the project or program and the supplies are not needed for any other federal award, the district must retain the supplies for use on other activities or sell them, but must, in either case, compensate the federal government for its share. The amount of compensation must be computed in the same manner as for equipment under 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e)(2). $2 C.F.R. 200.314(a)$					
Intangible Property	Title to intangible property acquired under a federal award vests upon acquisition in the district. The district must use that property for the originally-authorized purpose, and must not encumber the property without approval of the federal awarding agency. When no longer needed for the originally authorized purpose, disposition of the intangible property must occur in accordance with the provisions in 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e). <i>2 C.F.R. 200.315(a)</i>					
Direct Grant Programs	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 75 apply to each direct grant pro- gram of the DOE. 34 C.F.R. 75.1					

State-Administered Programs	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 76 apply to each state-adminis- tered program of the DOE. 34 C.F.R. 76.1
General Education Provision Act	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 81 govern the enforcement of le- gal requirements under applicable programs administered by the DOE and implement Part E of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA). <i>34 C.F.R. 81.1</i>
	 ¹ TEA EDGAR Materials and Resources: https://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Grants/EDGAR_Materials_and <u>Resources/</u> ² DOE EDGAR website: https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/reg/edgarReg/edgar.html ³ DOE Uniform Guidance website: https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/uniform-guidance/index.html ⁴ DOE Uniform Guidance FAQs: https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/uniform-guidance/edfaqs1216.pdf ⁵ OMB Memorandum M-18-18: https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-con- tent/uploads/2018/06/M-18-18.pdf ⁶ TEA <i>To the Administrator Addressed</i> letter (August 28, 2018): https://tea.texas.gov/about-tea/news-and-multimedia/correspondence/taa- letters/implementing-statutory-changes-to-micro-purchase-and-the-simpli- fied-acquisition-thresholds-under-the-education-department-general-ad- ministrative-regulations-edgar ⁷ New TEA Guidance on Micro-Purchase Flexibility Under EDGAR: https://tea.texas.gov/About_TEA/News_and_Multimedia/Correspond- ence/TAA_Letters/New_TEA_Guidance_on_Micro-Purchase_Flexibil- ity_Under_EDGAR/ ⁸ TDA Food and Nutrition Division's <i>Administrator's Reference Manual:</i> http://squaremeals.org/Publications/Handbooks.aspx ⁹ USDA Memo SB20-2019; CACFP07-2019; SFSP06-2019:
	https://files.constantcontact.com/884733b0501/37aa4af8-6f12-4d92- a163-27dffdc08993.pdf

Bonds and Bond	The board may issue bonds for:				
Taxes	1.	The construction, acquisition, and equipment of school build- ings in the district;			
	2.	The acquisition of property or the refinancing of property un- der a contract entered under the Public Property Finance Act (Local Government Code, Chapter 271, Subchapter A), re- gardless of whether payment obligations under the contract are due in the current year or a future year;			
	3.	The purchase of the necessary sites for school buildings;			
	4.	The purchase of new school buses;			
	5.	The retrofitting of school buses with emergency, safety, or se- curity equipment; and			
	6.	The purchase or retrofitting of vehicles to be used for emer- gency, safety, or security purposes.			
	The board may levy, pledge, assess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds as or before the principal and interest become due, subject to the pro- visions at Bond Elections, below.				
	Education Code 45.001(a)				
		oonds shall be issued in accordance with the Public Security cedures Act. <i>Gov't Code, Ch. 1201</i>			
Limitation	prov purc the perc life o	strict may not issue general obligation bonds to purchase, im- ve, or construct one or more improvements to real property, to chase one or more items of personal property, or to do both, if weighted average maturity of the issue of bonds exceeds 120 cent of the reasonably expected weighted average economic of the improvements and personal property financed with the is- of bonds. <i>Gov't Code 1253.002</i>			
Use of Proceeds for Utilities	tion chas amo stall of a ter, s may	proceeds of bonds issued by school districts for the construc- and equipment of school buildings in the district and the pur- se of the necessary sites for school buildings may be used, ong other things, to pay the cost of acquiring, laying, and in- ing pipes or lines to connect with the water, sewer, or gas lines municipality or private utility company, whether or not the wa- sewer, or gas lines adjoin the school, so that the school district provide its public school buildings the water, sewer, or gas fices. <i>Education Code 45.101</i>			

Bellville ISD 008901								
LOCAL REVENUE SOU BOND ISSUES	RCE	RCES (L						
State Facilities Funding Instructional Facilities	"Instructional facility" means real property, an improvement to property, or a necessary fixture of an improvement to real property is used predominantly for teaching the required curriculun <i>Education Code 46.001</i>							
Allotment	ter 4 tion 46.0 gua for 6 tion bon	Under the Instructional Facilities Allotment, Education Code Chap- ter 46, Subchapter A, for each year, except as provided by Educa- tion Code 46.005 (limitation on the guaranteed amount) and 46.006 (shortage or excess of appropriated funds), a district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state and local funds for each cent of tax effort, up to the statutory maximum in Educa- tion Code 46.003(b), to pay the principal of and interest on eligible bonds issued to construct, acquire, renovate or improve an instruc- tional facility. <i>Education Code 46.003(a); 19 TAC 61.1032</i>						
Existing Debt Allotment	A district is guaranteed a specified amount per student in state ar local funds for each cent of tax effort to pay the principal and inter- est on eligible bonds under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchap- ter B. Bonds are eligible to be paid with state and local funds und Subchapter B if the district made payments on the bonds during the final school year of the preceding state fiscal biennium or taxe levied to pay the principal and interest on the bonds were include in a district's audited debt service collections for that school year, and the district does not receive state assistance under the Instru- tional Facilities Allotment for payment of the principal and interest on the bonds. <i>Education Code</i> 46.032(a), .033; 19 TAC 61.1035							
	Not	e:	For information on the new instructional facility allotment, see CBA.					
Investment of Bond Proceeds		-	requirements regarding investment of bond proceeds, (LEGAL).					
Unspent Bond Proceeds	A district may use unspent proceeds of issued general obligation bonds only:							
	1.	For ized	the specific purposes for which the bonds were author- ;					
	2.	2. To retire the bonds; or						
	3.		a purpose other than the specific purposes for which the ds were authorized if:					
		a.	The specific purposes are accomplished or abandoned; and					
		b.	The board at a public meeting held only for the purpose of considering the use of the unspent bond proceeds ap- proves in separate votes the use of the proceeds for:					
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 CCA(LEGAL)-P)		2 of 15					

			(1)	A purpose other than to retire the bonds; and		
			(2)	The purpose specified at the time the vote is taken.		
	unde cons than publi oppo spen	In addition to other requirements, notice of a public meeting held under this provision must include a statement that the board will consider the use of unspent bond proceeds for a purpose other than the specific purposes for which the bonds were authorized. A public meeting held under this provision must provide the public a opportunity to address the board on the question of using the un- spent bond proceeds for a purpose other than the specific pur- poses for which the bonds were authorized.				
	Educ	cation	Cod	le 45.1105		
Capital Appreciation Bonds	For purposes of the following policy provisions, a "capital tion bond" is a bond that accrues and compounds interes date of delivery, the interest on which by its terms is paya upon maturity or prior redemption.					
Limitation on Issuance	A school district may not issue capital appreciation bonds that are secured by ad valorem taxes unless:					
	1.	The bonds have a scheduled maturity date that is not later than 20 years after the date of issuance;				
	2.	The board has received a written estimate of the cost of the issuance, including:				
		a.	The turity	amount of principal and interest to be paid until ma- /;		
		b.	clud	amount of fees to be paid to outside vendors, in- ing vendors who sell products to be financed by the d issuance;		
		C.		amount of fees to be paid to each financing team nber; and		
		d.	tions	projected tax impact of the bonds and the assump- on which the calculation of the projected tax impact used;		
	3.	finan boar write	icial r d and r, or and	d has determined in writing whether any personal or elationship exists between the members of the d any financial advisor, bond counsel, bond under- other professional associated with the bond issu- submitted the determination to the Ethics Commis-		
	4.			d posts prominently on the district's internet website s in the minutes of the board:		

		a.	The total amount of the proposed bonds;	
		b.	The length of maturity of the proposed bonds;	
		C.	The projects to be financed with bond proceeds;	
		d.	The intended use of bond proceeds not spent after com- pletion of the projects identified;	
		e.	The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded in- debtedness at the time of the election on the bonds, in- cluding the amount of principal and interest to be paid on existing bond indebtedness until maturity;	
		f.	The total amount of the district's outstanding bonded in- debtedness, including the amount of principal and inter- est to be paid until maturity; and	
		g.	The information received at item 2 above and deter- mined under item 3 above.	
	the c	listric	d shall regularly update the debt information posted on t's internet website under item 4.f above to ensure that nation is current and accurate.	
Limitation on Use of Proceeds	Capital appreciation bond proceeds may not be used to purchase the following items, unless an item has an expected useful life that exceeds the bond's maturity date:			
	1.	 Items more regularly considered maintenance items, includin replacement HVAC units, upgraded plumbing, or similar items; or 		
	2.	Tran	sportation-related items, including buses.	
Unspent Proceeds	Capital appreciation bond proceeds unspent after completion of the project identified as the proceeds' intended use may be used only for a use identified on the district's website as required above, unless another use is approved by the voters of the district at an election held for that purpose.			
Total Amount of Capital Appreciation Bonds	The total amount of capital appreciation bonds may not exceed 25 percent of the district's total outstanding bonded indebtedness at the time of the issuance, including the amount of principal and interest to be paid on the outstanding bonds until maturity.			
Extension	A district may not extend the maturity date of an issued capital ap preciation bond, including through the issuance of refunding bond that extend the maturity date, unless:			
	1.		extension of the maturity date will decrease the total unt of projected principal and interest to maturity; or	
			1 of 15	

	2.	The maximum legally allowable tax rate for indebtedness has been adopted and TEA certifies in writing that the solvency of the permanent school fund's bond guarantee program would be threatened without the extension.				
	Gov't Code 1201.0245					
	The foregoing provisions of Government Code 1201.0245 do not apply to the issuance of refunding bonds under Government Code Chapter 1207 or capital appreciation bonds for the purpose of financing transportation projects. <i>Gov't Code 1201.0245(j)</i>					
Bond Elections	Bonds may not be issued and taxes may not be levied unless thorized by a majority of the qualified voters of the district, vot an election held for such purpose, at the expense of the distri accordance with the Election Code, except as provided by Ed tion Code 45.003. The election shall be called by resolution o der of the board. The resolution or order must state the date of election, the proposition or propositions to be submitted and v on, the polling place or places, and any other matters consider necessary or advisable by the board. <i>Education Code 45.003</i>					
		Each special election in this state shall be held on one of the fol- lowing dates:				
	1.	The first Saturday in May; or				
	2.	The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.				
	Elec	tion Code 41.001(a) [See BBB]				
Call for Election	For an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election shall be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day. <i>Election Code 3.005</i> [See BBBA]					
Election Order	In addition to other legal requirements regarding the election [see BBBA(LEGAL)], the document ordering an election to a ize a district to issue debt obligations must distinctly state:					
	1.	The proposition language that will appear on the ballot;				
	2.	The purpose for which the bonds are to be authorized;				
	3.	The principal amount of the bonds to be authorized;				
	4.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds may be imposed;				
	5.	The estimated tax rate if the bonds are authorized or the max- imum interest rate of the bonds or any series of the bonds, based on the market conditions at the time of the election or- der;				
		E of 15				

	6.	The maximum maturity date of the bonds to be authorized or that the bonds may be issued to mature over a specified num- ber of years not to exceed the maximum number of years au- thorized by law;				
	7.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding principal of the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered;				
	8.	The aggregate amount of the outstanding interest on the dis- trict's debt obligations as of the date the election is ordered, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to variable rate debt obligations; and				
	9.	The district's ad valorem debt service tax rate at the time the election is ordered, expressed as an amount per \$100 valuation of taxable property.				
	Election Code 3.009(b)					
Posting	The	election order must be posted:				
	1.	On election day and during early voting by personal appear- ance, in a prominent location at each polling place;				
	2.	Not later than the 21st day before the election in three public places in the boundaries of the district; and				
	3.	During the 21 days before the election, on the district's inter- net website, prominently and together with the notice of the election, the contents of the proposition, and any sample bal- lot prepared for the election, if the district maintains an inter- net website.				
	Election Code 4.003(f) [See Voter Information, below]					
Election Notice	The notice of election must comply with Election Code Chapter 4. [For specific requirements regarding contents of the election no- tice, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Publication and Posting	The notice of election must be published and posted in accordance with Election Code requirements. [For specific requirements re- garding publication and posting, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Notice to Election Officials	Notice must be given to the county clerk, voter registrar, and elec- tion judge in accordance with Election Code Chapter 4. [For spe- cific requirements, see BBBA(LEGAL).]					
Propositions	A proposition submitted to authorize the issuance of bonds must in- clude the question of whether the board may levy, pledge, assess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes, on all taxable property in the district, either:					

	1.	Sufficient, without limits as to rate or amount, to pay the prin- cipal of and interest on said bonds; or				
	2.	Sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds, provided that the annual aggregate bond taxes in the district may never be more than the rate stated in the proposition.				
		e ballot proposition must include the following statement: "THIS A PROPERTY TAX INCREASE."				
	Edι	ıcation Code 45.003(b), (b-1)				
	the proj requ	A district that submits to the voters a proposition for the approval of the issuance of debt obligations shall prescribe the wording of the proposition that is to appear on the ballot in accordance with the requirements of Government Code Chapter 1251, Subchapter B. <i>Election Code</i> $52.072(f)$				
	corr lot r	The district shall assign a letter to each measure on the ballot that corresponds to its order on the ballot. Each proposition on the ballot must identify the name of the authority ordering the election on the measure. <i>Election Code 52.095</i>				
Ballot Contents		The ballot for a measure seeking voter approval of the issuance of debt obligations by a district shall specifically state:				
	1.	A plain language description of the single specific purposes for which the debt obligations are to be authorized;				
	2.	The total principal amount of the debt obligations to be au- thorized; and				
	3.	That taxes sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the debt obligations will be imposed.				
	Each single specific purpose for which debt obligations requiring voter approval are to be issued must be printed on the ballot as a separate proposition. A proposition may include as a specific pur- pose one or more structures or improvements serving the substan tially same purpose and may include related improvements and equipment necessary to accomplish the specific purpose.					
	Gou	∕'t Code 1251.052(a)–(a-1)				
Exception	que stru trict ess a si	Notwithstanding the requirements at Ballot Contents, above, the question of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for the con- struction, acquisition, and equipment of school buildings in the dis- trict, the purchase of new school buses, and the purchase of nec- essary sites for school buildings may be submitted to the voters in a single ballot proposition, except that bonds for each of the follow- ing purposes must be stated in a separate proposition:				

	1.	The	construction, acquisition, or equipment of:					
		a.	A stadium with seating capacity for more than 1,000 spectators;					
		b.	A natatorium;					
		C.	Another recreational facility other than a gymnasium, playground, or play area;					
		d.	A performing arts facility;					
		e.	Housing for teachers as determined by the district to be necessary to have a sufficient number of teachers for the district; and					
	2.	equ	acquisition or update of technology equipment, other than ipment used for school security purposes or technology astructure integral to the construction of a facility.					
	buil lot a buil con osit that ing	The question of whether to approve the issuance of bonds for building described by items 1a–e above must be printed on the lot as a separate ballot proposition regardless of whether that building is proposed as part of the same complex or building the contains traditional classroom facilities. Each separate ballot p osition must state the principal amount of the bonds to be issue that constitutes the cost for construction of that portion of the k ing or complex attributable to the building described by items of above or to the traditional classroom facilities, as applicable.						
	Edu	Education Code 45.003(g)–(h)						
Definition	me taxe nate	"Debt obligation" means a public security, as defined by Govern- ment Code 1201.002, secured by and payable from ad valorem taxes. The term does not include public securities that are desig- nated as self-supporting by the political subdivision issuing the se- curities. <i>Gov't Code 1251.051(1)</i>						
Voter Information	ado forr	A district with at least 250 registered voters on the date the board adopts the debt obligation election order must prepare a voter in- formation document for each proposition to be voted on at the elec- tion.						
Posting Requirements	mai und	The district shall post the voter information document in the same manner as a debt obligation election order is required to be posted under Election Code 4.003(f) [see Posting, above] and may includ the voter information document in the debt obligation election order.						

	ma ces tior	A district that maintains an internet website shall provide the infor- mation described at Contents, below, on its website in an easily ac- cessible manner beginning not later than the 21st day before elec- tion day and ending on the day after the date of the debt obligation election.				
Contents	The	e vote	r info	rmation document must distinctly state:		
	1.	The	lang	uage that will appear on the ballot;		
	2.	The	follo	wing information formatted as a table:		
		a.	The	e principal of the debt obligations to be authorized;		
		b.		e estimated interest for the debt obligations to be au- rized;		
		C.	to p	e estimated combined principal and interest required bay on time and in full the debt obligations to be au- rized; and		
		d.		of the date the district adopts the debt obligation elec- order:		
			(1)	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations of the district;		
			(2)	The estimated remaining interest on all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations; and		
			(3)	The estimated combined principal and interest re- quired to pay on time and in full all outstanding debt obligations of the district, which may be based on the district's expectations relative to the interest due on any variable rate debt obligations;		
	3.	taxe dist obli	nated maximum annual increase in the amount of at would be imposed on a residence homestead in the ith an appraised value of \$100,000 to repay the debt ns to be authorized, if approved, based upon as- ns made by the board; and			
	4.		essa	r information that the board considers relevant or ry to explain the information required by these provi-		
Assumptions	jor	The board shall identify in the voter information document the ma- jor assumptions made in connection with the statement required by item 3 above, including:				

	1.	The amortization of the district's debt obligations, including outstanding debt obligations and the proposed debt obliga- tions;			
	2.	Changes in estimated future appraised values within the dis- trict; and			
	3.	The assumed interest rate on the proposed debt obligations.			
	Goi	r't Code 1251.052(b)–(d)			
Electioneering and Political Advertising		additional information and prohibitions related to electioneering political advertising, see BBBD(LEGAL).			
50 Cent Test for New Debt	Before issuing bonds, a district must demonstrate to the attorney general that, with respect to the proposed issuance, the district has a projected ability to pay the principal of and interest on the pro- posed bonds and all previously issued bonds, other than bonds au- thorized to be issued at an election held on or before April 1, 1991, and issued before September 1, 1992, from a tax at a rate not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of valuation (the "50 Cent Test").				
	A district may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent Test by using the most recent taxable value of property in the dis- trict, combined with state assistance to which the district is entitled under Education Code Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used for the payment of bonds.				
Future Taxable Value	Tes trict curr for t stat Coo	strict may demonstrate the ability to comply with the 50 Cent t by using a projected future taxable value of property in the dis- anticipated for the earlier of the tax year five years after the rent tax year or the tax year in which the final payment is due the bonds submitted to the attorney general, combined with e assistance to which the district is entitled under Education le Chapter 46 or 48 that may be lawfully used for the payment onds.			
	The district must submit to the attorney general a certification of the district's projected taxable value prepared by a registered, cer- tified professional appraiser who has demonstrated professional experience in projecting taxable values or who can obtain any nec- essary assistance from an experienced person.				
	sigr dete	e certification of a district's projected taxable value must be ned by the superintendent. The attorney general must base a ermination of whether a district has complied with the 50 Cent t on a taxable value that is equal to 90 percent of the value cer- d.			
	Edι	cation Code 45.0031			

Bellville ISD 008901					
LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES (LEG					
Attorney General Review and Approval	Unless exempt under Government Code 1202.007, before the is- suance of a public security, the issuer shall submit the public secu- rity and the record of proceedings to the attorney general. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 1202.003(a); see, e.g., 1 TAC 53.3 (Content of Transcripts),</i> <i>53.16 (Submission and Approval of Transcripts), and 53.61 (School</i> <i>District Tax Bond Elections)</i>				
Refunding Bonds	A board may refund or refinance all or any part of any of the dis- trict's outstanding bonds and matured or unmatured but unpaid in- terest on those bonds payable from ad valorem taxes by issuing refunding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. <i>Education Code</i> <i>45.004; Gov't Code Ch. 1207</i>				
Instructional Facilities Allotment	A district may use state funds received under Education Code Chapter 46 to pay principal of and interest on refunding bonds that:				
for Refunding Bonds	 Are issued to refund bonds eligible under Education Code 46.003; 				
	 Do not have a final maturity date later than the final maturity date of the bonds being refunded; 				
	 May not be called for redemption earlier than the earliest call date of all bonds being refunded; and 				
	 Result in a present value savings as defined in Education Code 46.007(4). 				
	Education Code 46.007				
Authorized Unissued Bonds	If a district has authorized school bonds for a specific purpose and that purpose has been accomplished by other means or has been abandoned and all or a portion of the authorized bonds remains unissued, a board may order an election [see BBBA] to submit to the qualified voters of the district the proposition of whether or not the authorized but unissued bonds may be issued, sold, and delivered for other and different purposes specified in the election order and notice. The election shall be ordered, held, and conducted in the same form and manner as that at which the bonds were originally authorized. If a majority of those voting at the election vote in favor of the sale and delivery of the unissued bonds for the purposes specified in the election and may issue, sell, and deliver the bonds and use the proceeds for the purposes authorized at the election. <i>Education Code 45.110</i>				
Bond Guarantee Program Eligibility	A district seeking guarantee of eligible bonds under the Bond Guar- antee Program shall apply to the commissioner of education using a form adopted by the commissioner. To be eligible for approval, district bonds must be issued under Education Code Chapter 45,				

	Subchapter A, or under Government Code Chapter 1207. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 45.054, .055(a); 19 TAC 33.65(b)(5)</i>					
Application	An application must include:					
	1.	The name of the district and the principal amount of the bonds to be issued;				
	2.	The name and address of the district's paying agent, which means the financial institution designated by a district as its agent for payment of principal and interest on guaranteed bonds; and				
	3.	The maturity schedule, estimated interest rate, and date of the bonds.				
	Education Code 45.051(2), .055					
	An application must be accompanied by a fee set by rule of the State Board of Education. <i>Education Code 45.055(c); 19 TAC</i> 33.65(f)(1)					
	On approval by the commissioner, bonds issued by a district are guaranteed by the corpus and income of the permanent school fund. The guarantee remains in effect until the date those bonds mature or are defeased in accordance with state law. <i>Education Code 45.052</i>					
	If a district does not receive approval for the guarantee or for any reason does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney general within the specified time period, the district may reapply in a subsequent month. Applications that were denied approval for the guarantee will not be retained for consideration in subsequent months. <i>19 TAC 33.65(f)(5)</i>					
	of pr	strict may not represent bonds as guaranteed for the purpose icing or marketing the bonds before the date of the letter grant-approval for the guarantee. <i>19 TAC 33.65(g)(4)(D)</i>				
Credit Enhancement Program	If a district's application for guarantee of district bonds by the per- manent school fund is rejected, the district may apply under Edu- cation Code Chapter 45, Subchapter I for credit enhancement of bonds described by Education Code 45.054 (eligibility for the Bond Guarantee Program) by money appropriated for the Foundation School Program, other than money that is appropriated to districts specifically:					
	1.	As required under the Texas Constitution; or				
	2.	For assistance in paying debt service.				

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

	The credit enhancement remains in effect until the date the bonds mature or are defeased in accordance with state law.					
	Education Code 45.252					
Eligibility	To be eligible for approval by the commissioner for credit enhance- ment:					
	 Bonds must be issued in the manner provided by Education Code 45.054; 					
	 Payments of all of the principal of the bonds must be sched- uled during the first six months of the state fiscal year; 					
	 The district's lowest credit rating from any credit rating agency may not be the same as or higher than that of the School Dis- trict Bond Enhancement Program; 					
	4. The bonded debt for which the credit enhancement is sought must be structured so that no single annual debt service payment exceeds two times the quotient produced by dividing the total proposed annual debt service, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 61.1038(b)(10), for the term of the bonds by the number of years in the amortization schedule; and					
	 The district must agree in its application that the total annual debt service on bonds approved for the credit enhancement will be paid on or before August 15 of each state fiscal year. 					
	Education Code 45.254; 19 TAC 61.1038(f)					
Application	A district seeking credit enhancement of eligible bonds shall apply to the commissioner using a form adopted by the commissioner for the purpose. The application must:					
	 Include the information required by Education Code 45.055(b), at Bond Guarantee Program—Application, above; and 					
	2. Be accompanied by a fee set by the State Board of Educa- tion. 19 TAC 61.1038(d)(1)					
	Education Code 45.255					
	The district may not submit an application for a guarantee or credit enhancement before the successful passage of an authorizing proposition.					
	If a district does not receive a credit enhancement or for any rea- son does not receive approval of the bonds from the attorney gen- eral within the specified time period, the district may reapply in a					

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

	subsequent month. Applications that were denied a credit en- hancement will not be retained for consideration in subsequent months.
	A district may not represent the bonds as approved for credit en- hancement for the purposes of pricing or marketing the bonds be- fore the date of the letter granting approval for the credit enhance- ment.
	19 TAC 61.1038(e)(1), (8), (10)
Authority to Contract for Services	An issuer has exclusive authority to select, contract with, and de- termine the basis for compensation of a person to provide legal and other services as may be determined by the issuer to be nec- essary in connection with the issuer's issuance of public securities or administration of its affairs that pertain to the issuance of public securities. The selection of legal counsel shall be made in accord- ance with the provisions of Government Code Chapter 2254, Sub- chapter A, applicable to the selection by a governmental entity of a provider of professional engineering services. <i>Government Code</i> <i>1201.027(a)</i> [See CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal services and Government Code 2254.102(e) for additional requirements.]
Federal Securities Law Disclosure Obligations for Bond and Other Debt Offerings	Prior to publicly offering bonds, a school district must prepare and deliver to an underwriter an official statement containing the terms of the bond offering, a description of the district itself, financial and operating data of the district, and any other information that may be material to an investor interested in purchasing the district's bonds or otherwise required by Rule 15c2-12 of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) (SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)). <i>17 C.F.R. 240.15c2-12</i> [See Note, below]
Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds	Except for exempt offerings, SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) requires under- writers to obtain a continuing disclosure agreement (CDA) from the district when the district issues bonds. A CDA obligates the district to prepare and file continuing disclosures of financial information and operating data annually after the bonds are issued. A CDA also requires filing notice regarding the occurrence of events listed un- der SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) within 10 business days following the occurrence of any such event. <i>17 C.F.R. 240.15c2-12</i> [See Note, below]
Liability under Federal Securities Law	School districts, board members, and certain employees of the dis- trict are subject to liability under the antifraud provisions of the fed- eral securities laws contained in Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act"), Section 10(b) of the Securities Ex- change Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 of the SEC. The antifraud provisions generally prohibit false or misleading

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES BOND ISSUES

statements made in connection with the offer or sale of a district's bonds (or the omission of material facts from such statements), including the official statement itself and any other statement reasonably expected to reach bond investors (disclosures). *SEC Exchange Act Release No.* 33741 (*Mar. 9, 1994*)

The antifraud provisions also apply to a district's continuing disclosure obligations under SEC Rule 15c2-12(b) after a district's bonds are issued. [See Continuing Disclosure after Issuing Bonds, above] SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012) (the "SEC 2012 Report") at pg. 29

Note: In preparing an official statement, a district may reasonably rely on the advice of outside professionals who are also subject to the antifraud provisions, but a district is primarily liable for the content of its official statement and other disclosures. *SEC Exchange Act Release No.* 36761 (Jan. 24, 1996)

A district may engage qualified consultants, including qualified disclosure or securities counsel and a financial adviser, to assist with preparing an official statement and other primary disclosures relating to a bond offering. Creation of internal procedures may help to insulate a district against criticism or liability under federal securities laws.

Districts may also engage disclosure counsel and/or other professionals to assist with secondary disclosure, including advice and assistance ensuring that (1) reporting requirements imposed by a CDA are satisfied and (2) information disclosed in periodic and occasional reports is accurate and complete.

Internal procedures may provide for (1) appointment of, and disclosure training for, district officials and employees who will be part of the financing team, (2) a procedure of accountability for review of the disclosures, and (3) ensuring that any procedures established are in fact followed.

[See SEC Report on the Municipal Securities Market (July 31, 2012)]

Bellville ISD 008901

Table of Contents	Tax Rate Adoption	2
	Maintenance Taxes	2
	Assessor and Collector	4
	Certified Estimate of Values	5
	Appraisal Roll	5
	Designated Employee/Officer to Calculate Rates	5
	Truth-in-Taxation Requirements	5
	Tax Rate Adoption Requirements	7
	Adoption of Tax Roll	9
	Failure to Adopt Tax Rate	9
	Taxpayer Injunction	9
	Tax Information to County	10
	Appraisal District Property Tax Database	10
	Internet Posting of Tax Rate and Budget Information	10
	Election to Approve Tax Rate	10
	Efficiency Audit	10
	Disaster Exception	11
	Time for Election	12
	Proposition	12
	Election Outcome	13

Bellville ISD 008901

Tax Rate Adoption Maintenance Taxes	The board may levy, assess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes for the maintenance of the district's schools. Taxes may not be lev- ied unless authorized by a majority of the qualified voters of the district, voting at an election called for that purpose. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 45.002, .003(a)</i>		
Restriction on Maintenance Tax Levy	A district may not increase the rate of the district's maintenance taxes to create a surplus in maintenance tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service. <i>Education Code 45.0021(a)</i> [See Taxpayer Injunction, below]		
<i>Maintenance Tax Rate Components</i> Tier One	A district's tier one maintenance and operations tax rate is the number of cents levied by the district for maintenance and opera- tions that does not exceed the maximum compressed rate, as de- termined under Education Code 48.2551.		
Maximum Compressed Rate	"MCR" is the district's maximum compressed rate, which is the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable prop- erty at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment to which the district is entitled under Education Code Chapter 48. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall calculate and make available school districts' maximum compressed rates.		
	Education Code 48.2551		
	School districts' maximum compressed maintenance and opera- tions tax rates shall be calculated using locally certified property values and adjusted to estimate for exclusions under Government Code 403.302(d).		
	TEA will open a data collection from 12:01 a.m. on July 18 through 11:59 p.m. on August 1 for districts. Districts must submit the data specified in 19 Administrative Code 61.1000(c). TEA will use any available data to calculate MCR absent data collection submissions from a school district.		
	19 TAC 61.1000(b), (c), (h)		
	TEA will calculate and make available preliminary maximum com- pressed tier one tax rates to each district on or before August 5. If TEA receives an appeal of a preliminary MCR, TEA will issue a fi- nal determination to the district no later than August 31. If TEA does not receive an appeal of a preliminary MCR, the preliminary MCR automatically becomes a final MCR ten calendar days follow- ing TEA's approval of the district's preliminary MCR. <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1000(d)-(f)		
	A district may appeal its preliminary MCR through the following process:		

	1.	The TEA division responsible for MCRs must receive a written appeal no later than ten calendar days after TEA's approval of the district's preliminary MCR. The appeal must include ade- quate evidence and additional information that supports the position of the district. Appeals received 11 calendar days or more after TEA approves a district's preliminary MCR will not be considered.				
	2.	TEA will only consider appeals that would result in a change of the preliminary MCR.				
	19	TAC 61.1000(g)				
Tier Two	A district's enrichment tax rate consists of:					
	1.	Any cents of additional maintenance and operations tax effort, not to exceed eight cents over the maximum tier one tax rate; and				
	2.	Any cents of additional maintenance and operations tax effort that exceeds the sum of the maximum tier one tax rate and the maximum number of cents permitted under item 1 above.				
	Edι	Education Code 45.0032(a), (b)				
Districts Subject to Disaster Exception	mer mai exc 26.0 ing dist	a district to which the Disaster Exception to Election Require- nt described below applies, the amount by which the district's ntenance tax rate exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate, luding the district's current debt rate under Tax Code D8(n)(1)(C) for the preceding year is not considered in determin- a district's tier one maintenance and operations tax rate or the rict's enrichment tax rate for the current tax year. <i>Education</i> <i>de 45.0032(d)</i>				
Maximum Tax Rate	ado \$0.1	any year, the maintenance tax rate per \$100 of taxable value pted by the district may not exceed the rate equal to the sum of 17 and the district's maximum compressed rate, as determined ler Education Code 48.2551.				
	is to this ado	ate that exceeds the maximum rate for the year in which the tax b be imposed is void. A district with a tax rate that is void under provision may, subject to requirements imposed by other law, opt a rate for that year that does not exceed the specified maxi- m rate for that year.				
	Edι	ucation Code 45.003(d), (e)				
Districts with 2005 Tax Rate over \$1.50	tax taxa	withstanding any other law, a district that levied a maintenance for the 2005 tax year at a rate greater than \$1.50 per \$100 of able value in the district as permitted by special law [Art. 2784g . Rev. Civ. Stat.] may not levy a maintenance tax at a rate that				

	exceeds the rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the sum of \$0.17 and the product of 66.67 percent multiplied by the rate of the maintenance tax levied by the district for the 2005 tax year, minus any amount by which \$1.00 exceeds the product of the state compression percentage, as determined under Education Code 48.255, multiplied by \$1.00. <i>Education Code 45.003(f)</i>
	For a district described above, any cents of maintenance and oper- ations tax effort that exceeds the maximum rate described at Maxi- mum Tax Rate are not included in the district's tier one mainte- nance and operations tax rate or the district's enrichment tax rate and the district is not entitled to the guaranteed yield amount of state funds under Education Code 48.202 for those cents of tax ef- fort. <i>Education Code 45.0032(c)</i>
Assessor and Collector	The board may employ a person to assess or collect the district's taxes and may compensate the person as the board considers appropriate. This provision does not prohibit a district from providing for the assessment or collection of the district's taxes under a method authorized by Tax Code Chapter 6, Subchapter B. <i>Education Code 45.231</i>
	A district that used a method of selection for the 1994 tax year that was authorized by former Education Code Chapter 23, Subchapter F, may continue to use that method until the district uses another method authorized above. <i>Education Code 45.232</i>
	The assessor and collector shall assess, collect, or assess and collect taxes, as applicable. <i>Tax Code 6.23(b)</i>
Collector's Bond	A district that has its own collector shall require the collector to give bond conditioned on the faithful performance of duties. The bond must be made payable to and be approved by the board in an amount determined by the board. The board may require a new bond at any time, and failure to give new bond within a reasonable time after demand is a ground for removal from office. The board may prescribe additional requirements for the bond.
	A district whose taxes are collected by a person other than the dis- trict's own collector may require that person to give bond condi- tioned on the faithful performance of duties. The bond must be pay- able to, approved by, and paid for by the board in an amount determined by the board. The board may prescribe additional re- quirements for the bond.
	A district shall pay the premium for a required bond from its general fund or as provided by intergovernmental contract.
	Tax Code 6.29

Bellville ISD 008901					
LOCAL REVENUE SOU AD VALOREM TAXES	RCES		CCG (LEGAL)		
Certified Estimate of Values	trict's as	30, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify t sessor an estimate of the taxable value of district e 26.01(e)			
Appraisal Roll	By July 25, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the sessor for the district that part of the appraisal roll that lists the property taxable by the district. The part certified to the assess the appraisal roll for the district.				
	If by July 20 the appraisal review board has not approved the appraisal records as required under Tax Code 41.12, the chief appraiser shall not later than July 25 prepare and certify to the assessor for a school district an estimate of the taxable value of property in the school district.				
	Tax Cod	e 26.01(a)–(a-1)			
	By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the district's as- sessor shall submit to the board the district's appraisal roll, show- ing the total appraised, assessed, and taxable values of all prop- erty and the total taxable value of new property.				
	By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, a district's collec- tor shall certify to the board the anticipated collection rate for the current year. If the collector certified an anticipated collection rate in the preceding year and the actual collection rate in that year ex- ceeded the anticipated rate, the collector shall also certify the amount of debt taxes collected in excess of the anticipated amount in the preceding year.				
	Tax Code 26.04(b)				
Designated Employee/Officer to Calculate Rates	After the district's assessor submits the appraisal roll to the board, an officer or employee designated by the board shall calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate for the district. <i>Tax Code 26.04(c)</i>				
Truth-in-Taxation Requirements	Note:	The <i>Truth in Taxation</i> website maintained by th comptroller of public accounts offers <u>detailed gon setting local property tax rates for school dis</u>	<u>uidance</u>		
Traditional Method	44.002, t purpose budget n tax year	e budget has been prepared under Education Co he board president shall call a meeting of the bo of adopting a budget for the succeeding tax year nust be adopted before the adoption of the tax ra in which the fiscal year covered by the budget be Code 44.004(a), (g) [See CE]	ard for the . The ite for the		

Bellville ISD 008901			
LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES (LEC			
Published Notice	The board president shall provide for publication of notice of the budget and proposed tax rate meeting in a daily, weekly, or bi- weekly newspaper published in the district. If no daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper is published in the district, the president shall provide for publication of notice in at least one newspaper of gen- eral circulation in the county in which the district's central adminis- trative office is located. The notice shall be published not earlier than the 30th day or later than the tenth day before the date of the hearing.		
Form and Contents	The notice of public meeting to discuss and adopt the budget and the proposed tax rate may not be smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or a tabloid-size newspaper, and the headline on the notice must be in 18-point or larger type and contain the infor- mation set out in Education Code 44.004(c) and (c-1).		
	The notice must include a statement that a district may not in- crease its maintenance and operations tax rate to create a surplus in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the purpose of pay- ing the district's debt service.		
	A notice is not valid if it does not substantially conform to the lan- guage and format prescribed by the comptroller.		
	Education Code 44.004(b)–(d)		
Debt Service Rate Decrease	If the published interest and sinking fund (debt service) rate decreases after the publication of the required notice, the president is not required to publish another notice or call another meeting to discuss and adopt the budget and the proposed lower tax rate. <i>Education Code</i> $44.004(g-1)$		
Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year	Notwithstanding the provisions above, a district with a fiscal year beginning July 1 may use the certified estimate of the taxable value of district property in preparing the required notice if the district does not receive the certified appraisal roll on or before June 7. A district that uses a certified estimate may adopt a budget at the public meeting designated in the published notice prepared using the estimate, but the district may not adopt a tax rate before the district receives the certified appraisal roll for the district.		
	After receipt of the certified appraisal roll, a district must publish a revised notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a tax rate that exceeds:		
	1. The rate proposed in the notice prepared using the estimate;		

	 The district's voter-approval rate determined under Tax Code 26.08 using the certified appraisal roll. 						
	Education Code 44.004(h), (i)						
Early Adoption Method	Notwithstanding the provisions above or at Deadline below, a dis- trict may adopt a budget after the district adopts a tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins if the district elects to adopt a tax rate before receiving the certified ap- praisal roll for the district. If a district elects to adopt a tax rate be- fore adopting a budget, the district must publish notice and hold a meeting for the purpose of discussing the proposed tax rate as pro- vided above. Following adoption of the tax rate, the district must publish notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a budget. The comptroller shall prescribe the language and format to be used in the notices. The district may use the certi- fied estimate of taxable value in preparing a notice under this provi- sion. <i>Education Code 44.004(j)</i>						
	The board of a district that elects to adopt a tax rate before the adoption of a budget for the fiscal year that begins in the current tax year may adopt a tax rate for the current tax year before receipt of the certified appraisal roll for the district if the chief appraiser of the appraisal district in which the district participates has certified to the assessor for the district an estimate of the taxable value of property in the district as specified at Certified Estimate of Values above. If a district adopts a tax rate under this provision, the nonew-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate of the district shall be calculated based on the certified estimate of taxable value. <i>Tax Code 26.05(g)</i>						
Tax Rate Adoption Requirements <i>Deadline</i>	The board shall adopt a tax rate for the current tax year and shall notify the assessor of the tax rate adopted. [See Adoption of Tax Roll, below] The board must adopt a tax rate before the later of September 30 or the 60th day after the date the certified appraisal roll is received by the district, except that the board must adopt a tax rate that exceeds the voter-approval tax rate not later than the 71st day before the next uniform election date that occurs in No- vember of that year. [Note that Election Code 3.005(c) requires that an election to be held on a uniform date be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day; see Time for Election, below.]						
	The tax rate consists of two components, each of which must be approved separately. The components are:						
	 The interest and sinking fund (debt service) rate calculated under Education Code 44.004(c)(5)(A)(ii)(b); and 						

		2.	the	rate that, if applied to the total taxable value, will impose amount of taxes needed to fund maintenance and opera- expenditures of the district for the next year.
		Tax	Code	e 26.05(a)
	Tax Date for Certain Districts	lowe provi its ta may prov pose prop and	ed a p vided axes a v cont vided es, in perty, admi	that before January 1, 1989, has for at least ten years fol- practice of adopting its tax rate at a different date than as by Tax Code Chapter 26 and of billing for and collecting at different dates than as provided by Chapters 31 and 33 inue to follow that practice. This does not affect the dates by the Property Tax Code (Tax Code Title 1) for other pur- cluding those relating to the appraisal and taxability of the attachment of tax liens and personal liability for taxes, inistrative and judicial review under Chapters 41 and 42. e 26.135
	Vote	ado set l resc vote orde new trict	pted a by ord plution adop er set -reve 's cur t of th	may not impose property taxes in any year until it has a tax rate for that year, and the annual tax rate must be dinance, resolution, or order. The vote on the ordinance, n, or order setting the tax rate must be separate from the bting the budget. The vote on the ordinance, resolution, or ting a tax rate that exceeds the sum of the district's no- mue maintenance and operations tax rate and the dis- rent debt rate must be a record vote, and at least 60 per- be members of the board must vote in favor of the ordi- esolution, or order.
	Motion	rate the by tl tivel	that follow he ad y a (ii	to adopt an ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate must be made in ving form: "I move that the property tax rate be increased loption of a tax rate of (specify tax rate), which is effec- nsert percentage by which the proposed tax rate exceeds ew-revenue tax rate) percent increase in the tax rate."
	Language and Internet Posting	to th maii cee	ne tota ntena ds the	inance, resolution, or order sets a tax rate that, if applied al taxable value, will impose an amount of taxes to fund ince and operation expenditures of the district that ex- e amount of taxes imposed for that purpose in the preced- the district must:
		1.		ude in the ordinance, resolution, or order in type larger In the type used in any other portion of the document:
			a.	The following statement: "THIS TAX RATE WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERA- TIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and
			b.	If the tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX
-				0 - 5 4 0

Bellville ISD 008901

			RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPER- ATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."; and
	2.		ude on the home page of any internet website operated by district:
		a.	The following statement: "(Insert name of unit) ADOPTED A TAX RATE THAT WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and
		b.	If the tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPER- ATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."
	Tax	Code	e 26.05(b)
Adoption of Tax Roll	On receipt of notice of the tax rate for the current tax year, the assessor for a district shall calculate the tax imposed on each property included on the appraisal roll for the district. The assessor shall enter the amount of tax in the appraisal roll and submit it to the board for approval. The appraisal roll with amounts of tax entered as approved by the board constitutes the district's tax roll. <i>Tax Code 26.09(a), (e)</i>		
Failure to Adopt Tax Rate	Dea lowe the rate Befo visio	idline er of t tax ra estal ore th on, th	ard does not adopt a tax rate before the date required at above, the tax rate for the district for that tax year is the the no-new-revenue tax rate calculated for that tax year or ate adopted by the district for the preceding tax year. A tax blished by this provision is treated as an adopted tax rate. In fifth day after the establishment of a tax rate by this pro- e board must ratify the applicable tax rate in the manner to Tax Rate Adoption Requirements above. <i>Tax Code</i>
Taxpayer Injunction	junc	tion r	who owns taxable property in a district is entitled to an in- restraining the collection of taxes by the district if the dis- not complied with the requirements above at Published

	Notice, including Form and Contents, Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year, if applicable, and Tax Rate Adoption Requirements, and the failure to comply was not in good faith. An action to enjoin the collection of taxes must be filed before the date a district delivers substantially all of its tax bills. <i>Education Code 44.004(e); Tax Code 26.05(e)</i>
	A person who owns taxable property in a district is entitled to an in- junction restraining the collection of taxes by the district if the dis- trict adopts a maintenance tax in violation of the prohibition de- scribed above at Restriction on Maintenance Tax Levy. An action to enjoin the collection of taxes must be filed before the date a district delivers substantially all of its tax bills. <i>Education Code 45.0021(b)</i>
Tax Information to County	A district shall provide to the county assessor-collector for each county in which all or part of district territory is located the district's adopted tax rate, maintenance and operations rate, debt rate, no-new-revenue tax rate, no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, and voter-approval tax rate for posting on the county's internet website. The district shall provide the information annually following the adoption of a tax rate by the district for the current tax year. <i>Tax Code 26.16(a)–(b)</i>
Appraisal District Property Tax Database	The officer or employee designated by the board to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate for the district must electronically incorporate into the database created and maintained by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 26.17 the information required by Tax Code 26.17(e). <i>Tax Code 26.17(e)</i>
Internet Posting of Tax Rate and Budget Information	Each district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a generally accessible internet website that may be used for the purposes of this provision. Each district shall post or cause to be posted on the internet website the information required by Tax Code 26.18 in a format prescribed by the comptroller. <i>Tax Code</i> 26.18 [See CE for required information]
Election to Approve Tax Rate	If the board adopts a tax rate that exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate, the registered voters of the district at an election held for that purpose must determine whether to approve the adopted tax rate. Tax Code 26.08(a), (n)
	[For information on conducting elections, see the BBB series.]
Efficiency Audit	"Efficiency audit" means an investigation of the operations of a dis- trict to examine fiscal management, efficiency, and utilization of re- sources.
	The board shall conduct an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a tax rate for the maintenance and operations of

	the district at an election held for that purpose and may not hold an election without complying with this requirement.	
	The board may select the auditor that conducts the district's annual audit under Education Code 44.008 and may include the efficiency audit as part of the district's annual audit. [See CFC] A district must pay for the costs associated with an efficiency audit required under this provision. A district shall provide all documents, records, and personnel requested by the auditor as needed to conduct the audit in an efficient manner.	ţ
	The board must select an auditor to conduct an efficiency audit not later than four months before the date on which the district pro- poses to hold an election to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate. An auditor selected by the board must maintain independ- ence from the district and complete the efficiency audit not later than three months after the date the auditor was selected.	
	Before an election at which a district seeks voter approval to adopt a tax rate, the board must hold an open meeting to discuss the re- sults of the efficiency audit. Not later than 30 days before the date of the election, the results of an efficiency audit must be posted on the district's internet website.	
	Education Code 11.184	
Legislative Budget Board Guidelines	The Legislative Budget Board (LBB) shall establish guidelines identifying the scope and areas of investigation of an efficiency audit, including identification of resources being used effectively and efficiently and identification of cost savings or reallocations. The auditor selected by the board of a district must follow the guidelines established by the LBB under this provision. <i>Education Code 11.184(f)</i>	
	Efficiency Audit Guidelines ² are found on the LBB website.	
Disaster Exception To Efficiency Audit Requirement	The board of a district all or part of which is located in an area de- clared a disaster area by the governor may hold an election to seek voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit otherwise required above. <i>Education Code 11.184(b-1)</i>	I
To Election Requirement	When increased expenditure of money by a district is necessary to respond to a disaster, including a tornado, hurricane, flood, wildfire, or other calamity, but not including a drought, that has impacted a district and the governor has requested federal disaster assistance for the area in which the district is located, an election is not re- quired to approve the tax rate adopted by the board for the year following the year in which the disaster occurs. A tax rate adopted	,
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	11 of 13	3

	under this provision applies only in the year for which the rate is adopted. If a district adopts a tax rate under this provision, the amount by which that rate exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate for that tax year may not be considered when calculating the district's voter-approval tax rate for the tax year following the year in which the district adopts the rate. <i>Tax Code 26.08(a-1)</i>
Time for Election	The board shall order that the election be held in the district on the next uniform election date prescribed by Election Code 41.001 that occurs after the date of the election order and that allows sufficient time to comply with the requirements of other law. <i>Tax Code</i> $26.08(b)$
Uniform Election Date	For an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election shall be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day.
	An election to ratify a tax rate adopted by a board under the early adoption method described above shall be ordered not later than the 30th day before election day.
	Election Code 3.005 [See BBBA]
Notice to County Clerk	The board shall deliver notice of the election to the county clerk and voter registrar of each county in which the district is located not later than the 60th day before election day.
Exception	A board that orders an election to ratify a tax rate adopted by the board under the early adoption method described above shall de- liver notice of the election to the county clerk of each county in which the district is located not later than the 30th day before elec- tion day.
	Election Code 4.008
Proposition	At the election, the ballots shall be prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Ratifying the ad valorem tax rate of (insert adopted tax rate) in (name of school district) for the current year, a rate that will result in an increase of (insert percentage increase in maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue in the preceding tax year) percent in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the district for the current year as compared to the preceding year, which is an additional \$ (insert dollar amount of increase in maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue under the preceding tax year).". <i>Tax Code</i> 26.08(b)
	In addition to any other requirement imposed by law for a proposi- tion, including a provision prescribing the proposition language, a
	12 of 13

CCG (LEGAL)

proposition submitted to the voters for approval of the imposition or increase of a tax shall specifically state the amount of or maximum tax rate of the tax or tax increase for which approval is sought. *Election Code* 52.072(e)(1)

Each proposition on the ballot must identify the name of the authority ordering the election on the measure. *Election Code 52.095(c)*

Election Outcome If a majority of the votes cast in an election favor the proposition, the tax rate for the current year is the rate that was adopted by the board. If the proposition is not approved, a board may not adopt a tax rate for the current year that exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate. *Tax Code 26.08(c)–(d)*

¹ Truth-in-Taxation: Tax Rate Adoption:

https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/truth-in-taxation/index.php ² LBB Efficiency Audit Guidelines: <u>http://www.lbb.state.tx.us/Docu-</u> ments/Publications/Policy_Report/6365_HB3_Efficiency_Audit_Guidelines.pdf

Table of Contents	Exemptions	. 2
	Homestead	. 2
	Veteran Exemptions	. 4
	Exemption for Subsequent Residence	. 5
	Temporary Exemption for Property Damaged by Disaster	. 5
	Optional Exemptions	. 6
	Goods-in-Transit	. 6
	Payment Options	. 7
	Discounts	. 7
	Split Payments	. 8
	Installment Payments	. 8
	Services in Lieu of Paying Taxes	. 9
	Delinquent Taxes	10
	Delinquency Date	10
	Delinquent Tax Collection	10
	Additional Penalties	10

	<i>Note:</i> For more information on property tax exemptions, see the Texas Comptroller's <u>Property Tax Exemptions</u> ¹ website.				
Exemptions Homestead <i>Mandatory</i>	An adult is entitled to exemption from taxation by a district of \$25,000 of the appraised value of the adult's residence home- stead, as defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), except that only \$5,000 of the exemption applies to an entity operating under former Educa- tion Code Chapters 17, 18, 25, 26, 27, or 28, as those chapters ex- isted on May 1, 1995, as permitted by Education Code 11.301. <i>Tax</i> <i>Code 11.13(b)</i>				
Persons 65 or Older or Disabled	In addition to the mandatory exemption above, an adult who is disabled, as defined by Tax Code $11.13(m)(1)$, or 65 or older is enticled to an exemption of \$10,000 of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.13(c)</i>				
Tax Limitation	A district may not increase the total annual amount of ad valorem tax it imposes on the residence homestead of an individual 65 years of age or older, or on the residence homestead of an individual who is disabled, above the amount of the tax it imposed in the first tax year in which the individual qualified that residence homestead for an applicable exemption. <i>Tax Code 11.26(a)</i>				
Improvements	If an individual subject to a tax limitation makes improvements to the individual's residence homestead, other than improvements re- quired to comply with governmental requirements or repairs, the district may increase the tax on the homestead in the first year the value of the homestead is increased on the appraisal roll because of the enhancement of value by the improvements. A limitation then applies to the increased amount of tax until more improvements, if any, are made. <i>Tax Code 11.26(b)</i>				
Exception	An improvement to property that would otherwise constitute an improvement discussed above is not treated as an improvement if it is a replacement structure for a structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage. For purposes of appraising the property in the tax year in which the structure would have constituted an improvement, the replacement structure is considered to be an improvement only if the square footage of the replacement structure exceeds that of the replaced structure as that structure existed before the casualty or damage occurred or the exterior of the replacement structure is of higher quality construction and composition than that of the replaced structure. <i>Tax Code 11.26(o)</i>				

Bellville ISD 008901		
AD VALOREM TAXES CCGA EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS (LEGAL)		
Portability of Tax Limitation	If an individual who receives a tax limitation, includ spouse, discussed below, subsequently qualifies a dence homestead for the same exemption, a distri pose ad valorem taxes on the subsequently qualifi a year in an amount that exceeds the amount of ta accordance with Tax Code 11.26(g). <i>Tax Code 11</i> .	a different resi- ict may not im- ied homestead in axes calculated in
Surviving Spouse	If an individual who qualifies for the exemption at F Older or Disabled, above, dies, the surviving spou ual is entitled to the limitation applicable to the res stead of the individual if the surviving spouse is 55 older when the individual dies, and the residence F individual is the residence homestead of the surviv the date that the individual dies and remains the re stead of the surviving spouse. <i>Tax Code 11.26(i)</i>	se of the individ- idence home- 5 years of age or homestead of the ving spouse on
<i>Local Options</i> All Taxpayers	In addition to other exemptions in Tax Code 11.13, entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of the appraised value of the individual's residence the exemption is adopted by the board before July provided by law for official action by the board. If the set by the district produces an exemption in a tax \$5,000 when applied to a particular residence how vidual is entitled to an exemption of \$5,000 of the The percentage adopted by the district may not ex <i>Tax Code 11.13(n)</i>	of a percentage e homestead if 1 in the manner he percentage year of less than nestead, the indi- appraised value.
Disabled or 65 or Older	An individual who is disabled or 65 or older is entit tion from taxation by a district of a portion of the ap the individual's residence homestead if the exemp either by the board or by a favorable vote of a maj fied voters of the district at an election called by th board shall call the election on the petition of at lea the number of qualified voters who voted in the pre- of the district.	ppraised value of ition is adopted ority of the quali- ie board, and the ast 20 percent of
Amount	The amount of an exemption adopted as provided 65 or Older is \$3,000 of the appraised value of the homestead unless a larger amount is specified by board authorizes the exemption or the petition for exemption is authorized through an election. Once exemption adopted may be repealed or decreased amount by the board or by the petition and election the case of a decrease, the amount of the exemption reduced to less than \$3,000 of the market value.	e residence the board if the the election if the e authorized, an d or increased in n procedure. In

Tax Code 11.13(d)–(f)

Bellville ISD 008901

Continuation of Exemption during Construction	If a qualified residential structure for which the owner receives a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13 is rendered uninhab- itable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, the owner may continue to receive the exemption for the structure and the land and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the structure while the owner constructs a replacement qualified residential structure on the land in accordance with Tax Code 11.135. <i>Tax Code 11.135(a), .26(n); 34 TAC 9.416</i>			
Surviving Spouse of First Responder	The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally in- jured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse is an eligible survivor for pur- poses of Government Code Chapter 615 as determined by the Em- ployees Retirement System of Texas and has not remarried since the first responder's death. <i>Tax Code 11.134</i>			
Veteran Exemptions 100 Percent Disabled	A disabled veteran who receives from the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or its successor 100 percent disability compensation due to a service-connected disability and a rating of 100 percent disabled or of individual unemployability is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the veteran's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.131(b)</i>			
Partially Disabled with Donated Residence	A disabled veteran who has a disability rating of less than 100 per- cent is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of the disabled veteran's residence homestead equal to the disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated to the disabled veteran by a charitable or- ganization at no cost to the disabled veteran, or at some cost to the disabled veteran in the form of a cash payment, a mortgage, or both in an aggregate amount that is not more than 50 percent of the good faith estimate of the market value of the residence home- stead made by the charitable organization as of the date of the do- nation. <i>Tax Code 11.132(b)</i>			
Surviving Spouse of Veteran	The surviving spouse of a disabled veteran, as defined by Tax Code $11.22(h)(3)$, is entitled to the same exemption from taxation of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied or would have applied if it had been in effect on the date of death if:			
	1. The surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the disabled veteran; and			
	 The property was the residence homestead of the surviving spouse when the disabled veteran died and remains the resi- dence homestead of the surviving spouse. 			
	Tax Code 11.131, .132			

Bellville ISD 008901			
AD VALOREM TAXES CONTRACT AND PAYMENTS (LE			
Surviving Spouse of Individual Killed in Action	the surviving spouse of a member of the armed services of the nited States who is killed in action is entitled to an exemption for taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's sidence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried force the death of the member of the armed services. <i>Tax Code</i> 2.133		
	ex. Const. Art. VIII, Sec. 1-b (Reside ons and Limitations)	ence Homestead Tax Exemp-	
Disabled Veteran	disabled veteran is entitled to an ex ortion of the assessed value of a pro esignates under Tax Code 11.22(f).	operty the veteran owns and	
Exemption for Subsequent Residence	The surviving spouse of a first responder, disabled veteran, or armed services member killed in action who receives an exemptio for a residence homestead is entitled to receive an exemption from taxation of a different property that the surviving spouse subse- quently qualifies as the surviving spouse's residence homestead an amount equal to the dollar amount of the exemption from taxa- tion of the first property for which the surviving spouse received th exemption in the last year in which the surviving spouse received that exemption if the surviving spouse has not remarried. <i>Tax Cod</i> 11.131(d), .132(d), .133(c), .134(d)		
Temporary Exemption for Property Damaged by Disaster	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of qualified property, as defined by Tax Code 11.35(a), that the person owns in an amount determined by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 11.35(h). <i>Tax Code 11.35(b</i>)		
Automatic	person who qualifies for an exempt oply for the exemption not later thar e governor declares the area in wh operty is located to be a disaster a	n the 105th day after the date ich the person's qualified	
Board-Adopted	otwithstanding the provisions above rritory in a district to be a disaster a or after the date the district adopts hich the declaration is issued, a per nption for that tax year unless the b e manner provided by law for officia	area as a result of a disaster as a tax rate for the tax year in arson is not entitled to the ex- board adopts the exemption in	
	n exemption adopted by the board i	must:	
	Specify the disaster to which the	e exemption pertains; and	
	Be adopted not later than the 60 ernor first declares territory in th as a result of the disaster.		

	Not later than the seventh day after the date the board adopts the exemption, the district shall notify the chief appraiser of each ap- praisal district in which the school district participates, the assess for the school district, and the comptroller of the adoption of the e emption.			
	Tax Code 11.35(c)–(e)			
	A person who qualifies for an exemption adopted by the board under this provision must apply for the exemption not later than the 45th day after the date the board adopts the exemption. <i>Tax Code</i> $11.43(s)$			
Optional Exemptions	Among others, a board may grant additional tax exemptions in ac- cordance with applicable law for:			
	 Residential property owned by the United States or an agency of the United States and used to provide transitional housing for the indigent under a program operated or directed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. <i>Tax Code 11.111</i> 			
	2. Land and housing units on the land owned by a community land trust. <i>Tax Code 11.1827</i>			
	3. Certain historic structures or archeological sites and the land necessary to access and use the structure or archeological site. The board may not repeal or reduce the amount of an exemption for a property that otherwise qualifies for the exemption unless the property owner consents to the repeal or reduction or the district provides written notice of the repeal or reduction to the owner not later than five years before the date the board repeals or reduces the exemption. <i>Tax Code 11.24</i>			
	4. Property on which approved water conservation initiatives, desalination projects, or brush control initiatives have been implemented. <i>Tax Code 11.32</i>			
	If a district adopts, amends, or repeals an exemption that the dis- trict by law has the option to adopt or not, the district shall notify the appraisal office of its action and of the terms of the exemption within 30 days after the date of its action. <i>Tax Code 6.08</i>			
Goods-in-Transit	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the appraised value of that portion of the person's property that consists of goods-in-transit, as defined in Tax Code 11.253(a)(2).			
	A board, by official action, may provide for the taxation of goods-in- transit exempt under Tax Code 11.253(b) and not exempt under			

	other law. The official action to tax the goods-in-transit must be taken before January 1 of the first tax year in which the board pro- poses to tax goods-in-transit. Before acting to tax the exempt prop- erty, a board must conduct a public hearing as required by Texas Constitution Article VIII, Section 1-n(d). If the board provides for the taxation of the goods-in-transit as provided by this provision, the exemption stated above does not apply to that district. The goods- in-transit remain subject to taxation by the district until the board, by official action, rescinds or repeals its previous action to tax goods-in-transit, or otherwise determines that the exemption will apply to that district.			
	Notwithstanding official action that was taken before October 1, 2011, to tax goods-in-transit, a district may not tax such goods-in-transit in a tax year that begins on or after January 1, 2012, unless the board takes official action on or after October 1, 2011, to provide for the taxation of the goods-in-transit.			
Exception	If a board, before October 1, 2011, took action to provide for the taxation of goods-in-transit and pledged the taxes imposed on the goods-in-transit for the payment of a debt of the district, the district tax officials may continue to impose the taxes against the goods-in-transit until the debt is discharged, if cessation of the imposition would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created.			
	Tax Code 11.253(b), (j)–(j-2)			
Payment Options Discounts	The board may adopt, by official action, one or both of the discount options below. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>			
Option 1	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply regardless of the date on which the district mails its tax bills:			
	1. Three percent if the tax is paid in October or earlier.			
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid in November.			
	3. One percent if the tax is paid in December.			
	Tax Code 31.05(b)			
	This discount does not apply to taxes that are calculated too late for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>			
Option 2	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply when the dis- trict mails its tax bills after September 30:			
	 Three percent if the tax is paid before or during the next full calendar month following the date on which the tax bills were mailed. 			
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	7 of 10			

	2.	Two percent if the tax is paid during the second full calendar month following the date on which the tax bills were mailed.			
	3.	One percent if the tax is paid during the third full calendar month following the date on which the tax bills were mailed.			
	Tax Code 31.05(c)				
Both Options	If a board adopts both discounts, the discounts described at Option 1 apply unless the tax bills for the district are mailed after September 30, in which case only the discounts described at Option 2 apply. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>				
Rescission	The board may rescind a discount lawfully adopted by the board. The rescission of a discount takes effect in the tax year following the year in which the discount is rescinded. <i>Tax Code 31.05(d)</i>				
Split Payments	offici taxe taxe	board of a district that collects its own taxes may provide, by al action, that a person who pays one-half of the district's s before December 1 may pay the remaining one-half of the s without penalty or interest at any time before July 1 of the fol- ng year.			
	If a board contracts with the appraisal district for collection of taxes, the split-payment option does not apply to taxes collected by the appraisal district unless approved by resolution adopted by a ma- jority of the governing bodies of the taxing units whose taxes the appraisal district collects and filed with the secretary of the ap- praisal district board of directors. The split-payment option may be revoked in the same manner as provided for adoption.				
	Tax Code 31.03				
		payment option does not apply to taxes that are calculated too for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>			
In Certain Counties	The board of a district located in a county having a population of not less than 285,000 and not more than 300,000 that borders a county having a population of 3.3 million or more and the Gulf of Mexico that has its taxes collected by another taxing unit that has adopted the split-payment option may provide, by official action, that the split-payment option does not apply to the district's taxes collected by the other taxing unit. <i>Tax Code 31.03(d)</i>				
Installment Payments <i>Certain</i> <i>Homesteads</i>	An individual who is disabled or at least 65 years of age and quali- fied for a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13(c), or an in- dividual who is a disabled veteran or the unmarried surviving spouse of a disabled veteran and qualified for an exemption under Tax Code 11.132 or 11.22, may pay district taxes imposed on the person's residence homestead property in four equal installments				

	without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates set out in Tax Code 31.031. <i>Tax Code 31.031</i>			
Disaster Area	A person may pay district taxes imposed on certain property the person owns in four equal installments without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates set out in Tax Code 31.032. This option applies to real or personal property described in Tax Code 31.032(a) and taxes that are imposed on the property by a district before the first anniversary of the disaster, as defined by Government Code 418.004. <i>Tax Code 31.032</i>			
Services in Lieu of Paying Taxes	The board by resolution may permit certain individuals or business entities to perform certain services for the district in lieu of paying the district property taxes. While performing services for a district, the individual is not an employee of the district and is not entitled to any benefit, including workers' compensation coverage, that the district provides to its employees. <i>Tax Code 31.035, .036, .037</i>			
Persons 65 and Over	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.035, the board by or- der or resolution may permit an individual who is at least 65 years of age to perform service for the district in lieu of paying taxes im- posed by a district on property owned by the individual and occu- pied as the individual's residence homestead. Property owners performing services for a district under this provision may only sup- plement or complement the regular personnel of the district. A dis- trict may not reduce the number of persons the district employs or reduce the number of hours to be worked by employees of the dis- trict because the district permits property owners to perform ser- vices for the district under this provision. <i>Tax Code 31.035(a), (g)</i>			
Teaching Services	An individual is qualified to perform teaching services for a district under the provisions below only if the individual holds a baccalau- reate or more advanced degree in a field related to each course to be taught and:			
	 Is certified as a classroom teacher under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or 			
	 Obtains a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055. 			
	Tax Code 31.036(h), .037(i)			
By Individual	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.036, the board by resolution may permit qualified individuals to perform teaching services for the district at a junior high school or high school of the district in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property owned and occupied by the individual as a residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 31.036</i>			

Bellville ISD 008901				
AD VALOREM TAXES	MENTS	CCGA (LEGAL)		
By Employee of Business Entity	tion may auth a qualified inc teaching serv district in lieu	requirements of Tax Code 31.037, a board by resolu- orize a corporation or other business entity to permit ividual employed by the business entity to perform ces in a high school or a junior high school for the of paying taxes imposed by the district on property business entity. <i>Tax Code 31.037</i>		
Delinquent Taxes Delinquency Date	Except as provided by Tax Code 31.02(b) (payment by certain elig ble persons on active duty in the armed forces), 31.03 (split pay- ments), and 31.04 (postponement of delinquency date based on mailing date of tax bills), taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. <i>Tax Code 31.02</i>			
	acc	nquent taxes incur penalties and accrue interest in ordance with Tax Code 33.01, subject to any waiver he board pursuant to Tax Code 33.011.		
Delinquent Tax Collection	A board may contract with any competent attorney to represent the district to enforce the collection of delinquent taxes. The attorney's compensation is set in the contract, but the total amount of compensation provided may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of delinquent tax, penalty, and interest collected. <i>Tax Code 6.30(c)</i> [See CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal services and Government Code 2254.102(e) for additional requirements.]			
Additional Penalties	delinquent at costs of collect	y provide, by official action, that taxes that become a certain time incur an additional penalty to defray tion if the board has contracted with an attorney as e. <i>Tax Code 33.07, .08</i>		
	1 Toyas Compt	oller Property Tax Exemptions website		

¹ Texas Comptroller Property Tax Exemptions website: <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/exemptions/</u>

Table of Contents	Tax Increment Financing Act 2			
	Board of Directors 2			
	Tax Increments 2			
	Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act			
	Reinvestment Zone for Chapter 313 4			
	Texas Economic Development Act5			
	Definitions5			
	School District Categories10			
	Minimum Amounts of Qualified Investment10			
	Eligibility10			
	Application for Limitation on Appraised Value			
	Confidential Business Information12			
	Action on Application13			
	Fees15			
	Approval16			
	Continued Eligibility17			
	Agreement18			
	Compliance and Enforcement21			
	Disclosure of Appraised Value Limitation Information22			
	Accessibility of Documents22			

Bellville ISD 008901 AD VALOREM TAXES ECONOMIC DEVELOF	PMENT CCGB (LEGAL)
Tax Increment Financing Act Board of Directors	Except as provided at Large Municipality below, each district that levies taxes on real property in a reinvestment zone designated by a county or municipality in accordance with the Tax Increment Financing Act, Tax Code Chapter 311, may appoint one member of the reinvestment zone board of directors if the district has approved the payment of all or part of the tax increment produced by the district into the tax increment fund for the zone. A district may waive its right to appoint a director. <i>Tax Code 311.009(a), (b)</i>
Large Municipality	In a reinvestment zone designated by a municipality which is wholly or partially located in a county with a population of less than 1.8 million in which the principal municipality has a population of 1.1 million or more, each taxing unit that approves the payment of all or part of its tax increment into the tax increment fund is entitled to appoint a number of members to the board in proportion to the taxing unit's pro rata share of the total anticipated tax increment to be deposited into the tax increment fund during the term of the zone. Tax Code 311.0091(a)–(c)
Tax Increments Amount	The amount of a district's tax increment for a year is the amount of property taxes levied and assessed by the district for that year on the captured appraised value of real property taxable by the district and located in a reinvestment zone or the amount of property taxes levied and collected by the district for that year on the captured ap- praised value of real property taxable by the district and located in a reinvestment zone. The board of the district shall determine which of the methods is used to calculate the amount of the dis- trict's tax increment.
"Captured Appraised Value"	The captured appraised value of real property taxable by a district for a year is the total taxable value of all real property taxable by the district and located in a reinvestment zone for that year less the tax increment base of the district.
"Tax Increment Base"	The tax increment base of a district is the total taxable value of all real property taxable by the district and located in a reinvestment zone for the year in which the zone was designated under Tax Code Chapter 311.
	Tax Code 311.012
Collection and Deposit	Each district that taxes real property located in a reinvestment zone shall provide for the collection of its taxes in the zone as for any other property taxed by the district. Each district shall pay into the tax increment fund for the zone an amount equal to the tax in- crement produced by the district, less the sum of:

CCGB (LEGAL)

- 1. Property taxes produced from the tax increments that are, by contract executed before the designation of the area as a reinvestment zone, required to be paid by the district to another political subdivision; and
- A portion, not to exceed 15 percent, of the tax increment produced by the district as provided by the reinvestment zone financing plan or a larger portion as provided at Agreement Required below.

Tax Code 311.013(a)–(b)

Notwithstanding any termination of the reinvestment zone and unless otherwise specified by an agreement between the district and the municipality or county that created the zone, a district shall make the required payment not later than the 90th day after the later of the delinquency date for district property taxes or the date the municipality or county that created the zone submits to the district an invoice specifying the tax increment produced by the district and the amount the district is required to pay into the tax increment fund for the zone. A district is not required to pay into a tax increment fund the applicable portion of a tax increment attributable to delinquent taxes until those taxes are collected. *Tax Code* 311.013(c), (i)

A district whose taxable value is reduced under Government Code 403.302(d)(4) (determination of district property values by the comptroller) shall pay into the tax increment fund, in addition to the amount otherwise required to be paid, an amount equal to the amount by which the amount of taxes the district would have been required to pay into the fund in the current year if the district levied taxes at the rate the district levied in 2005 exceeds the amount the district is otherwise required to pay into the fund in the year of the reduction. This additional amount may not exceed the amount the district receives in state aid for the current tax year under Education Code 48.253 (additional state aid for tax increment financing payments). The district shall pay the additional amount after the district receives the state aid to which the district is entitled for the current tax year under Education Code 48.253. *Tax Code* 311.013(n)

Agreement Required A district is not required to pay into the tax increment fund any of its tax increment produced from property located in a reinvestment zone designated under Tax Code 311.005(a) or in an area added to a reinvestment zone under Tax Code 311.007 unless the district enters into an agreement to do so with the governing body of the municipality or county that designated the zone. Tax Code 311.013(f)

	A district that participates in a zone is not required to increase the percentage or amount of the tax increment to be contributed by the district because of an amendment to the project plan or reinvestment zone financing plan for the zone unless the board by official action approves the amendment. <i>Tax Code 311.011(g)</i>
	A district is not required to pay into the tax increment fund any of its tax increment produced from property located in an area added to the reinvestment zone under Tax Code $311.007(a)$ or (b) unless the board enters into an agreement to do so with the governing body of the municipality or county that created the zone. <i>Tax Code</i> $311.013(k)$
	If the governing body of the municipality or county that designated a reinvestment zone extends the term of all or a portion of the zone, a district is not required to participate in the zone or portion of the zone for the extended term unless the district enters into a written agreement to do so. <i>Tax Code 311.007(c)</i>
	Notwithstanding the designation of a later termination date under Tax Code 311.017(a), a district that taxes real property located in the reinvestment zone is not required to pay any of its tax increment into the tax increment fund for the zone after the termination date designated in the ordinance or order creating the zone unless the board enters into an agreement to do so with the governing body of the municipality or county that created the zone. <i>Tax Code</i> 311.017(a-1)
Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act	On or after September 1, 2001, a school district may not enter into a tax abatement agreement under Tax Code Chapter 312. <i>Tax Code 312.002(f)</i>
Reinvestment Zone for Chapter 313	Notwithstanding any other provision of Tax Code Chapter 312 to the contrary, the board, in the manner required for official action and for purposes of Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B or C [see Texas Economic Development Act below], may designate an area entirely within the territory of the district as a reinvestment zone if the board finds that, as a result of the designation and the granting of a limitation on appraised value, for property located in the reinvestment zone, the designation is reasonably likely to:
	1. Contribute to the expansion of primary employment in the re- investment zone; or
	2. Attract major investment in the reinvestment zone that would:
	a. Be a benefit to property in the reinvestment zone and to the district; and

	b.	Contribute to the economic development of the region of this state in which the district is located.		
	The board may seek the recommendation of the commissioners court of each county and the governing body of each municipality that has territory in the district before designating an area as a reinvestment zone.			
	Tax Cod	le 312.0025		
Texas Economic Development Act	In implementing the Texas Economic Development Act, Tax Code Chapter 313, districts should strictly interpret the criteria and selec- tion guidelines provided by Chapter 313 and approve only those applications for an ad valorem tax benefit that:			
	1. En	hance the local community;		
	2. Im	prove the local public education system;		
	3. Cre	eate high-paying jobs; and		
	4. Ad	vance the economic development goals of Texas.		
	Tax Coo	le 313.004(3)		
Definitions Agreement	the appr ministra appraise orem pre	nent" means the written agreement between the board and roved applicant on the form adopted by reference in 34 Ad- tive Code 9.1052 (Forms) to implement a limitation on the ed value for district maintenance and operations ad val- operty tax purposes on an entity's qualified property, re- y Tax Code 313.027(d).		
Agreement Holder	-	nent holder" means an entity that has executed an agree- th a district.		
Applicant	praised property	nt" means an entity that has applied for a limitation on ap- value for district maintenance and operations ad valorem tax purposes on the entity's property, as provided by Tax mapter 313.		
Application	"Application" means an application for limitation of appraised value for district maintenance and operations ad valorem property tax purposes on an entity's qualified property on the form adopted by reference in 34 Administrative Code 9.1052 (Forms), the schedules attached thereto, and the documentation submitted by an entity for the purpose of obtaining an agreement for a limitation on appraised value from a district.			
Application Review Start Date	date on	tion review start date" means the later date of either the which the district issues its written notice that an applicant mitted a completed application or the date on which the		

Bellville ISD 008901		
AD VALOREM TAXES ECONOMIC DEVELOP	MENT	CCGB (LEGAL)
		er issues its written notice that an applicant has submitted ted application.
Completed Application	number a Administr Appraise	ed application" means an application in the form and and containing all the information required pursuant to 34 rative Code 9.1053 (Entity Requesting Agreement to Limit d Value), that has been determined by the district and the er to include all minimum requirements for consideration.
Entity	171.001, 171.0001 an entity	neans any entity upon which a tax is imposed by Tax Code including a combined group as defined by Tax Code (7) or members of a combined group, provided, however, does not include a sole proprietorship, partnership, or lim- ty partnership.
	34 TAC 9	.1051(1), (2), (3), (7), (10), (12), (20)
Qualified	"Qualified	l investment" means:
Investment	state on c	gible personal property that is first placed in service in this e during the applicable qualifying time period that begins or after January 1, 2002, without regard to whether the perty is affixed to or incorporated into real property, and is:
	a.	Described as Section 1245 property by Section 1245(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
	b.	Used in connection with the manufacturing, processing, or fabrication in a cleanroom environment of a semicon- ductor product, without regard to whether the property is actually located in the cleanroom environment, including integrated systems, fixtures, and piping; all property nec- essary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity, or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances; and production equipment and machinery, moveable cleanroom partitions, and cleanroom lighting;
	C.	Used in connection with the operation of a nuclear elec- tric power generation facility, including property, including pressure vessels, pumps, turbines, generators, and con- densers, used to produce nuclear electric power; and property and systems necessary to control radioactive contamination;
	d.	Used in connection with operating an integrated gasifica- tion combined cycle electric generation facility, including property used to produce electric power by means of a

			combined combustion turbine and steam turbine applica- tion using synthetic gas or another product produced by the gasification of coal or another carbon-based feed- stock; or property used in handling materials to be used as feedstock for gasification or used in the gasification process to produce synthetic gas or another carbon- based feedstock for use in the production of electric power in the manner described herein;		
		e.	Used in connection with operating an advanced clean energy project, as defined by Health and Safety Code 382.003; or		
	2.	builo fying that	uilding or a permanent, nonremovable component of a ding that is built or constructed during the applicable quali- g time period that begins on or after January 1, 2002, and t houses tangible personal property described by items -e above.		
	Tax	Code	e 313.021(1)		
Qualified	"Qua	"Qualified property" means:			
Property	1.	. Land:			
		a.	That is located in an area designated as a reinvestment zone under Tax Code Chapter 311 or 312 or as an enter- prise zone under Government Code Chapter 2303;		
		b.	On which a person proposes to construct a new building or erect or affix a new improvement that does not exist before the date the person submits a complete applica- tion for a limitation on appraised value under Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B;		
		C.	That is not subject to a tax abatement agreement en- tered into by a district under Tax Code Chapter 312; and		
		d.	On which, in connection with the new building or new im- provement described by item 1b above, the owner or lessee of, or the holder of another possessory interest in, the land proposes to:		
			 Make a qualified investment in an amount equal to at least the minimum amount required by Tax Code 313.023; and 		
			(2) Create at least 25 new qualifying jobs, except as provided at Exception below;		

	2.		new building or other new improvement described by 1b above; and
	3.	Tan	gible personal property:
		a.	That is not subject to a tax abatement agreement en- tered into by a district under Tax Code Chapter 312;
		b.	For which a sales and use tax refund is not claimed un- der Tax Code 151.3186; and
		С.	Except for new equipment described in Tax Code 151.318(q) or (q-1), that is first placed in service in the new building, in the newly expanded building, or in or on the new improvement described by item 1b above, or on the land on which that new building or new improvement is located, if the personal property is ancillary and necessary to the business conducted in that new building or in or on that new improvement.
			e 313.021(2); see also 34 TAC 9.1051(16) (additional re- its for "Qualified Property")
Exception	For purposes of Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter C, applicable to certain rural districts, a property owner is required to create at least 10 qualifying jobs. <i>Tax Code 313.051(b)</i>		
Qualifying Job	"Qualifying job" means a permanent full-time job that:		
	1.	Req	uires at least 1,600 hours of work a year;
	2.		ot transferred from one area in this state to another area is state;
	3.	ls n	ot created to replace a previous employee;
	4.	nes: othe the	overed by a group health benefit plan for which the busi- s offers to pay at least 80 percent of the premiums or er charges assessed for employee-only coverage under plan, regardless of whether an employee may voluntarily ve the coverage; and
	5.	•	s at least 110 percent of the county average weekly wage nanufacturing jobs in the county where the job is located.
	Tax	e 313.021(3); 34 TAC 9.1051(30)	
	Cha of n crea age	pter 3 ew qu ated tl week	gible for a limitation on appraised value under Tax Code 313, the property owner must create the required number ualifying jobs and the average weekly wage for all jobs hat are not qualifying jobs must exceed the county aver- kly wage for all jobs in the county where the jobs are lo- x Code 313.024(d)

Waiver of New Jobs Creation Requirement	Notwithstanding any other provision of Tax Code Chapter 313 to the contrary, the board may waive the new jobs creation requirement and approve an application if the board makes a finding that the jobs creation requirement exceeds the industry standard for the number of employees reasonably necessary for the operation of the facility of the property owner that is described in the application. <i>Tax Code 313.025(f-1)</i>			
Qualifying Time	"Qualifying time period" means:			
Period	 The period that begins on the date that a person's application for a limitation on appraised value under Tax Code Chapter 313 is approved by the board and ends on December 31 of the second tax year that begins after that date, except as pro- vided by items 2 and 3 below or Tax Code 313.027(h); 			
	2. In connection with a nuclear electric power generation facility, the first seven tax years that begin on or after the third anniversary of the date the district approves the property owner's application for a limitation on appraised value, unless a shorter time period is agreed to by the board and the property owner; or			
	3. In connection with an advanced clean energy project, the first five tax years that begin on or after the third anniversary of the date the district approves the property owner's application for a limitation on appraised value, unless a shorter time period is agreed to by the board and the property owner.			
	Tax Code 313.021(4)			
Substantive Document	"Substantive document" means a document or other information or data in electronic media determined by the comptroller to substan- tially involve or include information or data significant to an applica- tion, the evaluation or consideration of an application, or the agree- ment or implementation of an agreement for limitation of appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313. The term includes, but is not limited to, any application requesting a limitation on appraised value and any amendments or supplements, any economic impact evaluation made in connection with an application, any agreement between applicant and the district and any subsequent amend- ments or assignments, any district written finding or report filed with the comptroller as required under 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F; and any completed annual eligibility re- port (Form 50-772A) submitted to the comptroller. The term shall not include any employee names or other personal identifying in- formation that is submitted to the comptroller. Positions can be de- scribed by job type, category, or general title. <i>34 TAC 9.1051(19)</i>			

MENT CCGB (LEGAL)
For purposes of determining the required minimum amount of a qualified investment and the minimum amount of a limitation on appraised value, districts to which Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B applies are categorized according to the taxable value of property in the district for the preceding tax year under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M (comptroller's study of school district property values), as set out in Tax Code 313.022. <i>Tax Code 313.022(b); 34 TAC 9.1058(d)</i>
For purposes of determining the required minimum amount of a qualified investment and the minimum amount of a limitation on appraised value, districts to which Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter C applies are categorized according to the taxable value of industrial property in the district for the preceding tax year under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M (comptroller's study of school district property values), as set out in Tax Code 313.052. <i>Tax Code 313.052; 34 TAC 9.1058(d)</i>
For each category of district established by Tax Code 313.022, the minimum amount of a qualified investment is set out in Tax Code 313.023. <i>Tax Code 313.023</i>
For each category of district established by Tax Code 313.052, the minimum amount of a qualified investment is set out in Tax Code 313.053. <i>Tax Code 313.053</i>
Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapters B and C apply only to prop- erty owned by an entity subject to franchise tax (Tax Code Chapter 171). To be eligible for a limitation on appraised value, the entity must use the property for a purpose stated in Tax Code 313.024.
An owner of a parcel of land that is located wholly or partly in a re- investment zone, a new building constructed on the parcel of land, a new improvement erected or affixed on the parcel of land, or tan- gible personal property placed in service in the building or improve- ment or on the parcel of land may not receive a limitation on ap- praised value for the parcel of land, building, improvement, or tangible personal property under an agreement under Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B that is entered into on or after Septem- ber 1, 2017, if, on or after that date, a wind-powered energy device is installed or constructed on the same parcel of land at a location that is within 25 nautical miles of the boundaries of a military avia- tion facility located in this state. This prohibition applies regardless of whether the wind-powered energy device is installed or con- structed at a location that is in the reinvestment zone.

Tax Code 313.024

Application for Limitation on Appraised Value	The owner or lessee of, or the holder of another possessory inter- est in, any qualified property may apply to the board for a limitation on the appraised value of the person's qualified property for district maintenance and operations ad valorem tax purposes. An applica- tion must be made on the form prescribed by the comptroller, must include the information required by the comptroller, and must be accompanied by:				
	1.	The application fee established by the board;			
	2.	Information sufficient to show that the real and personal prop- erty identified in the application as qualified property meets the applicable criteria established by Tax Code 313.021(2); and			
	3.	Any information required by the comptroller for the purposes of Tax Code 313.026 (economic impact evaluation).			
	Tax	Code 313.025(a)			
Required Contents and Format	set f vide	mpleted application shall consist of, at a minimum, the items orth in 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(a)(1) and shall be pro- d in the formats specified in 34 Administrative Code 53(a)(2).			
Optional	An applicant may include in an application:				
Requests	1.	A request that the district waive the applicable requirement to create new jobs. In order for a completed application to include a job waiver request, the applicant shall submit the information specified in 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(b)(1); or			
	2.	A request to begin the qualifying time period on a date that is after the date that the application is approved. In order for a completed application to include a qualifying time period de- ferral request, the applicant shall submit the information spec- ified in 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(b)(2).			
	34 T	AC 9.1053(a), (b)			
Changes	At the request of the district or the comptroller, or with the prior ap- proval of the district and the comptroller, the applicant may submit an application amendment or application supplement at any time after the submission of the initial application. In order to be consid- ered as part of the application, the application amendment or sup- plement shall:				
	1.	Be submitted in the same form or schedule and manner as the information was initially submitted or should have been in- itially submitted;			

CCGB (LEGAL)

- 2. Include a date for the submission and a sequential number identifying the number of submissions made by the applicant;
- 3. Have the signature of the authorized representative(s) by which the applicant confirms and attests to the truth and accuracy of the information submitted in the application amendment or supplement, as applicable, to the best knowledge and belief of the applicant and its representative(s); and
- 4. Be submitted before the 120th day after the application was accepted by the district or within another time period as provided in writing by the comptroller.

34 TAC 9.1053(c)

If a district receives an amended application or a supplemental application from an applicant after the district has prepared or sent written notice that the applicant has submitted a completed application, the district shall either:

- 1. Reject the amended application, supplemental application, or application, in whole or in part, and discontinue consideration of any submission by the applicant;
- 2. With the written concurrence of the comptroller, consider the completed application, as amended or supplemented, before the 151st day from the application review start date; or
- Review the documents submitted by the applicant, issue an amended written notice of a completed application, and present the amended application to the board in the manner and time period authorized by 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(c)(5).

34 TAC 9.1054(e) [See Acting on Completed Application, below]

Information provided to a district in connection with an application for a limitation on appraised value that describes the specific processes or business activities to be conducted or the specific tangible personal property to be located on real property covered by the application shall be segregated in the application from other information in the application and is confidential and not subject to public disclosure unless the board approves the application. Other information in the custody of a district or the comptroller in connection with the application, including information related to the economic impact of a project or the essential elements of eligibility under Tax Code Chapter 313, such as the nature and amount of the projected investment, employment, wages, and benefits, may not be considered confidential business information if the board agrees to consider the application. Information in the custody of a

Confidential Business Information

	district or the comptroller if the board approves the application is not confidential under this provision. <i>Tax Code 313.028; 34 TAC 9.1055(a)(1)–(4)</i>		
	amer that a not o	ndm all or ther	he that the applicant submits its application, application ent, or application supplement, the applicant may request parts of such document not be posted on the internet and wise be publicly released. In order to make such request, cant shall:
	1.	Sub	mit a written request that:
		a.	Specifically lists each document or portion of document and each entry in any form prescribed by the comptroller that the applicant contends is confidential; and
		b.	Identifies specific detailed reasons stating why the appli- cant believes each item listed should be considered con- fidential and identifies any relevant legal authority in sup- port of the request;
		fron plica	regate the documents which are subject to the request in the other documents submitted with the application, ap- ation amendment, or application supplement that are not ject to the request; and
			quately designate the documents subject to the request confidential."
	34 TA	4C 9	0.1053(e)
Action on Application <i>Initial Review</i>	subm posed plicar distric dition revisi	nit to d ag nt su ct sh n, the ion c	even days of receipt of each document, the district shall the comptroller a copy of the application and the pro- preement between the applicant and the district. If the ap- ubmits an economic analysis of the proposed project, the nall submit a copy of the analysis to the comptroller. In ad- e district shall submit to the comptroller any subsequent of or amendment to any of those documents within seven eccipt. <i>Tax Code 313.025(a-1); 34 TAC 9.1054(b)</i>
Acting on Completed Application	deter	min	ard by official action elects to consider an application and es that the application received is a completed application, ct shall:
		with ceiv	vide written notice to the applicant and to the comptroller, a copy to the appraisal district, that the district has re- red and will be considering a completed application. The ce shall include:
		a.	The date on which the application was received;

CCGB (LEGAL)

- b. The date on which the board elected to consider the application; and
- c. The date on which the district determined that applicant has submitted a completed application;
- 2. At the time the district provides notice of a completed application, deliver to the comptroller:
 - A copy of the completed application including all material required by 34 Administrative Code 9.1053(a), and if applicable (b), (Entity Requesting Agreement to Limit Appraised Value); and
 - b. A request to the comptroller to provide an economic impact evaluation;
- If the district maintains a generally accessible internet web site, provide a clear and conspicuous link on its web site to the internet web site maintained by the comptroller where substantive documents for the value limitation application for such district are posted;
- 4. On request of the comptroller, provide such written documents containing information requested by the comptroller as necessary for the consideration of a limitation on appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313 within 20 days of the date of the request.

34 TAC 9.1054(c)(1)-(4)

Economic Impact Evaluation and Certification The board is not required to consider an application for a limitation on appraised value. If the board elects to consider an application, the board shall deliver a copy of the application to the comptroller and request that the comptroller conduct an economic impact evaluation of the proposed investment. The comptroller shall conduct or contract with a third person to conduct the economic impact evaluation, which shall be completed and provided to the board, along with the comptroller's certificate or written explanation of the decision not to issue a certificate, as soon as practicable but not later than the 90th day after the date the comptroller receives the application. The board shall provide to the comptroller or to a third person contracted by the comptroller to conduct the economic impact evaluation any requested information. The board shall provide a copy of the economic impact evaluation to the applicant on request. *Tax Code 313.025(b); 34 TAC 9.1055(d)*

Supplemental application information, amended application information, and additional information requested by the comptroller shall be promptly forwarded to the comptroller within 20 days of the

	date of the request. On request of the district or applicant, the comptroller may extend the deadline for providing additional information for a period of not more than ten working days. 34 TAC 9.1055(b)(1)(A)–(B)
	After receiving a copy of the application, the comptroller shall de- termine whether the property meets the requirements for eligibility for a limitation on appraised value. The comptroller shall notify the board of the comptroller's determination and provide the applicant an opportunity for a hearing before the determination becomes fi- nal. If the comptroller's determination becomes final, the comptrol- ler is not required to provide an economic impact evaluation of the application or to submit a certificate for a limitation on appraised value of the property or a written explanation of the decision not to issue a certificate, and the board may not grant the application. <i>Tax</i> <i>Code</i> 313.025(h), (i); 34 TAC 9.1055(b)(3), (c), (d), .1056
Effect on Instructional Facilities	The comptroller shall promptly deliver a copy of the application to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). TEA shall determine the effect that the applicant's proposal will have on the number or size of the district's instructional facilities and submit a written report containing TEA's determination to the district. The board shall provide any requested information to TEA. Not later than the 45th day after the date TEA receives the application, TEA shall make the required determination and submit the written report to the board. <i>Tax Code</i> 313.025(b-1)
Fees	The board by official action shall establish reasonable nonrefunda- ble application fees to be paid by property owners who apply to the district for a limitation on the appraised value of the person's prop- erty. The amount of an application fee must be reasonable and may not exceed the estimated cost to the district of processing and acting on an application, including any cost to the district associ- ated with the required economic impact evaluation. <i>Tax Code</i> <i>313.031(b); 34 TAC 9.1054(a)</i>
	The total fee shall be paid at the time the application is submitted to the district. Any fees not accompanying the original application shall be considered supplemental payments. <i>34 TAC 9.1054(a)</i>
	The comptroller may charge the applicant a fee sufficient to cover the costs of providing the economic impact evaluation. <i>Tax Code 313.025(b)</i>
Supplemental Payments	A person and the district may not enter into an agreement under which the person agrees to provide supplemental payments to a district or any other entity on behalf of a district in an amount that exceeds an amount equal to the greater of \$100 per student per

	riod that e riod and e the perso expires. T	verage daily attendance or \$50,000 per year, or for exceeds the period beginning with the qualifying the ending December 31 of the third tax year after the on's eligibility for a limitation under Tax Code Chap This limit does not apply to amounts described be Contents, Required and item 1 at Contents, Option 3.027(i)	ime pe- e date oter 313 low at
Approval	the 150th nomic im	d shall approve or disapprove an application not day after the date the application is filed, unless pact evaluation has not been received or an exte by the board and the applicant. <i>Tax Code 313.0</i>	the eco- nsion is
		d may extend the time period to approve a compl required only if:	eted ap-
	1. Eith	er:	
	a.	An economic impact analysis has not been subr the district by the comptroller; or	nitted to
	b.	By agreement with the applicant; and	
		ce of the extension is provided to the comptroller en days of the decision to provide the extension.	within
	34 TAC 9	.1054(d)	
	elects to criteria co impact ev	pproving or disapproving an application that the b consider, the board must make a written finding a onsidered by the comptroller in conducting the ec valuation under Tax Code 313.026. The board sha those findings to the applicant.	is to any onomic
	the inform applicant person's	d may approve an application only if the board fir nation in the application is true and correct, finds is eligible for the limitation on the appraised valu qualified property, and determines that granting the in the best interest of the district and this state.	that the e of the
		d may not approve an application unless the com o the board a certificate for a limitation on apprais operty.	
	Tax Code	e 313.025(d-1), (e), (f)	
	-	esented a completed application for which the con nitted a certificate for a limitation, the board shall	
	-	najority vote adopt a written resolution approving ation which shall include:	the ap-
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			16 of 22

- a. Written findings:
 - As to each criterion listed in 34 Administrative Code 9.1055(d)(3)(B)–(D) (Comptroller Application Review and Agreement to Limit Appraised Value);
 - As to the criteria required by Tax Code 313.025(f-1) (waiver of new jobs creation requirement) if applicable;
 - (3) That the information in the application is true and correct; and
 - (4) That the applicant is eligible for the limitation on the appraised value of the entity's qualified property;
- b. A determination that granting the application is in the best interest of the district and this state; and
- c. Designate and direct a representative of the board to execute the agreement for property tax limitation presented by the approved applicant that complies with 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F and Tax Code Chapter 313;
- 2. By majority vote disapprove the application; or
- 3. Take no official action and the application shall be considered disapproved on the 151st day after the application review start date.

