ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

# Stephenville Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2020

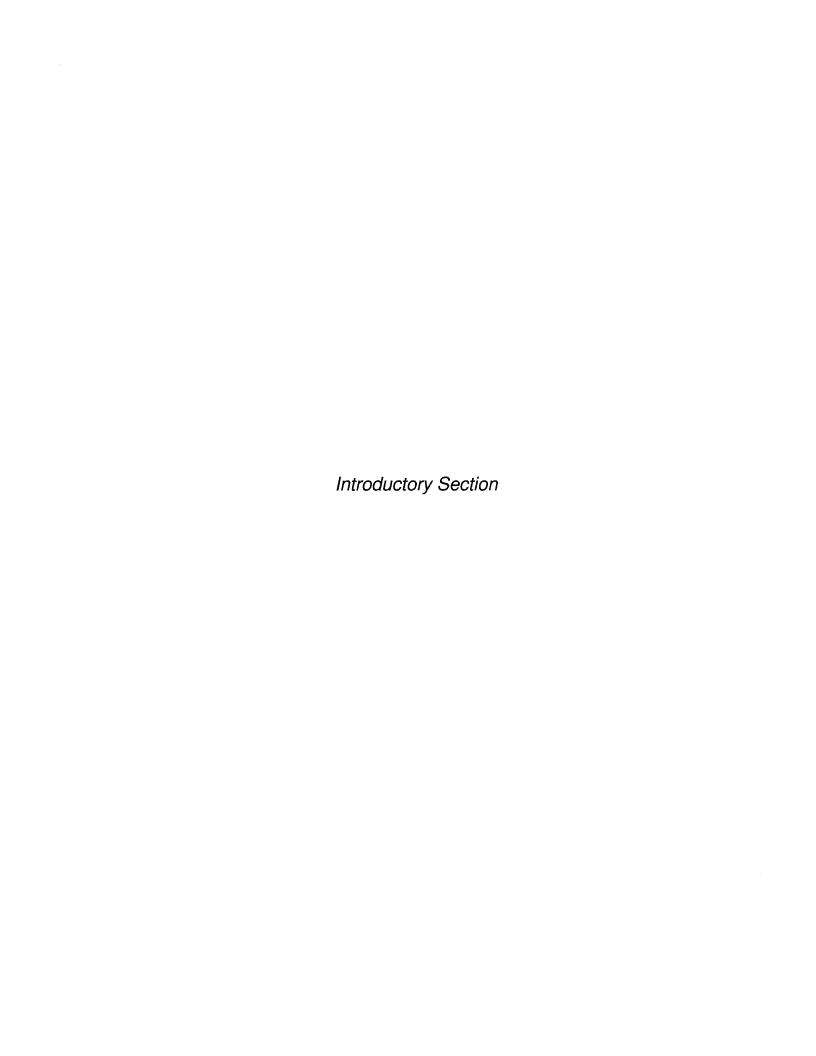
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page	Exhibit
INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Certificate of Board	1	
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report	2	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5	
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	12	A-1
Statement of Activities	13	B-1
Fund Financial Statements:		0.4
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds	10	0.40
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	16	C-1R
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17	C-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	17	0-2
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19	C-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	_	E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		E-2
Notes to the Financial Statements		
Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:		
General Fund	48	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net Pension Liability - Teacher Retirement System Of Texas	50	G-2
Schedule of District's Pension Contributions - Teacher Retirement System Of Texas	51	G-3
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net OPEB Liability - Teacher Retirement System of Texas	52	G-4
Schedule of District's OPEB Contributions - Teacher Retirement System of Texas	53	G-5
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	54	
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable		J-1
Fund Balance and Cash Flow Calculation Worksheet (Unaudited)-General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedules Required by the Texas Education Agency:	57	J-2
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program	58	J-3
Debt Service Fund	59	J-4

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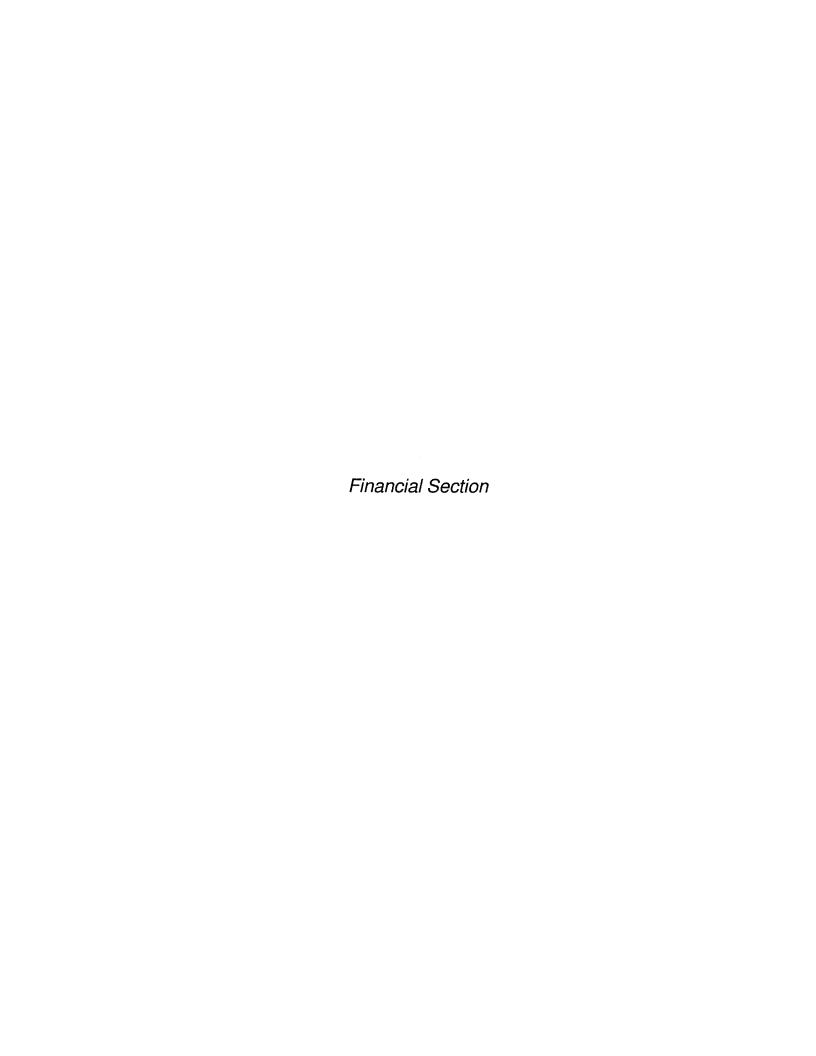
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and		
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	60	
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal		
Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	62	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	64	
Corrective Action Plan	65	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	66	K-1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	68	
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School First Indicators	69	K-2



### CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Stephenville Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Erath</u> County	<u>072-903</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached	annual financial reports of t	he above named school district
were reviewed and (check one)approv	eddisapproved for the	ne year ended August 31, 2020,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such scho	ool district on the day of	,,
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor (attach list as necessary)	r's report, the reason(s) for dis	capproving it is (are):





### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Stephenville Independent School District 2655 W. Overhill Drive Stephenville, Texas 76401

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stephenville Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stephenville Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedules of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Stephenville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other accompanying supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, except for Exhibit J-2, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and Exhibit J-2 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2021 on our consideration of Stephenville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Stephenville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Show d'ant Williams

Snow Garrett Williams January 8, 2021

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close
  of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,471,221 (net position). Of this amount, (\$5,990,248) (unrestricted
  net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$45,047,374. Approximately 22% of this total amount, \$9,799,240, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,799,240, or 30% of the total general fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-19 of this report.
- **Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 20-21.
- **Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-47 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 48-54 of this report.

