Zoom only 10 Campus Drive Madison, CT 06443

# **Meeting Agenda**

#### I. Rescind

0100/6010 Our Mission 6050 Organization of Instruction 6080.11 Technology and Instruction 6100.9 Use of Computers in Instruction 6100.9.1 Computers: Web Sites / Pages 6100.15.2 Use of Internet/Online Services

#### II. Review

5110.4 Student Discipline 5113 Student Attendance: Truancy and Chronic Absenteeism 5131.911 Bullying Prevention and Intervention 5131.914 Safe School Climate Policy

#### III. Public Comment

The Town of Madison does not discriminate on the basis of disability, and the meeting facilities are ADA accessible. Individuals who need assistance are invited to make their needs known by contacting the Town ADA/Human Resources Director, Debra Ferrante, at 203-245-6310 or by email at ferranted@madisonct.org at least five (5) business days prior to the meeting.

#### **Policy Summary**

#### June 18, 2024

#### Rescind

#### 0100/6010 Our Mission

A mission or vision statement is not a necessary policy under CT or federal law. A mission or vision can be maintained by the Board and is not unlawful, but it is not a "policy" that gives direction to the administration or staff.

#### 6050 Organization of Instruction

This policy is not mandatory and we recommend repeal. The district is not currently in compliance with this policy. For example, the policy currently provides that the elementary level will be K-4, and the middle level 5-8, but does not mention an intermediate level. If not repealed, we recommend that the Board conduct a comprehensive review in light of the district's current building configuration and new school building construction and reconfiguration of grades at each school.

#### 6080.11 Technology and Instruction

This policy is not mandatory and we recommend repeal because it is unnecessary and likely outdated. Technology is now an essential part of education and thus this policy is likely no longer necessary. If the Board wishes to maintain a policy concerning technology, we recommend internal review to ensure that the processes identified continue to be applicable.

#### 6100.9 Use of Computers in Instruction

We recommend the Board repeal this policy. As explained under policy 5210, we recommend that the Board adopt the S&G Model Policy concerning computer use in school.

#### 6100.9.1 Computers: Web Sites / Pages

We recommend the Board repeal this policy. As explained under policy 5210, we recommend that the Board adopt the S&G Model Policy concerning computer use in school.

#### 6100.15.2 Use of Internet/Online Services

We recommend the Board repeal this policy. As explained under policy 5210, we recommend that the Board adopt the S&G Model Policy concerning computer use in school.

#### Review

### 5110.4 Student Discipline

We have revised this policy to prohibit the unauthorized use of generative artificial intelligence. We also made changes to address consistent discipline practices and promote strategies to teach, encourage, and reinforce positive student behavior in light of recent <u>guidance</u> issued by the U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights and U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline. The revisions also reflect several legislative changes passed this session as well as updated definitions.

#### 5113 Student Attendance: Truancy and Chronic Absenteeism

In 2021, the Connecticut legislature directed the State Board of Education to amend its definitions of "excused absence" and "unexcused absence" as they relate to student attendance during remote learning. In the fall of 2022, the State Board of Education responded to this mandate by revising its definition of "in attendance." We have revised our model regulations to reflect the new definition. In addition, we have revised the regulation's documentation requirements to allow districts greater flexibility, while still following the guidelines established by the Connecticut State Department of Education. The revised language allows districts to accept delivery of written documentation to support a student's absence through a scanned copy sent by e-mail under "certain circumstances" rather than "in rare and extraordinary circumstances."

.....

Legislation passed in 2023 requires boards of education to adopt the school climate policy adopted by the Social and Emotional Learning and School Climate Advisory Collaborative for implementation during the 2025-2026 school year. Boards can do so earlier, if they so choose and the District would like to make this change now. Among other things, the Collaborative's school climate policy contains the new definition of bullying. The following policies have been updated to reflect the new definition and support the required safe school climate plan:

### 5131.911 Bullying Prevention and Intervention

We have revised this policy and the model Safe School Climate Plan to include the new definition of "bullying". We have added definitions of "discrimination" and "harassment." While not required by law, these revisions are designed to provide guidance to districts in determining whether conduct in question constitutes discrimination or harassment. We have also made additional technical revisions for clarity.

#### 5131.914 Safe School Climate Policy

For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year thereafter, each local and regional board of education shall adopt and implement the Connecticut School Climate Policy. The policy was developed to provide districts guidance on recent revisions to Connecticut's school climate law, Public Act 23-167. In accordance with Public Act 23-167, An Act Concerning Transparency in Education, for the school years commencing July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024, each local and regional board of education may adopt and implement the Connecticut School Climate Policy, in lieu of implementing the provisions of sections 10-222d, 10-222g to 10-222i, inclusive, 10-222k and 10-222p of the general statutes.

#0100 / #6010 Our Mission

# Madison Public Schools Vision for 21<sup>st</sup> Century Education

The Madison Public Schools: "Every child, every day, leading the way"

The Madison Public Schools are driven by a mission to prepare all learners to make a unique, positive contribution in a complex, global society. We are committed to fostering the diverse talents and abilities of each and every child in an emotionally and physically safe environment. We envision learning as joyful and learners as passionate. We support our educators as innovators in a dynamic pursuit of continuous improvement.

We are committed to the work that will lead to the development of all learners' capacities to:

- put ideas into action by thinking critically and creatively to identify and solve authentic, complex problems;
- communicate and collaborate purposefully and effectively using a variety of media;
- approach learning with effort and persistence while responding to success and failure with resiliency, reflection, and adaptability in an ever-changing world;
- make ethical and responsible decisions.

Date of Adoption: October 1, 1996
Revised: November 7, 2006
Revised: September 3, 2013

Revised: February 11, 2014 / Added Series 0000 Mission, Goals, Philosophy

#6050

Organization of Instruction

The school system has seven schools, and offers a diversified educational program compatible with the needs of the community and state standards.

The overall organization plan of the school system will be designed to facilitate the philosophy of educating every child, each to his or her fullest capacity.

The basic structure of the system will consist of three main divisions - the elementary level, middle school level, and high school level.

The elementary level will include the grades of kindergarten through grade four. The middle school will consist of grades five through eight; and, the high school will consist of grades nine through twelve.

The organization is designed to meet the standards of accreditation as required by the State Department of Education, and to serve the needs of all students.

Date of Adoption: October 1, 1996 Date of Revision: November 20, 2001

# #6080.11

# **Technology and Instruction**

Students shall become technologically literate and acquire skills and knowledge that allow them to function comfortably as productive citizens in a technologically-oriented society. Student achievement of technology literacy is expected to be accomplished throughout the K-12 continuum through a planned, ongoing, and systematic program. Continuous evaluation of progress toward this goal is to be conducted by the Superintendent and school district staff.

The program of instruction in technology literacy requires attention to the following components:

- 1. Curriculum. Objectives for instruction will be designed to promote sequential learning awareness, theory, and application of technology.
- Hardware. Specifications for selection will be designed to ensure durable, functional, and updated equipment.
- 3. Software. Programs for use in technology, whether commercially or locally developed, will be selected and shared, within constraints of copyright laws, in the school system to promote maximum learning.
- 4. Staff Development. Employees shall be offered training in awareness, theory, and technology applications.
- Resources and Funding. Commitment of school system resources is required for the development of the technology literacy program, and the Superintendent shall budget district funds to this program as well, seeking other public and private fundings for district technology.

Instruction **RESCIND** 

**6080.11** (continued)

Technologies curricula in the schools shall:

1. familiarize students with technology equipment operation and uses;

2. progress to use of technology as an instructional aide for regular class work and an

enhancement to content learning; and

3. teach students to use technology as one of many effective tools for problem

solving.

The Superintendent or his / her designee shall work with staff to develop a long-range

plan appropriate for instructional technology from kindergarten through the grade twelve

continuum, including:

1. budgeting and acquisition of technology equipment and infrastructure at all school

levels;

2. budgeting and acquisition of computer software at all school levels;

3. professional development on appropriate uses for instructional technology and

skills in instructional uses;

4. coordination of K-12 curricula in instructional technology; and

5. application of technology throughout the curricula in grades K-12.

Legal Reference:

Connecticut General Statutes

10-221 Boards of education to prescribe rules.

# 6141.322

**Computers: Web Sites / Pages** 

The Board of Education encourages the administration and staff to create and maintain World Wide Web sites for the district and individual schools for educational purposes. The web sites shall serve as avenues for educating the community, providing information about our schools and communicating with the extended school community. District and individual school web sites shall be used to share information relating to our schools and our mission. Web sites may also provide instructional resources for staff and students.

Materials displayed on web sites are published on the Internet. Therefore, the content should be professional quality and consistent with the education mission of the school system. Web sites shall follow standards for ethical behavior with regard to information and technology by showing respect for the principles of intellectual freedom, intellectual property rights and the responsible use of information and technology. Pages shall reflect an understanding that both internal and external audiences will be viewing the information.

Any pages or links representing the school district shall follow guidelines and responsibilities pertaining to content standards, student records, copyright, and technical standards which are contained in the administrative regulations which accompany this policy.

Additionally, all provisions of this policy must comply with existing Board of Education policies.

(cf. 5180.1 – Records / Confidentiality)

(cf. 5090.4.2 - Freedom of Speech / Written and Oral Expression)

(cf. 6100.10 - Selection of Instructional Materials)

(cf. 6100.14.3 - Resource Centers / Media Centers / School Libraries)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

1-19(b)(11) Access to public records. Exempt records. 10-15b Access of parent or guardians to student's records.

10-209 Records not to be public.

11-8a Retention, destruction and transfer of documents

11-8b Transfer or disposal of public records. State Library Board to adopt regs.

46b-56 (e) Access to Records of Minors.

Ct Public Records Administration Schedule V - Disposition of Educ. Records (Revised 1983).

Federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (section 438 of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended, added by section 513 of PL 93-568, codified at 20 U.S.C.1232g.).

Dept. of Educ. 34 C.F.R. Part 99 (May 9, 1980 45 FR 30802) regs. implementing FERPA enacted as part of 438 of General Educ. Provisions act (20 U.S.C. 1232g)-parent and student privacy and other rights with respect to educational records, as amended 11/21/96.

Public Law 94-553, The Copyright Act of 1976, 17 U.S.C. 101 et. seq.

U.S. Const. Amend. I

Electronic Communications Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. 2510-2522

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§791, 793-794 (2006), (34 Code of Federal Regulations Part 104)

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§12101-12213; 29 C.F.R. Part 1630 (2006); 28 C.F.R. Part 35 (2006)

Americans with Disabilities Amendments Act of 2008

Date of Adoption: May 4, 1999

# # 6100.9 Use of Computers in Instruction

The Board recognizes that technological advances in all areas are necessary and that computers are and will continue to be a part of this advance. As such, the Board's goal is to implement computer resources in each school facility. The computer resources of the Madison Public Schools are the property of the Madison Board of Education and are to be used exclusively for the instruction of students, management of instruction, and administration of the district. These resources are not to be used for personal gain by students and staff of the district. The Board reserves the right to bypass any passwords on computer files, records, and electronic access privileges on any computer resources under the control of the Board. Because of the many types of applications and the potential cost, the Board establishes the following policy to plan for and guide this growth both for instructional and administrative uses.

Computers for instruction will be used primarily for the following:

- 1. providing computer-assisted instruction to improve student performance;
- managing an instructional program in areas such as a classroom, library and resource room involving maintenance of test scores, grades, and other data used in evaluating instruction and student progress;
- 3. teaching computer skills and / or concepts and applying those skills to real-life applications; and
- 4. promoting use of computers for general interest, enrichment, and motivation.

Any student or staff member using computers will be instructed in the proper use and care of the hardware and software prior to its use.

The school principal, or designee, will coordinate the use of computers in the classrooms within his / her school.

Date of Adoption: April 1, 1997

#### #6100.15.2

# **Use of Internet / Online Services**

The Madison Public Schools shall offer Internet / online services access to all staff and students, K-12, to advance the use of telecommunication in the instructional setting. Since it is impossible to control or monitor the content of material on the Internet / online services, students and staff are expected to engage in an educationally sound use of this resource. Failure to comply with this policy shall result in students / staff being denied access to and use of the Internet / online services.

#### **Internet Safety**

Each District computer with Internet access shall have a filtering device that blocks entry to visual depictions that are obscene, pornographic or harmful or inappropriate for students, as defined by the Children's Internet Protection Act and as determined by the Superintendent or designee. The Superintendent or designee shall enforce the use of such filtering devices. An administrator, supervisor, or other authorized person may disable the filtering device for bona fide research or other lawful purpose, provided the person receives prior permission from the Superintendent or his / her designee.

The Superintendent or designee shall include measures in this policy's implementation plan and administrative regulation to address the following:

- a. Limiting student access to inappropriate matter as well as restricting access to harmful materials;
- b. Student safety and security when using electronic communications;
- c. Limiting unauthorized access, including "hacking" and other unlawful activities; and
- d. Limiting unauthorized disclosure, use and dissemination of personal identification information.

#6100.15.2 (continued)

#### **Guidelines for the Use of the Internet / Online Services**

Since the sole purpose of the Madison Public Schools is to support educational activities, certain guidelines governing students' and staff use of the Internet / online services are in order.

The Board of Education retains the right to place reasonable restrictions on material that students / staff access or post through the Internet / online services:

- Because there may be a cost associated with Internet / online services, users should obtain approval from the library media specialist or school administrator <u>before</u> accessing "for fee" online services.
- Users are expected to exhibit exemplary behavior while online, behavior that will reflect well on the school and the district.
- Users are expected to adhere to the same code of conduct appropriate for school or school-related activities.
- Any unauthorized access to computer systems or to computer data maintained by the Madison Public Schools, including the student database, the fiscal database, and the personnel database, is prohibited.
- Deliberate attempts to disrupt computer system performance or to destroy data by spreading computer viruses or by other means is prohibited.
- Users are prohibited from online harassment, i.e., acting in a manner which serves to distress, threaten, demean, annoy, or taunt another user.
- Users are prohibited from the use of profanity, offensive or inflammatory speech, personal attacks, or any other form of rude behavior or inappropriate language.

#6100.15.2 (continued)

Users may not access or post material that is "objectionable," i.e., material which

includes, but is not limited to pornography, hate literature, material that promotes

or threatens injury to individuals, and material which is related to illegal activities.

Users are prohibited from plagiarizing the ideas or writings of another person via

the Internet / online services.

Users are prohibited from reproducing a work that is protected by a copyright.

Users will respect the privacy of others while online.

Users are expected to follow regulations for efficient and effective use of the

Internet / online services.

Violation of this policy will result in disciplinary action, up to and including student

suspension or expulsion, subject to the terms and conditions of Board Policy 5110.4.

Staff violations of this policy may result in disciplinary action in accordance with

regulations developed by the Superintendent with regard to acceptable use of Internet /

online services.

Date of Adoption: May 8, 1997

Date of Revision: February 8, 2006

#5110.4 Student Discipline (formerly Suspension/Expulsion/Exclusion From School/School Activities)

 It is the policy of the Madison Board of Education (the "Board") to create a school environment that promotes respect of self, others, and property within the Madison Public Schools (the "District"). Compliance with this policy will enhance the Board and the District's ability to maintain discipline and reduce interference with the educational process that can result from student misconduct. Pursuant to this policy, the District shall promote the utilization of consistent discipline practices, both within and across schools in the District, while also promoting the consideration of individual circumstances arising in each student disciplinary matter. Where appropriate, the District implements strategies that teach, encourage and reinforce positive student behavior that do not require engagement with the discipline system.

# I. <u>Definitions</u>

A. Cannabis means marijuana, as defined by Conn. Gen. Stat. § 21a-240.

B. **Dangerous Instrument** means any instrument, article or substance which, under the circumstances in which it is used or attempted or threatened to be used, is capable of causing death or serious physical injury, and includes a "vehicle" or a dog that has been commanded to attack.

C. **Deadly Weapon** means any weapon, whether loaded or unloaded, from which a shot may be discharged, or a switchblade knife, gravity knife, billy, blackjack, bludgeon or metal knuckles. A weapon such as a pellet gun and/or air soft pistol may constitute a deadly weapon if such weapon is designed for violence and is capable of inflicting death or serious bodily harm. In making such determination, the following factors should be considered: design of weapon; how weapon is typically used (e.g. hunting); type of projectile; force and velocity of discharge; method of discharge (i.e. spring v. CO2 cartridge) and potential for serious bodily harm or death.

D. **Electronic Defense Weapon** means a weapon which by electronic impulse or current is capable of immobilizing a person temporarily, but is not capable of inflicting death or serious physical injury, including a stun gun or other conductive energy device.

E. **Emergency** means a situation in which the continued presence of the student in school poses such a danger to persons or property or such a disruption of the educational process that a hearing may be delayed until a time as soon after the exclusion of such student as possible.

F. Exclusion means any denial of public school privileges to a student for disciplinary purposes.

G. **Expulsion** means the exclusion of a student from school privileges for more than ten (10) consecutive school days and shall be deemed to include, but not be limited to, exclusion from the school to which such student was assigned at the time such disciplinary action was taken. The expulsion period may not extend beyond one (1) calendar year.