34 TAC 9.1054(c)(5), (f)

In determining whether to approve an application, the board is entitled to request and receive assistance from the comptroller, the Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office, the Texas Workforce Investment Council, and the Texas Workforce Commission. The Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office or its successor may recommend that a district approve an application under Tax Code Chapter 313. In determining whether to approve an application, the board shall consider any recommendation made by the Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office or its successor. Tax Code 313.025(c), (g)

- Continued Eligibility In order to obtain and continue to receive a limitation on appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313, an applicant shall:
 - 1. Have a completed application approved by the board in compliance with 34 Administrative Code 9.1054(f) (School District Application Review and Agreement to Limit Appraised Value);

CCGB (LEGAL)

- At least 30 days prior to the meeting at which the board is scheduled to consider the application, provide to the district and the comptroller a Texas Economic Development Act Agreement, as specified in 34 Administrative Code 9.1052(a)(6), with terms acceptable to the applicant;
- 3. If the applicant includes a combined group or members of the combined group, have the agreement executed by the authorized representative of each member of the combined group that owns a direct interest in property subject to the proposed agreement by which such members are jointly and severally liable for the performance of the stipulations, provisions, terms, and conditions of the agreement;
- 4. Comply with all stipulations, provisions, terms, and conditions of the agreement for a limitation on appraised value executed with the district, 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F, and Tax Code Chapter 313;
- 5. Be and remain in good standing under the laws of this state and maintain legal status as an entity;
- 6. Owe no delinquent taxes to the state;
- Maintain eligibility for limitation on appraised value pursuant to Tax Code Chapter 313;
- 8. Provide to the district, the comptroller, and the appraisal district any change to information provided in the application, including but not limited to changes of the authorized representative(s); changes to the location and contact information for the approved applicant including all members of the combined group participating in the limitation agreement; and copies of any valid assignments of the agreement and contact information for authorized representative(s) of any assignees; and
- 9. Within 30 days after filing a completed application with the district, provide the comptroller with estimates of the gross tax benefit resulting from the requested limitation on appraised value for school district maintenance and operations ad valorem tax and future revenues from the qualified property.

34 TAC 9.1053(f)

Agreement No later than 20 business days after receiving an agreement for limitation on appraised value acceptable to an applicant, the comptroller:

CCGB (LEGAL)

	1.	Shall review the agreement for compliance with Tax Code Chapter 313 and the applicable rules (34 Administrative Code 9.1051–.1060), and consistency with the application submit- ted to the comptroller and as amended or supplemented;		
	2.	May amend or withdraw the comptroller certificate for a limita- tion if the comptroller determines that the agreement as sub- mitted by the applicant does not comply with Tax Code Chap- ter 313 or the applicable rules or that the agreement contains provisions that are not consistent with or represents infor- mation significantly different from that presented in the appli- cation as submitted to the comptroller; and		
	3.	Provide written notification to the district of the actions taken.		
	34	TAC 9.1055(e)		
	mer the	board and the property owner shall enter into a written agree- nt for the implementation of the limitation on appraised value on owner's qualified property. <i>Tax Code 313.027(d); 34 TAC</i> 054(g), .1060		
Limitation on Appraised Value	If the person's application is approved by the board, the appraised value for district maintenance and operations ad valorem tax pur- poses of the person's qualified property as described in the agree- ment between the person and the district may not exceed the lesser of:			
	1.	The market value of the property; or		
	2.	Subject to the minimum limitation amount below, the amount agreed to by the board.		
Minimum Limitation	anc the	e amount agreed to by the board must be an amount in accord- e with Tax Code 313.027(b), according to the category to which district belongs. [See School District Categories, above] A dis- , regardless of category, may agree to a greater amount.		
	Tax	Code 313.027(a), (b), (c)		
	plie corc whic A di	a district to which Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter C ap- s, the amount agreed to by the board must be an amount in ac- dance with Tax Code 313.054, according to the category to ch the district belongs. [See School District Categories, above] strict, regardless of category, may agree to a greater amount. <i>Code 313.054</i>		
Contents	The	agreement must:		
Required	1.	Provide that the limitation applies for a period of ten years;		

CCGB (LEGAL)

	2.	Specify the beginning date of the limitation, which must be January 1 of the first tax year that begins after the application date, the qualifying time period, or the date commercial oper- ations begin at the site of the project;
	3.	Describe with specificity the qualified investment that the per- son will make on or in connection with the person's qualified property that is subject to the limitation; other property of the person that is not specifically described in the agreement is not subject to the limitation unless the board, by official action, provides that the other property is subject to the limitation;
	4.	Incorporate each relevant provision of Tax Code Chapter 313, Subchapter B, and, to the extent necessary, include provi- sions for the protection of future district revenues through the adjustment of the minimum valuations, the payment of reve- nue offsets, and other mechanisms agreed to by the property owner and the district;
	5.	Require the property owner to maintain a viable presence in the district for at least five years after the date the limitation on appraised value of the owner's property expires;
	6.	Provide for the termination of the agreement, the recapture of ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of the agreement if the owner of the property fails to comply with the terms of the agreement, and payment of a penalty or interest, or both, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue;
	7.	Specify the ad valorem tax years covered by the agreement;
	8.	Be in a form approved by the comptroller; and
	9.	Disclose any consideration promised in conjunction with the application and the limitation.
	Tax	Code 313.027(a-1), (e), (f), (j)
Optional	The	agreement may:
	1.	Provide that the property owner will protect the district in the event the district incurs extraordinary education-related ex- penses related to the project that are not directly funded in state aid formulas, including expenses for the purchase of portable classrooms and the hiring of additional personnel to accommodate a temporary increase in student enrollment at- tributable to the project.
	2.	Specify any conditions the occurrence of which will require the district and the property owner to renegotiate all or any part of the agreement.

3. Provide for a deferral of the date on which the qualifying time period for the project is to commence or, subsequent to the date the agreement is entered into, be amended to provide for such a deferral. The agreement may not provide for the deferral of the date on which the qualifying time period is to commence to a date later than January 1 of the fourth tax year that begins after the date the application is approved except that if the agreement is one of a series of agreements related to the same project, the agreement may provide for the deferral of the date on which the qualifying time period is to commence to a date not later than January 1 of the sixth tax year that begins after the date the application is approved.

Tax Code 313.027(f), (h)

If an agreement for limitation on appraised value includes a provision in which the qualifying time period starts more than one year after the date that the application is approved, no earlier than 180 days and no later than 90 days prior to the start of the deferred qualifying time period:

- 1. The district shall provide the comptroller:
 - a. Copies of any documents or other information received from the applicant; and
 - b. After reviewing documents and information provided by the applicant, either:
 - (1) A written acknowledgment of receiving the application amendment or supplement; or
 - (2) A statement that no such amendment or supplement has been submitted; and
- 2. If the comptroller provides:
 - a. A comptroller certificate for a limitation with conditions different from the existing agreement, the board shall hold a meeting and determine whether to amend the agreement to include the conditions required by the comptroller or terminate the agreement; or
 - b. A written explanation of the comptroller's decision not to re-issue a certificate, the district shall terminate the agreement.

34 TAC 9.1054(h), .1055(g)

Compliance and Enforcement The district shall provide to the comptroller any documents that reasonably appear to be substantive documents, and, within seven

	days of executing the agreement, a copy of the executed agree- ment and any attachments thereto. The district shall provide a copy of the executed agreement to the appraisal district.
	The district shall comply with and enforce the stipulations, provi- sions, terms, and conditions of the agreement for limitation of the appraised value, 34 Administrative Code Chapter 9, Subchapter F, and Tax Code Chapter 313. To determine and obtain compliance with each agreement, for each calendar year during the term of the agreement the district shall require the approved applicant to sub- mit:
	 Either the information necessary to complete the annual eligi- bility report, or a completed annual eligibility report;
	 A completed job creation compliance report (Form 50-825); and
	 Any information required by the state auditor office or its de- signee.
	34 TAC 9.1054(i)
Disclosure of Appraised Value Limitation Information	If a district maintains a generally accessible internet website, the district shall maintain a link on its internet website to the area of the comptroller's internet website where information on each of the district's agreements to limit appraised value is maintained. <i>Tax Code</i> 313.0265(c)
Accessibility of Documents	Any documents submitted in an electronic format (including searchable pdfs) to the comptroller must comply with the accessibility standards and specifications described in 1 Administrative Code Chapters 206 and 213. <i>34 TAC 9.1055(a)(5)</i>

Bellville ISD 008901	
LOCAL REVENUE SOU APPRAISAL DISTRICT	RCES CCH (LEGAL)
Appraisal Function	The county appraisal district is responsible for appraising property in the appraisal district for ad valorem tax purposes of each taxing unit in the appraisal district. <i>Tax Code 6.01(b)</i>
Restrictions on Employment	An individual may not be employed by an appraisal district if the in- dividual is an officer or employee of a taxing unit that participates in the appraisal district. <i>Tax Code</i> 6.054
Notice of Boundary Change	If a new taxing unit is formed or an existing taxing unit's boundaries are altered, the unit shall notify the appraisal office of the new boundaries within 30 days after the date the unit is formed or its boundaries are altered. <i>Tax Code 6.07</i>
Appraisal District Board of Directors	The appraisal district is governed by a board of directors. Five di- rectors are appointed by the taxing units that participate in the ap- praisal district as provided by Tax Code 6.03.
Eligibility	To be eligible to serve on the appraisal district board, an individual other than a county assessor-collector serving as a nonvoting di- rector must be a resident of the appraisal district and must have re- sided in the appraisal district for at least two years immediately preceding the date the individual takes office. An individual who is otherwise eligible to serve on the appraisal district board is not inel- igible because of membership on the governing body of a taxing unit.
	An employee of a taxing unit is not eligible to serve on the ap- praisal district board unless the employee is also a member of the governing body or an elected official of a taxing unit that partici- pates in the appraisal district.
	Tax Code 6.03(a)
Restrictions <i>Nepotism</i>	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual is related within the second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Government Code Chapter 573 [see DBE], to an individual who is engaged in the business of ap- praising property for compensation for use in proceedings under Tax Code Title 1 (the Property Tax Code) or of representing prop- erty owners for compensation in proceedings under the Property Tax Code in the appraisal district.
Delinquent Taxes	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual owns property on which delinquent taxes have been owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the indi- vidual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless the delinquent taxes and any penalties and interest are being paid un- der an installment payment agreement, or a suit to collect the de- linquent taxes is deferred or abated.
	Tax Code 6.035(a)

DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 CCH(LEGAL)-P Bellville ISD 008901

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES APPRAISAL DISTRICT

Prior Property Appraiser or Owner Representative	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual has engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under the Property Tax Code or of representing property owners for compensation in pro- ceedings under the Property Tax Code in the appraisal district at any time during the preceding three years. <i>Tax Code 6.035(a-1)</i>
Conflict of Interest	An individual is not eligible to be appointed to or to serve on an ap- praisal district board if the individual or a business entity in which the individual has a substantial interest is a party to a contract with the appraisal district or a taxing unit that participates in the ap- praisal district, if the contract relates to the performance of an ac- tivity governed by the Property Tax Code.
	A taxing unit may not enter into a contract relating to the perfor- mance of an activity governed by the Property Tax Code with a member of the appraisal district board or with a business entity in which an appraisal district board member has a substantial inter- est.
	An individual has a substantial interest in a business entity if the combined ownership of the individual and the individual's spouse is at least ten percent of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or the individual or the individual's spouse is a partner, limited partner, or officer of the business entity.
	"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, holding company, joint-stock company, receivership, trust, or other entity recognized by law.
	Tax Code 6.036
Recall	In accordance with Tax Code 6.033, the governing body of a taxing unit, by resolution filed with the chief appraiser, may call for the recall of a member of the appraisal district board for whom the unit cast any of its votes in the appointment of the appraisal district board. <i>Tax Code 6.033(a)</i>
Budget and Financing	Each year the chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed budget for the operations of the appraisal district for the following tax year as described in Tax Code 6.06(a) and shall submit copies to each tax- ing unit and the appraisal district board before June 15.
Public Inspection	Each taxing unit shall maintain a copy of the proposed budget for public inspection at its principal administrative office.
Budget Adoption	The appraisal district board shall hold a public hearing to consider the budget. The secretary of the appraisal district board shall de- liver to the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit not later than the tenth day before the date of the hearing a

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES APPRAISAL DISTRICT

	written notice of the date, time, and place fixed for the hearing. The
	appraisal district board of directors shall complete its hearings, make any amendments to the proposed budget it desires, and fi- nally approve a budget before September 15.
	If governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units adopt resolu- tions disapproving a budget and file them with the secretary of the appraisal district board within 30 days after its adoption, the budget does not take effect, and the appraisal district board shall adopt a new budget within 30 days of the disapproval.
Amendments	The appraisal district board may amend the approved budget at any time, but the secretary of the appraisal district board must de- liver a written copy of a proposed amendment to the presiding of- ficer of the governing body of each taxing unit not later than the 30th day before the date the appraisal district board acts on it.
Allocation	Each taxing unit participating in the appraisal district is allocated a portion of the amount of the budget equal to the proportion that the total dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the appraisal district by the unit for the tax year in which the budget proposal is prepared bears to the sum of the total dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the district by each participating unit for that year. Unless the governing body of a unit and the chief appraiser agree to a different method of payment, each taxing unit shall pay its allocation in four equal payments to be made at the end of each calendar quarter, and the first payment shall be made before January 1 of the year in which the budget takes effect.
	<i>Tax Code 6.06(a)–(e)</i>
Changes in Method of Financing	The appraisal district board, in accordance with Tax Code 6.061(a), may prescribe a different method of allocating the costs of operat- ing the appraisal district unless the governing body of any taxing unit adopts a resolution opposing the different method, and files it with the appraisal district board before September 1.
	The taxing units may adopt a different method of allocating the costs of operating the appraisal district in accordance with Tax Code 6.061.
	Tax Code 6.061
Disapproval of Appraisal District Board Actions	If the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units adopt reso- lutions disapproving an action, other than adoption of the budget, by the appraisal district board and file them with the secretary of the appraisal district board within 15 days after the action is taken, the action is revoked effective the day after the day on which the required number of resolutions is filed. <i>Tax Code 6.10</i>

Bellville ISD 008901	
LOCAL REVENUE SOU APPRAISAL DISTRICT	RCES CCH (LEGAL)
Appraisal Review Board	An appraisal review board is established for each appraisal district. This does not preclude the boards of directors of two or more ad- joining appraisal districts from providing for the operation of a con- solidated appraisal review board by interlocal contract.
Appointment <i>Counties of Less</i> <i>than 120,000</i>	Members of the appraisal review board are appointed by resolution of a majority of the appraisal district board of directors.
Counties of 120,000 or More	Members of the board are appointed by the local administrative law judge under Government Code Chapter 74, Subchapter D in the county in which the appraisal district is established.
	Tax Code 6.41
Eligibility	Appraisal review board members are subject to the eligibility re- strictions described in Tax Code 6.412 and the conflict of interest provisions set forth in Tax Code 6.413. <i>Tax Code 6.412, .413</i>
Prohibition on Contracts	A school district may not enter into a contract with a member of the appraisal review board established for an appraisal district in which the school district participates or with a business entity in which a member of the appraisal review board has a substantial interest as defined in Tax Code 6.413(d). <i>Tax Code 6.413(c)</i>
Auxiliary Appraisal Review Board Members	The appraisal district board by resolution may provide for a number of auxiliary appraisal review board members that the board considers appropriate to hear taxpayer protests before the appraisal review board and to assist the board in performing its duties. <i>Tax Code 6.414(a)</i>
Special Appraisal Review Board Panels	An appraisal district board for a district established in a county with a population of one million or more by resolution of a majority of the board's members shall increase the size of the district's appraisal review board to the number of members the board of directors considers appropriate to manage the duties of the appraisal review board, including the duties of each special panel established under Tax Code 6.425. <i>Tax Code 6.41(b-2)</i>
	The appraisal review board for an appraisal district described above shall establish special panels to conduct protest hearings under Tax Code Chapter 41 relating to property described in Tax Code 6.425(b). <i>Tax Code 6.425(a)–(b)</i>

Bellville ISD 008901			
ACCOUNTING FINANCIAL REPORTS	AND :	STATEMENTS (CFA (LEGAL)
Accounting System	A board must adopt and install a standard school fiscal accounting system that conforms with generally accepted accounting principles. The accounting system must meet at least the minimum requirements prescribed by the commissioner of education, subject to review and comment by the state auditor. <i>Education Code 44.007(a)</i> , <i>(b)</i>		
	Εdι	e rules for financial accounting are described in the official action Agency (TEA) publication, <i>Financial Accountabili</i> Resource Guide. 19 TAC 109.1, .41	
Report of Revenues and Expenditures	ture repo yea	ecord must be kept of all revenues realized and of all exp as made during the fiscal year for which a budget is adop ort of the revenues and expenditures for the preceding fi r shall be filed with TEA on or before the date set by the ard of Education. <i>Education Code 44.007(c), (d)</i>	oted. A iscal
Financial Statement		board shall prepare an annual financial statement shov h fund subject to the board's authority during the fiscal y	-
	1.	The total receipts of the fund, itemized by source of reincluding taxes, assessments, service charges, grants money, gifts, or other general sources from which fund derived;	of state
	2.	The total disbursements of the fund, itemized by the nather the expenditure; and	ature of
	3.	The balance in the fund at the close of the fiscal year.	
	Loc	al Gov't Code 140.005	
Publication	The board president shall submit the annual financial statement to a daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper published within the bound aries of the district. If a daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper is not published within the boundaries of the district, the financial state- ment shall be published in a newspaper in each county in which the district or any part of the district is located. If a district is locate in more than one county, the financial statement may be published in a newspaper that has general circulation in the district. If a newspaper is not published in the county, the financial statement may be published in a newspaper in an adjoining county.		bound- r is not state- /hich located blished a
	ing	e statement shall be published in accordance with the ac method required by TEA not later than the 150th day aft e the fiscal year ends.	
	Loc	al Gov't Code 140.006	

Local Gov't Code 140.006

Bellville ISD 008901

Annual Local Debt Report	mat Loc	A district shall annually compile and report certain financial infor- mation ("Annual Local Debt Report") in the manner prescribed by Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.1–.6. <i>Local Gov't Code 140.008(b); 34 TAC 10.2(a)</i>				
		The Annual Local Debt Report must include the following financial information:				
	1.	Reg	arding total authorized debt obligations:			
		a.	The amount of all authorized debt obligations;			
		b.	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations;			
		C.	The combined principal and interest required to pay all outstanding debt obligations on time and in full;			
		d.	The amount of all authorized debt obligations secured by property taxes;			
		e.	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations secured by property taxes;			
		f.	The combined principal and interest required to pay all outstanding debt obligations secured by property taxes on time and in full;			
		g.	The amount of all authorized debt obligations secured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount;			
		h.	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations secured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount;			
		i.	The combined principal and interest required to pay all outstanding debt obligations on time and in full for all ob- ligations secured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount; and			
		j.	The current credit rating on total debt obligations given by any nationally recognized credit rating organization.			
	2.	Reg	arding each authorized debt obligation:			
		a.	The principal of each outstanding debt;			
		b.	The principal of each outstanding debt obligation se- cured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount;			
		C.	The combined principal and interest required to pay each outstanding debt obligation on time and in full;			

		d.	The combined principal and interest required to pay each outstanding debt obligation on time and in full expressed as a per capita amount;		
		e.	The issued and unissued amounts, the spent and un- spent amounts, the maturity date and the stated purpose for which each debt obligation was authorized; and		
		f.	The current credit rating on each debt obligation given by any nationally recognized credit rating organization.		
	3.	plai of p per tion	other information considered relevant or necessary to ex- n the above required data elements, such as explanations ayment sources for different kinds of debt or projections of capita amounts of ad valorem taxation-secured obliga- s as of the last day of the maximum term of the most re- t debt obligation issued by the district.		
	34	TAC	10.2; Local Gov't Code 140.008(b).		
Submission to Comptroller	net des	The comptroller shall provide a location on the comptroller's inter- net website where a district may submit the financial information described above and any other related information required or re- quested by the comptroller for the Annual Local Debt Report.			
	nan mus othe	icial ir st be : er info	ptroller shall prescribe the form and manner in which fi- nformation, financial documents, and related information submitted under these provisions. These instructions and prmation related to local government debt reporting will be on the comptroller's internet website.		
	34	TAC	10.3		
Reporting Requirement	cen rep	tly co orting	nnual basis and within 180 days of the end of the most re- mpleted fiscal year, a district shall, in accordance with the requirements set forth under Local Government Code either:		
	1.	scri in th mai its v	omit an Annual Local Debt Report to the comptroller as de- bed at Submission to Comptroller, above, in the form and ne manner prescribed by the comptroller and, if the district ntains an internet website, continually maintain a link from vebsite to the location on the comptroller's website where district's financial information may be viewed; or		
	2.	Ann site	It its contact information and the information required in an ual Local Debt Report on the district's own internet web- and make the report available for inspection by any per- in accordance with other law.		

	its o upor site with ler te	wn in n req wher the r o mai	that elects to post a report of its financial information on iternet website as described in item 2 above shall provide uest an electronic link to the location on the district's web- e the information can be viewed to facilitate compliance equirements of this provision and to enable the comptrol- intain a searchable database of local debt information that ehensive, accurate, and complete.
	34 7	TAC 1	0.4; Local Gov't Code 140.008(c), (d), (f)
Definitions	shal	l hav	ses, words, and terms used in the foregoing provisions e the meanings set out in 34 Administrative Code 10.1, e context clearly indicates otherwise. <i>34 TAC 10.1</i>
Financial Management Report	Each district is required to report information and financial account- ability ratings to parents, taxpayers, and other stakeholders by im- plementing the reporting procedures below. 19 TAC 109.1001(q)		
Report Requirements	age	ment	rict must prepare and distribute an annual financial man- report in accordance with 19 Administrative Code (q). 19 TAC 109.1001(q)(1)
	The	annu	al financial management report for a district must include:
	1.	on a indio 19 A	escription of its financial management performance based a comparison, provided by TEA, of its performance on the cators established by the commissioner and reflected in Administrative Code 109.1001. The report will contain in- nation that discloses:
		a.	State-established standards; and
		b.	The district's financial management performance under each indicator for the current and previous year's finan- cial accountability ratings [see CFC];
	2.	Any clud	descriptive information required by the commissioner, in- ing:
		a.	A copy of the superintendent's current employment con- tract or other written documentation of employment if no contract exists. This must disclose all compensation and benefits paid to the superintendent. The district may publish the superintendent's employment contract on its website instead of publishing it in the annual financial management report;
		b.	A summary schedule for the fiscal year (12-month pe- riod) of expenditures paid on behalf of the superinten- dent and each board member and total reimbursements received by the superintendent and each board member.
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			4 of 7

This includes transactions on the district's credit card(s), debit card(s), stored-value card(s), and any other similar instrument(s) to cover expenses incurred by the superintendent and each board member. The summary schedule must separately report reimbursements for meals, lodging, transportation, motor fuel, and other items. The summary schedule of total reimbursements should not include reimbursements for supplies and materials that were purchased for the operation of the district;

- c. A summary schedule for the fiscal year of the dollar amount of compensation and fees received by the superintendent from an outside school district or any other outside entity in exchange for professional consulting or other personal services. The schedule must separately report the amount received from each entity;
- d. A summary schedule for the fiscal year of the total dollar amount of gifts that had a total economic value of \$250 or more received by the executive officers and board members.
 - (1) This reporting requirement applies only to:
 - (a) Gifts received by the district's executive officers and board members (and their immediate family as described by Government Code, Chapter 573, Subchapter B, Relationships by Consanguinity or by Affinity) from an outside entity that received payments from the district in the prior fiscal year, and
 - (b) Gifts from competing vendors that were not awarded contracts in the prior fiscal year;
 - (2) This reporting requirement does not apply to reimbursement by an outside entity for travel-related expenses when the purpose of the travel was to investigate matters directly related to an executive officer's or board member's duties or to investigate matters related to attendance at education-related conferences and seminars with the primary purpose of providing continuing education (this exclusion does not apply to trips for entertainment purposes or pleasure trips);
 - (3) This reporting requirement excludes an individual gift or a series of gifts from a single outside entity

	that had a total economic value of less than \$250 per executive officer or board member; and				
	e. A summary schedule for the fiscal year of the dollar amount received by board members for the total amount of business transactions with the district. This reporting requirement is not to duplicate the items disclosed in the summary schedule of reimbursements received by board members; and				
	 Any other information the board of the district determines to be useful. 				
	19 TAC 109.1001(q)(3)				
Public Hearing	Each district must provide the public with an opportunity to comment on the report at a public hearing. 19 TAC 109.1001(q)(2)				
	The board must hold a public hearing on the report within two months after receiving a final financial accountability rating. The public hearing must be held at a location in the district's facilities.				
	At the hearing, the district must provide the annual financial man- agement report to the attending parents and taxpayers.				
	19 TAC 109.1001(q)(4), (5); Education Code 39.083(d)				
Notice	The board must give notice of the hearing to owners of real prop- erty in the geographic boundaries of the district and to parents of district students.				
	In addition to other notice required by law, the board must provide notice of the hearing:				
	1. To a newspaper of general circulation in the geographic boundaries of the district in one posting prior to holding the public meeting, providing the time and place of the hearing. The notice in the newspaper may not be earlier than 30 days or later than ten days before the date of the hearing. If no newspaper is published in the county in which the district's central administration office is located, then the board must publish the notice in the county nearest to the county seat of the county in which the district's central administration office is located; and				
	 Through electronic mail to the mass communication media serving the district, including, but not limited to, radio and tele- vision. 				
	19 TAC 109.1001(q)(4); Education Code 39.083(d)				

Bellville ISD 008901		
ACCOUNTING FINANCIAL REPORTS AND STATEMENTS (L		
Dissemination	After the hearing, the report shall be disseminated in the the manner prescribed by the commissioner. <i>Education C 39.083(e)</i>	
Records Retention	The district must retain the annual financial management at least three years after the public hearing and make it a parents and taxpayers upon request. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(</i>	available to
Corrective Action Plan	Each district that received an F rating must file a corrective plan with TEA, prepared in accordance with instructions f commissioner, within one month after the district's public 19 TAC 109.1001(q)(7); Education Code 39.0824	from the
Projected Deficit	If the commissioner, based on the indicators adopted und tion Code 39.082 [see CFC], projects a deficit for a distric fund within the following three school years, TEA shall pro- district interim financial reports, including projected reven expenditures, to evaluate the district's current budget sta	ct general ovide the lues and
	TEA may require a district to submit additional information to produce a financial report. If a district fails to provide in requested or if the commissioner determines that the info submitted by a district is unreliable, the commissioner may the district to acquire professional services under Educat 39A.902 [see AIC].	nformation ormation ay order
	Education Code 39.0823	

Bellville ISD 008901			
ACCOUNTING AUDITS		CFC (LEGAL)	
Annual Audit	distr from	board shall have its district fiscal accounts audited annually at ict expense by a certified or public accountant holding a permit the State Board of Public Accountancy. The audit must be pleted following the close of each fiscal year.	
	men catic The mati	independent audit must meet at least the minimum require- ts and be in the format prescribed by the State Board of Edu- on (SBOE), subject to review and comment by the state auditor. audit shall include an audit of the accuracy of the fiscal infor- on provided by the district through the Public Education Infor- on Management System (PEIMS).	
	Edu	cation Code 44.008(a), (b)	
Audit Requirements and Procedures	A district must file with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) an an- nual financial and compliance report and, if applicable, a state compensatory agreed-upon procedures report. These reports must be audited by an independent auditor, and the audit must be re- viewed by TEA, including review of auditors' working papers, in ac- cordance with the <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> (<i>FASRG</i>) as adopted by reference in 19 Administrative Code 109.41.		
		annual financial audit report and state compensatory agreed- n procedures report are due 150 days after the end of the fiscal	
Independent Auditor	cond	district must hire at its own expense an independent auditor to luct an independent audit of its financial statements and pro- an opinion on its annual financial and compliance report.	
	The	independent auditor must:	
	1.	Be associated with a certified public accountancy (CPA) firm that has a current valid license issued by the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy;	
	2.	Be a certified public accountant with a current valid license is- sued by the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy, as re- quired under Education Code 44.008; and	
	3.	Adhere to the generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS), adopted by the American Institute of CPAs (AICPA), as amended, and the generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS), adopted by the U.S. Government Ac- countability Office, as amended.	
	The	CPA firm must:	
	1.	Be a member of the AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Cen- ter (GAQC);	
		1 of 2	

Bellville ISD 008901	
ACCOUNTING AUDITS	CFC (LEGAL)
	2. Adhere to GAQC's membership requirements; and
	 Collectively have the knowledge, skills, and experience to be competent for the audit being conducted, including thorough knowledge of the government auditing requirements and:
	a. Texas public school district environment; or
	b. Public sector; or
	c. Nonprofit sector.
	If at any time the TEA division responsible for financial compliance reviews an audit firm's working papers and finds that the firm or the quality of the work does not meet the required standards, the divi- sion may require the district to change its audit firm.
	19 TAC 109.23
Financial Accountability System Resource Guide	The rules for financial accounting are described in the official TEA publication <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> , dated July 2019, which is adopted by reference as TEA's official rule. <i>19 TAC 109.41</i>
Filing of Report	A copy of the annual audit report, approved by the board, shall be filed with TEA not later than the 150th day after the end of the fiscal year for which the audit was made. If a board declines or refuses to approve its auditor's report, it shall nevertheless file with TEA a copy of the audit report with its statement detailing reasons for fail- ure to approve the report. <i>Education Code 44.008(d)</i>
Internet Posting of Audit	Each district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a generally accessible internet website that may be used for the purposes of this provision. Each district shall post or cause to be posted on the internet website the information required by Tax Code 26.18, including the district's most recent financial audit, in a format prescribed by the comptroller. <i>Tax Code 26.18</i> [See CE for other required information that must be posted.]
	Note: For information on the efficiency audit required before a district may hold an election to seek voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate, see CCG.
Financial Records	Each treasurer receiving or having control of any school fund of any district shall keep a full and separate itemized account with each of the different classes of its school funds coming into the treasurer's hands. The treasurer's records of the district's itemized accounts and records shall be available to audit. <i>Education Code</i> <i>44.008(c)</i>

Bellville ISD 008901	
ACCOUNTING AUDITS	CFC (LEGAL)
Financial Accountability Rating System	TEA will assign a financial accountability rating to each district as required by Education Code 39.082.
	TEA will base the financial accountability rating of a district on its overall performance on the financial measurements, ratios, and other indicators established by the commissioner. Financial ac- countability ratings for a rating year are based on the data from the immediate prior fiscal year.
	A financial accountability rating remains in effect until replaced by a subsequent rating.
	19 TAC 109.1001(b), (e), (l)
Issuance of Ratings	TEA will issue a preliminary financial accountability rating to a dis- trict on or before August 8 of each year. TEA will not delay the issu- ance of a preliminary or final rating if a district fails to meet the stat- utory deadline under Education Code 44.008 for submitting the annual financial report (AFR). Instead, the district will receive an F rating for substandard achievement.
Appeals	A district may appeal its preliminary financial accountability rating through the appeals process described at 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(n).
	If TEA receives an appeal of a preliminary rating, TEA will issue a final rating to the district no later than 60 days after the deadline for submitting appeals. If TEA does not receive an appeal of a preliminary rating, the preliminary rating automatically becomes a final rating 31 days after issuance of the preliminary rating.
	A final rating issued by TEA may not be appealed under Education Code 7.057 or any other law or rule.
	19 TAC 109.1001(m)–(o)

Bellville ISD 008901			
SAFETY PROGRAM/RIS	SK MA	NAGEMENT	CKA (LEGAL)
Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act	The rules adopted under the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Re- sponse Act (AHERA) (15 U.S.C. 2641-2656) require a district to identify asbestos-containing material (ACM) in schools by visually inspecting school buildings for such materials, sampling such ma- terials if they are not assumed to be ACM, and having samples an- alyzed by appropriate techniques; submit management plans; and implement the plans in a timely fashion. Districts are required to use persons who have been accredited to conduct inspections, re- inspections, develop management plans, or perform response ac- tions. The rule includes recordkeeping requirements.		
Delegation		icts may contractually delegate their duties, but they re onsible for the proper performance of those duties.	emain
	40 C	C.F.R. 763.80(a)	
Duties	A dis	strict shall:	
	1.	Ensure that the activities of any persons who perform tions, reinspections, and periodic surveillance, develo update management plans, and develop and implement sponse actions, including operations and maintenance carried out in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.80–.99 a pendices (subpart E).	op and ent re- æ, are
	2.	Ensure that all custodial and maintenance employees properly trained as required by subpart E and other a federal and/or state regulations (e.g., the Occupations and Health Administration asbestos standard for cons the Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] worker pr rule, or applicable state regulations).	pplicable al Safety struction,
	3.	Ensure that workers and building occupants, or their guardians, are informed at least once each school ye inspections, response actions, and post-response act tivities, including periodic reinspection and surveillance ties that are planned or in progress.	ar about tion ac-
	4.	Ensure that short-term workers (e.g., telephone repairers, utility workers, or exterminators) who may come tact with asbestos in a school are informed of the local asbestos-containing building material (ACBM) and sur ACBM assumed to be ACM.	in con- ations of
	5.	Ensure that warning labels are posted in accordance C.F.R. 763.95 (see Warning Labels, below).	with 40
	6.	Ensure that management plans are available for insp and notification of such availability has been provided specified in the management plan under 40 C.F.R. 76	las

	7.	Designate a person to ensure that requirements under 40 C.F.R. 763.84 are properly implemented and ensure that the designated person receives adequate training to perform duties assigned.			
	8.	Consider whether any conflict of interest may arise from the interrelationship among accredited asbestos personnel and whether that should influence the selection of accredited personnel to perform activities under subpart E.			
	40 C.F.R. 763.84				
Management Plan	Each district shall develop an asbestos management plan for each school, including all buildings that they lease, own, or otherwise use as school buildings, and submit the plan to the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS). Each district shall maintain and update its management plan to keep it current with ongoing operations and maintenance, periodic surveillance, inspection, reinspection and response action activities. All provisions required to be included in the management plan shall be retained as part of the management plan, as well as any information that has been revised to bring the plan up-to-date. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.93(a), (d)				
	The management plan shall be developed by an accredited man- agement planner and shall include:				
	1.	A list of the name and address of each school building and whether it contains friable ACBM, nonfriable ACBM, and fria- ble and nonfriable suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM.			
	2.	Specific information for each inspection conducted before December 14, 1987.			
	3.	Specific information for each inspection and reinspection con- ducted under 40 C.F.R. 763.85.			
	4.	The name, address, and telephone number of the person designated under 40 C.F.R. 763.84 to ensure that the duties of the district are carried out, and the course name, and dates and hours of training taken by that person to carry out the duties.			
	5.	The recommendations made to the district regarding re- sponse actions, under 40 C.F.R. 763.88(d), the name, signa- ture, state of accreditation of each person making the recom- mendations, and if applicable, his or her accreditation number.			

6. A detailed description of preventive measures and response actions to be taken, including methods to be used, for any friable ACBM, the locations where such measures and action will be taken, reasons for selecting the response action or preventive measure, and a schedule for beginning and completing each preventive measure and response action. 7. With respect to the persons who inspected for ACBM and who will design or carry out response actions, except for operations and maintenance, a statement regarding the person's accreditation. A detailed description in the form of a blueprint, diagram, or in 8. writing of any ACBM or suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM that remains in the school once response actions are undertaken pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 763.90. This description shall be updated as response actions are completed. 9. A plan for reinspection under 40 C.F.R. 763.85, a plan for operations and maintenance activities under 40 C.F.R. 763.91, a plan for periodic surveillance under 40 C.F.R. 763.92, a description of the management planner's recommendation regarding additional cleaning under 40 C.F.R. 763.91(c)(2) as part of an operation's maintenance program, and the district's response to that recommendation. 10. A description of steps taken to inform workers and building occupants, or their legal guardians, about inspections, reinspections, response actions, and post-response action activities, including periodic reinspection and surveillance activities that are planned or in progress. 11. An evaluation of the resources needed to complete response actions successfully and carry out reinspection, operations and maintenance activities, periodic surveillance, and training. 12. With respect to each consultant who contributed to the management plan, the name of the consultant and a statement regarding the person's accreditation. 40 C.F.R. 763.93(e); Occupations Code 1954.101 (License Re*quired for Certain Activities*) Plan Availability Upon submission of a management plan to TDSHS for review, a district shall keep a copy of the plan in its administrative office. The management plans shall be available, without cost or restriction, for inspection by representatives of EPA and the state, the public, including teachers, other school personnel and their representatives, and parents. The district may charge a reasonable cost to

make copies of management plans.

	Each school shall maintain in its administrative office a complete, updated copy of the management plan for that school. Manage- ment plans shall also be available for inspection, without cost or re- striction, to workers before work begins in any area of a school building. The school shall make management plans available for in- spection to representatives of EPA and the state, the public, includ- ing parents, teachers, and other school personnel and their repre- sentatives, within five working days after receiving a request for inspection. The school may charge a reasonable cost to make cop- ies of the management plan.
Notice of Availability	Upon submission of its management plan to TDSHS and at least once each school year, a district shall notify in writing parent, teacher, and employee organizations of the availability of the man- agement plans and shall include in the management plan a de- scription of the steps taken to notify such organizations, and a dated copy of the notification.
	40 C.F.R. 763.93(g)
Inspections	Each building leased or acquired to be used as a school building shall be inspected in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.85(a)(3) and (4) prior to use as a school building. In the event that emergency use of an uninspected building as a school building is necessitated, such buildings shall be inspected within 30 days after commencement of such use. At least once every three years after a management plan is in effect, each district shall conduct a reinspection of all friable and nonfriable known or assumed ACBM in each school building. For each inspection and reinspection, the district shall have an accredited inspector provide a written assessment of all friable known or assumed ACBM in the school building. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.85, .88
Response Actions	The district shall select and implement in a timely manner the appropriate response actions in 40 C.F.R. 763.90 consistent with the assessment. The response actions selected shall be sufficient to protect human health and the environment. The district may then select, from the response actions that protect human health and the environment, that action which is the least burdensome method. <i>40 C.F.R. 763.90(a)</i>
Periodic Surveillance	At least once every six months after the management plan is in effect, each district shall conduct periodic surveillance in each building that it leases, owns, or otherwise uses as a school building that contains ACBM or is assumed to contain ACBM. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.92(b)

Operations and Maintenance Training	The district shall ensure, prior to the implementation of operations and maintenance provisions of the management plan, that all members of the maintenance and custodial staff who may work in a building that contains ACBM receive awareness training of at least two hours, whether or not they are required to work with ACBM. New custodial and maintenance employees shall be trained within 60 days after commencement of employment. Train- ing shall include information specified in 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)(1)(i)– (v). The district shall ensure that all members of its maintenance and custodial staff who conduct any activities that will result in the disturbance of ACBM shall receive training described above and 14 hours of additional training that includes information specified in 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)(2)(i)–(iv). 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)
Warning Labels	The district shall attach a warning label immediately adjacent to any friable and nonfriable ACBM and suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM located in routine maintenance areas at each school build- ing. This shall include friable ACBM that was responded to by a means other than removal and ACBM for which no response action was carried out. All labels shall be prominently displayed in readily visible locations and shall remain posted until the ACBM that is la- beled is removed. The warning label shall read, in print which is readily visible because of large size or bright color, as follows: CAUTION: ASBESTOS. HAZARDOUS. DO NOT DISTURB WITH- OUT PROPER TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.95
Texas Asbestos Health Protection Act	A district shall ensure compliance with AHERA for all schools in its jurisdiction. <i>25 TAC 295.63</i>
Asbestos- Related Activity	An "asbestos-related activity" means the removal, encapsulation, or enclosure of asbestos; the performance of an asbestos survey; the development of an asbestos management plan or response action; the collection or analysis of an asbestos sample; or the performance of another activity for which a license is required under Occupations Code Chapter 1954 (the Texas Asbestos Health Protection Act). Occupations Code 1954.002, .101 (License Required for Certain Activities)
Notice of Certain Activities	A person engaged in removing asbestos from or encapsulating or enclosing asbestos in a public building shall notify TDSHS in writ- ing at least ten days before the date the person begins the re- moval, encapsulation, or enclosure project according to applicable laws. A person may give the required notice orally if the removal, encapsulation, or enclosure project is of an emergency nature. <i>Oc- cupations Code 1954.252</i>
Responsibility	It is the responsibility of the facility owner and/or operator to notify TDSHS under 25 Administrative Code 295.61. In a public building,

this task may be delegated to the owner's agent such as a licensed asbestos abatement contractor or consultant and must be delegated in writing. In a demolition where a licensed abatement contractor or consultant is not required, the task may be delegated in writing to the demolition contractor or other agent. The notification must be filed on the form specified by TDSHS. The notification shall have all information completed with no blocks left blank. The facility owner, and the agent to whom the task of notification has been delegated, are jointly and severally responsible for the accuracy and timeliness of the notification. *25 TAC 295.61(b)*

Records Recordkeeping requirements are set out in 40 U.S.C. 763.94.

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

School District Peace Officers, School Resource Officers, and Security Personnel	The board may employ security personnel, enter into a memoran- dum of understanding with a local law enforcement agency for the provision of school resource officers, and commission peace offic- ers to carry out Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter C (Law and Order).		
Jurisdiction	curif all te the othe ploy mer	jurisdiction of a peace officer, a school resource officer, or se- ty personnel shall be determined by the board and may include erritory in the boundaries of the district and all property outside boundaries of the district that is owned, leased, or rented by or erwise under the control of the district and the board that em- the peace officer or security personnel or that enter into a norandum of understanding for the provision of a school re- rce officer.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(a)	
Duties	The board shall determine the law enforcement duties of peace of- ficers, school resource officers, and security personnel. The duties must be included in:		
	1.	The district improvement plan under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ];	
	2.	The student code of conduct adopted under Education Code 37.001 [see FO];	
	3.	Any memorandum of understanding providing for a school re- source officer; and	
	4.	Any other campus or district document describing the role of peace officers, school resource officers, or security personnel in the district.	
	A district peace officer, a school resource officer, and security per- sonnel shall perform law enforcement duties for the school district that must include protecting the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the peace officer, resource officer, or security per- sonnel; and the property of the school district.		
	nate emp offic to la	etermining the law enforcement duties, the board shall coordi- e with district campus behavior coordinators and other district ployees to ensure that district peace officers, school resource ers, and security personnel are tasked only with duties related we enforcement intervention and not tasked with behavioral or inistrative duties better addressed by other district employees.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(d), (d-1), (d-4)	
Prohibited Duties		strict may not assign or require as duties of a district peace of- , a school resource officer, or security personnel:	
		1 of 2	

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

	1.	Routine student discipline or school administrative tasks; or		
	2.	Contact with students unrelated to the law enforcement duties of the peace officer, resource officer, or security personnel.	S	
	sour	provision does not prohibit a district peace officer, a school re- ce officer, or security personnel from informal contact with a ent unrelated to:	-	
	1.	The assigned duties of the officer or security personnel; or		
	2.	An incident involving student behavior or law enforcement.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(d-2), (d-3)		
Refusal or Removal from District Property	low a the o	hool resource officer or district peace officer may refuse to al- a person to enter on or may eject a person from property unde district's control in accordance with Education Code 37.105. <i>cation Code 37.105(a); 19 TAC 103.1207</i> [See GKA]	r	
Weapons	If a board authorizes a person employed as security personnel to carry a weapon, the person must be a commissioned peace officer. <i>Education Code 37.081(a)</i> [See CKEA]			
Training	A district peace officer or school resource officer shall complete an active shooter response training program approved by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE).			
	whic adop	strict that commissions a school district peace officer or at tha school resource officer provides law enforcement shall of a policy requiring the officer to complete the education and ing program required by Occupations Code 1701.263.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.0812		
	law law ficer	bol district peace officers or school resource officers providing enforcement services at a district must obtain a school-based enforcement proficiency certificate within 180 days of the of- 's commission or placement in the district or campus of the dis 37 TAC 218.3(d)(5); Occupations Code 1701.263(b)	;-	
Notice of Exposure to Communicable Disease	ame ers r to co abou ifying	strict that employs emergency medical service employees, par- dics, firefighters, law enforcement officers or correctional offic- must post the required notice regarding work-related exposure ommunicable disease in its workplace to inform employees at Health and Safety Code requirements which may affect qual g for workers' compensation benefits following a work-related osure to a reportable communicable disease. <i>28 TAC 110.108</i>		
Handgun Licensees	allov	pard may promulgate written regulations or written authorization ving the holder of a handgun license to carry a handgun on pol premises pursuant to Penal Code 46.03(a)(1).	า	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		2 of 5	3	

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

A board may appoint a school marshal [see CKEB] and authorize another person to serve under the district's regulations and authorization under Penal Code 46.03(a)(1).

The holder of a handgun license does not commit a criminal offense under Penal Code 46.035 by carrying a handgun in a building where a high school sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place or at an open meeting of the board when the person is lawfully carrying a handgun pursuant to a board's written regulations and authorization.

Att'y Gen. Op. GA-1051 (2014) (citing Education Code 11.151(b))

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including district peace officers, see CKE.				
Powers and Duties Code of Criminal Procedure	mum sta	Any peace officer commissioned by the board must meet all mini- mum standards for peace officers established by the Texas Com- mission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>				
		Officers commissioned by a board are peace officers. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.12(8)</i>				
	officer's	duty of every peace officer to preserve the peace within the jurisdiction. To effect this purpose, the officer shall use all neans. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13(a)</i>				
		ace officer shall perform the duties listed in Code of Criminal ure 2.13.				
Determined by the Board	district a	A district peace officer shall perform law enforcement duties for the district as determined by the board. <i>Education Code 37.081(d), (d-1)</i> [See CKE(LEGAL)]				
	The board may authorize any officer commissioned by the board to enforce rules adopted by the board. Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D (protection of buildings and grounds) is not intended to restrict the authority of each district to adopt and enforce appro- priate rules for the orderly conduct of the district in carrying out its purposes and objectives or the right of separate jurisdiction relating to the conduct of its students and personnel. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.103</i>					
	In a peace officer's jurisdiction, a peace officer commissioned by the board:					
	1. Ha	s the powers, privileges, and immunities of peace officers;				
		ay enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county linances, and state laws;				
		ay take a child into custody in accordance with Family Code apter 52 [see GRA] or Code of Criminal Procedure 45.058; d				
		ay dispose of cases in accordance with Family Code 52.03 52.031.				
	Educatio	on Code 37.081(b); Family Code 52.01(a)(3)				
		ard shall determine the scope of the on-duty and off-duty proceeding of the on-duty and off-duty proceeding of the score officers. A district must				

	authorize in writing any off-duty law enforcement activities per- formed by a district peace officer.			
	A district peace officer may provide assistance to another law en- forcement agency. A district may contract with a political subdivi- sion for the jurisdiction of a district peace officer to include all terri- tory in the jurisdiction of the political subdivision.			
	Education Code 37.081(c), (e)			
Chief of Police	The chief of police of a district police department shall be account- able to the superintendent and shall report to the superintendent. District police officers shall be supervised by the district chief of po- lice or the chief's designee and shall be licensed by TCOLE. <i>Edu- cation Code 37.081(f)</i>			
Oath and Bond	A peace officer assigned to duty and commissioned by a board shall take and file the oath required of peace officers and shall execute and file a bond in the sum of \$1,000, payable to the board, with two or more sureties, conditioned that the peace officer will fairly, impartially, and faithfully perform all the duties that may be required of the peace officer by law. <i>Education Code</i> 37.081(h)			
Reporting Appointment and Separation	Before a law enforcement agency may appoint a person licensed or seeking a license as a peace officer, the agency head or de- signee must comply with the requirements of 37 Administrative Code 217.7(a), including:			
	 For a person's initial appointment, submit an appointment ap- plication (L1 Form) and receive an approval of the application before the person discharges any duties related to the license sought. 			
	 For current licensees, submit a Statement of Appointment (L1 Form) within seven days of the appointment. 			
	37 TAC 217.7(a)(9)(B)(vi), (10)			
	When a person licensed by TCOLE separates from an agency, the agency shall, within 7 business days:			
	1. Submit a separation report (Form F5) to TCOLE; and			
	2. Provide a copy to the licensee in a manner prescribed by Oc- cupations Code 1701.452 (Employment Termination Report).			
	37 TAC 217.7(b)			
	An agency must retain records kept under these provisions while the person is appointed and for a minimum of five years after the li- censee's separation date with that agency. The records must be			

Bellville ISD 008901		
SECURITY PERSONNEL CK COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS (LEG		
	maintained under the control of the agency head or desig format readily accessible to TCOLE. 37 TAC 217.7(d)	nee in a
Memorandum of Understanding	A district police department and the law enforcement age which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a mer of understanding that outlines reasonable communication ordination efforts between the department and the agence <i>cation Code 37.081(g)</i>	morandum and co-
Body-Worn Cameras	A law enforcement agency that operates a body-worn car gram shall adopt a policy for the use of body-worn camer must ensure that a body-worn camera is activated only for enforcement purpose and must include guidelines and pr required by Occupations Code 1701.655(b).	as that or a law
	A policy may not require a peace officer to keep a body-we era activated for the entire period of the officer's shift.	/orn cam-
	Before a law enforcement agency may operate a body-we era program, the agency must provide training to peace of who will wear the body-worn cameras and any other pers who will come into contact with video and audio data obta the use of body-worn cameras.	officers connel
	Occupations Code 1701.655, .656	
Motor Vehicle Stops	A peace officer who stops a motor vehicle for an alleged of a law or ordinance shall report to the law enforcement that employs the officer information relating to the stop, in the information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2	agency Icluding
	The chief administrator of a law enforcement agency is refor auditing these reports to ensure that the race or ethnic person operating the motor vehicle is being reported.	
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.133	
	A law enforcement agency shall compile and analyze the mation contained in each report received by the agency. than March 1 of each year, each law enforcement agency submit a report containing the incident-based data compi the previous calendar year to TCOLE. <i>Code of Criminal F</i> 2.134	Not later / shall led during
Civil Penalty	If the chief administrator of a local law enforcement agent tionally fails to submit the incident-based data as required of Criminal Procedure 2.134, the department is liable to the for a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each tion. Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1385(a)	d by Code ne state

Racial Profiling	A peace officer may not engage in racial profiling. Code of Crimina Procedure 2.131			
	mak dutie com	In law enforcement agency that employs peace officers who e traffic stops in the routine performance of the officer's official es shall adopt a detailed written policy on racial profiling that plies with Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b). <i>Code of Crimi-</i> <i>Procedure 2.132</i>		
Mental Health Crisis or Substance Abuse Issue	A law enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to divert a person suffering a mental health crisis or suffering from the effects of substance abuse to a proper treatment center in the agency's ju- risdiction if:			
	1.	There is an available and appropriate treatment center in the agency's jurisdiction to which the agency may divert the person;		
	2.	It is reasonable to divert the person;		
	3.	The offense that the person is accused of is a misdemeanor, other than a misdemeanor involving violence; and		
	4.	The mental health crisis or substance abuse issue is sus- pected to be the reason the person committed the alleged of- fense.		
	This requirement does not apply to a person who is accused of specified offenses involving intoxication.			
	Code	e of Criminal Procedure 16.23		
Administration of Epinephrine	auto epine Chaj FFA	v enforcement agency may acquire and possess epinephrine -injectors and a peace officer may possess and administer an ephrine auto-injector in accordance with Occupations Code pter 1701, Subchapter O. <i>Occupations Code 1701.702(a)</i> [See C regarding district maintenance and administration of epi- prine auto-injectors.]		
Officer-Involved Injury or Death		cer-involved injury or death" means an incident during which a ce officer discharges a firearm causing injury or death to an- r.		
	jury volve troni inclu	ater than the 30th day after the date of an officer-involved in- or death, the law enforcement agency employing an officer in- ed in the incident must complete and submit a written or elec- c report to the office of the attorney general. The report must de all information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 9(b).		
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.139			

	Not later than the 30th day after the date of the occurrence of an incident in which, while a peace officer is performing an official duty, a person who is not a peace officer discharges a firearm and causes injury or death to the officer, the law enforcement agency employing the injured or deceased officer at the time of the incident must complete and submit a written or electronic report to the office of the attorney general. The report must include all information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1395(a). Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1395(b)
Failure to Report	A law enforcement agency that fails to submit the required report on or before the seventh day after the date the agency received notice of failure to report from the office of the attorney general, is liable for a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000 for each day after the seventh day that the agency fails to submit the report. Begin- ning on the day after the date of receiving notice of failure to report, a law enforcement agency that, in the five-year period preceding the date the agency received the notice, has been liable for a civil penalty is liable for a civil penalty for each day the agency fails to submit the required report in the amount of \$10,000 for the first day and \$1,000 for each additional day that the agency fails to submit the report. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13951(b), (c)</i>
Complaints Against Peace Officers	To be considered by the head of the district's police department, a complaint against a district peace officer must be in writing and signed by the person making the complaint. A copy of the complaint shall be given to the officer within a reasonable time after it is filed. Disciplinary action may not be taken against the officer unless a copy of the signed complaint is given to the officer. The officer may not be indefinitely suspended or terminated based on the subject matter of the complaint unless the complaint is investigated and there is evidence to prove the allegation of misconduct. <i>Gov't Code 614.021–.023; Colorado County v. Staff, 510 S.W.3d 435 (Tex. 2017); Atty. Gen. Op. GA-251 (2004)</i>
	On the commencement of an investigation by a law enforcement agency of a complaint by an individual who believes that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual in which a video or audio recording of the occurrence on which the complaint is based was made, the agency shall promptly provide a copy of the recording to the peace officer who is the subject of the complaint on written request by the officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b)(3), (f)</i>
	[See DGBA, FNG, and GF for appeals]
Legal Representation	A district shall provide a district employee who is a peace officer with legal counsel without cost to the employee to defend the em-
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	5 of 6

ployee against a suit for damages by a party other than a governmental entity if legal counsel is requested by the employee, and the suit involves an official act of the employee within the scope of the employee's authority.

To defend the employee against the suit, the district may provide counsel already employed by it or may employ private counsel.

An employee may recover from a district that fails to provide counsel as required the reasonable attorney's fees incurred in defending the suit if the trier of fact finds that the fees were incurred in defending a suit covered by these provisions and the employee is without fault or that the employee acted with a reasonable good faith belief that the employee's actions were proper.

Local Gov't Code 180.002(b)–(d)

	Note:	For provisions regarding selection and adoption of in- structional materials, see EFA.
Instructional Materials and Technology	be furnis Except a not char equipme	onal materials selected for use in the public schools shall shed without cost to the students attending those schools. as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may ge a student for instructional material or technological ent purchased by the district with the district's technology ructional materials allotment. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
	rial only chased	structional material, including electronic instructional mate- to the extent of any applicable licensing agreement, pur- as provided by Education Code Chapter 31 for a district is perty of the district. <i>Education Code 31.102(a)–(b)</i>
Allotment	struction in the di nium sp sioner s each bie the state lotment. tional m struction	t is entitled to an allotment each biennium from the state in- nal materials and technology fund for each student enrolled strict on a date during the last year of the preceding bien- ecified by the commissioner of education. The commis- hall determine the amount of the allotment per student ennium on the basis of the amount of money available in e instructional materials and technology fund to fund the al- The allotment shall be transferred from the state instruc- aterials and technology fund to the credit of the district's in- nal materials and technology account as provided by on Code 31.0212. <i>Education Code 31.0211(a)</i>
	nium, no	nmissioner shall, as early as practicable during each bien- otify each district of the estimated amount to which the dis- be entitled during the next fiscal biennium. <i>Education Code</i> 5(a)
No Appeal		ount of the allotment determined by the commissioner is fi- may not be appealed. <i>19 TAC 66.1307(d)</i>
Delayed Publisher Payment Option	material The tota may not	t may requisition and receive state-adopted instructional s before allotment funds for those materials are available. Il cost of delayed-payment-option materials requisitioned exceed 80 percent of the district's expected allotment for sequent biennium.
	der this district's paymen for a dis will prior	district submits a requisition for instructional materials un- provision, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) will expend a existing allotment balance before applying the delayed t option. TEA will make payment for any remaining balance trict's order as the allotment funds become available and ritize payment for requisitions over reimbursement of pur- made directly by a district.

	terials ment may o lisher lisher may n ual di	commissioner shall ensure that publishers of instructional ma- s are informed of any potential delay in payment and that pay- is subject to the availability of appropriated funds. Publishers decline orders for which payments could be delayed. A pub- 's decision to decline an order shall affect all of that pub- 's orders for which payments could be delayed. Publishers not selectively decline individual orders or orders from individ- stricts. Government Code Chapter 2251 does not apply to sitions under this provision.	
	Educ	ation Code 31.0215; 19 TAC 66.1312	
Allotment Adjustment <i>Change in</i> <i>Enrollment</i>	that the district numb decree vided for wh quest numb will be	ther than May 31 of each school year, a district may request the commissioner adjust the number of students for which the st is entitled to receive an allotment on the grounds that the er of students attending school in the district will increase or ase during the school year for which the allotment is pro- . The commissioner may also adjust the number of students hich a district is entitled to receive an allotment, without a re- by the district, if the commissioner determines a different er of students is a more accurate reflection of students who e attending school in the district. The commissioner's determi- n is final. <i>Education Code 31.0211(e)</i>	
High Enrollment Growth	and to	year the commissioner shall adjust the instructional materials echnology allotment of districts experiencing high enrollment h. <i>Education Code 31.0214(a)</i>	
	High-enrollment growth adjustments will be based on the difference between the district's percentage of enrollment growth and that of the state. Enrollment growth calculations will be determined each fiscal year based on fall Texas Student Data Systems Public Edu- cation Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) enrollment data. The amount of the adjustment determined by the commis- sioner is final and may not be appealed.		
	If sufficient funds are available, high-enrollment growth adjust- ments will be granted once each fiscal year. Notwithstanding this, district that experiences an unexpected growth:		
		Of at least two percent due to a natural or man-made disaster or catastrophic event may apply for additional funding at any time during a fiscal year.	
		In its bilingual population of at least ten percent in any school year may apply for additional bilingual funding at any time during a fiscal year.	
	Any additional funding will be dependent on the availability of funds.		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		2 of 10)

	The per-student high-enrollment growth adjustment granted in the second year of a biennium shall not exceed one-half of the per-student amount established as the biennial allotment.				
	19 7	FAC 66.1309			
Permitted	The	The allotment may be used to purchase:			
Expenditures	1.	Materials on the list adopted by the commissioner under Edu- cation Code 31.0231;			
	2.	Instructional materials, regardless of whether the instructional materials are on the list adopted under Education Code 31.024;			
	3.	Consumable instructional materials, including workbooks;			
	4.	Instructional materials for use in bilingual education classes, as provided by Education Code 31.029;			
	5.	Instructional materials for use in college preparatory courses under Education Code 28.014, as provided by Education Code 31.031;			
	6.	Supplemental instructional materials, as provided by Educa- tion Code 31.035;			
	7.	State-developed open education resource instructional mate- rials, as provided by Education Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B-1;			
	8.	Instructional materials and technological equipment under any continuing contracts of the district in effect on September 1, 2011;			
	9.	Technological equipment necessary to support the use of ma- terials included on the list adopted by the commissioner under Education Code 31.0231 or any instructional materials pur- chased with an allotment under these provisions; and			
	10.	Inventory software or systems for storing, managing, and ac- cessing instructional materials and analyzing the usage and effectiveness of the instructional materials.			
	The allotment may be used to pay:				
	1.	For training educational personnel directly involved in student			

 For training educational personnel directly involved in student learning in the appropriate use of instructional materials and for providing for access to technological equipment for instructional use; and

	2.	The salary and other expenses of an employee who provides technical support for the use of technological equipment di- rectly involved in student learning.		
	Educ	cation Code 31.0211(c); 19 TAC 66.1307(f)		
Prohibited	The allotment may not be used to pay for:			
Expenditures	1.	Services for installation;		
	2.	The physical conduit that transmits data such as cabling and wiring or electricity;		
	3.	Office and school supplies; or		
	4.	Items that are not directly related to student instruction such as furniture, athletic equipment, extension cords, temporary contractors, or video surveillance equipment;		
	5.	Travel expenses; or		
	6.	Equipment used for moving or storing instructional materials.		
	19 TAC 66.1307(g)			
Certification of Allotment	trict's	strict shall annually certify to the commissioner that the dis- s allotment has been used only for permitted expenses. <i>Edu-</i> on Code 31.0213		
Priority of Purchase	Each biennium a district shall use the district's allotment to pur- chase, in the following order:			
	1.	Instructional materials necessary to permit the district to cer- tify that the district has instructional materials that cover all el- ements of the essential knowledge and skills of the required curriculum, other than physical education, for each grade level.		
	2.	Any other instructional materials or technological equipment as determined by the district.		
	Educ	cation Code 31.0211(d); 19 TAC 66.1307(e)		
Instructional Materials and Technology Account	tech nium acco rials	commissioner shall maintain an instructional materials and nology account for each district. In the first year of each bien- n, the commissioner shall deposit the district's allotment in the punt. The commissioner shall pay the cost of instructional mate- requisitioned by a district under Education Code 31.103 using s from the district's instructional materials and technology ac- nt.		
		strict may also use funds in the district's account to purchase tronic instructional materials or technological equipment. The		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		4 of 10		

	district shall submit to the commissioner a request for funds for this purpose from the district's account in accordance with the commissioner's rules.				
	Money deposited in a district's instructional materials and technol- ogy account during each state fiscal biennium remains in the ac- count and available for use by the district for the entire biennium. At the end of each biennium, a district with unused money in the district's account may carry forward any remaining balance to the next biennium.				
	Edu	catio	n Code 31.0212		
Access to Allotment	The allotment for each biennium will be made available for district use through the state's online instructional material ordering sys- tem (EMAT) as early as possible in the fiscal year preceding the beginning of the biennium for which the funds have been appropri- ated. A district may access its allotment for any upcoming school year upon completion of:				
	1.	Sub	mission to the commissioner certification that:		
		a.	The district has instructional materials that cover all the required Texas essential knowledge and skills (TEKS), except those for physical education, as required by Education Code 31.004 [see Certification of Instructional Materials, below]; and		
		b.	The district has used its allotment for only the allowable expenditures [see Permitted Expenditures and Certifica- tion of Allotment Use, above]; and		
	2.		paration by TEA of EMAT for the new school year with the allotment amounts.		
	Upon completion of these requirements, a district may access its funds by correctly providing all information required in EMAT.				
	19 7	TAC 6	i6.1307(h)–(j)		
Online Requisition System (EMAT)	(EM	AT) fo	missioner shall maintain an online requisition system or districts to requisition instructional materials to be pur- vith the district's allotment. <i>Education Code 31.101(f)</i>		
Delegation of Authority	tion, cons	, distr sister	d may delegate to an employee the authority to requisi- ibute, and manage the inventory of instructional materials, it with Education Code Chapter 31 and rules adopted un- chapter. <i>Education Code 31.104(a)</i>		
Local Funds	als i	n ado	may use local funds to purchase any instructional materi- lition to those selected under Education Code Chapter 31. n Code 31.106		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			5 of 10		

Bellville ISD 008901			
EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENTCMDINSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING(LEGAL)			
Requisitions, Use, and Distribution	A district shall make a requisition for instructional materials using the online requisition program (EMAT) maintained by the commis- sioner. A district may requisition instructional materials on the State Board of Education (SBOE) instructional materials list for grades above the grade level in which a student is enrolled. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 31.103(b)–(c)		
Distribution	The board shall distribute printed instructional materials to in the manner that the board determines is most effective nomical. <i>Education Code 31.102(c)</i>		
Supplemental Instructional Materials	A district may requisition supplemental instructional material adopted by the SBOE but not on the instructional material adopted under Education Code 31.023 only if the district tions the supplemental instructional material along with of plemental instructional materials or instructional materials list adopted under Education Code 31.023 that in combin cover each element of the essential knowledge and skills course for which the district is requisitioning the supplemental structional materials. <i>Education Code 31.035(d)</i>	I list requisi- ther sup- s on the ation for the	
Availability of Open Education Resource Instructional Materials	A district that selects open education resource instruction rial shall requisition a sufficient number of printed copies students unable to access the instructional material elect unless the district provides to each student:	for use by	
	1. Electronic access to the instructional material at no student; or	cost to the	
	2. Printed copies of the portion of the instructional mate will be used in the course.	erial that	
	Education Code 31.103(d)		
Employee Training	The board shall require the employee responsible for ord structional materials to complete TEA-developed training of the allotment and the use of the instructional materials system (EMAT). Training shall be completed prior to orde structional materials for the first time and again each time trict is notified by TEA that the training has been updated trict shall maintain documentation of the completion of the training. <i>19 TAC 66.107(d)</i>	in the use ordering ring in- the dis- . The dis-	
Special Instructional Materials	All laws and rules applying to instructional materials provision students with no disabilities that are not in conflict with Eco Code 31.028 or 19 Administrative Code 66.1311 shall app distribution and control of special instructional materials. structional materials include braille, large-print, and audio and any other formats designed specifically to provide eqo cess to students with disabilities.	ducation oly to the Special in- o books	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 CMD(LEGAL)-P	D	6 of 10	

	Requisitions for special instructional materials shall be based on actual student enrollment but may include up to two copies per student if necessary to meet individual need.
	Special instructional materials are the property of the state. A dis- trict is responsible for replacing or reimbursing the state for lost, stolen, or damaged special instructional materials.
For Teachers	Adopted instructional materials needed by a teacher with a print disability to carry out his or her instructional duties shall be fur- nished in the required format without cost. The materials are to be loaned to the district as long as needed and are to be returned to the state when they are no longer needed.
For Parents	Adopted instructional materials in a specialized format that are re- quested by a parent with a print disability shall be furnished without cost by the state. Requests for electronic files shall be filled by TEA after the parent signs and TEA receives a statement, through the district, promising that the parent will safeguard the security of the files and observe all current copyright laws, including those that forbid reproduction of the files and their transfer to other parties. All specialized instructional material formats and electronic files that have been provided must be returned to the local school district at the end of the school year.
	19 TAC 66.1311
Bilingual Instructional Materials	A district shall purchase with its allotment or otherwise acquire in- structional materials for use in bilingual education classes. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the allotment for bilin- gual education based on TSDS PEIMS bilingual enrollment data from the fall collection of the school year preceding the first year of
	each biennium. Education Code 31.029; 19 TAC 66.1307(c)
Certification of Instructional Materials	each biennium. Education Code 31.029; 19 TAC 66.1307(c) Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall submit to the SBOE and commissioner certification that for each subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, other than physical education, and each grade level, the district provides each student with instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for that sub- ject and grade level. The certification shall be submitted in a format approved by the commissioner and can be based on both state- adopted and non-state-adopted materials.
Instructional	Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall submit to the SBOE and commissioner certification that for each subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, other than physical education, and each grade level, the district provides each student with instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for that sub- ject and grade level. The certification shall be submitted in a format approved by the commissioner and can be based on both state-
Instructional	Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall submit to the SBOE and commissioner certification that for each subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, other than physical education, and each grade level, the district provides each student with instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for that sub- ject and grade level. The certification shall be submitted in a format approved by the commissioner and can be based on both state- adopted and non-state-adopted materials. To determine whether each student has instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills, a district

	2.	Materials adopted or purchased by the commissioner under Education Code 31.0231 or Education Code Chapter 31, Sub- chapter B-1;
	3.	Open education resource instructional materials submitted by eligible institutions and adopted by the SBOE;
	4.	Open education resource instructional materials made available by other public schools;
	5.	Instructional materials developed or purchased by the district; and
	6.	Open education resource instructional materials and other electronic instructional materials included in the repository under Education Code 31.083.
	The meet	certifications shall be ratified by the board in a public, noticed ting.
	Educ	cation Code 31.004; 19 TAC 66.105
Ownership	tiona wher year distri printe	ept as otherwise provided, a student must return all instruc- I materials to the teacher at the end of the school year or in the student withdraws from school. At the end of the school for which open education resource instructional material that a ct does not intend to use for another student is distributed, the ed copy of the open education resource instructional material the student to whom it is distributed.
		provision does not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- resource instructional material.
	Educ	cation Code 31.104(c), (g)–(h); 19 TAC 66.107(b)
Responsibility for Instructional Materials and Equipment	all in in an turn i nolog and t techr	a student or the student's parent or guardian is responsible for structional material and technological equipment not returned acceptable condition by the student. A student who fails to re- in an acceptable condition all instructional materials and tech- gical equipment forfeits the right to free instructional materials technological equipment until all instructional materials and nological equipment previously issued but not returned in an ptable condition are paid for by the student, parent, or guard-
	payn FP] 1	rovided by board policy, a district may waive or reduce the nent required if the student is from a low-income family. [See The district shall allow the student to use instructional materials technological equipment at school during each school day.

	If instructional materials or technological equipment is not returned in an acceptable condition or paid for, a district may withhold the student's records. A district may not prevent the student from grad- uating, participating in a graduation ceremony, or receiving a di- ploma. [See FL and GBA regarding student and parental right to access records; and FD, FFAB, and FL regarding a district's duties to provide records to another district]
	The board may not require an employee of the district who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equipment that is stolen, misplaced, or not returned by a student. [See DG]
	These provisions do not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- tion resource instructional material.
	<i>Education Code 31.104(d), (e), (h); 19 TAC 66.107(c)</i> [See also EF]
Acceptable Condition	Printed instructional materials are considered to be in acceptable condition if:
	 The cover, binding, pages, spine, and all integral components of the instructional materials are wholly intact and the instruc- tional materials are fully usable by students; and
	 No component of the instructional materials is soiled, torn, or damaged (whether intentionally or by lack of appropriate care) to the extent that any portion of the content is too disfigured or obscured to be fully accessible to other students.
	Electronic instructional materials are considered to be in accepta- ble condition if:
	 All components or applications that are a part of the electronic instructional materials are returned;
	The electronic materials perform as they did when they were new;
	3. The electronic instructional materials do not contain computer code (e.g., bug, virus, worm, or similar malicious software) that has been designed to self-replicate, damage, change, or otherwise hinder the performance of any computer's memory, file system, or software; and
	4. The electronic instructional materials have not been installed with plug-ins, snap-ins, or add-ins without the prior approval of the district.

		Technological equipment is considered to be in acceptable condi- tion if:		
	1.	The equipment is returned with the software and hardware in their original condition unless the district authorized changes; and		
	2.	The physical condition of the equipment is fully usable as it was originally intended to be used.		
	19	TAC 66.1310		
Lost or Damaged Instructional Materials	hav stru	strict may order replacements for instructional materials that e been lost or damaged directly from the publisher of the in- ctional materials or any source for a printed copy of open edu- on resource instructional material. <i>Education Code 31.104</i>		
Sale or Disposal	ued	board shall determine how the district will dispose of discontin- printed instructional materials, electronic instructional materi- and technological equipment.		
Sale	inst by t tror	e board may sell printed instructional materials on the date the ructional material is discontinued for use in the public schools he SBOE or the commissioner. The board may also sell elec- nic instructional materials and technological equipment owned he district.		
Use of Proceeds	cha	funds received by a district from a sale must be used to pur- se instructional materials and technological equipment allowed er Education Code 31.0211.		
Disposal	date sch mat son trict	e board may dispose of printed instructional material before the e the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public ools by the SBOE if the board determines that the instructional rerial is not needed by the district and the board does not rea- ably expect that the instructional material will be needed. A dis- must notify the commissioner of any instructional material the rict disposes of under this provision.		
	Edι	ication Code 31.105		
Annual Inventory	ado deli	strict shall conduct an annual physical inventory of all currently pted instructional materials that have been requisitioned by and vered to the district. The results of the inventory shall be reced in the district's files. <i>19 TAC 66.107(a)</i>		
Local Handling Expenses	pen	ool districts shall not be reimbursed from state funds for ex- ses incurred in local handling of instructional materials. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>104(d)</i>		

CO(LEGAL)-P

FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

Texas Department of Agriculture Authority	The Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA) administers federal and state nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) under 42 U.S.C. Section 1751 et seq., and the School Breakfast Program (SBP) under 42 U.S.C. Section 1773. <i>Agriculture Code 12.0025</i>	
	Note:	Regulations applicable to federal nutrition programs are found at the following:
		7 C.F.R. 210: National School Lunch Program
		7 C.F.R. 215: Special Milk Program for Children
		7 C.F.R. 220: School Breakfast Program
		7 C.F.R. 225: Summer Food Service Program
		7 C.F.R. 245: Free and Reduced Price Eligibility
Program Compliance	the applie pliance th	Il require that school food authorities (SFAs) comply with cable provisions 7 C.F.R. Part 210. TDA shall ensure com- nrough audits, administrative reviews, technical assis- aining guidance materials or by other means. 7 C.F.R.)(3)
	[For the o	definition of "school food authority," see COA(LEGAL).]
Administrative Review	in the NS Summer	t conduct administrative reviews of all SFAs participating LP (including the Afterschool Snacks and the Seamless Option) and SBP at least once during a 3-year review cy- ded that each SFA is reviewed at least once every 4
	on-site e grams. T both critic 210.18(g includes	trative reviews" means the comprehensive off-site and/or valuation of all SFAs participating in the specified pro- he term administrative review is used to reflect a review of cal and general areas in accordance with 7 C.F.R.) and (h), as applicable for each reviewed program, and other areas of program operations determined by TDA to tant to program performance.
	7 C.F.R.	210.18
	Note:	For recordkeeping and retention information, see TDA's <u>School Nutrition Program (SNP) Records Retention List</u> . ¹
School Nutrition Professional Standards	plement	hat operates the NSLP or the SBP must establish and improfessional standards for school nutrition program direc- nagers, and staff. 7 C.F.R. 210.30(a)
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115		1 of 4

FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

Minimum Standards for Program Directors	Each SFA must ensure that all newly hired school nutrition program directors meet minimum hiring standards and ensure that all new and existing directors have completed the minimum annual training/education requirements for school nutrition program directors, as set forth in 7 C.F.R. 210.30. 7 C.F.R. 210.30(b)	
	Note	e: All school nutrition program directors hired on or after July 1, 2015, must meet the required minimum educa- tional requirements based on student enrollment. See Summary of School Nutrition Program Director Profes- sional Standards by Local Educational Agency Size chart, 7 C.F.R. 210.30(b)(2).
Exempt Fundraisers	erag Parts for u video may	bols that participate in the NSLP or SBP may sell food and bev- es that do not meet nutritional standards outlined in 7 C.F.R. s 210 and 220 as part of a fundraiser, during the school day, p to six days per school year on each school campus, pro- d that no specially exempted fundraiser foods or beverages be sold in competition with school meals in the food service during the meal service. <i>4 TAC 26.2</i>
Definitions		ool day" means the midnight before, to 30 minutes after the official school day.
	dictio	ool campus" means all areas of the property under the juris- on of the school that are accessible to students during the ol day.
	4 TA	C 26.1
Unpaid Meal Charges State Law	card shal	board of a district that allows students to use a prepaid meal or account to purchase meals served at schools in the district adopt a grace period policy regarding the use of the cards or unts. The policy:
	1.	Must allow a student whose meal card or account balance is exhausted or insufficient to continue, for a period determined by the board, to purchase meals by:
		a. Accumulating a negative balance on the student's card or account; or
		b. Otherwise receiving an extension of credit from the dis- trict;
	2.	Must require the district to notify the parent of or person standing in parental relation to the student that the student's meal card or account balance is exhausted;

FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

	3.	May not permit the district to charge a fee or interest in connection with meals purchased under item 1, above; and	n-
	4.	May permit the district to set a schedule for repayment on account balance as part of the notice to the parent or pers standing in parental relation to the student.	
	Edu	cation Code 33.908	
Federal Law	An S	SFA operating a NSLP and/or SBP must:	
	1.	Have a written and clearly communicated meal charge pole in order to ensure a consistent and transparent approach to the issue of how students who pay the full or reduced price cost of a reimbursable meal are impacted by having insuff cient funds on hand or in their account to purchase a meal	to e ïi-
	2.	Include policies regarding the collection of delinquent mean charge debt in the written meal charge policy.	al
	3.	Ensure that the policy is provided in writing to all househol at the start of each school year and to households that tra- fer to the school during the school year.	
	4.	Provide the meal charge policy to all school or SFA-level s responsible for policy enforcement, including school food s vice professionals responsible for collecting payment for meals at the point of service, staff involved in notifying fam lies of low or negative balances, and staff involved in enfor- ing any other aspects of the meal charge policy.	ser- ni-
		erpts from USDA Memo SP 46-2016, <u>Unpaid Meal Charges</u> al Meal Charge Policies ² (July 8, 2016)	<u>s:</u>
Lauren's Law	tion ent	strict may not adopt any rule, policy, or program under Educ Code 28.002(a), (k), (l), (l-1), or (l-2) that would prohibit a p or grandparent of a student from providing any food product parent's or grandparent's choice to:	oar-
	1.	Children in the classroom of the child on the occasion of the child's birthday; or	ne
	2.	Children at a school-designated function.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(I-3)(2)	
Donation of Food	zatio ateo stuc ceiv	strict may allow a campus to donate food to a nonprofit orgation through an official of the nonprofit organization who is aff I with the campus, including a teacher, counselor, or parent lent enrolled at the campus. The donated food may be re- ed, stored, and distributed on the campus. Food donated by campus may include:	fili- of a
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 CO(LEGAL)-P)	3	of 4

FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

- 1. Surplus food prepared for breakfast, lunch, or dinner meals or a snack to be served at the campus cafeteria, subject to any applicable local, state, and federal requirements; or
- 2. Food donated to the campus as the result of a food drive or similar event.

The type of food donated may include packaged and unpackaged unserved food, packaged served food if the packaging is in good condition, whole uncut produce, wrapped raw produce, and unpeeled fruit required to be peeled before consumption.

Food donated to a nonprofit may be distributed at the campus at any time. Campus employees may assist in preparing and distributing as volunteers of the nonprofit organization.

A district may adopt a policy under which the district provides food at no cost to a student for breakfast, lunch, or dinner meals or a snack if the student is unable to purchase such meals or snack.

Education Code 33.907

¹ TDA's School Nutrition Program (SNP) Records Retention List: <u>http://www.squaremeals.org/Portals/8/FND%20Forms/Pro-</u> <u>gram%20Forms/SNP_RecordsList_List_V001_200423.pdf</u> ² USDA Memo *Unpaid Meal Charges: Local Meal Charge Policies:* <u>https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/cn/SP46-2016os.pdf</u>

Bellville ISD 008901				
TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CQ (LEGAL)				
Next Generation Technology	nex	A district, in the administration of the district, shall consider using next generation technologies, including cryptocurrency, blockchain technology, and artificial intelligence. <i>Gov't Code 2054.601</i>		
Children's Internet Protection Act		rmful to minors" means any picture, image, graphic image file, ther visual depiction that:		
Definitions Harmful to Minors	1.	Taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion;		
	2.	Depicts, describes, or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simu- lated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and		
	3.	Taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.		
	47	U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(G); 20 U.S.C. 7131(e)(6)		
Technology Protection Measure	bloo cati	chnology protection measure" means a specific technology that cks or filters internet access to the material covered by a certifi- on described at Certifications to the FCC, below, to which such ification relates. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(7)(I)$		
Universal Service Discounts (E-Rate)	An elementary or secondary school having computers with internet access may not receive universal service discount rates unless the district submits to the FCC the certifications described below at Certifications to the FCC and a certification that an internet safety policy has been adopted and implemented as described at Internet Safety Policy, below, and ensures the use of computers with internet access in accordance with the certifications. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(A); 47 C.F.R. 54.520</i>			
Certifications to the FCC	con med with ceiv the ceiv	strict that receives discounts for internet access and internal nections services under the federal universal service support chanism for schools must make certifications in accordance 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c) each funding year. A district that only re- ves discounts for telecommunications services is not subject to certification requirements, but must indicate that it only re- ves discounts for telecommunications services. 47 C.F.R. 520(b)		
With Respect to Minors		ertification under 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B) is a certification that district is:		
	1.	Enforcing a policy of internet safety for minors that includes monitoring their online activities and the operation of a tech-		

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

		nology protection measure with respect to any of its comput- ers with internet access that protects against access through such computers to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors;
	2.	Enforcing the operation of such technology protection meas- ure during any use of such computers by minors; and
	3.	Educating minors, as part of its internet safety policy, about appropriate online behavior, including interacting with other in- dividuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms and cyberbullying awareness and response.
	47	U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)
With Respect to Adults		ertification under 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C) is a certification that district is:
	1.	Enforcing a policy of internet safety that includes the opera- tion of a technology protection measure with respect to any of its computers with internet access that protects against ac- cess through such computers to visual depictions that are ob- scene or child pornography; and
	2.	Enforcing the operation of such technology protection meas- ure during any use of such computers.
	47	U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)
Disabling for Adults	trict an a	administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by the distance may disable the technology protection measure during use by adult to enable access for bona fide research or other lawful pose. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(5)(D)$
Internet Safety Policy		istrict shall adopt and implement an internet safety policy that lresses:
	1.	Access by minors to inappropriate matter on the internet and the World Wide Web;
	2.	The safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communica-tions;
	3.	Unauthorized access, including "hacking," and other unlawful activities by minors online;
	4.	Unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal identification information regarding minors; and

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

	5. Measures designed to restrict minors' access to materials harmful to minors.
	47 U.S.C. 254(I); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)(ii)
Public Hearing	A district shall provide reasonable public notice and hold at least one public hearing or meeting to address the proposed internet safety policy. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(5)(A)(iii), (l)(1)(B)$
Inappropriate for Minors	A determination regarding what matter is inappropriate for minors shall be made by the board or designee. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(I)(2)</i>
Noncompliance	A district that knowingly fails to submit required certifications shall not be eligible for discount services under the federal universal ser- vice support mechanism for schools until such certifications are submitted.
	A district that knowingly fails to ensure the use of computers in ac- cordance with the required certifications must reimburse any funds and discounts received under the federal universal service support mechanism for schools for the period in which there was noncom- pliance.
	47 C.F.R. 54.520(d), (e); 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(F)
ESEA Funding	No federal funds made available under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA for an elementary or secondary school that does not receive universal service discount rates may be used to purchase computers used to access the internet, or to pay for direct costs associated with accessing the internet unless a district:
	1. Has in place a policy of internet safety for minors that includes the operation of a technology protection measure that pro- tects against access to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors; and enforces the op- eration of the technology protection measure during any use by minors of its computers with internet access; and
	2. Has in place a policy of internet safety that includes the oper- ation of a technology protection measure that protects against access to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornog- raphy; and enforces the operation of the technology protec- tion measure during any use of its computers with internet ac- cess.
	An administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by the dis- trict may disable the technology protection measure to enable ac- cess for bona fide research or other lawful purposes.

Bellville ISD 008901	
TECHNOLOGY RESOUR	RCES CQ (LEGAL)
Certification to DOE	A district shall certify its compliance with these requirements during each annual program application cycle under the ESEA.
	20 U.S.C. 7131
Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (UETA)	The UETA (Business and Commerce Code Chapter 322) applies to electronic records and electronic signatures relating to a transaction. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.003(a)</i>
	The UETA applies only to transactions between parties each of which has agreed to conduct transactions by electronic means. The UETA does not require a record or signature to be created, generated, sent, communicated, received, stored, or otherwise processed or used by electronic means or in electronic form. A party that agrees to conduct a transaction by electronic means may refuse to conduct other transactions by electronic means. This right may not be waived by agreement. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.005(a)–(c)</i>
	Except as otherwise provided in Business and Commerce Code 322.012(f), the UETA does not require a district to use or permit the use of electronic records or electronic signatures. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.017(c)</i>
Records Retention	If a law requires that a record be retained, the requirement is satis- fied by retaining an electronic record of the information in the rec- ord which:
	 Accurately reflects the information set forth in the record after it was first generated in its final form as an electronic record or otherwise; and
	2. Remains accessible for later reference.
	A record retained as an electronic record in accordance with the provisions above satisfies a law requiring a person to retain a record for evidentiary, audit, or like purposes, unless a law enacted after January 1, 2002, specifically prohibits the use of an electronic record for the specified purpose.
	Business and Commerce Code 322.012(a), (f)
	[For more information on records management, see CPC.]
Definitions	"Electronic record" means a record created, generated, sent, com- municated, received, or stored by electronic means.
	"Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or pro- cess attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

	"Transaction" means an action or set of actions occurring between two or more persons relating to the conduct of business, commer- cial, or governmental affairs.
	Business and Commerce Code 322.002(7), (8), (15)
Digital Signature	A digital signature may be used to authenticate a written electronic communication sent to a district if it complies with rules adopted by the board. Before adopting the rules, the board shall consider the rules adopted by the Department of Information Resources (DIR) and, to the extent possible and practicable, make the board's rules consistent with DIR rules. <i>Gov't Code 2054.060(b); 1 TAC 203</i>
	"Digital signature" means an electronic identifier intended by the person using it to have the same force and effect as the use of a manual signature. <i>Gov't Code 2054.060(e)(1)</i>
Interception of Communications	For information on the unlawful interception, use, or disclosure of communications, see the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (18 USC 2510–2523 [federal wiretap act] and 2701–2713 [Stored Communications Act]) and Penal Code 16.02 (state wiretap law) and 16.04 (Unlawful Access to Stored Communications).

Information Required on Website	A district that at any time on or after January 1, 2019, maintained a publicly accessible internet website shall post on a publicly accessible website the following information:			
Trustee Information	1.	The district's contact information, including a mailing address, telephone number, and email address;		
	2.	Each member of the board;		
	3.	The date and location of the next election for board members [see BB series];		
	4.	The requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, which shall be continuously posted for at least one year before the election day for the office [see BB series];		
	5.	Each notice of a meeting of the board under the Open Meet- ings Act (Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C) [see BE]; and		
	6.	Each record of a meeting of the board under Government Code 551.021 [see BE].		
	Items 5 and 6 above do not apply to a district with a population of less than 5,000 in the district's boundaries and located in a county with a population of less than 25,000.			
	Gov	't Code 2051.151–.152		
	Each district that maintains an internet website shall post on the website the name, email address, and term of office, including the date the term began and the date the term expires, of each member of the district's board of trustees. If a district does not maintain an internet website, the district shall submit the information required above to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). On receipt of the district's information, TEA shall post the information on TEA's internet website.			
	Each time there is a change in the membership of a district's board, the district shall update the information required above and, as applicable post the updated information on the district's internet website or submit the updated information to TEA for posting on TEA's internet website.			

