Code: GC
Adopted: 7/10/02
Readopted: 4/20/11
Orig. Code: GC



Licensed Staff Positions

The superintendent shall establish licensed staff positions necessary to carry out the district's instructional goals-of the district.

Positions so established may include leadership positions which carry other than classroom teaching responsibility.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.505

OAR 581-021-0045

Job York v. Portland Sch. Dist., No. FDA 83-7 (August 1983).
The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. § 4212 (2012).
Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.
Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

Code: GCA Adopted: 7/10/02

Revised/Readopted: 4/20/11; 9/11/13; 12/13/17;

3/11/20

Orig. Code: GCA

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License Requirements

The Board, in adhering to Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS), shall require all applicants selected for employment for positions that require licensing, to hold a valid Oregon license issued by the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) as a condition of employment. The district must be able to verify the current license of applicants offered employment before the Board will consider approving their employment.

If an applicant's teaching license application with the TSPC is pending, the applicant may teach with Board approval for 90 calendar days after the date of submission of the application, if the applicant has:

- Submitted an application in the manner and form required by the TSPC, including payment of all required fees;
- Completed a background clearance conducted by the TSPC that includes having:
 - Furnished fingerprints, if required;
 - Provided satisfactory responses to character questions in the form and manner required by the TSPC; and
 - c. Completed a criminal records check pursuant to state law and a background check through the interstate clearinghouse for revoked or suspended licenses, and is eligible for a teaching license.
- 3. Not been employed by the district under this 90 calendar day provision during the previous 12 months with a pending application for the same license.

The district will complete a review of the applicant's employment history and verify through TSPC if there is an ongoing investigation or a substantiated report that may constitute sexual conduct as required by law prior to beginning employment.

The district will verify through TSPC the employee is properly licensed on the 91st calendar day after the application was submitted to the TSPC, if the employee's license application is pending and the employee is teaching in the district.

This 90 calendar day teaching option will only be applied to those positions of high need, specialty areas or emergency assignments as determined by the district.

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The verification of licensure includes all license endorsements. It shall be each licensed staff member's responsibility to keep all endorsements current and to submit them to the superintendent's office.

END OF POLICY

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Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.505 ORS 339.374

ORS 342.120 - 342.203 OAR 584-050-0035

OAR 584-200-0020

Code:

GCAB

Adopted:

4/18/12

Revised/Readopted: 7/13/14; 3/11/20

Orig. Code(s):

GCAB

Personal Electronic Devices and Social Media - Staff**

Staff possession or use of personal electronic devices on district property, in district facilities during the work day and while the staff is on duty in attendance at district-sponsored activities may be permitted subject to the limitations set forth in this policy and consistent with any additional school rules as may be established by the superintendent or designee. At no time, whether on duty or off duty, will a personal electronic device be used in a manner that interferes with staff duty and responsibility for the supervision of students.

A "personal electronic device" is a device not issued by the district and is capable of electronically communicating, sending, receiving, storing, recording, reproducing, and/or displaying information and data.

Personal electronic devices shall be silenced during instructional or class time, while on duty or at any other time where such use of the device would cause a disruption of school activities or interfere with a work assignment. Devices, which have the capability to take photographs or record video or audio, shall not be used for such purposes while on district property or while a staff member is on duty at districtsponsored activities, unless as expressly authorized by the principal or designee for a use directly related to and consistent with the employee's assigned duties. Computers, tablets, iPads or similar devices brought to school will be restricted to academic activities during on duty time.

The district will not be liable for loss or damage to personal electronic devices brought to district property and district-sponsored activities.

Staff members, while on duty and off duty, will utilize social media websites, public websites and blogs, judiciously by not posting confidential information about students, staff or district business. Staff may not post images of district facilities, staff, students, volunteers or parents without written authorization from persons with authority to grant such a release. Staff members, while on duty and off duty, will treat fellow employees, students and the public with respect while posting on social media websites, etc., in order to prevent substantial disruption in school.

Communication with students using personal electronic devices will be appropriate and professional. Communication with students using personal electronic devices regarding nonschool-related matters is prohibited during work hours and strongly discouraged at all other times. If communicating with students electronically regarding school-related matters, staff shall use district e-mail using mailing lists and/or other internet messaging to a group of students rather than individual students. Texting a student during work hours is discouraged. Texting a student while off duty is strongly discouraged.

Nothing in this policy is intended in any form to limit the right of employees to engage in protected labor activities via the use of social media.



Exceptions to the prohibitions set forth in this policy may be made for health, safety or emergency reasons with superintendent or designee approval.

Staff are subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal for using a personal electronic device in any manner that is illegal or violates the terms of this policy. Staff actions on social media websites, public websites and blogs, while on or off duty, which disrupt the school environment, are subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. A "disruption" for purposes of this policy includes, but is not limited to, one or more parent threatens to remove their children from a particular class or particular school, actual withdrawal of a student or students from a particular class or particular school and/or a threatened or actual negative impact on the learning environment.

The taking, disseminating, transferring or sharing of obscene, pornographic or otherwise illegal images or photographs, whether by electronic data transfer or otherwise (commonly called texting, sexting, emailing, etc.) may constitute a crime under state and/or federal law. Any person taking, disseminating, transferring or sharing obscene, pornographic or otherwise illegal images or photographs, will be reported to law enforcement and/or other appropriate state or federal agencies.

Licensed staff are subject at all times to the Standards for Competent and Ethical Performance of Oregon Educators.

The superintendent shall ensure that this policy is available to all employees.

END OF POLICY

OBC 1/2 122		
ORS 163.432 ORS 163.433	<u>ORS 163</u> .693	ORS 336.840
ORS 163.684	ORS 163.700	<u>ORS 339</u> .372
ORS 163.686	ORS 167.057	
DRS 163.687	ORS 326.011 ORS 326.051	OAR 584-020-0000 - 020-0035
ORS 163.688	ORS 332.072	0
ORS 163.689	ORS 332.107	Senate Bill 155 (2019)
10 II C C 14(C4 (2010)		
8 U.S.C. § 1466A (2018). 8 U.S.C. § 1470 (2018).		
0 U.S.C. § 7131 (2018).		
20 U.S.C. § 7906 (2018).		
	nded, United States Code (2018); 19 C.F.R. F	2 100 /001 0
Melzer v. Bd. Of Educ City	of New York, 336 F.3d 185 (2d Cir. 2003).	art 133 (2019).
Ross v. Springfield Sch. Dist	L. No. FDA 80-1 aff'd 56 Or App 107 ray	'd and remanded, 294 Or. 357 (1982), order on remand
1983), aff'd, 71 Or, App. 11	1 (1984), rev'd and remanded 300 Or 507 (1986), order on second remand (1987), revised order
	(), 10, d and remainded, 500 Oi. 507 (1980), order on second remand (1987), revised order

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² Ibid. p. 1



Code: Adopted: GCBCA/GDBCA

Continuation Coverage Health Benefits

(If you are a self-insured district, this policy is highly recommended.)

In keeping with federal and state legislation, the district will extend the benefit of "continuation coverage" health insurance to all employees eligible under the law.

Coverage under this policy shall be identical to that provided to all other members of the employees' group plan.

Eligible employees must notify the district within a 60-day period from the date of retirement, termination, reduction in hours or layoff that the employee chooses to continue the district-sponsored health plan.

Premiums for continuation coverage will normally be paid by the employee. Payment may be no more than 102 percent of the actual cost of coverage for the first 18 months. For certain employees eligible for coverage from 18 months up to 29 months, payment may be no more than 150 percent of the actual cost of the coverage. The Board will designate the deadline for payment reaching the business office.

Former employees covered by continuation coverage are responsible for notifying the district when such coverage is no longer needed or if the necessity of moving to an individual plan occurs, whichever is sooner.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 743B.343

Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300bb-1 to -300bb-8 (2012). Tanner v. OHSU, 157 Or. App. 502 (1998).

Code:

GCBDA/GDBDA 4/27/05

Adopted:

Revised/Readopted: 4/20/11; 6/21/17

Orig. Code:

GCBDA/GDBDA



Family Medical Leave

When applicable, the district will comply with the provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) {1}, of 1993, the Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA) {2}, of 1995, the Military Family Leave Act as part of the National Defense Authorization Acts of 2008 and for Fiscal Year 2010 (which expanded certain leave to military families and veterans for specific circumstances), the Oregon Military Family Leave Act (OMFLA), Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance (PFMLI) of 2009 and other applicable provisions of state and federal law, Board policies and collective bargaining agreements regarding family medical leave.

FMLA applies to districts with 50 or more employees within 75 miles of the employee's worksite, based on employment during each working day during any of the 20 or more work weeks in the calendar year in which the leave is to be taken, or in the calendar year preceding the year in which the leave is to be taken. The 50 employee test does not apply to educational institutions for determining employee eligibility.

OFLA and OMFLA applies to districts that employ 25 or more part-time or full-time employees in Oregon, based on employment during each working day during any of the 20 or more work weeks in the calendar year in which the leave is to be taken, or in the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the leave is to be taken.

In order for an employee to be eligible for the benefits under FMLA, the employeehe/she must have been employed by the district for at least 12 months, and have worked at least 1,250 hours during the past 12month period and worked at a worksite that employs 50 district employees within 75 miles of the worksite.

Generally, in In order for an employee to be eligible for the benefits under OFLA, the employeehe/she must work an average of 25 hours or more per week during theand have been employed at least 180 calendar days immediately prior to the first day of the start of the requested family medical leave of absence. For parental leave purposes, an employee becomes eligible upon completing at least 180 calendar days immediately preceding the date on which the parental leave begins: there. There is no minimum average number of hours worked per week when determining employee eligibility for parental leave. Special requirements apply during public health emergencies.

OMFLA applies to employees who work an average of at least 20 hours per week; there is no minimum number of days worked when determining an employee's eligibility for OMFLA.

^{{1} Generally, FMLA applies only to entities with 50 or more employees, however, FMLA applies to all public elementary and secondary educational institutions. See 29 CFR 825.600(b). The rule regarding individual employee eligibility does apply: an employee is only eligible if the employee "is employed at a worksite where 50 or more employees are employed by the employer within 75 miles of that worksite." See 29 CFR 825.110(a)(3). Consequently, FMLA applies to districts with fewer than 50 employees, but individual employees will not be eligible to receive benefits.}

^{{2} OFLA applies to employers with 25 or more employees in Oregon (ORS 659A.153) and OMFLA applies to all public-sector employers in Oregon. (ORS 659A.090(2)) (Oregon BOLI Leave Laws - 2023 Edition)}



PMFLI is generally available to district employees who have earned \$1,000 in subject wages or taxable income during the alternate or base years³, contributed to the PMFLI fund in the alternate or base years and are otherwise eligible.⁴

Federal and state leave entitlements generally run concurrently.

The superintendent or designee will develop administrative regulations as necessary for the implementation of the provisions of both federal and state law.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.507 ORS 657B.010 ORS 659A.090 ORS 659A.093 ORS 659A.096 ORS 659A.099 ORS 659A.150 - 659A.186 OAR 839-009-0200 - 0320

Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213; 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2017); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2017). Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601-2654; 5 U.S.C. §§ 6381-6387 (2012); Family and Medical Leave Act, 29 C.F.R. Part 825 (2017).

Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12133 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2019); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2019). Escriba v. Foster Poultry Farms, Inc. 743 F.3d 1236 (9th Cir. 2014). Senate Bill 999 (2023).

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³ The wages are not required to have been earned for work in the district.

⁴ See OAR 471-070-1010 for additional information.

Code:

GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(1)

Revised/Reviewed:

4/20/11; 9/11/13; 1/15/14;

8/12/15; 12/09/15; 6/21/17;

2/10/21

Orig. Code(s):

GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(1)

Federal Family and Medical Leave/State Family Medical Leave *

Coverage

The federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) applies to districts with 50 or more employees within 75 miles of the employee's work site, based on employment during each working day during any of the 20 or more workweeks in the calendar year in which the leave is to be taken, or in the calendar year preceding the year in which the leave is to be taken. The 50 employee test does not apply to educational institutions for determining employee eligibility.

The Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA) and the Oregon Military Family Leave Act (OMFLA) applies to districts that employ 25 or more part-time or full-time employees in Oregon, based on employment during each working day during any of the 20 or more workweeks in the calendar year in which the leave is to be taken, or in the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the leave is to be taken.

Employee Eligibility

FMLA benefits are available applies to employees who have been employed by worked for the district for at least 12 months, have (not necessarily consecutive) and worked for at least 1,250 hours during the past 12-month period and work at a worksite that employs 50 district employees within 75 miles immediately preceding the start of the worksiteleave.

An employee who has previously qualified for and has taken some portion of FMLA leave may request additional FMLA leave within the same leave year. In such instances, the employee may not need tonot requalify as an eligible employee, if the additional leave applied for is in the same leave year and for the same condition.

Generally, in order for an employee OFLA applies to be eligible for the benefits under OFLA, the employee mustemployees who work an average of 25 hours or more per week during the 180 calendar days-or more immediately prior to the first day of the start of the requested leave. For parental leave purposes, an employee becomes eligible upon completing at least 180 days immediately preceding the date on which the parental leave begins: there. There is no minimum average number of hours worked per week when determining employee eligibility for parental leave.

An employee is eligible to take leave for purposes of OFLA during a period of time covered by a public health emergency except:

 An employee who has worked for the district for fewer than 30 days immediately before the date on which the family leave would commence; or

¹ The requirements of OFLA do not apply to any employer offering eligible employees a nondiscriminatory cafeteria plan, as defined by section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, which provides as one of its options employee leave at least as generous as the leave required by OFLA.

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2. An employee who has worked for the district for an average of fewer than 25 hours per week in the 30 days immediately before the date on which the family leave would commence.

An employee of the district is eligible to take leave for purposes of OFLA if the employee:

- 1. Separates from employment with the district, irrespective of any reason:
 - a. Is eligible to take leave OFLA at the time the employee separates; and
 - b. Is reemployed by the district within 180 days of separation from employment; or
- Is eligible to take OFLA leave:
 - a. At the beginning of a temporary cessation of scheduled hours of 180 days or less; and
 - b. Returns to work at the end of the temporary cessation of scheduled hours of 180 days or less.

Any OFLA leave taken by the employee within any one-year period continues to count against the length of time of OFLA leave the employee is entitled. The amount of time that an employee is deemed to have worked for the district prior to a break in service due to a separation from employment or a temporary cessation of scheduled hours shall be restored to the employee when the employee is reemployed by the district within 180 days of separation from employment or when the employee returns to work at the end of the temporary cessation of scheduled hours of 180 days or less.

An employee who has previously qualified for and has taken some portion of OFLA leave, may request additional OFLA leave within the same leave year. In such instances, the employee must requalify as an eligible employee for each additional leave requested unless one of the following exceptions apply:

- 1. AnA female employee taking, in any order, some or all of who has taken 12 weeks of OFLA pregnancy disability leave and some or all of 12 weeks of OFLA leave for any other purpose, need not requalify leave in the same leave year for any other purpose;
- 2. An employee who has taken 12 weeks of parental leave need not requalify to take an additional 12 weeks in the same leave year for sick child leave; and
- 3. An employee granted leave for a serious health condition for the employee or a family member need not requalify if additional leave is taken in this leave year for the same reason;
- 4. An employee unable to work because of a disabling compensable injury² need not requalify in order to use OFLA leave following a period the employee is off work due to the compensable injury; and
- 5. An employee who has taken serious health condition leave to care for a family member who dies during the employee's serious health condition need not requalify to take leave for the death of that family member.

OMFLA applies to employees who work an average of at least 20 hours per week. There is no minimum number of days worked when determining employee eligibility for OMFLA.

In determining if an employee has been employed for the preceding 180 calendar days, when applicable, the districtemployer must consider days, e.g., paid or unpaid, an employee is maintained on payroll. for any part of a work week. Full-time public school teachers who have been maintained on payroll by thea

² As defined in ORS 656.005.

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district for 180 consecutive calendar days are thereafter deemed to have been employed for an average of at least 25 hours per week during the 180 days immediately preceding the start date of the OFLA leave. This provision is eligible for rebuttal if for example, the employee was on a nonpaid sabbatical.

In determining average workweek, the employer must count the actual hours worked using the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) guidelines.

Qualifying Reason

Eligible employees may access FMLA leave for the following reasons:

- 6. Serious health condition of the employee or the employee's covered family member Serious health condition of the employee or the employee's covered family member. Serious health condition means an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition that involves inpatient care³ or continuing treatment by a health care provider⁴.
 - a. Inpatient care;
 - b. Continuing treatment;
 - c. Chronic conditions:
 - d. Permanent, long-term or terminal conditions;
 - e. Multiple treatments;
 - f. Pregnancy and prenatal care.
- 7. Parental leave⁵ (separate from eligible leave as a result of a child's serious health condition):
 - a. Bonding with and the care for the employee's newborn (within 12 months following birth):
 - b. Bonding with and the care for a newly adopted child or newly placed child in foster care {6} child under the age of 18 (within 12 months of placement);
 - c. Care for a newly adopted child or newly placed child in foster carechild over 18 years of age who is incapable of self-care because of a physical or mental impairment (within 12 months of placement);
 - d. Time to effectuate the legal process required for placement of a child in foster carechild or the adoption of a child.
- 8. Military Caregiver Leave: leave for the care for spouse, childson, daughter or next-of-kin who is a covered servicememberservice member/veteran with a serious injury or illness;
- 9. Qualifying Exigency Leave: leave arising out of the foreign deployment of the employee's spouse, childson, daughter or parent.

Eligible employees may access OFLA for the following reasons:

³ Inpatient care means an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical facility, including any period of incapacity or any subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care. 29 CFR 825.114.

⁴ Continuing treatment includes incapacity and treatment, pregnancy or prenatal care, chronic conditions, permanent or long-term conditions, conditions requiring multiple treatments, and absences attributable to incapacity. See 29 CFR 815.115.

⁵ Parental leave must be taken in one continuous block of time within 12 months of the triggering event.

⁶ {ORS 659A.159 uses the term "foster child." Districts can choose to use either "foster child" or "child in foster care" throughout this AR.}

- Serious health condition of the employee or the employee's covered family member. Serious health condition means:
 - a. Inpatient care;
 - b. Continuing treatment;
 - e. Chronic conditions;
 - d. Permanent, long-term or terminal conditions;
 - e. Multiple treatments;
 - f. Pregnancy and prenatal care.
 - g.a. An illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition that requires inpatient care in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility;
 - h.b. An illness, disease or condition that in the medical judgement of the treating health care provider poses an imminent danger of death, is terminal in prognosis with a reasonable possibility of death in the near future, or requires constant care;
 - i.c. Any period of disability due to pregnancy, or period of absence for prenatal care; or
 - j.d. Any period of absence for the donation of a body part, organ or tissue, including preoperative or diagnostic services, surgery, post-operative treatment and recovery.⁷
- 2. Parental leave (separate from eligible leave as a result of the child's serious health condition):
 - a. Bonding with and the care for the employee's newborn (within 12 months following birth);
 - b. Bonding with and the care for a newly adopted child or newly placed child in foster careehild under the age of 18 (within 12 months of placement);
 - c. Care for a newly adopted child or newly placed child in foster carechild over 18 years of age who is incapable of self-care because of a physical or mental impairment (within 12 months of placement);
 - d. Time to effectuate the legal process required for placement of a child in foster carechild or the adoption of a child.
- 3. Sick Child Leave: leave for non-serious health conditions of the employee's child. For OFLA, sick child leave includes absence to care for an employee's child whose school or child care provider has been closed⁸ in conjunction with a statewide public health emergency declared by a public health official.⁹
- 4. Bereavement Leave: leave related to the death of a covered family member. 10

⁷ This definition is from ORS 659A.150(7). A more detailed definition is available in OAR 839-009-0210(22).

^{8 &}quot;Closure" for the purpose of sick child leave during a statewide public health emergency declared by a public health official means a closure that is ongoing, intermittent, or recurring and restricts physical access to the child's school or child care provider. OAR 839-009-0210(4).

⁹ The district may request verification of the need for sick child leave due to a closure during a statewide emergency. Verification may include:

^{1.} The name of the child being cared for:

^{2.} The name of the school or child care provider that has closed or become unavailable; and

^{3.} A statement from the employee that no other family member of the child is willing and able to care for the child; and. With the care of a child older than 14, a statement that special circumstances exist requiring the employee to provide care to the child during daylight hours.