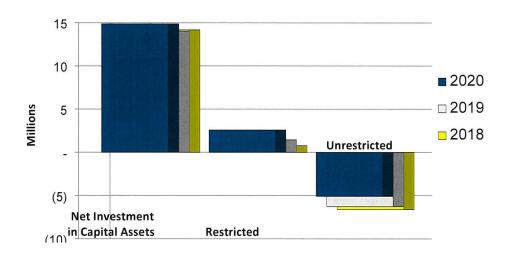
### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$11,471,221, as of August 31, 2020.

### The District's Net Position

	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019
Current assets Capital assets Long-term investments Total assets	\$ 51,122,795 71,240,963 940,000 123,303,758	\$ 76,249,743 43,029,613 470,000 119,279,356
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflow related to pensions Deferred outflow related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	3,822,798 1,517,785 5,340,583	4,528,266 1,126,912 5,655,178
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding total liabilities	6,926,783 102,962,390 109,889,173	5,109,217 106,170,527 111,279,744
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred gain on refunding bonds Deferred inflow related to pensions Deferred inflow related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	243,565 1,372,629 5,667,753 7,283,947	476,484 4,414,996 4,891,480
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	14,881,489 2,579,980 (5,990,248) \$ 11,471,221	14,047,542 1,457,835 (6,272,067) \$ 9,233,310

### Net Position as of 8/31/20



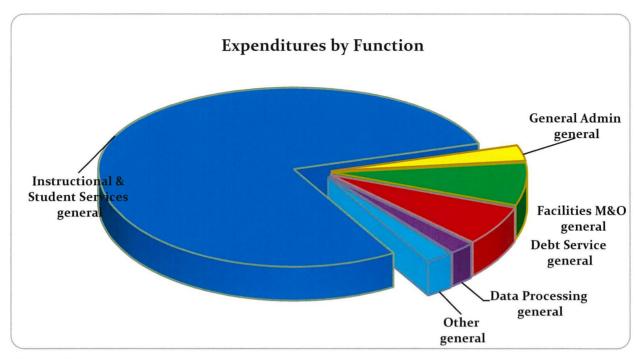
Net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress) is \$14,881,489. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt (net investment in capital assets), it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional \$2,579,980 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, negative \$5,990,248, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. This deficit is not an indication that the District has insignificant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are in excess of currently available resources.

**Governmental activities.** The District's total net position increased \$2,237,911. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$44,368,266. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$24,079,685 or 54%.

### Changes in the District's Net Position

	Fiscal Year August 31, 2020	Fiscal Year August 31, 2019	
Revenues:			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 727,342	\$ 875,568	
Operating grants and contributions	7,192,020	5,812,006	
General revenues			
Property taxes	24,079,685	23,662,757	
State grants	12,950,166	10,130,756	
Other	1,656,964	2,239,501_	
Total revenues	46,606,177	42,720,588	
Expenses:			
Instruction	24,104,073	21,226,102	
Instruction resources and media services	581,928	551,115	
Curriculum and staff development	225,020	443,068	
Instructional leadership	806,803	689,351	
School leadership	1,940,634	1,784,350	
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	1,495,677	1,444,219	
Health services	450,013	336,857	
Student transportation	1,246,126	1,319,312	
Food service	1,903,668	1,830,424	
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	2,348,082	2,433,953	
General administration	1,169,110	1,170,401	
Facilities maintenance and operations	3,159,039	3,135,258	
Security and monitoring services	281,171	331,714	
Data processing services	929,584	970,976	
Community services	38,623	36,657	
Interest on long-term debt	2,743,441	2,979,669	
Bond issuance costs and fees	191,077	514,421	
Capital Outlay	66,588	-	
Payments related to shared service arrangements	57,937	61,869	
Other intergovernemental charges	629,672	584,480	
Total expenses	44,368,266	41,844,196	
Increase (decrease) in net position	2,237,911	876,392	
Beginning net position	9,233,310	8,356,918	
Ending net position	\$ 11,471,221	\$ 9,233,310	



### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$45,047,374, a decrease of \$26,395,398. Approximately 22% of this total amount (\$9,799,240) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted*, *committed*, or *assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been *restricted* for (1) federal and state grant restrictions (\$98), (2) capital acquisitions (\$25,599,424), (3) retirement of long-term debt (\$1,599,181), and (4) other restrictions for Sinking Fund (\$940,000); *committed* for (1) construction (\$6,189,275) and (2) other commitments (\$920,013); and *assigned* for other (\$143).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$9,799,240, out of a total fund balance of \$15,588,515. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 30% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 48% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$897,218 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are:

- Savings associated with limited travel for extracurricular activities, staff training, and student transportation (fuel costs)
- Decrease in daily operational pertaining to facility costs, as well as instructional/administrative expenses

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$2,539,181, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was \$1,236,044.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$26,599,424, all of which is restricted for capital acquisitions. The net decrease in fund balance during the period in the capital projects fund was \$28,514,174, which was the effect of various capital project expenditures.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments were due to allow for unexpected occurrences and to better reflect the activities of the District. Budget revisions were primarily due to:

- Adjusting some expenditures toward another purpose than originally budgeted (ie. the need to purchase PPE, premium pay for onsite employees, supporting virtual learning, etc)
- Addressing the needs of our transportation fleet by purchasing 3 school buses
- Significant decline in interest rates further impacting investment earnings

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts for the general fund:

- Actual revenues were lower than budgeted by \$521,820, primarily related to a mandatory tax refund due to an appeal by FMC Corporation affecting local revenues; and,
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted by \$1,910,775, primarily due to functions related to instruction, guidance, counseling, and evaluation services, and plant maintenance operations.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2020, amounts to \$71,240,963 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the year includes the installation of a new District-wide phone system, two new passenger buses, and continued construction for the High School additions and renovations, as well as the softball field.