Education Code 11.1518

	Note	E: The following is an index of website posting require- ments that are addressed in the legal reference material of the policy manual. The list is not all-inclusive. The list does not address postings that are required in response to a specific incident or postings required under special circumstances.		
Other Required Internet Postings	The following posting requirements apply to a district that main- tains an internet website:			
	1.	A board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innova- tion plan unless the final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district website for at least 30 days, un- der Education Code 12A.005(a)(1) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(a)(1). [See AF]		
	2.	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of its current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's website, under Education Code 12A.0071(a) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1305(e), .1307(f). [See AF]		
	3.	Not later than 30 days after an accreditation status of accred- ited-warned, accredited-probation, or not accredited-revoked is assigned, a district must post notice on the home page of its website with a link to the required notification under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1055(f), and maintain this until the dis- trict is assigned the accredited status. [See AIA]		
	4.	A board shall disseminate its Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) by posting it on the district website under 19 Administrative Code 61.1022(f). [See AIB]		
	5.	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district shall make available each campus report card, the district's performance report, the district's ac- creditation status and performance rating, and a definition and explanation of each accreditation status, under Education Code 39.362. [See AIB]		
	6.	A district shall post its annual federal report card under 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2). [See AIB]		
	7.	A campus intervention team must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a targeted improve-		

ment plan fifteen days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(d)(3)(A)(ii) and Education Code 39A.056. [See AIC]

- 8. A district shall post a targeted improvement plan for a campus assigned an unacceptable performance rating on its website before the board hearing on the plan under Education Code 39A.057(b). [See AIC]
- 9. A district shall notify stakeholders of their ability to review the completed campus turnaround plan and post the completed plan on the district website at least 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board of trustees, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1064(e). [See AIC]
- 10. A district shall post an election notice required under Election Code 85.007. [See BBBA]
- Each day early voting is conducted, the district shall post the branch daily register under Election Code 85.072. [See BBBA]
- 12. A district shall post early voting rosters under Election Code 87.121. [See BBBA]
- A district shall post the minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in meeting the trustee's training requirement, under Education Code 11.159(b) and 19 Administrative Code 61.1(j). [See BBD]
- 14. A district that is located wholly or partly in a municipality with a population of more than 500,000 and with a student enrollment of more than 15,000 shall post a report filed pursuant to Election Code Chapter 254 by a board member, a candidate for membership on the board, or a specific-purpose committee for supporting, opposing, or assisting a candidate or member of a board under Election Code 254.04011. [See BBBC]
- 15. A district shall provide access to the conflicts disclosure statements and questionnaires under Local Government Code 176.009. [See BBFA, CHE]
- 16. A district shall post the statements regarding activities to support and promote student health under Education Code 28.004. [See BDF]
- 17. A board must post notice of a board meeting and, if the district contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more, the

board must also post the agenda for a board meeting under Government Code 551.056. [See BE]

- 18. A district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or more shall post the archived recording, or a link thereto, of its meetings under Government Code 551.128(b-1). [See BE]
- 19. A district conducting a bond election shall post the election order, the election notice, the contents of the proposition, and any sample ballot under Election Code 4.003(f). [See CCA]
- 20. A district conducting a bond election shall post the voter information document beginning not later than the 21st day before election day and ending on the day after the election, under Government Code 1251.052(d). [See CCA]
- A district issuing capital appreciation bonds shall post the information required by Government Code 1201.0245. [See CCA]
- 22. Not later than 30 days before the date of an election to approve a tax rate, a district must post the results of an efficiency audit under Education Code 11.184. [See CCG]
- 23. A district shall include on the home page of its website the prescribed statement if the district increases the amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures under Tax Code 26.05(b). [See CCG]
- 24. A district shall post a summary of its proposed budget concurrently with publication of the proposed budget under Education Code 44.0041. [See CE]
- 25. In the format prescribed by the comptroller, a district shall post or cause to be posted tax rate and budget information under Tax Code 26.18. [See CE]
- 26. A district shall maintain its adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted, under Education Code 44.0051. [See CE]
- 27. A district shall continuously post its contact information and Annual Local Debt Report under Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.1–.6 on its website until the district posts the next annual report, or, as an alternative, the district may continually maintain a link to the comptroller's website where the district's financial information may be viewed. [See CFA]

- 28. A district that does not participate in the uniform group health insurance program (TRS ActiveCare) shall post its comparability report, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, under Education Code 22.004(d). [See CRD]
- 29. A district that is a service provider seeking to limit liability under the Digital Millennium Copyright Act must post information regarding its designated agent under 17 U.S.C. 512(c)(2). [See CY]
- A district shall post the board's employment policies under Education Code 21.204(d). [See DCB]
- 31. The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early childhood literacy and mathematics plans that set specific annual goals under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
- 32. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the early childhood literacy and mathematics plans under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
- 33. The board shall post on the district's website and on the website, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress toward the goals set under the college, career, and military readiness plans under Education Code 11.186. [See EA]
- 34. A district shall post the transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their parents in order to provide information on statewide services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system, under Education Code 29.0112. [See EHBAD]
- 35. A district shall make available on the district or campus website by November 1 of each school year a family engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintaining high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes toward education, under 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(e). [See EHBG]
- 36. Annually, a district shall post any agreement between the district and a public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit program, under Education Code 28.009(b-2). [See EHDD]
- 37. A district shall publish information from TEA under Education Code 28.02121 explaining the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement and each endorsement. [See EIF]

- 38. A district shall post the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered, under Education Code 29.916. [See EK]
- A district that receives funds under Title 1, Part A shall post on its website and the website of each campus for each grade served, information on each assessment required by the state to comply with 20 U.S.C. 6311, other assessments required by the state, and assessments required district-wide, under 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(2)(B). [See EKB]
- 40. A district shall post information regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are homeless, under Education Code 33.906. [See FDC]
- 41. A district shall prominently post information about required and recommended immunizations and procedures for claiming an exemption from immunization requirements under Education Code 38.019. [See FFAB]
- 42. Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students With Food Allergies At-</u> <u>Risk for Anaphylaxis¹ on the district's website with instructions</u> for obtaining access to the complete guidelines document, under Education Code 38.0151. [See FFAF]
- 43. A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and policy on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b). [See FFH]
- 44. A district must make all materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process publicly available on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D). [See FFH]
- 45. To the extent practicable, a district must post the procedure for reporting bullying established by the district's bullying policy, under Education Code 37.0832(e). [See FFI]
- 46. A district shall post on its website, for each district campus, the email address and dedicated phone number of the campus behavior coordinator under Education Code 26.015. [See FO]
- 47. If the board designates a method for making a written request for public information, other than mail, email, or hand-delivery, the board must include a statement that a request may be made by that method on its website under Government Code

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

		552.234(b) unless the statement is on the sign required Government Code 552.205. [See GBAA]	by
	48.	A board that allows requestors to use the public informat request form created by the attorney general must post t form on the district website under Government Code 552 [See GBAA]	he
	49.	A district shall post on its website and each campus shall on any campus website a notice regarding the district's a to refuse entry or eject certain persons under Education 37.105 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1207(g), includin appeal process. [See GKA]	ability Code
Optional Internet Postings	A di tion	strict that maintains an internet website has the following os:	op-
	1.	A board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet under Government Code 551.128. [See BE]	et,
	2.	A district may publish the superintendent's employment of tract on the district's website instead of publishing it in the nual financial management report under 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(q)(3)(B)(i). [See CFA]	e an-
	3.	Notice of a vacant position for which a certificate or licen required may be provided by posting the position on the trict's internet website, rather than on a bulletin board, un Education Code 11.1513. [See DC]	dis-
	4.	A district may place on its internet website a current copy the procedural safeguards notice regarding special educ and related services, under 34 C.F.R. 300.504(b). [See EHBAE]	
	5.	A district may provide the annual notice to the parent of e student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of grams under which a student may earn college credit, un Education Code 28.010. [See EHDD]	pro-
	6.	A board may post a mailing address and email address of nated for receiving written requests for public information its website under Government Code 552.234(d). [See G	n on
Geospatial Data Products	tern abo	ospatial data product" means a document, computer file, o et website that contains geospatial data; a map; or inform ut a service involving geospatial data or a map. <i>Gov't Coo</i> <i>1.101(1)</i>	ation
Notice	A di that	strict shall include a notice on each geospatial data produ :	ct
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 CQA(LEGAL)-P	I		7 of 8

TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

	1.	Is created or hosted by the district;
	2.	Appears to represent property boundaries; and
	3.	Was not produced using information from an on-the-ground survey conducted by or under the supervision of a registered professional land surveyor or land surveyor authorized to per- form surveys under laws in effect when the survey was con- ducted.
	uct for doe	e notice must be in substantially the following form: "This prod- is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It is not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only approximate relative location of property boundaries."
	ity data data app site ces	e notice may include language further defining the limits of liabil- of a geospatial data product producer; apply to a geospatial a product that contains more than one map; or for a notice that olies to a geospatial data product that is or is on an internet web- be included on a separate page that requires the person ac- sing the website to agree to the terms of the notice before ac- sing the geospatial data product.
	Go	v't Code 2051.102
Exemption		istrict is not required to include the notice on a geospatial data duct that:
	1.	Does not contain a legal description, a property boundary monument, or the distance and direction of a property line;
	2.	Is prepared only for use as evidence in a legal proceeding;
	3.	Is filed with the clerk of any court; or
	4.	Is filed with the county clerk.
	Go	v't Code 2051.103

¹ TDSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk for Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Prevention_and_Preparedness/schoolhealth/SHAC/Guidelines-Food%20Allergy-Final.pdf</u>

Cybersecurity Policy	Each district shall adopt a cybersecurity policy to:			
	1.	Secure district cyberinfrastructure against cyber attacks and other cybersecurity incidents; and		
	2.	Determine cybersecurity risk and implement mitigation plan- ning.		
	sec the	strict's cybersecurity policy may not conflict with the information urity standards for institutions of higher education adopted by Department of Information Resources (DIR) under Government le Chapters 2054 and 2059.		
Cybersecurity Coordinator	ser\	The superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator to serve as a liaison between the district and the Texas Education Agency (TEA) in cybersecurity matters.		
Report to TEA	cyb cyb	The district's cybersecurity coordinator shall report to TEA any cyber attack or other cybersecurity incident against the district cyberinfrastructure that constitutes a breach of system security as soon as practicable after the discovery of the attack or incident.		
Report to Parent	pare rolle	district's cybersecurity coordinator shall provide notice to a ent of or person standing in parental relation to a student en- ed in the district of an attack or incident for which a report is re- ed to TEA involving the student's information.		
Definitions		purposes of the district's cybersecurity policy, the following defons apply:		
Breach of System Security	forn by s	each of system security" means an incident in which student in- nation that is sensitive, protected, or confidential, as provided state or federal law, is stolen or copied, transmitted, viewed, or d by a person unauthorized to engage in that action.		
Cyber Attack		ber attack" means an attempt to damage, disrupt, or gain unau- ized access to a computer, computer network, or computer tem.		
Cybersecurity	com	bersecurity" means the measures taken to protect a computer, nputer network, or computer system against unauthorized use ccess.		
	Edu	cation Code 11.175		
Cybersecurity Training	whc quir curi	east once each year, a district shall identify district employees have access to a district computer system or database and re- e those employees and board members to complete a cyberse- ty training program certified under Government Code 2054.519 te-certified cybersecurity training programs) or offered by the		

	district as described at District Training Program, below. <i>Gov't Code 2054.5191(a-1)</i>		
	curit	board may select the most appropriate state-certified cyberse- y training program or district training program for employees of district to complete. The board shall:	
	1.	Verify and report on the completion of a cybersecurity training program by district employees to the DIR; and	
	2.	Require periodic audits to ensure compliance with these pro- visions.	
	Gov	't Code 2054.5191(b)	
District Training Program	curit prog	strict that employs a dedicated information resources cyberse- y officer may offer to its employees a cybersecurity training ram that satisfies the requirements described by Government e 2054.519(b). <i>Gov't Code 2054.519(f)</i>	
Security Breach Notification To Individuals	A district that owns, licenses, or maintains computerized data that includes sensitive personal information shall disclose any breach of system security, after discovering or receiving notification of the breach, to any individual whose sensitive personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unau- thorized person. The disclosure shall be made without unreasona- ble delay and in each case not later than the 60th day after the date on which the district determines that the breach occurred, ex- cept as provided at Criminal Investigation Exception, below, or as necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system.		
State	sona is a com the r	e individual whose sensitive personal information was or is rea- ably believed to have been acquired by an unauthorized person resident of a state that requires a person that owns or licenses puterized data to provide notice of a breach of system security, notice of the breach of system security required under Notice, w, may be provided under that state's law or under Notice, be-	
To the Owner or License Holder	pers own secu pers	strict that maintains computerized data that includes sensitive onal information not owned by the district shall notify the er or license holder of the information of any breach of system urity immediately after discovering the breach, if the sensitive onal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, urited by an unauthorized person.	
Notice		strict may give the required notice to individuals or the owner or use holder by providing:	

	1.	Writ	ten notice at the last known address of the individual;			
	2.	 Electronic notice, if the notice is provided in accordant 15 U.S.C. Section 7001 (electronic records and signator) or 				
	3.	If the district demonstrates that the cost of providing notion would exceed \$250,000, the number of affected persons ceeds 500,000, or the district does not have sufficient co information, by:				
		a.	Electronic mail, if the district has electronic mail ad- dresses for the affected persons;			
		b.	Conspicuous posting of the notice on the district's web- site; or			
		C.	Notice published in or broadcast on major statewide me- dia.			
Information Security Policy	an ii sona tice	nform al info desci	that maintains its own notification procedures as part of nation security policy for the treatment of sensitive per- permation that complies with the timing requirements for no- ribed above complies with the notice requirements if the otifies affected persons in accordance with that policy.			
To the Attorney General	brea atto date the	A district that is required to disclose or provide notification of a breach of system security under these provisions shall notify the attorney general of that breach not later than the 60th day after the date on which the district determines that the breach occurred if the breach involves at least 250 residents of this state. The notification must include:				
	1.	brea	etailed description of the nature and circumstances of the ach or the use of sensitive personal information acquired a result of the breach;			
	2.		number of residents of this state affected by the breach ne time of notification;			
	3.	The	measures taken by the district regarding the breach;			
	4.		measures the district intends to take regarding the ach after the notification described at Notice, above; and			
	5.		rmation regarding whether law enforcement is engaged in stigating the breach.			
To a Consumer Reporting Agency	son	s of a	ct is required to notify at one time more than 10,000 per- breach of system security, the district shall also notify sumer reporting agency, as defined by 15 U.S.C. 1681a,			

	ing,	distrik	tains files on consumers on a nationwide basis, of the tim- pution, and content of the notices. The district shall pro- otice without unreasonable delay.		
Criminal Investigation Exception	A district may delay providing the required notice to individ the owner or license holder at the request of a law enforce agency that determines that the notification will impede a investigation. The notification shall be made as soon as the forcement agency determines that the notification will not mise the investigation.				
	Busi 205.		and Commerce Code 521.053; Local Gov't Code		
Definitions		ourpo appl	ses of security breach notifications, the following defini- y:		
Breach of System Security	com integ inclu has sens son rity u form	puteri ding the ke itive for the nless ation	f system security" means unauthorized acquisition of ized data that compromises the security, confidentiality, or f sensitive personal information maintained by a person, data that is encrypted if the person accessing the data ey required to decrypt the data. Good faith acquisition of personal information by an employee or agent of the per- e purposes of the person is not a breach of system secu- s the person uses or discloses the sensitive personal in- in an unauthorized manner. <i>Business and Commerce</i> .053(a)		
Sensitive	"Ser	sitive	personal information" means:		
Personal Information	1.	binat	ndividual's first name or first initial and last name in com- tion with any one or more of the following items, if the e and the items are not encrypted:		
		a.	Social security number;		
		b.	Driver's license number or government-issued identifica- tion number; or		
		C.	Account number or credit or debit card number in combi- nation with any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's fi- nancial account; or		
	2.	Infor	mation that identifies an individual and relates to:		
		a.	The physical or mental health or condition of the individ- ual;		
		b.	The provision of health care to the individual; or		

	C.	Payment for the provision of health-care to the individ- ual.				
	informati	e personal information" does not include publicly available on that is lawfully made available to the public from the overnment or a state or local government.				
	Business	and Commerce Code 521.002(a)(2), (b)				
Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act	protectio other not indicator rity Inforr	may, for a cybersecurity purpose and consistent with the n of classified information, share with, or receive from, any n-federal entity or the federal government a cyber threat or defensive measure in accordance with the Cybersecu- mation Sharing Act, 6 U.S.C. Subchapter I (sections 1501– <i>U.S.C. 1503(c)</i>				
Removal of Personal Information		A district sharing a cyber threat indicator pursuant to these provi- sions shall, prior to sharing:				
	mat dist of a	view such indicator to assess whether it contains any infor- tion not directly related to a cybersecurity threat that the rict knows at the time of sharing to be personal information a specific individual or information that identifies a specific vidual and remove such information; or				
	mo thre son	lement and utilize a technical capability configured to re- ve any information not directly related to a cybersecurity eat that the district knows at the time of sharing to be per- al information of a specific individual or information that ntifies a specific individual.				
	6 U.S.C.	1503(d)(2)				
Definitions		oses of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act, the fol- efinitions apply:				
Cybersecurity Purpose	mation s transiting	ecurity purpose" means the purpose of protecting an infor- ystem or information that is stored on, processed by, or an information system from a cybersecurity threat or se- nerability. 6 U.S.C. 1501(4)				
Cybersecurity Threat	Amendm formation versely in an inform by, or tra any action	ecurity threat" means an action, not protected by the First nent to the United States Constitution, on or through an in- n system that may result in an unauthorized effort to ad- mpact the security, availability, confidentiality, or integrity of nation system or information that is stored on, processed nsiting an information system. The term does not include on that solely involves a violation of a consumer term of or a consumer licensing agreement. 6 U.S.C. 1501(5)				

Cyber Threat Indicator	•	ber threat indicator" means information that is necessary to de- be or identify:	
	1.	Malicious reconnaissance, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(12), including anomalous patterns of communications that appear to be transmitted for the purpose of gathering technical infor- mation related to a cybersecurity threat or security vulnerabil- ity;	
	2.	A method of defeating a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;	
	3.	A security vulnerability, including anomalous activity that ap- pears to indicate the existence of a security vulnerability;	
	4.	A method of causing a user with legitimate access to an infor- mation system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system to unwittingly enable the defeat of a security control or exploitation of a security vulner- ability;	
	5.	Malicious cyber command and control, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(11);	
	6.	The actual or potential harm caused by an incident, including a description of the information exfiltrated as a result of a par- ticular cybersecurity threat;	
	7.	Any other attribute of a cybersecurity threat, if disclosure of such attribute is not otherwise prohibited by law; or	
	8.	Any combination thereof.	
	6 U	.S.C. 1501(6)	
Defensive Measure	ture or ii pec not una tem mat ure pro	"Defensive measure" means an action, device, procedure, signature, technique, or other measure applied to an information system or information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an information system that detects, prevents, or mitigates a known or suspected cybersecurity threat or security vulnerability. The term does not include a measure that destroys, renders unusable, provides unauthorized access to, or substantially harms an information system or information stored on, processed by, or transiting such information system not owned by the private entity operating the measure or another entity that is authorized to provide consent and has provided consent to that private entity for operation of such measure. $6 U.S.C. 1501(7)$	
Information System		ormation system" has the meaning given the term in 44 U.S.C. 2 and includes industrial control systems, such as supervisory	

	control and data acquisition systems, distributed control systems, and programmable logic controllers. 6 U.S.C. 1501(9)
Security Control	"Security control" means the management, operational, and tech- nical controls used to protect against an unauthorized effort to ad- versely affect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of an in- formation system or its information. <i>6 U.S.C. 1501(16)</i>
Security Vulnerability	"Security vulnerability" means any attribute of hardware, software, process, or procedure that could enable or facilitate the defeat of a security control. 6 U.S.C. 1501(17)

Options		A district shall extend workers' compensation benefits to its em- ployees by choosing one of the following options:			
	1.	Becoming a self-insurer.			
	2.	Providing insurance under workers' compensation insurance contracts or policies.			
	3.	Entering into interlocal agreements with other political subdivi- sions providing for self-insurance.			
	Labor Code 504.011				
Definition	the or fo on a	the purposes of this policy, "employee" means every person in service of a district who has been employed as provided by law or whom the district provides optional coverage. No person paid a basis other than by the hour, day, week, month, or year shall considered an "employee." <i>Labor Code 504.001, .014</i>			
Optional Coverages	By majority vote of the board, a district may cover as employees an elected official or persons paid for service in the conduct of an election. <i>Labor Code 504.012(b)</i>				
Notice	A district shall notify the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) of the method by which district employees shall receive benefits, the approximate number of employees covered, and the estimated amount of payroll. Notice of the provision for workers' compensa- tion benefits and the effective date of the coverage shall be given a district's employees. <i>Labor Code 504.018</i>				
Report to Carrier First Report of Injury	A district shall provide to the district's insurance carrier a report on each:				
	1.	Death;			
	2.	On-the-job injury that results in an employee's absence from work for more than one day; and			
	3.	Occupational disease of which the district has received notice of injury or has knowledge. "Knowledge" means receipt of written or verbal information regarding diagnosis or diagnosis through examination or testing by a doctor employed by the district.			
	The report shall contain the information and be in the form, format, and manner prescribed by the TDI, and be filed no later than the eighth day after the employee's absence from work for more than one day or upon first knowledge of absence for more than one day. A district shall maintain a record of the date the report of injury is filed with the insurance carrier.				

Copy to Employee	A copy of the report of injury, including a summary of the em- ployee's rights and responsibilities under the Texas Labor Code, shall be sent to the injured employee at the time the report is filed with the insurance carrier. The summary shall be written in plain language in English and Spanish, or in English and any other lan- guage common to the employee, and shall contain the words pre- scribed by the TDI.					
Notice of Modified Duty Program	A district shall, on the written request of the employee, a doctor, the insurance carrier, or the TDI, notify the employee, the employee's treating doctor if known to the district, and the insurance carrier of the existence or absence of opportunities for modified duty or a modified duty return-to-work program available through the district. If those opportunities or that program exists, a district shall identify the district's contact person and provide other information to assist the doctor, the employee, and the insurance carrier to assess modified duty or return-to-work options.					
Supplemental Report of Injury	A supplemental report shall be filed with a district's insurance car- rier and provided to the employee within ten days after:					
	1. The end of each pay period in which the employee has a change in earnings, including all post-injury earnings as defined in 28 Administrative Code Chapter 129 [see Offsetting Paid Leave Against Workers' Compensation Income Benefits, below], as a result of the injury; or					
	2. The employee resigns or is terminated.					
	A district's duty to file supplemental reports continues until the em- ployee reaches "maximum medical improvement" or is no longer employed by the district and the district has made the required re- port.					
	For injuries that require the filing of a first report of injury, a district shall file the supplemental report with the district's insurance carrier and provide a copy to the employee within three days after:					
	 The employee begins losing time from work as a result of the injury; 					
	2. The employee returns to work; or					
	3. The employee, after returning to work, experiences an addi- tional day of disability as a result of the injury.					
	A district shall maintain a record of the date the supplemental re- port is filed with the carrier and provided to the employee.					
	Labor Code 409.005; 28 TAC 120.2, .3					

Injury and Occupational Disease Report	A district's report of injury filed in accordance with Texas Labor Code 409.005 [see First Report of Injury, above] shall satisfy the district's requirement to file an injury and occupational disease re- port under Texas Labor Code 411.032. <i>28 TAC 160.3</i>		
Wage Reports	A district is required to timely file a complete wage statement on a form prescribed by the TDI.		
	The wage statement shall be filed with the carrier, the claimant, and any claimant representative. The wage statement should be filed and received within 30 days of the earliest of:		
	 The date a district is notified that the employee is entitled to income benefits; or 		
	2. The date of the employee's death as a result of a compensable injury.		
	A subsequent wage statement shall be filed with the carrier, the claimant, and any claimant representative within seven days of a change in any wage information provided on the previous wage statement. A wage statement shall also be filed with TDI within seven days of receiving a request from TDI.		
	28 TAC 120.4(a)		
Ombudsman Program	A district shall notify its employees, in the manner prescribed by the Office of Injured Employee Counsel, of the ombudsman pro- gram to assist injured workers and persons claiming death benefits in obtaining benefits under the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.		
	A district that employs first responders, as defined in Labor Code 504.055, or supervises volunteer first responders shall notify the first responders, in the manner prescribed by the Office of Injured Employee Counsel, of the first responder liaison who shall assist an injured first responder during a workers' compensation administrative dispute resolution process.		
	Labor Code 404.151, .1525, .153; 28 TAC 276.5		
Reports of Safety Violations	A district shall notify its employees, in the manner prescribed by the TDI, of the 24-hour-a-day toll-free telephone system for report- ing violations of an occupational health or safety law. A district shall not suspend, terminate, or otherwise discriminate against an em- ployee for making a good faith report of a violation of an occupa- tional health or safety law. <i>Labor Code 411.081, .082</i>		
Relation to Paid Leave	Once temporary income benefits (TIBs) accrue, an injured em- ployee is entitled to TIBs to compensate the employee for lost wages due to the compensable injury during a period in which the		

	employee has a disability and has not reached maximum medical improvement.				
	"Lost wages" are the difference between the employee's gross av- erage weekly wage (AWW) and the employee's gross post-injury earnings (PIE). If the employee's PIE equals or exceeds the em- ployee's AWW, the employee has no lost wages.				
	"Pos	st-injury earnings" include, among several other components:			
	1.	The value of any full days of accrued sick or annual leave that the employee voluntarily elects to use after the date of injury; and			
	2.	The value of any partial days of accrued or annual leave that the employee has voluntarily elected to use after the date of injury that, when combined with the employee's TIBs, ex- ceeds the AWW.			
	28 7	AC 129.2			
Offsetting Paid Leave Against Workers' Compensation Income Benefits	A board may provide that while an employee is receiving workers' compensation benefits, the employee may elect to receive previously accrued sick leave benefits in an amount equal to the difference in the workers' compensation benefits and the weekly compensation the employee was receiving before the injury that resulted in the claim, with a proportionate deduction in the employee's sick leave balance. <i>Labor Code 504.052</i> [See DEC(LO-CAL)]				
	504. offse	ess a board adopts the option provided by Labor Code 052, sick leave benefits and annual leave benefits shall not be et against benefits paid under the Workers' Compensation Law. <i>Gen. Op. JC-0040 (1999)</i>			
Prohibited Discrimination	-	erson may not discharge or in any other manner discriminate Inst an employee because the employee has:			
	1.	Filed a workers' compensation claim in good faith.			
	2.	Hired a lawyer to represent the employee in a claim.			
	3.	Instituted or caused to be instituted in good faith a proceeding under the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.			
	4.	Testified or is about to testify in a proceeding under the Texas Workers' Compensation Act.			
	Labor Code 451.001				
	•	erson who violates the above provision is liable for reasonable ages incurred by the employee as a result of the violation, and			
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	4 of 5			

	an employee discharged in violation of the above provision is enti- tled to reinstatement in the former position of employment. The burden of proof in a proceeding alleging violation of the above pro- vision is on the employee. <i>Labor Code 451.002</i>			
Claims by First Responder	A first responder, as defined in Government Code 421.095, who alleges a violation of Labor Code 451.001 [at Prohibited Discrimination, above] by a district that employs the first responder may sue the district for relief provided by Labor Code Chapter 451. Sovereign or governmental immunity from suit is waived and abolished to the extent of liability created by Chapter 451. To the extent a person has official or individual immunity from a claim for damages, these provisions do not affect that immunity. <i>Labor Code 451.0025</i>			
	Note:	A retaliatory discharge claim may not be brought against a school district without its consent. Except as stated above, current state law does not waive a school dis- trict's immunity and provide consent. <i>Labor Code</i> <i>504.053(e);</i> <u>Travis Cent. Appraisal Dist. v. Norman</u> , 342 S.W.3d 54 (Tex. 2011)		
Leaves of Absence	leave of a except wh	shall not terminate an employee who is on an unpaid absence and receiving workers' compensation benefits, nen the termination is for a legitimate reason independent employee's workers' compensation claim. <i>Atty. Gen. Op.</i> <i>1984)</i> [See DEC(LEGAL) for information on absence con-		

Bellville ISD 008901				
FACILITY STANDARDS	CS (LEGAL)			
Facilities Standards	qua	cy of s	cilities must meet the commissioner's standards for ade- school facilities to be eligible to be financed with state or unds. <i>Education Code 46.008</i>	
State Standards After January 1, 2004	The requirements for school facility standards set out in 19 Admin- istrative Code 61.1036 ("section 61.1036") apply to projects for new construction or major space renovations approved by a board or its authorized representative on or after January 1, 2004. <i>19 TAC 61.1036(b)</i>			
Definitions	"Major space renovation" means renovations to all or p cility's instructional space where the scope of the work fected part of the facility involves substantial renovation tent that most existing interior walls and fixtures are de and then subsequently rebuilt in a different configuration function. Other renovations associated with repair or re of architectural interior or exterior finishes, fixtures, equ electrical, plumbing, and mechanical systems are not s space or educational adequacy requirements of section and (e), but shall comply with applicable building codes tion 61.1036(f). <i>19 TAC 61.1036(a)(10)</i>			
	"Educational program" means a written document, developed an provided by a district, that includes the following information:			
	 A summary of the school district's education mission, and goals; and 		mmary of the school district's educational philosophy, ion, and goals; and	
pı (r		prog (rela	scription of the general nature of the district's instructional ram in accordance with the 19 Administrative Code 74.1 ting to Essential Knowledge and Skills). The written edu- onal program should describe:	
		a.	The learning activities to be housed, by instructional space;	
		b.	How the subject matter will be taught (methods of in- structional delivery);	
		C.	The materials and equipment to be used and stored;	
		d.	Utilities and infrastructure needs; and	
		e.	The characteristics of furniture needed to support in- struction.	
	19 7	AC 6	1.1036(a)(2)	
	pose	ed ne	nal specifications" means a written document for a pro- w school facility or major space renovation that includes a n of the proposed project, expressing the range of issues	

and alternatives. School districts that do not have personnel on staff with experience in developing educational specifications shall use the services of a design professional or consultant experienced in school planning and design to assist in the development of the educational specifications. The school district shall allow for input from teachers, other school campus staff, and district program staff in developing the educational specifications. The following information should be included in the educational specifications:

- 1. The instructional programs, grade configuration, and type of facility;
- 2. The spatial relationships—the desired relationships for the functions housed at the facility:
 - a. Should be developed by the school district to support the district's instructional program;
 - b. Should identify functions that should be:
 - (1) Adjacent to, immediately accessible;
 - (2) Nearby, easily accessible; and
 - (3) Removed from or away from; and
 - c. Should relate to classroom/instructional functions, instructional support functions, building circulation, site activities/functions, and site circulation.
- 3. Number of students;
- A list of any specialized classrooms or major support areas, noninstructional support areas, outdoor learning areas, outdoor science discovery centers, living science centers, or external activity spaces;
- 5. A schedule of the estimated number and approximate size of all instructional and instructional support spaces included in the facility;
- 6. Estimated budget for the facility project;
- 7. School administrative organization;
- 8. Provisions for outdoor instruction;
- 9. Hours of operation that include the instructional day, extracurricular activities, and any public access or use;
- 10. The safety of students and staff in instructional programs, such as science and vocational instruction; and

11.	The overall security of the facility.
-----	---------------------------------------

19 TAC 61.1036(a)(3)

Certification of Design and	The school district shall notify and obligate the architect or engi- neer to provide the required certification.
Construction	"Certify" indicates that the architect or engineer has reviewed the standards contained in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 61 and used the best professional judgment and reasonable care con- sistent with the practice of architecture or engineering in the state of Texas in executing the construction documents. The architect or engineer also certifies that these documents conform to the provi- sions of section 61.1036, except as indicated on the certification. The architect's or engineer's signature and seal on the construction documents shall certify compliance.
	To ensure that facilities have been designed and constructed ac- cording to the provisions of section 61.1036, each involved party shall execute responsibilities as set forth in section 61.1036(c)(3).
	19 TAC 61.1036(c)
Construction Quality Districts with Building Codes	A district located in an area that has adopted local construction codes shall comply with those codes (including building, fire, plumbing, mechanical, fuel gas, energy conservation, and electrical codes). If the local building authority does not require a plan review, then a qualified, independent third party, not employed by the design architect or engineer, shall review the plans and specifications for compliance with the requirements of the adopted building code. If the local building authority does not conduct reviews and inspections during the course of construction of the facility, then a qualified, independent third party, not employed by the design architect or engineer or contractor, should perform a reasonable number of reviews and inspections during the course of the adopted building code. <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1036(f)(1)(A), (D)
Districts without Building Codes	A district located in an area that has not adopted local building codes shall adopt and use the building code and related fire, plumbing, mechanical, fuel gas, and energy conservation codes from the latest edition of the family of International Codes as pub- lished by the International Code Council (ICC); and the National Electric Code as published by the National Fire Protection Associa- tion (NFPA). As an alternative, a district may adopt the building code and related codes as adopted by a nearby municipality or county. A qualified, independent third party, not employed by the design architect or engineer, shall review the plans and specifica- tions for compliance with the requirements of the adopted building

	code. A qualified, independent third party, not employed by the or sign architect or engineer or contractor, should perform a reasonable number of reviews and inspections during the course of construction for compliance with the requirements of the adopted building code. <i>19 TAC 61.1036(f)(2)(A), (D)</i>	na-				
International Energy Conservation Code	The International Energy Conservation Code as it existed on May 1, 2015, is adopted as the energy code for use in this state for all commercial construction. <i>Health and Safety Code 388.003(b); 34 TAC 19.53(b)</i>					
	Because a public school building is not a residential building, it is within the scope of "commercial" construction for purposes of the International Energy Conservation Code and likely for purposes Health and Safety Code Chapter 388. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. KP-148</i> (2017)	e				
Fire Protection	Fire alarms shall be provided. Districts should consider providin automatic sprinkler systems for fire protection, fire suppression, and life safety. 19 TAC $61.1036(f)(1)(B)-(C)$, $(f)(2)(B)-(C)$	•				
State Standards Before January 1, 2004	The requirements for school facility standards set out in 19 Admistrative Code 61.1033 apply to projects for new construction ar major space renovations approved by a board before January 1 2004. <i>19 TAC 61.1033(b)</i>	nd				
Fire Escapes	School buildings of at least two stories shall be equipped with firescapes as required by law. <i>Health and Safety Code 791.002, .035, .036</i>	re				
Security Criteria	A district that constructs a new instructional facility or conducts a major renovation of an existing instructional facility using Instruc- tional Facilities Allotment funds shall consider, in the design of the instructional facility, appropriate security criteria. <i>Education Cod</i> <i>46.0081</i>	c- he				
Accessibility	No qualified individual with a disability shall, because a district's cilities are inaccessible to or unusable by individuals with disabilities, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits the services, programs, and activities of a district or be subject to discrimination. <i>42 U.S.C. 12132; 28 C.F.R. 35.149; 29 U.S.C. 78 34 C.F.R. 104.21</i>	li- of to				
	A district shall operate each program, service, or activity so that when viewed in its entirety, it is readily accessible to and usable individuals with disabilities. A district is not required to make eac existing facility or every part of a facility accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities.	e by ch				
	A district may comply with these requirements by:					
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	4 c	of 11				

	1.	Redesigning or acquisitioning equipment.				
2		Reassigning classes or other services to accessible buildings.				
	3.	Assigning aides to qualified individuals with disabilities.				
	4.	Home visits.				
	5.	Delivery of services at alternate accessible sites.				
	6.	Alteration of existing facilities.				
	7.	Constructing new facilities that comply with 34 C.F.R. 104.23 and 28 C.F.R. 35.151.				
	8.	Any other methods that result in making services, programs, and activities accessible to individuals with disabilities.				
	A district is not required to make structural changes in existing fa- cilities when other methods will achieve compliance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act and its implementing regulation. In choosing among available alternatives for meeting these re- quirements, a district shall give priority to methods that offer ser- vices, programs, and activities to qualified individuals with disabili- ties in the most integrated setting appropriate.					
	28 0	C.F.R. 35.150; 34 C.F.R. 104.22				
Review of Plans	renc mate the prov an a build or a facil subr	plans and specifications for construction or for the substantial ovation or modification of a building or facility that has an esti- ed construction cost of \$50,000 or more shall be submitted to Department of Licensing and Regulation for review and ap- val. A district as owner of the building or facility may not allow application to be filed with a local governmental entity for a ding construction permit related to the plans and specifications llow construction, renovation, or modification of the building or ity to begin before the date the plans and specifications are mitted to the Department by the architect, interior designer, lscape architect, or engineer.				
	cons resp ance miss sary mod mus Con	A district, as owner of each building or facility that has an estimat construction, renovation, or modification cost of at least \$50,000, responsible for having the building or facility inspected for compli ance with the standards and specifications adopted by the Com- mission of Licensing and Regulation not later than the first annive sary of the date that construction or substantial renovation or modification of the building or facility is completed. The inspection must be performed by the Department, an entity with whom the Commission contracts, or a person who holds a certificate of regist tration to perform inspections.				
	_					

Gov't Code 469.101, .102(a), (c), .105

Notice	teres ing, vices	A district shall adopt and implement procedures to ensure that in erested persons, including persons with impaired vision or hear ng, can obtain information as to the existence and location of se vices, activities, and facilities that are accessible to and usable h persons with disabilities. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.22(f)</i>			
Relocatable Educational Facility	In this section, "relocatable educational facility" means a portable, modular building capable of being relocated, regardless of whether the facility is built at the installation site, that is used primarily as an educational facility for teaching the curriculum required under Edu- cation Code 28.002.				
	A relocatable educational facility that is purchased or leased on or after January 1, 2010, must comply with all provisions applicable to industrialized buildings under Occupations Code Chapter 1202.				
	Occupations Code 1202.004				
	Any portable, modular building capable of being relocated that is purchased or leased for use as a school facility by a district, whether that building is manufactured off-site or constructed onsite, must comply with all provisions of 19 Administrative Code 61.1036 . <i>19 TAC 61.1036(a)(11), (f)(3)</i>				
Playgrounds	Public funds may not be used to purchase or install:				
	1.	Play	ground equipment that:		
		a.	Does not comply with each applicable provision of ASTM Standard F1487-07ae1, "Consumer Safety Performance Specification for Playground Equipment for Public Use," published by ASTM International; or		
		b.	Has a horizontal bare metal platform or a bare metal step or slide, unless the bare metal is shielded from di- rect sun by a covering provided with the equipment or by a shaded area in the location where the equipment is in- stalled;		
	2.	men visio AST	acing for the area under and around playground equip- t if the surfacing will not comply with each applicable pro- on of ASTM Standard F2223-04e1, "Standard Guide for M Standards on Playground Surfacing," published by M International.		
Exception	Public funds may be used to maintain playground equipment or surfacing that was purchased before September 1, 2009, even if the equipment or surfacing does not comply with the applicable specifications described above.				
	Hea	lth an	nd Safety Code 756.061		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			6 of 11		

Bellville ISD 008901					
FACILITY STANDARDS		CS (LEGAL)			
Outdoor Lighting	An outdoor lighting fixture may be installed, replaced, maintained, or operated using state funds only if it meets standards for state- funded outdoor lighting fixtures in Health and Safety Code Chapter 425.				
Exceptions	The standards for state-funded outdoor lighting fixtures do not apply if:				
	1.	A federal law, rule, or regulation preempts state law;			
	2.	The fixture is used on a temporary basis:			
	3.	Because emergency personnel temporarily require additional illumination for emergency procedures;			
	4.	For nighttime work;			
	5.	Special events or circumstances require additional illumina- tion;			
	6.	The fixture is used solely to enhance the aesthetic beauty of an object; or			
	7.	A compelling safety interest cannot be addressed by another method.			
	inclu struc mus	cial events or situations that may require additional illumination ide sporting events and illumination of monuments, historic ctures, or flags. Illumination for special events or situations t be installed to shield the outdoor lighting fixtures from direct and to minimize upward lighting and light pollution.			
	Health and Safety Code 425.002				
Natural Gas Piping Pressure Testing	A district shall perform biennial pressure tests on the natural gas piping system in a school facility before the beginning of the school year. A district with more than one facility may perform the testing on a two-year cycle under which the district pressure tests the nat- ural gas piping system in approximately one-half of the facilities each year. If a district operates the facilities on a year-round calen- dar, the pressure test in each of those facilities must be conducted and reported not later than July 1 of the year in which the pressure test is performed.				
	A natural gas piping pressure test performed under a municipal code in compliance with Railroad Commission rules shall satisfy the pressure testing requirements.				
	Utilities Code 121.502; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(1), (4)				
Requirements of Test		strict shall perform the pressure test to determine whether the ral gas piping downstream of a district facility's meter holds at			
		7 of 11			

	least normal operating pressure over a specified period determined by the Railroad Commission. During the pressure test, each sys- tem supply inlet and outlet in the facility must be closed. The pres- sure test shall be performed by a person authorized under Railroad Commission rules. At a district's request, the Railroad Commission shall assist the district in developing a procedure for conducting the test. <i>Utilities Code 121.503; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(2), (3)</i>			
Notice	A district shall provide written notice to the district's natural gas supplier specifying the date and result of each pressure test or other inspection. The supplier shall develop procedures for receiv- ing such written notice from the district. <i>Utilities Code 121.504(a);</i> <i>16 TAC 8.230(b)(1)</i>			
Termination of	A supplier shall terminate service to a district facility if:			
Service	 The supplier receives official notification from the firm or indi- vidual conducting the test of a hazardous natural gas leakage in the facility piping system; or 			
	2. A test or other inspection is not performed as required.			
	Utilities Code 121.505(a)			
	A supplier shall develop procedures for terminating service to a district if the supplier:			
	 Receives notification of a hazardous natural gas leak in the school facility piping system; or 			
	2. Does not receive written notification from the district specify- ing the completion date and results of the testing.			
	16 TAC 8.230(b)(2)			
Reporting Leaks	An identified natural gas leakage in a district facility must be reported to the board. The firm or individual conducting the natural gas piping pressure test shall immediately report any hazardous natural gas leak in a district facility to the board and the natural gas supplier. <i>Utilities Code 121.506; 16 TAC 8.230(c)(6)</i>			
LP-Gas Systems Testing	At least biennially, a district shall perform leakage tests on the LP- gas piping system in each district facility before the beginning of the school year. The district may perform the leakage tests on a two-year cycle under which the tests are performed for the LP-gas piping systems of approximately half of the facilities each year. If a district operates one or more district facilities on a year-round cal- endar, the leakage test in each of those facilities must be con- ducted and reported not later than July 1 of the year in which the test is performed.			

Bellville ISD 008901					
FACILITY STANDARDS	CS (LEGAL)				
	A test performed under a municipal code satisfies the testing re- quirements.				
	Natural Resources Code 113.352; 16 TAC 9.41				
Requirements of Test	A district shall perform the leakage test to determine whether the LP-gas piping system holds at least the amount of pressure specified by the Railroad Commission. The leakage test must be conducted in accordance with Railroad Commission rules at 16 Administrative Code 9.41. The leakage test shall be conducted by a person authorized under Railroad Commission rules. At a district's request, the Railroad Commission shall assist the district in providing for the certification of a district employee to conduct the test and in developing a procedure for conducting the test. <i>Natural Resources Code 113.353; 16 TAC 9.41(b)–(d)</i>				
Notice	Before the introduction of any LP-gas into the LP-gas piping sys- tem, a district shall provide verification to its supplier that the piping has been tested.				
Documentation	A district shall retain documentation specifying the date and the re- sult of each leakage test or other inspection of each LP-gas piping system until at least the fifth anniversary of the date the test or other inspection was performed. The Railroad Commission may re- view a district's documentation of each leakage test or other in- spection conducted by the district.				
	Natural Resources Code 113.354; 16 TAC 9.41(b)(3)–(4)				
Termination of	A supplier shall terminate service to a district facility if:				
Service	 The supplier receives official notification from the district or the person conducting the test that there is leakage in a school LP-gas system; 				
	2. The leakage test performed on a school LP-gas system was not performed as required; or				
	3. The supplier has not received a copy of the required form from the district verifying that the LP-gas system has been tested in accordance with 16 Administrative Code 9.41.				
	Natural Resources Code 113.355; 16 TAC 9.41(e)				
Reporting Leaks	An identified school LP-gas leakage in a school district facility shall be reported to the board. The district shall immediately remove the affected school district facility from LP-gas service until repairs are made and it passes a subsequent school LP-gas system leakage test. If a district employee performs the initial test, then the subse- quent test may not be performed by a district employee. <i>Natural</i> <i>Resources Code 113.356; 16 TAC 9.41(b)(2)</i>				
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	9 of 11				

Definitions	by a whi sore ties	"School district facility" means each building or structure operated by a school district and equipped with a school LP-gas system, in which students receive instruction or participate in school spon- sored extracurricular activities, excluding maintenance or bus facili- ties, vehicle fueling facilities, administrative offices, and similar fa- cilities not regularly used by students.					
	tors fuel con	"School LP-gas system" means all piping, fittings, valves, regula- tors, appliance connectors, equipment, and connections supplying fuel gas from the outlet of the shutoff valve at each LP-gas storage container or upstream of each meter to the shutoff valve(s) on each appliance in a school district facility.					
	16	16 TAC 9.41(a)(4)–(5)					
Intrastate Pipeline Emergency Response Plan	eac any buil	The Railroad Commission shall require the owner or operator of each intrastate hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide pipeline facility, any part of which is located within 1,000 feet of a public school building containing classrooms, or within 1,000 feet of another pub- lic school facility where students congregate, to:					
	1.	ing	written request from a district, provide in writing the follow- parts of a pipeline emergency response plan that are rele- t to the school:				
		a.	A description and map of the pipeline facilities that are within 1,000 feet of the school building or facility;				
		b.	A list of any product transported in the segment of the pipeline that is within 1,000 feet of the school facility;				
		C.	The designated emergency number for the pipeline facil- ity operator;				
		d.	Information on the state's excavation one-call system; and				
		e.	Information on how to recognize, report, and respond to a product release; and				
	2.	ceip	a copy of the requested items by certified mail, return re- t requested, to the superintendent of the district in which school building or facility is located.				
	a re	A pipeline operator or the operator's representative shall appear at a regularly scheduled board meeting to explain the above items if requested by the board or district.					

Bellville ISD 008901

FACILITY STANDARDS

CS (LEGAL)

The Railroad Commission may not require the release of parts of an emergency response plan that include security sensitive information, including maps or data. Security sensitive information shall be made available for review by but not provided to the board.

Natural Resources Code 117.012(k)–(m); 16 TAC 8.315

	Note:	Copyright information can be found on the U.S. Copy- right Office website. ¹	
Copyright	Copyright protection subsists, in accordance with United States Code Title 17 (Title 17), in original works of authorship fixed in any tangible medium of expression, now known or later developed, from which they can be perceived, reproduced, or otherwise com- municated, either directly or with the aid of a machine or device. Works of authorship include the following categories:		
	1. Lite	erary works;	
	2. Mu:	sical works, including any accompanying words;	
	3. Dra	matic works, including any accompanying music;	
	4. Par	ntomimes and choreographic works;	
	5. Pict	torial, graphic, and sculptural works;	
	6. Mot	tion pictures and other audiovisual works;	
	7. Sou	und recordings; and	
	8. Arc	hitectural works.	
	In no case does copyright protection for an original work of author- ship extend to any idea, procedure, process, system, method of operation, concept, principle, or discovery, regardless of the form in which it is described, explained, illustrated, or embodied in such work.		
	17 U.S.C. 102		
Ownership	Copyright in a work protected under copyright law vests initially in the author or authors of the work. The authors of a joint work are co-owners of copyright in the work. <i>17 U.S.C. 201(a)</i>		
Work for Hire	for whom poses of agreed o	se of a work made for hire, the employer or other person in the work was prepared is considered the author for pur- copyright law, and, unless the parties have expressly otherwise in a written instrument signed by them, owns all hts comprised in the copyright. <i>17 U.S.C. 201(b)</i>	
	A "work r	made for hire" is:	
		ork prepared by an employee within the scope of his or employment; or	
		ork specially ordered or commissioned for use as a contri- ion to a collective work, as a part of a motion picture or	

	other audiovisual work, as a translation, as a supplementa work, as a compilation, as an instructional text, as a test, a answer material for a test, or as an atlas, if the parties ex- pressly agree in a written instrument signed by them that th work shall be considered a work made for hire.			
	A "supplementary work" is a work prepared for publication as a secondary adjunct to a work by another author for the purpose of introducing, concluding, illustrating, explaining, revising, comment ing upon, or assisting in the use of the other work, such as fore- words, afterwards, pictorial illustrations, maps, charts, tables, edite rial notes, musical arrangements, answer material for tests, bibliographies, appendixes, and indexes.			
	An "instructional text" is a literary, pictorial, or graphic work pre- pared for publication and with the purpose of use in systematic in structional activities.			
	17 U.S.C. 101			
Transfer	The ownership of a copyright may be transferred in whole or in part by any means of conveyance or by operation of law, and may be bequeathed by will or pass as personal property by the applicable laws of intestate succession. Any of the exclusive rights comprised in a copyright, including any subdivision of any of the rights speci- fied by 17 U.S.C. 106, may be transferred and owned separately. The owner of any particular exclusive right is entitled, to the extent of that right, to all of the protection and remedies accorded to the copyright owner. <i>17 U.S.C. 201(d)</i>		e ed -	
Copyright Registration	At any time during the subsistence of the first term of copyright in any published or unpublished work in which the copyright was se- cured before January 1, 1978, and during the subsistence of any copyright secured on or after that date, the owner of copyright or of any exclusive right in the work may obtain registration of the copy- right claim by delivering to the Copyright Office the deposit speci- fied by 17 U.S.C. 408, together with the application and fee speci- fied by 17 U.S.C. 409 and 708. Such registration is not a condition of copyright protection. <i>17 U.S.C. 408(a)</i>		- of /-	
Exclusive Rights	Subject to 17 U.S.C. 107–122 (limitations on and scope of exclusive rights), the owner of a copyright has the exclusive rights:			
	1.	To reproduce the copyrighted work in copies or phonorecord	ls;	
	2.	To prepare derivative works based upon the copyrighted work;		
	3.	To distribute copies or phonorecords of the copyrighted work to the public by sale or other transfer of ownership, or by rental, lease, or lending;	(
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		2 of	11	

	4.	In the case of literary, musical, dramatic, and choreographic works, pantomimes, and motion pictures and other audiovis- ual works, to perform the copyrighted work publicly;	
	5.	In the case of literary, musical, dramatic, and choreographic works, pantomimes, and pictorial, graphic, or sculptural works, including the individual images of a motion picture or other audiovisual work, to display the copyrighted work pub- licly; and	
	6.	In the case of sound recordings, to perform the copyrighted work publicly by means of a digital audio transmission.	
	17 L	J.S.C. 106	
Fair Use	Notwithstanding the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 106 above and 106a (rights of authors of visual art works), the fair use of a copyrighted work, including such use by reproduction in copies or phonorecords or by any other means specified by that section, for purposes such as criticism, comment, news reporting, teaching (including multiple copies for classroom use), scholarship, or research, is not an infringement of copyright. In determining whether the use made of a work in any particular case is a fair use the factors to be considered shall include:		
	1.	The purpose and character of the use, including whether such use is of a commercial nature or for nonprofit educational purposes.	
	2.	The nature of the copyrighted work.	
	3.	The amount and substantiality of the portion used in relation to the copyrighted work as a whole.	
	4.	The effect of the use upon the potential market for or value of the copyrighted work.	
	17 L	J.S.C. 107	
Performances and Displays	J J J J J J J J J J		

Copyright Infringement	Anyone who violates any of the exclusive rights of the copyright owner as provided by 17 U.S.C. 106 through 122 or of the author as provided in 17 U.S.C. 106A(a), or who imports copies or phonorecords into the United States in violation of 17 U.S.C. 602, is an infringer of the copyright or right of the author. The legal or beneficial owner of an exclusive right under a copyright is entitled, subject to the requirements of 17 U.S.C. 411, to institute an action for any infringement of that particular right committed while he or she is the owner of it. 17 U.S.C. 501(a)-(b)			
	Note	e:	For information on copyright issues and online distance learning, see the TEACH Act, 17 U.S.C. 110(2) and 112(f).	
Digital Millennium	"Service provider" means:		provider" means:	
Copyright Act Service Provider	1.	As used in 17 U.S.C. 512(a) (item 1 at Limitation of Liability below), an entity offering the transmission, routing, or provid- ing of connections for digital online communications, between or among points specified by a user, of material of the user's choosing, without modification to the content of the material as sent or received.		
	2.	vide	used in 17 U.S.C. 512, other than subsection (a), a pro- r of online services or network access, or the operator of ities therefor, and includes an entity described in item 1 we.	
	17 U.S.C. 512(k)			
Limitation of Liability	A service provider shall not be liable for monetary relief or, except as provided in 17 U.S.C. 512(j), for injunctive or other equitable re- lief, for infringement of copyright by reason of:			
	1.	for r atec mec sucł	provider's transmitting, routing, or providing connections naterial through a system or network controlled or oper- l by or for the service provider, or by reason of the inter- liate and transient storage of that material in the course of n transmitting, routing, or providing connections, if J.S.C. $512(a)(1)-(5)$ are satisfied.	
	2.	tem	intermediate and temporary storage of material on a sys- or network controlled or operated by or for the service rider in a case in which:	
		a.	The material is made available online by a person other than the service provider;	
ATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			4 of 11	

- b. The material is transmitted from the person described above through the system or network to a person other than the person described above at the direction of that other person; and
- c. The storage is carried out through an automatic technical process for the purpose of making the material available to users of the system or network who, after the material is transmitted as described in item b, request access to the material from the person described in item a, if the conditions set forth in 17 U.S.C. 512(b)(2) are met.
- 3. The storage at the direction of a user of material that resides on a system or network controlled or operated by or for the service provider, if the service provider:
 - a. Does not have actual knowledge that the material or an activity using the material on the system or network is infringing; in the absence of such actual knowledge, is not aware of facts or circumstances from which infringing activity is apparent; or upon obtaining such knowledge or awareness, acts expeditiously to remove, or disable access to, the material;
 - b. Does not receive a financial benefit directly attributable to the infringing activity, in a case in which the service provider has the right and ability to control such activity; and
 - c. Upon notification of claimed infringement as described at Notification below responds expeditiously to remove, or disable access to, the material that is claimed to be in-fringing or to be the subject of infringing activity.
- 4. The provider referring or linking users to an online location containing infringing material or infringing activity, by using information location tools, including a directory, index, reference, pointer, or hypertext link, if the service provider:
 - a. Does not have actual knowledge that the material or activity is infringing; in the absence of such actual knowledge, is not aware of facts or circumstances from which infringing activity is apparent; or upon obtaining such knowledge or awareness, acts expeditiously to remove, or disable access to, the material;
 - b. Does not receive a financial benefit directly attributable to the infringing activity, in a case in which the service provider has the right and ability to control such activity; and

	c. Upon notification of claimed infringement as described at Notification, below, responds expeditiously to remove, or disable access to, the material that is claimed to be in- fringing or to be the subject of infringing activity, except that, for purposes of this provision, the information de- scribed in item 3 at Notification, below, shall be identifi- cation of the reference or link, to material or activity claimed to be infringing, that is to be removed or access to which is to be disabled, and information reasonably sufficient to permit the service provider to locate that ref- erence or link.		
	17 U.S.C. 512(a)–(d)		
Designated Agent	The limitations on liability established in item 3 at Limitation of Lia- bility, above, apply to a service provider only if the service provider has designated an agent to receive notifications of claimed in- fringement described at Notification, below, by making available through its service, including on its website in a location accessible to the public, and by providing to the Copyright Office (the Office), substantially the following information:		
	1. The name, address, phone number, and electronic mail ad- dress of the agent.		
	Other contact information which the Register of Copyrights may deem appropriate.		
	17 U.S.C. 512(c)(2); 37 C.F.R. 201.38		
	The Register of Copyrights shall maintain a current directory of agents available to the public for inspection, including through the internet, and may require payment of a fee by service providers to cover the costs of maintaining the directory. <i>17</i> U.S.C. $512(c)(2)$		
Amendment	All service providers must ensure the currency and accuracy of the information contained in designations submitted to the Office by timely updating information when it has changed. A service provider may amend a designation previously registered with the Office at any time to correct or update information.		
Renewal	A service provider's designation will expire and become invalid three years after it is registered with the Office, unless the service provider renews such designation by either amending it to correct or update information or resubmitting it without amendment. Either amending or resubmitting a designation, as appropriate, begins a new three-year period before such designation must be renewed.		
	37 C.F.R. 201.38(c)(3)–(4)		

Notification	To be effective, a notification of claimed infringement must be a written communication provided to the designated agent of a service provider that includes substantially the following:			
		A physical or electronic signature of a person authorized to act on behalf of the owner of an exclusive right that is alleg- edly infringed.		
	2. Identification of the copyrighted work fringed, or, if multiple copyrighted wor are covered by a single notification, a such works at that site.	ks at a single online site		
	3. Identification of the material that is cla to be the subject of infringing activity a moved or access to which is to be dis reasonably sufficient to permit the ser the material.	and that is to be re- abled, and information		
	Information reasonably sufficient to permit the service pr vider to contact the complaining party, such as an addre telephone number, and, if available, an electronic mail a dress at which the complaining party may be contacted.			
	5. A statement that the complaining part that use of the material in the manner thorized by the copyright owner, its ag	complained of is not au-		
	6. A statement that the information in the and under penalty of perjury, that the thorized to act on behalf of the owner that is allegedly infringed.	complaining party is au-		
	17 U.S.C. 512(c)(3)			
Disabling or Removing Access	Subject to the exceptions below, a service provider shall not be lia- ble to any person for any claim based on the service provider's good faith disabling of access to, or removal of, material or activity claimed to be infringing or based on facts or circumstances from which infringing activity is apparent, regardless of whether the ma- terial or activity is ultimately determined to be infringing.			
Exceptions	The provision above shall not apply with respect to material re- ing at the direction of a subscriber of the service provider on a tem or network controlled or operated by or for the service pro- that is removed, or to which access is disabled by the service p vider, pursuant to a notice provided under item 3c at Limitation Liability, unless the service provider:			
	1. Takes reasonable steps promptly to n it has removed or disabled access to	-		

	51 tifi an	bon receipt of a counter notification described in 17 U.S.C. $2(g)(3)$, promptly provides the person who provided the no- cation under item 3c with a copy of the counter notification, d informs that person that it will replace the removed mate- I or cease disabling access to it in ten business days; and		
	to ing firs ca se in	eplaces the removed material and ceases disabling access it not less than ten, nor more than 14, business days follow- g receipt of the counter notice, unless its designated agent at receives notice from the person who submitted the notifi- tion under item 3c that such person has filed an action eking a court order to restrain the subscriber from engaging infringing activity relating to the material on the service pro- ler's system or network.		
	17 U.S.	C. 512(g)		
Eligibility for Limitations on Liability		The limitations on liability established by 17 U.S.C. 512 shall apply to a service provider only if the service provider:		
	sci or pro of	Has adopted and reasonably implemented, and informs sub- scribers and account holders of the service provider's system or network of, a policy that provides for the termination in ap- propriate circumstances of subscribers and account holders of the service provider's system or network who are repeat in fringers; and		
	me tec	commodates and does not interfere with standard technical easures. The term "standard technical measures" means chnical measures that are used by copyright owners to entify or protect copyrighted works and:		
	a.	Have been developed pursuant to a broad consensus of copyright owners and service providers in an open, fair, voluntary, multi-industry standards process;		
	b.	Are available to any person on reasonable and nondis- criminatory terms; and		
	C.	Do not impose substantial costs on service providers or substantial burdens on their systems or networks.		
	17 U.S.C. 512(i)			
	Note:	Trademark information can be found on the <u>U.S. Patent</u> and Trademark Office (USPTO) website. ²		
Trademark		m "trademark" includes any word, name, symbol, or device, combination thereof, used by a person or which a person		

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

	ter (15, ing and	a bona fide intention to use in commerce and applies to regis- on the principal register established by United States Code Title Chapter 22 to identify and distinguish his or her goods, includ- a unique product, from those manufactured or sold by others to indicate the source of the goods, even if that source is un- wn. <i>15 U.S.C. 1127</i>
Trademark Registration	tion scri stat USI	e owner of a trademark used in commerce may request registra- of its trademark on the principal register by paying the pre- bed fee and filing in the USPTO an application and a verified ement, in such form as may be prescribed by the director of the PTO, and such number of specimens or facsimiles of the mark used as may be required by the director. <i>15 U.S.C. 1051(a)</i>
Duration	regi the the	th registration shall remain in force for ten years, except that the stration of any mark shall be canceled by the director unless owner of the registration files in the USPTO affidavits that meet requirements of 15 U.S.C. 1058(b) within the time periods cified in 15 U.S.C. 1058(a). <i>15 U.S.C. 1058</i>
Renewal	new yea pres as r mad sive new the	bject to 15 U.S.C. 1058 above, each registration may be re- ved for periods of ten years at the end of each successive ten- r period following the date of registration upon payment of the scribed fee and the filing of a written application, in such form may be prescribed by the director. Such application may be de at any time within one year before the end of each succes- e ten-year period for which the registration was issued or re- ved, or it may be made within a grace period of six months after end of each successive ten-year period, upon payment of a fee surcharge prescribed therefor. <i>15 U.S.C. 1059(a)</i>
Assignment of Mark	A registered mark or a mark for which an application to register has been filed shall be assignable with the good will of the business in which the mark is used, or with that part of the good will of the business connected with the use of and symbolized by the mark. 15 U.S.C. $1060(a)(1)$	
Trademark Infringement	rem	person shall be liable in a civil action by the registrant for the edies provided in 15 U.S.C. 1114 if the person, without the con- t of the registrant:
	1.	Uses in commerce any reproduction, counterfeit, copy, or col- orable imitation of a registered mark in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of any goods or services on or in connection with which such use is likely to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive; or
	2.	Reproduces, counterfeits, copies or colorably imitates a regis- tered mark and applies such reproduction, counterfeit, copy or
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	9 of 11

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

 colorable imitation to labels, signs, prints, packages, wrappers, receptacles or advertisements intended to be used in commerce upon or in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, or advertising of goods or services on or in connection with which such use is likely to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive. Under item 2 above, the registrant shall not be entitled to recover profits or damages unless the acts have been committed with knowledge that such imitation is intended to be used to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive. <i>15 U.S.C. 1114(1)</i> 				
			Note:	Patent information can be found on the <u>U.S. Patent and</u> <u>Trademark Office (USPTO)</u> website. ³
			chine, ma ful improv	invents or discovers any new and useful process, ma- anufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and use- vement, may obtain a patent, subject to the conditions and ents of United States Code Title 35 (Title 35). <i>35 U.S.C.</i>
signable or his ass and conv patents, t	ons for patent, patents, or any interest therein, shall be as- in law by an instrument in writing. The applicant, patentee, signs or legal representatives may in like manner grant ey an exclusive right under his application for patent, or o the whole or any specified part of the United States. 35 51			
makes, u the Unite	s otherwise provided in Title 35, whoever without authority ses, offers to sell, or sells any patented invention, within d States, or imports into the United States any patented during the term of the patent, infringes the patent.			
	actively induces infringement of a patent shall be liable inger.			
into the L facture, c use in pra the inven cially ada staple art noninfring	offers to sell or sells within the United States or imports Inited States a component of a patented machine, manu- ombination, or composition, or a material or apparatus for acticing a patented process, constituting a material part of tion, knowing the same to be especially made or espe- pted for use in an infringement of such patent, and not a icle or commodity of commerce suitable for substantial ging use, shall be liable as a contributory infringer.			
	pers com sale cont or to Under ite profits or knowledg fusion, or 15 U.S.C Note: Whoever chine, ma ful improv requirem 101 Application signable or his ass and conv patents, t U.S.C. 20 Except as makes, u the Unite invention Whoever as an infr Whoever chine, rational or his ass and conv patents, t U.S.C. 20 Except as makes, u the Unite invention Whoever chine, rational or his ass and conv patents, t U.S.C. 20 Except as makes, u the Unite invention Whoever as an infr			

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

- ¹ U.S. Copyright Office: <u>https://www.copyright.gov/</u>
 ² USPTO on Trademarks: <u>https://www.uspto.gov/trademark</u>
 ³ USPTO on Patents: <u>https://www.uspto.gov/patent</u>

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION D: PERSONNEL

DA	EMPLOYMENT OBJECTIVES
DAA	Equal Employment Opportunity
DAB	Genetic Nondiscrimination
DAC	Objective Criteria for Personnel Decisions
DB	EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS
DBA	Credentials and Records
DBAA	Pre-Employment Reviews
DBB	Medical Examinations and Communicable Diseases
DBD	Conflict of Interest
DBE	Nepotism
DC	EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES
DCA	Probationary Contracts
DCB	Term Contracts
DCC	Continuing Contracts
DCD	At-Will Employment
DCE	Other Types of Contracts
DE DEA DEAA DEAB DEB DEC DECA DECA DECB DED DEE DEG	COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS Compensation Plan Incentives and Stipends Wage and Hour Laws Fringe Benefits Leaves and Absences Family and Medical Leave Military Leave Vacations and Holidays Expense Reimbursement Retirement
DF	TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT
DFA	Probationary Contracts
DFAA	Suspension/Termination During Contract
DFAB	Termination at End of Year
DFAC	Return to Probationary Status
DFB	Term Contracts
DFBA	Suspension/Termination During Contract
DFBB	Nonrenewal
DFC	Continuing Contracts
DFCA	Suspension/Termination
DFD	Hearings Before Hearing Examiner
DFE	Resignation
DFF	Reduction in Force

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION D: PERSONNEL

DFFA	Financial Exigency
DFFB	Program Change
DFFC	Continuing Contracts
DG	EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES
DGA	Freedom of Association
DGB	Personnel-Management Relations
DGBA	Employee Complaints/Grievances
DGC	Immunity
DH	EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT
DHA	Gifts and Solicitations
DHB	Reports to State Board for Educator Certification
DHC	Reports to Texas Education Agency
DHE	Searches and Alcohol/Drug Testing
DI	EMPLOYEE WELFARE
DIA	Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation
DJ	EMPLOYEE RECOGNITION AND AWARDS
DK	ASSIGNMENT AND SCHEDULES
DL	WORK LOAD
DLA	Staff Meetings
DLB	Required Plans and Reports
DM	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
DMA	Required Staff Development
DMB	Career Advancement
DMC	Continuing Professional Education
DMD	Professional Meetings and Visitations
DME	Research and Publication
DN	PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL
DNA	Evaluation of Teachers
DNB	Evaluation of Campus Administrators
DP	PERSONNEL POSITIONS
DPB	Substitute, Temporary, and Part-Time Positions

DAA (LEGAL)

Nondiscrimination — in General	A district shall not fail or refuse to hire or discharge any individual, or otherwise discriminate against any individual with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis of any of the following protected characteristics:	
	1.	Race, color, or national origin;
	2.	Sex;
	3.	Religion;
	4.	Age (applies to individuals who are 40 years of age or older);
	5.	Disability; or
	6.	Genetic information [see DAB].
	1681 Disab ployn 2000i Cons Ch. 2	S.C. 1981; 42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq. (Title VII); 20 U.S.C. et seq. (Title IX); 42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq. (Americans with bilities Act); 29 U.S.C. 621 et seq. (Age Discrimination in Em- nent Act); 29 U.S.C. 793, 794 (Rehabilitation Act); 42 U.S.C. ff et seq. (Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act); U.S. t. Amend. I; Human Resources Code 121.003(f); Labor Code 1 (Texas Commission on Human Rights Act); Labor Code Ch. ubch. H (genetic information)
	nator but di	/II proscribes employment practices that are overtly discrimi- y (disparate treatment), as well as those that are fair in form scriminatory in practice (disparate impact). <u>Wards Cove</u> ing Co. v. Atonio, 490 U.S. 642 (1989)
Disparate Treatment	bers o ment,	arate treatment (intentional discrimination) occurs when mem- of a protected group have been denied the same employ- promotion, membership, or other employment opportunities ve been available to other employees or applicants. <i>29 C.F.R.</i> <i>11</i>
Disparate Impact	ploym pact of that th	rate impact occurs when an employer uses a particular em- nent practice that causes a disparate (disproportionate) im- on a protected group and the employer fails to demonstrate the challenged practice is job-related and consistent with busi- necessity. 42 U.S.C. 2000e-2(k)(1)(A); Labor Code 21.115,
Bankruptcy Discrimination	of, or that is becau eral b	rict may not deny employment to, terminate the employment discriminate with respect to employment against, a person s or has been a debtor under federal bankruptcy laws, solely use the bankrupt or debtor is or has been a debtor under fed- ankruptcy laws; was insolvent before the commencement of kruptcy case or during the case but before the debtor was

	granted or denied a discharge; or has not paid a debt that is dis- chargeable in the bankruptcy case or that was discharged under the bankruptcy laws. <i>11 U.S.C. 525(a)</i>
Student Loan Repayment	A district that issues a license may not take disciplinary action against a person based on the person's default on a student loan or breach of a student loan repayment contract or scholarship con- tract including by:
	 Denying the person's application for a license or license re- newal;
	2. Suspending the person's license; or
	3. Taking other disciplinary action against the person.
	Occupations Code 56.001, .003
Job Qualification	A district may take employment actions based on religion, sex, na- tional origin, or age in those certain instances where religion, sex, national origin, or age is a bona fide occupational qualification. <i>42</i> <i>U.S.C. 2000e-2(e); 29 U.S.C. 623(f); Labor Code 21.119</i>
Employment Postings	A district shall not print or publish any notice or advertisement relat- ing to district employment that indicates any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, disability, or national origin, unless the characteristic is a bona fide occupational qualification. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e-3(b); Labor Code</i> <i>21.059</i>
Harassment of Employees	A district has an affirmative duty to maintain a working environment free of harassment on the basis of a protected characteristic. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.; 29 C.F.R. 1606.8(a), 1604.11</i> [See DIA]
Retaliation	A district may not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant has opposed any unlawful, discriminatory employment practices or participated in the investigation of any complaint related to an unlawful, discrim- inatory employment practice. 29 U.S.C. 623(d) (ADEA); 42 U.S.C. 2000e-3(a) (Title VII); 34 C.F.R. 100.7(e) (Title VI); 34 C.F.R. 110.34 (Age Act); 42 U.S.C. 12203 (ADA); Jackson v. Birmingham Bd. of Educ., 544 U.S. 167 (2005) (Title IX); Labor Code 21.055 [See DIA]
Notices	A district shall post in conspicuous places upon its premises a no- tice setting forth the information the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission deems appropriate to effectuate the purposes of the anti-discrimination laws. <i>29 U.S.C. 627; 42 U.S.C. 2000e-10</i>

Section 504 Notice	A district that employs 15 or more persons shall take appropriate steps to notify applicants and employees, including those with im- paired vision or hearing, that it does not discriminate on the basis of disability.		
	The notice shall state:		
	. That the district does programs and activitie	not discriminate in employment in its s; and	
	. The identity of the dis	trict's 504 coordinator.	
	Methods of notification may include:		
	. Posting of notices;		
	Publication in newspa	pers and magazines;	
	. Placing notices in dist	rict publications; and	
	. Distributing memoran	da or other written communications.	
	ral information that it mak	es recruitment materials containing gen- es available to applicants or employees, rerials a statement of its nondiscrimina-	
	34 C.F.R. 104.8		
Age Discrimination		crimination on the basis of age applies st an individual 40 years of age or older.	
Bona Fide Employee Benefit Plan	A district may take an employment action on the basis of age pur- suant to a bona fide seniority system or a bona fide employee ben- efit plan. However, a bona fide employee benefit plan shall not ex- cuse the failure to hire any individual and no such benefit plan shall require or permit the involuntary retirement of any individual be- cause of age. 29 U.S.C. 623(f); Labor Code 21.102		
Sex Discrimination Gender Stereotypes		employees by assuming or insisting that associated with their group. <u><i>Price Water-</i></u> 228 (1989)	
Pregnancy	liscrimination on the basis cal conditions. A district sh hildbirth, or related medica ses for all employment-rela	crimination on the basis of sex includes of pregnancy, childbirth, or related med- all treat women affected by pregnancy, al conditions the same as other employ- ted purposes, including receipt of bene- grams. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(k); 29 C.F.R.</i> 06	

Equal Pay	A district may not pay an employee at a rate less than the rate the district pays employees of the opposite sex for equal work on jobs the performance of which require equal skill, effort, or responsibility and which are performed under similar working conditions. This rule does not apply if the payment is pursuant to a seniority system, a merit system, a system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of production, or a differential based on any other factor other than sex. 29 U.S.C. 206(d) (Equal Pay Act); 34 C.F.R. 106.54 (Title IX)
Religious Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of religion in- cludes all aspects of religious observances and practice, as well as religious belief, unless a district demonstrates that it is unable to reasonably accommodate an employee's or prospective em- ployee's religious observance or practice without undue hardship to the district's business. "Undue hardship" means more than a <i>de</i> <i>minimus</i> (minimal) cost. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(j); 29 C.F.R. 1605.2; La- bor Code 21.108</i>
	A district may not substantially burden an employee's free exercise of religion, unless the burden is in furtherance of a compelling gov- ernmental interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that interest. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 110.003</i>
	A person employed or maintained to obtain or aid in obtaining posi- tions for public school employees may not directly or indirectly ask about, orally or in writing, the religion or religious affiliation of any- one applying for employment in a public school of this state. A vio- lation of this provision is a Class B misdemeanor. A person who vi- olates this provision is subject to civil penalties. <i>Education Code</i> <i>22.901</i>
Disability Discrimination	A district may not discriminate against a qualified individual on the basis of disability in job application procedures, hiring, advancement, or discharge of employees, compensation, job training, and other terms, conditions, and privileges of employment. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(a); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.051</i>
	In addition, each district that receives assistance under the Individ- uals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) must make positive ef- forts to employ, and advance in employment, qualified individuals with disabilities in programs assisted by the IDEA. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>300.177(b)</i>
Discrimination Based on Lack of Disability	The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the Texas Commission on Human Rights Act do not provide a basis for a claim that an individual was subject to discrimination because of the individual's lack of disability. <i>42 U.S.C. 12201(g); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.005(c)</i>
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	4 of 9

Definition of Disability	"Disability" means:			
	1.	An actual disability: a physical or mental impairment [see nition, below] that substantially limits one or more of an invidual's major life activities;		
	2.	A record of having such an impairment; or		
	3.	Being regarded as having such an impairment.		
	An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a disa- bility. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.			
"Regarded as" Having an Impairment	an ir subj or pe	ndividual meets the requirement of being "regarded as" hav npairment if the individual establishes that he or she has be ected to an action prohibited by the ADA because of an act erceived physical or mental impairment whether or not the nent limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity.	een tual	
Transitory and Minor	men with "tran	"regarded as" prong of the definition does not apply to imparts that are transitory or minor. A transitory impairment is on an actual or expected duration of six months or less. The sitory" exception does not apply to the "actual disability" or ord of disability" prongs of the definition.	e	
Mitigating Measures	majo effec plies vices	determination of whether an impairment substantially limits or life activity shall be made without regard to the amelioration of mitigating measures, such as medication, medical su , low-vision devices, prosthetics, hearing aids, mobility de- s, oxygen therapy, assistive technology, or learned behavior daptive neurological modifications.	ive p-	
	The ameliorative effects of ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses shall be considered in determining whether an impairment substan- tially limits a major life activity. Ordinary eyeglasses and contact lenses are lenses that are intended to fully correct visual acuity or to eliminate refractive error.			
		I.S.C. 12102(1), (3), (4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(g), (j)(1); Labor e 21.002, .0021		
Other Definitions	"Phy	sical or mental impairment" means:		
Physical or Mental Impairment	1.	Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigure ment, or anatomical loss affecting one or more body syste such as neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense orga respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, rep ductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hem lymphatic, skin, and endocrine; or	ems, ans, ro-	
ATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		5	of 9	

	2. Any mental or psychological disorder, such as an intellectual disability (formerly termed "mental retardation"), organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities.		
	29 C.F.R. 1630.2(h)		
Major Life Activities	"Major life activities" include caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, and working.		
	"Major life activities" also include the operation of major bodily functions, including functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin, normal cell growth, and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardio- vascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and repro- ductive functions. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within the body system.		
	42 U.S.C. 12102(2); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(i); Labor Code 21.002		
Qualified	"Qualified individual" means an individual who:		
Individual	 Satisfies the requisite skill, experience, education, and other job-related requirements of the employment position such in- dividual holds or desires; and 		
	2. With or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of such position. Consideration shall be given to a district's judgment as to what functions of a job are essential. A written job description prepared before advertising or interviewing applicants for the job is evidence of the job's essential functions.		
	42 U.S.C. 12111(8); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(m)		
Reasonable Accommodations	A district is required, absent undue hardship, to make a reasonable accommodation to an otherwise qualified individual who meets the definition of disability under the "actual disability" or "record of disability" prongs. A district is not required to provide a reasonable accommodation to an individual who meets the definition of disability solely under the "regarded as" prong. 42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(5); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(o)(4), .9; 29 U.S.C. 794; 34 C.F.R. 104.11; Labor Code 21.128 [See DBB regarding medical examinations and inquiries under the Americans with Disabilities Act]		
	"Reasonable accommodation" includes:		

	1. Making existing facilities used by employees readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities; and	
	2. Job restructuring, part-time or modified work schedules, reas- signment to a vacant position, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, appropriate adjustment or modification of examinations, training materials or policies, the provision of qualified readers or interpreters, and other similar accommo- dations for individuals with disabilities.	ו סf
	42 U.S.C. 12111(9); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(0); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(b)	
	"Undue hardship" means an action requiring significant difficulty or expense when considered in light of the nature and cost of the ac- commodation needed, overall financial resources of the affected fa cility and the district, and other factors set out in law. 42 U.S.C. 12111(10); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(p); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(c)	
Discrimination Based on Relationship	A district shall not exclude or deny equal jobs or benefits to, or otherwise discriminate against, a qualified individual because of the known disability of an individual with whom the qualified individual is known to have a family, business, social, or other relationship or association. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.8; 34 C.F.R. 104.11</i>	
Illegal Drugs and Alcohol	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include any employee or applicant who is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs, when a district acts on the basis of such use.	у
Drug Testing	A district is not prohibited from conducting drug testing of employ- ees and applicants for the illegal use of drugs or making employ- ment decisions based on the results of such tests.	
	42 U.S.C. 12114(c), (d); Labor Code 21.002(6)(A) [See DHE]	
Alcohol Use	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include an individual who is an alcoholic and whose current use of alcohol prevents the employee from performing the duties of his or her job or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others. <i>42 U.S.C. 12114(a); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(C); 29 C.F.R. 1630.3(a); 28 C.F.R. 35.104; Labor Code 21.002(6)(A)</i>	
Qualification Standards	It is unlawful for a district to use qualification standards, employ- ment tests, or other selection criteria that screen out or tend to screen out an individual with a disability or a class of individuals with disabilities, on the basis of disability, unless the standard, test or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be jo related for the position in question and is consistent with business necessity. <i>29 C.F.R. 1630.10(a)</i>	b
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	7 of	9

Direct Threat to Health or Safety	As a qualification standard, a district may require that an individual not pose a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace. "Direct threat" means a significant risk to the health or safety of the individual or others that cannot be eliminated by reasonable accommodation. <i>42 U.S.C. 12111(3); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(r); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)</i>
Vision Standards and Tests	A district shall not use qualification standards, employment tests, or other selection criteria based on an individual's uncorrected vision unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job-related for the position in question and consistent with business necessity. <i>42 U.S.C. 12113(c); 29 C.F.R. 1630.10(b); Labor Code 21.115(b)</i>
Communicable Diseases	A district may refuse to assign or continue to assign an individual to a job involving food handling if the individual has an infectious or communicable disease that is transmitted to others through han- dling of food. 42 U.S.C. 12113(e); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(D); 29 C.F.R. 1630.16(e); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)
Service Animals	A district that is subject to the jurisdiction of Title I of the ADA (em- ployment discrimination) or to section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act (employment discrimination) shall comply with the reasonable ac- commodation requirements of those laws with respect to service animals. [See Reasonable Accommodations, above]
	A district that is not subject to either Title I or section 504 shall comply with Title II of the ADA (discrimination by public entity). An employer that is subject to Title II shall comply with 28 C.F.R. part 35, including the requirements relating to service animals at 28 C.F.R. 35.136 [see FBA].
	28 C.F.R. 35.140
Military Service	A district shall not deny initial employment, reemployment, reten- tion in employment, promotion, or any benefit of employment on the basis of membership in a uniformed service, performance in a uniformed service, application for uniformed service, or obligation to a uniformed service. A district shall not take adverse employ- ment action or discriminate against any person who takes action to enforce protections afforded by the Uniformed Services Employ- ment and Re-employment Rights Act (USERRA). <i>38 U.S.C. 4311</i> [See also DECB]
Grievance Procedures Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance and that em- ploys 15 or more persons shall adopt grievance procedures that in- corporate appropriate due process standards and that provide for

	the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any ac- tion prohibited by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>104.7(b), .11</i>
Americans with Disabilities Act	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by the ADA. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107, .140</i>
Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of employee complaints alleging any action prohibited by Title IX. 34 C.F.R. 106.8(c); <u>North Haven Board of Education v.</u> <u>Bell</u> , 456 U.S. 512 (1982) [For legally referenced material relating to Title IX grievance procedures, see FFH(LEGAL).]
Compliance Coordinators Section 504	A district that employs fifteen or more persons shall designate at least one person to coordinate its efforts to comply with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. The district's Section 504 notification [see Section 504 Notice, above] shall also identify the responsible employee so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(a), .8(a)</i>
Americans with Disabilities Act	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under the ADA, including any investigation of any complaint communicated to it alleging its noncompliance with the ADA or alleging any actions that would be prohibited by the ADA. The district shall make available to all interested individuals the name, office address, and telephone number of the employee or employees so designated. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107(a)</i>
Title IX	A district must designate and authorize at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX, which employee must be referred to as the "Title IX Coordinator." The district must notify applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all professional organizations holding professional agreements with the district, of the name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the employee(s) so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8(a)</i>
Age Discrimination in Employment Act	A district shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA), including investigation of any complaints that the district receives alleging any actions that are prohibited by the ADEA. A district shall notify its employees of the identity of the responsible employee by name or title, address, and telephone number. <i>34 C.F.R. 110.25(a), (b)</i>

Criminal History Reviews Definitions	"Criminal history clearinghouse" (clearinghouse) means the elec- tronic clearinghouse and subscription service established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) to provide criminal history rec- ord information to persons entitled to receive that information and to provide updates to such information. A person who is the subject of the criminal history record information requested must consent to the release of the information. <i>Gov't Code 411.0845(a), (h)</i>				
	"Criminal history record information" (CHRI) means information col- lected about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indict- ments, information, and other formal criminal charges and their dis- positions. <i>Gov't Code 411.082(2)</i>				
	"National criminal history record information" (NCHRI) means crimi- nal history record information obtained from DPS under Govern- ment Code Chapter 411, Subchapter F, and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) under Government Code 411.087. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 22.081(2)</i>				
	"Request for CHRI" is the processing and entry of a person's com- plete set of fingerprints in DPS's tenprint database and the com- parison of those prints to DPS's latent print database and if author- ized the entry into FBI's tenprint and comparison to the FBI's latent print database. <i>37 TAC 27.172</i>				
Participation in the	The purpose of the clearinghouse is to:				
Criminal History Clearinghouse	1.	Provide authorized entities with the Texas and FBI fingerprint- based criminal history results.			
	2.	Provide authorized entities with subscription and notification service to disseminate updated criminal history information.			
	Districts shall only submit a request for CHRI on a person who has authorized the access of their information.				
	Districts may subscribe to a person in the clearinghouse, if the en- tity has the authority to view the record. Entities shall unsubscribe from a person when it no longer has authority to view a record.				
	Districts shall validate their subscriptions in accordance with DPS policies. "Validation" is a process whereby the subscriber reviews a subscription to determine whether they are still authorized to receive CHRI on that individual and updates the subscription accordingly. Validations are required on a yearly basis.				
		ricts shall maintain compliance with the FBI Criminal Justice In- nation Services Security Policy. Districts shall allow DPS and			

	the FBI to conduct audits of their clearinghouse accounts to pre- vent any unauthorized access, use, or dissemination of the infor- mation.				
	37 TAC 27.171, .172(8), .174				
Certified Persons	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall review the NCHRI of a person who is an applicant for or holder of a certificate and who is employed by or is an applicant for employment by a district. <i>Education Code</i> $22.0831(c)$				
Noncertified Employees <i>Applicability</i>	This section applies to a person who is not an applicant for or holder of a certificate from SBEC and who, on or after January 1, 2008, is offered employment by:				
	1. A district; or				
	2. A shared services arrangement, if the employee's or appli- cant's duties are or will be performed on school property or at another location where students are regularly present.				
	[For noncertified employees of a district or shared services ar- rangement hired before January 1, 2008, see All Other Employees, below.]				
Information to DPS and TEA	Before or immediately after employing or securing the services of a person subject to this section, a district shall send or ensure that the person sends to DPS information that DPS requires for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.				
	A district shall provide the Texas Education Agency (TEA) with the name of a person to whom this section applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI of the person and notify the district if the person may not be hired or must be discharged under Education Code 22.085.				
Employment Pending Review	After the required information is submitted, the person may begin employment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of that person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a determination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ployment.				
Criminal History	A district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person subject to this section through the clearinghouse and shall subscribe to the CHRI of that person. A district may require the person to pay any fees related to obtaining the CHRI.				
	Education Code 22.0833; 19 TAC 153.1109(d)				
Districts of Innovation	A prohibition, restriction, or requirement imposed by Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (Criminal History Records) on an				

	open-enrollment charter school applies to the same extent to a dis-			
	trict of innovation or other charter entity.			
	The failure of a district of innovation to provide information required under Education Code 22.0832 may result in termination of the dis- trict 's designation as a district of innovation. [See AF]			
	Education Code 22.0815			
Substitute Teachers	This section applies to a person who is a substitute teacher for a district or shared services arrangement.			
Applicability	For purposes of the CHRI review requirements, a "substitute teacher" is a teacher who is on call or on a list of approved substi- tutes to replace a regular teacher and has no regular or guaran- teed hours. A substitute teacher may be certified or noncertified.			
Information to DPS and TEA	A district shall send or ensure that a person to whom this section applies sends to DPS information required for obtaining NCHRI, which may include fingerprints and photographs.			
	A district shall provide TEA with the name of a person to whom this section applies. TEA shall examine the CHRI and certification rec- ords of the person and notify the district if the person:			
	 May not be hired or must be discharged as provided by Edu- cation Code 22.085; or 			
	 May not be employed as a substitute teacher because the person's educator certification has been revoked or is sus- pended. 			
Employment Pending Review	After the required information is submitted, the person may begin employment, but that employment is conditional upon the review of that person's CHRI by TEA and must be terminated if TEA makes a determination that the employee or applicant is ineligible for em- ployment.			
Criminal History	A district shall obtain all CHRI that relates to a person to whom this section applies through the clearinghouse. A district may require the person to pay any fees related to obtaining the CHRI.			
	Education Code 22.0836; 19 TAC 153.1101(5), .1111(d)			
Student Teachers Applicability	This section applies to a person participating in an internship con- sisting of student teaching to receive a teaching certificate.			
Criminal History	A student teacher may not perform any student teaching until:			
	1. The student teacher has provided to a district a driver's li- cense or another form of identification containing the person's			

	photograph issued by an entity of the United States govern- ment; and				
	2. The district has obtained from DPS all CHRI that relates to a student teacher. A district may also obtain CHRI relating to a student teacher from any other law enforcement agency, criminal justice agency, or private consumer reporting agency. A district may require a student teacher to pay any costs related to obtaining the CHRI.				
	Education Code 22.0835				
Coordination of Efforts	TEA, SBEC, a district, and a shared services arrangement may co- ordinate as necessary to ensure that criminal history reviews au- thorized or required under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchap- ter C are not unnecessarily duplicated. <i>Education Code 22.0833(h)</i>				
All Other Employees	A district shall obtain CHRI that relates to a person who is not sub- ject to an NCHRI review under Education Code Chapter 21, Sub- chapter C and who is an employee of:				
	1. The district; or				
	 A shared services arrangement, if the employee's duties are performed on school property or at another location where students are regularly present. 				
	A district may obtain the CHRI from:				
	1. DPS;				
	2. A law enforcement or criminal justice agency; or				
	 A private consumer reporting agency [see Consumer Credit Reports, below]. 				
	Education Code 22.083(a), (a-1); Gov't Code 411.097				
	Note: For criminal history record provisions regarding volun- teers, see GKG. For provisions on employees of entities that contract with a district, see CJA.				
Confidentiality of Record	CHRI that a district obtains from DPS, including any identification information that could reveal the identity of a person about whom CHRI is requested and information that directly or indirectly indi- cates or implies involvement of a person in the criminal justice sys- tem:				
	1. Is for the exclusive use of the district; and				

	2.	May be disclosed or used by the district only if, and only to the extent, disclosure is authorized or directed by a statute, rule, or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.				
	reco vide	purposes of these confidentiality provisions, "criminal history ord" information does not refer to any specific document pro- ed by DPS, but to the information contained, wholly or partly, in ocument's original form or any subsequent form or use.				
	ister	strict or an individual may not confirm the existence or nonex- nce of CHRI to any person who is not eligible to receive the in- nation.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 411.084				
	form is th The	RI obtained by a district, in the original form or any subsequent n, may not be released to any person except the individual who he subject of the information, TEA, or SBEC, or by court order. CHRI is not subject to disclosure under Government Code apter 552 (Public Information Act).				
	any from	employee of a district may request from the district a copy of CHRI related to that employee that the district has obtained n DPS. The district may charge a fee to provide the information, to exceed the actual cost of copying the CHRI.				
	Gov	r't Code 411.097(d), (f)				
Destruction of CHRI	A di	A district shall destroy CHRI obtained from DPS on the earlier of:				
	1.	The date the information is used for the authorized purpose; or				
	2.	The first anniversary of the date the information was originally obtained.				
	Gov	r't Code 411.097(d)(3)				
Confidentiality of Information Obtained from Applicant or	orde num	strict may not release information collected about a person in er to obtain CHRI, including the person's name, address, phone ober, social security number, driver's license number, other otification number, and fingerprint records, except:				
Employee	1.	To comply with Government Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C (criminal records);				
	2.	By court order; or				
	3.	With the consent of the person who is the subject of the infor- mation.				

			n, the information is not subject to disclosure under Gov- Code Chapter 522 (Public Information Act).		
	The district shall destroy the information not later than the first an- niversary of the date the information is received.				
	Edι	icatio	n Code 22.08391		
Unauthorized Disclosure of CHRI			commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person knowingly onally:		
	1.	mat	ains CHRI in an unauthorized manner, uses the infor- ion for an unauthorized purpose, or discloses the infor- ion to a person who is not entitled to the information; or		
	2.		ates a DPS rule adopted under Government Code Chap- 411, Subchapter F.		
	Ap	erson	commits a second degree felony if the person:		
	1.		ains, uses, or discloses CHRI for remuneration or for the mise of remuneration; or		
	2.		ploys another person to obtain, use, or disclose CHRI for uneration or for the promise of remuneration.		
	Go	v't Co	de 411.085		
Refusal to Hire Convicted Applicants	for	emplo	shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applicant byment if the district obtains information through a CHRI at the employee or applicant has been:		
	1.	sup	nvicted of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- der under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or		
	2.	Cor	ivicted of:		
		a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or		
		b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.		
Exception			, a district is not required to refuse to hire an applicant if on committed an offense under Title 5, Penal Code and:		
	1.		date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and		

	2. The applicant for employment satisfied all terms of the court order entered on conviction.			
Certification to Commissioner	Each school year, the superintendent shall certify to the commis- sioner that the district has complied with the above provisions.			
Sanctions	SBEC may impose a sanction on an educator who does not refuse to hire an applicant for employment if the educator knew that the applicant had been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inap- propriate relationship with a minor in accordance with Education Code 21.009(e), or knew or should have known, through a CHRI review, that the applicant has been convicted of or placed on de- ferred adjudication community supervision for an offense described above.			
	SBEC may impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely or inaccurately certified to the commissioner that the district had complied with Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Commissioner, above]			
Termination for Failure to Disclose	A district may discharge an employee if the district obtains infor- mation of the employee's conviction of a felony or misdemeanor in- volving moral turpitude that the employee did not disclose to SBEC or to the district. An employee so discharged is considered to have been discharged for misconduct for the purposes of Labor Code 207.044 (unemployment compensation).			
	<i>Education Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14)</i> [See DF]			
Pre-employment Affidavit	An applicant for a certified or licensed position [see Professional Personnel at DBA(LEGAL)] with a school district, including a district of innovation, must submit, using a form adopted by TEA, a pre-employment affidavit disclosing whether the applicant has ever been charged with, adjudicated for, or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship with a minor.			
	An applicant who answers affirmatively concerning an inappropri- ate relationship with a minor must disclose in the affidavit all rele- vant facts pertaining to the charge, adjudication, or conviction, in- cluding, for a charge, whether the charge was determined to be true or false.			
	An applicant is not precluded from being employed based on a dis- closed charge if the district determines based on the information disclosed in the affidavit that the charge was false.			
	A determination that an employee failed to disclose required infor- mation is grounds for termination of employment.			

	dete ploy 21.0	EC may revoke the certificate of an administrator if the board ermines it is reasonable to believe that the administrator em- ed an applicant for a position described by Education Code 003(a) or (b) despite being aware that the applicant had been indicated for or convicted of having an inappropriate relationship		
	-	a minor.		
	Edu	cation Code 21.009		
Do Not Hire Registry	TEA shall develop and maintain an internet portal through which required reports may be confidentially and securely filed and TEA makes available:			
	1.	The registry of persons who are not eligible to be employed in public schools; and		
	2.	Information indicating that a person is under investigation.		
	Edu	cation Code 22.095		
	regi: trict, chai	A shall maintain and make available through its internet portal a stry of persons who are not eligible to be employed by a dis- , district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other rter entity, regional education service center, or shared services ngement.		
	A district, district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, other charter entity, regional education service center, or shared services arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person listed on the registry.			
	The registry must list:			
	1.	An employee of an open enrollment charter school deter- mined by TEA under Education Code 22.0832 as a person who would not be eligible for educator certification based on their NCHRI;		
	2.	A noncertified person determined by TEA to be not eligible for employment based on the person's CHRI, as provided by Ed- ucation Code 22.0833 [see DBAA];		
	3.	A person who is not eligible for employment based on CHRI received by TEA under Education Code 21.058(b) indicating that a certified employee is required to register as a sex of-fender;		
	4.	A person whose certification or permit is revoked by SBEC on a finding that the person engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 21.006(b)(2)(A) or (A-1) [see DHB]; and		

	5.	A noncertified person who is determined by the commissioner under Education Code 22.094 to have engaged in misconduct described by Education Code 22.093(c)(1)(A) or (B) [see DHC].
	Edu	cation Code 22.092
Commercial Driver License Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse	tains cont tors trolle vehi way coho	U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates and main- s a national clearinghouse for records relating to alcohol and rolled substances testing of commercial motor vehicle opera- in order to improve compliance with DOT's alcohol and con- ed substances testing program applicable to commercial motor cle operators [see DHE] and to enhance the safety of road- s by reducing accidents and injuries involving the misuse of al- ol or use of controlled substances by operators of commercial provencies. <i>49 U.S.C. 31306a</i>
Pre-employment Query Required	and sens of th	strict must not employ a driver subject to controlled substances alcohol testing under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 to perform a safety- sitive function without first conducting a pre-employment query e federal Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse to obtain infor- on about the driver's previous test results.
Annual Query Required	Clea ees C.F.	strict must conduct a query of the federal Drug and Alcohol aringhouse at least once per year for information for all employ- subject to controlled substance and alcohol testing under 49 R. Part 382 to determine whether information exists about e employees.
Prohibition	func	strict may not allow a driver to perform any safety-sensitive tion if the results of a Clearinghouse query demonstrate that driver has a prohibited test result.
Recordkeeping Required		strict must retain for three years a record of each query and all mation received in response to each query made under this ion.
	49 C	C.F.R. 382.701
Consumer Credit Reports Definitions	cisic	verse action" includes a denial of employment or any other de- on for employment purposes that adversely affects any current rospective employee.
	port	nsumer report" includes any information from a consumer re- ing agency that is used or expected to be used as a factor in blishing the person's eligibility for employment.
		nsumer reporting agency" is an agency that, for monetary fees, s, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly assembles or

	evaluates consumer credit information or other information on con- sumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports to third par- ties.
	"Employment purposes" when used in connection with a consumer report means a report used for the purpose of evaluating a person for employment, promotion, reassignment, or retention as an em- ployee.
	15 U.S.C. 1681a
Obtaining Reports	A district may not procure a consumer report for employment pur- poses unless:
	 The district has provided the applicant or employee a written disclosure that a consumer report may be obtained for em- ployment purposes; and
	2. The applicant or employee has authorized in writing the pro- curement of the consumer report.
Adverse Action	Before taking any adverse action based on the consumer report, a district shall provide the applicant or employee a copy of the consumer report and a written description of the person's rights under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as prescribed by the Federal Trade Commission.
	15 U.S.C. 1681b(b)(2)
Address Discrepancies	"Notice of address discrepancy" means a notice sent to a user by a consumer reporting agency that informs the user of a substantial difference between the address for the consumer that the user provided to request the consumer report and the address(es) in the agency's file for the consumer.
	A district must develop and implement reasonable policies and pro- cedures designed to enable the district, when it receives a notice of address discrepancy, to form a reasonable belief that a consumer report relates to the consumer about whom it has requested the re- port.
	If a district regularly and in the ordinary course of business fur- nishes information to the consumer reporting agency from which it received the notice of address discrepancy, the district must also develop and implement reasonable policies and procedures for fur- nishing an address for the consumer, which the district has reason- ably confirmed is accurate, to the consumer reporting agency.