¹⁰ Bereavement leave under OFLA must be completed within 60 days of when the employee received notice of the death.

- Eligible employees may access OMFLA for the purpose of spending time with a spouse or samegender domestic partner who is in the military and has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty, or who has been deployed during a period of military conflict.
- The eligibility of an employee who takes multiple leaves for different qualified reasons during the same district designated leave yearperiod may be reconfirmed at the start of each qualified leave

Definitions

- 1. Family member:
 - For the purposes of FMLA, "family member" means:
 - (1) Spouse11;
 - (2) Parent:
 - (3) Child; or
 - Persons who are "in loco parentis". (4)
 - For the purposes of OFLA, "family member" means: b.
 - (1) Spouse;
 - (2) Registered, same gender domestic partner;
 - (3) Parent;
 - (4) Parent-in-law;
 - (5) Parent of employee's registered, same-gender domestic partner;
 - (6) Child:
 - (7) Child of employee's registered, same gender domestic partner;
 - (8) Grandchild;
 - (9) Grandparent; or
 - (10) Persons who are "in loco parentis".
 - Spouse or domestic partner; (11)(1)
 - (12)(2)Child or the child's spouse or domestic partner;
 - Parent or the parent's spouse or domestic partner; (13)(3)
 - Sibling or stepsibling, or the sibling's or stepsibling's spouse or domestic partner; (14)(4)(15)(5)
 - Grandparent or the grandparent's spouse or domestic partner; (16)(6)
 - Grandchild or the grandchild's spouse or domestic partner; or
 - (17)(7)Any individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with a covered individual is the equivalent of a family relationship. 12

^{11 &}quot;Spouse" means individuals in a marriage, including "common law" marriage and same-sex marriage. For OFLA, spouse also includes same-sex individuals with a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership.

^{12 &}quot;Affinity" means a relationship for which there is a significant personal bond that, when examined under the totality of the circumstances, is like a family relationship. This bond may be demonstrated by, but is not limited to the following factors, with

a. Shared personal financial responsibility, including shared leases, common ownership of real or personal property, joint

b. Emergency contact designation of the employee by the other individual in the relationship or the emergency contact designation of the other individual in the relationship by the employee;

c. The expectation to provide care because of the relationship or the prior provision of care; HR8/30/23 SL

2. Child:

For the purposes of FMLA, "child" means a biological or, adopted child, a child in or foster careehild, a stepchild, a legal ward or a child of a person standing "in loco parentis", who is either under the age of 18, or who is 18 years of age or older and who is incapable of self-care because of a physical or mental disability impairment.

For the purposes of Military Caregiver Leave and Qualifying Exigency Leave under FMLA, "child" means the employee's childson or daughter on covered active duty regardless of that b.

For the purposes of OFLA, "child" means a biological or, adopted child, a child in, foster carechild or stepchild of the employee, the child of the employee's same-gender domestic C. partner, or a child with whom the employee is or was in a relationship of "in loco parentis".

For the purposes of parental and sick child leave under OFLA, the child must be under the age of 18 or an adult dependent child substantially limited by a physical or mental impairment. d.

In loco parentis: 3.

For the purposes of FMLA, "in loco parentis" means persons with day-to-day responsibility to care for orand financially support a child, or, in the case of an employee, who had such responsibility for the employee when the employee was a child. A biological or legal relationship is not necessary.

For the purposes of OFLA, "in loco parentis" means person in the place of the parent, having financial or day-to-day responsibility for the care of a child. A legal or biological relationship b.

is not required.

Next of kin:

For the purposes of FMLA and Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA, "next of kin" means the nearest blood relative other than the servicemember's spouse, parent, son or childdaughter in the following order of priority (unless otherwise designated in writing by the servicemember):

- Blood relatives who have been granted legal custody of the servicemember by court decree or statutory provisions;
- Siblings; b.
- Brothers or sisters;
- Grandparents; d.c.
- e.d. Siblings of parents and their spouses; and
- Aunts and uncles; and
- g.e. First cousins.

Covered servicemembers: 5.

For the purposes of Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA, "covered servicemember" means a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoingreceiving medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, or is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retiredretire list for a serious injury or illness; or a

Geographic proximity; and

d. Cohabitation and its duration and purpose;

Any other factor that demonstrates the existence of a family-like relationship.

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covered veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness.

6. Covered veteran:

For the purposes of Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA, "covered veteran" means an individuala veteran who wasis undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy for a serious injury or illness provided they were:

- a. A member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves);
- b. Discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable; and
- c. Discharged within the five-year period prior to the first datebefore the eligible employee first takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran, Military Caregiver Leave.

7. Public health emergency:

For OFLA a public health emergency means;

- a. A public health emergency declared under ORS 433.441.
- b. An emergency declared under ORS 401.165 if related to a public health emergency as defined in ORS 433.442.

Leave Period

For the purposes of calculating an employee's leave period, the district will use [the calendar year] [any fixed 12-month "leave year"] [thea "rolling" 12-month period measured forwardbackward from the date the employee'semployee uses any family and medical leave begins] [a "rolling" 12-month period measured backward from the date the employee uses any family and medical leave] [a period of 52 consecutive weeks beginning on the Sunday immediately preceding the date on which family leave commences] {13}. The same method for calculating the one-year 12-month period for FMLA and OFLA leave entitlement shall be used for all employees. However, in all instances, the leave period for the purposes of OMFLA and Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA shall be dependent on the start of any such leave regardless of the district's designated 12-month-leave period described above.

Leave Duration

For the purposes of FMLA, an eligible employee is generally entitled to a total of 12 weeks of qualified leave during the district's designated leave period 14. Spouses who work for the district may be limited to a combined 12 weeks of FMLA leave during the district's designated leave period when the purpose of the leave is for the birth of a child or to care for a child after birth, placement of an adopted child or child in foster care, child or the care for an adopted child or child in foster care, child or the care for an adopted child or child in foster care, after placement, or to care for the employee's parent's serious medical condition. Except in specific and unique instances, all qualified

^{{\}frac{13}{3}} Beginning July 1, 2024, districts are required to use the final bracketed option for OFLA purposes. See SB 999 (2023). Prior to making a change to the leave period calculation, 60 days' notice must be provided to employees. FMLA continues to measure the leave year as 12 months, which could result in slight differences for some employees.}

¹⁴ An eligible employee taking Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA is entitled to up to 26 weeks of leave in the 12-month period beginning with the first day of such leave and regardless of any FMLA leave taken previously during the district's leave period. However, once the 12-month period begins for the purposes of Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA, any subsequent FMLA qualified leave, regardless of reason for such leave, will count toward the employee's 26-week entitlement under Military Caregiver Leave under FMLA.



leave under FMLA counts toward an employee's leave entitlement within the district's designated leave period.

For the purposes of OFLA, an eligible employee is generally entitled to a total of 12 weeks of qualified leave during the district's designated leave period. However, an employee may be woman is entitled to an additional, full 12 weeks of parental leave during the district's designated leave period following the birth of a child regardless of how much OFLA qualified leave the employeeshe has taken prior to the birth of such child during the district's designated leave period. Likewise, an employee who uses the full 12 weeks of parental leave during the district designated leave period, will be entitled to an additional 12 weeks of sick child leave under OFLA during the district's designated leave period for the purpose of caring for a child(ren) with a non-serious health condition requiring home care. Unlike FMLA, OFLA does not combine the leave entitlement for spouses working for the district. However, under OFLA, family members who work for the district may be restricted from taking concurrent OFLA qualified leave.

For the purposes of OMFLA, an eligible employee is entitled to 14 days of leave per call or order to active duty or notification of a leave from deployment. When an employee also meets the eligibility requirements of OFLA, the duration of the OMFLA leave counts toward that employee's leave entitlement during the district's designated leave period.

Except as otherwise noted above, qualified leave under FMLA and OFLA for an eligible employee will run concurrently during the district's designated leave period.

For the purpose of tracking the number of leave hours an eligible employee is entitled and/or has used during each week of the employee's leave, leave entitlement is calculated by multiplying the number of hours the eligible employee normally works per week by 12¹⁷. If an employee's schedule varies from week-to-week, a weekly average of the hours worked over the 12 monthsweeks worked prior to the beginning of the leave period shall be used for calculating the employee's normal workweek¹⁸. If an employee takes intermittent or reduced work schedule leave, only the actual number of hours of leave taken may be counted toward the 12 weeks of leave to which the employee is entitled.

Intermittent Leave

With the exception of parental leave which must be taken in one continuous block of time, an eligible employee is permitted under FMLA and OFLA to take intermittent leave for any qualifying reason.

Intermittent leave is taken in multiple blocks of time (i.e., hours, days, weeks, etc.) rather than in one continuous block of time and/or requiring an alteredrequires a modified or reduced work schedule. For OFLA this includes but is not limited to sick child leave taken requiring an altered or reduced work schedule because the intermittent or recurring closure of a child's school or child care provider due to a statewide public health emergency declared by a public health official.

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¹⁵ Sick child leave under OFLA need not be provided if another family member, including a noncustodial biological parent, is willing and able to care for the child.

¹⁶ Exceptions to the ability to require family members from taking OFLA qualified leave at different times are when 1) employee is caring for the other employee who has a serious medical condition; 2) one employee is caring for a child with a serious medical condition when the other employee is suffering a serious medical condition; 3) each family member is suffering a serious medical condition; 4) each family member wants to take Bereavement Leave under OFLA; and 5) the employer allows the family members to take concurrent leave.

¹⁷ For example, an employee normally employed to work 30 hours per week is entitled to 12 times 30 hours, or a total of 360 hours of leave.

¹⁸ For example, an employee working an average of 25 hours per week is entitled to 12 times 25 hours, or a total of 300 hours of leave.



When an employee is eligible for OFLA leave, but not FMLA leave, the employer:

- 1. May allow an exempt employee, as defined by state and federal law, with accrued paid time off to take OFLA leave in blocks of less than a full day; but
- 2. May not reduce the salary of an employee who is taking intermittent leave when they do not have accrued paid leave available. To do so would result in the loss of exemption under state law.

When an exempt employee is eligible for both OFLA and FMLA leave, and the employee takes intermittent leave in blocks of less than one day, if done in accordance with 29 CFR § 825.206, the district may reduce the employee's salary for the part-day absence without the loss of the employee's exempt status in accordance with OAR 839-020-0004(30)(a).

When an exempt employee is eligible for OFLA but not FMLA leave, and the employee takes intermittent leave in blocks of less than one day, the district will jeopardize the employee's exempt status if the district reduces the employee's salary for the party-day absence.

An employee's FMLA and/or OFLA intermittent leave time is determined by calculating the difference between the employee's normal work schedule and the number of hours the employee actually works during the leave period. The result of such calculation is credited against the eligible employee's leave entitlement.

Holidays or days in which the district is not in operation, are not counted against the eligible employee's intermittent OFLA leave period unless the employee was scheduled and expected to work on any such day.

Alternate Work Assignment

The district may transfer an employee recovering from a serious health condition to an alternate position which accommodates the serious health condition provided:

- 1. The employee accepts the position voluntarily and without coercion;
- 2. The transfer is temporary, lasts no longer than necessary and has equivalent pay and benefits;
- 3. The transfer is compliant with any applicable collective bargaining agreement;
- The transfer is compliant with state and federal law, including but not limited to the applicable protections provided for in FMLA and/or OFLA; and
- 5. The transfer is not used to discourage the employee from taking FMLA and/or OFLA leave for a serious health condition or to create a hardship for the employee.

The district may transfer an eligible employee who is on a foreseeable intermittent-FMLA and/or OFLA leave to another position with the same or different duties to accommodate the leave, provided:

- 1. The employee accepts the transfer position voluntarily and without coercion;
- The transfer is temporary, lasts no longer than necessary to accommodate the leave and has equivalent pay and benefits;
- 3. The transfer is compliant with any applicable collective bargaining agreements;

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- The transfer is compliant with state and federal law, including but not limited to the applicable protections provided for in FMLA and/or OFLA;
- The transfer to an alternate position is used only when there is no other reasonable option available that would allow the employee to use intermittent leave or reduced work schedule; and
- The transfer is not used to discourage the employee from taking intermittent or reduced work schedule leave, or to create a hardship for the employee.

If an eligible employee is transferred to an alternative position to accommodate the employee's serious health condition, and as a result the employee works fewer hours than the employee was working in the original position, the employee's FMLA and/or OFLA leave time is determined by calculating the difference between the employee's normal work schedule and the number of hours the employee actually works during the leave period. The result of such calculation is credited against the eligible employee's leave entitlement.

When an employee is transferred to alternate position as described above but such transfer does not result in a reduced schedule, time worked in any such alternate position shall not be considered for the purpose of FMLA and/or-OFLA leave. An employee working in an alternate position retains the right to return to the employee's original position unless all FMLA and/or-OFLA leave taken in that leave year plus the period of time worked in the alternate position exceeds 12 weeks.

Special Rules for School Employees

For the purposes of FMLA, "instructionalschool employee" means those whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group or an individual settingsettlement. Athletic coaches, driving instructors and special education assistants, such as interpreters for the hearing impaired, are included in this definition. This definition does not apply to teacher assistants or aides who do not have as their principal job actual teaching or instructing, counselors, psychologists, curriculum specialists, cafeteria workers, maintenance workers or bus drivers.

For the purposes of OFLA, "school employee" means employees employed principally as instructors in public kindergartens, elementary schools, secondary schools or education service districts.

FMLA and/or OFLA leave that is taken for a period that ends with the school year and begins with the next semester is considered consecutive rather than intermittent. In any such situation, the eligible school employee will receive any benefits during the break period that employees would normally receive if they had been working at the end of the school year.

Foreseeable Intermittent Leave Exceeding 20 Percent of Working Days

When the qualified leave is foreseeable, will encompass more than 20 percent of the eligible school employee's regular work schedule during the leave period, and the purpose of such leave is to care for a family member with a serious medical condition, for a servicemember with a serious medical condition or because of the employee's own serious medical condition, the district may require the eligible school employee to:

a. Take leave for a period or periods of a particular duration, not greater than the duration of the planned treatment; or

b. Temporarily transfer the eligible school employee to an alternate position for which the employee is qualified, which has equivalent pay and benefits and which better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the employee's original position.

2. Limitation on Leave Near the End of the School Year



When an eligible school employee requests leave near the end of the school year, the district may require the following:

- a. When the qualified leave begins more than five weeks before the end of the school year:
 - (1) For the purposes of FMLA leave, the eligible school employee may be required to continue taking leave until the end of the school year provided:
 - (a) The leave will last at least three weeks; and
 - (b) The employee would return to work during the three-week period before the end of the term.
 - (2) For the purposes of OFLA leave, if the reason for the leave is because of the eligible school employee's own serious health condition, the eligible school employee may be required to remain onin leave until the end of the school year, provided:
 - (a) The leave will last at least three weeks; and
 - (b) The employee's return to work would occur within three weeks of the end of the school year.
- b. For the purposes of FMLA and/or OFLA leave, when the qualified leave begins within five weeks of the end of the school year and the purpose of such leave is parental leave, for the serious health condition of a family member or for the serious health condition of a servicemember, the eligible school employee may be required to remain on leave until the end of the school year provided:
 - (1) The leave will last more than two weeks; and
 - (2) The employee would return to work during the two-week period before the end of the school year.
- c. For the purposes of FMLA and/or OFLA leave, when the qualified leave begins within three weeks of the end of the school year and the purpose of such leave is parental leave, for the serious health condition of a family member or for the serious health condition of a servicemember, the eligible school employee may be required to remain on leave until the end of the school year provided the length of the leave will last more than five working days.

If the district requires an eligible school employee to remain on leave until the end of the school year as described above, additional leave required by the employer until the end of the school year shall not count against the eligible school employee's leave entitlement.

Paid/Unpaid Leave

FMLA and OFLA do not require the district to pay an eligible employee who is on a qualified leave. Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance (PMFLI) leave taken via Paid Leave Oregon or an equivalent plan will run concurrently with OFLA and FMLA when taken for the same purpose. Subject to any related provisions in any applicable collective bargaining agreement [an employee may elect to use any available accrued paid leave including personal and sick leave, or available accrued vacation leave during the leave period], the district requires the eligible employee to use any available accrued sick leave, vacation or personal leave days (or other available paid time established by Board policy(ies) and/or collective

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bargaining agreement) in the order specified by the district and before taking FMLA and/or OFLA leave without pay during the leave period. [19] This includes when an employee is being paid through PMFLI.

The district will notify the eligible employee that the requested leave has been designated as FMLA and/or OFLA leave and ask the employee about the use of available accrued paid leave. , if required by the district, that available accrued paid leave shall be used during the leave period. In the event the district is aware of an OFLA or FMLA qualifying exigency, the district shall notify the eligible employee of its intent to designate the leave as such regardless of whether a request has been made by the eligible employee. Such notification will be given to the eligible employee prior to the commencement of the leave or within two working days of the employee's notice of an unanticipated or emergency leave, whichever is sooner.

When the district does not have sufficient information to make a determination of whether the leave qualifies as FMLA or OFLA leave, the district will provide the required notice promptly when the information is available but no later than two working days after the district has received the information. Oral notices will be confirmed in writing no later than the following payday. If the payday is less than one week after the oral notice is given, written notice will be provided no later than the subsequent payday.

Eligible employees who request OMFLA leave shall not be required to use any available accrued paid time off during the OMFLA leave period.

Benefits and Insurance

When an eligible employee returns to work following a FMLA or OFLA qualified leave, the employee must be reinstated to the same position the employee held when the leave commenced, or to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay and other terms and conditions of employment.

During an OFLA qualified leave an eligible employee does not accrue seniority or other benefits that would have accrued while the employee was working, unless the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, other agreement or other district policy provide otherwise. ²⁰ The eligible employee is also subject to layoff to the same extent similarly situated employees not taking OFLA leave are subject unless the terms of an applicable collective bargaining agreement, other agreement or the district's policies provide otherwise.

For the purposes of FMLA and OFLA, the district will continue to pay the employer portion of the eligible employee's group health insurance contribution (if applicable) during the qualified leave period. The eligible employee is required to pay the employee portion of any such group health insurance contribution as a condition of continued coverage.

For the purposes of FMLA qualified leave, the district's obligation to maintain the employee's group health insurance coverage will cease if the employee's contribution is remitted more than 30 calendar days late. The district will provide written notice that the premium payment is more than 30 calendar days late. Such notice will be provided within 15 calendar days before coverage is to cease.

For the purposes of OMFLA, the eligible employee is entitled to a continuation of benefits.

Fitness-for-Duty Certification

¹⁹ {Coordinate with any language regarding use of accrued leave during PMFLI from GDBDF/GDBDF or any equivalent plan information.}

²⁰ See also ORS 342.934(4)(d) in reduction force situations.

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Prior to the reinstatement of an employee following a leave which was the result of the employee's own serious health condition, the district may require the employee to obtain and present a Fitness-for-Duty Certification. The certification will specifically address the employee's ability to perform the essential functions of the employee's job as they relate to the health condition that was the reason for the leave. If the district is going to require a fitness-for-duty certification upon return to work, the district must notify the employee of such requirement when the leave is designated as FMLA and/or OFLA leave. Failure to provide the certification may result in a delay or denial of reinstatement.

For the purposes of FMLA qualified leave, any costs associated with obtaining the fitness-for-duty certification shall be borne by the employee.

For the purposes of OFLA qualified leave, any out-of-pocket costs associated with obtaining the fitness-for-duty certification shall be borne by the district.

If the leave is qualified under both FMLA and OFLA, any out-of-pocket costs associated with obtaining the fitness-for-duty certification shall be borne by the district.

Application

Under federal and state law, an eligible employee requesting FMLA and/or OFLA leave shall provide at least 30 days' notice prior to the leave date if the leave is foreseeable. The notice shall be written and include the anticipated start date, duration and reasons for the requested leave. When appropriate, the eligible employee must make a reasonable effort to schedule treatment, including intermittent leave and reduced leave, so as not to unduly disrupt the operation of the district.

The district may request additional information to determine that the requested leave qualifies as FMLA and/or OFLA leave. The district may designate the employee as provisionally on FMLA and/or OFLA leave until sufficient information is received to properly make a determination. An eligible employee able to give advance notice of the need to take FMLA and/or OFLA leave must follow the district's employer's known, reasonable and customary procedures for requesting any kind of leave.