- H. Firearm, as defined in 18 U.S.C § 921, means (a) any weapon (including a starter gun) that will, is designed to, or may be readily converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, (b) the frame or receiver of any such weapon, (c) a firearm muffler or silencer, or (d) any destructive device. The term firearm does not include an antique firearm. As used in this definition, a "destructive device" includes any explosive, incendiary, or poisonous gas device, including a bomb, a grenade, a rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, a missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, a mine, or any other similar device; or any weapon (other than a shotgun or shotgun shell which the Attorney General finds is generally recognized as particularly suited for sporting purposes) that will, or may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by explosive or other propellant, and which has a barrel with a bore of more than ½" in diameter. The term "destructive device" also includes any combination of parts either designed or intended for use in converting any device into any destructive device and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled. A "destructive device" does not include: an antique firearm; a rifle intended to be used by the owner solely for sporting, recreational, or cultural purposes; or any device which is neither designed nor redesigned for use as a weapon.
- H.I. Generative Artificial Intelligence ("AI") refers to a technology system, including but not limited to ChatGPT, capable of learning patterns and relationships from data, enabling it to create content, including but not limited to text, images, audio, or video, when prompted by a user.
- LJ. Protected Class Harassment is a form of discrimination on the basis of any protected characteristic (or protected class) including race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, gender identity or expression, veteran status, status as a victim of domestic violence, or any other basis prohibited by state or federal law ("Protected Class"). Harassment constitutes unlawful discrimination when it creates a hostile environment, which occurs when the harassment is sufficiently severe, pervasive, or persistent so as to interfere with or limit a student's ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or opportunities offered by a school. Harassment does not have to include intent to harm, be directed at a specific target, or involve repeated incidents. Harassment against any individual on the basis of that individual's association with someone in a Protected Class may be a form of Protected Class harassment.
- J.K. In-School Suspension means an exclusion from regular classroom activity for no more than ten (10) consecutive school days, but not exclusion from school, provided such exclusion shall not extend beyond the end of the school year in which such in-school suspension was imposed. No student shall be placed on in-school suspension more than fifteen (15) times or a total of fifty (50) days in one (1) school year, whichever results in fewer days of exclusion.
- K.L. Martial Arts Weapon means a nunchaku, kama, kasari fundo, octagon sai, tonfa or Chinese star.
- <u>L.M.</u> **Removal** is the exclusion of a student from a classroom for all or part of a single class period, provided such exclusion shall not extend beyond ninety (90) minutes.
- M.N. School Days shall mean days when school is in session for students.

- 82 N.O. School-Sponsored Activity means any activity sponsored, recognized or authorized by the Board and includes activities conducted on or off school property.
  - O.P. Seriously Disruptive of the Educational Process, as applied to off-campus conduct, means any conduct that markedly interrupts or severely impedes the day-to-day operation of a school.
  - P.Q. Suspension means the exclusion of a student from school and/or transportation services for not more than ten (10) consecutive school days, provided such suspension shall not extend beyond the end of the school year in which such suspension is imposed; and further provided no student shall be suspended more than ten (10) times or a total of fifty (50) days in one school year, whichever results in fewer days of exclusion, unless such student is granted a formal hearing as provided below.
  - Q.R. Weapon means any BB gun, any blackjack, any metal or brass knuckles, any police baton or nightstick, any dirk knife or switch knife, any knife having an automatic spring release device by which a blade is released from the handle, having a blade of over one and one-half inches in length, any stiletto, any knife the edged portion of the blade of which is four inches and over in length, any martial arts weapon or electronic defense weapon, or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument, unless permitted by law under Section 29-38 of the Connecticut General Statutes.
  - R.S. Notwithstanding the foregoing definitions, the reassignment of a student from one regular education classroom program in the District to another regular education classroom program in the District shall not constitute a suspension or expulsion.
  - S.T. For purposes of this policy, references to "school", "school grounds", and "classroom" shall include physical educational environments, including on school transportation, as well as in which students are engaged in remote learning, which means instruction by means of one or more Internet-based software platforms as part of a remote learning.

# II. Scope of the Student Discipline Policy

- A. Conduct on School Grounds, on School Transportation or at a School-Sponsored Activity:
  - 1. Suspension. Students may be suspended for conduct on school grounds, on school transportation, or at any school-sponsored activity that violates a publicized policy of the Board or is seriously disruptive of the educational process or endangers persons or property.
  - 2. Expulsion. Students may be expelled for conduct on school grounds, on school transportation or at any school-sponsored activity that either (1) violates a publicized policy of the Board and is seriously disruptive of the educational process, or (2) endangers persons or property.

B. Conduct off School Grounds:

Discipline. Students may be disciplined, including suspension and/or expulsion, for conduct off school grounds if such conduct *violates a* publicized policy of the Board and is seriously disruptive of the educational process.

C. Seriously Disruptive of the Educational Process

In making a determination as to whether such conduct is seriously disruptive of the educational process, the Administration and the Board of Education may consider, but such consideration shall not be limited to, the following factors: (1) whether the incident occurred within close proximity of a school; (2) whether other students from the school were involved or whether there was any gang involvement; (3) whether the conduct involved violence, threats of violence, or the unlawful use of a weapon, as defined in Section Conn. Gen. Stat. § 29-38, and whether any injuries occurred; and (4) whether the conduct involved the use of alcohol. The Administration and/or the Board of Education may also consider (5) whether the off-campus conduct involved the illegal use of drugs.

D. A student shall not have greater discipline, punishment, or sanction for the use, sale, or possession of cannabis on school property than a student would face for the use, sale, or possession of alcohol on school property, except as otherwise required by applicable law.

# III. Actions Leading to Disciplinary Action, including Removal from Class, Suspension and/or Expulsion

Conduct that is considered to violate a publicized policy of the Board of Education includes the offenses described below. Any such conduct may lead to disciplinary action (including, but not limited to, removal from class, suspension and/or expulsion in accordance with this policy):

- 1. Striking or assaulting a student, members of the school staff or other persons.
- 140 2. Theft.
  - 3. The use of obscene or profane language or gestures, the possession and/or display of obscenity or pornographic images or the unauthorized or inappropriate possession and/or display of images, pictures or photographs depicting nudity.
  - 4. Violation of smoking, dress, transportation regulations, or other regulations and/or policies governing student conduct.
  - 5. Refusal to obey a member of the school staff, law enforcement authorities, or school volunteers, or disruptive classroom behavior.
  - 6. Any act of Protected Class Harassment or reprisal or retaliation against any individual for reporting in good faith incidents of Protected Class Harassment, or who participate in the investigation of such reports.
  - 7. Refusal by a student to respond to a staff member's request for the student to provide the student's name to a staff member when asked, misidentification of oneself to such person(s), lying to school officials staff members or otherwise engaging in dishonest behavior.

8. Inappropriate displays of public affection of a sexual nature and/or sexual activity on school grounds, on school transportation, or at a school-sponsored activity.

156

157

158

159

160

161

162163

164

165

166

167

168

169170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179180

181

182

183

184

185

186 187

188

189

190

191

192

193

- 9. A walk-out from or sit-in within a classroom or school building or school grounds.
- 10. Blackmailing, threatening or intimidating school staff or students (or acting in a manner that could be construed to constitute blackmail, a threat, or intimidation, regardless of whether intended as a joke), including the use of AI to engage in such conduct.
- 11. Possession of any weapon, weapon facsimile, deadly weapon, martial arts weapon, electronic defense weapon, pistol, knife, blackjack, bludgeon, box cutter, metal knuckles, pellet gun, air pistol, explosive device, firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, whether functional or not, or any other dangerous object or instrument. The possession and/or use of any object or device that has been converted or modified for use as a weapon.
- 12. Possession of any ammunition for any weapon described above in paragraph 11.
- 13. Unauthorized entrance into any school facility or portion of a school facility or aiding or abetting an unauthorized entrance.
- 14. Possession or ignition of any fireworks, combustible or other explosive materials, or ignition of any material causing a fire. Possession of any materials designed to be used in the ignition of combustible materials, including matches and lighters.
- 15. Possession, sale, distribution, use, or consumption of tobacco, electronic nicotine delivery systems (e.g. e-cigarettes), electronic cannabis delivery system, or vapor products, or the unlawful possession, sale, distribution, use or consumption of drugs, narcotics or alcoholic beverages (or any facsimile of tobacco, drugs, narcotics or alcoholic beverages, or any item represented to be tobacco, drugs or alcoholic beverages), including being under the influence of any such substances or aiding in the procurement of any such substances. For the purposes of this Paragraph 15, the term "electronic nicotine delivery system" shall mean an electronic device used in the delivery of nicotine or other substances to a person inhaling from the device, and includes, but is not limited to, an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe or electronic hookah and any related device and any cartridge or other component of such device, including, but not limited to, electronic cigarette liquid. For purposes of Paragraph 15, the term "electronic cannabis delivery system" shall mean an electronic device that may be used to simulate smoking in the delivery of cannabis to a person inhaling the device and includes, but is not limited to, a vaporizer, electronic pipe, electronic hookah and any related device and any cartridge or other component of such device. For the purposes of Paragraph 15, the term "vapor product" shall mean any product that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit or other electronic, chemical or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, to produce a vapor that may or may not include nicotine and is inhaled by the user of such product. For the purposes of this Paragraph 15, the term "drugs" shall include, but shall not be limited to, any medicinal preparation (prescription and non-prescription) and any controlled substance whose possession, sale, distribution, use or consumption is illegal under state and/or federal law, including cannabis.
- 16. Sale, distribution, or consumption of substances contained in household items; including, but not limited to glue, paint, accelerants/propellants for aerosol canisters, and/or items such as

the aerators for whipped cream; if sold, distributed or consumed for the purpose of inducing a stimulant, depressant, hallucinogenic or mind-altering effect.

- 17. Possession of paraphernalia used or designed to be used in the consumption, sale or distribution of drugs, alcohol or tobacco, as described in subparagraph (15) above. For purposes of this policy, drug paraphernalia includes any equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing or concealing, or injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing controlled drugs or controlled substances into the human body, including but not limited to items such as "bongs," pipes, "roach clips," vials, tobacco rolling papers, and any object or container used, intended or designed for use in storing, concealing, possessing, distributing or selling controlled drugs or controlled substances, including cannabis.
- 18. The destruction of real, personal or school property, such as, cutting, defacing or otherwise damaging property in any way.
- 19. Accumulation of offenses such as school and class tardiness, class or study hall cutting, or failure to attend detention.
- 20. Trespassing on school grounds while on out-of-school suspension or expulsion.
- 21. Making false bomb threats or other threats to the safety of students, employees, and/or other persons.
- 22. Defiance of school rules and the valid authority of teachers, supervisors, administrators, other employees and/or law enforcement authorities.
- 23. Throwing snowballs, rocks, sticks and/or similar objects, except as specifically authorized by school employees responsible for student supervision.
- 24. Unauthorized and/or reckless and/or improper operation of a motor vehicle on school grounds or at any school-sponsored activity.
- 25. Leaving school grounds, school transportation or a school-sponsored activity without authorization.
- 26. Use of or copying of the academic work of another individual and presenting it as the student's own work, without proper attribution; the unauthorized use of AI for the completion of class assignments; or any other form of academic dishonesty, cheating or plagiarism.
- 27. Possession and/or use of a cellular telephone, radio, portable audio player, CD player, blackberry, personal data assistant, walkie talkie, Smartphone, mobile or handheld device, or similar electronic device, on school grounds, on school transportation, or at a school-sponsored activity in violation of Board policy and/or administrative regulations regulating the use of such devices.

- 28. Possession and/or use of a beeper or paging device on school grounds, on school transportation, or at a school-sponsored activity without the written permission of the principal or designee.
  - 29. Unauthorized use of or tampering with any school computer, computer system, computer software, Internet connection or similar school property or system, or the use of such property or system for inappropriate purposes, including using AI in a manner that disrupts or undermines the effective operation of the school district or is otherwise seriously disruptive to the educational process.
  - 30. Possession and/or use of a laser pointer, unless the student possesses the laser pointer temporarily for an educational purpose while under the direct supervision of a responsible adult.
  - 31. Hazing.

- 32. Bullying, defined as <u>unwanted and aggressive behavior among children in grades</u> <u>kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, that involves a real or perceived power imbalancean act</u> that is direct or indirect and severe, persistent or pervasive, which:
- a. causes physical or emotional harm to an individual;
- b. places an individual in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm; or
- d. infringes on the rights or opportunities of an individual at school.

Bullying shall include, but need not limited be to, a written, oral or electronic communication or physical act or gesture based on any actual or perceived differentiating characteristics, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, socioeconomic status, academic status, physical appearance, or mental, physical, developmental or sensory disability, or by association with an individual or group who has or is perceived to have one or more of such characteristics.

- 33. Cyberbullying, defined as any act of bullying through the use of the Internet, interactive and digital technologies, cellular mobile telephone or other mobile electronic devices or any electronic communications.
- 34. Acting in any manner that creates a health and/or safety hazard for employees, students, third parties on school property or the public, regardless of whether the conduct is intended as a joke, including but not limited to violating school or district health and safety protocols developed in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic, such as, but not limited to, physical distancing and mask-wearing requirements.
- 35. Engaging in a plan to stage or create a violent situation for the purposes of recording it by electronic means; or recording by electronic means acts of violence for purposes of later publication (other than to school officials).
- 36. Engaging in a plan to stage sexual activity for the purposes of recording it by electronic means; or recording by electronic means sexual acts for purposes of later publication.

- Using computer systems, including email, remote learning platforms, instant messaging, text messaging, blogging, or the use of social networking websites, <u>AI</u>, or other forms of electronic communications, to engage in any conduct prohibited by this policy.
  - 38. Use of a privately owned electronic or technological device in violation of school rules, including the unauthorized recording (photographic or audio) of another individual without permission of the individual or a school employee.
    - 39. Engaging in teen dating violence, defined as any act of physical, emotional or sexual abuse, including stalking, harassing and threatening, which occurs between two students who are currently in or who have recently been in a dating relationship.
    - 40. Any action prohibited by any Federal or State law.
    - 41. Any other violation of school rules or regulations or a series of violations which makes the presence of the student in school seriously disruptive of the educational process and/or a danger to persons or property.

# IV. <u>Discretionary and Mandatory Expulsions</u>

- A. An administrator responsible for a school program ("responsible administrator") may consider recommendation of expulsion of a student in grades three to twelve, inclusive, in a case where the responsible administrator has reason to believe the student has engaged in conduct described at Sections II.A. or II.B., above.
- B. A responsible administrator <u>must</u> recommend expulsion proceedings in all cases against any student in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, whom the <u>District</u> Administration has reason to believe:
  - 1. was in possession on school grounds, on school transportation, or at a school-sponsored activity of a deadly weapon, dangerous instrument, martial arts weapon, or firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921 as amended from time to time; or
  - 2. off school grounds, possessed a firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, in violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 29-35, or possessed and used a firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, a deadly weapon, a dangerous instrument or a martial arts weapon in the commission of a crime under chapter 952 of the Connecticut General Statutes; or
  - 3. was engaged on or off school grounds or school transportation in offering for sale or distribution a controlled substance (as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 21a-240(9)), whose manufacturing, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing, transporting, or possessing with intent to sell or dispense, offering or administering is subject to criminal penalties under Conn. Gen. Stat. §§21a-277 and 21a-278. Sale or Distribution of less than one (1) kilogram of cannabis is not subject to mandatory expulsion.
  - The terms "dangerous instrument," "deadly weapon," electronic defense weapon," "firearm," and "martial arts weapon," are defined above in Section I.
- C. In any preschool program provided by the Board of Education or provided by a regional educational service center or a state or local charter school pursuant to an agreement with the

Board of Education, no student enrolled in such a preschool program shall be expelled from such preschool program, except an expulsion hearing shall be conducted by the Board of Education in accordance with Section VIII of this policy whenever the Administration has reason to believe that a student enrolled in such preschool program was in possession of a firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921, as amended from time to time, on or off school grounds, on school transportation, or at a preschool program-sponsored event. The term "firearm" is defined above in Section I.

- D. Upon receipt of an expulsion recommendation, the Superintendent may conduct an inquiry concerning the expulsion recommendation. If the Superintendent or designee determines that a student should or must be expelled, student shall forward such recommendation to the Board of Education so that the Board can consider and act upon this recommendation.
- E. In keeping with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233d and the Gun-Free Schools Act, it shall be the policy of the Board to expel a student in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, for one (1) full calendar year for the conduct described in Section IV.B(1), (2) and (3) of this policy and to expel a student enrolled in a preschool program for one (1) calendar year for the conduct described in Section IV.C. For any mandatory expulsion offense, the Board may modify the term of expulsion on a case-by-case basis.

# V. <u>Procedures Governing Removal from Class</u>

- A.—A student may be removed from class by a teacher or administrator if the student deliberately causes a serious disruption of the educational process. When a student is removed by a teacher, the teacher must send the student to a designated area and notify the responsible administrator or administrator's designee at once.
- B.A. A student may not be removed from class more than six (6) times in one school year nor more than twice in one week unless the student is referred to the responsible administrator or administrator's designee and granted an informal hearing at which the student should be informed of the reasons for the disciplinary action and given an opportunity to explain the situation.
- C.B. The parents or guardian of any minor student removed from class shall be given notice of such disciplinary action within twenty-four (24) hours of the time of the institution of such removal from class.

#### VI. <u>Procedures Governing Suspension</u>

- A. The responsible administrator or administrator's designee, shall have the right to suspend a student for breach of conduct as noted in Section II of this policy for not more than ten (10) five (5) consecutive school days. In cases where suspension is contemplated, the following procedures shall be followed.
  - 1. Unless an emergency situation exists, no student shall be suspended prior to having an informal hearing before the responsible administrator or administrator's designee at which the student is informed of the charges and given an opportunity to respond. In the event of an emergency, the informal hearing shall be held as soon after the suspension as possible.

- 2. If suspended, such suspension shall be an in-school suspension, except the responsible administrator or administrator's designee may impose an out-of-school suspension on any pupil:
  - a. in grades three to twelve, inclusive, if, during the informal hearing, (i) the responsible administrator or administrator's designee determines that the student poses such a danger to persons or property or such a disruption of the educational process that student should be excluded from school during the period of suspension; or (ii) the responsible administrator or administrator's designee determines that an out-of-school suspension is appropriate based on evidence of (A) the student's previous disciplinary problems that have led to suspensions or expulsion of such student, and (B)previous efforts by the Administration to address the student's disciplinary problems through means other than out-of-school suspension or expulsion, including positive behavioral support strategies, or
  - b. in grades preschool to two, inclusive, if the responsible administrator or administrator's designee (A) determines that an out-of-school suspension is appropriate for such student based on evidence that such student's conduct on school grounds is behavior that causes physical harm, (B) requires that such pupil receives services that are traumainformed and developmentally appropriate and align with any behavioral intervention plan, individualized education program or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended from time to time, for such pupil upon such pupil's return to school immediately following the out-of-school suspension, and (C) considers whether to convene a planning and placement team meeting for the purposes of conducting and evaluation of the student. or on school transportation is of a violent or sexual nature that endangers persons.
- 3. An out-of-school suspension imposed in accordance with (II.A) of this subsection shall not exceed ten (10) school days, and an out-of-school suspension imposed in accordance with (II.B.) of this subsection shall not exceed five (5) school days.
- 4. Evidence of past disciplinary problems that have led to removal from a classroom, suspension, or expulsion of a student who is the subject of an informal hearing may be received by the responsible administrator or the administrator's designee, but only considered in the determination of the length of suspensions.
- 54. By telephone, the responsible administrator or the administrator's designee shall make reasonable attempts to immediately notify the parent or guardian of a minor student following the suspension and to state the cause(s) leading to the suspension.
- 65. Whether or not telephone contact is made with the parent or guardian of such minor student, the responsible administrator or administrator's designee shall forward a letter promptly to such parent or guardian to the last address reported on school records (or to a newer address if known by the responsible administrator or administrator's designee), offering the parent or guardian an opportunity for a conference to discuss same.