16 C.F.R. 641.1

Disposal of Records A district must properly dispose of a consumer report by taking reasonable measures to protect against unauthorized access to or use of the information.

> "Dispose" includes discarding or abandoning the consumer report, or selling, donating, or transferring any medium, including computer equipment, upon which the consumer report is stored.

Examples of reasonable measures include:

- 1. Burning, pulverizing, or shredding papers containing a consumer report so the information cannot practicably be read or reconstructed;
- 2. Destroying or erasing electronic media containing a consumer report so that the information cannot practicably be read or re-constructed; or
- 3. After due diligence, entering into and monitoring compliance with a contract with another party engaged in the business of record destruction to dispose of the consumer report.

16 C.F.R. 682.3

Employment Policies	A board shall adopt a policy providing for the employment and du- ties of district personnel. The policy shall provide that:				
	1.	A board employs and evaluates the superintendent;			
	2.	A superintendent has sole authority to make recommenda- tions to a board regarding the selection of all personnel, ex- cept that the board may delegate final authority for those deci- sions to the superintendent [see Superintendent Recommendation, below];			
	3.	Each principal must approve each teacher or staff appoint- ment to the principal's campus as provided by Education Code 11.202 [see DK and DP];			
	4.	Notice will be provided of vacant positions [see Posting of Vacancies, below]; and			
	5.	Each employee has the right to present grievances to the board. [See Grievances, below]			
	Edu	Education Code 11.1513			
Tax Identifier	num	bard shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of social security abers as employee identifiers other than for tax purposes [see ial Security Numbers, below]. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See A]			
Contract Positions	emp suci	bard shall establish a policy designating specific positions of ployment, or categories of positions based on considerations in as length of service, to which continuing contracts or term tracts apply. <i>Education Code 21.002(c)</i> [See DCB and DCC]			
Delegation of Authority	A district's employment policy may specify the terms of district em- ployment or delegate to the superintendent the authority to deter- mine the terms of employment with the district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.1513(c)</i> [For nepotism implications, see BBFB and DBE]				
Internal Auditor	inte	district employs an internal auditor, the board shall select the rnal auditor and the internal auditor shall report directly to the rd. <i>Education Code 11.170</i> [See CFC]			
Superintendent Recommendation	rega boar mee ing, or 5 omr mer	bard may accept or reject a superintendent's recommendation arding the selection of district personnel and shall include the rd's acceptance or rejection in the minutes of the board's open eting, in the certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meet- or in the recording required under Government Code 551.125 51.127, as applicable. If a board rejects a superintendent's rec- nendation, the superintendent shall make alternative recom- ndations until the board accepts a recommendation. <i>Education</i> <i>the 11.1513(b)</i>			

Posting of Vacancies	A district's employment policy must provide that not later than the tenth school day before the date on which a district fills a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required as provided by Education Code 21.003 [see DBA], other than a position that affects the safety and security of students as determined by the board, the district must provide to each current district employee:				
	1.	Notice of the position by posting the position on:			
		a.	A bu	lletin board at:	
			(1)	A place convenient to the public in the district's cen- tral administrative office, and	
			(2)	The central administrative office of each campus during any time the office is open; or	
		b.	The site;	district's internet website, if the district has a web- and	
	2.	A rea	asona	able opportunity to apply for the position.	
	Educ	Education Code 11.1513(d)			
Exception	by a less posit the v the r vide	teach than tion ir vacan notice	ner, a ten s the cy oc for to sona	chool year, a district must fill a vacant position held is defined by Education Code 21.201 [see DCB], in chool days, the district must provide notice of the manner described above as soon as possible after ccurs. However, a district is not required to provide en school days before filling the position or to pro- ble opportunity to apply for the position. <i>Education</i> <i>(e)</i>	
Grievances	A district's employment policy must provide each employee with the right to present grievances to the board. The policy may not re- strict the ability of an employee to communicate directly with a member of the board regarding a matter relating to the operation of a district, except that the policy may prohibit ex parte communica- tion relating to:				
	1.		-	under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter E ntracts) or F (Hearing Examiners); and	
	2.			appeal or hearing in which ex parte communication inappropriate pending a final decision by the board.	
	Education Code 11.1513(i)–(j) [See DGBA]				
Transfers	each a pro	o curre	ent d for ti	bloyment policy may include a provision for providing istrict employee with an opportunity to participate in ransferring to another school in or position with the tion Code $11.1513(c)(3)$ [See DK]	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 DC(LEGAL)-P				2 of 7	

Bellville ISD 008901			
EMPLOYMENT PRACTION	CES	DC (LEGAL)	
Contract Employees	A district shall employ each classroom teacher, principal, librarian, nurse, or school counselor under a probationary contract, a contin- uing contract, or a term contract. A district is not required to employ a person other than these listed employees under a probationary, continuing, or term contract. <i>Education Code 21.002</i>		
Classroom Teacher	"Classroom teacher" means an educator who is employed by a dis- trict and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, teaches in an academic instructional setting or a career and tech- nology instructional setting. The term does not include a teacher's aide or a full-time administrator. <i>Education Code 5.001(2)</i>		
Minimum Length of Contract	mum mont	ntract between a district and an educator must be for a mini- of ten months of service. An educator employed under a ten- th contract must provide a minimum of 187 days of service. cation Code 21.401(a), (b)	
Proportionate Reduction	for st demi vice	listrict anticipates providing less than 180 days of instruction tudents during a school year, as indicated by the district's aca- ic calendar, the district may reduce the number of days of ser- proportionately. A reduction by the district does not reduce an eator's salary. <i>Education Code 21.401(c-1)</i>	
Commissioner Waiver	The commissioner of education may reduce the number of days of service if disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtailment, or another calamity causes the closing of schools. A reduction by the commissioner does not reduce an educator's salary. <i>Education Code</i> $21.401(c)$, $25.081(b)$		
Educational Aides	A board shall establish a plan to encourage the hiring of educa- tional aides who show a willingness to become certified teachers. <i>Education Code 54.363(f)</i>		
Employment of Retirees	A district shall file a monthly certified statement of employment of a retiree in the form and manner required by TRS. A district shall inform TRS of changes in status of the district that affect the district's reporting responsibilities.		
	The	certified statement must include information regarding:	
	1.	Employees of third party entities if the employees are service or disability retirees who were first employed by the third party entity on or after May 24, 2003, and are performing duties or providing services on behalf of or for the benefit of the district that employees of the district would otherwise perform or pro- vide; and	
	2.	Retirees who retired within twelve full, consecutive calendar months of the month of the monthly certified statement and are performing duties or providing services for or on behalf of	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		3 of 7	

		district that employees of the district would otherwise per- n or provide, and are:
	a.	Waiving, deferring, or forgoing compensation for the ser- vices or duties;
	b.	Performing the duties or providing the services as an in- dependent contractor; or
	C.	Serving as a volunteer without compensation and per- forming the same duties or providing the same services for a reporting entity that the retiree performed or pro- vided immediately before retiring and the retiree has an agreement to perform those duties or provide those ser- vices after the first 12 full, consecutive calendar months after the retiree's effective date of retirement.
	fied state pay to TF any appli establish	that fails to attain a completed status for the monthly certi- ement as required by 34 Administrative Code 31.2 shall RS, in addition to the required employer surcharges and icable penalty interest on the unpaid amounts, the late fee led in 34 Administrative Code 31.2(d) for each business the monthly certified statement fails to attain a completed
		nistrator of a district who is responsible for filing the state- d who knowingly fails to file the statement, commits an of-
	Gov't Co	de 824.6022, 825.403(k); 34 TAC 31.2
Former Board Member Employment	district u	member is prohibited from accepting employment with the ntil the first anniversary of the date the board member's ship on a board ends. <i>Education Code 11.063</i> [See BBC]
New Hires I-9 Forms		shall ensure that an employee properly completes section ployee Information and Verification"—on Form I-9 at the ire.
		must verify employment eligibility, pursuant to the Immi- Reform and Control Act, and complete Form I-9 by the fol- ates:
	indi bus of h ual has	hin three business days of initial hiring. If a district hires an vidual for employment for a duration of less than three iness days, the district must verify employment at the time ire. A district shall not be deemed to have hired an individ- if the individual is continuing in his or her employment and a reasonable expectation of employment at all times. en a district rehires an individual, the district may, in lieu of

	cuted within three	v I-9, inspect a previously completed I-9 exe- e years of the date of rehire, to determine vidual is still eligible to work.		
		whose employment authorization expires, date of expiration.		
	C.F.R. 274a.2(b)(1)(ii), (iii), (vii), (viii)		
New Hire Reporting	A district shall furnish to the Directory of New Hires (Texas Attorney General's Office) a report that contains the name, address, and so- cial security number of each newly hired employee. The report shall also contain a district's name, address, and employer identifi- cation number.			
	ire, date of birth, exp	vide, at its option, the employee's date of ected salary or wages, and the district's pay- g of notice to withhold child support.		
	A district shall report new hire information on a Form W-4 or an equivalent form, by first class mail, telephonically, electronically, or by magnetic media, as determined by the district and in a format acceptable to the attorney general.			
Deadline	New hire reports are due:			
	. Not later than 20 the employee; or	calendar days after the date a district hires		
	electronically, by	listrict transmitting reports magnetically or two monthly transmissions (if necessary) not s nor more than 16 days apart.		
	New hire reports shall be considered timely if postmarked by the due date or, if filed electronically, upon receipt by the agency.			
Penalties	A district that knowingly violates the new hire provisions may be lia- ble for a civil penalty, as set forth at Family Code 234.105.			
	42 U.S.C. 653a(b), (c); Family Code 234.101–.105; 1 TAC 55, Subch. I			
Social Security Numbers	A board shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of the social secu- rity number of an employee of the district as an employee identifier other than for tax purposes. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See DBA]			
Federal Law	A district shall not deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privi- lege provided by law because of the individual's refusal to disclose his or her social security number.			
Exceptions	The federal law does not apply to:			

	 Any disclosure that is required by federal statute. The United States Internal Revenue Code provides that the social secu- rity number issued to an individual for purposes of federal in- come tax laws shall be used as the identifying number for tax- payers; 			
	 Any disclosure to a district maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such dis- closure was required under statute or regulation adopted be- fore such date to verify the identity of an individual; or 			
	3. Any use for the purposes of establishing the identity of individ- uals affected by any tax, general public assistance, driver's li- cense, or motor vehicle registration law within a district's juris- diction.			
Statement of Uses	A district that requests disclosure of a social security number shall inform that individual whether the disclosure is mandatory or volun- tary, by what statutory authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it.			
	Privacy Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-579, Sec. 7, 88 Stat. 1896, 1897 (1974)			
Employment Assistance Prohibited Federal Law	A district that receives Title I funds shall have regulations or poli- cies that prohibit any individual who is a school employee, contrac- tor, or agent, or a district, from assisting a school employee in ob- taining a new job, apart from the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files, if the individual or district knows, or has probable cause to believe, that such school employee en- gaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.			
	This requirement shall not apply if the information giving rise to probable cause has been properly reported to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct; and has been properly reported to any other authorities as required by federal, state, or local law, including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and the implementing regulations under Part 106 of Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations, or any succeeding regulations; and:			
	1. The matter has been officially closed or the prosecutor or po- lice with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct has investi- gated the allegations and notified school officials that there is insufficient information to establish probable cause that the school employee engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in violation of the law;			

	2.	The school employee has been charged with and acquitted or otherwise exonerated of the alleged misconduct; or		
	3.	The case or investigation remains open and there have been no charges filed against, or indictment of, the school em- ployee within four years of the date on which the information was reported to a law enforcement agency.		
	20	U.S.C 7926 [See also CJ]		
State Law		SBEC may suspend or revoke a certificate, impose other sanctions against the person, or refuse to issue a certificate to the person if:		
	1.	The person assists another person in obtaining employment at a school district, private school, or open-enrollment charter school, other than by the routine transmission of administra- tive and personnel files; and		
	2.	The person knew that the other person has previously en- gaged in sexual misconduct with a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.		
	The commissioner may require a school district to revoke or de- cline to issue a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055 issued to or requested by a person subject to SBEC action above.			
	Edι	ucation Code 21.0581; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(13)		

	Not	e:	For a detailed treatment of termination and nonrenewal of educator contracts, see policies DFAA and DFAB (Probationary Contracts), and DFBA and DFBB (Term Contracts).
Withholding Information	to w cha	rithho rge oi	pt by any district employee to encourage or coerce a child ld information from the child's parent is grounds for dis- r suspension under Education Code 21.104 (probationary) and 21.211 (term contracts). <i>Education Code 26.008(b)</i>
Registry of Persons Not Eligible for Employment	othe serv liste	er cha vices a d on	district of innovation, open-enrollment charter school, inter entity, regional education service center, or shared arrangement shall discharge or refuse to hire a person TEA's registry of persons who are not eligible to be em- See DBAA] <i>Education Code 22.092</i>
Discharge of Convicted Employees	for e	emplo ory re	shall discharge or refuse to hire an employee or applicant syment if the district obtains information through a criminal cord information (CHRI) review that the employee or ap- as been:
	1.	sup	victed of or placed on deferred adjudication community ervision for an offense requiring registration as a sex of- ler under Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 62; or
	2.	Con	victed of:
		a.	A felony under Title 5, Penal Code, if the victim of the of- fense was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed; or
		b.	An offense under the laws of another state or federal law that is equivalent to an offense under item 1 or 2a, above.
Exception			a district is not required to discharge an employee if the ommitted an offense under Title 5, Penal Code, and:
	1.		date of the offense is more than 30 years before the date person's employment will begin; and
	2.		employee satisfied all terms of the court order entered on viction.
Certification to Commissioner			ool year, a superintendent shall certify to the commis- at the district has complied with the above provisions.
Sanctions	san	ction	e Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may impose a on an educator who does not discharge an employee employee was employed in a public school and on the
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			1 of 5

	catio ploy pria 21.0 thro plac	on Co ree ha te rela 009(e) ugh a red or	f persons who are not eligible to be employed under Edu- de 22.092 [see DBAA], if the educator knew that the em- ad been adjudicated for or convicted of having an inappro- ationship with a minor in accordance with Education Code), or when the person knew or should have known, CHRI review, that the employee has been convicted of or a deferred adjudication community supervision for an of- scribed above.
	inac plied	curat	ay impose a sanction on a superintendent who falsely or ely certified to the commissioner that the district had com- Education Code 22.085. [See Certification to Commis- pove]
Termination for Failure to Disclose	mat mea clos con	ion of anor in e to S sidere	may discharge an employee if the district obtains infor- the employee's conviction of a felony or of a misde- nvolving moral turpitude that the employee did not dis- BEC or the district. An employee so discharged is ed to have been discharged for misconduct for purposes Code 207.044 (unemployment compensation).
			n Code 22.085; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(12), (14) [See DBAA for D Hire Convicted Applicants]
Certain Offenses Against Students Mandatory Termination	If a district receives notice that SBEC has revoked the certir a person based on conviction of or placement on deferred a cation community supervision for an offense for which the p required to register as a sex offender under Code of Crimin cedure, Chapter 62, or a conviction of a felony under Penal Title 5 if the victim of the offense was under 18 years of age time the offense was committed, the district shall:		based on conviction of or placement on deferred adjudi- mmunity supervision for an offense for which the person is to register as a sex offender under Code of Criminal Pro- Chapter 62, or a conviction of a felony under Penal Code the victim of the offense was under 18 years of age at the
	1.	revo plica	ediately remove the person whose certificate has been ked from campus or from an administrative office, as ap- able, to prevent the person from having any contact with a ent; and
	2.		e person is employed under a probationary or term con- t, with the approval of the board or its designee:
		a.	Suspend the person without pay;
		b.	Provide the person with written notice that the person's contract is void [see Notice to Employee, below]; and
		C.	Terminate the employment of the person as soon as practicable.
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.058(a), (c)

Discretionary Termination	und ceiv not	district becomes aware that a person employed by the district er a probationary or term contract has been convicted of or re- ved deferred adjudication for a felony offense, and the person is subject to the mandatory termination provision above, the dis- may, with the approval of the board or its designee:	
	1.	Suspend the person without pay;	
	2.	Provide the person with written notice that the person's con- tract is void [see Notice to Employee, below]; and	
	3.	Terminate the employment of the person as soon as practica- ble.	
	Edu	ication Code 21.058(c-1)	
Notice to Employee	prov tice tion	erson's probationary or term contract is void if, with the apval of the board or its designee, the district provides written no- to the person, under the mandatory or discretionary termina- provisions above, that the person's contract is void. <i>Education</i> <i>de 21.058(c-2)</i>	
No Appeal	Action taken by a district under the mandatory or discretionary ter- minations provisions above is not subject to appeal under Educa- tion Code Chapter 21 and the notice and hearing requirements of Chapter 21 do not apply to the action. <i>Education Code 21.058(e)</i>		
Invalid or Expired Certification	An employee's probationary or term contract is void if the employee:		
	1.	Does not hold a valid certificate or permit issued by SBEC;	
	2.	Fails to fulfill the requirements necessary to renew or extend the employee's temporary, probationary, or emergency certifi- cate or any other certificate or permit issued under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or	
	3.	Fails to comply with any requirement under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C [criminal history review, see DBAA], if the failure results in suspension or revocation of the employee's certificate.	
	Education Code 21.0031(a)		
	A certificate or permit is not considered to have expired if:		
	1.	The employee has completed the requirements for renewal of the certificate or permit;	
	2.	The employee submitted the request for renewal before the expiration date; and	

	3.	The date the certificate or permit would have expired is before the date SBEC takes action to approve the renewal of the cer- tificate or permit.			
	Edu	ication Code 21.0031(f)			
District's Options		If a district has knowledge that an employee's contract is void un- der Education Code 21.0031(a), the district may:			
	1.	Terminate the employee;			
	2.	Suspend the employee with or without pay; or			
	3.	Retain the employee for the remainder of the school year on an at-will employment basis in a position that does not require a contract under Education Code 21.002, at the employee's existing rate of pay or at a reduced rate.			
		e employee is not entitled to the minimum salary prescribed by acation Code 21.402.			
	Education Code 21.0031(b)				
Exception	A district may not terminate or suspend an employee under 21.0031(b) because of the employee's lack of a valid certificate or permit, or failure to renew or extend a certificate or permit, if:				
	1.	The employee requests an extension from SBEC to renew, extend, or otherwise validate the employee's certificate or permit; and			
	2.	Not later than the tenth day after the date the contract is void, the employee takes necessary measures to renew, extend, or otherwise validate the employee's certificate or permit, as de- termined by SBEC.			
	Edu	ication Code 21.0031(b-1)			
No Appeal or Chapter 21 Hearing	sub tice	chool district's decision under Education Code 21.0031(b) is not ject to appeal under Education Code Chapter 21, and the no- and hearing requirements of that chapter do not apply to the ision. <i>Education Code 21.0031</i>			
Applicability	dies ply t tead	ese void contract provisions do not affect the rights and reme- s of a party in an at-will employment relationship and do not ap- to a certified teacher assigned to teach a subject for which the cher is not certified. <i>Education Code 21.0031; <u>Nunez v. Simms</u></i> , <i>F.3d 385 (5th Cir. 2003)</i>			
Report to SBEC		uperintendent shall report the educator's termination to SBEC if conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DHB]			

Bellville	ISD
008901	

Report to Superintendent	A principal shall report the educator's termination to the superinten- dent if the conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DP]
Falsification of Military Record	A district may discharge an employee, regardless of whether the employee is employed under an employment contract, if the district determines, based on a reasonable factual basis, that the em- ployee, in obtaining the employee's employment or any benefit re- lating to the employee's employment, falsified or otherwise misrep- resented any information regarding the employee's military record in a manner that would constitute an offense under Penal Code 32.54.
	An employment contract entered into by a district with an employee discharged by the employer under Labor Code Chapter 105 is void and unenforceable as against public policy. [See DF series]

Labor Code Ch. 105

	Note	e:	The provisions of this policy apply to a district of innova- tion under Education Code, Chapter 12A. [See AF]
Definitions	"Abu	use" h	as the meaning assigned by Family Code 261.001(1).
	distri vices State	ict of s arra e Boa	e" means a person who is employed by a school district, innovation, charter school, service center, or shared ser- ngement and does not hold a certification issued by the rd for Educator Certification (SBEC) under Education apter 21, Subchapter B.
	19 T.	TAC 1	53.1201(b), (d)
Misconduct of Noncertified Employees		hold c	Code 22.093 applies to a district employee who does ertification issued by SBEC or a school district teaching
Notice to TEA of Termination or Resignation	miss busin a pri from	sioner ness incipa i empl	who serves as the superintendent shall notify the com- of education in writing by filing a report within seven days of the date the person either receives a report from I or knew that an employee was terminated or resigned loyment and there is evidence that the employee commit- the following acts:
	1.		sed or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student inor; or
	2.		involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- ed in sexual contact with a student or minor.
Principal Notification	later	⁻ than ated fo	who serves as principal must notify the superintendent no seven business days after an employee resigns or is ter- plowing an alleged incident of misconduct described
Investigation	there gage	e is re ed in r tion fr	tendent shall complete an investigation of an employee if asonable cause to believe the employee may have en- misconduct described above, despite the employee's res- rom district employment before completion of the investi-
Form of Report	The	repor	t must include:
	1.		name or names of any student or minor who is the victim ouse or unlawful conduct by an employee;
	2.		factual circumstances requiring the report and the subject e report by providing the following available information:

	a.	Name and any aliases and certificate number, if any, or social security number;
	b.	Last known mailing address and home and daytime phone numbers;
	C.	All available contact information for any alleged victim or victims;
	d.	Name or names and any available contact information of any relevant witnesses to the circumstances requiring the report;
	e.	Current employment status of the subject, including any information about proposed termination, notice of resignation, or pending employment actions; and
	f.	Involvement by a law enforcement or other agency, in- cluding the name of the agency.
		e of the student or minor is not public information under c Information Act (PIA).
Notice to the Board and Employee	A superin ing of the	tendent shall notify the board and the employee of the fil- report.
Immunity	an official	tendent or principal who in good faith and while acting in capacity files a report or makes a notification is immune or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or im-
Sanctions for Failure to Report	to SBEC,	nissioner shall refer an educator who fails to file a report which will determine whether to impose sanctions ne educator.
Criminal Offense	timely file	tendent commits an offense if the superintendent fails to the report with intent to conceal an employee's criminal alleged incident of misconduct.
		al commits an offense if the principal fails to timely provide h intent to conceal an employee's alleged incident of mis-
	An offens	e under Education Code 22.093(k) is a state jail felony.
Review of District Records		nissioner may review district records to ensure compli- the requirement to report misconduct.
	Educatior	n Code 22.093; 19 TAC 153.1203

Solicitation of Sexual Conduct	"Solicitation of sexual conduct" means deliberate or repeate that can be reasonably interpreted as the solicitation by an ployee of a relationship with a student that is sexual in natu- licitation of sexual conduct is often characterized by a stron- tional or sexual attachment and/or by patterns of exclusivity does not include appropriate relationships that arise out of mate contexts such as familial connections or longtime acq ance. The following acts, considered in context, may consti- prima facie evidence of the solicitation by an employee of se conduct with a student:			
	1.	stude evide state be co	avior, gestures, expressions, or communications with a ent that are unrelated to the employee's job duties and ence a sexual intent or interest in the student, including ements of love, affection, or attraction. Factors that may onsidered in determining the intent of such communica- a or behavior, include, without limitation:	
		a.	The nature of the communications;	
		b.	The timing of the communications;	
		C.	The extent of the communications;	
		d.	Whether the communications were made openly or se- cretly;	
		e.	The extent that the employee attempts to conceal the communications;	
		f.	If the employee claims to be counseling a student, the commissioner of education may consider whether the employee's job duties included counseling, whether the employee reported the subject of the counseling to the student's guardians or to the appropriate school person- nel, or, in the case of alleged abuse or neglect, whether the employee reported the abuse or neglect to the ap- propriate authorities; and	
		g.	Any other evidence tending to show the context of the communications between employee and student;	
	2.	ating ages	ing inappropriate comments about a student's body, cre- g or transmitting sexually suggestive photographs or im- s, or encouraging the student to transmit sexually sugges- photographs or images;	
	3.	Maki	ing sexually demeaning comments to a student;	

4. Making comments about a student's potential sexual performance;

- 5. Requesting details of a student's sexual history;
- 6. Requesting a date, sexual contact, or any activity intended for the sexual gratification of the employee;
- 7. Engaging in conversations regarding the sexual problems, preferences, or fantasies of either party;
- 8. Inappropriate hugging, kissing, or excessive touching;
- 9. Providing the student with drugs or alcohol;
- 10. Violating written directives from school administrators regarding the employee's behavior toward a student;
- 11. Suggestions that a romantic relationship is desired after the student graduates, including post-graduation plans for dating or marriage; and
- 12. Any other acts tending to show that the employee solicited sexual conduct with a student.

19 TAC 153.1201(a)

EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT SEARCHES AND ALCOHOL/DRUG TESTING

Searches—General Rule	Citizens, including district employees, have a right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures. <i>U.S. Const. Amendment IV; Tex. Const. Art. I, Sec. 9</i>		
	A distric	t may search an employee or an employee's property if:	
	tur	ere are reasonable grounds to believe that the search will n up evidence that the employee is guilty of work-related sconduct; and	
		e search is reasonably related in scope to the circum- nces that justified the interference in the first place.	
		<u>or v. Ortega</u> , 480 U.S. 709 (1987); <u>New Jersey v. T.L.O.</u> , 3. 325 (1985)	
	investig grounds employe	on, a district may search an employee's workplace for non- atory, work-related purposes, if there are reasonable to believe that the search will turn up evidence that the e is guilty of work-related misconduct. <u>O'Connor v. Ortega</u> , 7. 709 (1987)	
Drug/Alcohol Testing	drug us	rrine, and breath tests of public employees to determine e are searches under the Fourth Amendment of the U.S. ition. <u>Skinner v. Railway Labor Executives Ass'n</u> , 489 U.S. 89)	
Random Drug Testing	dividual needs tl <u>Railway</u>	t may conduct drug tests, without a warrant and without in- zed suspicion, when the test serves special governmental nat outweigh the individual's privacy expectation. <u>Skinner v.</u> <u>Labor Executives Ass'n</u> , 489 U.S. 602 (1989); <u>Nat'l Treas-</u> ployees Union v. Von Raab, 489 U.S. 656 (1989)	
Safety-Sensitive Positions	tive" pos search i testing p of stude the hand stances	a alcohol and drug testing of employees in "safety-sensi- sitions may be permissible when the intrusiveness of the s minimal and a board is able to demonstrate that the drug- program furthers its interest in ensuring the physical safety nts. "Safety-sensitive" positions include those that involve dling of potentially dangerous equipment or hazardous sub- in an environment including a large number of children. <u>v. Sch. Bd. of LaFayette Parish</u> , 148 F.3d 559 (5th Cir.	
	Note:	The following testing requirements apply to employees who operate commercial motor vehicles and are subject to commercial driver's license requirements in accord- ance with federal regulations.	

EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT SEARCHES AND ALCOHOL/DRUG TESTING

Testing of Drivers	tions cont	strict shall conduct testing, in accordance with federal regula- s, of commercial motor vehicle operators for use of alcohol or a rolled substance that violates law or federal regulation. <i>J.S.C. 31306; 49 C.F.R. Part 382</i>			
Commercial Motor Vehicle Defined	A commercial motor vehicle is defined as a motor vehicle used to transport passengers or property that:				
	1.	Has a gross combination weight rating of 26,001 or more pounds inclusive of a towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 10,000 pounds;			
	2.	Has a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,001 or more pounds; or			
	3.	Is designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver.			
	49 C	C.F.R. 382.107			
Testing Procedures	ing c	A district shall ensure that all alcohol or controlled substances testing conducted under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 complies with the procedures set forth in 49 C.F.R. Part 40. <i>49 C.F.R. 382.105</i>			
	sepa prior	Department of Transportation (DOT) tests must be completely arate from non-DOT tests in all respects. DOT tests must take ity and must be conducted and completed before a non-DOT is begun. <i>49 C.F.R. 40.13</i>			
Tests Required	Req	uired DOT testing includes:			
	1.	Pre-employment controlled substance tests required under 49 C.F.R. 382.301 [see DBAA];			
	2.	Post-accident alcohol or controlled substance tests required under 49 C.F.R. 382.303;			
	3.	Random alcohol or controlled substances tests required un- der 49 C.F.R. 382.305;			
	4.	Reasonable suspicion alcohol or controlled substance tests required under 49 C.F.R. 382.307;			
	5.	Return-to-duty alcohol or controlled substances tests required under 49 C.F.R. 382.309; or			
	6.	Follow-up alcohol or controlled substance tests required un- der 49 C.F.R. 382.311.			
No Refusal	shall	Iriver shall refuse to submit to a required DOT test. A district not permit a driver who refuses to submit to such tests to per- or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.			
	49 C	C.F.R. 382.211			

EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT SEARCHES AND ALCOHOL/DRUG TESTING DHE (LEGAL)

Education and Treatment	A district is not required to provide an evaluation by a substance abuse professional or any subsequent recommended education or treatment for an employee who has violated a drug and alcohol regulation of the DOT.
	However, if a district offers an employee an opportunity to return to a safety-sensitive duty following a violation, the district must, be- fore the employee again performs that duty, ensure that the em- ployee receives an evaluation by a substance abuse professional and that the employee successfully complies with the profes- sional's evaluation recommendations.
	49 C.F.R. 40.289
Return-to-Duty Testing	If a district permits an employee who has violated a DOT drug and alcohol regulation to return to safety-sensitive functions, the district must ensure that the employee takes a return-to-duty test. This test cannot occur until after the substance abuse professional has de- termined that the employee has successfully complied with pre- scribed education and/or treatment. The employee must have a negative drug test result and/or an alcohol test with an alcohol con- centration of less than 0.02 before resuming performance of safety-sensitive duties.
	A district is not required to return an employee to safety-sensitive duties because the employee has met the conditions described in the preceding paragraph. Return-to-duty is a personnel decision that the district has the discretion to make subject to legal require- ments.
	49 C.F.R. 40.305(a)–(b)
Educational Materials	A district shall provide educational materials that explain the fed- eral requirements and the district's policies and procedures with re- spect to meeting the requirements. The district shall ensure that a copy of these materials is distributed to each driver before the start of alcohol and controlled substances testing under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 and to each driver subsequently hired or transferred into a po- sition that requires driving a commercial motor vehicle. Written no- tice to representatives of employee organizations of the availability of this information shall also be provided. The materials shall in- clude detailed discussion of at least the items listed at 49 C.F.R. 382.601. 49 C.F.R. 382.601
Reports	A district required by federal safety regulations to conduct alcohol and drug testing of an employee who holds a commercial driver's license shall report the following information to the Department of Public Safety:

EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT SEARCHES AND ALCOHOL/DRUG TESTING

- A valid positive result on an alcohol or drug test and whether the specimen producing the result was a dilute specimen. "Valid positive result" means an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater on an alcohol confirmation test, or a result at or above the cutoff concentration levels listed in 49 C.F.R. 40.87 on a confirmation drug test. "Dilute specimen" means a specimen with creatinine and specific gravity values that are lower than expected for human urine.
- 2. A refusal to provide a specimen for an alcohol or drug test.
- 3. An adulterated specimen or substituted specimen, as defined at 49 C.F.R. 40.3, on an alcohol or drug test.

For purposes of this requirement, the term "employee" includes applicants for employment subject to pre-employment testing.

Transp. Code 644.251-.252; 49 C.F.R. 40.3

EMPLOYEE WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	RIMINATI	DIA ON, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LEGAL)
	Note:	This policy addresses the prohibition against harassment of employees. For legally referenced material relating to employee discrimination and retaliation, see DAA(LE- GAL).
		For provisions related to harassment of students, includ- ing the district's response to sexual harassment as de- fined by Title IX, see FFH.
Criminal Offense— Official Oppression	employn	servant acting under color of the public servant's office or nent commits an offense if the public servant intentionally another to sexual harassment.
	employn	servant acts under color of the public servant's office or nent if the person acts or purports to act in an official ca- takes advantage of such actual or purported capacity.
	quests fo sexual n a persor	harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, re- or sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a ature, submission to which is made a term or condition of a's exercise or enjoyment of any right, privilege, power, or y, either explicitly or implicitly.
	Penal C	ode 39.03(a)(3), (b), (c)
Harassment of Employees Prohibited	of the fe duty, und assment	nent on the basis of a protected characteristic is a violation deral anti-discrimination laws. A district has an affirmative der Title VII, to maintain a working environment free of har- on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, and national 2 U.S.C. 2000e, et seq.; 29 C.F.R. 1606.8(a), 1604.11
	sive to a	nent violates Title VII if it is sufficiently severe and perva- Iter the conditions of employment. <u><i>Pennsylvania State Po-</i></u> uders, 542 U.S. 129 (2004)
	workplac not auto words us	does not prohibit all verbal and physical harassment in the ce. For example, harassment between men and women is matically unlawful sexual harassment merely because the sed have sexual content or connotations. <u>Oncale v. Sun-Offshore Services, Inc.</u> , 523 U.S. 75 (1998)
	status vi employn	n employee on the basis of homosexuality or transgender olates Title VII's prohibition against sex discrimination in nent. <u>Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia</u> , 17-1618, 2020 5686, (U.S. June 15, 2020)
Hostile Environment		r physical conduct based on a person's sex, race, color, re- r national origin constitutes unlawful harassment when the
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	1 of 3

	1.	Has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment;
	2.	Has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance; or
	3.	Otherwise adversely affects an individual's employment op- portunities.
	Railı	<u>nsylvania State Police v. Suders</u> , 542 U.S. 129 (2004); <u>Nat'l</u> road Passenger Corp. v. Morgan, 536 U.S. 101 (2002); <u>Meritor</u> ings Bank v. Vinson, 477 U.S. 57 (1986); 29 C.F.R. 1604.11, 5.8
Quid Pro Quo	Con	duct of a sexual nature also constitutes harassment when:
	1.	Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implic- itly a term or condition of an individual's employment; or
	2.	Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting the individual.
	29 C	C.F.R. 1604.11(a)
Same-Sex Sexual Harassment		ne-sex sexual harassment constitutes sexual harassment. ale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc., 523 U.S. 75 (1998)
Harassment Policy	men pres form of ha	strict should take all steps necessary to prevent sexual harass- t from occurring, such as affirmatively raising the subject, ex- sing strong disapproval, developing appropriate penalties, in- ing employees of their right to raise and how to raise the issue arassment under Title VII, and developing methods to sensitize oncerned. 29 C.F.R. 1604.11(f)
Corrective Action	emp perv unle	strict is responsible for acts of unlawful harassment by fellow loyees and by nonemployees if the district, its agents, or its su- isory employees knew or should have known of the conduct, ss the district takes immediate and appropriate corrective ac- 29 C.F.R. 1604.11(d), (e), 1606.8(d), (e)
		en no tangible employment action is taken, a district may raise following affirmative defense:
	1.	That the district exercised reasonable care to prevent and promptly correct any harassing behavior; and
	2.	That the employee unreasonably failed to take advantage of any preventive or corrective opportunities provided by the em- ployer or to avoid harm otherwise.
	Burl	<u>ington Industries, Inc. v. Ellerth</u> , 524 U.S. 742 (1998); <u>Faragher</u> <u>ity of Boca Raton</u> , 524 U.S. 775 (1998)

Bellville ISD 008901	
EMPLOYEE WELFARE	DIA
FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	(LEGAL)

Harassment of Unpaid Interns A district commits an unlawful employment practice if sexual harassment of an unpaid intern occurs and the district or its agents or supervisors know or should have known that the conduct constituting sexual harassment was occurring, and fail to take immediate and appropriate corrective action. *Labor Code 21.1065*

	Note:	This policy addresses discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against District employees. For Title IX and other provisions regarding discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against students, see FFH. For reporting requirements related to child abuse and neglect, see FFG.	
Definitions		or purposes of this policy, the term "employee" includes for- ployees, applicants for employment, and unpaid interns.	
Statement of Nondiscrimination	any em origin, a tion aga	strict prohibits discrimination, including harassment, against ployee on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national age, disability, or any other basis prohibited by law. Retalia- ainst anyone involved in the complaint process is a violation ict policy and is prohibited.	
Discrimination	Discrimination against an employee is defined as conduct directed at an employee on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or any other basis prohibited by law, that ad- versely affects the employee's employment.		
	discrim	rdance with law, discrimination on the basis of sex includes ination on the basis of biological sex, gender identity, sexual ion, gender stereotypes, or any other prohibited basis re- sex.	
Prohibited Conduct	harassi	policy, the term "prohibited conduct" includes discrimination, ment, and retaliation as defined by this policy, even if the be- does not rise to the level of unlawful conduct.	
		ted conduct also includes sexual harassment as defined by [See FFH(LEGAL)]	
Prohibited Harassment	bal, or gion, se ited by	ted harassment of an employee is defined as physical, ver- nonverbal conduct based on an employee's race, color, reli- ex, national origin, age, disability, or any other basis prohib- law, when the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive conduct:	
		as the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with the nployee's work performance;	
		eates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or offensive work avironment; or	
		herwise adversely affects the employee's performance, en- conment, or employment opportunities.	
Examples	•	es of prohibited harassment may include offensive or de- y language directed at another person's religious beliefs or	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 DIA(LOCAL)-B		1 of 7	

EMPLOYEE WELFARE	
FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	

	practices, accent, skin color, gender identity, or need for workplace accommodation; threatening or intimidating conduct; offensive jokes, name calling, slurs, or rumors; cyberharassment; physical aggression or assault; display of graffiti or printed material promot- ing racial, ethnic, or other negative stereotypes; or other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property.	
Sex-Based Harassment	As required by law, the District shall follow the procedures below at Response to Sexual Harassment—Title IX upon a report of sex- based harassment, including sexual harassment, when such alle- gations, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX. [See FFH(LEGAL)]	
Sexual Harassment	Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination defined as un- welcome sexual advances; requests for sexual favors; sexually motivated physical, verbal, or nonverbal conduct; or other conduct or communication of a sexual nature when:	
	 Submission to the conduct is either explicitly or implicitly a condition of an employee's employment, or when submission to or rejection of the conduct is the basis for an employment action affecting the employee; or 	
	2. The conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with the em- ployee's work performance or creates an intimidating, threat- ening, hostile, or offensive work environment.	
Examples	Examples of sexual harassment may include sexual advances; touching intimate body parts; coercing or forcing a sexual act on another; jokes or conversations of a sexual nature; and other sex- ually motivated conduct, contact, or communication, including elec- tronic communication.	
Reporting Procedures	Any employee who believes that he or she has experienced pro- hibited conduct or believes that another employee has experienced prohibited conduct should immediately report the alleged acts. The employee may report the alleged acts to his or her supervisor or campus principal.	
	Alternatively, the employee may report the alleged acts to one of the District officials below.	
Definition of District Officials	For the purposes of this policy, District officials are the Title IX coor- dinator, the ADA/Section 504 coordinator, and the Superintendent.	
Title IX Coordinator	Reports of discrimination based on sex, including sexual harass- ment, may be directed to the designated Title IX coordinator. [See DIA(EXHIBIT)]	

DIA (LOCAL)

Bellville ISD 008901		
EMPLOYEE WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LC		
ADA / Section 504 Coordinator	Reports of discrimination based on disability may be directed to the designated ADA/Section 504 coordinator. [See DIA(EXHIBIT)]	
Superintendent	The Superintendent shall serve as coordinator for purposes of Dis- trict compliance with all other nondiscrimination laws.	
Alternative Reporting Procedures	An employee shall not be required to report prohibited conduct to the person alleged to have committed the conduct. Reports con- cerning prohibited conduct, including reports against the Title IX coordinator or ADA/Section 504 coordinator, may be directed to the Superintendent.	
	A report against the Superintendent may be made directly to the Board. If a report is made directly to the Board, the Board shall appoint an appropriate person to conduct an investigation.	
Timely Reporting	To ensure the District's prompt investigation, reports of prohibited conduct shall be made as soon as possible after the alleged act or knowledge of the alleged act.	
Notice of Report	Any District supervisor who receives a report of prohibited conduct shall immediately notify the appropriate District official listed above and take any other steps required by this policy.	
	Any District employee who receives a report of prohibited conduct based on sex, including sexual harassment, shall immediately no- tify the Title IX coordinator.	
Investigation of Reports Other Than Title IX	The following procedures apply to all allegations of prohibited con- duct other than allegations of harassment prohibited by Title IX. [See FFH(LEGAL)] For allegations of sex-based harassment that, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Ti- tle IX, see the procedures below at Response to Sexual Harass- ment—Title IX.	
	The District may request, but shall not require, a written report. If a report is made orally, the District official shall reduce the report to written form.	
Initial Assessment	Upon receipt or notice of a report, the District official shall deter- mine whether the allegations, if proved, would constitute prohibited conduct as defined by this policy. If so, the District shall immedi- ately authorize or undertake an investigation, regardless of whether a criminal or regulatory investigation regarding the same or similar allegations is pending.	
Interim Action	If appropriate, the District shall promptly take interim action calcu- lated to prevent prohibited conduct during the course of an investi- gation.	

Bellville ISD 008901		
EMPLOYEE WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	DIA RIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LOCAL)	
District Investigation	The investigation may be conducted by the District official or a de- signee, such as the campus principal, or by a third party desig- nated by the District, such as an attorney. When appropriate, the principal or supervisor shall be involved in or informed of the inves- tigation.	
	The investigation may consist of personal interviews with the per- son making the report, the person against whom the report is filed, and others with knowledge of the circumstances surrounding the allegations. The investigation may also include analysis of other in- formation or documents related to the allegations.	
Concluding the Investigation	Absent extenuating circumstances, the investigation should be completed within ten District business days from the date of the re- port; however, the investigator shall take additional time if neces- sary to complete a thorough investigation.	
	The investigator shall prepare a written report of the investigation. The report shall be filed with the District official overseeing the in- vestigation.	
District Action	If the results of an investigation indicate that prohibited conduct oc- curred, the District shall promptly respond by taking appropriate disciplinary or corrective action reasonably calculated to address the conduct.	
	The District may take action based on the results of an investiga- tion, even if the conduct did not rise to the level of prohibited or un- lawful conduct.	
Confidentiality	To the greatest extent possible, the District shall respect the privacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed, and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation and comply with applicable law.	
Appeal	A complainant who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the investi- gation may appeal through DGBA(LOCAL), beginning at the appro- priate level.	-
	The complainant may have a right to file a complaint with appropri- ate state or federal agencies.	
Response to Sexual Harassment—Title IX	For purposes of the District's response to reports of harassment prohibited by Title IX, definitions can be found in FFH(LEGAL).	
General Response	When the District receives notice or an allegation of conduct that, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX, the Title IX coordinator shall promptly contact the complainant to:	

	•	Discuss the availability of supportive measures and inform the complainant that they are available, with or without the filing of a formal complaint;
	•	Consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures; and
	•	Explain to the complainant the option and process for filing a formal complaint.
	ants both com	District's response to sexual harassment shall treat complain- s and respondents equitably by offering supportive measures to n parties, as appropriate, and by following the Title IX formal nplaint process before imposing disciplinary sanctions or other ons that are not supportive measures against a respondent.
	ves	formal complaint is not filed, the District reserves the right to in- tigate and respond to prohibited conduct in accordance with and policies and administrative procedures.
Title IX Formal Complaint Process	eral fers spo	distinguish the process described below from the District's gen- grievance policies [see DGBA, FNG, and GF], this policy re- to the grievance process required by Title IX regulations for re- nding to formal complaints of sexual harassment as the trict's "Title IX formal complaint process."
	mal FFF Dist trict	Superintendent shall ensure the development of a Title IX for- complaint process that complies with legal requirements. [See H(LEGAL)] The formal complaint process shall be posted on the crict's website. In compliance with Title IX regulations, the Dis- 's Title IX formal complaint process shall address the following ic requirements:
	1.	Equitable treatment of complainants and respondents;
	2.	An objective evaluation of all relevant evidence;
	3.	A requirement that the Title IX coordinator, investigator, deci- sion-maker, or any person designated to facilitate an informal resolution process not have a conflict of interest or bias;
	4.	A presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged sexual harassment until a determination is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process;
	5.	Time frames that provide for a reasonably prompt conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process, including time frames for appeals and any informal resolution process, and that al- low for temporary delays or the limited extension of time frames with good cause and written notice as required by law;

	6.	A description of the possible disciplinary sanctions and reme- dies that may be implemented following a determination of re- sponsibility for the alleged sexual harassment;
	7.	A statement of the standard of evidence to be used to deter- mine responsibility for all Title IX formal complaints of sexual harassment;
	8.	Procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal a determination of responsibility or a dismissal of a Title IX formal complaint or any allegations therein;
	9.	A description of the supportive measures available to the complainant and respondent;
	10.	A prohibition on using or seeking information protected under a legally recognized privilege unless the individual holding the privilege has waived the privilege;
	11.	Additional formal complaint procedures in 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b), including written notice of a formal complaint, consolidation of formal complaints, recordkeeping, and investigation procedures; and
	12.	Other local procedures as determined by the Superintendent.
Standard of Evidence	IX fo	standard of evidence used to determine responsibility in a Title ormal complaint of sexual harassment shall be the oonderance of the evidence.
Retaliation	clair or a men natio	District prohibits retaliation against an employee who makes a m alleging to have experienced discrimination or harassment, nother employee who, in good faith, makes a report of harass- at or discrimination, files a complaint of harassment or discrimi- on, serves as a witness, or otherwise participates or refuses to icipate in an investigation.
Examples	moti thre	mples of retaliation may include termination, refusal to hire, de- ion, and denial of promotion. Retaliation may also include ats, intimidation, coercion, unjustified negative evaluations, un- fied negative references, or increased surveillance.
Records Retention	and ance	District shall retain copies of allegations, investigation reports, related records regarding any prohibited conduct in accord- e with the District's records control schedules, but for no less the minimum amount of time required by law. [See CPC]
		Title IX recordkeeping and retention provisions, see FFH(LE- .) and the District's Title IX formal complaint process.]

Bellville ISD 008901		
EMPLOYEE WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	DIA (LOCAL)	
Access to Policy and	Information regarding this policy and any accompanyi	ng proce-

Access to Policy and ProceduresInformation regarding this policy and any accompanying procedures shall be distributed annually to District employees. Copies of the policy and procedures shall be posted on the District's website, to the extent practicable, and readily available at each campus and the District's administrative offices.

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT
REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Staff Development Educator	thar	e staff development provided by a district to an educator other n a principal must be conducted in accordance with standards eloped by the district and designed to improve education in the rict.		
Principal	The staff development provided by a district to a principal shall be governed by Education Code 21.3541 and rules adopted under that section. [See DNB]			
	Edu	ıcation Code 21.451(a), (a-1)		
Training Specifics— Educators	Staff development shall be predominantly campus-based, related to achieving campus performance objectives, and developed and approved by the campus-level committee.			
	A district may use district-wide staff development that has been de- veloped and approved through the district-level decision process. [See BQA and BQB, as appropriate]			
	Edu	Education Code 21.451(b), (c)		
Optional Training	Stat	ff development may include training in:		
	1.	Technology;		
	2.	Positive behavior intervention and support strategies, includ- ing classroom management, district discipline policies, and the Student Code of Conduct; and		
	3.	Digital learning.		
	Digi	tal learning training must:		
	1.	Discuss basic technology proficiency expectations and meth- ods to increase an educator's digital literacy; and		
	2.	Assist an educator in the use of digital technology in learning activities that improve teaching, assessment, and instructional practices.		
	Staff development may include instruction as to what is permissible under law, including opinions of the United States Supreme Court, regarding prayer in public school.			
	Education Code 21.451(d)(1), (d-3), (g)			
Required Training	Staff development must include training on:			
	1.	Suicide prevention;		
	2.	Recognizing signs of mental health conditions and substance abuse;		

		3.	Strategies for establishing and maintaining positive relation- ships among students, including conflict resolution;		
		4.	How grief and trauma affect student learning and behavior and how evidence-based, grief-informed, and trauma-in- formed strategies support the academic success of students affected by grief and trauma; and		
		5.	Preventing, identifying, responding to, and reporting incidents of bullying.		
		Required training above must be provided on an annual basis, as part of a new employee orientation, to all new school district edu- cators; and to existing school district educators on a schedule adopted by Texas Education Agency (TEA) rule. The training must use a best practice-based program recommended by TEA in coor- dination with the Health and Human Services Commission under Education Code 38.351 [see FFEB], and may include two or more topics listed together.			
		Education Code 21.451(d)(3), (d-1)			
Instruction of Students with Disabilities	Staff development must include training that is evidence-based, as defined by Section 8101, Every Student Succeeds Act (20 USC 7801), and that:				
		1.	Relates to the instruction of students with disabilities, includ- ing students with disabilities who also have other intellectual or mental health conditions; and		
		2.	Is designed for educators who work primarily outside the area of special education.		
		A district is required to provide the training to an educator who works primarily outside the area of special education only if the ed- ucator does not possess the knowledge and skills necessary to im- plement the individualized education program developed for a stu- dent receiving instruction from the educator. A district may determine the time and place at which the training is delivered.			
		with dent nong fied by th	eveloping or maintaining the training, a district must consult persons with expertise in research-based practices for stu- ts with disabilities, including colleges, universities, private and profit organizations, regional education service centers, quali- district personnel, and any other persons identified as qualified ne district, regardless of whether the training is provided at the pus or district level.		
		Edu	cation Code 21.451(d)(2), (e)–(f)		

Suicide Prevention	The required suicide prevention training may be satisfied through independent review of suicide prevention training material that complies with the guidelines developed by TEA and is offered online. <i>Education Code 21.451(d-2); 19 TAC 153.1013(d)</i>		
	Suicide prevention programs on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] must include components that provide for training school counselors, teachers, nurses, ad- ministrators, and other staff, as well as law enforcement officers and social workers who regularly interact with students, to:		
	 Recognize students at risk of attempting suicide, including students who are or may be the victims of or who engage in bullying; 		
	2. Recognize students displaying early warning signs and a pos- sible need for early mental health or substance abuse inter- vention, which warning signs may include declining academic performance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;		
	3. Intervene effectively with students described above by provid- ing notice and referral to a parent or guardian so appropriate action, such as seeking mental health or substance abuse services, may be taken by a parent or guardian; and		
	 Assist students in returning to school following treatment of a mental health concern or suicide attempt. 		
	A district shall provide training described in the components above for teachers, school counselors, principals, and all other appropri- ate personnel. A district is required to provide the training at an ele- mentary school campus only to the extent that sufficient funding and programs are available. A school district may implement a pro- gram on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] to satisfy this training requirement.		
	If a district provides the training, a district employee must partici- pate in the training at least one time; and the district shall maintain records that include the name of each district employee who partic- ipated in the training.		
	Education Code 38.351(e), (g), (h); 19 TAC 153.1013		
Staff Development Account	A district that receives resources from the commissioner of educa- tion's staff development account must pay to the commissioner for deposit in the account an amount equal to one-half of the cost of the resources provided to the district. <i>Education Code 21.453(c)</i>		

Child Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	sexi [see ing, trair sexi drer	strict's methods for increasing awareness of issues regarding ual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children e District Improvement Plan at BQ and Sexual Abuse, Traffick- and Maltreatment Policies and Programs at FFG] must include hing concerning prevention techniques for and recognition of ual abuse, sex trafficking, and all other maltreatment of chil- n, including the sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other mal- tment of children with significant cognitive disabilities.		
	to a ous	training must be provided as part of new employee orientation Il new employees and to existing district employees not previ- ly trained. The training may be included in staff development er Education Code 21.451.		
	The	training must include:		
	1.	Factors indicating a child is at risk for sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment;		
	2.	Warning signs indicating a child may be a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment;		
	3.	Internal procedures for seeking assistance for a child who is at risk for sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment, in- cluding referral to a school counselor, a social worker, or an- other mental health professional;		
	4.	Techniques for reducing a child's risk of sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment; and		
	5.	Information on community organizations that have relevant re- search-based programs and that are able to provide training or other education for district staff, students, and parents.		
	A district must maintain records that include the name of each sta member who participated in the training.			
	To the extent that resources are not yet available from TEA or the commissioner of education, districts shall implement the policies and trainings with existing or publicly available resources. The district may also work in conjunction with a community organization to provide the training at no cost to the district.			
	Education Code 38.0041(c)–(f); 19 TAC 61.1051(d)			
Trauma-Informed Care	trau	strict's efforts to increase awareness and implementation of ma-informed care must include training to new and existing bloyees. [See BQ, FFBA] <i>Education Code 38.036(c)</i>		

Student Discipline	stude tend Chap clude agen tion	nt discip professio ter 37, S training nent tech Code 37. ve a disr	I or other appropriate administrator who oversees line shall, at least once every three school years, at- onal development training regarding Education Code subchapter G. The professional development shall in- relating to the distinction between a discipline man- nique used at the principal's discretion under Educa- 002(a) and the discretionary authority of a teacher to uptive student under Education Code 37.002(b) [see			
	The professional development training may be provided in coordi- nation with an education service center through the use of distance learning methods, such as telecommunications networks, and us- ing available TEA resources.					
	Educ	Education Code 37.0181				
Test Administration Procedures	A district shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- ceive training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary skills and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- ments in a valid, standardized, and secure manner. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3031(c)</i>					
Cybersecurity Training	Employees identified by the district with access to a district com- puter system or database must complete a cybersecurity training program selected by the board. [See CQB] <i>Gov't Code</i> 2054.5191(a-1)					
Special Programs Training	A teacher shall attend a Texas adolescent literacy academy under 19 Administrative Code 102.1101 if:					
Texas Adolescent Literacy Academies	1.	reflects ι state sys	ther teaches at a campus that receives a rating that unacceptable performance and that fails to meet the stem safeguard performance target in reading for one student groups; and			
	01 8,		her teaches in general education, special education, h as a second language for students in grade 6, 7, or			
		anc anc	e teacher is a certified, full-time English language arts I reading teacher who instructs English language arts I/or reading for at least 50 percent of the teacher's in- actional duties; or			
		who	e teacher is a certified, full-time content area teacher o instructs mathematics, science, and/or social stud- for at least 50 percent of the teacher's instructional ies.			

	A teacher described above is required to complete the training not later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the rating that reflects unacceptable performance is assigned.				
	A teacher who is required to attend an academy is eligible for a teacher stipend upon completion of face-to-face training if funds have been appropriated and are available for that purpose. A teacher who completes online training is not eligible for a stipend.				
	The stipend shall not be considered in determining whether a dis- trict is paying the teacher the state minimum monthly salary [see DEA and DEAA].				
	Each school district with teachers required to attend and complete Texas adolescent reading academies must maintain records to ver- ify teacher attendance and completion in accordance with the dis- trict's record retention policy.				
	Education Code 21.4551(c), (e); 19 TAC 102.1101				
Teacher Literacy	A di	strict shall ensure that:			
Achievement Academies	1.	Not later than the 2021–22 school year, each classroom teacher in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade and each principal at a campus with kindergarten or first, second, or third grade has attended a teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Education Code 21.4552; and			
	2.	Each classroom teacher and each principal initially employed in a grade level or at a campus described above for the 2021– 22 school year or a subsequent school year has attended a teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Edu- cation Code 21.4552 before the teacher's or principal's first year of placement in that grade level or campus.			
	Education Code 28.0062(a)(2)				
	[See	e EHAB for kindergarten–grade 3 reading standards]			
Gifted and Talented	A di	A district shall ensure that:			
Education	1.	Before assignment to the program for gifted students, teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of the program have a minimum of 30 hours of staff development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students, assessment of student needs, and curriculum and instruction for gifted students.			
	2.	Teachers without the required training who provide instruction and services that are part of the gifted/talented program com- plete the 30-hour training requirement within one semester.			
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		6 of 9			

	3.	Teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of a program for gifted students receive a minimum of six hours annually of professional development in gifted education.		
	4.	Administrators and counselors who have authority for pro- gram decisions have a minimum of six hours of professional development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students and program options.		
	19 TAC 89.2			
Elective Bible Course	28.0 site whe mus ope	acher of an elective Bible course offered under Education Code 011 [see EMI] must hold a minimum of a High School Compo- Certification in language arts, social studies, or history with, re practical, a minor in religious or biblical studies. The teacher at successfully complete the staff development training devel- d by the commissioner with respect to Bible elective courses. <i>cation Code 28.011(f)</i>		
Automated External Defibrillators	A district shall annually make available to employees and volun- teers instruction in the principles and techniques of cardiopulmo- nary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrilla- tor (AED).			
	The instruction provided in the use of AEDs must meet guidelines for approved AED training under Health and Safety Code 779.002. Each school nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach or spon- sor, physical education instructor, marching band director, cheer- leading coach, and any other employee specified by the commis- sioner, and each student who serves as an athletic trainer, must:			
	1.	Participate in the instruction; and		
	2.	Receive and maintain certification in the use of an AED from the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a similar nationally recognized association.		
	Education Code 22.902			
Extracurricular Activity Safety	The following persons must satisfactorily complete an extracurricu- lar activity safety training program:			
Training	1.	A coach or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity;		
	2.	A trainer, unless the trainer has completed the educational re- quirements for licensure as a licensed athletic trainer set forth at 22 Administrative Code 871.7 and the continuing education requirements at 22 Administrative Code 871.12;		

	3.	A physician who is employed by a district or who volunteers to assist with an extracurricular athletic activity, unless the physi- cian attends a continuing medical education course that spe- cifically addresses emergency medicine; and			
	4.	A director responsible for a school marching band.			
		training must be conducted by the University Interscholastic gue (UIL) or by another organization as determined by the UIL.			
	Edu	cation Code 33.202(b), (e), (f); 19 TAC 76.1003			
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person employed by or volun- teering for the district who is required to receive safety training.				
	A campus that is determined by a superintendent to be out of com- pliance with the safety training requirements shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the UIL.				
	Education Code 33.206; 19 TAC 76.1003(e)				
Steroids	letic	strict shall require that each employee who serves as an ath- coach at or above the seventh grade level for an extracurricu- athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL complete:			
	1.	The educational program developed by the UIL regarding the health effects of steroids; or			
	2.	A comparable program developed by the district or a private entity with relevant expertise.			
	Edu	cation Code 33.091(c-1)			
Concussions	trair	east once every two years, the following employees shall take a ning course from an authorized provider in the subject matter of cussions:			
	1.	A coach of an interscholastic athletic activity shall take a course approved by the UIL.			
	2.	An athletic trainer who serves as a member of a district's con- cussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) or a course approved for continuing education credit by the licens- ing authority for athletic trainers.			
	3.	A school nurse or licensed health-care professional, other than an athletic trainer, who serves as a member of a district's concussion oversight team shall take a course approved by			

	the UIL, TDLR, or the appropriate licensing authority for the profession.		
	The employee must submit proof of timely completion of an ap- proved course to the superintendent or designee. A school nurse or licensed health-care professional who is not in compliance with these training requirements may not serve on a concussion over- sight team in any capacity. [See FM]		
	Education Code 38.158		
Seizure Recognition and Related First Aid	A school nurse employed by a district must complete a TEA-ap- proved online course of instruction for school nurses regarding managing students with seizure disorders that includes information about seizure recognition and related first aid.		
	A district employee, other than a school nurse, whose duties at the school include regular contact with students must complete a TEA-approved online course of instruction for school personnel regarding awareness of students with seizure disorders that includes information about seizure recognition and related first aid.		
	Education Code 38.033(a), (b)		
	[See FFAF for information about a seizure management and treat- ment plan.]		

Principal Qualifications		bard, by local policy, shall adopt qualifications for principals. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 11.202(c)</i>				
Certification	requ	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) rules establish the requirements for receiving a principal certificate and for first-time principals in Texas. <i>19 TAC Ch. 241</i>				
Duties	sha	principal shall be the instructional leader of the school and I be provided with adequate training and personnel assistance ssume that role. <i>Education Code 11.202(a)</i>				
	A pr	incipal shall:				
	1.	Approve all teacher and staff appointments for the campus. [See DK]				
	2.	Set specific education objectives for the campus, through the planning process.				
	3.	Develop budgets for the campus.				
	4.	Assume administrative responsibility and instructional leader- ship, under the supervision of the superintendent, for disci- pline at the campus.				
	5.	Assign, evaluate, and promote all personnel assigned to the campus.				
	6.	Recommend to the superintendent the termination, suspen- sion, or nonrenewal of an employee assigned to the campus.				
	7.	Perform any other duties assigned by the superintendent pur- suant to board policy.				
	8.	Regularly consult with the campus-level committee in the planning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the campus educational program. [See BQ series]				
	9.	Each school year, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, develop, review, and revise the campus improvement plan. [See BQ]				
	10.	(For high school principals only) Serve, or appoint someone to serve, as deputy registrar for the county in which the school is located. <i>Election Code 13.046</i>				
	Edu	cation Code 11.202(b), .253(c), (h) [See also DMA]				
Principal's Report to Superintendent		incipal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- b business day after the date:				
Educators	1.	Of an educator's termination of employment or resignation fol- lowing an alleged incident of misconduct under Education Code 21.006(b); or				
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 DP(LEGAL)-P)	1 of 6				

	2.	The principal knew about an educator's criminal record under Education Code 21.006(b)(1).			
	<i>Education Code 21.006(b-2); 19 TAC 249.14(e)</i> [See Required R ports at DHB(LEGAL)]				
Noncertified Employees	A principal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- enth business day after the date of a noncertified employee's termi- nation or resignation following allegations that the employee:				
	1.	Abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor; or			
	2.	Was involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- gaged in sexual contact with a student or minor.			
	<i>Edu</i> GAL	<i>cation Code 22.093(e)</i> [See Principal Notification at DHC(LE- _)]			
Sanctions and Administrative Penalty	SBEC determines whether to impose sanctions, including an ad- ministrative penalty, against a principal who fails to provide notifica- tion to a superintendent. <i>Education Code 21.006(f), 22.093(i); 19</i> <i>TAC 249.14(e), (h)</i>				
	tor's prov mini \$10 aga	principal is required to notify a superintendent about an educa- criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct and fails to vide the notice by the required date, SBEC may impose an ad- strative penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than ,000. SBEC may not renew the certification of an educator inst whom an administrative penalty is imposed until the pen- is paid. <i>Education Code 21.006 (i)</i>			
Criminal Offense	crim jail f date	incipal required to notify a superintendent about an employee's inal record or alleged incident of misconduct commits a state elony if the principal fails to provide the notice by the required with intent to conceal an educator's criminal record or alleged dent of misconduct. <i>Education Code 21.006(j), 22.093(k)</i>			
School Nurse Minimum Salary Schedule	edu vice tere and and	purposes of the minimum salary schedule, a school nurse is an cator employed to provide full-time nursing and health-care sers and who meets all the requirements to practice as a regisd nurse (RN) pursuant to the Nursing Practice Act and the rules regulations relating to professional nurse education, licensure, practice and has been issued a license to practice professional sing in Texas. <i>19 TAC 153.1022(a)(1)(D)</i>			
Licensed Vocational Nurse	sup	practice of vocational nursing must be performed under the ervision of an RN, physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, or tist. <i>Occupations Code 301.353</i>			

Bellville ISD 008901					
PERSONNEL POSITIO	TIONS DP (LEGAL)				
	-	sion is the process of directing, guiding, and influencing the of an individual's performance of an activity. <i>22 TAC 2)</i>			
Nursing Peer Review Committee	under th	peer review committee" includes a committee established e authority of the governing body of a political subdivision urpose of conducting peer review.			
	duct nur	A person shall establish a nursing peer review committee to con- duct nursing peer review under Occupations Code Chapter 303 and Chapter 301:			
		r vocational nurses, if the person regularly employs, hires, contracts for the services of eight or more nurses; and			
	hire	r professional nurses, if the person regularly employs, es, or contracts for the services of eight or more nurses, at st four of whom are RNs.			
	der this	A person required to establish a nursing peer review committee un- der this section may contract with another entity to conduct peer review for the person.			
	Occupat	Occupations Code 303.001(4), .0015			
	Note:	Education Code 33.002 regarding certified school coun- selors applies only to school districts that apply for, re- ceive, and allocate funds under Education Code 33.002(a).			
Certified School Counselor	A district with 500 or more students enrolled in elementary school grades shall employ a certified school counselor for each elemen- tary school and at least one school counselor for each 500 elemen tary school students [see DBA].				
	A district with fewer than 500 students enrolled in elementary school grades shall provide guidance and counseling services elementary school students by any of the following methods:				
	1. Em	ploying a part-time certified school counselor.			
		ploying a part-time teacher who is also certified as a nool counselor.			
		tering into a shared services agreement with one or more er districts to share a certified school counselor.			
	Educatio	on Code 33.002			

	Note:		Education Code 33.006 applies to all districts that employ school counselors.	
School Counselor Duties	dents to f		ary responsibility of a school counselor is to counsel stu- ully develop each student's academic, career, personal, I abilities. In addition, a school counselor shall:	
	1.	Participate in planning, implementing, and evaluating a prehensive developmental guidance program to serve a dents and to address the special needs of students who		
		a.	At risk of dropping out of school, becoming substance abusers, participating in gang activity, or committing sui- cide;	
		b.	In need of modified instructional strategies; or	
		C.	Gifted and talented, with emphasis on identifying and serving gifted and talented students who are education- ally disadvantaged;	
	2.		sult with students' parents or guardians and make refer- as appropriate in consultation with parents or guardians;	
	3.	bers	sult with school staff, parents, and other community mem- to help them increase the effectiveness of students' edu- on and promote student success;	
	4.		rdinate people and resources in the school, home, and munity;	
	5.	With the assistance of school staff, interpret standardized to results and other assessment data that help a student make educational and career plans;		
	6.	Deliver classroom guidance activities or serve as a consu- to teachers conducting lessons based on the school's gui ance curriculum; and		
	7.	sona cludi	e as an impartial, non-reporting resource for interper- al conflicts and discord involving two or more students, in- ing accusations of bullying under Education Code 832.	
		•	n item 7, above, exempts a school counselor from any y reporting requirements imposed by other provisions of	

Education Code 33.006

Nonphysician Mental Health Professional	A school district may employ or contract with one or more nonphy- sician mental health professionals.		
	In th	is section, "nonphysician mental health professional" means:	
	1.	A psychologist licensed to practice in this state and desig- nated as a health-service provider;	
	2.	An RN with a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nurs- ing;	
	3.	A licensed clinical social worker;	
	4.	A professional counselor licensed to practice in this state; or	
	5.	A marriage and family therapist licensed to practice in this state.	
	Edu	cation Code 38.0101	
	Not	e: For information about mental health treatment, including counseling, see FFEA.	
School Psychological Services	The Texas State Board of Examiners of Psychologists (TSBEP) has authority over the delivery of school psychological services in public schools. Recognizing the purview of the State Board of Education (SBOE) and Texas Education Agency (TEA) in safeguarding the rights of school children in Texas, the TSBEP adopts and enforces rules that reflect the occupational distinctions between the delivery of school psychological services in public schools and psychological services in the private sector. <i>22 TAC 465.38(a)</i>		
Licensed Specialist in School Psychology (LSSP)	who	nsed specialist in school psychology (LSSP) means a person holds a license to engage in the practice of psychology under upations Code 501.260. <i>Occupations Code 501.002(s)</i>	
	scho	ool psychological services may be provided in Texas public ools only by an LSSP or other individual authorized by TSBEP ccordance with TSBEP rules. <i>22 TAC 465.38(e), 463.8, .9(g),</i> . <i>11</i>	
Scope of Practice	lem: lizin that	SSP is trained to address psychological and behavioral prob- s manifested in and associated with educational systems by uti- g psychological concepts and methods in programs or actions attempt to improve the learning, adjustment and behavior of lents. These activities include, but are not limited to:	
	1.	Addressing special education eligibility;	
	2.	Conducting manifestation determinations;	

	 Assisting with the development and implementation of individ- ual educational programs (IEPs); 			
	4. Conducting behavioral assessments; and			
	 Designing and implementing behavioral interventions and supports. 			
	The assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for educational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- dures is considered the practice of school psychology.			
	An LSSP may not provide psychological services in any context or capacity outside of a public or private school.			
Standards	The delivery of school psychological services in Texas public schools shall be consistent with nationally recognized standards for the practice of school psychology.			
	Occupations Code 501.260(c); 22 TAC 465.38(b), (c)			
Notice of Assignment or Subcontract	An LSSP who contracts with a school to provide school psychologi- cal services must notify the school of any intent or plan to subcon- tract or assign those services to another provider prior to entering into the agreement. An LSSP shall be responsible for ensuring the school psychological services delivered comply with TSBEP stand- ards. <i>22 TAC 465.38 (e)</i>			
Compliance with Applicable Education Laws	LSSPs shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws af- fecting the practice of school psychology, including, but not limited to:			
	1. Texas Education Code;			
	 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g; 			
	 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.; 			
	 Texas Public Information Act, Texas Government Code, Chap- ter 552; 			
	5. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973;			
	6. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) 42 U.S.C. 12101;			
	22 TAC 465.38 (f)			

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CONTRACTS WITH OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Career and Technology Education	A board may contract with another public school district, public or private post-secondary institution, or trade or technical school that is regulated by the state, as designated in the state plan for career and technology education, to provide career and technology classes for district students. <i>Education Code 29.184(a)</i> [See EHBF]
	In addition, a board may develop and offer a program that provides a rigorous course of study consistent with the required curriculum and under which a student may receive specific education in a ca- reer and technology profession. <i>Education Code 29.187</i> [See also CRB and EHBF]
Students with Disabilities	A district may contract with a public or private facility, institution, or agency inside or outside of Texas for the provision of services to students with disabilities. <i>Education Code 29.008(a)</i> [See EHBA]
Educational Services	A board may contract with a public or private entity for that entity to provide educational services for the district. <i>Education Code 11.157</i>
Pre-K Licensing Standards	If a district contracts with a private entity to operate a prekindergar- ten program, the program shall comply at a minimum with the ap- plicable child-care licensing standards adopted by the Texas De- partment of Family and Protective Services under Human Resources Code 42.042. <i>Education Code 29.1532(b)</i>
Driver Training Schools	A district school may enter into an agreement with a driver training school licensed under Education Code Chapter 1001 to allow the driver training school to conduct a driver training course at the public school for public school students. <i>Education Code 29.902(c)(2), 1001.353</i>
Military Instruction Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (JROTC)	The secretary of each military department shall establish and main- tain a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps, organized into units, at public and private secondary educational institutions which apply for a unit and meet the standards and criteria prescribed pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2031.
	Each public secondary educational institution that maintains a unit under this section shall permit membership in the unit to home- schooled students residing in the area served by the institution who are qualified for membership in the unit (but for lack of enrollment in the institution). A student who is a member of a unit pursuant to this subsection shall count toward the satisfaction by the institution concerned of the requirement relating to the minimum number of student members in the unit necessary for the continuing mainte- nance of the unit. 10 U.S.C. 2031(a)(1), (g)

INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CONTRACTS WITH OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Note: The provision below applies only to those districts in which military instruction is conducted under state or federal law requiring a district to give bond or otherwise indemnify this state, the United States, or any authorized agency for the care, safekeeping, and return of property furnished.

A board may contract with the proper governmental agency with respect to the teaching of courses in military training, and it may execute, as principal or surety, a bond to secure the contracts to procure arms, ammunition, animals, uniforms, equipment, supplies, means of transportation, or other needed property. *Education Code 29.901*

Purpose	A primary purpose of the public school curriculum is to prepare thoughtful, active citizens who understand the importance of patri- otism and can function productively in a free enterprise society with appreciation for the basic democratic values of our state and na- tional heritage. A district shall foster the continuation of the tradition of teaching United States and Texas history and the free enterprise system in regular subject matter, in reading courses, and in the adoption of textbooks. <i>Education Code 28.002(h)</i>					
	As a condition of accreditation, a district shall provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels in the foundation and enrichment curriculum. <i>Education Code</i> 28.002(c); 19 TAC 74.1(b)					
	A district shall ensure that all children in the district participate ac- tively in a balanced curriculum designed to meet individual needs. <i>Education Code 28.002(g)</i>					
	Instruction may be provided in a variety of arrangements and set- tings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexible learning arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction for all student populations to support student attainment of course and grade-level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.2</i>					
Required Curriculum Foundation Curriculum	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer a foundation curriculum that includes:					
	1.	English language arts and reading;				
	2.	Mathematics;				
	3.	Science; and				
	4.	Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with emphasis on the free enterprise system and its benefits.				
	Education Code 28.002(a)(1); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(1)					
Enrichment Curriculum	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer an enrichment curriculum that includes:					
	1.	Languages other than English, to the extent possible. Ameri- can Sign Language is a language for these purposes and the district may offer an elective course in the language;				
	2.	Health, with emphasis on:				
		a. Physical health, including the importance of proper nutri- tion and exercise;				

		b.	Mental health, including instruction about mental health conditions, substance abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making; and	
		C.	Suicide prevention, including recognizing suicide-related risk factors and warning signs;	
	3.	Phys	sical education;	
	4.	Fine	Arts;	
	5.	Care	eer and technical education;	
	6.	Tech	nology applications;	
	7.	Religious literature, including the Hebrew Scriptures (Old Tes- tament) and New Testament, and its impact on history and lit- erature; and		
	8.	Pers	onal financial literacy.	
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.002(a)(2), (e); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(2)	
Digital Citizenship	The State Board of Education by rule shall require each district to incorporate instruction in digital citizenship into the district's curriculum, including information regarding the potential criminal consequences of cyberbullying.			
	•		llying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code [See FFI]	
	"Digital citizenship" means the standards of appropriate, responsi- ble, and healthy online behavior, including the ability to access, an- alyze, evaluate, create, and act on all forms of digital communica- tion.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.002(z)	
Local Credit	tion omit	to tho instru	may offer courses for local credit, at its discretion, in addi- ose in the required curriculum, but it may not delete or uction in the foundation and enrichment curricula speci- e. <i>Education Code 28.002(f); 19 TAC 74.1(b)</i>	
Local Instructional Plan	fram	ewor aged	s local instructional plan may draw on state curriculum ks and program standards as appropriate. A district is en- to exceed minimum requirements of law and State Board	
Major Curriculum Initiatives	use		e adoption of a major curriculum initiative, including the curriculum management system, a district must use a pro-	

	1.	Includes teacher input;		
	2.	Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the initiative; and		
	3.	Includes a meeting of the board at which information regard- ing the initiative is presented, including the cost of the initia- tive and any alternatives that were considered; and members of the public and district employees are given the opportunity to comment regarding the initiative.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(g)		
Common Core State Standards	the r and to of "Cor stan	strict may not use common core state standards to comply with requirement to provide instruction in the essential knowledge skills at appropriate grade levels. A district may not be required fer any aspect of a common core state standards curriculum. mmon core state standards" means the national curriculum dards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initia- <i>Education Code 28.002(b-1), (b-3), (b-4)</i>		
Scope and Sequence	In adopting a recommended or designated scope and sequence for a subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level, a district shall ensure suffi- cient time is provided for teachers to teach and students to learn the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see DG]. <i>Education Code 28.0027(a)</i>			
Coordinated Health Programs	heal Eacl	shall make available to each district one or more coordinated th programs in elementary, middle, and junior high school. n program must provide for coordinating education and ser- s related to:		
	1.	Physical health education, including programs designed to prevent obesity, cardiovascular disease, oral diseases, and Type 2 diabetes and programs designed to promote the role of proper nutrition;		
	2.	Mental health education, including education about mental health conditions, mental health well-being, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making;		
	3.	Substance abuse education, including education about alco- hol abuse, prescription drug abuse, and abuse of other con- trolled substances;		
	4.	Physical education and physical activity; and		
	5.	Parental involvement.		
	Education Code 38.013; 19 TAC 102.1031(a)			

	A district shall participate in appropriate training to implement TEA's coordinated health program and shall implement the pro- gram in each elementary, middle, and junior high school in the dis- trict. <i>Education Code 38.014</i>				
Physical Education	Coordinated school health programs that are developed by districts and that meet TEA criteria may be approved and made available as approved programs. Districts must use materials that are proven effective, such as TEA-approved textbooks or materials de- veloped by nationally recognized and/or government-approved en- tities. <i>19 TAC 102.1031(c)</i>				
	Each district shall establish specific objectives and goals the dis- trict intends to accomplish through the physical education curricu- lum. The physical education curriculum must be sequential, devel- opmentally appropriate, and designed, implemented, and evaluated to enable students to develop the motor, self-manage- ment, and other skills, knowledge, attitudes, and confidence neces- sary to participate in physical activity throughout life.				
	A physical education course shall:				
	 Offer students an opportunity to choose among many types of physical activity in which to participate; 				
	2. Offer students both cooperative and competitive games; and				
	3. Be an enjoyable experience for students.				
Student/Teacher Ratio	On a weekly basis, at least 50 percent of a physical education class shall be used for actual student physical activity and the ac- tivity shall be, to the extent practicable, at a moderate or vigorous level.				
	The objectives and goals shall include, to the extent practicable, student/teacher ratios [see EEB] that are small enough to enable the district to:				
	 Carry out the purposes of and requirements for the physical education curriculum; and 				
	 Ensure the safety of students participating in physical educa- tion. 				
	If a district establishes a student to teacher ratio greater than 45 to 1 in a physical education class, the district shall specifically identify the manner in which the safety of the students will be maintained.				
	Education Code 25.114, 28.002(d); 19 TAC 74.37				

Classification for Physical Education		A district shall classify students for physical education on the basis of health into one of the following categories:			
	1.	Unr	Unrestricted—not limited in activities.		
	2.		tricted—excludes the more vigorous activities. Restricted sification is of two types:		
		a.	Permanent—A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the impairment and the ex- pectations for physical activity for the student.		
		b.	Temporary—Students may be restricted from physical activity of the physical education class. A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the temporary impairment and the expected amount of time for recovery. During recovery time, the student shall continue to learn the concepts of the lessons but shall not actively participate in the skill demonstration.		
	3.	hibit	pted and remedial—specific activities prescribed or pro- ed for students as directed by a member of the healing licensed to practice in Texas.		
	19 1	TAC 7	74.31		
School Health Advisory Council	(SH ues <i>cati</i> e	AC) t are r on Co	shall establish a local school health advisory council o assist the district in ensuring that local community val- eflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Edu-</i> ode 28.004(a) [See BDF regarding composition of the od FFA regarding federal wellness requirements]		
Duties	The	The SHAC's duties include recommending:			
	1.	The	number of hours of instruction to be provided in:		
		a.	Health education in kindergarten through grade 8; and		
		b.	If the district requires health education for high school graduation, health education, including physical health education and mental health education, in grades 9 through 12.		
	2.	for s con diab	cies, procedures, strategies, and curriculum appropriate specific grade levels designed to prevent physical health cerns, including obesity, cardiovascular disease, Type 2 betes, and mental health concerns, including suicide, ugh coordination of:		

- a. Health education, which must address physical health concerns and mental health concerns to ensure the integration of physical health education and mental health education;
- b. Physical education and physical activity;
- c. Nutrition services;
- d. Parental involvement;
- e. Instruction on substance abuse prevention;
- f. School health services, including mental health services;
- g. A comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005 [see FFEA];
- h. A safe and healthy school environment; and
- i. School employee wellness;
- 3. Appropriate grade levels and methods of instruction for human sexuality instruction;
- 4. Strategies for integrating the curriculum components specified by item 2, above, with the following elements in a coordinated school health program:
 - a. School health services, including physical health services and mental health services, if provided at a campus by the district or by a third party under a contract with the district;
 - b. A comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005 [see FFEA];
 - c. A safe and healthy school environment; and
 - d. School employee wellness;
- If feasible, joint use agreements or strategies for collaboration between the district and community organizations or agencies. Any agreement entered into based on a recommendation of the SHAC must address liability for the district and community organization;
- Appropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regarding opioid addiction and abuse and methods for administering an opioid antagonist; and
- 7. Strategies to increase parental awareness regarding:

		a.	Risky behaviors and early warning signs of suicide risks and behavioral health concerns, including mental health disorders and substance use disorders; and
		b.	Available community programs and services that ad- dress risky behaviors, suicide risks, and behavioral health concerns.
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.004(c), (n)
Policy Recommendations	distr scho struc and tions flect ing t	ict co ool st cture the h s. The ed in he in	C shall consider and make policy recommendations to the oncerning the importance of daily recess for elementary udents. The SHAC must consider research regarding und and undirected play, academic and social development, health benefits of daily recess in making the recommendate SHAC shall ensure that local community values are reany policy recommendation made to the district concern-nportance of daily recess for elementary school students. <i>n Code 28.004(l)</i>
	crea	se pa signs	C shall make policy recommendations to the district to in- arental awareness of suicide-related risk factors and warn- and available community suicide prevention services. <i>Ed</i> - <i>Code 28.004(o)</i>
Content of Human Sexuality Instruction			d shall determine the specific content of a district's in- in human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(h)</i>
	sexu (HIV	ally f) or a	d shall select any instruction relating to human sexuality, transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency virus acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) with the ad- e SHAC. The instruction must:
	1.		sent abstinence as the preferred choice of behavior for un- ried persons of school age;
	2.	Dev ior;	ote more attention to abstinence than to any other behav-
	3.	cent dise	bhasize that abstinence is the only method that is 100 per- t effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted eases, infection with HIV or AIDS, and the emotional ma associated with adolescent sexual activity;
	4.	nen preg	ect adolescents to a standard of behavior in which absti- ce before marriage is the most effective way to prevent gnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and infection with or AIDS; and

	5. Teach contraception and condom use in terms of human use reality rates instead of theoretical laboratory rates, if instruction on contraception and condoms is included in the curriculum.		
	Education Code 28.004(e)		
Condoms	A district may not distribute condoms in connection with instruction relating to human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(f)</i>		
Separate Classes	If a district provides human sexuality instruction, it may separate students according to sex for instructional purposes. <i>Education Code 28.004(g)</i> [See FB regarding single-sex classes under Title IX]		
Notice to Parents	Before each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a parent of each student enrolled in the district of the board's decision regarding whether the district will provide human sexuality instruction to district students. If instruction will be provided, the notice must include:		
	 A summary of the basic content of the district's human sexual- ity instruction to be provided to the student, including a state- ment informing the parent of the instructional requirements under state law; 		
	2. A statement of the parent's right to:		
	a. Review curriculum materials as provided by Education Code 28.004(j); and		
	 Remove the student from any part of that instruction without subjecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the dis- trict or the student's school; and 		
	3. Information describing the opportunities for parental involve- ment in the development of the curriculum to be used in hu- man sexuality instruction, including information regarding the SHAC.		
	A parent may use the grievance procedure at FNG concerning a complaint of a violation of notice requirements.		
	Education Code 28.004(i)–(i-1)		
Availability of Materials	A district shall make all curriculum materials used in human sexual- ity instruction available for reasonable public inspection. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 28.004(j)</i> [See EFA regarding selection of curriculum materi- als for human sexuality instruction]		

Character Education	A district must adopt a character education program that includes the following positive character education traits:		
	1.	Courage;	
	2.	Trustworthiness, including honesty, reliability, punctuality, and loyalty;	
	3.	Integrity;	
	4.	Respect and courtesy;	
	5.	Responsibility, including accountability, diligence, persever- ance, and self-control;	
	6.	Fairness, including justice and freedom from prejudice;	
	7.	Caring, including kindness, empathy, compassion, considera- tion, patience, generosity, and charity;	
	8.	Good citizenship, including patriotism, concern for the com- mon good and the community, and respect for authority and the law;	
	9.	School pride; and	
	10.	Gratitude.	
	In developing or selecting a character education program under Education Code 29.906, a district shall consult with a committee selected by the district that consists of parents of district students, educators, and other members of the community, including com- munity leaders.		
		provisions above do not require or authorize proselytizing or octrinating concerning any specific religious or political belief.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.906	

CURRICULUM DESIGN EHB SPECIAL PROGRAMS (LEGAL) Parental Notice of Each school year, a district shall notify a parent of each child, other Assistance for than a child enrolled in a special education program under Educa-Learning Difficulties tion Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A, who receives assistance from the district for learning difficulties, including through the use of intervention strategies that the district provides that assistance to the child. The notice must: 1. Be provided when the child begins to receive the assistance for that school year; 2. Be written in English or, to the extent practicable, the parent's native language; and 3. Include: a. A reasonable description of the assistance that may be provided to the child, including any intervention strategies that may be used; Information collected regarding any intervention in the b. base tier of a multi-tiered system of supports that has previously been used with the child; C. An estimate of the duration for which the assistance, including through the use of intervention strategies, will be provided; d. The estimated time frames within which a report on the child's progress with the assistance, including any intervention strategies used, will be provided to the parent; and e. A copy of the explanation provided under Education Code 26.0081(c). [See FB] This required notice may be provided to a child's parent at a meeting of the team established for the child under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), if applicable. Education Code 26.0081(d)–(e) "Intervention strategy" means a strategy in a multi-tiered system of supports that is above the level of intervention generally used in that system with all children. The term includes response to intervention and other early intervening strategies. Education Code 26.004(a) **Dyslexia and Related** Districts shall provide each student with dyslexia or a related disor-Disorders der access to each program under which the student gualifies for services. A board must ensure that procedures for identifying a stu-

CURRICULUM DESIGN
SPECIAL PROGRAMS

	dent with dyslexia or a related disorder and for providing appropri- ate, evidence-based instructional services to students are imple- mented in the district.
	District procedures must be implemented according to the State Board of Education (SBOE) approved strategies for screening, in- dividualized evaluation, and techniques for treating dyslexia and related disorders. The strategies and techniques are described in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook: Procedures Concerning Dyslexia and Re- lated Disorders</i> available on <u>TEA's Dyslexia webpage</u> . ¹ Districts shall provide a copy or a link to the electronic version of the <i>Dys- lexia Handbook</i> to parents of children suspected to have dyslexia or a related disorder.
	Districts will be subject to monitoring for compliance with federal law and regulations in connection with 19 Administrative Code 74.28.
	19 TAC 74.28(a)–(c), (l)–(m)
Compliance Monitoring	Districts will be subject to monitoring for compliance with federal law and regulations in connection with 19 Administrative Code 74.28. Districts will be subject to auditing and monitoring for compliance with state dyslexia laws in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the commissioner of education as required by Education Code 38.003(c-1). <i>19 TAC 74.28(n)</i>
Screening, Testing, and Identification	Students enrolling in public schools in Texas shall be screened or tested, as appropriate, for dyslexia and related disorders at appropriate times in accordance with a program approved by the SBOE. The program must include screening at the end of the school year of each student in kindergarten and each student in the first grade. <i>Education Code 38.003(a)</i>
	A process for early identification, intervention, and support for stu- dents at risk for dyslexia and related disorders must be available, as outlined in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> . A district may not use early intervention strategies, including multi-tiered systems of support, to delay or deny the provision of a full and individual evaluation to a child suspected of having a specific learning disability, including dyslexia or a related disorder.
	Screening, as described in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> , and further evaluation should only be conducted by individuals who are trained in valid, evidence-based assessments and who are trained to appropriately evaluate students for dyslexia and related disorders.