For the purposes of FMLA, if advance notice is not possible, an employee eligible for FMLA leave must provide notice as soon as practicable. "As soon as practicable," for the purpose of FMLA leave, means as soon as both possible and practical, taking into account all of the facts and circumstances in the individual case. In most situations, as soon as practicable will be within one business day of an employee becoming aware of the need the employee must comply with the employer's normal call in procedures except in limited and under unique circumstances. Failure of an employee to provide the required notice for FMLA leave may result in the district delaying the employee's leave up to 30 days after the notice is ultimately given.

For the purposes of OFLA, an eligible employee is required to provide oral or written notice within 24 hours of commencement of the leave in unanticipated or emergency leave situations. The employee may designate a family member or friend to notify the district during that period of time. Failure of an employee to provide the required notice for leave covered by OFLA may result in the district deducting up to three weeks from the employee's unused OFLA leave in that one-year leave period. The employee may be subject to disciplinary action for not following the district's notice procedures.

When an employee fails to give advance notice for both the FMLA and OFLA above, the district must choose the remedy that is most advantageous to the employee.²¹

In all cases, proper documentation must be submitted no later than three working days following the employee's return to work.

²¹ See OAR 839-009-0250(4)(c).

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Medical Certification

The district mayshall require an eligible employee to provide medical documentation, when appropriate²², to support the stated reason for such leave. The district will provide written notification to an employee of this requirement within five working days of the employee's request for leave. If the employee provides less than 30 days' notice, the employee is required to submit such medical certification no later than 15 calendar days after receipt of the district's notification that medical certification is required.

Any additional certifications, including second and third opinions, will be in accordance with applicable law.

The district may request re-certification of a condition when the minimum duration of a certification expires if continued leave is requested. If the certification does not indicate a duration or indicates that it is ongoing, the district may request re-certification at least every six months in connection with an absence.

Under federal law, a second medical opinion may be required whenever the district has reason to doubt the validity of the initial medical opinion. The health care provider may be selected by the district. The provider shall not be employed by the district on a regular basis. Should the first and second medical certifications differ, a third opinion may be required. The district and the employee will mutually agree on the selection of the health care provider for a third medical certification. The third opinion will be final. Second and third opinions and the actual travel expenses for an employee to obtain such opinions will be paid for by the district.

Second and Third Opinions

- 1. For the purposes of FMLA, the district may designate a second health care provider, but that person cannot be utilized by the district on a regular basis except in rural areas where health care is extremely limited. If the opinions of the employee's and the district's designated health care provider(s) differ, the district may require a third opinion at the district's expense. The third health care provider must be designated or approved jointly by the employee and the district. This third opinion shall be final and binding.
- 2. For the purposes of OFLA, and except for leave related to sick child leave under OFLA, the district may require the employee to obtain a second opinion from a health care provider designated by the district. If the first and second verifications conflict, the employer may require the two health care providers to jointly designate a third health care provider for the purpose of providing a verification. This third verification shall be final and binding.

Notification

Any notice required by federal and state laws explaining employee rights and responsibilities will be posted in all staff rooms and the district office. Additional information may be obtained by contacting the personnel director.

Posted Notice

²² Medical documentation is not allowed in every situation. Review current laws and guidance for more information.

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The district will post the Bureau of Labor and Industries Family Leave notice in each building or worksite that is accessible to and regularly frequented by employees.²³ The district will also post a notice explaining the provisions of FMLA and providing information concerning the procedures for filing complaints.²⁴

Record Keeping/Posted Notice

The district will maintain all records as required by federal and state laws including dates leave is taken by employees, identified separately from other leave; hours/days of leave; copies of general and specific notices to employees, including Board policy(ies) and regulations; premium payments of employee health benefits while on leave and records of any disputes with employees regarding granting of leave.

Medical documentation will be maintained separately from personnel files as confidential medical records.

The district will post notice of FMLA and OFLA leave requirements.

Federal vs. State Law

Both federal and state law contain provisions regarding leave for family illness. Federal regulations state an employer must comply with both laws; that the federal law does not supersede any provision of state law that provides greater family leave rights than those established pursuant to federal law; and that OFLA and FMLA leave entitlements run concurrently. State law requires that FMLA and OFLA leave entitlements run concurrently when possible.

For example, due to differences in regulations, an eligible employee who takes OFLA leave after 180 days of employment, but before they are eligible for FMLA leave, is still eligible to take a full 12 workweeks of FMLA leave after meeting FMLA's eligibility requirements. Thereafter, any eligible leave period will run concurrently, when appropriate.

²³ https://www.oregon.gov/boli/employers/Documents/BOLI Printable FamilyMedLv.pdf; electronic posting is not sufficient to satisfy this requirement, but may be used to supplement the physical posting.

²⁴ https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/fmlaen.pdf; electronic posting is sufficient as long as it is posted prominently where it can be readily seen by employees and applicants for employees. The poster and the text must be large enough to be easily read and contain fully legible text.



EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT

Basic Leave Entitlement

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to eligible employees for the following reasons:

- For incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth:

To care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;

- To care for the employee's spouse, son or daughter, or parent, who has a serious health condition; or

-For a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

Military Family Leave Entitlements

Eligible employees with a spouse, son, daughter, or parent on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status may use their 12-week leave entitlement to address certain qualifying exigencies. Qualifying exigencies may include attending certain military events, arranging for alternative childcare, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, and attending post-deployment reintegration

FMLA also includes a special leave entitlement that permits eligible employees to take up to 26 weeks of leave to care for a covered servicemember during a single 12-month period. A covered servicemember daring a single 12 month period. At eovered servicemember is: (1) a current member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness*; or (2) a veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness*.
*The FMLA definition of "serious injury or illness" for current servicemembers and veterans are distinct from the FMLA definition of "serious health condition".

Benefits and Protections
During FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan" on the same terms realite of the employee had continued to work. Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.

Use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

Eligibility Requirements

Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least 12 months, have 1,250 hours of service over the previous 12 months, and if at least 50 employees are employed by the complexity of the product of the complexity of the employed by the employer within 75 miles.

Definition of Serious Health Condition

A serious health condition is an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves either an overnight stay in a medical care facility, or continuing treatment by a health care provider for a condition that either prevents the employee from performing the functions of the employee's job, or prevents the qualified family member from participating in school or other daily activities.

Subject to certain conditions, the continuing treatment requirement may be met by a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days combined with at least two visits to a health care provider or one visit and a regimen of continuing treatment, or incapacity due to pregnancy, or incapacity due to a

chronic condition. Other conditions may meet the definition of continuing treatment.

Use of Leave

An employee does not need to use this leave entitlement in one block. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary. Employees must make reasonable efforts to schedule leave for planned medical treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the employer's operations. Leave due to qualifying exigencies may also be taken on an intermittent

Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave

Employees may choose or employers may require use of accrued paid leave while taking FMLA leave. In order to use paid leave for FMLA leave, employees must comply with the employer's normal paid leave policies.

Employee Responsibilities

Employees must provide 30 days advance notice of the need to take FMLA leave when the need is foreseeable. When 30 days' notice is not possible, the employee must provide notice as soon as practicable and generally must comply with an employer's normal call-in procedures.

Employees must provide sufficient information for the employer to determine if the leave may qualify for FMLA protection and the anticipated timing and duration of the leave. Sufficient information may include that the employee is unable to perform job functions, the family member is unable to perform daily activities, the need for hospitalization or continuing treatment by a health care provider, or circumstances supporting the need for military family leave. Employees also must inform the employer if the requested leave is for a reason for which FMLA leave was previously taken or certified. Employees also may be required to provide a certification and periodic recertification supporting the need for leave.

Employer Responsibilities

Covered employers must inform employees requesting leave whether they are eligible under FMLA. If they are, the notice must specify any additional information required as well as the employees rights and responsibilities. If they are not eligible, the employer must provide a reason for the ineligibility. Covered employers must inform employees if leave will be designated as FMLA protected and the amount of leave counted against the employee's leave entitlement. If the employer determines that the leave is not FMLA protected, the employer must notify the employee.

Unlawful Acts by Employers
FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to: - Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right

provided under FMLA; and

Discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

Enforcement

An employee may file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer. FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical laws or induced to the control of the control leave rights.

FMLA section 109 (29 U.S.C. § 2619) requires FMLA covered employers to post the text of this notice. Regulations 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(a) may require additional disclosures.

For additional information:

1-866-4US-WAGE (1-866-487-9243) TTY: 1-877-889-5627

WWW.WAGEHOUR.DOL.GOV

U.S. Department of Labor | Wage and Hour Division



Code: GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(2) Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 1/15/14; 8/12/15;

12/09/15; 6/21/17; 2/10/21

Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(2)

Request for Family and Medical Leave

Employee Request for Family and Medical Leave (FMLA) and/or Oregon Family Leave (OFLA)

PLEASE PRINT

177	ame		Effective date of the leave
De	partme	ent	Title
Sta	atus: 🗆	Full-time □ Part-time □Temporar	у
Hi	re date		Length of service
На	ve you	taken a family leave in the past 12	
Ify	es, ho	w many work days?	Reason for leave
		family or medical leave for one or m	
1.			and to care for my childhim or her. (District: Use GCBDA/GDBDA-
		Expected date of birth	Actual date of birth
		Leave to start	Expected return date
2.		Because of the placement of a chi GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(A) Cert	ld with me for adoption or foster core (Dist.)
		Age of child	Date of placement
		Leave to start	Expected return date

A physician's certification may be required to support a request for family and medical leave. In addition, a fitness-for-duty certification may be required before reinstatement following the leave.

² "Family member," for purposes of FMLA and OFLA leave, means the spouse, custodial parent, noncustodial parent, adoptive parent, stepparent or foster parent, biological parent, child of the employee (biological, adopted, foster or step child, a legal ward or child of the employee standing in loco parentis) or a person with whom the employee is or was in a relationship of "in loco parentis." Additionally, when defining "family member" under OFLA (but not FMLA leave), the definition includes a grandparent, grandchild, parents-in-law or the parents of the employee's registered domestic partner.



		Leave to start Expected return date Please check one: □ Spouse³ □ Child □ Parent □ Individual who was in <i>loco parentis</i> when the employee was a child □ Parent-in-law or the parent of the employee's registered domestic partner (OFLA leave only) □ Custodial parent □ Noncustodial parent □ Adoptive parent □ Stepparent □ Foster parent □ Grandparent (OFLA leave only) □ Grandchild (OFLA leave only).
		Please state name and address of relation: Name Address
		Does the condition render the family member unable to perform daily activities?
4.		Sick child leave due to the closure of a child's school or child care provider.
5.		For a serious health condition which prevents me from performing my job functions. (District: Use GCBDA/ GDBDA-AR(3)(A) Certification Form)
		Describe
		Leave to start Expected return date
		Regarding 3 or 4 above, request intermittent (reduced workday hours) or reduced leave (fewer workdays each workweek) schedule or alternate duty (if applicable, subject to employer's approval). Please describe schedule of when you anticipate you will be unavailable to work:
6.		To care for a child with a condition requiring home care which does not meet the definition of serious health condition and is not life threatening or terminal (OFLA leave only).
7.		A qualifying exigency arising from an employee's spouse, childson, daughter, or parent who is a covered servicemember as defined in GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(1), or leave for the spouse per each deployment of the spouse when the spouse has either been notified of an impending call to active duty, has been ordered to active duty, or has been deployed or on leave from deployment. (District: Use GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(C) Certification Form)
8.		1.11d-see doughter parent or next of kin ⁴ who is a covered servicemember with a
9.		For the death of a family member (OFLA only).
Sul ava per	ailable riod.+	o any related provisions in any applicable collective bargaining agreement, I understand that I may use any accrued paid leave, including personal and sick leave or available accrued vacation leave during the leave understand that the district requires me to use any available accrued sick leave, vacation, personal leave understand that the district requires me to use any available accrued sick leave, vacation, personal leave other available paid time established by Board policy(ies) and/or collective bargaining agreement) in the period by the district and before taking leave without pay during the leave period.

If my request for a leave is approved, it is my understanding that without an authorized extension when the need for an extension could be anticipated, I must report to duty on the first workday following the date my leave is

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³ "Spouse" means individuals in a marriage including "common law" marriage and same-sex marriage. For OFLA, spouse also includes same-sex individuals with a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership.

^{4 &}quot;Next of kin" means the nearest blood relative of the eligible employee.



scheduled to end. I understand that failure to do so will constitute unequivocal notice of my intent not to return to work and the district may terminate my employment. (A fitness-for-duty certification may be required.)

I authorize the district to deduct from my paychecks any employee contributions for health insurance premiums, life insurance or long-term disability insurance which remain unpaid after my leave, consistent with state and/or federal law.

I have been provided a copy of the district's family and medical leave policy and a copy of my rights and responsibilities under the Family Medical Leave Act leave request form.

Signature of Employee:	Date:
------------------------	-------

Code: GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(A)

Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 6/21/17

Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(A)

Certification of Health Care Provider

Employee's Serious Health Condition

To be Completed by the District:

The Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that a district may require an employee seeking FMLA leave protections because of a need for leave due to a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the employee's health care provider. Employees may not be asked to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations. The district will maintain records and documents relating to medical certification, recertifications or medical histories of employee's family members, created for FMLA purposes, as confidential medical records in separate files from personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies, and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1635.9, if the Genetic Information Discrimination Act applies.

District contact person: _			
Employee's job title:		Regular work schedule:	
Employee's essential job	functions:		
Check if job description	is attached: □		
Return this completed for requirement).	orm on	(date) (must be at least 15 days after	employee is notified of this
To be Completed by th	e Employee:		
The return of this form i	s required to obtain	ving this form to your family member or the n or retain the benefit for FMLA protections on may result in a denial of your FMLA required.	s. Failure to provide a
Employee's name:	First	Middle	Last

To be Completed by Health Care Provider:

Your patient has requested leave under the FMLA. Answer fully and completely, all applicable parts below. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be the best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown" or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the employee is seeking leave. Do not provide information about genetic tests, as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(f), genetic services, as defined in 29. C.F.R. §1635.3(e) or the manifestation of disease or disorder in the employee's family members, as defined in 29 C.F.R. 1635.3(b). Extra space is provided, should you need it. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.

CR4/13/17 | RS

Certification of Health Care Provider - GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(A)



y J	pe of practice/medical specialty:
	ephone: () Fax: ()
n	ail:
	dical Facts
	The approximate date the condition commenced:
	The probable duration of the condition:
	Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, dates of admission:
	List the dates(s) you treated the patient for the condition:
	Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g. physical therapist ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment:
	Is the medical condition pregnancy? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, expected delivery date:
	Use the information provided by the district in the "To be Completed by the District" section to answer this question. If the district fails to provide a list of the employee's essential functions or a job description, answer these questions based upon the employee's own description of their his/her job functions.
	Is the employee unable to perform any of their his/her job functions due to the condition? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, identify the job functions the employee is unable to perform:

No deal and assessment of the	4.	Describe other relevant medi (such medical facts may incl of specialized equipment):	ude symptoms, diagnosis or a	ny regimen of continuing treatmen	iii sucii as the use
	Am	ount of Leave Needed			
	1.	Will the employee be incapa condition, including any tim	acitated for a single continuou te for treatment and recovery?	s period of time due to their his/he □ Yes □ No	# medical
		If yes, estimate the beginning	ng and ending dates for the per	riod of incapacity:	
	2.	Will the employee need to a schedule because of the em	attend follow-up treatment app ployee's medical condition? [oointments or work part-time or or	n a reduced
		If yes, are the treatments or ☐ Yes ☐ No	the reduced number of hours	of work medically necessary?	
		Estimate treatment schedul- for each appointment, inclu	e, if any, including the dates on the dates on the dates on the dates on the dates of the dates	f any scheduled appointments and	d the time required
		Estimate the part-time or re	educed work schedule the emp	ployee needs, if any:	
		hour(s) per day;	days per week from _	through	
	3.		oisodic flare-ups periodically p	preventing the employee from per	
		☐ Yes ☐ No		rom work during the flare-ups?	
		If yes, explain:			
		fraguency of flare-uns and	's medical history and your kr I the duration of related incapa every three months lasting one	nowledge of the medical condition acity that the employee may have to two days):	n, estimate the over the next six
		Frequency:	times per	week(s)	month(s)
				day(s) per episode	

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_	1	

Code:

GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(B)

Revised/Reviewed:

4/20/11; 6/21/17

Orig. Code(s):

GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(B)

Certification of Health Care Provider

Family Member's Serious Health Condition

To be Completed by the District:

The Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that a district may require an employee seeking FMLA leave protections because of a need for leave to care for a covered family member with a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the health care provider of the covered family member. Employees may not be asked to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations. The district will maintain records and documents relating to medical certification, recertifications or medical histories of the employee's family members, created for FMLA purposes, as confidential medical records in separate files from personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies, and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1635.9, if the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act applies.

a total delay		Regular work schedule:	
Employee's Job title:			
Employee's essential job fi	anctions:		
Check if job description is	attached:		- (a.). (d.
= 11:lated form	m on (d	ate) (must be at least 15 days after emp	ployee is notified of th
requirement).	ii on		
T. I. Completed by the	Employee:	To the second se	
To be Completed by the	below before giving this	form to your family member or theirhin the benefit for FMLA protections. Fresult in a denial of your FMLA reques	is/her medical provide ailure to provide a .t.
To be Completed by the	below before giving this required to obtain or retainedical certification may r	esult in a denial of your FMLA reques	is/her medical provide ailure to provide a it. Last
To be Completed by the Complete the information The return of this form is complete and sufficient m Employee's name:	below before giving this required to obtain or retainedical certification may reference.	esult in a denial of your FMLA reques Middle	Last
To be Completed by the Complete the information The return of this form is complete and sufficient m Employee's name:	below before giving this required to obtain or retainedical certification may reference.	esult in a denial of your FMLA reques	Last
To be Completed by the Complete the information The return of this form is complete and sufficient m Employee's name:	below before giving this required to obtain or retainedical certification may reference.	esult in a denial of your FMLA reques Middle	Last



	are reave needed to provide such care:
	wlavia C'
zm	ployee Signature Date
Го	be Completed by Health Care Provider:
on nd nay ee Cxti	employee listed above has requested leave under the FMLA to care for your patient. Answer fully and applicable parts below. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a dition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be the best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience and the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the patient is leave. Do not provide information about genetic tests, as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 1635.3(f), C.F.R. § 1635.3(g), a space is provided, should you need it. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.
	vider's name and business address:
`ур	e of practice/medical specialty:
ele	shana. ()
[o d	ical Facts
	The approximate date the condition commenced:
	The probable duration of the condition:
	Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, dates of admission:
	List the dates(s) you treated the patient for their condition:
	Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g. physical therapist)? □Yes □ No
	If yes, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment:

	m C
2.	Is the medical condition pregnancy? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, expected delivery date:
3.	Describe other relevant medical facts, if any, related to the condition for which the employee seeks leave (such medical facts may include symptoms, diagnosis or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the use of specialized equipment):
	ount of Leave Needed
may	en answering these questions, keep in mind that your patient's need for care from the employee seeking leave include assistance with basic medical, hygienic, nutritional, safety or transportation needs, or the provision of sical or psychological care:
1.	Will the patient be incapacitated for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	If yes, estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of incapacity:
	During this time, will the patient need care? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Explain the care needed by the patient and why such care is medically necessary:
2.	Will the patient require follow-up treatments, including any time for recovery? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Estimate treatment schedule, if any, including the dates of any scheduled appointments and the time required for each appointment, including any recovery period:
	Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary:
3.	□ Yes □ No
	Estimate the hours the patient needs care on an intermittent basis, if any:
	hour(s) per day; days per week from through

Ó	K
---	---

Will the condition cause episodic flare-ups periodically preventing the patient from participating in nor daily activities? \square Yes \square No				
frequency of flare-u	ps and the duration of re	d your knowledge of the melated incapacity that the pass lasting one to two days):	nedical condition, estimate the atient may have over the next six	
Frequency:	times per	week(s) day(s) per episode	month(s)	
Duration:	hours or	day(s) per episode	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	ded by the patient, and	why such care is medically	necessary:	
	ded by the patient, and	why such care is medically	necessary:	
		why such care is medically		
	dentify the question n			

Code: GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(C)

Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 6/21/17

Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(C)

Military Family Leave

Certification of Qualifying Exigency for Military Family Leave

Section	on 1: (To be completed by the district)							
distric	The Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) and the Oregon Military Family Leave Act (OMFLA) provide that a district may require an employee seeking FMLA or OMFLA leave due to a qualifying exigency or due to notification of impending call to active duty or deployment to submit a certification. Employees may not be asked to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA or OMFLA regulations.							
Distri	ict Name and Address:							
4Supe	erintendent or designee information:							
Secti	on 2: (To be completed by the employee)						
you s quali- section such Your may return	plete the information below fully and compound in a timely, complete and sufficient ce fying exigency or due to notification of im on seek a response as to the frequency or das "lifetime," "unknown" or "indeterminal response is required to obtain a benefit. We result in a denial of your request for qualify in this form to the district.	ertification to support apending call to activate activat	ret a request for FMLA we duty or deployment fying exigency. Be as cient to determine FN quired to provide this rict must give you at	nt. Several questions in this sepecific as you can; terms MLA or OMFLA coverage.				
Emp	loyee's Name:First	Middle		Last				
Nam	e of covered military member on active du	ity or call to active of	luty status in support					
First	Middl	e	Last					
Rela Perio	tionship of covered military member to yo od of covered military member's active du	u: ty:						
writt a cor	omplete and sufficient certification to supported the documentation confirming a covered mutingency operation. Please check one of the tary member is on covered active duty or covered active.	nilitary member's ac he following and att	ach the indicated doc	ctive duty status in support of				
	the state of the s							



Part A: Qualifying Reason for Leave

2.	Describe the reason you impending call or order	are requesting OMFLA leav to active duty, or b) impendi	ve (include the specific reason below, either a) an ing leave from deployment):	
3.	include a copy of a meet confirming the military n a third party, such as a co	ing announcement for inform member's Rest and Recuperal	equest for qualifying leave due to a qualifying exig supports the need for leave; such documentation n nation briefings sponsored by the military a docum ation Leave; a document confirming an appointment taff at a care facility; or a copy of a bill for service	nay nent nt with
ort 1	attached? ☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ None available	written documentation supporting this request for	s for leave
	B: Amount of Leave Nee The approximate date the		loyment commenced or will commence is:	
			nt is:	
	Will you need to be absendeployment? ☐ Yes ☐ N	nt from work for a single cont lo	tinuous period of time due to the qualifying exigen	ncy or
	If yes, estimate the beginn	ning and ending dates for the	period of absence:	
			address this qualifying exigency or deployment?	
	= 163 🗷 110			
			tes of any scheduled meetings or appointments:	
			tes of any scheduled meetings or appointments:	
- -	If yes, estimate the schedu	duration of each appointment		me
- - (Estimate the frequency and (i.e. one deployment-relate)	d duration of each appointment and meeting every month lasting		



Part C: Third Party Certification

If leave is requested to meet with a third party (such as to arrange for childcare, to attend counseling, to attend meetings with school or childcare providers, to make financial or legal arrangements, to act as the covered military member's representative before a federal, state or local agency for purposes of obtaining, arranging or appealing military service benefits, or to attend any event sponsored by the military or military service organizations), a complete and sufficient certification includes the name, address and appropriate contact information of the individual or entity with whom you are meeting (i.e. either the telephone or fax number or email address of the individual or entity). This information may be used by the district to verify that the information contained on this form is accurate (FMLA only).