- 76. In all cases, the parent or guardian of any minor student who has been suspended shall be given notice of such suspension within twenty-four (24) hours of the time of the institution of the suspension.
- <u>87</u>. Not later than twenty-four (24) hours after the commencement of the suspension, the responsible administrator or administrator's designee shall also notify the Superintendent or designee of the name of the student being suspended and the reason for the suspension.
- <u>98</u>. The student shall be allowed to complete any classwork, including examinations, without penalty, which the student missed while under suspension.
- 109. The school Administration may, in its discretion, shorten or waive the suspension period for a student who has not previously been suspended or expelled, if the student completes an Administration-specified program and meets any other conditions required by the Administration. Such Administration-specified program shall not require the student and/or the student's parents to pay for participation in the program. The Superintendent may delegate this authority to building or program level administrators.
- 110. Notice of the suspension shall be recorded in the student's cumulative educational record. Such notice shall be expunged from the cumulative educational record if the student graduates from high school. In cases where the student's period of suspension is shortened or waived in accordance with Section VI.A(9), above, the Administration may choose to expunge the suspension notice from the cumulative record at the time the student completes the Administration-specified program and meets any other conditions required by the Administration. The Superintendent may delegate this authority to building or program level administrators.
- 142.If the student has not previously been suspended or expelled, and the Administration chooses to expunge the suspension notice from the student's cumulative record prior to graduation, the Administration may refer to the existence of the expunged disciplinary notice, notwithstanding the fact that such notice may have been expunged from the student's cumulative file, for the limited purpose of determining whether any subsequent suspensions or expulsions by the student would constitute the student's first such offense.
- 132. The decision of the responsible administrator or administrator's designee with regard to disciplinary actions up to and including suspensions shall be final.
- 143. During any period of suspension served out of school, the student shall not be permitted to be on school property and shall not be permitted to attend or participate in any school-sponsored activities, unless the responsible administrator or the administrator's designee specifically authorizes the student to enter school property for a specified purpose or to participate in a particular school-sponsored activity.
- B. In cases where a student's suspension will result in the student being suspended more than ten (10) times or for a total of fifty (50) days in a school year, whichever results in fewer days of exclusion, the student shall, prior to the pending suspension, be granted a formal hearing before the Board of Education. The responsible administrator or administrator's designee shall report the student to the Superintendent or designee and request a formal Board hearing. If an emergency situation exists, such hearing shall be held as soon after the suspension as possible.

## VII. Procedures Governing In-School Suspension

- A. The responsible administrator or administrator's designee may impose in-school suspension in cases where a student's conduct endangers persons or property, violates school policy or seriously disrupts the educational process as determined by the responsible administrator or administrator's designee.
  - B. In-school suspension may not be imposed on a student without an informal hearing by the responsible administrator or administrator's designee.
  - C. In-school suspension may be served in the school or program that the student regularly attends or in any other school building within the jurisdiction of the Board.
  - D. No student shall be placed on in-school suspension more than fifteen (15) times or for a total of fifty (50) days in one school year, whichever results in fewer days of exclusion.
  - E. The parents or guardian of any minor student placed on in-school suspension shall be given notice of such suspension within twenty-four (24) hours of the time of the institution of the period of the in-school suspension.

## VIII. Procedures Governing Expulsion Hearing

#### A. Emergency Exception

Except in an emergency situation, the Board of Education shall, prior to expelling any student, conduct a hearing to be governed by the procedures outlined herein and consistent with the requirements of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233d or Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233l, if applicable, as well as the applicable provisions of the Uniform Administrative Procedures Act, Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4-176e to 4-180a, and § 4-

181a. Whenever an emergency exists, the hearing provided for herein shall be held as soon as possible after the expulsion.

# B. Hearing Panel:

Expulsion hearings conducted by the Board will be heard by any three or more Board members. A decision to expel a student must be supported by a majority of the Board members present, provided that no less than three (3) affirmative votes to expel are cast.

- 1. Alternatively, the Board may appoint an impartial hearing board composed of one (1) or more persons to hear and decide the expulsion matter, provided that no member of the Board may serve on such panel.
- C. Hearing Notice and Rights of the Student and Parent(s)/Guardian(s):
  - 1. Written notice of the expulsion hearing must be given to the student, and, if the student is a minor, to student's parent(s) or guardian(s) at least five (5) business days before prior to and precluding such hearing date.

459 460 461	2.	A copy of this Board policy on student discipline shall also be given to the student, and if the student is a minor, to student's parent(s) or guardian(s), at the time the notice is sent that an expulsion hearing will be convened.
462	3.	The written notice of the expulsion hearing shall inform the student of the following:
463 464		a. The date, time, place and nature of the hearing, including if the hearing will be held virtually, via video conference.
465 466		b. The legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held, including a reference to the particular sections of the legal statutes involved.
467 468		c. A short, plain description of the conduct alleged by the <u>AdministrationSuperintendent</u> or <u>Superintendent's designee</u> .
469 470 471		d. The student may present as evidence relevant testimony and documents concerning the conduct alleged and the appropriate length and conditions of expulsion; and that the expulsion hearing may be the student's sole opportunity to present such evidence.
472 473		e. The student may cross-examine witnesses called by the <u>AdministrationSuperintendent</u> of <u>Superintendent</u> 's <u>Designee</u> .
474 475		f. The student may be represented by an attorney or other advocate of student's choice at the student's expense or at the expense of student's parent(s) or guardian(s).
476 477 478 479		g. A student is entitled to the services of a translator or interpreter, to be provided by the Board of Education, whenever the student or student's parent(s) or guardian(s) requires the services of an interpreter because student(s) do(es) not speak the English language or is(are) disabled.
480 481		h. The conditions under which the Board is not legally required to give the student an alternative educational opportunity (if applicable).
482 483		i. Information concerning the parent's(s') or guardian's(s') and the student's legal rights and about free or reduced-rate legal services and how to access such services.
484 485 486		j. The parent(s) or guardian(s) of the student have the right to have the expulsion hearing postponed for up to one week to allow time to obtain representation, except that if an emergency exists, such hearing shall be held as soon after the expulsion as possible.
487	D. He	earing Procedures:
488 489 490 #91 492 493	1.	The hearing will be conducted by the Presiding Officer, who will call the meeting to order, introduce the parties, Board members and others participating in the hearing (if applicable), briefly explain the hearing procedures, and swear in any witnesses called by the Administration Superintendent or Superintendent's designee or the student. If an impartial board or more than one person has been appointed, the impartial board shall appoint a Presiding Officer.
494 495	2.	The hearing will be conducted in executive session. A verbatim record of the hearing will be made, either by tape or digital recording or by a stenographer. A record of the hearing

499

504

505 506 507

508

509 510 511

512

513 514

525 526 527

524

528 529 530

531

532

533 534

535

will be maintained, including the verbatim record, all written notices and documents relating to the case and all evidence received or considered at hearing.

- 3. The Administration Superintendent or Superintendent's designee shall bear the burden of production to come forward with evidence to support its case and shall bear the burden of persuasion. The standard of proof shall be a preponderance of the evidence.
- 4. Formal rules of evidence will not be followed. The Board (or the impartial board) has the right to accept hearsay and other evidence if it deems that evidence relevant or material to its determination. The Presiding Officer will rule on testimony or evidence as to it being immaterial, irrelevant, and/or any other objections to its submission.
- 5. The hearing will be conducted in two (2) parts. In the first part of the hearing, the Board (or the impartial board) will receive and consider evidence regarding the conduct alleged by the Administration.
- 6. In the first part of the hearing, the charges will be introduced into the record by the Superintendent or designee.
- 7. Each witness for the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee Administration will be called and sworn. After a witness has finished testifying, he/she will be subject to crossexamination by the opposite party or his/her legal counsel, by the Presiding Officer and by Board members (or the impartial board).
- 8. The student shall not be compelled to testify at the hearing.
- 9. After the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee Administration has presented its case, the student will be asked if they have any witnesses or evidence to present concerning the charges. If so, the witnesses will be sworn, will testify, and will be subject to cross examination and to questioning by the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee, the Presiding Officer and/or by the Board (or the impartial board). The student may also choose to make a statement at this time. If the student chooses to make a statement, they will be sworn and subject to cross examination and questioning by the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee, the Presiding Officer and/or by the Board (or the impartial board). Concluding statements will be made by the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee Administration and then by the student and/or the student's representative.
- 10. In cases where the student has denied the allegation, the Board (or the impartial board) must determine whether the student committed the offense(s) as charged by the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee.
- 11. If the Board (or the impartial board) determines that the student has committed the conduct as alleged, then the Board (or the impartial board) shall proceed with the second portion of the hearing, during which the Board (or the impartial board) will receive and consider relevant evidence regarding the length and conditions of expulsion.
- 12. When considering the length and conditions of expulsion, the Board (or the impartial board) may review the student's attendance, academic and past disciplinary records. The Board (or the impartial board) may not review notices of prior expulsions or suspensions which have been expunged from the student's cumulative record, except as provided in

Section VI.A (9), (10), (11), above, and Section X, below. The Board (or the impartial board) may ask the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee for a recommendation as to the discipline to be imposed.

- 13. Evidence of past disciplinary problems that have led to removal from a classroom, suspension or expulsion of a student being considered for expulsion may be considered only during the second portion of the hearing, during which the Board (or the impartial board) is considering length of expulsion and nature of alternative educational opportunity to be offered.
- 14. Where administrators presented the case in support of the charges against the student, neither such administrative staff nor the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee shall not be present during the deliberations of the Board (or the impartial board) either on questions of evidence or on the final discipline to be imposed. The Superintendent or Superintendent's designee may, after reviewing the incident with administrators, and reviewing the student's records, make a recommendation to the Board (or the impartial board) as to the appropriate discipline to be applied.
- 15. The Board (or the impartial board) shall make findings as to the truth of the charges, if the student has denied them; and, in all cases, the disciplinary action, if any, to be imposed. While the hearing itself is conducted in executive session, the vote regarding expulsion must be made in open session and in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of the student's name and other personally identifiable information.
- 16. Except for a student who has been expelled based on possession of a firearm or deadly weapon as described in subsection IV.B(1) and (2) above, the Board (or the impartial board) may, in its discretion, shorten or waive the expulsion period for a student who has not previously been suspended or expelled, if the student completes a Board-specified program and meets any other conditions required by the Board (or the impartial board). The Board-specified program shall not require the student and/or the student's parents to pay for participation in the program.
- 17. The Board (or the impartial board) shall report its final decision in writing to the student, or if such student is a minor, also to the parent(s) or guardian(s), stating the reasons on which the decision is based, and the disciplinary action to be imposed. Said decision shall be based solely on evidence presented at the hearing. The parents or guardian or any minor student who has been expelled shall be given notice of such disciplinary action within twenty-four (24) hours of the time of the institution of the period of the expulsion.
- 18. The hearing may be conducted virtually, via video conference, at the direction of the Board (or the impartial board), in the event school buildings are closed to students or individuals are provided limited access to school buildings due to a serious health or other emergency. Any virtual hearing must provide the student the due process rights identified in this Subsection D.
- E. Presence on School Grounds, on School Transportation, and Participation in School-Sponsored Activities During Expulsion:

During the period of expulsion, the student shall not be permitted to be on school property or on school transportation and shall not be permitted to attend or participate in any school-sponsored activities, except for the student's participation in any alternative educational opportunity provided by the district in accordance with this policy, unless the Superintendent or Superintendent's specifically provides written permission for the student to enter school property or school transportation for a specified purpose or to participate in a particular school-sponsored activity.

# F. Stipulated Agreements:

In lieu of the procedures used in this Section, the <u>Superintendent or Superintendent's designee Administration</u> and the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a student facing expulsion may choose to enter into a Joint Stipulation of the Facts and a Joint Recommendation to the Board concerning the length and conditions of expulsion. Such Joint Stipulation and Recommendation shall include language indicating that the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) understand their right to have an expulsion hearing held pursuant to these procedures, and language indicating that the Board, in its discretion, has the right to accept or reject the Joint Stipulation of Facts and Recommendation. If the Board (or the impartial board) rejects either the Joint Stipulation of Facts or the Recommendation, an expulsion hearing shall be held pursuant to the procedures outlined herein. If the Student is eighteen years of age or older, the student shall have the authority to enter into a Joint Stipulation on the student's own behalf.

If the parties agree on the facts, but not on the disciplinary recommendation, the <u>Superintendent or Superintendent's designeeAdministration</u> and the parents (or legal guardians) of a student facing expulsion may also choose to enter into a Joint Stipulation of the Facts and submit only the Stipulation of the Facts to the Board (or the impartial board) in lieu of holding the first part of the hearing, as described above. Such Joint Stipulation shall include language indicating that the parents and/or student over the age of 18 understand their right to have a hearing to determine whether the student engaged in the alleged misconduct and that the Board, in its discretion, has the right to accept or reject the Joint Stipulation of Facts. If the Board (or the impartial board) rejects the Joint Stipulation of Facts, a full expulsion hearing shall be held pursuant to the procedures outlined herein.

#### IX. Alternative Educational Opportunities for Expelled Students

A. Students under sixteen (16) years of age:

Whenever the Board of Education expels a student under sixteen (16) years of age, it shall offer any such student an alternative educational opportunity.

- B. Students sixteen (16) to eighteen (18) years of age:
  - 1. The Board of Education shall provide an alternative educational opportunity to a sixteen (16) to eighteen (18) year-old student expelled for the first time if the student requests it and if the student agrees to the conditions set by the Board (or the impartial board). Such alternative educational opportunity may include, but shall not be limited to, the placement of a student who is at least seventeen years of age in an adult education program. Any student participating in an adult education program during a period of expulsion shall not

be required to withdraw from school as a condition to participation in the adult education program.

- 2. The Board of Education is not required to offer an alternative educational opportunity to any student between the ages of sixteen (16) and eighteen (18) who is expelled for a second, or subsequent, time.
- 3. The Board of Education shall count the expulsion of a student when the student was under sixteen (16) years of age for purposes of determining whether an alternative educational opportunity is required for such student when the student is between the ages of sixteen and eighteen.
- C. Students eighteen (18) years of age or older:

The Board of Education is not required to offer an alternative educational opportunity to expelled students eighteen (18) years of age or older.

- D. Content of Alternative Educational Opportunity
  - 1. For the purposes of Section IX, and subject to Subsection IX.E, below, any alternative educational opportunity to which an expelled student is statutorily entitled shall be (1) alternative education, as defined by Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-74j and in accordance with the *Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled*, adopted by the State Board of Education, with an individualized learning plan, if the Board provides such alternative education, or (2) in accordance with the *Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled*, adopted by the State Board of Education.
  - The Superintendent, or designee, shall develop administrative regulations concerning alternative educational opportunities, which administrative regulations shall be in compliance with compliance with the standards adopted by the State Board of Education. Such administrative regulations shall include, but not limited to, provisions to address student placement in alternative education; individualized learning plans; monitoring of student(s) placements and performance; and a process for transition planning.
- E. Students identified as eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA"):
  - Notwithstanding Subsections IX.A. through D. above, if the Board of Education expels a student who has been identified as eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA"), it shall offer an alternative educational opportunity to such student in accordance with the requirements of IDEA, as it may be amended from time to time, and in accordance with the *Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled*, adopted by the State Board of Education.
- F. Students for whom an alternative educational opportunity is not required:
  - The Board of Education may offer an alternative educational opportunity to a student for whom such alternative educational opportunity is not required by law or as described in this policy.

In such cases, the Board, or if delegated by the Board, the Administration, shall determine the components, including nature, frequency and duration of such services, of any such alternative educational opportunity.

# X. <u>Notice of Student Expulsion on Cumulative Record</u>

Notice of expulsion and the conduct for which the student was expelled shall be included on the student's cumulative educational record. Such notice, except for notice of an expulsion of a student in grades nine through twelve, inclusive, based upon possession of a firearm or deadly weapon, shall be expunged from the cumulative educational record by the **Board-District** if the student graduates from high school.

In cases where the student's period of expulsion is shortened or waived in accordance with Section VIII.D(14), above, the Board may choose to expunge the expulsion notice from the cumulative record at the time the student completes the Board-specified program and meets any other conditions required by the Board. Except as may be specified by the Board in an expulsion hearing decision, the Board delegates the authority to make decisions pertaining to expungement to the Superintendent.

If a student's period of expulsion was not shortened or waived, the Board may choose to expunge the expulsion notice from the student's cumulative record prior to graduation if such student has demonstrated to the Board that the student's conduct and behavior in the years following such expulsion warrants an expungement. In deciding whether to expunge the expulsion notice, the Board may receive and consider evidence of any subsequent disciplinary problems that have led to removal from a classroom, suspension or expulsion of the student. Except as may be specified by the Board in an expulsion hearing decision, the Board delegates the authority to make decisions pertaining to expungement to the Superintendent.

If the student has not previously been suspended or expelled, and the Administration chooses to expunge the expulsion notice from the student's cumulative record prior to graduation, the Administration may refer to the existence of the expunged notice, notwithstanding the fact that such notice may have been expunged from the student's cumulative file, for the limited purpose of determining whether any subsequent suspension or expulsion by the student would constitute the student's first such offense.

# **XI.** Change of Residence During Expulsion Proceedings

# A. Student moving into the District:

1. If a student enrolls in the District while an expulsion hearing is pending in another public school district, such student shall not be excluded from school pending completion of the expulsion hearing unless an emergency exists, as defined above. The Board shall retain the authority to suspend the student or to conduct its own expulsion hearing. The procedures outlined above in Section VIII and consistent with the requirements of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233d or Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233l, if applicable, as well as the applicable provisions of the Uniform Administrative Procedures Act, Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4-176e to 4-180a, and § 4-181a shall be utilized for any hearing conducted under this section.