19 TAC 74.28(d), (j)

Bellville ISD 008901			
CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS		EHB (LEGAL)	
Parent Notification	cedu prov tion t in pa to th	ast five school days before any identification or evaluation pro- ire is used selectively with an individual student, a district must ide written notification of the proposed identification or evalua- to the student's parent or guardian or another person standing irental relation to the student. The notice must be in English, or e extent practicable, the individual's native language and must de the following:	
	1.	A reasonable description of the evaluation procedure to be used with the individual student;	
	2.	Information related to any instructional intervention or strategy used to assist the student prior to evaluation;	
	3.	An estimated time frame within which the evaluation will be completed; and	
	4.	Specific contact information for the campus point of contact, relevant parent training and information projects, and any other appropriate parent resources.	
IDEA Notice	mine Disa dent relat siste in the for th proc and	re a full individual and initial evaluation is conducted to deter- e whether a student has a disability under the Individuals with bilities Education Act (IDEA), a district must notify the stu- 's parent or guardian or another person standing in parental ion to the student of its proposal to conduct an evaluation con- nt with 34 C.F.R. 300.503, provide all the information required e above notice, and provide an opportunity for written consent ne evaluation. The district must also provide a copy of the IDEA edural safeguards notice required under 34 C.F.R. 300.504 a copy of Section 504 information required under Education e 26.0081. [See EHBAE and FB]	
Options and Services	der r stude to int quire	ents or guardians of a student with dyslexia or a related disor- nust be informed of all services and options available to the ent, including general education interventions under response tervention and multi-tiered systems of support models as re- ed by Education Code 26.0081(d), and options under federal including IDEA, and the Rehabilitation Act, Section 504.	
	19 TAC 74.28(f)–(h)		
Parent Education	guar	strict shall provide a parent education program for parents and dians of students with dyslexia and related disorders. This pro- n must include:	
	1.	Awareness and characteristics of dyslexia and related disor- ders;	

CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS

	2.	Information on testing and diagnosis of dyslexia and related disorders;
	3.	Information on effective strategies for teaching students with dyslexia and related disorders;
	4.	Information on qualifications of those delivering services to students with dyslexia and related disorders;
	5.	Awareness of information on accommodations and modifica- tions, especially those allowed for standardized testing;
	6.	Information on eligibility, evaluation requests, and services available under IDEA and Section 504 and information on the response to intervention process; and
	7.	Contact information for the relevant regional and/or district specialists.
	Educ	cation Code 38.003; 19 TAC 74.28(I)
Treatment	her of gram and dent ized	n school must provide each identified student access at his or campus to instructional programs required at Reading Pro- n, below, and to the services of a teacher trained in dyslexia related disorders. A district may, with the approval of each stu- 's parents or guardians, offer additional services at a central- location, but centralized services shall not preclude each stu- from receiving services at his or her campus. <i>19 TAC 74.28(i)</i>
Reading Program	read	strict shall purchase a reading program or develop its own ing program that is aligned with the descriptors in the <i>Dyslexia dbook</i> .
	instru sory, nent opm	chers who screen and treat these students must be trained in uctional strategies that use individualized, intensive, multisen- phonetic methods and a variety of writing and spelling compo- s described in the <i>Dyslexia Handbook</i> . The professional devel- ent activities specified by the district- and/or campus-level mittees shall include these instructional strategies.
	19 T.	AC 74.28(e)
Reassessment	dysle dysle pose the c	ess otherwise provided by law, a student determined to have exia during screening or testing or accommodated because of exia may not be rescreened or retested for dyslexia for the pur- e of reassessing the student's need for accommodations until district reevaluates the information obtained from previous ening or testing of the student. <i>Education Code 38.003(b-1)</i>
Audiobook Program Notification		strict shall notify the parent or guardian of each student deter- ed, on the basis of a dyslexia or related disorder screening or

CURRICULUM DESIGN SPECIAL PROGRAMS

other basis, to have dyslexia or a related disorder, or determined, on the basis of reading instrument results, to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading difficulties of the program maintained by the Texas State Library and Archives Commission providing students with reading disabilities the ability to borrow audiobooks free of charge. The notification shall be done in accordance with the program developed by the commissioner. *Education Code 28.006(g-2)*

¹ TEA Dyslexia webpage: <u>https://tea.texas.gov/academics/dyslexia/</u>

SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION		EHBA (LEGAL)
	Note:	The policies in the EHBA series are statements of princi- ples governing special education programs for Texas school districts. In no way are these policies intended to cover the entire scope and detail involved in administer- ing any special education program.
Nondiscrimination	No qualified student with a disability shall, on the basis of disability, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any district service, program, or activity. <i>42 U.S.C. 12132; 29 U.S.C. 794(a); 34 C.F.R. 104.4(a)</i> [See also FB]	
Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)	Eligible students with disabilities shall enjoy the right to a free appropriate public education, which may include instruction in the regular classroom, instruction through special teaching, or instruction through approved contracts. Instruction shall be supplemented by the provision of related services when appropriate. <i>Education Code 29.003(a)</i>	
		ppropriate public education" (FAPE) means special educa- d related services that:
		ave been provided at public expense, under public supervi- on and direction, and without charge;
		eet standards set out by the Texas Education Agency EA);
		clude an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or sec- ndary school education; and
		re provided in conformity with the student's individualized ducation program (IEP).
	20 U.S	.C. 1401(9); 34 C.F.R. 300.13, .17, .36
Least Restrictive Environment	A district shall ensure that, to the maximum extent appropriate, children with disabilities, including children in public or private institutions or other care facilities, shall be educated with children who are not disabled. Special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational environment shall occur only when the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(5); 34 C.F.R. 300.114(a)(2)	
Discipline		iplinary actions regarding students with disabilities shall be rdance with federal requirements, Education Code Chapter

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION		EHBA (LEGAL)
	37, FOF	and 19 Administrative Code 89.1053. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(k)</i> [See ⁻]
Instructional Arrangements and Settings	ual	ructional arrangements/settings shall be based on the individ- needs and IEPs of eligible students receiving special education <i>v</i> ices and shall include the following:
	1.	Mainstream: providing services in a regular classroom;
	2.	Homebound: providing services at home or hospital bedside;
	3.	Hospital class: providing services in a classroom, hospital fa- cility, or residential care and treatment facility not operated by a district;
	4.	Speech therapy: providing speech therapy services in a regu- lar education classroom or other setting;
	5.	Resource room/services: providing services in a setting other than the regular classroom for less than 50 percent of the regular school day;
	6.	Self-contained (mild, moderate, or severe) regular campus: providing services to a student who is in a self-contained pro- gram for 50 percent or more of the regular school day on a regular school campus;
	7.	Off-home campus: providing services to nondistrict students in a single location, through district personnel at a nondistrict facility, or at a district campus that provides only special edu- cation and related services;
	8.	Nonpublic day school: providing services through a contrac- tual agreement with a nonpublic school for special education;
	9.	Vocational adjustment class/program: providing services to a student who is placed on a job (paid or unpaid) with regularly scheduled direct involvement by special education personnel in the implementation of the student's IEP;
	10.	Residential care and treatment facility (not district resident): providing services to students who reside in care and treat- ment facilities and whose parents do not reside within the boundaries of the district; or
	11.	State supported living center: providing services to a student who resides at a state supported living center when the ser- vices are provided at the state supported living center loca- tion.

Bellville ISD 008901	
SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION	EHBA (LEGAL)
Other Program Options	Other program options that may be considered for the delivery of special education and related services to a student include con- tracts with other districts and programs approved by TEA.
	19 TAC 89.63(c), (f)
Related Services Definition	"Related services" means transportation, and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services as may be required to assist a child with a disability to benefit from special education, including the early identification and assessment of disabling conditions in children.
	The term includes speech-language pathology and audiology ser- vices, interpreting services, psychological services, physical and occupational therapy, recreation, including therapeutic recreation, social work services, school nurse services designed to enable a child with a disability to receive FAPE as described in the child's IEP, counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling, orien- tation and mobility services, and medical services, except that medical services shall be for diagnostic and evaluation purposes only.
	The term does not include a medical device that is surgically im- planted, the optimization of the device's functioning, or the replace- ment of such device.
	20 U.S.C. 1401(26); 34 C.F.R. 300.34
Extended School Year Services	Extended school year (ESY) services are defined as individualized instructional programs beyond the regular school year for eligible students with disabilities.
	A district shall ensure that ESY services are available as necessary to provide a student with a disability with FAPE.
	ESY services must be provided only if the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee determines, on an individual basis, that the services are necessary for FAPE. A district may not limit ESY services to particular categories of disability or unilaterally limit the type, amount, or duration of ESY services.
	34 C.F.R. 300.106; 19 TAC 89.1065
Off-Campus Program	An off-campus program includes special education and related ser- vices provided during school hours in a facility other than a school district campus.
Program Provider	An off-campus program provider is an entity that provides the ser- vices identified above and includes:

SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION	EHBA (LEGAL)	
	 A county system operating under application of former law as provided in Education Code 11.301; 	
	2. A regional education service center established under Educa- tion Code, Chapter 8;	
	3. A nonpublic day school; or	
	4. Any other public or private entity with which a school district enters into a contract under Education Code 11.157, for the provision of special education services in a facility other than a district campus operated by a district.	
	19 TAC 89.1094(a)(2)–(3)	
Program Placement	A district may contract with an off-campus program provider to pro- vide some or all of the special education and related services to a student in accordance with the requirements in 19 Administrative Code 89.1094.	
	Before the district places a student with a disability in, or refers a student to, an off-campus program, the district shall initiate and conduct:	
	1. An onsite review to ensure that the off-campus program is appropriate for meeting the student's educational needs; and	
	2. A meeting of the student's ARD committee to develop an IEP for the student in accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.320–.325, state statutes, and commissioner of education rules in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 89 (Commissioner's Rules Concerning Special Education Services).	
	The appropriateness of the off-campus program for each student placed shall be documented in the IEP annually. The student's ARD committee may only recommend an off-campus program placement for a student if the committee determines that the nature and severity of the student's disability and special education needs are such that the student cannot be satisfactorily educated in the district. The district must follow the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1094(b)(3)(A)–(C), regarding the review of the placement of the off-campus program for each student.	
	The placement of more than one student in the same off-campus program facility may be considered in the same on-site visit to a fa- cility. However, the IEP of each student must be individually re- viewed, and a determination of appropriateness of placement and services must be made for each student.	
	19 TAC 89.1094(b)	

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION	(1	EHBA LEGAL)
Notification and Review	Within 30 calendar days from an ARD committee's decision place a student in an off-campus program, a district must ele cally submit to TEA notice of, and information regarding, the ment in accordance with submission procedures specified b	ectroni- place-
	If the off-campus program is on the commissioner's list of ap off-campus programs, TEA will review the student's IEP and ment as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.120, and, in the case of a placement in or referral to a private school or facility, 34 C.F 300.146. After review, TEA will notify the district whether fed state funds for the off-campus program placement are appro TEA does not approve the use of funds, it will notify the district the basis for the non-approval.	place- a .R. eral or oved. If
	If the off-campus program is not on the commissioner's list of proved off-campus programs, TEA will begin the approval pr dures described below. Districts must ensure there is no del implementing a child's IEP in accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.103(c).	roce-
	If an off-campus program placement is ordered by a special tion hearing officer or court of competent jurisdiction, the dis must notify TEA of the order within 30 calendar days. The of pus program serving the student is not required to go throug approval procedures described in 19 Administrative Code 89 for the ordered placement. If, however, the district or other do intend to place other students in the off-campus program, the campus program will be required to go through the approval dures to be included on the commissioner's list of approved campus programs.	trict ff-cam- gh the 9.1094 listricts lie off- l proce-
	19 TAC 89.1094(c)	
Approval	Off-campus programs must have their educational programs proved for contracting purposes by the commissioner in acc ance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1094(d).	
Funding Procedures	The cost of off-campus program placements will be funded a ing to Education Code 42.151 (Special Education) and 19 A trative Code 89.63(e) (Instructional Arrangements and Setting	dminis-
Contracts	Contracts between districts and approved off-campus programust not exceed a district's fiscal year and shall not begin pluy 1 of the contracted fiscal year.	
	Amendments to a contract must be electronically submitted in accordance with submission procedures specified by TEA later than 30 calendar days from the change in placement o vices within the school district's fiscal year.	A no
	19 TAC 89.1094(e)(1)–(2)	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	5 of 6

SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL EDUCATION

Change of Residence

If a student who is placed in an off-campus program by a district changes his or her residence to another Texas district during the school year, the district must notify TEA within ten calendar days of the date on which the district ceased contracting with the off-campus program for the student's placement. The student's new district must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e), by providing comparable services to those described in the student's IEP from the previous district until the new district either adopts the student's IEP from the previous district must comply with all procedures described in 19 Administrative Code 89.1094 for continued or new off-campus program placement. *19 TAC 89.1094(e)(3)*

Bellville ISD 008901					
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBABARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGAL)					
Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee	A district shall establish an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee for each eligible student with a disability and for each student for whom a full individual and initial evaluation is conducted. The ARD committee shall be the individualized education program (IEP) team defined at 34 C.F.R. 300.321.				
Responsibilities of	The responsibilities of the ARD committee and the district include:				
ARD Committee	1.	Evaluation, reevaluation, and determination of eligibil special education and related services;	ity for		
	2.	Placement of students with disabilities including discipchanges in placement;	olinary		
	3.	Development of the student's IEP;			
	4.	Development and implementation of service plans for dents who have been placed by their parents in priva- schools and who have been designated to receive sp ucation and related services;	te		
	5.	Compliance with the least restrictive environment star	ndard;		
	6.	Compliance with state requirements for reading diagr state assessments;	losis and		
	7.	Development of junior high or middle school personal tion plans;	gradua-		
	8.	Development of accelerated instruction under Educat Code 28.0211 and intensive programs of instruction u Education Code 28.0213 [see EHBC];			
	9.	Evaluation, placement, and coordination of services f dents who are deaf, hard of hearing, blind, or visually paired; and			
	10.	Determining eligibility for extracurricular activities, une cation Code 33.081.	der Edu-		
	19 TAC 89.1050(a); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(a), .321(a)				
Committee Members	A district shall ensure that each ARD committee meeting includes all of the following:				
	1.	The parents of a student with a disability;			
	2.	At least one regular education teacher of the student student is, or may be, participating in the regular educ environment);	•		
	3.	At least one special education teacher or, if appropria least one special education provider of the student;	te, at		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 EHBAB(LEGAL)-P			1 of 11		

SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

- 4. A representative of the district who:
 - a. Is qualified to provide or supervise the provision of specially designed instruction to meet the unique needs of students with disabilities;
 - b. Is knowledgeable about the general education curriculum; and
 - c. Is knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the district;
- Other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the student at the discretion of the district or the parent;
- An individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results, who may be a member of the ARD committee described in items 2–5;
- 7. The student, if appropriate;
- 8. For a student with an auditory impairment, including deafblindness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with auditory impairments;
- 9. For a student with a visual impairment, including deaf-blindness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments;
- 10. For a student with limited English proficiency, a member of the language-proficiency assessment committee (LPAC), who may also be a member as described at items 2 or 3;
- 11. A representative of any participating agency likely to be responsible for providing transition services for a student, as appropriate, and with the consent of the student's parents or a student who has reached the age of majority; and
- 12. When considering initial or continued placement of a student in a career and technical education program, a representative from career and technical education, preferably the teacher.

20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.321; 19 TAC 75.1023(d)(1), 89.1050(c)

A district member of the ARD committee shall not be required to attend an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent and the district agree in writing that the attendance is not necessary because the member's area of the curriculum or related services is not being modified or discussed during the meeting.

SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

	atter invol curri distr to th	strict member of the ARD committee may be excused from nding an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting lives a modification to or discussion of the member's area of culum or related services if the parent, in writing, and the ict consent to the excusal and the member submits, in writing, e parent and the ARD committee, input into the development e IEP before the meeting.
	20 L	I.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.321(e)
Regular Education Teacher	teac ble,	ARD committee is required to include a regular education her, the regular education teacher must, to the extent practica- be a teacher who is responsible for implementing a portion of child's IEP. <i>Education Code 29.005(a)</i>
Parent Involvement	stud	strict shall take steps to ensure that one or both parents of a ent with a disability are present at each ARD committee meet- or are afforded an opportunity to participate, including:
	1.	Notifying the parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend (the notice shall in- clude the purpose, time, and location of the meeting, who will be in attendance, that persons with knowledge or special ex- pertise may be invited by either the parent or the district, and that the Part C service coordinator or other representatives of the Part C system may be invited to the initial meeting for a child previously served under a Part C early childhood inter- vention program); and
	2.	Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place.
	notic invite	e purpose of the meeting is to consider transition services, the ce must also indicate this purpose, indicate that the district will e the student, and identify any other agency that will be invited and a representative.
	34 C	C.F.R. 300.322(a)–(b); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)
Alternative Means of Meeting Participation	If neither parent can attend an ARD meeting, the district must allow other methods of participation, such as through telephone calls or video conferencing. 20 U.S.C. 1414(f); 34 C.F.R. 300.322(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)	
	if a c tend mutu epho	RD meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance district is unable to convince the parents that they should at- , but the district shall have a record of its attempts to arrange a ually agreed on time and place, such as detailed records of tel- one calls, correspondence, or visits made or attempted and the Its of any of those actions. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.322(d)</i>

SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

Meetings	A district shall initiate and conduct ARD committee meetings for the purpose of developing, reviewing, and revising the IEP of a child with a disability. The committee shall review each child's IEP peri- odically, and, if appropriate, revise the IEP. A meeting must be held for this purpose at least once a year. The ARD committee must also determine the child's placement once a year.
	A "meeting" does not include informal or unscheduled conversa- tions involving district personnel and conversations on issues such as teaching methodology, lesson plans, or coordination of service provisions if those issues are not addressed in the child's IEP. A "meeting" also does not include preparatory activities that district personnel engage in to develop a proposal or response to a parent proposal that will be discussed at a later meeting.
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(b)(1), .324(b), (c)(1), .501(b)(3)
<i>Meeting at</i> Parent's Request	Upon receipt of a written request for an ARD committee meeting from a parent, the school district must schedule and convene a meeting in accordance with the procedures in 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) or within five school days, provide the parent with written notice explaining why the district refuses to convene a meeting. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(e)</i>
Written Notice	If a parent is unable to speak English, a district must provide the parent with a written notice regarding the ARD committee meeting required under 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) (notice for purposes of scheduling) or (e)(2) (notice explaining why the district refuses to convene a meeting) in the parent's native language, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the parent's native language is not a written language, the school district must take steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent in his or her native language or other mode of communication so that the parent understands the content of the notice. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(f)</i>
Transfer Students In-State Transfers	When a student transfers to a new district within the state in the same school year and the parents verify that the student was receiving special education services in the previous district or the previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the student was receiving special education services, the new school district must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) regarding the provision of special education services. The time line for completing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e)(1) or (2) is 30 school days from the date the student is verified as being a student eligible for special education services.

Bellville ISD 008901			
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBABARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGAL			
Transfers from Another State	When a student transfers from a district in another state is same school year and the parents verify that the student ceiving special education services in the previous district previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new district meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f) regarding sion of special education services. If the new district dete that an evaluation is necessary, the evaluation is conside individual and initial evaluation and must be completed w time lines established by 19 Administrative Code 89.1011 (e). The time line for completing the requirements in 34 C 300.323(f)(2), if appropriate, is 30 calendar days from the the completion of the evaluation report. If the school distr mines that an evaluation is not necessary, the time line for ing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2) is school days from the date the student is verified as being eligible for special education services.	was re- or the e student must the provi- rmines red a full ithin the (c) and .F.R. date of ict deter- or complet- s 30	
	19 TAC 89.1050(j)		
Transfer of Records	The district in which the child enrolls shall take reasonabl promptly obtain the child's records, including the IEP and ing documents and any other records relating to the provi special education or related services to the child, from the district.	support- sion of	
	The previous district shall take reasonable steps to promp spond to the request from the new district and must furnis new school district with a copy of the student's records, in the student's special education records, not later than the working day after the date a request for the information is by the previous school district.	sh the including tenth	
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(g); 19 TAC 89.1050(j)(3)	>	
Students Who Are Homeless or in Substitute Care	When a student who is homeless or in substitute care tra a district after being referred by a previous district for a sp ucation evaluation, the receiving district must accept the and ensure that any written report of a full individual and evaluation must be completed in accordance with the time tablished in 19 Administrative Code 89.1011 (relating to F vidual and Initial Evaluation).	pecial ed- referral initial elines es-	
	When a student who is already eligible for special educat homeless or in substitute care transfers into a district duri		

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBAARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGA		
	den	ool year, the receiving district must ensure that it meets the stu- t transfer requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(j) ating to the Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee).
	19	TAC 89.1615
Military Dependents	den preo sure	strict shall initially provide comparable services to a military stu- t with disabilities based on his or her current IEP. This does not clude the district from performing subsequent evaluations to en- e appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education Code</i> .002 art. V, C [See FDD]
Individualized Education Program	A district shall develop, review, and revise an IEP for each child with a disability. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)	
	for e	he beginning of each school year, a district shall have in effect, each child with a disability in its jurisdiction, an IEP. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> <i>4(d)(2)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(a)</i>
	The term "individualized education program" means a written state- ment for each student with a disability that documents the deci- sions of the ARD committee with respect to issues discussed at each committee meeting and includes:	
	1.	A statement of the student's present levels of academic achievement and functional performance;
	2.	A statement of measurable annual goals, including academic and functional goals;
	3.	A description of how the student's progress toward the annual goals will be measured and when periodic reports on the pro- gress of the student will be provided;
	4.	A statement of the specific special education and related ser- vices and supplementary aids and services, based on peer- reviewed research to the extent practicable, to be provided to the student;
	5.	A statement of the program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided for the student;
	6.	An explanation of the extent, if any, to which the student will not participate with nondisabled students in the regular class and in extracurricular and nonacademic activities;
	7.	The projected dates for initiation of services and modifications and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of these services and modifications;
	8.	A statement of any individual appropriate and allowable ac- commodations that are necessary to measure the academic
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	6 of 11

achievement and functional performance of the student on state or district-wide assessments;

- If the ARD committee determines that the student must take an alternative assessment instead of a particular regular state or district-wide assessment, a statement of why the student cannot participate in the regular assessment and why the particular assessment selected is appropriate for the student;
- If the ARD committee determines that a student is in need of extended school year (ESY) services, identification of the goals and objectives that will be addressed during ESY services;
- 11. Beginning not later than when a student reaches 14 years of age and updated annually thereafter, the ARD committee's consideration and decisions regarding the transition issues under 19 Administrative Code 89.1055(j) [see EHBAD];
- 12. Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student is 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the ARD committee, and updated annually thereafter, a statement of appropriate measurable postsecondary goals and transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals [see EHBAD];
- 13. Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches the age of 17, a statement that the student has been informed of the rights that will transfer to the student upon reaching the age of majority;
- 14. The date of the meeting;
- 15. The name, position, and signature of each member participating in the meeting; and
- 16. An indication of whether the child's parents, the adult student, if applicable, and the administrator agreed or disagreed with the decisions of the ARD committee.

20 U.S.C. 1414(d); 34 C.F.R. 300.320; Education Code 29.005(b-1), .011; 19 TAC 89.1055

The written statement of a student's IEP may be required to include only information included in the model form developed by TEA under Education Code 29.0051(a) and posted on the TEA website. A district may use the model form to comply with the requirements for an IEP under 20 U.S.C. 1414(d). *Education Code 29.005(f)*, .0051

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE ANI	D INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)
Behavioral Intervention Plan	The ARD committee may determine that a behavior imp plan or a behavioral intervention plan (BIP) is appropria dent for whom the committee has developed an IEP. If t tee makes that determination, the BIP shall be included the student's IEP and provided to each teacher with res for educating the student. <i>Education Code 29.005(g); 1</i> : <i>89.1055(g)</i>	te for a stu- he commit- as part of ponsibility
Translation of IEP into Native Language	If the parent is unable to speak English and Spanish is a native language, a district shall provide a written or aud copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish. If the native language is other than Spanish or English, a dist make a good faith effort to provide a written or audiotap the student's IEP translated into the parent's native lang <i>Education Code 29.005(d)</i>	iotaped parent's rict shall ed copy of
	A written copy of the student's IEP translated into Spani parent's native language means that all of the text in the IEP in English is accurately translated into the target lan written form. The IEP translated into the target language comparable rendition of the IEP in English and not a pa- tion or summary of the IEP in English.	e student's nguage in e must be a
	An audio recording of the student's IEP translated into S the parent's native language means that all of the conte- student's IEP in English is orally translated into the targe and recorded with an audio device. A district is not proh- providing the parent with an audio recording of an ARD meeting at which the parent was assisted by an interpre- as the audio recording provided to the parent contains a translation into the target language of all of the content dent's IEP in English.	nt in the et language ibited from committee eter as long an oral
	If a parent's native language is not a written language, t must take steps to ensure that the student's IEP is trans or by other means to the parent in his or her native lang other mode of communication.	slated orally
	Under 34 C.F.R. 300.322(f), a district must give a paren copy of the student's IEP at no cost to the parent. A sch meets this requirement by providing a parent with a writ the student's IEP in English or by providing a parent wit translation of the student's IEP in the parent's native lar provided above.	ool district ten copy of h a written
	19 TAC 89.1050(i)	

SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

Autism/Pervasive Developmental Disorder	follo bas prog	or students with autism/pervasive developmental disorders, the lowing strategies shall be considered by the ARD committee, used on peer-reviewed, research-based educational ogramming practices to the extent practicable and, when ueded, addressed in the IEP:			
	1.	Extended educational programming;			
	2.	Daily schedules reflecting minimal unstructured time and ac- tive engagement in learning activities;			
	3.	In-home training and community-based training or viable al- ternatives that assist the student with the acquisition of so- cial/behavioral skills;			
	4.	Positive behavior support strategies based on relevant infor- mation;			
	5.	Beginning at any age, futures planning for integrated living, work, community, and educational environments that consid- ers skills necessary to function in current and postsecondary environments;			
	6.	Parent/family training and support, provided by qualified per- sonnel with experience in Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD);			
	7.	Suitable staff-to-student ratio appropriate to identified activi- ties and as needed to achieve social/behavioral progress based on the student's developmental and learning level (ac- quisition, fluency, maintenance, generalization) that encour- ages work towards individual independence;			
	8.	Communication interventions, including language forms and functions that enhance effective communication across set- tings;			
	9.	Social skills supports and strategies based on social skills as- sessment/curriculum and provided across settings;			
	10.	Professional educator/staff support; and			
	11.	Teaching strategies based on peer-reviewed, research-based practices for students with ASD.			
	one	e ARD committee determines that services are not needed in or more of the areas in 1–11 above, the IEP shall include a ement reflecting that decision and the basis upon which the			

19 TAC 89.1055(e)–(f)

determination was made.

Bellville ISD 008901				
SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND	INDI	VIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM	EHBAB (LEGAL)	
Visual Impairment	ual uca	If a district provides special education services to students with visual impairments, it shall have written procedures as required in Education Code 30.002(c)(10) (staff access to resources). <i>19 TAC 89.1075(b)</i>		
Collaborative Process	part Dec of th ARI	All members of the ARD committee shall have the opportunity to participate in a collaborative manner in developing the IEP. Decisions of the ARD committee concerning the required elements of the IEP shall be made by mutual agreement, if possible. The ARD committee may agree to an annual IEP or an IEP of shorter duration.		
Ten-Day Recess	When mutual agreement about all required elements of the IEP is not achieved, the parent who disagrees must be offered a single opportunity to recess and reconvene the ARD committee meeting. The period of time for reconvening the ARD committee meeting must not exceed ten school days, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise. The ARD committee must schedule the recon- vened meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place. The op- portunity to recess and reconvene is not required when:			
	1.	The student's presence on campus represents a dar physical harm to the student or others;	nger of	
	2.	The student has committed an expellable offense; or	r	
	3.	The student has committed an offense that may lead ment in a disciplinary alternative education program. FOF]		
	ces	se requirements do not prohibit the ARD committee fr sing an ARD committee meeting for reasons other tha to reach mutual agreement about all required elemen	n the fail-	
	tern and	ing the recess, the ARD committee members must co atives, gather additional data, prepare further docume /or obtain additional resource persons who may assis g the ARD committee to reach mutual agreement.	entation,	
Failure to Reach Agreement	rea dete ARI com	If a recess is implemented and the ARD committee still cannot reach mutual agreement, a district shall implement the IEP it has determined to be appropriate for the student. Each member of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP developed by the ARD committee is entitled to include a statement of disagreement in the IEP.		
		e IEP is not developed by agreement, the written state program must include the basis of the disagreement.		

SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

	member of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP devel- oped by the committee is entitled to include a statement of disa- greement in the written statement of the program.		
	Education Code 29.005(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(g)		
Modification of Existing IEP	Changes to the IEP may be made either by the entire ARD commit- tee or by amending the IEP by agreement, rather than redrafting the entire IEP.		
	After the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent and dis- trict may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purposes of making changes to the IEP and instead may develop a written doc- ument to amend or modify the child's current IEP.		
	Upon request, a parent shall be provided with a revised copy of the IEP with amendments incorporated.		
	To the extent possible, a district shall encourage the consolidation of reevaluation meetings for the child and other ARD meetings for the child.		
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(3)(D)–(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.324(a)(4)–(6)		
Teacher Access to IEP	Each district must ensure that each teacher who provides instruc- tion to a student with a disability has access to relevant sections of the student's current IEP, is informed of the teacher's specific re- sponsibilities related to implementation of the IEP, and has an op- portunity to request assistance regarding implementation of the student's IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1075(c)</i>		
Teacher Request to Review IEP	Each district shall develop a process to be used by a teacher who instructs a student with a disability in a regular classroom setting:		
	1. To request a review of the student's IEP;		
	2. To provide input in the development of the student's IEP;		
	3. That provides for a timely district response to the teacher's re- quest; and		
	4. That provides for notification to the student's parent or legal guardian of that response.		
	Education Code 29.001(11); 19 TAC 89.1075(d)		

Bellville ISD 008901

Table of Contents	Title III Requirements	2
	Definitions	2
	District Responsibility	2
	Identification of LEP Students	3
	Language Proficiency Assessment Committees (LPAC)	3
	Home Language Survey	4
	LEP Classification	4
	Parental Notice and Consent	5
	Participation of Non-LEP Students	6
	Students with Disabilities	6
	Bilingual and ESL Programs	6
	Exceptions and Waivers	7
	Program Design	7
	Dual Language Immersion Program	8
	Facilities1	0
	Cooperation Among Districts1	0
	Documentation1	0
	Summer Program1	1
	Other Program1	1
	Personnel1	1
	LEP Students and State Assessments1	2
	Program Exit1	2
	Notice to Parents1	3
	Post-Exit Monitoring and Reenrollment1	3
	Program Evaluation1	4

	Note:	The terms English language learner (ELL) and English learner are used interchangeably and are synonymous with the limited English proficiency (LEP) student as used in Education Code Chapter 29. <i>19 TAC 89.1203</i>		
Title III Requirements	Second requirer	t that receives funds under Title III of the Elementary and ary Education Act shall comply with the statutory nents regarding English learners and immigrant students. <i>C. 6801–7014</i>		
	languag days aft an Engl	t that receives funds under Title I or Title III to provide a le instruction educational program shall, not later than 30 er the beginning of the school year, inform the parents of ish learner identified for participation in such a program of rmation required by 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(3)$. 20 U.S.C. (3)		
Definitions	with the	d English as a second language teacher" is synonymous term "professional transitional language educator" used in on Code 29.063.		
		nguage immersion" means a state-approved bilingual pro- odel in accordance with Education Code 29.066.		
		learner (EL)" is a student who is in the process of acquir- lish and has another language as the primary or home lan-		
	LEP/EL gual or lish prof cation li synonyr	fers to the point when a student is no longer classified as (i.e., the student is reclassified), no longer requires bilin- ESL program services, and is classified as non-LEP/Eng- icient (EP) in the Texas Student Data System Public Edu- nformation Management System. The term "exit" is nous with the description in Education Code, Chapter 29, sferring out" of bilingual or special language programming.		
	"Parent" includes the parent or legal guardian of the student in ac- cordance with Education Code 29.052.			
	Educati	on Code 29.052; 19 TAC 89.1203(2)–(3), (7)–(8), (13)		
District	Each di	strict shall:		
Responsibility		entify English learners based on criteria established by the ite;		
		ovide bilingual education and ESL programs as integral rts of the general program;		

	3.	Seek appropriately certified teaching personnel to ensure that English learners are afforded full opportunity to master the es- sential knowledge and skills; and		
	4.	Assess achievement for essential knowledge and skills in ac- cordance with Education Code Chapter 29 to ensure account- ability for English learners and the schools that serve them.		
	19 7	AC 89.1201(a)		
Identification of LEP Students	profi port shal stud form	in the first four weeks of the first day of school, the language ciency assessment committee (LPAC) shall determine and re- to the board the number of LEP students on each campus and I classify each student according to the language in which the ent possesses primary proficiency. A board shall report that in- tation to TEA before November 1 each year. <i>Education Code</i> <i>153(b)</i>		
Language Proficiency Assessment Committees (LPAC)	prog shal then of Er dure	n district that is required to offer bilingual and special language grams shall, by local board policy, establish an LPAC. A district l establish and operate a sufficient number of LPACs to enable in to discharge their duties within four weeks of the enrollment inglish learners. A district shall have on file policy and proce- es for the selection, appointment, and training of members of _PAC.		
Membership of	The LPAC shall include:			
LPAC	1.	An appropriately certified bilingual educator (for students served through a bilingual education program);		
	2.	An appropriately certified English as a second language (ESL) educator (for students served through an ESL pro- gram);		
	3.	A parent of an English learner participating in a bilingual or ESL program; and		
	4.	A campus administrator.		
	A district may add other trained members to the committee.			
	No parent serving on the LPAC shall be an employee of the school district.			
	All members of the LPAC, including parents, shall be acting for the district and shall observe all laws and rules governing confidential- ity of information concerning individual students. A district shall be responsible for the orientation and training of all members, includ- ing the parents, of the LPAC.			
	Edu	cation Code 29.063(a), (b); 19 TAC 89.1220(a)–(f)		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		3 of 14		

Bellville ISD 008901				
SPECIAL PROGRAMS BILINGUAL EDUCATION	/ESL	EHBE (LEGAL)		
Duties	29.0 dutie	LPAC shall have the duties set forth at Education Code 63(c) and 19 Administrative Code 89.1220(g)–(i), (k), including as to review information, classify students, notify parents, and itor student academic progress.		
Home Language Survey	new any g requ stude	strict shall administer only one home language survey to each student enrolling for the first time in a Texas public school in grade from prekindergarten through grade 12. The district shall ire that the survey be signed by the student's parent for each ent in prekindergarten through grade 8, or by the student in es 9 through 12.		
	unde The	the district's responsibility to ensure that the student's parent erstands the language used in the survey and its implications. original copy of the survey shall be kept in the student's per- ent record.		
	The home language survey shall be provided in English, Spanish, and Vietnamese. For students of other language groups, the home language survey shall be translated into the primary language whenever possible.			
		home language survey shall elicit one language answer to of the following questions:		
	1.	"What language is used in the child's home most of the time?"		
	2.	"What language does the child use most of the time?"		
	guag cord	e response on the home language survey indicates that a lange other than English is used, the student shall be tested in acance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1226 (Testing and Classion of Students).		
	19 T.	AC 89.1215(a)–(c), .1226		
LEP Classification	The	LPAC may classify a student as LEP if:		
	1.	The student's ability in English is so limited or the student's disabilities are so severe that assessment procedures cannot be administered;		
	2.	The student's score or relative degree of achievement on the TEA-approved English proficiency test is below the levels established by TEA as indicative of reasonable proficiency;		
	3.	The student's primary language proficiency score as meas- ured by a TEA-approved test is greater than the student's pro- ficiency in English; or		
	4.	The LPAC determines, based on other information, including a teacher evaluation, parental viewpoint, or student interview,		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 EHBE(LEGAL)-P		4 of 14		

	that the student's primary language proficiency is greater than the student's proficiency in English or that the student is not reasonably proficient in English.			
	Education Code 29.056(c)			
Parental Notice and Consent	Within ten days of the LPAC's classification of a student as LEP, the LPAC shall give written notice to the student's parent. <i>Educa-tion Code</i> 29.056(<i>d</i>)			
	The district shall notify the parent in English and in the parent's pri- mary language that their child has been classified as an English learner and recommended for placement in the required bilingual education or ESL program. The district shall comply with the parent notification requirements described by 19 Administrative Code 89.1240(a).			
	The entry or placement of a student in the bilingual education or ESL program must be approved in writing by the student's parent in order to have the student included in the bilingual education al- lotment. The parent's approval shall be considered valid for the stu- dent's continued participation in the required bilingual education or ESL program until the student meets the reclassification criteria de- scribed in 19 Administrative Code 89.1226(i) (Testing and Classifi- cation of Students), the student graduates from high school, or a change occurs in program placement.			
	19 TAC 89.1240(a); Education Code 29.056(a)			
	Pending parental approval of an English learner's entry into a bilin- gual program recommended by the LPAC, a district shall place the student in the recommended program. Only English learners with parent approval who are receiving services will be included in the bilingual education allotment.			
	A district may place or exit a student in a program without written approval of the student's parent if:			
	 The student is 18 years of age or has had the disabilities of minority removed; 			
	2. The parent provides approval through a phone conversation or email that is documented in writing and retained; or			
	3. An adult who the district recognizes as standing in parental relation to the student provides written approval. This may include a foster parent or employee of a state or local governmental agency with temporary possession or control of the student.			
	19 TAC 89.1220(j), (m)			

EHBE (LEGAL)

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS BILINGUAL EDUCATION	I/ESL	EHBE (LEGAL)
Participation of Non-LEP Students	who i	the approval of a district and a student's parents, a student is not LEP may also participate in a bilingual education pro- <i>Education Code 29.058</i>
	exce	number of participating English proficient students shall not ed 40 percent of the number of students enrolled in the pro- district-wide. <i>19 TAC 89.1233(c)</i>
Students with Disabilities	betwee ance districe place solely meet comm about for se	cts shall implement assessment procedures that differentiate een language proficiency and disabling conditions in accord- with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 89, Subchapter AA. The ct shall establish placement procedures that ensure that ement in a bilingual education or ESL program is not refused y because the student has a disability. LPAC members shall in conjunction with admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) nittee members to review and provide recommendations t the education needs of each English learner who qualifies ervices in the special education program. [See EHBAB] <i>19</i> <i>89.1230</i>
Bilingual and ESL Programs	Each district with an enrollment of 20 or more students of limite English proficiency in any language classification in the same grade level shall offer a bilingual education or special language program.	
	langu	district that is required to offer bilingual education and special uage programs under this section shall offer the following for ents of limited English proficiency:
		Bilingual education in kindergarten through the elementary grades;
		Bilingual education, instruction in English as a second lan- guage, or other transitional language instruction approved by the agency in post-elementary grades through grade 8; and
		Instruction in English as a second language in grades 9 through 12.
	Educ	ation Code 29.053(c)–(d); 19 TAC 89.1205
	whon gram guag cases educ	district shall provide an ESL program to all English learners for n a district is not required to offer a bilingual education pro- n, regardless of the students' grade levels and primary lan- e, and regardless of the number of such students, except in s where a district exercises the option to provide a bilingual ation program that is not required by law [see below]. 19 TAC 205(c)

	A district is authorized to establish a bilingual education program even if the district has fewer than 20 English learners in any lan- guage classification in the same grade level district-wide and are not required to do so under the law. A district is also authorized to establish bilingual education programs at grade levels at which the district is not required under the law to establish bilingual pro- grams. If a district does operate such a program under this authori- zation, the district shall adhere to all program requirements in 19 Administrative Code 89.1210, .1227, .1228, and .1229. <i>19 TAC</i> 89.1205(f)-(g)				
Exceptions and Waivers	A district shall comply with the requirements for bilingual education exceptions and ESL waivers under 19 Administrative Code 89.1207. <i>Education Code 29.054; 19 TAC 89.1207</i>				
	A district that is unable to employ a sufficient number of teachers, including part-time teachers, who meet the certification requirements for bilingual education and ESL program shall apply for an exception or waiver to the certification requirement on or before November 1. <i>19 TAC 89.1245(b)</i>				
Program Design	A district that is required to offer a bilingual education or ESL pro- gram shall provide each English learner the opportunity to be en- rolled in the required program at his or her grade level.				
	A district's bilingual education program shall comply with the pro- gram content and design requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1210. A district shall provide for ongoing coordination between the ESL program and the regular educational program.				
	19 TAC 89.1210				
	English learners shall participate with their English-speaking peers in general education classes provided in subjects such as art, mu- sic, and physical education. A district shall provide students en- rolled in the program a meaningful opportunity to participate fully with other students in all extracurricular activities. Elective courses included in the curriculum may be taught in a language other than English. <i>Education Code 29.055, .057(b); 19 TAC 89.1210(f)</i>				
Bilingual Education Program Models	The bilingual education program shall be implemented through at least one of the following program models:				
	1. Transitional bilingual/early exit;				
	2. Transitional bilingual/late exit;				
	3. Dual language immersion/one-way; or				
	4. Dual language immersion/two-way.				
	19 TAC 89.1210(c)				

Bellville ISD 008901			
SPECIAL PROGRAMS BILINGUAL EDUCATIOI	N/ESI	EHBE (LEGAL)	
ESL Program Models		ESL program shall be implemented through one of the follow- program models:	
	1.	An ESL/content-based program model is an English acquisi- tion program that serves students identified as English learn- ers through English instruction by a teacher appropriately cer- tified in ESL under Education Code 29.061(c), through English language arts and reading, mathematics, science, and social studies. The goal of content-based ESL is for Eng- lish learners to attain full proficiency in English in order to par- ticipate equitably in school. This model targets English lan- guage development through academic content instruction that is linguistically and culturally responsive in English language arts and reading, mathematics, science, and social studies.	
	2.	An ESL/pull-out program model is an English acquisition pro- gram that serves students identified as English learners through English instruction provided by an appropriately certi- fied ESL teacher under Education Code 29.061(c), through English language arts and reading. The goal of ESL pull-out is for English learners to attain full proficiency in English in order to participate equitably in school. This model targets English language development through academic content instruction that is linguistically and culturally responsive in English lan- guage arts and reading. Instruction shall be provided by the ESL teacher in a pull-out or inclusionary delivery model.	
	19	TAC 89.1210(d)	
Dual Language Immersion Program	A district may adopt a dual language immersion program (DLIP) for students enrolled in elementary school grades. <i>Education Code</i> 28.005(c), .0051(c)		
Implementation	Program implementation shall:		
	1.	Begin at prekindergarten or kindergarten, as applicable;	
	2.	Continue without interruption incrementally through the ele- mentary grades; and	
	3.	Consider expansion to middle school and high school when- ever possible.	
	19	TAC 89.1227(e)	
Minimum Poquiromonto	ΑD	LIP shall:	
Requirements	1.	Address all curriculum requirements specified at 19 Adminis- trative Code Chapter 74, Subchapter A (Required Curriculum) to include foundation and enrichment areas, English language	

		proficiency standards, and college and career readiness standards.			
	2.	Be a full-time program of academic instruction in English and another language.			
	3.	Provide equitable resources in English and the additional pro- gram language whenever possible.			
	4.	Provide a minimum of 50 percent of instructional time in the language other than English for the duration of the program.			
	5.	Be developmentally appropriate and based on current best practices identified in research.			
	19	TAC 89.1227			
Two-Way DLIP Enrollment	cier crite race mus	dent enrollment in a two-way DLIP is optional for English profi- nt students. The program shall fully disclose candidate selection eria and ensure that access to the program is not based on e, creed, color, religious affiliation, age, or disability. A district st obtain written parental approval for English proficient stu- its through a district-developed process.			
	enre	A district implementing a two-way DLIP shall develop a policy on enrollment and continuation for students in the program. The policy must address:			
	1.	Eligibility criteria;			
	2.	Program purpose;			
	3.	The district's commitment to providing equitable access to services for English learners.			
	4.	Grade levels in which the program will be implemented;			
	5.	Support of program goals as stated in 19 Administrative Code 89.1210 (Program Content and Design); and			
	6.	Expectations for students and parents.			
	19	TAC 89.1228(c)			
Two-Way DLIP State Assessment		istrict implementing a two-way DLIP shall determine the appro- te assessment option for program participants as follows:			
	1.	For English learners, the LPAC shall convene before the ad- ministration of the state criterion-referenced test each year to determine the appropriate assessment option for each Eng- lish learner in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1220(i) (Language Proficiency Assessment Committee).			

	2.	For English proficient students, the appropriate assessment option for the administration of the state criterion-referenced test each year is determined through a district-developed pro- cess.					
	19 TAC 89.1228(e)						
School District Recognition	A district may recognize one or more of its schools that implement an exceptional DLIP if the school meets all of the following criteria:						
	1.	The school must meet the minimum requirements stated in 19 Administrative Code 89.1227.					
	2.	The school must receive an acceptable performance rating in the state accountability system.					
	The school must not be identified for any stage of intervention for the district's bilingual and/or ESL program under the performance-based monitoring system.						
Student Recognition	gual boar	udent participating in a DLIP or any other state-approved bilin- or ESL program may be recognized by the program and the rd by earning a performance acknowledgement in accordance 19 Administrative Code 74.14. [See EIF]					
	19 T	AC 89.1229					
Facilities	scho sour the p cent com	gual education and ESL programs shall be located in public pols of the district with equitable access to all educational re- rces rather than in separate facilities. A district may concentrate programs at a limited number of facilities within the district. Re- immigrant English learners shall not remain enrolled in a new- er center for longer than two years. <i>Education Code 29.057;</i> <i>FAC 89.1235</i>					
Cooperation Among Districts	quire abilit	strict may join with one or more other districts to provide the re- ed bilingual education or special language programs. The avail- ty of the programs shall be publicized throughout the districts lved.					
	its bi distr tuitic	strict may allow a nonresident LEP student to enroll in or attend ilingual education or special language programs if the student's ict of residence does not provide an appropriate program. The on for the student shall be paid by the district in which the stu- resides.					
	Edu	cation Code 29.059; 19 TAC 89.1205(e)					
Documentation	item	udent's permanent record shall contain the documentation s required by 19 Administrative Code 89.1220(I). Documenta- in a student's permanent record shall be forwarded in the					

	same manner as other student records to another school district in which the student enrolls. <i>19 TAC 89.1220(I)</i>		
Summer Program	For students previously enrolled in a Texas public school, the re- ceiving district shall secure the student records, including the home language survey and LPAC documentation as described in 19 Ad- ministrative Code 89.1220(I), as applicable. All attempts to contact the sending district to request records shall be documented. Multi- ple attempts to obtain the student's home language survey shall be made. <i>19 TAC 89.1215(d)</i>		
	If a district is required to offer a bilingual education or special lan- guage program, it shall offer a voluntary summer school program for LEP children who will be eligible for admission to kindergarten or first grade at the beginning of the next school year.		
	A school that operates on a semester system shall offer the pro- gram during the period school is recessed for the summer and for one-half day for eight weeks or on a similar schedule approved by the board. A school that operates on any other system shall offer 120 hours of instruction on a schedule established by the board.		
	The program must be an intensive bilingual education or special language program that meets the standards set by TEA, and the student/teacher ratio may not exceed 18:1. A district shall comply with the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1250 in providing such a program.		
Other Programs	A district may establish on a full- or part-time basis other summer school, extended day, or extended week bilingual or special lan- guage programs for LEP students and may join with other districts in establishing such programs.		
	The programs required or authorized by Education Code 29.060 may not be a substitute for programs required to be provided during the regular school year.		
	Education Code 29.060		
Personnel	Teachers assigned to a bilingual education program using one of the following program models must be appropriately certified in bi- lingual education:		
	1. Transitional bilingual/early exit program model; or		
	2. Transitional bilingual/late exit program model.		
	Education Code 29 061(b)		

Education Code 29.061(b)

	Teachers assigned to a bilingual education program using a dual language immersion/one-way or two-way program model must be appropriately certified for:
	 Bilingual education for the component of the program pro- vided in a language other than English; and
	 Bilingual education or English as a second language for the component of the program provided in English.
	A district that provides a bilingual education program using a dual language immersion/one-way or two-way program model may as- sign a teacher certified for the language other than English compo- nent of the program and a different teacher certified for the English language component.
	Education Code 29.061(b-1)–(b-2)
	Teachers assigned to ESL programs must be appropriately certified for ESL. <i>Education Code 29.061(c)</i>
	A district that is unable to hire a sufficient number of teachers with bilingual teaching or ESL certificates may request the activation of the appropriate permits in accordance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 230. A district that is unable to provide the required bilingual education program because of an insufficient number of appropriately certified teachers shall request from the commissioner an exception to the bilingual education program. English learners with parental approval for program services under a bilingual education exception will be included in the bilingual education allotment designated for an alternative language program. [See Exceptions and Waivers, above] 19 TAC 89.1207(a)–(b), .1245(a); Education Code 29.054
LEP Students and State Assessments	In kindergarten–grade 12, a LEP student shall participate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner's rules at 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. [See EKBA]
Program Exit	A district may transfer a LEP student out of a bilingual education or special language program for the first time or a subsequent time if the student is able to participate equally in a regular all-English instructional program as determined by:
	 TEA-approved tests administered at the end of each school year to determine the extent to which the student has devel- oped oral and written language proficiency and specific lan- guage skills in English;

	2.	Satisfactory performance on the reading assessment instru- ment under Education Code 39.023(a) or an English lan- guage arts assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), as applicable, with the assessment instrument ad- ministered in English, or, if the student is enrolled in the first or second grade, an achievement score at or above the 40th percentile in the reading and language arts sections of an English standardized test approved by TEA; and				
	3.	TEA-approved criterion-referenced tests and the results of a subjective teacher evaluation.				
	Edι	Education Code 29.056(g)				
Notice to Parents	stuc fron Stuc bilir	strict shall give written notification to the student's parent of a dent's reclassification as English proficient and his or her exit in the bilingual or ESL program and acquire written approval. dents meeting reclassification requirements may continue in the ingual education or ESL program with parental approval. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>1240(b)</i>				
Post-Exit Monitoring and Reenrollment	stuc who lang ach bas	The language proficiency assessment committee may reenroll the student in the program if later evidence suggests that a student who has been transferred out of a bilingual education or special language program has inadequate English proficiency and achievement. Classification of students for reenrollment must be based on the criteria required by Education Code 29.056. <i>Educa-tion Code 29.056(h)</i>				
	ling a fa grao tran	LPAC shall reevaluate a student who is transferred out of a bi- ual education or special language program if the student earns iling grade in a subject in the foundation curriculum during any ding period in the first two school years after the student is sferred to determine whether the student should be reenrolled bilingual education or special language program.				
	During the first two school years after a student is transferred out of a bilingual education or special language program, the LPAC shall review the student's performance and consider:					
	1.	The total amount of time the student was enrolled in bilingual education or special language programs;				
	2.	The student's grades each grading period in each subject in the foundation curriculum;				
	3.	The student's performance on state assessment instruments;				
	4.	The number of credits the student has earned toward high school graduation, if applicable; and				

EHBE (LEGAL)

	5.	Any disciplinary actions taken against the student under Edu- cation Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A.				
	After the evaluation, the LPAC may require intensive instruction for the student or reenroll the student in a bilingual education or spe- cial language program.					
	Edι	Education Code 29.0561				
Program Evaluation	prog istra	strict that is required to conduct a bilingual education or ESL gram shall conduct an evaluation in accordance with 19 Admin- ative Code 89.1265. The annual evaluation report shall be pre- ted to the board before November 1 of each year.				
	ing	strict shall report to parents the progress of their child in acquir- English as a result of participation in the program offered to lish learners.				
	Each school year, the principal of each campus, with assistance from the campus level committee, shall develop, review, and revis the campus improvement plan for the purposes of improving stu- dent performance for English learners. [See BQB]					
	19	TAC 89.1265				

Bellville ISD 008901

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN			EHBG (LEGAL)		
	Not	e:	Only districts that identify 15 or more eligible students are required to provide prekindergarten programs.		
Tuition-Free	A district shall offer prekindergarten classes if it identifies 15 or more eligible students who are at least four years of age. A district may offer prekindergarten if it identifies 15 or more eligible children who are at least three years of age.				
			may not charge tuition for a prekindergarten program nder these provisions.		
Definitions	In th	nis se	ction:		
	1.	"Ch	ild" includes a stepchild.		
	2.	"Pai	rent" includes a stepparent.		
Eligibility	A child is eligible for enrollment in free prekindergarten if the child is at least three years of age and:				
	1.	ls u	nable to speak and comprehend the English language;		
	2.	ls e	ducationally disadvantaged;		
	3.	of e	omeless [see FD] regardless of the residence of the child, ither parent of the child, or of the child's guardian or other son having lawful control;		
	4.	the serv	he child of an active duty member of the armed forces of United States, including the state military forces or a re- ve component of the armed forces, who is ordered to ac- duty by proper authority;		
	5.	Stat nen	he child of a member of the armed forces of the United res, including the state military forces or a reserve compo- t of the armed forces, who was injured or killed while serv- on active duty;		
	6.	of F	r ever has been in the conservatorship of the Department amily and Protective Services following an adversary ring under Family Code 262.201; or		
	7.	ls th	e child of a person eligible for the Star of Texas Award as:		
		a.	A peace officer under Government Code 3106.002;		
		b.	A firefighter under Government Code 3106.003; or		
		C.	An emergency medical first responder under Govern- ment Code 3106.004.		

Bellville ISD 008901	
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN	EHBG (LEGAL)
	A child who is eligible for enrollment for free prekindergarten at the age of three and enrolls in prekindergarten class at the age of three remains eligible for enrollment in a prekindergarten class for the following school year.
	A child who is eligible for enrollment under item 4 or 5 above re- mains eligible if the child's parent leaves the armed forces, or is no longer on active duty, after the child begins the prekindergarten class.
	Education Code 29.153(a)–(b), (f)–(g)
Notice	A district shall develop a system to notify the population in the dis- trict with children who are eligible for enrollment in a free prekinder- garten program of the availability of the program. The system must include public notices issued in English and Spanish. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 29.153(e)</i>
Half-Day or Full- Day	A prekindergarten class may be operated on a half-day basis for children under four years of age and shall be operated on a full-day basis for children who are at least four years of age.
Transportation	A district is not required to provide transportation for a prekinder- garten class. If transportation is provided, it is included for funding purposes as part of the regular transportation system.
	Education Code 29.153(c)
High-Quality Prekindergarten Required	A prekindergarten class for children who are least four years of age must comply with the program standards required for high-quality prekindergarten programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter E-1. [See High-Quality Prekindergarten Program, below]
Exemption	The commissioner of education shall exempt a district from the ap- plication of all or any part of Education Code 29.153, including all or any part of the required high-quality prekindergarten program re- quirements, if the commissioner determines that:
	1. The district would be required to construct classroom facilities in order to provide prekindergarten classes; or
	2. Implementing any part of this section would result in fewer eli- gible children being enrolled in a prekindergarten class under this section.
	An exemption may not be granted for a period longer than three school years and may be renewed only once.
	Education Code 29.153(c-1)–(d-2)

Bellville ISD 008901					
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN		EHBG (LEGAL)			
Constructing, Repurposing, or Leasing a Facility	Before a district may construct, repurpose, or lease a classroom fa- cility, or issue bonds for the construction or repurposing of a class- room facility, to provide the prekindergarten classes required under Education Code 29.153, the district must solicit and consider pro- posals for partnerships to provide those classes with community- based child-care providers who:				
	1.	Are a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;			
	2.	Are nationally accredited;			
	3.	Are a Head Start program provider;			
	4.	Are a Texas School Ready! participant; or			
	5.	Meet the requirements under Education Code 29.1532.			
	Education Code 29.153(g)				
Tuition-Supported or District-Financed	A district may offer on a tuition basis or use district funds to pro- vide:				
	1.	An additional half-day of prekindergarten classes to children eligible for free prekindergarten who are under four years of age; and			
	2.	Half-day and full-day prekindergarten classes to children not eligible for free prekindergarten.			
	A district may not adopt a tuition rate that is higher than necessary to cover the added costs of the program, including any costs asso- ciated with collecting, reporting, and analyzing data under Educa- tion Code 29.1532(c) (PEIMS data for prekindergarten programs). A district must submit its proposed tuition rate to the commissioner for approval.				
	Edu	cation Code 29.1531			
Program Design	skills inclu	strict's prekindergarten program shall be designed to develop s necessary for success in the regular public school curriculum, ding language, mathematics, and social skills. <i>Education Code</i> 532(a)			
Shared Site	cons othe	re establishing a new prekindergarten program, a district shall sider the possibility of sharing use of an existing Head Start or r child-care program site as a prekindergarten site. <i>Education</i> e 29.1533			
Prekindergarten Licensing Standards		district contracts with a private entity to operate a prekindergar- program, the program shall comply at a minimum with the ap-			

Bellville ISD 008901					
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN	EHBG (LEGAL)				
	plicable child-care licensing standards adopted by the Texas Department of Protective and Regulatory Services (Department of Family and Protective Services) under Human Resources Code 42.042. <i>Education Code 29.1532(b)</i>				
Daily Physical Activity	A district shall require students in full-day prekindergarten to partic- ipate in moderate or vigorous daily physical activity for at least 30 minutes throughout the school year, as part of the district's physical education program or through structured activity during a campus's daily recess.				
	To the extent practicable, a district shall require a student enrolled in prekindergarten on less than a full-day basis to participate in the same type and amount of physical activity as a student enrolled in full-day prekindergarten.				
	If a district determines, for any particular grade level, that requiring moderate or vigorous daily physical activity is impractical due to scheduling concerns or other factors, the district may as an alternative require a student in that grade level to participate in moderate or vigorous physical activity for at least 135 minutes during each school week.				
	A district must provide an exemption for a student who is unable to participate in the required physical activity because of illness or disability.				
	Education Code 28.002(I)				
High-Quality Prekindergarten Program	"Program" means a high quality prekindergarten program for eligi- ble children who are at least four years of age required to be pro- vided free of tuition or fees.				
Curriculum Requirements	A district shall select and implement a curriculum for a prekinder- garten program that:				
	 Includes the prekindergarten guidelines established by the Texas Education Agency (TEA); 				
	 Measures the progress of students in meeting the recom- mended learning outcomes; and 				
	3. Does not use national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initiative.				
	Education Code 29.164, .167(a)				
	A school district shall implement a curriculum for a high-quality pre- kindergarten program that addresses the 2015 Texas Prekindergar- ten Guidelines in the domains listed in 19 Administrative Code				

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN		EHBG (LEGAL)
	derg	.1003(b). The district shall measure student progress and kin- garten preparation in accordance with 19 Administrative Code .1003(c). <i>19 TAC 102.1003</i>
Teacher Requirements	und	h teacher for a prekindergarten program class must be certified er Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B and have one of following additional qualifications:
	1.	A Child Development Associate (CDA) credential or another early childhood education credential approved by TEA;
	2.	Certification offered through a training center accredited by Association Montessori Internationale or through the Montes- sori Accreditation Council for Teacher Education;
	3.	At least eight years' experience of teaching in a nationally ac- credited child-care program;
	4.	A graduate or undergraduate degree in early childhood edu- cation or early childhood special education or a non-early childhood education degree with a documented minimum of 15 units of coursework in early childhood education;
	5.	Documented completion of the Texas School Ready Training Program (TSR Comprehensive);
	6.	Be employed as a prekindergarten teacher in a district that has met the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(d)(6); or
	7.	An equivalent qualification.
	the gior curr	strict may allow a teacher employed by the district to receive training required to be awarded a CDA credential from a re- nal education service center. Training may not include national iculum standards developed by the Common Core State ndards Initiative.
	derg	strict must attempt to maintain an average ratio in any prekin- garten program class of not less than one certified teacher or cher's aide for each 11 students.
	19	TAC 102.1003(d), (h); Education Code 29.167(b)–(d)
Family Engagement Plan	trict ily e ing towa	strict shall develop, implement, and make available on the dis- or campus website by November 1 of each school year, a fam- ingagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintain- high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes ard education. An effective family engagement plan creates a indation for the collaboration of mutual partners, embraces the

Bellville ISD 008901		
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN		EHBG (LEGAL)
		viduality and uniqueness of families, and promotes a culture of ning that is child centered, age appropriate, and family driven.
		family engagement plan shall meet the requirements of 19 Ad- istrative Code 102.1003(e)(2).
	19 7	TAC 102.1003(e); Education Code 29.168(a)
Report and Evaluation		format prescribed by TEA, a district shall report information in pliance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(f).
	A di	strict shall:
	1.	Select and implement appropriate methods for evaluating the district's high-quality prekindergarten program by measuring student progress; and
	2.	Make data from the results of program evaluations available to parents.
	prog	strict may administer diagnostic assessments to students in a gram class to evaluate student progress but may not administer ate standardized assessment instrument.
	grar	assessment instrument administered to a prekindergarten pro- n class must be selected from a list of appropriate prekinder- en assessment instruments identified by the commissioner.
	19 7	TAC 102.1003(f)–(g); Education Code 29.169
Eligible Private Providers	ente	strict that offers a high-quality prekindergarten program may er into a contract with an eligible private provider to provide ser- s or equipment for the program.
	of a stan priva and agai	be eligible to contract with a district to provide a program or part program, a private provider must be licensed by and in good ading with the Department of Family and Protective Services. A ate provider is in good standing with the Department of Family Protective Services if the department has not taken an action inst the provider's license during the 24-month period preced- the date of a contract with a district. The private provider must of
	1.	Be accredited by a research-based, nationally recognized, and universally accessible accreditation system approved by the commissioner;
	2.	Be a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;
	3.	Be a Texas School Ready! participant;

Bellville ISD 008901				
SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN	EHBG (LEGAL)			
	4. Have an existing partnership with a district to provide a pre- kindergarten program not provided under Subchapter E-1; or			
	5. Be accredited by an organization that is recognized by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission.			
	A prekindergarten program provided by a private provider under Education Code 29.171 is subject to the requirements of Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter E-1.			
	Education Code 29.171			
Prekindergarten Expansion Grant	A district may use funds from grants administered by the commis- sioner to expand an existing half-day prekindergarten program to a full-day basis or to implement a prekindergarten program on a campus that does not have a prekindergarten program.			
	A district may use funds received under this program to employ teachers and other personnel for a prekindergarten program or to acquire curriculum materials or equipment, including computers, for use in prekindergarten programs.			
	A district may use funds granted under this program in contracting with another entity, including a private entity.			
	Education Code 29.155(a), (b), (i)			
Ready to Read Grant	A district that operates a prekindergarten program is eligible to ap- ply for a Ready to Read grant if at least 75 percent of the children enrolled in the program are low-income students, as determined by commissioner rule.			
	Grants shall be used to provide scientific, research-based pre- reading instruction for the purpose of directly improving pre-reading skills and for identifying cost-effective models for pre-reading intervention. Grants funds shall be used for:			
	1. Professional staff development in pre-reading instruction;			
	2. Pre-reading curriculum and materials;			
	3. Pre-reading skills assessment materials; and			
	4. Employment of pre-reading instructors.			
	Education Code 29.157(b), (c)			
Statewide Information Referral Network	A district shall provide the Texas Information and Referral Network with information regarding eligibility for and availability of child-care and education services for inclusion in the statewide information referral network. A district shall provide the information in a form			

Bellville ISD 008901

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN

determined by the executive commissioner of the Texas Health and Human Services Commission. *Gov't Code 531.0312*

"Child-care and education services" includes child-care and education services provided by a district through a prekindergarten or after-school program. *Gov't Code 531.03131(a)*

Staff of the Texas Information and Referral Network shall send an electronic mail message to each appropriate entity containing the name of and contact information for each applicant and a description of the services for which the applicant is applying.

On receipt of such an electronic mail message, a district shall contact the applicant to verify information regarding the applicant's eligibility for available child-care and education services. On certifying eligibility, a district shall match the applicant with entities providing those services in the applicant's community, including local workforce development boards, local child-care providers, or a Head Start or Early Head Start program provider.

A district shall cooperate with the Texas Information and Referral Network as necessary in the administration of this project.

Gov't Code 531.0312(c)-(e)

SPECIAL PROGRAMS INNOVATIVE AND MAGNET PROGRAMS

Innovative Courses	A district may offer innovative courses to enable students to master knowledge, skills, and competencies not included in the essential knowledge and skills of the required curriculum. Applications shall not be approved if the proposed course significantly duplicates the content of a Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS)-based course or can reasonably be taught within an existing TEKS-based course.
	To request approval for an innovative course from the State Board of Education or the commissioner, a district or organization must submit a request for approval at least six months before planned implementation. The request must address the elements listed at 19 Administrative Code $74.27(a)(4)$.
	To request approval from the commissioner for a career and tech- nical education innovative course, the applying school district or or- ganization must submit with its request for approval evidence that the course is aligned with state and/or regional labor market data.
	With the approval of the board, a district may offer, without modifi- cations, any state-approved innovative course.
	19 TAC 74.27(a)
Magnet Schools or Programs	A district may operate a magnet program, academy, or other inno- vative program to serve student populations with specialized inter- ests and aptitudes. <i>19 TAC 74.22(b)</i>

Notice to Parents	 Each school year, a district shall notify the parent of each st enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of programs of which a student may earn college credit, including advance ment programs, dual credit programs, joint high school and credit programs, and international baccalaureate programs. notice must include the name and contact information of an or private entity offering such a program in the district. A district may provide the notice on the district's internet we <i>Education Code 28.010</i> 			
	Note:	For information on dual credit courses available through the <u>Texas Virtual School Network</u> ¹ (TXVSN), see EHDE.		
College Credit Program	earn the credit in of higher	shall implement a program under which students may equivalent of at least 12 semester credit hours of college high school. If requested by the district, a public institution education in this state shall assist the district in develop- mplementing the program. The college credit may be hrough:		
		ernational baccalaureate, advanced placement, or dual dit courses;		
	arti	culated postsecondary courses provided for local credit or culated postsecondary advanced technical credit courses vided for state credit; or		
	3. An <u>y</u>	combination of the courses in items 1 and 2.		
	Annually, a district shall report to the Texas Education Agency (TEA):			
	der	e number of students, including career and technical stu- nts, who have participated in the program and earned col- e credit; and		
	der	e cumulative number of courses in which participating stu- nts have enrolled and college credit hours the students ve earned.		
	The program may provide a student the opportunity to earn credit for a course or activity, including an apprenticeship or training hours:			
	rec and	at satisfies a requirement necessary to obtain an industry- ognized credential or certificate or an associate degree, I is approved by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating ard (THECB); and		

		ay earn credit concurrently toward both ool diploma and postsecondary aca-		
	A dual credit course must be:			
	1. In the core curriculum tion providing college	of the public institution of higher educa- credit;		
	2. A career and technica	education course; or		
	3. A foreign language co	urse.		
	The requirements above do not apply to a dual credit course of- fered as part of the early college education program established under Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program that assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate de- gree while in high school.			
	A district is not required to pay a student's tuition or other associ- ated costs for taking a course under this section.			
Agreements	Any agreement, including a memorandum of understanding or ar- ticulation agreement, between a school district and public institu- tion of higher education to provide a dual credit program must:			
	 Include specific progra developed jointly by T 	am goals aligned with statewide goals EA and the THECB;		
	2. Establish common addition to dual credit and colle	vising strategies and terminology related ege readiness;		
	trict [see EIF] and dua agreement that apply	ent of endorsements offered by the dis- I credit courses offered under the towards those endorsements, with post- and credentials at the institution and in-		
	the Texas Workforce C lors, students, and fan	g tools developed by TEA, THECB, or Commission, to assist school counse- nilies in selecting endorsements offered I credit courses offered under the		
	credits that may be ea developing a course e for equating high scho	a procedure for establishing, the course rned under the agreement, including by quivalency crosswalk or other method ol courses with college courses and of credits that may be earned for each bugh the program;		

6.	Describe the academic supports and, if applicable, guidance that will be provided to students participating in the program;	
7.	Establish the district's and the institution's respective roles and responsibilities in providing the program and ensuring the quality and instructional rigor of the program;	
8.	State the sources of funding for courses offered under the program, including, at a minimum, the sources of funding for tuition, transportation, and any required fees or textbooks for students participating in the program;	
9.	Require the district and the institution to consider the use of free or low-cost open educational resources in courses of-fered under the program; and	
10.	Be posted each year on the district's and the institution's re- spective websites.	
Educ	cation Code 28.009; 19 TAC 4.84	
A board may adopt a policy that allows a student to be awarded credit toward high school graduation for completing a college-level course. The course must be provided only by an institution of higher education that is accredited by any of the following regional accrediting associations:		
1.	Southern Association of Colleges and Schools;	
2.	Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools;	
3.	New England Association of Colleges and Schools;	
4.	North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;	
5.	Western Association of Colleges and Schools; or	
6.	Northwest Association of Colleges and Schools.	
tion r scho cours demi	e eligible to enroll and be awarded credit toward state gradua- requirements, a student shall have the approval of the high ol principal or other school official designated by a district. The se(s) for which credit is awarded shall provide advanced aca- ic instruction beyond or in greater depth than the essential vledge and skills for the equivalent high school course.	
19 T/	AC 74.25	
publi or un	ourposes of the following provisions, "college" means any c technical institute, public junior college, public senior college niversity, medical or dental unit, public state college, or other ncy of higher education as defined by Education Code 61.003.	
	 7. 8. 9. 10. Educe A boo credit course higher accredit course higher accredit accredit	

	"Dual credit" means the system under which an eligible high school student enrolls in college course(s) and receives credit for the course(s) from both the college and high school.			
	19 TAC 4.83(4), (7); Education Code 61.003(8)			
Partnership Agreements with Public Colleges	A district may enter into an agreement with a public college to form a dual credit partnership in accordance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 4, Subchapter D. <i>Education Code 130.008; 19 TAC</i> <i>Ch. 4, Subch. D</i>			
Community College Jurisdiction	A school district that operates a high school may enter into an agreement with a community college district, regardless of whether the high school is located within the service area of the community college district, to offer a course as provided by Education Code 130.008.			
	A course offered for joint high school and junior college credit must be:			
	1. In the core curriculum of the public junior college;			
	2. A career and technical education course; or			
	3. A foreign language course.			
	These requirements do not apply to a course offered for joint high school and junior college credit to a student as part of the early col- lege education program established under Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program that assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate degree while in high school.			
	Education Code 130.008(a-1), (a-2), (d)			
Student Eligibility	A high school student is eligible to enroll in academic dual credit courses and workforce education dual credit courses as permitted by 19 Administrative Code 4.85(b).			
	To be eligible for enrollment in a dual credit course offered by a public college, students must meet all the college's regular prerequisite requirements designated for that course (e.g., minimum score on a specified placement test, minimum grade in a specified previous course, etc.).			
	An institution may impose additional requirements for enrollment in courses for dual credit that do not conflict with this section.			
	An institution is not required, under the provisions of this section, to offer dual credit courses for high school students.			
	19 TAC 4.85(b)			

Faculty Selection, Supervision, and Evaluation	The college shall select, supervise, and evaluate instructors in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 4.85(e). <i>19 TAC 4.85(e)</i>			
Transcript	For dual credit courses, high school as well as college credit should be transcripted immediately upon a student's completion of the performance required in the course. <i>19 TAC 4.85(h)</i>			
Qualified Instructor	A course offered for joint high school and junior college credit must be taught by a qualified instructor approved or selected by the pub- lic junior college. An instructor is qualified if the instructor holds:			
	1.		ctoral or master's degree in the discipline that is the sub- of the course;	
	2.	A master's degree in another discipline with a concentration that required completion of a minimum of 18 graduate semes ter hours in the discipline that is the subject of the course; or		
	3.	For a course that is offered in an associate degree program and that is not designed for transfer to a baccalaureate de- gree program:		
		a.	A degree described above;	
		b.	A baccalaureate degree in the discipline that is the sub- ject of the course; or	
		C.	An associate degree and demonstrated competencies in the discipline that is the subject of the course, as deter- mined by the THECB.	
	Not later than the 60th day after receipt, a public junior college shall approve or reject an application for approval to teach a course at a high school that is submitted by an instructor employed by the district with which the junior college entered into an agree- ment to offer the course.			
	Education Code 130.008(g), (h)			
Attendance Accounting	The time during which a student attends a dual credit course, in- cluding a course provided under the college credit program, shall be counted as part of the minimum instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily at- tendance. <i>Education Code 48.005(g)</i> [See FEB]			
	The commissioner of education may approve instructional pro- grams provided off campus by an entity other than a district as a program in which participation by a student may be counted for purposes of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 48.007(a)</i>			

Reporting Off- Campus Programs	A board may adopt a policy that allows a student to participate in an off-campus instructional program. The program must be pro- vided only by an institution of higher education that is accredited by one of the regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.25 (High School Credit for College Courses).				
	To b	To be eligible, a student must:			
	1.	Be in grade 11 or 12;			
	2.	Have demonstrated college readiness as outlined in the re quirements for participation in dual credit programs in the s dent Attendance Accounting Handbook;			
	3.	Meet any eligibility requirements adopted by the institution higher education; and	of		
	4.	Have the approval of the high school principal or other sch official designated by the district.	ool		
	The off-campus program must comply with rules adopted by the THECB in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 19, Part 1, with spect to teacher qualifications.				
	19 TAC 129.1031				
	Time that a student participates in an off-campus instructional program approved by the commissioner under Education Code 48.007(a) shall be counted as part of the minimum number of instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily attendance. <i>Education Code</i> 48.005(<i>h</i>)				
Dual Credit Agreement	For any dual credit partnership between a secondary school and a public college, an agreement must be approved by the governing boards or designated authorities (e.g., principal and chief academic officer) of both the school district and the public college prior to the offering of such courses.				
	Any agreement entered into or renewed between a public institu- tion of higher education and school district on or after September 1, 2019, including a memorandum of understanding or articulation agreement, must meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 4.84(c).				
	Any dual credit agreement must also address:				
	1.	Eligible courses;			
	2.	Student eligibility;			
	3.	Location of class;			
ATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		6	of 9		

ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

	4.	Student composition of class;			
	5.	Faculty selection, supervision, and evaluation;			
	6.	Course curriculum, instruction, and gathering;			
	7.	Academic policies and student support services;			
	8.	Transcripting of credit;			
	9.	Funding; and			
	10.	Defined sequences of courses, where applicable.			
	19 TAC 4.84				
Instructional Partnerships with	Types of instructional partnerships between a district and a com- munity college district include:				
Community College Districts	1.	Award of High School Credit Only (see High School Credit- Only Courses, below).			
	2.	Award of Dual Credit (see Dual Credit Programs, above).			
	3.	Tech-Prep Programs (see Tech-Prep Programs, below).			
	4.	Remedial or Developmental Instruction for High School Grad- uates (see Remedial Programs, below).			
	5.	College Preparatory Courses for High School Students (see College Preparatory Courses, below)			
	19 TAC 9.143				
Agreement	com boar	any educational partnership between a district and a munity college district, an agreement must be approved by the d or designee of both the district and the college district. The hership agreement must address the following:			
	1.	Student eligibility requirements.			
	2.	Faculty qualifications.			
	3.	Location and student composition of classes.			
	4.	Provision of student learning and support services.			
	5.	Eligible courses.			
	6.	Grading criteria.			
	7.	Transcripting of credit.			
	8.	Funding provisions.			
	19 TAC 9.144				

ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

High School Credit- Only Courses	A district may contract with a community college district for the college district to provide coursework necessary for students to complete high school as described in 19 Administrative Code 9.125. The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. <i>19 TAC 9.125, .143(a)</i>
Tech-Prep Programs	A district may partner with a college district to allow for the articula- tion of high school technical courses taught by the high school to high school students for immediate high school credit and later col- lege credit, to be awarded upon enrollment of the students in the college district in an associate degree or certificate program. 19 TAC 9.143(c)
Remedial Programs	A board may contract, as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 9.125, with the board of the community college district in which a district is located for the college district to provide remedial programs for stu- dents enrolled in a district's secondary schools in preparation for graduation from secondary school and entrance into college.
	Community colleges may provide instruction to high school stu- dents for either remedial course work to prepare students to pass the required State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness End-of-Course (STAAR EOC) assessments or developmental course work to prepare the students to pass an assessment instru- ment approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (Assessment Instruments).
	High school students who have passed all of the STAAR EOC as- sessments with the high school graduation standard may be per- mitted to enroll in state-funded developmental courses offered by a community college at the college's discretion if a need for such course work is indicated by student performance on an assess- ment instrument approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (see below).
	The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. Remedial and developmental courses may not be offered for dual credit.
	Education Code 130.090; 19 TAC 9.125, .143(d), .146
	An institution of higher education shall use the Texas Success Initi- ative (TSI) Assessment offered by the College Board as the only THECB-approved assessment instrument. <i>19 TAC 4.56</i>
College Preparatory Courses	College preparatory courses are locally developed through a mem- orandum of understanding created between school districts and community colleges. <i>19 TAC 9.147</i>

ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

Certain Academies A district shall grant a student a maximum of two years' credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas— Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies (at Texas A&M University—Laredo). *Education Code 28.024*

¹ Texas Virtual School Network: <u>http://www.txvsn.org/</u>

Bellville ISD 008901					
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM	ENT	EI (LEGAL)			
Award of Credit		award of credit for a course affirms that a student has satisfac- met state and local requirements. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)</i>			
Early Award of Credit	grad strat cour rega or th achie isfac	strict may offer courses designated for grades 9–12 in earlier e levels. Credit must be awarded if the student has demon- ed achievement by meeting the standard requirements of the se, including demonstrated proficiency in the subject matter, rdless of the time the student received instruction in the course e grade level at which proficiency was attained. The academic evement record (transcript) shall reflect that students have sat- torily completed courses at earlier grade levels from grades 9– nd have been awarded state graduation credits. <i>19 TAC</i> 6(b)			
Partial Award	In accordance with a district's local policy, a student who is able to successfully complete only half of a course can be awarded credit proportionately. <i>19 TAC 74.26(d)</i>				
	hom	strict shall award credit proportionately to a student who is eless or in substitute care who successfully completes only of a course. <i>19 TAC 74.26(e)</i>			
Attendance for Credit or Final Grade	in ac grad cred ance	ss credit is awarded by the attendance committee, or regained cordance with a principal's plan [see FEC], a student in any e level from kindergarten through grade 12 may not be given it or a final grade for a class unless the student is in attend- e for at least 90 percent of the days the class is offered. <i>Educa- Code 25.092</i>			
Homeless or Substitute Care	Each district must adopt a local policy to assist with awarding student who is homeless or in substitute care credit for a coun that was earned prior to the student enrolling in or transferring the district, as required by 19 Administrative Code 74.26 (Awa Credit).				
	facto enro form	n district must examine how credit is awarded based on satis- orily meeting all state and local requirements for a course upon Ilment, as required by 19 Administrative Code 74.26. [For in- ation on credit by exam for students who are homeless or in stitute care, see EHDC].			
	Each	n district must:			
	1.	Develop a credit recovery plan for students who were denied credits outside the district;			
	2.	Create a course transition plan for students who have been denied credit;			

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

	3.	Develop and administer a personal graduation plan for each			
		student in junior high or middle school, as required by Educa- tion Code 28.0212 [see EIF];			
	4.	Ensure that school staff engage with the student, parent, or guardian, as applicable, to develop a credit recovery plan upon enrollment if the student has a credit deficit that would impede on-time promotion or graduation; and			
	5.	Comply with Education Code 28.025(i), concerning the award of diplomas for students who are homeless or in substitute care who are in grade 11 or 12.			
	19 TAC 89.1607(a), (d)–(e)				
	hom	r information on transition assistance for students who are neless or in substitute care, including enrollment and placement ducation programs and courses, see FFC.]			
Graduation Requirements	the bas Cre ited	dit for courses for high school graduation may be earned only if student received a grade equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100, ed upon the essential knowledge and skills of each course. dit earned toward state graduation requirements in an accred- school district shall be transferable and must be accepted by other school district in the state. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1), (c)</i>			
Academic Achievement Record	a di forn	owing guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, strict shall use an academic achievement record (transcript) n that includes student demographics, school data, student a, and the record of courses and credits earned.			
	aca	e academic achievement record (transcript) shall serve as the demic record for each student and shall be maintained perma- tly by a district.			
	ach	r credit earned by a student must be recorded on the academic ievement record (transcript), regardless of when the credit was ned.			
	of-c 39.0	udent's performance on a state assessment, including an end- ourse assessment instrument required under Education Code 023(c) [see EKB], must be included in the student's academic ievement record (transcript).			
	ring que	bies of the record shall be made available to students transfer- to another district. A district shall respond promptly to all re- sts for student records from receiving districts. [See also FD, A, and FL]			
	Edu	ication Code 28.025(e), 39.023(c-5); 19 TAC 74.5(b)–(d)			

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM	ENT EI (LEGAL)
Transcript Seals	Students who complete high school graduation requirements shall have attached to the academic achievement record (transcript) a seal approved by the State Board of Education. <i>19 TAC 74.5(e)</i>
Endorsement	Students who complete the requirements for an endorsement shall have the endorsement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Performance Acknowledgment	Students who earn a performance acknowledgment shall have the performance acknowledgment clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Distinguished Level of Achievement	Students who earn the distinguished level of achievement shall have the distinguished level of achievement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Speech Requirements	Students who demonstrate proficiency in speech as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.11 shall have completion of the speech re- quirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
CPR	Students who complete the required instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.38 in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12 shall have completion of the CPR instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Proper Interaction with Peace Officers	Students who complete the required instruction on proper interac- tion with peace officers shall have completion of the instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript). A district shall clearly indicate on the academic achievement record the year in which the instruction was provided to the student.
Languages Other Than English	Students who satisfy a language other than English graduation credit requirement by successfully completing a dual language immersion program at an elementary school in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12 shall have the credit clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.5(f)–(l), .11(b); 19 TAC 74.39(e)
Notation on Transcript or Diploma	A district shall ensure that each student's official transcript or di- ploma indicates whether the student has completed or is on sched- ule to complete:
	1. The recommended or advanced high school curriculum; or
	 For a district that is covered by Education Code 56.304(f)(1) (unavailability of courses), the required portion of the recom- mended or advanced high school curriculum offered at the district's high school.
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020) 3 of 4

Bellville ISD 008901	
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM	ENT EI (LEGAL)
	The district must include this information on the student's transcript not later than the end of the student's junior year.
	Education Code 56.308
Certificate of Coursework Completion	A student who completes all graduation requirements except for re- quired end-of-course assessment instruments may be issued a certificate of coursework completion. The academic achievement record (transcript) shall include a notation of the date a certificate of completion was issued to the student. [See FMH for participation in the graduation ceremony.] <i>19 TAC 74.5(m)</i>
Early High School Graduation Scholarship Program	For purposes of the Early High School Graduation Scholarship Program, a student who does not satisfy the curriculum require- ments for a recommended or advanced high school program is considered to have satisfied those requirements if the high school from which the student graduated indicates on the student's tran- script that the student was unable to complete the appropriate cur- riculum within the time prescribed solely because of a reason be- yond the student's control, such as lack of enrollment capacity or a shortage of qualified teachers. <i>Education Code 56.203(d)</i>

Bellville ISD 008901	
ACADEMIC ACHIEV	EMENT EI (LOCAL)
Certificate of Coursework Completion	The District shall issue a certificate of coursework completion to a student who has successfully completed state and local credit re- quirements for graduation but has failed to meet all applicable state testing requirements. [See EIF, FMH]
Partial Credit	When a student earns a passing grade in only half of a course and the combined grade for both halves is lower than 70, the District

shall award the student credit for the half with the passing grade.

Table of Contents	High School Diploma2
	FAFSA Required2
	Individual Graduation Committee 3
	Students Who Entered Grade 9 Before the 2011–12 School Year
	Special Education6
	Posthumous Diploma6
	Diplomas for Veterans7
	Personal Graduation Plan7
	Junior High or Middle School PGP7
	High School PGP8
	Early Graduation9
	State Graduation Requirements9
	Students Entering Grade 9 9
	Students Who Entered Grade 9 Before the 2014–15 School Year 16
	Transfers from Out-of-State or Nonpublic Schools19
	Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services 20
	Modified Curriculum and Content20
	Employability and Self-Help Skills20
	Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation20
	Graduation of Military Dependents24
	Course Waiver24
	Transfers During Senior Year24
	Substitute Passing Standard24
	Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS24

High School Diploma	A stu	dent may graduate and receive a diploma only if the student:					
		Successfully completes the curriculum requirements identified by the State Board of Education (SBOE) [see State Gradua- tion Requirements, below], has performed satisfactorily on ap- plicable state assessments [see EKB], and complies with the financial aid application requirements in Education Code 28.0256 [see below]; or					
		Successfully completes an individualized education program (IEP) developed under Education Code 29.005. [See EHBAB]					
	Education Code 28.025(c)						
	Note	: Education Code 28.0256 applies beginning with students enrolled at the 12th grade level during the 2021–22 school year.					
FAFSA Required	Before graduating from high school, each student must complete and submit a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA).						
	A student is not required to comply with the above provision if:						
		The student's parent or other person standing in parental rela- tion submits a signed form indicating that the parent or other person authorizes the student to decline to complete and sub- mit the financial aid application;					
		The student signs and submits the form described above on the student's own behalf if the student is 18 years of age or older or the student's disabilities of minority have been re- moved for general purposes under Family Code Chapter 31; or					
		A school counselor authorizes the student to decline to com- plete and submit the financial aid application for good cause, as determined by the school counselor.					
	A district shall adopt a form to be used for purposes of this provi- sion. The form must be approved by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) and made available in English, Spanish, and any other lan- guage spoken by a majority of the students enrolled in a bilingual education or special language program under Education Code Subchapter B, Chapter 29, in the district.						
	plied dent	chool counselor notifies a district whether a student has com- with this section for purposes of determining whether the stu- meets high school graduation requirements under Education 28.025, the school counselor may only indicate whether the					
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		2 of 24					

	student has complied with this section and may not indicate the manner in which the student complied.				
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.0256		
	Note	9:	Education Code 28.0258 and 19 Administrative Code 74.1025 related to individual graduation committees ex- pire September 1, 2023.		
Individual Graduation Committee	Without complying with the requirements above, a student may re- ceive a diploma if the person is eligible for a diploma as deter- mined by an individual graduation committee (IGC) established un- der Education Code 28.0258. <i>Education Code 28.025(c-6)</i>				
	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258 or 19 Administrative Code 74.1025. A student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an end-of-course (EOC) assessment to graduate. <i>19 TAC 74.1025(n)</i> [See EHBAB]				
	For each 11th or 12th grade student who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses, the district shall establish an IGC at the end of or after the student's 11th grade year to determine whether the student may qualify to gradu- ate. A student may not qualify to graduate as a result of an IGC de- cision before the student's 12th grade year.				
	The	IGC	shall be composed of:		
	1.	The	principal or principal's designee;		
	2.	-	each EOC assessment instrument on which the student ed to perform satisfactorily, the teacher of the course;		
	3.		department chair or lead teacher supervising the cher(s) above; and		
	4.	As a	applicable:		
		a.	The student's parent or person standing in parental rela- tion to the student;		
		b.	A designated advocate if the parent is unable to serve; or		
		C.	The student, at the student's option, if the student is at least 18 years of age or is an emancipated minor.		

