WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD

Student Handbook



West Orange-Stark High School 2015-2016

Inspire, Achieve, Celebrate
112% Everyday
West Orange-Stark High School

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PREFACE

To Students and Parents:

Welcome to school year 2015–16! Education is a team effort, and we know that students, parents, teachers, and other staff members all working together can make this a wonderfully successful year for our students.

The West Orange-Cove CISD Student Handbook is designed to provide basic information that you and your child will need during the school year. The handbook is divided into two sections:

Section I—PARENTAL RIGHTS—with information to assist you in responding to school-related issues. We encourage you to take some time to closely review this section of the handbook.

Section II—OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR STUDENTS AND PARENTS—organized alphabetically by topic, and, where possible, further divided by applicability to ages and/or grade levels, for quick access when searching for information on a specific issue.

Please be aware that the term "parent," unless otherwise noted, is used to refer to the parent, legal guardian, any person granted some other type of lawful control of the student, or any other person who has agreed to assume school-related responsibility for a student.

Both students and parents should become familiar with the West Orange-Cove Student Code of Conduct, which is a document adopted by the board and intended to promote school safety and an atmosphere for learning. That document may be found on the district's website at www.woccisd.net and is available in hard copy upon request.

The Student Handbook is a general reference guide only and is designed to be in harmony with board policy and the Student Code of Conduct. Please be aware that it is not a complete statement of all policies, procedures, or rules that may be applicable in a given circumstance.

In case of conflict between board policy (including the Student Code of Conduct) and any provisions of the Student Handbook, the current provisions of board policy and the Student Code of Conduct are to be followed.

Also, please be aware that the Student Handbook is updated yearly, while policy adoption and revision may occur throughout the year. The district encourages parents to stay informed of proposed board policy changes by attending board meetings. Changes in policy or other rules that affect Student Handbook provisions will be made available to students and parents through newsletters or other communications. The district reserves the right to modify provisions of the Student Handbook at any time, whenever it is deemed necessary. Notice of any revision or modification will be given as is reasonably practical under the circumstances.

Although the Student Handbook may refer to rights established through law or district policy, the Student Handbook does not create any additional rights for students and parents. It does not, nor is it intended to, create contractual or legal rights between any student or parent and the district.

If you or your child has questions about any of the material in this handbook, please contact a teacher, the school counselor, or the principal.

Also, please complete and return to your child's campus the following forms provided in the forms packet distributed at the beginning of the year or upon the student's enrollment:

- 1. Acknowledgment Form OR Acknowledgment of Electronic Distribution of Student Handbook form;
- 2. Notice Regarding Directory Information and Parent's Response Regarding Release of Student Information form:
- 3. Parent's Objection to the Release of Student Information to Military Recruiters and Institutions of Higher Education form, if you choose to restrict the release of information to these entities; and
- 4. Consent/Opt-Out Form.

[See Objecting to the Release of Directory Information on page 7 and Consent Required Before Student Participation in a Federally Funded Survey, Analysis, or Evaluation on page 8 for more information.]

Please note that references to policy codes are included so that parents can refer to current board policy. The district's official policy manual is available for review online at www.woccisd.net.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

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ADMINISTRATION

Rickie Harris, Superintendent	902 West Park	882-5500
Dr. Silvia Martinez, Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction	902 West Park	882-5555
Anitrea Goodwin, Executive Director of Human Resources	902 West Park	882-5610
Dr. Wayne Guidry, Director of Curriculum	902 West Park	882-5462
Melinda James, Executive Director of Finance	902 West Park	882-5444
Dr. Nina Leblanc, Director of Special Services	902 West Park	882-5407
Greg Willis, Director of Maintenance	902 West Park	882-5550
Danielle Robinson, Director of Food/Nutrition	902 West Park	882-5447
Elvis Rushing, Director of Technology	902 West Park	882-5421
Lynda Willie, Director of Transportation	2020 Western Avenue	886-1855

SCHOOLS

North Early Learning Center	801 Cordrey	882-5434
West Orange-Stark Elementary School	2605 Martin Luther King	882-5630
West Orange-Stark Middle School	1402 West Green Ave.	882-5520
West Orange-Stark High School	1400 Newton Street	882-5570
Academic Alternative Center	902 West Park	882-5424

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD BOARD OF TRUSTEES DISTRICT GOALS 2015-2016

Mission Statement

The West Orange-Stark High School learning community (students, parents, staff and faculty) passionately celebrates diversity, and promotes intellectual, social and personal growth. We strive to provide an environment that is innovative, supportive, relevant, and fosters respect of oneself and others. As a learning community, we endeavor to provide experiences so that each student may realize his or her personal success and excel globally through a lifelong love of learning.

Encompassing Goal

- We will provide a quality instructional program that meets the needs of all students and ensures continuous improvement.
- We will provide students and staff with facilities and services that are safe and conducive to an orderly, positive, and disciplined learning environment.
- We will foster good stewardship of financial resources.
- We will involve our community and encourage their support in the implementation of our District's mission and goals.

Achieve the academic indicators of the Texas Education Agency for educational excellence ensuring that curriculum is aligned with Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills

- 1. Achieve high level of student performance on STAAR assessments at all levels
- 2. Increase STAAR performance by closing the gap for identified subgroups as a part of No Child Left Behind federal legislation
- 3. Increase the number of students taking dual credit courses at Lamar State College-Orange
- 4. Implement a District-wide common reading list at grades 6-12
- 5. Implement an early high school experience for grades 7 and 8
- 6. Increase student participation in college entrance testing
- 7. Work to remove barriers to student achievement and psycho-social development that includes enlisting state agency services for every campus
- 8. Begin instruction in a world language in Grades K-5

School Climate and Professional Development

- 9. Maintain good order and discipline in the schools
- 10. Improve facilities for aesthetics, safety and function
- 11. Develop a Superintendent's Leadership Team that includes campus principals

Accountability to Community

- 12. Build a laser focus on instruction to benefit students and teachers
- 13. Better communicate excellence to our community, staff and students

- 14. Seek to bring honor, civility and a professional spirit to all we do at all levels including Board of Trustees, staff and students
- 15. Work to re-invigorate the band program at the high school and middle school levels to include increased participation, jazz band and excellent marching band
- 16. Seek private funding sources to assist students in participation of a senior year in college program
- 17. Increase the numbers of graduates going to post-secondary education: university, technical school and military
- 18. Focus on the development of character in our students; instill a system of personal ethics and a sense of obligatory service to our fellow man.

WEST ORANGE-COVE CISD OUR SHARED VISION OUR STUDENTS:

West Orange-Cove CISD believes in high academic achievement for all, grounded in a tradition of excellence. Our staff ensures that students learn, graduate, and become productive citizens. This is our commitment to our community.

WEST ORANGE-STARK HIGH SCHOOL SITE-BASED STRATEGIC PLAN

MISSION STATEMENT

The West Orange Stark learning community (students, parents, staff and faculty) passionately: celebrates diversity, promotes intellectual, social and personal growth. <u>In an environment that is:</u> innovative, supportive and relevant, respectful of self and others, so that each student realizes personal success, excels in our global society and grow in a lifelong love of learning.

The mission of West Orange-Stark High School is to instill pride in all our students while providing them with a meaningful and sound education in a safe, engaging, and challenging environment of which students, parents, and staff expects nothing less than success.

OBJECTIVES

- Students and staff will work cohesively to establish a culture of respect and pride that is exhibited in the academic integrity, mutual respect, and engagement of students in the learning process.
- Staff and students will engage in researched, data-driven instruction to meet or exceed the state averages on the STAAR test for first time test takers.
- The staff will establish and consistently maintain rules, procedures, and communication internally and externally.
- I. Within eight terms, 100% of our students entering the 9th grade will graduate by successfully completing the EOC Assessments and credit requirements.
- II. We will successfully prepare all graduating seniors for entry into a college/vocational technology school or involvement in a successful vocational endeavor.
- HI. Twenty five percent of our students will be enrolled in advanced placement or honor's program courses.

TACTICS

- A. We will develop opportunities and utilize all available resources to achieve exemplary ratings on the State of Texas report card.
- B. We will establish a comprehensive counseling program to achieve the campus mission statement and objectives.
- C. We will develop a partnership program with business and industry that provides career technology and apprises the students of job opportunities.
- D. We will promote awareness and increase participation in advanced placement and honor's program.

E. We will develop a time management plan for class scheduling that will enhance the quality of academic performance.

OUR VISION

West Orange-Stark High School will be a premier learning community of responsible and motivated 21st Century learners who take pride in their personal achievements, their school, and their community. We are a school where students, parents, and the community work as one to contribute to society in a positive and productive manner in which all may be proud.

For additional information on specific action plans addressing the campus objectives, contact West Orange-Stark High School, P. O. Box 1107, Orange, Texas 77631 (409) 882-5570.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

SCHOOL SONG

Far out on the coastal prairie
Standing plain to view
Is our dear West Orange-Stark High School
Towering toward the blue.
Hail! All Hail! Our Alma Mater!
Hail! West Orange-Stark High!
We bear thee a love so fervent
It shall never die.

MASCOT

Mustang

SCHOOL COLORS

Blue and Silver

SECTION I: PARENTAL RIGHTS

This section of the West Orange-Cove CISD Student Handbook includes information related to certain rights of parents as specified in state or federal law.

CONSENT, OPT-OUT, AND REFUSAL RIGHTS

Consent to Conduct a Psychological Evaluation

A district employee will not conduct a psychological examination, test, or treatment without obtaining prior written parental consent unless the examination, test, or treatment is required under state or federal law regarding requirements for special education or by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) for child abuse investigations and reports.

Consent to Display a Student's Original Works and Personal Information

Teachers may display students' work, which may include personally identifiable student information, in classrooms or elsewhere on campus as recognition of student achievement.

However, the district will seek parental consent before displaying students' artwork, special projects, photographs taken by students, original videos or voice recordings, and other original works on the district's website, a website affiliated or sponsored by the district, such as a campus or classroom website, and in district publications, which may include printed materials, videos, or other methods of mass communication.

Consent to Receive Parenting and Paternity Awareness Instruction if Student is Under Age 14

A child under the age of 14 must have parental permission to receive instruction in the district's parenting and paternity awareness program; otherwise, the child will not be allowed to participate in the instruction. This program, developed by the Office of the Texas Attorney General and the State Board of Education (SBOE), is incorporated into the district's health education classes.

Consent to Video or Audio Record a Student When Not Otherwise Permitted by Law

State law permits the school to make a video or voice recording without parental permission for the following circumstances:

- When it is to be used for school safety;
- When it relates to classroom instruction or a co-curricular or extracurricular activity; or
- When it relates to media coverage of the school.

The district will seek parental consent through a written request before making any video or voice recording of your child not otherwise allowed by law.

Section 26.009 of the Texas Education Code requires school Districts to obtain written permission from parents in order to make or authorize the making of a videotape of a child, or record or authorize the recording of a child's voice in most instances.

For safety purposes, video and audio recording equipment is used to monitor student behavior, including on buses and in common areas on campus. Students will not be told when the equipment is being used.

The principal will review the video and audio recordings routinely and document student misconduct. Discipline will be in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

Parent permission is not required in the following instances:

- For purposes of safety, including the maintenance of order and discipline in common areas of the school or on school buses
- For purposes related to a co-curricular or extracurricular activity; or
- For a purpose related to a regular classroom activity.

Making of video and audio tapes

The making of video and audio tapes could be used for but not limited to:

- Recording the history and events on videotape of the school by campus staff members for use at school assemblies, registration, or as part of informational videotape about the school.
- Parents videotaping or taking photos for home use of their child coming to school on the first day or participating in a class activity.
- Electronic news media (television & radio) covering important issues pertaining to the campuses or events of interest to the public for use on news broadcasts.
- The WOCCISD Communications Office making video and audio tape of students and school activities for developing informational videotape about the District.

• Information pages about WOCCISD on the Internet World Wide Web.

Still Photos

- Still photos are used:
- By newspapers for publication
- For inserts in special newspaper editions
- By the WOCCISD Communications Office, chambers of commerce, educational organizations and others for use in various publications (brochures, newsletters, booklets, etc.).
- Information pages about WOCCISD on the Internet World Wide Web

NOTE: The Parent Permission Receipt Form is distributed to parents in the Parent Signature packet or may be obtained in the principal's office.

Prohibiting the Use of Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment—spanking or paddling the student—may be used as a discipline management technique in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and policy FO(LOCAL) in the district's policy manual.

If you do not want corporal punishment to be administered to your child as a method of student discipline, please return the form included in the forms packet OR submit a written statement to the campus principal stating this decision. A signed statement must be provided each year if you do not want corporal punishment to be administered to your child.

You may choose to revoke this prohibition at any time during the year by providing a signed statement to the campus principal. However, district personnel may choose to use discipline methods other than corporal punishment even if the parent requests that this method be used on the student.

Please note that if the district is made aware that a student is in temporary or permanent conservatorship (custody) of the state, through foster care, kinship care, or other arrangements, corporal punishment shall not be administered, even when a signed statement prohibiting its use has not been submitted by the student's caregiver or caseworker.

Limiting Electronic Communications with Students by District Employees

Teachers and other approved employees are permitted by the district to communicate with students through the use of electronic media within the scope of the individual's professional responsibilities. For example, a teacher may set up a social networking page for his or her class that has information related to class work, homework, and tests. As a parent, you are welcome to join or become a member of such a page.

An employee described above may also contact a student individually through electronic media to communicate about items such as homework or upcoming tests.

If you prefer that your child not receive any one-to-one electronic communications from a district employee or if you have questions related to the use of electronic media by district employees, please contact the campus principal.

Objecting to the Release of Directory Information

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, or FERPA, permits the district to disclose appropriately designated "directory information" from a child's education records without written consent. "Directory information" is information that is generally not considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if released. This "directory information" will be released to anyone who follows procedures for requesting it.

However, a parent or eligible student may object to the release of a student's directory information. This objection must be made in writing to the principal within ten school days of your child's first day of this school year. [See the "Notice Regarding Directory Information and Parent's Response Regarding Release of Student Information" included in the forms packet.]

Choose the first option if the district's FL(LOCAL) contains two directory information lists: As allowed by state law, the district has identified two directory information lists—one for school sponsored purposes and the second for all other requests. For all district publications and announcements, the district has designated the following as directory

information: [include only those items listed as directory information for school-sponsored purposes in your FL(LOCAL)]. If you do not object to the use of your child's information for these limited school-sponsored purposes, the school will not need to ask your permission each time the district wishes to use the information for the school-sponsored purposes listed above.

For all other purposes, the district has identified the following as directory information: [list the directory information identified for all other purposes in your FL(LOCAL)]. If you do not object to the use of your child's information for these purposes, the school must release this information when the school receives a request from an outside entity or individual.

OR

Choose the following option if the district has not separated its directory information list at FL(LOCAL): The district has identified the following as directory information: Finelude only those items listed as directory information in your FL(LOCAL). Student name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date and place of birth, major field of study, degrees, honors, awards received, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent educational institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, and weight and height of members of athletic teams. If you object to the release of the student information included on the directory information response form, your decision will also apply to the use of that information for school-sponsored purposes, such as the honor roll, school newspaper, the yearbook, recognition activities, news releases, and athletic programs.

Also review the information at **Authorized Inspection and Use of Student Records** on page 11.

Objecting to the Release of Student Information to Military Recruiters and Institutions of Higher Education (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

The district is required by federal law to comply with a request by a military recruiter or an institution of higher education for students' names, addresses, and telephone listings, unless parents have advised the district not to release their child's information without prior written consent. A form included in the forms packet is available if you do not want the district to provide this information to military recruiters or institutions of higher education.

Participation in Third-Party Surveys

Consent Required Before Student Participation in a Federally Funded Survey, Analysis, or Evaluation

Your child will not be required to participate without parental consent in any survey, analysis, or evaluation—funded in whole or in part by the U.S. Department of Education—that concerns:

- Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent.
- Mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family.
- Sexual behavior or attitudes.
- Illegal, antisocial, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior.
- Critical appraisals of individuals with whom the student has a close family relationship.
- Relationships privileged under law, such as relationships with lawyers, physicians, and ministers.
- Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or parents.
- Income, except when the information is required by law and will be used to determine the student's eligibility to participate in a special program or to receive financial assistance under such a program.

You will be able to inspect the survey or other instrument and any instructional materials used in connection with such a survey, analysis, or evaluation. [For further information, see policy EF(LEGAL).]

"Opting Out" of Participation in Other Types of Surveys or Screenings and the Disclosure of Personal Information

As a parent, you have a right to receive notice of and deny permission for your child's participation in:

- Any survey concerning the private information listed above, regardless of funding.
- School activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information gathered from your
 child for the purpose of marketing, selling, or otherwise disclosing that information. Note that this does not
 apply to the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from students for the exclusive
 purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for, or to, students or
 educational institutions.
- Any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screening required as a condition of attendance, administered and scheduled by the school in advance and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student. Exceptions are hearing, vision, or scoliosis screenings, or any physical exam or screening permitted or required under state law. [See policies EF and FFAA.]

As a parent, you may inspect a survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed to your child.

REMOVING A STUDENT FROM INSTRUCTION OR EXCUSING A STUDENT FROM A REQUIRED COMPONENT OF INSTRUCTION

Human Sexuality Instruction

As a part of the district's curriculum, students receive instruction related to human sexuality. The School Health Advisory Council (SHAC) is involved with the selection of course materials for such instruction.

State law requires that any instruction related to human sexuality, sexually transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency virus or acquired immune deficiency syndrome must:

- Present abstinence from sexual activity as the preferred choice of behavior in relationship to all sexual activity for unmarried persons of school age;
- Devote more attention to abstinence from sexual activity than to any other behavior;
- Emphasize that abstinence is the only method that is 100 percent effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and the emotional trauma associated with adolescent sexual activity;
- Direct adolescents to a standard of behavior in which abstinence from sexual activity before marriage is the most effective way to prevent pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases; and
- If included in the content of the curriculum, teach contraception and condom use in terms of human use reality rates instead of theoretical laboratory rates.

In accordance with state law, below is a summary of the district's curriculum regarding human sexuality instruction: Choosing the Best utilizes the following five keys to effective abstinence and relationship education:

- Motivational Learning Environment-Video vignettes of real-life teens, in depth discussions, classroom exercises and role-plays engage the students in learning
- Medical Learning Model-Current information on STDs, emotional consequences and teen pregnancy.
- **Relationship Education and Refusal Skills** Provides students with the confidence to handle negative peer and relationship pressures.
- Parent Involvement—Student Manual provides at-home opportunities for parent-student interaction.
- Character Education— Students are challenged to develop respect, self-respect, compassion, honesty and courage.

Middle School Programs:

- Choosing the Best Way for grade 6
- Choosing the Best Path for grade 7
- Choosing the Best Life for grade 8

High School Programs:

- Choosing the Best Journey for grade 9-10
- Choosing the Best Soul Mate for grade 11-12

As a parent, you are entitled to review the curriculum materials. In addition, you may remove your child from any part of the human sexuality instruction with no academic, disciplinary, or other penalties. You may also choose to become more involved with the development of curriculum used for this purpose by becoming a member of the district's SHAC. Please see the campus principal for additional information.

Reciting a Portion of the Declaration of Independence in Grades 3–12

You may request that your child be excused from recitation of a portion of the Declaration of Independence. State law requires students in social studies classes in grades 3–12 to recite a portion of the text of the Declaration of Independence during Celebrate Freedom Week unless (1) you provide a written statement requesting that your child be excused, (2) the district determines that your child has a conscientious objection to the recitation, or (3) you are a representative of a foreign government to whom the United States government extends diplomatic immunity. [See policy EHBK(LEGAL).]

Reciting the Pledges to the U.S. and Texas Flags

As a parent, you may request that your child be excused from participation in the daily recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance to the United States flag and the Pledge of Allegiance to the Texas flag. The request must be in writing. State law does not allow your child to be excused from participation in the required minute of silence or silent activity that follows. [See **Pledges of Allegiance and a Minute of Silence** on page and policy EC(LEGAL).]

Religious or Moral Beliefs

You may remove your child temporarily from the classroom if an instructional activity in which your child is scheduled to participate conflicts with your religious or moral beliefs. The removal cannot be for the purpose of avoiding a test and may not extend for an entire semester. Further, your child must satisfy grade-level and graduation requirements as determined by the school and by state law.

Tutoring or Test Preparation

Based on informal observations, evaluative data such as grades earned on assignments or tests, or results from diagnostic assessments, a teacher may determine that a student is in need of additional targeted assistance in order for the student to achieve mastery in state-developed essential knowledge and skills. The schools will always attempt to provide tutoring and strategies for test-taking in ways that prevent removal from other instruction as much as possible. In accordance with state law and policy EC, the school will not remove a student from a regularly scheduled class for remedial tutoring or test preparation for more than ten percent of the school days on which the class is offered, unless the student's parent consents to this removal.

The school may also offer tutorial services, which students whose grades are below 70 75 will be required to attend.

[Also refer to policies EC and EHBC, and contact your student's teacher with questions about any tutoring programs provided by the school.]

Tutorials

Students in grades 9-12 who have been identified as being at risk of dropping out of school, or who are not performing at grade level, or who have a grade in a core subject at the end of a three (3) week reporting period lower than 75, or who did not perform satisfactorily on a state-administered assessment instrument, shall be required to attend tutorials. The students identified with the above criteria shall be required to attend tutorials

prior to participating in any practices associated with any extra-curricular program/activity. (See policy EHBC LOCAL)

- Students are provided morning and afternoon tutorials.
- Identified students will attend tutorials as required by campus administrators.
- Coaches and sponsors will be notified of identified students needing tutorials.
- Identified students will be required to attend tutorials prior to practices associated with any extra-curricular program/activity.

RIGHT OF ACCESS TO STUDENT RECORDS, CURRICULUM MATERIALS, AND DISTRICT RECORDS

Instructional Materials

As a parent, you have a right to review teaching materials, textbooks, and other teaching aids and instructional materials used in the curriculum, and to examine tests that have been administered to your child.

Notices of Certain Student Misconduct to Noncustodial Parent

A noncustodial parent may request in writing that he or she be provided, for the remainder of the school year, a copy of any written notice usually provided to a parent related to his or her child's misconduct that may involve placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) or expulsion. [See policy FO(LEGAL) and the Student Code of Conduct.]

Student Records

Accessing Student Records

You may review your child's student records. These records include:

- Attendance records,
- Test scores,
- Grades,
- Disciplinary records,
- Counseling records,
- Psychological records,
- Applications for admission,
- Health and immunization information,
- Other medical records,
- Teacher and school counselor evaluations,
- Reports of behavioral patterns,
- State assessment instruments that have been administered to your child, and
- Teaching materials and tests used in your child's classroom.

Authorized Inspection and Use of Student Records

A federal law, known as the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, or FERPA, affords parents and eligible students certain rights with respect to the student's education records. For purposes of student records, an "eligible"

student is one who is 18 or older or who is attending an institution of postsecondary education. These rights, as discussed in this section as well as at **Objecting to the Release of Directory Information** on page **7**, are:

- The right to inspect and review student records within 45 days after the day the school receives a request for access.
- The right to request an amendment to a student record the parent or eligible student believes is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of FERPA.
- The right to provide written consent before the school discloses personally identifiable information from the student's records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.
- The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning failures by the school to comply with FERPA requirements. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA are:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202-5901

Both FERPA and state laws safeguard student records from unauthorized inspection or use and provide parents and eligible students certain rights of privacy. Before disclosing any personally identifiable information from a student's records, the district must verify the identity of the person, including a parent or the student, requesting the information.

Virtually all information pertaining to student performance, including grades, test results, and disciplinary records, is considered confidential educational records.

Inspection and release of student records is primarily restricted to an eligible student or a student's parents—whether married, separated, or divorced—unless the school is given a copy of a court order terminating parental rights or the right to access a student's education records.

Federal law requires that, as soon as a student becomes 18, is emancipated by a court, or enrolls in a postsecondary institution, control of the records goes to the student. The parents may continue to have access to the records, however, if the student is a dependent for tax purposes and under limited circumstances when there is a threat to the health and safety of the student or other individuals.

FERPA permits the disclosure of personally identifiable information from a student's education records, without written consent of the parent or eligible student, in the following circumstances:

- When district school officials have what federal law refers to as a "legitimate educational interest" in a student's records. School officials would include board members and employees, such as the superintendent, administrators, and principals; teachers, school counselors, diagnosticians, and support staff (including district health or district medical staff); a person or company with whom the district has contracted or allowed to provide a particular institutional service or function (such as an attorney, consultant, third-party vendor that offers online programs or software, auditor, medical consultant, therapist, school resource officer, or volunteer); a parent or student serving on a school committee; or a parent or student assisting a school official in the performance of his or her duties. "Legitimate educational interest" in a student's records includes working with the student; considering disciplinary or academic actions, the student's case, or an individualized education program for a student with disabilities; compiling statistical data; reviewing an educational record to fulfill the official's professional responsibility to the school and the student; or investigating or evaluating programs.
- To authorize representatives of various governmental agencies, including juvenile service providers, the U.S. Comptroller General's office, the U.S. Attorney General's office, the U.S. Secretary of Education, TEA, the U.S. Secretary of Agriculture's office, and Child Protective Services (CPS) caseworkers or other child welfare representatives, in certain cases.
- To individuals or entities granted access in response to a subpoena or court order.

- To another school, school district/system, or institution of postsecondary education to which a student seeks or intends to enroll or in which he or she is already enrolled.
- In connection with financial aid for which a student has applied or which the student has received.
- To accrediting organizations to carry out accrediting functions.
- To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, the school, in order to develop, validate, or administer predictive tests; administer student aid programs; or improve instruction.
- To appropriate officials in connection with a health or safety emergency.
- When the district discloses information it has designated as directory information [see **Objecting to the Release of Directory Information** on page 7 for opportunities to prohibit this disclosure].

Release of personally identifiable information to any other person or agency—such as a prospective employer or for a scholarship application—will occur only with parental or student permission as appropriate.

The principal OR superintendent is custodian of all records for currently enrolled students at the assigned school. The principal OR superintendent is the custodian of all records for students who have withdrawn or graduated.

A parent or eligible student who wishes to inspect the student's records should submit a written request to the records custodian identifying the records he or she wishes to inspect. Records may be inspected by a parent or eligible student during regular school hours. The records custodian or designee will respond to reasonable requests for explanation and interpretation of the records.

A parent or eligible student who provides a written request and pays copying costs of ten cents per page may obtain copies. If circumstances prevent inspection during regular school hours and the student qualifies for free or reduced-price meals, the district will either provide a copy of the records requested or make other arrangements for the parent or student to review these records. The address of the superintendent's office is 902 West Park Street, Orange, TX 77630.

The address(es) of the principals' offices are:

North Early Learning Center	801 Cordrey, Orange, TX 77630
West Orange-Stark Elementary	2605 Martin Luther King, Orange, TX 77630
West Orange-Stark Middle	1402 West Green Ave., Orange, TX 77630
West Orange-Stark High School	1400 Newton Street, Orange, TX 77630
Academic Alternative Center	902 West Park, Orange, TX 77630

A parent (or eligible student) may inspect the student's records and request a correction or amendment if the records are considered inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights. A request to correct a student's record should be submitted to the appropriate records custodian. The request must clearly identify the part of the record that should be corrected and include an explanation of how the information in the record is inaccurate. If the district denies the request to amend the records, the parent or eligible student has the right to request a hearing. If the records are not amended as a result of the hearing, the parent or eligible student has 30 school days to exercise the right to place a statement commenting on the information in the student's record.

Although improperly recorded grades may be challenged, contesting a student's grade in a course or on an examination is handled through the general complaint process found in policy FNG(LOCAL). A grade issued by a classroom teacher can be changed only if, as determined by the board of trustees, the grade is arbitrary, erroneous, or inconsistent with the district's grading policy. [See FINALITY OF GRADES at FNG(LEGAL), **Report Cards/Progress Reports and Conferences** on page 62, and **Complaints and Concerns** on page 27 for an overview of the process.]

The district's policy regarding student records found at policy FL is available from the principal's or superintendent's office and on the district's website at www.woccisd.net.

The parent's or eligible student's right of access to and copies of student records do not extend to all records. Materials that are not considered educational records—such as a teacher's personal notes about a student that are shared only with a substitute teacher—do not have to be made available to the parents or student.

Teacher and Staff Professional Qualifications

You may request information regarding the professional qualifications of your child's teachers, including whether a teacher has met state qualification and licensing criteria for the grade levels and subject areas in which the teacher provides instruction; whether the teacher has an emergency permit or other provisional status for which state requirements have been waived; and undergraduate and graduate degree majors, graduate certifications, and the field of study of the certification or degree. You also have the right to request information about the qualifications of any paraprofessional who may provide services to your child.

STUDENTS WITH EXCEPTIONALITIES OR SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Children of Military Families

Children of military families will be provided flexibility regarding certain district requirements, including:

- Immunization requirements.
- Grade level, course, or educational program placement.
- Eligibility requirements for participation in extracurricular activities.
- Graduation requirements.

In addition, absences related to a student visiting with his or her parent, including a stepparent or legal guardian, who has been called to active duty for, is on leave from, or is returning from a deployment of at least four months will be excused by the district. The district will permit no more than five excused absences per year for this purpose. For the absence to be excused, the absence must occur no earlier than the 60th day before deployment or no later than the 30th day after the parent's return from deployment.

Additional information may be found at http://tea.texas.gov/index2.aspx?id=7995.

Parental Role in Certain Classroom and School Assignments

Multiple Birth Siblings

As a parent, if your children are multiple birth siblings (e.g., twins, triplets, etc.) assigned to the same grade and campus, you may request that they be placed either in the same classroom or in separate classrooms. Your written request must be submitted no later than the 14th day after the enrollment of your children. [See policy FDB(LEGAL).]

Safety Transfers/Assignments

As a parent, you may:

- Request the transfer of your child to another classroom or campus if your child has been determined by the district to have been a victim of bullying as the term is defined by Education Code 37.0832. Transportation is not provided for a transfer to another campus. See the superintendent OR principal for information.
- Consult with district administrators if your child has been determined by the district to have engaged in bullying and the board decides to transfer your child to another classroom or campus. Transportation is not provided for a transfer to another campus.
 - [See **Bullying** on page 22, policy FDB, and policy FFI.]
- Request the transfer of your child to attend a safe public school in the district if your child attends school at a campus identified by TEA as persistently dangerous or if your child has been a victim of a violent criminal offense while at school or on school grounds. [See policy FDE.]
- Request the transfer of your child to another district campus OR a neighboring district if your child has been the victim of a sexual assault by another student assigned to the same campus, whether the assault

occurred on or off campus, and that student has been convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication for that assault. If the victim does not wish to transfer, the district will transfer the assailant in accordance with policy FDE.