Name of individual:	Title:
Organization:	
Address:	
Telephone: ()	Fax: ()
Email:	
Part D: Employee Signature	
I certify that the information I provided above by the employee within five business days of	e is true and correct. (For OMFLA leave purposes, notice must be given receiving an official notice.)
Signature of Employee	Date

Code: GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(D)
Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 9/11/13; 6/21/17
Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(3)(D)



Military Family Leave

Certification for Serious Injury or Illness of Covered Servicemember for Military Family Leave

Notice and instructions to the district:

The Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that a district may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered servicemember to submit a certification providing sufficient facts to support the request for leave. Employees may not be asked to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations 29 C.F.R. § 825.310. The district will maintain records and documents relating to medical certification, recertifications or medical histories of employees or employees' family member, created for FMLA purposes, as confidential medical records in separate files from personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

Complete the employee and covered servicemember information below before giving this form to your family

Section 1

Part A: Employee Information

District Name and Add	lress	
Name of employee req	uesting leave to care for covered servic	emember:
First	Middle	Last
Name of covered servi	cemember for whom employee is reque	esting leave to care for:
First	Middle	Last
Relationship of employ	vee to covered servicemember requesting	ng leave to care for:
□Spouse □ Parent	☐ Child ☐ Next of kin	
Part B: Covered Serv	icemember Information	
	ervicemember a current member of the reteran? Yes No	regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or
16	cemember please provide the covered	servicemember's military branch, rank and unit



	If a qualifying veteran, when was the date of discharge?
	Is the covered servicemember assigned to a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients (such as medical hold or warrior transition unit)? Yes No
	If yes, provide the name of the medical facility or unit:
2.	Is the covered servicemember on the Temporary Disability Retired List (TDRL)? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Par	C: Care to be Provided to the Covered Servicemember
Descare	cribe the care to be provided to the covered servicemember and an estimate of the leave needed to provide the
	ion 2:
who	completion by a United States Department of Defense (DOD) Health Care Provider or a Health Care Provider is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE with authorized private health care provider; (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care rider; or (4) a health care provider as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 825.125.)
to re	ou are unable to make certain of the military-related determinations contained below in Part B, you are permitted by upon determinations from an authorized DOD representative (such as a DOD recovery care coordinator). see ensure that Section 1 above has been completed before completing this section. Please be sure to sign the non the last page.
Par	A: Health Care Provider Information
Hea	Ith care provider's name and business address:
Тур	e of practice/medical specialty:
TRI	se state whether you are either: (1) a DOD health care provider; (2) a VA health care provider; (3) a DOD CARE network authorized private health care provider; (4) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private provider; or (5) a health care provider as defined in 29 C.F.R. § 825.125.
Tele	ephone: ()

ok.

Part B: Medical Status

Cove	Covered servicemember's medical condition is classified as (check one of the appropriate boxes):				
	(VSI) Very Seriously III/Injured – Illness/Injury is of such a severity that life is imminently endangered. Family members are requested at the bedside immediately. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD health care providers.)				
	(SI) Seriously Ill/Injured – Illness/Injury is of such severity that there is cause for immediate concern, but there is no imminent danger to life. Family members are requested at bedside. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD health care providers.)				
	Other Ill/Injured – A serious injury or illness that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank or rating.				
	None of the above. (Note to employee: If this box is checked, you may still be eligible to take leave to care for a covered family member with a "serious health condition". If such leave is requested, you may be required to complete the form <i>Certification of Health Care Provider for Family Member's Serious Health Condition.</i>)				
	Was the condition for which the covered servicemember is being treated incurred in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces? \square Yes \square No				
	did the condition exist before the beginning of active duty and aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty? \square Yes \square No				
Appr	opriate date condition commenced:				
Proba	Probable duration of condition and/or need for care:				
Is the	covered servicemember undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
If yes	, please describe medical treatment, recuperation or therapy:				
rt C: Co	vered Servicemember's Need for Care by Family Member				
Will	the covered servicemember need care for a single continuous period of time, including any time for nent and recovery? Yes No				
If yes	, estimate the beginning and ending dates for this period of time:				
Will	he covered servicemember require periodic follow-up treatment appointments? Yes No				
If yes	, estimate the treatment schedule:				
appoi	re a medical necessity for the servicemember to have periodic care for these follow-up treatment ntment? s □ No				



4.	Is there a medical necessity for the covered servicemember to have periodic care for other than schedule follow-up treatment appointments (e.g. episodic flare-ups of medical conditions)? Yes No
	If yes, estimate the frequency and duration of the periodic care.

Code: GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(4) Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 9/11/13; 1/15/14;

12/09/15; 2/10/21

Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(4)



FMLA/OFLA Eligibility Notice to Employee

DATE:	
TO:	
	(Employee's name)
FROM:	
	(Name of appropriate employer representative)
SUBJECT:	Request for FMLA and/or OFLA Leave
On	(date) you notified us of your need to take family/medical leave due to:
1	The birth of your child or the placement of a child with you for adoption or foster care;
2	A serious health condition that makes you unable to perform the essential functions of your job;
3.	A serious health condition of your □ spouse¹, □ child (including the biological, grandchild, adopted or foster child or stepchild of an employee or a child with whom the employee is or was in a relationship of "in loco parentis"), □ parent (biological parent of an employee or an individual who stood "in loco parentis" to an employee when the employee was a child), □ grandparent (OFLA leave only), □ parent-in-law or the parent of an employee's registered domestic partner (OFLA leave only), □ custodial parent, □ noncustodial parent, □ adoptive parent, □ foster parent for which you are needed to provide care;
4	Sick child leave due to the closure of a child's school or child care provider;
5.	An illness or injury to your child which requires home care but is not a serious health condition (OFLA leave only);
6.	A qualifying exigency arising from a spouse, child or parent in the Armed Forces on covered active duty, or in the National Guard or Reserves on covered active duty;
7	Your spouse has been notified of an impending call to active duty, has been ordered to active duty or has been deployed or on leave from deployment;
8.	A serious illness or injury, incurred in the line of duty, of a covered service member who is your spouse, child, parent or next of kin;
9	For the death of a family member (OFLA only).

¹ "Spouse" means individuals in a marriage, including "common law" marriage and same-sex marriage. For OFLA, spouse also includes same-sex individuals with a Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership.



conti	nue	fied us that you need this leave beginning on (date) and that you expect leave to until on or about (date). The FMLA requires that you notify the district as soon as if dates of scheduled leave changes or are extended, or were initially unknown.
in a land	2-m e ye h pe A lea	s explained below, you have a right under the FMLA and/or OFLA for up to 12 workweeks of unpaid leave north period for the reasons listed above. The district will use the calendar year [any fixed 12-month period measured forward from the date the employee's leave begins] a "rolling" 12-riod measured backward from the date the employee uses any family medical leave. FMLA leave and ave generally run concurrently. In order to care for an injured service member, you are entitled to up to 26 leave in a single 12-month period.
same	con	ar health benefits under FMLA and OFLA must be maintained during any period of unpaid leave under the ditions as if you continued to work, including you continuing to pay the same portion of the premiums you pay. You will be reinstated to the same position, or in some cases under state or federal law, to an at position.
recur	renc msta	not return to work following FMLA and/or OFLA leave for a reason other than: (1) the continuation, see or onset of a serious health condition which would entitle you to FMLA and/or OFLA; or (2) other ances beyond your control, you may be required to reimburse the district for health insurance premiums your behalf during your FMLA and/or OFLA leave.
This	is to	inform you that (check appropriate boxes, explain where indicated):
1.	Yo	ou are □ eligible □ not eligible for leave under □ FMLA □ OFLA □ both FMLA and OFLA.
2.		the requested leave may be counted against your annual \square FMLA leave entitlement \square OFLA leave titlement \square FMLA and OFLA leave entitlements.
3.	yo	ou will will not be required to furnish a medical certification of a serious health condition. If required, u must furnish the certification by (date) (must be at least 15 days after you are tified of this requirement).
4.	yo	ou may elect to substitute accrued paid leave for unpaid FMLA leave. We \square will \square will not require that u substitute accrued paid leave for unpaid FMLA and/or OFLA leave. If paid leave will be used, the llowing conditions will apply: (<i>Explain</i>)
5.	a.	If you normally pay a portion of the premiums for your health insurance, these payments will continue during the period of FMLA and/or OFLA leave. Arrangements for payment have been discussed with you and it is agreed that you will make premium payments as follows: (Set forth dates, e.g., the 10th of each month or pay periods, etc., that specifically cover the agreement with the employee.)
5.	b.	You have a minimum \$\square\$ 30-day \$\square\$ Other: (indicate longer period, if applicable) grace period in which to make premium payments. If payment is not timely made, your group health insurance may be canceled. We will notify you in writing at least 15 days before the date that your health coverage will lapse. At our option, we may also pay your share of the premiums during your FMLA and/or OFLA leave as provided by Board policy and/or collective bargaining agreement, and recover
2.0		Military Family Lagra Act allows for 14 days of lagra par danlayment
- Ore	gon	Military Family Leave Act allows for 14 days of leave per deployment.

CR11/06/20 | RS

OK

these payments from you upon your return to work. We \square will \square will not pay your share of health insurance premiums while you are on FMLA and/or OFLA leave. c. We \square will \square will not do the same with other benefits (e.g., life insurance, disability insurance, etc.) 5. while you are on FMLA and/or OFLA leave. If we do pay your premiums for other benefits, when you return from leave you □ will □ will not be expected to reimburse us for the payments made on your behalf. d. Except as noted above, in the event you do not return to work for the district after your FMLA and/or 5. OFLA leave, and the district has paid your share of benefit premiums, you □ will □ will not be responsible for reimbursing the district the amount paid on your behalf with the exceptions noted in C.F.R. § 104 (c)(2)(B) of the FMLA. ☐ You will be required to present a fitness-for-duty certification prior to being restored to employment 6. following leave for your own serious health condition. If such certification is required but not received, your return to work may be delayed until the certification is provided. A list of essential functions for your position is attached. The fitness-for-duty certification must address your ability to perform these functions. ☐ You will not be required to present a fitness-for-duty certification prior to being restored to employment following leave for your own serious health condition. a. You □ are □ are not a "key employee" as described in C.F.R. § 825.218 of the FMLA regulations. 7. If you are a "key employee," reinstatement to employment may be denied following FMLA leave on the grounds that such restoration will cause substantial and grievous economic injury to the district. (FMLA leave only.) b. We \square have \square have not determined that restoring you to employment at the conclusion of FMLA leave 7. will cause substantial and grievous economic harm to us. (FMLA leave only.) (Explain (a) and/or (b) below.) While on FMLA and/or OFLA leave you □ will □ will not be required to furnish us with periodic reports 8. (indicate interval of periodic reports, as appropriate for the particular leave situation) of your status and intent to return to work. If the circumstances of your leave change and you are able to return to work earlier than the date indicated on this form, you \(\sigma\) will \(\sigma\) will not be required to notify us at least two workdays prior to the date you intend to report for work. You \square will \square will not be required to furnish recertification relating to a serious health condition. (FMLA 9. leave only.) (Explain below, if necessary, including the interval between certifications as prescribed in C.F.R. § 825.308 of the FMLA regulations.) You are notified that all leave taken for the purposes of the death of a family member, counts toward the total 10. period of authorized family leave.

GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(5) Code:

4/20/11; 6/21/17 Revised/Reviewed:

GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(5) Orig. Code(s):

Sample Designation Letter to Employee - FMLA/OFLA Leave

The following is a sample cover letter to an employee notifying the employee that the employer is treating a request for leave as a request for FMLA and/or OFLA leave (either paid or unpaid) that will reduce the employee's FMLA and/or OFLA leave entitlement. This letter, along with the Designation Notice -FMLA/OFLA form GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(6) or the FMLA/OFLA Eligibility Notice form GCBDA/ GDBDA-AR(4), should be mailed to the employee within five working days after receiving enough information to determine whether the leave qualifies under FMLA or OFLA.

determine whether the leave quo	difies under FMLA or OFLA.
(Recommend leaving brackets in Dear Employee:	n on this one; it's a template.)
for protected time under the Far (OFLA). Under our policy, a lea (FMLA), may run concurrently disability leave, OFLA and leave qualifies for family and medical	you advised the district that you were requesting a leave that may qualify mily and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) and/or the Oregon Family Leave Act ave of absence that qualifies for family and medical leave under federal law with other types of leave such as sick leave, vacation leave, short-term be for a workers' compensation injury or illness. A leave of absence that I leave under state law (OFLA) may run concurrently with other types of on leave, short-term disability leave, but cannot run concurrently with a cition injury or illness (unless you refuse a light-duty assignment).
leave under [state] [and/or feder counted against your annual far	termined the purpose of your requested leave qualifies as family or medical eral] law. Accordingly, this letter is to notify you that the leave will be mily and medical leave entitlement. Also attached is a form titled ains other information for you regarding federal and state family medical nate of time that will count toward your protected time.]]
	ave determined the purpose of your requested leave does NOT qualify as state and/or federal law. You may be entitled to other leave time, under bargaining agreement, however the protections of FMLA/OFLA will not be
If you have any questions rega personnel office] as soon as po	ording your leave, now or at any time during your leave, please contact, [the possible.
Sincerely,	
[Superintendent]	
Enclosure (FMLA and/or OFI	LA Designation Notice form)
CR4/13/17 RS	Sample Designation Letter to Employee - FMLA/OFLA Leave

Code: GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(6)

Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 6/21/17

Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(6)



Designation Notice - FMLA/OFLA

Leave covered under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) and/or Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA) must be designated as FMLA and/or OFLA-protected, and the district must inform the employee of the amount of leave that will be counted against the employee's FMLA and/or OFLA leave entitlement.

In order to determine whether leave is covered under the FMLA and/or OFLA, the district may request that the leave be supported by a physician's certification. If the certification is incomplete or insufficient, the district will state in writing what additional information is necessary to make the certification complete and sufficient. Employee Name: Date: We have reviewed your request for leave under the FMLA and/or OFLA and any supporting documentation that you have provided. We received your most recent information on Please be advised: Your request is approved for FMLA. All leave taken for this reason will be designated as FMLA leave. Your request is approved for FMLA and OFLA. This designation of leave will run concurrently. Your request is approved for OFLA. All leave taken for this reason will be designated as OFLA leave. The FMLA and/or OFLA requires that you notify us as soon as practicable if dates of scheduled leave change or are extended, or were initially unknown. Based on the information you have provided to date, we are providing the following information about the amount of time that will be counted against your entitlement: Provided there is no deviation from your anticipated leave schedule, the following number of hours, days or weeks will be counted against your leave entitlement: Because the leave you requested will be rescheduled, it is not possible to provide the hours, days or weeks that will be counted against your FMLA and/or OFLA entitlement at this time. You have the right to request this information once in a 30-day period (if leave was taken in the 30-day period). Please be advised (check if applicable): You have requested to use paid leave during your FMLA and/or OFLA leave. Any paid leave taken for this reason will count against your FMLA and/or OFLA leave entitlement. We are requiring you to substitute or use paid leave during your FMLA and/or OFLA leave.

	5K
	You will be required to present a fitness-for-duty certification to be reinstated to your position. If such certification is not timely received, your return to work may be delayed until certification is provided. The Fitness-for-Duty Certification form is attached, please have your medical provider complete this form prior to the termination of your leave. A list of the essential functions of your position \square is \square is not attached. If attached, the fitness-for-duty certification must address your ability to perform these functions:
	Additional information is needed to determine if your FMLA and/or OFLA leave request can be approved.
	The certification you have provided is incomplete and insufficient to determine whether the FMLA and/or OFLA applies to your leave procedures. You must provide the following information no later than (date) (at least 15 calendar days), unless it is not practicable under the particular circumstances despite your diligent good faith efforts, or your leave may be denied. The information needed to make the certification complete and sufficient is ¹ :
0	We are exercising our right to have you obtain a second or third opinion medical certification at our expense, and we will provide further details at a later time.

	Your FMLA leave request is NOT APPROVED.
	The FMLA does not apply to your leave request.
	You have exhausted your FMLA leave entitlement in the applicable 12-month period. (Note: Federal Military Family Leave is on a separate 12-month period.)

You have exhausted your OFLA leave entitlement in the applicable 12-month period.

Your OFLA leave request is NOT APPROVED.

The OFLA does not apply to your leave request.

If you fail to provide a complete and sufficient certification by the due date, we may (a) delay the commencement of your leave; or (b) withdraw any designation of FMLA leave, in which case your leave of absence may be unauthorized and subject to discipline, up to and including termination.



GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(7) Code:

Revised/Reviewed: 4/20/11; 6/21/17

Orig. Code(s): GCBDA/GDBDA-AR(7)

Fitness-for-Duty Certification

		Date:
From:		
Subjec	t: F	itness-for-Duty Certification
to work Duty C Certific Return Medica	cation to	edical leave for your own serious health condition ends on (date)
		Fitness-for-Duty Certification
Health	Care P	rovider Completes this Section
nstruct luty. Ti	tions: P he empl	lease complete all sections in order for the district to determine if the employee is able to return to oyee's position description or a list of essential duties (district specifies which) is attached to this
. TI	he empl	oyee is able to return to work full-time without restrictions: Yes No
a.	Ify	yes, list the effective date:
b.	Ifr	no, complete the following:
	(1) (2)	1 . Will to work with his minimum on (data)
		 (a) Unable to perform the physical requirements of their work; or (b) Is medically incapacitated: □ Totally □ Partially**
		**If partially medically incapacitated, complete the following:
		(c) Number of hours per day employee is able to work: (d) Number of days per week employee is able to work:
R4/13/17	RS	Fitness-for-Duty Certification - GCDDA/CDDDA ADCTA

Fitness-for-Duty Certification - GCBDA/GDBD)A-AR(7
Timess for Buty Correction	2

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List any restrictions on the employee's work: _		
Iealth Care Provider	Type of Practice	

Printed Name of Health Care Provider

Signature - Health Care Provider

(3)

Date

Health care provider: Please return the completed form to the employee/patient.