	The superintendent shall establish procedures for convening the committee.
	The district shall provide an appropriate translator, if available, for a parent, advocate, or student who is unable to speak English.
	Education Code 28.0258(a)–(c), (c-2); 19 TAC 74.1025(b)
	A district may not establish an initial IGC for eligible students after June 10 or before the start of the next school year. Once the IGC has been established, it is the original IGC for that student.
	If a student leaves a district after an original IGC has been estab- lished and before that original IGC awards a high school diploma to the student, any other district that later enrolls the student shall re- quest information from the student's original IGC of record and shall implement the original IGC recommendations to the extent possible.
Alternate Members	In the event that the teacher identified in item 2 above is unavaila- ble, the principal shall designate as an alternate member of the committee a teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assess- ment on which the student failed to perform satisfactorily and who is most familiar with the student's performance in that subject area.
	In the event that the individual identified above in item 3 above is unavailable, the principal shall designate as an alternate member of the committee an experienced teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assessment on which the student failed to perform satis- factorily and who is familiar with the content of and instructional practices for the applicable course.
	In the event that the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student is unavailable to participate in the IGC, the principal shall designate an advocate with knowledge of the student to serve as an alternate member of the committee.
	19 TAC 74.1025(c), (e), (g)–(i)
Notice	A district shall ensure a good faith effort is made to timely notify the appropriate person described under item 4 above of the time and place for convening the IGC and the purpose of the committee. The notice must be provided in person or by regular mail or email; clear and easy to understand; and written in English, in Spanish, or, to the extent practicable, in the native language of the appropriate person. <i>Education Code 28.0258(d)</i>
Curriculum Requirements	To be eligible to graduate and receive a high school diploma from the IGC, a student must successfully complete the curriculum re- quirements required for high school graduation. [See State Gradu- ation Requirements, below] <i>Education Code 28.0258(e)</i>

Additional Requirements to Graduate	A student's IGC shall recommend additional requirements by which the student may qualify to graduate, including additional remedia- tion; and for each EOC assessment instrument on which the stu- dent failed to perform satisfactorily:				
	1.	The completion of a project related to the subject area of the course that demonstrates proficiency in the subject area; or			
	2.	The preparation of a portfolio of work samples in the subject area of the course, including work samples from the course that demonstrate proficiency in the subject area.			
	A student may submit to the IGC coursework previously completed to satisfy a recommended additional requirement.				
	Education Code 28.0258(f), (g)				
	In determining whether a student is qualified to graduate, the com- mittee shall consider the criteria at Education Code 28.0258(h) and any other academic information designated for consideration by the board. After considering the criteria, the committee may deter- mine that the student is qualified to graduate. A student may gradu- ate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the commit- tee's decision only if the student successfully completes all additional requirements recommended by the committee, the stu- dent meets applicable curriculum requirements, and the commit- tee's vote is unanimous. The decision of a committee is final and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 28.0258(i)</i>				
English Language Learners		provisions related to an IGC and English language learners .), see EKB(LEGAL).			
Students Who Entered Grade 9		ccordance with Education Code 28.02541, a district may award gh school diploma to an individual who:			
Before the 2011–12 School Year	1.	Entered grade 9 before the 2011–12 school year;			
	2.	Successfully completed the curriculum requirements for high school graduation applicable when the individual entered grade 9;			
	3.	Has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument or part of an assessment instrument required for high school graduation, including an alternative assessment instrument offered under Education Code 39.025(c-2);			
	4.	Has been administered at least three times the required sub- ject-area test(s) for which the individual has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument applica- ble to the individual when the individual entered grade 9; and			

	 Meets the alternative requirements for graduation in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(c) or the local al- ternative requirements approved by the board in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(d).
	19 TAC 74.1027(a); Education Code 28.02541
District Determination	The district in which the individual is enrolled or was last enrolled shall determine whether the individual may qualify to graduate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the alternative requirements for graduation. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(b)</i>
Alternative Requirements	The alternative requirements for graduation are listed at 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.1027(c).
Local Alternative Requirements	With approval by the board, a district may develop recommenda- tions for local alternative requirements if the requirements would al- low an individual to demonstrate proficiency in the content related to an examination for which the individual has not performed satis- factorily. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(d)</i>
Appeals	A decision regarding whether the individual qualifies to graduate and receive a high school diploma is final and may not be ap- pealed. 19 TAC 74.1027(e); Education Code 28.02541
Documentation	The district shall maintain documentation to support the decision to award or not award an individual a high school diploma. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(f)</i>
Special Education	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall de- termine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation. <i>19 TAC 101.3023(a)</i> [See Graduation of Students Receiving Spe- cial Education Services, below, and EKB]
Posthumous Diploma	Beginning with students who would have graduated at the end of the 2019–20 school year, and on request of the student's parent, a district shall issue a high school diploma posthumously to each stu- dent who died while enrolled in the district at the end of the school year in which the student was expected to graduate under the reg- ular schedule of school attendance. The high school diploma may not be issued before the graduation date of the class in which the student was enrolled at the time of death.
Exception	A district is not required to issue a posthumous diploma if the stu- dent was convicted of a felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal

		e, or adjudicated as having engaged in conduct constituting a ny offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal Code.		
	Education Code 28.0254			
Diplomas for Veterans	Notwithstanding any other provision of this policy, a district may is- sue a high school diploma to a person who is an honorably dis- charged member of the armed forces of the United States; was scheduled to graduate from high school after 1940 and before 1975 or after 1989; and left school after completing the sixth or a higher grade, before graduating from high school, to serve in:			
	1.	World War II, the Korean War, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the Iraq War, or the war in Afghanistan; or		
	2.	Any other war formally declared by the United States, military engagement authorized by the United States Congress, mili- tary engagement authorized by a United Nations Security Council resolution and funded by the United States Congress, or conflict authorized by the president of the United States un- der the War Powers Resolution of 1973, 50 U.S.C. 1541, et seq.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0251		
Personal Graduation Plan Junior High or Middle School PGP	۸			
Plan	scho velo	incipal of a junior high or middle school shall designate a pol counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to de- p and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who:		
Plan Junior High or	scho velo	ool counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to de- p and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each		
Plan Junior High or	scho velo stud	bol counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to de- p and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who: Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru-		
Plan Junior High or	scho velo stud 1. 2.	 bol counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to dep and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who: Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument; or Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 		
Plan Junior High or	scho velo stud 1. 2.	 bol counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to dep and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who: Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument; or Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 9, as determined by a district. 		
Plan Junior High or	scho veloj stud 1. 2. A PC	 bol counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to dep and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who: Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- ment; or Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 9, as determined by a district. 		
Plan Junior High or	scho veloj stud 1. 2. A PC 1.	 bol counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to dep and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each ent enrolled in the junior high or middle school who: Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instrument; or Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 9, as determined by a district. GP must: Identify educational goals for the student; Include diagnostic information, appropriate monitoring and in- 		

	5. Provide innovative methods to promote the student's ad- vancement, including flexible scheduling, alternative learning environments, online instruction, and other interventions that are proven to accelerate the learning process and have been scientifically validated to improve learning and cognitive abil- ity.				
	Education Code 28.0212				
Students Receiving Special	For a student receiving special education services, the student's ARD committee and the district are responsible for developing the student's PGP.				
Education Services	A student's IEP developed under Education Code 29.005 may be used as the student's PGP.				
	Education Code 28.0212(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(a) [See EHBAB]				
High School PGP	A principal of a high school shall designate a school counselor or school administrator to review PGP options with each student en- tering grade 9 together with that student's parent or guardian. The PGP options reviewed must include the distinguished level of achievement and endorsements.				
	Before the conclusion of the school year, the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian must confirm and sign a PGP for the stu- dent that identifies a course of study that:				
	1. Promotes college and workforce readiness and career place- ment and advancement; and				
	2. Facilitates the student's transition from secondary to postsec- ondary education.				
	A district may not prevent a student and the student's parent or guardian from confirming a PGP that includes pursuit of a distin- guished level of achievement or an endorsement.				
	A student may amend the student's PGP after the initial confirma- tion of the plan. If a student amends the student's PGP, the school must send written notice to the student's parents regarding the change.				
	TEA must make available to a district information that explains the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement described by Education Code 28.025(b-15) and each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1). A district, in turn, shall publish the information from TEA on the internet website of the district and ensure that the information is available to students in grades nine and above and the parents or legal guardians of those students in the				

	language in which the parents or legal guardians are most proficient.				
	which th	t is required to provide this information in the language in the parents or legal guardians are most proficient only if at students in a grade level primarily speak that language.			
	Educatio	on Code 28.02121			
Early Graduation	A parent is entitled to request, with the expectation that the requered will not be unreasonably denied, that the parent's child be permit ted to graduate from high school earlier than the child would nor- mally graduate, if the child completes each course required for graduation. The decision of a board concerning the request is fin and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 26.003(a)(3)(C), (b)</i> [See FMH, FNG]				
State Graduation Requirements	Note:	For current state graduation requirements, including those for students who entered grade 9 before the 2007–08 school year but that are not otherwise refer- enced in this policy, see Education Code 28.025 and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74.			
Students Entering Grade 9	To receive a high school diploma, a student entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter must complete:				
	19	quirements of the foundation high school program under Administrative Code 74.12 [see Foundation High School ogram, below];			
		sting requirements for graduation under 19 Administrative de Chapter 101 [see EKB]; and			
	live bel thir lyz neo situ	monstrated proficiency, as determined by the district, in de- ering clear verbal messages; choosing effective nonverbal haviors; listening for desired results; applying valid critical- nking and problem-solving processes; and identifying, ana- ing, developing, and evaluating communication skills eded for professional and social success in interpersonal uations, group interactions, and personal and professional esentations.			
	A student shall enroll in the courses necessary to complete the cur- riculum requirements for the foundation high school program and the curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement.				
	Education Code 28.025(c): 10 TAC 74.11(c) (c)				

Education Code 28.025(c); 19 TAC 74.11(a), (c)

Foundation High School Program	A student must earn at least 22 credits to complete the foundatior high school program and must demonstrate proficiency in the following core courses:				
	1. English language arts—4 credits;				
	2. Mathematics—3 credits;				
	3. Science—3 credits;				
	4. Social Studies—3 credits;				
	5. Languages other than English—2 credits;				
	6. Physical Education—1 credit;				
	7. Fine Arts—1 credit; and				
	8. Elective courses—5 credits.				
	19 TAC 74.12				
Endorsements	A student shall specify in writing an endorsement the student in- ends to earn upon entering grade 9. A student may earn any of the ollowing endorsements:				
	1. Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM);				
	2. Business and industry;				
	3. Public services;				
	4. Arts and humanities; and				
	5. Multidisciplinary studies.				
	A district must make at least one endorsement available to stu- dents. A district that offers only one endorsement curriculum must offer multidisciplinary studies.				
	To earn an endorsement a student must demonstrate proficiency in the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school pro- gram and, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.13(e), earn:				
	1. A fourth credit in mathematics;				
	2. An additional credit in science; and				
	3. Two additional elective credits.				
	A course completed as part of the four courses needed to satisfy an endorsement requirement may also satisfy a requirement under				

	the foundation high school program, including an elective require- ment. The same course may count as part of the set of four courses for more than one endorsement.				
	A district shall permit a student to enroll in courses under more than one endorsement before the student's junior year and to choose, at any time, to earn an endorsement other than the en- dorsement the student previously indicated.				
	A student must earn at least 26 credits to earn an endorsement, but a student is not entitled to remain enrolled to earn more than 26 credits.				
	A district may define advanced courses and determine a coherent sequence of courses for an endorsement area, provided that pre- requisites in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126, 127, and 130 are followed.				
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.13				
Exception	A student may graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement if, after the student's sophomore year:				
	 The student and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student are advised by a school coun- selor of the specific benefits of graduating from high school with one or more endorsements; and 				
	2. The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student files with a school counselor written permission, on a form adopted by TEA, allowing the student to graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement.				
	19 TAC 74.11(d)				
Distinguished Level of Achievement	A student may earn a distinguished level of achievement by suc- cessfully completing the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program and the curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement, including four credits in science and four credits in mathematics, including Algebra II. <i>19 TAC 74.11(e)</i>				
Algebra II Notification	Not later than September 1 of each school year, a district shall no- tify by regular mail or email the parent of or other person standing in parental relation to each student enrolled in grade 9 or above that the student is not required to complete an Algebra II course to graduate under the foundation high school program. The notifica- tion must include information regarding the potential consequences				

		to a student of not completing an Algebra II course, including the impact on eligibility for:			
		1.	Automatic college admission under Education Code 51.803; and		
		2.	Certain financial aid authorized under Title 3 of the Education Code.		
		Edu	cation Code 28.02123		
	Prerequisites		udent may not be enrolled in a course that has a required pre- uisite unless:		
		1.	The student has completed the prerequisite course(s);		
		2.	The student has demonstrated equivalent knowledge as de- termined by the district; or		
		3.	The student was already enrolled in the course in an out-of- state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school and transferred to a Texas public school prior to successfully com- pleting the course.		
		A district may award credit for a course a student completed with- out having met the prerequisites if the student completed the course in an out-of-state, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school where there was not a prerequisite.			
		19 7	ΓAC 74.11(i)—(j)		
	Dual Credit Courses	Courses offered for dual credit at or in conjunction with an institu- tion of higher education (IHE) that provide advanced academic in- struction beyond, or in greater depth than, the essential knowledg and skills for the equivalent high school course required for gradu ation may satisfy graduation requirements, including requirements for required courses, advanced courses, and courses for elective credit as well as requirements for endorsements. <i>19 TAC 74.11(h)</i>			
	Core Curriculum College Courses	quir fully IHE acco	strict shall permit a student to comply with the curriculum re- ements under the foundation high school program by success- completing appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an . A student who has completed the core curriculum of an IHE in ordance with Education Code 61.822, as certified by the IHE in ordance with Education Code 4.28:		
		1.	Is considered to have earned an endorsement by successfully completing the appropriate courses for that endorsement;		
		2.	Is considered to have earned a distinguished level of achieve- ment under the foundation high school program; and		

	3.	ls e	ntitled to receive a high school diploma.		
	19 1	TAC 7	74.11(n)		
Languages Other Than English	Students may earn credit for languages other than English in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5).				
	A student who successfully completes a dual language immersion program may satisfy one credit of the two credits required in a language other English in accordance with 19 Administrative Code $74.12(b)(5)(F)$.				
	19 TAC 74.12(b)(5)				
	curr Eng	iculur lish b	E shall adopt criteria to allow a student to comply with the n requirement for one credit for a language other than y successfully completing at an elementary school a American Sign Language. <i>Education Code 28.025(b-21)</i>		
Physical Education Substitutions Other Physical	tion cou	credi rse th	ance with local district policy, the required physical educa- t may be earned through completion of any TEKS-based at is not being used to satisfy another specific graduation ent. [See Restrictions, below]		
Activity	catio		ance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- urse may be earned through participation in the following		
	1.	Athl	etics;		
	2.	JRC	DTC; and		
	3.	ity p ply t grar phys	ropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activ- rograms conducted on or off campus. A district must ap- to the commissioner of education for approval of such pro- ns, which may be substituted for state graduation credit in sical education. Such approval may be granted under the wing conditions:		
		a.	Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, pro- fessional, supervised training. The training facility, in- structors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Stu- dents dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.		
		b.	Private or commercially sponsored physical activities in- clude those certified by the superintendent to be of high		

		quality and well supervised by appropriately trained in- structors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.			
	of th Cha	ccordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one ne physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code pter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any ne following activities:			
	1.	Drill team;			
	2.	Marching band; and			
	3.	Cheerleading.			
Restrictions	clud	ubstitution activities permitted by local district policy must in- e at least 100 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity five-day school week.			
		more than four substitution credits may be earned through any bination of substitutions listed above.			
Student with Disability or Illness	A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to disability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies or a course that is offered for credit as provided by Education Code 28.002(g-1) for the required physical education credit. A credit al- lowed to be substituted may not also be used by the student to sa isfy a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical education credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to participate in physical activity must be made by:				
	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;			
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or			
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.			
	Edu	cation Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(6)			

Community- Based Fine Arts Programs	In accordance with local district policy, the required fine arts credit may be earned through participation in a community-based fine arts program not provided by the school district in which the stu- dent is enrolled.				
	ticip	In accordance with local policy, credit may be earned through par- ticipation in the community-based fine arts program only if the pro- gram meets each of the following requirements:			
	1.		e district must apply to the commissioner for approval of community-based fine arts program;		
	2.	in tł	e board must certify that the program provides instruction ne essential knowledge and skills for fine arts as defined 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 117, Subchapter C;		
	3.		e district must document student completion of the ap- ved activity;		
	4.		e program must be organized and monitored by appropri- y trained instructors;		
	5.		e fine arts program may be provided on or off a school npus and outside the regular school day; and		
	6.	sch	dents may not be dismissed from any part of the regular ool day to participate in the community-based fine arts gram.		
	fine nec for s Cha	The district shall require that instructors of the community-based fine arts program provide the district, at its request, the information necessary to obtain the criminal history record information required for school personnel in accordance with 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 153, Subchapter DD, if the community-based program is offered on campus.			
	Edu	Education Code 28.025(b-9); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(7)(B), .1030			
Performance Acknowledgments	74.′	In accordance with the requirements of 19 Administrative 74.14, a student may earn a performance acknowledge student's transcript for:			
	1.	Out	standing performance:		
		a.	In a dual credit course;		
		b.	In bilingualism and biliteracy;		
		C.	On a College Board advanced placement test or interna- tional baccalaureate examination;		

	d.	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced preliminary college preparation assessment instrument used to measure a student's progress toward readiness for college and the workplace; or			
	e.	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- referenced assessment instrument used by colleges and universities as part of their undergraduate admissions process; or			
2.		ning a state-recognized or nationally or internationally rec- ized business or industry certification or license.			
Edu	Education Code 28.025(c-5); 19 TAC 74.14				
All credit for graduation must be earned no later than grade 12. 19 TAC 74.61(b), .71(b)					
A student entering grade 9 prior to the 2014–15 school year who does not choose to complete the curriculum requirements for high school graduation under the foundation high school program must enroll in the courses necessary to complete the curriculum require- ments for the Recommended High School Program or the Ad- vanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program, unless the student, the student's parent or other person standing in paren- tal relation to the student, and a school counselor or school admin- istrator agree in writing signed by each party that the student should be permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program, and the student:					
1.	ls a	t least 16 years of age;			
2.	subj	completed two credits required for graduation in each ject of the foundation curriculum under Education Code 002(a)(1); or			
3.		failed to be promoted to the tenth grade one or more as as determined by the school district.			
disa) committee makes decisions that place a student with a on a modified curriculum in a subject area, the student atomatically placed in the Minimum High School Program.				
A student who was permitted to take courses under the Minimu High School Program prior to the 2009–10 school year may ren in the Minimum High School Program.					
19	TAC 7	74.61(c), (d), .71(c), (d)			
		t must earn at least 22 credits to complete the Minimum ool Program.			
	Edu All of TAC A st doe sch enro tal r istra sho Sch 1. 2. 3. If ar disa will A st High in th 19 1 A st	e. 2. Earnogn <i>Education</i> All credit <i>TAC 74.6</i> A student does not school gr enroll in t ments for vanced/D the stude tal relatio istrator ag should be School P 1. Is at 2. Has subj 28.0 3. Has time If an ARD disability will be au A student High Sch in the Mir <i>19 TAC 7</i> A student			

	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.72.				
	A student who enters grade 9 before the 2012–13 school year must meet the applicable program requirements in 19 Administra- tive Code Chapter 74, Subchapters D–F.				
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.62, .72				
Recommended High School Program	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Recommended High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.73. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.63, .73</i>				
Advanced / Distinguished Achievement High School Program	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.74. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.64, .74</i>				
Substitutions	No substitutions are allowed for high school graduation require- ments in the Recommended and Advanced/Distinguished Achieve- ment High School Programs, except as provided by State Board rule. <i>19 TAC 74.63(d), .64(e), .73(d), .74(e)</i>				
AP or IB Courses	College Board advanced placement and international baccalaure- ate courses may be substituted for required courses in appropriate areas. These courses may be used as electives in all three high school graduation programs. <i>19 TAC 74.61(k)</i> , $.71(i)$				
Reading	A district may offer a maximum of 3 credits of reading for state graduation elective credit for identified students if the district:				
	 Adopts policies to identify students in need of additional read- ing instruction; 				
	 Has procedures that include assessment of individual student needs and ongoing evaluation of each student's progress; and 				
	3. Monitors instructional activities to ensure that student needs are addressed.				
	Reading credits may be selected from Reading I, II, or III.				
	19 TAC 74.61(h), .71(f)				

College Courses	Mini men ricul pleti	sudent may comply with the curriculum requirements under the imum, Recommended, or Advanced/Distinguished Achievent High School Program for each subject of the foundation curlum and for languages other than English by successfully coming appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. <i>19</i> C 74.61(<i>I</i>), .71(<i>j</i>)			
Physical Education Substitutions Other Physical Activity	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:				
	1.	Athletics;			
	2.	JRC)TC; and		
	3.	ity p ply t may catio	ropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activ- rograms conducted on or off campus. A district must ap- o the commissioner for approval of such programs, which be substituted for state graduation credit in physical edu- on. Such approval may be granted under the following ditions:		
		a.	Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, pro- fessional, supervised training. The training facility, in- structors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Stu- dents dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.		
		b.	Private or commercially sponsored physical activities in- clude those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained in- structors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.		
	of th	e phy	ance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one ysical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any		

- 1. Drill team;
- 2. Marching band; and

of the following activities:

3. Cheerleading.

Restrictions		All substitution activities must include at least 100 minutes per five- day school week of moderate to vigorous physical activity.			
		No more than four substitution credits may be earned through any combination of substitutions listed above.			
Student with Disability or Illness	disa Eng the stitu req The	A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to disability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in English language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies for the required physical education credit. A credit allowed to be sub- stituted may not also be used by the student to satisfy a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical education credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to participate in physical activity must be made by:			
	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;			
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or			
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.			
Student with Physical Limitations		If a student entering grade 9 during the 2007–08 school year or thereafter is unable to comply with all of the requirements for a physical education course due to a physical limitation certified by a licensed medical practitioner, a modification to a physical education course does not prohibit the student from earning a Recommended or Advanced/Distinguished High School Program diploma. A stu- dent with a physical limitation must still demonstrate proficiency in the relevant knowledge and skills in a physical education course that do not require physical activity.			
		Education Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.62(b)(7), .63(b)(7), .64(b)(7), .72(b)(6), .73(b)(6), .74(b)(6)			
Transfers from Out- of-State or Nonpublic Schools	exc sch all a	t-of-state or out-of-country transfer students (including foreign change students) and transfer students from Texas nonpublic cools are eligible to receive Texas diplomas but shall complete applicable high school graduation requirements. Any course dits required for graduation that are not completed before enroll-			

ment may be satisfied through credit by examination, correspondence courses, distance learning, or completing the course, according to the provisions of 19 Administrative Code 74.26. *19 TAC 74.11(f)* [See EHDB, EHDC, EHDE, and EI]

Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services

Modified Curriculum and Content

Employability and Self-Help Skills

Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation

> Students Entering Grade 9 in or After the 2014–15 School Year

Modified curriculum and modified content refer to any reduction of the amount or complexity of the required knowledge and skills in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130. Substitutions that are specifically authorized in statute or rule must not be considered modified curriculum or modified content. *19 TAC 89.1070(l)*

Employability and self-help skills are those skills directly related to the preparation of students for employment, including general skills necessary to obtain or retain employment. *19 TAC 89.1070(j)*

All students graduating must be provided with a summary of academic achievement and functional performance as described in 34 C.F.R. 300.305(e)(3). This summary must consider, as appropriate, the views of the parent and student and written recommendations from adult service agencies on how to assist the student in meeting postsecondary goals. An evaluation as required by 34 C.F.R. 300.305(e)(1) (evaluation to determine that the child is no longer a child with a disability), must be included as part of the summary for a student graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (b)(2)(A), (B), or (C) or (g)(4)(A), (B), or (C). Students who participate in graduation ceremonies but who are not graduating under subsections (b)(2)(A), (B), or (C) or (g)(4)(A), (B), or (C) and who will remain in school to complete their education do not have to be evaluated. *19 TAC 89.1070(h)–(i)*

A student entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter who receives special education services may graduate and be awarded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one of the following conditions:

- 1. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110-118, 126-128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program applicable to students in general education as well as satisfactory performance on the required state assessments, unless the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is not necessary for graduation.
- 2. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily

EIF (LEGAL)

		datic whic ards satis unle isfac not r fully	pleted credit requirements for graduation under the foun- on high school program through courses, one or more of h contain modified curriculum that is aligned to the stand- applicable to students in general education, as well as factory performance on the required state assessments, ss the student's ARD committee has determined that sat- tory performance on the required state assessments is necessary for graduation. The student must also success- complete the student's IEP and meet one of the following litions:		
		a.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained full- time employment, based on the student's abilities and lo- cal employment opportunities, in addition to mastering sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to main- tain the employment without direct and ongoing educa- tional support of the local school district.		
		b.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has demonstrated mastery of specific employability skills and self-help skills that do not require direct ongoing educational support of the local school district.		
		C.	The student has access to services that are not within the legal responsibility of public education or employ- ment or educational options for which the student has been prepared by the academic program.		
		d.	The student no longer meets age eligibility requirements.		
	abov servi	/e, th ices ι	tudent receives a diploma under item 2(a), (b), or (c), e ARD committee must determine needed educational upon the request of the student or parent to resume ser- long as the student meets the age eligibility requirements.		
	19 TAC 89.1070(b), (k)				
Endorsements	A student who is enrolled in a special education program may earn an endorsement on the student's transcript by:				
			cessfully completing, with or without modification of the culum:		
		a.	The curriculum requirements identified by the SBOE for the foundation high school program; and		
		b.	The additional endorsement curriculum requirements prescribed by the SBOE; and		
	2.		cessfully completing all curriculum requirements for that prsement adopted by the SBOE:		
ATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 IPDATE 115			21 of 24		

- a. Without modification of the curriculum; or
- b. With modification of the curriculum, provided that the curriculum, as modified, is sufficiently rigorous as determined by the student's ARD committee.

The ARD committee of a student in a special education program shall determine whether the student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an end-of-course assessment instrument to earn an endorsement on the student's transcript.

Education Code 28.025(c-7)–(c-8)

StudentsA student receiving special education services who entered gradeEntering Grade 99 before the 2014–15 school year may graduate and be awarded a15 School Yearhigh school diploma under the foundation high school program if15 School Yearthe student's ARD committee determines that the student shouldtake courses under that program and the student satisfies the re-quirements of that program. A student transitioning to the Founda-tion High School Program may earn an endorsement as set outabove [see Endorsements, above].

A student receiving special education services in 11th or 12th grade who has taken each of the required state assessments but failed to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the assessments may graduate if the student has satisfied all other applicable graduation requirements. [See Special Education, above, and EKB]

19 TAC 89.1070(f)

A student receiving special education services who entered grade 9 before the 2014–15 school year may graduate and be awarded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one of the following conditions:

- 1. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the Recommended or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement Programs, including satisfactory performance on the required state assessments.
- The student is in grade 11 or 12 and has taken each of the state assessments required by 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter CC (Commissioner's Rules Concerning Implementation of the Academic Content Areas Testing Program) or Subchapter DD (Commissioner's Rules Concerning Substitute Assessments for Graduation) but failed to achieve

satisfactory performance on no more than two of the assessments and has met all other applicable graduation requirements in item 1 above.

- 3. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements under the Minimum High School Program, including participation in state assessments. The student's ARD committee shall determine whether satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is necessary for graduation.
- 4. The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126–128, and 130 through courses, one or more of which contain modified content that is aligned to the standards required under the Minimum High School Program as well as the satisfactorily completed credit requirements under the Minimum High School Program, including participation in required state assessments. The student's ARD committee shall determine whether satisfactory performance on the required state assessments is necessary for graduation. The student must also successfully complete the student's IEP and meet one of the following conditions:
 - a. Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained fulltime employment, based on the student's abilities and local employment opportunities, in addition to mastering sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to maintain the employment without direct and ongoing educational support of the local school district;
 - b. Consistent with the IEP, the student has demonstrated mastery of specific employability skills and self-help skills that do not require direct ongoing educational support of the local school district;
 - c. The student has access to services that are not within the legal responsibility of public education, or employment or educational options for which the student has been prepared by the academic program; or
 - d. The student no longer meets age eligibility requirements.

When a student receives a diploma under item 3(a), (b), or (c), above, the ARD committee must determine needed educational

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

services upon the request of the student or parent to resume ser-					
vices, as long as the student meets the age eligibility requirements.					

19 TAC 89.1070(g), (k)

Graduation of Military Dependents Course Waiver District officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed by a military student in another district or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the district shall provide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.

Transfers During Senior Year Should a military student transferring at the beginning or during the student's senior year be ineligible to graduate from the district after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and receiving districts shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending district, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending district. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student.

Substitute Passing Standard The commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more national norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of permitting a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a substitute for completing a specific course otherwise required for graduation. The passing standard is available only for a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the first time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a public school in this state at or above the tenth grade level after an absence of at least two years from the public schools of this state. Each passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revision of the standard.

Education Code 162.002 art. VII, A, C [See FDD]

Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS If an 11th or 12th grade student who is homeless or in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services transfers to a different school district and the student is ineligible to graduate from the district to which the student transfers, the district from which the student transferred shall award a diploma at the student's request, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the district from which the student transferred. *Education Code* 28.025(*i*)

TESTING PROGRAMS

STATE ASSESSMENT

EKB (LEGAL)

Table of Contents	State Assessment of Academic Skills
	Limited English Proficient Students
	Special Education
	Military Dependents
	Administration
	Schedule
	Notice to Parents and Students5
	Testing in Grades 3–8
	Exception
	Kindergarten Assessment
	Prekindergarten Assessment
	Accommodations
	End-of-Course Assessments7
	Students Enrolled Below High School Level
	Assessment Requirements for Graduation
	Substitute Assessments 8
	Accountability Testing9
	Satisfactory Performance10
	Individual Graduation Committee10
	Special Education10
	Credit by Examination11
	Additional State Assessments11
	Retakes11
	Reporting Results11
	To the Public11
	To the Board11
	To Parents, Students, and Teachers11
	Parents Right-to-Know Under ESEA12
	Parental Access12
	Out-of-State Transfers12
	Accelerated Instruction13
	College Readiness13
	Security and Confidentiality14
	Violations15

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

Confidentiality of Results			
Minimize Disruptions	17		
Disciplinary Action and Penalties			
Records Retention			
Test Administration Procedures			
Consequences			

Bellville ISD 008901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
State Assessment of Academic Skills	Every student receiving instruction in the essential knowledge and skills shall take the appropriate criterion-referenced assessments, as required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B [see Testing in Grades 3–8, below]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a), (c), (f); 19 TAC 101.5</i>
	A student may not receive a high school diploma until the student has performed satisfactorily on end-of-course (EOC) assessment instruments [see End-of-Course Assessments, below]. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(a); 19 TAC 101.4001
Limited English Proficient Students	In grades 3–12, a limited English proficient (LEP) student, as de- fined by Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B, shall partici- pate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner rules at 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. <i>Education Code 39.023(I), (m)</i> [See EKBA]
Special Education	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop or adopt appro- priate criterion-referenced alternative assessment instruments to be administered to each student in a special education program for whom a state assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023(a), even with allowable accommodations, would not provide an appropriate measure of student achievement, as deter- mined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, including assessment instruments approved by the commissioner of education that measure growth. The assessment instruments developed or adopted, including the assessment in- struments approved by the commissioner, must, to the extent al- lowed under federal law, provide a district with options for the as- sessment of students.
	TEA may not adopt a performance standard that indicates that a student's performance on the alternate assessment does not meet standards if the lowest level of the assessment accurately represents the student's developmental level as determined by the student's ARD committee.
	The student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student a required EOC assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), and whether the student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment instrument to receive a high school diploma.
	Education Code 39.023(b)–(c), .025(a-4)
Military Dependents	If the student is a military dependent, the district shall incorporate procedures to accept:

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)			
	1.	Exit or EOC exams required for graduation from the sending state;			
	2.	National norm-referenced achievement tests; or			
	3.	Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for gradua- tion in the receiving state.			
	the sen	ne event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by receiving state for a military dependent transferring in his or her ior year, then Education Code 162.002 article VII, section C, II apply.			
Substitute Passing Standard	nati mitt sub erw only first lic s sen Eac Texa dura	commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more onal norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- ing a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a stitute for achieving a score on an assessment instrument oth- ise required for graduation. The passing standard is available of or a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a pub- chool in this state at or above the grade 10 level after an ab- ce of at least two years from the public schools of this state. th passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a as public high school remains applicable to the student for the ation of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any sequent revision of the standard.			
	Edu	cation Code 162.002 art. VII [See EIF]			
Administration	A district shall follow the test administration procedures established by TEA in the applicable test administration materials. A superin- tendent shall be responsible for administering tests. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.25, .27</i>				
Schedule	com and Lea any Thu	commissioner shall specify the schedule for testing that is in apliance with Education Code 39.023(c-3) and supports reliable valid assessments. Participation in University Interscholastic gue (UIL) area, regional, or state competitions is prohibited on days on which testing is scheduled between Monday and rsday of the school week in which the primary administration of essment instruments occurs.			
	tion	commissioner may provide alternate dates for the administra- of tests required for a high school diploma to students who are ratory children and who are out of the state.			
	19	TAC 101.25			
Alternate Test Dates		commissioner shall consider requests from districts or cam- es for alternate test dates on a case-by-case basis. Alternate			

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

	test dates will only be allowed if the campus or district is closed on the day on which testing is scheduled or if there is an exceptional circumstance, defined below, that may affect a district's or cam- pus's ability to administer an assessment or the students' perfor- mance on the assessment.			
	"Ex	ceptional circumstances" include:		
	1.	Inclement weather or natural disasters that would cause a dis- trict or campus to be closed or that would cause a small per- centage of students to be in attendance on the day testing is scheduled;		
	2.	Health epidemics that result in a large number of students be- ing absent on the day of testing;		
	3.	Death of a student or school official that may impact student performance; and		
	4.	Sudden emergencies that occur on the day of testing or shortly before testing that may inhibit students from complet- ing the assessments, such as a fire on campus, a bomb threat, an extended power outage, or a water main break.		
	the ing	n alternate test date for primary test administration is approved, commissioner may prohibit a district or campus from participat- in UIL competition on the new test date if that is determined to n the best interest of the district, campus, and students.		
	19 TAC 101.5003			
Notice to Parents and Students		uperintendent shall be responsible for providing written notice to h student and the student's parent or guardian of:		
	1.	The testing requirements for grade advancement [see EIE] and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of test- ing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's kindergarten year, for students attending kin- dergarten in the district, and no later than the beginning of the student's first-grade year for all other students. The superin- tendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 1–8 who are new to the district.		
	2.	The testing requirements for graduation and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of testing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's sev- enth-grade year. The superintendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 7–12 who are new to the district. Notice of the dates, times, and locations of testing shall be		

Bellville ISD 008901				
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)		
		provided to each student who will take the tests and to out-of-school individuals.		
	19 7	FAC 101.3012		
Testing in Grades 3–8	Except as provided below, all students, other than students who are assessed under Education Code 39.023(b) (alternative assessment instrument) or 39.023(l) (LEP students) or exempted under Education Code 39.027, shall be assessed in:			
	1.	Mathematics, annually in grades 3–8;		
	2.	Reading, annually in grades 3–8;		
	3.	Writing, including spelling and grammar, in grades 4 and 7;		
	4.	Social studies in grade 8;		
	5.	Science in grades 5 and 8; and		
	6.	Any other subject and grade required by federal law.		
	Edu	cation Code 39.023(a)		
Exception	Except as required for purposes of federal accountability, a student shall not be administered a grade-level assessment if the student:			
	1.	Is enrolled in a course or subject intended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered a grade-level assessment instrument developed under the list above that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area; or		
	2.	Is enrolled in a course for high school credit in a subject in- tended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered an EOC assessment instrument that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area.		
	tend	udent is only eligible to take an assessment instrument in- led for use above the student's enrolled grade if the student is iving instruction in the entire curriculum for that subject.		
	moti	udent in grade 5 or 8 described above may not be denied pro- ion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an as- sment instrument above the student's grade level.		
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(p), 39.023(a-2); 19 TAC 101.3011		
Kindergarten Assessment	be a	assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023 may not idministered to a kindergarten student except for the purpose etermining whether the student is entitled to the benefit of the		

Bellville ISD 008901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
	Foundation School Program [see FD]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a-</i> 16)
Prekindergarten Assessment	Performance on an assessment instrument administered to stu- dents in prekindergarten may not be considered for any purpose related to Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0237</i>
Accommodations	Testing accommodations are permitted for any student unless they would make a particular test invalid. Decisions regarding testing accommodations shall take into consideration the needs of the stu- dent and the accommodations the student routinely receives in classroom instruction. Permissible testing accommodations shall be described in the appropriate test administration materials.
	The committee established by a board to determine the placement of students with dyslexia or related disorders shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering an assessment to such a student.
	A student's ARD committee shall determine the allowable accom- modations and shall document them in the student's individualized education program (IEP). [See Special Education, above]
	19 TAC 101.3013; Education Code 39.023(a)–(c), (n); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)(6)
End-of-Course Assessments	Beginning with students first enrolled in grade 9 in the 2011–12 school year, a student enrolled in a course for which an EOC assessment exists as required by Education 39.023(c) shall take the appropriate assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(a)</i>
	TEA shall adopt EOC assessment instruments for secondary-level courses in Algebra I, biology, English I, English II, and United States history. The Algebra I EOC assessment instrument must be administered with the aid of technology, but may include one or more parts that prohibit the use of technology. The English I and English II EOC assessment instruments must each assess essential knowledge and skills in both reading and writing and must provide a single score. A district shall comply with State Board of Education rules regarding administration of the assessment instruments listed in this provision.
	If a student is in a special education program, the student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student an assessment instrument required under this provision.
	Education Code 39.023(c)

Bellville ISD 008901				
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)			
Students Enrolled Below High School Level	Beginning in the 2011–12 school year, a student in grade 8 or lower who takes a high school course for credit is required to take the applicable EOC assessment. The EOC assessment result shall be applied toward the student's assessment graduation require- ments, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3021(d)</i>			
Assessment Requirements for Graduation	A student must meet satisfactory performance on an EOC assess- ment listed in Education Code 39.023(c) only for a course in which the student is enrolled and for which an EOC assessment instru- ment is administered in order to be eligible to receive a Texas di- ploma.			
Exceptions English I or English II	A student who was administered separate reading and writing EOC assessments under Education Code 39.023(c), for the English I or English II course has met that course's assessment graduation requirement if the student has:			
	 Achieved satisfactory performance on either the reading or writing EOC assessment for that course; 			
	2. Met at least the minimum score on the other EOC assessment for that course; and			
	3. Achieved an overall scale score of 3750 or greater when the scale scores for reading and writing are combined for that course.			
	Exceptions related to English I also apply to English language learners who meet the criteria in 19 Administrative Code 101.1007. [See EKBA]			
Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment	If a student earned high school credit for a course with an EOC as- sessment prior to enrollment in a Texas public school district and the credit has been accepted by a Texas public school district, or a student completed a course for Texas high school credit in a course with an EOC assessment prior to the 2011–12 spring ad- ministration, the student is not required to take the corresponding EOC assessment.			
	19 TAC 101.3021(e), .3022			
Substitute Assessments	The commissioner adopts certain assessments as substitute as- sessments that a student may use in place of a corresponding EOC assessment to meet the student's assessment graduation re- quirements. A satisfactory score on an approved assessment may be used in place of only one specific EOC assessment, except as provided by 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d)(1) (student who			

Bellville ISD 008901			
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)	
	tute	lifies for use of the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) as a substi- assessment and is enrolled in certain college preparatory rses).	
	mer	udent at any grade level is eligible to use a substitute assess- nt as provided in the commissioner's chart at 19 Administrative le 101.4002(b) if the student:	
	1.	Was administered an approved substitute assessment for an equivalent course in which the student was enrolled;	
	2.	Received a satisfactory score on the substitute assessment as determined by the commissioner and provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b); and	
	3.	Using a TSI assessment also meets the additional criteria of 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d).	
TSI Additional Criteria	A student must meet the criteria established in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d) in order to qualify to use TSI as a substitute as- sessment.		
Accountability Testing	A student electing to substitute an assessment for graduation pur- poses must still take the corresponding EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c) at least once for accountability purposes. If a student sits for an EOC assessment, a district may not mark the substitute assessment bubble for that administration		
	Asp in 19 EOC ever asse sion	udent who fails to perform satisfactorily on a PSAT, PLAN, or ire test (or any versions of these tests) as indicated in the chart 9 Administrative Code 101.4003(b) must take the appropriate C assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c). How- r, a student who does not receive a passing score on the EOC essment and retakes a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any ver- is of these tests) is eligible to meet the requirements specified 9 Administrative Code 101.4002(c).	
	19 7	TAC 101.4002	
Verification of Results		eligible student is responsible for providing a district an official y of the student's scores from the substitute assessment.	
	-	n receipt of official results of an approved substitute assess- nt, a district must:	
	1.	Verify the student's score on the substitute assessment; and	
	2.	Determine whether the student met the performance standard required to qualify for a public high school diploma in Texas as established by the commissioner.	
	19 7	TAC 101.4005	

Bellville ISD 008901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
Satisfactory Performance	A student is required to achieve a scale score that indicates satis- factory performance, as determined by the commissioner on each EOC assessment instrument administered to the student. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39.025(a)</i>
Individual Graduation Committee	A student in grade 11 or 12 who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Educa- tion Code 39.025 for not more than two courses may qualify to graduate on the basis of a review by an individual graduation com- mittee (IGC). [See EIF] <i>Education Code 28.0258, 39.025(a-5)</i>
Special Education	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258. As provided in 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (Graduation Requirements) and 19 Administrative Code 101.3023 (Participation and Graduation Assessment Requirements for Students Receiving Special Education Services), a student's ARD committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment to graduate.
	A student dismissed from a special education program who achieved satisfactory performance on an alternate EOC assess- ment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to take and achieve satisfactory performance on the general EOC assessment to graduate. A student who took an EOC assessment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to re- take and achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assess- ment if the student's ARD committee determined that the student was not required to achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assessment to graduate. A student dismissed from a special edu- cation program must achieve satisfactory performance on any re- maining EOC assessments that the student is required to take. If the student fails to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the remaining EOC assessments, the student is eligible for IGC review under Education Code 28.0258 and is subject to the IGC provisions above. [See Individual Graduation Committee, above]
	19 TAC 101.3022(f)
	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a Texas high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall determine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation.

Bellville ISD 008901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
	Beginning with the 2011–12 school year, all grades 9–12 students with significant cognitive disabilities who are assessed with an alternate assessment as specified in the student's IEP will be assessed using alternate versions of EOC assessments as listed in 19 Administrative Code 101.3011(b)(2).
	19 TAC 101.3023(a), (b)
Credit by Examination	An EOC assessment administered under Education Code 39.023(c) cannot be used for purposes of credit by examination under 19 Administrative Code 74.24. [See EHDB, EHDC] <i>19 TAC 101.3021(c)</i>
Additional State Assessments	TEA may adopt EOC assessment instruments for courses not listed in statute, as described above. A student's performance on these EOC assessment instruments is not subject to the performance requirements established for the statutory assessments. <i>Education Code 39.023(c-2)</i>
Retakes	Each time an EOC assessment instrument is administered, a stu- dent who failed to achieve a score requirement may retake the as- sessment instrument. [See Satisfactory Performance, above]
	A student is not required to retake a course as a condition of retak- ing an EOC assessment instrument.
	If a student failed a course but achieved satisfactory performance on the applicable EOC assessment, that student is not required to retake the assessment if the student is required to retake the course.
	Education Code 39.025(b); 19 TAC 101.3021(f), .3022(d)
Reporting Results To the Public	Overall student performance data, aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, shall be made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled meetings of a board, after receipt from TEA. The information shall not contain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i>
To the Board	A superintendent shall accurately report all test results with appro- priate interpretations to a board according to the schedule in the applicable test administration materials.
To Parents, Students, and Teachers	A district shall notify each of its students, his or her parent or guardian, and his or her teacher for that subject of test results, ob- serving confidentiality requirements stated at Confidentiality of Re- sults, below. All test results shall be included in each student's aca- demic achievement record and shall be furnished for each student

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
	transferring to another district or school. Upon receipt of the as- sessment results from the test contractor, a district shall disclose a student's assessment results to a student's teacher in the same subject area as the assessment for that school year. [See BQ se- ries, FD, and FL]
	19 TAC 101.3014
	TEA shall adopt a series of questions to be included in an EOC as- sessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c) to be used for purposes of identifying students who are likely to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district shall notify a student who performs at a high level on the questions and the student's parent or guardian of the student's performance and potential to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district may not require a student to perform at a particular level on the questions to be eligible to enroll in an advanced high school course. <i>Education Code 39.0233(b)</i>
Parents Right-to- Know Under ESEA	As a condition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the El- ementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), a district shall provide to each individual parent of a child who is a student in such school, with respect to such student infor- mation on the level of achievement and academic growth of the student, if applicable and available, on each of the state academic assessments required under Part A. 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(1)(B)(i)$
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to access to a copy of each state assessment instrument administered to the parent's child. This right of access does not apply, however, to those instruments or particular questions that are being field-tested by TEA. <i>Education Code 26.005, .006(a)(2)</i>
Out-of-State Transfers	A district shall accurately report to TEA whether that student trans- ferred into the district from out of state during the current school year.
	Procedures for the reporting of out-of-state-transfer students to TEA shall be established in the applicable test administration mate- rials. A district shall follow procedures specified in those test ad- ministration materials.
	The assessment results of the out-of-state transfer students shall be reported separately to districts from the results of the district's other students in addition to the current reporting of assessment results for all students and other student subsets.
	19 TAC 101.3014

Bellville ISD 008901			
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)		
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(a) in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade, the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area. Accelerated instruction may require participation of the student before or after normal school hours and may include participation at times of the year outside normal school operations. <i>Education Code</i> 28.0211(a-1)		
	A district shall provide each student who fails to perform satisfacto- rily on an EOC assessment instrument with accelerated instruction in the subject assessed by the assessment instrument. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 39.025(b-1) [See EHBC]		
College Readiness	Each district shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- cation to develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- ematics and English language arts. The courses must be designed:		
	1. For students at the grade 12 level whose performance on:		
	 An EOC assessment instrument required under Educa- tion Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readiness standards; or 		
	 b. Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an assessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334(a) indicates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level college coursework; and 		
	 To prepare students for success in entry-level college courses. 		
	A course must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- ing the course or through distance learning or as an online course provided through the institution of higher education with which the district partners.		
Faculty	Appropriate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- priate faculty of each institution of higher education with which the district partners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that each course is aligned with college readiness expectations.		
Notice	Each district shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the student's parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a course.		
Credit Earned	A student who successfully completes an English language arts course may use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced English language arts curriculum requirement for the foundation		

Bellville ISD 008901				
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT			EKB (LEGAL)	
	den the mat afte the	t who credit hema r com founc	bol program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A stu- successfully completes a mathematics course may use a earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced atics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 appletion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for lation high school program under Education Code -1)(2).	
Dual Credit			may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- nigher education with which a district partners.	
Instructional Materials	Each district, in consultation with the institution of higher education with which the district partners, shall develop or purchase instruc- tional materials for a course consistent with Education Code Chap- ter 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- sources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.			
	Education Code 28.014			
Security and Confidentiality	All assessment instruments included in the student assessment program are considered secure, and the contents of these tests, in cluding student information used or obtained in their administration are confidential.			
			and campuses and the superintendent and campus princi- ach district and campus shall:	
	1.		lement and ensure compliance with state test administra- procedures and training activities;	
	2.	lege	fy TEA as soon as the district becomes aware of any al- ed or suspected violation of the security or confidential in- ity of a test [see Violations, below];	
			Report all confirmed testing violations to TEA within ten work- ing days of the district becoming aware of the violation in ac- cordance with the reporting process stipulated in the test ad- ministration materials;	
	4.		ure that the only individuals with access to secure test erials are district employees who have:	
		a.	Met the requirements to participate in the student as- sessment program;	
		b.	Received annual training in test security and test admin- istration procedures; and	
		C.	Signed an oath affirming they understand their obligation to maintain and preserve the security and confidentiality	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)		14 of 17	

000301		
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
		of all state assessments and student information, acknowledge their responsibility to report any suspected testing violation, and are aware of the range of penalties that may result from a violation of test security and confi- dentiality or a departure from test administration proce- dures; and
	5.	Ensure the security of the test materials as required by 19 Ad- ministrative Code 101.3031(a)(2)(E).
	19 T	AC 101.3031(a)(1)–(a)(2)
Violations	Viola	ations of the security and confidential integrity of a test include:
	1.	Directly or indirectly assisting students with responses to test questions;
	2.	Tampering with student responses;
	3.	Falsifying holistic ratings or student responses;
	4.	Viewing secure test content before, during, or after an admin- istration unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the pro- cedures outlined in the test administration materials;
	5.	Discussing or disclosing secure test content or student re- sponses;
	6.	Scoring students' tests, either formally or informally;
	7.	Duplicating, recording, or electronically capturing confidential test content unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;
	8.	Responding to secure test questions;
	9.	Fraudulently exempting or preventing a student from partici- pating in the administration of a required state assessment;
	10.	Receiving or providing unallowable assistance during calibra- tion activities (e.g., taking notes, providing answer sheets, or sharing answers);
	11.	Encouraging or assisting an individual to engage in the con- duct described above or in any other serious violation of secu- rity and confidentiality;
	12.	Failing to report to an appropriate authority that an individual has engaged or is suspected of engaging in the above con- duct or in any other serious violation of security and confiden- tiality under this provision;

TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT		EKB (LEGAL)
	13.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent student cheating; and
	14.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent altera- tion of test documents by anyone other than the student.
Consequences	chea	district determines that a student has cheated or attempted to at on a state assessment either by providing or receiving direct stance, the district shall invalidate the student's test results.
	Any TEA	violation of test security or confidential integrity may result in
	1.	Invalidating student test results;
	2.	Referring certified educators to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) for sanctions in accordance with 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 247 (Educators' Code of Ethics) and Chapter 249 (Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Contested Cases); and
	3.	Lowering the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's accountability rating in accordance with Education Code 39.057(d), or appointment of a monitor, conservator, or management team to the district in accordance with Educa- tion Code Chapter 39A.
Test Administration Procedures	mini com	administration procedures shall be delineated in the test ad- istration materials provided to districts annually. Districts must aply with all of the applicable requirements specified in the test inistration materials.
	ceiv skill	ricts shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- e training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary s and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- nts in a valid, standardized, and secure manner.
Records Retention	requ	part of test administration procedures, the commissioner shall uire districts to maintain records related to the security of assement instruments for five years.
	19 1	ГАС 101.3031(a-3)–(d)
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	late cation that	C may take disciplinary action against a person who has vio- d the security or integrity of any assessment required by Edu- on Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or has committed an act is a departure from the test administration procedures estab- ed by the commissioner under 19 Administrative Code Chapter

Bellville ISD 008901	
TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
	The superintendent and campus principal must develop proce- dures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the tests and will be responsible for notifying TEA in writing of conduct that violates the security or confidentiality of a test. Failure to report can subject the person responsible to the applicable penalties.
	19 TAC 249.15(a)–(b), (g)
Minimize Disruptions	In implementing the commissioner's procedures for the administra- tion of assessment instruments adopted or developed under Edu- cation Code 39.023, including procedures designed to ensure the security of the assessment, a district shall minimize disruptions to school operations and the classroom environment. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0301(a-1)</i>
Confidentiality of Results	Individual student performance results are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See FL and GBA]

Bellville ISD 008901	
TESTING PROGRAMS READING ASSESSMEN	T EKC (LEGAL)
Reading Instruments	The commissioner of education shall adopt a list of reading instru- ments that a school district may use to diagnose student reading development and comprehension.
	For use in diagnosing the reading development and comprehen- sion of kindergarten students, the commissioner shall adopt a mul- tidimensional assessment tool that includes a reading instrument and tests at least three developmental skills. A multidimensional assessment tool is considered to be a reading instrument.
	The district-level committee may adopt a list of reading instruments in addition to the reading instruments on the commissioner's list for a grade level other than kindergarten. Each reading instrument adopted by the district-level committee shall be based on scientific research concerning reading skills development and reading com- prehension. A list of adopted reading instruments shall provide for diagnosing the reading development and comprehension of stu- dents participating in a bilingual or special language program.
	Education Code 28.006(a)–(b)
Kindergarten	Each district shall administer at the kindergarten level a reading in- strument adopted by the commissioner or an alternative reading in- strument approved by the commissioner. The district shall adminis- ter the reading instrument in accordance with the commissioner's recommendations.
	The commissioner may approve an alternative reading instrument for use in diagnosing the reading development and comprehension of kindergarten students that complies with the requirements above.
	The commissioner by rule shall determine the performance on the reading instrument that indicates kindergarten readiness.
	Education Code 28.006(b-1), (c-2)–(c-3)
First and Second Grades	A district shall administer, at first- and second-grade levels, a read- ing instrument on the list adopted by the commissioner or by the district-level committee. A district shall administer the reading in- strument in accordance with the commissioner's recommenda- tions.
Seventh Grade	A district shall administer a diagnostic reading instrument during the first six weeks of the school year to each student in grade 7 whose performance on the grade 6 state reading assessment did not meet the passing standard. If a student was administered the modified state assessment in reading, the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee may determine if the diagnostic as- sessment is appropriate for use with that student.

TESTING PROGRAMS READING ASSESSMENT

	ing a sion ard,	udent in grade 7 who does not have a score for the state assessment in grade 6 may be given an equivalent compr assessment. If that student does not meet the passing st the student must be administered the diagnostic reading essment.	rehen-
	and/ subr ucat	strict must use the Texas Middle School Fluency Assessm /or an alternate diagnostic reading instrument. A district m mit an alternate diagnostic reading instrument to the Texas ion Agency (TEA) for approval. An alternate diagnostic ins it must:	ust s Ed-
	1.	Be based on published scientific research in reading;	
	2.	Be age and grade-level appropriate, valid, and reliable;	
	3.	Identify specific skill difficulties in word analysis, fluency, comprehension; and	and
	4.	Assist the teacher in making individualized instructional sions based on the assessment results.	deci-
Reports	A su	perintendent shall:	
	1.	Report to the commissioner and the board the results of reading instruments;	the
	2.	Not later than the 60th calendar day after the date on wh reading instrument was administered, report, in writing, t student's parent or guardian the student's results on the ing instrument; and	o a
	3.	Using the school readiness certification system, report e student's raw score on the reading instrument to TEA us the school readiness certification system.	
Cost	leve	shall ensure at least one reading instrument for each gra I for which a reading instrument is required to be administ vailable to districts at no cost.	
Notice to Parents	derg basi othe ensi clea	strict shall notify the parent or guardian of each student in garten, first grade, or second grade who is determined, on s of reading instrument results, to be at risk for dyslexia o er reading difficulties. A district shall make a good-faith effo ure that this notice is provided in person or by regular mai r and easy to understand, and is written in English and in ent or guardian's native language.	the r ort to I, is
Accelerated Reading Instruction Program	prog	strict shall implement an accelerated reading instruction gram that provides reading instruction that addresses read ciencies to those students and shall determine the form,	ling
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			2 of 3

TESTING PROGRAMS READING ASSESSMENT EKC (LEGAL)

content, and timing of that program. [See Accelerated Reading Instruction Program at EHBC(LEGAL)]

Education Code 28.006; 19 TAC 101.6001

	Not	e:	The following provisions address requirements for a charter partnership to receive the benefits of Education Code 11.174 and 48.252. For the general campus charter requirements applicable to partnership charters, see EL(LEGAL).
Contract Regarding Operation of District Campus	part by t the awa mus	tner r he co distri rded st be g	rd may contract with a partner to operate a campus. The nay be an open-enrollment charter school or, on approval ommissioner of education, an entity granted a charter by ct under Chapter 12, Subchapter C that is eligible to be a charter under Education Code 12.101(a). The campus granted a charter under Chapter 12, Subchapter C. Edu- ode 11.174(a), (d)
	from prov	n inte	s operated under a contract qualifies for an exemption rvention as provided below and qualifies for funding as by Education Code 48.252 [see Funding for Certain Stu- low].
	The	boar	d may enter into a contract only if:
	1.		charter of the open-enrollment charter school has not n previously revoked;
	2.	prop	the three school years preceding the school year of the posed operation of the campus, the open-enrollment char- school has received:
		a.	An overall performance rating of acceptable or higher; and
		b.	A financial accountability rating indicating financial per- formance of satisfactory or higher; or
	3.	prev	entity considered for a district-authorized charter has not viously operated an open-enrollment charter school in ch the charter expired or was revoked or surrendered.
	Edu	catio	n Code 11.174(a)–(b)
Intervention Pause	mar Sub tract actions	nce ra chap t beg on ag sfy ac	npus under a contract that received an overall perfor- ating of unacceptable under Education Code Chapter 39, ter C for the school year before operation under the con- an, the commissioner may not impose a sanction or take ainst the campus under Education Code 39A for failure to cademic performance standards during the first two school operation of a campus under the contract. [See AIA, AIC]
			s is eligible for an exemption from applicable sanctions or the campus and the partnership to operate the campus
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 ELA(LEGAL)-P)		1 of 9

meet all applicable requirements and the campus was operated under the partnership from the first to the last day of the school year of the campus. A school year must include, at a minimum, all minutes of operation and instructional time conducted on the campus, and all the days for which the instructional workforce of the campus that provides education services for students are employed. The overall performance rating received by the campus during those first two school years is not included in calculating consecutive school years and is not considered a break in consecutive school years. Education Code 11.174(f); 19 TAC 97.1077 Applicability A campus shall not qualify for an intervention pause unless during the school year prior to the operation of a partnership charter the campus received an unacceptable performance rating, except as provided by 19 Administrative Code 97.1077(e) (campus that operates a partnership charter for less than a year). 19 TAC 97.1062(b) The Texas Education Agency (TEA) will not withdraw or postpone issuing any orders or determinations required or authorized that arise due to the performance rating from the school year prior to the school year in which the campus gualifies for the intervention pause, and any order or determination will resume upon expiration of the intervention pause. Any intervention or sanction not covered by the intervention pause shall continue. If a campus ceases to qualify for the intervention pause at any point during a school year, TEA will resume previously ordered interventions and sanctions, order interventions and sanctions based on the rating from that school year, and count that rating for purposes of consecutive years of performance. TEA will not pursue interventions under Education Code 39A.101-39A.109 and 39A.111 for a campus eligible for an intervention pause if one of the school years eligible for an intervention pause results in an acceptable or higher overall rating. If after the expiration of the intervention pause a campus receives an unacceptable rating, TEA will apply the requisite interventions that apply to the consecutive year that corresponds to the campus's actual number of consecutive years of unacceptable performance minus the number of intervention pause years and, if applicable, accounting for the modification under 19 Administrative Code 97.1062(c).

	If a campus qualifies for an intervention pause for a school year af- ter the conclusion of the school year in which an order is author- ized under Education Code 39A.111, the intervention under Educa- tion Code 39A.111 will not pause.
	A campus that receives an intervention pause will still receive an accountability rating for that school year.
	Performance of students at a campus that receives an intervention pause shall be considered in the accountability rating of the district and the application of an intervention pause to a campus shall not pause or alter any intervention applicable to the district or other campuses.
Appeal	A determination under this section that arises from the application of Education Code 28.020 is final and may not be appealed.
Partial Year	A partial school year that results in an intervention pause under 19 Administrative Code 97.1077(b) or (c) constitutes one full year of a pause. This provision expires on September 1, 2023.
	19 TAC 97.1062(d), (f)-(n)
Additional Exemption	A campus that receives an exemption from a sanction or other ac- tion may receive another exemption while operating under a sub- sequent contract only if the campus receives approval for the ex- emption from the commissioner. <i>Education Code</i> $11.174(g)$
Funding for Certain Students	A district that enters into a contract is entitled to receive for each student in average daily attendance at the campus an amount equivalent to the difference, if the difference results in increased funding, between the amount described by Education Code 12.106 and the amount to which the district would be entitled under this Education Code Chapter 48. This section applies only to a district that does not appoint a majority of the governing body of the charter holder. <i>Education Code 48.252</i>
Consultation with Campus Personnel	Before entering into a contract, the district must consult with cam- pus personnel regarding the provisions to be included in the con- tract between the district and the open-enrollment charter school. All rights and protections afforded by current employment contracts or agreements may not be affected by the contract entered into be- tween a district and an open-enrollment charter school. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 11.174(c)</i>
Notice to Commissioner	A district proposing to enter into a contract with a campus or pro- gram charter shall notify the commissioner of the district's intent to enter into the contract according to commissioner rules. The com- missioner shall notify the district whether the proposed contract is

	approved not later than the 60th day after the date the commissioner receives notice of the proposed contract and all information required by the commissioner to be submitted. If the commissioner fails to notify the district that the proposed contract has been approved or denied within the period prescribed by this subsection, the proposed contract is considered approved. <i>Education Code</i> $11.174(k)$
Enrollment Eligibility	The contract must include a provision addressing student eligibility for enrollment.
	The contract must provide that any student residing in the attend- ance zone of the campus as the attendance zone existed before operation of the campus under the contract shall be admitted for enrollment at the campus. The contract must establish enrollment preference for students who do not reside in the attendance zone as follows:
	1. Other students residing in the school district in which the cam- pus is located; and
	2. Students who reside outside the school district.
	Education Code 11.174(h), (i)
Operating Partner	An operating partner means a state authorized open-enrollment charter school or an eligible entity as defined by Education Code 12.101(a). <i>19 TAC 97.1075(b)(1)</i>
Conferred Authority	The district must confer, at a minimum, the following enhanced au- thorities to the operating partner:
Staffing Authorities	 The operating partner must have authority to employ and manage the campus chief operating officer, including the ini- tial and final non-delegable authority to hire, supervise, man- age, assign, evaluate, develop, advance, compensate, con- tinue employment, and establish any other terms of employment.
	2. The operating partner must have authority over the employ- ees of the operating partner, including initial and final non-del- egable authority for the operating partner to employ and/or manage all of the operating partner's own administrators, ed- ucators, contractors, or other staff. Such authority includes the authority to hire, supervise, manage, assign, evaluate, de- velop, advance, compensate, continue employment and es- tablish any other terms of employment.

	3.	The operating partner must have sole authority over the as- signment of all district employees to the campus, including ini- tial and final authority to approve the assignment of all district employees or contractors to the campus.
	4.	The operating partner must have initial, final, and sole author- ity to supervise, manage, evaluate, and rescind the assign- ment of any district employee or district contractor from the campus. If the operating partner rescinds the assignment of any district employee or district contractor, the district must grant the request within 20 working days.
	5.	The operating partner must directly manage the campus prin- cipal or chief operating officer, including having the sole re- sponsibility for evaluating the performance of the campus principal or chief operating officer.
	19 T	AC 97.1075(c)(1)
Other Authorities	The	operating partner must have:
	1.	Initial, final, and sole authority to approve all curriculum deci- sions beyond the minimum requirements outlined in 19 Ad- ministrative Code 74.2 and 74.3 (required elementary and secondary curriculum), lesson plans, instructional strategies, and instructional materials as defined by law, to be used at that campus;
	2.	Initial, final, and sole authority over educational programs for specific, identified student groups, such as gifted and talented students, students of limited English proficiency, students at risk of dropping out of school, special education students, and other statutorily defined populations;
	3.	Initial, final, and sole authority to set the school calendar and daily schedule, which may differ from those in other district campuses;
	4.	Initial, final, and sole authority to select and determine the use of any and all assessments to be used on the campus that are not required by the state of Texas;
	5.	Initial, final, and sole authority to determine how the entire campus budget, including any and all federal and state grant funds due the campus, is allocated. The governing body of the operating partner shall approve the campus budget in a meeting held under the Texas Open Meetings Act [see BE]. Notwithstanding such budget authority, the operating partner's expenditures must comply with the applicable restrictions on the use of state and federal funds; and

	6.		al, final, and sole authority to implement and adjust the pus budget.			
	19 7	rac 9	AC 97.1075(c)(2)			
Performance Contract	To contract to partner to operate under Education Code 11.174, the district's board must grant the operating partner a campus charter under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter C. The charter must include performance expectations memorialized in a performance contract as required by law. The performance contract must include, at a minimum, the following:					
	1.	A clear and unambiguous description of enhanced authoritie as outlined above;				
	2.		Academic performance expectations and goals, which shall include, but are not limited to;			
		a.	For campuses that are paired for accountability pur- poses, specific annual targets for improved student aca- demic performance;			
		b.	For campuses issued an accountability rating under Ed- ucation Code 39.054, a specific annual target for the overall campus academic rating; and			
		C.	Specific consequences in the event that the operating party does not meet the academic performance expectations and goals described in the performance contract;			
	3.		ual financial performance expectations and goals, which I include, but are not limited to:			
		a.	The completion of an annual independent financial re- port, including an audit, of the operating partner organi- zation, limited to matters directly related to the manage- ment or operation of the campus or campuses;			
		b.	Receipt of an unqualified audit opinion, in connection with the annual financial report required above; and			
		C.	Specific consequences in the event that the operating partner does not meet the annual financial performance expectations and goals described in the performance contract;			
	4.		escription of the campus enrollment and expulsion policies must comply with Education Code 11.174(i);			
	5.	Cod	ntract term of up to ten years as required by Education e 12.0531, with a provision(s) specifying a requirement public hearing at least 30 days prior to any district action			

to terminate or extend if required by 19 Administrative Code 97.1075(d)(5);

- 6. A contract term stating that the campus is exempt from laws and rules to the fullest extent allowed by the Education Code, Chapter 12, Subchapter C, and is exempt from all district policies except for laws, rules, and policies that are specifically identified as applicable to the campus in the performance contract;
- 7. A section that describes the funding structure of the partnership as required by 19 Administrative Code 97.1075(d)(7);
- 8. Service-level agreements that list the resources and services the operating partner intends to purchase from the district and the specific costs of such services by pupil, square foot, campus, or the percentage of the total district budget for the specific resource or service. The resources and services may include:
 - a. Facility use and related matters;
 - b. Transportation;
 - c. Specific education program services, such as providing special education services; and
 - d. Access to other resources and services as agreed between the parties;
- A section that describes the educational plan or academic model that the operating partner will implement on the campus or campuses;
- 10. An assurance that the district has consulted with campus personnel regarding the provisions included in the performance contract and that the rights and protections afforded by current employment contracts or agreements shall not be affected by this contract as required by Education Code 11.174(c), unless the district is partnering with an entity described in Education Code 11.174(a)(2); and
- 11. A description of the specific and material consequence(s) in the instance that either the district or the operating partner breaches the contract.

19 TAC 97.1075(d); Education Code 12.0531

Eligible partnerships must notify TEA of amendments to performance contracts within 30 calendar days of the amendment of the contract. *19 TAC 97.1075(g)*

TEA Monitoring	The commissioner shall continue to evaluate and assign overall and domain performance ratings under Education Code 39.054 to the campus. In order to qualify for ongoing benefits subsequent to initial eligibility validation or approval, the eligible partnership cam- pus must comply with all information requests or monitoring visits deemed necessary by the TEA staff to monitor the ongoing eligibil- ity of the partnership. <i>19 TAC 97.1075(h)–(i)</i>
Entity Granted a Charter by the District	Title 19 Administrative Code 97.1079 applies only to districts that intend to contract to partner to operate a campus and receive benefits under Education Code $11.174(a)(2)$.
Definitions Eligible Entity	"Eligible entity" means an institution of higher education, a non- profit organization, or a governmental entity. For applicants seeking approval of an institution of higher education, which has been granted a charter in accordance with Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter E, the commissioner will treat the institution of higher education as an open-enrollment charter.
Campus	"Campus" means an organizational unit operated by a district that is eligible to receive a campus performance rating in the state ac- countability system, including a rating of Not Rated or Not Rated: Data Integrity Issues. This definition includes a charter school cam- pus.
Applicant	"Applicant" means a district seeking approval to receive benefits for an eligible entity to contract to partner to operate a campus.
Proposed Operating Partner	"Proposed operating partner" means an eligible entity seeking ap- proval in coordination with a district to contract to partner to oper- ate a campus.
	19 TAC 97.1079(b)–(c), .1051(3); Education Code 12.101(a)
Eligibility Approval Process	TEA shall review application packages submitted under this provi- sion. If TEA determines that an application package is not complete and/or the applicant does not meet the eligibility criteria, TEA shall notify the applicant and allow ten business days for the applicant to submit any missing or explanatory documents.
	Upon written notice to TEA, an applicant may withdraw an applica- tion package.
	19 TAC 97.1079(e)(2)–(3)
Public Information	All parts of the district's eligibility approval request are releasable under the Texas Public Information Act [see GBA] and will be posted to the TEA website. Information described in 19 Administra- tive Code 97.1079(e)(4) must be excluded or redacted from an eli- gibility approval request. <i>19 TAC 97.1079(e)(4)</i>

Criteria for Approval	The commissioner shall consider the criteria described in 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1079(e)(9) when determining approval to con- tract to partner to operate a campus and receive benefits under Education Code 11.174(a)(2). <i>19 TAC 97.1079(e)</i>
Appeals	A decision made by TEA to deny, remove, or return an eligibility approval request is a final administrative decision of TEA and may not be appealed under Education Code 7.057. <i>19 TAC 97.1079(f)</i>

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION F: STUDENTS

FA	STUDENT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
FB	EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY
FBA	Service Animals
FC	SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AREAS
FD	ADMISSIONS
FDA	Interdistrict Transfers
FDAA	Public Education Grants
FDB	Intradistrict Transfers and Classroom Assignments
FDC	Homeless Students
FDD	Military Dependents
FDE	School Safety Transfers
FE	ATTENDANCE
FEA	Compulsory Attendance
FEB	Attendance Accounting
FEC	Attendance for Credit
FED	Attendance Enforcement
FEE	Open/Closed Campus
FEF	Released Time
FF	STUDENT WELFARE
FFA	Wellness and Health Services
FFAB	Physical Examinations
FFAC	Immunizations
FFAD	Medical Treatment
FFAE	Communicable Diseases
FFAF	School-Based Health Centers
FFB	Care Plans
FFBA	Crisis Intervention
FFC	Trauma-Informed Care
FFD	Student Support Services
FFE	Student Insurance
FFEA	Counseling and Mental Health
FFFB	Counseling
FFFA	Mental Health
FFFB	Student Safety
FFFD	Supervision of Students
FFFF	Safety Patrols
FFFF	Bicycle/Automobile Use
FFFF	School Buses
FFF	Child Abuse and Neglect

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION F: STUDENTS

FFH FFI	Freedom from Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation Freedom from Bullying
FG	STUDENT AWARDS AND SCHOLARSHIPS
FH	STUDENT VOLUNTEERS
FJ	STUDENT FUNDRAISING
FL FLA	STUDENT RECORDS Confidentiality of Student Health Information
FM FMA FMB FMD FME FME FMF FMG FMH	STUDENT ACTIVITIES School-Sponsored Publications Student Government Social Events Performances Contests and Competition Travel Commencement
FN FNA FNAA FNAB FNB FNC FNCA FNCA FNCB FNCC FNCD FNCC FNCC FNCC FNCF FNCG FNCH FNCI FNCI FNCI FNCI FNC FNC FNC FNC FNC FNC FNC FNC FNC FNC	STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES Student Expression Distribution of Nonschool Literature Use of School Facilities for Nonschool Purposes Involvement in Decision Making Student Conduct Dress Code Care of School Property Prohibited Organizations and Hazing Tobacco Use and Possession Personal Telecommunications/Electronic Devices Alcohol and Drug Use Weapons Assaults Disruptions Married Students Pregnant Students Investigations and Searches Student and Parent Complaints/Grievances
FO FOA FOB FOC	STUDENT DISCIPLINE Removal by Teacher or Bus Driver Out-of-School Suspension Placement in a Disciplinary Alternative Education Setting

Please Note: This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

SECTION F: STUDENTS

FOCA	Disciplinary Alternative Education Program Operations
FOD	Expulsion
FODA	Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program
FOE	Emergency and Alternative Placement
FOF	Students with Disabilities
FP	STUDENT FEES, FINES, AND CHARGES

EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

Nondiscrimination	A district shall provide equal opportunities to all individuals within its jurisdiction or geographic boundaries. <i>Education Code 1.002(a)</i>
	No officer or employee of a district shall, when acting or purporting to act in an official capacity, refuse to permit any student to participate in any school program because of the student's race, religion, color, sex, or national origin. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 106.001</i>
	A district may not deny services to any individual eligible to partici- pate in its special education program, but it shall provide individu- als with disabilities special educational services as authorized by law. <i>Education Code 1.002(b)</i>
Federal Funding Recipients	No person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the bene- fits of, or subjected to discrimination by any district that receives federal financial assistance, on the basis of any of the following protected characteristics:
	1. Sex.
	2. Race, color, or national origin.
	3. Disability, or relationship or association with an individual with a disability. [See EHB, EHBA series, and GA]
	4. Age.
	20 U.S.C. 1681 (Title IX); 42 U.S.C. 2000d (Title VI); 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq. (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act); 29 U.S.C. 794 (Section 504); 42 U.S.C. 12132 (Americans with Disabilities Act [ADA]); 42 U.S.C. 6101 et. seq. (Age Discrimination Act of 1975)
Sexual Harassment	Sexual harassment of students is discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX. <i>Franklin v. Gwinnett County Schools, 503 U.S. 60 (1992)</i> [See also DIA and FFH]
Grievance Procedures	A district must adopt and publish grievance procedures for prompt and equitable resolution of student complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by these provisions. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8 (Title</i> <i>IX), 104.7(b) (Section 504)</i> [See FFH]
Retaliation	A district shall not coerce, intimidate, threaten, retaliate or discrimi- nate against, or interfere with any person who attempts to assert a right protected by the above laws or cooperates with investigation and enforcement proceedings under these laws. <i>34 C.F.R. 100.7(e)</i> <i>(Title VI), 104.61 (Section 504), 106.71 (Title IX)</i> [See FFH]
Students with Learning Difficulties	The Texas Education Agency shall produce and provide to school districts a written explanation of the options and requirements for providing assistance to students who have learning difficulties or

EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

	who need or may need special education. The explanation must state that a parent is entitled at any time to request an evaluation of the parent's child for special education services under Education Code 29.004 or for aids, accommodations, or services under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794). Each school year, a district shall provide the written explanation to a parent of each district student by including the explanation in the student handbook or by another means. <i>Education Code 26.0081(c)</i>
Disability Discrimination ADA	Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), no qualified indi- vidual with a disability shall, by reason of such disability, be ex- cluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the ser- vices, programs, or activities of a district, or be subjected to discrimination by the district. <i>42 U.S.C. 12132; 28 C.F.R. 35.130</i>
Section 504	Under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, no otherwise qualified individual with a disability shall, solely by reason of her or his disability, be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. 29 U.S.C. $794(a)$
Designation of Responsible Employee	A district shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with Section 504 and the ADA. The district shall make available to all interested individuals the name, office address, and telephone number of the employee(s) so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(a), 28 C.F.R. 35.107</i>
Definitions Student with a Disability	A "student with a disability" is one who has a physical or mental im- pairment that substantially limits one or more of the student's major life activities, has a record of having such an impairment, or is be- ing regarded as having such an impairment.
	The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication, medical supplies, low-vision devices (which do not include ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses), prosthetics, hearing aids, mobility devices, oxygen therapy, assistive technology, or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.
	An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a disa- bility. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.
	A student meets the requirement of being "regarded as" having an impairment if the student establishes that he or she has been sub- jected to a prohibited action because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment whether or not the impairment limits
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	2 of 8

	or is perceived to limit a major life activity. This provision does not		
	or is perceived to limit a major life activity. This provision does not apply to impairments that are transitory or minor. A transitory im- pairment is one with an actual or expected duration of 6 months or less.		
	29 U.S.C. 705(20)(B), 42 U.S.C. 12102(1), (3)–(4)		
Qualified Individual with a Disability	The term "qualified individual with a disability" means an individual with a disability who, with or without reasonable modifications to rules, policies, or practices, the removal of architectural, communication, or transportation barriers, or the provision of auxiliary aids and services, meets the essential eligibility requirements for the receipt of services or the participation in programs or activities provided by a district. <i>42 U.S.C. 12131(2)</i>		
Major Life Activities	"Major life activities" include caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, and working. "Major life activity" also includes the operation of major bodily functions, including functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, and digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions. <i>42 U.S.C. 12102(2)</i>		
Reasonable Modification	A district shall make reasonable modifications in policies, practices, or procedures when the modifications are necessary to avoid discrimination on the basis of disability, unless the district can demonstrate that making the modifications would fundamentally alter the nature of the service, program, or activity. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.130(b)(7)</i>		
Direct Threat	"Direct threat" means a significant risk to the health or safety of others that cannot be eliminated by a modification of policies, practices or procedures, or by the provision of auxiliary aids or services as provided below. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.104</i>		
	The ADA does not require a district to permit an individual to partic- ipate in or benefit from the services, programs, or activities of that district when that individual poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others.		
	In determining whether an individual poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others, a district must make an individualized assessment, based on reasonable judgment that relies on current medical knowledge or on the best available objective evidence, to ascertain:		
	1. The nature, duration, and severity of the risk;		
	2. The probability that the potential injury will actually occur; and		

	pro	nether reasonable modifications of policies, practices, or cedures or the provision of auxiliary aids or services will igate the risk.	
	28 C.F.F	R. 35.139	
Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)	A district shall provide a free appropriate public education to each qualified student with a disability within the district's jurisdiction, regardless of the nature or severity of the student's disability.		
		nt with a disability is "qualified" if he or she is between the three and 21, inclusive. <i>20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(1); 34 C.F.R.</i> (2)	
		opriate education is the provision of regular or special edu- nd related services that are:	
	as	signed to meet the student's individual educational needs adequately as the needs of students who do not have disa- ties are met; and	
	qui	sed on adherence to procedures that satisfy federal re- rements for educational setting, evaluation and placement, d procedural safeguards, as set forth below.	
	34 C.F.F	R. 104.33(b)	
		entation of an individualized education program (IEP) under one means for providing FAPE. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.33(b)(2)</i>	
	Note:	See EHBA series for policies regarding the provision of special education to students with disabilities under IDEA who require special education in order to benefit from a free appropriate public education.	
Educational Setting	tional er in the re	t shall place a student with a disability in the regular educa- ivironment, unless the district demonstrates that education gular environment with the use of supplemental aids and cannot be achieved satisfactorily. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.34(a)</i>	
	vices an ability pa maximu	ling or arranging for nonacademic and extracurricular ser- d activities, a district shall ensure that a student with a dis- articipates with students who do not have disabilities to the m extent appropriate to the needs of the student with a dis- 4 C.F.R. 104.34(b), 104.37	
Evaluation and Placement	of disab	t shall conduct an evaluation of any person who, because lity, needs or is believed to need special education or re- rvices before taking any action with respect to the initial	

	placement of the person in regular or special education and subsequent significant change in placement.			
Evaluation Procedures	A district shall establish standards and procedures for the evalua- tion and placement which ensure that:			
	1.	Tests and other evaluation materials have been validated for the specific purpose for which they are used and are adminis- tered by trained personnel in conformance with the instruc- tions provided by their producer;		
	2.	Tests and other evaluation materials include those tailored to assess specific areas of educational need and not merely those which are designed to provide a single general intelli- gence quotient; and		
	3.	Tests are selected and administered so as best to ensure that, when a test is administered to a student with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the test results accurately reflect the student's aptitude or achievement level or whatever other factor the test purports to measure, rather than reflect- ing the student's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills (except where those skills are the factors that the test pur- ports to measure).		
Placement Procedures		nterpreting evaluation data and in making placement decisions, strict shall:		
	1.	Draw upon information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests, teacher recommendations, physical condition, social and cultural background, and adap- tive behavior;		
	2.	Establish procedures to ensure that information obtained from all such sources is documented and carefully considered;		
	3.	Ensure that the placement decision is made by a group of persons, including persons knowledgeable about the child, the meaning of the evaluation data, and the placement options; and		
	4.	Ensure that the placement decision is made in conformity with 34 C.F.R. 104.34.		
Reevaluation	den vice the	strict shall establish procedures for periodic reevaluation of stu- ts who have been provided special education and related ser- s. A reevaluation procedure consistent with the Education for Handicapped Act [now IDEA] is one means of meeting this re- ement.		
	34 (C.F.R. 104.35		

Military Dependents	In compliance with the requirements of Section 504, and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. Sections 12131–12165), the district shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the needs of incoming military dependents with disabilities, subject to an existing Section 504 or Title II Plan, to provide the student with equal access to education. This does not preclude the district from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education Code 162.002 art. V, § C</i> [See FDD]
Procedural Safeguards	A district shall establish a system of procedural safeguards with re- spect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of persons who need or are believed to need special instruction or re- lated services.
	The system shall include notice, an opportunity for the student's parent or guardian to examine relevant records, an impartial hearing with the opportunity for participation by the student's parents or guardian and representation by counsel, and a review procedure. Compliance with the procedural safeguards of IDEA is one means of meeting this requirement. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.36</i>
Children Who Are Homeless	A district shall adopt policies and practices to ensure that homeless children are not stigmatized or segregated on the basis of their homeless status. [See FDC]
Liaison	A district shall designate an appropriate staff person, able to carry out the required duties, as the district liaison for homeless children. A district shall inform school personnel, service providers, advo- cates working with homeless families, parents and guardians of homeless children, and homeless children of the duties of the liai- son. [See FFC]
	42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(1)(J)(i), (ii), (g)(6)(B)
Religious Freedom	A district may not substantially burden a student's free exercise of religion, unless the burden is in furtherance of a compelling gov- ernmental interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that interest. <i>Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 110.003</i> [See also DAA and GA]
Adverse Action Prohibited	Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not take any adverse action against any person based wholly or partly on the person's membership in, affiliation with, or contribution, donation, or other support provided to a religious organization. <i>Gov't Code 2400.002</i> [See GA]

Bellville ISD 008901		
EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FB (LEGAL)		
Discrimination on the Basis of Sex Title IX	No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination by any district receiving federal financial assistance. <i>20 U.S.C. 1681(a)</i> [See FFH for information regarding Title IX coordinator designation, policy notification, and complaint procedures.]	
	A district shall not provide any course or otherwise carry out any of its educational programs or activities separately on the basis of sex, or require or refuse participation therein on the basis of sex, including health, physical education, industrial, business, vocational, technical, home economics, music, and adult education courses. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.34</i> [See FFH for information on sexual harassment that may constitute discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX.]	
Separate Facilities	A district may provide separate toilet, locker room, and shower fa- cilities on the basis of sex, but the facilities provided for one sex shall be comparable to the facilities provided for the other sex. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.33</i>	
Human Sexuality Classes	Portions of classes in elementary and secondary school that deal primarily with human sexuality may be conducted in separate sessions for boys and girls.	
Vocal Music Activities	A district may make requirements based on vocal range or quality that may result in a chorus or choruses of one or predominantly one sex.	
	34 C.F.R. 106.34	
Single-Sex Programs	A district shall not, on the basis of sex, exclude any student from admission to an institution of vocational education or any other school or educational unit operated by the district. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.35</i>	
Pregnancy and Marital Status	A recipient shall not apply any rule concerning a student's actual or potential parental, family, or marital status that treats students differently on the basis of sex. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.40</i> [See FND]	
Physical Education Classes	A district may group students in physical education classes and ac- tivities by ability as assessed by objective standards of individual performance developed and applied without regard to sex.	
Skills Assessment	Where use of a single standard of measuring skill or progress in physical education classes has an adverse effect on members of one sex, a district shall use appropriate standards that do not have such effect.	
Contact Sports	A district may separate students by sex within physical education classes or activities during participation in wrestling, boxing, rugby,	

	ice hockey, football, basketball, and other sports the purpose or major activity of which involves bodily contact.			
	34 (C.F.R. 106.34, .43		
Athletic Programs	tic c	A district shall not discriminate, on the basis of sex, in interscholas- tic or intramural athletics or provide any such athletics separately on such basis.		
Single-Sex Teams	eac tive a re mer letic limit	strict may operate or sponsor separate teams for members of h sex where selection for such teams is based upon competi- skill or the activity involved is a contact sport. However, where cipient operates or sponsors a team in a particular sport for mbers of one sex but not for members of the other sex, and ath- copportunities for members of that sex have previously been ted, members of the excluded sex must be allowed to try-out for team offered unless the sport involved is a contact sport.		
Equal Athletic Opportunities	athl both	A district that operates or sponsors interscholastic or intramural athletics shall provide equal athletic opportunity for members of both sexes. The following factors shall be considered in determin- ing whether a district provides equal athletic opportunities:		
	1.	Whether the selection of sports and levels of competition ef- fectively accommodate the interests and abilities of members of both sexes;		
	2.	Provision of equipment and supplies;		
	3.	Scheduling of games and practice time;		
	4.	Travel and per diem allowance;		
	5.	Opportunity to receive coaching and academic tutoring;		
	6.	Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors;		
	7.	Provision of locker rooms and practice and competitive facili- ties;		
	8.	Provision of medical and training facilities and services;		
	9.	Provision of housing and dining facilities and services; and		
	10.	Publicity.		
	34 (C.F.R. 106.41		

FB(LOCAL)-A

	Note:	The following provisions address equal educational op- portunity for all students in accordance with law. For pro- visions addressing discrimination, harassment, and retal- iation involving District students, see FFH.
Title IX Coordinator	students	rict designates and authorizes the Title IX coordinator for to coordinate its efforts to comply with Title IX of the Edu- nendments of 1972, as amended. [See FB(EXHIBIT)]
ADA / Section 504 Coordinator	dinator for the Americ corporate	rict designates and authorizes the ADA/Section 504 coor- or students to coordinate its efforts to comply with Title II of ricans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, which in- es and expands upon the requirements of Section 504 of abilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504"), as amended. [See IBIT)]
Superintendent		erintendent shall serve as coordinator for purposes of Dis- pliance with all other nondiscrimination laws.
Equal Educational Opportunity General Education	vide stuc EHBC] C state-ma	rict shall provide necessary services and supports to pro- lents equal access to educational opportunities. [See Certain instructional or other accommodations, including on indated assessments, may be made when necessary, powable, and when these accommodations do not modify
		or content expectations of a subject, course, or assess-
Additional Services and Supports	that may student t by law, S tion Act (trict has reason to believe that a student has a disability require additional services and supports in order for the o receive an appropriate education as this term is defined Section 504 and/or the Individuals with Disabilities Educa- IDEA) shall govern the evaluation, services, and supports by the District. [See also EHBA series]
	[For info EHB.]	rmation regarding dyslexia and related disorders, see
	Note:	The following provisions address the District's compli- ance efforts and system of procedural safeguards as re- quired by federal regulations for a student with a disabil- ity as defined by Section 504. A report of discrimination or harassment based on a student's disability shall be made in accordance with FFH.
Section 504 Committees	Section 8	rict shall form Section 504 committees as necessary. The 504 coordinator and members of each Section 504 com- nall receive training in the procedures and requirements for
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 ER/LOCAL) A		1 of 3

FB(LOCAL)-A

	identifying and providing educational and related services and supports to a student who has a disability that results in a substantial limitation of a major life activity.	•
	Each Section 504 committee shall be composed of a group of persons knowledgeable about the student, the meaning of the evaluation data, placement options, and the legal requirements regarding least restrictive environment and comparable facilities for student with disabilities.	ıa- ng
Referrals	If a teacher, school counselor, administrator, or other District em- ployee has reason to believe that a student may have a disability as defined by Section 504, the District shall evaluate the student student may also be referred for evaluation by the student's pare	/ t. A
Notice and Consent	The District shall seek written parental consent prior to conductin a formal evaluation. Ordinary observations in the classroom or other school setting shall not require prior parental consent.	ıg
Evaluation and Placement	The results of an evaluation shall be considered before any action is taken to place a student with a disability or make a significant change in placement in an instructional program. The Superinter dent shall ensure that the District's procedures for tests and other evaluation materials comply with the minimum requirements of la In interpreting evaluation data and when making decisions relate to necessary services and supports, each Section 504 committee shall carefully consider and document information from a variety sources in accordance with law.	n- er aw. ed e
Review and Reevaluation Procedure	To address the periodic reevaluation requirement of law, the Dis- trict shall adhere to the reevaluation timelines in the IDEA regula tions.	
	A parent, teacher, or other District employee may request a revie of a student's services and supports at any time, but a formal reevaluation shall generally occur no more frequently than once year.	
Examining Records	A parent shall make any request to review his or her child's educ tion records to the campus principal or other identified custodian records. [See FL]	
Right to Impartial Hearing	A parent shall be given written notice of the due process right to impartial hearing if the parent has a concern or complaint about to District's actions regarding the identification, evaluation, or educa- tional placement of a student with a disability. The impartial hear shall be conducted by a person who is knowledgeable about Sec tion 504 issues and who is not employed by the District or related to a member of the Board in a degree that would be prohibited u der the nepotism statute [see DBE]. The impartial hearing officer	the a- ing c- d n-
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115	2 0	of 3

	not required to be an attorney. The District and the parent shall be entitled to legal representation at the impartial hearing.
Records Retention	Records specific to identification, evaluation, and placement as these pertain to Section 504 shall be retained by the District in ac- cordance with law and the District's local records control sched- ules. [See CPC]

Bellville ISD 008901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LOCAL)
Persons Age 21 and Over	The District shall not admit into its public schools any person age 21 or over unless otherwise required by law.
Registration Forms	The student's parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful control shall annually complete registration forms. A student who has reached age 18 shall be permitted to complete these forms.
Proof of Residency	At the time of initial registration and on an annual basis thereafter, the parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student under order of a court shall present proof of residency in accordance with administrative regulations developed by the Su- perintendent. The District may investigate stated residency as nec- essary.
Minor Living Apart Person Standing in Parental Relation	A minor student residing in the District but whose parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control under a court order does not reside in the District shall present a power of attorney or an author- ization agreement as provided in Chapter 34 of the Family Code assigning responsibility for the student in all school-related matters to an adult resident of the District.
Misconduct	A minor student living apart who has engaged in misconduct that results in any of the consequences found in Education Code 25.001(d) shall not be permitted to attend a District school.
Exceptions	Based on an individual student's circumstance, the Superintendent shall have authority to grant exceptions to the requirement for a power of attorney or authorization agreement and to the exclusion for misconduct.
Extracurricular Activities	The Superintendent shall determine whether a minor student living apart is present in the District for the primary purpose of participating in extracurricular activities.
Nonresident Student in Grandparent's After-School Care	The parent and grandparent of a nonresident student requesting admission under Education Code 25.001(b)(9) shall provide to the Superintendent the required information on the grandparent's resi- dency and complete a form provided by the District describing the extent of after-school care to be provided by the grandparent.
	The Superintendent shall have authority to approve or deny such admissions requests in accordance with criteria approved by the Board.
"Accredited" Defined	For the purposes of this policy, "accredited" shall be defined as ac- creditation by TEA, an equivalent agency from another state, or an accrediting association recognized by the commissioner of educa- tion.

Bellville ISD 008901	
ADMISSIONS	FD (LOCAL)
Grade-Level Placement Accredited Schools	The parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of a student enrolling in a District school from an accredited public, private, or parochial school shall provide evidence of the prior schooling outside the District. The student shall be placed initially at the grade level reached elsewhere, pending observation by the classroom teacher, guidance personnel, and the principal. On the basis of these observations and results of tests that may be administered by appropriate District personnel, the principal shall determine the final grade placement.
Nonaccredited Schools	A student enrolling in a District school from a nonaccredited public, private, or parochial school, including a homeschool, shall be placed initially at the discretion of the principal, pending observa- tion by classroom teachers, guidance personnel, and the principal. Criteria for placement may include:
	 Scores on achievement tests, which may be administered by appropriate District personnel.
	2. Recommendation of the sending school.
	3. Prior academic record.
	4. Chronological age and social and emotional development of the student.
	5. Other criteria deemed appropriate by the principal.
Transfer of Credit Accredited Texas Public Schools	Credit toward state graduation requirements earned in an accred- ited public school district in Texas shall be transferable and recog- nized by the District.
Other Accredited or Nonaccredited Schools	Before recognizing credit in a course earned in an accredited non- public school, an accredited school outside of Texas, or a nonac- credited school, appropriate personnel shall evaluate a student's records and transcript. The District may require the student to demonstrate mastery of the content or use alternative methods to verify course content for the award of credit.
Transition Assistance	In accordance with law, when a student who is identified as home- less or in substitute care enrolls in the District, the District shall as- sess the student's available records and other relevant information to determine transfer of credit for subjects and courses taken prior to enrollment.
	[See EI]
Withdrawal	A parent or guardian wishing to withdraw a minor student shall pre- sent a signed statement that includes the reason for the with- drawal. A student who is 18 or older may submit a withdrawal statement without a parent's or guardian's signature.
	[For District withdrawal of students no longer in attendance, see FEA(LOCAL).]
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 FD(LOCAL)-A	

Bellville ISD 008901				
ADMISSIONS FD INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS (LEGAL				
Assignments	A board or its designee may assign and transfer any student from one school facility or classroom to another facility or classroom within its jurisdiction. <i>Education Code 25.031</i>			
	sign not o tiona	ard or its designee must make the decision concernin ment or transfer of a student on an individual basis an consider as a factor in its decision any matter relating al origin of the student or the student's ancestral langu <i>ion Code 25.032</i>	d may to the na-	
Multiple Birth Siblings		tiple birth sibling" means a twin, triplet, quadruplet, or ng resulting from a multiple birth.	other	
	"Par	ent" includes a person standing in parental relation.		
Placement	The parent of multiple birth siblings who are assigned to the same grade level and school may request in writing, not later than the 14th day after the first day of enrollment, that the school place the siblings in the same classroom or in separate classrooms.			
	A school shall provide the placement requested, except that a dis- trict is not required to place multiple birth siblings in separate class- rooms if the request would require the district to add an additional class to the grade level of the siblings.			
	The school may recommend to a parent the appropriate classro placement and may provide professional educational advice to a sist the parent with the decision.			
	The	se provisions do not affect:		
	1.	A right or obligation regarding the individual placeme sions of the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) tee with respect to students receiving special educativices [see EHBAB]; or	commit-	
	2.	The right of a district or teacher to remove a student classroom under Chapter 37 [see FOA].	from a	
Reassignment by Principal	lings sulta are j disru	e end of the first grading period following the multiple d'enrollment in the school, if the principal of the school ation with the teacher of each classroom in which the school, blaced, determines that the requested classroom place optive to the school, the principal may determine the a classroom placement for the siblings.	l, in con- siblings ement is	
Appeal	man	rent may appeal the principal's classroom placement ner provided by district policy. During an appeal, the s remain in the classroom chosen by the parent. [See	siblings	
	Edu	cation Code 25.043		

Bellville ISD 008901						
ADMISSIONS FDB INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS (LEGAL)						
Placement of Older Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older who is admitted by a dis- trict to complete the requirements for a high school diploma and who has not attended school in the three preceding school years may not be placed with a student who is 18 years of age or younger in a classroom setting, a cafeteria, or another district- sanctioned school activity. This restriction does not prevent the stu- dent from attending a school-sponsored event that is open to the public as a member of the public. <i>Education Code 25.001(b-2)</i>					
Petitions and Objections		e parent or person standing in parental relation to any s / by written petition either:	student			
	1.	Request the assignment or transfer of the student to nated school or to a school to be designated by the b	-			
	2.	2. File objections to the assignment of the student to to which the student has been assigned.				
	Education Code 25.033, 26.003(a)(1)					
Procedure	Upo	Upon receiving a written petition, a board shall proceed as follows:				
	1.	If no hearing is requested, act on the petition not late the 30th day after the petition is submitted and notify tioner of its conclusion; or				
	2.	If a hearing is requested, designate a time and place ing a hearing not later than the 30th day after the per submitted.				
	If a hearing is requested, it shall be conducted by a board in com- pliance with the following:					
	1.	The petitioner may present evidence relevant to the	student.			
	2.	The board may conduct investigations as to the objerequest, examine any student involved, and employ professional or otherwise, for the purpose of examination and investigations.	agents,			
Board's Decision	The board must grant the request made in the petition unless the board determines that there is a reasonable basis for denying the request. The decision of a board, with or without a hearing, is final, unless the student, or the parent, guardian, or custodian of the stu- dent as next friend, files an exception to the decision as constitut- ing a denial of any right of the student guaranteed under the U.S. Constitution.					
	a bo	uch an exception is filed, a board may reconsider its de bard has not ruled on the exception before the 16th da date of the filing, the objection is considered overruled	y after			

Bellville	ISD
008901	

ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

	exception is overruled, an appeal of a board's decision may be filed in the district court of the county in which the board is located.			
	Education Code 25.034			
Students Who Are Victims of Bullying	On the request of a parent or other person with authority to act on behalf of a student who is a victim of bullying, a board or its de- signee shall transfer the victim to:			
		other classroom at the campus to which the victim was as- ned at the time the bullying occurred; or		
		ampus in the district other than the campus to which the tim was assigned at the time the bullying occurred.		
Students Who	The board may transfer the student who engaged in bullying to:			
Engage in Bullying		other classroom at the campus to which the victim was as- ned at the time the bullying occurred; or		
	vic sul	campus in the district other than the campus to which the tim was assigned at the time the bullying occurred, in con- tation with a parent or other person with authority to act on half of the student who engaged in bullying.		
	applies	on Code 37.004 (Placement of Students with Disabilities) to a transfer under this provision of a student with a disabil- receives special education services.		
Definition	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]			
Verification	A board or designee shall verify that a student has been a victim bullying before transferring the student. A board may consider pa student behavior when identifying a bully.			
	The determination by a board or designee is final and may not be appealed. The procedures set forth at Education Code 25.034 [see Petitions and Objections—Procedure, above] do not apply to a transfer under this provision.			
	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus under this provision.			
	Education Code 25.0342			
	Note:	For bullying rising to the level of prohibited harassment, see FFH. For all other bullying, see FFI. For transfers re- lated to sexual assault or school safety, see FDE.		

