The Art and Science of Teaching



What is about that Teacher?

- Parents always request for their child to be placed in that classroom.
- Administrators always enjoy visiting the classroom and use it as the exemplar for all others to see.
- Year in and year out they produce the best student achievement results.

 What is it about them that we know they are great teachers?



After 40 years of research Clear on one thing...

The most significant factor in student learning?



...the teacher in the classroom!



"What Matters Very Much is Which Classroom?"
"If a student is in one of the most effective classrooms, he/ she will learn in 6 months what those in an average classroom will take a year to learn. And if a student is in one of the least effective classrooms in that school, the same amount of learning takes 2 years."

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Deborah Loewenberg Ball, Dean of Education, University of Michigan

The Ultimate Goal For Schools

Raise the level of least effective...so all classrooms are very good...

Art and Science by the numbers

- 41 instructional elements
 - –Why? Differentiate for growth needs
- 9 lesson design questions
 - –Why? Guide instructional planning
- 3 segments for every lesson.
 - Why? A basis from which to discuss the craft of teaching.



Three Segments of a Lesson

- 1. Segments that involve Routine Behaviors.
- 2. Segments that address Content in specific ways.
- 3. Segments that are **Enacted on the Spot.**



Lesson segments that involve routine behaviors.

- Setting clear learning goals
- Establishing how you will provide feedback and track student progress
- Establishing classroom routines and procedures (Attention signal, grouping routines)
- Organizing the physical layout of the classroom for learning (materials, traffic patterns, and displays)



2A. Lesson segments that address content in specific ways: New Content

- Questions, cues, advanced organizers
- Summarizing and note taking
- Non-linguistic representations of learning
- Chunking information
- Cooperative Learning
- Pacing of a lesson
- Establishing guiding questions



2B. Lesson segments that address content in specific ways: Practicing and Deepening.

- Cooperative learning
- Similarities and differences
- Homework and practice
- Questioning as review and practice



2C. Lesson segments that address content in specific ways: Generating and Test Hypotheses.

- Organize students into complex tasks involving hypotheses generation and testing
- Provide resources for guidance

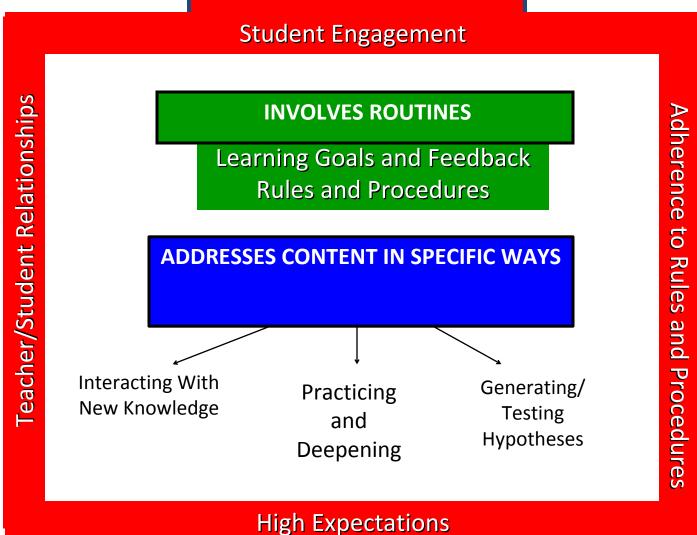


3. Behaviors Enacted on the Spot

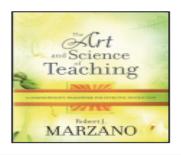
- Managing response rates during questioning
- Reinforcing effort and providing recognition
- Building and maintaining positive relationships with students
- Demonstrating high expectations for all students
- Maintaining a lively pace for instruction
- Use of academic games in the classroom



ENACTED ON THE SPOT



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The Art and Science of Teaching

| LESSON SEGMENTS INVOLVING ROUTINE EVENTS | |
|--|--|
| Design Question 1 | What will I do to establish and communicate learning goals, track student progress, and celebrate success? |
| Design Question 6 | What will I do to establish or maintain classroom rules and procedures? |
| LESSON SEGMENTS INVOLVING CONTENT | |
| Design Question 2 | What will I do to help students effectively interact with new knowledge? |
| Design Question 3 | What will I do to help students practice and deepen their understanding of new knowledge? |
| Design Question 4 | What will I do to help students generate and test hypotheses about new knowledge? |
| SEGMENTS ENACTED ON THE SPOT | |
| Design Question 5 | What will I do to engage students? |
| Design Question 7 | What will I do to recognize and acknowledge adherence and lack of adherence to classroom rules and procedures? |
| Design Question 8 | What will I do to establish and maintain effective relationships with students? |
| Design Question 9 | What will I do to communicate high expectations for all students? |