Attached: Position description/description of essential duties (district specifies which).

Code: GCBDB/GDBDB

Adopted: 7/10/02

Readopted: 4/20/11; 12/14/22 Orig. Code: GCBDB/GDBDB



Efforts will be made, on a case-by-case basis, to reinstate ill or injured employees to work. The reinstatement will be within the requirements of the injury, the limitations of the law and the limitations of the district.

In the event an employee is not able to perform essential job functions completely after an illness or injury, the district will determine whether reasonable accommodations are appropriate that would provide a temporary light-duty assignment, restructuring of a position to include modified workdays, shift or part-time work, hours of work or modifications in facilities, equipment, special aids and services. Reasonable accommodations must not result in an undue hardship on the district.

If an employee cannot be reasonably accommodated in their current position, the district will review alternative assignments. The employee, if qualified, will be offered an available vacant position with or without reasonable accommodations. If recovery is ongoing, sick leave is exhausted and no other assignment is possible, the district will provide temporary unpaid leave as an accommodation in accordance with state and federal law.

The district will maintain current job descriptions for each position. Physical requirements for appropriate job categories will be established.

The superintendent will develop procedures as necessary to implement this policy.

END OF POLICY

Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 659A.043

ORS 659A.046

Code:

GCBDC/GDBDC

Adopted:

11/14/07

Revised/Readopted:

4/20/11; 7/11/12; 1/15/14;

9/12/18; 5/15/19

Orig. Code:

GCBDC/GDBDC

Domestic Violence, Harassment, Sexual Assault, or Stalking Leave

Definitions

- 1. "Covered employer" means an employer who employs six or more individuals in the state of Oregon for each working day through each of 20 or more calendar workweeks in the year in which the eligible employee takes leave to address domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking, or in the year immediately preceding the year in which an eligible employee takes leave for domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking.
- 2. "Eligible employee" means an employee who is a victim of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking or is the parent or guardian of a minor child or dependent who is a victim of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking.
- "Protective order" means an order authorized by Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 30.866, 107.095(1)(c), 107.700 - 107.735, 124.005 - 124.040 or 163.730 - 163.750 or any other order that restrains an individual from contact with an eligible employee or the employee's minor child or dependent.
- "Victim of domestic violence" means an individual who has been a victim of abuse as defined by ORS 107.705; or any other individual designated as a victim of domestic violence by rule adopted under ORS 659A.805.
- "Victim of harassment" means an individual against whom harassment has been committed as described in ORS 166.065 and any other individual designated as a victim of harassment by rule adopted under ORS 659A.805.
- 6. "Victim of sexual assault" means an individual against whom a sexual offense has been committed as described in ORS 163.467 or 163.525; or any other individual designated as a victim of sexual assault by rule adopted under ORS 659A.805.
- 7. "Victim of stalking" means an individual against whom stalking has been committed as described in ORS 163.732; or an individual designated as a victim of stalking by rule adopted under ORS 695A.805; or an individual who has obtained a court's stalking protective order or a temporary court's stalking protective order under ORS 30.866.
- "Victim services provider" means a prosecutor-based victim assistance program or a nonprofit program offering safety planning, counseling, support or advocacy related to domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking.

HR2/28/19 RS

Domestic Violence, Harassment, Sexual Assault, or Stalking Leave – GCBDC/GDBDC

A district (covered employer) shall allow an (eligible) employee to take reasonable leave for any of the following reasons:

- To seek legal or law enforcement assistance or remedies to ensure the health and safety of the
 employee or the employee's minor child or dependent, including preparing for and participating in
 protective order proceedings or other civil or criminal legal proceedings related to domestic
 violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking;
- To seek medical treatment for or to recover from injuries caused by domestic violence or sexual
 assault to or harassment or stalking of the eligible employee or the employee's minor child or
 dependent;
- To obtain or assist a minor child or dependent in obtaining counseling from a licensed mental health professional related to an experience of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, or stalking;
- 4. To obtain services from a victim services provider for the eligible employee or the employee's minor child or dependent;
- To relocate or take steps to secure an existing home to ensure health and safety of the eligible employee or the employee's minor child or dependent.

The district may limit the amount of leave, if the employee's leave creates an undue hardship on the district.

The district shall not deny leave to an employee or discharge, threaten to discharge, demote, suspend or in any manner discriminate or retaliate against an employee with regards to promotion, compensation or other terms, conditions or privileges of employment as a result of taking such leave.

The employee shall give the district reasonable advanced notice of the employee's intent to take leave unless giving advance notice is not feasible.

The district may require the employee to provide certification that:

- The employee or minor child or dependent is a victim of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, or stalking; and
- The leave is taken for one of the identified purposes in this policy.

Sufficient certification includes:

- A copy of a report from law enforcement indicating the employee or child or dependent was a victim of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, or stalking.
- A copy of a protective order or other evidence from a court, administrative agency, or attorney that
 the employee appeared in or was preparing for a civil, criminal or administrative proceeding related
 to domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, or stalking.



3. Documentation from an attorney, law enforcement officer, health care professional, licensed mental professional or counselor, member of the clergy or a victim services provider that the employee, employee's child or dependent was undergoing counseling, obtaining services or relocating as a result of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, or stalking.

All records and information kept by the district regarding the employee's leave, including the request or obtaining of leave is confidential and may not be released without the express permission of the employee unless otherwise required by law. This information will be kept in a file separate from the employee's personnel file.

The employee may use accrued paid leave, including personal, sick, or accrued vacation leave. The employer employee may choose the order in which paid accrued leave is to be used when more than one type of paid leave is available, consistent with Board policies and/or any collective bargaining agreement

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):		
ORS 192.355(38)	ORS 659A.270 - 659A.290	

Code: GCBDC/GDBDC-AR Revised/Reviewed: 7/13/16; 9/12/18

Orig. Code(s): GCBDC/GDBDC-AR



Request for Domestic Violence, Harassment, Sexual Assault or Stalking Leave

PLEASE PRINT

Where the need for the leave may be anticipated, a written request for leave under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 659A.270 - 659A.285 shall be made at least 30 days prior to the date the requested leave is to begin. In emergency situations, oral or written notice as soon as practical is allowed.

Name of E	ligible Employee	Effe	ective Date of the Leave
Departmen	t	Titl	e
Status: □ F	ull-time Part-time Temporary	Hire Date	Length of Service
The reques	sted leave is for:		
	Myself		
	My minor child or dependent		
The leave			
	To seek legal or law enforcement as employee or the eligible employee's	ssistance or remedies s minor child or depo	s to ensure the health and safety of the eligible endent.
	To seek medical treatment for or to sexual assault or stalking for the eli	recover from injurie gible employee or th	es caused by domestic violence, harassment, ne eligible employee's minor child or dependent.
		lawa 'a minor child	or dependent in obtaining counseling from a ence of domestic violence, harassment, sexual
	To obtain services from a victim se minor child or dependent.	rvices provider for t	he eligible employee or the eligible employee's
	To relocate or take steps to secure a employee or the eligible employee	an existing home to s minor child or dep	ensure the health and safety of the eligible bendent.
The follo	wing has been provided by the employ	ee to certify the leav	re:
	A copy of a report from law enforcement indicating that the eligible employee or the eligible employee's minor child or dependent was a victim or alleged victim of domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking.		
			trains an individual from contact with an eligible evidence from a court, administrative agency or eparing for a civil or criminal proceeding related

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	to domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault or stalking or 107.095(1)(c), 107.700 to 107.735, 124.005 - 124to 120.040	other order authorized by ORS 30.866, or 163.730 -to 163.750.
	Documentation from an attorney, law enforcement officer, hea health professional or counselor, member of the clergy or viction the eligible employee or the eligible employee's minor child or	m services provider with or from whom
district req	nd that I may use accrued paid leave, including personal and sick uires me to use any accrued sick leave, vacation, personal leave delay-Board policy(ies) and/or collective bargaining agreement-in t	lavs or other paid time subject to
an extension scheduled to work and the period of an arms.	est for a leave is approved, it is my understanding that without an on could be anticipated, I must report to duty on the first workday to end. I understand that failure to do so will constitute unequivoc he district may terminate my employment. I understand if I am ur uthorized leave I will notify my employer as soon as practical and allow my employer to determine my eligibility for an extension of	following the date my leave is cal notice of my intent not to return to mable to return to work following the diprovide any required information
I authorize insurance o	the district to deduct from my paychecks any employee contribut or long-term disability insurance which remain unpaid after my lea	ions for health insurance premiums, life ave, consistent with state law.
Signature o	of Employee:	Date:

Code: GCBDD/GDBDD

Adopted: 4/13/16

Orig. Code(s): GCBDD/GDBDD

Sick Time

(Does this reflect current practice?)

"Employee" means an individual who is employed by the district and who is paid on an hourly, stipend or salary basis, and for whom withholding is required under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 316.162-316.221. The definition does not include volunteers or independent contractors.

Employees qualify to begin earning and accruing sick time on the first day of employment with the district.

A district employing 10 or more employees shall allow an eligible employee to access up to 40 hours of paid sick time per year. Paid sick time shall accrue at the rate of at least one hour of paid sick time for every 30 hours the employee works, or 1-1/3 hours for every 40 hours the employee works. Paid sick time of 40 hours shall be front-loaded to coaches at the beginning of each year

The employee may carry up to 40 hours of unused sick time from one year to the subsequent year. An employee is limited to accruing no more than 80 hours of sick time and using no more than 40 hours of sick time in a year

Sick time shall be taken in 1/4 hourly increments and may be used for the employee's or a family member's mental or physical illness, injury or health condition, need for medical diagnosis, care or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition or need for preventive care, or for reasons consistent with the Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) or Oregon Family Leave Act (OFLA). Sick time may also be used in the event of a public health emergency.

The use of sick time may not lead to, or result in, an adverse employment action against the employee. A pattern of abuse of the use of sick time may result in disciplinary actions, up to and including dismissal.

The district reserves the right after three consecutive days of absence, to require proof of personal illness or injury from an employee, including a medical examination by a physician chosen and paid for by the district. An employee refusing to submit to such an examination or to provide other evidence as required by the district, shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

When the reason for sick time is consistent with FMLA/OFLA leave, the sick time and the FMLA/OFLA leave may run concurrently.

When the reason for sick time is consistent with ORS 332.507, the sick time and leave pursuant to ORS 332.507 may run concurrently.

If the reason for sick time is a foreseeable absence, the district may require the employee to provide advance notice of their intention to use sick time within 10 days of the requested sick time, or as soon as practicable. When the employee uses sick time for a foreseeable absence, the employee shall take

R1/14/16 PH

Sick Time - GCBDD/GDBDD



reasonable effort to schedule the sick time in a manner that does not unduly disrupt the operations of the district (e.g., grading deadlines, inservice training, mandatory meetings).

If the reason for sick time is unforeseeable, such as an emergency, accident or sudden illness, the employee shall notify the district at least 24 hours in advance or as soon as practicable.

The district shall establish a standard process to track the eligibility for sick time of a substitute.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.507 ORS 342.545 ORS 342.610

ORS 653.601 to -653.661

ORS 659A.150 to -659A.186

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213; 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2016); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2016). Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601-2654 (2012); Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 C.F.R. Part 825 (2016).

Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

Code:

GCBDE/GDBDE

Adopted:

11/8/06

Readopted:

4/20/11

Orig. Code:

GCBDE/GDBDE

Military Leave of Absence

The district will grant military leave to employees on duty¹ with a uniformed service² in accordance with applicable state and federal law. Employees requesting military leave are required to provide written notice as soon as practicable following notification of military call up or reservist duty, unless precluded by military necessity.

Military leave exceeding 15 days is unpaid leave. Employees may use any accrued vacation or similar leave during the period of service exceeding 15 days.

While on military leave, the employee will receive the same benefits as other employees on leave, as well as the following:

- 1. The employee may continue enrollment in the district's health insurance plan. During the first 18 months of leave, the employee may be required to pay any employee contribution required of other employees on a leave of absence. If the leave extends beyond 18 months, the employee will be required to pay not more than 102 percent of the full premium;
- 2. Upon return from military service, the district will give retroactive employer contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System on the same basis as if the employee had not left, provided the employee was an enrolled member at the time of the leave. The employee may repay any required employee contributions over a period of three times the military service leave period or five years, whichever is less.

An employee on duty with a uniformed service is entitled to reemployment for a maximum of five years, unless retained on active duty because of war or national emergency. An individual returning from military leave shall notify the district of his/her-intent to return as follows:

- Employees who are veterans and reservists returning from training must only inform the district of their training obligations and report back at the next regularly scheduled working period.
- 4. Employees returning from active duty must notify the district of their intention to return to their former jobs within 90 days of release from duty.

¹ "Duty" means the performance of duty on a voluntary or involuntary basis in a uniformed service and includes active duty, active duty for training, initial active duty for training, inactive duty training, full-time U.S. National Guard duty and absence to determine fitness for duty.

² "Uniformed service" means the U.S. Armed Forces, the U.S. National Guard, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service and any other category of persons designated by the President in time of war or national emergency.



An individual reemployed under this policy is entitled to the seniority and other currently existing rights and benefits the individual had when service started, plus the additional seniority and similar rights and benefits that would have been accrued if employment had been continuous.

This policy does not apply if the employee has been separated from service with a dishonorable or bad conduct discharge or under other than honorable conditions.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s): ORS 332.505 ORS 408.290 Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300bb-1-300bb-8 (2012). I.R.C., U.S.C. 26 § 4980B(f)(4) (2012). Employment and Reemployment Rights of Members of the Uniformed Services, 38 U.S.C. §§ 4301-4334 (2012).

Code: Adopted: GCBDF/GDBDF

Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance *

(Version 1)

{Highly recommended policy. This version is designed for districts who are participating in Paid Leave Oregon (PLO). If the district is using an approved equivalent plan, the district should not adopt this version or use the accompanying administrative regulation: this includes simply replacing "the Department" with the entity administering your equivalent plan. If the district is using an equivalent plan, the district should work with the provider to communicate with staff. Contributions for PLO began on January 1, 2023 with benefits available starting September 3, 2023. Many districts are bargaining aspects of this leave: policy language should not conflict with language in collective bargaining agreements.}

The district participates in Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance (PFMLI) and Paid Leave Oregon (PLO)¹. This includes submitting employee and employer contributions to the Employment Department ("Department") as required by state law.² The district does not administer PFMLI or PLO. All applications and related questions should be directed to the Department.

Definitions

- "Family leave" means leave from work taken by a covered individual:
 - a. To care for and bond with a child during the first year after the child's birth or during the first year after the placement of the child through foster care or adoption; or
 - b. To care for a family member with a serious health condition.
- 2. "Family leave" does not mean;
 - a. Leave described in Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 659A.159 (1)(d) (non-serious health condition of child or school or child care provider closure due to public health emergency);
 - b. Leave described in ORS 659A.159 (1)(e) (death of a family member); or
 - c. Leave authorized under ORS 659A.093 (leave for spouses of members of the military upon deployment or call to active duty).
- 3. "Family member" means:
 - a. The spouse of a covered individual;
 - b. A child of a covered individual or the child's spouse or domestic partner;
 - c. A parent of a covered individual or the parent's spouse or domestic partner;
 - d. A sibling or stepsibling of a covered individual or the sibling's or stepsibling's spouse or domestic partner;

¹ Paid Leave Oregon is the program developed by the Oregon Department of Employment to administer Paid Family and Medical Leave Insurance.

² The overall contribution will be determined by the Department director, and is initially set at 1 percent (up to \$132,900). [For districts with 25 or more employees:] The employer contribution is 40 percent and the employee contribution is 60 percent of this amount.] [For districts with fewer than 25 employees:] The employee contribution is 60 percent of this amount and the employer contribution is waived.] The amount will be set annually by November 15. See ORS 657B.150. {Districts may agree to pay the employee contribution, see any applicable employment agreements.}

- e. A grandparent of a covered individual or the grandparent's spouse or domestic partner;
- f. A grandchild of a covered individual or the grandchild's spouse or domestic partner;
 The domestic partner of a covered individual; or
 - Any individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with a covered individual is the equivalent of a family relationship.
- 4. "Medical leave" means leave from work taken by a covered individual that is made necessary by the individual's own serious health condition.
- 5. "Safe leave means leave related to domestic violence, harassment, sexual assault, stalking and relocation for health and safety reasons as provided in ORS 659A.272.
- 6. "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition of a claimant or their family member that:
 - a. Requires inpatient care in a medical care facility such as, but not limited to, a hospital, hospice, or residential facility such as, but not limited to, a nursing home or inpatient substance abuse treatment center:
 - b. In the medical judgment of the treating health care provider poses an imminent danger of death, or that is terminal in prognosis with a reasonable possibility of death in the near future;
 - c. Requires constant or continuing care, including home care administered by a health care professional;
 - d. Involves a period of incapacity. "Incapacity" is the inability to perform at least one essential job function, or to attend school or perform regular daily activities for more than three consecutive calendar days. A period of incapacity includes any subsequent required treatment or recovery period relating to the same condition. The incapacity must involve one of the following:
 - (1) Two or more treatments by a health care provider; or
 - (2) One treatment plus a regimen of continuing care.
 - e. Results in a period of incapacity or treatment for a chronic serious health condition that requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider, continues over an extended period of time, and may cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity, such as, but not limited to, asthma, diabetes, or epilepsy;
 - f. Involves permanent or long-term incapacity due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective, such as, but not limited to. Alzheimer's Disease, a severe stroke, or terminal stages of a disease. The employee or family member must be under the continuing care of a health care provider, but need not be receiving active treatment;
 - g. Involves multiple treatments for restorative surgery or for a condition such as, but not limited to, chemotherapy for cancer, physical therapy for arthritis, or dialysis for kidney disease that if not treated would likely result in incapacity of more than three calendar days;
 - h. Involves any period of disability due to pregnancy, childbirth, miscarriage or stillbirth, or period of absence for prenatal care; or
 - i. Involves any period of absence from work for the donation of a body part, organ, or tissue, including preoperative or diagnostic services, surgery, post-operative treatment, and recovery.

Eligibility

1. To be eligible for PLO benefits, an individual must:

8/30/23 | SL Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance *- GCBDF/GDBDF

- a. Be an employee of the district³;
- b. Earn at least \$1,000 in the base or alternate base year⁴;
 c. Contribute to the PLO in accordance with state law;
 d. Experience an event qualifying the employee for:
 - (1) Family leave;
 - (2) Medical leave; or
 - (3) Safe leave.
- e. Submit an application to Department;
- f. Have not exceeded maximum paid leave for the year; and
- g. Have no current disqualifications⁵.

Leave

PLO can be used for family leave, medical leave or safe leave. Up to 12 weeks of paid leave can be taken per benefit year. Leave can be taken in one-day increments and can be consecutive or nonconsecutive.

Any family leave or medical leave taken under PLO must be taken concurrently with any leave taken by an eligible employee under ORS 659A.150 - 659A.186 (OFLA) or under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (P.L. 103-3, FMLA) for the same purposes.

The district will maintain an employee's existing health benefits while the employee is using leave. The employee will be required to pay the employee's contribution to premiums.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 657B

OAR 471-070

House Bill 912 (2023) House Bill 999 (2023) Senate Bill 913 (2023)



³ PFMLI is a state-wide benefit, and not unique to the district. An eligible individual does not need to be an employee of the district in order to be eligible for PFMLI, but this policy only applies to employees of the district.

⁴ Pay could come from another Oregon employer.

⁵ Disqualifications may include eligibility for Workers' Compensation or Unemployment or determination of a willful false statement or failure to report a material fact in order to obtain benefits. See OAR 471-070-1010(1)(h).

⁶ In some pregnancy-related situations, employees may be able to take two additional weeks, for a total for 14 weeks.