704 705

706

707

708

709 710

711 712

713

714 715 716

717 718

720

721

719

722 723 724

725 726 727

728 729

731 732

730

2. Where a student enrolls in the district during the period of expulsion from another public school district, the Board may adopt the decision of the student expulsion hearing conducted by such other school district. The student shall be excluded from school pending such hearing. The excluded student shall be offered an alternative educational opportunity in accordance with statutory requirements. The Board (or the impartial board) shall make its determination pertaining to expulsion based upon a hearing held by the Board (or the impartial board), which hearing shall be limited to a determination of whether the conduct which was the basis of the previous public school district's expulsion would also warrant expulsion by the Board. The procedures outlined above in Section VIII and consistent with the requirements of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233d or Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-2331, if applicable, as well as the applicable provisions of the Uniform Administrative Procedures Act, Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 4-176e to 4-180a, and § 4-181a shall be utilized for any hearing conducted under this section.

# B. Student moving out of the District:

Where a student withdraws from school after having been notified that an expulsion hearing is pending, but before a decision has been rendered by the Board, the notice of the pending expulsion hearing shall be included on the student's cumulative record and the Board shall complete the expulsion hearing and render a decision. If the Board subsequently renders a decision to expel the student, a notice of the expulsion shall be included on the student's cumulative record.

#### Procedures Governing Suspension and Expulsion of Students Identified as Eligible for XII. Services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA")

#### A. Suspension of IDEA students:

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Administrationa responsible administrator suspends a student identified as eligible for services under the IDEA (an "IDEA student") who has violated any rule or code of conduct of the District that applies to all students, the following procedures shall apply:

- 1. The Administration responsible administrator shall make reasonable attempts to immediately notify the parents of the student of the decision to suspend on the date on which the decision to suspend was made, and a copy of the special education procedural safeguards must either be hand-delivered or sent by mail to the parents on the date that the decision to suspend was made.
- 2. During the period of suspension, the District is not required to provide any educational services to the IDEA student beyond that which is provided to all students suspended by the District.

B. Expulsion and Suspensions that Constitute Changes in Placement for IDEA students:

Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, if the Administration recommends for expulsion an IDEA student who has violated any rule or code of conduct of the District that applies to all students, the procedures described in this section shall apply. The procedures described in this section shall also apply for students whom the Administration has suspended in a manner that is considered under the IDEA, as it may be amended from time to time, to be a change in educational placement:

- 1. Upon the decision by the Administration to recommend expulsion or impose a suspension that would constitute a change in educational placement, the Administration shall promptly notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the student of the recommendation of expulsion or the suspension that would constitute a change in educational placement, and provide the parents(s)/guardian(s) a copy of the special education procedural safeguards either by hand-delivery or by mail (unless other means of transmission have been arranged).
- 2. The District shall immediately convene the student's planning and placement team ("PPT"), but in no case later than ten (10) school days after the recommendation for expulsion or the suspension that constitutes a change in placement was made. The student's PPT shall consider the relationship between
  - the student's disability and the behavior that led to the recommendation for expulsion or the suspension which constitutes a change in placement, in order to determine whether the student's behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability.
- 3. If the student's PPT finds that the behavior <u>was</u> a manifestation of the student's disability, the Administration shall not proceed with the recommendation for expulsion or the suspension that constitutes a change in placement.
- 4. If the student's PPT finds that the behavior <u>was not</u> a manifestation of the student's disability, the Administration may proceed with the recommended expulsion or suspension that constitutes a change in placement.
- 5. During any period of expulsion, or suspension of greater than ten (10) days per school year, the Administration shall provide the student with an alternative education program in accordance with the provisions of the IDEA.
- 6. When determining whether to recommend an expulsion or a suspension that constitutes a change in placement, the responsible administrator (or designee) should consider the nature of the misconduct and any relevant educational records of the student.
- C. Removal of Special Education Students for Certain Offenses:
  - 1. A responsible administrator may remove a student eligible for special education under the IDEA to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than forty-five (45) school days if the student:

772 773 774		b.	Knowingly possessed or used illegal drugs or sold or solicited the sale of a controlled substance while at school, on school transportation or at a school-sponsored activity; or
775 776		c.	Has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, on school transportation or at a school function.
777		2. Th	ne following definitions shall be used for this subsection XII.C.:
778 779 780 781		a.	<b>Dangerous weapon</b> means a weapon, device, instrument, material, or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of, causing death or serious bodily injury, except that such term does not include a pocket knife with a blade of less than 2.5 inches in length.
782 783		b.	Controlled substance means a drug or other substance identified under schedules I, II, III, IV, or V in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 812(c).
784 785 786 787		c.	Illegal drug means a controlled substance but does not include a substance that is legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or that is legally possessed or used under any other authority under the Controlled Substances Act or under any other provision of federal law.
788 789 790 791		d.	<b>Serious bodily injury</b> means a bodily injury which involves: (A) a substantial risk of death; (B) extreme physical pain; (C) protracted and obvious disfigurement; or (D) protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.
792 793	XIII.		res Governing Expulsions for Students Identified as Eligible under Section 504 of bilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504")
794 795 796 797		the Acaccom	ot as provided in subsection B below, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, if dministration recommends for expulsion a student identified as eligible for educational amodations under Section 504 who has violated any rule or code of conduct of the District pplies to all students, the following procedures shall apply:
798 799			ne parents of the student must be notified of the decision to recommend the student for apulsion.
800		2. Th	ne District shall immediately convene the student's Section 504 team ("504 team") for

the purpose of reviewing the relationship between the student's disability and the behavior that led to the recommendation for expulsion. The 504 team will determine whether the

3. If the 504 team finds that the behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, the

student's behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability.

Administration shall not proceed with the recommended expulsion.

sponsored activity, or

a. Was in possession of a dangerous weapon, as defined in 18 U.S.C. 930(g)(2), as

amended from time to time, on school grounds, on school transportation or at a school-

769 770

771

801

802

803

804

- 4. If the 504 team finds that the behavior <u>was not</u> a manifestation of the student's disability, the Administration may proceed with the recommended expulsion.
  - B. The Board may take disciplinary action for violations pertaining to the use or possession of illegal drugs or alcohol against any student with a disability who currently is engaging in the illegal use of drugs or alcohol to the same extent that such disciplinary action is taken against nondisabled students. Thus, when a student with a disability is recommended for expulsion based solely on the illegal use or possession of drugs or alcohol, the 504 team *shall not be required to meet* to review the relationship between the student's disability and the behavior that led to the recommendation for expulsion.

# XIV. Procedures Governing Expulsions for Students Placed in a Juvenile Detention Center

- A. Any student who commits an expellable offense and is subsequently placed in a juvenile detention center or any other residential placement for such offense may be expelled by the Board in accordance with the provisions of this section. The period of expulsion shall run concurrently with the period of placement in a juvenile detention center or other residential placement.
- B. If a student who committed an expellable offense seeks to return to the District after participating in a diversionary program or having been placed in a juvenile
- detention center or any other residential placement and such student has not been expelled by the board of education for such offense under subdivision (A) of this subsection, the Board shall allow such student to return and may not expel the student for additional time for such offense.

#### 826 XV. Early Readmission to School

An expelled student may apply for early readmission to school. The Board delegates the authority to make decisions on readmission requests to the Superintendent. Students desiring readmission to school shall direct such readmission requests to the Superintendent. The Superintendent has the discretion to approve or deny such readmission requests, and may condition readmission on specified criteria.

#### **XVI.** Dissemination of Policy

The District shall, at the beginning of each school year and at such other times as it may deem appropriate, provide for an effective means of informing all students, parent(s) and/or guardian(s) of this policy.

#### XVII. Compliance with Documentation and Reporting Requirements

- A. The District shall include on all disciplinary reports the individual student's state-assigned student identifier (SASID).
- B. The District shall report all suspensions and expulsions to the State Department of Education.
- C. If the Board of Education expels a student for sale or distribution of a controlled substance, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 21a-240(9), whose manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing, transporting or possessing with the intent to sell or dispense, offering, or

843 844	administration is the subject to criminal penalties under Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 21a-277 and 21a-278, the District shall refer such student to an appropriate state or local agency for						
845	rehabilitation, intervention or job training and inform the agency of its action.						
846		D. If the Board of Education expels a student for possession of a firearm, as defined in 18 U.S.C.					
847 848	•	921, or deadly weapon, dangerous instrument or martial arts weapon, as defined in Conn. en. Stat. § 53a-3, the District shall report the violation to the local police.					
849	Legal References:						
850	Connecticut General	Connecticut General Statutes:					
851							
852	§ 10-16	Length of school year					
853	\$ 10.74:	A 14					
854 855	§ 10-74j	Alternative education					
856	88 <b>4-</b> 176e thr	ough 4-180a and § 4-181a Uniform Administrative Procedures Act					
857	88 4-170c tili	ough 4-180a and § 4-181a Official Administrative Frocedures Act					
858	§ 10-222d	Safe school climate plans. Definitions. Safe school climate assessments					
859	3 1 0 ====	2 W. C.					
860	§§ 10-233a th	§§ 10-233a through 10-233f Suspension and expulsion of students					
861							
862	§ 10-233 <i>l</i>	Expulsion and suspension of children in preschool programs					
863							
864	§ 10-253	School privileges for children in certain placements, nonresident children,					
865		children in temporary shelters, homeless children and children in juvenile					
866		detention facilities. Liaison to facilitate transitions between school districts					
867		and juvenile and criminal justice systems.					
868 869	\$ 100 2420	Use of electronic miestine delivery existent on your annuady at muchibited					
870	§ 19a-342a	Use of electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor product prohibited. Exceptions. Signage required. Penalties					
871		Exceptions. Signage required. I charties					
872	§ 21a-240	Definitions					
873	3 21a 210	Definitions					
874	§ 21a-277	Penalty for illegal manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing					
875	Ü						
876	§ 21a-278	Penalty for illegal manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, or					
877	, and the second	administration by non-drug-dependent person					
878							
879	§§ 21a-408a t	through 408p Palliative Use of Marijuana					
880							
881	§ 29-35	Carrying of pistol or revolver without permit prohibited. Exceptions					
882	2.20.20	W/ · 1 · 1					
883	§ 29-38	Weapons in vehicles					
884	6.52. 2	D C '.'					

886 887 § 53a-3

§ 53-206

Definitions

Carrying of dangerous weapons prohibited

889 \$ 53-344 Sale or delivery of eigarettes or tobacco products to persons under twenty- 890 one.  891 892 \$ \$ 53-344b Sale and delivery of electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor products 893 to persons under twenty-one years or age 894 895 Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline 896 and Disconnected Youth." 897 898 Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education 899 Statutes." 900 901 Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and 890 Education of Children." 903 904 Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998). 905 State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006). 906 State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008). 907 908 Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for 909 Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018. 910 911 Federal law: 912 913 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the 914 Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446. 917 918 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 919 18 U.S.C. § 382(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 382(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 921 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Horizon Procession: January 4, 2022 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil 925 Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline 926 (May 2033) 927 928 Date of Adoption: December 12, 2023	888		
system or ene.  \$ 53-344b Sale and delivery of electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor products to persons under twenty-one years or age  \$ 53-344b Sale and delivery of electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor products to persons under twenty-one years or age  \$ 934 \$ Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline and Disconnected Youth."  \$ 958 Public Act So. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  \$ 900 Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  \$ 901 Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  \$ 902 Education of Children."  \$ 903 Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  \$ 904 Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  \$ 905 State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  \$ 906 State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  907 Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  910 Federal law:  911 Federal law:  912 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  915 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  916 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  917 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "firearm")  918 18 U.S.C. § 12(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  919 34 C.F.R. § 300-530 (defining "illegal drugs")  920 21 U.S.C. § 12(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  921 34 C.F.R. § 300-530 (defining "illegal drugs")  922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discriminatio		§ 53-	Sale or delivery of cigarettes or tobacco products to persons under twenty-
891   \$53-344b   Sale and delivery of electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor products to persons under twenty-one years or age 894   895   Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline and Disconnected Youth." 896   and Disconnected Youth." 897   Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes." 900   Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children." 901   Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children." 902   Education of Children." 903   Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998). 904   Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998). 905   State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006). 906   State v. Gizeman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008). 907   Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018. 910   Federal law: 911   Federal law: 912   Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446. 916   Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a). 917   18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "firearm") 918   U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "fangerous weapon") 919   18 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920   21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 921   34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922   Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923   Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924   U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights. U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023) 929   Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$53-344b Sale and delivery of electronic nicotine delivery system or vapor products to persons under twenty-one years or age  Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline and Disconnected Youth."  Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Federal Insumer of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 931 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  20 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline May 20231  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			
to persons under twenty-one years or age  Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline and Disconnected Youth."  Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Is U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  1s U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  1s U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  1s U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  1c U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  January 4, 2022		8 53-	344h Sale and delivery of electronic nicotine delivery system or vanor products
Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline and Disconnected Youth."  Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		8 33 .	
Public Act No. 24-25, "An Act Concerning Education Mandate Relief, School Discipline and Disconnected Youth."  Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Is U.S.C. § 30(g)(2) (definition of "firearm")  Is U.S.C. § 303(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 336(s)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Hong v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			to persons under twenty-one years or age
public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 30(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  19 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		Dubli	in Act No. 24.25 "An Act Concerning Education Mandata Poliof School Discipling
Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 3165(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Public Act 24-93, "An Act Concerning Various and Assorted Revisions to the Education Statutes."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		and L	Disconnected Founi.
Statutes."   Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."   Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).   State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).   State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).		D 11'	' A (24.02 % A (C) ' W ' 1A (1D '' (4.171 )'
Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "dangerous weapon")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitat			- The state of the
901 Public Act No. 21-46, "An Act Concerning Social Equity and the Health, Safety and Education of Children."  903 Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  904 State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  906 State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  907 Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  910 Federal law:  912 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  915 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  201 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (definiting "illegal drugs")  922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  18 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		Statut	<u>ites."</u>
Education of Children."  Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		D 11'	
903 904			
Packer v. Board of Educ. of the Town of Thomaston, 717 A.2d 117 (Conn. 1998).  State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "dangerous weapon")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504, Pub. L. 108-446.		Educa	ation of Children."
State v. Hardy, 896 A.2d 755 (Conn. 2006).  State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "dangerous weapon")  Su.S.C. § 921 (definition of "dangerous weapon")  Su.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  Su.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  20 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			
906 State v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).  907 908 Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  910 911 Federal law: 912 913 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  914 Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  915 916 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  917 18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "scrious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			
Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section			
Connecticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.  Federal law:  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 796(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 20 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504	906	State	v. Guzman, 955 A.2d 72 (Conn. App. Ct. 2008).
Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.    Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.   Students Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.   Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.   Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).   Section 504 of the Rehabilitation of "firearm")   18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")   18 U.S.C. § 300(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")   18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")   21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")   34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")   22 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961   23 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)   24 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)   27   28   29   29   29   29   20   20   20   20	907		
910 911 Federal law: 912 913 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the 914 Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446. 915 916 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a). 917 18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023) 927 928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	908	Conn	necticut State Department of Education, Standards for Educational Opportunities for
911 Federal law: 912 913 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the 914 Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446. 915 916 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a). 917 18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil 925 Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline 926 (May 2023) 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	909	Stude	ents Who Have Been Expelled, adopted January 3, 2018.
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of Herhadian Provided Internation of Section 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  Section 504 of Section 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794	910		• •
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	911	Federal law:	
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq., as amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	912		
Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004, Pub. L. 108-446.  Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).  18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  20 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  4023 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  4034 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  10 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  10 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		Indiv	viduals with Disabilities Education Act. 20 U.S.C. 1400 et sea., as amended by the
915 916 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a). 917 18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023) 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			
916 Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794(a). 917 18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023) 927 928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		11101	144411 2 1646 1144 2 1646 1144 1144 1144
917 18 U.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") 918 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") 919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil 925 Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline 926 (May 2023) 927 928 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			
18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  927  928  929  930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022		Section	on 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 8 794(a)
919 18 U.S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") 920 21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") 921 34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") 922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988) 924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023) 927 928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022			
21 U.S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  922 Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  923 Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  924 U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline  926 (May 2023)  927  928  930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917	18 U.	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")
34 C.F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918	18 U. 18 U.	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")
Gun-Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  May 2023)  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919	18 U. 18 U. 18 U.	.S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") .S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") .S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")
Honig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  Output  Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U.	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")
U.S. Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (May 2023)  927 928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C.	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")
Rights Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline  (May 2023)  927  928  929  930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020  931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961
926 (May 2023) 927 928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honig	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 g v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)
927 928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-J Honis U.S.	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  The synthesis of the
928 929 930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honis U.S. J	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Ig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline
930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honis U.S. J	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Ig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline
930 Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020 931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honis U.S. J	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Ig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline
931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honis U.S. J	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  Ig v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline
931 Date of Revision: January 4, 2022	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honis U.S. J	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  For v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline
	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honig U.S. J Right	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm")  S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon")  S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury")  S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances")  F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs")  Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961  For v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (2023)
754 Dail of Revision. Determoet 14, 2025	917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929	18 U. 18 U. 18 U. 21 U. 34 C. Gun-l Honis U.S. Right (May)	S.C. § 921 (definition of "firearm") S.C. § 930(g)(2) (definition of "dangerous weapon") S.C. § 1365(h)(3) (identifying "serious bodily injury") S.C. § 812(c) (identifying "controlled substances") F.R. § 300.530 (defining "illegal drugs") Free Schools Act, 20 U.S.C. § 7961 G. v. Doe, 484 U.S. 305 (1988)  Department of Education Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Justice Civil ts Division, Resource on Confronting Racial Discrimination in Student Discipline (2023)  October 6, 2020

**#5113** 1 2 Student Attendance, Truancy and 3 **Chronic Absenteeism** 4 (formerly Student Attendance) 5 6 Regular and punctual student attendance in school is essential to the educational process. 7 Connecticut state law places responsibility for assuring that students attend school with the 8 parent or other person having control of the child. To assist parents and other persons in meeting 9 this responsibility, the Board of Education (the "Board"), through its Superintendent, will adopt 10 and maintain procedures to implement this policy. 11 12 In addition, the Board takes seriously the issue of chronic absenteeism. To address this issue, the 13 Board, through its Superintendent, will adopt and maintain procedures regarding chronic 14 absenteeism in accordance with state law. 15 16 **Legal References:** 17 18 Public Act No. 22-47 19 20 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-220 21 22 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-184 23 24 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-186 25 26 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198a 27 28 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198b 29 30 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198c 31 32 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198d 33 34 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198e 35 36 Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198f 37 38 Guidelines for Reporting Student Attendance in the Public School Information System 39 (Connecticut State Department of Education, January 2008) 40