### **District's Capital Assets**

(net of depreciation)

	August 31, 2020		Aug	gust 31, 2019
Land	\$	567,436	\$	567,436
Buildings and improvements		33,730,929		33,853,984
Furniture and equipment		1,721,574		1,577,689
Construction in progress		35,221,024		7,030,504
Totals at historical cost	\$	71,240,963	\$	43,029,613

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note C on page 31 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** As of August 31, 2020, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$77,355,000, a decrease of \$1,590,000 over the prior year. During fiscal year 2020, the District issued Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (par \$13,975,000; premium \$1,451,035) which refunded certain maturities of the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2020. Premium on bonds decreased \$792,407 from the prior year resulting in an ending balance of \$4,385,186. The District's discount on bonds decreased \$2,071 from the prior year resulting in an ending balance of (\$24,853). Accumulated accretion increased \$472,563 resulting in an ending balance of \$472,563.

The net pension liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$8,133,950, a decrease of \$560,269 from the prior year. And finally, the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$12,640,544, a decrease of \$740,095.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue up to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$188,010,129, which is significantly in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note E on pages 32-33 of this report.

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC Business ("S&P") has assigned a municipal bond rating of "AAA" to the Bonds based upon the Permanent School Fund Guarantee. S&P generally rates all bond issues guaranteed by the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas "AAA".

The District's underlying rating for the Bonds (without consideration of the Permanent School Fund guarantee or other credit enhancement) is "AA-" by S&P.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- Tax rate for Maintenance & Operations budget set at \$0.99 per \$100 valuation and Interest and Sinking rate for \$.02829 for a total tax rate of \$1.2729.
- The District budgeted revenues of \$34,288,866 and expenditures of \$33,772,453 in the 2019-2020 budget.
- The District's student attendance rate and average daily attendance (ADA) count was consequently impacted by school disclosure due to the global pandemic. Actual attendance rates were stable from previous years at approximately 95 percent during the first semester. However, the redefined ADA dropped substantially with the closure. Fortunately, the Texas Education Agency initiated a hold-harmless provision in favor of public school's average daily attendance rate for the fifth and six sixth weeks.
- The District's enrollment increased by approximately 120 students in 2019-2020. Due to the statewide closure of schools during the spring semester and many unknown factors impacting the educational services available for the Fall of 2020, we anticipate a decrease in our enrollment during the 2020-2021 school year.
- The District's taxable valuation has increased each of the last nine years and was up 7.78% for the 2019-2020 appraisal.
- Earnings in interest income is assumed to stay minimal due to the state of the economy.
- With progression of construction and the completion of some facilities, we are hopeful to have an increase in facility rental for the coming years.

### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Stephenville Independent School District's Business Office.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

		1
Data		
Control		Governmental
Codes	400570	Activities
4440	ASSETS:	Φ 0.470.500
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,470,526
1120	Current Investments	45,112,536
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	220,159
1240	Due from Other Governments	2,141,729
1290	Other Receivables (Net)	167,685
1300	Inventories	1,160
1410	Unrealized Expenses	9,000
1510	Capital Assets:	FC7 420
1510	Land	567,436
1520	Buildings and Improvements, (Net)	33,730,929
1530	Furniture and Equipment, (Net)	1,721,574
1580	Construction in Progress	35,221,024
1910	Long-Term Investments	940,000
1000	Total Assets	123,303,758
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	2 922 709
	Deferred Outflow Related to CPEB	3,822,798 1,517,785
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,340,583
1700	Total Deletted Outilows of Resources	
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts Payable	2,935,900
2140	Interest Payable	131,521
2165	Accrued Liabilities	3,729,665
2177	Due to Fiduciary	1,675
2180	Due to Other Governments	5,334
2300	Unearned Revenue	122,688
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	•
2501	Due Within One Year	1,620,000
2502	Due in More Than One Year	80,567,896
2540	Net Pension Liability	8,133,950
2545	Net OPEB Liability	12,640,544
2000	Total Liabilities	109,889,173
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Gain on Refunding Bonds	243,565
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	1,372,629
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	5,667,753
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,283,947
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,881,489
00	Restricted For:	
3820	Federal and State Programs	98
3850	Debt Service	2,579,882
3900	Unrestricted	(5,990,248)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ <u>11,471,221</u>

Net (Expense)

# **STEPHENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT** STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			1		3		4		Revenue and
					Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position	
Data				_			Operating		
Control					Charges for	(	Grants and	C	Governmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	_0	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	24,104,073	\$	59,371	\$	4,123,598	\$	(19,921,104)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		581,928		773		53,433		(527,722)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		225,020		203		75,260		(149,557)
21	Instructional Leadership		806,803		729		68,435		(737,639)
23	School Leadership		1,940,634		2,585		187,768		(1,750,281)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		1,495,677		1,626		353,538		(1,140,513)
33	Health Services		450,013		614		38,617		(410,782)
34	Student Transportation		1,246,126		2,094		123,109		(1,120,923)
35	Food Service		1,903,668		295,586		1,260,174		(347,908)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,348,082		356,793		138,619		(1,852,670)
41	General Administration		1,169,110		1,582		106,319		(1,061,209)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,159,039		4,661		237,882		(2,916,496)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		281,171		402		58,573		(222,196)
53	Data Processing Services		929,584		252		56,781		(872,551)
61	Community Services		38,623				33,604		(5,019)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		2,743,441				261,713		(2,481,728)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		191,077						(191,077)
81	Capital Outlay		66,588						(66,588)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangemen	nts	57,937		71		14,597		(43,269)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		629,672						(629,672)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		44,368,266	_	727,342		7,192,020		(36,448,904)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$_	44,368,266	\$_	727,342	\$	7,192,020		(36,448,904)
	C	General Rev	vonues.						
MT			axes, Levied for	General	Purnoses				18,532,350
DT		, ,	axes, Levied for i		•				5,547,335
ΙE		Investmen		J 0 D 1 O 0 1	1100				1,313,389
GC			d Contributions N	nt Restri	icted to Specific	Program	<b>S</b>		12,950,166
MI		Miscellane		01 7 100117	olog to opcome	, rogium	9		343,575
TR			neral Revenues					_	38,686,815
CN			in Net Position					_	2,237,911
NB	N		- Beginning						9,233,310
NE		Vet Position						<u>.</u>	11,471,221
141	· '	tot i oditioi						Ψ==	, ,