Service/Assistance Animal Use by Students

A parent of a student who uses a service/assistance animal because of the student's disability must submit a request in writing to the principal at least ten district business days before bringing the service/assistance animal on campus.

Students Who Have Learning Difficulties or Who Need Special Education Services

If a child is experiencing learning difficulties, the parent may contact the person listed below to learn about the district's overall general education referral or screening system for support services. This system links students to a variety of support options, including referral for a special education evaluation. Students having difficulty in the regular classroom should be considered for tutorial, compensatory, and other academic or behavior support services that are available to all students including a process based on Response to Intervention (RtI). The implementation of RtI has the potential to have a positive impact on the ability of districts to meet the needs of all struggling students.

At any time, a parent is entitled to request an evaluation for special education services. Within a reasonable amount of time, the district must decide if the evaluation is needed. If the evaluation is needed, the parent will be notified and asked to provide informed written consent for the evaluation. The district must complete the evaluation and the report within the timeline prescribed by law once the district receives written consent. The district must give a copy of the evaluation report to the parent.

If the district determines that the evaluation is not needed, the district will provide the parent with prior written notice that explains why the child will not be evaluated. This written notice will include a statement that informs the parents of their rights, if they disagree with the district. The district is required to give parents the *Notice of Procedural Safeguards—Rights of Parents of Students with Disabilities*. Additional information regarding the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is available from the school district in a companion document, *A Guide to the Admission, Review, and Dismissal Process*. Both documents may also be found at http://framework.esc18.net/display/Webforms/LandingPage.aspx.

The following websites provide information to those who are seeking information and resources specific to students with disabilities and their families:

- Texas Project First, at http://www.texasprojectfirst.org
- Partners Resource Network, at http://www.partnerstx.org

The designated person to contact regarding options for a child experiencing learning difficulties or a referral for evaluation for special education services is the Director of Special Services at 882-5407.

Students Who Receive Special Education Services with Other School-Aged Children in the Home

If a student is receiving special education services at a campus outside his or her attendance zone, the parent or guardian may request that any other student residing in the household be transferred to the same campus, if the appropriate grade level for the transferring student is offered on that campus. However, the district is not required to provide transportation to the other children in the household. The parent or guardian should speak with the principal of the school regarding transportation needs prior to requesting a transfer for any other children in the home. [See policy FDB(LOCAL).]

Students Who Speak a Primary Language Other than English

A student may be eligible to receive specialized support if his or her primary language is not English, and the student has difficulty performing ordinary class work in English. If the student qualifies for these extra services, the Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC) will determine the types of services the student needs,

including accommodations or modifications related to classroom instruction, local assessments, and state-mandated assessments.

Students with Physical or Mental Impairments Protected under Section 504

A child determined to have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life activity, as defined by law, and who does not otherwise qualify for special education services, may qualify for protections under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. Section 504 is a federal law designed to prohibit discrimination against individuals with disabilities. When an evaluation is requested, a committee will be formed to determine if the child is in need of services and supports under Section 504 to receive a free appropriate public education (FAPE), as this is defined in federal law.

The designated person to contact regarding a referral for evaluation applicable to Section 504 is Director of Special Services at 882-5407.

[Also see policy FB.]

SECTION II: OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR STUDENTS AND PARENTS

Topics in this section of the Student Handbook contain important information on academics, school activities, and school operations and requirements. Take a moment with your child to become familiar with the various issues addressed in this section. It is organized in alphabetical order to serve as a quick-reference when you or your child has a question about a specific school-related issue. Where possible, the topics are also organized to alert you to the applicability of each topic based on a student's age or grade level. Should you be unable to find the information on a particular topic, please contact the principal.

ABSENCES/ATTENDANCE

Regular school attendance is essential for a student to make the most of his or her education—to benefit from teacher-led and school activities, to build each day's learning on the previous day's, and to grow as an individual. Absences from class may result in serious disruption of a student's mastery of the instructional materials; therefore, the student and parent should make every effort to avoid unnecessary absences. Two state laws—one dealing with the required presence of school-aged children in school, e.g., compulsory attendance, the other with how a child's attendance affects the award of a student's final grade or course credit—are of special interest to students and parents. They are discussed below.

Compulsory Attendance

Age 18 and Older

A student who voluntarily attends or enrolls after his or her 18th birthday is required to attend each school day until the end of the school year. If a student 18 or older has more than five unexcused absences in a semester, the district may revoke the student's enrollment. The student's presence on school property thereafter would be unauthorized and may be considered trespassing. [See policy FEA.]

Between Ages 6 and 18

State law requires that a student between the ages of six and 18 attend school, as well as any applicable accelerated instruction program, extended year program, or tutorial session, unless the student is otherwise excused from attendance or legally exempt.

State law requires attendance in an accelerated reading instruction program when kindergarten, first grade, or second grade students are assigned to such a program. Parents will be notified in writing if their child is assigned to an accelerated reading instruction program as a result of a diagnostic reading instrument.

A student will be required to attend any assigned accelerated instruction program, which may occur before or after school or during the summer, if the student does not meet the passing standards on the state assessment for his or her grade level and/or applicable subject area.

Prekindergarten and Kindergarten

Students enrolled in prekindergarten or kindergarten are required to attend school and are subject to the compulsory attendance requirements as long as they remain enrolled.

Exemptions to Compulsory Attendance

All Grade Levels

State law allows exemptions to the compulsory attendance requirements for several types of absences if the student makes up all work. These include the following activities and events:

- Religious holy days;
- Required court appearances;
- Activities related to obtaining United States citizenship;
- Documented health-care appointments for the student or a child of the student, including absences for recognized services for students diagnosed with autism spectrum disorders. A note from the health-care provider must be submitted upon the student's arrival or return to campus; and
- For students in the conservatorship (custody) of the state,
 - Mental health or therapy appointments; or
 - Court-ordered family visitations or any other court-ordered activity, provided it is not practicable to schedule the student's participation in the activity outside of school hours.

As listed in Section I at **Children of Military Families**, absences of up to five days will be excused for a student to visit with a parent, stepparent, or legal guardian who has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from certain deployments. Please see page 13 for that section.

Secondary Grade Levels

In addition, a junior or senior student's absence of up to two days related to visiting a college or university will be considered an exemption, provided this has been authorized by the board under policy FEA(LOCAL), the student receives approval from the campus principal, follows the campus procedures to verify such a visit, and makes up any work missed.

Absences of up to two days in a school year will also be considered an exemption for:

- A student serving as an early voting clerk, provided the district's board has authorized this in policy FEA(LOCAL), the student notifies his or her teachers, and the student receives approval from the principal prior to the absences, and
- A student serving as an election clerk, if the student makes up any work missed.

An absence of a student in grades 6–12 for the purpose of sounding "Taps" at a military honors funeral for a deceased veteran will also be excused by the district.

Excused absences for no more than 10% of the days that the class is offered:

Any student may be excused for temporary absences resulting from personal sickness, medical/dental appointments, sickness, death, or emergencies in the family, quarantine, weather or road conditions making travel dangerous, or any

other unusual cause acceptable to the principal of the high school. The reasons for an excused absence must be stated in writing and signed by the parent or other person in parental relation to the student. (Students must make up any work missed in each class.)

Excused absences for more than 10% of the days that the class is offered:

Any student may be excused for temporary absences resulting from personal sickness with the reason stated in writing, signed by the parent or other person in parental relation to the student and accompanied by a doctor's statement verifying the sickness. Other extenuating circumstances must be accompanied by supporting data and approved by the attendance committee. (Students must make up any work missed in each class.)

Excused absences for more than 10% of the days that the class is offered without a doctor's verification or supporting data for other extenuating circumstances:

Any student returning to school after an absence resulting from personal sickness without a doctor's verification or supporting data for other extenuating circumstances will receive an unexcused absence until the following criteria has been met:

Make up all work in each class that he/she was absent in and attend tutorials-detention (two hours per day) for two days for each day absent.

The above criteria must be met within the term that the absence occurred or within seven (7) to ten (10) days if the absence occurs within the last week of the semester. Students are responsible for providing to the attendance committee documentation that the criteria for the excused absence have been met.

Unexcused absences:

The attendance record of any student that has unexcused absences, without meeting the criteria for acquiring an excused absence, will be reviewed by the attendance committee for possible denial of credit due to excessive absences. The committee will be composed of teachers, a principal, school counselor and attendance clerk, with the majority of the committee being comprised of teachers.

1. Absences

Excused or unexcused absences totaling more than nine days in any one semester, can result in loss of academic credit for that semester.

Documentation after an Absence

When a student is absent from school, the student-upon arrival or return to school-must bring a note signed by the parent that describes the reason for the absence. A note signed by the student, even with the parent's permission, will not be accepted unless the student is 18 or older or is an emancipated minor under state law. A phone call from the parent may be accepted, but the District reserves the right to require a written note. The student is allowed up to (5) parent notes per semester for an excused absence due to illness. After five absences a doctor's excuse is required. Students have three (3) days to submit excuse after returning to school.

Please note that, unless the absence is for a statutorily allowed reason under compulsory attendance laws, the District is not required to excuse any absence.

Doctor's Note after an Absence for Illness

Upon return to school, a student absent for more than 5 consecutive days because of a personal illness must bring a statement from a doctor or health clinic verifying the illness or condition that caused the student's extended absence from school. Otherwise, the student's absence may be considered unexcused and, if so, would be considered to be in violation of compulsory attendance laws.

Should the student develop a questionable pattern of absences, the principal or attendance committee may require a statement from a doctor or health clinic verifying the illness or condition that caused the student's absence from school in order to determine whether the absence or absences will be excused or unexcused. No excuse will be accepted after (3) days upon the student returning to school [See Policy FEC (LOCAL).]

This written note should contain the following information:

- a. The student's first and last name
- b. The reason for the student's absence
- c. The date(s) of this absence(s)
- d. The parent's full signature and telephone number

Failure to bring a written note from the student's parent or guardian will cause the absence to be marked unexcused until a note is received by the attendance clerk. No student will be allowed to leave class for an admission slip. It is the responsibility of the student to clear all unexcused absences, as soon as possible.

2. Late Arrival to School

Students who arrive at school after 20 minutes of their first class must report to the attendance office and sign in with the attendance clerk. Failure to comply with this procedure will result in disciplinary action.

3. Truancy

A student will be truant if:

- a. His/her parent or guardian has not given him permission to remain at home.
- b. He/she leaves home to attend school but goes elsewhere.
- c. He/she leaves campus or fails to attend assigned class without permission.
- d. He/she is more than 15 minutes late to his class without an excused absence.

No make-up work is allowed if a student is truant.

4. Extra-Curricular or Co-Curricular Absences

Students who participate in any school extra curriculum activity such as games, concerts, competitions, etc. must be in school all day during the day the activity takes place. Practices are allowed. Any exception to this rule should be in case of extreme emergency such as a death within the family or similar circumstances. Principals should be involved in the decision regarding participation in unusual cases. A student shall be allowed in a school year a maximum of ten extracurricular absences not related to post-district competition, a maximum of five absences for post-district competition prior to state, and a maximum of two absences for state competition.

5. Attending Assigned Classes

Teachers are not to allow a student to return to his/her classroom to finish a test, to complete some project, or for other reasons even with the permission of another teacher to whom the student is assigned. Each student is assigned eight periods during the day and must attend the assigned class.

6. Medical or Dental Appointments

Parents are asked to schedule student's doctor or dental appointments in the afternoon whenever possible. A note from the doctor or dentist is required when the student returns to school. This excuse should indicate the date and time of the appointment. Students are to pick up an off-campus permit before school on the day of their appointment if they are leaving from school.

7. Illness During School Day

Students who become ill at school are to ask permission from their teacher to go to the nurse's clinic. If the nurse determines the student should go home, his/her parent or guardian will be informed. The student will be given a "special" excuse and must sign-out in the attendance office. If a nurse is not on campus, the student should report directly to the attendance office.

8. Leaving Campus - Special Request

Requests to leave campus, other than illness, doctor or dental appointments will require permission from an assistant principal or principal. A telephone call will be made to the parent or guardian to verify the need. If a valid reason is given, the student will be issued a permit to leave campus. If a student leaves campus without permission, he or she will be subject to disciplinary action. This will be strictly enforced.

9. Tardiness

A student is considered tardy to class if he/she is not in his/her seat when the tardy bell rings. Each class will be independent of other classes concerning number of tardies

In accordance with campus policy, students will be assigned a campus-level consequence for habitual tardy violations.

The school may notify the Court of Law that the student has reached a number of tardies that are then considered as "egregious", which then may result in penalties against both the student and parent/guardian. (AG Opinion No. DM-200)

10. Withdrawals

A parent wishing to withdraw a student from school must present a signed statement to the principal explaining the reason for the withdrawal and the effective date of the withdrawal in order to prepare transfer records. The school office must be notified in writing at least one day prior to the withdrawal date.

On the student's last day, the withdrawal form must be presented to each teacher for current grade averages and book clearance; to the librarian to ensure a clear library record; to the clinic for health records; to the school counselor for the last report card and course clearance; and finally, to the principal or principal's designee. A copy of the withdrawal form will be given to the student, and a copy will be placed in the student's permanent record.

A student who is 18 or older, who is married, or who has been declared by a court to be an emancipated minor may withdraw without parental signature.

Failure to Comply with Compulsory Attendance

All Grade Levels

School employees must investigate and report violations of the state compulsory attendance law. A student absent without permission from school; from any class; from required special programs, such as additional special instruction, termed "accelerated instruction" by the state; or from required tutorials will be considered in violation of the compulsory attendance law and subject to disciplinary action.

A court of law may also impose penalties against both the student and his or her parents if a school-aged student is deliberately not attending school. A complaint against the parent may be filed in court if the student:

- Is absent without excuse from school on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, or
- Is absent without excuse on three or more days or parts of days within a four-week period.

For a student younger than 12 years of age, the student's parent could be charged with an offense based on the student's failure to attend school.

If a student age 12 through age 17 violates the compulsory attendance law, both the parent and student could be charged with an offense.

[See policy FEA(LEGAL).]

Attendance for Credit or Final Grade (Kindergarten through Grade 12)

To receive credit or a final grade in a class, a student in kindergarten—grade 12 must attend at least 90 percent of the days the class is offered. A student who attends at least 75 percent but fewer than 90 percent of the days the class is offered may receive credit or a final grade for the class if he or she completes a plan, approved by the principal that allows the student to fulfill the instructional requirements for the class. If a student is involved in a criminal or juvenile court proceeding, the approval of the judge presiding over the case will also be required before the student receives credit or a final grade for the class.

If a student attends less than 75 percent of the days a class is offered or has not completed the plan approved by the principal, then the student will be referred to the attendance review committee to determine whether there are extenuating circumstances for the absences and how the student can regain credit or a final grade lost because of absences. [See policy FEC.]

In determining whether there were extenuating circumstances for the absences, the attendance committee will use the following guidelines:

- All absences, whether excused or unexcused, must be considered in determining whether a student has
 attended the required percentage of days. If makeup work is completed, absences for the reasons listed
 above at Exemptions to Compulsory Attendance will be considered extenuating circumstances for
 purposes of attendance for credit or the award of a final grade.
- A transfer or migrant student begins to accumulate absences only after he or she has enrolled in the district.
- In reaching a decision about a student's absences, the committee will attempt to ensure that it is in the best interest of the student.
- Choose if your attendance committee always considers absences for participation in extracurricular activities as extenuating circumstances to the 90 percent rule. The committee will review absences incurred based on the student's participation in board-approved extracurricular activities. These absences will be considered by the attendance committee as extenuating circumstances in accordance with the absences allowed under FM(LOCAL) if the student made up the work missed in each class.
- The committee will consider the acceptability and authenticity of documented reasons for the student's absences.
- The committee will consider whether the absences were for reasons over which the student or the student's parent could exercise any control.
- The committee will consider the extent to which the student has completed all assignments, mastered the essential knowledge and skills, and maintained passing grades in the course or subject.
- The student or parent will be given an opportunity to present any information to the committee about the absences and to talk about ways to earn or regain credit or a final grade.

The student or parent may appeal the committee's decision to the board by following policy FNG(LOCAL).

The actual number of days a student must be in attendance in order to receive credit or a final grade will depend on whether the class is for a full semester or for a full year.

Official Attendance-Taking Time (All Grade Levels)

The district must submit attendance of its students to the TEA reflecting attendance at a specific time each day.

Official attendance is taken every day at 10:00 AM.

A student absent for any portion of the day, including at the official attendance-taking time, should follow the procedures below to provide documentation of the absence.

Documentation after an Absence (All Grade Levels)

When a student is absent from school, the student—upon arrival or return to school—must bring a note signed by the parent that describes the reason for the absence. A note signed by the student, even with the parent's permission, will not be accepted unless the student is 18 or older or is an emancipated minor under state law. A phone call from the parent may be accepted, but the district reserves the right to require a written note.

The campus will document in its attendance records for the student whether the absence is considered by the district to be excused or unexcused. Please note that, unless the absence is for a statutorily allowed reason under compulsory attendance laws, the district is not required to excuse any absence, even if the parent provides a note explaining the absence.

Doctor's Note after an Absence for Illness (All Grade Levels)

Upon return to school, a student absent for more than 5 consecutive days because of a personal illness must bring a statement from a doctor or health clinic verifying the illness or condition that caused the student's extended absence from school. Otherwise, the student's absence may be considered unexcused and, if so, would be considered to be in violation of compulsory attendance laws.

Should the student develop a questionable pattern of absences, the principal or attendance committee may require a statement from a doctor or health clinic verifying the illness or condition that caused the student's absence from school in order to determine whether the absence or absences will be excused or unexcused.

No excuse will be accepted after (3) days upon the student returning to school. [See policy FEC(LOCAL).]

This written note should contain the following information:

- a. The student's first and last name
- b. The reason for the student's absence
- c. The date(s) of this absence(s)
- d. The parent's full signature and telephone number

Failure to bring a written note from the student's parent or guardian will cause the absence to be marked unexcused until a note is received by the attendance clerk. No student will be allowed to leave class for an admission slip. It is the responsibility of the student to clear all unexcused absences, as soon as possible.

Driver License Attendance Verification (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

For a student between the ages of 16 and 18 to obtain a driver license, written parental permission must be provided for the Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS) to access the student's attendance records and, in certain circumstances, for a school administrator to provide the student's attendance information to DPS. A verification of enrollment (VOE) form may be obtained from the office, which the student will need to submit to DPS upon application for a driver license.

ACCOUNTABILITY UNDER STATE AND FEDERAL LAW (All Grade Levels)

West Orange-Cove and each of its campuses are held to certain standards of accountability under state and federal law. A key component of the accountability requirements is the dissemination and publication of certain reports and information, which include:

- The Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) for the district, compiled by TEA, the state agency that oversees public education, based on academic factors and ratings;
- A School Report Card (SRC) for each campus in the district compiled by TEA based on academic factors and ratings;
- The district's financial management report, which will include the financial accountability rating assigned to the district by TEA;
- The performance ratings of the district's evaluation of community and student engagement using the indicators required by law; and
- Information compiled by TEA for the submission of a federal report card that is required by the No Child Left Behind Act.

Information about all of these can be found on the district's website at www.woccisd.net. Hard copies of any reports are available upon request to the district's administration office.

TEA also maintains additional accountability and accreditation information at http://www.texasschoolaccountabilitydashboard.org and http://www.texass.gov.

AWARDS AND HONORS (All Grade Levels)

Honor Roll High School

Superintendent's Honor Roll (All A's)

Principal's Honor Roll (A's and 2 B's)

Honor Roll (Any combination of A's or B's)

BULLYING (All Grade Levels)

Bullying occurs when a student or group of students engages in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic methods, or physical conduct against another student on school property, at a school-sponsored or -related activity, or in a district operated vehicle, and the behavior:

- Results in harm to the student or the student's property,
- Places a student in reasonable fear of physical harm or of damage to the student's property, or
- Is so severe, persistent, and pervasive that it creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational
 environment.

This conduct is considered bullying if it exploits an imbalance of power between the student perpetrator(s) and the student victim and if it interferes with a student's education or substantially disrupts the operation of the school.

Bullying is prohibited by the district and could include hazing, threats, taunting, teasing, confinement, assault, demands for money, destruction of property, theft of valued possessions, name-calling, rumor-spreading, or ostracism. In some cases, bullying can occur through electronic methods, called "cyberbullying."

If a student believes that he or she has experienced bullying or has witnessed bullying of another student, it is important for the student or parent to notify a teacher, school counselor, principal, or another district employee as soon as possible to obtain assistance and intervention. The administration will investigate any allegations of bullying or other related misconduct.

If the results of an investigation indicate that bullying has occurred, the administration will take appropriate disciplinary action. Disciplinary or other action may be taken even if the conduct did not rise to the level of bullying. The district will also contact the parents of the victim and of the student who was found to have engaged in the bullying. Available counseling options will be provided to these individuals, as well as to any students who have been identified as witnesses to the bullying.

Any retaliation against a student who reports an incident of bullying is prohibited.

Upon the recommendation of the administration, the board may, in response to an identified case of bullying, decide to transfer a student found to have engaged in bullying to another classroom at the campus. In consultation with the student's parent, the student may also be transferred to another campus in the district. The parent of a student who has been determined by the district to be a victim of bullying may request that his or her child be transferred to another classroom or campus within the district. [Also see **Safety Transfers/Assignments** on pages 14.]

A copy of the district's policy is available in the principal's office, superintendent's office, and on the district's website, and is included at the end of this handbook in the form of an appendix. Procedures related to reporting allegations of bullving may also be found on the district's website.

A student or parent who is dissatisfied with the outcome of an investigation may appeal through policy FNG(LOCAL).

[Also see Safety Transfers/Assignments on pages 14, Dating Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation on pages 32, Hazing on page 50, policy FFI, and the district improvement plan, a copy of which can be viewed in the campus office.]

CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION (CTE) PROGRAMS (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

The district offers career and technical education programs in the following areas: Health Science Technology; Human Services; Hospitality and Tourism; Arts, AV and Communication Course; Transportation, Distribution and Logistics; Business Administration; Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics; Architecture and Construction, Manufacturing. Admission to these programs is based on Mathematics and Mathematics and Mathematics and Mathematics.

It is the policy of West Orange-Cove CISD not to discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex or disability in its Career and Technology programs, services or activities as required by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended; Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended.

In circumstances that there are too many students requesting enrollment in a CTE program/course, and space is limited, a random lottery will be held giving all students an equal opportunity for enrollment into the program/course.

These programs will be offered without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, or disability. West Orange-Cove will take steps to ensure that lack of English language skills will not be a barrier to admission and participation in all educational and CTE programs. [Also see Nondiscrimination Statement on page 59 for the name and contact information for the Title IX coordinator and Section 504 coordinator, who will address certain allegations of discrimination.]

CELEBRATIONS (All Grade Levels)

Although a parent or grandparent is not prohibited from providing food for a school-designated function or for children in the child's or grandchild's classroom for his or her birthday, please be aware that children in the school may have severe allergies to certain food products. Therefore, it is imperative to discuss this with the child's teacher prior to bringing any food in this circumstance. Occasionally, the school or a class may host certain functions or celebrations tied to the curriculum that will involve food. The school or teacher will notify students and parents of any known food allergies when soliciting potential volunteers for bringing food products.

[Also see **Food Allergies** on page 52.]

CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE AND OTHER MALTREATMENT OF CHILDREN (All Grade Levels)

The district has established a plan for addressing child sexual abuse and other maltreatment of children, which may be accessed at the sexual abuse. As a parent, it is important for you to be aware of warning signs that could indicate a child may have been or is being sexually abused. Sexual abuse in the Texas Family Code is defined as any sexual conduct harmful to a child's mental, emotional, or physical welfare as well as a failure to make a reasonable effort to prevent sexual conduct with a child. A person who compels or encourages a child to engage in sexual conduct commits abuse. It is illegal to make or possess child pornography or to display such material to a child. Anyone who suspects that a child has been or may be abused or neglected has a legal responsibility, under state law, for reporting the suspected abuse or neglect to law enforcement or to Child Protective Services (CPS).

Possible physical warning signs of sexual abuse could be difficulty sitting or walking, pain in the genital areas, and claims of stomachaches and headaches. Behavioral indicators may include verbal references or pretend games of sexual activity between adults and children, fear of being alone with adults of a particular gender, or sexually suggestive behavior. Emotional warning signs to be aware of include withdrawal, depression, sleeping and eating disorders, and problems in school.

A child who has experienced sexual abuse or any other type of abuse or neglect should be encouraged to seek out a trusted adult. Be aware as a parent or other trusted adult that disclosures of sexual abuse may be more indirect than disclosures of physical abuse and neglect, and it is important to be calm and comforting if your child, or another child, confides in you. Reassure the child that he or she did the right thing by telling you.

As a parent, if your child is a victim of sexual abuse or other maltreatment, the school counselor or principal will provide information regarding counseling options for you and your child available in your area. The Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (TDFPS) also manages early intervention counseling programs. To find out what services may be available in your county, see

http://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Prevention and Early Intervention/Programs Available In Your County/default.asp.

The following websites might help you become more aware of child abuse and neglect:

- https://www.childwelfare.gov/pubs/factsheets/whatiscan.pdf
- http://kidshealth.org/parent/positive/talk/child_abuse.html

- http://taasa.org/resources-2/
- http://www.oag.state.tx.us/AG Publications/txts/childabuse1.shtml
- http://www.oag.state.tx.us/AG Publications/txts/childabuse2.shtml

Reports of abuse or neglect may be made to:

The CPS division of the TDFPS (1-800-252-5400 or on the web at http://www.txabusehotline.org).

CLASS RANK / HIGHEST RANKING STUDENT (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

In order for a student to be eligible for the academic honors of valedictorian or salutatorian he/she must have been enrolled in the District's high school on or before the last day of the first six-weeks grade reporting period of his or her junior year. The student must be a full-time student.

In case a transfer student fails to meet the attendance requirements for academic honors or honor graduate, the student shall receive the rank-in-class to which he or she is entitled, but he or she will not be awarded the title or honor that might stem from the receipt of the academic honor.

Class Ranking (EIC-LOCAL)

It is the responsibility of the parent and student to plan course selections. The weight and value of courses and non-courses may affect class rank.

The following grading system with weighted grade points shall be used in computing class rank. No multiplier shall be used to increase six-week numerical grades for honors courses, including College Board Advanced Placement courses, Pre-AP courses, and advanced courses.

Course Level	A	В	С	D	F
Honors/College Board	6	5	4	3	0
Advanced Placement/Pre AP					
Dual Credit					
Regular	5	4	3	2	0
Basic/Resource/Special	4	3	2	1	0
Education Self-Contained/Modified					
Local Credit Courses					

Only courses completed in grade nine through the conclusion of the fifth six-week period of the senior year shall be used in computing class rank.

Grades for all subjects, including physical education, shall be used in computing class rank. Grades earned from correspondence, summer school, adult school or any waived credit and advanced placement (credit by examination) shall not be used in computing class rank. Courses taken on a "no credit" or "pass-fail" basis shall not be counted for class rank. Courses taken in AEP (Alternative Education Placement) are considered modified courses.

Valedictorian

Using the prescribed ranking system, the student with the highest grade-point average and the highest ranking will be designated Valedictorian. Refer to EIC (LOCAL) policy.

Salutatorian

Using the prescribed ranking system, the student with the second highest grade-point average or second highest ranking will be designated Salutatorian. Refer to EIC (LOCAL) policy.

Ties

In the event of a tie for valedictorian or salutatorian, the tie will be broken according to the following guidelines:

- 1. The student with the highest number of honors courses shall be the recipient.
- 2. If a tie still exists, the student with the highest numerical grade average of honor classes shall be the recipient.
- 3. If a tie still exists, the student with the highest numerical grade average of all classes shall be the recipient.

There shall be only one valedictorian and one salutatorian. In the event of a tie for valedictorian, the student who comes in second in the tie-breaker process shall be salutatorian

Early Graduation

Students graduating at the end of their third year will be assigned a rank. The early graduate's ranking will not displace any student graduating in regular order.

Honor Graduates

Using the prescribed ranking system, the top ten percent of the students who have the highest grade point average will be designated honor graduates. For two school years following their graduation, District graduates who ranked in the top ten percent of their graduating class are eligible for admission into four-year public universities and colleges in Texas. Students and parents should contact the counselor for further information about how to apply and the deadline for application. (Some of the larger state universities have lowered the percentage within the candidate's graduating class. Check with the perspective university to obtain specific percentages.)

- Courses that are included in class rank calculations and any course exclusions, whether courses taken in middle/junior high school are included in the calculation, and whether grades earned by alternative means (summer school, distance learning, credit by exam, dual credit off campus vs. on campus, etc.) are counted.
- The weighted grade system used in the district to calculate class rank [i.e., weighted numerical average or weighted grade point average (GPA)]:
- Whether and when transferred grades will be weighted;
- When class rank will be calculated for purposes of determining local honors;
- Criteria a student must meet to be declared valedictorian, salutatorian, and any other local honor designations, including how the district will attempt to resolve ties in these positions;
- Whether the district will award the highest ranking graduate scholarship provided by the state to the district declared valedictorian or the true highest ranking graduate;
- If appropriate for your handbook, the list of courses that meet each category within your weighted grade system; and
- Any other information related to class rank appropriate for this document.

[For further information, see policy EIC.]

Beginning with students who entered grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year, a new graduation program is in effect. Therefore, class ranking procedures may be adjusted by the district based on the new graduation plan. As these decisions are made, the district will make the information available to the students affected by these changes.

CLASS SCHEDULES (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

All students are expected to attend school for the entire school day and maintain a class/course schedule to fulfill each period of the day. Exceptions may be made occasionally by the campus principal for students in grades 9–12 who meet specific criteria and receive parental consent to enroll in less than a full-day's schedule.

[See Schedule Changes on page 64 for information related to student requests to revise their course schedule.]