41 42	Connecticut State Board of Education Memorandum, <i>Definitions of Excused and Unexcused Absences</i> (June 27, 2012)
43	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
44	Connecticut State Department of Education, Guidelines for Implementation of the
45	Definitions of Excused and Unexcused Absences and Best Practices for Absence
46	Prevention and Intervention (April 2013)
47	
48	Connecticut State Department of Education, Reducing Chronic Absence in Connecticut's
49	Schools: A Prevention and Intervention Guide for Schools and Districts (April 2017)
50	
51	Connecticut State Department of Education Memorandum, Youth Service Bureau
52	Referral for Truancy and Defiance of School Rules (February 22, 2018)
53	
54	Connecticut State Department of Education, Youth Service Bureau Referral Guide
55	(February 2018)
56	
57	Connecticut State Department of Education Memorandum, Mental Health Wellness Days
58	(January 24, 2022)
59	
60	Connecticut State Department of Education Memorandum, Adoption of Definitions of
61	Remote Absence (September 7, 2022)
62 63	Connections State Board of Education Resolution (Sontamber 7, 2022)
64	Connecticut State Board of Education Resolution (September 7, 2022)
65	
66	
67	Date of Adoption: October 6, 2020
68	Date Revised: April 5, 2022
69	Date Revised: January 10, 2023

1 2 3 4		Regulation #5113 Student Attendance, Truancy and Chronic Absenteeism (formerly Student Attendance)
5 6 <b>I.</b>	At	tendance and Truancy
7 8	A.	Definitions for Section I
9 0	1.	"Absence" - any day during which a student is not considered "in attendance" at his/her
1		assigned school, or on a school sponsored activity (e.g. field trip), for at least one half of
2		the school day. as defined in these regulations.
3		
4	2.	"Disciplinary absence" - Any absence as a result of school or district disciplinary action.
5		Any student serving an out-of-school suspension or expulsion should be considered
6		absent. Such except for each day that the student receives alternative educational
7		programming for at least half of the instructional school day. A disciplinary absence is
8		not considered excused or unexcused for attendance and truancy purposes.
9		
0	3.	"Educational evaluation" - for purposes of this policy, an educational evaluation is an
1		assessment of a student's educational development, which, based upon the student's
2		presenting characteristics, would assess (as appropriate) the following areas: health,
3		vision, hearing, social and emotional status, general intelligence, academic performance,
4		communicative status and motor abilities.
5		
6	4.	"Excused absence" - a student is considered excused from school if the school has
7		received written documentation describing the reason for the absence within ten (10)
8		school days of the student's return to school, or if the child has been excluded from
9		school in accordance with section 10-210 of the Connecticut General Statutes (regarding
0		communicable diseases), and the following criteria are met:
1		
2		a. Any absence before the student's tenth (10 <sup>th</sup> ) absence is considered excused when the
,		student's parent/guardian approves such absence and submits
ļ		

35 36		#5113R(b) appropriate written documentation in accordance with this regulation.
37		
38	b.	For the student's tenth (10th) absence and all absences thereafter, a student's absences
39		from school are, with appropriate documentation in accordance with this regulation,
40		considered excused only for the following reasons:
41		
12		i. student illness (verified by an appropriately licensed medical professional);
43		ii. religious holidays;
14		iii. mandated court appearances (documentation required);
45		iv. funeral or death in the family, or other emergency beyond the control of the
46		student's family;
47		v. extraordinary educational opportunities pre-approved by the district administrators
48		and in accordance with Connecticut State Department of Education guidance and
19		this regulation;
50		vi. lack of transportation that is normally provided by a district other than the one the
51		student attends.
52		
53	c.	A student, age five (5) to eighteen (18), whose parent or legal guardian is an active
54		duty member of the armed forces who has been called for duty, is on leave from or
55		has immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support
56		posting, shall be granted ten (10) days of excused absences in any school year, and, in
57		the discretion of the administration, additional excused absences to visit such
58		student's parent or legal guardian with respect to the parent's leave or deployment. In
59		the case of such excused absences, the student and parent or legal guardian are
50		responsible for obtaining assignments from the student's teacher prior to any period
61		of excused absence, and for ensuring that such assignments are completed by the
52		student prior to his or her return to school.
63		
54	5. "Iı	a Attendance" - Any day during which a student is present at the student's assigned
65		hool, or an activity sponsored by the school, and/or participating in an activity
66		onsored by the school (e.g., field trip) for at least half of the regular school day; and/or
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

67		participating in statutorily authorized remote learning as determined through a
68		combination of synchronous virtual classes, synchronous virtual meetings, activities on
69		time-logged electronic systems, and/or the completion and submission of assignments for
70		at least half of the instructional school day-
71 72 73	6.	"Mental health wellness day" - a school day during which a student attends to such student's emotional and psychological well-being in lieu of attending school.
74 75 76 77 78		"Remote learning" means instruction by means of one or more Internet-based software platforms as part of a remote learning model as may be authorized by the Madison Board of Education (the "Board") in accordance with applicable law.  "Student" - a student enrolled in the Madison Public Schools (the "District").
79	<u>9</u> 7	. "Truant" - any student five (5) to eighteen (18) years of age, inclusive, who has four (4)
80		unexcused absences from school in any one month or ten (10) unexcused absences from
81		school in any school year.
82		
83	<u>10</u>	8."Unexcused absence" - any absence from a regularly scheduled school day for at least
84		one half of the school day, which is not excused or considered a disciplinary absence.
85		
86		The determination of whether an absence is excused will be made by the building
87		principal or principal's his/her designee. Parents or other persons having control of the
88		child may appeal that decision to the Superintendent or his/herSuperintendent's designee,
89		whose decision shall be final.
90		
91 92	B.	Mental Health Wellness Days
93		Any student enrolled in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, shall be permitted to
94		take two mental health wellness days during the school year, during which day such
95		student shall not be required to attend school. No student shall take mental health
96		wellness days during consecutive school daysMental health wellness days shall be
97		excused when permission by the student's parent/guardian is documented by the student's

school, regardless of the number of absences a student has accrued in the school year.

Mental health wellness days will not be included in reporting or referrals related to

98

100		truancy. Mental health wellness day will count as an "absence" for determining chronic
101		absenteeism, as defined in Section II of this policy.
102		
103	C <u>W</u>	ritten Documentation Requirements for Absences
104		
105	1.	Written documentation must be submitted for <u>each</u> incidence of absence within ten (10)
106		school days of the student's return to school. Consecutive days of absence are considered
107		one incidence of absence.
108		
109	2.	The first nine (9) days of absence will be excused upon receipt of a signed note from the
110		student's parent/guardian, a signed note from a school official that spoke in person with
111		the parent/guardian regarding the absence, or a note confirming the absence by the school
112		nurse or by a licensed medical professional, as appropriate. For any absence due to
113		student illness, the signed note must include the specific symptom(s) exhibited by the
114		student so that the District can monitor trends that would suggest the spread of COVID-
115		<del>19.</del>
116		
117	3.	For the student's tenth (10th) absence, and all absences thereafter, documentation of the
118		absence must be submitted in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and must also
119		include the reason for the absence and the following additional information:
120		
121		a. student illness:
122		
123		i. a signed note from a medical professional, who may be the school nurse, who has
124		evaluated the student confirming the absence and giving an expected return date
125		and including the specific symptom(s) exhibited by the student so that the District
126		can monitor trends that would suggest the spread of COVID-19; or
127		ii. a signed note from school nurse who has spoken with the student's medical
128		professional and confirmed the absence, including the date and location of the
129		consultation-and including the specific symptom(s) exhibited by the student so
130		that the District can monitor trends that would suggest the spread of COVID-19.

131		b. religious holidays: none.
132		c. mandated court appearances:
133		i. a police summons;
134		ii. a subpoena;
135		iii. a notice to appear;
136		iv. a signed note from a court official; or
137		v. any other official, written documentation of the legal requirement to
138		appear in court.
139		d. funeral or death in the family, or other emergency beyond the control of the
140		student's family: a written document explaining the nature of the emergency.
141		e. extraordinary educational opportunity pre-approved by the district
142		administrators and in accordance with Connecticut State Department
143		of Education guidance and this policy: written pre-approval from the
144		administration, in accordance with this regulation.
145		f. lack of transportation that is normally provided by a district other than the one
146		the student attends: none.
147		
148	4.	Neither e-mail nor text message shall serve to satisfy the requirement of written
149		documentation. In rare and extraordinary circumstances, Under certain circumstances, a
150		building administrator may, in his/herthe administrator's own discretion, accept the
151		delivery of written documentation through a scanned copy sent by e-mail.
152		
153	5.	The District reserves the right to randomly audit written documentation received, through
154		telephone and other methods of communication, to determine its authenticity.
155		
156	6.	Any absence that is not documented in accordance with this regulation within ten (10)
157		school days after the incidence of absence will be recorded as unexcused. If
158		documentation is provided within ten (10) school days, but is incomplete, the building
159		principal may, at his/her own discretion, grant up to a five (5) school day extension for
160		provision of the completed documentation.
161		

162	D. <u>I</u>	Ext	raordinary Educational Opportunities
163			
164	1	1.	To qualify as an extraordinary educational opportunity, the opportunity must:
165			a. be educational in nature and must have a learning objective related to the student's
166			course work or plan of study;
167			b. be an opportunity not ordinarily available to the student;
168			c. be grade and developmentally appropriate; and
169			d. include content that is highly relevant to the student; while some opportunities will be
170			relevant to all students, others will contain very specific content that would limit their
171			relevance to a smaller group of students.
172			
173	2	2.	Family vacations do not qualify as extraordinary educational opportunities.
174			
175	3	3.	All requests for approval of extraordinary educational opportunities must:
176			a. be submitted to the building principal in writing prior to the opportunity, but no later
177			than ten (10) school days prior to the opportunity except in exceptional circumstances
178			at the discretion of the building administrator;
179			b. contain the signatures of both the parent/guardian and the student;
180			c. include an outline of the learning objective of the opportunity and include detail as to
181			how the objective is linked to the student's coursework or plan of study; and
182			d. include additional documentation, where available, about the opportunity.
183			
184	2	4.	The building principal shall provide a response in writing and include the following:
185			a. either approval or denial of the request;
186			b. brief reason for any denial;
187			c. any requirements placed upon the student as a condition of approval;
188			d. the specific days approved as excused absences for the opportunity;
189			e. the understanding that the building administrator may withdraw-its approval if the
190			opportunity is canceled or the student fails to meet the agreed-upon requirements of
191			the approval.
192			

- 5. All decisions of the building principal relating to extraordinary educational opportunities shall be final.
  - 6. Students who are granted excusal from school to participate in extraordinary educational opportunities are expected to share their experiences with other students and/or school staff when they return.
  - 7. Approval for an extraordinary educational opportunity is determined on a case-by-case basis and the analysis of individualized factors. An opportunity approved for one student may not be approved for another.

#### E. Truancy Exceptions:

1. A student five (5) or six (6) years of age shall not be considered truant if the parent or person having control over such student has appeared personally at the school Ddistrict office and exercised the option of not sending the child to school at five (5) or six (6) years of age.

2. Until June 30, 2023, A student seventeen (17) years of age shall not be considered truant if the parent or person having control over such student consents to such student's withdrawal from school. Such parent or person shall personally appear at the school district office and sign a withdrawal form indicating such consent. Such withdrawal form must include an attestation from a guidance counselor or school administrator from the school that the district provided the parent (or person having control of the child) with information on the educational options available in the school system and community.

23. Beginning July 1, 2023, Aa student who is eighteen (18) years of age or older may withdraw from school. Such student shall personally appear in person at the school District office and sign a withdrawal form. Such withdrawal form must include an attestation from a guidance counselor or school administrator from the school that the District provided such student with information on the educational options available in the school system and community.

<u>3</u> .	Beginning July 1, 2023, aA student seventeen (17) years of age shall not be considered
	truant if the parent or person having control over such child withdraws such child from
	school and enrolls such child in an adult education program pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat.
	§ 10-69. Such parent or person shall personally appear at the school-District office and
	sign an adult education withdrawal and enrollment form. Such adult education
	withdrawal and enrollment form shall include an attestation (1) from a school counselor
	or school administrator of the school that the District has provided such parent or person
	with information on the educational options available in the school system and in the
	community, and (2) from such parent or person that such child will be enrolled in an adult
	education program upon such child's withdrawal from school.

45. If a parent or guardian of an expelled student chooses not to enroll the student in an alternative program, the student shall not be considered to be "truant."

### F. Readmission to School Following Voluntary Withdrawal

1. Except as noted in paragraph 2 below, if a student voluntarily withdraws from school (in accordance with Section <u>ED.32</u>, above) and subsequently seeks readmission, the Board may deny school accommodations to the student for up to ninety (90) school days from the date of the student's withdrawal from school.

2. If a student who has voluntarily withdrawn from school (in accordance with Section D.2E.3, above) seeks readmission within ten (10) school days of his/her withdrawal, the Board shall provide school accommodations to the student not later than three (3) school days after the student requests readmission.

G. Determinations of Whether a Student is "In Attendance":

1. A student serving an out of school suspension or expulsion shall be reported as absent unless he or she receives an alternative educational program for at least one half of the

254		regular-instructional school day. In any event, the absence is considered a disciplinary
255		absence, and will not be designated as excused or unexcused.
256		
257	2.	On early dismissal days and days shortened due to inclement weather, the regular school
258		day for attendance purposes is considered to be the amount of instructional time offered
259		to students on that day. For example, if school is open for four hours
260		on a shortened day scheduled, a student must be present for a minimum of two hours in
261		order to be considered "in attendance."
262		
263	3.	Students placed on homebound instruction due to illness or injury in accordance with
264		applicable regulations and requirements are counted as being "in attendance" for every
265		day that they receive instruction from an appropriately certified teacher for an amount of
266		time deemed adequate in accordance with applicable law.
267		
268	H. <u>Pr</u>	ocedures for students in grades K-8*
269	1.	Notification
270		a. Annually at the beginning of the school year and upon the enrollment of any child
271		during the school year, the administration shall notify the parent or other person
272		having control of the student enrolled in grades K - 8 in writing of the obligations
273		pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-184 to ensure that such a student attends school
274		regularly or to show that the child is elsewhere receiving equivalent instruction in the
275		studies taught in the District.
276		
277		b. Annually at the beginning of the school year and upon the enrollment of any child
278		during the school year, the administration shall obtain from the parent or other person
279		having control of the student in grades K-8 a telephone number or other means of
280		contacting such parent or other person during the school day.
281		
282	2.	Monitoring
283		Each school shall implement a system of monitoring individual unexcused absences of
284		students in grades K-8. Whenever such a student fails to report to school on a regularly

scheduled school day, school personnel under the direction of the building principal [or principal's designee] shall make a reasonable effort to notify the parent or other person having control of such student by telephone and by mail of the student's absence, unless school personnel have received an indication that the parent or other person is aware of the student's absence. [Reasonable efforts shall include two (2) attempts to reach the parent or other person at the telephone number provided by the parent or other person. Such attempts shall be recorded on a form provided by the Superintendent.] Any person who, in good faith, gives or fails to give such notice shall be immune from liability, civil or criminal, which might otherwise be incurred or imposed and shall have the same immunity with respect to any judicial proceeding which results from such notice or failure to give notice.

#### I. Procedures applicable to students ages five (5) to eighteen (18)

#### 1. Intervention

a. When a student is truant, the building principal or <a href="his/herprincipal's">his/herprincipal's</a> designee shall schedule a meeting with the parent (or other person having control of such student) and appropriate school personnel to review and evaluate the reasons for the student's truancy. This meeting shall be held no later than ten (10) days after the student becomes truant. The district shall document the meeting, and if parent or other person declines to attend the meeting, or is otherwise is non-responsive, that fact shall also be documented and the meeting shall proceed with school personnel in attendance.

b. When a student is truant, the Superintendent or <u>the Superintendent'shis/her</u> designee shall coordinate services with and referrals of students to community agencies providing child and family services, as appropriate. The <u>Delistrict</u> shall document efforts to contact and include families and to provide early intervention in truancy matters.

c. When a student is truant, the Superintendent or <u>Superintendent's</u> designee shall provide notice to the student's parent or guardian of the information concerning the existence and availability of the 2-1-1 Infoline program, and other pediatric mental and

3	1	6
Э	1	O

behavioral health screening services and tools described in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17a-22r.

d. Beginning July 1, 2023, Wwhen a student is truant, an appropriate school mental health specialist, as determined by the District, shall conduct an evaluation of the student to determine if additional behavioral health interventions are necessary for the well-being of the child. "School mental health specialist" means any person employed by the District to provide mental health services to students, including but not limited to a school social worker, school psychologist, trauma specialist, behavior technician, board certified behavior analyst, school counselor, licensed professional counselor or licensed marriage and family therapist.

e. If the Commissioner of Education determines that any school under the jurisdiction of Madison Board of Education (the "Board") has a disproportionately high rate of truancy, the district shall implement in that school a truancy intervention model identified by the Department of Education pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-198e.

f. In addition to the procedures specified in subsections (a) through (c) above, a regular education student who is experiencing attendance problems should be referred to the building Child Study Team [or other appropriate school-based team] (the "Team") to consider the need for additional interventions and/or assistance. The Team will also consider whether the student should be referred to a planning and placement team ("PPT") meeting to review the student's need and eligibility for special education. A special education student who is experiencing attendance problems should be referred to a PPT meeting for program review.

g. Where the documented implementation of the procedures specified in subsections (a) through (d) above does not result in improved outcomes despite collaboration with the parent/guardian, the Superintendent or <a href="https://herSuperintendent's">his/herSuperintendent's</a> designee may, with written parental consent, refer a student who is truant to a Youth Service Bureau.