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		10	50
Data			Debt
Contro		General	Service
Codes	-	Fund	Fund
1110	ASSETS:	Φ 0.E10.0E4	ф 000 470
1110 1120	Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments	\$ 2,518,354	\$ 836,479 1,117,371
1225	Taxes Receivable	14,965,953 317,144	58,396
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(137,686)	(17,695)
1240	Due from Other Governments	973,462	4,820
1260	Due from Other Funds	660,967	4,020
1290	Other Receivables		113,685
1300	Inventories	1,160	113,000
1410	Unrealized Expenditures	1,100	
1910	Long Term Investments - Sinking Fund		940,000
1000	Total Assets	\$ 19,299,354	\$ 3,053,056
1000	Total Assets	Ψ 19,299,334	φ
	LIABILITIES:		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 331,131	\$ 470,000
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	207,967	Ψ 470,000
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	1,701,117	
2170	Due to Other Funds	1,083,983	
2180	Due to Other Governments	5,334	
2200	Accrued Expenditures	145,196	
2300	Unearned Revenue	56,653	3,174
2000	Total Liabilities	3,531,381	473,174
2000	Total Elabilities		470,174
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Property Taxes	179,458	40,701
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	179,458	40,701
	FUND BALANCES:		
	Restricted Fund Balances:		
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		
3470	Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations	<del></del>	<b>~~</b>
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	<b>N</b> -1-1	1,599,181
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		940,000
0.00	Committed Fund Balances:		010,000
3510	Construction	5,189,275	
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	600,000	
0040	Assigned Fund Balances:	000,000	
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance - Dairy Max Grant		
3600	Unassigned	9,799,240	<del></del>
3000	Total Fund Balances	15,588,515	2,539,181
5500	Total Fulla Balariood	,	2,000,101
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow		
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 19,299,354	\$3,053,056
1000	of flooderood and family balantood	¥	<u> </u>

	60		98
	Capital	Other	Total
	Projects	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
\$	48,883	\$ 66,810	\$ 3,470,526
•	29,029,212	·	45,112,536
		<b>=</b> ∞	375,540
		, and a	(155,381)
		1,163,447	2,141,729
	1,082,145	164	1,743,276
		104	
	54,000		167,685
			1,160
		9,000	9,000
	<del></del>		940,000
\$	30,214,240	\$1,239,421	\$53,806,071
\$	2,049,310	\$ 85,459	\$ 2,935,900
		18,178	226,145
		91,701	1,792,818
		660,968	1,744,951
			5,334
	1,565,506		1,710,702
		62,861	122,688
	3,614,816	919,167	8,538,538
	3,014,010	313,107	
			220 150
		**************************************	220,159
			220,159
		•	
		98	98
	25,599,424		25,599,424
		<del></del>	1,599,181
			940,000
	1,000,000	***	6,189,275
	~~	320,013	920,013
		·	
		143	143
			9,799,240
_	26,599,424	320,254	45,047,374
_		0.00,000	
\$	30,214,240	\$ <u>1,239,421</u>	\$53,806,071
Ψ_==	30,217,270	Ψ 1,200,721	Ψ

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 45,047,374
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:	
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	220,159
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	71,240,963
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	3,822,798
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	1,517,785
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(8,133,950)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(12,640,544)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(1,372,629)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(5,667,753)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(77,355,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(131,521)
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(472,563)
Premiums and discounts on bonds which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported	
in the funds.	(4,360,333)
Deferred gain on refunding bonds is not reported in the funds.	 (243,565)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 11,471,221

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		10	50
Data			Debt
Contro	I	General	Service
Codes		Fund	Fund
	REVENUES:		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 19,275,686	\$ 5,585,525
5800	State Program Revenues	14,668,471	35,885
5900	Federal Program Revenues	432,781	225,828
5020	Total Revenues	34,376,938	5,847,238
	EXPENDITURES:		
	Current:		
0011	Instruction	18,861,352	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	510,341	
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	139,500	
0021	Instructional Leadership	701,080	
0023	School Leadership	1,683,588	
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	1,059,688	
0033	Health Services	400,771	
0034	Student Transportation	1,364,900	
0035	Food Service	<del></del>	
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,785,878	un
0041	General Administration	1,029,007	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,036,400	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	297,254	==
0053	Data Processing Services	881,127	
0061	Community Services	906	
	Principal on Long-term Debt	-	1,590,000
	Interest on Long-term Debt	<b></b>	3,019,883
	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		191,077
	Capital Outlay	w **	
	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	46,600	
	Other Intergovernmental Charges	617,072	
6030	Total Expenditures	32,415,464	4,800,960
	•		
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		
1100	Expenditures	1,961,474	1,046,278
	,		
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):		
7911	Debt Issued - Refunding Bonds		13,975,000
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	19,423	
7915	Transfers In		No. and
7916	Premium on Issuance of Bonds		1,448,187
8911	Transfers Out	(1,083,679)	
8949	Other Uses - Payment to Refunded Bond	, , ,	
	Escrow Agent		(15,233,421)
7080	<del>-</del>	(1,064,256)	189,766
	Net Change in Fund Balances	897,218	1,236,044
		,	
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	14,691,297	1,303,137
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 15,588,515	\$ 2,539,181
	•		

60 Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 950,954  950,954	\$ 723,987 329,221 3,285,862 4,339,070	\$ 26,536,152 15,033,577 3,944,471 45,514,200
116,475	2,061,283	21,039,110
 ' 	60,698	510,341 200,198 701,080
  	 211,765 	1,683,588 1,271,453 400,771
	 1,713,094	1,364,900 1,713,094
4,445  	308,442  	2,098,765 1,029,007 3,036,400
 	26,153  31,863	323,407 881,127 32,769
		1,590,000 3,019,883
30,344,208 	  11,337	191,077 30,344,208 57,937
30,465,128	12,600 4,437,235	629,672 72,118,787
(29,514,174)	(98,165)	(26,604,587)
	 	13,975,000 19,423
1,000,000 	83,679 	1,083,679 1,448,187
 		(1,083,679) (15,233,421)
1,000,000 (28,514,174)	83,679 (14,486)	209,189 (26,395,398)
55,113,598 \$ <u>26,599,424</u>	334,740 \$320,254	71,442,772 \$45,047,374

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (26,395,398)

2,237,911

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(91,584)
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	30,827,611
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,616,261)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	19,423
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(19,423)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	
These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.	636,787
Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were	
expended and recorded as a reduction to NPL.	(547,483)
The proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.	
The net pension expense decreased net position.	(1,130,648)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	
These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.	194,171
OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were	
expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability.	(191,176)
The proportionate share of the TRS-Care expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.	
The net OPEB expense decreased net position.	(124,784)
Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA but are reported as other financing sources	
in the funds.	(13,975,000)
Bond premiums on issuance are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(1,448,187)
Payment to escrow agent for refunding bonds is reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	15,233,421
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,590,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	12,468
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(2,848)
Premiums and discounts on bonds are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	266,822

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		Private -	
Control		Purpose Trust	Agency
Codes		Fund	Funds
	ASSETS:		 
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,620	\$ 196,430
1260	Due from Other Funds	1,675	
1290	Other Receivables	-	1,989
1800	Restricted Assets	18,325	
1000	Total Assets	\$30,620	\$ 198,419
	LIABILITIES:		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	\$ 3,569
2190	Due to Student Groups		170,869
2400	Payable from Restricted Assets		23,981
2000	Total Liabilities		198,419
	NET POSITION:		
3800	Held in Trust	30,620	
3000	Total Net Position	\$30,620	\$ 