Bellville ISD 008901					
ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRAN	ADMISSIONS FDB INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS (LEGAL)				
Others in Special Education Student's Household	If a district assigns a student to a district campus other than the campus the student would attend based on the student's residence, for purposes of receiving special education services, the district shall permit the student's parent, guardian, or other person standing in parental relation to the student to obtain a transfer to the assigned campus for any other student residing in the house-hold of the student receiving special education services, provided that:				
	 The other student is entitled to attend school in the d [see FD]; and 	istrict			
	2. The appropriate grade level for the other student is on the campus.	offered at			
	This provision does not apply if the student receiving spec cation services resides in a residential facility.	ial edu-			
	Education Code 25.034 [see Petitions and Objections—P above] does not apply to a transfer under this provision.	rocedure,			
Transportation	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus under this provision. This provision does not affect any transportation services provided by a district in accordance with other law for the student receiving special educa- tion services.				
	Education Code 25.0343				
Students in Unacceptable Schools	A student is eligible to attend another public school in the district in which the student resides if the student is assigned to attend a public school campus assigned an unacceptable rating that is made publicly available under Education Code 39.054 for:				
	 The student achievement domain under Education C 39.053(c)(1); and 	ode			
	 The school progress domain under Education Code 39.053(c)(2). [See AIA] 				
	Education Code 29.202(a) [See FDAA]				
Students in Schools Identified for Support and Improvement	A district may provide all students enrolled in a school identified by TEA for comprehensive support and improvement under 20 U.S.C. $6311(c)(4)(D)(i)$ with the option to transfer to another public school served by the district, unless such an option is prohibited by state law.				
	A district shall give priority to the lowest achieving children low-income families. A student who uses the option to tran be oprelled in classes and other activities in the public set	nsfer shall			

be enrolled in classes and other activities in the public school to

ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

which the student transfers in the same manner as all other students at the public school.

A district shall permit a student who transfers to another school to remain in that school until the child has completed the highest grade in that school. A district may spend an amount equal to not more than five percent of its allocation under 20 U.S.C. Chapter 70, Part A, Subpart 2 (Title I basic program allocations) to pay for the provision of transportation for students who transfer under these provisions to the schools to which they transfer.

20 U.S.C. 6311(d)(1)(D)

Note: See FDE for the school safety transfer option in Title I programs.

Class Changes A parent or person standing in parental relation is entitled to reasonable access to the school principal, or to a designated administrator with authority to reassign a student, to request a change in the class or teacher to which the parent's child has been assigned, if the reassignment or change would not affect the assignment or reassignment of another student. The decision of a board regarding such a request is final and may not be appealed. *Education Code 26.002, .003(a)(2), (b)* [See FNG]

Bellville ISD 008901					
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LE					
Compulsory Attendance	Students who are at least six years of age, or who have been pre- viously enrolled in first grade, and who have not yet reached their 19th birthday shall attend school for the entire period the program is offered, unless exempted as indicated below. On enrollment in prekindergarten or kindergarten, a student shall attend school. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code</i> 25.085(a)–(c)				
Voluntary Enrollment of Students 19 and Over	A person who voluntarily enrolls in school or voluntarily attends school after the person's 19th birthday shall attend school each school day for the entire period the program of instruction is of- fered. A board may adopt a policy requiring the student who is un- der 21 years of age to attend school until the end of the school year.				
	After the third unexcused absence of a person who voluntarily en- rolls, a district shall issue a warning letter to the person that states the person's enrollment may be revoked for the remainder of the school year if the person has more than five unexcused absences in a semester.				
	A district may revoke for the remainder of the school year the en- rollment of a person who has more than five unexcused absences in a semester, except a school district may not revoke the enroll- ment of a person under this provision on a day on which the per- son is physically present at school.				
	A person whose enrollment is revoked for exceeding this limit may be considered an unauthorized person on school grounds for the purposes of Education Code 37.107 regarding trespassing.				
	As an alternative to revoking a person's enrollment, a school dis- trict may impose a behavior improvement plan described by Edu- cation Code 25.0915(a-1)(1).				
	Education Code 25.085(e)–(h)				
Accelerated /	Unless specifically exempted, a student must also attend:				
Compensatory Programs	 An extended-year program for which the student is eligible that is provided by a district for students identified as likely not to be promoted to the next grade level or tutorial classes re- quired by the district under Education Code 29.084 [see EHBC]; 				
	 An accelerated reading instruction program to which the stu- dent has been assigned under Education Code 28.006(g) [see EKC]; 				
	3. An accelerated instruction program to which the student is as- signed under Education Code 28.0211 [see EIE];				
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020) 1 of 8				

	4.	4. A basic skills program to which the student is assigned Education Code 29.086 [see EHBC]; or			
	5.	A summer program provided:			
		a.	To a student placed in in-school suspension or other al- ternative setting, other than a disciplinary alternative ed- ucation program (DAEP), who has been offered the op- portunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course in which the student was en- rolled at the time of removal. <i>Education Code 37.021</i> [See FO]		
		b.	To a student removed to a DAEP who has been offered an opportunity to complete coursework, before the be- ginning of the next school year. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.008(I)</i> [See FOCA]		
	Edu	catior	n Code 25.085(d)		
Additional Instructional Days	stud addi [See	ent e itional e Ince	anding any other provision in Education Code 25.085, a nrolled in a district is not required to attend school for any I instructional days described by Education Code 48.0051 intive for Additional Instructional Days at FEB]. <i>Education</i> 085(<i>i</i>)		
Exemptions		A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements un- der the following statutory provisions.			
Equivalency Diploma	the	stude	is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt is at least 17 years of age and has been issued a high uivalency certificate or diploma.		
Private or Home School	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student attends a private or parochial school that includes in its course a study of good citizenship.				
	tenc ing o that tape desi mar	lance of boo appe mon gned , math	in a home school shall be exempt from compulsory at- if he or she is pursuing in good faith a curriculum consist- oks, workbooks, other written materials (including those ar on an electronic screen of either a computer or video itor), or any combination of these. The curriculum shall be to meet basic education goals of reading, spelling, gram- nematics, and a study of good citizenship. <u>TEA v. Leeper</u> , 2d 432 (Tex. 1994)		
Special Education— Nondistrict Placement	the prog	stude gram i	is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt is eligible to participate in a district's special education under Education Code 29.003 and cannot be appropri- red by the resident district.		

Bellville ISD 008901				
ATTENDANCE FE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEGAL				
Medical Condition	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student has a temporary and remediable physical or mental condition that makes attendance infeasible and the student has a certificate from a qualified physician specifying the temporary con- dition, indicating the prescribed treatment, and covering the antici- pated period of absence for the purpose of receiving and recuper- ating from remedial treatment.			
Expulsion—No JJAEP	the dist	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is expelled in accordance with legal requirements in a district that does not participate in a mandatory juvenile justice al- ternative education program. [See FOD]		
17-Year-Old in GED Course	the	tudent is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if student is at least 17 years old, is attending a course of instruc- to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, and:		
	1.	Has the permission of the student's parent or guardian to at- tend the course;		
	2.	Is required by court order to attend the course;		
	3.	Has established a residence separate and apart from the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student; or		
	4.	Is homeless.		
High School Replacement Programs	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is enrolled in the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities, Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science, or Texas Academy of International Studies.			
16-Year-Old in GED Program or Job Corps	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 16 years old and is attending a course of ir struction to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations if:			
	1.	The student is recommended to take the course by a public agency that has supervision or custody of the student under a court order; or		
	2.	The student is enrolled in a Job Corps training program under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, 29 U.S.C. 2801.		
Other Exemption		udent is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if student is specifically exempted under another law.		
	Edι	ication Code 25.086		

Bellville ISD 008901			
ATTENDANCE FEA COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEGAL)			
Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determinations	A district shall excuse a student from attending school as required by the following statutory provisions.		
Religious Holy Days	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of observing religious holy days. A student who is observing holy days is allowed up to one day of excused travel for traveling to the site where the student will observe the holy days and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.		
Court Appearances	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of attending a required court appearance. A student who is at- tending a required court appearance is allowed up to one day of excused travel for traveling to the site where the student will attend the required court appearance and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.		
Citizenship Proceedings	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of appearing at a governmental office to complete paperwork required in connection with the student's application for United States citizenship. A student who is appearing at a governmental office to complete such paperwork is allowed up to one day of ex- cused travel for traveling to the site where the student will complete the paperwork and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.		
	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of taking part in a United States naturalization oath ceremony. A student who is taking part in such a ceremony is allowed up to one day of excused travel for traveling to the site where the student will take part in the ceremony and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.		
Election Clerks	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of serving as an election clerk. A student who is serving as an election clerk is allowed up to one day of excused travel for travel- ing to the site where the student will serve as an election clerk and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site. [See Early Voting Clerks, below]		
Children in Conservatorship of DFPS	If a student is in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS), a district shall excuse the student from attending school for the purpose of participating, as deter- mined and documented by DFPS, in an activity:		
	 Ordered by a court under Family Code Chapter 262 or 263, provided that it is not practicable to schedule the participation outside of school hours, or 		

	 Required under a service plan under Family Code Chapter 263, Subchapter B. 			
	Education Code 25.087(b)(1); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)			
Health-Care Appointments	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for a temporary absence resulting from an appointment with a health-care professional for the student or the student's child if the student commences classes or returns to school on the same day of the appointment. The appointment must be supported by a document such as a note from the health-care professional. "Temporary absence" includes the temporary absence of a student diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder on the day of the student's appointment with a health-care practitioner to receive a generally recognized service for persons with autism spectrum disorder, including applied behavioral analysis, speech therapy, and occupational therapy. <i>Education Code 25.087(b)(2), (b-3); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)</i> [See FEB]			
Higher Education Visits	A district may excuse a student from attending school to visit an in- stitution of higher education accredited by a generally recognized accrediting organization during the student's junior and senior years of high school for the purpose of determining the student's interest in attending the institution of higher education, provided that:			
	 The district may not excuse for this purpose more than two days during the student's junior year and two days during the student's senior year; and 			
	2. The district adopts:			
	 A policy to determine when an absence will be excused for this purpose; and 			
	b. A procedure to verify the student's visit at the institution of higher education.			
	Education Code 25.087(b-2); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)			
Early Voting Clerks	A district may adopt a policy excusing a student from attending school for service as a student early voting clerk in an election. A district may excuse a student for serving as an election clerk [see Election Clerks, above] or early voting clerk for a maximum of two days in a school year. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-1), (e)</i>			
Military Dependents	A district shall excuse a student whose parent, stepparent, or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately re- turned from continuous deployment of at least four months outside			

	the locality where the parent, stepparent, or guardian regularly re- sides, to visit with the student's parent, stepparent, or guardian. A district may not excuse a student under this provision more than five days in a school year. An excused absence under this provi- sion must be taken not earlier than the 60th day before the date of deployment or not later than the 30th day after the date of return from deployment. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-4)</i> [See FDD]		
Enlistment in Armed Services	A district shall excuse a student who is 17 years of age or older from attending school to pursue enlistment in a branch of the armed services of the United States or the Texas National Guard, provided that:		
	 The district may not excuse for this purpose more than four days of school during the period the student is enrolled in high school; and 	۱	
	2. The district verifies the student's activities related to pursuing enlistment in a branch of the armed services or the Texas National Guard.		
	A district shall adopt procedures to verify a student's activities as described in these provisions.		
	Education Code 25.087(b-5), (b-6); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)		
Taps at Military Funeral	In addition, a district may excuse a student in grades 6 through 12 for the purpose of sounding "Taps" at a military honors funeral held in this state for a deceased veteran. <i>Education Code 25.087(c)</i>		
No Penalty	A student whose absence is excused for a reason described begin- ning at Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determina- tions, above, may not be penalized for that absence and shall be counted as if the student attended school for purposes of calculat- ing the average daily attendance of students in the district.		
Make-Up Work	The student shall be allowed a reasonable time to make up sch work missed on the days described above. If the student satisfa torily completes the work, the days of absence shall be counted days of compulsory attendance.		
	Education Code 25.087(d)		
Other Excused Absences	A person required to attend school may be excused for temporary absence resulting from any cause acceptable to the teacher, principal, or superintendent of the school in which the person is enrolled. <i>Education Code 25.087(a)</i>		
Notices to Parents Warning Notice	A district shall notify a student's parent in writing at the beginning of the school year that, if the student is absent from school on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same	f	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020	6 of 8	3	

Bellville	ISD
008901	

	school year, the student's parent is subject to prosecution under Education Code 25.093, and the student is subject to referral to a truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a).				
Notice of Absences	A district shall notify a student's parent if the student has been ab- sent from school, without excuse under Education Code 25.087, on three days or parts of days within a four-week period. The notice must:				
	1.	Info	rm the parent that:		
		a.	It is the parent's duty to monitor the student's school at- tendance and require the student to attend school;		
		b.	The student is subject to truancy prevention measures under Education Code 25.0915; and		
	2.		uest a conference between school officials and the parent scuss the absences.		
	The fact that a parent did not receive the notices described above is not a defense for the parent's failure to require a child to attend school nor for the student's failure to attend school.				
	Education Code 25.095				
Non-Attendance Parent Liability	A parent or person standing in parental relation commits an offen if:				
	1.	Awa	arning notice is issued;		
	2.		parent with criminal negligence fails to require the child to nd school as required by law; and		
	3.		child has absences for the amount of time specified un- Family Code 65.003(a).		
	The attendance officer [see FED] or other appropriate school offi- cial shall file a complaint against the parent in an appropriate court, as permitted under Education Code 25.093.				
Affirmative Defense—Parent	abs sho an a	ences uld be absen	firmative defense to prosecution that one or more of the s required to be proven was excused by a school official or e excused by the court. A decision by the court to excuse ce for this purpose does not affect the ability of a district ine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.		
	Education Code 25.093				
Student Liability	A child engages in truant conduct if the child is required to attend school under the compulsory attendance laws, and fails to attend				

Truancy Courts	school on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month pe- riod in the same school year. Truant conduct may be prosecuted only as a civil case in a truancy court. <i>Family Code 65.003(a), (b)</i> "Child" means a person who is 12 years of age or older and younger than 19 years of age. <i>Family Code 65.002(1)</i>			
Thanky Courts	 The following are designated as truancy courts: 1. The constitutional county court in a county with a population of 1.75 million or more; 			
	2. Justice courts; and			
	3. Municipal courts.			
	A truancy court has exclusive original jurisdiction over cases involv- ing allegations of truant conduct.			
	Family Code 65.004(a), (b)			
Affirmative Defense— Student	It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of truant conduct that one or more of the absences required to be proven have been ex- cused by a school official or by the court or that one or more of the absences were involuntary, but only if there is an insufficient num- ber of unexcused or voluntary absences remaining to constitute truant conduct. The burden is on the child to show by a preponder- ance of the evidence that the absence has been or should be ex- cused or that the absence was involuntary. A decision by the court to excuse an absence does not affect the ability of the district to determine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose. <i>Family Code 65.003(c)</i>			
Truancy Prevention Measures	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on three or more days or parts of days within a four-week period but does not fail to attend school for the time described below, the district shall initiate truancy prevention measures on the student. [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0915(a-4)</i>			
District Complaint or Referral	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, a district shall within ten school days of the student's tenth absence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct un- der Family Code 65.003(a). [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0951</i>			

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

Records	A district must maintain records to reflect the average daily attend- ance for the allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds and other funds allocated by the Texas Education Agency (TEA). The district must maintain records and make reports concerning student attendance and participation in special programs as re- quired by the commissioner of education. The superintendent, prin- cipals, and teachers are responsible to the board and the state to maintain accurate, current attendance records. <i>19 TAC 129.21(a),</i> <i>(e)</i>
	Districts shall use the student attendance accounting standards es- tablished by the commissioner to maintain records and make re- ports on student attendance and student participation in special programs. The official standards are described in TEA's <i>Student</i> <i>Attendance Accounting Handbook (SAAH)</i> . <i>19 TAC 129.1025</i>
	The superintendent is responsible for the safekeeping of all attend- ance records and reports. The superintendent may determine whether the properly certified attendance records or reports for the school year are to be stored in the central office, on the respective school campuses of a district, or at another secure location. Re- gardless of where such records are filed or stored, they must be readily available for audit by TEA. <i>19 TAC 129.21(d)</i>
Minimum Enrollment	A student must be enrolled for at least two hours of instruction to be considered in membership for one half day, and for at least four hours of instruction to be considered in membership for one full day.
Full-Day Students	Students enrolled on a full-day basis may earn one full day of attendance each school day.
Half-Day Students	Students enrolled on a half-day basis may earn only one half day attendance each school day. Attendance is determined for these pupils by recording absences in a period during the half day they are scheduled to be present.
Alternative Attendance Accounting Program	Students who are enrolled in and participating in an alternative attendance accounting program approved by the commissioner will earn attendance according to the statutory and rule provisions applicable to that program.
Attendance for State Funding Purposes	Attendance for all grades shall be determined by the absences rec- orded at the official attendance-taking time during the campus's in- structional day, unless the board adopts a policy, or delegates to the superintendent the authority to establish procedures for record- ing absences in an alternative hour, or unless the students for which attendance is being taken are enrolled in and participating in a commissioner-approved alternative attendance accounting pro- gram.
	1 of 3

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

	The established period in which absences are recorded may not changed during the school year.				
	Students absent at the time the attendance roll is taken, during the daily period selected, are counted absent for the entire day, unlet the students are enrolled in and participating in a commissioner- approved alternative attendance accounting program. Students present at the time the attendance roll is taken, during the daily priod selected, are counted present for the entire day, unless the students are enrolled in and participating in a commissioner-approved alternative attendance accounting program.				
	19 TAC 129.21(g)–(h)				
	A student removed to a disciplinary alternative education program is counted in computing the average daily attendance of students in a district for the student's time in actual attendance in the pro- gram. <i>Education Code 37.008(f)</i>				
Incentive for Additional Instructional Days	The commissioner shall adjust the average daily attendance of a district under Education Code 48.005 in the manner provided by Education Code 48.0051(b) if the district:				
	 Provides the minimum number of minutes of operational and instructional time required under Education Code 25.081 and commissioner rules adopted under that section over at least 180 days of instruction; and 				
	 Offers an additional 30 days of half-day instruction for stu- dents enrolled in prekindergarten through fifth grade. 				
	Education Code 48.0051(a)				
Funding for Off- Campus Programs	Funding eligibility for a student participating in an off-campus pro- gram will include time instructed in the off-campus program. A cam pus may choose an alternate attendance-taking time for a group of students that is scheduled to be off-campus during the regular at- tendance-taking time. The alternate attendance-taking time will be in effect for the period of days or weeks for which the group is scheduled to be off-campus during the regular attendance-taking time (for example, for the semester or for the duration of employ- ment). This alternate attendance-taking time may not be changed once it is selected for a particular group of students. If attendance is taken at an off-campus location, the district must ensure that at- tendance is taken in accordance with the <i>SAAH</i> .				
	For a district to receive FSP funding for a student participating in an off-campus program, the district must have documentation of an agreement between the district and the college.				
	19 TAC 129.1031(c), (d) [See EHDD]				

ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING

Exceptions	A student not actually on campus when attendance is taken may be considered in attendance for FSP purposes if:			
	1.	The student is participating in a board-approved activity under the direction of a member of a district's professional or paraprofessional staff, or an adjunct staff member who has a bachelor's degree and is eligible for participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). [See FM]		
	2.	The student is participating in a mentorship approved by dis- trict personnel to serve as one or more of the advanced measures needed to complete the Distinguished Achievement Program outlined in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74. [See EIF]		
	3.	The student is absent for one of the purposes listed at Ex- cused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determinations in FEA(LEGAL).		
	4.	The student is in attendance at a dropout recovery education program under Education Code 29.081. [See GNC]		
	5.	The student's absence is permitted by other conditions re- lated to off-campus instruction described in the SAAH.		
	Edu	cation Code 25.087, 29.081(e), (f); 19 TAC 129.21(i)–(k)		
Disasters	The commissioner may adjust the average daily attendance district all or part of which is located in an area declared a c area by the governor under Government Code Chapter 418 district experiences a decline in average daily attendance the reasonably attributable to the impact of the disaster.			
	the f	commissioner may make the adjustment under this section for two-year period following the date of the governor's initial proc- ation or executive order declaring the state of disaster.		
	Education Code 48.006(a), (c)			
Parental Consent to Leave Campus	Before a district may count a student in attendance under these provisions or in attendance when the student was allowed to leave campus during any part of the school day, the board must adopt a policy, or delegate to the superintendent the authority to establish procedures, addressing parental consent for a student to leave campus and the district must distribute the policy or procedures to staff and to all parents of students in the district. <i>19 TAC 129.21(l)</i>			

Bellville ISD 008901		
ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ACCOUNTING (LC		
Attendance Accounting System	The Superintendent shall be responsible for designating the official attendance-taking time during the campus's instructional day and maintaining a student attendance accounting system in accordance with statutory and TEA requirements. [See also FD for admissions and residency requirements.]	
Alternative Attendance-Taking Time	The Superintendent is authorized to establish written procedures permitting a campus to record absences in an alternative hour from the District's official attendance-taking time or for a designated group of students at a campus. The alternative attendance-taking time shall be determined in accordance with TEA's <i>Student Attend-</i> <i>ance Accounting Handbook</i> and administrative regulations.	
Parental Consent to Leave Campus	The Superintendent shall establish procedures regarding parental consent for a student to leave campus, including procedures for documenting a student's absence. The procedures shall be communicated in the employee and student handbooks.	

Consent to Medical Treatment	The school in which a minor student is enrolled may consent to medical, dental, psychological, and surgical treatment of that stu- dent, provided all of the following conditions are met:			
	1.	The person having the power to consent as otherwise pro- vided by law cannot be contacted.		
	2.	Actual notice to the contrary has not been given by that per- son.		
	3.	Written authorization to consent has been received from that person.		
	Fan	nily Code 32.001(a)(4)		
Form of Consent	sign tor,	Consent to medical treatment under this policy shall be in writing, signed by the school official giving consent, and given to the doctor, hospital, or other medical facility that administers the treatment The consent must contain:		
	1.	The name of the student.		
	2.	The name of one or both parents, if known, and the name of the managing conservator or guardian of the student, if either has been appointed.		
	3.	The name of the person giving consent and the person's rela- tion to the student.		
	4.	A statement of the nature of the medical treatment to be given.		
	5.	The date on which the treatment is to begin.		
	Fan	nily Code 32.002		
Minor's Consent to Treatment		inor may consent to medical, dental, psychological, and gical treatment furnished by a licensed physician or dentist if the or:		
	1.	Is 16 years of age and residing separate and apart from the minor's parents, managing conservator, or guardian, with or without the consent of the parents, conservator, or guardian and regardless of the duration of the residence, and is managing his or her own financial affairs, regardless of the source of the income;		
	2.	Consents to the diagnosis and treatment of any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease required to be reported to the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS), in- cluding all reportable diseases under Health and Safety Code 81.041;		

	3.	Is unmarried and pregnant, and consents to hospital, medical, or surgical treatment, other than abortion, related to her preg- nancy; or			
	4.	Consents to examination and treatment for drug or chemical addiction, drug or chemical dependency, or any other condi- tion directly related to drug or chemical use.			
		nily Code 32.003; <u>Planned Parenthood of Cent. Mo. v. Danforth</u> , U.S. 52 (1976); <u>Bellotti v. Baird</u> , 443 U.S. 622 (1979)			
Administering Medication	med	on adoption of policies concerning the administration of dication to students by district employees, the district, its board, I its employees are immune as described below, provided:			
	1.	The district has received a written request to administer the medication from the parent, legal guardian, or other person having legal control of the student.			
	2.	When administering prescription medication, the medication is administered either:			
		 From a container that appears to be the original con- tainer and to be properly labeled; or 			
		b. From a properly labeled unit dosage container filled by a registered nurse or another qualified district employee, as determined by district policy, from a container that appears to be the original container and to be properly labeled.			
By Volunteer Professionals	If a district provides liability insurance for a licensed physician or registered nurse who provides volunteer services to the district, a board may allow the physician or nurse to administer to any student nonprescription medication or medication currently prescribed for the student by the student's personal physician.				
Immunity from Civil Liability	A district, a board, and its employees shall be immune from civil lia- bility for damages or injuries resulting from the administration of medication to a student in accordance with this policy.				
	Education Code 22.052(a), (b)				
	[See	e DG regarding protection of nurses for refusal to perform acts.]			
Self-Administration of Asthma or Anaphylaxis	A student with asthma or anaphylaxis may possess and self-ad- minister prescription asthma or anaphylaxis medicine while on school property or at a school-related event or activity if:				
Medicine	1.	The medicine has been prescribed for that student as indi- cated by the prescription label on the medicine;			

	2.	 The student has demonstrated to the student's physician other licensed health-care provider and the school nurse, available, the skill level necessary to self-administer the scription medication, including the use of any device require to administer the medication; 				
	3.	 The self-administration is done in compliance with the pre- scription or written instructions from the student's physician of other licensed health-care provider; and 				
	4.	Ара	arent	of the student provides to the school:		
		a.	den	ten authorization, signed by the parent, for the stu- t to self-administer the prescription medicine while on ool property or at a school-related event or activity;		
		b.		ritten statement, signed by the student's physician or er licensed health-care provider, that states:		
			(1)	That the student has asthma or anaphylaxis and is capable of self-administering the medicine;		
			(2)	The name and purpose of the medicine;		
			(3)	The prescribed dosage for the medicine;		
			(4)	The times at which or circumstances under which the medicine may be administered; and		
			(5)	The period for which the medicine is prescribed.		
	nurse's office, or, if the		ffice,	s statement must be kept on file in the school or, if there is no school nurse, in the office of the e school the student attends.		
	-	e FFA anaph		care of students with diagnosed food allergies at risk s.]		
No Waiver of Immunity	crea	ate an	y liab	above neither waive any liability or immunity nor bility for or a cause of action against a district, a mployees.		
	Edu	catio	n Coo	de 38.015		
Sunscreen Products	on s over jury Drug	schoo rexpo or illn g Adn	l prop sure ness i ninist	possess and use a topical sunscreen product while berty or at a school-related event or activity to avoid to the sun and not for the medical treatment of an in- f the product is approved by the federal Food and ration for over-the-counter use. This provision does immunity from liability of a district, its board, or its		

	employees; or create any liability for or a cause of action against a district, its board, or its employees. <i>Education Code</i> 38.021				
Dietary Supplements	A district employee commits a Class C misdemeanor offense if the employee:				
	1. Knowingly sells, markets, or distributes a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties; or				
	2. Knowingly endorses or suggests the ingestion, intranasal application, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds by a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties.				
	Education Code 38.011(a), (c)				
Prescription Medication and Special Education Students	An employee of a district is prohibited from requiring a child to ob- tain a prescription for a substance covered under the federal Con- trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a condition of at- tending school, receiving an evaluation for special education, or receiving special education and related services.				
	An employee is not prohibited from consulting or sharing class- room-based observations with parents regarding a student's aca- demic and functional performance, behavior in the classroom or school, or the need for evaluation for special education or related services.				
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(25)				
	[See FFEB for information regarding psychotropic drugs and psy- chiatric evaluations]				
Opioid Antagonist Medication	A person or organization acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber may store an opioid antagonist and may distribute an opioid antagonist, provided the person or organization does not request or receive compensation for storage or distribution. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.104</i>				
	A prescriber may, directly or by standing order, prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist a person experiencing an opioid-related drug overdose. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.102; 22 TAC 170.6</i>				
Immunity	A person who, acting in good faith and with reasonable care, ad- ministers or does not administer an opioid antagonist to another person whom the person believes is suffering an opioid-related				

Bellville ISD 008901		
WELLNESS AND HEAL MEDICAL TREATMENT		-
	drug overdose is not subject to criminal prosecution, sanction un- der any professional licensing statute, or civil liability, for an act or omission resulting from the administration of or failure to administ the opioid antagonist. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.106</i>	r
Low-THC Cannabis	A district may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, orde resolution, or other regulation that prohibits the cultivation, production, dispensing, or possession of low-THC cannabis, as authorized by the Texas Compassionate-Use Act. <i>Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>	
Dextromethorphan (Certain Cold Medication)	A district may not adopt or enforce an ordinance, order, rule, regu- lation, or policy that governs the sale, distribution, or possession of dextromethorphan. <i>Health and Safety Code 488.005</i>	
	<i>Note:</i> The following provisions apply only to a district that will adopt an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector policy or an unassigned asthma medication policy.	
Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto-	A district may adopt and implement a policy regarding the mainte nance, administration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors each campus in the district.	
Injectors	If a policy is adopted, the policy:	
	 Must provide that school personnel and school volunteers who are authorized and trained may administer an epineph- rine auto-injector to a person who is reasonably believed to be experiencing anaphylaxis on a school campus; and 	
	2. May provide that school personnel and school volunteers we are authorized and trained may administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a person who is reasonably believed to be e periencing anaphylaxis at an off-campus school event or while in transit to or from a school event.	
	A district that adopts a policy must require that each campus have one or more school personnel members or school volunteers au- thorized and trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector pr sent during all hours the campus is open.	
	The supply of epinephrine auto-injectors at each campus must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to school per sonnel and school volunteers authorized and trained to administe an epinephrine auto-injector.	r-
	Education Code 29 209	

Education Code 38.208

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES MEDICAL TREATMENT

Definitions All Hours the Campus Is Open	"All hours the campus is open" is defined as, at a minimum, durin regular on-campus school hours, and when school personnel are physically on site for school-sponsored activities.		
Campus	A "campus" is defined as a unit of a school district that has an as- signed administrator, has enrolled students who are counted for average daily attendance, has assigned instructional staff, provides instructional services to students, has one or more grades in the range from early childhood education through grade 12 or is un- graded, and complies with relevant Texas laws.		
Unassigned Epinephrine Auto-Injector	An "unassigned epinephrine auto-injector" is an epinephrine auto- injector prescribed by an authorized health-care provider in the name of the school issued with a non-patient-specific standing del- egation order for the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector, issued by a physician or person who has been delegated prescrip- tive authority under Occupations Code Chapter 157.		
	25 TAC 37.603		
Prompt Notification	Local emergency medical services must be promptly notified by the school when an individual is suspected of experiencing anaphy- laxis and when an epinephrine auto-injector is administered. If the trained school personnel or school volunteer is the only individual available to notify emergency medical services, the trained individ- ual should administer the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector be- fore notifying emergency medical services.		
	The parent, legal guardian, or emergency contact must be promptly notified by the school when an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector is utilized on their child as soon as is feasible during the emergency response to suspected anaphylaxis.		
	25 TAC 37.605(e)–(f)		
Records	School records of the administration of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector and suspected anaphylaxis must be provided to the parent or guardian of the recipient upon request. <i>25 TAC 37.605(f)</i>		
Reports	Not later than the tenth business day after the date a school per- sonnel member or school volunteer administers an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with district policy, the school shall send a report to the school district; the physician who prescribed the epinephrine auto-injector; and the commissioner of state health services.		
	The report must include the following information:		
	 The age of the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector; 		

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES MEDICAL TREATMENT

	2.	Whether the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector was a student, a school personnel member or school volunteer, or a visitor;
	3.	The physical location where the epinephrine auto-injector was administered;
	4.	The number of doses of epinephrine auto-injector adminis- tered;
	5.	The title of the person who administered the epinephrine auto-injector; and
	6.	Any other information required by the commissioner of educa- tion.
	Edι	ication Code 38.209
	the	ifications to the commissioner of DSHS shall be submitted on designated electronic form available on the DSHS School alth Program website. <i>25 TAC 37.608</i>
Personnel or Volunteers	rine or s nep tee	each campus in which a school adopts an unassigned epineph- auto-injector policy, the principal may assign school personnel school volunteers to be trained to administer unassigned epi- hrine auto-injectors or seek school personnel or school volun- rs who volunteer to be trained to administer unassigned epi- hrine auto-injectors.
	istra dist leas the nep phy or s	arder to increase the number of trained individuals in the admin- ation of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors, schools may ribute to school personnel or school volunteers in the district, at st once per school year, a notice that includes a description of request seeking volunteers to be trained to administer an epi- hrine auto-injector to a person believed to be experiencing ana- laxis and a description of the training that the school personnel school volunteers will receive in the administration of epineph- e with an auto-injector.
	25	TAC 37.606(a)–(b)
Signed Statement	una mei terii	ined school personnel or school volunteers who administer the assigned epinephrine auto-injector must submit a signed state- nt indicating that they agree to perform the service of adminis- ng an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector to a student or indi- ual that may be experiencing anaphylaxis. <i>25 TAC 37.606(c)</i>
Training	ten volu	istrict that adopts an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector writ- policy is responsible for training school personnel and school inteers in the recognizing of anaphylaxis signs and symptoms administration of an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector.

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES MEDICAL TREATMENT

	Each assigned school personnel or school volunteer shall receive initial training and an annual refresher training. Training shall be consistent with the most recent <u>Voluntary Guidelines for Managing Food Allergies in Schools and Early Care and Education Programs</u> ¹ published by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
	25 TAC 37.607
	Training may be provided in a formal training session or through an online education course. Training must include information on properly inspecting unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors for usage and expiration. 25 TAC $37.607(1)-(2)$
	Training must include information on implementing emergency pro- cedures, if necessary, after administering an epinephrine auto-in- jector, and properly disposing of used or expired epinephrine auto- injectors. A district shall maintain records on the required training. <i>Education Code 38.210</i>
	The initial training must include hands-on training with an epineph- rine auto-injector trainer. The annual refresher training must include a hands-on demonstration of administration skills. The training must also include information about promptly notifying local emer- gency medical services.
	Each school campus shall maintain training records and make available upon request a list of those school personnel or school volunteers trained and authorized to administer the unassigned ep- inephrine auto-injector on the campus.
	25 TAC 37.607(3)–(6)
Standing Orders	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157 may prescribe epineph- rine auto-injectors in the name of a district in accordance with law. <i>Education Code 38.211</i>
	A district shall obtain a prescription from an authorized health-care provider each year, to stock, possess, and maintain at least one unassigned adult epinephrine auto-injector pack (two doses) on each school campus.
	A school may choose to stock unassigned pediatric epinephrine auto-injector packs, based on the need of the school's population.
	25 TAC 37.605(a)
Epinephrine Coordinator	The superintendent will designate appropriate school personnel to coordinate and manage policy implementation, including training of

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES MEDICAL TREATMENT

	school personnel, and the acquisition or purchase, usage, expira- tion, and disposal of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors. Throughout the school calendar year, the designated school per- sonnel shall coordinate with each campus to ensure that the unas- signed epinephrine auto-injectors are checked monthly for expira- tion and usage and the findings are documented. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>37.605(b)</i>
Notice to Parents	If a district implements a policy for the maintenance, administra- tion, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors, the district shall provide written notice to a parent or guardian of each student en- rolled in the district or school. Notice must be provided before the policy is implemented by the district or school and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>
	A district shall provide electronic or written notice to the parent or guardian of each student.
	If a district changes or discontinues the policy under this subchap- ter, written or electronic notice detailing the change or discontinua- tion must be provided to the parent or guardian of each student within 15 calendar days.
	25 TAC 37.609
Storage	Unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a secure, easily accessible area for an emergency, in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines. It is recommended that the school administrator develop a map to be placed in high traffic areas that indicates the location of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors on each school campus. It is recommended that the map also indicates the locations of the automated external defibrillator (AED). <i>25 TAC 37.605(h)</i>
Replacement	The district shall develop a plan to replace, as soon as reasonably possible, any unassigned epinephrine auto-injector that is used or close to expiration. <i>25 TAC 37.605(i)</i>
Disposal	Used unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be considered infectious waste and shall be disposed of according to the school's bloodborne pathogen control policy.
	Expired unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be disposed of according to the school's medication disposal policy.
	25 TAC 37.605(j)–(k) [See DBB]
Gifts, Grants, and Donations	A district may accept gifts, grants, donations, and federal and local funds to implement its policy. <i>Education Code</i> 38.213

Bellville ISD 008901				
WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICESFFACMEDICAL TREATMENT(LEGAL				
Maintenance and Administration of Asthma Medicine	A district may adopt and implement a policy authorizing a school nurse to maintain and administer asthma medicine at each campus in the district.			
	The policy must provide that the school nurse may administer pre- scription asthma medicine to a student only if the school nurse has written notification from a parent or guardian of the student stating that the student has been diagnosed as having asthma and stating that the school nurse may administer prescription asthma medicine to the student. A school nurse may administer the prescription asthma medicine only at a school campus.			
	Edu	cation Code 38.208(a-1), (b-1)		
Storage		supply of asthma medicine at each campus must be stored in cure location and be easily accessible to the school nurse.		
No Negative Fiscal Impact	The policy may not require a district to purchase prescription asthma medicine or require any other expenditure related to the maintenance or administration of asthma medicine that would re- sult in a negative fiscal impact on the district or school.			
	Edu	cation Code 38.208(e)–(f)		
Asthma Medicine Standing Order	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157, may prescribe asthma medicine in the name of a school district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>38.211(a)</i>			
Notice to Parents	The district shall provide written notice to a parent or guardian of each student enrolled in the district or school. Notice required under Education Code 38.212 must be provided before a policy is implemented by the district and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>			
Immunity from Liability	A person who in good faith takes, or fails to take, any action related to Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, related to the maintenance and administration of epinephrine auto-injectors and asthma medicine, is immune from civil or criminal liability or disci- plinary action resulting from that action or failure to act, including:			
	1.	Issuing an order for epinephrine auto-injectors or asthma medicine;		
	2.	Supervising or delegating the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;		
	3.	Possessing, maintaining, storing, or disposing of an epineph- rine auto-injector or asthma medicine;		
	4.	Prescribing an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020)	10 of 11		

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES MEDICAL TREATMENT

- 5. Dispensing an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine, provided that permission has been granted as provided by Education Code 38.208(b-1) [see Maintenance and Administration of Asthma Medicine, above];
- Administering, or assisting in administering, an epinephrine auto-injector, provided that permission has been granted as provided by Education Code 38.208(b-1) [see Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto-Injectors, above];
- 7. Providing, or assisting in providing, training, consultation, or advice in the development, adoption, or implementation of policies, guidelines, rules, or plans; or
- 8. Undertaking any other act permitted or required under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E.

A district and school personnel and school volunteers are immune from suit resulting from an act, or failure to act, under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, including an act or failure to act under related policies and procedures.

An act or failure to act by school personnel or a school volunteer, including an act or failure to act under related policies and procedures, is the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the school personnel or school volunteer and is not considered to be a ministerial act for purposes of liability of the school district.

Education Code 38.215

¹ CDC Voluntary Guidelines for Managing Food Allergies: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/healthyschools/foodallergies/index.htm</u>

Bellville ISD 008901					
WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICESFFAESCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS(LEGAL)					
School-Based Health Centers	A district may, if it identifies the need, design a model for the deliv- ery of cooperative health-care programs for students and their fam- ilies and may compete for grants to provide such programs. The model program may provide for delivery of conventional health ser- vices and disease prevention of emerging health threats that are specific to a district.				
	On the recommendation of an advisory council [see Advisory Council, below] or on the initiative of the board, a district may es- tablish a school-based health center at one or more campuses to meet the health-care needs of students and their families. A district may contract with a person to provide services at a school-based health center.				
	Edu	cation Code 38.051			
Programs Goals	All health-care programs should be designed to meet the following goals:				
	1.	Reducing student absenteeism;			
	2.	Increasing a student's ability to meet the student's ac potential; and	ademic		
	3.	Stabilizing the physical well-being of a student.			
	Edu	cation Code 38.063(c)			
Consent Required	A school-based health center may provide services to a student only if a district or the provider with whom a district contracts ob- tains the written consent of the student's parent or guardian or an- other person having legal control of the student. The student's par- ent or guardian or another person having legal control of the student may give consent to receive ongoing services or may limit consent to one or more services provided on a single occasion. The consent form must list every service the center delivers in a format that complies with all applicable state and federal laws and allows a person to consent to one or more categories of services. <i>Education Code</i> 38.053				
Permissible	The	permissible categories of services are:			
Services	1.	Family and home support;			
	2.	Physical health care, including immunizations;			
	3.	Dental health care;			
	4.	Health education;			
	5.	Preventive health strategies;			

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS

	6. Treatment for mental health conditions [see FFEB]; and
	7. Treatment for substance abuse.
	Education Code 38.054
Services Not Permitted	Reproductive services, counseling, or referrals may not be pro- vided through a school-based health center using grant funds awarded under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter B. Any service provided using grant funds must be provided by an appro- priate professional who is properly licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized under state law to provide the service. <i>Education Code</i> <i>38.055–.056</i>
	The staff of a school-based health center and the person who con- sents to treatment shall jointly identify any health-related concerns of a student that may be interfering with the student's well-being or ability to succeed in school.
	If it is determined that a student is in need of a referral for physical health services or mental health services, the staff of the center shall notify the person whose consent is required under Education Code 38.053 verbally and in writing of the basis for the referral. The referral may not be provided unless the person provides writ- ten consent for the type of service to be provided and provides specific written consent for each treatment occasion or for a course of treatment that includes multiple treatment occasions of the same type of service.
	Education Code 38.057
Advisory Council	A board may establish and appoint members to a local health edu- cation and health-care advisory council to make recommendations on the establishment of school-based health centers and to assist a district in ensuring that local community values are reflected in the operation of each center and in the provision of health educa- tion.
	A majority of the members must be parents of students enrolled in the district. In addition to the appointees who are parents, a board shall also appoint at least one classroom teacher, one administra- tor, one school counselor, one licensed health-care professional li- censed or certified to practice in this state, one member of the clergy, one person from law enforcement, one member of the busi- ness community, one senior citizen, and one student. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 38.058
	A district may seek assistance in establishing and operating a school-based health center from any public agency in the community. <i>Education Code</i> 38.059

WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS

	If a district is located in a county with a population not greater than 50,000 or that has been designated under state or federal law as a health professional shortage area, a medically underserved area, or a medically underserved community, the district and advisory council shall make a good-faith effort to identify and coordinate with existing providers.
	The district shall keep a record of efforts made to coordinate with existing providers.
	Education Code 38.060
Primary Care Physician	If a person receiving a medical service from a school-based health center has a primary care physician, the staff of the center shall provide notice of the service to that physician. Before delivering service to a person with a primary care physician under the state Medicaid program, a state children's health plan program, or a private health insurance or health benefit plan, the staff of the center shall notify that physician to share medical information and obtain authorization for delivering the medical service. <i>Education Code 38.061</i>
Funding	A district shall comply with the funding requirements and limitations set out in Education Code 38.062–.063 and with rules adopted by the commissioner of state health services. <i>Education Code 38.062–.063</i>
Standards for State- Funded Centers	If a district receives a grant from the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) to assist with the costs of operating school-based health centers, it must comply with TDSHS standards for funded centers. <i>25 TAC 37.531, .538</i>

Bellville ISD 008901			
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION		FFB (LEGAL)	
Threat Assessment Definitions	"Harmful, threatening, or violent behavior" includes behaviors, such as verbal threats, threats of self harm, bullying, cyberbullying, fighting, the use or possession of a weapon, sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence, stalking, or assault, by a student that could result in:		
	1.	Specific interventions, including mental health or behavioral supports;	
	2.	In-school suspension;	
	3.	Out-of-school suspension; or	
	4.	The student's expulsion or removal to a disciplinary alterna- tive education program (DAEP) or a juvenile justice alterna- tive education program (JJAEP).	
		m" means a threat assessment and safe and supportive ool team established by the board under Education Code 15.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.115(a)	
Threat Assessment Team	porti	board shall establish a threat assessment and safe and sup- ve school team to serve at each campus of the district and adopt policies and procedures for the teams.	
	and	team is responsible for developing and implementing the safe supportive school program in compliance with Texas Education ncy (TEA) rules at the district campus served by the team.	
		policies and procedures adopted under Education Code 15 must:	
	1.	Be consistent with the model policies and procedures devel- oped by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) [see Edu- cation Code 37.220];	
	2.	Require each team to complete training provided by the TxSSC or a regional education service center (ESC) regard- ing evidence-based threat assessment programs; and	
	3.	Require each team established under this section to report the required information regarding the team's activities to TEA [see Reporting to TEA, below].	
Membership	each men eduo	superintendent shall ensure that the members appointed to a team have expertise in counseling, behavior management, tal health and substance use, classroom instruction, special cation, school administration, school safety and security, emer- cy management, and law enforcement. A team may serve more	

Bellville ISD 008901		
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION	l	FFB (LEGAL)
		ne campus of a district, provided that each district campus is ed a team.
Oversight Committee	isting co operation oversign man res manage	perintendent may establish a committee, or assign to an ex- committee established by the district, the duty to oversee the ons of teams established for the district. A committee with the responsibility must include members with expertise in hu- sources, education, special education, counseling, behavior ement, school administration, mental health and substance school safety and security, emergency management, and law ement.
Team Duties	Each te	eam shall:
	po ha dis da	onduct a threat assessment that includes assessing and re- orting individuals who make threats of violence or exhibit armful, threatening, or violent behavior in accordance with strict policies and procedures; and gathering and analyzing ata to determine the level of risk and appropriate interven- on, including:
	a.	Referring a student for mental health assessment; and
	b.	Implementing an escalation procedure, if appropriate, based on the team's assessment, in accordance with district policy;
	og	rovide guidance to students and school employees on rec- gnizing harmful, threatening, or violent behavior that may ose a threat to the community, school, or individual; and
		upport the district in implementing the district's multihazard mergency operations plan [see CKC].
Consent for Mental Health-Care Service	who is a sent fro to the s consen complie parent o give con	may not provide a mental health-care service to a student under 18 years of age unless the team obtains written con- om the parent of or the person standing in parental relation student before providing the mental health-care service. The nt must be submitted on a form developed by the district that es with all applicable state and federal law. The student's or person standing in parental relation to the student may onsent for a student to receive ongoing services or may limit at to one or more services provided on a single occasion.
	Educati	tion Code 37.115(c)–(g)
Determination of Risk	risk of v the tear	ermination that a student or other individual poses a serious violence to self or others, a team shall immediately report m's determination to the superintendent. If the individual is a t, the superintendent shall immediately attempt to inform the

Bellville ISD 008901

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

parent or person standing in parental relation to the student. These requirements do not prevent an employee of the school from acting immediately to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency.

A team identifying a student at risk of suicide shall act in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program. If the student at risk of suicide also makes a threat of violence to others, the team shall conduct a threat assessment in addition to actions taken in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program.

A team identifying a student using or possessing tobacco, drugs, or alcohol shall act in accordance with district policies and procedures related to substance use prevention and intervention.

Education Code 37.115(h)–(j)

- Reporting to TEA A team must report to TEA in accordance with TEA-developed guidelines the following information regarding the team's activities and other information for each campus the team serves:
 - 1. The occupation of each person appointed to the team;
 - 2. The number of threats and description of the type of threats reported to the team;
 - The outcome of each assessment made by the team, including:
 - a. Any disciplinary action taken, including a change in school placement;
 - b. Any action taken by law enforcement; or
 - c. A referral to or change in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
 - 4. The total number, disaggregated by student gender, race, and status as receiving special education services, being at risk of dropping out of school, being in foster care, experiencing homelessness, being a dependent of military personnel, being pregnant or a parent, having limited English proficiency, or being a migratory child, of, in connection with an assessment or reported threat by the team:
 - a. Citations issued for Class C misdemeanor offenses;
 - b. Arrests;
 - c. Incidents of uses of restraint;

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

- d. Changes in school placement, including placement in a JJAEP or DAEP;
- e. Referrals to or changes in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
- f. Placements in in-school suspension or out-of-school suspension and incidents of expulsion;
- g. Unexcused absences of 15 or more days during the school year; and
- h. Referrals to juvenile court for truancy; and
- 5. The number and percentage of school personnel trained in:
 - a. A best-practices program or research-based practice under Health and Safety Code 161.325 [redesignated to Education Code 38.351, see FFEB], including the number and percentage of school personnel trained in suicide prevention or grief and trauma-informed practices;
 - b. Mental health or psychological first aid for schools;
 - c. Training relating to the safe and supportive school program; or
 - d. Any other program relating to safety identified by the commissioner.

Education Code 37.115(k)

Bellville ISD 008901			
STUDENT WELFARE FFC STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES (LEGAL)			
Liaison for Court- Related Students	A district shall appoint at least one educator, as defined by Educa- tion Code 5.001(5), to act as a liaison officer for court-related stu- dents. The liaison officer shall provide counseling and other ser- vices for court-related students and their parents to establish or reestablish normal attendance and progress in school. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 37.014		
Liaison for Students Who Are Homeless	As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Home- less Assistance Act (McKinney-Vento Act), a district shall designate an appropriate staff person, able to carry out the required duties, as the district liaison for homeless children. A district will adopt poli- cies and practices to ensure participation by the liaison in profes- sional development and other technical assistance activities pro- vided and approved by the statewide coordinator for education of homeless children and youths. 42 U.S.C. $11432(g)(1)(J)$		
Notice	A district shall inform school personnel, service providers, and ad- vocates working with homeless families, parents and guardians of homeless children, and homeless children of the duties of the liai- son. [See FD for definition of "homeless children."]		
Duties	The	liaison shall ensure that:	
	1.	Homeless children are identified by school personnel and through outreach and coordination activities with other entities and agencies;	
	2.	Homeless children are enrolled in, and have a full and equal opportunity to succeed in, district schools;	
	3.	Homeless families and homeless children have access to and receive educational services for which they are eligible, in- cluding services through Head Start programs (including Early Head Start programs) under the Head Start Act, early inter- vention services under Part C of the Individuals with Disabili- ties Education Act, and other district preschool programs;	
	4.	Homeless families and homeless children receive referrals to health care, dental, mental health and substance abuse, housing, and other appropriate services;	
	5.	The parents or guardians of homeless children are informed of the available educational and related opportunities and are provided meaningful opportunities to participate in the educa- tion of their children;	
	6.	Public notice of the educational rights of homeless children is disseminated in locations frequented by parents or guardians of such children, and unaccompanied youths, including schools, shelters, public libraries, and soup kitchens, in a	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		1 of 10	

			nner and form understandable to the parents and guardi- of homeless children, and unaccompanied youths;
	7.	Enro	ollment disputes are mediated;
	8.	com vice	parent or guardian of a homeless child, and any unac- panied youth, are fully informed of all transportation ser- s, including transportation to the school of origin, and are isted in accessing transportation to the school of enroll- nt;
	9.	Ven	ool personnel providing services under the McKinney- to Act receive professional development and other sup- ; and
	10.	Una	ccompanied youths:
		a.	Are enrolled in school;
		b.	Have opportunities to meet the same challenging state academic standards as the state establishes for other children; and
		C.	Are informed of their status as independent students un- der section 480 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 and that the youths may obtain assistance from the liaison to receive verification of such status for purposes of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid.
	42 (J.S.C	2. 11432(g)(6)(A), (B)
Determination of Homeless Status	firm ban in a mee auth	, with Deve distri ets the norize	who receives training under 42 U.S.C. $11432(f)(6)$ may afout further action by the Department of Housing and Ur- elopment, that a child who is eligible for and participating ct program, or the immediate family of such a child, who e eligibility requirements of the McKinney-Vento Act for an ed program or service under Title IV of the Act, is eligible program or service. <i>42 U.S.C.</i> $11432(g)(6)(D)$
Liaison for Children in State Conservatorship	offic a ch sub uca	er to hild in mit th tion A	trict shall appoint at least one employee to act as a liaison facilitate the enrollment in or transfer to a public school of the district who is in the conservatorship of the state and le liaison's name and contact information to the Texas Ed- gency (TEA) in a format and under the schedule deter- the commissioner of education.
	tatir	ng the	I provide information to the liaisons on practices for facili- e enrollment in or transfer to a public school of children in the conservatorship of the state.
	Edu	catio	n Code 33.904

Transition to Higher Education	A district, in coordination with the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS), shall facilitate the transition of each cherrolled in the district who is eligible for a tuition and fee waiver der Education Code 54.366, and who is likely to be in the conservatorship of DFPS on the day preceding the child's 18th birthda an institution of higher education by:	
	1.	Assisting the child with the completion of any applications for admission or financial aid;
	2.	Arranging and accompanying the child on campus visits;
	3.	Assisting the child in researching and applying for private or institution-sponsored scholarships;
	4.	Identifying whether the child is a candidate for appointment to a military academy;
	5.	Assisting the child in registering and preparing for college en- trance examinations, including, subject to the availability of funds, arranging for the payment of any examination fees by DFPS; and
	6.	Coordinating contact between the child and a liaison desig- nated by the Higher Education Coordinating Board for stu- dents who were formerly in the conservatorship of DFPS.
	Fan	nily Code 264.1212 [See FFEA]
Transition Assistance for Highly Mobile Students Definitions Enrollment Conference	new tere mer and and	rollment conference" means a student-centered meeting for a ly enrolled student to identify academic and extracurricular in- sts; introduce school processes and opportunities for engage- nt; develop course and instructional strategies; review credits assessment information; determine social-emotional support; communicate confidential information that may impact a stu- t's success, if needed.
Records	clud grac full o tion anco edu	cords" means documents in printed or electronic form that in- e, but are not limited to, student transcripts; individual course des; academic achievement records; course credits, whether or partial; individualized education program referrals; interven- data; immunizations; state assessment scores; student attend- e data; disciplinary reports; graduation endorsements; special cation/Section 504 committee records; performance acknowl- ements; and personal graduation plans.

19 TAC 89.1601(7)-(8)

Bellville ISD 008901		
STUDENT WELFARE STUDENT SUPPORT SE	ERVI	CES (LEGAL)
Transfer of Student Records	avai	h district must ensure that copies of student records are made lable to schools to which students who are homeless or in sub- te care transfer.
	ing o who catio thori with for in emp	h district is required to transfer student records within ten work- days of receipt of a request from a district to which a student is homeless or in substitute care enrolls, as required by Edu- on Code 25.002(a-1) [see FD(LEGAL)]. The discretionary au- ity under Education Code 31.104(d) [see CMD(LEGAL)] to hold records of a student if the student has not returned or paid instructional materials or technological equipment does not ex- t a district from the mandatory provision to send records to an- er public school in which the student enrolls.
	drav enro	of of enrollment in a different district permits retroactive with- val to the date a student enrolled in the new school. The date of ollment in the new district is considered the date of withdrawal of the previous district.
		lent records must be requested, sent, and received using the as Records Exchange (TREx) system.
	ing o	district fails to receive the required information within ten work- days, the requesting district may report the noncompliant dis- to the division responsible for TREx Support at TEA.
	19 7	AC 89.1603
Systems and Procedures	who	h district shall develop systems to ease transition of a student is homeless or in substitute care during the first two weeks of ollment at a new school. These systems shall include the follow-
	1.	Welcome packets containing applicable information regarding enrollment in extracurricular activities, club activities, infor- mation on fee waivers, tutoring opportunities, the student code of conduct, and contact information for pertinent school staff such as counselors, nurses, social workers, the foster care liaison, the homeless liaison, the principal and any assis- tant principals, and related contacts;
	2.	Introductions for new students that maintain student privacy and confidentiality to the school environment and school pro- cesses by district faculty, campus-based student leaders, or ambassadors; and
	3.	Mechanisms to ensure that a process is in place for all stu- dents who qualify to receive nutrition benefits upon enroll- ment, as all students who are homeless or in substitute care are eligible for United States Department of Agriculture Child
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		4 of 10

		Nutrition Programs. The process must expedite communica- tion with the district nutrition coordinator to ensure that eligible students are not charged in error or experience delays in re- ceiving these benefits.	
	19 T.	AC 89.1605(a)	
	desig ists, proc	inent staff members (such as principals, registrars, counselors, gnated liaisons, nutrition coordinators, transportation special- etc.) should be knowledgeable concerning communication, esses, and procedures for facilitating successful school transi- o for students who are homeless or in substitute care.	
	(PID be u	each district, the TREx, the Personal Identification Database), or the Person Enrollment Tracking (PET) application must sed to expedite coordination and communication between the ling and receiving schools.	
	19 T.	AC 89.1605(c)–(d)	
Enrollment Conference	A district shall convene an enrollment conference with the student within the first two weeks of enrollment or within the first two weeks after the student is identified as homeless or in substitute care. The convening of the enrollment conference shall not delay or impede the enrollment of the student.		
	ery, venti prev supp	enrollment conference shall address the student's credit recov- credit completion, attendance plans and trauma-informed inter- ions, interests and strengths, discipline or behavior concerns, ious successes, college readiness, and social and emotional ports as well as district policies relating to transfers and with- vals and communication preferences with parents or guardians.	
	The	enrollment conference may be comprised of:	
	1.	School administrators;	
	2.	Homeless or foster care liaisons;	
	3.	A social worker;	
	4.	Teachers;	
	5.	Counselors;	
	6.	Dropout prevention specialists;	
	7.	Attendance/truancy officers;	
	8.	The relative caregiver, foster placement caregiver, or case manager;	
	9.	The DFPS designated educational decision-maker;	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		5 of 10	

	 The DFPS caseworker, Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) volunteer, or other volunteer, as applicable; and
	 A parent and/or guardian, unless the caseworker indicates the parent's and/or guardian's rights to participate have been re- stricted by the court.
	19 TAC 89.1605(b)
Educational Placement	When a student who is homeless or in substitute care transfers be- fore or during the school year, the receiving district shall initially place the student in educational programs and courses based on the student's prior enrollment in and current educational assess- ments from the sending school.
	Educational programs include, but are not limited to, gifted and tal- ented program services, bilingual or special language services for English learners, career and technical education, and early college high school.
	Course placement includes, but is not limited to, honors, Interna- tional Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational, technical, and career pathway courses.
	Each district must ensure that a student who is homeless or in sub- stitute care has the ability to earn the same endorsement catego- ries, if applicable. If only one endorsement is offered, it must be multidisciplinary studies.
	To the extent possible, each district shall ensure the continuation of a student's educational and course programs from the previous district and promote placement in academically challenging and ca- reer preparation courses.
	19 TAC 89.1609
	[For award of credit for students who are homeless or in substitute care, see EI. For special education services for students who are homeless or in substitute care, see EHBAA.]
Extracurricular Programs	Appropriate district staff must facilitate the process to complete and submit a University Interscholastic League (UIL) waiver of resi- dence application form for a student who is homeless or in substi- tute care and plans to participate in varsity athletics or other UIL- sponsored activities.
	Districts must comply with Education Code 25.001(f) [see FD] and a durational residence requirement may not prohibit a student in substitute care from fully participating in any activity sponsored by the district.

	ing o as a	lents in foster care remaining in their school of origin but resid- outside of the district of attendance shall be afforded a waiver, llowed under UIL Constitution and Contest Rules Section 442: idence in School District and Attendance Zone.
	19 7	AC 89.1611
Promotion of Postsecondary Information	hom are dors	rict counselors or other designated staff shall work with district eless and foster care liaisons to ensure that all students who identified as homeless or in substitute care graduate with en- ements, if applicable, and have postsecondary plans identified eir personal graduation plans, to the extent required [see EIF].
	pani stud catio tion	rict counselors or other designated staff must inform unaccom- ed homeless youths of their rights and status as independent ents for the purpose of applying for financial aid for higher edu- on and provide verification of such status for the Free Applica- for Federal Student Aid (FASFA), pursuant to 42 United States e 11432(g)(6)(A)(x).
	enro garc for c high	h district shall ensure that a student in substitute care who is olled in grade 11 or 12 in that district is provided information re- ling tuition and fee exemptions under Education Code 54.366, lual-credit or other courses provided by a public institution of er education for which a high school student may earn joint school and college credit.
	19 7	AC 89.1613
Notice of Events	sion subs	h district must provide notice in writing to the educational deci- -maker and caseworker of a student who is homeless or in stitute care regarding events that may significantly impact the cation of the student.
	Eve clud	nts that may significantly impact the education of a child in- e:
	1.	Requests or referrals for an evaluation under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), or special education under Education Code 29.003 [see EHBAA];
	2.	Admission, review, and dismissal committee meetings [see EHBAB];
	3.	Manifestation determination reviews required by Education Code 37.004(b) [see FOF];
	4.	Any disciplinary actions under Education Code Chapter 37 for which parental notice is required [see FO series];

FFC (LEGAL)

	5.	Citations issued for Class C misdemeanor offenses on school property or at school-sponsored activities;	
	6.	Reports of restraint and seclusion required by Education Code 37.0021 [see FO and FOF];	
	7.	Use of corporal punishment as provided by Section 37.0011 [see FO]; and	
	8.	Appointment of a surrogate parent for the child under Educa- tion Code 29.0151 [see EHBAE];	
	19 T.	AC 89.1617; Education Code 25.007(b)(10)	
Child Welfare Contact	state the c ager	strict receiving Title 1, Part A funds must collaborate with the e or local child welfare agency to designate a point of contact if child welfare agency notifies the district, in writing, that the ncy has designated an employee to serve as a point of contact the district. 20 U.S.C. $6312(c)(5)(A)$	
School-Community Guidance Center	A district may establish a school-community guidance center de- signed to locate and assist children with problems that interfere with their education, including juvenile offenders and children with severe behavioral problems or character disorders.		
	lice o in wo	n center shall coordinate efforts of district personnel, local po- departments, school attendance officers, and probation officers orking with students, dropouts, and parents in identifying and ecting factors that adversely affect the education of the chil-	
	Educ	cation Code 37.051	
	cern ate v a liai lems ager cent	n request from a superintendent, a governmental agency con- ed with children that has jurisdiction in a district shall cooper- vith the school-community guidance center and shall designate son to work with the center in identifying and correcting prob- affecting school-age children in the district. The governmental ncy may establish or finance a school-community guidance er jointly with a district according to terms approved by the erning body of each participating entity. <i>Education Code 37.053</i>	
Cooperative Programs	cies	ard may develop cooperative programs with state youth agen- for children found to have engaged in delinquent conduct. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ion Code</i> 37.052	
Parental Notice and Access to Information	ter, t	re a student is admitted to a school-community guidance cen- he administrator of the center shall notify the student's parent uardian that the student has been assigned to attend the cen-	

The notice must include:

- 1. The reason the student has been assigned to the center;
- 2. A statement that on request the parent or guardian is entitled to be fully informed in writing of any treatment method or testing program involving the student; and
- 3. A statement that the parent or guardian may request to be advised and to give written, signed consent for any psychological testing or treatment involving the student.

If after notification, the parent refuses to consent to testing or treatment of the student, the center may not provide any further psychological treatment or testing.

A parent or guardian of a student attending a center is entitled to inspect:

- 1. Any instructional or guidance material to be used by the student, including teachers' manuals, tapes, and films; and
- 2. The results of any treatment, testing, or guidance method involving the student.

The administrator of the center may set a schedule for inspection of materials that allows reasonable access but does not interfere with the conduct of classes or business activities of the school.

Education Code 37.054

- **Parental Involvement** On admitting a student to a school-community guidance center, a representative of a district, the student, and the student's parent or legal guardian shall develop an agreement that specifies the responsibilities of the parent and the student. The agreement must include:
 - A statement of the student's behavioral and learning objectives;
 - 2. A requirement that the parent attend specified meetings and conferences for teacher review of the student's progress; and
 - 3. The parent's acknowledgement that the parent understands and accepts the responsibilities imposed by the agreement regarding attendance at meetings and conferences and assistance in meeting objectives, defined by the district, to aid student remediation.

A superintendent may obtain a court order from a district court in the district requiring a parent to comply with such an agreement. A

parent who violates such a court order may be punished for contempt of court.

Court Supervision If a district, the student, and the parent or guardian for any reason fail to reach an agreement, any party may request the juvenile court or its designee to conduct a hearing and enter an order establishing the responsibilities and duties of each of the parties as the court deems appropriate.

Education Code 37.055-.056

Bellville ISD 008901				
COUNSELING AND ME COUNSELING	NTAL HEA	LTH	FFEA (LEGAL)	
Parental Consent and Review	A board shall adopt guidelines to ensure that written consent is ob- tained from the parent, legal guardian, or other person entitled to enroll the student under Education Code 25.001(j) for the student to participate in those activities for which parental consent is re- quired. <i>Education Code 33.003</i>			
	Each school shall obtain, and keep as part of the student's perma- nent record, this written consent by the parent or legal guardian. The consent form shall include specific information on the content of the program and the types of activities in which the student will be involved.			
	seling pro for paren used dur preview o	nool, before implementing a comprehensive scho ogram, shall annually conduct a preview of the p ts and guardians. All materials, including curricu ing the year, must be available for a parent or gu during school hours. Materials or curriculum not i aterials available on the campus for preview may	rogram lum to be ardian to ncluded	
	Educatio	n Code 33.004		
Child Consent to	A child may consent to counseling for:			
Counseling	1. Suid	cide prevention,		
	2. Che	emical addiction or dependency; or		
	3. Sex	ual, physical, or emotional abuse.		
	Family C	ode 32.004(a)		
	[For more see FFE	e information about consent for mental health tre B.]	atment,	
Comprehensive School Counseling Program	dents, pa ate a cor the most	counselor shall work with the school faculty and arents, and the community to plan, implement, ar nprehensive school counseling program that cor recent edition of the Texas Model for Comprehe counseling Programs developed by the Texas Co on.	nd evalu- forms to nsive	
		ool counselor shall design the developmental gui seling program to include:	dance	
	cati	uidance curriculum to help students develop thei onal potential, including the student's interests a actives.		
		esponsive services component to intervene on be student whose immediate personal concerns or		

COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING

		put the student's continued educational, career, personal, or social development at risk.
	3.	An individual planning system to guide a student as the stu- dent plans, monitors, and manages the student's own educa- tional, career, personal, and social development.
	4.	System support to support the efforts of teachers, staff, par- ents, and other members of the community in promoting the educational, career, personal, and social development of stu- dents.
	Edu	cation Code 33.005
Higher Education Counseling	sch ing sigr	h school counselor at an elementary, middle, or junior high ool shall advise students and their parents or guardians regard- the importance of postsecondary education, coursework de- led to prepare students for postsecondary education, and finan- aid availability and requirements.
	aga sch to th	ing the first school year a student is enrolled in high school, and in during each year of a student's enrollment in high school, a ool counselor shall provide information about higher education ne student and the student's parent or guardian. The infor- ion must cover:
	1.	The importance of postsecondary education;
	2.	The advantages of earning an endorsement and a perfor- mance acknowledgment and completing the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school pro- gram;
	3.	The disadvantages of taking courses to prepare for a high school equivalency examination relative to the benefits of tak- ing courses leading to a high school diploma;
	4.	Financial aid eligibility;
	5.	Instruction on how to apply for federal financial aid;
	6.	The center for financial aid information established under Ed- ucation Code 61.0776;
	7.	The automatic admission of certain students to general aca- demic teaching institutions as provided by Education Code 51.803;
	8.	The eligibility and academic performance requirements for the TEXAS Grant;

COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELING

	9.	The availability of programs in a district under which a student may earn college credit, including advanced placement pro- grams, dual credit programs, joint high school and college credit programs, and international baccalaureate programs;
	10.	The availability of education and training vouchers and tuition and fee waivers to attend an institution of higher education as provided by Education Code 54.366 for a student who is or was previously in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services; and
	11.	The availability of college credit awarded by institutions of higher education to veterans and military servicemembers for military experience, education, and training obtained during military service as described by the information materials de- veloped by the commissioner in cooperation with the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board under Labor Code 302.0031(h).
	selor ian tl	n providing information under item 10, above, the school coun- must report to the student and the student's parent or guard- he number of times the counselor has provided the information e student.
	must the a	n providing information under item 11, the school counselor t explain to any student who is enlisted or intends to enlist in armed forces of the United States the informational materials eloped under Labor Code 302.0031.
Automatic Admission	shall acad point	e beginning of grades 10 and 11, a certified school counselor explain the requirements of automatic admission to a general lemic teaching institution to each student who has a grade average in the top 25 percent of the student's high school s. [See EIC]
	Educ	cation Code 33.007; 19 TAC 61.1071
Notice of Grant Programs	prov junio	manner that assists the district in implementing the district im- ement plan, a district shall notify students in middle school, r high school, and high school and those students' teachers, ol counselors, and parents of:
	1.	The TEXAS Grant and the Teach for Texas Grant programs;
	2.	The eligibility requirements of each program;
	3.	The need for students to make informed curriculum choices to be prepared for success beyond high school; and
	4.	Sources of information on higher education admissions and financial aid.
	Educ	cation Code 56.308(b)(1)

	Note	For information about mental health curriculum and SHAC responsibilities, see EHAA. For information about threat assessments, see FFB.		
Mental Health Condition	"Mental health condition" means a persistent or recurrent pattern of thoughts, feelings, or behaviors that:			
	1.	Constitutes a mental illness, disease, or disorder, other than or in addition to epilepsy, substance abuse, or an intellectual disability; or		
	2.	Impairs a person's social, emotional, or educational function- ing and increases the risk of developing such a condition.		
	Edu	cation Code 5.001(5-a)		
Student Programs	and center men tices men educ	Texas Education Agency (TEA), in coordination with the Health Human Services Commission and regional education service ers (ESCs), shall provide and annually update a list of recom- ded best practice-based programs and research-based prac- in the areas specified below for implementation in public ele- tary, junior high, middle, and high schools within the general cation setting. Each district may select from the list a program rograms appropriate for implementation in the district.		
Subject Areas	The list must include programs and practices in the following ar- eas:			
	1.	Early mental health prevention and intervention;		
	2.	Building skills related to managing emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision- making;		
	3.	Substance abuse prevention and intervention;		
	4.	Suicide prevention, intervention, and postvention;		
	5.	Grief-informed and trauma-informed practices;		
	6.	Positive school climates;		
	7.	Positive behavior interventions and supports;		
	8.	Positive youth development; and		
	9.	Safe, supportive, and positive school climate.		
	cludi	ool climate" means the quality and character of school life, in- ing interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning prac- , and organizational structures, as experienced by students		

		olled in the district, parents of those students, and personnel ployed by the district.		
	[For information on employee training, see DMA.]			
Practices and Procedures	A district shall develop practices and procedures concerning each area listed above, including mental health promotion and interven- tion, substance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide pre- vention, that:			
	1.	Include a procedure for providing educational material to all parents and families in the district that contains information on identifying risk factors, accessing resources for treatment or support provided on and off campus, and accessing available student accommodations provided on campus;		
	2.	Include a procedure for providing notice of a recommendation for early mental health or substance abuse intervention re- garding a student to a parent or guardian of the student within a reasonable amount of time after the identification of early warning signs, which may include declining academic perfor- mance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;		
	3.	Include a procedure for providing notice of a student identified as at risk of attempting suicide to a parent or guardian of the student within a reasonable amount of time after the identifi- cation of early warning signs;		
	4.	Establish that the district may develop a reporting mechanism and may designate at least one person to act as a liaison of- ficer in the district for the purposes of identifying students in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention;		
	5.	Set out available counseling alternatives for a parent or guardian to consider when his or her child is identified as pos- sibly being in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention; and		
	6.	Include procedures:		
		 To support the return of a student to school following hospitalization or residential treatment for a mental health condition or substance abuse; and 		
		b. For suicide prevention, intervention, and postvention.		
	The practices and procedures may address multiple subject areas			

[see Subject Areas, above]. The practices and procedures must

	guard cess	bit the use without the prior consent of a student's parent or lian of a medical screening of the student as part of the pro- of identifying whether the student is possibly in need of early al health or substance abuse intervention or suicide preven-
	annua	ractices and procedures developed must be included in the al student handbook and the district improvement plan under ation Code 11.252. [See BQ]
	paren intere corda guarc tion s These medic	ng in these provisions is intended to interfere with the rights of its or guardians and the decision-making regarding the best st of the child. Practices and procedures developed in ac- nce with these provisions are intended to notify a parent or lian of a need for mental health or substance abuse interven- o that a parent or guardian may take appropriate action. e provisions do not give districts the authority to prescribe cations. Any and all medical decisions are to be made by a it or guardian of a student.
		vention" includes activities that promote healing necessary to the risk of suicide by a person affected by the suicide of an-
	Educa	ation Code 38.351(a)–(f), (i)–(o)
Immunity	The above requirements do not waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district officers or employees, create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or em- ployees, or waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151. <i>Education Code 38.352</i>	
Consent to Examinations, Tests, or Treatment	ent be tion, t	rict employee must obtain the written consent of a child's par- efore the employee may conduct a psychological examina- est, or treatment, unless the examination, test, or treatment is red by:
		TEA's policy concerning child abuse investigations and re- ports under Education Code 38.004; or
		State or federal law regarding requirements for special educa- tion.
	Educ	ation Code 26.009(a)(1) [See FNG]
	ing ps	nore information about consent to medical treatment, includ- sychological treatment, see FFAC. For information about con- o counseling, see FFEA.]

Professional's Authority	work sexu	ensed or certified physician, psychologist, counselor, or so ker having reasonable grounds to believe that a child has b ally, physically, or emotionally abused; is contemplating so ; or is involved in chemical or drug addiction or dependence :	been ui-
	1.	Counsel the child without the consent of the child's paren managing conservator, or guardian;	nts,
	2.	With or without the consent of a child who is a client, adv the parents, managing conservator, or guardian of the tre ment given to or needed by the child;	
	3.	Rely on the written statement of the child containing the grounds on which the child has capacity to consent to his her own treatment as provided above.	s or
Exception: Court Order	The physician, psychologist, counselor, or social worker may not counsel a child if consent is prohibited by a court order, unless con- sent is obtained as otherwise allowed by law.		
	Family Code 32.004(b), (c)		
	[See DP for more information about LSSP and school counselor re- sponsibilities.]		
Consent to LSSP	Informed consent for a licensed specialist in school psychology (LSSP) must be obtained in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (IDEIA) and the U.S. De- partment of Education's rules governing parental consent when de- livering school psychological services in the public schools, and is considered to meet the requirements for informed consent under the Texas State Board of Examiners of Psychologists (TSBEP) rules. No additional informed consent, specific to any TSBEP rules, is necessary in this context.		rith De- In de- Ind is der)
	22 TAC 465.38(g)		
Professional Immunity	A psychologist, counselor, or social worker licensed or certified by the state is not liable for damages except those damages that may result from his or her negligence or willful misconduct.		
	Family Code 32.004(d)		
Outside Counselors	Neither a district nor an employee of a district may refer a student to an outside counselor for care or treatment of a chemical de- pendency or an emotional or psychological condition unless the district does all of the following:		
	1.	Obtains prior written consent for the referral from the stu- dent's parent, managing conservator, or guardian.	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			4 of 6

	2.	Discloses to the student's parent, managing conservator, or guardian any relationship between the district and the outside counselor.	
	3.	Informs the student and the student's parent, managing con- servator, or guardian of any alternative public or private source of care or treatment reasonably available in the area.	
	4.	Requires the approval of appropriate district personnel before a student may be referred for care or treatment or before a re- ferral is suggested as being warranted.	
	5.	Specifically prohibits any disclosure of a student record that violates state or federal law.	
	Educ	cation Code 38.010	
	[See FFEA for information on the comprehensive guidance pro- gram. See FFB for mental health-care services provided by the threat assessment and safe and supportive school team.]		
Psychotropics and	A district employee may not:		
Psychiatric Evaluations	1.	Recommend that a student use a psychotropic drug; or	
	2.	Suggest any particular diagnosis; or	
	3.	Use the refusal by a parent to consent to administration of a psychotropic drug to a student or to a psychiatric evaluation or examination of a student as grounds, by itself, for prohibit- ing the child from attending a class or participating in a school-related activity.	
	Psychotropic drug means a substance that is used in the diagno- sis, treatment, or prevention of a disease or as a component of a medication and intended to have an altering effect on perception, emotion, or behavior.		
	Education Code 38.016(b) does not:		
	1.	Prevent an appropriate referral under the Child Find system required under 20 U.S.C. Section 1412, as amended; or	
	2.	Prohibit a school district employee, or an employee of an en- tity with which the district contracts, who is a registered nurse, advanced nurse practitioner, physician, or nonphysician men- tal health professional licensed or certified to practice in this state from recommending that a child be evaluated by a phy- sician or nonphysician mental health professional; or	

	 Prohibit a school employee from discussing any aspect of a child's behavior or academic progress with the child's parent or another school district employee. 			
	A board shall adopt a policy to ensure implementation and enforce- ment of Education Code 38.016. [See FFAC]			
	A violation of Education Code 38.016(b) does not override the im- munity from personal liability granted in Education Code 22.0511 or other law or a district's sovereign or governmental immunity.			
	Nonphysician mental health professional has the meaning as- signed by Education Code 38.0101 [see DP].			
	Education Code 38.016			
	[For information regarding administration of medication, see FFAC.]			
Child Abuse Reporting	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par- ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to adminis- ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusal:			
	 Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or 			
	2. Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.			
	Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFG]			

Bellville ISD 008901

Sexual Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment Policies and Programs	A district shall provide child abuse antivictimization programs in el- ementary and secondary schools. <i>Education Code 38.004</i> A district shall adopt and implement a policy addressing sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, to be in- cluded in the district improvement plan [see BQ] and any infor- mation handbook provided to students and parents. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 38.0041(a)</i>		
	The policy included in any informational handbook provided to stu- dents and parents must address the following:		
	 Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, trafficking, and other forms of maltreatment of children, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim; 		
	2. Actions a child who is a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment should take to obtain assistance and intervention; and		
	 Available counseling options for students affected by sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment. 		
	19 TAC 61.1051(b)(3)		
Definitions Child Abuse or Neglect	The definition of child abuse or neglect includes the trafficking of a child in accordance with Education Code 38.004.		
Other Maltreatment	This term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code 42.002.		
Trafficking of a Child	This term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5), (6), (7), or (8).		
	19 TAC 61.1051(a)		
Duty to Report By Any Person	Any person who has cause to believe that a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect by any person shall immediately make a report as required by law. <i>Family Code 261.101(a)</i>		
Abuse of Persons with Disabilities	A person having cause to believe that a person with a disability is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall report the infor- mation immediately to the Texas Department of Family and Protec- tive Services (DFPS).		
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person has cause to believe that a person with a disability has been abused, ne- glected, or exploited or is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploita- tion and knowingly fails to report.		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020) 1 of 7		

	A person filing a report or testifying or otherwise participating in a judicial proceeding arising from a petition, report, or investigation immune from civil or criminal liability on account of his or her pet tion, report, testimony, or participation, unless the person acted is bad faith or with a malicious purpose.	n is ti-	
	Human Resources Code 48.051, .052, .054		
By a Professional	Any professional who has cause to believe that a child has been of may be abused or neglected shall make a report as required by law. The report must be made within 48 hours after the profes- sional first suspects abuse or neglect.		
	A professional may not delegate to or rely on another person to make the report.		
	A "professional" is a person who is licensed or certified by the st or who is an employee of a facility licensed, certified, or operated by the state and who, in the normal course of official duties or du ties for which a license or certification is required, has direct con tact with children. The term includes teachers, nurses, doctors, day-care employees, and juvenile detention or correctional office	d u- 1-	
	Family Code 261.101(b)		
Adult Victims of Abuse	A person or professional shall make a report in the manner re- quired above if the person or professional has cause to believe the an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child and the person or professional determines in good faith that disclosure of the inter- mation is necessary to protect the health and safety of another child or an elderly person or person with a disability. <i>Family Cod</i> <i>261.101(b-1)</i>	son for-	
Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to admini- ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological test or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refus	is- ting f	
	1. Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodil injury to the child; or	y	
	2. Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to t growth, development, or functioning of the child.	he	
	Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFEB]		
Contents of Report	The report should reflect the reporter's belief that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or has died of abuse or neglect. The person making the report shall identify, if known:		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115	2	of 7	

	1.	The name and address of the child;		
	2.	The name and address of the person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child; and		
	3.	Any other pertinent information concerning the alleged or sus- pected abuse or neglect.		
	Far	nily Code 261.102, .104		
To Whom Reported	spo mu: belo	If the alleged or suspected abuse or neglect involves a person re- sponsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child, the report must be made to DFPS, unless the report is made under item 4, below, or the report involves a juvenile justice program or facility [see JJAEPS, below].		
	All	other reports shall be made to:		
	1.	Any local or state law enforcement agency;		
	2.	DFPS, Child Protective Services (CPS) Division;		
	3.	A local office of CPS, where available; or		
	4.	The state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or regis- ters the facility in which the alleged abuse or neglect oc- curred.		
	Far	nily Code 261.103(a); 19 TAC 61.1051(b)(1)–(2)		
JJAEPs	terr prog Dep The	report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation, as those ns are defined in Family Code 261.405, in a juvenile justice gram or facility shall be made to the Texas Juvenile Justice partment and a local law enforcement agency for investigation. te term "juvenile justice program" includes a juvenile justice ernative education program. <i>Family Code 261.405(a)(4)(A), (b)</i>		
Immunity from Liability	gati or c por imn	A person acting in good faith who reports or assists in the investi- gation of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect or who testifies or otherwise participates in a judicial proceeding arising from a re- port, petition, or investigation of alleged child abuse or neglect is immune from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed. <i>Family Code 261.106</i>		
	erw acti	istrict may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- rise discriminate against, or take any other adverse employment on against a professional who makes a good faith report of use or neglect. <i>Family Code 261.110(b)</i> [See DG]		

Bellville ISD 008901		
STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (LE		
Criminal Offenses Failure to Report	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if he or she is require to make a report under Family Code 261.101(a) [see Duty to Re port, above] and knowingly fails to make a report as provided by law.) -
	A person who is a professional commits a Class A misdemeanor the person is required to make a report under Family Code 261.101(b) [see Duty to Report] and knowingly fails to make a re port as provided by law. The professional commits a state jail fel ony if he or she intended to conceal the abuse or neglect.	9 -
	Family Code 261.109	
False Report	A person commits an offense if, with the intent to deceive, the person knowingly makes a report of abuse and neglect that is false. The offense is a state jail felony, except that it is a felony of the third degree if the person has previously been convicted of the offense. <i>Family Code 261.107(a)</i>	
Coercion	A public servant, including as a school administrator, who coerce another into suppressing or failing to report child abuse or negle to a law enforcement agency commits a Class C misdemeanor of fense. <i>Penal Code 39.06</i>	ct
Confidentiality of Report	A report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect and the identit of the person making the report is confidential and not subject to release under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act), and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with the Family Code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency. <i>Family Code 261.201(a)(1)</i>	o on
	Unless waived in writing by the person making the report, the ide tity of an individual making a report under this chapter is confide tial and may be disclosed only to a law enforcement officer for the purposes of a criminal investigation of the report, or as ordered by a court under Family Code 261.201. <i>Family Code 261.101(d)</i>	n- ne
SBEC Disciplinary Action	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may take any the actions listed in 19 Administrative Code 249.15(a) (imposition including revocation of a certificate and administrative penalties) based on satisfactory evidence that the person has failed to report or has hindered the reporting of child abuse pursuant to Family Code 261.001, or has failed to notify the SBEC or the school su- perintendent or director under the circumstances and in the man ner required by Education Code 21.006 and 19 Administrative Code 249.14(d)–(f). <i>19 TAC 249.15(b)(4)</i>	ns,) ort -
Investigations	If DFPS initiates an investigation and determines that the abuse	
Reports to District	neglect involves an employee of a public elementary or seconda school, and that the child is a student at the school, the departm	•
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 FFG(LEGAL)-P) 40	of 7

	shall orally notify the superintendent of the district in which the em-			
	ployee is employed. <i>Family Code 261.105(d)</i>			
	On request, DFPS shall provide a copy of the completed report of its investigation to the board, the superintendent, and the school principal, unless the principal is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect. The report shall be edited to protect the identity of the person who made the report. <i>Family Code 261.406(b)</i>			
Interview of Student	The investigating agency shall be permitted to interview the child at any reasonable time and place, including at the child's school. <i>Family Code 261.302(b)</i> [See GRA]			
Interference with Investigation	A person may not interfere with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect conducted by DFPS. <i>Family Code 261.303(a)</i>			
Confidentiality	A photograph, videotape, audiotape, or other audio or visual re- cording, depiction, or documentation of a child that is made by DFPS in the course of an inspection or investigation is confidential, is not subject to release under the Texas Public Information Act, and may be released only as required by state or federal law or rules adopted by the DFPS. <i>Human Resources Code 42.004</i>			
Reporting Policy	A board shall adopt and annually review policies for reporting child abuse and neglect. The policies shall follow the requirements of Family Code Chapter 261. <i>19 TAC 61.1051(b)</i>			
	The policies must require every school employee, agent, or con- tractor who suspects a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect to submit a writ- ten or oral report to at least one of the authorities listed above [see To Whom Reported, above] within 48 hours or less, as determined by the board, after learning of facts giving rise to the suspicion. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 61.1051(b)(1)</i>			
	The policies must be consistent with the Family Code, Chapter 261, and 40 Administrative Code Chapter 700 (CPS) regarding investigations by DFPS, including regulations governing investigation of abuse by school personnel and volunteers. [See GRA]			
	The policies must require a report to DFPS if the alleged abuse or neglect involves a person responsible for the care, custody, or wel- fare of the child and must notify school personnel of the following:			
	 Penalties under Penal Code 39.06 (misuse of official infor- mation), Family Code 261.109 (failure to report), and 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 249 (actions against educator's certificate) for failure to submit a required report of child abuse or neglect; 			

2.	Applicable prohibitions against interference with an investiga-
	tion of a report of child abuse or neglect, including:

- a. Family Code 261.302 and 261.303, prohibiting school officials from denying an investigator's request to interview a student at school; and
- b. Family Code 261.302, prohibiting school officials from requiring the presence of a parent or school administrator during an interview by an investigator.
- Immunity provisions applicable to a person who reports child abuse or neglect or otherwise assists an investigation in good faith;
- 4. Confidentiality provisions relating to a report of suspected child abuse or neglect;
- 5. Any disciplinary action that may result from noncompliance with a district's reporting policy; and
- 6. The prohibition under Education Code 26.0091 [see Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing, above].

19 TAC 61.1051(b)(2)

The policies may not require that school personnel report suspicions of child abuse or neglect to a school administrator before making a report to one of the agencies listed above.

The policies must:

- 1. Include the current toll-free number for DFPS;
- 2. Provide for cooperation with law enforcement child abuse investigations without the consent of the child's parent, if necessary, including investigations by DFPS; and
- 3. Include child abuse anti-victimization programs in elementary and secondary schools consisting of age-appropriate, research-based prevention designed to promote self-protection and prevent sexual abuse and trafficking.

19 TAC 61.1051(b)(5)-(b)(8)

Annual Distribution and Staff Development The policies required by these provisions and adopted by the board shall be distributed to all personnel at the beginning of each school year. The policies shall be addressed in staff development programs at regular intervals determined by a board. *19 TAC* 61.1051(c) [See also DH and GRA]

[For training requirements under these provisions, see DMA.]