347			
348	J	• •	Attendance Records
349			
350			All attendance records developed by the Board shall include the individual student's
351		:	state-assigned student identifier (SASID).
352			
353	II.		Chronic Absenteeism
354			A. <u>Definitions for Section II</u>
355			1. "Chronically absent child" - a child who is enrolled in a school under the
356			jurisdiction of the Board and whose total number of absences at any time during a
357			school year is equal to or greater than ten percent (10%) of the total number of
358			days that such student has been enrolled at such school during such school year;
359			2. "Absence" - an excused absence, unexcused absence or disciplinary absence, as
360			those terms are defined by the State Board of Education pursuant to section 10-
361			198b of the general statutes and these administrative regulations;
362			3. "District chronic absenteeism rate" - the total number of chronically absent
363			children under the jurisdiction of the Board in the previous school year divided by
364			the total number of children under the jurisdiction of the Board for such school
365			year; and
366			4. "School chronic absenteeism rate" - the total number of chronically absent
367			children for a school in the previous school year divided by the total number of
368			children enrolled in such school for such school year.
369		-	B. Establishment of Attendance Review Teams
370			If the Board has a district chronic absenteeism rate of ten percent (10%) or higher, it
371			shall establish an attendance review team for the school district.
372			
373			If a school under the jurisdiction of the Board has a school chronic absenteeism rate
374			of fifteen percent (15%) or higher, it shall establish an attendance review team for that
375			school.

376	
377	

If the Board has more than one school with a school chronic absenteeism rate of fifteen percent (15%) or higher, it shall establish an attendance review team for the school district or at each such school.

If the Board has a district chronic absenteeism rate of ten percent (10%) or higher and one or more schools with a school chronic absenteeism rate of fifteen percent (15%) or higher, it shall establish an attendance review team for the school district or at each such school.

#### C. Composition and Role of Attendance Review Teams

Any attendance review team established under these regulations may include school administrators, guidance counselors, school social workers, teachers, representatives from community-based programs who address issues related to student attendance by providing programs and services to truants, as defined under I.A.97, and chronically absent children and their parents or guardians.

Each attendance review team shall be responsible for reviewing the cases of truants and chronically absent children, discussing school interventions and community referrals for such truants and chronically absent children and making any additional recommendations for such truants and chronically absent children and their parents or guardians. Each attendance review team shall meet at least monthly.

#### D. State Chronic Absenteeism Prevention and Intervention Plan

The Board and its attendance review teams, if any, will consider any chronic absenteeism prevention and intervention plan developed by the State Department of Education.

#### III. Reports to the State Regarding Truancy Data

406		Annually, each local and regional board of education shall include information regarding
407		the number of truants and chronically absent children in the strategic school profile report
408		for each school under its jurisdiction and for the school district as a whole submitted to
409		the Commissioner of Education. Measures of truancy include the type of data that is
410		required to be collected by the Department of Education regarding attendance and
411		unexcused absences in order for the department to comply with federal reporting
412		requirements and the actions taken by the board of education to reduce truancy in the
413		school district.
		school district.
414	137	Franking Cara, Dominator and of Filmonting Conidence
415	IV.	Evolving State Department of Education Guidance
416		The Board will comply with any and all guidance issued by the State Department of
417		Education regarding attendance requirements, including during periods of blended
418		learning, and regarding attendance requirements of students who choose not to
419		participate.
420		
421	Legal	References:
422		
423		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-220
424		Connections Connect Statutor \$ 10.194
425 426		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-184
427		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-186
428		
429 430		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198a
431		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198b
432		· ·
433		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198c
434 435		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198d
436		Connecticut General Statutes g 10-1980
437		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198e
438		
439		Connecticut General Statutes § 10-198f
440 441		Guidelines for Reporting Student Attendance in the Public School Information System
<del>++</del> 1		Outdomes for reporting student Attendance in the Fublic School information system

(Connecticut State Department of Education, January 2008)

442

## **Students**

444	Connecticut State Board of Education Memorandum, Definitions of Excused and
445	Unexcused Absences (June 27, 2012)
446	
447	Connecticut State Department of Education, Guidelines for Implementation of the
448	Definitions of Excused and Unexcused Absences and Best Practices for Absence
449	Prevention and Intervention (April 2013)
450	
451	Connecticut State Department of Education, Reducing Chronic Absence in Connecticut's
452	Schools: A Prevention and Intervention Guide for Schools and Districts (April 2017)
453	
454	Connecticut State Department of Education Memorandum, Youth Service Bureau
455	Referral for Truancy and Defiance of School Rules (February 22, 2018)
456	
457	Connecticut State Department of Education, Youth Service Bureau Referral Guide
458	(February 2018)
459	
460	Connecticut State Department of Education Memorandum, Mental Health Wellness Days
461	(January 24, 2022)
462	
463	Connecticut State Department of Education Memorandum, Adoption of Definition of
464	Remote Absence (September 7, 2022)
465	
466	Connecticut State Board of Education Resolution (September 7, 2022)
467	

#5131.911 1 2 **Bullying Prevention and Intervention** 3 4 5 The Madison Board of Education (the "Board") is committed to creating and maintaining an 6 educational environment within the Madison Public Schools (the "District") that is physically, 7 emotionally and intellectually safe and thus free from bullying, teen dating violence, harassment 8 and discrimination. In accordance with state law and the Board's Safe School Climate Plan, the 9 Board expressly prohibits any form of bullying behavior on school grounds; at a school-10 sponsored or school-related activity, function or program, whether on or off school grounds; at a 11 school bus stop; on a school bus or other vehicle owned, leased or used by a local or regional 12 board of education; or through the use of an electronic device or an electronic mobile device 13 owned, leased or used by the Board. 14 15 The Board also prohibits any form of bullying behavior outside of the school setting if such 16 bullying (i) creates a hostile environment at school for the student against whom such bullying 17 was directed, (ii) infringes on the rights of the student against whom such bullying was directed 18 at school, or (iii) substantially disrupts the education process or the orderly operation of a school. 19 Discrimination and/or retaliation against an individual who reports or assists in the investigation 20 of an act of bullying is likewise prohibited. 21 22 Students who engage in bullying behavior or teen dating violence shall be subject to school 23 discipline, up to and including expulsion, in accordance with the Board's policies on student 24 discipline, suspension and expulsion, and consistent with state and federal law. 25 26 For purposes of this policy, "Bullying" means unwanted and aggressive behavior among 27 children in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, that involves a real or perceived power 28 imbalance.an act that is direct or indirect and severe, persistent or pervasive, which: 29 30 caused physical or emotional harm to an individual; 31 placed an individual in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm; or 32 infringes on the rights or opportunities of an individual at school. 33

34 #5131.911(b) 35 Bullying shall include, but need not be limited to, a written, oral or electronic communication or 36 physical act or gesture based on any actual or perceived differentiating characteristics, such as 37 race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and 38 expression, socioeconomic status, academic status, physical appearance, or mental, physical, 39 developmental or sensory disability, or by association with an individual or group who has or is 40 perceived to have one or more of such characteristics. 41 42 For purposes of this policy, "Cyberbullying" means any act of bullying through the use of the 43 Internet, interactive and digital technologies, cellular mobile telephone or other mobile electronic 44 devices or any electronic communications. 45 46 For purposes of this policy, "Teen Dating Violence" means any act of physical, emotional or 47 sexual abuse, including stalking, harassing and threatening, that occurs between two students 48 who are currently in or who have recently been in a dating relationship. 49 50 For purposes of this policy, "Discrimination" means unlawful discrimination that occurs when a 51 student is denied participation in, or the benefits of, a program or activity of the Board because of 52 such student's actual or perceived race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, gender identity or expression, 53 54 veteran status, status as a victim of domestic violence or any other basis prohibited by state or 55 federal law ("Protected Class"). 56 For purposes of this policy, "Harassment" is a form of Protected Class discrimination that is 57 prohibited by law and by this policy. Harassment constitutes unlawful discrimination when it 58 59 creates a hostile environment, which occurs when the harassment is sufficiently severe, 60 pervasive, or persistent so as to interfere with or limit a student's ability to participate in or 61 benefit from the services, activities, or opportunities offered by a school. Harassment does not have to include intent to harm, be directed at a specific target, or involve repeated incidents. 62 Harassment may be an act of bullying. 63 64 65 Consistent with the requirements under state law, the Board authorizes the Superintendent or designee(s), along with the Safe School Climate Coordinator, to be responsible for developing 66 and implementing a Safe School Climate Plan in furtherance of this policy. As provided by state 67 law, such Safe School Climate Plan shall include, but not be limited to provisions which: 68 69

70	(1)	enable students to anonymously report acts of bullying to school employees and
71		require students and the parents or guardians of students to be notified at the
72		beginning of each school year of the process by which students may make such
73		reports;
74		
75	(2)	enable the parents or guardians of students to file written reports of suspected
76		bullying;
77		
78	(3)	require school employees who witness acts of bullying or receive reports of bullying
79		to orally notify the safe school climate specialist, or another school administrator if
80		the safe school climate specialist is unavailable, not later than one school day after
81		such school employee witnesses or receives a report of bullying, and to file a written
82		report not later than two school days after making such oral report;
83		
84	(4)	require the safe school climate specialist to investigate or supervise the investigation
85		of all reports of bullying and ensure that such investigation is completed promptly
86		after receipt of any written reports made under this section and that the parents or
87		guardians of the student alleged to have committed an act or acts of bullying and the
88		parents or guardians of the student against whom such alleged act or acts were
89		directed receive prompt notice that such investigation has commenced;
90		
91	(5)	require the safe school climate specialist to review any anonymous reports, except
92		that no disciplinary action shall be taken solely on the basis of an anonymous report;
93		
94	(6)	include a prevention and intervention strategy for school employees to deal with
95		bullying and teen dating violence;
96		
97	(7)	provide for the inclusion of language in student codes of conduct concerning
98		bullying;
99		
100	(8)	require each school to notify the parents or guardians of students who commit any
101		verified acts of bullying and the parents or guardians of students against whom

102		such acts were directed not later than forty-eight hours after the completion of the
103		investigation described in subdivision (4), above; (A) of the results of such
104		investigation, and (B) verbally or by electronic mail, if such parents' or guardians'
105		electronic mail addresses are known, that such parents or guardians may refer to
106		the plain language explanation of the rights and remedies available under Conn.
107		Gen. Stat. Section 10-4a and 10-4b published on the Internet website of the
108		Board;
109		
110	(9)	require each school to invite the parents or guardians of a student against whom
111		such act was directed to a meeting to communicate to such parents or guardians the
112		measures being taken by the school to ensure the safety of the student against whom
113		such act was directed and policies and procedures in place to prevent further acts of
114		bullying;
115		
116	(10)	require each school to invite the parents or guardians of a student who commits any
117		verified act of bullying to a meeting, separate and distinct from the meeting required
118		in subdivision (9) above, to discuss specific interventions undertaken by the school
119		to prevent further acts of bullying;
120		
121	(11)	establish a procedure for each school to document and maintain records relating to
122		reports and investigations of bullying in such school and to maintain a list of the
123		number of verified acts of bullying in such school and make such list available for
124		public inspection, and annually report such number to the Department of Education
125		and in such manner as prescribed by the Commissioner of Education;
126		
127	(12)	direct the development of case-by-case interventions for addressing repeated
128		incidents of bullying against a single individual or recurrently perpetrated bullying
129		incidents by the same individual that may include both counseling and discipline;
130		
131	(13)	prohibit discrimination and retaliation against an individual who reports or assists in
132		the investigation of an act of bullying;
133		

134	(14)	direct the development of student safety support plans for students against whom an
135		act of bullying was directed that address safety measures the school will take to
136		protect such students against further acts of bullying;
137		
138	(15)	require the principal of a school, or the principal's designee, to notify the
139		appropriate local law enforcement agency when such principal, or the principal's
140		designee, believes that any acts of bullying constitute criminal conduct;
141	<u>(</u> 16)	prohibit bullying (A) on school grounds, at a school-sponsored or school-related
142		activity, function or program whether on or off school grounds, at a school bus stop,
143		on a school bus or other vehicle owned, leased or used by a local or regional board
144		of education, or through the use of an electronic device or an electronic mobile
145		device owned, leased or used by the Board, and (B) outside of the school setting if
146		such bullying (i) creates a hostile environment at school for the student against
147		whom such bullying was directed, or (ii) infringes on the rights of the student
148		against whom such bullying was directed at school, or (iii) substantially disrupts the
149		education process or the orderly operation of a school;
150		
151	(17)	require, at the beginning of each school year, each school to provide all school
152		employees with a written or electronic copy of the school district's safe school
153		climate plan;
154		
155	(18)	require that all school employees annually complete the training described in Conn.
156		Gen. Stat. §§ 10-220a or 10-222j related to the identification, prevention and
157		response to bullying.
158		
159	The notifica	tion required pursuant to subdivision (8) (above) and the invitation required pursuant
160	to subdivisi	ons (9) and (10) (above) shall include a description of the response of school
161	employees to	o such acts and any consequences that may result from the commission of further acts
162	of bullying.	Any information provided under this policy or accompanying Safe School Climate
163	Plan shall b	be provided in accordance with the confidentiality restrictions imposed under the
164	Family Educ	cational Rights Privacy Act ("FERPA") and the district's Confidentiality and Access

to Student Information policy and regulations.

170

172

The Board shall submit its Safe School Climate Plan to the Connecticut State Department of 167

168 Education (the "Department") for review and approval. Not later than thirty (30) calendar days

after approval by the Department, the Board shall make such plan available on the Board's and 169

each individual school in the school district's web site and ensure that the Safe School Climate

171 Plan is included in the school district's

publication of the rules, procedures and standards of conduct for schools and in all student

173 handbooks.

174

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

175 As required by state law, the Board, after consultation with the Connecticut Department of 176

Education and the Connecticut Social and Emotional Learning and School Climate Advisory

Collaborative (the "Collaborative"), shall provide on the Board's website training materials to

school administrators regarding the prevention of and intervention in discrimination against and

targeted harassment of students based on such students' (1) actual or perceived differentiating

characteristics, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation,

gender identity or expression, socioeconomic status, academic status, physical appearance or

mental, physical, developmental or sensory disability, or (2) association with individuals or

groups who have or are perceived to have one or more of such characteristics.

184 185

186

187

As required by state law, the Board shall post on its website the plain language explanation of

rights and remedies under Connecticut General Statutes §§ 10-4a and 10-4b, as developed and

provided to the Board by the Connecticut Social and Emotional Learning and School Climate

188 Advisory Collaborative.

189

190

#### Legal References:

191 192	Public Act 19-166 Public Act 21-95
193	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-145a
194	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-1450
195	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-220a
196	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222d
197	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222g
198	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222h
199	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222j
200	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222k

# Students

201	Conn. Gen	. Stat. § 10-2221
202	Conn. Gen	. Stat. § 10-222q
203	Conn. Gen	. Stat. § 10-222r
204	Conn. Gen	. Stat. §§ 10-233a through 10-233f
205		
206	Date of Adoption:	April 6, 2021
207	Revised:	April 5, 2022
208		-

#5131.914 1 **Safe School Climate Policy** 2 3 4 The Madison Board of Education (the "Board") is committed to creating and maintaining a 5 physically, emotionally, and intellectually safe educational environment within the Madison 6 Public Schools (the "District") free from bullying, teen dating violence, harassment and 7 discrimination. 8 9 All schools must support and promote teaching and learning environments where all students 10 thrive academically and socially, have a strong and meaningful voice, and are prepared for 11 lifelong success. 12 Implementation of the following set of guiding principles and systemic strategies will promote a 13 14 positive school climate, which is essential to achieving these goals. 15 16 This policy sets forth the framework for an effective and informed school climate improvement 17 process, which includes a continuous cycle of (i) planning and preparation, (ii) evaluation, (iii) 18 action planning, and (iv) implementation, and serves to actualize the Connecticut School Climate 19 Standards, as detailed herein. 20 21 The Board recognizes that improving school climate is contextual. Each school needs to consider 22 its history, strengths, needs, and goals. Furthermore, this policy will support and promote the 23 development of restorative action plans that will create and sustain safe and equitable learning 24 environments. 25 26 For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year thereafter, each local and 27 regional board of education shall adopt and implement the Connecticut School Climate Policy. 28 This policy does not modify or eliminate any rights or obligations under state and federal laws, 29 including any constitutional and civil rights protections or any other applicable policies and 30 procedures or collective bargaining agreements. 31 32 **Definitions:** 

33	1. "School climate" means the quality and character of the school life, with a particular
34	focus on the quality of the relationships within the school community, and which is based
35	on patterns of people's experiences of school life and that reflects the norms, goals,
36	values, interpersonal relationships, teaching, learning, leadership practices and
37	organizational structures within the school community.
38	2. "Positive Sustained School Climate" is the foundation for learning and positive youth
39	development and includes:
40	a. Norms, values, and expectations that support people feeling socially, emotionally,
41	culturally, racially, intellectually, and physically safe.
42	b. People who treat one another with dignity and are engaged, respected and solve
43	problems restoratively.
44	c. A school community that works collaboratively together to develop, live, and
45	contribute to a shared school vision.
46	d. Adults who model and nurture attitudes that emphasize the benefits and
47	satisfaction gained from learning; and
48	e. A school community that contributes to the operations of the school and the care
49	of the physical environment. P5131.911(b) Students Connecticut School Climate
50	Policy Definitions (continued)
51	
52	3. "Social and emotional learning" means the process through which children and adults
53	achieve emotional intelligence through the competencies of self-awareness, self-
54	management, social awareness, relationship skills and responsible decision-making.
55	
56	4. "Emotional intelligence" means the ability to (A) perceive, recognize, and understand
57	emotions in oneself or others, (B) use emotions to facilitate cognitive activities,
58	including, but not limited to, reasoning, problem solving and interpersonal
59	communication, (C) understand and identify emotions, and (D) manage emotions in
60	oneself and others.
61	
62	5. "Bullying" means unwanted and aggressive behavior among children in grades

kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, that involves a real or perceived power imbalance.

	4
h	4
v	т

 6. "School environment" means a school-sponsored or school-related activity, function or program, whether on or off school grounds, including at a school bus stop or on a school bus or other vehicle owned, leased or used by a local or regional board of education, and may include other activities, functions or programs that occur outside of a school sponsored or school-related activity, function or program if bullying at or during such other activities, functions or programs negatively impacts the school environment.

7. "Cyberbullying" means any act of bullying through the use of the Internet, interactive and digital technologies, cellular mobile telephone or other mobile electronic devices or any other electronic communication.

8. "Teen dating violence" means any act of physical, emotional or sexual abuse, including stalking, harassing and threatening, that occurs between two students who are currently in or who have recently been in a dating relationship.