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Fund			
Additions:				
Gifts and Bequests	\$	10,120		
Total Additions		10,120		
Deductions:				
Scholarship Awards		9,000		
Total Deductions		9,000		
Change in Net Position		1,120		
Net Position-Beginning of the Year		29,500		
Net Position-End of the Year	\$	30,620		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Stephenville Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

### 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

### 3. Financial Statement Amounts

### a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

### b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory on the balance sheet at August 31, 2020 consists of Personal Protective Equipment received from the Texas Education Agency (TEA). Although PPE is received at no cost, its fair market value is supplied by the TEA and recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and unearned revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings & Improvements	5-30
Furniture & Equipment	5-30

### d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

### g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

### h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

### i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. At August 31, 2020, the District had other committed fund balance of \$600,000 in the General Fund for technology upgrades. Additionally, the District had other committed fund balance of \$320,013 in a special revenue fund for campus activity.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The District's financial goal is to have a sufficient balance in the operating fund with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The District shall strive to maintain a yearly fund balance in the general fund in which the total fund balance is 25% of the total operating expenditure, and the unassigned fund balance is 18.25% of the total operating expenditures. The District was in compliance with this policy at August 31, 2020.

### j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

### k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### 4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### B. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

### 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$13,826,578 and the bank balance was \$14,164,149. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2020 entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

### Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2020 consisted of long-term certificates of deposit, commercial paper, state and municipal bonds, local government investment pools and federal agency bonds. Certificates of deposits and cash equivalent accounts are covered by FDIC and pledged collateral by the bank and are included in the balance in Note B-1. The District's investments at August 31, 2020 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value
TD Ameritrade		
Cash Equivalents	N/A	\$ 10,004,317
Certificates of Deposit	<1 years	127,136
Commercial Paper	<60 days	9,998,677
Municipal/State Bonds	<2 years	3,816,587
Federal Agency Bonds	<2 years	10,395,963
TexPool - LGIP	Wtd Avg = 27 days	10,707,517
TexasTERM (TexasDAILY)- LGIP	Daily	62,339
Total Investments		\$ 45,112,536

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks 3.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### Credit Risk a.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2020, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

### TD Ameritrade

Cash Equivalents	Not Rated
Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated
Commercial Paper	A-1
Municipal/State Bonds	A+ - A++
Federal Agency Bonds	AA+
TexPool- LGIP	AAAm
TexasTERM (TexasDAILY) - LGIP	AAAm

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk d.

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was exposed to interest rate risk for the investments in municipal/state bonds and federal agency bonds described in Note B-2. The District's investment advisors used the simulation model to calculate the interest rate risk for the bonds noting that due to the short maturity of all the bonds (less than 2 years) the interest rate risk would be minimal and the affect on the investment values would be insignificant.

#### Foreign Currency Risk e.

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

### Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

### TexPool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under a contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to TexPool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost to value portfolio assets and follows criteria established by GASB 79. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

### **TexasTERM**

The Texas Term Local Government Investment Pool (TexasTERM) is a local government investment pool organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. TexasTERM is administered by PFM Asset Management LLC, which also serves as the investment advisor. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Investment options include TexasDAILY, a money market portfolio, is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, and TexasTERM CD Purchase Program, a fixed rate, fixed-term investment option enabling investors to invest in FDIC insured CD's from banks throughout the United States. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### TD Ameritrade

The District's investments with TD Ameritrade consists of cash equivalents, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, municipal/state bonds, and federal agency bonds. Commercial paper, municipal/state bonds, and federal agency bonds are categorized as Level 2 for the fair value hierarchy. The fair value obtained via a pricing method used by Bloomberg Professional Services whereby bonds with similar credit qualities, coupons, maturities, state locations, etc are used to obtain a value for the portfolio bonds, as many of the bonds do not trade on a regular basis.

### Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure the assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs- other than quoted prices included within Level 1- that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. See TD Ameritrade note above for specific valuation method used.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an assets or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the Local Government Investment Pools do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice period of maximum transaction amounts. These pool do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at August 31, 2020:

		Fair Value Measurement Using					
Investments		Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs		Level 2 Inputs		Level 3 Inputs
TD Ameritrade			 				
Commercial Paper	\$	9,998,677	\$ 	\$	9,998,677	\$	
Municipal/State Bonds		3,816,587			3,816,587		
Federal Agency Bonds		10,395,963			10,395,963		
Total:	\$_	24,211,227	\$ 	\$	24,211,227	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	567,436 \$	\$	\$	567,436
Construction in progress	7,030,504	28,190,520		35,221,024
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,597,940	28,190,520		35,788,460
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	65,858,313	2,094,466		67,952,779
Furniture & Equipment	6,331,010	542,625	369,531	6,504,104
Total capital assets being depreciated	72,189,323	2,637,091	369,531	74,456,883
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(32,004,329)	(2,217,521)		(34,221,850)
Furniture & Equipment	(4,753,321)	(398,740)	(369,531)	(4,782,530)
Total accumulated depreciation	(36,757,650)	(2,616,261)	(369,531)	(39,004,380)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	35,431,673	20,830	***	35,452,503
Governmental Activities capital assets, net \$	43,029,613 \$	28,211,350 \$	\$	71,240,963

### Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	1,516,284
Instructional Resources and Media Services	•	36,800
Curriculum and Staff Development		15,085
Instructional Leadership		50,555
School Leadership		121,403
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		91,684
Health Services		28,899
Student Transportation		98,422
Food Services		123,475
Extracurricular Activities		151,335
General Administration		74,201
Plant Maintenance and Operations		218,954
Security and Monitoring Services		23,267
Data Processing Services		63,534
Community Services		2,363
	\$	2,616,261

### D. Interfund Balances and Activities

### 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 660,967	For transfer of receipts
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	164	Transfer of campus activity receipts
Trust and Agency Fund	General Fund	1,675	Short term loans
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	1,082,145	Short term loans
	Total	\$ 1,744,951	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	An	nount	Reason
General Fund General Fund	Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1	83,679 ,000,000	To supplement food service fund To fund current construction projects
	Total	\$1	,083,679	11

### E. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

### 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds \$	78,945,000 \$	13,975,000 \$	15,565,000 \$	77,355,000 \$	1,620,000
Accumulated Accretion on CAB		472,563		472,563	
Discount on Bonds	(26,924)		(2,071)	(24,853)	
Premium on Bonds Issuance	5,177,593	978,472	1,770,879	4,385,186	
Net Pension Liability *	8,694,219		560,269	8,133,950	
Net OPEB Liability *	13,380,639		740,095	12,640,544	
Total Governmental Activities \$_	106,170,527 \$	15,426,035 \$	18,634,172 \$	102,962,390 \$	1,620,000