FFG (LEGAL)

Required Poster	Using a format and language that is clear, simple, and understand- able to students, each public school shall post, in English and in Spanish:		
	1.	The current toll-free DFPS Abuse Hotline telephone number;	
	2.	Instructions to call 911 for emergencies; and	
	3.	Directions for accessing the DFPS <u>Texas Abuse Hotline web-</u> <u>site</u> ¹ for more information on reporting abuse, neglect, and ex- ploitation.	
	A district shall post the information specified above at each school campus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly visible public area that is readily accessible to and widely used by students. The information must be on a poster (11x17 inches or larger) in large print and placed at eye-level to the student for easy viewing. Additionally, the current toll-free Texas Department of Family and Protective Services Abuse Hotline telephone number should be in bold print.		
	Edu	cation Code 38.0042; 19 TAC 61.1051(e)–(f)	

¹ Texas Abuse Hotline website: <u>https://www.txabusehotline.org/</u>

Bellville ISD 008901

Program to Address Child Sexual Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	The District's program to address child sexual abuse, trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, as included in the District im- provement plan and the student handbook, shall include:			
	1.	Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent awareness regarding these issues, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim;		
	2.	Age-appropriate, research-based antivictimization programs for students;		
	3.	Actions that a child who is a victim should take to obtain as- sistance and intervention; and		
	4.	Available counseling options for affected students.		
Training	The District shall provide training to employees as required by law. Training shall address techniques to prevent and recognize sexual abuse, trafficking, and all other maltreatment of children, including children with significant cognitive disabilities. [See DMA]			
	[See BBD for Board member training requirements and BJCB for Superintendent continuing education requirements.]			
Reporting Child Abuse and Neglect	Any person who has cause to believe that a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect has a legal responsibility, under state law, to immediately report the suspected abuse or neglect to an appropriate authority.			
	As defined in state law, child abuse and neglect include both sex and labor trafficking of a child.			
	The following individuals have an additional legal obligation to sub- mit a written or oral report within 48 hours of learning of the facts giving rise to the suspicion of abuse or neglect:			
	1.	Any District employee, agent, or contractor who suspects a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect.		
	2.	A professional who has cause to believe that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or may have been a victim of indecency with a child. A professional is anyone licensed or certified by the state who has direct contact with children in the normal course of duties for which the individual is licensed or certified.		
	•	erson is required to make a report if the person has cause to eve that an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child		

Bellville ISD 008901			
STUDENT WELFARE FFC CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (LOCAL			
	and the person determines in good faith that disclosure of the infor- mation is necessary to protect the health and safety of another child or an elderly or disabled person.		
	-	r parental notification requirements regarding an allegation of cator misconduct with a student, see FFF.]	
Restrictions on Reporting	In accordance with law, an employee is prohibited from using or threatening to use a parent's refusal to consent to administration of a psychotropic drug or to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of a child as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the re- fusal:		
	1.	Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or	
	2.	Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.	
Making a Report	Rep	ports may be made to any of the following:	
	1.	A state or local law enforcement agency;	
	2.	The Child Protective Services (CPS) division of the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) at (800) 252-5400 or the <u>Texas Abuse Hotline Website</u> ¹ ;	
	3.	A local CPS office; or	
	4.	If applicable, the state agency operating, licensing, certifying, or registering the facility in which the suspected abuse or ne- glect occurred.	
	However, if the suspected abuse or neglect involves a person re- sponsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child, the report must be made to DFPS, unless the report is to the state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or registers the facility where the suspected abuse or neglect took place; or the report is to the Texas Juvenile Justice Department as a report of suspected abuse or ne- glect in a juvenile justice program or facility.		
	by o pal, moi	individual does not fulfill his or her responsibilities under the law only reporting suspicion of abuse or neglect to a campus princi- school counselor, or another District staff member. Further- re, the District is prohibited from requiring an employee to first ort his or her suspicion to a District or campus administrator.	
Confidentiality		accordance with state law, the identity of a person making a re- t of suspected child abuse or neglect shall be kept confidential	

Bellville ISD 008901				
STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT (LC				
	and disclosed only in accordance with the rules of the investigating agency.			
Immunity	A person who in good faith reports or assists in the investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect is immune from civil or criminal li- ability.			
Failing to Report Suspected Child	•	failing to report suspicion of child abuse or neglect, an em- /ee:		
Abuse or Neglect	1.	May be placing a child at risk of continued abuse or neglect;		
	2.	Violates the law and may be subject to legal penalties, includ- ing criminal sanctions for knowingly failing to make a required report;		
	3.	Violates Board policy and may be subject to disciplinary ac- tion, including possible termination of employment; and		
	4.	May have his or her certification from the State Board for Edu- cator Certification suspended, revoked, or canceled in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 249.		
		It is a criminal offense to coerce someone into suppressing or fail- ing to report child abuse or neglect.		
		accordance with law, District officials shall be prohibited from:		
Regarding Investigations	1.	Denying an investigator's request to interview a child at school in connection with an investigation of child abuse or neglect;		
	2.	Requiring that a parent or school employee be present during the interview; or		
	3.	Coercing someone into suppressing or failing to report child abuse or neglect.		
		trict personnel shall cooperate fully and without parental con- t, if necessary, with an investigation of reported child abuse or llect. [See GKA]		

¹ Texas Abuse Hotline Website: <u>http://www.txabusehotline.org</u>

STUDENT WELFARE FFH FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LEGAL)

Table of Contents	Dating Violence	2
	Sexual Harassment	2
	Designation of Title IX Coordinator	2
	Parties Entitled to Notice	3
	Reporting	3
	Notification of Policy	3
	Publication Requirements	3
	Complaint Procedures	4
	Response to Sexual Harassment	4
	Title IX Coordinator Response	6
	Process for Title IX Formal Complaint	7
	Recordkeeping	15
	Retaliation Prohibited	16
	Confidentiality	17

	Note:	The following legal provisions address dating violence and sexual harassment. For legal provisions addressing discrimination on the basis of disability, sex, and other protected characteristics, see FB.
Dating Violence		shall adopt and implement a dating violence policy to be in the district improvement plan.
	A dating	violence policy must:
	tion pers son	ude a definition of dating violence that includes the inten- al use of physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse by a son to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another per- in a dating relationship, as defined by Family Code 0021; and
	sch tead	Iress safety planning, enforcement of protective orders, ool-based alternatives to protective orders, training for chers and administrators, counseling for affected students, awareness education for students and parents.
	Educatio	n Code 37.083, .0831 [See BQ]
	Note:	References to Title IX, part, or subpart in the following le- gal provisions refer to Title IX and its corresponding reg- ulations.
Sexual Harassment		may develop and implement a sexual harassment policy luded in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i> See BQ]
	Sexual abuse of a student by an employee, when there is a nection between the physical sexual activity and the employ duties and obligations as a district employee, violates a stud constitutional right to bodily integrity. Sexual abuse may incl fondling, sexual assault, or sexual intercourse. U.S. Const. J 14; Doe v. Taylor Indep. Sch. Dist., 15 F.3d 443 (5th Cir. 198	
	to a form ination o	's treatment of a complainant or a respondent in response al complaint of sexual harassment may constitute discrim- n the basis of sex under Title IX. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45; 20</i> <i>681</i> [See also FB regarding Title IX]
Designation of Title IX Coordinator	coordina	must designate and authorize at least one employee to te its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title a employee must be referred to as the "Title IX Coordina-

Bellville ISD		
008901		
STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	RIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	FFH (LEGAL)
Parties Entitled to Notice	The district must notify applicants for admission and emplo students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all p sional organizations holding professional agreements with trict ("Parties Entitled to Notice") of the name or title, office electronic mail address, and telephone number of the emp employees designated as the Title IX Coordinator.	rofes- the dis- address,
	34 C.F.R. 106.8(a)	
Reporting	Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual ment (whether or not the person reporting is the person all be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimin sexual harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone, or be tronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title dinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX C tor receiving the person's verbal or written report. Such a r may be made at any time (including during nonbusiness he using the telephone number or electronic mail address, or to the office address, listed for the Title IX Coordinator.	leged to nation or by elec- e IX Coor- coordina- report ours) by
Notification of Policy	A district must notify the Parties Entitled to Notice, above, district does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the edu program or activity that it operates, and that it is required be not to discriminate in such a manner. The notification must that the requirement not to discriminate in the education per or activity extends to admission and employment, and that about the application of Title IX to such district may be refet the district's Title IX Coordinator, to the assistant secretary rights of the Department of Education, or both.	ucation by Title IX t state rogram t inquiries erred to
	34 C.F.R. 106.2(d), .8(b)(1)	
Publication Requirements	A district must prominently display the contact information to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and the nondiscrimin policy described at Notification of Policy, above, on its web any, and in each handbook that it makes available to the P Entitled to Notice, above.	ination osite, if
	A district must not use or distribute a publication stating the district treats applicants, students, or employees differently basis of sex except as such treatment is permitted by Title	y on the

34 C.F.R. 106.8(b)(2)

	Note:	To distinguish the process described below from the Dis- trict's general grievance policies [see DGBA, FNG, and GF], this policy refers to the grievance process required by Title IX regulations for responding to formal com- plaints of sexual harassment as the District's "Title IX for- mal complaint process."
Complaint Procedures	prompt a plaints al a Title IX	must adopt and publish procedures that provide for the nd equitable resolution of student and employee com- leging any action that would be prohibited by Title IX and formal complaint process that complies with 34 C.F.R. or formal complaints as defined below.
	above, of process, nation, he	must provide notice to the Parties Entitled to Notice, f the district's procedures and Title IX formal complaint including how to report or file a complaint of sex discrimi- ow to report or file a formal complaint of sexual harass- d how the district will respond.
	-	irements of this provision apply only to sex discrimination against a person in the United States.
	34 C.F.R.	. 106.8(c)–(d)
Response to Sexual Harassment Definitions	tions of s official of measures mentary a solely on constitute only offic The mere form a stu been train has author trict. "Not	nowledge" means notice of sexual harassment or allega- exual harassment to a district's Title IX Coordinator or any the district who has authority to institute corrective s on behalf of the district, or to any employee of an ele- and secondary school. Imputation of knowledge based vicarious liability or constructive notice is insufficient to e actual knowledge. This standard is not met when the ial of the district with actual knowledge is the respondent. e ability or obligation to report sexual harassment or to in- udent about how to report sexual harassment, or having ned to do so, does not qualify an individual as one who pority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the dis- tice" as used in this paragraph includes, but is not limited out of sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator.
		nant" means an individual who is alleged to be the victim ct that could constitute sexual harassment.
	ulations r	" is not defined by the Title IX regulations, nor do the reg- equire districts to adopt a particular definition of consent ect to sexual assault.
		complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or y the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment

against a respondent and requesting that the district investigate the allegation of sexual harassment. At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the district with which the formal complaint is filed. A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator, and by any additional method designated by the district. As used in this paragraph, the phrase "document filed by a complainant" means a document or electronic submission (such as by electronic mail or through an online portal provided for this purpose by the district) that contains the complainant's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint. Where the Title IX Coordinator signs a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator is not a complainant or otherwise a party to a Title IX formal complaint, and must comply with the requirements of the Title IX formal complaint process, including the informal resolution process.

"Respondent" means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

"Sexual harassment" means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- 1. An employee of the district conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
- 2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the district's education program or activity; or
- "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

"Supportive measures" means nondisciplinary, nonpunitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the district's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines

	or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work or district-provided housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. The dis- trict must maintain as confidential any supportive measures pro- vided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintain- ing such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the district to provide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is re- sponsible for coordinating the effective implementation of support- ive measures.
	34 C.F.R. 106.2, .30(a)
Deliberate Indifference	A district with actual knowledge of sexual harassment in an educa- tion program or activity of the district against a person in the United States, must respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. A district is deliberately indifferent only if its response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known cir- cumstances.
Education Program or Activity	For the purposes of 34 C.F.R. 106.30 [see Definitions, above] and 106.45 [see Process for Title IX Formal Complaint, below], "educa- tion program or activity" includes locations, events, or circum- stances over which the district exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harass- ment occurs.
	34 C.F.R. 106.44(a)
Title IX Coordinator Response	The Title IX Coordinator must promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint. The Title IX Coordinator must respond in this manner with or without a formal complaint. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 106.44(b)(1)
Supportive Measures Required	A district's response must treat complainants and respondents eq- uitably by offering supportive measures and by following a process that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 [see Process for Title IX For- mal Complaint, below] before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent. [For Emergency Removal procedures, see below.]
Constitutional Restrictions	The Department of Education may not deem a district to have sat- isfied the district's duty to not be deliberately indifferent under Title

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

FFH (LEGAL)

	IX based on the district's restriction of rights protected under the U.S. Constitution, including the First Amendment, Fifth Amend- ment, and Fourteenth Amendment.						
	34 (C.F.R. 106.44(a)					
Response to a Formal Complaint	that	In response to a formal complaint, a district must follow a process that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 [see Process for Title IX Formal Complaint, below]. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.44(b)(1)</i>					
Emergency Removal	resp	The Title IX regulations do not preclude a district from removing a respondent from the district's education program or activity on an emergency basis, provided that the district:					
	1.	Undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis;					
	2.	Determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the alle- gations of sexual harassment justifies removal; and					
	3.	Provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.					
	This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Section 504 of the Re- habilitation Act of 1973, or the Americans with Disabilities Act.						
	34 (C.F.R. 106.44(c)					
Administrative Leave	non: the be c bilita	Title IX regulations do not preclude a district from placing a student employee respondent on administrative leave during pendency of a Title IX formal complaint. This provision may not construed to modify any rights under Section 504 of the Rehation Act of 1973 or the Americans with Disabilities Act. 34 <i>R.</i> 106.44(d)					
Process for Title IX Formal Complaint	For the purpose of addressing formal complaints of sexual harassment, a district's process must comply with the following requirements. Any provisions, rules, or practices other than those required by this provision that a district adopts as part of its process for handling formal complaints of sexual harassment must apply equally to both parties. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)</i>						
	A di	strict's Title IX formal complaint process must:					
	1.	Treat complainants and respondents equitably by providing remedies to a complainant where a determination of responsi- bility for sexual harassment has been made against the re- spondent, and by following a process that complies with the Title IX regulations before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures					

against a respondent. Remedies must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity. Such remedies may include the same individualized services described as supportive measures; however, remedies need not be nondisciplinary or nonpunitive and need not avoid burdening the respondent;

- Require an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence—including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence—and provide that credibility determinations may not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness;
- Require that any individual designated by a district as a Title 3. IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or any person designated by a district to facilitate an informal resolution process, not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or an individual complainant or respondent. A district must ensure that Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, receive training on the definition of sexual harassment, the scope of the district's education program or activity, how to conduct an investigation and Title IX formal complaint process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. A district must ensure that decision-makers receive training on any technology to be used at a live hearing, if any, and on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant. [See Hearings, below] A district also must ensure that investigators receive training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence. [See Investigation of a Formal Complaint, below] Any materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, must not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of sexual harassment:
- Include a presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process;
- 5. Include reasonably prompt time frames for conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process, including reasonably

		prompt time frames for filing and resolving appeals and infor- mal resolution processes if the district offers informal resolu- tion processes, and a process that allows for the temporary delay of the Title IX formal complaint process or the limited extension of time frames for good cause with written notice to the complainant and the respondent of the delay or extension and the reasons for the action. Good cause may include con- siderations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities;
	6.	Describe the range of possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies or list the possible disciplinary sanctions and reme- dies that the district may implement following any determina- tion of responsibility;
	7.	State whether the standard of evidence to be used to deter- mine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard or the clear and convincing evidence standard, ap- ply the same standard of evidence for formal complaints against students as for formal complaints against employees, including faculty, and apply the same standard of evidence to all formal complaints of sexual harassment;
	8.	Include the procedures and permissible bases for the com- plainant and respondent to appeal;
	9.	Describe the range of supportive measures available to complainants and respondents; and
	10.	Not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the per- son holding such privilege has waived the privilege.
	34 C	C.F.R. 106.45(b)(1)
Notice of Allegations		n receipt of a formal complaint, a district must provide the fol- ng written notice to the parties who are known:
	1.	Notice of the district's Title IX formal complaint process, in- cluding any informal resolution process.
	2.	Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment potentially con- stituting sexual harassment, including sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response be- fore any initial interview. Sufficient details include:
		a. The identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known;

- b. The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment; and
- c. The date and location of the alleged incident, if known.

The written notice must include a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process. The written notice must inform the parties that they may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney and may inspect and review evidence [see Investigation of a Formal Complaint, below]. The written notice must inform the parties of any provision in the district's code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the Title IX formal complaint process.

If, in the course of an investigation, the district decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the Notice of Allegations, above, the district must provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(2)

Dismissal of a Formal Complaint The district must investigate the allegations in a formal complaint. If the conduct alleged in the formal complaint would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, did not occur in the district's education program or activity, or did not occur against a person in the United States, then the district must dismiss the formal complaint with regard to that conduct for purposes of sexual harassment under Title IX; such a dismissal does not preclude action under another provision of the district's code of conduct.

> The district may dismiss the formal complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the investigation or hearing: a complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein; the respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by the district; or specific circumstances prevent the district from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

Upon a dismissal required or permitted pursuant to 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(3), the district must promptly send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) therefor simultaneously to the parties.

STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

Consolidation of Formal Complaints	sexu than part assr tle IX ant o the s	A district may consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one respondent, or by more than one complainant against one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual har- assment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. Where a Ti tle IX formal complaint process involves more than one complain- ant or more than one respondent, references in this provision to the singular "party," "complainant," or "respondent" include the plu- ral, as applicable.				
	34 (C.F.R. 106.45(b)(3)–(4)				
Investigation of a Formal Complaint		en investigating a formal complaint and throughout the Title IX al complaint process, a district must:				
	1.	Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding respon- sibility rest on the district and not on the parties provided that the district cannot access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physi- cian, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized profes- sional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provi- sion of treatment to the party, unless the district obtains that party's voluntary, written consent to do so for a Title IX formal complaint (if a party is not an "eligible student," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 99.3 then the district must obtain the voluntary, writ- ten consent of a "parent," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 99.3) [see FL(LEGAL) at Education Records];				
	2.	Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present wit- nesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other incul- patory and exculpatory evidence;				
	3.	Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evi- dence;				
	4.	Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any Title IX formal complaint proceeding, in- cluding the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of advisor for either the complainant or re- spondent in any meeting or Title IX formal complaint proceed- ing; however, the district may establish restrictions regarding				

the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties;

- 5. Provide, to a party whose participation is invited or expected, written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all hearings, investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate;
- Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and re-6. view any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in a formal complaint, including the evidence upon which the district does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or other source, so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to conclusion of the investigation. Prior to completion of the investigative report, the district must send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy, and the parties must have at least ten days to submit a written response, which the investigator will consider prior to completion of the investigative report. The district must make all such evidence subject to the parties' inspection and review available at any hearing to give each party equal opportunity to refer to such evidence during the hearing, including for purposes of cross-examination; and
- 7. Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and, at least ten days prior to a hearing (if a hearing is required or otherwise provided) or other time of determination regarding responsibility, send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the investigative report in an electronic format or a hard copy, for their review and written response.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(5)

Hearings The district's Title IX formal complaint process may, but need not, provide for a hearing. With or without a hearing, after the district has sent the investigative report to the parties pursuant to 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(5)(vii) [see Investigation of a Formal Complaint, above] and before reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the decision-maker(s) must afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party. With or without a hearing, questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior

	respond the conception plain are conception to the	al behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the ondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if juestions and evidence concern specific incidents of the com- ant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and offered to prove consent. The decision-maker(s) must explain e party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a stion as not relevant. 34 C.F.R. $106.45(b)(6)(ii)$				
Determination Regarding Responsibility	The decision-maker(s), who cannot be the same person(s) as the Title IX Coordinator or the investigator(s), must issue a written de- termination regarding responsibility. To reach this determination, the district must apply the standard of evidence described at Pro- cess for Title IX Formal Complaint, above.					
	The	written determination must include:				
	1.	Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;				
	2.	A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and wit- nesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;				
	3.	Findings of fact supporting the determination;				
	4.	Conclusions regarding the application of the district's code of conduct to the facts;				
	5.	A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allega- tion, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions the district imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity will be provided by the district to the complainant; and				
	6.	The district's procedures and permissible bases for the com- plainant and respondent to appeal.				
	The district must provide the written determination to the parties					

The district must provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously. The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that the district provides the parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an appeal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(7)(i)–(ii)

FFH

(LEGAL)

Implementation of Remedies	The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(7)(iv)</i>					
Appeals	A district must offer both parties an appeal from a determination re- garding responsibility, and from a district's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, on the following bases:					
	 Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the mat- ter; 					
	2. New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and					
	 The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or re- spondent that affected the outcome of the matter. 					
	A district may offer an appeal equally to both parties on additional bases.					
	As to all appeals, the district must:					
	 Notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed and implement appeal procedures equally for both parties; 					
	 Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal is not the same person as the decision-maker(s) that reached the deter- mination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investiga- tor(s), or the Title IX Coordinator; 					
	 Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal complies with the standards in the Title IX regulations regarding conflict of interest and bias [see Process for Formal Title IX Com- plaint, item 3, above]; 					
	4. Give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome;					
	 Issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and 					
	6. Provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.					
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(8)					
Informal Resolution	A district may not require as a condition of enrollment or continuing enrollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoy- ment of any other right, waiver of the right to an investigation and adjudication of formal complaints of sexual harassment consistent					

	ticipa form ever resp cess	ate in al res , at a onsib , suc	IX. Similarly, a district may not require the parties to par- an informal resolution process and may not offer an in- solution process unless a formal complaint is filed. How- ny time prior to reaching a determination regarding ility the district may facilitate an informal resolution pro- h as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation dication, provided that the district:
	1.	Prov	ides to the parties a written notice disclosing:
		a.	The allegations;
		b.	The requirements of the informal resolution process in- cluding the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations, provided, however, that at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the Title IX formal complaint process with respect to the formal complaint; and
		C.	Any consequences resulting from participating in the in- formal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared;
	2.		ains the parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal lution process; and
	3.		s not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to lve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a stu-
	34 C		106.45(b)(9)
Recordkeeping	A district must maintain for a period of seven years records of:		
	1.	Each sexual harassment investigation including any deternation regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions posed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access the district's education program or activity;	
	2.	Any	appeal and the result therefrom;
	3.	Any	informal resolution and the result therefrom; and
	4.	deci reso als p	naterials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, sion-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal lution process. A district must make these training materi- publicly available on its website or if the district does not ntain a website the district must make these materials
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			15 of 17

available upon request for inspection by members of the public.

For each response required under Title IX Coordinator Response, above, a district must create, and maintain for a period of seven years, records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment. In each instance, the district must document the basis for its conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it has taken measures designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity.

If a district does not provide a complainant with supportive measures, then the district must document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. The documentation of certain bases or measures does not limit the district in the future from providing additional explanations or detailing additional measures taken.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)

Retaliation No district or other person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or dis-Prohibited nor privilege secured by Title IX, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under Title IX.

> Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex discrimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, constitutes retaliation.

Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the Process for Title IX Formal Complaint above.

The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation prohibited by Title IX.

Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a Title IX formal complaint proceeding does not constitute retaliation prohibited by Title IX, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

34 C.F.R. 106.71(a)–(b)

STUDENT WELFARE	
FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	

Confidentiality The district must keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination, including any individual who has made a report or filed a formal complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) statute, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 C.F.R. part 99, or as required by law, or to carry out the purposes of 34 C.F.R. part 106, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising thereunder. *34 C.F.R. 106.71(a)*

	Note	This policy addresses discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against District students. For provisions re- garding discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against District employees, see DIA. For reporting re- quirements related to child abuse and neglect, see FFG. Note that FFH shall be used in conjunction with FFI (bul- lying) for certain prohibited conduct.
Statement of Nondiscrimination	any s tiona The taliat	District prohibits discrimination, including harassment, against student on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, gender, na- I origin, age, disability, or any other basis prohibited by law. District prohibits dating violence, as defined by this policy. Re- ion against anyone involved in the complaint process is a vio- n of District policy and is prohibited.
Discrimination	stude origii	imination against a student is defined as conduct directed at a ent on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, gender, national n, age, disability, or any other basis prohibited by law, that ad- ely affects the student.
Prohibited Conduct	hara	s policy, the term "prohibited conduct" includes discrimination, ssment, dating violence, and retaliation as defined by this pol- even if the behavior does not rise to the level of unlawful con-
		ibited conduct also includes sexual harassment as defined by IX. [See FFH(LEGAL)]
Prohibited Harassment	or no sex, hibite	ibited harassment of a student is defined as physical, verbal, onverbal conduct based on the student's race, color, religion, gender, national origin, age, disability, or any other basis pro- ed by law, when the conduct is so severe, persistent, or perva- that the conduct:
	u	ffects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an ed- cational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threat- ning, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
		las the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably inter- ering with the student's academic performance; or
		Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational opportu- ities.
		ibited harassment includes dating violence as defined by law his policy.
Examples		nples of prohibited harassment may include offensive or de- tory language directed at another person's religious beliefs or
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020		1 of 9

	practices, accent, skin color, or need for accommodation; threaten- ing, intimidating, or humiliating conduct; offensive jokes, name call- ing, slurs, or rumors; cyberharassment; physical aggression or as- sault; display of graffiti or printed material promoting racial, ethnic, or other negative stereotypes; or other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property.
Sex-Based Harassment	As required by law, the District shall follow the procedures below at Response to Sexual Harassment—Title IX upon a report of sex- based harassment, including sexual harassment, gender-based harassment, and dating violence, when such allegations, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX. [See FFH(LEGAL)]
Sexual Harassment By an Employee	Sexual harassment of a student by a District employee includes both welcome and unwelcome sexual advances; requests for sex- ual favors; sexually motivated physical, verbal, or nonverbal con- duct; or other conduct or communication of a sexual nature when:
	 A District employee causes the student to believe that the stu- dent must submit to the conduct in order to participate in a school program or activity, or that the employee will make an educational decision based on whether or not the student sub- mits to the conduct; or
	2. The conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it:
	 Affects the student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity, or otherwise adversely affects the student's educational opportuni- ties; or
	b. Creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or abusive educational environment.
	Romantic or other inappropriate social relationships between stu- dents and District employees are prohibited. Any sexual relation- ship between a student and a District employee is always prohib- ited, even if consensual. [See DH]
By Others	Sexual harassment of a student, including harassment committed by another student, includes unwelcome sexual advances; re- quests for sexual favors; or sexually motivated physical, verbal, or nonverbal conduct when the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it:
	 Affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an ed- ucational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threat- ening, hostile, or offensive educational environment;

	Has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably inter- fering with the student's academic performance; or
	 Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational opportu- nities.
Examples	Examples of sexual harassment of a student may include sexual advances; touching intimate body parts or coercing physical con- tact that is sexual in nature; jokes or conversations of a sexual na- ture; and other sexually motivated conduct, contact, or communica- tions, including electronic communication.
	Necessary or permissible physical contact such as assisting a child by taking the child's hand, comforting a child with a hug, or other physical contact not reasonably construed as sexual in nature is not sexual harassment.
Gender-Based Harassment	Gender-based harassment includes physical, verbal, or nonverbal conduct based on the student's gender, the student's expression of characteristics perceived as stereotypical for the student's gender, or the student's failure to conform to stereotypical notions of mas- culinity or femininity. For purposes of this policy, gender-based har- assment is considered prohibited harassment if the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that the conduct:
	 Affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an ed- ucational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threat- ening, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
	Has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably inter- fering with the student's academic performance; or
	 Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational opportu- nities.
Examples	Examples of gender-based harassment directed against a student, regardless of the student's or the harasser's actual or perceived sexual orientation or gender identity, may include offensive jokes, name-calling, slurs, or rumors; cyberharassment; physical aggression or assault; threatening or intimidating conduct; or other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property.
Dating Violence	Dating violence occurs when a person in a current or past dating relationship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control the other person in the rela- tionship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these acts against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the individual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship with the person committing the offense.

	For purposes of this policy, dating violence is considered prohibited harassment if the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that the conduct:
	 Affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an ed- ucational program or activity, or creates an intimidating, threat- ening, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
	2. Has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably inter- fering with the student's academic performance; or
	 Otherwise adversely affects the student's educational opportu- nities.
Examples	Examples of dating violence against a student may include physi- cal or sexual assaults; name-calling; put-downs; or threats directed at the student, the student's family members, or members of the student's household. Additional examples may include destroying property belonging to the student, threatening to commit suicide or homicide if the student ends the relationship, attempting to isolate the student from friends and family, stalking, threatening a stu- dent's spouse or current dating partner, or encouraging others to engage in these behaviors.
Reporting Procedures	Any student who believes that he or she has experienced prohib- ited conduct or believes that another student has experienced pro-
Student Report	hibited conduct of believes that another student has experienced pro- hibited conduct should immediately report the alleged acts to a teacher, school counselor, principal, other District employee, or the appropriate District official listed in this policy.
Employee Report	Any District employee who suspects or receives direct or indirect notice that a student or group of students has or may have experi- enced prohibited conduct shall immediately notify the appropriate District official listed in this policy and take any other steps required by this policy.
Definition of District Officials	For the purposes of this policy, District officials are the Title IX coor- dinator, the ADA/Section 504 coordinator, and the Superintendent.
Title IX Coordinator	Reports of discrimination based on sex, including sexual harass- ment, gender-based harassment, or dating violence, may be di- rected to the designated Title IX coordinator for students. [See FFH(EXHIBIT)]
ADA / Section 504 Coordinator	Reports of discrimination based on disability may be directed to the designated ADA/Section 504 coordinator for students. [See FFH(EXHIBIT)]
Superintendent	The Superintendent shall serve as coordinator for purposes of Dis- trict compliance with all other nondiscrimination laws.

Bellville ISD 008901		
STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	CRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LO	FFH CAL)
Alternative Reporting Procedures	An individual shall not be required to report prohibited conduct the person alleged to have committed the conduct. Reports co cerning prohibited conduct, including reports against the Title I coordinator or ADA/Section 504 coordinator, may be directed to Superintendent.	n- X
	A report against the Superintendent may be made directly to the Board. If a report is made directly to the Board, the Board shall point an appropriate person to conduct an investigation.	
Timely Reporting	To ensure the District's prompt investigation, reports of prohibit conduct shall be made as soon as possible after the alleged ac knowledge of the alleged act.	
Notice to Parents	The District official or designee shall promptly notify the parent any student alleged to have experienced prohibited conduct by District employee or another adult.	
	[For parental notification requirements regarding an allegation educator misconduct with a student, see FFF.]	of
Investigation of Reports Other Than Title IX	The following procedures apply to all allegations of prohibited of duct other than allegations of harassment prohibited by Title IX [See FFH(LEGAL)] For allegations of sex-based harassment the if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under the IX, including sexual harassment, gender-based harassment and dating violence, see the procedures below at Response to Sexual Harassment—Title IX.	t. hat, er Ti- t,
	The District may request, but shall not require, a written report. report is made orally, the District official shall reduce the report written form.	
Initial Assessment	Upon receipt or notice of a report, the District official shall dete mine whether the allegations, if proved, would constitute prohil conduct as defined by this policy. If so, the District shall immed ately undertake an investigation, except as provided below at 0 inal Investigation.	bited li-
	If the District official determines that the allegations, if proved, would not constitute prohibited conduct as defined by this polic the District official shall refer the complaint for consideration un FFI.	•
Interim Action	If appropriate and regardless of whether a criminal or regulator vestigation regarding the alleged conduct is pending, the Distri shall promptly take interim action calculated to address prohibi conduct or bullying prior to the completion of the District's invest gation.	ct ted

Bellville ISD 008901		
STUDENT WELFAREFFHFREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION(LOCAL)		
District Investigation	The investigation may be conducted by the District official or a de- signee, such as the principal, or by a third party designated by the District, such as an attorney. When appropriate, the principal shall be involved in or informed of the investigation.	
	The investigation may consist of personal interviews with the per- son making the report, the person against whom the report is filed, and others with knowledge of the circumstances surrounding the allegations. The investigation may also include analysis of other in- formation or documents related to the allegations.	
Criminal Investigation	If a law enforcement or regulatory agency notifies the District that a criminal or regulatory investigation has been initiated, the District shall confer with the agency to determine if the District investiga- tion would impede the criminal or regulatory investigation. The Dis- trict shall proceed with its investigation only to the extent that it does not impede the ongoing criminal or regulatory investigation. After the law enforcement or regulatory agency has finished gath- ering its evidence, the District shall promptly resume its investiga- tion.	
Concluding the Investigation	Absent extenuating circumstances, such as a request by a law en- forcement or regulatory agency for the District to delay its investi- gation, the investigation should be completed within ten District business days from the date of the report; however, the investiga- tor shall take additional time if necessary to complete a thorough investigation.	
	The investigator shall prepare a written report of the investigation. The report shall include a determination of whether prohibited con- duct or bullying occurred. The report shall be filed with the District official overseeing the investigation.	
Notification of Outcome	Notification of the outcome of the investigation shall be provided to both parties in compliance with FERPA.	
District Action Prohibited Conduct	If the results of an investigation indicate that prohibited conduct oc- curred, the District shall promptly respond by taking appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and may take corrective action reasonably calculated to address the conduct.	
Corrective Action	Examples of corrective action may include a training program for those involved in the report, a comprehensive education program for the school community, counseling to the victim and the student who engaged in prohibited conduct, follow-up inquiries to deter- mine if any new incidents or any instances of retaliation have oc- curred, involving parents and students in efforts to identify prob- lems and improve the school climate, increasing staff monitoring of	

Bellville ISD 008901					
STUDENT WELFAREFFHFREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION(LOCAL)					
	areas where prohibited conduct has occurred, and reaffirming the District's policy against discrimination and harassment.				
Bullying	If the results of an investigation indicate that bullying occurred, as defined by FFI, the District official shall refer to FFI for appropriate notice to parents and District action. The District official shall refer to FDB for transfer provisions.				
Improper Conduct	If the investigation reveals improper conduct that did not rise to the level of prohibited conduct or bullying, the District may take discipli- nary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct or other corrective action reasonably calculated to address the con- duct.				
Confidentiality	To the greatest extent possible, the District shall respect the pri- vacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed, and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation and comply with applicable law.				
Appeal	A student or parent who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the in- vestigation may appeal through FNG(LOCAL), beginning at the ap- propriate level. A student or parent shall be informed of his or her right to file a complaint with the United States Department of Edu- cation Office for Civil Rights.				
Response to Sexual Harassment–Title IX	For purposes of the District's response to reports of harassment prohibited by Title IX, definitions can be found in FFH(LEGAL).				
General Response	When the District receives notice or an allegation of conduct that, if proved, would meet the definition of sexual harassment under Title IX, the Title IX coordinator shall promptly contact the complainant to:				
	• Discuss the availability of supportive measures and inform the complainant that they are available, with or without the filing of a formal complaint;				
	• Consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures; and				
	• Explain to the complainant the option and process for filing a formal complaint.				
	The District's response to sexual harassment shall treat complainants and respondents equitably by offering supportive measures to both parties, as appropriate, and by following the Title IX formal complaint process before imposing disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent.				

STUDENT WELFARE	
FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION	

If a formal complaint is not filed, the District reserves the right to investigate and respond to prohibited conduct in accordance with Board policies and the Student Code of Conduct.

Title IX Formal Complaint Process To distinguish the process described below from the District's general grievance policies [see DGBA, FNG, and GF], this policy refers to the grievance process required by Title IX regulations for responding to formal complaints of sexual harassment as the District's "Title IX formal complaint process."

> The Superintendent shall ensure the development of a Title IX formal complaint process that complies with legal requirements. [See FFH(LEGAL)] The formal complaint process shall be posted on the District's website. In compliance with Title IX regulations, the District's Title IX formal complaint process shall address the following basic requirements:

- 1. Equitable treatment of complainants and respondents;
- 2. An objective evaluation of all relevant evidence;
- 3. A requirement that the Title IX coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or any person designated to facilitate an informal resolution process not have a conflict of interest or bias;
- 4. A presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged sexual harassment until a determination is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process;
- Time frames that provide for a reasonably prompt conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process, including time frames for appeals and any informal resolution process, and that allow for temporary delays or the limited extension of time frames with good cause and written notice as required by law;
- A description of the possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies that may be implemented following a determination of responsibility for the alleged sexual harassment;
- A statement of the standard of evidence to be used to determine responsibility for all Title IX formal complaints of sexual harassment;
- 8. Procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal a determination of responsibility or a dismissal of a Title IX formal complaint or any allegations therein;
- A description of the supportive measures available to the complainant and respondent;

	 A prohibition on using or seeking information protected under a legally recognized privilege unless the individual holding the privilege has waived the privilege;
	 Additional formal complaint procedures in 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b), including written notice of a formal complaint, consolidation of formal complaints, recordkeeping, and investigation proce- dures; and
	12. Other local procedures as determined by the Superintendent.
Standard of Evidence	The standard of evidence used to determine responsibility in a Title IX formal complaint of sexual harassment shall be the preponderance of the evidence.
Retaliation	The District prohibits retaliation by a student or District employee against a student alleged to have experienced discrimination or harassment, including dating violence, or another student who, in good faith, makes a report of harassment or discrimination, files a complaint of harassment or discrimination, serves as a witness, or participates in an investigation. The definition of prohibited retalia- tion under this policy also includes retaliation against a student who refuses to participate in any manner in an investigation under Title IX.
Examples	Examples of retaliation may include threats, intimidation, coercion, rumor spreading, ostracism, assault, destruction of property, unjus- tified punishments, or unwarranted grade reductions. Unlawful re- taliation does not include petty slights or annoyances.
False Claim	A student who intentionally makes a false claim or offers false statements in a District investigation regarding discrimination or harassment, including dating violence, shall be subject to appropri- ate disciplinary action in accordance with law.
Records Retention	The District shall retain copies of allegations, investigation reports, and related records regarding any prohibited conduct in accord- ance with the District's records control schedules, but for no less than the minimum amount of time required by law. [See CPC]
	[For Title IX recordkeeping and retention provisions, see FFH(LE-GAL) and the District's Title IX formal complaint process.]
Access to Policy and Procedures	Information regarding this policy and any accompanying proce- dures shall be distributed annually in the employee and student handbooks. Copies of the policy and procedures shall be posted on the District's website, to the extent practicable, and readily available at each campus and the District's administrative offices.

Bellville ISD 008901			
STUDENT ACTIVITIES		(LEG/	FM AL)
UIL Rules and District Policies	ular tion only ploy any 33.0	udent enrolled in a district or who participates in an extracurr activity or a University Interscholastic League (UIL) competi- is subject to district policy and UIL rules regarding participati when the student is under the direct supervision of an em- ee of the school or district in which the student is enrolled or other time specified by resolution of a board. <i>Education Cod</i> <i>R81(b)</i> [See FO regarding additional standards of conduct for acurricular activities]	- ion [.] at le
Athletic Activities UIL Forms	mus Eval Eacl	h student participating in an extracurricular athletic activity t complete the UIL forms entitled "Preparticipation Physical uation—Medical History" and "Acknowledgement of Rules." h form must be signed by both the student and the student's ent or guardian. <i>Education Code 33.203(a)</i>	
Notices	Eacl	h school that offers an extracurricular athletic activity shall:	
	1.	Prominently display at its administrative offices the telephor number and electronic mail address that the commissioner education maintains for reporting violations of Education Code Chapter 33, Subchapter F; and	
	2.	Provide each student participant and the student's parent of guardian a copy of the text of Education Code 33.201–33.2 and a copy of the UIL's parent information manual. The doc ment may be provided in an electronic format unless otherwise requested.	207 Cu-
	Edu	cation Code 33.207(b), .208	
Safety Training		UIL shall provide training to students participating in an extra cular athletic activity related to:	a-
	1.	Recognizing the symptoms of potentially catastrophic injurie including head and neck injuries, concussions, injuries relat to second impact syndrome, asthma attacks, heatstroke, ca diac arrest, and injuries requiring use of a defibrillator; and	ted
	2.	The risks of using dietary supplements designed to enhance or marketed as enhancing athletic performance.	e
	tion	training must be conducted by the UIL or by another organiz as determined by the UIL, including the American Red Cross American Heart Association, or a similar organization.	
	Edu	cation Code 33.202(d)–(e)	
Records	the o publ	perintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of district's compliance and the district shall make available to t ic proof of compliance for each person enrolled in the district is required to receive safety training.	he
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 FM(LEGAL)-P		1 of	[;] 13

	A campus that is determined by the superintendent to be out of compliance with the safety training requirements or the requirements regarding unsafe practices and safety precautions (see below) shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the UIL.			
	Education Code 33.206			
Unsafe Practices	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity may not encourage or permit a student participant to engage in any unreasonably dangerous athletic technique that unnecessarily en- dangers the health of a student, including using a helmet or any other sports equipment as a weapon. <i>Education Code</i> 33.204			
Safety Precautions		bach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity I at each athletic practice or competition ensure that:		
	1.	Each student participant is adequately hydrated;		
	2.	Any prescribed asthma medication for a student participant is readily available to the student;		
	3.	Emergency lanes providing access to the practice or competi- tion area are open and clear; and		
	4.	Heatstroke prevention materials are readily available.		
	If a student participating in a practice or competition becomes un- conscious during the activity, the student may not:			
	1.	Return to the activity during which the student became uncon- scious; or		
	2.	Participate in any extracurricular athletic activity until the stu- dent receives written authorization for such participation from a physician.		
	Education Code 33.205			
Concussions	"Interscholastic athletic activity" includes practice and competition, sponsored or sanctioned by a district, including a home-rule dis- trict, or a public school, including any school for which a charter has been granted under Education Code Chapter 12, or the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.152</i>			
	ing t head brain tom	ncussion" means a complex pathophysiological process affect- the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the d or body, which may include temporary or prolonged altered n function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symp- s or altered sleep patterns, and involve loss of consciousness. <i>cation Code 38.151(4)</i>		

Bellville ISD 008901				
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)			
Concussion Oversight Team	The board of a district with students enrolled who participate in an interscholastic athletic activity shall appoint or approve a concussion oversight team. <i>Education Code 38.153(a)</i>			
	Each concussion oversight team must include at least one physi- cian and, to the greatest extent practicable, considering factors in- cluding the population of the metropolitan statistical area in which the district is located, district enrollment, and the availability of and access to licensed health-care professionals in the district or char- ter school area, must also include one or more of the following: an athletic trainer, an advanced practice nurse, a neuropsychologist, or a physician assistant. If a district employs an athletic trainer, the athletic trainer must be a member of the concussion oversight team. If a district employs a school nurse, the school nurse may be a member of the district concussion oversight team if requested by the school nurse.			
	Each member of the concussion oversight team must have had training in the evaluation, treatment, and oversight of concussions at the time of appointment or approval as a member of the team. The members also must take a training course at least once every two years and submit proof of timely completion to the superinten- dent or designee in accordance with Education Code 38.158.			
	Education Code 38.154, .158			
Return-to-Play Protocol	Each concussion oversight team shall establish a return-to-play protocol, based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, for a student's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition following the force or impact believed to have caused a concussion. <i>Education Code 38.153(b)</i>			
Required Annual Form	A student may not participate in an interscholastic athletic activity for a school year until both the student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have signed a form for that school year that acknowledges receiving and reading written information that explains concussion prevention, symptoms, treatment, and over- sight and that includes guidelines for safely resuming participation in an athletic activity following a concussion. The form must be ap- proved by the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.155</i>			
Removal from Play	A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletics prac- tice or competition immediately if one of the following persons be- lieves the student might have sustained a concussion during the practice or competition: a coach; a physician; a licensed health- care professional, as defined by Education Code 38.151(5); a li- censed chiropractor; a school nurse; or the student's parent or			

guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student. *Education Code 38.156*

Return to Play A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competition under Education Code 38.156 may not be permitted to practice or compete again following the force or impact believed to have caused the concussion until:

- 1. The student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician chosen by the student or the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student;
- The student has successfully completed each requirement of the return-to-play protocol established under Education Code 38.153 necessary for the student to return to play;
- 3. The treating physician has provided a written statement indicating that, in the physician's professional judgment, it is safe for the student to return to play; and
- 4. The student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have acknowledged that the student has completed the requirements of the return-to-play protocol necessary for the student to return to play, have provided the treating physician's written statement to the person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol and the person who has supervisory responsibilities, and have signed a consent form indicating that the person signing:
 - a. Has been informed concerning and consents to the student participating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-play protocol;
 - b. Understands the risks associated with the student returning to play and will comply with any ongoing requirements in the return-to-play protocol;
 - c. Consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, of the treating physician's written statement and, if any, the return-to-play recommendations of the treating physician; and
 - d. Understands the immunity provisions under Education Code 38.159.

	A coach of an interscholastic athletics team may not authorize a student's return to play.				
	The superintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer or other person responsible for compliance with the return-to-play protocol. The person who has supervisory responsibilities may not be a coach of an interscholastic athletics team.				
	Education Code 38.157				
Immunity	These provisions do not:				
	1. Waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district offic- ers or employees;				
	 Create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or employees; 				
	 Waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151; or 				
	4. Create any cause of action or liability for a member of a con- cussion oversight team arising from the injury or death of a student participating in an interscholastic athletics practice or competition, based on service or participation on the concus- sion oversight team.				
	Education Code 38.159				
Football Helmet Safety Requirements	A district may not use a football helmet that is 16 years old or older in the district's football program. A district shall ensure that each football helmet used in the district's football program that is 10 years old or older is reconditioned at least once every two years.				
	A district shall maintain and make available to parents of students enrolled in the district documentation indicating the age of each football helmet used in the district's football program and the dates on which each helmet is reconditioned.				
	Education Code 33.094(a)–(c)				
Steroid Testing	The UIL shall adopt rules for the annual administration of a steroid testing program under which high school students participating in an athletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by the league are tested at multiple times throughout the year for the presence of steroids [see FNF].				
	Results of such steroid tests are confidential and, unless required by court order, may be disclosed only to the student and the stu- dent's parent and the activity directors, principal, and assistant principals of the school attended by the student.				
	Education Code 33.091(d)–(e)				
	F (140				

Cardiac Assessment	rule lowe by t diog que	strict must provide a district student who is required under UIL or policy to receive a physical examination before being al- ed to participate in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned he UIL, information about sudden cardiac arrest and electrocar- gram testing and notification of the option of the student to re- st the administration of an electrocardiogram, in addition to the sical examination.
	prof a di prop terp sco	udent may request an electrocardiogram from any health-care ressional, including a health-care professional provided through strict program, provided that the health-care professional is ap- priately licensed in Texas and authorized to administer and in- ret electrocardiograms under the health-care professional's pe of practice, as establish by the health-care professional's as licensing act.
Immunity	star cau scri	se provisions do not create a cause of action or liability or a ndard of care, obligation, or duty that provides a basis for a se of action or liability against a health-care professional de- bed in the provision, the UIL, a district, or a district officer or bloyee for:
	1.	The injury or death of a student participating in or practicing for an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL based on or in connection with the administration or interpre- tation of or reliance on an electrocardiogram; or
	2.	The content or distribution of the information required under these provisions or the failure to distribute the required information.
	Edu	cation Code 33.096
Rodeos	spo	s section applies only to a primary or secondary school that nsors, promotes, or otherwise is associated with a rodeo in ch children who attend the school are likely to participate.
	whe	deo" means an exhibition or competition, without regard to other the participants are compensated, involving activities re- d to cowboy skills, including:
	1.	Riding a horse, with or without a saddle, with the goal of re- maining on the horse while it attempts to throw off the rider;
	2.	Riding a bull;
	3.	Roping an animal, including roping as part of a team;
	4.	Wrestling a steer; and

	5. Riding a horse in a pattern around preset barrels or other ob- stacles.
Educational Program	A primary or secondary school to which this section applies shall, before the first rodeo associated with the school in each school year, conduct a mandatory educational program on safety, includ- ing the proper use of protective gear, for children planning to partic- ipate in the rodeo, in accordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.4. The educational program may consist of an instructional video, subject to the Department of State Health Services ap- proval.
Restriction on Participation	A child may not participate in a rodeo associated with the child's school during a school year unless the child has completed the ed- ucational program not more than one year before the first day of the rodeo.
Protective Gear for Bull Riding	A child may not engage in bull riding, including engaging in bull rid- ing outside a rodeo for the purpose of practicing bull riding, unless the child is wearing a protective vest and bull riding helmet in ac- cordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.3.
	Health and Safety Code 768.001(6), .003; 25 TAC 104.2–.4
Eligibility	A student otherwise eligible to participate in an extracurricular ac- tivity or a UIL competition is not ineligible because the student is enrolled in a course offered for joint high school and college credit, or in a course offered under a concurrent enrollment program, re- gardless of the location at which the course is provided. <i>Education</i> <i>Code</i> 33.087
Military Dependents	The district shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified. <i>Education Code 162.002 art. VI, § B</i> [See FDD]
Suspension from Extracurricular Activities	A student shall be suspended from participation in any extracurric- ular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district or the UIL after a grade evaluation period in which the student received a grade lower than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100 in any academic class other than a course described below at Exempt Courses.
Length of Suspension	A suspension continues for at least three school weeks and is not removed during the school year until the conditions of Reinstate- ment, described below, are met. A suspension shall not last beyond the end of a school year.
Grade Evaluation	"Grade evaluation period" means:
Period	1. The six-week grade reporting period; or

	2. The first six weeks of a semester and each grade reporting period thereafter, in the case of a district with a grade reporting period longer than six weeks.
	Education Code 33.081(c)
School Week	The school week is defined as beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first instructional day of the calendar week and ending at the close of instruction on the last instructional day of the calendar week, excluding holidays. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(b)</i>
Exempt Courses	The suspension and reinstatement provisions of Education Code 33.081(c) and (d) do not apply to an advanced placement or inter- national baccalaureate course, or to an honors or dual credit course in the subject areas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, economics, or a language other than Eng- lish. <i>Education Code 33.081(d-1)</i>
	Honors classes for purposes of eligibility to participate in extracur- ricular activities are listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.30(a).
	Districts may identify additional honors courses in the subject ar- eas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, or a language other than English for the purposes of extracurricular eligibility but must identify such courses before the semester in which any exemptions related to extracurricular activities occur.
	Districts are neither required to nor restricted from considering courses as honors for the purpose of grade point average calcula-tion.
	19 TAC 74.30
Students with Disabilities	In the case of a student with a disability that significantly interferes with the student's ability to meet regular academic standards, sus- pension must be based on the student's failure to meet the require- ments of the student's individualized education program (IEP). The determination of whether the disability substantially interferes with the student's ability to meet the requirements of the student's IEP must be made by the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) com- mittee.
	For the purposes of this provision, "student with a disability" means a student who is eligible for a district's special education program under Education Code 29.003(b).
	Education Code 33.081(e)
Practice or Rehearsal	A student suspended under Education Code 33.081 may practice or rehearse with other students for an extracurricular activity but

Bellville ISD 008901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	may not participate in a competition or other public performance. <i>Education Code 33.081(f)</i>
Reinstatement	Until the suspension is removed or the school year ends, a district shall review the grades of a student at the end of each three-week period following the date on which the suspension began. At the time of a review, the suspension is removed if the student's grade in each class, other than a course described above at Exempt Courses, is equal to or greater than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100. The principal and each of the student's grades. <i>Education Code 33.081(d)</i>
Attendance and Participation	The State Board of Education (SBOE) by rule shall limit participa- tion in and practice for extracurricular activities during the school day and the school week.
	The board of a district may adopt a policy establishing the number of times a student who is otherwise eligible to participate in an ex- tracurricular activity may be absent from class to participate in an extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district, UIL, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The policy must permit a student to be absent from class at least ten times during the school year, and the policy prevails over any conflicting policy adopted by the SBOE.
	Education Code 33.081(a), .0811
SBOE Rules	The following provisions apply to any UIL activity.
	Other organizations requiring student participation that causes a student to miss a class may request sanction from a board. If sanctioned by resolution of the board, student participation in the organization's activities shall be subject to all provisions of statute and to 19 Administration Code 76.1001. If a board does not grant sanction, any absences incurred by a student while participating with that organization's activities shall be subject to the attendance provisions of the Education Code. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(f)</i> [See FEB]
Extracurricular Activities	An extracurricular activity is an activity sponsored by the UIL, a board, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The ac- tivity is not necessarily directly related to instruction of the essential knowledge and skills but may have an indirect relation to some ar- eas of the curriculum.
	Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, public per- formances, contests, demonstrations, displays, and club activities. In addition, an activity is subject to this policy if any one of the fol- lowing criteria applies:

		1.	The activity is competitive;
		2.	The activity is held in conjunction with another activity that is considered extracurricular;
		3.	The activity is held off-campus, except in a case in which ade- quate facilities do not exist on campus;
		4.	The general public is invited; or
		5.	An admission is charged.
	Exceptions Public Performances	who stra	tudent ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but is enrolled in a state-approved course that requires demon- tion of the mastery of the essential knowledge and skills in a lic performance, may participate in the performance if:
		1.	The general public is invited; and
		2.	The requirement for student participation in public is stated in the essential knowledge and skills of the course.
	State-Approved Music Courses	who in L	tudent ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but is enrolled in a state-approved music course that participates IIL Concert and Sight-Reading Evaluation, may perform with the emble during the UIL evaluation performance.
		19	TAC 76.1001(a)
	Limits on Participation and		itations on practice, rehearsal, and student participation during school week shall be as follows:
	Practice During the School Week	1.	For any given extracurricular activity, a student may not par- ticipate in more than one activity per school week, excluding holidays, except as provided in item 2, below.
		2.	A student may also participate in a tournament or post-district contest, as well as a contest postponed by weather or public disaster that may determine advancement to a post-district level of competition.
		3.	For each extracurricular activity, a district must limit students to a maximum of eight hours of practice and rehearsal outside the school day per school week.
		4.	The commissioner recommends that districts avoid schedul- ing extracurricular activities or public performances on the day or evening immediately preceding the day on which the statewide student assessment program is scheduled for grades 3–11.
		19	TAC 76.1001(d); Education Code 33.081(a)

008901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
During the School Day	Limitations on practice and rehearsal during the school day shall be as follows:
	 A district must limit a student to one period of practice during the regularly scheduled school day for practice of extracurric- ular activities, such as athletics, drill team, or cheerleading.
	2. The limit in item 1 does not prohibit a student from enrolling in any state-approved class. A student who is enrolled in a state-approved class that includes essential knowledge and skills that relate to the preparation for an extracurricular activity may practice that extracurricular activity for no more than one period during the school day.
	 A student may not be permitted to miss a scheduled aca- demic class to practice for an unrelated extracurricular activ- ity.
	 A district must limit extracurricular practice during the school day to ensure that class periods for extracurricular practice do not exceed the time allotted for other class periods.
	5. Regardless of the schedule type in place (traditional or non- traditional), a school may elect to practice extracurricular ac- tivities daily, provided the total minutes allowed for the extra- curricular practice is not greater than 300 minutes during the school week.
	19 TAC 76.1001(e); Education Code 33.081(a)
Record of Absences	A district shall maintain an accurate record of extracurricular ab- sences for each student in the district each school year. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>76.1001(c)</i>
Parental Notice and Consent	A parent is entitled to full information regarding the school activities of a parent's child except as provided by Education Code 38.004 (child abuse investigations). <i>Education Code 26.008(a)</i>
Anonymous Evaluations	Anonymous evaluations of a student that determine whether the student may participate in a school-related program do not provide full information about the student's school activities. A district may by policy establish the parameters for parental contact with evaluating teachers, taking into account the type of evaluation, the information elicited in the evaluation, and scheduling and workload requirements of the teachers. <u>Byard v. Clear Creek Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 020-R5-1001 (June 17, 2002)
Videotaping and Recording	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may videotape the child or record the child's voice if the videotape or recording is to be used only for a

Bellville ISD 008901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity. <i>Educa- tion Code 26.009(b)(2)</i>
Discriminatory Club	An extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district, in- cluding an athletic event or an athletic team practice, may not take place at an athletic club located in the United States that denies any person full and equal enjoyment of equipment or facilities pro- vided by the athletic club because of the person's race, color, reli- gion, creed, national origin, or sex.
	"Athletic club" means an entity that provides sports or exercise equipment or facilities to its customers or members or to the guests of its customers or members.
	Education Code 33.082
Special Olympics Recognition	If a district allows high school students to earn a letter for aca- demic, athletic, or extracurricular achievements, the district must allow high school students to earn a letter on the basis of a stu- dent's participation in a Special Olympics event. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.093</i>
Student Election Clerks	Unless applied toward instructional requirements [see EIA], a stu- dent who is appointed as a student election clerk under Election Code 32.0511 or as a student early voting clerk under Election Code 83.012, may apply the time served toward a service require- ment for participation in a school-sponsored extracurricular activity at the discretion of the school sponsor. <i>Education Code 33.092</i>
Before-School and After-School Programs	The board may establish before-school or after-school programs for students enrolled in elementary or middle school grades. A pro- gram established under this section may operate before, after, or before and after school hours.
	A student is eligible to participate in the district's before-school or after-school program if the student is enrolled in a public or private school or resides within the boundaries of the district.
	A district shall conduct a request for proposals procurement pro- cess to enable the district to determine if contracting with a child- care facility that provides a before-school or after-school program, as defined by Human Resources Code 42.002, to provide the dis- trict's before-school or after-school program would serve the dis- trict's best interests. Following the request for proposals procure- ment process, the district may enter into a contract with a child- care facility or implement a before-school or after-school program operated by the district. If the district enters into a contract with a child-care facility, the contract must comply with the requirements of Education Code 44.031 and may not exceed a term of three years.
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020) 12 of 13

Bellville ISD 008901

STUDENT ACTIVITIES

The board may adopt rules in accordance with Education Code 11.165 [see BAA] to provide access to school campuses before or after school hours for the purpose of providing a before-school or after-school program.

Education Code 33.9031

STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES
STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

Complaints		his policy, the terms "complaint" and "grievance" shall have the ne meaning.		
Other Complaint Processes	polio thes	Student or parent complaints shall be filed in accordance with this policy, except as required by the policies listed below. Some of these policies require appeals to be submitted in accordance with FNG after the relevant complaint process:		
	1.	Complaints alleging discrimination or harassment based on race, color, religion, sex, gender, national origin, age, or disability shall be submitted in accordance with FFH.		
	2.	Complaints concerning dating violence shall be submitted in accordance with FFH.		
	3.	Complaints concerning retaliation related to discrimination and harassment shall be submitted in accordance with FFH.		
	4.	Complaints concerning bullying or retaliation related to bully- ing shall be submitted in accordance with FFI.		
	5.	Complaints concerning failure to award credit or a final grade on the basis of attendance shall be submitted in accordance with FEC.		
	6.	Complaints concerning expulsion shall be submitted in ac- cordance with FOD and the Student Code of Conduct.		
	7.	Complaints concerning any final decisions of the gifted and talented selection committee regarding selection for or exit from the gifted program shall be submitted in accordance with EHBB.		
	8.	Complaints concerning identification, evaluation, or educa- tional placement of a student with a disability within the scope of Section 504 shall be submitted in accordance with FB and the procedural safeguards handbook.		
	9.	Complaints concerning identification, evaluation, educational placement, or discipline of a student with a disability within the scope of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act shall be submitted in accordance with EHBAE, FOF, and the proce- dural safeguards handbook provided to parents of all students referred to special education.		
	10.	Complaints concerning instructional resources shall be sub- mitted in accordance with EF.		
	11.	Complaints concerning a commissioned peace officer who is an employee of the District shall be submitted in accordance with CKE.		

	12.	Complaints concerning intradistrict transfers or campus as- signment shall be submitted in accordance with FDB.
	13.	Complaints concerning admission, placement, or services provided for a homeless student shall be submitted in accordance with FDC.
	prop ance nece son	aplaints regarding refusal of entry to or ejection from District berty based on Education Code 37.105 shall be filed in accord- e with this policy. However, the timelines shall be adjusted as essary to permit the complainant to address the Board in per- within 90 calendar days of filing the initial complaint, unless the plaint is resolved before the Board considers it. [See GKA(LE- .)]
Notice to Students and Parents		District shall inform students and parents of this policy through opriate District publications.
Guiding Principles Informal Process	cern mini cern	Board encourages students and parents to discuss their con- s with the appropriate teacher, principal, or other campus ad- strator who has the authority to address the concerns. Con- s should be expressed as soon as possible to allow early lution at the lowest possible administrative level.
		mal resolution shall be encouraged but shall not extend any dlines in this policy, except by mutual written consent.
Formal Process		udent or parent may initiate the formal process described be- by timely filing a written complaint form.
	pare cern	n after initiating the formal complaint process, students and ents are encouraged to seek informal resolution of their con- is. A student or parent whose concerns are resolved may with- iv a formal complaint at any time.
	ate i	process described in this policy shall not be construed to cre- new or additional rights beyond those granted by law or Board cy, nor to require a full evidentiary hearing or "mini-trial" at any l.
Freedom from Retaliation		her the Board nor any District employee shall unlawfully retali- against any student or parent for bringing a concern or com- nt.
General Provisions Filing	by e Mail appr the o	nplaint forms and appeal notices may be filed by hand-delivery, lectronic communication, including email and fax, or by U.S. . Hand-delivered filings shall be timely filed if received by the ropriate administrator or designee by the close of business on deadline. Filings submitted by electronic communication shall mely filed if they are received by the close of business on the

	deadline, as indicated by the date/time shown on the electronic communication. Mail filings shall be timely filed if they are post- marked by U.S. Mail on or before the deadline and received by the appropriate administrator or designated representative no more than three days after the deadline.	
Scheduling Conferences	The District shall make reasonable attempts to schedule confer- ences at a mutually agreeable time. If a student or parent fails to appear at a scheduled conference, the District may hold the con- ference and issue a decision in the student's or parent's absence.	
Response	At Levels One and Two, "response" shall mean a written communi- cation to the student or parent from the appropriate administrator. Responses may be hand-delivered, sent by electronic communica- tion to the student's or parent's email address of record, or sent by U.S. Mail to the student's or parent's mailing address of record. Mailed responses shall be timely if they are postmarked by U.S. Mail on or before the deadline.	
Days	"Days" shall mean District business days, unless otherwise noted. In calculating timelines under this policy, the day a document is filed is "day zero." The following business day is "day one."	
Representative	"Representative" shall mean any person who or organization that is designated by the student or parent to represent the student or parent in the complaint process. A student may be represented by an adult at any level of the complaint.	;
	The student or parent may designate a representative through writ- ten notice to the District at any level of this process. If the student or parent designates a representative with fewer than three days' notice to the District before a scheduled conference or hearing, the District may reschedule the conference or hearing to a later date, if desired, in order to include the District's counsel. The District may be represented by counsel at any level of the process.	
Consolidating Complaints	Complaints arising out of an event or a series of related events shall be addressed in one complaint. A student or parent shall not file separate or serial complaints arising from any event or series of events that have been or could have been addressed in a previous complaint.	
Untimely Filings	All time limits shall be strictly followed unless modified by mutual written consent.	
	If a complaint form or appeal notice is not timely filed, the com- plaint may be dismissed, on written notice to the student or parent, at any point during the complaint process. The student or parent may appeal the dismissal by seeking review in writing within ten days from the date of the written dismissal notice, starting at the	
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115	3 of 7	,

	level at which the complaint was dismissed. Such appeal shall be limited to the issue of timeliness.
Costs Incurred	Each party shall pay its own costs incurred in the course of the complaint.
Complaint and Appeal Forms	Complaints and appeals under this policy shall be submitted in writing on a form provided by the District.
	Copies of any documents that support the complaint should be at- tached to the complaint form. If the student or parent does not have copies of these documents, copies may be presented at the Level One conference. After the Level One conference, no new documents may be submitted by the student or parent unless the student or parent did not know the documents existed before the Level One conference.
	A complaint or appeal form that is incomplete in any material as- pect may be dismissed but may be refiled with all the required in- formation if the refiling is within the designated time for filing.
Level One	Complaint forms must be filed:
	 Within 15 days of the date the student or parent first knew, or with reasonable diligence should have known, of the decision or action giving rise to the complaint or grievance; and
	With the lowest level administrator who has the authority to remedy the alleged problem.
	In most circumstances, students and parents shall file Level One complaints with the campus principal.
	If the only administrator who has authority to remedy the al- leged problem is the Superintendent or designee, the com- plaint may begin at Level Two following the procedure, includ- ing deadlines, for filing the complaint form at Level One.
	If the complaint is not filed with the appropriate administrator, the receiving administrator must note the date and time the complaint form was received and immediately forward the complaint form to the appropriate administrator.
	The appropriate administrator shall investigate as necessary and schedule a conference with the student or parent within ten days after receipt of the written complaint. The administrator may set reasonable time limits for the conference.
	Absent extenuating circumstances, the administrator shall provide the student or parent a written response within ten days following the conference. The written response shall set forth the basis of the

	form evar	sion. In reaching a decision, the administrator may consider in- ation provided at the Level One conference and any other rel- nt documents or information the administrator believes will help live the complaint.
Level Two	One may	e student or parent did not receive the relief requested at Level or if the time for a response has expired, the student or parent request a conference with the Superintendent or designee to eal the Level One decision.
	the I spor	appeal notice must be filed in writing, on a form provided by District, within ten days of the date of the written Level One re- nse or, if no response was received, within ten days of the el One response deadline.
	shal the l	r receiving notice of the appeal, the Level One administrator I prepare and forward a record of the Level One complaint to Level Two administrator. The student or parent may request a y of the Level One record.
	The	Level One record shall include:
	1.	The original complaint form and any attachments.
	2.	All other documents submitted by the student or parent at Level One.
	3.	The written response issued at Level One and any attach- ments.
	4.	All other documents relied upon by the Level One administra- tor in reaching the Level One decision.
	with be li At th cond mini	Superintendent or designee shall schedule a conference in ten days after the appeal notice is filed. The conference shall mited to the issues and documents considered at Level One. The conference, the student or parent may provide information cerning any documents or information relied upon by the ad- stration for the Level One decision. The Superintendent or de- ee may set reasonable time limits for the conference.
	a wr writt ing a Leve ence inter	Superintendent or designee shall provide the student or parent itten response within ten days following the conference. The en response shall set forth the basis of the decision. In reach- a decision, the Superintendent or designee may consider the el One record, information provided at the Level Two confer- e, and any other relevant documents or information the Super- ndent or designee believes will help resolve the complaint. ordings of the Level One and Level Two conferences, if any, I be maintained with the Level One and Level Two records.
	Jindi	

	the student or parent did not receive the relief requested at Level wo or if the time for a response has expired, the student or parent ay appeal the decision to the Board.
	he appeal notice must be filed in writing, on a form provided by the District, within ten days of the date of the written Level Two re- ponse or, if no response was received, within ten days of the level Two response deadline.
	he Superintendent or designee shall inform the student or parent the date, time, and place of the Board meeting at which the com- aint will be on the agenda for presentation to the Board.
	he Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board the record the Level Two appeal. The student or parent may request a copy the Level Two record.
	he Level Two record shall include:
	The Level One record.
:	The notice of appeal from Level One to Level Two.
:	The written response issued at Level Two and any attach- ments.
	All other documents relied upon by the administration in reaching the Level Two decision.
	he appeal shall be limited to the issues and documents consid- red at Level Two, except that if at the Level Three hearing the ad- inistration intends to rely on evidence not included in the Level wo record, the administration shall provide the student or parent otice of the nature of the evidence at least three days before the earing.
:	he District shall determine whether the complaint will be pre- ented in open or closed meeting in accordance with the Texas pen Meetings Act and other applicable law. [See BE]
	he presiding officer may set reasonable time limits and guidelines or the presentation, including an opportunity for the student or par- nt and administration to each make a presentation and provide re- uttal and an opportunity for questioning by the Board. The Board nall hear the complaint and may request that the administration rovide an explanation for the decisions at the preceding levels.
	addition to any other record of the Board meeting required by

In addition to any other record of the Board meeting required by law, the Board shall prepare a separate record of the Level Three presentation. The Level Three presentation, including the presentation by the student or parent or the student's representative, any

presentation from the administration, and questions from the Board with responses, shall be recorded by audio recording, video/audio recording, or court reporter.

The Board shall then consider the complaint. It may give notice of its decision orally or in writing at any time up to and including the next regularly scheduled Board meeting. If the Board does not make a decision regarding the complaint by the end of the next regularly scheduled meeting, the lack of a response by the Board upholds the administrative decision at Level Two.

PUBLIC COMPLAINTS	GF (LOCAL)
Complaints	In this policy, the terms "complaint" and "grievance" shall have the same meaning.
Other Complaint Processes	Complaints by members of the public shall be filed in accordance with this policy, except as required by the policies listed below. Some of these policies require appeals to be submitted in accord- ance with GF after the relevant complaint process:
	 Complaints concerning instructional resources shall be filed in accordance with EF.
	 Complaints concerning a commissioned peace officer who is an employee of the District shall be filed in accordance with CKE.
	Complaints regarding refusal of entry to or ejection from District property based on Education Code 37.105 shall be filed in accord- ance with this policy. However, the timelines shall be adjusted as necessary to permit the complainant to address the Board in per- son within 90 calendar days of filing the initial complaint, unless the complaint is resolved before the Board considers it. [See GKA(LE- GAL)]
Guiding Principles Informal Process	The Board encourages the public to discuss concerns with an ap- propriate administrator who has the authority to address the con- cerns. Concerns should be expressed as soon as possible to allow early resolution at the lowest possible administrative level.
	Informal resolution shall be encouraged but shall not extend any deadlines in this policy, except by mutual written consent.
Formal Process	An individual may initiate the formal process described below by timely filing a written complaint form.
	Even after initiating the formal complaint process, individuals are encouraged to seek informal resolution of their concerns. An indi- vidual whose concerns are resolved may withdraw a formal com- plaint at any time.
	The process described in this policy shall not be construed to cre- ate new or additional rights beyond those granted by law or Board policy, nor to require a full evidentiary hearing or "mini-trial" at any level.
Freedom from Retaliation	Neither the Board nor any District employee shall unlawfully retali- ate against any individual for bringing a concern or complaint.
General Provisions Filing	Complaint forms and appeal notices may be filed by hand-delivery, by electronic communication, including email and fax, or by U.S. Mail. Hand-delivered filings shall be timely filed if received by the appropriate administrator or designee by the close of business on

PUBLIC COMPLAINTS

	the deadline. Filings submitted by electronic communication shall be timely filed if they are received by the close of business on the deadline, as indicated by the date/time shown on the electronic communication. Mail filings shall be timely filed if they are post- marked by U.S. Mail on or before the deadline and received by the appropriate administrator or designated representative no more than three days after the deadline.
Scheduling Conferences	The District shall make reasonable attempts to schedule confer- ences at a mutually agreeable time. If the individual fails to appear at a scheduled conference, the District may hold the conference and issue a decision in the individual's absence.
Response	At Levels One and Two, "response" shall mean a written communi- cation to the individual from the appropriate administrator. Re- sponses may be hand-delivered, sent by electronic communication to the individual's email address of record, or sent by U.S. Mail to the individual's mailing address of record. Mailed responses shall be timely if they are postmarked by U.S. Mail on or before the deadline.
Days	"Days" shall mean District business days, unless otherwise noted. In calculating timelines under this policy, the day a document is filed is "day zero." The following business day is "day one."
Representative	"Representative" shall mean any person who or organization that is designated by an individual to represent the individual in the complaint process.
	The individual may designate a representative through written no- tice to the District at any level of this process. If the individual des- ignates a representative with fewer than three days' notice to the District before a scheduled conference or hearing, the District may reschedule the conference or hearing to a later date, if desired, in order to include the District's counsel. The District may be repre- sented by counsel at any level of the process.
Consolidating Complaints	Complaints arising out of an event or a series of related events shall be addressed in one complaint. An individual shall not file separate or serial complaints arising from any event or series of events that have been or could have been addressed in a previous complaint.
Untimely Filings	All time limits shall be strictly followed unless modified by mutual written consent.
	If a complaint form or appeal notice is not timely filed, the com- plaint may be dismissed, on written notice to the individual, at any point during the complaint process. The individual may appeal the dismissal by seeking review in writing within ten days from the date
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115	2 of 6

Bellville ISD 008901	
PUBLIC COMPLAINTS	GF (LOCAL)
	of the written dismissal notice, starting at the level at which the complaint was dismissed. Such appeal shall be limited to the issue of timeliness.
Costs Incurred	Each party shall pay its own costs incurred in the course of the complaint.
Complaint and Appeal Forms	Complaints and appeals under this policy shall be submitted in writing on a form provided by the District.
	Copies of any documents that support the complaint should be at- tached to the complaint form. If the individual does not have copies of these documents, they may be presented at the Level One con- ference. After the Level One conference, no new documents may be submitted by the individual unless the individual did not know the documents existed before the Level One conference.
	A complaint or appeal form that is incomplete in any material as- pect may be dismissed but may be refiled with all the required in- formation if the refiling is within the designated time for filing.
Level One	Complaint forms must be filed:
	 Within 15 days of the date the individual first knew, or with reasonable diligence should have known, of the decision or action giving rise to the complaint or grievance; and
	With the lowest level administrator who has the authority to remedy the alleged problem.
	If the only administrator who has authority to remedy the al- leged problem is the Superintendent or designee, the com- plaint may begin at Level Two following the procedure, includ- ing deadlines, for filing the complaint form at Level One.
	If the complaint is not filed with the appropriate administrator, the receiving administrator must note the date and time the complaint form was received and immediately forward the complaint form to the appropriate administrator.
	The appropriate administrator shall investigate as necessary and schedule a conference with the individual within ten days after receipt of the written complaint. The administrator may set reasonable time limits for the conference.
	Absent extenuating circumstances, the administrator shall provide the individual a written response within ten days following the con- ference. The written response shall set forth the basis of the deci- sion. In reaching a decision, the administrator may consider infor- mation provided at the Level One conference and any other

Bellville ISD 008901		
PUBLIC COMPLAINTS		GF (LOCAL)
		vant documents or information the administrator believes will resolve the complaint.
Level Two	if the	e individual did not receive the relief requested at Level One or e time for a response has expired, he or she may request a ference with the Superintendent or designee to appeal the el One decision.
	the spor	appeal notice must be filed in writing, on a form provided by District, within ten days of the date of the written Level One re- nse or, if no response was received, within ten days of the el One response deadline.
	shal the	r receiving notice of the appeal, the Level One administrator Il prepare and forward a record of the Level One complaint to Level Two administrator. The individual may request a copy of Level One record.
	The	Level One record shall include:
	1.	The original complaint form and any attachments.
	2.	All other documents submitted by the individual at Level One.
	3.	The written response issued at Level One and any attach- ments.
	4.	All other documents relied upon by the Level One administra- tor in reaching the Level One decision.
	with be li At th ing a for t	Superintendent or designee shall schedule a conference in ten days after the appeal notice is filed. The conference shall imited to the issues and documents considered at Level One. ne conference, the individual may provide information concern- any documents or information relied upon by the administration he Level One decision. The Superintendent or designee may reasonable time limits for the conference.
	ten resp cisic One any	Superintendent or designee shall provide the individual a writ- response within ten days following the conference. The written onse shall set forth the basis of the decision. In reaching a de- on, the Superintendent or designee may consider the Level e record, information provided at the Level Two conference, and other relevant documents or information the Superintendent or ignee believes will help resolve the complaint.
		ordings of the Level One and Level Two conferences, if any, I be maintained with the Level One and Level Two records.

PUBLIC COMPLAINTS

Level Three	if the	e individual did not receive the relief requested at Level Two or e time for a response has expired, he or she may appeal the sion to the Board.
	the l spor	appeal notice must be filed in writing, on a form provided by District, within ten days of the date of the written Level Two re- nse or, if no response was received, within ten days of the el Two response deadline.
	date	Superintendent or designee shall inform the individual of the e, time, and place of the Board meeting at which the complaint be on the agenda for presentation to the Board.
	of th	Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board the record the Level Two appeal. The individual may request a copy of the el Two record.
	The	Level Two record shall include:
	1.	The Level One record.
	2.	The notice of appeal from Level One to Level Two.
	3.	The written response issued at Level Two and any attach- ments.
	4.	All other documents relied upon by the administration in reaching the Level Two decision.
	erec mini Two	appeal shall be limited to the issues and documents consid- d at Level Two, except that if at the Level Three hearing the ad- stration intends to rely on evidence not included in the Level record, the administration shall provide the individual notice of nature of the evidence at least three days before the hearing.
	sent	District shall determine whether the complaint will be pre- red in open or closed meeting in accordance with the Texas on Meetings Act and other applicable law. [See BE]
	for t adm and hear	presiding officer may set reasonable time limits and guidelines he presentation, including an opportunity for the individual and inistration to each make a presentation and provide rebuttal an opportunity for questioning by the Board. The Board shall r the complaint and may request that the administration provide explanation for the decisions at the preceding levels.
	In a	ddition to any other record of the Board meeting required by

In addition to any other record of the Board meeting required by law, the Board shall prepare a separate record of the Level Three presentation. The Level Three presentation, including the presentation by the individual or his or her representative, any presentation Bellville ISD 008901

PUBLIC COMPLAINTS

from the administration, and questions from the Board with responses, shall be recorded by audio recording, video/audio recording, or court reporter.

The Board shall then consider the complaint. It may give notice of its decision orally or in writing at any time up to and including the next regularly scheduled Board meeting. If the Board does not make a decision regarding the complaint by the end of the next regularly scheduled meeting, the lack of a response by the Board upholds the administrative decision at Level Two.

Table of Contents	Applicability of Criminal Laws 2
	Trespass 2
	Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons
	Vehicles on School Property
	Disruption of Lawful Assembly3
	Free Speech 4
	Disruption of Classes 4
	Disruption of Transportation4
	Tobacco and E-Cigarettes5
	Smoking in Buildings5
	Alcohol5
	Intoxicants 5
	Fireworks5
	Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act5
	Possession of Weapons7
	"Premises" Defined7
	Excepted Persons7
	Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area 8
	Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel
	Exhibition of Firearm9
	Trespass—Concealed Carry of Handgun
	Notice / Sign—Concealed Carry of Handgun
	Exception10
	Unauthorized Notice10
	Trespass—Open Carry of Handgun10
	Notice / Sign—Open Carry of Handgun10
	Exception11
	Interscholastic Events11
	Board Meetings11
	Board Authorization12
	Drones12
	Federal Law12
	State Law13

Applicability of Criminal Laws			nal laws of the state apply to the areas under the control diction of the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.101
Trespass		ool di	horized person who trespasses on the grounds of a strict commits a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education Code</i>
Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	peac a pe	ce off rson	administrator, school resource officer, or school district icer may refuse to allow persons to enter on or may eject from property under the district's control if the person re- eave peaceably on request and:
	1.	The	person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or
	2.		person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a ool setting and:
		a.	The administrator, resource officer, or peace officer is- sues a verbal warning to the person that the person's behavior is inappropriate and may result in the person's refusal of entry or ejection; and
		b.	The person persists in that behavior.
			tion may be required of any person on property under the control.
	cludi	ing th	shall maintain a record of each verbal warning issued, in- ne name of the person to whom the warning was issued ate of issuance.
	distr	ict's p	e a person is refused entry to or ejected from a school property, the district shall provide to the person written in- explaining the appeal process.
	fuse the p parti tee c	d ent paren icipat pr in t n Act	t or guardian of a child enrolled in a school district is re- ry to the district's property, the district shall accommodate at or guardian to ensure that the parent or guardian may e in the child's admission, review, and dismissal commit- the child's team established under Section 504, Rehabili- of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), in accordance with fed-
			of a person's refusal of entry to or ejection from a school property under this section may not exceed two years.
	pus	shall	shall post on the district's website and each district cam- post on any campus website a notice regarding these s, including the appeal process.
			d shall adopt a policy that uses the district's existing griev- cess [see FNG, GF] to permit a person refused entry to or

	fusa ing day grar	eted from property controlled by the district to appeal such re- al of entry or ejection. The policy must permit a person appeal- under this section to address the board in person within 90 s of the commencement of the appeal, unless the appeal is need before the board considers the appeal.
	is fir	board's decision to grant or deny an appeal under this section nal and may only be further appealed under the applicable pro- ons of Texas Education Code 7.057.
	Edu	cation Code 37.105; 19 TAC 103.1207
Vehicles on School Property	hicle any catie	bard may bar or suspend a person from driving or parking a ve- e on any school property as a result of the person's violation of rule or regulation promulgated by the board or set forth in Edu- on Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D. [See CLC] <i>Education</i> <i>le 37.106</i>
Disruption of Lawful Assembly	in c	erson commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person, alone or oncert with others, intentionally engages in disruptive activity on campus or property of a public school.
	Disr	ruptive activity means:
	1.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of persons in an exit, entrance, or hallway of any building without the authorization of the administration of the school;
	2.	Seizing control of any building or portion of a building to inter- fere with any administrative, educational, research, or other authorized activity;
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent by force or violence or the threat of violence any lawful assembly authorized by the school administration so that a person attempting to partici- pate in the assembly is unable to participate due to the use of force or violence or due to a reasonable fear that force or vio- lence is likely to occur;
	4.	Disrupting by force or violence or the threat of force or vio- lence a lawful assembly in progress; or
	5.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of any person at an exit or entrance to the campus or property or preventing or at- tempting to prevent by force or violence or by threats thereof the ingress or egress of any person to or from the property or campus without the authorization of the administration of the school.

Free Speech	free	provision shall not be construed to infringe upon any right of speech or expression guaranteed by the constitutions of the ed States or the state of Texas.
	Edu	cation Code 37.123
Disruption of Classes	in th scho prop cond the a	erson, other than a primary or secondary grade student enrolled e school, commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person, on ool property or on public property within 500 feet of school erty, alone or in concert with others, intentionally disrupts the duct of classes or other school activities. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged e prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of
	Disri clud	upting the conduct of classes or other school activities in- es:
	1.	Emitting noise of an intensity that prevents or hinders class- room instruction.
	2.	Enticing or attempting to entice a student away from a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent a student from attending a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.
	4.	Entering a classroom without the consent of either the princi- pal or the teacher and, through either acts of misconduct or use of loud or profane language, disrupting class activities.
	grou builc	ool property" includes a public school campus or school nds on which a public school is located, and any grounds or lings used by a school for an assembly or other school-spon- d activity.
		ilic property" includes a street, highway, alley, public park, or walk.
	Edu	cation Code 37.124
Disruption of Transportation	mits prev and a ve the a in th	rson, other than a primary or secondary grade student, com- a Class C misdemeanor if the person intentionally disrupts, ents, or interferes with the lawful transportation of students to from school, or to or from activities sponsored by a school, on hicle owned and/or operated by a district. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged e prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of <i>Education Code 37.126</i>

Bellville ISD 008901		
COMMUNITY RELATIO		GKA (LEGAL)
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tob products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity school property. School personnel shall enforce these poli school property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See FNCD for the definition of e-cigarette.]	on or off cies on
Smoking in Buildings	A district shall not permit smoking within any indoor facility provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elementary, or ary education or library services to children; or regular or r health care or day care or early childhood development (H Start) services to children or for the use of employees who such services. 20 U.S.C. 6083; 20 U.S.C. 7183	r second- outine lead
Criminal Penalty	A person commits an offense if the person is in possession burning tobacco product, smokes tobacco, or operates an rette in a facility of a public school.	
Defense	It is a defense to prosecution that a district does not have nently displayed a reasonably sized notice that smoking is ited by state law in such place and that an offense is punis a fine not to exceed \$500.	prohib-
Facilities for Extinguishment	A district shall be equipped with facilities for extinguishment smoking materials.	nt of
	Penal Code 48.01(a)–(c)	
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at sc lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school prope cation Code 38.007(a) [See FNCF regarding alcohol-free	erty. <i>Edu-</i>
Intoxicants	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person p an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sale, or distribu while:	
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a public school; or	
	 Entering or inside any enclosure, field, or stadium what here a sponsored or participated in by a public is being held. 	•
	Education Code 37.122 [See also FNCF]	
Fireworks	A person may not explode or ignite fireworks within 600 fe school unless the person receives authorization in writing school. <i>Occupations Code 2154.251(a)(1)</i>	
Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	It is unlawful for any individual knowingly to possess a fire place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause t lieve, is a school zone.	

"School zone" means in, or on the grounds of, a school; or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of a school.

This prohibition does not apply to the possession of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the state, and the law of the state requires that, before an individual obtains such a license, the law enforcement authorities of the state verify that the individual is qualified under law to receive the license;
- 3. That is not loaded and in a locked container, or a locked firearms rack that is on a motor vehicle;
- 4. By an individual for use in a program approved by a school in the school zone;
- 5. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual;
- 6. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; or
- 7. That is unloaded and is possessed by an individual while traversing school premises for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting, if the entry on school premises is authorized by school authorities.

It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge or attempt to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school zone.

This prohibition does not apply to the discharge of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. As part of a program approved by a school in the school zone, by an individual who is participating in the program;
- 3. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in a school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual; or
- 4. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity.

18 U.S.C. 921(a)(25), .922(q)

Possession of Weapons	tenti	rson commits a third degree felony if the person knowingly, in- onally, or recklessly possesses or goes with a firearm, location- icted knife, club, or prohibited weapon [see FNCG]:
	1.	Onto the physical premises (a building or portion of a building) of a school;
	2.	Onto any grounds or into a building in which an activity spon- sored by a school is being conducted; or
	3.	On a passenger transportation vehicle of a school.
		offense does not apply if the person is acting pursuant to writ- regulations or written authorization of a district.
		not a defense to prosecution that the person possessed a dgun and was licensed to carry a handgun.
	Pena	al Code 46.03(a)(1), (f)
	knov stric or in ticipa	rson commits a third degree felony if the person intentionally, vingly, or recklessly possesses or goes with a location-re- ted knife on the premises where a high school sporting event terscholastic event is taking place, unless the person is a par- ant in the event and a location-restricted knife is used in the nt. [See FNCG] <i>Penal Code 46.03(a-1)</i>
"Premises" Defined	tion drive	mises," for purposes of this policy, means a building or a por- of a building. The term does not include any public or private way, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage, ther parking area. <i>Penal Code 46.035(f)(3)</i>
Excepted Persons	Pena	al Code 46.03 does not apply to:
	1.	Peace officers or special investigators regardless of whether engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's or investiga- tor's duties;
	2.	Parole officers while engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's duties;
	3.	Community supervision and corrections department officers while engaged in the actual discharge of the officer's duties;
	4.	An active judicial officer who is licensed to carry a handgun;
	5.	An honorably retired peace officer or other qualified retired law enforcement officer, as defined by 18 U.S.C. Section 926C, who holds a certificate of proficiency and is carrying a photo identification verifying that the officer qualifies for this exception;

	6.	The attorney general or a United States attorney, district attor- ney, criminal district attorney, county attorney, or municipal at- torney who is licensed to carry a handgun;
	7.	An assistant United States attorney, assistant attorney gen- eral, assistant district attorney, assistant criminal district attor- ney, or assistant county attorney who is licensed to carry a handgun;
	8.	A bailiff designated by an active judicial officer who is licensed to carry a handgun and engaged in escorting the judicial of- ficer;
	9.	A juvenile probation officer who is authorized to carry a fire- arm; or
	10.	A person who is volunteer emergency services personnel if the person is carrying a handgun under the authority of Gov- ernment Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H; and engaged in providing emergency services.
	Pen	al Code 46.15(a)
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	hand from tion ing l trict, firea	strict may not prohibit a person who holds a license to carry a dgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H, n transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammuni- in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a park- tot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the dis- , and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun, arm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the dgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.
	hane	does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a dgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 25 or Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035, or other law.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0815
Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	hano pers	strict is not liable in a civil action arising from the discharge of a dgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services sonnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Government e, Chapter 411, Subchapter H.
	eme unde the o	discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer ergency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun er Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, is outside course and scope of the individual's duties as volunteer emer- cy services personnel.
		district does not waive immunity from suit or liability under the as Tort Claims Act or any other law.

GKA(LEGAL)-P

	firef Hea unte ing fice by 0	unteer emergency services personnel" includes a volunteer ighter, an emergency medical services volunteer as defined by Ith and Safety Code 773.003, and any individual who, as a vol- eer, provides services for the benefit of the general public dur- emergency situations. The term does not include a peace of- or reserve law enforcement officer, as those terms are defined Occupations Code 1701.001, who is performing law enforce- at duties.
	Civi	Practice & Remedies Code 112.001; Penal Code 46.01(18)
Exhibition of Firearm	cau	erson commits a third degree felony if, in a manner intended to se alarm or personal injury to another person or to damage pol property, the person intentionally:
	1.	Exhibits or uses a firearm:
		 In or on any property, including a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area, that is owned by a private or public school; or
		 On a school bus being used to transport children to and from school-sponsored activities;
	2.	Threatens to exhibit or use a firearm in or on property de- scribed above or on a bus and was in possession of or had immediate access to the firearm.
	to e	erson commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person threatens xhibit or use a firearm, but was not in possession of or did not e immediate access to the firearm.
	Edu	cation Code 37.125
Trespass—	A lic	ense holder commits an offense if the license holder:
Concealed Carry of Handgun	1.	Carries a concealed handgun on the property of another with- out effective consent; and
	2.	Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder with a concealed handgun was forbidden.
	cep prop entr	offense under Penal Code 30.06 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- t that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the perty, the license holder was personally given the notice that y or remaining on the property with a concealed handgun was idden and subsequently failed to depart.
Notice / Sign— Concealed Carry of Handgun	own the	purposes of Penal Code 30.06, a person receives notice if the er of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for owner provides notice to the person by oral or written commu- tion.
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115)	9 of 14

"Written communication" means:

	••••	
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.06, Penal Code (trespass by license holder with a concealed handgun), a per- son licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this property with a concealed handgun"; or
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.
Exception	the l by a cens	an exception to Penal Code 30.06 that the property on which icense holder carries a concealed handgun is owned or leased district and is not a premises or other place on which the li- se holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal e 46.03 or 46.035.
	Pen	al Code 30.06 [See also FNCG]
Unauthorized Notice	the p Code who Code pren cens ises	strict may not take any action, including an action consisting of provision of notice, by a communication described by Penal e 30.06 or 30.07 that states or implies that a license holder is carrying a handgun under the authority of Government e Chapter 411 is prohibited from entering or remaining on a hises or other place owned or leased by the district unless li- se holders are prohibited from carrying a handgun on the prem- or other place by Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035 or other law. <i>'t Code 411.209</i>
Trespass—Open Carry of Handgun		lder of a license to openly carry a handgun commits an offense e license holder:
	1.	Openly carries a handgun on property of another without ef- fective consent; and
	2.	Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder openly carrying a handgun was forbidden.
Notice / Sign— Open Carry of Handgun	own	purposes of Penal Code 30.07, a person receives notice if the er of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for owner provides notice to the person by oral or written commu- tion.
	"Wri	tten communication means":
	1.	A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.07, Penal Code
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115		10 of 14

		(trespass by license holder with an openly carried handgun), a person licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Govern- ment Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this prop- erty with a handgun that is carried openly"; or
	2.	A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public at each entrance to the property.
	cep prop corr	offense under Penal Code 30.07 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- t that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the perty, the license holder was personally given the notice by oral munication that entry or remaining on the property with an nly carried handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to art.
Exception	the by a whic	an exception to Penal Code 30.07 that the property on which license holder openly carries the handgun is owned or leased governmental entity and is not a premises or other place on the license holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun er Penal Code 46.03 or 46.035.
	Pen	al Code 30.07
Interscholastic		ess authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis-
Events	less con whe	neanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises are a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or rscholastic event is taking place.
Events	less con whe inte Pen	ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises are a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or
Events	less con whe inte Pen part	ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises are a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or rscholastic event is taking place. al Code 46.035(b)(2) does not apply if the license holder is a
Events Board Meetings	less con whe inter Pen Unle dem less con roor	ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises are a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or rscholastic event is taking place. al Code 46.035(b)(2) does not apply if the license holder is a icipant in the event and a handgun is used in the event.
	less con- whe inter Pen part Pen dem less con- roor an c Pen was Noti	ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises are a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or rscholastic event is taking place. al Code $46.035(b)(2)$ does not apply if the license holder is a icipant in the event and a handgun is used in the event. al Code $46.035(b)(2)$ ess authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis- neanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, in the room or ns where a meeting of the board is held and if the meeting is
	less con- whe inter Pen part Pen dem less con- roor an c Pen was Noti	ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, on the premises are a high school, collegiate, or professional sporting event or rscholastic event is taking place. al Code $46.035(b)(2)$ does not apply if the license holder is a icipant in the event and a handgun is used in the event. al Code $46.035(b)(2)$ ess authorized by law, a license holder commits a Class A mis- neanor if the license holder intentionally, knowingly, or reck- ly carries a handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is cealed or carried in a shoulder or belt holster, in the room or ns where a meeting of the board is held and if the meeting is open meeting under the Open Meetings Act. al Code $46.035(c)$ does not apply unless the license holder given effective notice under Penal Code 30.06 or 30.07 [see ce/Sign—Concealed Carry of Handgun and Notice/Sign—

Board Authorization	A license holder does not commit a criminal offense under Penal Code 46.035 [see Interscholastic Events and Board Meetings, above] if the person is lawfully carrying a handgun pursuant to a board's written regulations and authorization. <i>Att'y Gen. Op. GA-</i> <i>1051 (2014)</i> [See Handgun Licensees at CKE(LEGAL)]				
Drones Federal Law	The U.S. Government has exclusive sovereignty of airspace of the United States. 49 U.S.C. 40103				
Small Unmanned Aircraft	"Small unmanned aircraft" means an unmanned aircraft weighing less than 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on board or otherwise attached to the aircraft.				
Small Unmanned Aircraft System	man catio aircr	all unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- ned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- on links and the components that control the small unmanned aft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the Il unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.			
	14 C.F.R. 1.1				
Operation of Small UAS	The registration, airman certification, and operation of civil small UAS within the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part 107 does not apply to the following:				
	1.	Air carrier operations;			
	2.	Any aircraft subject to the provisions of 14 C.F.R. Part 101; or			
	3.	Any operation that a remote pilot in command elects to con- duct pursuant to an exemption issued under 49 U.S.C. 44807, unless otherwise specified in the exemption.			
	14 C.F.R. 107.1, .3				
Exception for Limited Recreational Operation	A person may operate a small unmanned aircraft without specific certification or operating authority from the Federal Aviation Admin- istration (FAA) if the operation adheres to all of the following limita- tions:				
	1.	The aircraft is flown strictly for recreational purposes.			
	2.	The aircraft is operated in accordance with or within the pro- gramming of a community-based organization's set of safety guidelines that are developed in coordination with the FAA.			
	3.	The aircraft is flown within the visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft or a visual observer co-located and in direct communication with the operator.			
	4.	The aircraft is operated in a manner that does not interfere with and gives way to any manned aircraft.			
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020 UPDATE 115 GKA(LEGAL)-P		12 of 14			

	5.	bound nated from t	ass B, Class C, or Class D airspace or within the late daries of the surface area of Class E airspace desig- for an airport, the operator obtains prior authorization the administrator of the FAA or designee before oper and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibi-	on at-	
	6.	not m	uss G airspace, the aircraft is flown from the surface of ore than 400 feet above ground level and complies waspace restrictions and prohibitions.		
	7.	safety	perator has passed an aeronautical knowledge and test and maintains proof of test passage to be made ble to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.	е	
	8.	U.S.C	ircraft is registered and marked in accordance with 4 C. Chapter 441 and proof of registration is made avai the FAA or law enforcement upon request.		
	49 U.S.C. 44809(a)				
State Law Regulation Limited	A political subdivision, including a school district, may not adopt or enforce any ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding the operation of an unmanned aircraft. An ordinance, order, or other similar measure that violates this provision is void and unen- forceable. <i>Gov't Code 423.009(b), (d)</i>				
Exception	A political subdivision may adopt and enforce an ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding:				
	1.	The u	se of an unmanned aircraft during a special event;		
	2.	The p	olitical subdivision's use of an unmanned aircraft; or		
	3.		se of an unmanned aircraft near a facility or infrastru wned by the political subdivision, if the political subd		
			Applies for and receives authorization from the Fede Aviation Administration to adopt the regulation; and	ral	
		(After providing reasonable notice, holds a public hea on the political subdivision's intent to apply for the au horization.	-	
	"Special event" means a festival, celebration, or other gathering that involves the reservation and temporary use of all or a portion of a public park, road, or other property of a political subdivision; and entertainment, the sale of merchandise, food, or beverages, or mass participation in a sports event; and requires a significant use or coordination of a political subdivision's services.				
	Gov	t Code	e 423.009(a)(2), (c)		
DATE ISSUED: 7/2/2020			13 (of 14	

Privacy Law		lawful to capture an image using an unmanned aircraft in this e for the reasons listed in Government Code 423.002, includ-		
	1.	With the consent of the individual who owns or lawfully occupies the real property captured in the image; or		

2. From a height no more than eight feet above ground level in a public place, if the image was captured without using any electronic, mechanical, or other means to amplify the image beyond normal human perception.

Gov't Code 423.002(a)