Code: Adopted: GCBDF/GDBDF

Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance *

(Version 2)

{Optional policy. This version is designed for districts providing an equivalent plan instead of using Paid Leave Oregon.}

The district provides an equivalent plan for paid family and medical leave and does not participate in Paid Leave Oregon. This plan has been approved by the Employment Department. {1} The district will file the Oregon Quarterly Tax Report as required.

The district will make available a notice poster that outlines the requirements and procedures for the equivalent plan.² This poster will be displayed in each of the district's buildings or worksites in an area that is accessible to and regularly frequented by employees. This poster will be provided³ to remote employees upon hire or assignment to remote work.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 657B.210 - 657B.260

OAR 471-070-2200 - 2460





[{]¹ Deadlines for the district to file an exemption application can be found on OAR 471-070-2205. Application requirements can be found in OAR 471-070-2210.}

² For poster requirements, see OAR 471-070-2330.

³ By hand delivery, regular mail, or through an electronic delivery method.

Code:

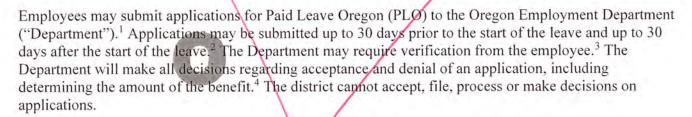
GCBDF/GDBDF-AR

Revised/Reviewed:

Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance (PFMLI)

{Highly recommended administrative regulation (AR). This AR is for use only with Version I of policy GCBDF/GDBDF - Paid Family Medical Leave Insurance * and is not intended to be used with an equivalent plan. OSBA does not recommend simply replacing "Employment Department" with the name of the entity administering an equivalent plan.}

Application



An employee may appeal an approval or denial of claim, the amount of a weekly benefit or a disqualification from receipt of benefits to the Department in accordance with Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 657B.410 and Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 471-070-8005.

Employee Notice to District

If the leave is foreseeable⁵, the employee must provide the district with written notice⁶ at least 30 calendar days prior to the leave. ^{7} If the leave is not foreseeable⁸ the employee must give oral notice to the district

¹ For application requirements see Oregon Administrative Regulation (OAR) 471-070-1100. Applications can be submitted at https://frances.oregon.gov/.

² Exceptions may be granted when the applicant can demonstrate good cause for late submission.

³ See verification requirements in OAR 471-070-1110 - OAR 471-070-1130.

⁴ The benefit may be less than the employee's salary. See ORS 657B.050.

⁵ Examples of foreseeable leave include, but are not limited to, an expected birth, planned placement of a child, or a scheduled medical treatment for a serious health condition of the eligible employee or a family member of the eligible employee. See OAR 471-070-1310.

⁶ Written notice includes, but it not limited to, handwritten or typed notices, and electronic communication such as text messages and email.

⁷ {OAR 471-017-1310(6) states "An employer that requires eligible employees to provide a written notice before the eligible employee commences leave, must outline the requirements in the employer's written policy and procedures."}

⁸ Leave circumstances that are not foreseeable include, but are not limited to, an unexpected serious health condition of the eligible employee or a family member of the eligible employee, a premature birth, an unexpected adoption, an unexpected foster placement by or with the eligible employee, or for safe leave.

within 24 hours of the start of the leave, and must provide written notice within 3 days after the start of leave. 9 The district requests as much advanced notice as possible.

The notice must include:

- 1. The employee's first and last name;
- 2. Type of leave;
- 3. Explanation of the need for leave; and
- 4. Anticipated timing and duration of leave, including if it is continuous or intermittent.

Notice need only be given one time, but the employee shall notify the district as soon as practicable if dates of scheduled leave change, are extended, or were initially unknown. This notice does not need to mention PFMLI or PLO to satisfy the notice requirements. {10} Notice may be provided by another party on behalf of the employee in accordance with state law.

Failure to comply with these notice requirements may result in a penalty imposed by the Department. The Department may reduce the amount of the benefit by 25 percent in accordance with OAR 471-070-1310(10).

Concurrent Use of District-Provided Paid Leave [11]

The district [allows {12}] employees to use all or a portion of employer-provided paid leave in addition to receiving PLO benefits. [Example:

An employee applies and is approved for PLO for a personal serious medical condition, which also qualifies for OFLA leave. The Department determines that the rate of pay will be 75 percent of the employee's regular salary. The employee will be allowed to use available district-provided paid leave (sick, vacation or otherwise) for days that PLO is received. Because of the overlap with OFLA leave, the employee will be able to choose how much other paid leave to use (which may result in the employee receiving more than 100 percent of their typical salary).]

Return to Work

⁹ An eligible employee who takes safe leave shall give the employer reasonable advance notice of the individual's intention to take safe leave, unless giving the advance notice is not feasible. If other leave also applies (OFLA, FMLA, etc.), notice requirements for those types of leave may also apply.

¹⁰ {A district requiring written notice must outline the requirements in policy and procedures. A copy of the written policy and procedure must be provided to all eligible employees at the time of hire and each time the policy and procedure changes and in the language that the employer typically uses to communicate with the employee.}

^{11 {}Consider any bargaining requirements prior to adopting this language.}

¹² {See Oregon <u>Bureau of Labor and Industries opinion letter</u>, April 7, 2023. Because most PMFLI leave will also qualify for OFLA leave, OSBA recommends allowing the employee to use employer-provided paid leave for all PMFLI. A decision to not allow employees to use employer-paid leave could apply to situations eligible for PMFLI leave, but not OFLA leave.}

Upon completion of leave, the employee is entitled to return to the position held in the district prior to the leave, if that position still exists and if the employee had been employed in the district for 90 days prior to taking leave. [3] [{For districts with 25 or more employees:}] If the position no longer exists, the employee is entitled to a position equal to their previous position, with equal benefits, pay and other terms and conditions of employment.] [{For districts with fewer than 25 employees:}] If the position no longer exists, the employee may be placed in a different position with similar job duties and benefits and pay equal to the previous position.]

Communications Between the District and the Department

Upon receipt of an application or update in information from a district employee for PLO, the Department will notify the district. The district may provide additional information to the Department within 10 days. This information may include, but is not limited to, information about the employee's notice to the district or verification of the employee's continued employment with the district. If the district does not report such information to the Department, the Department will proceed using available information. The district can provide additional information to the Department as it becomes available.

If the Department requests additional information from the district, the district will respond within 10 calendar days.

Once the Department has issued a decision regarding an application submitted by an employee of the district, the Department will notify the district regarding the approval or denial and any applicable dates and periods of leave.

District Notice to Employees

At the time of hire and each time the policy of procedure changes, the district must provide notice to employees. This notice must be in the language that the employer typically uses to communicate with employees and will include:

- 1. The right of an eligible employee to claim and receive family and medical leave insurance benefits;
- The procedure for filing a claim for benefits;
- That an eligible employee must provide notice to the district before the employee commences leave, and a description of the penalties for failure to comply with the notice requirements;
- The right of an eligible employee to job protection and benefits continuation;
- 5. The right of an eligible employee to appeal a decision or determination made by the Department director;
- That discrimination and retaliatory personnel actions against an employee for inquiring about the PFMLI or PLO program, giving notification of leave under the program, taking leave under the program or claiming PFMLI or PLO benefits are prohibited;

 $^{^{13}}$ If the employee's leave also qualifies for OFLA/FMLA protection, see also Board policy GCBDA/GDBDA - Family Medical Leave and its accompanying administrative regulations.

- 7. The right of an employee to bring a civil action or to file a complaint for violation of ORS 657B.060 or 657B.070; and
- 8. That any health information related to family leave, medical leave or safe leave provided to the district by an employee is confidential and may not be released without the permission of the employee unless state or federal law or a court order permits or requires disclosure.¹⁴

The district will display the Department's notice poster in an area that is accessible to and regularly frequented by employees in each building or worksite. The district will provide this notice poster to employees working remotely by hand delivery, regular mail or through an electronic delivery method at the time of hire or assignment to remote work.

District Filings

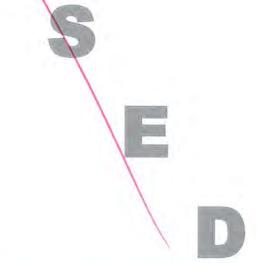
The district will file the Oregon Quarterly Tax Report, the Oregon Employee Detail Report and any other reports required by law. If the district fails to submit required filings or report, or fails to pay all required contributions, the district may be penalized in accordance with OAR 471-070-8520.

{For districts with fewer than 25 employees:} [The district may apply for an assistance grant. 15]

Employee Protections

No employee or prospective employee will be discriminated or retaliated against for inquiring about PFMLI or PLO, giving notification of leave under PLO, taking PLO leave or claiming PLO benefits. Eligible employees have a right to file a complaint and/or bring a civil action for violations of ORS 657B.060 or ORS 657B.070.

Any health information related to family leave, medical leave or safe leave provided to the district by an employee is confidential and may not be released without the permission of the employee unless state or federal law or a court order permits or requires disclosure.



¹⁴ Paid Leave Oregon has provided a model notice, https://paidleave.oregon.gov/DocumentsForms/Paid-Leave-ModelNotice-Poster-EN.pdf.

¹⁵ See OAR 471-070-3705 - 3710 for eligibility requirements and application.

Code: GCBE/GDBE

Adopted: 7/10/02 Readopted: 4/20/11

Orig. Code: GCBD/GDBE

Vacations and Holidays

(Is this in bargaining agreement(s)? Other agreements? Does policy still guide the discussion?) Holidays and vacation periods, both paid and unpaid, are determined as a result of negotiations between the district and the employees' exclusive bargaining representatives.

Upon termination from the district, employees eligible to accrue vacation shall be compensated for unused accrued vacation up to 10 days.

All employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement shall receive holiday and vacation benefits as agreed upon by the Board.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 187.010 ORS 336.010

Code: GCC
Adopted: 7/10/02
Readopted: 4/20/11
Orig. Code: GCC



Recruitment of Licensed Staff *

The superintendent willshall develop and maintain a recruitment program designed to attract licensed personnel to the district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, with the assistance of other district administrators, to determine the personnel needs of the district and to locate suitable candidates to recommend for employment by the district. Those factors considered will include, but not be limited to, the diverse characteristics of the district.

The search for licensed staff members may extend to a wide-variety of educational institutions and geographical areas. It shall take into consideration the diverse characteristics of the district and the requirements of the district affirmative action plan and programs.

Present employees who meetAny present employee may apply for any position for which he or she meets the stated requirements are encouraged to apply for any vacant district position.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):		
ORS 326.051	ORS 659A.029	ORS 659A.236
ORS 332,505	ORS 659A.030	ORS 659A.309
ORS 342.934	ORS 659A.109	ORS 659A.409
ORS 659.805	ORS 659A.142	
ORS 659.850	ORS 659A.145	OAR 581-021-0045
ORS 659A.009	ORS 659A.233	The state of the s

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d (2012). Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e (2012).

Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6101-6107 (2012).

Equal Pay Act of 1963, 29 U.S.C. § 206(d) (2012).

Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 503, 791, 793-794 (2012).

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683 (2012).

The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. § 4212 (2012).

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.

Code:

GCDGCC-AR

Adopted:

7/10/02

Readopted:

4/20/11

Orig. Code:

GCD

Hiring of Licensed Staff

(Consider recoding this to an AR; more procedure language than policy.)

Outstanding colleges, universities, and teacher placement agencies shall be among those sources contacted for recommendations of candidates. Visits to such agencies for the purpose of interviewing interested candidates shall be made when practical.

Candidates shall complete an application form and shall supply the district with transcripts of all college work and a college placement order.

All former employment from the first position to the last shall be recorded by the candidate.

Former employers, supervisors, and other references shall be requested to submit estimates of the applicant's work, character, and personality.

Licensure status shall be determined. Candidates shall meet state licensure requirements and standards.

The applicant's work shall be observed whenever practicable.

At least one member of the administrative staff shall interview selected candidates. The purpose of the interview shall be to select teachers of character and intellectual integrity, possessing emotional stability and personalities suitable for living and working with young people.

An employee shall be appointed only upon recommendation of the superintendent. Should a person nominated by the superintendent be rejected by the board, it shall be the duty of the superintendent to make another nomination.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.107

Code:

GCDA/GDDA

Adopted:

11/14/07

Revised/Readopted:

4/20/11; 11/14/12; 1/15/14;

8/12/15; 4/13/16; 7/13/16;

12/13/17; 9/12/18; 10/09/19

Orig. Code:

GCDA/GDDA



Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting

In a continuing effort to ensure the safety and welfare of students and staff, the district shall require all newly hired full-time and part-time employees¹ not requiring licensure under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 342.223 to submit to a criminal records check and/or fingerprinting as required by law. Other individuals, as determined by the district, that will have direct, unsupervised contact with students shall submit to criminal records checks and/or fingerprinting as established by Board policy and as required by law.

"Direct, unsupervised contact with students" means contact with students that provides the person opportunity and probability for personal communication or touch when not under direct supervision.

Pursuant to state law, a criminal records check or fingerprint-based criminal records checks shall be required of the following individuals²:

- 1. All individuals employed as or by a contractor, whether employed part-time or full-time, and considered by the district to have direct, unsupervised contact with students;
- 2. Any community college faculty member providing instruction at the site of an early childhood education program, at a school site as part of an early childhood program or at a grade K through 12 school site during the regular school day;
- Any individual who is an employee of a public charter school and not requiring licensure under ORS 342.223; and
- 4. Any individual considered for volunteer service with the district who is allowed to have direct, unsupervised contact with students.

The district will provide the written notice about the requirements of fingerprinting and criminal records checks through means such as staff handbooks, employment applications, contracts or volunteer forms.

¹ Any individual hired within the last three months. A subject individual does not include an employee hired within the last three months if the district has evidence on file that meets the definition in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-021-0510(11)(b).

² Subject individuals and requirements are further outlined in GCDA/GDDA-AR – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting.

Whe district shall require a fingerprint-based criminal records check for volunteers allowed direct, in the following positions³:

- 1/ Head coach:
- 2. [Assistant coach;]
- 3. [Overnight chaperone;]
- 4. [Volunteers transporting students, other than their own, in a private vehicle off district property for a district-sponsored activity] [3][1]
- 5. [List of other positions subject to this fingerprinting, if any.]

The procedure for processing fingerprint collection is further outlined in GCDA/GDDA-AR – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting.

A subject individual shall be subject to the collection of fingerprint information, only after the offer of employment or contract from the district and may be charged a fee by the district. A subject individual may request the fee be withheld from the amount otherwise due the individual.

The district [shall] shall not begin the employment of a subject individual or terms of a district contractor [on a probationary basis pending] before the return and disposition of the required criminal records checks.

When the district is notified of a subject individual who has been convicted of any crimes prohibiting employment or contract the individual will not be employed or contracted, or if employed will be terminated. When the district is notified of a subject individual who knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any crime, the individual [may] [will] be employed or contracted with by the district, or if employed by the district [may] [will] be terminated. A subject individual who fails to disclose the presence of convictions that would not otherwise prohibit employment or contract with the district as provided by law [may] [will] not [be employed or contracted with by the district.

The district's use of criminal history must be relevant to the specific requirements of the position, services or employment.

The service of a volunteer allowed to have direct, unsupervised contact with students [may] [will not] begin [on a probationary basis pending] before the return and disposition of a criminal records check.

[The service of a volunteer into a position identified by the district as requiring a fingerprint-based criminal records check [may] [will not] begin [on a probationary basis pending] [before] the return and disposition of a state and national criminal records check based on fingerprints.]

A volunteer who knowingly made a false statement or has a conviction of the crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another

R7/18/19 PH

Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting - GCDA/GDDA

³ [If the district requires fingerprinting for certain volunteer positions, the district is required to list those volunteer positions in board policy. The bracketed language is only possible examples; modify to identify the positions in the district that require such fingerprinting.]



jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number may will result in immediate termination from the ability to volunteer in the district.

The superintendent shall develop administrative regulations as necessary to meet the requirements of law.

Appeals

A subject individual may appeal a determination from ODE that prevents employment or eligibility to contract with the district to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as a contested case under ORS 183.413 – 183.470.

A volunteer may appeal a determination from a criminal records checks by ODE that prevents the ability to volunteer with the district to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as a contested case under ORS 183.413—183.470.

END OF POLICY

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Legal	Reference	·6(c).	e
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ORS 181A.180
ORS 181A.230
ORS 326.603
ORS 326.607
ORS 326.607
ORS 342.143
ORS 342.223

OAR 414-061-0010 - 061-0030 OAR 581-021-0510 - 021-0512 OAR 581-022-2430 OAR 584-050-0012

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e, et. seq. (2012).

GCDA/GDDA-AR Code:

11/14/07; 4/20/11; 11/14/12; Revised/Revised:

1/15/14; 7/13/16; 12/13/17;

9/12/18; 10/09/19; 10/12/22

GCDA/GDDA-AR Orig. Code:

Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting

Requirements

- Any individual newly hired employee1 whether full-time or part-time and not requiring licensure under Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 342.223 as a teacher, administrator, personnel specialist or 1. school nurse, shall submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting.
- Any individual applying for reinstatement of an Oregon license with the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) that has lapsed for more than three years shall be required to undergo 2. a criminal records check and fingerprinting with TSPC.
- Any individual registering with the TSPC for student teaching, practicum or internship as a teacher, administrator or personnel specialist shall be required to submit to a criminal records check and fingerprinting with TSPC.
- Any individual hired as or by a contractor2 whether part-time or full-time into a position having direct, unsupervised contact with students as determined by the district shall be required to submit to 4. a criminal records check and fingerprinting.

The superintendent will identify contractors who are subject to such requirements.

- Any community college faculty member providing instruction at the site of an early childhood education program, a school site as part of an early childhood program or at a grade K through 12 5. school site during the regular school day, shall be required to undergo a criminal records check and fingerprinting.
- Any individual who is an employee of a public charter school not requiring licensure under ORS 6. 342.223 shall be required to undergo a criminal records check and fingerprinting.
- A volunteer allowed by the district into a position that has direct, unsupervised contact with students 7. shall undergo an in-state criminal records check.
- A volunteer allowed to have direct, unsupervised contact with students, into a volunteer position identified in Board policy3 by the district as requiring a fingerprint-based criminal records check, shall undergo a state and national criminal records check based on fingerprints.

Any individual hired within the last three months. A subject individual does not include an employee hired within the last three months if the district has evidence on file that meets the definition in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-021-0510(11)(b).

² A person hired as or by a contractor and their employees may not be required to submit to fingerprinting until the contractor has been offered a contract by the district.

³ See policy GCDA/GDDA – Criminal Records Checks and Fingerprinting.



9. A volunteer that is not likely to have direct, unsupervised contact with students will will not be required to undergo an in-state criminal records check.

Exceptions

A newly hired employee⁴ is not subject to fingerprinting if:

- The district has evidence on file that the person successfully completed a state and national criminal records check for a previous employer that was a school district or private school, and has not resided outside the state between the two periods of employment; or
- The Oregon Department of Education (ODE) determines the person:
 - Submitted to a criminal records check for the person's immediately previous employer, the employer is a school district or private school and the person has not lived outside this state between the two periods of employment;
 - b. Submitted to a criminal records check conducted by TSPC within the previous three years; or

c. Remained continuously licensed or registered with the TSPC.

Notification

- The district will provide the following notification to individuals subject to criminal records checks and/or fingerprinting:
 - a. Such criminal records checks and/or fingerprinting are required by law or Board policy;
 - Any action resulting from such checks completed by the ODE that impact employment, or contract or volunteering may be appealed as a contested case to ODE;
 - All employment, or-contract offers or the ability to volunteer are contingent upon the results of such checks;
 - d. A refusal to consent to a required criminal records check and/or fingerprinting shall result in immediate termination from employmentor, contract status or the ability to volunteer in the district;
 - e. An individual determined to have knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any crime on district employment applications, contractsor ODE forms written or electronic may [will result in immediate termination from employment or contract status;
 - f. An individual determined to have been convicted of any crime that would prohibit employment or contract will be immediately terminated from employment or contract status;
 - g. 4A volunteer candidate who knowingly made a false statement or has a conviction of the crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number [may] [will] result in immediate termination from the ability to volunteer in the district [may] [will] remove the volunteer from the position allowing direct, unsupervised contact with students.]
- The district will provide the written notice described above through means such as staff handbooks, employment applications, contracts or volunteer forms.