<sup>\*</sup> Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability Net Pension Liability *	Activity Type Governmental	Fund General Fund				
Net OPEB Liability*	Governmental	General Fund				
General Obligation Bonds- De	carintion	Interest Rate	Maturity	_	Amount of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding 8/31/2020
2012-A Unlimited Tax Qualifie		Interest nate	iviaturity		ingiliai issue	0/31/2020
Construction Bonds	u School	3.65%	2/15/2032	\$	6,575,000 \$	6 575 000
				Φ		6,575,000
2012-B Unlimited Tax School	Building Bonds	4%	2/15/2022		15,935,000	1,020,000
2018 Unlimited Tax School Bu	ilding Bonds	4% to 5%	2/15/2042		57,765,000	56,050,000
2020 Unlimited Tax Refunding	Bonds	1.92% to 5.00%	2/15/2037		13,975,000	13,710,000
					\$_	77,355,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on bonds at August 31, 2020, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				
Year Ending August 31,		Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$_	1,620,000 \$	3,637,037 \$	5,257,037		
2022		1,825,000	2,905,962	4,730,962		
2023		1,775,000	3,057,812	4,832,812		
2024		1,925,000	3,042,438	4,967,438		
2025		2,310,000	2,654,438	4,964,438		
2026-2030		13,430,000	11,410,394	24,840,394		
2031-2035		24,600,000	7,444,819	32,044,819		
2036-2040		22,990,000	3,585,435	26,575,435		
2041-2045		6,880,000	204,200	7,084,200		
Totals	\$_	77,355,000 \$	37,942,535 \$	115,297,535		

The District has covenanted to make mandatory deposits into the Cumulative Sinking Fund Deposit Account held by the Paying Agent/Registrar for the Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2012-A. The Sinking Fund calls for annual payments of \$470,000 for 2019-2031 and \$465,000 for the final payment in 2032. Amounts paid to the fund are accounted for in Long-Term Investments and Other Restricted Fund Balance as required by the TEA Financial Accountability System of Resource Guide (FASRG).

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2020.

### 3. Advanced Refunding of Debt

As a result of the advanced refunding of certain principal maturities for the Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2012-B by the issuance of Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020, the District decreased its total debt service requirements by \$2,865,848 which resulted in a net economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,351,438.

### F. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Year Ending August 31		
2021	\$	38,400
2022		38,400
2023		38,400
Total Minimum Rentals	\$	115,200
	-	
Rental Expenditures in 2020	\$_	132,400

### G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District carried insurance through various plans described below. There were no significant reductions in any coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### Property Casualty Program

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the Fund) with coverage in Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, General Liability, Property, and Legal Liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability and Property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates Stephenville ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

### Workers' Compensation

The District has established a partially self-funded workers' compensation plan by participating in the Texas Educational Insurance Association. The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member colleges and school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain workers compensation risks up to an agreed upon retention limit. The plan for worker's compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers' compensation self-insurance plan includes \$79,614 incurred but not reported claims. Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported at August 31, 2020, are reflected as accounts and claims if material. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the fund as they become due.

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past year are as follows:

	Year Ended		Year Ended
	8	3/31/2020	8/31/2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	140,129 \$	158,013
Incurred claims		81,769	118,443
Claim payments		(76,702)	(136,327)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	145,196 \$	140,129

### **Unemployment Compensation**

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that Stephenville ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### H. Pension Plan

### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

#### Contributions

Member

**Employers** 

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

**Contribution Rates** 

#### 2019 2020 7.7% 7.7% 7.5% Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) 6.8% 7.5% 6.8%

#### District's 2020 Employer Contributions \$ 636,787 District's 2020 Member Contributions \$ 1,685,407 2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State) 1,007,594

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 2.63%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019 2.63% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit Changes during the year None Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full descriptions of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

#### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Asset Class	FY 2019 Target Allocation *	New Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ***
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	-	-
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries ****	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds ****	3.0%	-	-
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	8.0%	5.8%/6.5%*****
Leverage			
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	<del>-</del>	-6.0%	2.7%
Expected Return	100.0%	100.0%	7.23%

 <sup>\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019

### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.25%
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$ 12,503,063 \$	8,133,950	4,594,126

<sup>\*\*</sup> New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020

<sup>\*\*\* 10-</sup>Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

<sup>\*\*\*\*\* 5.8% (6.5%)</sup> return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$8,133,950 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$8,133,950
State's proportionate share that is associated with District 14,965,234

Total \$\_\_\_23,099,184

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0156473%, which was a decrease of 0.0001482% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

### **Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -**

- --- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- --- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- --- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,350,827 and revenue of \$2,350,827 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	34,170 \$	282,424
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,523,551	1,042,851
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		81,675	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		546,615	47,354
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		636,787	
Total	\$	3,822,798 \$	1,372,629

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension		
Year Ended		Expense	
August 31		Amount	
2021	- \$ -	479,213	
2022	\$	383,539	
2023	\$	463,367	
2024	\$	436,879	
2025	\$	128,493	
Thereafter	\$	(78,109)	

#### I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

### 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates				
	Medicare		Non-Medicare	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$ 200	
Retiree and Spouse		529	689	
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468	408	
Retiree and Family		,020	999	

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates				
	2019	2020		
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%		
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%		
Employers	0.75%	0.75%		
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

District's 2020 Employer Contributions	\$ 194,171
District's 2020 Member Contributions	\$ 142,283
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	\$ 252,058

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

General Inflation
Wage Inflation

**Expected Payroll Growth** 

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	2.63%
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	7.5% to 10.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% after age 65. *
Ad Hoc Post-Employment	
Benefit Changes	None

<sup>\* 25%</sup> of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 15,261,193	\$ 12,640,544	\$ 10,590,408

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$12,640,544 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 12,640,544 16,796,456
Total	\$ 29,437,000

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0267292%, which was a decrease of 0.0000692% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1	% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	H	ealthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	į	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	10,311,712	\$ 12,640,544	\$ 15,760,109

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### 9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- --- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the TOL.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$442,686 and revenue of \$442,686 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	620,126 \$	2,068,491
Changes in actuarial assumptions		702,084	3,399,996
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		1,364	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		40	199,266
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	,	194,171	
Total	\$	1,517,785 \$	5,667,753

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31	OPEB Expense	Amount
2021	\$	(725,080)
2022	\$	(725,080)
2023	\$	(725,522)
2024	\$	(725,774)
2025	\$	(725,705)
Thereafter	\$	(716,978)

#### 10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$93,069.

### J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$250 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the plan are available for their year end and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### K. Commitments and Contingencies

#### 1. Commitments

The District entered into construction commitments during fiscal year 2019 with remaining costs to complete totaling \$23,380,918 which will be funded from the 2018 Building Bond (Capital Projects Fund). The District was not obligated at August 31, 2020 for the construction commitments.