9. "Mobile electronic device" means any hand-held or other portable electronic equipment capable of providing data communication between two or more individuals, including, but not limited to, a text messaging device, a paging device, a personal digital assistant, a laptop computer, equipment that is capable of playing a video game or a digital video disk or equipment on which digital images are taken or transmitted.

10. "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic or photo-optical system. P5131.911(c) Students Connecticut School Climate Policy Definitions (continued)

11. "School climate improvement plan" means a building-specific plan developed by the school climate committee, in collaboration with the school climate specialist, using school climate survey data and any other relevant information, through a process that engages all members of the school community and involves such members in a series of overlapping systemic improvements, school-wide instructional practices and relational

practices that prevent, identify and respond to challenging behavior, including, but not
 limited to alleged bullying and harassment in the school environment.

- 12. "Restorative practices" means evidence and research-based system-level practices that focus on (A) building high-quality, constructive relationships among the school community, (B) holding each student accountable for any challenging behavior, and (C) ensuring each such student has a role in repairing relationships and reintegrating into the school community.
- 13. "School climate survey" means a research-based, validated and developmentally appropriate survey administered to students, school employees and families of students, in the predominant languages of the members of the school community, that measures and identifies school climate needs and tracks progress through a school climate improvement plan.
- 14. "Connecticut school climate policy" means the school climate policy developed, updated and approved by an association in the state that represents boards of education and adopted by the Social and Emotional Learning and School Climate Advisory Collaborative, established pursuant to section 10-222q of the general statutes, as amended by this act, that provides a framework for an effective and democratically informed school climate improvement process that serves to implement Connecticut school climate standards, and includes a continuous cycle of (A) planning and preparation, (B) evaluation, (C) action planning, and (D) implementation.
- 15. "School employee" means (A) a teacher, substitute teacher, administrator, school superintendent, school counselor, school psychologist, social worker, school nurse, physician, paraeducator or coach employed by a local or regional board of education, or (B) any other individual who, in the performance of his or her duties, has regular contact with students and who provides services to or on behalf of students enrolled in a public school, pursuant to a contract with a local or regional board of education.
- 16. "School community" means any individuals, groups, businesses, public institutions and nonprofit organizations that are invested in the welfare and vitality of a public school system and the community in which it is located, including, but not limited to, students and their families, members of the local or regional board of education, volunteers at a school and school employees.

126	17. "Challenging behavior" means behavior that negatively impacts school climate or
127	interferes, or is at risk of interfering, with the learning or safety of a student or the safety
128	of a school employee.
129	18. "Evidence Based Practices" in education refers to instructional and school-wide
130	improvement practices that systematic empirical research has provided evidence of
131	statistically significant effectiveness.
132	19. "Effective School Climate Improvement" is a restorative process that engages all
133	stakeholders in the following six essential practices:
134	A. Promoting decision-making that is collaborative and actively involves all
135	stakeholders (e.g., school personnel, students, families, community members)
136	with varied and meaningful roles and perspectives where all voices are heard;
137	B. Utilizing psychometrically sound quantitative (e.g., school climate survey,
138	discipline data) and qualitative (e.g., interviews, focus groups) data to drive action
139	planning, preventive and intervention practices and implementation strategies that
140	continuously improve all dimensions of school climate, including regularly
141	collecting data to evaluate progress and inform the improvement process;
142	C. Tailoring improvement goals to the unique needs of the students, educators, and
143	broader school community. These goals shall be integrated into overall school
144	improvement efforts thereby leveraging school strengths to address evidence-
145	based areas of need, while sustaining the improvement process over time;
146	D. Fostering adult learning in teams and/or professional learning communities to
147	build capacity building among school personnel and develop common staff skills
148	to educate the whole child;
149	E. Basing curriculum, instruction, student supports, and interventions on scientific
150	research and grounding in cognitive, social-emotional, and psychological theories
151	of youth development. Interventions include strength-based programs and
152	practices that together represent a comprehensive continuum of approaches to
153	promote healthy student development and positive learning environments as well
154	as address individual student barriers to learning and adult barriers to teaching;
155	and
156	F. Strengthening policies and procedures related to:

157	a. climate and restorative informed teaching and learning environments;
158	b. infrastructure to facilitate data collection, analysis, and effective planning;
159	c. implementation of school climate improvement plans with the goal of
160	becoming restorative;
161	d. evaluation of the school climate improvement process; and
162	e. sustainability of school climate and restorative improvement efforts.
163	
164	School Climate Coordinator Roles and Responsibilities
165	For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year thereafter, the superintendent
166	of schools for each school district, or an administrator appointed by the superintendent, shall
167	serve as the school climate coordinator for the school district.
168	
169	The school climate coordinator shall be responsible for:
170	1. providing district-level leadership and support for the implementation of the school climate
171	improvement plan for each school;
172	2. collaborating with the school climate specialist, for each school to (A) develop a
173	continuum of strategies to prevent, identify and respond to challenging behavior,
174	including, but not limited to, alleged bullying and harassment in the school environment,
175	and (B) communicate such strategies to the school community, including, but not limited
176	to, through publication in the district student handbook;
177	3. collecting and maintaining data regarding school climate improvement, including, but not
178	limited to, school discipline records, school climate assessments, attendance rates, social
179	and emotional learning assessments, academic growth data, types and numbers of alleged
180	and verified bullying complaints submitted by members of the school community, types
181	and numbers of challenging behaviors addressed using the restorative practices response
182	policy, and data concerning the implementation and outcome of restorative practices; and
183	4. meeting with the school climate specialist for each school at least twice during the school
184	year to (A) identify strategies to improve school climate, including, but not limited to, by
185	responding to challenging behavior and implementing evidence and research-based
186	interventions, such as restorative practices, (B) propose recommendations for revisions to

187	the school climate improvement plan, and (C) assist with the completion of the school
188	climate survey.
189	
190	School Climate Specialist
191	For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year thereafter, the principal of
192	each school, or a school employee who holds professional certification pursuant to section 10-
193	145 of the general statutes, is trained in school climate improvement or restorative practices and
194	is designated as the school climate specialist by the school principal, shall serve as the school
195	climate specialist for the school.
196	
197	The school climate specialist shall be responsible for:
198	1. leading in the prevention, identification, and response to challenging behavior, including,
199	but not limited to, reports of alleged bullying and harassment;
200	2. implementing evidence and research-based interventions, including, but not limited to,
201	restorative practices;
202	3. scheduling meetings for and leading the school climate committee; and
203	4. leading the implementation of the school climate improvement plan.
204	
205	School Climate Committee
206	For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year thereafter, each school
207	climate specialist shall appoint members to the school climate committee who are diverse,
208	including members who are racially, culturally, and linguistically representative of various roles
209	in the school community.
210	
211	The school climate committee shall consist of:
212	1. the school climate specialist;
213	2. a teacher selected by the exclusive bargaining representative for certified employees
214	chosen pursuant to section 10-153b of the general statutes;
215	3. a demographically representative group of students enrolled at the school, as
216	developmentally appropriate;
217	4. families of students enrolled at the school; and

218	5. at least two members of the school community, as determined by the school climate
219	specialist.
220	Membership of the school climate committee shall be annually reviewed and approved by the
221	school climate specialist, in coordination with the school climate coordinator.
222	
223	The school climate committee shall be responsible for:
224	1. assisting in the development, annual scheduling, and administration of the school climate
225	survey, and reviewing of the school climate survey data.
226	2. using the school climate survey data to identify strengths and challenges to improve school
227	climate, and to create or propose revisions to the school climate improvement plan.
228	3. assisting in the implementation of the school climate improvement plan and
229	recommending any improvements or revisions to the plan.
230	4. advising on strategies to improve school climate and implementing evidence and research-
231	based interventions, including, but not limited to, restorative practices, in the school
232	community.
233	5. annually providing notice of the uniform challenging behavior and/or bullying complaint
234	form, or similar complaint form used by the school, to the school community.
235	
236	School Climate Survey
237	For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and biennially thereafter, the school climate
238	committee, for each school, shall administer a school climate survey to students, school
239	employees and families of students, provided the parent or guardian of each student shall receive
240	prior written notice of the content and administration of such school climate survey and shall
241	have a reasonable opportunity to opt such student out of such school climate survey.
242	
243	School Climate Improvement Plan
244	For the school year commencing July 1, 2025, and each school year thereafter, the school climate
245	specialist, for each school, in collaboration with the school climate coordinator, shall develop,
246	and update as necessary, a school climate improvement plan. Such plan shall be based on the
247	results of the school climate survey, any recommendations from the school climate committee,
248	including the protocols, supports, and any other data the school climate specialist and school

249	climate coordinator deem relevant. Such plan shall be submitted to the school climate
250	coordinator for review and approval on or before December thirty-first of each school year. Upon
251	approval of such plan, a written or electronic copy of such plan shall be made available to
252	members of the school community and such plan shall be used in the prevention of, identification
253	of and response to all challenging behavior.
254	
255	Additionally, districts may place the school climate improvement plans into their district and
256	school improvement plans.
257	
258	Training
259	For the school year commencing July 1, 2024, and each school year thereafter, each local and
260	regional Board of Education shall provide resources and training to school employees regarding:
261	1. social and emotional learning;
262	2. school climate and culture and evidence and research-based interventions; and
263	3. restorative practices.
264	Such resources and training may be made available at each school under the jurisdiction of such
265	board and include technical assistance in the implementation of a school climate improvement
266	plan. Any school employee may participate in any such training offered by the board under this
267	section. The school climate coordinator, shall select, and approve, the individuals or
268	organizations that will provide such training.
269	
270	Funding
271	The school district shall in its discretion allocate sufficient funding to satisfy the requirements of
272	this policy for all schools in the district. Such funding shall be distributed accordingly, with
273	Superintendent approval, for assessments and professional development, as well as for school
274	community outreach, training, and technical assistance.
275	
276	Accountability
277	The Board shall adopt and allocate adequate resources to support the Connecticut School Climate
278	Policy and adhere to state regulations set forth in Public Act 23-167.
279	

280	Connecticut School Climate Standards
281	1. The school district community has a shared vision and plan for promoting and sustaining a
282	positive school climate that focuses on prevention, identification, and response to all
283	challenging behavior.
284	2. The school district community adopts policies that promote:
285	a. a sound school environment that develops and sustains academic, social, emotional,
286	ethical, civic, and intellectual skills; and
287	b. a restorative school environment focused on overcoming barriers to teaching and
288	learning by building and supporting meaningful school-wide relationships, and
289	intentionally re-engaging any disengaged students, educators, and families of students in
290	the school community
291	3. The school community's practices are identified, prioritized, and supported to:
292	a. promote learning and the positive academic, social, emotional, ethical, and civic
293	development of students;
294	b. enhance engagement in teaching, learning, and school-wide activities;
295	c. address barriers to teaching and learning; and d. develop and sustain a restorative
296	infrastructure that builds capacity, accountability, and sustainability.
297	4. The school community creates a school environment where everyone is safe, welcomed,
298	supported, and included in all school-based activities.
299	5. The school community creates a restorative system that cultivates a sense of belonging
300	through norms and activities that promote social and civic responsibility, and a dedication
301	to cultural responsiveness, diversity, equity, and inclusion.

### #5131.914 Safe School Climate Policy

The Madison Board of Education (the "Board") is committed to creating and maintaining a physically, emotionally, and intellectually safe educational environment free from bullying, teen dating violence, harassment and discrimination. In order to foster an atmosphere conducive to learning, the Board has developed the following Safe School Climate Plan, consistent with state law and Board policy. This Plan represents a comprehensive approach to addressing bullying, cyberbullying and teen dating violence and sets forth the Board's expectations for creating a positive school climate and thus preventing, intervening, and responding to incidents of bullying and teen dating violence.

Bullying behavior and teen dating violence are strictly prohibited, and students who are determined to have engaged in such behavior are subject to disciplinary action, which may include suspension or expulsion from school. The district's commitment to addressing bullying behavior and teen dating violence, however, involves a multi-faceted approach, which includes education and the promotion of a positive school climate in which bullying will not be tolerated by students or school staff.

#### I. Prohibition Against Bullying, Teen Dating Violence and Retaliation

- A. The Board expressly prohibits any form of bullying behavior and teen dating violence on school grounds; at a school-sponsored or school-related activity, function or program whether on or off school grounds; at a school bus stop; on a school bus or other vehicle owned, leased or used by a local or regional board of education; or through the use of an electronic device or an electronic mobile device owned, leased or used by the Board.
- B. The Board also prohibits any form of bullying behavior outside of the school setting if such bullying (i) creates a hostile environment at school for the student against whom such bullying was directed, (ii) infringes on the rights of the student against whom such bullying was directed at school, or (iii) substantially disrupts the education process or the orderly operation of a school.

#5131.914(b)

- C. The Board further prohibits any form of teen dating violence outside of the school setting if such violence substantially disrupts the educational process. The Board does not condone any form of bullying or teen dating violence.
- D. In addition to prohibiting student acts that constitute bullying, the Board also prohibits discrimination and/or retaliation against an individual who reports or assists in the investigation of an act of bullying and/or teen dating violence.
- E. Students who engage in bullying behavior or teen dating violence in violation of Board policy and the Safe School Climate Plan shall be subject to school discipline, up to and including expulsion, in accordance with the Board's policies on student discipline, suspension and expulsion, and consistent with state and federal law.

### II. Definition of Bullying

- A. "Bullying" means an act that is direct or indirect and severe, persistent or pervasive, which:
  - (1) causes physical or emotional harm to an individual;
  - (2) places an individual in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm; or
  - (3) infringes on the rights or opportunities of an individual at school.
- B. Bullying shall include, but need not be limited to, a written, oral or electronic communication or physical act or gesture based on any actual or perceived differentiating characteristics, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, socioeconomic status, academic status, physical appearance, or mental, physical, developmental or sensory disability, or by

#5131.914(c)

association with an individual or group who has or is perceived to have one or more of such characteristics.

#### **III. Other Definitions**

- A. "Cyberbullying" means any act of bullying through the use of the Internet, interactive and digital technologies, cellular mobile telephone or other mobile electronic devices or any electronic communications.
- B. "Electronic communication" means any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic or photo-optical system.
- C. "Emotional intelligence" means the ability to (1) perceive, recognize and understand emotions in oneself or others, (2) use emotions to facilitate cognitive activities, including, but not limited to, reasoning, problem solving and interpersonal communications, (3) understand and identify emotions, and (4) manage emotions in oneself and others.
- D. "Hostile environment" means a situation in which bullying among students is sufficiently severe or pervasive to alter the conditions of the school climate.
- E. "Mobile electronic device" means any hand-held or other portable electronic equipment capable of providing data communication between two or more individuals, including, but not limited to, a text messaging device, a paging device, a personal digital assistant, a laptop computer, equipment that is capable of playing a video game or a digital video disk, or equipment on which digital images are taken or transmitted.
- F. "Outside of the school setting" means at a location, activity or program that is not school related, or through the use of an electronic device or a mobile electronic device that is not owned, leased or used by the Board.

#5131.914(d)

G. "Positive school climate" means a school climate in which (1) the norms, values, expectations and beliefs that support feelings of social, emotional and physical safety are promoted, (2) students, parents, and guardians of students and school employees feel engaged and respected and work together to develop and contribute to a shared school vision, (3) educators model and nurture attitudes that emphasize the benefits and satisfaction gained from learning, and (4) each person feels comfortable contributing to the operation of the school and care of the physical environment of the school.

## H. "Prevention and intervention strategy" may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) implementation of a positive behavioral interventions and supports process or another evidence-based model approach for safe school climate or for the prevention of bullying identified by the Department of Education,
- (2) school rules prohibiting bullying, teen dating violence, harassment and intimidation and establishing appropriate consequences for those who engage in such acts,
- (3) adequate adult supervision of outdoor areas, hallways, the lunchroom and other specific areas where bullying is likely to occur,
- (4) inclusion of grade-appropriate bullying and teen dating violence education and prevention curricula in kindergarten through high school,
- (5) individual interventions with the bully, parents and school employees, and interventions with the bullied student, parents and school employees,
- (6) school-wide training related to safe school climate,
- (7) student peer training, education and support,

#5131.914(e)

- (8) promotion of parent involvement in bullying prevention through individual or team participation in meetings, trainings and individual interventions, and
- (9) culturally competent school-based curriculum focusing on social-emotional learning, self-awareness and self-regulation.
- I. "School climate" means the quality and character of school life based on patterns of students', parents' and guardians' and school employees' experiences of school life, including but not limited to, norms, goals, values, interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning practices and organizational structures.

### J. "School employee" means

- (1) a teacher, substitute teacher, school administrator, school superintendent, guidance counselor, school counselor, psychologist, social worker, nurse, physician, school paraprofessional or coach employed by the Board or working in a public elementary, middle or high school; or
- (2) any other individual who, in the performance of the individual's duties, has regular contact with students and who provides services to or on behalf of students enrolled in a public elementary, middle or high school, pursuant to a contract with the Board.
- K. "School-Sponsored Activity" shall mean any activity conducted on or off school property (including school buses and other school-related vehicles) that is sponsored, recognized or authorized by the Board.
- L. "Social and emotional learning" means the process through which children and adults achieve emotional intelligence through the competencies of self-awareness, self-management, social awareness, relationship skills and responsible decision-making.

#5131.914(f)

M. "Teen dating violence" means any act of physical, emotional or sexual abuse, including stalking, harassing and threatening, that occurs between two students who are currently in or who have recently been in a dating relationship.

### IV. Leadership and Administrative Responsibilities

## A. Safe School Climate Coordinator

The Superintendent shall appoint, from existing school district staff, a District Safe School Climate Coordinator ("Coordinator"). The Coordinator shall:

- (1) be responsible for implementing the district's Safe School Climate Plan ("Plan");
- (2) collaborate with Safe School Climate Specialists, the Board, and the Superintendent to prevent, identify and respond to bullying in district schools;
- (3) provide data and information, in collaboration with the Superintendent, to the Department of Education regarding bullying; and
- (4) meet with Safe School Climate Specialists at least twice during the school year to discuss issues relating to bullying in the school district and to make recommendations concerning amendments to the district's Plan.

### B. Safe School Climate Specialist

The Principal of each school (or principal's designee) shall serve as the Safe School Climate Specialist. The Safe School Climate Specialist shall investigate or supervise the investigation of reported acts of bullying, collect and maintain records of reports and investigations of bullying in the school and act as the primary school official responsible for preventing, identifying and responding to reports of bullying in the school.

#5131.914(g)

# V. Development and Review of Safe School Climate Plan

- A. The Principal of each school shall establish a committee or designate at least one existing committee ("Committee") in the school to be responsible for developing and fostering a safe school climate and addressing issues relating to bullying in the school. Such committee shall include:
  - (1) at least one parent/guardian of a student enrolled in the school, as appointed by the school principal;
  - (2) school personnel, including, but not limited to, at least one teacher selected by the exclusive bargaining representative for certified employees;
  - (3) medical and mental health personnel assigned to such school; and
  - (4) in the case of a committee for a high school, at least one student enrolled at such high school who is selected by the students of such school in a manner determined by the school principal.

#### B. The Committee shall:

- (1) receive copies of completed reports following bullying investigations;
- (2) identify and address patterns of bullying among students in the school;
- (3) implement the provisions of the school security and safety plan, regarding the collection, evaluation and reporting of information relating to instances of disturbing or threatening behavior that may not meet the definition of bullying,
- (4) review and amend school policies relating to bullying;

#5131.914(h)

- (5) review and make recommendations to the Coordinator regarding the Safe School Climate Plan based on issues and experiences specific to the school;
- (6) educate students, school employees and parents/guardians on issues relating to bullying;
- (7) collaborate with the Coordinator in the collection of data regarding bullying; and
- (8) perform any other duties as determined by the Principal that are related to the prevention, identification and response to school bullying.
- C. Any parent/guardian or student serving as a member of the Committee shall not participate in any activities which may compromise the confidentiality of any student, including, but not limited to, receiving copies of investigation reports, or identifying or addressing patterns of bullying among students in the school.
- D. The Board shall approve the Safe School Climate Plan developed pursuant to Board policy and submit such plan to the Department of Education. Not later than thirty (30) calendar days after approval by the Board, the Board shall make such plan available on the Board's and each individual school in the school district's web site and ensure that the Safe School Climate Plan is included in the school district's publication of the rules, procedures and standards of conduct for schools and in all student handbooks.

### VI. Procedures for Reporting and Investigating Complaints of Bullying

A. Students and parents (or guardians of students) may file written reports of bullying. Written reports of bullying shall be reasonably specific as to the basis for the report, including the time and place of the alleged conduct, the number of incidents, the target of the suspected bullying, and the names of potential witnesses. Such reports may be filed with any building administrator and/or the Safe School Climate Specialist (i.e.

#5131.914(i)

building principal or designee), and all reports shall be forwarded to the Safe School Climate Specialist for review and actions consistent with this Plan.

- B. Students may make anonymous reports of bullying to any school employee. Students may also request anonymity when making a report, even if the student's identity is known to the school employee. In cases where a student requests anonymity, the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee shall meet with the student (if the student's identity is known) to review the request for anonymity and discuss the impact that maintaining the anonymity of the complainant may have on the investigation and on any possible remedial action. All anonymous reports shall be reviewed and reasonable action will be taken to address the situation, to the extent such action may be taken that does not disclose the source of the report, and is consistent with the due process rights of the student(s) alleged to have committed acts of bullying. No disciplinary action shall be taken solely on the basis of an anonymous report.
- C. School employees who witness acts of bullying or receive reports of bullying shall orally notify the Safe School Climate Specialist, or another school administrator if the Safe School Climate Specialist is unavailable, not later than one (1) school day after such school employee witnesses or receives a report of bullying. The school employee shall then file a written report not later than two (2) school days after making such oral report.
- D. The Safe School Climate Specialist shall be responsible for reviewing any anonymous reports of bullying and shall investigate or supervise the investigation of all reports of bullying and ensure that such investigation is completed promptly after receipt of any written reports. The Safe School Climate Specialist shall also be responsible for promptly notifying the parents or guardians of the student alleged to have committed an act or acts of bullying, and the parents or guardians of the student against whom such alleged act or acts were directed, that an investigation has commenced. In order to allow the district to adequately investigate complaints filed by a student or

#5131.914(j)

parent/guardian, the parent of the student suspected of being bullied should be asked to provide consent to permit the release of that student's name in connection with the investigation process, unless the student and/or parent has requested anonymity.

E. In investigating reports of bullying, the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee will consider all available information known, including the nature of the allegations and the ages of the students involved. The Safe School Climate Specialist will interview witnesses, as necessary, reminding the alleged perpetrator and other parties that retaliation is strictly prohibited and will result in disciplinary action.

### VII. Responding to Verified Acts of Bullying

A. Following investigation, if acts of bullying are verified, the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee shall notify the parents or guardians of the students against whom such acts were directed as well as the parents or guardians of the students who commit such acts of bullying of the finding not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the investigation is completed. This notification shall include a description of the school's response to the acts of bullying, the results of such investigation; and verbally or by electronic mail, if such parents' or guardians' electronic mail addresses are known, that such parents of guardians may refer to the plain language explanation of the rights and remedies available under Conn. Gen. Stat. Sections 10-4a and 10-4b once such explanation has been provided to the Board by the Connecticut Social and Emotional Learning and School Climate Advisory Collaborative and published on the Internet website of the Board. In providing such notification, however, Madison Public Schools will take care to respect the statutory privacy rights of other students, including the perpetrator of such bullying. The specific disciplinary consequences imposed on the perpetrator, or personally identifiable information about a student other than the parent/guardian's own child, may not be disclosed except as provided by law.

#5131.914(k)

- B. In any instance in which bullying is verified, the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee shall invite the parents or guardians of the student against whom such act was directed to a meeting to communicate the measures being taken by the school to ensure the safety of the student/victim and policies and procedures in place to prevent further acts of bullying. The Safe School Climate Specialist or designee shall also invite the parents or guardians of a student who commits any verified act of bullying to a meeting, separate and distinct from the previously described meeting, to discuss specific interventions undertaken by the school to prevent further acts of bullying. The invitations may be made simultaneous with the notification described above in Section VII.A.
- C. If bullying is verified, the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee shall develop a student safety support plan for any student against whom an act of bullying was directed. Such support plan will include safety measures to protect against further acts of bullying.
- D. A specific written intervention plan shall be developed to address repeated incidents of bullying against a single individual or recurrently perpetrated bullying incidents by the same individual. The written intervention plan may include counseling, discipline and other appropriate remedial actions as determined by the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee and may also incorporate a student safety support plan, as appropriate.

### E. Notice to Law Enforcement

If the Principal of a school (or designee) reasonably believes that any act of bullying constitutes a criminal offense, he/she shall notify appropriate law enforcement. Notice shall be consistent with the Board's obligations under state and federal law and Board policy regarding the disclosure of personally identifiable student information. In making this determination, the Principal or his/her designee, may consult with the

#5131.914(l)

school resource officer, if any, and other individuals the principal or designee deems appropriate.

F. If a bullying complaint raises a concern about discrimination or harassment on the basis of a legally protected classification (such as race, religion, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability or gender identity or expression), the Safe School Climate Specialist or designee shall also coordinate any bullying investigation with other appropriate personnel within the district as appropriate (e.g. Title IX Coordinator, Section 504 Coordinator, etc.), so as to ensure that any such bullying investigation complies with the requirements of such policies regarding nondiscrimination.

# **VIII. Teen Dating Violence**

- A. The school strictly prohibits, and takes very seriously any instances of, teen dating violence, as defined above. The school recognizes that teen dating violence may take many different forms and may also be considered bullying and/or sexual harassment.
- B. Students and parents (or guardians of students) may bring verbal or written complaints regarding teen dating violence to any building administrator. The building administrator shall review and address the complaint, which may include referral of the complaint to the Safe School Climate Specialist and/or Title IX Coordinator.
- C. Prevention and intervention strategies concerning teen dating violence shall be implemented in accordance with Section X below. Discipline, up to and including expulsion, may be imposed against the perpetrator of teen dating violence, whether such conduct occurs on or off campus, in accordance with Board policy and consistent with federal and state law.

#5131.914(m)

# IX. Documentation and Maintenance of Log

- A. Each school shall maintain written reports of bullying, along with supporting documentation received and/or created as a result of bullying investigations, consistent with the Board's obligations under state and federal law. Any educational record containing personally identifiable student information pertaining to an individual student shall be maintained in a confidential manner, and shall not be disclosed to third parties without prior written consent of a parent, guardian or eligible student, except as permitted under Board policy and state and federal law.
- B. The Principal of each school shall maintain a list of the number of verified acts of bullying in the school and this list shall be available for public inspection upon request. Consistent with district obligations under state and federal law regarding student privacy, the log shall not contain any personally identifiable student information or any information that alone or in combination would allow a reasonable person in the school community to identify the students involved. Accordingly, the log should be limited to basic information such as the number of verified acts, name of school and/or grade level and relevant date. Given that any determination of bullying involves repeated acts, each investigation that results in a verified act of bullying for that school year shall be tallied as one verified act of bullying unless the specific actions that are the subject of each report involve separate and distinct acts of bullying. The list shall be limited to the number of verified acts of bullying in each school and shall not set out the particulars of each verified act, including, but not limited, to any personally identifiable student information, which is confidential information by law.
- C. The Principal of each school shall report the number of verified acts of bullying in the school annually to the Department of Education in such manner as prescribed by the Commissioner of Education.

#5131.914(n)

# X. Other Prevention and Intervention Strategies

- A. Bullying behavior and teen dating violence can take many forms and can vary dramatically in the nature of the offense and the impact the behavior may have on the victim and other students. Accordingly, there is no one prescribed response to verified acts of bullying or to teen dating violence. While conduct that rises to the level of "bullying" or "teen dating violence," as defined above, will generally warrant traditional disciplinary action against the perpetrator of such bullying or teen dating violence, whether and to what extent to impose disciplinary action (e.g., detention, in-school suspension, suspension or expulsion) is a matter for the professional discretion of the building principal (or responsible program administrator or designee). No disciplinary action may be taken solely on the basis of an anonymous complaint of bullying. As discussed below, schools may also consider appropriate alternatives to traditional disciplinary sanctions, including age-appropriate consequences and other restorative or remedial interventions.
- B. A specific written intervention plan shall be developed to address repeated incidents of bullying against a single individual or recurrently perpetrated bullying incidents by the same individual. This plan may include safety provisions, as described above, for students against whom acts of bullying have been verified and may include other interventions such as counseling, discipline, and other appropriate remedial or restorative actions as determined by the responsible administrator.
- C. The following sets forth possible interventions which may also be utilized to enforce the Board's prohibition against bullying and teen dating violence:
  - (1) Non-disciplinary interventions:

When verified acts of bullying are identified early and/or when such verified acts of bullying do not reasonably require a disciplinary response, students may be

#5131.914(o)

counseled as to the definition of bullying, its prohibition, and their duty to avoid any conduct that could be considered bullying. Students may also be subject to other forms of restorative discipline or remedial actions, appropriate to the age of the students and nature of the behavior.

If a complaint arises out of conflict between students or groups of students, peer or other forms of mediation may be considered. Special care, however, is warranted in referring such cases to peer mediation. A power imbalance may make the process intimidating for the victim and therefore inappropriate. In such cases, the victim should be given additional support. Alternatively, peer mediation may be deemed inappropriate to address the concern.

When an act or acts of teen dating violence are identified, the students involved may be counseled as to the seriousness of the conduct, the prohibition of teen dating violence, and their duty to avoid any such conduct. Students may also be subject to other forms of restorative discipline or remedial actions, appropriate to the age of the students and nature of the behavior.

## (2) Disciplinary interventions

When acts of bullying are verified or teen dating violence occurs, and a disciplinary response is warranted, students are subject to the full range of disciplinary consequences. Anonymous complaints of bullying, however, shall not be the basis for disciplinary action.

In-school suspension and suspension may be imposed only after informing the accused perpetrator of the reasons for the proposed suspension and giving him/her an opportunity to explain the situation, in accordance with the Board's Student Discipline policy.

#5131.914(p)

Expulsion may be imposed only after a hearing before the Board of Education, a committee of the Board or an impartial hearing officer designated by the Board of Education in accordance with the Board's Student Discipline policy. This consequence shall normally be reserved for serious incidents of bullying and teen dating violence, and/or when past interventions have not been successful in eliminating bullying behavior.

(3) Interventions for bullied students and victims of teen dating violence

The building principal (or other responsible program administrator) or designee shall intervene in order to address incidents of bullying or teen dating violence against a single individual. Intervention strategies for a bullied student or victim of teen dating violence may include the following:

- (a) Referral to a school counselor, psychologist or other appropriate social or mental health service;
- (b) Increased supervision and monitoring of student to observe and intervene in bullying situations or instances of teen dating violence;
- (c) Encouragement of student to seek help when victimized or witnessing victimization;
- (d) Peer mediation or other forms of mediation, where appropriate;
- (e) Student Safety Support plan;
- (f) Restitution and/or restorative interventions; and

#5131.914(q)

(g) Periodic follow-up by the Safe School Climate Specialist and/or Title IX Coordinator with the bullied student or victim of teen dating violence.

## (4) General prevention and intervention strategies

In addition to the prompt investigation of complaints of bullying and direct intervention when acts of bullying are verified, other district actions may ameliorate potential problems with bullying in school or at school-sponsored activities. Additional district actions may also ameliorate potential problems with teen dating violence. While no specific action is required, and school needs for specific prevention and intervention strategies may vary from time to time, the following list of potential prevention and intervention strategies shall serve as a resource for administrators, teachers and other professional employees in each school. Such prevention and intervention strategies may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) School rules prohibiting bullying, teen dating violence, harassment and intimidation and establishing appropriate consequences for those who engage in such acts;
- (b) Adequate adult supervision of outdoor areas, hallways, the lunchroom and other specific areas where bullying or teen dating violence are likely to occur;
- (c) Inclusion of grade-appropriate bullying and teen dating violence education and prevention curricula in kindergarten through high school, which may include instruction regarding building safe and positive school communities including developing healthy relationships and preventing dating violence as deemed appropriate for older students;

#5131.914(r)

- (d) Individual interventions with the perpetrator, parents and school employees, and interventions with the bullied student, parents and school employees;
- (e) School-wide training related to safe school climate, which training may include Title IX sex discrimination/sexual harassment prevention training, Section 504/ADA training, cultural diversity/multicultural education or other training in federal and state civil rights legislation or other topics relevant to safe school climate;
- (f) Student peer training, education and support;
- (g) Promotion of parent involvement in bullying prevention through individual or team participation in meetings, trainings and individual interventions;
- (h) Implementation of a positive behavioral interventions and supports process or another evidence-based model approach for a safe school climate or for the prevention of bullying and teen dating violence, including any such program identified by the Department of Education;
- (i) Respectful responses to bullying and teen dating violence concerns raised by students, parents or staff;
- (j) Planned professional development programs addressing prevention and intervention strategies, which training may include school violence prevention, conflict resolution and prevention of bullying and teen dating violence, with a focus on evidence-based practices concerning same;
- (k) Use of peers to help ameliorate the plight of victims and include them in group activities;

#5131.914(s)

- (l) Avoidance of sex-role stereotyping;
- (m)Continuing awareness and involvement on the part of school employees and parents with regards to prevention and intervention strategies;
- (n) Modeling by teachers of positive, respectful, and supportive behavior toward students;
- (o) Creating a school atmosphere of team spirit and collaboration that promotes appropriate social behavior by students in support of others;
- (p) Employing classroom strategies that instruct students how to work together in a collaborative and supportive atmosphere; and
- (q) Culturally competent school-based curriculum focusing on social-emotional learning, self-awareness and self-regulation.
- D. In addition to prevention and intervention strategies, administrators, teachers and other professional employees may find opportunities to educate students about bullying and help eliminate bullying behavior through class discussions, counseling, and reinforcement of socially-appropriate behavior. Administrators, teachers and other professional employees should intervene promptly whenever they observe mean-spirited student conduct, even if such conduct does not meet the formal definition of "bullying."
- E. Funding for the school-based bullying intervention and school climate improvement strategy may originate from public, private, federal or philanthropic sources.

#5131.914(t)

# **XI.** Improving School Climate

Each school has a Safe School Climate Plan which addresses the mandated areas of compliance required by CT General Statutes. The plan outlines current efforts, as well as ways in which the administration, faculty and staff of each school are committed to the improvement of the plan, which is updated biennially.

### XII. Annual Notice and Training

- A. Students, and parents or guardians of students shall be notified annually of the process by which students may make reports of bullying.
- B. The Board shall provide for the inclusion of language in student codes of conduct concerning bullying.
- C. At the beginning of each school year, each school shall provide all school employees with a written or electronic copy of the school district's safe school climate plan and require that all school employees annually complete training on the identification, prevention and response to bullying as required by law.
- D. As required by state law, the Board, after consultation with the Department of Education and the Social and Emotional Learning and School Climate Advisory Collaborative, shall also provide on its website training materials to school administrators regarding the prevention of and intervention in discrimination against and targeted harassment of students based on such students' (1) actual or perceived differentiating characteristics, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, socioeconomic status, academic status, physical appearance or mental, physical, developmental or sensory disability, or (2) association with individuals or groups who have or are perceived to have one or more of such characteristics.

#5131.914(u)

E. Any person appointed by the district to serve as district safe school climate coordinator shall complete mental health and first aid training offered by the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services.

#### **XIII. School Climate Assessments**

Biennially, the Board shall require each school in the district to complete an assessment using the school climate assessment instruments, including surveys, approved and disseminated by the Connecticut State Department of Education. The Board shall collect the school climate assessments for each school in the district and submit such assessments to the Connecticut State Department of Education.

# Legal References:

```
Public Act 19-166
Public Act 21-95
```

```
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222d
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222g
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222h
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222j
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222k
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222l
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222q
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222r
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233a through 10-233f
```

Connecticut State Department of Education Circular Letter C-8, Series 2008-2009 (March 16, 2009)

Connecticut State Department of Education Circular Letter C-3, Series 2011-2012 (September 12, 2011)

Connecticut State Department of Education Circular Letter C-2, Series 2014-2015 (July 14, 2014)

Connecticut State Department of Education Circular Letter C-1, Series 2018-2019 (July 12, 2018)

#5131.914(v)

Connecticut State Department of Education Circular Letter C-1, Series 2019-2020 (July 16, 2019)

Date of Adoption: April 6, 2021 Date Revised: April 5, 2022