Processing and Reporting Procedures

 Immediately following an offer and acceptance of employment or contract, an individual subject to criminal records checks and/or fingerprinting shall complete the appropriate forms authorizing such checks and report to an authorized fingerprinter as directed by the district. The district shall send

⁴ Any individual hired within the last three months.

such authorization, any collection of fingerprint information, and the request to ODE pursuant to law.

Fingerprints may be collected by one of the following:

Employing district staff; a.

- Contracted agent of employing district; or b.
- Local or state law enforcement agency. C.
- To ensure the integrity of the fingerprinting collection and prevent any compromise of the process, the district will provide the name of the individual to be fingerprinted to the authorized fingerprinter.
- The authorized fingerprinter will obtain the necessary identification and fingerprinting and notify 4. ODE of the results. ODE will then review and notify the district of said results as well as the identity of any individual it believes has knowingly made a false statement as to conviction of a crime, has knowingly made a false statement as to conviction of any crime or has a conviction of a crime prohibiting employment, or contract or volunteering.
- A copy of the fingerprinting results will be kept by the district. 5.

Fees

- Fees associated with criminal records checks and/or fingerprinting for individuals applying for 1. employment with the district and not requiring licensure, including persons hired as or by contractors5, shall be paid by the findividual] [district].
- An individual offered a contract or employment by the district may, only upon request, request that 2. the amount of the fee be withheld from the amount otherwise due the individual in accordance with Oregon law.
- Fees associated with required criminal records checks for volunteers shall be paid by the [individual] 3. district.
- Fees associated with a required fingerprinting for volunteers shall be paid by the [individual] 4. 4district

Termination of Employment or Withdrawal of Employment/Contract Offer/Volunteer Status

- A subject individual required to submit to a criminal records check and/or fingerprinting in 1. accordance with law and/or Board policy will be terminated from employment or contract status, or withdrawal of offer of employment or contract will be made by the district upon:
 - Refusal to consent to a criminal records check and/or fingerprinting; or a.
 - Notification⁶ from the Superintendent of Public Instruction that the employee has a conviction b. of any crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number.

R8/08/22 | LF

⁵ A person hired as or by a contractor and their employees may not be required to submit to fingerprinting until the contractor has been offered a contract by the district.

⁶ Prior to making a determination that results in this notification and opportunity for a hearing, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may cause an investigation pursuant to OAR 581-021-0511; involved parties shall cooperate with the investigation pursuant to law.

- 2. A subject individual [may] [will] be terminated from employment or contract status upon notification from the Superintendent of Public Instruction that the employee has knowingly made a false statement as to the conviction of any crime.
- Employment termination shall remove the individual from any district policies, collective bargaining
 provisions regarding dismissal procedures and appeals and the provisions of Accountability for
 Schools for the 21st Century Law.
- 4. A volunteer who refuses to submit, when required, to a criminal records check or a fingerprint-based criminal records check in accordance with law and/or Board policy will be denied such ability to volunteer in the district.
- 5. If the district has been notified by the Superintendent of Public Instruction that a volunteer knowingly made a false statement or has a conviction for any crimes listed in ORS 342.143, or the substantial equivalent of any of those crimes if the conviction occurred in another jurisdiction or in Oregon under a different statutory name or number, the individual [will] [may] be denied the ability to volunteer.
- 6. A volunteer who knowingly makes a false statement, as determined by the district, on a district volunteer application form will may be denied the ability to volunteer in the district.

Appeals

A subject individual may appeal a determination from ODE that prevents employment or eligibility to contract with the district to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as a contested case under ORS 183.413 – 183.470.

A volunteer may appeal a determination from a fingerprint-based criminal records checks by ODE that prevents the ability to volunteer with the district to the Superintendent of Public Instruction as a contested case under ORS 183.413—183.470.

Code: GCEA
Adopted: 7/10/02
Readopted: 4/20/11
Orig. Code: GCEA



Substitute Teachers

Substitute teachers shall be assigned by the principal or designee to fill a temporary vacancy caused by absence of a regular teacher. The assignment shall be made from an approved list of properly licensed and otherwise qualified teachers. Substitute teachers shall, in so far as possible, be made aware of district rules and regulations necessary in carrying out assignments and shall be required to follow them in a reasonable manner.

Substitute teachers shall be paid an amount commensurate with the duties performed.

Pay shall not be less than the minimum required by law.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.507 ORS 342.610 ORS 342.815

OAR 584-020-0000 to -0045

Code:

GCI/GDI

Adopted:

7/10/02

Revised/Readopted: 4/20/11; 9/13/17

Orig. Code(s):

GCI/GDI



Assignment and Transfers

Initial assignment of employees will be made by the superintendent or his/her-designee. Assignment of all licensed and classified personnel employed by the district will be under direction of the superintendent.

The superintendent will develop procedures for voluntary and involuntary transfer of employees within the district.

These procedures will be based on filling the district's personnel needs.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 236.610 to -236.630

OAR 581-022-2405

Code:

GCKB/GDKB

Adopted: Readopted: 7/10/02 4/20/11

Orig. Code:

GCKB/GDKB

Staff Meetings

From time to time both building and district staff meetings shall be held. Unless specifically excused by the principal or superintendent, all staff are required to attend.

Any meeting sponsored or called by a labor organization during contract hours is subject to prior approval by the superintendent or school administrator. Attendance by staff members at meetings scheduled by the labor organization shall be left to the discretion of each employee. Any cost associated with attending a meeting called by a labor organization shall be borne by the individual employee or the labor organization, subject to statutory and collective bargaining agreement provisions.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.107

Code: GCL Adopted: 4/20/11

Revised/Readopted: 2/13/13; 1/15/14; 4/12/17

Orig. Code(s): GCL

Staff Development - Licensed

As part of the district continuous improvement plan, the district will establish a short- and long-term professional development plan for licensed staff in order to enhance professional performance and promote achievement of high standards for all students. The plan shall be developed in writing by district administration.

Professional development activities may include, but are not limited to, college courses, workshops, curriculum planning, research, travel, supervision of teacher trainees and other activities approved by the supervisor. District professional development offerings may be planned to help licensed employees meet the requirements of their licenses. The district will provide appropriate, reasonable accommodations to ensure such training, whether provided by the district or through district contracts with third parties, is made available for qualified employees with disabilities.

Requests for release time for attendance at meetings or conferences may be approved by the superintendent or designee as deemed appropriate by the district and with the stipulation that:

- Requests are to be submitted sufficiently in advance to permit superintendent or designee consideration; and
- Where release time is granted, a written report will be submitted to the administration after such meeting or conference. Where such meetings or conferences are devoted primarily or exclusively to organizational or business affairs of associations of teachers, political workshops, training sessions for consultation committees and like activities, it is not considered appropriate for the Board to expend district funds.

Meetings or conferences for which district funds are contributed — whether for fees, travel or hiring of substitutes — shall directly relate to improved student learning. Where such meetings or conferences are devoted primarily or exclusively to organizational or business affairs of associations of educators, political workshops, training sessions for consultation committees and like activities, it is not considered appropriate for the Board to expend district funds or to approve the activity.

Each individual licensed employee is solely responsible for ensuring accurate completion of the professional development required for licensure. Once a licensed employee completes licensure requirements, the employee must submit evidence to the employee's supervisor who will verify that the licensed employee has successfully completed the professional development requirements to the superintendent or designee on the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) Professional Educational Experience Report (PEER) form.

The superintendent or designee will develop administrative regulations, staff professional development handbooks and/or other related materials as may be necessary to implement the district's professional development plans. Administrative regulations shall include professional development procedures and R1/31/17 | SL Staff Development - Licensed - GCL

practices that incorporate plans for the district's improvement and individual building, grade level, student and employee needs and goals.

END OF POLICY

Legal	Reference	(s)):

ORS 329.095 ORS 329.125 ORS 329.704 ORS 342.138(3) ORS 342,856

OAR 581-022-2250 OAR 581-022-2405 OAR 584-018-0205

OAR 584-255-0010 to -0030

Clackamas IED Assn. v. Clackamas IED, No. C-141-77, 3 Pub. EMPL. Coll. Barg. Rep. 1848 (ERB 1978). Eugene Educ. Ass'n v. Eugene Sch. Dist. 4J, No. C-93-79, 5 Pub. EMPL. Coll. Barg. Rep. 3004 (ERB 1980). Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213; 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2017); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2017). Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.



Code: GCL-AR Revised/Reviewed: 4/12/17 Orig. Code(s): GCL-AR

Staff Development - Licensed

(The first paragraph is somewhat already stated in policy. If no desire to keep the shaded/added text, then consider deleting the AR if keeping only first paragraph.)

The completion of professional development requirements, as set forth in Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) Chapter 584, Division 255 by the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission (TSPC) for licensing or license renewal, is the sole responsibility of the employee.

- 1. Each professional licensed staff member employed by the district shall meet the standards as stated in OAR 584-420-0030 for:
 - Learner and Learning
 - (1) Learner development;
 - (2) Learning differences;
 - (3) Learning environments.
 - b. Content
 - (1) Content knowledge;
 - (2) Application of content.
 - c. Instructional Practice
 - (1) Assessment:
 - (2) Planning for instruction;
 - (3) Instructional strategies.
 - d. Professional Responsibility
 - (1) Professional learning and ethical practice;
 - (2) Leadership and collaboration.
- 2. The continuing professional development of each licensed staff member shall conform to the following standards for professional development as stated in OAR 584-255-0020:
 - Learning Communities: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results
 for all students occurs within learning communities committed to continuous improvement,
 collective responsibility and goal alignment;
 - Leadership: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students requires skillful leaders who: develop capacity, advocate and create support systems for professional learning;
 - Resources: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students requires prioritizing, monitoring and coordinating resources for educator learning;

- d. Data: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students uses a variety of sources and types of student, educator and system data to plan, assess and evaluate professional learning;
- e. Learning Designs: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students integrates theories, research and models of human learning to achieve its intended outcomes:
- f. Implementation: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students applies research on change and sustains support for implementation of professional learning for long term change;
- g. Outcomes: Professional learning that increases educator effectiveness and results for all students aligns its outcomes with educator performance and student curriculum standards.
- 3. Each employee is responsible for acquiring the number of continuing professional development units (PDUs) to meet the requirements as stated by the TSPC.
- 4. The district will attempt to offer as many professional development activities as recognized needs warrant and resources permit.
- Acceptable professional development activities shall be those reviewed and approved by the
 employee's supervisor or professional development advisor and for which evidence is submitted to
 verify completion.
- Licensed individuals transferring to the district from other districts, including those educators hired without previous district experience, shall submit any PDUs of credit earned to their supervisor or professional development advisor for review.
- 7. Upon receipt of evidence from an employee, the employee's supervisor or professional development advisor shall verify completion of the required PDUs for license renewal on the TSPC-provided Professional Educational Experience Report (PEER) form, and submit the form to the superintendent or designee.
- 8. The superintendent shall ensure that the required forms are submitted to the TSPC.

Completed TSPC, PEER forms shall be filed in the employee's personnel file.

Code: GCN/GDN Adopted: 7/10/02

Revised/Readopted: 4/20/11; 12/13/17 Orig. Code(s): GCN/GDN



Evaluation of Staff

An effective evaluation program is essential to a quality educational program. It is an important tool to determine the current level of a teacher's performance of the teaching responsibilities. It is also an important assessment of classified employees and current performance of their job assignments. Under Board policy, administrators are charged with the responsibility of evaluating the staff. An evaluation program provides a tool for supervisors who are responsible for making decisions about promotion, demotion, contract extension, contract nonextension, contract renewal or nonrenewal, dismissal and discipline.

Licensed Staff

The evaluations for licensed staff shall be based on the core teaching standards adopted by the Oregon State Board of Education. The standards shall be customized based on collaborative efforts with teachers and any exclusive representatives of the licensed staff.

Evaluation and support systems established by the district for teachers must be designed to meet or exceed the requirements defined in the Oregon Framework for Teacher and Administrator Evaluation and Support Systems, including:

- 1. Four performance level ratings of effectiveness;
- 2. Classroom-level student learning and growth goals set collaboratively between the teacher and the evaluator:
- 3. Consideration of multiple measures of teacher practice and responsibility which may include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Classroom-based assessments including observations, lesson plans and assignments:
 - b. Portfolios of evidence:
 - c. Supervisor reports; and
 - d. Self-reflections and assessments.
- Consideration of evidence of student academic growth and learning based on multiple measures of student progress, including performance data of students, that is both formative and summative. Evidence may also include other indicators of student success;
- A summative evaluation method for considering multiple measures of professional practice, professional responsibilities and student learning and growth to determine the teacher's professional growth path;

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 Customized by each district, which may include individualized weighting and application of standards.

An evaluation using the core teaching standards must attempt to:

- 1. Strengthen the knowledge, skills, disposition and classroom practices of teachers;
- 2. Refine the support, assistance and professional growth opportunities offered to a teacher, based on the individual needs of the teacher and the needs of the students, the school and the district;
- 3. Allow the teacher to establish a set of classroom practices and student learning objectives that are based on the individual circumstances of the teacher, including the classroom and other assignments;
- 4. Establish a formative growth process for each teacher that supports professional learning and collaboration with other teachers:
- 5. Use evaluation methods and professional development, support and other activities that are based on curricular standards and are targeted to the needs of the teacher; and
- 6. Address ways to help all educators strengthen their culturally responsive practices.

Evaluation and support systems established by the district must evaluate teachers on a regular cycle. The superintendent shall regularly report to the Board on implementation of the evaluation and support systems and educator effectiveness.

Each probationary teacher shall be evaluated at least annually, but with multiple observations. The purpose of the evaluation is to aid the teacher in making continuing professional growth and to determine the teacher's performance of the teaching responsibilities. Evaluations shall be based upon at least two observations and other relevant information developed by the district.

Classified Staff

All classified employees will be formally evaluated [by their immediate supervisor] at least [twice] during their first year of employment and at least [once each year] thereafter.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):		
ORS 243.650 ORS 332.505	ORS 342.856	OAR 581-022-2410 OAR 581-022-2415
ORS 342.850	OAR 581-022-2405	Oliver San Zille

Code: GCPA Adopted: 7/10/02

Readopted: 4/20/11; 8/12/22

Orig. Code: GCPA



Reduction or Recall of Licensed Staff

When the Board is considering a reduction of staff due to a lack of funds to continue the educational program at its anticipated level or due to the elimination or adjustment of classes due to an administrative decision, it will discuss the matter at a regular or special Board meeting and will consider such factors and alternatives it deems necessary to arrive at a decision.

Using the goals and priorities of the district, the Board shall direct the superintendent to prepare a reduction plan identifying which programs are to be reduced or eliminated for Board approval. As a result of the program reductions or elimination, the superintendent shall bring a list of positions to be cut or eliminated to the Board for approval. The district shall consider cultural or linguistic expertise and seniority, and may consider merit and competence, in accordance with Oregon law. ¹

Nothing in this policy is intended to interfere with the right of the district to discharge, remove or fail to renew the contract of a probationary teacher, or to not extend the contract of or dismiss a contract teacher pursuant to the provisions of the Accountability for Schools for the 21st Century Law².

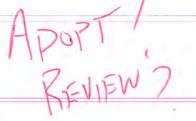
END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):		
<u>ORS 342</u> .805 - 342.910	ORS 342.934	

¹ See ORS 342.934 (HB 2001 (2021)) for definitions and requirements.

² ORS 342.805 -to 342.937.

GCPA-AR
Revised/Reviewed:



Reduction or Recall of Licensed Staff

(Is this helpful?)

The Board will make the final decision on programs to be kept, cut or eliminated following a review of the reduction plan developed by the superintendent. The Board will determine when staff layoffs become necessary, and will approve positions to be cut or limited as after receiving a recommendation from the superintendent. Individuals that may be impacted by the layoff shall not be discussed by the Board. The affected employees shall be notified within a reasonable time.

Definitions

- 1. "Competence" means the ability of a teacher to teach a subject or grade level based on consideration of any of the following:
 - a. Teaching experience within the past five years related to the subject or grade level;
 - b. Educational attainments, which may not be based solely on being licensed to teach; or
 - c. The teacher's willingness to undergo additional training or pursue additional education.
- 2. "Cultural or linguistic expertise" means the expertise of one teacher, as measured against the expertise of another teacher, based on consideration of any of the following factors:
 - a. A teacher's linguistic ability in relation to an in-district language, as determined by the district using a method of verification or attestation of fluency for all in-district languages;
 - b. A teacher's completion of a teacher pathway program that is implemented by a teacher pathway partnership at the national, state, regional or local level and that has the primary focus of increasing the number of culturally or linguistically diverse teachers; or
 - c. A teacher's current work assignment that requires the teacher to work at least 50 percent of the teacher's work assignment time:
 - (1) At a school where at least 25 percent of the student population consists of students from a historically underserved background, if the teacher is assigned to one school; or
 - (2) At programs, schools or school districts where at least 25 percent of the student population consists of students from a historically underserved background, if the teacher is assigned to multiple programs, schools or school districts.
- 3. "In-district language" means a heritage language or a language other than English that is spoken:
 - a. By five percent or more of the students enrolled at the school where a teacher is assigned or, if the teacher is not assigned to a school, of the students enrolled in the schools of the district; or
 - b. At five percent or more of the homes of the students enrolled at the school where a teacher is assigned or, if the teacher is not assigned to a school, of the homes of the students enrolled in

¹ Districts are encouraged to consult with legal counsel and any applicable collective bargaining agreements prior to taking any action on reductions of staff.

the schools of the district. "Merit" means the measurement of one teacher's ability and effectiveness against the ability and effectiveness of another teacher.

- 4. Qualified" means the measurement of the teacher's ability to teach the particular grade level or subject matter in which the teacher is placed after the reduction in force.
- 5. "Qualified teacher with cultural or linguistic expertise" means a teacher who:
 - a. Here cultural or linguistic expertise than a teacher with more or equal seniority; and
 - b. Here roper licenses or other credentials to fill a remaining position.
- 6. "Student from a historically underserved background" includes a student who:
 - a. Is an English language learner;
 - b. Is from a racial prince group that has historically experienced academic disparities, including racial or linic groups for which a statewide education plan has been developed under ORS 329.843 or 329.845 for students who are black, African-American, American Indian, Alaska Native, Latino or Hispanic;
 - c. Is economically disadvantaged; or
 - d. Has a disability.
- 7. "Teacher" has the meaning give that term in ORS 342.120.]

Procedures

When determining which teachers will be retained when the district reduces staff, the district shall prioritize seniority, except as follows:

- 1. A district shall retain a qualified teacher with curtural or linguistic expertise who has less seniority if the release of the less senior teacher would result in a lesser proportion of teachers with cultural or linguistic expertise compared to teachers without cultural or linguistic expertise.
- 2. If a qualified teacher with cultural or linguistic expertistion and as described above and the district is determining which teachers to retain who do the cultural or linguistic expertise, the district shall prioritize:
 - a. Seniority²; or
 - b. Competence or merit in accordance with law.
- 3. The district may retain a teacher with less seniority than a teacher before leased if the district determines that the teacher being retained has more competence or merit than the teacher with more seniority who is being released.

The district shall not agree in any collective bargaining agreement to waive the right to competence in making decisions about reduction in staff or recall of staff. Retained to be properly licensed and qualified, as defined in Oregon statutes, for the positions they fi

² Seniority shall be calculated from the first day of actual service as teachers with the district, inclusive of approved leaves of absence. In the event there is a tie in calculating seniority, it shall be broken by drawing lots.

The district will develop criteria and procedures for identifying in-district languages, verifying teacher language abilities, reviewing teacher pathway programs and determining which teachers teach in schools were percent or more students from a historically underserved population. Procedures and timelines will be a nunicated to teachers.

Recall

A teacher who was released due to a reduction in staff will be eligible for recall for 27 months after the last date of release and swaived by a rejection of a specific position. No new teacher shall be hired to any position until the who remain on a recall list who are licensed and qualified for the position have been given an opposition to accept the position.

The district shall notify teachers on the recall list of a position opening by registered letter, return receipt requested, at their last known address. Teachers shall have [7] calendar days from receipt of such notification in which to in their acceptance or rejection of the position and an additional [14] days from date of acceptance if which to begin active employment unless otherwise mutually agreed upon.

If the teacher rejects any position offered for which the teacher is licensed and qualified, or the teacher fails to respond within the specified timeline, the teacher shall forfeit all recall rights.

Staff returning to work shall have all receive benefits for the period of the rease.