Project		Amount
High School Expansion and Renovations	\$	22,905,241
Gilbert Intermediate Renovations		475,678
	\$_	23,380,919

### 2. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

#### Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2020.

#### L. Shared Services Arrangements

#### Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for audiology services with the following school districts:

Member Districts

Palo Pinto Co-Op Greater Erath County SSA

Parker County Co-Op Granbury ISD

Springtown ISD Hood-Somervell County Co-Op

Stephenville ISD Central Texas SSA

Weatherford ISD

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Peaster ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### M. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through January 8, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and the following subsequent event was noted:

#### COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, Governor Abbott declared a state wide disaster proclamation in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. In March, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K-12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019-20 school year. The school district, however, continued to operate; educating students using continuous learning models.

The District reopened for the 2020-2021 school year. The full extent of the financial impact on the school district is unknown at this time.

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Required Supplementary Information	า	
rioquired cappiorneritary information	•	
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	required by the	ne Governmentai
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GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			1		2		3		ariance with
Data								F	inal Budget
Control		_	Budgete	d A					Positive
Codes	-		Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_						_	/ /\
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	18,895,776	\$		\$	19,275,686	\$	(231,982)
5800	State Program Revenues		14,968,090		14,968,090		14,668,471		(299,619)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	423,000		423,000	_	432,781	_	9,781
5020	Total Revenues	_	34,286,866		34,898,758	_	34,376,938	_	(521,820)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		19,161,571		19,014,602		18,861,352		153,250
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		498,770		512,346		510,341		2,005
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		271,403		364,369		139,500		224,869
0010	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services		19,931,744		19,891,317	-	19,511,193	-	380,124
	Total moderation a moder moderator	_	.0,001,711		10,001,017	-	10,011,100		000,121
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		705,721		729,928		701,080		28,848
0023	School Leadership		1,668,772		1,669,330		1,683,588		(14,258)
	Total Instructional & School Leadership	_	2,374,493		2,399,258	-	2,384,668		14,590
		-							
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,215,833		1,434,140		1,059,688		374,452
0033	Health Services		358,808		393,808		400,771		(6,963)
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,450,153		1,480,045		1,364,900		115,145
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	_	2,005,060		2,034,598	_	1,785,878		248,720
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	5,029,854		5,342,591	_	4,611,237	_	731,354
	A. I. Call A. office On the conf. On a first								
0044	Administrative Support Services:		1 010 010		1 000 710		1 000 007		20.700
0041	General Administration	_	1,016,213		1,068,713	_	1,029,007		39,706
	Total Administrative Support Services	-	1,016,213		1,068,713	_	1,029,007	_	39,706
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		3,409,544		3,409,544		3,036,400		373,144
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		426,350		425,350		297,254		128,096
0053	Data Processing Services		930,775		935,336		881,127		54,209
0000	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	4,766,669		4,770,230	-	4,214,781		555,449
		-	.,,			-			
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services		500		1,150		906		244
	Total Ancillary Services	-	500		1,150	-	906		244
		-				_			
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA		68,500		68,500		46,600		21,900
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	584,480		784,480	_	617,072	_	167,408
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	652,980		852,980	_	663,672	_	189,308
06	T 1.1 F Pl	_	60 330 750		04.000.000	-	00 445 404		4.040 777
6030	Total Expenditures	_	33,772,453		34,326,239	_	32,415,464	_	1,910,775

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	514,413	572,519	1,961,474	1,388,955
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property			19,423	19,423
8911	Transfers Out			(1,083,679)	(1,083,679)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			(1,064,256)	(1,064,256)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	514,413	572,519	897,218	324,699
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	14,691,297	14,691,297	14,691,297	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,205,710	\$ 15,263,816	\$ 15,588,515	\$ 324,699

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

		Measurement Year												
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011		2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.016%	0.016%	0.016%	0.015%	0.016%	0.010%					<del></del>		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	8,133,950 \$	8,694,219 \$	5,015,864 \$	5,669,930 \$	5,543,378 \$	2,778,598 \$		\$		\$		\$	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		14,965,234	16,476,093	9,866,332	12,032,301	11,888,438	10,354,574							
Total	\$_	23,099,184 \$	25,170,312 \$	14,882,196 \$	17,702,231 \$	17,431,816 \$	13,133,172 \$		\$		_ \$ <u></u>	**	_ \$	er at
District's covered payroll	\$	19,950,679 \$	19,723,222 \$	19,298,959 \$	18,755,282 \$	18,604,207 \$	18,032,412 \$		\$		\$	<del></del>	\$	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		40.77%	44.08%	25.99%	30.23%	29.80%	15.41%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ge	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%							

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	Fiscal Year															
	_	2020		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014		2013		2012	 2011	_
Contractually required contribution	\$	636,787	Б	547,483 \$	531,386	\$	517,079 \$	476,727 \$	464,352 \$		\$		\$		\$ 	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(636,787)		(547,483)	(531,386	5)	(517,079)	(476,727)	(464,352)						and the	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		- = \$_ =	<u></u> \$	\$	\$	**	\$ <u></u>	**	\$ <u></u>		\$ 	_
District's covered payroll	\$	21,909,301	6	19,950,679 \$	19,723,222	\$	19,298,959 \$	18,755,282 \$	18,604,207 \$		\$		\$		\$ 	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.91%		2.74%	2.69%	,	2.68%	2.54%	2.50%			**				

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

		Measurement Year													
		2019	2018	2017	2016	20	015		2014		2013		2012	 2011	 2010
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.027%	0.027%	0.027%											
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	12,640,544 \$	13,380,639 \$	11,798,892 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		16,796,456	16,776,411	15,002,093											
Total	\$	29,437,000 \$	30,157,050 \$	26,800,985 \$	w.a	\$		\$_		- - - - -		_ \$		\$ 	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	19,950,679 \$	19,723,222 \$	19,298,959 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		63.36%	67.84%	61.14%											
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total OPEB liability	tage	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%		,									

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

					F	iscal Y	ear					
	 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011	
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 194,171 \$	191,176 \$	183,932 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	(194,171)	(191,176)	(183,932)							*-		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u> \$_	<u></u> \$_	<u></u> \$		\$ 	_ \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	_
District's covered payroll	\$ 21,909,301 \$	19,950,679 \$	19,723,222 \$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.89%	0.96%	0.93%									

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

#### **Budget**

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required to adopt a budget (General Funds, Food Service Fund and Debt Service Fund). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

#### Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

#### Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement year of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Change of assumptions that affected the measurement year of the total net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Other Supplementary Information	
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Stand Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which required by other entities.	ards 1 is

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	1	<b>2</b> 	3 Assessed/Appraised
Year Ended August 31	Ta Maintenance	ax Rates  Debt Service	Value For School Tax Purposes
2011 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various
2012	1.04	.1300	1,305,322,752
2013	1.04	.1540	1,364,613,820
2014	1.04	.1770	1,298,513,033
2015	1.04	.1949	1,427,874,970
2016	1.17	.0649	1,458,829,633
2017	1.17	.0649	1,493,982,185
2018	1.17	.0649	1,669,010,958
2019	1.06	.2829	1,758,395,865
2020 (School Year Under Audit)	0.99	.0283	1,880,101,299

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, the current year's levy is the ending levy due provided by Erath County Tax Office.