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY ADMISSIONS (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

For two school years following his or her graduation, a district student who graduates in the top ten percent and, in some cases, the top 25 percent, of his or her class is eligible for automatic admission into four-year public universities and colleges in Texas if the student:

- Completes the Recommended or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement Program*; or
- Satisfies the ACT College Readiness Benchmarks or earns at least a 1500 out of 2400 on the SAT.

*Beginning with ninth graders in the 2014–15 school year, to be eligible for automatic admission to a Texas four-year college or university, a student must be on track to graduate with the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation graduation program. This means that a student must graduate with at least one endorsement and must have taken Algebra II as one of the four required math courses.

In addition, the student must submit a completed application for admission in accordance with the deadline established by the college or university. The student is ultimately responsible for ensuring that he or she meets the admission requirements of the university or college to which the student submits an application.

The University of Texas at Austin may limit the number of students automatically admitted to 75 percent of the University's enrollment capacity for incoming resident freshmen. For students who are eligible to enroll in the University of Texas at Austin during the summer or fall 2016 term, the University will be admitting the top eight percent of the high school's graduating class who meet the above requirements. Additional applicants will be considered by the University through a holistic review process.

Should a college or university adopt an admissions policy that automatically accepts the top 25 percent of a graduating class, the provisions above will also apply to a student ranked in the top 25 percent of his or her class.

Students and parents should contact the school counselor for further information about automatic admissions, the application process, and deadlines.

[See also Class Rank/Highest Ranking Student on pages 24 for information specifically related to how the district calculates a student's rank in class and Graduation Requirements on page 44 for information associated with the foundation graduation program].

COLLEGE CREDIT COURSES (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

Students in grades 9–12 have opportunities to earn college credit through the following methods:

- Certain courses taught at the high school campus, which may include courses termed dual credit, Advanced Placement (AP), International Baccalaureate (IB), or college preparatory;
- Enrollment in an AP or dual credit course through the Texas Virtual School Network;
- Enrollment in courses taught in conjunction and in partnership with Lamar State College of Orange and Lamar Institute of Technology, which may be offered on or off campus;
- Enrollment in courses taught in conjunction and in partnership with Lamar State College of Orange and Lamar Institute of Technology, which may be offered on or off campus;
- Certain CTE courses.

Note that if a student wishes to enroll in a community college course that also results in the award of high school course credit at a college that does not include the high school within its service area, the student is limited by state law to enroll in no more than three courses at that particular college.

All of these methods have eligibility requirements and must be approved prior to enrollment in the course. Please see the school counselor for more information. Depending on the student's grade level and the course, a statemandated end-of-course assessment may be required for graduation.

It is important to keep in mind that not all colleges and universities accept credit earned in all dual credit or AP courses taken in high school for college credit. Students and parents should check with the prospective college or university to determine if a particular course will count toward the student's desired degree plan.

COMPLAINTS AND CONCERNS (All Grade Levels)

Usually student or parent complaints or concerns can be addressed informally by a phone call or a conference with the teacher or principal. For those complaints and concerns that cannot be handled so easily, the board has adopted a standard complaint policy at FNG(LOCAL) in the district's policy manual. A copy of this policy may be obtained in the principal's or superintendent's office or on the district's website at www.woccisd.net.

Should a parent or student feel a need to file a formal complaint, the parent or student should file a district complaint form within the timelines established in policy FNG(LOCAL). In general, the student or parent should submit the written complaint form to the campus principal. If the concern is not resolved, a request for a conference should be sent to the superintendent. If still unresolved, the district provides for the complaint to be presented to the board of trustees.

CONDUCT (All Grade Levels)

Applicability of School Rules

As required by law, the board has adopted a Student Code of Conduct that prohibits certain behaviors and defines standards of acceptable behavior—on and off campus as well as on district vehicles—and consequences for violation of these standards. The district has disciplinary authority over a student in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. Students and parents should be familiar with the standards set out in the Student Code of Conduct, as well as campus and classroom rules. During any periods of instruction during the summer months, the Student Handbook and Student Code of Conduct in place for the year immediately preceding the summer period shall apply, unless the district amends either or both documents for the purposes of summer instruction.

Corporal Punishment

Corporal punishment—spanking or paddling the student—may be used as a discipline management technique in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and policy FO (LOCAL) in the District's policy manual.

If you do not want corporal punishment to be administered to your child as a method of student discipline a signed statement must be provided each year.

You may choose to revoke this request at any time during the year by providing a signed statement to the campus principal. However, District personnel may choose to use discipline methods other than corporal punishment even if the parent requests that this method be used on the student.

Disruptions of School Operations

Disruptions of school operations are not tolerated and may constitute a misdemeanor offense. As identified by law, disruptions include the following:

- Interference with the movement of people at an exit, entrance, or hallway of a district building without authorization from an administrator.
- Interference with an authorized activity by seizing control of all or part of a building.
- Use of force, violence, or threats in an attempt to prevent participation in an authorized assembly.
- Use of force, violence, or threats to cause disruption during an assembly.
- Interference with the movement of people at an exit or an entrance to district property.

- Use of force, violence, or threats in an attempt to prevent people from entering or leaving district property without authorization from an administrator.
- Disruption of classes or other school activities while on district property or on public property that is within 500 feet of district property. Class disruption includes making loud noises; trying to entice a student away from, or to prevent a student from attending, a required class or activity; and entering a classroom without authorization and disrupting the activity with loud or profane language or any misconduct.
- Interference with the transportation of students in vehicles owned or operated by the district.

DETENTION

Detention may be assigned by a teacher or administrator for inappropriate behavior or other violations of classroom management. The student should be given twenty-four hours notice so that parents can be informed and transportation arrangements made. Students who do not report as assigned will be seen by the assistant principal, and additional disciplinary action may be forthcoming.

After School Detention Regulations

- 1. Class will be held on Tuesday from 3:55-5:55 and Thursday from 3:55-7:55. Students will be expected to remain in class the full time assigned to receive credit.
- 2. Students must be on time.
- 3. Students must bring books or materials related to academic subjects adequate for time assigned.
- 4. Upon entering Tuesday/Thursday ASD class, students will be seated and will start studying.
- 5. There will be absolutely no talking or signaling of any kind.
- 6. Students will sit up at all times without slouching and will keep their feet off desks and chairs.
- 7. There will be no sleeping.
- 8. Students will have a ten minute break at 5:30 PM on Thursdays. Students may not leave the eafeteria restroom ASD area.
- 9. Students must make their own transportation arrangements.
- 10. Students must observe the regular school dress code.
- 11. If the student must miss due to personal illness or a death in the immediate family, the parent must call an assistant principal by 10:00 AM the following day. All other absences are unexcused.
- 12. When a student fails to attend Tuesday/Thursday ASD class, his/her parents must call the assistant principal with an appropriate explanation the following morning or further disciplinary action will be taken. The student will still have to fulfill his/her ASD class assignment.
- 13. Misconduct during Tuesday/Thursday ASD class will result in immediate dismissal with additional punishment being assessed and no credit given.

Social Events

School rules apply to all school social events. Guests attending these events are expected to observe the same rules as students, and a student inviting a guest will share responsibility for the conduct of his or her guest.

A student attending a social event will be asked to sign out when leaving before the end of the event; anyone leaving before the official end of the event will not be readmitted.

Please contact the campus principal if you are interested in serving as a chaperone for any school social events.

The following regulations must be followed:

- 1. Rules of conduct and grooming will be monitored according to the Student Code of Conduct at social events held outside the regular day.
- 2. A West Orange-Stark student may have one guest, and the guest's name must be registered in the principal's office before the end of the school day on which the dance is scheduled.
- 3. A guest must enter the event the same time as the host student and guests are expected to observe the same rules. The person inviting the guest will share responsibility for the conduct of the guest.
- 4. Once a student/guest leaves the dance before the official end, he or she may not be readmitted.
- 5. A student must be in attendance the day of the event, or the previous school day if the event is on a non-school day.
- 6. A West Orange-Stark student must present his or her identification at the door.

- 7. Any students assigned to AAC who have been suspended or expelled at the time of the event are not allowed to attend.
- 8. Violations of these regulations may forfeit a student's right to attend other extra-curricular activities.

Homecoming and Prom Court Guidelines

The following is a list of guidelines that students must follow and qualify them to be considered as candidates for either Homecoming or Prom court:

- 1. The student must have a good attendance record, having missed no more than the state-allotted amount of days during the semester in which the court is elected and up to the time of presentation. Make-up days will not be counted.
- 2. The student must have passed all courses the preceding grading period and must currently be passing all courses at the time of presentation of the court. (An exception may be made by the principal for advanced classes).
- 3. Students of the court are subject to an administrative review which includes student conduct and attendance during the preceding grading cycle and at the time of presentation of the court.
- 4. The student may not have any disciplinary referrals during the preceding grading cycle and at the time of presentation of the court.

Any student who does not meet the above guidelines will be removed from the court and the student who received the next highest number of votes will be moved up.

COUNSELING

Academic Counseling

Elementary and Middle/Junior High School Grade Levels

The school counselor is available to students and parents to talk about the importance of postsecondary education and how best to plan for postsecondary education, including appropriate courses to consider and financial aid availability and requirements.

High School Grade Levels

High school students Students and their parents are encouraged to talk with a school counselor, teacher, or principal to learn more about course offerings, graduation requirements, and early graduation procedures. Each year, high school students will be provided information on anticipated course offerings for the next school year and other information that will help them make the most of academic and CTE opportunities, as well as information on the importance of postsecondary education.

The school counselor can also provide information about entrance exams and application deadlines, as well as information about automatic admission, financial aid, housing, and scholarships as these relate to state colleges and universities. The school counselor can also provide information about workforce opportunities after graduation or technical and trade school opportunities, including opportunities to earn industry-recognized certificates and licenses.

Personal Counseling (All Grade Levels)

The school counselor is available to assist students with a wide range of personal concerns, including such areas as social, family, emotional or mental health issues, or substance abuse. A student who wishes to meet with the school counselor should notify his/her teacher or school counselor. As a parent, if you are concerned about your child's mental or emotional health, please speak with the school counselor for a list of resources that may be of assistance.

[Also see Substance Abuse Prevention and Intervention on page 69 and Suicide Awareness on page 70.]

COURSE CREDIT (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

A student in grades 9–12, or in a lower grade when a student is enrolled in a high school credit-bearing course, will earn credit for a course only if the final grade is 70 or above. For a two-semester (1 credit) course, the student's grades from both semesters will be averaged and credit will be awarded if the combined average is 70 or above. Should the student's combined average be less than 70, the student will be required to retake the semester in which he or she failed.

CREDIT BY EXAM—If a Student Has Taken the Course/Subject (All Grade Levels)

A student who has previously taken a course or subject—but did not receive credit or a final grade for it—may, in circumstances determined by the principal or attendance committee, be permitted to earn credit by passing an exam approved by the district's board of trustees on the essential knowledge and skills defined for that course or subject. Prior instruction may include, for example, incomplete coursework due to a failed course or excessive absences, homeschooling, or coursework by a student transferring from a non-accredited school. The opportunity to take an examination to earn credit for a course or to be awarded a final grade in a subject after the student has had prior instruction is sometimes referred to as "credit recovery."

The school counselor or principal would determine if the student could take an exam for this purpose. If approval is granted, the student must score at least 70 on the exam to receive credit for the course or subject.

The attendance review committee may also offer a student with excessive absences an opportunity to earn credit for a course by passing an exam. Credit earned through credit by examination will not be included in computing class rank.

[For further information, see the school counselor and policy EHDB(LOCAL).]

CREDIT BY EXAM FOR ADVANCEMENT/ACCELERATION—If a Student Has Not Taken the Course/Subject

A student will be permitted to take an exam to earn credit for an academic course or subject area for which the student has had no prior instruction, i.e., for advancement or to accelerate to the next grade level. The exams offered by the district are approved by the district's board of trustees, and state law requires the use of certain exams, such as College Board Advanced Placement (AP) and College Level Examination Program (CLEP) tests, when applicable. The dates on which exams are scheduled during the 2015–16 school year will be published in appropriate district publications and on the district's website. The only exceptions to the published dates will be for any exams administered by another entity besides the district. In this case, a student and the district must comply with the testing schedule of the other entity. During each testing window provided by the district, a student may attempt a specific exam only once.

A student in grade 6 or above will earn course credit with a passing score of at least 80 on the exam or a score designated by the state for an exam that has alternate scoring standards. A student may take an exam to earn course credit no more than twice. If a student fails to achieve the designated score on the applicable exam before the beginning of the school year in which the student would need to enroll in the course according to the school's course sequence, the student must complete the course.

If a student plans to take an exam, the student (or parent) must register with the school counselor no later than 30 days prior to the scheduled testing date. The District will not honor a request by a parent to administer a test on a date other than the published dates. If the District agrees to administer a test other than the one chosen by the District, the student's parent will be responsible for the cost of the exam. [For further information, see policy EHDC.]

DUAL ENROLLMENT

Juniors and Seniors, only, may earn college credit on the West Orange-Stark High School Campus. Students receiving college credit must complete a Lamar State College-Orange (LSC-O) application for admissions and a parental consent form. Tuition must be paid to Lamar State College Orange LSC-O. LSC-O LSC-O LSC-O defers a scholarship to assist

with tuition and fees. Additional funding may be provided by WOCCISD to assist students with required fees for dual credit enrollment. Students should see the school counselor for additional information. Students who plan to enroll in a mathematics course must make an acceptable score on the LSC-O Mathematics Placement Examination. Based upon the score, a student may earn credit for either College Algebra or Math 2312.

High school students who plan to enroll in dual-credit classes must take the TSI test prior to enrollment. Students may be exempt from testing requirements if they meet the following qualifying standards:

- STARR: EOC English Ill Level Il
- STARR: EOC Algebra ll
- SAT: verbal-500; math-500;. Combined -1070.
- ACT: math-19, verbal-19. Composite-23
- If the above scores are not met, then the student would take the TSI proficiency test.
- TSI math-350; reading-351; writing-essay 5(Or Essay 4 and Multiple Choice 363)

Students must meet state, WO-S and LSC-Orange prerequisites and requirements in order to receive dual credit.

Courses offered on this campus are taught by West Orange-Stark High School teachers. Courses at LSC-Orange are taught by members of the Lamar faculty. Students are **not** permitted to take more than **two** dual credit courses per semester (12 college hours per year).

The courses approved for Dual Enrollment Credit are:

CREDIT	LSC-O COURSE	HOURS	GRADE
			POINTS
1.0	Precalculus Math	3	6.0
	(Math 2312)		
1.0	Calculus & Analytic Geometry	4	6.0
	(Math 2413)		
.5	Government	3	6.0
.5	(Govt. 2302) (Govt. 2301)	3	6.0
.5	Economics 2301	3	6.0
1.0	History	3	6.0
	(Hist 1301 AND 1302)	3	
1.0	General Biology	4	6.0
	(BIO 1406) Lab Required		
1.0	General Chemistry I	4	6.0
	(Chemistry 1411)		
1.0	English Composition I	3	6.0
	(English 1301)		
	English Composition II	3	
	(English 1302)		
0.5	Introduction to Psychology	3	6.0
	(Psyc 2301)		
	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.0 Precalculus Math (Math 2312) 1.0 Calculus & Analytic Geometry (Math 2413) 5. Government 5. (Govt. 2302) (Govt. 2301) 1.5 Economics 2301 1.0 History (Hist 1301 AND 1302) 1.0 General Biology (BIO 1406) Lab Required 1.0 General Chemistry I (Chemistry 1411) 1.0 English Composition I (English 1301) English Composition II (English 1302) 0.5 Introduction to Psychology	1.0 Precalculus Math (Math 2312) 1.0 Calculus & Analytic Geometry (Math 2413) 3 .5 Government 3 .5 (Govt. 2302) (Govt. 2301) 3 .5 Economics 2301 3 1.0 History (Hist 1301 AND 1302) 3 1.0 General Biology (BIO 1406) Lab Required 4 (Chemistry 1411) 1.0 English Composition I (English 1301) English Composition II (English 1302) 0.5 Introduction to Psychology 3

Pre AP Anatomy and Physiology	1.0	Anatomy and Physiology	
		(BIO 2401)	

Courses taught at WOSHS as AP, Pre AP or co enroll will receive honors grade points.

Lamar State College-Orange Internet Classes

Beginning fall 2006, West Orange Stark High School students may take English 1301–1302, Government 2301–2302 and U.S. History 1301–1302 via the internet through Lamar State College Orange. Internet courses are college credit options for juniors and seniors.

Kindergarten Acceleration

Students in Grades 1-5

A student in elementary school will be eligible to accelerate to the next grade level if the student scores at least 80 on each exam in the subject areas of language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies, a district administrator recommends that the student be accelerated, and the student's parent gives written approval of the grade advancement.

Students in Grades 6-12

A student in grade 6 or above will earn course credit with a passing score of at least 80 on the exam, a scaled score of 60 or higher on an exam administered through the CLEP, or a score of 3 or higher on an AP exam, as applicable. A student may take an exam to earn high school course credit no more than twice. If a student fails to achieve the designated score on the applicable exam before the beginning of the school year in which the student would need to enroll in the course according to the school's high school course sequence, the student must complete the course.

DATING VIOLENCE, DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (All Grade Levels)

The district believes that all students learn best in an environment free from dating violence, discrimination, harassment, and retaliation and that their welfare is best served when they are free from this prohibited conduct while attending school. Students are expected to treat other students and district employees with courtesy and respect, to avoid behaviors known to be offensive, and to stop those behaviors when asked or told to stop. District employees are expected to treat students with courtesy and respect.

The board has established policies and procedures to prohibit and promptly respond to inappropriate and offensive behaviors that are based on a person's race, color, religion, gender, national origin, disability, or any other basis prohibited by law. A copy of the district's policy is available in the principal's office and in the superintendent's office or on the district's website www.woccisd.net. [See policy FFH.]

Dating Violence

Dating violence occurs when a person in a current or past dating relationship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control the other person in the relationship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these acts against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the individual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship with the person committing the offense. This type of conduct is considered harassment if the conduct is so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it affects the student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity; creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or offensive educational environment; or substantially interferes with the student's academic performance.

Examples of dating violence against a student may include, but are not limited to, physical or sexual assaults; name-calling; put-downs; threats to hurt the student, the student's family members, or members of the student's household; destroying property belonging to the student; threats to commit suicide or homicide if the student ends the relationship; threats to harm a student's current dating partner; attempts to isolate the student from friends and family; stalking; or encouraging others to engage in these behaviors.

Discrimination

Discrimination is defined as any conduct directed at a student on the basis of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, disability, or any other basis prohibited by law, that negatively affects the student.

Harassment

Harassment, in general terms, is conduct so severe, persistent, or pervasive that it affects the student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity; creates an intimidating, threatening, hostile, or offensive educational environment; or substantially interferes with the student's academic performance.

Examples of harassment may include, but are not limited to, offensive or derogatory language directed at a person's religious beliefs or practices, accent, skin color, or need for accommodation; threatening, intimidating, or humiliating conduct; offensive jokes, name-calling, slurs, or rumors; physical aggression or assault; graffiti or printed material promoting racial, ethnic, or other negative stereotypes; or other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property.

In addition to dating violence as described above, two other types of prohibited harassment are described below.

Sexual Harassment and Gender-Based Harassment

Sexual harassment and gender-based harassment of a student by an employee, volunteer, or another student are prohibited.

Examples of sexual harassment may include, but not be limited to, touching private body parts or coercing physical contact that is sexual in nature; sexual advances; jokes or conversations of a sexual nature; and other sexually motivated conduct, communications, or contact.

Sexual harassment of a student by an employee or volunteer does not include necessary or permissible physical contact not reasonably construed as sexual in nature, such as comforting a child with a hug or taking the child's hand. However, romantic and other inappropriate social relationships, as well as all sexual relationships, between students and district employees are prohibited, even if consensual.

Gender-based harassment includes harassment based on a student's gender, expression by the student of stereotypical characteristics associated with the student's gender, or the student's failure to conform to stereotypical behavior related to gender.

Examples of gender-based harassment directed against a student, regardless of the student's or the harasser's actual or perceived sexual orientation or gender identity, may include, but not be limited to, offensive jokes, name-calling, slurs, or rumors; physical aggression or assault; threatening or intimidating conduct; or other kinds of aggressive conduct such as theft or damage to property.

Retaliation

Retaliation against a person, who makes a good faith report of discrimination or harassment, including dating violence, is prohibited. Retaliation against a person who is participating in an investigation of alleged discrimination or harassment is also prohibited. A person who makes a false claim or offers false statements or refuses to cooperate with a district investigation, however, may be subject to appropriate discipline.

Examples of retaliation may include threats, rumor spreading, ostracism, assault, destruction of property, unjustified punishments, or unwarranted grade reductions. Unlawful retaliation does not include petty slights or annoyances.

Reporting Procedures

Any student who believes that he or she has experienced dating violence, discrimination, harassment, or retaliation should immediately report the problem to a teacher, school counselor, principal, or other district employee. The report may be made by the student's parent. [See policy FFH(LOCAL) for other appropriate district officials to whom to make a report.]

Upon receiving a report of prohibited conduct as defined by policy FFH, the district will determine whether the allegations, if proven, would constitute prohibited conduct as defined by that policy. If not, the district will refer to

policy FFI to determine if the allegations, if proven, would constitute bullying, as defined by law and that policy. If the alleged prohibited conduct, if proven, would constitute prohibited conduct and would also be considered bullying as defined by law and policy FFI, an investigation of bullying will also be conducted.

The district will promptly notify the parents of any student alleged to have experienced prohibited conduct involving an adult associated with the district. In the event alleged prohibited conduct involves another student, the district will notify the parents of the student alleged to have experienced the prohibited conduct when the allegations, if proven, would constitute a violation as defined by policy FFH.

Investigation of Report

To the extent possible, the district will respect the privacy of the student; however, limited disclosures may be necessary to conduct a thorough investigation and to comply with law. Allegations of prohibited conduct, which includes dating violence, discrimination, harassment, and retaliation, will be promptly investigated.

If law enforcement or other regulatory agency notifies the district that it is investigating the matter and requests that the district delay its investigation, the district will resume the investigation at the conclusion of the agency's investigation.

During the course of an investigation and when appropriate, the district will take interim action to address the alleged prohibited conduct.

If the district's investigation indicates that prohibited conduct occurred, appropriate disciplinary action, and, in some cases, corrective action, will be taken to address the conduct. The district may take disciplinary and corrective action even if the conduct that is the subject of the complaint was not unlawful.

All involved parties will be notified of the outcome of the district investigation within the parameters and limits allowed under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

A student or parent who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the investigation may appeal in accordance with policy FNG(LOCAL).

DISCRIMINATION

[See Dating Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation on pages 32.]

DISTANCE LEARNING

All Grade Levels

Distance learning and correspondence courses include courses that encompass the state-required essential knowledge and skills but are taught through multiple technologies and alternative methodologies such as mail, satellite, Internet, video-conferencing, and instructional television.

The distance learning opportunities that the district makes available to district students are determined on an individualized bases, see counselor for more information.

If a student wishes to enroll in a correspondence course or a distance learning course that is not provided through the Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN), as described below, in order to earn credit in a course or subject, the student must receive permission from the principal prior to enrolling in the course or subject. If the student does not receive prior approval, the district may not recognize and apply the course or subject toward graduation requirements or subject mastery.

Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN) (Secondary Grade Levels)

The Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN) has been established by the state as one method of distance learning. A student has the option, with certain limitations, to enroll in a course offered through the TxVSN to earn course credit for graduation.

Depending on the TxVSN course in which a student enrolls, the course may be subject to the "no pass, no play" rules. [Also see Extracurricular Activities, Clubs, and Organizations on page 40.] In addition, for a student who

enrolls in a TxVSN course for which an end-of-course (EOC) assessment is required, the student must still take the corresponding EOC assessment.

If you have questions or wish to make a request that your child be enrolled in a TxVSN course, please contact the school counselor. Unless an exception is made by the principal, a student will not be allowed to enroll in a TxVSN course if the school offers the same or a similar course.

A copy of policy EHDE will be distributed to parents of middle and high school students at least once each year. If you do not receive a copy or have questions about this policy, please contact the principal.

DISTRIBUTION OF LITERATURE, PUBLISHED MATERIALS, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS (All Grade Levels)

School Materials

Publications prepared by and for the school may be posted or distributed, with the prior approval of the principal, sponsor, or teacher. Such items may include school posters, brochures, flyers, etc.

The school newspaper, and the yearbook, are available to students.

All school publications are under the supervision of a teacher, sponsor, and the principal.

Non-school Materials

From Students

Students must obtain prior approval from the principal before posting, circulating, or distributing more than ten copies of written materials, handbills, photographs, pictures, petitions, films, tapes, posters, or other visual or auditory materials that were not developed under the oversight of the school. To be considered, any non-school material must include the name of the sponsoring person or organization. The decision regarding approval will be made in two school days.

The principal has designated the location for approved non-school materials to be placed for voluntary viewing or collection by students. [See policy FNAA.]

A student may appeal a decision in accordance with policy FNG(LOCAL). Any student who sells, posts, circulates, or distributes non-school material without prior approval will be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. Materials displayed without approval will be removed.

From Others

Written or printed materials, handbills, photographs, pictures, films, tapes, or other visual or auditory materials not sponsored by the district or by a district-affiliated school-support organization will not be sold, circulated, distributed, or posted on any district premises by any district employee or by persons or groups not associated with the district, except as permitted by policy GKDA. To be considered for distribution, any nonschool material must meet the limitations on content established in the policy, include the name of the sponsoring person or organization, and be submitted to the Superintendent for prior review. The Superintendent will approve or reject the materials within two school days of the time the materials are received. The requestor may appeal a rejection in accordance with the appropriate district complaint policy. [See policies at DGBA or GF.]

Prior review will not be required for:

- Distribution of materials by an attendee to other attendees of a school-sponsored meeting intended for adults and held after school hours.
- Distribution of materials by an attendee to other attendees of a community group meeting held after school hours in accordance with policy GKD(LOCAL) or a noncurriculum-related student group meeting held in accordance with FNAB(LOCAL).

 Distribution for electioneering purposes during the time a school facility is being used as a polling place, in accordance with state law.

All non-school materials distributed under these circumstances must be removed from district property immediately following the event at which the materials are distributed.

DRESS AND GROOMING (All Grade Levels)

The District's dress code is established to teach grooming and hygiene, prevent disruption, and minimize safety hazards. The school has a legitimate interest in requiring proper dress and personal grooming from every student. All students have the responsibility to observe the basic standards of cleanliness, modesty, good grooming, and dress. All students also have the responsibility to wear clothing which contributes to their own health and safety as well as that of others; dress should not distract from the educational process.

The administration and faculty reserves the right to evaluate the dress of any student and give additional guidelines on dress when it is determined that the student's dress is a distraction to the educational process or is deemed inappropriate.

The following dress code applies to both females and males and will be enforced at school. Any apparel, hair style, cosmetic or jewelry, even if not specifically mentioned below, which creates concerns, draws undue attention to the wearer, or tends to detract from the educational process, is not acceptable.

We ask parents and students to support the code.

GENERAL:

- All dress code decisions are at the discretion of the campus administrators.
- Pants and shorts must fit around the waist; baggy, sagging, low-riding or oversized clothes are not permitted.
- All clothing must be neat and clean, with no rips or holes and worn as intended.
- Items with sexually suggestive expressions, profanity, obscenity, drugs, alcohol, or tobacco should not be worn
- See-through apparel which exposes the body is not acceptable and undergarments showing are not allowed.
- Any color or combination of colors, which demonstrate an affiliation to a known gang, is prohibited. If some students are using colors to demonstrate gang affiliation, such colors may be banned at the discretion of the campus administrators.

SHOES

• Properly fitting shoes must be worn at all times. Backless, thongs (flip flops); beach shoes, cleated shoes, and house slippers should not be worn.

PANTS, SHORTS, SKIRTS, AND DRESSES:

- Pants and shorts must be hemmed or cuffed, at least knee length, and secured at the waist with a belt.
- Overalls, spandex, or any elasticized waist pants should not be worn. Jeggins, leggings, tights, etc. should not be worn.
- Clothing deemed to be excessively tight to the skin will not be allowed
- Types of pants: jeans, khaki, slacks
- "See-through" material is not allowed
- Skirts and dress lengths should be consistent with shorts.

SHIRTS AND OTHER TOPS:

- Shirts, collared shirts and blouses are not required to be tucked in however, any shirt (collared or not collared)/blouse/any other form of top cannot extend beyond the vertically stretched arm and fingertips of the student. This applies to t-shirts, collared shirts, blouses, sweaters, and pullovers. Sagging beneath the shirt is **NOT** allowed and will be strictly enforced.
- Shoulders, backs, chest, cleavage, and midriffs must be covered.

- T-shirts, polo, collared blouses; button down shirts, turtleneck/mock turtlenecks can be worn.
- All shirts must be a minimum of a 2-inch sleeve from the shoulder seam without any holes or slits.
- Topcoats, trench coats, military (camouflage) attire and all black clothing together (together means a top and bottom) should not be worn.

HATS AND HEADGEAR

• Anything that covers the head or a portion of the head should not be worn.

HAIR AND MAKEUP:

- Hair must be neat and clean. Unnatural hair color is not allowed.
- All facial hair must be neatly trimmed.
- Haircuts with designs are not reflective of the educational environment; therefore they are not permitted.

JEWELRY, ACCESSORIES, BODY ART AND PIERCING

- Students may wear traditional rings, watches, bracelets, and necklaces.
- Tattoos cannot be distractible and are subject to administrative approval or discretion.
- Any jewelry, body art or piercing deemed by West Orange-Stark High School to be dangerous or a distraction to the learning environment is not acceptable. (Not acceptable: eyebrows and facial piercings, lips or tongue.)
- Nose piercings: Only (1) small piercing may be worn. Loops, studs or any other over-sized rings cannot be worn.
- Earrings are to be worn in ears only.
- Sunglasses should be worn outside, not inside the building.
- Attire, which may be used as a weapon, may not be worn (i.e., steel toed boots, chains, dog collars or any items with spikes or studs).
- Mouth grills are not allowed

The principal/assistant principal reserves the right to question the dress of any student and if the administrator concludes the attire is inappropriate the administrator may keep the student out of class until he or she is appropriately dressed. At the first violation of the dress code, the student will be given an opportunity to call parents to bring proper clothing. Any further violations of the dress code will result in automatic disciplinary assignments.

If the principal determines that a student's grooming or clothing violates the school's dress code, the student will be given an opportunity to correct the problem at school. If not corrected, the student may be assigned to in-school suspension for the remainder of the day, until the problem is corrected, or until a parent or designee brings an acceptable change of clothing to the school. Repeated offenses may result in more serious disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES (All Grade Levels)

Possession and Use of Personal Telecommunications Devices, Including Mobile Telephones

For safety purposes, the district permits students to possess personal mobile telephones; however, these devices must remain turned off during the instructional day, including during all testing, unless they are being used for approved instructional purposes. A student must have approval to possess other telecommunications devices such as netbooks, laptops, tablets, or other portable computers.

The use of mobile telephones or any device capable of capturing images is strictly prohibited in locker rooms or restroom areas while at school or at a school-related or school-sponsored event.

If a student uses a telecommunications device without authorization during the school day, the device will be confiscated. The **student/parent** may pick up the confiscated telecommunications device from the principal's office for a fee of \$15, unless determined by the administrator that the device will be released only to the parent.

Confiscated telecommunications devices that are not retrieved by the student or the student's parents will be disposed of after the notice required by law. [See policy FNCE.]

In limited circumstances and in accordance with law, a student's personal telecommunications device may be searched by authorized personnel. [See **Searches** on page 66 and policy FNF.]

Any disciplinary action will be in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. The district is not responsible for damaged, lost, or stolen telecommunications devices.

West Orange-Cove Bring Your Own Device Pilot - Student Policy Electronic Devices

Use of certain student owned electronic devices will be permitted in designated West Orange-Cove Schools as we conduct a pilot program during the current school year. Selected classes/subjects will permit students to bring their approved electronic device into the classroom for learning purposes. Utilization of any electronic device in this pilot program is ALWAYS at the discretion of the classroom instructor. Electronic devices are classified as **disruptive**, **non-disruptive**, and **mobile phone** devices. Permissibility of each type of electronic device is described as follows:

Disruptive Electronic Devices

- 1. Recording devices, radios, pagers, laser pointers, and other electronic devices are deemed distracting to the educational environment. As such, these devices **are not permitted** in any area of a West Orange-Cove campus, including the courtyard.
 - Use of cameras on non-disruptive devices and cell phones, to take still pictures or video, is not
 permitted on school grounds, including transportation, unless under the direction and supervision
 of the classroom teacher.
- 2. The misuse of permissible electronic devices in a manner distracting to other students or school
 - a) Use of any electronic device in a classroom or other area if not authorized by school personnel.
 - b) Violation of the West Orange-Cove's Acceptable Use Policy.
 - c) Listening to video or audio without headphones or earbuds.
 - d) Use of headphones/earbuds at a volume level where others can hear.

Non-disruptive Devices

- 1. Non-disruptive devices are defined as electronic devices primarily used for educational purposes.
- 2. The categories of non-disrupted devices are (a) laptops, (b) netbooks, (c) tablets, (d) eReaders, (e) audio players (MP3 players) and (f) I-Pads.
- 3. These devices may be used:
 - a) during classroom instruction and in the computer lab as permitted and directed by school personnel.
 - b) in study hall, privilege period, and lunch as permitted and directed by school personnel.

Mobile Phones

- 1. Use of mobile phones for any voice or text communication is not permitted during school hours.
- 2. Mobile phones may be used as directed by school personnel. Otherwise, mobile phones **must** be turned off or muted during school hours.

3. Mobile phones may possess advanced functions including Internet access, eReader, and video/audio functions. Use of these functions during classroom instruction is at the discretion of school personnel.

Consequences for inappropriate use of electronic devices

Violation of the appropriate use of electronic devices, as described above, (1) may result in detentions, Saturday detention, In School Suspension; and (2) student may be required to turn the device over to school personnel and the student and/or parent may pick up the device from the Attendance Administrative Offices at the end of the school day.

Internet Connection

Wireless Internet connection will be provided by West Orange-Cove for students to connect their devices to the Internet. Students must have a completed Acceptable Use Policy signed and on file at their campus. Additionally, students may connect to the Internet using their Internet provider. In this case, the student and family will be responsible for any Internet connection expense.

Lost or Damaged Device

West Orange-Cove campuses assume no responsibility for theft, loss, or damage of an electronic device brought to school.

Students bring these devices to school at their own risk.

Transporting Devices

Use of bags and cases to transport electronic devices to and from any West Orange-Cove campus is encouraged. Students may use laptop bags to carry portable computers to and from class. However, the bags **may not** be used to carry books

Possession and Use of Other Personal Electronic Devices

Except as described below, students are not permitted to possess or use personal electronic devices such as MP3 players, video or audio recorders, DVD players, cameras, games, e-readers, or other electronic devices at school, unless prior permission has been obtained. Without such permission, teachers will collect the items and turn them in to the principal's office. The principal will determine whether to return items to students at the end of the day or to contact parents to pick up the items.

In limited circumstances and in accordance with law, a student's personal electronic device may be searched by authorized personnel. [See **Searches** on page 66 and policy FNF.]

Any disciplinary action will be in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. The district is not responsible for any damaged, lost, or stolen electronic device.

Instructional Use of Personal Telecommunications and Other Electronic Devices

In some cases, students may find it beneficial or might be encouraged to use personal telecommunications or other personal electronic devices for instructional purposes while on campus. Students must obtain prior approval before using personal telecommunications or other personal electronic devices for instructional use. Students must also sign a user agreement that contains applicable rules for use (separate from this handbook). When students are not using the devices for approved instructional purposes, all devices must be turned off during the instructional day. Violations of the user agreement may result in withdrawal of privileges and other disciplinary action.

Acceptable Use of District Technology Resources

To prepare students for an increasingly technological society, the district has made an investment in the use of district-owned technology resources for instructional purposes; specific resources may be issued individually to students. Use of these technological resources, which include the district's network systems and use of district equipment, is restricted to approved purposes only. Students and parents will be asked to sign a user agreement (separate from this handbook) regarding use of these district resources. Violations of the user agreement may result in withdrawal of privileges and other disciplinary action.

Unacceptable and Inappropriate Use of Technology Resources

Students are prohibited from possessing, sending, forwarding, posting, accessing, or displaying electronic messages that are abusive, obscene, sexually oriented, threatening, harassing, damaging to another's reputation, or illegal. This prohibition also applies to conduct off school property, whether the equipment used to send such messages is district-owned or personally owned, if it results in a substantial disruption to the educational environment.

Any person taking, disseminating, transferring, possessing, or sharing obscene, sexually oriented, lewd, or otherwise illegal images or other content, commonly referred to as "sexting," will be disciplined according to the Student Code of Conduct, may be required to complete an educational program related to the dangers of this type of behavior, and, in certain circumstances, may be reported to law enforcement. Because engaging in this type of behavior can lead to bullying or harassment, as well as possibly impede future endeavors of a student, we encourage you to review with your child http://beforeyoutext.com, a state-developed program that addresses the consequences of engaging in inappropriate behavior using technology.

In addition, any student who engages in conduct that results in a breach of the district's computer security will be disciplined in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct, and, in some cases, the consequence may rise to the level of expulsion.

END-OF-COURSE (EOC) ASSESSMENTS

[See Graduation on page 44 and Standardized Testing on page 67.]

EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES, CLUBS, AND ORGANIZATIONS (All Grade Levels)

Participation in school-sponsored activities is an excellent way for a student to develop talents, receive individual recognition, and build strong friendships with other students; participation, however, is a privilege, not a right.

Participation in some of these activities may result in events that occur off-campus. When the district arranges transportation for these events, students are required to use the transportation provided by the district to and from the events. Exceptions to this may only be made with the approval of the activity's coach or sponsor. [Also see **Transportation** on page 70.]

Eligibility for initial and continuing participation in many of these activities is governed by state law and the rules of the University Interscholastic League (UIL)—a statewide association overseeing interdistrict competition. If a student is involved in an academic, athletic, or music activity governed by UIL, the student and parent are expected to know and follow all rules of the UIL organization. Students involved in UIL athletic activities and their parents can access the UIL Parent Information Manual at https://www.uiltexas.org/athletics/manuals; a hard copy can be provided by the coach or sponsor of the activity on request. To report a complaint of alleged noncompliance with required safety training or an alleged violation of safety rules required by law and the UIL, please contact the curriculum division of TEA at (512) 463-9581 or curriculum@tea.state.tx.us.

[See http://www.uiltexas.org for additional information on all UIL-governed activities.]

Student safety in extracurricular activities is a priority of the district. The equipment used in football is no exception. As a parent, you are entitled to review the district's records regarding the age of each football helmet used by the campus, including when a helmet has been reconditioned.

In addition, the following provisions apply to all extracurricular activities:

- A student who receives at the end of a grading period a grade below 70 in any academic class—other than an Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate course; or an honors or dual credit course in English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, economics, or language other than English—may not participate in extracurricular activities for at least three school weeks.
- A student who receives special education services and who fails to meet the standards in the individualized education program (IEP) may not participate for at least three school weeks.
- An ineligible student may practice or rehearse but may not participate in any competitive activity.

- A student is allowed in a school year up to absences not related to post-district competition, a maximum of absences for post-district competition prior to state, and a maximum of absences for state competition. All extracurricular activities and public performances, whether UIL activities or other activities approved by the board, are subject to these restrictions.
- An absence for participation in an activity that has not been approved will receive an unexcused absence.

TO JOIN

If you are interested in becoming a member of any of the organizations listed below, please see the sponsor early in the year as many organizations have established codes of conduct, which may exceed the minimum grade point requirement for UIL competition and which must be achieved before you are allowed.

Club Funds

Club funds may not be used for functions not sponsored by the school. All proceeds acquired from dues or fundraising activities are to be promptly deposited with the school secretary who in turn will deposit it with the District Business Office into the appropriate activity account.

Club Meetings

Club and class meetings are to be held only at the request of the sponsor. Meetings are to be held only if the sponsor is present, if prior approval is given by the building principal and meetings are held on school grounds.

All students interested in representing WOS in Interscholastic League literary events should call the school office (409) 882-5570.

Academic Organizations:

Prose & Poetry Computer Applications

Drama Science
Ready Writing Journalism
Speech, Debate Spelling

MathematicsLiterary CriticismNumber SenseCurrent EventsCalculatorExtemp SpeakingSocial StudiesRobotics Team

Co-Curricular and Extracurricular

Band

Cheerleaders

Choir

Drill Team

Service and Interest Clubs

Club meetings are scheduled before and after school.

Anime Club Art Club

Culinary Arts Club Drama Club (Thespians)

Foreign Language Club Future Teachers of America

Health Occupation Students of America Junior/Senior Prom

Mustang for the Master

Academic Team

National Honor Society Science Team

Business Professional of America

Key Club Library Club

Stark Reading Contest Student Government

TEAMTCA-Metal Trades Skills USA-Auto Collision Repair

Skills USA-Building Trades Skills USA-Media Technology

A student may participate in extracurricular activities on or off campus at the beginning of the school year only if the student has earned the cumulative number of credits in State-approved courses indicated as follows:

- beginning of the 9th grade year: have been promoted from the eighth grade to the ninth;
- beginning of the 10th grade year: at least six credits toward graduation;
- beginning of the 11th grade year: at least twelve credits toward graduation;
- beginning of the 12th grade year: at least eighteen credits toward graduation.

In order to be eligible to participate in an extracurricular activity event a student must pass all of the courses on his schedule. Eligibility will be checked after the first six weeks. Another eligibility check will be collected after each six-week grading period. A student can regain eligibility after each three-week period. If a student is passing (70 or above) in each class, he/she will be eligible to participate at the end of the fourth week. See chart.

36 School Week Chart for Six Week Grading Periods

1 2 3 4 5 6

Check eligibility for all students.

7 8 9

| 10 | 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 (18)

If semester ends prior to holidays, student is eligible during holiday period.

19 | 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

29 30 31 32 33 34 35 (36)

All students are academically eligible during summer recess. See "Academic Requirements" for eligibility requirements for first 6 weeks of the school year.

Legend for six-week grading period:

Grading period ends. Check eligibility for all students.

Student is in (regains eligibility) or out (loses eligibility) at the end of that week at the time the regular school day is scheduled to end. This school week is first week of three-school week evaluation period.

Opportunity to regain eligibility. (Teachers are required to check grades for suspended students only) Student may regain eligibility 7 calendar days after the end of the three- week grading evaluation period at the time the regular school day ends if principal and teachers have determined the student is passing all courses.

Sponsors of student clubs and performing groups such as the band, choir, and drill and athletic teams may establish standards of behavior—including consequences for misbehavior—that are stricter than those for students in general. If a violation is also a violation of school rules, the consequences specified by the Student Code of Conduct or by policy will apply in addition to any consequences specified by the organization's standards of behavior.

[For further information, see policies FM and FO.]

NCAA-High School

If you wish to participate in college athletics, you must meet core-course requirements to attend Division I or Division II colleges. You must take the right courses as well as have an acceptable core-course grade point average and SAT 1 or ACT score. Please see your coach or school counselor for additional information.

Announcements and School Bulletins

All announcements and articles for the school bulletin must be approved and signed by sponsors.

Standards of Behavior

Sponsors of student clubs and performing groups such as the band, choir, and drill and athletic teams may establish standards of behavior—including consequences for misbehavior—that are stricter than those for students in general. If a violation is also a violation of school rules, the consequences specified by the Student Code of Conduct or by board policy will apply in addition to any consequences specified by the organization's standards of behavior.

Offices and Elections

Certain clubs, organizations, and performing groups will hold elections for student officers. These groups include:

FEES (All Grade Levels)

Materials that are part of the basic educational program are provided with state and local funds at no charge to a student. A student, however, is expected to provide his or her own pencils, paper, erasers, and notebooks and may be required to pay certain other fees or deposits, including:

- Costs for materials for a class project that the student will keep.
- Membership dues in voluntary clubs or student organizations and admission fees to extracurricular activities.
- Security deposits.
- Personal physical education and athletic equipment and apparel.
- Voluntarily purchased pictures, publications, class rings, yearbooks, graduation announcements, etc.
- Voluntarily purchased student accident insurance.
- Musical instrument rental and uniform maintenance, when uniforms are provided by the district.
- Personal apparel used in extracurricular activities that becomes the property of the student.
- Parking fees and student identification cards.
- Fees for lost, damaged, or overdue library books.
- Fees for driver training courses, if offered.
- Fees for optional courses offered for credit that require use of facilities not available on district premises.
- Summer school for courses that are offered tuition-free during the regular school year.
- A reasonable fee for providing transportation to a student who lives within two miles of the school. [See **Buses and Other School Vehicles** on page 70.]
- A fee not to exceed \$50 for costs of providing an educational program outside of regular school hours for a student who has lost credit or has not been awarded a final grade because of absences and whose parent chooses the program in order for the student to meet the 90 percent attendance requirement. The fee will be charged only if the parent or guardian signs a district-provided request form.
- In some cases, a fee for a course taken through the Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN).

Any required fee or deposit may be waived if the student and parent are unable to pay. Application for such a waiver may be made to the campus principal. [For further information, see policy FP.]

FUNDRAISING (All Grade Levels)

Student groups or classes and/or parent groups may be permitted to conduct fundraising drives for approved school purposes. An application for permission must be made to the campus principal at least 7 days before the event. [For further information, see policies FJ and GE.]

GANG-FREE ZONES (All Grade Levels)

Certain criminal offenses, including those involving organized criminal activity such as gang-related crimes, will be enhanced to the next highest category of offense if they are committed in a gang-free zone. For purposes of the district, a gang-free zone includes a school bus and a location in, on, or within 1,000 feet of any district-owned or leased property or campus playground.

GENDER-BASED HARASSMENT

[See Dating Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation on page 32.]

GRADE LEVEL CLASSIFICATION (Grades 9-12 Only)

After the ninth grade, students are classified according to the number of credits earned toward graduation.

Credits Earned	Classification	
<mark>6</mark>	Grade 10 (Sophomore)	
12	Grade 11 (Junior)	
18	Grade 12 (Senior)	

GRADING GUIDELINES (All Grade Levels)

Grading guidelines for each grade level or course will be communicated and distributed to students and their parents by the classroom teacher. These guidelines have been reviewed by each applicable curriculum department and have been approved by the campus principal. These guidelines establish the minimum number of assignments, projects, and examinations required for each grading period. In addition, these guidelines establish how the student's mastery of concepts and achievement will be communicated (i.e., letter grades, numerical averages, checklist of required skills, etc.). Grading guidelines also outline in what circumstances a student will be allowed to redo an assignment or retake an examination for which the student originally made a failing grade. Procedures for a student to follow after an absence will also be addressed.

[Also see **Report Cards/Progress Reports and Conferences** on page 62 for additional information on grading guidelines.]

In grades 9–12, achievement is reported to parents as:

The grade conversion scale shall be as follows:

```
90 – 100 A

80 – 89 B

75 – 79 C

70 – 74 D

69 & below F
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Transfer students with letter grades that have pluses and minuses shall be converted to District numerical grades using the following scale:

$$A+ = 98$$
 $C+ = 79$ $F = 69$ and below $A = 95$ $C = 77$

```
A-=92   C-=75 (lowest C allowed)