Teachers will have recall rights for a maximum 27-month period. If they choose, released teachers may maintain their district insurance and health plans by paying their own premiums as prescribed by law, subject to the rules of the insurance carrier.

[Teachers affected by a reduction in staff may be received in the substitute list for any position requested when released. They will be notified for those positions requested before other substitutes are notified.]







Code: GCPB/GDPB
Adopted: 7/10/02
Readopted: 4/20/11
Orig. Code: GCPB



Resignation of Licensed EmployeesStaff *

A licensed staff member who wishes to resign from his or hertheir position with the district must give written notice of at least 60 calendar days to the superintendent prior to the date he or she wishes to leave district employmentupon or at the time of resignation, subject to terms of any applicable collective bargaining agreement. The superintendent is authorized to accept the resignation effective the day it is received and either release the teacher immediately from further teaching or administrative obligations or inform the teacher that he or shethey must continue teaching for part or all of the 60-day period. The Board, at its next meeting, shall ratify the action of the superintendent.

Where less than 60 calendar days noticedays' notice is given, the bBoard may request the Teacher Standards and Practices Commission to discipline the licensee. Exceptions due to emergency or other extenuating circumstances may be considered by the Board.

The superintendent is authorized to accept resignations of classified employees effective the day they are received.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 342.545 ORS 342.553 ORS 652.140

OAR 581-022-2405 OAR 584-050-0020

Pierce v. Douglas County Sch. Dist., 297 Or. 363 (1984).

Code: GCPC/GDPC Adopted: 10/10/07

Readopted: 4/20/11; 2/10/21 Orig. Code: GCPC/GDPC



Retirement of Staff *

To assist the district in its planning efforts, staff members considering retirement are encouraged to notify the district as early as possible, preferably at the beginning of the school year in which the retirement will take place

Retiring employees are encouraged to coordinate with PERS and the Human Resources Department to ensure that all requirements are met. The superintendent will develop requirements, limitations and procedures for employment as a PERS-retiree¹.

District employees will be allowed to retire under PERS and return to their position in the district.²

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS Chapter 237 ORS Chapter 238 ORS Chapter 238A ORS 243.303 ORS 342.120

Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1161-1169 (2018). Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001-1461 (2018). OR. CONST., art. IX, §§ 10-13. House Bill 2296 (2023).

¹ The law that allows PERS-retired employees to continue to work for PERS-employers without hour restrictions is set to expire in 2034.

² There must be a break in service for retired employees returning to work.

Code: GCPC/GDPC-AR-Revised/Reviewed: 10/10/07; 4/20/11 Orig. Code: GCPC/GDPC-AR

Reemployment of PERS-Retired Staff

(This may be outdated language; review and add additional edits as needed, or it is an optional AR.)

Current District Employees

- In the event that a district employee retires and begins receiving benefits from the Public Retirement Employees System (PERS) prior to the end of the school year, he/shethey may be retained by the district in his/hertheir current position or another position as deemed appropriate by the district until the end of the school year subject to the provisions of ORS 238.082 and the provisions of any applicable collective bargaining agreement.
- 2. All requests for continued employment by the district must be submitted in writing to the superintendent no later than 30 calendar days before the end of the school year in which the individual has retired from PERS. Requests will be considered based on the following criteria.
- A licensed employee's change in PERS status shall not, in and of itself, constitute a break in service.
 A classified employee's seniority will be determined as defined in the collective bargaining agreement, Board policy or individual employment contract.
- 4. Decisions to retain the individual in his/hertheir current position will be made by the superintendent. The individual will not be required to submit to established district application and interview procedures.
- Decisions to retain the individual in a position other than the individual's current position, such as a
 new position or another vacant position will be made by the Board/superintendent. The individual
 may-will be required to submit to established district application and interview procedures for such
 positions, as determined by the Board.

An employee that continues employment with the district, after resignation and initiation of PERS will have activated a change of status that which will be managed as follows:

- a. Seniority will cease and begin anew;
- Salary/hourly wages will continue at the same level as prior to the resignation, in accordance with the appropriate labor agreement;
- c. Employee benefits in accordance with the appropriate labor agreement will continue, as before the resignation without a break.
- 6. A retired member who is employed as a classified employee or teacher, as defined by ORS 342.120, will remain in the same collective bargaining unit that which included the member before retirement, unless retirees or the assignments (e.g., temporary, substitute, etc.) are specifically excluded from the collective bargaining agreement.
- 7. Salary, benefits and length of contract for early retirees who are excluded from the bargaining unit will be determined by the superintendent.

- 8. Employees who retire during the school year shall not serve past June 30. Decisions on continued employment past that date will be made by the district on a case-by-case basis.
- 9. The maximum hours of work performed by an employee shall not exceed 1039 hours. The employee shall be responsible for submitting a record of his/her hours worked to payroll, at least monthly, to assure that the period of employment does not exceed the statutory maximum.
- 10.9. The district will immediately submit an Employment of PERS Retiree form to the PERS office as required by law.

Former District Employees

A district employee who retired and left district employment may apply for a subsequent vacancy with the district under the same application and interview procedures as all other applicants for district employment.





Code: Adopted:

GCPD

Discipline and Dismissal of Licensed Staff *

(Helpful? There is also an AR to accompany this policy.)

The Board will use due process and comply with relevant portions of the collective bargaining agreement when disciplining and/or dismissing employees.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 243.672 ORS 243.706 ORS 243.756

ORS 342.835 ORS 342.865 to -342.910 ORS 342.934

ORS 652.140

OAR 584-020-0040

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Code: GCPD-AR

Revised/Reviewed:

Discipline and Dismissal of Licensed Staff *

The Board will use due process and comply with relevant portions of the collective bargaining agreement when disciplining and/or dismissing employees.

Discipline

Staff members will be disciplined according to the severity and frequency of the conduct at issue. Discipline may be in the form of verbal reprimand, written reprimand or suspension depending on the circumstances of each case.

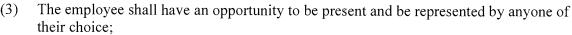
- "Verbal reprimand": The administrator will hold a conference with the employee. The administrator
 will outline the nature of the problem and listen to any comments from the employee. The
 administrator will indicate compliance with specified procedures or cessation of certain conduct is
 required and future consequences if directives are ignored.
- 2. "Written reprimand": The administrator will hold a conference with the employee. The employee may have a representative present of their choice. The administrator will outline the nature of the problem and listen to any comments from the employee. The administrator will indicate compliance with specified procedures or cessation of certain conduct is required and future consequences if directives are ignored. A "letter of reprimand" shall be written and placed in the employee's personnel file.
- 3. "Suspension": Employees may be suspended in order to maintain the health and/or safety of other employees and/or students. Employees may also be suspended pending investigation of complaints regarding their job performance or conduct.

Dismissal

- 1. Probationary Teachers
 - a. Contracts of probationary teachers may be nonrenewed for any reason or reasons deemed in good faith sufficient by the Board. Written notice of intended nonrenewal and reason(s) for nonrenewal must be given to the teacher by March 15 or sooner if so specified in a collective bargaining agreement. Written notice must be given prior to Board action on the nonrenewal. The teacher may request a hearing before the Board.
 - b. Probationary teachers may be dismissed at any time for any reason or reasons deemed in good faith sufficient by the Board. Written notice of intended dismissal and reason(s) for dismissal must be given to the teacher prior to Board action on the dismissal. The teacher may request a hearing before the Board.
 - c. The following procedures apply to hearings before the Board:
 - (1) The employee shall receive notice of the time, date and place of the hearing;

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(2) The hearing shall be in executive session unless the employee has requested an open session;



(4) The district may be represented by anyone of its choice;

(5) Both parties shall have the opportunity to make opening statements, to call witnesses and to cross-examine the other party's witnesses, to present documentary evidence and to make closing statements;

(6 De Board shall provide a written statement of the reasons for the final action taken on portenewal of contract or dismissal); and

(1) The Board may, at its option, designate an individual to preside over and conduct the actual hearing.

[NOTE: These procedures are guidelines only and are subject to change depending on state and/or federal legislation and the action of state and/or federal courts. These procedures may also be modified by existing collective bargain of elements or individual employment contracts. These guidelines should be carefully reviewed by the district's attorney before their adoption and implementation.]

2. Contract Teachers

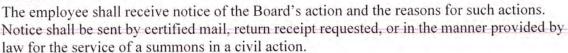
- a. Contract teachers may be seed or their employment contract nonextended when their job performance or conduct facts within one or more of the broad reasons listed in Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 342.865: inefficiency, immorality, insubordination, neglect of duty including duties specified by written rules, physical or mental incapacity, conviction of a felony or of a crime involving moral turpitude, inadequate performance, failure to comply with such reasonable requirements as the Board escribe to show normal improvement and evidence of professional training and own or any cause which constitutes grounds for the revocation of such contract teacher's teacher's teacher.
- b. The superintendent and employee shall meet to discuss the superintendent's proposed recommendation to the Board regarding dismissal or contract non-extension. The employee may be accompanied by anyone of their choice.
- c. The employee shall be notified if the superintend contract non-extension.

(1) The notice shall contain:

- (a) The statutory grounds upon which the superintendent believes such dismissal or non-extension is justified;
- (b) A plain and concise statement of the facts relied of to support the statutory grounds for dismissal or non-extension;
- (c) A copy of ORS 342.805 to 342.934; and
- (d) The day and time of the Board meeting during which the recommendation will be made.
- (2) A notice of intended dismissal must be given at least 20 days prior dismissal must be delivered in person or must be sent by certified mail.
- (3) Notice of intended dismissal must be sent to the Board and to the Fair Dismissal Appeals Board.



d. The employee may be present at the Board meeting and be accompanied by anyone of their choice.



3. Illness/Other Circumstances

Sickness or other unavoidable circumstances which prevent the teacher from teaching 20 school days immediately following exhaustion of sick leave accumulated under ORS 332.507 may be sufficient reason for the Board to place the teacher on leave without pay for the remainder of the regular school year. The district may terminate the teacher's employment without penalty on August 1 if the Board determines that the teacher is unable to resume teaching responsibilities at the beginning of the next fall term and the teacher is not on workers' compensation leave or federal or state family illness leave.

4. Wages

Whenever an employee is dismissed or where such employment is terminated by mutual agreement all wages earned and unpaid at the time of discharge or termination shall be payable no later than the end of the first business day after discharge or termination.







Code:

GCQA/GDQA

Adopted: Readopted:

7/10/02

Readopted: Orig. Code:

4/20/11 GDQA



Nonschool Employment

All employees are expected to accomplish those tasks required by the district.

No classified employee may hold other employment or conduct a private business during his or hertheir school district employment if such employment interferes with school duties, responsibilities or efficiency. Outside activities employment are is not to take place during working hours. Under no circumstances may district facilities, equipment or materials be used for nonschool employment or other outside of school activity inconsistent with ORS Chapter 244, board policy, and administrative regulation governing use of district facilities, equipment or materials and provisions of the employee's collective bargaining agreement as applicable.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 244

ORS 332.107

Code: GCQAB
Adopted: 7/10/02
Readopted: 4/20/11
Orig. Code: GCQAB



Private Tutoring for Pay

No private tutoring for which a teacher receives a fee willshall be allowed in a district building on district time. District facilities, materials or equipment may be used under the same conditions as this property is made available to the general public.

END OF POLICY

Legal	Reference	(s)	:
Legal	Reference	S	2

ORS 244.010 ORS 332.505

Code:

GCQABIGBG-AR

Revised/Reviewed:

7/10/02; 4/20/11

Orig. Code:

GCQAB-AR



Tutoring for Pay: Home Bound Services

Students may become eligible for home-bound services as part of their educational program while enrolled as students in the district. To provide home-bound service for district-enrolled students, the district shall follow procedures in obtaining and providing qualified home bound tutors.

- The superintendent shall seek interested and qualified home-bound tutors. All home-bound tutors shall maintain a valid Oregon Teacher or Substitute Teacher license.
- 2. For home-bound tutors employed as teachers under the collective bargaining agreement, the district shall include this salary with other district paid salaries and shall pay all benefits occurring to teachers covered by the collective bargaining agreement, the district shall pay only the stated salary.
- 3. The district shall pay mileage to the home-bound tutor at the current IRS business rate for the round trip mileage between the least of the following locations and the locations at which the home-bound student receives tutoring services:
 - a. Tutor's home to student location where tutoring is provided;
 - b. School location where tutor is employed to student location where tutoring service is provided;
 - c. One way from school location and one way from tutor's residence to student location where tutoring service is provided, if tutor starts and ends at the district school where he or she is employed.

Code: GCQB

Adopted: 7/10/02

Readopted: 4/20/11; 10/12/22

Orig. Code: GCQB

Research

District staff are encouraged to participate in research for the development and improvement of education. Staff who propose to engage in research, e.g., study toward advanced work or for use in classroom instruction, using district resources or students, will submit a proposal to the superintendent for approval prior to commencing such research. If approved, and the study results in material or practices which may be useful to other district staff, such will be reviewed by administration and may be made available for distribution throughout the district as determined by administration. For the protection of all concerned, privacy rights of students or other individuals involved in such research must be protected.

Research which is conducted by or for an out-of-district individual or organization must be approved by the superintendent.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.107

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2018); Family Educational Rights and Privacy, 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (2022).

Protection of Pupil Rights, 20 U.S.C. § 1232h (2018); Student Rights in Research, Experimental Programs and Testing, 34 C.F.R. Part 98 (2022).

Code: GCQBA, Adopted: 7/10/02 Readopted: 4/20/11 Orig. Code: GCQBA



Copyrights and Patents

The Board asserts the district's proprietary rights to publications, instructional materials and other devices prepared by district employees during their paid work time. The Board also recognizes the importance of encouraging its professional staff to engage in professional writing, research, and other creative endeavors. Publications, articles, materials, models and other items produced by district personnel for district use with district time, money and facilities as part of their job responsibilities remain the property of the district.

The district willshall apply for copyrights and patents when deemed appropriate by the superintendent. Employees will be expected to cooperate in the district's efforts.

In the event that an employee produces items described above partly on their his or her own time and partly on district time, the district reserves the right to claim full ownership. The employee, however, may petition the district for assignment of copyright or patent rights. Employees will half not attempt to copyright or patent such items without the knowledge and consent of the superintendent.

Employees who intend to make application to patent or copyright any item shall furnish to the superintendent full, complete, and prompt information and disclosure with respect to any such item.

If the district does not take appropriate action to seek a patent or copyright within six months after full disclosure by the employee involved, the district shall be deemed to have waived and relinquished any interest in the item.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):		
ORS 332.107	ORS 332.745	
Copyrights, 17 U.S.C. §§ 101 Patents, 35 U.S.C. §§ 1-376 (-1332; 19 C.F.R. Part 133 (2016). 2012).	

Code: GD Adopted: 4/20/11 Orig. Code(s): GD



Classified Staff/Classified Staff Positions *

"Classified employee" means any district employee not required to hold a teaching license. The superintendent or designee will designate classified employee positions. The essential job functions, and titles and examples of work performed, are toshall be prescribed in a written job description for each position classification.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

 ORS 326.051
 ORS 659A.030

 ORS 332.505
 ORS 659A.142

 ORS 659.805
 ORS 659A.145

 ORS 659A.233
 ORS 659A.233

 ORS 659A.099
 ORS 659A.309

ORS 659A.409

OAR 581-021-0045 OAR 581-022-2405

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d (2012).

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e (2012).

Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6101-6107 (2012).

Equal Pay Act of 1963, 29 U.S.C. § 206(d) (2012).

Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 503, 791, 793-794 (2012).

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683 (2012).

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101-12213; 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2016); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2016).

The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. § 4212 (2012).

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.

Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

Code: GDA Adopted: 5/25/05

Revised/Readopted: 4/20/11; 8/12/15; 9/13/17;

10/12/22

Orig. Code: GDA

Instructional Assistants

Instructional assistants shall be hired by the superintendent.

All instructional assistants1 must:

- 1. Have a high school diploma or the equivalent;
- Be at least 18 years of age or older; and
- 3. Have standards of moral character as required of teachers.

In addition to the above, instructional assistants providing translation services must have demonstrated proficiency and fluency, knowledge of and ability to provide accurate translations from a language other than English into English and from English into another language.

Instructional assistants² who work in Title IA programs and provide instructional support must have:

- 1. Completed at least two years of study at an institution of higher education; or
- 2. Obtained an associate's or higher degree; or
- 3. Met a rigorous standard of quality, and can demonstrate, through a formal state or local academic assessment or para-professional certificate program, knowledge of, and the ability to assist in instructing, as appropriate, reading/language arts, writing and mathematics or reading readiness, writing readiness and mathematics readiness.

These requirements do not apply to an instructional assistant: (1) who is proficient in English and a language other than English and who provides services primarily to enhance the participation of children in Title IA programs by acting as a translator; or (2) whose duties consist solely of conducting parental involvement activities.

8/08/22 LF

Instructional Assistants - GDA

¹ "Instructional assistant" means a classified school employee who does not require a license to teach, who is employed by a school district or education service district and whose assignment consists of and is limited to assisting a licensed teacher in accordance with the rules established by the TSPC.

² Instructional assistants may be assigned to: (1) provide one-on-one tutoring for eligible students, if the tutoring is scheduled at a time when a student would not otherwise receive instruction from a teacher; (2) assist with classroom management, such as organizing instructional and other materials; (3) provide assistance in a computer laboratory; (4) conduct parental involvement activities; (5) provide support in a library or media center; (6) act as a translator; or (7) provide instructional services to students while working under the direct supervision of a teacher. Instructional assistants may assume limited duties that are assigned to similar personnel who are not working in a program supported with Title IA funds, including duties beyond classroom instruction or that do not benefit participating children, so long as the amount of time spent on such duties is the same proportion of total work time as prevails with respect to similar personnel at the same school.

The district will not require individuals newly hired as Title IA instructional assistants who have met another district's academic assessment to meet the district's academic assessment standards.

The general responsibilities of an instructional assistant shall be outlined in a job description. The major responsibility shall be to assist the classroom teacher, specialist or supervisor or related service provider with instruction and/or support. The instructional assistants shall be under the supervision of the appropriately licensed classroom teachers, specialist or supervisor. Other supporting tasks may include, but are not limited to: clerical support, student control, personal care, translation or parent and family involvement activities and media center or computer laboratory support.

Instructional assistants shall not be used by the district or teacher as substitute teachers. The responsibility for classroom supervision remains with the teacher at all times.

END OF POLICY

Legal Reference(s):

ORS 332.107 ORS 332.505 ORS 342.120 OAR 581-022-2400(2) OAR 581-037-0005 - 0025 OAR 584-005-0005(20),(28)

The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act., 38 U.S.C. § 4212 (2018).

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff-1 (2018); 29 C.F.R. Part 1635 (2022). Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C. § 791, 793-794 (2018).

Code: GDC
Adopted: 7/10/02
Revised/Readopted: 4/20/11
Orig. Code: GDC



Recruitment of Classified Staff *

The superintendent willshall develop and maintain a recruitment program designed to attract classified personnel to the district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, with the assistance of other district administrators, to determine the district's personnel needs of the district and to locate the most suitably qualified suitable candidates to recommend for district employment by the district.

The search for classified staff members may extend to a wide variety of educational institutionsagencies and geographical areas. Those factors considered will include, but not be limited to, It shall take into consideration the district's diverse characteristics of the district.

Present employees are encouraged to Any present employee may apply for any position for which he or she meets the stated requirements.

END OF POLICY

Legal	Reference(s):	

 ORS 326.051
 ORS 659A.030

 ORS 332.505
 ORS 659A.109

 ORS 659.805
 ORS 659A.142

 ORS 659A.009
 ORS 659A.233

 ORS 659A.029
 ORS 659A.236

ORS 659A.309 ORS 659A.409

OAR 581-021-0045 OAR 581-022-2405

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d (2012).

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e (2012). Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 U.S.C. §§ 6101-6107 (2012).

Equal Pay Act of 1963, 29 U.S.C. § 206(d) (2012).

Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 503, 791, 793-794 (2012).

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683 (2012).

The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. § 4212 (2012).

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008.

Code: GDIA Adopted: 4/20/11 Orig. Code(s): GDIA



Notice of Employment *

The Board shall give, in writing, individual notices by May 30 to all employees for whom a teaching license is not required.

The notices shall address reasonable assurance of continued employment as covered in the Oregon Revised Statutes and Oregon Administrative Rules.

END OF POLICY

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Legal	Referenc	e(s):

ORS 332.554

OAR 581-022-2405(4)