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes is calculated based on current year total levy divided by current year total tax rate. This amount includes adjustments for frozen values.

	10	20	31			32	40	50	
	Beginning	Current					Entire	Ending	
	Balance	Year's	N	Maintenance		Debt Service	Year's	Balance	
	9/1/19	Total Levy		Collections		Collections	Adjustments	8/31/20	
-		 <u> </u>	_		_		···_		
\$	100,247	\$ 	\$	3,029	\$	333	\$ (9,269)	\$ 87,616	
	9,617			637		80		8,900	
	11,828			1,188		176		10,464	
	12,493			2,069		352	1	10,073	
	18,286			2,715		509		15,062	
	39,686			15,581		864	(127)	23,114	
	33,936			17,598		976	(215)	15,147	
	54,686			14,235		790	(20,857)	18,804	
	206,658			55,128		14,713	(104,444)	32,373	
		23,931,809		18,493,248		5,284,574		153,987	
\$_	487,437	\$ 23,931,809	\$_	18,605,428	\$_	5,303,367	\$ (134,911)	\$ 375,540	
\$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED)
GENERAL FUND
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control			
Codes	Explanation		Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2020 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$	15,588,515
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)		<b>-</b>
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)		***
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	<del></del>	5,789,275
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)		
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)		2,702,289
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year		5,404,578
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)		846,577
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount		
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)		
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)		<u></u>
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)		14,742,719
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$	845,796

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			1		2		3
Data							Variance
Control							Positive
Codes			Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						······································
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	435,575	\$	296,419	\$	(139,156)
5800	State Program Revenues		14,057		28,633		14,576
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,049,709		1,198,014		148,305
5020	Total Revenues		1,499,341		1,523,066		23,725
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):						
0035	Food Services		1,793,653		1,713,094		80,559
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		1,793,653		1,713,094	_	80,559
	Total Support Solvisos Stadolit (1 apri)		1,700,000		1,7 10,001	_	
6030	Total Expenditures		1,793,653		1,713,094		80,559
0000	Total Exponentation		1,7,00,000		1,7,10,001		
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		(294,312)		(190,028)		104,284
1100	Experialitates		(201,012)		(100,020)		101,201
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In				83,679		83,679
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				83,679		83,679
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(294,312)		(106,349)		187,963
1200	Net Change in Fund Dalance		(204,012)		(100,040)		107,300
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		106,349		106,349		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	(187,963)	\$		\$	187,963
5550		T	1.0.,007	Ť		τ_	, . 30

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

			1		2		3
Data							Variance
Contro							Positive
Codes	<del></del>		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	5,471,000	\$	5,585,525	\$	114,525
5800	State Program Revenues		15,000		35,885		20,885
5900	Federal Program Revenues		225,108		225,828	_	720
5020	Total Revenues		5,711,108		5,847,238		136,130
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		1,795,000		1,590,000		205,000
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		3,344,908		3,019,883		325,025
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		10,000		191,077		(181,077)
	Total Debt Service		5,149,908	_	4,800,960	_	348,948
6030	Total Expenditures		5,149,908		4,800,960	_	348,948
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures	_	561,200	_	1,046,278	_	485,078
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7911	Debt Issued - Refunding Bonds				13,975,000		13,975,000
7916	Premium on Issuance of Bonds				1,448,187		1,448,187
8949	Other Uses - Payment to Refunded Bond						
	Escrow Agent		~		(15,233,421)		(15,233,421)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				189,766	_	189,766
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		561,200		1,236,044		674,844
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,303,137		1,303,137		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,864,337	\$_	2,539,181	\$	674,844



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Stephenville Independent School District 2655 W. Overhill Drive Stephenville, Texas 76401

#### Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stephenville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Stephenville Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2021.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Stephenville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stephenville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stephenville Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Stephenville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Stephenville Independent School District in a separate letter dated January 8, 2021.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Snow Garrett Williams
January 8, 2021



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Stephenville Independent School District 2655 W. Overhill Drive Stephenville, Texas 76401

Members of the Board of Trustees:

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Stephenville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Stephenville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. Stephenville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Stephenville Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Stephenville Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Stephenville Independent School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Stephenville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Stephenville Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Stephenville Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stephenville Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Snow Harrett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams January 8, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### A. Summary of Auditor's Results 1. Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? X None Reported Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? X No Yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? X None Reported Yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: **Unmodified** Version of compliance supplement used in audit: August 2020 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200? Yes X No Identification of major programs: Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number(s) 10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 84.027/84.173 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

No corrective action plan needed.

**EXHIBIT K-1** Page 1 of 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
U. S. Department of Agriculture  Passed Through State Department of Education:     School Breakfast Program     School Breakfast Program (COVID-19)     School Breakfast Program - Summer Seamless Option (COVID-19)     Total CFDA Number 10.553     National School Lunch Program     National School Lunch Program (COVID-19)     National School Lunch Program - Summer Seamless Option (COVID-19)     National School Lunch Program - Summer Seamless Option (COVID-19)     Total CFDA Number 10.555  Total Passed Through State Department of Education  Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:     Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash)  Total U. S. Department of Agriculture  Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.553 10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555	71402001 71402001 52402001 71302001 71302001 52302001	\$ 187,357 104,654 11,383 303,394 606,767 166,495 18,291 791,553 1,094,947 103,068 1,198,015 1,198,015
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Upbring Head Start: Head Start Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Total Head Start Cluster	93.600	072-903	207,686 207,686 207,686
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:  U. S. Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education: IDEA-Part B, Discretionary IDEA-Part B, Formula Total CFDA Number 84.027 IDEA-Part B, Preschool Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.173	206600120729036677 206600010729036600 206610010729036610	129,095 618,433 747,528 9,584 757,112 757,112 \$ 757,112

EXHIBIT K-1 Page 2 of 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title OTHER PROGRAMS:	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education:			
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	20610101072903	\$ 553,437
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	84.048	20420006072903	36,535
Title III, Part A-English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	84.365	20671001072903	37,751
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367	20694501072903	98,944
School Improvement Grants Instructional Continuity	84.377	17610740072903	10,400
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424	20680101072903	13,501
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER-COVID-19)	84.425	20521001072903	480,190
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			1,230,758
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,230,758
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$3,393,571

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Stephenville Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Stephenville Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		_	
Codes	-	Re	esponses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	472,563