B+=88   D+=74

B=85   D=72

B-=82   D-=70
```

Students Transferring from a Non-Accredited School

Students entering the District from non-accredited public, private, or parochial schools, including home schools, shall be placed initially at the discretion of the principal, pending observation by classroom teacher(s), guidance personnel, and the principal. Criteria for placement may include:

- 1. Scores on achievement test(s), which may be administered by appropriate District personnel
- 2. Recommendation of the sending school
- 3. Prior academic record
- 4. Chronological age and social and emotional development of the student
- 5. Other criteria deemed appropriate by the principal

Transfer students from non-accredited public, private, or parochial schools shall validate high school credit for courses by testing or evidence that courses meet State Board requirements and standards.

Grading Policy (EIA-LOCAL)

The cycle grade will be determined by the following: 40% average of all daily grades and 60% major assessment.

- 1. The student's ongoing evaluation shall consist of projects, class work, tests and graded homework. A student's daily grade, derived from ongoing evaluation, shall comprise 40% of the cycle total grade, and shall include at least two grades per week of the grading cycle, as entered weekly in the electronic grade book. Long-term projects, such as research papers, should be graded at various stages of completion rather than only giving a grade for the final project.
- 2. A minimum of two major grades per grading cycle will be assessed as entered in the electronic grade book in a timely fashion as set by the campus principal.
- 3. Each teacher will develop a clearly defined grading procedure. A copy will be distributed to students at the beginning of each course so they are aware of the way in which they will be evaluated.
- 4. Semester grades shall be computed by the following: Three grading periods will represent the semester grade.
- 5. Three grading periods will be counted as 85% of the semester grade. The final exam is counted as 15% of the semester grade.

Honor Roll

High School:

Superintendent's Honor Roll (All A's)

Principal's Honor Roll (A's and 2 B's)

Honor Roll (Any combination of A's or B's)

Exemption policy

The number of exemptions from semester exams shall be determined by the classification, grade average, and number of absences as described below:

Fall Term

Seniors	1 unexcused absence / 85 semester average 2-3 unexcused absences / 85 semester average	3 exemptions 2 exemptions
Juniors	1 unexcused absence / 85 semester average 2-3 unexcused absences / 85 semester average	2 exemptions 2 exemptions
Sophomores and Freshmen	1 unexcused absence / 90 semester average 2-3 unexcused absences / 90 semester average	2 exemptions 1 exemption

Spring Term

Seniors		
	1 unexcused absence / 85 semester average 2-3 unexcused absences / 85 semester average	4 exemptions 2 exemptions
Juniors	1 unexcused absence / 85 semester average 2-3 unexcused absences / 85 semester average	3 exemptions 2 exemptions
Sophomores and Freshmen	1 unexcused absence / 90 semester average 2-3 unexcused absences / 90 semester average	2 exemptions 1 exemption

- 1. Students with more than three absences in any class are ineligible for exemptions from final exams in the class in which they have more than three absences.
- 2. Two tardies per six-week grading period in any one class will equal one absence for exemption purposes.
- 3. Students must be enrolled in WO-S the entire semester for which an exemption would be granted to be eligible for exemption from any exam. Any student enrolled in WO-S after the second week of a semester is ineligible for exemptions.
- 4. Any student who received any discipline past the detention level shall not be eligible for exemptions from any exam.
- 5. The opportunity shall be provided for students to take an exam although they qualify for an exemption should they so desire. The student's grade average for the course shall not be lowered by his/her performance on the semester exam should he/she choose to take one in a course for which he/she qualifies for exemption.
- 6. Determination of the grade average to qualify for an exemption will be accomplished by calculating the average. The cut-off date for determining grades used for exemption purposes will be the Friday before the week of exams. (Teachers will continue to take grades through the end of the grading period; however, any grades taken after the cut-off date shall not be used in determining the grade average used for exemption calculation.)
- 7. Exemption forms will be given to students the week of exams verifying student's eligibility. Students failing to complete this verification process, including paying any outstanding due-bills, by the deadline **WILL NOT** be exempt from exams.

Academic Dishonesty

Academic dishonesty (plagiarism) is not acceptable. Cheating includes the copying of another student's work – homework, class work, test answers, etc. – as one's own. Plagiarism is the use of another person's original ideas or writing without giving credit to the true author. A student found to have engaged in academic dishonesty will be subject to loss of credit for the work in question, as well as disciplinary penalties, according to the Student Code of Conduct.

GRADUATION (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

Requirements for a Diploma for a Student Enrolled in High School Prior to the 2014–15 School Year

To receive a high school diploma from the district, a student who was enrolled in high school prior to the 2014–15 school year must successfully:

- Complete the required number of credits established by the state and any additional credits required by the district:
- Complete any locally required courses in addition to the courses mandated by the state; and
- Achieve passing scores on certain end-of-course (EOC) assessments or approved substitute assessments, unless specifically waived as permitted by state law.

[Also see **Standardized Testing** on page 67 for more information.]

Requirements for a Diploma Beginning with the 2014–15 School Year

Beginning with students who entered grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year, as well as any currently enrolled high school student who decides to graduate under the new foundation graduation program, a student must meet the following requirements to receive a high school diploma from the district:

- Complete the required number of credits established by the state and any additional credits required by the district;
- Complete any locally required courses in addition to the courses mandated by the state;
- Achieve passing scores on certain end-of-course (EOC) assessments or approved substitute assessments, unless specifically waived as permitted by state law; and
- Demonstrate proficiency, as determined by the district, in the specific communication skills required by the State Board of Education.

Testing Requirements for Graduation

Students are required, with limited exceptions and regardless of graduation program, to perform satisfactorily on the following EOC assessments: English I, English II, Algebra I, Biology, and United States History. A student who has not achieved sufficient scores on the EOC assessments to graduate will have opportunities to retake the assessments. State law and state rules also provide for certain scores on norm-referenced national standardized assessments to substitute for the requirement to meet satisfactory performance on an applicable EOC assessment should a student choose this option. See the school counselor for more information on the state testing requirements for graduation.

If a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an EOC assessment, the district will provide remediation to the student in the content area for which the performance standard was not met. This may require participation of the student before or after normal school hours or at times of the year outside normal school operations.

[Also see **Standardized Testing** on page 67 for more information.]

Minimum, Recommended, and Advanced/Distinguished Achievement Graduation Programs

For students who were enrolled in high school prior to the 2014–15 school year, the district offers the graduation programs listed in this section. Students enrolled in high school prior to the 2014–15 school year also have the option to pursue the foundation graduation program as described below. Note that permission to enroll in the Minimum Program as described in this section will be granted only if a written agreement is reached among the student, the student's parent or person standing in parental relation, and the school counselor or appropriate

administrator. In order for a student to take courses under the Minimum Program, the student must be at least 16 years of age; have completed at least two credits each in English language arts, math, science, and social studies courses that are required for graduation; or have failed grade 9 one or more times. [See policy EIF(LEGAL).]

All students who were enrolled in high school prior to the 2014–15 school year must meet the following credit and course requirements for graduation under the programs listed or may choose to pursue the foundation graduation program as described on page 47:

Courses	Number of credits Minimum Program	Number of credits Recommended Program	Number of credits Advanced/ Distinguished Achievement Program
English/Language Arts	4	4	4
Mathematics	3	4	4
Science	2 or 3	4	4
Social Studies, including Economics	3 or 4	4	4
Physical Education*	1	1	1
Speech	0.5	0.5	0.5
Language other than English		2	3
Fine Arts	1	1	1
Locally required courses	credit in	credit in	credit in
	credit in	credit in	credit in
Electives**	6.5 credits	5.5 credits	4.5 credits
Miscellaneous			Completion of 4 Advanced Measures***
TOTAL	22 credits	26 credits	26 credits

^{*} A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to a disability or illness may be able to substitute a course in English language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies for the required credit of physical education. This determination will be made by the student's ARD committee, Section 504 committee, or other campus committee, as applicable.

- 1. An original research project or other project that is related to the required curriculum. These projects must be judged by a panel of professionals or conducted under the direction of a mentor and reported to an appropriate audience. Please note that no more than two of the four advanced measures may be received from this option.
- 2. Test data where a student receives:
 - a. A score of three or above on an Advanced Placement (AP) exam;

^{**} State rules prohibit a student from combining a half-credit of a course for which there is an EOC assessment with another half-credit of an elective credit course to satisfy an elective credit requirement. However, the district will allow a student to satisfy a graduation requirement for which there are multiple options with one-half credit of one allowable option and one-half credit of another allowable option, if neither course has an EOC assessment.

^{***} A student graduating under the Advanced/Distinguished Achievement Program must also achieve a combination of four of the following advanced measures:

- b. A score of four or above on an International Baccalaureate (IB) exam; or
- c. A score on the Preliminary SAT/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test (PSAT/NMSQT) that qualifies the student for recognition as a commended scholar or higher by the College Board and National Merit Scholarship Corporation, as part of the National Hispanic Recognition Program (NHRP) of the College Board, or as part of the National Achievement Scholarship Program of the National Merit Scholarship Corporation. The PSAT/NMSQT score will count as only one advanced measure regardless of the number of honors received by the student.
- 3. College academic courses, including those taken for dual credit, and advanced technical courses, including locally articulated courses, provided the student scores the equivalent of a 3.0 or higher.

Foundation Graduation Program

Every student in a Texas public school who entered grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter will graduate under a new program called the "foundation graduation program." Within the foundation graduation program are "endorsements," which are paths of interest that include Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM); Business and Industry; Public Services; Arts and Humanities; and Multidisciplinary Studies. Endorsements earned by a student will be noted on the student's transcript and diploma. The foundation graduation program also involves the term "distinguished level of achievement," which reflects the completion of at least one endorsement and Algebra II as one of the required advanced mathematics credits. A personal graduation plan will be completed for each high school student, as described on page _______. State law and rules prohibit a student from graduating solely under the foundation graduation program without an endorsement unless, after the student's sophomore year, the student and student's parent are advised of the specific benefits of graduating with an endorsement and submit written permission to the school counselor for the student to graduate without an endorsement. A student who anticipates graduating under the foundation graduation program without an endorsement and who wishes to attend a four-year university or college after graduation must carefully consider whether this will satisfy the admission requirements of the student's desired college or university.

Graduating under the foundation graduation program will also provide opportunities to earn "performance acknowledgments" that will be acknowledged on a student's diploma and transcript. Performance acknowledgments are available for outstanding performance in bilingualism and biliteracy; in a dual credit course; on an AP or IB exam; on the PSAT, ACT-Aspire, SAT, or ACT exam, which are national exams; or for earning a nationally or internationally recognized license or certificate. The criteria for earning these performance acknowledgments are prescribed by state rules, and the school counselor can provide more information about these acknowledgments.

A student enrolled in high school prior to the 2014–15 school year has the option of graduating under the foundation graduation program rather than the programs identified above that would otherwise be applicable to that student. See the school counselor for additional information.

The foundation graduation program requires completion of the following credits:

Course Area	Number of credits Foundation Graduation Program	Number of credits Foundation Graduation Program with an Endorsement
English/Language Arts	4	4
Mathematics	3	4*
Science	3	4
Social Studies, including Economics	3	3
Physical Education**	1	1
Language other than English***	2	2
Fine Arts	1	1
Locally required courses	credit in	credit in

	eredit in	credit in
Electives	<mark>5</mark>	7
Miscellaneous		Available Endorsements****: Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math Business and Industry Public Services Arts and Humanities Multidisciplinary
TOTAL	22 credits	26 credits

^{*} In order to obtain the distinguished level of achievement under the foundation graduation program, which will be denoted on a student's transcript and diploma and is a requirement to be considered for automatic admission purposes to a Texas four-year college or university, a student must complete an endorsement and take Algebra II as one of the four mathematics credits.

- ** A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to a disability or illness may be able to substitute a course in English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, or another locally determined credit-bearing course for the required credit of physical education. This determination will be made by the student's ARD committee, Section 504 committee, or other campus committee, as applicable.
- *** Students are required to earn two credits in the same language other than English to graduate. Any student may substitute computer programming languages for these credits. In limited circumstances, a student may be able to substitute this requirement with other courses, as determined by a district committee authorized by law to make these decisions for the student.
- **** A student must specify upon entering grade 9 the endorsement he or she wishes to pursue.

Personal Graduation Plans for Students Under The Foundation Graduation Program

A personal graduation plan will be developed for each high school student who is subject to the requirements of the foundation graduation program. The district encourages all students to pursue a personal graduation plan that includes the completion of at least one endorsement and to graduate with the distinguished level of achievement. Attainment of the distinguished level of achievement entitles a student to be considered for automatic admission to a public four year college or university in Texas, depending on his or her rank in class. The school will review personal graduation plan options with each student entering grade 9 and his or her parent. Before the end of grade 9, a student and his or her parent will be required to sign off on a personal graduation plan that includes a course of study that promotes college and workforce readiness and career placement and advancement, as well as facilitates the transition from secondary to postsecondary education. The student's personal graduation plan will denote an appropriate course sequence based on the student's choice of endorsement.

Please also review TEA's Graduation Toolkit, available here: http://tea.texas.gov/communications/brochures.aspx.

Choose this option if the district will allow a student to amend his or her personal graduation plan without obtaining parental permission first. A student may amend his or her personal graduation plan after this initial confirmation. The school will send written notice of any such amendment made by the student to the student's parent.

OR

Choose this option if the district will require parental permission prior to a student amending his or her personal graduation plan. A student may, with parental permission, amend his or her personal graduation plan after the initial confirmation.

Available Course Options for all Graduation Programs

Information regarding specific courses required or offered in each curriculum area will be distributed to students each spring in order to enroll in courses for the upcoming school year. Note that the district may require the completion of certain courses for graduation even if these courses are not required by the state for graduation.

Please be aware that not all courses are offered at every secondary campus in the district. A student who wants to take a course not offered at his or her regular campus should contact the school counselor about a transfer or other alternatives. If the parents of at least 22 students request a transfer for those students to take a course in the required curriculum other than fine arts or CTE, the district will offer the course for the following year either by teleconference or at the school from which the transfers were requested.

Certificates of Coursework Completion

A certificate of coursework completion will not be issued to a student who has successfully completed state and local credit requirements for graduation but has not yet demonstrated satisfactory performance on the statemandated tests required for graduation.

Students with Disabilities

Upon the recommendation of the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, a student with a disability who receives special education services may be permitted to graduate under the provisions of his or her IEP and in accordance with state rules.

A student who receives special education services and has completed four years of high school, but has not met the requirements of his or her IEP, may participate in graduation ceremonies and receive a certificate of attendance. Even if the student participates in graduation ceremonies to receive the certificate of attendance, he or she may remain enrolled to complete the IEP and earn his or her high school diploma; however, the student will only be allowed to participate in one graduation ceremony.

[See policy FMH(LEGAL).]

Please also be aware that if an ARD committee places a student with a disability on a modified curriculum in a subject area, the student will be automatically placed in the Minimum Program, if that program is applicable based on the school year in which the student entered high school, in accordance with state rules.

If a student receiving special education services is scheduled to graduate under the Minimum Program or in accordance with the provisions of his or her IEP, the student's ARD committee will determine whether the general EOC assessment is an accurate measure of the student's achievement and progress and, if so, whether successful performance is required for graduation, or whether an alternative assessment is more appropriate. STAAR Alternate 2 is the alternative assessment currently allowed by the state. [See **Standardized Testing** for additional information.]

ARD committees for students with disabilities who receive special education services and who are subject to the foundation graduation program will make instructional and assessment decisions for these students in accordance with state law and rules. In order to earn an endorsement under the foundation program, a student must perform satisfactorily on the EOC assessments and receive no modified curriculum in the student's chosen endorsement area.

Graduation Activities

Students may participate in commencement exercises when they have completed all graduation requirements and have performed satisfactorily on all sections of the secondary exit level assessment instrument.

Graduating seniors assigned to the Academic Alternative Center at the end of the school year <u>will not</u> be allowed to participate in any senior activity which includes but is not limited to graduation ceremony, prom, senior scholarship awards assembly, etc. Graduation ceremony is a privilege and the privilege can be denied. [TEC. 37.006 (g)].

All graduating seniors must attend the scheduled commencement exercise rehearsal in order to be eligible for participation in the ceremony. Only students approved by the campus principal for an extenuating circumstance may be exempt.

Graduation Speakers

Certain graduating students will be given an opportunity to have speaking roles at graduation ceremonies.

A student must meet local eligibility criteria, which may include requirements related to student conduct, to have a speaking role. Students eligible for speaking roles will be notified by the principal and given an opportunity to volunteer.

[See FNA(LOCAL) and the Student Code of Conduct. For student speakers at other school events, see **Student Speakers** on page [69.]

Graduation Expenses

Because students and parents will incur expenses in order to participate in the traditions of graduation—such as the purchase of invitations, senior ring, cap and gown, and senior picture—both the student and parent should monitor progress toward completion of all requirements for graduation. The expenses often are incurred in the junior year or first semester of the senior year. [See **Student Fees** on page 43.]

Scholarships and Grants

- Students who have a financial need according to federal criteria and who complete the Recommended Program or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement Program, for as long as those programs are in place, or who complete the foundation graduation program, may be eligible under the T.E.X.A.S. Grant Program for tuition and fees to Texas public universities, community colleges, and technical schools, as well as to private institutions.
- Contact the school counselor for information about other scholarships and grants available to students.

HARASSMENT

[See Dating Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation on page 32.]

HAZING (All Grade Levels)

Hazing is defined as any intentional, knowing, or reckless act occurring on or off campus directed against a student that endangers the mental or physical health or the safety of a student for the purpose of pledging, being initiated to, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any organization whose members are or include other students.

Hazing will not be tolerated by the district. If an incident of hazing occurs, disciplinary consequences will be handled in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. It is a criminal offense if a person engages in hazing; solicits, encourages, directs, aids, or attempts to aid another in hazing; or has firsthand knowledge of an incident of hazing being planned or having occurred and fails to report this to the principal or superintendent.

[Also see **Bullying** on page 22 and policies FFI and FNCC.]

HEALTH-RELATED MATTERS

Student Illness (All Grade Levels)

When your child is ill, please contact the school to let us know he or she won't be attending that day. It is important to remember that schools are required to exclude students with certain illnesses from school for periods of time as identified in state rules. For example, if your child has a fever over 100 degrees, he or she must stay out of school until fever free for 24 hours without fever-reducing medications. In addition, students with diarrheal illnesses must stay home until they are diarrhea free without diarrhea-suppressing medications for at least 24 hours. A full list of conditions for which the school must exclude children can be obtained from the school nurse.

If a student becomes ill during the school day, he or she must receive permission from the teacher before reporting to the school nurse. If the nurse determines that the child should go home, the nurse will contact the parent.

The district is also required to report certain contagious (communicable) diseases or illnesses to the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) or our local/regional health authority. The school nurse can provide information from TDSHS on these notifiable conditions.

Contact the school nurse if you have questions or if you are concerned about whether or not your child should stay home.

Bacterial Meningitis (All Grade Levels)

State law requires the district to provide information about bacterial meningitis:

What is meningitis?

Meningitis is an inflammation of the covering of the brain and spinal cord. It can be caused by viruses, parasites, fungi, and bacteria. Viral meningitis is common and most people recover fully. Parasitic and fungal meningitis are very rare. Bacterial meningitis is very serious and may involve complicated medical, surgical, pharmaceutical, and life support management.

• What are the symptoms?

Someone with meningitis will become very ill. The illness may develop over one or two days, but it can also rapidly progress in a matter of hours. Not everyone with meningitis will have the same symptoms.

Children (over 2 years old) and adults with bacterial meningitis commonly have a severe headache, high fever, and neck stiffness. Other symptoms might include nausea, vomiting, discomfort looking into bright lights, confusion, and sleepiness. In both children and adults, there may be a rash of tiny, red-purple spots. These can occur anywhere on the body.

The diagnosis of bacterial meningitis is based on a combination of symptoms and laboratory results.

• How serious is bacterial meningitis?

If it is diagnosed early and treated promptly, the majority of people make a complete recovery. In some cases it can be fatal or a person may be left with a permanent disability.

• How is bacterial meningitis spread?

Fortunately, none of the bacteria that cause meningitis are as contagious as diseases like the common cold or the flu, and they are not spread by casual contact or by simply breathing the air where a person with meningitis has been. They are spread when people exchange respiratory or throat secretions (such as by kissing, coughing, or sneezing).

The germ does not cause meningitis in most people. Instead, most people become carriers of the germ for days, weeks, or even months. The bacteria rarely overcome the body's immune system and cause meningitis or another serious illness.

• How can bacterial meningitis be prevented?

Maintaining healthy habits, like getting plenty of rest, can help prevent infection. Using good health practices such as covering your mouth and nose when coughing and sneezing and washing your hands frequently with soap and water can also help stop the spread of the bacteria. It's a good idea not to share food, drinks, utensils, toothbrushes, or cigarettes. Limit the number of persons you kiss.

There are vaccines available to offer protection from some of the bacteria that can cause bacterial meningitis.* The vaccines are safe and effective (85–90 percent). They can cause mild side effects, such as redness and pain at the injection site lasting up to two days. Immunity develops within seven to ten days after the vaccine is given and lasts for up to five years.

- What should you do if you think you or a friend might have bacterial meningitis?
 - You should seek prompt medical attention.
- Where can you get more information?

Your school nurse, family doctor, and the staff at your local or regional health department office are excellent sources for information on all communicable diseases. You may also call your local health department or Regional Department of State Health Services office to ask about a meningococcal vaccine. Additional information may also be found at the websites for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, http://www.cdc.gov, and the Department of State Health Services, http://www.dshs.state.tx.us.

* Please note that the TDSHS requires at least one meningococcal vaccination between grades 7 and 12, and state guidelines recommend this vaccination be administered between age 11 and 12, with a booster dose at 16 years of age. Also note that entering college students must show, with limited exception, evidence of receiving a bacterial meningitis vaccination within the five-year period prior to enrolling in and taking courses at an institution of higher education. Please see the school nurse for more information, as this may affect a student who wishes to enroll in a dual credit course taken off campus.

[Also refer to **Immunizations** on page 54 for more information.]

Food Allergies (All Grade Levels)

The district requests to be notified when a student has been diagnosed with a food allergy, especially those allergies that could result in dangerous or possibly life-threatening reactions either by inhalation, ingestion, or skin contact with the particular food. It is important to disclose the food to which the student is allergic, as well as the nature of the allergic reaction. Please contact the school nurse or campus principal if your child has a known food allergy or as soon as possible after any diagnosis of a food allergy.

The district has developed and annually reviews a food allergy management plan, which addresses employee training, dealing with common food allergens, and specific strategies for dealing with students diagnosed with severe food allergies. When the district receives information that a student has a food allergy that puts the student at risk for anaphylaxis, individual care plans will be developed to assist the student in safely accessing the school environment. The district's food allergy management plan can be accessed at www.woccisd.net.

[Also see policy FFAF and Celebrations on page 23.]

Head Lice (All Grade Levels)

Head lice, although not an illness or a disease, is very common among children and is spread very easily through head-to-head contact during play, sports, or nap time and when children share things like brushes, combs, hats, and headphones. If careful observation indicates that a student has head lice, the school nurse will contact the student's parent to determine whether the child will need to be picked up from school and to discuss a plan for treatment with an FDA-approved medicated shampoo or cream rinse that may be purchased from any drug or grocery store. After the student has undergone one treatment, the parent should check in with the school nurse to discuss the treatment used. The nurse can also offer additional recommendations, including subsequent treatments and how best to get rid of lice and prevent their return.

More information on head lice can be obtained from the TDSHS website at http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/schoolhealth/lice.shtm.

Physical Activity Requirements

Elementary School

In accordance with policies at EHAB, EHAC, EHBG, and FFA, the district will ensure that students in full day prekindergarten through grade 5 engage in moderate or vigorous physical activity for at least 30 minutes per day or 135 minutes per week.

For additional information on the district's requirements and programs regarding elementary school student physical activity requirements, please see the principal.

Junior High/Middle School

In accordance with policies at EHAB, EHAC, EHBG, [and FFA], the district will ensure that students in middle or junior high school will engage in [30 minutes of moderate or vigorous physical activity per day for at least four semesters OR at least 225 minutes of moderate or vigorous physical activity within each two week period for at least four semesters].

For additional information on the district's requirements and programs regarding junior high and middle school student physical activity requirements, please see the principal.

School Health Advisory Council (SHAC) (All Grade Levels)

During the preceding school year, the district's School Health Advisory Council (SHAC) held 4 meetings. Additional information regarding the district's SHAC is available from the Director of Federal Programs at 882-5462.

The duties of the SHAC range from recommending curriculum to developing strategies for integrating curriculum into a coordinated school health program encompassing issues such as school health services, counseling services, a safe and healthy school environment, recess recommendations, improving student fitness, mental health concerns, and employee wellness.

[See policies at BDF and EHAA. See **Human Sexuality Instruction** on page **9** for additional information.]

Student Wellness Policy/Wellness Plan (All Grade Levels)

West Orange-Cove is committed to encouraging healthy students and therefore has developed a board-adopted wellness policy at FFA(LOCAL) and corresponding plans and procedures to implement the policy. You are encouraged to contact the Executive Director of Human Resources at 882-5610 with questions about the content or implementation of the district's wellness policy and plan.

Other Health-Related Matters

Physical Fitness Assessment (Grades 3–12)

Annually, the district will conduct a physical fitness assessment of students in grades 3–12 who are enrolled in a physical education course or a course for which physical education credit is awarded. At the end of the school year, a parent may submit a written request to principal to obtain the results of his or her child's physical fitness assessment conducted during the school year.

Vending Machines (All Grade Levels)

The district has adopted and implemented the state and federal policies and guidelines for food service, including the guidelines to restrict student access to vending machines. [See policies at CO and FFA.]

Tobacco Prohibited (All Grade Levels and All Others on School Property)

Students are prohibited from possessing or using any type of tobacco product, including electronic cigarettes or any other electronic vaporizing device, while on school property at any time or while attending an off campus school-related activity.

The district and its staff strictly enforce prohibitions against the use of all tobacco products, including electronic cigarettes or any other electronic vaporizing device, by students and all others on school property and at school-sponsored and school-related activities. [See the Student Code of Conduct and policies at FNCD and GKA.]

Asbestos Management Plan (All Grade Levels)

The district works diligently to maintain compliance with federal and state law governing asbestos in school buildings. A copy of the district's Asbestos Management Plan is available in the superintendent's office. If you have

any questions or would like to examine the district's plan in more detail, please contact Director of Maintenance at 882-5550.

Pest Management Plan (All Grade Levels)

The district is required to follow integrated pest management (IPM) procedures to control pests on school grounds. Although the district strives to use the safest and most effective methods to manage pests, including a variety of non-chemical control measures, pesticide use is sometimes necessary to maintain adequate pest control and ensure a safe, pest-free school environment.

All pesticides used are registered for their intended use by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and are applied only by certified pesticide applicators. Except in an emergency, signs will be posted 48 hours before indoor application. All outdoor applications will be posted at the time of treatment, and signs will remain until it is safe to enter the area. Parents who have further questions or who want to be notified prior to pesticide application inside their child's school assignment area may contact Director of Maintenance at 882-5550.

HOMELESS STUDENTS (All Grade Levels)

For more information on services for homeless students, contact the district's homeless education liaison, Dr. Wayne Guidry at 882-5462

HOMEWORK (All Grade Levels)

ILLNESS

[See Student Illness under Health-Related Matters on page 50.]

IMMUNIZATION (All Grade Levels)

A student must be fully immunized against certain diseases or must present a certificate or statement that, for medical reasons or reasons of conscience, including a religious belief, the student will not be immunized. For exemptions based on reasons of conscience, only official forms issued by the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS), Immunization Branch, can be honored by the district. This form may be obtained by writing the TDSHS Immunization Branch (MC 1946), P.O. Box 149347, Austin, Texas 78714-9347; or online at https://corequest.dshs.texas.gov/. The form must be notarized and submitted to the principal or school nurse within 90 days of notarization. If the parent is seeking an exemption for more than one student in the family, a separate form must be provided for each student.

The immunizations required are: diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis; measles, mumps, and rubella; polio; hepatitis A; hepatitis B; varicella (chicken pox); and meningococcal. The school nurse can provide information on age-appropriate doses or on an acceptable physician-validated history of illness required by the TDSHS. Proof of immunization may be established by personal records from a licensed physician or public health clinic with a signature or rubber-stamp validation.

If a student should not be immunized for medical reasons, the student or parent must present a certificate signed by a U.S. registered and licensed physician stating that, in the doctor's opinion, the immunization required is medically contraindicated or poses a significant risk to the health and well-being of the student or a member of the student's family or household. This certificate must be renewed yearly unless the physician specifies a life-long condition.

As noted at **Bacterial Meningitis**, entering college students must also, with limited exception, furnish evidence of having received a bacterial meningitis vaccination within the five years prior to enrolling in and attending classes at an institution of higher education. A student wanting to enroll in a dual credit course taken off campus may be subject to this requirement.

[For further information, see policy FFAB(LEGAL) and the TDSHS website: http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/immunize/school/default.shtm.]

LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES (All Grade Levels)

Questioning of Students

When law enforcement officers or other lawful authorities wish to question or interview a student at school, the principal will cooperate fully regarding the conditions of the interview, if the questioning or interview is part of a child abuse investigation. In other circumstances:

- The principal will verify and record the identity of the officer or other authority and ask for an explanation of the need to question or interview the student at school.
- The principal ordinarily will make reasonable efforts to notify the parents unless the interviewer raises what the principal considers to be a valid objection.
- The principal ordinarily will be present unless the interviewer raises what the principal considers to be a valid objection.

Students Taken Into Custody

State law requires the district to permit a student to be taken into legal custody:

- To comply with an order of the juvenile court.
- To comply with the laws of arrest.
- By a law enforcement officer if there is probable cause to believe the student has engaged in delinquent conduct or conduct in need of supervision.
- By a probation officer if there is probable cause to believe the student has violated a condition of probation imposed by the juvenile court.
- By an authorized representative of Child Protective Services, Texas Department of Family and Protective Services, a law enforcement officer, or a juvenile probation officer, without a court order, under the conditions set out in the Family Code relating to the student's physical health or safety.
- To comply with a properly issued directive to take a student into custody.

Before a student is released to a law enforcement officer or other legally authorized person, the principal will verify the officer's identity and, to the best of his or her ability, will verify the official's authority to take custody of the student.

The principal will immediately notify the superintendent and will ordinarily attempt to notify the parent unless the officer or other authorized person raises what the principal considers to be a valid objection to notifying the parents. Because the principal does not have the authority to prevent or delay a student's release to a law enforcement officer, any notification will most likely be after the fact.

Notification of Law Violations

The district is required by state law to notify:

- All instructional and support personnel who have responsibility for supervising a student who has been taken into custody, arrested, or referred to the juvenile court for any felony offense or for certain misdemeanors.
- All instructional and support personnel who have regular contact with a student who is thought to have committed certain offenses or who has been convicted, received deferred prosecution, received deferred adjudication, or was adjudicated for delinquent conduct for any felony offense or certain misdemeanors.
- All appropriate district personnel in regards to a student who is required to register as a sex offender.

[For further information, see policies FL(LEGAL) and GRAA(LEGAL).]

LEAVING CAMPUS (All Grade Levels)

Please remember that student attendance is crucial to learning. We ask that appointments be scheduled outside of school hours as much as reasonably possible. Also note that picking up a child early on a regular basis results in missed opportunities for learning. Unless the principal has granted approval because of extenuating circumstances, a student will not regularly be released before the end of the school day.

State rules require that parental consent be obtained before any student is allowed to leave campus for any part of the school day. The district has put the following procedures in place in order to document parental consent:

- For students in elementary and middle school, a parent or otherwise authorized adult must come to the office and sign the student out. Please be prepared to show identification. Once an identity is verified, a campus representative will then call for the student or collect the student and bring him or her to the office. For safety purposes and stability of the learning environment, we cannot allow you to go to the classroom or other area unescorted to pick up the student. If the student returns to campus the same day, the parent or authorized adult must sign the student back in through the main office upon the student's return. Documentation regarding the reason for the absence will also be required.
- For students in high school, the same process will be followed. If the student's parent will authorize the student to leave campus unaccompanied, a note provided by the parent must be submitted to the main office in advance of the absence, no later than two hours prior to the student's need to leave campus. A phone call received from the parent may be accepted, but the school may ultimately require a note to be submitted for documentation purposes. Once the office has received information that the student's parent consents to the student leaving campus, a pass will be issued to the student to hand to his or her teacher with the necessary information. The student must sign out through the main office and sign in upon his or her return, if the student returns the same day. If a student is 18 years of age or is an emancipated minor, the student may produce a note on his or her own behalf. Documentation regarding the reason for the absence will be required.
- If a student becomes ill during the school day and the school nurse or other district personnel determines that the student should go home, the nurse will contact the student's parent and document the parent's wishes regarding release from school. Unless directed by the parent to release the student unaccompanied, the parent or other authorized adult must follow the sign-out procedures as listed above. If a student is allowed to leave campus by himself or herself, as permitted by the student's parent, or if the student is age 18 or is an emancipated minor, the nurse will document the time of day the student was released. Under no circumstances will a child in elementary or middle school be released unaccompanied by a parent or adult authorized by the parent.

During Lunch

West Orange-Stark High School is a closed campus. Therefore students may not leave campus during lunch or except with the permission of the principal.

At Any Other Time During the School Day

Students are not authorized to leave campus during regular school hours for any other reason, except with the permission of the principal.

Students who leave campus in violation of these rules will be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT STUDENTS (All Grade Levels)

A student with limited English proficiency (LEP), sometimes referred to as an English language learner (ELL) in certain state statutes and state rules, is entitled to receive specialized services from the district. To determine whether the student qualifies for services, a Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC) will be formed, which will consist of both district personnel and at least one parent representative. The student's parent must consent to any services recommended by the LPAC for a LEP student. However, pending the receipt of parental consent or denial of services, an eligible student will receive the services to which the student is entitled and eligible.

In order to determine a student's level of proficiency in English, the LPAC will use information from a variety of assessments. If the student qualifies for services and once a level of proficiency has been established, the LPAC will then designate instructional accommodations or additional special programs the student will require to eventually become proficient at grade level work in English. Ongoing assessments will be conducted to determine a student's continued eligibility for the program.

The LPAC will also determine whether certain accommodations are necessary for any state-mandated assessments. The STAAR-L, as mentioned at **Standardized Testing** on page **67**, may be administered to a LEP student, or, for a student up to grade 5, a Spanish version of STAAR. In limited circumstances, a student's LPAC may exempt the student from an otherwise required state-mandated assessment or may waive certain graduation requirements related to the English I end-of-course (EOC) assessment. The Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS) will also be administered to LEP students who qualify for services.

If a student is considered LEP and receives special education services because of a qualifying disability, the student's ARD committee will make instructional and assessment decisions in conjunction with the LPAC.

LOST AND FOUND (All Grade Levels)

A "lost and found" collection box is located in the campus office. If your child has lost an item, please encourage him or her to check the lost and found box. The district discourages students from bringing to school personal items of high monetary value, as the district is not responsible for lost or stolen items. The campus will dispose of lost and found items at the end of each semester.

MAKEUP WORK

Makeup Work Because of Absence (All Grade Levels)

For any class missed by a student, the teacher may assign the student makeup work based on the instructional objectives for the subject or course and the needs of the individual student in mastering the essential knowledge and skills or in meeting subject or course requirements.

A student will be responsible for obtaining and completing the makeup work in a satisfactory manner and within the time specified by the teacher. A student who does not make up assigned work within the time allotted by the teacher will receive a grade of zero for the assignment.

A student is encouraged to speak with his or her teacher if the student knows of an absence ahead of time, including absences for extracurricular activities, so that the teacher and student may plan any work that can be completed before or shortly after the absence. Please remember the importance of student attendance at school and that, even though absences may be excused or unexcused, all absences account for the 90 percent threshold in regards to the state laws surrounding "attendance for credit or final grade." [See also **Attendance for Credit or Final Grade** on page 20.]

A student involved in an extracurricular activity must notify his or her teachers ahead of time about any absences.

A student will be permitted to make up tests and to turn in projects due in any class missed because of absence. Teachers may assign a late penalty to any long-term project in accordance with time lines approved by the principal and previously communicated to students.

DAEP Makeup Work

Elementary and Middle/Junior High School Grade Levels

Grades 9-12

A high school student removed to a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) during the school year will have an opportunity to complete, before the beginning of the next school year, a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal. The district may provide the opportunity to complete the course through an alternative method, including a correspondence course, another distance learning option, or

summer school. The district will not charge the student for any method of completion provided by the district. [See policy FOCA(LEGAL).]

In-school Suspension (ISS) Makeup Work (All Grade Levels)

A student removed from the regular classroom to in-school suspension or another setting, other than a DAEP, will have an opportunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course the student was enrolled in at the time of removal from the regular classroom. The district may provide the opportunity by any method available, including a correspondence course, another distance learning option, or summer school. The district will not charge the student for any method of completion provided by the district. [See policy FO(LEGAL).]

MEDICINE AT SCHOOL (All Grade Levels)

The district will not purchase medication to give to a student. District employees will not give a student prescription medication, nonprescription medication, herbal substances, anabolic steroids, or dietary supplements, with the following exceptions:

Only authorized employees, in accordance with policy FFAC, may administer:

- Prescription medication, in the original, properly labeled container, provided by the parent, along with a written request.
- Prescription medication from a properly labeled unit dosage container filled by a registered nurse or another qualified district employee from the original, properly labeled container.
- Nonprescription medication, in the original, properly labeled container, provided by the parent along with a written request.
- Herbal or dietary supplements provided by the parent only if required by the student's individualized education program (IEP) or Section 504 plan for a student with disabilities.

Students whose schedules provide for regular time spent outdoors, including for recess and physical education classes, should apply sunscreen before coming to school.

For students at the elementary level, the student's teacher or other district personnel will apply sunscreen to a student's exposed skin if the student brings the sunscreen to school and requests assistance with the application of the sunscreen. Nothing prohibits a student at this level from applying his or her own sunscreen if the student is capable of doing so.

For students at the secondary level, a student may possess and apply sunscreen when necessary. If the student will need assistance with this application, please address the need for assistance with the school nurse.

Whether a student is at the elementary or secondary level, if sunscreen needs to be administered to treat any type of medical condition, this should be handled through communication with the school nurse so that the district is made aware of any safety and medical issues.

A student with asthma or severe allergic reaction (anaphylaxis) may be permitted to possess and use prescribed asthma or anaphylaxis medication at school or school-related events only if he or she has written authorization from his or her parent and a physician or other licensed health-care provider. The student must also demonstrate to his or her physician or health-care provider and to the school nurse the ability to use the prescribed medication, including any device required to administer the medication.

If the student has been prescribed asthma or anaphylaxis medication for use during the school day, the student and parents should discuss this with the school nurse or principal.

In accordance with a student's individual health plan for management of diabetes, a student with diabetes will be permitted to possess and use monitoring and treatment supplies and equipment while at school or at a school-related activity. See the school nurse or principal for information. [See policy FFAF(LEGAL).]

Psychotropic Drugs

A psychotropic drug is a substance used in the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of a disease or as a component of a medication. It is intended to have an altering effect on perception, emotion, or behavior and is commonly described as a mood- or behavior-altering substance.

Teachers and other district employees may discuss a student's academic progress or behavior with the student's parents or another employee as appropriate; however, they are not permitted to recommend use of psychotropic drugs. A district employee who is a registered nurse, an advanced nurse practitioner, a physician, or a certified or credentialed mental health professional can recommend that a student be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner, if appropriate. [For further information, see policy FFAC.]

NONDISCRIMINATION STATEMENT (All Grade Levels)

In its efforts to promote nondiscrimination and as required by law, West Orange-Cove does not discriminate on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, gender, sex, disability, age, or any other basis prohibited by law, in providing education services, activities, and programs, including CTE programs, and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. The following district representatives have been designated to coordinate compliance with these legal requirements:

- Title IX Coordinator, for concerns regarding discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual harassment or gender-based harassment: Executive Director of Human Resources, 882-5610.
- ADA/Section 504 Coordinator, for concerns regarding discrimination on the basis of disability: Director of Special Services, 882-5407.
- All other concerns regarding discrimination: See the superintendent, Superintendent, 882-5500.

[See policies FB(LOCAL) and FFH(LOCAL).]

NONTRADITIONAL ACADEMIC PROGRAMS (All Grade Levels)

PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT (All Grade Levels)

Working Together

Both experience and research tell us that a child's education succeeds best when there is good communication and a strong partnership between home and school. Your involvement in this partnership may include:

- Encouraging your child to put a high priority on education and working with your child on a daily basis to make the most of the educational opportunities the school provides.
- Ensuring that your child completes all homework assignments and special projects and comes to school each day prepared, rested, and ready to learn.
- Becoming familiar with all of your child's school activities and with the academic programs, including special programs, offered in the district.
- Discussing with the school counselor or principal any questions you may have about the options and opportunities available to your child.
- Reviewing the requirements and options for graduation with your child in middle school and again while your child is enrolled in high school.
- Monitoring your child's academic progress and contacting teachers as needed. [See Academic Counseling on page 29.]
- Attending scheduled conferences and requesting additional conferences as needed. To schedule a telephone or in-person conference with a teacher, school counselor, or principal, please call the high school office at

North Early Learning Center- 409-882-5434-or West Orange-Stark Elementary - 882-5630 for

882-5570 for an appointment. The teacher will usually return your call or meet with you during his or her conference period or before or after school. [See **Report Cards/Progress Reports and Conferences** on page 62.]

- Becoming a school volunteer. [For further information, see policy GKG and **Volunteers** on page 72.]
- Participating in campus parent organizations such as the Parent Teacher Association (PTA), which forms a vital part of any school system. Please contact the campus principal for more information.
- Serving as a parent representative on the district-level or campus-level planning committees, assisting in the development of educational goals and plans to improve student achievement. [For further information, see policies at BQA and BQB, and contact campus principal.]
- Serving on the School Health Advisory Council (SHAC), assisting the district in ensuring local community values are reflected in health education instruction and other wellness issues. [See policies at BDF, EHAA, FFA, and information in this handbook at **School Health Advisory Council** on page 53.]
- Serving on a committee to determine criteria to be used to evaluate the overall performance of the district and each campus in community and student engagement. For further information, please contact the campus principal.
- Being aware of the school's ongoing bullying and harassment prevention efforts.
- Contacting school officials if you are concerned with your child's emotional or mental well-being.
- Attending board meetings to learn more about district operations. [See policies at BE and BED for more information.]

Parent Involvement Coordinator

The Parent Involvement Coordinator, who works with parents of students participating in Title I programs is Dr. Wayne Guidry and may be contacted at (409) 882-5462.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS / HEALTH SCREENINGS

Athletics' Participation (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

A student who wishes to participate in, or continue participation in, the district's athletics program governed by the UIL must submit certification from a health-care provider authorized under UIL rules that the student has been examined and is physically able to participate in the athletic program.

This examination is required to be submitted annually to the district.

Other Exams and Screenings (All Grade Levels)

Choose if applicable to your regional education service area: Students are required to undergo a risk assessment for type 2 diabetes at the same time the district screens students for hearing and vision issues, or for abnormal spinal curvatures.

[Also see policy FFAA.]

PLEDGES OF ALLEGIANCE AND A MINUTE OF SILENCE (All Grade Levels)

Each school day, students will recite the Pledge of Allegiance to the United States flag and the Pledge of Allegiance to the Texas flag. Parents may submit a written request to the principal to excuse their child from reciting a pledge. [See Reciting the Pledges to the U.S. and Texas Flags on page [0.]

State law requires that one minute of silence follow recitation of the pledges. Each student may choose to reflect, pray, meditate, or engage in any other silent activity during that minute so long as the silent activity does not interfere with or distract others. In addition, state law requires that each campus provide for the observance of one

minute of silence at the beginning of the first class period when September 11 falls on a regular school day in remembrance of those who lost their lives on September 11, 2001.

[See policy EC for more information.]

PRAYER (All Grade Levels)

Each student has a right to individually, voluntarily, and silently pray or meditate in school in a manner that does not disrupt instructional or other activities of the school. The school will not encourage, require, or coerce a student to engage in or to refrain from such prayer or meditation during any school activity.

PROMOTION AND RETENTION

A student will be promoted only on the basis of academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency in the subject matter of the course or grade level, the recommendation of the student's teacher, the score received on any criterion-referenced or state-mandated assessment, and any other necessary academic information as determined by the district.

In addition, at certain grade levels a student—with limited exceptions—will be required to pass the State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR), if the student is enrolled in a public Texas school on any day between January 1 and the date of the first administration of the STAAR.

Elementary and Middle/Junior High Grade Levels

In grades promotion is based on refer to your EIE(LOCAL) and include promotion standards for the respective grade levels here.

In grades promotion is based on refer to your EIE(LOCAL) and include promotion standards for the respective grade levels here.

In order to be promoted to grade 6, students enrolled in grade 5 must perform satisfactorily on the mathematics and reading sections of the grade 5 assessment in English or Spanish.

In order to be promoted to grade 9, students enrolled in grade 8 must perform satisfactorily on the mathematics and reading sections of the grade 8 assessment in English.

If a student in grade 5 or 8 is enrolled in a course that earns high school credit and for which an end-of-course (EOC) assessment will be administered, the student will not be subject to the promotion requirements described above for the relevant grade 5 or 8 assessment.

If a student in grades 3—8 is enrolled in a class or course intended for students above his or her current grade level in which the student will be administered a state mandated assessment, the student will be required to take an applicable state mandated assessment only for the course in which he or she is enrolled, unless otherwise required to do so by federal law.

[See Standardized Testing on page 67.]

A student in grade 5 or 8 will have two additional opportunities to take a failed assessment. If a student fails a second time, a grade placement committee, consisting of the principal or designee, the teacher, and the student's parent, will determine the additional special instruction the student will receive. After a third failed attempt, the student will be retained; however, the parent can appeal this decision to the committee. In order for the student to be promoted, based on standards previously established by the district, the decision of the committee must be unanimous and the student must complete additional special instruction before beginning the next grade level. Whether the student is retained or promoted, an educational plan for the student will be designed to enable the student to perform at grade level by the end of the next school year. [See policy EIE.]

Certain students—some with disabilities and some with limited English proficiency—may be eligible for exemptions, accommodations, or deferred testing. For more information, see the principal, school counselor, or special education director.

Parents of a student at or above grade level 3 who does not perform satisfactorily on his or her state mandated exams will be notified that their child will participate in special instructional programs designed to improve

performance. The student may be required to participate in this instruction before or after normal school hours or outside of the normal school year. Failure of a student to attend these programs may result in violations of required school attendance as well as the student not being promoted to the next grade level.

A Personal Graduation Plan (PGP) will be prepared for any student at the middle school or junior high level who did not perform satisfactorily on a state-mandated assessment or is determined by the district as not likely to earn a high school diploma before the fifth school year following enrollment in grade 9. The PGP will be designed and implemented by a school counselor, teacher, or other staff member designated by the principal. The plan will, among other items, identify the student's educational goals, address the parent's educational expectations for the student, and outline an intensive instruction program for the student. [For additional information, see the school counselor or principal and policy EIF(LEGAL).] For a student receiving special education services, the student's IEP may serve as the student's PGP and would therefore be developed by the student's ARD committee.

[For information related to the development of personal graduation plans for high school students, see **Personal** Graduation Plans for Students Under the Foundation Graduation Program on page 48.]

High School Grade Levels

To earn credit in a course, a student must receive a grade of at least 70 based on course-level or grade-level standards.

A student in grades 9–12 will be advanced a grade level based on the number of course credits earned. [Also see **Grade Level Classification** on page 44.]

Students will also have multiple opportunities to retake EOC assessments. [See **Graduation** on page 44 and **Standardized Testing** on page 67 for more information about EOC assessments.]

RELEASE OF STUDENTS FROM SCHOOL

[See Leaving Campus on page 55.]

REPORT CARDS / PROGRESS REPORTS AND CONFERENCES (All Grade Levels)

Report cards with each student's grades or performance and absences in each class or subject are issued to parents at the end of the grading cycle.

At the end of the first three weeks of a grading period parents will be given a written progress report if their child's performance in any course is near or below 70, or is below the expected level of performance. If the student receives a grade lower than 70 in any class or subject at the end of a grading period, the parent will be requested to schedule a conference with the teacher of that class or subject. [See **Working Together** on page 59 for how to schedule a conference.]

Teachers follow grading guidelines that have been approved by the **Board** pursuant to the board-adopted policy and are designed to reflect each student's relative mastery of each assignment for the grading period, semester, or course. State law provides that a test or course grade issued by a teacher cannot be changed unless the board determines that the grade was arbitrary or contains an error, or that the teacher did not follow the district's grading policy. [See policy EIA(LOCAL) and **Grading Guidelines** on page 44.]

Questions about grade calculation should first be discussed with the teacher; if the question is not resolved, the student or parent may request a conference with the principal in accordance with FNG(LOCAL).

The report card or unsatisfactory progress report will state whether tutorials are required for a student who receives a grade lower than 75 in a class or subject.

Report cards and unsatisfactory progress reports must be signed by the parent and returned to the school within days.

RETALIATION

[See Dating Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation on page 32.]

SAFETY (All Grade Levels)

Student safety on campus, at school-related events, and on district vehicles is a high priority of the district. Although the district has implemented safety procedures, the cooperation of students is essential to ensuring school safety. A student is expected to:

- Avoid conduct that is likely to put the student or others at risk.
- Follow the behavioral standards in this handbook and the Student Code of Conduct, as well as any additional rules for behavior and safety set by the principal, teachers, or bus drivers.
- Remain alert to and promptly report to a teacher or the principal any safety hazards, such as intruders on campus or threats made by any person toward a student or staff member.
- Know emergency evacuation routes and signals.
- Follow immediately the instructions of teachers, bus drivers, and other district employees who are overseeing the welfare of students.

Accident Insurance

Soon after the school year begins, parents will have the opportunity to purchase low-cost accident insurance that would help meet medical expenses in the event of injury to their child.

Preparedness Drills: Evacuation, Severe Weather, and Other Emergencies

From time to time, students, teachers, and other district employees will participate in preparedness drills of emergency procedures. When the command is given or alarm is sounded, students need to follow the direction of teachers or others in charge quickly, quietly, and in an orderly manner.

Emergency Medical Treatment and Information

If a student has a medical emergency at school or a school-related activity when the parent cannot be reached, the school may have to rely on previously provided written parental consent to obtain emergency medical treatment, and information about allergies to medications, foods, insect bites, etc. Therefore, parents are asked each year to complete an emergency care consent form. Parents should keep emergency care information up-to-date (name of doctor, emergency phone numbers, allergies, etc.). Please contact the school nurse to update any information that the nurse or the teacher needs to know.

Emergency School-Closing Information

Each year, parents are asked to complete an emergency release form to provide contact information in the event that school is dismissed early or opening is delayed because of severe weather or another emergency, or if the campus must restrict access due to a security threat.

Rarely is it necessary for the Superintendent to close schools because of inclement weather conditions. However, should weather conditions be such that parents suspect that schools might be closed, they should listen to local radio station or TV stations for official announcements by the District.

In cases of severe weather or local flooding due to torrential rains, lightning, or high winds, students will not be dismissed from school until the superintendent and principal determines it is safe for students to go home. Students may leave school if an authorized adult, parent, or guardian personally arrives at the campus to pick them up. However, District officials prefer that students remain at school until the weather emergency is over to minimize traffic congestion at the school.

In the event of a serious safety event or disaster, and it becomes necessary to evacuate a campus, housing will be provided for the remainder of the school day. The location sites will be designated at the time of the event/disaster. The transportation department will use the same buses with the location of the suggested housing being determined by the superintendent. Parents, who come and want to pick up children from the new location, will be permitted to do so. At the end of the school day buses will run and students will be dismissed as usual, if conditions permit.

SAT, ACT, AND OTHER STANDARDIZED TESTS

[See Standardized Testing on page 67.]

SCHEDULE CHANGES (Middle/Junior High and High School Grade Levels)

Schedule changes should be made the week prior to the beginning of each semester. Necessary changes in courses may be made within the first five school days of a semester without penalty. The staff may change achievement levels in courses as needed. Students shall be responsible for making up work issued on essential knowledge and skills and objectives for the new course.

All students are expected to attend school for the entire school day and maintain a class/course schedule to fulfill each period of the day. Exceptions may be made occasionally by the campus principal for students in grades 9-12 who meet specific criteria and receive parental consent to enroll in less than a full-day's schedule.

SCHOOL FACILITIES

Use by Students Before and After School (All Grade Levels)

Certain areas of the school will be accessible to students before and after school for specific purposes. Students are required to remain in the area where their activity is scheduled to take place.

For High School students, the gym and cafeteria are open to students in the morning.

Unless the teacher or sponsor overseeing an activity gives permission, a student will not be permitted to go to another area of the building or campus.

After dismissal of school in the afternoon, unless a student is involved in an activity under the supervision of a teacher or other authorized employee or adult, or unless students are granted permission to remain on campus in accordance with policy FNAB, students must leave campus immediately.

Conduct Before and After School (All Grade Levels)

Teachers and administrators have full authority over student conduct at before- or after-school activities on district premises and at school-sponsored events off district premises, such as play rehearsals, club meetings, athletic practices, and special study groups or tutorials. Students are subject to the same rules of conduct that apply during the instructional day and will be subject to consequences established by the Student Code of Conduct or any stricter standards of behavior established by the sponsor for extracurricular participants.

Use of Hallways During Class Time (All Grade Levels)

Loitering or standing in the halls during class is not permitted. During class time, a student must have a hall pass to be outside the classroom for any purpose. Failure to obtain a pass will result in disciplinary action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

Cafeteria Services (All Grade Levels)

The district participates in the School Breakfast Program and National School Lunch Program and offers students nutritionally balanced meals daily in accordance with standards set forth in state and federal law.

Free and reduced-price meals are available based on financial need or household situation. Information about a student's participation is confidential; however, disclosure of a student's eligibility may be made without prior notice

or consent to programs, activities, and individuals that are specifically authorized access under the National School Lunch Act (NSLA), which is the law that sets forth the disclosure limits for the district's child nutrition programs. A student's name, eligibility status, and other information may be disclosed to certain agencies as authorized under the NSLA to facilitate the enrollment of eligible children in Medicaid or the state children's health insurance program (CHIP) unless the student's parent notifies the district that a student's information should not be disclosed. A parent's decision will not affect the child's eligibility for free and reduced price meals or free milk. See campus principal to apply for free or reduced price meal services.

State and federal law, as well as board-adopted policies, define when, where, and by whom competitive foods, which are foods not sold as part of the regular meal program, can be served or sold on school premises during the school day. [For more information, see policies CO(LEGAL) and FFA(LOCAL).]

MEAL/ CHARGE POLICY

Grade Levels: (Prekindergarten 12th grade) Students will not be eligible to charge meals to their student

accounts. They will however be offered an emergency meal.

Meals: The emergency meals policy applies to reimbursable breakfast/lunch meals only.

Students $\underline{\text{will not}}$ be able to purchase ala carte items if they are receiving an emergency meal.

Lunch Prices:

Reduced Lunch Meals \$0.40 Paid Lunch Meals \$2.10 Adult Lunch Meals \$3.25

The School Nutrition Services Department wants to:

- Feed all students.
- Make sure that every student has a completed meal application on file.
- Ensure it is common knowledge that parents are responsible to pay for all meals eaten until their student is
 approved for free and/or reduced priced meals. Help campuses to put students on emergency free meals, if
 necessary.
- Notify families whose students have unpaid meal charges through phone calls and/or letters from the school staff and/or school nutrition services campus staff.
- Seek principal intervention for students that continue to incur a balance, but has no application on file. Principals or designees can complete an application for students that they have reason to believe should be on the free meal program, but the family has failed to complete an application.

Policy:

A student will be allowed to eat (3) consecutive emergency meals in which they receive a choice of a cheese sandwich or sun butter & jelly sandwich. Letters will be issued by the cafeteria manager to students who are receiving an emergency meal after the consecutive 3rd meal.

Dining Halls and Patio

There are two dining halls and a patio for the convenience of the student body and faculty. The senior dining hall and patio are exclusively for seniors and faculty members. The underclassmen dining hall may be used by grades 9-11 and faculty. It is the belief of our school District that a well-nourished body improves the efficiency of the mind. Students must eat in the dining halls.

Follow these suggestions for more pleasant meals in the dining halls:

- 1. Develop a courteous attitude toward the rights of others.
- 2. Do not push or run to form lunch lines.
- 3. Report any spills to dining hall personnel.
- 4. Do not break line to be served.
- 5. Dispose of all food and waste materials in the proper places.

- 6. Eat only in the dining hall or in designated areas.
- 7. Specific tables will be designated by dining hall personnel for student breakfast.
- 8. Purchase only one tray of food at a time.
- 9. Practice good table manners. Refrain from the use of personally offensive language both in line and at the tables.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE PROCEDURES WILL MERIT DISCIPLINARY ACTION.

Lunch Period

All students are to eat in their dining hall, unless special permission has been granted through the principal's office.

Policies on Building and Grounds during Noon Hour

- 1. Students are to be in the cafeteria or patio area.
- 2. Students who bring food (lunch) on campus must eat it in the dining halls. All food and beverages must be consumed in the cafeteria or designated area approved by the principal.

Library (All Grade Levels)

The library is a learning laboratory with books, computers, magazines, and other materials available for classroom assignments, projects, and reading or listening pleasure.

Meetings of Non-curriculum-Related Groups (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

Student-organized, student-led non-curriculum-related groups are permitted to meet during the hours designated by the principal before and after school. These groups must comply with the requirements of policy FNAB(LOCAL).

A list of these groups is available in the principal's office.

SEARCHES

In the interest of promoting student safety and attempting to ensure that schools are safe and drug free, district officials may from time to time conduct searches. Such searches are conducted without a warrant and as permitted by law.

Students' Desks and Lockers (All Grade Levels)

Students' desks and lockers are school property and remain under the control and jurisdiction of the school even when assigned to an individual student.

Students are fully responsible for the security and contents of their assigned desks and lockers. Students must be certain that their lockers are locked, and that the combinations are not available to others.

Searches of desks or lockers may be conducted at any time there is reasonable suspicion to believe that they contain articles or materials prohibited by policy, whether or not a student is present.

The parent will be notified if any prohibited items are found in the student's desk or locker.

Telecommunications and Other Electronic Devices (All Grade Levels)

Use of district-owned equipment and its network systems is not private and will be monitored by the district. [See policy CQ for more information.]

Any searches of personal telecommunications or other personal electronic devices will be conducted in accordance with law, and the device may be confiscated in order to perform a lawful search. A confiscated device may be turned over to law enforcement to determine whether a crime has been committed.

[See policy FNF(LEGAL) and Electronic Devices and Technology Resources on page 37 for more information.]

Vehicles on Campus (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

A student has full responsibility for the security and content of his or her vehicle parked on district property and must make certain that it is locked and that the keys are not given to others. [See also the Student Code of Conduct.]

Vehicles parked on district property are under the jurisdiction of the district. School officials may search any vehicle any time there is reasonable suspicion to do so, with or without the permission of the student. If a vehicle subject to search is locked, the student will be asked to unlock the vehicle. If the student refuses, the student's parent will be contacted. If a search is also refused by the student's parent, the district will turn the matter over to law enforcement. The district may, in certain circumstances, contact law enforcement even if permission to search is granted.

Trained Dogs (All Grade Levels)

The district will use trained dogs to alert school officials to the presence of prohibited or illegal items, including drugs and alcohol. At any time, trained dogs may be used around lockers and the areas around vehicles parked on school property. Searches of classrooms, common areas, or student belongings may also be conducted by trained dogs when students are not present. An item in a classroom, a locker, or a vehicle to which a trained dog alerts may be searched by school officials.

Metal Detectors (All Grade Levels)

Students shall be notified at the beginning of each school year that they are subject to metal detector searches on a random basis. If the metal detector alerts to the presence of metal after the student has been asked to remove all metal objects from his or her person and possessions, or if a student refuses to remove all metal objects from his or her person and possessions without giving a satisfactory explanation, the District shall notify the student's parent(s), guardian, or person having lawful control. If, following such notification, the student again refuses to remove all metal objects from his or her person and personal possessions, the student shall be required to leave school property, in accordance with any applicable procedures in the Student Code of Conduct. If, following such notification, the student again refuses to remove all metal objects from his or her person and personal possessions, the District may turn them over to law enforcement officials.

[For further information, see policy FNF(LOCAL).]

Drug-Testing (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

[For further information, see policy FNF(LOCAL). Also see **Steroids** on page 69.]

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

[See Dating Violence, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation on page 32.]

SPECIAL PROGRAMS (All Grade Levels)

The district provides special programs for gifted and talented students, homeless students, bilingual students, migrant students, students with limited English proficiency or who are English language learners, students diagnosed with dyslexia, and students with disabilities. The coordinator of each program can answer questions about eligibility requirements, as well as programs and services offered in the district or by other organizations. A student or parent with questions about these programs should contact the Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum and Instruction, 882-5555.

STANDARDIZED TESTING

Secondary Grade Levels

SAT/ACT (Scholastic Aptitude Test and American College Test)

Many colleges require either the American College Test (ACT) or the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) for admission. Students are encouraged to talk with the school counselor early during their junior year to determine the appropriate

exam to take; these exams are usually taken at the end of the junior year. The Preliminary SAT (PSAT) and ACT-Aspire are the corresponding preparatory and readiness assessments for the SAT and ACT, and more information can be obtained on these assessments from the school counselor.

Note that participation in these assessments may qualify a student to receive a performance acknowledgment on his or her diploma and transcript under the foundation graduation program and may qualify as a substitute for an end-of-course testing requirement in certain circumstances. A student's performance at a certain level on the SAT or ACT also makes the student eligible for automatic admission to a Texas public institution of higher education.

TSI (Texas Success Initiative) Assessment

Prior to enrollment in a Texas public college or university, most students must take a standardized test called the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessment. The purpose of the TSI assessment is to assess the reading, mathematics, and writing skills that entering freshmen-level students should have if they are to perform effectively in undergraduate certificate or degree programs in Texas public colleges and universities. This assessment may be required before a student enrolls in a dual-credit course offered through the district as well. Achieving certain benchmark scores on this assessment for college readiness may also waive certain end-of-course assessment requirements in limited circumstances.

STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness)

Grades 3-8

In addition to routine tests and other measures of achievement, students at certain grade levels are required to take the state assessment, called STAAR, in the following subjects:

- Mathematics, annually in grades 3 8
- Reading, annually in grades 3 8
- Writing, including spelling and grammar, in grades 4 and 7
- Science in grades 5 and 8
- Social Studies in grade 8

Successful performance on the reading and math assessments in grades 5 and 8 is required by law, unless the student is enrolled in a reading or math course intended for students above the student's current grade level, in order for the student to be promoted to the next grade level. [See **Promotion and Retention** on page 61 for additional information.]

STAAR A will be available for an eligible student with a Section 504 accommodation plan who has been identified with dyslexia or a related disorder, as well as for a student receiving special education services, if the student meets state established criteria and requires certain instructional and assessment accommodations on a routine basis.

STAAR Alternate 2, for students receiving special education services who meet certain state established criteria, will be available for eligible students, as determined by the student's ARD committee.

STAAR L is a linguistically accommodated assessment that is available for certain limited English proficient (LEP) students, as determined by the student's Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC). A Spanish version of STAAR is also available to students through grade 5 who need this accommodation.

High School Courses—End-of-Course (EOC) Assessments

STAAR end-of-course (EOC) assessments are administered for the following courses:

- Algebra I
- English I and English II,
- Biology

United States History

Satisfactory performance on the applicable assessments will be required for graduation, unless otherwise waived or substituted as allowed by state law and rules.

There are three testing windows during the year in which a student may take an EOC assessment, which will occur during the fall, spring, and summer months. If a student does not meet satisfactory performance, the student will have additional opportunities to retake the assessment.

STAAR-A will be available for an eligible student with a Section 504 accommodation plan who has been identified with dyslexia or a related disorder, as well as for a student receiving special education services, if the student meets state-established criteria and requires certain instructional and assessment accommodations on a routine basis.

STAAR Alternate 2, for students receiving special education services who meet certain criteria established by the state, will be available for eligible students, as determined by the student's ARD committee.

A student's ARD committee for students receiving special education services will determine whether successful performance on the EOC assessments will be required for graduation within the parameters identified in state rules and the student's personal graduation plan.

STAAR-L, which is a linguistically accommodated assessment, will be available for students who have been determined to be limited English proficient (LEP) and who require this type of testing accommodation.

[Also see **Graduation** on page 44 for additional information.]

STEROIDS (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

State law prohibits students from possessing, dispensing, delivering, or administering an anabolic steroid. Anabolic steroids are for medical use only, and only a physician can prescribe use.

Body building, muscle enhancement, or the increase of muscle bulk or strength through the use of an anabolic steroid or human growth hormone by a healthy student is not a valid medical use and is a criminal offense.

Students participating in UIL athletic competition may be subject to random steroid testing. More information on the UIL testing program may be found on the UIL website at http://www.uiltexas.org/health/steroid-information.

STUDENTS IN FOSTER CARE (All Grade Levels)

In an effort to provide educational stability, the district strives to assist any student who is currently placed or newly placed in foster care (temporary or permanent custody of the state) with the enrollment and registration process, as well as other educational services throughout the student's enrollment in the district.

A student who is placed in foster care and who is moved outside of the district's attendance boundaries is entitled to continue in enrollment at the school he or she was attending prior to the placement until the student reaches the highest grade level at the particular school. In addition, if a student in grade 11 or 12 is transferred to another district and does not meet the graduation requirements of the transferring district, the student can request to receive a diploma from the previous district if he or she meets the criteria to graduate from the previous district.

Please contact Dr. Nina LaBlanc, who has been designated as the district's foster care liaison, at 882-5407 with any questions.

STUDENT SPEAKERS (All Grade Levels)

The district provides students the opportunity to introduce the following school events: Athletic events, daily announcements, or other events as designated by the principal and approved by the superintendent. If a student meets the eligibility criteria and wishes to introduce one of the school events listed above, the student should submit his or her name in accordance with policy FNA(LOCAL).

[See policy FNA(LOCAL) regarding other speaking opportunities and **Graduation** on page 44 for information related to student speakers at graduation ceremonies.]

SUBSTANCE ABUSE PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION (All Grade Levels)

If you are worried that your child may be using or is in danger of experimenting, using, or abusing illegal drugs or other prohibited substances, please contact the school counselor. The school counselor can provide you with a list of community resources that may be of assistance to you. The TDSHS maintains information regarding children's mental health and substance abuse intervention services on its website: http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/mhsa-child-adolescent-services/.

SUICIDE AWARENESS (All Grade Levels)

The district is committed to partnering with parents to support the healthy mental, emotional, and behavioral development of its students. If you are concerned about your child, please access http://www.texassuicideprevention.org or contact the school counselor for more information related to suicide prevention services available in your area.

SUMMER SCHOOL (All Grade Levels)

TARDIES (All Grade Levels)

A student is considered tardy to class if he/she is not in his/her seat when the tardy bell rings. Each class will be independent of other classes concerning number of tardies.

In accordance with campus policy, students will be assigned a campus-level consequence for habitual tardy violations.

The school may notify the Court of Law that the student has reached a number of tardies that are then considered as "egregious", which then may result in penalties against both the student and parent/guardian. (AG Opinion No. DM-200)

TEXTBOOKS, ELECTRONIC TEXTBOOKS, TECHNOLOGICAL EQUIPMENT, AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS (All Grade Levels)

Textbooks and other district-approved instructional materials are provided to students free of charge for each subject or class. Any books must be covered by the student, as directed by the teacher, and treated with care. Electronic textbooks and technological equipment may also be provided to students, depending on the course and course objectives. A student who is issued a damaged item should report the damage to the teacher. Any student failing to return an item in acceptable condition loses the right to free textbooks and technological equipment until the item is returned or the damage paid for by the parent; however, the student will be provided the necessary instructional resources and equipment for use at school during the school day.

TRANSFERS (All Grade Levels)

The principal is authorized to transfer a student from one classroom to another.

[See Safety Transfers/Assignments, on page 14, Bullying, on page 22, and Students Who Have Learning Difficulties or Who Need Special Education Services, on page 14, for other transfer options.]

TRANSPORTATION (All Grade Levels)

School-Sponsored Trips

Students who participate in school-sponsored trips are required to use transportation provided by the school to and from the event. As approved by the principal, a coach or sponsor of an extracurricular activity may establish procedures related to making an exception to this requirement when a parent requests that the student be released to the parent or to another adult designated by the parent.

Buses and Other School Vehicles

The district makes school bus transportation available to all students living two or more miles from school. This service is provided at no cost to students.

Bus routes and stops will be designated annually, and any subsequent changes will be posted at the school and on the district's website. For the safety of the operator of the vehicle and all passengers, students must board buses or other vehicles only at authorized stops, and drivers must unload passengers only at authorized stops.

A parent may also designate a child-care facility or grandparent's residence as the regular pickup and drop-off location for his or her child. The designated facility or residence must be on an approved stop on an approved route. For information on bus routes and stops or to designate an alternate pickup or drop-off location, you may contact Lynda Willie at transportation (409-886-1855).

[See the Student Code of Conduct for provisions regarding transportation to the DAEP.]

Students are expected to assist district staff in ensuring that buses and other district vehicles remain in good condition and that transportation is provided safely. When riding in district vehicles, including buses, students are held to behavioral standards established in this handbook and the Student Code of Conduct. Students must:

- Follow the driver's directions at all times.
- Enter and leave the vehicle in an orderly manner at the designated stop.
- Keep feet, books, instrument cases, and other objects out of the aisle.
- Not deface the vehicle or its equipment.
- Not put head, hands, arms, or legs out of the window, hold any object out of the window, or throw objects within or out of the vehicle.
- Not possess or use any form of tobacco on any district vehicle.
- Observe all usual classroom rules.
- Be seated while the vehicle is moving.
- Fasten their seat belts, if available.
- Wait for the driver's signal upon leaving the vehicle and before crossing in front of the vehicle.
- Follow any other rules established by the operator of the vehicle.

Misconduct will be punished in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct; the privilege to ride in a district vehicle, including a school bus, may be suspended or revoked.

VANDALISM (All Grade Levels)

The taxpayers of the community have made a sustained financial commitment for the construction and upkeep of school facilities. To ensure that school facilities can serve those for whom they are intended—both this year and for years to come—littering, defacing, or damaging school property is not tolerated. Students will be required to pay for damages they cause and will be subject to criminal proceedings as well as disciplinary consequences in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct

VIDEO CAMERAS (All Grade Levels)

For safety purposes, video and audio recording equipment is used to monitor student behavior, including on buses and in common areas on campus. Students will not be told when the equipment is being used.

The principal will review the video and audio recordings routinely and document student misconduct. Discipline will be in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

VISITORS TO THE SCHOOL (All Grade Levels)

General Visitors

Parents and others are welcome to visit district schools. For the safety of those within the school and to avoid disruption of instructional time, all visitors must first report to the main office and must comply with all

applicable district policies and procedures. When arriving on campus, all parents and other visitors should be prepared to show identification.

Visits to individual classrooms during instructional time are permitted only with approval of the principal and teacher and only so long as their duration or frequency does not interfere with the delivery of instruction or disrupt the normal school environment. Even if the visit is approved prior to the visitor's arrival, the individual must check in at the main office first.

All visitors are expected to demonstrate the highest standards of courtesy and conduct; disruptive behavior will not be permitted.

Visitors Participating in Special Programs for Students

On [your district's name for any special program related to postsecondary opportunities and date, if offered], the district invites representatives from colleges and universities and other higher education institutions, prospective employers, and military recruiters to present information to interested students.

Parents and others are welcome to visit District schools. For the safety of those within the school and to avoid disruption of instructional time, all visitors must first report to the main office complete V-Soft (Raptor) visitor screening process and obtain a visitor's badge. When arriving on campus, all parents and other visitors should be prepared to show identification.

Visits to individual classrooms during instructional time are permitted only with approval of the principal and teacher and only so long as their duration or frequency does not interfere with the delivery of instruction or disrupt the normal school environment. Even if the visit is approved prior to the visitor's arrival, the individual must check in at the main office first.

All visitors are expected to demonstrate the highest standards of courtesy and conduct; disruptive behavior will not be permitted.

VOLUNTEERS (All Grade Levels)

We appreciate so much the efforts of parent and grandparent volunteers that are willing to serve our district and students. If you are interested in volunteering, please contact the campus principal for more information and to complete an application.

VOTER REGISTRATION (Secondary Grade Levels Only)

A student who is eligible to vote in any local, state, or federal election may obtain a voter registration application at the main campus office.

WITHDRAWING FROM SCHOOL (All Grade Levels)

A student under 18 may be withdrawn from school only by a parent. The school requests notice from the parent at least three days in advance so that records and documents may be prepared. The parent may obtain a withdrawal form from the principal's office.

On the student's last day, the withdrawal form must be presented to each teacher for current grade averages and book and equipment clearance; to the librarian to ensure a clear library record; to the clinic for health records; to the school counselor for the last report card and course clearance; and finally, to the principal. A copy of the withdrawal form will be given to the student, and a copy will be placed in the student's permanent record.

A student who is 18 or older, who is married, or who has been declared by a court to be an emancipated minor may withdraw without parental signature.

Glossary

Accelerated instruction is an intensive supplemental program designed to address the needs of an individual student in acquiring the knowledge and skills required at his or her grade level and/or as a result of a student not meeting the passing standard on a state-mandated assessment.

ACT-Aspire refers to an assessment that took the place of ACT-Plan and is designed as a preparatory and readiness assessment for the ACT. This is usually taken by students in grade 10.

ACT refers to one of the two most frequently used college or university admissions exams: the American College Test. The test may be a requirement for admission to certain colleges or universities.

ARD is the admission, review, and dismissal committee convened for each student who is identified as needing a full and individual evaluation for special education services. The eligible student and his or her parents are members of the committee.

Attendance review committee is responsible for reviewing a student's absences when the student's attendance drops below 90 percent, or in some cases 75 percent, of the days the class is offered. Under guidelines adopted by the board, the committee will determine whether there were extenuating circumstances for the absences and whether the student needs to complete certain conditions to master the course and regain credit or a final grade lost because of absences.

DAEP stands for disciplinary alternative education program, a placement for students who have violated certain provisions of the Student Code of Conduct.

EOC assessments are end-of-course tests, which are state-mandated, and are part of the STAAR program. Successful performance on EOC assessments are required for graduation. These exams will be given in English I, English II, Algebra I, Biology, and United States History.

Excessive refers to three or more incidents.

FERPA refers to the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act that grants specific privacy protections to student records. The law contains certain exceptions, such as for directory information, unless a student's parent or a student 18 or older directs the school not to release directory information.

IEP is the written record of the individualized education program prepared by the ARD committee for a student with disabilities who is eligible for special education services. The IEP contains several parts, such as a statement of the student's present educational performance; a statement of measurable annual goals, with short-term objectives; the special education and related services and supplemental aids and services to be provided, and program modifications or support by school personnel; a statement regarding how the student's progress will be measured and how the parents will be kept informed; accommodations for state or districtwide tests; whether successful completion of state-mandated assessments is required for graduation, etc.

ISS refers to in-school suspension, a disciplinary technique for misconduct found in the Student Code of Conduct. Although different from out-of-school suspension and placement in a DAEP, ISS removes the student from the regular classroom.

NCLB Act is the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001.

PGP stands for Personal Graduation Plan, which is required for high school students beginning with ninth graders in the 2014–15 school year, and for any student in middle school who fails a section on a state-mandated test or is identified by the district as not likely to earn a high school diploma before the fifth school year after he or she begins grade 9.

PSAT is the preparatory and readiness assessment for the SAT.

SAT refers to one of the two most frequently used college or university admissions exams: the Scholastic Aptitude Test. The test may be a requirement for admissions to certain colleges or universities.

SHAC stands for School Health Advisory Council, a group of at least five members, a majority of whom must be parents, appointed by the school board to assist the district in ensuring that local community values and health issues are reflected in the district's health education instruction, along with providing assistance with other student and employee wellness issues.

Section 504 is the federal law that prohibits discrimination against a student with a disability, requiring schools to provide opportunities for equal services, programs, and participation in activities. Unless the student is determined to be eligible for special education services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), general education with appropriate instructional accommodations will be provided.

STAAR is the State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness, the state's system of standardized academic achievement assessments, effective beginning with certain students for the 2011–2012 school year.

STAAR-A is an accommodated version of the STAAR that is available for certain students who receive special education services or students who have been identified as dyslexic.

STAAR Alternate 2 is an alternative state-mandated assessment designed for students with severe cognitive disabilities receiving special education services who meet the participation requirements, as determined by the student's ARD committee.

STAAR Linguistically Accommodated (STAAR L) is an alternative state-mandated assessment with linguistic accommodations designed for certain recent immigrant English language learners.

State-mandated assessments are required of students at certain grade levels and in specified subjects. Successful performance sometimes is a condition of promotion, and passing the STAAR EOC assessments is a condition of graduation. Students have multiple opportunities to take the tests if necessary for promotion or graduation.

Student Code of Conduct is developed with the advice of the district-level committee and adopted by the board and identifies the circumstances, consistent with law, when a student may be removed from a classroom, campus, or district vehicle. It also sets out the conditions that authorize or require the principal or another administrator to place the student in a DAEP. It outlines conditions for out-of-school suspension and for expulsion. The Student Code of Conduct also addresses notice to the parent regarding a student's violation of one of its provisions.

TELPAS stands for the Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System, which assesses the progress that English language learners make in learning the English language, and is administered for those who meet the participation requirements in kindergarten–grade 12.

TSI assessment is the Texas Success Initiative assessment designed to measure the reading, mathematics, and writing skills that entering college-level freshmen students should have if they are to be successful in undergraduate programs in Texas public colleges and universities.

TxVSN is the Texas Virtual School Network, which provides online courses for Texas students to supplement the instructional programs of public school districts. Courses are taught by qualified instructors, and courses are equivalent in rigor and scope to a course taught in a traditional classroom setting.

UIL refers to the University Interscholastic League, the statewide voluntary nonprofit organization that oversees educational extracurricular academic, athletic, and music contests.

APPENDIX I: Freedom From Bullying Policy

Note to handbook developer: Because state law requires that the district's policy on bullying be distributed in its Student Handbook(s), the following has been formatted for you to more easily insert the district's FFI(LOCAL) policy here rather than in the body of the handbook itself.

Note that school board policies may be revised at any time. For legal context and the most current copy of the local policy, visit www.woccisd.net. Below is the text of West Orange-Cove's policy FFI(LOCAL) as of the date that this handbook was finalized for this school year.

STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM BULLYING FFI(LOCAL)

Adopted on 6-25-2012

Note: This policy addresses bullying of District students. For provisions regarding discrimination and harassment involving District students, see FFH. Note that FFI shall be used in conjunction with FFH for certain prohibited conduct.

For reporting requirements related to child abuse and neglect, see FFG.

BULLYING PROHIBITED

The District prohibits bullying as defined by this policy. Retaliation against anyone involved in the complaint process is a violation of District policy and is prohibited.

DEFINITION

Bullying occurs when a student or group of students engages in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that occurs on school property, at a school-sponsored or school-related activity, or in a vehicle operated by the District and that:

- 1. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harming a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property; or
- 2. Is sufficiently severe, persistent, and pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for a student. This conduct is considered bullying if it:
- 1. Exploits an imbalance of power between the student perpetrator and the student victim through written or verbal expression or physical conduct; and
- 2. Interferes with a student's education or substantially disrupts the operation of a school.

EXAMPLES

Bullying of a student may include hazing, threats, taunting, teasing, confinement, assault, demands for money, and destruction of property, theft of valued possessions, name calling, rumor spreading, or ostracism.

RETALIATION

The District prohibits retaliation by a student or District employee against any person who in good faith makes a report of bullying, serves as a witness, or participates in an investigation.

EXAMPLES

Examples of retaliation may include threats, rumor spreading, ostracism, assault, destruction of property, unjustified punishments, or unwarranted grade reductions. Unlawful retaliation does not include petty slights or annoyances.

FALSE CLAIM

A student who intentionally makes a false claim, offers false statements, or refuses to cooperate with a District investigation regarding bullying shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action.

TIMELY REPORTING Reports of bullying shall be made as soon as possible after the alleged act or knowledge of the alleged act. A failure to immediately report may impair the District's ability to investigate and address the prohibited conduct.

REPORTING PROCEDURES STUDENT REPORT To obtain assistance and intervention, any student who believes that he or she has experienced bullying or believes that another student has experienced bullying should immediately report the alleged acts to a teacher, counselor, principal, or other District employee.

EMPLOYEE REPORT Any District employee who suspects or receives notice that a student or group of students has or may have experienced bullying shall immediately notify the principal or designee.

REPORT FORMAT

A report may be made orally or in writing. The principal or designee shall reduce any oral reports to written form.

PROHIBITED CONDUCT

The principal or designee shall determine whether the allegations in the report, if proven, would constitute prohibited conduct as defined by policy FFH, including dating violence and harassment or discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, or disability. If so, the District shall proceed under policy FFH. If the allegations could constitute both prohibited conduct and bullying, the investigation under FFH shall include a determination on each type of conduct.

INVESTIGATION OF REPORT

The principal or designee shall conduct an appropriate investigation based on the allegations in the report. The principal or designee shall promptly take interim action calculated to prevent bullying during the course of an investigation, if appropriate.

CONCLUDING THE

INVESTIGATION

Absent extenuating circumstances, the investigation should be completed within ten District business days from the date of the initial report alleging bullying; however, the principal or designee shall take additional time if necessary to complete a thorough investigation. The principal or designee shall prepare a final, written report of the investigation. The report shall include a determination of whether bullying occurred, and if so, whether the victim used reasonable self-defense.

NOTICE TO PARENTS

A copy of the report shall be sent to the Superintendent or designee.

If an incident of bullying is confirmed, the principal or designee shall promptly notify the parents of the victim and of the student who engaged in bullying.

DISTRICT ACTION BULLYING

If the results of an investigation indicate that bullying occurred, the District shall promptly respond by taking appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the District's Student Code of Conduct and may take corrective action reasonably calculated to address the conduct.

DISCIPLINE

A student who is a victim of bullying and who used reasonable self-defense in response to the bullying shall not be subject to disciplinary action.

The discipline of a student with a disability is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Student Code of Conduct.

CORRECTIVE ACTION

Examples of corrective action may include a training program for the individuals involved in the complaint, a comprehensive education program for the school community, follow-up inquiries to determine if any new incidents or any instances of retaliation have occurred, involving parents and students in efforts to identify problems and improve the school climate, increasing staff monitoring of areas where bullying has occurred, and reaffirming the District's policy against bullying.

TRANSFERS

The principal or designee shall refer to FDB for transfer provisions.

COUNSELING

The principal or designee shall notify the victim, the student who engaged in bullying, and any students who witnessed the bullying of available counseling options.

IMPROPER CONDUCT

If the investigation reveals improper conduct that did not rise to the level of prohibited conduct or bullying, the District may take action in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct or any other appropriate corrective action.

CONFIDENTIALITY

To the greatest extent possible, the District shall respect the privacy of the complainant, persons against whom a report is filed, and witnesses. Limited disclosures may be necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation.

APPEAL

A student who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the investigation may appeal through FNG(LOCAL), beginning at the appropriate level.

RECORDS RETENTION Retention of records shall be in accordance with CPC(LOCAL).

ACCESS TO POLICY AND PROCEDURES

This policy and any accompanying procedures shall be distributed annually in the employee and student handbooks. Copies of the policy and procedures shall be posted on the District's Web site, to the extent practicable, and shall be readily available at each campus and the District's administrative offices.

APPENDIX II:

Student Code of Conduct

Purpose

The Student Code of Conduct is the District's response to the requirements of Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code.

The Code provides methods and options for managing students in the classroom and on school grounds, disciplining students, and preventing and intervening in student discipline problems.

The law requires the District to define misconduct that may—or must—result in a range of specific disciplinary consequences including removal from a regular classroom or campus, out of school suspension, placement in Academic Alternative Center(AAC), or expulsion from school. If there is a conflict between the SCC and the Student Handbook, the SCC will control. If there is a conflict between the SCC and District policy, the more recently adopted provision will control.

This Student Code of Conduct has been adopted by the West Orange-Cove CISD Board of Trustees and developed with the advice of the District-level committee. This Code provides information to parents and students regarding standards of conduct, consequences of misconduct, and procedures for administering discipline. It remains in effect during summer school and at all school-related events and activities outside of the school year until an updated version adopted by the board becomes effective for the next school year.

Students may be subject to campus, classroom, extracurricular, and/or organization rules in addition to those found in the SCC. Students may face consequences under these additional rules as well as possible disciplinary action under the SCC. Further to the extent if a student engages in misconduct that is not specifically addressed in the SCC, the student may still be disciplined if the misconduct disrupts or interferes with the educational process, learning environment or school safety.

In accordance with state law, the Code shall be posted at each school campus or shall be available for review at the office of the campus principal. Additionally, the code shall be posted on the District website. Parents shall be notified of any conduct violation that may result in a student being suspended, placed in Academic Alternative Center, or expelled. Because the Student Code of Conduct is adopted by the District's board of trustees, it has the force of policy; therefore, in case of conflict between the Code and the student handbook, the Code shall prevail.

Please Note: The discipline of students with disabilities who are eligible for services under federal law (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973) is subject to the provisions of those laws.

School District Authority and Jurisdiction

School rules and the authority of the District to administer discipline apply whenever the interest of the District is involved, on or off school grounds, in conjunction with or independent of classes and school-sponsored activities.

- 1. The District has disciplinary authority over a student:
- 2. During the regular school day and while the student is going to and from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity on District transportation;
- 3. During lunch periods in which a student is allowed to leave the campus;
- 4. While the student is in attendance at any related activity regardless of time or location;
- 5. For any school-related misconduct, regardless of time or location;

- When retaliation against a school employee or volunteer occurs or is threatened, regardless of time or location;
- 7. When criminal mischief is committed on or off school property or at a school-related event;
- 8. For certain offenses committed within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line;
- 9. For certain offenses committed while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school related activity of another District in Texas;
- 10. When the student commits a felony, as provided by Education Code 37.006 or 37.0081; and 3
- 11. When the student is required to register as a sex offender

The District has the right to search a vehicle driven to school by a student and parked on school property whenever there is reasonable cause to believe it contains articles or materials prohibited by the District.

The District has the right to search a student's locker or desk when there is reasonable cause to believe it contains articles or materials prohibited by the District.

Reporting Crimes

School administrators shall report crimes as required by law and shall call local law enforcement when an administrator suspects that a crime has been committed on campus.

Speaking at Graduation

In order to be considered as an eligible student speaker at graduation ceremonies, a student shall not have engaged in any serious misconduct in violation of the District's Code, including an out-of-school suspension, removal to AAC, or expulsion during his or her last two semesters.

Standards for Student Conduct

- Each student is expected to:
- Demonstrate courtesy, even when others do not.
- Behave in a responsible manner, always exercising self-discipline.
- Attend all classes, regularly and on time (90 % attendance rule).
- Prepare for each class; take appropriate materials and assignments to class.
- Meet District and campus standards of grooming and dress.
- Obey all campus and classroom rules.
- Respect the rights and privileges of students, teachers, and other District staff and volunteers.
- Respect the property of others, including District property and facilities.
- Cooperate with and assist the school staff in maintaining safety, order, and discipline.
- Adhere to the requirements of the Student Code of Conduct.
- Seek changes in school policies in an orderly manner and through appropriate channels.
- Secondary students (grades 6-12) shall wear on their person at school and school-related
 activities, their authorized student identification card. Students must present their student ID card
 upon request by school personnel and in order to gain entrance to any school-related activity.

General Conduct Violations

The categories of conduct below are prohibited at school, in vehicles owned or operated by the District, and at all school-related activities, but the list does not include the most severe offenses. In the subsequent sections on Out-of-School Suspension, AAC Placement, Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses, and Expulsion, certain offenses that require or permit specific consequences are listed. Any offense, however, may be severe enough to result in Removal from the Regular Educational Setting as detailed in that section.

Disregard for Authority

Students Shall Not:

- Fail to comply with directives given by school personnel (insubordination).
- Leave school grounds or school-sponsored events without permission.
- Disobey rules for conduct on District vehicles.
- Refuse to accept discipline management techniques assigned by a teacher or principal.
- Violate dress and grooming code criteria.

Mistreatment of Others

Students Shall Not:

- Use profanity or vulgar language or make obscene gestures.
- Fight or scuffle. (For assault see AAC Placement and Expulsion)
- Threaten a District student, employee or volunteer, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Engage in bullying, harassment or making hit lists. (See glossary for all three terms)
- Engage in harassment motivated by race, color, religion, national origin, disability, or age and directed toward another student or District employee.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes sexual harassment or sexual abuse, whether by word, gesture, or any other conduct, directed toward another person, including a District student employee, or volunteer.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes dating violence (see glossary)
- Engage in inappropriate or indecent exposure of private body parts.
- Participate in hazing (see glossary)
- Cause an individual to act through the use of or threat of force (coercion).
- Commit extortion or blackmail (obtaining money or an object of value from an unwilling person).
- Engage in inappropriate verbal, physical, or sexual conduct directed toward another person, including a District student, employee or volunteer.
- Record the voice or image of another without the prior consent of the individuals being recorded or in any way that disrupts the educational environment or invades the privacy of others.

Property Offenses

Students Shall Not:

- Damage or vandalize property owned by others. (For felony criminal mischief see AAC Placement or Expulsion)
- Deface or damage school property—including textbooks, technology and electronic resources, lockers, furniture, and other equipment—with graffiti or by other means.

- Steal from students, staff, or the school.
- Commit or assist in a robbery or theft even if it does not constitute a felony according to the Texas Penal Code. (For felony robbery, aggravated robbery and theft see AAC Placement and Expulsion)

Possession of Prohibited Items

Students Shall Not:

- Possess or use: fireworks of any kind, smoke or stink bombs, or any other pyrotechnic device;
- a razor, box cutter, chain, or any other object used in a way that threatens or inflicts bodily injury to another person;
- a "look-alike" weapon; an air gun or BB gun;
- · ammunition;
- a stun gun;
- pocketknife or any other small knife;
- mace or pepper spray;
- pornographic material;
- tobacco products;
- matches or a lighter;
- a laser pointer for other than an approved use;
- or any articles not generally considered to be weapons, including school supplies, when the
 principal or designee determines that a danger exists. (For weapons and firearms see AAC
 Placement and Expulsion)

Possession of Telecommunications Devices

Students Shall Not:

- Display, turn on, or use a cellular telephone or other telecommunications device on school property during the school day without permission from campus administration.
- Possess or control other devices (laser pointers, CD players, radios, stun guns or cameras, etc) without approval by campus administrations.

Illegal Prescription, and Over-The Counter Drugs

Students Shall Not:

- Possess or sell seeds or pieces of marijuana in less than a usable amount. (For illegal drugs, alcohol, and inhalants see AAC Placement and Expulsion)
- Possess use, give or sell paraphernalia related to any prohibited substance. (See glossary for "paraphernalia")
- Possess or sell look-alike drugs or attempt to pass items off as drugs or contraband.
- Abuse the student's own prescription drug, give a prescription drug to another student, or
 possess or be under the influence of another person's prescription drug on school property or at a
 school-related event. (See glossary for "abuse")
- Abuse over-the counter drugs. (See glossary for "abuse") Be under the influence of prescription
 or over the counter drugs that cause impairment of the physical or mental faculties. (See glossary
 for "under the influence")

- Have or take prescription drugs or over- the- counter drugs at school other than as provided by District policy.
- All synthetic tobacco products and electronic cigarettes are prohibited.

Misuse of Technology Resources and the Internet

Students Shall Not:

- Violate policies, rules, or agreements signed by the student or the student's parent regarding the use of technology resources.
- Attempt to access, circumvent passwords or other security-related information of the District, students, or employees, upload, or create computer viruses, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Attempt to alter, destroy, or disable technology resources including but not limited to computers
 and related equipment, District data, the data of others, or other networks connected to the
 District's system, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the
 educational environment.
- Use the Internet or other electronic communications to threaten District students, employees or volunteers, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Send, post or possess electronic messages that are abusive, obscene, sexually oriented, threatening, harassing, damaging to another's reputation, or illegal including cyber bullying and "sexting" either on or off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Use e-mail or Web sites to encourage in or encourage illegal behavior or threaten school safety
 including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational
 environment.

Safety Transgressions

Students Shall Not:

- Possess published or electronic material that is designed to promote or encourage illegal behavior or that could threaten school safety.
- Engage in verbal (oral or written) exchanges that threaten the safety of another student, a school employee, or school property.
- Make false accusations or perpetrate hoaxes regarding school safety.
- Engage in any conduct that school officials might reasonably believe will substantially disrupt the school program or incite violence.
- Throw objects that can cause bodily injury or property damage.
- Discharge a fire extinguisher without valid cause.

Miscellaneous Offenses

Students Shall Not:

- Violate dress and grooming standards as communicated in the student handbook and/or given verbally by campus administration.
- Gamble.
- Falsify records, passes, or other school-related documents.

- Engage in actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Repeatedly violate other communicated campus or classroom standards of conduct.

The District may impose campus or classroom rules in addition to those found in the Code. These rules may be posted in classrooms or given to the student and may or may not constitute violations of the Code.

Discipline Management Techniques

Discipline shall be designed to improve conduct and to encourage students to adhere to their responsibilities as members of the school community. Disciplinary action shall draw on the professional judgment of teachers and administrators and on a range of discipline management techniques. Discipline shall be correlated to the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, the effect of the misconduct on the school environment, and statutory requirements.

Because of these factors, discipline for a particular offense, including misconduct in a District vehicle owned or operated by the District, unless otherwise specified by law, may bring into consideration varying techniques and responses.

Since the District's primary responsibility in transporting students in District vehicles is to do so as safely as possible, the operator of the vehicle must focus on driving and not have his or her attention distracted by student misbehavior. Therefore, when appropriate disciplinary management techniques fail to improve student behavior or when specific misconduct warrants immediate removal, the principal may restrict or revoke a student's transportation privileges, in accordance with law.

Students with Disabilities

The discipline of students with disabilities is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Student Code of Conduct. To the extent any conflict exists, state and/or federal law shall prevail.

In accordance with the Education Code, a student who is enrolled in a special education program may not be disciplined for conduct meeting the definition of bullying, harassment, or making hit lists (see glossary) until an ARD committee meeting has been held to review the conduct.

In deciding whether to order suspension, AAC placement, or expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary the District shall take into consideration a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct.

Techniques

The following discipline management techniques may be used—alone or in combination—for behavior prohibited by the Student Code of Conduct or by campus or classroom rules:

- Verbal correction, (oral or written).
- Cooling-off time or "time-out."
- Seating changes within the classroom or vehicles owned or operated by the District.
- Temporary confiscation of items that disrupt the educational process.
- Rewards or demerits.
- Behavioral contracts.
- Counseling by teachers, counselors, or administrative personnel.
- Parent-teacher conferences.

- Grade reductions for cheating, plagiarism, and as otherwise permitted by policy.
- Detention, including outside regular school hours.
- Sending the student to the office or other assigned area, or to in-school suspension.

The Special Assignment Center (SAC) is an on-campus setting for students who commit disciplinary infractions. Students continue to receive instruction in each course to the maximum extent possible. This program maintains a closely supervised educational environment with restrictions on extracurricular activities. Students assigned to SAC will not be allowed to practice, participate, or attend extracurricular/co-curricular or honors activities.

If a student finishes his/her assignments successfully and has no discipline problems, he/she may be considered for early SAC dismissal with the approval of the principal.

- Withdrawal of privileges, such as participation in extracurricular activities, eligibility for seeking and holding honorary offices, or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.
- Penalties identified in individual student organizations' extracurricular standards of behavior.
- Restriction or revocation of District transportation privileges.
- School-assessed and school-administered probation.
- Corporal punishment, unless the student's parent or guardian has provided a signed statement prohibiting its use.
- Out-of-school suspension, as specified in the Suspension section of this Code.
- Placement in AAC, as specified in the AAC section of this Code.
- Placement and/or expulsion in an alternative educational setting, as specified in the Placement and or Expulsion for Certain Offenses section of this Code.
- Expulsion, as specified in the Expulsion section of this Code.
- Referral to an outside agency or legal authority for criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary measures imposed by the District.
- Other strategies and consequences as determined by school officials.

Notification

The principal or appropriate administrator shall notify a student's parent by phone or in writing of any violation that may result in a detention outside of regular school hours, out of school suspension, placement in AAC or expulsion. Notification will be made within three school days after the administrator becomes aware of the violation.

Appeals

Questions from parents or complaints regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the teacher or campus administration, as appropriate. Appeals or complaints regarding the use of specific discipline management techniques should be addressed in accordance with policy FNG (LOCAL). A copy of the policy may be obtained from the principal's office or the central administration office or through Policy On Line at the following address: www.woccisd.net.

Consequences shall not be deferred pending the outcome of a grievance.

Removal from the School Bus

A bus driver may refer a student to the principal's office to maintain effective discipline on the bus. The principal must employ additional discipline management techniques, as appropriate, which can include restricting or revoking a student's bus riding privileges.

Removal from the Regular Educational Setting

In addition to other discipline management techniques, misconduct may result in removal from the regular educational setting in the form of a routine referral or a formal removal.

Routine Referral

A routine referral occurs when a teacher sends a student to the principal's office as a discipline management technique. The principal may then employ additional techniques.

Formal Removal

A teacher or administrator **may** remove a student from class for a behavior that violates this Code to maintain effective discipline in the classroom. A teacher may also initiate a formal removal from class if:

- 1. The student's behavior has been documented by the teacher as repeatedly interfering with the teacher's ability to teach his or her class; or with the student's classmates' ability to learn; or
- 2. The behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that the teacher cannot teach, and the students in the classroom cannot learn.

A teacher or administrator **must** remove a student from class if the student engages in behavior that under the Education Code requires or permits the student to be placed in AAC or expelled. When removing for those reasons, the procedures in the subsequent sections on AAC or expulsion will be followed. Otherwise, within three school days of the formal removal, the appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference with the student's parent; the student; the teacher, in the case of removal by a teacher; and any other administrator.

At the conference, the appropriate administrator shall inform the student of the misconduct for which he or she is charged and the consequences. The administrator shall give the student an opportunity to give his or her version of the incident.

When a student is removed from the regular classroom by a teacher and a conference is pending, the principal may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom
- In-school suspension
- Out-of-school suspension
- AAC

Returning Student to Classroom

When a student has been formally removed from class by a teacher for conduct against the teacher containing the elements of assault, aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder, the student may not be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent.

When a student has been formally removed by a teacher for any other conduct, the student may be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent, if the placement review committee determines that the teacher's class is the best or only alternative available.

Out of School Suspension

Misconduct

Students may be suspended for any behavior listed in the Code as a general conduct violation, AAC offense, or expellable offense.

In deciding whether to order out-of-school suspension, the District shall take into consideration:

- Self-defense (see glossary).
- Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, and
- The student's disciplinary history

Suspension Process

State law allows a student to be suspended for no more than three school days per behavior violation, with no limit on the number of times a student may be suspended in a semester or school year.

Before being suspended a student shall have an informal conference with the appropriate administrator who shall advise the student of the conduct of which he or she is accused. The student shall be given the opportunity to explain his or her version of the incident before the administrator's decision is made.

The number of days of a student's suspension shall be determined by the appropriate administrator, but shall not exceed three school days.

The appropriate administrator shall determine any restrictions on participation in school-sponsored or school related extracurricular and co-curricular activities.

Academic Alternative Center (AAC) Placement

For purpose of AAC, elementary classification shall be kindergarten-grade 5 and secondary classification shall be grades 6-12.

Summer programs provided by the District shall serve students assigned to AAC in conjunction with other students.

A student who is expelled for an offense that otherwise would have resulted in AAC placement does not have to be placed in AAC in addition to the expulsion but can be.

In deciding whether to place a student in AAC, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the District shall take into consideration:

- Self-defense (see glossary),
- Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, and
- The student's disciplinary history

Discretionary Placement: Misconduct That May Result in AAC Placement

A student may be placed in AAC for behaviors (pp.3-6) prohibited in the General Conduct Violations section of this Code.

Misconduct Identified in State Law

In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in AAC for any one of the following offenses:

- Involvement in a public school fraternity, sorority, or secret society, including participating as a member or pledge, or soliciting another person to become a pledge or member of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang (See glossary.)
- Involvement in criminal street gang activity. (See glossary.)
- Criminal mischief, not punishable as a felony.
- Assault (no bodily injury) with threat of imminent bodily injury.
- Assault by offensive or provocative physical contact.
- Possessing, giving, buying, or selling less than a useable amount of stems, seeds, or other pieces of marijuana.
- Possessing, using, selling, buying, or giving paraphernalia related to any prohibited substance, including but not limited to marijuana, a controlled substance, a dangerous drug, or an alcoholic beverage.
- Abusing the student's own prescription drug or using it in a way other than prescribed; giving, buying, or selling a prescription drug; possessing, using, or being under the influence of another person's prescription drug.
- Preparing a hit list.
- Engaging in serious or persistent misbehavior that violates this Code.

A student may be placed in AAC for engaging in the following misconduct while off-campus and not in attendance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity:

- The administrator reasonably believes the student engaged in conduct punishable as a felony (other than a Title 5 felony), and the student's continued presence in the regular classroom is a threat to the safety of others or is detrimental to the educational process.
- Off-campus conduct for which AAC placement is required by state law when the administrator does not learn of the conduct until more than a year passes after the conduct occurred.
- Engaging in online harassment in violation of Tex. Penal Code 33.07

Regardless of location, a student may be placed in AAC if the student is a registered sex offender who is not under any form of court supervision. A registered sex offender who is not under any form of court supervision will be placed in regular classes if the student is not a threat to the safety of others, is not detrimental to the educational process, and such placement is not contrary to the best interests of the District's students.

In accordance with state law, a student may be placed in AAC if the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has reasonable belief (see glossary) that the student has engaged in conduct punishable as a felony, other than aggravated robbery or those listed as offenses involving injury to a person in Title 5 (see glossary) of the Texas Penal Code, that occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or schoolrelated event, if the student's presence in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.

The appropriate administrator may, but is not required to, place a student in AAC for off-campus conduct for which AAC placement is required by state law if the administrator does not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred.

Mandatory Placement: Misconduct That Requires AAC Placement

A student **must** be placed in AAC if the student:

- Engages in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school (See Glossary)
- Commits the following offenses on school property or within 300 feet of school property as
 measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a schoolsponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:
- Engages in conduct punishable as a felony.
- Commits an assault (see glossary) under Penal Code 22.01(a) (1).
- Sells, gives or delivers to another person, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of
 marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug in an amount not constituting a felony
 offense. (School-related felony drug offenses are addressed in the Expulsion section.) (See
 glossary for "under the influence")
- Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage; commits a serious act or
 offense while under the influence of alcohol; or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of
 alcohol, if the conduct is not punishable as a felony offense. (School-related felony alcohol
 offenses are addressed in the Expulsion section.)
- Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
- Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness or indecent exposure.
- Engages in expellable conduct and is between six and nine years of age.
- Commits a federal firearms violation and is younger than six years of age.
- Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of retaliation against any school employee or volunteer on or off school property. (Committing retaliation in combination with another expellable offense is addressed in the Expulsion section of this Code.)
- Engages in conduct punishable as aggravated robbery or a felony listed under Title 5 (see glossary) of the Texas Penal Code when the conduct occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related event and:
 - 1. The student receives deferred prosecution (see glossary),
 - 2. A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct (see glossary), or
 - 3. The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief (see glossary) that the student engaged in the conduct.

Sexual Assault and Campus Assignments

If a student has been convicted of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children or convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication for sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault against another student on the same campus, and if the victim's parent or another person with the authority to act on behalf of the victim requests that the board transfer the offending student to another campus, the offending student shall be transferred to another campus in the District. If there is no other campus in the District serving the grade level of offending student, the offending student shall be transferred to AAC.

CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

The District has established a plan for addressing child sexual abuse, which may be accessed at the principal's office. As a parent, it is important for you to be aware of warning signs that could indicate a child may have been or is being sexually abused. Sexual abuse in the Texas Family Code is defined as any sexual conduct harmful to a child's mental, emotional, or physical welfare as well as a failure to make a reasonable effort to prevent sexual conduct with a child. Anyone who suspects that a child has been or may be abused or neglected has a legal responsibility, under state law, for reporting the suspected abuse or neglect to law enforcement or to Child Protective Services (CPS).

Possible physical warning signs of sexual abuse could be difficulty sitting or walking, pain in the genital areas, and claims of stomachaches and headaches. Behavioral indicators may include verbal references of pretend games of sexual activity between adults and children, fear of being alone with adults of a particular gender, or sexually suggestive behavior. Emotional warning signs to be aware of include withdrawal, depression, sleeping and eating disorders, and problems in school.

A child who has experienced sexual abuse should be encouraged to seek out a trusted adult. Be aware as a parent or other trusted adult that disclosures of sexual abuse may be more indirect that disclosures of physical abuse, and it is important to be calm and comforting if your child, or another child, confides in you. Reassure the child that he or she did the right thing by telling you.

As a parent, if your child is a victim of sexual abuse, the campus counselor or principal will provide information regarding counseling options for you and your child available in your area. The Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (TDFPS) also manages early intervention counseling programs. To find out what services may be available in your county, see:

http://www.dfps.stata.ts.us/Prevention and Early Intervention/Programs Available in Your County/default/asp

The following Web sites might help you become more aware of child sexual abuse:

http://www.tea.state.tx.us/index.aspx?id=2820 http://sapn.nonprofitoffice.com/

http://www.taasa.org/member/materials2.php

http://www.oag.state.tx.us/AG Publications/txts/childabuse1.shtml

http://www.oag.state.tx.us/AG Publications/txts/childabuse2.shtml

Emergency Placement to AAC

In an emergency, the principal or the principal's designee may order the immediate placement of a student in AAC for any reason for which placement in AAC may be made on a nonemergency basis.

Process

Recommendation of removals to AAC shall be made by the Campus Principal.

Conference

When a student is removed from class for an AAC offense, the appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference within three school days with the student's parent, the student, and the teacher, in the case of a teacher removal.

At the conference, the appropriate administrator shall inform the student, orally or in writing, of the reasons for requesting removal and shall give the student an explanation of the basis for the removal and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the removal.

A placement conference will be scheduled by the Academic Alternative Center Site Coordinator (AASC) as soon as possible.

Until a placement conference can be held, the student may be placed in another appropriate classroom, inschool suspension, or out-of-school suspension. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the placement conference.

Following valid attempts to require attendance, the District may hold the placement conference and make a placement decision regardless of whether the student or the student's parents attend the conference.

Placement Order

After the placement conference, if the student is placed in the AAC the Academic Alternative Center Site Coordinator (AASC) shall write a placement order. A copy of the AAC placement order will be sent to the student and the student's parent.

Not later than the second business day after the conference, the Board's designee shall deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the placement order and all information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the student is placed in the AAC and the length of placement is inconsistent with the guidelines included in this Code, the placement order shall give notice of the inconsistency.

Coursework Notice

The parent or guardian of a student placed in AAC shall be given written notice of the student's opportunity to complete a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal and which is required for graduation, at no cost to the student. The notice shall include information regarding all methods available for completing the coursework.

Length of Placement

The duration of a student's placement in AAC shall be determined by the AAC Coordinator.

The duration of a student's placement shall be determined on a case-by-case basis. AAC placement shall be correlated to the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misconduct, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements.

The maximum period of AAC placement shall be one calendar year except as provided below.

If during the term of AAC placement, the student engages in additional misconduct, additional conferences may be conducted and additional discipline may be imposed.

The District shall administer the required pre-and post- assessments for students assigned to AAC for a period of 90 days or longer in accordance with established District administrative procedures for administering other diagnostic or benchmark assessments.

Exceeds One Year

Placement in AAC may exceed one year when a review by the District determines that:

- 1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to District employees, or
- 2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

The statutory limitations on the length of AAC placement do not apply to a student who engaged in the sexual assault of another student so that the students are not assigned to the same campus.

Exceeds School Year

Students who commit offenses requiring placement in AAC at the end of one school year may be required to continue that placement at the start of the next school year to complete the assigned term of placement.

For placement in AAC to extend beyond the end of the school year, a District Hearing Committee must determine that:

- 1. The student's presence in the regular classroom or campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or others, or
- 2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior (see glossary) that violates the District's Code.

Exceeds 60 Days

For placement in the AAC to extend beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period, whichever is sooner, a student's parent shall be given notice and the opportunity to participate in a proceeding before a District Hearing Committee.

Appeals

Questions or complaints from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the campus administration, in accordance with policy FNG (LOCAL). Appeals regarding the decision to place a student in AAC should be addressed to the Superintendent or superintendent's designee in accordance with policy FOC (Legal).

Student or parent appeals regarding the process used for the placement decision, such as issues related to the administrator's handling of the conference or proper notice being provided, should be addressed in accordance with policy FNG (Local). A copy of this policy may be obtained from the principal's office or the central administration office or through Policy on Line at the following address: www.woccisd.net.

Disciplinary consequences shall not be deferred pending the outcome of an appeal. The decision to place a student in AAC cannot be appealed beyond the board.

Restrictions during Placement

State law prohibits a student placed in AAC for reasons specified in state law from attending or participating in school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular activities.

The District shall provide transportation to students in AAC that are eligible for transportation.

For seniors who are eligible to graduate and are assigned to AAC at the time of graduation, the last day of placement in the program shall be the last instructional day, and the student shall be allowed to participate in the graduation ceremony and related graduation activities unless otherwise specified in the AAC placement order.

Students placed at the AAC are responsible for changing college admission testing locations to a facility outside the West Orange-Cove CISD.

Placement Review

A student placed in AAC shall be provided a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the Academic Alternative Site Coordinator (AASC) at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan shall also be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent shall be given the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus. The student may not be returned to the classroom of a teacher who removed the student without that teacher's consent.

Additional Misconduct

If during the term of placement in AAC the student engages in additional misconduct for which placement in AAC or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the appropriate administrator may enter an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

Notice of Criminal Proceedings

The office of the prosecuting attorney shall notify the District if a student was placed in AAC for certain offenses including any felony, unlawful restraint, indecent exposure, assault, deadly conduct, terroristic threats, organized crime, certain drug offenses, or possession of a weapon, and:

- 1. Prosecution of a student's case was refused for lack of prosecutorial merit or insufficient evidence and no formal proceedings, deferred adjudication (see glossary), or deferred prosecution will be initiated; or
- 2. The court or jury found a student not guilty, or made a finding that the student did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision, and the case was dismissed with prejudice.

If a student was placed in AAC for such conduct, on receiving the notice from the prosecutor, the Academic Alternative Site Coordinator (AASC) shall review the student's placement and schedule a review with the student's parent not later than the third class day after the District receives notice from the prosecutor. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the review.

After reviewing the notice and receiving information from the student's parent, the Academic Alternative Site Coordinator (AASC) may continue the student's placement if there is reason to believe that the presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers.

The student or the student's parent may appeal to the Superintendent the Academic Alternative Site Coordinator's (AASC) decision. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal. In the case of an appeal, the Superintendent shall schedule a meeting, review the notice from the prosecutor and receive information from the student, the student's parent, and the District Hearing Committee and confirm or reverse the decision of the Committee. The Superintendent shall make a record of the proceedings.

If the Superintendent confirms the decision of the Academic Alternative Site Coordinator (AASC) the student and the student's parent may appeal to the Board. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal.

If the board confirms the decision of the superintendent or designee, the student and the student's parent may appeal to the Commissioner of Education. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal.

Withdrawal during Process

When a student violates the District's Code in a way that requires or permits the student to be placed in AAC and the student withdraws from the District before a placement order is completed, the District may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order. If the student then reenrolls in the District during the same or a subsequent school year, the District may enforce the order at that time, less any period of the placement that has been served by the student during enrollment in another District. If the appropriate administrator or the board fails to issue a placement order after the student withdraws, the next District in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order.

Newly Enrolled Students

The District shall continue the AAC placement of a student who enrolls in the District and was assigned to AAC in an open-enrollment charter school or another District.

A newly enrolled student with AAC placement from a District in another state will be placed as any other newly enrolled student if the behavior committed is a reason for AAC placement in the receiving District.

If the student was placed in AAC by a school District in another state for a period that exceeds one year, this District, by state law, shall reduce the period of the placement so that the total placement does not exceed one year. After a review, however, the placement may be extended beyond a year if the District

determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or employees or the extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

Emergency Placement Procedure

When an emergency placement occurs, the student shall be given oral notice of the reason for the action. Not later than the tenth day after the date of the placement, the student shall be given the appropriate District Hearing required for assignment to AAC.

Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses

This section includes two categories of offenses for which the Education Code provides unique procedures and specific consequences.

Registered Sex Offenders

Upon receiving notification in accordance with state law that a student is currently required to register as a sex offender, the administration must remove the student from the regular classroom and determine appropriate placement unless the court orders JJAEP placement.

If the student is under any form of court supervision, including probation, community supervision, or parole, the placement shall be in either AAC or JJAEP for at least one semester.

If the student is not under any form of court supervision, the placement may be in AAC or JJAEP for one semester or the placement may be in a regular classroom. The placement may not be in the regular classroom if the board or its designee determines that the student's presence:

- 1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
- 2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
- 3. Is not in the best interests of the District's students

Review Committee

At the end of the first semester of a student's placement in an alternative educational setting and before the beginning of each school year for which the student remains in an alternative placement, the District shall convene a committee, in accordance with state law, to review the student's placement. The committee shall recommend whether the student should return to the regular classroom or remain in the placement. Absent a special finding, the board or its designee must follow the committee's recommendation.

The placement review of a student with a disability who receives special education services must be made by the ARD committee.

Newly Enrolled Student

If a student enrolls in the District during a mandatory placement as a registered sex offender, the District may count any time already spent by the student in a placement or may require an additional semester in an alternative placement without conducting a review of the placement.

Appeal

A student or the student's parent may appeal the placement by requesting a conference with the superintendent, the student, and the student's parent. The conference is limited to the factual question of whether the student is required to register as a sex offender. Any decision of the superintendent under this section is final and may not be appealed.

Certain Felonies

Regardless of whether placement or expulsion is required or permitted by one of the reasons in the AAC Placement or Expulsion sections, in accordance with Education Code 37.0081, a student may be expelled and placed in either AAC or JJAEP if the board or its designee makes certain findings and the following circumstances exist in relation to aggravated robbery or a felony offense under Title 5 (see glossary) of the Texas Penal Code. The student must:

 Have received deferred prosecution for conduct defined as a aggravated robbery or Title 5 felony offense;

- Have been found by a court or jury to have engaged in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as a aggravated robbery or Title 5 felony offense;
- Have been charged with engaging in conduct defined as an aggravated robbery or Title 5 felony offense;
- Have been referred to a juvenile court for allegedly engaging in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as an aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense; or
- Have received probation or deferred adjudication or have been arrested for, charged with, or convicted of an aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense.

The District may expel the student and order placement under these circumstances regardless of:

- The date on which the student's conduct occurred.
- The location at which the conduct occurred,
- · Whether the conduct occurred while the student was enrolled in the District, or
- Whether the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements imposed in connection with the conduct

Hearing and Required Findings

The student must first have a hearing before the Academic Alternative Site Coordinator (AASC), who must determine that in addition to the circumstances above that allow for the expulsion, the student's presence in the regular classroom:

- 1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
- 2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
- 3. Is not in the best interest of the District's students

Any decision of the Hearing Committee under this section is final and may not be appealed.

Length of Placement

The student is subject to the placement until:

- 1. The student graduates from high school,
- 2. The charges are dismissed or reduced to a misdemeanor offense, or
- 3. The student completes the term of the placement or is assigned to another program.

Newly Enrolled Students

A student who enrolls in the District before completing a placement under this section from another school District must complete the term of the placement.

Expulsion

Discretionary Expulsion: Misconduct That May Result in Expulsion

In deciding whether to order expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary the District shall take into consideration:

- 1. Self-defense (see glossary)
- 2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, and
- 3. The student's disciplinary history

Any Location

A student (may) be expelled for:

 Engaging in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer by committing a statemandated expellable offense, regardless of location.

- Criminal mischief, if punishable as a felony
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of one of the following offenses against another student, without regard to where the conduct occurs:
 - o Aggravated assault
 - Sexual assault
 - Aggravated sexual assault
 - Murder
 - Capital murder
 - Criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder
 - Aggravated robbery
 - Breach of computer security
 - Engaging in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school (police report is to be filed).

At School, Within 300 Feet, or at School Event

A student **may** be expelled for committing any of the following offenses on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence
 of marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug, if the conduct is not punishable as a
 felony. (See glossary for under the influence)
- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence
 of alcohol; or committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol, if the
 conduct is not punishable as a felony.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of assault under Section 22.01(a) (1) against an employee or a volunteer.
- Engaging in deadly conduct. (See glossary)

Within 300 Feet of School

A student **may** be expelled for engaging in the following conduct while within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line:

- Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
- Arson. (See glossary)
- Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder
- Indecency with a child, aggravated kidnapping, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide, or aggravated robbery.
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children
- Felony drug- or alcohol-related offense
- Use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm (as defined by state law), an illegal knife, a club, or prohibited weapon, or possession of a firearm (as defined by federal law)

Property of Another District

A student may be expelled for committing any offense that is a state-mandated expellable offense if the offense is committed on the property of another District in Texas or while the student is attending a school sponsored or school-related activity of a school in another District in Texas.

While in AAC

A student may be expelled for engaging in documented serious misbehavior that violates the District's Code, despite documented behavioral interventions while placed in AAC. For purposes of discretionary expulsion from AAC, serious misbehavior means:

- 1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
- 2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
- 3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
- 4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
 - a. Public lewdness under Section 21.07. Penal Code;
 - b. Indecent exposure under Section 21.08, Penal Code;
 - c. Criminal mischief under Section 28.03, Penal Code;
 - d. Personal hazing under Section 37.152; or
 - e. Harassment under Section 42.07(a) (1), Penal Code, of a student or District employee

Mandatory Expulsion: Misconduct That Requires Expulsion

A student must be expelled under federal or state law for any of the following offenses that occur on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

Under Federal Law

Bringing to school a firearm, as defined by federal law, "Firearm" under federal law includes:

- Any weapon (including a starter gun) that will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to
 expel a projectile by the action of an explosive
- The frame or receiver of any such weapon
- Any firearm muffler or firearm weapon
- Any destructive device, such as any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, or grenade

Under Texas Penal Code

- Using, exhibiting, or possessing the following, as defined by the Texas Penal Code:
 - A firearm (any devise designed, made, or adapted to expel a projectile through a barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance or any device readily convertible to that use), unless the use, exhibition, or possession of the firearm occurs at an off-campus approved target range facility while participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department.
 - An illegal knife, such as a knife with a blade over 5½ inches; hand instrument, designed to cut or stab another by being thrown; dagger, including but not limited to a dirk, stiletto, and poniard; bowie knife; sword; or spear.
 - A club (see glossary) such as an instrument specially designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with the instrument, including a blackjack, nightstick, mace, and tomahawk.
 - A prohibited weapon, such as an explosive weapon, a machine gun, a short-barrel firearm, a firearm silencer, knuckles, armor-piercing ammunition, a chemical dispensing device, a zip gun or a tire deflation devise. (See glossary)

- Behaving in a manner that contains elements of the following offenses under the Texas Penal Code:
 - Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault
 - Arson (See glossary)
 - Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder
 - Indecency with a child
 - Aggravated kidnapping
 - Aggravated robbery
 - Manslaughter
 - o Criminally negligent homicide
 - Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children
 - Behavior punishable as a felony that involves selling, giving, or delivering to another person, or possessing, using, or being under the influence of marijuana, a controlled substance, a dangerous drug, or alcohol; or committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol.
 - Engaging in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer combined with one of the above-listed mandatory expulsion offenses.

Under Age Ten

When a student under the age of ten engages in behavior that is expellable behavior, the student shall not be expelled, but shall be placed in a disciplinary alternative setting. A student under age six shall not be placed in AAC unless the student commits a federal firearm offense.

Emergency

In an emergency, the principal or the principal's designee **may** order the immediate expulsion of a student for any reason for which expulsion may be made on a nonemergency basis

Process

If a student is believed to have committed an expellable offense, the principal or other appropriate administrator shall notify the District's Expulsion Committee consisting of one member of the District's Executive Leadership Team, one principal, and two assistant principals, and the Academic Alternative Center Site Coordinator and a hearing will be scheduled within three days. The student's parent shall be invited in writing to attend the meeting.

Until a meeting can be held, the principal may recommend placement of the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom
- In-school suspension
- Out-of-school suspension

Hearing

A student facing expulsion shall be given a District Hearing with appropriate due process. The student is entitled to:

- 1. Representation by the student's parent or another adult who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the District,
- 2. An opportunity to testify and to present evidence and witnesses in the student's defense, and
- 3. An opportunity to question the witnesses called by the District at the hearing

After providing notice to the student and parent of the hearing, the District may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student or the student's parent attends.

The Superintendent or Superintendent's designee (District Expulsion Committee) has authority to conduct hearings and expel students.

Superintendent Review of Expulsion

After the due process hearing, the expelled student may request that the Superintendent review the expulsion decision. The student or parent must submit a written request to the superintendent within 7 workdays after receipt of the written decision. The superintendent must provide the student or parent written notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting at which the Superintendent will review the decision.

The Superintendent will review the record of the expulsion hearing and may also hear a statement from the student or parent.

The Superintendent may hear statements made by the parties at the review and will base his/her decision on evidence reflected in the record and any statements made by the parties at the review. The Superintendent will make and communicate his/her decision in writing to the parents. Consequences will not be deferred pending the outcome of the hearing.

Board Review of Expulsion

After the due process hearing, the expelled student may request that the board review the expulsion decisions. The student or parent must submit a written request to the superintendent within seven days after receipt of the written decision. The superintendent must provide the student or parent written notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting at which the board will review the decision.

The board shall review the record of the expulsion hearing in a closed meeting unless the parent requests in writing that the matter be held in an open meeting. The board may also hear a statement from the student or parent and from the board's designee.

The board shall hear statements made by the parties at the review and will base its decision on evidence reflected in the record and any statements made by the parties at the review. The board shall make and communicate its decision orally at the conclusion of the presentation. Consequences shall not be deferred pending the outcome of the hearing.

Expulsion Order

After the due process hearing, if the student is expelled, the Superintendent or Expulsion Committee will deliver to the student and the student's parent a copy of the order expelling the student.

Not later than the second business day after the hearing, the Expulsion Committee will deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the expulsion order and the information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the length of the expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines included in the Student Code of Conduct, the expulsion order shall give notice of the inconsistency.

Length of Expulsion

The length of an expulsion shall be correlated to the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements.

The duration of a student's expulsion shall be determined on a case-by-case basis. The maximum period of expulsion is one calendar year except as provided below.

An expulsion may not exceed one year unless, after review, the District determines that:

- The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to District employees, or
- 2. Extended expulsion is in the best interest of the student.

State and federal law require a student to be expelled from the regular classroom for a period of at least one calendar year for bringing a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. However, the superintendent may modify the length of the expulsion on a case-by-case basis.

Students who commit offenses that require expulsion at the end of one school year may be expelled into the next school year to complete the term of expulsion.

Withdrawal during Process

When a student has violated the District's Code in a way that requires or permits expulsion from the District and the student withdraws from the District before the expulsion hearing takes place, the District may conduct the hearing after sending written notice to the parent and student.

If the student then reenrolls in the District during the same or subsequent school year, the District may enforce the expulsion order at that time, less any expulsion period that has been served by the student during enrollment in another District.

If the appropriate administrator fails to issue an expulsion order after the student withdraws, the next District in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings.

Additional Misconduct

If during the expulsion, the student engages in additional conduct for which placement in AAC or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the appropriate administrator may issue an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

Restrictions during Expulsion

Expelled students are prohibited from being on school grounds or attending school-sponsored or school related activities during the period of expulsion.

No District academic credit shall be earned for work missed during the period of expulsion unless the student is enrolled in a JJAEP or another District-approved program.

Newly Enrolled Students

The District shall decide on a case-by-case basis the placement of a student who is subject to an expulsion order from another District or an open-enrollment charter school upon enrollment in the District.

If a student expelled in another state enrolls in the District, the District may continue the expulsion under the terms of the expulsion order, may place the student in AAC for the period specified in the order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes if:

- 1. The out-of-state District provides the District with a copy of the expulsion order, and
- 2. The offense resulting in the expulsion is also an expellable offense in the District in which the student is enrolling.

If a student is expelled by a District in another state for a period that exceeds one year and the District continues the expulsion or places the student in AAC, the District shall reduce the period of the expulsion or AAC placement so that the entire period does not exceed one year, unless after a review it is determined that:

- 1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or District employees, or
- 2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

Emergency Expulsion Procedures

When an emergency expulsion occurs; the student shall be given verbal notice of the reason for the action. Within ten days after the date of the emergency expulsion, the student shall be given appropriate due process required for a student facing expulsion.

AAC Placement of Expelled Students

The District may provide educational services to any expelled student in AAC; however, educational services in the AAC must be provided if the student is less than ten years of age.

<u>GLOSSARY</u>

The glossary provides legal definitions and locally established definitions and is intended to assist in understanding terms related to the Student Code of Conduct.

Abuse is improper or excessive use.

Aggravated robbery is defined in part by Texas Penal Code 29.03(a) when a person commits robbery and:

1. Causes serious bodily injury to another;

- 2. Uses or exhibits a deadly weapon: or
- 3. Causes bodily injury to another person or threatens or places another person in fear of imminent bodily injury or death, if the other person is:
 - 65 years of age or older, or
 - · A disable person

Armor-piercing ammunition is handgun ammunition used in pistols and revolvers and designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor.

Arson is

- 1. A crime that involves starting a fire or causing an explosion with intent to destroy or damage:
 - a. Any vegetation, fence, or structure on open-space land; or
 - b. Any building, habitation, or vehicle:
 - i. Knowing that it is within the limits of an incorporated city or town;
 - ii. Knowing that it is insured against damage or destruction;
 - iii. Knowing that it is subject to a mortgage or other security interest;
 - iv. Knowing that it is located on property belonging to another;
 - v. Knowing that it has located within it property belonging to another; or
 - vi. When the person starting the fire is reckless about whether the burning or explosion will endanger the life of some individual or the safety of the property of another.
- A crime that involves recklessly starting a fire or causing an explosion while manufacturing or attempting to manufacture a controlled substance and the fire or explosion damages any building habitation, or vehicle; or
- 3. A crime that involves intentionally starting a fire or causing and explosion and in so doing:
 - a. Recklessly damages or destroys a building belonging to another, or
 - b. Recklessly causes another person to suffer bodily injury or death.

Assault is defined in part by Texas Penal Code §22.01(a) (1) as intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing bodily injury (physical pain, illness, or impairment of a physical condition) to another; §22.01(a)(2) as intentionally or knowingly threatening another with imminent bodily injury; and §22.01(a)(3) as intentionally or knowingly causing physical contact with another that can reasonably be regarded as offensive or provocative.

Bullying is when a student or group of students engages in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that occurs on school property, at a school-sponsored or school-related activity, or in a vehicle operated by the District and a school District's board of trustees or the board's designee determines that the behavior:

- 1. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harming a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property; or
- 2. Is sufficiently severe, persistent, and pervasive enough that the action of threat creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for a student

This conduct is considered bullying if it:

- 1. Exploits and imbalance of power between the student perpetrator who is engaging in bullying and the student victim through written or verbal expression or physical conduct: and
- 2. Interferes with a student's education or substantially disrupts the operation of a school.

Chemical dispensing device is a device designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being. A small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection is not in this category.

Club is an instrument specially designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury or death. A blackjack, nightstick, mace, and tomahawk are in the same category.

Criminal Street gang is three or more persons having common identifying sign or symbol or an identifiable leadership who continuously or regularly associate in the commission of criminal activities.

Cyberbullying is the use of an electronic communication devise to engage in bullying or intimidation.

Dating violence occurs when a person in a current or past dating relationship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in the relationship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these acts against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the individual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship with the person committing the offence, as defined by Section 71.0021 of the Family Code.

Deadly conduct occurs when a person recklessly engages in conduct that places another in imminent danger of serious bodily injury, such as knowingly discharging a firearm in the direction of an individual, habitation, building, or vehicle.

Deferred adjudication is an alternative to seeking a conviction in court that may be offered to a juvenile for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

Deferred prosecution may be offered to a juvenile as an alternative to seeking a conviction in court for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

Delinquent conduct is conduct that violates either state or federal law and is punishable by imprisonment or confinement in jail. It includes conduct that violates certain juvenile court orders, including probation orders, but does not include violations of traffic laws.

Discretionary means that something is left to or regulated by a local decision maker.

Explosive weapon is any explosive or incendiary bomb, grenade, rocket, or mine and its delivery mechanism that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or terror.

False Alarm or Report occurs when a person knowingly initiates, communicates, or circulates a report of a present, past, or future bombing, fire, offense, or other emergency that he or she knows is false or baseless and that would ordinarily:

- 1. Cause action by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
- 2. Place a person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury; or
- 3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building, room, or place of assembly.

Firearm silencer means any device designed, made, or adapted to muffle the report of a firearm.

Graffiti are markings with paint, an indelible pen or marker, or an etching or engraving device on tangible property without the effective consent of the owner. The markings may include inscriptions, slogans, drawings, or paintings.

Harassment is:

- Conduct that meets the definition established in District policies DIA(LOCAL) and FFH(LOCAL); or
- Conduct that threatens to cause harm or bodily injury to another student, is sexually intimidating, causes physical damage to the property of another student, subjects another student to physical confinement or restraint, or maliciously and substantially harms another student's physical or emotional health or safety.

Hazing is an intentional or reckless act, on or off campus, by one person alone or acting with others, that endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student for the purpose of pledging, initiation into, affiliation with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in an organization.

Hit list is a list of people targeted to be harmed, using a firearm, a knife, or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm.

Knuckles are any instrument consisting of finger rings or guards made of a hard substance and designed or adapted for inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with a fist enclosed in the knuckles.

Machine gun is any firearm that is capable of shooting more than two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

Mandatory means that something is obligatory or required because of an authority.

Paraphernalia are devices that can be used for inhaling, ingesting, injecting, or otherwise introducing a controlled substance into a human body.

Possession means to have an item on one's person or in one's personal property, including but not limited to clothing, purse, or backpack; a private vehicle used for transportation to or from school or school-related activities, including but not limited to an automobile, truck, motorcycle, or bicycle; telecommunications or electronics devices or any other school property used by the student, including but not limited to a locker or desk.

Public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang means an organization composed wholly or in part of students that seeks to perpetuate itself by taking additional members from the students enrolled in school based on a decision of its member ship rather than on the free choice of a qualified student. Educational organizations listed in Section 37.121 (d) of the Education Code are excepted from this definition.

Reasonable belief is a determination made by the superintendent or designee using all available information, including the information furnished under Article 15.27 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Self-defense Is the use of force against another to the degree a person reasonably believes the force is immediately necessary to protect himself or herself.

Serious misbehavior means:

- 1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
- 2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
- 3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
- 4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
 - a. Public lewdness under Section 21.07, Penal Code;
 - b. Indecent exposure under Section 21.08; Penal Code;
 - c. Criminal mischief under Section 28.03, Penal Code;
 - d. Personal hazing under Section 37.152; or
 - e. Harassment under Section 42.07(a) (1), Penal Code, of a student or District employee

Serious or persistent misbehavior includes but is not limited to:

- Behavior that is grounds for permissible expulsion or mandatory AAC placement
- Behavior identified by the District as grounds for discretionary AAC placement
- Actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities
- Refusal to attempt or complete school work as assigned
- Insubordination
- Profanity, vulgar language, or obscene gestures
- Leaving school grounds without permission

- Falsification of records, passes, or other school-related documents
- Refusal to accept discipline assigned by the teacher or principal

Short-barrel firearm is a rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 inches or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

Terroristic threat is a threat of violence to any person or property with intent to:

- 1. 1Cause a reaction of any type by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
- 2. Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury;
- Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building; room, place of assembly, or place to which the public has access; place of employment or occupation; aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance; or other public place;
- 4. Cause impairment or interruption of public communications, public transportation, public water, gas, or power supply or other public service;
- 5. Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
- 6. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the state (including the District).

Tire deflation devise is defined in part by Section 46.01 of the Penal Code as a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires.

Title 5 offenses are those that involve injury to a person and include murder; kidnapping; assault; aggravated assault; sexual assault; aggravated sexual assault; unlawful restraint; indecency with a child; injury to a child, an elderly person, or a disabled person; abandoning or endangering a child; deadly conduct; terroristic threat; aiding a person to commit suicide; and tampering with a consumer product. [See FOC (EXHIBIT)]

Under the influence means lacking the normal use of mental or physical faculties. Impairment of a person's physical or mental faculties may be evidenced by a pattern of abnormal or erratic behavior the presence of physical symptoms of drug or alcohol use, or by admission. A student "under the influence" need not be legally intoxicated to trigger disciplinary action.

Use means voluntarily introducing into one's body, by any means, a prohibited substance.

Zip gun is a device or combination of devices, not originally a firearm, but adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth-bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance.

Acknowledgment Form—Amendment

Note to handbook developer: You might keep this form on hand throughout the school year to assist in documenting communication of Student Handbook amendments made during the year.

My child and I have received a copy of the West Orange-Cove CISD Student Handbook Amendment # dated
Print name of student:
Signature of student:
Signature of parent:
Date: