Homedale Joint School District No. 370

INSTRUCTION

Nutrition Services

Rationale

Students must go to school with minds and bodies ready to take advantage of the learning environment schools work so hard to develop. Good nutrition is a prime factor in the student's ability to learn. In addition to families, the school environment plays a vital role in shaping students' nutritional health throughout the growing years in the following ways:

- 1. Students eat one or two of their meals each school day in the school cafeteria;
- 2. Classroom teachers provide factual instruction on human health and biology;
- 3. Peer relationships and adult role models influence eating patterns and provide subtle but strong messages in body image development;
- 4. Physical education and school sports programs strengthen students' bodies and are often sources of nutrition information; and
- 5. School health services, guidance counselors, and classroom teachers provide essential support for students' physical and psychological growth.

Nutrition services complement and enhance school health services. Nutrition services include screening, assessment, counseling/education, referral, and follow-up services. Students who may benefit most from school-based nutrition services include:

- 1. Children with special healthcare needs;
- 2. Adolescents who are obese, underweight, follow a specialized diet, or have other issues, such as eating disorders;
- 3. Students living in impoverished conditions with limited access to nutritionally adequate food; and
- 4. Students who abuse substances such as food, drugs, alcohol, and tobacco.

Optimally, nutrition services are provided on the school premises by a qualified nutrition professional. The school nurse, food service director, and teachers should work collaboratively with parents to successfully integrate nutrition into the District's comprehensive health program.

Nutrition-Related Health Problems

Headaches, stomach upsets, and general malaise, common complaints in the school nurse's office, may be a direct result of poor nutrition. Other nutritional concerns; including restrictive dieting, distorted body images, eating disorders, and obesity; may have an indirect effect on learning, and may be significant predictors of a student's success in school.

School counselors and school health services staff shall consistently promote healthy eating to students and other staff. These professionals shall be prepared to recognize conditions such as obesity, eating disorders, and other nutrition-related health problems among students and staff and be able to refer them to appropriate services.

Cross Reference: 8200

Healthy Lifestyles

Legal Reference: I.C. § 33-512

Governance of Schools

Policy History: Adopted on: Revised on: Reviewed on: