JLDB © RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION

Restraint and seclusion are not to be used as disciplinary consequences.

A school may permit the use of restraint or seclusion techniques on any student if both of the following apply:

- A. The student's behavior presents an imminent danger of bodily harm to the student or others.
- B. Less restrictive interventions appear insufficient to mitigate the imminent danger of bodily harm.

If a restraint or seclusion technique is used on a student:

- A. School personnel shall maintain continuous visual observation and monitoring of the student while the restraint or seclusion technique is in use.
- B. The restraint or seclusion technique shall end when the student's behavior no longer presents an imminent danger to the student or others.
- C. The restraint or seclusion technique shall be used only by school personnel who are trained in the safe and effective use of restraint and seclusion techniques unless an emergency situation does not allow sufficient time to summon trained personnel.
- D. The restraint technique employed may not impede the student's ability to breathe.
- E. The restraint technique may not be out of proportion to the student's age or physical condition.

Schools may establish policies and procedures for the use of restraint or seclusion techniques in a school safety or crisis intervention plan if the plan is not specific to any individual student.

Schools shall establish reporting and documentation procedures to be followed when a restraint or seclusion technique has been used on a student. The procedures shall include the following requirements:

- A. School personnel shall provide the student's parent or guardian with written or oral notice on the same day that the incident occurred, unless circumstances prevent same-day notification. If the notice is not provided on the same day of the incident, notice shall be given within twenty-four (24) hours after the incident.
- B. Within a reasonable time following the incident, school personnel shall provide the student's parent or guardian with written documentation that includes information about any persons, locations or activities that may have triggered the behavior, if

known, and specific information about the behavior and its precursors, the type of restraint or seclusion technique used and the duration of its use.

C. Schools shall review strategies used to address a student's dangerous behavior if there has been repeated use of restraint or seclusion techniques for the student during a school year. The review shall include a review of the incidents in which restraint or seclusion technique were used and an analysis of how future incidents may be avoided, including whether the student requires a functional behavioral assessment.

If a school district or charter school summons law enforcement instead of using a restraint or seclusion technique on a student, the school shall comply with the reporting, documentation and review procedures established under the paragraph above. School resource officers are authorized to respond to situations that present the imminent danger of bodily harm according to protocols established by their law enforcement agency.

Schools are not prohibited from adopting policies which include procedures for the reasonable use of physical force by certificated or support staff personnel in self-defense, defense of others and defense of property (A.R.S. 15-843, subsection B, paragraph 3.)

The District authorizes the use of these Definitions which are included in A.R.S. 15-105:

- A. "Restraint" means any method or device that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to move the student's torso, arms, legs or head freely, including physical force or mechanical devices. Restraint does not include any of the following:
 - 1. Methods or devices implemented by trained school personnel or used by a student for the specific and approved therapeutic or safety purposes for which the method or device is designed and, if applicable, prescribed.
 - 2. The temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder or back for the purpose of inducing a student to comply with a reasonable request or to go to a safe location.
 - 3. The brief holding of a student by one adult for the purpose of calming or comforting the student.
 - 4. Physical force used to take a weapon away from a student or to separate and remove a student from another person when the student is engaged in a physical assault on another person.
- B. "School" means a school district, a charter school, a public or private special education school that provides services to students placed by a public school, the Arizona State Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and a private school.

C. "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room from which egress is prevented. Seclusion does not include the use of a voluntary behavior management technique, including a timeout location, as part of a student's education plan, individual safety plan, behavioral plan or individualized education program that involves the student's separation from a larger group for purposes of calming.

Adopted: May 1, 2018

LEGAL REF.: A.R.S. 13-403 et seq.

13-2911 15-105 15-341 15-342 15-841 15-842 15-843 15-844

CROSS REF.: GBEB - Staff Conduct JIC - Student Conduct

JK – Student Discipline JKA - Corporal Punishment JKD - Student Suspension JKE - Expulsion of Student

JLDB-EA © RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION

RESTRAINT/SECLUSION DOCUMENTATION

This form must be completed when school personnel have used a restraint or seclusion technique with a student.

Referral to Law Enforcement: School personnel are required to comply with the reporting, documentation and review procedures required by A.R.S. 15-105 if the school district summoned law enforcement instead of using a restraint or seclusion technique on the student.

Applicable Definitions: For purposes of determining whether this form must be completed, the following definitions apply:

Restraint means any method or device that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to move the student's torso, arms, legs or head freely, including physical force or mechanical devices.

Restraint does *not* include any of the following:

- 1. Methods or devices implemented by trained school personnel or used by a student for the specific and approved therapeutic or safety purposes for which the method or device is designed and, if applicable, prescribed.
- 2. The temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder or back for the purpose of inducing a student to comply with a reasonable request or to go to 'a safe location.
- 3. The brief holding of a student by one adult for the purpose of calming or comforting the student.
- 4. Physical force used to take a weapon away from a student or to separate and remove a student from another person when the student is engaged in a physical assault on another person.

Seclusion means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room from which egress is prevented.

Seclusion does *not* include the use of a voluntary behavior management technique, including a timeout location, as part of a student's education plan, individual safety plan, behavioral plan or individualized education program (IEP) that involves the student's separation from a larger group for purposes of calming.

Notification to Parents: Check the appropriate box.

School personnel provided the student's parent/guardian with written or oral notice on the
same day the incident occurred; or

	Circumstances princident.	revented same of	lay notification	to the student's parent/guard	dian of the
Notice	e will provided with	nin twenty-four	(24) hours after	the incident.	
Studer	nt:			Student ID:	
	First	Middle	Last		

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RESTRAINT/SECLUSION DOCUMENTATION

Student:		Student ID:			
Grade: Age	: DOB:	School:			
Parent(s):					
Address:					
Phone: (w)	(h)	(c)			
Date of Incident:	Month/Day/Year Loca	tion:			
-	=	estraint or seclusion technique because both of the both conditions were met):			
□□ The student others;	mminent danger of bodily harm to the student or				
□□ Less restric	Less restrictive interventions appeared insufficient to mitigate the imminent danger of				
bodily harm					
Description of the the student or othe	_	resented an imminent danger of bodily harm to			
_	less restrictive intervent at danger of bodily harm:	ions that appeared insufficient to mitigate the			
-	ded. If a box is not checke	must check the boxes below and provide other of "True," school personnel must explain why the			
	-	ontinuous visual observation and monitoring of the clusion technique was used. True \square Not True \square			
Personnel who obse	erved and monitored the stu	dent:			

2.	The restraint or seclusion ended when the student's behavior no longer presented an imminent danger to the student or others. True \square Not True \square		
3.	The restraint or seclusion technique was used only by school personnel who are trained in the safe and effective use of restraint and seclusion techniques, unless an emergency situation did not allow sufficient time to summon trained personnel. True \square Not True \square		
4.	If an emergency existed that did not allow sufficient time to summon trained personnel, explain the emergency:		
5.	The restraint technique used did not impede the student's ability to breathe. True □ Not True □		
6.	The restraint technique was not out of proportion to the student's age or physical condition. True \square Not True \square		
Spec	cific information about the behavior and its precursors:		
Тур	e of restraint or seclusion technique used:		
Dura	ation of restraint or seclusion technique used: minutes		
A resche	eview meeting is needed: Yes \square No \square eview meeting to review strategies used to address a student's dangerous behavior <i>must</i> be eduled if there has been repeated use of restraint or seclusion for the student during the school α . If a review meeting is needed, it will be scheduled and separate documentation will be pleted.		
Pers	son(s) Responsible for Completing Form:		
	Date:		
	Data		

JLDB-EC @ RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION

RESTRAINT/SECLUSION DOCUMENTATION

(Same Day Oral/Written Notification to Parent/Guardian)

or within twenty-four (24) hours if circumstances prevented same day notice

Date provided:/ Time::m.
Method of Delivery:
□ Oral
□ Written
Hand-delivery (signature required)
$Mailed: \ \Box \ 1st \ Class \ Mail-Certificate \ of \ Mailing \ and/or \ \Box \ Certified \ Mail-Return \ Receipt \ Requested$
E-mailed using address:; maintain proof of electronic
delivery
Name of Parent/Guardian Receiving Notice:
Person Providing Notice:
Confirmation that a copy of this completed documentation was provided to the Parent/Guardian (provided within a reasonable time following the incident):
Date provided:/ Time::m.
Method of Delivery:
☐ Written
Hand-delivery (signature required)
$Mailed: \ \Box \ 1st \ Class \ Mail-Certificate \ of \ Mailing \ and/or \ \Box \ Certified \ Mail-Return \ Receipt \ Requested$
E-mailed using address:; maintain proof of electronic
delivery
Name of Parent/Guardian Receiving Notice:
Parson Providing Notice

JLDB-ED © RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION

RESTRAINT/SECLUSION DOCUMENTATION (Review of Repeated Use of Restraint or Seclusion Techniques)

A review meeting to review strategies used to address a student's dangerous behavior *must* be scheduled if there has been repeated use of restraint or seclusion for the student during the school year, A.R.S. 15-105.

Student:		Student ID:	
Grade: Age:	DOB:	School:	
Parent(s):			
Address:			
Phone: (w)	(h)	(c)	
Date of Incident:	I	ocation:	
Month/Day/Year			
Review current and prev	vious incidents in whi	ch physical restraint/se	eclusion techniques were
used:			
Review strategies used t	o address the student	's dangerous behavior	:
		-	
Analyze how future inci	dents may be avoided	:	
The Team recommends	a Functional Behavio	oral Assessment: Yes	No □
Name:	Signature:		Date:

If parent(s) did not attend the meeting, explain other methods to ensure parent participation and/	or
child as appropriate (e.g., conference call, videoconference, home visit):	